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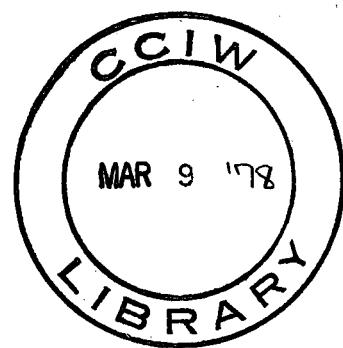
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A COMPUTER ROUTINE FOR DATA REDUCTION  
OF A STORM EVENT RECORD  
PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION  
(IN CDC 3170 LANGUAGE)  
by  
H.Y.F. Ng

**UNPUBLISHED REPORT  
RAPPORT NON PUBLIE**

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PROGRAM DOCUMENTATION  
(IN CDC 3170 LANGUAGE)  
by  
H.Y.F. Ng

Hydraulics Section  
Hydraulics Research Division  
Canada Centre for Inland Waters  
Burlington, Ontario  
December 1977

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## 1. PURPOSE

To handle data reduction and produce suitable data format for urban runoff studies.

## 2. DESCRIPTION

This routine is written primarily for data reduction of storm events recorded in 1976 and 1977 on the Malvern Test Catchment in Burlington, Ontario.

This routine reads magnetic tape containing records of a tipping bucket raingauge and the height of water level over a measuring weir. The routine converts the number of raingauge tips into rainfall intensity, and the height of water level to runoff flow rate by using an experimental rating curve. The output is a plot of hyetograph and hydrograph on the same time axis. Associated values can also be punched on IBM computer cards or written on magnetic tape. The tipping bucket and the measuring weir head records from a strip chart recorder are required to be digitized by a digitizer and stored on a magnetic tape. The digitizer is a HP Model 9107A Digitization system.

The routine automatically discretized precipitation data into one minute intervals. The discretization of runoff flow records depends on the user's choice.

Values of rating curve for conversion of the weir head into the flow rate are stored in the routine's main program.

### 3. ROUTINE FUNCTION

Precipitation and runoff data are recorded on the same strip chart recorder. These data are digitized using CCIW HP Model 9107A Digitization System. A program is written to use the system. The procedures for the use of the program are given under the INSTRUCTION section. The system stores the digitized values onto a magnetic tape.

Upon entering the computer routine, the main program HYGRAP will generate 100 water level values of the weir rating curve. The 100 water level values correspond to the 100 discharge values of a weir rating curve calibrated from laboratory.

These weir rating curve values along with the water level values return from Subroutine RUNOFF are used by the main program to determine the runoff flow rate.

The Subroutine PRECIP is called to process digitized rainfall data. The process includes sorting and arranging at time when tipping bucket occurred. Results are converted into precipitation intensity and written on a temporary disc file for a plot routine to plot out.

The Subroutine RUNOFF is called to process digitized runoff data. The process is to decode the coordinates of water level and time digitized from the strip chart record. The decoded ordinate of water level is the actual weir head, and the decoded abscissa is the length unit of time. This length unit is then converted into clock hour time. Results are written onto a temporary disc file, and control is returned to the main program to determine flow rate.

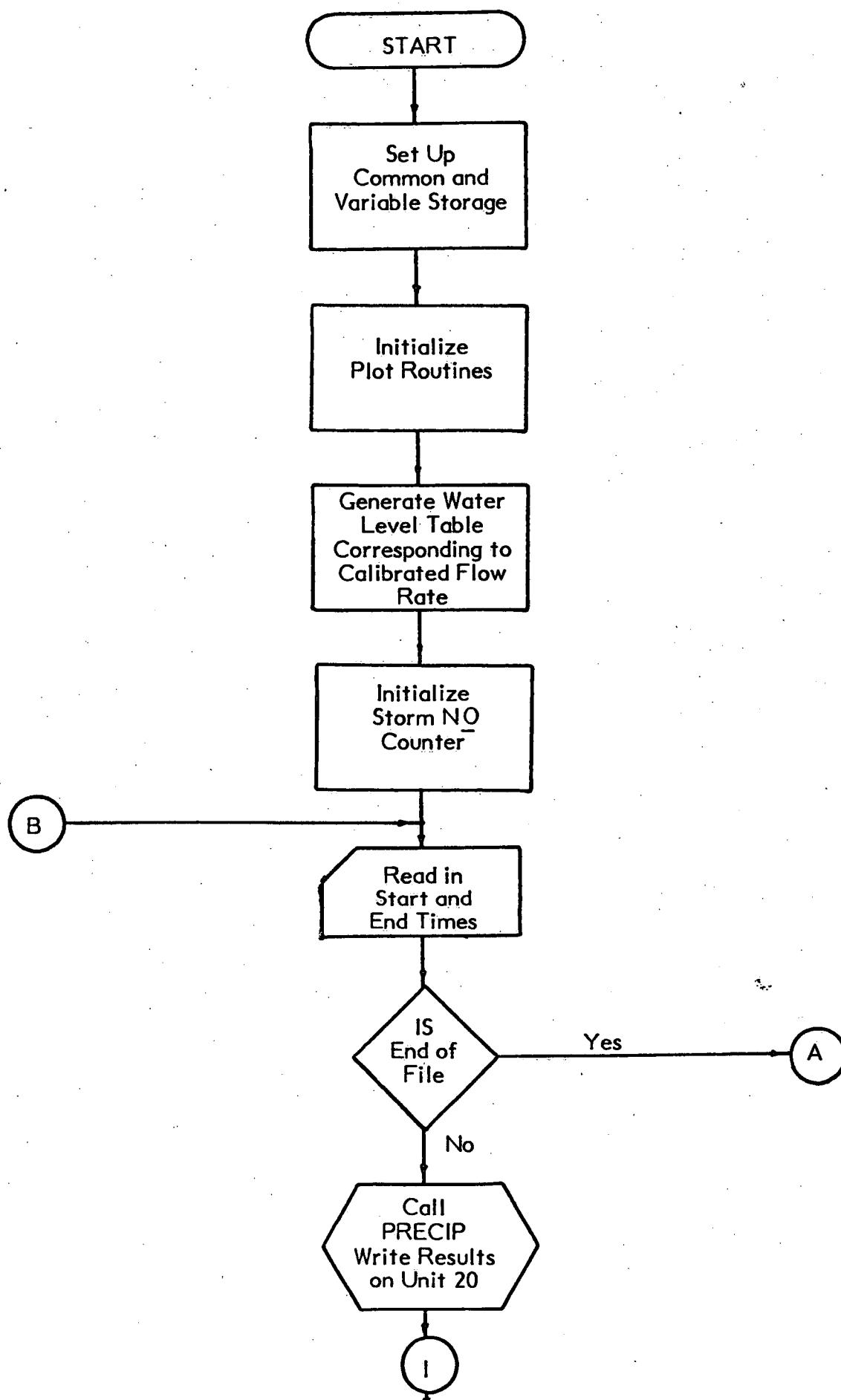
The Subroutine TPLOT is called to plot out the determined flow rate on a X-Y graph. Where Y is the ordinate of flow rate and X is the abscissa of time.

