```
Statistics Canada
Household Surveys Division
Famlly Expenditure Survey
Family Food
Expenditure
1n Canada
List of Statistical Tables and User's Guide
17 Cities, 1984
Family Expenditure Survey of
Statistics Canade should be credited when
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October }198
ottawa
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## INTRODUCTION

This series of tabulations presents information on family food expenditure obtained from the survey conducted throughout 1984. These tables are detailed versions of the tables shown in ${ }^{m}$ Family Food Expenditure in Canada, selected cities, 1984", catalogue no. 62-554. They are avallable on paper, microfiche, personal computer diskettes and computer readable tapes. Basic descriptions, notes and definitions are provided here for users of these tables. Additional information is provided in the above-mentioned catalogue publication.

Data were obtained by asking people in 17 Canadian cities to record their expenditures on food and other selected 1tems for a two week period. Full budget expenditure information for 1984 will be avallable from the Survey of Family Expenditures conducted in February and March 1985. This information was gathered on a one-year recall basis and will be released separately.

Family expenditure surveys have been conducted approximately every two Years since 1953. Coverage for most of these has been restricted to selected cities. Only two of the Food Expenditure Surveys have also included smaller urban and rural areas: 1969 and 1982. See the Historical Catalogue of Statistics canada publications and the current catalogue for a description of earlier family expenditure surveys publications.

```
        FAMIIY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA
        DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES
            17 CITIES, 1984
IIST OF DETAIEED STATISTICAL TABLES
Table
    No.
            Detailed Average Weekly Food Expenditures, Quantities,
            and Summaries, 17 Cities, Canada, 1984
            A11 Eamilies and Unattached Individuals:
    1a. by Family Income Quintile Group
    3a. by city - St. John's (Nfld.) to Saskatoon
    3b. by city - Calgazy to victoria
    4a. by Family Income Decile Group
    5a. by Family Size
    5b. by Family Type
    6a. by Family Composition
15a. by Age of Head
18a. by Family Life cycle
    Families of Two or More:
    7a. by Family Income Decile Group
16a. by Age of Head
    Married Couple Eamilies:
    8a. by Age of Kusband and Family Type
17a. by Age of Husband
    Married Couple Families With Husband Aged Less than 65 Years:
    by Employment status of Wife
    9b. by Employment Status of Wife and Age of Youngest Child
    Unattached Individuals:
10a. by Family Income Quintile Group
11a. by Age and Sex
```

NOTE

The average expenditure, quantity purchase and percentage reporting have been replaced by "..." in the tables for items reported by less than 30 weekly records. This suppression criterion should not restrict valid use of the data since these items would normally have coefficients of variation of $30 \%$ or more. The symbol should not however be interpreted as zero. The expenditure items however, are components of more reliable higher aggregates.

DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL TABLE CONTENTS

```
Table Column Class Descriptions
    NO.
la., 10a. by Family Income Quintile Group
                            All classes
                                    Lowest quintile
                                    second quintile
                                    Third quintile
                                    Fourth quintile
                                    Highest quintile
                                    Income not stated
    3a. by city - St. John's (NEId.) to Saskatoon
                    St. John's (NIId.)
                    Charlottetown-Summerside
                            Halifax
                            St. Johr (N.B.)
                            Québec
                            Montral
                    Ottawa
                            Tozonto
                            Thunder Bay
                            Winnipeg
                            Regina
                            Saskatoon
    3b. by city - Calgary to Victoria
                    Calgary
                    Edmonton
                    Vancouver
                    Victoria
4a., 7a. by Family Income Decile Group
                    All classes
                    Lowest decile
                    Second decile
                    Third decile
                    Fourth decile
                    Fifth decile
                    sixth decile
                            Seventh decile
                    Eighth decile
                    Ninth decile
                    Hlghest decile
                    Income not stated
```


## FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAIIED STATISTICAL TABLES 17 CITIES, 1984

Table Colum Class Descriptions - Cont'd
No.
5a. by Family Size All classes
One person
Two persons
Three persons
Eour persons Five or more persons

5b. by Family Type
one adult
Two adults
Two adults, one child
Three adults
Two adults, two children
Three adults, one child

## Four adults

Two adults, three or more children Three adults, two or more children Four adults, one or more children One adult, one or more children Other Iamilies

6a. by Family Composition Unattached individuals Married couple tamilies

Married couple only With single children only Other with relatives only
other spending undts Lone parent family only

All Classes
With female head other with relatives only other spending units

