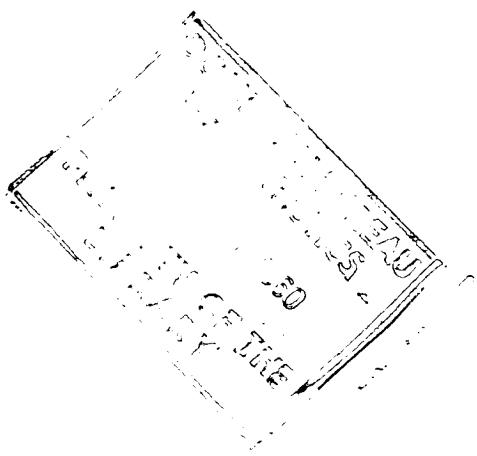


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TUBERCULOSIS STATISTICS
Supplement: PATIENTS IN INSTITUTIONS

1958



DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
Health and Welfare Division
Institutions Section

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TUBERCULOSIS STATISTICS
Supplement: PATIENTS IN INSTITUTIONS
1958

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PREFACE

This is the first census of in-patients in Canadian sanatoria and tuberculosis units of hospitals published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. It complements the annual publication *Tuberculosis Statistics*, which shows the movement of patients in and out of institutions and the characteristics of all patients who are admitted to and are separated from hospital during the year.

The census is based on the reports on admissions and separations of individual patients, which the institutions have been providing for the annual report since 1937.

We therefore acknowledge with thanks the efforts of all individual institutions and of the provincial and federal government departments, who through their prompt and accurate reporting have made this report possible.

The data were processed and the report prepared in the Institutions Section of the Health and Welfare Division of the Bureau where any inquiries and suggestions should be directed.

WALTER E. DUFFETT,

Dominion Statistician.

SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:

- .. figures not available.
- ... used to replace percentages when the divisor is less than 10.
- nil or zero.

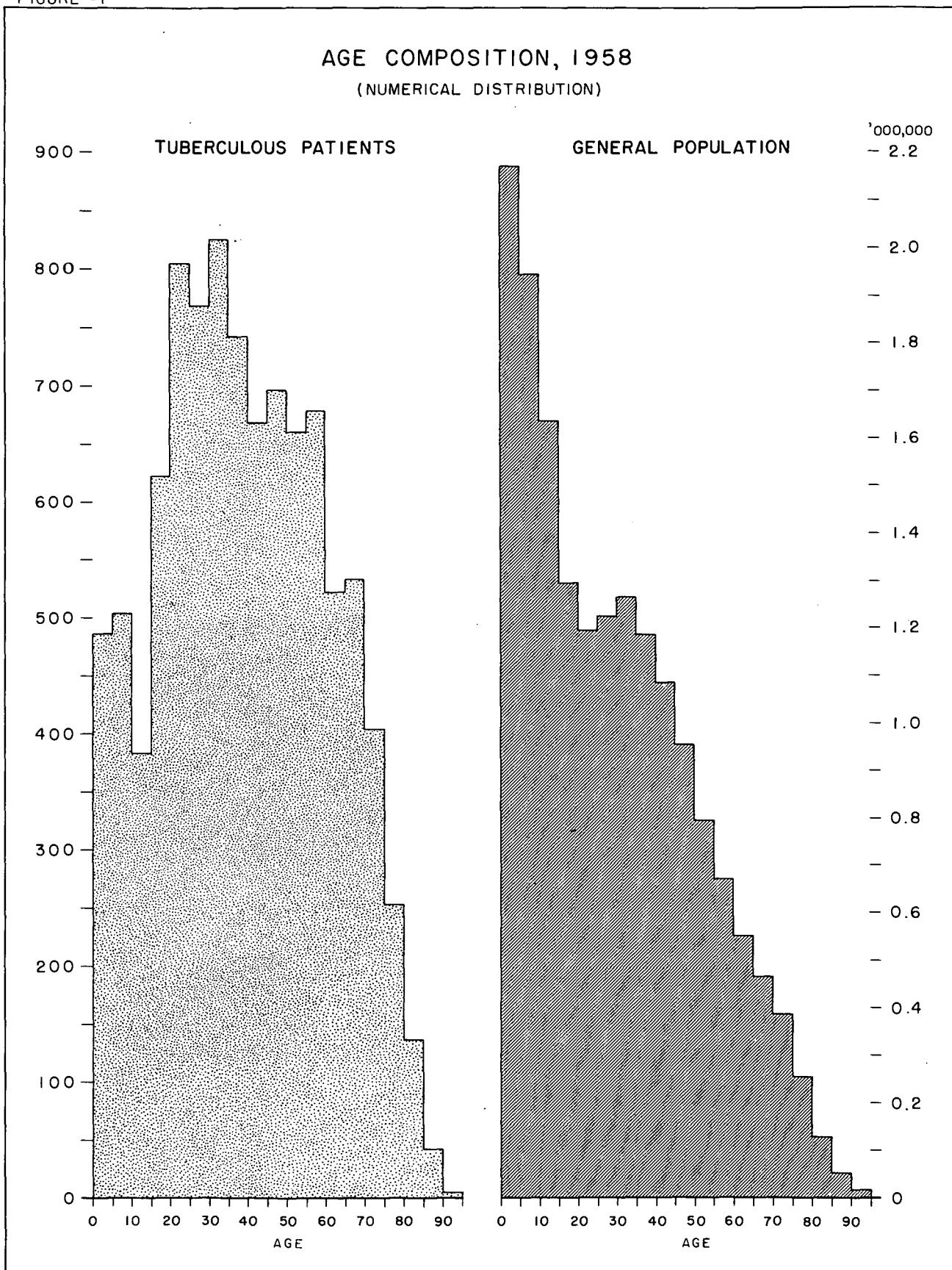
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FIGURE - I



INTRODUCTION

This supplement was produced to give a detailed statistical description of tuberculars in sanatoria at a certain time. Since 1937 the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has published data on patients who were admitted during a year and on those that were separated. But the patient population at any time has characteristics different from those of a group of patients admitted during one year.

The annual compilation of a census of patients will enable the Bureau to compute rates and pro-

babilities of discharge for various duration-intervals of hospital stay, based on the populations at risk. Such rates may become useful for evaluating trends in hospital treatment, for comparison of data from individual institutions or certain areas with each other or with national data, as well as for the planning of the utilization of hospital space.

Since this publication is the first of a series we would much appreciate any comment, criticism, and suggestion for improvement of the contents and presentation of this material.

SCOPE

The following tables constitute a census, at December 31, 1958, of in-patients in tuberculosis sanatoria and tuberculosis units of hospitals in Canada excluding the Yukon Territory.

The data are based on records of individual admissions of in-patients to hospital, and are subject to the following limitations: All patients who, on admission, had been reported as tuberculosis suspects are excluded from the tables on tuberculous patients, even when tuberculosis was confirmed during their hospital stay. In general the diagnoses are those which were reported on the patients' admission records.

The census does not contain 1556 patients in mental institutions who were under treatment for tuberculosis, but had not been reported as an admission to a tuberculosis unit. Their distribution by province is shown in the appendix. The tuberculosis unit of a federal hospital in Quebec with a bed capacity of 25 did not report to the Bureau. Patients in this unit are therefore not counted. Patients with diagnoses other than tuberculosis are not counted in some tables, as indicated. The historical survey (Table 1) shows that the number of patients in tuberculosis institutions had in-

creased from 7764 in 1936 when systematic records were established to 16,051 in 1953, and thereafter declined, the 1958 total equalling the total in 1945 in spite of a 41 per cent increase in the general population over the thirteen-year period.

The patient: population ratio had increased between 1938 and 1952 from 77.8 to a maximum of 111.1 per 100,000. During this period a slight drop occurred from 1941 to 1943. Since 1952 the population ratio fell by 43 per cent, from 111.1 to 63 per 100,000. The decline, if calculated for tuberculous patients only, is probably even greater, because in recent years more patients with non-tuberculous disease have been admitted to sanatoria.

In all provinces the maximum number of patients occurred in the 1952-54 period, except in Nova Scotia (1946) and Manitoba (1949).

The highest patient:population ratios occurred in Nova Scotia in 1946, Ontario in 1948, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, and Manitoba in 1949, Saskatchewan in 1950, Quebec, Alberta, British Columbia, and Canada as a whole in 1952 and in Newfoundland in 1955. Data for Newfoundland were not recorded before 1950.

DESCRIPTIVE TEXT AND CHARTS

Sex and age

Distribution of tuberculous patients is shown by sex and five-year age groups in Table 2. There were 9940 patients, and 60.2 per cent of these were male. The median age of the male patients was 44 years, and that of the female patients 31 years. This means that half of all male patients were 44 years of age or over, and half of the female patients were 31 years of age or over. In order to evaluate to what degree the disease affects persons of different age, ratios of patients per 100,000 of the general population are shown for each five-year age group. Between 5 and 30 years, ratios for females are higher, whereas for all other ages the male ratios are higher. Variations of these ratios according to age show different patterns for the two sexes. For children under 15, the ratios for both sexes are in the low twenties. Thereafter the

male ratio rises with age almost continually to a maximum of 177.7 for the 65-69 year group, and then declines to below 100. The female ratio shows a maximum of 67.9 in the 20-24 year group, then falls to a minimum of 46.5 for the 45-49 year group, and from then on rises almost continually up to 74.7. It is especially remarkable that the population ratios for males are more than double the corresponding female ratios in all age groups between 45 and 85 years, and nearly three and a half times in the 65-69 year group. The curve is shown in (Fig. 2).

The male to female ratio, based on the number of patients was 1.51, or 151 males to 100 females. In order to eliminate the influence of the fact that there are more males than females in the general population, one must compare the sex-specific population ratios. These are 68.4 (male) and 46.4

FIGURE - 2

TUBERCULOUS IN-PATIENTS, SEX AND AGE, 1958
(RATIO PER 100,000 POPULATION)

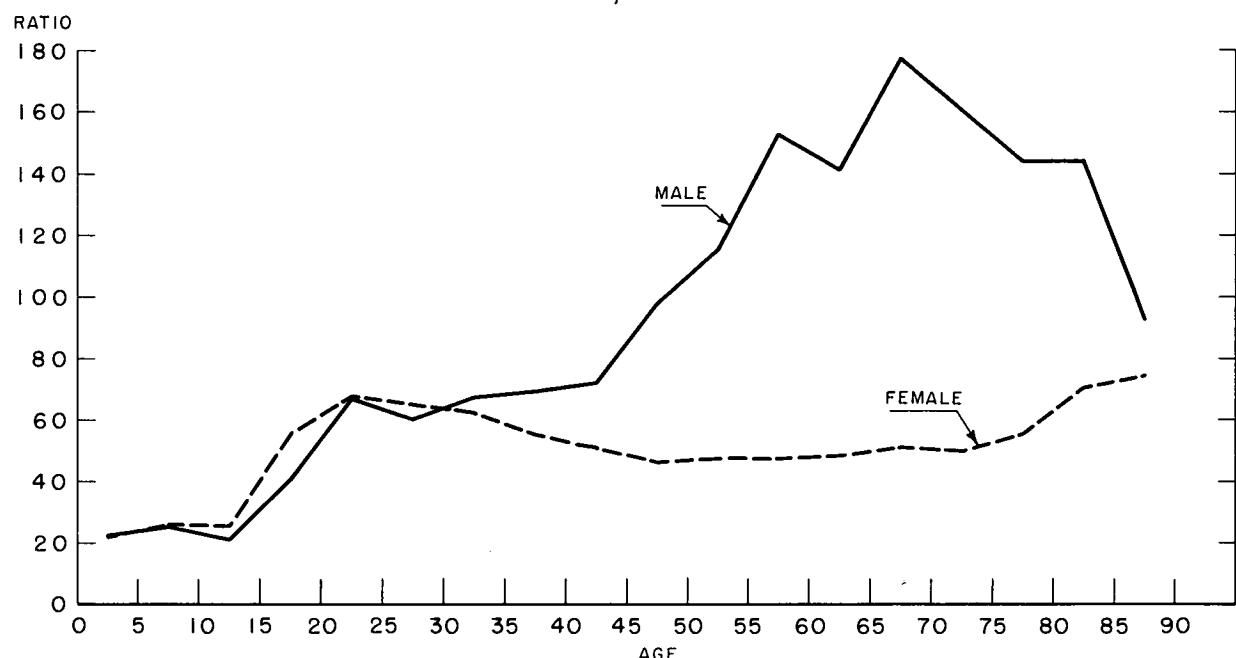
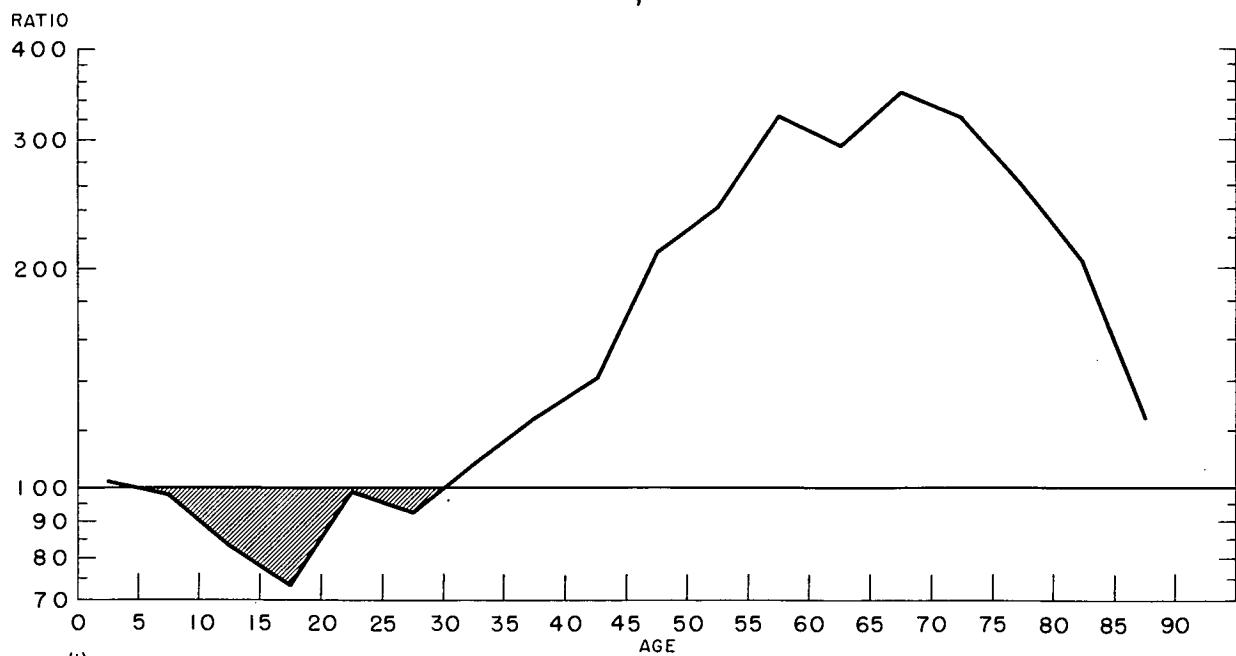


FIGURE - 3

MALES PER 100 FEMALES, TUBERCULOUS IN-PATIENTS
BY AGE, 1958⁽ⁱ⁾



(i) SEX SPECIFIC RATIOS PER 100,000 POPULATION WERE COMPUTED FOR EACH AGE GROUP. THE GRAPH SHOWS MALES PER 100 FEMALES, BASED ON THESE RATIOS.

