CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
FORESTRY BRANCH

PRELIMINARY REPORT
on the
PRINTING \& BOOKBINDING INDUSTRY
in
CANADA
1931

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Toto. - Production fisures as given in this bulletin do not necessarily represent the total output in Canada of the commodities listed, as there may be also a considerable production in other industrial groups. For complete infomation this bulletin must be read with the rest of the series on paper industries and other publications of the Census of Industry.

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THE PRIMI:TG AD BOOKBITD ING INDUSTRY IN CANADA
1930-1931.

Ottawa, Febmary, 1933.- A report on the printing and bookbinding industry in Canada for 1930 and 1931 has just been issued by the Forest Products Branch of the Dominion Sureau of Statistics. This report gives the production of firms engaged chiefly in job printing.

There were 971 establishments engaged in this industry in 1931 as against 905 in 1930. The distribution by provinces was as follows: Ontario 425 ; Quebec, 266; British Columbia, 52; Manitoba, 72; Alberta, 48; ITova Scotia, 26; Saskatchewan, 29; New Brunswick, 19 and Primce Edward Island 4. Ontario reported an increase of 19 plants and quevec 11, Nova Scotia 3, British Columbia 6. Saskatchewan 6. ifanitoba 10 and Alberta 11.

Capital investment in these concerns decreased from $\$ 38.837 .176$ in 1930 to $\$ 36,832,215$ in 1931 , showing a decrease of $\$ 2,004,961$, or 5.2 per cent bel ow the figure for the preceding year. The value placed on lands, buildings, machinery, tools, etc., was given at $\$ 25,251,137$; inaterials on hand and stocks in process amounted to $\$ 3,629,372$; finished products on hand $\$ 505,360$; and cash, trading and operating accounts and bills receivable to $\$ 7,366,345$.

The average number of employees in the printing and bookbinding industry in 1931 was 11,189 or 378 less than the number reported in 1930 , and the total sum paid in salaries and wages was $\$ 14,604,194$ as compared with $\$ 15,663,048$ in 1930 . The 2,795 salaried employees vere paid $\$ 5,196,510$ and the 8,394 wage-earners received $\$ 9,407,684$ during the year.

Cost of fuel totriled $\$ 139,370$, a decrease of $\$ 7,517$ from $\$ 146,887$ reported in 1930. Bituminous coal was valued at $\$ 49,477$, gas cost $\$ 26,871$, o11 $\$ 23,950$; anthracite coal $\$ 19.873$; cole $\$ 6,652$; lignite coal $\$ 3.743$; wood $\$ 2,432$; gasoline $\$ 935$ and other finel $\$ 5,437$. Expenditures on electric power during the year amounted to $\$ 237,463$ which represented the cost of $8,815,030 \mathrm{k} . \mathrm{w} . \mathrm{h}$. Power installation included eleven steni engimes, eight gasoline engines, one hydraulic turbine or water Fineel, 5,672 electric motors operated by purchased power with a total rating of 9,962 horse-power, and fifty-six electric motors operated by power generated by the estaiblishments with a ratine of 137 horse-power.

汤terials used in the printing and bookbindine industry amounted to $\$ 10,250,998$ as agninst $\$ 11,942,585$ in 1930. Book and writing paper was used to the anount of $\$ 4,269,551$ and formed 41.6 per cent of the total value of materials ermployed. Tevsprint paper cost $\$ 791,501$, paper board $\$ 411,946$, cover and fancy paper $\$ 222,073$. envelopes, $\$ 308,224$, ready-print $\$ 20,653$, all other paper and paper board $\$ 1,696,456$ and 211 other materials $32,521,594$.

Production in 1931 was volued at $\$ 32,538,628$ as compared with the corresponding figure of $\$ 37,941,737$ recorded in 1930. The total anount received from job printing mas $\$ 24,566,112$, representing over half the total amount received from
 sraphing and stationery goods merc the rext most important sources of revenue.

The following tailes give, first, a sumary of the principal statistics of the industry in 1930 and 1931, Eolloned by corparative detailed tables for both rears, covering tho distribution of establishnents, capital invested, employment, fuel. electricit, power, materials used and products manufactured.