```
Table Column Class Descriptions - cont'd
    No.
    8a. by Age of Husband and Family Type
        All classes
        Husband under 45 Years
        Two adults
        Two adults, one cnild
        Two adults, two children
        Two adults, three or more children
        Other families
        Husband 45-64 years
        Two adults
        Two adults, one or more children
        Threa adults
        Three adults, one or more children
        Other families
        Husband 65 years and over
        Two adults
        other families
    9a. by Employment status of Wife
        All classes
        Wile employed Eull-time
        Wife employed part-time
        wife not employed
    9b. by Employment Status of Wife and Age of Youngest Child
    Wife employed full=time - no children
    Wife employed part-time - no children
    Wife not employed - no children
    Wife employed full-time - youngest child under 18
    Wife employed part-time - youngest child under ls
    Wife not employed - youngest child under 18
    All classes of employment - youngest child 18 or older
    11a. by Age and sex
    Age of male unattached individuals
        All classes
        Under 45 years
        45-64 years
        65 years and over
    Age of female unattached individuals
        All classes
        Under 45 years
        45-64 years
        65 years and over
```

```
FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA
        DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES
            17 CIIIES, 1984
Table Column class Descriptions - Concluded
    NO.
    15a. by Age of Head
        All classes
        Under 25 years
        25-34 years
        35-44 years
        45-54 years
        55-64 years
        6 5 \text { years and over}
        65-69 years
        70 years and over
    16a. by Age of Head
        All classes
        Under 25 Years
        25-34 years
        35-44 years
        45-54 years
        55-64 years
        65 years and over
    17a. by Age of Husband
        All Classes
        Under 25 years
        25-34 years
        35-44 Years
        45-54 Years
        55-64 years
    65 years and over
18a. by Family Iffe Cycle
    Unattached individuals:
        under 45 years
        45-64 years
        6 5 \text { years and over}
    Married couples only, husband under 45 years:
        No children
        With some children under 16 years:
            1 or more 0-4 years
            None 0-4 years
    Married couples only, husband 45-64 years:
        No children
        With some children under 16 years
    Married couples only, husband 65 years and over
    other Iamilies not Iisted above
```

DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL TABLE CONTENTS

Family Characteristics stub Descriptions

4000 4001 4002 4003 4004 4010 4011 4020 4021 4022 4024 4040 4041 4051 4052 4053 4060 4070 :071 4072-4077

$$
4131
$$

Family characteristics
Number of families in sample
Estimated number of families
Number of weekly records
Weighted number of weekly records
Weighted number of income stated records Average:

Family size
Number of persons at home
Number of children under 5 years
Number of children 5 to 15 years
Number of adults 16 to 64 years
Number of adults 65 years \& over
Number of part-time aarners
Number of fuli-time earners
Age of head (excluded in married couple tables)
Age of husband (included in married couple tables only)
Age of wife (included in married couple tables only)
Income before taxes
Meals served to guests
Meals served to boarders domestics
Meals received free or reimbursed

## Percentage:

Homeowners
With children under 5 years
With children 5 to 15 years
With adults 16 to 64 years
With adults 65 years over
Married couple family (excluded in married couple tables)
With wife employed full-time
With husband employed full-time
With age of husband: (included in married couple tables only)
Under 35 years
35 to 44 years
45 to 64 years
65 years or older
With age of head: (excluded in married couple tables)
Under 35 years 35 to 44 years
45 to 64 years
65 years or older
With male head
FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADADETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES17 CITIES, 1984
DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL TABLE CONTENTS
Detailed Expenditures \& Quantities Stub Descriptions
1000-1092 1000-1050 1000-1007 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006-1007 1006 1007 1010-1015
1010 1011 1012 1012 1013
Food purchased from stores local \& day trip
Meat
Meat
Fresh or frozen peat (ex. poultry)
Beel
Hip cuts (ex. shank cuts) kg
Loin cuts $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
Rib cuts $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
Chuck cuts (ex. shank cuts) kg
stewing beef kg
Ground beef (incl. patties) kg
