## Parameter Guide

This guide consists of an encyclopaedic reference to SPSD/M parameters. A description of each of the three kinds of parameters (control, adjustment, and tax/transfer) is given. An appendix is included which gives tax/transfer parameter values for the supplied parameter files.

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## 1. Introduction

The Social Policy Simulation Model may be customized in two ways. The first is to modify the actual "c" language source code. This requires knowledge of the programming language as well as knowledge about the actual structure and implementation of the model.

A far simpler but less flexible and less powerful means of changing the function of the model is to turn the knobs and flip the switches provided by the model designers. These knobs and switches are known as parameters.

The files containing the parameter values have names which are given the extensions ".cpr" (control parameters), ".apr" (database adjustment parameters), and ".mpr" (tax/transfer model parameters). The values assigned may be changed by editing these files; interactively, during the running of the model; or by external models which generate these parameter files as output. The parameters in the commodity tax section of the model are generated by an external Input/Output model and should be altered only through that model. See the COMTAX User's Guide for more details.

The SPSM is designed to provide a great deal of flexibility through changing parameter values. Parameters are used for controlling the function of the model, its reporting facilities, adjusting the data and to provide values and options for the tax/transfer simulations.

As distributed, the standard model algorithm uses over 400 parameters which are provided with default values for ten alternative variants:

- 1984 actual
- 1985 actual
- 1986 actual
- 1987 actual and estimated
- 1988 status quo (pre-reform)
- 1988 status quo (pre-reform), deflated to 1984 dollars
- 1988 reform
- 1988 reform, deflated to 1984 dollars.
- 1989 reform and estimated
- 1989 reform and estimated, deflated to 1984 dollars.

The SPSM uses several types of parameters. Different types are checked for validity using different rules. The following is a description of the parameter types currently defined:

FLAG

OPTION

SCALAR

STRING

A flag controls whether or not an algorithm (or program or calculation) is performed. With a value of one the algorithm is executed, with a value of zero it is not. Flag parameters always have the word "FLAG" as the last four letters in their name.
A flag must take the value 0 or 1 .
An option parameter allows the choice of two or more algorithms (or programs or calculations). Values range from 1 to the number of options allowed. Option parameters always end in "OPT".
A valid option value is an integer between 1 and the highest number allowed in the parameter definition.
Scalar parameters take a single numeric value with or without a decimal point.
A string parameter is a short single line of text.

# VECTOR 

A vector is a single column of numbers. The first value is the number of values to follow. The program checks that the correct number of values are included.

LOOKUP TABLE A lookup table contains a single value followed by a set of three columns. The initial single value indicates the number of rows which are to follow. The tables are used in a similar manner as a tax table. A value, such as taxable income, is provided as a parameter to a look up program and the amount of tax payable is returned. In a lookup table, the first column represents the input value, such as taxable income. The second column represents the output value corresponding to the input value in the same column. The third column represents the marginal change in the output value for the next increment (or tax bracket).
TABLE
A table is a numeric array with an arbitrary number or rows and columns. The array is preceded by a number indicating the number of rows to follow.
The purpose of this document is to provide an explanation of all parameters provided with the model. This includes a detailed description of how the parameter is used, its value for the variants provided, and wherever possible, the published source where the values were obtained. Many parameters have been estimated and the user is encouraged to inform us of the existence of more refined estimates or more appropriate values.

Section 2, organized by program, provides an overview of the parameters. For example, all parameters related to calculating Family Allowances (STDFA, AFAC1, AFAC2, AFAC3, AFAC4, QFS, QFPSL, and QFFSL) are listed together and each has a one line description.

In Section 3, the parameters are described in fuller detail. The alphabetic organization of this section will allow the user to locate a specific parameter more easily. References to the program function are given in this section to provide a cross reference to the Algorithm Guide.

Appendix A contains a listing of all tax/transfer parameter values and their sources provided with the SPSM distribution. This section is also organized by function. Section numbers correspond to those in Section 2.

## 2. Parameter Overview by Program

### 2.1. Model Control Parameters

### 2.1.1. Descriptive Information on This SPSM Run

| CPRDESC | Description of SPSM run |
| :--- | :--- |
| LICENSEE | SPSD/M licensee |
| AUTHOR | Name of person doing simulation |
| OUTCPR | Name of control parameter file (out) |
| ALGDESC | Names of Standard and Alternate Algorithms |

### 2.1.2. SPSD Input Files

INP SPD Name of SPSD file (in)
FXVFLAG Read FAMEX expenditure vector INPFXV Name of FAMEX vector file (in) INPWGT Name of weight file (in)

### 2.1.3. Database Adjustment

| AGENAME | Name of database adjustment algorithm |
| :--- | :--- |
| INPAPR | Name of database adjustment parameter file (in) |
| OUTAPR | Name of database adjustment parameter file (out) |

### 2.1.4. Variant Information

VARALG Name of variant algorithm
VARMETH Method of creating variant variables
VARDESC Description of variant parameters
INPVARMPR Name of variant tax transfer parameter file (in)
OUTVARMPR Name of variant tax/transfer parameter file (out)
OUTMRSELAG Variant results file creation flag
OUTVARMRS Name of variant results file (out)
OUTMRSVARS Variant results file variables

### 2.1.5. Base Information

| BASALG | Name of base algorithm |
| :--- | :--- |
| BASMETH | Method of creating base variables |
| BASDESC | Description of base parameters |
| INPBASMPR | Name of base tax/transfer parameter file (in) |
| INPBASMRS | Name of results file (in) |
| INPMRSVARS | Base results file variables |

### 2.1.6. Subsampling, Random Number Seed <br> SAMPLEREQ Size of sample requested <br> SAMPLE Size of sample obtained WGTTOT Sum of household weights SEED Random number generator seed

### 2.1.7. Record Selection Facility

SELFLAG Selection facility activation flag SELUNIT Selection facility family level SELSPEC Selection specification

### 2.1.8. Marginal Tax Rate Facility

MARFLAG
MARAMT
MARVAR
MARSPEC

Marginal tax rate facility activation flag Amount to be added to variable for marginal calculation MARVAR Variable incremented for marginal calculation MARSPEC Expression identifying recipients for marginal calculation

### 2.1.9. User-defined Analysis Variables

EXO
EXOLAB
EXOPREC
EX1
EX1LAB
EX1PREC
EX2
EX2LAB
EX2PREC
EX3
EX3LAB
EX3PREC
EX4
EX4 LAB
EX4PREC
EX5
EX5LAB
EX5PREC
EX6
EX6LAB
EX6PREC EX7
EX7LAB
EX7PREC EX8
EX8LAB

User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels
User expression output precision
User expressions
User expression labels

| EX8PREC | User expression output precision |
| :--- | :--- |
| EX9 | User expressions |
| EX9LAB | User expression labels |
| EX9PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX10 | User expressions |
| EX10LAB | User expression labels |
| EX10PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX11 | User expressions |
| EX11LAB | User expression labels |
| EX11PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX12 | User expressions |
| EX12LAB | User expression labels |
| EX12PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX13 | User expressions |
| EX13LAB | User expression labels |
| EX13PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX14 | User expressions |
| EX14LAB | User expression labels |
| EX14PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX15 | User expressions |
| EX15LAB | User expression labels |
| EX15PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX16 | User expressions |
| EX16LAB | User expression labels |
| EX16PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX17 | User expressions |
| EX17LAB | User expression labels |
| EX17PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX18 | User expressions |
| EX18LAB | User expression labels |
| EX18PREC | User expression output precision |
| EX19 | User expressions |
| EX19LAB | User expression labels |
| EX19PREC | User expression output precision |

### 2.1.10. User-defined Categorical Variables

```
CLO
CLOBRK
CL1
CL1BRK
CL2
CL2BRK
CL3
CL3BRK
CL4
CL4BRK
CL5
CL5BRK
```

User class variables
Break values for user class variables
User class variables
Break values for user class variables
User class variables
Break values for user class variables
User class variables
Break values for user class variables
User class variables
Break values for user class variables
User class variables
Break values for user class variables

| CL6 | User class variables |
| :--- | :--- |
| CL6BRK | Break values for user class variables |
| CL 7 | User class variables |
| CL7BRK | Break values for user class variables |
| CL8 | User class variables |
| CL8BRK | Break values for user class variables |
| CL9 | User class variables |
| CL9BRK | Break values for user class variables |

### 2.1.11. Text File Output Facility

ASCFLAG Text file output facility activation flag OUTASC Name of text file results file (out)
ASCUNIT Text file output family level
ASCSTYLE Styles of text file output
ASCVARS Variables selected for text file output

### 2.1.12. SAS Output Facility

| SASFLAG | SAS output facility activation flag |
| :--- | :--- |
| OUTSAS | Name of SAS results file (out) |
| SASUNIT | SAS output family level |
| SASVARS | Variables selected for SAS output |
| SASTITLE | SAS file label |

### 2.1.13. Reports

OUTTBL Name of report file (out)

### 2.1.13.1. Parameter Reporting

PRDFFLAG Parameter difference report activation flag

### 2.1.13.2. Hard-wired Tables

| T0FLAG | Table 0 request flag |
| :--- | :--- |
| T0AFLAG | Table 0A request flag |
| T1FLAG | Table 1 request flag |
| T1AFLAG | Table 1A request flag |
| T2FLAG | Table 2 request flag |
| T2AFLAG | Table 2A request flag |
| T3FLAG | Table 3 request flag |
| T3AFLAG | Table 3A request flag |
| T4FLAG | Table 4 request flag |
| T4AFLAG | Table 4A request flag |
| TABUNIT | Hard-wired tables family level |

TABDELTA
INCVAR INCGP
PVRAT

Hard-wired tables winner/loser threshold Variable to use for table 2 Income cutpoints for table 2 Family poverty ratio fractions for table 4

### 2.1.13.3. User-specified Tabulation Facility

XTFLAG X-tab facility activation flag
XTSPEC X-tab specification
XTCOLS X-tab desired print width
XTLINES $\quad$-tab desired lines per page

### 2.1.13.4. Distributional Analysis Facility

DISTFLAG Distribution facility activation flag
DISTUNIT Distribution facility family level
DISTVAR Distribution facility variable
DISTSAMP Distribution facility sample size
DISTZERO Distribution facility zero inclusion flag
DISTP Breakpoints for histogram plot
DISTPWID Width of histogram plot
DISTPHGT Height of histogram plot

### 2.2. Database Adjustment Parameters

APRDESC Description of database adjustment parameter file

### 2.2.1. Dollar Denominated Parameters

EARNMIN Earnings threshold to be an earner

PTF
RRSPIFLAG
RRSPEMIN
RRSPEMAX
RRSPEINC
RRSPSMIN
RRSP SMAX
RRSPSINC

Table 4 poverty threshold
RRSP increment activation flag
Minimum (idrpp+idrrsp) for increment if idrpp $>0$
Maximum (idrpp+idrtsp) for increment if idrpp $>0$ Increment to idrrsp if condition and idrpp $>0$ Minimum (idrrsp) for increment if idrpp $=0$ Maximum (idrsp) for increment if idrpp $=0$ Increment to idrrsp if condition and idrpp $=0$

### 2.2.2. Database Adjustment Factors

GROWFLAG Adjustment factors activation flag

### 2.2.3. UI Growth Parameters

UER
UIBASEYRMAX UITARGYRMAX

Unemployment rate
Maximum insurable earnings for base year
Maximum insurable earnings for target year

### 2.2.4. Income and Deduction Items

GFALEXP GFCARRY GFCCEA GFCCET GECHARA GFCLOSS GECPPL 65 GFCPP 65 GFCPP 66 GFCPP67 GFCPP68 GECPP69 GECPP 70 GECPP71 GECPP72
GECPP 73
GECPP74
GECPP 75
GECPPG75
GEDISEX
GEDUES
GEEDUC
GFFOTC
GFFPTC
GFICAPG
GEIDIV
GEIEMP
GFIINT
GEILOSS
GEINOGV
GFINOTH
GEIOINV
GFIPENS
GEIROOM
GFISA
GFISEFM
GEISENE GEITC
GEITOGV GFITOTH GFMEDA

Growth factor: other allowable employment expenses Growth factor: carrying charges
Growth factor: child care expense deduction allowed
Growth factor: child care expenses
Growth factor: charitable donations and gifts
Growth factor: previous years capital losses
Growth factor: CPP for age $<65$
Growth factor: CPP for age 65
Growth factor: CPP for age 66
Growth factor: CPP for age 67
Growth factor: CPP for age 68
Growth factor: CPP for age 69
Growth factor: CPP for age 70
Growth factor: CPP for age 71
Growth factor: CPP for age 72
Growth factor: CPP for age 73
Growth factor: CPP for age 74
Growth factor: CPP for age 75
Growth factor: CPP for age $>75$
Growth factor: disability deduction
Growth factor: professional and union dues (T1)
Growth factor: education deduction
Growth factor: federal other tax credits
Growth factor: federal political contribution tax credit
Growth factor: capital gains received
Growth factor: dividends received
Growth factors: employment income
Growth factor: interest income
Growth factor: business investment losses
Growth factor: non-taxable other government income
Growth factor: non-taxable other money income
Growth factor: other investment income
Growth factor: retirement pension income
Growth factor: income from renters
Growth factor: social assistance received
Growth factor: self-employment income - farming
Growth factor: self-employment income - non-farming
Growth factor: federal investment tax credit
Growth factor: taxable other government income
Growth factor: taxable other money item
Growth factor: net medical claims

GFNCLOS Growth factor: allowable other years non-capital losses
GFOTHDN Growth factor: other deductions from total income
GFOTHPE
Growth factor: other dependent exemptions
GFPTC Growth factor: calculated provincial tax credits
GFRPP Growth factor: registered pension plan contributions (T1)
GFRRSP Growth factor: RRSP contributions (T1)
GFTUITN
Growth factor: tuition fees

| 2.2.5. Famex Expenditure Items |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| GFFMX | Growth factor: Consumer expenditure categories |
| GFINTPL | Growth factor: interest on personal loans |
| GFNES | Growth factor: not elsewhere stated |
| GFTAXF | Growth factor: income taxes |
| GFUIC | Growth factor: UI contributions |
| GFNCAL | Growth factor: net change in assets and liabilities |
| GFRETPEN | Growth factor: retirement pension contribution (FAMEX) |
| GFRRSPT | Growth factor: total RRSP contributions (FAMEX) |
| GFFABD | Growth factor: account balancing difference |
| GFFOMR | Growth factor: other money receipts |
| GFPTAX | Growth factor: property tax |

### 2.3. Government Transfers and Personal Income Taxes

### 2.3.1. Variant Description

MPRDESC Description of tax/transfer parameter file TARGETYEAR Year of analysis

### 2.3.2. Govermment Transfers

### 2.3.2.1. Unemployment Insurance

UIERNMAX Maximum insurable earnings

### 2.3.2.1.1. Minimum Weeks to Qualify

UIREGMINWK Minimum weeks to qualify for regular benefits
UIMATMINWK Minimum weeks to qualify for maternity benefits
UISICMINWK Minimum weeks to qualify for sickness benefits
UIRETMINWK Minimum weeks to qualify for retirement benefits
UIFSHMINWK Minimum weeks to qualify for fishing benefits

# 2.3.2.1.2. Regional Qualification <br> UIRGNMIN Regional unemployment rate <br> UIRGNWKS Weeks required for eligibility 

### 2.3.2.1.3. Repeater Qualification

UIREPUER Regional unemployment rate UIREPPREV Weeks of insurable employment UIREPWWKD Repeater eligibility requirements

### 2.3.2.1.4. Basic Parameters

UIWAITWKS Minimum waiting period all claims
UIMAXBASEWKS Maximum number of weeks on the initial phase - regular
UIMAXMATWKS Maximum number of weeks - maternity
UIMAXSICWKS Maximum number of weeks - sickness
UIMAXRETWKS Maximum number of weeks - retinement
UIMAXFSHWKS Maximum number of weeks - fishing
UIMAXDUR Maximum duration of a UI claim
2.3.2.1.5. Labour Force Extended Benefits

UILFEMIN Weeks worked in qualifying period
UILEEWKS Weeks LFE entitlement
2.3.2.1.6. Regional Extended Benefits

UIRGEMIN Unemployment rate for regional extended entitlement
UIRGEWKS Weeks regional extended entitlement

### 2.3.2.1.7. Benefit Rates

UIBASRATE Benefit rate for basic phase
UILFERATE Benefit rate for labor force extended phase
UIRGERATE Benefit rate for regional extended phase

### 2.3.2.1.8. Option Activation

UIENTFLAG Basic entrance requirements flag
UIRGNFLAG Regional requirements flag
UIRPTFLAG Repeater requirements flag
UIBASFLAG Basic phase calculation flag

UILFEFLAG
UIRGEFLAG
UIEFEELAG

Labour force extended phase calculation flag Regional extended phase calculation flag Observed effective weekly benefit rate flag

### 2.3.2.2. Family Allowance

FAFLAG Family allowance flag

### 2.3.2.2.1. All Provinces Except Alberta and Quebec

FATD Family income family allowance turn down
FARR Family allowance repayment rate
STDFA Standard federal family allowance per child

### 2.3.2.2.2. Alberta

AFAC1 Alberta FA benefit per child aged 0-6
AFAC2 Alberta FA benefit per child aged 7-11
AFAC3 Alberta FA benefit per child aged 12-15
AFAC4 Alberta FA benefit per child aged 16-17

### 2.3.2.2.3. Quebec

QFESI
Federal contribution on Quebec family allowance
QFPSL Provincial contribution on Quebec family allowance
QES Federal supplement per child 12-17 on Quebec family allowance

### 2.3.2.3. Old Age Security (OAS)

OASELAG
BOAS
OASRR
OASTD

Old age security flag
Basic OAS
OAS reduction rate
Family income OAS turn down

### 2.3.2.4. Guaranteed Income Supplement

### 2.3.2.4.1. Supplement Rates

GISFLAG Federal GIS/SPA/ESPA flag
GISOASELAG GIS OAS shortfall flag
BGISS Basic GIS supplement - single
BGISM Basic GIS supplement - married
BESPA Basic GIS portion of extended SPA
PYINC CPI deflator to calculate previous year income

| GI SRLS | Basic GIS reduction level: single pensioners |
| :--- | :--- |
| GISRRM | Basic GIS reduction rate: married pensioners |
| SPARL | SPA reduction point: one married/widowed |
| GI SRRS | Basic GIS reduction rate: single pensioners |
| GISRLM | Basic GIS reduction level: married pensioners |
| SPAOASRR | OAS portion of SPA taxback rate |

### 2.3.2.4.2. Take-up Rates

GISTURFLAG GIS take up rate flag
GISST GIS take-up rate: single pensioner by GIS benefit level
GISCT GIS take-up rate: pensioner couple by GIS benefit level
GISOT GIS take-up rate: one pensioner couple by GIS benefit level
SPAEFLAG Extended SPA Eligibility Flag
SPAT SPA take-up rate by SPA benefit level
SPAFE SPA takeup rate: eligible female widow
SPAME SPA takeup rate: eligible male widower
ESPAT Extended SPA take-up rate by GIS benefit level

### 2.3.2.5. Provincial GIS Supplementation Programs

GISTELAG Provincial GIS top-up flag

### 2.3.2.5.1. Nova Scotia

NSMAX Nova Scotia maximum GIS supplement level
NS23 Nova Scotia GIS supplement for 2/3 GIS
NS13 Nova Scotia GIS supplement for $1 / 3$ GIS
NSLT13 Nova Scotia GIS supplement for less than 1/3 GIS

### 2.3.2.5.2. Ontario

ONTS Ontario GIS supplement: single pensioners
ONTC Ontario GIS supplement: married pensioners

### 2.3.2.5.3. Manitoba

MANS Manitoba GIS supplement: single pensioners MANC Manitoba GIS supplement: married pensioners MANSNPF Manitoba GIS supplement reduction point: single MANCNPF Manitoba GIS supplement reduction point: married

### 2.3.2.5.4. Saskatchewan

SASKS Saskatchewan GIS supplement: single pensioners SASKC Saskatchewan GIS supplement: married pensioners SASKMINS Saskatchewan GIS supplement minimum benefits: single SASKMINC Saskatchewan GIS supplement minimum benefits: married SASKRR1 Saskatchewan GIS supplement reduction rate: regular SASKRR2 Saskatchewan GIS supplement reduction rate: 1 GIS SASKRR3 Saskatchewan GIS supplement reduction rate: SPA

### 2.3.2.5.5. Alberta

ALTAMIN Alberta GIS supplement minimum annual benefit
ALTASC Alberta GIS supplement maximum annual benefit
ALTAWP Alberta widow's pension maximum annual benefit

### 2.3.2.5.6. British Columbia

BCS British Columbia GIS supplement: single pensioners BCC British Columbia GIS supplement: married pensioners

### 2.3.2.6. Federal Sales Tax Credit

ESTCFLAG Federal sales tax credit flag
ESTCF Federal sales tax credit amount for filer
ESTCS Federal sales tax credit amount for spouse
ESTCC Federal sales tax credit amount for dependant
ESTCL $\quad$ Federal sales tax credit reduction level
ESTCR Federal sales tax credit reduction rate

### 2.3.2.7. Federal Child Tax Credit

| CTCFLAG | Child tax credit flag |
| :--- | :--- |
| CTCPC | Child tax credit per child |
| CTCTD | Family income child tax credit turn down |
| CTCRR | Child tax credit reduction rate |
| CTCIFLAG | Child tax credit social assistance income inclusion flag |

### 2.3.2.8. Other Social Assistance Parameters

SAELDOPT SA for elderly calculation method SAFLAG Federal social assistance flag SFAOUT Proportion of federal social assistance to eliminate

# 2.3.3. Calculation of Total Income <br> CAPGIR Capital gains inclusion rate <br> FDGUR Federal dividend gross-up rate 

### 2.3.4. Personal Taxes

### 2.3.4.1. Deductions from Total Income

### 2.3.4.1.1. Employment Expense Deduction

EAOPT Employment expense calculation option
ALEXPF Proportion of other allowable employment expenses to use as deduction EAMAX Maximum employment expense deduction EAPRP Employment expenses allowed - percent
FACTISENE Scale-up factor for non-farm self-employment income

### 2.3.4.1.2. CPP/QPP Contributions

CPPOPT CPP/QPP contribution deduction/credit option
CPPCTR CPP/QPP contribution tax credit rate
CPPXM CPP/QPP exemptible earnings
YMPE CPP/QPP maximum pensionable earnings
SECF $\quad$ CPP/QPP contribution rate on self-employment earnings
WSCE CPP/QPP contribution rate on employment earnings
WSCM Ratio SECF/WSCF

### 2.3.4.1.3. UI Contributions

UICOPT UI contributions deduction/tax credit option
MNWEL Floor on weekly earnings subject to UI contribution
MXWEL Ceiling on weekly earnings subject to UI contribution
UIPF UI contribution rate on earnings
UICTR UI contribution tax credit rate

### 2.3.4.1.4. Child Care Expense Deduction

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { CCEROPT } & \text { Child care expense deduction recipient } \\ \text { CCEOPT } & \text { Child care expense deduction/tax credit option } \\ \text { CCETR } & \text { Child care expense tax credit rate }\end{array}$
2.3.4.1.5. Tuition Deduction
TUITOPT Tuition deduction/tax credit option TUTCR Tuition tax credit rate
2.3.4.2. Personal Exemptions
PEROPT Personal exemption/tax credits option
2.3.4.2.1. Basic Exemption/Tax Credit
BTC Basic personal tax credit BXM Basic personal exemption
2.3.4.2.2. Age Exemption/Tax Credit
AOPT Age exemption/tax credit option ATC Age tax credit amount AXM Age exemption
2.3.4.2.3. Married Exemption / Spouse Tax Credit MXM Married exemption MXMT Married exemption turndown level MXMR Married exemption reduction rate STC Spouse or equivalent tax credit STCT $\quad$ Spouse tax credit turndown level STCR Spouse tax credit rate
2.3.4.2.4. Married Equivalent Exemption/Spouse Equivalent Tax Credit EMXM Married equivalent exemption ESTC Spouse equivalent tax credit
2.3.4.2.5. Exemption/Tax Credit for Wholly Dependent Children Aged $18+$ OCXM Exemption for wholly dependent child 18+ OCXMT Exemption turndown for child $18+$ OCXMR Exemption reduction rate for child $18+$

### 2.3.4.2.6. Exemption/Tax Credit for Wholly Dependent Children Aged 17 and Under

YCTC Young child tax credit
YCTCT Young child tax credit turndown level
YCTCR Young child tax credit rate
YCXM Exemption for wholly dependent child 0-17
YCXMT Exemption turndown for child 0-17
YCXMR Exemption reduction rate for child 0-17
2.3.4.3. Other Deductions from Net Income

### 2.3.4.3.1. Capital Gains Deduction <br> CAPGFLAG Capital gains deduction flag CAPGAL Capital gains deduction annual limit

### 2.3.4.3.2. Interest and Dividend Income Deduction <br> YINDL Maximum interest and dividend income deduction <br> CGIFLAG <br> Capital Gains Inclusion in Interest Income Deduction

### 2.3.4.3.3. Pension Income Deduction/Tax Credit <br> YPNOPT Pension income deduction/tax credit option <br> YPNDL Maximum pension income deduction <br> YPNTL Maximum pension income tax credit <br> YPNTR Pension income tax credit rate

2.3.4.3.4. Medical Expense Deduction/Tax Credit
MDCROPT

| MEDTCR | Medical and charitable deduction/tax credit |
| :--- | :--- |
| Medical expense tax credit rate |  |

2.3.4.3.5. Charitable Donation Deduction / Tax Credit

STDED Standard deduction from net income
CHATLI Charitable donations tax credit level 1
CHATR1 Charitable donations tax credit rate 1
CHATR2 Charitable donations tax credit rate 2
2.3.4.3.6. Disability Deduction / Tax Credit
DISOPT Disability deduction/tax credit option MAXDTC Maximum disability tax credit MAXDX Maximum disability deduction
2.3.4.3.7. Education Deduction / Tax Credit EDUCOPT Education deduction/tax credit option EDTXPM Education tax credit per month MAXET Maximum on transfer of education and tuition tax credit
2.3.4.3.8. UI Benefits Repayment Deduction
UIBRA UI benefit recovery base amount UIBRP UI benefit recovery portion
2.3.4.3.9. Tax Credit Transfers
TAXCRT Tax credit transfer turndown levelTAXCRR Tax credit transfer reduction rate
2.3.4.4. Federal Taxes
2.3.4.4.1. Basic Federal Tax
FTX Federal tax table FDTCR Federal dividend tax credit rate
2.3.4.4.2. Federal Surtax

| FSURL1 | Federal surtax level 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| FSURR1 | Federal surtax rate 1 |
| FSURL2 | Federal surtax level 2 |
| FSURR2 | Federal surtax rate 2 |
| FSURL3 | Federal surtax level 3 |
| ESURR3 | Federal surtax rate 3 |

### 2.3.4.4.3. Federal Tax Reduction

MXFTR Maximum federal tax reduction FTRRL Federal tax reduction reduction level FTRRR Federal tax reduction reduction rate
2.3.4.4.4. Federal Alternate Minimum Tax
AMTEX Alternate minimum tax: exemption levelAMTTX Alternate minimum tax rate
2.3.4.4.5. Quebec Tax AbatementQTAP Quebec tax abatement proportion of basic federal tax
2.3.4.5. Provincial Taxes
2.3.4.5.1. Newfoundland
NPTF Newfoundland provincial tax fraction
2.3.4.5.2. Prince Edward Island
PPTF P.E.I. provincial tax fraction
2.3.4.5.3. Nova Scotia
VPTE Nova Scotia provincial tax fraction
2.3.4.5.4. New Brunswick
BPTF New Brunswick provincial tax fraction
2.3.4.5.5. Quebec
QCAPGIRQDGURQALEXPQEAMAXQEAPQFAIFLAGQBXMQAXM
QMXM
Quebec married exemptionQMXT
QMXR Quebec married exemption reduction rateQuebec dividend gross-up rateQuebec proportion of other allowable employment expenses to useQuebec maximum employment allowance deduction
Proportion of earnings for Quebec employment allowance deductionQuebec Family Allowance Inclusion in Total IncomeQuebec basic personal exemption
Quebec age exemption
QOCX Quebec exemption for children 18 and over
QOCT Quebec exemption turndown for children 18 and overQOCR Quebec exemption reduction rate for children 18 and over
QYCX

```
QYCT
QYCR
QYIDL
QYPDL
QSTD
QMAXDX
QTX
QTRP
QDTCR
```

Quebec exemption turndown for children 16 or 17
Quebec exemption reduction rate for children 16 or 17
Quebec deduction limit for investment income
Quebec deduction limit for pension income
Quebec standard deduction from net income
Quebec maximum disability deduction or tax credit
Quebec income tax table
Quebec tax reduction proportion
Quebec dividend tax credit rate

### 2.3.4.5.6. Ontario

OPTE Ontario provincial tax fraction
OPTC Ontario provincial tax cut-in
OMTY Ontario taxable income above which no tax reduction
OTRF Ontario tax reduction fraction
OSSML Ontario social service maintenance surtax cut-in level OSSMR Ontario social service maintenance surtax rate

### 2.3.4.5.7. Manitoba

| MP TF | Manitoba provincial tax fraction |
| :--- | :--- |
| MNRDOPT | Manitoba tax reduction calculation option |
| MTRBR | Manitoba tax reduction basic amount |
| MTRF | Manitoba tax reduction fraction |
| MANRD | Manitoba tax reduction table |
| MSTC | Manitoba surtax cut in |
| MSTR | Manitoba surtax rate |

### 2.3.4.5.8. Saskatchewan

SPTE
SFTAX
STRBR
STRCL
STRPC
STRRR
STRSC
SSCI
SSE

Saskatchewan provincial tax fraction Saskatchewan provincial flat surtax rate on net income Saskatchewan basic provincial tax reduction Saskatchewan child tax reduction limit Saskatchewan tax reduction per child Saskatchewan tax reduction reduction rate Saskatchewan tax reduction for senior citizens Saskatchewan surtax cut-in Saskatchewan provincial surtax fraction

### 2.3.4.5.9. Alberta

APTE Alberta provincial tax fraction
ATRBC Alberta tax reduction basic claim
ATRF Albertatax reduction fraction
2.3.4.5.10. British Columbia
CPTE British Columbia provincial tax fraction
CPTC British Columbia provincial tax reduction cut-in
CSCI British Columbia provincial tax above which surtax appliesCSE
British Columbia provincial surtax rate
CHCM
2.3.5. Commodity Taxes
CTELAG Commodity tax activation flag
CTOPT Commodity tax calculation method
CTDFLAG Commodity tax detailed calculation flagCTTXRM
CTECID
CTFEXD
CTFMFG
CTEEXT
Base year commodity tax removal factor
Federal custom import duties
Federal excise duties
Federal excise taxesFederal manufacturer's sales
CTEOEN
CTERSTFederal other energy taxes
Federal retail sales tax
CTPPLQ Provincial profits on liquor commissions
CTPLGL Provincial liquor gallonage tax
CTPGAS Provincial gasoline tax
CTPAMU Provincial amusement tax
CTPTOB Provincial tobacco tax
CTPRST Provincial retail sales tax

## 3. Parameter Descriptions

## AFAC1: Alberta FA Benefit Per Child Aged 0-6 <br> In Alberta, Federal Family Allowances are based on the age of the child. This is the annual amount paid on behalf of children aged 0-6. <br> Used in functions: <br> fa Compute family allowance <br> AFAC2: Alberta FA Benefit Per Child Aged 7-11 <br> In Alberta, Federal Family Allowances are based on the age of the child. This is the annual amount paid on behalf of children aged 7-11. <br> Used in functions: <br> fa Compute family allowance <br> AFAC3: Alberta FA Benefit Per Child Aged 12-15 <br> In Alberta, Federal Family Allowances are based on the age of the child. This is the annual amount paid on behalf of children aged 12-15.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { fa } \quad \text { Compute family allowance }
$$

## AFAC4: Alberta FA Benefit Per Child Aged 16-17

In Alberta, Federal Family Allowances are based on the age of the child. This is the annual amount paid on behalf of children aged 16-17.

Used in functions:
fa
Compute family allowance

## agename: Name of Database Adjustment Algorithm

This control parameter describes the method by which the database will be adjusted should database adjustment be enabled through the use of the GROWF LAG parameter. The algorithm is always standard adjustment unless the algorithm is changed by the user. See the SPSM Algorithm Guide for a description of the standard adjustment procedure.

## ALExpr: Proportion of Other Allowable Employment Expenses to Use as Deduction

The standard algorithm allows the imputed value for Other Allowable Employment Expenses to be reduced or grown using this factor. This may be used to simulate an increase or decrease in the amounts allowed for these expenses.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

ALgdesc: Names of Standard and Alternate Algorithms
This control parameter is produced by SPSM and cannot be modified by the user. It is intended for use in 'glass box' mode and displays the names of the tax/transfer modules used in the standard and alternate algorithms.

## Alt amin: Alberta GIS Supplement Minimum Annual Benefit

Minimum annual Alberta Assured Income Plan benefits for single persons, or each eligible spouse in a married couple. Calculated as a sum of monthly minimums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## Altasc: Alberta GIS Supplement Maximum Annual Benefit

Maximum annual Alberta Assured Income Plan benefits for eligible single persons and each eligible person in a married couple. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { gist } \quad \text { Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly }
$$

## Altawp : Alberta Widow's Pension Maximum Annual Benefit

Maximum annual Alberta Widow's Pension Plan benefits for eligible persons. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## amtex: Alternate Minimum Tax: Exemption Level

The federal Alternate Minimum Tax is computed by recalculating taxable income without including certain exemptions and applying a flat tax rate (AMTTX) to any income over this exemption level.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## AMTTX: Altemate Minimum Tax Rate

In the calculation of the federal Alternate Minimum Tax, this flat tax rate is applied to any recalculated taxable income above the exemption level (AMTEX).

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## AOPT: Age Exemption/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of the Age Exemption. With a value of 1 the Age Exemption is treated as an exemption from net income and with a value of 2 as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## APrdesc: Description of Database Adjustment Parameter File

This database adjustment parameter can be used to provide a description of a particular set of database adjustment parameters found in a given database adjustment parameter file. This descriptive text is reproduced in the page headers of any requested output reports.

