## CANADA

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CENSUS OF MERCHANDISING AND SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS

## RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE

## IN

CANADA

1934


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## CENSUS OF MERCHAMDISING NOD SERVICE ESTABLISENENTS

## Retail Merchandise Trade in Canada, 1934.

Retall trade in Canada for the year 1934 amounted to
\$1,942,480,000, as compared with $1,775,857,000$ for the preceding year, according to calculations made by the Bureau of Statistics and based upon reports received for the annual Census of Ierchandising and Service Establishments. The value of sales for 1934 was thus 9.4 per cent higher than the 1933 figure and it was also 1.4 per cent in oxcess of the amount recorded for 1932. Representing the total retail merchandise trade of the country for 1930 by 100 , indexes of the dollar value of business for the following four years are 84.2 for 1931 , 69.5 for 1932 , 64. 4 for 1933 , and 70.5 for 1934 .

Increases in the value of retail trade for 1934 were reported by all provinces, the largest increase over the preceding year, il. 4 per cent, being recorded for Nova Scotia and the smallest, 6.1 per cont, for queboc. The various provinces, arranged in descending order of percentage increascs in trade for 1934 over that for the proceding yoar, together with these purcentage changes ar as follows: Nova Zcotia, il. 4 per cont; Alberta, 11.1 por cent; British Columbia, 10.9 per cont; Ontario, 10.9 pur cent; Nuw Brunswick, 10.8 per cont; Prince Edvard Island, 8.7 por cunt; Saskatchewan, 8.3 per cent; Nanitoba, 7.2 per cent; and quuboc, 6.1 por cent.

Value of sules for 1934, whon compared with the levol of retail trade in 1930, was highest for Nova Scotia and lowost for Saskatchewan. Represunting tho valuo of retail trude for 1930 by 100 , indexes of salos for 1934 for the various provinces arranged in descunding order of indexas aro as follows: Nova Scotia, 76.7; Ontario, 74.2; Princo Edward Island, 70.1; British Columbia, 69.0; Manitoba, 68.7; Now Brunswick, 68.6; Quebéc, 68.6; Alberta 68.2; and Saskatchuwan, 59.0.

While increasos in trado wore genoraj for practically all linos of busincss, tho groatest gains ovor 1933 wurc mado by the automotive group of ostablishmonts, tho lumbor and building materials group and the furniture and houschold group. The total businoss of motor vohicle doalers for 1934, including the sule of now and used vohicios, amounted to $\$ 179,139,000$, an increasc of 37.9 per cont over the figure reported for 1933 and only 4.1 pur cont bolow the amount recorded for 1.931 . Salos of lumbor and building material doalors for 1934 showed an incruaso over tho 1933 figure of 16.9 por cent. For furniture stores the increase was 16.0 por cont and for hardware stores, 12.1 por cont. Other kinds of business roporting markcd upward movaments in l934, togethor with the percentage increases over 1933, aro as follows: Houschold appliance stores, 24.8 pur cont; office, school and store supplies ind oquipmont doulurs, $2, .7$ per cont; furmers supplies stores, 17.4 per cent; radio and music stores, 15.5 per cent; fumily clothing stores, 12.6 per cont; and men's olothing stores, 12.3 per cent.

Sales of Grocury stores (including grooury stores with meat departments) wore $\$ 307,478,000$ for 1934 , an increase of 3.4 per cont over the salus figure of $\$ 297,307,000$ roportud for the procuding year. Tho value of sales for miat markets $(\$ 55,578,000)$ was 11.0 pur cont highor than in 1953. Country ecnural stores did a total businoss for 1934 amounting to $167,216,000$, while tho valuc of sales for department stores for the sume year wa $\$ 254,001,000$. Increases in trade over 1933 for those two kinds of businuss wer 10.0 pur cent in the case of country cenurul stores and 5.0 pur cunt for dopurtment stores.

