

21 1044644 E

ENVIRONMENT CANADA
CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SERVICE
PACIFIC AND YUKON REGION

BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE DATA COLLECTED BY
THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SERVICE
JULY 1982 AND 1983
RELATIVE TO EQUITY SILVER MINE, HOUSTON, B.C.

86 - 06

Regional Program Report No. 86-06

Report Preparation: G. Derksen and M. Ross
Field Program: M. Ross and M. Jones

JANUARY, 1986

LIBRARY
ENVIRONMENT CANADA
CONSERVATION AND PROTECTION
PACIFIC REGION

ABSTRACT

Benthic invertebrate samples were collected from three creeks associated with the Equity Mine property. One creek reflected a community subjected to acid mine drainage (low pH, high metal content) and/or sedimentation stress. The two other creeks didn't indicate any obvious impact due to the mine.

RÉSUMÉ

Des échantillons d'invertébrés benthiques ont été obtenus à partir de trois ruisseaux adjacents à la propriété de la mine Equity. Un des ruisseaux montra une communauté assujetti au drainage minier acide (faible pH, contenu métallique élevé et/ou au stress de sedimentation. Les deux autres ruisseaux n'ont pas indiqués d'impact évidents due à la mine.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
ABSTRACT	i
RÉSUMÉ	i
TABLE OF CONTENTS	ii
List of Figures	iv
List of Tables	v
SUMMARY	vi
1. INTRODUCTION	1
2. DESCRIPTION OF STUDY AREA	3
3. MATERIALS AND METHODS	4
4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	7
4.1 Aquatic Insects as Indicators of Stressed Receiving Waters	7
4.2 Bessemer Creek, Foxy Creek and Buck Creek Benthic Invertebrates	8
REFERENCES	13
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	15
APPENDIX I	SUMMARY OF INVERTEBRATE TOXICITY DATA
	(a) pH
	(b) Copper and Zinc
APPENDIX II	DETAILED BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION FOR
	(a) Foxy Creek
	(b) Bessemer Creek
	(c) Buck Creek
	18
	22
	26

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	<u>Page</u>
APPENDIX III BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION AT FAMILY LEVEL	
(a) Individual Sample Analysis	30
(b) Combined Count of Three Samples	33

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Figure</u>	<u>Page</u>
1 EQUITY SILVER MINE - EPS WATER QUALITY AND BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE MONITORING STATIONS	2

LIST OF TABLES

<u>Table</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	DESCRIPTION OF EPS BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE SAMPLE LOCATIONS	5
2	DENSITY AND PERCENT COMPOSITION OF SOME MAJOR INVERTEBRATE ORDERS FOR 1973, 1982 AND 1983	10
3	SUMMARY OF SELECTED WMB WATER QUALITY DATA FOR 1982 AND 1983 - LOWER BESSEMER CREEK (0700081) AND UPPER SILT CHECK (0400762)	11
4	MEAN DENSITY AND PERCENT COMPOSITION OF MAJOR INVERTEBRATE ORDERS FOR 1982 AND 1983 - FOXY CREEK AND BUCK CREEK	12

SUMMARY

The benthic invertebrate composition for Bessemer Creek in 1982 and 1983, compared to 1973, reflected a community subjected to acid mine drainage (low pH, high metal content) and/or sedimentation stress. The results for Foxy Creek upstream and downstream of the mine site and Buck Creek upstream and downstream (at least during high spring runoff) of Bessemer Creek did not indicate any obvious impact due to the mine operation. Without species specific information on the tolerance of various aquatic insects to low pH and metal toxicity (primarily copper and zinc), benthic invertebrates can only be expected to indicate major impacts. The differences between stations in terms of abiotic conditions (flow, substrate particle size and sediment detritus content) should be given more attention in invertebrate programs of this nature.

1. INTRODUCTION

Equity Silver Mines is located approximately 33 km southeast of Houston, B.C. (Figure 1). The mine began production in September 1980. In November 1981 it was determined that waste rock at the mine site was generating acid and acid mine drainage was entering Bessemer Creek. The company constructed a temporary acid mine drainage collection system in Spring 1982 and has continued to make improvements to the collection and treatment system since then.

The Environmental Protection Service (EPS) collected pre-mine operation benthic invertebrate samples from streams adjacent to the proposed Equity Mine site in July, 1973 (Hallam and Kussat 1974). EPS conducted post-mine operation benthic invertebrate surveys in July 1982 and July 1983. This report presents the data collected in July 1982 and July 1983 and comparisons are made to the July 1973 data. Water quality data collected on the July 1982 and 1983 surveys has been reported on by Derksen et al 1985.

