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FEB 1 0 1958



OPERATING RESULTS

AND

FINANCIAL STRUCTURE RETAIL FOOD STORES 1956

(Independent)



Published by Authority of
The Honourable Gordon Churchill, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry and Merchandising Division
Retail Trade Section

Price: 25 cents

Vol. 3-Part H--K1

NOTICE

The annual reports prepared by the Industry and Merchandising Division of the Bureau of Statistics are divided into 3 volumes, as follows: Volume I — The Primary Industries, including mining, forestry and fisheries; Volume II — Manufacturing; Volume III — Merchandising and Services.

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*B - Operating Results of Food Wholesalers, 25¢

- *C Operating Results of Dry Goods, Piece Goods and Footwear Wholesalers, 25¢
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^{*} Biennial reports - not issued for 1956.

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DEFINITIONS

Profit and Loss

- Net sales—the dollar volume of business done. Allowances and discounts granted to customers and value of goods returned by customers are deducted from gross sales, but sales of meals or lunches provided employees and any goods withdrawn by the proprietor for personal use are included
- Purchases—are taken at invoice value less returns and allowances, cash and trade discounts. Added to the cost of merchandise are the following expenses: duty, inward freight, express and trucking, alterations, etc.
- Cost of goods sold-determined by adding the beginning inventory to net purchases and deducting the ending inventory.
- Gross profit the difference between "cost of goods sold" and "net sales".
- Operating expenses—all costs incurred in the year's operation of a business, except the cost of merchandise. These include:
 - Salaries and wages (except delivery) payments to employees before deduction of income tax or unemployment insurance. Proprietors' salaries or withdrawals are included in "net operating profit" (in unincorporated store operations).
 - Delivery—includes salaries paid to delivery men, truck repairs and maintenance, depreciation, licences and insurance on delivery equipment and supplies used in connection with delivery (gas, oil, etc.) and amount paid for contract delivery.
 - Taxes business, property and water taxes. Taxes collected for remittance to governmental bodies and income tax are not included.
 - Insurance annual proportion of premiums for insurance policies carried to protect the business.
 - Rent payments for use of business premises, also rentals of warehouses and garages, etc.
 - Heat, light and power-cost applicable to year's operations.
 - Repairs and maintenance—costs incurred to keep fixed store assets operating efficiently (excludes capital expenditure).
 - Depreciation allowances-provision for decrease in the value of fixed store assets.
 - Office and store supplies-wrapping paper, office supplies, etc.
 - Advertising displays, window dressing and sales promotion.
 - Net bad debt loss estimated amount of uncollectable customers' accounts receivable less the amount recovered from former bad debts.
 - Other expenses—telephone, telegraph, postage, bank charges, legal, auditing and collection fees, etc.
- Net operating profit—is the difference between "total operating expenses" and "gross profit", and includes proprietors' salaries and withdrawals before income tax deductions.
- Occupancy—the cost of maintaining and occupying a place of business and includes: rent, business and property taxes, insurance, heat, light and power, repairs and maintenance and depreciation.
- Non-trading income interest earned, revenues from rentals, other ventures, carrying charges and investments.
- Non-trading expense-interest expense, rental expense, any other expenses not pertaining to the business.

DEFINITIONS

Balance Sheet

Assets

- Cash on hand or in bank the amount of cash in the business at the end of the year.
- Net accounts receivable—all customers' notes and accounts owing to the business at the end of the year less any reserve for doubtful accounts.
- Merchandise inventory—the cost value of merchandise on hand for resale but does not include store supplies on hand.
- Other current assets—includes assets which may be converted into cash, if necessary within a reasonably short time, such as Dominion of Canada Bonds and prepaid insurance.
- Fixed assets (net)—the cost value of land, buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment less any reserves for depreciation. Separate figures are shown for assets used in the business and those not used in the business.
- Other assets—investment of a permanent nature not readily converted into cash and intangibles such as goodwill and organization costs.

Liabilities and Net Worth

- Current liabilities—are obligations which must be paid in the near future (usually one year) and represent accounts payable or any item that may be considered as a direct lien against current assets.
- Fixed liabilities mortgages secured by fixed assets and separated, as are fixed assets, between those used and not used in business.
- Other liabilities long term notes payable, accrued expenses such as taxes due but not yet paid, and prepaid or deferred income.
- Net worth—Unincorporated business—the amount invested in the business together with any accumulated profits after proprietor's or partners' withdrawals.

Incorporated business - net worth is shown in two parts:

- (1) Capital stock, which represents the shareholders' investment of fully paid-up subscribed shares, and
- (2) Surplus, which represents distributable surplus, capital surplus and earned surplus.

