EL1050272C

REF EPS PR 9.6 - 02 c.2

ENVIRONMENT CANADA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SERVICE PACIFIC & YUKON REGION WHITEHORSE, YUKON

BASELINE STUDY OF SEDIMENTS OF EAST, FAULT, FINLAYSON, GEONA AND SOUTH CREEKS (KUDZ ZE KAYAH PROJECT) YUKON

Regional Program Report No. 96-02

by

D. Davidge and R. Snider

December, 1996

ABSTRACT

In August of 1995, staff from the Yukon Division of Environmental Protection conducted a baseline study of sediments in the Finlayson Creek area south of Ross River, Yukon. The study was conducted in response to Cominco Ltd.'s proposed mine development in the area at their Kudz ze Kayah mining property on Geona Creek, a tributary of Finlayson Creek.

Sediment samples were collected from fourteen sites within the proposed development area. High levels of arsenic, cadmium, lead and zinc were reported along the upper reaches of Geona Creek, in Geona Creek near the ore deposit and in Fault Creek. The metals concentrations in stream sediments from the lower reaches of Geona Creek were relatively low. East Creek, a tributary to Finlayson Creek downstream of the Geona Creek confluence, had high concentrations of arsenic and zinc indicating the possibility of other small sources of metals in the area.

The high metal concentrations naturally present within the Finlayson Creek watershed reflect the effects of the mineralization in the area. Since the tailings would potentially be acid generating, careful mine planning and proper tailings impoundment design are particularly important in future development at the Kudz ze Kayah property.

<u>Résumé</u>

En août 1995, une étude de base des sédiments dans la région du ruisseau Finlayson, au sud de Ross River au Yukon, a été conduite par des employés de la division du Yukon de la Protection de l'Environnement. L'étude fût menée en réponse au projet de développement minier (Kudz Ze Kayah) proposé par Cominco Ltd. sur le ruisseau Geona, un tributaire du ruisseau Finlayson.

Les échantillons de sédiments ont été recoltés à quatorze stations près du projet minier. De haut niveaux d'arsenic, cadmium, plomb et zinc on été reportés le long du ruisseau Geona et Fault, près du dépôt minier. Les concentrations de métaux dans les sédiments des stations en aval du dépôt minier étaient relativement basses. Le ruisseau East, un tributaire du ruisseau Finlayson, en aval de Geona, avait de hautes concentrations d'arsenic et de zinc, indiquant la possibilité de nouvelles sources de métaux dans les environs.

Les taux de métaux présents naturellement indiquent les effets de la minéralisation dans la région. Puisque les résidus miniers sont potentiellement générateurs d'acide, un planification minière soignée et une conception appropriée de la digue retenant les résidus miniers sont particulièrement important dans le developement du projet Kudz Ze Kayah.

- iii -

•

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE

.

ABSTRACT	i
RÉSUMÉ	ii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iii
LIST OF TABLES AND FIGURES	iv
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
2.0 STUDY AREA	2
3.0 METHODS	7
4.0 RESULTS/CONCLUSIONS	8
REFERENCES	10
APPENDIX I STREAM SEDIMENT DATA	11

LIST OF FIGURES AND TABLES

FIGURE		<u>PAGE</u>
1	LOCATION OF STUDY AREA	3
2	STATION LOCATIONS	6
TABLE		
1	SAMPLE STATION DESCRIPTIONS	4

- iv -

• .

