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# TOBACCO PRODUCTS INDUSTRIES 1960 

Formerly The Tobacco and Tobacco Products Industries

ANNUAL CENSUS
OF MANUFACTURES

Published by Authority of
The Honourable George Mes, Minister of Trade and Commerce

Industry and Merchandising Division

1460

## SYMBOLS

The interpretation of the symbols used in the tables throughout this publication is as follows:
.. figures not available.
... figures not appropriate or not amplicable.

- nil or zero.

P preliminary figures.
r revised figures.

This report is one in a series of about 140 publications which present the results of the 1960 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this series refer to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for major industry groups. Adoption of the revised Standard Industrial Classification for 1960 compllations has necessitated changes in titles of many reports in this annual serles. The content of many industries has also been affected (see following note on Industrial Classification).

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salaries and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistios, with special reference to 1960 are as follows:

## Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit Ingures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differing from the calendar yeas are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to suppls calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

## Establishment

Data for the annual census is collected on at establishment basis. A firm with more than one phant is required to file a report for each plant. In most cases an establishment is a complete factory; sometimes, however, a plant is divided into two or more establishments when it carries out operations classifiable to different industries and when separate accounting records are available. Usually the statistics for an establishment relate only to the manufacturing activities. Other activities such as construction at the plant by its own employees, wholesale or retail activities carried on at the plent location, etc., are not included. Plants engaged solely in repair work (except in the case of furniture, shipbuilding, boat building, aircraft and railway rolling stock industries) are not included but plants occupied in assembling parts into complete units are included.

## Employees

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level, and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, ware-
housing and delivery staffs. Employees on new construction work, in retall or wholesale operations, on outside piece work etc, are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly figures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to calendar years whether or not some establishments reported other data on a inancial year basis.

## Salarles and Wages

Salarles and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including sularies, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provider, deductions for income tax and social services such as sickness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees' wages. Payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Withdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included but not their withdrawals for income tax. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used, (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values tefer to the laid-down cost at the works, including freight, duty, etc.

## Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the works, of materials and supplies actually used during the year whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers or any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants or reporting companies for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chasgeable to capital account are included.

## Factory Shipments

Factory shipments refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting plant or by other manufacturets on the basis of a charge to the reporting plant for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing watehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm are included. Goods bought of received as transfers
and resold without further processing are not included. Values are computer on f.o.b. plant of plant warehouse basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbuilding, aircraft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the yeat on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

## Inventories

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventories owned and held at the reporting plant. Figures include inventories held in warehouses or selling outlets which have been included with plant operations for purposes of reporting shipments.

## Value added by Manufacturing

Figures are computed from value of shipments plus or minus changes in inventories of finished goods and goods in process less cost of materials. fuel and electricity. This figure is sometimes referred to as net production. ${ }^{1}$

## Standard Industrial Classification

The revised Standard Industrial Classification which has been introduced with the 1960 Census of Manufactures provides for a breakdown of the universe into 140 industries arranged in 20 major groups compered with 135 industries in 17 major groups in the old classification which was used in the compilations for the years 1949 to 1959 inclusive. It incorporates changes considered desirable on the basis of experience in using the earlier classification as well as those which take account of changes in the structure of Canadian industries associated with the rapid developments of the past decade. Full details are contained in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, Catalogue No. 12-501, which is available from either the Queen's Printer or the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Reporting establishments are classified or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of principal products made or shipped.

Many industries remain unchanged in the new classification but in many instances there have been substantial changes in content because of the shifting of establishments from one industry to another or in re-grouping of establishments. Where

[^0]changes have occurted the principal statistics for 1957. 1958 and 1959 have been re-compiled is provide data on a basis comparable with those for 1960.

## Short Forms

Between 1949 and 1957, in an effort to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms, a short form was used asking for the total value of shipments only or, in a few cases where losses of detail were significant, for quantities and values of principal products. For purposes of publication, missing data were estimated on the basis of appropriate ratios. In general the cut-off point for these short forms was set at $\$ 50,000$ value of shipments. About $40 \%$ of the total number of establishments reported on the short form and accounted for less than 3 per cent of the total value of shipments.

In 1958, in order to establish a new base year, the small firms were asked to report all items of principal statistics together with some detail on materials and products.