DEFINITIONS

Profit and Loss Statement Ratios

- Stock Turnover—the number of times in a year that the average merchandise inventory is sold and replaced. The average of the beginning and ending inventories is divided into the cost of goods sold.
 - Note: Each of the following ratios are expressed as a percentage of "net sales". Consequently, it is permissible to make direct comparisons between these ratios. Each ratio represents a portion of the average net sales dollar.
- Gross Profit Ratio—Sometimes referred to as the "gross margin ratio" or "mark-up" represents the difference between "cost of goods sold" and "net sales". It is the portion of the average sales dollar from which the merchant meets his operating expenses and obtains his net operating profit.
- Operating Expense Ratios—each item of expense, as well as "total operating expenses", when expressed as a percentage of "net sales" shows the amounts of the average sales dollar required to operate the average business.
- Net Operating Profit Ratio—the remaining proportion of the average sales' dollar after "cost of goods sold" and "total operating expenses" have been deducted. From this amount, the percentage allowances for both proprietors' salaries and income tax should be deducted in order to determine the percentage to sales of net returns on capital investment.

Balance Sheet Ratios

- Current Ratio—Current Assets ÷ Current Liabilities—indicates to what extent the business is able to meet its current obligations out of "current assets". Care should be taken to examine the components of current assets because overstocking of inventories and overinvestment in credit sales (accounts receivable) can result in a stronger or more favourable ratio.
- Liquidity Ratio—Current Assets less Merchandise Inventory: Current Liabilities—sometimes referred to as the "acid test", is similar to the "current ratio" as a test of current credit strength. A ratio of 100% (or 1) is usually considered favourable.
- Working Capital to Net Worth Ratio—denotes the relationship between "working capital" (current assets less current liabilities) and a proprietor's equity in the business. That is the proportion of "net worth" that could be realized readily if liquidation were necessary.
- Worth-Debt Ratio Net Worth : Total Liabilities if used in conjunction with the "current ratio", would reflect any weakening of the capital structure of a business through large loans which give a high "current ratio".

Interstatement Ratio

Turnover of Total Capital Employed—Net Sales : Total Assets used in the business—provides an indication of the degree of management efficiency. However, this ratio should not be used alone because "profits" and not "sales" are the major criterion of efficiency.

OPERATING RESULTS AND

FINANCIAL STRUCTURE RETAIL FOOD STORES 1956

INTRODUCTION

This report on operating results and financial structure presents information in the form of averages and ratios as a guide to retail store operators for the trades covered. These ratios are the "average" of a broad range of operational efficiency, and as such do not represent top performance guides. However, used with this in mind, they show a standard by which business men can compare their own operating experiences. The pattern of expense and financial ratios, by size and kind of business, permit direct analysis of operating results for the year.

There is growing evidence that independent retail merchants are making more advantageous use of the results shown in the biennial operating results bulletins issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Many accounting firms whose clientele includes retail merchants have shown much interest in these series.

A number of trade papers and business periodicals have reproduced and interpreted the results of previous studies with the object of illustrating to retail merchants the manner in which operating results can be used as a tool in store management. This is a practice the Bureau is pleased to encourage, since it meets with one of the most important objects in maintaining these series, namely the promotion of improved merchandising on the part of retailers.

The new owner of a retail store or the prospective operator might well study these averages. Not all failures in business, however, come from the "new-owner" group. It seems reasonable to suppose, however, that failure in many cases is the result of inadequate knowledge on the part of new proprietors of the true fiscal requirements involved in operating a business and the proper allocation of costs. Where capital is limited, as is often the case in a newly established store, it would seem

that most careful attention should be given to maintenance of proper records and that provision be made to check against some such standard performance as these publications provide.

This report deals with independent retail food stores. Separate figures are given for:

- 1. Grocery stores
- 2. Combination meat and grocery stores
- 3. Meat markets
- 4. Fruit and vegetable stores
- 5. Confectionery stores

There are analyses of:

- 1. profit and loss statements
- 2. balance sheet statements

Profit and loss data are shown for owned and rented stores separately, and for various sale-size categories. This 1956 report, for the first time, shows information on "other income" and "other expense". The segregation of these items improves the quality of the ratios for net operating profit in that there is little chance of a "net" of these two items being included in operating profit

Balance sheet data, which were introduced in 1948, are continued in this 1956 study. This information is presented by sales-size and kind of occupancy groups for stores with \$20,000 or more annual net sales. Where possible, a further differentiation has been made between businesses in operation less than 10 years and 10 years or more. An important change, introduced in 1950, is the segregation of fixed assets and fixed liabilities between those used in the business and those not used in the business. This makes possible a better relationship between assets used in the business and sales, than was possible when all fixed assets of the proprietor were reported as one item.