## APTF: Alberta Provincial Tax Fraction

Basic Provincial Income Tax for Alberta (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## ascelag: Text File Output Facility Activation Flag

This control parameter flag, when set to a value of 1 , enables the text file output facility. When enabled, a file with the file name extension ".prn" will be written using ASCSTYLE format for ASCUNIT level of analysis and ASCVARS variables. The text file output facility provides a method for examining detailed SPSD/M microdata.

## Ascstyle: Styles of Text File Output

When enabled by ASCFLAG, this control parameter controls the formatting of the resulting text file output report. Three different styles of report can be produced, as given below.

0 The first output line gives the mnemonics of the requested variables (specified by ASCVARS) as quoted strings, separated by blanks. Subsequent lines consist of values for each requested variable separated by single spaces. This format is suitable for import into certain spreadsheet packages.
1 Each household is output as a group of output lines. A line consisting of a single formfeed character, surrounded by quotes, separates each such group. Each line consists of a variable mnemonic (surrounded by quotes), followed by the values of the variable for each unit in the household, separated by spaces. This format is suitable for import into certain spreadsheet packages.
2 A fully formatted report, with both the variable mnemonic and label, is produced. The organization is similar that used for an ASCSTYLE value of 2, but the report is fully formatted for printing or interactive browsing using an editor.

## ASCUNIT: Text File Output Family Level

When the text file output facility is activated using the ASCFLAG parameter, this control parameter is used to specify the family level of analysis of the resulting report. Valid values and their meanings are given below.

0 Individual
1 Nuclear Family
2 Census Family
3 Economic Family
4 Household

## ASCVARS: Variables Selected for Text File Output

When the text file output facility is activated using the ASCELAG parameter, this control parameter is used to specify which variables are to be output in the resulting report. Analysis variables are rolled up to the family level specified by ASCUN IT, and class variables at lower levels refer to characteristics of the reference person of the family unit. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for a fuller discussion of family level in SPSD/M.

## AtC: Age Tax Credit Amount

If the parameter AOPT is set to 2, all persons age 65 and over receive the value of ATC as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## ATRBC: Alberta Tax Reduction Basic Claim

The basic claim for the Alberta tax reduction. This is reduced by a fraction of basic Alberta income tax (ATRF).

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## ATRF: Alberta Tax Reduction Fraction

The basic claim for the Albertatax reduction (ATRBC) is reduced by this fraction of provincial taxes.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## author: Name of Person Doing Simulation

This control parameter is designed to be filled in by the user for documentation purposes.

## AXM: Age Exemption

If the parameter AOPT is set to 1 , all filers age 65 and over receive the value of $A X M$ as an age exemption.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## BASDESC: Description of Base Parameters

This control parameter contains the descriptive label associated with the input parameter file or results file used to produce base variables. It is informational and cannot be directly modified by the user. It is a copy of the MPRDESC parameter associated with the file in question.

## BASALG: Name of Base Algorithm

This control parameter contains a label associated with the tax/transfer algorithm requested by the user through the BASMETH parameter. It is informational and cannot be directly modified by the user.

## BASMETA: Method of Creating Base Variables

This control parameter specifies the method of determining base results. May be one of 4 values:

0 - No base results will be used during the current program run
1 - Results will be read from an SPSM results file (.MRS) specified in INPBASMRS
2 - Results will be calculated using the standard algorithm with tax/transfer parameters specified in INPBASMPR.
3 - Results will be calculated using the alternate algorithm with tax/transfer parameters specified in INPBASMPR.

## BCC: British Columbia GIS Supplement: Married Pensioners

Maximum annual British Columbia GAIN for seniors supplement benefits for eligible married pensioners. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## BCS : British Columbia GIS Supplement: Single Pensioners

Maximum annual British Columbia GAIN for seniors supplement benefits for eligible single pensioners. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## BESPA: Basic GIS Portion of Extended SPA

Maximum dollar benefits of the Guaranteed Income Supplement portion of Extended Spouses Allowance for widowed SPA recipients. This amount is combined with the OAS portion of Extended SPA to determine maximum extended SPA benefits. This value is calculated on an annual basis as the sum of the monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## BGISM: Basic GIS Supplement - Married

Guaranteed Income Supplement maximum rate in dollars for each OAS pensioner in a married couple. Calculated on an annual basis as the sum of the monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly
mpc $\quad$ Calculate derived model parameters and do edits

## BGISS: Basic GIS Supplement - Single

Guaranteed Income Supplement maximum benefit for single OAS pensioners or married pensioners whose spouse does not qualify for OAS or SPA. This value is calculated on an annual basis as the sum of the monthly maximums.

Used in functions:

| gis | Compute GIS/SPA for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpe | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

## BOAS : Basic OAS

Old Age Security maximum annual payment in dollars. This is calculated as the sum of the monthly maximum rates.

Used in functions:

| gis | Compute GIS/SPA for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |
| oas | Compute OAS for elderly |

## brte: New Brunswick Provincial Tax Fraction

New Brunswick Basic Provincial Income Tax (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## BTC: Basic Personal Tax Credit

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), all filers receive this amount as a basic personal tax credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## BXM: Basic Personal Exemption

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 1 (for personal exemptions) all filers receive this amount as a basic personal exemption.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { txhstr } & \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse } \\
\text { txitax } & \text { Compute taxable income }
\end{array}
$$

## CAPGAL: Capital Gains Deduction Annual Limit

The Lifetime Capital Gains Exemption was introduced in 1985. This amount represents the annual limit of the maximum allowable deduction based on gross capital gains (idicapg), not net taxable capital gains.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## CAPgrlag: Capital Gains Deduction Flag

This parameter controls the calculation of the Lifetime Capital Gains Deduction. A value of 1 implements the deduction.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txitax } \quad \text { Compute taxable income }
$$

## CAPGIR: Capital Gains Inclusion Rate

The proportion of gross capital gains (idicapg) that are treated as taxable.

Used in functions:

| txcalc | Calculate federal income tax |
| :--- | :--- |
| txinet | Compute net income |
| txitax | Compute taxable income |

## CCEOPT: Child Care Expense Deduction/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of Child Care Expenses. With a value of 1, Child Care Expenses are treated as a deduction from net income and with a value of 2 as a tax credit. Note that the standard algorithm uses idccea, the Child Care Expense Deduction Allowed in 1984.

Used in functions:
txccea Compute child care expense allowance

## cCeropt: Child Care Expense Deduction Recipient Option

Valid values are 1, to attribute the Child Care Expense Deduction or Tax Credit to the spouse (taken by SPSM to be the mother) if present or 2 to attribute the Child Care Expense Deduction (idccea) to the spouse with the lower net income.

Used in functions:
txccea
Compute child care expense allowance
txqcea Compute child care expense allowance (Quebec)

## ccetr: Child Care Expense Tax Credit Rate

If CCEOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), this parameter represents the proportion of the Child Care Expense Deduction (idccea) that may be claimed as a Tax Credit.

Used in functions:
txccea Compute child care expense allowance

CGIflag: Capital Gains Inclusion in Interest Income Deduction Flag
This parameter controls the inclusion of Taxable Capital Gains (imicapgt) in the calculation of income eligible for the Interest and Dividend Income Deduction. If GCIFLAG is assigned a value of 1 , imicapgt is included. Given a value of 0 , it is not included.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## Chatl1: Charitable Donations Tax Credit Level 1

The level above which the proportion of Charitable Donations and Gifts to the Crown (idchara) that may be claimed as a tax credit increases. This parameter is only used if MDCROP T is set to 2 for tax credits. Note that the standard algorithm uses Charitable Donations and Gifts to the Crown as defined in 1984 for this calculation.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## Chatr1: Charitable Donations Tax Credit Rate 1

The proportion of charitable donations below the first level (CHATL1) that may be claimed as a tax credit. This parameter is only used if MDCROPT is set to 2 for tax credits.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## Charr2 : Charitable Donations Tax Credit Rate 2

The proportion of charitable donations above the first level (CHATL1) that may be claimed as a tax credit. This parameter is only used if MDCROPT is set to 2 for tax credits.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## CHCM : British Columbia Provincial Health Care Surtax Rate

In some years, this health care surtax rate is applied to British Columbia provincial income tax after the application of the basic surtax.

Used in functions:

## CLO to CL9: User Class Variables

These control parameters control the creation of user-defined class variables. CLO to CL9 have as their values the name of any one valid class or analysis SPSD/M variable. The variables named in these parameters are classified according to the breakpoints specified in the corresponding parameter in CL0BRK through CL9BRK.

## CLOBRK to CL9BRK: Break Values for User Class Variables

These control parameters are used to specify a vector of breakpoints used to construct each of the user-specified class variables CLO through CL9.

## CPPCTR: CPP/QPP Contribution Tax Credit Rate

The proportion of CPP/QPPContributions that may beclaimed as a Tax Credit. This parameter is used only if CPPOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## CPPOPT: CPP/QPP Contribution Deduction/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of CPP/QPP contributions. With a value of 1 , CPP/QPP contributions are treated as a deduction from net income and with a value of 2 as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## CPPxm: CPP/QPP Exemptible Earnings

The CPP/QPP yearly basic exemption used to calculate yearly maximum contributory earnings. The exemption is applied to idiemp to calculate contributions on earnings from employment and to the sum of idisenf and idise fm to calculate contributions on earnings from self-employment.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## CPRDESC: Description of SPSM Run

This control parameter can be used to provide a descriptive title to a specific SPSM run.

## CPTC: British Columbia Provincial Tax Reduction Cut-in

The British Columbia Tax reduction was discontinued after 1985. In 1985 and earlier if net income was lower than this amount the British Columbia provincial tax was reduced to equal federal tax payable.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## CPTF : British Columbia Provincial Tax Fraction

Basic Provincial Income Tax for British Columbia (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

CscI : British Columbia Provincial Tax Above Which Surtax Applies
The amount of British Columbia Basic Provincial Income Tax above which the surtax rate (CSE) is applied.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

CSF : British Columbia Provincial Surtax Rate
This rate is applied to Basic Provincial Income Tax exceeding CSCI to calculate the British Columbia surtax.

## Used in functions:

txprov Compute provincial taxes

## Ctcflag: Child Tax Credit Flag

When this parameter is assigned a value of 1 , the Child Tax Credit is calculated. With a value of 0 , it is not calculated.

Used in functions:
txctc Compute child tax credit

Ctciflag: Child Tax Credit Social Assistance Income Inclusion Flag
This parameter controls the inclusion of Social Assistance Income (Federal Social Assistance, Provincial Social Assistance, the Guaranteed Income Supplement and the Provincial GIS Supplement) in the calculation of net income for the purpose of reducing the Child Tax Credit and the Federal Sales Tax Credit. With a value of 0, Social Assistance income is excluded. With a value of 1 , it is excluded.

Used in functions:

| txctc | Compute child tax credit |
| :--- | :--- |
| txfistc | Compute federal sales tax credit |

## CTCPC: Child Tax Credit Per Child

This is the amount allowable per child in calculating the refundable Child Tax Credit. This parameter is used only if CTCELAG is set to 1 .

Used in functions:
txetc Compute child tax credit

## CTCRR: Child Tax Credit Reduction Rate

The rate at which family net income (head plus spouse) reduces the total Child Tax Credit. This parameter is used only if CTCELAG is set to 1.

Used in functions:
txctc Compute child tax credit

## CTCTD: Family Income Child Tax Credit Turn Down

The level of family net income (head plus spouse) above which the federal Child Tax Credit begins to be paid at a lower rate. If family income (the sum of the net income of the head and spouse) exceeds this amount the total Child Tax Credit is reduced by a proportion (CTCRR) of income exceeding the turndown CTCTD.
See CTCIFLAG for a description of the options to include Social Assistance income in the calculation of net income for the purpose of reducing the Child Tax Credit.

Used in functions:
txetc Compute child tax credit

## Ctdelag: Commodity Tax Detailed Calculation Flag

If this flag is set to 0 , commodity taxes are calculated at the total federal government and total provincial government level for each household. If the flag is turned on (set to 1) then 12 detailed tax types are calculated. For any commodity tax calculation CTDE LAG must be set to 1 .

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTFCID: Federal Custom Import Duties

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed federal commodity tax types. Custom import duties are levied on imported goods used for both manufacture and final demand consumption. They are ad-valorem based. Their impact is being diminished as the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) discussions lead to rate reductions. These levies are incorporated into the producer's price of a good such that revenues from the federal manufacturer's sales tax and other excise taxes are subject to their levels.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTFEXD: Federal Excise Duties

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed federal commodity tax types. Under the excise act duties are levied on tobacco products and alcoholic beverages (other than wines) made in Canada. These commodities are under the control of the crown until these duties are paid. They are then stamped accordingly. These duties, like custom import duties, are included in the producer's price of the commodity. They typically take the form of specific quantity rates; they are not ad-valorem taxes. Revenues generated by the manufacturers sales tax and federal excise takes are conditioned on these levels.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## Cteext: Federal Excise Taxes

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed federal commodity tax types. Some commodities are additionally taxed on the producer price base through provisions in the Excise Tax Act. Taxes under this heading include: Gasoline, Diesel, and Aviation Fuel excise taxes; Tobacco and Alcohol excise taxes; Air transportation tax; Telecommunications programming tax; other excise taxes levied on heavy cars, air conditioners, jewelry, clocks, watches, lighters, playing cards etc.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## Ctflag: Commodity Tax Activation Flag

In order to generate commodity tax results this flag must be set to 1.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { memo2 } & \text { Compute consumable income, etc. } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTFMFG: Federal Manufacturer's Sales

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed federal commodity tax types. It is levied on all finished manufactured goods at the producer's sales price irrespective of whether wholesalers, retailers, or individual consumers are the purchasers. It is levied upon the customs value of imported goods, including any applicable duty. For a list of exemptions see the COMTAX Users Guide.

Used in functions:
ctmod mpc

Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households Calculate derived model parameters and do edits

## ctfoen: Federal Other Energy Taxes

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed federal commodity tax types. These are taxes which were brought in under the 1981 National Energy Program. They had significant impacts on Federal Government revenues through the early 1980s but by 1986 they have been phased out. They are as follows: Natural Gas \& Gas Liquids Excise Tax; Oil Export Charges; Canadian Ownership Special Charge.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## Ctfrst : Federal Retail Sales Tax

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed federal commodity tax types. This is a dummy tax type set to 0 for historical simulations. It is provided to users who wish to use this in the context of tax reform.

## Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## ctopt: Commodity Tax Calculation Method

This parameter controls the way in which commodity taxes are calculated.
1 = Calculate commodity tax conserving FAMEX total.
2 = Calculate tax using ratio to shared income concept

Used in functions:
ctmod Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households

## Ctpamu: Provincial Amusement Tax

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed provincial commodity tax types. This tax pertains to admissions to theaters, travelling amusements (i.e. circuses) and the like. This tax is not responsible for revenues earned on pari-mutuel betting activities.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTPGAS: Provincial Gasoline Tax

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed provincial commodity tax types. This tax is applied to gasoline and diesel fuel use independent of whether the use occurs in goods producing or final demand sectors.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTPLGL: Provincial Liquor Gallonage Tax

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed provincial commodity tax types. This fee applies to domestic beer producers in only four of the provinces: British Columbia; Ontario; Quebec; and Newfoundland.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTPPLQ: Provincial Profits on Liquor Commissions

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed provincial commodity tax types. These profits are defined as the value of gross sales less administrative and general expenses. The value of gross sales is, in part, a function of the markups over costs the provincial government applies. These changes do not require statutory revisions.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { ctmod } & \text { Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## CTPRST: Provincial Retail Sales Tax

This parameter represents the effective tax rates, by expenditure category and province, on consumer's expenditure. Note that retail sales taxes associated with the business sector have been "pushed through" and are incorporated into CTPRST. Note also that effective tax rates are expressed with a "tax-free" consumption denominator. Please see the COMTAX User's Guide for a more complete exposition on effective tax rates.

Used in functions:

| ctmod | Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpe | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

## стртов: Provincial Tobacco Tax

This parameter represents the effective tax rates of one of six detailed provincial commodity tax types. This tax is applied to cigarettes and cut tobacco. In both cases it is a specific rate tax either by cigarette or by the gram.

Used in functions:
ctmod Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households
mpe Calculate derived model parameters and do edits

## Cttxrm: Base Year Commodity Tax Removal Factor

The Input - Output based effective tax rates are generated with a denominator net of taxes to facilitate direct interpretation of alternate commodity tax regimes. Since the household expenditure observations on the SPSD are inclusive of 1984 taxes, this factor must first be applied to the data before alternate effective rates can be properly used.

Used in functions:
ctmod Compute commodity taxes for individuals and households

## disopt : Disability Deduction/Tax Credit Option

If this parameter is assigned a value of 1 , the value MAXDX is assigned to all individuals with a non-zero value for iddisex. With a value of 2, MAXDTC is assigned as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## DIStflag: Distribution Facility Activation Flag

This control parameter activates the distributional analysis facility of SPSM, which allows the user to produce certain distributional reports on an SPSD/M variable.

## DISTP: Breakpoints for Histogram Plot

This control parameter, when activated by DISTFLAG, is a vector of decile cutpoints used on the horizontal axis of the histogram frequency plot. Only values which fall between the first and last values of DISTP are used to produce the plot, so that DISTP also functions to truncate tails of the distribution for display purposes.

## distphgt: Height of Histogram Plot

This control parameter, when activated by DISTFLAG, controls the number of vertical print positions used to produce the histogram plot. If this number is increased, the histogram plot can show a greater amount of detail.

## DISTPWID: Width of Histogram Plot

This control parameter, when activated by DISTFLAG, controls the number of horizontal print positions used to produce the histogram plot. If this number is increased, the plot can show a greater amount of detail.

## DISTSAMP: Distribution Facility Sample Size

This control parameter, when activated by DISTELAG, controls how many sample observations are maintained in memory for computing deciles and the histogram plot. If this number is increased, the deciles can be computed more accurately, but at the cost of increased use of the computer memory.

## DISTUNIT : Distribution Facility Family Level

When the distribution facility report is activated using the DISTELAG parameter, this control parameter is used to specify the family level of analysis of the resulting report. Valid values and their meanings are given below.

0 Individual
1 Nuclear Family
2 Census Family
3 Economic Family
4 Household

## DISTVAR: Distribution Facility Variable

The value of the DISTVAR control parameter is any valid class or analysis variable name for which a histogram plot and distributional statistics are desired. The value of DISTELAG must be set to 1 or this parameter will be ignored.

Distzero: Distribution Facility Zero Inclusion Flag
This control parameter, when activated by DISTFLAG, controls whether or not observations of the variable specified by DISTVAR with value zero are to be included when producing the distribution reports.

## EAMAX: Maximum Employment Expense Deduction

The General Employment Expense Deduction is calculated by taking a proportion (EAPRP) of earnings from employment (idiemp). If the result exceeds EAMAX is set to this amount. This parameter is used only if EAOPT is set to 1 (for deductions).

Used in functions:

```
txinet Compute net income
```


## EAOPT: Employment Expense Calculation Option

This parameter controls the treatment of employment expenses. With a value of 1 , employment expenses are treated as a deduction and with a value of 2 as a tax credit. This parameter is used only if EAOPT is set to 1 (for deductions).

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## EAPRP: Employment Expenses Allowed - Percent

The proportion of employment (idiemp) income allowed for the General Employment Expense Deduction up to a maximum of EAMAX. This parameter is used only if EAOPT is set to 1 (for deductions).

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## earnmin : Earnings Threshold to Be an Earner

This parameter, found in the database adjustment (.apr) parameter file, is used to specify the minimum employment and self-employment income an individual must have in order to be considered an "eamer". This value is used to produce the class variables nfnearn, cfnearn, efnearn, and hhnearn.

## edtxpm: Education Tax Credit Per Month

If the parameter EDUCOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits) the standard algorithm uses the imputed value for education deduction (preduc) to estimate the number of months for which the deduction was claimed. The result is multiplied by EDTXPM to calculate the Education Tax Credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## anucopt : Education Deduction/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of the Education Deduction. With a value of 1 , the Education Deduction is treated as a deduction from net income and with a value of 2 as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## EMXM: Married Equivalent Exemption

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 1 (for personal exemptions), a head with no spouse may claim a dependent child for this amount for the Married Equivalent Exemption. The exemption is reduced by a proportion (MXMR) of the child's net income exceeding the turndown level (MXMT).

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## ESPAT: Extended SPA Take-up Rate by GIS Benefit Level

Probability by GIS benefit level group of an eligible widow/widower applying for the Spouses Allowance. The parameter GISTURF LAG must be set to 1 for these probabilities to be applied.

Used in functions:
gis
Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## estc: Spouse Equivalent Tax Credit

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 2 (for personal tax credits), a head with no spouse may claim an eligible dependent child for the Spouse Equivalent Tax Credit. This amount is reduced by the proportion (STCR) of the child's net income which exceeds a turndown level (STCT).

Used in functions:
trhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## EX0 to EX19: User Expressions

These control parameters can be used to specify expressions which produce variables (named EX0 through EXI 9) which can in turn be used by various SPSM facilities. Note that the expressions are evaluated using the family level of analysis specified in the SPSM output facility in question. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## EX0LAB to EX19LAB: User Expression Labels

These control parameters can be used to supply a descriptive label to each of the user-specified analysis variables EX0 through EX19.

## Ex0prec to ex19prec: User Expression Output Precision

These control parameters can be used to specify the output precision associated with the user-specified analysis variables EX0 through EX19. If this precision is set to 0, analysis variables will be rounded to the nearest integer value before being output using the SAS output facility or the print file output facility.

## FACTISENE: Scale-up Factor for Non-Farm Self-Employment Income

This parameter can be used to "gross-up" non-farm self-employment income before applying the federal tax algorithm. It does not increase the real income received by an individual, but rather increases the amount of income used when calculating taxes. It is intended to be used to simulate the effect of reducing the deductibility of employment expenses. If this kind of simulation is not desired, FACT ISENF should be set to the value 1.00000 .

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## faflag: Family Allowance Flag

When this parameter is assigned a value of 1 , federal and provincial Family Allowances are calculated. With a value of 0 , they are not.

Used in functions:

## FARR: Family Allowance Repayment Rate

This parameter allows the repayment of Family Allowance based on net family income. If set to 0, Family Allowances are not repaid. If set to 1 , the amount repaid is calculated as the lesser of Taxable Family Allowances (imt fa) or a proportion FARR of family net income exceeding the reduction level EATD. The repayment amount is added to the variable imrepay and is not considered a deduction from net income.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## FATD: Family Income Family Allowance Tum Down

This parameter is the family net income level above which Family Allowances may be repaid at the rate determined by FARR. This parameter is not used if the value for FARR is set to 0 .

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## FDGUR: Federal Dividend Gross-up Rate

Dividends from Canadian Corporations (ididiv) are multiplied by this proportion to calculate the taxable amount imidivt.

Used in functions:

| txcalc | Calculate federal income tax |
| :--- | :--- |
| txinet | Compute net income |

## FDTCR: Federal Dividend Tax Credit Rate

This is the fraction of Taxable Canadian Dividends imidivt allowed for the Dividend Tax Credit.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txcalc } \quad \text { Calculate federal income tax }
$$

## FSTCC: Federal Sales Tax Credit Amount for Dependant

If ESTCFLAG is set to 1 , this amount is claimable for the Federal Sales Tax Credit on behalf of each child under the age of 18 years.

Used in functions:
txfstc Compute federal sales tax credit

## ESTCF: Federal Sales Tax Credit Amount for Filer

This parameter represents the basic Federal Sales Tax Credit claimable for the filer. The total family sales tax credit (on behalf of the head, spouse and dependants) is reduced by a fraction (FSTCR) of family net income (head and spouse) exceeding the turndown level (FSTCL).

Used in functions:
txfstc Compute federal sales tax credit

## fStcflag: Federal Sales Tax Credit Flag

This parameter is used to control the Federal Sales Tax Credit option. With a value of 1, the credit is calculated otherwise it is not.

Used in functions:
txfstc Compute federal sales tax credit

## ESTCL: Federal Sales Tax Credit Reduction Level

The level of family net income above which the total family Federal Sales Tax Credit is reduced.
Note that non-taxable Social Assistance income may or may not be included in the calculation of net income for this reduction depending upon the status of CTCIFLAG. Social Assistance income includes federal and provincial Social Assistance, the Guaranteed Income Supplement, Spouses Allowance and income from Provincial GIS supplementation programs.
This parameter is used only if ESTCFLAG is set to 1.

Used in functions:
txfistc Compute federal sales tax credit

## fSTCR: Federal Sales Tax Credit Reduction Rate

The proportion of Family Net Income exceeding FSTCL used to reduce the total family Federal Sales Tax Credit.
This parameter is used only if FSTCFLAG is set to 1.

Used in functions:
tefistc Compute federal sales tax credit

## fstcs: Federal Sales Tax Credit Amount for Spouse

The basic Federal Sales Tax Credit claimable on behalf of a spouse.
This parameter is used only if FSTCELAG is set to 1 .

Used in functions:
txfstc Compute federal sales tax credit

## FSURL1: Federal Surtax Level 1

Three level parameters and three rate parameters are provided to calculate a one, two or three-stage Federal Surtax. Surtax Rate 1 (FSURRI) is applied to Basic Federal Tax exceeding this Surtax Level 1 (FSURL1) to calculate the first component of the surtax.

Used in functions:
txcalc
Calculate federal income tax

FSURL2: Federal Surtax Level 2
Surtax Rate 2 (FSURR2) is applied to Basic Federal Tax exceeding this Surtax Level 2 (FSURL2) to calculate the second component of the surtax.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## fsurl3: Federal Surtax Level 3

Surtax Rate 3 (FSURR3) is applied to Basic Federal Tax exceeding this Surtax Level 3 (FSURL3) to calculate the third component of the surtax.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## ESURR1: Federal Surtax Rate 1

Surtax Rate 1 (FSURR1) is applied to Basic Federal Tax exceeding this Surtax Level 1 (FSURL1) to calculate the first component of the surtax.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## FSURR2: Federal Surtax Rate 2

Surtax Rate 2 (FSURR2) is applied to Basic Federal Tax exceeding this Surtax Level 2 (FSURL2) to calculate the second component of the surtax.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## ESURR3: Federal Surtax Rate 3

Surtax Rate 3 (FSURR3) is applied to Basic Federal Tax exceeding this Surtax Level 3 (ESURL3) to calculate the third component of the surtax.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## FTRRL: Federal Tax Reduction Reduction Level

In 1984 and 1985 the Federal Tax Reduction is reduced by a proportion (ETRRR) of Basic Federal Tax exceeding this level.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## ETRRR: Federal Tax Reduction Reduction Rate

In 1984 and 1985 the Federal Tax Reduction is reduced by this proportion of Basic Federal Tax exceeding the Federal Tax Reduction Level (FTRRL).

## Used in functions:

txcalc
Calculate federal income tax

## FTX: Federal Tax Table

This table represents the Federal tax curve. The first column represents Taxable Income, the second represents the amount of Basic Federal Tax payable at that level of taxable income, the third column represents the marginal tax rate for the interval between this and the next value in the table.
Only the first and third columns of the tax table need be specified. The second column is computed by the standard algorithm.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## exvflag: Read FAMEX Expenditure Vector

When this flag is set to 1 , expenditure totals and commodity tax simulations are performed.

Used in functions:
mpc
Calculate derived model parameters and do edits

GFALEXP: Growth Factor: Other Allowable Employment Expenses
When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Other Allowable Employment Expenses (idalexp) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFcarry: Growth Factor: Carrying Charges

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Carrying Charges (idcarry) is always multiplied by this value.

## geccea: Growth Factor: Child Care Expense Deduction Allowed

When GROWELAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Child Care Expense Deduction Allowed (idccea) is always multiplied by this value.

## geccet : Growth Factor: Child Care Expenses

When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1, the 1984 value of household expenditure on Child Care (idccet) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gechara: Growth Factor: Charitable Donations And Gifts

When GROWF LAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Charitable Donations and Gifts to the Crown (idchara) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFCloss: Growth Factor: Previous Years Capital Losses

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Previous Years Capital Losses (idcloss) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFCPP65: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 65

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 65 years. When GROWF LAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 65 years (idicqp) is always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFCPP66: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 66

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 66 years. When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 66 years (idicqp) is always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GECPP 67: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 67

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 67 years. When GROWELAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 67 years (idicqp) is always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GECPP 68: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 68

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 68 years. When GROWELAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 68 years (idicqp) is always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GECPP69: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 69

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 69 years. When GROWELAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 69 years (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFCPP70: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 70

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 70 years. When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 70 years (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFCPP71: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 71

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 71 years. When GROWELAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 71 years (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

GECPP 72: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 72
This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 72 years. When GROWE LAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 72 years (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GECPP 73: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 73

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 73 years. When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 73 years (idicgp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GECPP74: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 74

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 74 years. When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 74 years (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFCPP75: Growth Factor: CPP for Age 75

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 75 years. When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals aged 75 years (idicgp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFCPPG75: Growth Factor: CPP for Age > 75

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 76 or over. When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 values for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals over age 75 (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFCPPL65: Growth Factor: CPP for Age $<65$

This parameter allows the growth of CPP/QPP benefits for recipients aged 64 or younger. When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for CPP/QPP Benefits for individuals under age 65 (idicqp) are always multiplied by this value. Separate growth factors by age allow for the phasing in of the program.

## GFDISEX: Growth Factor: Disability Deduction

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Disability Deduction (iddisex) is always multiplied by this value.

## gedues: Growth Factor: Professional And Union Dues (T1)

When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for the Deduction for Professional and Union Dues (imputed from T1 records, iddues) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFeduc: Growth Factor: Education Deduction

When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Education Deduction (ideduc) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFFABD : Growth Factor: Account Balancing Difference

When both GROWFLAG and CTELAG are set to 1, the 1984 value of household Account Balancing Difference ( $£ x f a b d$ ) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gFfmx: Growth Factor: Consumer Expenditure Categories

This factor is used in conjunction with commodity tax modelling. There exist some known discrepancies in consumer expenditure categories between the FAMEX and other reliable data sources. This factor has been provided to adjust the FAMEX levels up or down to reduce the differences in the following important commodity tax areas:
$0=$ Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages
$1=$ Alcoholic Beverages
$2=$ Tobacco
$3=\quad$ Men's \& Boy's Clothing
$4=$ Women's, Girl's and Infant's Clothing
$5=$ Footwear and Shoe Repair
$6=$ Gross Imputed Rent
$7=\quad$ Gross Paid Rent
$8=$ Other Lodging
$9=\quad$ Electricity
$10=$ Natural Gas
$11=$ Other Fuels
$12=$ Furniture, Carpets and Floor Covering
$13=$ Durable Household Appliances
$14=$ Semi-durables
$15=$ Non-durables
$16=$ Laundry and Dry Cleaning
$17=$ Domestic Services
$18=$ Other Household Services
$19=$ Medical Care
$20=$ Hospital Care
$21=$ Other Medical Care
$22=$ Drugs and Sundries
$23=$ New and Used Automobiles
$24=$ Auto Repairs and Parts
$25=$ Gasoline, Oil and Grease
$26=$ Other Auto Related Services
$27=$ Local and Inter-city Transportation
$28=$ Telephone \& Other Communications
$29=$ Recreation, Sports and Camping Equipment
$30=$ Books, Magazines and Stationary
$31=$ Recreational Services
$32=$ Education and Cultural Services
$33=$ Jewellery, Watches and Repairs
$34=$ Toilet Articles, Cosmetics, Etc.
$35=$ Personal Care
$36=$ Expend. in Hotels and Restaurants
$37=$ Personal Business
$38=$ Contributions to Non-profit Organizations
$39=$ Net Expenditures Abroad $(=0)$

## gFFomr: Growth Factor: Other Money Receipts

When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1, the 1984 value of household Other Money Receipts (fxfomr) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gffotc: Growth Factor: Federal Other Tax Credits

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Federal Other Tax Credits (idfotc) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFFPTC: Growth Factor: Federal Political Contribution Tax Credit

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Federal Political Contribution Credit (idfptc) is always multiplied by this value.

GFICAPG: Growth Factor: Capital Gains Received
When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Capital Gains/Losses (idicapg) is always multiplied by this value.

GFIDIV: Growth Factor: Dividends Received
When GROWF LAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Dividends (ididiv) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFIEMP: Growth Factors: Employment Income

This Vector allows the growth of Employment Income (idiemp) by Industry of Employment (idind) in both the TX and UI standard algorithms. When GROWELAG is set to 1, then in the TX standard algorithm the 1984 value of Employment Income is always multiplied by the appropriate growth factor derived from this table.

```
\(1=\) Never Worked
\(2=\) Agriculture
\(3=\) Other Primary
\(4=\quad\) Manufacturing, Non-durables
\(5=\quad\) Manufacturing, Durables
\(6=\) Construction
\(7=\quad\) Transportation and Communication
\(8=\quad\) Wholesale Trade
\(9=\quad\) Retail Trade
\(10=\) Finance, Insurance, Real Estate
\(11=\) Education and Related
\(12=\) Health, Welfare, Religious
\(13=\) Recreation, Accommodation, Food
\(14=\) Business \& Misc. Services
\(15=\) Public Administration
\(16=\) Worked \(>5\) Years Ago
```

In order to adjust earnings to reflect a year other than 1984, provision is made for the user to specify earnings growth factors by industry. However, earnings that are already equal to UIBASEYRMAX will be set equal to UIERNMAX in the target year. Industries are grouped following the Survey of Consumer Finances public release codes. Users should note that when using the UI and TX standard algorithms together the values of GFIEMP are applied using different algorithms.

## GEIINT: Growth Factor: Interest Income

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Interest Income (idiint) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFiloss: Growth Factor: Business Investment Losses

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Investment Losses (idiloss) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFinogv: Growth Factor: Non-taxable Other Government Income

When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Non-taxable Other Government Income (idinogv) is always multiplied by this value.
geinoth: Growth Factor: Non-taxable Other Money Income
When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Non-taxable Other Income (idnoth) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFintpl: Growth Factor: Interest on Personal Loans

When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1 , the 1984 value of household expenditure on Interest on Personal Loans (fxintpl) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gFIoINV: Growth Factor: Other Investment Income

When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Other Investment Income (idioinv) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFIPEnS: Growth Factor: Retirement Pension Income

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Pension Income (idipens) is always multiplied by this value.

