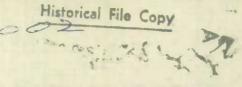
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shed by Authority of the Hon: James Malcolm, M.P. Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA AGRICULTURAL BRANCH

Dominion Statistician: R.H. Coats, B.A., F.S.S. (Hon), F.R.S.C. Chief, Agricultural Branch: F.J. Horning, B.A., F.S.S.

Ottawa, August 10, 1929, 12 noon. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics issues to-day under the authority of the Hon. James Malcolm, Minister of Trade and Commerce, a bulletin compiled from the returns of crop correspondents including farmers, bank managers, railway station agents and managers of grain elevators, giving (1) a preliminary estimate of the yield of fall wheat, fall rye, hay and clover and alfalfa (first cutting); (2) the condition of other field crops on July 31, expressed numerically in percentages of the decennial average; and (3) revised estimates of the acreage sown to the five principal grain crops of the three Prairie Provinces (wheat, oats, rye, barley and flax-seed), the areas now published representing the results obtained by the annual statistics collected in June last through the rural schools and post offices.

GENERAL CONDITIONS AT THE END OF JULY

Atlantic Provinces.— Haying is pretty general throughout the three provinces. This has been housed in good condition, although somewhat light owing to the very dry weather which has prevailed during the month. The pastures are poor and are badly in need of immediate rains. In fact, all crops are suffering somewhat from the dryness but the grain and potatoes are looking well and there are some prospects of good yields. The gardens seem to be in need of rain, more particularly. Cattle are in fine shape. Good prices hold for farm produce in New Brunswick.

Quebec.— The crops had a late start in the spring. June was a dry month throughout the province followed by rains in July. This has caused some damage to the crops, especially on low-lying lands, which are late in ripening. However, in many localities the rains have proved beneficial, especially to the potato crop which was suffering from drought. Although the grain in many parts is ripening somewhat prematurely, it has a good appearance and correspondents are unanimous in looking for a fair return at harvest. Eastern and northern Quebec are in need of immediate rains which will improve crop conditions considerably, although they are very good at present. The hay crop has been gathered in fine shape owing to the excellent hay weather. There has been little damage from disease or insects.

Ontario. Hay is a good crop, and has been harvested under ideal conditions. Grain and root crops have suffered from drought, but recent rains have relieved the situation considerably. Oats are short in straw. Although some damage to fall wheat from Hessian Fly has been reported, the crop is an excellent one. Pastures are poor owing to lack of rain.

Manitoba.— The lack of moisture and extreme heat which characterized July have resulted in disappointing conditions. A fairly general rain on July 19 made some improvement in the crops, while occasional, scattered showers were of benefit locally. Grain on summer fallow and new land withstood the drought well and in some districts will give fair yields. Crops on stubble are short and poorly filled, oats and barley being particularly bad. Pastures are poor and in many places the feed situation seems likely to be serious.

Saskatchewan. - Drought and hot weather were responsible for a considerable deterioration in the crops during July. The need of more moisture at the end of the month was reported from practically all parts of the province but more particularly the southern districts, where the feed situation in many sections is considered serious.

Alberta. - All crops continue to deteriorate from the drought and heat especially in central districts. Wheat on summer fallow has withstood the drought better than on stubble. Pastures are poor, and the feed situation is causing concern. Some difficulty may be experienced in harvesting owing to short dtraw.

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British Columbia .- The weather continues very warm and dry. Cutting of spring wheat and coarse grains is now becoming general. The cherry crop was one of the largest on record and was marketed in excellent condition. Heavy shipments of apricots are now going forward from the packing houses and the crop of apricots and peaches will be heavy.