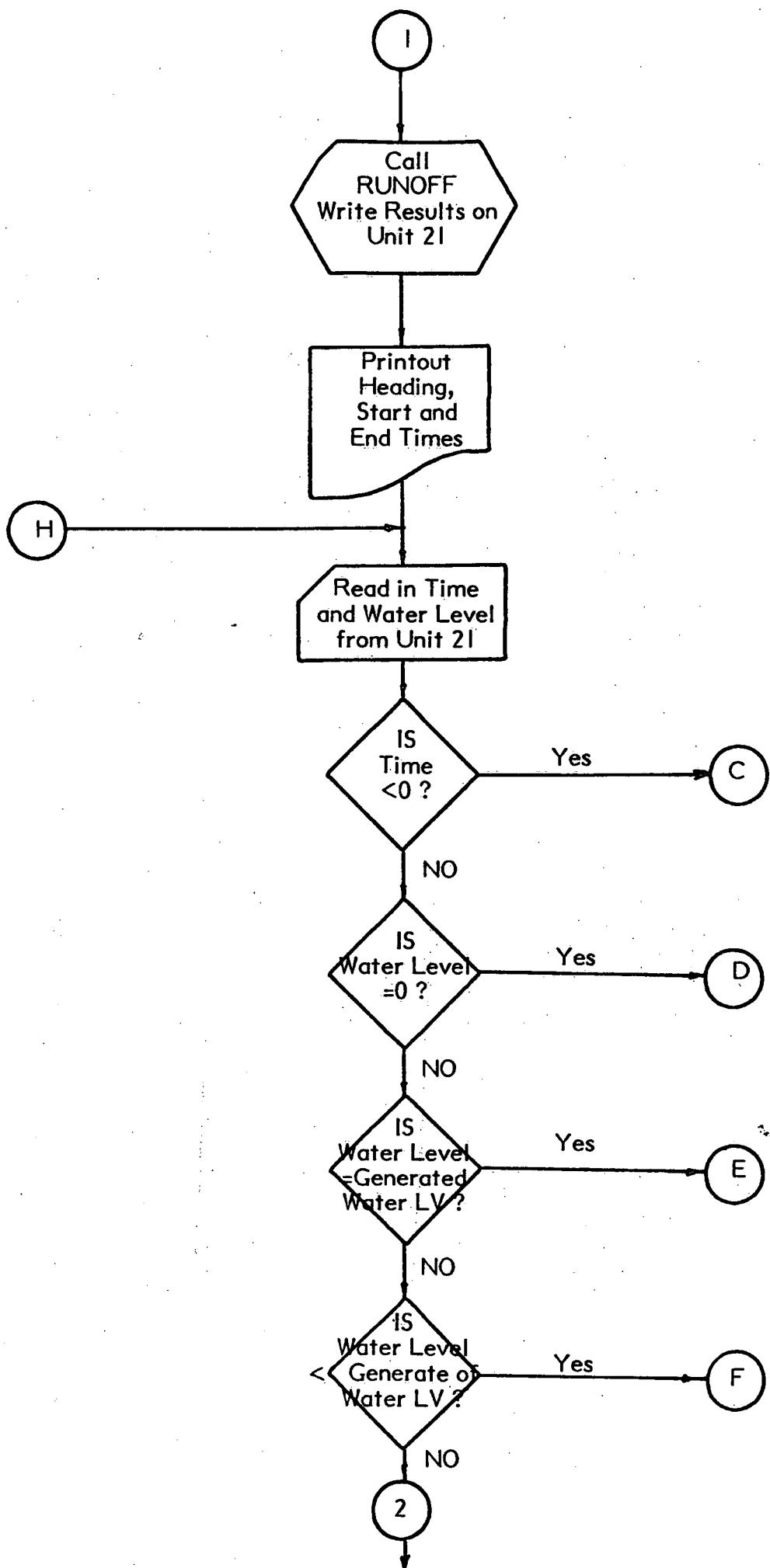
The HOURAXIS is called to draw the timescale on X axis.

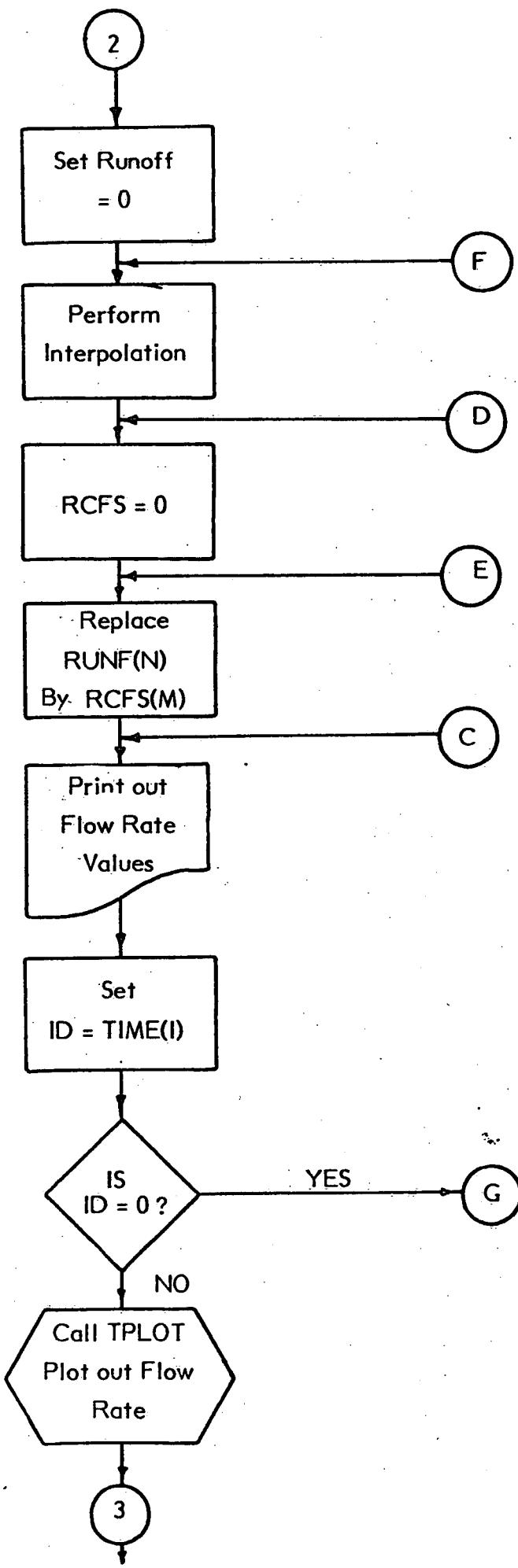
The Subroutine RPLOT is called to plot out the determined rainfall intensity on the same time axis as the runoff flow rate.