[^0]Chain Stores and Salos,--There wore 445 chain store companics in Canada during 1934 and those oporated a total of 8,208 stores with ,548,384,200 sales. Chain store sales for 1934 formod 17.9 por cent of the total business of all stores for that yuar as compared with 18.5 pur

- cont for 1933 and 17.7 per cent for 1930 which is the carliest year for Which such data are available. These chain store figures relate to tho business transactod by all fims operating four stores or ovor during 1934
- exclusive only of dopartment stores. For tho Census of Morchandising and Service Establishmonts all departmont stores have beon troated as indepundont establishments so that fígures rclating to ownorship groups of department stores are not included in the chain store figures shown here.

In number of chains, number of storos and valuc of salos, chains are still of most importance in the grocery und combination store field. There wore 74 grocory and combination store chains in 1934 and these operated 2,239 stores and had salcs of $\$ 100,874,900$ or 32.8 por cont of the business transicted oy all grocory and combination stores. Tho ratio of chain store sales to total salus for this kind of business in 1934 符路 slightly lower than that recordod for 1933 ( 33.3 por cont) thus indicating u somowhat mallor increaso in businoss for chains than for indepondent storos.

Thore wore 14 varicty storo chains in Canada in 1934 and thesc oporatod 372 storos with $\$ 35,646,500$ salcs. Drug store chains numbored 29 and thoso operated 306 stores with salcs ainounting to $\$ 11,594,000$ or 19.5 por cont of the business of ajl drug storcs for the yoar. Tablo 4 prosonts compariative figuros for chains grouped according to kind of businoss for cach yoar from 1930 to 1934 and shows tho numbor of chains, number of chain stores, valide of chain sales and ratio of chain store saies to total sales.

In interpreting tho chain store ratios given hero it must bo romembered thet ali figures rolate to the business done by stores classificd according to kind of busincss and thet they do not relato to the sales of specificd commoditios. Many stores sell groceries in addition to grocury stores, e.g., department storcs, country genural stores, fruit and Vegetable stores. Thus, while Table 4 shows the proportion of grocery store sales made by grocery store chains, no information is available to show what propartion of the sales of grocery products through all retail outlots may be mado by chains.

Voluntary Chains, - In addition to rocoiving data rogarding the operations of the company chains reviewod in the precedine section, information was also secured from 31 voluntary chains which were operating in Canada in 1934. In that yuar thore were 6,430 stores connoctod \#ith those 31 groups and, while information rcgarding tho value of sales for these stores is not available, data were secured to show that the value of purchases at wholcsale prices from the affiliated wholesale companies amounted to $\$ 30,021,219$.

Included in the 31 chsins for 1934 Woro 23 voluntary food chains with 5,659 individual storos. Purchasus by those mombors made upon a cooporative basis and at wholusolu pricos amuunted to $326,842,228$. In 1933 thero wore 27 voluntary food chnins rith 6,025 storos and purchasos upon co-operativo basis in that ycar and at wholosalo pricos amountod to $\$ 26,725,418$. Thus, hilo thoro wore fowor voluntary chains and 366 fowor mombers, the valuo of purchasos incroasod by $\% 116,810$, indicatime a corrosponding incroaso in avorage purchasos por store.

Scope of Consus. -- This report on retail trado is bosud upon roturns rocoived from all chain storos and from a roprosentativo numbor of indopindont stores, giving comparative salos figurus for 1933 and 1934. In all, including buth chain and indopondont stores, the returns sccurcd coverod slishtly murc than 25,000 rotail ostablishmonts and it is ostim tod that the business done in these stores fumbd appreximetuly 70 pur cont of the trade of all storas. The roports which have buen received havo boon usod to detcrmino the must probaiole value f salus for thise stores which do not report to tho onnual cunsus. The figuros given in this bullstin, therefurc, relate t: all retail. trode and not t. the businoss of the ruporting fims only. Table 1 prosents a sumary of rutail merchandisc trode by provinces for the purisd 1830 to 1934 . Table 2 shows the value of retail trado for each year irom 1930 to 193 fur each f the sovaral
kind-of-businoss classifications usod in tho consus of Morchandising. In Tablos 3 und 4 comparisons aro mado botwoun chain sturo salus and total salcs. Tablc 3 shows chain storo salos and tutal salos by provincos, Whilo Tablo 4 makos a somomat similar compurison for a numbor foloctod kinds fousinoss and shows the numbor fi chains, numbor f chain stures, value of chair salos, total salos and rutio of chain stro salos to total salos. Table 5 prosonts cumperative figuros fur voluntary chains fur tho