For the 1959 Census, the short form was used again, but further steps were taken to ease the respondents' burden. First, the general limit for short forms was raised to $\$ 100,000$ value of shipments. In addition, a new intermediate form was developed. This form 1s a shortened version of the long form in that most of the general questions wete pared down and the detailed lists of materials and products were limited to the more important items. The general limits for firms in this category were set at between $\$ 100,000-\$ 500,000$ value of shipments, but in the case of both the short arat intermediate forms there were lower cut-offs for a number of industries in which the smaller firms accounted for a larger share of total shipments. On the other hand, limits were raised where this could be done without a significant loss of coverage. On most of the short forms for 1959, in addition to total value of shipments, data on principal products were requested. In a few industries, where loss of employment and earnings data were considered too large because of higher cut-offs, a question on total payroll was placed on the short form. This practice was foilowed again in 1960.

The intermediate and long forms provide complete data for the compilation of all elements of principal industry statistics and the details of materials and products. The one-page short form, although containing data on principal products and total value of shipments, does not request information on other elements of principal statistics such as value of inventories, materials, fuel and electricity and, in most cases, employment and salaries and wages, not does it contain detailed data on volume and value of materials used. For purposes of compiling aggregates of principal statistics by industry and by geographic location, the missing data for each establishment were estimated for 1959 by using, in general, ratios based on the changey in the value of shipments between 1958 and 1959. The proportion of the estimated data was generally less than 5 per cent of the total in each category of principal statistics.

## TOBACCO PRODUCTS INDUSTRIES

## 1960

The 1960 statistics in this report have been compiled on the basis of the Standard Industrial Classification-revised, 1960. In Tobacco Products Industries (formerly The Tobacco and Tobacco Products Industries) there was no change in the content of the Industry, therefore the 1960 statistics in this report are comparable with previous years.

Tobacco Products Industries in Canada perform two distinct operations, and this report is separated Into two sections accordingly. Section 1 covers the operations of all firms engaged in the manufacture of smoking and chewing tobacco, snuff, cigars and clgarettes. Section 2 deals with the preliminary operations, which consist of the processing and packing of raw leaf tobacco.

## SECTION 1. TOBACCO PRODUCTS MANUFACTURERS

The value of shipments of the tobacco products manufacturers in 1960 amounted to $\$ 217,887,989$ (exclse duties and taxes excluded) which was $\$ 5,527,652$ greater than the 1959 value of $\$ 212,360,337$.

The increase In value of shipments was accompanied by an increase in the cost of materials consumed in manufacture from $\$ 111,616,950$ in 1959 to $\$ 112,189,623$ in 1960 . The monthly payrolls listed an average of 7,860 persons in 1960 compared with 8,356 in 1959. Salaries and wages which totalled $\$ 32,908,179$ in 1960 were higher than the $\$ 32,638,000$ in 1959. Establishments numbered 24 and were distributed provincially as follows: Prince Edward Island 1, Quebec 16, and Ontario 7.

The selling value of the products shipped by the industry in 1960, including excise duties and taxes, amounted to $\$ 596,459,717$. Shipments of cigarettes, the industry's main product, totalled $34,698,794$ thousand valued at $\$ 509,689,068$. Next in importance was smoking tobacco with shipments amounting to $22,089,389$ pounds worth $\$ 59,308,034$. Shipments of cigars totalled 328,688 thousand and were valued at $\$ 22,661,734$.

The tobacco industry contributes materially to the agricultural economy of Canada. Of the
$\$ 112,189,623$ total cost of materials $\$ 76,547,482$ was spent for domestic raw tobacco. All told, the tobacco industry consumed $92,943,226$ pounds of raw leaf tobacco in 1960 of which $91,255,492$ pounds were of domestic origin. For the production of cigars $1,327,957$ pounds of imported and $3,609,239$ pounds of domestic tobacco were used; for the production of clgarettes 308,675 pounds imported and $67,475,680$ pounds of domestic tobacco were required, while for production of smoking and chewIng tobacco and snuff 51,102 pounds of imported and $20,170,573$ pounds of domestic tobacco were used.

A compilation of statistics showing opening and closing inventory values, is shown in Table 11.

In 1954, value of factory shipments replaced value of production and opening and closing inventory valuations were collected for the first time. For 1954 and 1955 value of production was computed by using the value of shipments plus or minus the change in finished goods inventories. From 1956 the change in goods in process inventory was also taken into account. When value of production was thus determined, value added by manufacture was arrived at by subtracting cost of raw materials and of fuel and electricity. See table 1.

