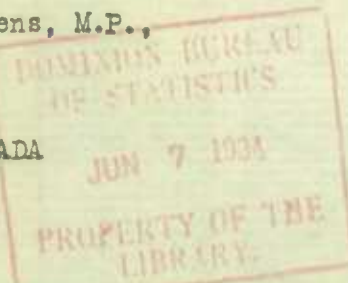


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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA
INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH

(Issued June 6, 1934.)



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WEEKLY INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1934.
(1926=100)

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholesale prices on the base 1926=100, advanced from 70.7 for the week ended May 25 to 71.7 for the week of June 1.

Vegetable Products led the rise, mounting from 63.8 to 66.9. The sharpest increase in grain prices since last mid-summer was chiefly responsible for this advance, while flour and other milled products also moved higher. Animals and Their Products mounted from 65.5 to 65.6, due chiefly to firmer quotations for hogs, lambs, calves and eggs. Steers were lower. Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products changed from 74.4 to 74.5, an increase for raw cotton being of more consequence than minor decreases for silk and wool. Wood, Wood Products and Paper rose from 65.8 to 66.1, largely because of price advances for spruce lumber. Iron and Its Products remained unchanged at 87.5. Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products fell fractionally from 64.5 to 64.4, influenced by lower quotations for copper, silver and tin. Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products were the same at 85.5. Chemicals and Allied Products rose from 81.9 to 82.0.

Higher prices for grains were instrumental in effecting an increase in the Canadian Farm Products index from 56.8 to 59.6. This was the highest level reached in 1934 and represented an appreciation of over 5 p.c. since the beginning of the year.

	No. of Price Series	Jan.5	Mar.2	May 18	May 25	June 1
Total Index 567 Commodities	567	69.9	72.2	71.0	70.7	71.7
INDEX NUMBERS OF COMMODITIES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO THEIR CHIEF COMPONENT MATERIALS						
I. Vegetable Products (grains, fruits, etc.)	135	62.8	65.4	64.8	63.8	66.9
II. Animals and Their Products	76	64.9	71.7	65.2	65.5	65.6
III. Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products	85	71.8	74.0	74.1	74.4	74.5
IV. Wood, Wood Products and Paper	49	64.7	65.3	65.9	65.8	66.1
V. Iron and Its Products	44	86.1	87.1	87.4	87.5	87.5
VI. Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products	18	66.9	66.7	64.5	64.5	64.4
VII. Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products	83	86.1	86.1	85.5	85.5	85.5
VIII. Chemicals and Allied Products	77	81.1	80.6	81.9	81.9	82.0
CANADIAN FARM PRODUCTS	70	53.6	58.2	56.4	56.8	59.6



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STATISTICAL REPORT
ANNUAL REPORT ON THE
ECONOMY OF CANADA

Volume 1, Part 1

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THE CANADIAN ECONOMY IN 1963

(1963)

The Canadian economy in 1963 was characterized by a steady growth in output and employment, and a low rate of inflation.

The gross domestic product (GDP) increased by 4.1% in 1963, compared with a 3.8% increase in 1962. This growth was driven by a strong performance in the manufacturing sector, which expanded by 5.2%.

The unemployment rate remained low, at 4.1% in 1963, down from 4.3% in 1962. This was due to a combination of factors, including a decline in the number of people leaving the labour force and a steady increase in the number of people entering it.

Year	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
GDP (billions of dollars)	100.0	104.0	108.0	112.0	116.0
Manufacturing (billions of dollars)	40.0	42.0	44.0	46.0	48.0
Construction (billions of dollars)	10.0	10.5	11.0	11.5	12.0
Retail trade (billions of dollars)	15.0	15.5	16.0	16.5	17.0
Government services (billions of dollars)	15.0	15.5	16.0	16.5	17.0
Unemployment rate (%)	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1