COMPARISON OF MAIN ITEMS BY TRADES

Independent food stores generally operated on wider marginal profits in 1956, than in 1954. For cases breaking the deadlock existing between 1952 two trades, operating expenses increased in ratio to and 1954 and reversing the downward trend of recent net sales, but not enough to offset the initial years. gross profit gain. Every food trade experienced an

increase in net operating profit over 1954, in most

TABLE 1. Average Gross and Net Profits - Historical Summary by Trades

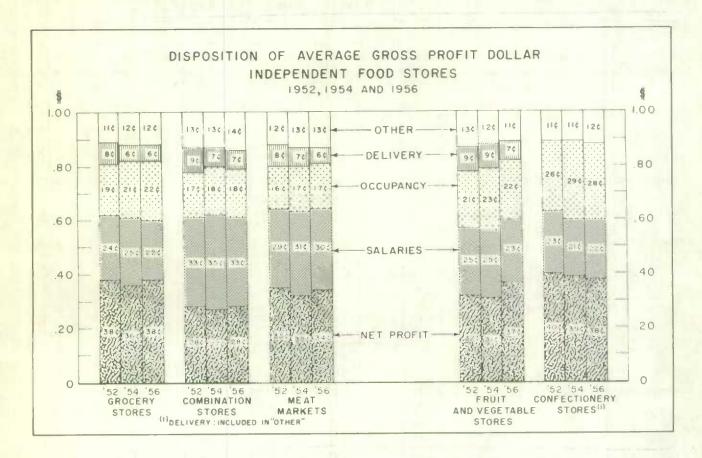
Grocery		cery	Combi	nation	Me	eat	Fruit Vege		Confectionery		
Year	Gross Profit	Net Profit	Gross Profit	Net Profit	Gross Profit	Net Profit	Gross Profit	Net Profit	Gross Profit	Net Profit	
				(1	Per cent of	f net sales)		*		
1938	16.0	4.5	17.4	4.1	22.4	5.6					
1941	15. 2	5. 7	16.9	5. 2	-	-		(Not available)			
1944	14. 2	6.3	15. 2	5. 8	17.1	6.0	16.4	6.6	19.5	9.6	
1945	14.1	6.1	14.9	5. 0	16.9	6.0	16.0	6.6	20.7	10.1	
1946	14. 3	6.0	15. 1	4.8	17. 2	5. 8	16. 1	6. 5	18. 9	8.8	
948	14.0	5. 7	14.6	4. 4	16.6	5. 5	17.5	6.5	19.1	8.5	
1950	14.4	5. 2	14.9	4.1	16.1	5.0	17.5	5. 9	18. 2	7. 5	
952	13.8	5. 2	14.6	4.1	17.5	6.1	17. 5	5.6	18.8	7. 5	
1954	14. 3	5. 2	15.4	4.1	18.6	6.0	18. 1	5. 6	17.4	6. 7	
1956	14.7	5. 5	15. 4	4.3	19.4	6.5	19.1	7. 0	19.5	7.5	

TABLE 2. Average Inventories and Stock Turnover - Historical Summary by Trades

47		Grocery			Combinatio	n — —		Meat	
Year	Beginning Inventory	Ending Inventory	Stock turnover 1	Beginning Inventory	Ending Inventory	Stock turnover 1	Beginning Inventory	Ending Inventory	Stock turnover 1
	\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$	
1938	2,570	2, 472	9. 9	2, 275	2, 265	13.0	732	732	31.0
1941	2,636	2, 979	7. 9	2,046	2,324	13.0	(1)	e)	
1945	2, 382	2,468	11.5	3,084	3, 176	15. 5	882	972	41.6
1946	2, 442	2.843	11.4	3, 231	3.846	14.9	1,054	1, 284	37. 2
1948	3, 389	3, 423	10.6	4,460	4,520	13.8	1, 249	1,398	37.4
1950	3, 528	3, 906	10.9	4, 453	5, 141	13. 9	1,130	1, 305	43.4
1952	3,947	3, 956	10. 1	5, 298	5, 104	13.8	1, 521	1,365	39.1
1954	4, 040	4, 190	10.8	5, 437	5, 571	14. 1	1, 514	1,518	39.7
1956	4,750	4, 929	9. 5	5, 701	5, 983	14. 1	1,447	1,468	39.8
		Fruit a	and Vegetab	le			Confection	nery	
	Beginni Invento		Ending nventory	Stock turnove		eginning nventory	Ending Invento		Stock irnover 1
	\$		\$			\$	\$		
1945	1	, 212	1, 283		25. 2	970	1	, 030	15.3
1946	1	, 278	1,418		24.6	1,117	1	, 352	13.0
1948	1	, 682	1,868		19. 2	1,410	1	. 487	12.1
1950	1	, 912	2, 152		18.8	1,771	1	, 948	11.3
1952	2	, 426	2,481		18. 4	1,985	2	, 061	12.0
1954	2	, 378	2,398		17.7	2,128	2	, 149	12.1
1956	2	328	2, 588		18.7	2, 051	2	. 139	11.9

^{1.} Times per year.

Only grocery and combination stores showed higher beginning of the year inventories; only meat markets and confectionery stores had lower ending inventories. The rate of stock turnover in 1956 remained fairly constant with 1954 for the combined food trades, although a slight overall decrease was registered. Meat markets as usual, due to the perishable nature of commodities handled, had the highest stock turnover rate more than doubling the next highest rate of 18.7 for fruit and vegetable stores.