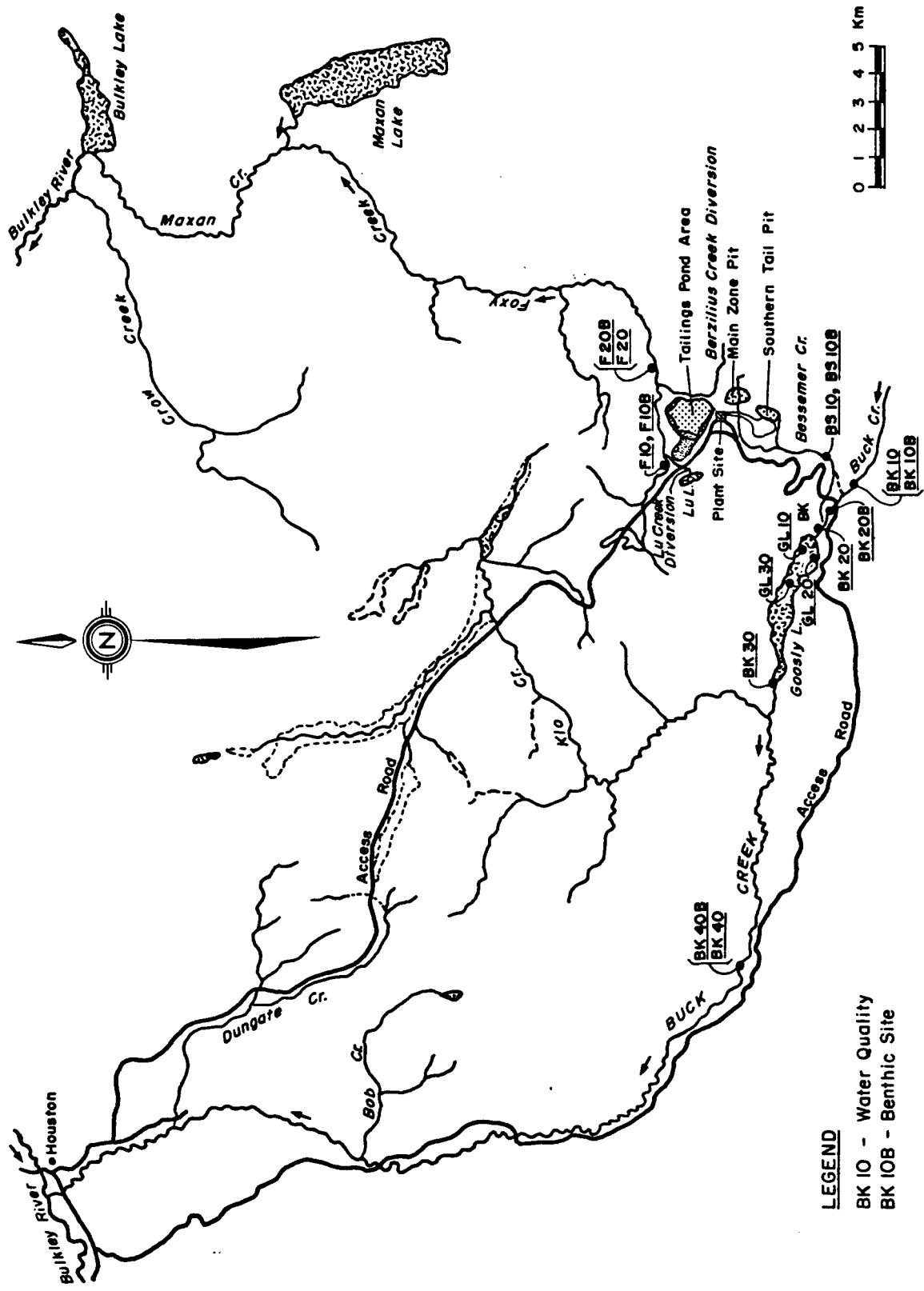


FIGURE I EQUITY SILVER MINE - EPS WATER QUALITY AND BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE MONITORING STATIONS

2. DESCRIPTION OF STUDY AREA

The Equity Mine site is centered on the Foxy Creek and Bessemer Creek watersheds. Foxy Creek is a tributary of Maxan Creek which flows into Bulkley Lake. Bessemer Creek is a tributary of Buck Creek upstream of Goosly Lake. Buck Creek downstream of Goosly Lake flows into the Bulkley River at Houston (Figure 1).

Six creek stations were sampled during the 1982 and 1983 surveys. The sample stations are described in Table 1 and are shown in Figure 1.

Buck creek station BK20-B during 1982 and 1983 was considered to be downstream of Bessemer Creek. However, Bustard 1984 reported that this station location was actually upstream of Bessemer Creek. During high runoff periods in the spring Bessemer Creek is thought to enter Buck Creek upstream of site BK20-B.

3. MATERIALS AND METHODS

At each station, creek velocity was measured with a Mead Model HP-302 velocity meter.

Three benthic invertebrate samples were collected at each site using a modified Hess circular sampler (0.093 m^2) with a 351 μm Nitex cloth. The samples were preserved with 70% ethyl alcohol. Although not reported by Hallam and Kussat 1974, their 1973 samples were also collected with a circular sampler with a 351 μm Nitex net. A Wild M20 microscope was used for identification.

TABLE 1 DESCRIPTION OF EPS BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE SAMPLE LOCATIONS - July 14, 1973; July 21/22, 1982; July 18/19, 1983

STATION	LOCATION	VELOCITY (cm/s)	SUBSTRATE			
		1982	1983	1973	1983	1973
F10-B <u>Foxy Creek</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - approx. 40 m u/s of Lu Cr. confluence - south side of midstream, 1.5 m from S. side - 1973 likely a comparable site 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 15 [3-24] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - jagged rocks, large aggregate - jagged rocks, large aggregate - jagged rocks, large aggregate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - large aggregate bottom substrate interdispersed with sandy patches - large pebble aggregate - small pebble aggregate, sand/gravel below aggregate
F20-B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - approx. 40 m d/s of lowest possible drainage from Berzilius Cr. - approx. 300 m d/s of main Berzilius Cr. input - mid stream, 1.5 m from S. side - 1973 no comparable site 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - [52-122] [3-67] 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - -
BS10-B <u>Bessener Creek</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - lower Bessener Cr. u/s of Buck Cr. confluence - midstream - 1973 likely a comparable site 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 15 40 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - - 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - large aggregate bottom substrate interdispersed with sandy patches -

CONTINUED...

TABLE 1 (Continued)

STATION	LOCATION	VELOCITY (cm/s)			SUBSTRATE	
		1982	1983	1982	1983	1973
Buck Creek						
RK10-B	10 - u/s of Ressener Cr. approx. 540 m u/s of the road bridge - 1 m from S. side 1973 - comparable site			3 -	- small to medium aggregate inter- dispersed with sand	- large aggregate bottom substrate interspersed with sandy patches
RK20-B	- approx. 2 km u/s of Goosly L. inlet, and d/s of the road bridge - 1.2 m from N. side - 1973 no comparable site			55 -	- medium aggregate	- small to medium sized pebble aggregate, sand/ gravel underlay
RK40-B	11 - at Ferris Property, approx. 11 km d/s of Goosly L. outlet - 2 m from S. side - 1973 was not at same site and was approx. 1 km d/s of Goosly Lake outlet			37 -	- medium aggregate	- sandy gravel substrate

[] = range across creek channel, otherwise velocity at point samples collected

4. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

4.1 Aquatic Insects as Indicators of Stressed Receiving Waters

Basically, three components (pH, heavy metals and sediment) of the Equity mine operation, if not controlled, could be expected to influence benthic invertebrate community structure.

Field studies on the affects of acid mine drainage (low pH) on benthic invertebrates have generally indicated that as a group, Ephemeroptera and Plecoptera are less tolerant of low pH conditions ($\text{pH} < 4.5$) than Trichoptera or Diptera (Tomkiewicz and Dunson 1977, Warner 1971, Weed and Rutschky 1972, Roback and Richardson 1969). Certainly, even within these groups different species have different tolerances to low pH (Bell 1971, Bell and Nebeker 1969, Gaufin 1973) (Appendix Ia).

It is generally recognized that stoneflies (Plecoptera), mayflies (Ephemeroptera) and caddisflies (Trichoptera) represent a group that is quite sensitive to environmental change. Such organisms have complex appendages and external respiratory structures which must be kept free from particulate matter in the stream (Weed and Rutschky 1972). NCASI 1984, summarizing the work of others, reported that sediments can have a major influence on benthic species composition as well as microdistribution. In one example, cobble that was completely embedded with fine sand was proven to be unacceptable to most species. In another case, it was reported that increased sedimentation of a sand/silt/clay mixture caused a negative response and all species preferred unsedimented over heavily sedimented substrates. High levels of sediment appeared to form a surface seal preventing non-burrowing insects from gaining access to the underside of cobbles. China-clay deposition was reported to result in the elimination of several sensitive species and typical river fauna were replaced by burrowing or tube-building forms of macroinvertebrates including chironomidae (midges). Benthic invertebrate communities will respond differently, depending on the degree of sedimentation and the nature of the sediment.

