# Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade <br> (H.S. Based) 

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# Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade (H.S. Based) 

## November 1988

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## HIGHLIGHTS:

- Exports rose slightly to $\$ 11.4$ billion.
- Imports increased marginally to $\$ 11.0$ billion.
- Canada posted an international merchandise trade surplus in November of \$424 million.
- The short-term trend for exports reversed in August and has since posted monthly declines of $0.1 \%$.
- The short-term trend for imports, however, has continued to be up for the fourth consecutive month, advancing $1.5 \%$ in October.
- The increases seen in the export and import of machinery and equipment in November were almost entirely counterbalanced by a weakening in the automotive sector resulting in small trade growth.
- Canada posted a surplus of $\$ 881$ million with the United States in November, down from the $\$ 922$ million figure recorded in October.


## Note to Users

With the introduction of the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System which represents a major departure from the previous commodity classification and starting with January 1988;

- users should interpret levels and month-to-month movements in commodity data with caution;
- revisions to imports and exports have been greater than usual but should settle down to more normal levels in the months to come.

Users should also note as a further caution to interpretation of 1988 data as related to 1987 that:

- recording of imports is now based on the date the merchandise is released by Customs and not on the Customs stamp date as before January 1988.

In order to maintain continuity in concepts and definitions:

- the Balance of Payments data continue to be presented on a consignment basis;
- both raw and seasonally adjusted data for the previous periods reflect the above changes where applicable.

Exports, Imports
seasonally adjueted
balance of paymente basls

(1) The short-term trend repreaente
a welanted average of the data.

Trade balance
seasonally adjusted
balance of paymenta basla

(1) The short-term trand represents a walehted average of the date.

## Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade

## Seasonally Adjusted, Balance of Payments Basis

## November 1988

## Monthly Summary

Preliminary data on international merchandise trade, on a balance of payments basis and adjusted for seasonal fluctuations, indicate that Canada exported $\$ 11.4$ billion in November, up slightly ( $0.1 \%$ ) from the revised level for October. This is the third consecutive month in which exports have remained at approximately this level of $\$ 11.4$ billion. The slow growth in exports coincides with the strengthening of the Canadian dollar vis-à-vis the American dollar and a small increase in American industrial production ( $+0.4 \%$ in October and November). The largest advance recorded in November was for machinery and equipment, while exports of automotive products, particularly parts, posted a sharp decline.

Imports totalled $\$ 11.0$ billion, up $1.1 \%$ from the October level. As in the case of exports, machinery and equipment accounted for the largest increase in imports, highlighting the strength of investment and final demand in Canada. Imports of motor vehicle parts, on the other hand, declined substantially.
Therefore a surplus of $\$ 424$ million was registered in November, a decrease of $\$ 113$ million from the previous month. The November surplus brings Canada's cumulative trade surplus for the first eleven months of 1988 to $\$ 9.1$ billion, a decrease of $\$ 1.4$ billion compared to the same period of 1987.

The modest decrease in the November surplus is attributable to a slightly larger increase in imports than exports. Since August, international merchandise trade appears to have stabilized, after fluctuating widely between January and July as a result of a sharp drop in energy prices, a decline in Canadian production of motor vehicles due to a number of temporary plant closures and a reduction in wheat exports in the aftermath of the drought in Western Canada.


## Short-Term Trend

(excludes latest month)
The monthly movements shown for the short-term trend may differ from those shown for seasonally adjusted values published elsewhere in this report. The short-term trend is the result of a weighted moving average of 13 terms, and it is therefore possible that the seasonally adjusted values may not point in the same direction as the short-term trend. The trend for the present month is not analysed since it frequently undergoes considerable change with the inclusion of data for subsequent months.

## Exports

After 26 months of increases, the revised short-term trend for exports reversed in August and has since posted monthly declines of $0.1 \%$.

