

63-205

CV

PROPERTY OF THE LIBRARY
FEB 20 1929
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT
on the
DYEING CLEANING & LAUNDRY INDUSTRY
in
CANADA
1927

Published by Authority of the Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.,
Minister of Trade and Commerce

♦ ♦ ♦
OTTAWA
1929

NOTE.- The statistics published in the present statement include only the statistics of such manufacturing establishments as are engaged in dyeing etc., and textiles as their principal product. The statistics relating to specific products are therefore not to be regarded as comprehensive, as such, are also found as secondary products of other industries.

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

OTTAWA - CANADA

Dominion Statistician: R. H. Coats, B.A., F.S.S., (Hon.), F.R.S.C.
 Chief, Census of Industry: J. C. Macpherson.

DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Ottawa, April, 1929. - A report on the above named industry is herewith presented for the calendar year 1927. The number of establishments reporting to the Bureau by provinces during the years 1926 and 1927 are given in the statement following:-

Provinces	1926	1927
	Number of Establishments	Number of Establishments
Canada	350	355
Prince Edward Island	1	1
Nova Scotia	15	18
New Brunswick	18	18
Quebec	76	76
Ontario	136	135
Manitoba	16	18
Saskatchewan	14	15
Alberta	18	18
British Columbia	56	56

To prevent disclosure of statistics of individual establishments, the provinces of Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia have been combined throughout the tables of this report.

Principal Statistics

The following table presents the principal statistics of the industry for the calendar years 1926 and 1927. A column showing the increase (+) or decrease (-) of the statistical items have been added to complete the table.

Principal Statistics of the Industry, 1926 and 1927.

		1926	1927	Increase (+) Decrease (-)
Establishments reporting	No.	350	355	+ 5
Capital invested, total	\$	17,278,327	20,029,231	+ 2,750,904
Fixed capital	\$	14,693,889	17,060,896	+ 2,367,007
Working capital	\$	2,584,438	2,968,335	+ 383,897
Employees on salaries -				
Male	No.	382	450	+ 68
Female	No.	271	299	+ 28
Total salaries	\$	1,225,766	1,387,254	+ 161,488
Employees on wages -				
Male	No.	3,357	3,752	+ 395
Female	No.	4,965	5,458	+ 493
Total wages	\$	7,002,897	7,744,864	+ 741,967
Cost of fuel	\$	878,085	925,976	+ 47,891
Power Installation -				
Units	No.	1,308	1,477	+ 169
Capacity	H.P.	12,485	12,898	+ 413
Cost of Materials	\$	2,104,176	2,584,884	+ 480,708
Gross value of products	\$	17,642,268	20,101,889	+ 2,459,621
Net value of products	\$	15,538,092	17,517,005	+ 1,978,913

DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Comparative Statistics

A table showing comparative statistics covering the period from the inception of the annual census to date is appended. The figures for the years 1921-1924 included a large number of hand laundries which have been eliminated in succeeding years, the inclusion of which appears to have but little effect in swelling the totals of the various statistical items except in the number of establishments. The value of production since 1917 shows a gradual increase till 1920 the year of high prices is reached. In 1921 owing to world-wide depression in industry the gross value of production had fallen to \$13,878,805 but from this date forward, with a return to normal conditions, increases have been maintained, the high point being reached in 1927.

Comparative Statistics of the Dyeing, Cleaning and Laundry Industry, 1917-1927.

Years	Estab-lish-ments No.	Capital \$	Em-ployees ¹ No.	Salaries and Wages \$	Cost of Materials \$	Value of Production	
						Gross \$	Net \$
1917	333	6,568,727	6,496	3,911,924	1,569,031	8,319,103	6,750,072
1918	341	6,801,443	6,523	4,140,720	1,440,506	8,969,272	7,528,766
1919	366	8,440,606	7,240	5,320,612	1,664,850	11,840,778	10,175,928
1920	379	9,601,764	7,246	6,527,321	1,835,375	14,167,933	12,332,558
1921	535	7,870,654	6,872	6,247,736	1,796,202	13,878,805	12,082,603
1922	620	8,740,368	7,490	6,538,832	1,733,273	14,649,726	12,916,453
1923	605	10,798,737	7,969	7,156,359	1,824,628	15,551,684	13,727,056
1924	518	14,930,859	8,134	7,512,280	2,218,890	15,577,050	13,358,160
1925	343	15,857,978	8,089	7,338,108	2,433,053	15,578,482	13,065,429
1926	350	17,278,327	8,975	8,228,663	2,104,176	17,642,268	15,538,092
1927	355	20,029,231	9,959	9,132,118	2,584,884	20,101,889	17,517,005