(female) per 100,000. Their ratio, in turn, is 1.47, i.e., if the population of Canada had equal numbers of males and females, there would hypothetically still be 147 tuberculous male patients to every 100 female.

Since in this calculation of age-specific population ratios 1763 patients—207 whose age had not been reported, and 1556 tuberculars in mental institutions—were excluded, the actual ratios of all tuberculars in hospital per 100,000 of the general population are about 18 per cent higher.

Sex, age, and province

When frequencies were tabulated by sex and age group for individual provinces, numbers in some cells were very small. Population ratios were not shown where the number of cases was less than 10. Ontario and Alberta show the lowest ratios for both sexes, the Northwest Territories and Newfoundland the highest.

In all Atlantic provinces and in Manitoba sex-specific population ratios were above the Canadian average. Also above average were the male ratio for Quebec and the female ratios for Saskatchewan and Alberta. Quebec shows the lowest figures for children under 15, probably a direct result of the extensive vaccination programme carried out in recent years. The Canadian ratios are shown in (Fig. 3).

Time since admission

Time in hospital since admission is shown in Table 6, separately for tuberculous and non-tuberculous patients. As mentioned above, patients who on admission were diagnosed as suspected of having tuberculosis are included in the non-tuberculous, and though some of them are later confirmed to be tuberculars they will not be reported as such until their separation. The proportion of the non-tuberculous was 7.5 per cent, much lower than the proportion of non-tuberculous among admissions. One may consider this 7.5 per cent as a rough estimate of the relative amount of patient-days which tuberculosis institutions provide for non-tuberculous patients. Quebec had 382 non-tuberculous patients (12 per cent of the provincial total), Ontario 191 (7 per cent), Manitoba 78 (10 per cent), New Brunswick 37 (6 per cent), and the Northwest Territories 31 (20 per cent). The other six provinces accounted for the remaining 85 patients.

At the end of 1958, one-fourth of the tuberculous patients had been in hospital for 12.6 months or more, and another fourth had stayed 2.8 months or less; i.e., one-half of the patients had stayed between 2.8 and 12.6 months. The median was 6.6 months, i.e., half of the tuberculous patients had been in hospital 6.6 months or less. In New Brunswick the median was 4.9 months, in Newfoundland and Quebec 5.5 months, in Ontario, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and Manitoba between 7 and 8 months, in British Columbia 9.2 months, and the Northwest Territories 11.0 months.

Time since admission for non-tuberculous patients was considerably shorter. Medians were: Canada 3.0 months, Quebec 2.7 months, Ontario 3.3 months, and Manitoba 3.2 months. Median time since admission for tuberculous patients was 6.7 months for males, and 6.2 months for females. Of the males, 28 per cent had been admitted prior to 1958, but of the female patients only 23 per cent.

Marital status

Ratios of patients per 100,000 population, specific for marital status and four broad age groups are shown in Table 4. In all four age groups the married show lower ratios than the single, the proportion of single people being twice or more those of the married in the age groups 25 years and over. Comparison of the ratios for the widowed and divorced¹ with those for the married reveals that the widowed and divorced furnish relatively more tuberculous hospital patients than the married population, especially the men, and between different age groups, younger men much more than older men. The figures for female widowed and divorced are only slightly higher than the corresponding figures for the married, and among women past 65, the ratios for the married and for the widowed and divorced are about equal.

Diagnosis

Pulmonary diagnosis constitutes the largest proportion of all diagnoses except for the age groups under 15, where there are many cases of primary infection (Fig. 6). Tuberculosis of other sites is tabulated as such only where the diagnosis did not involve pulmonary tuberculosis. Distribution by diagnosis shows that the proportion of pulmonary tuberculosis is greater among the male than among the female (Fig. 7).

Degree of advancement of pulmonary tuberculosis

Degree of advancement is classified as minimal, moderately advanced, and far advanced. The percentage of minimal and far advanced in each age group by sex is shown in (Fig. 8). The proportion of minimal cases declines and that of far advanced cases increases with advancing age. For all age groups the proportion of minimal cases is lower among the male than among the female, and the proportion of far advanced cases is higher among the male. We have seen that in the age groups from 30 to beyond seventy, relatively more men are tuberculous hospital patients, and that the disease is, in general, farther advanced among men.

Type of admission

In Table 7 tuberculous patients are shown by type of latest admission. Of all patients at the end of the year, 6331 or 64 per cent had previously not had in-patient treatment in a tuberculosis institution, and the remaining 3609 or 36 per cent had had such treatment. These comprise 2321 patients who

¹ Widowed and divorced are treated as one group in the population estimate.

FIGURE - 4

TIME SINCE ADMISSION, TUBERCULOUS IN-PATIENTS, BY SEX, 1958
(CUMULATIVE PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION)

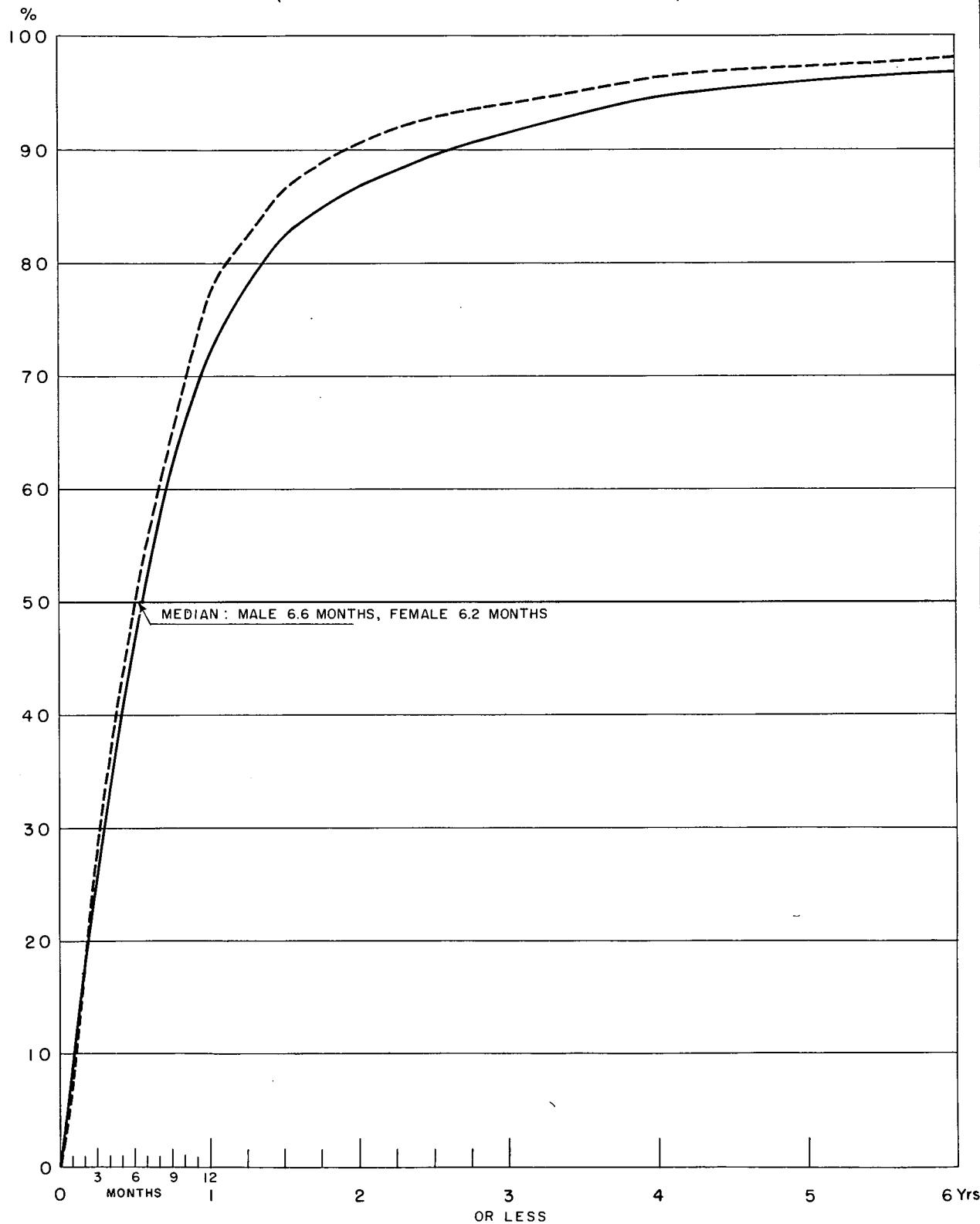


FIGURE - 5

TUBERCULOUS IN-PATIENTS, 15 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER
BY SEX, AGE, AND MARITAL STATUS, 1958
(RATIO PER 100,000 POPULATION)

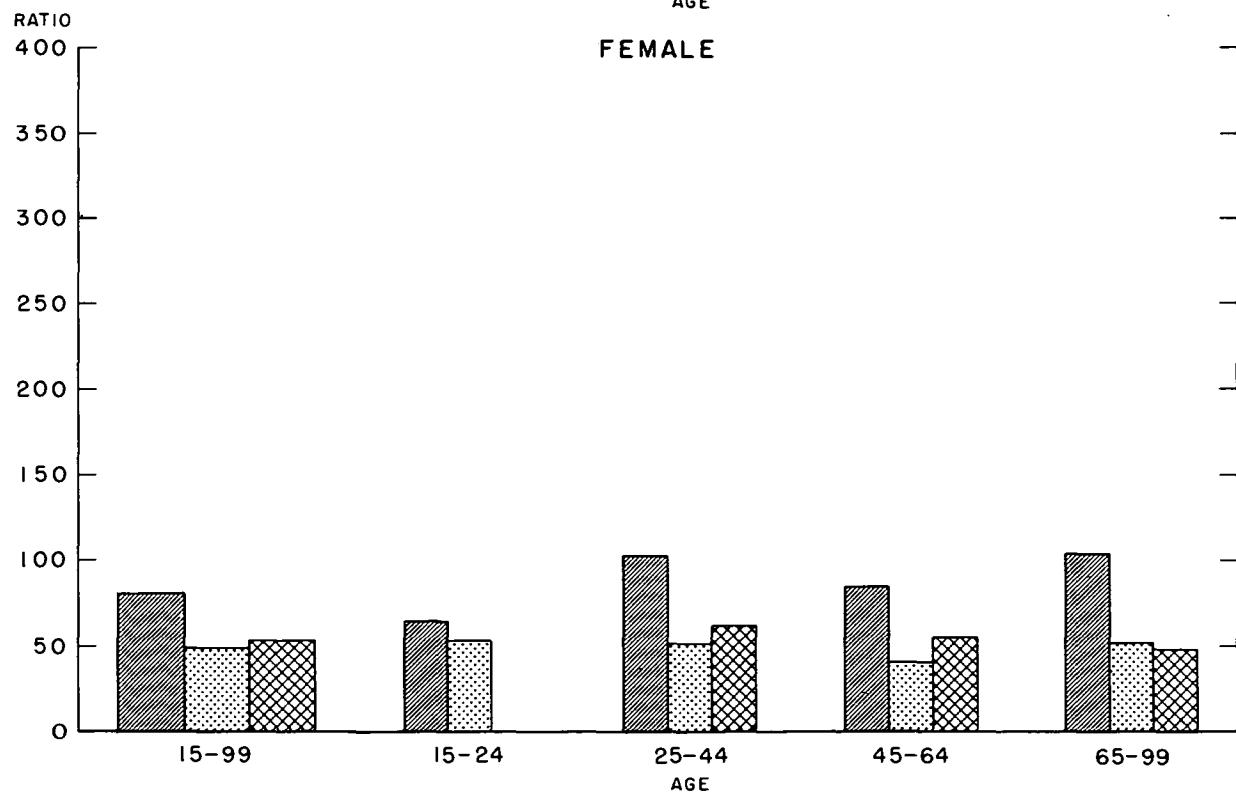
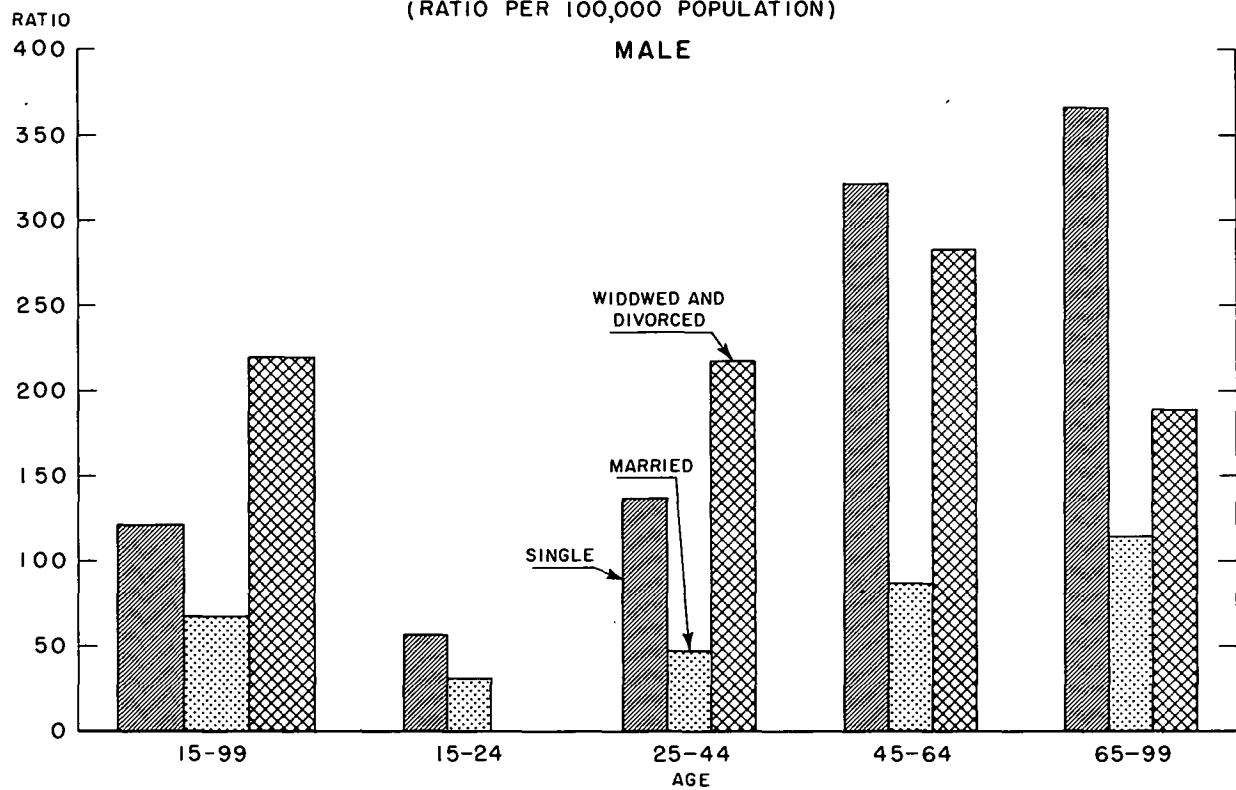


