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## LAUNDRIES, CLEANERS AND DYERS 1952



# LAUNDRIES, CLEANERS AND DYERS 

1952

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## NOTICE

The annual reports prepared by the Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of Statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows: Volume 1 - The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisherles; Volume II-Manufacturing; V olume IIIMerchandising and Services.

Volume III consists of the following parts with individual trade reports listed under each:

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Dry clearing plants were so classified because the greater portion of their revenue was derived from dry cleaning work. This survey does not include dyeing plants doing work on a commercial or industrial scale for textile plants, etc. This section presents principal statistics of cleaning and dyeing plants by provinces, by size of business, and for selected cities.

# LAUNDRIES, CLEANERS AND DYERS 

## 1952

## SECTION I - GENERAL SUMMARY

The volume of business handled by Canada's 1.298 power laundries, dry cleaning and dy eing plants passed the hundred-million dollar mark for the first time in 1952 when recelpts rose to $\$ 105,331,139$, an increase of $9 \%$ over the 1951 volume of $\$ 96,851,857$. Gross recelpts for 1952 were derived from the following types of service: $29 \%$ from laundry, $54 \%$ from dry cleaning, $7 \%$ from wholesale laundry and cleaning and $10 \%$ from miscellaneous services.

For the purpose of this report, establishments were classified as laundries if the greater part of their revenue was derived from laundry work and as dry cleaners and dyers if the greater portion of their business was dry cleaning and dyeing. On this basis, 307 of the 1,298 plants included in this survey were classified as laundries and the remairing 991 were classified as dry cleaners and dyers.

Two-thirds of all laundry and dry cleaning business was handled in Ontario and Quebec. Ontaria, with $41 \%$ of all plants, accounted for $40 \%$ of the total receipts, while Quebec plants formed $20 \%$ of the total number and handled $25 \%$ of the total volume of business.

All provinces contributed to the overall increase in receipts during 1952. Newfoundland, with a $20 \%$ gain, reported the highest increase, followed by Nova Scotia with $14 \%$.

The following table gives percentage changes between 1951 and 1952 in number of establishments and dollar volume of receipts, by provinces. Throughout this report figures for British Columbia include Yukon and Northwest Territories.

Percentage Changes in Number and Receipts of Power Laundries, Cleaners and Dyers by Provinces, $1952 / 1951$

| Province | Percentage change$1952 / 1951$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Receipts |
|  | \% | \% |
| Canada | 1 | $+8.8$ |
| Newfoundland | 1 | $+20.2$ |
| Prince Edward Island.. | 1 | +11.1 |
| Nova Scotia | - 1.9 | $+14.5$ |
| New Brunswick | - 23 | + 7.8 |
| Quebec | -0.4 | + 8.0 |
| Ontario | $+0.4$ | + 7.7 |
| Manitoba | $+5.7$ | + 8.6 |
| Saskatchewan | -1.4 | $+13.6$ |
| Alberta. | 1 | $+13.3$ |
| British Columbia | -0.6 | + 8.3 |

1. Unchanged

During 1952, 10,950 males and 17,788 females were employed in power laundries and cleaning and dyeing plants and received $\$ 51,644,977$ in salaries
and wages. In addition there were 1,225 propnetors of unincorporated businesses actively engaged in operating their plants during 1952.

TABLE 1. Power Laundries, Cleaning and DyeingPlants, Historical Summary, 1930-1952

| Year | No. of plants | No. of employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1930............. | 368 | 11,885 | 11,249,945 | 2,196,139 | 22,695,880 |
| 1931 | 407 | 11,772 | 10,671,615 | 1,968,029 | $21.024,684$ |
|  | 409 | 11,170 | 9,020,441 | 1,587,586 | 17,302,779 |
| 1933 | 411 | 10,528 | 7,882,389 | 1,399,646 | 15,239,981 |
| 1934 | 411 | 10,376 | 7,914,089 | 1,463,432 | 15,602,612 |
| 1935 | 416 | 10.752 | $8,339,134$ | 1.738,936 | 16,311, 261 |
| 1936 | 420 | 11,568 | 9,109,548 | 1, 984,734 | 18,328,345 |
| 1937 | 418 | 12,551 | 10,171, 710 | 2.259,265 | 20,343,152 |
| 1938 | 462 | 13,302 | 10,919,398 | 2,542,215 | 21, 728, 830 |
| 1939 | 502 | 14,212 | 11,749,858 | 2.652, 329 | 22,926,474 |
| 1940 | 530 | 15,508 | 13,112,465 | 2,965,125 | 26,775,841 |
| 1941 | 600 | 18,398 | 16,246, 296 | 3,782,530 | 32,495, 470 |
| 1942 | 603 | 19,839 | 18, 631,692 | 3,986, 450 | 36,747, 368 |
| 1943 | 587 | 20, 597 | 20, 204, 624 | 4, 049, 361 | 38,654,761 |
| 1944 | 626 | 20.991 | 20,993,502 | 4.185,542 | 41, 445,857 |
| 1945 | 602 | 21,379 | 22,499, 459 | 4.668,779 | 44,081,170 |
| 1946 | 690 | 23,554 | 26,260,679 | 5,577,433 | 51, 148, 159 |
| 1947 | 774 | 24,856 | 30,501,536 | 6.601,626 | 59, 043, 678 |
| 1948 | 1.081 | 25,876 | $35,877,556$ | 8,538,717 | 71,981,944 |
| $1949^{1}$......................................................... | 1.237 | 27, 126 | 40,515, 431 | 9, 425,121 | 81,234.045 |
| 1950 | 1.242 | 27,760 | 42,681. 128 | 10,190, 246 | 86, 836,564 |
| 1951 | 1.298 | 28,012 | 46,098,636 | 2 | 96,851,857 |
| 1952. | 1.298 | 28,738 | 51,644,977 | 12,854, 124 | 105,331, 139 |

1. Including Newfoundland from 1949.
2. Not available.

Note. Figures previous to 1941 included linen supply houses and distributors which had no factlitins for washing,
dry Guarm ar dyaing on thus remises.