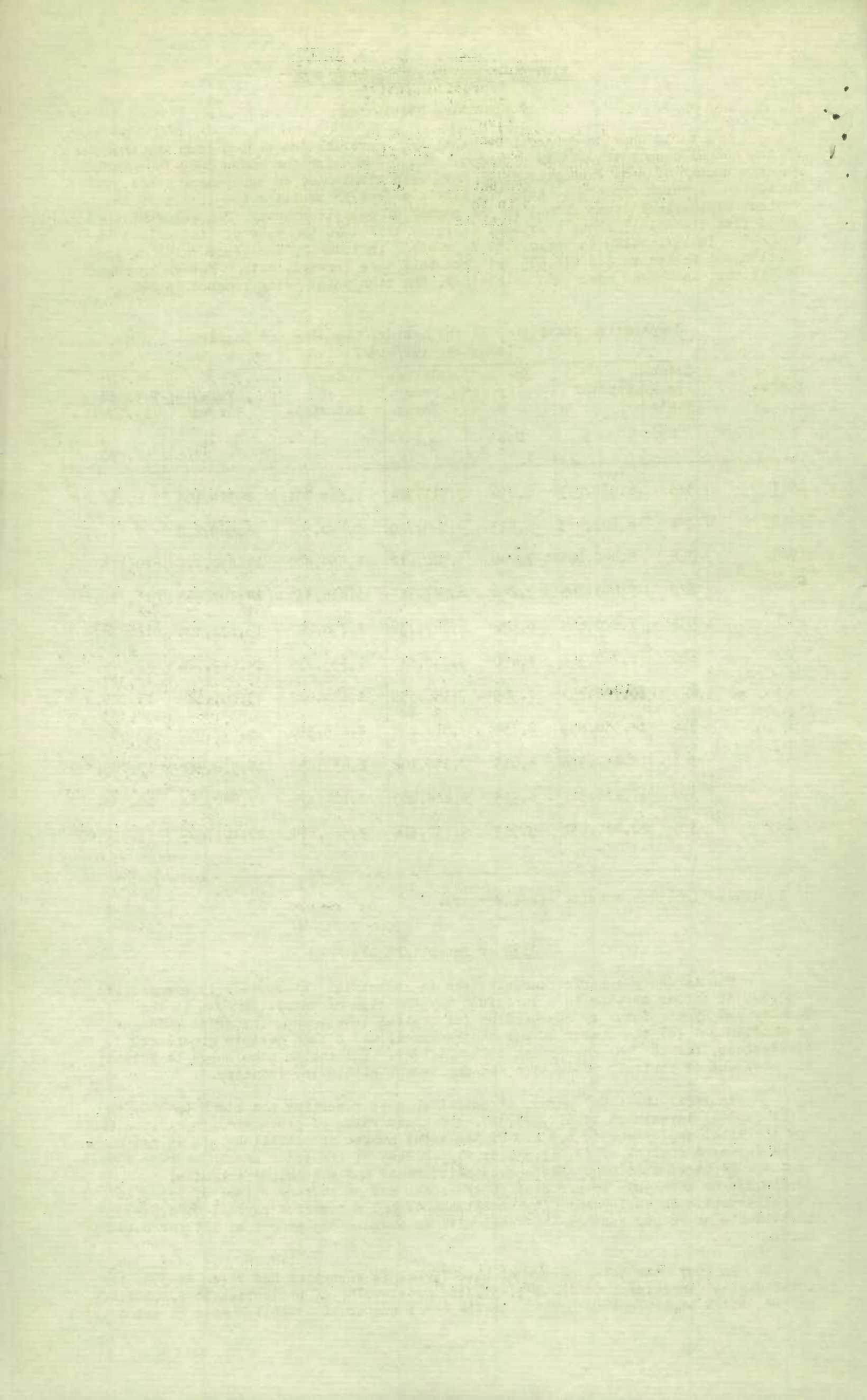
^{1/} Employees includes outside piece-workers.

Size of Establishments

The tendency towards concentration in industrial enterprises is exemplified in a series of tables showing in a threefold way the size of establishments in the Laundry and Dyeing Industry measured by (a) capital investment, (b) gross value of production and (c) the number of persons employed, all within certain groups or limitations, for the calendar years 1926 and 1927. The tables also serve to indicate the movement of capital, production and employment within the industry.

In 1926, the total number of establishments reporting had risen to 350, the total capital investment to \$17,278,327, the gross value of production to \$17,642,268 and the total employment to 8,972. Of the total number of establishments 19 had a total invested capital of \$7,067,537 or 41 per cent of the total and an average investment per plant of \$371.976. Fifteen establishments had a combined output of \$4,689,236 or more than 26 per cent of the total and an average output of \$312,616 per establishment. In employment, 15 establishments had a combined payroll of 2,324 individuals or 26 per cent of the total with an average employment of 155 per establishment.

In 1927, the total number of establishments reporting had risen to 355, the total capital investment to \$20,029,231, the gross value of production to \$20,101,889 and the total employment to 9,959. Of the total number of establishments 21 had a total



- 3 -
DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

invested capital of \$8,677,282 or 43 per cent of the total and an average investment per plant of \$413,204. Seventeen establishments had a combined output of \$5,770,146 or more than 28 per cent of the total and an average output of \$339,420 per establishment. In employment 16 establishments had a combined payroll of 2,650 individuals or 26 per cent of the total with an average employment of 166 per establishment.

(a) Capital invested in establishments grouped according to value, 1926 and 1927.

Groups of Invested Capital	1926			1927		
	Estab-lish-ments	Capital Invested	Average Capital per Estab-lishment	Estab-lish-ments	Capital Invested	Average Capital per Estab-lishment
	No.	\$	\$	No.	\$	\$
Under \$50,000	262	4,058,217	15,489	249	3,790,998	15,287
\$50,000 to under \$100,000	50	3,699,929	73,998	63	4,625,447	73,420
\$100,000 to under \$200,000	19	2,452,644	129,087	22	2,935,504	133,432
\$200,000 to under \$500,000	17)	7,067,537	371,976	18)	8,677,282	413,204
\$500,000 and over	2)			3)		
TOTAL	350	17,278,327	49,367	355	20,029,231	56,580

(b) Gross value of production in establishments grouped according to value, 1926 and 1927.

