

AND 1 6 2010

LIBRARY BIBLIOTHEQUE

CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

THE

FRUIT & VEGETABLE PACKING INDUSTRY

in

CANADA

1924

INCLUDING

- 1. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, CANNED
 2. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, DRIED OR EVAPORATED
 3. FRUITS, PRESERVED
 4. VINEGAR, PICKLES, SAUCES AND RELISHES

Published by Authority of the Hon. J. A. Robb, M. P., Acting Minister of Trade and Commerce

OTIAWA

1926

32-218 c. CAPAN CAME EMILIOTHEOUE

DEPARTMENT OF TRAUS AND COMMUNICE. DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS DENSUS OF INDUSTRY OTTAWA CANADA

Deminion Statistician: Chief, Census of Industry:

R. H. Coats, B.A., F.S.S. (Hon.), F.R.S.C.

J. C. Macuherson

REPORT ON THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PACKING INDUSTRIES IN CANADA.

Ottawa, March 1926 .- A report is herewith presented on the Fruit and Vegetable Packing and Allied Industries in Canada for the calendar year 1924. The report has been divided into 4 distinct sections comprising:-

Fruits and Vegetables, Canned.
 Fruits and Vegetables, dried and evaporated.
 Fruits, preserved.

4. Vinegar, Cider, Pickles, Sauces and Relishes.

A summary of the operating plants in each group giving their location by provinces is given in the following table, for the calendar years 1923 and 1924.

	ruits, egesabi	les	Fruits a etables, and evan	dried		ruits served	Vinefa and i	r, cid s sau elishe	er ces s	Total
	1923	1924	1923	1924	1923	1924	1,927	1924	1923	1924
Canada	103	113	30	45	49	48	70	60	253	266
Prince E.Island Mova Scotia	- 3		-	2	7		2	- 1	7	6
New Brunswick	11	5 14	_			8 9	1 8	1 3	8 23	3 31
Cntario	72	30	28	41	22	52	46	37	1.68	180
Manitoba Saskatchewan	-			-	- 2		- 7	1 7	- 5	1
Alberta British Columbia	10	12	ī	2	15	13	6	5	32	32

From this table it will be seen that there was a net increase of 14 in the total number of operating factories during the two year period. Fruit and vegetable canneries and evaporated fruit and vegetable plants reported 10 and 15 more establishments respectively, whereas the number of fruit preserving plants and vinegar pickle and sauce factories decreased to the extent of 1 and 10 respectively.

Principal Statistics

A summary of the principal statistics of the industry compared for the calendar year 1923 and 1924 is given in Table I.

Ta	ble I Bri	ncital Statistics co	mpared for 1925 at		/ -
		191.3	1924	(- Decrease
Establishments Capital investment Employees on salaries Sa	- male No female No	499 145	266 26,875,466 442 143 921,945		14 3,768,886 57 2 52,639
Employees on wages - number -	average male No. female No. vages \$ male No. female No. paid \$	1.376 1,799 2,286,395 60 316	2,308 2,163 2,642,608 - - 1,038	<i>‡ ‡ ‡ † † † † † † † † † †</i>	432 669 356,213 60 316 15,107 100
	acityo#8756 \$ \$ ts \$		13,196 362,446 14,579,115 27,047,963 12,468,848	+	1,470 32,402 3,560,411 5,146,641 3,586,230

THY FEUIT AID VIATTIETY PACKED INDUSTRIES IN CATADA, 1024. (2)

asmonia r Liesto

ALD, 100 STORIO I. FAULT AND VEGETARLE CANNING

The number of plants engaged in canning fruits and vegetables during the calendar year 1924 was 113, being an increase of 10 oy r the number reported for the previous year; 30 of these factories were situated in the province of Ontario and accounted for over 75 per cent of the total production of canad fruit and vegetables in Canada.

FROD CTION

CTPTHe quantity and selling value at the factory of the various products during the veer 1524 are shown in Table II.

Table II .- Production of Canned fruits and vegetables, 1924.