RECEIPTS AND SALARIES OF POWER LAUNDRIES AND ORY CLEANING AND DYEING PLANTS


TABLE 2. Power Laundries, Cleaning andDyeinglants, Summary Statistics by Provinces, 1952

| Province | Number of plants | $\underset{\text { Working }}{\text { Totaprietors }}$ | Number of paid employees |  | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials and supplies used | Recelpts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada.............................. | 1.298 | 1. 225 | 10,950 | 17,788 | 51, 644,977 | 12,854, 124 | 105, 331, 139 |
| Newfoundland ....................... | 10 | 4 | 85 | 126 | 361.316 | 86,013 | 782,646 |
| Prince Edward Island ............ | 10 | 12 | 53 | 73 | 158,496 | 47, 257 | 424,631 |
| Nova Scotia........................... | 51 | 31 | 408 | 582 | 1. 408, 819 | 343,756 | 3, 031,414 |
| New Brunswick...................... | 43 | 38 | 215 | 512 | 1, 038, 140 | 272,514 | 2, 229, 596 |
| Quebec ................................. | 259 | 206 | 3,602 | 4,047 | 13.205,673 | 3,460,153 | 26, 563,173 |
| Ontario................................... | 531 | 532 | 4,234 | 7,019 | 20,697, 119 | 5,372,925 | 42, 585, 685 |
| Manitoba ............................... | 56 | 53 | 568 | 1,154 | 3,131,690 | 704,800 | 5,812, 056 |
| Saskatchewan ........................ | 72 | 73 | 270 | 650 | 1, 683, 332 | 431, 327 | 3, 817, 287 |
| Alberta.................................. | 113 | 139 | 536 | 1,374 | 3,358, 270 | 839,083 | 7,161,461 |
| British Columbia ................... | 153 | 137 | 979 | 2,251 | 6,602,122 | 1.296,296 | 12,923, 190 |

1. Unincorporated firms only.


Table 3 shows the percentage distribution of receipts from laundry and dry cleaning work, by type of establishment and by provinces. The figures presented in this table include receipts from direct customer laundry or dry cleaning work as well as wholesale, commercial and industrial laundry or dry,
cleaning. During 1952 power laundries handled $88 \%$ of all laundry work, the remaining $12 \%$ being done by dry cleaning plants. Dry cleaning plants, on the other hand handled $85 \%$ of all dry cleaning work and power laundries handled the remaining $15 \%$.

TABLE 3. Percentage Distribution of Laundry and Dry Cleaning Receipts, by Type of Establishment and by Provinces, 1952

| Province | Laundry receipts |  |  | Dry cleaning receipts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total receipts ${ }^{1}$ | \% received by |  | Total recelpts ${ }^{1}$ | \% received by |  |
|  |  | Power laundries | Dry cleaning plants |  | Power laundries | Dry <br> cleaning plants |
|  | \$ | \% | $\%$ | \$ | \% | \% |
| Canada | 34,616,185 | 88.2 | 11.8 | 60,225,288 | 15.2 | 84. 8 |
| Newfoundl and | 149,377 | 61.0 | 39.0 | 630.971 | - | 100.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 167,418 | 95.7 | 4.3 | 255, 300 | 1.2 | 98.8 |
| Nova Scotia | 1,134,980 | 94.5 | 5.5 | 1,812, 981 | 11.4 | 88.6 |
| New Brunswick | 803,963 | 95.4 | 4.6 | 1,371,804 | 26.8 | 73.2 |
| Quebec | 10, 122,719 | 89.7 | 10.3 | 12,951,230 | 18.5 | 81.5 |
| Ontario | 11,779,093 | 87.6 | 12.4 | 25, 909, 141 | 10.9 | 89.1 |
| Manitoba | 2,134,954 | 65.6 | 34.4 | 3, 525, 125 | 10.2 | 89.8 |
| Saskatchewan. | 1,032,054 | 92.3 | 7.7 | 2,671,166 | 9.0 | 91.0 |
| Alberta. | 2, 272,502 | 89.2 | 10.8 | 4,781,277 | 18.8 | 81.2 |
| British Columbia | 5,019,125 | 92.9 | 7.1 | 6,316,293 | 29.6 | 70.4 |

1. Including wholesale, commercial and industrial.

## SECTION II - POWER LAUNDRIES

Although the number of plants classified as power laundries declined to 307 in 1952 from 317 in 1951, the volume of business which they handled amounted to $\$ 46,852,690$, $6 \%$ higher than the previous year. All provinces with the exception of Newfoundland reported higher receipts. This an-
parent decline in Newfoundland receipts from the 1951 level, was due entirely to the transferenc: of one plant from a power laundry classification to that of a dry cleaning plant. The following table shows percentage increases in number of plants and volume of receipts by provinces.

Percentage Changes in Number and Receipts of Power Laundries, by Provinces, $1952 / 1951$

| Province | Percentage change$1952 / 1951$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Receipts |
|  | \% | \% |
| Canada.. | - 3.2 | + 6.4 |
| Newfoundland ....a................ | - 25.0 | - 27.5 |
| Prince Edward Island ........... | 1 | -27. |
| Nova Scotia ............... | 1 | $+20.4$ |
| New Brunswick ......................... |  | +16.3 |
| Quebec |  | + 7.9 |
|  | - 8.0 | $+3.1$ |
| Manitoba |  | $+4.0$ |
| Saskatchewan .no.............. | 1 | +13.1 |
| Alberta ............ | 1 | +9.8 |
| British Columbia | + 2.2 | $+7.5$ |

1. Unchanged.

The annual volume of business handled by power laundries has grown consistently since 1940 to reach a new high level in 1952 of $\$ 46,852,690$.

Salaries and wages paid the 13,922 employees in 1952 amounted to $\$ 24,496,053$, more than $50 \%$ of the total receipts.

