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GOVERNMENT OF CANADA ON S.



#### THE CONTROL AND SALE

OF

### **ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES**

IN

CANADA

1948



# DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

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#### THE CONTROL AND SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

#### IN CANADA

#### Historical Summary

The use of alcoholic beverages is almost as old as human life itself. The dedication of wine to special deities— the god Osiris of the Egyptians, Dionysus of the Greeks, Bacchus of the Romans—indicates its importance to these peoples. Ancient Babylonian records depict the brewing of beer from cereals and indicate its use as a household beverage. The distillation of liquids was known to the ancient Chinese, Hindus and other eastern peoples. In Genesis (IX, 20-21) we read, "And Noah began to be a husbandman, and he planted a vineyard, and he drank of the wine and was drunken".

Of ancient origin, too, are laws to regulate the use of alcoholic beverages. The Code of Hammurabi (circa 2100 B.C.) contained decrees regulating the activities of tavern keepers. From early times, Governments have used the taxation of alcoholic beverages as a means of raising revenue. They have sought also to control the evils of intemperance in the interests of social welfare. These evils have varied greatly according to differences in climate, diet, economic conditions, social customs and standards.

In general, the methods of legislative control of the liquor traffic have commonly comprised—
(a) licensing, the oldest and most widely adopted method; (b) prohibition, either total or limited, the latter usually associated with local option or veto; and (c) monopoly of sale, usually by the State which retains control of the wholesale or retail sale, or both, and takes the profits as public revenue.

The first legislative restriction regarding intoxicating liquor in what is now the Dominion of Canada concerned its sale to the Indians. The spirits given in exchange for furs produced such devastating effects upon the native population that restriction of the traffic became necessary. In New France, an "arret" of 1663 declared that, "since the foundation of the Colony, the sale of liquor had always been prohibited on account of the fury of these people when in a state of intexication", and imposed penalties on those continuing the traffic.

In the English colonies, too, laws were enacted imposing heavy fines or imprisonment for selling or giving liquor to the Indians. Its sale to the white population was also restricted. The usual method of regulation was the issuing by the local authorities of licences to manufacture or sell alcoholic beverages with more or less strict conditions imposed, the non-observance of which resulted in cancellation of the licence.

In the middle of the nineteenth century, a considerable agitation for the total prohibition of the liquor traffic developed in both the United States and the British North American Colonies. This found expression in various enactments designed to lessen the evils of intemperance. In 1855, the Municipal Councils of Upper Canada were authorized to pass by-laws to regulate licences and to limit their number, or to prohibit the retail sale of liquor within the municipality. These provisions were modified from time to time and, in 1866, the various Acts were revised and consolidated. In 1855, the Municipal Councils of Lower Canada had conferred upon them powers of regulation of the traffic in liquor and prohibition of its sale. In 1856, the County Councils were authorized to pass such by-laws for the whole county; if they failed to do so by a stipulated time, the local councils might then act. In 1860 and in 1866, amendments were passed extending the powers of the local councils. New Brunswick, in 1855, passed a law prohibiting the importation, manufacture, and traffic in intoxicating liquors. Provision was made for the annual appointment in each parish of an agent to import, buy, and sell liquors for medicinal, mechanical, or sacramental purposes. The provisions for the enforcement of this Act were so defective, however, that much friction resulted and it was repealed the following year. In 1864, the Dunkin Act, passed by the Legislature of the United Province of Canada, provided that any municipal council could prohibit the retail sale of intoxicating liquors in townships and smaller localities if the majority of the electors within the ramestal allowed and in favour of the law.

The distribution of legislative powers, as set forth in sections 91-95 of the British North America Act, 1867, left some doubt as to the respective jurisdictions of the Dominion and Provincial Governments in respect of liquor control. Control over the importation of liquor was generally conceded to belong to the Dominion. As to regulation of the sale of liquor, it was claimed that the provinces had jurisdiction because to them had been assigned "Shop, Saloon, Tavern, Auctioneer, and other Licences in order to the raising of a Revenue for Provincial, Local, or Municipal Purposes", (92-9); "Municipal Institutions in the Province", (92-8); "Property and Civil rights in the Province", (92-13); and, "Generally, all Matters of a merely local or private Nature in the Province", (92-16). On the other hand, it was argued that the licences were given to the provinces solely for the purpose of raising a revenue and that, apart from this, the Dominion had jurisdiction as part of "The Regulation of Trade and Commerce", (91-2); or, as coming within the scope of "Criminal Law" (91-27); or, "of Customs and Excise", since, it was argued, the right to import and manufacture liquor implied the right to sell. Moreover, the Dominion had the right "to make laws for the peace, order and good government of Canada, in relation to all matters not coming within the classes of subjects assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces".

The uncertainty as to the rights of the Dominion and Provincial Governments in respect of liquor legislation caused much confusion for several years after Confederation. In Ontario, when the Licence Law was separated from the Municipal Act and passed as a separate statute in 1869, the provisions as to prohibition by municipalities were not embodied in it, nor were they inserted in the Municipal Act when it was revised in 1873. In Quebeo, the Municipal Code of 1870 retained the provisions of the old law authorizing municipal councils to pass prohibitory by-laws. In 1869, the Nova Scotia Legislature passed a law providing that no licence for the sale of intoxicating liquor should be granted unless the application was accompanied by a petition from two-thirds of the rate-payers of the polling district in which the tavern was to be established. The constitutionality of this law was upheld by the courts. On the other hand, a New Brunswick statute of 1871, providing that no licence should be granted in a municipality where the majority of the rate-payers petitioned against it, was declared ultra vires, chiefly on the ground that it was a regulation of trade and commerce, which belonged exclusively to the Dominion.

In 1876, the Ontario Legislature passed a new licence law, known as the Crooks Act, which took from the municipal councils the power of granting licences and placed it in the hands of three commissioners, appointed by the Government, in each city or electoral district. The Act also imposed further restrictions in respect of tavern licences, hours of closing, etc.

In response to appeals made, from time to time, for prohibitory legislation that would be applicable to the whole of Canada, the Dominion Government, in 1878, passed the Canada Temperance Act, more commonly known as the Scott Act, which provided that, on a petition from one-fourth of the electors in any county or city, an election was to be held and, if a majority of the votes polled favoured the Act, a proclamation would be issued bringing it into force after the date of expiration of the existing licences. From the date of the adoption of the Act, the sale of intoxicating liquors, except as expressly stated in the Act, was prohibited. Provision was made for sales for medicinal, sacramental, and mechanical purposes, by druggists and other licensed vendors. Distillers, brewers, and wholesalers might sell in quantities of 10 gallons and upwards, (8 gallons and upwards in the case of wine and beer), at one time, to druggists and other licensed persons, or to such persons "as they had good reason to believe would carry it forthwith beyond the limits of the county or city, or of any adjoining county or city where the Act was inforce". Penalties of \$50 for a first offence, \$100 for a second offence, and two months' imprisonment for a third and every subsequent offence, were imposed. The Act might be repealed on a similar petition to the above followed by a favourable vote. Decisions either for or against the Act, as decided by a majority vote, were to remain in force for three years. It was further provided that the Dunkin Act should not be brought into force in any new locality and that the bringing into force of the Scott Act should have the effect of superseding any by-law passed under the Dunkin Act.

The constitutionality of the Canada Temperance Act was soon disputed. It was, however, sustained by the Privy Council in 1882 (Russell v. the Queen), for the reason that it did not fall within any of the powers assigned to the provinces and was valid as "maintaining the peace, order, and good government of Canada". From this decision the inference was drawn that the Dominion had supreme authority over liquor licences, and that the rights of the provinces were confined to raising revenue therefrom. In the session of 1883, the Dominion Parliament passed the Dominion Licence Act, popularly known as the McCarthy Act, establishing a Dominion system of hotel, shop, vessel, and wholesale licences. This Act, made applicable to all parts of Canada where the Scott Act was not in force, followed largely the lines of the Crooks Act and was, in many respects, more stringent than the liquor licence laws of several of the provinces.

In 1883, the Privy Council, in a test case from Ontario (Hodge v. the Queen), upheld the provincial legislation and regulations on the grounds that they properly came under the head of municipal institutions, the enforcement of provincial laws, and matters of a local or private nature, that they did not interfere

with the regulation of trade and commerce, and did not conflict with the Canada Temperance Act. This decision validated the provincial law but there was still doubt as to whether it voided the Dominion Licence Act. Most of the provinces adhered to their own licence laws and, in some, two sets of licences were issued.

The question of the constitutionality of the Dominion law was finally carried to the Privy Council which decided that both the McCarthy Act and an amending Act of 1884 were ultra vires of the Dominion Parliament.

By the turn of the century, the constitutional dispute had been settled by successive decisions of the Privy Council which established that the provinces have complete control of the retail trade in liquor, the Dominion of its manufacture and importation. The licensing of shops and taverns is within the exclusive jurisdiction of the provinces. The Canada Temperance Act, which provides for local option in counties or districts of the provinces, is within the jurisdiction of the Dominion and the licensing of brewers and distillers, although duly licensed by the Dominion, is also within the competence of provincial legislation. The Canada Temperance Act still stands and under its authority a number of communities prohibit the sale of alcoholic beverages.

The question of the prohibition or regulation of the liquor traffic has figured largely in Canadian politics. Space limitations make it impossible to follow in detail the historical record of each province in dealing with the liquor problem but a few of the salient features are indicated below.

The Scott Act was adopted in a large portion of the Maritime Provinces shortly after its enactment and proved generally acceptable. The other provinces made, on the whole, little use of the Act, preferring to develop local option through provincial legislation. Puring the years 1884 and 1885, the Scott Act was adopted in many counties throughout Ontario. Difficulties soon arose, due mostly to controversy as to whether the Dominion or Provincial officers were bound to enforce the Act. This was settled, in 1887, by legislation which provided that the officers and machinery of the Licence Act should be available for the enforcement of the Scott Act. Dissatisfaction had grown so strong, however, that the latter was repealed, in 1888 and 1889, in county after county, by decisive majorities. An agitation was begun for the re-enactment of the prohibitory clauses of the Municipal Act which had been omitted when the municipal and licence laws were separated (see page 2). In 1890, local option provisions were introduced in the Ontario Liquor Licence Act. A municipal council might pass a by-law that no licences to sell liquor might be issued in the municipality. Approval of the by-law by a three-fifths majority of the electors was necessary and it might not be repealed for three years, and then only on a three-fifths majority of the electors approving. Quebec always retained the clauses of the Municipal Code authorizing local councils to pass prohibitory by-laws and refuse licences. Manitoba's licence and local option laws were based on those of Ontario and, in 1892, similar laws were applied to the Northwest Territories. British Columbia, where the number of licences was large in proportion to the population, tightened its licence regulations in 1891. The tendency in all provinces was, in general, towards restrictive legislation and more stringent regulation. In the two decades before World War I, considerable numbers of rural and the smaller urban municipalities throughout Canada adopted local option under provincial statutes. These did not, however, entirely stop the consumption of liquor because they could not prohibit manufacture in one province for export into another.

Agitation for national prohibition had continued. Resolutions in favour of a Dominion prohibitory law were, from time to time, introduced in the Dominion Parliament. During the session of 1884, a resolution declaring "that the right and most effectual legislative remedy for the evils of intemperance is to be found in the enactment and enforcement of a law prohibiting the importation, manufacture, and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes", was adopted by a vote of 122 to 40. However, an amendment declaring that the public sentiment of Canada was then ripe for such legislation was defeated by a vote of 107 to 55. In 1887, a resolution in favour of immediate prohibition was defeated by a vote of 112 to 70, and, in 1889, by 99 to 59. A Royal Commission was appointed in 1892 to inquire into the working of the liquor traffic and prohibitory legislation. It took evidence and conducted inquiries throughout Canada and in several of the United States. Four of the Commissioners reported adversely to prohibition while a fifth presented a minority report strongly in its favour.

Manitoba was the first Canadian province to submit the question of prohibition to a plebiscite. During 1892, a Bill was introduced in the Manitoba Legislature "to enable the electors of Manitoba to vote upon the advisability of introducing a law totally prohibiting the importation, manufacture, and sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage into or in the province of Manitoba". The result of the vote in an electoral list of 46,669 was:- For, 18,637; Against, 7,115. In 1893, the New Brunswick Legislature adopted a resolution in favour of Dominion-wide prohibition "of the importation, manufacture, and sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage". In Ontario, in the municipal elections of 1894, a vote was taken on the question of "the prohibition by competent authority of the importation, manufacture, and sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage in the province". This vote resulted in a majority for prohibition of 81,769, the total vote polled being 303,209 of a voters' list of 549,202. Similar resolutions were adopted in other provinces and votes on the question taken at different times during the next few years.

A Dominion-wide plebiscite, taken in 1898, showed a majority of 13,886 in favour of a Dominion prohibitory law. The number of votes polled, however, was only 44 per cent of the names on the voters' list. The decision of the Government, as summarized by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, was that "the expression of public opinion as recorded at the polls in favour of prohibition did not represent such a proportion of the electorate as would justify the introduction of a prohibitory measure". The results of the provincial plebiscites, likewise, were not considered decisive enough to warrant the enactment of provincial prohibition laws. It was not until after the outbreak of World War I, in fact, that there was any real departure from the local option system as developed under the Scott Act and the provincial Licence Acts.

During the years 1916 and 1917, as a war policy, legislation prohibiting the sale of alcoholic liquors, except for medicinal and scientific purposes, was passed in all the provinces except Quebec, where similar legislation was passed in 1919. The prohibition extended to the sale of beer and wine except in Quebec. Native wine could be sold, however, in Ontario.

In aid of provincial legislation prohibiting or restricting the sale of intoxicating liquors, the Dominion Government, in May, 1916, passed a law (6-7 Geo. V. c. 19), making it an offence to send intoxicating liquors into any province to be dealt in, contrary to the law of that province. In November 1919, this Act was amended to include manufacture for illegal sale, and the Canada Temperance Act was amended by 10 Geo. V. c.9, to prohibit importation and manufacture for illegal importation in any province, by Order in Council, after an approving referendum had been taken by the Dominion Government, at the request of the Provincial Legislature. A later amendment empowered the Federal Government to forbid export liquor operations, except by brewers and distillers, in provinces which barred liquor imports, provided a request for such action was made by a local legislature.

After World War I, the provinces continued under prohibition for varying periods. Plebiscites were taken, from time to time, to ascertain the will of the electorate as to whether the policy of prohibition, adopted as an emergency measure, should be continued. During 1921, Quebec, British Columbia, and Yukon Territory discarded the existing prohibition laws and adopted policies of liquor sale under government control. The same course was followed by Manitoba in 1923, Alberta in 1924, Saskatchewan in 1925, Ontario and New Brunswick in 1927, and Nova Scotia in 1930. Prince Edward Island adhered to a policy of prohibition until 1948, but in the plebiscite of June 28, Government control of liquor sales won over prohibition by a more than 2 to 1 majority.

In 1928, the Dominion Government passed "The Importation of Intoxicating Liquors Act", (18-19 George V. c. 31), prohibiting the importation into any province of intoxicating liquor, unless consigned to His Majesty, the Executive Government, or government agency vested with the right of selling intoxicating liquor. The provisions of the Act do not apply to the transportation of intoxicating liquor through a province by a common carrier by water or railway, if in unbroken packages; the importation by licensed distillers or brewers for blending purposes only; transfer between distilleries; the importation of intoxicating liquor for sacramental or medicinal purposes; or for manufacturing or commercial purposes other than for the manufacture or use thereof as a beverage.

World War II brought additional controls designed to further restrict the use of alcoholic beverages in time of war and release manpower and material resources for the requirements of the armed forces, war industry, and essential civilian activity.

War Order No. C.C. 14 prohibited the production of distilled spirits for beverage purposes in Canada, on and after Nov. 1, 1942. The distilling of spirits was placed under the Chemicals Controller, the distilleries, in effect, being commandeered by the Government for the production of alcohol for war purposes, chiefly in the manufacture of munitions and synthetic rubber. From time to time, depending on war exigencies, the production of small quantities of beverage spirits was permitted. War Order C.C. 14 was rescinded by C.C. 14A, of August 30, 1945.

The Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order (P.C. 11374, Dec. 16, 1942) prohibited the advertising of spirits, wine, and beer, and limited their importation and sale. Manufacturers' sales of proof spirits were limited to 70 p.c., domestic wine to 80 p.c., and beer to 90 p.c. of the respective amounts sold in the base period (year ended October 31, 1942). Imports of spirits, wine, and beer, were similarly restricted. The sale of alcoholic spirits of strength greater than 70 p.c. proof spirit (except that taken out of bond or bottled prior to the date of the order), and the distilling of spirits for use in fortifying wines, were also prohibited. Advertisements respecting spirits, wine, or beer, also the advertisement of any person as a distiller, manufacturer, or brewer of spirits, wine, or beer, or of a person who sells spirits, wine, or beer, was prohibited, with the exception of labels or information on the containers, or of an advertisement which, in the opinion of the Minister, is in the public interest, or the legal, financial, or other reasonable needs of the distiller, manufacturer, brewer, or seller, required to be published.

The restrictions of the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order were gradually relaxed and by August 3, 1945 all except the prohibition of advertising had been removed. However, on March 19, 1946, so that additional

grain might be exported to areas where food shortages were acute, the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order was further amended (by authority of The National Emergency Transitional Powers Act, 1945) by P.C. 991, which limited the quantity of spirits which any distiller might produce from grain or malt during the year ending March 31, 1947, to 50 p.c. of the quantity so produced during the year ending March 31, 1946. Production in any one month was not to exceed 50 p.c. of the quantity produced in the corresponding month of the preceding year. The advertising prohibition lapsed with the lapsing of the wartime controls on March 31, 1947.

The Liquor Boards adopted various wartime restrictive measures designed to conserve stocks and to ensure a more even distribution of the available supplies. These included the discontinuance of special permits, reduced selling hours in retail outlets, establishment of quotas, etc. With the removal of the restrictions of the Wartime Alcoholic Beverages Order on sales by manufacturers, the Liquor Boards increased the ration allowance to consumers. Supplies continued to be limited by shortages of materials and manpower but, as the situation eased, restrictions were relaxed.

The Provincial Liquor Control Acts have been framed to conform to conditions peculiar to the localities where they are in force and there is considerable variation in the regulations. The salient feature of all is the establishment of a provincial monopoly of the retail sale of alcoholic beverages, with the practical elimination of private profit therefrom. Partial exception is made in the retail sale of beer by brewers or others which certain provinces permit while reserving regulative rights and taxing such sales heavily. One province permits local producers to sall wine at retail, under certain restrictions. All the provinces restrict advertising either by provisions of the Liquor Control Acts or by regulations of the Liquor Control Boards. (For further details see the provincial summaries below).

#### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

Act

The Prince Edward Island Temperance Act, assented to March 25, 1948, and made effective by proclamation, July 1st, 1948.

#### Administration

By the Prince Edward Island Temperance Commission in which is vested the administration of this Act. The Commission is appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, as are all vendors and other officers required for the carrying out of the Act. The Commission is required to report from time to time to the Minister charged with the administration of the Act and to the Attorney General charged with the enforcement of the Act. Annual report must also be made to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council through the Minister charged with the administration of the Act. All property and money acquired by the Commission in connection with the administration of the Act is expressed to be the property of the Government. All fines are to be paid into the Provincial Treasury of the Province, provided that under certain circumstances one-third of the penalty is to be paid to the City Clerk of the various incorporated cities or towns.

#### Disposition of Profits

The expense of administering the Act is paid out of the revenue received by the Commission from the sale of permits and the sale of liquor, the net profits remaining, from time to time, are paid into the Provincial Treasury of the Province and appropriated to the public service of the Province.

#### Regulation of Sale

- Where Sold.- All liquors, including beer and wine, in government liquor stores; there is no provision for sale of beer or any intoxicating liquor except in government liquor stores.
- How Sold .- (1) Liquor of all kinds by permit in sealed packages from government liquor stores.
- To Whom Sold.- (1) To permit holders. Any person not disqualified under the Act and of the full age of 21 years may obtain a general liquor permit at a cost of two dollars.

Note:- The data herein presented do not cover any part of the period subsequent to Newfoundland's entry into Confederation. It may be noted, however, that the sale of liquor in Newfoundland is regulated by a Liquor Control Board. A summary of Newfoundland legislation in respect of liquor control and statistics relating thereto will appear in the next edition of this bulletin.

#### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND - (Cont'd.)

#### Regulation of Sale .- (Cont'd.)

- To Whom Sold. (2) Special permits may be granted to physicians, dentists, veterinary surgeons, persons engaged in mechanical or manufacturing business or in scientific pursuits; clergymen, hospitals, military establishments, military and veterans' organizations, incorporated non-profit associations, temporary residents of the Province and special conferences.
  - (3) Permits may not be issued to interdicted persons; to any other persons specially prohibited under the provisions of any Act of the Dominion of Canada, or the Province of Prince Edward Island; nor (except special permits) to any corporation, association, society, or partnership.
- Advertising. The Prince Edward Island Temperance Act prohibits all forms of advertising.

  The prohibition, however, does not extend to the Commission and vendors' stores.

#### MOVA SCOTIA

#### Act

The Nova Scotia Liquor Control Act, passed April 30, 1930.

#### Administration

The Nova Scotia Liquor Commission has authority to control the possession, sale, transportation, and delivery of liquor; to control, manage, and supervise all government liquor stores and shops and, in all other ways to administer the provisions of the Act. All moneys received from the sale of liquor at government stores, or otherwise arising in the administration of the Act, other than from licence and permit fees, are paid to the Commission. Fees for licences and permits for the purchase and sale of liquor are paid to the Commission through stores and at head office and the moneys received are transmitted by the Commission to the Provincial Treasurer to be accounted for as part of the general revenue of the Province and do not form part of the profit and loss account of the Commission. The Commission must make an annual report to the Legislature covering operations for the year ending November 30.

#### Disposition of Profits

From the profits arising under the Act, such sums as may be determined by the Governor in Council are to be set aside for the creation of a reserve fund to meet any losses that may be incurred by the Government in connection with the administration of the Act, also such sums as are necessary to cover the expenditures incurred in connection with the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. Expenditures incurred in carrying out and enforcing the provisions of the Act are charged against profits. The remaining net profits are paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund at the direction of the Provincial Treasurer.