- 00-2, degree A 1 8-3, 00-1, 1 1		Control, The Control	ic sull v seems
Trincipal Products	Unit of	quantity	Selling
	measure		value at the
			factory
		The second second	\$ 00 4 63
Jonned fruits	CHARLES TO WOLDS	C13110	A TYLE
innles	C2868	177,904	308,885
Cherries	11	50.506	217,17
Teaches I was fill not surpen	san anisologia leest	53,665	345.760
rs	#	298,531	1,155,201
luis	4.7	59,583	139, 21
Sagibarries		33,644	192,642
Strewberries		22,370	132,917
Other smell fruits	PER CONTRACT FOR	43,566	135,77
All other fruits	Part of the	47,817	177.900
Conned vegetables Conned vegetables	the state of the s	00 770	*n\; 00°
baked	"	92,378	324,225
Corn	n and the	554,606	958,510
Pens	T -	691.176	2,021,967
Tomatoes	in the second	1,231,195	3,701,703
All other vegetables	n	123,550	393.686
Fruits preserved	8 29		
Jom, mermalade, etc.	1b.	1,926,212	268,791
iscellaneous products	NEW TOTAL	LOL DEJET 1 LO	dellaring nevel
Catsup and relishes	gallon	205,824	167,247
Can ed sbups and chicken	coses .	61,591	263,584
Evanorated apples	1b.	725.500 ;	79,102
annle chop and waste	Mark Market	229,000	3.964
Sauerkraut	11	257,297	9,443
Cider	gallon	153,733	17,367
Vinegar and pickles	17	76,200	11,562
Fruit pectin	16.	58,400	5,322
All other products	4-4		90,477
Total			12,716,568
,			1-,110,00

CAPITAL INVESTMENT

The capital employed in fruit and vegetable canning factories during the calendar ver 1024 is given by provinces in Table III. The total capitalization rose from 111,257,410 in 192% to \$14,419,185 in 1924, an increase of \$3,161.175. To this investment the province of Ontario contributed \$12,379,761 or 85 per cent of the total capital for the Dominion.

Table III .- Capital investment by provinces - 1924.

	Fixed Canital	Working Canita		
Trovinces	tend, building, Fix- tures, machinery and tools	Materials on hand. Stocks in process.	Cosh, trad- ing and operating accounts % bills rec- eivable	Total Capital
Canada -	9,663,270	4,290,863	465.092	14,419,135
Maritime provinces quebec Ontario Eritish Columbia	136,160 319,450 448,558 758,762	55,571 270,069 3,643,134 316,089	20,000 52,754 281,869 110,869	211,731 641,873 12,379,861 1,135,720
A Tradudan Van Denn	and ala C Times Const. O			

^{*} Includes New Prinswick 5, Nove Scotia 2.

(3)

EMPLOYEES, SALARIES AND WAGES.

The number of persons employed in this industry during the calendar year 1924 is given in Table IV by (a) classes of employment (b) sex and (c) salary and wage payments. In 1923 there were 1,246 male and 1,151 female employees whose combined earnings amounted to \$1,457,143. For the year 1924 the number reported was 1,441 males and 1,429 females whose joint remuneration was \$1,650,308, an increase of 195 male and 278 female amployees and \$193,165 in the total salary and wage payments.

Table IV. - Employees salaries and wages - 1924.

Classes of employment	Male No.	Female No.	Salaries and wages	
Employees on salaries Employees on wages (average number)	163	59 1,370	311,572 1,338,736	
	1,441	1,429	1,650,308	

OTHER EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS.

The number of the days the factories were in operation during the calendar year 1924 together with the number of hours per day and per week normally worked by wage earners is given in Table V (a). The number of wage earners employed during the year is given by sex and by months in Table V (b). Due to the seasonal nature of this industry there was considerable variation in the number employed, the maximum being attained in September with 6,372 whilst the minimum number reported was 545 in the month of March.

Table V (a) - Days in operation and hours worked 1924.

			Total	AV	erage
Days in operation on full time " " part " Days idle Hours worked by wage earners by totals and			11,350 7,437 15,565	11,350	
Hours worked per		averages	85,098 6,429	,	9.60 56.9
Ta	ble V (b) -	Wage earners	by months - 1924.		
Months	Male No.	Female Nc.	Months	Male No.	Female No.
January February March April	405 458 436 542	233 169 109 143	July August September October	2,160 1,942 2,605 2,714	1,835 2,807 3,767 3,538
May June	739 903	239 532	November December	1,474	1,922
	Average	umber employ	Total addring the year	15,340	16,441

FUEL CONSUMPTION

The quantity and value of all fuel consumed in the industry during the year 1924 is given in Table VI. The total fuel costs rose from \$127,422 to \$157,918, an increase of \$30,496. Bituminous coal is again the principal fuel used with 21.035 tons worth \$140,096 or 88 per cent of the total cost of all fuel.

Table VI Fuel	l consumed - 1924.		*
Kinds of fuel	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost Value
Bituminous coal Anthracite coal Coke Gasoline Cil (fuel) Wood Gas Other fuel	ton " gallon " cord M.C. feet	21,035 277 105 2,105 23,052 1,339 2,221	\$ 140,096 3,464 1,006 507 1,728 7,769 1,467 1,881

FOUTT INSTALLATION.

The power employed in this industry during the calendar year 1924 is given in Table VII by (a) classes of power (b) number of units in each class and (c) the horse-power capacity according to manufacturers rating. The total power installation rose from 484 units with a rated capacity of 7,993 horse power in 1923 to 492 units developing 8,821 horse power in 1924, an increase of 8 units and 828 horse power.