TABLE 4. Power Laundries, Historical Summary, 1930-1952

| Year | No. of plants | No, of employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1930 | 242 | 9,100 | 8,140,177 | 1,571,747 | 16,283,555 |
| 1931 | 250 | 8.807 | 7,709,856 | 1,350, 015 | 14,879,919 |
| 1932 | 243 | 8,292 | 6,482,339 | 1,065,906 | 12, 297, 061 |
| 1933 | 239 | 7,616 | 5,501,305 | 896,954 | $10,373,890$ |
| 1934 | 236 | 7,393 | 5,387,274 | 945,620 | 10,588,505 |
| 1935 | 237 | 7.644 | 5,667,658 | 1.118,401 | 10,983, 378 |
| 1936 | 229 | 7,925 | 5,997,096 | 1,274,941 | 12,023,808 |
| 1937 | 225 | 8.576 | 6,678,998 | 1.403.073 | 13,163,778 |
| 1938 | 232 | 8,981 | 7,029,171 | 1,542,216 | 13,734,707 |
| 1939 | 234 | 9,217 | $7,465,732$ | 1,617,367 | 14,267.745 |
| 1940 | 230 | 10,034 | 8,156,441 | 1,808,671 | 16,719,106 |
| 1941 | 237 | 11.844 | 10, 120,662 | 2,348,740 | 19,816.895 |
| 1942 | 238 | 12.848 | 11,678, 625 | 2,533,216 | 22,396, 324 |
| 1943 | 225 | 13,209 | $12,338,829$ | $2,530,464$ | $23,436,392$ |
| 1944 | 227 | 13,259 | 12,780.585 | 2,491,258 | 24.559.144 |
| 1945 | 217 | 13,232 | 13,651,511 | 2,717,027 | 25,463,096 |
| 1946 | 238 | 13,674 | 14, 647,668 | 3,073,671 | 27,427,219 |
| 1947 | 244 | 13,950 | 16, 357,072 | $3,560,120$ | 30,459, 393 |
| 1948 | 294 | 13,923 | 18,737, 302 | 4,138,029 | $35,360,996$ |
| 19491 | 332 | 14.240 | 20,408, 336 | 4,485,436 | 38,659,596 |
| 1950 | 323 | 14.310 | 20,976,430 | 4,811,682 | 40,586.942 |
| 1951 | 317 | 14,079 | 22,248,517 | ${ }^{2}$ | 44,053.442 |
|  | 307 | 13,922 | 24,496,053 | $6,143,769$ | 46,852,690 |

1. Including Newfoundland from 1949.
2. Not available.

Ontario plants were responsible for $35 \%$ of the total power laundry business in 1952, Quebec accounted for $29 \%$ and British Columbia 17\%. Ontario's portion of total receipts was slightly lower than in 1951 but those for Quebec and British Columbia
remained the same. In addition to the 4.499 male and 9,423 feluale employees, there were 187 working proprietors of unincorporated companies actively engaged in operating their plants.

TABLE 5. Power Laundries, Summary Statistics by Provinces, 1952

| Province |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total }{ }^{1} \\ \text { working } \\ \text { proprietors } \end{gathered}$ | Number of paid employees |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salaries }{ }^{2} \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { wages } \end{aligned}$ | Cost of materials and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Fernale |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada | 307 | 187 | 4,499 | 9,423 | 24, 996,053 | $6,143,769$ | 46,852,690 |
| Newroundland |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island ............... | 2 | 1 | 30 | 64 | 116.293 | 22,190 | 254.459 |
| Nova Scotia .............................. | 15 | 4 | 149 | 288 | 588, 066 | 134,577 | 1,287,966 |
| New Brunswick ......................... | 13 | 4 | 122 | 333 | 617,797 | 145.980 | 1, 169,835 |
| Quebec ...................................... | 76 | 45 | 1,584 | 2,670 | 7, 127,848 | 1,816,306 | 13,599,967 |
| Ontario ...................................... | 115 | 77 | 1,514 | 3.363 | 8,528.010 | 2,534,591 | 16,563,099 |
| Manitaba ..................................... | 10 | 4 | 168 | 393 | 1, 027,267 | 246.452 | 1.815,421 |
| Saskatchewan ........................... | 9 | 7 | 77 | 267 | 631,257 | 143,838 | 1,194,693 |
| Alberta ...................................... | 17 | 11. | 230 | 581 | 1.541,285 | 350,906 | 2,946,510 |
| British Columbia........................ | 47 | 34 | 625 | 1.464 | 4,318,230 | 748,929 | 8,020,740 |

1. Unincorporated firms only.
2. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

Power laundries obtained $58 \%$ of all their receipts from laundry work in 1952. Dry cleaning work accounted for $19 \%$, coat and towel rentals for $9 \%$, while both wholesale laundry and dry cleaning and all other services each accounted for $7 \%$ of total receipts. Laundry and cleaning receipts shown in

Table 6 include commercial and industrial work. In 1951 certain census requirements made it necessary to include this work with wholesale laundry and dry cleaning. This change does not permit a direct comparison with 1951 percentages in these three categories.

TABLE 6. Power Laundries - Receipts by Type of Service Performed, by Provinces, 1952
Note. The percentages indicate the proportions which receipts for each type of work bear to the total receipts for each province.