#### Regulation of Sale

- Where Sold. Liquor may be sold by the Commission in such manner, and at such places and prices as the Commission prescribes. No liquor is to be sold, however, in any municipality in which, under the Plebiscite Act of 1929, a majority of votes was cast against the sale of liquor under a Government Control Act. In consequence of this Act, the sale of liquor is not permitted in the counties of Shelburne and Hants. An amendment of April 18, 1946 to the Nova Scotia Liquor Control Act provided for the appointment of a "Tavern Licensing Committee", which would be authorized to issue, suspend, revoke, or cancel licences for the sale of beer and wine by the glass or open bottle in hotel dining rooms and taverns. This committee is now carrying out this duty following plebiscites which must be held in towns and municipalities which request them and, without which plebiscites, sales cannot be permitted.
- How Sold. (1) In sealed packages from government liquor stores. Individual permits are required for the purchase of spirits, beer, and wine. Alcohol can be obtained only under a prescription or special permit specifying it.
  - (2) Limited quantities may be sold by vendors on a doctor's prescription.

#### NOVA SCOTIA - (Cont'd.)

#### Regulation of Sale .- (Cont'd.)

- To Whom Sold. (1) Individual permits may be granted to individuals of 21 years of age or over who have resided in the Province at least one month previous to the application.
  - (2) Individual permits for a period of one month may be granted to individuals of the age of 21 years or over temporarily resident or sojourning in the Province.
  - (3) Special permits may be granted to druggists, to persons engaged in manufacturing or scientific pursuits requiring liquor for use therein, or for other stated purposes.
  - (4) Special permits may be granted to physicians, dentists, veterinaries, persons in charge of hospitals, homes for the aged, etc.
  - (5) Liquor may not be sold to minors, interdicted persons (except on a doctor's prescription) nor to any other persons disqualified by the Commission, or by Act of the Dominion of Canada.
- Advertising. Newspaper, magazine and radio advertising may be used if authorized by the Commission. The present policy is to allow only emergency notices. Billboards and posters, circulars, price lists, programmes, souvenirs, novelties, calendars, ash trays, etc., and street car cards are not allowed. Donations (financial, athletic trophies, etc.) are allowed. Exterior signs are permitted on premises where product is manufactured and on vehicles. Brand advertising is prohibited.

#### NEW BRUNSWICK

#### Aot

The Intoxicating Liquor Act, 1927, assented to April 20, 1927; main provisions brought into force September 6, 1927.

#### Administration

The New Brunswick Liquor Control Board has authority "to control all dealings in liquor in the Province, to control, manage, and supervise all government liquor stores, and in all other ways to administer the Act". The Board must make to the Government an annual report covering the nature and amount of business transacted during the year ended October 31. All moneys received under the Act are paid to the Board which pays all expenses of administration.

#### Disposition of Profits

From the profits of the Board there may be set aside such sums as may be specified by the Governor in Council for a reserve fund to meet any loss which the Province may inour in the administration
of the Act. The net profits of the Board are paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province.

#### Regulation of Sale

- Where Sold. At government liquor stores; beer from beer warehouses or from licensed brewers on order of the Board.
- How Sold. (1) In sealed packages, (a) at government liquor stores; (b) by express or mail from head office mail order department; (c) delivered directly by brewers on order of the Board. In such cases the brewers act as agents of the Board and must make to it a monthly report of gross sales.
  - (2) Six ounces may be sold by government liquor stores on a physician's prescription.
- To Whom Sold. Liquor may not be sold to minors, intoxicated persons, interdicted persons (except on a doctor's prescription), nor to any other persons disqualified by the Board. All other persons may purchase liquor in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Regulations.
- Advertising.— Newspaper, magazine and radio advertising may be used if approved by the Board. Bill-boards and posters, circulars, price lists, programmes, souvenirs, novelties, calendars, ash trays, etc. and street car cards are not allowed. Exterior signs are permitted on premises where product is manufactured and on vehicles. Brand advertising is prohibited.

#### QUEBEC

Aot

The Alcoholic Ligner Act, assented to February 25, 1921.

#### Administration

The Quebec Liquer Commission has authority to control liquer sales, to grant permits, to regulate the establishments to which permits are granted, and in other ways to administer the provisions of the Act. All revenue collected under the Act is paid to the Commission, which pays all costs of administration. In 1936, the five Commissioners were dismissed and their powers transferred to a General Manager.

#### Disposition of Profits

Profits of the Commission are paid to the Provincial Treasurer on demand to become a part of the Consolidated Revenue of the Province.

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - Spirituous liquors and wines from government liquor stores; beer from brewers or brewers' warehouses to permittees authorized to sell to consumers; in hotels, inns, cafés, boats, dining cars, grocery stores, taverns, clubs, trading posts, at banquets, etc. (See under "How Sold", below).

However, the Commission must refuse to grant any permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any municipality where a prohibition by-law is in force. Such a by-law may be revoked as to beer and wine, or beer only, by submission to the electors.

The Commission must refuse to grant any permit for the sale of alcoholic liquor in any city or town whose population exceeds 5,000 (and where a prohibition by-law is not in force) whenever the municipal council has, by a by-law, requested the Commission to refuse to grant any permit.

In addition, the Commission must refuse to grant a permit in a town whose population does not exceed 5,000, or a village or municipality, unless such municipality requests it by by-law approved by a majority of voters.

#### How Sold. - (1) Spirituous liquors and wines from government liquor stores.

- (2) Beer by brewers to permittees authorized to sell beer to consumers. In such cases the brewers act as agents of the Commission and must make to the Commission a monthly report of sales. Those who purchase from brewers must pay, through the brewers to the Commission, a tax equal to 5 cents per gallon of draught beer; 7 cents per dozen of large bottles, and 4 cents per dozen of small bottles.
- (3) Spirits, beer or wine by the glass or open bottle in hotels having special licences, in steamboats, dining cars or clubs, with or without meals; in other hotels and in cafés with meals only; beer and wine only in inns having special licences, with or without meals; in other inns and in cafés, with meals only.

In the case of a steamboat, permit is granted only if such boat performs regular service between points in the Province at least fifty miles apart.

- (4) Beer in quantities of not less than one bottle from licensed grocery stores, such beer not to be consumed on the premises. In villages or rural municipalities, such licence may be granted only to hotels licensed under the Quebec Licence Act and which, at the same time, hold permits for sale with meals.
- (5) Beer by the glass in licensed taverns in cities or towns for consumption on the premises.
  - (6) Beer and wine at banquets for consumption on the premises.
- (7) Trading posts or industrial or mining establishments in New Quebec, or other territory in the northern part of the Province, designated from time to time by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, may sell alcoholic liquor at such posts or establishments to their employees and to people living in such territory.

In every case, the alcohol, spirits or wine must have been purchased direct from the Commission by the holder of the permit, and beer from a brewer who is also a holder of a permit. Hospitals, universities, laboratories for industrial and scientific research, retail druggists, and doctors may purchase either from the Commission or direct from distilleries under permit, thus procuring alcohol at a lower price.

QUEBEC - (Cont'd.)

Regulation of Sale - (Cont'd.)

- To Whom Sold. It is forbidden to sell to persons under twenty years of age, or to interdicted persons, or other persons disqualified by the Commission. All other persons may purchase from government stores or licensed establishments.
- Advertising. Newspaper and magazine advertising is permitted but is restricted as to size and content. The distillers and brewers have adopted codes of advertising practices which have been approved by the Commission. Radio advertising is permitted of wines and beers only and with certain restrictions. Billboards, posters, and outdoor signs are restricted. Indoor signs are permitted but must be placed so as not to be visible from the outside. Street car cards are considered as indoor signs. Theatre programmes, menus in restaurants, etc. are permitted but are restricted. Ash-trays, coasters, pencils, matches, lighters, souvenir-lamps, novelties, give-aways of any other type or name (can-openers and calendars excepted) are not permitted. Donations, athletic trophies are permitted. Legal notices, financial reports, etc. are permitted. Brand advertising is permitted but pictures of bottles or other containers, illustrations of drinking scenes, etc. may not be used.

#### ONTARIO

Act

- (1) The Liquor Control Act (Ontario, assented to April 5, 1927).
- (2) The Liquor Licence Act, 1946.

#### Administration and Distribution of Profits

The Liquor Control Board of Ontario has authority to control, manage, and supervise the government liquor stores, to grant, refuse, suspend, or cancel individual permits for the purchase of liquor; to make necessary regulations, and in other ways carry out the administration of the Act. The Board must make to the Lieutenant-Governor an annual report covering its activities during the year ending March 31. All moneys arising from the application of the Act are paid to the Liquor Board which pays all expenses of administration. The Board may remit to a municipality which has entered into an agreement with the Liquor Licence Board, such portion of fees payable by licence holders as may be fixed from time to time by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council. From the profits of the Board there may be taken such sums as are determined by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council for the creation of a reserve fund to meet any loss which the Province may incur in the administration of the Act. The remaining profits are paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province at the direction of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council.

By the Liquor Licence Act, 1946, "The Liquor Licence Board of Ontario", consisting of three members, was created. Its duties are to issue licences for the sale of spirits, beer, and wine in respect of such premises as the regulations may prescribe or define, and to review, consent to the transfer of, suspend, or cancel any such licence. All expenses of the Liquor Licence Board are paid by the Liquor Control Board of Ontario.

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - Liquor of all kinds, from government liquor stores; beer from brewers' warehouses and brewers' retail stores; wine from wineries and branch retail sales offices of wineries; liquor of all kinds in hotels, inns, taverns, clubs, military messes, steamboats and trains holding licences from The Liquor Licence Board.

No government liquor store shall be established nor spirits, beer or wine sold in municipalities where, at the time of coming into force of the Ontario Temperance Act, a local option by-law under the Liquor Licence Act (Ontario) was in effect, unless a vote has been taken in such municipalities and a majority of three-fifths of the votes polled is returned in favour of such sale.

In municipalities having a population of less than 50,000, no licences shall be issued for the sale of spirits by the glass unless and until a vote has been taken under the provisions of the Liquor Licence Act in favour of the issuing of such licences. In such municipalities, no public house or dining room licences shall be issued without a vote under the provisions of the Liquor Licence Act in favour of the issuing of such licences unless the establishment requesting the licences had an authority under the Liquor Authority Control Act similar to the licence asked for, or can be classified as a hotel, club, military mess, railway car, or steamship. A majority of three-fifths of the votes polled in favour of the issuing of such licences is required.

In the three areas within the Province of Ontario where the Canada Temperance Act is in effect, namely, the counties of Peel, Huron, and Perth (with the exception of the city of Stratford) the provisions of The Liquor Control Act and the Liquor Licence Act have no force and effect.

#### Regulation of Sale - (Cont'd.)

- How Sold. (1) Spirits, imported beer, and imported wine, in sealed containers to individual permit holders; Canadian beer and Ontario wine from government liquor stores.
  - (2) Spirits in limited quantities may be sold from government liquor stores to a patient on a physician's prescription.
  - (3) Canadian beer, in sealed containers, from the retail premises of licensed brewers, or from a brewer's retail store.
  - (4) Ontario wine, in sealed containers, from the retail premises of licensed native wine manufacturers.
  - (5) Liquor of all kinds with meals, in "Dining Room" and "Dining Lounge", and liquor without meals in lounges of licensed premises.
    - (6) Beer only in licensed public houses.

#### To Whom Sold. - Spirits may be sold to-

- (1) Holders of individual resident permits, which are procurable by persons of 21 years of age or over who have resided in the Province for at least one month.
- (2) Holders of individual non-resident permits, which are procurable for a period not exceeding one month from date of issue, by persons 21 years of age or over who are temporarily resident or sojourning in the Province.
- (3) Holders of special permits which have been granted to druggists, to persons engaged in manufacturing or scientific pursuits requiring liquor for use therein, or to physicians, dentists, veterinaries, persons in charge of hospitals, sanatoria, homes for the aged, etc.
  - (4) To a patient, by a physician, in a quantity not exceeding six ounces.
- (5) Liquor may be sold to licence holders for resale and consumption in licensed premises.
  - (6) Canadian beer and Ontario wine may be sold for residential consumption.
- (7) Liquor, beer, and wine may not be sold to minors, interdicted persons, etc. (except on a doctor's prescription), nor to any other person disqualified by the Board or by an Act of the Dominion of Canada.
- Advertising. Newspaper and magazine advertising is permitted but must be of a public service or institutional nature. All copy and lay-out for each particular advertisement must be submitted to the Board for approval. Radio advertising is not permitted. Billboards and posters, circulars, price lists, and programmes, souvenirs, novelties and calendars, ash trays, etc. are not allowed, at present. Street car cards (with advertising of institutional type only) may be used with the approval of the Board. Donations (financial, athletic, trophies, etc.) are subject to the approval of the Board. Exterior signs are allowed on premises where product is manufactured and on vehicles. Brand advertising is prohibited.

#### MANI TOBA

#### Act

The Government Liquor Control Act, 1928, assented to February 17, 1928. This Act replaces the original legislation as in the Government Liquor Control Act which came into force in 1923.

#### Administration

By the Government Liquor Control Commission, which has authority to control the possession, sale, and transportation of liquor, the granting of permits and licences, the operation of liquor stores, and in all other ways to make regulations and administer the provisions of the Act. All moneys received from sale of liquor at liquor stores, or from licence or permit fees, or otherwise arising under this Act, are paid to the Commission which pays all expenses of administration. The Commission must make an annual report to the Attorney General.

#### Disposition of Profits

From the profits arising from this Act, there may be set aside such sums as are specified by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council for the creation of a reserve fund to repay moneys borrowed for the purpose of administration of this Act, and to meet any losses that may be incurred in the working of the Act, or by reason of its repeal. The remaining net profits are paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund at the direction of the Provincial Treasurer and appropriated to the public service of the Province.

#### MANITOBA - (Cont'd.)

#### Regulation of Sale

- Where and How Sold. (1) Government Liquor Control Commission stores spirituous, fermented and malt liquors, to permittees for consumption in residence.
  - (2) For open consumption in beer parlours (beer only) operated by beer licersees in hotels registered by the Government Liquor Control Commission.
  - (3) For open consumption in clubs (beer only) licensed by the Government Liquor Control Commission.
  - (4) For open consumption in military canteens (beer only) licensed by the Government Liquor Control Commission.
  - (5) Beer vendor licensees, operated in hotels registered by the Government Liquor Control Commission, to permittees (beer only) for consumption in permittee's residence.
  - (6) By druggists licensed by the Government Liquor Control Commission, spirituous, fermented, or malt liquors, in limited quantities, on doctor's prescription.
  - (7) By brewer licensees (beer only) for delivery to permittee's residence, Government Liquor Control Commission stores, beer parlour, beer vendor, and canteen licensees, as and when authorized by the Government Liquor Control Commission. Brewers pay a tax of  $12\frac{1}{2}$  cents per gallon to the Commission.
  - (8) By distillers and wineries, for delivery to the Government Liquor Control Commission stores, as and when authorized.
- To Whom Sold. (1) General permits may be granted to individuals for the purchase of liquor for beverage, medicinal, and culinary purposes.
  - (2) Special permits may be granted to druggists, physicians, hospitals, etc.
  - (3) Banquet permits may be issued for consumption of liquor on the premises, but not more than two during each permit year to any association or individual.
  - (4) Permits may not be issued to persons under 21 years of age, to Indians, interdicted persons, to corporations, societies, etc., (other than a banquet permit), to more than one person in a hotel or club other than guests, to other than bona fide guests of hotels, to any person disqualified by the Government Liquor Control Act, 1928, or by the Commission.
- Advertising. Newspaper and magazine advertising of the institutional type only is permitted.

  Radio advertising is not permitted. Outdoor signs are permitted in respect of brewery licensees on brewery licensed premises. Legal notices are permitted. All other forms of advertising (posters, street car cards, calendars, novelties, donations, etc.) are not allowed at present.

Amendments to the Government Liquor Control Act, 1928, assented to at the 1934 session of the Legislature, provide there shall be a Provincial Licensing Board consisting of five members, the Chairman of the Commission also acting as Chairman of the Board.

All applications for licences, other than beer waiter licences, require to be approved for issue by the Licensing Board before being considered by the Government Liquor Control Commission.

Further amendments provide that a beer vendor's licence may be issued to any hotel registered with the Commission or, in the case of a hotel located in the city of Winnipeg, duly licensed by the said city.

A beer vendor's licence authorizes such licensee, other than that in the city of Winnipeg, to purchase beer from the Commission for resale to permittees in either twelve or twenty-four bottles in a sealed package for consumption in the permittee's residence, the licensee in the city of Winnipeg being limited to the sale of the same quantities only to a permittee resident in his own hotel.

A permittee may purchase the quantity shown in Section 48 (a) S.S. (1) of Government Liquor Control Act, 1928, R.S.M. 1940, namely, 55 cunces in any one day of spirituous liquors; 1 gal. wine; 1 case of beer (24 pints). Delivery to permittee's residence of spirituous liquor and wine has been suspended indefinitely.

#### SASKATCHEWAN

Aot

The Liquor Act, 1925; assented to January 16, 1925, brought into force April 15, 1925.

#### Administration

By the Liquor Board which is given the power to have general control and management of all liquor stores, and in other ways to make regulations and administer the provisions of the Act. The Board is quired to submit, semi-annually, a financial statement to the Provincial Treasurer, by whom it is submitted to the Executive Council. The Board's annual report upon the operation of the system, accompanied by an annual financial statement, is required to be submitted to the Legislative Assembly. Up to

#### SASKATCHEWAN - (Cont'd.)

#### Administration - (Cont'd.)

March 31, 1945, moneys received for permit fees were paid to the Provincial Treasurer. These receipts are now placed to the credit of the Liquor Board. All other receipts are placed to the credit of the Liquor Board. The Board pays all expenses of administration including expenses of plebiscites, enforcements, etc.

#### Disposition of Profits

The Treasury Board determines the disposition of the profits by one or both of the following methods: (1) Setting aside such sums as are deemed necessary for the creation of a reserve fund to meet any loss which may be incurred by the Province in case the system or any store shall be discontinued; (2) Paying any amount to the Provincial Treasurer for purposes of the Consolidated Fund. The Treasury Board may make such regulations as it deems expedient regarding the financial conduct of the system.

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - (1) At Liquor Board general liquor stores; beer, wine, and spirituous liquors.

(2) At Liquor Board beer and wine stores; beer and wine only.

(3) On licensed premises which are situated in hotels, clubs, and canteens;

beer only. (4) By druggists or physicians, under permit, beer, wine, and spirituous liquors for medicinal purposes only.

The number of cities, towns, and villages, where a general liquor store may be established is limited, and stores are established at 39 such points. No beer and wine store may be established in a town or village which has petitioned against same, and in which a majority of the electors has voted against the establishment of a store in the numbered district containing said town or village, and no such store shall be continued in any town or village in a numbered district where a majority of electors voting in such town or village has voted in favour of discontinuing the store or stores in the district.

- How Sold. From Liquor Board stores in sealed packages only. On licensed premises, beer may be sold by the glass or bottle for consumption on the premises, and by the bottle in sealed packages for consumption elsewhere. Daily quantities of beer, wine, and spirits may be purchased within the limit of the quantities prescribed by the Liquor Act.
- To Whom Sold. (1) To all persons not being minors, Indians, interdicts, persons under the influence of liquor, or who habitually use liquor to excess, or persons prohibited from purchasing liquor owing to convictions under certain provisions of the Liquor Act.
  - (2) To druggists and physicians authorized by permit to purchase from the Board and sell for medicinal purposes or use in the practice of their professions.
  - (3) Dentists, veterinaries, hospitals, manufacturers, educational institutions, may, under permit, purchase liquor from the Liquor Board.

Advertising. - At present, liquor advertising of any kind is not permitted.

#### ALBERTA

Act

The Government Liquor Control Act of Alberta, assented to April 12, 1924, and made effective by proclamation, May 10, 1924.

#### Administration

By the Alberta Liquor Control Board, in which is vested the administration of this Act, including the management and supervision of all government liquor stores. The Board must report from time to time to the Minister charged with the administration of the Act. All moneys received from permit fees are paid to the Provincial Treasurer, to become part of the general revenue of the Province. All other receipts under this Act are said to the Liquor Board.

#### ALBERTA - (Cont'd.)

#### Disposition of Profits

From the profits arising from this Act, there may be set aside such sums as may be specified by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council for the creation of a reserve fund to meet any loss that may be incurred in the administration of the Act, or by reason of its repeal. The remaining net profits are paid into the General Revenue Fund and appropriated to the public service of the Province.

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - All liquors, including wine and beer, in government liquor stores and warehouses; beer only, in licensed hotels, clubs, and canteens.

Beer or club licences may not be granted in any area in which a plebiscite has been held and a majority of the voters has voted against beer licences. Plebiscites may be held upon petition, signed by 25 per cent of the voters in the electoral area.

- How Sold. (1) Liquor of all kinds by permit in sealed packages from government liquor stores.
  - (2) Beer by the glass or open bottle, in licensed hotels, in licensed clubs to members, and in military canteens to members, also by the closed bottle in licensed hotel premises in quantities not to exceed two dozen pints or one dozen quarts to any one person on any one day, for consumption in the residence of the purchaser.
  - (3) Brewers were formerly licensed to sell and deliver beer to holders of subsisting permits and to licensees. Furchasers from brewers had to pay a tax of  $15\frac{1}{2}$  cents per gallon ( $12\frac{1}{2}$  cents prior to April 1, 1932). However, an amendment to the Act passed at the 1936 session of the Legislature provided that brewers who manufacture beer in Alberta may sell only to the Board. All sales, both to beer licensees and to permit holders, are now made through the Board. The gallonage tax is no longer levied.
    - (4) On a physician's order.
  - (5) From druggists, on a physician's order, for medicinal purposes, in districts where there are no government liquor stores.
- To Whom Sold. (1) To permit holders. Any person not disqualified under the Act and of the full age of 21 years may obtain a general liquor permit at a cost of fifty cents.
  - (2) Special permits may be granted to physicians, druggists, etc.
  - (3) Permits may not be issued to interdicted persons; to any other persons specially prohibited under the provisions of any Act of the Dominion of Canada, or the Province of Alberta; nor (except special permits) to any corporation, association, society, or partnership.