The chart showing the disposition of the average gross profit dollar for each of the five food trades surveyed, is a valuable standard to which firms within each specific trade might compare their results. Differences arising from such comparisons are more apparent than if percentage ratio of costs and profits to sales were used as the standard or basis of comparison. However, because the number of gross profit dollars varies considerably between trades, there is no common basis for reliable inter-trade comparisons of average gross profit dollar components. As an example, combina-

tion stores operated with a larger sales' volume than did confectionery stores thereby requiring a smaller mark-up to obtain a reasonable net profit. By comparison it can be noted that combination stores in 1956 retained only 28 cents of their average gross profit dollar as net profit, whereas confectionery stores retained 38 cents. There is no justification to assume from this comparison that confectionery stores realized a greater net profit than did combination stores. Inter-trade comparisons should be made with items expressed as proportions of their respective sales.

FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Balance sheet data have been collected from 1948, with some improvements made in 1950. Various operating ratios can be made from tabular data shown under the separate trades on subsequent pages of this report. Averages are shown here in summary for owned and rented stores separately and represent only stores in the \$20,000 and over

annual sales volume categories. Reference should be made to page 6 for definitions of these ratios.

These ratios are derived from the firms reporting in the designated years, not necessarily from identical firms throughout the series. Some ratios have only been compiled for three years, others for five years, biennially from 1948.

TABLE 3. Independent Retail Food Stores, Owned and Rented, Comparison made for Balance Sheet Ratios as at December 31st

(Average of firms with net sales \$20,000 and over)

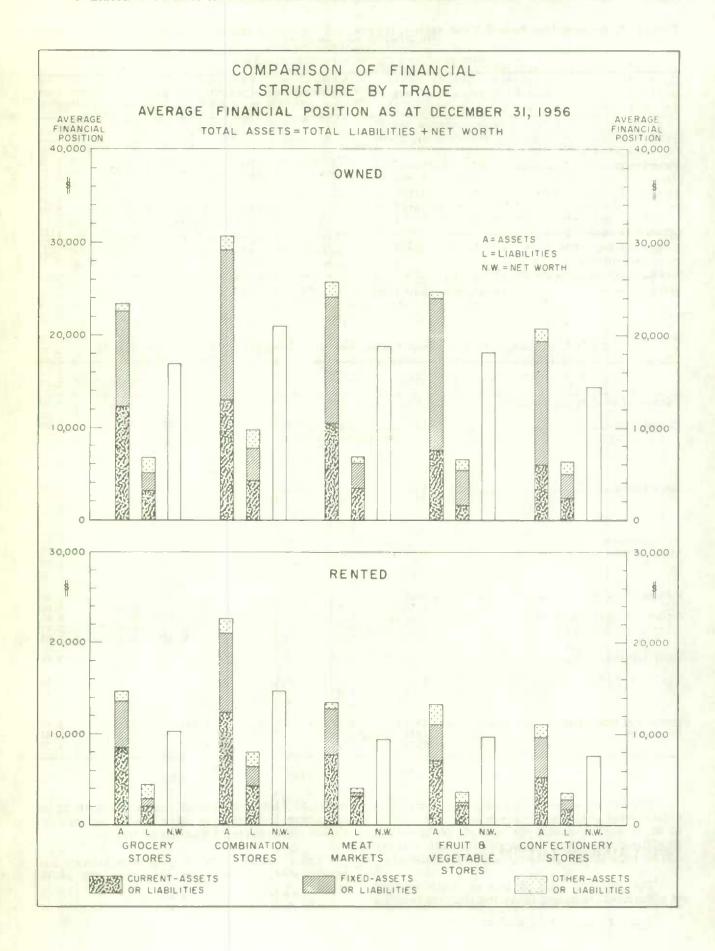
Item	Grocery stores	Combination stores	Meat markets	Fruit and vegetable stores	Confectionery stores
			Owned		
Current ratio	2. 65 2. 88 3. 90 3. 30 3. 95	2. 18 2. 40 2. 68 2. 40 3. 03	2. 36 2. 04 2. 76 2. 43 3. 07	2. 45 4. 12 5. 27 2. 80 4. 77	2. 34 2. 74
Liquidity ratio	1.98	1.43	2. 21	3. 21	1. 17
	1.64	1.20	1. 88	1. 75	1. 07
	1.84	1.50	2. 43	2. 53	1. 41
Working capital to net worth ratio	0. 43	0.36	0, 26	0. 24	0. 42
	0. 44	0.40	0, 26	0. 31	0. 35
	0. 51	0.44	0, 33	0. 36	0. 28
	0. 44	0.41	0, 32	0. 28	0. 28
	0. 54	0.41	0, 37	0. 33	0. 26
Worth debt ratio	2. 94	2.56	3. 13	3.33	2.70
	2. 78	2.08	2. 22	4.55	1.96
	3. 36	2.31	3. 12	4.76	2.49
	2. 91	1.90	2. 06	3.21	2.92
	2. 53	2.13	2. 72	2.77	2.25
Turnover of total capital employed	3.56	4.00	3. 92	4. 10	3. 04
	3.24	3.89	3. 99	3. 95	3. 02
	2.59	3.75	3. 63	3. 50	2. 51
			Rented		
Current ratio	2. 90	2. 47	2. 13	2. 84	2.93
	2. 94	2. 33	1. 94	2. 48	3.37
	2. 97	2. 37	2. 47	2. 69	3.43
	3. 01	2. 41	2. 33	2. 66	2.18
	4. 28	2. 94	2. 46	3. 43	3.14
Liquidity ratio	1.36	1.22	2.00	1.36	1.77
	1.37	1.24	1.88	1.17	0.93
	1.90	1.50	2.02	2.24	1.49
Working capital to net worth ratio	0.71	0.60	0. 49	0.63	0.59
	0.67	0.53	0. 46	0.43	0.60
	0.64	0.53	0. 56	0.55	0.47
	0.64	0.55	0. 43	0.55	0.41
	0.63	0.55	0. 49	0.55	0.48
Worth debt ratio	2. 27	2. 17	2. 04	2. 63	2. 70
	2. 22	1. 89	1. 59	2. 56	3. 23
	2. 19	1. 67	2. 15	2. 64	2. 64
	2. 48	1. 81	2. 11	2. 36	1. 95
	2. 35	1. 85	2. 29	2. 70	2. 16
Turnover of total capital employed	5. 41	6. 23	7. 53	8. 23	5. 40
	5. 59	6. 20	6. 58	7. 46	6. 41
	5. 44	5. 79	6. 71	5. 63	4. 73