| Province | Laundry ${ }^{1}$ |  | Cleaning ${ }^{2}$ |  | Wholesale laundry and dry cleaning |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| Canada | 27, 217, 837 | 58.1 | 8,790,612 | 18. 8 | 3,440, 849 | 7.3 |
| Newfoundland $\qquad$ <br> Prince Edward Island | 251,335 | 98.8 | 3,124 | 1.2 | - | - |
| Nove Scotia | 910,555 | 70.7 | 207, 375 | 16.1 | 4 | 4 |
| New Brunswick | 766, 603 | 65.5 | 367, 393 | 31.4 | - |  |
| Quebec | 8, 030, 358 | 59.1 | 2, 233, 920 | 16.4 | 1,219,344 | 9.0 |
| Ontario. | 8, 823, 562 | 53.3 | 2,694,953 | 16.3 | 1,633,403 | 9. 9 |
| Manitoba | 1, 113, 289 | 61.3 | 360, 183 | 19.8 | 287, 689 | 15.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 952, 151 | 79.7 | 236, 322 | 19.8 | 4 | 4 |
| Alberta | 2,007, 957 | 68.2 | 819,535 | 27.8 | 4 | 4 |
| British Columbia | 4,362, 027 | 54.4 | 1,867,807 | 23.3 | 300,413 | 3.7 |
|  | Coat and towel rentals |  | All other ${ }^{3}$ |  | Total Receipts |  |
|  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| Canada | 4, 199, 824 | 9.0 | 3,203, 568 | 6.8 | 46,852,690 | 100.0 |
| Newfoundland. Prince Edward |  | - | - | - | 254,459 | 100.0 |
| Nova Scotia | - | - | 170,036 | 13.2 | 1,287, 966 | 100.0 |
| New Brunswick | 4 | 4 | 35,839 | 3.1 | 1,169,835 | 100.0 |
| Quebec | 930, 032 | 6.8 | 1,186, 313 | 8.7 | 13,599,967 | 100.0 |
| Ontario | 1,882, 036 | 11.3 | 1, 529, 145 | 9.2 | 16,563,099 | 100.0 |
| Manitoba | 4 | 4 | 54, 260 | 3.0 | $1,815,421$ | 100.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 4 | 4 | 6,220 | 0.5 | 1,194, 693 | 100.0 |
| Alberta | - | - | 119, 018 | 4.0 | 2,946,510 | 100.0 |
| British Columbia | 1,387,756 | 17.3 | 102.737 | 1.3 | 8, 020,740 | 100.0 |

1. Includes unfinished and finished, commercial and industrial.
2. Includes fur, commercial and industrial.
3. Includes dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.
4. Included in all other.

One hundred and thirty-three of the 307 power laundries had receipts of $\$ 100,000$ or over during 1952 and these accounted for $85 \%$ of the total volume of business as compared with $84 \%$ in 1951. The
average receipts per plant for all sizes increased from $\$ 138,970$ in 1951 to $\$ 152,615$ in 1952. The following table shows power laundries classified by size of business for 1951 and 1952.

TABLE 7. Power Laundries Classified by Size of Business, 1951 and 1952

| Size of business | 1951 |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Receipts | Per cent of totai | Average <br> per plant | No, of plants | Receipts | Per cent of total | Average per plant |
|  |  | \$ | \% | \$ |  | \$ | \% | \$ |
| All plants | 317 | 44, 053, 442 | 100.0 | 138, 970 | 307 | 46, 852,690 | 100. 0 | 152.615 |
| Less than \$20,000 ... | 63 | 675,991 | 1.5 | 10, 730 | 54 | 629,623 | 1.4 | 11.600 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$ 29,999 | 25 | 625.414 | 1.4 | 25, 017 | 22 | 528,745 | 1. 1 | 24,034 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$ 49,999 | 40 | 1. 584, 153 | 3.6 | 39,604 | 36 | 1. 355,373 | 2.9 | 37. 649 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999 | 61 | 4, 374, 131 | 9.9 | 71.707 | 82 | 4,610,928 | 9.8 | 74,370 |
| \$100,000 to \$199,999 | 62 | 8,023,190 | 19.6 | 139,084 | 62 | 8,681,099 | 18.5 | 140.018 |
| \$200,000 and over ........ | 66 | 28, 170, 563 | 64.0 | 426, 827 | 71 | 31,046.922 | 66.3 | 437.280 |

Operating expenses, expressed as percentages of total receipts, are shown by size of business in Table 8 and by provinces in Table 9, with separate figures for incorporated and unincorporated companies. Operating expenses formed $93.2 \%$ of total receipts in plants operated by incorporated companies, while unincorporated companies reported operating expenses as $85.6 \%$ of their total receipts.

The largest item of expense was salaries and wages. Incorporated companies charged $54 \%$ of their total receipts against this item, which includes salaries of executives. Unincorporated companies reported that salaries and wages paid to their employees represented $44.9 \%$ of their total receipts but salaries and withdrawals of proprietors are not included in this item.

TABLE 8. Power Laundries - Operating Costs by Form of Organization and Size of Business, 1952

| Form of organization and size of business | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { plants } \end{gathered}$ | Average receipts per plant | Operating expenses as \% of total receipts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries ${ }^{1}$ and wages | Fuel and electricity | Materials and supplies used | All other operating expenses | Total expenses |
|  |  | \$ | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Incorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All plants ....... | 156 | 243,185 | 54.0 | 4.4 | 13.3 | 21.5 | 93.2 |
| Less than \$20,000 | 6 | 16,408 | 48.1 | 9.0 | 9.3 | 30.6 | 97.0 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$ 29,999 ................. | 4 | 26,669 | 47.4 | 9.8 | 12.1 | 23.8 | 93.1 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$ 49,999 ................. | 11 | 39,318 | 53.0 | 7.1 | 10.2 | 22.1 | 92.4 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 999,999 ................. | 27 | 76,668 | 52.4 | 8. 1 | 11.8 | 20.4 | 92.7 |
| \$100,000 to \$199,999 -................. | 43 | 142. 094 | 56.0 | 5.7 | 11.9 | 20.3 | 93.9 |
| \$200,000 to \$299,999 .................. | 30 | 249, 762 | 58.4 | 4.6 | 10.2 | 20.8 | 94.0 |
| \$300,000 and over ........................ | 35 | 617.897 | 52.2 | 3.5 | 14.9 | 22.1 | 92.7 |
| Unincorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All plants ............................... | 151 | 59,045 | 44. 9 | 6.3 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 85.6 |
| Less than \$10,000 | 20 | 7. 361 | 25.3 | 13.6 | 11.9 | 16.6 | 67.4 |
| \$ 10,000 to \$ 19,999 .................. | 28 | 13, 712 | 33.5 | 9.7 | 14.1 | 21.7 | 79.0 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$ 29,999 .................. | 18 | 23, 448 | 41.2 | 8.5 | 11.3 | 23.0 | 84.0 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$ 49,999 ................. | 25 | 36.915 | 45.3 | 8.5 | 10.0 | 21.9 | 85.7 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999 ................... | 35 | 72, 597 | 46.8 | 6.5 | 12.5 | 21.2 | 87.0 |
| \$100,000 to \$199,999 ................. | 19 | 135, 319 | 47.5 | 5.5 | 11.0 | 24.0 | 88.0 |
| \$200,000 and over ........................ | 6 | 321.277 | 43.5 | 4.1 | 15.4 | 20.8 | 83.8 |