other beef (incl. shank cuts)
Carcasses primal portions kg
All other (incl. brisket, shank) kg
Pork
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Leg euts (ex. hocks) } & \mathrm{kg} \\ \text { Loin cuts } & \mathrm{kg}\end{array}$
Belly cuts $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
Shoulder cuts (ex. hocks) kg
other pork (incl. hooks)
Carcasses primal portions kg
All other (incl. hocks) kg
other Eresh or frozen meat
Vealkg
Lamb mutton ..... kg
Offal from mammals
Liver ..... $k g$
other offal ..... $k g$
othar meat (ex. poultry) ..... kg
Fresh or frozen poultry meat
Chicken (incl. fowl) ..... kg
Turkey ..... kg
other mest ..... kg
cured meat
gacon ..... kg
Ham (ex. cooked ham) ..... kg
kg
Other cured meat ..... kg
1080-1086 Meat preparations \& cooked meat (ex. canned) Uncooked sausage ..... kg
1081 Bologna ..... kg1082
108310841085
1085
Wieners ..... kg
other cooked/cured sausage ..... kg
cooked (boiled) ham ..... kg
other meat preparations ..... $k g$ ..... kg

FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES

17 CITIES, 1984
Datailed Expenditures \& Quantities Stub Descriptions - Cont'd

| 1090-1092 |
| :---: |
| 1091 |
| 1092 |
| 1100-1150 |
| 1100-1132 |
| 1100-1107 |
| 1100 |
| 1101 |
| 1102 |
| 1105 |
| 1106 |
| 1107 |
| 1110 |
| 1120 |
| 1130-1132 |
| 1130 |
| 1131 |
| 1132 |
| 1:40-1150 |
| 1240-1141 |
| 1140 |
| 1141 |
| 1150 |
| 1160-1180 |
| 1160-1177 |
| 1160 |
| 1161 |
| 1162 |
| 1163 |
| 1165 |
| 1166 |
| 1167-1171 |
| 1167 |
| 1168 |
| 1169 |
| 1170 |
| 1171 |
| 1173 |
| 1174 |
| 1175 |
| 1176 |
| 1177 |
| 1180 |
| 1190-1217 |
| 1190-1197 |
| 1190 |
| 1191 |

1090 1091 1092 1100-1150 1100-1132 1100 1101 1102 1105 1106 1110 1120 1130-1132

1130
1131
1:40-1150
1240-1141
1140
1141
1160-1180
1160
1161
1162
1165
1166
1167
1168
170
1171
117
1174
1176
1177
1180
1190-1197
1190
1191

Canned meat \& meat preparations
Haus stews
kg
Meat stews kg
other canned meat \& meat preparations kg
Fish and other marine products
Fish
Eresh or frozen Elsh (ex. portions)
cod
kg
Flounder sole kg
Haddock kg
Salmon 1 kgg
Other sea $11 \mathrm{sh}^{1} \mathrm{~kg}$
Freshwater fish kg
Pre-cooked frozen fish portions kg
Cured Eish jeg
Canned ilsh
Salmon kg
Tuna kg
Other canred itsh kg
other marine products
Shellfish
Shrimps prawns kg
other shellifsh kg
All other marine products kg
Dairy products \& ggs
Dairy products
Cream (ex. sour cream) 1
Fluid whole 피lk
Low-fat milk (2t)
Fluid skim milk
Yogurt
Butter
Cheese
cheese
Grated cheese jeg
Process cheese kg
Cottage cheese kg
other chaese kg
Skim milk powder kg
Condensed or evaporated milk
Ice cream \& lce milk
Ice cream or ice milk novelties
other dairy products Eggs
Bakery other cereal products Bakery products (ex. frozen) Bread
Unsweetened rolls \& buns

## FAMIIY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAIIED STATISTICAL TABLES <br> 17 CITIES, 1984

Detailed Expenditures \& Quatities stub Descriptions - Cont'd

1192 1193 1194 1195 1196 1197 1200-1202 1200 1201 1202 1210-1217 1210 1211-1212

1214
1215
1216
1217
1220-1292
1220-1287
1220-1234
1220
1221
1223
1224
1225
1226
1227
1228
1229
1230
1231
1233
1234
1240-1287
1240-1241
1250-1254
1251
1254
1260-1263
1260
1261
1262
1263
1270-1271
1270
1271
1280-1287
1281
1283
crackers \& crisp breads
cookies \& sweet biscuits Doughnuts
Yeast-raised sweet goods
Dessert pies, cakes other pastries
other bakery products
pasta products
canned pasta products
Dry or ixesh pasta
Pasta mixes
(ereal oroducts
Rice (incl. mixes)
Elour $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
other grains, unmilled or milled ${ }^{2}$ kg
Breakfast cereal kg
Cake other flour-based mixes kg
other cereal products kg
Fruit \& nuts
Fruit
Fresh Iruit
Apples $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
Bañanas plantains kg
Grapefruit no
Grapes
Lemons \& limes kg
Meions no
Oranges \& other citrus fruit kg
Peaches \& nectarines kg

## Peazs

Plums
Other troplcal eruit $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
Strawberries
Othar Eresh Eruit ${ }^{3}$
preparations
Dried or other preserved frutt
Raisins
Other dried/pres'd iruit (ex. canned) ${ }^{4} \mathrm{~kg}$
Fruit juice (ex. concentrated)
Apple juice
Grapeffuit juice 1
Orange tuice
Other f゙上uit julce 1
Concentrated fituit juice
Orange juice
other fituit juice 1
canned fruit fsuit preparations
paaches
Pineapol
kg
kg
doz
kg
kg
kg
1
g

## $g$ $g$ kg

FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES 17 CITIES, 1984
Detailed Expenditures Quantities Stub Descriptions - Cont'd

1284
1285
1286
1287
1290-1292
1290
1291
1292
1300-1361 1300-1320

1300
1301
1303
2304
1305
1306
1307
1308
1309
1310
1311
1312
1313
1214
1315
1316
1317
1318
1319
1320
$1330-1361$
1330-1334
1331
1332
1333
1334
1340
1350-1361
1350
1351
1352
1355
1356
1357
1358
1359
1360
1361