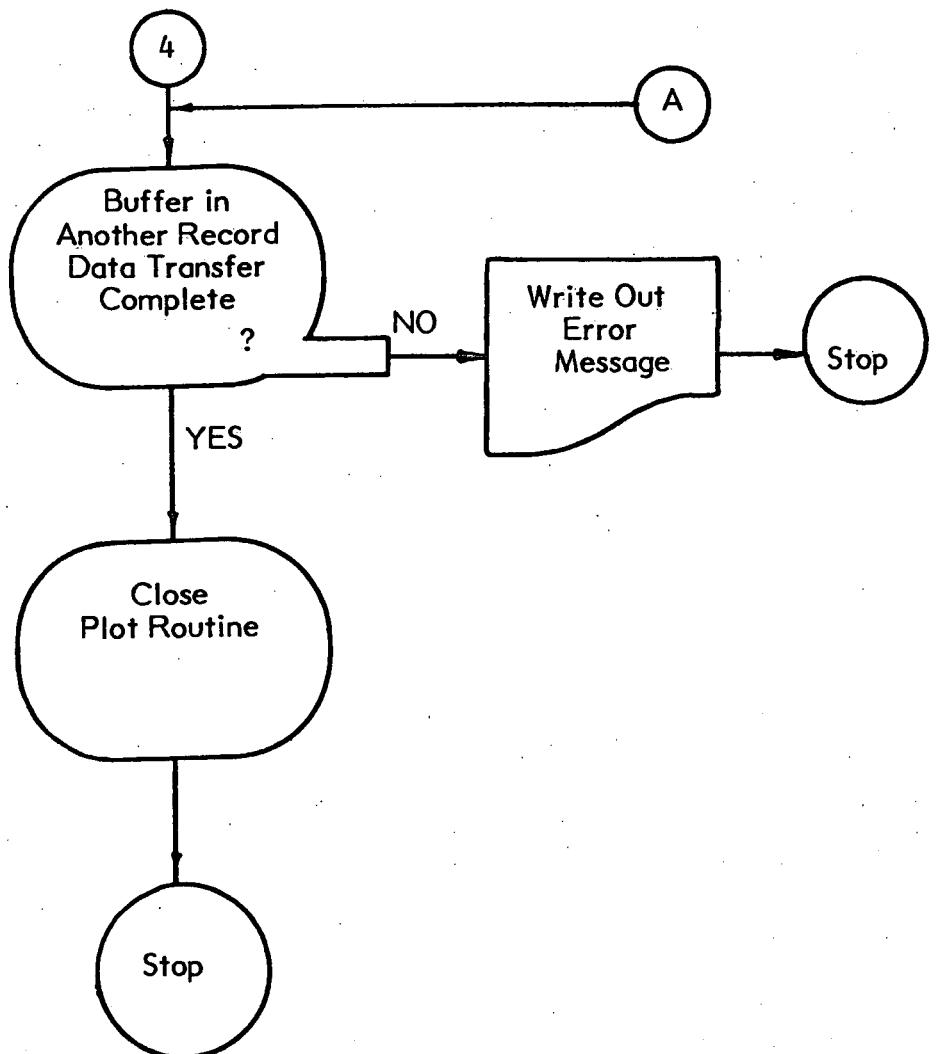
The main program checks the end of the file to see whether to terminate the program or continue to process the next storm event data.

## FLOW CHART OF MAIN PROGRAM









5. DECK SET-UP ORDER FOR HYET

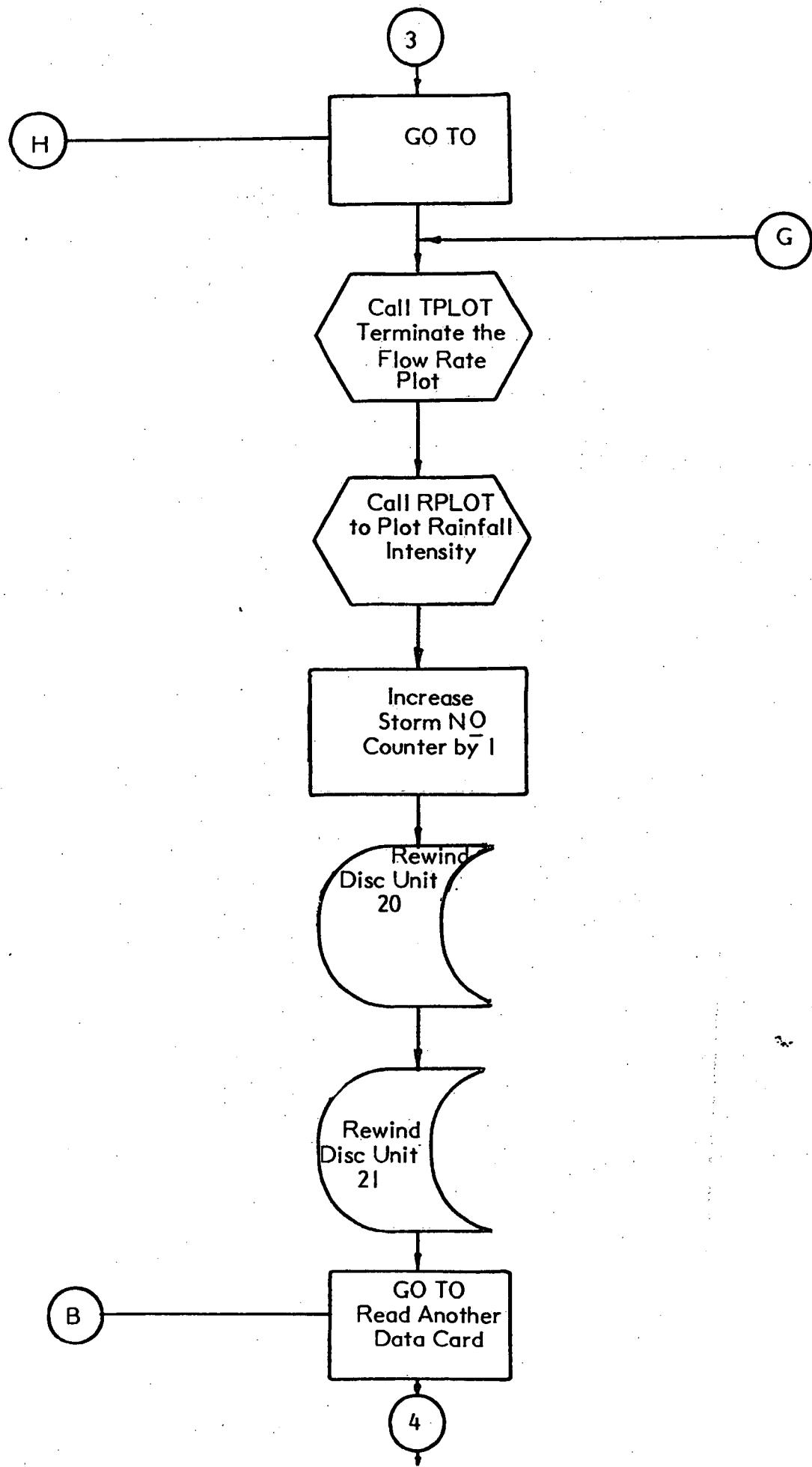
\$JOB, acc. no., Job id., 5, 3000.  
\$SCHED, TIME=4, CORE=100, 607=1, SLR=50  
\$\*DEF(Ø, PLIB, 005/072, p. LIB.AUX.LIB.)  
\$\*DEF(Ø, PDIR, 005/072, p.LIB.AUX.DIR.)  
\$\*DEF(T,,1,607,Tape NO,Ø,„„,M,,I)  
\$FTNU(X,S,L)

FORTRAN DECK

\$AUX,PLIB,PDIR  
DATA CARDS

77 EOF

88



## 6. INPUT (DATA CARDS)

Each time the program is run, the input data card must be set up as follows:

CARD	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT	COLUMNS
1	Station No.	A8	1-8
		BLANK	9-10
	Year	I2	11-12
	Start Hour	I3	13-15
	Start Day	I3	16-18
	Start Month	I3	19-21
	End Hour	I3	22-24
	End Day	I3	25-27
	End Month	I3	28-30

- 2 If more storm events are to be processed simultaneously, repeat format as Card 1 and punch required Start hour, day and month, and end of hour, day and month for subsequent storm events.

## 7. INSTRUCTIONS FOR DIGITIZATION

### A. Equipment Needed

HP Calculator

HP Digitizer

Extended Memory

Coupler

Tape Drive

### B. Switches to be Set on Calculator

Rad

Fixed

On

Run

Printer On

Decimal Wheel Set at 2

### C. Mount the Magnetic Tape

After winding the tape, turn the tape drive "ON" and press LOAD FORWARD on the tape drive. When the "READY" light comes on press

STOP

RESET

STOP

on the Coupler. This should leave STOP in the out (not depressed) position.

