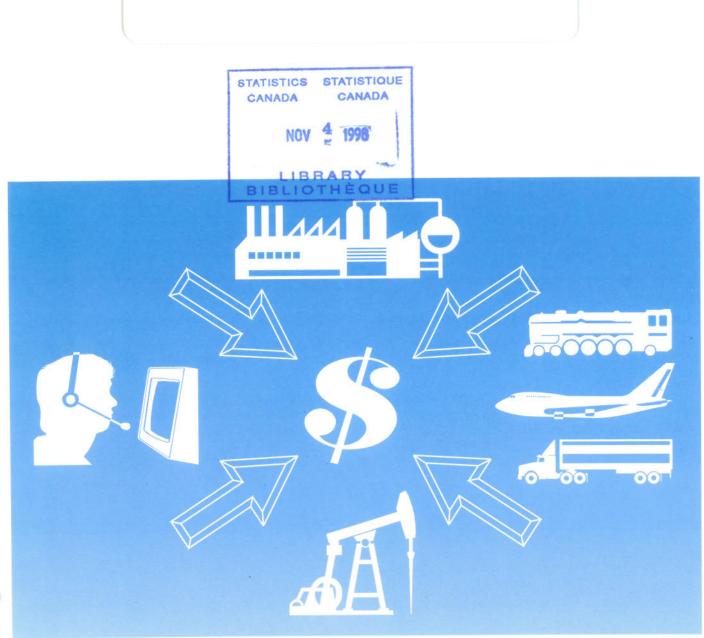


Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business





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Statistics Canada Industrial Organization and Finance Division

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

VOLUME 2 SMALL AND MEDIUM FIRMS (Firms with revenues under \$25 million)

1995 Reference Year

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada

@ Minister of Industry, 1998

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October 1998

Price: \$220.00

Catalogue no. 61F0059XPE

ISSN

Ottawa

Note of Appreciation

Canada owes the success of its statistical system to a long-standing cooperation involving Statistics Canada, the citizens of Canada, its businesses, governments and other institutions. Accurate and timely statistical information could not be produced without their continued cooperation and goodwill.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This publication was prepared under the direction of:

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- Jack Wilson, C.A. Professional Advisor
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The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of American National Standard for Information Sciences - Permanence of Paper for Printed Library Materials, ANSI Z39.48 - 1984.



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Revenue under \$25 million

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Industry

Livestock farms (except animal specialties)

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
·-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		9,062				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.4	4.3	-3.4	4.5	4.1	0.6
Pretax profit margin	14.5	5.4	-2.8	5.7	5.0	0.8
Operating profit margin	18.2	7.0	-0.4	7.6	3.8	1.7
Gross profit margin	61.5	40.1	25.8	46.2	32.1	9.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	89.5	61.6	35.8	50.1	70.9	230.3
Return on net operating assets	9.3	4.6	-0.3	4.6	3.6	5.2
Pretax profit to assets	7.3	2.8	-1.4	2.4	3.7	3.3
Return on capital employed	9.1	4.5	1.8	4.6	4.0	6.1
Return on equity (2)	14.6	5.9	-2.0	5.2	7.1	6.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.82	12.07	6.61	9.35	13.15	13.28
Inventory turnover	2.59	1.76	1.09	1.60	2.62	4.67
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.23	2.29	1.42	2.30	2.13	1.32
Debt to equity	0.40	0.78	2.18	0.68	0.99	1.63
Liabilities to assets	0.38	0.62	0.82	0.62	0.59	0.67
Interest coverage	4.81	2.95	1.07	3.25	2.16	1.42
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

- Livestock farms (except animal specialties)

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	4.0	1.1
Accounts receivable	3.0	10.3
Inventory	16.0	37.0
Capital assets	49.9	27.3
Other assets	14.0	11.5
Total operating assets	86.9	87.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.6	10.9
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.6	2.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	2.3	6.9
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.5	18.1
Short term paper	0.9	1.4
Mortgages	2.6	3.0
Bonds	9.6	15.6
Other loans	7.1	10.0
Amount owing to affiliates	20.6	7.3
Other liabilities	1.0	0.5
Deferred income tax	2.3	5.5
Total liabilities	59.0	68.2
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	12.3	11.4
Retained earnings	24.3	16.1
Other surplus	4.5	4.3
Total shareholders' equity	41.0	31.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	28.3	55.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	14.2	38.1

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Industry

Other animal specialty farms

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1) Median				
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		449				
Financial ratios			500 E			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	14.9	2.4	-10.4	2.2	3.1	
Pretax profit margin	17.0	3.0	-9.2	3.0	3.6	***
Operating profit margin	•••	-2.9	***		-2.9	
Gross profit margin	68.3	44.7	27.7	51.1	32.5	55555
Operating revenue to net operating assets	544	254.5			254.5	0.000
Return on net operating assets		-12.1	•••		-12.1	
Pretax profit to assets	11.9	2.6	-6.1	2.1	4.9	***
Return on capital employed		3.2		***	-4.1	
Return on equity (2)	25.7	7.2	-5.2	5.7	11.1	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		***	311)	***	***	
Inventory turnover	•••	5.99	***	****	300	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	3.01		***	1.88	
Debt to equity		•••			•••	
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.67	1.04	0.68	0.65	***
Interest coverage		-1.06	•••	***	•••	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		·
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

- Other animal specialty farms

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	1.9	•
Accounts receivable	4.2	-
Inventory	20.3	1.
Capital assets	22.3	
Other assets	4.6	
Total operating assets	53.3	2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.1	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	33.6	-
Total assets	100.0	÷
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3.0	-
Borrowing:		
Banks	3.6	=
Short term paper	0.4	*
Mortgages	0.8	
Bonds	4.2	
Other loans	2.0	≅
Amount owing to affiliates	41.2	-
Other liabilities	0.2	;•
Deferred income tax	3.3	
Total liabilities	58.8	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	5.5	
Retained earnings	33.0	-
Other surplus	2.7	= 9
Total shareholders' equity	41.2	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	41.6	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	9.3	151

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Industry

Field crop farms

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median			
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,963				
Financial ratios			-			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	24.7	10.6	-0.5	11.0	9.6	2.6
Pretax profit margin	28.9	13.0	0.7	13.6	10.9	2.8
Operating profit margin	27.9	13.8	-1.1	15.8	12.1	3.8
Gross profit margin	69.0	46.7	27.4	54.9	37.5	15.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	93.7	46.0	28.5	42.4	80.2	189.0
Return on net operating assets	14.9	5.8	-1.7	4.5	5.9	8.9
Pretax profit to assets	12.1	5.7	0.3	5.3	6.9	6.0
Return on capital employed	14.3	5.8	1.5	6.0	4.6	8.1
Return on equity (2)	21.1	9.0	1.4	8.3	12.0	11.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.76	10.64	6.25	6.57	10.77	11.38
Inventory turnover	2.84	1.09	0.87	0.94	1.97	5.48
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.71	1.35	0.92	1.21	2.40	1.64
Debt to equity	0.41	0.77	1.51	0.72	0.86	0.95
Liabilities to assets	0.27	0.51	0.77	0.50	0.55	0.60
Interest coverage	5.82	2.40	0.93	2.34	2.60	2.64
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		3	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			68	32		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry

Field crop farms

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	3.9	3.1		
Accounts receivable	2.5	16.5		
Inventory	10.9	21.8		
Capital assets	65.4	51.4		
Other assets	6.4	3.4		
Total operating assets	89.2	96.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.8	2.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.0	1.8		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1.8	13.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.1	13.5		
Short term paper	0.5	1.4		
Mortgages	3.9	2.7		
Bonds	5.7	15.9		
Other loans	7.7	7.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.1	3.4		
Other liabilities	1.4	0.7		
Deferred income tax	2.9	4.8		
Total liabilities	59.2	63.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	9.3	4.9		
Retained earnings	30.9	27.7		
Other surplus	0.5	4.2		
Total shareholders' equity	40.8	36.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	24.3	45.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	13.8	31.1		

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Industry

- Field crop combination farms

SICE C.

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		654	***			
Financial ratios		Water			-	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	23.2	11.7	-0.2	12.0	10.9	in.
Pretax profit margin	27.0	13.9	1.2	15.0	11.7	
Operating profit margin	***	7.1	***	•••	***	•••
Gross profit margin	77.3	56.0	33.2	61.9	41.8	
Operating revenue to net operating assets		68.0	•••	•••		
Return on net operating assets		0.5	•••			***
Pretax profit to assets	13.7	6.5	0.5	5.9	8.0	-
Return on capital employed		5.9	0.00	***	***	•••
Return on equity (2)	26.1	11.8	2.4	10.3	14.7	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	***		***	***	***
Inventory turnover	<i>.</i>	1.02	***	***		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		2.01		94040	***	•••
Debt to equity		0.23	•••	***	•••	
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.57	0.80	0.58	0.55	
Interest coverage	•••	-1.41		Y222		eme
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Fi	'irms	Fi	dium	M	and	ıall	Sm
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

Field crop combination farms

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.4	()
Accounts receivable	0.9	•
Inventory	23.0	
Capital assets	56.4	\ -
Other assets	1.5	•
Total operating assets	89.3	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	1.1	•
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.7	-
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	4.9	
Borrowing:		
Banks	9.3	1
Short term paper	0.9	Ε.
Mortgages	1.9	-
Bonds	10.6	-
Other loans	5.4	*
Amount owing to affiliates	8.9	1207
	0.4	-
Other liabilities	1.2	
Deferred income tax	43.6	
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.1	•
Retained earnings	31.0	-
Other surplus	16.4	-
Total shareholders' equity	56.4	8 4 8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	34.6	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	13.6	

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Industry

5 - Fruit and other vegetable farms

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	1000	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		898		-		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.1	3.9	-3.5	2.2	5.2	2.3
Pretax profit margin	14.4	4.7	-3.4	3.4	6.1	2.9
Operating profit margin	10.6	4.0	-2.4		14.8	4.2
Gross profit margin	65.3	42.4	24.7	48.0	34.2	15.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	172.7	75.1	52.1	•••	172.7	221.2
Return on net operating assets	26.6	-0.8	-3.5	-1.8	26.6	14.2
Pretax profit to assets	10.6	3.6	-3.0	1.9	6.8	5.4
Return on capital employed	21.1	7.6	-7.3	-2.8	21.1	11.9
Return on equity (2)	22.8	9.1	0.3	6.0	12.7	17.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	6.64	5.27	4.35	•••	4.35	6.58
Inventory turnover	***	7.24	***		3.50	14.57
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.89	1.21	1.08		1.08	1.06
Debt to equity	0.09	1.29	1.80		1.29	1.41
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.67	0.93	0.75	0.58	0.63
Interest coverage	12.63	-0.55	-3.73	***	12.63	2.55
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

- Fruit and other vegetable farms 5

Current liabilities - % of total assets

015 **SICE Grouping**

Medium firms with revenue Small firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million under \$5 million % Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm % **Assets** 3.8 2.1 Cash 16.2 8.4 Accounts receivable 4.8 9.1 Inventory 57.5 38.9 Capital assets 5.2 2.2 Other assets 90.1 58.1 Total operating assets 7.9 14.9 Investments and accounts with affiliates 2.0 27.0 Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates 100.0 100.0 Total assets Liabilities 13.7 4.3 Accounts payable Borrowing: 11.7 8.7 Banks 0.8 1.3 Short term paper 2.4 8.2 Mortgages 14.1 9.3 Bonds 6.7 4.5 Other loans 4.1 14.9 Amount owing to affiliates 3.2 3.5 Other liabilities 2.1 1.1 Deferred income tax 69.3 45.3 Total liabilities Shareholders' equity 6.7 5.7 Share capital 43.8 21.7 Retained earnings 4.2 3.3 Other surplus 30.7 Total shareholders' equity 54.7 100.0 100.0 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity Current assets - % of total assets 33.0 20.6 34.3

15.9

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Industry

6 - Horticultural specialties

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,270				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.9	2.7	-3.6	2.3	2.8	1.8
Pretax profit margin	10.5	3.4	-3.2	3.0	3.6	2.4
Operating profit margin	9.6	3.9	-5.0	-0.7	6.0	3.4
Gross profit margin	59.5	43.0	26.1	49.8	35.2	28.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	262.3	129.8	110.3	128.5	188.0	216.0
Return on net operating assets	21.8	7.1	-6.4	1.6	7.5	9.7
Pretax profit to assets	10.8	3.4	-3.4	2.2	4.7	3.0
Return on capital employed	17.1	6.8	-2.8	2.5	6.9	7.5
Return on equity (2)	24.5	9.3	-0.2	9.0	10.4	8.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.37	10.62	6.74	6.36	10.97	8.33
Inventory turnover	25.44	9.99	3.54		14.99	7.22
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.82	2.56	0.97	2.71	0.99	1.26
Debt to equity	0.14	0.77	2.54	0.23	2.54	1.40
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.70	0.97	0.74	0.66	0.73
Interest coverage	2.51	1.16	-0.24	1.33	1.16	2.35
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

- Horticultural specialties 6

016 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.4	1.6		
Accounts receivable	8.6	13.4		
Inventory	10.7	22.0		
Capital assets	55.4	42.7		
Other assets	5.6	4.0		
Total operating assets	87.7	83.6		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.1	8.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.2	7.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	8.5	9.7		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.7	17.0		
Short term paper	0.7	1.2		
Mortgages	5.7	2.3		
Bonds	7.6	11.4		
Other loans	9.7	9.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.2	10.7		
Other liabilities	4.0	3.1		
Deferred income tax	1.3	6.2		
Total liabilities	76.3	70.6		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	6.6	11.5		
Retained earnings	14.5	15.7		
Other surplus	2.5	2.1		
Total shareholders' equity	23.7	29.4		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	31.0	43.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.6	32.8		

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Industry

Livestock, field crop and horticultural combination farms

SICE Grouping

	Sm	all firms w	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,777				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	16.5	5.0	-5.3	4.9	5.2	0.2
Pretax profit margin	19.2	6.1	-4.2	6.0	6.1	0.2
Operating profit margin	19.4	11.8	3.3	11.9	8.0	-0.2
Gross profit margin	70.8	46.6	28.2	55.6	32.8	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	80.4	40.6	26.0	38.7	43.7	160.6
Return on net operating assets	10.8	4.8	1.1	4.1	5.2	9.1
Pretax profit to assets	8.5	2.9	-2.0	2.4	4.3	0.5
Return on capital employed	11.5	6.4	2.1	3.8	7.3	6.8
Return on equity (2)	17.4	6.9	-2.8	5.9	8.5	***
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	18.26	16.48	5.52		18.26	•••
Inventory turnover	2.21	1.02	0.79	0.89	1.06	5.62
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.26	2.35	1.72	2.71	2.11	1.35
Debt to equity	0.25	0.97	1.66	0.70	0.97	***
Liabilities to assets	0.38	0.61	0.83	0.62	0.61	0.76
Interest coverage	4.81	2.35	0.40	1.97	4.08	1.13
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			72	28		
Net profit			79	21		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	11		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

Livestock, field crop and horticultural combination farms

SICE Grouping 017

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	1.3	2.9		
Accounts receivable	4.0	13.1		
Inventory	17.5	34.6		
Capital assets	60.4	31.2		
Other assets	8.1	5.0		
Total operating assets	91.3	86.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.4	4.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.3	9.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	2.1	6.1		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.7	12.2		
Short term paper	0.7	1.3		
Mortgages	1.9	2.5		
Bonds	7.9	14.6		
Other loans	6.9	7.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	18.5	32.3		
Other liabilities	1.5	0.2		
Deferred income tax	2.3	0.7		
Total liabilities	53.5	77.0		
Shareholders' equity		Si managan		
Share capital	12.3	13.2		
Retained earnings	24.4	8.2		
Other surplus	9.9	1.6		
Total shareholders' equity	46.5	23.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	27.5	56.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	16.7	24.2		

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Y 3		
Ind	ustry	

8 - Services incidental to livestock and animal specialties

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,220				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.5	4.0	-0.7	3.3	5.2	1.1
Pretax profit margin	13.0	5.0	-0.5	3.9	6.5	1.5
Operating profit margin	18.7	6.5	0.8	7.7	5.1	1.4
Gross profit margin	63.8	42.6	24.5	50.9	34.6	16.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	278.3	235.8	142.6	228.2	265.2	161.9
Return on net operating assets	30.4	14.3	4.1	14.9	12.9	6.5
Pretax profit to assets	21.6	8.1	-1.1	5.4	12.5	2.9
Return on capital employed	28.3	13.7	3.8	12.8	14.8	6.2
Return on equity (2)	33.3	15.7	3.0	13.6	19.6	8.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.61	11.25	5.66	7.70	11.25	8.49
Inventory turnover	6.85	4.22	3.12	5.85	2.49	1.79
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.32	2.16	1.23	2.19	1.75	1.20
Debt to equity	0.20	0.67	1.53	0.53	0.67	0.51
Liabilities to assets	0.32	0.63	0.92	0.69	0.56	0.73
Interest coverage	5.27	2.22	0.71	2.22	3.83	1.66
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			90	10		
Pretax profit			83	17		
Net profit			83	17		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			ç			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Industry

Services incidental to livestock and animal specialties

SICE Grouping 021

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	13.2	12.5	
Accounts receivable	12.4	16.8	
Inventory	12.5	22.4	
Capital assets	38.6	17.7	
Other assets	2.6	2.8	
Total operating assets	79.3	72.2	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.1	20.3	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	11.6	7.5	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	13.1	13.8	
Borrowing:			
Banks	13.1	11.8	
Short term paper	0.4	0.8	
Mortgages	1.7	1.5	
Bonds	2.7	9.0	
Other loans	6.1	4.8	
Amount owing to affiliates	9.1	9.4	
Other liabilities	2.7	1.4	
Deferred income tax	1.6	2.7	
Total liabilities	50.3	55.2	
Shareholders' equity		- N	
Share capital	28.7	6.4	
Retained earnings	19.9	37.3	
Other surplus	1.1	1.2	
Total shareholders' equity	49.7	44.8	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	46.4	56.4	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	26.7	37.7	

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Industry

Services incidental to agricultural crops

SICE Grouping

	Smal	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
`		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		684				-
Financial ratios			-			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.8	2.7	-2.6	2.6	2.8	1.2
Pretax profit margin	11.8	3.2	-2.3	3.1	3.4	1.5
Operating profit margin	10.6	4.9	2.9	4.9	6.6	2.5
Gross profit margin	63.5	38.1	17.7	51.1	24.9	11.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	273.1	169.3	75.4	154.4	248.1	557.5
Return on net operating assets	17.2	11.2	2.8	11.1	13.2	9.6
Pretax profit to assets	14.5	4.6	-3.4	3.7	6.5	5.6
Return on capital employed	26.3	12.1	2.8	15.1	10.2	8.6
Return on equity (2)	27.4	10.1	-1.5	6.5	15.7	15.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	17.96	8.87	5.17	11.80	5.79	12.48
Inventory turnover	13.53	6.82	3.01	***	6.82	2.96
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.05	1.45	1.19	1.19	1.45	1.12
Debt to equity	0.21	0.69	1.25	0.69	0.53	1.41
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.65	0.94	0.66	0.62	0.80
Interest coverage	4.50	2.33	-0.70	2.33	3.07	2.41
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			78	22		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			19	9		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

9 - Services incidental to agricultural crops

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	11.4	2.0	
Accounts receivable	15.0	19.9	
Inventory	2.2	30.1	
Capital assets	53.0	33.8	
Other assets	2.8	2.8	
Total operating assets	84.5	88.6	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	2.6	10.8	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	12.9	0.6	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	11.1	16.5	
Borrowing:			
Banks	7.2	19.1	
Short term paper	0.1	1.5	
Mortgages	1.6	3.5	
Bonds	1.2	16.4	
Other loans	3.4	7.8	
Amount owing to affiliates	14.2	2.4	
Other liabilities	4.6	1.2	
Deferred income tax	3.0	2.0	
Total liabilities	46.4	70.3	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	23.3	7.6	
Retained earnings	24.8	22.1	
Other surplus	5.5	0.0	
Total shareholders' equity	53.6	29.7	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	42.8	55.9	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	29.1	47.7	

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Industry

10 - Other services incidental to agriculture

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
_		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		275		-		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.5	3.3	-2.8	3.4	2.9	
Pretax profit margin	16.4	3.9	-2.6	3.9	3.7	
Operating profit margin	***	3.6	***	1	5242	
Gross profit margin	66.0	37.2	19.9	44.8	26.7	(1889)
Operating revenue to net operating assets		173.2				
Return on net operating assets		21.2		***	***	>···
Pretax profit to assets	19.8	5.8	-3.8	4.7	7.8	
Return on capital employed	***	4.5	***		···	s
Return on equity (2)	35.1	14.3	1.3	14.3	14.3	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••	14.47	***		***	222
Inventory turnover	***	***	***	•••	***	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		2.81	233	•••	***	
Debt to equity	***	***	***	***	***	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.69	1.00	0.72	0.64	****
Interest coverage	***		•••	•••	•••	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

10 - Other services incidental to agriculture

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	2.6	
Accounts receivable	15.1	250
Inventory	7.7	
Capital assets	44.7	(*)
Other assets	9.2	w
Total operating assets	79.2	888
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.2	·*
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.7	. - .
Total assets	100.0	(IM)
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	8.9	:50
Borrowing:		
Banks	18.3	*
Short term paper	0.1	3.5
Mortgages	0.2	1992
Bonds	1.3	(* C
Other loans	11.1	3€3
Amount owing to affiliates	13.3	<u>*</u>
Other liabilities	2.1	*
Deferred income tax	-0.6	⊗ - 1
Total liabilities	54.7	9 2)
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	25.4	*
Retained earnings	14.7	£
Other surplus	5.1	2
Total shareholders' equity	45.3	<u>~</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	-
Current assets - % of total assets	35.2	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.8	2 =

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Industry

11 - Fishing industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,143				
Financial ratios			210			·
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	19.0	7.1	-3.5	5.1	11.6	2.1
Pretax profit margin	23.9	9.0	-3.1	6.6	14.2	2.3
Operating profit margin	21.7	12.5	2.0	13.3	11.0	2.6
Gross profit margin	59.9	38.1	23.8	46.5	31.5	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	205.8	139.0	70.0	131.3	149.2	313.3
Return on net operating assets	25.9	10.4	-1.9	9.0	10.9	15.0
Pretax profit to assets	20.0	7.7	-2.6	5.0	13.4	1.4
Return on capital employed	20.8	7.8	-0.9	5.2	14.6	10.6
Return on equity (2)	27.5	11.4	-1.1	8.2	19.0	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.89	6.91	3.76	6.49	7.95	11.52
Inventory turnover	12.44	5.25	3.21	5.25	6.04	6.10
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.49	2.35	1.48	2.05	2.70	2.01
Debt to equity	0.15	0.46	1.35	0.35	0.77	0.36
Liabilities to assets	0.20	0.45	0.77	0.47	0.43	0.94
Interest coverage	6.70	1.43	0.24	1.32	2.56	4.88
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

11 - Fishing industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	18.1	6.3	
Accounts receivable	9.6	11.1	
Inventory	2.7	11.0	
Capital assets	37.5	42.7	
Other assets	11.8	16.1	
Total operating assets	79.7	87.2	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.2	6.6	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	13.1	6.2	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	8.5	11.9	
Borrowing:			
Banks	15.6	35.2	
Short term paper	0.1	0.6	
Mortgages	2.0	9.5	
Bonds	1.0	7.3	
Other loans	9.9	14.3	
Amount owing to affiliates	16.6	12.4	
Other liabilities	5.1	3.9	
	1.3	3.2	
Deferred income tax	60.1	98.2	
Total liabilities			
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	3.0	5.4	
Retained earnings	34.4	-8.8	
Other surplus	2.5	5.2	
Total shareholders' equity	39.9	1.8	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	37.6	35.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	22.4	46.2	

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Industry

12 - Services incidental to fishing

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		166				T
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	15.3	4.4	-6.0	4.6	4.3	
Pretax profit margin	15.6	4.9	-5.7	5.2	4.6	
Operating profit margin		7.1			1.6	***
Gross profit margin	49.5	32.8	21.3	36.0	32.3	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets		80.8		***	248.7	***
Return on net operating assets		-0.3		***	10.2	•••
Pretax profit to assets	18.0	5.0	-4.3	4.0	5.9	
Return on capital employed		10.8		***	12.3	
Return on equity (2)	45.8	16.1	-1.7	11.7	20.1	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	****	2000	•••			1522
Inventory turnover	•	1.47	***		922	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.14	***		0.92	·
Debt to equity		2.01			2.44	***
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.79	1.00	0.84	0.68	5***
Interest coverage		1.33	•••	•••	1.88	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		R.
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

12 - Services incidental to fishing

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.3	•
Accounts receivable	7.1	(<u>-2</u>
Inventory	11.8	l.
Capital assets	46.9	in the second
Other assets	17.1	125
Total operating assets	89.2	· ·
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.1	12
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.7	9
Total assets	100.0	÷.
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	9.9	2
Borrowing:		
Banks	18.3	-
Short term paper	0.6	Ē
Mortgages	1.2	8
Bonds	6.7	
Other loans	14.6	
Amount owing to affiliates	19.0	W 1
Other liabilities	0.8	
Deferred income tax	2.3	4
Total liabilities	73.3	€ (**)
Shareholders' equity	17.3	8
Share capital	8.3	1 3 9
Retained earnings	8.3 1.1	i≅o
Other surplus		1 38 2
Total shareholders' equity	26.7	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	3. - 3
Current assets - % of total assets	38.0	12
Current liabilities - % of total assets	22.0	-

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Industry

13 - Logging industry

SICE Grouping

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
,		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	Median
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Number of firms in the group		4,116				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.4	3.5	-2.0	3.3	3.7	2.0
Pretax profit margin	12.4	4.4	-1.6	4.1	4.5	2.5
Operating profit margin	16.5	7.8	1.4	9.3	6.7	3.3
Gross profit margin	50.0	29.0	16.1	36.6	22.2	11.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	229.3	162.7	91.4	144.4	180.4	292.1
Return on net operating assets	22.5	11.2	1.5	7.3	14.9	10.2
Pretax profit to assets	18.9	6.7	-3.1	5.6	8.1	6.2
Return on capital employed	18.1	11.3	3.0	9.2	12.9	9.4
Return on equity (2)	38.0	16.2	0.6	14.9	17.4	16.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.64	11.89	7.18	11.48	12.68	11.70
Inventory turnover	11.50	4.48	1.13	7.00	4.48	8.50
<u>Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)</u>						
Working capital	4.43	1.79	1.02	3.06	1.27	1.09
Debt to equity	0.30	1.00	2.73	0.66	1.11	1.42
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.68	0.92	0.69	0.66	0.73
Interest coverage	6.48	2.07	0.71	1.58	3.04	3.16
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			79	21		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

13 - Logging industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	12.6	6.9
Accounts receivable	8.8	14.7
Inventory	3.4	9.6
Capital assets	52.4	49.7
Other assets	4.1	3.9
Total operating assets	81.3	84.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.1	10.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.5	5.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.2	21.5
Borrowing:	19.2	13.2
Banks		
Short term paper	0.5	2.1
Mortgages	2.1	2.3
Bonds	5.6	13.5
Other loans	10.9	7.5
Amount owing to affiliates	11.8	8.6
Other liabilities	4.0	3.2
Deferred income tax	0.5	2.4
Total liabilities	67.8	74.3
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.7	3.6
Retained earnings	27.2	21.2
Other surplus	2.3	0.9
Total shareholders' equity	32.2	25.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	33.1	37.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.7	44.2

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Industry

14 - Forestry services industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1) Me		dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		456				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.8	2.9	-1.6	2.7	3.3	1.3
Pretax profit margin	9.5	3.5	-1.5	2.9	4.0	1.6
Operating profit margin	10.9	4.4	0.0	4.6	4.1	1.7
Gross profit margin	***		•	***		•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	413.0	240.9	144.7	158.8	307.5	377.8
Return on net operating assets	22.5	12.3	1.0	7.7	12.6	8.5
Pretax profit to assets	22.7	8.2	-3.8	4.8	11.8	8.7
Return on capital employed	19.0	11.7	2.8	7.9	12.4	4.5
Return on equity (2)	39.3	21.0	4.0	19.4	22.4	23.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.48	11.89	6.71	13.11	8.54	4.83
Inventory turnover	\$9 44 \$	***	300	•••	***	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.22	1.44	1.04	1.06	2.35	1.47
Debt to equity	0.20	0.38	1.19	0.38	0.42	1.04
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.70	0.96	0.77	0.57	0.69
Interest coverage	7.30	2.56	0.00	1.39	3.81	1.68
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			79	21		
Net profit			79	21		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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14 - Forestry services industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	12.8	6.2
Accounts receivable	19.8	24.0
Inventory	4.6	9.0
Capital assets	34.1	18.9
Other assets	5.1	5.5
Total operating assets	76.3	63.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	18.5	34.7
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.2	1.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.4	23.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.6	8.3
Short term paper	0.0	0.8
Mortgages	2.3	1.9
Bonds	0.6	9.5
Other loans	7.3	4.7
Amount owing to affiliates	7.8	18.7
Other liabilities	5.2	3.0
Deferred income tax	1.0	1.4
Total liabilities	54.2	71.5
Shareholders' equity		*
Share capital	16.7	3.6
Retained earnings	28.5	24.1
Other surplus	0.6	0.7
Total shareholders' equity	45.8	28.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	43.3	65.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	26.9	49.3

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Industry

15 - Metal mines

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	Soundary (1) Med		lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		84				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	22.4	6.9	-78.5	4.7	8.1	5.1
Pretax profit margin	27.2	7.7	-62.5	4.7	8.3	7.3
Operating profit margin	(400)	26.1		26.3	***	5.CC:
Gross profit margin	***	47.8	***			****
Operating revenue to net operating assets	119.3	44.1	1.6	7.0	***	***
Return on net operating assets	20.3	2.3	-9.9	-2.4	•••	100
Pretax profit to assets	19.7	3.2	-2.5	2.7	3.7	1.6
Return on capital employed	20.0	4.1	-1.0	2.6	•••	
Return on equity (2)	22.5	2.1	-3.2	-0.2	8.8	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	3.49	1.52	0.32	0.53	***	•••
Inventory turnover		***	***	***		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	11.24	4.30	3.73	6.73	***	
Debt to equity	0.05	0.26	0.30	0.17		
Liabilities to assets	0.07	0.36	0.80	0.34	0.38	***
Interest coverage	5.01	3.27	-2.55	3.27		
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

15 - Metal mines

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.0	•
Accounts receivable	14.3	(-
Inventory	19.0	•
Capital assets	21.5	-
Other assets	10.2	•
Total operating assets	71.9	141
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.3	1.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.8	ce.
Total assets	100.0	:=:
19401 400010		7
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	10.8	5
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.4	¥
Short term paper	*	5
Mortgages	9 = 3	-
Bonds	16.5	
	*	-
Other loans	7.0	-
Amount owing to affiliates	2.4	1
Other liabilities	-6.9	-
Deferred income tax	46.1	_
Total liabilities	40.1	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	80.8	
Retained earnings	-183.2	
Other surplus	156.3	•
Total shareholders' equity	53.9	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	8•1
Current assets - % of total assets	57.2	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	15.9	% <u>₽</u>

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Industry

16 - Non-metal mines (except coal)

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	Quartile Boundary (1)		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		61	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Financial ratios			- 200			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	21.5	6.5	-1.4	4.3	8.6	6.0
Pretax profit margin	23.6	6.8	-1.2	5.3	8.9	7.5
Operating profit margin	18.6	9.2	0.7		7.0	8.3
Gross profit margin	56.6	43.1	23.5	44.7	40.6	31.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	173.1	95.8	79.9	•••	93.7	90.5
Return on net operating assets		-14.4	***		4.6	15.5
Pretax profit to assets	16.2	5.0	-1.4	2.2	10.4	8.2
Return on capital employed	13.7	7.9	0.2		6.1	10.3
Return on equity (2)	29.2	10.7	1.7	6.0	15.6	16.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		9.28	***		6.57	8.66
Inventory turnover	***	14.74	***	5 22	3.33	4.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	3.44	***	•••	2.51	1.64
Debt to equity	1800	0.29	***		0.11	0.24
Liabilities to assets	0.28	0.49	0.86	0.49	0.50	0.54
Interest coverage	•••	1.30		•••	1.84	3.29
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
Olliani	anu	TATCORRECTION	H HE BEAL

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Industry

16 - Non-metal mines (except coal)

SICE Grouping C

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.2	4.9
Accounts receivable	6.4	8.6
Inventory	2.7	14.9
Capital assets	8.7	52.3
Other assets	0.5	9.0
Total operating assets	27.5	89.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	67.9	8.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.6	2.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	5.2	9.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	21.2	29.3
Short term paper	0.0	0.0
Mortgages	0.0	0.0
Bonds	0.2	0.2
Other loans	19.8	3.1
Amount owing to affiliates	3.9	21.1
Other liabilities	0.6	10.9
Deferred income tax	0.1	8.6
Total liabilities	50.9	82.6
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	35.9	38.0
Retained earnings	13.2	-32.5
Other surplus	0.0	11.9
Total shareholders' equity	49.1	17.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	25.0	30.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	11.1	40.0

Number of firms in the group

Profitability (percentages)

Financial ratios

Net profit margin

Pretax profit margin

Gross profit margin

Pretax profit to assets

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)

Receivable turnover

Inventory turnover

Working capital

Liabilities to assets

Interest coverage

Debt to equity

Operating profit margin

Return on net operating assets

Return on capital employed

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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17 - Crude petroleum and natural gas industries

SICE Grouping

Medium firms with Small firms with revenue under \$5 million revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million Quartile Boundary (1) Median Better Average Worse Firms **Firms** Q3 Q2 \$500,000 to Median under Q1 \$500,000 \$5 million 75% 50% 25% 1,444 26.2 7.5 -13.27.4 8.3 6.2 33.0 11.1 -9.8 10.9 11.6 7.3 28.3 10.4 -11.6 7.3 13.3 19.0 71.6 48.3 31.7 53.3 40.4 29.2 Operating revenue to net operating assets 141.2 52.8 31.2 54.8 42.8 39.9 14.8 2.1 -11.9 0.6 2.7 4.7 15.0 4.0 -3.6 3.9 4.2 2.2 12.4 5.2 -2.3 7.0 3.8 4.8 19.6 5.6 -3.45.5 6.1 5.8 13.01 7.00 3.37 8.47 5.67 5.76 2.31 11.02 ...

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	63	37
Pretax profit	66	34
Net profit	65	35
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	1	1

2.07

0.22

0.32

0.69

1.07

0.49

0.66

-5.25

3.35

0.18

0.30

0.57

1.14

0.28

0.39

0.94

1.32

0.60

0.51

1.66

7.03

0.07

0.11

4.14 .

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 17 - Crude petroleum and natural gas industries
SICE Grouping 071

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	13.3	2.8
Accounts receivable	8.4	5.2
Inventory	0.6	0.2
Capital assets	48.2	56.6
Other assets	4.9	2.3
Total operating assets	75.5	67.1
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.1	26.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	12.4	6.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	9.0	5.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	8.8	15.9
Short term paper	0.2	0.3
Mortgages	1.2	0.5
Bonds	2.8	3.7
Other loans	6.5	9.5
Amount owing to affiliates	8.8	14.3
Other liabilities	3.3	2.3
Deferred income tax	2.4	4.6
Total liabilities	42.8	56.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	50.8	38.6
Retained earnings	-11.0	-1.4
Other surplus	17.4	6.4
Total shareholders' equity	57.2	43.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	29.5	9.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	15.8	11.3

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Industry

18 - Stone quarries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	all firms wi	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		92				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.9	2.1	-7.9	-1.5	3.8	5.2
Pretax profit margin	14.4	3.3	-6.1	1.0	4.5	5.2
Operating profit margin	10.3	2.2	-4.9	1	2.2	3.0
Gross profit margin	59.9	29.7	19.1	48.1	26.8	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	141.7	97.6	49.8	•••	139.9	125.3
Return on net operating assets	0.4	-3.5	-11.3	***	-3.5	4.7
Pretax profit to assets	9.4	2.9	-4.1	0.9	4.2	5.6
Return on capital employed	12.5	4.5	-0.9	•••	4.7	6.5
Return on equity (2)	21.4	6.4	-2.9	1.9	9.2	8.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.50	6.86	3.46		7.07	5.45
Inventory turnover	10.99	3.77	2.17	·	2.49	9.95
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.81	2.01	1.21	***	1.34	1.33
Debt to equity	500	0.69			0.60	0.52
Liabilities to assets	0.26	0.59	0.91	0.71	0.56	0.53
Interest coverage	9444	0.40		***	0.71	0.76
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

18 - Stone quarries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.1	5.3
Accounts receivable	11.8	21.3
Inventory	12.9	11.0
Capital assets	49.2	54.3
Other assets	2.0	2.3
Total operating assets	79.0	94.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.4	5.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.6	0.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	8.8	17.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.9	14.2
Short term paper	0.5	5
Mortgages	1.0	1.8
Bonds	5.5	2.6
Other loans	7.9	4.2
Amount owing to affiliates	14.5	12.0
Other liabilities	3.4	3.0
Deferred income tax	2.8	1.4
Total liabilities	60.3	56.3
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.7	23.1
Retained earnings	25.1	20.3
Other surplus	4.8	0.3
Total shareholders' equity	39.7	43.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	31.6	38.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	20.9	37.9

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Industry

19 - Sand and gravel pits

SICE Grouping

and the state of t	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		529	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Financial ratios						-
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.7	2.7	-5.2	2.2	2.8	0.1
Pretax profit margin	12.4	3.6	-4.4	2.9	3.7	0.3
Operating profit margin	17.3	9.3	4.6	11.2	7.7	2.3
Gross profit margin	51.0	27.4	17.2	38.3	23.0	23.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	187.4	137.6	76.9	112.1	145.9	148.4
Return on net operating assets	18.8	10.2	5.8	8.7	12.3	3.3
Pretax profit to assets	11.8	3.5	-3.7	2.1	4.7	0.3
Return on capital employed	16.5	9.1	5.1	8.0	11.2	3.1
Return on equity (2)	21.8	8.2	-1.7	7.3	9.0	3.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.46	6.04	3.86	4.82	6.78	7.83
Inventory turnover	17.33	9.73	2.20	***	11.96	7.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.53	1.41	0.85	2.10	0.99	0.78
Debt to equity	0.22	0.60	1.98	0.41	0.74	1.28
Liabilities to assets	0.31	0.61	0.91	0.67	0.59	0.68
Interest coverage	7.56	2.77	1.43	2.05	2.77	1.03
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			78	22		
Net profit			76	24		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms	

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

19 - Sand and gravel pits

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.7	4.2
Accounts receivable	13.4	15.0
Inventory	6.2	6.3
Capital assets	45.1	53.5
Other assets	3.9	4.3
Total operating assets	78.3	83.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.6	9.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	12.1	7.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	10.8	11.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.0	25.1
Short term paper	0.1	0.5
Mortgages	3.8	3.6
Bonds	1.2	2.7
Other loans	8.2	12.3
Amount owing to affiliates	12.5	9.8
Other liabilities	2.4	2.2
Deferred income tax	1.6	3.9
Total liabilities	54.6	71.8
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.5	10.3
Retained earnings	43.8	13.4
Other surplus	0.1	4.4
Total shareholders' equity	45.4	28.2
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	37.6	32.3
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.2	30.8

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Service industries incidental to crude petroleum and natural gas

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,778				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	13.5	5.0	-1.3	5.3	4.9	2.1
Pretax profit margin	16.8	6.3	-1.0	6.7	5.9	2.7
Operating profit margin	15.5	7.4	0.9	7.4	5.1	3.0
Gross profit margin	72.1	44.5	26.4	57.3	36.0	26.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	272.0	208.0	124.8	208.8	201.1	281.4
Return on net operating assets	24.0	12.8	2.2	9.5	19.3	14.7
Pretax profit to assets	27.0	10.6	-1.7	9.6	11.8	5.5
Return on capital employed	22.4	10.0	3.9	9.9	19.2	10.1
Return on equity (2)	41.5	20.6	1.9	17.4	25.5	15.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.45	6.75	5.16	6.75	7.36	7.29
Inventory turnover	8.63	4.80	2.15	8.09	4.80	16.14
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.59	1.58	0.93	1.58	1.36	1.07
Debt to equity	0.33	0.78	2.74	0.87	0.58	1.04
Liabilities to assets	0.31	0.58	0.85	0.55	0.61	0.74
Interest coverage	6.91	2.45	0.80	1.19	4.88	3.59
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			79	21		
Pretax profit			79	21		
Net profit			77	23		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Industry

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1.

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1995

- Service industries incidental to crude petroleum and natural gas

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091 **SICE Grouping** Medium firms with revenue Small firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million under \$5 million % Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm % **Assets** 5.8 11.3 Cash 21.0 21.1 Accounts receivable 2.7 3.1 Inventory 49.8 47.3 Capital assets 2.4 3.6 Other assets 86.3 81.7 Total operating assets 14.6 9.5 Investments and accounts with affiliates 4.2 3.7 Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates 100.0 100.0 Total assets Liabilities 16.7 14.7 Accounts payable Borrowing: 11.6 11.8 Banks 0.3 0.1 Short term paper 0.8 0.2 Mortgages 1.1 4.6 Bonds 7.2 5.2 Other loans 30.4 13.1 Amount owing to affiliates 2.3 2.3 Other liabilities 1.6 3.5 Deferred income tax 69.3 58.3 Total liabilities Shareholders' equity 6.8 13.3 Share capital 34.6 11.4 Retained earnings 5.9 0.4 Other surplus Total shareholders' equity 41.7 30.7 100.0 100.0 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity 32.8 Current assets - % of total assets 40.5 Current liabilities - % of total assets 29.0 31.0

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Industry

21 - Service industries incidental to mining

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		611				
Financial ratios			N 1			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.1	1.2	-29.6	-0.8	2.9	1.2
Pretax profit margin	12.4	1.9	-29.1	-0.7	3.9	2.9
Operating profit margin	8.3	0.4	-33.0	-30.9	4.3	2.2
Gross profit margin	***	***	•••	***	***	****
Operating revenue to net operating assets	286.0	166.5	28.2	114.3	178.8	140.6
Return on net operating assets	13.7	-2.2	-10.7	-4.9	8.1	6.9
Pretax profit to assets	15.1	1.3	-6.4	-0.5	6.0	4.2
Return on capital employed	16.0	1.5	-15.1	-3.1	12.3	5.0
Return on equity (2)	21.8	2.1	-6.4	-0.8	10.7	6.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.74	6.05	2.41	8.43	5.69	5.06
Inventory turnover	***	•••	•••		***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.10	1.49	1.08	1.49	1.27	0.92
Debt to equity	0.25	0.60	0.79	0.60	0.50	
Liabilities to assets	0.12	0.41	0.77	0.30	0.52	0.63
Interest coverage	6.63	2.45	-4.85	1.13	4.66	1.29
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			68	32		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			-			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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221 - Funeral services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	14.5	(#C)
Accounts receivable	7.3	*
Inventory	5.7	, (1 .7)
Capital assets	36.3	(a)
Other assets	9.4	·
Total operating assets	73.2	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.5	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	22.2) -
Total assets	100.0	720
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	9.8	*
Borrowing:		
Banks	11.7	5.
Short term paper	0.3	-
Mortgages	3.8	
Bonds	3.6	-
	5.9	2
Other loans	5.2	
Amount owing to affiliates	28.2	
Other liabilities	0.2	
Deferred income tax	68.8	· ·
Total liabilities	00.0	ē
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.4	2
Retained earnings	25.6	2
Other surplus	3.2	4
Total shareholders' equity	31.2	(<u>a</u>)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	2•1
Current assets - % of total assets	36.4	:=:
Current liabilities - % of total assets	23.4	•

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Industry

222 - Other personal and household services

ar ar	Sma	ıll firms wi	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,409				
Financial ratios					W. Harris	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.9	1.2	-4.3	1.0	2.2	0.8
Pretax profit margin	6.9	1.2	-4.4	1.0	2.8	0.8
Operating profit margin	8.9	3.7	-2.2	3.0	7.6	2000
Gross profit margin		***	***	•••	***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	412.9	240.6	159.0	197.4	460.6	•••
Return on net operating assets	15.3	2.5	-8.5	-0.5	25.5	•••
Pretax profit to assets	16.9	2.7	-10.0	2.2	6.0	1.4
Return on capital employed	17.1	7.9	-8.5	7.7	16.5	9400 CC
Return on equity (2)	33.9	12.5	-3.9	11.5	16.3	6.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.31	11.66	9.20	2000	10.29	***
Inventory turnover	***	***		***		•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.90	1.76	1.21	1.80	1.21	222
Debt to equity	0.22	0.85	1.92	0.66	1.84	***
Liabilities to assets	0.53	0.88	1.12	0.91	0.75	0.67
Interest coverage	5.33	1.98	-1.44	1.29	3.48	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			78	22		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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222 - Other personal and household services Industry SICE Grouping 979

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	13.9	Ē.		
Accounts receivable	10.4	•		
Inventory	6.4	•		
Capital assets	41.9	•		
Other assets	16.9	*		
Total operating assets	89.4	•		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.6	20		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.0	2 (2)		
Total assets	100.0	*		
Liabilities		¥		
Accounts payable	19.0	-		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.8			
Short term paper	0.4	•		
Mortgages	1.0	=		
Bonds	4.2	2		
Other loans	10.2	8		
Amount owing to affiliates	18.7	*		
Other liabilities	15.6	-		
Deferred income tax	0.8	¥		
Total liabilities	84.7	*		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	8.1	**		
Retained earnings	6.1	-		
Other surplus	1.1			
Total shareholders' equity	15.3			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•		
Current assets - % of total assets	37.7			
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.6	8.5		

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Industry

223 - Machinery and equipment rental and leasing services

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,844				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.8	2.7	-3.8	2.0	3.6	1.9
Pretax profit margin	12.6	3.3	-3.5	2.4	4.5	2.9
Operating profit margin	13.1	5.0	-2.5	3.2	6.7	3.9
Gross profit margin	•••				***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	239.7	140.4	74.6	125.9	201.3	197.3
Return on net operating assets	15.5	6.3	-3.9	4.7	9.9	8.1
Pretax profit to assets	13.5	3.5	-3.6	2.3	6.4	5.1
Return on capital employed	15.2	6.7	-1.4	5.4	9.4	10.7
Return on equity (2)	31.8	12.0	-1.0	10.0	14.8	11.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.48	7.54	4.94	7.90	7.42	6.15
Inventory turnover	•••	***	***	100		155553
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.19	1.69	1.00	1.76	1.65	1.12
Debt to equity	0.39	0.93	3.09	1.17	0.74	1.79
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.73	0.98	0.77	0.67	0.71
Interest coverage	4.46	1.60	-0.69	1.00	2.43	2.62
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit	39		77	23		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			70	30		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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223 - Machinery and equipment rental and leasing services Industry **SICE Grouping** 991

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.2	2.4
Accounts receivable	12.1	17.4
Inventory	9.1	16.5
Capital assets	53.3	48.8
Other assets	3.2	5.3
Total operating assets	84.9	90.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.2	7.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	2.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	11.3	13.7
Borrowing:		**
Banks	17.6	21.9
Short term paper	0.3	3.0
Mortgages	3.6	1.5
Bonds	2.8	5.5
Other loans	8.7	13.3
Amount owing to affiliates	24.2	17.8
Other liabilities	2.2	3.6
	1.9	2.9
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	72.5	83.3
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	5.3	7.7
Retained earnings	19.9	8.0
Other surplus	2.2	1.0
Total shareholders' equity	27.5	16.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	33.1	39.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.8	45.5

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Industry

224 - Automobile and truck rental and leasing services

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-	Quartile Boun		undary (1) Med		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,426				
Financial ratios			100			
Profitability (percentages)				S.		
Net profit margin	9.8	2.3	-4.7	2.6	1.8	1.1
Pretax profit margin	11.9	2.9	-4.2	3.3	2.5	1.4
Operating profit margin	20.7	6.4	-1.2	7.2	6.1	5.9
Gross profit margin		***	***			***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	163.2	69.1	43.4	76.2	61.6	72.7
Return on net operating assets	15.6	6.7	-1.4	5.1	7.4	8.1
Pretax profit to assets	7.8	1.8	-3.0	1.8	1.8	1.8
Return on capital employed	14.8	8.5	1.6	7.2	9.7	8.0
Return on equity (2)	26.6	8.3	-2.8	7.1	10.5	18.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.51	10.16	6.58	9.67	10.16	8.57
Inventory turnover	2225	***	•••	5000	***	100
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.28	2.16	0.99	2.38	1.39	1.08
Debt to equity	0.37	1.66	3.26	1.15	2.39	4.41
Liabilities to assets	0.57	0.83	0.98	0.82	0.84	0.91
Interest coverage	3.38	1.66	0.75	1.06	1.92	1.34
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	W	
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			69	31		8
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

224 - Automobile and truck rental and leasing services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.4	1.2
Accounts receivable	12.7	17.2
Inventory	8.0	20.1
Capital assets	58.4	49.0
Other assets	2.4	4.6
Total operating assets	84.9	92.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.6	2.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.4	5.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	5.1	4.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	33.8	38.4
Short term paper	0.5	2.4
Mortgages	1.9	1.9
Bonds	2.2	8.5
Other loans	25.1	21.5
Amount owing to affiliates	13.5	6.0
Other liabilities	2.1	4.5
Deferred income tax	2.1	3.9
Total liabilities	86.3	91.9
Shareholders' equity		organizes.
Share capital	3.9	2.8
Retained earnings	6.1	4.9
Other surplus	3.6	0.5
Total shareholders' equity	13.7	8.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	29.1	37.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.7	29.9

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Industry

225 - Photographers

SICE Grouping 993

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Sin	to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	****	817				
Financial ratios					F	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.2	0.8	-3.9	0.5	1.7	***
Pretax profit margin	7.6	1.0	-3.8	0.7	1.9	
Operating profit margin	8.4	1.0	-2.5	1.0	2.3	
Gross profit margin	***			•••	***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	338.4	220.8	129.7	220.8	206.2	
Return on net operating assets	14.3	3.5	-7.3	2.5	10.3	
Pretax profit to assets	14.8	1.8	-9.1	1.4	5.4	•••
Return on capital employed	12.8	4.8	-8.4	1.6	13.6	***
Return on equity (2)	27.3	6.5	-7.7	5.8	12.3	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.47	8.11	5.14	7.79	12.52	
Inventory turnover	***	***		•••	•••	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.48	1.56	0.84	1.56	1.13	***
Debt to equity	0.23	0.70	1.54	0.70	0.35	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.77	1.02	0.78	0.68	
Interest coverage	2.00	0.33	-1.70		0.82	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			64	36		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

225 - Photographers

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.9	
Accounts receivable	17.3	.50
Inventory	13.5	
Capital assets	46.2	
Other assets	1.7	*
Total operating assets	89.6	**
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.0	150
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.4	*
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19.5	
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.1	31
Short term paper	0.1	1279
Mortgages	6.4	5.50
Bonds	0.9	.
Other loans	8.7	-
Amount owing to affiliates	13.9	2
	5.2	à
Other liabilities	0.4	į
Deferred income tax	71.2	
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.5	•
Retained earnings	26.2	-
Other surplus	0.2	•
Total shareholders' equity	28.8	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	47.0	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.4	

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Industry

226 - Other repair services

SICE Car

*	Sm	all firms w	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
-	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median			
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,122	A 4			
Financial ratios			•			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.7	2.8	-1.2	2.5	3.6	1.7
Pretax profit margin	10.8	3.5	-1.1	2.9	4.6	2.2
Operating profit margin	7.9	2.7	-0.9	1.7	5.2	••••
Gross profit margin		9 		***		****
Operating revenue to net operating assets	371.5	260.4	174.4	215.9	294.0	***
Return on net operating assets	19.2	8.7	-2.9	4.5	15.0	***
Pretax profit to assets	21.0	6.8	-2.4	5.4	9.9	4.5
Return on capital employed	17.6	9.4	0.8	6.1	12.5	•••
Return on equity (2)	35.7	16.0	2.2	13.6	21.4	13.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.96	8.97	6.75	10.05	8.23	•••
Inventory turnover	***	•••	•••	***		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.06	1.76	1.11	1.78	1.55	::::8
Debt to equity	0.28	0.76	1.76	0.72	0.79	o
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.65	0.91	0.66	0.63	0.76
Interest coverage	5.44	1.99	0.56	1.33	3.32	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			74	26		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

226 - Other repair services

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
	9.7	(*)
Cash Accounts receivable	23.0	
	22.3	\$.
Inventory	32.3	5. .
Capital assets	2.0	
Other assets Total operating assets	89.4	
	6.9	-
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.7	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	100.0	
Total assets	2000	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	21.8	
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.4	9
Short term paper	0.1	**
Mortgages	3.3	
Bonds	1.6	z
Other loans	5.6	
Amount owing to affiliates	9.9	i.
Other liabilities	2.0	
Deferred income tax	0.3	. .
Total liabilities	59.9	
Shareholders' equity	3.0	
Share capital	36.6	Ø :
Retained earnings	0.5	€#
Other surplus	40.1	×.
Total shareholders' equity		:•:
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	60.2	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.9	, SE

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Industry

227 - Services to buildings and dwellings

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
_		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,453				
Financial ratios			749 - 79			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.8	1.4	-2.4	1.1	2.1	1.3
Pretax profit margin	7.2	1.7	-2.2	1.4	2.7	1.8
Operating profit margin	7.8	2.5	-2.1	1.6	3.4	1.6
Gross profit margin	•••	***	***		•••	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	455.1	311.9	194.0	318.3	309.7	302.3
Return on net operating assets	23.2	7.9	-5.2	4.4	12.4	20.2
Pretax profit to assets	18.9	4.4	-7.3	3.3	7.7	6.0
Return on capital employed	22.2	8.3	0.7	6.3	9.8	14.7
Return on equity (2)	35.7	13.7	-3.1	12.5	16.1	17.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.33	10.14	7.31	10.82	8.20	8.41
Inventory turnover		•••	•••	***	···	m.
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.42	1.43	1.00	1.47	1.39	1.04
Debt to equity	0.14	0.61	2.03	0.66	0.57	0.47
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.77	1.02	0.81	0.68	0.73
Interest coverage	5.67	2.00	0.58	2.00	2.00	2.58
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			68	32		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

227 - Services to buildings and dwellings

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	11.4	4.3		
Accounts receivable	24.4	35.8		
Inventory	6.1	6.7		
Capital assets	36.5	33.2		
Other assets	4.8	5.5		
Total operating assets	83.2	85.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.4	11.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.4	3.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	20.0	24.5		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.9	16.1		
Short term paper	0.1	0.1		
Mortgages	7.0	5.1		
Bonds	1.3	1.4		
Other loans	6.0	4.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.7	14.1		
Other liabilities	9.6	4.9		
Deferred income tax	0.0	1.3		
Total liabilities	75.7	72.2		
Shareholders' equity	92.0E9			
Share capital	2.9	6.8		
Retained earnings	19.7	20.3		
Other surplus	1.8	0.8		
Total shareholders' equity	24.3	27.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	47.4	56.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.3	50.3		

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Industry

228 - Travel services

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	3	Quartile Boundar		Me		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,993				
Financial ratios						9-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.8	0.6	-1.4	1.2	0.4	0.4
Pretax profit margin	4.4	0.7	-1.2	1.5	0.4	0.5
Operating profit margin	11.4	3.1	-1.8	3.3	2.6	0.2
Gross profit margin			1223	***	***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	359.7	228.4	149.0	223.0	318.6	
Return on net operating assets	22.9	8.9	-3.7	7.3	9.9	15.7
Pretax profit to assets	15.4	3.8	-7.2	2.8	4.8	6.4
Return on capital employed	20.2	9.2	-1.4	8.6	10.7	11.9
Return on equity (2)	31.8	12.5	1.0	9.6	14.8	16.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.63	6.34	3.72	6.34	6.09	10.95
nventory turnover	500	***		•••	•••	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.03	2.04	1.39	2.12	1.55	1.18
Oebt to equity	0.21	0.84	2.31	0.87	0.34	0.42
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.70	0.97	0.69	0.70	0.71
nterest coverage	10.00	2.51	-1.00	1.68	7.83	1.37
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	0	
Operating profit			71	20		

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	71	29
Pretax profit	69	31
Net profit	69	31
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	į	9

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

228 - Travel services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	28.9	10.0
Accounts receivable	23.2	22.3
Inventory	0.9	2.5
Capital assets	16.0	24.0
Other assets	9.8	10.6
Total operating assets	78.8	69.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.6	13.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	11.6	17.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	28.5	34.6
Borrowing:		
Banks	6.8	4.3
Short term paper	0.2	0.1
Mortgages	1.8	1.2
Bonds	2.2	1.3
	3.2	0.7
Other loans Amount owing to affiliates	21.0	8.9
	6.3	11.3
Other liabilities	0.1	0.7
Deferred income tax	70.3	63.2
Total liabilities		33.2
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	14.6	14.2
Retained earnings	13.9	22.4
Other surplus	1.2	0.3
Total shareholders' equity	29.7	36.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	67.4	63.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.4	48.3

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Industry

229 - Other services n.e.c.

SICE Grouping 999

Medium firms with

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median			
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,524				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						8
Net profit margin	9.6	2.0	-2.1	1.9	2.4	1.1
Pretax profit margin	11.9	2.6	-1.7	2.4	3.0	1.5
Operating profit margin	16.3	5.5	-1.3	4.3	8.3	0.4
Gross profit margin	•••			***	***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	306.4	176.7	72.1	155.0	271.1	366.7
Return on net operating assets	26.6	9.4	-2.5	5.8	14.5	5.1
Pretax profit to assets	20.9	4.7	-3.9	3.4	8.1	5.4
Return on capital employed	22.3	8.5	1.3	5.4	18.3	5.5
Return on equity (2)	36.6	13.2	0.4	10.4	22.0	17.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.80	8.08	3.60	8.62	7.44	7.39
Inventory turnover	***	***	***		•••	2000.00
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.49	2.33	1.10	2.52	1.74	1.38
Debt to equity	0.11	0.27	0.94	0.24	0.39	1.03
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.77	1.00	0.81	0.74	0.77
Interest coverage	8.01	2.45	0.72	1.97	2.45	2.61
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			74	26		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	9		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

229 - Other services n.e.c.