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## 1930-1931

Table 1. - Principal Statistics, 1930-1931.

| Items |  | 1930 | 1931 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estailishments | $\because 0$. | 905 | 971 |
| Capital employed | \$ | 36.837 .176 | 36,832,215 |
| Employees on salaries | T0. | 2,009 | 2,795 |
| Salaries paid | \$ | 4,394,820 | 5.196 .510 |
| Himlojees 0.2 wages | 390. | 9,498 | 8,394 |
| Tages paid | \$ | 11,258,228 | 9,407,584 |
| Fuel used | \$ | 146,857 | 139,370 |
| Fover used | \$ | 217,255 | 237,463 |
| Cost of materials | \$ | 11,942,885 | 10,250,998 |
| Value of products | \$ | 37,941,787 | 32,538,528 |

Table 2.- Distribution of Establishments by Provinces, 1930-1931.

| Provinces | Furiber of Istablishments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1931 |
| CALADA | 905 | 971 |
| Ontario | 405 | 425 |
| Quebec | 255 | 266 |
| Eritish Columbia | 76 | 82 |
| Canitoba | 62 | 72 |
| Alberta | 37 | 48 |
| Tova Scotia | 23 | 26 |
| Saskatchewan | 23 | 29 |
| Few Brunswicir | 19 | 19 |
| Prince Bdward Island | 4 | 4 |

Table 3.- Capital Invested, 1930-1931.

| Items | 1930 | 1931 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| TOTAL | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| Land, buildings, fixtures and machinery | $38,837,170$ | $36,832,215$ |
| Ifaterials, stoclis, etc., on hand | $25,325,011$ | $25,251,138$ |
| frinished prodructs on hand | $4,646,206$ | $3,529,372$ |
| Carh, tradinf and operatino accounts | $8,864,959$ | 565,360 |

Fiot separated in 1930.

Table 4.m Erploment, 1930 and 1931.

| Classes of马ulouees | Total muraber of Eployees |  | Tiales |  | Fenales |  | Total Salaries and Tages |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1931 | 1930 | 1931 | 1930 | 1931 | 1930 | 1931 |
|  | No. | ito. | NTO. | 70. | 170. | ITO. | \$ | \$ |
| MCTAT | 11.557 | 11,189 | 5,617 | 3.556 | 2.950 | 2,633 | 15,663,048 | $14,604,194$ |
| Salaried ermployees | 2,069 | 2,705 | 1.529 | 2,221 | 540 | 574 | 4.394,820 | 5,196,510 |
| Inuloyees on mages | 9,495 | 8.394 | 7.088 | 6,335 | 2,410 | 2,059 | 11,268,228 | 9,407,684 |

Table 5.- Fuel Used, 1930 and 1931.


Table 6.- Electricity Used, 1930 and 1931.

|  | Quantity |  | Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1931 | 1930 | 1931 |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| MOTAL | - | - | -217,255 | 237.463 |
| Electricity purchased for power only netered - K. T.H. | ?.097.646 | 8,815,030 | 177,971 | 237,463 |
| ftectricity purchased for power only at flat rate - H.P. | 1,536 | - | 39,284 | - |

Table 7. - Power Kmployed, 1930 and 1931.

| Power Units | No. of Units |  | Total H.P. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1931 | 1930 | 1931 |
| Stean engines and steam turbines Gasoline, gas and oil engines Fydraulic turbines or water wheels | 3. $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 9 \\ 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 8 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 111 \\ 129 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 114 \\ 129 \\ 33 \end{array}$ |
| Total Primary Power | 13 | - 20 | 242 | 246 |
| Slectric motors operated by purchased power | 5,455 | 5,672 | 10,125 | 9.962 |
| Total Power | 5,468 | 5,092 | 10,367 | 10,208 |
| Blectric motors operated by power generated by the establishment | 49 | 56 | 144 | 137 |
| Total 3lectric motors | 5.504 | 5,728 | 10,269 | 10,199 |
| Boilers | 11 | 41 | 675 | 878 |

frot separated in 1931.
1930-1931.

Table 8. - Taterials Used, 1930 and 1931.

for given separately in 1930.
Table 9.- Products : Canufactured, 1930 and 1931.


Frot give: separately in 1930.
Note: Data given here do not necessarily represent the total Canadian production under eack heading since these products are also listed under other industries.

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