```
```

                Mixed Eruit
    ```
```

                Mixed Eruit
                Other canmed Eruit5
                Other canmed Eruit5
                Jam, jelly other preserves l
                Jam, jelly other preserves l
                Fruit pie fillings
                Fruit pie fillings
    Nuts
    Nuts
        Unshelled nuts
        Unshelled nuts
        Shelled peanuts
        Shelled peanuts
        kg
        kg
        -.lolololol
        -.lolololol
        Other shelled nuts kg
        Other shelled nuts kg
    Vegetables
Vegetables
Fresh vegetables
Fresh vegetables
Green or wax beans kg
Green or wax beans kg
Broccoli kg
Broccoli kg
Cabbage kg
Cabbage kg
Carrots kg
Carrots kg
Cauliflower no
Cauliflower no
Celery no
Celery no
Corn no
Corn no
Cucumbers no
Cucumbers no
Lettuce no
Lettuce no
Mushrooms kg
Mushrooms kg
Onions kg
Onions kg
Peppers
Peppers
Potatoes kg
Potatoes kg
Radishes kg
Radishes kg
Splnach kg
Splnach kg
Tomatoes kg
Tomatoes kg
Turn1ps \& rutabagas kg
Turn1ps \& rutabagas kg
Other seed gourd vegetables kg
Other seed gourd vegetables kg
Other root vegetables }
Other root vegetables }
Other leal stalk vegetables}\mp@subsup{}{}{6
Other leal stalk vegetables}\mp@subsup{}{}{6
other vegetables \& vegetable preparttions
other vegetables \& vegetable preparttions
Frozen vegetables
Frozen vegetables
Corn
Corn
Corn (lacs kg
Corn (lacs kg
Potato products 7 kg
Potato products 7 kg
Other Erozen vegetables}\mp@subsup{}{}{7
Other Erozen vegetables}\mp@subsup{}{}{7
Drled vegetables kg
Drled vegetables kg
Canned vegetables \& vegetable preparations
Canned vegetables \& vegetable preparations
Greer or wax beans
Greer or wax beans
Baked beans
Baked beans1
Other beans l
Other beans l
Mushrooms \& truleles I
Mushrooms \& truleles I
Peas I
Peas I
Tomatoes (incl. paste)
Tomatoes (incl. paste)
other canned vegetables}\mp@subsup{}{}{8
other canned vegetables}\mp@subsup{}{}{8
Tomato julca
Tomato julca
Other canned vegetable juice

```
            Other canned vegetable juice
```

Nuts
Unshelled nuts kg
Shelled peanuts kg
Vegetables
Fresh vegetables
Green or wax beans kg
kg
Carrots kg
Corn - no
cucumbers no no
Mushrooms kg
Pions $\quad \mathrm{kg}$
Potatoes kg
splnach
Tomatoes kg
Other seed gourd vegetables kg
other root vegetables kg kg
Other vegetables \& vegetable preparations
Frozen vegetables
Corn
g
Peas kg
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Potato products } & \mathrm{kg} \\ \text { other frozen vegetables }\end{array}$
Dried vegetables kg
canned vegetables vegetable preparations
Green or wax beans
Other beans
corn
1
Mushroom \& truisies I
peas
Tomatoes (incl. paste)
Tomato juica
other canned vegetable juice
ther canred vegetable fulce kg

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```

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g

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FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA
DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES
17 CITIES, 2984
Detailed Expenditures \& Quantities stub Descriptions - Cont'd
\(1370-1376\)
1370
1372
1373
1374
1375
1376
\(1380-1395\)
\(1380-1381\)
1380
1382
\(1390=1395\)
1390
1391
1392
1393
1394
1395
\(1410=1420\)
\(1410=1411\)
1410
1411
1420
\(1430-1433\)
1430
1431
1432
1433


FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAIEED STATISTICAL TABLES 17 CITIES, 1984