- The trend for food exports fell $4.2 \%$, the fourth consecutive decrease. The $8.6 \%$ drop in the trend for wheat exports was the largest contributor to the October decline in the food sector. This decline in wheat exports is entirely attributable to a decrease in the quantity exported. The price of this commodity increased approximately $31 \%$ between May and October 1988.
- The trend for exports of passenger automobiles, down since June, declined 2.7\% in October.
- The largest increases in the trend for October were recorded for exports of motor vehicle parts and trucks, up $4.9 \%$ and $3.2 \%$ respectively.
- The trend for exports of machinery and equipment continued to be up for the fourth consecutive month.


## Imports

The revised short-term trend for imports rose $1.5 \%$ in October, the fourth consecutive monthly increase.

- The trend for imports of motor vehicle parts, up $3.4 \%$ from the previous month, posted its fourth consecutive increase.
- The trend for imports of machinery and equipment, up $1.3 \%$ in October, posted its nineteenth consecutive increase.
- The trend for imports of crude materials, down since May 1988, fell $2.2 \%$ in October, a slight improvement over the $3.9 \%$ drop recorded in September.


## Detailed Analysis by Commodities and Trading Partners

## Commodities

On both the export and import sides, the November trade figures are characterized by a certain stability. Indeed, in the case of exports, the largest increase by component was only $\$ 55$ million, while the comparable figure for imports was $\$ 86$ million. When wide swings are recorded in trade data for a given month, the month-to-month variations in a single category often total several hundred million dollars. Furthermore, the modest increases in exports and imports recorded in November appear to have been rather diffused, since 30 of the 62 export categories surveyed posted increases, while increases were recorded for 44 out of 61 import categories.

- Exports of wood pulp increased by $\$ 55$ milllon to $\$ 585$ million, setting a new record, while newsprint exports were up $\$ 37$ million from the previous month.
- Exports of equipment other than those indicated in the breakdown by summary category rose $\$ 53$ million to total $\$ 368$ million. This was the second largest increase by summary category in November. Total exports of machinery and equipment increased by $\$ 112$ million.
- Exports of automotive products, on the other hand, were down $\$ 199$ million to $\$ 3.0$ billion. This brought the cumulative total for exports of automotive products to $\$ 32.7$ billion, $\$ 3.5$ billion higher than during the same period of 1987. Exports of parts fell by $\$ 129$ million, while exports of automobiles were down $\$ 93$ million in November. The temporary shutdown of a plant in Oshawa on November 3 to retool for new model production affected, without doubt, exports of passenger cars in November.
- The energy products sector posted a decline in November, primarily as a result of lower exports of crude petroleum, down $\$ 43$ million, and coal, down $\$ 37$ million. Canadian crude petroleum exports totailed $\$ 263$ million, their lowest level since April 1983. This decline in energy product demand was reflected in a $\$ 7$ million decrease of imports of drilling machinery, as some government incentive programs came to an end.

Crude Petrolaum Exports


- Imports of crude petroleum were up $\$ 86$ million to $\$ 242$ million, the highest level in the last four months. For the first eleven months of 1988, crude petroleum imports totalled $\$ 2.9$ billion, a decrease of $\$ 301$ million from the comparable period of 1987.
- Imports of equipment other than those indicated in the breakdown by summary category were up $\$ 79$ million to $\$ 922$ million. Imports of machinery and equipment totalled $\$ 143$ million in November, an illustration of the strength in investment and other final demand in Canada.
- Imports of motor vehicle parts were down sharply in November, falling $\$ 424$ million from the peak recorded in October to total $\$ 1.3$ billion.


## Trading Partners

- Merchandise exports to the United States totalled $\$ 8.4$ billion in November, down $\$ 184$ million from October.
- After posting slight declines in September and October, exports to Japan increased by $\$ 68$ million in November to total $\$ 735$ million.
- Imports from the United States totalled $\$ 7.5$ billion in November, down $\$ 143$ million from October.
- Imports from "Other OECD countries" increased by $\$ 137$ million to a record level of $\$ 426$ million.
- Canada's surplus with the United States declined to $\$ 881$ million in November, from $\$ 922$ million in October.