- yoars 1930 to 1934 . Tablo 6 prescnts a comparison f salus by commadty Groups for doportmont storos in 1933 and 1934. Supplomontary tablos aro in course of proparation showing omploymont and wage figurus, gress margin porcentages and value of inventory on hand at tho und of the yuar. A dotailod anolysis classifying ompl yous ongaged in rotail trado on tho basis of weckly wage paymonts is also being proparod


## Comparison of Indexes of Retail Sales and Cost of Livirig Indexes

While the indexes of retail sales calculated for the census of Merchandising show only the movements in the dollar volume of sales, it is recognized that during periods of rapid price changes such indexes cannot be taken as indicating the physical volume of retail trade. The total value of retail trade for each year from 1930 to 1934 , together with indexes of sales $(1950=100)$, are as follow:

| Year | $\frac{\text { Total Sales }}{\$}$ |  | $\frac{\text { Index of Sales }}{(1930=100)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1930 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $2,755,569,900$ | 100.0 |
| 1931 | $2,319,935,000$ | 84.2 |  |
| 1932 | $\ldots \ldots$ | $1,914,872,000$ | 69.5 |
| 1933 | $\ldots \ldots$ | $1,775,857,000$ | 64.4 |
| 1934 | $\ldots \ldots$. | $1,942,480,000$ | 70.5 |

Changes in the dollar value of retail trade as recorded from year to year ure the resultant of two factors: (1) variations in the physical quantity of goods purchased and (2) changes in prise levels. To what extent price changes are effective in determining the level of retail trade for any period cannot be definitely stated due to the absence of price indexes so constructed as to be strictly comparablo. While cost of iiving indoxes are not constructod in such a way as to vorrant their use as a correction for prive changes in the indox numbers of retail sales, they do give some indication of the ordor of magnitudo of the price tronds. The Buroau's Cost of Living Indoxes for the poriod under review are given bolow and, for comparison purposes, have boon adjustod to mako tho 1930 figure equal 100.

Index Numbors of Retail Priecs, Ronts and Costs of Scrvicus, Canada.
$(1950=100)$

|  | Year | Total <br> Index | Food Indox | Fuel <br> Index | Rent Index | Clothing Index | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sundrios } \\ \text { Index } \end{gathered}$ | Retail Prico Indox (Foods, fucl, clothing, houschold requiroments) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1930 |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1931 |  | 90.3 | 78.4 | 98.4 | 97.3 | 87.5 | 98.0 | 85.3 |
| 1932 |  | 82.1 | 65.2 | 95.5 | 89.4 | 77.5 | 95.2 | 75.2 |
| 1933 |  | 78.3 | 64.6 | 91.6 | 80.4 | 72.3 | 93.3 | 72.8 |
| 1934 |  | 79.3 | 70.4 | 81.6 | 75.6 | 75.1 | 92.7 | 76.4 |

Sepurate price indoxus iro shown for food, fucl, frent and clothing. The sundries index indicatos tho prico changes in a miscolloneous group of commoditios, togethur with tho variations in costs of cortain sorvicos, such as thvatro costs, insurance, doctors' ind dontists. foes, hospital charges and luundry. Tho total indox givon in the socond column of the tablo is an avorage of the figures in the following five columns, oach moightod in proportion to tho consumption of the itums involvod. Tho last column, "Rotail Prico Indox," is also a woighted average but omits tho rontal ficurcs and includos only the morchandising
itoms in the sundrios indox.
In comporing the indoxes of rutail sales for thu poriod 1930 to 1934 with tho Rutail Price Induxes shown in the last column of tho abuve table it should be remembered that figures for certain kinds of business are included in the former which are not included in the latter. In particular, automobile dealer establishments have considerable weight in determining the indexes of retail sales but commodities sold by these establishments are not included in the price indexes. It should also be remembered that the weighting system used in computing price indexes is based upon value of commodities sold while the retail sales figures are shown for stores classified according to kind of business. The lack of a serics of price indexus comparable to retail sales by kinds of businoss precludus any accurate correction of dollar value of retail sales for price changes. Nevertholuss, the gonoral trends in the indexes for both dollar value of sales and for rotail pricos indicates that during tho poriod 1930 to 1933 tho physicul volumo of goods distributed did not doclino to tho same extent as tho docrease in tho value of salus. Groat difforences in the roduction in physical volume, as in value of salos, may bo found for difforent groups of commoditios.