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	20.0	14.5
Accounts receivable	13.6	17.6
Inventory	6.4	6.9
Capital assets	33.5	24.5
Other assets	4.3	12.3
Total operating assets	77.9	75.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.4	12.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	13.7	11.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.5	23.1
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.0	11.8
Short term paper	0.1	0.4
Mortgages	3.7	3.1
Bonds	1.0	12.6
Other loans	5.4	5.2
Amount owing to affiliates	13.6	11.4
Other liabilities	5.0	15.2
4D.740.741.02540.0003339	0.5	-0.2
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	58.8	82.6
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.9	3.0
Retained earnings	35.4	12.3
Other surplus	2.9	2.2
Total shareholders' equity	41.2	17.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	50.3	51.1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	32.1	44.5

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

230 - Total non-financial

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
,-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group)	406,386	j			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.7	1.7	-2.3	1.6	1.8	1.2
Pretax profit margin	9.5	2.1	-2.1	2.0	2.3	1.6
Operating profit margin	11.2	3.5	-1.0	3.6	3.5	2.4
Gross profit margin	52.0	33.8	21.2	41.5	27.3	19.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	345.5	204.0	90.0	170.2	262.4	307.3
Return on net operating assets	18.0	7.2	-2.0	5.5	9.7	10.9
Pretax profit to assets	15.2	3.7	-4.0	2.7	5.2	4.7
Return on capital employed	16.3	7.3	0.3	5.9	9.3	9.5
Return on equity (2)	30.0	11.1	-1.0	9.3	13.2	13.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.22	8.28	5.29	8.43	8.11	7.46
Inventory turnover	11.30	4.93	2.16	4.48	5.40	5.65
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.29	1.72	1.11	1.88	1.56	1.33
Debt to equity	0.24	0.80	2.16	0.79	0.81	1.17
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.73	0.99	0.75	0.70	0.74
Interest coverage	5.28	1.59	0.16	1.29	2.05	2.38
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			68	32		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	.1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

230 - Total non-financial

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.0	4.6
Accounts receivable	12.7	18.2
Inventory	12.7	17.9
Capital assets	40.7	37.9
Other assets	4.3	4.4
Total operating assets	78.3	82.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.7	12.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.9	4.9
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.0	17.2
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.9	14.9
Short term paper	0.4	0.6
Mortgages	8.8	12.7
Bonds	4.7	5.3
Other loans	7.5	6.9
Amount owing to affiliates	19.1	12.6
Other liabilities	4.5	3.5
Deferred income tax	0.7	1.5
Total liabilities	73.7	75.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.6	12.8
Retained earnings	13.9	9.5
Other surplus	2.9	2.3
Total shareholders' equity	26.3	24.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	40.0	44.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	30.3	35.2

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Industry

231 - Total mining

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		4,612				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	16.3	4.5	-5.8	4.5	4.3	2.5
Pretax profit margin	20.4	5.8	-4.7	6.1	5.6	3.2
Operating profit margin	24.5	8.1	-3.2	10.7	7.0	8.6
Gross profit margin	63.5	37.4	21.8	49.4	29.9	26.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	185.5	82.8	34.5	75.0	103.8	73.6
Return on net operating assets	16.9	6.0	-6.4	4.8	6.5	6.2
Pretax profit to assets	18.9	5.4	-3.1	4.7	6.9	4.0
Return on capital employed	15.9	7.1	-0.6	7.1	6.5	6.7
Return on equity (2)	30.3	9.0	-2.5	7.2	13.2	7.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.00	6.92	3.99	7.16	6.04	6.14
Inventory turnover	17.71	4.67	1.35	3.21	4.97	8.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.77	2.12	1.03	2.83	1.36	1.18
Debt to equity	0.14	0.43	1.26	0.43	0.52	0.99
Liabilities to assets	0.19	0.48	0.81	0.45	0.54	0.63
Interest coverage	5.61	1.66	-1.87	1.48	2.68	1.88
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			68	32		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

231 - Total mining

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.6	7.4		
Accounts receivable	9.0	6.2		
Inventory	2.4	0.8		
Capital assets	45.6	49.3		
Other assets	3.7	2.4		
Total operating assets	71.4	66.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	17.8	26.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	10.8	7.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	8.6	5.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.3	14.8		
Short term paper	0.3	0.2		
Mortgages	1.1	0.5		
Bonds	3.8	3.0		
Other loans	7.9	8.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.3	13.2		
Other liabilities	2.8	2.4		
Deferred income tax	1.6	3.4		
Total liabilities	53.8	51.8		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	40.9	37.9		
Retained earnings	-7.7	5.7		
Other surplus	13.1	4.6		
Total shareholders' equity	46.2	48.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	28.5	15.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	17.3	11.7		

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Industry

232 - Total manufacturing

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
_	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		30,089				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.7	2.2	-1.7	1.2	2.8	2.2
Pretax profit margin	8.0	2.6	-1.5	1.4	3.4	2.7
Operating profit margin	9.1	3.7	-0.4	2.9	4.2	3.6
Gross profit margin	48.0	32.5	21.7	41.1	28.1	22.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	361.2	238.1	141.2	206.2	266.1	284.3
Return on net operating assets	20.3	8.9	-0.8	5.1	11.3	12.7
Pretax profit to assets	15.2	5.0	-2.9	2.4	6.9	6.0
Return on capital employed	17.8	8.6	0.7	5.5	10.5	10.6
Return on equity (2)	30.4	12.6	0.7	8.4	15.0	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.93	7.64	5.52	8.21	7.41	7.02
Inventory turnover	13.48	6.78	3.39	7.18	6.54	6.17
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.89	1.65	1.14	1.67	1.64	1.45
Debt to equity	0.24	0.78	2.00	0.86	0.71	1.02
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.68	0.94	0.74	0.64	0.66
Interest coverage	6.50	2.00	0.33	1.32	2.61	3.12
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

232 - Total manufacturing

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.4	5.3		
Accounts receivable	21.4	25.7		
Inventory	17.6	21.2		
Capital assets	31.5	25.7		
Other assets	4.9	4.6		
Total operating assets	83.8	82.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.4	12.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.8	4.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	17.1	22.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	15.3	14.7		
Short term paper	0.2	0.3		
Mortgages	3.5	2.0		
Bonds	3.0	3.0		
Other loans	6.9	6.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.6	11.5		
Other liabilities	3.5	3.3		
Deferred income tax	0.8	1.5		
Total liabilities	66.8	65.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	10.1	15.1		
Retained earnings	21.4	17.7		
Other surplus	1.7	2.0		
Total shareholders' equity	33.2	34.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	54.1	58.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.0	41.7		

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Industry

233 - Total construction and real estate

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-	Quartile		oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		84,723				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.0	1.5	-3.8	1.3	1.9	1.4
Pretax profit margin	10.1	1.9	-3.4	1.7	2.4	1.7
Operating profit margin	17.6	4.5	-1.2	5.4	3.8	2.4
Gross profit margin	44.5	27.0	15.8	33.3	19.9	12.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	305.8	128.1	30.6	107.0	233.8	250.6
Return on net operating assets	18.1	7.0	-1.4	6.1	8.9	9.5
Pretax profit to assets	12.2	2.1	-4.0	1.4	4.1	3.8
Return on capital employed	15.6	6.9	0.7	6.2	8.6	8.5
Return on equity (2)	25.2	7.8	-3.1	6.0	11.6	12.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.56	7.84	4.65	8.02	7.17	6.08
Inventory turnover	16.38	7.50	2.67	7.20	8.21	11.51
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.32	1.65	1.08	1.74	1.47	1.27
Debt to equity	0.25	0.88	2.27	0.87	0.89	1.37
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.75	1.00	0.77	0.72	0.79
Interest coverage	4.88	1.30	0.30	1.15	1.80	2.28
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		a

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

233 - Total construction and real estate

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	5.7	2.3		
Accounts receivable	8.1	10.2		
Inventory	8.9	8.0		
Capital assets	51.5	61.5		
Other assets	2.6	2.6		
Total operating assets	76.9	84.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.6	9.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.5	5.8		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	8.9	9.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	15.1	9.9		
Short term paper	0.5	0.7		
Mortgages	19.0	39.3		
Bonds	6.2	6.3		
Other loans	7.9	4.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.1	11.7		
Other liabilities	3.6	3.2		
Deferred income tax	0.7	1.9		
Total liabilities	84.0	87.7		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	8.1	8.9		
Retained earnings	5.1	0.6		
Other surplus	2.8	2.8		
Total shareholders' equity	16.0	12.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	28.1	20.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	25.1	18.3		

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Industry

SICE Grouping

234 - Total transportation, storage, communications and utilities

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	302-322	21,736				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.8	2.2	-2.5	2.0	2.5	1.6
Pretax profit margin	9.5	2.7	-2.3	2.4	3.1	2.0
Operating profit margin	11.0	3.8	-0.9	3.7	4.2	3.2
Gross profit margin	***	****			***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	312.8	193.5	117.0	177.7	215.7	253.6
Return on net operating assets	19.3	9.1	-1.1	7.6	12.0	11.5
Pretax profit to assets	15.6	4.6	-4.3	3.7	5.9	4.9
Return on capital employed	17.6	9.0	1.3	7.7	11.0	10.1
Return on equity (2)	32.6	13.3	-1.3	12.1	14.6	16.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.49	9.36	6.30	9.70	8.78	7.99
Inventory turnover	•••					•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.05	1.55	1.00	1.92	1.30	1.05
Debt to equity	0.32	0.95	2.21	0.91	0.97	1.44
Liabilities to assets	0.46	0.75	0.98	0.78	0.70	0.78
Interest coverage	5.74	2.13	0.41	1.85	2.56	2.55
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

234 - Total transportation, storage, communications and utilities

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.6	4.9		
Accounts receivable	17.1	21.7		
Inventory	2.0	2.7		
Capital assets	50.3	42.7		
Other assets	5.3	8.6		
Total operating assets	83.3	80.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.8	16.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.9	3.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	15.5	18.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.6	17.6		
Short term paper	0.3	0.5		
Mortgages	2.3	2.0		
Bonds	3.6	5.1		
Other loans	9.7	8.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.9	15.6		
Other liabilities	21.4	4.3		
Deferred income tax	1.1	2.2		
Total liabilities	88.3	73.7		
Shareholders' equity		100 <u>2</u> E3		
Share capital	7.2	12.9		
Retained earnings	1.8	9.1		
Other surplus	2.7	4.3		
Total shareholders' equity	11.7	26.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	34.4	36.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.7	36.6		

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Industry

235 - Total wholesale trade

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
:-	<i>D</i>	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		40,137				
Financial ratios					***************************************	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.3	1.5	-1.4	1.2	1.6	1.2
Pretax profit margin	6.6	1.8	-1.2	1.5	2.0	1.6
Operating profit margin	6.9	2.5	-0.9	2.3	2.6	2.6
Gross profit margin	41.3	29.0	19.2	35.6	25.9	19.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	389.1	262.7	164.1	221.6	306.6	324.9
Return on net operating assets	17.5	7.4	-0.4	6.3	8.5	11.0
Pretax profit to assets	14.5	4.3	-3.0	2.6	5.3	5.0
Return on capital employed	14.7	6.8	0.3	5.1	8.2	9.6
Return on equity (2)	30.4	12.0	1.0	9.4	13.3	13.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.66	8.25	5.68	8.44	8.08	7.55
Inventory turnover	10.93	5.23	3.01	5.69	4.94	5.69
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.43	1.73	1.16	2.00	1.62	1.41
Debt to equity	0.25	0.82	2.33	0.96	0.81	1.03
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.73	0.97	0.78	0.70	0.73
Interest coverage	6.49	1.95	0.50	1.14	2.41	2.68
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Med	lium Firms
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Industry

235 - Total wholesale trade

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.9	6.1
Accounts receivable	24.6	32.9
Inventory	27.1	33.1
Capital assets	19.4	13.9
Other assets	3.6	3.8
Total operating assets	83.7	89.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.1	7.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.3	3.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	20.9	26.7
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.9	16.3
Short term paper	0.1	0.4
Mortgages	3.0	1.9
Bonds	1.5	3.0
Other loans	5.6	4.7
Amount owing to affiliates	18.1	14.4
Other liabilities	3.9	3.5
Deferred income tax	0.3	0.2
Total liabilities	69.2	71.1
Shareholders' equity		· -
Share capital	6.8	8.5
Retained earnings	22.5	19.0
Other surplus	1.5	1.3
Total shareholders' equity	30.8	28.9
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	67.8	75.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	42.9	53.2

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Industry

236 - Total retail trade

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
_		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian dian	9/2011
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		73,694				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.4	0.6	-2.3	0.2	0.9	0.7
Pretax profit margin	4.0	0.8	-2.1	0.3	1.1	0.9
Operating profit margin	5.4	1.8	-1.0	1.4	1.9	1.3
Gross profit margin	45.3	32.3	21.5	38.9	26.7	18.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	385.7	273.3	158.1	219.8	317.1	383.0
Return on net operating assets	16.3	6.8	-2.0	4.3	9.7	9.1
Pretax profit to assets	10.3	2.0	-6.0	0.5	3.5	3.7
Return on capital employed	14.6	6.6	-0.8	4.0	8.6	8.8
Return on equity (2)	24.7	8.9	-2.7	6.7	10.4	11.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.50	11.46	7.65	10.81	12.42	12.26
Inventory turnover	13.27	5.83	2.63	5.00	6.77	5.47
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.13	1.71	1.13	1.92	1.57	1.21
Debt to equity	0.25	0.76	2.18	0.72	0.81	1.58
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.80	1.03	0.88	0.73	0.79
Interest coverage	3.75	1.27	-0.31	1.00	1.66	1.69
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	18		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			66	34		
Net profit			66	34		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	.1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

Industry

236 - Total retail trade

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.2	4.5
Accounts receivable	9.1	9.4
Inventory	32.9	50.9
Capital assets	30.7	23.2
Other assets	3.9	3.1
Total operating assets	85.7	91.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.2	5.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.0	4.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.1	20.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.3	22.4
Short term paper	0.2	1.7
Mortgages	5.6	3.7
Bonds	2.5	10.2
Other loans	8.4	12.8
Amount owing to affiliates	16.1	8.2
Other liabilities	2.3	2.7
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.3
Total liabilities	70.6	82.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.8	4.3
Retained earnings	23.7	12.2
Other surplus	1.9	1.2
Total shareholders' equity	29.4	17.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	57.1	69.3
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.5	57.2

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Industry

237 - Total services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	34,00	125,25	6			
Financial ratios		-				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	11.5	2.6	-2.0	2.7	2.5	1.5
Pretax profit margin	14.5	3.3	-1.8	3.4	3.1	1.9
Operating profit margin	13.6	4.2	-1.2	4.1	4.3	2.6
Gross profit margin			***	•••	•••	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	363.2	221.7	107.1	211.1	252.7	238.7
Return on net operating assets	19.9	7.0	-4.3	5.0	9.7	11.2
Pretax profit to assets	23.1	5.8	-4.1	5.2	7.1	5.4
Return on capital employed	18.2	8.0	-0.7	7.0	10.4	9.5
Return on equity (2)	38.2	15.5	1.2	14.5	17.6	16.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.81	7.65	4.54	7.60	7.65	7.05
Inventory turnover	***	***	•••			(1111)
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.43	1.76	1.11	1.85	1.48	1.21
Debt to equity	0.18	0.67	2.02	0.67	0.67	0.77
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.72	1.00	0.72	0.72	0.77
Interest coverage	6.18	1.66	-0.20	1.45	2.00	1.88
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

237 - Total services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.6	5.7
Accounts receivable	12.7	16.2
Inventory	3.5	5.4
Capital assets	39.7	38.2
Other assets	5.7	8.1
Total operating assets	72.2	73.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	16.6	21.3
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	11.2	5.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	14.0	15.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.2	18.7
Short term paper	0.4	0.8
Mortgages	5.7	6.6
Bonds	4.1	6.5
Other loans	7.8	9.2
Amount owing to affiliates	19.1	15.0
Other liabilities	5.4	4.7
Deferred income tax	0.4	1.4
Total liabilities	71.2	78.2
Shareholders' equity		354.00
Share capital	10.7	18.4
Retained earnings	14.5	1.3
Other surplus	3.5	2.1
Total shareholders' equity	28.8	21.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	36.2	33.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	30.7	31.9

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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 21 - Service industries incidental to mining SICE Grouping 092

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.3	1.9
Accounts receivable	6.5	15.6
Inventory	2.0	5.2
Capital assets	38.1	69.6
Other assets	2.1	3.4
Total operating assets	59.0	95.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	29.1	2.7
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	11.9	1.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	7.3	18.2
Borrowing:		
Banks	5.6	27.0
Short term paper	0.1	0.0
Mortgages	0.9	2.1
Bonds	2.9	2.9
Other loans	3.1	25.4
Amount owing to affiliates	20.1	1.7
Other liabilities	2.8	1.7
Deferred income tax	-0.4	1.0
Total liabilities	42.4	80.2
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	62.0	10.8
Retained earnings	-5.7	8.6
Other surplus	1.3	0.3
Total shareholders' equity	57.6	19.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	23.1	24.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	13.2	28.0

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Industry

22 - Meat and poultry products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
_		Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		380				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.7	0.9	-2.0	-0.6	1.4	1.1
Pretax profit margin	4.5	1.1	-1.9	-0.5	1.6	1.3
Operating profit margin	6.9	2.2	-0.1	5.2	2.1	1.2
Gross profit margin	40.5	28.5	18.4	39.4	22.7	14.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	402.0	234.4	108.2	234.4	192.1	235.5
Return on net operating assets	22.4	5.3	-2.5	0.2	5.7	8.1
Pretax profit to assets	12.0	3.4	-3.9	-0.7	5.2	6.1
Return on capital employed	21.9	5.9	1.7	4.2	10.9	7.5
Return on equity (2)	23.6	8.8	-2.3	-0.6	12.3	12.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		11.38			12.16	14.17
Inventory turnover		15.37	***		15.45	20.54
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.83	1.71	1.08	***	1.71	1.34
Debt to equity	•••	0.56	***	((m))	0.32	0.92
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.71	1.00	0.75	0.70	0.64
Interest coverage	9.25	2.31	0.48	•••	6.75	1.03
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			67	33		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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22 - Meat and poultry products industries Industry 101 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.9	1.0
Accounts receivable	13.4	21.1
Inventory	4.6	11.5
Capital assets	51.4	56.6
Other assets	2.8	3.4
Total operating assets	76.1	93.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.7	6.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	19.1	0.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	8.6	14.6
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.0	28.4
Short term paper	0.2	0.2
Mortgages	5.5	2.0
Bonds	2.6	2.0
Other loans	4.1	8.2
Amount owing to affiliates	27.1	5.4
Other liabilities	2.1	4.5
Deferred income tax	1.5	2.2
Total liabilities	67.6	67.4
Shareholders' equity	2.0	16.3
Share capital Retained earnings	30.3	11.7
Other surplus	0.0	4.6
Total shareholders' equity	32.4	32.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	31.7	34.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.2	32.5

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Industry

23 - Fish products industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Med	dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group		324			***		
Financial ratios							
Profitability (percentages)							
Net profit margin	5.8	1.2	-2.8	0.4	1.2	1.7	
Pretax profit margin	6.3	1.3	-2.7	0.5	1.4	1.9	
Operating profit margin	11.0	2.2	0.0	6.2	2.2	1.8	
Gross profit margin	31.5	18.0	8.9	30.9	14.4	12.6	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	396.2	184.6	132.0	108.9	209.0	305.3	
Return on net operating assets	17.0	9.7	-0.1	***	9.7	4.9	
Pretax profit to assets	13.7	3.6	-7.5	0.8	4.9	6.5	
Return on capital employed	22.9	12.3	3.4		8.7	5.4	
Return on equity (2)	33.3	11.3	-1.9	6.8	12.3	15.1	
Efficiency (ratios)							
Receivable turnover	14.65	7.02	3.48		8.18	11.16	
Inventory turnover	12.15	8.36	2.20	•••	8.86	13.84	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)							
Working capital	7.86	1.91	1.25	9.63	1.40	1.75	
Debt to equity	0.09	0.51	1.14		0.80	0.72	
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.65	0.95	0.79	0.63	0.63	
nterest coverage	4.62	1.81	0.33	***	1.58	2.62	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)			
Operating profit			78	22			
retax profit			70	30			
let profit			67	33			
ercentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

23 - Fish products industry

Industry SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	19.2	4.7
Accounts receivable	11.6	14.5
Inventory	10.2	15.8
Capital assets	30.4	47.9
Other assets	5.0	7.6
Total operating assets	76.4	90.5
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.6	7.7
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.0	1.8
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	10.5	7.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.0	23.2
Short term paper	0.6	0.6
Mortgages	1.1	2.3
Bonds	6.4	7.0
Other loans	5.8	12.9
Amount owing to affiliates	7.9	8.9
Other liabilities	3.2	7.8
	0.9	1.0
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	53.4	71.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.5	5.2
Retained earnings	41.4	21.4
Other surplus	1.7	2.0
Total shareholders' equity	46.6	28.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	55.4	43.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	35.0	29.6

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Industry

24 - Flour, prepared cereal food and feed industries

SICE Grouping

105

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		303			-	
Financial ratios					75-218	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.2	1.4	-1.1	-0.6	1.8	1.3
Pretax profit margin	5.6	1.9	-1.0	-0.4	2.1	1.5
Operating profit margin	5.4	4.2	2.1		4.2	2.0
Gross profit margin	28.0	20.5	15.1	27.6	19.1	15.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	****	182.7	***	***	182.7	345.2
Return on net operating assets	***	9.4	***		8.3	11.0
Pretax profit to assets	11.6	4.1	-1.9	-0.8	6.0	4.2
Return on capital employed	16.5	11.4	7.0	***	9.9	8.4
Return on equity (2)	23.4	8.6	0.7	2.4	9.8	10.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	12.44	***	•••	11.49	8.86
Inventory turnover		4.40	•••		4.59	10.76
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.76		***	1.45	1.71
Debt to equity	***	1.00			0.77	0.75
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.59	0.83	0.54	0.61	0.64
Interest coverage	·	5.74		***	4.09	3.64
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	4, 1459		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)						

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 24 - Flour, prepared cereal food and feed industries
SICE Grouping 105

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	12.3	2.0
Accounts receivable	16.0	23.9
Inventory	18.7	20.7
Capital assets	21.2	28.3
Other assets	2.6	4.4
Total operating assets	70.8	79.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.0	13.7
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	15.2	7.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	11.3	17.1
Borrowing:		
Banks	11.7	14.7
Short term paper	0.5	0.6
Mortgages	1.0	1.8
Bonds	5.4	7.3
Other loans	8.7	5.0
Amount owing to affiliates	8.8	7.3
Other liabilities	2.4	1.8
	0.5	1.7
Deferred income tax	50.1	57.3
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity	14-4	
Share capital	11.4	5.5
Retained earnings	36.7	37.1
Other surplus	1.8	0.1
Total shareholders' equity	49.9	42.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	51.9	55.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	23.3	35.8

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Industry

25 - Bakery products industries

SICE Grouping

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian		
es	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	***************************************	497				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.7	0.3	-3.4	0.2	0.3	1.3
Pretax profit margin	4.2	0.4	-3.2	0.3	0.5	1.6
Operating profit margin	7.7	1.6	-2.3	0.2	1.6	0.9
Gross profit margin	59.8	40.6	26.7	49.9	34.0	27.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	533.6	336.7	96.3	208.8	371.8	278.0
Return on net operating assets	23.8	3.6	-4.2	3.6	2.6	8.2
Pretax profit to assets	9.4	1.0	-8.5	0.7	1.1	4.3
Return on capital employed	22.8	4.3	-0.4	5.1	2.7	4.0
Return on equity (2)	21.6	5.6	-7.9	4.7	6.2	10.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	17.48	14.09	11.03	211	11.03	10.40
Inventory turnover	21.51	18.29	13.71	17.35	19.46	200
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.79	1.67	1.16	1.29	1.73	1.13
Debt to equity	0.21	0.85	2.64	1.59	0.38	0.77
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.72	1.01	0.76	0.66	0.64
Interest coverage	3.55	0.92	-0.85	1.18	0.70	2.81
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			70	30		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995 Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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25 - Bakery products industries Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.4	1.8
Accounts receivable	4.6	24.2
Inventory	5.5	10.8
Capital assets	40.5	37.5
Other assets	11.1	6.9
Total operating assets	70.1	81.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	16.9	7.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	12.9	11.8
	100.0	100.0
Total assets		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	9.2	16.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.8	16.1
Short term paper	0.0	0.5
Mortgages	6.0	5.2
Bonds	0.3	5.6
Other loans	5.2	9.8
Amount owing to affiliates	18.0	4.1
Other liabilities	0.9	1.4
Deferred income tax	1.3	1.6
Total liabilities	53.9	61.0
	*	
Shareholders' equity	5.2	8.7
Share capital	40.5	29.7
Retained earnings	0.4	0.6
Other surplus Total shareholders' equity	46.1	39.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	29.9	52.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	20.6	32.5

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Industry

Other food products industries

SICE Grouping

109

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		370				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.6	1.3	-2.4	-0.2	2.0	1.3
Pretax profit margin	5.7	1.5	-2.2	0.0	2.3	1.7
Operating profit margin	7.7	5.0	3.3	***	4.5	2.5
Gross profit margin	50.5	32.3	20.8	42.9	28.2	21.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	376.0	314.1	180.9	•••	314.1	368.9
Return on net operating assets	29.3	12.9	9.4	***	9.4	21.4
Pretax profit to assets	12.3	3.1	-3.9	-0.5	5.1	4.3
Return on capital employed	21.7	10.4	5.2		7.8	10.6
Return on equity (2)	31.1	11.9	1.1	4.7	13.5	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	11.10			8.36	11.46
Inventory turnover	***	5.97	•••	cus.	7.20	7.99
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.95	5.07	1.46		5.07	1.31
Debt to equity	***	0.93		***	0.93	1.30
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.77	1.01	0.93	0.72	0.69
Interest coverage	•••	2.40			1.86	2.95
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
	200000	TATEOTROPIE	W. WH WHEN

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 26 - Other food products industries

CICE	Grouping	109
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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	5.3	5.7	
Accounts receivable	12.9	21.2	
Inventory	13.6	16.6	
Capital assets	50.6	27.5	
Other assets	1.4	1.9	
Total operating assets	83.9	72.9	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.5	17.8	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.6	9.3	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	13.3	20.6	
Borrowing:			
Banks	12.3	8.3	
Short term paper	0.8	0.3	
Mortgages	3.9	0.9	
2/	9.1	3.8	
Bonds	5.4	3.4	
Other loans	40.1	27.6	
Amount owing to affiliates	3.1	1.9	
Other liabilities	0.1	0.7	
Deferred income tax	88.0	67.6	
Total liabilities	00.0	07.0	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	14.5	8.7	
Retained earnings	-2.5	22.2	
Other surplus	(2)	1.4	
Total shareholders' equity	12.0	32.4	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	35.2	53.7	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	25.7	41.3	

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Industry

- Soft drink industry 27

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		75			×	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.8	1.2	-4.5	4.4	1.1	2.2
Pretax profit margin	9.9	1.9	-4.5	8.9	1.8	2.7
Operating profit margin	9.5	0.4	-14.3	5.9	-2.1	2.4
Gross profit margin	49.6	35.5	23.9	63.7	31.6	32.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	288.8	71.3	22.8	26.7	288.8	222.6
Return on net operating assets	7.9	1.7	-17.5	-1.6	3.8	15.5
Pretax profit to assets	9.6	2.1	-8.0	2.1	1.8	4.5
Return on capital employed	7.4	1.7	-13.7	-1.0	6.5	12.0
Return on equity (2)	19.5	4.9	-0.6	4.8	4.9	9.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		8.60	•••		11.89	10.41
Inventory turnover		4.89	•••	***	7.42	12.95
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.82	1.02	0.83	1.37	1.02	1.59
Debt to equity		0.77	•••	•••	0.61	***
Liabilities to assets	0.25	0.54	1.01	0.67	0.50	0.60
Interest coverage		0.09	***		0.79	1.63
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry

27 - Soft drink industry

SICE Grouping

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.8	3.8		
Accounts receivable	15.1	26.0		
Inventory	17.0	14.6		
Capital assets	33.0	33.1		
Other assets	9.8	3.4		
Total operating assets	85.7	80.9		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.3	16.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.1	2.3		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	23.1	19.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	7.7	23.7		
Short term paper	0.1	-		
Mortgages	4.6	0.9		
Bonds	1.6			
Other loans	2.9	14.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	53.6	6.8		
Other liabilities	2.3	4.0		
AT THE THE WAY WELL WANT	0.2	1.9		
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	96.2	71.2		
Shareholders' equity	26.1	6.2		
Share capital	-25.2	22.4		
Retained earnings	3.0	0.2		
Other surplus Total shareholders' equity	3.8	28.8		
	100.0	100.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		44.3		
Current assets - % of total assets	43.8	37.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	49.1	37.1		

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Industry

28 - Brewery products industry

SICE Grouping

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	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		90				
Financial ratios				-	, 	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.2	-3.1	-14.6	-5.6	0.2	1.1
Pretax profit margin	3.5	-3.1	-14.6	-5.6	0.2	1.5
Operating profit margin	7.9	2.0	-5.4	-2.0	5.3	3.2
Gross profit margin	62.9	55.3	41.9	55.8	43.4	56.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	218.0	>**	218.5	172.5	312.9
Return on net operating assets		-7.4	•••	-13.9	15.0	9.3
Pretax profit to assets	5.4	-4.1	-21.1	-9.4	0.4	2.7
Return on capital employed	15.3	4.5	-7.0	-6.0	13.9	6.3
Return on equity (2)	26.8	6.3	-26.6	6.5	1.9	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	444	2.30		***	222	11.95
Inventory turnover	***	7.66	•••	7.69	3.18	4.63
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.81	***	1.89	1.44	0.78
Debt to equity		0.54	7	***		0.78
Liabilities to assets	0.83	1.04	1.38	1.16	0.80	0.70
Interest coverage	***	1.43	13 M 153			•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firm

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

28 - Brewery products industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.3	1.7
Accounts receivable	10.1	15.5
Inventory	11.9	21.4
Capital assets	64.5	58.3
Other assets	5.9	3.1
Total operating assets	95.7	100.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.1	0.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.3	(4)
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.6	22.6
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.4	18.2
Short term paper	0.4	0.1
Mortgages	3.5	4.2
Bonds	4.7	1.6
Other loans	8.1	8.6
Amount owing to affiliates	22.3	4.0
Other liabilities	2.5	0.9
Deferred income tax	1.1	2.5
Total liabilities	72.4	62.7
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	31.3	33.2
Retained earnings	-4.2	4.1
Other surplus	0.4	*2)
Total shareholders' equity	27.6	37.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	27.4	40.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.2	36.7

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Industry

- Wine industry

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	10000	Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		42	***			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	11.2	5.5	0.7	3.7	6.8	2.9
Pretax profit margin	12.3	6.9	1.1	5.7	8.6	4.9
Operating profit margin	•••	12.7		***	12.7	6.1
Gross profit margin	58.5	48.9	41.1	54.9	45.0	
Operating revenue to net operating assets		130.7		•••	130.7	173.5
Return on net operating assets	***	16.5	***	****	16.5	8.7
Pretax profit to assets	13.9	6.8	0.6	4.8	7.0	4.4
Return on capital employed	***	10.5	***		10.5	7.5
Return on equity (2)	41.3	26.5	10.3	32.2	13.9	3.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	8.12			6.33	7.41
Inventory turnover	***	1.81	inc		1.81	1.75
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	2.52	***	500	4.58	1.44
Debt to equity	***	1.45			1.35	0.60
Liabilities to assets	0.55	0.77	0.96	0.81	0.72	0.26
Interest coverage		2.02	***	***	1.82	3.24
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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29 - Wine industry

SICE Grouping

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.1	2.1		
Accounts receivable	7.1	15.2		
Inventory	31.6	44.3		
Capital assets	46.0	30.6		
Other assets	3.4	2.7		
Total operating assets	92.1	94.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	1.3	5.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.6	0.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	8.9	23.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	15.9	12.9		
Short term paper	0.3	E-		
Mortgages	7.8	5.1		
Bonds	3.3	* = 9		
Other loans	6.8	0.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	24.9	13.3		
Other liabilities	0.4	1.3		
Deferred income tax	0.5	5.3		
Total liabilities	68.9	62.3		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	12.6	14.2		
Retained earnings	18.5	15.9		
Other surplus	ž.	7.6		
Total shareholders' equity	31.1	37.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	49.9	62.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	24.6	42.1		

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Industry

30 - Rubber hose and belting industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	Quartile Boundary (1)		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		22			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	988
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.8	4.1	1.6	an.	2.8	
Pretax profit margin	7.3	4.8	1.9		3.7	***
Operating profit margin	2023	6.2			5.6	
Gross profit margin	45.4	39.2	29.6	***	35.9	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets		205.1		***	278.0	•••
Return on net operating assets	***	19.0	***	***	19.0	5
Pretax profit to assets	11.6	8.1	5.4	***	8.6	
Return on capital employed	(818.)	17.7	***		22.1	
Return on equity (2)	29.6	13.1	6.3	***	14.5	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	500	5.71	***		7.54	
Inventory turnover	***	8.49	***		9.60	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	×***	1.79	***	***	1.79	•••
Debt to equity	344			•••		
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.61	0.81		0.67	***
Interest coverage		***	•••			***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms	Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	30	- Rubber hose and belting industry
SICE Grouping	152	

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	9.1	¥	
Accounts receivable	34.0	-	
Inventory	23.4	•	
Capital assets	29.1	-	
Other assets	1.5	씥	
Total operating assets	97.1	-	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	2.9	-	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.0	₩(
Total assets	100.0		
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	26.9	380	
Borrowing:			
Banks	17.0	₹	
Short term paper	*	·	
Mortgages		3 0	
Bonds	•	*	
Other loans	5.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	5.1	s -	
Other liabilities	1.2	8€1	
Deferred income tax	0.1		
Total liabilities	56.0	•	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	1.4	145	
Retained earnings	36.2	(**	
Other surplus	6.4	829	
Total shareholders' equity	44.0	•	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	_	
Current assets - % of total assets	68.8	*	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	47.8	5	

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Industry

31 - Other rubber products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1) Med		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		86				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.0	3.8	-1.3	0.2	4.9	3.5
Pretax profit margin	11.8	4.7	-1.1	-0.4	6.4	3.8
Operating profit margin	13.6	7.2	4.3		8.0	1.4
Gross profit margin	44.0	33.5	23.7	38.4	32.8	22.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	310.2	181.7	102.9	•••	218.5	299.5
Return on net operating assets	19.7	14.1	7.1	***	16.0	4.4
Pretax profit to assets	19.0	6.9	-1.4	1.2	10.8	14.2
Return on capital employed	14.0	12.0	4.3	***	13.6	7.8
Return on equity (2)	36.3	15.5	4.5	27.7	14.6	19.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.71	6.32	4.97		6.32	5.53
Inventory turnover	10.52	5.34	3.36		5.34	8.32
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.46	1.65	1.34	***	1.77	1.16
Debt to equity	•••	0.42	***	22.5	0.42	1.28
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.70	0.96	1.00	0.55	0.74
Interest coverage	6.23	3.35	1.10		3.93	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			93	7		
Pretax profit			85	15		
Net profit			85	15		

26

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 31 - Other rubber products industries SICE Grouping 159

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	4.4	8.3	
Accounts receivable	34.4	27.2	
Inventory	15.3	16.1	
Capital assets	35.0	41.5	
Other assets	1.9	1.4	
Total operating assets	90.9	94.6	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	2.5	2.9	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.5	2.5	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	15.9	19.4	
Borrowing:			
Banks	12.9	18.1	
Short term paper	0.2	4 3	
Mortgages	3.1	120	
Bonds	2.8	-1	
Other loans	5.1	3.0	
Amount owing to affiliates	11.4	9.9	
Other liabilities	5.5	1.8	
Deferred income tax	0.5	2.2	
Total liabilities	57.3	54.4	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	4.9	23.2	
Retained earnings	37.5	22.4	
Other surplus	0.2	3 - 3 Adds An	
Total shareholders' equity	42.7	45.6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	63.7	57.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.4	30.0	

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Industry

32 - Other plastic products industries

SICE Grouping

169

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
_	***	Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group		746					
Financial ratios							
Profitability (percentages)							
Net profit margin	7.1	2.6	-1.2	0.6	3.5	2.8	
Pretax profit margin	8.6	3.2	-0.9	0.7	4.2	3.3	
Operating profit margin	7.3	2.9	0.5	1.0	5.1	5.4	
Gross profit margin	40.7	30.3	21.3	39.5	27.3	20.9	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	365.4	273.5	159.7	260.7	277.7	328.0	
Return on net operating assets	15.9	8.1	1.1	5.3	11.5	21.0	
Pretax profit to assets	14.9	5.9	-1.8	1.1	7.5	6.8	
Return on capital employed	18.1	9.0	4.0	6.2	9.2	13.8	
Return on equity (2)	33.2	16.3	3.5	13.3	17.0	17.4	
Efficiency (ratios)							
Receivable turnover	9.99	6.88	4.78	7.35	6.38	7.61	
Inventory turnover	12.05	7.19	4.57	6.49	8.68	8.32	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)							
Working capital	2.84	1.41	1.14	1.41	1.54	1.35	
Debt to equity	0.31	1.04	2.55	1.97	0.56	0.88	
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.69	0.91	0.76	0.68	0.68	
Interest coverage	8.69	2.36	0.27	1.00	3.19	6.35	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)			
Operating profit			76	24			
Pretax profit			75	25			
Net profit			76	24			
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	2			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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32 - Other plastic products industries Industry 169 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	5.1	6.0
Accounts receivable	26.0	22.9
Inventory	13.8	19.5
Capital assets	39.1	35.4
Other assets	6.2	5.1
Total operating assets	90.2	88.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.0	8.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.8	2.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.8	21.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.3	14.8
Short term paper	0.1	0.3
Mortgages	3.0	1.6
Bonds	1.3	3.0
Other loans	4.4	8.7
Amount owing to affiliates	20.7	13.6
Other liabilities	6.6	3.2
Deferred income tax	0.6	2.3
Total liabilities	70.8	69.0
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.5	4.8
Retained earnings	19.0	25.8
Other surplus	0.8	0.4
Total shareholders' equity	29.2	31.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	52.1	58.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	48.5	42.8

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33 - Leather and allied products industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		235		-		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.6	1.8	-3.4	1.3	2.3	1.9
Pretax profit margin	6.9	1.9	-3.2	1.5	2.8	2.3
Operating profit margin	8.0	4.8	1.4	4.2	5.0	4.0
Gross profit margin	46.0	29.1	19.0	36.2	26.1	23.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	357.4	242.3	137.2	239.2	242.3	270.3
Return on net operating assets	21.5	13.2	4.4	12.5	13.8	11.9
Pretax profit to assets	12.5	3.2	-6.3	1.8	4.8	4.5
Return on capital employed	17.0	10.0	2.5	7.9	10.0	10.3
Return on equity (2)	24.6	9.7	0.4	9.2	10.9	13.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.83	5.96	4.34	5.90	6.23	5.90
inventory turnover	5.59	3.60	2.08	2.37	3.96	3.46
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.82	1.85	1.25	1.78	1.86	1.50
Debt to equity	0.18	0.74	1.56	0.62	0.77	1.07
ciabilities to assets	0.41	0.71	0.98	0.79	0.64	0.63
nterest coverage	4.21	2.09	1.14	1.86	2.47	2.04
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
perating profit			82	18		
retax profit			79	21		
et profit			79	21		
ercentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2:	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 33 - Leather and allied products industries
SICE Grouping 171

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	3.6	3.2		
Accounts receivable	23.7	30.0		
Inventory	32.1	37.4		
Capital assets	21.9	19.3		
Other assets	2.9	2.0		
Total operating assets	84.2	92.0		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.2	6.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.6	1.3		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	25.2	21.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	26.4	29.8		
Short term paper	0.1	0.1		
Mortgages	4.0	4.9		
Bonds	1.8	1.5		
Other loans	4.1	2.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.8	8.5		
Other liabilities	1.9	8.2		
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.7		
Total liabilities	80.6	77.5		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	9.1	15.3		
Retained earnings	4.6	0.8		
Other surplus	5.8	6.3		
Total shareholders' equity	19.4	22.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	64.5	76.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	45.5	56.2		

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Industry

34 - Spun yarn and woven cloth industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group		44					
Financial ratios							
Profitability (percentages)							
Net profit margin	6.6	0.9	-2.0	-1.2	3.1	2.0	
Pretax profit margin	8.3	1.4	-2.0	-0.7	3.7	2.8	
Operating profit margin	4.5	0.6	-3.7	***	4.5	7.1	
Gross profit margin	36.8	28.5	17.8	29.9	25.3	21.2	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	306.2	189.7	117.1	149.3	189.7	106.0	
Return on net operating assets	8.3	2.2	-1.5	-1.8	8.3	13.1	
Pretax profit to assets	15.0	1.9	-2.4	-2.2	3.1	4.1	
Return on capital employed	12.9	7.5	0.3	***	6.8	11.1	
Return on equity (2)	32.8	9.2	-3.7	-1.4	11.6	10.9	
Efficiency (ratios)							
Receivable turnover	9.51	7.50	4.51	***	4.68	4.83	
Inventory turnover	200	6.01	•••	***	5.55	3.99	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)							
Working capital	2.23	1.85	1.22	1.93	1.22	1.37	
Debt to equity		1.50	***		1.00		
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.74	0.97	0.81	0.69	0.69	
Interest coverage	***	1.74			2.59		
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)			
Operating profit			65	35			
Pretax profit			65	35			
Net profit			65	35			
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	Ř		(3	5			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

34 - Spun yarn and woven cloth industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	5.3	3.1
Accounts receivable	27.7	26.6
Inventory	18.5	21.5
Capital assets	36.0	35.1
Other assets	1.2	1.3
Total operating assets	88.7	87.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	1.6	10.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.7	1.9
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.1	14.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	21.8	10.3
Short term paper	©	0.4
Mortgages	7.1	0.8
Bonds	0.0	4.5
Other loans	12.9	6.4
Amount owing to affiliates	5.6	9.3
Other liabilities	0.4	1.7
Deferred income tax	0.9	3.1
Total liabilities	66.8	50.9
Shareholders' equity	-	
Share capital	11.0	3.5
Retained earnings	21.8	45.6
Other surplus	0.4	
Total shareholders' equity	33.2	49.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	61.1	53.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	47.2	22.8

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Industry

35 - Canvas and related products industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Median			
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group		139					
Financial ratios							
Profitability (percentages)							
Net profit margin	6.6	1.6	-1.1	1.2	2.5	1.00	
Pretax profit margin	7.2	2.1	-1.1	1.2	2.7		
Operating profit margin	***	2.1	***				
Gross profit margin	45.9	35.4	25.3	40.1	31.2	•••	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***		•••			***	
Return on net operating assets		6.6	***	***	***	***	
Pretax profit to assets	14.2	5.4	-2.5	4.1	6.7		
Return on capital employed		11.5	•••	300	***		
Return on equity (2)	31.2	11.6	1.2	11.1	14.0	em:	
Efficiency (ratios)							
Receivable turnover	***	8777	***	***	***		
Inventory turnover	•••	6.20	3***	***	***	7.0	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)							
Working capital		1.86	•••	***			
Debt to equity	•••	0.50	***	***	***		
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.70	0.98	0.81	0.65	•••	
Interest coverage	***	1.90		•••			
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)			
Operating profit			60	40			
Pretax profit			60	40			
Not man 64			90				

60

40

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

35 - Canvas and related products industry

SICE Grouping 193

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.1	3.7
Accounts receivable	23.2	•
Inventory	23.2	2
Capital assets	27.2	₩.
Other assets	4.2	•
Total operating assets	85.0	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.0	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.0	5
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	23.4	8
Borrowing:		
Banks	13.8	(4 7)
Short term paper		•
Mortgages	0.3	
Bonds	÷	-
Other loans	4.8	150
Amount owing to affiliates	22.2	11-11
Other liabilities	1.6	127
Deferred income tax	<u> </u>	₩
Total liabilities	66.2	5 8 8
Total habilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.2	\ -
Retained earnings	32.6	
Other surplus	-	
Total shareholders' equity	33.8	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•.
Current assets - % of total assets	56.2	2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.8	*

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Industry

36 - Other textile products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Better	Quartile Bo			dian	
	Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		604			923 - 379 - 22 - 1	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.1	1.7	-2.0	1.1	2.6	2.2
Pretax profit margin	7.7	2.4	-1.9	1.2	3.0	2.8
Operating profit margin	7.2	4.5	-2.1	0.1	5.7	5.5
Gross profit margin	45.2	32.9	22.7	39.1	25.8	23.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	454.4	324.7	160.9	134.1	324.7	245.9
Return on net operating assets	24.7	12.1	-1.9	-1.9	20.0	11.1
Pretax profit to assets	13.5	4.7	-3.5	2.0	6.3	5.6
Return on capital employed	22.5	14.3	0.7	2.0	18.6	10.1
Return on equity (2)	31.1	11.7	1.3	8.3	13.4	13.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.01	6.32	5.80	9.98	5.96	5.99
Inventory turnover	9.18	5.81	4.15	7.51	5.63	4.17
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.12	1.43	1.19	1.17	1.66	1.26
Debt to equity	0.17	0.54	1.00	0.46	0.75	1.47
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.70	0.97	0.74	0.68	0.69
Interest coverage	7.11	4.05	0.28	1.29	4.05	2.33
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			68	32		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			66	34		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

36 - Other textile products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.5	4.3		
Accounts receivable	23.4	23.0		
Inventory	19.7	25.1		
Capital assets	28.4	32.6		
Other assets	4.0	5.9		
Total operating assets	82.0	90.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.1	8.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.8	0.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.0	18.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.0	17.9		
Short term paper	0.4	0.5		
Mortgages	1.8	2.0		
Bonds	4.3	4.8		
Other loans	6.1	3.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	5.8	9.6		
Other liabilities	2.5	4.7		
Deferred income tax	0.7	0.8		
Total liabilities	53.5	62.7		
Total Habinites				
Shareholders' equity	11.6	20.0		
Share capital	11.6	30.0		
Retained earnings	33.0	7.3		
Other surplus	1.9	0.0		
Total shareholders' equity	46.5	37.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	55.3	56.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.4	36.8		

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Industry

37 - Men's and boys' clothing industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		242	,			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)		40				
Net profit margin	4.5	1.3	-2.4	0.8	1.4	1.9
Pretax profit margin	5.2	1.4	-2.5	0.8	1.5	2.6
Operating profit margin	(444)	2.3	***		1.4	3.3
Gross profit margin	31.9	23.8	16.7	29.7	21.6	23.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets		248.7	86.		278.9	266.7
Return on net operating assets	•••	4.5		***	3.8	7.4
Pretax profit to assets	11.9	2.7	-6.1	1.8	3.0	6.4
Return on capital employed		5.5	***	•••	4.2	6.4
Return on equity (2)	23.1	7.8	-1.2	3.8	9.1	13.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	9.63		***	9.11	3.60
Inventory turnover		4.08	***	266	4.08	3.84
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	•••	2.12		***	1.22	1.44
Debt to equity		0.70		***	0.70	0.96
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.71	0.94	0.82	0.65	0.67
Interest coverage	•••	2.68	***		2.56	1.70
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 37 - Men's and boys' clothing industries

SICE Grouping 243

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.8	1.6		
Accounts receivable	22.6	40.4		
Inventory	33.9	39.8		
Capital assets	26.8	9.9		
Other assets	5.1	1.0		
Total operating assets	95.2	92.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	1.8	3.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.0	3.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	18.1	20.5		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.8	28.4		
Short term paper	0.7	0.2		
Mortgages	9.1	1.0		
Bonds	7.5	2.0		
Other loans	6.2	1.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	9.7	10.3		
Other liabilities	1.6	0.7		
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.5		
Total liabilities	69.7	65.5		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	4.5	4.6		
Retained earnings	25.8	26.7		
Other surplus	#3 8901 68	3.2		
Total shareholders' equity	30.3	34.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	69.4	87.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.7	56.6		

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Industry

38 - Women's clothing industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	0.	Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		564				
Financial ratios						7
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.7	1.2	-3.2	0.5	1.6	1.4
Pretax profit margin	5.5	1.5	-3.0	0.7	2.0	1.9
Operating profit margin	3.5	1.0	-2.7	1.0	0.8	4.6
Gross profit margin	36.4	24.1	16.3	27.9	22.1	21.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	361.4	234.5	180.1		230.6	381.7
Return on net operating assets	13.4	9.6	0.6	***	8.7	16.4
Pretax profit to assets	14.1	3.1	-6.6	1.8	4.9	5.2
Return on capital employed	11.5	7.1	0.5	9.6	3.3	13.8
Return on equity (2)	29.0	10.3	-0.8	7.7	13.1	11.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.91	6.48	5.11	***	7.79	5.41
Inventory turnover	10.28	6.07	3.74	***	5.62	8.12
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.61	1.83	1.16	1.22	1.83	1.73
Debt to equity	0.23	0.70	2.65		1.21	0.51
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.68	0.95	0.79	0.64	0.60
nterest coverage	3.56	1.43	-4.53	9442	1.43	3.55
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			68	32		
retax profit			64	36		
let profit			64	36		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

38 - Women's clothing industries

SICE Grouping 244

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	5.7	2.6		
Accounts receivable	28.1	45.4		
Inventory	29.3	24.6		
Capital assets	8.0	11.2		
Other assets	3.7	5.9		
Total operating assets	74.8	89.6		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	19.1	6.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.1	4.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.7	30.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	12.8	12.1		
Short term paper	0.7	0.3		
Mortgages	1.4	0.7		
Bonds	7.7	3.9		
Other loans	5.9	5.3		
Amount owing to affiliates	31.6	6.2		
Other liabilities	1.1	1.2		
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.1		
Total liabilities	80.9	60.6		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	17.4	11.2		
Retained earnings	1.7	28.1		
Other surplus	-	0.1		
Total shareholders' equity	19.1	39.4		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	76.1	82.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	47.2	46.2		

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Industry

39 - Other clothing and apparel industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		653				
Financial ratios						-
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.8	1.7	-2.5	1.6	1.7	1.5
Pretax profit margin	7.0	2.0	-2.5	1.7	2.1	1.8
Operating profit margin	8.0	2.5	-2.8	3.7	2.5	2.2
Gross profit margin	38.4	25.4	17.6	32.4	22.6	22.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	325.2	196.9	103.1	67.4	298.0	204.2
Return on net operating assets	19.2	7.6	-9.0	2.7	8.4	11.8
Pretax profit to assets	12.9	3.1	-4.0	2.5	3.4	4.1
Return on capital employed	14.0	4.2	-8.8	1.9	6.6	9.1
Return on equity (2)	23.7	8.4	-1.3	6.7	9.9	10.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.66	6.09	4.07	***	7.60	5.43
Inventory turnover	4.00	2.78	1.75	***	3.23	5.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.34	1.57	1.08	1.05	1.63	1.70
Debt to equity	0.39	1.01	3.56	***	1.01	0.38
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.65	0.96	0.67	0.64	0.71
Interest coverage	3.91	1.00	-1.53	-0.15	2.19	2.77
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	417.003.1041		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			62	38		
Net profit			62	38		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

Other clothing and apparel industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.2	5.6
Accounts receivable	17.2	30.7
Inventory	29.9	32.0
Capital assets	18.7	18.2
Other assets	3.2	2.5
Total operating assets	77.3	89.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.5	8.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.3	2.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.0	22.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	13.9	14.8
Short term paper	0.5	0.1
Mortgages	3.0	2.9
Bonds	6.7	0.8
Other loans	5.1	1.4
Amount owing to affiliates	14.7	11.3
Other liabilities	3.1	- 1.0
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.9
Total liabilities	64.1	55.2
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	27.0	5.9
Retained earnings	8.0	38.8
Other surplus	0.9	0.0
Total shareholders' equity	35.9	44.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	64.5	74.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.7	42.2

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Industry

Sawmill, planing mill and shingle mill products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	-
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		759				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.4	3.0	-1.5	1.3	3.5	2.4
Pretax profit margin	10.1	3.7	-1.4	1.5	4.2	3.4
Operating profit margin	9.8	4.6	0.0	1.3	5.0	7.9
Gross profit margin	42.4	23.8	13.4	34.1	20.4	16.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	293.2	205.8	147.1	106.3	228.6	266.8
Return on net operating assets	27.0	14.5	3.2	4.8	17.1	16.5
Pretax profit to assets	15.4	5.6	-2.3	1.5	8.2	8.2
Return on capital employed	20.4	10.8	3.5	4.4	14.1	15.2
Return on equity (2)	29.7	13.9	1.6	6.9	15.9	21.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.94	10.37	7.13	7.83	11.15	13.38
Inventory turnover	15.94	7.88	4.93	***	7.68	5.75
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.86	1.89	1.30	1.54	2.22	1.49
Debt to equity	0.15	0.70	1.97	•••	0.58	1.12
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.66	0.92	0.76	0.61	0.62
Interest coverage	12.90	2.41	0.45	0.75	2.53	4.56
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

40 - Sawmill, planing mill and shingle mill products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.3	2.9		
Accounts receivable	12.2	8.9		
Inventory	17.5	26.5		
Capital assets	37.0	43.7		
Other assets	6.8	4.5		
Total operating assets	82.8	86.6		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.6	6.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.7	7.3		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	11.7	14.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	28.9	15.3		
Short term paper	0.4	0.7		
Mortgages	1.4	2.4		
Bonds	4.5	7.7		
Other loans	18.4	8.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	38.8	9.4		
Other liabilities	2.2	2.8		
Deferred income tax	0.9	2.6		
Total liabilities	107.3	64.1		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	14.8	2.4		
Retained earnings	-23.0	31.4		
Other surplus	0.8	2.0		
Total shareholders' equity	-7.3	35.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	46.8	46.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	56.5	32.1		

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Industry

41 - Sash, door and other millwork industries

SICE Grouping 254

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,154				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.2	0.9	-3.4	0.3	1.4	1.5
Pretax profit margin	5.0	1.0	-3.4	0.3	1.7	1.9
Operating profit margin	5.8	2.4	-1.2	1.0	2.9	2.9
Gross profit margin	34.3	24.4	16.5	29.7	21.8	20.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	419.8	278.6	145.1	183.1	290.3	262.4
Return on net operating assets	20.3	12.9	-3.0	6.9	13.6	10.3
Pretax profit to assets	10.6	2.0	-6.9	0.5	3.6	4.9
Return on capital employed	17.0	9.3	-3.5	5.5	9.3	9.2
Return on equity (2)	23.6	8.3	-4.9	4.9	9.9	9.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	16.35	9.48	6.43	9.52	8.86	10.52
Inventory turnover	14.45	6.98	4.71	9.93	5.97	4.58
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.68	1.30	0.99	1.22	1.42	1.63
Debt to equity	0.34	0.86	2.47	0.77	0.90	1.32
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.71	0.97	0.79	0.66	0.64
Interest coverage	4.51	2.04	-0.23	2.48	1.83	3.05
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	•	
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			65	35		
Net profit			64	36		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)				19		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

41 - Sash, door and other millwork industries

SICE Grouping 254

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	5.2	4.3		
Accounts receivable	21.9	21.0		
Inventory	21.9	27.2		
Capital assets	32.2	29.1		
Other assets	4.0	4.3		
Total operating assets	85.1	85.9		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.9	8.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.0	5.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.1	17.5		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.7	13.9		
Short term paper	0.6	0.5		
Mortgages	5.8	3.6		
Bonds	7.3	5.2		
Other loans	7.1	9.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	11.8	22.9		
Other liabilities	2.4	4.0		
Deferred income tax	0.6	1.5		
Total liabilities	71.4	78.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	6.4	8.8		
Retained earnings	21.7	11.7		
Other surplus	0.4	1.1		
Total shareholders' equity	28.6	21.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	54.7	61.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.4	34.9		

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Industry

Pretax profit

Net profit

42 - Wooden box and pallet industry

SICE Grouping

256

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		162			-	
Financial ratios			20 - 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.2	3.0	-0.6	1.2	3.3	2.3
Pretax profit margin	7.7	3.9	-0.5	1.8	4.0	3.2
Operating profit margin	14.2	7.8	4.9		7.8	
Gross profit margin	35.6	23.4	16.6	31.4	22.3	16.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	1944	146.7		***	265.7	•••
Return on net operating assets		12.2		•••	13.7	•••
Pretax profit to assets	17.8	8.7	-0.8	1.2	10.2	7.7
Return on capital employed	24.5	8.2	6.2	•••	17.3	
Return on equity (2)	33.8	18.1	2.7	6.5	20.1	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		8.22	•••	***	8.54	•••
Inventory turnover	***	5.92	***	***	5.92	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.32	1.49	0.99	***	1.49	(News)
Debt to equity	•••	0.40	***	***	0.39	***
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.65	0.85	0.67	0.65	0.53
interest coverage		7.86	***	***	7.86	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			100			

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94

6

6

6

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small an	d M	ledium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

- Wooden box and pallet industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.9	5
Accounts receivable	18.8	-
Inventory	13.8	•
Capital assets	39.1	a
Other assets	3.3	5
Total operating assets	84.0	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.6	2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.5	-
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	22.4	2
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.0	
Short term paper	0.5	4
Mortgages	1.4	<u> </u>
Bonds	6.2	7
Other loans	5.7	-
Amount owing to affiliates	11.8	£=0.
	3.2	
Other liabilities	1.0	*
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	62.2	0.●%
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	6.7	97-3
Retained earnings	31.1	,
Other surplus	2	(F)
Total shareholders' equity	37.8	8.
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	-
Current assets - % of total assets	48.4	%=
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.8	18.