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of the Tobacco Products Manufacturers, Significant Years 1932-58. and by Provinces 1959 and 1960

| Year and provinces | Establishments | Employees | Salaties and wages | Cost of fue! and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{2}$ | Yalue of factory shipments ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |  |
| 1932 | 116 | 8. 236 | 7. 127.070 | 152.457 | 18.787, 261 | 18,422،063 | 37.361,781 |
| 1935 | 116 | 8.145 | 7. 221.048 | 157,784 | 19,701,385 | 19,244, 706 | 39,103.875 |
| 1939 | 80 | 8.185 | 7.733.023 | 180.559 | 23,001,316 | 23.872.832 | 47.054.707 |
| 1942 | 78 | 10. 502 | 10.757, 712 | 245.155 | 28.716,426 | $30.428,451$ | 59, 390,032 |
| 1944 | 89 | 10.587 | 13, 105, 796 | 274. 262 | 36.864,416 | 34,303.711 | 71,442.389 |
| 1948 | 62 | 8,959 | 17.127,448 | 322.921 | 53, 617. 566 | 53, 136,323 | 107.076.810 |
| 1950 | 53 | 8. 503 | 19.511,951 | 363. 508 | 62,681,958 | 59, 383,685 | 122.429.151 |
| 1931 | 48 | 7.981 | 20,961,157 | 357,933 | 62.886. 259 | 53.244,619 | $116.488,811$ |
| 1952 | 47 | 7.587 | 22,036,719 | 391.374 | 73, 168, 064 | 64.864,521 | 138,423.959 |
| 1953 | 42 | 7. 711 | 23.376.081 | 423.598 | 79, 261,880 | 67. 702,851 | 147, 388, 329 |
| 1954 | 39 | 7.418 | 24,000,407 | 444, 874 | 79,009.327 | 72.327, 224 | 152,033,653 |
| 1955 | 40 | 7.470 | 25,118,846 | 462,692 | 84.438.935 | 78.959,320 | 162,382, 718 |
| 1956 | 35 | 7.828 | 26, 447, 523 | 494, 296 | 89, 837, 143 | 79, 120, 370 | 169,528,803 |
| 1957 | 33 | 8,372 | 29, 349, 732 | 567.793 | 100, 293.925 | 82.037 .358 | 182, 794, 564 |
| 1958 | 25 | 8,476 | 32, 144, 308 | 569,450 | 108,871,666 | 88, 230,628 | 196, 947,716 |
| 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 24 | 8, 356 | 32,638, $000{ }^{\text {² }}$ | 562. 269 | 111,616,930 | 100.985, 081 | 212,360. 337 |
| Quebec. | 15 | 7. 171 | 28,240.805 | 489.169 | 97, 163,759 | 85,514.022 | 182, 802. 2.51 |
| Ontario |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other provinces |  | 1. 185 | 4. 397, 195 ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 73. 100 | 14, 453, 191 | 15, 471,059 | 29, 558, 086 |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 24 | 7,860 | 32.908, 179 | 652.848 | 112, 189, 623 | 105, 751.246 | 217.887.989 |
| Quebec | 16 | 6. 686 | 28, 361, 119 | 497. 597 | 97,654, 844 | 86, 255, 281 | 183.612, 34. |
|  |  | 1,174 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other provinces | 1 | 1,174 | 4. 547.060 | 155, 251 | 14, 534. 779 | 19,495,965 | 34,275. 546 |

- See last paragraph on previous page.

TABLE 1A. Principal Statistics of the Tobacco Products Manufacturers grouped according to the Size of Establishments, 1959 and 1960


TABLE 2. Comparative Summary of Products, Specified Years, 1929-60

${ }^{1}$ Selling values glven In this table include exclse duties and sales tax.
${ }^{1}$ Wlthheld in accordance with the confldential clauses of the statlstics Act.

TABLE 3. Factory Shipments 1959 and 1960

| Products |
| :--- |

I Witheid in accordance with the confidential clauses of the Statistics Act.