Winner et al 1980 reported that insect community structure exhibits a predictable, graded response to heavy metal pollution. In heavily

stressed sections, macroinvertebrates other than tubificid worms and chironomids were virtually eliminated from rock-rubble, riffle habitats. Mayflies occurred only at the least polluted stations. They hypothesized that heavily polluted habitats are dominated by midges, moderately polluted habitats by midges and caddisflies and minimally polluted or unpolluted habitats by caddisflies and mayflies. Nehring 1976 reported that the insects he tested (mayfly, stonefly) were more tolerant of heavy metals than most fish but that they concentrated the metals in relative proportion to the occurrence of metals in the stream. The tolerance of various benthic insects to metal levels (Cu, Zn) is not as well documented as for fish and is quite variable (Spear 1981, Spear and Pierce 1979, Gauss *et al* 1985, Nehring 1976) (Appendix Ib).

4.2 Bessemer Creek, Foxy Creek and Buck Creek Invertebrates

The detailed benthic invertebrate analysis for each creek is reported in Appendix II(a-c). Hallam and Kussat 1974 reported their results as the combined count of three samples and identifications were generally taken to the family level. For comparative purposes the 1982 and 1983 data have been reduced to a similar level (Appendix IIIa and b).

Ephemeroptera and Plecoptera, Trichoptera and Diptera as groups appear to generally indicate the affects of acid mine drainage (low pH and or high metal content) or sedimentation stressed streams. As such, the 1982 and 1983 results have been compared to the 1973 results at the order level of identification. Without specific information on the sensitivity of individual species or genera to low pH or metal concentrations, identification difficulties to determine species, sampling variability in obtaining density estimates, and lack of measurement of abiotic features (sediment particle size, velocity, organic/detritus content etc.) it is difficult to assess anything more than the obvious affects. Indeed, many of those requirements can only be fulfilled in highly controlled research studies.

Of the stations sampled by EPS in 1982 and 1983, only Bessemer Creek has been both continuously exposed to mine effluents and has a

historical data base to compare to. The Foxy Creek control site area (1982, 1983) was monitored in 1973 but there hasn't been any activity upstream of that area from which to evaluate an impact. Treated acid mine drainage was not discharged to the Foxy Creek system until 1984. Thus, the lower Foxy Creek benthic site results primarily form a data base for possible future assessments. Any differences between the two Foxy stations may or may not reflect the impact of the Equity development (construction, creek diversions, flow changes etc.) up to 1983. For Buck Creek, the control site area was sampled in 1973 but the downstream site was not. There is also some question as to the extent of exposure to mine discharge (Bessemer Creek) at the downstream Buck Creek site. This and the low gradient nature (beaver dams) of Buck Creek makes assessing station differences and the impact of the mine difficult.

The effect of the mine operation on the benthic invertebrates community of Bessemer Creek can be seen in Table 2. The reduction and/or elimination of Ephemeroptera and Plecoptera in 1982 plus a reduced Diptera fauna in 1982 reflect the acid conditions of the mine discharge (low pH, high metal content) plus any sedimentation affects (Table 3). In 1983, there were no Ephemeroptera or Plecoptera but the Diptera density was comparable to 1973. While the pH levels in 1983 were not low ($\text{pH} > 6.15$) and extreme heavy metal levels were not detected, the habitat was unsuitable for Ephemeroptera and Plecoptera. Subsequent to the 1982/83 benthic studies, the mines silt check dam was relocated to the area of benthic sampling.

For the two control areas, which were sampled in 1973, Foxy Creek station F10-B and Buck Creek station BK10-B, the results were not unlike the 1973 results (Table 2). There were more Ephemeroptera recorded in 1982 and 1983 at both sites. Results for Foxy Creek upstream and downstream of the mine operation and Buck Creek upstream and downstream (at least during high runoff) of Bessemer Creek are shown in Table 4. There is nothing in the results to suggest any obvious impact from the mine on the invertebrate community.

TABLE 2 DENSITY AND PERCENT COMPOSITION OF SOME MAJOR INVERTEBRATE ORDERS FOR 1973, 1982 AND 1983

DENSITY (# / m ²)									
GROUP (Order)	FOXY CREEK			BESSEMER CREEK			BUCK CREEK		
	1973 (2)	1982 (F10-B)	1983 (F10-B)	1973 (9)	1982 (BS10-B)	1983 (BS10-B)	1973 (10)	1982 (BK10-B)	1983 (BK10-B)
Ephemeroptera (F)	179 (2)	348 (5)	883 (5)	200 (3)	4 (1)	0 (0)	86 (2)	568 (5)	286 (5)
Plecoptera (F)	62 (3)	180 (3)	218 (4)	18 (2)	0 (0)	0 (0)	64 (1)	45 (3)	44 (2)
Trichoptera (F)	62 (3)	15 (2)	18 (1)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	4 (1)	0 (0)
Diptera (F)	694 (5)	514 (5)	811 (5)	144 (2)	11 (2)	176 (1)	343 (4)	660 (3)	304 (2)
TOTAL SAMPLE	1174	1093	2084	469	15	242	695	1886	920

PERCENT COMPOSITION									
GROUP (Order)	FOXY CREEK			BESSEMER CREEK			BUCK CREEK		
	1973	1982	1983	1973	1982	1983	1973	1982	1983
Ephemeroptera	15	32	42	43	27	0	12	30	31
Plecoptera	5	17	10	4	0	0	9	2	5
Trichoptera	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	< 1	0
Diptera	59	47	39	31	73	73	49	35	33
Combined % of Total Sample	84	97	92	78	100	73	70	68	69

(F) = Number of families, total sample from Appendix III(b)

TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF WMB WATER QUALITY DATA FOR 1982 AND 1983 - LOWER BESSEMER CREEK (0700081)
AND UPPER SILT CHECK (0400762)

0 7 0 0 0 8 1 *										
1982					1983					
TIME PERIOD	pH	d Cu (mg/l)		d Zn (mg/l)	TIME PERIOD	pH	d Cu (mg/l)		d Zn (mg/l)	
		<u>x</u>	range	<u>x</u>			<u>x</u>	range	<u>x</u>	range
<u>WMB</u>										
Apr. 20 - Jun. 15	3.4- 5.3	.07 - 7.8		.05 - 4.53	Jan. 4 - Jul. 26	6.15 - 7.75	.057 29	.003 - .32	.162 29	.022 - .53
n =	4	5		5						