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Industry

43 - Other wood industries

SICE Grouping

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million

_	Sman mins with revenue under \$5 minon					to \$25 million
_		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	Median
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Number of firms in the group		392		- HO-40		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.0	1.5	-3.2	-0.7	3.0	2.0
Pretax profit margin	7.8	1.8	-3.0	-0.7	3.6	2.6
Operating profit margin	14.8	0.6	-4.9	-2.9	6.9	-3.2
Gross profit margin	45.5	30.2	21.0	37.4	24.2	18.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	289.8	136.3	86.3	92.8	275.8	230.9
Return on net operating assets	17.0	1.3	-7.3	-4.9	18.2	-4.4
Pretax profit to assets	15.6	3.3	-6.6	-1.2	9.0	6.2
Return on capital employed	16.9	4.8	-4.2	1.7	13.9	-2.9
Return on equity (2)	32.7	13.3	-2.9	6.5	15.7	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		8.34	***	8.34	***	6.69
Inventory turnover	12.92	6.37	3.47	5.36	6.38	3.58
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.75	1.91	1.09	4.75	1.75	1.49
Debt to equity	***	1.62			0.77	
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.74	1.06	0.90	0.61	0.66
Interest coverage	•••	-0.88	***			-5.84
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 43 - Other wood industries SICE Grouping 259

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revent from \$5 million to \$25 milli		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	20.8	3.6		
Accounts receivable	12.2	14.7		
Inventory	26.2	25.7		
Capital assets	25.3	46.3		
Other assets	3.7	6.1		
Total operating assets	88.2	96.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.4	1.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.4	2.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	11.8	13.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	23.0	11.6		
Short term paper	0.2	0.2		
Mortgages	1.7	6.2		
Bonds	2.4	2.0		
Other loans	5.9	4.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	26.5	16.7		
Other liabilities	1.9	27.0		
Deferred income tax	0.7	1.7		
Total liabilities	74.1	82.7		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	16.4	21.5		
Retained earnings	9.4	-5.2		
Other surplus	0.1	1.0		
Total shareholders' equity	25.9	17.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	64.8	45.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	45.2	29.1		

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Industry

44 - Household furniture industries

SICE Grouping

261

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

						to \$25 million
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		901				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.4	0.8	-3.8	-0.5	1.5	1.8
Pretax profit margin	5.1	0.9	-3.6	-0.5	1.8	2.5
Operating profit margin	5.3	1.1	-5.2	-2.3	3.8	2.5
Gross profit margin	38.9	25.8	17.3	30.6	22.5	19.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	365.1	259.4	115.5	285.7	229.3	300.2
Return on net operating assets	19.7	4.6	-10.6	-8.7	10.4	7.2
Pretax profit to assets	11.9	1.8	-7.4	-0.6	4.0	6.0
Return on capital employed	18.2	7.2	-10.0	-15.4	9.5	6.5
Return on equity (2)	25.3	8.9	-4.7	4.9	13.5	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.33	8.29	5.83	8.83	7.24	6.81
nventory turnover	12.85	6.94	3.58	8.24	5.26	3.89
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.20	1.37	0.91	0.96	1.59	1.58
Debt to equity	0.21	1.05	2.73	1.79	0.92	1.16
Liabilities to assets	0.49	0.76	1.01	0.81	0.70	0.66
Interest coverage	3.93	1.00	-0.99	-1.49	2.11	1.82
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		A Company
Operating profit			68	32		
Pretax profit			65	35		
Net profit			63	37		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 19

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Industry

44 - Household furniture industries

SICE Grouping 261

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 millio		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.7	1.6		
Accounts receivable	24.1	31.6		
Inventory	25.0	40.9		
Capital assets	27.9	19.9		
Other assets	3.5	2.3		
Total operating assets	87.3	96.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.9	2.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.8	1.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.1	21.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.9	21.3		
Short term paper	0.2	0.4		
Mortgages	4.3	1.6		
Bonds	2.5	4.0		
Other loans	5.8	6.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	19.3	10.8		
Other liabilities	3.2	1.5		
Deferred income tax	0.8	1.2		
Total liabilities	70.0	68.1		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	9.5	9.5		
Retained earnings	16.4	21.8		
Other surplus	4.1	0.5		
Total shareholders' equity	30.0	31.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	60.8	77.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.5	45.8		

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Industry

45 - Office furniture industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		70				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.4	0.7	-2.2	-1.3	1.2	3.2
Pretax profit margin	3.8	0.9	-2.2	-1.3	1.7	4.0
Operating profit margin	***	-1.6	***		-0.6	2.3
Gross profit margin	34.9	25.0	18.1	26.4	22.7	25.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	226.2		•••	303.5	248.9
Return on net operating assets		-1.0		•••	2.5	8.7
Pretax profit to assets	8.4	1.2	-4.4	-3.9	3.7	6.7
Return on capital employed		3.1	***	***	5.6	8.8
Return on equity (2)	18.9	5.9	-1.3	-4.1	9.5	29.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		10.73		***	8.50	6.99
Inventory turnover	***	6.50	***	***	8.21	5.39
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	•••	2.28	***		1.45	1.42
Debt to equity	***	0.24	1996		0.57	2.53
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.70	0.96	0.68	0.75	0.74
Interest coverage	***	0.65	***		-2.25	1.74
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

45 - Office furniture industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.2	6.7
Accounts receivable	9.5	26.8
Inventory	9.2	16.6
Capital assets	13.0	37.7
Other assets	1.4	9.6
Total operating assets	39.3	97.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	33.3	2.3
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	27.4	0.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	11.6	26.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	4.9	21.5
Short term paper	0.1	25.
Mortgages	4.4	5.4
Bonds	1.2	1.2
Other loans	1.0	18.1
Amount owing to affiliates	42.5	9.6
Other liabilities	10.2	4.9
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.6
Total liabilities	75.9	87.9
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	4.1	3.2
Retained earnings	19.9	8.6
Other surplus	*	0.3
Total shareholders' equity	24.1	12.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	26.9	53.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.3	45.5

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Industry

Other furniture and fixture industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
· -		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		339				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.9	1.4	-2.8	-0.4	2.0	1.9
Pretax profit margin	5.0	1.5	-2.8	-0.3	2.4	2.2
Operating profit margin	6.7	1.9	-0.4	3.4	1.3	3.9
Gross profit margin	40.3	27.1	18.3	34.0	25.0	24.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	376.3	248.9	122.7	292.7	182.6	354.6
Return on net operating assets	12.9	1.8	-8.2	-5.0	1.8	10.7
Pretax profit to assets	10.3	3.0	-4.6	-0.8	5.2	4.3
Return on capital employed	14.8	6.3	0.5	1.4	2.5	9.4
Return on equity (2)	22.5	10.3	0.5	6.8	11.9	9.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.11	7.55	6.47	•••	7.36	6.45
Inventory turnover	7.32	5.45	3.74	***	6.38	5.69
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.92	1.41	1.22	1.71	1.29	1.31
Debt to equity	0.16	0.59	3.28	0.37	0.62	1,42
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.70	0.96	0.78	0.67	0.74
Interest coverage	4.53	0.75	-1.61	-2.63	1.33	2.69
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			63	37		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	.2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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46 - Other furniture and fixture industries Industry 269 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.8	4.2		
Accounts receivable	21.3	35.3		
Inventory	25.2	25.6		
Capital assets	29.4	24.4		
Other assets	3.8	4.7		
Total operating assets	87.7	94.3		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.0	4.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.3	1.3		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities		9		
Accounts payable	24.1	23.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	9.8	17.8		
Short term paper	0.2	0.6		
Mortgages	6.9	6.0		
Bonds	2.4	5.5		
Other loans	3.6	6.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	18.8	11.0		
Other liabilities	7.3	1.7		
Deferred income tax	0.5	2.4		
Total liabilities	73.6	75.0		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.1	16.2		
Retained earnings	23.1	8.1		
Other surplus	1.2	0.7		
Total shareholders' equity	26.4	25.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	63.4	66.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.4	47.2		

3 million, Reference Year 1993

- Pulp and paper industries

SICE Grouping 271

Industry

Small firms	with	revenue	under \$5	million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	J100 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	31		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Financial ratios			Œ			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.5	5.2	1.0	4.7	5.7	1.5
Pretax profit margin	11.3	5.7	0.8	5.7	6.6	1.5
Operating profit margin	***	5.7			3.2	
Gross profit margin	36.6	24.4	14.3	•••	23.1	17.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	191.2	•••		***	
Return on net operating assets		18.3		***	19.7	3E.
Pretax profit to assets	26.8	13.0	3.0	10.2	13.8	3.4
Return on capital employed	•••	13.2	***		7.1	
Return on equity (2)	54.7	29.5	12.4		28.1	13.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	6.92		•••	•••	155
Inventory turnover	***	6.32	***	•••		***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	277	0.91			0.91	
Debt to equity	***	2.63			***	***
Liabilities to assets	0.52	0.79	0.95	1.02	0.77	0.84
Interest coverage	***	1.71	•••	•••	1.71	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

47 - Pulp and paper industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	1.8	8
Accounts receivable	2.9	¥
Inventory	2.6	₽
Capital assets	47.8	5
Other assets	41.5	
Total operating assets	96.7	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.3	2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.0	<u>=</u>
Total assets	100.0	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3.2	200
Borrowing:		
Banks	21.0	•
Short term paper	0.1	•
Mortgages	0.2	(20)
Bonds	0.9	(2)
Other loans	20.3	-
Amount owing to affiliates	12.5	*
Other liabilities	0.1	:=/
Deferred income tax	0.1	120
Total liabilities	58.4	-
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	40.3	•
Retained earnings	1.2	
Other surplus	0.1	-
Total shareholders' equity	41.6	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	<u>.</u>
Current assets - % of total assets	9.9	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	22.1	-

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

48 - Paper box and bag industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		100	6			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.9	3.4	0.6	6.5	3.4	2.3
Pretax profit margin	10.7	4.2	0.8	7.9	4.2	2.9
Operating profit margin	5.9	2.6	-5.9		4.1	5.2
Gross profit margin	35.6	28.2	20.5	32.5	27.9	24.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	336.4	293.8	180.5	•••	263.6	305.4
Return on net operating assets	17.5	6.1	-17.0		9.4	23.3
Pretax profit to assets	19.2	8.7	1.9	5.7	9.4	7.1
Return on capital employed	17.9	7.4	-1.2	-24.4	10.9	14.9
Return on equity (2)	33.4	16.4	3.4	8.6	19.0	19.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.98	7.77	5.01		8.21	7.22
nventory turnover	14.95	5.39	2.90	•••	5.90	6.60
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital	2.59	1.65	1.38	1.38	1.70	1.43
Oebt to equity	0.13	0.54	1.34		0.41	1.06
iabilities to assets	0.37	0.58	0.80	0.69	0.56	0.70
nterest coverage	6.30	3.70	1.66	4.17	3.70	5.69
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
perating profit			70	30		
retax profit			74	26		
et profit			74	26		
ercentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			8	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

48 - Paper box and bag industries

273 SICE Grouping

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.5	4.5		
Accounts receivable	24.1	30.6		
Inventory	24.8	20.6		
Capital assets	35.6	33.3		
Other assets	5.6	2.2		
Total operating assets	94.6	91.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	2.5	6.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.9	2.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	22.0	21.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.9	18.7		
Short term paper	0.3	0.2		
Mortgages	3.0	5.6		
Bonds	3.5	2.6		
Other loans	6.4	10.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	7.7	6.3		
Other liabilities	3.6	1.8		
Deferred income tax	1.4	2.2		
Total liabilities	62.0	69.1		
Shareholders' equity Share capital	8.8	2.2		
Retained earnings	26.6	27.0		
Other surplus	2.6	1.6		
Total shareholders' equity	38.0	30.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	59.8	57.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.9	38.4		

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Industry

Net profit

49 - Other converted paper products industries

SICE Grouping 279

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		149				
Financial ratios					-	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.8	4.0	-0.4	4.0	4.1	2.8
Pretax profit margin	9.0	4.4	-0.1	4.2	4.8	3.3
Operating profit margin	11.4	5.4	-0.2	0.3	2.2	5.9
Gross profit margin	48.0	31.9	22.4	44.0	30.4	27.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	277.6	222.3	154.4	218.3	222.9	292.0
Return on net operating assets	20.2	7.1	-1.3	7.5	4.9	18.7
Pretax profit to assets	17.7	6.7	-0.4	5.1	8.1	7.2
Return on capital employed	18.4	11.9	0.9	5.5	9.9	14.8
Return on equity (2)	37.0	18.7	3.5	9.7	20.2	17.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.68	6.08	4.75	5.44	6.44	6.51
Inventory turnover	10.79	6.00	4.90	13.03	5.20	6.77
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.41	2.10	1.31	2.63	1.81	1.23
Debt to equity	0.32	0.64	1.27	***	0.66	1.08
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.67	0.89	0.65	0.70	0.64
Interest coverage	3.46	1.43	-1.00	•••	1.71	5.48
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			65	35		
Pretax profit			67	33		

65

35

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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49 - Other converted paper products industries Industry 279 **SICE** Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.5	2.9		
Accounts receivable	18.2	29.4		
Inventory	18.0	19.9		
Capital assets	36.2	28.0		
Other assets	7.5	2.6		
Total operating assets	86.4	82.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.2	9.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.4	8.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	14.1	22.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.1	16.0		
Short term paper	0.4	0.3		
Mortgages	3.5	1.8		
Bonds	4.5	3.2		
Other loans	5.8	8.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	13.9	9.3		
Other liabilities	0.8	2.9		
Deferred income tax	1.1	1.6		
Total liabilities	55.2	66.5		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	11.9	6.8		
Retained earnings	20.5	25.8		
Other surplus	12.4	0.9		
Total shareholders' equity	44.8	33.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	48.3	55.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	24.6	43.0		

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Industry

50 - Commercial printing industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	A. Sedili sessili	Quartile B	oundary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,971			-	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.2	1.5	-1.8	0.9	2.3	1.8
Pretax profit margin	6.3	1.8	-1.7	1.0	2.8	2.4
Operating profit margin	7.9	3.6	-1.2	3.7	3.6	3.2
Gross profit margin	56.0	37.8	27.1	44.2	33.1	27.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	377.2	266.7	194.4	243.7	300.6	277.0
Return on net operating assets	18.4	8.9	-3.9	2.1	11.3	9.7
Pretax profit to assets	13.9	3.9	-3.8	2.2	5.8	5.0
Return on capital employed	18.4	8.9	-1.3	3.5	10.4	8.4
Return on equity (2)	29.4	11.7	-2.0	7.7	14.1	12.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.51	7.73	6.25	8.25	7.19	6.20
Inventory turnover	23.77	14.60	9.91	15.29	11.90	9.78
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.52	1.47	1.07	1.36	1.48	1.41
Debt to equity	0.25	0.64	1.29	0.44	0.66	0.83
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.73	0.97	0.81	0.68	0.73
Interest coverage	6.74	1.89	-0.37	0.28	3.10	1.84
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			68	32		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

ndustry 50 - Commercial printing industries SICE Grouping 281		
	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.1	6.8
Accounts receivable	26.4	30.5
Inventory	11.7	13.7
Capital assets	39.4	31.5
Other assets	3.1	9.3
Total operating assets	87.7	91.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.1	6.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.3	2.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	20.3	21.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.7	18.5
Short term paper	0.2	0.4
Mortgages	2.2	1.9
Bonds	2.2	4.3
Other loans	9.1	11.2
Amount owing to affiliates	10.8	6.3
Other liabilities	1.8	4.4
Deferred income tax	1.2	1.9
Total liabilities	63.4	69.9
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	5.7	9.4
Retained earnings	28.3	20.1
Other surplus	2.6	0.7
Total shareholders' equity	36.6	30.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	50.7	55.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.8	39.6

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Industry

51 - Platemaking, typesetting and bindery industry

SICE Grouping 282

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		932				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.3	1.5	-3.0	0.5	2.8	2.0
Pretax profit margin	7.3	1.8	-2.9	0.7	3.4	2.6
Operating profit margin	10.0	1.7	0.3	1.0	4.7	4.3
Gross profit margin	61.1	45.8	31.6	52.4	36.8	32.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	262.6	218.3	125.7	232.9	179.0	176.9
Return on net operating assets	25.0	15.2	-1.6	23.6	8.8	7.9
Pretax profit to assets	13.5	3.1	-5.8	1.0	6.3	5.3
Return on capital employed	23.7	12.8	-0.3	9.5	13.1	6.3
Return on equity (2)	28.3	10.4	-4.0	6.9	13.9	11.9
Efficiency (ratios)		5911				
Receivable turnover	7.62	5.57	4.39	5.57	5.35	4.83
Inventory turnover	17.68	13.30	6.30	13.30	11.85	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.96	1.30	1.01	1.48	1.17	1.30
Debt to equity	0.32	1.40	2.91	1.12	1.42	***
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.74	1.00	0.81	0.66	0.69
Interest coverage	2.00	1.00	0.30	0.49	1.57	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

12

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 51 - Platemaking, typesetting and bindery industry SICE Grouping 282

ii.	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.7	0.9		
Accounts receivable	22.1	33.4		
Inventory	9.7	8.2		
Capital assets	46.3	46.8		
Other assets	4.1	8.7		
Total operating assets	88.9	98.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.1	1.6		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.9	0.3		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.7	19.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	22.3	20.4		
Short term paper	0.1	0.4		
Mortgages	5.5	0.7		
Bonds	1.4	4.2		
Other loans	12.2	8.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.3	13.3		
Other liabilities	1.7	0.3		
Deferred income tax	1.4	3.0		
Total liabilities	83.6	69.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.7	8.7		
Retained earnings	12.6	21.4		
Other surplus	-	0.5		
Total shareholders' equity	16.4	30.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	43.4	46.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.7	38.1		

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Industry

52 - Publishing industries

SICE Grouping

283

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Jiii	to \$25 million				
-	Quartile Better Aver		undary (1) Worse	Med Firms	dian Firms	
	Q3 75%	Q2 50%	Q1 25%	under \$500,000	\$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	60	885				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.3	2.9	-1.9	3.0	2.9	2.2
Pretax profit margin	11.9	3.5	-1.3	3.4	3.6	3.0
Operating profit margin	12.4	3.8	-3.0	7.2	1.9	6.6
Gross profit margin	59.0	47.2	33.5	49.0	46.6	39.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	533.6	355.0	161.4	147.8	465.9	294.0
Return on net operating assets	19.2	9.5	-15.7	9.6	8.6	20.1
Pretax profit to assets	20.8	6.8	-3.8	6.1	8.0	6.7
Return on capital employed	8.7	5.3	-12.5	5.8	4.9	21.9
Return on equity (2)	38.0	17.1	2.7	13.7	20.1	13.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.89	6.29	4.48	6.40	5.86	5.35
Inventory turnover		6.17			6.54	4.41
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.28	1.58	0.97	1.17	1.68	1.34
Debt to equity	0.09	0.13	2.32	1.74	0.09	0.44
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.72	0.98	0.76	0.67	0.67
Interest coverage	9.17	2.70	-7.25	2.72	2.38	····
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

52 - Publishing industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.4	8.1		
Accounts receivable	22.4	33.3		
Inventory	7.4	14.5		
Capital assets	10.4	9.0		
Other assets	10.6	12.7		
Total operating assets	60.3	77.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	25.1	20.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	14.6	2.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.4	29.4		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.1	8.9		
Short term paper	0.2	0.1		
Mortgages	3.2	0.2		
Bonds	8.1	2.8		
Other loans	2.3	2.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.9	2.8		
	9.0	11.7		
Other liabilities	0.5	0.1		
Deferred income tax	78.5	58.1		
Total liabilities	SPIEGOTY	170 AV		
Shareholders' equity	9202	NOTE OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS		
Share capital	9.7	16.0		
Retained earnings	11.0	25.4		
Other surplus	0.7	0.5		
Total shareholders' equity	21.5	41.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	60.1	69.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	51.9	46.7		

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Industry

53 - Combined publishing and printing industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		553				
Financial ratios					11 1181 110	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.5	1.9	-2.2	1.7	2.0	2.4
Pretax profit margin	7.8	2.3	-1.8	2.1	2.5	3.0
Operating profit margin	11.7	4.2	-0.1	4.8	3.1	5.4
Gross profit margin	62.6	46.3	30.2	50.3	42.1	28.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	424.8	309.8	186.5	220.6	365.6	268.5
Return on net operating assets	16.8	8.3	-1.3		6.5	10.5
Pretax profit to assets	17.0	4.9	-3.7	4.3	5.4	5.3
Return on capital employed	13.0	8.9	3.5	8.9	9.5	10.5
Return on equity (2)	34.0	11.5	0.3	11.1	11.6	9.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.70	8.60	7.52	9.14	8.04	5.57
Inventory turnover	17.24	8.77	3.87	3***	17.24	5.40
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)				3-		
Working capital	1.89	1.36	1.13	1.29	1.60	1.65
Debt to equity	0.30	0.77	1.33	0.31	1.10	
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.73	1.00	0.74	0.73	0.67
Interest coverage	6.35	1.35	-0.58		6.35	2.68
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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53 - Combined publishing and printing industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.1	3.1		
Accounts receivable	19.8	33.7		
Inventory	6.3	10.5		
Capital assets	27.5	36.6		
Other assets	15.3	8.2		
Total operating assets	75.1	92.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	17.2	7.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.7	0.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.8	16.7		
Borrowing:	*			
Banks	13.3	10.9		
Short term paper	0.2	0.1		
Mortgages	1.5	0.3		
Bonds	5.0	1.5		
Other loans	4.7	1.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	17.2	42.7		
Other liabilities	5.0	3.7		
Deferred income tax	3.9	2.3		
Total liabilities	70.7	79.5		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	7.2	15.3		
Retained earnings	22.1	4.5		
Other surplus	4 .	0.7		
Total shareholders' equity	29.3	20.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	44.7	52.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.9	48.4		

Industry

54 - Primary steel industries

SICE Grouping 291

Small firms v	vith reveni	10 under \$5	million

Medium firms with

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	Sma	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		111	VI 200			
Financial ratios	77.00					***************************************
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.9	3.0	0.5	1.4	3.5	3.8
Pretax profit margin	7.2	3.5	0.4	1.5	4.3	4.5
Operating profit margin	4.7	3.0	1.6	***	3.0	1.9
Gross profit margin	41.2	26.0	16.5	32.0	24.2	18.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	410.9	252.5	192.7		324.0	248.9
Return on net operating assets	24.9	12.3	5.5		13.6	6.6
Pretax profit to assets	16.3	8.4	0.6	1.2	10.0	8.8
Return on capital employed	20.3	11.0	5.9	***	12.3	6.6
Return on equity (2)	48.4	22.0	10.2	10.7	23.3	20.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	7.97	6.29	4.64	•••	6.25	7.05
Inventory turnover	15.55	11.05	8.15		12.22	9.52
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.73	1.29	0.93		1.36	1.48
Debt to equity	0.73	2.92	3.08	•••	0.99	0.48
Liabilities to assets	0.46	0.73	0.96	0.77	0.70	0.70
Interest coverage	6.10	3.43	0.70	((***)	4.50	0.71
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			88	12		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

54 - Primary steel industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.5	5.9
Accounts receivable	35.7	33.6
Inventory	13.2	23.1
Capital assets	21.7	29.0
Other assets	7.8	1.9
Total operating assets	87.9	93.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.9	5.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.2	1.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	24.6	24.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.9	11.7
Short term paper	0.1	0.1
Mortgages	3.1	0.8
Bonds	1.7	2.4
Other loans	3.7	4.4
Amount owing to affiliates	23.6	11.7
Other liabilities	4.2	9.1
Deferred income tax	0.4	1.9
Total liabilities	72.5	66.5
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	11.7	6.9
Retained earnings	14.5	22.2
Other surplus	1.4	4.4
Total shareholders' equity	27.5	33.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	61.8	65.3
Current liabilities - % of total assets	41.8	42.6

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

55 - Iron foundries

SICE Grouping

294

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		61				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.9	2.4	-1.6	-0.6	3.3	3.4
Pretax profit margin	7.2	3.0	-1.5	-0.6	3.7	4.4
Operating profit margin	***	4.8			4.8	5.8
Gross profit margin	35.9	23.0	14.5	37.2	19.3	19.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets		148.4	•••	•••	183.1	353.2
Return on net operating assets		-3.7	2 711 2	•••	9.1	18.5
Pretax profit to assets	15.2	5.5	-2.8	-1.5	8.1	8.0
Return on capital employed	•••	8.3	***	***	6.5	12.9
Return on equity (2)	33.0	18.1	3.8		18.1	14.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		7.65	***		7.65	6.51
Inventory turnover	***	7.28	***		7.28	11.25
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		2.17		•••	2.17	1.06
Debt to equity	***	0.52			0.52	1.09
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.63	0.95	1.01	0.60	0.48
Interest coverage	***	-0.18	***	***	2.20	3.28
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

55 - Iron foundries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	5.2	2.8
Accounts receivable	33.2	29.8
Inventory	10.7	15.9
Capital assets	45.2	42.6
Other assets	4.2	4.1
Total operating assets	98.4	95.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	1.0	4.4
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.6	0.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19.3	24.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.2	17.1
Short term paper	0.0	0.3
Mortgages	2.6	2.1
Bonds	0.4	3.3
Other loans	3.4	9.4
Amount owing to affiliates	11.9	8.2
Other liabilities	2.2	2.0
	2.8	2.1
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	54.9	68.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	8.3	3.9
Retained earnings	35.8	27.6
Other surplus	1.1	0.0
Total shareholders' equity	45.1	31.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	50.4	51.1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.2	42.9

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Industry

56 - Aluminum rolling, casting and extruding industry

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		41				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.9	4.8	0.1	5.7	3.2	1.6
Pretax profit margin	9.3	5.2	0.6	7.1	4.2	2.2
Operating profit margin	***	4.7	V12		5.1	2.9
Gross profit margin	38.1	27.5	16.1	48.8	25.0	19.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	164.7	•••	****	171.1	***
Return on net operating assets		2.9	***	3***	16.9	
Pretax profit to assets	16.3	9.8	1.3	8.2	9.9	4.6
Return on capital employed	***	12.4	***		12.3	7.4
Return on equity (2)	33.5	15.5	2.7	18.5	13.4	11.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	3.15	***		7.02	10.26
Inventory turnover	***	9.97	***	****	8.12	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.43	***	***	1.22	1.58
Debt to equity	***	0.34	***		0.26	0.48
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.57	0.81	0.53	0.58	0.56
Interest coverage		3.08	***	•••		
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	-		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

.56 - Aluminum rolling, casting and extruding industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	1.0	3.1		
Accounts receivable	19.1	25.3		
Inventory	12.0	37.1		
Capital assets	30.9	19.2		
Other assets	7.1	1.2		
Total operating assets	70.2	85.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.2	9.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	24.6	5.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	17.8	24.4		
Borrowing:				
Banks	9.8	11.7		
Short term paper		0.1		
Mortgages	2.7	0.3		
Bonds	1.2	2.4		
Other loans	5.5	1.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	15.0	15.8		
Other liabilities	1.5	0.9		
Deferred income tax	0.4	1.2		
Total liabilities	53.9	57.8		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	0.9	5.1		
Retained earnings	43.1	37.1		
Other surplus	2.1	. 100 €		
Total shareholders' equity	46.1	42.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	36.0	71.5		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.5	48.4		

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Industry

Other rolled, cast and extruded non-ferrous metal products industry

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		65				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.4	3.1	0.4	3.5	3.1	1.9
Pretax profit margin	7.9	3.8	0.4	4.1	3.8	2.2
Operating profit margin	9.1	2.9	0.4	5.4	0.0	3.6
Gross profit margin	39.9	28.2	18.8	36.0	27.8	22.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	256.3	139.2	68.1	102.3	256.3	286.1
Return on net operating assets	36.6	3.9	1.0	19.5	-0.3	15.6
Pretax profit to assets	14.7	8.5	0.6	7.4	8.6	5.3
Return on capital employed	30.0	16.3	2.2	19.6	0.1	12.0
Return on equity (2)	34.7	18.1	5.0	8.1	20.5	14.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	See .	8.23	***		9.45	6.55
Inventory turnover	300	8.20	***	···	8.20	6.14
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	8555	1.26	***	***	0.67	1.85
Debt to equity	***	0.17	***		***	0.60
Liabilities to assets	0.33	0.75	0.96	0.84	0.72	0.56
Interest coverage		0.25	2520		-0.11	3.26
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	ines		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			95	5		
Pretax profit			83	17		
Net profit			83	17		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

57 - Other rolled, cast and extruded non-ferrous metal products industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.8	4.6		
Accounts receivable	22.8	28.1		
Inventory	9.6	27.4		
Capital assets	49.1	31.6		
Other assets	7.5	2.0		
Total operating assets	95.9	93.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.1	3.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	15	3.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	24.4	19.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.1	10.7		
Short term paper	0.1	¥		
Mortgages	2.1	0.8		
Bonds	0.9	1.2		
Other loans	1.0	3.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	29.0	8.5		
Other liabilities	1.6	2.4		
Deferred income tax	0.3	5.8		
Total liabilities	70.5	52.3		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	0.8	0.8		
Retained earnings	21.5	45.2		
Other surplus	7.2	1.7		
Total shareholders' equity	29.5	47.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	39.8	61.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	49.2	32.4		

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Industry

58 - Fabricated structural metal products industries

SICE Grouping

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Sma	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
ta ta		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	Median
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Number of firms in the group		226				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.2	3.5	0.5	4.1	3.4	2.4
Pretax profit margin	9.8	4.4	0.8	4.9	4.4	2.7
Operating profit margin	8.4	4.3	1.5	•	4.3	3.0
Gross profit margin	39.9	25.6	18.2	39.9	24.0	17.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	546.9	302.9	213.2	S****	278.2	380.1
Return on net operating assets	24.8	10.8	8.2	•••	13.9	12.3
Pretax profit to assets	18.5	8.3	1.4	6.8	8.9	6.6
Return on capital employed	21.1	10.5	3.6	***	12.8	13.0
Return on equity (2)	38.4	17.9	5.2	15.6	18.0	22.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.47	7.37	4.84		6.55	5.22
Inventory turnover	15.72	10.48	6.41	***	11.70	6.42
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.27	2.10	1.32	***	1.68	1.55
Debt to equity	0.54	0.67	1.67		0.70	0.93
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.70	0.96	0.77	0.67	0.74
Interest coverage	15.11	6.33	1.97		6.33	3.17
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		***	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			86	14		
Pretax profit			81	19		
Net profit			81	19		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1

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Industry

58 - Fabricated structural metal products industries

•	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.1	2.6		
Accounts receivable	30.9	38.8		
Inventory	11.7	27.3		
Capital assets	29.9	21.2		
Other assets	4.8	2.4		
Total operating assets	85.4	92.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.8	3.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.8	4.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	21.2	30.1		
Borrowing:				
Banks	7.9	12.8		
Short term paper	0.1	0.3		
Mortgages	11.3	1.2		
Bonds	3.0	3.7		
Other loans	4.6	3.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	20.5	10.5		
Other liabilities	3.1	2.2		
Deferred income tax	0.3	1.1		
Total liabilities	72.0	65.0		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	9.2	10.3		
Retained earnings	15.3	21.6		
Other surplus	3.5	3.1		
Total shareholders' equity	28.0	35.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	58.8	70.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.8	50.9		

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Industry

59 - Ornamental and architectural metal products industries

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	•	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		587				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.8	1.4	-1.7	-0.2	2.1	2.1
Pretax profit margin	5.8	1.7	-1.6	0.0	2.5	2.6
Operating profit margin	7.5	2.6	-3.0	-1.9	3.6	2.4
Gross profit margin	34.4	24.3	17.7	28.7	23.2	21.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	373.2	277.4	163.4	272.4	291.7	300.2
Return on net operating assets	13.5	2.3	-6.8	-6.0	11.3	11.3
Pretax profit to assets	11.7	3.3	-3.2	-0.1	5.5	5.5
Return on capital employed	15.6	9.1	-0.1	2.3	9.5	9.1
Return on equity (2)	22.7	9.0	-2.5	3.1	12.0	13.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.56	7.01	5.06	7.16	6.71	4.97
Inventory turnover	13.28	8.53	5.20	7.24	9.19	5.97
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.05	2.44	1.24	2.45	2.03	1.41
Debt to equity	0.05	0.23	0.41	***	0.20	1.12
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.66	0.94	0.68	0.65	0.72
Interest coverage	7.35	2.57	-2.69	***	5.89	2.38
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	59	- Ornamental and architectural metal products industries
SICE Grouping	303	
		Small firms with reve

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.9	7.5		
Accounts receivable	29.1	35.2		
Inventory	25.7	25.9		
Capital assets	23.5	21.5		
Other assets	4.1	2.0		
Total operating assets	92.3	92.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.2	4.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.5	3.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	22.7	22.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	10.5	18.1		
Short term paper	0.1	0.3		
Mortgages	4.1	3.8		
Bonds	0.8	3.7		
Other loans	4.9	3.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.3	16.7		
Other liabilities	1.5	3.3		
Deferred income tax	0.4	2.6		
Total liabilities	67.5	74.2		
Shareholders' equity	974 F			
Share capital	10.3	5.0		
Retained earnings	21.4	20.2		
Other surplus	0.8	0.6		
Total shareholders' equity	32.5	25.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	67.6	72.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.7	50.9		

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Industry

60 - Stamped, pressed and coated metal products industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		719				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.0	3.4	-0.2	1.8	4.0	2.6
Pretax profit margin	9.8	4.2	0.1	1.9	5.1	3.3
Operating profit margin	7.6	2.5	-0.6	0.1	4.1	5.8
Gross profit margin	44.7	32.2	22.3	38.7	29.7	19.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	403.4	263.2	191.7	306.1	250.2	296.8
Return on net operating assets	19.6	7.4	-0.7	1.2	9.7	16.9
Pretax profit to assets	19.0	7.9	0.2	3.7	9.6	7.4
Return on capital employed	18.0	8.6	1.1	***	8.8	14.0
Return on equity (2)	34.8	14.1	2.4	10.1	16.1	14.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	7.72	5.74	4.94	5.45	5.79	7.21
Inventory turnover	16.14	10.60	5.47	***	6.80	10.85
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.65	1.46	1.29	1.31	1.97	1.37
Debt to equity	0.19	0.69	1.15		0.36	0.73
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.60	0.84	0.66	0.58	0.64
Interest coverage	11.65	1.72	0.61	•••	2.83	4.97
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2))		1	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	60	- Stamped, pressed and coated metal products industries
SICE Grouping	304	
		Small firms with reve

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.4	5.2		
Accounts receivable	27.8	24.3		
Inventory	19.3	20.2		
Capital assets	31.6	29.6		
Other assets	2.9	5.7		
Total operating assets	88.0	84.9		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.1	6.6		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.9	8.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	20.5	20.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.3	14.7		
Short term paper	0.4	0.2		
Mortgages	3.0	0.4		
Bonds	4.6	2.4		
Other loans	3.5	4.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	11.8	17.2		
Other liabilities	4.0	2.0		
Deferred income tax	0.9	2.5		
Total liabilities	62.0	64.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	5.0	5.4		
Retained earnings	31.1	29.2		
Other surplus	1.9	1.1		
Total shareholders' equity	38.0	35.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	60.0	58.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	35.9	44.9		

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Industry

61 - Wire and wire products industries

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
V-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		183				*
Financial ratios					4J ;	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.9	3.9	0.4	4.7	3.7	2.4
Pretax profit margin	10.0	5.0	0.8	5.5	4.4	3.2
Operating profit margin	8.0	4.6	1.5	•••	4.6	2.5
Gross profit margin	40.1	30.2	22.0	41.8	28.8	22.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	315.4	209.0	162.6	••••	209.0	261.6
Return on net operating assets	23.4	9.3	4.6	***	11.2	9.7
Pretax profit to assets	16.9	8.2	1.1	6.2	9.0	6.4
Return on capital employed	17.6	8.5	3.7	***	11.5	7.7
Return on equity (2)	35.5	17.5	3.8	17.5	17.5	15.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.44	7.61	5.72		7.16	5.11
Inventory turnover	8.38	5.39	2.50		5.39	4.86
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.83	1.89	1.36	***	2.33	1.66
Debt to equity	0.51	1.72	2.94	m	1.72	0.49
Liabilities to assets	0.38	0.61	0.85	0.62	0.61	0.63
Interest coverage	4.31	2.68	2.65		2.65	6.42
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			81	19		
Pretax profit			81	19		
Net profit			81	19		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

61 - Wire and wire products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.3	3.9		
Accounts receivable	23.0	32.7		
Inventory	20.3	31.4		
Capital assets	32.3	21.8		
Other assets	3.8	2.9		
Total operating assets	83.7	92.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.8	4.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.5	2.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.7	25.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.8	9.4		
Short term paper	0.2	0.0		
Mortgages	2.5	0.0		
Bonds	2.1	0.0		
Other loans	6.5	3.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.4	12.6		
Other liabilities	5.7	0.5		
Deferred income tax	1.5	1.7		
Total liabilities	71.5	53.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.6	8.0		
Retained earnings	23.3	37.0		
Other surplus	2.6	1.8		
Total shareholders' equity	28.5	46.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	61.6	69.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	35.0	41.4		

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Industry

62 - Hardware, tool and cutlery industries

SICE Grouping

306

•	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	***************************************	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		- 11
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		906				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.7	5.0	0.4	3.2	5.4	2.9
Pretax profit margin	13.4	5.9	0.6	4.0	7.0	3.4
Operating profit margin	18.3	9.4	3.8	10.2	8.6	4.4
Gross profit margin	48.0	34.5	24.5	45.9	31.6	24.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	260.9	153.9	113.1	146.7	187.8	194.1
Return on net operating assets	30.2	16.5	5.9	16.5	15.2	11.7
Pretax profit to assets	19.8	9.5	1.0	5.0	11.2	5.8
Return on capital employed	27.8	13.5	5.8	13.9	11.7	11.2
Return on equity (2)	34.3	19.3	5.6	11.8	21.2	15.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.84	6.07	3.47	5.64	6.07	6.37
Inventory turnover	13.11	8.82	4.07		9.18	3.98
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.74	2.23	1.21	5.00	1.60	1.64
Debt to equity	0.06	0.37	1.67	***	0.67	1.04
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.61	0.85	0.67	0.60	0.69
interest coverage	15.43	4.07	1.46	2.55	4.89	3.47
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			86	14		
Pretax profit			80	20		
Net profit			80	20		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

62 - Hardware, tool and cutlery industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.1	4.1
Accounts receivable	22.8	27.9
Inventory	12.2	27.6
Capital assets	43.8	31.7
Other assets	3.0	3.3
Total operating assets	89.8	94.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.6	4.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.6	1.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.8	30.7
Borrowing:		
Banks	11.8	19.6
Short term paper	0.1	0.3
Mortgages	3.7	1.6
Bonds	0.6	2.9
Other loans	5.2	7.2
Amount owing to affiliates	16.6	16.3
Other liabilities	6.1	5.2
Deferred income tax	1.7	3.6
Total liabilities	64.6	87.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.0	3.4
Retained earnings	31.4	9.0
Other surplus	0.9	0.1
Total shareholders' equity	35.4	12.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	50.1	64.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.1	61.4

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Industry

63 - Heating equipment industry

SICE Grow

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		105				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.1	1.8	-1.6	0.6	2.1	2.7
Pretax profit margin	10.7	2.6	-1.6	1.3	3.1	2.9
Operating profit margin	***	4.7	***	1220	3.5	4.7
Gross profit margin	39.3	29.9	20.0	29.5	30.0	25.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets		291.0	0.29		259.8	225.8
Return on net operating assets	***	12.1		***	16.6	7.3
Pretax profit to assets	19.4	4.7	-2.5	1.4	5.7	5.7
Return on capital employed		13.4	•••		16.6	8.0
Return on equity (2)	36.6	16.3	-1.0	2.5	22.1	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		7.44	200	***	7.13	5.88
Inventory turnover		4.95	***	····c	8.35	3.58
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.30		•••	1.39	1.46
Debt to equity	***	0.45	•••		0.57	0.44
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.72	0.93	0.80	0.60	0.58
Interest coverage	(900)	2.08	9.00		2.67	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry

63 - Heating equipment industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	12.1	12.5
Accounts receivable	27.2	26.0
Inventory	17.9	34.6
Capital assets	28.0	21.4
Other assets	7.3	3.4
Total operating assets	92.6	97.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.9	2.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.5	0.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	25.1	21.4
Borrowing:		
Banks 1	6.5	25.0
Short term paper	0.0	0.0
Mortgages	2.7	1.0
Bonds	*	0.4
Other loans	1.3	5.0
Amount owing to affiliates	18.2	3.9
Other liabilities	3.0	1.7
Deferred income tax	1.3	1.6
Total liabilities	58.2	60.1
Shareholders' equity	19440-102	· ************************************
Share capital	22.0	8.8
Retained earnings	19.8	31.1
Other surplus	0.0	0.1
Total shareholders' equity	41.8	39.9
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	58.7	76.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	32.6	48.0

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Industry

64 - Machine shop industry

SICE Grouping

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Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Silia	to \$25 million				
-	3	Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	***********	1,945	11.53			
Financial ratios					***************************************	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.5	4.2	0.3	3.0	5.2	3.1
Pretax profit margin	11.7	5.1	0.4	3.6	6.4	3.5
Operating profit margin	10.8	6.7	1.4	3.0	7.3	4.9
Gross profit margin	52.2	36.5	25.0	44.5	31.6	26.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	358.5	249.3	183.8	252.6	240.9	235.7
Return on net operating assets	25.1	15.4	4.5	13.6	16.0	17.2
Pretax profit to assets	19.5	8.6	0.7	6.1	11.5	7.1
Return on capital employed	21.5	13.4	6.1	12.8	14.3	13.4
Return on equity (2)	37.3	19.3	5.6	15.4	21.7	19.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.90	6.53	5.24	6.59	6.42	6.71
Inventory turnover	15.68	11.38	5.94	11.62	10.14	6.62
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.56	1.62	1.20	1.41	1.75	1.37
Debt to equity	0.23	0.67	1.61	0.55	0.70	0.96
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.64	0.88	0.68	0.61	0.70
Interest coverage	8.10	2.72	1.39	2.42	3.10	5.15
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			86	14		
Pretax profit			82	18		
Net profit			82	18		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			•	9		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

64 - Machine shop industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.9	7.3
Accounts receivable	25.6	30.4
Inventory	14.5	20.5
Capital assets	40.4	33.6
Other assets	2.8	1.4
Total operating assets	92.1	93.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.1	3.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.8	3.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.1	28.6
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.8	16.4
Short term paper	0.1	0.1
Mortgages	6.0	4.0
Bonds	1.7	1.5
Other loans	9.3	9.3
Amount owing to affiliates	13.2	7.2
Other liabilities	2.2	2.4
Deferred income tax	1.3	2.0
Total liabilities	68.6	71.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	6.0	1.9
Retained earnings	23.7	26.6
Other surplus	1.6	0.1
Total shareholders' equity	31.4	28.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	52.6	62.4
Current liabilities - % of total assets	32.3	44.4

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

65 - Other metal fabricating industries

SICE Grouping

Sm	all firms with	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
	Quartile Boun	dary (1)	Me	dian	
Better	Average	Worse	Firms	Firms	N. 11
Q3	Q2	Q1	under	\$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
75%	50%	25%	\$500,000	\$5 million	
	669			9	

	75%	50%	25%	\$500,000	\$5 million	
Number of firms in the group		669			1 2 11	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.9	3.4	-0.2	1.6	3.9	2.5
Pretax profit margin	9.8	4.3	0.2	2.1	4.7	3.5
Operating profit margin	7.5	4.1	-1.7	-1.5	6.2	4.6
Gross profit margin	41.6	30.0	21.5	39.0	27.7	23.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	346.3	191.4	111.1	213.2	183.8	287.1
Return on net operating assets	16.0	8.1	-3.3	2.6	11.5	16.9
Pretax profit to assets	17.0	7.8	0.3	3.7	9.6	7.1
Return on capital employed	14.7	8.5	0.3	7.6	9.4	15.5
Return on equity (2)	34.7	15.8	3.9	8.6	18.5	16.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.46	6.22	4.61	5.71	6.28	7.13
Inventory turnover	15.84	7.58	4.69	7.14	9.10	8.74
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.24	1.29	1.06	1.14	1.30	1.16
Debt to equity	0.17	0.47	1.51	1.30	0.33	1.39
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.63	0.86	0.67	0.61	0.66
Interest coverage	4.49	1.53	-0.12	1.40	1.53	2.83

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	
Operating profit	72	28	
Pretax profit	67	33	
Net profit	67	33	
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	I	2	

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

65 - Other metal fabricating industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.6	3.5		
Accounts receivable	24.3	24.4		
Inventory	13.9	19.8		
Capital assets	39.3	33.3		
Other assets	3.6	3.9		
Total operating assets	89.7	84.9		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.2	6.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.1	8.8		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	18.5	19.1		
Borrowing:				
Banks	15.8	19.0		
Short term paper	0.1	0.3		
Mortgages	4.7	2.0		
Bonds	2.3	4.3		
Other loans	7.2	9.3		
Amount owing to affiliates	8.2	9.9		
Other liabilities	3.7	3.5		
Deferred income tax	1.0	1.8		
Total liabilities	61.5	69.1		
Shareholders' equity	222	2.2		
Share capital	3.1	4.4		
Retained earnings	35.2	22.2		
Other surplus	0.2	4.4		
Total shareholders' equity	38.5	30.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	50.4	51.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.2	42.6		

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Industry

66 - Agricultural implement industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million				Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
	Quartile		ındary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		185				
Financial ratios			270		1	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.5	2.4	-1.0	1.6	3.3	2.5
Pretax profit margin	9.3	3.0	-0.8	1.7	4.3	3.0
Operating profit margin	8.8	4.3	-0.6		7.2	3.9
Gross profit margin	39.9	30.1	19.6	33.8	28.3	23.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	28.8			211.6	212.0
Return on net operating assets	3.4	-4.2	-14.5	•••	9.0	11.4
Pretax profit to assets	13.8	4.4	-1.7	2.3	6.6	7.2
Return on capital employed	14.8	6.8	1.0	***	12.6	10.4
Return on equity (2)	28.8	11.4	0.7	5.5	13.7	15.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	8.22	***	***	8.06	5.67
Inventory turnover	***	4.82			4.70	3.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.20	225		1.71	1.52
Debt to equity		0.40			0.40	0.42
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.65	0.88	0.62	0.65	0.61
Interest coverage		0.51	***	1	0.63	5.06
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	·	
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2))		2	.3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

C-mall	and	Medium	Firms
Small	anu	MEGHANI	T. HI TITE

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	3.3	4.0		
Accounts receivable	13.4	19.5		
Inventory	24.0	41.9		
Capital assets	43.9	19.9		
Other assets	2.3	6.9		
Total operating assets	86.8	92.3		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.5	6.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.7	1.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	9.9	24.7		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.0	21.1		
Short term paper	0.1	0.0		
Mortgages	1.1	1.2		
Bonds	1.7	1.0		
Other loans	8.8	7.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	29.0	5.4		
Other liabilities	1.0	4.0		
	4.1	1.3		
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	68.7	66.2		
Shareholders' equity	160	4.2		
Share capital	15.8	4.2		
Retained earnings	13.2 2.2	28.6		
Other surplus		1.0		
Total shareholders' equity	31.3	33.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	43.8	67.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	23.5	46.8		

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Industry

67 - Other machinery and equipment industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million				Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
	Quartile Boundary (1)		undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,129				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.5	3.3	-0.4	1.9	3.6	2.7
Pretax profit margin	9.1	4.0	-0.3	2.3	4.5	3.3
Operating profit margin	10.9	5.6	1.4	1.3	5.6	5.6
Gross profit margin	44.3	30.4	22.0	39.6	28.3	24.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	439.5	280.3	175.0	262.6	289.1	272.5
Return on net operating assets	21.0	7.2	1.4	2.8	12.6	19.0
Pretax profit to assets	16.9	7.6	-0.6	3.3	9.1	6.8
Return on capital employed	20.1	11.0	3.2	3.2	10.8	12.2
Return on equity (2)	34.5	16.3	3.4	10.5	17.6	16.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.99	7.38	5.08	7.44	6.77	6.97
Inventory turnover	11.66	5.96	3.48	7.51	5.27	3.88
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.38	1.51	1.17	1.23	1.65	1.59
Debt to equity	0.18	0.67	1.60	0.36	0.67	0.98
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.65	0.88	0.71	0.62	0.69
Interest coverage	5.22	3.01	0.61	0.80	3.51	4.23
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			82	18		
Pretax profit			79	21		
Net profit			76	24		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and	Medium	Firms
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Industry

67 - Other machinery and equipment industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.2	6.2		
Accounts receivable	24.7	31.6		
Inventory	21.1	33.4		
Capital assets	23.0	17.3		
Other assets	3.8	4.1		
Total operating assets	81.8	92.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.8	4.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.5	2.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.2	26.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	10.0	8.8		
Short term paper	0.2	0.3		
Mortgages	2.3	1.7		
Bonds	2.5	3.9		
Other loans	4.1	4.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	13.4	9.6		
Other liabilities	6.3	5.9		
	0.4	0.8		
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	58.5	62.0		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	11.9	9.7		
Retained earnings	28.8	26.7		
Other surplus	0.8	1.6		
Total shareholders' equity	41.5	38.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	60.7	75.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.1	47.4		

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Industry

68 - Aircraft and aircraft parts industry

SICE Grouping

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

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	Sm	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Better	Quartile Bo	0.00		dian	
	Q3 75%	Q2 50%	Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		136				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.6	3.0	-0.6	2.8	3.5	1.6
Pretax profit margin	9.4	4.0	-0.4	2.7	4.5	2.1
Operating profit margin	11.6	4.1	-1.5		2.9	***
Gross profit margin	45.6	33.2	22.8	41.3	27.7	20.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	266.9	78.5	52.2	52.2	141.1	***
Return on net operating assets	24.1	11.3	-8.1		9.0	
Pretax profit to assets	16.1	4.7	-0.9	4.2	6.3	2.8
Return on capital employed	21.0	11.1	-0.8		7.1	
Return on equity (2)	31.4	14.0	1.0	11.6	16.2	14.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	6.47	6.15	4.71		5.61	•••
Inventory turnover	***	1.91	2.00	•••	3.95	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	6.47	2.07	1.31		1.58	•••
Debt to equity	0.06	0.40	1.29	0.09	2.84	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.53	0.76	0.93	0.72	0.76	0.69
Interest coverage		1.82			1.82	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			65	35		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms

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Industry

68 - Aircraft and aircraft parts industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.7	-		
Accounts receivable	18.9	·		
Inventory	16.4	*		
Capital assets	16.8	•		
Other assets	5.4	-		
Total operating assets	68.2	u š		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	30.2	0.00		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.6	*		
Total assets	100.0	•		
Liabilities		(#)		
Accounts payable	7.9			
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.4	÷		
Short term paper	0.3	×		
Mortgages	0.6	2		
Bonds	3.5	¥		
Other loans	9.5	<u>=</u>		
Amount owing to affiliates	45.8	9.7		
Other liabilities	1.5			
Deferred income tax	1.6	*		
Total liabilities	84.1	•		
Shareholders' equity	**************************************			
Share capital	9.3	2		
Retained earnings	6.5	2		
Other surplus	0.1	•		
Total shareholders' equity	15.9	•		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	·		
Current assets - % of total assets	50.7			
Current liabilities - % of total assets	19.6	150		

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Industry

69 - Truck and bus body and trailer industries

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	Quartile Boundary (1)		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		188				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.1	1.9	-1.3	0.3	2.6	2.0
Pretax profit margin	5.9	2.3	-1.3	0.4	3.1	2.8
Operating profit margin	23.1	5.6	-0.8	12.4	4.2	2.5
Gross profit margin	35.1	23.9	15.3	31.7	21.4	16.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	338.3	217.3	99.1		298.8	372.2
Return on net operating assets	22.8	12.6	-0.2	***	8.5	12.7
Pretax profit to assets	14.2	4.0	-2.2	0.6	5.6	6.7
Return on capital employed	19.2	9.4	1.4	19.2	9.2	10.5
Return on equity (2)	25.4	11.8	0.8	4.8	13.2	20.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.57	12.73	6.14		9.74	7.67
Inventory turnover	11.45	5.70	3.67	11.00	5.12	6.69
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.53	1.49	1.31	***	1.42	1.59
Debt to equity	0.09	0.69	2.46		0.69	0.54
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.66	0.91	0.71	0.64	0.68
Interest coverage	10.98	2.68	0.03		3.72	4.70
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

- Truck and bus body and trailer industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	22.7	3.3		
Accounts receivable	11.4	35.3		
Inventory	13.9	35.2		
Capital assets	18.9	19.0		
Other assets	13.8	3.6		
Total operating assets	80.7	96.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	17.2	1.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.1	2.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.1	25.6		
Borrowing:	505.000			
Banks	7.4	9.8		
Short term paper	0.0	0.2		
Mortgages	2.7	2.5		
Bonds	3.3	1.7		
Other loans	1.3	2.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	11.2	8.3		
Other liabilities	10.3	6.1		
	0.7	0.7		
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	53.1	57.7		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	39.3	6.9		
Retained earnings	7.6	34.4		
Other surplus	0.0	1.0		
Total shareholders' equity	46.9	42.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	57.7	75.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.0	44.5		

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Industry

70 - Motor vehicle parts and accessories industries

SICE Grouping

1980	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million				Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
	in the section	Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		242				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.9	2.7	-0.7	1.8	3.6	3.0
Pretax profit margin	8.7	3.6	-0.6	2.1	4.4	3.5
Operating profit margin	8.9	4.0	0.8	1.0	4.0	4.1
Gross profit margin	43.2	28.7	20.1	32.9	27.0	21.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	391.4	268.6	107.3	132.2	272.4	260.7
Return on net operating assets	9.0	7.4	-2.3	-4.4	8.0	10.3
Pretax profit to assets	15.0	5.8	-1.0	3.3	7.1	7.8
Return on capital employed	10.6	6.1	0.5	0.6	6.7	8.4
Return on equity (2)	27.6	9.4	0.1	5.5	14.2	16.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.28	8.00	5.22	6.89	9.29	6.26
Inventory turnover	9.56	5.57	3.21		5.57	6.72
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.28	2.00	1.46	3.16	1.64	1.32
Debt to equity	0.05	0.39	2.48		0.39	1.31
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.62	0.87	0.56	0.65	0.64
Interest coverage	9.50	7.04	1.11	7.10	3.64	2.07
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			72	28		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

70 - Motor vehicle parts and accessories industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	11.5	4.4		
Accounts receivable	17.9	25.4		
Inventory	25.4	21.2		
Capital assets	24.0	29.5		
Other assets	3.8	7.3		
Total operating assets	82.7	87.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.5	10.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.8	2.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	15.6	20.5		
Borrowing:				
Banks	10.3	13.2		
Short term paper	0.1	0.4		
Mortgages	8.8	0.7		
Bonds	1.3	4.5		
Other loans	4.0	5.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	35.3	11.2		
Other liabilities	1.7	7.2		
Deferred income tax	0.5	1.4		
Total liabilities	77.6	64.5		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	43.4	16.0		
Retained earnings	-22.1	18.4		
Other surplus	1.1	1.0		
Total shareholders' equity	22.4	35.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	58.8	60.5		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	26.9	39.4		

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Industry

71 - Boatbuilding and repair industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		282				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.9	1.4	-3.5	-0.2	2.2	3.3
Pretax profit margin	5.8	1.5	-3.5	0.0	2.7	6.2
Operating profit margin	5.7	3.8	-2.7	2.9	4.0	8242
Gross profit margin	42.7	29.2	18.8	34.5	23.8	15.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	239.4	202.1	150.7	202.1	198.5	
Return on net operating assets	13.3	7.5	2.9	8.2	6.3	····
Pretax profit to assets	10.8	3.4	-4.4	0.1	6.0	12.9
Return on capital employed	11.9	6.5	3.4	6.7	6.5	•••
Return on equity (2)	28.5	11.7	-2.2	3.8	16.6	18.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.01	7.68	5.26	***	7.68	***
Inventory turnover	10.50	3.84	2.81	3.15	7.47	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.54	1.75	1.09	2.90	1.32	***
Debt to equity		0.51		***	0.51	
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.74	0.99	0.79	0.70	0.74
Interest coverage	***	1.74	()	***	3.10	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			84	16		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

71 - Boatbuilding and repair industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.2	-
Accounts receivable	13.4	
Inventory	21.3	
Capital assets	40.8	©
Other assets	3.8	-
Total operating assets	86.5	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.8	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.7	
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	15.1	=
Borrowing:		
Banks	20.3	ā
Short term paper	0.2	-
Mortgages	0.8	-
Bonds	1.9	
Other loans	7.1	-
Amount owing to affiliates	13.3	
Other liabilities	3.2	
Deferred income tax	0.8	•
Total liabilities	62.7	•
Shareholders' equity	COLUMN TO SERVICE SERV	
Share capital	1.9	•
Retained earnings	33.8	72/1
Other surplus	1.7	•
Total shareholders' equity	37.3	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	·
Current assets - % of total assets	46.8	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	32.3	30

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Industry

72 - Electric lighting industries

SICE Grouping 333

Medium firms with

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
8	Better Q3 75%	Quartile Bo Average Q2 50%		Med Firms under \$500,000	dian Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	to Median
Number of firms in the group	2412	126				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.7	1.3	-2.3	1.1	1.6	1.0
Pretax profit margin	8.3	1.5	-2.2	1.4	1.8	1.4
Operating profit margin	6.2	1.9	-2.5		1.4	2.4
Gross profit margin	44.8	31.3	22.9	33.2	29.0	17.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets		240.3	***		88.4	338.4
Return on net operating assets	2.1	-3.6	-27.6		1.9	7.2
Pretax profit to assets	12.8	2.9	-3.4	2.6	3.8	3.3
Return on capital employed	2.1	1.1	-43.1		2.4	5.6
Return on equity (2)	29.7	14.5	-0.4	10.0	15.5	6.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.55	7.03	5.05		5.47	5.49
Inventory turnover		2.83	•••	272	1.99	4.68
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.24			1.99	1.61
Debt to equity		0.24			1***	1.00
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.71	0.95	0.71	0.71	0.66
Interest coverage	***	2.98	3 55000	***	0.12	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

72 - Electric lighting industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	4.1	0.8
Accounts receivable	8.2	29.7
Inventory	13.6	32.3
Capital assets	8.7	16.9
Other assets	2.7	8.9
Total operating assets	37.3	88.5
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.1	9.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	47.6	2.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	7.1	35.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	13.9	16.5
Short term paper	1.2	-
Mortgages	2.8	3.4
Bonds	13.8	*
Other loans	6.6	0.5
Amount owing to affiliates	15.4	11.7
Other liabilities	1.0	0.7
Deferred income tax	0.1	-0.1
Total liabilities	61.8	67.7
Shareholders' equity	12 O.	Officers and
Share capital	28.3	10.3
Retained earnings	9.8	19.4
Other surplus	0.0	2.6
Total shareholders' equity	38.2	32.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	47.1	65.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.9	50.6

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Industry

73 - Communication and other electronic equipment industries

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	Quartile Boundary (1)		dian	22
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		386				
Financial ratios		-				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.7	3.2	-2.0	2.0	4.4	4.0
Pretax profit margin	11.5	4.2	-1.7	2.5	5.4	4.8
Operating profit margin	10.7	6.9	-2.6	1.4	7.5	7.5
Gross profit margin	52.2	35.4	24.3	45.6	31.7	29.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	449.1	275.1	179.5	258.7	336.4	230.6
Return on net operating assets	34.9	16.4	-6.3	3.2	16.4	12.8
Pretax profit to assets	18.5	7.5	-3.5	3.8	10.0	8.7
Return on capital employed	22.4	11.3	1.2	9.3	13.4	12.9
Return on equity (2)	35.5	16.2	1.9	10.0	18.4	26.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.81	6.13	4.24	6.15	5.51	6.94
Inventory turnover	10.01	6.82	5.17		8.44	3.83
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.17	1.83	1.46	1.60	1.89	1.49
Debt to equity	0.11	0.42	1.24	0.55	0.42	0.87
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.62	0.89	0.67	0.59	0.65
Interest coverage	15.64	6.26	-0.56	30000	6.26	3.26
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			63	37		
Net profit			66	34		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			13	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Industry

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

73 - Communication and other electronic equipment industries

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.1	9.7
Accounts receivable	25.3	24.1
Inventory	13.8	25.1
Capital assets	22.7	17.9
Other assets	8.5	8.0
Total operating assets	79.3	84.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.2	12.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.5	2.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	20.2	20.1
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.8	22.5
Short term paper	0.0	0.1
Mortgages	0.5	1.6
Bonds	0.3	4.8
Other loans	4.3	10.8
Amount owing to affiliates	30.3	2.9
Other liabilities	3.2	3.7
Deferred income tax	0.4	1.4
Total liabilities	70.1	67.9
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	27.3	26.9
Retained earnings	2.0	4.8
Other surplus	0.6	0.4
Total shareholders' equity	29.9	32.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	63.8	64.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.6	42.4

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Industry

74 - Office, store and business machine industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		118				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.4	2.1	-2.3	0.4	3.5	2.4
Pretax profit margin	10.2	2.8	-2.1	0.4	3.9	2.7
Operating profit margin	7.6	3.6	0.4	***	2.7	1.2
Gross profit margin	56.4	40.7	27.9	51.7	34.7	25.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	404.7	397.3	214.4		267.6	206.6
Return on net operating assets	11.6	6.6	-15.7		6.6	12.5
Pretax profit to assets	17.7	6.1	-4.9	0.9	8.4	6.0
Return on capital employed	19.6	6.2	1.5	•••	3.9	3.0
Return on equity (2)	32.7	16.2	1.2	16.3	16.2	19.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	7.30	6.02	5.10		6.02	3.15
Inventory turnover	13.74	8.25	7.03		7.46	8.59
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.95	2.50	1.19		2.61	1.31
Debt to equity		0.76	***	***	0.45	0.10
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.61	0.95	0.78	0.53	0.67
Interest coverage	•••	2.21	***	***	2.03	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			70	30		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)				5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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74 - Office, store and business machine industries Industry SICE Grouping 336