## CANADA RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE, 1934

Table 1.--Summary of Retail Werchandise Trade, by Provinces

|  | Total Net Sales |  |  |  |  | Index of Retail Sales$(1930=100.0)$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \% \text { of } \\ \text { Change } \\ 1933- \\ 1934 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Estimated 1934 |  |  |  | 19301 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 |  |
|  | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada, Total <br> Prince Edward Island .......... |  | 2,319,935, | 1,914,872,000 | 1,775,857,000 | 1,942,480,000 | 100.0 | 84.2 | 69.5 | 64.4 | 70.5 | + 9.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64.4 | 70.1 | +8.7 |
|  | 13,773,700 | 11,538,000 | 9,261,000 | 8,873,000 | 9,649,000 | 100.0 | 83.8 | 67.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 74,119,000 | 68,513,000 | 76,317,000 | 100.0 | 90.3 | 74.5 | 68.8 | 76.7 | +11.4 |
| Nova Scotia ...... | , 5 | 8,855,00 |  |  | 57,878,000 | 100.0 | 85.0 | 67.5 | 61.9 | 68.6 | +10.8 |
| New Brunswick .... | 84,371,900 | 71,691,000 | 56,926,000 | 52,249,000 | 57,070,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 651,138,500 | 562,393,000 | 464,959,000 | 421,139,000 | 446,954,000 | 100.0 | 85.4 | 71.4 | 64.1 | 68.6 | + 6.1 |
| Quebec ............ | 1,099,990,200 |  | 786,082,000 | 735,861,000 | 815,982,000 | 100.0 | 86.4 | 72.5 | 66.9 | 74.2 | +10.9 |
| Ontario .......... |  |  |  |  |  | 100.0 | 81.4 | 69.2 | 64.1 | 68.7 | +7.2 |
| Manitobe ......... | $189,243,200$ | 153,978,000 | 131,025,000 | 121,224,000 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sasiatchewan ..... | 189,181,100 | 134,032,000 | 111,997,000 | 103,051,000 | 111,569,000 | 100.0 | 70.8 | 59.2 | 54.5 | 59. | $+8.3$ |
|  |  |  | 115,354,000 | 108,431,000 | 120,423,000 | 100.0 | 76.5 | 65.3 | 61.4 | 68.2 | +11.1 |
| Alberta........ | $248,597,500$ | , |  | 154,751,000 | 171,652,000 | 100.0 | 83.5 | 65.5 | 62.2 | 69.0 | +10.9 |
| British Golumbia. |  | 207,552,000 | 162,951,000 | 157,151,00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yuison and Northwest Territories |  |  | 2,198,000 | 1,765,000 | 2,088,000 | 100.0 | 90.5 | 68.3 | 54.9 | 64.9 | $+18.3$ |
|  | 3,216,100 | 2,910,000 | 2,198,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

CANADA RETAIL NERCHKTDISE TRLDE 2234
Table 2.--Total Not Seles end Soles Indexes, by Kinds or Business



CAUDA FSTATI HRCHANDTG TPADE. 2336
Table 2 - Total Not Sal as and Sales Traozes, by Kinds of Ruainess (Cont?d.)


Note:- In a nuriber of instances figures for tho years 1931 to 1933 have baen revised.

CANADA RETAIL WiARCHANDISE TR:DE, 1934
Table 3.--Comparison by Provinces of Chain Store Sales and Total Soios, 1930-1934.