The current ratio of all trades has remained in a favourable position in excess of 2 to 1, that is \$2.00 of current assets for each \$1.00 of current liabilities. Grocery stores especially show a strong current ratio in both the owned and rented categories.

The liquidity ratio, a test of credit strength of a business, remained above the standard position

of \$1.00 readily converted assets for each \$1.00 of current liabilities in all cases except confectionery stores operated from rented premises.

Other ratios, both in trade comparisons and yearly within trades, are seen from the above table.



Independent Grocery Stores

This survey of independent grocery stores includes only retail establishments selling mainly a general line of groceries; fresh meats may be sold but not in excess of 15% of total net sales.

Unincorporated stores only are covered in this report and ratios and data are presented for profit and loss and balance sheet. Reports used in this study numbered 1,031 (676 owned and 355 rented stores). A smaller number of balance sheet reports were used due to the fact that the stores reporting in the two smallest sales-sizes were not required to submit such information. Results are shown by sales-size categories and, where possible a further breakdown was made in the balance sheet averages by number of years in business.

In compiling trade ratios for the "total, all sizes" the different sales-size ratios were combin-

ed by giving each size category its proper "weight" as obtained from the 1951 census. In this survey the reporting is generally better in the larger size stores so that any aggregate of reporting firms would show a ratio biased toward the characteristics of large store operation. The use of weighting gives proper importance to small store operations so that the ratios shown in the summary Table 5 more truly represent the trade total.

Stores in 1956 operated on a higher gross profit, expressed as a percentage of net sales, than in 1954. Total operating expenses showed a slight decrease this survey and this, coupled with the marginal increase, resulted in a net gain in operating profit, standing at 6.09 per cent this year compared to 5.65 in 1954.

TABLE 4. Independent Grocery Stores, Balance Sheet Ratios as at December 31

Item		Owned	Rented
Current ratio	1948	2.65	2.90
	1950	2.88	2.94
	1952	3.90	2.97
	1954	3.30	3.01
	1956	3.95	4.28
Liquidity ratio	1952	1.98	1.36
	1954	1.64	1.37
	1956	1.84	1.90
Working capital to net worth ratio	1948	0.43	0.71
	1950	0.44	0.67
	1952	0.51	0.64
	1954	0.44	0.64
	1 956	0.54	0.63
Worth debt ratio	1948	2.94	2. 27
	1950	2.78	2.22
	1952	3.36	2.19
	1954	2.91	2.48
	1956	2.53	2.35
Purnover of total capital employed	1952	3.56	5.41
	1954	3.24	5.59
	1956	2.59	5.44

TABLE 5. Operating Results of Independent Grocery Stores 1954 and 1956 Compared

Item	1954	1956
	(per cent of net s	sales)
Gross profit	14.38	14.76
Operating expenses:	- X page 100	
Employees' salaries	2.89	2.55
Occupancy	3.30	3.56
Delivery	0.88	0.82
Office and Stores Supplies	0.52	0.49
All other expenses	1.14	1.25
Total operating expenses	8. 73	8, 67
Net operating profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income tax	5, 65	6. 01

Note: These ratios are "weighted" according to the 1951 Census weights of the different sales sizes for independent stores. They do not agree with ratios shown in historical tables.

