(Issued March 10, 1937)

| Dominion Statistician: | R. H. Coats, LI.D. F. F. R. G. . F.S.S. (Hono) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chief, Internal Trade Branch: | Herbert Marshall, B. A., F.S.S. |
| Prices Statistician: | Ho F. Greenway, M. A. |

WEEKIY INTEX NUMBERS OF THOTESATE PRICES, 1936-1937. (1926 $=100$ )

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholesale prices on the base $1926=100$, rose from 83.0 for the woek ending February 26 to 83.3 for the weok ending March 5. This was the highest point reached since August 1930. Advances occurrod in Yogetablo Products, Textiles, Non-Forrous Motals and Chomicels whilo racessions were prodominant in Animal Products. Grnins movod forward to recovor part of tho loss of last wook while tin touchod $\varepsilon$ new high for the past nine years.

Vegetable Products increased from $87 .{ }^{\circ}$ t to 88.1 . Milled products and potatoes were cheaper but fresh fruits, raw rubber, raw sugar and grains advanced. Exports of Canadian wheat were quite moderate but even at the present rate of shipment very littis surplus is expected to remain by the end of the crop yeer. In the Animal group, small gains were registered by hides, livestock, fresh meats and milk products but a reduction in fish and a fill of 3.8 points in tho egg indox wore sufficiont to move tho Animai index from 74.6 to 74.5 . Incroasos in raw cotton and raw wool roised the index for Textiles from 72.8 to 73.0 , and genoral strength in Nor-Ferrous Metals moved the index for that group from 93.1 to 94.5 . Chemicals rose from 79.9 to 80.0 as a firmer position was taken by industrial gases but Wood, Iron and Non-Metallic Minerals remained unchanged at $73.9,95.4$ and 85.9 respectively.

Canadian Farm Products advanced from 86.2 to 87.1 . Strength in grains was largely responsible for increasing the index for Field Products from 88.4 to 89.8 while Animal Products rose from 82.6 to 82.7 when a decline in eggs failed to offset increasus in livestock, hides and wool.

niuminuil

