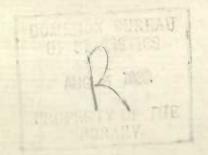
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CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS CENSUS OF INDUSTRY

REPORT

on the

MACARONI & VERMICELLI INDUSTRY

in

CANADA

1929

Published by Authority of the Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.,
Minister of Trade and Commerce

AWATTO

1930

statement include only the statistics of such manufacturing establishments as make macaroni and vermicelli as their principal product. The Statistics relating to specific products are therefore not to be regarded as comprehensive, as these products are also found as secondary products of other industries such as biscuits and confectionery and pickles, sauces etc.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS CENSUS OF INDUSTRY OTTAWA, CANADA

Dominion Statistician: Chief, Census of Industry: R. H. Coats, B.A., F.S.S., (Hon.), F.R.S.C. J. C. Macpherson.

industry, v. v. Macpherson.

THE MACARONI AND VERNICETALI INDUSTRY IN CANADA, 1929.

Ottawa, July, 1930. A report is herewith presented on the production of macaroni and vermicelli in Canada during the calendar year 1929. The number of establishments reporting rose from 9 in 1923 to 11 in 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928 and to 12 in 1929, which were located by provinces as follows:— Ontario 3, Quebec 2, Manitoba 2, Alberta 1, British Columbia 4. In order to prevent disclosure of information concerning individual establishments, statistics for the last three provinces have been combined and are shown throughout this report under the head of Western provinces. A summary of the principal Statistics of the industry is given in Table I. compared for the calendar years 1925 and 1929.

Mable I	Principal	Statistics,	1928	and 1929.
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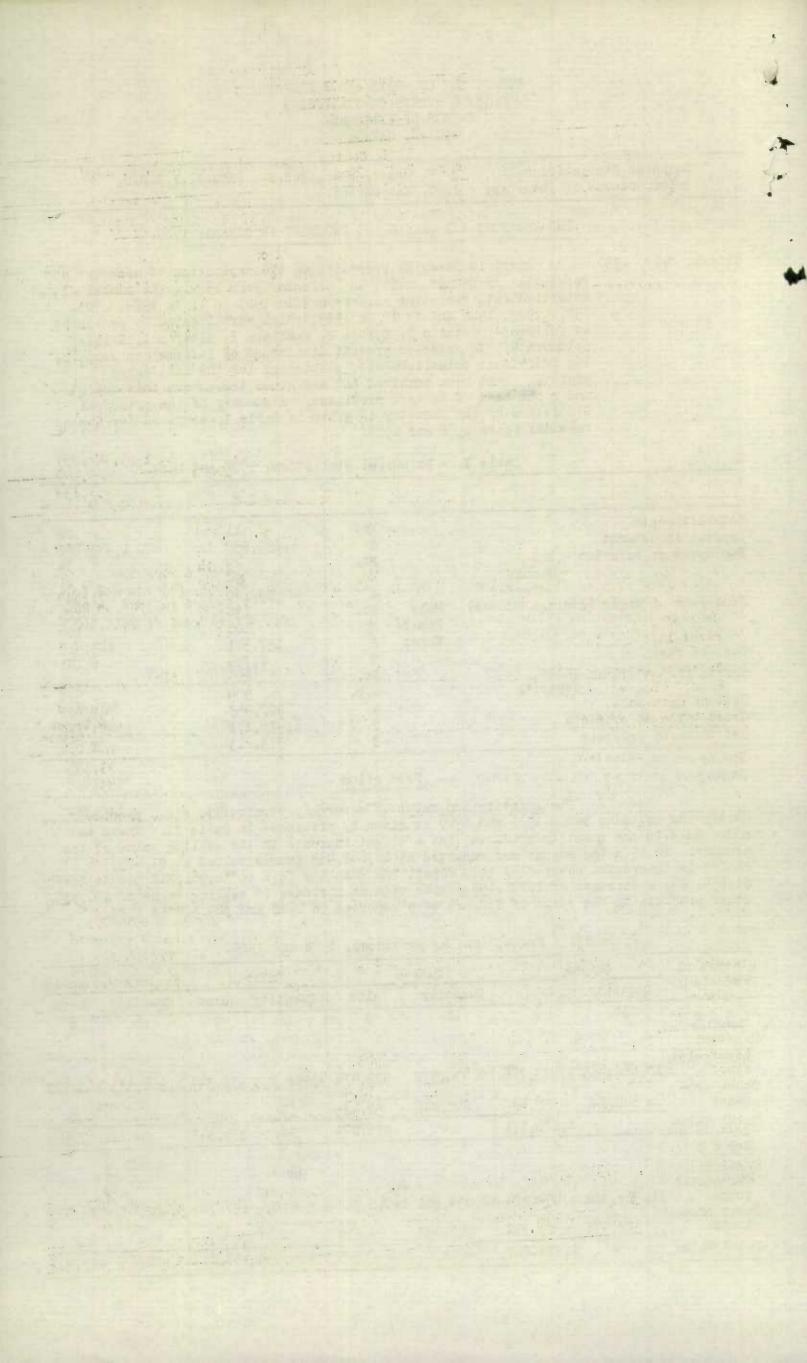
		1928	1929
Establishments Capital investment	No.	1,250,832	1,843,282
Employees on salaries - Male Female	No.	49 14	3 ⁴
Salaries Employees on wages (Average Number) - Male Female	No.	89,120 130 106	71,945 129 106
Cost of fuel Wages	\$ \$	157,301 7,754	143,415
Power installation - units capacity	No. h.p.	206 904	139 628
Gross value of products Net value of products	3 5 5	902,958 1,476,171 573,213	755,576 1,484,262 728,686