For more detailed information on this release, order the November 1988 issue of "Summary of Canadian International Trade (H.S. Based)" ( $65-001, \$ 16.50 / \$ 165$ ), which will be available the first week of February 1989, or contact Gordon Blaney (613-951-9647), Trade Information Unit, or Jean-Pierre Simard (613-951-1711) (for analysis information), or Denis Pilon (613-9514808) (for price index information), Trade Measures and Analysis Section, International Trade Division.

Table 1
Merchandise Trade of Canada
November 1988
Balance of Payments Basis

(1)Customs Basis
(2)Change over previous period
(3)Seasonally Adjusted.

Note: Due to rounding monthly data may not add up to quarterly data and quarterly data may not add up to annual data.

Table 2
Merchandise Trade by Principal Trading Areas
November 1988
Seasonally Adjusted, Balance of Payments Basis

|  | Oct. | Nov. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Oct. } \end{aligned}$ | iod-to | period Oct. | ange Nov. | Year-to-date Total |  | nge over revious year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ mil | lions | \% | \% | \$ | Ions | \$millions | \% | \$ millions |
| Exports to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 8,544.3 | 8,360.0 | 1.6 | -2.2 | 134.4 | -184.2 | 93,126.4 | 5.8 | 5,131.2 |
| United Kingdom | 266.6 | 280.4 | -5.3 | 5.2 | -14.8 | 13.8 | 3,197.9 | 15.7 | 434.6 |
| EEC 86 excl. U.K. | 638.3 | 708.5 | 7.8 | 11.0 | 46.1 | 70.2 | 6,543.0 | 14.0 | 801.6 |
| Japan | 667.0 | 735.3 | -7.0 | 10.2 | -49.8 | 68.2 | 7,504.8 | 23.1 | 1,408.1 |
| Other O.E.C.D. 86 * | 268.3 | 293.2 | -2.0 | 9.3 | -5.6 | 24.9 | 2,787.1 | 22.7 | 516.5 |
| Other Countries | 1,032.6 | 1,048.8 | -11.0 | 1.6 | -127.4 | 16.2 | 12,379.9 | 25.1 | 2,487.0 |
| Total | 11,417.1 | 11,426.1 | -0. 2 | 0.1 | -17.2 | 9.0 | 125,539.1 | 9.4 | 10,779.2 |
| Imports from: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 7,622.4 | 7,479.1 | -1.2 | -1.9 | -93.8 | -143.3 | 80,304.5 | 12.1 | 8,657.0 |
| United Kingdom * | 326.0 | 374.2 | 6.9 | 14.8 | -24.3 | 48.3 | 4,298.5 | 6.2 | 252.2 |
| EEC 86 excl. U.K. | 935.4 | 940.4 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 44.3 | 5.0 | 9,685.6 | 16.3 | 1,358.1 |
| Japan | 671.0 | 698.8 | 16.9 | 4.2 | 96.9 | 27.8 | 7,227.0 | 7.0 | 469.8 |
| Other O.E.C.D. 86 .* | 289.0. | 426.3 | 8.7 | 47.5 | 23.2 | 137.4 | 3,344.2 | 18.2 | 515.8 |
| Other Countries ** | 1,035.8 | 1,083.1 | -6.1 | 4.6 | -66.7 | 47.3 | 11,591.5 | 8.4 | 897.5 |
| Total | 10,879.6 | 11,002.0 | -0.2 | 1.1 | -20.5 | 122.5 | 116,451.3 | 11.6 | 12,150.5 |
| Balance with: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 921.8 | 880.9 |  |  | 228.2 | -40.9 | 12,821.9 |  | -3,525.8 |
| United Kingdom | -59.4 | -93.9 |  |  | 9.5 | -34.5 | -1,100.6 |  | 182.3 |
| EEC 86 excl. U.K. | -297.1 | -231.9 |  |  | 1.8 | 65.2 | -3,142.6 |  | -556.4 |
| Japan | -3.9 | 36.5 |  |  | -146.7 | 40.4 | 277.8 |  | 938.3 |
| Other O.E.C.D. $86{ }^{*}$ | -20.6 | -133.2 |  |  | -28.8 | -112.5 | -557.1 |  | 0.7 |
| Other Countries | -3.2 | -34.3 |  |  | -60.7 | -31.1 | 788.4 |  | 1,589.6 |
| Total | 537.5 | 424.1 |  |  | 3.3 | -113.5 | 9,087.7 |  | -1,371.3 |