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.3	5.8
Accounts receivable	32.4	43.4
inventory	18.2	21.9
Capital assets	19.2	9.2
Other assets	9.1	3.0
Total operating assets	89.2	83.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.3	14.4
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.5	2.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	15.7	39.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	5.7	10.2
Short term paper	0.1	2
Mortgages	3.5	2.5
Bonds	1.3	<u> </u>
Other loans	2.4	7.3
Amount owing to affiliates	15.0	4.4
Other liabilities	5.3	8.7
Deferred income tax	-0.1	0.3
Total liabilities	48.9	72.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	46.6	10.3
Retained earnings	-0.1	17.3
Other surplus	4.6	-
Total shareholders' equity	51.1	27.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	65.7	74.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.1	49.5

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Industry

75 - Electrical industrial equipment industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
_	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		143				
Financial ratios						***
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.4	3.5	0.5	4.0	3.0	1.4
Pretax profit margin	9.9	4.4	0.6	4.4	4.4	2.4
Operating profit margin	5.4	4.5	1.1		2.9	2.0
Gross profit margin	41.1	30.8	19.9	35.0	28.4	26.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	283.6	271.2	246.5		257.0	296.0
Return on net operating assets	***	11.0			4.2	13.3
Pretax profit to assets	16.3	8.0	1.2	10.7	7.0	5.3
Return on capital employed	15.7	9.6	3.0	***	3.8	5.1
Return on equity (2)	30.6	16.4	4.3	12.4	18.2	10.4
Efficiency (ratios)						:::
Receivable turnover		6.68		***	6.39	6.40
Inventory turnover		4.87	2000	0.000	5.62	7.02
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.67	2.07	1.80	•••	1.93	1.40
Debt to equity		2.49		***	1.44	0.93
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.63	0.84	0.53	0.64	0.67
Interest coverage	***	-0.47			4.12	1.67
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			83	17		
Net profit			83	17		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Industry

75 - Electrical industrial equipment industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.3	10.4
Accounts receivable	33.4	24.9
Inventory	18.4	16.1
Capital assets	19.7	15.8
Other assets	2.6	26.3
Total operating assets	83.4	93.5
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.4	2.3
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	10.2	4.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	24.3	19.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	5.7	6.4
Short term paper	*	0.0
Mortgages	1.3	0.1
Bonds	-	0.8
Other loans	1.4	2.9
Amount owing to affiliates	21.7	17.2
Other liabilities	2.2	2.4
Deferred income tax	-0.5	1.6
Total liabilities	56.3	50.9
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	14.5	37.1
Retained earnings	29.0	8.9
Other surplus	0.2	3.1
Total shareholders' equity	43.7	49.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	67.1	57.3
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.2	34.2

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Industry

76 - Other electrical products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		103				
Financial ratios					7	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.7	3.7	-1.4	0.6	3.8	2.3
Pretax profit margin	10.3	4.4	-1.3	1.9	4.5	3.0
Operating profit margin		5.0	•••		4.4	5.4
Gross profit margin	46.0	34.3	25.6	36.0	31.4	23.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets		240.9	•••	•••	262.5	222.1
Return on net operating assets	2555	10.3			19.0	15.5
Pretax profit to assets	20.1	8.5	-1.5	1.8	9.1	5.7
Return on capital employed	13.6	7.9	6.3	***	9.7	14.3
Return on equity (2)	33.4	16.8	4.0	7.5	19.7	13.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.48	6.74	4.87	•••	6.74	6.78
Inventory turnover	***	6.00	***	•••	6.00	4.81
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.75	2.36	1.66	***	2.23	1.40
Debt to equity	***	0.56	***		0.57	****
Liabilities to assets	0.27	0.56	0.76	0.41	0.59	0.68
Interest coverage		12.22	•••	****	4.26	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

76 - Other electrical products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	13.6	6.1		
Accounts receivable	30.8	37.2		
Inventory	18.8	27.9		
Capital assets	18.6	20.8		
Other assets	4.8	5.6		
Total operating assets	86.5	97.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.0	1.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.4	1.3		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	21.1	28.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.5	9.2		
Short term paper	0.2	0.1		
Mortgages	0.4	0.1		
Bonds	3.9	0.8		
Other loans	5.9	0.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	10.8	11.9		
Other liabilities	3.9	9.9		
Deferred income tax	0.6	0.5		
Total liabilities	60.4	61.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	7.0	34.0		
Retained earnings	32.6	4.3		
Other surplus	8 <u>0</u>	0.5		
Total shareholders' equity	39.6	38.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	67.3	72.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.6	49.6		

Small and Medium Firms	Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business
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Industry

77 - Clay products industries

SICE Grouping

	Smal	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	Median
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Number of firms in the group		91		y 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.2	1.6	-4.9	1.5	1.8	3.1
Pretax profit margin	8.3	1.6	-5.7	1.0	1.8	4.4
Operating profit margin		4.2		***	***	-1.4
Gross profit margin	61.6	42.1	29.5	48.1	35.1	22.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	441.5		***	****	120.2
Return on net operating assets	***	0.9				3.9
Pretax profit to assets	13.3	2.8	-6.9	3.4	2.0	7.4
Return on capital employed		4.5		***	***	6.5
Return on equity (2)	33.7	5.4	-9.9	7.0	4.5	11.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	6.75		•••	***	6.28
Inventory turnover	***	3.59	•••	***	***	2.25
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	and the second	1.19		***	***	1.90
Debt to equity	•••		***	•••	***	0.26
Liabilities to assets	0.49	0.74	1.05	0.79	0.71	0.46
Interest coverage		•••	***			-4.49
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)		3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

77 - Clay products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	1.8	3.2
Accounts receivable	17.5	10.7
Inventory	33.8	15.6
Capital assets	38.4	40.8
Other assets	3.4	3.8
Total operating assets	94.9	74.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.0	17.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.0	8.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	15.3	11.2
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.5	26.1
Short term paper	2	0.0
Mortgages	16.9	3.8
Bonds	-	0.3
Other loans	8.4	5.0
Amount owing to affiliates	30.0	4.4
Other liabilities	4.9	5.1
Deferred income tax	0.3	2.7
Total liabilities	93.3	58.5
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	11.4	19.6
Retained earnings	-4.7	21.9
Other surplus		0.0
Total shareholders' equity	6.7	41.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	57.0	33.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.9	22.5

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Industry

- Concrete products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		256				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.7	1.5	-2.9	0.8	2.0	2.5
Pretax profit margin	7.1	2.1	-2.6	1.3	2.6	3.0
Operating profit margin	6.7	1.8	-13.0	***	5.5	5.8
Gross profit margin	46.8	31.7	21.7	42.1	28.1	26.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	191.7	122.4	71.8		85.4	368.9
Return on net operating assets	9.7	1.5	-17.2	•••	8.6	15.4
Pretax profit to assets	9.1	3.0	-3.7	1.5	3.8	5.0
Return on capital employed	7.2	2.7	-13.3		5.6	11.8
Return on equity (2)	18.6	6.6	-0.6	8.4	6.0	5.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.02	5.73	3.72	***	5.73	10.00
Inventory turnover	6.71	3.99	2.57	****	3.99	6.13
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.69	1.47	0.97	٠	1.91	1.30
Debt to equity	0.07	0.71	4.37		0.33	0.85
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.62	0.89	0.71	0.56	0.71
Interest coverage	3.66	0.38	-8.18	***	2.31	4.58
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			78	22		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

78 - Concrete products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.2	4.9
Accounts receivable	10.6	21.1
Inventory	16.3	18.6
Capital assets	42.7	38.6
Other assets	2.4	2.6
Total operating assets	78.1	85.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	19.8	10.4
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.1	3.7
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	12.3	19.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	13.6	16.4
Short term paper	0.1	0.3
Mortgages	0.2	2.0
Bonds	1.4	3.7
Other loans	7.1	6.3
Amount owing to affiliates	11.0	14.6
Other liabilities	3.3	3.2
Vice The American State of the Contract of State	1.3	2.2
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	50.3	68.2
Shareholders' equity	00000	
Share capital	16.9	8.6
Retained earnings	23.9	20.8
Other surplus	9.0	2.4
Total shareholders' equity	49.7	31.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	34.3	51.1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	22.2	42.3

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Industry

79 - Ready-mix concrete industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		341				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.5	2.2	-1.7	0.7	2.6	2.3
Pretax profit margin	8.2	2.9	-1.5	1.3	3.3	3.3
Operating profit margin	12.1	3.9	1.3	4.6	3.9	2.3
Gross profit margin	52.8	32.8	18.7	44.2	29.2	18.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	243.8	222.0	118.1	229.7	181.8	217.6
Return on net operating assets	13.4	7.4	-2.0	7.4	6.7	6.5
Pretax profit to assets	11.8	4.0	-2.5	2.0	4.7	5.2
Return on capital employed	13.7	7.2	3.3	7.9	6.6	6.7
Return on equity (2)	20.3	9.3	-0.9	4.6	9.5	8.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.69	7.81	6.06	11.40	7.17	6.76
Inventory turnover	19.01	11.33	8.77	8.07	13.33	17.41
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.82	1.40	1.00	1.48	1.17	1.09
Debt to equity	0.26	0.50	0.82		0.56	0.41
Liabilities to assets	0.28	0.58	0.83	0.65	0.54	0.54
Interest coverage	5.92	2.31	1.72	2.32	2.10	3.42
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			78	22		
Net profit			80	20		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

79 - Ready-mix concrete industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.1	9.9
Accounts receivable	15.7	28.9
Inventory	7.9	10.0
Capital assets	47.3	44.4
Other assets	2.8	3.7
Total operating assets	82.8	96.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.5	2.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.7	1.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.3	17.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	19.4	12.9
Short term paper	0.4	0.3
Mortgages	2.0	1.1
Bonds	4.5	3.2
Other loans	8.5	7.8
Amount owing to affiliates	17.8	9.4
Other liabilities	2.2	1.5
Deferred income tax	1.5	3.7
Total liabilities	69.5	57.2
i Otal Habilities		
Shareholders' equity	2.0	10.6
Share capital	2.9	10.6
Retained earnings	25.2	29.6
Other surplus	2.4	2.7
Total shareholders' equity	30.5	42.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	37.0	50.1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.5	36.8

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Industry

80 - Glass and glass products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	-7d dr mileer 5 m 4 fed	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		-
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		168			7	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.0	1.7	-3.1	1.0	2.1	3.8
Pretax profit margin	7.2	2.0	-2.9	1.0	2.4	4.4
Operating profit margin		5.8	***	***	***	4.6
Gross profit margin	50.8	33.5	22.4	46.4	25.7	27.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	227.6	***		•••	264.2
Return on net operating assets	322	-6.9	300	147	***	14.6
Pretax profit to assets	14.4	3.4	-5.5	1.9	5.8	10.4
Return on capital employed		7.7	***	•••		5.9
Return on equity (2)	32.8	10.7	-3.0	6.3	15.0	22.4
Efficiency (ratios)			£.			
Receivable turnover		9.77	•••		***	7.60
Inventory turnover	***	9.77	•••	1000	•••	8.36
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.32	***		·	1.37
Debt to equity	220			***		
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.79	1.02	0.83	0.73	0.67
Interest coverage		-0.40	2000	•••		***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	80		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

80 - Glass and glass products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.0	6.1
Accounts receivable	18.5	22.7
Inventory	17.6	17.2
Capital assets	44.3	48.0
Other assets	3.0	2.0
Total operating assets	91.4	96.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.5	0.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.1	3.5
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	24.9	13.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	3.7	22.5
Short term paper	0.1	0.1
Mortgages	10.9	17.5
Bonds	0.9	2.2
Other loans	0.7	9.1
Amount owing to affiliates	19.3	9.1
Other liabilities	6.1	3.1
Deferred income tax	-0.7	1.5
Total liabilities	65.8	78.9
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.1	11.8
Retained earnings	30.9	9.3
Other surplus	0.2	-
Total shareholders' equity	34.2	21.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	47.2	48.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.6	28.1

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Industry

81 - Other non-metallic mineral products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		219				
Financial ratios	10,200					
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.0	1.1	-2.8	0.2	1.5	2.3
Pretax profit margin	5.9	1.4	-2.7	0.4	2.1	2.6
Operating profit margin	10.8	3.0	-6.5	-1.1	4.2	0.2
Gross profit margin	47.9	31.5	21.2	43.3	27.6	24.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	184.1	136.9	94.3	103.8	184.1	184.4
Return on net operating assets	14.9	5.3	-7.8	4.9	8.9	3.1
Pretax profit to assets	11.0	2.2	-5.0	0.3	2.9	5.0
Return on capital employed	14.2	5.4	-0.2	5.4	8.3	2.6
Return on equity (2)	21.6	6.6	-2.5	3.1	8.5	12.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.44	6.86	5.95	7.57	5.53	5.64
Inventory turnover	4.63	3.57	2.32	2.43	4.37	4.24
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.81	1.71	1.21	1.28	2.51	1.38
Debt to equity	0.10	0.41	1.68	***	0.32	0.21
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.64	0.91	0.72	0.61	0.69
Interest coverage	1.70	0.40	-0.83	•••	1.40	0.82
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Other surplus

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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- Other non-metallic mineral products industries Industry 359 **SICE Grouping** Medium firms with revenue Small firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million under \$5 million % Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm % **Assets** 5.7 7.6 Cash 21.9 14.3 Accounts receivable 20.2 18.2 Inventory 45.5 37.7 Capital assets 4.3 6.9 Other assets 84.7 97.7 Total operating assets 8.5 2.1 Investments and accounts with affiliates 6.9 0.3 Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates 100.0 100.0 Total assets Liabilities 12.4 10.5 Accounts payable Borrowing: 19.0 18.4 Banks 0.2 Short term paper 2.9 0.3 Mortgages 2.9 2.2 Bonds 8.7 14.5 Other loans 15.1 14.0 Amount owing to affiliates 3.7 7.2 Other liabilities 0.4 2.5 Deferred income tax 63.9 70.9 Total liabilities Shareholders' equity 13.4 56.7 Share capital 15.4 -21.2 Retained earnings 0.6 0.3

Total shareholders' equity	29.1	36.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	47.9	49.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	26.6	31.7

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Industry

82 - Refined petroleum products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		49				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.5	2.4	-5.4	1.5	2.7	3.6
Pretax profit margin	11.0	2.8	-5.4	1.5	3.4	7.3
Operating profit margin	11.0	4.3	-1.1	4.3	4.0	***
Gross profit margin	59.8	41.3	16.6	41.3	41.0	25.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	360.1	165.3	43.1	58.4	270.2	***
Return on net operating assets	17.1	8.9	-1.1	3.4	13.4	
Pretax profit to assets	17.4	4.4	-4.3	0.9	6.4	13.5
Return on capital employed	17.4	8.4	1.3	5.9	14.5	
Return on equity (2)	35.0	9.0	-0.6	1.8	16.8	16.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	6.63	4.96	3.55	4.96	3.98	
Inventory turnover	19.18	9.86	6.68		17.25	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.19	1.66	1.07	2.15	1.47	
Debt to equity	0.11	0.69	1.88	0.13	1.69	
Liabilities to assets	0.20	0.55	0.97	0.34	0.74	0.62
Interest coverage	7.17	4.13	1.06	***	2.48	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			80	20		
Net profit			80	20		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995	•	Page : 17
Industry 82 - Refined petroleum products	industries	
SICE Grouping 361		
	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.1	120
Accounts receivable	25.3	
Inventory	10.2	<u> 200</u>
Capital assets	31.4	•
Other assets	9.0	L.T.
Total operating assets	85.9	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.3	Par
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.8	Car.
Total assets	100.0	(-
Liabilities	50	
Accounts payable	16.9	-
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.2	* *
Short term paper	0.3	
Mortgages	0.6	¥
Bonds	3.2	<u> </u>

Short term paper	0.3	-
Mortgages	0.6	-
Bonds	3.2	<u>~</u>
Other loans	12.3	8
Amount owing to affiliates	9.8	19
Other liabilities	2.8	-
Deferred income tax	0.6	
Total liabilities	62.6	¥
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	21.7	2
Retained earnings	15.7	-
Other surplus	1	•
Total shareholders' equity	37.4	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	55.1	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	29.6	

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Industry

83 - Other petroleum and coal products industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		32				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.7	3.0	-0.6	-1.2	3.2	5.6
Pretax profit margin	11.9	3.1	-0.6	-1.2	3.2	6.1
Operating profit margin	10.7	1.6	-1.1	***	1.4	5.4
Gross profit margin	43.7	20.9	16.5		20.4	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	314.2	236.4	136.1		217.7	348.1
Return on net operating assets	18.5	3.1	-2.7		3.6	14.3
Pretax profit to assets	13.9	5.7	-0.7	-1.0	5.7	9.6
Return on capital employed	11.6	2.6	-3.9	-8.4	4.1	7.1
Return on equity (2)	28.0	6.3	-7.9	***	7.8	15.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.00	4.67	3.63	***	4.47	•••
Inventory turnover	22.76	11.49	8.47	***	13.27	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.35	1.39	1.20		1.38	1.18
Debt to equity	0.35	1.00	2.23	***	1.04	-
Liabilities to assets	0.30	0.61	0.86	0.69	0.60	0.49
Interest coverage	4.60	2.29	-0.11		1.71	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			64	36		
Net profit			64	36		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	9					

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

83 - Other petroleum and coal products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.4	9.7
Accounts receivable	20.4	16.7
Inventory	10.0	18.3
Capital assets	37.5	30.0
Other assets	3.2	1.2
Total operating assets	82.4	75.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.3	12.3
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.2	11.8
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	12.6	23.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	9.2	7.2
Short term paper	0.3	0.5
Mortgages	1.0	0.9
Bonds	3.3	5.3
Other loans	5.4	2.5
Amount owing to affiliates	21.4	16.2
Other liabilities	1.1	0.4
Deferred income tax	1.3	4.0
Total liabilities	55.5	60.6
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	12.4	1.2
Retained earnings	29.6	38.2
Other surplus	2.5	*
Total shareholders' equity	44.5	39.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	49.9	63.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.9	41.7

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Industry

84 - Industrial chemicals industries n.e.c.

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
_		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		53				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.8	2.2	-2.6	2.8	2.0	5.1
Pretax profit margin	12.9	2.9	-2.6	2.8	3.0	7.2
Operating profit margin	•••	5.1	***	***	3.6	2.4
Gross profit margin	59.4	44.5	25.0	49.1	40.8	27.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	86.4		•••	77.1	274.2
Return on net operating assets		29.0		•••	11.9	9.6
Pretax profit to assets	17.2	4.2	-4.3	3.9	5.0	9.2
Return on capital employed		7.7		***	7.1	8.6
Return on equity (2)	34.3	10.7	0.4	10.7	11.2	11.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	3.24		•••	7.53	9.30
Inventory turnover	•••	8.09	***	***	8.09	7.87
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		8.49		***	0.94	1.51
Debt to equity		0.41	***		***	3.71
Liabilities to assets	0.24	0.58	0.79	0.43	0.67	0.41
Interest coverage	***			••	•••	0.69
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	y(2) 30					

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

84 - Industrial chemicals industries n.e.c.

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	5.9	8.5		
Accounts receivable	14.2	19.1		
Inventory	5.6	12.0		
Capital assets	26.6	43.0		
Other assets	6.4	2.7		
Total operating assets	58.6	85.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	41.2	13.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.2	1.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	5.7	11.7		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.5	13.2		
Short term paper	0.4	0.5		
Mortgages	0.8	10.1		
Bonds	4.6	6.0		
Other loans	11.5	7.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	9.0	6.7		
Other liabilities	2.7	0.7		
Deferred income tax	2.3	1.8		
Total liabilities	53.5	58.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	19.9	14.9		
Retained earnings	25.4	20.1		
Other surplus	1.1	6.6		
Total shareholders' equity	46.5	41.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	27.3	42.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	21.0	25.8		

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Industry

85 - Agricultural chemical industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million				Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		41	25.7 (2) (1) (1)			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.2	3.1	0.9	1.3	3.1	2.6
Pretax profit margin	6.1	4.0	0.9	1.3	4.2	3.6
Operating profit margin		1.9	***	•••	1.9	3.0
Gross profit margin	38.3	22.1	17.5	37.5	20.7	20.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	154.6	•••		214.7	386.4
Return on net operating assets		7.8	•••		7.8	9.9
Pretax profit to assets	10.2	6.1	1.1	0.5	7.3	7.3
Return on capital employed	•••	9.0	•••	***	9.0	9.1
Return on equity (2)	32.3	13.6	7.4	12.1	18.9	21.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	12.92	***	***	6.75	5.40
nventory turnover	***	3.51	***		8.55	5.50
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	457	1.76	•••		1.46	1.50
Debt to equity		1.05	***		1.05	0.99
ciabilities to assets	0.41	0.65	0.84	0.59	0.65	0.68
nterest coverage	***		 ***			
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
retax profit			60	40		
let profit			60	40		
ercentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

85 - Agricultural chemical industries

SICE Grouping 372

Medium firms with revenue Small firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million under \$5 million % Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm % **Assets** 5.2 3.2 Cash 26.6 34.3 Accounts receivable 17.6 26.3 Inventory 25.1 32.8 Capital assets 2.4 2.8 Other assets 91.1 85.1 Total operating assets 4.6 8.1 Investments and accounts with affiliates 10.3 0.8 Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates 100.0 100.0 Total assets Liabilities 10.8 25.0 Accounts payable Borrowing: 10.4 23.4 Banks 0.2 Short term paper 2.5 Mortgages 2.4 Bonds 15.0 3.5 Other loans 5.6 22.5 Amount owing to affiliates 0.7 10.1 Other liabilities 0.7 0.8 Deferred income tax 56.3 77.3 Total liabilities Shareholders' equity 2.4 8.0 Share capital 41.3 14.7 Retained earnings Other surplus Total shareholders' equity 22.7 43.7 100.0 100.0 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity Current assets - % of total assets 62.8 59.3 48.8 31.9 Current liabilities - % of total assets

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Medium firms with

Industry

86 - Pharmaceutical and medicine industry

SICE Grouping

374

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		79				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	17.4	6.0	-1.2	5.6	6.0	4.1
Pretax profit margin	20.9	7.3	-1.2	7.2	7.3	5.2
Operating profit margin		6.5	***	***		2.7
Gross profit margin	55.0	41.2	34.0	47.9	38.8	25.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets		214.7		***		126.7
Return on net operating assets		8.3		0555	0.000	6.3
Pretax profit to assets	27.4	8.6	-1.1	9.6	6.9	6.7
Return on capital employed	***	6.6	•••	***	***	7.0
Return on equity (2)	47.3	17.9	5.7	28.6	15.4	20.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	4.73	***	***	***	6.04
Inventory turnover	•••	2.15	•••	***		4.02
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.64	2 7.11 2	***		1.14
Debt to equity	•••		***	***	***	0.73
Liabilities to assets	0.27	0.51	0.93	0.72	0.51	0.64
Interest coverage	•••		***		•••	0.86
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

86 - Pharmaceutical and medicine industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		22
Cash	2.6	7.7
Accounts receivable	9.3	17.5
Inventory	13.2	17.0
Capital assets	24.9	38.0
Other assets	4.5	10.1
Total operating assets	54.6	90.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	44.0	9.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.4	0.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities	£1	
Accounts payable	8.6	17.2
Borrowing:		
Banks	4.7	13.9
Short term paper	-	0.2
Mortgages	15.8	3.0
Bonds	3	1.8
Other loans	0.3	6.5
Amount owing to affiliates	5.0	29.2
Other liabilities	4.9	16.8
Deferred income tax	0.4	-1.0
Total liabilities	39.7	87.6
Shareholders' equity		**************************************
Share capital	13.3	24.1
Retained earnings	44.9	-16.5
Other surplus	2.2	4.8
Total shareholders' equity	60.3	12.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	29.5	47.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	14.0	41.4

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Industry

87 - Paint and varnish industry

SICE Grouping

375

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Sman mins with revenue under \$5 minion					to \$25 million
-	Quartile Boundary (1) Median			dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		70				
Financial ratios						,
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.6	2.1	-2.3	-1.0	2.7	1.7
Pretax profit margin	7.5	2.5	-2.3	-1.0	3.5	2.5
Operating profit margin	•••	5.7	***		5.7	-0.1
Gross profit margin	45.9	35.8	28.0	39.9	34.3	30.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	214.0	***		274.9	326.5
Return on net operating assets	***	21.0	•••		18.0	1.6
Pretax profit to assets	14.9	3.5	-4.2	-1.3	7.4	6.4
Return on capital employed	•••	15.8			15.8	4.3
Return on equity (2)	24.3	10.2	-2.4	1.3	14.0	8.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••	7.28	***	100	7.28	6.29
Inventory turnover		4.39		***	4.39	5.18
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		2.50	24.		1.34	2.70
Debt to equity			•••			•••
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.60	0.91	0.64	0.55	0.49
Interest coverage	***	2.60	1995		•••	w.
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	80		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

87 - Paint and varnish industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	12.5	4.7
Accounts receivable	28.1	33.4
Inventory	29.2	33.4
Capital assets	14.6	23.1
Other assets	3.2	3.3
Total operating assets	87.7	97.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.6	2.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.7	•
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	25.2	16.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	7.3	5.9
Short term paper	0.1	2
Mortgages	1.5	4.2
Bonds	0.9	9
Other loans	2.8	3.4
Amount owing to affiliates	15.5	6.3
	2.0	10.6
Other liabilities	0.1	0.3
Deferred income tax	55.4	47.6
Total liabilities		5,000
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	7.6	3.5
Retained earnings	37.1	48.9
Other surplus	15.	0.0
Total shareholders' equity	44.6	52.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	78.5	73.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.9	25.1

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Industry

88 - Soap and cleaning compounds industry

ē.	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		82	·			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.8	2.2	-0.8	2.6	2.2	0.1
Pretax profit margin	6.9	2.7	-0.6	3.1	2.4	0.2
Operating profit margin	•••	3.3	***	***	***	•••
Gross profit margin	49.5	36.1	29.4	41.0	34.3	27.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets		187.0				***
Return on net operating assets		1.4	•	***		
Pretax profit to assets	12.2	4.5	-0.8	3.4	6.5	1.9
Return on capital employed	•••	2.9			5330	***.
Return on equity (2)	24.0	7.9	-1.1	5.3	11.3	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		8.75	•••	•••	***	•••
Inventory turnover	•••	6.23	***	***	100	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.09			>**** T	***
Debt to equity		0.60		***		
Liabilities to assets	0.33	0.64	0.81	0.60	0.64	0.75
Interest coverage	***	3.14	•••			
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

88 - Soap and cleaning compounds industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	18.0	N2
Accounts receivable	22.8	-
Inventory	16.3	
Capital assets	25.7	-
Other assets	3.4	20
Total operating assets	86.3	-
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.3	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.4	-
Total assets	100.0	ψ
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	27.5	*
Borrowing:		
Banks	9.1	5
Short term paper	*	*
Mortgages	4.9	×
Bonds	•	*
Other loans	1.4	1
Amount owing to affiliates	2.9	·
Other liabilities	2.8	-
Deferred income tax	-0.2	
Total liabilities	48.4	2
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	13.3	~
Retained earnings	37.8	*
Other surplus	0.5	2
Total shareholders' equity	51.6	*
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	63.6	180
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.8	(*)

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Industry

89 - Toilet preparations industry

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		61				
Financial ratios					2	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.4	0.7	-5.3	-1.1	3.1	3.4
Pretax profit margin	7.7	0.8	-4.2	0.0	3.5	4.4
Operating profit margin		3.2			9.1	
Gross profit margin	49.7	35.5	24.0	49.7	32.1	55.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets		145.6	***	•••	122.1	***
Return on net operating assets		3.9		***	10.6	
Pretax profit to assets	10.6	1.6	-10.2	-2.0	4.6	7.7
Return on capital employed	***	2.9	***		13.2	
Return on equity (2)	23.1	8.5	-5.8	3.0	13.7	10.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	4.83	***		4.20	
Inventory turnover	•••	1.98	***	52 1	1.49	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	•••	3.76	***	***	3.76	
Debt to equity	5.0	0.69			1.12	***
Liabilities to assets	0.55	0.78	0.99	0.81	0.75	0.60
Interest coverage		4.06	•••		***	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small a	nd M	edium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

Industry

- Toilet preparations industry 89

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	2.6	
Accounts receivable	17.9	20
Inventory	38.9	•
Capital assets	14.5	
Other assets	19.2	5.0
Total operating assets	93.1	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.4	•
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.5	•
Total assets	100.0	:::
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.1	
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.3	*
Short term paper	0.0	121
Mortgages	0.1	7 <u>2</u> -
Bonds	0.4	%
Other loans	3.8	-
Amount owing to affiliates	45.6	*
Other liabilities	1.5	2
	0.3	20 20
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	81.1	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.7	
Retained earnings	0.6	ā
Other surplus	8.5	Ε.
Total shareholders' equity	18.9	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	63.9	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	29.7	

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Industry

90 - Other chemical products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
19		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		204				
Financial ratios	-3-98.63					
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.5	2.6	-0.6	0.5	3.5	1.6
Pretax profit margin	8.1	3.4	-0.5	0.9	4.1	2.0
Operating profit margin	7.1	2.6	0.1	***	6.1	3.3
Gross profit margin	49.3	37.5	25.7	44.3	34.1	29.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	367.3	301.9	117.0		339.7	254.5
Return on net operating assets	20.3	12.8	9.1		19.6	6.4
Pretax profit to assets	16.2	6.6	-0.8	0.8	9.4	4.3
Return on capital employed	16.4	13.2	10.1	•••	13.6	7.3
Return on equity (2)	31.7	13.1	2.6	7.0	14.3	9.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.82	9.33	6.12	•••	7.74	6.96
Inventory turnover	5.50	5.03	2.89	•••	4.89	4.92
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.73	1.37	0.75		1.65	1.89
Debt to equity	0.43	0.50	1.06	•••	0.56	0.53
Liabilities to assets	0.35	0.61	0.90	0.76	0.56	0.60
nterest coverage	6.40	1.10	0.96	•••	6.40	3.21
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			62	38		
Net profit			62	38		

19

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

90 - Other chemical products industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	5.6	5.4
Accounts receivable	23.6	21.5
Inventory	27.4	20.9
Capital assets	26.0	27.6
Other assets	5.7	7.2
Total operating assets	88.3	82.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.2	15.7
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.6	1.7
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	22.3	16.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	18.9	13.7
Short term paper	0.7	0.0
Mortgages	3.9	2.3
Bonds	8.3	0.2
Other loans	10.0	1.4
Amount owing to affiliates	16.9	8.1
Other liabilities	1.5	1.7
Deferred income tax	0.5	1.0
Total liabilities	82.9	44.8
Shareholders' equity		mana laci
Share capital	7.2	20.3
Retained earnings	8.6	6.9
Other surplus	1.3	28.0
Total shareholders' equity	17.1	55.2
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	63.6	53.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.5	28.4

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Industry

91 - Scientific and professional equipment industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		562	*			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.7	3.3	-2.7	2.7	4.0	2.3
Pretax profit margin	10.3	4.2	-2.4	3.3	4.9	2.7
Operating profit margin	8.1	4.3	-3.3	2.2	5.4	4.0
Gross profit margin	54.6	39.7	27.9	47.1	34.5	35.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	479.1	290.7	197.4	291.2	249.8	259.8
Return on net operating assets	15.9	6.7	-16.1	5.4	11.1	10.5
Pretax profit to assets	19.3	7.2	-3.4	4.6	9.6	5.9
Return on capital employed	13.7	8.5	-10.1	7.9	11.8	9.7
Return on equity (2)	33.7	14.3	0.9	8.3	18.6	11.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.04	9.26	6.18	,	7.84	6.35
Inventory turnover	10.25	4.52	2.55		4.98	4.43
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.52	1.53	1.01	1.06	1.92	1.36
Debt to equity	0.26	0.97	1.77	1.15	0.67	0.75
Liabilities to assets	0.31	0.58	0.89	0.56	0.59	0.59
Interest coverage	8.00	2.81	0.93	2.64	4.90	2.19
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			72	28		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

91 - Scientific and professional equipment industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.8	4.3		
Accounts receivable	25.3	28.7		
Inventory	24.7	26.3		
Capital assets	18.1	18.9		
Other assets	3.6	9.6		
Total operating assets	81.6	87.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.0	9.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.5	2.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.7	21.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.1	11.2		
Short term paper	0.0	0.1		
Mortgages	0.3	2.8		
Bonds	0.3	1.0		
Other loans	5.7	3.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	15.4	15.4		
Other liabilities	3.5	3.9		
Deferred income tax	0.7	0.6		
Total liabilities	61.7	60.7		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	12.3	18.8		
Retained earnings	25.4	17.6		
Other surplus	0.6	2.9		
Total shareholders' equity	38.3	39.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	73.1	66.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.2	43.5		

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Industry

92 - Jewellery and precious metal industries

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		349				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.5	1.0	-3.7	0.7	2.3	1.5
Pretax profit margin	6.5	1.3	-3.7	0.8	2.5	2.0
Operating profit margin	2.8	1.5	-7.9	1.5	-6.2	2.6
Gross profit margin	52.3	37.4	23.0	43.7	27.3	24.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	336.7	160.6	62.4	53.9	336.7	244.9
Return on net operating assets	14.3	8.3	3.5	•••	3.5	7.5
Pretax profit to assets	9.9	2.1	-6.2	1.2	4.8	3.2
Return on capital employed	14.5	5.7	-0.7	***	-2.0	8.6
Return on equity (2)	22.7	5.1	-5.5	3.4	8.8	8.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		2.85	***	***	7.85	5.94
Inventory turnover	5.84	3.04	2.35	3.06	2.35	2.87
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.72	1.84	0.99	0.99	2.72	1.70
Debt to equity	0.15	0.42	2.54		0.15	1.66
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.70	0.97	0.75	0.66	0.70
Interest coverage	***	-0.97	1949	•••	3.22	1.75
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			78	22		
Pretax profit			62	38		
Net profit			62	38		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

92 - Jewellery and precious metal industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.4	4.5		
Accounts receivable	12.6	27.6		
Inventory	44.2	44.4		
Capital assets	20.1	12.0		
Other assets	2.6	3.1		
Total operating assets	86.9	91.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.1	0.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	7.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.0	21.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	18.0	16.6		
Short term paper	0.0	0.1		
Mortgages	4.7	0.4		
Bonds	0.2	1.3		
Other loans	5.8	6.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	15.2	19.8		
Other liabilities	0.5	1.0		
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.7		
Total liabilities	63.7	68.3		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.3	6.2		
Retained earnings	31.0	25.5		
Other surplus	3.0	-0.1		
Total shareholders' equity	36.3	31.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	72.6	85.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.4	48.2		

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Industry

Operating profit

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

Pretax profit

Net profit

93 - Sporting goods and toy industries

SICE Grouping

393

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		250		3 30 4		
Financial ratios						*
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.8	2.1	-2.3	1.1	2.9	2.0
Pretax profit margin	8.0	2.6	-2.3	1.4	3.8	2.6
Operating profit margin	6.3	3.1	-9.7	•••	4.9	3.2
Gross profit margin	46.7	33.8	23.9	37.1	28.6	26.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	320.1	172.5	107.3	***	320.1	222.6
Return on net operating assets	22.2	8.3	-7.5		10.9	11.4
Pretax profit to assets	13.8	4.2	-3.0	1.7	6.9	5.7
Return on capital employed	17.2	7.7	-12.0	-17.1	7.7	10.3
Return on equity (2)	31.2	10.3	1.1	7.8	15.5	11.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.80	5.87	4.12	***	7.30	6.27
Inventory turnover	2.63	2.48	2.06	***	2.16	2.32
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.12	2.05	1.52	2.40	2.05	1.35
Debt to equity		0.79			0.41	1.05
Liabilities to assets	0.49	0.78	1.02	0.88	0.67	0.67
Interest coverage	2.30	1.66	-12.20		1.66	2.22
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		

74

69

64

26

31

36

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

93 - Sporting goods and toy industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	17.9	3.6		
Accounts receivable	15.1	22.5		
Inventory	34.4	35.7		
Capital assets	14.7	14.0		
Other assets	3.4	5.6		
Total operating assets	85.6	81.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.3	13.6		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.0	5.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	17.2	21.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.2	12.4		
Short term paper	0.4	0.3		
Mortgages	1.3	5.1		
Bonds	4.4	2.9		
Other loans	4.5	3.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	33.8	21.8		
Other liabilities	0.8	2.5		
Deferred income tax	0.8	0.6		
Total liabilities	79.4	70.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.5	10.6		
Retained earnings	18.2	16.0		
Other surplus	0.0	3.0		
Total shareholders' equity	20.6	29.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	82.0	71.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	58.3	46.1		

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry 94 - Sign and

94 - Sign and display industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Bour		oundary (1) Med		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		699				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.6	1.6	-2.2	1.1	2.1	3.1
Pretax profit margin	6.5	1.8	-2.1	1.1	2.7	3.5
Operating profit margin	9.3	5.5	0.6	5.5	4.7	4.0
Gross profit margin	60.8	41.2	28.4	47.4	33.8	29.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	332.0	233.6	121.2	147.4	279.2	275.3
Return on net operating assets	30.4	12.1	0.8	12.2	12.1	12.3
Pretax profit to assets	14.2	3.4	-4.5	2.2	5.6	7.5
Return on capital employed	23.6	12.0	1.5	11.2	12.3	11.5
Return on equity (2)	33.3	12.1	-2.2	9.1	15.2	13.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.65	7.41	5.72	7.66	6.33	5.39
Inventory turnover	8.06	3.14	1.15	5.03	2.58	4.30
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.30	1.27	1.09	1.46	1.21	1.32
Debt to equity	0.94	1.30	2.69	1.13	1.33	0.38
Liabilities to assets	0.49	0.77	0.99	0.85	0.68	0.68
Interest coverage	4.93	2.03	0.45	1.54	2.03	5.45
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms		Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business
Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year	1995	Page : 197

94 - Sign and display industry

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	5.5	4.5
Accounts receivable	25.1	31.9
Inventory	19.4	13.3
Capital assets	33.2	23.8
Other assets	3.2	5.5
Total operating assets	86.4	79.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.4	19.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.2	1.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	20.3	20.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.2	13.1
Short term paper	0.2	0.0
Mortgages	6.5	3.2
Bonds	2.8	0.1
Other loans	4.5	2.4
Amount owing to affiliates	12.8	12.0
Other liabilities	2.6	3.7
Deferred income tax	-0.3	2.4
Total liabilities	64.6	56.9
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	8.0	17.1
Retained earnings	25.5	26.0
Other surplus	1.9	3 - 0
Total shareholders' equity	35.4	43.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	55.0	51.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.6	42.9

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Industry

95 - Other manufactured products industries

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,924	****			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.7	3.2	-1.1	3.0	3.4	1.8
Pretax profit margin	10.6	3.8	-1.0	3.5	4.2	2.6
Operating profit margin	11.1	6.7	2.9	7.8	5.7	6.8
Gross profit margin	57.0	39.3	26.2	46.3	32.1	26.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	389.5	251.0	179.5	208.0	278.1	269.5
Return on net operating assets	22.5	11.7	5.1	10.5	14.0	12.8
Pretax profit to assets	20.3	7.2	-2.3	5.8	8.4	5.4
Return on capital employed	21.0	11.1	2.7	7.0	13.8	11.5
Return on equity (2)	30.6	13.2	0.8	10.9	15.6	13.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.84	7.47	5.39	8.69	7.15	5.74
Inventory turnover	12.00	5.22	2.98	6.04	4.69	4.28
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.20	1.59	1.19	1.70	1.49	1.78
Debt to equity	0.19	0.72	2.13	0.75	0.59	0.96
Liabilities to assets	0.30	0.60	0.91	0.59	0.61	0.66
Interest coverage	7.65	2.36	1.04	1.79	3.25	4.81
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			84	16		
Pretax profit			80	20		
Net profit			80	20		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

95 - Other manufactured products industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.4	7.6		
Accounts receivable	27.0	27.8		
Inventory	20.3	26.8		
Capital assets	25.7	23.4		
Other assets	4.0	6.9		
Total operating assets	86.3	92.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.8	5.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	2.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	21.0	20.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.2	18.4		
Short term paper	0.1	0.6		
Mortgages	5.0	1.4		
Bonds	1.0	1.6		
Other loans	5.8	6.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	10.4	11.6		
Other liabilities	6.1	1.9		
Deferred income tax	0.3	1.1		
Total liabilities	66.8	64.4		
Shareholders' equity	processor	and the second		
Share capital	5.5	8.4		
Retained earnings	23.8	23.6		
Other surplus	3.9	3.5		
Total shareholders' equity	33.2	35.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	60.5	67.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	41.6	38.2		

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

401

Industry

96 - Residential building and development

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median			
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		16,321				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.3	0.8	-4.5	0.4	1.2	1.1
Pretax profit margin	6.4	1.0	-4.2	0.6	1.5	1.4
Operating profit margin	7.9	2.7	-3.3	1.9	3.4	1.2
Gross profit margin	33.7	19.1	10.8	25.2	13.6	9.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	427.0	228.0	72.1	200.5	297.1	374.0
Return on net operating assets	20.7	9.6	-5.6	8.6	9.8	9.1
Pretax profit to assets	12.7	1.7	-8.0	0.5	3.4	3.8
Return on capital employed	16.9	6.4	-4.0	5.9	9.3	11.8
Return on equity (2)	26.7	7.5	-6.7	4.8	11.6	14.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.51	7.28	4.24	7.18	7.28	7.83
inventory turnover	10.85	4.21	1.27	3.17	4.95	8.27
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.03	1.47	1.06	1.58	1.31	1.34
Debt to equity	0.23	0.82	1.75	0.73	1.07	1.08
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.76	0.99	0.75	0.76	0.82
Interest coverage	5.88	1.30	-1.00	1.00	1.93	3.64
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 19

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Industry

96 - Residential building and development

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.9	6.5		
Accounts receivable	14.1	26.1		
Inventory	23.2	26.3		
Capital assets	26.3	19.4		
Other assets	2.7	2.0		
Total operating assets	73.3	80.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	17.4	13.4		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.3	6.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	17.2	28.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.4	14.9		
Short term paper	0.5	0.6		
Mortgages	12.1	11.8		
Bonds	6.0	4.3		
Other loans	6.4	5.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	23.8	17.3		
Other liabilities	5.5	6.6		
Deferred income tax	0.8	2.0		
Total liabilities	85.7	91.4		
Shareholders' equity	850	6.2		
Share capital	4.4	2.1		
Retained earnings	9.0	6.2		
Other surplus	0.9	0.3		
Total shareholders' equity	14.3	8.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	52.6	57.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.6	47.1		

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Industry

- Non-residential building and development

SICE Grouping 402

Medium firms with

	Sm	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-	Better	Quartile Bo Average		Med	dian Firms	
	Q3 75%	Q2 50%	Q1 25%	under \$500,000	\$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		850				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.6	1.4	-3.2	0.9	1.6	0.9
Pretax profit margin	6.8	1.8	-2.8	1.0	2.3	1.3
Operating profit margin	6.2	1.3	-7.6	-4.8	1.5	0.1
Gross profit margin	28.3	18.2	11.7	26.6	14.9	8.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	313.9	126.2	123.4	126.2	222.0	11.00 T
Return on net operating assets	12.7	2.1	-7.4		10.5	0.8
Pretax profit to assets	11.5	2.9	-4.4	1.1	4.8	3.1
Return on capital employed	11.1	4.0	-1.3	-1.3	8.9	4.8
Return on equity (2)	22.3	7.1	-2.6	4.2	10.2	12.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.72	7.80	3.44	3.44	7.90	5.05
Inventory turnover	•••	2.48		(***)	7.63	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.27	1.43	1.04	1.55	1.36	1.18
Debt to equity	0.12	0.20	1.80	0.19	0.72	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.67	0.95	0.70	0.65	0.82
Interest coverage	1.31	0.70	-21.58	***	0.62	1.08
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	29		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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97 - Non-residential building and development Industry 402 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.0	3.0		
Accounts receivable	20.0	56.4		
inventory	7.9	4.5		
Capital assets	36.9	19.9		
Other assets	1.4	4.1		
Total operating assets	73.3	87.9		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.3	4.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.4	7.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	20.3	51.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.5	4.2		
Short term paper	0.4	0.3		
Mortgages	4.1	6.5		
Bonds	5.8	3.3		
Other loans	11.3	1.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	19.6	9.2		
Other liabilities	2.2	7.0		
Deferred income tax	0.9	0.8		
Total liabilities	82.0	84.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	7.4	1.4		
Retained earnings	9.8	14.1		
Other surplus	0.8	0.1		
Total shareholders' equity	18.0	15.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	38.9	72.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.6	62.7		

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Industry

98 - Industrial construction (other than buildings)

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	Boundary (1) Me		lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		291				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.4	2.7	-1.3	3.4	2.7	0.9
Pretax profit margin	10.3	3.5	-1.1	4.2	3.3	1.6
Operating profit margin		6.8		•••	1.9	0.6
Gross profit margin	37.6	25.0	13.5	36.9	20.5	13.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	311.8	***	•••	311.8	
Return on net operating assets	***	16.1			6.1	***
Pretax profit to assets	15.9	5.5	-1.6	5.2	6.3	4.5
Return on capital employed		8.6	•••	•••	7.8	4.3
Return on equity (2)	30.9	10.4	-1.8	9.3	10.9	9.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		4.35	***	•••	***	7.24
Inventory turnover		***	375	***	***	0.00
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.93	144		1.07	1.21
Debt to equity		0.50	***	***	***	***
Liabilities to assets	0.32	0.60	0.83	0.55	0.64	0.76
Interest coverage		2.57	***		2.57	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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98 - Industrial construction (other than buildings) Industry 411 **SICE Grouping**

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.2	7.8		
Accounts receivable	18.7	46.1		
Inventory	2.5	3.2		
Capital assets	48.0	27.2		
Other assets	4.7	12.1		
Total operating assets	81.1	96.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.2	2.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	13.7	1.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	20.5	29.5		
Borrowing:				
Banks	8.6	14.2		
Short term paper	0.1	0.5		
Mortgages	0.8	0.9		
Bonds	0.9	5.1		
Other loans	4.0	9.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.5	26.5		
Other liabilities	4.4	0.8		
Deferred income tax	1.2	2.9		
Total liabilities	61.9	89.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	0.1	0.2		
Retained earnings	38.0	10.4		
Other surplus	0.0	()		
Total shareholders' equity	38.1	10.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	44.6	60.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.5	50.9		

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

99 - Highway and heavy construction

SICE Grouping 412

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,815				
Financial ratios		1100	7			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.1	1.6	-3.7	0.8	2.5	1.5
Pretax profit margin	9.0	2.2	-3.4	1.0	3.2	1.9
Operating profit margin	7.5	1.4	-6.4	-1.6	3.9	2.2
Gross profit margin	43.0	26.2	15.6	37.0	22.5	13.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	339.2	203.0	96.2	139.9	227.6	343.7
Return on net operating assets	17.1	5.8	-8.1	2.8	10.7	10.2
Pretax profit to assets	12.9	3.3	-5.1	1.4	5.6	4.1
Return on capital employed	17.2	8.3	0.3	5.1	9.5	9.4
Return on equity (2)	24.8	8.0	-4.1	5.1	10.2	9.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.68	9.15	5.91	8.47	9.17	6.16
Inventory turnover	20.30	9.28	3.22	18.40	5.61	10.89
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.05	1.77	1.19	1.83	1.66	1.08
Debt to equity	0.24	0.58	1.80	0.45	0.63	1.63
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.63	0.90	0.68	0.60	0.71
Interest coverage	5.92	2.43	-0.66	2.09	2.48	3.59
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			68	32		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

99 - Highway and heavy construction Industry 412

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	13.0	8.8		
Accounts receivable	12.5	32.5		
Inventory	7.3	7.5		
Capital assets	42.8	36.1		
Other assets	3.0	3.8		
Total operating assets	78.4	88.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.2	8.6		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.4	2.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	10.8	26.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	19.8	14.7		
Short term paper	0.1	0.4		
Mortgages	2.5	0.8		
Bonds	1,1	4.1		
Other loans	14.2	5.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	18.7	12.5		
Other liabilities	2.6	4.2		
Deferred income tax	1.2	6.2		
Total liabilities	70.9	74.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	5.4	3.2		
Retained earnings	22.5	22.0		
Other surplus	1.2	0.6		
Total shareholders' equity	29.1	25.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	36.7	54.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.4	45.8		

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

100 - Site work

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	•	7,777	1200-1-1200			
Financial ratios			- 955 - 35			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.6	1.3	-4.3	0.7	2.5	1.8
Pretax profit margin	7.8	1.6	-4.1	0.9	3.1	2.3
Operating profit margin	9.0	3.4	-2.9	2.3	3.6	0.2
Gross profit margin	53.3	32.4	19.4	39.8	24.2	13.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	321.0	213.0	127.4	198.1	265.7	254.0
Return on net operating assets	18.4	7.0	-7.9	3.5	10.4	-0.2
Pretax profit to assets	12.7	2.8	-6.7	1.3	5.4	5.0
Return on capital employed	16.2	7.7	-2.7	4.8	10.4	4.5
Return on equity (2)	26.0	8.4	-6.7	6.4	11.7	14.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.66	8.92	5.77	10.83	6.30	8.02
Inventory turnover	19.11	7.37	3.58	9.97	6.69	16.80
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.94	1.48	1.05	1.59	1.42	1.05
Debt to equity	0.34	0.99	1.99	0.99	0.99	3.23
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.71	0.95	0.75	0.64	0.69
Interest coverage	3.72	1.47	-0.68	1.30	1.78	1.83

h Firms with losses (%)
29
31
31
13

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

100 - Site work

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.4	1.9		
Accounts receivable	23.0	30.7		
Inventory	3.9	16.3		
Capital assets	49.8	36.5		
Other assets	2.9	2.4		
Total operating assets	87.1	87.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.0	10.6		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.9	1.6		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.2	23.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.6	20.3		
Short term paper	0.3	0.7		
Mortgages	2.9	1.6		
Bonds	3.4	6.8		
Other loans	9.6	11.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	12.4	22.0		
Other liabilities	2.0	6.2		
	1.7	3.2		
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	66.1	95.5		
i otal liabilities				
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.3	1.5		
Retained earnings	29.2	2.3		
Other surplus	1.3	0.7		
Total shareholders' equity	33.9	4.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	39.2	48.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	35.7	49.8		

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Industry

101 - Structural and related work

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,371			***	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.6	1.1	-4.0	0.3	2.3	1.6
Pretax profit margin	6.7	1.4	-3.7	0.6	2.6	1.9
Operating profit margin	6.6	1.5	-4.1	0.4	4.7	1.3
Gross profit margin	42.0	27.1	16.6	31.7	21.4	12.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	354.3	235.5	137.3	256.9	170.5	342.4
Return on net operating assets	23.5	7.8	-8.7	5.8	7.8	10.8
Pretax profit to assets	15.2	2.8	-9.6	0.7	7.1	6.3
Return on capital employed	22.2	9.3	-4.4	8.7	12.8	10.0
Return on equity (2)	29.4	8.9	-7.2	5.9	14.9	13.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.27	7.33	4.49	7.84	5.48	3.83
Inventory turnover	21.71	10.38	7.40	9.14	11.63	11.80
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.02	1.25	0.97	1.07	1.36	1.58
Debt to equity	0.50	1.38	2.74	1.54	1.00	0.50
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.70	0.96	0.72	0.67	0.71
Interest coverage	3.64	1.00	-2.79	1.00	2.92	0.36
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	-		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			65	35		
Pretax profit			63	37		
Net profit			63	37		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

101 - Structural and related work

2	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	12.3	7.0	
Accounts receivable	26.4	45.2	
Inventory	5.4	9.3	
Capital assets	38.9	12.7	
Other assets	2.5	3.6	
Total operating assets	85.5	77.8	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.3	11.0	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.2	11.3	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	17.3	26.5	
Borrowing:			
Banks	15.2	4.0	
Short term paper	0.2	1.6	
Mortgages	5.2	3.4	
Bonds	2.2	3.0	
Other loans	7.4	2.5	
Amount owing to affiliates	13.2	9.0	
Other liabilities	4.1	2.3	
Deferred income tax	1.0	6.3	
Total liabilities	65.8	58.6	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	2.6	15.1	
Retained earnings	31.0	25.3	
Other surplus	0.6	1.1	
Total shareholders' equity	34.2	41.4	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	50.2	71.4	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.4	36.4	

423

Industry

102 - Exterior close-in work

SICE Grouping

Medium firms with

Page: 212

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million				revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
-	Better	Quartile Bound Better Average Q3 Q2 75% 50%	indary (1) Worse	Med	dian Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
			Q1 25%	under \$500,000		Median
Number of firms in the group		4,697				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.2	0.6	-3.6	-0.3	1.4	1.3
Pretax profit margin	5.0	0.8	-3.4	0.2	1.7	1.5
Operating profit margin	7.3	3.0	-2.2	3.1	2.0	
Gross profit margin	43.0	27.3	17.6	33.2	21.5	16.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	388.9	244.4	153.2	232.6	273.9	
Return on net operating assets	22.6	8.5	-5.0	7.3	11.3	***
Pretax profit to assets	14.1	1.9	-10.3	-0.4	4.6	4.5
Return on capital employed	25.3	8.3	-1.1	8.3	7.5	
Return on equity (2)	27.6	8.0	-8.3	5.0	12.5	12.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.96	8.88	5.54	9.35	6.85	
Inventory turnover	20.52	9.86	5.70	8.11	12.27	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.48	1.46	1.08	1.41	1.76	
Debt to equity	0.21	0.74	2.25	0.61	0.99	···
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.71	0.98	0.72	0.69	0.72
Interest coverage	5.65	1.20	-2.06	1.06	3.00	****
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			63	37		
Net profit			62	38		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms	Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Busines. Page: 213			
Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995		rage . 21		
Industry 102 - Exterior close-in work				
SICE Grouping 423				
	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	16.2			
Accounts receivable	28.8	~2		
Inventory	10.6	2		
Capital assets	27.8	-		
Other assets	2.0	. 		
Total operating assets	85.5			
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.8	- ,		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.7	*		
Total assets	100.0	ı.e.:		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	22.6	1991		
Borrowing:				
Banks	10.8	•		
Short term paper	0.1	X基型		
Mortgages	5.0	-		
Bonds	1.5	2		
Other loans	2.6	*		
Amount owing to affiliates	15.1	i ⊆		
Other liabilities	1.9	-		
Deferred income tax	0.5	•		
Total liabilities	60.2	i.e.		
Shareholders' equity	8.6	_		
Share capital	30.2	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
Retained earnings	1.1	-		
Other surplus Total shareholders' equity	39.8	5		

100.0

65.9

41.0

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

Current assets - % of total assets

Current liabilities - % of total assets

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Industry

103 - Plumbing, heating and air conditioning, mechanical work

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million				Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
-	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median			
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		6,173				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.0	1.3	-2.3	0.9	1.8	1.4
Pretax profit margin	6.0	1.5	-2.2	1.1	2.2	1.7
Operating profit margin	6.8	3.2	-0.8	3.8	2.6	2.5
Gross profit margin	45.5	30.4	19.7	36.9	23.7	14.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	485.5	342.3	230.2	288.1	384.8	345.6
Return on net operating assets	28.2	11.9	2.5	11.9	11.2	13.7
Pretax profit to assets	16.0	4.1	-6.1	2.5	6.2	5.6
Return on capital employed	23.0	9.7	3.1	9.7	9.0	11.7
Return on equity (2)	30.3	11.2	-3.8	8.8	14.6	18.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.56	7.58	4.99	7.14	8.44	4.79
Inventory turnover	19.34	13.97	6.81	14.50	12.38	20.66
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.22	1.45	1.10	1.35	1.49	1.27
Debt to equity	0.27	0.85	2.53	1.10	0.66	0.94
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.71	0.96	0.72	0.68	0.76
Interest coverage	8.67	3.47	1.00	3.47	3.50	3.48
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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103 - Plumbing, heating and air conditioning, mechanical work

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	11.0	3.1		
Accounts receivable	42.3	53.9		
Inventory	12.0	7.2		
Capital assets	19.3	11.3		
Other assets	3.7	3.3		
Total operating assets	88.2	78.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.2	17.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.6	4.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	34.1	31.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.5	9.3		
Short term paper	0.2	0.3		
Mortgages	2.7	1.3		
Bonds	2.7	2.9		
Other loans	4.4	3.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	11.2	14.1		
Other liabilities	2.9	3.3		
Deferred income tax	0.8	2.4		
Total liabilities	70.5	68.8		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.3	20.2		
Retained earnings	25.9	10.9		
Other surplus	0.3	0.1		
Total shareholders' equity	29.5	31.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	73.4	67.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	50.9	53.4		

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Industry

104 - Mechanical specialty work

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
·-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	70.000	900				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.6	1.9	-1.5	1.4	2.4	1.5
Pretax profit margin	8.0	2.4	-1.3	1.9	3.1	1.9
Operating profit margin	7.1	3.7	-3.1	2.0	4.0	
Gross profit margin	49.5	30.6	21.1	42.0	24.7	18.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	289.7	122.7	100.4	100.4	334.9	***
Return on net operating assets	19.9	6.7	-7.5	5.5	15.4	***
Pretax profit to assets	17.8	5.4	-4.7	3.7	7.9	5.1
Return on capital employed	14.8	4.4	-6.5	2.3	13.3	***
Return on equity (2)	34.5	13.0	0.1	11.5	15.1	14.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.49	6.44	4.25	6.46	5.31	1000
Inventory turnover	•••	15.82	***	***	11.21	1000
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.06	1.31	0.93	1.13	1.31	8***
Debt to equity	0.21	0.57	2.81	•••	1.54	
Liabilities to assets	0.38	0.66	0.93	0.69	0.65	0.71
Interest coverage	7.67	2.45	0.53		4.15	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			61	39		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business
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9	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	14.4	, ≅ .€
Accounts receivable	40.0	-
Inventory	10.8	
Capital assets	18.8	*
Other assets	5.4	3.53
Total operating assets	89.3	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.9	A
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.8	
Total assets	100.0	: *
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	22.8	
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.0	-
Short term paper	0.2	
Mortgages	2.1	-
Bonds	2.4	
Other loans	8.1	
Amount owing to affiliates	8.4	¥
Other liabilities	4.5	
	0.1	<u>.</u>
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	62.6	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.1	
Retained earnings	25.7	*
Other surplus	2.6	*
Total shareholders' equity	37.4	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	72.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.2	(40)

