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## LAUNDRIES, CLEANERS AND DYERS



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## NOTICE

The annual reports prepared by the Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of Statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows: Volume 1 - The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisheries; Volume II-Manufacturing; Volume III Merchandising and Services.

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Dry cleaning plants were so classified because the greater portion of their revenue was derived from dry cleaning work. This survey does not include dyeing plants doing work on a commercial or industrial scale for textile plants, etc. This section presents principal statistics of cleaning and dyeing plants by provinces, by size of business, and for selected cities.

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# LAUNDRIES, CLEANERS AND DYERS 1953 

SECTION I-GENERAL SUMMARY

In 1953 Canada's 1,339 power laundries, dry cleaning and dyeing plants reported a volume of business of $\$ 113,150,240$ compared with 1,298 plants reporting receipts of $\$ 105,331,139$ in 1952. This refresented an increase of $3.2 \%$ in number of plants and $7.4 \%$ in receipts. Each province reported increased receipts ranging from $4.8 \%$ in British Cotumbia to $12.3 \%$ in Saskatchewan. Of the total gross receipts, by types of service, power laundry work accounted for $29.3 \%$, dry cleaning $54.3 \%$, wholesale laundry and cleaning work $6.6 \%$ and miscellaneous services $9.8 \%$. These proportions were not signifisuntly changed from the previous year.

Employment in power laundries, cleaning and igeing plants rose from 28,738 in 1952 to 29,398 in 1953 while salaries and wages increased from $\$ 51,644,977$ to $\$ 55,700,197$. Paid employees consist3d of 18,316 females and 11,082 males in 1953. In ialdition there were 1,247 proprietors of unincorporated businesses actively engaged in operating their plants. Total salaries and wages represented almost $50 \%$ of total receipts, The cost of materials and supplies used rose from $\$ 12,854,124$ in 1952 to $\$ 13,766,346$ in 1953.

For the purpose of this report, establishments were classified as laundries if the greater part of their revenue was derived from laundry work and as dry cleaners and dyers if the greater portion of their business was dry cleaning and dyeing. On this basis,

310 of the 1,339 plants included in this survey were classified as laundries and the remaining 1,029 were classified as dry cleaners and dyers. While each of these two types of business did some work predominantly associated with the other, in the year under review power laundries received $87.0 \%$ of laundry receipts and dry cleaning plants received $85.2 \%$ of dry cleaning receipts.

Almost two-thirds of all laundry and dry cleaning business was handled in Ontario and Quebec. Ontario, with $41.8 \%$ of all plants, accounted for $39.8 \%$ of the total receipts, while Quebec plants formed $19.9 \%$ of the total number and handled $25.7 \%$ of the total volume of business.

In 1953 firms were asked to report on their use of petroleum and synthetic dry cleaning processes. For dry cleaners and laundries combined, $79.4 \%$ of all plants used a petroleum process while $19.1 \%$ utilized a synthetic process and $1.5 \%$ reported both. For dry cleaning plants $81.7 \%$ used petroleum, $16.8 \%$ synthetics and $1.5 \%$ both. The division for the dry cleaning work of power laundries was $62.8 \%$ petroleum, $35.8 \%$ synthetics and $1.4 \%$ both.

The following table gives percentage changes between 1952 and 1953 in number of establishments and dollar volume of receipts, by provinces. Throughout this report figures for British Columbia include the Yukon and Northwest Territories.

Percentage Changes in Number and Keceipts of Power Laundries, Cleaners and Dyers by Provinces, 1953/1952

| Province | Percentage Change 1953/1952 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Receipts |
|  | \% | \% |
| Caltata | $+3.2$ | $+7.4$ |
|  | 1 | $+6.1$ |
| Prince Edward Island... | 1 | +8.9 |
| Nova Scotía. | $+2.0$ | +8.7 |
| New Brunswick | 1 | +8.5 |
| Quebec | $+2.7$ | $+9.4$ |
| Ontario | $+5.3$ | $+5.9$ |
| Manitoba. | - 1.8 | + 8.2 |
| Saskatchewan | +4.2 | $+12.3$ |
| Alberta | -0.9 | $+9.9$ |
| Eritish Columbia. | +2.6 | + 4.8 |

1. Unchanged.

TABLE 1. Power Laundries, Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Ilistorical Summary, 1930-1953

| Year | No. of plants | No. of employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of materials and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 1930 | 368 | 11.885 | 11, 249,945 | 2.196, 139 | 22,695,880 |
| 1931 | 407 | 11,772 | 10,671.615 | 1.968,029 | 21, 024, 684 |
| 1932 | 409 | 11. 170 | 9,020,441 | 1,587,586 | 17,302, 779 |
| 1933 | 411 | 10,528 | 7,882,389 | 1,395, 646 | 15, 239, 981 |
| 1934 | 411 | 10,376 | 7,914,089 | 1. 463,432 | 15, 002,612 |
| 1935 | 416 | 10.752 | $8,339,134$ | 1,738,936 | 16,311,261 |
| 1936 | 420 | 11,568 | $9,109,548$ | 1.984, 734 | $18,328,3+5$ |
| 1937 | 418 | 12, 551 | 10, 171, 710 | 2, 259, 265 | 20, 343, 152 |
| 1938 | 462 | 13,302 | 10, 019,398 | $2,542,215$ | $21.728,83$. |
| 1939 | 502 | 14, 212 | 11,749,858 | 2, 652, 329 | 22,926, 475 |
| 1940 | 530 | 15,508 | $13,112,465$ | 2,965, 125 | $26,775,84!$ |
| 1941 | 600 | 18,398 | 1.6,246, 296 | 3,782,530 | 32, 495,470 |
| 1942 | 603 | 19,839 | $18,631,692$ | 3, 986,450 | 36, 747, 36 |
| 1943 | 587 | 20,597 | 20, 204, 624 | 4, 049,361 | 38, 654, 761 |
| 1944 | 626 | 20,991 | 20,993, 502 | $4,185,542$ | 41, 445, 50 |
| 1945 | 602 | 21,379 | 22, 499, 459 | 4, 668, 779 | 44,081, 172 |
| $194 €$ | 690 | 23, 554 | $26,260.679$ | $5,577,433$ | $51.148,1 \%$ |
| 1947 | 774 | 24,856 | 30, 501, 53€ | $6,601,626$ | 59,043. 隹 |
| 1948 | 1.081 | 25,876 | 35, 877, 556 | 8, 538, 717 | 71,981, 94 |
| $1949{ }^{1}$ | 1.237 | 27. 126 | $40,515,431$ | 9, 425, 121 | 81,234, 045 |
| 1950 | 1,242 | 27.760 | 42, 681,128 | 10,100,246 | $86,836,56 ;$ |
| 1951 | 1,298 | 22,012 | 46, 098, 636 | 2 | 96, 251,857 |
| 1952 | 1. 298 | 28, 738 | 51.644.977 | 12,854,124 | 105,331, 130 |
| 1953 | 1.339 | 29,398 | $55,700,197$ | 13,766,346 | $113,150,243$ |