1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

TABLE 9. Power Laundries - Operating Costs by Form of Organization, by Provinces, 1952

| Form of organization and province | No. of plants | Average receipts per plant | Operating expenses as \% of total recelpts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salartes ${ }^{1}$ and wages | Fuel and electricity | Materlals and supplles used | All other operating expenses | Total expenses |
|  | 156 | 243,185 | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| Incorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ...................................... |  |  | 54.0 | 4.4 | 13.3 | 21.5 | 93.2 |
| Newfoundland | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island ........a............. | 2 | 91,919 | 46.1 | 6.4 | 10.2 | 25.6 | 88.3 |
| Nova Scotla New Brunswick | $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 34 | 131, 336 | 53.6 54.4 | 7.2 | 12.7 13.3 | 21.7 22.9 | 95.2 95.7 |
| Ontario ...................................................................... | 54 | 224, 157 | 53.6 | 4.5 | 16.2 | 18.9 | 93.2 |
| Manitoba ......................................... | 6 | 295, 851 | 57.0 | 4.7 | 13.6 | 22.2 | 97.5 |
| Saskatchewan ................................ | 4 | 215,056 | 56.4 | 4.8 | 11.5 | 20.3 | 93.0 |
|  | 10 | 277,069 | 53.2 | 2.6 | 11.9 | 19.6 | 87.3 |
| British Columbia.......................... | 25 | 267, 720 | 55.0 | 2.8 | 9.3 | 23.8 | 90.9 |
| Unincorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada ....................................... | 151 | 59,045 | 44.9 | 6.3 | 12.4 | 22.0 | 85.6 |
| Newfoundland................................e. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island ...................... | - | 32,728 | 42.3 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 30.3 | 89.3 |
|  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Brunswick ............................... | 5 | 23,829 | 46.2 | 6.6 | 10.4 | 15.3 | 78.5 |
| Quebec .......................e..................... | 42 | 54. 667 | 42.6 | 7.3 | 13.7 | 21.6 | 85.2 |
| Ontario ............................................ | 61 | 73,092 | 45.7 | 5.4 | 12.8 | 22.7 | 86.6 |
| Manitoba ....................................... | 4 | 10,078 | 37.9 | 12.8 | 10.0 | 19.5 | 80.2 |
|  | 5 | 66, 894 | 43.6 | 7.6 | 13.4 | 20.1 | 84.7 |
| Alberta ........................................ | 7 | 25, 116 | 38.1 | 6.4 | 11.7 | 16.6 | 72.8 |
| British Columbia ........................... | 22 | 60,352 | 47.7 | 7.0 | 9.6 | 21.3 | 85.6 |

1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

In Table 10 data are shown for cities having a population of 30,000 and over and where there are at least three plants located within the incorporated limits of each city. Montreal's 29 plants had receipts
of $\$ 8,823,033$, while the 28 plants operating in Toronto handled a volume of business amounting to $\$ 6,191,160$

TABLE 10. Power Laundries - Ptincipal Statistics for Selected Cities ${ }^{1}, 1952$

| Clity | No. of plants | Receipts |  |  |  |  |  | Number of paid employees |  | Salaries and wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Laundry ${ }^{3}$ | Cleaning ${ }^{3}$ | Wholesale laundry and dry cleaning | Coat and towel rentals | $\underset{\text { other }}{\text { All }}$ | Total | Male | Female |  |
|  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |  | \$ |
| Halufax .......... |  | 509, 042 |  | 5 | - | 182, 181 | 691,223 |  | 141 | 292,010 |
| Saint John .... | 4 | 481,678 | 227.719 |  |  | 30,282 | 739,679 | 77 | 226 | 409,766 |
| Montreal ....... | 29 | 5,052,524 | 1,019,930 | 801.463 | 902,044 | 1,047,072 | 8,823,033 | 1,046 | 1,678 | 4, 738,840 |
| Quebec .......... | 5 | 648, 746 | 5 | , | 5 | 558, 198 | 1, 206,944 | 136 | 325 | 638, 062 |
| Hamilon ....... | , | 891.428 | 302,038 | 5 | 5 | 1, 249, 363 | 2,442,829 | 181 | 325 | 900,684 |
| London......... | 4 | 377.818 |  |  | 5 | 631.621 | 1, 009, 439 | 93 | 190 | 418, 883 |
| Ottawa .......... | . | 857, 087 | 232,364 |  | 5 | 41, 440 | 1,130,891 | 186 | 159 | 645,672 |
| Toronto.......... | 28 | 2,944, 305 | 438,086 | 1.347, 425 | 1, 309, 775 | 151, 569 | 6, 191, 160 | 535 | 1,338 | 3,421, 416 |
| Windsor........... | , | 4.50, 914 | 5 |  | 5 | 335, 741 | 786,655 | 55 | 160 | 415, 175 |
| Winnipeg........ | 6 | 966, 323 | 297, 897 | 287,689 | 5 | 54, 2610 | 1,606, 169 | 152 | 346 | 917. 264 |
| Calgary......... | 5 | 1,002,023 | 425, 307 | 5 | - | 93, 610 | $1.520,940$ 840,874 | 109 | 258 | 720, 218 |
| Edmonton ....... | ${ }_{5} 14$ | 628,676 | 922, 277 |  | 1.138,629 | 212,198 75,966 | 840,874 $4.769,365$ | 75 371 | 781 | 2, 510,425 |
| Vancouver .... Victoria | 14 | 2,366,237 | $\underset{5}{922,277}$ | 266, 256 | 1.138 .629 5 | 75,966 378,466 | 4, 769, 365 $1,016,849$ | 371 97 | 781 226 | $2,510,425$ 624,781 |

1. Includes only those laundries located within the incorporated limits of the city.
2. Includes unfinished and finish, commercial and industrial.
3. Includes fur, commercial and undustrial.
4. Includes dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.
5. Included in all other.