1.0 <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

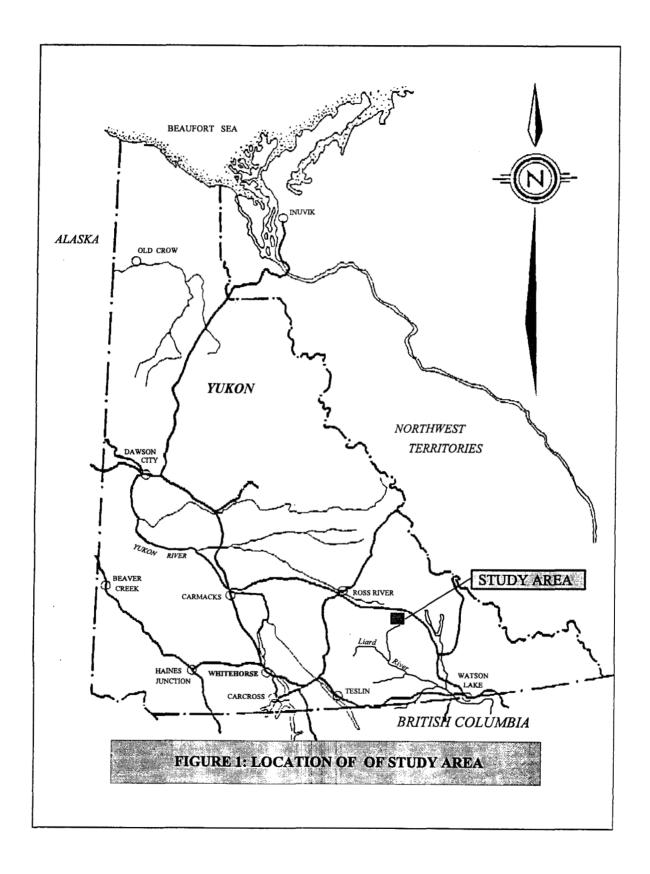
In August, 1995, staff from Environmental Protection (Yukon Division) conducted a baseline study of stream sediments in the Finlayson Creek watershed. The purpose of this study was to characterize the site conditions prior to development and update the baseline sediment database. Sediment samples were collected from East, Fault, Finlayson, Geona, and South Creeks. The selection of sample station locations within the study area were based on the mine development plans being proposed by the mining company, Cominco Limited. Most of the sample locations were in close proximity to the sample stations reported by Cominco Ltd. in their Initial Environmental Evaluation (Cominco Ltd., 1996).

Cominco plans to develop an open pit mine, ore concentrator and infrastructure associated with the mines operation at the Kudz ze Kayah property. They plan to mine 1,080,000 tonnes of ore per year for the production of saleable copper, lead and zinc concentrates. The tailings from the mine are expected to range from strongly potentially acid generating (SPAG) to potentially acid consuming rock (Cominco Ltd., 1996). The mine development will result in the complete alteration of the upper reaches of Geona Creek. The tailings pond effluent will discharge to the Geona and Finlayson Creek systems. Consideration by the mine compnay has also been given to discharging water from the pit dewatering system to South Creek.

2.0 STUDY AREA

The Kudz Ze Kayah ore deposit is located approximately 110 km south-east of Ross River (see Figure 1). The site is currently accessed by a 24 km all weather access road at km 220 of the Robert Campbell Highway. The area lies on the northern edge of the Pelly Mountains and is characterized by moderate terrain with generally open valleys and gentle slopes (Cominco Ltd.; 1996). The drainage area that is directly effected by the project is Geona Creek a tributary of Finlayson Creek.

The station numbering corresponds to those used by the company in their Initial Environmental Evaluation. A total of fourteen samples stations were established, of which twelve were in close proximity to existing sample sites. Station 7 was relocated downstream from it's original location to accommodate the proposed tailings pond area. An additional Station (EP1), which was not sampled in the environmental evaluation by Cominco Ltd., was added to characterize seepages from the west valley wall of Geona Creek within the mining area. Please refer to Table 1 for a descriptions of the stations and to Figure 2 for the sample station locations.



- 3 -

· .