*Series with no seasonality. Note: Portugal and Spain are included in the EEC
Imports for November 1988 by country of origin from the United States (including Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin islands) amounted to $\$ 7,373.8$ million. This represents the starting figure from which the Canada/United States reconcillation takes place.

Table 3
Exports by Commodity Groupings
November 1988
Balance of Payments Basis

|  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  | Percentage change Raw values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year-to } \\ & \text { Value chi } \end{aligned}$ | -dateange | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov.'88/ } \\ & \text { Nov.'87 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ov.' } 87 \pi \\ & \text { lov.'86 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ov.' } 86 / \\ & \text { Iov.'85 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| \$ millions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural and fishing products | 1,094.5 | 1,028.7 | 967.6 | 11,901.6 | 10.4 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 0.2 |
| Wheat | 393.1 | 286.0 | 281.3 | 4,157.2 | 39.8 | 9.6 | 1.2 | -22.3 |
| Other agricultural and fishing products | 701.4 | 742.7 | 686.3 | 7,744.5 | -0.8 | 0.3 | 4.3 | 15.3 |
| Energy products | 898.8 | 938.4 | 898.3 | 10,903.4 | -1.3 | -13.2 | 31.3 | -41.0 |
| Crude petroleum* | 295.1 | 306.1 | 262.9 | 3,766.6 | -15.5 | -35.0 | 36.9 | 41.1 |
| Natural gas | 254.1 | 233.8 | 248.3 | 2,721.9 | 17.2 | 2.2 | 32.9 | -38.2 |
| Other energy products | 349.6 | 398.5 | 387.1 | 4,414.9 | 3.6 | -0.4 | 24.9 | -42.5 |
| Forestry products | 1,700.6 | 1,724.5 | 1,740.2 | 19,302.0 | 5.5 | -7.2 | 40.3 | 0.8 |
| Lumber and sawmill products | 485.9 | 548.3 | 487.7 | 6,286.6 | -8.0 | -33.7 | 78.6 | -16.2 |
| Woodpulp and other wood products | 555.7 | 530.0 | 585.4 | 5,723.6 | 18.0 | 15.7 | 43.1 | 30.6 |
| Newsprint and other paper and paperboard | 659.0 | 646.2 | 667.1 | 7,291.8 | 10.3 | 4.6 | 12.1 | 1.5 |
| Industrial goods and materials | 2,469.7 | 2,512.9 | 2,501.3 | 26,759.6 | 18.8 | 11.7 | 2.6 | 32.7 |
| Metal ores | 443.9 | 455.7 | 409.3 | 4,393.0 | 5.8 | -9.1 | 10.5 | 48.6 |
| Chemicals, plastics and fertilizers | 558.7 | 559.1 | 611.7 | 6,324.5 | 27.4 | 19.9 | 33.0 | 5.1 |
| Metals and alloys. | 935.0 | 958.0 | 959.0 | 10,378.1 | 18.5 | 16.7 | -16.5 | 61.7 |
| Other industrial goods and materials- | 532.1 | 540.1 | 521.3 | 5,664.0 | 21.8 | 15.0 | 14.4 | -0.0 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1,847.2 | 1,738.1 | 1,849.9 | 19,454.4 | 8.5 | 2.1 | 14.0 | 18.2 |
| Industrial and agricultural machinery | 413.7 | 408.7 | 449.3 | 4,537.6 | 10.5 | 16.3 | -16.2 | 40.4 |
| Alcraft and other transportation equipment | 436.5 | 361.3 | 361.5 | 3,853.6 | -6.3 | -15.4 | 29.0 | 6.3 |
| Other machinery and equipment | 997.0 | 968.1 | 1,039.1 | 11,063.2 | 13.9 | 3.7 | 24.8 | 13.3 |
| Automotive products | 2,909.3 | 3,179.3 | 2,980.5 | 32,697.2 | 12.0 | 11.0 | -3.7 | -4.1 |
| Passenger autos and chassis | 1,457.4 | 1,311.7 | 1,219.2 | 15,651.2 | 24.3 | 2.8 | -21.8 | 12.1 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | 607.0 | 731.6 | 754.0 | 7,104.1 | 23.8 | 25.6 | 114.3 | -51.7 |
| Motor vehicle parts | 844.9 | 1,135.9 | 1,007.3 | 9,941.9 | -8.4 | 13.7 | 4.8 | -2.0 |
| Other consumer goods | 223.3 | 215.6 | 204.9 | 2.538 .7 | 5.1 | -7.9 | 8.1 | 23.6 |
| Special transactions trade * | 52.5 | 49.0 | 260.8 | 820.2 | 142.4 | 736.1 | 16.3 | -21.4 |
| Unallocated B.O.P: adjustements * | 238.4 | 30.6 | 22.8 | 1,162.0 | -48.3 | -77.8 | -38.3 | 9.7 |
| Total exports | 11,434.3 | 11,417.1 | 11,426.1 | 125,539.0 | 9.4 | 4.6 | 8.9 | 1.7 |