Advertising .- At present, liquor advertising of any kind is not permitted in Alberta.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA

Act

The Government Liquor Act, 1921; assented to April 2, 1921.

#### Administration

The administration of the Act, including the general control, management, and supervision of government liquor stores, is vested in the Liquor Control Board. The Board must make an annual report to the Attorney General, covering operations for the year ending March 31. Moneys received from sale of permits are paid to the Minister of Finance, to be accounted as part of the general revenue of the Province. All other moneys received under this Act are paid to the Liquor Board.

#### Disposition of Profits

From the total profits of the Board there may be set aside such sums as are specified by the Government for the creation of a reserve fund to meet any losses which may be incurred in the administration of this Act or by reason of its repeal, the net profits remaining being paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA - (Cont'd.)

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - (1) Government liquor stores; liquor of all kinds.

- (2) Beer parlours; beer only.
- (3) Veterans' clubs; beer only for sale to members and guests for consumption on premises.
  - (4) Clubs; liquor of all kinds for sale to members and guests.

Beer parlours may be established in electoral districts or specific polling divisions which have voted in favour of the sale of beer in licensed premises, and the licence provides for the sale of beer by the glass, or by the bottle, for consumption on the premises, or elsewhere.

- How Sold.- (1) Liquor of all kinds, in sealed packages, from government liquor stores.

  However, malt liquor need not be sealed. Individual permits are not necessary.
  - (2) From liquor stores, or from druggists on a doctor's prescription.
  - (3) Beer by the glass, or open bottle, for consumption in licensed beer parlours, and beer by the unopened bottle for consumption elsewhere than in the said licensed premises. The licensee must purchase his beer from the Liquor Control Board. No bars are allowed.
  - (4) To clubs who may purchase liquor and beer from the Board and sell by the glass for consumption on the premises only.
  - (5) Veterans' clubs may obtain licences entitling the holders to purchase beer from vendors, and to sell it by the glass, or open bottle, to bona fide members, for consumption on licensed premises, in accordance with the terms of the licence and the provisions of the Act.
- To Whom Sold. (1) To all persons over the age of 21 years who are not disqualified under the provisions of the "Government Liquor Act". Special permits are issued to druggists, physicians, dentists, veterinaries, hospitals and persons engaged in manufacturing or scientific research, etc.
  - (2) To beer licensees, who may purchase from the Board and sell by the glass, or open bottle, for consumption on the premises, or by the unopened bottle, for consumption elsewhere than on the licensed premises.
  - (3) To veterans' club licensees, who may purchase from the Board, and sell by the glass, or unopened bottle, to bona fide members of veterans' clubs, for consumption on the licensed premises.
- Advertising. All forms of advertising are prohibited except that contained in bona fide news-papers. Brand advertising is allowed but restricted as to size of advertisement.

#### YUKON

#### Act

The Government Liquor Ordinance, passed September 13, 1921.

#### Administration

By the Controller of the Territory, in whom is vested the administration of the Ordinance. The Controller may make regulations, subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, for regulating controlling, and conducting the sale of liquor in government stores. All moneys derived from the sale of liquor by vendors shall be paid to the Territorial Treasurer, as provided by the Regulations, and shall be deposited in the bank to the credit of the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund in a special account designated as "The Liquor Account". Payment for stocks of liquor, and expenses incidental to the business is made from this account, by cheque, signed by the Controller and countersigned by the Territorial Treasurer.

#### Disposition of Profits

All net profits shall be transferred from such "Liquor Account" to the Yukon Consolidated Revenue Fund, and shall be at the disposal of the Controller in Council.

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - (1) Government liquor stores (liquor of all kinds).

- (2) In licensed hotels (beer only)
- (3) In licensed clubs (beer only)
- (4) In canteens of the Armed Forces of Canada and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (beer only)

The Controller may issue licences to bona fide hotels to sell, by retail, beer by the glass or by the bottle, in limited quantities, for consumption on the premises or elsewhere.

- How Sold. (1) Liquor of all kinds, in sealed packages, from government liquor stores.

  However, malt liquors need not be sealed.
  - (2) Beer by the glass, or open bottle, for consumption in licensed hotels.
  - (3) Beer in licensed bona fide clubs, to club members only.
- To Whom Sold. (1) To persons twenty-one years of age or over.
  - (2) To beer licensees, who may purchase beer by the barrel at a special rate.
  - (3) Druggists, physicians, dentists, and veterinaries, or hospitals, may purchase alcohol in quantity, one gallon at any one time, upon affidavit being furnished with each purchase.
- Advertising. Liquor advertising is permitted. However, newspaper advertisements must cite that such advertising is not published or displayed by the Government of the Yukon Territory. No owner or occupier of any building (except Government Liquor Stores) shall permit any sign displaying any of the words "bar", "bar-room", "saloon", "tavern", "liquors", or any words describing any liquor that is intoxicating, to be upon the cutside of, or kept up near to, or otherwise displayed from the building of any shop or room therein.

#### NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

Act

Northwest Territories Act, chapter 142, R.S.C. 1927, with amendments.

The Territorial Liquor Ordinance, chapter 23, Ordinances 1948. (A revision and consolidation of Liquor Ordinance of April 27, 1939, with amendments).

#### Administration

The only authorized liquor stores in the Northwest Territories are the store opened at Yellow-knife on June 27, 1939, and the store opened at Fort Smith on June 24, 1942. They are known as the Territorial Liquor Stores, and are operated by the Saskatchewan Liquor Board as Territorial Liquor Agent for the Northwest Territories Administration. The Board purchases all supplies, employs all necessary labour and handles all the receipts directly connected with the operation of the stores. The net profits are struck at the end of March and September each year and turned over to the Northwest Territories Administration. Convictions for liquor offences are made under both the Territorial Liquor Ordinance and the Northwest Territories Act. The net profits from the liquor stores, and the proceeds of fines under the Territorial Liquor Ordinance are placed in a special account in the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The proceeds of fines under the Northwest Territories Act are credited to ordinary revenue.

The Commissioner of the Northwest Territories, with the advice and consent of the Northwest Territories Council, directs the activities of the Territorial Agent in the operation of the Territorial Liquor Stores and makes all necessary regulations to meet the conditions which arise.

#### Distribution of Profits

Under the provisions of the Territorial Liquor Ordinance, all moneys and all property acquired in the administration of the Ordinance shall be the property of the Crown in the right of the Northwest Territories, and all profits arising out of the operation of a liquor store shall be applied to territorial purposes.

#### Regulation of Sale

Where Sold. - (1) Spirituous liquor, wine and beer of all kinds in stock may be purchased from the Territorial Liquor Stores.

(2) Beer only may be purchased from licensed hotel premises and from the premises of Branch 164 of the Canadian Legion of the British Empire Service League at Yellowknife. All beer supplies for such premises under license or permit to sell beer must be purchased from the Territorial Liquor Stores.

(3) A cooktail lounge is operated under permit in hotel premises at Yellowknife and eligible persons may obtain therein spirituous liquor, wine, and beer. All liquor must be purchased from the Territorial Liquor Stores.

#### NORTHWEST TERRITORIES - (Cont'd.)

Regulation of Sale - (Cont'd.)

- Where Sold (4) At Norman Wells, Imperial Oil Limited operates a liquor depot for local purposes, using supplies purchased from the Fort Smith store.
  - (5) Officers commanding units of naval, military or air forces, or officers in charge of weather stations in the Northwest Territories may be permitted to sell liquor in messes or canteens of such forces or in the stores of such weather stations.
- How Sold. -
- (1) In sealed packages only, at the stores.
- (2) To the holders of permits issued under the Territorial Liquor Ordinance.
- (3) The maximum quantities of liquor which may be purchased by a permittee, either locally at the liquor stores, or for shipment to points in the Northwest Territories, are determined, from time to time, by the Commissioner of the Northwest Territories.
- (4) Beer may be sold in licensed premises for consumption therein, and limited quantities may be sold for consumption elsewhere during certain periods when the local Territorial Liquor Store is closed. Beer sold in Legion premises is only for consumption therein.
- (5) Spirits and wine may be sold by the drink in a hotel cocktail lounge at Yellow-knife. Bottled beer also may be sold in the lounge.
- To Whom Sold. (1) Persons of the full age of twenty-one years, who are otherwise eligible under the Territorial Liquor Ordinance, may purchase Class "A" annual permits \$1.00
  - (2) Ministers of the gospel may purchase Class B" permits covering wine for sacramental purposes.
  - (3) Class "C" permits may be issued for the purchase of liquor from Provincial Liquor Commissions or Control Boards, for importation into the Northwest Territories. Such permits are issued when it is not practicable to obtain liquor supplies from the Territorial Liquor Stores.
  - (4) Class "B" banquet permits may be issued to responsible organizations on the recommendation of a stipendiary magistrate.

Permittees are allowed to purchase at the Territorial Liquor Stores up to one bottle of spirits, one bottle of wine, and one case of beer per day. Up to six days' supply may be purchased at one time by local permittees. Larger quantities are allowed on mail order shipments.

Advertising. - The display of advertisements of any description in or on any licensed premises is forbidden by the Regulations.

#### SALE OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN CANADA

The gross sales, other revenue, and net profits of the Provincial Liquor Control Boards or Commissions, as shown in their annual published reports, are tabulated in Table I.

In addition to the sales of alcoholic beverages made by the Liquor Boards, certain provinces permit brewers to sell beer direct to the public. In Ontario, native wine may be sold in sealed containers from the retail premises of licensed native wine manufacturers. Wherever possible, extra Liquor Board sales are shown separately.

It should be noted that the sales values as shown in Table I do not, in all cases, represent sales to the final consumer. Some provinces permit licensees to resell certain alcoholic beverages by the glass or open bottle. On the basis of the most reliable information available re appropriate mark-ups, it is estimated that the total retail sales of alcoholic beverages in Canada (the consumers' liquor bill), in the fiscal year 1948, amounted to \$572 million. The corresponding figure for 1947 was \$524 million.

It must be remembered that the above amounts do not represent the expenditures of Canadians alone. They include as well the amounts spent for alcoholic beverages by tourists and other visitors to Canada who number millions of persons annually. (See also page 41). It should be remembered, also, that a substantial proportion of the above amounts (more than 50 per cent) was returned to the Dominion and Provincial Governments as duties, taxes, and other revenue.

In comparing the figures of dollar sales over a series of years, the influence of price variations, changes in tax rates, etc., should be kept in mind.

Further breakdowns of the sales in each Province, by type of beverage, are shown in the footnotes of Table I. Wherever possible, quantities as well as values are shown. It will be noted that information as to the quantities of the various beverages sold is not available for all Provinces. 1

<sup>1/</sup> For an estimate of the apparent consumption, in gallons, of spirits, beer, and wine in Canada, see Tables 11-13.

Table 1. - Gross Sales, Other Revenue, and Net Profits of Liquor Control Boards; Additional Amounts for Permits, etc., Paid Direct to Provincial Governments, and Net Revenue from Liquor Control

	_	or Commissi		Additional Amounts for Permits.etc.	Net Revenue
	Gross Sales	Other Revenue	Net Profits	Paid direct to Provincial Governments	from Liquor Control
Iova Scotia-	\$	\$		*	\$
August 18-September 30 1930	621,588	7,168	23,151	22,267	45,418
	4,958,232	38,737	728,941	23,870	752,811
Year ended September 30 1931	3,767,109	55,213	492,701	32,292	524,993
1933	2,808,728	8,392	286,681	24,580	311,261
1934	2,918,612	8,419	369,343	25,007	394,350
				25,8581/	
14 months ended November 30, 1935	3,806,835	9,025	671,385		697,243
Year ended November 30 1936	3,831,691	9,314	970,693	25,3942/	996,087
1937	4,648,423	48,916	1,285,909	28,085	1,313,994
1938	4,684,901	58,959	1,337,458	28,356	1,365,814
1939	5,483,433	63,061	1,691,706	26,719	1,718,425
1940	8,458,175	109,832	2,256,573	27,656	2,284,229
1941	11,449,300	171,902	3,324,227	34,008	3,358,235
1942 1943	15,136,831	241,989	4,843,926 5,496,386	41,439	4,885,365
1944		118,988	, ,	116,981	5,613,367
1945	17,799,417	56,514 92,017	6,546,855 7,223,411	191,226 205,500	6,738,081
1946	23,316,246	63,525	8,888,902	131,763	9,020,665
1947	21,950,605				
1948	21,460,586	60,211	8,152,820	92,867 80,798	8,245,687
lew Brunswick-					
Year ended October 31 1928	3,562,367	26,173	1,042,923	_	1,042,923
1929	4,511,365	32,954	1,522,497	_	1,522,497
1930	4,809,734	36,160	1,544,303		1,544,303
1931	3,783,800	28,145	1,220,065	_	1,220,065
1932	2,794,171	31,168	861,540		861,540
1933	2,176,599	25,363	545,253	_	545,253
1934	2,296,139	18,232	557,573	_	557,573
1.935	2,375,961	17,756	600,762	_	600,762
1936	2,695,859	19,823	782,742	**	782,742
1937	3,535,101	19,957	1,104,717		1,104,717
1938	3,525,215	24,933	1,153,763	-	1,153,763
1939	3,714,749	21,098	1,275,799	-	1,275,799
1940	5,209,122	21,729	1,655,739	- 1	1,655,739
1941	6,627,025	21,078	2,220,308	-	2,220,308
1942	8,070,651	34,789	2,950,957	-	2,950,957
1943	8,428,990	81,090	3,054,932	-	3,054,932
1944	9,463,966	126,691	3,497,089	-	3,497,089
1945	10,920,973	152,706	4,247,301	-	4,247,301
1946	16.628,760	115.608	6.890,562	-	6,890,562
1947	17,199,433	33,022	5,879,632	-	6,879,632
1948	16,661,291	37,840	6,606,291	_	6,606,291

<sup>1/</sup> Twelve months ended September 30, 1935. 2/ Fourteen months ended November 30, 1936.

Note re Prince Edward Island:

The Prince Edward Island Temperance Act became effective July 1, 1948.

Prior to this date the sale of alcoholic beverages was prohibited except for medicinal purposes,

Sales under this regulation amounted to \$713,073 in 1945, \$1,188,855 in 1946, \$1,882,367 in 1947,

and \$1,847,052 in 1948 (fiscal years ended March 31).

Table 1. - Gross Sales, Other Revenue, and Net Profits of Liquor Control Boards; Additional Amounts for Permits, etc., Paid Direct to Provincial Governments, and Net Revenue from Liquor Control - (Cont'd.)

		Receipts by	Liquor Conto		Additional Amounts for Permits, etc.	Net Revenue
		Gross Sales	Other Revenue	Net Profits	Paid Direct to Provincial Governments	from Liquor Control
luebec-		\$	\$		\$	\$
Year ended April 30	1922	15,212,801	1,175,909	4,035,919		4,035,919
and the same of the same	1923	19,698,773	1,236,498	4,564,756		4,564,756
	1924	19.812.781	1,337,273	5,754,370	-	5,754,370
	1925	17,887,588	1,327,516	5,462,181		5,462,181
	1926	19,018,299	1,375,155	5,796,490	nde	5,796,490
	1927	22,425,136	1,484,087	6,778,001	-	6,778,001
	1928	24,229,624	1,451,840	7,609,689	_	7,609,689
	1929	27,007,430	1,644,515	9,688,268	-	9,688,268
	1930	27,539,966	1,611,321	10,080,613	-	10,080,613
	1931	22,711,639	1,500,758	8,262,187	_	8,262,187
	1932	17,979,782	1,372,653	6,056,331		6,056,331
	1933	12,702,927	1,217,251	5,444,770	-	5,444,770
	1934	11,370,603	1,236,138	3,939,536	-	3,939,536
	1935	11,688,510	1,677,330	5,209,100	-	5,209,100
	1936	12,698,163	1,764,770	4,868,400	-	4.868.400
	1937	14,693,171	1,796,415	5,487,018	_	5,487,018
	1938	17,027,104	1,949,063	6,221,814	-	6,221,814
	1939	17,292,954	1,899,616	6,470,864	_	6,470,864
	1940	17,991,145	2,206,936	7,572,121	-	7,572,121
11 months ended March 31-	1941	19,583,890	2,274,884	7,270,810		7,270,810
Year ended March 31	1942	24,645,117	2,988,179	9,474,417		9,474,417
	1943	34,213,789	3,335,081	12,332,540		12,332,540
	1944	36,562,856	3,097,206	14,034,564	-	14,034,564
	1945	43,610,465	3,533,875	17,120,638		17,120,638
	1946	50,233,863	6,900,971	23,095,957		23,095,957
	1947	60,987,765	7,545,607	29,715,051		29,715,051
	1948	56,163,127	8,322,744	28,073,133		28,073,133

Note:- In addition to the above are sales of beer in Quebec, as follows:-

Fiscal year ended April 30-	Beer Manufactured and Sold in Quebec	Beer Imported from Other Provinces
1922	\$ 15,050,819	\$ 467,135
1923	13,369,885	393,742
1924	14,639,650	327,690
1925	14,467,494	390.966
1926	16,834,384	587,462
1927	18,743,163	682,674
1928	19,841,455	777,905
1929	21,202,393	938,643
1930	21,653,875	1,097,874
1931	20,934,014	1,024,311
1932	18,377,182	1,149,008
1933	14,176,446	1,090,417
1934	13,129,808	1.010.946
1935	13,603,405	963,284
1936	13,447,882	1.055.081
1937	14.002.742	1,242,130
1938	16,019,116	1,578,668
1939	15.462.175	1,541,834
1940	15.517.627	1,412,787
Fiscal year ended March 31-		
19411/	17,114,364	1,663,556
1942	22,241,830	2,062,061
1943	27,603,117	2,470,760
1944	26,164,207	2,501,563
1945	29,295,719	2,839,683
1946	34,734,066	3,290,743
1947 1948	37,788,972 43,809,485	4,091,412 6,550,028
1/11 months		

<sup>1/ 11</sup> months.

Table 1.-Gross Sales, Other Revenue, and Net Profits of Liquor Control Boards; Additional Amounts for Permits, etc., Paid Direct to Provincial Governments, and Net Revenue from Liquor Control - (Cont'd.)

			by Liquor Co r Commission	ntrol Boards	Additional Amounts for Permits, etc.	Net Revenue
		Gross Sales	Other Revenue	Net Profits	Paid Direct to Provincial Governments	from Liquor Control
Ontario-			\$	\$	\$	
June 1-October 31	1927	17,533,659	272,165	2,804,760	513,390	3,318,150
	1928	48,995,591	835,692	7,828,088	881,472	8,709,560
	1929	55,360,570	948,833	9,661,449	989,457	10,650,906
	1930	52,283,002	1,016,707	9,315,967	962,659	10,278,626
	1931	45,835,708	953,777	8,491,653	859,517	9,351,170
	1932	36,099,562	864,357	6,632,420	646,639	7,279,059
	1933	30,143,247	714,761	5,423,622	482,736	5,906,358
	1934	27,752,675	1,583,553	5,943,803	435,043	6,378,846
Nov. 1-March 31	1935	8,110,589	920,686	2,595,881	207,411	2,803,292
	1936	18,530,658	2,942,605	7,862,719	327,097	8,189,816
	1937	20,733,368	3,100,231	8,960,601	495,066	9,455,667
	1938	22,830,002	3,381,789	9,893,587	556,579	10,450,166
	1939	22,420,061	3,259,768	9,576,021	553,138	10,129,159
	1940	22,820,689	3,789,682	10,564,176	487,736	11,051,912
	1941	26,847,957	4,589,137	11,715,410	578,765	12,294,175
	1942	33,035,844	5,460,542	14,336,994	731,071	15,068,065
	1943	39,460,497	5,827,323	17,482,259	1,064,036	18,546,295
	1944	43,907,838	5,436,241	19,863,390	1,161,513	21,024,903
	1945	38,346,454	7,906,597	18,971,011	210,2561/	19,181,266
	1946	64,116,310	8,923,559	30,373,016		30,373,016
	1947 1948	73,983,727 76,454,339	9,841,428 11,804,460	34,998,052 36,807,803	-	34,998,052 36,807,803

<sup>1/</sup> Balance from previous year. An amendment to the Liquor Control Act assented to April 6, 1944, provided that all permit fees shall be payable to the Board and are now included as "Other Revenue".

Note:- In addition to the sales of spirits, beer and wine from Liquor Board stores, as shown above, were the following:-

		Sales of Beer from Breweries and Brewers' Retail Stores	Sales of Ontario Wines from Sales Offices and Winery Premises
		\$	
July 24-October 31	1934	8,340,981.65	265,620.35
Nov. 1, 1934-March 31.	1935	6,975,854.18	557,199.10
Year ended March 31	1936	22,009,099.86	1,407,932.97
	1937	23,715,895.69	1,660,637.35
	1938	26,289,136.05	1,886,530.27
	1939	25,192,225.40	2,025,700.27
	1940	28,435,819.50	2,278,767.81
	1941	34,599,089.80	2,636,513.54
	1942	45,548,177.25	2,903,584.28
	1943	50,523,428.73	3,177,121.93
	1944	48,647,605.09	3,264,069.83
	1945	61,034,601.10	3,504,791.69
	1946	66,879,189.66	4,780,567.98
	1947 1948	76,633,622.86 89,365,375.35	4,951,696.63 4,767,864,33

Table 1. - Gross Sales, Other Revenue, and Net Profits of Liquor Control Boards; Additional Amounts for Permits, etc., Paid Direct to Provincial Governments, and Net Revenue from Liquor Control-(Cont'd.)