Toble VII. - Tower installation - 1924.

Classes of nower	Number of Units	Horse nower canac-
Steam engines and turbines Oil gas and gasoline engines	126 32	5,525 633
Total primary power	158	6,158
lectric motors operated by purchased nower	290	2,220
factory	1111	1443
Total electric motors	234	2,663
Total newer installation	492	8,821
Boilers installed	147	12,032

MATERIALS USED.

The quantity and cost value of the principal materials used in this industry will be found in Table VIII for the calendar year 1924. The total cost of all materials rose from \$5,323,968 in 1923 to \$6,965,912 in 1924, an increase of \$1,641,944.

Table VIII .- Materials used by quantity and value - 1924.

Principal Materials	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Cost value
ruits for canning, evaporating and preserving, etc.	pound	38,787,509	829,857
oreserving, etc.	tt tt	166,930,598 5,844,085 742,586	1,647;925 476,281 9.377
Salt Pectin Glucose	tt tt	92,325	11,743
Spices, all kinds Vinagar Containers	gal lon	74,213	5,238 2,675 3,432,630
Labels, cans, etc.		bear 1	251,302 236,154
Total		1	6,965,912

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

The quantity and vaue of canned fruits and vegetables imported into and exported from Capela during the calendar year 1924 and will be found in Table IX.

Table II .- Canned fruits and vegetables imported and exported, 1924.

articles		Imp	orts	Exports		
	-	quentity :	Value	quantity	Value	
		2,774,688	238,388			
Fineapples in cans or " - tight packages "	1	6,624,726	518,375	-	-	
Fruits in cons or other air- tight packages, n.o.o.	1	5,179,857 14,539,271	539,570 1,206,333	d grad	788,036	
Beans baked in cans, etc.	1 ;	1,327,262	96,668		-	
Tens " " " " Tematos in cars etc.	1	1,615,336	138,599	-	direct	
Vegetables, n.o.p.in cans etc. " Total canned vegetables	1	5, 357, 744	652,177	12,062,472	846,566 846,566	
Grand Total		27,919,586	2,520,190	,	1,674,602	

THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PACKING INDUSTRIES IN CANADA, 1924.

Section II .- FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, DRIED AND EVAPORATED

In this section of the industry the number of plants in operation rose from 30 in 1923 to 45 in 1924, an increase of 15 plants of exactly 50 per cent during the two year period. The location by provinces was as follows: Ontario 41, Nova Scotia 2, British Columbia 2.

PRODUCTION

The quantity and value of the principal products of the industry is given by provinces in Table I for the calendar year 1924. The total value of production rose from \$186,500 in 1927 to \$319,633 in 1924, an increase of \$133,133 of over 71 per cent.

Table I .- Production by provinces - 1924.

Principal products		C	anada	Ontario		ther prov	inces I
		Quantity	. Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Evanorated apples Apple chop and waste Vinegar	lb.	2,575,558 1,136,590 3,100	\$ 300,432 18,736 465	2,133,340 986,590 3,100	\$ 246,4 17,5	442,218 01 150,000	
	Total		319,633	-	264,40)1 -	55,232

x Includes: - Nova Scotia 2 British Columbia 2.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT.

The capital employed in dried and evaporated fruit and vegetable factories during the calendar year 1924 is given by provinces in Table II. The total capitalization rese from \$204.779 in 1923 to \$352,691 in 1924, an increase of \$147,912.

Table II .- Capital employed by provinces - 1924. Fixed Capital Working Capital Total Capital Land, buildings, Materials on Cash. fixtures, machhand, Stocks trading Provinces in process inery and tools operating, acc etc. aounts & bills re ceiyable \$ \$ \$ 17,087 284.483 352,691 Canada 51,121 245.483 48.139 305,209 11.587 Ontario 5,500 47,482 39,000 2,982 Other provinces

EMPLOYEES, SALARIES AND WAGES.

The number of persons employed in this industry during the calendar year 1924 is given in Table III by (a) classes of employment (b) sex and (c) salary and wage payments. The total number of persons employed during 1923, was 111 who received \$51,875 in salary and wage payments. For the period covered by this report there were 396 employees to whom \$75,344 was paid, being an increase of 285 employees and \$23,469 in the total payroll

Table III .- Employees, salaries and wages 1924.

Classes of employment	Male No.	Female No.	Salaries & wages
Employees on salaries	6	2	7.387
Employees on wages (average for the season)	161	227	67,957
	167	229	75, 344

THE FRUIT AND VEGNTABLE LOKING INDUSTRIES IN CANADA, 1924

OTHER EIPLOYMENT STATISTICS

The number of days the establishments were in operation during the calendar year 1924 together with the number of hours per day and per week normally worked by wage earners is shown in Table IV (a). The number of wage earners employed during the same period is given by sex and by months in Table IV (b). Employment which is of a seasonal nature reached its maximum in November with 761 and the minimum number reported was in March with 8.