FIGURE - 6

SEX-AGE SPECIFIC RATIOS OF TUBERCULOUS IN-PATIENTS, BY DIAGNOSIS, 1958
 (RATIO PER 100,000 POPULATION)

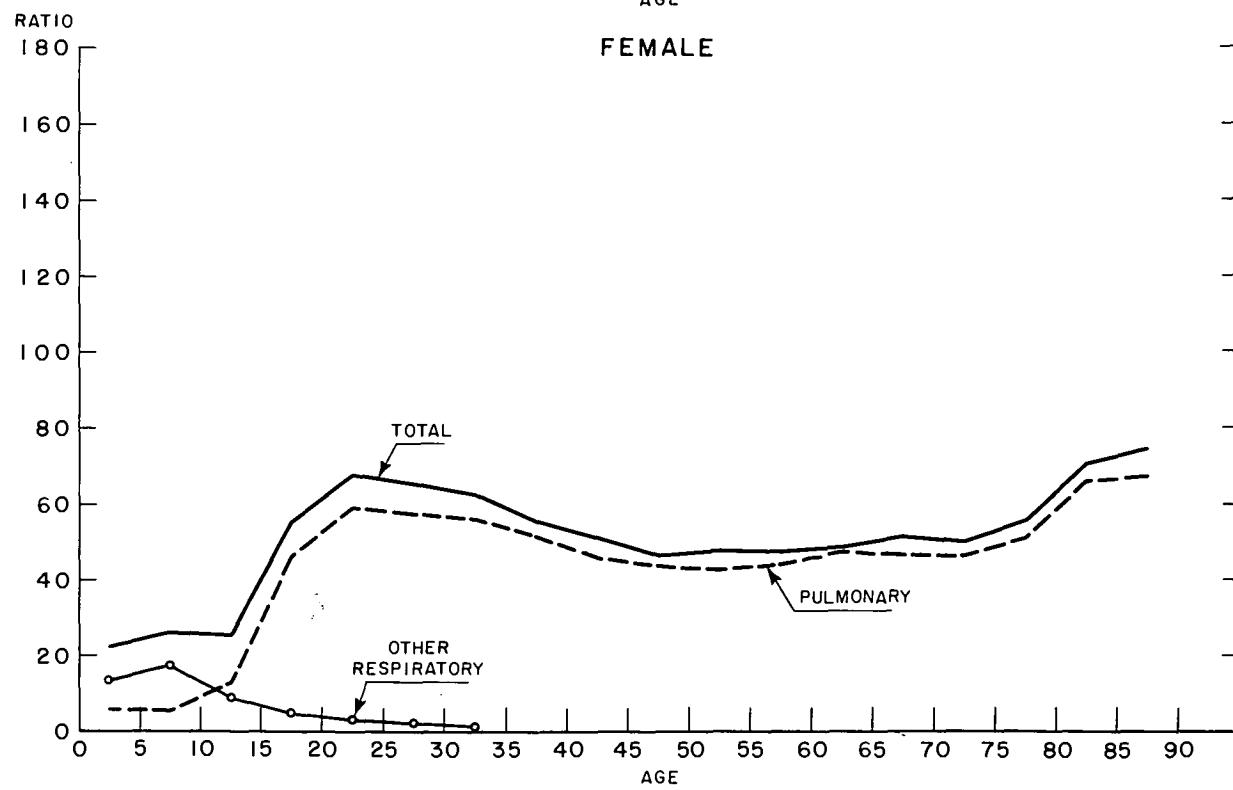
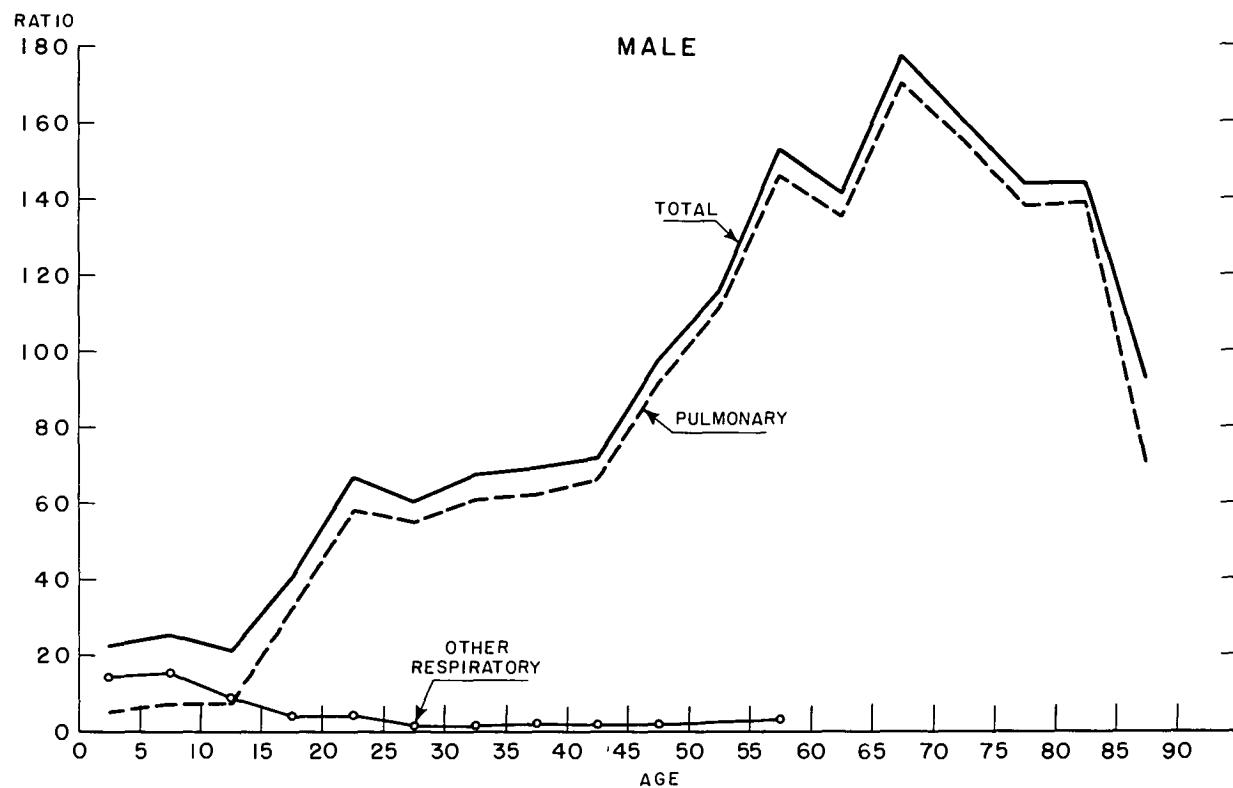
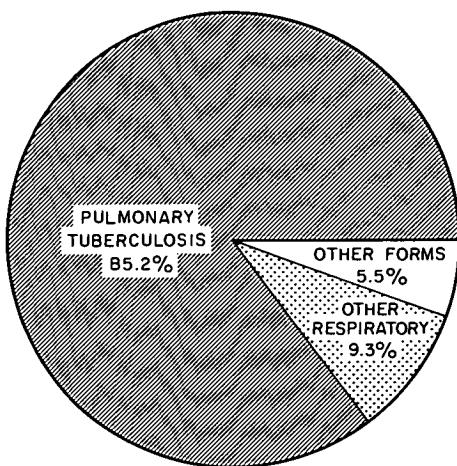


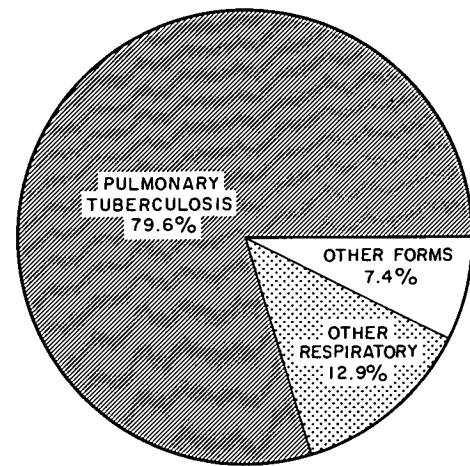
FIGURE - 7

TUBERCULOUS IN-PATIENTS, BY SEX AND DIAGNOSIS, 1958

MALE



FEMALE



had previously been discharged from a tuberculosis institution (readmissions), 1046 patients who had been directly transferred from another tuberculosis institution, 220 patients who had previously been discharged with the understanding that they would continue treatment at some predetermined time, and 22 patients who were readmitted for review and have subsequently been discharged as being inactive and not requiring treatment.

When first admissions and readmissions are compared with regard to their distribution by time since admission, readmissions appear to contain a smaller proportion of patients who had been in hospital between 4 months and 3 years, whereas the proportions of readmitted patients with stay of under 4 months and over 3 years are larger than the corresponding proportions of first admissions. Thus, 3.6 per cent of first admissions and 7.3 per cent of readmissions had entered hospital before 1955; 64.0 per cent of first admissions and 55.0 per cent of readmissions had been admitted between January 1955 and August 1958; and 32.4 per cent of first admissions and 37.7 per cent of readmissions had been admitted during the four months preceding the census date.

Origin

Origin is shown for Indians and Eskimos only. Indians comprise registered and non-registered

Indians where Indian origin is traced through the father. Metis who lived on an Indian reserve are included. Population ratios could not be calculated, as a distribution of the general population by origin was not available.

There were more female than male Indian patients. Females exceeded the male in all age groups between 10 and 45 years. Distribution of Eskimos shows a similar pattern. The median ages for Indians were male 23.2 years, female 22.5 years, and for Eskimos, male 14.6 years and female 18.5 years.² Tuberculous Indian and Eskimo patients show higher proportions of "other respiratory tuberculosis" and of "tuberculosis, other forms" (Fig. 9).

Patients without tuberculosis

Diagnoses of the 804 non-tuberculous patients are shown in Table 10. Almost half of these had no disease, were undiagnosed, or were tuberculosis suspects. Of the remainder, a majority suffered from respiratory diseases.

² These were much lower than the median ages for all patients, which were 44 years for males and 31 years for females.

FIGURE - 8

DEGREE OF ADVANCEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS
BY SEX AND AGE, 1958
(PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION)