### D. To enter the programs

press: CLEAR, FMT, SET FLAG, END on the calculator

enter: Program P<sub>0</sub>

press: 0, FMT, FMT, END

enter: program P<sub>9</sub>

press: 9, FMT, FMT, END

press: 0, FMT, GØ TO ( ) ( ), CONTINUE

### E. Start steps

(i) (a) enter start day and month (DD.MM) of point Ø (hour on strip chart).

(b) press ↑

- (c) enter stop day and month (DD.MM)
- (d) press CONTINUE
- (ii) (a) digitize start point  $\emptyset$  with red button
- (b) digitize end point p(hour on strip chart) with WHITE BUTTON
- (iii) (a) enter YDMAX (maximum unit on Y axis)
- (b) press CONTINUE
- (iv) digitize point at YDMAX with WHITE BUTTON
- (v) digitize designated points on curve with WHITE BUTTON and take one point beyond point p at which point the program will automatically return to step (i) for next data set entry.

Note: Start hour and stop hour of a storm event must be determined prior to digitization. These hours are to be used in the INPUT DATA CARDS of the FORTRAN program. The hour to be recognized is 00 to 24.

<u>VARIABLES</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
IBUF	An array which contains integer words buffer in from magnetic tape
METRIC	An array which contains 100 water level values of the weir rating curve
NSTORM	A counter
RUNF	An array which contains 100 discharges values of the weir rating curve
CUMS	An array which contains the discharge values in S.I. Unit
YR	Storm year
SHR	Storm start hour
SDAY	Storm start day
SMD	Storm start month
EHR	Storm end hour
EDAY	Storm end day
EMO	Storm end month
NAME	Name of the catchment
JTIME	An array which contains the time in hours and minute
XWL	An array which contains the water level height
RCFS	An arrary which contains the discharge values in CFS unit
IC	An indicator to signify the termination of plot routines

<u>VARIABLES</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
IDS.	Put start year, month, and day into one name
IDE	Put end year, month, and day into one name
IHT	Storm start hour
LHT	Storm end hour
TEM	Runoff variable
TS	Start hour
TIME	Value converted from time unit to X-axis scale
Y	Value converted from runoff unit to Y-axis scale

<u>VARIABLES</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
STN	Name of catchment
IQ	A roll number
SDAY	Day of the storm
SMO	Month of the storm
YR	Year of the storm
IBAS	The time which contains hour and minute
RAIN	An array which contains 15 rainfall intensity values
HT	A value converted from rainfall intensity for plotting
X	A value calculated from hour and minute plotting on X-axis
IRAIN	An array which contains 15 rainfall intensity values in integer form

<u>VARIABLES</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
MONTH	An array which contains the 12 calendar months
MON	An array which contains the last day of the 12 calendar months
MNN	An array which contains the last day of the 12 calendar months in the DATA STATEMENT
IYS	Storm start year
IMS	Storm start month
IDS	Storm start day
IYE	Storm end year
IME	Storm end month
IDE	Storm end day
XT	Distance used to locate the plot of day, month and year below the X-axis
D	The clock hour used for plotting on X-axis

8-e.

VARIABLES DESCRIPTION --- SUBROUTINE LEAP

---

VARIABLES

DESCRIPTION

IYR

A value contains the year which uses to calculate leap year month of February

<u>VARIABLES</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
NO	A counter
IBUF	An array which contains integer word of rainfall values buffer in from magnetic tape
STN	See main program
SHR	"
SDAY	"
SMO	"
EHR	"
EDAY	"
EMO	"
IWL	An array which contains depth of rainfall
L	The record length
IUM	An array which contains sum of depth of rainfall in one minute
RAIN	An array which contains rainfall intensity in real form
IRAIN	An array which contains rainfall intensity in integer form
TIME	An array which contains hour and minute
IBAS	Time base for specifying 15 values of rainfall intensity in a roll

<u>VARIABLES</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
NO	A counter
J	An array counter
L	The record length
IBUF	An array which contains integer words of weir height
THOURS	A value converted from year, month, day and hours
TSCALE	A time scale for conversion of DECODE value TAIM
WL	An array which contains hour and minute
IDAY1	Start day of storm
IM01	Start month of storm
IDAY2	End day of storm
IMO2	End month of storm
XMAX	Maximum length of storm duration on strip chart in inches

**APPENDIX**

**I. PROGRAMMES LISTING**

**II. EXAMPLE OF DATA INPUT AND OUTPUT**

## APPENDIX I

THIS PROGRAM DESIGNED TO PLOT RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH AND THE PRECIPITATION INTENSITY AT THE SAME TIME AXIS BASE.  
 PROGRAM HYGRAP  
 INTEGERS YR, SHF, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO  
 REAL METRIC  
 COMMON /STORM/ NSTORM  
 COMMON /1/ JTIME(1000)  
 COMMON /DATE/ STN, YR, SHF, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO  
 COMMON /TIME/ TOS, TDE  
 COMMON /2/ XHL(1000), JTIME(1000)  
 COMMON /3/ RCF5(1000), NAME(100), CMS(1000)  
 DIMENSION METRIC(1000), NCFS(1000), QUMS(1000), RUNF(1000)

METRIC IS THE WATER LEVEL READING IN TENTH OF METRE

NCFS IS THE DISCHARGE IN HUNDRETH OF CUBIC FOOT PER SEC  
 DATA NCFS/0002,0005,0013,0020,0028,0037,0047,0056,0070,0082,0095,  
 00109,0123,0139,0154,0171,0188,0206,0225,0244,0264,0285,0306,0329,  
 0353,0375,0399,0421,0449,0475,0502,0530,0558,0587,0617,0647,0670,  
 0710,0743,0775,0816,0845,0881,0917,0954,0992,1031,1070,1111,1152,  
 1194,1237,1280,1320,1370,1416,1463,1511,1560,1610,1661,1712,1765,  
 1815,1873,1925,1985,2042,2101,2160,2220,2282,2344,2408,2473,2539,  
 2595,2673,2743,2813,2884,2957,3031,3105,3162,3260,3338,3416,3500,  
 3582,3666,3751,3835,3926,4016,4106,4199,4292,4387,4484/

GENERATE WATER LEVEL TABLE CORRESPONDS TO DISCHARGE NCFS

TD = 5000  
 CALL PILOT (0.0,1.8,-3)  
 HZ = 0.0  
 CM = 0.005  
 DO 20 I=1,100  
 HZ = HZ+CM  
 METRIC(I) = HZ  
 FUNF(I) = FLOAT(NCFS(I))/100.0  
 QUMS(I) = FUNF(I)/35.31  
 CONTINUE

NSTORM = 1  
 CONTINUE  
 CALL ZEROV (RCFS,1000)  
 CALL ZEROV (CMS,1000)  
 READ (E0,100) YR, SHF, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO, NAME  
 IF (IEEOF(E0),EQ.-1) GO TO 150  
 WRITE (61,200) NAME,NSTORM  
 WRITE (61,210) SDAY,SMO,YR  
 CALL PRECIP  
 REWIND 20  
 CALL RUNOFF (JX)  
 REWIND 21  
 WRITE (61,220) NSTORM  
 WRITE (61,210) SDAY,SMO,YR  
 WRITE (61,230)  
 THOUR = 0  
 TD2 = 0  
 DO = -1  
 READ (21) (JTIME(I),XHL(I),I=1,JX)  
 IF (IEEOF(21),EQ.-1) GO TO 140

CONVERT ML. TO FLCH RATE  
 DO 40 M=1,JX  
 TF (JTIME(M).LE.0) GO TO 100  
 HZ = XHL(M)  
 IF (HZ,EQ.0.0) GO TO 60  
 DO 40 N=1,100  
 IF (HZ,EQ.,METRIC(N)) GO TO 80  
 IF (HZ,LE.,METRIC(N)) GO TO 60  
 CONTINUE