		Receipts	by Liquor Co or Commissio	ntrol Boards	Additional Amounts for Permits, etc.	Net Revenue
		Gross Sales	Other Revenue	Net Profits	Paid Direct to Provincial Governments	from Liquor Control
Manitoba-		\$	\$	\$	*	\$
Year ended August 31	1924	3,639,180	369,079	1,346,161		1,346,161
September 1-April 30	1925	2,962,902	186,151	982,016		
Year ended April 30	1926	3,745,378	319,018	1,315,185		982,016
adma datada seba 22 de sa sa s	1927	3,793,772	359,030	1,366,901		1,366,901
	1928	3,985,006	338,019	1,345,117		1,345,117
	1929	7,372,629	694,887	1,993,107		1,993,107
	1930	7,620,265	741,858	2,044,981		2,044,981
	1931	6,506,600	677,635	1,866,783		1,866,783
	1932	5,399,003	599,136	1,490,041		1,490,041
	1953	4,115,534	478,976	1,094,287		1,094,287
	1934	3,767,362	442,710	992,068	_	992,068
	1935	4,208,701	472,991	1,086,028	-	1,086,028
	1936	4,539,694	494,108	1,293,288	-	1,293,288
	1937	5,191,393	543,082	1,512,201	-	1,512,201
	1938	5,889,689	597,579	1,753,363	-	1,753,363
	1939	5,947,637	604,548	1,742,075	-	1,742,075
	1940	6,653,342	676,290	1,781,089		1,781,089
	1941	7,886,905	764,855	2,056,253	-	2,056,253
	1942	9,983,323	905,840	2,740,498	-	2,740,498
	1943	12,367,759	966,108	3,738,980	_	3,738,980
	1944	12,571,892	1,110,741	3,831,368	-	3,831,368
	1945	15,298,548	1,442,302	4,379,365		4,379,365
	1946	20,267,473	1,725,999	6,101,353	-	6,101,353
11 months ended March 31		21,291,234	1,625,770	6,527,122	_	6,527,122
Year ended	1948	23,743,004	1,813,461	6,989,096	-	6,989,096
askatchewan-						
Year ended March 31	1926	7,812,675	45,677	1,897,758	32,022	1,929,780
	1927	10,305,208	26,346	2,114,867	15,829	2,130,696
	1928	11,708,535	31,210	2,443,891	13,995	2,457,886
	1929	14,067,806	58,178	3,083,947	13,465	3,097,412
	1930	12,380,673	64,693	2,398,414	7,262	2,405,676
	1931	9,158,433	46,834	1,516,246	20,983	1,537,229
	1933	5,774,060 4,787,266	28,779 47,809	843,417	29,221	872,638 866,457
	1934	4,823,511	14,442	918,927	1,242	920,169
	1935	5,203,864	16,299	1,027,573	1,386	1,028,959
	1936	5,735,355	88,662	1,278,731	1,614	1,280,345
	1937	6,718,218	56,364	1,451,275	1,600	1,452,875
	1938	6,042,165	54,488	1,245,518	1,673	1,247,191
	1939	6,012,144	58,310	1,289,717	1,389	1,291,106
	1940	7,273,941	66,670	1,704,858	1,499	1,706,357
	1941	8,509,226	68,658	1,939,784	1,401	1,941,185
	1942	10,094,457	80,425	2,405,911	1,155	2,407,066
	1943	12,092,052	78,816	2,983,504	47,449	3,030,953
	1944	12,155,223	84,632	3,335,872	325,429	3,661,301
	1945	13,623,679	79,333	3,776,246	386,529	4,162,775
	1946	20,602,365	371,598	6,605,448	86	6,605,448
	1947	25,183,374	167,217	8,104,620	-	8,104,620
	1948	25,421,881	134,131	7,920,528	-	7,920,528

Table 1.-Gross Sales, Other Revenue, and Net Profits of Liquor Control Boards; Additional Amounts for Permits, etc., Paid Direct to Provincial Governments, and Net Revenue from Liquor Control - (Cont.)

			Liquor Commission	ntrol Boards	Additional Amounts for Permits, etc.	Net Revenue
		Gross Sales	Other Revenue	Net Profits	Paid Direct to Provincial Governments	from Liquor Control
Alberta-		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June 1-December 31	1924	2,632,605	374,647	1,043,212	83,255	1,126,46
Year ended December 31	1925	3,734,111	551,620	1,559,768	112,240	1,672,000
	1926	4,268,586	587,925	1,803,552	131,128	1,934,68
	1927	4,858,849	565,005	2,038,622	147,335	2,185,95
January 1-March 31	1928	1,256,354	143,382	523,887	75.585	599,47
Year ended March Shares	1529	6,551,523	633,263	2,661,048	194,566	2,855,61
	1930	6,283,507	611,722	2,410,886	186,666	2,597,55
	1931	4,678,109	512,275	1,738,954	148,572	1,887,52
	1832	3,571,279	431,145	1,305,541	117,483	1,423,02
	1953	2,929,946	486,766	1,319,140	93,039	1,412,17
	1934	2,697,855	475,013	1,177,870	91,605	1,269,47
	1835	3,224,145	596,815	1,480,365	57,434	1,537,79
	1986	3,726,056	612,027	1,802,206	52,522	1,854,72
	1937	7,660,7091/	167,368	2,331,869	58,944	2,390,81
	1958	8,194,271	171,711	2,532,751	61,203	2,593,95
	1939	8,645,554	178,378	2,676,944	63,180	2,740,12
	1940	9,365,551	200,086	2,873,748	63,478	2,937,22
	1941	10,753,378	224,130	3,136,214	71,413	3,207,62
	1942	13,197,621	263,634	3,812,718	84,457	3,897,17
	1943	16,968,827	301,231	4,908,376	141,840	5,050,21
	1944	17,250,473	259,786	5,112,474	243,633	5,356,10
	1945	20,564,057	339,954	5,820,990	205,122	6,026,112
	1946	27,351,965	440,417	8,051,228	197,586	8,248,814
	1947	31,735,992	579,285	9,534,868	170,207	9,705,075
	1948	33,361,456	641,305	9,820,587	150,618	9,971,205

1/ On April 1, 1936, the privilege granted to the breweries of making direct delivery of beer to licensees and permittees through Distributors Limited was withdrawn, and since that date all sales have been made through the Board.

British Columbia-						
	1922	6,344,617	130,955	1,772,971	331,115	2,104,086
Your anded March 31	1923	9,275,993	180,996	2,325,454	316,074	2,641,528
	1934	11,663,798	128,644	3,037,101	170,367	3,207,468
	1925	11,409,116	143,832	2,689,039	158,183	2,847,222
	1526	13,434,345	279,062	3,331,934	161,261	3,493,195
	1927	13,805,089	251,234	3,469,397	167,036	3,636,433
	1928	13,956,910	309,363	3,769,714	170,281	3,939,995
	1929	15,132,933	254,658	4,192,223	183,943	4,376,166
	1930	16,498,693	232,661	4,640,098	197,083	4,837,181
	1931	14,735,423	246,545	4,022,705	167,859	4,190,564
	1932	11,753,942	203,299	3,293,239	128,622	3,421,861
	1933	8,607,317	183,225	2,224,873	96,862	2,321,735
	1934	9,262,102	123,264	2,270,396	43,949	2,314,345
	1935	10,195,935	134,860	2,448,042	39,301	2,487,343
	1936	11,169,437	140,544	3,015,904	45,925	3,061,829
	1937	12,746,783	145,073	3,555,429	51,904	3,607,333
	1938	14,110,159	150,023	4,042,627	52,538	4,095,165
	1939	13,738,097	152,861	3,841,130	51,011	3,892,141
	1940	14,960,234	157,114	4,403,963	52,985	4,456,948
	1941	17,590,253	169,131	4,781,465	60,017	4,841,482
	1942	20,969,955	161,411	5,863,024	65,420	5,928,444
	1943	28,711,281	170,975	8,023,524	122,271	8,145.795
	1944	24,825,175	154,213	6,699,557	246,697	6,946,254
	1945	29,358,380	167,654	7,721,061	160,436	7,881,497
	1946	38,743,456	182,624	11,051,326	142,861	11,194,187
	1947	47,961,515	202,294	14,634,291	91,6991/	14,725,990
	1948	55,249,376	246,578	16,598,430		16,598,430

<sup>1/</sup> By an amendment to Section 11 of the "Government Liquor Act" the individual liquor permit was abolished and the sale of liquor under individual liquor permits was terminated on March 31, 1947.

Table 1.-Gross Sales, Other Revenue, and Net Profits of Liquor Control Boards; Additional Amounts for Permits, etc., Paid Direct to Provincial Governments, and Net Revenue from Liquor Control-(Contad.)

		Receipts by Liquor Control Boards or Commissions Gross Other Net		Additional Amounts for Permits, etc.	Net Revenue	
		Gross Sales	Other Revenue	Net Profits	Paid Direct to Provincial Governments	from Liquor Control
Yukon Territory-		\$	\$	\$	\$	*
September 15, 1921-March 31	1922	75,434	66	25,843		25,843
Year ended March 31	1923	210,781	10	70,283		70,283
Toni gurar -wirit a Tabés assesses	1924	218,739	16	71,486		71,488
	1925	93,356	1,770	26,647		26,647
	1926	170,927	62	50,329	1,330	51,659
	1927	199,387	0.0	44.515	2,293	46,80
	1928	204,767		48,843	1,690	50,533
	1929	233,573	30	67,789	2,637	70,425
	1929	254,346	00	87,789	2,301	90.090
	1931	238,367	308	78,346	1,948	80,294
	1931	188,325	265	60,704	2,029	62,733
	1933	170,788	69	55,504	1,798	57,303
	1934	154,604	192	50,236	1,695	51,931
	1934	160,637	156	51,307	1,695	53,281
	1936	186,492	81	67,221	3,035	70,258
	1936	219.023	192	80,916	3,360	84,275
	1937	233,434	305	86,642	3,360	89.807
	1938	231,457	627	90.570	3,030	93,600
	1939	251,457	856	102,413	3,010	105,443
	1940	244,574	531	92,659	3,725	96,384
	1941		748	92,366		95,390
	1942	260,866	1,157	264,820	3,024	
	1943	637,778			1,968	266,788
		713,638	32,108	294,555	798	295,353
	1945 1946	623,933	19,025	270,274 348.102	2,298	272,572 350,724
	1946	838,045 846,989	6,285	340,532	2,622	343,464
	1948	972,367	5,107	355,165	3.581	358,746
Northwest Territories-						
June 27, 1939-March 31	1940	87.697	3.548	16,637	1,091	17,728
Year ended March 31	1941	142,998	1,787	31,190	872	32,068
TOWN CHANGE THE CO.	1942	166,633	2.324	49,302	474	49,776
	1943	264.051	5.149	94.183	1,208	95,393
	1944	255,234	10,710	108,273	1,269	109,542
	1945	217,268	10,375	89,393	793	90,186
	1946	303,802	10,457	125,485	2,094	127,57
	1947	659,005	10,717	206,228	3,424	209,653
	1948	687,869	8,036	196,371	2,702	199,075

-23-

#### Further analyses of sales by type of beverage, where possible, are shown below:-NOVA SCOTIA

#### (Fiscal Years ended November 30)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
uantity Spirits-	Gal.						
Alcohol	92	94	91	130	116	161	113
Brandy	7,042	9,059	9,428	5,745	8,398	6,666	7,233
Gin	39,082	43,226	68,608	56,952	56,787	57,416	82,75
Rum	226,776	197,400	172,968	109,023	96,229	69,421	106,769
Whisky	124,243	152,035	168,313			167,030	
Liqueurs	2,342	2,688	2,680		1	962	
Total Spirits	399,577	404,502	422,088	348,740	326,575	301,656	426,028
Wines	153,147	157,499	140,729	97,344	101,243	93,192	118,528
Cider	18,277	18,363					
U1001 ,	10,211	10,363	20,402	10,520	11,137	16,113	10,44
Total Wines and Cider Beer-	171,424	175,862	164,151	113,264	113,040	105,371	134,975
Domestic-							
N.S. and N.B	2,705,752	2.617.016	2,962,747	2,439,710	2,221,064	2,014,498	2,149,402
Western	1,559,839	1,830,105	2,117,282	1,982,328	1,899,288	1,489,304	
Imported	6,412	2,132	-	959	5,552	7,492	8,226
Total Beer	4,272,003	4,449,253	5,080,029	4,422,997	4,125,904	3,511,294	3,353,989
alue-		4					
Spirits-		\$	*	*		\$	
Alcohol	2,993	2,947	2,824	4,026	3,603	3,438	2,196
Brandy	210,815	265.841	269,648	160,345	231,215	168.644	
Gin	983,478	1,063,725	1,716,662	1,378,044		1,259,237	
Rum	5,744,070	5,117,777	4,392,071	2,623,663		1,481,571	1,776,873
Whisky	3,642,773	4,285,475	4,575,509	4,661,827		4,118,914	
Liqueurs	82.252	90,263	85,595	65,207	50,996	27,697	27,896
Total Spirits	10,666,382	-	11,042,309	8,893,112		7,059,501	7,835,228
Wines and Cider	1,220,323	1,154,539	962,928	634,306	634,813	565,001	643,132
	1,200,020	1,101,000	302,020	001,000	004,010	505,001	040,102
Beer- Domestic-							
N.S. and N.B	5,655,995	5,405,540	6,066,604	A 686 65 A	4,249,087	3,963,694	3,786,678
Imported and Western	3.917.884	4.564,495	5,244,378				
					4,747,988	3,735,804	2,871,576
Total Beer	9,573,879	9,970,035	11,310,982	9,605,576	8,997,075	7,699,498	6,658,255
Miscellaneous	2	1	27	19	95	148	216
Total Sales	21,460,586	21 950 603	23 316 246	19.133.013	17 700 417	15 324 148	15 136 831

#### NEW BRUNSWICK

#### (Year ended October 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity-	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Alcohol	19	30					
Spirits	311,597	322,480					
Wine	214,621	214,385		Informat	ion not ava	ilable.	
Beer	2,735,663	2,928,217				6	ĺ
Value-	\$	\$					
Alcohol	824	1,116	3,066	3,580	5,021	17,365	42,400
Spirits	8,728,829	9,092,942	9,590,800	5,720,847	4,585,396	4,571,941	4,325,100
Wine	1,571,471	1,510,422	1,256,637	751,321	632,458	656,558	645,702
Beer	6,360,167	6,576,429	5,777,742	4,445,203	4,238,953	3,183,090	3,057,549
Containers	-	18,524	515	23	2,138	179	110
Less return sales	-	_	-	-	_	143	210
Total	16,661,291	17,199,433	16,628,760	10,920,974	9,463,966	8,428,990	8,070,651

-24-QUEBEC (Fiscal Years ended March 31)

			(	sars ended	- dr. 01: 0 2 /			
Sal	0.5	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity-		Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	-	-
Spirits-					val.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
	5 O.P.	5,812	2,602			10,212		272,400
	O U.P	122,508	64,718			337,795		-
	(C	10 707	20.004		1,705	16,977		87,459
Brandy-	(Canadian) (Imported)	12,393	10,004			26,619		920
Gin-	(Canadian)	633,217	155,860 722,633	129,131 784,154		63,129		79,515
470-	(Imported)	13,750	10,578	2,107		9,699	466,540	314,490
Irish Whis	ky	-	20,070	-	-	-	17,700	10,041
	(Canadian)	22,092	16,615	11,232		7,656		2,808
	(Imported)	13,685	8,424	1,001	159	759	907	814
		112,546	155,578	190,480	145,419	58,377	64,507	64,245
		789,792	849,220			362,249		100,895
Scotch-	(Canadian)	186,096	239,415			175,522		145,355
	(Imported)	156,872	129,031	131,798		123,345		177,622
Miscellane	ous	5,222	4,462	3,127	2,366	2,378	3,886	4,232
Total Sp	lrits	2,171,527	2,369,140	2,014,039	1,927,469	1,659,272	1,605,110	1,267,402
Wines-					-	-		
Champagne.		7,675	7,933	2,862	60	77	216	2,027
Claret-	(Canadian)	1,727	2,176	1,707	3,419	3,731	1,352	-
	(Imported)	15,633	12,034	8,071	7,050	4,082	6,241	8,709
Sauterne-	(Canadian)	20,284	17,583	1,550	2,190	6,490	2,312	-
	(Imported)	13,738	19,598	14,663	8,607	6,436	9,682	13,483
Port-	(Canadian)	221,272	363,795	284,589	266,916	278,925	350,774	282,079
	(Imported)	115,483	130,872	102,873	69,623	76,276	98,049	69,175
Sherry-	(Canadian)	709,737	884,030	637,491	762,019	531,667	881,610	743,735
	(Imported)	52,337	82,703		34,752	31,047		32,636
Burgundy-	(Canadian)	11,598	11,916	14,488	14,166	9,472	7,548	5,576
W- mark h	(Imported)	15,960	14,890	11,773	6,409	5,874	9,830	6,011
Vermouth-	(Canadian) (Imported)	21,348	26,088	22,321	21,471	16,591	13,329	9,830
Missellene	us	7,509	6,344	10,117	3,637 54,739	2,689 52,866	2,852 42,707	1,605
					-			
Total Wil-				1 201 020	1 966 060			
	368,	1,283,133	1,655,722	1,251,939	1,255,058	1,026,223	1,475,693	1,221,354
Value- Spirits	108,,,,,,,,,,	1,283,133	1,655,722	1,251,939	1,255,058	1,026,223	1,475,693	1,221,354
Value- Spirits	308			\$	\$			
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 68 Alcohol, 30	5 O.P U.P	*	\$	\$	\$ 124,337 2,269,433	\$ 390,933 5,120,560	\$ 6,346,766 374,055	\$ 5,421,775
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 68 Alcohol, 30 White Whish	5 O.P	\$ 211,741 2,083,153	95,017 1,116,383	\$ 143,193 665,766	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110	\$ 390,933 5,120,560 217,521	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925	\$ 5,421,775 747,747
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 68 Alcohol, 30	5 0.P U.P (Ganadian)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332	\$ 95,017 1,116,383 241,227	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681	\$ 390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546	\$ 5,421,775 747,747 14,019
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy-	5 0.P	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813	95,017 1,116,383 - 241,227 4,149,292	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173	\$ 390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080	\$ 5,421,775 747,747 14,019 1,419,901
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy-	Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian)	\$ 211,741 2,083,163 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662	\$390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961	\$ 5,421,775 747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin-	Cy. (Canadian). (Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662	\$390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961	\$ 5,421,775 747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017	\$ 5,421,775 747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin-	(Canadian) (Imported) (Imported) (Imported) (Canadian)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017	\$ 5,421,775 747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 69 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs-	(Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 69 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs-	(Canadian) (Imported) (Imported) (Imported) (Canadian)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 69 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs-	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rys	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rys	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618	124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 69 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255	\$390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum Rye Scotch- Miscellance Total Spi	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901	95,017 1,116,383 241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811	\$390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629 21,895,433
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum Rye Scotch- Miscellance Total Spi Wines- Champagne	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Imported)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345 393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811 1,747	\$390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629 21,895,433
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum Rye Scotch- Miscellance Total Spi	(Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Imported) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian) (Canadian)	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072  328,460 11,120	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384 116,783 8,348	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811	\$ 390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629 21,895,433
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret-	(Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Imported).  (Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,983,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,988 100,816 55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384 116,783 8,348 66,742	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617	\$ 390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629 21,895,433  53,024 56,714
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Bum	(Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Imported).  (Canadian). (Imported).  (Canadian). (Imported).  (Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629 21,895,433  53,024 56,714
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne-	(Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,276 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384 116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935  164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121  2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017  152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013  6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024 56,714 89,315
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret-	(Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Canadian).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,988 100,816  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935  164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121  2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017  152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013  6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024 56,714  89,315 674,628
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port-	(Canadian). (Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950	\$ 143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384 116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,861,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017  152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013  6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 506,584	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024 56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne-	(Canadian). (Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992	\$ 95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017  152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013  6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 506,584 2,211,510	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024 56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port- Sherry-	(Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992 507,399	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,818  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096 700,477	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621 592,136	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697 266,792	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479 209,320	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013 6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 506,584 2,211,510 306,226	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024 56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398 240,076
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rys Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port-	(Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Canadian).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992 507,399 173,931	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 393,354 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096 700,477 170,515	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621 592,136 196,354	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697 266,792 179,799	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935  164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121  2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479 209,320 113,085	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013 6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 506,584 2,211,510 306,226 97,828	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024 56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398 240,076 68,590
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 63 Alcohol, 63 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rys Scotch- Miscellane Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port- Sherry- Burgundy-	(Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992 507,399 173,931 178,973	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 393,363 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096 700,477 170,515 149,577	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384 116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621 592,136 196,354 132,823	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697 266,792 179,799 65,561	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479 209,320 113,085 51,805	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013 6,194 4,886 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 913,028 506,584 2,211,510 306,226 97,828 78,573	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024  56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398 240,076 68,590 53,802
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 30 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port- Sherry-	(Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992 507,399 173,931 178,973 217,974	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,616  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096 700,477 170,515 149,577 231,264	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621 692,136 196,354 132,823 198,713	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697 266,792 179,799 65,561 161,325	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121  2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479 209,320 113,085 51,805 116,446	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013 6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 506,584 2,211,510 306,226 97,828 78,573 88,956	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024  56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398 240,076 68,590 53,802 62,702
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 65 Alcohol, 36 Alcohol, 36 Mhite Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Rum Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port- Sherry- Burgundy- Vermouth-	(Canadian). (Imported).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992 507,399 173,931 178,973	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 393,363 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816  55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096 700,477 170,515 149,577	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 36,097 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384 116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621 592,136 196,354 132,823	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697 266,792 179,799 65,561	390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935 164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121 2,149 17,138 29,830 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479 209,320 113,085 51,805	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013 6,194 4,886 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 913,028 506,584 2,211,510 306,226 97,828 78,573	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024  56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398 240,076 68,590 53,802
Value- Spirits Alcohol, 68 Alcohol, 36 Alcohol, 36 White Whish Brandy- Gin- Irish Whish Liqueurs- Hum Rye Scotch- Miscellaned Total Spi Wines- Champagne Claret- Sauterne- Port- Sherry- Burgundy- Vermouth- Miscellaned	(Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian). (Canadian). (Imported). (Canadian).	\$ 211,741 2,083,153 330,332 2,936,813 13,349,409 377,135 516,251 480,797 2,876,930 18,359,989 4,712,135 4,905,542 117,674 51,257,901 311,075 9,000 118,803 73,014 167,551 1,033,896 658,668 3,211,992 507,399 173,931 178,973 217,974 107,459	95,017 1,116,383  241,227 4,149,292 15,300,995 287,345  393,354 309,275 3,933,632 19,341,145 5,717,608 4,047,983 100,816 55,034,072  328,460 11,120 113,123 83,349 163,723 1,555,225 990,950 3,702,096 700,477 170,515 149,577 231,264 88,076	143,193 665,766 1 187,599 3,253,941 16,480,764 55,975 270,119 4,879,966 12,562,859 3,559,618 4,102,801 69,685 46,268,384  116,783 8,348 66,742 7,390 112,359 1,172,266 751,303 2,579,621 692,136 196,354 132,823 198,713 103,836	\$ 124,337 2,269,433 22,110 234,681 1,970,173 13,017,662 78,700 244,068 4,116 2,526,846 11,658,435 3,484,839 4,164,156 50,255 39,849,811  1,747 14,714 51,617 9,398 64,725 901,970 438,332 2,545,697 266,792 179,799 65,561 161,325 50,629 205,214	\$ 390,933 5,120,560 217,521 571,151 1,447,487 9,117,106 256,935  164,323 27,094 1,313,349 7,739,203 3,851,992 3,478,674 49,793 33,746,121  2,149 17,138 29,330 26,872 46,657 909,076 425,153 1,694,479 209,320 113,085 51,805 116,446 31,397	\$ 6,346,766 374,055 409,925 168,546 1,733,080 7,582,961 388,017 152,368 35,652 1,300,186 2,876,330 4,494,129 4,766,145 64,853 30,693,013 6,194 4,486 43,436 7,520 67,628 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028 913,028	\$ 5,421,775  747,747 14,019 1,419,901 4,612,807 334,035 7,398 48,459 21,234 1,118,016 1,667,890 2,459,104 3,956,419 66,629  21,895,433  53,024  56,714  89,315 674,628 333,531 1,745,398 240,076 68,590 53,802 62,702 15,895