Groups of Value of Production	1926			1927		
	Estab-lish-ments	Gross value of Produc-tion	Average Value per Estab-lishment	Estab-lish-ments	Gross value Produc-tion	Average value per Estab-lishment
	No.	\$	\$	No.	\$	\$
Under \$50,000	233	3,863,204	16,580	230	3,985,256	17,327
\$50,000 to under \$100,000	70	4,951,150	70,731	67	4,822,418	71,976
\$100,000 to under \$200,000	32	4,138,678	129,334	41	5,524,069	134,733
\$200,000 to under \$500,000	13)	4,689,236	312,616	15)	5,770,146	339,420
\$500,000 and over	2)			2)		
TOTAL	350	17,642,268	50,407	355	20,101,889	56,625

(c) Employees in establishments grouped by number 1926 and 1927.

Groups of Employees	1926			1927		
	Estab-lish-ments	Employees	Average Employ-ees per Estab-lishment	Estab-lish-ments	Employees	Average Employ-ees per Estab-lishment
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Under 20 employees	211	1,452	6	208	1,543	7
20 to under 50 employees	85	2,624	30	89	2,806	32
50 to under 100 "	39	2,572	65	42	2,960	70
100 to under 500 "	15	2,324	154	16	2,650	166
TOTAL	350	8,972	25	355	9,959	28

Production Statistics

The statistics of production in the Laundry and Dyeing Industry for the calendar years 1926 and 1927 are shown by values only in Table I. The increase in production over 1926 was \$2,459,621 and the provinces contributing thereto were in order, Ontario \$7,212,412, Quebec \$6,201,024, British Columbia \$2,451,321, Manitoba \$1,651,498, Alberta \$1,056,298, Saskatchewan \$640,384, Nova Scotia \$504,479 and New Brunswick \$384,473. The statistics for Prince Edward Island have been combined with those of Nova Scotia to prevent disclosure of individual information.

- 4 -
DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Production Statistics (Cont'd).

The statistics published in the present statement are not to be considered as comprehensive because such operations as dyeing, bleaching, etc., are also carried on in various textile industries as a principal process in the preparation of their finished products to adapt them for sale.

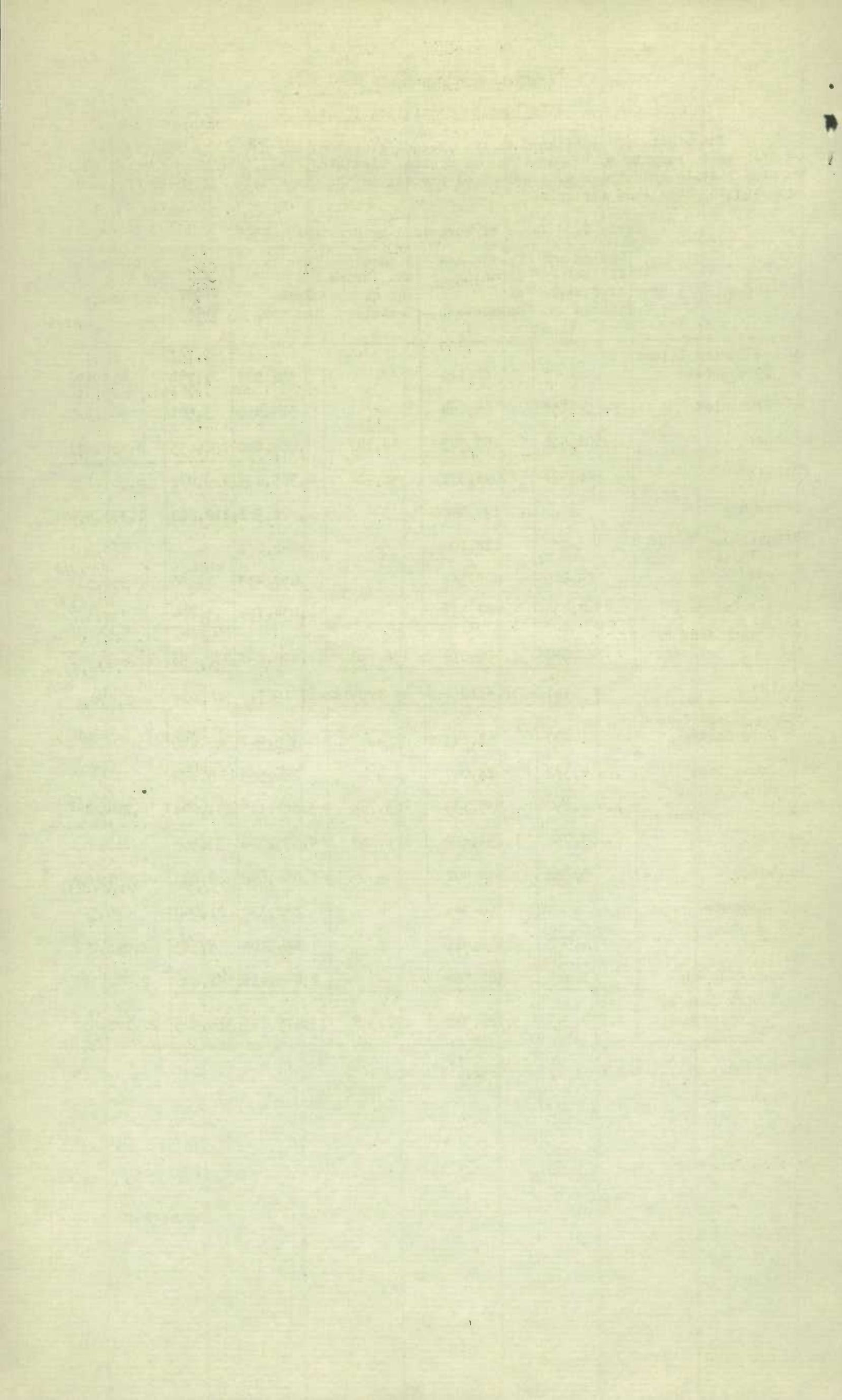
Table I. - Value of Work done by Provinces, 1926.