YIELD OF FALL WHEAT, FALL RYE, HAY AND CLOVER AND ALFALFA

The average yield per acre of fall wheat in Canada is estimated at 26.6 bushels per acre, as compared with 24.5 bushels last year and with 24.9 bushels, the decennial average. On the harvested area of 920,653 acres, the total yield is 24,476,000 bushels, as compared with 20,054,000 bushels from 819,028 acres last year. In Ontario the preliminary estimate this year is 21,500,000 bushels from 779,000 acres, as compared with 16,766,000 bushels from 693,660 acres last year, the average yield per acre being 27.6 bushels, as against 24.2 bushels last year and 25.2 bushels, the ten-year average. In Alberta, the yield is estimated at 2,668,000 bushels from 128,253 acres, as against 2,900,000 bushels from 110,262 acres last year, while the average yield per acre is 20.8 bushels, as compared with 26.3 bushels last year and 21.3 bushels, the ten-year average. For British Columbia, the yield is 308,000 bushels from 13,400 acres, as against 388,000 bushels from 15,106 acres last year. The average yield per acre is 23.0 bushels, as against 25.7 bushels last year and 25.3 bushels, the ten-year average.

The total yield of fall rye in Canada is 10,424,000 bushels from 677,170

acres, as compared with 10,378,000 bushels from 599,158 acres last year. The average

yield per acre is 15.4 bushels, as against 17.3 bushels last year.

Hay and clover shows a total yield of 15,087,000 tons from 10,458,000 acres, as against 16,515,000 tons from 10,320,863 acres last year. The average yield per acre is 1.44 tons, as compared with 1.60 tons last year and 1.47 tons,

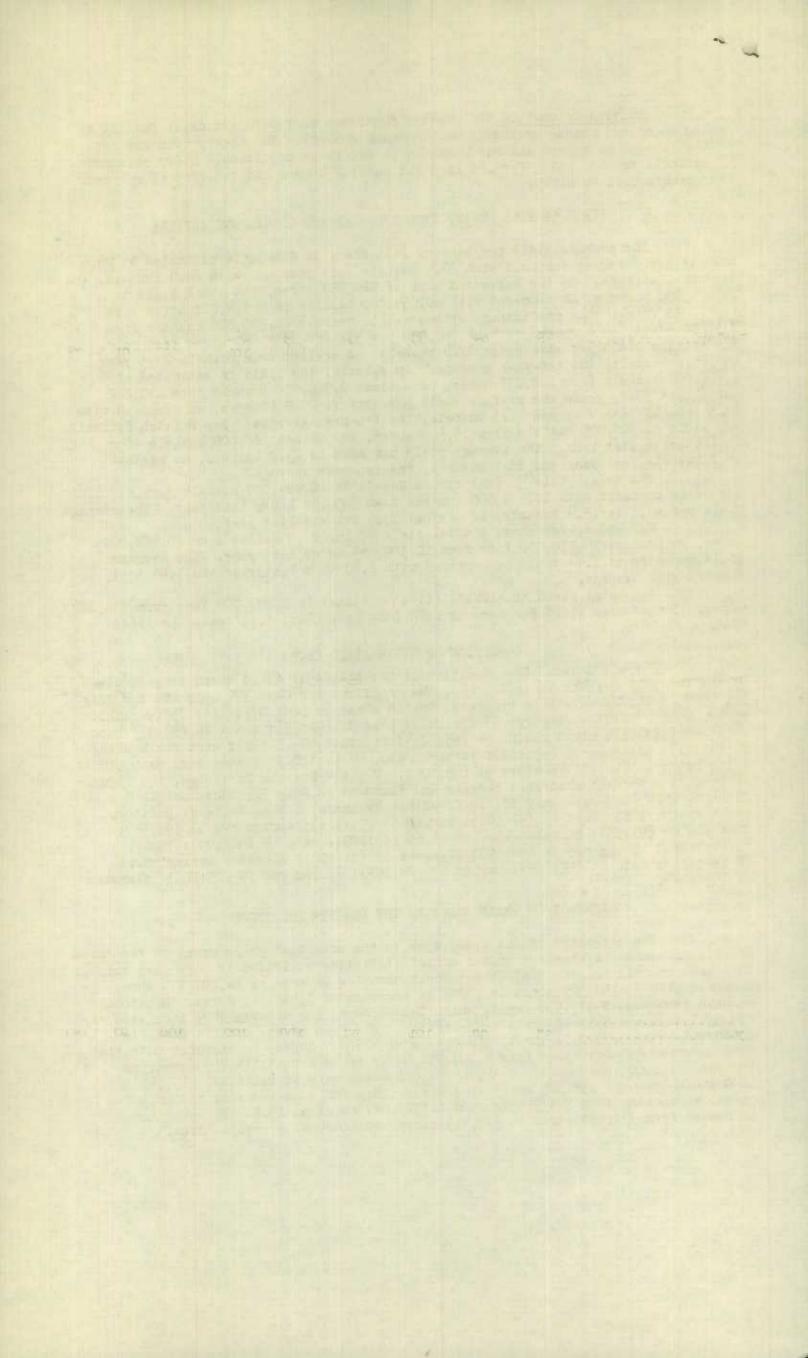
The total yield of alfalfa (first cutting) is 1,407,000 tons from 828,000 acres. The average yield per acre is 1.70 tons as against 1.75 tons, the first cutting in 1928.