TABLE 4. Materials Used, 1959 and 1960

| Materials used | 1959 |  | 1960 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Cost value | Quantity | Cost value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Raw leaf tobacco, imported, (see also Table 5) ..................................... Ib. | 1,926,410 | 3, 741,452 | 1,687,734 | 3, 769, 095 |
| Raw leaf tobacco, domestic (see also Table 5) ................................... " | 94, 860, 264 | 76. 568,905 | 91, 255, 492 | 76. 547, 482 |
| All other tobacco (inc. scraps and cuttings) ........................................ " | 1,320, 702 | 82.572 | 9,301, 812 | 142,952 |
| Boxes, wooden and tin ....................................................................... No. | 17,635, 791 | 1,472,327 | 17.244,674 | 1. 366,228 |
| Boxes, plastic ................................................................................. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | - | 300,449 | - | 260, 848 |
| Boxes, other | - | 7, 134, 021 | - | $6.045,741$ |
| Cigarette papers ............................................................................... ib. ${ }^{\text {ib }}$ | 3,508. 200 | 1, 870,762 | 3,349, 056 | 1,876,737 |
| Lead, tin and aluminum foil ................................................................ " | 8,359,632 | 4, 249,446 | 8,968,611 | 4.331,909 |
| Cellophare ...................................................................................... " | 3. 906, 705 | 2, 843,850 | 3,817,890 | 2,709, 154 |
| Other containers, wrappers, labels, bands, etc. | - | 6, 020, 202 | - | 6,678, 075 |
| Futer tips and filter tip materials | - | 4, 102,027 | - | 5, 046, 056 |
| All other materials and supplles ${ }^{1}$ | - | 1,173,699 | - | 1,151,686 |
| Operating maintenance and repair supplies ......................................... | - | 2, 057, 238 | - | 2,263, 660 |
| Amount paid out to others for work done on material owned by this plant | - | - | - |  |
| Total cost | - | 111,616,950 | - | 112, 189, 623 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes molasses, honey, sugar, salt, glycerine, Hcorice, gum tragacanth, perfumes, essences, etc.

TABLE 5. Distribution of Raw Leaf Tobacco Reported in Table 4

|  | Raw leaf tobacco used in the manufacture of: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cigars |  | Cigarettes |  | Tabacco and snuff |  | T ¢ed |  |
|  | Quantity | Cost value | Quentity | Cost value | Quantity | Cost value | Quantity | Cost veili |
|  | pounds | \$ | pounds | \$ | pounds | \$ | pounds | \$ |
| 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imported raw leaf tobacco .................. | 1,253, 090 | 3,077,488 | 622,744 | 632,691 | 50, 576 | 31,273 | 1,926,410 | 3.741.452 |
| Domestic raw leaf tobacco ................. | 3.959, 250 | 3, 183, 851 | 71,682,899 | 60,031,824 | 19,218, 115 | 13,353, 230 | 94. 860, 264 | 76,568,905 |
| Total raw leaf tobacco (stemmed welght) | 5, 212,340 | 6. 281, 339 | 72, 305, 643 | 60, 664,515 | 19, 268, 691 | 13.384,503 | 96, 786, 674 | 80, 310,357 |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imported faw leaf tobaeco ................... | 1,327,957 | 3,426,937 | 308, 675 | 310,130 | 51, 102 | 32,028 | 1.687, 734 | 3,769.095 |
| Domestic raw leaf tobacco ................. | 3. 609, 239 | 3,248,046 | 67, 475,680 | 59,044,859 | 20, 170,573 | 14.254, 577 | 91, 255, 492 | 76, 547, 482 |
| Total raw leaf tobacco (stemmed weight) | 4, 937, 196 | 6,674,983 | 67. 784, 355 | 59, 354, 989 | 20,221, 675 | 14, 286, 605 | 92,943, 226 | 80,316,577 |

TABLE 6. Imports of Tobacco and Tobacco Products, 1959 and 1960

| Articles fmported |
| :--- |

TABLE 7. Exports of Tobacco and Tobacco Products, 1959 and 1960

| Articles exported | 1959 |  | 1960 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |
| Tobacco, unmanufactured .................................................................... 1b. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 40,540, 977 | 25, 140,390 | 36,940,962 | 25,326,721 |
| Cigars ....................................................no....................................... ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 1.994 | 7,775 | 2,339 | 6,676 |
|  | 103.456 | 419,869 | 52.340 | 216.896 |
| Tobacco, plug and twist |  | - |  | - |
| Tobacco, stems and cuttings $\qquad$ 1 b . | 168, 836 | 21.178 | 258, 513 | 29.828 |
| Tobacco, manufactured, n.o.p. ..........................s.a.c.ast..........s................. " | $4,199$ | 5,196 | $3,876$ | 4,873 |
| Total expotis of tobacco .................................................................. | - | 25,594,408 | - | 25,584,994 |