## GEIROOM: Growth Factor: Income From Renters

When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Income from Roomers and Boarders (idiroom) is always multiplied by this value.

GEISA: Growth Factor: Social Assistance Received
When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Social Assistance (idisa) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFISEFM: Growth Factor: Self-employment Income - Farming

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Self-employed Farm Income (idisefm) is always multiplied by this value.

GFISENF: Growth Factor: Self-employment Income - Non-farming
When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Self-employed Non-farm Income (idisenf) is always multiplied by this growth factor.

GEITC: Growth Factor: Federal Investment Tax Credit
When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Federal Investment Tax Credit (iditc) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFITOGV: Growth Factor: Taxable Other Government Income

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Taxable Other Government Income (iditogv) is always multiplied by this value.

## Gfitoth: Growth Factor: Taxable Other Money Item

When GROWF LAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Taxable Other Income (iditoth) is always multiplied by this value.

## gfmeda: Growth Factor: Net Medical Claims

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Medical Deductions (idmeda) is always multiplied by this value.

## gFncal: Growth Factor: Net Change In Assets And Liabilities

When both Growflag and CTflag are set to 1, the 1984 value of Net Change in Assets and Liabilities (Savings) (fxncal) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gENCLOS: Growth Factor: Allowable Other Years Non-Capital Losses <br> When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Other Years Non-Capital Losses (idnclos) is always multiplied by this value.

genes: Growth Factor: Not Elsewhere Stated
When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1, the 1984 value of household expenditures not included in other defined expenditure Categories (fxnes) is always multiplied by this factor.
geothdn : Growth Factor: Other Deductions From Total Income
When GROWFLAG is set to 1, the 1984 value for Other Deductions from Total Income (idothdn) is always multiplied by this value.

GEOThPE: Growth Factor: Other Dependant Exemptions
When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Other Personal Exemptions (idothpe) is always multiplied by this value.

## gfrtax: Growth Factor: Property Tax

When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1, the 1984 value of household expenditures on property tax ( fxpt ax) is always multiplied by this factor.

## GFPTC : Growth Factor: Calculated Provincial Tax Credits

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Provincial Tax Credits (idptc) is always multiplied by this value.
geretpen: Growth Factor: Retirement Pension Contribution (FAMEX)
When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1 , the 1984 value of household expenditure on Retirement Pensions (fxretpen) is always multiplied by this factor.

GFRPP: Growth Factor: Registered Pension Plan Contributions (T1)
When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for RPP Contributions (idrpp) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFRRSP: Growth Factor: RRSP Contributions (T1)

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 T1 imputed value for RRSP Contributions (idrrsp) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFrrspt: Growth Factor: Total RRSP Contributions (FAMEX)

When both GROWFLAG and CTELAG are set to 1 , the 1984 value of household expenditure on Registered Retirement Savings Plans as reported in the FAMEX survey (fxrrspt) is always multiplied by this factor.

## getaxp: Growth Factor: Income Taxes

When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1 , the 1984 value of household expenditures on Personal Taxes (fxtaxf) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gftultn : Growth Factor: Tuition Fees

When GROWFLAG is set to 1 , the 1984 value for Tuition Fees (idtuitn) is always multiplied by this value.

## GFUIC: Growth Factor: UI Contributions

When both GROWFLAG and CTFLAG are set to 1 , the 1984 value of household expenditure on Unemployment Insurance Contributions (fxuic) is always multiplied by this factor.

## gIsbe 1: Break Even for GIS One Pensioner Couple

GISBE1 represents the level of family income at which the GIS benefits of a pensioner married to a non-pensioner have been reduced to exactly zero. The figure is calculated as a fixed relationship to other input parameters as follows.

GISBE1 = MP.BGISS/MP.GISRRM+MP.BOAS+MP.GISRLS;

Used in functions:
mpe Calculate derived model parameters and do edits

## GISBE2: Break Even for GIS/SPA Couple

GISBE 2 represents the level of family income at which the combined GIS and SPA benefits of a pensioner married to a SPA recipient have been reduced to exactly zero.
GISBE2 $=(M P . B G I S M \star 2) /(M P . G I S R R M \star 2)+M P . B O A S / M P . S P A O A S R R$

+ MP.GISRLM

Used in functions:

| gis | Compute GIS/SPA for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

gISCT : GIS Take-up Rate: Pensioner Couple by GIS Benefit Level
Probability by GIS benefit level group of a married two OAS pensioner family applying for the Guaranteed Income Supplement. These probabilities are applied only when the parameter GISTURFLAG is set to 1 .

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## GISELAG: Federal GIS/SPA/ESPA Flag

When this parameter is assigned a value of 1 , the GIS function is executed and Federal Guaranteed Income Supplement (imigis), Spouses Allowance and Extended Spouses Allowance (imispa) are calculated. With a value of 0 , they are not.

Used in functions:

```
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly
mpe Calculate derived model parameters and do edits
```


## gISOT: GIS Take-up Rate: One Pensioner Couple by GIS Benefit Level

The probability by GIS benefit level group of applying for the Guaranteed Income Supplement for a married OAS pensioner whose spouse is not eligible for OAS, GIS or SPA. These probabilities are applied only when GISTURFLAG is set to 1 .

Used in functions:

```
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly
```


## GISRLM: Basic GIS Reduction Level: Married Pensioners

The level of previous year annual family income above which the GIS starts to be paid at a reduced rate for a married OAS pensioner whose spouse is also an OAS pensioner.

Used in functions:

| gis | Compute GIS/SPA for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

## GISRLS: Basic GIS Reduction Level: Single Pensioners

The level of previous year annual income of a single OAS pensioner above which the GIS starts to be paid at a reduced rate.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly
mpc Calculate derived model parameters and do edits

## GISRRM: Basic GIS Reduction Rate: Married Pensioners

Guaranteed Income Supplement reduction rate for married pensioners.

Used in functions:

| gis | Compute GIS/SPA for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

## GISRRS: Basic GIS Reduction Rate: Single Pensioners

Guaranteed Income Supplement reduction rate for single pensioners.

Used in functions:
gis
Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## gISst: GIS Take-up Rate: Single Pensioner by GIS Benefit Level

Probability by GIS benefit level group of a single OAS pensioner applying for the Guaranteed Income Supplement. These probabilities are applied only when GI STURFLAG is set to 1.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly
gistrlag: Provincial GIS Top-up Flag
When this parameter is assigned a value of 1 , the six Provincial GIS Supplementation programs are activated. With a value of 0 , they are not.

Used in functions:

| gist | Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

GRONELAG: Adjustment Factors Activation Flag
If the value of this parameter is set to 1 , then data adjustment parameters which begin with "GE" are used to adjust the appropriate dollar items.
$1=$ Adjust money items
$0=$ Do not adjust items

## INCGP: Income Cutpoints for Table 2

This control parameter is a vector of values used to provide the income cutpoints which define the columns of the hard-wired Tables 2 and 2A. Tables 2 and 2A can be activated using T2FLAG and T2AFLAG.

## INCVAR: Variable for Table 2 and 2A

This string control parameter specifies the variable (usually an income variable) that is used to determine the column dimension of tables 2, 2A, 4, and 4A. Please see the SPSD/M User's Guide for more information.

## INPAPR: Name of Database Adjustment Parameter File (in)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which contains the database adjustment parameters to be used when executing SPSM. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## inpbasmpr: Name of Base Tax/Transfer Parameter File (in)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which contains the tax/transfer parameters to be used to produce base result variables. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory. BASMETH must be either 3 or 4 for INPBASMPR to have any effect.

## INPBASMRS: Name of Results File (in)

The value of this control parameter is a binary SPSD/M results file filename. If the full path name of the file is omitted, the path will default to the current directory. When the value of BASMETH is set to 1 , this file is used for determining base results.

## INPFXV: Name of FAMEX Vector File (in)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which contains the FAMEX expenditure vector binary database. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

The value of this control parameter is generated during an SPSM program run. The parameter is set to a string of variable names of variables found in the input base results file specified in INP BASMRS. The user is not able to edit this parameter interactively in the SPSM dialogue.

## INPSPD: Name of SPSD File (in)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which contains the household and individual binary database to be used when executing SPSM. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## inpvarmpr: Name of Variant Tax/Transfer Parameter File (in)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which contains the tax/transfer parameters to be used to produce variant result variables. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## Inpwgt: Name of Weight File (in)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which contains the household weight binary database to be used when executing SPSM. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## LICENSEE: SPSD/M Licensee

This control parameter is produced by SPSM and contains the name of the person or organization licensed to use this particular copy of SPSD/M.

## manc : Manitoba GIS Supplement: Married Pensioners

Maximum annual Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners (MSP) benefits for married couples where both spouses are receiving OAS/GIS or where one spouse is an OAS/GIS pensioner and the other is receiving SPA. Calculated as a sum of individual quarterly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## MANCNPF : Manitoba GIS Supplement Reduction Point: Married

The level of previous year combined annual income above which the Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners (MSP) begins to be paid at a reduced rate to eligible married persons who are non-GIS/SPA pensioners age 55 and over. Calculated as the arithmetic average of the 1983 reduction point and the 1985 reduction point for runs with the TARGETYEAR 1984.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## MANRD : Manitoba Tax Reduction Table

In 1982, the Manitoba tax reduction was calculated using the Federal Tax Reduction and Taxable Income. This method of calculating the Manitoba Tax Reduction was replaced in 1983. This table is used only if the parameter MNRDOPT is set to 1 .

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## mans : Manitoba GIS Supplement: Single Pensioners

Maximum annual Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners (MSP) benefits for each single, widowed or divorced OAS/GIS pensioner or a pensioner whose spouse is not receiving OAS/GIS/SPA. Calculated as a sum of quarterly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## mansnpf: Manitoba GIS Supplement Reduction Point: Single

Maximum annual Manitoba Supplement for Pensioners (MSP) benefits for each single, widowed or divorced OAS/GIS pensioner or a pensioner whose spouse is not receiving OAS/GIS/SPA. Calculated as a sum of quarterly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## maramt: Amount to Be Added to Variable for Marginal Calculation

This control parameter gives the amount of money to be added to income when the marginal tax rate facility has been activated through MARF LAG. Please refer to the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## marflag: Marginal Tax Rate Facility Activation Flag

This control parameter activates the SPSM marginal tax rate facility. This facility can be used to calculate marginal tax rates by income source, amount, recipient, and family level. Please refer to the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## MARSPEC: Expression Identifying Recipients for Marginal Calculation

This control parameter allows the user to specify which individuals are to receive MARAMT when the marginal tax rate facility has been activated through MARF LAG. Please refer to the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## MARVAR: Variable Incremented for Marginal Calculation

This control parameter gives the income source to be incremented when the marginal tax rate facility has been activated through MARFLAG. It must be the name of a valid SPSD "id" income variable. Please refer to the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## maxdtc: Maximum Disability Tax Credit

This is the maximum value of the Disability Tax Credit. If the parameter DISOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), this amount is allowed as a tax credit for all persons for whom a value for Disability Deduction (iddisex) was imputed.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## MAXDX: Maximum Disability Deduction

This value represents the maximum Disability Deduction and is given to all individuals with a positive value for imputed Disability Deduction (iddisex).

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## MAXET: Maximum on Transfer of Education and Tuition Tax Credit

The maximum dollar amount of the combined Education and Tuition Tax Credits that may be transferred between spouses or from a dependent to a supporting parent.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## MDCROpt : Medical and Charitable Deduction/Tax Credit

This parameter controls the tax treatment of Medical Expenses and Charitable Donations. With a value of 1 , the medical expenses and charitable donations are treated as deductions from net income and with a value of 2 , they are treated as tax credits.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## medtcr: Medical Expense Tax Credit Rate

This parameter represents the proportion of Net Medical Expenses Calculated Amount (idmeda) that may be claimed as a Tax Credit. Note that medical expenses claimable are as defined in the base year and are not recalculated based on net income.

Used in functions:
txitax
Compute taxable income

## MNRDOPT: Manitoba Tax Reduction Calculation Option

This parameter controls the calculation of the Manitoba Tax Reduction. With a value of 1 , the tax reduction is calculated based on the Federal Tax Reduction and taxable income using MANRD. With a value of 2 , it is calculated as a basic amount (MTRBR) reduced by a proportion (MTRF) of taxable income.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## MNWEL: Floor On Weekly Earnings Subject to UI Contribution

The level of weekly earnings (idiemp divided by idlyww) below which no contributions to UI are made.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

MPRDESC: Description of Tax/Transfer Parameter File
This parameter can be used to provide an overall title to the set of tax/transfer parameters contained in a given tax/transfer parameter file. This description is used by the SPSM output facilities to produce page titles.

## MPTE : Manitoba Provincial Tax Fraction

Manitoba Basic Provincial Income Tax (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## MSTC: Manitoba Surtax Cut-in

The level of basic Manitoba income tax above which the surtax (MSTR) is applied.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

MSTR: Manitoba Surtax Rate
The surtax rate applied to basic Manitoba income tax in excess of MSTC.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## mTRBR: Manitoba Tax Reduction Basic Amount

This is the basic amount of the Manitoba Tax Reduction. Its actual definition depends on the method used to calculate the reduction. If MNRDOPT is set to 1 , this parameter is not used. If MNRDOPT is set to 2, this amount is reduced by a proportion (MTRF) of taxable income.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## mTRF: Manitoba Tax Reduction Fraction

The fraction used to reduce Manitoba provincial tax reduction. Its actual purpose depends on the algorithm used to calculate the tax reduction. See MNRDOPT.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## MXFTR: Maximum Federal Tax Reduction

This represents the maximum value for the Federal Tax Reduction for an individual. An unused Federal Tax Reduction is transferable between spouses.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## MXM: Married Exemption

If the PEROPT parameter is set to 1 , then all married filers are eligible to claim this amount as an exemption, subject to reductions based on the spouse's net income.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txhstr } \quad \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse }
$$

## mXMR: Married Exemption Reduction Rate

The rate at which the married exemption is reduced by the spouse's net income exceeding the turndown level (MXMT).

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## мхмт : Married Exemption Turndown Level

The level of net income above which the married exemption begins to be reduced at the rate MXMR. This parameter is in effect only when the value of PEROPT is set to 1 .

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse
mxwel: Ceiling On Weekly Earnings Subject to UI Contribution
The maximum level of weekly earnings used as a basis for the calculation of UI contributions.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txinet } \quad \text { Compute net income }
$$

## NPTF : Newfoundland Provincial Tax Fraction

Nova Scotia Basic Provincial Income Tax (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txprov } \quad \text { Compute provincial taxes }
$$

## NS13: Nova Scotia GIS Supplement for $1 / 3$ GIS

Annual lump sum Nova Scotia Special Social Assistance payment payable to applicants receiving between one-third two-thirds maximum GIS. This payment is the same for single pensioners and each eligible pensioner in a married couple.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## NS23: Nova Scotia GIS Supplement for 2/3 GIS

Annual lump sum Nova Scotia Special Social Assistance payment payable to applicants receiving between two-thirds maximum GIS and maximum GIS. This payment is the same for single pensioners and each eligible pensioner in a married couple.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { gist } \quad \text { Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly }
$$

## NSLT 13: Nova Scotia GIS Supplement for Less Than 1/3 GIS

Annual lump sum Nova Scotia Special Social Assistance payment payable to applicants receiving less than one-third maximum GIS. This payment is the same for single pensioners and each eligible pensioner in a married couple.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## nsmax: Nova Scotia Maximum GIS Supplement Level

Annual lump sum Nova Scotia Special Social Assistance payment payable to applicants receiving maximum GIS. This payment is the same for single pensioners and each eligible pensioner in a married couple.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { gist } \quad \text { Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly }
$$

## oasflag: Old Age Security Flag

When this parameter is assigned a value of 1 , the Old Age Security calculation is activated. With a value of 0 , the calculation of OAS is suppressed.

Used in functions:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits } \\ \text { oas } & \text { Compute OAS for elderly }\end{array}$

## OASRR: OAS Repayment Rate

This parameter is available for testing the effects of repaying OAS benefits based on a proportion of net income. The OAS repayment is calculated as the lesser of OAS Benefits (imioas) and a proportion OASRR of family net income (head plus spouse) exceeding the reduction level OASTD. The calculated OAS repayment is added to imrepay, All Repayments. If OASRR is set to 0 , no repayment is calculated.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## OASTD: Family Income OAS Tum Down

The OAS repayment is calculated as the lesser of OAS Benefits (imioas) and a proportion OASRR of family net income (head plus spouse) exceeding the reduction level OASTD. The calculated OAS repayment is added to imrepay, All Repayments. If $O A S R R$ is set to 0 , no repayment is calculated.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## OCXM: Exemption for Wholly Dependent Child $18+$

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 1 , each wholly dependent child age 18 or over may be claimed for an exemption of this amount, subject to reductions based on the child's net income.

Used in functions:
txhstr
Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## ocxmr: Exemption Reduction Rate for Child 18+

The proportion used to determine the amount of the income of a dependent child 18 or over which will be used to reduce the exemption for wholly dependent children (OCXM).

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## ocxmт: Exemption Turndown for Child 18+

The level of net income above which the dependant exemption begins to be reduced for dependants aged 18 or over. This parameter is in effect only when the value of PEROPT is set to 1 .

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## омTY: Ontario Taxable Income Above Which No Tax Reduction

Ontario Provincial Income Tax may be reduced for filers with taxable income below OMTY. Below OPTC, provincial tax is zero. Between OPTC and OMTY, provincial tax is multiplied by a fraction (OTRF).

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## ontc : Ontario GIS Supplement: Married Pensioners

Maximum annual Ontario Guaranteed Annual Income System (GAINS-A) benefits for each eligible pensioner in a married couple. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums as illustrated in the calculation of the annual value for 1984:

```
Jan - Mar ($82.12)
Apr - Jun ($82.12 x OAS/GIS April Indexation rate (.008)=88.77)
Jul - Dec ($83)
```

Used in functions:

$$
\text { gist } \quad \text { Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly }
$$

## onTS : Ontario GIS Supplement: Single Pensioners

Maximum annual Ontario Guaranteed Annual Income System (GAINS-A) benefits for eligible single persons. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums for 1984.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## cetc: Ontario Provincial Tax Cut-in

Ontario Provincial Income Tax may be reduced for filers with taxable income below OMTY. Below OPTC, provincial tax is zero. Between OPTC and OMTY, provincial tax is multiplied by a fraction (OTRE).

## opte: Ontario Provincial Tax Fraction

Basic Ontario Provincial Income Tax is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes
ossml: Ontario Social Service Maintenance Surtax Cut-in Level
The level of Basic Ontario Provincial Income Tax above which the Ontario Social Services Maintenance Tax is applied.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

OSSmR: Ontario Social Service Maintenance Surtax Rate
In 1984, This Ontario Social Services Maintenance Tax Rate was applied to Basic Ontario Income Tax in excess of the cut-in level OSSML.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## OTRF: Ontario Tax Reduction Fraction

Ontario Provincial Income Tax may be reduced for filers with taxable income below OMTY. Below OPTC, provincial tax is zero. Between OPTC and OMTY, provincial tax is multiplied by a fraction (OTRE).

Used in functions:

## OUTAPR: Name of Database Adjustment Parameter File (out)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which will contain the database adjustment parameters which were used to adjust SPSD variables. SPSM writes out such a file only if the user changed one or more database adjustment parameters from the values in the corresponding input file INPAPR. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## OUtasc: Name of Text File Results File (out)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which will contain the output report generated by the text output facility. The text output facility must be activated using ASCELAG for OUTASC to have any effect. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## OUTCPR: Name of Control Parameter File (out)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which will contain the output control parameter file. An output control parameter file is always created, and includes any changes the user made to the input control parameter file. In addition, certain "read-only" parameters which are created by SPSM for informational purposes may have changed values. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## outmrsflag: Variant Results File Creation Flag

If the value of the control parameter OUTMRSFLAG is set to 1, a results file (with name given by OUTVARMRS) will be created containing variant results for variables specified in OUTMRSVARS. Results are always saved at the individual (not family or household) level.

## ourmrsvars: Variant Results File Variables

This control parameter contains a list of tax/transfer calculated variables whose variant values will be recorded in the file named OUTVARMRS if the variant results file facility has been activated by OUTMRSELAG. Only variant tax/transfer variables (that is, those that begin with "ct" or "im") can be recorded in a results file.

## OUTSAS: Name of SAS Results File (out)

If the SAS results file facility has been activated using SASFLAG, then the control parameter OUTSAS contains the name of the resulting SAS file. This file must have an extension of ".ssd" and if it does not already exist, SPSM will change OUT SAS to the name "spsmtemp.ssd". The user can then change "spsmtemp.ssd" to some other name if desired by using the PROC DATASETS procedure in SAS. Because SAS native files contain a generated key in their header, SPSM can only write over existing SAS files (using the existing generated key in their header), or else produce a file with the name "spsmtemp.ssd", whose header key is already known.
An associated file, with the same stem as OUT SAS but with extension ".sfm", is also produced when the SAS output facility is activated. It is a text file which contains SAS source code (PROC FORMAT and associated statements) which will define the formats for any class variables given in SASVARS. It (or equivalent statements) should be included in any SAS job which reads the SAS file named by OUTSAS.

## outtbl: Name of Report File (out)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which will contain all summary reports generated by SPSM output facilities, including the cross tabulation facility and distributional analysis facility. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## outvarmpr: Name of Variant Tax/Transfer Parameter File (out)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which will contain the output variant tax/transfer parameters. SPSM writes out such a file only if the user changed one or more variant tax/transfer parameters from the values in the corresponding input file INPVARMPR. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## outvarmrs: Name of Variant Results File (out)

This control parameter gives the name of the file (using the conventions of the host operating system) which will contain the output variant results. Such a file is generated only if the user activates the variant result file facility using OUTMRSE LAG. Note that under MS-DOS, names without a drive specifier or any slashes refer to the current directory.

## peropt : Personal Exemptions/Tax Credits Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of the Basic Personal Exemption, the Spouses Exemption, Spouse Equivalent Exemption and the Young Child Exemption. With a value of 1 , these items are treated as an exemptions from net income and with a value of 2 , they are treated as tax credits.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { txhstr } & \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse } \\
\text { txitax } & \text { Compute taxable income }
\end{array}
$$

## pPTE: P.E.I. Provincial Tax Fraction

Prince Edward Island Basic Provincial Income Tax (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## prdflag: Parameter Difference Report Activation Flag

When this control parameter is set to 1 , a report is written to the file given by OUTTBL. This report shows tax/transfer parameter differences between base and variant. A more sophisticated parameter difference report can be obtained by using the compparm utility, which is documented in the SPSM Tools User's Guide.

## pte: Table 4 Poverty Threshold

This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is a two dimensional array giving a user-supplied "poverty threshold" for families by number of persons and family type. The ratio of family income to the "poverty threshold" is used, in conjunction with the PVRAT control parameter, to create the column categories for the hard-wired tables 4 and 4A. These tables must have been activated using T4FLAG or T4AFLAG for this parameter to be used. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information on the hard-wired tables.

## pvrat : Family Poverty Ratio Fractions for Table 4

This control parameter is a vector which defines the ranges of family-specific poverty threshold ratios to be used when producing the hard-wired tables 4 or 4 A . Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information on the hard-wired tables.

## pyinc: CPI Deflator to Calculate Previous Year Income

CPI deflator applied to income to obtain estimate of the previous year's income for needs tested programs. Calculated as CPI, Canada, All Items annual average January-December 1983/1985 divided by 1984/1986.

Used in functions:

```
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly
```


## QALEXP: Quebec Proportion of Other Allowable Employment Expenses to Use

The standard algorithm allows the imputed value for Other Allowable Employment Expenses (idalexp) to be reduced or grown using this factor for the purposes of calculating net income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax.

Used in functions:
txqinet Compute net income (Quebec)

## QAXM: Quebec Age Exemption

In calculating taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, all Quebec filers age 65 and over receive the value of QAXM as the Basic Age Exemption.

Used in functions:
txqitax Compute taxable income (Quebec)

## QBXM: Quebec Basic Personal Exemption

In calculating taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, all Quebec filers receive the value of QBXM as the basic personal exemption.

Used in functions:
txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)
txqitax Compute taxable income (Quebec)

## QCAPGIR: Quebec Capital Gains Inclusion Rate

The proportion of capital gains included in taxable income in calculating total income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax.

Used in functions:
txqinet Compute net income (Quebec)

## QDGUR: Quebec Dividend Gross-up Rate

In calculating total income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, dividends from Canadian corporations are multiplied by this proportion to derive the taxable amount.

Used in functions:
txqinet Compute net income (Quebec)

## QDTCR: Quebec Dividend Tax Credit Rate

This parameter represents the proportion of taxable dividends used to calculate the Quebec Dividend Tax Credit.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## QEAMAX: Quebec Maximum Employment Allowance Deduction

In calculating total income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, the Employment Allowance Deduction is the lower of QEAP times employment income (idiemp) and QEAMAX.

Used in functions:
txqinet Compute net income (Quebec)

## QEAP : Proportion of Earnings for Quebec Employment Allowance Deduction

In calculating total income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, this parameter represents the proportion of earnings from employment (idiemp) that may be claimed as an Employment Allowance Deduction up to a specified ceiling (QEAMAX).

Used in functions:
txqinet Compute net income (Quebec)

## QFAIflag: Quebec Family Allowance Inclusion in Total Income Flag

In calculating total income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, this parameter controls whether or not Taxable Family Allowances (imtfa) are included in Total Income imqitot. If set to a value of 1 , Taxable Family Allowances are included, if set to 0 , they are not.

Used in functions:
txqinet Compute net income (Quebec)

## QFFSL: Federal Contribution on Quebec Family Allowance

In Quebec, the federal contribution is based on the number of children in the family. The contribution for the first child, for 1984 , being $\$ 215.76, \$ 342.60$ for the second child and $\$ 833.90$ for the third and each subsequent child.
In the look-up table, the first column represents the number of children, the second column is the cumulative amount and the third column represents the marginal amount per child.

Used in functions:
fa
Compute family allowance

## QFPSL: Provincial Contribution on Quebec Family Allowance

In Quebec, the provincial portion of Family Allowances are also based on the number of children in the family. The table is used similarly to QFESL.

Used in functions:
fa Compute family allowance

QFS: Federal Supplement per Child 12-17 on Quebec Family Allowance
In Quebec, the provincial government pays a Family Allowance Supplement of this amount on behalf of each child aged 12 to 17 .

Used in functions:
fa Compute family allowance

## QMAXDX: Quebec Maximum Disability Deduction

This value is used to adjust the imputed Disability Exemption (iddisex) value for blind persons or persons confined to a wheelchair. If an individual has a positive value for iddisex, QMAXDX is assigned as a deduction from net income.

This may also be deducted on behalf of a spouse or dependants.

Used in functions:
txqitax Compute taxable income (Quebec)

## QMXM: Quebec Married Exemption

In calculating tax able income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, all married filers are eligible to claim this amount as an exemption on behalf of a dependent spouse or, in the absence of a spouse, of a dependent child. The amount is reduced by a proportion (QMXR) of the spouse's or dependent's net income which exceeds the reduction level (QMXT).

Used in functions:
txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## QMXR: Quebec Married Exemption Reduction Rate

This is the proportion of the dependent spouse's net income in excess of QMXT which is used to reduce the Quebec Married Exemption.

Used in functions:

## QMXT: Quebec Married Exemption Tumdown

A specified portion (QMXR) of the married dependant's net income in excess of this amount is used to reduce the Quebec Married Exemption.

Used in functions:
txqhstr
Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## QOCR: Quebec Exemption Reduction Rate for Children 18 And Over

This is the rate used to reduce the old child exemption in the calculation of taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax. It is applied to the dependant's net income exceeding the Old Child Exemption Turndown (QOCT).

Used in functions:
txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## Qоct : Quebec Exemption Turndown for Children 18 And Over

In the calculation of taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, net income received by the dependant over this level reduces the old child exemption by the excess times the rate QOCR.

Used in functions:
txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## QOCX: Quebec Exemption for Children 18 And Over

In the calculation of taxable income for the Quebec Provincial Income Tax, children over the age of 17 years may be claimed for this amount. If the dependant is over age 21 then he/she must have been either in full time attendance at an educational institution or physically or mentally infirm.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txqhstr } \quad \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec) }
$$

## QSTD: Quebec Standard Deduction from Net Income

In the calculation of taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, deductions for charitable donations and medical claims less than this amount do not require receipts.

Used in functions:
txqitax Compute taxable income (Quebec)

QTAP: Quebec Tax Abatement Proportion of Basic Federal Tax
Quebec residents are given a refundable tax credit on their federal taxes. This proportion is applied to Basic Federal Tax.

Used in functions:
txcalc Calculate federal income tax

## QTRP: Quebec Tax Reduction Proportion

Quebec Basic Provincial Tax is reduced by this proportion.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## QTX: Quebec Income Tax Table

This table represents the Taxable Income/Tax Rate tax curve for Quebec. The first column represents a level of taxable income defining the lower limit of a range. The second column is the amount of Basic Provincial Tax payable at the corresponding taxable income. The third column represents the marginal tax rate for the income range. Only the first and third columns of this table need be specified in the parameter file.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## QYCR: Quebec Exemption Reduction Rate for Children 16 or 17

In the calculation of taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, this is the proportion of the dependant's net income in excess of QYCT which is used to reduce the young child exemption.

Used in functions:
txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## QYCT: Quebec Exemption Turndown for Children 16 or 17

In the calculation of taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, a specified portion (QYCR) of the dependant's net income in excess of this amount is used to reduce the young child exemption.

Used in functions:
txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## QYCX: Quebec Exemption for Children 16 or 17

In the calculation of taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, dependants aged 16 or 17 years may be claimed for this exemption.

Used in functions:

> txqhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse (Quebec)

## QYIDL: Quebec Deduction Limit for Investment Income

The Investment Income Deduction for Quebec Provincial Income Tax is the lower of investment income exclusive of carrying charges (idiint + imigapgt + imidivt - idcarry) and this value.

Used in functions:
txqitax Compute taxable income (Quebec)

## QYPDL: Quebec Deduction Limit for Pension Income

In calculating taxable income for Quebec Provincial Income Tax, this parameter represents the maximum level of pension income (idipens) that may be claimed as a deduction.

Used in functions:
txqitax Compute taxable income (Quebec)

RRSPEINC: Increment to idrrsp if Condition and idrpp>0
This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is one of a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. RRSPEINC will be added to the RRSP contributions of all persons covered by a registered pension plan whose current RRSP contributions fall between RRSPEMIN and RRSPEMAX.

RRSPEMAX: Maximum (idrpp + idrrsp) for Increment if idrpp>0
This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is one of a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. Please see the description of RRSPEINC.

## RRSPEMIN: Minimum (idrpp + idrrsp) for Increment if idrpp>0

This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is one of a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. Please see the description of RRSPEINC.

## RRSPIELAG: idrrsp Increment Activation Flag

This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, activates a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. Please see the description of RRSPEINC and RRSPSINC.

## RRSEsinc: Increment to idrrsp if Condition and idrpp $=0$

This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is one of a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. RRSPS INC will be added to the RRSP contributions of all persons not covered by a registered pension plan whose current RRSP contributions fall between RRSPSMIN and RRSP SMAX.

## RRSPSMAX: Maximum (idrrsp) for Increment if idrpp=0

This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is one of a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. Please see the description of RRSPSINC.

## RRSPSMIN : Minimum (idrrsp) for Increment if idrpp $=0$

This parameter, defined in the database adjustment parameter file, is one of a group of parameters which allow the user to modify (generally increase) base year database values for RRSP contributions. Please see the description of RRSP S INC.

## SAEldopt: SA for Elderly Calculation Method

When the value of SAEFLAG is set to 1 , this parameter determines the way in which Social Assistance Payments (imisa) will be calculated for the elderly. There are three valid values for SAELDOPT:

1 - Social Assistance is set to zero for all persons over age 65
2- Social Assistance (imisa) is set tozero for individuals age 65 and over receiving simulated GIS Supplementation Benefits (imgist), otherwise it is set equal to Reported Social Assistance (idisa) .
3 - Social Assistance is set equal to the positive difference between reported social assistance and simulated GIS supplements

$$
\text { imida }=\text { idisa - imigist }
$$

Used in functions:

## SAFlag: Federal Social Assistance Flag

When SAFLAG is set to 1 , social assistance is calculated, otherwise Modelled Social Assistance (imisa) is set to zero. See also SAELDOPT and the sa function description.

Used in functions:
sa Compute social assistance or guarantees

## SAMPLE: Size of Sample Obtained

This parameter reports the proportion of sample used for processing. Valid values range from 0 to 1 . Should the user interrupt a model run in progress the correct sampling ratio will be calculated and output in the control parameter (.cpr) file.

## SAMPLEREQ: Size of Sample Requested

This control parameter allows the user to indicate the size of the sample requested for processing. The size of the sample actually obtained will be recorded in SAMPLE, and may differ from SAMPLE for a number of reasons among which are:

- The input database file given by INPSPD had fewer records than required to generate the requested sample.
- The input results file given by INPBASMRS had fewer records than required because it was generated with a sample smaller than SAMP LEREQ.
- An SPSM execution always occurs with an integral number of households, therefore the resulting sample may deviate slightly from that requested.


## sasflag: SAS Output Facility Activation Flag

This control parameter if used to activate the SAS native file output facility. A selfdocumenting file with name OUTSAS in SAS Version 6 format is produced containing variables given by SASVARS rolled up to the level specified by SASUNIT. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## SASKC: Saskatchewan GIS Supplement: Married Pensioners

Maximum annual Saskatchewan Income Plan benefits for each person in a married couple where both receive OAS/GIS. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## SASKMINC: Saskatchewan GIS Supplement Minimum Benefits: Married

Minimum annual Saskatchewan Income Plan benefits for each person in a married couple where both receive OAS/GIS. Calculated as a sum of monthly minimums.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { gist } \quad \text { Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly }
$$

SASkMINS: Saskatchewan GIS Supplement Minimum Benefits: Single
Minimum annual Saskatchewan Income Plan benefits for single persons, or a married GIS recipient whose spouse is not receiving OAS/GIS/SPA. Calculated as a sum of monthly minimurns.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## SASKRR1: Saskatchewan GIS Supplement Reduction Rate: Regular

Saskatchewan Income Plan reduction rate for single pensioners and married pensioners who are both eligible. This rate is expressed as a proportion of the actual GIS dollar reduction.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## SASKRR2 : Saskatchewan GIS Supplement Reduction Rate: 1 GIS

Saskatchewan Income Plan reduction rate for married pensioners whose spouses are not eligible for OAS/GIS. This rate is expressed as a dollar reduction for each one dollar actual GIS dollar reduction.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## SASKRR3: Saskatchewan GIS Supplement Reduction Rate: SPA

Saskatchewan Income Plan reduction rate for married pensioners whose spouses are receiving SPA. This rate is expressed as a dollar reduction for each one dollar actual GIS dollar reduction.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## SASKS: Saskatchewan GIS Supplement: Single Pensioners

Maximum annual Saskatchewan Income Plan benefits for single persons, or a married GIS recipient whose spouse is not receiving OAS/GIS/SPA. Calculated as a sum of monthly maximums.