Detailed Expenditures \(E\) Quantities stub Descriptions - Cont'd
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 1487 & Jelly powders & kg \\
\hline 1488 & Prepared dessert powders & kg \\
\hline 1489 & Potato chips \& similar products & kg \\
\hline 1490 & Food drink powders & kg \\
\hline 1491 & Canned puddings \& custards & 1 \\
\hline 1492 & All other lood preparations \({ }^{10}\) & kg \\
\hline 1500-1502 & Non-alcoholic beverages & \\
\hline 1500 & Carbonated beverages & 1 \\
\hline 1501 & Fruit drinks & 1 \\
\hline 1502 & other non-alcoholic beverages & 1 \\
\hline 1000-1520 & Food purchased irom stores & \\
\hline 1000-1502 & Locally \(\%\) on day trips & \\
\hline 1520 & on trips overnight or longer & \\
\hline 1550-1566 & Food purchased irom restaurants & \\
\hline 1550-1551 & Breaktasts & meal \\
\hline 1550 & Locally 6 on day trips & meal \\
\hline 1551 & On trips overnight or longer & meal \\
\hline 1555-1556 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1555 & Locally \& on day trips & meal \\
\hline 1556 & On trips overnight or longer & meal \\
\hline 1560-1561 & Dinners & meal \\
\hline 1560 & Locally \(\%\) on day trips & meal \\
\hline 1561 & On trips overnight or longer & meal \\
\hline 1565-1566 & Between meals food & \\
\hline 1565 & Locally on day trips & \\
\hline 1566 & on trips overnight or longer & \\
\hline 1000-1566 & Total food expenditure & \\
\hline & Food purchased from restaurants & \\
\hline 1600-1623 & Purchased while at home f away from home & \\
\hline 1600-1603 & Table-service & meal \\
\hline 1600 & Breakfasts & meal \\
\hline 1601 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1602 & Dinnezs & meal \\
\hline 1603 & Between-meals food & \\
\hline 1605-1608 & Eat-in or drive-in fast food & meal \\
\hline 1605 & Breakfasts & meal \\
\hline 1606 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1607 & Dinners & meal \\
\hline 1608 & Between-meals Iood & \\
\hline 1610-1613 & Take-out or delivery iast food & meal \\
\hline 1610 & Breakfasts & meal \\
\hline 1611 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1612 & Dinners & meal \\
\hline 1613 & Between-meals food & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

    FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA
        DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES
            I7 CITIES, 1984
    Detailed Expenditures \& Quantities Stub Descriptions = Cont'd
17 CITIES, 1984
Detailed Expenaltures \& Quantities Stub Descriptions = cont'd

```

1615-1618
1615 1616 1617 1618

1625-1648 1625-1628

1625 1626 1627 1628
1630-1633 1630 1631 1632
1633
1635-1638 1635 1636 1637 1638
1540-1643 1640 1641 1642 1643 1645-1648 1645 1646 1647 1648
1650-1673
1650-1653
    1650
    1651
    1652
    1653
1655-1658
    2655
    1656
    1657
    1658
\(1615-1618\)
1615
1616
1617
1618
\(1620-1623\)
1620
1621
1622
1623
\(1625-1648\)
\(1625-1628\)
1625
1626
1627
1628
\(1630-1633\)
1630
1631
1632
1633
\(1635-1638\)
1635
1636
1637
1638
\(1640-1643\)
1640
1641
1642
1643
\(1645-1648\)
1645
1646
1647
1648
16565
1658
\(1650-1673\)
\(1650-1653\)
1650
1651
1652
1653
\(1655-1658\)
1655


Breakfasts
Lunches
Between-meals food
rer restaurants
Breakfasts
Lunches
Between-meals food
Food purchased Irom restaurants
purchased locally and on day trips
Breakiasts
Lunches
Dinners
eveen-meals 1000
Or drive-1r fast
Lunches
Dinners
treen-meals 5000
Breakfasts
Lunches
Dimsers
(weals food
Breakfasts
Lunches
Dinners
ecween-meals food

Lunches
Between-meals food
Food purchased irom restaurants
purchased on trips overnight or longer

Dinners
Between-meals sood
Breakfasts meal
Dinners
Betweer-meals food
meal
meal
meal
meal
meal
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meal

FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES

17 CITIES, 1984
Detailed Expenditures \& Quantities stub Descriptions - Concluded
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 1660-1663 & Take-out or delivery last rood & meal \\
\hline 1660 & Breakiasts & meal \\
\hline 1661 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1662 & Dinners & meal \\
\hline 1663 & Between-meals food & \\
\hline 1665-1668 & Cafeteria & meal \\
\hline 1665 & Breakfasts & meal \\
\hline 1666 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1667 & Dinners & meal \\
\hline 1668 & Between-meals lood & \\
\hline 1670-1673 & Other restaurants & meal \\
\hline 1670 & Breaktasts & meal \\
\hline 1671 & Lunches & meal \\
\hline 1672 & Dinners & meal \\
\hline 1673 & Between-meals rood & \\
\hline 3800-3815 & Home produced and gifts of lood & \\
\hline & Major sources of income & \\
\hline 4225 & Wages \& salaries & \\
\hline 4226 & Income from self-employment & \\
\hline 4227 & Investment income & \\
\hline 4228 & Government transffer payments & \\
\hline 4229 & Miscellaneous & \\
\hline 4230 & Not stated or all sources equal zero & \\
\hline 5030 & Person-nights away (diary) & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

Comparability 1982-1984:
1}\mathrm{ Item numbers 1103 + 1104 + 1106 1n 1982.
Item numbers 1213 + 1214 in 1982.
Item numbers 1222 + 1232 + 1234 in 1982.
Item numbers 1250 + 1252 + 1253 in 1982.
5 Item numbers 1280 + 1282 + 1285 in 1982.
7 Item numbers 1302 + 1320 in 1982.
Item numbers 1330 + 1334 in 1982.
Item numbers 1353 + 1354 + 1359 in 1982.
10 Item numbers 1371 + I375 1n 1982.