Provinces	Dyeing and finishing of Textile Goods \$	Dyeing and Cleaning of Garments \$	Bleaching and shrinking of Textiles \$	Laundry and cleaning work \$	All Other Work ^{1/} \$	Total Value of Work by Provinces \$
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	-	60,190	-	356,227	1,759	418,176
New Brunswick	250	45,264	-	314,855	3,501	363,870
Quebec	1,108,598	163,383	82,147	3,584,820	191,635	5,130,583
Ontario	986,991	1,008,377	96,516	4,365,173	110,081	6,567,138
Manitoba	-	194,042	-	1,028,921	112,663	1,335,626
Saskatchewan	-	118,100	-	442,071	-	560,171
Alberta	24,265	208,382	-	697,435	1,250	931,332
British Columbia	2,436	282,336	-	2,034,796	15,804	2,335,372
Total work done by classes	2,122,540	2,080,074	178,663	12,824,298	436,693	17,642,268

Value of work done by Provinces, 1927.

Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	11,000	61,643	-	365,947	65,889	504,479
New Brunswick	6,372	88,047	-	286,555	3,499	384,473
Quebec	1,676,990	535,139	23,762	3,824,125	141,008	6,201,024
Ontario	1,163,032	1,291,222	129,164	4,595,036	33,958	7,212,412
Manitoba	5,222	592,402	-	1,051,642	2,232	1,651,498
Saskatchewan	-	96,986	-	522,358	21,040	640,384
Alberta	6,902	158,911	-	884,102	6,383	1,056,298
British Columbia	1,425	362,582	-	2,045,418	41,896	2,451,321
Total work done by classes	2,870,943	3,186,932	152,926	13,575,183	315,905	20,101,889

^{1/} Includes carpet and feather cleaning.



DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Table 2. presents statistics of capital invested for the Dominion and the provinces for the calendar years 1926 and 1927 under two main heads,- fixed capital and working capital. The former includes the value of land, buildings and machinery and tools, whilst the latter includes (a) material and stocks on hand, finished products, stocks in process, fuel, etc., (b) Cash, trading and operating accounts, etc. The increase in capital investment in 1927 amounted to \$2,750,904 or 16 per cent. Each of the provinces show marked increases in capital investment with the exception of Alberta in which there was a decline amounting to \$21,806.

Table 2.- Capital invested in the Dyeing, Cleaning and Laundry Industry in 1926 and 1927.

Provinces	Fixed Capital	Working Capital		Total Capital
	Land, buildings machinery and tools	Materials and stocks on hand, stocks in process, finished products, fuel, etc.	Cash, trading and operating accounts, etc.	
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1926				
CANADA	14,693,889	568,228	2,016,210	17,278,327
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	371,158	15,015	53,838	440,011
New Brunswick	230,314	12,727	22,957	265,998
Quebec	4,599,352	244,832	710,287	5,554,471
Ontario	6,100,472	194,727	593,760	6,888,959
Manitoba	806,281	21,423	242,804	1,070,508
Saskatchewan	474,389	14,379	37,065	525,833
Alberta	509,129	29,341	127,111	665,581
British Columbia	1,602,794	35,784	228,388	1,866,966
1927				
CANADA	17,060,896	664,602	2,303,733	20,029,231
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	389,402	13,042	62,577	465,021
New Brunswick	255,581	14,115	21,499	291,195
Quebec	5,790,908	304,831	847,678	6,943,417
Ontario	6,702,907	219,227	710,210	7,632,344
Manitoba	1,159,118	33,591	245,441	1,438,150
Saskatchewan	593,327	25,233	71,545	690,105
Alberta	509,083	22,169	112,523	643,775
British Columbia	1,660,570	32,394	232,260	1,925,224

DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK
Employment Statistics

Statistics of Employment are presented in the following series of tables for the calendar years 1926 and 1927.

Table 3. Employees, salaries and wages, 1926 and 1927 by provinces.

Table 4. Employment by months, 1926 and 1927.

Table 5. Working time of plants, 1926 and 1927.