Used in functions:
gist Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly

## SAStitle: SAS File Label

This control parameter, when activated by SASELAG, gives the internal label which will be written into the header of the native SAS file given by OUTSAS. This label is used by the SAS system by certain procedures, in particular PROC CONTENTS.

## SASUNIT: SAS Output Family Level

When the SAS file output facility is activated using the SASFLAG parameter, this control parameter is used to specify the family level of analysis of the resulting file. Each record on the output file will correspond to an entity given by SASUNIT. Valid values and their meanings are given below.

## SASVARS: Variables Selected for SAS Output

This control parameter, when activated by SASFLAG, gives a list of all variables to be written to each record of the resulting SAS native file. Any SPSD/M variable, including base and variant values, may be included.

## SECF : CPP/QPP Contribution Rate on Self-employment Earnings

In the calculation of CPP contributions on self-employment earnings, this rate is applied to idisenf plus idisefm.

Used in functions:

```
txinet Compute net income
```


## SEED: Random Number Generator Seed

This vector control parameter is used to start the streams of pseudo-random numbers used in the model. Up to 20 independent random numbers are generated for each individual and are stored in the variables idrand0 through idrand 9. A different sequence of numbers for each activated stream can be generated by changing SEED. The number of streams activated is determined by the number of elements in SEED. Random numbers are be used to apply social program or demographic take-up rates.

## Selelag: Selection Facility Activation Flag

The SELFLAG control parameter is used to activate the SPSM selection facility. When SELFLAG is set to 1, the expression in SELSPEC is evaluated for each individual and the result (if true) is propagated to families at the SELUNIT level of analysis. Only individuals (or families) marked as selected will be included in any generated files or reports.

## SELSPEC: Selection Specification

This control parameter, when activated by SELELAG, is used to specify whether an individual is to be marked as selected or not for the purposes of output and reporting. The expression if evaluated for each individual and is considered true if the result is non-zero. Any SPSD/M variables, including base and variant tax/transfer variables, may be used in SELSPEC. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## SELUNIT: Selection Facility Family Level

This control parameter, when activated by SELFLAG, is used to specify the level to which individual selection (computed by applying the expression in SELSPEC) is to be propagated. If SELUNIT is 0 , selection remains at the level of individual. If SELUNIT is $1,2,3$, or 4 , then selection of any individual in the family unit implies selection of all members in the unit. Valid values of SELUNIT and their meanings are given below.

0 Individual
1 Nuclear Family
2 Census Family
3 Economic Family
4 Household

## SEAout : Proportion of Federal Social Assistance to Eliminate

This parameter is used in runs which require the substitution of Federal Social Assistance with alternative programs (e.g., guaranteed income).

Used in functions:
sa Compute social assistance or guarantees

## SFTAX: Saskatchewan Provincial Flat Surtax Rate on Net Income

Beginning in 1984, a surtax was applied to Saskatchewan Provincial Tax based on this fraction of net income.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## spafe: SPA Takeup Rate: Eligible Female Widow

These are probabilities applied to determine eligible female population for extended SPA. Eligibility is determined from the probability that a widow(er) currently aged $60-64$ had a spouse aged $65+$ at the time of his(her) death.

For widow(er)s currently aged 60, these probabilities are approximated by applying 1980-82 mortality rates for the married population to the age distribution of spouses as tabulated from the 1981 Census. This provides a distribution for the age at death of the spouse. The probability of eligibility is the ratio of spouse deaths at ages $65+$ to all spouse deaths.
For widow(er)s currently aged 61-64, allowance is made for the possibility that the death took place in a previous year. In that event, age at death distributions are calculated as before and aggregated over the 2-4 year intervals in which the death might have occurred. Aggregation involves adjustment for the mortality of the widowed partner. In this case, the probability of eligibility is the ratio of spouse deaths at age $65+$ with surviving partners to all spouse deaths with surviving partners.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

SPAME: SPA Takeup Rate: Eligible Male Widower
Probabilities applied to determine eligible male population for extended SPA. See description for SPAFE.

Used in functions:
gis
Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## SPAOASRR: OAS Portion of SPA Reduction Rate

Reduction rate applied to the OAS portion of Spouses Allowance, Extended Spouses Allowance and Widowed Spouses Allowance.

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { gis } & \text { Compute GIS/SPA for elderly } \\
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits }
\end{array}
$$

## SPARL: SPA Reduction Point: One Married/Widowed

The level of previous year annual family income above which the OAS portion of the SPA starts to be paid at a reduced rate to a married or widowed SPA recipient.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## SPAT: SPA Take-up Rate by SPA Benefit Level

Probability by SPA benefit level group of applying for the Spouses Allowance for an eligible married person.

Used in functions:
gis Compute GIS/SPA for elderly

## SPAXO : Benefit Cross-over GIS/SPA vs GIS One Pensioner

SPAXO represents the level of family income at which the dollar benefits for GIS to a single pensioner married to a non-pensioner spouse exactly equal the combined GIS/SPA dollar benefits payable to a GIS/SPA married couple. The figure is calculated as a fixed relationship to other input parameters as follows.
SPAXO $=2 *$ MP.GISBE2-MP.GISBE1;

Used in functions:

| gis | Compute GIS/SPA for elderly |
| :--- | :--- |
| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |

## SPTE: Saskatchewan Provincial Tax Fraction

Saskatchewan Basic Provincial Income Tax (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## SSCI: Saskatchewan Surtax Cut-in

This is the level of Basic Saskatchewan Income Tax above which the surtax (at rate SSF) is applied.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## SSE: Saskatchewan Provincial Surtax Fraction

This is the surtax rate applied to Basic Saskatchewan Income Tax in excess of the amount SSCI.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## STC : Spouse or Equivalent Tax Credit

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), all married filers are eligible to claim this amount for the spouse tax credit, subject to reductions based on the spouse's net income.

Used in functions:

| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |
| :--- | :--- |
| txhstr | Apply tax transfers between head and spouse |

## Stcel: Spouse Tax Credit Income Limit

This parameter is calculated as the spouse's income above which there is no Spouse Tax Credit. It is used only if PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:

| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |
| :--- | :--- |
| txhstr | Apply tax transfers between head and spouse |

## STCR: Spouse Tax Credit Rate

The proportion of net income exceeding the turndown level (STCT) which reduces the Spouse Tax Credit. This parameter is used only if PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits } \\
\text { txhstr } & \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse }
\end{array}
$$

## STCT: Spouse Tax Credit Turndown Level

The level of net income above which the spouse tax credit begins to be reduced. This parameter is used only if PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:
mpc Calculate derived model parameters and do edits
txhstr

## STDED: Standard Deduction from Net Income

The standard deduction for medical claims and charitable contributions was eliminated in 1984. Before 1984, no receipts were necessary for medical claims and charitable contributions under this amount.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income
stdea: Standard Federal Family Allowance Per Child
The annual maximum standard federal Family Allowance per child for all provinces except Alberta and Quebec.

Used in functions:
fa Compute family allowance

## STRBR: Saskatchewan Basic Provincial Tax Reduction

A reduction in Basic Saskatchewan Provincial Income Tax of this amount is allowed for all Saskatchewan filers. This tax reduction is augmented for senior citizens and filers with children. It is reduced by a proportion of Saskatchewan Tax Payable (STRRR) exceeding the total tax reductions.

Used in functions:
txprov Compure provincial taxes

## STRCL: Saskatchewan Child Tax Reduction Limit

The maximum total tax reduction (number of children times STRPC) allowed in the calculation of the Saskatchewan Provincial Tax Reduction.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## smrec: Saskatchewan Tax Reduction Per Child

A tax reduction of this amount is applied for all children under the age of 18 years in the calculation of the Saskatchewan Provincial Tax Reduction.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## STRRR: Saskatchewan Tax Reduction Reduction Rate

This parameter represents the rate at which total Saskatchewan Provincial Income Tax reduction is reduced. This is applied to basic Saskatchewan income tax exceeding the total tax reductions (STRBR, SSCI, and the total tax reduction on behalf of children).

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## STRSC: Saskatchewan Tax Reduction for Senior Citizens

All Saskatchewan filers age 65 and over receive a reduction in provincial income taxes of this amount.

Used in functions:
txprov Compute provincial taxes

## toaflag: Table 0A Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 0A, which contains counts of units having non-zero values for various variables. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## toflag: Table 0 Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 0 , which contains counts and sums of various variables. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## T1AFLAG: Table 1A Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 1A, which contains counts of units having non-zero values for various variables by province. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## T1FLAG: Table 1 Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 1, which contains counts and sums of various variables by province. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## t2aflag: Table 2A Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 2A, which contains counts of units having non-zero values for various variables by income classes as determined by the breakpoints specified in the INCGP parameter. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## f2flag: Table 2 Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 2 , which contains counts and sums of various variables by income classes as determined by the breakpoints specified in the parameter INCGP. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## t3aflag: Table 3A Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 3A, which contains counts of units having non-zero values by family type. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## t3FLAG: Table 3 Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 3, which contains counts and sums of various variables by family type. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## t4Aflag: Table 4A Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 4 A , which contains counts of units having non-zero values by poverty threshold ratio classes given by PVRAT and PTF. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## t4Flag: Table 4 Request Flag

This control parameter, when set to 1 , activates hard-wired Table 4 A , which contains counts and sums of various variables by poverty threshold ratio classes given by PVRAT and PTF. The level of analysis is specified by the TABUNIT parameter.

## tabdelta: Hard-wired Tables Winner/Loser Threshold

This is the dollar amount used to determine winners and losers for purposes of producing certain rows of the hard-wired tables. The difference in consumable income between base and variant is compared to TABDELTA at the TABUNIT level of analysis to determine a winner or loser.

## tabunit: Hard-wired Tables Family Level

Reporting variables are summed over the family unit specified by TABUNIT in order to produce the hard-wired tables. Valid values and their meanings are given below.

0 Individual
1 Nuclear Family
2 Census Family
3 Economic Family
4 Household

## TARGETYEAR: Year of Analysis

This parameter controls the phasing in of certain social support programs. Valid values include all integers from 84 to 91 .

Used in functions:
gist oas
Compute Provincial GIS top-ups for elderly
Compute OAS for elderly

## TAXCRR: Tax Credit Transfer Reduction Rate

The proportion of net income above the tax credit transfer turndown level (TAXCRT) by which the total available tax credits to be transferred from a spouse is reduced. This parameter is in effect only when the value of PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:
txcalc
Calculate federal income tax

## TAXCRT: Tax Credit Transfer Turndown Level

The level of individual net income above which the transfer of tax credits between spouses begins to be allowed at a reduced rate. This parameter is in effect only when the value of PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:
txcalc
Calculate federal income tax

## tuitopt: Tuition Deduction/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of the Tuition Deduction. With a value of 1 , the tuition fees (prtuitn) are treated as a deduction from net income and with a value of 2 ,
as a tax credit.

Used in functions:

## txinet

Compute net income

## rutcr: Tuition Tax Credit Rate

The proportion of tuition fees that may be claimed as a Tax Credit. If the parameter EDUCOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), the imputed value of tuition deduction is multiplied by this rate to calculate the tuition tax credit.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txinet } \quad \text { Compute net income }
$$

## UER: Unemployment Rate

Regionalization for the UI algorithm is based on urban size classes within province (the lowest level of geographic detail available for public release). Regional rates are represented in a table ten rows (provinces) by five columns (size classes). Codes of 0.0 are used where a given urban size class does not exist. In certain cases (e.g. Newfoundland), size classes have been collapsed for reasons of confidentiality. Only one value is used in PEI, since although it has two size classes, there is only one UI region. Regional unemployment rates are proportional to the ratio of person-weeks of unemployment to person weeks in the labour force recorded on the data base. However, the rates have been adjusted to agree with provincial unemployment rates.
Source: SPSD and Labour Force Survey Data.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits
utbaseyrmax: Maximum Insurable Earnings for Base Year
Dollar value of maximum insurable earnings.

## uibasflag: Basic Phase Calculation Flag

Flag which determines whether the initial phase benefits are to be computed (value 1), or not (value 0). This feature of the model permits the program structure to be varied, by deleting a phase.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## UIBASRATE: Benefit Rate for Basic Phase

Benefit rate as a proportion of weekly insurable earnings. This parameter is not used if the flag UIEFEFLAG is set to 0 .

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## UIBRA: UI Benefit Recovery Base Amount

If UI benefits (imiuib) have been received, a proportion (UIBRP) of net income in excess of this amount or of total benefits is repayable.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## UIbrp: UI Benefit Recovery Portion

If unemployment insurance benefits (imiuib) have been received and net income is in excess of the base amount (UIBRA), this proportion is applied to the lower of (a) total UI benefits and (b) the excess net income, to calculate the repayment which is also a deduction from net income.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## UICOPT: UI Contributions Deduction/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of Unemployment Insurance contributions, imuic. With a value of 1, Unemployment Insurance Contributions are treated as deductions from net income and with a value of 2 , a proportion UICTR of UI contributions are taken as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## UICTR: UI Contribution Tax Credit Rate

The proportion of Unemployment Insurance contributions that may be claimed as a tax credit. This parameter is used only if UICOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

## Used in functions:

> txinet Compute net income

Uieffelag: Observed Effective Weekly Benefit Rate Flag
Flag determines that UI benefits are computed from the average benefit per week observed in sample claims. The effective benefit rate may be higher than $60 \%$ of weekly insurable earnings if special programs were in effect (e.g., job creation) or lower if the sampled claimant reported eamings while on claim.
When the flag is set to 1 , the effective weekly benefit rate is used in the calculation of UI benefits. When the flag is set to 0 , the values of the parameters UIBASRATE, UILFERATE, UIRGERATE have no effect on the simulation results.
Source: UI Administrative Data.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits
uiernmax: Maximum Insurable Earnings
Dollar value of maximum weekly insurable earnings.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

Uifshminwk: Minimum Weeks to Qualify for Fishing Benefits
This parameter represents the minimum weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for eligibility for UI fishing benefits. At present, the standard algorithm does not subject fishing claims to an eligibility test.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## Uiffeelag: Labour Force Extended Phase Calculation Flag

Flag which determines whether the labour force extended phase benefits are to be computed (value 1), or not (value 0). This feature of the model permits the program structure to be varied, by deleting a phase.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## Uilfemin: Weeks Worked In Qualifying Period

The second phase of regular benefits is the Labour Force Extended phase. Additional weeks of benefit entitlement (UILFEWKS) are determined by the weeks of work in the qualifying period (UILFEMIN). These two vectors must always have 14 elements corresponding exactly to each other.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## uilferate: Benefit Rate for Labor Force Extended Phase

Benefit rate as a proportion of weekly insurable earnings. This parameter is not used if the flag UIEFEFLAG is set to 0 .

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

UILFEWKS: Weeks LFE Entitlement
The maximum weeks of entitlement in the Labour Force Extended Phase. Additional weeks of benefit entitlement are determined by the weeks of work in the qualifying period (UILFEMIN). The two vectors UILFEMIN and UILFEWKS must always have 14 elements corresponding exactly to each other.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

UIMATMINWK: Minimum Weeks to Qualify for Maternity Benefits
This parameter represents the minimum weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for eligibility for UI maternity benefits.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

Regular benefits are paid in three successive phases. This parameter represents the maximum duration of the initial phase.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

UIMAXDUR: Maximum Duration of a UI Claim
The maximum weeks of benefits payable on a given claim (all phases combined).

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

UIMAxeshwks: Maximum Number of Weeks - Fishing
The operational maximum weeks of entitlement to fishing benefits. However, benefits are paid to self-employed fishermen only from November $1^{\text {st }}$ to May $15^{\text {th }}$.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits
uImaxmatwks: Maximum Number of Weeks - Maternity
The maximum weeks of entitlement to maternity benefits. However, maternity claims may be changed to regular claims.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## Uimaxretwks: Maximum Number of Weeks - Retirement

The maximum weeks of entitlement to retirement benefits.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

## UIMAXSICWKS: Maximum Number of Weeks - Sickness

The maximum weeks of entitlement to sickness benefits. However, sickness claims may be changed to regular claims.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

UIPF: UI Contribution Rate on Earnings
The proportion of UI insurable earnings payable as UI contributions.

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txinet } \quad \text { Compute net income }
$$

UIREGMINWK: Minimum Weeks to Qualify for Regular Benefits
This parameter represents the minimum weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for eligibility for UI regular benefits.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

UIREPPREV: Weeks of Insurable Employment
The number of weeks of insurable employment required for repeaters to be eligible for benefits increases with the number of weeks of benefits received in the qualifying period (see also UIREPUER and UIREPWWKD). The vector UIREPPREV must always have 11 elements corresponding to the columns of UIREPWWKD.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## UIREPUER: Regional Unemployment Rate

The number of weeks of insurable employment required for repeaters to be eligible for benefits decreases at progressively higher regional unemployment rates (see also UIREPPREV and UIREPWWKD). The vector UIREPUER must always have 5 elements corresponding to the rows of UIREPWWKD.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

## UIRERWWKD: Repeater Eligibility Requirements

The number of weeks of insurable employment required for repeaters to be eligible for benefits increases with the number of weeks of benefits received in the qualifying period (UIREPPREV) and decreases at progressively higher regional unemployment rates (UIREPUER). UIREPWWKD represents a two dimensional (11 by 5) lookup table of the weeks of work required for repeater eligibility,

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

## UIRETMINWK: Minimum Weeks to Qualify for Retirement Benefits

This parameter represents the minimum weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for eligibility for UI retirement benefits.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

## uirgeflag: Regional Extended Phase Calculation Flag

Flag which determines whether the regional extended phase benefits are to be computed (value 1), or not (value 0). This feature of the model permits the program structure to be varied, by deleting a phase.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## UIRGEMIN: Unemployment Rate for Regional Extended Entitlement

The third phase of regular benefits is the Regional Extended phase. Additional weeks of benefit entitlement are determined by the regional unemployment rate (see UIRGEWKS). Cut-points represent the lower bound of class intervals (the lowest possible unemployment rate is coded as -1.0). The vectors UIRGEMIN and UIRGEWKS must always have 17 elements corresponding exactly to each other.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## UIRGERATE: Benefit Rate for Regional Extended Phase

Benefit rate as a proportion of weekly insurable earnings. This parameter is not used if the flag UIEFFFLAG is set to 0 .

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

## UIRGEWKS: Weeks Regional Extended Entitlement

The third phase of regular benefits is the Regional Extended phase. Maximum additional weeks of benefit entitlement (UIRGEWKS) are determined by the regional unemployment rate (UIRGEMIN). Cut-points represent the lower bound of class intervals (the lowest possible unemployment rate is coded as -1.0 ). These two vectors must always have 17 elements corresponding exactly to each other.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

## UIRGNFLAG: Regional Requirements Flag

Flag which determines whether variable UI entrance requirements based on regional unemployment rates are used (value 1), or not (value 0).

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

## UIRGNMIN: Regional Unemployment Rate

The UIRGNWKS parameter represents the number weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for regular benefits in relation to the unemployment rate of UI economic regions.
Eligibility is finally determined by comparing weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period (UIRGNWKS) to the level required in relation to local (UI Economic Region) unemployment rates. Cut points for unemployment rates are given as lower bounds (the minimum possible unemployment rate is coded as -1.0 ). The vectors UIRGNMIN and UIRGNWKS must always have 5 elements corresponding exactly to each other.

Used in functions:

## UIRGNWKS: Weeks Required for Eligibility

This parameter represents the number weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for regular benefits in relation to the regional unemployment rates. The vectors UIRGNMIN and UIRGNWKS must always have 5 elements corresponding exactly to each other.

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

UIRPTELAG: Repeater Requirements Flag
This flag determines whether UI repeater rules are applied (value 1) in testing eligibility or not applied (value 0).

Used in functions:
ui Compute UI benefits

UISICMINWK: Minimum Weeks to Qualify for Sickness Benefits
This parameter represents the minimum weeks of insurable employment in the qualifying period that are required for eligibility for UI sickness benefits.

Used in functions:
ui
Compute UI benefits

UItargyrmax: Maximum Insurable Earnings for Target Year
The maximum weekly earnings insurable under the provisions of the UI program for the target year. The value defined by the UI ACT is updated annually in relation to a moving average of earnings determined from Revenue Canada data.

## uiwaitwks: Minimum Waiting Period All Claims

This parameter determines the minimum interval between the last week worked and the first week of UI benefits.

Used in functions:
ui

Compute UI benefits

## vardesc: Description of Variant Parameters

This control parameter is automatically generated by SPSM, and is simply a copy of the MPRDESC parameter of the variant. The value will appear in the page header of the output table file.

## VARALG: Name of Variant Algorithms

This control parameter is automatically generated by SPSM, and records the overall name of the tax/transfer algorithm used to generate variant results.

Varmeth: Method of Creating Variant Variables
This parameter specifies one of three methods for producing variant results. Valid values are:

0 - No variant results will be calculated
2 - Results will be calculated using the standard algorithm with tax/transfer parameters as specified in the INPVARMPR file.

3 - Results will be calculated using the alternate algorithm with tax/transfer parameters specified in the INPVARMPR file.

## vPTE: Nova Scotia Provincial Tax Fraction

Nova Scotia Basic Provincial Income Tax (imbpt) is calculated as a proportion of Basic Federal Tax using this factor.

Used in functions:
txprov
Compute provincial taxes

## wgttot: Sum of Household Weights

This control parameter specifies the total sum of weights on the input weight file. This value is generated by SPSM automatically and is reproduced here for informational purposes.

## wsCE: CPP/QPP Contribution Rate On Employment Eamings

In the calculation of CPP contributions, this is the rate applied to earnings from employment.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## wscm: Ratio SECF/WSCF

The ratio of the CPP/QPP contribution rate on earnings from self-employment to the rate on earnings from employment. This is used in calculating the amount payable on earnings from self-employment.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## Xtcols: X-tab Desired Print Width

This control parameter, when activated by XTELAG, specifies the width desired for table reports. It is used to improve the appearance of tables, but does not guarantee that the table will fit within the bounds specified. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## Xtelag: X-tab Facility Activation Flag

This control parameter activates the SPSM cross tabulation facility. The cross-tabulation facility allows the user to generate multidimensional tables of his or her own design. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## xtlines: X-tab Desired Lines Per Page

This control parameter, when activated by XTFLAG, specifies the number of lines per page available on the user's output device. It is used to pack tables onto pages efficiently, but cannot be used to split tables with many lines across pages in a sensibly formatted fashion. Please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## XTSPEC: X-tab Specification

This control parameter, when activated by XTFLAG, specifies the tables requested by the user. As the syntax of table specification is rather complicated, please see the SPSM User's Guide for more information.

## YCTC: Young Child Tax Credit

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), each child may be claimed for a tax credit of this amount, subject to reductions based on the child's net income.

Used in functions:

| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |
| :--- | :--- |
| txhstr | Apply tax transfers between head and spouse |

## yCTCR: Young Child Tax Credit Rate

The proportion of net income exceeding the turndown level (YCTCT) which reduces the dependant tax credit. This parameter is used only if PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:

| mpc | Calculate derived model parameters and do edits |
| :--- | :--- |
| txhstr | Apply tax transfers between head and spouse |

## yotar: Young Child Tax Credit Tumdown Level

The level of net income of a dependant, aged 17 or younger, above which the dependant tax credit begins to be reduced at the rate YCMXR. This parameter is used only if PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits } \\
\text { txhstr } & \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse }
\end{array}
$$

## yctel: Young Child Tax Credit Income Limit

This parameter is calculated as the income level above which there is no Young Child Tax Credit. It is used only if PEROPT is set to 2 (for tax credits).

Used in functions:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { mpc } & \text { Calculate derived model parameters and do edits } \\
\text { txhstr } & \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse }
\end{array}
$$

## YCXM: Exemption for Wholly Dependent Child 0-17

If the parameter PEROPT is set to 1 (for personal exemptions), each wholly dependent child under the age of 18 may be claimed for an exemption of this amount, subject to reductions based on the child's net income.

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## yCXMR: Exemption Reduction Rate for Child 0-17

The rate at which the tax credit for children aged $0-17$ is reduced by net income exceeding the turndown level (YCTCT). This parameter is used only if PEROPT is set to 1 (for personal exemptions).

Used in functions:

$$
\text { txhstr } \quad \text { Apply tax transfers between head and spouse }
$$

## усхмт : Exemption Turndown for Child 0-17

The level of net income above which the dependant exemption begins to be reduced for dependants under the age of 18 . This parameter is used only if PEROPT is set to 1 (for personal exemptions).

Used in functions:
txhstr Apply tax transfers between head and spouse

## YINDL: Maximum Interest and Dividend Income Deduction

Interest and dividend income exclusive of carrying charges, and, optionally, taxable capital gains (depending upon the setting of the parameter CGIFLAG) are eligible to be claimed for the Interest and Dividend Income Deduction. This parameter determines the maximum possible deduction. If YINDL is set to 0 , the value of the deduction is zero.

Used in functions:
txitax
Compute taxable income

## YMPE: CPP/QPP Maximum Pensionable Earnings

The yearly maximum employment earnings for calculating contributions to the CPP/QPP. Note that this is the sum of (a) the Basic CPPExemption (CPPXM) and (b) maximumearnings subject to contribution as defined in the T1 tax form.

Used in functions:
txinet Compute net income

## YPNDL: Maximum Pension Income Deduction

When YPNOPT is set to 1 (for personal exemptions), then this is the maximum dollar amount of pension income which may be claimed as a deduction.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## YPNOPT: Pension Income Deduction/Tax Credit Option

This parameter controls the tax treatment of the Pension Income Deduction. With a value of 1, the Pension Income Deduction is treated as a deduction from net income and with a value of 2 , it is treated as a tax credit.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income
ypNTL: Maximum Pension Income Tax Credit
When the value of YPNOPT is set to 2 (for tax credits), then this is the maximum amount of pension income on which the Pension Income Tax Credit will be calculated.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

## YPNTR: Pension Income Tax Credit Rate

This is the proportion of pension income (up to a ceiling of YPNTL) which may be claimed as a tax credit. This tax credit may be transferred to the spouse.

Used in functions:
txitax Compute taxable income

Appendix A
Parameter Values Provided with SPSD/M

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    2.3.222 Alberti
2.3.223 Ouebec

            2.3.223 Queboc
    
        2.3 .23 Old Age Security (OAS)
    



            23.25 Provincial GIS Supplementation Prograrts waves.
    

            2.3.2.5.2 Ontirio
    
            2.3.25.3 Manitobe.
    









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## APPENDIX A Parameter Values Provided with SPSM

## Introduction

This appendix is a listing of the parameter values provided with the SPSD/M. There are nine variants:

| Variant | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| ba84 | 1984 actual |
| ba85 | 1985 actual |
| ba86 | 1986 actual |
| ba87 | 1987 actual and estimated |
| sq88 | 1988 status quo (pre-reform) and estimated |
| sq88y84 | 1988 status quo (pre-reform) and estimated, deflated to 1984 dollars |
| ba88 | 1988 reform and estimated |
| ba88y84 | 1988 reform and estimated, deflated to 1984 dollars. |
| ba89 | 1989 reform and estimated |
| ba89y84 | 1989 reform and estimated, deflated to 1984 dollars |

The following sections contain the values, derivation and source for each of the variants. Depending upon the type of parameter, values may fill the first one, two or three columns.
Formulas may begin in either the third or fourth column. The source, where applicable, follows a pound sign (\#).

Formulae normally refer to another variant, for example:
ba85*CPI
means that the value was derived from the base 1985 variant, multiplied by the CPI value for 1985.

In certain cases, the formula may refer to another value within the same variant, for example,

| MNWEL |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| File | Value | Formula |
| -----.-. | ---124.00 | ba89/5 |

The formula here refers to the value of MXWEL for ba89. Unfortunately, this is not made explicit by the formula and the reader is referred to the description section of the SPSD/M Parameter Guide to determine this relationship.

The notation of the formulae adheres to that of LOTUS 1-2-3 since that is the package in which the parameters are maintained. For the most part, notation is similar to high level programming languages (e.g., FORTRAN, C, BASIC). The following functions occur:

$$
I N T(x) \quad \text { Take integer portion of } \mathrm{x} \text { without rounding }
$$

$\operatorname{ROUND}(x, i) \quad$ Round the value x to i places
Four constants are used to inflate or deflate dollar value parameters. These are annual CPI, annual CPI minus 3 points (CPIM3), the average annual industrial wage growth (WAGE) and a deflator (DFL) which is the reciprocal of the annual CPI.

Following are the values used in the calculation of these parameters.

|  | $\mathbf{8 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 y 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 8}$ |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DFL | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | .848 | 1.000 |
| CPI | 1.044 | 1.040 | 1.041 | 1.044 | 1.000 | 1.041 |
| CPIM3 | 1.014 | 1.010 | 1.011 | 1.014 | 1.000 | 1.011 |
| WAGE | 1.053 | 1.036 | 1.028 | 1.037 | 1.000 | 1.044 |

The values refer to annual average figures for the years given. The parameter value for the previous year is multiplied by the value given for the previous year to give the value for the next year. For example, the Basic Tax Credit (BTC) for 1988 is $\$ 1,020$. It is grown by CPI minus three points (CPIM3) for 1988 (1.011) to yield the value $\$ 1,031.22$ for 1989.

The source of the model parameter is often coded to conserve space. Following is a list of these codes and a fuller description of the source.

$\left.$| Code for Source | Description of Source |
| :--- | :--- |
| Budget, May 1985 | Securing Economic Renewal Budget Papers, Department of <br> Finance Canada (May 23, 1985) |
| Budget, Feb 1986 | Securing Economic Renewal Budget Papers, Department of <br> Finance Canada (February 26, 1986) |
| Budget, Feb 1988 | Securing Economic Renewal Budget Papers, Department of <br> Finance Canada (February 10, 1988) |
| HWC "Red Book", 1988 | Reference Guide on Income Security Programs and Other <br> Related Information. Data Development and Analysis, <br> Income Security Programs Branch, Health and Welfare Can- <br> ada. |
| Inventory of Income Security <br> Programs | Inventory of Income Security Programs. Health and Welfare <br> Canada. Catalog H75-16/1985E. |
| Income Tax Form | General Tax Guide and Return (T1), Revenue Canada Tax- <br> ation. (years 1984 through 1987 including provincial <br> retums) |
| Quebec Prov. Income Tax | Income Tax Return - Long Form, Revenu Québec. (years <br> 1984 through 1987). |
| Form | Unemployment Insurance Act | | Unemployment Insurance Act, 1971 |
| :--- | \right\rvert\, | Unemployment Insurance Statistics, Statistics Canada, Cata- |
| :--- |
| log number 73-001. |, | UI Statistics, STC 73-001 | Unemployment Insurance Statistics, Statistics Canada, Cata- <br> log number 73-202. |
| :--- | :--- |
| UI Statistics, STC 73-202 | The White Paper Tax Reform 1987, Department of Finance <br> Canada (June 18, 1987). |
| White Paper, June 1987 |  |

## Parameter Values by Program

### 2.1 Model Control Parameters

The values for this section are not included in this appendix.

### 2.2 Database Adjustment Parameters

The values for this section are not included in this appendix.