```

\section*{FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES \\ 17 CITIES, 1984}

DESCRIPTION OF STATISTICAL TABLE CONTENTS

Summary Expenditures Stub Description
```

Average weekly dollar expenditure per family
1000-1566 Total food expenditure
1000-1520 Food purchased irom stores
Average weekly dollar expenditure per person
Total food expenditure
Food purchased from stores
Locally \& on day trips
Meat
Fish other marine products
Daify products eggs
Bakery \& other cereal products
Fruit nuts
Vegetables
Condiments, spices \& vinegar
Sugar \& sugar preparations
Colfee \& tea
Fats \& 011s
Other foods, food materials \& preparations
Non-alcoholic beverages
On trips overnight or longer
Food purchased from restaurants

```
1000-1502
1000-1092
1100-1150
1160-1180
1190-1217
1220-1292
1300-1361
1370-1376
1380-1395
1410-1420
1430-1433
1440-1492
1500-1502
1520
1550-1566
1000-1566
1000-1520
1000-1502
1000-1092
1100-1150
1160-1180
1190-1217
1220-1292
1300-1361
1370-1376
1380-1395
1410-1420
1430-1433
1440-1492
1500-1502
    1520
1550-1566
```

        FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA
        DETAILED STATISTICAL TABIES
            17 CITIES, }198
    Sumary Expenditures Stub Descriptions - Concluded
Percentage distribution of family food dollar
1000-1566
1000-1520
1000-1502
1000-1092
1100-1150
1160-1180
1190-1217
1220-1292
1300-1361
1370-1276
1380-1395
1410-1420
1430-1433
1440-1492
1500-1502
1520
1550-1566
Total food expenditure
Food purchased Erom stores
Locally f on day trips
Meat
Fish other marine products
Dairy products \& eggs
Bakery other cereal products
Fruit \& nuts
Vegetables
Condiments, spices vinegar
Sugar \& sugar preparations
Coffee \& tea
Fats olls
Other foods, food materials \& preparations
Non-alcoholic beverages
On trips overnight or longer
Food purchased irom restaurants

```

The Food Expenditure Survey in 1984 was carried out ip the 17 major regional cities for which separate CPI's are published.

As in previous programs the sample fo5 the 1984 survey was selected from the Labour Force Survey sampling frame. 12 The selection of the sample comprised two main steps: the selection of clusters from predetermined Labour Force Survey rotation groups within each city and the selection of dwallings within these selected clusters.

The sample was drawn for the whole year and then divided into monthly subsamples to evenly distribute data collection over the entire 1984 calendar year. The city boundaries were defined according to the 1971 Census definitions: Charlottetown and Summerside as Census Agglomerations, Ottawa as the ontario part of the ottawa-Hull Census Metropolitan Area and the other cities as Census Metropolitan Areas.

People living on Indian reserves and families of official representatives of foreign countries living in canada wera excluded from the survey. Members of religious and other communal colonies were excluded, as were people living full time in institutions, for example, inmates of penal institutions and chronic care patients living in hospitals and nursing homes. Data were not gathered Irom people temporarily living away from their families (for example, students at university), because data on such people would theoretically have been gathered from their families. In this way, double counting of such individuals was avoided.

Sample Response

The overall resporse rate was \(83.2 \%\).

11 Two of the cities - Charlottetown and Summerside - form a single Murban centre".
12 A detailed description of the Labour Force Survey sampling fram can be found in the Methodology of the Canadian Labour Force Survey, 1976. Statistics Canada, Catalogue 71-526.

\section*{FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAI TABLES 17 CITIES. 1984}

\section*{NOTES AND DEFINITIONS}

Item numbers: The statistical tables in this series include four digit codes for each category of expenditure or characteristic shown in the stub. Where two or more basic classes have been aggregated (as in the summary tables and in various levels of subtotals in the detail), the content of these aggregates is defined by the item code range shown.

Average per family: Averages are based on the total sample. That is, on both families that reported buying an item and those that did not. (See the Technical notes on how to use this data.)

\section*{Family and Family Characteristics}

Family and unattached individuals: Terms applied to spending units, that is, a group of people living in the same dwelling who depend on a common or pooled income for major expenses or one financially independent individual living alone. Never-married sons or daughters living with their parents are always considered as part of their parent's spending unit.

Roomer familes who pald board in either of the two diary weeks were excluded from the tables.

Age: Age at time of interview.
Adult: Any member aged 16 or over.
Child: Any member aged less than 16.
Family size: The number of persons who were family members at the time of the interview.

Family type: The number of adults and children in the family.
Persons at home: The number of persons in the family adjusted for the number of nights any members spent away from home overnight or longer during the survey weeks.

Full-time earner: Any person employed for 49 weeks or more during the preceding 12 months, of which 25 weeks or more were on a full-week basis.

Part-time earner: Any person employed during the preceding 12 months other than as a full-time earner.