1. Including Newfoundland from 1949.
2. Not available.

Note: Fikuros provious to 1941 included linen supply souses and distributors which had no farilities for washins



TLBLE z. Power Laundries, Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Summary Statistics by Provinces 1953

| Province | Number of plants | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total }{ }^{1} \\ & \text { working } \\ & \text { proprietors } \end{aligned}$ | Number of paid employees |  | Salaries and wages | Cost of materisis and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada | 1,339 | 1,247 | 11,082 | 18,316 | 55, 700, 197 | 13,766, 346 | $113,150,240$ |
| Newfoundland ...................... | 10 | 16 | 145 | 204 | 563.615 | 138,402 | 1,292,461 |
| Prince Edward Island $\qquad$ <br> Nova Scotia | 10 52 | 26 | 401 | 597 | 1,509,948 | 383, 132 | 3,294,556 |
| Nova Scotia <br> New Brunswick | 52 43 | 26 33 | 401 219 | 597 511 | $1,509,948$ $1,092,730$ | 383.132 286.738 | $3,294,556$ $2.419,885$ |
| Quebec .................................. | 266 | 219 | 3. 562 | 4.359 | 14,513,066 | 3, 739,226 | 29,065, 818 |
| Ontario .................................. | 559 | 567 | 4.287 | 7. 279 | 22,078, 329 | 5, 658,658 | 45,089, 621 |
| Manitoba .................................. | 55 | 47 | 605 | 1.070 | 3,457, 185 | 813, 961 | 6.290 .352 |
| Saskatchewan ....................... | 75 | 75 | 303 | . 646 | 1,859,464 | 504, 248 | 4, 286, 137 |
| Alberta .................................. | 112 | 141 | 524 | 1.454 | 3,696,080 | 868, 005 | 7,873,379 |
| British Columbia.................... | 157 | 123 | 1,036 | 2,196 | 6, 929, 780 | 1,373,976 | 13,538, 031 |

1. Unincorporated firms only.


Table 3 shows the percentage distribution of receipts from laundry and dry cleaning work, by type of establishments and by provinces. The figures presented in this table include receipts from direct customer laundry or dry cleaning work as well as wholesale, commercial and industrial laundry or dry
cleaning. During 1953 power laundries handled $87.0 \%$ of all laundry work, the remaining $13.0 \%$ being done by dry cleaning plants. Dry cleaning plants, on the other hand handled $85.2 \%$ of all dry cleaning work and power laundries handled the remaining $14.8 \%$.

TABLE 3. Percentage Distribution of Laundry and Dry Cleaning Receipts, by Type of Establishment and by Provinces, 1953

| Province | Laundry receipts |  |  | Dry cleaning receipts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total receipts ${ }^{1}$ | \% received by |  | Total receipts ${ }^{1}$ | \%received by |  |
|  |  | Power laundries | Dry cleaning plants |  | Power laundries | Dry cleaning plants |
|  | \$ | $\%$ | \% | \$ | $\%$ | \% |
| Canada | 36,533,005 | 87.0 | 13.0 | $65,533,695$ | 14.8 | 85.2 |
| Newfoundland $\qquad$ Prince Edward Island | 320, 145 | 77.9 | - 22.1 | 966, 550 | 0.4 | 99.6 |
| Nova Scotia ............. | 1. 179, 099 | 93.4 | 6.6 | 2, 063,778 | 10.5 | 89.5 |
| New Brunswick | , 925,876 | 90.5 | 9.5 | 1,458,323 | 24.4 | 75.6 |
| Quebec | 10,839, 516 | 88.2 | 11.8 | 14,533,781 | 17.9 | 82.1 |
| Ontario | 12,486, 218 | 87.0 | 13.0 | 27.735, 642 | 10.5 | 89.5 |
| Manitoba | 2,247,945 | 62.4 | 37.6 | 3, 653, 067 | 9.3 | 90.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 1,189, 150 | 93.1 | 6.9 | 2, 995, 786 | 9.9 | 90.1 |
| Alberta | 2, 450,945 | 88.6 | 11.4 | 5, 317, 206 | 18.0 | 82.0 |
| British Columbia ....... | 4, 894, 111 | 91.4 | 8.6 | $6,809,562$ | 29.4 | 70.6 |

1. Including wholesale, commercial and industrial.

## SECTION II-POWER LAUNDRIES

The 310 plants classified as power laundries in 1953 represented an increase of three in comparison with 1952 while receipts rose by almost $5 \%$ from $\$ 46,852,690$ in 1952 to $\$ 49,120,933$ in the year under review. With the exception of Newfoundland all prov-
inces reported higher receipts ranging from under $1 \%$ for Prince Edward Island to $17.8 \%$ for Saskatchewan. The following table shows percentage increases in the number of plants and volume of receipts by provinces.

Percentage Changes in Number and Receipts of Power Laundries, by Provinces, 1953/1952

| Province |
| :--- |

[^0]The annual volume of business handled by power laundries has grown consistently since the middle thirties and in 1953 reached a new high level of $\$ 49,120,933$. During the year under review employment rose from 13,922 to 14,164 while salaries and
wages showed an increase from $\$ 24,496,053$ to $\$ 25,801,841$, a figure that represented over $52 \%$ of total receipts in 1953. The cost of materials and supplies used moved upward from $\$ 6,143,769$ to $\$ 6,511,296$ in the same period.