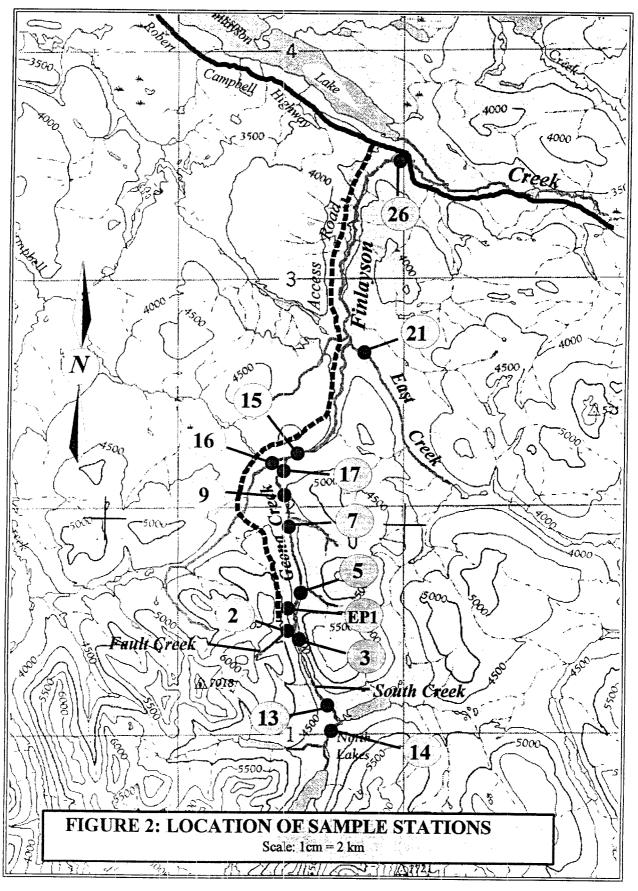
Station	Location	Comments
14	South Creek u/s of North Lake.	Wide creek composed of pond and riffle areas; boulders covered with fine sediments and algae; alpine vegetation.
13	South Creek at staff gauge.	Creek 1 m wide and 0.3 m deep; stream bed composed of boulders and fine sediments; grass and willows on both sides of creek. Staff gauge reading was 0.28 m.
3	Unnamed west-side tributary to Upper Lake in Geona Creek	Gravel and organic matter on creek bottom; dwarf birch and willow vegetation.
2	Fault Creek at staff gauge.	Creek 1.5 m wide and 5 cm deep; gravel bottom with little vegetation
EP1	Tote Road d/s of fuel tanks and culvert.	Upstream disturbances noticed; flow braided; creek 0.2 m wide.
5	Geona Creek u/s of weather station.	Creek enlarged in sample area; 2 m wide and 0.3 to 0.45 m deep; reduced water flow; sediments covered with iron hydroxide (red) coating; bed consists of fine sediments and gravel. Black band of sediment in the bottom of the core sampler noticed, indicates sulphate reduction.
7	Geona Creek, sample site relocated d/s to accommodate tailings pond area.	Vegetation in area consists of willows low shrubs; deep incised creek; bank 0.6 m high 0.75 m wide and 0.3 to 0.45 m deep; large boulders in creek; stream sediment characteristics influenced by bank erosion.

Station	Location	Comments
9	Geona Creek near staff gauge.	Bank being under cut; vegetation on both sides; creek 1 m wide; cobble riffle area. Staff gauge reading indicated that the creek was approximately 0.3 to 0.45 m deep.
17	Geona Creek immediately u/s of Finlayson.	Moss covered bottom; creek 2.5 m wide and 0.5 m deep at centre.
16	Finlayson Creek immediately u/s of Geona.	Creek 4 metres wide; 7- 10 cm deep with cobble on bottom.
15	Finlayson Creek d/s of Geona and Finlayson confluence.	Cobble noticed in riffle area; creek approximately 3.5 m wide.
21	East Creek near confluence with Finlayson.	Brownish red sediments encountered 300 to 500 m u/s of Geona Creek confluence. Large boulder with gravel and fines formed small island in creek; moss covered boulders noticed. Left side of island Willows and hanging vegetation present; water green-grey in colour; creek 2 m wide and 0.6 m deep; fast flowing. Right side of island Creek 2.5 m wide and 0.2 m deep; less hanging vegetation on this side of the island.
26	Finlayson Creek u/s of Campbell Highway.	Creek 6 to 7 m wide; riffle area noticed; gravel, cobbles and sands present on creek bed; some snags across the creek; willow and grass along the banks; coniferous vegetation surrounding creek.

- 5 -

-

-



3.0 METHODS

Environmental Protection staff collected sediment samples from the sample stations on August 29, 1995. All sites were accessed by helicopter, however, an all weather road does provide for access to many of the sample sites. Four replicate sediment samples were collected at each station using a plexiglass core tube. Each individual sediment grab sample was placed in acid washed 250 ml glass jar. Sediment samples below the 63 µm fraction size were later analyzed for the following metal concentrations:

Aluminium (Al)	Copper (Cu)	Silicon (Si)
Antimony (Sb)	Iron (Fe)	Silver (Ag)
Arsenic (As)	Lead (Pb)	Sodium (Na)
Barium (Ba)	Magnesium (Mg)	Strontium (Sr)
Beryllium (Be)	Manganese (Mn)	Tin (Sn)
Cadmium (Cd)	Molybdenum (Mo)	Titanium (Ti)
Calcium (Ca)	Nickel (Ni)	Vanadium (V)
Chromium (Cr)	Phosphorous (P)	Zinc (Zn)
Cobalt (Co)	Potassium (K)	

Sediment samples were submitted to the Pacific Environmental Science Centre in Vancouver for metals analysis and fixed and volatile residue analysis (SFR and SVR).