Production

The quantity and value of mararoni, vermicelli, etc., produced during the calendar years 1928 and 1929 is given by provinces in Table II. There was a decrease in the quantity produced, but a slight increase in the selling value of the product. In 1928 the amount was reported at 18,662,465 pounds valued at \$1,423,746, whilst in the period covered by this report the quantity fell to 76,961,312 pounds worth \$1,454,684, a decrease of 1,701,153 pounds with an increase in selling value of \$30,938. Other products to the value of \$52,425 were reported in 1928 and \$29,578 in 1929.

Table II. - Production, by provinces, 1928 and 1929.

Classes of	Canad	da	Queb	ec	Ontai	rio	Western P	rovinces
Products	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	quantity	Value
1928	Lb.	\$	Lb	\$	Lb.	\$	Lb.	\$
Macaroni, vermicelli, etc. Other pro-	18,662,465	1,423,746	12,436,979	923,474	4,258,953	336,343	1,966,533	163,929
ducts	640,846	52,425	640,846	52,425	-		-	-
Total Value	-	1,476,171		975,899	-	336,343	_	163,929
1929 Macaroni, vermicelli.				1 2 4 4 5				
etc. Other pro-	16,961,312	1			1,904,094	157,744	3,402,657	285,973
ducts	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.	29,578	the same of the same of the same of	29,578	-	-	-	-
Total Value		1,484,262	+=	1,040,545	1,904,094	157,744	3,402,657	285,973



Capital Investment

The capital employed in the industry during the calendar year 1929 is given by provinces in Table III. The total capitalization rose from \$1,250,832 in 1928 to \$1,843,282 in 1929, an increase of \$592,450. Of the total capitalization the province of Quebec contributed \$1,206,999 being 65.5 per cent of the total capital investment in the Dominion.