0 4 0 0 7 6 2 *									
1982									
TIME PERIOD		pH		d Cu (mg/l)		d Zn (mg/l)			
				<u>x</u>	range	<u>x</u>	range		
Jan. 18 - May 11		2.9 - 5.2		6.7	1.63 - 30.1	4.8	2 - 18		
n =		16			14			15	

* Waste Management Branch data on file at EPS

TABLE 4 MEAN DENSITY AND PERCENT COMPOSITION OF MAJOR INVERTEBRATE ORDERS FOR 1982 AND 1983
- FOXY CREEK AND BUCK CREEK

MEAN DENSITY (# / m ²)								
	FOXY CREEK				BUCK CREEK			
	1982		1983		1982		1983	
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK10-B	BK20-B
Ephemeroptera	348 198-499	99 4-194	883 75-1692	374 - to 923	568 197-939	264 - to 549	286 - to 669	81 - to 313
Plecoptera	180 13-347	73 - to 202	220 - to 528	103 - to 213	44 - to 91	84 - to 172	44 - to 91	15 - to 30
Trichoptera	15 -* to 30	-	54 - to 626	18 - to 175	242 - to 485	4 - to 19	-	-
Diptera	513 259-767	114 - to 346	810 247-1373	297 - to 607	660 489-831	1342 165-2518	304 17-591	441 - to 1514
SAMPLE TOTAL	1089	348	2086	1129	1876	2082	920	547
95% LIMITS	994-1184	151-546	424-3748	91-2168	1150-2600	935-3230	370-1470	- to 1884
PERCENT COMPOSITION								
	FOXY CREEK				BUCK CREEK			
	1982		1983		1982		1983	
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK10-B	BK20-B
Ephemeroptera (F)	32 (5)	28 (5)	42 (5)	33 (4)	30 (5)	13 (5)	31 (5)	15 (2)
Plecoptera (F)	17 (3)	21 (3)	11 (4)	9 (3)	2 (3)	6 (3)	5 (2)	3 (1)
Trichoptera (F)	1 (2)	- (0)	3 (1)	2 (2)	13 (1)	1 (1)	- (0)	- (0)
Diptera (F)	47 (5)	33 (4)	39 (5)	26 (4)	35 (3)	64 (5)	33 (2)	81 (2)
COMBINED % OF TOTAL SAMPLE	97	82	95	70	80	84	69	99

(F) = Number of Families

-* = negative value for 95% limits

REFERENCES

- Bell, H.L. Effect of Low pH on the Survival and Emergence of Aquatic Insects. Water Research 5: 313-319 (1971).
- Bell, H.L. and A.V. Nebeker. Preliminary Studies on the Tolerance of Aquatic Insects to Low pH. Journal of the Kansas Entomological Society 42: 230-236 (1969).
- Bustard, D. Assessment of Benthic Invertebrate and Juvenile Fish Populations in Foxy and Buck Creeks, September 1984. Report prepared for Equity Silver Mines Ltd. (1984).
- Derkson, G.A., M. Ross and M. Jones. Water Quality Data Collected by the Environmental Protection Service July 1982 and 1983 Relative to Equity Silver Mine, Houston, B.C., Environmental Protection Service Regional Program Report No. 85-08 (1985).
- Gaufin, A.R. Water Quality Requirements of Aquatic Insects. Prepared for U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-660/3-73-004 (1973).
- Gauss, J.D., P.E. Woods, R.W. Winner and J.H. Skillings. Acute Toxicity of Copper to Three Life Stages of Chironomus tentans as Affected by Water Hardness - Alkalinity. Environmental Pollution (Series A) 37: 149-157 (1985).
- Hallam, R. and R. Kussat. A Biological Survey of the Watershed Adjacent to a Proposed Mine Site Near Houston, B.C. Environmental Protection Service Surveillance Report EPS 5-PR-74-4 (1974).

NCASI. The Relationship Between Fine Sediment and Macroinvertebrate Community Characteristics - A Literature Review and Results from NCASI Fine Sediment Studies. Technical Bulletin No. 418 (1984).

Nehring, R.B. Aquatic Insects as Biological Monitors of Heavy Metal Pollution. Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology 15: 147-154 (1976).

Roback, S.S. and J.W. Richardson. The Effects of Acid Mine Drainage on Aquatic Insects. Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila 12: 81-107 (1969).

Spear, P.A. Zinc in the Aquatic Environment: Chemistry, Distribution and Toxicology. NRCC No. 17589 (1981).

Spear, P.A. and R.C. Pierce. Copper in the Aquatic Environment: Chemistry, Distribution and Toxicology. NRCC No. 16454 (1979).

Tomkiewicz, S.M. Jr. and W.A. Dunson. Aquatic Insect Diversity and Biomass in a Stream Marginally Polluted by Acid Strip Mine Drainage. Water Research 11: 397-402 (1977).

Warner, R.W. Distribution of Biota in a Stream Polluted by Acid Mine Drainage. The Ohio Journal of Science 71: 202-215 (1971).

Weed, C.E. and C.W. Rutschky III. Benthic Macroinvertebrate Community Structure in a Stream Receiving Acid Mine Drainage. Proceedings of the Pennsylvania Academy of Science 46: 41-47 (1972).

Winner, R.W., M.W. Boesel and M.P. Farrell. Insect Community Structure as an Index of Heavy-Metal Pollution in Lotic Ecosystems. Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 37: 647-655 (1980).

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The invertebrate samples were identified by Mr. John Keays, Powell River, B.C. Thanks are extended to Mr. B. Kelso for reviewing this report.