### 2.3 Government Transfers and Personal Income Taxes

### 2.3.1 Variant Description



| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 84 |
| ba 85 | 85 |
| ba 86 | 86 |
| bal87 | 87 |
| 5988 | 89 |
| sq88y84 | 84 |
| babs bab8y84 | 88 |
| bas9 | 89 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 84 |

### 2.3.2 Government Transfers

### 2.3.2.1 Unemployment Insurance

UIERNMAX: Maximum insurable eamings


### 2.3.2.1.1 Minimum Weeks to Qualify

UI RECMINWK: Minimum weeks to qualify for regular benefits


A-4

| bess | 10 |
| :---: | :---: |
| bask | 10 |
| barl | 10 |
| *148 | 10 |
| s-553.04 | 10 |
| 2, 88 | 10 |
| hat8y84 | 10 |
| b489 | 10 |
| bus9y84 | 10 |

UIMATMINWK: Minimum weeks to qualify for matcmity benefits

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| --as | - |
| be 84 | 20 |
| bess | 20 |
| ba86 | 20 |
| ba87 | 20 |
| \$988 | 20 |
| 9q88y84 | 20 |
| bag8 | 20 |
| bu88y84 | 20 |
| b489 | 20 |
| be89y84 | 20 |

UYSICMINWK: Minimum weeks to qualify for sickness benefis

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| ba84 | 20 |
| ba85 | 20 |
| ba86 | 20 |
| b887 | 20 |
| sq88 | 20 |
| q88y84 | 20 |
| b888 | 20 |
| be88y84 | 20 |
| ba89 | 20 |
| be8984 | 20 |

UI RETM INWK: Minimum weeks to qualify for retirement benefits


UI FSHMINWK: Minimum weeks to q̧ulify for fishing benefis


### 2.3.2.1.2 Regional Qualification

UIRGNMIN: Regional unemployment rate

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| ba 84 | 5 |
| bus | 5 |
| ba 86 | 5 |
| ba 87 | 5 |
| sq 88 | 5 |
| q $88 y 84$ | 5 |
| b 888 | 5 |

Formula

* Unemployment Inarance Act
* Unemployment Insurance Act
* Unemploymens Insurance Act
"Unemployment Insurance Act
* Uncmployment Insurance Act

Winemployment Insurance Act
Whamploymens Insurance Act

Unemployment Insurance Act W Unamployment Insurance Act * Unemploymení Insurence Act Winemployment Inmurance Act * Unemployment Inarance Act - Unemploymens Insurance Act * Unemploymens Insurance Act Unemploymert Insurance Act Unemploymens Inmurance Act
Winctioyment Inmurence Act

Fomula

* Unemployment Inmurance Acs Winemployment Inmurance Acs Winemployment Inarance Act Winamploymen Insurance Act * Unemploymern Insurance Act W Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemploymen Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemploymert Insurance Act * Unemploymeni Insurance Act

Formula
W Unemploymerm Insurance Act * Unamploymers Insurance Act Unemploymeni Insurance Act * Unemploymers Innurance Act Winamploymers Insurance Act W Unamploymens Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemploymens Insurance Act * Unemploymens Insurance Act Unemploymen Insurance Act

## Formula

Unemploymant Insurance Act - Unamploymers Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemploymers Insurance Act Whemploymens Insurance Act Whamployment Insurance Act Unemploymens Insurance Act Winemploymens Insurance Act Whemployment Insurance Act

* Unemployment Insurance Acs


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 10 |
| ba85 | 10 |
| be 86 | 10 |
| ba87 | 10 |
| sq88 | 10 |
| 4988 y 4 | 10 |
| bs88 | 10 |
| ba88y84 | 10 |
| b. 89 | 10 |
| b. 89 y 84 | 10 |
| UIRGNWKS (2) |  |
| bs84 | 11 |
| b-85 | 11 |
| bs 86 | 11 |
| be87 | 11 |
| 3988 | 11 |
| sq88y84 | 11 |
| be88 | 11 |
| be88ys4 | 11 |
| be89 | 11 |
| b. 89984 | 11 |
| UIRGNWKS \{3) |  |
| bas 4 | 12 |
| bus | 12 |
| b. 86 | 12 |
| ba 87 | 12 |
| 9988 | 12 |
| sq88y84 | 12 |
| bas8 | 12 |
| bas8y84 | 12 |
| 6.89 | 12 |
| be89y84 | 12 |
| UIRGNWKS (4) |  |
| bu 84 | 13 |
| b 885 | 13 |
| bs 86 | 13 |
| b. 87 | 13 |
| 3988 | 13 |
| 5488 y 84 | 13 |
| be8s | 13 |
| ha 88.884 | 13 |
| bas9 | 13 |
| h. 89 y 84 | 13 |
| (: a¢NWKS (5) |  |
| ba 84 | 14 |
| ba 85 | 14 |
| ba 86 | 14 |
| ba 87 | 14 |
| 3988 | 14 |
| sq88y84 | 14 |
| ba 88 | 14 |
| be88y84 | 14 |
| b.89 | 14 |
| bus9y84 | 14 |

### 2.3.2.1.3 Repeater Qualification

UI REPUER: Regional unemployment rate



| UTHE: ?REV (2) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| bast | 11 |
| b. 85 | 11 |
| bag6 | 11 |
| b. 87 | 11 |
| sq88 | 11 |
| 488984 | 11 |
| be88 | 11 |
| ba 88 y 84 | 11 |
| be89 | 11 |
| be89y84 | 11 |
| UIREPPREV(3) |  |
| best | 12 |
| bas | 12 |
| be86 | 12 |
| beg7 | 12 |
| sc88 | 12 |
| 3988984 | 12 |
| ba88 | 12 |
| bu88984 | 12 |
| b489 | 12 |
| bas9y 84 | 12 |
| UIREPPREV (4) |  |
| be84 | 13 |
| be85 | 13 |
| be86 | 13 |
| be87 | 13 |
| sq88 | 13 |
| sq88y84 | 13 |
| begs | 13 |
| ba8884 | 13 |
| b 89 | 13 |
| b. 89 y 84 | 13 |
| UIREPPREV (5) |  |
| be 84 | 14 |
| be85 | 14 |
| be86 | 14 |
| ba 87 | 14 |
| sq88 | 14 |
| 5988 y 84 | 14 |
| he88 | 14 |
| catsy 84 | 14 |
| ba 89 | 14 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 14 |
| U: 6 OPPREV (6) |  |
| bag 4 | 15 |
| ba 85 | 15 |
| ba 86 | 15 |
| bal 8 | 15 |
| s988 | 15 |
| sq88y84 | 15 |
| be88 | 15 |
| be88y84 | 15 |
| be89 | 15 |
| be89y84 | 15 |
| UIREPPREV(7) |  |
| be 84 | 16 |
| b. 85 | 16 |
| be86 | 16 |
| b. 87 | 16 |
| sq88 | 16 |
| sq88y84 | 16 |
| be88 | 16 |
| ba88y84 | 16 |
| ba89 | 16 |
| bu89 y 84 | 16 |
| UIREPPREV(B) |  |
| be 84 | 17 |
| be85 | 17 |
| be 86 | 17 |
| ba 87 | 17 |
| sq88 | 17 |
| sq88984 | 17 |
| ba88 | 17 |
| ba88y84 | 17 |
| ba89 | 17 |
| be89y84 | 17 |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| bas4 | 18 |
| bat 8 | 18 |
| b-86 | 18 |
| ba 87 | 18 |
| sq88 | 18 |
| sq88y84 | 18 |
| ba88 | 18 |
| ha88y84 | 18 |
| ba 89 | 18 |
| bas9y84 | 18 |
| Uミこ?PREV(10) |  |
| ba84 | 19 |
| b. 85 | 19 |
| ba86 | 19 |
| ba 87 | 19 |
| sq88 | 19 |
| sq88y84 | 19 |
| be88 | 19 |
| ba88y84 | 19 |
| b489 | 19 |
| ba89y84 | 19 |
| U1REP?REV(11) |  |
| b 84 | 99 |
| ba 85 | 99 |
| ba 86 | 99 |
| b. 87 | 99 |
| 9988 | 99 |
| sq88y84 | 99 |
| bs88 | 99 |
| ba88y84 | 99 |
| bag9 | 99 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 99 |

UIRE?WWKD: Repeater eligibility requiremens


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  <br>  응 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\bigcirc \times \infty$ | ここここここここご |  |  |  |  |
|  | － |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\cdots \infty$ | こコこココこコゴu | ぶすぐ， |  |  |  |
|  |  | ここここここここここ | ãããããa |  |  |  |
|  |  | のこのテのããa |  |  |  | いち心むむちむいちゃ |



### 2.3.2.1.4 Basic Parameters

UIWAITWKS: Minimum waiting period all cham:


UIMAXBASEWKS: Mesimun number of weeks on the initial phase - regular


UIMAXMATWKS: Meximum number of weeks - maternity


UIMAXS ICWKS: Maxinum number of weeks - sickness


UIMAXRETWKS: Miximum number of weeks - relinement


| bu88 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $h 288 y 84$ | 3 |
| $b-89$ | 3 |
| $B .19 y 84$ | 3 |

- Unemploymen Insurance Act - Unemployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act

E:MXF5HWK5: Manimum number of weeke - IIshing

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas | -----79 | *-0.0.0.0. | ..... |
| ba85 | 29 |  |  |
| bal 86 | 29 |  |  |
| bu 87 | 29 |  |  |
| sq88 | 29 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 29 |  |  |
| be88 | 29 |  |  |
| bu88y84 | 29 |  |  |
| ba89 | 29 |  |  |
| bu89y84 | 29 |  |  |

Formula
W Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act Wnomployment Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act - Unemploymens Insurance Act - Unemployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act - Unamployment Insurance Act * Unemploymens Insurance Act

UIMAXDUR: Maximum duration of a UT claim

| File | Value | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 50 |  |
| b.85 | 50 |  |
| be86 | 50 |  |
| b. 87 | 50 |  |
| $4{ }^{4} 8$ | 50 |  |
| *988y84 | 50 |  |
| bu88 | 50 |  |
| bus8y84 | 50 |  |
| bas9 | 50 |  |
| bu89y84 | 50 |  |

### 2.3.2.1.5 Labour Force Extended Benefits

UI LFEMIN: Weeks worked in qualifying period


| ber8y84 be89 be 89 y 84 | 30 30 30 |
| :---: | :---: |
| UTLFEMIN (4) |  |
| bas4 | 32 |
| bs85 | 32 |
| ba86 | 32 |
| b. 87 | 32 |
| sq88 | 32 |
| sq88y84 | 32 |
| ba88 | 32 |
| be 88 y 84 | 32 |
| ba89 | 32 |
| 6889 y 84 | 32 |
| UILFEMIN(5) |  |
| bus4 | 34 |
| 6885 | 34 |
| be86 | 34 |
| be87 | 34 |
| sg 88 | 34 |
| sq88y84 | 34 |
| ba88 | 34 |
| b48y84 | 34 |
| b 89 | 34 |
| bu89y84 | 34 |
| UILFEMIN (6) |  |
| be 84 | 36 |
| be85 | 36 |
| be86 | 36 |
| b. 87 | 36 |
| sq88 | 36 |
| sq88y84 | 36 |
| ba88 | 36 |
| be88984 | 36 |
| ${ }^{6} 89$ | 36 |
| be89y84 | 36 |
| UILFEMIN ${ }^{\text {(7) }}$ |  |
| ba 84 | 38 |
| bs 85 | 38 |
| bs 86 | 38 |
| be87 | 38 |
| 9988 | 38 |
| sq88y84 | 38 |
| b888 | 38 |
| ba88y84 | 38 |
| 6889 | 38 |
| be89y84 | 38 |
| UILFEMIN (8) |  |
| be 84 | 40 |
| ba 85 | 40 |
| bat | 40 |
| ba 87 | 40 |
| sq88 | 40 |
| sq88y84 | 40 |
| ba88 | 40 |
| be88y84 | 40 |
| b489 | 40 |
| be89y84 | 40 |
| UILFEMIN (9) |  |
| bus4 | 42 |
| bu 85 | 42 |
| ba 86 | 42 |
| be 87 | 42 |
| S988 | 42 |
| sq88y84 | 42 |
| be88 | 42 |
| bs88y84 | 42 |
| 6889 | 42 |
| ba89y84 | 42 |
| UILFEMIN(10) |  |
| ba 84 | 44 |
| ba 85 | 44 |
| be 86 | 44 |
| be 87 | 44 |
| 3q88 | 44 |
| sq88y84 | 44 |
| b. 88 | d4 |





### 2.3.2.1.6 Regional Extended Benefits

UI RGEMIN: Unemployment rate for regional extended extitement


| be 88 | 17 |
| :---: | :---: |
| bus8y84 | 17 |
| b.89 | 17 |
| ba89y 84 | 17 |
| UIRGEMIN (1) |  |
| bas4 | 11.50 |
| be 85 | 11.50 |
| be86 | 11.50 |
| ba87 | 11.50 |
| sq88 | 11.50 |
| sq88y84 | 11.50 |
| ba88 | 11.50 |
| ba88y84 | 11.50 |
| bs89 | 11.50 |
| be 89 y 84 | 11.50 |
| UIRGEMIN(2) |  |
| be 84 $\mathrm{~b} \times 85$ | 11.00 |
| bs 85 | 11.00 |
| be86 | 11.00 |
| 6.87 | 11.00 |
| sq88 | 11.00 |
| sq88y84 | 11.00 |
| be88 | 11.00 |
| be88y84 | 11.00 |
| 689 | 11.00 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 11.00 |
| UIRGEMIN (3) |  |
| bese | 10.50 |
| ba 85 | 10.50 |
| b. 86 | 10.50 |
| ba 87 | 10.50 |
| sq888 | 10.50 |
| sq88y84 | 10.50 |
| ba88 | 10.50 |
| bm88y84 | 10.50 |
| ba 89 | 10.50 |
| ba89y84 | 10.50 |
| UIRGEMIN (4) |  |
| b. 84 | 10.00 |
| be85 | 10.00 |
| bal 86 | 10.00 |
| ba 87 | 10.00 |
| sq88 | 10.00 |
| sq88984 | 10.00 |
| ba 88 | 10.00 |
| be88y84 | 10.00 |
| ba89 | 10.00 |
| $6.89 y 84$ | 10.00 |
| UIRGEMIN (5) |  |
| be84 | 9.50 |
| bas | 9.50 |
| ba86 | 9.50 |
| b 87 | 9.50 |
| sq88 | 9.50 |
| sq88y84 | 9.50 |
| bas | 9.50 |
| bu88 y 84 | 9.50 |
| ba89 | 9.50 |
| bas9y 84 | 9.50 |
| UIRGEMIN (6) |  |
| ba 84 | 9.00 |
| b 885 | 9.00 |
| bab | 9.00 |
| b 87 | 9.00 |
| 3988 | 9.00 |
| sq88y84 | 9.00 |
| bi88 | 9.00 |
| bs8884 | 9.00 |
| bs 89 | 9.00 |
| ba89y 84 | 9.00 |
| UIRGEMIN ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ |  |
| ba 84 | 8.50 |
| be85 | 8.50 |
| ba 86 | 8.50 |
| ba87 | 8.50 |
| sq888 | 8.50 |
| sq88y84 | 8.50 |
| ba 88 | 8.50 |

[^0]


| 61203nks (3) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| bus | 28 |
| b. 85 | 28 |
| but 86 | 28 |
| b. 87 | 28 |
| sq88 | 28 |
| squgys4 | 28 |
| b 88 | 28 |
| be88y84 | 28 |
| ba89 | 28 |
| ba89y84 | 28 |
| UI RGEWKS (4) |  |
| bas4 | 26 |
| bas5 | 26 |
| be86 | 26 |
| bas7 | 26 |
| 9988 | 26 |
| sq88y84 | 26 |
| bes8 | 26 |
| bu8sy84 | 26 |
| bas9 | 26 |
| ba 99.88 | 26 |
| UIRGEWKS (5) |  |
| be84 | 24 |
| bass | 24 |
| bers | 24 |
| bes7 | 24 |
| 5988 | 24 |
| sq88ys4 | 24 |
| be88 | 24 |
| be88y84 | 24 |
| bas9 | 24 |
| be89y84 | 24 |
| UIRGEWKS (6) |  |
| be84 | 22 |
| b-85 | 22 |
| be 86 | 22 |
| be87 | 22 |
| 9988 | 22 |
| sq88y84 | 22 |
| bu88 | 22 |
| ba48y84 | 22 |
| b-89 | 22 |
| ha89y84 | 22 |
| JIAGEWKS (7) |  |
| bust | 20 |
| bus5 | 20 |
| b 86 | 20 |
| bus | 20 |
| 9988 | 20 |
| sq88y84 | 20 |
| bus8 | 20 |
| bestyg4 | 20 |
| be89 | 20 |
| bu89y84 | 20 |
| UIRGEWKS (8) |  |
| bast | 18 |
| bus5 | 18 |
| bus 86 | 18 |
| bu87 | 18 |
| 9988 | 18 |
| sq88y84 | 18 |
| be8s | 18 |
| be88y84 | 18 |
| bas9 | 18 |
| bu89y84 | 18 |
| UIRGEWKS (9) |  |
| best | 16 |
| bus 85 | 16 |
| bas6 | 16 |
| be87 | 16 |
| 9988 | 16 |
| sq88y84 | 16 |
| ba88 | 16 |
| be88y84 | 16 |
| bas9 | 16 |
| be 89 y 84 | 16 |


|  |  $\stackrel{\text { I }}{\sim}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & g \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NNNNNANNNN | Aftsptspts | anamanamaa | $\cdots \infty \times \infty$ |  | いへべへべへべいべ |  |



### 2.3.2.1.7 Benefit Rates

UI BASRATE: Bencfit rate for basic phase


UI LFERATE; Benefit rete for labor force exkended phase

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| ba 85 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| ba 86 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| be87 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| sq88 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| -988y84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| ${ }^{6} 188$ | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| be 88 y 84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| b:89 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| b-89y84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |

uf : OLRATE: Bencfis rate for regional extended phase

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| bas 85 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| b. 86 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| h.87 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| sq88 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| sq88y84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| bas8 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| be 88984 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| ba89 | 0.60 | 0.6 |
| bas9y84 | 0.60 | 0.6 |

### 2.3.2.1.8 Option Activation

UIENTF LAG: Baxic entance requirements fas

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 1 |
| be 85 |  |
| be86 |  |
| be87 |  |
| 4988 |  |
| sq88y84 |  |
| bas8 |  |
| bu88y84 | 1 |
| bas9 | I |
| be 89 y 84 | 1 |

UIRGNF LAG: Regional requirements flag

| File | Value |
| :--- | ---: |
| bu84 | 1 |
| be 85 | 1 |
| be86 | 1 |

## Formula

* Unenployment Insurance Act * Uncmployment Insurance Act * Unamployment Insurance Aci * Unemployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act - Unemploymens Insurance Ac * Unamployment Insurance Act * Unamployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act Unemployment Insurance Act


## Formula

* Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act * Uncmploymant Insurance Act * Uncmployment Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemploymens Insurance Act * Unamployment Insurance Act - Unemployment Insurance Act * Unamployment Insurance Act


## Formule

Unemployment Inrurance Act Unanployment Insurance Act Unemploymen: Insurance Act * Unemploymens Insurance Act Unomployment Insurance Act * Unamploymens Insurance Act * Unomployment lnsurance Act W Unemployment Insurance Acs * Unemployment Insurance Act * Unemployment Insurance Act
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

_
---


| $\begin{array}{r} b \not 87 \\ s q 88 \\ s q 88 y 84 \\ b \& 88 \\ b a 88 y 84 \\ b=89 \\ b a 89 y 84 \end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

U:RETFLAG: Repeater requirements fing



UILFEF LAG: Labour forme extended phese calculation nag


| File | Value |  |  | Fommula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | - - + - - - | --n+o-- | -------- | -amen |
| b=85 | I |  |  |  |
| b+ 86 | 1 |  |  |  |
| be87 | 1 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 1 |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 1 |  |  |  |
| b 48 | 1 |  |  |  |
| b 888884 | 1 |  |  |  |
| b39 | $l$ |  |  |  |
| be 89.84 | 1 |  |  |  |

UIEFFFLAG: Observed effective weekly benefil fatc llag


### 2.3.2.2 Family Allowance

iA: A.AC: Famuly allowance flag

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\ldots$ haki | 1 |
| ba 85 | 1 |
| bu86 | 1 |
| b 87 | 1 |
| sq88 | 1 |
| sq88y84 | 1 |
| ba 88 | 1 |
| bu88y84 | 1 |
| bu89 | 1 |
| bu $89 y 84$ | 1 |

Formule $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2.3.2.2.1 Alt Provinces Except Alberta and Quebec

FATD: Femily income family allowance turn down

| File | Velue | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bes4 | 0.00 |  |
| bus 8 | 0.00 |  |
| ba 86 | 0.00 |  |
| be87 | 0.00 |  |
| s988 | 0.00 |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |
| ba 88 | 0.00 |  |
| be88ys4 | 0.00 |  |
| be89 | 0.00 |  |
| be 89.984 | 0.00 |  |

FARR: Family allowance mpayment rate

| Fie | Value | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| best | 0.00 |  |
| bess | 0.00 |  |
| he 86 | 0.00 |  |
| h. 87 | 0.00 |  |
| s988 | 0.00 |  |
| sumysi | 0.00 |  |
| ba88 | 0.00 |  |
| ba 88 y 84 bus 8 | 0.00 0.00 |  |
| nax9y84 | 0.00 |  |


| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 359.40 |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| bu85 | 375.24 |  | * HWWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| bu86 | 378.96 |  | \# HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| bu 87 | 383.16 |  | " HWWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| sq88 | 388.56 |  | "HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| sa88y84 | 329.52 | sq88* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ | Werlated from 1988 |
| ba88 | 388.56 | 3988 | - From Base 1988 |
| bus8y84 | 329.52 | bas8*DFL |  |
| b489 | 392.83 | b. $88{ }^{*} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ | * Inflated from 1988 |
| ba89y84 | 320.02 | ba $89{ }^{\text {a }}$ DFL | * Deflated from Base 1989 |

### 2.3.2.2.2 Alberta

AFAC1: Albera FA benefit per child aged 0-6

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bus | 277.20 |  | "HWC "Red Book". 1988 |
| bus | 294.00 |  | "HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| be 86 | 300.00 |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| be 87 | 302.40 |  | "HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| 94888 | 306.00 |  | "HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| sq88y84 | 259.50 | sq $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | - Deflated from 1988 |
| bu88 | 306.00 | sq88 | - From Base 1988 |
| busys4 | 259.50 | ba88 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |  |
| be89 | 309.37 | b. $888^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ | - Inhated from 1988 |
| bus9y 84 | 252.02 | ba89*DFL | * Denhated from Base 1989 |

AFAC2: Alberva FA benefir per child aged 7-11

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 344.40 |  |  |
| be85 | 360.00 |  |  |
| be86 | 366.00 |  |  |
| ba87 | 369.60 |  |  |
| sq88 | 372.00 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 315.47 |  | sq88. DFL |
| be88 | 372.00 |  | sq88 |
| ba88y84 | 315.47 |  | $6.88^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |
| b. 89 | 376.09 |  | bas ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPPM} 3$ |
| ba 89 y 84 | 306.38 |  | 6889*DFL |

AFAC3: Albertu FA bavefiu per child aged 12-15

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bus 8 | 463.20 |  |
| be 85 | 477.60 |  |
| bue6 | 484.80 |  |
| bu87 | 489.60 |  |
| \$q88 | 492.00 |  |
| 3q88y84 | 417.24 | sq88* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ |
| be88 | 492.00 | 3988 |
| bu88y 84 | 417.24 | 6-88*DFL |
| be89 | 497.41 | ba $88^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ |
| ba89y84 | 405.21 | ba89* OFL |

AFAC 4: Alberu FA benefit per child agod 16-17

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b 84 | 519.60 |  |
| be 85 | 540.00 |  |
| be86 | \$46.00 |  |
| be87 | 556.40 |  |
| sq88 | 560.40 |  |
| sq88y84 | 475.25 | sq88 ${ }^{\text {e }}$ DFL |
| ba88 | 560.40 | sq88 |
| ba88y94 | 475.25 | bas8*DFL |
| b 89 | 566.56 | ba88 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM}$ |
| ba89y94 | 461.55 | ba $89{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFF}$ |

### 2.3.2.2.3 Quebec

QFFSL: Federal contribution on Quebec family allowance

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b-84 | 2 | --...--- | --->- |
| b485 | 2 |  |  |
| ba 86 | 2 |  |  |
| ba87 | 2 |  |  |
| sq88 | 2 |  |  |
| 3988 y 84 | 2 |  |  |
| bas8 | 2 |  |  |
| ba88y84 | 2 |  |  |
| ba89 | 2 |  |  |
| ba89y84 | 2 |  |  |
| QFESL (1) |  |  |  |
| bu84 | 1 | 215.76 | 342.60 |
| b485 | 1 | 225.24 | 357.72 |
| ba 86 | , | 242.28 | 361.32 |
| b487 |  | 244.92 | 365.28 |
| sq88 | 1 | 248.40 | 370.44 |
| sq 88884 | 1 | 210.65 | 314.15 |
| be 88 | , | 248.40 | 370.44 |
| ba 88 y 84 | 1 | 210.65 | 314.15 |
| ba89 | 1 | 251.13 | 374.51 |
| be89y84 | 1 | 204.58 | 305.10 |
| QFFSL (2) |  |  |  |
| be84 | 2 | 558.36 | 833.90 |
| b485 | 2 | 582.96 | 870.60 |
| b. 86 | 2 | 603.60 | 879.36 |
| b887 | 2 | 610.20 | 897.72 |
| sq88 | 2 | 618.84 | 925.08 |
| $\text { sq88y } 84$ | 2 | 524.80 | 784.51 |
| be88 | 2 | 618.84 | 925.08 |

Formula
"HWC "Red Book". 1988
"HWC "Red Book" 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988
\#HWC "Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book". 1988
\#HWC"Red Book". 1988
\#HWC "Red Book". 1988

* Deflated from 1988
* From Base 1988
* Iaflated from 1988
* Detlated from Base 1989

Formula
"HWC "Red Book" 1988
"HWC Red Book", 1988

* HWC Red Book", 1988
"HWC Red Book"', 1988
* HWC Red Book", 1988

Weflaled from 1988

* From Bate 1988

Indlated from 1988
Weflated from Bese 1989

Forrnula
" HWC "Red Book", 1988 " HWC Red Book". 1988
"HWC Red Book". 1988
"HWC Red Book", 1988
" HWC "Red Book"', 1988
HWC -Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988

* Deflated from 1988
* From Buse 1988
* Inflatad from 1988

Deflated from Base 1989

Formula

* ITWC "Red Brok" 1988 * INWC -Red Book=" 1988 *HWC Red Book " 1988 "HWC Red Book", 1988 "HWC "Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988
* From Base 1988
* Inflated from 1988 * Deflated from Base 1989


| has8y84 | 2 | 524.80 | 784.51 | ba88*DFL | 784.51 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b49 | 2 | 625.65 | 935.26 | 2 ba88*CP1M3 | 935.25 |
| bel 19.884 | 2 | 509.68 | 761.90 | b*89*DFL | 761.90 |

\& Fi..: Provincial contriburion on Quebec fanily allowance

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 3 |  | -...-... |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |  |
| be85 | 3 |  |  |  | "IIWC "Red Book", 1988 |  |
| be86 | 3 |  |  |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |  |
| b. 87 | 3 |  |  |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |  |
| -988 | 3 |  |  |  | *ITWC "Rod Book", 1988 |  |
| c988y84 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be88 | 3 |  |  |  | - From Base 1988 |  |
| bas8y84 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| bas9 | 3 |  |  |  | - Inmated from 1988 |  |
| ba 89 y 84 | 3 |  |  |  | * Deflaved from | 989 |
| Qresin 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bag 4 | 1 | 94.80 | 126.60 |  |  |  |
| be85 | 1 | 94.80 | 126.60 |  |  |  |
| be86 | 1 | 98.64 | 131.64 |  |  |  |
| be87 | 1 | 102.72 | 137.04 |  |  |  |
| 4988 | 1 | 107.28 | 143.04 |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | . | 90.98 | 121.30 |  | $488{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | 121.30 |
| bs88 | 1 | 107.28 | 143.04 | 1 | sq88 | 143.04 |
| be88y 84 | 1 | 90.98 | 121.30 |  | bas8*DFL | 121.30 |
| be 89 | 1 | 108.46 | 144.61 |  | ba88*CP1M3 | 144.61 |
| be89y84 | 1 | 88.36 | 117.81 |  | be89*DFL | 117.80 |
| QEPSL (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bs84 | 2 | 221.40 | 158.16 |  |  |  |
| b. 85 | 2 | 221.40 | 158.16 |  |  |  |
| ba6 | 2 | 230.28 | 164.52 |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 2 | 239.76 | 171.24 |  |  |  |
| 9988 | 2 | 250.32 | 178.80 |  |  |  |
| 498894 | 2 | 212.28 | 151.63 | 2 | 2 *q88*DFL | 151.63 |
| b- 88 | 2 | 250.32 | 178.80 | 2 | 3988 | 178.80 |
| bes8yg4 | 2 | 212.28 | 151.63 | 2 |  | 151.63 |
| be89 | 2 | 253.07 | 180.77 |  | 2 be88 ${ }^{\text {C.CPMM }}$ | 180.76 |
| be89y84 | 2 | 206.17 | 147.26 | 2 | be89*DFL | 147.26 |
| Cros: 3 ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bus 84 be 85 | 3 3 | 379.56 379.56 | 189.60 189.60 |  |  |  |
| bus6 | 3 | 394.80 | 197.16 |  |  |  |
| - be87 |  | 411.00 | 205.20 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 3 | 429.12 | 214.20 |  |  |  |
| - 488 ys 4 | 3 | 363.91 | 181.65 |  | sq88*DFL | 181.65 |
| bas8 | 3 | 429.12 | 214.20 | 3 | 8488 | 214.20 |
| 2, 888 y 84 | 3 | 363.91 | 181.65 | 3 | $3 \mathrm{~b} 88^{\circ} \mathrm{DFF}$ | 181.65 |
| has9 | 3 | 433.84 | 216.56 | 3 | $3 \mathrm{ba} 88^{\circ} \mathrm{CPPM} 3$ | 216.55 |
| bu99y84 | 3 | 353.43 | 176.42 | 3 | $3 \mathrm{ba} 89^{\circ} \mathrm{DF}$ L | 176.41 |

QES: Federel supplament per child 12-17 on Queboc family allowance

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bes4 | 85.56 |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| bess | 9204 |  | * HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| ba86 | 93.00 |  | \# ITWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| be87 | 94.08 |  | *HWC "Red Book". 1988 |
| sq88 | 95.40 |  | " HWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| *988y 84 | 80.90 | *988*DFL | * Deflated from 1988 |
| b888 | 95.40 | s088 | - From Base 1988 |
| be 88 y 84 | 80.90 | ba $88 *$ DFL |  |
| bas9 | 96.45 | bs $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CP}$ PM3 | - Inflated from 1988 |
| b499884 | 78.57 | ba $89 *$ DFL | * Denated from Base 1989 |

### 2.3.2.3 Old Age Security (OAS)

OASFLAG: Old age socurity flag

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| be84 | 1 |
| $b=85$ | 1 |
| $b e 86$ | 1 |
| $b=87$ | 1 |
| sq88 | 1 |
| sq8y84 | 1 |
| be 88 | 1 |

Formula
"HWC "Red Book" 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book"", 1988
"HWC "Red Book"," 1988
"IFWC "Rod Book",
"
"ITWC "Rod Book",
"Inflated from $1987{ }^{1}$


### 2.3.2.4 Guaranteed Income Supplement

### 2.3.2.4.1 Supplement Rates



3Cis S: Besic GIS supplement - single

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bu84 | 3406.63 | - |  |
| be 85 | 3790.00 |  |  |
| be86 | 4133.97 |  |  |
| be87 | 431250 |  |  |
| sq88 | 4501.42 |  | be87 ${ }^{\text {CPP }}$ |
| sq88y84 | 3817.41 |  | sq88*DFL |
| be88 | 4501.42 |  | 8988 |
| be88y84 | 3817.41 |  | bs 88.0 DL |
| b489 | 4550.93 |  | be $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPM} 3$ |
| be89y84 | 3707,40 |  | ba $89 \cdot \mathrm{DF}$ |

Fomula

> WWC Red Book", 1988 WWC Rod Book", 1988 WHC Red Book", 1988 WWC Red Book", 1988 WIntaved from 1987
> W Delatod from Base 1989

BGISM: Baxic GIS supplement - married

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 249129 |  |  |
| b. 85 | 2585.00 |  |  |
| b. 86 | 269235 |  |  |
| b. 87 | 2808.69 |  |  |
| 988 | 2931.73 |  | b $87{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CP}$ |
| sq88y84 | 2486.24 |  | * $888^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |
| be88 | 2931.73 |  | 3 s 88 |
| be88y84 | 2486.24 |  | be88*DHL |
| b 89 | 2963.98 |  | be $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ |
| bu 89 y 84 | 2414.59 |  | be89* ${ }^{\text {DF }}$ |

BESPA: Bexic GIS portion of extended SPA

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| besm | --0.-0.- | +..... |  |
| be84 | 2666.95 |  |  |
| be 85 | 2666.95 |  |  |
| bat6 | 3334.38 |  |  |
| b 187 | 3478.38 |  |  |
| sq88 | 3630.76 |  | ba87* ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CP}$ |
| 9988y84 | 3079.05 |  | sq88*DFL |
| bas8 | 3630.76 |  | sq888 |
| $b \pm 88 y^{84}$ | 3079.05 |  | be88*DFL |
| bu89 | 3670.69 |  | be88 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ |
| b - 89 y 84 | 2990.32 |  | b489 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |

Formule

* HWC "Red Book*, 1988 - IFWC Red Book". 1988 "INWC "Red Book". 1988 "HWC "Red Book". 1988
- Inflaved from $1987^{\circ}$
* Deflated from Buse 1989
"HWC "Red Book". 1988
*HWC "Rod Book". 1988
* HWC "Red Book". 1988
" HWC "Red Book", 1988
Inflated from 1987
* Deflated from Base 1989
aY / N:- CPI deflator to calculate previous year income

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b-94 | 0.9583 | 1/CP 84 |
| b. 85 | 0.9615 | 1/CPM 85 |
| b. 86 | 0.9607 | 1/CP 86 |
| b. 87 | 0.9580 | 1/CP1_87 |
| 9988 | 0.9606 | INP1 88 |
| s988y84 | 0.9606 | 1 CP1 88 |
| be 88 | 0.9606 | $1 / \mathrm{CPI} 88$ |
| be88y84 | 0.9606 | $1 / \mathrm{CPI} 88$ |
| bas9 | 0.9597 | $1 / \mathrm{CPI} 89$ |
| bu89y84 | 0.9597 | 1/CP1_89 |

GI SR LS: Basic GIS reduction level: single pensioners

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 24.00 | - |  |
| be85 | 24.00 |  |  |
| b-86 | 24.00 |  |  |
| b. 87 | 24.00 |  |  |
| 9488 | 24.00 |  | be87 |
| sq88y84 | 20.35 |  | sq88*DFL |
| busg | 24.00 |  | be 84 |
| be88y84 | 20.35 |  | be88* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ |
| b489 | 24.00 |  | ba88 |
| ba89y84 | 19.55 |  | b 89 \%DFL |

Formula

* HWC "Red Book", 1988
* HWC "Red Book" 1988
" HNWC "Red Book". 1988
" HWC - Red Book". 1988
Winflated from $1987^{\circ}$
* Deflatisd from 1988
* DeRnted trom Base 1989

GISRRM: Basic GIS reduction rate: marniad persioners

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.25 |  |  |
| b+85 | 0.25 |  |  |
| be 86 | 0.25 |  |  |
| be 87 | 0.25 |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.25 |  | be87 |
| 9988y84 | 0.25 |  | 2988 |
| bas8 | 0.25 |  | 9988 |

## Formule

"HWC "Red Book", 1988 "HWC "Red Book", 1988 "HWC "Red Book". 1988 "HWC "Red Book", 1988
Infleted from $1987^{\circ}$

| ba $88 y 84$ | 0.25 | bu 88 |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| ba89 | 0.25 | b 888 |
| ba $89 y 84$ | 0.25 | ba 89 |

SPARL: SPA reduction point: one married/widowed


GISRRS: Basic GIS reduction rate: single pensioners

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b 84 | 0.50 |  |  |
| be 85 | 0.50 |  |  |
| but 8 | 0.50 |  |  |
| b. 87 | 0.50 |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.50 |  | b. 87 |
| sq88ys4 | 0.50 |  | sq88 |
| ba 88 | 0.50 |  | 5988 |
| be 88.884 | 0.50 |  | bas8 |
| bu89 | 0.50 |  | b. 88 |
| ber89y84 | 0.50 |  | ba 89 |