## SECTION III - DRY CLEANING AND DYEING PLANTS

The number of establishments classified as dry cleaning and dyeing plants increased $1 \%$ in number, from 981 in 1951 to 991 in 1952, while receipts were $11 \%$ higher. All provinces with the exception of New Brunswick reported highes receipts. This apparent drop in New Brunswick
receipts from the 1951 level, was due entirely to the transference of one plant from a dry cleaning classification to that of a power laundry. The following table shows percentage increases in number of plants and volume of receipts by provinces.

## Percentage Changes in Number and Recelpts of Dry Cleaning and Dy eing Plants, by Provinces, 1952/1951

| Province | Percentage change 1952/1951 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Receipts |
|  | \% | \% |
| Canada | + 1.0 | +10.8 |
|  | +16.7 | + 52.9 |
| Prince Edward 1sland ............................................................................. | , | +13.7 |
| Nova Scotia .............................................................................................. | - 2.7 | $+10.5$ |
| New Brunswick .......................................................................................... | - 3.2 | - 0.3 |
| Quebec ......................................................................................................... | - 0.5 | + 8.2 |
| Ontario ...................................................................................................... | + 3.0 | +10.8 |
| Manitobs ...................................................................................................... | + 7.0 | $+10.8$ |
| Saskatchewan | - 1.6 | +13.8 +16.0 |
| Hritish Columbia | - 1.9 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } \\ + \\ +\quad 16.0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |

1. Unchanged.

The rapid growth in the volume of business handled by Canadian dry cleaning and dyeing plants is shown in the following table. Total receipts 2mounted to $\$ 58,478,449$ in 1952, an increase of $11 \%$
over the 1951 level. Salaries and wages puid to the 14,816 employees in 1952 amounted to $\$ 27,148,924$ slightly less than half of the total receipts.

TABLE 11. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Historical Summary, 1930-1952

| Year | No, <br> of <br> plants | No, <br> of <br> employees | Salaries <br> and wages | Cost of <br> materials and <br> supplies used | Receipts |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^0]2. Not available.

Ontario plants obtained slightly over $44 \%$ of the total volume of business handled by dry cleaning and dyeing plantsin 1952, Quebec accounted for $22 \%$ and British Columbia $8 \%$. Ontario and British Columbia had the same proportions as in 1951, but

Quebec's share was slightly lower. In addition to the 6,451 male and 8,365 female employees, ther $\epsilon$ were 1,040 propriet ors actively engaged in operating their plants.

TABLE 12. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Summary Statistics by Provinces, 1952

| Province | No. of plants | Total ${ }^{1}$ working proprietors | Number of paid employees |  | Salaries ${ }^{2}$ and wages | Cost of materials and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada | 991 | 1,040 | 6,451 | 8,365 | 27, 148,924 | 6,710,355 | $58,478,449$ |
| Newfoundland | 7 | 3 | 70 | 102 | 315,640 | 78,473 | 691,514 |
| Prince Edward Island .............. | 8 | 12 | 38 | 33 | 87, 879 | 32,607 | 261,304 |
| Nova Scotia ............................... | 36 | 27 | 259 | 294 | 820,753 | 209,179 | 1,743,448 |
| New Brunswick ......................... | 30 | 34 | 93 | +179 | 420,343 | 126,534 | 1, $1,059,761$ |
| Quebec | 183 | 161 | 2,018 | 1,377 | 6,077,825 | 1,643,847 | 12,963,206 |
| Ontario .. | 416 | 455 | 2,720 | 3,656 | 12,169,109 | 2,838,334 | 26,022,586 |
| Manitoba .................................. | 46 | 49 | 400 | 761 | 2, 104, 423 | 458,348 | 3,996,635 |
| Saskatchewan | 63 | 68 | 193 | 383 | 1,052,075 | 287,489 | 2,622,594 |
| Alberta | 96 | 128 | 306 | 793 | 1,816,985 | 488,177 | 4,214,951 |
| British Columbia ..................... | 106 | 103 | 354 | 787 | 2,283,892 | 547,367 | 4,902,450 |

1. Unincorporated firms only,
2. Not including salazies of withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

Almost $82 \%$ of the total business handled by dry cleaning and dyeing plants in 1952 was derived from cleaning work. The balance of the receipts was divided in almost the same proportions between laundry work, wholesale laundry and dry cleaning and other services. Cleaning receipts shown in Table 13 includes fur cleaning as well as industrial and commercial work. Laundry receiptsincludes commer-
cial and industrial work. In 1951 certain census requirements made it necessary to include fur cleaning with "other services" and commercial and industrial laundry and dry cleaning with "Wholesale laundry and dry cleaning". These changes do not permit a direct comparison between the percentages shown here for 1952 and those presented in 1951.