-25=
QUEBEC - (Concl'd.)
Sales of Beer in Quebec

Fiscal Year1/		actured and the Province	Beer Imp	orted from		orted from	Revenue from Tax on Sales Paid to the Liquor Commission
9.444	Gal.	*	Ge.l.	\$	Gel.	\$	\$
1922	21,741,963	15,050,819	579,385	467,135	241,660	166,717	784,234
1923	22,017,521	13,369,885	588,836	393,742	207,413	127,500	694,557
1924	25,238,355	14,639,650	492,022	327,690	498,111	311,536	763,944
1925	26,111,658	14,467,494	579,069	390,966	537,896	448,840	765,766
1926	25,511,627	16,834,384	829,891	587,462	170,809	147,710	878,477
1927	25,812,338	18,743,163	949,018	682,674	163,141	125,068	977,545
1928	27,555,605	19,841,455	1,077,258	777,905	448,688	369,706	1,053,938
1929	27,909,277	21,202,393	1,106,023	938,643	1,454,080	1,150,798	1,164,591
1930	28,630,804	21,653,875	1,305,459	1,097,874	1,702,186	1,328,504	1,204,015
1931	27,668,675	20,934,014	1,299,421	1,024,311	1,652,263	1,287,590	1,162,296
1932	24,420,391	18,377,182	1,476,473	1,149,008	1,556,906	1,199,510	1.036.285
1933	18,734,987	14,176,446	1,396,231	1,090,417	1,319,541	1,128,729	819,780
1934	17,576,048	13,129,808	1,297,137	1,010,946	1,294,539	1,114,353	762,755
1935	18,288,799	13,603,405	1,154,871	963,284	3,617,068	3,315,035	894.086
1936	18,184,161	13,447,882	1,199,265	1,055,081	4,158,107	3,841,168	918,206
1937	18,741,258	14,002,742	1,385,972	1,242,130	4,570,054	3,934,054	958,946
1938	21,291,283	16,019,116	1,721,032	1,578,668	5,228,668	4,458,086	1,102,793
1939	20,630,997	15,462,175	1,680,166	1,541,834	4,830,251	4,173,809	1,059,226
1940	19,767,731	15,517,627	1,565,536	1,412,787	5,405,860	4,797,013	1,173,330
1941	20,257,638	17,114,364	1,814,168	1,663,556	6,658,467	6,130,981	1,213,949
1942	24,881,008	22,241,830	2,210,007	2,062,061	14.046.480	13,898,568	1,490,005
1943	28,493,611	27,603,117	2,510,546	2,470,760	15,291,934	16,296,950	1,705,229
1944	25,712,187	26,164,207	2,464,027	2,501,563	15,514,731	16,278,727	1,549,692
1945	29,429,762	29,295,719	2.816.716	2,839,683	16,549,785	19,091,363	1,773,555
1946	32,346,781	34,734,066	3,040,179	3,290,743	16,973,864	19,755,326	4,476,841
1947	34,524,288	37,788,972	3,684,620	4,091,412	16,783,443	19,409,337	5,540,291
1948	39,819,565	43,809,485	5,691,288	6,550,028	17,307,180	20,185,674	6,599,074

<sup>1/ 1922-40,</sup> fiscal year ended April 30; 1941, 11 months ended March 31; 1942-48, fiscal year ended March 31.

ONTARIO
(Fiscal Years ended March 31)

	T						1
Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
entity- Spirits, Domestic-	Gal.						
Brandy	60,837	51,191	41,784	29,807	37,091	31,176	35,629
Gin	342,518	540,690	412,540	151,248	268,912	300,693	326,321
Whisky	1,998,451	1,634,226	1,604,584	1,012,439	1,268,848	1,311,159	1,194,479
Liqueurs	29,872	19,306	8,965	9,224	13,445	11,652	8,384
Miscellaneous	5,544	10,949	8,245	6,682	3,497	10,109	11,331
Total	2,437,222	2,256,362	2,076,118	1,209,400	1,591,793	1,664,789	1,576,144
pirits, Imported- Brandy	46,921	68,631	84,105	4 -	52,522	37,643	38,186
Gin	15,995	12,948	6,185	5,306	15,866	14,792	15,753
Rum	202,095	458,893	291,046	95,123	84,125	79,127	66,937
Whisky	233,231	180,762	202,723	154,263	196,132	193,774	211,088
Liqueurs	30,413	12,284	783	719	986	1,142	2,015
Miscellaneous	579	368	74	66	207	246	1,078
Total	529,234	733,886	584,916	308,667	349,838	326,724	335,067
ines- Domestic	1,133,094	834,320	838,075	698,507	633,284	973,167	820,680
Imported	104,191	219,130	105,462	44,782	43,901	75,105	49,851
eer- Domestic	1,492,327	933,988	780,843		678,310	938,778	846,566
Imported	8,323	9,683	20,944	29,888	21,641	28,192	24,290
otal Sales from Liquor Stores	5,704,391	4,987,369	4,406,358	3,658,187	3,318,767	4,006,755	3,652,588
.&B.W. Sales (Domestic Beer)ineries' Sales (Domestic	66,661,597	57,963,901	50,248,243	45,785,337	37,807,947	40,650,522	37,640,744
Miles, Pares (Domestic	1,108,133	1,169,434	1,195,109	880,883	864,060	1,040,949	1,054,881
Grand Total	73,474,121	64,120,704	55,849,710	50,324,407	41,990,774	45,698,226	42,348,213

-26-ONTARIO - (Concl'd.)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
alue-	3	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Spirits, Domestio-							
Brandy	1,177,589	1,412,004	865,632	538,216	660,874	455,004	443,890
Gin	6,881,405	10,863,301	8,240,437	3,014,027	5,177,652	4,654,972	4,348,575
Whisky	44,698,490	34,825,356	34,272,137	21,292,253	24,777,327	21,464,665	16,939,065
Liqueurs	697,865	443,686	216,355	221,234	310,491	228,006	147,591
Miscellaneous	126,614	227,361	165,918	134,811	82,453	130,708	124,802
Total	53,581,963	47,771,708	43,760,479	25,200,541	31,008,797	26,933,355	22,003,923
Spirits, Imported-							
Brandy	1,115,225		1,876,774		1,139,401		
Gin	381,130	314,645	150,429	130,135			299,801
Rum	5,127,308	10,905,609	6,786,816	2,167,132	2,008,685	1,638,059	1,279,965
Whisky	6,796,204		5,871,707		5,578,032		4,582,588
Liqueurs	919,002		24,734	21,711	34,534		52,426
Miscellaneous	19,403	15,777	949	1,771	6,343	6,344	24,853
Total	14,358,272	18,543,040	14,711,409	7,876,868	9,152,275	7,453,911	6,916,911
Wines- Domestic	4,680,682	3,550,705	3,003,845	2,369,193	2,085,189	2,774,557	2,181,094
Imported	1,261,180	2,492,869	1,228,843	431,623	413,040	647,344	471,636
Beer- Domestic	2,539,959	1,587,781	1,327,434	2,333,746	1,153,193	1,533,670	1,372,422
Imported	32,283	37,624	84,300	134,483	95,344	117,659	89,858
Total Sales from Liquor Stores	76,454,339	73,983,727	64,116,310	38,346,454	43,907,838	39,460,496	33,035,844
B. and B.W. Sales (Dom-							
estic Beer, exclusive of container value)	89,365,375	76,633,623	66,879,190	61,034,601	48,647,605	50,523,429	45,548,177
Wineries' Sales (Dom-							
estic Wines)	4,767,864	4,951,697	4,780,568	3,504,792	3,264,070	3,177,122	2,903,584
Grand Total	170,587,578	155,569,047	135,776,068	102,885,847	95,819,513	93,161,047	81,487,605

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Sales from Liquor	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Stores' Stook Beer orders taken at Liquor Stores for de-	1,492,327	933,988	780,808	1,366,886	678,044	933,142	839,827
livery by breweries and brewers' ware- houses		-	35	57	267	5,636	6,739
houses	66,661,597	57,963,901	50,248,243	45,785,337	37,807,947	40,650,522	37,640,744
of Domestic Beer	68,153,924	58,897,889	51,029,086	47,152,280	38,486,258	41,589,300	38,487,310
Sales to Other Pro- vinces Export Sales	6,775,044 1,292,147	5,068,504 1,784,058	4,251,807 1,401,483	3,874,106 1,704,639			
Grand Total	76,221,115	65,750,451	56,682,376	52,731,025	44,017,820	46,139,508	42,805,320

#### Sales of Ontario Wines

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity-	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Sales at Wineries	1,108,133	1,169,434	1,195,109	880,883	864,060	1,040,949	1,054,881
Sales to the Board	1,103,985	861,486	817,770	681,371	614,675	856,741	834,519
Total Ontario Sales.	2,212,118	2,030,920	2,012,879	1,562,254	1,478,735	1,897,690	1,889,400
Sales to Other Pro- vinces Export Sales	1,903,939	2,240,527 28,190	1,850,650 58,581	1,554,265	1,542,432	1,806,083 5,315	1,537,579 4,766
Grand Total	4,137,446	4,299,637	3,922,110	3,166,288	3,082,769	3,709,088	3,431,745

(Fiscal Years ended April 30, 1942-46; 1947, 11 Months ended March 31, and 1948, Fiscal Year ended March 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity-	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Spirits	379,992	361,136	326,870	214,608	214,771	273,613	273,463
Beer- Domestic	8,580,047	7,843,036	8,346,703	6,767,773	4,803,497	4,361,877	4,240,896
Imported	1,474	329	15	4,038	2,614	4,108	3,999
Wines	248,265	245,353	194,130	176,293	169,897	246,609	228,033
Value-	\$	\$	\$	*			
Spirits	9,418,947	8,876,817	7,961,394	5,209,650	5,136,461		
Beer	1,424,187	11,115,194	11,337,074	9,275,741	6,712,504	Information	not available
Wines	12,899,870	1,299,223	969,005	813,158	722,927		
Total Sales	23,743,004	21,291,234	20,267,473	15,298,649	12,571,892		

SASKATCHEWAN
(Fiscal Years ended March 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
uantity-	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Spirits-							
Domestic- Brandy	3,020	2,522	_		_	_	
	25,451	43,682	61,122	24,304	27,556	31,059	
Gin	143,837	162,587	89,593	87,706	141,281		′
Liqueurs	7,474	1.997	2,022	2,470	2,503	1/ 2,1071/	1
Miscellaneous	2,806	1,842	1,555	5,270	_		
Total	182,588	212,630	154,292	114,480	171,340	179,222	
Imported-	102,000	212,000	101,200	111,100	111,010	1,0,000	
Brandy	9,305	12,430	11,755	7,804	7,055	9.625	Information
Gin	1,518	2,372	1,214	7,004	7,000	3,020	THE OF ME CTOL
Rum	40,616	47,328	42,506	9,280	10,503	9,591	not
Whisky	52,632	32,310	43,042	33,028	2/	2/	210
Liqueurs	1,287	2,566	120	198	2/	2/	available
Miscellaneous	-	-,000	-	-	-/	-/	
Total	105,358	97,006	98,637	50,310	17,558	19,216	
Wines- Domestic	284,536	345,732	233,815	228,546	260,809		
Imported	50,824	61,312	29,760	23,348	2/	2/	
Beer- Domestic	7,316,840	5.360,619	5,863,054	3,853,394	3,218,961		
	4	\$	\$	4	3	\$	
Spirits-	*		3	3	*	*	
Domestic-							
Brandy	87,192	69,021	-				
Gin	611,696	1,011,962	1,452,878				
Whisky	3,679,361	4,051,381	2,272,205				
Liqueurs	212,990	50,936	54, 446				
Miscellaneous	46,252	31,829	26,656			1	
Total	4,637,491	5,215,129	3,806,185				
Imported-						ļ	
Brandy	256,255	326,010	294,287				
Gin	18,758	66,901	34,362		Informat	ion not avail	able
Rum	1,078,048	1,377,363	1,289,793				
Whisky	1,726,548	1,053,238	1,399,539				
Liqueurs	45,483	81,228	4,233				
Miscellaneous	-						
Total	3,125,092	2,904,740	3,022,214				
Total Spirits	7,762,583	8,119,869	6,828,399				
Wines- Domestic	1,605,605	1,737,143	1,197,786				
Imported	425,360	511,368	259,608				
Total Wines	2,030,965	2,248,511	1,457,394				Informatio
Total Spirits and Wines.	9,793,548	10,368,380	8,285,793	5,799,646	6,301,207	5,788,995	not
Beer- Domestic	-		12,316,572	7,824,033	5,854,016	6,303,057	available
Grand Total	25.421 881	25.183.374	20,602,365	13,623,679	12,155,223	12.092.052	

<sup>1/</sup> Includes imported.
2/ Included with domestic.

-28ALBERTA
(Fiscal Years ended March 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity	Gal.						
Spirits, Domestic-							
Alcohol, 65 O.P	70	80	107	121	195	- ,	-
Alcohol, Proof	-	-	~	-	24	1,1071/	9691/
Alcohol, Absolute	5	13	13	8	7	-	-
Canadian Whisky	191,917						
Bourbon	345	3			La la		
Scotch Whisky Type	24,000	1 259 /181	216,500	154,000	116,500	*	-
Rum	6,838						
Brandy	4,617						
Liqueurs	6,800	2,700	2,300	1,400	2,350	307,2532/	262,7062/
Total	282,972	262,493	218,920	155,529	119,076	308,360	263,675
Spirits, Imported-							
Scotch Whisky	71,706						
Irish Whisky	452						
Rum	44,530		127,000	88,000	117,000	-	-
Gin	1,806						
Brandy	12,498						
Liqueurs	5,200	2,300	400	1,000	1,080	-	-
Total	136,192	149,100	127,400	89,000	118,080		
Wines- Domestic	272,500	230.000	110,000	121,600	112,750	178,9802/	138,1562,
Imported	37,500	45,000	20,000	16,300	13,800	-	-
Beer, Ale and Stout	11,103,000		9,325,000		5,600,000	5.701.070	4.917.381
beer, ale am scout	11,100,000	10,500,000	9,020,000	7,255,100	3,000,000	3,101,070	4,517,001
Value-	\$	\$	\$	\$	477	3	
Liquor	12,791,418	12,342,780	10,066,155	7,403,832	7,492,678	7,545,318	5,708,901
Beer	20,570,037	19,393,212	17,285,809	13,160,225	9,757,795	9,423,509	7,488,720
Total Sales	33,361,455	31,735,992	27,351,964	20,564,057	17,250,473	16,968,827	13,197,621

<sup>1/</sup> Alcohol (including sales for hospitals, druggists, manufacturers, etc.).

<sup>2/</sup> Includes imports.

-29-BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Fiscal Years ended March 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
alue-	*	*					\$
Spirits- Spirita, Rye Whisky, Bour- ton Whisky, Scotch Whisky, Irish Whisky, Brandy, Gin,							
Rum, Alcohol	31,398,643	26,963,922	20,093,642	13,627,386	11,752,824	14,826,052	11,214,026
mouth, Bitters	419,089	226,064	70,211	55,785	82,941	144,372	111,54
Total	31,817,732	27,189,986	20,163,853	13,583,171	11,835,765	14,970,424	11,325,56
Wines- British Empire Wines- British Columbia Australian	912,138	68 <b>4</b> ,775 242,763	571,769 149,192		600,988	822,806 834,188	
Ontario	121,104	50,931	26,178	13,510	14,885	17,157	
South Africa	69,841	11,535	21,454		1,154	161,154	
Total	1,250,881	990,004	768,593	689,315	721,271	1,835,305	935,65
Other- Port, Sherry and Still Burgundy Claret and Sauterne Champagne and Sparkling	468,591 3,658	364,222	230,456	134,803	124,113	133,555 77	92,05 6,13
Wines	58,068	50,629	16,229	-	45	1,200	14,74
Total	530,317	414,851	246,685	134,803	124,158	134,832	112,93
Oriental Liquors	-	-	400	67	7	1,897	69,62
Malt Liquors- B.C. Beer, Ale and Stout- To Licensees To Permit Holders	12,618,332 8,289,536	9,609,856 8,994,442	7,139,904 9,846,040	5,726,089 8,863,442	5,707,799 6,195,522	6,726,489 4,767,866	5,120,173 3,250,94
Eastern Canadian Beer and	686,315	747,978	577,384	269,109	172,772	204,540	65,920
Great Britain and Ireland Ale and Stout	56,262	14,398	997	92,384	67,881	69,928	89,14
Total	21,650,445	19,366,674	17,564,325	14,951,024	12,143,974	11,768,823	8,526,186
Grand Total	55,249,376	47,961,515	38.743.456	29,358,380	24.825.175	28, 711, 281	20,969,95

<sup>1/</sup> Includes rum and brandy not shown in the spirits section of this classification.

-30-YUKON TERRITORY (Fiscal Years ended March 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity	Gel.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Spirits-							
Alcohol	-	-	5	2	2	2	1
Brandy	148	130	301	406	32	129	284
Gin	2,760	3,418	2,350	595	1,295	2,240	1,171
Rum	2,745	2,609	2,451	1,578	1,699	1,326	1.065
Rye Whisky	8,524	7,231	10,060	7,485	4,170	10,179	774
Scotch Whisky	3,288	1,697	1,548	2,189	2,386	3,071	2,306
Total Spirits	17,465	15,085	16,715	12.255	9.584	16.947	5,601
Wines-		20,000	20,120	24,20	0,100.	20,02.	0,002
Domestic	1,525	2.568	1,722	1,595	1,943	1,582	632
				287	378		319
Imported	1,372	662	286	401	918	547	979
Liqueurs-	225						
Cocktails, Vermouth	275)	63	19	18	20	135	118
Bitters	99)						
Malt liquors-							
Sold to private individuals	8,906	10,448	21,167	28,810	7,444	4,226	2,643
Sold to licensees	90,082	81,967	61,710	19,476	26,344	30,073	29,572
Value-		\$	\$	\$	3	\$	3
Spirits-	1						
Alcohol	11	-	122	37	53	32	15
Brandy	6,196	5,481	13,544	16,495	1,018	3,516	9,555
Gin	68,063	89,152	56,390	15,788	48,882	55,819	29,317
Rum	114,395	117,408	102,955	56,778	66,464	52,713	40,611
Rye Whisky	232,244	195,238	271,613	222,232	351,392	281,062	20,030
Scotch Whisky	109,465	61,083	55,720	81,658	89,943	104,448	68,585
Total Spirits	530,374	468,362	500,344	392,988	557,752	497,590	168,113
Wines-							
Domestic	10,309	19,260	10,330	11.965	10,578	11,147	3,893
Imported	15,811	7,944	3,434	3,448	7,387	5,591	4,185
Liqueurs-	,	1,000					
Cocktails, Vermouth	4.147)						
Bitters	2,813)	1,130	367	329	436	2,987	2,904
Malt Liquors-	2,020/						
Sold to private individuals	45,458	47.015	95,252	138.842	35,398	16.054	10.921
The state of the s		303,278	228.318	76,361	102.087	104,409	70,850
Sold to licensees	363,455	-					
Total Sales	972.367	846.989	838.045	623,933	713,638	637,778	260,866

## NORTHWEST TERRITORIES (Fiscal Years ended March 31)

Sales	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944	1943	1942
Quantity-	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
Spirits	9,559 1,851	9,220	5,112	3,496 2,651	4,185 494	5,452 1,780	2,778
Ale and stout	6,035 30,496	38.133	2,756 17,546	2,648	1,654	3,929 5.693	2,217
Beer to licensee	58,360	62,916	9,603	5,257	8,356	14,256	13,973
Spirits and Wines Beer-	327,922	337,137	200,473	136,799	167,210	200,661	105,841
To publication ()	359,947	321,868	103,329	80,466	88,024	63,390	60,792
Total	687,869	659,005	303,802	217,265	255,234	264,051	166,633

#### DOMINION REVENUE FROM ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES

Dominion revenue from alcoholic beverages, comprising excise duties, excise taxes, customs duties, and various fees and licences for specified years are shown in Table 2. Additional revenue is received from the sales tax, income, and excess profits taxes, but separate figures for these are not available.

Table 2 (a) - Excise and Import Duty Revenue and Licence Fees on Spirits Collected by the Dominion Government, Fiscal Years 1923-49.