Formule
*HWC"Red B ook", 1988
*HWC Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988

* ITWC "Red Book", 1988

GISRLM: Basic GIS reduction levei: married pensioners

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas4 | 48.00 |  |
| ba 85 | 48.00 |  |
| bas 86 | 48.00 |  |
| ba87 | 48.00 |  |
| sq88 | 48.00 | ba87 |
| sq88y84 | 40.71 | sq $88 *$ DFL |
| bas8 | 48.00 | bas 8 |
| bas8y84 | 40.71 | ba8*DFL |
| be89 | 48.00 | ba88 |
| bas9y84 | 39.10 | ba89*DFL |

SPAOASRR: OAS portion of SPA laxbeck rate

| File | Vilue |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bes4 | 0.75 |  |  |
| bas5 | 0.75 |  |  |
| ba 86 | 0.75 |  |  |
| bu87 | 0.75 |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.75 |  | b. 87 |
| sq88y84 | 0.75 |  | sq 88 |
| ba88 | 0.75 |  | sq88 |
| be88y84 | 0.75 |  | ba88 |
| ba89 | 0.75 |  | ba 88 |
| ba89y84 | 0.75 |  | ba 89 |

Formula

* HWC "Red Book ". 1988
"HWC "Red Book", 1988
WHWC Red Book", 1988
WWC Red Book", 1988
"HWC "Red Book=" 1988
Inflated from $1987^{\circ}$


### 2.3.2.4.2 Take-up Rates

GI STURFLAG: GIS take up rate fiag


Ot sct: GIS take-up rate: single pensioner by GIS benefit level

| Filc | Velue |  |  | Formals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| has | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be 86 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.87 | 5 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| mq88 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| -988y 84 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be88 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be88y84 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be89 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| bu89y84 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| GISST(1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba84 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| bus 85 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| bus 86 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| b, 88 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| bu88y84 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| be89 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| ba89y84 | 0 | 0.3650 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |
| GISST (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba 84 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| ba 85 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| 9988y84 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| ba88 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| bus8y84 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| ba89 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| ba89y\%4 | 169 | 0.5100 | 0.0006 |  |  |  |
| GISST (3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba84 | 419 | 0.66000 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| bus 85 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| ba 87 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| 488884 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| bu88 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| hus 38 y 84 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| b489 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| ha 89 y 94 | 419 | 0.6600 | 0.0003 |  |  |  |
| C155T (4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bas4 |  |  | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| bus 85 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| bus6 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| 647 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| 9q88 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| 3988y94 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| bs88 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| bus8y 84 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| bu89 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| be89y 84 | 919 | 0.8200 | 0.0001 |  |  |  |
| GISST(5) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba 84 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| be85 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| bs 86 ba 87 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| -g88 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| -988y84 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| bas | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| bas8y 84 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| $b \pm 89$ | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| bas9y 84 | 3169 | 1.0000 | 0.0008 |  |  |  |
| GISCT: GIS take-up rate: pensioner couple by GIS benefit level |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |  |
| be84 | 3 |  |  |  | - .-..... | -.....-- |
| bess | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| b487 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| -98884 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba 88 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |



| He | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bex. | 1 |
| bexs | 1 |
| bas 86 | 1 |
| bax7 | 1 |
| sq88 | 1 |
| sq88y84 | 1 |
| b 88 | 1 |
| ba88y84 | 1 |
| be 89 | 1 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 1 |

Wpecial Estimation, HWC

- Special Estimation, HWC
- Spocial Estimation HWC Wpocial Estimation, HWC - Special Estmation, IIWC - Special Extmation, HWC * Spocial Estamation, HWC (Special Estimation, HWC
Special Extimation, IIWC - Special Extmation, HWC - Special Extumation, HWC

| SPAT (1) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| bs 85 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| ba 86 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| bs 8 ? | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| sq88 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| sq88y84 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| ba 88 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| be88y84 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| bas9 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| be89y84 | 0 | 0.8550 | 0.0000 |
| S?AM 121 |  |  |  |
| bas 4 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| buss | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| balk | 577 | 0.8700 | 0,0000 |
| ha 87 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| 4988 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| sy88y84 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| be88 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| ba88y84 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| be89 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| b-89y84 | 577 | 0.8700 | 0.0000 |
| SPAT (3) |  |  |  |
| be84 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| be85 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| b. 86 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| be87 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| sq88 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| sq88ys4 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| be88 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| b 88884 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| bu89 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |
| bus9y84 | 4401 | 1.0000 | 0.0001 |

SPAFE: SPA rkeup rate: cligible fernale widow

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 5 |
| be85 | 5 |
| be 86 | 5 |
| b. 87 | 5 |
| *988 | 5 |
| sq88y84 | 5 |
| be88 | 5 |
| be88y84 | 5 |
| be89 | 5 |
| 984 |  |

Formula

- Spocinl Culcultion Specinl Calculetions
Spocinl Calculations
- Special Calculations * Special Calculations
- Specini Calculations
- Special Calculations
- Speccini Colcalarion
- Special Colculation
- Special Calculation

Specinl Calculations

| S\%AFE (1) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| 6485 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| ba86 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| ba87 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| sq88 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| $3988 \mathrm{ys4}$ | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| ba88 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| ba88y84 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| ba89 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| ba89y 84 | 60 | 0.4650 | 0.0380 |
| SPAFE (2) |  |  |  |
| ba84 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| be 85 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| bal 86 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| ba87 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| sq88 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| sq88y84 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| bas8 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| be88y 84 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| be89 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| ba9y84 | 61 | 0.5030 | 0.0440 |
| SPAFE (3) |  |  |  |
| be84 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| be85 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| be86 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| be87 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| sq88 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| sq88y84 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| ba88 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| be88y84 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| b489 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| bagy 84 | 62 | 0.5470 | 0.0420 |
| SPAEE (4) |  |  |  |
| be84 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| be 85 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| be86 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| 687 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| sq88 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| 3988 y 84 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| be88 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| be88y84 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| bag9 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| bi89y84 | 63 | 0.5890 | 0.0400 |
| SPAFE (5) |  |  |  |
| b. 84 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| b 85 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| ba86 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| bas7 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| sq88 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| sq88884 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| be88 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| ba88884 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| b489 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |
| b489y84 | 64 | 0.6290 | 0.0400 |

SPAME: SPA ukeup zite eligible male widower

| File | Vaiue |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b.84 | 5 |  |  |
| be85 | 5 |  |  |
| bi86 | 5 |  |  |
| ba 87 | 5 |  |  |
| sq88 | 5 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 5 |  |  |
| be88 | 5 |  |  |
| bas8y84 | 5 |  |  |
| bag9 | 5 |  |  |
| b 489 y 84 | 5 |  |  |
| SPAME (1) |  |  |  |
| ba 84 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| ba85 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| ba86 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| b 87 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| 3988 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| sq88y84 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| bas8 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| ba88y84 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| b 89 | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |
| $6 \pm 89 \mathrm{y} 84$ | 60 | 0.0960 | 0.0150 |

- Special Calculations
*Special Calculations
Spocial Calculations
- Special Calculations

Special Calculations

- Special Calculations
- Special Calculations

Special Calculations
Spacial Calculations

A-34

| STAME (2) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| bas 8 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| bas6 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| ba87 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| sq88 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| sy88y84 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| be 88 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| be 88984 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| ba 89 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| b-89y84 | 61 | 0.1110 | 0.0180 |
| SPAME (3) |  |  |  |
| be 84 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| b. 85 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| b. 86 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| ba 87 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| 3988 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| eq88y84 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| ba 88 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| bu88y84 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| b. 89 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| be 89 y 84 | 62 | 0.1290 | 0.0240 |
| SPAME (4) |  |  |  |
| bust | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| be 85 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| bu86 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| ba87 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| sq88 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| sq88y84 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| be 88 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| ba88y84 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| b. 89 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| he89y84 | 63 | 0.1530 | 0.0320 |
| SFAME ${ }^{\text {S }} 1$ |  |  |  |
| be 84 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| be 85 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| bes6 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| be87 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| 3 q 88 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| sq88y84 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| b-88 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| ba8884 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| ha89 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |
| ba89 y 84 | 64 | 0.1850 | 0.0320 |

FSPAT: Extended SPA cake-up rate by GIS benefit level

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| bu 84 | $\cdots$ |
| bu 85 | 2 |
| bs 86 | 2 |
| b 88 | 2 |
| sq88 | 2 |
| sq8y84 | 2 |
| ba88 | 2 |
| ha88 84 | 2 |
| ba 89 | 2 |
| ba $89 y 84$ | 2 |


| ESist 111 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bu84 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| beg5 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| bu86 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b. 87 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| sq88 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| sq88y84 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b) 88 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b. 88884 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b. 89 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b, 89 y 84 | 0 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| ESPRT (2) |  |  |  |
| be 84 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b. 85 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| be86 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b. 87 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| sq88 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| sq88y84 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| b-88 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| bas8y84 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| be89 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| bs 89 y 84 | 5883 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |

Formula
Special Estimacion, HWC

- Special Estimation ITWC - Special Estimation, HWC - Special Estimation, HWC - Special Estimation, IIWC * Spocial Estimation, IIWC
* Spocial Estimation, IIWC
* Special Esumation, HWC
- Special Estimation, HWC

Wpecial Estimation, HWC

### 2.3.2.5 Provincial GIS Supplementation Programs

GI STFLAG: Provincial GIS top-up flag

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 1 |
| bus 8 | 1 |
| ba 86 | 1 |
| be 87 | 1 |
| 8988 | 1 |
| sq88y84 | 1 |
| b 88 | 1 |
| bu88y84 | 1 |
| be89 | 1 |
| bu9y 84 | 1 |

$\qquad$ Formula $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Formula
" Inventory of Income Security Programs, HWC * Inventory of Income Security Programe, HWC Fran 1985
Inflated from 1986
Defleted from 1988

Weflated from 1989
NS 23: Nov: Scolie GIS supplement for $2 / 3$ GIS

| Fic | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 197.00 |  |  |
| bas 8 | 197.00 |  |  |
| Da 86 | 197.00 |  |  |
| bas7 | 205.00 |  |  |
| sq88 | 205.00 |  | 6. 87 |
| sq88y84 | 173.85 |  | sq88*DFL |
| bas 8 | 205.00 |  | sa88 |
| ba88y84 | 173.85 |  | ba88* DFL |
| 6889 | 205.00 |  | b. 88 |
| ba89y84 | 167.00 |  | ba $89{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |

Formula
\# Inventory of Income Security Programs, HWC
WInventory of Income Security Programs, HWC

- Erom 1985

Wnflated from 1986

Deflated from 1988

* Deflated from 1989

NS 13 : Nove Scotin GIS supplement for $1 / 3$ GIS

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas 84 | 146.00 |  |
| bu85 | 146.00 |  |
| bu6 8 | 146.00 |  |
| bas7 | 152.00 |  |
| sq88 | 152.00 | ba 87 |
| sq88y84 | 128.90 | sq88* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ |
| b*88 | 152.00 | sq88 |
| bas8y84 | 128.90 | ba88*DFL |
| -489 | 152.00 | ba88 |
| $6 \pm 89 y 84$ | 123.83 | ba89*DIL |

NSLT13: Nova Scotia GIS supplement for lexs than 1/3 GIS

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 109.00 |  |
| b. 85 | 109.00 |  |
| bus6 | 109.00 |  |
| bs 87 | 113.00 |  |
| sq88 | 113.00 | b. 87 |
| sq88y84 | 95.83 | 3q88*DFL |
| 6488 | 113.00 | 8988 |
| ba88y84 | 95.83 | b.88*DFL |
| b. 89 | 113.00 | be 88 |
| ha 89 y 84 | 9205 | 6.89*DFL |

Formule

* Inventory of Income Security Programs, HWC
* Inventory of Income Secunty Programs, HWC
* From 1985
" Inflated from 1986
* Deflated from 1988
( Deflated from 1989

Formule
Wiventory of Income Secunty Programs, HWC

* Inventory of Income Secunty Programs, HWC
* From 1985
* Inflated from 1986

Deflated from 1988

* Deflated from 1989


### 2.3.2.5.2 Ontario

SNTS: Ontario GIS supplement: single pansianers

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| busa | 706.28 |  |
| be85 | 706.28 |  |
| bas6 | 706.28 |  |
| bu 87 | 735.00 |  |
| 3988 | 767.00 | ROUND(ba87* ${ }^{\text {c/P4,0) }}$ |
| sq88y84 | 650.45 | sq88*DFI. |
| bs 88 | 767.00 | sq88 |
| bes8y84 | 650.45 | b. $88 *$ DFL |
| bu89 bas9y | 767.00 624.83 |  |

ONTC: Onmio GIS supplencra: matriod pensioners

| Formula |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inventory of Ineome Secunity Programs, IWC <br> * Inventory of Income Secunty Programs, HWC <br> *Fram 1985 <br> * Inflated from 1986 |  |
|  | * Deflated from 1988 |  |



### 2.3.2.5.3 Manitoba

MANS: Manitobe GIS supplement: single pensioners

| File | Value |  | Formuls |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| he94 | 18768 |  |  |  |
| bu85 | 187.68 |  |  | Inventory of income Securis y Programs, HWC <br> * Lnventory of lncome Secunity Programs, IIWC |
| bas6 | 281.84 |  |  |  |
| bu87 | 195.00 |  |  |  |
| sq88. | 408.51 |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 346.44 | sq88* ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |  | Deflated from 1988 |
| bas8 | 408.51 | sq88 |  |  |
| hax8ys4 | 346.44 | bas8-DFL |  |  |
| h489 | 408.51 | be 88 |  |  |
| has9y84 | 332.79 | bu99* ${ }^{\text {D/L }}$ |  | Deflated from 1989 |

Formale
Unventory of Income Secunity Programs, IWC

* Inventary of Income Security Progrms, HWC
* Denlated from 1988
* Defisted from 1989

MANSNPF: Manitobe GIS supplament reducrion point: single


MANCNPF: Manitobs GIS supplement reduction point: married

| File | Value |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 11282.04 | - | - | \# Inventory of Income Secunity Programs, ITWC |
| bas 8 | 11282.04 |  |  |  |
| bat 86 | 12276.48 |  |  |  |
| be87 | 11745.00 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 12660.96 |  |  |  |
| 3q88y 84 | 10737.08 | Sq88*DFL |  | * Dellated from 1988 |
| b48 | 12660.96 | sq88 |  |  |
| be88y84 | 10737.08 | ba88*DFL |  |  |
| ba 89 | 12660.96 | b488 |  |  |
| bas9y84 | 10314.19 | be89*DFL |  | Deflsted from 1989 |

### 2.3.2.5.4 Saskatchewan

SASKS: Seak auchewan GIS supplement: single persioners


SASKC: Saskatchewan GIS supplement married persioners


SASKMINS: Saskatchewen GIS suppianent minimum benefits: single


SASKMINC: Saskatchewan GIS supplement minimum benefis: married


SASKRR 1: Suckatchewan GIS supplanent reduction rate: regular

| File | Value |
| :---: | ---: |
| bus 84 | 1.000 |
| ba 85 | 1.000 |
| ba 86 | 1.000 |

Formula
WHWC "Red Book", 1988
" HWC "Red Book", 1988

* HWC "Red Book-". 1988

| $b 487$ | 1.000 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $8 q 88$ | 1.000 | $b a 87$ |
| $s q 8 y 84$ | 1.000 | $s q 88$ |
| $b .88$ | 1.000 | $3 q 88$ |
| $b 88 y 84$ | 1.000 | $b s 88$ |
| $b .89$ | 1.000 | $b a 88$ |
| $b 89 y 84$ | 1.000 | $b=89$ |

SASKR42: Saskachewan GIS supplement roduction rute: 1 G1S

| Fule | Value |  |  | Formule |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b-84 | 3.000 | - | --- |  | * HWC "Red Book* 1988 |
| has 8 | 3.000 |  |  |  | \#HWC "Red Book" 1988 |
| he86 | 3.000 |  |  |  | WHWC "Red Book", 1988 |
| to 87 | 3.000 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 3.000 |  | b.87 |  |  |
| *98484 | 3.000 |  | sq88 |  |  |
| bs 88 | 3.000 |  | sq88 |  |  |
| bas8y84 | 3.000 |  | bu88 |  |  |
| ba89 | 3.000 |  | b. 88 |  |  |
| ha89y84 | 3.000 |  | ba 89 |  |  |

SASKRR 3: Sastatchewan GIS supplement reduction mic: SPA

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 0.333 | 0.3333 |
| be85 | 0.333 | 0.3333 |
| ba 86 | 0.333 | 0.3333 |
| bu87 | 0.333 | 0.3333 |
| sq88 | 0.333 | be87 |
| sq88y84 | 0.333 | sq88 |
| bas8 | 0.333 | sq88 |
| b, 88 y 84 | 0.333 | b-88 |
| be 89 | 0.333 | be88 |
| bas9y 84 | 0.333 | ba89 |

Formala
"HWC "Red Book". 1988
"ITWC "Red Book". 1988
(HWC "Red Book", 1988

### 2.3.2.5.5 Alberta

A.TAMI N: Albert GIS supplement minimum annual benefit


Formula
WInventory of Income Socurity Programs, HWC

* Inventory of Income Socurity Programs. INWC
- Deflated from 1988
* Deflated from 1989

A: $\because \Lambda$ SC: Alberu GIS supplement maximum annual benefis

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -.... | -*-00--- |  |
| b, 84 | 1140.00 |  |
| h.85 | 1140.00 |  |
| has6 | 1140.00 |  |
| h. $9^{7}$ | 1187.00 |  |
| 4888 | 1140.00 |  |
| sq88y84 | 966.77 | sq88* DFL |
| bas8 | 1140.00 |  |
| has8y84 | 966.77 | bas8*DFL |
| bas9 | 1140.00 | bas8 |
| bex9y 84 | 928.70 | bu $89 *$ DFL |

## Formula

Inventory of Income Security Programs, HWC

- Inventory of Income Security Programs, HWC

Defleted from 1988

* Deflated from 1989

AL.TANP: Albert widow's pension maximum ennual benefit

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b-84 | 7468.00 |
| b. 85 | 7468.00 |
| tos 86 | 7468.00 |
| bak7 | 7774.00 |
| sq88 | 7468.00 |
| sqisy ${ }^{\text {84 }}$ | 6333.21 |
| ba88 | 7468.00 |
| ba88y84 | 6333.21 |
| ba89 | 7468.00 |
| ba89y84 | 6083.78 |

sq88*DFL
bas ${ }^{\circ}$ DFL
b*88
ba89*DFL

### 2.3.2.5.6 British Columbia

BCS: British Columbin GIS supplement: single pensioners

| Frie | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba4 | 466.56 |  |  |
| bas | 466.56 |  |  |
| be86 | 466.56 |  |  |
| be87 | 486.00 |  |  |
| sq88 | 591.60 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 501.70 |  | 3q88*DFL |
| be88 | 591.60 |  | s988 |
| b 88884 | 501.70 |  | b-88*DFL |
| be89 | 591.60 |  | ba 88 |
| b489y84 | 481.94 |  | ba $89{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |

BCC: Britinh Columbil GIS supplement: mamied persioners

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba4 | 597.96 |  |
| be 85 | 597.96 |  |
| be86 | 597.96 |  |
| 6.87 | 622.00 |  |
| sq88 | 723.00 | $60.25 \cdot 12$ |
| 3q88y 84 | 613.14 | sq88*DFL |
| be88 | 723.00 | 3988 |
| be88y84 | 613.14 | ba88*DFL |
| be89 | 723.00 | bas |
| be89y84 | 588.99 | b $89{ }^{*}$ DFTL |

Formula

* Inventory of income Security Programs, ITWC * Inventory of Income Security Programs, HWC
* Deflated from 1988
* Deflated from 1989

Formula

* Inventory of Income Secunity Programs, HWC

Wrventory of Income Security Programs, IfWC
(Deflated from 1988

Defleted from 1989

### 2.3.2.6 Federal Sales Tax Credit

FSTCFLAG: Federal sales tax credit Rat

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 0 |
| bas 85 | 0 |
| ba 86 | 1 |
| ba 87 | 1 |
| צ988 | 1 |
| sq88y84 | 1 |
| be88 | 1 |
| ba88y84 | , |
| ba89 | 1 |
| be89y84 | 1 |




Formul $\qquad$

* 1986 Income Tax Fom
* 1987 Tax Form
" Frum 1987
Weflated from 1988
Whise Paper, June 1987
* Deflated from 1988
* From Refom 1988
* From B ase 1989

FSTCF: Federal salee tax credit amount for filer

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.00 | --...--- |  |
| b-85 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be86 | 50.00 |  |  |
| be87 | 50.00 |  |  |
| sq88 | 50.00 |  | b. 87 |
| sq88y84 | 4240 |  | $39^{88}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |
| bas8 | 70.00 |  |  |
| be88y84 | 59.36 |  | ba $88{ }^{\circ}$ DFL |
| b-89 | 70.77 |  | ba88* ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ |
| beg9y84 | 57.65 |  | b $89{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFT}$ |

FSTCS: Federal sules Lax credit amount for spouse

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 0.00 |  |
| b. 85 | 0.00 |  |
| be86 | 50.00 |  |
| ba87 | 50.00 |  |
| s988 | 50.00 | ba 87 |
| sq88y84 | 42.40 | sq88*DFL |
| bas8 | 70.00 |  |
| be88y84 | 59.36 | ba88*DHL |
| be 89 | 70.77 | ba $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPPM}$ |
| be89y84 | 57.65 | 6389* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ |

Formule

* 1986 Incone Tax Fom
* 1987 Tax Form
* From 1987
* Deflated from 1988
*White Paper, June 1987
* Deflated from 1988

W From Reform 1988
Weflated from Base 1989

Forruin

W 1986 Income Tax Foum

* 1987 Tax Form
* Frarn 1987

W Deflated from 1988
Wellated from 1988
White Paper, June 1987
Weflated from 1988

* Fram Refom 1988
* Deflated from Base 1989
isncc: Federal sules ux credir amount for dependans


Formula

* 1986 Income Tax Fomn * 1987 Tax Fom

WFrom 1987

* Dellated from 1988

Welated trom 1988
White Peper. June 1987
White Paper, June 1987

* Deflated from 1988
* From Reform 1988
* Deflated from Base 1989

FSTCL: Federal sales tux credit reduction level


Formula

1986 Incane Tax Fom - 1987 Tax Form

- Frorn 1987
* Deflated from 1988

White Paper, June 1987

- Deflated from 1988
- From Refom 1988
- Deflated from Base 1989

FSTCR: Federal sales tax credir reduction rate

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| buss | 0.00 |  |  |
| bs 86 | 0.05 |  |  |
| b. 87 | 0.05 |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.05 |  |  |
| $39^{88 y 84}$ | 0.05 |  | sq88 |
| bu88 | 0.05 |  | sq88 |
| be88y84 | 0.05 |  | b-88 |
| ba89 | 0.05 |  | be88 |
| be89y84 | 0.05 |  | ba89 |

## Fomsule

* 1986 Incame Tax Fomm
- 1987Tax Form

From 1987
Weflated from 1988

* Deflated from 1988
* Deflated from 1988
- From Reform 1988
*From Base 1989


### 2.3.2.7 Federal Child Tax Credit

N. こFIAG: Child Ux credit flag

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bas4 | 1 |
| bas5 | 1 |
| ba 86 | 1 |
| bas7 | 1 |
| 8988 | 1 |
| 3988y84 | 1 |
| bas8 | 1 |
| be 88.884 | 1 |
| 6489 | 1 |
| be89 y 84 | 1 |

$\qquad$ Formula
1984 Incame Tax Fomm - 1985 Income Tas Form

1986 Income Tix Fom

- 1987 Tax Form
- Budge May 1985
* Budget May 1985

Fram BASE 1988
Budge Feb 1988

- From 1988

From 1988
From Base 1989
CTCPC: Child ux credit per child

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 367.00 |  |
| bats | 384.00 |  |
| bu6 | 454.00 |  |
| be87 | 489.00 |  |
| \$988 | \$24.00 |  |
| 9q88y84 | 444.38 | sq88*DFL. |
| be88 | \$59.00 |  |
| ba88y84 | 474.06 | ba $88 . \mathrm{DFL}$ |
| ba 89 | 565.15 | bas8 ${ }^{\circ}$ CPIM3 |
| bu89y84 | 460.40 | ba89*DFL |

Formula
" 1984 Incame Tex Fom * 1985 Income Tax Fom * 1986 Incame Tax Form - 1987 Tax Form

* Budge May 1985
* Deflased From BASE 1988
* Budget Feb 1988

Deflated From 1988

- Deflated From 1988
* Inhated From 1988

CTCTD: Family inoome child ux credit tum down

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| ba84 | 26330.00 |
| ba85 | 26330.00 |
| ba86 | 23500.00 |

Formula

H 1984 Income Tax Fom " 1985 Income Tax Fond * 1985 Income Tax Fom

| be87 | 23760.00 |  | -1987 Tax Form |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sq88 | 24020.00 |  | * Budgea May 1985 |
| S988y84 | 20370.07 | *988*DFL | * Deflated From BASE 1988 |
| be 88 | 24090.00 |  | * Budget Feb 1988 |
| be88y84 | 20429.43 | ba 88 *DFL | * Deflated From 1988 |
| be89 | 24354.99 | ba88 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ | - Inflated From 1988 |
| be89y84 | 19840.69 | be89*DFL | W Deflated from Base 1989 |

CTCRR: Child Lax credit reduction rate

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.05 |  |  |  | W 1984 Incorse Tex Form |
| be85 | 0.06 |  |  |  | * 1985 Income Tax Fomn |
| be86 | 0.05 |  |  |  | * 1986 Income Tax Fomm |
| be87 | 0.05 |  |  |  | * 1987 Tax Form |
| 9q88 | 0.05 |  | ba 87 |  | - Budger May 1985 |
| sq88y84 | 0.05 |  | \$988 |  | * Deflated Fran BASE 1988 |
| bs88 | 0.05 |  | 9988 |  | * Budgar Feb 1988 |
| bus8y84 | 0.05 |  | be88 |  | - Deflated Fram 1988 |
| be89 | 0.05 |  | ba88 |  | Cndated From 1988 |
| bus9y84 | 0.05 |  | be89 |  | - From Base 1989 |

CTCIFLAG: Child tax credit social assistunce income inclusion flag


### 2.3.2.8 Other Social Assistance Parameters

SAELDOPT: SA for elderly calculation method


SAFLAG: Federal social assistance lag


SFAOUT: Proportion of federal social axistance to eliminate

| Fle | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 0.00 |
| ba 85 | 0.00 |
| b. 86 | 0.00 |
| be87 | 0.00 |
| sy 88 | 0.00 |
| 3988984 | 0.00 |
| bas8 | 0.00 |
| bu88984 | 0.00 |
| b-89 | 0.00 |
| be89y 84 | 0.00 |

Formula

### 2.3.3 Calculation of Total Income

CAGIR: Capital guin inclusion rate


FDCUR: Faderal dividend groes-up rate

| Fille | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| $b e 84$ | 1.50000 |
| bu85 | 1.50000 |
| be86 | 1.50000 |
| bu87 | 1.33333 |
| sq88 | 1.33333 |
| sq88y84 | 1.33333 |
| bu88 | 1.25000 |
| bu88y | 1.25000 |
| ba89 | 1.25000 |
| bu89y84 | 1.25000 |

Formula

- 1984 Income Tan Fom
- 1985 Income Tax Form
* 1986 Income Tax Fom

1985 Budge
1985 Budget
WFom 198
*From 1988

* Whive Paper, June 1987
ba89 1.25000
* White Paper, June 1987

Whice Paper, June 1987
Whive Pager, Juse 1987

### 2.3.4 Personal Taxes

### 2.3.4.1 Deductions from Total Income

### 2.3.4.1.1 Employment Expense Deduction

4. S. 5 T: Employment expense ealculation option


ALEXPP: Proporion of other allowable cmptoyment expenses to use as deduction

| File | Value |  |  | Formule |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bues | ------ | --...--- | -.------ | - - ....-. |
| ba 85 | 1.00 |  |  |  |
| bu86 | 1.00 |  |  |  |
| b-87 | 1.00 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 1.00 |  | b. 87 |  |
| sq88y84 | 1.00 |  | 4988 |  |
| ${ }_{\text {be }} 8$ | 1.00 |  |  |  |
| be88y84 | 1.00 |  | ba 88 |  |
| bas9 | 8.00 |  | bus |  |
| bu89y84 | 1.00 |  | bu 89 |  |

EAMAX: Maximum employment experse deduction

| File | Value |  | Formuls |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 500.00 |  | W 1984 Income Tax Form |
| bas 8 | \$00.00 |  | * 1985 lncome Tax Fom |
| ba86 | 500.00 |  | * 1986 fincome Tax Form |
| be87 | 500.00 |  | * 1987 Tax Fom |
| sq88 | 500.00 |  | 1 From 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 424.02 | sq88*DFL |  |


| bs $88 y 84$ | 0.00 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| be89 | 0.00 | Frorn 1988 |
| b. $89 y 84$ | 0.00 |  |

EAPRP: Employment expensea allowed-percens


FACTISENF: Scale-up factor for non-Fam melf-employment income

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | -1.00 | *-..-.--- | - | ---*----- | - |
| ba 85 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba87 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 88 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bes8y84 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 89 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bas9y84 | 1.00 |  |  |  |  |

### 2.3.4.1.2 CPP/QPP Contributions

CPPOPT: CPP/QPP contribution deduction/credit aption


CPPCTR: CPPAQPP conkribution tex credit nte


CPPXM: CPP/QPP exemptible earnings

| Fic | Value | Formula |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 2000,00 | -7--...... |  | \# | +1984 Income Tax Form |
| b. 85 | 2300.00 |  |  |  | - 1985 Income Tax Form |
| b486 | 2500,00 |  |  |  | 1986 Income Tax Fom |
| be87 | 2500.00 |  |  |  | 1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 2600.00 |  | ROLND(sq88/10-50,-2) |  | Grown from 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 2204.92 |  | sq88*DFL |  | Deflated from 1988 |
| ba88 | 2500.00 |  | s988 |  | Grown from 1987 |
| b 88 y 84 | 2204.92 |  | ba 88 *DFL |  | Deflated from 1988 |
| ba89 | 2800.00 |  | ROUND(ba89/10-50,-2) |  | Grown from 1988 |
| - ba 89 y 84 | 2281.01 |  | $\text { b } 899^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |  | Deflated from Bese 1989 |

YMF:- CPPQPP maximum pensionable eamings

| file | Velue |
| ---: | ---: |
| bus | 20800.00 |
| bas | 23400.00 |
| be86 | 25800.00 |
| ba87 | 25900.00 |
| sq88 | 26900.00 |
| sq88y 84 | 22812.44 |
| bu88 | 26900.00 |
| be88y84 | 22812.44 |
| b899 | 28083.60 |
| bs $89 y 84$ | 22878.18 |



| Forrmula |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| ....... | * 1984 Income Tex Fom |
|  | * 1985 Incarac Tax Fomm |
|  | * 1986 Incame Tax Fomm |
|  | * 1987 Tax Form |
| ROUND(l) $87 *$ WAGE,-2) | - Grown fram 1987 |
| sq88* ${ }^{\text {D }}$ - | * Deflated from 1988 |
| sq88 | W Grown fram 1987 |
| 6. $888^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | * Defleted from 1988 |
| be8s WAGE | - Grown fron 1988 |
| ba89*DFL | Weflated from Base 1989 |

SECF: CPP/QPP contribution sate on self-employment eamings

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b, 84 | 0.036 |  |  |  | * 1984 Incanc Tax Fomp |
| bas5 | 0.036 |  |  |  | * 1985 lncome Tax Fomm |
| ba86 | 0.036 |  |  |  | * 1986 Income Tax Fomm |
| be87 | 0.036 |  |  |  | * 1987 Tar Form |
| 9988 | 0.040 |  |  |  | - From 1987 |
| 2988y84 | 0.040 |  | sq88 |  | - Fram 1988 |
| bas8 | 0.040 |  | sq88 |  | - From 1987 |
| bx 88 y 84 | 0.040 |  | 6188 |  | - Fron 1988 |
| bas9 | 0.040 |  | be88 |  | * Fram 1988 |
| be89y84 | 0.040 |  | b. 89 |  | - Fram Base 1989 |

WSCF: CPPAQPP contribution rate on employment eamings

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| best | 0.0180 |
| be 85 | 0.0180 |
| be 86 | 0.0180 |
| ba87 | 0.0180 |
| 2988 | 0.0200 |
| sq88984 | 0.0200 |
| be88 | 0.0200 |
| be88ys4 | 0.0200 |
| ba 89 | 0.0200 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 0.0200 |




Formule

- 1984 Incame Tar Fom
- 1985 Income Tax
- 1986 Income Tex Form
* 1987 Tax Form
* 1987 Tax
* From 1987
* From 1988
* From 1987
*From 1988
Wrom 1988
Wrom Base 1989
n/s: Ratio SECF/WSCF



### 2.3.4.1.3 UI Contributions

UICOP ${ }^{\text {i }}$ : UI contributions deductiontax eredir option

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 1 | -6-omo--* |
| bass | 1 |  |
| be 86 | 1 |  |
| be87 | 1 |  |
| \$988 | 1 |  |
| 3q88y84 | 1 |  |
| be 88 | 2 |  |
| bu88y 4 | 2 |  |
| be 89 | 2 |  |
| be89y84 | 2 |  |

MNWEL: Flocr on weekly earnings subject to UT concribution


| b. 87 | 110.00 |  | * Calculated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sc88 | 112.00 | sq88/5 | * Grown from 1987 |
| 3q88y84 | 94.98 | sq88*DFL | * Deflaced from 1988 |
| ba88 | 112.00 | sq88 | * Grown from 1987 |
| bas8y84 | 94.98 | bs88*DFL | * Deflated from 1988 |
| bas 8 | 118.00 | ba89/5 |  |
| be89y84 | 96.13 | b. $899^{\text {e }}$ DFL | \# Deflated from Base 1989 |