TABLE 8. Employees and their Earnings, by Provinces, 1959 and 1960


TABLE 9. Production Workers by Months and Sex, $1960^{2}$

|  | Male | Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  |
| January ....................................................................................................................................... | 2.755 | 3,958 |
|  | 2.708 | 3,799 |
|  | 2,709 | 3.819 |
|  | 2,673 | 3.731 |
| May ........................a...............................................................................................e. ........................... | 2.693 | 3,794 |
| June ................................................................................................................................................. | 2,720 | 3,876 |
| July | 2, 663 | 3,938 |
|  | 2,661 | 3.858 |
|  | 2,672 | 3,821 |
| October ......................................................................................................................................... | 2,669 | 3,977 |
| November ........................................................er......................................................................... | 2,674 | 3.917 |
|  | 2,636 | 3,680 |
| Monthly average .................................................................................e.t....................................... | 2,687 | 3,849 |

[^1]TABLE 10. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity, 1959 and 1960

| Kind |
| :--- |

${ }^{2}$ Establishments generally reporting value of shipments of $\$ 500,000$ and over.
${ }^{2}$ Establishments generally reporting value of shipments of less than $\$ 500,000$.

TABLE 11. Inventories, 1960

${ }^{1}$ Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plants or plant wrehouses.
${ }^{3}$ The "Opening inventory" for 1960 differs from the "Closing Inventory" published in 1959 because of the receipt of revised data and the removal of figures for firms which did not aperate during 1960.

TABLE 12. Capital and Repair Expenditures in the Tobacce Prodacts Industry, 1956-60 (Figures prepared in the Business Finance Division)

|  | Capital expenditures |  | Repalr expenditures |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction | Machinery and equlpment | Construction | Machinery and equipment |  |
|  | thousands of dollers |  |  |  |  |
| 1956 | 2,977 | 4,086 | 776 | 1. 851 | 9,690 |
| 1957 | 1,027 | 6,912 | 1.058 | 2,459 | 11.4:3t |
| 1958 | 3. 292 | 6,957 | 806 | 2,503 | 13, 5 53 |
| 1959 | 3,203 | 4.495 | 889 | 2,521 | 11, 108 |
| $1960^{\text {P }}$ | 1,280 | 3,864 | 716 | 2,751 | 8, 015 |

The following list gives the name, location and main products of the firms reporting the manufacture of tobacco, cigars and cigarettes in Canada in 1960.

Index to Main Products: (1) Tobacco; (2) Cigars; (3) Cigarettes; (4) Snuff.

| Name of firm | Address | Main products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prince Edward Island: |  |  |
| Hickey \& Nicholson Tobacco Co. Ltd. .................................... |  | (1) |
| Quebec: |  |  |
| Allied Cigar Corparation ........................................................... |  | (2) |
| Benson \& Hedges (Cansda) Ltd ............................................. | 161. Lagauchetiere St. W., Montréal. | (1) (2) (3) |
| Canadian Tobaconna Ltd. .........as............................................ | 5555 Royalmount Ave., Town of Mount Royal ....n.e....... | (1) (3) |
| Capuano \& Pasquale Company Ltd. ....................................... | 1002 De Fleurimont St. Montreal .-............................... | (1) (2) |
| La Cle de Tabac Trans Canada.......ome..................................... | 2359 Demontigny St. Es, Montreal .............................. | (1) (3) |
| J.O. Forest el Cie. Enrgo ...o....................................................... | St-Roch de L'Achigan ................................................. | (1) |
| General Cigar Co. Limited ....................................n.e.t............... | 2275 Holt St., Montreal | (2) |
| Hottin e Cle Limitexe ..................................................................... | 95, rue Ste-Angélique Nord, Joliette ............................ | (1) (2) |
| B. Houde \& Grothé, Limited ..................................................... | 1035 Vincent Massey Street, Quebec. | (3) |
| impertal Tobacco Co, of Canada Led. ......................................... | 3810 St. Antolne St., Montreal .................................... | (3) |
| Imperial Tobacco Co. of Canada Ltd. ...................................... | 160 Cowle Street, Granby .............................................. | (1) |
| Bob Lachance Enreg .............................................................. | L'Epyphanie ... | (2) |
| MacDonald Tobacco Inc. ........................................................... | P.O. Box 490, Place D'Armes, Montreal ...................... | (1) (3) |
|  | 3810 St. Antolne St., Montreal ................................... | (4) |
| Rock City Tobacco Co. (1936), Limited.................................. | 355, rue, Glgnac, Quebbec ........................................... | (1) (3) |
| K. Simon \& Sons Limited ..............................................as. | 151 Rockland Rd., Town of Mount Royal ...e................... | (2) |
| Ontarlo: |  |  |
| Impertal Tobacco Co. (Ontario) Ltd. ....................................... | 115 Woodlawn Road, Guelph ........................................ | (3) |
| Joseph A Lopez .................................................................... | 184 Adelad de St. W. Toronto ....................................... | (2) |
| Ontarlo Tobscco Company Limited, (also operates Wedgewood Clgar Co.) $\qquad$ | 76 Staflord Street. Toronto ............................................ | (1) (2) |
| Rothmans of Pall Mall Canada Lid. ......................................... | 75 Dufflaw Rd., Toronto ............................................. | (3) |
| Rea Hermanos ...........................................a.e..........n.................. | 7 Gllead Place, Toronto .............................................. | (2) |
|  | 145 Queen St. No, Hamilton........................................... | (3) |
|  | Wheatly, R.R. *3 ........................................................ | (1) |