Sampling protocols and Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) for field sampling were carried out in accordance with the "Sampling for Water Quality" (Environment Canada, 1983) and "The Inspector's Field Sampling Manual" (Environment Canada, 1995).

Systematic error and sample contamination during analysis at the Pacific Environmental Science Centre are minimised through duplicate analysis, procedural blanks and the use of standard reference materials. Internal lab quality control is carried out routinely in all water and sediment analysis before results are released.

4.0 <u>RESULTS/CONCLUSIONS</u>

The sediment metal analysis is provided in Appendix I. The total ICP metal concentrations, fixed residue and volatile residue and the average and standard deviation of the replicate samples are reported (the number of samples per site = 4). In addition, a reference standard (NTS 1646) was analyzed in triplicate for ICP metal and included in Appendix I.

Total metals concentrations for arsenic, cadmium, lead, and zinc at Stations 13 and 14 on South Creek were low relative to other sites sampled in the study area. The upper reaches of Geona Creek and the surrounding area had high levels of all or a combination of arsenic, cadmium, lead, and zinc. Station 3, an unnamed tributary of Geona Creek along the west valley wall, reported cadmium, lead and zinc levels of 9.63, 147 and 1607 μ g/g, respectively. Station EP1 along the access road upstream of the road culvert had elevated values of arsenic, cadmium, lead and zinc of 102.8, 10.78, 211 and 2617 μ g/g, respectively. The zinc concentration at station EP1 was the highest of all stations sampled. However, the high metal levels at station EP1 could be at least in part caused by the upstream disturbances. Station 5, farther downstream on Geona Creek, had elevated levels of cadmium, lead and zinc of 10.68, 115 and 1514 μ g/g, respectively. Station 2, along Fault Creek displayed elevated zinc levels of 482 μ g/g.

Stations 9 and 17 along Geona Creek reported some high metal levels. Station 9 had levels of arsenic, cadmium and zinc of 125.3, 12.23 and 844 μ g/g, respectively. Station 17 displayed levels of 13.25 and 1256 μ g/g of cadmium and zinc, respectively. The high concentrations at the stations along Fault and Geona Creek indicate that the area is being directly impacted by the ore body.

At Finlayson creek, immediately downstream of the confluence with Geona Creek (station 15), the metal levels were lower, with cadmium and zinc concentrations of 5.88 and 496 μ g/g respectively. The lower values were expected since Finlayson Creek upstream of Geona Creek confluence did not display high levels of either arsenic, cadmium, lead or zinc.

Based on the metal concentrations observed in the downstream section of Geona Creek it was predicted that station 7 would also have high levels. However, the concentrations of most metals at station 7 were among the lowest of all the stations sampled. The low values are likely the result of the dilution

- 8 -

of the existing sediments due to the recent introduction of terrestrial soil into the stream as a result of stream bank erosion.

East Creek showed levels of arsenic and cadmium of 187.5 and 3.50 μ g/g, respectively. Although East Creek is several kilometers from where the main mineralized deposit is located on Geona Creek, the sediment metals results from Station 21 indicate that other mineralization may occur nearby. The cadmium values were the highest reported at all of the stations sampled.

The high concentrations of arsenic, cadmium, lead and zinc at many of the stations indicate that East, Fault, Finlayson and Geona Creeks are influenced by the Kudz ze Kayah mineral deposit and possible other deposits in the area. Development of the ore body by Cominco Limited may potentially increase the heavy metals concentrations in stream sediments. Preventative measures may be required to mitigate impacts from any future mine development.

- 10 -

REFERENCES

Cominco Ltd., Initial Environmental Evaluation, Kudz Ze Kayah project, Yukon Territory. Volume 1. February, 1996.

Environment Canada, Conservation and Protection Laboratory Standard Operating Procedures Manual, 1992 Update.

Environment Canada, <u>Sampling for Water Ouality</u>, Water Quality Branch, Inland Waters Directorate, Ottawa, 1983.

Environment Canada, <u>The Inspector's Field Sampling Manual</u>, Environment Canada, 1995.

APPENDIX I

•

.

