



The Daily

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MAJOR RELEASE

- **Labour Force Survey, May 1993**
Estimates show little overall change in employment and unemployment. In May, the unemployment rate remained at 11.4.

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DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENT

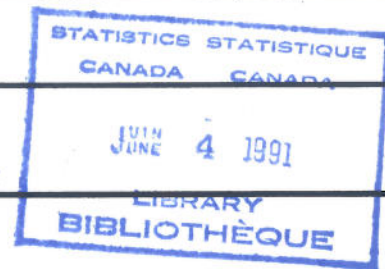
Oil Pipeline Transport, March 1993

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PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

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MAJOR RELEASE

Labour Force Survey

May 1993

Estimates from Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey for May 1993 show little overall change in employment and unemployment. The unemployment rate remained at 11.4.

Employment and Employment/population ratio

Seasonally Adjusted

For the week ending May 15, 1993, the seasonally adjusted estimate of employment was virtually unchanged at 12,332,000. An increase in part-time employment (+77,000) was offset by a decline in full-time employment (-78,000). The employment/population ratio edged down to 57.8 (-0.1).

Employment increased by 22,000 among adults, with a gain among women (+31,000) offset by a small decline among men.

The estimated level of youth employment decreased by 23,000, with full-time employment falling by 55,000 and part-time employment rising by 32,000. The shift from full-time to part-time employment occurred mainly among students planning to return to school in the fall. This reflects a trend in recent years of more part-time and fewer full-time summer jobs.

Among women aged 25 and over, full-time employment declined by 18,000 and part-time employment increased by 49,000.

Manufacturing employment fell by 37,000 in May, the first decline since October 1992. In contrast, trade employment rose by 44,000, following six consecutive monthly declines.

Employment increased by 15,000 in Alberta (+1.2%) and by 5,000 in Saskatchewan (+1.1%). Employment declined by 12,000 in British Columbia (-0.8%) and by 4,000 in Manitoba (-0.8%). There were no significant changes in the other provinces.

Unemployment and Participation Rate

Seasonally Adjusted

In May 1993, the seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment was little changed at 1,586,000. The unemployment rate remained at 11.4 and the participation rate edged down to 65.2 (-0.1).

The estimated level of unemployment rose by 15,000 for men and declined by 12,000 for adult women.

The unemployment rate rose by 0.6 for young men and declined by 0.3 for adult women.

The participation rate declined by 0.4 for youths and was unchanged for adults.

Levels and Rates of Unemployment for May 1993 and the Monthly Changes

	Level	Change	Rate	Change
	'000		%	
Newfoundland	46	0	19.7	-0.1
Prince Edward Island	12	+1	18.6	+2.0
Nova Scotia	62	+2	14.8	+0.4
New Brunswick	41	+2	12.2	+0.6
Québec	446	-12	13.1	-0.3
Ontario	573	-2	10.7	0.0
Manitoba	51	0	9.6	+0.1
Saskatchewan	38	-3	7.9	-0.6
Alberta	131	-5	9.5	-0.5
British Columbia	185	+13	10.8	+0.7

Year-over-year Changes

Unadjusted

Employment rose by 117,000 (+0.9%) from the level of a year ago. Nearly all of the increase was in part-time employment, up 109,000 (+5.3%).

Employment increased among adults (+186,000) but it fell among youths (-69,000).

Compared to last year, the estimated level of unemployment rose by 47,000 to 1,595,000 and the unemployment rate increased to 11.4 (+0.2).

Student Summer Employment

From May to September inclusive, data on the participation of students in the labour market are collected through the Labour Force Survey. Persons aged 15 to 24 who were attending school full-time in March 1993 are asked additional questions. This information is compiled for two categories of students: those who plan to return to school in the fall of 1993 (returning students) and those who do not plan to return at that time or are uncertain of their intentions.

Compared to a year earlier, the estimated number of returning students rose by 96,000 while employment was virtually unchanged. The employment/population ratio (the proportion of returning students who were employed) declined 2.3 to 40.8, continuing the downward trend that began in the summer of 1990. In May 1989, the ratio was 50.2.

The participation rate fell to 50.8 in May 1993 from 52.3 a year earlier, while the unemployment rate rose to 19.7 (+2.0).

The unemployment rate for returning students (19.7) was slightly higher than the rate for all youths (19.1).

Persons Not in the Labour Force November 1992

Among the 191,000 youths aged 15 to 24 who were neither students nor in the labour force in November 1992, 72% were women and just over half were mothers.

Over half of the young women and close to half of the young men who were outside both school and the labour force had not finished high school.

Among those aged 25 to 49 and not in the labour force, women outnumbered men four to one. Of these women, 60% reported that home and child care responsibilities kept them from looking for a job.