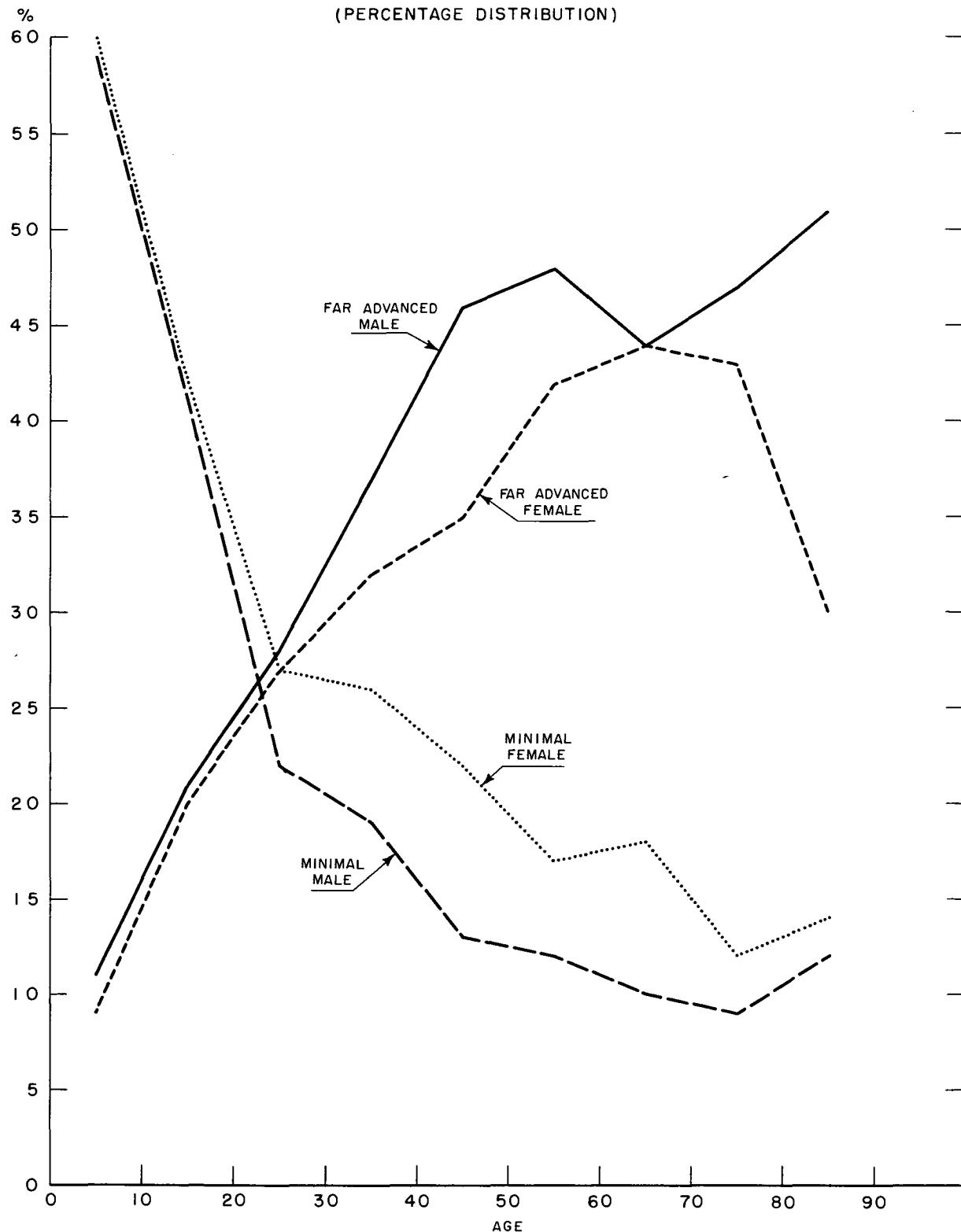
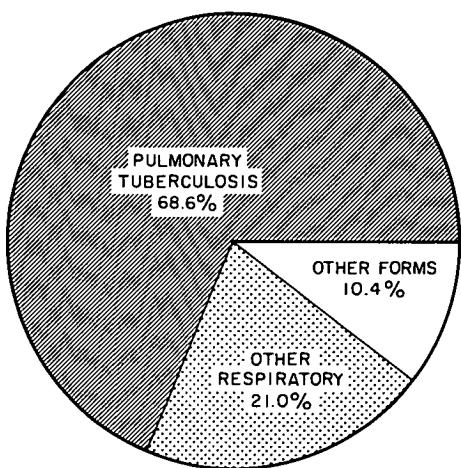


FIGURE - 9

TUBERCULOUS INDIANS AND ESKIMOS, BY DIAGNOSIS

INDIANS



ESKIMOS

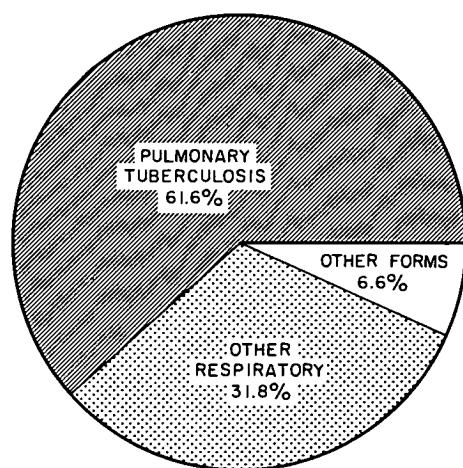


TABLE 1. All Patients at December 31, 1936-58, by Province and Sex

TABLE 1. All Patients at December 31, 1936 - 58, by Province and Sex

1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	Nº
10,721	12,006	12,407	12,950	13,598	14,930	15,090	16,047	16,051	15,220	14,418	13,317	11,910	10,744	1
5,883	6,756	6,666	6,764	7,086	7,806	7,992	8,723	8,899	8,706	8,403	7,821	7,154	6,463	2
4,838	5,250	5,741	6,186	6,512	7,124	7,098	7,324	7,152	6,514	6,015	5,496	4,756	4,279	3
..	..	..	..	..	368	409	429	568	772	803	663	564	483	4
..	..	..	..	..	170	215	213	290	405	425	329	299	250	5
..	..	..	..	..	198	194	216	278	367	378	334	265	233	6
88	135	129	135	146	145	146	142	133	149	95	92	85	80	7
40	58	55	58	65	70	62	72	70	85	50	58	54	49	8
48	77	74	77	81	75	84	70	63	64	45	34	31	31	9
595	861	857	658	626	611	650	841	781	751	696	644	538	583	10
286	523	508	316	307	306	326	454	419	439	439	379	319	352	11
309	338	349	342	319	305	324	387	362	312	257	265	219	231	12
515	659	816	815	846	805	839	858	793	699	701	632	582	602	13
237	304	393	394	424	406	407	438	403	370	382	358	325	320	14
278	355	423	421	422	399	432	420	390	329	319	274	257	282	15
3,343	3,528	3,527	3,654	4,111	4,789	4,951	5,111	4,961	4,556	4,278	4,082	3,645	3,274	16
1,706	1,856	1,814	1,866	2,075	2,405	2,495	2,618	2,658	2,528	2,463	2,377	2,175	2,019	17
1,637	1,672	1,713	1,788	2,036	2,384	2,456	2,493	2,303	2,028	1,815	1,705	1,470	1,255	18
3,379	3,818	3,559	3,965	3,918	4,123	4,083	4,171	4,242	3,987	3,823	3,568	3,100	2,736	19
2,049	2,349	2,024	2,273	2,237	2,388	2,440	2,483	2,571	2,504	2,372	2,253	2,010	1,779	20
1,330	1,469	1,535	1,692	1,681	1,735	1,643	1,688	1,671	1,483	1,451	1,315	1,090	957	21
823	825	1,007	1,100	1,161	1,159	1,137	1,111	1,116	1,064	1,014	999	940	799	22
456	430	527	527	577	578	577	581	563	566	550	557	547	448	23
367	395	480	573	584	581	560	530	553	498	464	442	393	351	24
775	775	763	739	759	795	735	790	805	833	738	658	589	507	25
436	424	400	373	378	400	358	389	413	436	410	362	312	291	26
339	351	363	366	381	395	377	401	392	397	328	296	277	216	27
386	588	645	693	800	860	893	978	940	887	785	770	724	661	28
198	320	320	333	393	456	457	495	496	459	427	399	391	342	29
188	268	325	360	407	404	436	483	444	428	358	371	333	319	30
817	817	1,104	1,191	1,231	1,275	1,247	1,414	1,364	1,245	1,267	1,064	978	866	31
475	492	625	624	630	627	655	877	844	789	795	682	641	546	32
342	325	479	567	601	648	592	537	520	456	472	382	337	320	33
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	202	348	277	218	145	165	153	34
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	103	172	125	90	67	81	69	35
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	99	176	152	128	78	84	84	36

TABLE 2. Tuberculous Patients, by Age, Province, and Sex, 1958

Note: This table and all succeeding tables refer to patients in institutions at December 31, 1958

Province and sex	All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
Number											
CANADA	T. 9,940	487	504	383	622	805	768	825	742	668	696
M. 5,986	251	254	178	268	405	379	430	410	394	480	
F. 3,934	236	250	205	354	400	389	395	332	274	216	
Newfoundland	T. 469	35	36	17	63	56	58	47	27	42	26
M. 242	18	22	10	23	25	25	22	16	11	26	18
F. 227	17	14	7	40	31	33	25	11	16	16	8
Prince Edward Island	T. 79	6	4	3	2	4	4	4	4	4	10
M. 49	3	2	2	1	2	1	2	2	3	2	8
F. 30	3	2	1	1	2	3	2	1	2	2	2
Nova Scotia	T. 560	12	10	13	27	38	49	46	43	47	45
M. 336	6	4	5	11	15	24	27	27	22	33	33
F. 224	6	6	8	16	23	25	19	16	25	12	12
New Brunswick	T. 565	36	44	25	36	35	37	48	56	43	45
M. 299	13	19	11	15	19	20	20	20	25	23	31
F. 266	23	25	14	21	16	17	28	31	20	14	14
Quebec	T. 2,892	69	64	65	184	266	280	268	264	229	225
M. 1,802	36	32	26	82	151	135	164	142	147	167	167
F. 1,090	33	32	39	102	115	145	104	122	82	58	58
Ontario	T. 2,545	111	109	79	115	198	138	206	183	144	175
M. 1,646	60	57	40	48	108	76	95	113	91	123	123
F. 899	51	52	39	67	90	62	111	70	53	52	52
Manitoba	T. 721	46	62	51	64	72	64	47	48	34	35
M. 410	22	35	27	35	29	27	14	25	21	27	27
F. 311	24	27	24	29	43	37	33	23	13	8	8
Saskatchewan	T. 499	44	50	35	22	40	25	31	22	25	31
M. 286	22	27	17	11	16	13	18	11	13	16	16
F. 213	22	23	18	11	24	12	13	11	12	15	15
Alberta	T. 641	69	48	41	53	50	56	51	37	41	42
M. 329	38	23	15	17	21	23	23	16	16	23	23
F. 312	31	25	26	36	29	33	28	21	25	19	19
British Columbia	T. 847	37	54	44	45	38	52	71	53	52	58
M. 532	18	23	21	24	16	33	41	30	30	33	33
F. 315	19	31	23	21	22	19	30	23	22	22	25
Northwest Territories	T. 122	22	23	10	11	8	5	6	5	7	4
M. 55	15	10	4	1	3	2	4	2	3	1	1
F. 67	7	13	6	10	5	3	2	3	4	3	3
Number											
CANADA	T. 660	679	522	533	404	252	136	42	4	1	207
M. 477	524	389	414	307	180	88	21	4	1	1	132
F. 183	155	133	119	97	72	48	21	—	—	—	75
Newfoundland	T. 19	17	7	8	4	2	1	—	—	—	4
M. 13	12	3	5	2	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
F. 6	5	4	3	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	4
Prince Edward Island	T. 5	8	6	8	1	2	1	2	—	—	1
M. 3	6	4	7	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1
F. 2	2	2	1	1	—	1	2	—	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	T. 40	40	43	43	22	7	11	3	—	—	21
M. 30	30	31	35	16	2	6	1	—	—	—	11
F. 10	10	12	8	6	5	5	2	—	—	—	10
New Brunswick	T. 24	34	25	20	26	13	9	5	—	—	4
M. 12	30	15	15	15	6	5	3	—	—	—	2
F. 12	4	10	5	11	7	4	2	—	—	—	2
Quebec	T. 228	209	123	130	109	57	26	7	1	—	88
M. 171	163	89	95	81	41	17	2	1	—	—	60
F. 57	46	34	35	28	16	9	5	—	—	—	28
Ontario	T. 203	208	191	167	123	80	54	16	1	—	44
M. 148	168	149	140	99	57	34	9	1	—	—	30
F. 55	40	42	27	24	23	20	7	—	—	—	14
Manitoba	T. 30	31	32	30	24	27	11	3	—	—	10
M. 22	22	24	25	18	23	6	1	—	—	—	7
F. 8	9	8	5	6	4	5	2	—	—	—	3
Saskatchewan	T. 27	25	22	35	32	23	4	1	—	—	5
M. 21	14	16	24	23	17	3	1	—	—	—	3
F. 6	11	6	11	9	6	1	—	—	—	—	2
Alberta	T. 28	26	18	28	15	15	4	1	—	—	18
M. 15	22	14	22	13	10	4	1	—	—	—	13
F. 13	4	4	6	2	5	—	—	—	—	—	5
British Columbia	T. 54	76	52	60	46	25	15	4	2	1	8
M. 41	55	43	43	38	21	12	3	2	1	1	4
F. 13	21	9	17	8	4	3	1	—	—	—	3
Northwest Territories	T. 2	5	3	4	2	1	—	—	—	—	4
M. 1	2	1	3	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	1
F. 1	3	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	3

TABLE 2. Tuberculous Patients, by Age, Province, and Sex — Concluded

Province and sex	All ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	
Ratio per 100,000 population												
CANADA	M.	68.4	22.6	25.6	21.3	40.7	67.1	60.5	67.7	69.4	72.0	97.9
	F.	46.4	22.2	26.2	25.6	55.5	67.9	65.3	62.7	55.6	51.0	46.5
Newfoundland	M.	105.5	50.7	71.3	38.5	117.3	151.1	161.9	154.0	114.8	203.3	162.4
	F.	106.3	49.0	45.9	...	202.0	206.2	258.0	209.2	90.9	146.9	...
Prince Edward Island	M.	95.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	F.	60.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nova Scotia	M.	92.2	...	...	...	35.9	57.6	104.3	121.4	121.9	100.4	160.6
	F.	63.9	...	...	...	54.9	96.7	116.9	86.8	70.1	115.4	64.2
New Brunswick	M.	101.5	32.3	50.2	33.2	58.0	96.2	115.5	115.6	144.9	137.7	202.3
	F.	91.9	60.0	68.3	44.2	81.9	78.5	96.8	156.4	176.0	123.0	98.4
Quebec	M.	72.5	10.9	10.7	9.9	39.4	82.3	74.1	90.7	86.9	99.8	127.7
	F.	44.1	10.4	11.1	15.4	49.8	61.8	79.3	56.3	72.5	55.0	45.2
Ontario	M.	55.5	16.7	17.9	15.4	23.8	54.4	34.5	41.0	52.9	46.4	70.4
	F.	30.8	14.8	17.0	15.8	34.8	46.4	29.6	48.2	32.6	27.8	31.3
Manitoba	M.	91.9	41.2	71.7	64.9	105.6	97.6	92.3	46.9	85.9	74.8	104.8
	F.	72.0	46.9	57.3	61.2	90.7	148.5	130.8	108.8	76.1	46.1	...
Saskatchewa...	M.	61.6	37.9	51.7	38.4	30.8	55.5	45.2	60.8	38.0	46.1	61.3
	F.	49.3	39.9	46.0	42.7	31.8	84.6	44.0	45.3	37.9	44.1	62.6
Alberta	M.	51.5	44.0	31.6	25.7	37.3	47.9	48.7	49.3	37.2	41.3	67.2
	F.	52.9	37.9	36.2	47.0	82.1	69.1	76.5	62.6	50.2	68.0	61.3
British Columbia	M.	66.1	19.7	28.3	31.2	45.6	30.5	56.5	69.3	54.1	56.1	67.9
	F.	41.6	21.5	39.5	35.8	42.2	47.1	38.0	53.6	40.7	41.4	55.0
Northwest Territories	M.	468.1	909.1	740.7	963.0	...	1,250.0	...	...	...	...	...
	F.	765.7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-94	95-99		
Ratio per 100,000 population												
CANADA	M.	115.8	153.1	141.6	177.7	160.2	144.1	144.1	92.9	...	...
	F.	47.8	47.4	48.4	51.1	50.0	55.6	70.6	74.7	—	—	
Newfoundland	M.	151.5	176.7	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
	F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
Prince Edward Island	M.	...	...	...	...	—	...	—	—	—	—
	F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	M.	177.5	221.1	269.6	350.0	190.5	...	...	—	—	—
	F.	67.0	76.5	103.6	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
New Brunswick	M.	96.9	288.7	168.5	193.5	232.6	...	...	—	—	—
	F.	103.7	...	113.0	...	167.9	...	...	—	—	—
Quebec	M.	158.4	187.5	131.9	180.4	205.3	166.3	141.1	...	—	—	
	F.	54.0	52.9	49.3	63.9	65.7	59.2	...	—	—	—	
Ontario	M.	99.5	133.4	149.2	172.2	152.6	136.7	165.9	...	—	—	
	F.	39.1	32.2	39.8	30.4	32.2	45.7	74.0	...	—	—	
Manitoba	M.	101.1	117.2	151.3	170.6	144.6	281.9	...	...	—	—
	F.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—
Saskatchewa...	M.	93.6	73.2	97.6	151.0	163.0	183.4	...	...	—	—
	F.	...	65.9	...	88.7	...	...	...	—	—	—
Alberta	M.	51.2	89.1	71.1	125.7	87.7	106.5	...	...	—	—
	F.	52.5	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
British Columbia	M.	100.0	163.4	157.2	159.6	147.2	117.2	140.2	...	—	—	—
	F.	36.3	69.3	...	67.1	...	...	...	—	—	—	—
Northwest Territories	M.	...	...	...	...	—	...	—	—	—	—
	F.	...	...	...	...	—	...	—	—	—	—

