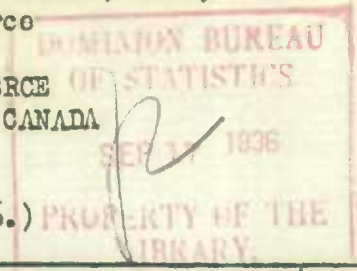


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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA
INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH



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Dominion Statistician:	R.H. Coats, LL.D., F.R.S.C., F.S.S. (Hon.)
Chief, Internal Trade Branch:	Herbert Marshall, B.A., F.S.S.
Prices Statistician:	H.F. Greenway, M.A.

WEEKLY INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1935-1936.
(1926=100)

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholesale prices, on the base 1926=100, remained at 75.5 for the week ending September 11. Wheat prices exceeded a dollar per bushel and copper rose to a new high for the past five years, but declines in eggs, potatoes and flour were sufficient to maintain the index at the previous week's level.

Vegetable Products mounted from 74.8 to 75.0. Fair export demand coupled with the continued bullish supply outlook contributed to a firm tone in wheat markets and Manitoba No.1 Northern closed for a gain of $3\frac{1}{2}$ cents per bushel. Other grains were firm also and a rise of 2.2 points occurred in the grain index. The index for vegetable oils continued to rise for the fourth successive week and now stands approximately 14 p.c. higher than a year ago. Recently, coconut oil has made the greatest advance of this group and a price increase of almost 45 p.c. in less than three months has been reported. Flour and milled products dropped 3.4 points in the past week and potatoes moved lower as more plentiful supplies appeared. Animal Products fell from 73.0 to 72.8. Hides, livestock and fresh meats rose while cured meats, butter, cheese and eggs declined. Egg prices were somewhat unsteady as supplies exceeded demand in some areas. Increases in raw cotton were more than sufficient to offset weakness in raw wool and the Textile index advanced from 69.8 to 70.0, while firmness in copper, lead, tin and zinc moved the index for Non-Ferrous Metals from 69.6 to 70.1. Wood, Iron, Non-Metallic Minerals and Chemicals were unchanged at 68.6, 87.9, 85.3 and 78.6 respectively.

Canadian Farm Products mounted from 70.4 to 71.6. Field Products climbed from 69.4 to 71.2 largely because of strength in grains while Animal Products rose from 72.2 to 72.3 when advances in livestock and hides proved of more importance than decreases in eggs and wool.

	: No. of : : Price : : Series :	: 1935 :		: 1936			
		: Sept. :	: Aug. :	: Aug. :	: Aug. :	: Sept. :	: Sept. :
		: 13 :	: 14 :	: 21 :	: 28 :	: 4 :	: 11 :
Total Index 567 Commodities	567	72.3	76.1	76.2	75.6	75.5	75.5
INDEX NUMBERS OF COMMODITIES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO THEIR CHIEF COMPONENT MATERIALS							
I. Vegetable Products	135	67.1	77.8	77.5	75.5	74.8	75.0
(grains, fruits, etc.)							
II. Animals and Their Products ...	76	71.5	72.0	72.5	72.6	73.0	72.8
III. Fibres, Textiles and Textile Products	85	70.3	70.1	69.9	69.8	69.8	70.0
IV. Wood, Wood Products & Paper ..	49	64.2	68.3	68.6	68.6	68.6	68.6
V. Iron and Its Products	44	87.1	87.8	87.9	87.9	87.9	87.9
VI. Non-Ferrous Metals and Their Products	18	70.6	69.1	69.1	69.4	69.6	70.1
VII. Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products	83	85.1	85.4	85.5	85.2	85.3	85.3
VIII. Chemicals and Allied Products.	77	79.5	78.4	78.5	78.6	78.6	78.6
CANADIAN FARM PRODUCTS	70	64.2	73.6	73.6	71.2	70.4	71.6



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The following table shows the results of the 1991 census in terms of population, ethnic origin, and marital status. The population of Canada in 1991 was 28,138,888, an increase of 4.7% since 1986. The majority of the population is of European descent, with 55.4% identifying themselves as White. Other major ethnic groups include French Canadian (13.2%), Chinese (3.7%), and Indian (3.6%). In terms of marital status, 59.1% of the population is married, 30.2% is single, 7.0% is divorced, and 3.7% is widowed.

Table showing population statistics by province/territory and marital status.

Province/Territory	Population (1991)	Population (1986)	Change (%)	Male (%)	Female (%)	Married (%)	Single (%)	Divorced (%)	Widowed (%)
Alberta	2,586,600	2,261,700	14.4	50.5	49.5	61.0	28.5	7.0	3.5
Saskatchewan	987,800	910,100	8.5	50.0	50.0	58.0	30.0	8.0	4.0
Manitoba	1,125,500	1,050,200	7.2	50.2	49.8	59.0	29.0	8.0	4.0
Ontario	10,403,300	9,335,900	11.3	50.2	49.8	57.0	30.0	8.0	5.0
Quebec	6,848,100	6,452,800	6.1	50.0	50.0	58.0	28.0	9.0	5.0
Atlantic Provinces	4,477,600	4,449,100	0.6	50.0	50.0	58.0	30.0	8.0	4.0
Nunavut	30,800	29,800	3.4	50.0	50.0	58.0	30.0	8.0	4.0
Yukon	28,300	27,300	3.7	50.0	50.0	58.0	30.0	8.0	4.0
N.W.T.	41,100	39,600	3.8	50.0	50.0	58.0	30.0	8.0	4.0
Total	28,138,888	26,859,100	4.7	50.1	49.9	59.1	30.2	7.0	3.7