*Series has no seasonality. Figures are unadjusted.

Short-term trend of export
value index (1988-100)


Table 4
Imports by Commodity Groupings
November 1988
Balance of Payments Basis

|  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  | Percentage change Raw values |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Year-to <br> Value ch | date \% ange | Nov.'88 Nov.' 87 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { v. } 87 \pi \\ & \mathbf{v}^{\prime} 86 . \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ov.' } 86 / \\ & \text { Jov.' } 85 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| \$ millions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural and fishing products | 654.6 | 610.7 | 692.5 | 6,907.2 | 2.5 | 8.7 | 1.9 | 21.4 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 246.3 | 212.5 | 234.8 | 2,366.0 | 4.6 | 10.6 | 6.9 | 8.0 |
| Other agricultural and fishing products | 408.3 | 398.2 | 457.7 | 4,541.3 | 1.5 | 7.8 | -0.3 | 28.3 |
| Energy products | 424.9 | 351.2 | 442.7 | 4,828.5 | -9.9 | -18.4 | 67.1 | -40.2 |
| Crude petroleum | 236.5 | 156.3 | 242.2 | 2,882.1 | -9.5 | -19.2 | 94.3 | -54.1 |
| Other energy products | 188.4 | 194.9 | 200.6 | 1,946.4 | -10.6 | -17.7 | 47.5 | -23.6 |
| Forestry products | 87.6 | 92.1 | 104.4 | 1,177.8 | 10.7 | 3.3 | 1.2 | 35.8 |
| Industrial goods and materials | 2,062.0 | 2,055.5 | 2,154.4 | 22,287.0. | 18.3 | 13.0 | 25.2 | -5.7 |
| Metals and metal ores | 616.3 | 660.6 | 639.9 | 6,737.3 | 22.1 | 7.5 | 42.7 | -20.0 |
| Chemicals and plastios | 605.6 | 596.6 | 633.2 | 6,461.1 | 14.0 | 17.4 | 13.2 | 8.1 |
| Other industrial goods and materials | 840.1 | 798.3 | 881.3 | 9,088.7 | 18.7 | 14.5 | 21.6 | -2.6 |
| Machinery and equipment | 3,429.5 | 3,393.9 | 3,536.4 | 36,748.7 | 22.5 | 15.0 | 18.4 | 9.4 |
| Industrial and agricultural machinery | 1,086.9 | 1,113.3 | 1,150.2 | 11,630.9 | 13.6 | 19.4 | 12.2 | -2.6 |
| Aircraft and other transportation equipment | 496.6 | 485.8 | 488.5 | 5,449.0 | 38.4 | 0.8 | 38.7 | 35.8 |
| Office machines and equipment | 515.0 | 490.2 | 488.4 | 5,307.2 | 10.3 | 5.9 | 27.6 | 11.0 |
| Other machinery and equipment. | 1,331.0 | 1,304.6 | 1,409.4 | 14,361.7 | 30.4 | 21.3 | 13.1 | 12.5 |
| Automotive products | 2,929.3 | 3,109.9 | 2,734.3 | 30,528.5 | 2.7 | -7.9 | 8.8 | -2.1 |
| Passenger autos and chassis | 1,032.6 | 1,037.8 | 1,109.4 | 11,029.5 | -2.1 | 0.5 | 7.7 | 3.8 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles. | 271.7 | 335.0 | 311.6 | 3,274.4 | -7.9 | -7.8 | 2.7 | 15.0 |
| Motor vehicle parts | 1,625.0 | 1,737.0 | 1,313.3 | 16,224.6 | 8.9 | -13.6 | 10.9 | -8.6 |
| Other consumer goods | 1,166.8 | 1,121.7 | 1,173.1 | 12,386.3 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 17.2 | 2.4 |
| Apparel and footwear | 244.5 | 244.0 | 252.5 | 2,836.9 | -0.6 | .7.8 | 20.7 | 6.8 |
| Miscellaneous consumer goods | 922.3 | 877.7 | 920.6 | 9,549.4 | 10.4 | 8.0 | 16.5 | 1.5 |
| Special transactions trade * | 221.4 | 222.8 | 245.1 | 2,427.2 | 34.3 | 33.0 | 30.0 | -1.5 |
| Unallocated B.O.P adjustements * | -76.1 | -78.2 | -80.9 | -840.0 | 14.6 | 9.3 | 15.2 | -6.3 |
| Total imports | 10,900. 1 | 10,879.6 | 11,002.0 | 116,451.3 | 11.6 | 4.9 | 17.0 | 0.0 |