TABLE 3. Tuberculous Patients, by Age, Diagnosis, and Sex, 1958

No.	Diagnosis and sex	All Ages	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	
Number										
1	TOTAL	T.	9,940	487	504	383	622	805	768	825
2		M.	5,986	251	254	178	268	405	379	430
3		F.	3,954	236	250	205	354	400	389	395
4	Pulmonary (002.1 - 002.5)	T.	8,247	122	128	170	511	701	690	742
5		M.	5,099	58	74	66	215	352	345	389
6		F.	3,148	64	54	104	296	349	345	353
7	Minimal pulmonary (002.1)	T.	1,659	47	73	99	176	180	158	167
8		M.	844	23	42	43	69	79	70	75
9		F.	815	24	31	56	107	101	88	92
10	Moderately advanced pulmonary (002.2)	T.	3,471	29	32	40	213	336	326	317
11		M.	2,172	13	20	13	93	187	161	161
12		F.	1,299	16	12	27	120	149	165	156
13	Far advanced pulmonary (002.3)	T.	3,004	12	8	24	110	182	202	251
14		M.	2,028	5	7	9	49	84	111	150
15		F.	976	7	1	15	61	98	91	101
16	Other and unspecified pulmonary (002.4, 002.5)	T.	113	34	15	7	12	3	4	7
17		M.	55	17	5	1	4	2	3	3
18		F.	58	17	10	6	8	1	1	4
19	Other respiratory (001, 003 - 008)	T.	1,068	305	321	151	61	50	26	22
20		M.	556	161	154	77	29	29	11	11
21		F.	512	144	167	74	32	21	15	11
22	With occupational disease of lung (001)	T.	17	—	—	—	—	1	1	—
23		M.	14	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
24		F.	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
25	Pleurisy (003)	T.	277	6	18	39	42	41	21	19
26		M.	161	2	10	20	22	26	10	11
27		F.	116	4	8	19	20	15	11	8
28	Primary infection (004)	T.	719	281	291	106	17	7	1	1
29		M.	358	148	139	54	7	3	—	—
30		F.	361	133	152	52	10	4	1	1
31	Tracheobronchial (005)	T.	50	17	12	5	2	1	3	1
32		M.	21	10	5	3	—	—	—	—
33		F.	29	7	7	2	2	1	3	1
34	Other respiratory organs (007, 008)	T.	5	1	—	1	—	—	—	1
35		M.	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
36		F.	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	1
37	Other forms (010 - 019)	T.	625	60	55	62	50	54	52	61
38		M.	331	32	26	35	24	24	23	30
39		F.	294	28	29	27	26	30	29	31
40	Meninges and central nervous system (010)	T.	97	31	23	5	9	5	3	6
41		M.	45	16	10	4	4	2	—	1
42		F.	52	15	13	1	5	3	3	5
43	Intestines, peritoneum, and mesenteric glands (011)	T.	22	—	—	1	1	4	4	3
44		M.	8	—	—	1	—	1	1	—
45		F.	14	—	—	—	1	3	3	3
46	Bones and joints (012, 013)	T.	174	9	11	21	6	17	18	17
47		M.	98	6	6	13	3	10	8	10
48		F.	76	3	5	8	3	7	10	7
49	Skin and subcutaneous cellular tissue (014)	T.	13	1	2	2	2	3	1	—
50		M.	6	1	1	1	1	2	—	—
51		F.	7	—	1	1	1	1	1	—
52	Lymphatic system (015)	T.	125	18	15	28	15	9	5	6
53		M.	57	9	7	13	7	2	2	4
54		F.	68	9	8	15	8	7	3	2
55	Genito-urinary system (016)	T.	176	—	3	3	14	14	18	26
56		M.	109	—	1	1	7	6	11	15
57		F.	67	—	2	2	7	8	7	11
58	Other organs (017 - 019)	T.	18	1	1	2	3	2	3	3
59		M.	8	—	1	2	2	1	1	—
60		F.	10	1	—	—	1	1	2	3
Ratio per 100,000 population										
61	TOTAL	M.	68.4	22.6	25.6	21.3	40.7	67.1	60.5	67.7
62		F.	46.4	22.2	26.2	25.6	55.5	67.9	65.3	62.7
63	Pulmonary	M.	58.2	5.2	7.5	7.9	32.6	58.4	55.1	61.2
64		F.	37.0	6.0	5.6	13.0	46.4	59.2	57.9	56.1
65	Other respiratory	M.	6.3	14.5	15.6	9.2	4.4	4.8	1.8	1.7
66		F.	6.0	13.6	17.5	9.2	5.0	3.6	2.5	1.7
67	Other forms	M.	3.8	2.9	2.6	4.2	3.6	4.0	3.7	4.7
68		F.	3.4	2.6	3.0	3.4	4.1	5.1	4.9	4.9

TABLE 3. Tuberculous Patients, by Age, Diagnosis, and Sex, 1958

35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89	90-94	95-99	Not stated	No.
Number														
742	668	696	660	679	522	533	404	252	136	42	4	1	207	1
410	394	480	477	524	389	414	307	180	88	21	4	1	132	2
332	274	216	183	155	133	119	97	72	48	21	—	—	75	3
676	610	653	623	644	502	506	388	239	130	35	4	1	172	4
369	363	450	459	500	372	397	298	173	85	16	4	1	113	5
307	247	203	167	144	130	109	90	66	43	19	—	—	59	6
147	99	102	87	81	65	50	36	27	14	7	2	—	42	7
70	48	56	60	56	40	33	26	18	10	2	2	—	22	8
77	51	46	27	25	25	17	10	9	4	5	—	—	20	9
281	266	261	247	259	227	218	173	101	55	18	1	1	70	10
164	158	177	187	192	176	178	136	69	31	6	1	1	48	11
117	108	84	60	67	51	40	37	32	24	12	—	—	22	12
240	242	286	288	300	207	237	176	110	60	10	—	—	58	13
131	154	215	212	248	154	185	134	85	43	8	—	—	43	14
109	88	71	76	52	53	52	42	25	17	2	—	—	15	15
8	3	4	1	4	3	1	3	1	1	—	—	—	2	16
4	3	2	—	4	2	1	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	17
4	—	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	18
22	17	13	8	14	8	9	9	6	2	3	—	—	21	19
13	11	10	2	11	8	6	5	4	1	2	—	—	11	20
9	6	3	6	3	—	3	4	2	1	1	—	—	10	21
—	—	1	—	3	3	2	3	1	—	—	—	—	2	22
—	—	—	1	3	3	2	3	1	—	—	—	—	1	23
—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	24
22	17	11	6	9	5	6	5	4	1	3	—	—	2	25
13	11	10	2	7	5	4	1	3	—	2	—	—	2	26
9	6	1	4	2	—	2	4	1	1	1	—	—	—	27
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	28
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	29
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	30
—	—	1	2	2	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	31
—	—	1	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	32
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	33
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	34
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	35
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	36
44	41	30	29	21	12	18	7	7	4	4	—	—	14	37
26	20	20	16	13	9	11	4	3	2	3	—	—	8	38
16	21	10	13	8	3	7	3	4	2	1	—	—	6	39
1	5	2	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	40
1	2	1	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	41
—	3	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	42
—	2	2	—	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	43
—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	44
—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	45
9	13	11	10	7	7	5	5	5	—	1	—	—	2	46
5	6	8	5	4	4	2	2	3	—	1	—	—	2	47
4	7	3	5	3	3	3	3	2	—	—	—	—	—	48
—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49
—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	50
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	51
7	4	1	3	1	—	3	—	2	3	2	—	—	3	52
3	2	1	2	1	—	1	—	2	1	1	—	—	2	53
4	2	—	2	1	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	1	54
27	16	13	15	8	4	7	2	—	—	1	—	—	5	55
19	10	9	10	6	4	5	2	—	—	1	—	—	2	56
8	6	4	5	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	57
—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	58
—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	59
—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	60
Ratio per 100,000 population														
69.4	72.0	97.9	115.8	153.1	141.6	177.7	160.2	144.1	144.1	92.9	... —	... —	61	
55.6	51.0	46.5	47.8	47.4	48.4	51.1	50.0	55.6	70.6	74.7	... —	... —	62	
62.5	66.4	91.8	111.4	146.1	135.4	170.4	155.5	138.4	139.2	70.8	... —	... —	63	
51.4	46.0	43.7	42.9	44.0	47.3	46.8	46.4	51.0	66.1	67.6	... —	... —	64	
2.2	2.0	2.0	...	3.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	65	
...	...	...	...	...	—	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	66	
4.7	3.6	4.1	3.9	3.8	...	4.7	...	...	...	...	—	—	67	
2.7	3.9	2.2	3.4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	68	

TABLE 4. Tuberculous Patients, 15 Years and Over, by Sex, Age, Diagnosis, and Marital Status, 1958

Diagnosis and marital status	Male						Female					
	Total	15-24	25-44	45-64	65 or over	Not stated	Total	15-24	25-44	45-64	65 or over	Not stated
Number												
TOTAL	5,303	673	1,613	1,870	1,015	132	3,263	754	1,390	687	357	75
Single	2,191	601	692	581	262	55	1,082	525	328	129	67	33
Married	2,604	68	881	1,107	489	59	1,859	223	1,020	449	132	35
Widowed	421	—	18	142	249	12	287	2	24	99	155	7
Divorced	57	—	14	30	11	2	18	1	6	10	1	—
Not stated	30	4	8	10	4	4	17	3	12	—	2	—
Pulmonary	4,901	567	1,466	1,781	974	113	2,926	645	1,252	641	329	59
Single	1,984	502	633	551	255	43	949	451	297	117	62	22
Married	2,436	62	796	1,057	468	53	1,681	191	916	421	122	31
Widowed	400	—	18	134	236	12	266	1	23	94	142	6
Divorced	55	—	12	30	11	2	17	1	6	9	1	—
Not stated	26	3	7	9	4	3	13	1	10	—	2	—
Other respiratory	164	58	46	31	18	11	127	53	41	12	11	10
Single	94	54	16	11	5	8	61	38	11	1	2	9
Married	63	4	29	18	9	3	55	15	29	7	4	—
Widowed	6	—	—	2	4	—	10	—	1	3	5	1
Divorced	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—
Not stated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other forms	238	48	101	58	23	8	210	56	97	34	17	6
Single	113	45	43	19	2	4	72	36	20	11	3	2
Married	105	2	56	32	12	3	123	17	75	21	6	4
Widowed	15	—	—	6	9	—	11	1	—	2	8	—
Divorced	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not stated	4	1	1	1	—	1	4	2	2	—	—	—
Ratio per 100,000 population												
TOTAL	91	53	67	123	160		57	61	59	47	55	
Single	122	57	137	322	367		81	65	103	85	104	
Married	68	32	47	87	115		49	53	51	41	51	
Widowed and divorced	220	—	218	283	189		53	...	63	55	48	
Pulmonary	84	45	61	117	154		51	52	53	44	50	
Single	111	48	125	306	357		81	56	94	77	96	
Married	64	29	42	83	110		44	46	46	38	47	
Widowed and divorced	209	—	205	270	179		53	...	61	52	44	