MXWEL: Ceiling on weekly eamings subject to UI contribution


UIPF: UI contribution rate on earnings


UICTR: UI contribution tax credil rate

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 0.0000 |  |  |  | -----...- |
| b. 85 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |  |
| b 86 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |  |
| 6887 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |  |
| sq98984 | 0.0000 |  |  |  |  |
| b 88 | 0.1700 |  |  |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| bs 88984 | 0.1700 |  | bas8 |  | - White Paper, June 1987 |
| bu89 | 0.1700 |  | ba 88 |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| bu 89 y 84 | 0.1700 |  | bu9 |  | White Paper, June 1987 |

### 2.3.4.1.4 Child Care Expense Deduction

CCEROPT: Child care expense deduction recipient


CCEOPT: Child care expense deduction/hx credit option

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b 84 | 1 |  |  |
| b. 85 | 1 |  |  |
| bu 86 | 1 |  |  |
| ba 87 | 1 |  |  |
| s988 | 1 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 1 | - |  |
| b 88 | 1 |  |  |
| ba88y84 | 1 |  |  |
| b489 | 2 |  |  |
| bu89y84 | 1 |  |  |

Qu:.flt: Child care expense lax credit rate

| Me | Value | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.00 |  |
| be 85 | 0.00 |  |
| he 86 | 0.00 |  |
| bas 8 | 0.00 |  |
| s988 | 0.00 |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |
| bu88 | 0.00 |  |
| be88y84 | 0.00 |  |
| be89 | 0.00 |  |
| b. 89 y 84 | 0.00 |  |

### 2.3.4.1.5 Tuition Deduction

IU ITOP T: Tuition deductiontar credit option

| File | Value |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bs84 | 1 | -0.0-0.0. | $\square$ | ------- |
| ba85 | 1 |  |  |  |
| b486 | 1 |  |  |  |
| be87 | 1 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 4988y84 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 6488 | 2 |  |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| ba88y84 | 2 |  |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| be89 | 2 |  |  | White Paper. June 1987 |
| be89y84 | 2 |  |  | Whive Paper, Junt 1987 |

TUTCR: Tuition ux credir rate

| Fib | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 0.000 |
| bats | 0.000 |
| b. 86 | 0.000 |
| bas7 | 0.000 |
| 488 | 0.000 |
| sci88884 | 0.000 |
| ba 88 | 0.170 |
| ha 88 ys 4 | 0.170 |
| ba89 | 0.170 |
| bus9y84 | 0.170 |

Formula $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2.3.4.2 Personal Exemptions

PEROPT: Personal exemptiontax credits option


### 2.3.4.2.1 Basic Exemption/Tax Credit

BTC: Besic personal ux credil


BXM: Besic personal exemption

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bue4 | 3960.00 |  |  |  | W 1984 Income Tix Form |
| bu85 | 4140.00 |  |  |  | - 1985 Income Tax Form |
| bas6 | 4180.00 |  |  |  | * 1986 Income Tex Form |
| bu87 | 4220.00 |  |  |  | -1987 Tax Form |
| 9988 | 4270.00 |  |  |  | W White Paper, June 1987 |
| 3 P 88 y 84 | 3621.16 |  | sq88* DFL |  | * Dellated from 1988 |
| b-88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be88y 84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 89 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bi89y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |

### 2.3.4.2.2 Age Exemption/Tax Credit

AORT: Age excmption/rex credit option


ATC: Age lut credir mount

| Fie | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bus4 | 0.00 | --------- | ----*-** | "-**-*-- | - $-\infty-\infty$ |
| be 85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be 86 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba88 | 550.00 |  |  |  | * Whise Paper, June 1987 |
| be88y 84 | 466.43 |  | ba88*DFL |  | * Deflated from Reform 1988 |
| ba 89 | 556.05 |  | bas $8^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ |  | W Inflated from Reforn 1988 |
| be 89 y 84 | 452.98 |  | ba 89 - ${ }^{\text {PFL }}$ |  | - Deflated from Basc 1989 |

AXM: Age exempuar

| File | Value |  | Pormula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b-84 | 2480.00 |  | * 1984 income Tax Form |
| bas 8 | 2590,00 |  | * 1985 incone Tax Form |
| bu86 | 2610.00 |  | * 1986 Income Tax Fom |
| ba87 | 2640.00 |  | * 1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 2670.00 |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 2264.28 | 3q88*DFL | - Deflated from 1988 |
| ba88 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bas8y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bag | 0.00 |  |  |
| ba89y84 | 0.00 |  |  |

### 2.3.4.2.3 Married Exemption / Spouse Tax Credit

MXM: Mamed exemption

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 3470.00 |  |  |  | * 1984 Income Tax Form |
| ba85 | 3630.00 |  |  |  | - 1985 Income Tax Form |
| bas6 | 3660.00 |  |  |  | * 1986 Income Tax Foun |
| 6387 | 3700.00 |  |  |  | [987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 3740.00 |  |  |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 3171.69 |  | *q88*DFL |  | - Deflated from 1988 |
| ba88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bu88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| b. 89 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| b-89y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |

## wamr: Marriod exemption tumdown level

| File | Value | Formule |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| but | 490.00 |  | * 1984 Income Tuk Form |
| ba85 | 510.00 |  | - 1985 Income Tax Fom |
| bas6 | 520.00 |  | * 1986 Incorne Tax Forn |
| bes7 | 520.00 |  | * 1987 Tax Form |
| sq85 | 530.00 | ROUND(bs $87^{*} \mathrm{CPM}$ M $\left.3 .-1\right)$ | Whise Paper, June 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 449.46 | sq88* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ | - Deflated from 1988 |
| ba88 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be89 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bus9y 84 | 0.00 |  |  |

MXMR: Married exemption reduction rete


| Fle | Value |  |  | Formoule |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bes4 | -0.00 | --*---- | -....os.- | -...--- | ...-- |
| be 85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be86 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be 87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bas8 | 850.00 |  |  |  | * Whice Paper, Jurc 1987 |
| basy 84 | 720.84 |  | 988*DFL |  | Wefleted from Reform 1988 |
| bas9 | 859.35 |  | bas $88^{\circ} \mathrm{CPIM} 3$ |  | Inflated from Reform 1988 |
| bs89y84 | 700.07 |  | ba $89{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |  | - Deflated from Base 1989 |

\%WT: Spouse un crodit umdown level

| Fule | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| best | 0.00 |  |  | -a***- |  |
| bus 85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bal 86 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bus 87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| b. 88 | 500.00 |  |  |  | * White Paper, Jure 1987 |
| be88y ${ }^{\text {a }} 4$ | 424.02 |  | ba $88 *$ DFL |  | - Deflated from Reform 1988 |
| b489 | 505.50 |  | bas ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPM} 3$ |  | - Inflated from Reform 1988 |
| ba89y84 | 411.80 |  | b489*DFL |  | - Deflated from Buse 1989 |

STCR: Spouse tax credir rete


### 2.3.4.2.4 Married Equivalent Exemption/Spouse Equivalent Tax Credit

 EMXM: Married equivalent exemption| File | Value |
| :--- | ---: |
| be84 | 3470.00 |
| be 85 | 3630.00 |
| be 86 | 3660.00 |

Formula
黄 1984 Income Tax Foum
W 1985 Incame Tin Fom

* 1985 Incane Inx Fom

| 6.87 | 3700.00 | sq88*DFL | * 1987 Tex Form <br> *Whice Paper, Jure 1987 <br> - Deflated from 1988 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4988 | 3740.00 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 3171.69 |  |  |
| b 88 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bus8y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| b. 89 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be 89 y 84 | 0.00 |  |  |



### 2.3.4.2.5 Exemption/Tax Credit for Wholly Dependent Children Aged 18+

OCXM: Exemplion for wholly dependeri child is+

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas4 | 1360.00 |  | W 1984 incorre Tax Form |
| b.85 | 1420.00 |  | * 1985 Incorne Tax Form |
| bus6 | 1420.00 |  | * 1986 Income Tax Fomm |
| b. 87 | 1200.00 |  | * 1987 Tar Form |
| sq88 | 1000.00 |  | * Whise Paper. Junc 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 848.05 | sq88*DFL | - Deflated from 1988 |
| bs88 | 0.00 |  |  |
| ba88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| b 89 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be89y84 | 0.00 |  |  |

OCXMT: Exemption mandown for child $18+$

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 2600.00 |  | * 1984 Incone Tax Form |
| b. 85 | 2720.00 |  | * 1985 Income Tax Fom |
| ba 86 | 1340.00 |  | * 1986 Lncome Tax Form |
| ba87 | 240.00 | be87-be87/bs87 | - 1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 670.00 | sq88-sq 88/sq88 | W Whive Paper, June 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 568.19 | sq88*D | * Deflated from 1988 |
| ba88 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be88y 84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bas9 | 0.00 |  |  |
| ba89ys4 | 0.00 |  |  |

OCXMR: Exemplion reduction rete for child $18+$

| File | Value |  |  | Forrmula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 44 | 1.00 |  |  | * | * 1984 Incone Tax Fom |
| bas5 | 1.00 |  |  |  | * 1985 Incorse Tax Form |
| be86 | 0.50 |  |  |  | - 1986 Incone Tax. Fomm |
| ba87 | 0.50 |  |  |  | -1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 0.50 |  | ba86 |  | * White Paper. June 1987 |
| 5988984 | 0.50 |  | sq88 |  | W Fran 1988 |
| be88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| b 88884 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be89 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 89 y 84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |

### 2.3.4.2.6 Exemption/Tax Credit for Wholly Dependent Children Aged 17 and Under

 YCTC: Young child un credit

| b. 88 y 84 | 55.12 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $b e 89$ | 65.72 |
| 349 y 84 | 53.53 |


| $\begin{array}{r} \text { bas8*DFL } \\ \text { bas } 85^{\circ} \text { CPTM } 3 \end{array}$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

( Dellated from Reform 1988 * Inflated from Reform 1988 - Deflated from Base 1989
?.....t: Young child ux crodis tumdown level


YCTCR: Young child tax crodit rate

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| --00 |  |
| bu84 | 0.000 |
| be85 | 0.000 |
| ba86 | 0.000 |
| b 487 | 0.000 |
| sq88 | 0.000 |
| sq8y84 | 0.000 |
| bs88 | 0.170 |
| b88y84 | 0.170 |
| bs89 | 0.170 |
| b $89 y 84$ | 0.170 |

Formula $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Whuse Paper, June 1987 - Deflated from Reform 1988 * Inflatad from Reform 1988 * Fron Base 1989

TCXM: Exemption for wholly deperdent child 0-17

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 710.00 |
| b 85 | 710.00 |
| ba 86 | 710.00 |
| 6.87 | 560.00 |
| sq88 | 470.00 |
| 5488y84 | 398.58 |
| b-88 | 0.00 |
| bus8y84 | 0.00 |
| has9 | 0.00 |
| ha 89 y 84 | 0.00 |



Formula
W 1984 Incane Tax Fom * 1985 Income Tax Fom * 1986 income Tax Form * 1987 Tax Form

White Paper, June 1987

* From 1988

YCXMR: Exemption reduction rate for child $0-17$

| File | Value |  |  | Fommula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 0.500 |  |  |  | * 1984 income Tax Form |
| be85 | 0.500 |  |  |  | * 1985 income Tex Form |
| bes6 | 0.500 |  |  |  | * 1986 Income Tar Fomm |
| b 87 | 0.500 |  |  |  | * 1987 Tax Form |
| 3988 | 0.500 |  | bs 87 |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| sq 88 y 84 | 0.500 |  | sq88 |  | * From 1988 |
| ba88 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 88 y 84 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| be89 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |
| br 89 y 84 | 0.000 |  |  |  |  |

### 2.3.4.3 Other Deductions from Net Income

### 2.3.4.3.1 Capital Gains Deduction

CAPGFLAG: Capital gains deduction flag

| File | Velue |  | Formule |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 0 |  |  |  |
| bas | 1 |  |  | - 1985 Income Tax Form |
| ba 86 | 1 |  |  | * 1986 Incame Tax Form |
| b47 | 1 |  |  | - 1985 Budger |
| sq 88 | 1 |  |  | 1985 Budger |
| *98884 | 1 |  |  | - From 1988 |
| b 88 | 1 |  |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| be88y84 | 1 |  |  | * Deflated from Reform 1988 |
| ba89 | 1 |  |  | * Whive Paper, June 1987 |
| be $89 y^{84}$ | 1 |  |  | * Deflued from Base 1989 |

CAPGAL: Capital geins deduction annual limit


### 2.3.4.3.2 Interest and Dividend Income Deduction

YINDL: Maximum intereat and dividend income deducion


CGIF LAG: Capiu! Guins Inclusion in Interest Income Deduction

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 1 |  |  |
| be85 | 1 |  |  |
| bas6 | 0 |  |  |
| bs87 | 0 |  |  |
| sq 88 | 0 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0 |  |  |
| ba88 | 0 |  |  |
| bas8y84 | 0 |  |  |
| b 89 | 0 |  |  |
| ba89y84 | - |  |  |

### 2.3.4.3.3 Pension Income Deduction/Tax Credit

YPNOPT: Pension income doduction/ax credit option


| hasixy 8 | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M89 | 2 | - Fiom Reform 1988 |
| has9y ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2 |  |

Yp:. L. Merimum pertion income deduction

| Frile | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b484 | 1000,00 |  | -1984 Income Tax Form |
| ba 85 | 1000.00 |  | * 1985 Income Tax Fomt |
| be 86 | 1000.00 |  | * 1986 Income Tax Forn |
| bas7 | 1000.00 |  | -1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 1000.00 |  | Wrom 1987 |
| 3988y84 | 848.05 | *988*DFL | * Deflated From 1988 |
| b488 | 0.00 |  | * White Papter, June 1987 |
| be88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| ba89 | 0.00 |  | * Fran Reform 1988 |
| bus9y84 | 0.00 |  |  |

- 

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.00 |
| bus 5 | 0.00 |
| ba86 | 0.00 |
| bs 87 | 0.00 |
| sq88 | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| ba 88 | 1000.00 |
| ba88y84 | 848.05 |
| b 89 | 1000.00 |
| be89ylid | 814.65 |

$\qquad$ Formula $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
1984 Incame Tax Form

* 1985 Income Tax Forts * 1986 Income Tax Foun 1987 Tas Form
-Deflaced From 1988
- Whice Papar, June 1987
* Fran Reform 1988

YPNTL: Maximum pension income tax crodit
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$-$

YPNTR: Pension income tux credis rule


### 2.3.4.3.4 Medical Expense Deduction/Tax Credit

MDCROP T: Medical and chanuble deduction/tax credit


MEDTCR: Medical expense tax credir rate

| File | Velue |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bs 86 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bi 88 | 0.17 |  |  |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| be88y84 | 0.17 |  | ba88 |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| b 89 | 0.17 |  | ba88 |  | White Paptr, June 1987 |
| b489y84 | 0.17 |  | b. 89 |  | White Paper, June 1987 |

### 2.3.4.3.5 Charitable Donation Deduction / Tax Credit

STDED: Standard doduction from ne income

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.00 | $\cdots$ | -........ | . 1984 Lnconse Tax Fom |  |  |
| bes5 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| b. 86 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be87 | 0.00 |  |  |  | - |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| b.88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| be88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6889 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |
| bes9y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |  |

CHATLI: Chariable donations cax credit level t


CHATR1: Charitable donations tex crodit reve 1

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bs84 | 0.00 | -moomo... | --x-*-*--- |  | ---*- |
| ba 85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bas 87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| 3488984 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba88 | 0.17 |  |  |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| bas8y84 | 0.17 |  | be88 |  | * Whire Paper, Junc 1987 |
| 6a89 | 0.17 |  | bas8 |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| ba89y84 | 0.17 |  | bas9 |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |

CHATR2: Charitabie donations lax credir rate 2

| Fule | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 0.00 | ---*** | -..----... |  | - |
| bi85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba66 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be 87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| c988 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| 3q88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bu88 | 0.29 |  |  |  | * White Paper, Jurse 1987 |
| beg8y 84 | 0.29 |  | bu88 |  | * Whise Paper, Jurse 1987 |
| be89 | 0.29 |  | bs88 |  | * White Paper, June 1987 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 0.29 |  | bs89 |  | * Whive Paper, June 1987 |

### 2.3.4.3.6 Disability Deduction / Tax Credit

DI 50PT: Disability deduction/tax credit option


M: x/fc: Maximun disabiliey uax credit


MAXDX: Meximum disability deduction

| File | Value |  | Formula |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas | 2480.00 |  | * 1984 Inconc Tas Fomm |
| bas | 2590.00 |  | * 1985 Incarne Tax Fom |
| bab | 2860.00 |  | * 1986 Incanc Tax Form |
| ba 87 | 2890.00 |  | * 1987 Tex Form |
| 9888 | 2920.00 |  | - From 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 2476.30 | 9988*DFL | * Deflated From 1988 |
| bas8 | 0.00 |  | * White Paper. June 1987 |
| bas8y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bas9 | 0.00 |  | * From Reform 1988 |
| bas9y84 | 0.00 |  |  |

### 2.3.4.3.7 Education Deduction / Tax Credit

EDUCOPT: Educetion deduction/tex credit option

| File | Velue |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b- 84 | 1 | - | * | * 1984 Income Tax Fom |
| bal 85 | 1 |  |  | -1985 Incane Tax Forn |
| ba 86 | 1 |  |  | * 1986 Income Tex Form |
| bas7 | 1 |  |  | 1987 Tax Form |
| 9888 | 1 |  |  | W Fram 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 1 |  |  | - From 1988 |
| bu88 | 2 |  |  | White Paper, Junc 1987 |
| ba 88 y 84 | 2 |  |  | - From Reform 1988 |
| b-89 | 2 |  |  | Fran Reform 1988 |
| ha89y84 | 2 |  |  | From Buse 1989 |

ED: XaM: Educacion us credit per monch

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas4 | 0.00 | -.....-- | --.--- | --- | ----- |
| ba85 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| bast | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| be 87 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| 9888 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |  |  |
| ba 88 | 10.00 |  |  |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| b 88888 | 8.48 |  | bas8*DFL |  | Dellated from Reform 1988 |
| bs 89 | 10.11 |  | ba88* ${ }^{\text {CPPM3 }}$ |  | Grown from Reform 1988 |
| bs89y84 | 8.24 |  | 6.89*DFL |  | From Base 1989 |

MAXET: Maximum on trantex of education and wition tur credis


### 2.3.4.3.8 UI Benefits Repayment Deduction

UIBRA: UI benefit recovery base amount
File Value

| bu 84 | 33150.00 |
| ---: | ---: |
| be 85 | 35880.00 |
| ba 86 | 38610.00 |
| be 87 | 41340.00 |
| sq88 | 43680.00 |
| sq88y 84 | 37042.66 |
| be 88 | 43680.00 |
| ba $88 y 84$ | 37042.66 |
| be89 | 46020.00 |
| bu89y 84 | 37490.00 |

UI BRP: UI bencfix recovery portion


* 1984 Incume Tax Fom
* 1984 Incume Tax Foun
- 1985 Income Tax Foum
" 1985 Income Tax Foum
* 1986 Incane Tar Fom
* 1986 Income Tar Fom
* 1987 Tax Form
* Based on Max. Insurable Earningr
* Deflated from 1988
*From Basc 1988
- Deflaced from Reform 1988
* Based on Max. Insurable Eaming

Weflaled from Base 1989

### 2.3.4.3.9 Tax Credit Transfers

TAXCRT: TAR credit transfer turndown level

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas4 | --0.000 | -****** | ******* |
| bas | 0.00 |  |  |
| bas6 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bas 87 | 0.00 |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.00 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| ba 88 | 6000.00 |  |  |
| be88y84 | 5088.28 |  | ba88*DFL |
| ba89 | 6066.00 |  | ba88*CPIM3 |
| ba89y84 | 4941.64 |  | ba89*DPL |

Formula

- 1984 Income Tax Foum
* 1985 Income Tax Fom
- 1986 Income Tax Fom
- 1987 Tax Fom

Wrom 1987

* From 1987
* From Base 1988

Wrom Reform 1988

- From 1987
* From Reform 1988

TAXCRR: Tax credit transfer rochuction rate

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| be84 | 0.000 |
| bu85 | 0.000 |
| be86 | 0.000 |
| be87 | 0.000 |
| sq88 | 0.000 |
| sq88y84 | 0.000 |
| bu88 | 0.170 |
| bs88y84 | 0.170 |
| bu89 | 0.170 |
| b $89 y 84$ | 0.170 |

Formula
Whise Paper. Jume 1987

- Deflazed from Reform 1988 - Inflaved from Reform 1988 * Deflated from Base 1989

|  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| :--- | :--- |
| ba88 White | Whaper, June 1987 |
| bi88 Whic | WFrom Reforn 1988 |
| bu89 | White Paper, June 1987 |

### 2.3.4.4 Federal Taxes

### 2.3.4.4.1 Basic Federal Tax

| ETX: Federal tax tuble |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| File | Value |  | Fonmuia |  |
| bs 84 | 10 | .......- | - | * 1984 Income Tax Form |
| be85 | 10 |  |  | * 1985 Income Tax Form |
| be86 | 10 |  |  | * 1986 lacome Tex Form |
| be87 | 10 |  |  | 1987 Tax Form and Calculated |
| sq88 | 10 |  |  | U Inflated From 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 10 |  |  | * Deflated from 1988 |
| bu88 | 3 |  |  | White Paper, June 1987 |
| $\text { bı } 88 y 84$ | 3 |  |  | - Deflated from Reform 1988 |
| bi89 | 3 |  |  | M Inflied from Reform 1988 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 3 |  |  | Weflatod from Base 1989 |



FTX(IO)

| b 84 | 59424.00 | 14732.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| b 85 | 62160.00 | 15411.00 |
| b 886 | 62657.00 | 15534.00 |
| b 87 | 63347.00 | 15705.00 |
| sq88 | 64221.60 | 15921.83 |
| sq88y84 | 54462.89 | 13502.45 |

FDTCR: Federal dividend ux credit rate


### 2.3.4.4.2 Federal Surtax

ESURLI: Federal surtax level I

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| bu 84 | 0.00 |
| bu 85 | 6000.00 |
| bs 86 | 0.00 |
| bu 87 | 0.00 |
| sq88 | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| b 888 | 0.00 |
| bu $88 y 84$ | 0.00 |
| b 889 | 0.00 |
| b $89 y 84$ | 0.00 |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

* 1985 Income Tax Fom 1986 Income Tex Form - 1987 Tar Form
- Frum 1987

Frun 1988
From 198
Frum 1988
Frun 1988
Fron 1988
Wrom 1988

* Frum Base 1989

FSURR1: Federal surtax rate I

| Fic | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bal 84 | 0.000 |
| bas 85 | 0.025 |
| ba 86 | 0.015 |
| b. 87 | 0.030 |
| sq88 | 0.030 |
| sq88y84 | 0.030 |
| be88 | 0.030 |
| ba88y84 | 0.030 |
| b- 89 | 0.030 |
| b-89y84 | 0.030 |

FSURL2: Federal surtax level 2

| Fle | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bus4 | 0.00 |
| bas 8 | 15000.00 |
| bal 86 | 6000.00 |
| b. 87 | 0.00 |
| sq88 | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| bu88 | 0.00 |
| b-88y84 | 0.00 |
| be89 | 0.00 |
| ba89y84 | 0.00 |

FSURR2: Federel surtax sute 2

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| b- 84 | 0.000 |
| b 85 | 0.025 |
| ba 86 | 0.050 |
| b- 87 | 0.000 |
| sq88 | 0.000 |
| sq88y84 | 0.000 |
| bu88 | 0.000 |
| b-88y84 | 0.000 |
| bu9 | 0.000 |
| b-89y84 | 0.000 |

Formula

* 1985 Income Tax Fom
* 1986 Incame Tax Foun
* 1987 Tax Form
* From 1987

WFron 1988
Wrom 1988

* From 1988

From 1988

* From Base 1989

[^1]:5*RL3: Foderal surus level 3


### 2.3.4.4.3 Federal Tax Reduction

MXETR: Meximum federal un reduction

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| be84 | 200.00 |
| $b e 85$ | 100.00 |
| $b a 86$ | 0.00 |
| $b a 87$ | 0.00 |
| $8 q 88$ | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| $b-88$ | 0.00 |
| $b s 88 y 84$ | 0.00 |
| $b a 89$ | 0.00 |
| $h 89 y 84$ | 0.00 |

TR, :- Federal ux reduction reduction level


FTRRR: Federal ux reduction reduction rate


### 2.3.4.4.4 Federal Alternate Minimum Tax

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { AMTEX: Alternate minimum tax: exemption level } \\
& \begin{array}{ll}
\text { File Value } \\
\text { Formula }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

| best 4 | 0.00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| be85 | 0.00 |
| be86 | 40000.00 |
| bu87 | 40000.00 |
| 4888 | 40000.00 |
| sq88ys4 | 33921.85 |
| bu88 | 40000.00 |
| b. 88 y 84 | 33921.85 |
|  | 40000.00 |
| bu99y84 | 32885.83 |

AMTTX: Alternave minimurn ux rate

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bs 84 | 0.00 |
| but 85 | 0.00 |
| be86 | 0.17 |
| bal87 | 0.17 |
| sq88 | 0.17 |
| s988y84 | 0.17 |
| b088 | 0.17 |
| bu88y84 | 0.17 |
| b. 89 | 0.17 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 0.17 |

### 2.3.4.4.5 Quebec Tax Abatement

QTAP: Queboc Lax abetement proportion of busic federal tax

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 0.165 |  |  |
| b 885 | 0.165 |  |  |
| bas6 | 0.165 |  |  |
| be 87 | 0.165 |  |  |
| s988 | 0.165 |  | ba87 |
| sq88ys4 | 0.165 |  | 5988 |
| bas8 | 0.165 |  | sq88 |
| bas8y84 | 0.165 |  | ba88 |
| ba 89 | 0.165 |  | bas8 |
| ba89y84 | 0.165 |  | ba 89 |

### 2.3.4.5 Provincial Taxes

### 2.3.4.5.1 Newfoundland

NPTF: Newfoundland provincial ux fraction

| Filc | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| ba84 | 0.600 |
| bas 8 | 0.600 |
| ba 86 | 0.600 |
| bu 87 | 0.600 |
| 3988 | 0.600 |
| sq88y84 | 0.600 |
| bs 88 | 0.600 |
| ba88y84 | 0.600 |
| bas9 | 0.600 |
| bas9y84 | 0.600 |

### 2.3.4.5.2 Prince Edward Island

PPTE: P.E.I. provinciel tax fraction

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| ba 84 | 0.525 |
| ba85 | 0.525 |
| ba86 | 0.525 |
| bu87 | 0.550 |
| sq88 | 0.550 |
| sq88y84 | 0.550 |
| ba88 | 0.550 |
| bu88y84 | 0.550 |
| ba89 | 0.550 |
| ba89y84 | 0.550 |

...................

Forrula

* 1984 Income Tax Form
* 1985 Income Tax Form
* 1986 Incame Tax Form
- 1987 Tax Fom
* From 1987
* From 1988

Wram 1988
Wron 1987

* From 1987
* From 1988
* From 1988
* From Reform 1988
*From Base 1989


### 2.3.4.5.3 Nova Scotia

VFTE: Nova Scotie provincial tux fraction

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b 84 | 0.565 |  |  |  | -1984 Income Tax Fom |
| bas | 0.565 |  |  |  | * 1985 Income Tax Form |
| b-86 | 0.565 |  |  |  | * 1986 Income Tas Form |
| be87 | 0.565 |  |  |  | - 1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 0.565 |  | bs 87 |  | - From 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 0.565 |  | 3q88 |  | - From 1988 |
| ba88 | 0.565 |  | sq88 |  | Cran 1987 |
| ba 88.884 | 0.565 |  | bu88 |  | - From 1988 |
| bu89 | 0.565 |  | b 888 |  | * From Reform 1988 |
| bu9y 84 | 0.565 |  | ba 89 |  | From Base 1989 |

### 2.3.4.5.4 New Brunswick

BPTF: New Brunswick provincial lux fraction

| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bu 84 | 0.58 | -20...---- | *-*-..--** | - | 1984 Income Tax Form |
| bus 8 | 0.58 |  |  |  | * 1985 Income Tax Fomm |
| bas6 | 0.58 |  |  |  | - 1986 Incane Tax Forn |
| be 87 | 0.58 |  |  |  | - 1987 Tax Form |
| sq88 | 0.58 |  | be87 |  | - From 1987 |
| s988y84 | 0.58 |  | s988 |  | * From 1988 |
| ba 88 | 0.58 |  | 4988 |  | - From 1987 |
| bu8y 84 | 0.58 |  | bu8 |  | - From 1988 |
| ba 89 | 0.58 |  | ba88 |  | * Frum Reform 1988 |
| be89y84 | 0.58 |  | b 89 |  | - Frum Base 1989 |

### 2.3.4.5.5 Quebec

QCAPGIR: Quebec capitil gains inclusion rate


QDGUR: Quebec dividend grost-up rate

| Prie | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| bu 84 | 1.50000 |
| bu85 | 1.50000 |
| bu86 | 1.50000 |
| bu87 | 1.50000 |
| sq88 | 1.50000 |
| sq88y84 | 1.50000 |
| bu88 | 1.50000 |
| bu88y84 | 1.50000 |
| be89 | 1.50000 |
| bu89y84 | 1.50000 |

$b 487$
$s q 88$
$s q 88$
$b .88$
$b a 88$
$b .89$
Formulin
1984 Quebec Prov. Tex Form

- 1985 Quebec Prow. Tax Form
W 1986 Quebec Prow. Incone Tex Fom
1987 Quebec Prow. Incame Tix Form
- from 1987
( From 1988
- from 1987
( From 1988
* From Reform 1988
* From Base 1989

QALEXP: Quebec proportion of other allowable employmem expenses to use


QEAMAX: Quebee maximum employment allowance deduction

| Fle | Velue |  |  | Formula |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bus 8 | 500.00 | ------ | ------- | ------ | , 1984 Quebec Prov. Tax Form |  |
| be85 | 500.00 |  |  |  | - 1985 Quebec | Prow. Tax Form |
| bal8 | 500.00 |  |  |  | * 1986 Quebec | Prov. Income Tax Fomm |
| ba87 | 600.00 |  |  |  | * 1987 Quebec | Prow. Incone Tax Fom |
| 488 | 600.00 |  | b-87 |  | * from 1987 |  |
| sq88y84 | 508.83 |  | sq $88^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |  | Deflated From | 1988 |
| be88 | 600.00 |  | sq88 |  | * from 1987 |  |
| be88y84 | 508.83 |  | ba88*DFL |  | * Deflated From | 1988 |
| b 89 | 600.00 |  | bas8 |  | - From 1988 |  |
| ba89y84 | 488.79 |  | bas9*DFL |  | * Deflated From | Bue 1989 |

QEAP : Proportion of earnings for Quebec arployment allowance deduction


QFAI FLAG: Queboc Fanily Allowance Inclusion in Tcal Income

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| best | 1 |
| bas5 | 1 |
| be86 | 1 |
| be87 | 1 |
| 3988 | 1 |
| sq88y84 | 1 |
| be88 | 1 |
| 888y84 | 1 |
| b89 | 1 |
| ba89y84 | 1 |

Formula

* 1984 Queboc Prov. Tar Form
* 1985 Quebec Prov. Tax Form
* 1986 Queboc Pror. Income Tax Fom
* 1987 Quebec Prov. Income T\&x Form
* From 1987

Weflated From 1988

- from 1987
- Deflacod From 1988
* From 1988
* Deflated From Base 1989

QBXOM: Quebec basic pazonal exemption


QAXM: Quebec age exempoion

| File | Volue |  | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 2200.00 |  | 䓝 | W 1984 Quebec Prow. Tax Form |
| b.85 | 2200.00 |  |  | * 1985 Quebec Prov. Tax Form |
| bat 8 | 2200.00 |  |  | * 1986 Quebec Prov. Income Tax Forn |
| ba87 | 2200.00 |  |  | -1987 Quebec Prov. Incorse Tax Fomn |
| 9988 | 2200.00 | 6387 |  | Wrom 1987 |
| sq88y84 | 1865.70 | sq88*DFL |  | * Deflated Fran 1988 |
| bas8 | 2200.00 | sq88 |  | Wrom 1987 |
| b- 88 y 84 | 1865.70 | ba88=DFL |  | * Deflated From 1988 |
| bu89 | 2200.00 | b-88 |  | * From 1988 |
| b-89y84 | 179222 | 6.89* DFL |  | * Deflated From Base 1989 |

OMXM: Queboc merried exemption


| bs $88 y 84$ | 4138.47 | ba $88 *$ DFL | Deflated From 1988 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| ba 89 | 4930.00 | ROUND(ba88*CPIM3,-1) | From 1988 |
| bs $89 y 84$ | 4016.20 | ba89*DFL | Defleted From Base 1989 |

OMXT: Quebec merried exerpption tumdown


QMXR: Quebec married exemption reduction trite


```
Formule
1984 Qucbec Prov. Tax Fonm
- 1985 Quebec Prov. Tax Form
1986 Quebec Prov. Income Tax Form
1987 Quebec Prov. Incame Tax Form
from 1987
- From 1988
from 1987
From Reform 1988
From Reform 198
```

Oocx: Quebec aremption for children 18 and over


Formule

* 1984 Ouebec Prov. Tex Form
* 1985 Quebec Prov. Tax Form

W 1986 Quebec Prov. Incane Tan Fom
1987 Quebec Prov. Income Tas Form
from 1987
Weflaced From 1988
Wrom 1987
Deflated From 1988

- From 1988
- Deflated Fiam Base 1989

QOCT: Quebec exemption mundown for children 18 and over


OOCR: Ouebec exemption reduction rate for children 18 and over


QYCX: Quebec exemprion for childran 16 or 17

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 810.00 |  |
| be 85 | 810.00 |  |
| be 86 | 1370.00 |  |
| be 87 | 1420.00 |  |
| sq88 | 1420.00 | bu87 |
| sq88y84 | 1204.23 | sq88*DFL |
| be88 | 1420.00 | *988 |
| be8sy84 | 1204.23 | ba $88{ }^{*}$ DFL |
| ba 89 | 1420.00 | bu88 |
| be 89 y 84 | 1156.80 | be89*DFL |