Stream Sediment Data

SEDIMENT ANALYSIS FOR AUGUST 29, 1995

APPENDIX 1 TABLE 1

ICP Total Fe (ug/g)	29825 1580	24983 1946	68850 30768	34910 2190	72200 10729	29045 5161	41963 3638	55433 2529	48215 2746	65100 909	50550 33788	46925 2248	39800 2166	30033 767
2	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/-	* -/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Cu (ug/g)	39.2 3.5	71.7 15.3	88.9 12.0	26.2 1.9	56.9 8.8	23.4 3.7	31.0 3.4	51.7 3.3	44.2 4.4	45.8 2.2	25.2 3.1	53.4 6.0	104.5 9.0	16.9 0.5
(CP)	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+
ICP Total Cr (ug/g)	67 36	43 5	66 4	45 2	70 21	56 7	84 6	95 40	98 19	61 6	61 9	91 32	55	52 3
(CP	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Co (ug/g)	10.8 0.5	8.1 1.3	22.3 1.8	10.8 0.5	26.8 2.8	13. 4 2.3	15.9 1.0	24.1 1.3	20.4 1.4	24.8 1.1	20.8 1.2	17.3 0.8	15.1 1.2	7.9 0.3
(CP	-/+	-/+	-/+	· +	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Cd (ug/g)	3.2 0.3	9.6 5.0	10.7 5.4	0.9 0.2	12.2 1.7	1.4 0.6	0.9 0.1	5.9 1.9	2.0 0.5	13.3 1.3	3.5 0.4	1.6 0.1	10.8 2.3	0.7 0.0
ICP .	-+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Ca (ug/g)	9580 1606	8140 1533	9598 887	9410 437	19198 2197	13233 438	11550 1015	12838 1851	11525 310	15660 762	18673 1784	15210 1393	9820 550	4443 161
G	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	·/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Be (ug/g)	0.8 0.1	0.0 4.0	1.2	0.6 0.1	0.9 0.1	0.1 0.0	0.5 0.4	0.8 0.1	0.8 0.1	1.0 0.1	1.0 0.1	1.0 0.1	0.1 0.0	1.0 0.0
ICP	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Ba (ug/g)	189 17	374 108	700 274	151 26	775 172	571 128	499 73	587 75	334 24	937 41	731 35	748 172	442 69	80 11
СР СР	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total As (ug/g)	18.3 1.0	21.8 1.7	43.5 13.8	9.5 0.6	125.3 37.1	9.8 3.1	20.5 3.9	67.5 7.2	39.5 2.9	96.8 9.5	187.5 13.5	51.0 3.6	102.8 21.7	9.7 0.6
ICP	-/+	+/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-++	-/+
ICP Total Al (ug/g)	14180 1815	21963 3800	30723 3199	17475 878	17578 889	21048 2371	22335 721	19755 1726	20843 1000	19205 2057	16263 1314	24490 6040	25493 1877	29893 2411
9	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	+	+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+
· Total Ag (ug/g)	1.0 0.0	1.8 0.5	1.8 0.5	1.0 0.0	3.0 0.8	1.3 0.5	1.3	1.0 0.0	1.0	4.0 0.8	2.0 0.8	1.3 0.5	2.8 1.0	1.0 0.0
ICP Total Ag (ug/g)	× -¦+	-/+	-/+	v - <u>'</u> +	-/+	v - <u>'</u> +	× -/+	v -/+	× +	-/+	-/+	v - <u>'</u> +	-/+	× -∕+
Station	5	n	£	7	o,	13	14	15	16	17	21	26	EP1	Reference Standard (NTS1646)

. .

•

÷

SEDIMENT ANALYSIS FOR AUGUST 29, 1995

.