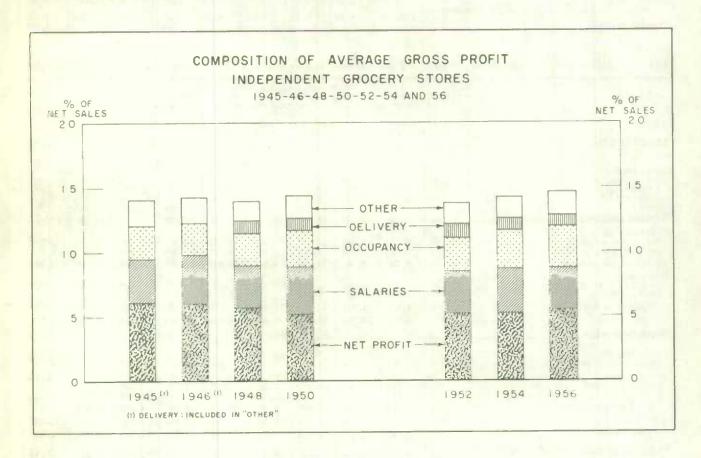


TABLE 6. Independent Grocery Stores - Operating Result by Annual Sales Volume and Occupancy Basis 1956

	Ow	ned stores	with annu	al net sale	s of	Rented stores with annual net sales of			
1tem	Under \$10,000	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999			\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$100,00 and ove
Number of stores reporting Average net sales per store Average beginning inventory Average inventory, end of year Average cost of Goods sold Stock turnover (times per year)	42 6,648 1,180 1,129 5,495 4.76	119 15,180 2,522 2,532 12,945 5,12	282 34,054 3,826 3,933 29,091 7,50	163 69,753 6,515 6,679 59,744 9.06	70 157,197 13,262 14,102 134,703 9,85	33 16,307 1,505 1,537 13,713 9,02	147 33,833 2,845 3,015 28,791 9,83	131 68,755 4,546 4,827 58,633 12.51	153, 253 9, 441 9, 594 129, 583 13, 62
Profit and Loss Data (Per cent of net sales)									
Gross Profit	17.34	14.72	14.57	14.35	14.31	15.91	15.02	14.72	15.44
Operating expenses: Executives and employees' salaries and wages etc.(except delivery) Delivery	0.69	1.12	1.89	3.55 0.77	4. 74 0. 75	0.18 0.73	1.67	3.26 0.90	4.76
Occupancy expenses: Taxes Insurance Rent Heat, light and power Repairs and maintenance Depreciation allowances Total occupancy expenses Office and store supplies Advertising Net loss on bad debts All other expenses	1.40 0.53 - 2.06 0.53 0.40 4.92 0.68 0.06 0.34	0.87 0.45 	0.62 0.35 	0.45 0.31 	0.30 0.28 	0.41 0.22 3.64 1.15 0.27 0.44 6.13 0.46 0.08 0.18 0.61	0.28 0.21 2.31 0.77 0.35 0.56 4.48 0.49 0.19 0.10 0.83	0.20 0.23 1.63 0.57 0.29 0.63 3.55 0.54 0.13 0.79	0. 18 0. 19 1. 25 0. 42 0. 29 0. 52 2. 85 0. 48 0. 35 0. 10 0. 71
Total operating expenses	8.24	7.64	7.86	9.07	9, 90	8, 37	8. 54	9, 43	10.47
Net operating profit	9, 10	7.08	6. 71	5,28	4.41	7, 54	6.48	5.29	4.97
Non-trading income	2.46 0.36	1.80 0.18	0.89 0.15	0.65 0.10	0. 27 0. 04	1.50 0.24	0. 65 0. 11	0. 21 0. 04	0. 19 0. 01
income tax	11.20	8.70	7.45	5.83	4.64	8.80	7.02	5.46	5.15

TABLE 7. Independent Grocery Stores - Owned - Financial Structure by Size and Age of business as at December 31, 1956