CONTINUE  
 TF (N,GT,1) GO TO 70

CONTINUE  
 RCF5(M) = 0.0

GO TO 50

CONTINUE

RCFS(M) = RUNF(N-1)+(HZ-METRIC(N-1))\*(RUNF(N)-RUNF(N-1))/(METRIC(N-1)-METRIC(N-1))

GO TO 50

CONTINUE

## APPENDIX I

```

100 FCFS(N) = TRUE(N)
100 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
100 TM = 'M-1'
100 DO 110 M=1,TM
100 CMS(N) = PCFS(N)/36.31
110 CONTINUE
110 DO 120 JK=1,IM*10
110 JK2 = JK+9
110 IF (JK2.GT. IM) JK2 = IM
110 WRITE (61,240) JTIME(K),K=JK,JK2
110 WRITE (61,250) (PCFS(K),K=JK,JK2)
110 WRITE (61,260) (CMS(K),K=JK,JK2)
120 CONTINUE
120 DO 130 I=1,IM
120 I0 = JTIME(I)
120 IF (I0.LT.ID2) IHOUR = IHOUR+2400
120 ID2 = I0
120 ID = ID+IHOUR
120 IF (ID.EQ.0) GO TO 140
120 VEL = PCFS(I)
120 CALL TPLOT (VEL,IC,IO)
130 IO = IO
130 CONTINUE
140 CONTINUE
140 IO = -2
140 CALL TPLOT (VEL,IC,IO)
140 CALL RPLOT (VEL)
140 NSTORM = NSTORM+1
140 RSWIND 20
140 REWIND 21
140 GO TO 30
150 CONTINUE
150 WRITE (61,270)
150 BUFFER IN (1,0) (IBUF(1),IRUF(IR))
150 IF (IFUNIT(1)) 160,160,170
160 STOP 100
170 CONTINUE
170 CALL PLOT (0.0,0.0,0.999)
170 STOP
180 WRITE (61,280)
180 CALL PLOT (0.0,0.0,0.999)
180 STOP 777
180
180 FORMAT (1RY,I2,6I3,10A4)
190 FORMAT (1H1,///30X,10A4,/1IX,*STORMNO.*,I3)
200 FORMAT (/11X,*STORMDATE*,I2,1H/,I2,1H/.I2)
210 FORMAT (//11X,*STORMNO.*,I3)
220 FORMAT (//L5X,*FLOWRATE*,/37X,* (SELECTEDTIMEINTERVAL)*)
230 FORMAT (/0EX,*TIME(HR,MIN)>*,10(F5.1X))
240 FORMAT (11X,* (CFS)*,7X,10(F5.2,1X))
250 FORMAT (11X,* (F5.2,1X)*,5X,10(F5.3,1X))
260 FORMAT (/////1X,*RECCD DISCOMPLETE*)
270 FORMAT (///10X,*MORETAPERECORDS THAN CARD INPUT RECORDS*//)
280 END

```

A 123  
A 124  
A 125  
A 126  
A 127  
A 128  
A 129  
A 130  
A 131  
A 132  
A 133  
A 134  
A 135  
A 136

THIS SUBROUTINE PLOTS THE RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH

```

2 THIS SUBROUTINE PLOTS THE RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH
3 SUBROUTINE TPLOT (ITEM, ID, IP)
4 INTEGER YF, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO
5 DIMENSION TITLE(6), ITP(3), ITPC(3)
6 COMMON /TITLE/ ID$S, IDE
7 COMMON /DATE/ SHR, YF, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, E10
8 COMMON /SCALE/ XSCALE
9 COMMON /STORM/ NSTORM
10 COMMON /3/ PCFS(1000), NAME(10), CMS(1000)
11 DATA TITLE/4HUNO,4HFF F,4HLOW ,4H FAT,4HE (0,4HES) /
12 DATA ID$/4HUNO,4HFF F,4HLOW ,4H RATE,4H (1*,4H*3/S,4HES) /
13 DATA ITP/4HTIME,4H (H0,4HUPS) /
14 DATA YSCALE/05.0/
15 DATA XSCALE/1.0/
16 IDS = YF*100000+SMO*100+SDAY
17 IDE = YF*10000+EMO*100+EDAY
18 IHT = SHR*100
19 LHT = EHR*100
20 ID = ID$+1
21 IF (ID) 10,20,30
22 CONTINUE
23 FN = NSTORM
24 CALL HOURAXIS (0.0,0.0,100.0,IHT,IDS,LHT,IDE,PL)
25 X = PL/2.0-2.0
26 CALL AYTS (PL,0.0,1H .-1.-E.0,30.0,00.0,0.0,142)
27 CALL SYMBOL (PL+0.50,1.5,0.14,23HUNOFF FLOW RATE (M /S),50.0,23)
28 CALL SYMBOL (PL+0.3E-4.19.0.08,1H3,30.0,1)
29 CALL SYMBOL (X+1.00,-0.90,0.12,ITP,0.0,12)
30 CALL SYMBOL (X,-1.3,0.14,29HMAVERN CATCHMENT - STORM NO.,0.0,29)
31 CALL NUMBER (X+4.4,-1.3,0.14,FN,0.0,-1)
32 TEM = PL
33 RETURN
34 CONTINUE
35 CALL AXTS (0.0,0.0,0.TITLE,24,6,0.90,0.00,0.05,0)
36 TS = IHT/100.0+MOD(IHT,100)/60.0
37 TIME = ID/100.0+MOD(ID,100)/60.0
38 TIME = (TIME-TS)/XSCALE
39 TOPEN = 2
40 Y = TEM/YSCALE
41 CALL PLOT (TIME,Y,3)
42 CONTINUE
43 TIME = ID/100+MOD(ID,100)/60.0
44 TIME = (TIME-TS)/XSCALE
45 IF(ITEM.LT.0.0)IPEN = 3
46 IF (ITEM.LT.0.0) RETURN
47 Y = TEM/YSCALE
48 IF (IPEN.EQ.3) CALL PLOT (TIME,Y,3)
49 CALL PLOT (TIME,Y,2)
50 IPEN = 2
51 RETURN
52 END

```

## THIS SUBROUTINE PLOTS TIME AXIS IN HOURS/INCH

THIS SUBROUTINE PLOTS TIME AXIS IN HOURS/INCH  
SINE CUTTING HOURAXIS (XP,YP,DI,HS,DS,HE,DE,PLEN)

ARGUMENTS:

XP,YP - CO-ORDINATES OF START OF AXIS

DT - SCALE OF X-AXIS IN DAYS/INCH

DS - START DATE IN YYYYMMDD

DE - END DATE IN YYYYMMDD

PLEN - MAXIMUM PEN MOVEMENT RELATIVE TO XD IN X DIRECTION

THIS IS RETURNED TO CALLING PROGRAM

INTEGER DS,DE,HS,HE

DIMENSION MONTH(12), MON(12), MN(12)

DIMENSION IOT(3)

DATA MONTH/47H.JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DEC/

DATA MN/31,28,31,30,31,30,31,30,31,30,31,31/

CALL MOVE (MN,MN,12)

ENCODE (6,50,IOT) DS

DECODE (6,70,IOT) IYS,IMS,IDS

ENCODE (6,50,IOT) DE

DECODE (6,70,IOT) IYE,IME,IDE

TDE = IDE+IFIX(DI/2400.0+0.99)-1

IF (TDE.LE.MON(IME)) GO TO 10

TDE = TDE-MON(IME)