*Series has no seasonality. Figures are unadjusted.

Short-term trend of Import
value index (1988-100)


Table 5
Merchandise Trade of Canada
Constant Doilars and Laspeyres Price Indexes
November 1988
Seasonally Adjusted, Balance of Payments Basis

|  | Constant dollars (1981) (1) Period-to-period change (3) |  |  |  | Laspeyres price index (2) $1981=100.0 \quad$ Period-to-period change (3) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports |
|  | \$ millions |  | \% |  |  | $104.3$ | \% |  |
| 1982 | 84,001 | 64,408 | -0.5 | -16.5 |  |  | 0.8 | 4.3 |
| 1983 | 90,194 | 71,526 | 7.4 | 11.1 | 100.8 | 103.7 | 0.0 | -0.6 |
| 1984 | 106,931 | 85,581 | 18.6 | 19.7 | 105.0 | 109.6 | 4.2 | 5.7 |
| 1985 | 113,829 | 94,123 | 6.5 | 10.0 | 106.0 | 113.4 | 1.0 | 3.5 |
| 1986 | 118,111 | 101,545 | 3.8 | 7.9 | 104.0 | 112.8 | -2.0 | -0.5 |
| 1987 | 126,027 | 109,825 | 6.7 | 8.2 | 105.1 | 112.3 | 1.1 | -0.4 |
| 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second quarter | 29,050 | 24,805 | -0.2 | -1.9 | 103.8 | 112.2 | -1.2 | -3.4 |
| Third quarter | 29,640 | 25,630 | 2.0 | 3.3 | 103.5 | 112.2 | -0.3 | -0.0 |
| Fourth quarter | 30,314 | 25,829 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 103.9 | 112.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Fourth quarter } & 30,314 & 25,829 & 2.3 & 0.8 & 103.9 & 112.7 & 0.4 \\ 1987\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First quarter | 31,049 | 26,177 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 102.8 | 111.6 | -1.0 | -1.0 |
| Second quarter | 30,829 | 26,688 | -0.7 | 2.0 | 104.9 | 112.3 | 2.0 | 0.6 |
| Third quarter | 31,340 | 27,267 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 105.8 | 112.7 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| Fourth quarter 1988 | 32,809 | 29,693 | 4.7 | 8.9 | 106.8 | 113.4 | 0.9 | 0.6 |
| First quarter | 33,952 | 30,439 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 106.3 | 111.3 | -0.5 | -1.8 |
| Second quarter | 35,183 | 31,534 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 106.4 | 110.2 | 0.1 | -1.0 |
| Third quarter | 34,212 | 30,798 | -2.8 | -2.3 | 108.6 | 110.0 | 2.1 | -0.2 |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 10,064 | 8,555 | -0.9 | -2.1 | 103.1 | 112.3 | -0.5 | -0.3 |
| February | 10,391 | 8,653 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 102.6 | 111.5 | -0.6 | -0.6 |