				Stores with	h annual n	et sales of				Total
Item	\$20,000-549,999			\$50,000-\$99,999			\$100,000 and over			all sizes
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$20,000 and over
					(Average	per store)			
Assets					1	1				
Current assets: Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	1,505 860 4,051 526	1,914 1,263 4,161 742	1.786 1.137 4.127 674	2,232 2,336 6,439 652	3.612 3.176 7,090 828	3,061 2,841 6,831 758	4, 286 6, 049 13, 028 714	4,508 5,375 15,257 1,109	4,421 5,639 14,385 954	2,597 2,365 6,539 743
Total current assets	6, 942	8,080	7, 724	11,659	14,706	13,491	24,077	26, 249	25,399	12,244
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	8, 038 993	5.942 1,742	6.597 1,508	11,576 1,520	7,909 1,433	9, 372 1, 467	18, 851 969	12,040 3,628	14,705 2,586	8, 713 1, 655
Total fixed assets (net)	9, 031	7,684	8,105	13,096	9,342	10, 839	19, 820	15,668	17,293	10,368
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets	1.198	990 113	1,055 172	380 269	485 76	443 153	213 488	190	199	727
Total other assets	1,500	1,103	1,227	649	561	596	701	501	579	924
Total assets	17,473	16, 867	17,056	25,404	24,609	24,926	44,598	42,418	43,271	23,536
Liabilities										
Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	1,226	1,480	1,400	2,896	3,252	3,110	10,626	8,077	9,074	3,102
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	1,258 65	599 317	805 238	2,177	1,602 219	1,831 227	6, 551	2,802 1,334	4,270 831	1,857
Total fixed liabilities	1,323	916	1,043	2,415	1,821	2,058	6, 601	4,136	5,101	1,979
Other liabilities	655	765	731	2, 078	1,202	1.551	3,165	5.569	4, 628	1,579
Total liabilities	3,204	3, 161	3,174	7,389	6, 275	6,719	20,392	17, 782	18, 903	8, 660
Net worth proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	14, 269	13,706	13,882	18,015	18,334	18, 207	24, 206	24,636	24,468	16,876
Total liabilities and net worth	17,473	16, 867	17,056	25, 404	24,609	24, 926	44, 596	42,418	43,271	23,536
Average net sales of stores reporting	35,803	34,267	34,748	71,539	68, 958	69, 987	154, 598	160, 173	157, 991	64, 630
Number of stores reporting	76	167	243	61	92	153	27	42	69	465

TABLE 8. Independent Grocery Stores - Rented - Financial Structure by Size and Age of business as at December 31,1956

				Stores wit	h annual n	et sales o	ſ			Total
Item	\$20	,000-\$49,	999	\$50,000 - \$99,999			\$10	0,000 and	over	all
1000	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$20,000 and over
					(Average	per store)				
Assets					1					
Current assets: Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	1, 257 325 2, 940 73	2, 052 1, 036 2, 954 303	1,648 674 2,947 186	1, 256 1, 185 4, 679 124	1,699 2,195 4,754 290	1,494 1,728 4,719 214	4, 961 2, 590 10, 129 540	4, 339 2, 765 9, 251 900	4, 536 2, 710 9, 529 786	2. 010 1, 431 4. 689 287
Total current assets	4,595	6, 345	5, 455	7, 244	8, 938	8, 155	18, 220	17, 255	17, 561	8, 417
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	2,550 207	2, 066 2, 287	2.312 1.229	3,087 638	2,709 3,376	2,884 2,111	4, 283 5, 190	5, 091 5, 818	4,835 5,619	2, 934 2, 261
Total fixed assets (net)	2, 757	4,353	3,541	3, 725	6, 085	4, 995	9, 473	10, 909	10, 454	5, 195
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets	85 297	359 63	220 182	13 630	398 170	220 382	5.599 3.261	1.603	2.870 1.149	614 412
Total other assets	382	422	402	643	566	602	8, 860	1,772	4, 019	1, 026
Total assets	7, 734	11, 120	9, 398	11, 612	15,591	13, 752	36, 553	29, 936	32, 034	14, 638
Liabilities										
Ourrent ilabilities: Accounts and notes payable	675	1.098	883	2, 240	2,162	2, 199	4,558	4.248	4.346	1, 965
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	189 51	167 867	178 452	540 137	157 1.505	333 873	450 725	580 418	539 515	299 643
Total fixed liabilities	240	1, 034	630	677	1, 662	1, 206	1, 175	998	1, 054	942
ther liabilities	270	493	380	1.714	1,445	1.569	5, 329	3,680	4, 203	1,460
Total liabilities	1, 185	2, 625	1, 893	4, 631	5, 269	4, 974	11, 062	8, 926	9, 603	4, 367
the business	6, 549	8. 495	7.505	6, 981	10.322	8, 778	25. 491	21,010	22, 431	10, 271
Total liabilities and net worth	7, 734	11, 120	9, 398	11, 612	15, 591	13, 752	36, 553	29, 936	32, 034	14, 638
Verage net sales of stores reporting	35,445	33, 815	34.644	69. 209	68, 741	68, 958	144.011	159,764	154, 769	67, 283
Rumber of stores reporting	59	57	116	55	64	119	13	28	41	276

Independent Combination Stores

The independent combination stores survey includes only retail establishments selling mainly a combination of groceries and fresh meats, neither one constituting less than 15% of total net sales.

Unincorporated stores only are covered in this report and ratios and data are presented for profit and loss and balance sheet. Reports used in this study numbered 772 (469 owned an 303 rented stores). A smaller number of balance sheet reports were used due to the fact that the stores reporting to the two smallest sales-sizes were not required to submit such information. Results are shown by sales-size categories and, where possible a further breakdown was made in the balance sheet averages by number of years in business.

In compiling trade ratios for the "total, all sizes" the different sales-size ratios were combin-

ed by giving each size category its proper "weight" as obtained from the 1951 census. In this survey the reporting is generally better in the larger size stores so that any aggregate of reporting firms would show a ratio biased toward the characteristics of large store operation. The use of weighting gives proper importance to small store operations so that the ratios shown in the summary table 9 more truly represent the trade total.