\section*{FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES \\ 17 CIIIES, 1984}

Head: The member of the family mainly responsible for tis financial maintenance. In most instances, the head is the reference person listed on the questionnaire. In families of married couples where the reference person's income was low and the spouse's income considerably higher, the spouse of the reference person was designated the head. Where all people share equally in inancial maintenance, any member may be designated the head.

Husband/Wife: The male or female partner where one of the married couple is the head of the spending unit.

Employment status of wife: Employed full-time or part-time or did not work in the preceding 12 months. (See definitions of full-time and part-time earner.)

Homeowners: Families living in a dweliing owned (with or without mortgage) by member of the spending unit at the time of the survey.

\section*{Family Composition Categories:}

Unattached individuals: One person spending units.
Married couple families: Families in which the spouse of the head was a member at the time of the interview.

Married couple only: only the head and spouse are members.
Married couple with single children only: Families composed only of the married couple and their never-married sons or daughters.

Other married couple families with relatives only: Families headed by a married couple, with at least one related person other than never-married sons or daughters but with no persons unrelated to the head.

Married couple families with at least one non-relative: This subcategory of married couple families was not shown in the family composition table because of a small sample size.

Note that the married couple tables exclude those families with persons other than the married couple and thelr never-married children.

Lone parent family: Families composed only of one parent and his or her never-married children.

Other spending units with relatives only: Famllies which are not headed by a married couple and which include only persons who are related to the head.

Other spending units: Families which are not headed by a married couple and which include at least one person who is not related to the head.

Income
Family income before taxes: Income before taxes includes total family Income for the preceding 12 months from the following sources: gross income from wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, receipts from military pay and allowances, gross receipts irom roomers and boarders, net rentals, family allowances, interest and dividends, all pensions, workers' compensation and unemployment insurance beneitis, social assistance and income supplements, child tax credits and miscellaneous regular income receipts. Since the survey was phased in monthly samples throughout 1984, incomes refer to varying periods ranging from approximately the calendar year 1983 for the January 1984 sample, to the calendar year 1984 for the December 1984 sample. As noted previously, not all familes completing diaries cooperated in providing income information, thus income averages in the tables are based only on those families reporting income information. (see technical notes on combining columns of data for the stub item "Income before taxes".)

Family income quintiles: Grouping obtained by ranking records for ach month in ascending order of total iamily income and partitioning the records into five groups such that the weighted number of records in each group was the same. Separate quintiles were formed for all families and unattached individuals and for families of two or more. The upper iimits of the quintiles thus formed are not necessarily the same for these two groups of families, nor for alternative groupings of families.

Family income deciles: A similar process as above was used, except records were partitioned into ten equal groups.

Use of Income Data from the Food Expenditure Survey
The diary survey is primarily designed to collect information on family food expenditures. Income information collected in this survey serves only as a classification tool and is not intended to stand independently. Users interested in official income statistics should refer to the statistics canada publication "Income Distributions by Size in Canada", catalogue number 13-207.

Althcugh the income information from the diary survey is not appropriate for estimating family income levels for the 1984 calendar year, the use of income quintiles and deciles in this report places families in an appropriate income category relative to other families in a particular month.

\section*{FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA detailed statistical tables \\ 17 CITIES, 1984}

\section*{Classification of Food Purchases}

Food expenditures made locally and on day trips: These were reported by families in the weekly diaries. These included food purchased from stores, and meals and snacks purchased from restaurants.

Food expenditures while away from home overnight or longer: These included meals and snacks purchased from restaurants, and food purchased from stores. Weekly expenditure estimates were derived from the monthiy data collected on the schedule. During the initial interview, the respondent recalled food expenditures made while away from home overnight or longer during the previous calendar month.

Food purchased from stores reported on the diary was coded to 216 elementary commodity groups. Information on type of store from which any food ftem was purchased was also collected on the diary.

Food purchased from stores whil away from home overnight or longer was reported on the schedule and as a total amount only.

Food purchased from restaurants: For both purchases while away from home overnight or longer and purchases locally and on day trips, food purchased from restaurants was classified by meal-type: breakiasts, lunches, dinners, between-meals food. Information on type of restaurant was also collected.

Table service restaurant: Restaurants which take orders for and serve food and/or beverages at table or eating counter. Tipping or service charges are often associated with this type of restaurant. If taverns, bars, pubs or lounges provide "table service", expenditures in these establishments were to be included in this category. Note that this category was indicated even if the purchases were taken out or delivered.

Fast food restaurant: Restaurants other than table service where food and beverages are ordered and received in a minimum of time. The menu tends to be limited and tipping is not a practice. These restaurants usually specialize in foods such as hamburgers, pizza, chinese food, fried chicken, BBQ ribs, submarine sandwiches, ice creari, etc.

Eat in or drive in: This type of fast food restaurant provides a sit down eating area and/or a parking area for in-car consumption. This category was to be indicated even though the purchase was consumed off the premises.