CONDITION OF OTHER FIELD CROPS

For all Canada, the condition of the principal field crops in percentage of the ten-year average is as follows, the condition for June 30, 1929 and for July 31, 1928, being given within brackets: Spring wheat 66 (88;107); oats 73 (92;101); barley 69 (92;101); spring rye 73 (91;101); peas 91 (94;99); beans 98 (98;97); buck-wheat 96 (98;101); mixed grains 92 (95;103); flaxseed 65 (91;98); corn for husking 94 (95;91); potatoes 92 (95;102); turnips, etc. 94 (96;101); fodder corn 91 (95;95); sugar beets 97 (92;98); pasture 93 (99;105). For the Prairie Provinces, the figures of condition for the principal cereals and flaxseed on July 31, 1929, compared with June 30, 1929, and with July 31, 1928, within brackets, are as follows: Manitoba, wheat 71 (91;108); cats 63 (91;100); barley 66 (91;101); spring rye 73 (90;96); flaxseed 67 (91;93); Saskatchewan, wheat 65 (89;105); cats 58 (91;100); barley 63 (93;101); spring rye 74 (92;99); flaxseed 63 (91;100); Alberta, spring wheat 66 (84;111); cats 65 (86;104); barley 67 (86;104); spring rye 70 (85;106); flaxseed

ACREAGE OF GRAIN CROPS IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES

The estimates of the areas sown to the principal grain crops in the three Prairie Provinces as obtained by the annual statistics collected in June last through the rural schools are now available. Wheat occupies an area of 24,297,116 acres, as the rural schools are now available. Wheat occupies an area of 24,297,110 acres, as compared with 23,158,505 acres in 1928, an increase of 1,138,611 acres. Manitoba shows a decrease of 359,510 acres, while Saskatchewan and Alberta show increases of 654,432 acres and 843,639 acres respectively. The area under cats for grain is estimated to be 7,731,937 acres, a decrease of 425,474 acres, as compared with last year. Barley has increased from 4,104,250 acres in 1928 to 5,114,203 acres, an increase of 1,000,053 acres, of which 244,632 acres were in Manitoba, 607,141 acres increase of 1,009,953 acres, of which 244,632 acres were in Manitoba, 607,141 acres in Saskatchevan and 158,180 acres in Alberta. Rye shows an increase of 168,302 acres, increasing from 753,915 in 1928 to 922,217 acres in 1929. Flaxseed has increased from 367,385 acres to 373,415 acres, an increase of 6,030 acres.