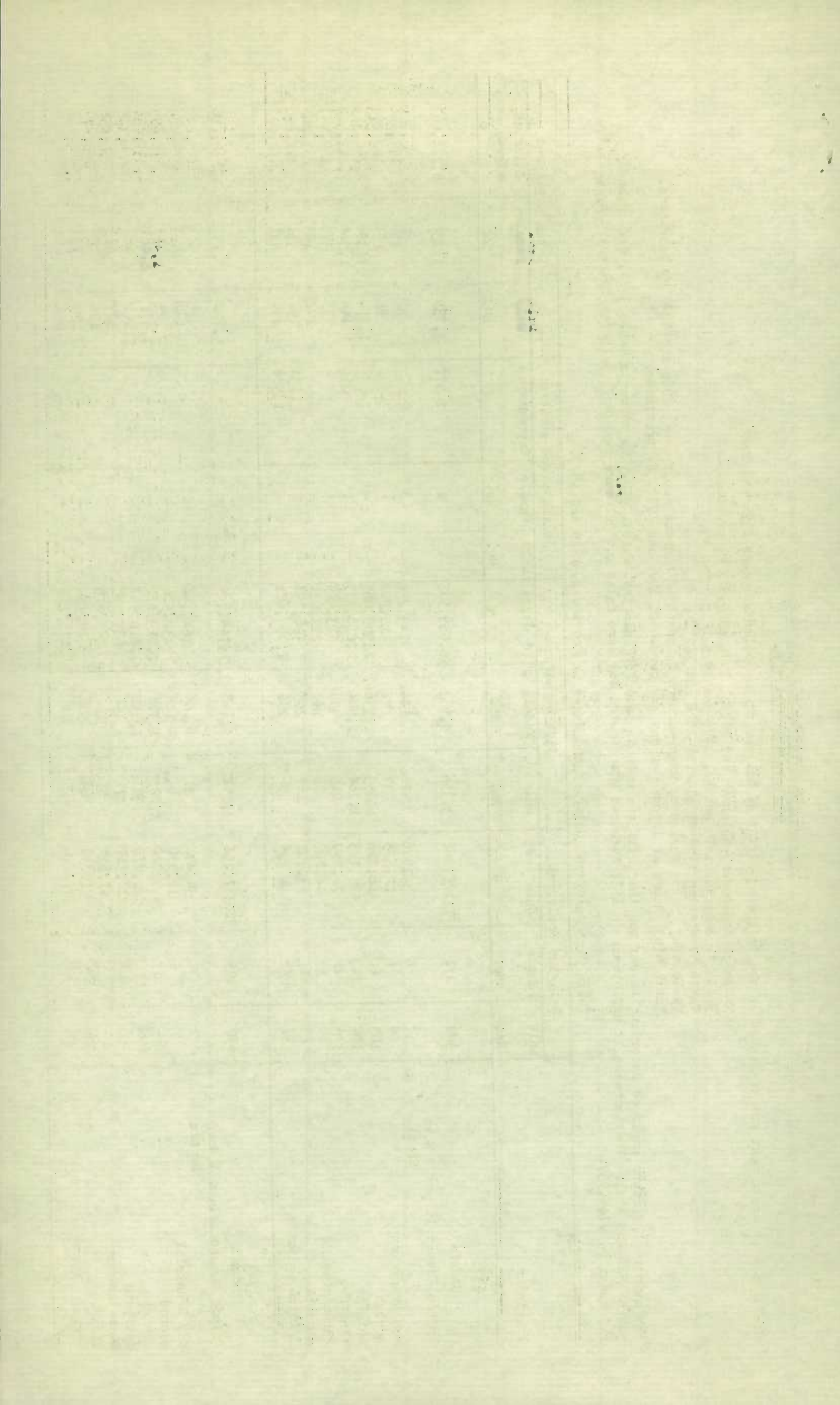
Table 6(a) Hours worked by wage-earners in month of highest employment, 1926 and 1927 by provinces.

Table 6(b) Hours of labour per day and per week, 1926 and 1927, by provinces.

The number of persons employed according to sex together with the amounts paid for salaries, wages, etc., is shown in Table 3 for the calendar years 1926 and 1927. The increase in employment in 1927 numbered 984 of whom 463 were males and 521 were females. Salaries increased by \$161,488 and wages by \$744,939.

Table 3.- Employees, Salaries and Wages by Provinces, 1926 and 1927.

Provinces	Salaried Employees			Wage-earners			Outside piece-workers			Total Employees		
	Male	Female	Salaries	Male	Female	Wages	Male	Female	Payments to	Male	Female	Salaries, wages, etc.
	No.	No.	\$	No.	No.	\$	No.	No.	\$	No.	No.	\$
1926												
CANADA	382	271	1,225,766	3,356	4,963	6,999,925	1	2	2,972	3,739	5,236	8,228,663
Prince Edward Island & Nova Scotia	10	6	35,908	76	144	143,258	-	-	-	86	150	179,166
New Brunswick	9	6	22,375	77	92	119,902	-	-	-	86	98	142,277
Quebec	103	60	368,226	1,053	1,336	1,900,087	-	-	-	1,156	1,396	2,268,313
Ontario	160	123	493,793	1,284	1,804	2,618,279	-	1	250	1,444	1,928	3,112,322
Manitoba	24	21	76,259	215	358	523,688	-	-	-	239	379	599,947
Saskatchewan	16	13	44,869	86	140	211,036	-	-	-	102	153	255,905
Alberta	23	17	73,302	169	293	398,254	-	1	1,134	192	311	472,690
British Columbia	37	25	111,034	396	796	1,085,421	1	-	1,588	434	821	1,198,043
1927												
CANADA	450	299	1,387,254	3,752	5,458	7,744,864	-	-	-	4,202	5,757	9,132,118
Prince Edward Island & Nova Scotia	9	7	34,491	91	165	164,154	-	-	-	100	172	198,645
New Brunswick	7	6	19,990	87	108	132,516	-	-	-	94	114	152,506
Quebec	154	83	459,024	1,223	1,398	2,113,871	-	-	-	1,377	3,481	2,572,895
Ontario	168	131	520,876	1,401	2,031	2,810,562	-	-	-	1,569	2,162	3,331,438
Manitoba	37	19	120,317	272	454	685,028	-	-	-	309	473	805,345
Saskatchewan	14	6	47,612	95	160	249,246	-	-	-	109	166	296,858
Alberta	26	25	87,838	164	308	410,734	-	-	-	190	333	498,572
British Columbia	35	22	97,106	419	834	1,178,753	-	-	-	454	856	1,275,859



DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Employment Statistics - Con.