TABLE 5. All Patients, Time Since Admission, by Province, 1958

Time since admission	Canada	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	N.W.T.
Numerical distribution												
TOTAL	10,744	483	80	583	602	3,274	2,736	799	507	661	866	153
4 years or more	473	3	7	15	33	145	195	16	16	21	18	4
3-4 years	297	3	5	7	14	68	54	9	3	12	122	—
2-3 years	451	2	6	16	21	138	95	49	28	30	64	2
1-2 years	1,476	57	8	95	64	323	347	160	98	119	149	56
6-12 months	2,758	142	17	192	124	746	771	215	136	186	177	52
4-6 months	1,436	113	15	71	70	473	364	102	61	83	70	14
3-4 months	823	35	4	51	36	310	185	52	38	60	44	8
2-3 months	1,025	50	3	53	92	365	266	55	40	40	55	6
1-2 months	1,007	47	5	45	77	351	250	55	35	54	87	1
Under 1 month	998	31	10	38	71	355	209	86	52	56	80	10
Tuberculous	9,940	469	79	560	565	2,892	2,545	721	499	641	847	122
4 years or more	460	3	7	15	32	139	190	16	16	20	18	4
3-4 years	284	3	5	7	13	62	53	9	3	12	117	—
2-3 years	430	2	6	16	19	129	88	47	28	30	63	2
1-2 years	1,416	57	8	95	59	300	333	156	96	119	145	48
6-12 months	2,638	139	17	189	121	704	732	197	136	185	174	44
4-6 months	1,327	112	15	65	69	414	341	95	59	80	69	8
3-4 months	762	35	4	49	35	278	175	42	37	58	44	5
2-3 months	917	48	3	51	88	311	229	51	39	39	53	5
1-2 months	886	44	5	43	67	280	229	46	35	50	86	1
Under 1 month	820	26	9	30	62	275	175	62	50	48	78	5
Non-tuberculous	804	14	1	23	37	382	191	78	8	20	19	31
4 years or more	13	—	—	—	1	6	5	—	—	1	—	—
3-4 years	13	—	—	—	1	6	1	—	—	5	—	—
2-3 years	21	—	—	—	2	9	7	2	—	—	1	—
1-2 years	60	—	—	—	5	23	14	4	2	—	4	8
6-12 months	120	3	—	3	3	42	39	18	—	1	3	8
4-6 months	109	1	—	6	1	59	23	7	2	3	1	6
3-4 months	61	—	—	2	1	32	10	10	1	2	—	3
2-3 months	108	2	—	2	4	54	37	4	1	1	2	1
1-2 months	121	3	—	2	10	71	21	9	—	4	1	—
Under 1 month	178	5	1	8	9	80	34	24	2	8	2	5
Percentage distribution												
TOTAL	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 4 years	95.6	99.4	91.2	97.4	94.5	95.6	92.9	98.0	96.8	96.8	97.9	97.4
Under 3 years	92.8	98.8	85.0	96.2	92.2	93.4	90.9	96.9	96.3	95.0	83.8	97.4
Under 2 years	88.6	98.3	77.5	93.5	88.7	89.3	87.4	90.7	90.7	90.5	76.4	96.1
Under 1 year	74.9	86.5	67.5	77.2	78.1	79.4	74.7	70.7	71.4	72.5	59.2	59.5
Under 6 months	49.2	57.1	46.3	44.3	57.5	56.6	46.6	43.8	44.6	44.3	38.8	25.5
Under 4 months	35.9	33.7	27.5	32.1	45.8	42.2	33.3	31.0	32.5	31.8	30.7	16.3
Under 3 months	28.2	26.5	22.5	23.3	39.9	32.7	26.5	24.5	25.0	22.7	25.6	11.1
Under 2 months	18.7	16.1	18.8	14.2	24.6	21.6	16.8	17.6	17.2	16.6	19.3	7.2
Under 1 month	9.3	6.4	12.5	6.5	11.8	10.8	7.6	10.8	10.3	8.5	9.2	6.5
Tuberculous	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 4 years	95.4	99.4	91.1	97.3	94.3	95.2	92.5	97.8	96.8	96.9	97.9	96.7
Under 3 years	92.5	98.7	84.8	96.1	92.0	93.0	90.4	96.5	96.2	95.0	84.1	96.7
Under 2 years	88.2	98.3	77.2	93.2	88.7	88.6	87.0	90.0	90.6	90.3	76.6	95.1
Under 1 year	73.9	86.1	67.1	76.2	78.2	78.2	73.9	68.4	71.3	71.8	59.5	55.7
Under 6 months	47.4	56.5	45.6	42.5	56.8	53.9	45.1	41.1	44.1	42.9	39.0	19.7
Under 4 months	34.1	32.6	26.6	30.9	44.6	39.6	31.7	27.9	32.3	30.4	30.8	13.1
Under 3 months	26.4	25.2	21.5	22.1	38.4	29.9	24.9	22.1	24.8	21.4	25.6	9.0
Under 2 months	17.2	14.9	17.7	13.0	22.8	19.2	15.9	15.0	17.0	15.3	19.4	4.9
Under 1 month	8.2	5.5	11.4	5.4	11.0	9.5	6.9	8.6	10.0	7.5	9.2	4.1
Non-tuberculous	100.0	100.0	...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	...	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 4 years	98.4	100.0	...	100.0	97.3	98.4	97.4	97.4	...	95.0	73.7	100.0
Under 3 years	96.8	100.0	...	100.0	94.6	96.9	96.9	97.4	...	95.0	73.7	100.0
Under 2 years	94.2	100.0	...	100.0	89.2	94.5	93.2	97.4	...	95.0	66.4	100.0
Under 1 year	66.7	100.0	...	100.0	75.7	88.5	85.9	92.3	...	95.0	47.4	74.2
Under 6 months	71.8	78.6	...	87.0	67.6	77.5	65.4	69.2	...	90.0	31.6	48.4
Under 4 months	58.2	—	...	60.9	64.9	62.0	53.4	60.3	...	75.0	26.3	29.0
Under 3 months	50.6	71.4	...	52.2	62.2	53.7	48.2	47.4	...	65.0	26.3	19.4
Under 2 months	37.2	57.1	...	43.5	51.4	39.5	28.8	42.3	...	60.0	15.8	16.1
Under 1 month	22.1	35.7	...	34.8	24.3	20.9	17.8	30.8	...	40.0	10.5	16.1

TABLE 6. All Patients, by Sex, Diagnosis, and Time of Admission, 1936-58

No.	Time of admission	Both sexes				
		All diagnoses	Pulmonary tuberculosis	Other respiratory tuberculosis	Other forms of tuberculosis	Non-tuberculous
1	TOTAL	10,744	8,247	1,068	625	804
2	1936	5	5	—	—	—
3	1937	2	1	—	1	—
4	1938	3	3	—	—	—
5	1939	1	1	—	—	—
6	1940	5	5	—	—	—
7	1941	2	2	—	—	—
8	1942	5	4	1	—	—
9	1943	5	5	—	—	—
10	1944	6	6	—	—	—
11	1945	12	12	—	—	—
12	1946	11	10	—	1	—
13	1947	11	8	1	—	2
14	1948	25	21	—	3	1
15	1949	28	26	1	1	—
16	1950	39	39	—	—	—
17	1951	46	44	—	—	2
18	1952	59	55	1	1	2
19	1953	85	80	3	2	—
20	1954	123	109	2	6	6
21	1955	297	268	6	10	13
22	1956 January-March	83	71	4	4	4
23	April-June	92	82	3	5	2
24	July-September	130	111	6	6	7
25	October-December	146	121	11	6	8
26	1957 January-March	198	161	18	11	8
27	April-June	244	202	23	12	7
28	July-September	466	361	62	24	19
29	October-December	568	458	58	26	26
30	1958 January	384	300	62	17	5
31	February	358	284	39	24	11
32	March	412	311	47	32	22
33	April	476	374	49	37	16
34	May	521	395	57	36	33
35	June	607	464	75	35	33
36	July	714	526	90	41	57
37	August	722	537	90	43	52
38	September	823	628	84	50	61
39	Octoher	1,025	767	99	51	108
40	November	1,007	706	104	76	121
41	December	998	684	72	64	178

TABLE 6. All Patients, by Sex, Diagnosis, and Time of Admission, 1936-58

All diagnoses	Male				Female					No.
	Pulmonary tuberculosis	Other respiratory tuberculosis	Other forms of tuberculosis	Non-tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary tuberculosis	Other respiratory tuberculosis	Other forms of tuberculosis	Non-tuberculous	
6,465	5,099	556	331	479	4,279	3,148	512	294	325	1
4	4	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2
1	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	3
2	2	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	4
1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
1	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	7
5	4	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
1	1	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	—	9
4	4	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	10
5	5	—	—	—	7	7	—	—	—	11
8	7	—	1	—	3	3	—	—	—	12
9	7	1	—	1	2	1	—	—	1	13
19	17	—	2	—	6	4	—	1	1	14
18	18	—	—	—	10	8	1	1	—	15
27	27	—	—	—	12	12	—	—	—	16
32	31	—	—	1	14	13	—	—	1	17
44	42	1	—	1	15	13	—	1	1	18
54	52	2	—	—	31	28	1	2	—	19
82	77	—	3	2	41	32	2	3	4	20
201	181	5	4	11	96	87	1	6	2	21
59	53	2	3	1	24	18	2	1	3	22
64	56	3	3	2	28	26	—	2	—	23
91	80	2	5	4	39	31	4	1	3	24
90	75	4	5	6	56	46	7	1	2	25
119	103	9	5	2	79	58	9	6	6	26
154	128	13	6	7	90	74	10	6	—	27
288	224	35	15	14	178	137	27	9	5	28
359	309	27	12	11	209	149	31	14	15	29
206	160	34	10	2	178	140	28	7	3	30
194	153	20	15	6	164	131	19	9	5	31
229	180	23	16	10	183	131	24	16	12	32
297	234	29	26	8	179	140	20	11	8	33
313	240	35	18	20	208	155	22	18	13	34
354	273	37	22	22	253	191	38	13	11	35
425	320	52	20	33	289	206	38	21	24	36
435	324	50	22	39	287	213	40	21	13	37
508	400	43	22	43	315	228	41	28	18	38
554	437	40	20	57	471	330	59	31	51	39
566	415	50	36	65	441	291	54	40	56	40
637	448	38	40	111	361	236	34	24	67	41

TABLE 7. Tuberculous Patients, by Sex, Type of Admission, and Time of Admission, 1936-58

No.	Time of admission	Both sexes					
		Total	First admissions	Re-admissions	To continue treatment	Reviews	Transfers
1	Total	9,940	6,331	2,321	220	22	1,046
2	1936	5	2	3	—	—	—
3	1937	2	1	1	—	—	—
4	1938	3	2	1	—	—	—
5	1939	1	1	—	—	—	—
6	1940	5	2	3	—	—	—
7	1941	2	1	1	—	—	—
8	1942	5	2	3	—	—	—
9	1943	5	—	5	—	—	—
10	1944	6	3	3	—	—	—
11	1945	12	7	5	—	—	—
12	1946	11	5	6	—	—	—
13	1947	9	5	3	—	—	1
14	1948	24	15	7	—	—	2
15	1949	28	16	10	—	—	2
16	1950	39	23	13	1	—	2
17	1951	44	23	17	—	—	4
18	1952	57	29	21	1	—	6
19	1953	85	41	27	3	—	14
20	1954	117	50	41	5	—	21
21	1955	284	191	67	1	—	25
22	1956 January - March	79	39	25	—	—	15
23	April - June	90	53	21	1	—	15
24	July - September	123	65	37	1	—	20
25	October - December	138	74	46	3	—	15
26	1957 January - March	190	115	44	5	—	26
27	April - June	237	132	67	2	—	36
28	July - September	447	277	89	12	—	69
29	October - December	542	325	135	15	—	67
30	1958 January	379	257	65	5	—	52
31	February	347	244	75	2	—	26
32	March	390	247	83	—	—	60
33	April	460	319	83	8	—	50
34	May	488	354	91	7	—	36
35	June	574	433	79	10	—	52
36	July	657	451	131	14	—	61
37	August	670	477	138	15	—	40
38	September	762	456	200	25	—	81
39	October	917	576	222	34	—	85
40	November	886	548	218	23	8	89
41	December	820	470	235	27	14	74

TABLE 7. Tuberculous Patients, by Sex, Type of Admission, and Time of Admission, 1936-58

Male						Female						No.
Total	First admissions	Re-admissions	To continue treatment	Reviews	Transfers	Total	First admissions	Re-admissions	To continue treatment	Reviews	Transfers	
5,986	3,695	1,450	155	13	673	3,954	2,636	871	65	9	373	1
4	1	3	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	2
1	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	3
2	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	4
1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
5	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
1	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	7
5	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
1	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	4	—	—	—	9
4	2	2	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	—	10
5	3	2	—	—	—	7	4	3	—	—	—	11
8	3	5	—	—	—	3	2	1	—	—	—	12
8	5	2	—	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	13
19	13	5	—	—	1	5	2	2	—	—	1	14
18	9	7	—	—	2	10	7	3	—	—	—	15
27	15	9	1	—	2	12	8	4	—	—	—	16
31	19	10	—	—	2	13	4	7	—	—	2	17
43	24	14	1	—	4	14	5	7	—	—	2	18
54	28	19	1	—	6	31	13	8	2	—	8	19
80	32	30	2	—	16	37	18	11	3	—	5	20
190	124	51	1	—	14	94	67	16	—	—	11	21
58	28	21	—	—	9	21	11	4	—	—	6	22
62	36	15	1	—	10	28	17	6	—	—	5	23
87	46	24	1	—	16	36	19	13	—	—	4	24
84	41	32	2	—	9	54	33	14	1	—	6	25
117	68	29	2	—	18	73	47	15	3	—	8	26
147	79	41	2	—	25	90	53	26	—	—	11	27
274	171	44	6	—	53	173	106	45	6	—	16	28
348	201	93	11	—	43	194	124	42	4	—	24	29
204	136	32	3	—	33	175	121	33	2	—	19	30
188	133	40	2	—	13	159	111	35	—	—	13	31
219	135	46	—	—	38	171	112	37	—	—	22	32
289	193	54	8	—	34	171	126	29	—	—	16	33
293	212	50	6	—	25	195	142	41	1	—	11	34
332	254	45	7	—	26	242	179	34	3	—	26	35
392	265	81	7	—	39	265	186	50	7	—	22	36
396	268	90	11	—	27	274	209	48	4	—	13	37
465	266	132	15	—	52	297	190	68	10	—	29	38
497	286	135	25	—	51	420	290	87	9	—	34	39
501	287	135	17	5	57	385	261	83	8	3	32	40
526	305	143	23	8	47	294	165	92	4	6	27	41

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TABLE 8. Tuberculous Patients, by Age, Origin, and Sex, 1958