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

105 - Electrical work

SICE Crouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		6,651				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.9	1.6	-2.3	1.2	2.5	1.6
Pretax profit margin	7.2	1.9	-2.1	1.4	3.1	2.0
Operating profit margin	9.7	2.6	-0.7	2.7	2.4	2.7
Gross profit margin	49.7	32.5	20.8	38.2	23.5	14.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	413.7	321.8	246.2	301.3	410.6	415.2
Return on net operating assets	20.0	5.7	-3.2	5.1	6.6	14.3
Pretax profit to assets	17.2	4.7	-5.7	3.4	7.8	5.0
Return on capital employed	22.3	8.3	0.4	5.6	8.8	13.1
Return on equity (2)	30.9	11.6	-3.3	9.6	15.7	12.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.61	6.71	5.40	8.04	5.91	4.49
Inventory turnover	19.45	9.61	5.64	7.78	12.28	11.21
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.55	1.69	1.27	1.70	1.57	1.41
Debt to equity	0.07	0.47	1.14	0.53	0.37	0.36
Liabilities to assets	0.38	0.65	0.92	0.67	0.62	0.75
Interest coverage	6.18	2.11	0.31	2.00	2.15	4.64
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			74	26		

20

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

105 - Electrical work

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.6	3.8
Accounts receivable	39.9	58.2
Inventory	15.6	8.7
Capital assets	15.4	14.7
Other assets	2.9	2.4
Total operating assets	85.5	87.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.8	5.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.7	7.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	26.9	38.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	11.5	5.7
Short term paper	0.3	0.3
Mortgages	1.1	1.2
Bonds	3.0	2.9
Other loans	2.7	1.4
Amount owing to affiliates	14.5	9.2
Other liabilities	5.5	8.3
Deferred income tax	0.5	5.3
Total liabilities	66.1	72.7
Shareholders' equity		M
Share capital	1.7	0.9
Retained earnings	31.7	26.4
Other surplus	0.5	₹2
Total shareholders' equity	33.9	27.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	72.8	79.4
Current liabilities - % of total assets	46.8	52.7

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Medium firms with

13.8

4.65

17.28

1.35

0.80

0.73

8.52

Industry

106 - Interior and finishing work

SICE Grouping 427

Number of firms in the group

Operating revenue to net operating assets

Profitability (percentages)

Financial ratios

Net profit margin

Pretax profit margin

Gross profit margin

Pretax profit to assets

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)

Receivable turnover

Inventory turnover

Working capital

Liabilities to assets

Interest coverage

Debt to equity

Operating profit margin

Return on net operating assets

Return on capital employed

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million Quartile Boundary (1) Median Better Worse Average Firms Firms Q3 Q2 \$500,000 to Median Q1 under \$5 million \$500,000 75% 50% 25% 6,339 5.0 0.9 -3.50.7 1.3 1.7 6.0 1.1 -3.2 0.9 1.6 2.2 10.8 1.8 -2.4 1.8 1.8 3.4 45.7 28.7 18.0 34.1 21.0 16.2 433.0 278.8 157.1 265.1 332.3 22.5 6.3 -5.2 8.3 6.0 19.3 16.7 2.7 -10.81.8 4.5 6.7 22.5 6.7 -3.76.2 8.2 16.7

8.7

7.84

9.67

1.61

0.83

0.72

1.14

10.8

7.15

9.45

1.63

0.55

0.70

1.68

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	66	34
Pretax profit	60	40
Net profit	60	40
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	2	28

30.7

11.07

17.56

2.94

0.18

0.41

6.96

9.1

7.84

9.67

1.61

0.72

0.71

1.23

-7.7

4.78

6.66

1.00

1.95

1.00

-1.43

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

106 - Interior and finishing work

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	11.8	6.1		
Accounts receivable	30.5	52.1		
Inventory	7.4	9.7		
Capital assets	28.9	14.3		
Other assets	2.6	1.7		
Total operating assets	81.2	83.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.7	6.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.1	10.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	20.8	39.4		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.0	7.0		
Short term paper	0.0	0.1		
Mortgages	5.0	0.4		
Bonds	0.6	1.4		
Other loans	5.3	1.3		
Amount owing to affiliates	17.5	11.6		
Other liabilities	2.4	2.8		
Deferred income tax	0.3	2.9		
Total liabilities	65.9	66.9		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	1.9	8.1		
Retained earnings	31.6	25.0		
Other surplus	0.5	<u>₽</u> 8200000		
Total shareholders' equity	34.1	33.1		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	58.5	81.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.9	52.5		

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Industry

107 - Other trade work

SICE Grouping 429

	Sma	lion	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
-		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	***************************************	1,812	W		***************************************	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.9	1.6	-2.0	1.2	2.2	1.4
Pretax profit margin	8.6	2.1	-1.7	1.6	2.6	1.8
Operating profit margin	5.4	1.8	-7.7	0.6	2.5	-3.5
Gross profit margin	47.9	32.0	21.3	39.4	26.6	16.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	367.1	288.2	147.9	213.1	364.4	
Return on net operating assets	18.2	4.9	-7.2	-1.8	9.3	-1.7
Pretax profit to assets	20.0	5.0	-5.0	3.1	7.4	5.7
Return on capital employed	14.7	5.4	-5.7	-3.5	10.9	-1.0
Return on equity (2)	33.3	13.0	-2.8	10.7	15.4	14.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.19	8.08	5.15	8.15	7.75	7.22
Inventory turnover	15.58	8.20	5.33	7.66	8.22	8.61
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.23	1.66	1.06	1.85	1.34	1.37
Debt to equity	0.08	0.59	2.10	0.35	0.63	***
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.69	0.95	0.72	0.66	0.67
Interest coverage	8.25	1.94	0.38	1.21	2.66	5.42
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			63	37		
Net profit			63	37		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

107 - Other trade work

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets		Jan-1915	
Cash	7.0	3.4	
Accounts receivable	30.5	56.1	
Inventory	17.2	17.1	
Capital assets	25.7	10.9	
Other assets	5.2	5.2	
Total operating assets	85.6	92.6	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.2	7.4	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.2	1.5	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	22.8	23.6	
Borrowing:			
Banks	15.3	26.1	
Short term paper	0.2	0.3	
Mortgages	1.5	1.0	
Bonds	1.8	3.3	
Other loans	7.1	6.8	
Amount owing to affiliates	11.7	15.6	
	2.2	3.8	
Other liabilities	0.5	0.1	
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	63.2	80.5	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	4.7	5.3	
Retained earnings	28.7	14.2	
Other surplus	3.5	-	
Total shareholders' equity	36.8	19.5	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	62.3	80.1	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.8	65.7	

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Industry

108 - Project management, construction

SICE Grouping 44

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,000				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	14.0	2.8	-2.0	2.6	3.1	0.7
Pretax profit margin	17.9	3.8	-1.7	3.8	3.8	1.0
Operating profit margin	14.9	6.7	0.3	8.3	2.1	0.2
Gross profit margin	212				•••	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	341.6	253.3	125.7	216.6	323.4	
Return on net operating assets	24.1	12.5	0.1	15.8	10.6	1.3
Pretax profit to assets	25.7	7.0	-3.5	5.9	8.2	2.6
Return on capital employed	21.7	9.0	2.1	12.1	5.1	2.9
Return on equity (2)	38.4	15.6	0.7	12.5	21.0	27.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	7.29	3.85	1.77	1.50	5.32	6.22
Inventory turnover	***	***				•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.87	2.26	1.02	2.73	1.30	1.10
Debt to equity	0.06	0.28	0.87	0.18	0.75	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.31	0.66	0.95	0.63	0.71	0.89
Interest coverage	5.50	4.36	0.02	4.36	2.53	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			65	35		
Net profit			65	35		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

108 - Project management, construction

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	13.8	6.1		
Accounts receivable	17.4	28.4		
Inventory	5.5	4.5		
Capital assets	17.1	34.8		
Other assets	5.4	2.5		
Total operating assets	59.1	76.3		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	32.5	19.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.4	4.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	15.8	32.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	10.2	7.6		
Short term paper	0.2	0.7		
Mortgages	6.2	1.4		
Bonds	1.6	8.2		
Other loans	6.2	4.3		
Amount owing to affiliates	17.6	47.7		
Other liabilities	7.6	3.9		
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.2		
Total liabilities	65.8	106.0		
Shareholders' equity	(4.4)			
Share capital	9.8	2.8		
Retained earnings	22.7	-8.8		
Other surplus	1.8	-		
Total shareholders' equity	34.2	-6.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	42.4	54.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.1	50.7		

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Industry

109 - Other services incidental to construction

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		4,987				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	18.4	2.6	-8.1	3.2	1.5	1.5
Pretax profit margin	23.4	3.5	-7.6	4.2	2.2	2.1
Operating profit margin	39.5	11.4	-0.8	14.7	3.7	4.6
Gross profit margin					***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	186.7	42.8	18.2	31.8	79.0	143.0
Return on net operating assets	12.3	3.0	-4.3	2.5	6.1	7.3
Pretax profit to assets	9.5	1.4	-2.5	1.3	1.6	2.6
Return on capital employed	9.5	4.2	-0.2	3.6	6.2	8.2
Return on equity (2)	23.3	6.0	-2.1	5.2	9.6	10.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.72	5.08	3.56	4.96	5.94	8.50
Inventory turnover	***	***	1444	•••	•••	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	7.17	2.32	1.39	2.32	2.21	1.17
Debt to equity	0.20	1.24	4.03	1.52	0.73	1.52
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.83	1.01	0.80	0.87	0.92
Interest coverage	3.11	1.06	-0.22	0.97	1.74	1.88
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			68	32		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

109 - Other services incidental to construction

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.0	2.5		
Accounts receivable	3.2	5.5		
Inventory	29.9	34.0		
Capital assets	34.0	33.9		
Other assets	2.8	3.9		
Total operating assets	73.8	79.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.8	15.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	10.4	5.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	7.0	9.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	22.6	16.7		
Short term paper	0.7	0.6		
Mortgages	14.7	17.2		
Bonds	7.7	7.4		
Other loans	9.3	6.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	31.7	23.9		
Other liabilities	3.8	2.6		
Deferred income tax	0.7	2.5		
Total liabilities	98.1	86.6		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	17.0	7.3		
Retained earnings	-17.5	-0.1		
Other surplus	2.4	6.2		
Total shareholders' equity	1.9	13.4		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	42.0	30.7		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.1	17.7		

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Industry

110 - Air transport industries

SICE C

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	1 m y 2 3 1 1 2	641				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.0	2.3	-6.3	1.3	3.3	1.6
Pretax profit margin	10.7	3.2	-5.2	2.5	3.9	1.9
Operating profit margin	8.8	4.9	-2.7	4.3	5.3	1.8
Gross profit margin		***		***		
Operating revenue to net operating assets	202.1	124.7	110.1	110.7	149.6	278.1
Return on net operating assets	14.1	8.1	-0.9	8.7	6.0	6.4
Pretax profit to assets	15.0	3.4	-6.3	2.2	4.3	3.2
Return on capital employed	12.9	8.0	0.9	8.0	6.3	6.5
Return on equity (2)	32.0	11.5	-4.6	8.4	15.5	9.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.39	3.78	1.33	1.24	9.39	6.21
Inventory turnover				***		•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.33	2.00	1.24	2.32	1.40	0.92
Debt to equity	0.44	1.02	1.87	0.78	1.04	2.28
Liabilities to assets	0.50	0.76	1.00	0.80	0.73	0.78
Interest coverage	4.90	3.26	-4.23	3.02	3.42	1.07
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			76	24		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

110 - Air transport industries

SICE Grouning

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.8	3.6
Accounts receivable	12.6	19.0
Inventory	4.9	6.6
Capital assets	56.5	58.1
Other assets	3.9	3.5
Total operating assets	87.7	90.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.0	7.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.3	1.7
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	20.4	18.6
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.3	38.1
Short term paper	0.3	0.1
Mortgages	3.3	0.4
Bonds	3.9	2.1
	10.6	11.6
Other loans	16.7	1.2
Amount owing to affiliates	3.0	4.3
Other liabilities	2.1	3.0
Deferred income tax	77.7	79.5
Total liabilities	11.1	17.5
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	11.0	10.9
Retained earnings	8.3	8.4
Other surplus	2.9	1.2
Total shareholders' equity	22.3	20.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	32.4	33.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	35.5	38.4

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Industry

111 - Service industries incidental to air transport

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		409				
Financial ratios						***************************************
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.5	3.4	-4.0	2.0	4.6	6.3
Pretax profit margin	15.1	4.0	-3.6	2.6	6.2	10.7
Operating profit margin	13.1	6.7	-17.1	-5.2	6.8	7.1
Gross profit margin	0.555	245	***		•••	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	212.3	59.8	28.2	29.9	153.0	161.0
Return on net operating assets	18.0	5.1	-5.0	2.5	7.7	17.5
Pretax profit to assets	16.4	3.5	-2.9	2.5	5.5	4.9
Return on capital employed	16.1	7.3	1.6	2.5	7.3	4.6
Return on equity (2)	35.5	18.3	-1.6	16.8	22.6	6.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	16.23	13.75	6.22	15.89	7.60	6.25
Inventory turnover	***	4470	•••	***	•••	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.45	1.52	1.04	2.79	0.96	1.64
Debt to equity	0.05	0.90	1.18	0.05	1.10	0.28
Liabilities to assets	0.56	0.83	1.00	0.87	0.73	0.70
Interest coverage	4.65	3.17	0.42	-0.13	3.99	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			67	33		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	:2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

7005

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Industry

111 - Service industries incidental to air transport

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.3	6.8		
Accounts receivable	12.5	10.5		
Inventory	6.9	8.7		
Capital assets	47.0	50.0		
Other assets	1.6	14.0		
Total operating assets	75.2	90.0		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.5	8.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.3	1.8		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	10.1	5.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	25.8	11.7		
Short term paper	0.0	(#C		
Mortgages	1.6	(보)		
Bonds	0.1	12.5		
Other loans	19.4	2.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	20.0	23.5		
Other liabilities	4.1	11.3		
Deferred income tax	1.7	3.0		
Total liabilities	82.8	69.6		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.3	8.4		
Retained earnings	12.8	19.8		
Other surplus	1.2	2.2		
Total shareholders' equity	17.2	30.4		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	31.0	28.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	29.6	10.2		

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Industry

112 - Railway transport and related service industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile F		oundary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		57				
Financial ratios				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.6	4.9	-0.7	5.0	4.3	3.1
Pretax profit margin	16.7	6.6	-0.7	6.8	6.0	4.5
Operating profit margin	10.3	6.8	-1.8		-1.8	9.0
Gross profit margin	500	3.00	***	***	***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	443.1	273.1	59.5		66.8	200
Return on net operating assets	29.5	15.1	-2.8		-2.8	•••
Pretax profit to assets	18.0	6.9	-2.2	8.5	6.5	8.4
Return on capital employed	32.5	8.7	-1.3	•••	-1.3	10.6
Return on equity (2)	47.0	20.9	2.3	21.6	18.1	23.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.47	9.43	6.01	cere .	6.01	···
Inventory turnover	***	***		3***	****	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.63			1.25	
Debt to equity		0.39			0.39	
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.68	0.98	0.82	0.65	0.58
Interest coverage		1.88	•••	***	1.88	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

112 - Railway transport and related service industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.5	7.3
Accounts receivable	13.6	11.5
Inventory	0.4	1.7
Capital assets	69.4	45.8
Other assets	8.3	16.0
Total operating assets	95.2	82.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.2	17.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.6	0.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	14.2	29.9
Borrowing:		
Banks	4.4	5.0
Short term paper	0.2	
Mortgages	0.3	
Bonds	2.0	85
Other loans	3.3	0.9
Amount owing to affiliates	97.7	26.1
Other liabilities	3.2	0.2
Deferred income tax	0.5	2.0
Total liabilities	126.0	64.0
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.6	11.4
Retained earnings	-38.7	12.4
Other surplus	3.1	12.1
Total shareholders' equity	-26.0	36.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	21.6	39.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	21.2	31.8

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Industry

113 - Water transport industries

SICE Grouping 454

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	
*	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		355				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	11.1	3.0	-3.2	2.2	3.3	2.2
Pretax profit margin	13.9	3.6	-2.9	2.8	4.4	2.8
Operating profit margin	15.9	9.2	0.4	9.2	7.3	1.6
Gross profit margin	1111	***	•••			•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	212.7	170.9	79.0	171.7	112.8	200.7
Return on net operating assets	21.4	7.8	2.4	6.3	7.9	13.2
Pretax profit to assets	16.7	4.3	-3.5	2.9	5.6	7.1
Return on capital employed	20.2	9.3	3.7	9.3	10.6	10.0
Return on equity (2)	36.1	11.5	-3.9	10.9	14.1	17.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.51	5.88	2.12	4.17	7.33	7.05
Inventory turnover	***	1840		***	***	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.81	2.07	1.21	3.21	1.27	1.12
Debt to equity	0.28	0.88	3.48	0.88	0.72	1.27
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.78	1.01	0.82	0.72	0.74
nterest coverage	6.62	1.58	0.52	1.29	1.68	5.22
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
retax profit			73	27		
Net profit			75	25		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

113 - Water transport industries

50	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.3	9.3		
Accounts receivable	12.9	20.9		
Inventory	0.6	1.7		
Capital assets	51.5	48.3		
Other assets	1.8	16.3		
Total operating assets	75.0	96.6		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	22.5	3.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.5	0.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	18.7	19.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.2	19.2		
Short term paper	0.2	0.1		
Mortgages	1.6	1.3		
Bonds	2.7	0.8		
Other loans	6.6	7.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.5	7.9		
Other liabilities	3.0	7.3		
Deferred income tax	3.5	7.0		
Total liabilities	73.9	70.3		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	6.1	3.3		
Retained earnings	16.4	15.9		
Other surplus	3.5	10.5		
Total shareholders' equity	26.1	29.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	26.2	37.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.9	30.9		

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Industry

114 - Service industries incidental to water transport

SICE Grouping 4

455

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		189				
Financial ratios					100	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	13.8	2.9	-1.5	2.4	4.1	2.5
Pretax profit margin	17.7	3.9	-1.5	3.0	5.9	3.3
Operating profit margin	16.1	5.3	-0.6	22.8	3.9	3.6
Gross profit margin			***	300	300	-
Operating revenue to net operating assets	382.3	341.4	88.5	257.5	342.1	248.8
Return on net operating assets	22.8	11.2	4.5	***	10.2	10.3
Pretax profit to assets	17.4	4.7	-1.5	3.3	7.7	7.3
Return on capital employed	23.8	9.5	2.2	2.9	15.3	13.8
Return on equity (2)	35.9	11.5	-0.1	7.3	15.7	6.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.17	5.17	3.88	***	5.41	6.08
Inventory turnover	***	***	***	***		***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.96	1.31	0.98	0.98	1.79	1.06
Debt to equity	0.18	1.03	1.40	•••	0.18	0.22
Liabilities to assets	0.31	0.59	0.90	0.54	0.64	0.70
nterest coverage	20.32	4.54	0.86	2.38	6.28	14.17
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			79	21		
Pretax profit			82	18		
Net profit			82	18		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

114 - Service industries incidental to water transport

455 **SICE Grouping**

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	16.3	24.6
Accounts receivable	20.1	20.1
Inventory	0.7	0.1
Capital assets	28.7	34.8
Other assets	5.2	3.1
Total operating assets	70.9	82.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	23.4	12.4
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.7	4.9
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19.6	27.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.5	12.0
Short term paper	0.3	0.0
Mortgages	4.4	0.0
Bonds	3.5	0.1
Other loans	7.7	5.7
Amount owing to affiliates	15.4	11.1
Other liabilities	2.1	13.4
Deferred income tax	0.6	3.2
Total liabilities	64.0	72.8
Shareholders' equity	e1	
Share capital	5.8	6.5
Retained earnings	30.2	19.9
Other surplus	(*) (1272/2011	0.8
Total shareholders' equity	36.0	27.2
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	42.6	55.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.6	37.7

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Industry

115 - Truck transport industries

SICE Grouping

Medium firms with

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Bo		Me	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		13,548			******	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.3	1.9	-2.8	1.7	2.1	1.4
Pretax profit margin	8.8	2.3	-2.6	2.1	2.6	1.8
Operating profit margin	9.3	3.5	-1.2	2.9	3.6	3.2
Gross profit margin			•••	12.2	***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	321.8	203.5	133.0	193.8	233.1	268.0
Return on net operating assets	18.6	8.7	-2.5	6.3	11.9	11.8
Pretax profit to assets	15.2	4.3	-5.1	3.6	5.5	4.6
Return on capital employed	18.2	9.0	1.1	7.0	12.0	10.3
Return on equity (2)	32.8	13.3	-3.3	12.3	14.3	16.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.79	9.90	6.94	10.34	9.61	7.95
Inventory turnover			***		•••	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.18	1.55	1.00	1.92	1.24	1.02
Debt to equity	0.34	1.00	2.25	0.91	1.04	1.45
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.76	0.98	0.79	0.70	0.79
Interest coverage	5.86	2.00	0.49	1.77	2.44	2.42
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	15		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

115 - Truck transport industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.2	3.7
Accounts receivable	18.1	27.9
Inventory	1.9	2.3
Capital assets	52.7	47.0
Other assets	4.9	4.0
Total operating assets	86.7	84.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.3	13.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.0	2.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	14.3	19.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	20.4	18.9
Short term paper	0.3	0.6
Mortgages	2.3	1.7
Bonds	3.5	6.3
Other loans	11.6	10.5
Amount owing to affiliates	11.6	13.5
	2.2	2.7
Other liabilities	1.2	2.1
Deferred income tax	67.4	75.7
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		steep patroli
Share capital	3.5	15.1
Retained earnings	28.3	7.6
Other surplus	0.9	1.7
Total shareholders' equity	32.6	24.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	35.6	40.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	32.5	45.4

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Industry

116 - Public passenger transit systems industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile		undary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,314				7
Financial ratios	23					
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	9.8	4.2	-0.3	4.5	3.9	1.7
Pretax profit margin	12.4	5.1	0.1	5.6	4.9	1.9
Operating profit margin	14.8	7.7	2.2	3.8	10.2	5.9
Gross profit margin	•••				***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	240.2	143.8	104.6	137.7	151.0	193.9
Return on net operating assets	19.6	10.9	2.7	4.9	16.7	13.7
Pretax profit to assets	14.1	6.2	0.1	6.1	6.5	4.4
Return on capital employed	15.5	9.5	3.4	5.5	12.8	9.0
Return on equity (2)	22.5	11.1	3.1	9.5	12.4	13.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	17.11	14.12	10.13	14.52	13.56	15.44
inventory turnover	1222	***	***		(Ma)	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.20	1.51	1.00	2.18	1.28	0.71
Debt to equity	0.26	0.99	2.58	1.12	0.70	1.65
Liabilities to assets	0.28	0.56	0.83	0.53	0.60	0.78
interest coverage	5.49	2.43	0.50	0.76	4.05	2.10
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			88	12		
retax profit			88	12		
let profit			88	12		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			4			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

116 - Public passenger transit systems industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.5	3.0		
Accounts receivable	6.0	6.7		
Inventory	0.9	1.1		
Capital assets	61.5	59.0		
Other assets	6.3	7.0		
Total operating assets	85.1	76.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.3	20.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.6	2.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	9.4	10.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.6	26.7		
Short term paper	0.1	0.5		
Mortgages	1.7	1.1		
Bonds	1.6	6.3		
Other loans	13.4	18.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	9.6	11.9		
Other liabilities	1.5	1.5		
Deferred income tax	2.6	4.2		
Total liabilities	57.5	81.5		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.0	6.2		
Retained earnings	38.3	10.7		
Other surplus	1.2	1.7		
Total shareholders' equity	42.5	18.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	24.7	14.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	23.3	26.0		

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Industry

117 - Other transportation industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		741				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.3	1.4	-3.9	1.3	1.6	
Pretax profit margin	7.1	1.5	-3.5	1.4	2.2	
Operating profit margin	7.0	2.5	-6.0	1.6	5.0	***
Gross profit margin	•••	***	***			•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	292.4	171.1	87.4	148.9	270.2	
Return on net operating assets	19.0	8.5	-2.7	7.3	21.9	
Pretax profit to assets	14.6	2.6	-6.2	2.3	3.3	•••
Return on capital employed	14.1	7.2	-0.8	5.6	12.4	***
Return on equity (2)	32.3	9.7	-4.2	8.8	11.2	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.15	9.93	6.90	10.10	8.01	1 mile
Inventory turnover		•••	****)****		***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.76	1.79	1.12	1.80	1.79	***
Debt to equity	0.31	0.58	1.62	0.54	0.59	
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.77	1.03	0.80	0.74	•••
Interest coverage	5.13	1.64	0.81	1.29	4.83	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			63	37		
Net profit			66	34		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
CARLINGIA	ZHHUL	TATION TOTAL	THE REAL PROPERTY.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

117 - Other transportation industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	12.7	
Accounts receivable	12.4	*
Inventory	0.7	<u>=</u>
Capital assets	35.9	•
Other assets	19.2	•
Total operating assets	80.9	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.4	*
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.6	2
Total assets	100.0	-
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	11.2	<u>.</u>
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.9	(*·
Short term paper	0.2	(20)
Mortgages	4.7	•
Bonds	1.8	(2)
Other loans	8.1	170
Amount owing to affiliates	20.2	280
Other liabilities	1.9	:2
Deferred income tax	0.4	120
Total liabilities	63.4	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	6.8	1 5 7
Retained earnings	28.5	151
Other surplus	1.3	1/22
Total shareholders' equity	36.6	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	-
Current assets - % of total assets	30.5	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	29.9	*

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Industry

118 - Other service industries incidental to transportation

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,117				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.0	2.2	-1.0	2.3	2.1	1.4
Pretax profit margin	8.8	2.7	-1.0	2.7	2.7	1.7
Operating profit margin	15.1	6.4	-0.6	6.7	4.4	2.5
Gross profit margin					***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	438.9	229.5	140.1	205.5	233.1	241.5
Return on net operating assets	24.9	13.5	-1.1	6.9	16.7	11.1
Pretax profit to assets	19.0	5.9	-2.2	4.4	7.5	6.8
Return on capital employed	17.5	9.8	0.6	7.7	13.9	10.7
Return on equity (2)	42.2	18.8	3.0	14.9	22.8	25.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.35	8.04	4.45	8.98	7.54	10.30
Inventory turnover	•••	•••	•••	***	•••	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.44	1.23	0.90	1.60	1.20	1.09
Debt to equity	0.09	0.74	1.57	0.84	0.60	1.20
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.80	1.01	0.81	0.79	0.82
Interest coverage	8.63	3.56	0.09	4.18	2.81	2.97
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			75	25 .		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	118 - Other service industries incidental to transporta	ition
SICE Grouping	459	

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	16.4	8.1		
Accounts receivable	33.7	36.1		
Inventory	1.4	3.7		
Capital assets	28.3	33.9		
Other assets	4.0	8.3		
Total operating assets	83.9	90.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.2	8.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	1.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	35.7	30.5		
Borrowing:				
Banks	10.9	12.8		
Short term paper	0.2	0.2		
Mortgages	1.4	2.2		
Bonds	3.0	1.3		
Other loans	6.5	4.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	14.0	22.0		
Other liabilities	13.9	6.8		
Deferred income tax	-0.3	1.7		
Total liabilities	85.2	82.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	7.9	6.4		
Retained earnings	6.7	6.8		
Other surplus	0.2	4.6		
Total shareholders' equity	14.8	17.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	61.2	53.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	54.0	46.1		

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Industry

119 - Other storage and warehousing industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		573				
Financial ratios		73				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.2	3.0	-2.1	2.7	3.2	0.8
Pretax profit margin	12.9	3.6	-2.1	3.4	4.1	1.3
Operating profit margin	18.6	6.4	1.3	9.6	5.7	1.7
Gross profit margin	•••	***	***			
Operating revenue to net operating assets	305.2	87.4	38.9	65.4	147.6	129.7
Return on net operating assets	18.7	9.0	3.6	7.2	11.9	8.4
Pretax profit to assets	11.5	2.7	-1.4	1.4	5.8	2.2
Return on capital employed	17.5	9.4	3.5	9.0	9.6	7.6
Return on equity (2)	29.0	11.6	0.5	8.5	14.8	9.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.81	8.92	5.46	8.42	8.92	9.82
Inventory turnover	•••		***	***	***	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.76	1.54	0.97	1.96	1.34	0.97
Debt to equity	0.30	1.04	3.06	0.84	1.27	1.33
Liabilities to assets	0.52	0.84	1.04	0.89	0.78	0.84
Interest coverage	6.43	1.79	0.95	1.62	1.96	1.81
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	30,000		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			85	15		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	.6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry

119 - Other storage and warehousing industries

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.7	3.1		
Accounts receivable	20.3	10.5		
Inventory	1.1	2.3		
Capital assets	55.0	58.3		
Other assets	4.6	15.6		
Total operating assets	85.6	89.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.6	5.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.8	4.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	12.6	11.7		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.7	17.7		
Short term paper	0.7	2.3		
Mortgages	4.8	17.7		
Bonds	7.8	9.9		
Other loans	6.4	5.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	27.0	8.8		
Other liabilities	6.8	3.1		
Deferred income tax	0.7	2.4		
Total liabilities	81.6	79.3		
Shareholders' equity	W-17	200020000000		
Share capital	8.4	13.0		
Retained earnings	8.2	6.4		
Other surplus	1.8	1.2		
Total shareholders' equity	18.4	20.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	32.3	20.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.2	31.8		

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Industry

120 - Telecommunication broadcasting industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		470				
Financial ratios					1	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.9	5.6	0.1	6.5	5.2	5.1
Pretax profit margin	16.2	7.1	0.1	7.8	6.6	6.6
Operating profit margin	19.9	8.2	-0.8	12.0	5.6	7.9
Gross profit margin	•••		***			
Operating revenue to net operating assets	278.8	176.5	113.7	140.6	195.2	173.9
Return on net operating assets	24.5	11.9	1.9	15.4	10.5	12.2
Pretax profit to assets	19.0	7.6	0.3	7.5	7.7	5.9
Return on capital employed	17.7	10.0	-0.4	11.4	9.0	10.8
Return on equity (2)	32.7	15.7	4.0	16.7	14.2	18.3
Efficiency (ratios)						6:
Receivable turnover	12.26	7.51	5.64	9.28	7.47	5.61
Inventory turnover	•••			***	***	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.51	1.88	1.08	1.90	1.65	1.29
Debt to equity	0.20	0.46	2.83	0.39	0.51	1.08
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.63	0.91	0.61	0.65	0.82
Interest coverage	11.40	3.93	1.46	5.42	2.12	1.71
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			79	21		
Net profit			79	21		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	23		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1

1995

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Industry

120 - Telecommunication broadcasting industries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million %	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%		
Assets			
Cash	5.6	1.5	
Accounts receivable	9.4	9.1	
Inventory	0.4	2.3	
Capital assets	29.8	39.2	
Other assets	14.1	13.2	
Total operating assets	59.3	65.2	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	27.1	28.4	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	13.6	6.3	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	13.3	7.5	
Borrowing:			
Banks	11.4	21.6	
Short term paper	0.5	0.3	
Mortgages	1.6	0.9	
Bonds	8.6	3.8	
Other loans	3.6	10.7	
Amount owing to affiliates	31.4	23.8	
Other liabilities	381.0	4.6	
Deferred income tax	0.5	1.2	
Total liabilities	451.8	74.4	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	20.3	12.5	
Retained earnings	-376.2	13.0	
Other surplus	4.2	0.1	
Total shareholders' equity	-351.8	25.6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	32.1	16.4	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.8	26.6	

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Industry

121 - Telecommunication carriers industry

SICE Grouning

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-	Quartil		undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		235				
Financial ratios	WE-2		7			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.9	4.0	-1.5	3.4	4.3	1.4
Pretax profit margin	13.5	5.1	-1.5	3.6	5.6	2.0
Operating profit margin	21.8	1.1	-2.3	-3.2	1.1	-6.2
Gross profit margin	***	1000			***	5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	168.9	100.8	79.7	100.8	113.6	
Return on net operating assets	14.7	5.7	-3.5	•••	5.7	•••
Pretax profit to assets	24.7	10.5	-4.5	6.2	11.7	4.1
Return on capital employed	14.8	7.5	2.1	13.3	5.8	-1.5
Return on equity (2)	43.6	17.3	5.8	26.8	13.5	24.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.16	4.47	1.14	1.02	10.92	7.12
Inventory turnover	***		****	****	3888	(****)
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.52	0.92	0.90	0.91	1.48	1.05
Debt to equity	0.51	0.95	1.46	***	0.72	
Liabilities to assets	0.49	0.81	1.00	0.85	0.76	0.91
Interest coverage	3.38	-0.20	-5.88	-5.88	0.78	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			66	34		
Net profit			69	31		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	121	- Telecommunication carriers industry
SICE Grouping	482	

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash -	5.8	6.3		
Accounts receivable	15.9	17.0		
Inventory	6.8	2.5		
Capital assets	60.6	24.9		
Other assets	4.3	2.3		
Total operating assets	93.5	52.9		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	2.6	45.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	1.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities	89			
Accounts payable	33.3	19.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	9.3	1.0		
Short term paper	0.2	-		
Mortgages	2.5	1.9		
Bonds	3.0	ž.		
Other loans	1.7	0.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	24.2	23.8		
Other liabilities	1.5	10.9		
Deferred income tax	0.2	-0.4		
Total liabilities	75.9	57.7		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	9.5	53.7		
Retained earnings	14.6	-11.4		
Other surplus	0.1			
Total shareholders' equity	24.1	42.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	34.0	29.5		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	42.3	27.0		

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Industry

122 - Other telecommunication industries

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	***	83				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.6	2.7	-4.7	3.6	1.7	
Pretax profit margin	10.9	3.3	-5.3	4.1	2.1	
Operating profit margin	***	8.3	***	•••		***
Gross profit margin	***	***		•••	•••	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets		191.6		***	•••	
Return on net operating assets		12.2		***		
Pretax profit to assets	18.5	4.2	-11.1	4.4	3.3	•••
Return on capital employed		11.8	•••	•••		
Return on equity (2)	34.8	13.6	2.4	14.0	10.1	
Efficiency (ratios)			19			
Receivable turnover	***	***	***	****		
nventory turnover	•••		***	***	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital		2.49		***	***	222
Debt to equity	•••	1.25		***	0.	
iabilities to assets	0.44	0.84	1.12	0.86	0.76	•••
nterest coverage		0.99				
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		-	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
retax profit			60	40		
let profit			60	40		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry	122	- Other telecommunication industries
SICE Grouping	483	

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	13.6	-		
Accounts receivable	20.1	~		
Inventory	4.6	~		
Capital assets	18.2			
Other assets	6.8	ā.		
Total operating assets	63.2			
Investments and accounts with affiliates	36.8	2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.0	21		
Total assets	100.0	(*)		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	12.0			
Borrowing:				
Banks	12.3	6.		
Short term paper	0.3	•		
Mortgages	0.6	(C)		
Bonds	3.1			
Other loans	6.9	-		
Amount owing to affiliates	30.8	*		
Other liabilities	0.7	¥		
Deferred income tax	0.2	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		
Total liabilities	67.0	•		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	38.4	•		
Retained earnings	-5.6	5.		
Other surplus	0.1	ä		
Total shareholders' equity	33.0	•		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0			
Current assets - % of total assets	42.3	•		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	42.1	-		

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Industry

123 - Postal and courier service industries

SICE Grouping 484

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		957				
Financial ratios	196	3.04.0				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.4	1.5	-1.4	1.7	1.4	0.7
Pretax profit margin	6.5	1.8	-1.3	1.8	1.7	0.9
Operating profit margin	10.0	1.8	-0.6	4.6	1.1	2.0
Gross profit margin	***	***		***	***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	241.7	199.4	131.1	172.9	357.9	•••
Return on net operating assets	19.7	10.0	-6.2	8.3	10.9	8.4
Pretax profit to assets	22.5	6.7	-5.3	6.2	7.7	4.1
Return on capital employed	31.6	14.5	2.4	5.7	14.7	7.0
Return on equity (2)	42.0	22.2	4.6	22.2	22.0	8.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.74	8.68	6.97	10.97	8.09	6.98
Inventory turnover	****	***	***		***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.48	1.62	1.06	1.67	1.35	1.18
Debt to equity	0.13	0.70	1.43	0.51	0.93	0.44
Liabilities to assets	0.56	0.83	1.05	0.86	0.80	0.68
Interest coverage	4.92	1.93	-0.25	2.17	1.51	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

123 - Postal and courier service industries

SICE Grouping

484

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.0	2.6
Accounts receivable	37.6	43.2
Inventory	7.2	1.0
Capital assets	27.9	20.5
Other assets	6.7	14.6
Total operating assets	90.4	81.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.0	9.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.5	8.5
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	29.6	32.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.6	12.0
Short term paper	0.3	0.2
Mortgages	1.0	0.4
Bonds	4.4	2.0
Other loans	5.2	8.2
Amount owing to affiliates	18.2	9.6
Other liabilities	4.1	2.0
Deferred income tax	0.1	0.9
Total liabilities	78.5	68.0
Shareholders' equity	entione.	
Share capital	3.9	9.4
Retained earnings	17.0	22.2
Other surplus	0.6	0.3
Total shareholders' equity	21.5	32.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	63.5	63.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	55.2	46.6

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

124 - Electric power systems industry

SICE Grouping 491

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		53				
Financial ratios				3		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	16.5	3.0	-5.8	7.7	-0.2	12.4
Pretax profit margin	16.7	4.2	-5.0	7.6	0.1	12.7
Operating profit margin	36.7	15.1	9.4		11.0	
Gross profit margin		***			***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	111.9	31.8	20.2	•••	111.9	***
Return on net operating assets	9.3	8.8	7.8		8.9	1964
Pretax profit to assets	7.8	1.5	-2.2	3.3	0.0	7.9
Return on capital employed	8.4	7.8	0.5		2.2	•••
Return on equity (2)	24.8	9.1	1.7	9.1	9.8	11.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		9.50	•••		4.15	(***
Inventory turnover	***	****	***	***		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		0.95	•••	•••	1.22	
Debt to equity	***	1.19	•••		***	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.60	0.74	1.00	0.73	0.75	0.58
Interest coverage		2.08		***	0.92	300
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

124 - Electric power systems industry

SICE Grouping 491

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.3	*
Accounts receivable	3.8	×
Inventory	0.3	.5.1
Capital assets	80.4	-
Other assets	3.2	42%
Total operating assets	91.0	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.5	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	0.5	
Total assets	100.0	3 ¥ 0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	6.1	3.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	31.8	*
Short term paper	0.4	-
Mortgages	0.7	-
Bonds	4.1	**
Other loans	15.4	¥I
Amount owing to affiliates	22.8	₹
Other liabilities	1.1	
Deferred income tax	0.6	5
Total liabilities	83.1	-
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	23.1	•
Retained earnings	-6.1	¥
Other surplus		¥
Total shareholders' equity	16.9	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	9.5	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	21.8	-

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Industry

125 - Gas distribution systems industry

SICE Grouping 49

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Be		undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		96			*	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	11.7	4.6	1.0	3.6	5.7	•••
Pretax profit margin	13.6	5.3	1.5	4.6	6.8	
Operating profit margin	8.7	1.2	-1.8		3.7	***
Gross profit margin		•••	•••			***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	79.8	30.9	18.6	•••	28.1	***
Return on net operating assets	2.1	0.6	-1.1	•••	0.6	***
Pretax profit to assets	8.3	2.5	0.7	2.5	2.5	74
Return on capital employed	4.4	2.0	0.8		1.8	
Return on equity (2)	11.4	2.8	0.9	2.8	3.4	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.63	5.10	3.92		4.20	•••
Inventory turnover	***	***	•••	•••	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.58	2.82	2.33		2.82	•••
Debt to equity	0.05	0.05	3.90		0.05	
Liabilities to assets	0.07	0.14	0.75	0.27	0.12	2000
Interest coverage	15.53	7.33	1.58		10.24	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			66	34		
Pretax profit			85	15		
Net profit			85	15		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)		1	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

125 - Gas distribution systems industry

492

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	4.0	-
Accounts receivable	6.0	•
Inventory	1.4	
Capital assets	73.5	₩
Other assets	3.9	일
Total operating assets	88.7	<u> </u>
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.7	*
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.6	•
Total assets	100.0	-
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	6.0	
	0.0	
Borrowing:	0.8	-
Banks	0.0	-
Short term paper	0.2	
Mortgages	0.5	5 2 7
Bonds	0.4	_
Other loans	17.9	
Amount owing to affiliates		N.E.
Other liabilities	3.2	•
Deferred income tax	0.4	-
Total liabilities	29.4	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9.2	•
Retained earnings	12.4	525
Other surplus	48.9	-
Total shareholders' equity	70.6	-
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	16.7	ā
Current liabilities - % of total assets	19.8	2

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Industry

126 - Other utility industries n.e.c.

SICE Grouping 499

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	1500	756				
Financial ratios					***************************************	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.5	2.2	-2.9	1.4	3.3	2.2
Pretax profit margin	10.1	2.9	-2.7	1.8	4.4	3.1
Operating profit margin	11.6	3.1	0.1	3.8	3.1	4.1
Gross profit margin	•••			***	•••	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	345.5	237.0	168.6	219.1	278.0	237.5
Return on net operating assets	20.9	11.4	5.1	13.5	8.0	20.5
Pretax profit to assets	14.3	4.2	-4.8	3.1	5.7	5.4
Return on capital employed	15.6	9.3	4.7	9.3	8.1	14.6
Return on equity (2)	32.2	11.7	1.9	11.8	11.6	11.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.62	7.70	5.77	7.57	8.49	5.65
Inventory turnover	***	•••	***			•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.98	1.04	0.86	0.97	1.17	1.01
Debt to equity	0.36	1.37	2.72	0.79	1.52	1.83
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.72	0.98	0.77	0.67	0.70
Interest coverage	5.42	2.22	0.63	2.04	2.25	2.41
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			78	22		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			74	26		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

126 - Other utility industries n.e.c.

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.7	1.7
Accounts receivable	18.1	9.1
Inventory	1.5	0.7
Capital assets	47.5	48.6
Other assets	8.0	11.2
Total operating assets	81.9	71.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.5	25.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.6	3.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	16.7	6.2
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.8	17.0
Short term paper	0.5	2.0
Mortgages	1.5	0.4
Bonds	5.8	2.6
Other loans	6.7	16.1
Amount owing to affiliates	19.2	15.9
Other liabilities	1.2	3.1
	-0.8	0.7
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	63.5	64.0
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	10.1	12.6
Retained earnings	15.8	7.4
Other surplus	10.6	16.0
Total shareholders' equity	36.5	36.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	36.5	30.3
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.1	22.5

Small	and	Medium	Firms	
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

127 - Farm products, wholesale

SICE Grouping 501

10201 2020	(1947)	650000				
Small	firms	with	revenue	under	\$5	million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

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	Silia	to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	-	724	V			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.4	1.4	-1.8	1.7	1.0	0.6
Pretax profit margin	6.3	1.7	-1.6	2.0	1.3	0.8
Operating profit margin	8.5	2.5	-0.1	3.7	2.4	1.0
Gross profit margin	36.9	22.5	10.1	31.2	18.2	9.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	310.1	178.9	95.3	107.0	251.2	397.5
Return on net operating assets	13.5	7.3	0.3	6.7	7.3	11.2
Pretax profit to assets	12.4	2.8	-3.8	1.8	3.3	4.6
Return on capital employed	13.6	7.3	2.0	7.5	7.1	8.4
Return on equity (2)	25.9	10.5	-2.5	8.4	11.1	12.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.09	8.67	5.02	6.41	9.36	8.54
Inventory turnover	13.80	5.38	1.62	5.00	5.38	15.79
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.01	1.60	1.05	1.61	1.54	1.32
Debt to equity	0.16	0.75	1.87	0.66	0.84	0.79
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.72	0.99	0.76	0.70	0.69
Interest coverage	6.92	2.34	0.92	1.54	2.59	3.25
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business Page: 263

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

127 - Farm products, wholesale

501 SICE Grouping

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.6	8.3		
Accounts receivable	23.2	34.3		
Inventory	26.9	20.3		
Capital assets	27.1	22.7		
Other assets	3.2	4.2		
Total operating assets	87.0	89.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.3	6.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.7	3.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	13.4	21.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	24.9	17.1		
Short term paper	0.0	0.1		
Mortgages	3.2	2.9		
Bonds	0.4	0.6		
Other loans	5.1	5.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	18.5	12.7		
Other liabilities	2.5	6.6		
	1.6	0.7		
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	69.6	67.8		
i otar navinues				
Shareholders' equity	97 <u>2</u> 78			
Share capital	4.7	6.8		
Retained earnings	23.7	23.3		
Other surplus	1.9	2.2		
Total shareholders' equity	30.4	32.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	62.1	70.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	48.6	48.4		

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Industry

128 - Petroleum products, wholesale

SICE Grouping 511

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
,-	*****	Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,700			7-11	
Financial ratios				7.0		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.1	2.1	-1.0	2.5	1.9	0.9
Pretax profit margin	8.7	2.7	-0.8	3.1	2.4	1.2
Operating profit margin	8.8	3.4	-2.5	6.7	2.2	1.1
Gross profit margin	39.1	22.4	12.4	34.2	17.5	12.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	333.5	187.5	87.3	123.6	278.2	400.1
Return on net operating assets	17.2	6.9	-3.1	4.8	8.6	16.0
Pretax profit to assets	14.7	5.1	-2.0	3.7	5.8	5.4
Return on capital employed	16.0	8.6	-0.3	6.9	10.4	11.2
Return on equity (2)	23.0	10.3	-0.3	7.9	12.1	13.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.27	8.86	6.61	9.27	8.25	9.87
Inventory turnover	14.08	9.29	4.31	5.23	10.55	27.80
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.31	2.78	1.38	3.86	1.90	1.20
Debt to equity	0.10	0.69	2.17	1.54	0.41	1.14
Liabilities to assets	0.28	0.59	0.88	0.59	0.60	0.69
Interest coverage	5.72	2.32	0.72	1.79	2.32	2.78
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		***	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			71	29		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

128 - Petroleum products, wholesale

SICE Grouping 511

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	12.2	7.9		
Accounts receivable	22.4	28.0		
Inventory	8.3	10.5		
Capital assets	33.7	36.1		
Other assets	4.4	4.0		
Total operating assets	81.0	86.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.8	11.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.2	1.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	13.5	35.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	15.7	14.9		
Short term paper	0.0	0.1		
Mortgages	3.1	4.6		
Bonds	0.5	2.0		
Other loans	8.7	4.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.7	13.6		
Other liabilities	4.3	1.8		
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.6		
Total liabilities	62.6	78.1		
Shareholders' equity	0.5			
Share capital	8.7	5.2		
Retained earnings	23.0	16.4		
Other surplus	5.6	0.3		
Total shareholders' equity	37.4	21.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	49.6	48.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.4	55.2		

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Industry

129 - Food, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	0	Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,896				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.3	0.7	-1.5	0.6	0.8	0.9
Pretax profit margin	4.0	0.9	-1.3	0.7	1.0	1.1
Operating profit margin	4.2	1.3	-0.4	2.1	1.2	1.5
Gross profit margin	32.5	20.1	12.3	27.9	17.1	12.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	484.8	297.1	159.1	231.8	349.8	389.9
Return on net operating assets	15.3	6.5	-2.0	5.5	6.9	12.5
Pretax profit to assets	14.7	3.1	-5.5	1.9	4.1	5.6
Return on capital employed	14.2	6.4	-0.2	5.5	7.1	9.2
Return on equity (2)	31.1	12.6	-0.4	9.7	14.4	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.13	10.10	7.24	9.47	10.44	11.09
Inventory turnover	19.81	11.61	5.79	11.80	11.52	13.87
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.74	1.60	1.04	2.37	1.49	1.21
Debt to equity	0.30	1.05	2.63	0.94	1.05	0.94
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.81	1.03	0.89	0.78	0.75
Interest coverage	4.58	1.46	0.28	1.13	1.67	3.47
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			69	31		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995 Page: 267

Industry

129 - Food, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	13.1	7.3
Accounts receivable	24.7	37.8
Inventory	18.4	23.4
Capital assets	25.6	19.3
Other assets	5.2	4.9
Total operating assets	87.0	92.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.0	5.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.0	2.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	21.3	37.1
Borrowing:	SE(5)	47.0
Banks	17.6	16.8
Short term paper	0.1	0.2
Mortgages	3.5	2.4
Bonds	1.2	1.8
Other loans	5.8	5.5
Amount owing to affiliates	19.7	11.6
Other liabilities	1.9	3.3
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.5
Total liabilities	71.4	79.1
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	4.2	4.6
Retained earnings	22.9	15.7
Other surplus	1.5	0.6
Total shareholders' equity	28.6	20.9
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	62.5	74.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.3	59.6

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

130 - Beverages, wholesale

SICE Grouping 522

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Be	artile Boundary (1) Med		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		317				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.4	1.3	-2.2	1.2	1.5	0.7
Pretax profit margin	8.3	1.6	-1.7	1.4	1.8	1.6
Operating profit margin	4.4	0.9	-0.5	0.1	2.9	-0.1
Gross profit margin	50.5	31.9	18.1	40.7	22.5	15.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	358.6	192.5	125.8	185.7	318.3	392.0
Return on net operating assets	11.7	5.6	-0.8	1.2	8.5	19.7
Pretax profit to assets	13.3	3.4	-4.4	2.8	5.2	5.5
Return on capital employed	12.4	6.2	-1.0	4.0	8.6	6.5
Return on equity (2)	33.6	12.3	1.7	12.1	12.4	15.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.58	8.77	6.68	8.18	8.83	14.08
nventory turnover	24.20	13.74	7.71	15.86	11.82	19.40
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.62	1.71	1.29	1.64	1.75	1.00
Debt to equity	0.51	0.97	2.42	0.97	0.71	0.86
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.78	1.00	0.83	0.70	0.74
nterest coverage	7.27	0.83	-2.17	0.47	3.30	2.74
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
retax profit			70	30		
let profit			68	32		

18

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business Page: 269

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

SICE Grouping

Industry

130 - Beverages, wholesale 522

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
alance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	15.2	8.6		
Accounts receivable	22.5	22.4		
Inventory	12.6	18.5		
Capital assets	23.5	18.6		
Other assets	4.0	6.0		
Total operating assets	77.8	74.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.4	21.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.8	4.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	23.8	30.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	9.7	18.0		
Short term paper	12	0.1		
Mortgages	3.0	2.8		
Bonds	0.6	0.7		
Other loans	2.2	1.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.9	18.6		
Other liabilities	1.3	3.7		
Deferred income tax	-0.2	0.1		
Total liabilities	62.2	76.2		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	8.9	5.1		
Retained earnings	27.9	18.6		
Other surplus	0.9	0.1		
Total shareholders' equity	37.8	23.8		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	61.1	59.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.6	67.0		

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Industry

Net profit

131 - Drugs and toilet preparations, wholesale

SICE Grouping

523

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	(. 	Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		604				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.4	1.7	-1.7	1.0	2.2	1.6
Pretax profit margin	8.1	2.2	-1.5	1.2	2.8	2.1
Operating profit margin	8.0	3.5	0.4	3.2	3.6	4.3
Gross profit margin	50.3	39.1	27.4	40.0	38.5	33.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	406.0	293.2	177.1	214.5	310.7	279.9
Return on net operating assets	19.3	11.0	1.1	6.5	14.9	14.0
Pretax profit to assets	15.8	4.5	-3.0	2.0	6.6	5.7
Return on capital employed	17.6	10.2	1.7	6.9	10.7	10.3
Return on equity (2)	31.9	12.8	2.0	11.4	13.4	12.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.66	7.45	5.89	7.13	7.66	6.79
Inventory turnover	8.80	4.95	2.80	5.27	4.38	4.72
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.95	2.03	1.23	2.03	1.95	1.62
Debt to equity	0.14	0.74	1.82	0.77	0.50	0.77
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.73	1.00	0.83	0.68	0.73
Interest coverage	9.86	3.76	0.84	2.94	5.59	2.79
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			80	20		

78

22

13

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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131 - Drugs and toilet preparations, wholesale 523 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	9.3	7.3	
Accounts receivable	23.7	28.4	
Inventory	28.9	24.8	
Capital assets	12.4	10.8	
Other assets	3.8	10.2	
Total operating assets	78.1	81.5	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	16.6	13.4	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.3	5.1	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	22.5	18.7	
Borrowing:			
Banks	8.5	7.2	
Short term paper	0.0	0.0	
Mortgages	2.4	3.0	
Bonds	0.9	0.4	
Other loans	2.7	1.4	
Amount owing to affiliates	12.7	20.8	
Other liabilities	3.8	1.9	
Deferred income tax	-0.1	0.4	
Total liabilities	53.4	53.8	
Shareholders' equity	10.5	241	
Share capital	10.5	24.1	
Retained earnings	35.1	19.8 2.3	
Other surplus	1.1		
Total shareholders' equity	46.6	46.2	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	68.2	66.1	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.7	41.7	

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Industry

132 - Tobacco products, wholesale

SICE Grouping

524

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		31				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.7	2.9	-1.1	2.2	4.7	0.7
Pretax profit margin	17.1	3.3	-1.1	2.2	6.0	0.8
Operating profit margin		2.4			6.5	1.4
Gross profit margin	56.2	32.2	10.9	28.0	40.7	10.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets		279.5		•••	296.6	619.4
Return on net operating assets		9.2		•••	9.2	8.6
Pretax profit to assets	12.2	4.0	-2.0	3.3	16.8	4.0
Return on capital employed	***	11.8		3444	18.2	6.3
Return on equity (2)	18.0	3.0	-1.6	2.8		10.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••	6.63				17.69
Inventory turnover	•••	4.07	***		4.07	11.18
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		3.30	****		3.65	1.91
Debt to equity	•••	0.23			0.71	0.77
Liabilities to assets	0.11	0.41	0.68	0.51	0.34	0.58
Interest coverage		4.54	***		7.91	3.40
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

30

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small a	and M	ledium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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132 - Tobacco products, wholesale Industry 524

8	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	14.8	4.5
Accounts receivable	20.4	26.7
Inventory	28.3	45.0
Capital assets	4.3	16.4
Other assets	0.7	4.0
Total operating assets	68.5	96.5
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.8	1.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	23.6	1.9
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	14.6	22.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	2.2	18.1
Short term paper	20	12
Mortgages	0.3	3.7
Bonds	<u>~</u>	2
Other loans	1.1	4.0
Amount owing to affiliates	17.7	7.6
Other liabilities	0.6	1.4
Deferred income tax	-0.1	0.4
Total liabilities	36.6	57.7
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	4.5	1.8
Retained earnings	55.0	40.5
Other surplus	3.9	Ä
Total shareholders' equity	63.4	42.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	75.6	77.0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	19.5	44.9

Number of firms in the group

Profitability (percentages)

Operating revenue to net operating assets

Return on net operating assets

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Pretax profit to assets

Return on capital employed

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)
Receivable turnover
Inventory turnover

Working capital

Liabilities to assets

Interest coverage

Debt to equity

Financial ratios

Net profit margin
Pretax profit margin
Operating profit margin
Gross profit margin

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

133 - Apparel, wholesale

SICE Grouping

Sma	ll firms with	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
	Quartile Boun	dary (1)	Me	dian	
Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
	982				
5.3	1.0	-3.5	0.7	1.2	1.1
6.5	1.2	-3.2	0.9	1.3	1.5
6.5	2.6	-2.8	4.1	2.6	3.0
40.1	29.5	20.6	33.8	27.1	22.6
328.0	225.0	175.3	218.0	296.5	318.0
16.1	7.2	-2.8	12.5	6.4	11.2
11.9	2.3	-6.3	1.7	2.8	3.6
13.5	6.7	0.2	10.2	6.2	10.3
27.5	8.3	0.7	8.0	8.5	10.5
11.19	6.08	3.81	6.24	5.44	8.40
9.01	3.60	1.83	7.63	3.35	5.34

1.73

1.19

0.76

-2.25

1.56

1.39

0.70

1.39

1.56

0.87

0.74

2.49

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with
Operating profit	67	33
Pretax profit	61	39
Net profit	61	39
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	2	4

1.60

1.19

0.73

1.33

1.29

2.22

0.99

-2.21

4.11

0.53

0.41

2.30

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

133 - Apparel, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.3	6.5
Accounts receivable	29.5	33.1
Inventory	29.6	39.9
Capital assets	8.6	7.8
Other assets	3.9	2.7
Total operating assets	79.9	90.1
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.9	8.4
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.2	1.5
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19.5	25.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	22.3	22.3
Short term paper	0.1	0.2
Mortgages	2.8	1.4
Bonds	1.5	3.6
Other loans	4.9	5.0
Amount owing to affiliates	21.6	11.7
Other liabilities	1.9	8.1
	0.4	0.0
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	75.0	77.2
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	15.8	15.1
Retained earnings	3.9	7.5
Other surplus	5.3	0.1
Total shareholders' equity	25.0	22.8
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	77.1	83.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	52.6	53.5

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

134 - Dry goods, wholesale

	Sma	lion	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
-		Quartile Bo	Boundary (1) Med		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	=	483				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.7	1.5	-1.3	1.2	1.6	1.4
Pretax profit margin	6.9	1.7	-1.1	1.3	2.0	1.8
Operating profit margin	4.9	2.5	-1.3	1.4	2.5	3.3
Gross profit margin	38.9	28.1	18.7	33.3	25.4	19.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	373.5	236.8	107.7	143.7	289.0	344.2
Return on net operating assets	14.8	4.7	-4.1	5.5	3.7	10.7
retax profit to assets	10.2	3.3	-2.3	2.1	4.1	5.1
Return on capital employed	12.1	4.5	1.4	4.5	6.1	10.4
Return on equity (2)	22.7	8.3	0.3	5.9	9.2	11.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	8.64	5.47	3.52	4.83	5.58	5.67
nventory turnover	4.23	2.96	2.35	2.78	2.96	5.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital	2.57	1.54	1.21	1.60	1.54	1.60
ebt to equity	0.19	1.24	2.63	0.31	2.00	1.92
iabilities to assets	0.35	0.67	0.92	0.78	0.63	0.68
nterest coverage	6.47	1.98	-2.32	2.00	1.00	2.31
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
perating profit			67	33		
retax profit			65	35		
et profit			63	37		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

134 - Dry goods, wholesale

SICE Grouping

532

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets	a a			
Cash	11.2	5.7		
Accounts receivable	24.8	39.4		
Inventory	37.2	43.5		
Capital assets	8.4	6.6		
Other assets	3.4	2.2		
Total operating assets	85.0	97.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.3	1.7		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.7	0.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	21.2	24.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.0	18.8		
Short term paper	0.0	0.3		
Mortgages	1.2	0.6		
Bonds	*	3.3		
Other loans	3.6	5.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	13.6	11.9		
Other liabilities	4.7	0.8		
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.1		
Total liabilities	61.5	65.9		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.1	6.0		
Retained earnings	35.3	26.8		
Other surplus	0.1	1.3		
Total shareholders' equity	38.5	34.1		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	79.6	91.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.5	49.6		

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Industry

135 - Electrical and electronic household appliances and part, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Median		
50	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		460			1860 1860 H	
Financial ratios				- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.9	0.9	-2.5	0.4	1.4	1.4
Pretax profit margin	5.9	1.2	-2.4	0.6	1.8	1.6
Operating profit margin	4.0	1.9	-5.1	1.7	2.5	2.5
Gross profit margin	46.2	31.7	21.9	40.2	28.0	24.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	394.6	306.7	250.7	309.9	296.9	376.7
Return on net operating assets	9.5	5.6	4.1	5.5	5.7	11.5
Pretax profit to assets	11.7	2.7	-4.3	0.8	4.5	4.5
Return on capital employed	8.6	6.0	0.0	6.0	5.5	10.3
Return on equity (2)	27.3	11.4	-0.7	6.7	13.6	13.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.29	7.85	6.94	9.44	7.85	7.02
Inventory turnover	14.53	6.08	2.83	6.20	4.00	5.54
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.66	1.68	1.46	1.65	2.07	1.59
Debt to equity	0.44	0.71	1.43	0.71	0.51	0.66
Liabilities to assets	0.46	0.75	0.99	0.75	0.74	0.73
Interest coverage	2.25	1.00	0.87	0.90	1.91	5.11
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			61	39		
Net profit			60	40		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
Sman	anu	TATEMENT	W. HY HITE

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

135 - Electrical and electronic household appliances and part, wholesale

SICE Grouping 541

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	14.9	5.2	
Accounts receivable	20.4	40.7	
Inventory	30.5	36.2	
Capital assets	11.3	6.8	
Other assets	2.9	3.1	
Total operating assets	80.0	92.1	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.5	5.1	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.5	2.8	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
_iabilities			
Accounts payable	24.3	31.5	
Borrowing:			
Banks	10.3	12.3	
Short term paper	0.1	0.1	
Mortgages	0.5	1.6	
Bonds	3.1	1.6	
Other loans	3.0	1.6	
Amount owing to affiliates	24.8	25.7	
Other liabilities	3.5	2.3	
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.1	
Total liabilities	69.6	76.8	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	5.1	9.4	
Retained earnings	24.5	13.5	
Other surplus	0.8	0.3	
Total shareholders' equity	30.4	23.2	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	73.8	84.9	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	41.5	66.2	

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Industry

136 - Household furniture, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		258				
Financial ratios				S SANTO PO		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.7	1.6	-2.6	2.1	1.4	0.6
Pretax profit margin	8.9	1.8	-3.3	2.1	1.5	0.8
Operating profit margin	9.7	3.8	-3.3	2.9	4.7	
Gross profit margin	42.2	30.8	21.0	33.8	27.5	22.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	423.6	224.8	92.1	258.3	212.7	***
Return on net operating assets	12.2	3.3	-10.4	-2.5	10.0	
Pretax profit to assets	17.4	4.7	-5.6	4.9	4.5	2.8
Return on capital employed	5.1	2.4	-18.6	-9.7	7.9	
Return on equity (2)	27.5	10.2	-1.7	9.3	12.6	8.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		7.82	•••	7.83	6.96	(***)
Inventory turnover	***	2.95	223.	1.26	2.95	(acce)
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.00	1.94	1.20	1.94	1.77	
Debt to equity	***	0.23	***	***	7999	
Liabilities to assets	0.29	0.73	1.03	0.64	0.75	0.78
Interest coverage	7.00	2.40	-1.55	2.19	2.40	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			62	38		
Net profit			62	38		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

136 - Household furniture, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.3	
Accounts receivable	16.8	CW C
Inventory	35.8	0 W 8
Capital assets	22.4	•
Other assets	2.0	•
Total operating assets	86.4	7.5
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.8	· ·
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.8	
Total assets	100.0	5
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	15.0	
Borrowing:		
Banks	23.5	
Short term paper	7.5	-
Mortgages	E/000404	u u
Bonds	2.2	72
Other loans	40.3	v = 0
Amount owing to affiliates	1.4	
Other liabilities	0.0	
Deferred income tax		
Total liabilities	89.9	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.1	
Retained earnings	7.0	(2)
Other surplus	0.0	12
Total shareholders' equity	10.1	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	70.6	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	54.0	7.