Table IV (a) Days in operation and hours worked 1924.

Number of establishments in operation		45	
Days in one ration on full time " " part time Days idle	2,134 44 11,502		1.0 255.6
Hours worked by wage earners by total and average Hours worked by wage earners per week	7,762		9.63 56.2

Table IV (b) Wage errners by months - 1924. Male Male Female. Female Months Months Nu. No. No. No. 4 Janusry 9 July 30 9 3 February August 80 62 5 3 Sentember March 251 382 October April 471 November 31.0 May 142 159 June December 1,134 806 Patel 227 161 Average number employed during the season (5 months)

FUEL CONSUMPTION

The quantity and value of all fuel consumed in the industry during the celendar year 1924 is given in Table V. The total fuel costs rose from \$24,307 in 1923 to \$33,504 in 1924, an increase of \$9.287. Coke was the principal item of fuel of which 1,451 tons were used at a cost of 14,071.

Table V.- Fuel Consumption - 1924.

Kinds of fuel	Unit of measure	Quentity	Cost value
Bituminous coal Anthracite coal Lignite coal Coke Gasoline Oil (fuel) Wood	ton # # # # # Cord	484 1,029 20 1,451 2,077 25 550	2,708 13,898 100 14,071 440 46 2,371
A STICLE WARRANGE TO SERVER THE STATE OF THE	-		33,594

POWER INSTALLATION

The power installed in the industry in the calendar year 1924 is given in Table VI by (a) classes of power (b) number of units in each class and (c) horse power capacity according to manufacturers! rating.

Table VI - Power installation - 1,24.

Classes of power	Mumber of units	Horse now r copec
Steam engines and turbines Oil gas and gasoline engines Hydratlic turbines or water wheels	1 15 1	18 86 10
Total primary power	1.7	114
Electric motors operated by murchased power	26	123
Total electric motors	26	123
Total nower installation	43	237
Boilers installed	2 F.H.P.	166

MATERIALS USED.

The quantity and value of the principal materials used in this section of the industry is given by provinces in Table VII for the calendar year 1924. The total cost of all materials used rose from \$68,072 in 1923 to \$145,118 in 1924, an increase of \$77,046.

Table VII .- Materials used by provinces - 1924.

Principal Materials	Canad	la	Ontari	0	Other prov	vinces
Trincipal Materials	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Tue	Quantity	Value
Apples Lb. Containers Lables, etc. All other materials	24,525,582	125 ^{\$} , 314 17,110 493 2,201	20,469,707 - - -	\$8,413 13,702 296 1,440	4,055,875	16,901 3,408 197 761
	-	145,118	arts.	123,851	-	21,267

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

The quantity and value of evaporated fruits and vegetables imported into and exported from Canada during the Calendar year 1924 is given in Table VIII.

Table VIII. Imports and exports of evaporated fruits and veretables - 1924.

	vegetat	oles - 1924.		
mt with more notice the end	Imports		Exports	;
at here is a second of	Quantity Lb.	Value \$	Quantity Lb.	Value \$
Apples, dried Apricots " Peaches "	1,383,124 1,816,358 1,999,413	44.057 190,456 166,006	1,819,401	202,889
All other dried fruits	509,812	8.,500	5,1	120
Potatoes dried, desiccated & etc.	_	3,699	2,506	608
Total		492,207	-	203,617

SECTION III .- FRUITS PRESERVED, JAMS AND JELLIES.

This section is devoted to statistics relating to establishments whose principal products are preserved fruits, jams, jellies, marmalades, etc. The number of plants in operation during the calendar year 1924 was 48 of which 22 were in Ontario, 13 in British Columbia, 9 in Quebec, 2 in New Brunswick, 1 in Nova Scotia and 1 in Alberta.

PRODUCTION

The quantity and value of the various products of the industry is given in Table I for the Calendar year1924. The total value of production rose from \$5,503,209 in 1923 to \$6,165,565 in 1924, an increase of \$662,356.

Table I .- Production of preserved fruits, jams, jellies, etc. Unit of measure Quantity 3,328.535 25,586,233 Preserved fruits - Jams pound 1,745,907 216,800 15 Jellies 4,710.348 583,040 Marmalades Preserved or glace fruits 126,849 413.158 gallon 170.093 99,112 Syrups All other 210,099 191,373 1,048,302 52,125 Canned fruits cases 57,800 vegetables 15 All other miscellaneous products 6,165,565 Total

CATITAL INVESTIGATE

The capital amployed in this section of the industry is given in Table II for the calendar year 1924. The total capital in 1923 was \$5,726,975, whilst the amount reported for the year 1924 was \$6,261,941, an increase of \$5.74,966.