Table III. - Capital Investment by Provinces, 1929

	Fixed Capital	Working Cap	ital	
Province	Land, buildings, fixtures, machinery and tools	Materials on hand, stocks in process.	Cash, trading and operating accounts, etc.	Total Capital
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CANADA	1,300,980	289,065	253,237	1,843,282
Quebec Ontario Western Provinces	797,022 146,842 357,116	168,190 36,899 83,976	241,787 1,408 10,042	1,206,999 185,149 451,134

Employees, Salaries and Wages

The number of persons employed in the industry during the calendar year 1929 is given in Table IV by (a) classes of employment, (b) sex and (c) salary and wage payments. The total number of employees fell from 299 in 1928 to 280 in 1929, a decrease of 19, whilst the payroll fell from \$246,421 in 1928 to \$215,360 in 1929, a decrease of \$31,061.

Table IV. - Employees, Salaries and Wages, 1929.

Classes of Employment	Male	Female	Salaries and Wages
	No.	No.	\$
Employees on salaries	34	11	71,945
Employees on wages (average number)	129	106	71,945
TOTAL	163	117	215,360

Other Employment Statistics

The number of days the establishments were in operation during the calendar year 1929, together with the number of hours per day and per week normally worked by wage-earners is shown in Table V. (a). The number of wage-earners employed during the same period are given by sex and by months in Table V (b). Employment reached the peak in September, when 254 persons were on the payroll, whilst the least number reported was 27 in the month of December. This low figure is accounted for by a change in the financial year of some of the more important firms.

Table V. (a). - Days in operation and Hours worked, 1929.

Number of establishments in operation		12
	Total	Average
Days in operation on full time Days in operation on part time Days idle Number of hours worked by wage-earners per day Number of hours worked by wage-earners per week	2,873 30 745 112 664	239.42 2.50 62.08 9.33 55.33

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Other Employment Statistics - Con.

Table V. (b). - Wage-earners by Months, 1929.

lionths	Male No.	Female No.	Months	Male No.	Female No.
January February March April May June	108 102 110 106 109 108	85 101 104 99 90 92	July August Coptomber October November December	122 130 143 138 134 18	109 112 111 109 99 9
	Average num	iber employed d	Total uring the year	1,328	1,120 106

The number and percentage of wage-earners in month of highest employment working specified hours is shown in Tables VI.(a) and VI.(b) for Canada and the provinces. From Table VI.(a) it appears that the ten hour day prevails in the industry for Canada and the provinces of Quebec and Ontario, whilst in the Western Provinces the prevailing rate is divided between the eight, nine and ten hour day.

Table VI. (a) Hours Worked by Wage-earners in Month of Highest Employment, 1929.