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Industry

137 - Household furnishings, wholesale

SICE Grouping

543

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
9	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		535				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.0	0.9	-2.5	0.6	1.1	1.1
Pretax profit margin	5.1	1.1	-2.1	0.8	1.2	1.4
Operating profit margin	4.0	2.1	-1.9	0.8	3.2	3.5
Gross profit margin	42.6	31.8	23.4	36.9	29.0	24.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	251.1	204.8	154.7	192.3	240.2	235.2
Return on net operating assets	11.3	6.1	-2.3	-1.4	8.0	8.5
Pretax profit to assets	11.2	2.1	-4.5	1.3	2.6	3.1
Return on capital employed	9.8	4.7	-5.4	-2.6	6.6	7.1
Return on equity (2)	23.5	7.3	-1.6	5.3	9.1	7.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.56	7.82	3.88	5.31	8.03	7.00
Inventory turnover	11.16	4.46	2.55	4.07	4.46	2.54
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	10.85	4.08	1.59	8.95	1.59	1.36
Debt to equity	0.12	0.85	1.59	0.12	0.85	1.14
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.82	1.02	0.91	0.77	0.70
Interest coverage	2.95	1.46	-1.17	-1.17	1.54	2.08
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			63	37		
Pretax profit			61	39		
Net profit			61	39		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

137 - Household furnishings, wholesale

543

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.9	3.9		
Accounts receivable	24.5	26.7		
Inventory	36.7	45.8		
Capital assets	12.7	7.6		
Other assets	2.4	2.9		
Total operating assets	85.1	86.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.4	9.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.5	4.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	21.9	25.1		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.0	20.8		
Short term paper	0.1	0.3		
Mortgages	3.3	3.6		
Bonds	1.6	2.7		
Other loans	1.9	1.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.4	18.5		
Other liabilities	2.0	3.9		
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.1		
Total liabilities	64.3	76.7		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	4.8	9.5		
Retained earnings	30.9	13.0		
Other surplus	0.0	0.8		
Total shareholders' equity	35.7	23.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	76.7	82.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.5	60.8		

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Industry

138 - Motor vehicles, wholesale

SICE Grouping 551

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		918	7			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.7	1.2	-0.9	1.0	1.2	0.8
Pretax profit margin	5.7	1.5	-0.7	1.3	1.6	1.0
Operating profit margin	7.1	2.4	-0.7	-1.3	3.6	1.4
Gross profit margin	37.2	23.3	11.8	34.2	18.7	13.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	268.5	173.0	128.9	128.9	207.9	308.4
Return on net operating assets	15.5	9.0	-0.1	-3.4	10.2	7.3
Pretax profit to assets	14.4	4.4	-2.5	2.5	5.2	3.9
Return on capital employed	15.7	8.6	-0.1	-0.5	9.4	7.0
Return on equity (2)	34.3	15.0	2.3	10.3	16.3	16.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.85	6.36	5.78	6.55	6.12	12.58
Inventory turnover	11.26	4.24	1.43	1.80	4.97	5.42
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.48	1.95	1.12	2.78	1.71	1.15
Debt to equity	0.36	0.89	2.29	1.39	0.59	2.85
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.78	0.99	0.84	0.75	0.81
Interest coverage	5.35	1.77	-0.51	-0.95	1.89	1.86
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			68	32		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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138 - Motor vehicles, wholesale Industry SICE Grouping 551

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	12.2	4.6		
Accounts receivable	21.4	17.2		
Inventory	33.4	39.7		
Capital assets	18.3	30.7		
Other assets	2.7	2.9		
Total operating assets	88.0	95.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.3	3.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.7	0.9		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	19.4	16.7		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.8	24.4		
Short term paper	0.1	1.3		
Mortgages	2.4	2.7		
Bonds	0.7	8.0		
Other loans	8.2	17.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	13.3	9.7		
Other liabilities	2.3	1.5		
Deferred income tax	0.0	1.1		
Total liabilities	63.1	82.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.2	4.2		
Retained earnings	32.9	12.9		
Other surplus	0.8	0.5		
Total shareholders' equity	36.9	17.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	74.1	64.5		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.3	54.0		

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Industry

139 - Motor vehicle parts and accessories, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,565				
Financial ratios			39099			
Profitability (percentages)				£0.		
Net profit margin	4.3	1.5	-0.7	0.9	1.6	1.3
Pretax profit margin	5.2	1.7	-0.6	0.9	2.0	1.9
Operating profit margin	7.1	2.8	-0.2	2.0	3.5	3.1
Gross profit margin	39.6	32.3	25.4	35.8	31.3	25.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	415.2	291.9	199.4	240.3	309.1	305.9
Return on net operating assets	19.9	8.7	0.6	3.8	11.9	9.8
Pretax profit to assets	11.1	4.0	-1.2	1.7	4.9	4.8
Return on capital employed	18.2	8.9	1.8	4.3	9.9	9.1
Return on equity (2)	23.8	9.4	1.2	5.9	11.0	11.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.60	9.05	6.80	9.15	8.89	5.80
Inventory turnover	6.45	4.78	3.05	4.56	4.81	3.93
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.91	1.83	1.29	1.77	1.84	1.60
Debt to equity	0.27	0.71	1.88	0.57	0.72	1.00
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.69	0.93	0.75	0.66	0.73
Interest coverage	5.07	2.15	0.69	1.46	2.50	2.99
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	8		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			74	26		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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139 - Motor vehicle parts and accessories, wholesale Industry **SICE Grouping** 552

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.4	7.0		
Accounts receivable	23.5	26.9		
Inventory	32.7	34.4		
Capital assets	20.4	10.6		
Other assets	3.4	4.2		
Total operating assets	87.3	83.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.5	14.5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.2	2.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	21.2	23.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	19.4	13.6		
Short term paper	0.0	0.1		
Mortgages	4.3	0.9		
Bonds	0.3	0.9		
Other loans	8.0	3.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	16.8	17.6		
Other liabilities	2.2	2.2		
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.0		
Total liabilities	72.4	62.3		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	4.8	5.7		
Retained earnings	22.1	29.4		
Other surplus	0.7	2.6		
Total shareholders' equity	27.6	37.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	69.4	71.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.1	45.8		

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Industry

140 - Metal and metal products, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
· ·		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		434				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.7	2.8	0.2	2.5	3.0	1.7
Pretax profit margin	8.6	3.9	0.3	3.1	3.9	2.2
Operating profit margin	13.0	4.5	-18.7	•••	4.1	6.8
Gross profit margin	40.5	29.5	19.6	34.6	27.5	18.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	237.8	172.0	140.0		154.6	273.6
Return on net operating assets	18.1	7.1	-0.8		6.4	14.9
Pretax profit to assets	20.3	7.8	0.6	5.7	8.6	5.7
Return on capital employed	27.8	9.5	-0.3	•••	13.0	14.4
Return on equity (2)	40.3	19.6	3.7	11.7	21.4	15.8
Efficiency (ratios)						**
Receivable turnover	10.09	7.23	5.26	***	7.90	4.95
Inventory turnover	***	5.29		2000	5.68	4.38
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.60	1.38	1.19		1.38	1.36
Debt to equity		0.74		2000	0.92	0.94
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.70	0.91	0.72	0.69	0.72
Interest coverage	23.89	8.00	-3.53	***	7.95	5.87
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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140 - Metal and metal products, wholesale Industry **SICE Grouping** 561

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.1	3.0		
Accounts receivable	19.9	37.6		
Inventory	30.0	32.4		
Capital assets	28.7	17.6		
Other assets	4.7	3.7		
Total operating assets	89.5	94.4		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.8	4.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.8	0.8		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.8	34.1		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.8	21.6		
Short term paper	0.1	0.4		
Mortgages	0.8	2.9		
Bonds	1.2	4.8		
Other loans	3.2	2.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	33.1	12.0		
Other liabilities	4.0	2.2		
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.3		
Total liabilities	74.5	80.7		
Shareholders' equity	The second	No. (ac)		
Share capital	2.4	8.5		
Retained earnings	21.7	8.8		
Other surplus	1.4	2.0		
Total shareholders' equity	25.5	19.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	64.3	74.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	56.7	69.7		

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Industry

141 - Hardware and plumbing, heating and air conditioning equipment and supplies, wholesale

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,554				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.9	1.8	-1.0	1.2	2.0	1.6
Pretax profit margin	6.1	2.1	-0.8	1.5	2.6	2.0
Operating profit margin	5.4	2.6	0.1	2.5	2.9	3.1
Gross profit margin	39.0	30.3	23.2	33.2	28.6	25.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	421.5	309.3	221.9	263.4	361.9	306.2
Return on net operating assets	15.8	5.9	0.7	5.9	5.8	8.5
Pretax profit to assets	14.2	4.6	-1.8	2.5	5.7	4.8
Return on capital employed	16.7	7.6	1.7	1.9	4.3	7.3
Return on equity (2)	29.9	11.7	1.5	7.1	13.2	10.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.33	7.93	6.28	8.82	7.01	6.90
Inventory turnover	10.37	5.70	3.32	5.31	5.70	3.94
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.93	1.93	1.27	2.36	1.65	1.53
Debt to equity	0.21	0.65	1.42	0.70	0.63	0.86
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.70	0.95	0.75	0.66	0.66
Interest coverage	10.47	4.73	1.80		4.73	2.38
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			72	28		
Net profit			72	28		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry	141 - Hardware and plumbing, heating and air conditioning equipment and supplies, wholesale
SICE Grouping	562

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.3	5.9		
Accounts receivable	31.6	27.1		
Inventory	33.5	43.4		
Capital assets	12.4	12.2		
Other assets	1.5	3.2		
Total operating assets	87.3	91.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.4	4.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.2	3.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	28.1	23.6		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.1	15.6		
Short term paper	0.1	1.4		
Mortgages	0.8	1.1		
Bonds	1.4	3.0		
Other loans	6.8	6.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	11.1	12.2		
Other liabilities	1.5	1.9		
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.5		
Total liabilities	64.0	65.3		
Shareholders' equity	200	al and an analysis of the second		
Share capital	6.7	8.9		
Retained earnings	28.7	22.9		
Other surplus	0.6	2.8		
Total shareholders' equity	36.0	34.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	79.4	78.5		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	49.8	46.9		

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Industry

142 - Lumber and building materials, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
<i>i</i>		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,421				***
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.9	0.9	-2.3	0.3	1.1	1.2
Pretax profit margin	4.7	1.2	-2.2	0.4	1.4	1.5
Operating profit margin	5.2	1.9	-2.8	-1.7	2.0	2.7
Gross profit margin	33.3	25.3	19.0	31.0	24.0	20.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	362.0	261.3	168.3	171.5	280.7	352.1
Return on net operating assets	13.5	6.2	-1.5	0.7	7.6	11.0
Pretax profit to assets	9.5	2.3	-4.5	0.3	3.0	4.4
Return on capital employed	10.3	5.8	0.0	3.8	7.4	9.9
Return on equity (2)	21.1	6.8	-2.6	4.1	7.9	10.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.08	7.75	5.60	4.38	8.34	7.84
Inventory turnover	6.54	4.36	3.13	6.57	4.32	5.25
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.49	1.65	1.05	1.14	1.68	1.40
Debt to equity	0.23	0.92	2.92	0.73	0.99	0.83
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.70	0.94	0.78	0.67	0.68
Interest coverage	3.96	1.27	-0.25	-0.68	1.77	2.37
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			66	34		
Net profit			65	35		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

142 - Lumber and building materials, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.4	4.2
Accounts receivable	20.8	31.3
Inventory	31.5	37.5
Capital assets	24.2	16.8
Other assets	2.8	2.4
Total operating assets	85.7	92.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.5	5.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.8	2.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	16.8	23.9
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.9	15.2
Short term paper	0.3	0.7
Mortgages	3.2	4.4
Bonds	3.1	4.7
Other loans	5.0	3.7
Amount owing to affiliates	15.7	14.8
Other liabilities	10.1	1.4
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.2
Total liabilities	71.4	68.8
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	11.6	4.1
Retained earnings	14.9	25.2
Other surplus	2.1	1.9
Total shareholders' equity	28.6	31.2
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	63.6	75.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.4	53.0

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Industry

143 - Farm machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,436				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.2	1.4	-0.8	1.0	1.5	1.2
Pretax profit margin	5.2	1.8	-0.7	1.2	1.8	1.6
Operating profit margin	5.6	2.3	0.0	1.3	2.4	2.3
Gross profit margin	31.5	22.1	15.3	30.0	19.4	12.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	314.5	211.0	136.1	133.5	249.8	312.6
Return on net operating assets	12.6	6.6	-1.5	-0.2	7.5	7.4
Pretax profit to assets	9.6	3.4	-1.1	1.9	4.1	4.0
Return on capital employed	12.4	6.4	0.3	2.3	7.1	7.0
Return on equity (2)	20.8	8.4	1.0	5.3	9.5	12.9
Efficiency (ratios)				ş		
Receivable turnover	15.25	10.71	8.23	10.87	10.57	13.12
Inventory turnover	6.18	2.77	1.63	3.26	2.60	2.38
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.80	1.50	1.24	2.69	1.41	1.25
Debt to equity	0.37	0.78	1.76	0.34	0.91	2.29
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.69	0.87	0.67	0.70	0.77
Interest coverage	3.96	1.72	0.21	0.40	2.11	2.44
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			71	29		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1:	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

143 - Farm machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.3	2.7		
Accounts receivable	13.3	12.8		
Inventory	56.6	66.4		
Capital assets	18.6	11.5		
Other assets	1.8	2.1		
Total operating assets	94.7	95.6		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.0	3.4		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.3	1.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	24.0	21.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	21.3	24.6		
Short term paper	0.1	0.5		
Mortgages	1.7	1.3		
Bonds	1.4	5.6		
Other loans	10.4	19.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	10.0	8.5		
Other liabilities	1.3	1.7		
Deferred income tax	0.3	0.3		
Total liabilities	70.6	83.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.9	2.5		
Retained earnings	25.8	13.8		
Other surplus	0.8	0.3		
Total shareholders' equity	29.4	16.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	74.7	81.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	49.3	67.0		

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144 - Construction, forestry and mining machinery, equipment and supplies

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		809				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.0	2.8	-0.6	3.5	2.6	1.4
Pretax profit margin	9.7	3.7	-0.5	4.4	3.4	1.8
Operating profit margin	8.4	4.7	0.7	1.6	4.9	3.2
Gross profit margin	42.7	29.6	19.6	37.5	27.1	21.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	359.6	257.6	129.2	172.7	294.3	212.5
Return on net operating assets	20.5	12.0	6.2	8.0	14.0	11.4
Pretax profit to assets	17.5	7.1	-1.0	6.1	7.8	5.2
Return on capital employed	19.5	10.3	4.2	9.4	12.2	7.6
Return on equity (2)	32.0	14.6	2.8	12.2	15.6	16.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.61	7.53	4.93	8.36	6.52	5.70
Inventory turnover	6.23	4.03	1.74	1.64	4.45	2.68
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.51	1.65	1.10	1.26	1.92	1.52
Debt to equity	0.25	0.59	1.68	0.43	0.63	2.34
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.67	0.90	0.71	0.65	0.78
Interest coverage	8.60	2.84	1.00	2.13	3.58	1.54
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			79	21		
Pretax profit			82	18		
Net profit			81	19		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

144 - Construction, forestry and mining machinery, equipment and supplies

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.0	5.8
Accounts receivable	26.2	22.8
Inventory	29.0	35.4
Capital assets	27.3	27.5
Other assets	2.3	4.5
Total operating assets	90.8	96.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.0	3.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.2	0.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.5	22.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	19.8	17.9
Short term paper	0.1	0.4
Mortgages	0.8	2.7
Bonds	1.2	4.8
Other loans	7.4	6.5
Amount owing to affiliates	15.9	19.4
Other liabilities	3.1	4.3
Deferred income tax	0.8	1.4
Total liabilities	67.6	80.0
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	13.0	8.3
Retained earnings	17.7	10.6
Other surplus	1.7	1.0
Total shareholders' equity	32.4	20.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	64.0	65.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.7	39.8

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Industry

145 - Industrial machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	3003311	Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	lian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,083		7.7% AV. 1		
Financial ratios				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.9	2.4	-0.1	2.2	2.5	1.9
Pretax profit margin	7.3	3.0	0.1	2.8	3.1	2.6
Operating profit margin	6.6	1.7	-0.7	0.9	2.6	2.8
Gross profit margin	41.1	31.2	23.6	38.0	29.3	25.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	403.3	298.5	165.1	224.5	322.1	384.0
Return on net operating assets	19.9	7.4	0.0	1.7	14.2	14.1
Pretax profit to assets	16.8	6.7	-0.1	5.1	7.4	6.3
Return on capital employed	15.2	6.7	1.0	1.7	11.3	10.6
Return on equity (2)	34.1	16.2	4.2	13.8	17.3	14.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.88	7.24	5.83	8.35	7.05	6.85
Inventory turnover	9.21	5.48	2.87	2.98	6.09	4.74
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.65	1.65	1.19	1.45	1.65	1.50
Debt to equity	0.25	0.71	1.34	0.64	0.75	0.94
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.68	0.91	0.71	0.67	0.70
Interest coverage	8.75	2.73	0.29	0.89	3.88	4.35
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		ii:
Pretax profit			64	36		
Net profit			65	35		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

145 - Industrial machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.4	3.9
Accounts receivable	29.2	33.2
Inventory	29.6	36.4
Capital assets	14.7	12.6
Other assets	5.0	3.8
Total operating assets	87.0	89.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.5	9.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.5	1.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	23.6	28.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.4	12.1
Short term paper	0.2	0.2
Mortgages	1.6	1.3
Bonds	1.4	2.6
Other loans	7.9	1.7
Amount owing to affiliates	14.3	16.5
Other liabilities	3.5	4.5
Deferred income tax	0.1	0.5
Total liabilities	69.0	67.3
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	6.7	8.6
Retained earnings	24.1	23.5
Other surplus	0.3	0.7
Total shareholders' equity	31.0	32.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	75.5	74.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	46.7	55.4

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Industry

146 - Electrical and electronic machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

SICE Grouping

574

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	×					to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		4,115	***************************************			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.2	1.4	-1.4	1.0	1.6	1.2
Pretax profit margin	6.4	1.7	-1.2	1.2	1.9	1.7
Operating profit margin	6.3	2.2	-1.3	1.4	3.0	2.1
Gross profit margin	43.8	28.3	18.1	36.2	24.3	18.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	385.1	277.5	196.3	225.3	336.8	352.1
Return on net operating assets	19.9	8.1	1.9	5.3	10.5	14.1
Pretax profit to assets	17.1	4.9	-3.9	2.7	6.4	6.2
Return on capital employed	17.4	7.0	1.7	5.0	10.8	12.1
Return on equity (2)	40.8	18.4	3.3	14.5	20.5	18.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.39	8.27	5.74	7.54	8.43	6.69
nventory turnover	12.14	5.90	3.14	5.54	6.89	8.39
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.39	1.71	1.14	2.18	1.41	1.44
Debt to equity	0.28	1.00	2.33	1.04	0.76	0.89
Liabilities to assets	0.53	0.80	1.02	0.86	0.77	0.77
interest coverage	4.64	1.72	0.32	0.65	2.25	3.16
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			70	30		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

146 - Electrical and electronic machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.8	8.8		
Accounts receivable	31.4	39.6		
Inventory	23.3	21.8		
Capital assets	12.6	10.6		
Other assets	5.5	7.3		
Total operating assets	82.6	88.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.1	9.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.2	2.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	24.0	29.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	13.8	14.3		
Short term paper	0.1	0.3		
Mortgages	1.1	0.9		
Bonds	0.9	1.2		
Other loans	4.6	5.9		
Amount owing to affiliates	35.2	13.5		
Other liabilities	5.0	6.0		
Deferred income tax	0.3	0.0		
Total liabilities	85.0	72.1		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	15.1	23.7		
Retained earnings	-1.6	2.5		
Other surplus	1.5	1.8		
Total shareholders' equity	15.0	27.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	77.3	76.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	50.1	54.0		

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Industry

147 - Other machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
370	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		4,437				A
Financial ratios		Fi.				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.2	1.7	-1.2	1.4	1.9	1.6
Pretax profit margin	6.4	2.1	1.1	1.6	2.4	2.1
Operating profit margin	7.3	3.4	-0.2	3.2	3.7	2.9
Gross profit margin	46.1	33.7	24.0	39.8	30.3	26.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	394.5	280.0	170.3	226.2	322.3	306.9
Return on net operating assets	22.1	10.0	0.4	7.4	11.3	11.7
Pretax profit to assets	14.4	4.7	-2.6	2.8	6.0	5.3
Return on capital employed	18.6	8.0	0.7	7.0	8.5	8.8
Return on equity (2)	29.9	13.2	0.9	10.3	14.3	14.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.28	8.36	5.90	8.99	8.06	6.68
nventory turnover	9.38	5.04	3.14	5.61	4.60	4.70
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.92	1.78	1.22	1.73	1.80	1.56
Debt to equity	0.20	0.79	2.19	0.91	0.79	0.82
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.73	0.96	0.77	0.70	0.72
nterest coverage	7.00	1.93	0.55	1.50	2.40	3.00
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
retax profit			70	30		
Net profit			68	32		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity

Current assets - % of total assets

Current liabilities - % of total assets

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147 - Other machinery, equipment and supplies, wholesale Industry 579 **SICE Grouping** Medium firms with revenue Small firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million under \$5 million % Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm % **Assets** 7.2 8.9 Cash 33.0 26.8 Accounts receivable 27.1 30.8 Inventory 21.4 10.4 Capital assets 3.5 5.6 Other assets 87.1 87.6 Total operating assets 8.7 9.1 Investments and accounts with affiliates 3.8 3.7 Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates 100.0 100.0 Total assets Liabilities 28.1 22.4 Accounts payable Borrowing: 12.8 16.6 Banks 0.3 0.1 Short term paper 3.2 1.1 Mortgages 3.2 0.6 **Bonds** 3.7 5.8 Other loans 14.6 20.1 Amount owing to affiliates 3.6 2.7 Other liabilities 0.2 0.3 Deferred income tax 72.4 67.0 Total liabilities Shareholders' equity 4.9 12.0 Share capital 15.1 27.1 Retained earnings 1.1 0.5 Other surplus Total shareholders' equity 27.6 33.0 100.0

100.0

67.0

41.8

78.8

53.1

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

148 - Waste materials, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,192				**************************************
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.7	2.9	-0.5	2.2	3.3	1.6
Pretax profit margin	9.5	3.5	-0.4	2.5	4.2	2.3
Operating profit margin	9.2	4.6	1.4	4.3	4.6	3.1
Gross profit margin	57.2	39.3	24.9	46.6	35.5	19.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	504.0	197.7	135.1	135.1	254.0	393.6
Return on net operating assets	29.2	14.6	5.6	20.6	7.5	15.3
Pretax profit to assets	19.3	7.0	-0.9	3.7	10.0	7.2
Return on capital employed	30.2	12.7	4.4	13.5	10.2	10.6
Return on equity (2)	38.2	16.8	2.4	10.0	19.4	17.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.68	10.88	5.89	11.29	9.17	8.69
Inventory turnover	17.34	7.42	2.69	2.21	8.17	16.54
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.04	2.47	1.06	3.33	1.56	1.12
Debt to equity	0.22	0.62	1.76	0.65	0.50	1.09
Liabilities to assets	0.40	0.69	0.95	0.78	0.64	0.73
Interest coverage	7.92	4.01	1.93	3.07	4.08	2.50
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			81	19		
Pretax profit			81	19		
Net profit			81	19		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	ĺ		1	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

148 - Waste materials, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		WY.
Cash	8.4	2.5
Accounts receivable	15.3	30.2
Inventory	16.4	18.4
Capital assets	31.0	31.2
Other assets	4.1	1.3
Total operating assets	75.2	83.7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	16.0	10.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.8	6.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.1	30.9
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.3	15.1
Short term paper	53	0.2
Mortgages	1.3	0.5
Bonds	-	6.2
Other loans	7.1	7.9
Amount owing to affiliates	15.6	7.8
Other liabilities	2.1	1.9
Deferred income tax	0.3	0.4
Total liabilities	60.8	71.0
I Oral Hamilines		
Shareholders' equity		7.0
Share capital	1.7	7.9
Retained earnings	36.4	19.5
Other surplus	1.1	1.7
Total shareholders' equity	39.2	29.0
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	47.0	59.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.9	52.4

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Industry

149 - Paper and paper products, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median						
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group		529					
Financial ratios							
Profitability (percentages)							
Net profit margin	5.0	1.6	-0.8	1.1	2.1	1.3	
Pretax profit margin	6.1	2.0	-0.8	1.3	2.5	1.6	
Operating profit margin	11.1	1.9	0.2	1.7	2.4	2.0	
Gross profit margin	41.8	31.2	23.6	36.5	29.3	24.7	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	403.9	279.2	186.0	227.1	337.5	274.1	
Return on net operating assets	22.9	4.7	-4.3	3.5	5.0	10.0	
Pretax profit to assets	14.4	5.1	-2.0	2.7	6.7	4.9	
Return on capital employed	7.3	3.3	-11.6	-0.4	6.7	10.2	
Return on equity (2)	33.9	13.4	0.5	6.9	16.0	15.1	
Efficiency (ratios)							
Receivable turnover	10.78	7.39	4.30	4.44	8.61	6.21	
Inventory turnover	14.78	6.20	3.32	4.24	6.50	4.93	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)							
Working capital	2.36	1.44	0.99	1.31	2.57	1.24	
Debt to equity	0.11	0.52	7.54	0.60	0.31	1.32	
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.75	0.98	0.76	0.72	0.75	
Interest coverage	5.84	1.69	-0.25	0.75	4.27	1.61	

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	64	36
Pretax profit	60	40
Net profit	60	40
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	2	:7

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

149 - Paper and paper products, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	8.6	5.1		
Accounts receivable	37.0	36.3		
Inventory	19.8	34.1		
Capital assets	13.4	11.2		
Other assets	3.2	6.5		
Total operating assets	82.0	93.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.1	3.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	10.9	3.8		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	25.6	28.4		
Borrowing:				
Banks	12.9	22.3		
Short term paper	0.0	0.2		
Mortgages	2.9	0.7		
Bonds	0.6	2.3		
Other loans	4.6	6.5		
Amount owing to affiliates	12.1	11.3		
Other liabilities	2.3	6.5		
Deferred income tax	0.5	0.0		
Total liabilities	61.5	78.1		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.5	2.0		
Retained earnings	35.6	18.8		
Other surplus	0.4	1.2		
Total shareholders' equity	38.5	21.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	72.8	78.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	47.7	56.3		

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Industry

150 - Agricultural supplies, wholesale

SICE Grouping

Number of firms in the group Financial ratios <u>Profitability (percentages)</u> Net profit margin Pretax profit margin Operating profit margin	Better Q3 75%	Quartile Bo Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Financial ratios <u>Profitability (percentages)</u> Net profit margin Pretax profit margin	Q3 75%	Q2 50%	Q1	under	\$500,000 to	Median
Financial ratios <u>Profitability (percentages)</u> Net profit margin Pretax profit margin		. 694				
Profitability (percentages) Net profit margin Pretax profit margin						
Net profit margin Pretax profit margin						,
Pretax profit margin						
		1.6	-0.5	1.6	1.7	1.5
Operating profit margin	5.7	2.2	-0.4	1.9	2.2	1.9
	6.4	1.5	-1.4	0.3	2.1	2.2
Gross profit margin	32.0	21.0	14.1	28.5	19.4	17.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	454.1	280.5	136.9	144.3	321.8	287.3
Return on net operating assets	13.9	4.4	-3.3	1.1	11.4	9.1
Pretax profit to assets	12.5	4.9	-1.0	2.1	6.0	4.6
Return on capital employed	13.4	5.1	0.4	1.2	8.9	8.1
Return on equity (2)	27.4	12.8	2.8	6.4	14.0	12.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.16	8.47	4.03	7.05	8.47	7.66
Inventory turnover	13.66	6.60	4.54	8.47	6.02	7.36
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.78	1.60	1.15	1.75	1.40	1.33
Debt to equity	0.34	1.13	1.96	1.32	0.66	1.20
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.71	0.94	0.74	0.70	0.74
interest coverage	3.01	0.96	-0.35	0.23	2.04	2.66
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			70	30		
Pretax profit			65	35		
Net profit			68	32		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

		5 6 70	W70
Small	and	Medium	Firms

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

150 - Agricultural supplies, wholesale

Industry

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	8.3	2.8	
Accounts receivable	22.8	25.9	
Inventory	19.2	22.6	
Capital assets	33.8	17.5	
Other assets	3.0	2.1	
Total operating assets	87.1	71.0	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.0	9.2	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.8	19.8	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	22.8	20.0	
Borrowing:			
Banks	17.3	22.6	
Short term paper	0.5	0.3	
Mortgages	4.7	2.2	
Bonds	0.6	3.7	
Other loans	6.0	3.9	
Amount owing to affiliates	7.2	5.1	
Other liabilities	2.8	1.1	
Deferred income tax	0.4	2.2	
Total liabilities	62.5	61.0	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	6.2	5.5	
Retained earnings	31.3	27.0	
Other surplus	0.1	6.5	
Total shareholders' equity	37.5	39.0	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	55.7	53.2	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.3	42.3	

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Industry

151 - Toys, amusement and sporting goods, wholesale

SICE Grouping

594

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		674				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.3	1.0	-3.6	0.4	1.3	1.2
Pretax profit margin	6.8	1.4	-3.5	0.5	1.7	1.6
Operating profit margin	6.9	0.5	-5.6	-5.6	1.7	0.6
Gross profit margin	41.0	30.1	22.3	35.2	27.8	26.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	375.2	202.1	160.6	191.3	266.5	233.9
Return on net operating assets	5.8	-2.3	-24.7	-24.7	5.1	4.8
Pretax profit to assets	13.9	2.4	-6.1	0.7	3.4	4.3
Return on capital employed	11.3	3.6	-0.2	-24.9	4.5	3.8
Return on equity (2)	30.9	11.0	-0.5	10.5	11.1	9.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.80	6.88	6.25	6.88	7.55	5.53
Inventory turnover	8.97	5.53	1.72		2.83	2.88
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.85	1.65	1.10	1.24	2.17	1.51
Debt to equity	0.37	0.71	1.96	0.71	0.85	0.80
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.79	1.05	0.89	0.71	0.72
Interest coverage	2.09	-1.44	-10.00	-2.27	1.64	1.44
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			61	39		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

151 - Toys, amusement and sporting goods, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.8	3.2		
Accounts receivable	24.6	39.5		
Inventory	37.5	45.3		
Capital assets	12.7	5.1		
Other assets	4.4	2.6		
Total operating assets	89.0	95.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.3	4.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.7	0.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.1	28.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.4	17.9		
Short term paper	0.3	0.3		
Mortgages	1.9	0.5		
Bonds	3.5	3.6		
Other loans	4.6	1.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	27.3	18.5		
Other liabilities	2.0	2.3		
Deferred income tax	0.1	0.0		
Total liabilities	72,2	72.8		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	0.6	11.9		
Retained earnings	26.5	14.5		
Other surplus	0.7	0.8		
Total shareholders' equity	27.8	27.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	79.5	92.3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.6	57.0		

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Industry

152 - Photographic equipment and musical instruments and supplies, wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	uartile Boundary (1)		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		162		*		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.4	1.0	-2.8	0.7	1.0	1.5
Pretax profit margin	5.0	1.4	-1.7	1.5	1.4	2.0
Operating profit margin	344	2.5	***		-0.9	3.3
Gross profit margin	46.2	34.0	24.2	41.2	30.5	24.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets		243.4		•••	243.4	424.2
Return on net operating assets		0.4	***	•••	0.4	14.5
Pretax profit to assets	9.1	2.0	-4.4	0.7	3.8	4.8
Return on capital employed	***	7.6			0.0	11.4
Return on equity (2)	19.3	7.2	-2.5	5.9	7.7	11.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	***	•••	***		6.60
Inventory turnover	100	6.45	***		6.45	3.05
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.74		***	1.74	1.25
Debt to equity	***	0.66	***		0.22	1.96
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.76	1.01	0.87	0.61	0.82
Interest coverage	***	1.82			-0.21	2.60
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1

1995

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Industry

152 - Photographic equipment and musical instruments and supplies, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.5	1.6
Accounts receivable	23.9	27.4
Inventory	37.9	50.5
Capital assets	14.4	8.4
Other assets	9.3	2.5
Total operating assets	92.0	90.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.0	9.6
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	-	0.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.4	31.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	20.3	14.9
Short term paper	0.4	1.0
Mortgages	0.7	1.8
Bonds	1.2	5.9
Other loans	1.8	3.3
Amount owing to affiliates	8.0	16.9
Other liabilities	14.4	0.8
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.0
Total liabilities	60.2	76.1
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	11.9	1.0
Retained earnings	27.8	22.9
Other surplus	0.1	0.0
Total shareholders' equity	39.8	23.9
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	79.4	83.4
Current liabilities - % of total assets	51.7	58.2

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Industry

153 - Jewellery and watches, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	-	Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		490				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.1	1.2	-2.4	0.7	1.8	0.8
Pretax profit margin	6.0	1.5	-2.3	0.8	2.2	1.0
Operating profit margin	7.3	2.2	-0.1	0.1	3.1	1.9
Gross profit margin	48.1	33.3	20.6	40.2	26.0	24.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	264.2	164.4	111.7	133.1	193.5	189.4
Return on net operating assets	12.3	4.2	0.6	1.0	5.5	3.4
Pretax profit to assets	11.0	2.2	-3.9	1.0	3.5	1.9
Return on capital employed	11.0	3.6	0.5	0.7	4.0	2.9
Return on equity (2)	25.0	10.4	-0.4	6.7	12.0	9.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.27	5.85	3.93	5.19	5.89	5.09
Inventory turnover	2.67	1.57	0.93	0.90	1.96	2.02
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	9.22	2.86	1.39	6.24	1.77	1.34
Debt to equity	0.30	0.87	1.16		0.43	0.79
Liabilities to assets	0.49	0.81	1.04	0.84	0.78	0.78
Interest coverage	9.79	2.95	0.11	3.55	2.14	1.08
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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153 - Jewellery and watches, wholesale Industry 596 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	5.3	2.8		
Accounts receivable	25.2	36.5		
Inventory	47.1	41.2		
Capital assets	7.1	9.0		
Other assets	2.2	7.7		
Total operating assets	87.0	97.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.7	0.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.2	2.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	22.3	19.7		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.5	18.6		
Short term paper	0.1	0.2		
Mortgages	2.0	3.7		
Bonds	2.6	2.3		
Other loans	2.4	1.1		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.7	20.7		
Other liabilities	3.0	0.8		
Deferred income tax	0.1	0.1		
Total liabilities	66.7	67.3		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	5.7	21.4		
Retained earnings	26.9	0.6		
Other surplus	0.7	10.7		
Total shareholders' equity	33.3	32.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	80.2	81.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	41.0	49.5		

Number of firms in the group

Operating revenue to net operating assets

Profitability (percentages)

Financial ratios

Net profit margin

Pretax profit margin

Gross profit margin

Pretax profit to assets

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)

Receivable turnover

Inventory turnover

Working capital

Debt to equity

Operating profit margin

Return on net operating assets

Return on capital employed

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Medium firms with

2.3

2.5

28.1

374.9

13.3

5.9

11.7

10.7

6.27

8.39

1.19

0.64

Industry

154 - Industrial and household chemicals wholesale

6.6

7.7

49.7

472.5

31.6

15.1

21.8

32.7

9.11

10.57

4.24

0.06

SICE Grouping

597

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million Quartile Boundary (1) Median Better Average Worse Firms Firms Q3 Median Q2 \$500,000 to Q1 under \$500,000 \$5 million 75% 50% 25% 583 5.2 1.8 -1.9 0.6 2.7 1.7

0.9

3.8

41.5

283.5

19.7

1.6

16.6

8.5

8.61

5.71

1.36

0.50

3.4

6.3

33.6

342.8

11.5

8.5

10.9

17.9

6.65

10.57

2.16

0.21

Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.71	0.96	0.82	0.67	0.73
Interest coverage	16.55	5.57	0.88	3.65	8.81	3.29
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			88	12		
Pretax profit			76	24		
Net profit			76	24		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)				9		

2.3

4.6

36.3

342.6

13.2

4.8

11.4

14.3

8.33

6.95

1.46

0.28

-1.8

2.0

25.6

197.4

1.6

-4.3

3.1

1.8

6.21

5.82

1.26

1.13

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

154 - Industrial and household chemicals wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%		
Assets	7.0	10.2	
Cash	7.8	10.3 34.3	
Accounts receivable	22.2 15.3	24.8	
Inventory		12.4	
Capital assets	24.7	5.6	
Other assets	4.4		
Total operating assets	74.5	87.5	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.4	11.6	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	17.2	0.9	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	16.4	32.2	
Borrowing:			
Banks	15.6	16.1	
Short term paper	0.0	0.0	
Mortgages	3.6	0.6	
Bonds	0.2	0.0	
Other loans	11.5	1.3	
Amount owing to affiliates	9.4	20.1	
Other liabilities	6.3	11.0	
Deferred income tax	0.7	-0.9	
Total liabilities	63.8	80.3	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	4.2	8.5	
Retained earnings	30.8	11.1	
Other surplus	1.1	0.1	
Total shareholders' equity	36.2	19.7	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	56.0	71.2	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.6	55.9	

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Industry

155 - General merchandise, wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
1-		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		741				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.5	2.0	-1.9	2.1	1.4	0.7
Pretax profit margin	12.4	2.8	-1.5	3.2	2.2	1.0
Operating profit margin	3.9	1.7	-2.5	1.0	****	2.0
Gross profit margin	47.6	29.2	18.4	37.8	22.3	22.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	204.9		204.9	***	•••
Return on net operating assets	32.4	12.4	-0.3	10.1		4.9
Pretax profit to assets	27.3	5.9	-5.1	5.4	6.5	4.0
Return on capital employed	22.2	8.9	0.8	4.8	***	4.5
Return on equity (2)	48.3	21.6	3.0	21.6	21.8	16.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••	10.00	ens.	10.00	555	
Inventory turnover		1.92		***	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.91	1.14	0.99	1.27		1.13
Debt to equity		0.98		***		2.70
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.83	1.05	0.85	0.80	0.75
Interest coverage	•••	1.63		1.37	***	7
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			67	33		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry	155	- General merchandise, wholesale
SICE Grouping	598	

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	11.7	6.4		
Accounts receivable	18.1	39.7		
Inventory	43.0	31.9		
Capital assets	11.9	19.6		
Other assets	0.8	2.2		
Total operating assets	85.4	99.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.7	0.1		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.9	0.1		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	51.7	36.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	12.9	16.6		
Short term paper	0.2	0.9		
Mortgages	3.0	1.7		
Bonds	1.8	9.8		
Other loans	5.2	4.6		
Amount owing to affiliates	9.5	14.3		
Other liabilities	4.6	0.4		
Deferred income tax	**	0.0		
Total liabilities	88.8	84.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	1.6	8.3		
Retained earnings	9.6	7.3		
Other surplus	•	*		
Total shareholders' equity	11.2	15.6		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	80.4	80.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	70.6	59.3		

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Industry

156 - Other products n.e.c., wholesale

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
1-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		5,310				
Financial ratios		211000				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.0	1.7	-1.7	1.5	1.9	1.5
Pretax profit margin	8.7	2.1	-1.5	1.9	2.3	2.0
Operating profit margin	8.5	2.7	-0.9	2.7	2.1	3.2
Gross profit margin	42.7	29.7	18.8	33.7	26.6	20.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	380.8	253.3	135.2	219.8	289.3	311.5
Return on net operating assets	17.8	10.0	-1.5	10.8	8.9	12.0
Pretax profit to assets	18.3	4.7	-3.9	3.5	6.0	6.1
Return on capital employed	15.6	8.5	-1.0	7.4	9.1	11.9
Return on equity (2)	33.9	13.8	1.4	11.5	15.9	13.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.09	7.76	5.01	8.78	7.41	6.78
Inventory turnover	9.03	4.79	2.69	3.76	5.57	6.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.80	1.67	1.06	1.76	1.52	1.48
Debt to equity	0.27	0.94	2.40	1.32	0.77	0.84
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.75	1.00	0.78	0.73	0.72
Interest coverage	6.97	2.21	0.47	1.40	2.65	3.17
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			72	28		
Net profit			71	29		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

156 - Other products n.e.c., wholesale

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.1	8.2		
Accounts receivable	28.4	36.3		
Inventory	22.6	31.8		
Capital assets	18.6	11.1		
Other assets	4.0	3.8		
Total operating assets	83.7	91.2		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.1	6.4		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.2	2.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	23.6	25.8		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.0	14.7		
Short term paper	0.2	0.2		
Mortgages	3.9	1.3		
Bonds	1.8	2.5		
Other loans	5.2	4.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.2	17.0		
	2.9	2.8		
Other liabilities	0.0	0.1		
Deferred income tax	73.9	69.1		
Total liabilities	100	V/1A		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.7	8.1		
Retained earnings	21.3	22.2		
Other surplus	1.1	0.6		
Total shareholders' equity	26.1	30.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	70.2	82.1		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	47.7	53.9		

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Industry

157 - Food stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		11,655				
Financial ratios			3.77			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	2.0	0.3	-2.0	-0.5	0.5	0.8
Pretax profit margin	2.3	0.4	-1.8	-0.4	0.6	1.0
Operating profit margin	3.7	1.1	-1.5	0.7	1.4	1.1
Gross profit margin	35.8	22.7	17.0	30.7	20.1	20.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	464.8	297.9	188.7	258.0	356.8	450.6
Return on net operating assets	14.9	6.0	-4.9	2.6	9.3	17.3
Pretax profit to assets	9.5	1.3	-7.7	-1.2	2.8	6.5
Return on capital employed	14.3	4.9	-6.4	1.7	9.0	11.4
Return on equity (2)	25.9	9.3	-3.9	5.7	10.6	14.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.57	11.22	8.21	9.16	11.31	6.30
nventory turnover	19.57	11.46	7.47	10.48	13.31	20.72
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital	2.68	1.55	1.06	1.80	1.45	1.15
Debt to equity	0.27	0.70	2.13	0.57	0.75	1.01
iabilities to assets	0.53	0.86	1.07	0.95	0.79	0.75
nterest coverage	4.50	1.17	-0.47	1.00	1.63	1.84
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
retax profit			63	37		
let profit			63	37		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

157 - Food stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	9.1	9.5
Accounts receivable	6.8	8.4
Inventory	19.3	24.2
Capital assets	44.8	37.5
Other assets	5.6	4.6
Total operating assets	85.6	84.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.8	8.0
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.6	7.8
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	16.1	28.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.3	17.9
Short term paper	0.2	0.7
Mortgages	8.1	4.3
Bonds	2.4	8.3
Other loans	8.2	9.6
Amount owing to affiliates	19.1	16.3
Other liabilities	2.0	3.0
Deferred income tax	0.1	0.1
Total liabilities	71.5	88.7
Shareholders' equity	22	
Share capital	3.8	5.8
Retained earnings	21.5	4.0
Other surplus	3.3	1.5
Total shareholders' equity	28.5	11.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	40.2	51.1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	30.1	55.9

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Industry

Pretax profit

Net profit

158 - Prescription drugs and patent medicine stores

SICE Grouping

603

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,560				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.6	1.5	-0.3	1.0	1.5	0.5
Pretax profit margin	5.9	1.8	-0.2	1.4	2.0	0.7
Operating profit margin	5.6	1.6	-0.2	-2.3	2.0	1.0
Gross profit margin	33.7	29.3	25.7	35.4	28.8	28.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	465.9	352.6	207.2	122.5	398.2	506.3
Return on net operating assets	19.7	7.8	1.0	0.6	10.0	14.6
Pretax profit to assets	14.3	5.0	-0.6	2.5	5.5	4.1
Return on capital employed	16.9	8.2	2.1	5.9	8.8	12.8
Return on equity (2)	27.1	12.4	2.6	8.5	13.3	17.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	17.68	13.31	9.32	7.17	14.60	18.52
Inventory turnover	6.07	4.82	3.72	4.15	4.88	6.11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.02	1.82	1.16	5.73	1.61	1.21
Debt to equity	0.14	0.40	2.25	0.24	0.45	1.13
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.65	0.94	0.76	0.62	0.85
Interest coverage	4.39	1.23	-0.02	0.85	1.67	3.16
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with	Firms with		
Operating profit			profits (%) 77	losses (%) 23		

28

28

19

72

72

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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158 - Prescription drugs and patent medicine stores Industry **SICE Grouping** 603

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.0	3.2
Accounts receivable	12.2	11.7
Inventory	41.6	60.6
Capital assets	14.8	8.0
Other assets	4.6	7.2
Total operating assets	84.2	90.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.0	6.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.8	3.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	28.4	40.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	13.7	22.0
Short term paper	0.3	0.5
Mortgages	2.9	1.2
Bonds	3.9	5.9
Other loans	5.5	9.2
Amount owing to affiliates	10.8	6.8
Other liabilities	2.1	0.8
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.0
Total liabilities	67.6	86.6
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.7	2.5
Retained earnings	29.5	10.2
Other surplus	1.2	0.8
Total shareholders' equity	32.4	13.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	70.5	80.7
Current liabilities - % of total assets	46.7	70.6

611

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Industry

159 - Shoe stores

SICE Grouping

Medium firms with

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boun		oundary (1)	ındary (1) Med		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	49.00	871	193			
Financial ratios			South rately to a section	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.9	1.0	-2.5	0.5	1.9	1.8
Pretax profit margin	4.5	1.2	-2.4	0.6	2.3	2.2
Operating profit margin	5.6	4.3	0.1	4.3	2.8	
Gross profit margin	45.0	39.3	32.2	38.5	40.1	46.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	412.0	329.9	202.6	373.9	218.6	***
Return on net operating assets	17.4	3.9	-1.4	3.9	1.2	***
Pretax profit to assets	8.8	2.3	-5.0	1.1	4.8	5.5
Return on capital employed	15.9	9.0	0.6	9.2	6.3	
Return on equity (2)	21.9	8.1	-1.1	6.2	9.0	16.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover			***	744		•••
Inventory turnover	2.75	1.92	0.97	1.82	1.99	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.55	1.89	1.19	1.57	2.00	
Debt to equity	***	0.86	***		0.45	
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.77	1.01	0.85	0.68	0.73
Interest coverage	3.81	1.23	0.10	0.05	4.12	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	7	
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	25		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

159 - Shoe stores

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.6	2
Accounts receivable	4.9	£ .
Inventory	56.5	(
Capital assets	10.9	•
Other assets	1.2	-
Total operating assets	80.1	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.3) -
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	16.6	8.2
Total assets	100.0	*
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	25.1	-
Borrowing:		
Banks	9.1	=
Short term paper	0.3	£
Mortgages	1.9	¥
Bonds	3.1	ě.
Other loans	2.9	2
Amount owing to affiliates	24.6	*
Other liabilities	1.1	
Deferred income tax	0.1	-
Total liabilities	68.2	*
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.0	·
Retained earnings	28.8	¥
Other surplus	(a)	2
Total shareholders' equity	31.8	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	<u> </u>
Current assets - % of total assets	84.9	8 7 0
Current liabilities - % of total assets	48.3	-

Industry

160 - Men's clothing stores

SICE Grouping

612

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

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						to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	Median
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Number of firms in the group	**	1,147				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.2	0.9	-2.8	0.4	1.6	1.2
Pretax profit margin	5.0	1.1	-2.4	0.5	2.1	1.5
Operating profit margin	4.5	-3.7	-10.6	-4.2	1.7	***
Gross profit margin	44.7	38.7	32.2	38.3	39.8	41.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	342.5	218.8	134.8	208.3	***	
Return on net operating assets	18.4	-6.0	-7.6	-6.0		
Pretax profit to assets	10.1	2.1	-5.1	0.6	4.8	4.9
Return on capital employed	12.8	-3.3	-9.5	-5.1	1.5	122 0
Return on equity (2)	20.5	6.3	-3.4	4.3	8.9	18.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	11.32		11.32		***
Inventory turnover	3.68	1.53	1.14	1.53	1.35	[]
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.02	2.31	1.38	2.44	1.44	
Debt to equity	•••	0.37		0.84		7
Liabilities to assets	0.39	0.74	0.99	0.79	0.65	0.67
Interest coverage	3.59	0.80	-3.85	-0.91		***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

160 - Men's clothing stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.6	(★)
Accounts receivable	7.7	5.
Inventory	49.8	85
Capital assets	18.7	(*)
Other assets	3.1	-
Total operating assets	90.0	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.3	5 .
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.7	•
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.5	
Borrowing:		
Banks	11.6	-
Short term paper	0.2	æ
Mortgages	1.6	-
Bonds	3.0	
Other loans	5.9	•
Amount owing to affiliates	12.7	
Other liabilities	1.5	
Deferred income tax	0.1	•
Total liabilities	54.1	:•:
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.6	•
Retained earnings	42.2	(4)
Other surplus	0.1	7 - 2
Total shareholders' equity	45.9	25
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	71.2	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.2	¥

Small.	and	Medium	Firms
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

161 - Women's clothing stores

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile 3		Boundary (1)		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,998			- 2	
Financial ratios					*	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.4	0.4	-4.6	-0.4	0.8	1.3
Pretax profit margin	4.0	0.4	-4.2	-0.2	1.0	1.8
Operating profit margin	5.9	2.1	-2.4	2.3	1.7	***
Gross profit margin	44.8	37.8	30.8	37.2	38.8	44.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	424.7	289.0	130.1	251.1	303.0	
Return on net operating assets	15.8	10.3	-2.8	8.5	10.3	
Pretax profit to assets	8.9	0.9	-10.8	-0.7	3.0	5.7
Return on capital employed	15.7	9.4	-0.9	8.3	9.4	
Return on equity (2)	23.6	7.6	-5.1	5.9	10.6	20.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	(***)	10.86	N			***
Inventory turnover	4.49	2.62	1.76	2.37	4.25	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.13	1.68	1.01	1.32	1.70	200
Debt to equity	0.28	1.61	3.87	2.14	0.84	
Liabilities to assets	0.52	0.86	1.10	0.90	0.75	0.77
Interest coverage	3.49	1.01	-1.35	0.93	2.07	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			64	36		
Pretax profit			61	39		
Net profit			61	39		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Connall		
	and Medium Firms	

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry	161	- Women's clothing stores
SICE Grouping	613	

0	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	13.4	•
Accounts receivable	7.3	
Inventory	38.1	10 75 61
Capital assets	20.2	\$ 4
Other assets	6.2	140
Total operating assets	85.2	/ <u>&</u> /
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.6	(★)
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.1	
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	24.8	-
Borrowing:		
Banks	18.6	<u> </u>
Short term paper	0.2	: •
Mortgages	3.1	-
Bonds	2.4	-
Other loans	8.0	-
Amount owing to affiliates	16.8	
Other liabilities	5.5	
Deferred income tax	0.0	*
Total liabilities	79.4	
* ##F 2770 3000 3000 740		
Shareholders' equity	12/12/1	
Share capital	2.4	*
Retained earnings	14.5	*
Other surplus	3.8	*
Total shareholders' equity	20.6	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	67.1	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	46.4	-

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Industry

162 - Clothing stores n.e.c.

SICE Grouping

10	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,678		anti o		
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.7	0.5	-4.7	-0.7	1.3	1.7
Pretax profit margin	4.3	0.6	-4.5	-0.6	1.7	2.0
Operating profit margin	5.8	3.3	-2.5	2.1	3.5	4.5
Gross profit margin	44.5	37.7	29.6	38.0	36.8	39.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	303.7	182.6	137.4	163.8	258.8	321.8
Return on net operating assets	15.7	5.7	2.1	4.2	11.5	11.6
Pretax profit to assets	9.4	1.1	-9.0	-1.4	3.9	6.3
Return on capital employed	13.5	5.8	-0.8	3.3	9.9	25.6
Return on equity (2)	24.9	7.7	-3.9	4.5	10.9	18.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		5.02	•••	5.02	***	***
Inventory turnover	2.94	1.84	0.99	1.27	2.03	4.19
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.48	1.72	1.10	2.39	1.25	2.11
Debt to equity	0.19	0.44	1.15	0.35	0.85	0.15
Liabilities to assets	0.53	0.84	1.07	0.91	0.71	0.69
Interest coverage	3.30	1.29	-2.17	1.58	1.24	3.47
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Small	and	Meanin	LILIN
DILLOGAL	COTTO	2.20	

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business Page: 333

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

162 - Clothing stores n.e.c.

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.6	8.4
Accounts receivable	4.4	11.7
Inventory	51.5	38.7
Capital assets	18.8	24.2
Other assets	5.2	5.5
Total operating assets	87.6	88.6
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.5	7.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.9	4.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
I :- l-11tai-o-		
Liabilities	050	26.2
Accounts payable	25.3	26.3
Borrowing:	17.0	10.0
Banks		
Short term paper	0.1	0.3
Mortgages	6.8	6.2
Bonds	1.3	3.0
Other loans	2.5	4.3
Amount owing to affiliates	27.3	14.7
Other liabilities	2.3	16.1
Deferred income tax	-0.4	-0.2
Total liabilities	82.3	80.7
Shareholders' equity	State-dispet	ANDOLOGIA
Share capital	2.6	3.8
Retained earnings	14.3	4.9
Other surplus	0.8	10.6
Total shareholders' equity	17.7	19.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	73.0	63.1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	50.1	46.2

Industry 163 - Fabric and yarn stores

SICE Grouping 615

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

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	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		458				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.8	0.5	-4.6	-0.5	1.9	1.3
Pretax profit margin	4.7	0.6	-4.4	-0.5	2.1	1.9
Operating profit margin	925	2.0		1.9	2.1	
Gross profit margin	48.7	40.3	32.8	40.9	39.9	41.5
Operating revenue to net operating assets	1980	160.6	•••		211.1	19454490
Return on net operating assets		3.5	•••		4.1	
Pretax profit to assets	8.7	0.9	-7.7	-0.8	4.0	4.6
Return on capital employed		2.6			3.7	***
Return on equity (2)	18.2	7.1	-5.4	4.4	9.4	8.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		***	***	***	***	
Inventory turnover	•••	1.26		•••	1.67	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		2.33			4.08	***
Debt to equity		0.15	***		***	***
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.81	1.02	0.84	0.71	0.63
Interest coverage	***	0.89	***	3000	0.98	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

163 - Fabric and yarn stores

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.7	*
Accounts receivable	4.0	1.5
Inventory	52.8	-
Capital assets	21.6	•
Other assets	3.1	<u>u</u>
Total operating assets	90.1	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	0.3	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.5	
Total assets	100.0	9 4 1
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	14.6	*
Borrowing:		
Banks	21.6	-
Short term paper	0.4	(#S
Mortgages	3.8	(₩)
Bonds	4.3	1.0
Other loans	10.6	849
Amount owing to affiliates	15.9	-
Other liabilities	0.3	
	0.0	
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	71.4	120
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	0.1	₩
Retained earnings	28.5	20
Other surplus	***	20
Total shareholders' equity	28.6	*
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	76.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	35.0	9

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Industry

164 - Household furniture stores

STOR C.

