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# DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMERCE <br> DCMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA <br> INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH 

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## DUMINION BLKKIAU of stymistics

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## WEEKLY INDEX NUMERS OF WHOLESAIE PRTCES, 1937-1938 (1926:100)

Wholesale commodity price changes were mixed, but with recessions predominating, during the week ending September 23 and the Dominion Bureau of Statistics' index declined to 74.1 from 74.5 for the preceding week. Animal Products, Wood and Non-Ferrous Metals weakened, while Vegetable Products and Iron advanced. Disquieting news from Europe continued to have a major influence upon price movements.

Vegetable Products rose from 61.5 to 61.6. Milled products, vegetable oils, raw rubber, raw sugar, coffee and potatoos moved upward while grains were slightly lower. Wheat prices were most responsive to political developments and dropped sharply in the first half of the week, but on Thursday the tormination of the Chamberlain-Hitler discussions coincided with large export sales and prices rose almost to closing levels of the previous week. Animal Products foll from 76.5 to 75.8 . Fish, milk and eggs were buoyant but hides, livestock, meats, fowl, butter and lard decreased. The livestock index dropped sharply from 81.6 to 74.8 at which point it compared with 102.7 for last year, but still approximated levels of 1935 and 1936. Textiles remained at 66.7 as increases in raw cotton and raw wool offset reductions in cotton fabrics and lenit goods, but Wood Products dipped from 77.2 to 77.0 bocauso of lower prices for pulp. Scrap iron moved higher raising the indox for Iron from 97.9 to 98.2 , while Non-Ferrous Metals fell from 71.2 to 70.7 when docroases in copper, lead and zinc outwoighed advances in antimony and tin. Non-Metallic Ninurals and Chomicals were unchanged at 87.0 and 79.4 respectively.

Canadian Farm Products moved from 63.9 to 63.4. Fiold Products remained at 53.4 when reductions in grains, hay and onions wore noutralized by a rise in potatoes, but Animal Products declined from 81.6 to 80.2 as docreases in livostock, hides and poultry were of more consequence than advances in milk, eggs and wool.