TABLE 4. Power Laundries, Historical Summary, 1930-1953


1. Including Newfoundland from 1949.

Table 5 gives a comparison of operating results between 1952 and 1953. The average receipts per plant showed an increase of almost $4 \%$ and the total operating expenses for unincorporated and incorporated businesses combined amounted to $92 \%$, approxi-
2. Not available.
mately the same as in the previous year. Salaries and wages represented about the same proportion of total receipts amounting to $52.5 \%$ in 1953 compared with $52.3 \%$ in 1952 .

TABLE 5. Power Laundries, Operating Results, 1952 and 1953

| Item | 1952 | 1953 | Tochange 1953/1952 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plants reporting .................................................................................... | 307 | 310 | + 1.0 |
| Total receipts .................................................................................................. | 46, 852, 690 | 49, 120,933 | +4.8 |
| Average receipts per plant......................................................... \$ | 152,615 | 158, 455 | +3.8 |
| Estimated population of Canada ................................................. No. | 14, 430,000 | 14,781,000 | +2.4 |
| Receipts per capita .................................................................... \$ | 3.25 | 3. 32 | +2.2 |
| Plants per 100,000 population.................................................... No. | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2 |
| Paid employees: |  |  |  |
| Total ......................................................................................... | 13,922 | 14,164 | $+1.7$ |
| Male ............................................................................................ No. | 4.499 | 4, 611 | +2.5 |
| Female .................................................................................No. | 9.423 | 9.553 | +1.4 |
| Total salaries and wages ${ }^{1}$........................................................... $\$$ | 24,496, 053 | 25,801, 841 | + 5.3 |
| Percentage of total recelpts ....................................................... \% | 52.3 | 52.5 |  |
| Average salary or wage per employee ........................................ \$ | 1.760 | 1. 1.822 | +3.5 |
| Total cost of fuel and electricity .................................................. \$ | 2,226,936 | 2, 257. 837 | + 1.4 |
| Percentage of total receipts ......................................................... \% | 6.143. 4.8 | 6.511. 4.6 |  |
|  | 6, 143, 769 | 6.511,296 | + 6.0 |
| All other operating expenses ...................................................................................... | 10,122,292 | 10, 595, 814 | +4.7 |
| Porcontage of total receipts ....................................................... ${ }^{\text {z }}$ | 21.6 | 21.6 |  |
| Total expenses .................................................................. \$ | 42,989, 050 | 45, 166, 788 | +5.1 |
| Porcentage of total receipts ........................................................... \% | 91.8 | 92.0 |  |

[^1]Provincial summary statistics of power laundries are presented in Table 6. Over $80 \%$ of the total power laundry business in 1953 was accounted for by Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia. Each of these provinces accounted for the same proportion of total business as they had in the previous year
amounting to $35 \%$ for Ontario, $29 \%$ for Quebec and $17 \%$ for British Columbia. In addition to the 4,611 male and 9,553 female employees of the industry as a whole, there were 181 working proprietors of unincorporated companiesactively engaged in operating their plants.

TABLE 6. Power Laundries, Summary Statistics by Provinces, 1953

| Province | Number of plants | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total }{ }^{1} \\ \text { working } \\ \text { proprietors } \end{gathered}$ | Number of paid employees |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salaries }{ }^{2} \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { wages } \end{aligned}$ | Cost of materials and supplies | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Canada | 310 | 181 | 4,611 | 9,553 | 25,801,841 | 6,511,296 | 49,120,933 |
| Newfoundland .......................... | 3 | 1 | 26 | 64 | 115,953 | 25,139 | 252,943 |
| Prince Edward lsland $\qquad$ Nova Scotia | - ${ }^{2}$ | 4 | 148 | 289 | 617.282 | 138,486 | 1.327,512 |
| New Brunswick ..................... | 12 | 4 | 110 | 312 | 619, 268 | 148.403 | 1.216, 250 |
| Quebec ....................................................... | 78 | 46 | 1,730 | 2.713 | 7. 664,606 | 2,035, 089 | 14, 468, 689 |
| Ontario .................................... | 117 | 79 | 1,429 | 3. 499 | 8,986. 791 | 2. 566,739 | 17, 171, 366 |
| Manitoba .................................. | 9 | 3 | 199 | 369 | 1,064,426 | 280,655 | 1,934,189 |
| Saskatchewan ........................... | 10 | 5 | 77 | 277 | 667, 806 | 176,870 | 1, 407, 842 |
| Alberta ........................................... | 18 | 11 | 231 | 619 | 1,621, 257 | 366.085 | 3, 164, 462 |
| British Columbia ...................... | 46 | 28 | 661 | 1,411 | 4.444, 452 | 773,830 | 8,177,680 |

1. Unincorporated firms only.
2. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

Power laundry receipts by type of service are presented in Table 7. Power laundries obtained $58 \%$ of all their receipts from laundry work in 1953. Dry cleaning work accounted for $19 \%$, coat and towel
rentals for $10 \%$, whol esale laundry and dry cleaning $7 \%$ and all other services $6 \%$ of total receipts. Laundry and cleaning receipts shown in the table include commercial and industrial work.