IME = IME+1

IF (IME.LE.12) GO TO 10

IME = 1

TYPE = IYE+1

10 CONTINUE

MTH = IMS

D = HS

ID = IDS

IY = IYS

X = XD-1.0

Y = YP

CALL LEAP (IYS,MON(2))

CALL PLOT (XP,YP,3)

IF (IY.EQ.IYE)MON(IME) = IDE

XT = X+(MON(IMS)-IDS)/DI/2.0+0.5

CONTINUE

X = X+1.0

CALL PLOT (X,Y,2)

CALL PLOT (X,Y-.10,2)

IF (D-FLOAT(IFIX(D)).LT..01) CALL NUMBER (X-.05,Y-.3,.1,D,0.,-1)

IF (XT.GT.X) GO TO 30

ENCODE (6,80,IOT) ID,MONTH(MTH),IY

CALL SYMBOL (XT+0.5,Y-0.46+0.12,IOT,0,0,3)

XT = 1.0E6

30 CONTINUE

CALL PLOT (X,Y,3)

D = D+DI

IF (IY.EQ.IYE.AND.MTH.EQ.IME.AND.ID.EQ.IDE.AND.IFIX(D).GT.HE)

GO TO 30

IF (IFIX(D).LE.2400) GO TO 20

D = 100.0

ID = ID+1

IF (ID.LE.MON(MTH)) GO TO 40

MTH = MTH+1

IF (MTH.LE.12) GO TO 40

MTH = 1

IY = IYE+1

MON(?) = 28

CALL LEAP (IY,MON(2))

IF (IY.EQ.IYE)MON(IME) = IDE

40 CONTINUE

IF (IY.GT.IYE) GO TO 50

IF (IY.EQ.IYE.AND.MTH.GT.IME) GO TO 50

XT = X+(MON(MTH)-1)/DI/2.0-0.4

GO TO 20

50 CONTINUE

PLEN = X-XD

RETURN

50 FORMAT (I6)

FORMAT (3I2)

FORMAT (12.1X,A4,I2)

END

SUBROUTINE LEAP (IYR,I)  
IF IYR IS A LEAP YEAR. INCREMENT I  
IF (IYR/4.00.EQ.IYR) I = I+1  
IF (IYR.LT.1752) RETURN  
IF (IYR/100\*100.EQ.IYR) I = I+1  
IF (IYR/400\*400.EQ.IYR) I = I+1  
RETURN  
END

\* T I P Y \* THIS SUBROUTINE PLOTS PRECIPITATION INTENSITY IN IN/HOUR

THIS SUBROUTINE PLOTS PRECIPITATION INTENSITY IN IN/HOUR  
SUBROUTINE PLOT (PL)

INTEGER YR, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO

COMMON /DATE/ STN, YR, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO

COMMON /STORM/ NSTORM

COMMON /TIME/ IDG, TDE

COMMON /SCALE/ XSCALE

COMMON /3/ RCGS(1000), NAME(10), CMS(1000)

DIMENSION RAIN(15), IRAIN(15)

DATA RAIN(15)/1.0/

DATA XSCALE/1.0/

DATA YSCALE/2.0/

YP = 0.0

XSC = 1.0/(E0.8\*XSCALE)

CALL PLOT (0.0, 0.0, 3)

READ (20) STN, ID, SDAY, SMO, YR, IBAS, (RAIN(I1), I1=1, 15)

ENCODE (6.70, MIN) IBAS

DECODE (E.80, MIN) IHR, IMIN

THS = SHR\*100

HS = IHS/100.0+MOD(IHS,100)/60.0

HS1 = FLOAT(IHR)

XS = (HS1-HS)/XSCALE

X = XS-XSC+IMIN/60.0/XSCALE

G3 TO 20

CONTINUE

READ (20) STN, ID, SDAY, SMO, YR, IBAS, (RAIN(I1), I1=1, 15)

ENCODE (6.70, MIN) IBAS

DECODE (E.80, MIN) IHR, IMIN

IF (IEEDF(20).EQ.-1) GO TO 60

IF (RAIN(1).EQ.0.0) CALL PLOT (X+XSC, 0.0, 2)

CONTINUE

DO 50 T=1,15

X = X+XSC

CALL PLOT (X, 0.0, 3)

IF (RAIN(T)) 30, 30, 40

CONTINUE

YP = 0.0

GO TO 50

CONTINUE

HT = -RAIN(T)/YSCALE

IF (YP.LT.0.0) CALL PLOT (X, YP, 3)

CALL PLOT (X, HT, 2)

CALL PLOT (X+XSC, HT, 2)

IF (RAIN(T+1).EQ.0.0) CALL PLOT (X+XSC, 0.0, 2)

YP = HT

CONTINUE

GO TO 10

CONTINUE

X = X+XSC

CALL PLOT (X, 0.0, 3)

CALL PLOT (X+XSC, 0.0, 2)

CALL AXIS (X+XSC, -2.0, 1.0, .1, 2.0, .90, 0, 4.0, -YSCALE)

CALL SYMBOL (X+XSC, -1.0, 0.06, 31HPRECIPITATION INTENSITY (IN/HR),

0.0, 0.31)

IF (EX.GT.PL) PL = X

CALL PLOT (PL+0.0, -5.0, -3)

RETURN

END

FORMAT (I4)

FORMAT (2I2)

END

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```
SUBROUTINE PRECIP
INTEGER YR, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, FMD
INTEGER TIME
COMMON /DATE/ STN, YR, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, E 40
COMMON /1/ TRUE(FDOP)
DIMENSION JAL(1000), TUM(1000), ITIME(1000)
DIMENSION MN(12), MMN(12), RAIN(1000)
DIMENSION TIME(1000), WL(1000), IRAIN(1000)
IB = FDOO
```

```
NO = 1
IZ = 0
IYR = YR+1900
IHR = SHR*100
LHR = SHR*100
10 BUFFER IN (1,0) (IBUF(1),IBUF(IB))
IF (IFUNIT(1) 20.0,30
20 STOP 001
30 STOP 002
40 L = LENGTH(1)
50 L = L-2
60 DECODE (12,180,TRUE(I)) CHECK
IF (CHECK.EQ.180) GO TO 10
DECODE (36,190,TRUE(1)) IDAY1,IM01,IDAY2,IM02,XMAX
IF (IDAY1.NE.SDAY.OB.1M01.NE.SMO) GO TO 150
IF (IDAY2.NE.EDAY.OB.1M02.NE.EM0) GO TO 150
```

CONVERT THE X-VALUES TO TIME VALUES