APPENDIX I(a)

SUMMARY OF INVERTEBRATE TOXICITY DATA - pH

INVERTEBRATE GROUP	\bar{x} 96-h LC ₅₀		LC ₅₀				50 % EMERGENCE SUCCESS
	\bar{x}	single	30-d	48-d	68-d	90-d	
Stoneflies (Plecoptera)							
<u>Taeniopteryx maura</u>	3.25		3.71				5.0
<u>Acroneuria lycorias</u>	3.32		3.85				5.0
<u>Acroneuria parallela</u>	5.33						
<u>Acroneuria pacifica</u>						5.8	
<u>Isogenus frontalis</u>	3.68		4.50				6.6
<u>Isogenus aestivalis</u>	5.15						
<u>Pteronarcys dorsata</u>	4.25		5.00				5.8
<u>Pteronarcys californica</u>	4.60					4.95	
<u>Pteronarcella badia</u>	4.37					4.52	
Mayflies (Ephemeroptera)							
<u>Stenonema rubium</u>	3.32						
<u>Ephemerella subvaria</u>	4.65		5.38				5.9
<u>Ephemerella doddsi</u>	5.13						
<u>Ephemerella grandis</u>					5.8		
<u>Leptophlebia</u> sp.	5.21						
<u>Hexagenia limbata</u>	5.90						
<u>Cinygula par</u>	6.04						
<u>Rithrogena robusta</u>	6.35						
<u>Heptagenia</u> sp.	6.18						
Caddisflies (Trichoptera)							
<u>Brachycentrus americanus</u>	1.5		2.45				4.0
<u>Hydropsyche betteni</u>	3.15		3.38				4.7
<u>Hydropsyche</u> sp.	3.34						
<u>Limnephilus ornatus</u>	2.83						
<u>Brachycentrus occidentalis</u>						4.3	
<u>Cheumatopsyche</u> sp.						4.52	
Dragonflies (Odonata)							
<u>Ophiogomphus rupinsulensis</u>	3.5		4.30				5.2
<u>Boyeria vinosa</u>	3.25		4.42				5.2
Trueflies (Diptera)							
<u>Simulium vittatum</u>	3.64					4.2	
<u>Atherix variegata</u>							

(summarized from Gaufin 1973, Bell 1971 and Bell and Nebaker 1969)

APPENDIX I(b) SUMMARY OF INVERTEBRATE TOXICITY DATA - Copper and Zinc

INVERTEBRATE GROUP	LC ₅₀ ** (mg/l)		REFERENCE
	Cu	Zn	
Stoneflies			
<u>Pteronarcys californica</u>	10.1-13.9 (96-h)	> 13.9 (96-h)	Nehring 1976
<u>Acroneuria lycorias</u>		32 (14-d)	Spear 1981
<u>Acroneuria lycorias</u>	8.3 (96-h)		Spear and Pierce 1979
Mayflies			
<u>Ephemerella grandis</u>	.18-.20 (96-h)	> 9.2 (96-h)	Nehring 1976
<u>Ephemerella subvaria</u>		16 (10-d)	Spear 1981
<u>Ephemerella subvaria</u>	.32 (96-h)		
Caddisflies			
<u>Hydropsyche betteni</u>	-	32 (11-d)	Spear 1981
	96-h EC ₅₀ * (ug/l)		
Dipteran			
<u>Chironomus tentans</u>			Gauss et al 1985
1st instar (soft water)	16.7	-	
(medium water)	36.5	-	
(hard water)	98.2	-	
4th instar (soft water)	211	-	
(medium water)	977	-	
(hard water)	1184	-	

*effective concentration when 50% of organisms immobilized

**lethal concentration to 50% of organisms (h = hour, d = day)

APPENDIX II(a)

DETAILED BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION FOR FOXY CREEK (#/m²)

Class Order Family Genera	1982						1983					
	F10-B			F20-B			F10-B			F20-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
Phylum Invertebrata												
Insecta												
UID (larvae)												
COLEOPTERA												
Dytiscidae												
<u>Agabus</u>												
<u>Coptotomus</u>												
<u>Hydroporus</u>												
Staphylinidae				0	0	11						
Elmidae												
<u>Heterlimnius</u>	11	11	11	0	0	11	11	11	110	110	110	77
COLLEMBOLA	0	0	11									
Smythuriidae	11	11	11									
EPHEMEROPTERA												
Baetidae												
<u>Baetis</u>												
<u>Baetis bi-tricaudatus</u>	0	0	22	22	11	22	11	11	0	33	396	231
Ephemerellidae												
<u>Ephemerella</u>	0	11	22	11	0	0						
<u>Ephemerella coloradensis</u>	11	0	22									
<u>Ephemerella doddsi</u>				0	11	0						
<u>Ephemerella inenmis-infrequens</u>	0	22	33									
<u>Drunella</u>												
<u>Serratella tibialis</u>							110	55	11	11	0	0
Heptageniidae	22	11	33				0	33	11	11	22	11
<u>Cinygula</u>	55	66	143	11	33	22	77	187	209	0	11	0
<u>Epeorus (Iron)</u>	0	0	11							11	11	0
Leptophlebiidae												
<u>Paraleptophlebia debilis</u>												
<u>Paraleptophlebia temporalis</u>	66	44	44	22	0	0	132	363	506			
Siphlonuridae												
<u>Ameletus</u>	198	132	77	44	66	11	209	253	429	33	55	0
<u>Siphlonurus</u>				11	0	0						

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(a) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982						1983					
	F10-B			F20-B			F10-B			F20-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
PLECOPTERA												
UID (larvae)	0	11	0	0	22	11	22	11	22	11	22	11
Chloroperlidae	11	0	0	22	88	44	77	66	297	33	99	66
Sweltsa	121	66	77	22	88	44	77	66	297	33	99	66
Nemouridae	11	22	11	0	0	0	11	22	0	22	33	0
Visoka cataractae	0	22	55	11	0	0	44	11	22	22	33	0
Zapada	11	0	66	0	22	0	0	11	0	11	0	0
Amphinemura												
Perlidae	0	0	11	0	22	0	0	11	0	11	0	0
Doroneuria	11	0	33	0	22	0	0	22	0	11	0	0
?Doroneuria												
Perlodidae												
Kogotus												
TRICHOPTERA												
UID (pupa)	11	11	0							264	198	33
Glossosomatidae												
Rhyacophilidae										11	11	0
Rhyacophila	11	0	0									
Rhyacophila ?vepsula												
Rhyacophila acropedes-vao	0	0	11				0	44	11	44	66	99
Limnephilidae												
Dicosmoecus	0	11	0									
Ecclisomyia bilera												
DIPTERA												
Ceratopogonidae	0	11	11	0	11	0	44	143	143	88	77	11
Chironomidae												
UID (larvae)				11	0	0	132	165	110			
UID (pupa)	0	22	0				22	0	11			
?Cryptochironomus							0	11	0			
Micropsectra	11	22	165	33	0	0	55	11	11	0	0	11
Polypeditum (Fallax)	0	0	11	0	0	11				11	11	0
Polypeditum (Pentapedilum)												
Tanytarsus				11	0	11						
T. pupa												
Zavrelia	374	297	88	33	11	22	88	264	352	187	198	22
Z. pupa	22	0	0							11	0	0
Diamesa												