[^1]CANA. D. RETGIL HERCH2NDISE TRADE, 1934
Tablo 4.--Numbur of Chains, Chrin Stores, Total Chain Storo S:los, and
Percentage of Chain Store Sales to Total Sales, by Yoars


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Table 4. - Numbur of Chains, Chain Stores, Totil Chrin Store Sules, end Percentage of Chain Store Sales to Total Siles, by Yours (Cont'd.)

|  | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 2933 | 1934 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lumbor and Building Material Daalers - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chains | 46 | 40 | 45 | 42 | 42 |
| Stores (naximus) ........... | 1,035 | 987 | 920 | 003 | -77 |
| Chain sales ................. | ,10,597,500 | 13,007,000 | 10,209,500 | 9,505,700 | 10,570,000 |
| Total seles | , 66,200,700 | 40,356,000 | 34,611,00u! | 27,331,000 | 34,302,000 |
| \% chains to totel | 20.1 | 27.0 | 31.6 | 32.4 | 30.0 |
| Furniture Stores - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chains. | $\checkmark$ | 9 | 9 | 9 | $\checkmark$ |
| Stores (maximum) | 96 |  | 95 |  | 5 0 |
| Chain srles ... | (8) 5,367,900 | 7,55u,600 | 5,030,200 | 4,317,400 | 5,131,000 |
| Total sales | 441,016,500 | 34,963,000 | 25,930, نvu | 23,073,000 | 26,765,000 |
| \% cheina to total | 22.6 | 21.6 | 19.4 | lu. 7 | 19.2 |
| Restaurants, Cnfeteriss and Eating Places - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chrins ................. | 21 | 20 | 17 | 17 | 15 |
| Stores (maximum) | 262 | - 265 | 257 | 7 240 | - 225 |
| Chain salos.... | 213,430,600 | 11,011,700 | v,262,6u* | 7,129,300 | 6,792,250 |
| Total snles | ¢75,977,100 | 62,041, u-u | 47,673,uvo | 41,667,000 | 44,0レ7, vuu |
| \% chains to total | 17.7 | 17.7 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 15.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chains ........ | 31 | 32 | 32 | 29 | 29 |
| Stores (naximum | 292 | $3 \cup 6$ | 313 | 301 | 306 |
| Chain sciles ................. | 113,971,300 | 13,5u4,6u0 | 12,520,000 | 11,001,300 | 11,594,000 |
| Total salos ..... | 776,044,900 | 70,61u, 00 | $63,209,000$ | $57,253,000$ | 159,45u, 020 |
| \% chains to total | $10.2$ | $19.2$ | $19.6$ | $19.2$ | $1 \% .5$ |
| Office, School and Store Supplios and Equipment Dealors - |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chains ................. | 16 | 14 | 14 | 11 | 12 |
| Stores (maximum) | 173 | 161 | 159 | 144 | 135 |
| Chain sales | 111,134,200 | U,443,000 | 6,237,100 | 5,332,100 | 6,623,300 |
| Total salos | -17, -29,900 | 15,373,000 | 11,463,00c | $10,003,000$ | $12,26 \%,$ |
| \% chains to total | 56.1 | 54.2 | 54.4 | $53 \cdot 3$ | $53.7$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chains ......... |  |  | 10 | 5 | 11 |
| Stores (tieximum) | 215 | 22. | 235 | 234 | 230 |
| Total siles: | 830,72, | 27,143,000 | 23, 47 , | 21,5u6, | 5,652,500 |
| \% chains to totnl | 25.4 | 25.7 | 26.1 | 25.2 | 25.1 |

Table 5.--Number of Voluntary Cheins, Storos, Valuo of Purchasos
and iverege Purchasus Por Store
h. fill Voluntary Chains

|  | Yoer | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Numbor } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Chains } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nunber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Stores } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Totel Purchases at Wholosalo Pricos $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ivorago } \\ \text { Purchasos } \\ \text { Por Storo } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indox of } \\ \text { Purchesos } \\ (1230=10) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ¢ | $\checkmark$ |  |
| 1930 |  | 24 | 4,4,5 | 22,743,372 | 5,0u0 | 1u0. |
| 1531 |  | 29 | 5,456 | 25,220,327 | 4,622 | 110.7 |
| 1932 |  | 30 | 6,207 | 26,364,54u | 4,240 | 115.7 |
| 1933 |  | 32 | 6,605 | 20,625,065 | 4,279 | 125.6 |
| 1934 |  | 31 | 6,430 | 30,021,219 | 4,669 | 131.0 |