TABLE 7. Power Laundries - Receipts by Type of Service Performed, by Provinces, 1953
Note: The percentages indicate the proportions which receipts for each type of work bear to the total receipts for each province.

| Province | Laundry ${ }^{1}$ |  | Cleaning ${ }^{2}$ |  | Wholesale Laundry and Dry cleaning |  | Coat and towel rentals |  | All other ${ }^{3}$ |  | Total receipts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | $\%$ | Anount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| Canada | 28,697.352 | 58. 4 | 9,192,693 | 18.7 | 3,557,221 | 7.2 | 4,641,263 | 9.5 | 3,032,404 | 6.2 | 49,120, 933 | 100.0 |
| Newfoundland .. | 249, 498 | 98.6 | 3.445 | 1. 4 |  | - |  | - | - | - | 252,943 | 100.0 |
| Nova Scotia .- | 913, 242 | 68. 8 | 212, 298 | 16.0 | 192.650 | 14.5 | 18302 | 15 | 9.322 | 0.7 |  | 100.0 |
| New Brunswick | 794,621 $8,384,663$ | 65.3 58.0 | 2. 359,909 | ${ }^{29} 6.3$ | 1, $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ \hline 1,291 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.6 9.6 | 18,302 1.009,756 | 1.5 7.0 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4. } \\ \text { 1, } 2106 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0.3 8.9 | $1,216,250$ $14,468,689$ | 100.0 100.0 |
| Quebec ........... | 8, 384.663 $9,754,563$ | 58,0 56.8 | 2, $2,726,765$ | 16. 5 | 1, $1,2947,3948$ | 7. 7.6 | $1,009,756$ $1,780,863$ | 10.4 | 1, 2836,719 | 8.9 | 14, 171,366 | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ |
| Mntarto ........... | 1, 141, 704 |  | - 332, 524 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1,934, 189 |  |
| Saskatchewan .. | 1, 103, 154 | 67. 5 | 292, 530 | 23,0 | 388, 084 | 6.0 | 169, 503 | 2.6 | 58,968 | 0.9 | 1, 407, 842 | 100.0 |
| Alberta | 2. 145, 550 |  | 874,476 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 164, 462 |  |
| British Columbia | 4, 210, 357 | 51.5 | 2,001,573 | 24.5 | 261, 839 | 3.2 | 1,662,839 | 20.3 | 41,072 | 0.5 | 8. 177,680 | 100.0 |

1. Includes unfinished and finished, commercial and industrial.
2. Includes fur, commercial and industrial.
3. Includes dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.

Table 8 shows power laundries classified by size of business for 1952 and 1953. In 1953, one hundred and forty-one of the three hundred and ten bower laundries had receipts of $\$ 100,000$ or over and these accounted for $87 \%$ of the total volume of business. In 1952 this size group had accounted for
$85 \%$ of total business. The average receipts per plant for all sizes increased from $\$ 152,615$ in 1952 to $\$ 158,455$ in 1953 . However in four of the specifled size groups decreases in average receipts were reported in 1953.

TABLE 8. Power Laundries Classified by Size of Business, 1932 and 1953

| Size of business | 1952 |  |  |  | 1953 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Recelpts | Per cent of total | Average per plant | No. of plants | Receipts | Per cent of total | Average per plant |
|  |  | \$ | \% $\%$ | \$ |  | \$ | \% | \$ |
| All plants .................... | 307 | 46, 852,690 | 100.0 | 152, 615 | 310 | 49, 120,933 | 100.0 | 158,455 |
| Less than \$20,000 ............... | 54 | 629,623 |  | 11.660 |  | 581,116 |  |  |
| \$ 20.000 to \$ 29.999 ........... | 22 | 528.745 | 1. 1 | 24,034 | 26 | 602, 450 | 1.2 | 23, 171 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$ 49,999 ........... | 36 | 1.355, 373 | 2.9 | 37.649 | 30 | 1. 216.078 | 2.5 | 40,536 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999 ........... | 62 | 4,610,928 | 9.8 | 74.370 | 58 | 4.216.953 | 8.6 | 72,706 |
| \$100,000 to \$199,999 ............ | 62 | 8.681.099 | 18.5 | 140,018 | 66 | 9,124.759 | 18.6 | 138, 254 |
| \$200,000 and over .............. | 71 | 31,046,922 | 66.3 | 437, 280 | 75 | 33.379, 577 | 67.9 | 445,061 |

Operating expenses, expressed as percentages of total receipts, are shown by size of business in Table 9 and by provinces in Table 10 with separate figures for incorporated and unincorporated companies. Operating expenses formed $93.0 \%$ of total receipts in plants operated by incorporated companies, while unincorporated companies reported operating expenses as $86.9 \%$ of their total receipts.

The largest item of expense was salaries and wages, Incorporated companies charged $54 \%$ of their total receipts against this item, which includes salaries of executives. Unincorporated companies reported that salaries and wages paid to their employees re presented $45.8 \%$ of their total receipts but salaries and withdrawals of proprietors are not included in this item.

TABLE 9. Power Laundries - Operating Costs by Form of Organization and Size of llusiness, 1933


[^2]TABLE 10. Power Laundries - Operating Costs by Form of Organization, by Provinces, 1953

| Form of organization and province | No. of plants | Average receipts per plant | Operating expenses as \% of total receipts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries ${ }^{1}$ and wages | Fuel and electricity | Materials and supplies | Al) other operating expenses | Tota] expenses |
|  |  | \$ | \% | $\%$ | \% | \% | \% |
| Incorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 163 | 248,003 | 54.0 | 4.2 | 13.3 | 21.5 | 93.0 |
| Newfoundland .............................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island .................... | 2 | 94, 167 | 47.0 | 7.3 | 10.2 | 26.7 | 91.2 |
| Nova Scotia .................................... | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Brunswick ............................... | 7 | 156,811 | 51.5 | 6.8 | 12.6 | 23.9 | 94.8 |
|  | 57 | 238,896 | 54.1 | 4.8 4.3 | 13.6 16.0 | 21.2 19.0 | 94.7 |
| Manitoba | 6 | 317,487 | 55.5 | 3.9 | 14.6 | 22.5 | 96.5 |
| Saskatchewan | 5 | 228, 645 | 47.6 | 4.1 | 12.3 | 26.7 | 90.7 |
| Alberta | 11 | 270,853 | 52.0 | 2.6 | 11.6 | 18.9 | 85.1 |
| British Columbia ........................... | 26 | 268, 165 | 55.2 | 3.0 | 9.2 | 25.0 | 92.4 |
| Unincorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 147 | 59,159 | 45.8 | 6.3 | 13.0 | 21.8 | 86.9 |
| Newfoundland ........... .................. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island................... | - | 33,591 | 41.1 | 7.3 | 11.9 | 25.8 | 86.1 |
| Nova Scotia .a....... | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Brunswick ............................ | 5 | 23.715 | 46.0 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 17.0 | 79.5 |
| Quebec .......................................... | 42 | 54,010 | 41.7 | 7.2 | 16.6 | 20.0 | 85.5 |
| Ontario .......................................... | 60 | 74,285 | 47.4 | 5.3 | 11.9 | 23.1 | 87.7 |
| Manitoba........................................ | 3 | 9,755 | 25.9 | 12.9 | 11.2 | 21.2 | 71.2 |
| Saskatchewan ................................. | 5 | 52,923 | 46.8 | 6.1 | 13.5 | 20.2 | 86.6 |
| Alberta | 7 | 26,440 | 39.1 | 5.5 | 11.2 | 20.4 | 76.2 |
| British Columbia | 20 | 60,269 | 49.3 | 7.6 | 11.0 | 21.4 | 89.3 |

1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincornorated firms.