Table 4. shows the number at employment in the Dominion classified by sex for each month of the calendar years 1926 and 1927. The maximum of employment was reached in the month of September during both years and the minimum in the month of January. The average monthly employment which is based on the actual operating time of each individual plant, rose from 8,319 employees in 1926 to 9,210 in 1927 or approximately 10.7 per cent.

Table 4.- Employees by Months and by Sex, 1926 and 1927.

Months	1 9 2 6			Months	1 9 2 7		
	Male	Female	Total		Male	Female	Total
January	3,126	4,545	7,671	January	3,505	5,018	8,523
February	3,174	4,568	7,742	February	3,549	5,040	8,589
March	3,274	4,709	7,983	March	3,649	5,213	8,862
April	3,355	4,858	8,213	April	3,814	5,380	9,194
May	3,341	4,950	8,291	May	3,782	5,437	9,219
June	3,354	5,015	8,369	June	3,739	5,443	9,182
July	3,361	5,125	8,486	July	3,739	5,645	9,384
August	3,370	5,187	8,557	August	3,747	5,641	9,388
September	3,468	5,207	8,675	September	3,865	5,660	9,525
October	3,464	5,118	8,582	October	3,850	5,557	9,407
November	3,386	5,047	8,433	November	3,795	5,448	9,243
December	3,352	5,012	8,364	December	3,740	5,502	9,242
Total yearly employment	40,025	59,341	99,366	Total yearly employment	44,774	64,984	109,758
Average monthly employment	3,356	4,963	8,319	Average monthly employment	3,752	5,458	9,210

The operating time of plants is shown in Table 5 for the calendar years 1926 and 1927 for the Dominion under three heads; full time, part time and idle.

Table 5.- Operating time of Plants, 1926 and 1927.

Number of operating plants	1 9 2 6		1 9 2 7	
	Total days	Average per plant	Total days	Average per plant
	350		355	
Days plants were in operation -				
On full time	97,927	279.79	99,384	279.96
On part time	4,633	13.24	4,659	13.12
Idle	3,840	10.97	3,877	10.92

Tables 6(a) and 6(b) present statistics of wage-earning employees, in month of highest employment working specified hours for Canada and the provinces during 1926 and 1927. Table 6(a) shows the number of persons employed at each daily rate and also the percentages of wage-earners at such daily rate. It will be seen that nearly 42 per cent of the employees worked 8 hours per day or less in 1927. Those working 9 hours per day were nearly 40 per cent, whilst those working over 10 hours per day were over 17 per cent.

Table 6(a).- Hours worked per day by wage-earners in month of highest employment, 1926 and 1927.

Provinces	Number of wage-earners in month of highest employment working per day of-				Percentage of wage-earners working -			
	8 hours or less	9 hours	10 hours	Over 10 hours	8 hours or less	9 hours	10 hours	Over 10 hours
1926 CANADA	4,789	2,797	1,299	168	52.90	30.90	14.35	1.85
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	162	66	-	-	71.05	28.95	-	-
New Brunswick	63	65	15	-	44.06	45.45	10.49	-
Quebec	596	811	1,104	113	22.71	30.91	42.07	4.31
Ontario	2,098	1,090	170	55	61.47	31.94	4.98	1.61
Manitoba	50	589	-	-	7.83	92.17	-	-
Saskatchewan	160	40	7	-	77.30	19.32	3.38	-
Alberta	435	50	1	-	89.51	10.22	20	-
British Columbia	1,225	86	2	-	93.30	6.55	.15	-

DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

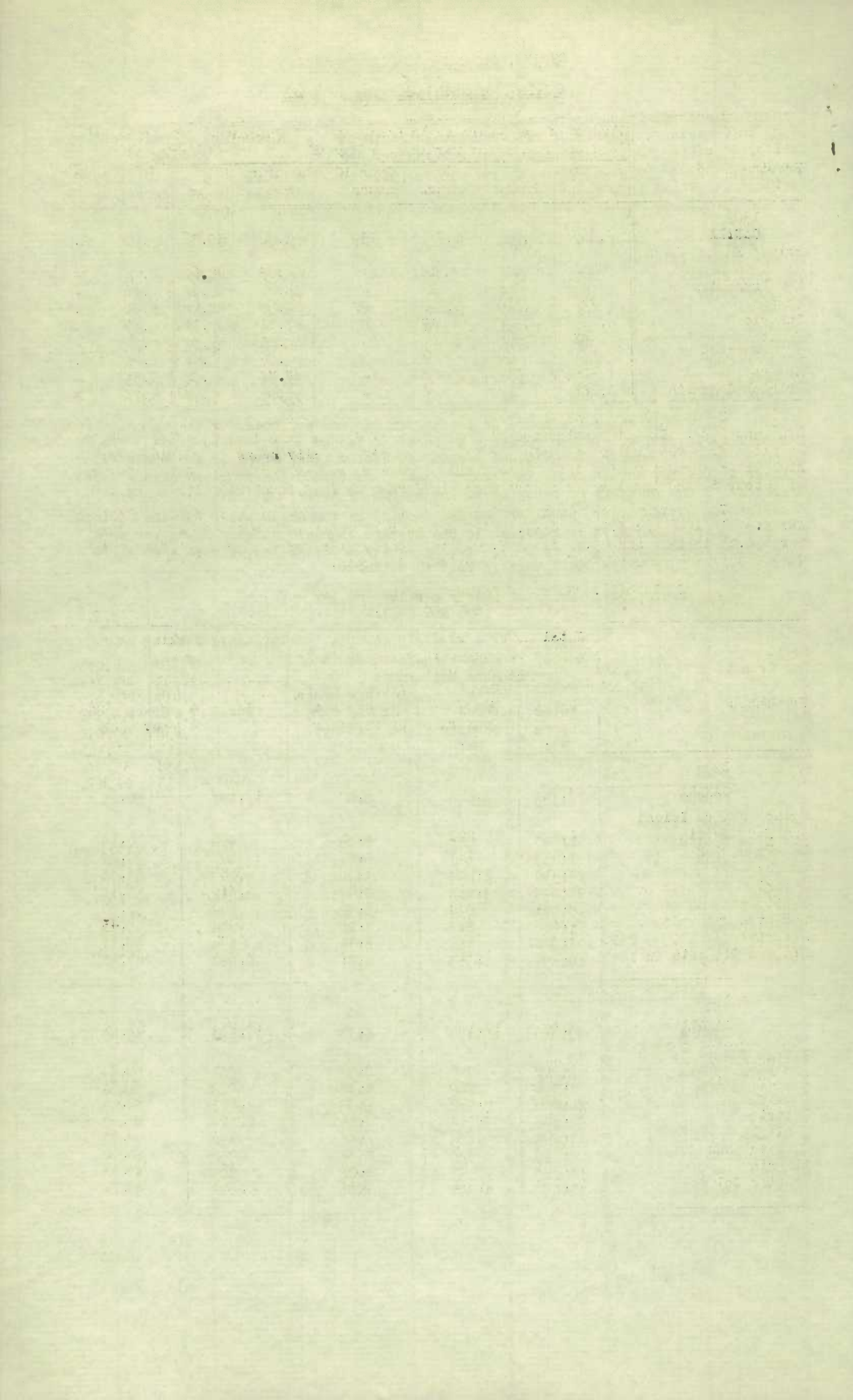
Provinces	Number of wage-earners in month of highest employment working per day of				Percentage of wage-earners working -			
	8 hours or less	9 hours	10 hours	Over 10 hours	8 hours or less	9 hours	10 hours	Over 10 hours
1927 CANADA	4,265	4,004	1,766	139	41.92	39.36	17.36	1.36
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	140	108	18	-	52.63	40.60	6.77	-
New Brunswick	39	156	14	-	18.66	74.64	6.70	-
Quebec	378	1,110	1,442	52	12.68	37.22	48.36	1.74
Ontario	1,713	1,702	217	85	46.11	45.77	5.83	2.29
Manitoba	98	646	65	-	12.11	79.85	8.04	-
Saskatchewan	191	90	7	2	65.86	31.04	2.41	0.69
Alberta	416	110	2	-	78.79	20.83	0.38	-
British Columbia	1,288	82	1	-	93.95	5.98	0.07	-

Table 6(b) shows the hours of labour per day and per week for the calendar years 1926 and 1927. The statistics relating to hours of labour in column 1, 2 and 3 are compiled from the number of employees working specified **daily hours** in the month of highest employment whilst those in columns 4 and 5 represent the standard weekly hours of labour in the industry as reported to the Bureau by individual establishments.

The average daily hours of labour computed on the above basis for the Dominion was 8.65 in 1926 and 8.78 in 1927, while the average standard working hours per week were 50.25 in 1926 and 49.85 in 1927. Average daily hours of labour were highest in Quebec during both years and lowest in British Columbia.

Table 6(b).- Hours of Labour per day and per week, 1926 and 1927.

Provinces	Total hours worked per day and number of wage-earners in month of highest employment			Standard working hours per week	
	Total hours No.	Total Wage-earners No.	Average hours per day per wage-earner	Total	Average Hours worked per week
1926 CANADA	78,323	9,053	8.65	17,587	50.25
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	1,890	228	8.29	802	50.12
New Brunswick	1,239	143	8.66	905	50.28
Quebec	24,350	2,624	9.28	4,029	53.01
Ontario	28,899	3,413	8.47	6,815	50.11
Manitoba	5,701	639	8.92	800	50.00
Saskatchewan	1,710	207	8.26	692	49.43
Alberta	3,940	486	8.11	884	49.11
British Columbia	10,594	1,313	8.07	2,660	47.50
1927 CANADA	89,345	10,174	8.78	17,698	49.85
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	2,272	266	8.54	957	50.37
New Brunswick	1,856	209	8.88	929	51.61
Quebec	28,006	2,982	9.39	4,003	52.67
Ontario	32,143	3,719	8.64	6,674	49.43
Manitoba	7,248	809	8.96	897	49.83
Saskatchewan	2,430	290	8.38	756	50.40
Alberta	4,338	528	8.22	870	48.33
British Columbia	11,052	1,371	8.06	2,612	46.64



DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Fuel Consumption

The laundry and dyeing industry as a consumer of fuel occupies the twentieth place in Canadian industries. Table 7. shows the consumption of the various classes of fuel by quantity and cost value at the works. The value of coal and coke which in 1926 totalled \$58,470 for the Dominion rose to \$717,580 in 1927. Fuel oils also increased during this period from \$59,700 to \$71,716, whilst gasoline shows a decrease of \$38,871. The increase in the cost of fuel over 1926 was \$47,891 or 5.5 per cent.

Table 7. - Fuel consumption by provinces, 1926 and 1927.