Fiscal Year	Excise Duty	Validation Fee	Licences	Import Duty	Total
	\$	\$	\$	*	\$
1923	7,983,059		2,750	11,739,541	19,725,350
1924	9,367,887	-	3,375	12,288,813	21,660,075
1925	9,389,536	-	4,125	11,237,093	20,630,754
1926	10,928,078	-	4,500	13,679,152	24,611,730
1927	13,899,584	-	5,000	15,365,435	29,270,019
1928	18,261,412	-	6,125	23,085,747	41,353,284
1929	19,337,427	_	6,625	25,150,208	44,494,260
1930	18,527,456	-	7,750	23,577,674	42,112,880
1931	11,814,738	-	6,125	19,069,440	30,890,303
1932	8,154,287	-	7,125	13,617,437	21,778,849
1933	7,201,375	-	6,250	6,537,315	13,744,940
1934	7,176,513	323,482	5,750	5,894,311	13,400,056
1935	8,155,162	443,550	5,000	5,748,342	14,352,054
1936	7,401,581	600,417	4,750	4,871,941	12,878,689
1937	8,316,669	1,055,719	4,500	5,569,017	14,945,905
1938	9,844,227	918,607	5,250	6,430,436	17,198,520
1939	9,929,585	390,763	5,250	6,259,622	16,585,220
1940	12,478,114	374,117	5,250	10,764,127	23,621,608
1941	17,695,951	664,778	5,000	11,823,312	30,189,041
1942	21,994,307	416,576	4,500	10,899,784	33,315,167
1943	31,612,277	513,027	5,125	12,052,485	44,182,914
1944	30,908,236	441,258	5,250	9,692,345	41,047,089
1945	31,576,776	633,523	6,375	12,390,526	44,607,200
1946	47,766,498	1,042,625	5,500	21,584,538	70,399,161
1947	51,729,636	947,710	6,625	25,693,184	78,377,155
1948	53,360,650	770,880	6,250	30,806,868	84,944,648
1949	49,976,274	825,371	6,750	28,592,975	79,401,370

Table 2 (b) - Excise and Import Duty Revenue and Licence Fees on Malt and Malt Products
Collected by the Dominion Government, Fiscal Years 1923-49.

Fiscal Year	Excise Duty on Beer	Licences (Beer)	Excise Duty on Malt	Licences (Malt)	Excise Duty on Malt Extract	Import Duty on Beer	Excise Taxes on Ale, Beer, etc.	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	*	\$
1923	59,631	3,300	2,548,201	1,400	-	22,820	2,617,360	5,252,712
1924	85,074	3,200	3,278,407	1,650	-	40,571	4,245,735	7,654,637
1925	106,234	4,050	3,539,021	1,600	-	38,669	4,681,261	8,370,835
1926	108,638	4,250	3,839,174	1,600	-	63,963	5,485,487	9,503,112
1927	218,347	4,125	3,809,757	1,800	-	64,304	5,217,713	9,316,046
1928	234,220	5,025	4,274,966	2,100	-	95,029	6,349,341	10,960,681
1929	346,540	4,900	4,755,295	1,650	100	101,259	7,983,694	13,193,338
1930	342,098	5,550	4,493,801	1,850	-	108,201	7,508,222	12,459,722
1931	384,035	4,725	4,138,910	1,450	-	96,725	6,570,407	11,196,252
1932	385,503	4,300	3,633,438	1,450	-	82,198	6,320,613	10,427,502
1933	302,539	4,275	2,875,779	1,250	-	40,415	4,982,813	8,207,071

Table 2 (b) - Excise and Import Duty Revenue and Licence Fees on Malt and Malt Products Collected by the Dominion Government, Fiscal Years 1923-49. (Concl'd.)

Fiscal Year	Excise Duty on Beer	Licences (Beer)	Excise Duty on Malt	Licences (Malt)	Excise Duty on Malt Extract	Duty on Beer	excise Taxes on Ale, Beer, etc.	Total
	\$			-	\$	*	\$	\$
1934	234,877	4,825	2,773,984	1,550	-	30,321	4,937,934	7,983,49
1935	1,143,910	4,275	6,263,464	1,500	168,705	32,714	1,840,227	9,454,798
1936	408,760	4,300	7,691,832	1,600	163,710	29,956	1/	8,300,158
1937	390,277	3,825	8,050,380	1,400	160,175	28,040		8,634,09
1938	363,208	3,625	8,852,924	1,400	132,210	22,481		9,375,84
1939	254,819	3,400	8,177,299	1,400	113,127	20,994		8,571,03
1940	281,164	3,800	11,402,151	1,400	123,446	21,063		11,833,02
1941	324,004	3,350	16,801,740	1,200	108,681	20,017		17,258,99
1942	414,018	3,325	25,241,291	1,200	102,730	12,961		25,775,52
1943	579,858	3,300	33,952,237	1,200	72,762	12,782		34,622,13
1944	371,956	3,325	35,080,381	1,200	222,250	27,736		35.706.84
1945	7,102,636	3,350	35,121,290	1,400	244,266	34,312		42.507.25
1946	6,646,438	3,200	41,382,052	1,400	177,152	18,429		48,228,67
1947	2,511,311	3,450	49,208,816	1,400	91,700	8,898		51,825,578
1948	3,819,875	3,175	53,625,293	1,700	67,878	16,780		57,534,70
1949	3,740,065	3,550	55,853,055	600	51,825	43,955		59,693,050

<sup>1/</sup> Excise tax on ale, beer, etc., repealed July 1, 1934.

Table 2 (c) - Excise Taxes and Import Duty Revenue on Wine Collected by the Dominion Government,
Fiscal Years, 1923 - 49.

Fiscal Year	Excise Taxes on Wine	Import Duty	Total
	*		
1923	159,370	525,833	685,203
1924	151,580	742,593	894,173
1925	66,839	793,473	860,312
1926	95,458	863,280	958,738
1927	118,080	992,869	1,110,949
1928	170,987	1,637,307	1,808,294
1929	211,717	1,709,433	1,921,150
1930	299,465	1,357,539	1,657,004
1931	262,225	927,391	1,189,616
1932	258,061	682,667	940,728
1933	195,369	492,501	687,870
1934	213,631	429,675	643,306
1935	248,425	422,364	670,789
1936	203.466	339,040	542,506
1937	207,191	340,090	547,281
1938	239,787	333,257	573.044
1939	230,209	293,311	523,520
1940	419,839	289,241	709,080
1941	658,033	293,392	951,425
1942	1,444,915	183,276	1,628,191
1943	2,006,816	150,000	2,156,816
1944	1,710,217	219,538	1,929,755
1945	1,772,375	239,737	2,012,112
1946	2,066,109	541,123	2,607,232
1947	2,393,718	916,660	3,310,378
1948	2,341,585	580,226	2,921,811
1949	2,059,639	580,327	2,639,966

A brief summary of the wartime and post-war changes in the duties and taxes on alcoholic beverages, follows. The complete historical record of customs and excise duties cannot be set out here owing to space limitations. Further details may be obtained upon application to the Department of National Revenue.

#### Duties and Taxes on Domestic Spirituous Liquor, Beer, and Wine

#### A. Under the Excise Act

- (1) On spirits used for beverage purposes, with the exception of Canadian brandy, \$11.00 per proof gallon. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, increased the excise duty from \$4.00 to \$7.00, effective as from September 3, 1939. On June 24, 1942, it was increased to \$9.00, and on March 3, 1943, to \$11.00).
- (2) On Canadian brandy, \$9.00 per proof gallon. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, increased the excise duty from \$3.00 to \$6.00, effective as from September 3, 1939. On June 24, 1942, it was increased to \$7.00, and on March 3, 1943, to \$9.00).
- (3) On malt contained in beer manufactured from malt alone, 16 cents per pound. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, raised the excise duty from 6 to 10 cents per pound. On April 30, 1941, it was increased to 12 cents per pound, and on June 24, 1942, to 16 cents per pound).
- (4) On beer, manufactured in whole or in part from substances other than malt, 45 cents per gallon. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, raised the excise duty from 22 cents to 30 cents per gallon. On April 30, 1941, it was raised to 35 cents, and on June 24, 1942, to 45 cents).
- (5) On malt syrup to be used for beverage purposes, manufactured from duty-paid malt, 24 cents per pound. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, increased the excise duty from 10 to 15 cents per pound. On April 30, 1941, it was raised to 18 cents, and on June 24, 1942, to 24 cents). This excise duty was repealed effective October 1, 1948.

#### B. Under the Excise Tax Act

- (1)a. A tax of 50 cents per gallon on wines of all kinds, except sparkling wines, containing not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit. (Under the Budget of September 2, 1939, the tax was 15 cents per gallon. On April 30, 1941, it was increased to 40 cents, and on June 24, 1942, to 50 cents).1/
  - b. A tax of \$2.50 per gallon on champagne and all other sparkling wines. (Under the Budget of September, 1939, the tax was \$1.50 per gallon. On April 30, 1941, it was increased to \$2.00, and on June 24, 1942, to \$2.50).
- (2) A consumption or sales tax of 8 per cent, payable on the sales price of all domestic spirituous liquor, beer, and wine, by the manufacturer or producer. (The sales price includes excise duties and, in the case of wine, the excise tax).

Duties and Taxes on Imported Spirituous Liquor, Beer, Wine, and Malt for the Manufacture of Beer

#### A. Under the Customs Tariff

- (1) Customs duties on spirituous liquors, e.g., whisky, brandy, gin, rum, etc., and on wines containing over 40 per cent proof spirit, range from \$3.00 per proof gallon to \$10.00 per proof gallon, depending on the country from which imported and, under existing Treaties, the kind of liquor imported.
- (2) In addition, spirituous liquors under (1) above are subject to a customs duty of \$7.00 per proof gallon under all Tariffs. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, imposed, effective September 3, 1939, a duty of \$3.00 per proof gallon under all Tariffs. On June 24, 1942, it was increased to \$5.00, and on March 3, 1943, to \$7.00).
- (3) Ale, beer, porter, and stout, when imported in casks or otherwise than in bottle, are dutiable at 25 cents per imperial gallon under the British Preferential Tariff, and at 35 cents per imperial gallon under the Most-Favoured-Nation and General Tariffs. Ale, beer, porter, and stout, when imported in bottles, are dutiable at 15 cents per imperial gallon under the British Preferential Tariff, and at 50 cents per imperial gallon under the Most-Favoured-Nation and General Tariffs.

1/ Effective October 21, 1949 a tax of 25 cents per gallon on wines of all kinds containing not more than 7 per cent of proof spirit, and a tax of 50 cents per gallon on wines of all kinds except sparkl-wines containing more than 7 per cent but not more than 40 per cent of proof spirit.

- (4) In addition, ale, beer, porter, and stout, under (3) above, are subject to a customs duty of 30 cents per imperial gallon. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, imposed a duty of 9 cents per imperial gallon. On June 24, 1942, this was increased to 30 cents).
- (5) Wines- Medicinal or medicated wines, including vermouth and ginger wine, containing not more than 40 per cent proof spirit, under tariff item 162, are dutiable at 80 per cent ad valorem, with the exception of vermouth, apertif and cordial wines containing 32 per cent or less of proof spirit, whether imported in wood or in bottles, which are admissible under the Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff at 20 cents per imperial gallon.
- (6) Other still wines are subject to various rates of customs duties, depending on the strength and on the country from which imported.
- (7) In addition, all still wines under (5) and (6) above, are subject to a customs duty of  $42\frac{1}{2}$  cents per imperial gallon. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, imposed a duty of  $7\frac{1}{2}$  cents. On April 30, 1941, this was increased to  $32\frac{1}{2}$  cents, and on June 24, 1942, to  $42\frac{1}{2}$  cents).
- (8) Champagne and other sparkling wines are subject to customs duties at rates depending on the country from which imported, and on the size of the bottles.
- (9) In addition, champagne and other sparkling wines, under (8) above, are subject to a customs duty of \$1.75 per imperial gallon. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, imposed a duty of 75 cents. On April 30, 1941, it was increased to \$1.25, and on June 24, 1942, to \$1.75).
- (10) Malt, whole, crushed or ground, and malt flour, n.o.p. are dutiable at 1/3 cent per pound, British Preferential Tariff, and 3/4 cents per pound, General Tariff.

  The Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff rate applicable to malt, whole, crushed, or ground, is 1/3 cents per pound, and to malt flour, n.o.p., is 1/2 cent per pound.
- (11) Malt flour containing less than 50 per centum in weight of malt; malt syrup or malt syrup powder, n.o.p.; extracts of malt, crude or not, grain molasses, are dutiable at 20 per cent ad valorem under the British Preferential Tariff; 25 per cent ad valorem and 5 cents per pound under the Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff; and 35 per cent ad valorem and 10 cents per pound under the General Tariff.

#### B. Under the Excise Act.

- (1) Ale, beer, porter, and stout The Budget of April 30, 1941, increased the duty from 7 cents to 12 cents. This duty was removed by the June 24, 1942 Budget.
- (2) Malt, whole, 16 cents per pound. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, increased the duty from 6 to 10 cents. On April 30, 1941, it was raised to 12 cents, and on June 24, 1942, to 16 cents). This excise duty was repealed, effective October 1, 1948.
- (3) Malt, crushed or ground, including malt syrup, 40 cents per pound. (The Budget of September 12, 1939, increased the duty from 16 to 21 cents. On June 25, 1940, it was increased to 25 cents; on April 30, 1941, it was increased to 30 cents, and on June 24, 1942, to 40 cents). This excise duty on imported malt, as described, was repealed, effective October 1, 1948.

#### C. Under the Excise Tax Act.

On all spirituous liquors, beer, and wine, a consumption or sales tax of 8 per cent is levied on the oustoms duty-paid value.

## PRODUCTION AND STOCKS

Production figures on spirits and beer, as given in Table 3, are from the Department of National Revenue, to which the distillers, brewers and liquor warehouses are required to make regular reports. Data on the output of wine, Table 4, are from the Dominion Bureau of Statistics Industrial Census. As the bulk of the spirits and part of the malt liquor go into warehouses it has been considered necessary to show warehouse statistics in detail; these data, Tables 5, 6, and 7, are also from the Department of Mational Revenue.

Table 3 Production	of opirits	and Beer in	Canada,	Fiscal Years	1913 - 49.
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Piscal Year ended March 31-	Spirits	Beer	Fiscal Year ended March 31-	Spiritm	Beer
	Pf.Gal.	Gal.		Pf.Gal.	Gal.
1913	6,458,452	52,314,400	1951	9,286,780	59,073,685
1914	6,972,683	56,060,846	1932	7,099,637	52,297,451
1915	6,116,580	48,023,580	1933	4,345,834	40,664,625
1916	3,450,011	39,603,080	1934	6,411,230	40 ,920,623
1917	6,400,119	34,949,683	1935	4,321,457	52,078,590
1918	3,566,955	28,717,539	1936	6,553,190	57, 154, 948
1919	4,187,109	26,247,562	1937	8,723,005	60,308,148
1920	2,356,329	36,984,278	1938	10,198,330	67,361,250
1921	4,194,691	36,194,626	1939	9,642,830	63,331,620
1922	5,050,188	38,541,746	1940	11,821,317	66,496,129
1923	3,828,879	36,902,066	1941	14,641,842	79,006,028
1924	4,411,896	44,080,490	1942	17,569,476	101,081,682
1925	7,287,691	48,389,995	1943	19,657,698	108,980,613
1926	5,434,329	52,448,853	1944	27,203,337	104,062,427
1927	9,121,051	51,755,840	1945	35,555,069	122,530,269
1928	11,596,200	58,397,913	1946	34,625,339	138,941,170
1929	16,816,312	65,837,410	1947	21,571,074	155,800,830
1930	16,813,433	63,450,516	1948	28,198,327	173,201,842
			1949	23,643,036	178,552,891

Table 4. - Production of Fermented Wines in Canada, Calendar Years 1919-47

Calendar Year	Gallons	Calendar Year	Gallons	Calendar Year	Gallona
1919	807,425 515,280	1933	1,920,587 <sup>1</sup> / 2,718,530 <sup>2</sup> /	1941	4,840,9771/
1921 1922	421,713 756.520	1934	3,690,994 <sup>1</sup> / 3,292,643 <sup>2</sup> /	1942	4,188,797 <sup>2</sup> / 4,352,403 <sup>1</sup> /
1923	858,651	1935	2,559,5051/	1943	4,612,892 <sup>2</sup> / 3,449,726 <sup>1</sup> /
1924 1925	1,144,559	1936	2,666,524 <sup>2</sup> / 1,630,393 <sup>1</sup> /	1944	3,500,525 <sup>2</sup> / 4,213,550 <sup>1</sup> /
1926 1927	2,725,745 2,731,748	1937	2,750,2932/	1945	3,735,095 <sup>2</sup> / 4,133,735 <sup>1</sup> /
1928	4,351,123		3,283,9892/	1340	3,862,9632/
1929	6,162,774 5,718,354	1938	3,975,617 <sup>1</sup> / 3,045,554 <sup>2</sup> /	1946	5,533,4811/ 4,875,098 <sup>2</sup> /
1931	3,205,334 <sup>1</sup> / 3,499,881 <sup>2</sup> /	1939	3,998,2321/	1947	6,088,0041/
1932	2,912,985 <sup>1</sup> / 2,707,960 <sup>2</sup> /	1940	3,424,668 <sup>2</sup> / 5,153,380 <sup>1</sup> / 4,348,193 <sup>2</sup> /	1948	4,976,060 <sup>2</sup> / 5,038,621 <sup>1</sup> / 4,244,794 <sup>2</sup> /

<sup>1/</sup> Wine produced during the year but placed in storage for maturing.
2/ Fermented wine bottled or sold in bulk.

Table 5. - Transactions in the Distilleries of Canada, Fiscal Years 1920 - 49.

Fiscal Year ended March 31 -	In Process Including Deficiencies Brought For- ward.	Manu- factures Including Surpluses	Returned to Distilleries for Re- distillation	Received from Other Sources	· Total	Ware- housed	Spirits and Fusel Oil Written Off	Deficiencies on which Duty was Collected	In Process Including Deficiencies Carried Forward	Total
	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf. Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.
1920	667,068	2,356,329	1,640,324	9,849	4,673,570	4,266,940	29,233	388	377,009	4,673,570
1921	377,009	4,194,691	1,460,721	6,823	6,039,244	5,711,178	23,422	3,451	301,192	6,039,243
1922	301,192	5,050,188	1,300,512	29,474	6,681,366	6,140,188	23,179	6,747	511,252	6,681,366
1923	511,252	3,828,879	706,526	16,888	5,063,545		20,085	204	498,740	5,063,545
1924	498,740	4,411,896	1,198,012	48,867	6,157,515	5,615,401	59,065	638	482,411	6,157,518
1925	482,412	7,287,691	1,462,169	46,841	9,279,113	8,646,683	14,399	3,795	614,236	9,279,113
1926	614,236	5,434,329	1,756,259	139,781	7,944,605	7,328,232	29,754	6,036	580,583	7,944,605
1927	580,583	9,121,051	1,803,383	211,220	11,716,237	10,842,001	12,757	1,585	859,893	11,716,236
1928	859,893	11,596,200	1,847,567	255,938	14,559,598	13,851,317	19,345	3,818	685,118	14,559,598
1929	685,118	16,816,312	2,058,543	293,997		18,794,370	18,636	131	1,040,833	19,853,970
1930	1,040,833	16,813,433	1,985,908	327,273		19,269,025	21,156	312	876,954	20,167,447
1931	876,954	9,286,780	1,291,321	222,425	11,677,480	11,145,524	16,583	965	514,408	11,677,480
1932	514,408	7,099,637	1,385,671	125,680	9,125,396	8,657,897	26,700	9,643	431,156	9,125,396
1933	431,156	4,345,834	1,872,160	92,752	6,741,902	6,195,337	17,535	575	528,455	6,741,902
1934	528,455	6,411,230	1,516,504	134,892	8,591,081	8,093,226	29,803	297	467,755	8,591,081
1935	467,755	4,321,457	1,891,767	139,131	6,820,110	6,429,171	15,000	80	375,859	6,820,110
1936	375,859	6,553,190	2,194,533	167,396	9,290,978	8,635,090	16,784	664	638,440	9,290,978
1937	638,440	8,723,005	2,343,876	80,037	11,785,358	11,105,964	30,918	678	647,798	11,785,358
1938	647,798	10,198,330	2,857,011	137,754	13,840,893	13,804,316	35,727	848	2	13,840,893
1939	2	9,642,830	2,503,119	88,972	12,234,923	12,091,019	143,833	71		12,234,923
1940		11,821,317	2,721,419	525,693		14,925,492	142,797		140	15,068,429
1941	140	14,641,842	3,751,338	217,793		18,440,627	170,346	140		18,611,113
1942		17,569,476	5,267,363	215,091	23,051,930	22,839,028	212,902			23,051,930
1943		19,657,698	5,046,628		24,843,408	24,617,829	225,579			24,843,408
1944		27,203,337	3,947,672		31,260,535	30,971,542	288,993			31,260,535
1945		35,555,058	4,097,272	243,926	39,896,256	39,536,950	359,306	40 40		39.896.256
1946	-=	34,625,339	5,894,725	548,195	41.068.259	40,640,266	427,993			41.06B,259
1947		21,571,074	6,283,433			28,217,354	286,245			28,503,599
1948		28,198,327	7,966,851			39,616,390	316,128			39,932,518
1949		23,643,036	5,631,465	996,691		29,937,494	333,698			30,271,192