	Sma	all firms w	ith revenue i	ınder \$5 mil	lion	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-		Quartile Bo	artile Boundary (1) Medi		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,024				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.5	0.6	-3.1	-0.2	0.9	1.0
Pretax profit margin	4.2	0.8	-3.0	0.0	1.1	1.3
Operating profit margin	7.8	1.9	-0.8	1.9	1.0	3.5
Gross profit margin	41.7	33.1	25.9	36.4	31.3	34.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	313.6	246.7	148.7	225.5	253.3	295.3
Return on net operating assets	8.8	4.2	-6.8	4.2	3.8	9.4
Pretax profit to assets	8.7	1.5	-6.6	-0.4	2.4	3.2
Return on capital employed	9.2	5.7	-3.2	5.5	6.2	9.1
Return on equity (2)	17.8	5.2	-4.3	3.4	6.0	6.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.02	9.58	6.25	8.33	9.73	10.20
nventory turnover	9.20	3.95	1.94	5.29	3.11	3.06
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital	2.88	1.74	1.12	2.22	1.55	1.48
Debt to equity	0.84	1.43	2.24	1.60	1.11	1.61
iabilities to assets	0.44	0.75	1.00	0.84	0.68	0.69
nterest coverage	2.69	1.18	-0.45	1.00	1.36	1.68
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	100		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
perating profit			64	36		
retax profit			60	40		
let profit			60	40		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

164 - Household furniture stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.2	1.9
Accounts receivable	12.5	17.6
Inventory	35.0	44.1
Capital assets	32.1	21.0
Other assets	4.7	3.8
Total operating assets	90.5	88.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.4	2.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.1	9.1
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19.5	19.2
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.0	20.1
Short term paper	0.4	2.4
Mortgages	10.5	6.8
Bonds	4.2	1.7
Other loans	6.3	5.6
Amount owing to affiliates	13.4	15.8
Other liabilities	1.6	9.5
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.3
Total liabilities	70.8	81.4
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.5	4.5
Retained earnings	24.7	13.8
Other surplus	2.0	0.3
Total shareholders' equity	29.2	18.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	59.1	74.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.7	50.1

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Industry

165 - Appliance, television, radio and stereo stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile		oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,244				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.8	0.8	-2.5	0.5	1.1	1.1
Pretax profit margin	4.6	1.0	-2.2	0.6	1.3	1.4
Operating profit margin	4.5	2.8	-2.1	2.0	2.8	5.2
Gross profit margin	49.3	34.2	24.3	41.4	28.0	23.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	456.2	271.1	203.5	244.0	277.7	357.3
Return on net operating assets	17.3	6.4	-10.0	2.4	8.0	-8.0
Pretax profit to assets	11.4	2.3	-6.3	1.1	3.6	5.2
Return on capital employed	14.8	6.4	-8.1	2.8	8.8	-3.7
Return on equity (2)	26.9	9.4	-4.3	7.8	10.8	11.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.65	9.58	6.41	8.32	12.34	9.98
Inventory turnover	6.69	4.00	2.37	4.51	3.13	2.55
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.30	1.57	1.03	1.50	1.57	1.26
Debt to equity	0.23	1.00	2.42	0.70	1.78	***
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.78	1.01	0.82	0.73	0.70
Interest coverage	4.28	1.01	-1.08	1.00	1.17	-1.11
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

165 - Appliance, television, radio and stereo stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.2	2.1
Accounts receivable	12.1	25.0
Inventory	37.9	36.4
Capital assets	20.2	11.9
Other assets	3.2	13.5
Total operating assets	81.5	88.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	11.6	6.7
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.8	4.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	25.8	21.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.9	27.9
Short term paper	0.1	0.3
Mortgages	4.8	0.6
Bonds	1.4	3.5
Other loans	4.7	9.1
Amount owing to affiliates	17.3	17.2
Other liabilities	2.2	4.5
Deferred income tax	0.5	0.6
Total liabilities	71.8	85.5
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.2	5.0
Retained earnings	26.6	9.5
Other surplus	0.4	*
Total shareholders' equity	28.2	14.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	63.8	69.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.7	54.1

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Industry

Net profit

166 - Household furnishings stores

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,260				
Financial ratios						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.2	0.3	-3.3	-0.5	0.7	0.9
Pretax profit margin	3.7	0.4	-3.2	-0.4	0.8	1.0
Operating profit margin	4.4	1.5	-1.0	1.6	0.6	2.2
Gross profit margin	43.0	34.6	26.7	37.7	31.5	28.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	450.5	356.0	177.1	305.9	390.9	363.1
Return on net operating assets	15.8	6.7	-1.8	11.4	3.6	12.5
Pretax profit to assets	9.7	0.9	-9.3	-1.1	2.2	3.3
Return on capital employed	12.1	6.2	-3.5	8.2	4.1	13.0
Return on equity (2)	25.6	7.7	-5.7	6.0	8.7	8.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.87	10.61	7.86	11.23	10.18	
Inventory turnover	8.04	3.45	2.23	2.75	4.91	4.39
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.59	1.47	1.09	1.81	1.41	1.28
Debt to equity	0.29	1.32	3.12	1.32	0.91	2.28
Liabilities to assets	0.56	0.86	1.07	0.93	0.78	0.77
Interest coverage	3.00	0.95	-1.93	2.42	0.57	2.96
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		2
Operating profit			67	33		
Pretax profit			60	40		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

166 - Household furnishings stores

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.9	4.3
Accounts receivable	14.1	24.2
Inventory	39.4	41.8
Capital assets	15.9	20.2
Other assets	2.8	2.4
Total operating assets	84.1	92.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.5	5.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.4	1.5
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	25.7	30.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.7	12.8
Short term paper	0.4	0.3
Mortgages	3.0	1.0
Bonds	4.4	2.9
Other loans	3.9	2.0
Amount owing to affiliates	18.7	21.1
Other liabilities	1.9	8.8
No. of the second secon	-0.2	0.5
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	68.7	79.8
		ಯಕೊಂಡುವ
Shareholders' equity	620°E	and the same of th
Share capital	0.5	10.6
Retained earnings	30.0	7.3
Other surplus	0.9	2.3
Total shareholders' equity	31.3	20.2
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	74.5	73.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	44.2	54.3

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Industry

167 - Automobile dealers

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
Ð	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		3,462				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	2.3	0.4	-1.8	0.2	0.5	0.6
Pretax profit margin	2.9	0.5	-1.6	0.3	0.5	0.7
Operating profit margin	5.7	1.9	-0.3	2.4	1.4	1.3
Gross profit margin	20.5	14.2	9.9	19.7	13.2	12.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	352.6	242.9	115.1	153.1	309.0	383.0
Return on net operating assets	14.9	6.7	-0.6	4.9	7.4	5.6
Pretax profit to assets	7.5	1.4	-4.6	0.2	2.0	2.5
Return on capital employed	13.2	6.4	1.9	5.5	7.1	6.1
Return on equity (2)	20.0	6.9	-2.4	4.0	8.2	9.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.23	8.51	5.49	7.24	12.83	17.45
Inventory turnover	8.48	5.14	3.12	4.70	5.48	4.56
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.72	1.81	1.25	1.81	1.83	1.20
Debt to equity	0.28	1.15	2.72	0.57	1.36	2.00
Liabilities to assets	0.53	0.80	1.00	0.83	0.79	0.81
Interest coverage	3.35	1.46	0.59	1.26	1.71	1.40
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			79	21		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Vet profit			69	31		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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Industry

167 - Automobile dealers

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.3	2.3
Accounts receivable	6.3	9.3
Inventory	41.6	61.3
Capital assets	23.8	19.4
Other assets	-3.6	1.9
Total operating assets	83.6	94.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.2	3.3
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.2	2.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	10.1	12.4
Borrowing:		
Banks	20.4	25.0
Short term paper	0.4	2.5
Mortgages	5.0	3.4
Bonds	5.1	13.4
Other loans	12.4	17.5
Amount owing to affiliates	13.4	5.2
Other liabilities	3.8	2.6
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.3
Total liabilities	71.0	82.3
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	5,5	4.0
Retained earnings	22.2	12.7
Other surplus	1.4	1.0
Total shareholders' equity	29.0	17.7
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	60.7	76.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.0	59.3

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Industry

168 - Recreational vehicle dealers

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Bour		oundary (1)	ndary (1) Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,387			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.1	0.8	-1.3	0.7	0.9	1.3
Pretax profit margin	3.7	1.0	-1.3	0.8	1.1	1.7
Operating profit margin	5.8	3.2	0.6	2.7	3.2	2.8
Gross profit margin	30.2	21.5	15.6	30.1	18.7	15.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	357.9	251.9	140.8	205.9	286.8	265.0
Return on net operating assets	14.5	7.1	-0.1	-2.1	9.5	14.2
Pretax profit to assets	7.9	1.7	-2.3	0.9	2.1	3.6
Return on capital employed	13.7	8.3	2.6	4.6	10.4	11.0
Return on equity (2)	23.3	8.9	-1.2	6.3	9.9	13.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.93	10.55	5.49	5.74	12.60	16.09
nventory turnover	4.09	2.38	1.70	2.20	2.41	2.92
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital	2.34	1.34	1.15	2.11	1.32	1.20
Debt to equity	0.57	1.07	2.89	0.77	1.12	2.10
iabilities to assets	0.61	0.84	0.99	0.88	0.82	0.80
nterest coverage	2.93	1.43	1.02	1.73	1.38	2.49
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			81	19		
retax profit			73	27		
et profit			73	27		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

168 - Recreational vehicle dealers

SICE Grouping 632

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	5.3	1.2		
Accounts receivable	6.2	6.6		
Inventory	54.4	64.7		
Capital assets	23.3	16.7		
Other assets	1.2	1.7		
Total operating assets	90.4	91.0		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.8	3.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.8	5.2		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	22.3	18.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	19.2	27.9		
Short term paper	0.3	1.8		
Mortgages	6.0	3.8		
Bonds	1.7	11.2		
Other loans	11.0	12.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	10.9	1.6		
Other liabilities	4.8	1.9		
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.8		
Total liabilities	76.4	79.9		
Shareholders' equity	MESTERS.			
Share capital	2.0	1.5		
Retained earnings	20.5	18.6		
Other surplus	1.0	0.1		
Total shareholders' equity	23.6	20.1		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	70.8	78.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	49.5	62.8		

Industry

169 - Gasoline service stations

SICE Grouping

633

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

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	Sm	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	300000	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		4,498				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)					(A)	
Net profit margin	2.1	0.3	-1.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
Pretax profit margin	2.6	0.4	-1.3	0.4	0.4	0.5
Operating profit margin	3.2	0.8	-0.8	0.0	1.0	0.4
Gross profit margin	33.5	18.7	12.1	36.1	15.6	12.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	448.8	324.5	154.9	162.0	395.9	267.7
Return on net operating assets	15.7	5.5	-4.1	0.0	7.6	5.2
Pretax profit to assets	10.8	1.9	-6.6	0.6	2.6	4.4
Return on capital employed	14.9	5.4	-0.8	2.8	7.0	8.2
Return on equity (2)	22.3	7.1	-4.6	4.3	8.1	9.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	16.96	12.55	8.26	12.37	13.51	10.97
Inventory turnover	26.13	15.23	8.74	11.48	17.44	15.75
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.00	1.56	1.07	1.51	1.56	1.00
Debt to equity	0.37	0.88	2.09	1.00	0.85	1.16
Liabilities to assets	0.41	0.72	0.99	0.79	0.69	0.72
Interest coverage	2.45	1.00	-0.18	0.77	1.05	0.72
Distribution of firms by profits/losses	- 1.17 - Pa		Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			62	38		
Net profit			62	38		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			;	21		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

169 - Gasoline service stations

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.4	10.2
Accounts receivable	9.4	13.6
Inventory	15.9	13.4
Capital assets	50.9	41.5
Other assets	3.3	9.7
Total operating assets	89.9	88.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	5.9	9.2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.2	2.4
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.5	23.0
Borrowing:		
Banks	19.5	19.8
Short term paper	0.1	1.7
Mortgages	8.9	10.8
Bonds	1.6	1.3
Other loans	10.2	4.8
Amount owing to affiliates	13.8	10.3
Other liabilities	2.4	6.7
	0.2	1.0
Deferred income tax	70.1	79.4
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.5	1.3
Retained earnings	27.3	17.8
Other surplus	1.0	1.6
Total shareholders' equity	29.9	20.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	39.8	43.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	30.6	47.1

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Industry

170 - Automotive parts and accessories stores

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,508				
Financial ratios				7		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.2	1.5	-1.0	0.8	1.8	1.1
Pretax profit margin	5.3	1.8	-0.9	0.9	2.2	1.5
Operating profit margin	7.0	2.7	0.4	3.1	2.3	2.0
Gross profit margin	40.6	32.9	25.8	35.8	31.5	23.0
Operating revenue to net operating assets	359.4	281.5	161.5	181.2	288.3	428.0
Return on net operating assets	17.1	7.3	1.9	7.4	6.5	11.3
Pretax profit to assets	11.5	3.9	-2.1	1.8	5.4	4.5
Return on capital employed	14.0	5.7	0.1	5.3	6.0	8.3
Return on equity (2)	26.5	12.1	1.5	8.7	13.6	11.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.34	10.50	8.32	12.72	10.20	10.18
Inventory turnover	6.40	3.87	2.30	3.31	3.92	3.22
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.62	1.53	1.09	1.40	1.53	1.43
Debt to equity	0.31	0.83	1.95	1.21	0.65	1.10
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.75	0.98	0.84	0.70	0.80
Interest coverage	4.36	1.45	0.48	0.97	2.15	2.24
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			82	18		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			66	34		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1

1995

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Industry

170 - Automotive parts and accessories stores

SICE Grouping 634

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.7	5.2		
Accounts receivable	17.5	7.6		
Inventory	37.1	60.3		
Capital assets	24.2	16.2		
Other assets	2.0	2.7		
Total operating assets	85.6	92.0		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.5	3.6		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	4.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	20.4	31.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	18.5	27.3		
Short term paper	0.3	0.7		
Mortgages	4.1	1.6		
Bonds	2.7	7.6		
Other loans	5.7	5.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	10.8	4.4		
Other liabilities	2.3	1.2		
Deferred income tax	0.1	0.2		
Total liabilities	64.8	79.1		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	2.9	1.0		
Retained earnings	31.9	19.9		
Other surplus	0.4	0.0		
Total shareholders' equity	35.2	20.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	63.5	75.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.9	57.3		

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Industry

171 - Motor vehicle repair shops

SICE Grouping

Medium firms with

	Sma	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Me	dian	Median
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	27.77.25	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Number of firms in the group		9,258				
Financial ratios			***			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.0	0.7	-2.7	0.4	1.3	1.1
Pretax profit margin	4.7	0.8	-2.5	0.5	1.5	1.3
Operating profit margin	6.2	2.6	-1.3	1.7	3.5	, m
Gross profit margin	54.0	38.1	26.1	43.0	31.0	18.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	368.4	273.4	170.6	263.3	292.6	***
Return on net operating assets	18.2	7.9	-1.5	6.2	12.8	***
Pretax profit to assets	11.3	2.0	-7.0	0.9	4.3	5.1
Return on capital employed	15.3	7.2	-0.7	5.6	10.2	
Return on equity (2)	25.9	9.3	-4.2	7.7	11.5	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.33	10.92	7.72	10.84	10.93	
Inventory turnover	13.23	6.92	3.74	6.05	8.57	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.98	1.57	1.00	1.66	1.47	
Debt to equity	0.17	0.57	2.33	0.57	0.52	30000
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.80	1.04	0.86	0.69	0.77
Interest coverage	3.32	1.00	-0.50	0.95	1.75	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			65	35		
Net profit			64	36		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	7		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

171 - Motor vehicle repair shops

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.7	•
Accounts receivable	15.6	5.5
Inventory	16.5	•
Capital assets	40.8	=
Other assets	3.1	2
Total operating assets	87.8	¥
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.3	*
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.8	
Total assets	100.0	*
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.4	(-)
Borrowing:		
Banks	18.8	-
Short term paper	0.1	t = 0
Mortgages	6.1	
Bonds	1.5	124
Other loans	11.1	-
Amount owing to affiliates	14.7	-
	1.4	9 5
Other liabilities	0.1	1-8
Deferred income tax	72.4	(a)
Total liabilities	\$2,500 p. 2	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.1	-
Retained earnings	25.5	/ -
Other surplus	0.1	-
Total shareholders' equity	27.6	₽
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	50.4	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	34.0	꼍

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Industry

172 - Other motor vehicle services

SICE C

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	6 	Quartile Boundary (1) Median				
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	-	1,205				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.3	0.9	-3.7	0.7	1.1	2.0
Pretax profit margin	6.5	1.1	-3.6	0.9	1.4	2.4
Operating profit margin	6.7	1.0	-2.5	1.0	-0.1	***
Gross profit margin	65.1	45.3	27.8	54.5	28.6	25.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	325.0	255.3	136.9	255.3	257.6	•••
Return on net operating assets	17.2	5.4	-3.2	6.7	-1.0	
Pretax profit to assets	12.5	1.7	-8.0	1.0	4.2	11.3
Return on capital employed	14.3	4.7	-1.1	5.5	0.4	
Return on equity (2)	31.5	11.3	-2.6	10.4	11.9	12.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.07	10.85	8.85	10.85	***	***
Inventory turnover	19.06	6.30	2.53	6.30	11.55	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.46	1.35	0.92	1.26	1.95	***
Debt to equity	0.35	0.81	2.20	0.81	***	
Liabilities to assets	0.58	0.87	1.08	0.91	0.80	0.64
Interest coverage	5.19	1.98	0.49	4.43	***	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			63	37		
Pretax profit			66	34		
Net profit			66	34		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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172 - Other motor vehicle services Industry SICE Grouping 639

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	12.4	3 . 3	
Accounts receivable	14.7	•	
Inventory	11.6		
Capital assets	42.4	X	
Other assets	1.4	**	
Total operating assets	82.5	•	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.8	-	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.7	352	
Total assets	100.0	(m)	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	14.4	•	
Borrowing:			
Banks	26.2	¥	
Short term paper	0.2	t -	
Mortgages	6.0	•	
Bonds	2.7		
Other loans	4.3	25	
Amount owing to affiliates	19.5	₩	
Other liabilities	3.7	g	
Deferred income tax	9	¥	
Total liabilities	77.0		
Total liabilities			
Shareholders' equity	0977407		
Share capital	9.8	5.	
Retained earnings	10.9		
Other surplus	2.4		
Total shareholders' equity	23.0	8 .9 .6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•	
Current assets - % of total assets	41.1	2	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.3	VI (200)	

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Industry

173 - General merchandise stores

SICE Crouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
e.	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,712				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	2.8	0.5	-2.0	-0.6	1.1	1.7
Pretax profit margin	3.5	0.6	-1.8	-0.5	1.4	2.0
Operating profit margin	5.1	1.3	-0.3	1.1	2.0	3.1
Gross profit margin	33.9	24.7	17.4	29.2	21.1	18.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	374.9	275.4	177.7	234.8	340.9	344.2
Return on net operating assets	13.7	5.0	1.1	3.2	6.5	10.6
Pretax profit to assets	8.8	1.4	-5.2	-1.1	4.0	5.7
Return on capital employed	11.0	5.1	-0.8	2.9	7.6	10.0
Return on equity (2)	18.7	7.0	-2.5	3.2	8.8	11.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	16.54	12.43	6.82	3.61	12.43	13.68
nventory turnover	9.54	5.07	2.37	3.82	5.81	5.26
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.32	2.48	1.30	2.93	2.21	2.15
Debt to equity	0.08	0.44	2.09	0.44	0.44	0.64
Liabilities to assets	0.37	0.73	1.00	0.88	0.63	0.54
Interest coverage	4.36	1.04	-0.72	0.93	2.08	2.47
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		-
Operating profit			77	23		
retax profit			68	32		
Net profit			68	32		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry

173 - General merchandise stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.0	2.1		
Accounts receivable	8.4	10.8		
Inventory	37.0	35.8		
Capital assets	24.7	27.1		
Other assets	2.7	1.9		
Total operating assets	81.8	77.6		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.4	10.0		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	11.8	12.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	17.9	18.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.4	15.0		
Short term paper	0.1	0.1		
Mortgages	4.3	6.1		
Bonds	1.4	1.9		
Other loans	6.3	5.8		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.8	3.2		
Other liabilities	1.1	2.2		
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.1		
Total liabilities	64.4	52.3		
Shareholders' equity	***	0.5		
Share capital	13.7	25.4		
Retained earnings	20.4	19.5		
Other surplus	1.5	2.8		
Total shareholders' equity	35.6	47.7		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	57.2	50.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.5	31.2		

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Industry

174 - Book and stationery stores

SICE Grouping 6:

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1		undary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,184				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.4	0.7	-2.6	-0.6	1.6	1.2
Pretax profit margin	4.0	0.9	-2.5	-0.6	2.0	1.5
Operating profit margin	4.7	2.8	-0.6	-0.4	2.9	
Gross profit margin	43.1	35.8	29.4	37.7	34.7	29.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	398.0	314.4	234.7	284.4	357.1	/ 100
Return on net operating assets	21.4	12.1	2.8	10.8	13.0	***
Pretax profit to assets	10.0	2.0	-6.3	-1.3	5.0	4.4
Return on capital employed	15.2	10.4	-2.3	2.4	10.8	•••
Return on equity (2)	23.6	9.3	-3.7	5.1	12.3	19.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.03	10.77	8.27		10.49	
Inventory turnover	4.49	2.30	1.67	1.93	2.90	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.29	1.77	1.33	2.33	1.56	
Debt to equity	0.19	0.94	2.00	0.65	1.38	***
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.80	1.03	0.88	0.73	0.78
Interest coverage	8.52	2.39	1.08	1.08	2.58	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			82	18		
Pretax profit			80	20		
Net profit			80	20		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

174 - Book and stationery stores

Current liabilities - % of total assets

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.2	*
Accounts receivable	27.1	*
Inventory	39.5	÷
Capital assets	13.2	.
Other assets	1.9	*
Total operating assets	88.8	-
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.9	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.2	
Total assets	100.0	(* 1
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	26.9	-
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.0	
Short term paper	0.1	.•
Mortgages	1.7	
Bonds	1.1	5
Other loans	4.1	9 7 .)
Amount owing to affiliates	8.1	18 8
Other liabilities	3.5	77 <u>2</u> 9
Deferred income tax	0.7	
Total liabilities	62.3	:•1
Shareholders' equity	7 to 2	
Share capital	4.5	3 5
Retained earnings	33.2	彩 劇
Other surplus	0.0	375
Total shareholders' equity	37.7	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	79.4	*
0/	44.0	· ·

44.9

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Industry

175 - Florists, lawn and garden centres

SICE Grouping 652

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	undary (1) Med		lian	75 Hallower (1984) - 1984
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,521				7 7 70
Financial ratios				W		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.0	0.1	-4.3	-0.6	1.0	2.0
Pretax profit margin	3.7	0.2	-4.1	-0.5	1.2	2.8
Operating profit margin	4.8	1.7	-4.1	1.0	3.4	
Gross profit margin	56.8	49.1	38.2	50.7	40.7	31.9
Operating revenue to net operating assets	454.4	290.4	172.5	250.5	376.2	•••
Return on net operating assets	16.6	6.1	-14.0	2.4	10.0	***
Pretax profit to assets	9.5	0.3	-11.6	-1.4	2.8	7.0
Return on capital employed	14.1	7.5	-13.9	5.6	9.3	***
Return on equity (2)	25.0	6.6	-8.5	5.7	9.1	13.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	17.75	13.29	9.39	13.98	12.89	
Inventory turnover	13.96	5.67	3.25	6.20	5.49	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.15	1.56	1.05	1.56	1.48	200
Debt to equity	0.34	0.75	1.77	0.75	0.66	2.2
Liabilities to assets	0.58	0.86	1.12	0.92	0.74	0.76
Interest coverage	2.25	1.00	-0.94	0.71	1.75	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			68	32		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

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⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

175 - Florists, lawn and garden centres

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.5	5.		
Accounts receivable	10.1	<u> </u>		
Inventory	23.1	8		
Capital assets	33.2	•		
Other assets	4.9	*		
Total operating assets	81.9	•		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	16.1	3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.0	-		
Total assets	100.0	-		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.8	_		
Borrowing:				
Banks	15.3	*		
Short term paper	0.1	8		
Mortgages	5.0	ž.		
Bonds	1.1	(4)		
Other loans	5.6	-		
Amount owing to affiliates	23.1	*		
Other liabilities	1.4	120		
Deferred income tax	0.2	•		
Total liabilities	68.5	B		
Shareholders' equity	2.5			
Share capital	2.5	3 . 8		
Retained earnings	25.6	8 950		
Other surplus	3.3	\$. 5.		
Total shareholders' equity	31.5	Ø = 3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0			
Current assets - % of total assets	47.4	3		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.4	*		

Industry

176 - Hardware, paint, glass and wallpaper stores

SICE Grouping 65

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million

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*	Sm	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Better	Quartile Bo Average		Med	dian Firms	
	Q3 75%	Q2 50%	Q1 25%	under \$500,000	\$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	177	3,129				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.2	0.8	-2.3	0.3	1.2	1.3
Pretax profit margin	3.9	1.0	-2.1	0.3	1.4	1.7
Operating profit margin	6.4	2.3	-0.5	0.9	3.3	3.5
Gross profit margin	38.4	31.3	25.4	34.4	29.6	24.4
Operating revenue to net operating assets	321.9	237.7	180.7	194.7	277.4	292.4
Return on net operating assets	15.6	8.9	0.8	7.2	9.9	10.8
Pretax profit to assets	8.1	1.9	-4.2	0.5	3.1	4.5
Return on capital employed	12.0	8.1	1.6	6.9	8.3	9.3
Return on equity (2)	18.8	7.4	-1.9	5.2	8.4	9.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.86	12.09	9.62	11.48	12.30	10.44
Inventory turnover	3.87	2.54	1.85	2.19	2.61	3.32
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.08	1.79	1.32	1.82	1.71	1.50
Debt to equity	0.39	0.98	2.09	1.22	0.88	1.53
Liabilities to assets	0.46	0.74	0.98	0.82	0.70	0.74
Interest coverage	3.31	1.62	0.14	1.29	1.89	1.51
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			67	33		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)				4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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176 - Hardware, paint, glass and wallpaper stores Industry SICE Grouping 653

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	6.8	5.6		
Accounts receivable	12.2	12.4		
Inventory	39.0	36.5		
Capital assets	22.6	25.3		
Other assets	2.2	2.5		
Total operating assets	82.7	82.3		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.7	5.3		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	7.6	12.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	18.3	15.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.0	23.6		
Short term paper	0.1	1.3		
Mortgages	5.1	5.9		
Bonds	1.2	14.2		
Other loans	5.2	12.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	12.2	2.7		
Other liabilities	1.0	0.4		
Deferred income tax	0.2	0.2		
Total liabilities	60.3	75.5		
Shareholders' equity		2.2		
Share capital	3.6	3.0		
Retained earnings	34.3	19.0		
Other surplus	1.9	2.5		
Total shareholders' equity	39.7	24.5		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	62.4	63.8		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.7	40.2		

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Industry

177 - Sporting goods and bicycle shops

14.8

24.5

15.44

2.95

2.94

0.18

0.56

SICE Grouping 654

Number of firms in the group

Operating revenue to net operating assets

Profitability (percentages)

Financial ratios

Net profit margin

Pretax profit margin

Gross profit margin

Pretax profit to assets

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)

Receivable turnover

Inventory turnover

Working capital

Liabilities to assets

Debt to equity

Operating profit margin

Return on net operating assets

Return on capital employed

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Medium firms with Small firms with revenue under \$5 million revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million Quartile Boundary (1) Median Better Average Worse **Firms Firms** Q3 Q2 \$500,000 to Median under Q1 \$500,000 \$5 million 75% 50% 25% 2,294 3.6 0.9 -2.30.3 1.4 1.8 4.5 1.1 -2.2 0.4 1.6 2.6 7.0 3.3 -0.1 3.0 3.3 2.9 38.5 31.9 25.2 32.7 31.4 31.4 345.4 272.6 167.3 233.8 304.6 363.5 9.4 21.3 -1.3 7.6 11.0 10.0 9.3 2.1 -4.5 0.7 3.9 4.8

7.8

7.7

12.33

2.22

1.82

0.47

0.90

9.5

11.1

11.32

1.84

1.67

0.69

0.74

8.3

11.5

2.02

1.37

0.45

0.71

Interest coverage	5.46	1.61	0.49	1.46	1.71	4.07
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		- 100 Miles	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			77	23		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			66	34		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	3		

8.6

10.0

11.32

1.97

1.80

0.57

0.82

-1.0

-1.2

7.98

1.37

1.32

1.68

1.01

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

177 - Sporting goods and bicycle shops

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.3	1.7		
Accounts receivable	8.0	5.4		
Inventory	57.9	64.1		
Capital assets	16.1	14.7		
Other assets	2.4	1.9		
Total operating assets	88.6	87.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.2	8.2		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.2	4.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	26.6	24.0		
Borrowing:				
Banks	16.9	8.4		
Short term paper	0.1	63		
Mortgages	2.3	1.1		
Bonds	1.0	150		
Other loans	5.4	2.3		
Amount owing to affiliates	10.9	35.8		
Other liabilities	1.0	5.4		
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.2		
Total liabilities	64.3	77.0		
Shareholders' equity		16		
Share capital	4.0	4.6		
Retained earnings	31.3	16.9		
Other surplus	0.4	1.4		
Total shareholders' equity	35.7	23.0		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	76.5	75.0		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	48.1	55.0		

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Industry

178 - Musical instrument and record stores

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
·-	Quartile Boundary (1)			Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		632				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.9	0.7	-2.5	0.5	0.7	1.0
Pretax profit margin	4.9	0.8	-2.4	0.7	0.9	1.3
Operating profit margin	9.9	4.3	-4.0	4.8	3.4	***
Gross profit margin	41.3	33.1	27.5	34.8	31.8	28.6
Operating revenue to net operating assets	312.3	226.9	158.6	225.9	226.9	
Return on net operating assets	24.9	6.1	-4.9	-3.8	8.1	***
Pretax profit to assets	10.0	1.7	-4.8	1.2	2.4	2.2
Return on capital employed	22.3	5.6	-4.0	-2.9	6.5	•••
Return on equity (2)	23.3	7.5	-3.8	7.0	7.9	6.2
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.08	11.35	8.76		14.08	•••
Inventory turnover	3.05	1.80	1.34		1.64	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.46	2.53	1.60	1.80	2.56	•••
Debt to equity	0.16	0.61	1.19	222	0.61	
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.76	0.99	0.82	0.70	0.80
Interest coverage	5.63	1.28	-0.75	-0.75	3.34	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			64	36		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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178 - Musical instrument and record stores 655 **SICE** Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.3	1.00
Accounts receivable	6.3	2
Inventory	57.3	\$ *
Capital assets	19.3	18
Other assets	1.3	•
Total operating assets	91.6	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.0	₩
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.5	2
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	17.2	2
Borrowing:		3.
Banks	15.3	*
Short term paper	0.1	
Mortgages	4.2	*
Bonds	1.1	(20)
Other loans	3.2	75 P
Amount owing to affiliates	10.9	(*)
Other liabilities	1.3	7 <u>2</u>
Deferred income tax	0.3	120
Total liabilities	53.4	
Shareholders' equity	11.0	
Share capital	4.8	•
Retained earnings	40.4	5.
Other surplus	1.4	*
Total shareholders' equity	46.6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	-
Current assets - % of total assets	73.7	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.0	•

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Industry

179 - Jewellery stores and watch and jewellery repair shops

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,851				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.7	1.2	-2.8	0.9	2.0	1.0
Pretax profit margin	5.6	1.4	-2.7	1.0	2.5	1.2
Operating profit margin	6.7	3.2	0.1	2.9	4.9	
Gross profit margin	54.6	47.0	39.0	48.4	44.4	47.3
Operating revenue to net operating assets	251.4	173.7	123.7	156.8	220.5	***
Return on net operating assets	11.9	5.0	0.6	4.3	10.2	***
Pretax profit to assets	8.3	2.1	-3.8	1.3	4.0	2.0
Return on capital employed	9.4	5.1	0.5	4.5	8.3	
Return on equity (2)	21.5	7.7	-1.7	6.8	9.4	8.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	16.58	14.60	8.78	15.56	8.78	•••
Inventory turnover	1.78	1.34	0.70	1.17	1.38	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.64	2.21	1.66	2.41	2.00	
Debt to equity	0.11	0.60	1.47	0.57	0.60	
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.76	1.00	0.80	0.65	0.81
Interest coverage	3.90	1.56	0.40	1.23	2.16	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			74	26		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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179 - Jewellery stores and watch and jewellery repair shops Industry SICE Grouping 656

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	7.2	•		
Accounts receivable	4.7			
Inventory	59.5	7		
Capital assets	12.3	*		
Other assets	2.5	-		
Total operating assets	86.2			
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.3	5		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.4			
Total assets	100.0	*		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	16.8	17.1		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.1	(4)		
Short term paper	0.1	(E)		
Mortgages	0.7	(2)		
Bonds	0.7	1.50		
Other loans	5.2	(*)		
Amount owing to affiliates	21.8	6.20		
Other liabilities	1.2	5		
Deferred income tax	0.0	a €		
Total liabilities	60.7	1 		
Shareholders' equity	**************************************			
Share capital	1.8	*		
Retained earnings	37.3	*		
Other surplus	0.1	-		
Total shareholders' equity	39.3	•		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•		
Current assets - % of total assets	77.8	-		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.8	*		

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Industry

180 - Camera and photographic supply stores

SICE Grouping

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		475			-	
Financial ratios		9				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.5	0.2	-6.1	-1.0	1.5	1.3
Pretax profit margin	4.3	0.3	-6.0	-1.0	1.9	1.6
Operating profit margin	10.2	3.9	1.4	5.3	1.4	•••
Gross profit margin	57.6	47.3	36.9	51.1	38.5	27.1
Operating revenue to net operating assets	415.9	279.1	152.2	296.0	272.2	
Return on net operating assets	11.1	5.8	4.3	5.9	4.6	****
Pretax profit to assets	9.8	0.5	-11.6	-1.7	5.3	4.9
Return on capital employed	10.4	5.5	4.2	6.4	4.3	
Return on equity (2)	24.5	10.6	-3.6	9.1	12.1	12.6
Efficiency (ratios)						0
Receivable turnover	***	15.60	•••			
Inventory turnover	4.77	3.55	2.89	3.32	3.56	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.85	1.12	1.00	1.12	1.16	
Debt to equity	***	0.59		0.59	•••	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.52	0.89	1.17	0.97	0.74	0.68
Interest coverage		2.58	•••	2.58	***	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		-	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			95	5		
Pretax profit			79	21		
Net profit			74	26		

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

180 - Camera and photographic supply stores

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.8	*
Accounts receivable	5.1	-
Inventory	26.5	₹.
Capital assets	50.0	€
Other assets	3.9	¥
Total operating assets	96.4	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	0.4	•
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.2	•
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.2	
Borrowing:		
Banks	21.3	120
Short term paper	0.0	-
Mortgages	3.2	*
Bonds	D#.	17
Other loans	10.2	*
Amount owing to affiliates	25.7	121
Other liabilities	2.1	
Deferred income tax	0.4	e:
Total liabilities	81.1	*
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.5	S#1
Retained earnings	15.6	·*
Other surplus	0.8	**
Total shareholders' equity	18.9	© . 21
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	42.9	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	42.5	

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Industry

181 - Toy, hobby, novelty and souvenir stores

_	Sma	ll firms wi	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,872	N/			ella de la companya della companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya d
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.6	0.4	-4.7	-0.7	1.7	0.7
Pretax profit margin	4.2	0.4	-4.4	-0.6	1.9	0.8
Operating profit margin	4.2	2.4	-3.9	2.6	2.1	***
Gross profit margin	48.7	42.1	34.2	42.6	40.9	45.7
Operating revenue to net operating assets	346.6	189.1	137.7	189.1	226.3	•••
Return on net operating assets	12.4	7.3	1.9	6.5	8.6	***
Pretax profit to assets	9.0	0.9	-9.3	-1.3	4.5	2.4
Return on capital employed	11.2	5.0	1.9	3.5	5.6	•••
Return on equity (2)	25.7	8.6	-3.3	6.0	13.9	8.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••	9.00	•••			
Inventory turnover	3.25	1.89	1.17	1.73	3.22	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)				£		
Working capital	3.40	1.90	1.21	2.16	1.44	***
Debt to equity	0.55	1.72	4.16	2.07	1.18	
Liabilities to assets	0.59	0.90	1.11	0.96	0.73	0.67
Interest coverage	2.00	1.00	-3.77	1.00	1.18	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			72	28		
Net profit			72	28		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	9		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

181 - Toy, hobby, novelty and souvenir stores

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	9.1	•	
Accounts receivable	4.8	ME.	
Inventory	41.8	5	
Capital assets	24.6	*	
Other assets	1.6	*	
Total operating assets	81.9	***	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.6	.*	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.5	•	
Total assets	100.0	*	
d .			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	18.5	9.00	
Borrowing:			
Banks	15.2		
Short term paper	0.0	15	
Mortgages	3.6	8 = 0	
Bonds	2.4	Net	
Other loans	5.2	3 2	
Amount owing to affiliates	21.0	3	
Other liabilities	1.6	*	
Deferred income tax	0.3	**	
Total liabilities	67.8	-	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	5.5	*	
Retained earnings	24.6	2	
Other surplus	2.0	¥	
Total shareholders' equity	32.2	<u>u</u>	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•	
Current assets - % of total assets	60.5		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	37.7	8	

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

182 - Other retail stores

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	ary (1) Medi		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		6,952				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.0	1.1	-2.3	0.7	1.5	1.1
Pretax profit margin	6.0	1.3	-2.1	0.9	1.9	1.5
Operating profit margin	7.1	2.7	-0.1	2.3	3.5	1.7
Gross profit margin	54.5	41.9	29.4	46.0	34.9	25.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	401.3	237.6	149.9	199.2	346.4	426.4
Return on net operating assets	22.2	10.6	1.7	7.8	12.4	10.3
Pretax profit to assets	13.9	3.0	-5.4	1.8	5.4	5.2
Return on capital employed	19.3	9.1	1.6	7.0	11.6	9.1
Return on equity (2)	30.8	11.2	-0.8	9.2	14.0	10.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.23	10.49	7.34	10.78	10.11	12.54
Inventory turnover	6.60	3.47	2.08	3.47	3.51	2.92
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.94	1.73	1.28	1.71	1.84	1.49
Debt to equity	0.29	0.57	2.37	0.48	0.98	1.04
Liabilities to assets	0.45	0.79	1.03	0.87	0.69	0.73
Interest coverage	4.10	1.58	0.37	1.12	2.00	1.69
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			76	24		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			67	33		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	2		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

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182 - Other retail stores

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	9.1	2.9		
Accounts receivable	9.8	10.2		
Inventory	36.5	50.9		
Capital assets	22.1	23.0		
Other assets	5.0	3.6		
Total operating assets	82.6	90.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.8	5.4		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.6	4.0		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	18.1	26.4		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.0	13.1		
18-9-4-04-04-05-05-05	0.2	1.3		
Short term paper	4.9	1.7		
Mortgages	1.8	4.3		
Bonds	6.8	4.3		
Other loans	17.5	17.7		
Amount owing to affiliates	3.1	2.1		
Other liabilities	1.2	0.2		
Deferred income tax				
Total liabilities	67.6	71.1		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	4.2	3.2		
Retained earnings	26.8	22.7		
Other surplus	1.4	3.1		
Total shareholders' equity	32.4	28.9		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	61.9	69.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.0	49.9		

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Industry

183 - Vending machine operators

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	Boundary (1) Median		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		368				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.7	0.6	-4.6	-0.7	1.3	2.1
Pretax profit margin	5.9	1.0	-4.4	-0.4	1.8	3.0
Operating profit margin	5.1	2.2	-1.9	1.5	3.2	2009937.1
Gross profit margin	54.5	46.5	35.0	46.7	45.7	22.8
Operating revenue to net operating assets	352.5	276.6	174.5	222.4	300.4	+100°
Return on net operating assets	13.5	4.0	-5.4	3.1	12.1	
Pretax profit to assets	11.2	1.6	-7.5	-0.7	4.9	9.2
Return on capital employed	14.7	4.0	-3.9	2.6	11.3	
Return on equity (2)	23.2	7.6	-8.3	6.1	10.6	27.5
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.65	9.58	4.32	5.64	13.71	***
Inventory turnover	18.11	13.07	8.49	11.85	13.83	A11
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.96	1.54	1.04	1.82	1.31	
Debt to equity	0.26	0.82	2.66	0.78	1.04	***
Liabilities to assets	0.46	0.83	1.04	0.91	0.67	0.78
Interest coverage	4.00	1.07	-1.05	1.00	2.17	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			62	38		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

183 - Vending machine operators

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	7.4	₩ 3
Accounts receivable	7.7	
Inventory	15.4	54
Capital assets	53.4	-
Other assets	5.2	-
Total operating assets	89.1	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	4.2	•
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.7	3€
Total assets	100.0	S#0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	18.5	5
Borrowing:		
Banks	17.8	2
Short term paper	0.0	
Mortgages	1.8	
Bonds	0.1	-
	8.8	
Other loans	18.2	2
Amount owing to affiliates	2.3	7-
Other liabilities	0.9	-
Deferred income tax	68.4	
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	2.6	-
Retained earnings	29.0	-
Other surplus	0.0	*
Total shareholders' equity	31.6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	3-8
Current assets - % of total assets	37.9	25
Current liabilities - % of total assets	36.0	12

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Industry

184 - Direct sellers

SICE Grouping

692

Small firms witl	revenue under \$5	million
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Medium firms with

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	-	170				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	5.4	0.9	-1.9	0.7	1.1	2.5
Pretax profit margin	6.7	1.0	-1.9	0.4	1.5	3.6
Operating profit margin	8.2	2.5	-0.2	1.7	4.4	•••
Gross profit margin	50.4	36.1	22.2	37.4	32.3	38.2
Operating revenue to net operating assets	415.1	315.5	184.8	262.4	398.0	
Return on net operating assets	26.6	9.1	0.2	6.2	10.4	
Pretax profit to assets	20.0	4.2	-6.0	1.9	7.8	11.5
Return on capital employed	24.3	10.7	0.3	14.5	9.4	•••
Return on equity (2)	37.9	9.2	-4.7	6.5	14.0	21.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.25	10.57	6.86	10.15	12.20	
Inventory turnover	19.70	12.28	4.53	11.25	12.28	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.42	1.71	1.08	1.73	1.44	***
Debt to equity	0.31	0.89	3.18	0.71	0.89	
Liabilities to assets	0.42	0.78	1.02	0.79	0.72	0.69
Interest coverage	4.69	1.85	0.82	1.52	2.52	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		-	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			65	35		
Net profit			65	35		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	8		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

SULISH SHEET ARCHITECTS IN TRACE	Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

184 - Direct sellers

Industry

*	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.2	
Accounts receivable	16.2	•
Inventory	15.6	
Capital assets	26.5	
Other assets	13.1	
Total operating assets	82.6	l.•-
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.5	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.9	1.5
Total assets	100.0	×.
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	24.4	Tr.
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.7	
Short term paper	0.0	-
Mortgages	2.8	₹,
Bonds	0.3	ž
Other loans	9.0	*
Amount owing to affiliates	15.4	
Other liabilities	2.9	=
	0.1	÷
Deferred income tax	70.6	
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.3	*
Retained earnings	26.3	•
Other surplus	1.7	•
Total shareholders' equity	29.4	-
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	59.1	(2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	46.7	÷

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Industry

185 - Operators of buildings and dwellings

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
•	Quartile B		oundary (1)	undary (1) Med		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		21,464				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	17.7	3.8	-4.5	3.8	3.9	1.5
Pretax profit margin	25.4	5.3	-3.7	5.2	5.4	2.3
Operating profit margin	47.7	27.6	7.4	28.7	23.3	29.4
Gross profit margin	***		•••			
Operating revenue to net operating assets	58.8	29.8	16.4	29.9	29.6	34.5
Return on net operating assets	12.9	6.8	1.7	6.5	7.9	6.6
Pretax profit to assets	6.9	1.3	-0.9	1.2	1.9	1.5
Return on capital employed	11.4	6.8	2.6	6.5	7.3	6.3
Return on equity (2)	17.3	5.5	-0.6	5.1	7.6	6.1
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.41	8.55	3.79	7.67	9.07	16.51
Inventory turnover		200	***	•••	***	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.28	2.20	1.14	2.33	1.86	1.10
Debt to equity	0.39	1.27	3.70	1.27	1.63	5.13
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.86	1.02	0.86	0.86	0.87
Interest coverage	2.09	1.09	0.78	1.08	1.10	1.22
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

185 - Operators of buildings and dwellings

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.0	1.2		
Accounts receivable	1.7	2.1		
Inventory	2.3	2.4		
Capital assets	66.4	77.9		
Other assets	2.0	1.9		
Total operating assets	76.4	85.5		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.7	8.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.9	5.7		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	3.5	3.2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	14.0	7.6		
Short term paper	0.5	0.7		
Mortgages	26.6	52.6		
Bonds	6.9	7.0		
Other loans	8.0	4.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	22.2	9.4		
Other liabilities	3.4	2.8		
Deferred income tax	0.7	1.4		
Total liabilities	85.8	88.8		
Shareholders' equity Share capital	8.8	11.0		
Retained earnings	1.6	-3.0		
Other surplus	3.7	3.3		
Total shareholders' equity	14.2	11.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	12.4	4.9		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	16.6	7.6		

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Industry

186 - Other real estate operators

CICE C

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
_		Quartile Bo	undary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,275				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	22.7	5.2	-3.2	6.0	3.3	0.2
Pretax profit margin	30.3	7.4	-2.5	8.3	4.1	0.4
Operating profit margin	39.6	16.9	2.6	23.4	11.7	1.3
Gross profit margin	•••	2222	***		***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	108.2	20.8	10.6	19.4	42.2	•••
Return on net operating assets	10.8	4.8	2.0	4.3	7.8	
Pretax profit to assets	9.4	2.1	-0.7	1.9	3.4	1.3
Return on capital employed	10.4	4.4	2.5	3.9	8.3	
Return on equity (2)	21.2	7.8	-0.2	6.4	12.1	3.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.26	10.48	0.90	3.10	10.63	***
Inventory turnover	•••		•••	1255	•••	*** 6
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	6.40	1.62	1.05	1.62	1.60	
Debt to equity	0.11	0.34	0.77	0.44	0.27	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.46	0.83	1.00	0.82	0.86	0.93
Interest coverage	8.90	1.45	0.96	1.35	4.09	1.04
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

186 - Other real estate operators

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	3.1	0.4
Accounts receivable	2.0	6.2
Inventory	13.2	11.3
Capital assets	58.8	77.8
Other assets	2.6	3.1
Total operating assets	79.7	98.9
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.5	0.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.8	0.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3.1	8.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.5	20.0
Short term paper	0.6	E
Mortgages	15.9	20.5
Bonds	10.1	<u>=</u>
Other loans	9.0	17.1
Amount owing to affiliates	30.6	25.2
Other liabilities	2.3	3.9
Deferred income tax	0.4	0.7
Total liabilities	87.5	95.6
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	7.9	1.6
Retained earnings	1.1	2.7
Other surplus	3.5	(3)
Total shareholders' equity	12.5	4.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	19.1	12.5
Current liabilities - % of total assets	24.9	12.1

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Industry

187 - Insurance and real estate agencies

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		6,605	-			
Financial ratios						***
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	13.3	4.1	-1.4	4.4	3.7	0.4
Pretax profit margin	17.6	5.8	-1.0	6.0	5.2	0.9
Operating profit margin	21.6	9.6	1.2	10.4	6.6	0.8
Gross profit margin			***		***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	387.5	207.6	104.9	198.8	257.5	392.4
Return on net operating assets	25.1	13.0	-2.0	9.9	15.1	5.0
Pretax profit to assets	20.9	7.3	-1.9	7.0	8.1	3.8
Return on capital employed	23.2	11.4	2.8	9.0	12.9	8.1
Return on equity (2)	32.4	13.0	0.6	12.0	16.5	9.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.83	6.12	2.43	4.56	7.91	14.02
Inventory turnover	10 MI	•••	•••	7. ***	***	m.
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.58	1.42	1.07	1.54	1.31	1.26
Debt to equity	0.11	0.46	1.51	0.41	0.51	0.71
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.66	0.93	0.64	0.72	0.78
Interest coverage	12.96	3.52	0.91	3.52	3.63	2.15
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			75	25		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	.0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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187 - Insurance and real estate agencies

e e	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	16.9	17.4		
Accounts receivable	22.8	33.7		
Inventory	1.7	0.6		
Capital assets	13.5	8.4		
Other assets	12.5	12.2		
Total operating assets	67.5	72.1		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.3	11.4		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	17.2	16.5		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	26.4	38.3		
Borrowing:				
Banks	11.4	8.1		
Short term paper	0.7	0.1		
Mortgages	3.2	2.3		
Bonds	5.4	1.9		
Other loans	5.9	4.0		
Amount owing to affiliates	15.3	25.4		
Other liabilities	3.2	4.7		
Deferred income tax	1.2	1.8		
Total liabilities	72.7	86.7		
Shareholders' equity	nune.	275		
Share capital	6.0	7.5		
Retained earnings	19.7	3.7		
Other surplus	1.6	2.1		
Total shareholders' equity	27.3	13.3		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	23.3	27.4		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	20.5	26.9		

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Industry

188 - Employment agencies and personnel suppliers

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quarti		e Boundary (1)		dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		995				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.1	2.3	-0.5	3.1	1.7	1.6
Pretax profit margin	10.1	3.1	-0.3	4.1	2.2	2.1
Operating profit margin	10.0	4.3	-0.6	4.3	3.7	2.3
Gross profit margin	***	***				
Operating revenue to net operating assets	420.1	319.9	131.7	219.1	411.1	301.4
Return on net operating assets	23.2	7.9	-10.4	1.0	13.5	22.7
Pretax profit to assets	29.2	10.1	-1.6	9.7	10.1	11.4
Return on capital employed	28.5	14.4	0.4	6.1	22.3	21.1
Return on equity (2)	49.9	20.9	3.8	18.2	22.0	29.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.34	8.35	5.26	8.09	8.66	8.38
inventory turnover	***		****	***	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.86	1.31	0.97	1.28	1.96	1.54
Debt to equity	0.27	1.79	5.22	2.91	0.36	0.30
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.73	0.98	0.74	0.73	0.72
Interest coverage	20.50	6.26	-0.40		6.26	2.41
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			74	26		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			68	32		

25

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

188 - Employment agencies and personnel suppliers

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	16.8	15.4
Accounts receivable	30.9	52.2
Inventory	0.2	0.4
Capital assets	18.3	6.9
Other assets	4.8	11.3
Total operating assets	70.9	86.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.4	11.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	8.7	2.3
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		8
Accounts payable	24.5	31.5
Borrowing:		
Banks	8.2	6.1
Short term paper	0.2	0.4
Mortgages	0.5	0.6
Bonds	2.7	3.3
Other loans	4.3	1.7
Amount owing to affiliates	20.0	21.4
	13.5	7.1
Other liabilities	0.8	-0.1
Deferred income tax	74.8	71.9
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.0	12.9
Retained earnings	21.7	14.4
Other surplus	2.5	0.8
Total shareholders' equity	25.2	28.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	65.8	76.9
Current liabilities - % of total assets	52.5	46.4

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Industry

189 - Computer and related services

at at	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		5,843				4
Financial ratios				19		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	17.9	4.9	-1.2	5.9	3.3	2.5
Pretax profit margin	22.6	6.5	-1.0	7.8	4.1	3.4
Operating profit margin	13.7	4.5	-2.9	2.0	2.5	2.8
Gross profit margin	•••	222			•••	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	406.6	267.0	146.3	255.8	299.6	281.7
Return on net operating assets	21.2	3.0	-10.4	0.7	6.0	14.3
Pretax profit to assets	39.8	12.8	-2.7	13.7	10.6	9.1
Return on capital employed	22.5	9.3	-6.6	4.7	7.1	13.9
Return on equity (2)	50.0	24.3	4.5	23.7	25.8	21.9
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.26	7.47	5.23	7.57	7.46	5.38
Inventory turnover	•••	Vere	***			***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.10	1.82	1.00	1.83	1.56	1.22
Debt to equity	0.12	0.80	2.32	0.80	0.75	0.79
Liabilities to assets	0.33	0.64	0.96	0.63	0.67	0.68
Interest coverage	9.87	1.48	-5.42	0.65	5.21	2.80
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			69	31		
Pretax profit			67	33		
Net profit			67	33		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	1		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

~ NN	1	Medium	Transport
	ann	VIENTIN	THE HILLS
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Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

189 - Computer and related services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	14.2	11.6
Accounts receivable	25.1	29.2
Inventory	3.0	3.9
Capital assets	18.4	24.1
Other assets	8.5	11.4
Total operating assets	69.2	80.3
Investments and accounts with affiliates	18.1	10.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	12.7	9.7
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	21.1	17.1
Borrowing:		
Banks	7.9	8.9
Short term paper	0.1	0.3
Mortgages	1.9	2.5
Bonds	1.6	3.0
Other loans	4.2	5.3
Amount owing to affiliates	18.1	13.6
Other liabilities	4.2	9.9
	0.2	1.3
Deferred income tax	59.4	61.9
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity	(grazioni)	12/2711
Share capital	20.4	29.4
Retained earnings	18.5	7.0
Other surplus	1.6	1.6
Total shareholders' equity	40.6	38.1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	57.1	56.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.2	30.1

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

Net profit

190 - Accounting and bookkeeping services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	-	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,175				
Financial ratios		20 1 400 - 2040				·
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	16.8	5.6	-0.5	5.6	5.4	
Pretax profit margin	21.0	7.3	0.4	7.4	7.2	•••
Operating profit margin	20.5	9.5	3.5	8.2	12.1	•••
Gross profit margin			***			•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	317.7	210.4	98.3	207.8	238.6	***
Return on net operating assets	17.3	9.8	-2.2	9.5	11.1	•••
Pretax profit to assets	27.3	10.7	-0.4	10.4	12.9	***
Return on capital employed	17.9	10.1	4.8	9.8	11.7	
Return on equity (2)	42.9	21.3	6.7	21.4	18.3	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.53	5.86	3.66	5.86		***
Inventory turnover		•••				***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.65	2.36	1.35	2.36	3.03	
Debt to equity	0.17	0.60	1.30	0.57	•••	
Liabilities to assets	0.36	0.69	0.97	0.70	0.60	
interest coverage	10.71	5.60	1.67	5.60	9.07	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	N	
Operating profit			87	13		
Pretax profit			84	16		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

190 - Accounting and bookkeeping services

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	6.9	*
Accounts receivable	24.4	•
Inventory	1.2	*
Capital assets	21.1	*
Other assets	11.7	*
Total operating assets	65.3	*
Investments and accounts with affiliates	15.6	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	19.1	*
Total assets	100.0	*
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	9.7	3
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.8	920
Short term paper	0.0	15
Mortgages	5.5	157.0
Bonds	0.5	170
Other loans	6.8	(*)
Amount owing to affiliates	12.9	-
Other liabilities	2.8	-
Deferred income tax	0.6	•
Total liabilities	54.6	: = 1
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.5	線影
Retained earnings	37.0	(**)
Other surplus	4.9	\$ \$
Total shareholders' equity	45.4	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	45.6	-
Current liabilities - % of total assets	30.7	¥.