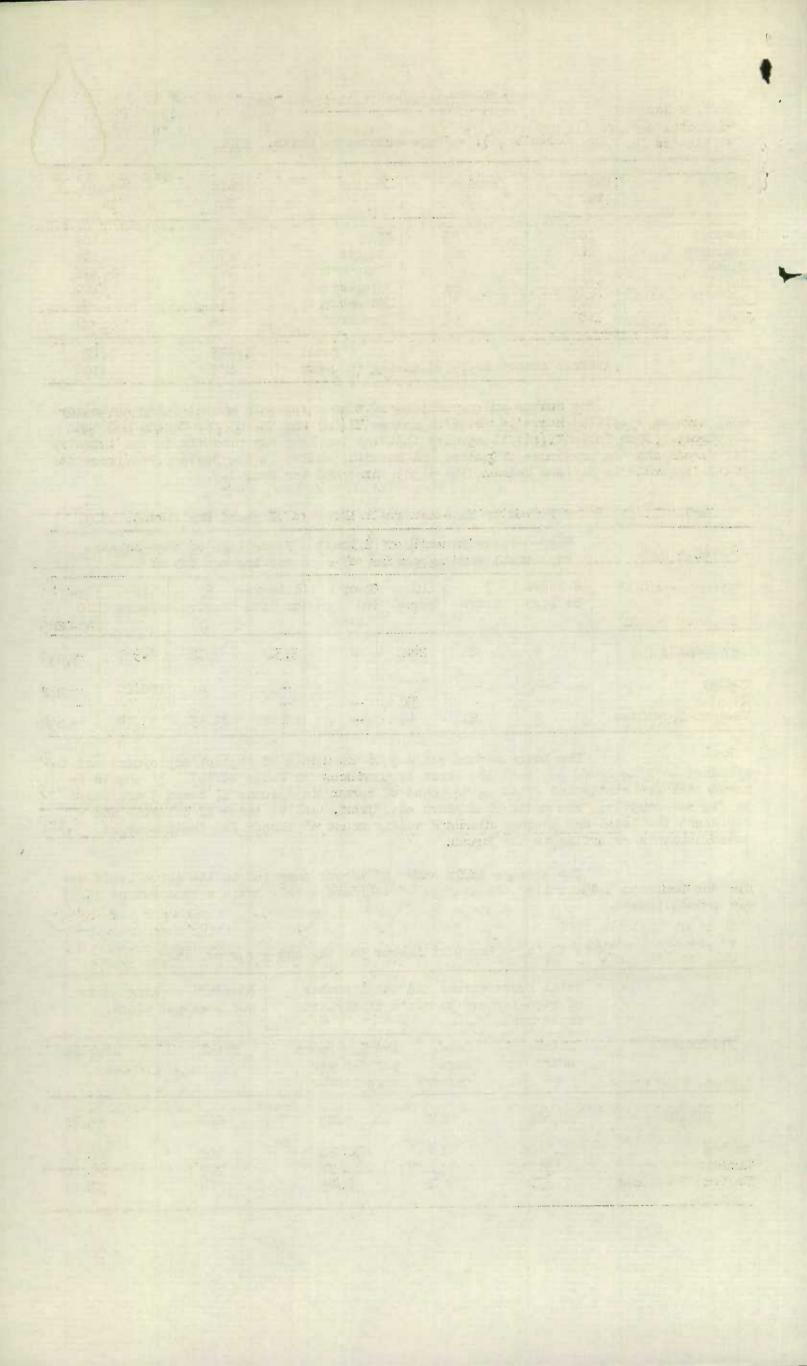
Province		rners in ent worki				age of wa	age-earne of -	rs
	8 hours or less	9 hours	10 hours	Over 10 hour:	8 hours or less	9 hours	10 hours	Over 10 hours
CANADA	9	21	242	-	3.31	7.72	88.97	_
Quebec Ontario Western Provinces	- - 9	21	170 31 41	1 1 1	12.68	29.58	100.00 100.00 57.74	-

The hours worked per day in the month of highest employment and the standard working hours per week are shown by provinces in Table VI.(b). It should be noted that the statistics relating to hours of labour in columns 1, 2 and 3 are based on figures compiled from month of highest employment, whilst those in columns 4 and 5 represent the total and average standard weekly hours of labour for the number of establishments reporting to the Bureau.

The average daily hours of labour computed on the above basis was for the Dominion 9.85, whilst the average of standard weekly hours worked out at 55.33 per establishment.

Table VI. (b) - Hours of Labour per day and per week, 1929.

		ners in mon	total number of highest	Standard work	0
Provinces	Total	Total Wage- earners	Average hours per day per wage-earner	Total	Average
CANADA	2,681	272	9.85	664	55.33
Quebec Untario Western Provinces	1.700 310 671	170 51 71	10.00 10.00 9.45	120 180 364	60.00 60.00 52.00



Materials Used

The cost of materials decreased from \$902,958 in 1928 to \$755,576 in 1929, a decrease of 16 per cent. The province of Quebec supplied nearly 70 per cent of the total cost of all materials in 1929 as compared with 68.5 per cent in 1928. Statistics for 1929 are presented in the summary table following.