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Table 6. - Warehousing Transactions in Spirits, Fiscal Years 1920-49. In Warehouse In Warehouse Entered for Otherwise Taken at end of at beginning Warehoused Fiscal Year Consumption Exported Accounted for Reof Year during the Year Total Otherwise Total ended in Bond distilla-For Including Year - ex Warehoused Including Matured Unmatured March 31 tion Transits Distillery Transits Pf.Gal. Pf.Gal. Pf.Gal. Pf. Gal. Pf.Gal. Pf. Gal. Pf.Gal. Pf.Gal. Pf. Gal. Pf.Gal. Pf.Gal. 1920 10,675,566 4,266,940 305,004 15,247,510 3,816,124 454,951 1,603,889 788,851 1,640,324 6,943,371 15,247,510 1921 14,352,329 6,943,371 5,724,822 ,684,136 2,816,071 442,935 1,072,397 2,384,588 1,460,721 14,352,329 6,175,617 1922 12,350,601 6,175,616 6,140,188 34,797 730,474 1,057,035 192,327 912,620 1,300,376 8,157,769 12,350,601 207,649 12,909,934 8,157,769 1923 4,544,516 729,678 1,366,483 315,213 1,114,745 706,526 8,677,289 12,909,934 8,677,289 8,718,502 1924 5,615,401 164,677 14,457,367 899,291 1,244,249 875,699 1,521,588 1,198,038 8,718,502 14,457,367 1925 41,696 17,406,881 8,646,683 910,316 1,053,472 803,535 1,462,169 17,406,881 1,485,894 11,691,495 1926 11,691,495 7,328,232 119,972 19,139,699 1,082,785 1,109,295 499,007 1,756,259 1.894,957 12,797,396 19,139,699 156,677 23,796,074 11,016 30,262,734 12,797,396 10,842,001 1927 156,677 1,404,111 1,170,059 571,792 2,438,928 1,810,783 16,400,401 23,796,074 1,896,357 1928 16,400,401 13,851,317 1,069,622 579,420 21,767,997 3,101,771 1,847,567 30,262,734 21,767,997 1,143,276 1929 18,794,370 33,063 40,595,430 2,016,802 1,034,875 3,495,228 2,058,542 30,846,707 40,595,430 30,846,797 16,866 50,132,688 1930 19,269,025 1,926,063 1,054,307 1,810,197 3,504,923 1,985,908 39,851,290 50,132,688 1931 39,851,290 11,145,524 102,960 51,099,774 2,558,327 1,180,536 1,088,844 3,040,337 1,291,321 41,940,409 51,099,774 1932 41,940,409 8,657,898 100,874 |50,699,181 781,612 1,082,046 2,276,137 1,385,671 2,695,857 42,477,858 50,699,181 42,477,858 1933 6,195,337 8,737 48,681,932 769,527 905,505 1,991,994 2,368,138 1,872,160 40,774,608 48,681,932 1934 40,774,608 8,172,867 8,522 48,955,997 933,946 1,516,504 40,065,271 48,955,997 827,699 2,478,975 3,133,602 6,429,171 1935 40,065,271 54,570 46,549,012 1,063,928 2,215,332 3,567,168 813,388 1,891,767 36,997,429 46,549,012 62,272 45,694,791 3,006,544 1936 36,997,429 8,635,090 1,621,286 866,974 2,194,533 34,188,848 3,816,606 45,694,791 1937 34,188,848 11,105,964 25,191 45,320,003 4,745,476 1,900,714 908,970 5,280,885 2,343,876 30,140,082 45,320,003 36,450 43,980,848 30,140,082 2,277,703 1938 13,804,316 891,895 4,620,950 2,857,011 28,216,388 43,980,848 5,116,901 36,393 40,343,800 1939 28,216,388 12,091,019 2,299,474 927,037 1,956,358 3,956,320 2,503,119 28,701,492 40,343,800 32,521,305 28,701,492 14,925,492 16,348 43,643,332 2,032,987 857,697 1,876,964 2,721,419 1940 3,632,960 43,643,332 32,521,305 50,995,759 1941 18,440,627 33,827 2,371,633 889,529 3,751,338 3,327,365 4,617,529 36,038,365 50,995,759 36,038,365 22,839,028 35,156 | 58,912,549 1942 2,944,391 1,069,215 2,096,392 8,784,691 5,267,363 38,750,497 58,912,549 63,378,113 71,748,352 63,378,113 71,748,351 3,445,872 2,620,297 1,048,296 1,178,384 3,401,542 17,392,892 9,666,051 10,176,196 38,750,497 24,617,830 5,046,628 3,947,672 40,769,724 36,432,910 1943 9,786 1944 40,769,724 30,971,542 7,086 36,432,909 1945 39,536,950 9,241 75,979,100 2,676,482 1,276,252 15,876,537 9,462,017 4,097,272 42,590,540 75,979,100 1,668,333 1946 42,590,540 40,640,266 142,288 83,373,094 4,087,690 11,884,061 7,098,503 5,894,725 52,739,782 83,373,094 52,739,782 1947 28,217,354 86,104 81,043,240 4,446,128 1,745,212 4,757,373 81,043,240 7,760,607 6,283,433 56,050,487 3,869,236 1948 56,050,487 39,616,390 50,943 95,716,920 4,632,506 1,551,703 10,626,708 7,961,484 67,075,283 95,716,920 1949 67,075,283 29,937,494 49,904 4,131,483 97,082,681 4,360,914 736,947 9,382,091 5,631,465 72,819,781 97,062,681

Table 7. - Warehousing Transactions in Beer, Fiscal Years 1920 - 49.

Fiscal Year ended March 31-	In Ware- house from last Year	Warehoused	Imported	Total	for Con- sumption	Exported in Bond	Ships 'Stores	Written Off	Remaining in Warehouse	Total
	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
1920	32,222	32,310	-	64,532	17,750	22,210	-		24.572	64.532
1921	24,572	65,052	-	89,624	6,974	54,278		-	28,372	89,624
1922	28,372	97,578	-	125,950	1.764	63,359	_	-	60,827	125,950
1923	60,827	10,800	-	71,627	2.702	53,279	_	-	15.646	71,627
1924	15,646	172,674	-	188,320	9,789	148,459	-	240	29,832	188,320
1925	29,832	363,548	-	393,380	209,398	116,907	-	-	67,075	393,380
1926	67,075	394,989	-	462,064	344,641	32,410	-	-	85.013	462,064
1927	85,013	1,292,087	-	1,377,100	1,291,954	19,371	-	-	65,775	1,377,100
1928	65,775	1,325,630	_	1,391,405	1,343,986	13,197	-	-	34,222	1,391,405
1929	34,222	1,812,444	-	1,846,666	1,712,615	8,928	-	8,244	116,879	1,846,666
1930	116,878	1,864,625	-	1,981,503	1,738,663	7,981	99	11.342	223,418	1,981,503
1931	223,418	1,832,803	-	2,056,221	1,831,625	8,577	2,075	_	213,944	2,056,221
1932	213,944	2,020,540	-	2,234,484	1,977,892	11,944	2,226	-	242,422	2,234,484
1933	242,422	1,412,309	-	1,654,731	1,491,735	23,916	1.507	4	137,569	1,654,731
1934	137,569	1,324,494	. 2000	1,462,063	974.161	367,619	2,532	56	117,695	1,462,063
1935	117,695	11,169,798	72,720	11,360,213	11,176,838	29,047	2,589	20,362	131,377	11,360,213
1936	131,377	886,488	87,841	1,105,706	875,759	53,621	3,419	22,077	150,830	1,105,706
1937	150,830	914,614	97,350	1,162,794	912,436	110,701	6,064	9,583	124,010	1,162,794
1938	124,010	809,089	104,869	1,037,968	765,187	155,430	5,122	_	112,229	1,037,968
1939	112,229	678,425	97,871	888.525	675,909	119,966	4,557	_	88,093	888,525
1940	88,093	753.067	92,729	933,889	646,399	196,389	9.139	_	81,962	933,889
1941	81,962	751,781	99,722	933,465	533,470	285,196	73,367	-	41,432	933,465
1942	41,432	6,777,839	82,969	6,902,240	755,456	5,887,288	165.389	_	94,107	6,902,240
1943	94,107	6,813,251	29,011	6,936,369	1,197,658	5,626,526	59,113	1.240	51,832	6,936,369
1944	51,832	7,536,054	640	7,588,526	726,817	6,744,055	63,988	-	53,666	7,588,526
1945		12,591,822	-	12,645,489	6,177,745	5,948,641	64,098		455,005	12,645,489
1946	455,005	6,910,528	-	7,365,533	2,596,574	4,566,786	67,318	-	134,855	7,365,533
1947	134,855	5,763,200	-00	5,898,055	1,035,203	4,496,273	23,785	_	342,794	5,898,055
1948	342,794	6.839,460	-	7,182,254	3,368,130	3,464,265	19,226		330,633	7,182,254
1949	330,633	5,193,389	_	5,524,022	)	1,569,777	39,176	-	295,776	5,524,022

## IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Data on imports and exports, as shown in Tables 8 to 10, have been taken from the Bureau's reports on the Trade of Canada. It will be noted that the figures on exports of spirits do not agree with the warehouse exports given in Table 6; the latter cover only exports in bond. It is not possible to estimate smuggling or illegal traffic in liquor, nor to estimate the quantities carried across the border by tourists leaving the country.

Table 8. - Imports into Canada of Alcoholic Beverages, Fiscal Years 1921 - 49.

Fiscal Year ended March 31-	Spin	rits	Be	er	W	Wines		
	Pf.Gal.		Gal.	*	Gal.	*		
1921	3,510,574	32,089,969	74,105	143,737	714,980	2,412,501		
1922	1,348,603	23,164,485	49,160	114,810	384,211	1,244,907		
1923	1,193,123	19,704,693	54,241	120,362	359,273	1,110,243		
1924	1,261,541	20,137,492	96,647	214,992	598,125	1,133,955		
1925	1,161,169	17,763,865	91,928	181,891	706,717	1,177,873		
1926	1,410,637	23,481,927	152,255	316,446	736,311	1,455,700		
1927	1,587,475	27,277,008	153,105	333,383	845,074	1,701,924		
1928	2,374,885	42,033,919	234,701	428,673	1,147,225	3,437,595		
1929	2,604,769	44,750,649	242,100	495,531	1,221,406	3,597,931		
1930	2,446,800	41,283,758	259,003	541,961	1,290,957	3,200,768		
1931	1,990,574	32,662,269	230,995	482,357	1,050,775	2,290,011		
1932	1,421,214	23,798,052	195,664	388,319	877,591	1,743,509		
1933	732,306	12,226,849	106,587	218,257	669,849	1,188,885		
1934	718,016	13,065,871	93,602	194,234	523,866	963,794		
1935	713,346	13,058,393	97,572	200,535	542,019	1,091,887		
1936	976,563	7,209,1191/	88,851	175,700	506,707	1,007,548		
1937	1,126,440	6,911,0811/	97,725	173,717	472,887	1,009,666		
1938	1,297,925	6,259,4381/	104,778	154,090	507,669	1,016,100		
1939	1,265,909	5,776,4381/	97,374	130,675	450,953	898,377		
1940	1,612,906	5,551,2481/	92,873	124,756	468,098	835,686		
1941	1,479,606	5,487,5621/	98,403	136,731	502,354	881,054		
1942	1,390,192	5,326,2701/	86,122	115,629	434,888	733,988		
1943	1,284,116	5,908,0621/	85,211	119,536	434,699	729,759		
1944	823,422	4,214,4621/	61,634	94,478	290,691	534,818		
1945	1,043,709	5,193,2441/	76,225	120,565	303,153	649,905		
1946	1,775,935	7,925,3341/	26,550	25,925	595,732	1,647,551		
1947	2,097,427	10,085,7041/	17,015	23,973	928,664	2,661,066		
1948 1949	2,691,302	12,491,174 <sup>1</sup> / 15,178,903 <sup>1</sup> /	36,662 97,368	57,049 169,446	619,2 <b>49</b> 690,679	1,748,209 2,082,778		

<sup>1/</sup> The excise duty which was included in the value of distilled spirits, chiefly whisky, imported into Canada from countries entitled to the British Preferential Tariff since the fiscal year 1920-21, is excluded as from April 1, 1935. This lowers the import values and renders them not strictly comparable with those of previous years.

Table 9. - Exports from Canada of Canadian-made Alcoholic Beverages, Fiscal Years 1921 - 49.

ended March 31-	Spir	its		Beer	Wines	
	Gal.	\$	Gal.	\$	Ge.l.	
1921	901,014	2,287,894	793,172	912,964	2,441	6,774
1922	198,393	937,306	472,735	849,285	2,100	3,658
1923	413,525	3,037,948	1,509,763	2,866,351	870	2.027
1924	1,239,454	9,510,874	3,192,491	5,335,668	1,949	7,633
1925	1,260,748	11,337,659	3,142,048	4,860,984	6,277	26,890
1926	1,359,441	15,961,168	3,786,164	5,156,103	20,896	90.506
1927	1,583,365	19,164,764	4,252,583	5,554,092	34,179	119,197
1928	1,826,089	21,776,877	3,825,003	5,401,429	32,184	108,831
1929	2,389,543	24,389,885	4,110,698	5,608,366	40,046	120,656
1930	2,974,822	26,333,167	1,481,215	1,995,990	36,598	115,081
1931	3,288,506	18,877,041	270,102	337,210	11,441	71,793
1932	2,521,108	11,639,864	25,458	24,129	1,778	2,346
1933	1,996,1131/	9,930,482	35,667	40,764	994	1,365
1934	2,551,0301/	16,061,621	404,939	435,546	38,153	89,132
1935	2,205,2491/	13,414,386	69,994	75,450	19,948	58,109
1936	2,995,1811/	16,296,877	51,887	53,348	3,262	5,188
1937	5,289,3441/	21,784,910	112,902	113,157	4,694	15,549
1938	4,734,6781/	18,840,677	156,053	163,062	4,987	11,470
1939	2,087,9561/	9,468,483	123,726	119,496	2,347	4,575
1940	1,704,4101/	8,191,896	192,612	186,870	2,291	5,139
1941	3,463,7721/	8,921,475	256,970	233,406	5,945	9,387
1942	2,079,4581/,	10,467,827	5,639,946	5,312,889	4,952	10,605
1943	2,536,6051/	13,872,210	5,839,905	5,296,213	7,385	15,236
1944	2,182,6281/	12,381,838	6,604,977	6,231,288	42,493	75,331
1945	3,129,7881/	17,860,978	5,968,602	5,391,767	51,167	107,959
1946	4,810,8481/	26,766,855	4,567,667	4,468,762	51,913	89,313
1947	4,757,6071/	29,865,798	4,108,944	4,376,028	29,977	57,170
1948	3,842,6931/,	23,630,381	4,024,332	4,236,105	40,557	84,103
1949	4,178,9161/	29,663,572	1,611,071	1,687,529	11,744	20,567

<sup>1/</sup> Proof gallons.

Table 10. - Re-exports from Canada of Imported Alcoholic Beverages, Fiscal Years 1921-49.

Fiscal Year ended March 31 -	S	Spirits		Beer		Wines
	Gal.	\$	Gal.	\$	Gal.	8
1921	8,730	92,050	_	-	2,906	29,288
1922	32,497	660,457	119	306	797	14,668
1923	89,710	1,051,556	1,756	4,291	2,663	41,179
1924	39,105	843,599	4,326	8,976	540	9,955
1925	14,637	270,135	40		753	5,220
1926	21,277	442,504	_	tre .	1.962	46,192
1927	143.043	2,843,010	12	144	19.321	324.489
1928	247,506	5,166,139	388	719	132,748	2,365,545
1929	245,185	5,206,934	634	2,340	195,227	2,983,155
1930	171,483	3,737,710	2,117	7,956	150,056	2,152,312
1931	26,258	521,228	4,366	7,303	18,573	298,179
1932	110	2,387	-		76	597
1933	451/	1,043	-	-	45	386
1934	1,2381/	8,994	12	22	5,783	17,953
1935	451/,	990	302	660	1,970	8,918
1936	541/	717		-	61	383
1937	4621/	4,106	-	-	173	1,938
1938	1411/	928	-	-	107	1,309
1939	1211/	1,029	-	-	67	382
1940	381/,	678	32	101	91	520
1941	421/,	471	2	2	35	187
1942	3,0771/	8,837	-	-	1,094	6,176
1943	691/	1,432	-	-	35	180
1944	31/	27	-	-	11,005	57,782
1945	2731/	2,536	404	-	-	
1946	1131/	4.20	-	-	12	4.5
1947	3821/,	3,533	-		40-	101
1948	3,4201/	9,955		-	2	10
1949	1,7351/	10,109	-	-	235	2,433

<sup>1/</sup> Proof gallons.

## Apparent Consumption of Alcoholic Beverages in Canada

Accurate measurement of the consumption of alcoholic beverages by Canadians is extremely difficult, if not impossible. Temporary additions to Canada's population through tourist travel are, at certain seasons, extremely large. In 1948, for instance, more than 25 million visitors crossed the international boundary into Canada. Sales of alcoholic beverages to certain of these visitors undoubtedly reach considerable proportions. Precise measurement is impossible, however, since no separate record is kept by the Liquor Boards of sales to non-residents of Canada.

In Tables 11, 12, and 13, an attempt has been made to indicate the apparent consumption in Canada of spirits, beer, and wine, respectively, on the basis of the quantities produced, released for consumption, imported, exported, etc. It should be noted that these figures take no account of increases or decreases in the quantities held in stock by the Boards or by licensees. For instance, the Boards may, in certain years, buy heavily to replenish stocks or create reserves; such purchases would unduly weight the consumption figures for these years. The method of estimation is explained in detail below.

Spirits. - Practically the total production of spirits is placed in bonded warehouses whence it is released for various purposes as indicated in "warehouse transactions". (See Table 6). The quantities shown under "entered for consumption" are released from warehouse, duty paid, presumably for consumption for beverage purposes in Canada. However, some of this may be exported, as is shown by the fact that, in certain years, the total domestic exports of spirits were considerably greater than the exports in bond. (See Table 11). For the years 1922-42, the apparent consumption of spirits was estimated by deducting the total domestic exports and the re-exports of foreign supplies from the total supply available either for domestic consumption or for export. For the years subsequent to 1942 this method proved unworkable because the "exports in bond" were inflated by the inclusion of large quantities of nonpotable spirits for war use. (For instance, in 1944, spirits exported in bond were 17.4 million proof gallons, while exports of beverage spirits were but 3.2 million proof gallons). For 1943 and later years, therefore, the apparent consumption of spirits for beverage purposes was estimated by adding the net imports to the quantities released for consumption. It may be noted that, for the years 1947-49, either method produces practically the same result.

Beer. - Only a small part of the output of beer is placed in warehouses. The available supply is, therefore, made up of, production, changes in warehouse stocks, and imports, and by deducting the domestic exports and re-exports of imported goods from this total supply, the apparent consumption of beer in Canada is obtained.

Wine. - The apparent consumption of domestic wine is obtained by dividing the rates of excise tax into the total tax collections. This is believed to furnish a better measure of consumption than subtracting exports from production, since part of each year's production is not consumed in that year but placed in storage for maturing. The apparent consumption of imported wine is arrived at by deducting, from the imports into Canada, the re-exports of foreign supplies.

Table 11. - Apparent Consumption of Spirits in Canada, Fiscal Years 1923-49

Year ended March 31-	Entered for Consumption	Add Exports in Bond	Add	Deduct Re-exports of Imported Spirits1	Deduct Total Domestic Exports	Apparent
	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf.Gal.	Pf. Gal.
1923	729,678	315,213	1,193,123	67,283	330,820	1,839,911
1924	899,291	875,699	1,261,541	29.329	991,563	2,015,639
1925	910,316	803,535	1,161,169	10.978	1,008,583	1,855,459
1926	1,082,785	499,007	1,410,637	15,958	1.087.553	1,888,918
1927	1,404,111	571,792	1,587,475	107,282	1,266,692	2,189,404
1928	1,896,357	579,420	2,374,885	185,630	1,460,871	3,204,161
1929	2,016,802	1,143,276	2,604,769	183,889	1,911,634	3,669,324
1930	1,926,063	1,810,197	2,446,800	128,612	2,379,858	3,674,590
1931	1,180,536	2,558,327	1,990,574	19,694	2,630,805	3,078,938
1932	781,612	2,276,137	1,421,283	83	2,016,886	2,461,994
1933	769.527	1,991,994	732,306	45	1,996,113	1,497,669
1934	933,946	2,478,975	718,016	1,238	2,551,030	1,578,669
1935	1,063,928	2,215,332	713,346	45	2,205,249	1,787,312
1936	1,621,286	3,006,544	976,563	54	2,995,181	2,609,158
1937	1,900,714	5,280,885	1,126,440	462	5,289,344	3,018,233
1938	2,302,210	4,620,950	1.297,925	141	4,734,678	3,486,266
1939	2,299,474	1,956,358	1,265,909	121	2,087,956	3,433,664
1940	2,032,987	1,876,964	1,612,906	38	1,704,410	3,818,409
1941	2,371,633	3,327,365	1,479,606	42	3,463,772	3,714,790
1942	2,944,391	2,096,392	1,390,192	3,077	2,079,458	4,348,440
1943	3,445,872	2/	1,284,116	69	2/	4,729,919
1944	2,620,297	2/	823,422	3	2/	3,443,716
1945	2,676,482	2/	1,043,709	273	2/	3,719,918
1946	4,087,690	2/	1,775,935	113	2/	5,863,512
1947	4,446,128	2/	2,097,427	382	2/	6,543,173
1948	4,632,506	2/	2,691,302	3,420	2/	7,320,388
1949	4,360,914	2/	2,474,076	1,735	2/	6,833,255

1/ Prior to 1933 export figures as given in the trade returns were in imperial gallons. These were converted to proof gallons, as follows: Canadian manufacture at 20 under proof; foreign origin at 25 under proof. 2/ See under Spirits, page 41.