## SECTION 2. LEAF TOBACCO PROCESSING

This section of the tobacco industry deals with the primary operations of processing the green raw leaf into a state suitable to undergo the final stage of conversion into the finished article in the form of smoking and chewing tobacco, cigars and cigarettes. During the year 1960 reports were received from 16 establishments, 6 of which were located in the province of Quebec and 10 in Ontario. Principal Statistics for this section of the industry, are shown in Table 1.

The amount of raw leaf tobacco processed during the year 1960 was $161,190,523$ pounds with a selling value of $\$ 116,525,646$ compared with 177,145,084 pounds processed in 1959 with a selling value of $\$ 112,203,324$. The principal variety of processed raw leaf was "bright flue-cured" of which 144.533,722 pounds were prepared with a valuation of $\$ 107,715,321$. The quantity and selling value of all tobacco processed is shown by kinds in Table 2.

The materials used in this section of the tobacco industry are given in Table 3. The raw leaf tobacco used in 1960 to produce the 161,190.523 pounds of processed leaf was 190. 579,105 pounds. The expenditure incurred in providing the necessary containers and other packaging material and supplies amounted to $\$ 1,568,360$.

Contrary to the general change to the "gross value of shipments" concept throughout manufacturing industries in 1954, this industry remained on a "value of production' basis. This policy was adopted because, being dependent upon agricultural output, processed year-end inventories of leaf tobacco change extensively from year to year. Thus "Value added by manufacture" in this segment is determined simply by subtracting the total of the cost of raw materials and of fuel and electricity from the "gross value of production".