Table II. - Capital invested by provinces - 1924.

		,		
	Fixed Capital	Working	Capital	Total Capital
	Land, buildings, fixtures	Meterials	Cash, trad-	
	machinery & tools	on Land,	ing & oper-	
7-1-1		Stocks in	ating, acc-	
Provinces		process	ounts, etc.	
a succession of the same	Walter Transport Landson Million Committee Com	etc.		•
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CANADA				
Cntario	2,817,294	2,106,188	1,338,459	6,261,941
British Col-				
umbia	1,878,776	11,306,220		4,029,471
quebec	327,057	370.050		1,011,887
Other provinces	20,450	11,109	5,322	36,881

EMPLOYERS, SALARIES AND WASTS

The number of persons employed in the industry during the calendar year 1924 is shown in Table III by (a) classes of employment (b) ser and (c) salary and wage payments. There was a slight decrease in total number of employees the number reported for 1923 being 1,195, whilst for the period covered by this report the number was 1,127, a net decrease of 68. On the other hand, the total payroll rose from \$767,785 in 1923 to \$875,142 in 1924, an increase of \$107,357.

Table III .- Employees, salaries and wages - 1924.

Classes of employment	Male	Female No.	Salaries & wages
Employees on salaries Employees on wages (average number)	176	52 537	318,946 556,795
A processing of the second of	1198	629	875,142

OTHER ENFLOYMENT STAFISTICS

The number of days the factories were in operation during the calendar year 1924 together with the number of hours per day and per week normally worked by wage earners, will be found in Table IV (a). The number of wage earners employed during the same period is given by sex and by months in Table IV (b). Employment attained its maximum in the month of July when 2,212 persons were reported whilst the minimum/recorded was 483 in January.

Table IV (a) - Days in operation and hours worked - 1924.

Number of establishments in	4g		
Speration	Total	Average	
Days in operation on full time " " part " Days idle	11,241 1,178 2,173	274.2 24.5 45.3	
Hours worked by wage earners by totals and average	20,980	9.28	
Number of hours worked by wage earners per week	2,827	58.9	

Table IV (b) - Wage earners by months - 1924.

Months	Male	Female Fo.	Months .	Mele No.	Female
Jenuary February March April May June	228 236 283 274 276 358	255 250 294 258 278 682	July August September October November December	577 452 534 452 368 303	1,635 749 922 704 525 376
Average n	umber employed	furing the year	Total	₩, ₹41 762	6,928 577

FUEL CONSUMPTION

The quantity and value of the various kinds of fuel consumed in the industry during the calendar year 1924 is shown in Table V. The total cost of all first fell from \$74,670 to \$64,298, a decrease of \$10,372.

Table V.- Fuel Consumption - 1924.

Kinds of fuel	Unit of measure	Quantity	Value
Bituminous coal	ton	8,016	51,181
Anthracite coal	The latest the second s	159	805
Coke	lt.	19	192
Gasoline	gallon	4,643	1,230
Oil (fuel)	11	9,355	1,172
Wood	cord	1.444	6,351
Gas	M.C. ft.	3,763	3,309
Other fuel		-	58
	PP.		64,298

POWER INSTALLATION.

The power installation of this section of the industry is given for the calendar year 1924 in Table VI by (a) classes of power (b) number of units in each class and (c) horse-power capacity according to manufacturers' rating. In 1923 the number of units was 141 with 1,403 horse power. For the year 1924 the amount reported was 152 units developing 1,655 horse-power, an increase of 11 units and 252 horse-power.

Table VI .- Power Installation - 1924.

· Classes of power	Number of units	Horse power capacity
Steam engines and turbines Oil gas and gasoline engines	19	748 24
Total primary power	21	772
Electric motors operated by purchased power		
" by power	124	780
generated at the factory	7	103
Total electric motors	131	883
Total power installation	152	1,655

MATERIALS USED

The quantity and value of the principal materials used in fruit preservation is given in Table VII for the calendar year 1924. The total cost of all materials rose from \$3,722,196 in 1923 to \$4,217,836, an increase of \$495,640.

Table VII Materials used - 1924.					
Principal materials	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost value at factory		
Fruit for preserving, canning, etc. Vegetables for " " " Sugar Salt Pectin Glucose Spices of all kinds Vinegar Cther vinegar materials Containers Labels, caps, etc. All other materials	pound " " gallon "	17,991,806 13,329,034 17,692,869 529,577 631,948 2,992,776 23,999 113,925 600	1,099,524		
Total		100	4,217,836		

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

The quantity and value of preserved fruits imported into Canada for consumption during 1924 is given in Table VIII. There were no exports of preserved fruit.