In Table 11 are shown data for cities having a population of 30,000 and over and where there are at least three plants located within the incorporated limits of each city. Montreal's 29 plants had receipts
of $\$ 9,392,575$ in 1953 while the 28 plants operating in Toronto handled a volume of business amounting to $\$ 6,440,176$ and Vancouver's 14 plants reported receipts of $\$ 4,826,163$.

TABLE 11. Power Laundries - Principal Statistics for Selected Cities ${ }^{1}$, 1933

| City |  | Receipts |  |  |  |  |  | Number of paid employees |  | Salaries and wages |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Laundry ${ }^{2}$ | Cleaning ${ }^{3}$ | Wholesale laundry and dry cleaning | Coat and towel rentals | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { other } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Male | Female |  |
|  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |  | \$ |
| Halifax .. | 4 | 525.060 | 5 | 5 | 5 - | 189,675 | 714.735 | 62 | 150 | 302.339 |
| Saint John .... | 4 | 493,187 | 239,209 | 5 | 5 | 61,874 | 794,270 | 80 | 196 | 428,893 |
| Montreal ........ | 29 | 5, 196,750 | $1,149,823$ | 909,088 | 989, 756 | 1. 147,158 | 9, 392,575 | 1. 164 | 1,638 | $5,006,102$ |
| Quebec ......... | 5 | 748,083 |  | 5 | 5 | +578.431 | 1, 326, 514 | 139 187 | 361 | 727,851 |
| Hamilton........ | 10 | 962,476 | 223,405 | 5 | 5 | $1,321,133$ | $2,507,014$ | 187 | 311 | 951,837 582 |
| London .......... | 5 | 443.327 | 171.594 | - | 5 | 553, 526 | $1,168,447$ | 91 69 | 237 | 582,355 638 |
| Ottawa .......... | 5 | -856,551 | 250,182 | 981.205 | 1, 5 | 53,245 | 1,159,978 | 69 572 | 234 1 | 638,457 3,680 |
| Toronto......... | 28 | 3, 695, 324 | 454,537 | 981. 205 | 1,133,147 | 175,963 | $6,440,176$ | 572 | 1. 369 | 3,680, 098 |
| Winds or ......... | 6 | , 545,578 | 226, 413 | 5 | 5 | 133, 725 | -905,716 | 61 | 181 | 450,548 |
| Winnipeg....... | 6 | 1,000,911 | 276, 754 | 5 | 5 | 459,961 | $1,737,626$ | 184 | 324 | 955, 834 |
| Calgary......... | 5 | 1,040,850 | 456,681 | 5 | - | 99,884 | $1,597,415$ | 110 | 267 | 74.5,284 |
| Edmonton ..... | 14 | , 690,545 |  |  |  | 228,248 | 918,793 4 | 73 400 | 210 | 528,860 $2.578,284$ |
| Vancouver .... | 14 | $2,154,125$ | 984,818 | 235,949 | $1,429,379$ | 21,892 380,464 | 4.826, 163 | 400 100 | 764 | $2,578,284$ 646,166 |
| Victoria ....... | 4 | 646,266 | 5 |  | $5$ | 330,464 | 1,026,730 | 100 | 205 | 646,166 |

[^3]
## SECTION III - DRY CLEANING AND DYEING PLANTS

Both the number of establishments classified as ary cleaning and dyeing plants and their receipts in 1953 showed an increase over the previous year while receipts were higher in every province. In 1953 there were 1,029 establishments, representing a $4 \%$ increase over the 991 reported in 1952 while
receipts rose from $\$ 58,478,449$ to $\$ 64,029,307$, a gain of $10 \%$. Increased receipts were typical of all sections of the country ranging from $7.2 \%$ and $7.3 \%$ in Newfoundland and Ontario to $13.6 \%$ and $14.2 \%$ in New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

Percentage Changes in Number and Receipts of Dry Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, by Provinces, $1953 / 1952$

| Province |
| :--- |

## 1. Unchanged.

The steady growth in the volume of business handled by Canadian dry cleaning and dyeing plants is shown in the following table. It will be noted that receipts of $\$ 64,029,307$ in 1953 represented a tenfold increase over the early thirties and an in-
crease of $10 \%$ over the previous year. In the current year this increase was reflected in a rise in employment from 14,816 to 15,234 while salaries and wages advanced from $\$ 27,148,924$ in 1952 to $\$ 29,898,356$ in the year under review.

TABLE 12. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Historical Summary, 1930-195.3


1. Including Newfoundland from 1949.
2. Not available.

Table 13 gives a comparison of operating results between 1952 and 1953. The average receipts per plant showed an increase in excess of $5 \%$ but the total onerating expenses for unincorporated and
incorporated businesses combined amounted to $88.8 \%$ of total receipts ini953 compared with $88.1 \%$ in 1952. Salaries and wages rose slightly as a proportion of total receipts from $46.4 \%$ in 1952 to $46.7 \%$ in 1953.

TAELE 13. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Operating Results, 1952 and 1953

| Item |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia accounted for almost $75 \%$ of business handled by dry cleaning and dyeing plants in 1953, approximately the same proportion as in 1952. Ontario's share fell from slightly above $44 \%$ to slightly below $44 \%$, Quebec's
share rose from $22 \%$ to $23 \%$ and British Columbia's proportion remained at approximately $8 \%$. In addition to the 6.471 male and 8,763 female employees, there were 1,066 proprietors actively engaged in operating thair own plants.