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(a) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982						1983					
	F10-B			F20-B			F10-B			F20-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
DIPTERA												
Prodiamesa												
Corynoneura												
<i>Corynoneura (Corynoneura)</i>	22	33	22	22	0	0	11	22	0	0	11	0
<i>C. pupa</i>	11	121	11									
<i>Thienemanniella</i>												
<i>Cricotopus</i>							0	11	0	0	0	11
<i>C. pupa</i>							0	11	22			
<i>Cricotopus ?trifasciatus</i>							11	11	11	0	22	11
<i>C. ?trifasciatus pupa</i>												
<i>Cricotopus ?bicinctus</i>												
<i>Cricotopus (Isocladus)</i>												
<i>C. (Isocladus) pupa</i>												
<i>Eukiefferiella</i>							0	11	11	11	0	88
<i>Heterotrissocladus marcidus</i>							11	22	11			
<i>?Heterotrissocladus</i>							11	0	11			
<i>Metriocnemus</i>							11	0	0			
<i>Orthocladus (Orthocladus)</i>	11	22	33	11	0	0	121	187	44			
<i>O. (Orthocladus) pupa</i>							11	11	11			
<i>Psectrocadius</i>												
<i>Thienemannomyia</i>							0	11	11			
<i>T. pupa</i>												
<i>Culicidae</i>												
<i>Culicoides pupa</i>												
<i>Empididae</i>												
<i>?Weidemannia</i>	0	11	0	0	0	22						
<i>Hemerodromia</i>												
<i>Psychodidae</i>												
<i>Pericoma</i>												
<i>Ephydriidae</i>												
<i>Hydrellia</i>												
<i>Simuliidae</i>												
<i>UID (pupa)</i>	0	0	44				33	33	0	0	11	0
<i>Prosimulium onychodactylum</i>							0	11	0	22	0	0
<i>P. onychodactylum pupa</i>										22	22	0
<i>Tipulidae</i>												
<i>Dicranota</i>	22	11	0	55	0	11						
<i>Eriocera sp.</i>							0	66	11			

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(a) (Continued)

APPENDIX II(b)

DETAILED BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION FOR BESSEMER CREEK (#/m²)

Class Order Family Genera	1982			1983		
	BS10-B			BS10-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
Phylum Invertebrata						
Insecta						
UID (larvae)						
COLEOPTERA						
Dytiscidae						
<u>Agabus</u>						
<u>Coptotomus</u>						
<u>Hydroporus</u>						
Staphylinidae						
Elmidae						
<u>Heterlimnius</u>						
COLLEMBOLA						
Smythuridae						
EPHEMEROPTERA						
Baetidae						
<u>Baetis</u>						
<u>Baetis bi-tricaudatus</u>						
Ephemerellidae						
<u>Ephemerella</u>						
<u>Ephemerella coloradensis</u>						
<u>Ephemerella doddsi</u>						
<u>Ephemerella inenmis-infrequens</u>						
<u>Drunella</u>						
<u>Serratella tibialis</u>						
Heptageniidae						
<u>Cinygula</u>						
<u>Epeorus (Iron)</u>						
Leptophlebiidae						
<u>Paraleptophlebia debilis</u>						
<u>Paraleptophlebia temporalis</u>						
Siphlonuridae						
<u>Ameletus</u>						
<u>Siphlonurus</u>						
	11	0	0			

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(b) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982			1983		
	BS10-B			BS10-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
PLECOPTERA						
UID (larvae)						
Chloroperlidae						
Sweltsa						
Nemouridae						
Visoka cataractae						
Zapada						
Amphinemura						
Perlidae						
Doroneuria						
?Doroneuria						
Perlodidae						
Kogotus						
TRICHOPTERA						
UID (pupa)						
Glossosomatidae						
Rhyacophilidae						
Rhyacophila						
Rhyacophila ?vepsula						
Rhyacophila acropedes-vao						
Limnephilidae						
Dicosmoecus						
Ecclisomyia bilera						
DIPTERA						
Ceratopogonidae						
Chironomidae						
UID (larvae)	11	11	0	33	22	22
UID (pupa)						
?Cryptochironomus						
Micropsectra						
Polypedilum (Fallax)						
Polypedilum (Pentapedilum)						
Tanytarsus						
T. pupa						
Zavrelia						
Z. pupa						
Diamesa						
				22	0	0
				11	0	0

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(b) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982			1983		
	BS10-B			BS10-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
DIPTERA						
Chironomidae						
<i>Prodiamesa</i>						
<i>Corynoneura</i>						
<i>Corynoneura</i> (<i>Corynoneura</i>)						
<i>C. pupa</i>						
<i>Thienemanniella</i>						
<i>Cricotopus</i>						
<i>C. pupa</i>						
<i>Cricotopus ?trifasciatus</i>						
<i>C. ?trifasciatus pupa</i>						
<i>Cricotopus ?bicinctus</i>						
<i>Cricotopus (Isocladius)</i>						
<i>C. (Isocladius) pupa</i>						
<i>Eukiefferiella</i>						
<i>Heterotriassocladius marcidus</i>						
<i>?Heterotriassocladius</i>						
<i>Metricnemus</i>						
<i>Orthocladius (Orthocladius)</i>						
<i>O. (Orthocladius) pupa</i>						
<i>Psectrocladius</i>						
<i>Thienemannmyia</i>						
<i>T. pupa</i>						
<i>Culicidae</i>						
<i>Culicoides pupa</i>	0	11	0			
<i>Empididae</i>						
<i>?Weidemannia</i>						
<i>Hemerodromia</i>						
<i>Psychodidae</i>						
<i>Pericoma</i>						
<i>Ephydriidae</i>						
<i>Hydrellia</i>						
<i>Simuliidae</i>						
<i>UID (pupa)</i>						
<i>Prosimulium onychodactylum</i>						
<i>P. onychodactylum pupa</i>						
<i>Tipulidae</i>						
<i>Dicranota</i>						
<i>Eriocera sp.</i>						

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(b) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982			1983		
	BS10-B			BS10-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
DIPTERA <u>Eriocera fultonensis</u> <u>Tipula</u>						
Acari <u>Sperchon</u> <u>Unionicola</u>						
Crustacea CLADOCERA COPEPODA OSTRACODA						,
Phylum Annelida Oligochaeta Enchytraeidae Tubificidae Naididae <u>Naidium breviseta</u> <u>Nais communis</u>				0	22	176
Phylum Nematoda						
Phylum Mollusca Pelecypoda Bivalvia						
Phylum Coelenterata <u>Hydra</u>						

APPENDIX II(c)

DETAILED BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION FOR BUCK CREEK (#/m²)