```
CALL JULIAN (JU1,IYR,IM01,1DAY1)
CALL JULIAN (JU2,IYR,IM02,1DAY2)
THOURS = (JU2-JU1)*24.0+EHR-SHR
TSCALE = THOURS/XMAX
I = 0
ADDHRS = (SDAY-1)*24.0
DO 50 I=10,L,5
J = J+1
DECODE (24,200,IBUF(I)) ITATM,WL(J)
IWL(J) = WL(J)*10.00+SIGN(0.5,WL(J))
IF (IWL(J).LT.0) IWL(J) = 0
IF (IWL(J).GT.0) IWL(J) = 1
T = ITATM*TSCALE
IT = T
T = T-IT
JT = T*60.0+0.5
IF (JT.GE.60) JT = JT+40
IT = IT*100.0+JT+SHR*100
TIME(J) = MOD(IT-1.2400)+1
CONTINUE
50 J = J+1
TIME(J) = -1
IWL(J) = 0
WRITE (61,160)
M = 0
DO 70 K=1,J
KK = K+1
IF (TIME(KK).NE.TIME(K)) GO TO 60
IWL(KK) = IWL(K)+IWL(KK)
GO TO 70
60 M = M+1
TUM(M) = IWL(K)
ITIME(M) = TIME(K)
70 CONTINUE
CALL ZEROV (RAIN,15)
CALL ZEROV (IRAIN,15)
IC = 1
TRAS = SHR*100
NHS = EHR*100
MN = 0
DO 130 TR=1,4
IF (ITIME(IR).GE.2400) ITIME(IR) = ITIME(IR)-2400
80 J = ITIME(IR)-IPAS+1
IF (ITIME(IR).LT.0) GO TO 140
IF (J.LS.0) GO TO 90
IF (J.LS.15) GO TO 120
90 WRITE (51,170) SDAY,SHR,YR,IPAS,(RAIN(I1),I1=1,15)
WRITE (20) STN,10,SDAY,SHR,YR,IPAS,(RAIN(I1),I1=1,15)
TO = TO+1
130 CALL ZEROV (IRAIN,15)
CALL ZEROV (RAIN,15)
```

I8AS = I8AS+15  
 MN = MN+15  
 IF (MN.NE.60) GO TO 100  
 MN = 0  
 I8AS = I8AS+30  
 IF (I8AS.LT.2000) GO TO 80

I8AS = I8AS-2400  
 SDAY = SDAY+1  
 IF (SDAY.LE.MNN(SMO)) GO TO 110  
 SDAY = SDAY-MNN(SMO)  
 SMO = SMO+1

110 CONTINUE

GO TO 80

120 IRAIN(IJ) = TUM(IRI)\*80

RAIN(J) = FLOAT(IRAIN(J))/100.0

130 CONTINUE

140 CONTINUE

END FILE 20

NO = NO+1

RETURN

150 WRITE (61,210) IDAY1,IM01,IDAY2,IM02,XMAX

RETURN

C

160 FORMAT (/0SX,\*DATEHOUR\*,?0Y,\*RAINFALLINTENSITY(IN/HR.)\*,/37X,\* (1-  
 \$MINUTEINTERVAL,15-VALUESACROSS)\*,/) 103

170 FORMAT (8X,I2,1H/,I2,1H/,I2,1X,I4,2X,15(F3.1,1X)) 104

180 FORMAT (F10.2) 105

190 FORMAT (5X,I2,1X,I2,7X,I2,1X,I2,2X,F10.2) 106

200 FORMAT (F10.2,2,2X,F10.2) 107

210 FORMAT (///10X,\*DATEONTAPEDOESNOTMATCHDATEONINPUTCARD\*//10X,4(I4,  
 \$1X),F7.2) 108

END

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\* T I D Y \*

**APPENDIX I**  
**SUBROUTINE RUNOFF (J)**

DATE 01/16/78 PAGE 3

```

SUBROUTINE RUNOFF (J)
  INTEGER YR, SHR, SDAY, SMO, EHR, EDAY, EMO, TIME
  DIMENSION IWL(1000), MNN(12)
  COMMON /2/ XWL(1000), JTIME(1000)
  DIMENSION TIME(1000), WL(1000)
  COMMON /DATE/ ST1,YR,SHR,SDAY,SMO,EHR,EDAY,EMO
  COMMON /1/ IBUF(5000)
  CALL ZEROV (JTIME,1000)
  IB = 5000

C      NO = 1
  IYR = YR+1900
  T7 = 0
  EHR = SHR*100
  LHR = EHR*100
 20   BUFFER IN (1,0) (IBUF(1),IBUF(IB))
  IF (IFUNIT(1)) 30,50,40
 30   STOP 001
+0   STOP 002
 50   L = LENGTH(1)
  T = L-2
  DECODE (12,80,TRUE(T))CHECK
  IF (CHECK.EQ.99.39) GO TO 20
  DECODE (36,30,IBUF(1))IDAY1,IM01,IDAY2,IM02,XMAX
  IF (IDAY1.NE.SDAY.OR.IM01.NE.SMO) GO TO 70
  IF (IDAY2.NE.EDAY.OR.IM02.NE.EMO) GO TO 70
C      CALL JULIAN (JU1,IYR,IM01,IDAY1)
C      CALL JULIAN (JU2,IYR,IM02,IDAY2)
C      CONVERT THE X-VALUES TO TIME VALUES
C
  THOURS = (JU2-JU1)*24.0+EHR-SHR
  TSCALE = THOURS/XMAX
  J = 0
  ADDHRS = (SDAY-1)*24.0
  DO E0 I=10,L,6
  J = J+1
  DECODE (24,100,TRUE(T))TATM,WL(J)
  IF (WL(J).LT.0.0)WL(J) = 0.0
  IWL(J) = WL(J)
  XWL(J) = WL(J)/100.0
  T = TATM*TSCALE
  IT = T
  T = T-IT
  IT = IT*100.0+T*60.0+0.5+SHR*100
  TIME(J) = MOD(IT-1,2400)+1
  JTIME(J) = TIME(J)
  CONTINUE
 50   J = J+1
  TIME(J) = -1
  JTIME(J) = TIME(J)
  IWL(J) = 0
  XWL(J) = 0.0
  WRITE (21) (JTIME(T),XWL(T),T=1,J)
  END FILE 21
  NO = NO+1
  RETURN
 70   WRITE (61,110) IDAY1,IM01,IDAY2,IM02,XMAX
  RETURN

