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DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND CONMIRCD DOMINION BUREAT OF STATISTICS - CANADA INTERNAI TRADE BRANCH
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$\frac{\text { FBMKIY INDEX NUMBERS OFP WHOIFSATE PRICES, } 1937-1938}{(1926-100)}$
The Dominion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholesale prices, on the base $1926=100$, fell from 83.5 for the week onding March 4 to 83.2 for the week ending Karch 11. Animel Products and Chemicals advanced while Vegetable Products, Wood, Iron and Non-Ferrous Notals moved lower.

Vegetable Products dropped from 86.1 to 85.0 . Moisture conditions in the winter wheat growing areas of the United States had a bearish effeot upon wheat prices for most of tho woak but on Friday a wave of buying induced by the movement of German army unite into Austrian territory checked the downwerd movement. Milled producte, raw rubber, raw sugar and hay declined alwo. while citrus fruits became stronger. Animal Produota rose from 78.7 to $79 . \mathrm{C}$ when advances in livestock, meats, butter and chesse outweighed recessions in hides and eggs. Rxports of livestock showed a alight increase over shipments of recent weeks while butter rose higher to average 36.5 cents per pound, or $33 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. above the prices of a year ago. Textiles remained at 68.6, as an increase in raw wool offset weakness in raw cotton. Nood Products moved slightly lower from 79.5 to 79.4. A decline in rolling-mill producta decreased the Iron index from 103.8 to 103.7 , and reductions in copper and tin carried the index for Non-Ferrous Metala from 71.2 to 70.9 . Chemicals rose from 79.9 to 80.5 , largely because of advances in organic chemicals and pharmaceuticals, while Non-Metallic Minerals were unchanged at 87.1.

Ganadian Farm Products fell from 84.3 to 82.8. Decreases in graina and hay were mainly responsiblo for lowering the index for Field Products from 85.9 to 83.3 While Animal Products rose from 81.6 to 81.9 when advances in livestock and wool proved of more importance than declines in hides and egge.



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