Class Order Family Genera	1982									1983								
	BK10-B			BK20-B			BK40-B			BK10-B			BK20-B			BK40-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
Phylum Invertebrata										0	11	11						
Insecta																		
UID (larvae)																		
COLEOPTERA										0	11	0						
Dytiscidae	0	11	0							11	0	0						
<u>Agabus</u>				0	0	11												
<u>Coptotomus</u>				11	0	0												
<u>Hydroporus</u>							11	22	0									
Staphylinidae							88	0	0									
Elmidae	77	88	231	11	11	0												
<u>Heterlimnius</u>																0	33	0
COLLEMBOLA																		
Smynthuridae																		
Ephemeroptera																		
Baetidae																		
<u>Baetis</u>	44	22	0	0	66	66	0	44	11							0	0	11
<u>Baetis bi-tricaudatus</u>	0	0	11							22	55	33	11	99	0	0	187	242
Ephemerellidae										11	0	0				0	22	33
<u>Ephemerella</u>	33	33	0	11	22	33	0	22	0									
<u>Ephemerella coloradensis</u>																		
<u>Ephemerella doddsi</u>																		
<u>Ephemerella inermis-infrequens</u>																		
<u>Drunella</u>																		
<u>Serratella tibialis</u>	132	55	110	22	33	121									0	88	44	0
Heptageniidae	22	0	11	11	11	33									0	22	0	0
<u>Cinygula</u>																		
<u>Epeorus (Iron)</u>															33	22	55	
Leptophlebiidae																		
<u>Paraleptophlebia debilis</u>															0	11	0	
<u>Paraleptophlebia temporalis</u>	33	11	11	77	22	22												
Siphlonuridae															66	330	198	
<u>Ameletus</u>																		
<u>Siphlonurus</u>	385	275	517	55	44	110	88	44	0									

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(c) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982									1983								
	BK10-B			BK20-B			BK40-B			BK10-B			BK20-B			BK40-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
PLECOPTERA																		
UID (larvae)				0	22	0												
Chloroperlidae	11	0	0	33	0	11												
<u>Sweltsa</u>	22	22	22	66	77	22												
Nemouridae																		
<u>Visoka cataractae</u>																		
<u>Zapada</u>																		
<u>Amphinemura</u>				0	11	0	0	11	0									
Perlidae																		
<u>Doroneuria</u>																		
? <u>Doroneuria</u>																		
Perlodidae	22	0	0	0	0	0	11											
<u>Kogotus</u>	0	22	0															
TRICHOPTERA																		
UID (pupa)																		
Glossosomatidae																		
Rhyacophilidae																		
<u>Rhyacophila</u>																		
<u>Rhyacophila ?vepsula</u>																		
<u>Rhyacophila acropedes-vao</u>																		
Limnephilidae																		
<u>Dicosmoecus</u>																		
<u>Ecclisomyia bilera</u>	0	11	0	0	121	88	11											
DIPTERA																		
Ceratopogonidae	22	11	121	11	11	11												
Chironomidae																		
UID (larvae)	198	143	286	396	407	132	44	22	11	33	44	33	0	55	11	22	22	44
UID (pupa)				0	11	0				11	11	0				0	11	0
? <u>Cryptochironomus</u>																		
Micropsectra	308	374	209	308	187	154	0	11	11	275	77	88	0	0	11	0	11	0
Polypedilum (<u>Fallax</u>)	0	0	22		22	0	33			33	22	11	0	33	11	0	11	0
Polypedilum (<u>Pentapedilum</u>)																		
Tanytarsus	11	0	22				0	11	0	0	11	0				0	11	0
<u>T. pupa</u>																		
<u>Zavrelia</u>	0	22	11	0	0	11	0	11	0	22	22	11						
<u>Z. pupa</u>																		
<u>Diamesa</u>							0	11	0									

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(c) (Continued)

Class Order Family Genera	1982									1983								
	BK10-B			BK20-B			BK40-B			BK10-B			BK20-B			BK40-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3
DIPTERA																		
<u>Prodiamesa</u>	0	0	11							0	11	0	0	0	11	11	11	0
<u>Corynoneura</u>				11	0	0												
<u>Corynoneura (Corynoneura)</u>				11	0	0												
<u>C. pupa</u>				11	0	0												
<u>Thienemanniella</u>										0	11	11	0	0	11	55	33	33
<u>Cricotopus</u>	22	55	11							0	11	0	0	11	0	0	33	11
<u>C. pupa</u>										0	11	0	0	11	0			
<u>Cricotopus ?trifasciatus</u>													22	11	66			
<u>C. ?trifasciatus pupa</u>													0	11	11			
<u>Cricotopus ?bicinctus</u>													0	22	33	0	11	0
<u>Cricotopus (Isocladius)</u>										0	11	0	11	77	44	11	22	11
<u>C. (Isocladius) pupa</u>										0	11	0	0	22	0	0	0	11
<u>Eukiefferiella</u>				0	11	0				0	11	11	0	88	66	11	44	55
<u>Heterotriassocladius marcidus</u>				33	44	0				11	11	0						
<u>?Heterotriassocladius</u>										11	0	11						
<u>Metriocnemus</u>																		
<u>Orthocladius (Orthocladius)</u>	0	0	11	891	473	484				0	11	0	0	22	44			
<u>O. (Orthocladius) pupa</u>																		
<u>Psectrocladius</u>										0	11	0						
<u>Thienemannomyia</u>	11	0	22	55	110	0	22	0	0	11	11	0				0	11	0
<u>T. pupa</u>										0	0	11						
<u>Culicidae</u>																		
<u>Culicoides pupa</u>					0	55	0											
<u>Empididae</u>																		
<u>?Weidemannia</u>																		
<u>Hemerodromia</u>																		
<u>Psychodidae</u>																		
<u>Pericoma</u>																		
<u>Ephydriidae</u>							22	0	0									
<u>Hydrellia</u>																		
<u>Simuliidae</u>																		
<u>UID (pupa)</u>																		
<u>Prosimulium onychodactylum</u>																		
<u>P. onychodactylum pupa</u>																		
<u>Tipulidae</u>	11	0	11				11	11	0				11	11	0			
<u>Dicranota</u>	44	0	0	44	55	33												
<u>Eriocera sp.</u>																0	0	11

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX II(c)

(Continued)

APPENDIX III(a)

BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION AT FAMILY LEVEL (#/m²) - Individual Sample Analysis