			1.0
Kind	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Cost Value
Flour, semolina, etc. Other Materials Containers, packaging materials, etc.	Lb.	17,122,306	\$ 572,997 20,869 161,710
TOTAL	-		755,576

Fuel Consumption

The quantity and cost of all fuel consumed in the industry during the calendar year 1929 is given in Table VII. Fuel costs amounted in 1929 to \$6,141, a decrease of \$1,613 from the previous year.

Table VII. - Fuel Consumption, 1929

Kinds of fuel	Unit of Measure	Quantity	Cost Value
Bituminous Coal	Ton	110	745
Anthracite coal	n	20	225
Lignite coal	п	766	3,939
Coke	n	17	218
Oil (fuel)	gallon	4,960	694
Wood	cord	15	75
Gas, manufactured	M cu. ft.	-	245
TOTAL			6,141

Power Installation

The power employed in the industry during the calendar year 1929, is given in Table VIII. The only class of power reported was electric motors operated by purchased power, whose total rose from 193 units with 944 horse power capacity in 1927 to 206 units of 904 horse power in 1928, but fell in capacity in 1929 by 276 horse power, whilst the number of units decreased by 67.

Table VIII. - Power Installation, 1929.

Classes of power	Number of units	Horse-power Capacity
Electric motors operated by purchased power	139	628

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Imports and Exports

The quantity and value of macaroni, vermicelli and spaghetti imported into and exported from Canada during the calendar year 1929 is given in Table IX. by principal countries.

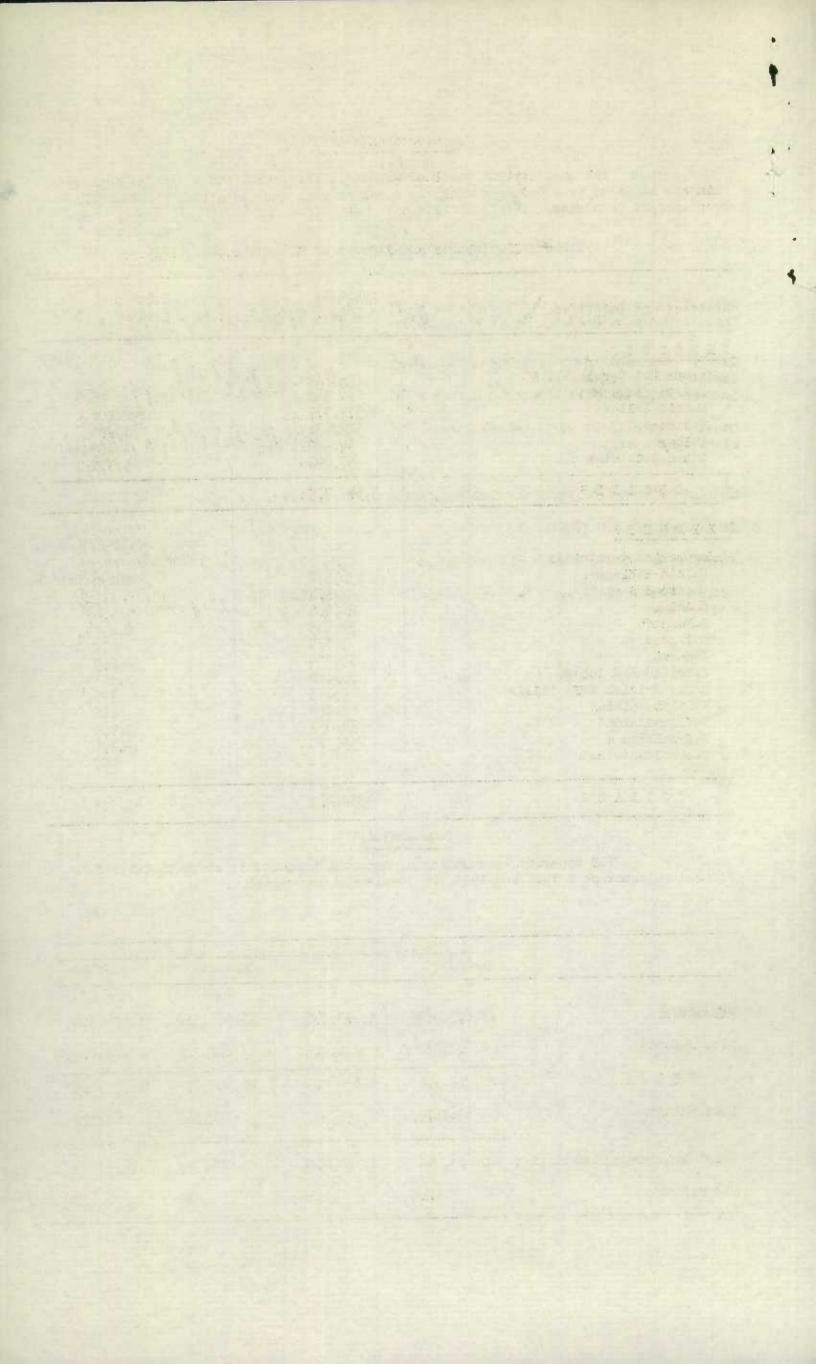
Table IX. - Imports and Exports of Macaroni, etc., 1929.