Table VIII	Imports	by '	Countries	- 1924.
------------	---------	------	-----------	---------

	United	Kingdom	United S	States	Other countries		
Articles Importes	Quentity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quentity	Value \$	
Jams, jellies and pre- serves, n.o.p. lb. Fruits preserved in brandy	1,693,566	246,266	56,350	16,671		63,313	
gallon	bres.	-	4	60)	-	
Total imports	-	246,266	-	16,731	ę ng	63,313	

SECTION IV .- VINEGAR, CIDER PICKLES, SAUCES AND RELISHES.

The number of establishments engaged in the manufacture of vinegar, cider pickles sauces and relishes during the calendar year 1924 was 60 of which 37 were in Ontario. I in Quebec, 5 in British Columbia, 4 in Manitoba, 3 in Alberta, 1 in Saskatchesan, 1 in Nova Scotia and 1 in New Brunswick.

PRINCIPAL STATISTICS

A summary of the principal statistics of this section of the industry is given by provinces in Table I for the calendar year 1924.

Table I .- Principal Statistics by provinces - 1924.

	С	anada		Onter	io	; Quebec	u	noia	itob	9	berta	Province
stablishments	100						5	5	,	4	(3
Capital investment	\$	5,841,	649.	5.032	,407	:251,01	.5	78,162	1328,	911	173,429	77,725
Employees on solories	1						122					
male			137				9:	3		9	! 3	14
female	No.		30	0			1:	1		2	1	2
salaries	3	284,	040	213	.760	15,30	100	6,680	33,	020	6,480	€,300
Imployees on wages						*	_1		4			
(average number mal	e Noi.		507	K	475		32:	10		15	. 3	7
femal			294	4	239	1	.0:		. ·	29	1	7
weges	\$	679,	719	5.79	,802	: 34,81	0:]	16,754	59.	926	5,147	10,250
ower installation			110	17 0	EH		,		4	1-		1 100
units								11		10	4	3
capacity		2,	463	2	,260;		33	57	Mark.	106	9	18
lost of fuel		106,	6361	98	7 79	3,92	26	728	2,	465	625	553
lost of materials .												51,662
ross value of product												
let value of products	\$!	4,595,	948	4,191	,023	141,99	16; 5	58,777	129,	667!	36,636	37,849
										1		657536.

x Includes: - Saskatcheran 1, Nova Scotia 1, Wew Brunswick 1.

PRODUCTION

The quantity and value of the various products of the industry is given by provinces in Table II for the calendar year 1924. The total value of all products rose from \$5,697,051 in 1923 to \$7,846,197 in 1924, an increase of \$2,149,146. Catsup sauces and relishes take first place in importance, followed by baked beans, whilst vinegar occupies third place and pickles of all kinds take fourth position. These four items, together amount to \$5,955,653 or 75 per cent of the total value off production.

Table II. - Froduction by Provinces - 1924.

Principal products		CANAI)A	ONTAR	0	QUEBEC		WESTERN	PROVINCES	OTHER PRO	VINCLS 2/
		Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	uanti	y Value	uantity	Value
Catsup, sauces & relishes Baked beans Vinggar Pickles all kinds Prepared mustard Fruit pectin Sauerkraut Cider Salad dressing All other products	gallon carra gallon " lb. " gallon	1,157,104 487,661 3,733,979 634,189 115,583 4,384,538 1,483.683 297,615 21,112	1,993,884 1,471,525 1,283,713 1,206,531 110,076 509,830 66,949 61,600 74,423 1,067,666	1,153,667 487,661 2,135,392 444,596 102,778 4,384,538 1,322,480 284,115 18,602	1,988,071 1,472,525 197,094 930,006 98,375 509,830 61,475 55,600 69,563 1,027,694	1,000 729,886 21,120 9,100	700 197,820 26,840 9;460 - - 7,475	2,437 768,701 97,473 3,705 161,203 12,500 2,510	5,113 261,156 188,067 2,241 5,474 5:79 4:80.1 32,497	1,000	- 27,643 61,618 - 250
TOTAL			7,846,197		7,009,233	-	242,295	-	505,158	-	89,511

^{1/} Includes: - British Columbia 5, Hanitoba 4, Alberta 3.

^{2/} Includes: - New Brunswick, 1, Nova Scotia 1, Saskatchewan 1.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT

The capital imployed in this section of the industry during the calendar year 1924 is shown in Table III by provinces. The total capitalization fell from \$5,917,416 in 1927 to \$5,841,649 in 1924, a decrease of \$75,767. To this total the province of Ontario contributed \$5,032,407, which is equal to %6.1 per cent of the entire capitalization for the Dominion.