TABLE 14. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Summary Statistics by Provinces, 1953

| Province | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { plants } \end{gathered}$ | Total ${ }^{1}$ working proprietors | Number of paid employees |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Salaries²} \\ \text { and } \\ \text { wages } \end{gathered}$ | Cost of materials and supplies used | Receipts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Camada | 1,029 | 1,066 | 6,471 | 8,763 | 29,898,356 | 7,255,050 | 64, 029,307 |
| Newfoundland .............................. | 7 | 4 | 78 | 109 | 346,982 | 72,211 | 741,201 |
| Prince Edward Island .................. | 8 | 11 | 41 | 31 | 100,680 | 41.052 | 298,317 |
| Nova Scotia ................................. | 37 | 22 | 253 | 308 | 892,666 | 244,646 | 1,967,044 |
| New Brunswick ........................... | 31 | 29 | 109 | 199 | 473,462 | 138,335 | 1,203,635 |
| Quebec ........................................ | 188 | 173 | 1,832 | 1,646 | 6,848,460 | 1.704,137 | 14,597, 129 |
| Ontario...................................... | 442 | 488 | 2,858 | 3,780 | 13,091,538 | 3,091,919 | 27,918,255 |
| Manitoba .................................... | 46 | 44 | 406 | 701 | 2,392, 759 | 533,306 | 4,356, 163 |
| Saskatchewan ............................. | 65 | 70 | 226 | 369 | 1,191,658 | 327, 378 | 2,878,295 |
| Alberta .................................e.eosen. | 94 | 130 | 293 | 835 | 2,074,823 | 501, 920 | 4,708,917 |
| British Columbia ......................... | 111 | 95 | 375 | 785 | 2,485,328 | 600,146 | 5,360,351 |

1. Unincorporated firms only.
2. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

Almost $82 \%$ of the total business handled by dry cleaning and dyeing plants in 1953 was derived from cleaning work. The balance of the receipts was divided among laundry work, accounting for $7.0 \%$, wholesale laundry and dry cleaning $6.2 \%$ and
other services $5.3 \%$. Cleaning receipts shown in Table 15 include fur cleaning as well as industrial and commercial work. Laundry receipts include commercial and industrial work.

TABLE 15. Cleaming and Dyeing Plants - Receipts by Type of Service Performed, by Provinces, 1953
Note: The percentages indicate the proportions which receipts for each type of work bear to the total receipts for each province.

| Province | Cleaning ${ }^{1}$ |  | Laundry ${ }^{2}$ |  | Wholesale laundry and dry cleaning |  | All other ${ }^{3}$ |  | Total receipts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% | Amount | \% |
| Canada ..................... | 52,202,056 | 81.5 | 4,444, 883 | 7.0 | 3,972,495 | 6.2 | 3,409, 873 | 5.3 | 64, 029,307 | 100.0 |
| Newfoundland $\qquad$ <br> Prince Edward Island | $674,767$ <br> 288.338 | 92.6 | 70,647 | 6.8 | - | - | 5.766 | 0.6 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 741,201 \\ 298,317 \end{array}\right.$ | 100.0 |
| Nova Scotia ...................... | 1,805, 447 |  | $78.067$ | 5.2 | 50.653 | 1.6 | 42,357 | 1.8 | $\{1,967.044$ |  |
| New Brunswick ................. | 1.092.934 | 91.4 | [88.054 | 5.2 | 50.653 | 1.6 | 13.167 | 1.8 | 11.203.635 |  |
| Quebec ............................. | 11,149,525 | 76.4 | 1,272,154 | 8.7 | 778,791 | 5.3 | 1,396,659 | 9.6 | 14,597, 129 | 100.0 |
| Ontario. | 22,803,873 | 81.7 | 1,383,160 | 4.9 | 2.277,043 | 8.2 | 1,454,179 | 5.2 | 27,918, 255 | 100.0 |
| Manitoba........................... | 3,241, 391 | 74.4 | 775.546 | 17.8 | 141,445 | 3.3 | 197.781 | 4.5 | 4, 356, 163 | 100.0 |
| Saskatchewan .................. | 2,652,110 | 92.1 | 81.563 | 2.8 | 47.264 | 1.7 | 97.358 | 3.4 | 2,878, 295 | 100.0 |
| Alberta ............................ | 4,291,575 | 91.2 | 279,028 | 5.9 | 66,155 | 1.4 | 72, 159 | 1.5 | 4,708,917 | 100.0 |
| British Columbia............... | 4, 202,096 | 78.4 | 416,664 | 7.8 | 611,144 | 11.4 | 130.447 | 2.4 | $5,360,351$ | 100.0 |

1. Includes fur, commercial and industrial.
2. Includes unfinished and finished. commercial and industrial.
3. Includes coat and towel rentals, dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.

There were 349 dry cleaning and dyeing plants with receipts of $\$ 50,000$ or over in 1953 and these accounted for $73 \%$ of the total volume of business. The 315 plants in the same category last year ac-
counted for $; 1 \%$ of total receipts. Table 16 shows cleaning and dyeing plants classified by size of business for 1952 and 1953.

TABLE 16. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants Classified by Size of Business, 1952 and 1953

| Size of Business | 1952 |  |  |  | 1953 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of plants | Receipts | Per cent of total | Average per plant | No. of plants | Receipts | Per cent of total | Average per plant |
|  |  | \$ | \% | \$ |  | \$ | \% | \$ |
| All plants..................... | 991 | 58,478,449 | 100.0 | 59,010 | 1,029 | 64, 029,307 | 100.0 | 62,225 |
| Less than \$15,000 ............... | 155 | 1,666,753 | 2.8 | 10.753 | 152 | 1,607,802 | 2.5 | 10.578 |
| \$15,000 to \$19,999 ............. | 109 | 1.879,716 | 3.2 | 17,245 | 103 | 1.794,075 | 2.8 | 17.418 |
| \$20,000 to \$29,999 ............. | 183 | 4,479,880 | 7.7 | 24,480 | 185 | 4.571.559 | 7.1 | 24,711 |
| \$30,000 to \$49,999 ............. | 229 | 8,813,906 | 15.1 | 38,489 | 240 | 9,296,426 | 14.5 | 38,735 |
| \$50,000 to \$99,999 .............. | 194 | 13,092,147 | 22.4 | 67,485 | 215 | 14,564,512 | 22.8 | 67,742 |
| \$100.000 and over................ | 121 | 28,546,047 | 48.8 | 235,918 | 134 | 32, 194,933 | 50.3 | 240, 261 |

