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> DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATIS TICS - CANADA INTERNAL TRADE BRANCY
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## NEEKLY INDEX NUMBERS OF WFOLESALE PRICES, 1940-1941

A further increase in wholesale commodity prices advanced the Dominion Bureau of Statistics index, on the base 1926=100, from 92.4 for the week ending September 12 to 92.7 for the week ending September 19. Of the eight major groups comprising the index, Vegetable Products, Animal Products, Textiles, Wood and Non-Metallic Minerals moved upward, while Irom, Non-Ferrous Metals and Chemicals remalned unchanged. Included among these comodities to sell higher were milled feeds, vegetable oils, fish, shoes, fresh meats, cotton fabrics, cedar and coal, whereas declines occurred in grains, livestock, raw cotton, butter and eggs.

Industrial Material Prices, on the base August $1939=100$, rose from 141.0 to 141.3. No changes occurred in the Stable group, which remained at 124.7 , but the Sensitive price series, including Manufacturing and Food Materiais, mounted from 153.1 to 153.6. The former moved from 152.3 to 153.6 , when a decline in raw cotton proved of less importance than increases in linseed oil, cottonseed oil, rosin and Manila hemp. Food Materials fell from 154.9 to 153.2 , due to lower quotations for wheat and oats.

Canadian Farm Produots decreased from 73.8 to 73.1. Declines in grains, potatoes and onions outpointed an increase in hay to lower the index for Field Products from 57.9 to 57.4. Animal Products dropped from 100.3 to 99.3 , as advances in milk and wool failed to offset reductions in livestock, poultry and eges.

Percentage Changes in Principal Commodities Between the Weeks of September 12 and 19.

Increases: cotton fabrics 5.0 , knit goods 4.4, vegetable oils 3.3, furniture 2.9, shoes 2.8, lard 2.6, cedar 2.3, flour and milled products 0.7 , coal 0.5 , fresh meats 0.4 .

Decreases: potatoes 9.9, eggs 7.2, oats 5.3, butter 2.1, raw cotton 2.0, wheat 0.5 , steers 0.4 .