C
 80   FORMAT (F10.2)
 90   FORMAT (EX,I2,1X,I2,7X,I2,1X,I2,2X,F10.2)
100   FORMAT (F10.2,2X,F10.2)
110   FORMAT (//10X,*DATEONTAPEDOESNOTMATCHDATEONINPUTCARD*//10X,4(I4,
     31X),E7.2)
  ENO

```

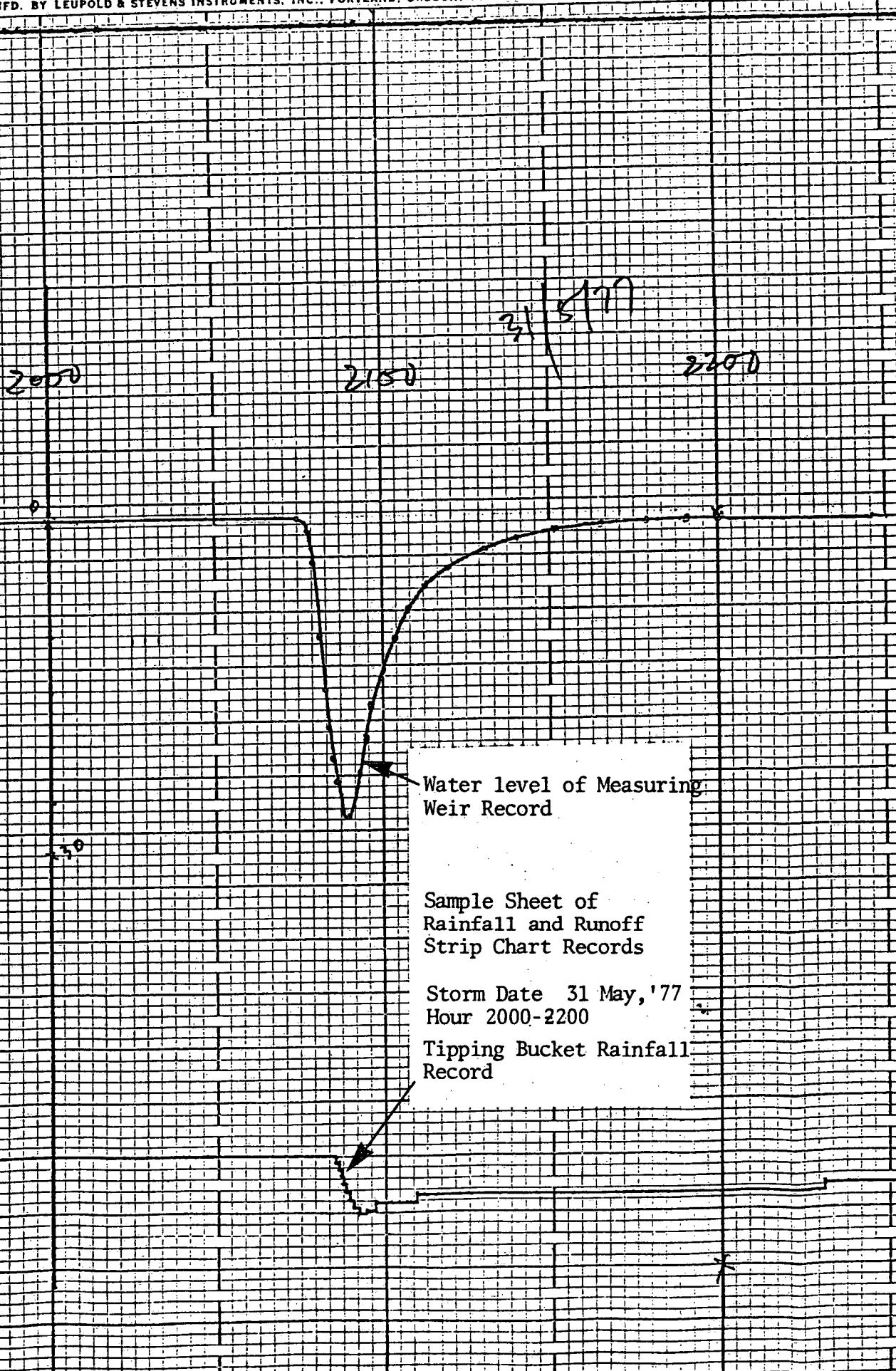
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## APPENDIX II

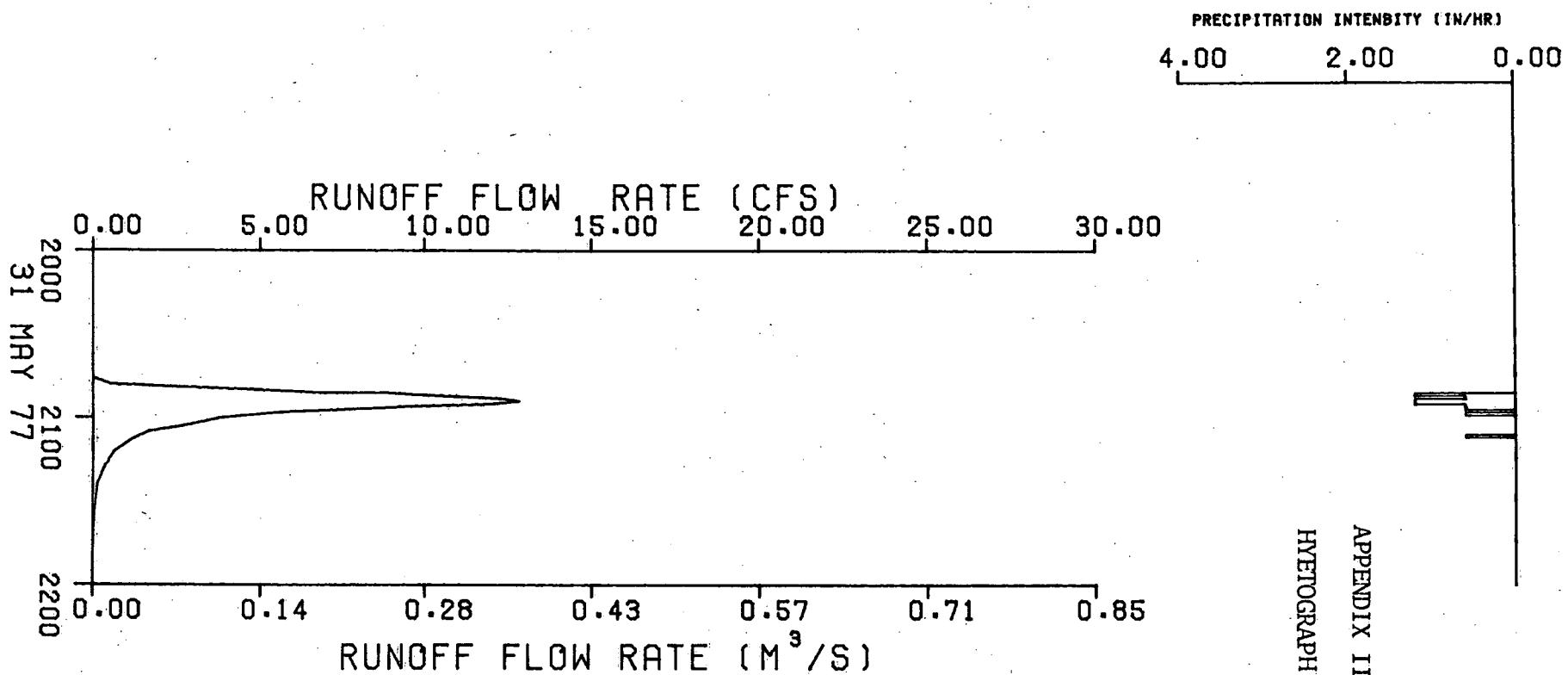
INPUT DATA

-30-

FOR STEVENS RECORDERS — MFD. BY LEUPOLD &amp; STEVENS INSTRUMENTS, INC., PORTLAND, OREGON, U. S. A.



APPENDIX II OUTPUT  
HYETOGRAPH & HYDROGRAPH PLOTS



MALVERN CATCHMENT - STORM NO. 2

## APPENDIX II

## MALVERN TEST CATCHMENT (BURLINGTON)

STORM NO. 2

STORM DATE 31/ 5/77

DATE HOUR

RAINFALL INTENSITY (IN/HR.)  
(1-MINUTE INTERVAL. 15-VALUES ACROSS)

31/ 5/77 2000	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31/ 5/77 2015	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31/ 5/77 2030	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31/ 5/77 2045	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.5	1.2	1.2	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.0
31/ 5/77 2100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31/ 5/77 2115	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31/ 5/77 2130	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
31/ 5/77 2145	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

STORM NO. 2

STORM DATE 31/ 5/77

FLOW RATE  
(SELECTED TIME INTERVAL)

TIME(HR,MIN)>	2045	2046	2048	2049	2050	2051	2051	2052	2053	2054
(CFS)	0.00	0.08	0.54	2.56	4.91	6.84	8.75	10.14	12.28	12.83
(M**3/S)	0.000	0.002	0.015	0.073	0.139	0.134	0.248	0.267	0.348	0.363
TIME(HR,MIN)>	2055	2056	2057	2058	2100	2103	2105	2106	2112	2113
(CFS)	11.97	9.53	7.48	5.64	3.51	2.60	1.65	1.12	0.64	0.31
(M**3/S)	0.339	0.271	0.212	0.160	0.108	0.074	0.047	0.032	0.016	0.003
TIME(HR,MIN)>	2124	2131	2138	2147	2154	2202				
(CFS)	0.13	0.07	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00				
(M**3/S)	0.004	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000				

RECORD IS COMPLETE

\*\*\*PLUT TAPE SUCCESSFULLY WRITTEN\*\*\*

STOP

15438

Environment Canada Library, Burlington



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