TABLE 1. Principal Statistics of Lef Tobacco Processing, 1932-60

| Year and province | Establishments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture | Value of production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | number |  | dollars |  |  |  |  |
| 1932 | 18 | 1,439 | 916.273 44,533 |  | 6,752,694 | 1,903,218 | 8,700, 58. |
| 1934 |  | 1,358 | 851.955 | 47.655 | 4,154,898 | 1,362,278 | 5.564.324 |
| 1935 | 22 21 | 1.489 | 942,202 | 43, 104 | 6,807,056 | 1,385,603 | 8,235,754 |
| 1936 | 16 | 1,722 | 1.155,503 | 50.567 | 10,795,356 | 2.078,748 | 12,924, 5 (! |
| 1939 | 16 | 2,638 | 2,028,407 | 65,967 | 18,234,819 | 4,237,893 | 22,538,679 |
| 1940 | 20 | 2,461 | 2,095,820 | 66,540 | 15, 388, 397 | 4, 414,751 | 19,869,688 |
| 1941 | 18 | 2.170 | 1,739, 823 | 58,580 | 11,617,955 | 2,844.204 | 14,520,739 |
| 1942 | 18 | 2. 485 | 2, 321, 236 | 76,619 | 19, 885, 077 | 3.674,922 | 23,636,618 |
| 1943 | 15 | 1,670 | 1,896,534 | 74,642 | 21, 023, 560 | 3,228, 516 | 24,326,718 |
| 1944 | 13 | 1,193 | 1,435,06 1 | 75, 895 | 23,244, 910 | 4,209,358 | 27,530,163 |
| 1945 | 14 | 1,545 | 1,893,967 | 91.087 | 35.336,958 | 5, 004,653 | 40,432.698 |
| 1946 | 17 | 1,317 | 1,699, 198 | 101, 125 | 33,799,632 | 3, 933,492 | 37,834,249 |
| 1947 | 18 | 1,509 | 2,202.718 | 143,494 | 48, 335, 803 | $6,035,192$ | 54, 514,469 |
| 1948 | 17 | 1. 500 | 2,423,115 | 152.287 | 42,233,705 | 4,530.640 | 46,916,632 |
| 1949 | 15 | 1,657 | 2,867,997 | 160,725 | 54, 037, 536 | 4, 887, 886 | 59, 086, 147 |
| 1950 | 15 | 1.819 | 3,116.967 | 180,982 | 59, 928,221 | 5,792,169 | 65,901,372 |
| 1951 | 14 | 1,845 | 3,477,061 | 195.782 | 56,703, 794 | 5.788, 706 | 62, 688, 282 |
| 1952 | 14 | 1,690 | 3,368,353 | 208,216 | 71,369,606 | 5,912,589 | 77, 490, 411 |
| 1953 | 13 | 1.783 | 3,389,562 | 215.627 | 59,229,168 | 7,312,367 | 66,757, 162 |
| 2954 | 14 | 2,051 | 3,868,532 | 243, 862 | 65,951, 442 | 7,112,019 | $73,307,323$ |
| 1955 | 16 | 2.059 | 4,328,045 | 268,505 | 78, 588, 950 | 9,693,612 | 88,551, 067 |
| 1956 | 16 | 1,785 | 3,861,332 | 261,287 | 60,274, 356 | 9, 178, 426 | 69, 714, 069 |
| 1957 | 16 | 1.533 | 3,973, 089 | 276,821 | 60,416.497 | 6,246,474 | 66, 939, 792 |
| 1958 |  | 1,843 | 4,999,294 | 331,932 | 97,171.868 | 10,687, 120 | 108, 190,920 |
| 1959 | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 18 | 1.931 | 5,090, 218 | 340.462 | 101, 153, 728 | 10, 709, 134 | 112, 203, 324 |
| Quebec | 6 | 210 | 587, 100 | 47. 193 | 2,238,434 | 728.238 | 3.013, 865 |
| Ontario | 10 | 1,721 | 4,503,118 | 293, 269 | 98, 815,294 | 9,980,896 | 109, 189.459 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 16 | 1. 871 | 5, 446, 304 | 322,419 | 104, 164, 607 | 12,038,620 | 116,525, 19415 |
| Quebec | 6 | 193 | 562,859 | 57.330 | 3,690,246 | 987, 135 | 4,734.711 |
| Ontario | 10 | 1,678 | 4,883,445 | 265, 089 | 100, 474, 361 | 11,051,485 | 111,790, 335 |

Note: Profits and losses cannot be estimated from the figures publlshed in this report as no data are collected for overhead expenses, suc: as interest, rent, depreciation, taxes, insurance, advertising, etc.

TABL.E 2. Production by Types, 1959 and 1960

| Kinds of processed leat |
| :--- |

'Confidential, included with "Plpe varleties".

TABLE 3. Materials Used, by Types, 1959 and 1960

| Kind of raw leaf grown and purchased for processing | 1959 |  | 1960 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quandty (green wel ght) | Cost value | Guantity (green welght) | Cost value |
|  | pounds | \$ | pounds | \% |
| Brfght, Iue-cured .......................................................................................... | 189, 783, 268 | 93, 266. 185 | 170,662,971 | 95, 366, 808 |
| Sutley .................................................................................................... | 11,384,593 | 4,036,987 | 10, 376, 430 | 3,817,970 |
| 1)irk, alr-cured and đre-cured ................................................................... | - | - | * | - |
| Gifat lea! .................................................................................................. | 6,939,675 | 1,874,803 | B, 558, 956 | 3,007, 498 |
| Fipe varleties .............................................................................................. | - | $\cdots$ | - | $\cdots$ |
| Containers and packsging material ............................................................................. | - | 1.285, 125 | - | 1,217,398 |
| Operating, minntenance and repair supplies .................................................... | - | 421, 051 | - | 350,962 |
| Amount paid out to others for work done on materials owned by this plant | - | 57,807 | - | 47, 228 |
|  | - | 101,153,728 | - | 104, 164,607 |