Men aged 25 to 49 had the largest growth in labour force non-participation between November 1989 and November 1992 (+33.5%). About 25% (48,000) were not currently looking for work because they were awaiting recall or waiting to start a job, while another 20% (39,000) were not currently looking for work because they felt no suitable work was available. Illness was reported as the main reason why 28% (53,000) were not currently looking for work.

Just over half of the 1.6 million persons aged 50 to 69 who were retired said that they had retired earlier than planned. Just over one-fifth (161,000) of these persons received a cash-out or an early retirement package in addition to regular retirement benefits.

The Survey of Persons Not in the Labour Force was conducted as a supplement to the November 1992 Labour Force Survey, in order to augment the amount of information available on persons who are neither employed nor unemployed. The 1993 April edition of *The Labour Force* (71-001), released on May 19, 1993, features an in-depth article on the findings from this survey.

Available on CANSIM at 7 a.m. E.D.T.: matrices 2074, 2075, 2078-2107 and table 00799999.

For summary information, available on the day of release, order *Labour Force Information* (71-001P, \$6.30/\$63). The May 1993 issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, \$17.90/\$179) will be available the third week of June. See "How to Order Publications".

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Labour Force Characteristics

	May 1992	April 1993	May 1993
		seasonally adjusted	
Labour Force ('000)	13,755	13,914	13,918
Employment ('000)	12,216	12,333	12,332
Unemployment ('000)	1,539	1,581	1,586
Unemployment Rate (%)	11.2	11.4	11.4
Participation Rate (%)	65.5	65.3	65.2
Employment/Population Ratio (%)	58.1	57.9	57.8
		unadjusted	
Labour Force ('000)	13,866	13,705	14,030
Employment ('000)	12,319	12,083	12,435
Unemployment ('000)	1,548	1,622	1,595
Unemployment Rate (%)	11.2	11.8	11.4
Participation Rate (%)	66.0	64.3	65.7
Employment/Population Ratio (%)	58.6	56.7	58.3

DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENT

Oil Pipeline Transport

March 1993

In March, net receipts of crude oil and refined petroleum products into Canadian pipelines increased 3.6% from March 1992 to 16 068 240 cubic metres (m³). Year-to-date receipts were 46 312 724 m³, up 2.8% from 1992.

Pipeline exports of crude oil decreased to 4 055 452 cubic metres, down 0.8% from March 1992. Pipeline imports rose to 955 390 cubic metres, up 10.3% from the same period last year. On a year-to-date basis, exports at the end of March 1993 amounted to 11 832 210 cubic metres, down 0.4%

from 1992, while year-to-date imports amounted to 2 779 677 cubic metres, up 8.4%.

Deliveries of crude oil by pipeline to Canadian refineries in March amounted to 5 326 668 cubic metres, an increase of 3.5% from 1992. Deliveries of liquid petroleum gases and refined petroleum products in March decreased 5.3% to 365 667 cubic metres.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 181.

The March 1993 issue of *Oil Pipeline Transport* (55-001, \$10/\$100) will be available the second week of June. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Gerard O'Connor (613-951-3562), Energy Section, Industry Division. ■



Statistics Canada's Official Release Bulletin for Statistical Information

Catalogue 11-001E. Price: Canada: \$120.00 annually; United States: US\$144.00 annually; Other Countries: US\$168.00 annually

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PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

Farm Cash Receipts, January-March 1993.

Catalogue number 21-001

(Canada: \$11/\$44; United States: US\$13.25/US\$53;
Other Countries: US\$15.50/US\$62).

**Production and Inventories of Process Cheese
and Instant Skim Milk Powder, April 1993.**

Catalogue number 32-024

(Canada: \$5/\$50; United States: US\$6/US\$60; Other
Countries: US\$7/US\$70).

Monthly Survey of Manufacturing, March 1993.

Catalogue number 31-001

(Canada: \$17.30/\$173; United States:
US\$20.80/US\$208; Other Countries:
US\$24.20/US\$242).

Rigid Insulating Board, April 1993.

Catalogue number 36-002

(Canada: \$5/\$50; United States: US\$6/US\$60; Other
Countries: US\$7/US\$70).

Cement, April 1993.

Catalogue number 44-001

(Canada: \$5/\$50; United States: US\$6/US\$60; Other
Countries: US\$7/US\$70).

Asphalt Roofing, April 1993.

Catalogue number 45-001

(Canada: \$5/\$50; United States: US\$6/US\$60; Other
Countries: US\$7/US\$70).

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The Daily, June 4, 1993

MAJOR RELEASE DATES

Week of June 7-11

(Release dates are subject to change)

Anticipated date(s) of release	Title	Reference period
June		
8	Canada-United States Volume and Price Comparisons Based on Purchasing Parities	
9	New Motor Vehicle Sales	April 1993
9	Farm Product Price Index	April 1993
10	Composite Leading Indicator	May 1993
10	Department Store Sales by Province and Metropolitan Area	April 1993
10	New Housing Price Index	April 1993
11	Travel Between Canada and Other Countries	April 1993