\section*{FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA \\ DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES \\ 17 CITIES, 1984}

Take-out or delivery: This type of restaurant normally does not provide any eating area, inside or out.

Cafeteria: This is a private or public self-serve eating place where a tray is provided on which to carry food items selected to a cashier. A sit-down eating area is provided and a limited hot rood menu typically varies from day to day. The hours of operation are normally linked to those of an associated enterprise or institution such as a school, factory, ofilce buildings, hospital, shopping centre or department store.
other: Refreshment stands, snack bars, vending machines, mobile canteens, chip wagons, caterers, coffee wagons, etc.

A refreshment stand or snack bar is different from a fast food restaurant in that a sit-down or drive-in eating area is normaliy not provided although purchases are usually made for consumption in the vicinity. This service is generally provided in conjunction with other facilities or events such as shopping malls, supermarkets, theatres, exhibitions, sports events, parks, etc.
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FAMIIY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA
DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES
17 CITIES, 1984

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TECHNICAL NOTES

Accurately interpreting the expenditure data presented depends on understanding certain concepts used in the Food Expenditure Survey. Users are strongly advised to refer to this section before doing their own analyses of the data.

Weighted Number of Weekly Records
These totals are aggregations of data used in the weighting of records in each class.

How to Combine Columns of Data Within a Table
By combining colums of data within a tabla using the lollowing technique, the user can obtain averages of combined groups for any item except income before taxes".

Columns are combined by using data on the weighted number of weekly records to form the weighted average of the values in the columns.

An average for a combined group is calculatad as follows:
1) Multiply the weighted number of weekly records by the average for an item lor each of the columns being combined.
2) Sum the results.
3) Then divide this total by the sum of the weighted number of weekiy records.
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Combining Columns of Data for Income Before Taxes (Item No. 4060)

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Not all respondents completing diaries cooperated in providing family income information. The "income before taxes" item included in the family characterlstics section of the tables is based only on those records reporting income data. Therefore, in order to combine columns of data to obtain averages for "income before taxes", the weighted number of income stated records (Item No. 4004 ) must be used, as per the calculation in Combining Columns of Data With a Table.

How to Calculate Expenditure per Person
The user should estimate expenditure per person on an item or group of items by dividing the estimate of expenditure by the family size given in the same columa.
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FAMILY FOOD EXPENDITURE IN CANADA DETAILED STATISTICAL TABLES
17 CITIES, 1984

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How to Use Data on Percentage Reporting a Purchase
Expenditure data given in the statistical tables are estimates based on the total sample, that is, on both families that reported buying an item and those that did not. Data on percentage reporting a purchase are provided in most tables so that users can derive estimates of both the number of familles reporting a purchase and the average expenditure of families that reported buying an item.

The user can estimate the number of famliles reporting a purchase simply by multiplying the given estimated number of tamilies in a colum by the percentage of lamilies reporting a purchase (divided by 100). To estimate the average expenditure of families reporting a purchase, the user must divide average expenditure per family by the percentage of lamilies reporting a purchase (multiplied by 100).

A caution should be used in interpreting the percentage reporting data. Since the time frame for the diary survey is a weekly purchasing period, it cannot be sssumed that those persons not reporting a purchase never buy the product.

How to Use Data on the Sample Size
When comparing groups or columns of data within a table, the user must conslder the sample sizes involved. Apparent differences between groups of data must be weighed against the sampling errors associated with sample size. Information on the extent of the sampling error for particular items is presented in the table on standard error in catalogue publication no. 62-554.

For ftems not shown in the table on standard error, the user may use data on sample size and percentage reporting as a guide to reliability. Studies of the survey data have shown that the coefficient of variation for a specific item is closely related to the number of families reporting its purchase. In particular, the rollowing average relationship has been determined:

Number of records in sample
coefficient of variation reporting a purchase
(percentage)
\begin{tabular}{ll}
15 & 90 \\
20 & 65 \\
30 & 30 \\
40 & 15
\end{tabular}

13 The coefficient of variation is the standard error for the item divided by its average value. This can, as in the above table, be shown as a percentage.

Data on average expenditure and percentage reporting have therefore been suppressed in the tables for items reported on fewer than 30 weekly records. However, data on suppressed items are retained as components of more reliable, higher aggregates.

The number of lamilies reporting a purchase in a particular column can be estimated from the product of number of families in the sample for the particular column and the percentage of lamilies reporting a purchase of the itam (divided by 100).

17 CITIES, 1984
AVAILABIIITY OF UNPUBLISHED DATA

Detailed Tables
A series of detailed tables on microfiche is also available showing 1982 survey data covering the ten provinces as well as covering the 17 city universe shown in this report.

Microfiche and hard copy versions can be purchased directly from the Family Expenditure Survey. Household Surveys Division, Statistics Canada or through a statistics canada reference centre.

Special Tabulations
Special tabulations can be produced to your specilications on a contract basis. Enquiries should be directed to the Family Expenditure Survey.

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