QYCT: Quebec exemption aumdown for children 16 or 17

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bas | 2930.00 |
| bas | 2930.00 |
| be86 | 0.00 |
| be87 | 0.00 |
| 5988 | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| ba88 | 0.00 |
| bes8y84 | 0.00 |
| bi89 | 0.00 |
| bus9y84 | 0.00 |

$-1$

QYCR: Quebec exemption reduction mute for children 16 or 17

| Fle | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 1.00 |  |
| be85 | 1.00 |  |
| be86 | 1.00 |  |
| be87 | 1.00 |  |
| 9988 | 1.00 | 6.87 |
| sq88y84 | 1.00 | sq88 |
| bas8 | 1.00 | sq88 |
| be 88 y84 | 1.00 | bs88 |
| be89 | 1.00 | ba 88 |
| bu89ys4 | 1.00 | ba 89 |

OYIDL: Quebec dectuction limit for invermens income


QYPDL: Quebec deduction limit for persion income

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| best | 1000.00 |  |
| be85 | 1000,00 |  |
| be86 | 1000.00 |  |
| ba87 | 500.00 |  |
| sq88 | 500.00 | ba 87 |
| sq 88884 | 424.02 | sq 88. DFL |
| be88 | 500.00 | sq88 |
| ba88y 44 | 424.02 | ba88*DEL |
| bs89 | 500.00 | ba88 |
| ba89y84 | 407.32 | ba89*DFL |

QSTD: Quebec suaderd deduction from net income

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| ben 84 | 100.00 |
| be85 | 100.00 |
| be 86 | 0.00 |
| ba 87 | 0.00 |
| sq88 | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| be88 | 0.00 |

Formula

- 1984 Qucbec Prov. Tax Form

1985 Quehec Prov Taz Fom

* 1986 Quebec Prov. Income Tax Form

1986 Quebec Proy. Incorne Tax Form
" 1987 Quebec Prov. Income Tin Form

* from 1987
* Deflated Fram 1988
* from 1987
* Deflated From 1988
- Frarr 1988
* Deflated From Base 1989

Formula
1984 Quebec Prow. Tas Form

* 1985 Quebec Prov. Tas Form
* 1986 Quebec Prov. Income Tax Foms
* 1987 Quebec Prow. Income Tax Fom
* from 1987
* Deflatad From 1988
* from 1987

| ba88y84 | 0.00 |
| ---: | ---: |
| bu89 | 0.00 |
| bs $89 y 84$ | 0.00 |

OMAXDX: Ouebec maximun disbility doduction or ux credit

* Deflated From 1988
* Frum 1988
* Deflated From Base 1989

```
Formula
* 1984 Quebec Prov. Tax Fom
* 1985 Quebec Prov. Tas Form
1986 Quebec Prov. Income Tax Fom
* 1987 Quabec Prov. Income Tax Fom
- from 1987
Deflited Fran 1988
* from 1987
- Dehited From 1988
* From 1988
* Deflated From Base 1989
```

Fommale

* 1984 Quebec Prov. Tax Form
" 1985 Quebec Prov. Tex Form
* 1985 Quebec Prow. Tax Form
* 1986 Quebec Prow. Income Tax Form

E 1987 Quebec

- From 1987
- Deflated From 1988
- Fion 1987
* Deflated from Reform 1988
- From Reform 1988
* Defleted Frum Base 1989

| 6887 | 6487 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *q88*DFL | 8988*DFL | 0.14 |
| s988 | 8988 | 0.14 |
| bs88*DFL |  | 0.14 |
| 6888 | 6, 88 | 0.14 |
| $6899 .{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DF}$ | 6889* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ | 0.14 |


| bs 87 | 6487 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *98*DFL | 988*DFL | 0.15 |
| s988 | sc 88 | 0.15 |
| b988*DFL | ba88*DFL | 0.15 |
| 6.88 | 6.88 | 0.15 |
| be89*DFL | ba89*DFL | 0.15 |


| 6.87 | be87 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sq88*DFL | 9988*DFL | 0.16 |
| 9888 | sq88 | 0.16 |
| b* 88. DFL | b488 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ DFL | 0.16 |
| 688 | ba88 | 0.16 |
| 89*DFL | ba9*DF | 0.16 |


| QTX ${ }^{(5)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b.84 | 2906.00 | 426.60 | 0.17 |  |  |  |
| bas 8 | 2906.00 | 426.60 | 0.17 |  |  |  |
| $6 \times 86$ | 2906.00 | 426.60 | 0.17 |  |  |  |
| ba 87 | 2906.00 | 426,60 | 0.17 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 2906.00 | 426.60 | 0.17 | bal 87 | ba 87 |  |
| sq88y84 | 2464.42 | 361.78 | 0.17 | 4988* ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | sq88* ${ }^{\text {dFL }}$ | 0.17 |
| ba 88 | 2906.00 | 426.50 | 0.17 | 3888 | sq88 | 0.17 |
| be88yst | 2464.42 | 361.78 | 0.17 | b. 88.0 DRL | ba88*DFL | 0.17 |
| b489 | 2906.00 | 426.60 | 0.17 | ba88 | bas8 | 0.17 |
| ba89y84 | 2367.36 | 347.53 | 0.17 | ba $89{ }^{*} \mathrm{DFL}$ | bu89*DFL | 0.17 |
| QTX (6) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bas | 3936.00 | 601.70 | 0.18 |  |  |  |
| bas | 3936.00 | 601.70 | 0.18 |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 3936,00 | 601.70 | 0.18 |  |  |  |
| bs87 | 3936.00 | 601.70 | 0.18 |  |  |  |
| 4988 | 3936.00 | 601.70 | 0.18 | be87 | beg7 |  |
| \$988y84 | 3337.91 | 510.27 | 0.18 | sg88*DFL | 4988*DFL | 0.18 |
| ba 88 | 3936.00 | 601.70 | 0.18 | 9988 | sq88 | 0.18 |
| be 88.884 | 3337.91 | 510.27 | 0.18 | b $888 . \mathrm{DFL}$ | ba $88{ }^{\text {cobl }}$ | 0.18 |
| ba89 | 3936.00 | 601.70 | 0.18 | bes8 | bal 8 | 0.18 |
| ba89y84 | 3206.45 | 490.17 | 0.18 | ba89*DFL | ba89*DFl | 0.18 |
| QTX (7) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bs 84 | 5127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 |  |  |  |
| bus5 | 5127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 |  |  |  |
| be 86 | 5127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 |  |  |  |
| bu 87 | 5127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 5127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 | b. 87 | bu 87 |  |
| sq88y 84 | 4347.93 | 692.07 | 0.19 | *988*DFL | 8988*DFL | 0.19 |
| ba 88 | 5127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 | s988 | 8988 | 0.19 |
| ba8884 | 4347.93 | 692.07 | 0.19 | ba88*DFL | ba $88 \times \mathrm{DF}$ | 0.19 |
| bas9 | \$127.00 | 816.08 | 0.19 | bu 88 | bas8 | 0.19 |
| be89y84 | 4176.69 | 664.82 | 0.19 | ba89*DFL | ba $89 \times \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.19 |
| QTX (8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bas4 | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 |  |  |  |
| bass | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 |  |  |  |
| ba 87 | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 | ba 87 | bas7 |  |
| sq88y84 | 5515.69 | 913.95 | 0.20 | *988*DFL | sq88= ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ | 0.2 |
| bas8 | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 | sq88 | 3q88 | 0.2 |
| b88y84 | 5515.69 | 913.95 | 0.20 | be88*DFL | ba $88 *$ DFL | 0.2 |
| ba 89 | 6504.00 | 1077.71 | 0.20 | ba 88 | ba 88 | 0.2 |
| ba89y84 | 5298.46 | 877.95 | 0.20 | ba $89 \times$ DFL | ba89*DFL | 0.2 |
| QTX (9) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bas | 8095.00 | 1395.91 | 0.21 |  |  |  |
| bass | 8095.00 | 1395.91 | 0.21 |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 8095.00 | 1395.91 | 0.21 |  |  |  |
| ba 87 | 8095.00 | 1395.91 | 0.21 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 8095.00 | 1395.91 | 0.21 | ba 87 | ba 87 |  |
| sq88y84 | 6864.93 | 1183.80 | 0.21 | sq88*DFL | *988*DFL | 0.21 |
| ${ }_{\text {ba }} 88$ | 8095.00 | 1395.91 | 0.21 | sq88 | 8988 | 0.21 |
| ba88y84 | 6864.93 | 1183.80 | 0.21 |  | be $88{ }^{*} \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.21 |
| bus9 | 8095.00 | \$395.91 | 0.21 | ba 88 | ba88 | 0.21 |
| ba 89 y 84 | 6594.56 | 1137.17 | 0.21 | b489*DFL | ba89*DFL | 0.21 |
| QTX 110$)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bue 84 | 9935.00 | 178231 | 0.22 |  |  |  |
| bu85 | 9935.00 | 178231 | 0.22 |  |  |  |
| b. 86 | 9935.00 | 178231 | 0.22 |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 9935.00 | 178231 | 0.22 |  |  |  |
| 9988 | 9935.00 | 1782.31 | 0.22 | bas7 | bus 87 |  |
| sq 88 y 84 | 8425.34 | 1511.48 | 0.22 | sq88*DFL | sq88*DFL | 0.12 |
| ba88 | 9935.00 | 178.231 | 0.27 | 4888 | 5088 | 0.22 |
| ba88y84 | 8425.34 | 1511.48 | 0.22 | ba88 ${ }^{\text {D }}$ DFL | bu88 ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ | 0.22 |
| bas9 | 9935.00 | 1782.31 | 0.22 | be88 | bas8 | 0.22 |
| ba89y84 | 8093.51 | 1451.95 | 0.22 | ba89*DFL | be89*DFL | 0.22 |
| $\operatorname{OTX}(11)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| basd | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 |  |  |  |
| bass | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 |  |  |  |
| ba 86 | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 |  |  |  |
| ba87 | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 |  |  |  |
| sp98 | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 | ba87 | be87 |  |
| sq88y84 | 10228.28 | 1908.13 | 0.23 | $3 \mathrm{q} 88 \times \mathrm{DFL}$ | sq88* ${ }^{\text {DFL }}$ | 0.23 |
| ba88 | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 | 3988 | sq88 | 0.23 |
| ba88y84 | 10228.28 | 1908.13 | 0.23 | bu $88=$ DFL | ba $888 \times \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.23 |
| be 89 | 12061.00 | 2250.03 | 0.23 | ba88 | ba 88 | 0.23 |
| bs 89 y 84 | 9825.44 | 1832.98 | 0.23 | ba 8 **FL | ba $89 *$ DFL | 0.23 |


| QTX (12) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - ber4 | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 |  |  |  |
| bess | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 |  |  |  |
| 6.86 | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 |  |  |  |
| 9888 | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 | be87 | be87 |  |
| $5988 y 84$ | 1231278 | 2387.56 | 0.24 | 3988*DFL | sq88*DFL | 0.24 |
| bas8 | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 | 9988 | sq88 | 0.24 |
| ba88y84 | 1231278 | 2387.56 | 0.24 | bu $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFF}$ | ba $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.24 |
| be89 | 14519.00 | 2815.37 | 0.24 | be88 | bs 88 | 0.24 |
| be 89 y 84 | 11827.84 | 2293.53 | 0.24 | be89*DFL | b $899^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.24 |
| OTX (13) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| be 84 | 17360.00 | 3497.21 | 0.25 |  |  |  |
| b. 85 | 17360.00 | 3497.21 | 0.25 |  |  |  |
| b 86 | 18820.00 | 3847.61 | 0.25 |  |  |  |
| 6.87 | 18820.00 | 3847.61 | 0.25 |  |  |  |
| 3988 | 18820.00 | 3847.61 | 0.25 | bu7 | be 87 |  |
| 2988y84 | 15960.23 | 3262.95 | 0.25 | 9q88 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | sq $88 \times$ DFL | 0.25 |
| bu88 | 18820.00 | 3847.61 | 0.25 | sq88 | sy 88 | 0.25 |
| be85y84 | 15960.23 | 326295 | 0.25 | 6u85*DFL | bu88*DFL | 0.25 |
| b.89 | 18820.00 | 3847.61 | 0.25 | be 88 | be 88 | 0.25 |
| be89y84 | 15331.63 | 3134.44 | 0.25 | bu89*DFL | bu89\% ${ }^{\text {a }}$, | 0.25 |
| CTX (14) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| b. 84 | 20644,00 | 4318.21 | 0.26 |  |  |  |
| be85 | 20644.00 | 4318.21 | 0.26 |  |  |  |
| b. 86 | 26347.00 | 5729.36 | 0.26 |  |  |  |
| 6.87 | 26347.00 | 5729.36 | 0.2\% |  |  |  |
| 3988 | 26347.00 | 5729.36 | 0.26 | bas7 | bu 87 |  |
| 9988y 84 | 22343.47 | 4858.76 | 0.26 | 4g88*DFL | 9988*DFL | 0.26 |
| b. 88 | 26347.00 | 5729.36 | 0.20 | 488 | 3 sq 88 | 0.26 |
| be88y84 | 22343.47 | 4858.76 | 0.26 | bu88*DFL | be 88. DFL | 0.26 |
| 6.89 | 26347.00 | 5729.36 | 0.26 | bus8 | bas8 | 0.26 |
| be 89 y 84 | 21463.47 | \$667.40 | 0.26 | be89*DFL | bus9*DFL | 0.26 |
| QTX (15) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba 84 | 2.4441 .00 | 5305.43 | 0.27 |  |  |  |
| bas 8 | 24441.00 | 5305.43 | 0.27 |  |  |  |
| be 86 | 39169.00 | 9063.08 | 0.27 |  |  |  |
| ba 87 | 39169.00 | 9063.08 | 0.27 |  |  |  |
| sc 88 | 39169.00 | 9063.08 | 0.27 | be87 | bu87 |  |
| sq88y84 | 33217.12 | 7685.91 | 0.27 | sq88*DFL | sq88* ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.27 |
| be88 | 39169.00 | 9063.08 | 0.27 | 9988 | 5988 | 0.27 |
| has8y84 | 33217.12 | 7685.91 | 0.27 | be88 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ D | bu88*DFL | 0.27 |
| ba 89 | 39169.00 | 9063.08 | 0.27 | ba88 | be 88 | 0.27 |
| ha 89 y 84 | 31908.86 | 7383.20 | 0.27 | ba $89{ }^{\text {², DFL }}$ | be $89{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | 0.27 |
| -Tx 116$\}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bas4 | 28829.00 | 6490.19 | 0.28 |  |  |  |
| bas | 28829.00 | 6490.19 | 0.28 |  |  |  |
| b. 86 | 61608.00 | 15121.61 | 0.28 |  |  |  |
| b. 87 | 61608.00 | 15121.61 | 0.28 |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 61608.00 | 15121.61 | 0.28 | bas7 | bu8 8 |  |
| sq88y84 | 52246.43 | 12823.82 | 0.28 | sq88 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DF}$ | sq88*DFL | 0.28 |
| ba88 | 61608.00 | 15121.61 | 0.28 | S988 | $8{ }^{498}$ | 0.28 |
| bu88y84 | 52246.43 | 12823.82 | 0.28 | ba88 ${ }^{\text {² DFL }}$ | ba88*DFL | 0.28 |
| be 89 | 61608.00 | 15121.61 | 0.28 | ba88 | ba88 | 0.28 |
| ba89y84 | 50188.70 | 12318.75 | 0.28 | b489*DFL | bus ${ }^{\text {a }}$ DFL | 0.28 |
| QTX(17) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bu 84 | 3390200 | 7910.63 | 0.29 |  |  |  |
| bus | 33902.00 | 7910.63 | 0.29 |  |  |  |
| QTX(18) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.84 | 39766.00 | 9611.19 | 0.30 |  |  |  |
| 6885 | 39766.00 | 9611.19 | 0.30 |  |  |  |
| $07 \times(19)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bust | 46544.00 | 11644.59 | 0.31 |  |  |  |
| bus5 | 46544.00 | 11644.59 | 0.31 |  |  |  |
| QTX 120$)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| bus4 | 54380.00 | 14073.75 | 0.32 |  |  |  |
| be 85 | 54380.00 | 14073.75 | 0.32 |  |  |  |
| QTX ${ }^{\text {(21) }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ba 84 | 60714.00 | 16100.63 | 0.33 |  |  |  |
| bus | 60714.00 | 16100.63 | 0.33 |  |  |  |

QTRP: Quebec tax reduction propartion

| Fle | Yalue |  |  | Formula |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b. 84 | 0.030 |  |  | 奂 | W 1984 Quebec Prov | Tax Form |
| be 85 | 0.030 |  |  |  | - 1985 Quebec Prow. | Tax Form |
| bas6 | 0.030 |  |  |  | - 1986 Quebec Prov. | Income Tax fom |
| b. 87 | 0.030 |  |  |  | - 1987 Quebec Prow. | Income Tax Fom |
| sq88 | 0.030 |  | b. 87 |  | - from 1987 |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.030 |  | sq88 |  | * From 1988 |  |
| ba88 | 0.030 |  | sq88 |  | from 1987 |  |
| bas8y84 | 0.030 |  | bas8 |  | From 1988 |  |
| ba89 | 0.030 |  | bus8 |  | - Fram Reform 1988 |  |
| be89y84 | 0.030 |  | b. 89 |  | - From Baee 1989 |  |

QDTCR: Quebec dividend lax credit rate

| Fie | Velue |  |  | Formula |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 0.16667 |  |  |  | W1984 Quebec Prov. Tax Form |  |
| be 85 | 0.16667 |  |  |  | W 1985 Quebec Prov. | Tex Form |
| be86 | 0.16667 |  |  |  | W 1986 Queber Prow. | Income Tax Four |
| 6. 87 | 0.11080 |  |  |  | W 1987 Quebec Prov. | Income Tax Form |
| sq88 | 0.11080 |  | ba 87 |  | \% from 1987 |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.11080 |  | 3988 |  | - Fron 1988 |  |
| ba88 | 0.11080 |  | 3988 |  | (from 1987 |  |
| bas8y 84 | 0.11080 |  | b. 88 |  | ( Fron 1988 |  |
| b=89 | 0.11080 |  | bas8 |  | - From Reform 1988 |  |
| ba 89 y 84 | 0.11080 |  | b $\quad 89$ |  | Wrom Base 1989 |  |

### 2.3.4.5.6 Ontario

OPTF: Onlario provincial ux fraction

| File | Value |  |  | Formule |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas 84 | 0.48 | --- | -mon- | W 1984 Income Tax Forn |  |
| b 885 | 0.48 |  |  | * 1985 Income Tax Fomn |  |
| bas6 | 0.50 |  |  | * 1986 Income Tax Fom |  |
| b. 87 | 0.50 |  |  | -1987 Tax Form |  |
| sq88 | 0.50 |  | b487 | Wrom 1987 |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.50 |  | 4988 | Wram 1988 |  |
| ba88 | 0.50 |  | 4988 | Wrom 1987 |  |
| ba88y84 | 0.50 |  | ba88 | Wram 1988 |  |
| ba 89 | 0.50 |  | be88 | W From Reform 1988 |  |
| be89y84 | 0.50 |  | bas9 | * From Base 1989 |  |

OPTC: Ontario provincial ax cut-in

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ba84 | 2026.00 |  |
| b. 85 | 1433.00 |  |
| ba 86 | 1630.00 |  |
| bs 87 | 2075.00 |  |
| s988 | 2075.00 | ba87 |
| sq88y84 | 1759.70 | sq88*DFL |
| b. 88 | 2075.00 | s988 |
| ba88y84 | 1759.70 | ba88*DFL |
| bas9 | 2075.00 | b488 |
| bu9y84 | 1690.39 | b-89*DFL |

Formula

* 1984 Incame Tax Fom - 1985 Income Tax Foum
* 1986 Incane Tax Fom
* 1987 Ten Form
- From 1987
* Deflated From 1988
* from 1987
* Deflated From 1988
- Inflated From Reform 1988
* Deflated From Base 1989

OMTY: Ontario lexable income above which no tax reduction

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 2218.00 |
| b 88 | 1529.00 |
| ba86 | 1760.00 |
| bas7 | 2275.00 |
| sq88 | 2275.00 |
| *988y84 | 1929.31 |
| b. 88 | 2275.00 |
| b, 88884 | 1929.31 |
| ba 89 | 2300.00 |
| bu89y84 | 1873.69 |


| Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | * 1984 Income Tax Fonn |
|  | W 1985 Income Tax Fom |
|  | * 1986 Income Tax Fomn |
|  | - 1987 Tax Form |
| b. 87 | - From 1987 |
| 3q88*DFL | * Deflaced From 1988 |
| sq88 | f from 1987 |
| 648*DFL | * Deflated From 1988 |
| ROUND(bı88*CP1M3,-1) | * Inflated From Reform 1988 |
| bas ${ }^{\text {a }}$ DFL | * Deflatod From Base 1989 |

OTRF: Ontario ux reduction fraction

| File | Value | Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b 84 | 0.500 | W 1984 Income Tax Form |  |
| bas 8 | 0.500 | , 1985 Income Tax Fom |  |
| baf6 | 0.500 | * 1986 Income Tax Form |  |


| $b u 87$ | 0.500 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4988 | 0.500 |
| $3488 y 84$ | 0.500 |
| $b a 88$ | 0.500 |
| ba88y84 | 0.500 |
| bu89 | 0.500 |
| $b=89 y 84$ | 0.500 |


|  | - 1987 Tax Form <br> * From 1987 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3988 | * Fran 1988 |
| $3{ }^{4} 88$ | (from 1987 |
| be88 | - From 1988 |
| ba88 | - Fran Reform 1988 |
| b489 | * From Base 1989 |

OSSML: Onunio social service maintenance suran cut-in ievel

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| ba 84 | 110.80 |
| ha 85 | 10.80 0.00 |
| bs 86 | 0.00 |
| be87 | 0.00 |
| 9988 | 0.00 |
| sq88y84 | 0.00 |
| bas8 | 0.00 |
| ba88y84 | 0.00 |
| bag9 | 0.00 |
| ba 89 y 4 | 0.00 |


| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| be 84 | 0.060 |
| b 88 | 0.000 |
| b 86 | 0.000 |
| b 887 | 0.000 |
| sq88 | 0.000 |
| sq88y84 | 0.000 |
| b 888 | 0.000 |
| bu8884 | 0.000 |
| bi89 | 0.000 |
| be89y84 | 0.000 |

Formule

- 1984 Income Tax Form
* 1985 Income Tax Foom

MAREOPT: Menitobe tax reduction calculation option

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| b. 84 | 2.00 |
| b 885 | 2.00 |
| ba86 | 2.00 |
| b. 87 | 2.00 |
| sq88 | 2.00 |
| sq88y84 | 2.00 |
| ba88 | 2.00 |
| bs88y84 | 2.00 |
| ba89 | 2.00 |
| bs 89 y 84 | 2.00 |

$\qquad$ Formula
W 1984 Lncame Tan Form

- 1985 Income Tax Foom
* 1986 Income Tax Foon
* 1987 Tar Form
- Fron 1987
* From 1988
* From 1987
* From 1988
*Fum 1988
Wrom Besc 1989
MTR日R: Manitoba Lux roduction basic amount

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b484 | 0.00 |  |
| be 85 | 0.00 |  |
| ba 86 | 100.00 |  |
| b487 | 100.00 |  |
| sq88 | 100.00 |  |
| sq38y84 | 84.80 | 100*DFL |
| ba88 | 100.00 | sq88 |
| bas8y 84 | 84.80 | bsis*DFL |
| be89 | 100.00 |  |
| ba 89 y 84 | 81.46 | b $889^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |

MT RF : Manitob tax reduction fraction

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b 84 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be85 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bas6 | 0.05 |  |  |
| 6.87 | 0.05 |  |  |
| 9988 | 0.05 |  |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.05 |  |  |
| ba88 | 0.05 |  | sq88 |
| ba8y84 | 0.05 |  | bas8 |
| $6 \pm 89$ | 0.05 |  | bats |
| ba89y84 | 0.05 |  | bal 89 |



| bus8y84 | 350.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | bs88 | bues |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bas9 | 350.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | bus8 | be88 |
| he89y84 | 350.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | bas 8 | b 89 |
| Matelio (6) |  |  |  |  |  |
| be 84 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be 85 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
| be86 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
| bu87 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |  |
| 4988 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | be 87 |  |
| sq88y84 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 4988 | sq88*DFL |
| be88 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1988 | s988 |
| be88y84, | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | be 88 | be 88 |
| b489 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | bu88 | ba88 |
| bu89y84 | 400.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | $6 \times 89$ | be89 |
| MSTC: Manitobe surrax eur-in |  |  |  |  |  |
| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| best | 2640.00 |  |  | - 1984 Income Tex Fom |  |
| be85 | 2606.00 |  |  | - 1985 Income Tax Fomn |  |
| ba 86 | 2600.00 |  |  | * 1986 Income Ter Foum |  |
| ba 87 | 2590.00 |  |  | * 1987 Tax Form |  |
| 3988 | 2703.46 |  | ba $87{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{CPP1}$ | * Inflaved from 1987 |  |
| *q88y84 | 229266 |  | s9 $88{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ | - Deflated from 1988 |  |
| ba88 | 2703.46 |  | 3988 | - Inflatod from 1987 |  |
| be88y84 | 229266 |  | be 88. DFL | * Defluted from 1988 |  |
| ba89 | 2703.46 |  | ba 88 | * Inflated frum 1988 <br> - Deflated From Buse 1989 |  |
| bu89y84 | 220236 |  | b.89*DFL |  |  |
| MSTR: Maniobe surua rate |  |  |  |  |  |
| File | Value |  |  | Formula |  |
| bus 84 | 0.20 |  |  | * 1984 Incame Tex Fown |  |
| bas 85 | 0.20 |  |  | - 1985 Income Tax Fomn |  |
| bu86 | 0.20 |  |  | * 1986 Income Tax Fomn |  |
| be 87 | 0.20 |  |  |  |  |
| sq88 | 0.20 |  | bu87 | - From 1987 |  |
| sq88y84 | 0.20 |  | sq88 | *From 1988 |  |
| ba 88 | 0.20 |  | sq88 |  |  |
| bu88y84 | 0.20 |  | ba88 | WFrom 1988 |  |
| b-89 | 0.20 |  | bas8 | * From 1988 |  |
| ha89y84 | 0.20 |  | ba89 | * From Buse 1989 |  |

### 2.3.4.5.8 Saskatchewan

Si TF: Sasketchewan provincial tax fraction

| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| be 84 | 0.510 |
| be 85 | 0.505 |
| ba 86 | 0.500 |
| ba 87 | 0.500 |
| sq88 | 0.500 |
| sq88y 84 | 0.500 |
| bs 88 | 0.500 |
| bu88y84 | 0.500 |
| ba89 | 0.500 |
| bu89y84 | 0.500 |

b. 87
b 888

Formula

* 1984 Income Tax Foum
* 1984 Income Tax Fom
* 1985 Income Tin Fom
* 1985 Income Tax Fomm
* 1986 Encome Tax Foon
* 1987 Tax Form
- From 1987
* Fram 1988
* From 1987
* From 1988
* From 1988

Wram 1988
Wrom Bese 1989
SFTAX: Sakatchewan provincial flat surax rate an net income

| File | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| bus4 | 0.000 |
| be 85 | 0.005 |
| bas6 | 0.010 |
| b- 87 | 0.015 |
| sq88 | 0.015 |
| aq88y84 | 0.015 |
| ba88 | 0.015 |
| ba88y84 | 0.015 |
| be89 | 0.015 |
| be89y84 | 0.015 |

Formula
1984 Incame Tax Fom

- 1985 Income Tax Forn
* 1986 Income Tax Foum
- 1987 Tax Form
- Fram 1987
* From 1988
*From 1987
- From 1988
* From 1988

From Base 1989

STRBR: Suskachewan basic provincial uex reduclion


Formula

* 1984 Income Tax Form
* 1985 Incame Tux Fom
* 1986 Incarne Tax Fom
* 1987 Tex Form
* Inflated from 1987
* Deflated from 1988
* Inflated from 1987
* Deflated from 1988
- Inflated from 1988
* Deflased From Base 1989

STRC L: Saskazchewan child ex reduction limit

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 300.00 |  |
| bess | 300.00 |  |
| bus6 | 300.00 |  |
| bu87 | 800.00 |  |
| 9988 | 800.00 | ba87 |
| sq88y84 | 678.44 | sq88*DFL |
| be 88 | 800.00 | sq 88 |
| b-88y84 | 678.44 | ba88*DFL |
| bas9 | 800.00 | bus8 |
| bus9y 84 | 651.72 | bu $89 . \mathrm{DFL}$ |

STRPC: Saskatchewan tax reduction per child

| Frie | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| bus4 | 50.00 |  |  |
| be 85 | 50.00 |  |  |
| bus6 | 50.00 |  |  |
| bus | 200.00 |  |  |
| sq88 | 200.00 |  | be87 |
| sq3s3y84 | 169.61 |  | 8988*DFL |
| bus8 | 200.00 |  | sq8\% |
| ba88y 84 | 169.61 |  | be88*DFL |
| buts9 | 200.00 |  | bas8 |
| bus9yg4 | 162.93 |  | ba89*DFL. |

STRRR: Saskatchewan tax reduction roduction rate

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be94 | 0.300 | 0.3 |
| b. 85 | 0.300 | 0.3 |
| be86 | 0.300 | 0.3 |
| be87 | 0.050 |  |
| sq88 | 0.050 | bu8 |
| sq88y84 | 0.050 | sq88 |
| ba88 | 0.050 | 8988 |
| ba88y84 | 0.060 | bas8 |
| be89 | 0.050 | bas8 |
| bu89y84 | 0.050 | bu89 |

STRSC: Sakkatchewan tax reduction for senior cilizens

| File | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be 84 | 50.00 |  |
| bas 8 | 50.00 |  |
| b. 86 | 50.00 |  |
| be87 | 200.00 |  |
| s988 | 200.00 | bus7 |
| sq88y84 | 169.61 | $3988 *$ DFL |
| be88 | 200.00 | sq 88 |
| bue 88 y 84 | 169.61 | bas8* ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{DFL}$ |
| bas9 | 200.00 | ba 88 |
| bus9y84 | 162.93 | ba89*DFL |

SSCI: Saskatchewan surlax cut-in


Formula

* 1984 Income Tax Form 1985 Income Tax Form * 1986 Income Tax Fom - 1986 Income Ia
- 1987 Tax Form
- Inflited from 1987
- Deflated from 1988
* Inflated from 1987


| File | Value |
| ---: | ---: |
| bes | 0.120 |
| be85 | 0.120 |
| be86 | 0.120 |
| be87 | 0.120 |
| 4q88 | 0.120 |
| sq8y84 | 0.120 |
| b488 | 0.120 |
| be88y84 | 0.120 |
| be89 | 0.120 |
| be89y84 | 0.120 |

$\mathrm{b} 88 * \mathrm{DFL}$
b 488
$\mathrm{~b} 889 * \mathrm{DFL}$

- Derlated from 1988
* Inflated from 1988
- Deflatod From Base 1989


### 2.3.4.5.9 Alberta

APTE: Alberta provincial tex frection

| Frie | Value |
| :---: | :---: |
| best | 0.44 |
| bas 8 | 0.44 |
| ba 86 | 0.44 |
| ba 87 | 0.47 |
| 9988 | 0.47 |
| 4q88y84 | 0.47 |
| ba 88 | 0.47 |
| be88y84 | 0.47 |
| be89 | 0.47 |
| b 89984 | 0.47 |



| 0.435 |
| :---: |
| 0.435 |
| 0.435 |
| 0.465 |
| bes7 |
| 4988 |
| be87 |
| bass |
| be 88 |
| b. 89 |

Formula

* 1984 Incame Tax Form
* 1984 Income Tax Fomm
* 1985 Income Tax Fomm
* 1985 Incame Tax Fomm
* 1986 Income Tax Form
- 1987 Tax Form
- From 1987

From 1988

* Fram 1987
- Fram 1988
- Fram 1988

From Base 1989

| Formula |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | * 1984 Income Tar Forn |
|  | * 1985 Income Tax Fom |
|  | - 1986 Income Tax Fomn |
|  | * 1987 Tex Form |
|  | - Fran 1987 |
|  | - Fram 1988 |
|  | - Frun 1987 |
|  | - Fran 1988 |
|  | - From 1988 |
|  | - From Basc 1989 |

Fomula

* 1984 Income Tax Form
- 1985 Income Tax Foum
* 1986 Income Tax Form
- 1987 Tas Form

Influted from 1987
Defled from 198
Dedaled from 1988
Inhlaced from 1987
Deflated from 1988

- Inflated from 1988
- Deflatod From Base 1989

ATRE. Alberte Lex reduction fraction

| File | Vslue |
| ---: | ---: |
| bes4 | 0.500 |
| be85 | 0.500 |
| be86 | 0.500 |
| bu 87 | 0.500 |
| sq88 | 0.500 |
| eq8y84 | 0.500 |
| be88 | 0.500 |
| be88y84 | 0.500 |
| bs89 | 0.500 |
| be89y84 | 0.500 |

* 1984 Income Tax Fom

1985 Incane Tax Form
1986 Income Tax Form

* 1987 Tix Form
- From 1987
* From 1988

From 1987

- From 1988

From 1988
Wrom Bese 1989

### 2.3.4.5.10 British Columbia

CPTF: British Columbia provincial us fraction

| File | Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| be84 | 0.440 |  |  |
| be85 | 0.440 |  |  |
| be 66 | 0.440 |  |  |
| be87 | 0.515 |  |  |
| 488 | 0.515 |  | b. 87 |
| sq88ye4 | 0.515 |  | *988 |
| be88 | 0.515 |  | be87 |
| bas8y84 | 0.515 |  | be88 |
| be89 | 0.515 |  | be88 |
| be 89 y 84 | 0.515 |  | be 89 |

Formula

- 1984 Income Tax Form

1985 Income Tax Form

* 1986 Inconne Tax Form
- 1987 Tax Form
* From 1987
* From 1988
- From 1987
* From 1988

4. From 1988

* From Bese 1989



[^0]:    * Unemployment Insurance Act Whamployment Insurance Act Whamploymeri Insurance Acs * Unamployment Inmurance Act

[^1]:    * 1985 Incorne Tax Fom
    * 1986 Income Tax Foun
    * 1987 Tax Form

    Wrom 1987

    - From 1988
    *From 1988
    - From 1988
    * From 1988
    * Frum Base 1989