- 30 -

	FOXY CREEK						BESSER CREEK						BUCK CREEK						
	1982			1983			1982			1983			1982			1983			
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	F20-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	
Invertebrata (Insecta) U10																			
Oligoptera	-	-	-	-	-														
Dytiscidae	-	-	-	-	-														
Staphylinidae	-	-	-	-	-														
Eumenidae	11	11	-	-	-														
TOTAL	11	11	-	-	-														
COLLEMBOLA	-	-	11	11															
Symphuridae	-	-	11	11															
TOTAL	-	11	22																
EPHEMEROPTERA																			
Baetidae	-	22	22	11	11	-	33	396	231	33	-	66	66	-	44	11	22	55	
Ephemerellidae	11	33	77	11	11	-	120	55	44	132	33	110	33	-	154	-	22	-	
Heptageniidae	77	77	187	11	33	-	22	220	22	44	11	22	22	-	22	-	11	-	
Leptophlebiidae	66	44	44	22	-	-	132	363	506	-	-	11	77	22	44	-	22	-	
Siphlonuridae	198	132	77	55	66	11	209	253	429	33	55	-	365	275	517	55	44	33	
TOTAL	362	286	407	121	121	55	549	902	1199	220	627	275	11	-	649	396	660	187	
PLECOPTERA																209	396	88	
Chloroperlidae	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	11	132	
Nemouridae	132	66	77	22	110	55	99	77	319	44	121	77	-	22	-	77	33	11	
Perlidae	22	44	132	11	-	-	55	33	22	33	-	11	-	-	-	11	11	22	
Perloidae	11	-	44	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	22	55	-	
TOTAL	165	121	253	33	132	55	154	143	363	77	154	77	-	-	-	110	44	33	
TRICHOPTERA	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	33	11	
Glossosomatidae	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	121	88	22	
Rhyacophilidae	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	121	
Tinephilidae	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	88	
TOTAL	11	22	11													-	11	-	22

CONTINUED...

	FOXY CREEK						BESSEMER CREEK						BUCK CREEK						
	1982			1983			1982			1983			1982			1983			
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK40-B		
	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	
DIPTERA	-	11	11	-	11	-	44	143	143	88	77	11	22	11	121	11	11		
Ceratopogonidae	-	528	550	341	154	11	77	484	748	616	220	242	143	11	111	352	66	66	165
Chironomidae	-	528	550	341	154	11	77	484	748	616	220	242	143	11	111	352	66	66	165
Quicidae	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Epididae	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Psychodidae	-	33	11	-	44	-	33	44	-	44	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Ephydriidae	-	33	11	-	55	-	11	-	66	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Simuliidae	-	33	11	-	55	-	11	-	66	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Tipulidae	-	33	11	-	55	-	11	-	66	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	561	583	396	209	22	110	572	1023	836	385	352	154	11	22	-	352	66	66	242
(Acar)																			
TOTAL																			
(Crustacea)																			
CLADOCERA																			
COPEPODA																			
OSTRACODA																			
TOTAL																			
Annelida (Oligochaeta)																			
TOTAL																			
Nematoda	-	11	11	-	44	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	33	11	-	
TOTAL	-	11	11	-	44	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	11	33	11	-	

CONTINUED...

	FOXY CREEK						BESSEMER CREEK						BUCK CREEK						
	1982			1983			1982			1983			1982			1983			
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	F20-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	
1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	
2																		2	
3																		3	
Noctilusca	11	-	-	-	11	22						110	160	121	11	-	11	-	33
TOTAL	11	-	-	-	11	22						110	160	121	11	-	11	-	33
Ceolenterata																			
TOTAL																			
GRAND TOTAL	1111	1045	1111	440	308	297	1362	2244	2662	1122	1551	715	22	22	352	88	286	1793	
																		1634	
																		2200	
																		2607	
																		1903	
																		1737	
																		297	
																		220	
																		33	
																		891	
																		1155	
																		715	
																		99	
																		1144	
																		399	
																		66	
																		594	
																		825	
X TOTAL	1009	348	2086	1129	15	242	1876	2082	183	920	547	495							

APPENDIX III(b)**BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION AT FAMILY LEVEL (#/m²) - Combined Count of Three Samples**

- 33 -

	FOXY CREEK				BESSEMER GREEK				BUCK CREEK			
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK40-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK40-B
<u>Invertebrata</u> (Insecta)										7		
COLEOPTERA										4	7	4
Dytiscidae			4	44	99					132	7	15
Staphylinidae	11	4										29
Elmidae												
TOTAL	11	8	44	99						136	14	55
CALIBRILLA												
Symphuridae			4									
TOTAL			11									
EPHEMEROPTERA												
Baetidae	7	18	7	220						26	44	147
Ephemerellidae	40	7	73	99						121	81	44
Heptageniidae	114	22	172	26						11	29	11
Lentophlebiidae	51	7	334	4						18	40	40
Siphlonuridae	136	44	297	29						392	70	198
TOTAL	348	98	883	374	4					568	264	69
PLECOPTERA											7	
Chloroperlidae	4	62	165	81						26	70	
Nemouridae	66	4	34	18						4	4	
Perlidae	18	7	4	4						15	4	
Perlodidae			15									
TOTAL	180	73	218	103						45	85	44
											15	29

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX III(b)**BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION AT FAMILY LEVEL (#/m²) - Combined Count of Three Samples****- 34 -**

		FOXY CREEK		BESSEMER CREEK		BUCK CREEK	
		1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BK10-B
TRICHOPTERA	7			165			
Glossosomatidae	4		18	77		4	77
Rhyacophilidae	4						
Limnephilidae							
TOTAL	15		18	242		4	77
DIPTERA							
Ceratopogonidae	7	4	110	59	51	11	
Chironomidae	473	81	616	202	583	1261	297
Culicidae	4	7	33	11	4	18	235
Epididae							158
Psychodidae							
Ephydriidae							
Simuliidae	15	22	26	26	26	44	7
Tipulidae	15		26				7
TOTAL	514	114	811	298	11	176	660
(Acar)							
	4	37	7		37	33	15
TOTAL	4	37	7		37	33	15
(Crustacea)							
CLADOCERA	18						
COPEPODA	4						
OSTRACODA	11	44	7		4	7	
TOTAL	33	44	7		235	48	99
					239	55	99

CONTINUED...

APPENDIX III(b)**BENTHIC INVERTEBRATE COMPOSITION AT FAMILY LEVEL (#/m²) - Combined Count of Three Samples**

	FOXY CREEK			BESSEMER CREEK			BUCK CREEK		
	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1982	1983	1983
	F10-B	F20-B	F10-B	F20-B	BS10-B	BS10-B	BK10-B	BK20-B	BK40-B
Annelida (Oligochaeta)					66	51	224		114
TOTAL	18				66	51	224		114
Nematoda	7		18			4	18	4	18
TOTAL	7		18			4	18	4	18
Mollusca	7		11			130	4	4	40
TOTAL	7		11			130	4	4	40
Coelenterata						7			
TOTAL						7			
GRAND TOTAL	1093	348	2084	1130	15	242	1881	2115	190
									547
									496

*Note: #/m² determined from total #per 3 m² divided by 3.