TABLE 13, Cleaning and Dyeing Plants - Receipts by Type of Service Performed, by Provinces, 1952

| Ptovince | Cleaning ${ }^{1}$ |  | Lsundry ${ }^{2}$ |  | Wholesale laundry and dry cleaning |  | All other ${ }^{3}$ |  | Total receipts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| Canada | 47,788,917 | 81.7 | $3,660,174$ | 6.3 | $3,603,161$ | 6. 2 | 3,426,197 | 5.8 | 58, 478,449 | 100.0 |
| Newfoundland | 630,971 | 91.2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | 60,543 | 8.8 | 691, 514 | 100.0 |
| Prince Edward Island...... | 252, 176 | 96.5 | 4 | 4 |  | - | 9,128 | 3.5 | 261, 304 | 100.0 |
| Nova Scotia .................... | 1,524,518 | 87.4 | 62,538 | 3.6 | 81,088 | 4.7 | 75, 304 | 4.3 | 1,743,448 | 100.0 |
| New Brunswick ............... | -996,635 | 94.0 | 35,560 | 3.4 |  | 4 | 27,566 | 2.6 | 1,059,761 | 100.0 |
| Quebec | 9,985,800 | 77.0 | 1,040,177 | 8.0 | 564,350 | 4. 4 | 1,372,879 | 10.6 | 12,963,206 | 100.0 |
| Ontario ........................... | 21,164,509 | 81.3 | 1,176,786 | 4.5 | $2,195,021$ | 8.5 | 1,486,270 | 5.7 | 26,022,586 | 100.0 |
| Manitoba | 3,074, 633 | 76.9 | 673,976 | 16.9 | 150,309 | 3.8 | -97,717 | 2.4 | 3,996,635 | 100.0 |
| Saskatchewan ............... | 2, 358, 167 | 89.9 | 79,903 | 3.1 | 71,677 | 2. 7 | 112,847 | 4.3 | 2,622,594 | 100.0 |
| Alberta .... | $3,757,083$ | 89.1. | 244,545 | 5.8 | 126,659 | 3.0 | 86, 664 | 2.1 | 4,214,951 | 100.0 |
| British Columbia ........... | 4, 044, 425 | 82.5 | 346,689 | 7.1 | 414, อड? | 8.4 | 97.279 | 2.0 | 4, 902, 450, | 100.0 |

1. Includes fur, commercial and industrial.
2. Includes unfinished and finished, commercial and industrial.
3. Includes coat and towel rentals, dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.
4. Included in all other.

There were 315 dry cleaning and dyeing plants with receipts of $\$ 50,000$ or over in 1952 and these accounted for $71 \%$ of the total volume of business. The 266 plants in the same category last year ac-
counted for $68 \%$ of total receipts. The following table shows cleaning and dyeing plants classified by size of business for 1951 and 1952 .

TABLE 14. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants Classified by Size of Business, 1951 and 1952

| Size of Business | 1951 |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No, of plants | Recelpts | Per cent of total | Average per plant | No. of plants | Receipts | Per cent of total | Average per plant |
|  |  | \$ | \% | \$ |  | \$ | \% | \$ |
| All plants. | 981 | 52,798,415 | 100.0 | 33,821 | 991 | $58,478,449$ | 100.0 | 59,010 |
| Less than \$15,000... | 193 | 1.997, 385 | 3.8 | 10.349 | 155 | 1.666.753 | 2.9 | 10.753 |
| \$ 15.000 to \$19.999 ... | 116 | 2,014,148 | 3.8 | 17.363 | 109 | 1.879.716 | 3. 2 | 17, 245 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$29.999 .... | 191 | 4.707.496 | 8.9 | 24,647 | 183 | 4.479.380 | 7.7 | 24,480 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$49,999..... | 215 | 8.298.608 | 15.7 | 38.598 | 229 | 8,813,906 | 15.1 | 38,489 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$99,999 .... | 163 | 11,179,593 | 21. 2 | 68.586 | 194 | 13.092,147 | 22, 4 | 67.435 |
| \$100.000 and over....... | 103 | 24,601, 185 | 46. 6 | 238,846 | 121 | 28, 546,047 | 49.3 | 235,918 |

Operating expenses expressed as percentages of total receipts, are shown by size of business in Table 15 and by provinces in Table 16 with separate figures for incorporated and unincorporated companies. Incorporated companies reported operating expenses as $93.7 \%$ of their total receipts, while unincorporated companies showed expenses as $83 \%$
of receipts. Incorporated companies show salaries and wages, which include executive salaries, as $51.9 \%$ of their total receipts; unincorporated companies show this item as only $41.4 \%$ of their total receipts but this percentage does not include proprietors' salaries or withdrawals.

TABIE 15. Cleaning and Deving Plants - Operating Costs by Form of Organization and Size of Business, 195 ?

| Form of organization and <br> size of business |  | Average receipts per plant | Operating expenses as \% of total receipts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries ${ }^{1}$ <br> and wages | Fuel and electricity | Materials and supplies used | All other operating expenses | Total expenses |
| meorporated Companies |  | \$ | $\%$ | $\%$ | \% | $\%$ | \% |
| All plants ........................ | 197 | 142,636 | 51.9 | 3.4 | 11.2 | 27.2 | 93.7 |
| Less than \$15,000................ | 3 | 8,080 | 55.3 | 8. 1 | 8. 1 | 23. 3 | 94.8 |
| \$ 15,000 to \$ 19,999 .......... | 6 | 16.960 | 53.7 | 6. 9 | 12.8 | 27.4 | 100.8 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$ 29,999 ........... | 10 | 24,770 | 46. 4 | 6.3 | 13.4 | 26. 8 | 92.9 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$ 49,999 ........... | 41 | 40,104 | 50.9 | 4.8 | 10.9 | 25.3 | 91.9 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999 ........... | 56 | 70, 788 | 49.8 | 3.8 | 11. 1 | 27.4 | 92.1 |
| \$100,000 to \$199.999 ........... | 39 | 144,081 | 52.9 | 3.3 | 10.6 | 24. 6 | 91.4 |
| \$200,000 to \$299,999 .......... | 23 | 243.258 | 52.3 | 3.3 | 10.8 | 28.6 | 95.0 |
| \$300,000 and over ................ | 19 | 573,843 | 52.2 | 2.9 | 11.8 | 28.1 | 95.0 |
| Unincorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A11 Plants......................... | 794 | 38,261 | 41.4 | 4.8 | 11.7 | 25.1 | 83.0 |
| Less than \$7.500.................. | 16 | 6.088 | 14.5 | 9.5 | 16.6 | 26.4 | 67.0 |
| \$ 7.500 to \$ 9.999 ............. | 43 | 8,564 | 24.8 | 9.6 | 11.6 | 24.8 | 70.8 |
| \$ 10,000 to \$14,999 ............ | 93 | 12,654 | 28.7 | 7.6 | 12.4 | 23. 1 | 71.8 |
| \$ 15,000 to \$19,999 ............. | 103 | 17,262 | 34.5 | 6.5 | 12.2 | 24, 5 | 77.7 |
| \$ 20.000 to $\$ 29,899$............ | 173 | 24,463 | 38.1 | 5.8 | 11.9 | 25.3 | 81.1 |
| \$ 30.000 to \$49.999 ............ | 188 | 38, 136 | 39.4 | 4.9 | 12.2 | 24.9 | 81.4 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$99,999 ............. | 138 | 66,145 | 43.5 | 4.4 | 11.8 | 24.5 | 84.2 |
| \$100.000 and over ................. | 40 | 160, 723 | 48.2 | 3. 5 | 10,6 | 26.4 | 88.7 |