Table 12. - Apparent Consumption of Beer in Canada, Fiscal Years 1923-49

		Add Quantities		Deduct		Deduct Re-	
Year ended		Entered for	Add	Quantities	Deduct	exports of	Apparent
March 31-	Production	Consumption from	Imports	placed in	Export	Imported	Consumption
		Warehouses		Warehouses	(Domestic)	Goods	
	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
1923	36,902,066	2,702	54,241	10,800	1,509,763	1,756	35,436,690
1924	44,080,490	9,789	96,647	172,674	3,192,491	4,326	40,817,435
1925	48,389,995	209,398	91,928	363,548	3,142,048	-	45,185,725
1926	52,448,853	344,641	152,255	394,989	3,786,164	-	48,764,596
1927	51,755,840	1,291,954	153,105	1,292,087	4,252,583	12	47,656,217
1928	58,397,913	1,343,986	234,701	1,325,630	3,825,003	388	54,825,579
1929	65,837,410	1,712,615	242,100	1,812,444	4,110,698	634	61,868,349
1930	63,450,516	1,738,663	259,003	1,864,625	1,481,215	2,117	62,100,225
1931	59,073,685	1,831,625	230,995	1,832,803	270,102	4,366	59,029,034
1932	52,297,431	1,977,892	195,664	2,020,540	25,458	-	52,424,989
1933	40,664,625	1,491,735	106,587	1,412,309	35,667	-	40,814,971
1934	40,920,623	974,161	93,602	1,324,494	404,939	12	40,258,941
1935	52,078,590	11,176,838	97,572	11,169,798	69,994	302	52,112,906
1936	57,154,948	875,759	88,851	886,488	51,887	-	57,181,183
1937	60,308,148	912,436	97,725	914,614	112,902	_	60,290,793
1938	67,361,250	765,187	104,778	809,089	156,053	-	67,266,073
1939	63,331,620	675,909	97,374	678,425	123,726	-	63,302,752
1940	66,496,129	646,399	92,873	753,067	192,612	32	66,289,690
1941	79,006,028	533,470	98,403	751,781	256,970	2	78,629,148
1942	101,081,682	755,456	86,122	6,777,839	5,639,946	-	89,505,475
1943	108,980,613	1,197,658	85,211	6,813,251	5,839,905	-	97,610,326
1944	104,062,427	726,817	61,634	7,536,054	6,604,977	-	90,709,847
1945	122,530,269	6,177,745	76,225	12,591,822	5,968,602	-	110,223,815
1946	138,941,170	2,596,574	26,550	6,910,528	4,567,667	-	130,086,099
1947	155,800,830	1,035,203	17,015	5,763,200	4,108,944	-	146,980,904
1948	173,201,842	3,368,130	36,662	6,839,460	4,024,332		165,742,842
1949	178,552,891	3,619,293	97,368	5,193,389	1,611,071	-	175,465,092

-43Table 13. - Apparent Consumption of Wines in Canada, Fiscal Years, 1921 - 49.

	Native		Importe	d	Apparent Con-
Year ended March 31-	Apparent Consumption (Estimated from Excise Tax Collections)	Imports	Less Re-exports	Apparent Consumption	sumption Native
	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.	Gal.
1921	242,319	714,980	2,906	712,074	954,393
1922	409,913	384,211	797	383,414	793,327
1923	528,355	359,273	2,663	356,610	884,965
1924	922,715	598,125	540	597,585	1,520,300
1925	806,846	706,717	753	705,964	1,512,810
1926	1,182,775	736,311	1,962	734,349	1,917,124
1927	1,482,686	845,074	19,321	825,753	2,308,439
1928	2,171,887	1,147,225	132,748	1,014,477	3,186,364
1929	2,770,117	1,221,406	195,227	1,026,179	3,796,296
1930	3,920,261	1,290,957	150,056	1,140,901	5,061,162
1931	3,408,973	1,050,775	18,573	1,032,202	4,441,175
1932	3,337,556	877,591	76	877,515	4,215,071
1933	2,478,387	669,849	45	669,804	3,148,191
1934	2,679,619	523,866	5,783	518,083	3,197,702
1935	3,187,504	542,019	1,970	540,049	3,727,553
1936	2,605,602	506,707	61	506,646	3,112,248
1937	2,693,456	472,887	173	472,714	3,166,170
1938	3,120,381	507,669	107	507,562	3,627,943
1939	3,010,981	450,953	67	450,886	3,461,867
1940	3,544,910	468,098	91	468,007	4,012,01
1941	4,310,295	502,354	85	502,319	4,812,614
1942	3,733,449	434,888	1,094	433,794	4,167,243
1943	4,192,903	434,699	35	434,664	4,627,567
1944	3,314,260	290,691	11,005	279,686	3,593,946
1945	3,409,303	303,153	po 40	303,153	3,712,456
1946	3,979,857	595,732	12	595,720	4,575,577
1947	4,655,734	928,664		928.664	5,584,398
1948	4,594,361	619,249	2	619,247	5,213,608
1949	4,020,542	690,679	235	690,444	4,710,986

## ALCOHOLISM AND CRIME

The belief that crime is associated with the consumption of liquor is fairly general. In examining statistics to support this assumption it should be kept in mind that accurate interpretation of criminal statistics is exceedingly difficult. Crime by its very nature is unevenly distributed in various population classes and accurate interpretation of criminal statistics would necessitate allowance for such criminologically important population variables as age and sex distribution, urban-rural, regional, and other classifications, according to education, social and economic status, and so cn. Such detailed breakdowns are seldom available.

While statistics of convictions are generally used as an index of crime they are, at best, merely indicative of apparent criminality. A conviction rate reflects not only criminal behaviour but the attitude towards criminal behaviour of the public and of the administrative and judicial personnel. These vary from time to time and from place to place. Conduct formerly legal may, by a change in law, become criminal; offences may be changed from a less to a more serious category, or the reverse. For instance, driving a car while drunk, formerly a non-indictable offence in Canada, was, in 1937, changed to an indictable crime. In wartime, statistics of crime are less reliable for comparative purposes because of special restrictions and new laws, shortage of personnel in law enforcement departments, shifting of population for overseas service and war industries, and the substitution of military for civil courts.

It should be remembered that non-indictable offences are affected more than indictable offences by extraneous circumstances and varying methods of law enforcement in different areas and in different years. Differences of this nature, apart from any changes in the drinking habits of the average Canadian, may affect the statistics of convictions.

Considerations such as the above illustrate the difficulty of obtaining adequate statistical proof of any direct relation between increases or decreases in crime and methods of liquor control. The reader is, therefore, cautioned against superficial comparisons of statistics and hasty generalizations without taking into consideration differences in the age and sex distribution of the population and other factors, extraneous to changes in drinking habits, which may affect the crime rate.

Table 14 shows the number of convictions for offences related to the use of liquor, both indictable (serious breaches of the law), and non-indictable (offences of a minor nature which are dealt with by police magistrates and justices of the peace) as compared with convictions for all offences, 1937-48.

Wartime restrictions on the sale of cars, tires and gasoline accounted, to some extent, for the decrease in the number of convictions for "driving while drunk" in the years 1942-45. With the lifting of these restrictions, the figure reached pre-war proportions and, in 1946, was almost 50 p.c. higher than in 1945. There was a slight decline in convictions for this offence in 1947, and a much sharper one in 1948, in which year such convictions were 22 p.c. below the 1946 level and at practically the same level as in 1937.

Convictions for drunkenness, which declined slightly in 1943 and 1944, increased in 1945, 1946, and 1947. A slight decline occurred in 1948 but in that year the number of such convictions was still 70 per cent higher than in 1944 and 96 per cent higher than in 1939. The return of men from overseas and readily available money, doubtless, contributed greatly to the high level of convictions for this offence in the post-war years. Table 15 shows convictions for drunkenness and rates per 10,000 population, 16 years of age and over, by sex, for the Provinces, 1937-48. It will be noted that the number of women convicted for drunkenness is relatively small. Between 1939 and 1948, however, convictions of women for this offence increased 162 per cent.

Table 16 shows convictions for "offences against the Liquor Acts" and rates per 10,000 population 16 years of age and over, by sex, for Canada and the Provinces, 1937-48. Offences against the Liquor Acts usually represent a breach of the conditions of sale. In 1946, convictions for offences against the Liquor Acts reached the highest figure on record, an increase of 50 per cent over those of the previous year. In 1947 and 1948, the trend was downward.

Table 17 shows convictions for "driving while drunk" and for operating "illicit stills", by age groups and sex, 1937-48. Table 18 shows the number of convictions of juvenile offenders for "drunkenness" and for "breaches of the Liquor Acts", by sex, for Canada and the Provinces, for the same years.

Table 14. - Convictions - Specified Indictable and Non-Indictable Offences, Canada, 1937-48.

Year	Inc	dictable Of	fences	Non-indictable Offences				
ended Septem- ber 30	All In- dictable Offences	Illicit Stills	Driving while Drunk	All Non- indictable Offences	Drunken- ness	Violations of Liquor and Temperance Acts		
1937	37,148	460	1,439	420,212	34,606	11,142		
1938	43,599	440	1,877	414,664	36,894	12,442		
1939	48,107	324	1,736	428,608	36,007	13,513		
1940	46,723	444	1,794	456,109	37,826	12,946		
1941	42,646	325	1,984	547,556	40,002	15,369		
1942	39,309	183	1,720	581,364	44,801	16,898		
1943	41,752	116	1,266	465,315	42,292	15,099		
1944	42,511	172	1,155	430,727	41,521	17,093		
1945	41,965	278	1,269	455,918	46,745	22,237		
1946	46,939	172	1,898	659,672	64,076	33,362		
1947	44,056	85	1,825	752,458	70,868	28,486		
1948	41,632	82	1,481	876,645	70,542	27,744		

24	1	
43	1	
19	-	
14	1	
13	-	
10		
37	1	
20	7.7	

Table 15. - Number of Convictions for Drunkenness and Number per 10,000 Population, 16 Years of Age and Over, by Sex, for Canada and Provinces, 1937 - 48.

Years	Can	ada	Prin Edwa Isla	rd	No		New Bruns	wick	Queb	00	Onta	rio	Mani	toba		kat-	Alb	erta	Brit Colu		Yuk	on	North Terri	ita
Ieare	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	1
											Number	r of Co	nvict	ions										
1937	32,556	2,050	542	17	2,479	98	2,662	147	6,966	578	15,185	775	973	77	409	16	858	71	2,454	266	11	3	17	
1938	34,907	1,987	575	20	2,539	89	2,607	123	6,756	464	16,697	888	1,179	107	834	14	867	55	2,828	225	17	-	8	
1939	34,199	1,808	523	23	2,375	88	2,076	103	6,193	234	17,225	895	866	119	876	19	1,053	77	2,977	249	23	-	12	
1940	35,695	2,131	454	13	3,499	108	2,410	105	6,706	280	16,728	1,095	1,398	129	555	25	1,155	116	2,748	256	18	3	24	
1941	37,660	2,342	524	15	3,550	104	3,188	144	7,785	507	16,662	1,169	1,363	109	567	24	1,293	60	2,662	209	23	-	43	
1942	41,956	2,845	583	23	4,225	162	4,080	137	9,791	609	16,367	1,255	1,369	211	545	25	1,258	135	3,683	281	36	7	19	
943	39,262	3,030	314	18	2,294	86	3,357	132	9,727	636	16,103	1,379	1,679	206	725	53	1,316	146	3,686	369	47	4	14	
944	38,515	3,006	383	12	1,962	106	4,143	149	8,337	506	15,847	1,411	1,281	170	794	70	1,401	138	4,305	439	49	5	13	
945	43,294	3,451	590	22	2,899	165	3,984	174	9,754	582	18,158	1,415	1,837	203	937	73	1,293	222	3,759	583	73	12	10	
946	59,820	4,256	1,423	55	4,574	180	7,513	241	6,781	386	27,672	2,026	2,460	225	1,737	110	2,374	222	5,173	801	76	9	37	
1947	66,265	4,603	1,171								29,257						2,376	256	7,836	965	172	12	26	
1948	65,800	4,742	958	11	4,002	149	4,770	130	10,35	2663	31,348	2,098	2,462	367	1,339	53	2,292	288	8,165	970	92	9	20	1
																						=:		
The same					1	-	7	T-	7	000	Populat	ion, le	Year	s of	Age ar	nd Ov	rer		1	,				4
1937	82						182	11	69	6	113	6	37	3	12	1	29	3	76	10				
1938	87		171	6	130	5	175	9	66	5	122	7	44	4	25	1	29	2	86	8				1
1939	84	5	157	7	120	5	137	7	59	2	125	7	32	5	26	1	35	3	89	9				
1940	87	6	134	4	173	6	157	7	62	3	119	8	51	5	17	1	38	5	82	9				
1941	90	6	155	5	174	5	205	10	71	. 5	118	8	50	4	17	1	43	2	78	7	92		98	
1942	99	7	181	8	202	8	258	9	87	5	113	9	50	8	17	1	42	6		1			50	
1943	92	7	96	6	107	4	212	9	85				61	8	23	2								
1944	89		117	4					71								43	6	101		1111			
1945	99		179	7	133							10	46		25	3	45	5	115					
1946	136		426	18	214		251 465						66	-	29	3	41	8	101	17				
1947	142	11	358	5	221	9	392		56		182 189		92		56	4	79	9	130					
AUTO AAAAA														9	54	3	78	10	192	26				

1/ Estimates of the population of the Yukon and Northwest Territories by age groups for intercensal years are not available, hence the convictions per 10,000 population 16 years of age and over in the Territories are shown only for the Census Year 1941.

Note: - M. = Male. F. = Female.

Table 16. - Number of Convictions for Offences Against the Liquor Acts, and Number per 10,000 Population, 16 Years of Age and Over, by Sex, for Canada and Provinces, 1937 - 48.

Years	Cana	da	Prin Edwa Isla	rd	Nova Scoti				Quebe	3	Ontar	io	Mani	toba	Sasl		Albe	rta	Briti Colum		Yuk	on1/	Nort Terr	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
										]	Number	of C												
1937	10,045	1,097	156	10	636	70	528	68	1,210	166	4,339	449	719	130	684	50	959	59	784	90	23	5	7	-
1938	11,454	988	318	15	737	57	454	33	1,631	206	5,436	437	813	73	558	48	772	38	716	77	14	2	5	2
939	12,287	1,226	226	4	1,093	88	586	33	2,138	285	4,742	402	844	208	558	35	831	82	1,220	87	24	-	25	2
940	11,630	1,316	197	18	1,067	82	348	31	1,805	297	4,860	512	824	173	875	52	780	51	812	91	33	4	29	1
941	13,892	1,477	228	22	1,132	141	381	50	2,791	415	5,827	519	476	148	836	58	1,252	46	917	77	24	1 .	28	
942	15,471	1,427	172	16	1,218	105	420	57	2,595	442	6,386	515	1,021	109	924	58	1,251	43	1,428	80	23	1	33	
943	13,897	1,202	98	20	1,276	93	430	43	1,856	214	6,233	518	973	113	1,031	68	1,042	64	878	66	46	1	34	:
944	15,897	1,196	56	-	2,117	123	763	51	1,168	119	7,753	579	938	119	962	48	1,046	62	957	90	115	4	22	
945	20,408	1,829	141	14	2,164	160	855	56	2,203	423	9,832	823	1,304	125	1,351	65	1,374	80	1,132	83	39	-	13	
946	31,324	2,038	339		3,287		1,353				14,831						2,406			150	56	1	137	
947	26,962			1	2,413		1,688	54	1,386	108	12,188	701	2,021	208	2,579	133	2,512	111	1,647	94	38	2	149	
948	26,354	1,000	1000		2,186	00	Convi				13,153													
1937	25	3	47	3	33	4	36	5	12	2	32	3	27	5	20	2	32	3	24	3				
938	29	3	94	5	38	3	30	2	16	2	40	3	30	3	17	2	26	2	22	3				
1939	30	3	68	1	55	5	39	2	20	3	34	3	31	8	17	1	28	3	37	3				
1940	28	3	58	6	53	4	23	2	17	3	35	4	30	7	26	2	26	2	24	3				
1941	33	4	67	7	55	7	24	3	25	4	41	4	17	6	25	2	41	2	27	3	95	9	64	
1942	37	4	53	6	58	5	27	4	23	4	44	4	37	4	29	2	42	2	40	3				
1943	32	3	30	7	59	5	27	3	16	2	43	4	35	5	32	3	34	3	24	2				
1944	36	3	17	-	98	6	48	3	10	1	52	4	34	5	30	2	33	2	26	3	April 1			
1945	47	4	43	5	100	8	54	4	19	4	66	6	47	5	42	2	44	3	30	2				
1946	71	5	101	11	154	7	84	4	17	2	97	6	69	8	84	4	80	4	62	4				
1947	60	4	102	6	112	4	103	3	11	1	79	5	74	8	82	5	83	4	40	3				
1948						1												- 6		~				

1/ Estimates of the population of the Yukon and Northwest Territories by age groups for intercensal years are not available, hence, the convictions per 10,000 population 16 years of age and over in the Territories are shown only for the Census Year 1941.

Note:- M. = Male. F. = Female.

Table 17. - Convictions for Driving while Drunk, and Illicit Stills, by Specified Age Groups, Canada, 1937-48.

Year	16-		19-		21-		25-2		30-3		35-		40-		45-4		50-		60y		Not		Total	
Toul	yr.	F.	- Y-	8.	yra		yrs	-	M.		yr:	-	yr		yra		yr	F.		F.	M.		W	1,7
	. DEL .	0 1	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	No.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		F.	M.	F e	Jill e	10	BC a	F.	M.	F
1075												-	ving	-	-	-0.00							1,423	1
1937		-	-	_	seal.	31	/-	-	000	det	-	-	1092	/-	-	-	-	100	1.4		3 450	2.5		1 7
1938	5	mn .	9	100	2631/			-	-	66		_				-	-	~	14		1,459	15	1,859	1
1939	6	-	20	-	135	dat.	234	4		1	247	3	160	2	114	-	139	2	29	-	392	4	1,720	1
1940	11	665	38	-	153	-	272	4		4	262	6	221	1	155	1	152	-	38	100	195	2	1,776	1
1941	47	-	36	1	177	1	278	5	268	7	20.1	8	235	2	188	-	177	1	57	-	208	1	1,958	2
1942	19	-	43	-	125	2	227	4	213	2	204	1	207	1	140	2	147	11	40	-	321	11	1,686	3
1943	13	-	35	-	87	3	142	1	169	3	156	2	158	2	94	-	129	2	34	-	231	5	1,248	1
1944	12	3	30	1	83	-	121	1	138	2.	176	1	123	-	84	2	95	1	34	-	241	7	1,137	1
1945	21	-	27	1	97	1	124	3	130	1	167	1	130	1	94	3	111	1	43	-	306	7	1,250	1
1946	11	-	51	-	217	-	266	1	219	1	184	2	165	-	130	1	141	2	53	1	447	6	1,884	1
1947	14	-	33	1	177	3	275	2	233	-	197	1	175	1	136	1	131	1	43	-	401	-	1,815	1
1948	12		33	-	172	1	246	-	234	2	231	3	183	1	136	1	151	1	41	-	33	-	1,472	
												11	licit	Stil	ls									
1937	2	-	2	-	1481/	151/	-	-			-	-	1402	62	1		-	_	17	2	120	8	429	3
1938	3	860	3	-	1461/	141/	_	-	_	-	-	44	1242	122	/ -	-	-	-	27	3	103	5	406	3
1939	5	-	7	1	19	-	34	1	34	_	46	2	24	1	28	_	43	2	18	3	54	2	312	1
1940	4	2	9	_	24	3	44	2	48	5	57	2	52	2	50	4	55	4	35	1	39	2	417	2
1941	8	-	5	2	18	_	42	1	32		39	1	35	ı	26	4	41	5	26	3	35	1	307	1
1942	1	1	- 8	1	9		16	i.	19	7	17	3	20	1	8	1	27	3	16	-	30	-	171	1
1943	-	-	1	_	6	1	7	1	17	-	9	1	9	-	8	1	15	2	7	1	25	5	104	1
1944	4		1	-	13		8	-	14	_	19	4	27		12	4	29	7	11	7	20	-	158	-
1944	3		5		19	-		-	15	-		2	16	4		-	13	4	13	-		1	270	1
		-		-	_	-	10	-		1	35	2	-	]	13	-	_	7	-	-	138	3		
1946	2	-	2		3	-	6	-	8	1	8	1	26	-	12	-	14	-	6	T	79	3	166	
1947		-	1	-	1	-	7	5	3	100	4	-	8	1	5	-	4	4	1	-	41	3	75	10
1948	-	000	-	-	5	000	13	1910	10	-	-12	-	11	-	9	de	7	-	9	1	6	1	80	

<sup>1/ 21-39</sup> years, inclusive.

Table 18. - Convictions of Juvenile Offenders (Ages 15 and Under), Male and Female, for Drunkenness and Breaches of Liquor Acts, by Provinces, 1937-48.

Year	Car	ada	Prin Ed. I	sland	No.	ra otia	Ne Bruns		Qu	ebec	Ontar	rio	Mani	toba	Sas	kat- wan	Albe	rta	Brit	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M,	F.	M .	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
									Di	runke	nness									
1937	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-7	_	I	-	2	1	-	_	100	-	2	-
1938	7	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	_	-	4	-	-	-	-	_	2	_	_	_
1939	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	1	1	1	_	-	1	con	1	-
1940	3	2	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	1	1	1	_	_	_	_		1	1
1941	6	1	-	_	1	60	-	_	-	_	2	1	3	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
1942	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	_	1	_	_	1	-	_	1	· ·	-	1
1943	6	7	-	-	-	-	-	_	1	2	_	1	2	3	-	-	_	_	3	ī
1944	10	2	-	-		-	-	_	2	_	2	1	1	_	_	_	_	den	5	1
1945	12	7	-	-	-	-	_	1	2	1	1	1		_	3	_	-	_	6	4
1946	17	5	-	-	-	-	1	data	2	de	3	-	1	_		_	-	des	10	5
1947	16	10	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	6	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	6	9
1948	7	6	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	_	1	4
								Br	eache	s of	Liquo	r Ac	ta		1				-	-
1937	3	-	-	-	-	90	-		-1		7	-	-	-		_	2	_	_	
1938	7	1	-	-	2		2	_	1	_	1	_		_	_	_	1			19
1939	8	1	1	44	1	_	_	_	1	1	3	_	2			-	al-	_	-	4
1940	14	1	-	_	_	_	-		1	-	2	-	9	_		20	1		7	1
1941	14	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	7	2	9	-		100	4		-	_
1942	12	11	-	_	-	100		- 1	- 1		_	9	6	2	3		-		3	
1943	37	3	-	-	2		_	-	_	po .	13	2	10	_	4	1	8	_		-
1944	22	2	-	-	5	-	1	-	_		7	1	3	1	3	-	1		2	
1945	27	7	-	_	1		1	1	2	_	14	3	4	_	2			2	3	1
1946	21	1	1	-	2	_	_				9		3		2	-	2	6	4	7
1947	18	1	-	_	1	_	-	_	_	_	6		1 1		7		5	2	4	T
1948	29	13	-		2	_	1				16	5	2	3	_		5	2	3	3

<sup>2/ 40-59</sup> years, inclusive.