| March | 10,594 | 8,968. | 2.0 | 3.6 | 102.9 | 111.0 | 0.3 | -0.5 |
| April | 10,268. | 8,532 | -3.1 | -4.9 | 103.5 | 110.9 | 0.7 | -0.1 |
| May | 10,299 | 8,812 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 105.2 | 112.4 | 1.6 | 1.3 |
| June | 10,262 | 9,345 | -0.4 | 6.1 | 105.7 | 113.2 | 0.5 | 0.7 |
| July | 10,260 | 9,009 | 0.0 | -3.6 | 105.8 | 112.5 | 0.1 | -0.6 |
| August | 10,534 | 8,990 | 2.7 | -0.2 | 105.7 | 113.2 | -0.1 | 0.6 |
| September | 10,547 | 9,269 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 105.8 | 112.7 | 0.1 | -0.4 |
| October | 10,916 | 9,400 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 105.9 | 113.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| November | 10,838 | 9,898 | -0.7 | 5.3 | 107.3 | 113.7 | 1.4 | 0.6 |
| December | 11,055 | 10,395 | 2.0 | 5.0 | 107.6 | 113.5 | 0.2 | -0.2 |
| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 10,870 | 9,743 | -1.7 | -6.3 | 106.4 | 112.5 | -1.1 | -0.9 |
| February | 11,139 | 9,850 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 106.6 | 111.1 | 0.2 | -1.2 |
| March | 11,944 | 10,845 | 7.2 | 10.1 | 105.9 | 110.4 | -0.6 | -0.6 |
| April | 11,437 | 10,189 | 4.2 | -6.1 | 106.1 | 110.4 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| May | 11,736 | 10,946 | 2.6 | 7.4 | 106.3 | 110.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| June | 12.010 | 10,399 | 2.3 | -5.0 | 107.0 | 109.8 | 0.7 | -0.5 |
| July | 11,011 | 9.025 | -8.3 | -13.2 | 107.5 | 109.3 | 0.5 | -0.5 |
| August | 11,894 | 11,045 | 8.0 | 22.4 | 109.2 | 110.0 | 1.6 | 0.7 |
| September | 11,308 | 10,728 | -4.9 | -2.9 | 109.4 | 110.7 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| October | 11,302 | 10,613 | -0.1 | -1.1 | 109.1 | 109.7 | -0.2 | -0.9 |
| November | 11,282 | 10,761 | -0.2 | 1.4 | 110.4 | 110.9 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Year-to-date 1987 | 114,972 | 99,430 114,145 | 6.5 9.5 | 7.1 14.8 |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
[^0]:    (1)The Paasche current weighted price index used to calculate constant dollars can be derived by dividing current values by the constant dollars above.
    (2)The Laspeyres price index uses fixed weights based on 1981 trade and therefore reflects changes in price only.
    (3)Change over previous period.

    Note: Due to rounding monthly data may not add up to quarterly data and quarterly data may not add up to annual data.