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Industry

191 - Advertising services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
		Quartile Bo	Soundary (1) Med		dian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%		Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group		3,162		- N			
Financial ratios		111000000000000000000000000000000000000					
Profitability (percentages)							
Net profit margin	8.9	2.5	-1.5	2.2	2.8	1.5	
Pretax profit margin	11.1	3.2	-1.3	2.9	3.6	2.1	
Operating profit margin	9.7	4.9	-0.5	4.9	4.7	2.2	
Gross profit margin	***					***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	415.0	286.5	160.6	251.4	391.7	388.9	
Return on net operating assets	25.4	13.7	-3.5	8.4	20.7	12.4	
Pretax profit to assets	26.2	7.9	-4.3	6.1	10.1	5.7	
Return on capital employed	24.0	11.2	-2.9	7.6	14.8	11.2	
Return on equity (2)	48.3	21.6	2.9	18.2	25.0	18.6	
Efficiency (ratios)							
Receivable turnover	9.43	6.67	4.28	7.12	5.64	4.57	
Inventory turnover	***	•••	•••	300	3 		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)							
Working capital	2.22	1.39	0.99	1.44	1.35	1.35	
Debt to equity	0.22	0.47	1.57	0.48	0.36	0.36	
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.79	1.02	0.82	0.77	0.85	
Interest coverage	7.33	1.92	-1.00	1.60	4.43	6.50	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)			
Operating profit			72	28			
Pretax profit			73	27			
Net profit			73	27			
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	3			

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

191 - Advertising services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		¥
Cash	14.8	5.7
Accounts receivable	39.2	53.7
Inventory	3.0	0.5
Capital assets	18.3	4.6
Other assets	5.4	2.8
Total operating assets	80.6	67.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.5	4.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.9	28.7
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	38.6	81.9
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.9	3.0
Short term paper	0.1	0.0
Mortgages	1.6	0.7
Bonds	1.8	0.5
Other loans	4.3	0.6
Amount owing to affiliates	10.0	3.4
Other liabilities	7.0	2.8
	0.0	0.1
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	74.3	93.1
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	4.3	4.1
Retained earnings	19.8	2.3
Other surplus	1.6	0.5
Total shareholders' equity	25.7	6.9
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	71.0	89.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	55.3	85.5

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Industry

192 - Architectural, engineering and other scientific and technical services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-	Quartile Boun		oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		10,124				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	15.1	4.8	-1.3	4.9	4.5	1.8
Pretax profit margin	18.9	6.1	-1.1	6.4	5.8	2.4
Operating profit margin	16.1	4.8	-1.5	4.2	5.4	2.5
Gross profit margin					***	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	385.2	263.9	147.4	244.4	300.6	343.0
Return on net operating assets	18.1	4.7	-5.9	2.8	12.0	11.4
Pretax profit to assets	30.5	10.3	-2.3	9.8	11.4	5.9
Return on capital employed	19.1	6.9	-4.2	5.3	11.2	8.9
Return on equity (2)	44.1	19.1	1.4	18.2	21.1	18.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.03	6.31	3.76	6.98	5.12	4.03
Inventory turnover	•••	***	***	•••		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.47	1.82	1.17	1.93	1.78	1.35
Debt to equity	0.19	0.57	1.47	0.68	0.48	0.70
Liabilities to assets	0.30	0.59	0.90	0.58	0.59	0.73
Interest coverage	7.33	2.10	-0.45	1.51	2.97	2.24
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	6		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

192 - Architectural, engineering and other scientific and technical services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	13.9	4.3	
Accounts receivable	29.6	18.0	
Inventory	3.4	2.4	
Capital assets	24.0	9.9	
Other assets	5.1	3.6	
Total operating assets	76.0	38.2	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.8	56.9	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.3	4.9	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	21.2	12.8	
Borrowing:			
Banks	11.1	10.7	
Short term paper	0.1	0.7	
Mortgages	3.1	1.6	
Bonds	1.1	8.3	
Other loans	5.5	5.1	
Amount owing to affiliates	16.9	8.2	
Other liabilities	4.2	2.6	
Deferred income tax	0.3	0.3	
Total liabilities	63.4	50.4	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	15.3	41.3	
Retained earnings	19.5	5.6	
Other surplus	1.8	2.8	
Total shareholders' equity	36.6	49.6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	57.2	30.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	39.0	22.1	

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Industry

193 - Offices of lawyers and notaries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,498				10-100
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	25.9	10.6	0.9	10.6	11.0	120
Pretax profit margin	33.2	13.9	1.8	13.9	14.3	
Operating profit margin	30.7	15.0	5.4	11.3	13.3	
Gross profit margin	***	***	•••			***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	353.6	176.7	100.8	176.9	163.9	***
Return on net operating assets	28.2	8.7	-0.1	8.7	7.2	***
Pretax profit to assets	41.9	18.7	1.9	17.0	29.4	
Return on capital employed	31.7	11.6	2.7	8.8	15.5	
Return on equity (2)	53.8	26.3	6.9	23.6	39.8	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.36	4.68	2.86	4.29	4.68	No.
Inventory turnover	***	•••	(200)		***	****
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.81	1.67	1.15	1.80	1.33	***
Debt to equity	0.28	0.54	1.08	0.54	0.42	
Liabilities to assets	0.33	0.61	0.89	0.62	0.59	
Interest coverage	10.25	3.35	-0.08	3.35	2.11	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			84	16		
Pretax profit			77	23		
Net profit			76	24		

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Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

193 - Offices of lawyers and notaries

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.3	æ.
Accounts receivable	21.4	2
Inventory	· ·	· ·
Capital assets	29.8	5.
Other assets	5.1	•
Total operating assets	67.6	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	17.3	<u>~</u>
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	15.1	÷
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.6	u u
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.0	*
Short term paper	0.1	
Mortgages	11.1	2
Bonds	1.2	2
Other loans	2.9	5
Amount owing to affiliates	9.2	
Other liabilities	1.9	1 4 2
Deferred income tax	1.4	12
Total liabilities	56.4	% = .8
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	5.7	
Retained earnings	35.7	1.70
Other surplus	2.2	-
Total shareholders' equity	43.6	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	42.1	8=
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.3	

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Industry

194 - Management consulting services

SICE Grouping

all firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 mill to \$25 million

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
-	Quartile Boundary (1)		Med	lian		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		14,510	*****		2-01-2	
Financial ratios					100.3	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	25.0	7.7	-0.9	8.3	5.7	2.1
Pretax profit margin	32.6	10.5	-0.5	11.4	7.3	2.7
Operating profit margin	20.6	7.9	-1.1	8.6	6.4	1.7
Gross profit margin	***	***	***		200	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	354.7	202.3	86.5	193.1	246.4	206.4
Return on net operating assets	23.4	8.2	-6.0	7.8	8.2	9.4
Pretax profit to assets	37.9	12.2	-1.0	11.8	14.1	7.1
Return on capital employed	20.1	9.5	0.2	8.9	11.4	9.4
Return on equity (2)	45.3	20.0	3.4	19.2	24.4	19.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	10.52	7.17	4.11	7.24	6.67	5.67
Inventory turnover	200	***	***	•••	***	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)	19					
Working capital	4.00	1.99	1.13	2.08	1.56	1.58
Debt to equity	0.12	0.39	0.94	0.41	0.36	0.31
Liabilities to assets	0.26	0.60	0.95	0.58	0.66	0.77
Interest coverage	8.92	2.56	0.49	2.35	3.83	3.19
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	21.00		1	18		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

194 - Management consulting services

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	10.2	3.0	
Accounts receivable	12.6	18.2	
Inventory	2.7	1.4	
Capital assets	18.1	12.4	
Other assets	3.3	11.4	
Total operating assets	46.9	46.4	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	31.4	7.7	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	21.7	45.9	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	12.7	18.2	
Borrowing:			
Banks	10.1	5.0	
Short term paper	0.3	0.2	
Mortgages	3.5	2.7	
Bonds	3.2	1.2	
Other loans	5.4	1.3	
Amount owing to affiliates	20.8	12.1	
Other liabilities	2.9	41.3	
Deferred income tax	0.6	1.3	
Total liabilities	59.4	83.2	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	11.0	11.0	
Retained earnings	17.7	2.8	
Other surplus	11.8	3.0	
Total shareholders' equity	40.6	16.8	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	38.7	26.9	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.6	20.0	

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Industry

195 - Other business services

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		12,623				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	15.9	4.2	-1.3	4.5	3.5	1.5
Pretax profit margin	20.5	5.6	-1.0	6.2	4.5	2.1
Operating profit margin	16.3	5.5	-1.7	5.6	5.3	1.2
Gross profit margin				***	•••	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	354.0	210.4	92.7	172.3	264.8	220.9
Return on net operating assets	20.0	5.7	-4.4	4.0	11.2	6.9
Pretax profit to assets	27.8	8.3	-2.0	8.0	9.2	5.9
Return on capital employed	19.1	6.2	-1.8	5.2	10.9	6.6
Return on equity (2)	38.2	15.6	2.0	14.5	18.9	18.6
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.17	6.43	4.17	6.90	6.05	6.08
Inventory turnover	***	***	•••			•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.56	1.75	1.05	2.07	1.44	1.28
Debt to equity	0.14	0.49	1.56	0.47	0.56	1.13
Liabilities to assets	0.31	0.64	0.96	0.63	0.68	0.76
Interest coverage	7.08	1.91	-1.00	1.74	2.18	1.13

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	72	28
Pretax profit	72	28
Net profit	71	29
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	1	6

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

		Medium	100
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

195 - Other business services

SICE Grouping 779

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	10.8	6.4		
Accounts receivable	17.4	27.8		
Inventory	2.2	3.3		
Capital assets	22.5	17.9		
Other assets	4.4	6.2		
Total operating assets	57.2	61.7		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	26.7	32.9		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	16.1	5.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	15.5	17.9		
	13.3	X.1.2		
Borrowing:	11.0	14.7		
Banks	0.3	0.3		
Short term paper	4.1	3.0		
Mortgages	3.0	3.2		
Bonds	5.7	10.6		
Other loans	17.3	15.2		
Amount owing to affiliates	3.9	6.2		
Other liabilities	7.77			
Deferred income tax	0.5	0.5		
Total liabilities	61.2	71.6		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	8.4	22.7		
Retained earnings	27.6	5.3		
Other surplus	2.8	0.5		
Total shareholders' equity	38.8	28.4		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	43.9	45.2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	32.4	40.7		

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Industry

196 - Elementary and secondary education

STOP C

Number of firms in the group Financial ratios	Better Q3 75%	Quartile Bo Average Q2 50%		Me	dian	
	Q3	Q2	Worse		7777900000	Median
		2070	Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	
Financial ratios		130	-7-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.5	2.7	-2.0	2.2	3.4	000
Pretax profit margin	8.5	3.5	-2.0	2.7	4.8	
Operating profit margin	13.3	7.7	0.5	***	3.3	•••
Gross profit margin	***)	****	***			
Operating revenue to net operating assets	267.8	225.4	153.3	•••	153.3	
Return on net operating assets	11.8	1.1	-12.4		8.5	•••
Pretax profit to assets	22.2	6.3	-6.1	5.3	7.8	***
Return on capital employed	19.4	9.9	0.5		9.6	300
Return on equity (2)	50.6	16.8	1.4	13.7	22.2	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover		•••	•••		***	•••
nventory turnover	11.5	•••	***	***	***	•••
iquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Vorking capital		2.95			0.85	
Debt to equity	•••	0.05	***	***	0.11	
ciabilities to assets	0.46	0.82	1.06	0.77	0.88	222
nterest coverage		3.01	***	300	5.29	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
perating profit			67	33		
retax profit			78	22		
et profit			78	22		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry 196 - Elementary and secondary education

SICE Grouping 851

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.2	
Accounts receivable	14.3	•
Inventory	0.9	•
Capital assets	52.5	•
Other assets	5.0	-
Total operating assets	81.0	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.5	•
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	11.4	•
Total assets	100.0	(*)
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	15.5	
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.2	29)
Short term paper	0.1	•
Mortgages	0.8	£
Bonds	1.3	÷
Other loans	8.3	5
Amount owing to affiliates	2.7	2
Other liabilities	16.3	~
Deferred income tax	3.0	¥
Total liabilities	62.2	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.4	.5
Retained earnings	34.3	
Other surplus	0.1	8
Total shareholders' equity	37.8	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	₩
Current assets - % of total assets	35.0	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	41.3	*

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Industry

197 - Post-secondary non-university education

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		543		*	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.8	1.7	-2.9	1.3	2.3	0.6
Pretax profit margin	9.7	2.3	-2.8	1.7	3.0	2.4
Operating profit margin	9.2	1.9	0.5	1.5	2.9	
Gross profit margin	***	***	***			
Operating revenue to net operating assets	340.1	272.6	172.8		272.6	•••
Return on net operating assets	16.3	9.3	-1.5	1.9	9.3	***
Pretax profit to assets	19.8	4.6	-7.6	3.3	5.8	3.2
Return on capital employed	15.8	9.2	4.8	3.8	9.2	
Return on equity (2)	43.2	17.9	-1.3	14.6	24.8	7.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.69	7.24	4.17	***	7.15	7
Inventory turnover	•••		•••	5***		•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.75	1.26	1.01	1.02	1.46	304
Debt to equity	0.35	0.62	1.50		0.62	
Liabilities to assets	0.50	0.78	1.03	0.78	0.80	0.88
Interest coverage	3.32	1.46	1.00	1.46	2.63	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	Cultural Cul	
Operating profit			89	11		
Pretax profit			83	17		
Net profit			85	15		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1

1995

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Industry 197 - Post-secondary non-university education SICE Grouping 852

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	11.1	-		
Accounts receivable	27.1	*		
Inventory	4.5	*		
Capital assets	30.0	*		
Other assets	6.1	ž		
Total operating assets	78.8	·		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	14.9	*		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.3	Si Si		
Total assets	100.0			
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	22.2	398		
Borrowing:				
Banks	6.3			
Short term paper	0.0	-		
Mortgages	6.7	-		
Bonds	0.1	(•)		
Other loans	1.0	(2)		
Amount owing to affiliates	15.5	=		
Other liabilities	27.7			
Deferred income tax	0.0	*		
Total liabilities	79.6	•		
Shareholders' equity	660			
Share capital	6.9	2		
Retained earnings	13.4	2		
Other surplus	0.1	¥		
Total shareholders' equity	20.4	*		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•		
Current assets - % of total assets	54.8			
Current liabilities - % of total assets	53.1	27 9		

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Industry

198 - Other educational services

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
	Quartile Boundary (1) Median				100	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	e Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		701			<i>700</i> - 8/2	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.4	2.0	-2.7	1.9	2.5	
Pretax profit margin	8.8	2.6	-2.4	2.3	3.3	
Operating profit margin	10.1	3.1	-0.5	1.2	8.5	
Gross profit margin				•••	•••	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	560.2	353.2	245.0	356.1	304.9	
Return on net operating assets	9.4	4.6	-3.2	1.4	4.6	53230
Pretax profit to assets	23.2	5.9	-8.2	5.1	9.6	3200
Return on capital employed	30.5	16.1	3.3	6.4	16.5	•••
Return on equity (2)	46.6	20.0	1.6	22.0	18.8	***
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.83	9.05	7.84	***	7.84	
Inventory turnover	***	***		***		***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.38	2.30	1.26	2.72	1.47	
Debt to equity	0.26	0.75	5.87		0.62	***
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.83	1.07	0.87	0.72	····
Interest coverage	8.67	1.68	0.79	0.90	8.67	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		-	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			72	28		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			69	31		

28

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

Industry

198 - Other educational services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	24.0	2
Accounts receivable	. 14.3	•
Inventory	1.7	•
Capital assets	34.7	2
Other assets	6.1	8
Total operating assets	80.8	*
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.2	<u>.</u>
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	10.9	•
Total assets	100.0	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19.0	(*)
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.3	107
Short term paper	0.1	(•)
Mortgages	1.6	
Bonds	1.5	% ■
Other loans	4.6	323
Amount owing to affiliates	19.3	
	13.8	
Other liabilities	0.1	-
Deferred income tax	74.3	
Total liabilities		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	1.2	-
Retained earnings	24.5	•
Other surplus	0.0	-
Total shareholders' equity	25.7	*
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	54.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.5	

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Industry

199 - Other institutional health and social services

SICE Grouping

862

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
·-	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		895				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.1	1.9	-1.6	2.0	1.9	1.7
Pretax profit margin	7.4	2.4	-1.4	2.6	2.2	2.1
Operating profit margin	18.4	7.0	0.8	2.8	10.3	4.5
Gross profit margin			***			•
Operating revenue to net operating assets	148.0	80.2	42.7	88.3	67.7	93.1
Return on net operating assets	17.1	10.7	6.6	9.1	11.3	8.6
Pretax profit to assets	9.3	2.5	-1.6	1.9	3.5	2.0
Return on capital employed	14.8	9.8	5.2	8.5	9.9	5.9
Return on equity (2)	25.2	12.0	1.4	10.1	15.8	7.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.14	11.56	3.43	****	11.56	***
Inventory turnover	***	344	•••	***	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.98	1.26	0.88	2.63	1.22	1.17
Debt to equity	0.27	0.55	2.52	0.41	0.99	0.33
Liabilities to assets	0.60	0.87	1.03	0.86	0.88	0.90
Interest coverage	2.59	1.34	0.99	2.01	1.15	0.79
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			88	12		
Pretax profit			73	27		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

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Industry 199 - Other institutional health and social services
SICE Grouping 862

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.4	2.4		
Accounts receivable	3.0	3.0		
Inventory	0.2	1.3		
Capital assets	70.0	46.4		
Other assets	5.5	27.6		
Total operating assets	83.2	80.8		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.3	17.8		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.5	1.4		
Total assets	100.0	100.0		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	7.4	8.9		
Borrowing:				
Banks	20.4	8.9		
Short term paper	1.1	0.7		
Mortgages	28.7	58.3		
Bonds	12.7	7.5		
Other loans	9.9	5.4		
Amount owing to affiliates	8.6	12.0		
Other liabilities	3.2	3.6		
Deferred income tax	0.8	0.0		
Total liabilities	92.8	105.4		
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	3.6	2.9		
Retained earnings	1.5	-13.1		
Other surplus	2.1	4.9		
Total shareholders' equity	7.2	-5.4		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0		
Current assets - % of total assets	14.5	8.6		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	23.3	15.1		

Number of firms in the group

Operating revenue to net operating assets

Profitability (percentages)

Financial ratios

Net profit margin

Pretax profit margin

Gross profit margin

Pretax profit to assets

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)

Receivable turnover Inventory turnover

Working capital

Liabilities to assets

Interest coverage

Debt to equity

Operating profit margin

Return on net operating assets

Return on capital employed

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

200 - Non-institutional health services

SICE Grouping

863

Medium firms with Small firms with revenue under \$5 million revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million Quartile Boundary (1) Median Better Average Worse Firms Firms Q3 Q2 Q1 under \$500,000 to Median \$500,000 \$5 million 75% 50% 25% 485 12.2 4.8 -0.15.4 4.6 15.3 5.5 0.2 6.3 5.1 10.9 10.3 ... ••• 277.0 405.8 21.6 12.0 28.5 10.7 8.0 12.0 9.5 13.9 17.2 ... 41.0 17.1 4.8 14.8 21.8

7.66

1.29

0.43

0.71

2.90

...

0.64

...

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	60	40
Pretax profit	60	40
Net profit	60	40
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	3	30

7.66

2.19

0.31

0.66

5.53

0.91

0.39

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

200 - Non-institutional health services

SICE Grouping 863

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.6	*
Accounts receivable	16.4	•
Inventory	0.4	2
Capital assets	31.3	5
Other assets	10.0	
Total operating assets	66.6	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.5	2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	19.9	8
Total assets	100.0	-
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	16.2	<u>12</u> 0
Borrowing:		
Banks	10.2	
Short term paper	0.3	<u> </u>
Mortgages	0.6	¥
Bonds	3.4	-
Other loans	5.6	
Amount owing to affiliates	10.6	*
Other liabilities	3.2	120
Deferred income tax	0.6	•
Total liabilities	50.6	
Shareholders' equity	7.0	
Share capital	7.0	(3)
Retained earnings	42.4	
Other surplus	-	150
Total shareholders' equity	49.4	35
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	36.3	2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.1	-

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Industry

201 - Non-institutional social services

SICE Grouping

864

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

a)	Sman firms with revenue under \$5 million					to \$25 million
V.	Quartile Boundary (1)			Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,135				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.2	2.4	-2.0	2.0	3.3	***
Pretax profit margin	8.8	3.0	-1.7	2.8	4.1	
Operating profit margin	8.7	3.3	-2.5	3.3	9.2	···
Gross profit margin	•••	***	***	***	***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	338.3	234.7	60.5	282.2	208.1	
Return on net operating assets	23.1	12.4	1.1	6.7	23.1	
Pretax profit to assets	25.0	6.5	-4.8	5.7	11.4	
Return on capital employed	21.2	10.5	-6.8	7.3	10.5	***
Return on equity (2)	44.4	19.3	2.6	18.6	24.1	S
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.85	10.87	8.33	11.49	8.33	·m
Inventory turnover	***	986	***	•••		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.94	1.99	0.97	2.26	1.70	***
Debt to equity		0.26	•••	0.26	0.99	
Liabilities to assets	0.48	0.81	1.04	0.82	0.74	
Interest coverage	4.40	2.77	1.00	2.07	3.03	***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			68	32		
Net profit			68	32		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)		*	3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

201 - Non-institutional social services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	10.7	•	
Accounts receivable	12.7	% <u>≥</u> 4	
Inventory	3.3	-	
Capital assets	60.0	-51	
Other assets	7.6	15	
Total operating assets	94.3		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	2.5	-	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.2	ESP 5	
Total assets	100.0	(-	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	13.5	¥	
Borrowing:			
Banks	14.9	-	
Short term paper	0.6	2	
Mortgages	24.4	2	
Bonds	7.0	2	
Other loans	6.6	8	
Amount owing to affiliates	8.7	u z	
Other liabilities	8.9		
Deferred income tax	0.2		
Total liabilities	84.8		
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	1.9	120	
Retained earnings	12.4	-	
Other surplus	1.0	20	
Total shareholders' equity	15.2		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	*	
Current assets - % of total assets	30.8	•	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	29.5		

865

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Industry

202 - Offices of physicians, surgeons and dentists, private practice

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	Quartile Boundary (1)			Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		7,731			1	
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	26.3	15.1	5.5	16.0	12.6	0.7
Pretax profit margin	34.5	19.8	7.4	21.2	16.3	0.9
Operating profit margin	32.7	18.3	8.8	18.2	19.3	
Gross profit margin	***	***	***	•••	***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	305.1	188.7	77.8	166.0	261.9	***
Return on net operating assets	30.2	17.9	4.9	17.1	32.2	
Pretax profit to assets	45.1	21.2	8.8	21.1	21.3	1.4
Return on capital employed	25.1	14.7	7.3	13.9	18.5	
Return on equity (2)	44.3	21.1	9.5	20.7	23.3	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.77	10.55	7.44	10.31	10.90	
Inventory turnover	•••		5 555 5	***	***	346
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	5.33	2.74	1.48	2.96	1.92	***
Debt to equity	0.07	0.30	1.30	0.31	0.29	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.14	0.40	0.75	0.39	0.43	0.54
Interest coverage	18.00	7.76	3.38	7.25	14.78	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			89	11		
Pretax profit			88	12		
Net profit			88	12		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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202 - Offices of physicians, surgeons and dentists, private practice SICE Grouping 865

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	16.1	5
Accounts receivable	8.1	-
Inventory	0.5	-
Capital assets	23.0	<u>.</u>
Other assets	7.4	7
Total operating assets	55.2	*
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.3	2
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	24.6	~
Total assets	100.0	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	10.7	
Borrowing:		
Banks	9.5	
Short term paper	0.2	~
Mortgages	3.4	¥ 1
Bonds	2.8	(20)
Other loans	3.7	8
Amount owing to affiliates	7.7	.*
Other liabilities	2.4	12
Deferred income tax	0.2	(#)
Total liabilities	40.6	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	3.5	12
Retained earnings	54.4	
Other surplus	1.5	
Total shareholders' equity	59.4	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	39.6	H286 (10- 176 (1-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10
Current liabilities - % of total assets	21.9	

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Industry

203 - Offices of other health practitioners

SICE Crouning

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	* 100	Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,771				-
Financial ratios						*
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	15.0	6.1	0.2	5.9	7.0	(xo
Pretax profit margin	19.4	7.9	0.5	7.7	8.4	
Operating profit margin	16.2	7.3	1.2	8.9	•••	
Gross profit margin	***	2555	***			•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	476.7	189.2	51.2	189.2		
Return on net operating assets	11.7	5.3	-2.3	5.2		
Pretax profit to assets	33.0	13.4	0.7	12.5	18.6	***
Return on capital employed	15.7	9.3	3.8	8.8		***
Return on equity (2)	43.8	20.8	5.0	20.2	26.0	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	13.21	9.18	5.80	9.26	200	(***
Inventory turnover	•••	***	•••		***	3444
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.06	1.65	1.19	2.00	1.10	
Debt to equity	0.12	0.57	1.23	0.57	***	
Liabilities to assets	0.25	0.56	0.88	0.57	0.48	•••
Interest coverage	8.78	2.65	0.75	1.38		
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		-	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			80	20		
Pretax profit			76	24		
Net profit			73	27		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	3		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

C-noll	and	Medium	Firms
Small	and	MEGITAL	T. III HIND

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	203	- Offices of other health practitioners
SICE Grouping	866	

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.8	1000 11
Accounts receivable	14.0	•
Inventory	0.8	÷
Capital assets	41.5	-
Other assets	4.1	*
Total operating assets	71.1	7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.1	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	21.7	~
Total assets	100.0	·
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	13.4	*
Borrowing:		
Banks	6.7	
Short term paper	0.2	•
Mortgages	19.6	% ■0
Bonds	2.5	(-)
Other loans	4.7	•
Amount owing to affiliates	11.4	:=
Other liabilities	1.9	*
Deferred income tax	-0.1	
Total liabilities	60.3	•
Shareholders' equity Share capital	0.6	
Retained earnings	38.7	2
Other surplus	0.3	2
Total shareholders' equity	39.7	Ŧ
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	2
Current assets - % of total assets	35.0	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	24.7	•

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Industry

204 - Medical and other health laboratories

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile B	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Averag Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		601				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	19.1	7.5	0.4	7.7	7.3	2.2
Pretax profit margin	25.0	9.9	0.9	10.1	9.1	2.9
Operating profit margin	16.4	7.4	3.7	7.8	7.4	
Gross profit margin		***				1000
Operating revenue to net operating assets	327.7	226.8	177.7	199.2	226.8	
Return on net operating assets	25.9	13.4	-12.6	5.5	22.6	
Pretax profit to assets	32.5	14.1	1.5	12.2	17.9	5.8
Return on capital employed	22.0	12.7	8.7	14.4	12.1	
Return on equity (2)	39.9	17.4	3.0	14.0	22.2	7.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	9.05	6.11	4.87	6.52	5.90	•••
Inventory turnover	***		***	***	***	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.12	1.21	0.87	1.16	1.21	***
Debt to equity	0.05	0.15	1.45		1.03	
Liabilities to assets	0.18	0.43	0.73	0.41	0.45	0.68
Interest coverage	11.97	3.21	-0.81		3.21	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			83	17		#
Net profit			83	17		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2:	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

	Small	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

204 - Medical and other health laboratories

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	17.1	
Accounts receivable	19.7	
Inventory	1.5	-
Capital assets	24.1	la p al
Other assets	8.2	le.
Total operating assets	70.5	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	24.0	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	5.5	
Total assets	100.0	
11.1.1141		
Liabilities	400	
Accounts payable	10.3	*
Borrowing:	12.2	
Banks		- m
Short term paper	0.3	5.
Mortgages	5.4	±.
Bonds	3.2	5
Other loans	8.3	55.
Amount owing to affiliates	15.5	-
Other liabilities	6.9	≅
Deferred income tax	-0.6	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	61.4	*
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	10.2	=
Retained earnings	28.2	
Other surplus	0.1	
Total shareholders' equity	38.6	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	30
Current assets - % of total assets	53.9	120 Table 1
Current liabilities - % of total assets	28.8	

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Industry

205 - Health and social service associations and agencies

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		148				
Financial ratios			900-1081			
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	24.0	4.8	-0.9	7.9	3.8	
Pretax profit margin	32.4	6.4	-0.7	10.3	4.1	
Operating profit margin	***	6.1	•••	10.1		***
Gross profit margin	***	***				•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	***	183.7	•••		•••	***
Return on net operating assets		-9.5		***	3 ***	
Pretax profit to assets	40.3	15.8	-2.0	17.2	13.7	
Return on capital employed		7.3	***			
Return on equity (2)	53.7	23.7	6.5	24.2	23.1	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	10.29	***	•••		
Inventory turnover			•••	***	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		3.55	***		***	
Debt to equity			•••			
Liabilities to assets	0.26	0.62	0.97	0.58	0.67	•••
Interest coverage	***	0.81	***			•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Cmoll	han	Medium	Firms
Small	and	Mediani	LIIIII

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry	
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205 - Health and social service associations and agencies

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	16.8	(70)
Accounts receivable	9.4	12
Inventory	0.5	·
Capital assets	27.9	·*·
Other assets	2.2	15.
Total operating assets	56.8	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	7.1	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	36.1	-
Total assets	100.0	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3.8	n _e r
Borrowing:		
Banks	1.6	
Short term paper	¥	(2)
Mortgages	19.9	•
Bonds	¥	120
Other loans	0.2	
Amount owing to affiliates	36.9	*
Other liabilities	49.0	
Deferred income tax	-1.0	re
Total liabilities	110.4	87:
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	5.5	
Retained earnings	-32.4	85
Other surplus	16.5	
Total shareholders' equity	-10.4	5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	49.4	¥
Current liabilities - % of total assets	43.4	

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Industry

206 - Hotels, motels and tourist courts

SICE Grouping

911 Medium firms with Small firms with revenue under \$5 million revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million Quartile Boundary (1) Median Better Average Worse Firms **Firms** Median Q3 \$500,000 to Q2Q1 under \$500,000 \$5 million 75% 50% 25% Number of firms in the group 4,225 Financial ratios Profitability (percentages) Net profit margin 7.0 1.7 -3.51.2 2.3 1.0 Pretax profit margin 8.4 2.1 -3.3 1.5 2.9 1.5 Operating profit margin 17.3 6.1 -0.94.7 7.1 10.5 Gross profit margin Operating revenue to net operating assets 157.9 95.7 49.1 78.5 104.3 86.8 Return on net operating assets 12.8 6.6 0.4 9.0 4.6 11.4 7.1 Pretax profit to assets 1.7 -2.6 0.9 3.0 1.5 Return on capital employed 12.2 6.4 0.8 5.3 8.6 9.2 Return on equity (2) 21.7 7.9 -1.55.9 10.2 7.2 Efficiency (ratios) 18.14 12.97 6.04 12.97 17.22 17.43 Receivable turnover Inventory turnover ••• Liquidity/Solvency (ratios) Working capital 4.43 1.72 1.05 2.00 1.33 0.86 Debt to equity 0.60 1.61 3.72 1.52 1.87 3.33 Liabilities to assets 0.58 0.86 1.03 0.90 0.82 0.87 Interest coverage 2.11 1.16 -0.231.09 1.27 1.24 Distribution of firms by profits/losses Firms with Firms with profits (%) losses (%) Operating profit 80 20 Pretax profit 64 36 Net profit 64 36

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

206 - Hotels, motels and tourist courts

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	4.6	4.0
Accounts receivable	2.8	2.8
Inventory	1.9	1.2
Capital assets	75.8	77.0
Other assets	3.0	4.9
Total operating assets	88.0	90.0
Investments and accounts with affiliates	8.2	7.8
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.7	2.2
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	7.3	7.3
Borrowing:		
Banks	20.7	24.7
Short term paper	1.2	0.8
Mortgages	13.3	21.9
Bonds	8.4	9.5
Other loans	11.3	8.1
Amount owing to affiliates	23.6	30.1
	2.8	1.2
Other liabilities	0.6	1.0
Deferred income tax	89.3	104.5
Total liabilities	32.00	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9,9	16.4
Retained earnings	-2.4	-22.8
Other surplus	3.1	1.9
Total shareholders' equity	10.7	-4.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	11.9	9.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	21.4	21.0

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Industry

207 - Lodging houses and residential clubs

SICE Grouping

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		309		***		
Financial ratios					40.4	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.3	2.4	-4.8	2.2	2.8	(***
Pretax profit margin	8.5	2.7	-4.6	2.7	3.1	
Operating profit margin	•••	5.1	•••	***	1.0	: ·
Gross profit margin	•••	***		•••		·
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	46.0	366	***	149.9	
Return on net operating assets	***	8.6			0.9	
Pretax profit to assets	7.7	1.4	-2.2	1.3	2.6	***
Return on capital employed		8.5		***	1.0	***
Return on equity (2)	30.5	11.3	-1.6	11.5	11.2	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	1222		***	***	(300)	•••
Inventory turnover	•••			(***		0.000
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	***	1.58	•••			***
Debt to equity		0.45	***	(##K	***	•••
Liabilities to assets	0.71	0.91	1.05	0.92	0.89	
Interest coverage	***	1.25	•••	•••	0.50	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

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Industry

207 - Lodging houses and residential clubs

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	4.1	-		
Accounts receivable	1.8	(*C)		
Inventory	0.6	-		
Capital assets	84.3	22		
Other assets	4.6	**************************************		
Total operating assets	95.5	•		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	3.0	(*)		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.5	*		
Total assets	100.0	-		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	2.8	*		
Borrowing:				
Banks	20.3	•		
Short term paper	1.3			
Mortgages	12.7			
Bonds	14.5	•		
Other loans	7.5	¥		
Amount owing to affiliates	9.9	5		
Other liabilities	0.2	-		
Deferred income tax	0.1	*		
Total liabilities	69.2	•		
Shareholders' equity	120			
Share capital	5.4	<u> </u>		
Retained earnings	19.1	•		
Other surplus	6.3	·		
Total shareholders' equity	30.8			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0			
Current assets - % of total assets	8.9	198 97		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	14.4			

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Industry

208 - Camping grounds and travel trailer parks

SICE Grouping 913

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

						to \$25 million
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Med	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		650				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	12.7	3.6	-1.5	3.4	4.6	<i>2</i> .
Pretax profit margin	15.4	4.4	-1.5	4.2	5.8	•••
Operating profit margin	15.3	8.1	1.0	10.3	7.0	
Gross profit margin		•••	***	****	***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	103.6	45.4	34.2	44.1	80.4	•••
Return on net operating assets	9.0	5.4	3.5	4.9	5.5	***
Pretax profit to assets	8.5	2.5	-1.0	2.0	5.1	***
Return on capital employed	9.1	5.0	3.2	4.7	5.2	
Return on equity (2)	17.8	8.4	0.4	8.0	10.0	200
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••	***	***	•••	•••	
Inventory turnover		***	8.22	***	***	1949
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	•••	1.15	•••	2.01		***
Debt to equity	0.30	3.12	7.25	6.48	0.59	***
Liabilities to assets	0.47	0.82	1.01	0.86	0.56	
Interest coverage	1.86	1.11	0.94	1.00	1.86	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			89	11		
Pretax profit			81	19		
Net profit			77	23		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Industry

208 - Camping grounds and travel trailer parks

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	2.6	-		
Accounts receivable	1.2	348		
Inventory	2.5	***		
Capital assets	89.7			
Other assets	1.8	-		
Total operating assets	97.7	3 5 3		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	1.3	(4)		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.0	•		
Total assets	100.0			
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	4.5	2		
Borrowing:				
Banks	17.9	-		
Short term paper	0.7	¥		
Mortgages	3.1	-		
Bonds	7.6	2		
Other loans	7.7	9		
Amount owing to affiliates	25.0			
Other liabilities	4.6	-		
Deferred income tax	0.5	*		
Total liabilities	71.7	=		
Shareholders' equity	2.7			
Share capital	2.7			
Retained earnings	17.2 8.3	. 		
Other surplus	8.3 28.3	ම් ['] කො		
Total shareholders' equity	See See See	•		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0			
Current assets - % of total assets	7.0	-		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	17.8	¥ # \$		

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Industry

209 - Recreation and vacation camps

SICE Grouping

914

Small firms with revenue under \$5 million

Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million

	Silia	to \$25 million				
		Quartile Bo	oundary (1)	Me	dian	
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		689				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.3	0.7	-6.7	-0.7	3.5	•••
Pretax profit margin	9.2	1.0	-6.7	-0.6	4.5	
Operating profit margin	.222	1.0	***	2.7		···
Gross profit margin	***		***		***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets		92.8		92.8		•••
Return on net operating assets		-13.2		-14.5	(000) (100)	***
Pretax profit to assets	9.3	0.9	-5.6	-0.6	5.7	
Return on capital employed		-1.8		-7.7	***	14129
Return on equity (2)	23.4	7.9	-4.0	5.4	14.5	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	•••		•••	•••	•••	
Inventory turnover	***		***	•••	enc.	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital					***	
Debt to equity	***	0.33	***		***	
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.84	1.07	0.91	0.70	
Interest coverage	300	0.51	***	0.62	1000	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Small	and	Medium	LILIII

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

209 - Recreation and vacation camps

914 SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million		
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%		
Assets				
Cash	1.3			
Accounts receivable	0.9			
Inventory	0.1	<u>-</u>		
Capital assets	47.8	•		
Other assets	1.4	NEW YORK		
Total operating assets	51.5	•		
Investments and accounts with affiliates	13.1	•		
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	35.4			
Total assets	100.0	10 .9 5		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	12.5	÷		
Borrowing:				
Banks	8.0	*		
Short term paper	0.3	*		
Mortgages	2.3	•		
Bonds	4.1	<u> 2</u>		
Other loans	5.7	,5,		
Amount owing to affiliates	14.3			
Other liabilities	15.6	•		
Deferred income tax	0.5	-		
Total liabilities	63.3			
Shareholders' equity				
Share capital	16.0	9.		
Retained earnings	17.3	9 5 5		
Other surplus	3.4	-		
Total shareholders' equity	36.7	(.#.)		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0			
Current assets - % of total assets	8.4	2		
Current liabilities - % of total assets	22.4	-		

Industry

210 - Food services

SICE Grouping

921

Medium firms with

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	Sm	all firms w	revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
	Better Q3 75%	Quartile Bo Average Q2 50%		Me Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	78	18,994				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.0	-0.3	-4.6	-1.2	0.9	1.5
Pretax profit margin	3.5	-0.2	-4.4	-1.1	1.1	1.9
Operating profit margin	5.6	1.5	-2.0	1.3	1.6	3.2
Gross profit margin			***	***	***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	396.5	276.2	155.8	262.1	311.3	363.3
Return on net operating assets	16.9	4.8	-7.2	3.1	8.5	15.8
Pretax profit to assets	9.8	-0.5	-13.0	-2.6	3.5	5.6
Return on capital employed	15.5	4.9	-3.9	3.4	7.6	10.7
Return on equity (2)	29.9	9.4	-5.6	5.3	14.1	14.0
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	14.97	11.36	2.94	2.94	11.57	18.24
Inventory turnover	***	•••		•••	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.25	1.48	1.00	1.58	1.25	0.94
Debt to equity	0.34	0.94	3.01	0.76	1.28	1.42
Liabilities to assets	0.61	0.94	1.18	1.00	0.83	0.70
Interest coverage	3.00	1.00	-1.14	0.65	1.19	1.92
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			68	32		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business Page: 429

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year

1995

Industry

210 - Food services

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.4	6.0
Accounts receivable	3.5	7.5
Inventory	5.6	5.2
Capital assets	54.1	47.0
Other assets	9.0	11.0
Total operating assets	80.5	76.8
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.9	13.4
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.6	9.8
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	16.1	17.6
Borrowing:		
Banks	16.2	15.6
Short term paper	0.6	0.6
Mortgages	5.3	4.3
Bonds	6.5	7.1
Other loans	8.3	8.1
Amount owing to affiliates	30.7	17.3
Other liabilities	2.4	2.3
	0.2	0.8
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	86.3	73.6
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	4.6	13.3
Retained earnings	7.4	12.0
Other surplus	1.8	1.1
Total shareholders' equity	13.7	26.4
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	25.9	24.8
Current liabilities - % of total assets	33.7	28.6

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Industry

211 - Taverns, bars and night clubs

SICE C

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
* =	Quartile Boundary (1) Median					
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,435				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	4.1	0.5	-4.1	-0.5	1.2	1922
Pretax profit margin	4.9	0.6	-3.9	-0.3	1.5	* ***
Operating profit margin	6.1	1.8	-10.4	-4.5	2.6	
Gross profit margin			22.4			=
Operating revenue to net operating assets	315.6	190.1	61.2	151.8	200.4	37*
Return on net operating assets	14.0	6.4	-11.9	0.1	6.6	•••
Pretax profit to assets	11.0	1.1	-8.7	-0.5	3.7	***
Return on capital employed	15.2	6.0	-2.4	6.1	5.5	•••
Return on equity (2)	31.0	10.0	-3.3	7.1	15.7	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	***	•••	***		
Inventory turnover	•••	****	1966		***	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.40	1.46	1.11	1.23	1.84	
Debt to equity	0.69	1.54	2.17	1.77	1.39	
Liabilities to assets	0.53	0.85	1.09	0.89	0.81	0.0000 (A
Interest coverage	2.61	1.23	-6.85	1.31	0.99	D24
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)	-	
Operating profit			70	30		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small a	and	Medium	Firms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

Industry

211 - Taverns, bars and night clubs

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	8.0	-
Accounts receivable	2.3	
Inventory	9.2	· =
Capital assets	55.4	-
Other assets	10.5	
Total operating assets	85.4	7 .6 7
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.7	250
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.9	•
Total assets	100.0	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	11.9	
Borrowing:		
Banks	19.5	-
	0.9	
Short term paper	7.4	
Mortgages	10.7	-
Bonds	12.4	
Other loans	16.7	r <u>u</u> er
Amount owing to affiliates	6.0	
Other liabilities	0.2	
Deferred income tax		.5.
Total liabilities	85.7	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	4.5	
Retained earnings	7.4	•
Other surplus	2.4	-
Total shareholders' equity	14.3	•
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	24.7	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	31.8	=

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Industry

212 - Motion picture, audio and video production and distribution

SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	10 7	Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,514	·			
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	14.8	3.7	-2.3	4.2	3.3	2.4
Pretax profit margin	18.4	5.0	-1.9	5.6	3.9	3.2
Operating profit margin	12.6	4.0	-1.5	3.8	4.1	6.3
Gross profit margin	***	****		***	***	
Operating revenue to net operating assets	374.7	230.0	151.3	235.9	218.0	201.8
Return on net operating assets	19.3	9.1	-11.3	4.0	11.5	15.4
Pretax profit to assets	29.2	7.6	-4.6	7.7	7.5	7.7
Return on capital employed	23.7	8.7	-3.5	6.2	9.4	13.6
Return on equity (2)	43.7	20.0	0.8	18.3	24.8	26.7
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	11.31	6.57	3.79	7.45	6.21	4.39
Inventory turnover	***	### ####	***	•••	•••	
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.91	1.49	1.00	1.38	1.49	1.14
Debt to equity	0.19	0.38	1.31	0.32	0.54	200
Liabilities to assets	0.34	0.69	0.99	0.68	0.76	0.75
Interest coverage	4.75	1.48	-1.08	1.29	2.49	3.35
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			71	29		
Pretax profit			70	30		
Net profit			70	30		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Cmal	l and	Medium	Hirms
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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

212 - Motion picture, audio and video production and distribution

SICE Grouping 961

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	10.0	9.2
Accounts receivable	25.7	18.5
Inventory	7.5	8.5
Capital assets	17.9	16.2
Other assets	9.1	2.9
Total operating assets	70.1	55.4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	20.1	36.5
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	9.7	8.0
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	21.1	13.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	12.1	8.4
Short term paper	0.3	0.0
Mortgages	3.7	0.1
Bonds	4.5	1.6
Other loans	6.1	3.0
Amount owing to affiliates	20.5	39.5
Other liabilities	10.5	1.9
Deferred income tax	0.0	0.6
Total liabilities	78.7	68.8
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	7.7	19.3
Retained earnings	5.4	11.3
Other surplus	8.2	0.6
Total shareholders' equity	21.3	31.2
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	55.3	42.2
Current liabilities - % of total assets	40.4	61.1

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Industry

213 - Motion picture exhibition

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	******	236				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.5	1.9	-1.8	0.9	4.6	
Pretax profit margin	10.9	2.7	-1.7	1.0	5.5	
Operating profit margin	•••	5.5	***		3.6	*
Gross profit margin		8444	•••	•••		***
Operating revenue to net operating assets		133.2		•••	174.1	•••
Return on net operating assets		18.1		***	13.3	***
Pretax profit to assets	12.3	3.1	-3.1	1.2	8.4	
Return on capital employed	***	6.9	•••	***	2.7	****
Return on equity (2)	28.7	9.3	1.0	6.4	14.1	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	***	(***)	***	***	•••
Inventory turnover	***	920	***			***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.92		•••	1.21	***
Debt to equity	***	0.10	***		0.10	
Liabilities to assets	0.43	0.75	1.01	0.77	0.69	***
Interest coverage		2.71		•••		
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

213 - Motion picture exhibition

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Salance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	2.2	
Accounts receivable	2.0	•
Inventory	0.8	
Capital assets	16.2	
Other assets	1.8	
Total operating assets	23.1	±.
Investments and accounts with affiliates	76.0	,±
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	1.0	
Total assets	100.0	•
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	3.0	*
Borrowing:	5.9	
Banks		•
Short term paper	0.1	5.
Mortgages	5.6	F
Bonds	1.4	5
Other loans	1.7	
Amount owing to affiliates	18.5	٠
Other liabilities	0.9	•
Deferred income tax	0.2	.
Total liabilities	37.2	•
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	53.7	*
Retained earnings	11.6	:€
Other surplus	-2.5	15
Total shareholders' equity	62.8	(* .)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	9.0	427
Current liabilities - % of total assets	8.4	26

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Industry

214 - Theatrical and other staged entertainment services

SICE Grouping

963

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
· -	Better		Quartile Boundary (1)		dian	
	Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	74.	1,124				
Financial ratios		21				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	18.5	4.7	-1.2	4.9	3.9	1.8
Pretax profit margin	25.3	7.0	-0.9	8.0	5.3	2.9
Operating profit margin	13.8	4.2	0.1	1.3	1.8	***
Gross profit margin	•••	***			***	•••
Operating revenue to net operating assets	470.7	223.0	117.8	349.4		****
Return on net operating assets	9.8	5.2	-3.9	5.3	1.3	***
Pretax profit to assets	36.3	11.5	-3.5	11.3	12.5	6.5
Return on capital employed	22.2	9.3	2.0	6.2	12.7	•••
Return on equity (2)	49.5	20.0	4.9	19.6	24.7	•••
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	11.07	***	9.77	***	•••
Inventory turnover	•••		***	***	***	100
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	4.45	1.95	1.25	2.43	1.04	***
Debt to equity	0.06	0.17	0.78	0.10	***	***
Liabilities to assets	0.24	0.56	0.93	0.52	0.72	0.95
Interest coverage	4.81	2.00	0.38	2.00		***
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			70	30		
Pretax profit			74	26		
Net profit			74	26		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			1	5		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Fir	ms		
Revenue under \$25 million,	Reference	Year	1995

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Industry 214 - Theatrical and other staged entertainment services
SICE Grouping 963

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	11.9	•
Accounts receivable	22.5	•
Inventory	0.1	<u>.</u>
Capital assets	21.1	4
Other assets	12.8	¥
Total operating assets	68.4	¥
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.4	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	19.2	•
Total assets	100.0	¥
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	22.6	
Borrowing:		
Banks	7.2	<u>.</u>
Short term paper	0.0	5
Mortgages	2.3	
Bonds	0.8	
Other loans	5.7	
Amount owing to affiliates	6.7	2
Other liabilities	4.2	35//
Deferred income tax	0.3	
Total liabilities	49.8	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	14.4	*
Retained earnings	33.9	(-)
Other surplus	1.9	
Total shareholders' equity	50.2	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	52.2	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.0	

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Industry

215 - Commercial spectator sports

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	***	Quartile Bo	oundary (1) Media		dian	The state of the s
	Better Average Q3 Q2 75% 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median	
Number of firms in the group	7-10-10-1	338				
Financial ratios					390	
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	10.5	1.4	-10.0	1.8	1.0	***
Pretax profit margin	12.2	1.9	-10.0	2.4	1.7	
Operating profit margin	***	9.6			-2.5	7
Gross profit margin		544				
Operating revenue to net operating assets		300.2			69.0	•••
Return on net operating assets		8.4			2.3	•
Pretax profit to assets	19.7	2.3	-10.9	2.1	2.8	(***
Return on capital employed		5.6	***	****	5.6	3000
Return on equity (2)	26.3	6.2	-8.1	6.0	7.0	***
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	8.55	***	***	•••	
Inventory turnover	***	570	.eec	200	•••	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.04	***	1.04	0.62	
Debt to equity	***	0.87	***	***	8.07	
Liabilities to assets	0.32	0.79	1.07	0.76	0.84	
Interest coverage	•••	2.44		***	-0.47	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses		9	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2))		3	30		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms		Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business
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Industry 215 - Commercial spectator sports SICE Grouping 964

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	2.5	•
Accounts receivable	22.7	A
Inventory	5.1	3.
Capital assets	29.6	•
Other assets	17.8	2
Total operating assets	77.8	4
Investments and accounts with affiliates	18.8	-
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	3.4	-
Total assets	100.0	-
5		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	6.1	*
Borrowing:		
Banks	23.1	₩.
Short term paper	·*	•
Mortgages	4.4	*
Bonds	*	
Other loans	21.1	-
Amount owing to affiliates	18.2	-
Other liabilities	13.6	130
Deferred income tax	0.5	-
Total liabilities	86.9	% 1€%
A A 77% A 77 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	7.0	•
Retained earnings	2.1	-
Other surplus	3.9	-
Total shareholders' equity	13.1	(*)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	© -
Current assets - % of total assets	32.2	851
Current liabilities - % of total assets	25.2	-

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Industry

216 - Sports and recreation clubs and services

SICE Grouping

965

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million					Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
	7316-19-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-	Quartile Bo	undary (1)	undary (1) Med		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		1,697	 			1 N
Financial ratios	***					
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	7.7	1.5	-4.9	1.1	1.9	0.3
Pretax profit margin	9.2	1.8	-4.4	1.6	2.4	0.5
Operating profit margin	11.2	5.3	-1.7	2.1	5.9	1.9
Gross profit margin						****
Operating revenue to net operating assets	174.6	94.4	41.9	94.4	92.1	129.3
Return on net operating assets	10.9	4.3	-4.1	-1.3	7.3	5.0
Pretax profit to assets	9.7	1.5	-4.5	1.1	2.2	1.1
Return on capital employed	11.2	5.1	-1.5	1.8	7.5	4.1
Return on equity (2)	21.3	6.9	-2.0	6.3	7.4	5.3
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	15.31	8.16	6.04	6.58	11.23	9.07
Inventory turnover	. 2000	***	***	•••		
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	3.93	1.55	1.08	1.51	1.68	1.06
Debt to equity	0.26	1.12	2.80	1.63	0.44	3.47
Liabilities to assets	0.51	0.83	1.05	0.88	0.76	0.87
Interest coverage	2.90	1.27	-0.32	0.96	1.29	1.05
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			66	34		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

216 - Sports and recreation clubs and services

SICE Grouping

965

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	5.1	1.7
Accounts receivable	4.1	6.0
Inventory	5.5	10.4
Capital assets	73.7	63.9
Other assets	3.2	9.2
Total operating assets	91.6	91.2
Investments and accounts with affiliates	6.4	7.1
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.0	1.6
Total assets	100.0	100.0
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	7.0	4.8
Borrowing:		
Banks	14.8	20.4
Short term paper	0.5	0.5
Mortgages	4.5	13.7
Bonds	5.4	8.0
Other loans	8.7	11.8
Amount owing to affiliates	36.9	15.4
Other liabilities	7.7	7.2
Deferred income tax	0.0	1.7
Total liabilities	85.4	83.5
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	14.6	4.5
Retained earnings	-3.4	9.9
Other surplus	3.3	2.1
Total shareholders' equity	14.6	16.5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0
Current assets - % of total assets	17.3	24.6
Current liabilities - % of total assets	21.5	25.1

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Industry

217 - Gambling operations

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Boundary (1) Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		186				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	8.5	1.5	-1.5	1.0	1.8	2.3
Pretax profit margin	11.3	1.9	-1.5	0.9	2.9	3.9
Operating profit margin	***	9.0				
Gross profit margin			•••			***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	•••	203.1	***	***	***	200
Return on net operating assets	***	14.0	***			
Pretax profit to assets	19.8	5.1	-3.4	3.0	6.6	11.6
Return on capital employed	***	12.2	***	***	-18.6	
Return on equity (2)	40.1	10.3	-2.6	9.1	14.4	15.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	***				
Inventory turnover	***	***	***		***	***
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital		1.02		***	1.02	250
Debt to equity	***	***				***
Liabilities to assets	0.44	0.74	0.96	0.81	0.70	0.79
interest coverage		1.95	•••	***		
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			60	40		
Pretax profit			60	40		
Net profit			60	40		

30

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms	Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business
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217 - Gambling operations Industry 966 **SICE Grouping** Medium firms with revenue Small firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million under \$5 million % Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm % **Assets** 33.2 Cash 3.7 Accounts receivable 2.0 Inventory 46.9 Capital assets 11.7 Other assets 97.5 Total operating assets 0.3 Investments and accounts with affiliates 2.2 Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates 100.0 Total assets Liabilities 27.7 Accounts payable Borrowing: 7.1 Banks 0.2 Short term paper 9.2 Mortgages 2.0 Bonds 6.3 Other loans 3.7 Amount owing to affiliates 26.3 Other liabilities 0.5 Deferred income tax 82.8 Total liabilities Shareholders' equity 0.8 Share capital 15.6 Retained earnings 0.7 Other surplus Total shareholders' equity 17.2 100.0 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity Current assets - % of total assets 42.8 Current liabilities - % of total assets 38.0

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Industry

218 - Other amusement and recreational services

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
,		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group	((************************************	1,983				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	6.3	0.3	-7.0	-0.6	1.4	0.3
Pretax profit margin	7.5	0.6	-6.9	0.2	1.7	0.7
Operating profit margin	10.6	5.5	0.9	4.7	6.9	****
Gross profit margin		S***	•••		·	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	275.1	142.5	82.6	126.6	145.0	•••
Return on net operating assets	20.0	11.3	4.4	11.0	13.4	***
Pretax profit to assets	10.6	0.6	-9.0	-0.4	2.8	1.0
Return on capital employed	16.3	8.3	3.1	8.3	8.3	
Return on equity (2)	27.2	6.8	-6.8	6.1	8.8	1.4
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	:***	7.93	***	***		•••
Inventory turnover		•••	***			•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.44	1.80	1.32	1.93	1.24	
Debt to equity	0.15	0.93	3.30	1.86	0.43	222)
Liabilities to assets	0.54	0.87	1.10	0.91	0.78	0.71
Interest coverage	4.37	1.61	0.90	1.61	1.55	•••
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			81	19		
Pretax profit			75	25		
Net profit			75	25		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			2	4		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

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Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

218 - Other amusement and recreational services

SICE Grouping 969

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets	*	
Cash	6.5	7.
Accounts receivable	1.7	5
Inventory	3.2	5,
Capital assets	67.7	•
Other assets	3.5	-
Total operating assets	82.7	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	10.7	70
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	6.7	+**
Total assets	100.0	•
_iabilities		
Accounts payable	8.4	
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.2	2
Short term paper	0.3	
Mortgages	7.4	*
Bonds	3.8	÷
Other loans	9.7	-
Amount owing to affiliates	17.7	<u> 220</u>
Other liabilities	1.4	150
Deferred income tax	1.7	
Total liabilities	65.7	
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	12.5	(●)
Retained earnings	20.6	•
Other surplus	1.2	(●)
Total shareholders' equity	34.3	9 . €
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	18.8	(T)
Current liabilities - % of total assets	27.0	r <u>u</u>

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Industry

219 - Barber and beauty shops

	Sma	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
-		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		2,492	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Financial ratios		31				
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	3.6	0.5	-2.9	0.4	1.6	•••
Pretax profit margin	4.1	0.7	-2.8	0.5	1.9	
Operating profit margin	5.3	3.6	-1.6	3.6	1.0	100000
Gross profit margin	•••				•••	***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	438.4	364.8	142.4	364.8	355.2	•••
Return on net operating assets	20.4	5.8	-3.4	5.2	16.7	S
Pretax profit to assets	16.3	1.9	-13.3	1.0	7.1	
Return on capital employed	14.8	5.4	-5.4	5.3	13.2	
Return on equity (2)	30.0	10.2	-9.3	9.6	15.3	
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	***	5.48	***		***	•••
Inventory turnover	•••	•••		1	***	•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	1.75	1.24	0.98	1.22	1.34	
Debt to equity	0.37	1.18	4.13	1.97	0.37	
Liabilities to assets	0.50	0.85	1.15	0.86	0.78	****
Interest coverage	4.25	1.75	0.29	1.88	0.71	
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		
Operating profit			73	27		
Pretax profit			69	31		
Net profit			69	31		
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)			3	0		

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms		Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business
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219 - Barber and beauty shops Industry SICE Grouping

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%
Assets		
Cash	16.7	(2)
Accounts receivable	5.9	(X)
Inventory	14.4	(**)
Capital assets	40.9	*
Other assets	5.2	(2)
Total operating assets	83.1	•
Investments and accounts with affiliates	12.6	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	4.4	
Total assets	100.0	t y l
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	29.1	
Borrowing:		
Banks	15.6	•
Short term paper	0.1	•
Mortgages	4.7	-
Bonds	1.1	
Other loans	5.9	
Amount owing to affiliates	19.6	
Other liabilities	4.2	*
	0.4	*
Deferred income tax Total liabilities	80.6	2
i quai liabilides		
Shareholders' equity	7000029	
Share capital	2.0	•
Retained earnings	17.3	¥
Other surplus	0.1	÷
Total shareholders' equity	19.4	5₩00
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	•
Current assets - % of total assets	45.1	•
Current liabilities - % of total assets	48.5	•

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Medium firms with

10.9

5.0

10.0

13.9

8.96

0.84

0.62

0.70

1.75

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

220 - Laundries and cleaners

SICE Grouping 972

Number of firms in the group

Operating revenue to net operating assets

Return on net operating assets

Return on capital employed

Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)

Profitability (percentages)

Financial ratios

Net profit margin
Pretax profit margin
Operating profit margin

Gross profit margin

Pretax profit to assets

Return on equity (2)

Efficiency (ratios)

Receivable turnover

Inventory turnover

Working capital

Liabilities to assets

Interest coverage

Debt to equity

Industry

Sma	ll firms with	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million			
	Quartile Boun	dary (1)	Me	dian	
Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
	2,100				•
4.2	0.2	-5.5	-0.6	1.5	1.6
5.0	0.4	-5.4	-0.5	1.8	2.5
11.9	3.7	-1.2	4.8	1.7	6.6
***	***	***		***	•••
412.7	168.8	115.2	148.9	212.5	239.6

6.4

-0.7

6.1

5.2

12.42

1.19

1.35

0.95

1.32

3.7

3.8

3.2

9.4

9.81

1.71

1.19

0.75

0.69

Distribution of firms by profits/losses	Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)
Operating profit	77	23
Pretax profit	65	35
Net profit	66	34
Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)	3	30

8.7

8.9

11.9

23.1

13.09

2.04

0.37

0.57

2.47

5.4

0.6

5.4

6.3

11.20

1.29

1.35

0.91

1.24

-2.4

-11.3

-5.2

-8.7

7.68

0.92

2.72

1.15

0.78

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.

Small and Medium Firms

Financial Performance Indicators for Canadian Business

Revenue under \$25 million, Reference Year 1995

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Industry

220 - Laundries and cleaners

	Small firms with revenue under \$5 million	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million	
Balance Sheet Structure for a typical firm	%	%	
Assets			
Cash	4.4	9.0	
Accounts receivable	13.0	13.6	
Inventory	9.7	9.1	
Capital assets	54.5	62.1	
Other assets	7.0	2.6	
Total operating assets	88.7	96.5	
Investments and accounts with affiliates	9.0	3.4	
Portfolio investments and loans with non-affiliates	2.3	0.2	
Total assets	100.0	100.0	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	16.4	15.3	
Borrowing:			
Banks	20.6	33.3	
Short term paper	0.2	19 (
Mortgages	13.3	0.0	
Bonds	2.5	2.7	
Other loans	8.5	8.9	
	25.9	4.7	
Amount owing to affiliates	25.4	1.7	
Other liabilities	1.1	4.0	
Deferred income tax	113.8	70.8	
Total liabilities	220.0	7.000	
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital	10.9	4.9	
Retained earnings	-28.8	14.3	
Other surplus	4.1	10.0	
Total shareholders' equity	-13.8	29.2	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	100.0	100.0	
Current assets - % of total assets	30.3	34.5	
Current liabilities - % of total assets	38.6	40.2	

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Industry

221 - Funeral services

	Sm	Medium firms with revenue from \$5 million to \$25 million				
		Quartile Boundary (1)		Median		
	Better Q3 75%	Average Q2 50%	Worse Q1 25%	Firms under \$500,000	Firms \$500,000 to \$5 million	Median
Number of firms in the group		960				
Financial ratios						
Profitability (percentages)						
Net profit margin	14.2	7.7	1.6	6.3	9.2	5.8
Pretax profit margin	19.2	10.2	2.4	8.1	12.3	9.4
Operating profit margin	18.9	11.0	6.2	10.9	11.0	
Gross profit margin	•••					***
Operating revenue to net operating assets	182.8	94.2	57.2	102.6	83.2	***
Return on net operating assets	23.4	8.3	4.0	7.6	8.3	***
Pretax profit to assets	. 14.2	6.4	1.2	4.6	8.7	6.9
Return on capital employed	20.9	12.3	5.7	12.5	12.2	240
Return on equity (2)	25.1	14.2	4.6	11.5	15.7	11.8
Efficiency (ratios)						
Receivable turnover	12.40	8.68	5.15	7.68	9.29	***
Inventory turnover	***	***	•••	•••		•••
Liquidity/Solvency (ratios)						
Working capital	2.87	1.45	1.01	1.45	1.43	59475
Debt to equity	0.11	0.34	1.47	0.30	0.43	
Liabilities to assets	0.33	0.62	0.85	0.66	0.59	0.62
Interest coverage	6.08	3.15	1.14	3.16	2.72	200
Distribution of firms by profits/losses			Firms with profits (%)	Firms with losses (%)		-
Operating profit			83	17		
Pretax profit			82	18		
Net profit			83	17		

4

Percentage of firms with zero or negative equity(2)

⁽¹⁾ Quartiles are a measure of the distribution of ratios in the group. Ratios are ranked from the best to worst. There are three quartile boundaries (Q3, Q2, Q1) set out in the table: Q3 - 75% is the better of the three, 75% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q2 - 50% is the middle point (median), 50% of the ratios are worse than this ratio. Q1 - 25% is the worst of the three, 25% of the ratios are worse than this ratio.

⁽²⁾ Firms with zero or negative equity are excluded from the "Return on Equity" ratio.