Articles and Countries	quantity Lbs.	Value \$	
IMPORTS			
Macaroni and vermicelli - United Kingdom United States France Italy Other Countries	542 2,977,731 522,031 59,980 87,041	56 242,102 31,966 4,185 5,312	
TOTALS	3,647,325	283,621	
Macaroni and vermicelli - United Kingdom United States China Bermuda Barbados Jamaica Trinidad and Tobago Other British West Indies British Guiana Newfoundland New Zealand Other Countries	136,572 1,402 22,840 39:555 5,874 30,254 39,620 3,175 7,854 34,651 255,328 5,137	8,256 125 1,430 2,991 472 2,544 3,193 326 666 3,099 19,206 420	
TOTALS	582,262	42,728	

Consumption

The apparent consumption of macaroni products is shown in Table X. for the calendar years 1928 and 1929, by totals and per capita.

	1925		1929	
	Quantity	Value	quantity	Value
	Lb.	Ç	Lb.	\$
Production	18,622,465	1,423,746	16,961,312	1,454,684
Plus Imports	2,627,482	236,263	3,647,325	283,621
TOTAL	21,259,9117	1,660,009	20,603,637	1,738,305
Less Exports	636,679	51,597	582.262	42,728
Total Apparent Consumption	20,653,265	1,609,412	20,026,375	1.695.577
Per Capita	2,14	.166	.205	.1.73



APPENDIX

MANUFACTURERS OF MACARONI, SPAGHETTI, VERMICELLI, ETC. 1929

Catelli Macaroni Products Corporation, Ltd., Catelli Macaroni Products Corporation, Ltd.,

Catelli Macaroni Products Corporation, Ltd. Dominico Strano, Esq.

Catelli Macaroni Products Corporation, Ltd.

Catelli Macaroni Products, Corporation, Ltd. Marius & Company,

Catelli Macaroni Products Corporation, Ltd.

Louie Gain (Farkay Noodle Factory)

Canadian Italian Macaroni Mfg. Co. Ltd.,

Catelli Macaroni Products Corporation, Ltd. Otojiro Sone.

305 Bellechasse St., Montreal, Quebec. 5510 St. Dominque St., Montreal, "

Yate & Salina Sts., St. Catharines, Ont. Huntsville, Ontario.
91 Center Street, Toronto, Ontario.

427 Henry Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba. 471 De Lamorenie Street, St. Boniface, Manitoba.

Lethbridge, Alberta.

433 Georgia Street, East, Vancouver,
British Columbia.
1315 Hastings St. E., Vancouver,
British Columbia.
1106 Mainland St., Vancouver,
127-4th Ave. West, Vancouver,