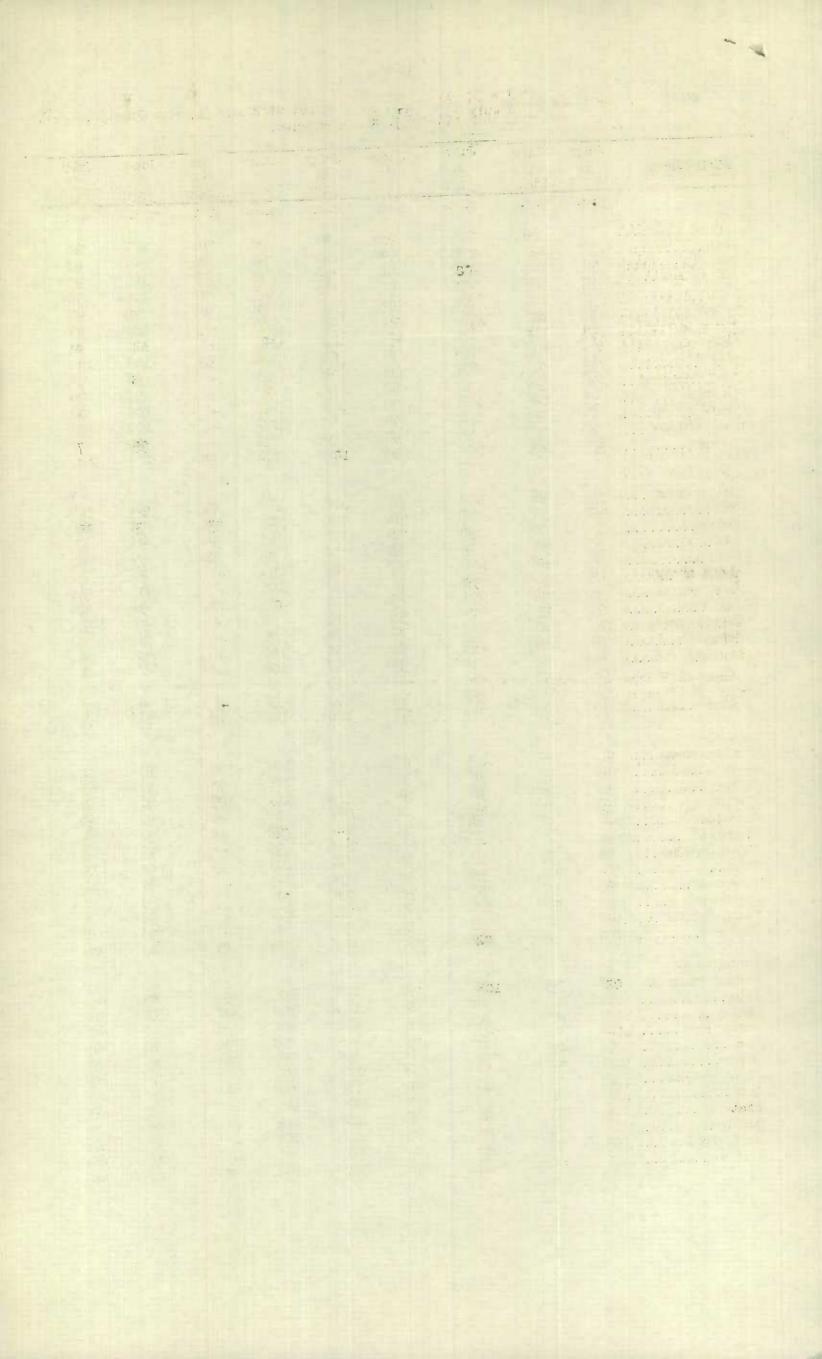


I. Condition of Field Crops on July 31, 1929, as compared with May 31 and June 30, 1929 and with July 31, 1923-28.

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1. Condition of Field Crops on July 31; 1929, as compared with May 31, and June 30, 1929, and with July 31, 1923-28 - continued.