•

APPENDIX 1 TABLE 1

ICP Total Sn (ug/g)	21.0 12.5	7.0	7.0 0.0	7.0 0.0	10.0 5.4	7.0 0.0	7.0 0.0	21.3 26.5	16.0 4.7	7.0 0.0	9.8 4.9	19.0 22.0	7.0 0.0	7.0 0.0
ICP ICP	+	× ‡	۲ '	∨ <u>'</u> ∔	-/+	× -¦+	× - <u>'</u> +	-/+	-/+	× ¦∔	× ¦∔	× ‡	× ;∔	∨ <u>'</u> ∔
ICP Total Si (ug/g)	879 50	860 46	941 73	950 71	1440 175	901 12	930 50	1148 151	977 44	1121 161	1195 77	969 121	869 53	943 43
U L	-+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Sb (ug/g)	7.0 0.0	11.0 2.0	8.0 1.4	7.0 0.0	7.0 0.0	9.5 1.0	7.8 1.5	7.0 0.0	7.3 0.5	8.5 1.7	7.0 0.0	8.3 1.5	20.5 2.1	7.0 0.0
CP (CP	× +	-/+	× -/+	× -/+	∨ - <u>'</u> +	-/+	-/+	× ∔	v +	× ;∔	∨ '∔	× -¦	-/+	∨ ' <u>+</u>
ICP Total Pb (ug/g)	80 10 80	147 51	115 13	27 4	40 8	29 4	33 4	48 19	36 7	35 6	24 12	36 18	211 67	22
ICP	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total P (ug/g)	1225 96	1060 162	1350 195	2150 52	2788 332	2025 209	1700 26	2245 200	2018 128	2365 88	2248 56	1508 67	1353 130	567 15
Ö	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Ni (ug/g)	51 25	26 5	65 14	30	131 21	40	113 19	139 28	84 17	203 9	132 14	116 31	33	26 1
()	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Na (ug/g)	113 25	538 242	250 43	135 25	143 29	310 29	365 35	205 31	178 15	223 25	248 33	310 88	403 105	10567 153
ō	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Mo (ug/g)	6.0 2.7	1.8 0.5	2.8 1.3	2.0	7.0	2.0 1.2	3.5 0.6	8.0 4.7	5.5 1.3	7.3 1.9	1.5 1.0	4.3 1.9	2.0 0.0	1.7 0.6
ICP.	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	× -/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	× -¦+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Mn (ug/g)	904 69	362 47	3268 2628	473 60	9708 3091	1898 970	1727 743	5920 1381	1775 253	15875 1803	5052 1998	1686 278	967 299	261 9
<u>5</u>	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	* -/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Mg (ug/g)	6328 552	7720 404	12500 983	9013 390	10365 1228	8163 1047	11400 648	10503 832	12825 922	9398 663	9405 956	12958 2962	8585 491	9263 247
ō	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
,P Total K (ug/g)	5462 644	4355 1029	7882 943	2721 193	2934 344	3974 555	4539 69	3176 349	2973 274	3665 621	3164 405	6342 2540	4556 208	7358 792
*	-/+	'	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
Station	5	ю	ъ	7	თ	13	14	15	16	17	21	26	EP1	Reference Standard (NTS1646)

APPENDIX 1 TABLE 1

SEDIMENT ANALYSIS FOR AUGUST 29, 1995

SVR (mg/kg)) 20400 +/- 3161	74000 +/- 11039) 121500 : +/- 5802	0 40750 1 +/- 2004	105750 +/- 23928	48475 +/- 11678	112325 +/- 14192	1 ** 90733 +/- 10269	53850 +/- 9223	142500 +/- 8103	142250 +/- 15392	81733 +/- 6213	69300 +/- 8924	Not Done
SFR (mg/kg)	979500 3317	926000 11165	878500 5802	959250 1893	894250 23908	951500 11475	887750 14292	909333 10263	946000 9129	857500 8103	857750 15392	918000 918001	930500 8660	Not Done
	+	-/+	-/+	-+	-/+	-/+	-+	* +	+	+	+	-/+	-/+	2
ICP Totał Zn (ug/g)	482 19	1607 548	1514 233	265 12	844 190	214 44	188 9	496 118	188 10	1256 139	248 13	205 13	2617 219	116 1
	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total V (ug/g)	20	54 9	80	33	3 3	74	73 2	78 6	84 2	64 6	61 4	99 28	69 4	65 3
Ö	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-+	+	-/+	-/+
ICP Total Ti (ug/g)	958 265	2172 386	1902 278	1824 135	1103 148	3290 430	2506 421	1459 106	1881 239	1159 204	1030 184	832 149	3088 272	939 63
Q	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	* +	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+
² Total Sr (ug/g)	36	39 10	46 7	3 40	83	61	53	61 9	48 4	3 3 3	8 93	74 6	49 4	38 2
	+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-/+	-+	-/+	-/+	•/+	-/+	-/+
Station	N	e	S	2	თ	13	14	15	16	17	21	26	EP1	Reference Standard (NTS1646)

.