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## WFGKLY INDEX NUBIERS OF WHOLSSALT PRICES, 1935-1936 (1926=100)

The Daminion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholesale prices, on the base $1926=100$, declined from 72.3 for the week ending April 24 to 72.1 for the week ending May l. Groin prices wre somewhat erratic during the week but finished lover, whille livestock markets were well supported by purchases for foreign account and displayed a firmer tendency. The meteoric rise in potatoes was checked and the index for this commodity fell slightly below that of the previous week.

Vegetable Products dropped from 67.3 to 66.4. Sales of wheat for export approximated 5 million bushels but weather conditions in the United States winter wheat belt still offected market behavior to a great extent and the grain index dipped to 55.7, a loss of 1.3 for the week. The index for grains in the corresponding week of last year stood at 62.I. Milled products, vegetablc oils and vagetables showed small decreases while raw rubber advanced. Animal Products rose from 68.9 to 69.5 . Receipts of livestock at the leading stock-yards were quite heavy, but. stimulated by a good expart demand, prices wore well maintained on all classes except lambs and the index rose to 72.8 , or 13.6 below that of a year ago. Fresin and cured meats were firmer and an increase in butter prices advanced the index for milk products to 66.6 . Egg receipts were heavier for the veek but were still below the normal seasonal volume and prices were slightly higher. Wuaness in raw cotton and raw silk lowered the index for Textiles from 69.5 to 69.4, while Non-Ferrous Metals moved from 68,9 to 68,6 because of recessions in copper, lead, silver and zinc. Wood, Iron, Non-Metellic ilinorals and Chemicals remained at 68.0 , $87.4,85.5$ and 77.4 respectively.

Conadian Farm Products fell from 65.4 to 65.3 . Field Products dropped from 60.5 to 60.3 influenced largely by lower prices for grains, while Animal Products rose from 73.5 to 73.7 because of strength in livestock and eggs.


