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DEPARTMEMT OF TRADE AND COMMCRCE DOMINION BURTAUU OF STATISTICS - CANADA INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH

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## WEPEIY INDEX NUMBERS OF THOLESALE FRICES, 1937-1938. $(1926=100)$

The Dcminion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholssale prices continued at 83.6 for the week ending February 18. Decreases occurred in Vegetable Products, Ir on and Chemicals while advances were made by Animal Producta and Non-Ferrous Motals. The raw wool index touched the lowest point since November 1935, but butter prices have not been so high since early in 1930.

Vegetabls Products fell frcm 87.2 to 86.7. Grains, milled products, vegetable oils, coffee and cocoa moved lower, while rubber and sugar were broyant. A gain of 0.8 points was made in the week by the raw sugar index which rose from 42.1 to 42.9 after having declined from 45.9 since the first week in January. Animal Products increased from 77.2 to 78.2 as advances in hides, hogs, cured meats, butter and eggs outweighed recessions in leather, fresh meats and lard. Butter averaged 35.7 cents per pound as compared with 27.0 cents for a year ago, and the egg index moved up from 60.0 to 66.7 during the week to show an increase of 12.4 points for the year. Textiles remained at 68.6 when advances in raw cotton and raw silk offset declines in raw wool, cloth and worsted cloth yarns, while Iron slipped from 103.9 to 103.8 when galvanized steel sheets were quoted at slightly easier prices. Base metals strengthened to move the index for Non-Ferrous Metals from 70.2 to 71.3 . Tin prices were still considerably below thoss of a year ago when the tin index stood at 83.1 as compared with 67.4 for the week under review. However, on Friday the 18 th the International Tin Committee ennounced a further cut in the export quota from 70 p.c. to 55 p.c. for the second quarter. Chemicals declined from 80.6 to 79.9 largely because of decreases in benzol, paint materials and comercial ether, but Wood and Non-Metallic Kinerals were unchanged at 79.7 and 87.1 respectively.

Canadian Farm Producta dsclined from 85.2 to $85 . C$. Field Products drapped from 88.0 to 86.9 when weakness in grains and potatoes were of greater consequence than a rise in hay, while Animal Products rose from 80.5 to 81.7 largely due to strength in livestock, hides, butter and eggs.


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