TABLE 4. Employees and their Earnings, by Provinces, 1959 and 1960


TABLE 5. Production Workers, by Months, 1959 and 1960

| Months | 1959 |  |  | 1960 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | Total |
|  | number |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 2, 105 | 1,512 | 3,617 | 2,116 | 1,560 | 3.676 |
| February | 2.235 | 1,419 | 3,654 | 2,266 | 1,377 | 3.643 |
| March | 1.790 | 1,365 | 3, 155 | 1,306 | 938 | 2,244 |
| April | 1,516 | 712 | 2,228 | 594 | 389 | 983 |
| May | 632 | 348 | 980 | 339 | 23 | 362 |
| June | 436 | 93 | 529 | 329 | 23 | 352 |
| July | 291 | 15 | 306 | 292 | 25 | 317 |
| August | 330 | 15 | 345 | 300 | 25 | 325 |
| September | 404 | 16 | 420 | 370 | 23 | 393 |
| October | 391 | 17 | 408 | 321 | 25 | 346 |
| November | 770 | 742 | 1.512 | 1,821 | 1.272 | 3,093 |
| December | 1,827 | 1,302 | 3,129 | 2, 133 | 1. 585 | 3,718 |
| Monthly average | 1,071 | 630 | 1,701 | 1,016 | 607 | 1. 623 |

TABLE 6. Consumption of Fuel and Electricity, 1959 and 1960

| Kinds of fuel |
| :--- |

TABLE 7. Inventor!es, 1960


[^2]T ABLE 8. Capital and Repair Expenditures in Leaf Tobacco Processing, 1956 $\mathbf{6 0}$
(Figures prepared In the Business Finance Division)

| Year | Capltal expenditures |  | Repair expenditures |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction | Machinery and equipment | Construction | Machin ery and equipment |  |
|  | thousands of dollars |  |  |  |  |
| 1956 | 550 | 620 | 151 | 255 | 1.576 |
| 1957. | 897 | 300 | 120 | 196 | 1,513 |
| 1958 | 736 | 576 | 250 | 272 | 1.834 |
| 1959. | 1 | 523 | 316 | 330 | 1. 169 |
| 19608. | 300 | 577 | 149 | 161 | 1.187 |

1 Withheld in accordance with the confidential clauses of the Statistics Act.

List of Firms engaged in Leal Tobacco Processing in 1960

| Name of firm | Address |
| :---: | :---: |
| Quebec: |  |
| Benson \& Hedges (Canada) Limited | 605 Maln St. Farnham |
| Imperial Tobacco Co. of Canada, Limited | 289 Dugas St. Jollette |
| F. H. Jones Tobacco Sales | 295 Heien Boule Sto, Joliette |
| O. Prevost Ltee | 308 St. Loulis St.. Joliette |
| l:a Soclété Cooperrative Agricole de la Vallée d'Yamaska | St, Cessaite |
| La Soclété Co-Opérative Agricole de Tabac du District de Joljette | St-Jacques de Montcalm |
| Ontario: |  |
| British Leaf Tobacco Co. of Canada Limited | 238 Patterson Ave. Chatham |
| Canadian Leaf Tobacco Co. Limited | Dover \& St. Clair Sts., Chatham |
| Consolldated Leaf Tobacco Co. Limited. | Kingsville |
| Dibrell Brothers Inc. | Oak St, Leamington |
| Hodge Tobacco Co. of Canada, Limited | Kingsville |
| Imperial Leaf Tobacco Co, of Canada, Limited | Aylmer |
| Imperial Leaf Tobaceo Co. of Canada, Limited | Delbi |
| Norfolk Leaf Tobacco Company, Limited | Tllisonburg |
| Simcoe Leaf Tobacco Company Limited | 2nd Ave. Sir |
| The Ontario Flue-cured Tobacco Growers Co-operalive Limited | Kin |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of "gross domestic product at factor cost", it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of office supplies used, advertising, insurance and other goods and services obtained from other businesses. Data on these inputs are not collected on the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for "The primary industries and constructhon" are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202, Survey of Production.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ The number of production workers, by months, was collected only for establishments generally reporting value of shipments of $\$ 500,000$ and wher. For establishments generally reporting value of shipments of less than $\$ 500,000$, no data on number of workers were collected. Average was ustimated by using change in value of shipments to arrive at value of payroll which was then used in conjunction with estimated average earnings to arrive at number of workers.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Book value of all manufacturing inventories held at plants and plant warehouses.
    ${ }^{3}$ The "Opening inventory" for 1960 differs from the "Closing Inventory" published for 1959 because of the receipt of revised data.

