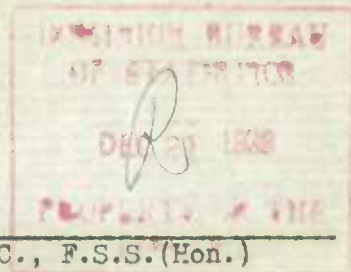


DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA
INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH

(Issued December 20, 1938)



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WEEKLY INDEX NUMBERS OF WHOLESALE PRICES, 1937-1938
(1926=100)

Widely scattered increases in wholesale commodity prices advanced the Dominion Bureau of Statistics' index from 73.3 for the week ending December 9 to 73.4 for the week ending December 16. Changes occurred in six of the eight major groups comprising the index and Vegetable Products, Non-Ferrous Metals and Non-Metallic Minerals moved higher, while Animal Products, Wood and Chemicals declined.

Vegetable Products rose from 60.1 to 60.2 as small increases were shown in grains, raw rubber, raw sugar and potatoes. Animal Products fell from 73.1 to 72.9 as recessions in fish, livestock, cured meats, lard and eggs outweighed advances in furs, hides, fresh meats and cheese. Cheese prices have weakened during the past three months and the Bureau's average has dropped from 16.79 cents per pound for the first week in October to 14.14 cents per pound for the week under review, due to a decrease in quotations for new cheese. The Textile index remained at 66.3, as advances in raw cotton and raw silk offset a decline in raw wool, but Wood Products slipped from 76.4 to 76.3, when an increase in the price of pulp was outweighed by reductions in British Columbia fir and furniture. Non-ferrous metals showed general strength and the index for this group rose from 71.2 to 71.7, while Non-Metallic Minerals mounted from 86.2 to 86.3, when an advance in salt proved of greater consequence than a small decrease in coal. Paint materials firmed, but lower quotations for castor oil and industrial gases moved the index for Chemicals from 79.3 to 79.2. Iron was unchanged at 98.1.

Canadian Farm Products advanced from 64.4 to 64.5. Strength in grains and potatoes was largely responsible for raising the index for Field Products from 53.6 to 53.7. Animal Products declined from 82.6 to 82.5 as decreases in livestock, eggs and wool exerted a greater influence than a rise in hides.

	: No. of	: 1937 :		1938		
		: Price	:			
	: Series	: Dec.	: Nov.	: Dec.	: Dec.	: Dec.
	:	: 17	: 25	: 2	: 9	: 16
Total Index 567 Commodities	567	82.8	73.5	73.4	73.3	73.4
INDEX NUMBERS OF COMMODITIES CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO THEIR CHIEF COMPONENT						
MATERIALS						
I. Vegetable Products	135	85.4	60.1	60.0	60.1	60.2
II. Animals and Their Products	76	78.1	73.3	73.2	73.1	72.9
III. Fibres, Textiles & Textile Products ..	85	68.9	66.4	66.4	66.3	66.3
IV. Wood, Wood Products and Paper	49	75.8	76.4	76.4	76.4	76.3
V. Iron and Its Products	44	104.1	98.2	98.2	98.1	98.1
VI. Non-Ferrous Metals & Their Products ..	18	72.1	72.3	71.4	71.2	71.7
VII. Non-Metallic Minerals and Their Products	83	87.0	86.3	86.2	86.2	86.3
VIII. Chemicals and Allied Products	77	80.8	79.4	79.3	79.3	79.2
CANADIAN FARM PRODUCTS	70	84.5	64.4	64.5	64.4	64.5



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INDUSTRY TRADE UNIONS & EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

INDUSTRY TRADE UNIONS & EMPLOYMENT TRENDS
This publication provides information on the membership of industry trade unions in Canada from 1970 to 1980. It also shows the number of employees in industry who are not members of a union. The data are presented in a series of tables and charts.

Statistics Canada has been pleased to provide this information to the public. The data were obtained from the annual surveys of industry trade unions conducted by the Department of Labour. The surveys are conducted on a voluntary basis and the information is confidential. The data are presented in a series of tables and charts. The tables show the number of employees in industry who are members of a union and the number of employees who are not members of a union. The charts show the percentage of employees in industry who are members of a union and the percentage of employees who are not members of a union.

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Year	Total employees in industry	Employees in industry who are members of a union	Employees in industry who are not members of a union
1970	1,100,000	400,000	700,000
1971	1,150,000	420,000	730,000
1972	1,200,000	440,000	760,000
1973	1,250,000	460,000	790,000
1974	1,300,000	480,000	820,000
1975	1,350,000	500,000	850,000
1976	1,400,000	520,000	880,000
1977	1,450,000	540,000	910,000
1978	1,500,000	560,000	940,000
1979	1,550,000	580,000	970,000
1980	1,600,000	600,000	1,000,000