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Field Crops	July 31 1923	July 31 1924	July 31 1925	July 31 1926	31	31	31	June 30	July 31		
Quebec-	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	1927 p.c.	1928 p.c.	1929 p.c.	1929	1929		
Spring wheat Oats Barley Soring rye Peas Beans Buckwheat wixed grains Flax Corn, husking Potatoes Turnips, etc. Corn, fodder Pasture	97 97 97 97 97 97 97 95 99 95	99 101 100 103 100 100 102 101 97 98 104 99 97	105 103 102 98 100 100 100 103 102 97 101 101 96 107	96 97 98 97 97 96 95 98 98 99 98 97	98 100 99 100 100 97 100 101 98 95 102 97 92	98 98 98 102 99 100 102 101 98 97 101 101 98 104	96 98 97 99 96 - - 99	99 100 101 102 99 101 100 101 98 100 100 99	98 98 97 98 99 99 98 100 96 98 99		
Turnips, etc Corn, fodder Sugar beets Fasture	95 93 94 90 93 95 95 95 90 92 92 93 93	96 97 98 96 98 90 99 95 88 100 98 92 98	107 99 99 99 100 98 101 97 93 95 98 94	97 96 98 97 95 96 89 96 95 87 98	100 100 100 98 93 97 101 95 84 98 97 85 95	101 102 103 99 96 101 103 98 90 100 100 94 98 106	94 93 94 92 - 94 - -	94 93 93 93 97 97 94 93 95 95 99	93 88 93 88 99 95 97 94 94 94 94		
Flax	96 98 96 93 - 98 94 95 97 05	98 93 96 94 96 93 97 97 95 82 94	113 95 94 95 99 - 97 96 95 100 93	97 92 94 92 93 - 94 93 96 93 91 90	97 98 97 100 104 102 98 93 99 99	108 100 101 96 1 02 95 103 93 1 0 0 100 94	99 98 99 96 98 - 99 -	91 91 90 92 95 92 91 93 92 90 88	71 63 66 73 83 73 67 75 76 71 68		
Saskatchewan— Soring wheat 10 Cats 10 Barley 10 Coring rye 10 Feas 10 Eeans 10 Mixed grains, 11 Flax 10 Fotatoes 10 Turnips, etc 10 Corn, fodder 10 Fasture 11	09 05 04 01 00 1 04 02 03	73 66 67 74 87 94 75 77 77 77	106 88 91 95 103 94 99 89 96 90 94	90 84 90 89 92 88 91 90 90 89 87 85	105 103 102 104 98 103 102 102 104 104 100	105 100 101 99 99 94 99 100 102 101 97	99 98 99 98 98 - 97 - -	89 91 93 92 85 87 94 91 93 90 86	65 58 63 74 79 67 63 70 72 66		



1. Condition of Field Crops on July 31, 1929, as compared with May 1 and June 30,1929 and with July 31, 1923-25 - concluded

...

	July	July	July	July	July	July	May	June	July
	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	30	31
Field Crops	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1929	1929
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.		
Alberta -			15/0 =	**	1, 0	p.c.	20.00	p.c.	p.c.
Spring wheat	112	75	117	94	108	111	102	al:	"
Oats		73	97	89	105	104		84	66
Barley		78	98	31	104	104	102	86	65
Spring rye	_	~	_	-	107	106	101	86	67
Peas	105	94	100	97			101	85	70
Feans		83	100	97	103	113	103	95	79
Mixed grains	107	94	100	97	105	126	200	814	84
Flax	10%	68	93	89	99	103	102	92	61
Potatoes		85	1.01	94	101		-	94	81
Turnips, etc	106	92	99	94	102	102		89	73
Corn, fedder	102	80	95	94	102	101	-	91	82
Sugar beets		-	7)	101		99	6-8	88	73
Pasture		78	100	101	98	100	~	25	87
3 47 5 4 5 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	446	10	100	TOT	11)†	105	99	85	69
Fritish Columbia									
Spring wheat		91	95	99	103	101	10	0.0	c le
Oats	110	92	95	99	103	102	99	99	9/1
Farley	104	89	95	101	102	101	99 98	101	97
Spring rye	104	91	98	99	102	101	99	98	94
Peas	1.05	95	94	101	102	102	103	100	92
Reaps	100	98	93	107	107	101	1()	100	914
Mixed grains	104	97	94	102	104	103	102	103	92
Max	-	_	95	100	101	102	-	102	95
Potatoes	. 103	93	96	95	102	99		97	9 7 92
Turnips, etc	100	91	94	36	1.00	38	_	98	
.Corn, fodder	103	95	94	96	100	99		97	95 92
Fasture	108	32	88	91	104	101	38	101	93
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II Revised Estimate of the Areas sown to the Principal Grain Crops in the Prairie Provinces, 1929 as compared with 1928.

Province	Year	Wheat	Oats	Farley	Rye	Flaxseed
Manitrba Saskatchewan Alberta	1928 1929 1928 1929 1928	acres 2,66 0,1 25 2,300,615 13,790,854 14,445,286 6,707,526 7,551,215	acres 1,458,401 1,558,404 4,358,747 4,255,789 2,340,263 1,917,714	acres 1,937,263 2,181,895 1,621,463 2,228,604 545,524 703,704	acres 120,222 85,040 471,073 641,638 162,620 195,539	acres 81,759 62,474 279,114 298,302 6,182 12,639
Trtal	1928 1929	23,158,505 24,297,116	8,15,,411 7,731,937	4,1c4,250 5,114,203	753,915 922,217	367.385 373.415

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