Operating expenses expressed as percentages of total receipts, are shown by size of business in Table 17 and by provinces in Table 18 with separate figures for incorporated and unincorporated companies. Incorporated companies reported operating expenses as $94.0 \%$ of their total receipts, while unincorporated companies showed expenses as $83.5 \%$
of receipts. Incorporated companies showed salaries and wages, which included executive salaries, as $51.7 \%$ of their total receipts; unincorporated companies reported this item as only $41.7 \%$ of their total receipts but this percentage did not include proprietors' salaries or withdrawals.

TABLE:17. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants - Operating Costs by Form of Organization and Size of Business, 1953

| Form of organization and size of business | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { plants } \end{gathered}$ | Average receipts per plant | Perating expenses as \% of total receipts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries ${ }^{1}$ and wages | Fuel and electricity | Materials and supplies | All other operating expenses | Total expenses |
| Incorporated Companies |  | \$ | \% | $\%$ | $\%$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\%$ |
| All plants | 223 | 142, 894 | 51.7 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 28.2 | 94,0 |
| Less than \$20,000 | 8 | 16,635 | 63.0 | 6.6 | 13.3 | 17.4 | 100.3 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$ 29,999 ........... | 15 | 24,642 | 47.6 | 6.2 | 11.2 | 25.7 | 90.7 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$ 49,999 .............. | 44 | 38,858 | 51.2 | 5.3 | 11.8 | 27.3 | 95.6 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$ 99,999 ........... | 64 | 70, 952 | 49.4 | 4.1 | 11.7 | 27.2 | 92.4 |
| \$100,000 to \$199,999 ........... | 41 | 135, 584 | 51.1 | 3.3 | 10.7 | 26.7 | 91.8 |
| \$200,000 to \$299,999 ........... | 31 | 234, 772 | 52.2 | 3.1 | 10.4 | 27.8 | 93.5 |
| \$300,000 and over ............... | 20 | 613,757 | 52.7 | 2.5 | 10.9 | 29.7 | 95.8 |
| Unincorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All plants ....... | 806 | 39,906 | 41.7 | 4.9 | 11.7 | 25.2 | 83.5 |
| Less than \$7,500 | 24 | 6,170 | 13.2 | 10.5 | 13.3 | 27.0 | 64.0 |
| \$ 7,500 to \$ 9,999 ............. | 37 | 8,793 | 25.3 | 9.1 | 13.8 | 20.7 | 68.9 |
| \$ 10,000 to \$14,999 .............. | 90 | 12,451 | 27.9 | 7.9 | 12.0 | 23.6 | 71.4 |
| \$ 15,000 to \$19,999 ............. | 96 | 17. 445 | 34.7 | 6.7 | 12.2 | 25.2 | 78.8 |
| \$ 20,000 to \$29,999 ............. | 170 | 24, 717 | 36.8 | 6.1 | 12.8 | 24.8 | 80.5 |
| \$ 30,000 to \$49,999 ............. | 196 | 38,708 | 40.5 | 5.2 | 12.2 | 25.4 | 83.3 |
| \$ 50,000 to \$99,999 .............. | 151 | 66,381 | 43.6 | 4.3 | 11.2 | 25.4 | 84.5 |
| \$100,000 and over ................ | 42 | 168, 641 | 48.5 | 3.3 | 11.0 | 25.5 | 88.3 |

1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.

TABLE 18. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants-Operating Costsby Form of Organization, byProvinces, 1953

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Form of organization } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Province } \end{gathered}$ | No. of plants | Average receipts per plant | Operating expenses as \% of total receipts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Salaries ${ }^{1}$ and wages | Fuel and electricity | Materials and supplies | All other operating expenses | Total expenses |
| Incomporated Companies |  | \$ | $7 \%$ | \% | $\%$ | \% | \% |
| Canada | 223 | 142,894 | 51.7 | 3.2 | 10.9 | 28.2 | 94.0 |
| Newfoundland Prince Edward Jsland .......... | 4 2 | 133,852 | 46.6 | 3.9 | 10.2 | 27.3 | 88.0 |
| Nova Scotia ......................... | 18 | 78,574 | 47.7 | 4.2 | 13.3 | 26.7 | 91.9 |
| New Brunswick .................... | 5 | 51,224 | 45.8 | 5.3 | 15.3 | 24.4 | 90.8 |
| Quebec ................................. | 45 | 192,997 | 49.1 | 3.1 | 11.7 | 31.8 | 95.7 |
| Ontario .................................. | 85 | 147,583 | 52.3 | 3.4 | 9.8 | 28.7 | 94.2 |
| Manitoba .............................. | 13 | 253,883 | 59.5 | 2.2 | 11.9 | 21.2 | 94.8 |
| Saskatchewan ...................... | 8 | 125, 835 | 48.8 | 3.0 | 12.0 | 27.4 | 91.2 |
| Alberta ................................. | 10 | 119,222 | 56.0 | 2.2 | 9.1 | 22.2 | 89.5 |
| British Columbia ................. | 33 | 80,699 | 51.3 | 3.7 | 11.4 | 26.8 | 93.2 |
| Unincorporated Companies <br> Canada $\qquad$ | 806 | 39,906 | 41.7 | 4.9 | 11.7 | 23.2 | 83.5 |
| Newfoundland $\qquad$ <br> Prince Edward Island <br> .......... | 3 6 | 26,267 | 31.0 | 0.2 | 13.3 | 27.8 | 78.3 |
| Nova Scotia | 19 | 29.090 | 39.4 | 7.4 | 10.3 | 22.9 | 80.0 |
| New Brunswict | 26 | 36,443 | 37.6 | 7.0 | 10.5 | 27.9 | 83.0 |
| Quebec .................................. | 143 | 41,344 | 43.7 | 5.5 | 11.7 | 25.6 | 86.5 |
| Ontario .................................... | 357 | 43,064 | 42.5 | 4.6 | 12.1 | 25.5 | $8 \frac{1}{2} .7$ |
| Manitoba ............................. | 33 | 31,990 | 40.8 | 5.1 | 13.2 | 25.5 | 84.6 |
| Saskatchewan ...................... | 57 | 32,835 | 37.4 | 5.3 | 11.0 | 23.7 | 77.4 |
| Alberta | 84 | 41,865 | 40.0 | 3.3 | 11.2 | 24.7 | 79.2 |
| British Columbia ................ | 78 | 34,581 | 41.5 | 4.7 | 11.0 | 23.6 | 80.8 |