Origin and sex		All ages	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49
TOTAL	T.	9,940	487	504	383	622	805	768	825	742	668	696
	M.	5,986	251	254	178	268	405	379	430	410	394	480
	F.	3,954	236	250	205	354	400	389	395	332	274	216
Indian	T.	1,602	174	182	156	160	188	134	115	75	64	69
	M.	780	88	93	76	72	78	55	40	36	31	38
	F.	822	86	89	80	88	110	79	75	39	33	31
Eskimo	T.	393	56	74	46	34	41	21	28	19	17	13
	M.	178	34	36	19	10	18	8	12	10	5	7
	F.	215	22	38	27	24	23	13	16	9	12	6
Other	T.	7,836	251	247	179	426	569	609	670	641	576	599
	M.	4,961	126	125	81	185	306	314	368	362	351	424
	F.	2,875	125	122	98	241	263	295	302	279	225	175
Not stated	T.	109	6	1	2	2	7	4	12	7	11	15
	M.	67	3	—	2	1	3	2	10	2	7	11
	F.	42	3	1	—	1	4	2	2	5	4	4
	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 - 69	70 - 74	75 - 79	80 - 84	85 - 89	90 - 94	95 - 99	Not stated	
TOTAL	T.	660	679	522	533	404	252	136	42	4	1	207
	M.	477	524	389	414	307	180	88	21	4	1	132
	F.	183	155	133	119	97	72	48	21	—	—	75
Indian	T.	48	64	43	33	22	21	10	—	—	—	46
	M.	30	38	30	20	14	14	6	—	—	—	21
	F.	16	26	13	13	8	7	4	—	—	—	25
Eskimo	T.	7	9	7	8	1	2	—	—	—	—	10
	M.	2	3	3	6	1	1	—	—	—	—	3
	F.	5	6	4	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	7
Other	T.	600	594	465	485	381	225	125	42	4	1	147
	M.	441	474	352	386	292	162	81	21	4	1	105
	F.	159	120	113	99	89	63	44	21	—	—	42
Not stated	T.	7	12	7	7	—	4	1	—	—	—	4
	M.	4	9	4	2	—	3	1	—	—	—	3
	F.	3	3	3	5	—	1	—	—	—	—	1

TABLE 9. All Indian and Eskimo Patients, by Sex and Diagnosis, 1958

Diagnosis	Indian			Eskimo		
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
TOTAL	1,708	836	872	469	213	254
Pulmonary tuberculosis.....	1,099	523	576	242	106	136
Other respiratory tuberculosis	337	176	161	125	57	68
Other forms of tuberculosis	166	81	85	26	15	11
Non-tuberculous	106	56	50	76	37	39

TABLE 10. Non-tuberculous Patients, by Sex and Diagnosis, 1958

Diagnosis	Both sexes	Male	Female	Diagnosis	Both sexes	Male	Female
TOTAL	804	479	325	Acute upper respiratory infections	1	—	1
Septicaemia and pyaemia	2	1	1	Influenza	3	3	—
Acute poliomyelitis	3	1	2	Lobar pneumonia	11	7	4
Hydatid disease	3	1	2	Bronchopneumonia	10	6	4
All other diseases classified as infective and parasitic	4	4	—	Primary atypical, other, and unspecified pneumonia	22	11	11
Malignant neoplasm of buccal cavity and pharynx	1	1	—	Acute bronchitis	3	1	2
Malignant neoplasm of intestine, except rectum	1	—	1	Bronchitis, chronic and unqualified	56	36	20
Malignant neoplasm of larynx	2	2	—	Hypertrophy of tonsils and adenoids	1	—	1
Malignant neoplasm of trachea, bronchus, and lung, not specified as secondary	20	16	4	Empyema and abscess of lung	14	12	2
Malignant neoplasm of breast	1	—	1	Pleurisy	13	10	3
Malignant neoplasm of bone and connective tissue	1	1	—	All other respiratory diseases	116	73	43
Malignant neoplasm of all other and unspecified sites	3	2	1	Spontaneous pneumothorax	3	3	—
Lymphosarcoma and other neoplasms of lymphatic and haematopoietic system	1	—	1	Pulmonary congestion and hypostasis	8	4	4
Benign neoplasms and neoplasms of unspecified nature	1	—	1	Pneumoconiosis due to silica and silicates	7	7	—
Thyrotoxicosis with or without goiter	1	—	1	Other chronic interstitial pneumonia	19	14	5
Diabetes mellitus	3	2	1	Bronchiectasis	50	24	26
Avitaminosis and other deficiency states	1	—	1	Other diseases of lung and pleural cavity	27	21	6
Anaemias	6	2	4	Ulcer of stomach	1	1	—
Allergic disorders; all other endocrine, metabolic, and blood diseases	8	8	—	Gastro-enteritis and colitis, except diarrhoea of the newborn	2	1	1
Psychoses	7	7	—	Cholelithiasis and cholecystitis	2	1	1
Psychoneuroses and disorders of personality	13	4	9	Other diseases of digestive system	1	1	—
Mental deficiency	1	1	—	Chronic, other, and unspecified nephritis	1	—	1
Vascular lesions affecting central nervous system	9	6	3	Diseases of breast	1	—	1
Non-meningococcal meningitis	1	—	1	Infections of skin and subcutaneous tissue	1	1	—
Multiple sclerosis	3	—	3	Arthritis and spondylitis	8	4	4
All other diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	8	3	5	Muscular rheumatism and rheumatism unspecified	1	1	—
Arteriosclerotic and degenerative heart disease	12	9	3	Osteomyelitis and periostitis	1	—	1
Other diseases of heart	8	5	3	Ankylosis and acquired musculoskeletal deformities	1	1	—
Hypertension with heart disease	1	1	—	All other diseases of skin and musculoskeletal system	2	2	—
Hypertension without mention of heart	6	3	3	Congenital malformations of circulatory system	1	1	—
Diseases of arteries	2	1	1	All other congenital malformations	3	—	3
Other diseases of circulatory system	3	2	1	Ill-defined and unknown causes of morbidity and mortality	7	2	5
				Births	1	1	—
				No disease, no diagnosis, and suspected tuberculosis only	384	220	164

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TABLE 11. All Patients, by Sex, Diagnosis, Province, and Institution, 1958

Province and institution	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non tuberculous
	Number														
CANADA	10,744	8,247	1,068	625	804	6,463	5,099	556	331	479	4,279	3,148	512	294	325
Newfoundland	483	363	64	40	14	250	184	37	21	8	233	181	27	19	6
Cartwright	8	5	1	1	1	5	2	1	1	1	3	3	—	—	—
Corner Brook	178	144	12	14	8	82	65	5	7	5	96	79	7	7	3
North West River	6	4	2	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	4	3	1	—	—
St. Anthony	70	51	7	10	2	37	26	4	7	—	33	25	3	3	2
St. John's	215	157	42	13	3	121	87	26	6	2	94	70	16	7	1
Twillingate	6	4	—	2	—	3	3	—	—	—	3	1	—	2	—
Prince Edward Island	80	57	16	6	1	49	39	7	3	—	31	18	9	3	1
Charlottetown	80	57	16	6	1	49	39	7	3	—	31	18	9	3	1
Nova Scotia	583	524	28	8	23	352	320	11	5	16	231	204	17	3	7
Dartmouth	27	27	—	—	—	19	19	—	—	—	8	8	—	—	—
Cole Harbour	47	46	—	—	1	25	24	—	—	1	22	22	—	—	—
Halifax	24	16	7	1	—	10	7	2	1	—	14	9	5	—	—
Kentville	246	228	3	4	11	142	130	1	2	9	104	98	2	2	2
Shelburne	62	59	2	1	—	46	45	—	1	—	16	14	2	—	—
Sydney (Cape Breton Hosp.)	32	32	—	—	—	20	20	—	—	—	12	12	—	—	—
Sydney (Point Edward Hosp.)	145	116	16	2	11	90	75	8	1	6	55	41	8	1	5
New Brunswick	602	414	109	42	37	320	232	44	23	21	282	182	65	19	16
Moncton	105	38	43	14	10	50	19	19	6	6	55	19	24	8	4
St. Basile	116	68	33	4	11	59	39	14	—	6	57	29	19	4	5
St. John (Lancaster Hosp.)	1	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. John (St. John T.B. Hosp.)	170	120	21	20	9	95	68	6	15	6	75	52	15	5	3
The Glades	65	62	3	—	—	43	41	2	—	—	22	21	1	—	—
Vallée-Lourdes	145	125	9	4	7	72	64	3	2	3	73	61	6	2	4
Quebec	3,274	2,628	171	93	382	2,019	1,667	90	45	217	1,255	961	81	48	165
Gaspé	243	123	29	5	86	133	67	13	2	51	110	56	16	3	35
Hull	109	84	23	1	1	70	57	12	1	—	39	27	11	—	1
Lac-Édouard	85	73	2	1	9	57	52	1	1	3	28	21	1	—	6
Lac-Etchemin	162	145	6	5	6	108	97	4	3	4	54	48	2	2	2
Macamic	90	63	6	8	13	59	43	4	3	9	31	20	2	5	4
Mont-Joli	382	284	43	9	46	215	154	27	6	28	167	130	16	3	18
Montreal (Alexandra Hosp.)	36	29	2	4	1	20	15	2	2	1	16	14	—	2	—
Montreal (Children's Hosp.)	1	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Montreal (Grace Dart Hosp.)	119	106	3	4	6	82	76	—	1	5	37	30	3	3	1
Montreal (Hôpital du Sacré-Coeur)	225	200	5	1	19	154	143	2	1	8	71	57	3	—	11
Montreal (Hôpital St-Joseph)	399	379	5	2	13	244	231	3	1	9	155	148	2	1	4
Montreal (Queen Mary Veterans' Hosp.)	20	17	1	—	2	20	17	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
Montreal (Royal Edward Laurentian Hosp.)	112	87	—	4	21	75	60	—	2	13	37	27	—	2	8
Roberval	299	250	24	7	18	166	140	9	3	14	133	110	15	4	4
Quebec-West	21	17	1	3	—	17	14	1	2	—	4	3	—	1	—
Ste-Agathe-des-Monts (Mount Sinai San.)	97	83	—	2	12	74	63	—	2	9	23	20	—	—	3
Ste-Agathe-des-Monts (Royal Edward Laurentian Hosp.)	134	133	1	—	—	101	101	—	—	—	33	32	1	—	—
Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue	46	44	1	1	—	46	44	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ste-Foy	400	312	17	30	41	209	167	10	11	21	191	145	7	19	20
Sherbrooke	69	64	1	—	4	36	34	—	—	2	33	30	1	—	2
Trois-Rivières	225	135	1	5	64	132	92	—	2	38	93	43	1	3	46

TABLE 11. All Patients, by Sex, Diagnosis, Province, and Institution, 1958 - Continued

Province and institution	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non-tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non-tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non-tuberculous
Number															
Ontario	2,736	2,101	270	174	191	1,779	1,398	153	95	133	957	703	117	79	58
Brantford	83	76	1	1	5	63	57	1	-	5	20	19	-	1	-
Cornwall	58	52	1	-	5	39	35	-	-	4	19	17	1	-	1
Fort William	285	176	61	25	23	195	126	34	17	18	90	50	27	8	5
Gravenhurst	174	156	6	4	8	133	119	3	4	7	41	37	3	-	1
Halleybury	57	48	5	-	4	44	36	4	-	4	13	12	1	-	-
Hamilton	351	230	73	15	33	201	137	36	7	21	150	93	37	8	12
Kingston	97	82	2	-	13	70	62	2	-	6	27	20	-	-	7
Kitchener	54	40	5	6	3	36	25	4	4	3	18	15	1	2	-
London	255	200	10	15	30	174	141	7	6	20	81	59	3	9	10
Moose Factory	73	36	12	2	23	36	17	6	1	12	37	19	6	1	11
Ottawa	247	198	24	16	9	149	117	17	10	5	98	81	7	6	4
St. Catharines	140	112	5	19	4	86	73	3	6	4	54	39	2	13	-
Sioux Lookout	6	5	1	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	4	3	1	-	-
Sudbury	133	90	19	11	13	89	59	14	6	10	44	31	5	5	3
Toronto	35	31	1	1	2	23	20	-	1	2	12	11	1	-	-
Weston	571	473	39	50	9	359	304	22	27	6	212	169	17	23	3
Windsor	117	96	5	9	7	80	68	-	6	6	37	28	5	3	1
Manitoba	799	583	79	57	78	448	337	40	33	38	351	248	39	24	40
Brandon	230	160	15	24	31	114	74	7	16	17	116	86	8	8	14
Ninette	173	146	5	7	15	109	93	3	6	7	64	53	2	1	8
St. Vital	230	198	15	14	3	144	128	7	7	2	86	70	8	7	1
The Pas	137	63	39	7	28	64	31	20	1	12	73	32	19	6	16
Winnipeg	29	18	5	5	1	17	11	3	3	-	12	7	2	2	1
Saskatchewan	507	381	50	68	8	291	218	31	37	5	216	163	19	31	3
Fort Qu'Appelle	34	16	12	6	-	12	6	5	1	-	22	10	7	5	-
Fort San	149	113	9	22	5	110	83	9	14	4	39	30	-	8	1
Prince Albert	232	173	29	29	1	108	77	17	13	1	124	96	12	16	-
Saskatoon	92	79	-	11	2	61	52	-	9	-	31	27	-	2	2
Alberta	661	442	120	79	20	342	228	62	39	13	319	214	58	40	7
Calgary	143	104	27	9	3	94	71	14	6	3	49	33	13	3	-
Edmonton (Aberhart San.)	252	169	38	35	10	137	92	19	18	8	115	77	19	17	2
Edmonton (Charles Camell Hosp.)	266	169	55	35	7	111	65	29	15	2	155	104	26	20	5
British Columbia	866	678	114	55	19	546	445	58	29	14	320	233	56	26	5
Essondale	205	182	2	8	13	135	118	1	4	12	70	64	1	4	1
Sardis (Indian Health Services)	327	173	108	43	3	159	83	54	22	-	168	90	54	21	3
Vancouver (Division of T.B. Control)	334	323	4	4	3	252	244	3	3	2	82	79	1	1	1
Northwest Territories	153	72	47	3	31	69	31	23	1	14	84	41	24	2	17
Aklavik (All Saints' Hosp.)	38	19	15	-	4	22	11	8	-	3	16	8	7	-	1
Aklavik (Immaculate Conception Hosp.)	30	13	7	-	10	11	6	2	-	3	19	7	5	-	7
Fort Rae	20	12	3	-	5	10	6	2	-	2	10	6	1	-	3
Fort Simpson	28	8	4	2	12	10	2	1	1	6	16	6	3	1	6
Fort Smith	38	20	18	1	-	16	6	10	-	-	23	14	8	1	-

TABLE 11. All Patients, by Sex, Diagnosis, Province, and Institution, 1958 — Continued