Table III Capital investment by province	68 -	1924.
--	------	-------

HILL DE VEN	Fixed Capital	Working	Capital	Total
Frovi nces	Lend buildings, fixtures, machinery and tools	Materials on hand, Stocks in process, etc.	Cash trad- ing, & op- erating acc- ounts & bill receivable	Capital
	\$	Š	\$	\$
CaNaDa	2,730,494	2,765,470	345,685	5,841,649
Ontario Quebec British Columbia Manitoba Alberta Other provinces	2,251,215 149,244 21,281 225,466 35,538 47,750	2,504,841 67,965 45,153 91,051 27,161 29,279	276,351 33,806 11,728 12,394 10,710 696	5,032,407 251,015 78,162 328,911 73,429 77,725

EMPLOYEES, SALARIES AND WAGES

The number of persons employed in the production of vineger, cider, pickles and sauces during the calendar year 1924 is given in Table IV by (a) classes of employment (b) sex and (c) salary and wage payments. For the year 1923 the total employees removed was 992, whose remuneration amounted to \$999,233. In 1924, the number of employees diminished to the extent of 24, whilst the payroll also was reduced by \$35,524.

Table IV .- Emoloyees salaries and weges - 1924.

Classes of employment	Male No.	Famale No.	Salaries & wages
Employees on salaries Employees on wages (average number)	137 507	30 294	264,040
	644	324	963,759

OTHER EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS

The number of days the establishments were in operation during the year together with the number of hours per day and per week normally worked by wage earners will be found in Table V (a). The number of wage earners employed throughout the year is given by sex and by months in Table V (b). Considerable variation is noticeable due to the seasonal nature of the industry. Employment reached the peak in September with 1,312, whilst the lowest number reported was 574 in January.

Table V (a) Days in operation & hours worked - 1924.

lumber of establishments in operation	60	
	Total	Average
Thys in operation on full time	10,749	179.2
Days idle Tours worked by wage earners by totals and	6,612	110.2
everage	13,612	9.42
umber of hours worked by wage earners per week	2,909	¥€. 5

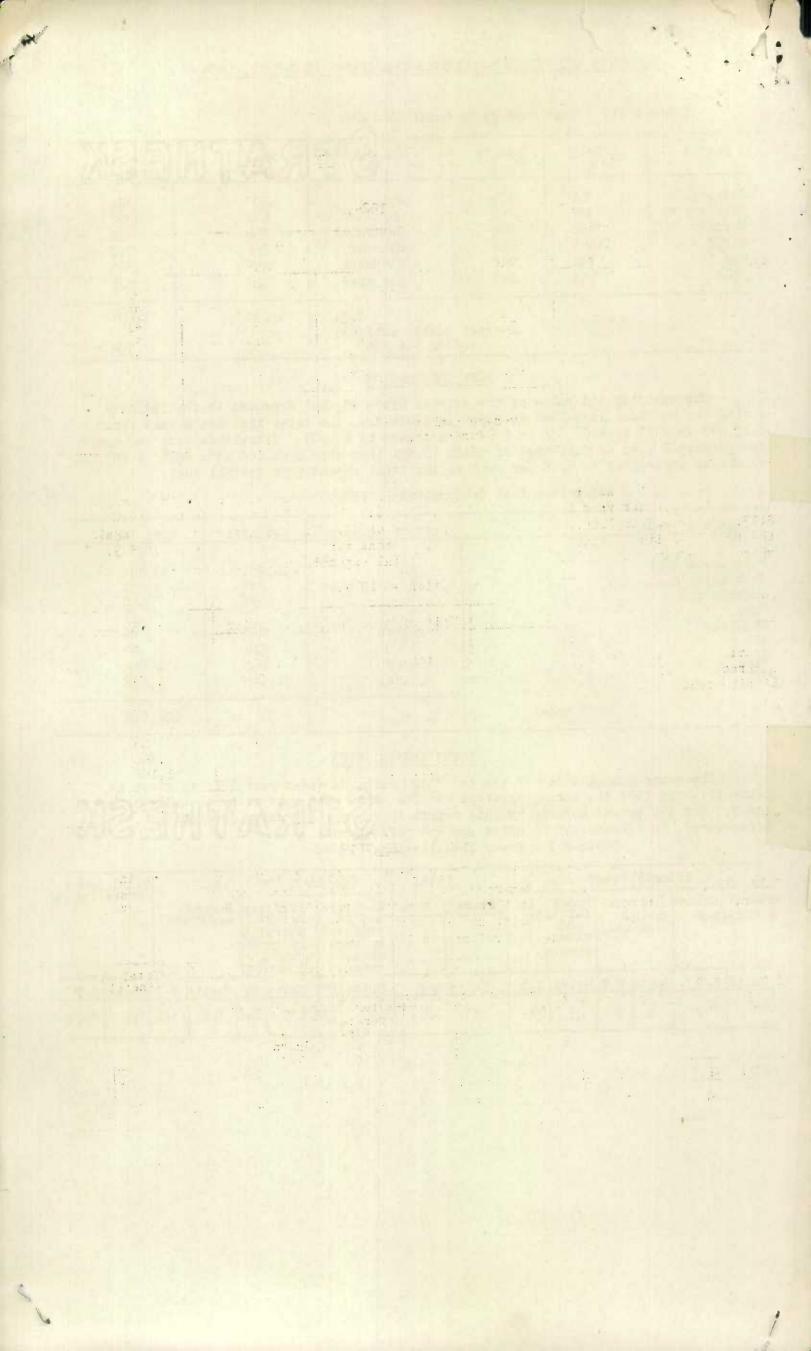


Table V (b) - Wage earners by months - 1924.