1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

TABLE 16. Cleaning andyyeingPlants - Operating Costs by Form of Organization, by Provinces, 1952


1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unicorporated firms.

Table 17 presents data for cities having a population of 30,000 or over and where there are at least three plants located within the incorporated limits of each city. The 44 plants located in Toronto
had receipts amounting to $\$ 6,364,034$. Montreal's 27 plants earned $\$ 5,507,682$, while Winnipeg with 20 plants had a volume of business amounting to $\$ 3,266,469$.

TABLE 17. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Principal Statistics for Selected Cities ${ }^{1}$, 1952

| City | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { plants } \end{gathered}$ | Receipts |  |  |  | Number of paid employees |  | Salaries and wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cleaning ${ }^{2}$ | Laundry ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { other } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Male | Female |  |
|  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |  | \$ |
| St. John's .......................... | 5 | 536, 213 | - | 6 | 536. 213 | 61 | 78 | 264, 235 |
| Halifax.............................. | 7 | 755,936 | - | 54,532 | 810,468 | 125 | 139 | 425, 823 |
| Sy dney .............................. | 3 | 196, 341 | - | - | 196, 341 | 25 | 38 | 91,306 |
| Saint John .... | 4 | 245,049 | - | - | 245,049 | 22 | 40 | 103,480 |
| Hull ... | 4 | 158, 204 | - | 6 | 158,204 | 17 | 17 | 67,337 |
| Montreal............................ | 27 | 3,870,498 | 743, 652 | 893,532 | 5,507,682 | 872 | 568 | 2,828,901 |
| Quebec.............................. | 8 | 818,818 | 5 | 160.338 | 979,156 | 137 | 130 | 395,850 |
| Sherbrooke... | 5 | 225, 154 | 5 | 99,836 | 324,990 | 44 | 49 | 153,981 |
| Three Rivers..................... | 7 | 416, 109 | 5 | 88,151 | 504, 260 | 80 | 70 | 232,817 |
| Brantford . | 8 | 521,469 | 169,860 | 17,343 | 708,672 | 77 | 110 | 364, 105 |
| Fort William. | 6 | 372, 731 | - | 12,051 | 384,782 | 29 | 83 | 196,708 |
| Hamilton .............................. | 17 | 1,581,558 | 180, 855 | 134,885 | 1,897, 298 | 167 | 391 | 959,515 |
| Kingston. | 5 | 458, 888 | - | 6 | 458,888 | 59 | 73 | 224, 161 |
| Kitchener.... | 3 | 305,051 | 5 | 33,357 | 338,408 | 34 | 48 | 178,293 |
| London..... | 9 | 707. 150 | 5 | 127,549 | 834,699 | 98 | 128 | 410,992 |
| Oshawa .... | 7 | 253,168 | - | 6 | 253,168 | 23 | 39 | 100, 124 |
| Ottawa ................................ | 14 | 1,412.791 | 149,683 | 220, 015 | 1,782,489 | 164 | 293 | 817.969 |
| Peterborough ..................... | 6 | 226,484 | - | 4,233 | 230,717 | 24 | 34 | 91,469 |
| St. Catharine s... | 6 | 302,575 | 5 | 14.237 | 316,812 | 32 | 42 | 162,524 |
| Sarnia. | 7 | 287. 364 | 5 | 9,132 | 296,496 | 22 | 43 | 120.092 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 6 | 238, 312 | - | 6 | 238, 312 | 15 | 61 | 109,555 |
| Sudbury .............................. | 8 | 344, 125 | 6 | - | 344,125 | 30 | 58 | 149, 719 |
| Toronto ............................. | 44 | 5,198, 142 | 423,699 | 742, 193 | 6, 364, 034 | 663 | 859 | 3, 192, 211 |
| Windsor | 19 | 1,070,692 | 15,429 | 38,912 | 1.125, 033 | 97 | 174 | 535,454 |
| Winnipeg ........................... | 20 | 2.473. 794 | 703, 202 | 89.473 | 3, 266, 469 | 342 | 648 | 1,855,687 |
| Regina .............................. | 10 | 752, 212 | - | - | 752,212 | 68 | 90 | 364,583 |
| Saskatoon .......................... | 11 | 666, 385 | 5 | 81,652 | 748,037 | 50 | 118 | 316,936 |
| Calgary ............................ | 20 | 992, 867 | 48,535 | 31,504 | 1,072,906 | 51 | 222 | 453,768 |
| Edmonton............................ | 30 | 1.773,607 | 158,797 | 45,664 | 1,978,068 | 180 | 357 | 935, 714 |
| Vancouver ......................... | 33 | 2, 186, 757 | 238. 106 | 66,573 | 2,491,436 | 173 | 384 | 1,185, 171 |
| Victoria ............................. | 8 | 591,177 | 5 | 49,839 | 641, 016 | 45 | 147 | 360.942 |

1. Includes only those cleaning and dyeing plants located within the incorporated limits of the city.

2 Includes fur, wholesale, commercial and industrial.
3. Includes unfinished, finished, wholesale, commercial and industria,
4. Includes coat and towel rentals, dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.
5. Included in all other.
6. Included in cleaning.



[^0]:    1. Including Newfoundland from 1949.