Province and institution	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non-tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non-tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non-tuberculous
Percentage distribution															
CANADA	100.0	76.8	9.9	5.8	7.5	100.0	78.9	8.6	5.1	7.4	100.0	73.6	12.0	6.9	7.6
Newfoundland	100.0	75.6	13.3	8.3	2.9	100.0	73.6	14.8	8.4	3.2	100.0	77.7	11.6	8.2	2.6
Cartwright .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Corner Brook	100.0	80.9	6.7	7.9	4.5	100.0	79.3	6.1	8.5	6.1	100.0	82.3	7.3	7.3	3.1
North West River .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Anthony	100.0	72.9	10.0	14.3	2.9	100.0	70.3	10.8	18.9	—	100.0	75.8	9.1	9.1	6.1
St. John's	100.0	73.0	19.5	6.0	1.4	100.0	71.9	21.5	5.0	1.7	100.0	74.5	17.0	7.4	1.1
Twillingate .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	100.0	71.3	20.0	7.5	1.2	100.0	79.6	14.3	6.1	—	100.0	58.1	29.0	9.7	3.2
Charlottetown	100.0	71.3	20.0	7.5	1.2	100.0	79.6	14.3	6.1	—	100.0	58.1	29.0	9.7	3.2
Nova Scotia.....	100.0	89.9	4.8	1.4	3.9	100.0	90.9	3.1	1.4	4.5	100.0	88.3	7.4	1.3	3.0
Dartmouth	100.0	100.0	—	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	...
Cole Harbour	100.0	97.9	—	—	2.1	100.0	96.0	—	—	4.0	100.0	100.0	—	—	—
Halifax	100.0	66.7	29.2	4.2	—	100.0	70.0	20.0	10.0	—	100.0	64.3	35.7	—	—
Kentville	100.0	92.7	1.2	1.6	4.5	100.0	91.5	0.7	1.4	6.3	100.0	94.2	1.9	1.9	1.9
Shelburne	100.0	95.2	3.2	1.6	—	100.0	97.8	—	2.2	—	100.0	87.5	12.5	—	—
Sydney (Cape Breton Hosp.)	100.0	100.0	—	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	—
Sydney (Point Edward Hosp.)	100.0	80.0	11.0	1.4	7.6	100.0	83.3	8.9	1.1	6.7	100.0	74.5	14.5	1.8	9.1
New Brunswick	100.0	68.8	18.1	7.0	6.1	100.0	72.5	13.8	7.2	6.6	100.0	64.5	23.0	6.7	5.7
Moncton	100.0	36.2	41.0	13.3	9.5	100.0	38.0	38.0	12.0	12.0	100.0	34.5	43.6	14.5	7.3
St. Basile	100.0	58.6	28.4	3.4	9.5	100.0	66.1	23.7	—	10.2	100.0	50.9	33.3	7.0	8.8
St. John (Lancaster Hosp.) .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. John (St. John T.B. Hosp.)	100.0	70.6	12.3	11.8	5.3	100.0	71.6	6.3	15.8	6.3	100.0	69.3	20.0	6.7	4.0
The Glades	100.0	95.4	4.6	—	—	100.0	98.3	4.7	—	—	100.0	95.5	4.5	—	—
Vallée-Lourdes	100.0	86.2	6.2	2.8	4.8	100.0	88.9	4.2	2.8	4.2	100.0	83.6	8.2	2.7	5.5
Quebec	100.0	80.3	5.2	2.8	11.7	100.0	82.6	4.5	2.2	10.7	100.0	76.6	6.5	3.8	13.1
Gaspé	100.0	50.6	11.9	2.1	35.4	100.0	50.4	9.8	1.5	38.3	100.0	50.9	14.5	2.7	31.8
Hull	100.0	77.1	21.1	0.9	0.9	100.0	81.4	17.1	1.4	—	100.0	69.2	28.2	—	2.6
Lac-Édouard	100.0	85.9	2.4	1.2	10.6	100.0	91.2	1.8	1.8	5.3	100.0	75.0	3.6	—	21.4
Lac-Etchemin	100.0	89.5	3.7	3.1	3.7	100.0	89.8	3.7	2.8	3.7	100.0	88.9	3.7	3.7	3.7
Macamic	100.0	70.0	6.7	8.9	14.4	100.0	72.9	6.8	5.1	15.3	100.0	64.5	6.5	16.1	12.9
Mont-Joli	100.0	74.3	11.3	2.4	12.0	100.0	71.6	12.6	2.8	13.0	100.0	77.8	9.6	1.8	10.8
Montreal (Alexandra Hosp.)	100.0	80.6	5.6	11.1	2.8	100.0	75.0	10.0	10.0	5.0	100.0	87.5	—	12.5	—
Montreal (Children's Hosp.) .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	—	—	—	—	—
Montreal (Grace Dart Hosp.)	100.0	89.1	2.5	3.4	5.0	100.0	92.7	—	1.2	6.1	100.0	81.1	8.1	8.1	2.7
Montreal (Hôpital du Sacré-Coeur)	100.0	88.9	2.2	0.4	8.4	100.0	92.9	1.3	0.6	5.2	100.0	80.3	4.2	—	15.5
Montreal (Hôpital St-Joseph)	100.0	95.0	1.3	0.5	3.3	100.0	94.7	1.2	0.4	3.7	100.0	95.5	1.3	0.6	2.6
Montreal (Queen Mary Veterans' Hosp.)	100.0	85.0	5.0	—	10.0	100.0	85.0	5.0	—	10.0	—	—	—	—	—
Montreal (Royal Edward Laurentian Hosp.)	100.0	77.7	—	3.6	18.7	100.0	80.0	—	2.7	17.3	100.0	73.0	—	5.4	21.6
Roberval	100.0	83.6	8.0	2.3	6.0	100.0	84.3	5.4	1.8	8.4	100.0	82.7	11.3	3.0	3.0
Quebec-West	100.0	81.0	4.8	14.3	—	100.0	82.4	5.9	11.8	—	100.0	......	...	...	...
Ste-Agathe-des-Monts (Mount Sinai San.)	100.0	85.6	—	2.1	12.4	100.0	85.1	—	2.7	12.2	100.0	87.0	—	—	13.0
Ste-Agathe-des-Monts (Royal Edward Laurentian Hosp.)	100.0	99.3	0.7	—	—	100.0	100.0	—	—	—	100.0	97.0	3.0	—	—
Ste-Anne-de-Bellevue	100.0	95.7	2.2	2.2	—	100.0	95.7	2.2	2.2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ste-Foy	100.0	78.0	4.2	7.5	10.2	100.0	79.9	4.8	5.3	10.0	100.0	75.9	3.7	9.9	10.5
Sherbrooke	100.0	92.8	1.4	—	5.8	100.0	94.4	—	—	5.6	100.0	90.9	3.0	—	6.1
Trois-Rivières	100.0	60.0	0.4	2.2	37.3	100.0	69.7	—	1.5	28.8	100.0	46.2	1.1	3.2	49.5

TABLE 11. All Patients, by Sex, Diagnosis, Province, and Institution, 1958 - Concluded

Province and institution	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non tuberculous	All diagnoses	Pulmonary	Other respiratory	Other forms	Non tuberculous
Percentage distribution - Concluded															
Ontario	100.0	76.8	9.9	6.4	7.0	100.0	78.6	8.6	5.3	7.5	100.0	73.5	12.2	8.3	6.1
Brantford	100.0	91.6	1.2	1.2	6.0	100.0	90.5	1.6	-	7.9	100.0	95.0	-	5.0	-
Cornwall	100.0	89.7	1.7	-	8.6	100.0	89.7	-	-	10.3	100.0	89.5	5.3	-	5.3
Fort William	100.0	61.8	21.4	8.8	8.1	100.0	64.6	17.4	8.7	9.2	100.0	55.6	30.0	8.9	5.6
Gravenhurst	100.0	89.7	3.4	2.3	4.6	100.0	89.5	2.3	3.0	5.3	100.0	90.2	7.3	-	2.4
Haileybury	100.0	84.2	8.8	-	7.0	100.0	81.8	9.1	-	9.1	100.0	92.3	7.7	-	-
Hamilton	100.0	65.5	20.8	4.3	9.4	100.0	68.2	17.9	3.5	10.4	100.0	62.0	24.7	5.3	8.0
Kingston	100.0	84.5	2.1	-	13.4	100.0	88.6	2.9	-	8.6	100.0	74.1	-	-	25.9
Kitchener	100.0	74.1	9.3	11.1	5.6	100.0	69.4	11.1	11.1	8.3	100.0	83.3	5.6	11.1	-
London	100.0	78.4	3.9	5.9	11.8	100.0	81.0	4.0	3.4	11.5	100.0	72.8	3.7	11.1	12.3
Moose Factory	100.0	49.3	16.4	2.7	31.5	100.0	47.2	16.7	2.8	33.3	100.0	51.4	16.2	2.7	29.7
Ottawa	100.0	80.2	9.7	6.5	3.6	100.0	78.5	11.4	6.7	3.4	100.0	82.7	7.1	6.1	4.1
St. Catharines	100.0	80.0	3.6	13.6	2.9	100.0	84.9	3.5	7.0	4.7	100.0	72.2	3.7	24.1	-
Sioux Lookout .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sudbury	100.0	67.7	14.3	8.3	9.8	100.0	66.3	15.7	6.7	11.2	100.0	70.5	11.4	11.4	6.8
Toronto	100.0	88.6	2.9	2.9	5.7	100.0	87.0	-	4.3	8.7	100.0	91.7	8.3	-	-
Weston	100.0	82.8	6.8	8.8	1.6	100.0	84.7	6.1	7.5	1.7	100.0	79.7	8.0	10.8	1.4
Windsor	100.0	82.1	4.3	7.7	6.0	100.0	85.0	-	7.5	7.5	100.0	75.7	13.5	8.1	2.7
Manitoba	100.0	73.2	9.9	7.1	9.8	100.0	75.2	8.9	7.4	8.5	100.0	70.7	11.1	6.8	11.4
Brandon	100.0	69.6	6.5	10.4	13.5	100.0	64.9	6.1	14.0	14.9	100.0	74.1	6.9	6.9	12.1
Ninette	100.0	84.4	2.9	4.0	8.7	100.0	85.3	2.8	5.5	6.4	100.0	82.8	3.1	1.6	12.5
St. Vital	100.0	86.1	6.5	6.1	1.3	100.0	88.9	4.9	4.9	1.4	100.0	81.4	9.3	8.1	1.2
The Pas	100.0	46.0	28.5	5.1	20.4	100.0	48.4	31.2	1.6	18.7	100.0	43.8	26.0	8.2	21.9
Winnipeg	100.0	62.1	17.2	17.2	3.4	100.0	64.7	17.6	17.6	-	100.0	58.3	16.7	16.7	8.3
Saskatchewan	100.0	75.1	9.9	13.4	1.6	100.0	74.9	10.7	12.7	1.7	100.0	75.5	8.8	14.4	1.4
Fort Qu'Appelle	100.0	47.1	35.3	17.6	-	100.0	50.0	41.7	8.3	-	100.0	45.5	31.8	22.7	-
Fort San	100.0	75.8	6.0	14.8	3.4	100.0	75.5	8.2	12.7	3.6	100.0	76.9	-	20.5	2.6
Prince Albert	100.0	74.6	12.5	12.5	0.4	100.0	71.3	15.7	12.0	0.9	100.0	77.4	9.7	12.9	-
Saskatoon	100.0	85.9	-	12.0	2.2	100.0	85.2	-	14.8	-	100.0	87.1	-	6.5	6.5
Alberta	100.0	66.9	18.2	12.0	3.0	100.0	66.7	18.1	11.4	3.8	100.0	67.1	18.2	12.5	2.2
Calgary	100.0	72.7	18.9	6.3	2.1	100.0	75.5	14.9	6.4	3.2	100.0	67.3	26.5	6.1	-
Edmonton (Aberhart San.)	100.0	67.1	15.1	13.9	4.0	100.0	67.2	13.9	13.1	5.8	100.0	67.0	16.5	14.8	1.7
Edmonton (Charles Camstell Hosp.)	100.0	63.5	20.7	13.2	2.6	100.0	58.6	26.1	13.5	1.8	100.0	67.1	16.8	12.9	3.2
British Columbia	100.0	78.3	13.2	6.4	2.2	100.0	81.5	10.6	5.3	2.6	100.0	72.8	17.5	8.1	1.6
Escondale	100.0	88.8	1.0	3.9	6.3	100.0	87.4	0.7	3.0	8.9	100.0	91.4	1.4	5.7	1.4
Sardis (Indian Health Service)	100.0	52.9	33.0	13.1	0.9	100.0	52.2	34.0	13.8	-	100.0	53.6	32.1	12.5	1.8
Vancouver (Division of T.B. Control)	100.0	96.7	1.2	1.2	0.9	100.0	96.8	1.2	1.2	0.8	100.0	96.3	1.2	1.2	1.2
Northwest Territories	100.0	47.1	30.7	2.0	20.3	100.0	44.9	33.3	1.4	20.3	100.0	48.8	28.6	2.4	20.2
Aklavik (All Saints' Hosp.)	100.0	50.0	39.5	-	10.5	100.0	50.0	36.4	-	13.6	100.0	50.0	43.7	-	6.3
Aklavik (Immaculate Conception Hosp.)	100.0	43.3	23.3	-	33.3	100.0	54.5	18.2	-	27.3	100.0	36.8	26.3	-	36.8
Fort Rae	100.0	60.0	15.0	-	25.0	100.0	60.0	20.0	-	20.2	100.0	60.0	10.0	-	30.0
Fort Simpson	100.0	30.8	15.4	7.7	46.2	100.0	20.0	10.0	10.0	60.0	100.0	37.5	18.8	6.2	37.5
Fort Smith	100.0	51.3	46.2	2.6	-	100.0	37.5	62.5	-	-	100.0	60.9	34.8	4.3	-

TUBERCULOSIS STATISTICS

APPENDIX

Patients Under Treatment for Tuberculosis in Mental Institutions, 1958¹

Province	Total	Active	Inactive
Canada	1,556	506	1,050
Newfoundland	7	7	—
Prince Edward Island	—	—	—
Nova Scotia	—	—	—
New Brunswick	31	21	10
Quebec	649	201	448
Ontario	589	102	487
Manitoba	63	35	28
Saskatchewan	34	34	—
Alberta	131	54	77
British Columbia	52	52	—

¹ Comprises only those patients for whom morbidity cards had not been submitted, and who consequently are excluded from the preceding tables.



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