	Coal and Coke		Gasoline		Fuel Oil		All Other Fuel	Total Cost of fuel
	Quantity	Cost value	Quantity	Cost Value	Quantity	Cost value	Value only	
	ton	\$	Gal.	\$	Gal.	\$	\$	\$
1926 CANADA	104,134	658,470	266,274	75,483	649,512	59,700	84,432	878,085
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	4,087	24,795	390	142	-	-	187	25,124
New Brunswick	4,916	24,094	1,375	484	-	-	3,916	28,494
Quebec	32,908	222,048	85,852	23,123	403,182	33,961	8,187	287,319
Ontario	44,680	289,335	113,926	31,655	178,804	21,513	19,470	361,973
Manitoba	5,741	39,674	22,829	7,172	-	-	5,605	52,451
Saskatchewan	4,680	27,559	3,355	1,285	-	-	2,409	31,253
Alberta	5,756	19,985	3,885	1,254	-	-	8,890	30,129
British Columbia	1,366	10,980	34,682	10,368	67,526	4,226	35,768	61,342
1927 CANADA	111,042	717,580	144,500	36,912	825,759	71,716	99,768	925,976
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	4,302	24,205	1,605	496	-	-	1,370	26,071
New Brunswick	4,820	25,096	1,743	482	-	-	3,803	29,381
Quebec	37,807	263,855	34,748	9,503	616,440	49,703	9,014	332,075
Ontario	47,422	305,822	64,629	15,078	145,733	17,944	17,034	355,878
Manitoba	5,303	40,621	14,751	4,387	-	-	7,830	52,838
Saskatchewan	4,802	28,037	6,361	1,658	-	-	2,166	31,861
Alberta	5,024	17,370	2,640	733	-	-	17,338	35,441
British Columbia	1,562	12,574	18,023	4,575	63,586	4,069	41,213	62,431

Power Installation

The classes of power installed in the industry are shown in Table 8 by provinces according to (a) the number of units in each class and (b) the horsepower according to manufacturer's rating. The total primary power installation was 5,885 in 1926 and 5,837 in 1927. Electric power purchased rose from 5,986 H.P. in 1926 to 6,689 H.P. in 1927, representing an increase of nearly 12 per cent. Boiler installation for all purposes rose from 297 units with a rated boiler H.P. capacity of 17,381 in 1926 to 306 units with a capacity of 22,597 H.P. in 1927. The cost of electricity purchased was \$139,311 in 1926 and \$168,886 in 1927.

Table 8.- Power Installation by Provinces, 1926 and 1927.

Provinces	Steam engines and turbines		Oil, gas and gasoline engines		Hydraulic Turbines or Water wheels		Electric Motors			
	Units No.	Rated H.P.	Units No.	Rated H.P.	Units No.	Rated H.P.	Operated by purchased power		Operated by power generated by the establishment	
							Units No.	Rated H.P.	Units No.	Rated H.P.
1926 CANADA	133	5,815	2	60	1	10	970	5,986	202	614
P.E. Island and Nova Scotia	12	396	-	-	-	-	15	65	13	46
New Brunswick	16	500	1	10	-	-	3	20	-	-
Quebec	21	1,249	1	50	-	-	390	2,102	118	248
Ontario	32	1,714	-	-	1	10	375	2,525	35	200
Manitoba	4	210	-	-	-	-	46	408	1	5
Saskatchewan	8	627	-	-	-	-	17	40	34	100
Alberta	5	128	-	-	-	-	47	356	1	15
British Columbia	35	991	-	-	-	-	77	470	-	-

DYEING, CLEANING AND LAUNDRY WORK

Provinces	Steam engines and turbines		Oil, gas & gasoline engines		Hydraulic turbines or water wheels		Electric Motors			
	Units No.	Rated H.P.	Units No.	Rated H.P.	Units No.	Rated H.P.	Operated by purchased power		Operated by power generated by the Estab.	
							Units No.	Rated H.P.	Units No.	Rated H.P.
1927 CANADA	126	5,725	1	10	16	102	1,174	6,689	160	372
P. E. Island and Nova Scotia										
Scotia	14	416	-	-	-	-	20	68	12	57
New Brunswick	17	570	1	10	-	-	4	35	-	-
Quebec	30	1,444	-	-	-	-	500	2,450	115	235
Ontario	27	1,304	-	-	16	102	419	2,627	--	--
Manitoba	3	160	-	-	-	-	69	525	1	5
Saskatchewan	8	690	-	-	-	-	28	62	32	75
Alberta	4	137	-	-	-	-	52	314	--	-
British Columbia	23	1,004	-	-	-	-	82	608	-	-

Cost of Materials

The cost of materials used in each section of the industry with totals for the combined industries is shown in Table 9. for the calendar years 1926 and 1927. The cost of materials in 1926 amounted to \$2,104,176, whilst in 1927 the cost was \$2,584,884.

Table 9.- Cost of Materials by Provinces, 1926 and 1927.

Provinces	Laundry Materials	Dyeing and finishing materials	Total Cost of materials
	\$	\$	\$
1926			
CANADA	1,105,911	998,265	2,104,176
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	28,314	7,636	35,950
New Brunswick	29,292	7,331	36,623
Quebec	322,537	420,657	743,194
Ontario	332,676	461,744	794,420
Manitoba	91,278	30,363	121,641
Saskatchewan	52,510	18,192	70,702
Alberta	100,868	16,343	117,211
British Columbia	148,436	35,999	184,435
1927			
CANADA	1,350,333	1,234,551	2,584,884
Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia	31,106	6,409	37,515
New Brunswick	29,719	8,084	37,803
Quebec	368,308	641,074	1,009,382
Ontario	416,187	429,948	846,135
Manitoba	197,999	62,112	260,111
Saskatchewan	75,456	16,959	92,415
Alberta	92,103	22,106	114,209
British Columbia	139,455	47,859	187,314

STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY
BIBLIOTHEQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA



1010453114

21