B. All Voluntary Food Chains

|  |  |  | 4 | 6 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1530 | 23 | 4,472 | 22,720,502 | 5,001 | 100.0 |
| 1931 | 26 | 5.190 | 23,626,75,5 | 4,545 | 104.0 |
| 1932 | 26 | 5,790 | 25,433,064 | 4,392 | 111.9 |
| 1933 | 27 | 6,025 | 26,725,410 | 4,4,36 | 117.6 |
| 1834 | 23 | 5,659 | 26,042,22u | 4,743 | 11.1 |

Tablo 6.--Snlos by Comnodity Groups for Dopartnont Storus, 1233 and 193 .

| Duparticent | $\begin{gathered} \text { Salus } \\ \text { in } 1033 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Solus } \\ \text { in } 1234 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\%$ of Chengo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Salos, fall Departments | $241,50,000$ | $254,001,000$ | $+5.0$ |
| hpparol and accossories, womon's, missos' and childron's (including furs, fur coods, infants' waar, hosiory, glovas, lingorio, otc.) ............. | 55,035,200 | 57,659,400 | $+5.1$ |
| sutomotivo supplios (including tiros, bettorios, automotivo parts) | 1,157,400 | 1,326,000 | +16.6 |
| Gafotorias and rostaurants (including fountain and lunch rooms) | 4,266,100 | 4,325,7u0 | $+1.4$ |
| Clothing and furnishinge, mon ${ }^{2}$ s and boys ${ }^{\text {a }}$ <br> (including hats and caps) | 2u,564,900 | $30,702,700$ | $+7.5$ |
| Drugs and toilot articlos and proparations (including cemaras and photographic supplios) | 7,595,500 | 7,472,500 | - 1.6 |
| Dry goods and notions (including pioco goods - silks, woolluns, cottons, linens - ribbons, laces, ombroidorios, buitons, thread, pettorns, yarns) ... | 23,272,100 | 25,050,300 | +4.5 |
| Farm and gerdon oquiprient and supplios (including ferm rachinory, herness, soeds, otc。) o............. | 1,981,700 | 2,12i,300 | $+6.9$ |
| Food and kindred products (grocerios, meats, provisiuns, candios, fruit and vagotablos) | 29,495,900 | 20,663,000 | - 2.1 |
| Furnituro (including mattrossoa, springs) | 11,017,700 | 11,576,600 | $+0.7$ |
| Hardwaru and kitchon utansils (including paints, we.llpapor) | 3,029,000 | -,535,200 | $+6.3$ |
| Hom furnishings (dreperios, curtains, bodding, trblo linon, china, glasswaro, picturos, window shados, floor coverings) ................................................. | 19,024,800 | 21,022,900 | +10.5 |
| Household appliances and electrical supplies (washing machines, sewing machines, electric irons, vacuum cleaners, refrigerators, stoves, electrical fixtures, lamps) | 4,651,600 | 5,087,400 | + 9.4 |
| Jewellery and optical goods (including clocks, watches, silverware, plated ware) | 4,325,800 | 4,748,100 | + 9.8 |
| Leather goods and travelling goods (including purses and hand-bags) | 2,376,500 | 2,655,400 | +11.7 |
| Millinory | 3,574,500 | 3,769,200 | + 5.4 |
| Radios, musical instruments, and supplies | 3,412,500 | 3,588,800 | $+5.2$ |
| Shoes and othor footwear (nen's, women's and children's) | 19,667,000 | 20,243,200 | $+2.9$ |
| Sporting goods (including bicycles, toys, gamos) | 4,425,100 | 4,761,800 | + 7.6 |
| Stationery, books and magazines | 3,816,200 | 3,980,300 | $+4.3$ |
| Receipts from ropair or sorvice departments, not includod olsowhoro (such as heirdressing, eloctrical contracting, fur storage, interior docorating) .... | 2,462,600 | 2,511,100 | + 2.0 |
| Wiscellcnoous morchenciso | 2,987,900 | 3,382,600 | $+13.2$ |


[^0]:    13/12/35/1,000

[^1]:    1 Includes Yukon and Northwest Torritorios.