[^4]Table 19 presents data for cities having a population of 30,000 or over and where there are at least three plants located within the incorporated limits of each city. The 45 plants located in Toronto had
receipts amounting to $\$ 6,872,979$. Montreal's 27 plants earned $\$ 5,930,428$, while Winnipeg with 18 plants had a volume of business amounting to $\$ 3,473,095$.

TABLE 19. Cleaning and Dyeing Plants, Principal Statistics for Selected Cities ${ }^{1}, 1953$

| City | No. of plants | Receipts |  |  |  | Number of paid employees |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Salarles } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { wages } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Cleaning ${ }^{2}$ | Laundry ${ }^{3}$ | $\text { All }_{\text {other }}{ }^{4}$ | Total | Male | Female |  |
|  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |  |  | \$ |
| St. John's | 5 | 556,367 | - | 6 | 556, 367 | 65 | 34 | 284,765 |
| Halifax | 7 | 913,508 | - | 6 | 913,508 | 123 | 137 | 441.474 |
| Sydney .. | 3 | 221,854 | - | - | 221,854 | 24 | 39 | 103,375 |
| Saint John | 4 | 274.357 | 6 | 6 | 274,357 | 22 | 40 | 111.604. |
| Hull | 4 | 172,810 | - | 6 | 172,810 | 13 | 16 | 72,797 |
| Montreal | 27 | 4,109,876 | 898,242 | 922,310 | 5,930,428 | 674 | 781 | 3,016,642 |
| Quebec | 9 | 954,916 | 58,902 | 113,341 | 1,127, 159 | 120 | 136 | 500,785 |
| Sherbrooke | 5 | 246,739 | 5 | 110.218 | 356,957 | 43 | 52 | 179,436 |
| Three Rivers | 7 | 445,611 | 5 | 90,469 | 536,080 | 74 | 73 | 243,341 |
| Brantford | 8 | 532,636 | 182,834 | 21,864 | 737, 334 | 66 | 104 | 382,401 |
| Fort William | 6 | 364,883 | - | 5,800 | 370,683 | 35 | 82 | 216,615 |
| Hamilton | 19 | 1,841,464 | 183,739 | 96,132 | 2,121,335 | 168 | 420 | 1,090,875 |
| Aingston | 6 | 439,527 | - | - | 439.527 | 70 | 49 | 229,226 |
| Nitchener | 4 | 332,980 | 5 | 37,623 | 370,603 | 34 | 52 | 191.202 |
| Lundon. | 10 | 675,495 | 5 | 114,253 | 789,748 | 113 | 134 | 437,745 |
| Oshawa | 7 | 224,066 | - | 3,900 | 227,966 | 21 | 37 | 91,372 |
| Ottawa | 15 | 1,508,405 | 198,128 | 280,089 | 1.986,622 | 203 | 299 | 889,509 |
| Peterborough.. | 5 | 219,499 | 5 | 17.198 | 236,697 | 14 | 33 | 95.015 |
| St. Catharines | 6 | 291, 389 | 5 | 11,772 | 303, 161 | 39 | 37 | 164.522 |
| Sarnia. | 6 | 286, 125 | 5 | 13,234 | 294, 359 | 18 | 47 | 116.853 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 7 | 293,035 | 5 | 1,132 | 294, 167 | 14 | 69 | 131,065 |
| Sud bury | 8 | 367, 255 | 6 | - | 367,255 | 29 | 64 | 170,644 |
| Toronto | 45 | $5,648,413$ | 468,568 | 755,998 | 6,872,979 | 699 | 819 | 3,403,063 |
| Hinds or | 19 | 1,159,688 | 15,100 | 31,705 | 1.206,493 | 100 | 220 | 576,489 |
| Winnipeg | 18 | 2,497,438 | 796,658 | 178,999 | 3,473,095 | 337 | 565 | 2,066,283 |
| Regina... | 10 | 827,509 | - | - | 827,509 | 68 | 94 | 403,820 |
| Saskatoon | 11 | 750,239 | 5 | 92,725 | 842,964 | 81 | 103 | 361,520 |
| Calgary .... | 19 | 1,077,798 | 5 | 95,365 | 1,173,163 | 70 | 183 | 494,592 |
| Edmonton. | 29 | 2,025,597 | 152,928 | 35,018 | 2,213,543 | 141 | 414 | 1,083,904 |
| Vancouver | 33 | 2,313,898 | 236,095 | 107,908 | 2,657,901 | 179 | 379 | 1,271,651 |
| Victoria | 8 | 609,024 | 5 | 67.125 | 676.149 | 51 | 129 | 355, 277 |

1. Includes only those cleaning and dyeing plants located within the incorporated limits of the city.
2. Includes fur, wholesale, commercial and industrial.
3. Includes unfinished, finished, wholesale, commercial and industrial,
4. Includes coat and towel rentals, dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.
5. Included in all other.
6. Inclucled in cleaning.

[^0]:    1. Unchanged.
[^1]:    1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.
[^2]:    1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.
[^3]:    1. Includes only those laundries located within the incorporated Matian of tha aty.
    2. Includes unfinished and finished, commercial and industrial.
    3. Includes fur, commercial and industrial.
    4. Includes dyeing, storage, diaper rentals, etc.
    5. Included in all other.
[^4]:    1. Not including salaries or withdrawals of proprietors of unincorporated firms.