Months	Male No.	Female	Months	Male No.	Female No.
January February March April May June	368 377 402 448 376 453	206 255 248 286 271 282	July August September October November December	503 551 894 761 499 426	326 321 418 377 305 229
		Average ni	Total umber employed ng the year	6,088 507	3,524 294

FUEL CONSUMPTION

The quantity and value of the several kinds of fuel consumed in the industry during the calendar year 1924 is given in Table VI. The total fuel costs fell from \$113,645 in 1923 to \$106,636 in 1924, a decrease of \$7,009. Bituminous coal was again the principal item of fuel used of which 16,501 tons were consumed at a cost of \$99,021 which was equivalent to 92.8 per cent of the total expenditure for all fuel.

Table VI .- Fuel Consumption - 1924.

Kinds of fuel	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost value
			\$
Bituminous coal	ton	16,501	99,021
Anthracite coal	tt .	275	3.0,74
ignite coal	rı .	95	640
oke	11	1	14
asoline	gallon	252	66
il	11	684	86
food	ford	450	2,569
as	M.C.ft.	2,190	1.166
Total		-	106,636

POWER INSTALLATION

The power installation of the inlattry for the calendar year 1924 is given in Table VII. In 1923 the amount reported was 286 units with a capacity of 2,014 horse-power. For the period covered by this report there were 351 units developing 2,483 horse-power, an increase of 65 units and 469 horse-power.

Table VII .- Power Installation - 1924.

Vice-Makes and Vice-	Pr	imary	Powe	r		I	Total		Secondary Power			Total		Total power installation	
Steam & turb	engines ines	Oil olin engi	-	Hydrat turbin and water wheels		Primar	power	Electronic motors operation by purchased power	ted r-	motor	ted ted	Second ary Por	ver	1115 02.	
Units	H-P	Units	H.P	Units	H-P	Units	H-P	Units	HP	Units	HF	Units	H-P	Units	H-P
24	965	6	38	3	94	33	1097	143	738	175	648	318	1386	351	2483

.



THE FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PACKING INDUSTRIES IN CANADA, 1924.

MATERIALS USED.

The quantity and value of the various materials used in this section of the ndustry is shown in Table VIII for the calendar year 1924. The total cost of all aterials used rose from \$2,904,468 in 1923 to \$3,250,249 in 1924, an increase of 345,781 over the two year period. Of the total expense for materials Ontario was esponsible for \$2,818,210 or nearly 87 per cent.

Table VIII .- Materials used - 1924.

Frincipal materials	Unit of measure	Quantity	Cost value at factory
Fruits for canning, preserving, etc. Vegetables for canning, preserving	pound	13,520,715	172,605
pickling, etc.	Ħ	30,024,406	444.313
Sugar	11	3,297,020	1 292,709
Salt	tt	3,026,887	15,147
Tectin	ff	19,809	2,545
Glucose	TI .	208,305	9,688
Spices of all kinds	n	72,941	20,023
Vinegar	gallon	379,022	110,941
Cider	tt	11,090	2,426
Other vinegar materials	Įt.	532,612	323,976
Containers	-	guer A	1,195,917
Labels, caps, etc.	•		165,376
All other materials	-	nai i	535,483
Total	pro.		3,250,249

INFORTS AND EXPORTS

The quantity and value of vinegar, cider, pickles, sauces and relishes imported into and exported from Canada during the calendar year 1924 is given in Table 1X.

Table IX .- Imports and exports - 1924.

Articles	Imports		Exports	
	quantity	Yalue	Quantity	Value
	and the second s	\$		\$
Pickles in bottles, jars, etc.	00 01 4	. 10 770		1
Fickles in bulk gallon	99,913	163,378	↔	-
Sauces and catsup in bettles	10,200	11,004		1
gallon	170,113	3131328	-	-
" " " bulk,gal.	29,544	19,082 14,559	- Quinter	-
Sauces, soy Vinegar any strength not above	103,390	: 44,505		
	164,513	101,316)	66,063	: 27,134
Vinegar above proof strength"	16,257	2,855)		
Cider, not clarified or refined	107	38)	177,753	23,512
Cider, clarified or refined	127	301	1111100	: -3,512
gallon	506	763)	4 5 1	
	4			
Total value imports and exports	-	657,280	-	50,646