Stores in 1956 operated on a higher gross profit, expressed as a percentage of net sales, than in 1954. Total operating expenses showed a slight decrease this survey and this, coupled with the marginal increase, resulted in a net gain in operating profit, standing at 4.75 per cent this year compared to 4.40 per cent last survey.

TABLE 9. Operating Results of Independent Combination Stores 1954 and 1956 Compared

Item	1954	195 6	
	(per cent of net s	ales)	
Gross profit	15. 09	15.40	
Operating expenses:			
Employees' salaries	4.75	4.38	
Occupancy	2. 93	3. 10	
Delivery	1.11	1. 0	
Office and store supplies	0.61	0.6	
All other expenses	1.29	1.4	
Total operating expenses	10. 69	10. 6	
et operating profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income	4.40	4. 7	

Note: These ratios are "weighted" according to the 1951 Census weights of the different sales-sizes for independent stores. They do not agree with ratios shown in historical tables.

TABLE 10. Independent Combination Stores - Balance Sheet Ratios as at December 31

Item		Owned	Rented
Current ratio	1948	2.18	2.47
	1950	2.40	2.33
	1952	2.68	2.37
	1954	2.40	2.41
	1956	3.03	2.94
Liquidity ratio	1952	1.43	1.22
	1 954	1.20	1.24
	1956	1.50	1.50
Working capital to net worth ratio	1948	0.36	0.60
	1950	0.40	0. 53
	1952	0.44	0. 53
	1954	0.41	0.55
	1956	0.41	0.55
Worth debt ratio	1948	2. 56	2.17
	1950	2.08	1.89
	1 952	2. 31	1.67
	1954	1.90	1.81
	1956	2. 13	1.85
Turnover of total capital employed	1952	4.00	6.23
	1954	3.89	6- 20
	1 956	3.75	5.79

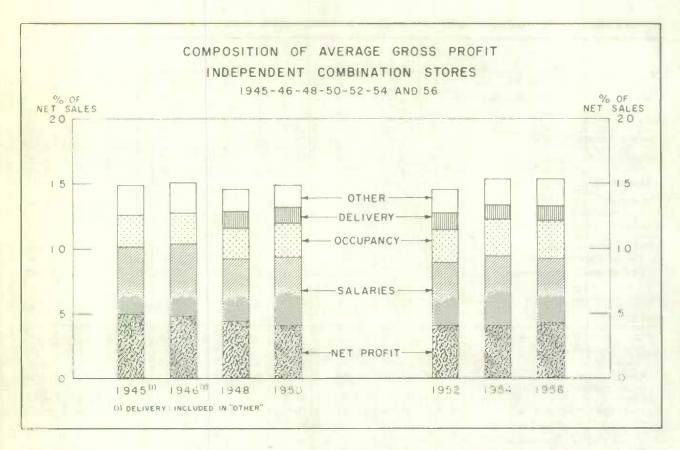


TABLE 11. Independent Combination Stores - Operating Results by Annual Sales Volume and Occupancy Basis 1956

	w	Owned ith annual	stores net sales	of	W	Rented ith annual	stores net sales	of
Item	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$100,000 and over
Number of stores reporting	30	134	153	146	8	61	109	125
Average net sales per store	16, 277	35, 089	72,857	182, 477	15,766	36, 863	71, 321	176, 219
Average beginning inventory	1, 453	2, 921	4, 768	10, 378	2, 262	2, 346	3, 876	9, 056
Average inventory, end of year	1, 438	2, 967	4, 970	11, 209	2,075	2, 517	3, 994	9, 359
Average cost of goods sold	13,605	30,027	61, 769	154, 906	12, 390	31, 087	59.869	148, 407
Stock turnover (times per year)	9. 41	10, 20	12.69	14. 35	5. 71	12, 79	15, 21	16. 12
	0	401.00	18.00	2 11 00	0. 12	32. 45	104 21 4	100 12
Profit and loss data (Per cent of net sales)							210	
Gross profit	16.42	14.42	15.21	15.11	21, 42	15.67	16.06	15. 78
Operating expenses: Executives and employees salaries and wages, etc. (except delivery) Delivery	0.83	2.03	4. 35 1. 19	5. 76 0. 95	0.45 0.76	2. 50 1. 21	4, 43 1, 14	5. 80 1. 15
Occupancy expenses:	1100	11.00	14 10	0.30	0. 10	21.04	44 47	1.40
Taxes Insurance Rent	0.77 0.36	0. 62 0. 33	0. 46 0. 27	0.33 0.26	0.72 0.42 3.25	0. 33 0. 22 1. 97	0.25 0.23 1.42	0. 16 0. 22 0. 96
Heat, light and power Repairs and maintenance Depreciation allowances	1. 27 0. 60 0. 69	0. 99 0. 51 1. 16	0. 72 0. 46 0. 95	0. 48 0. 40 1. 02	1. 09 0. 32 0. 16	0. 74 0. 39 0. 68	0. 56 0. 38 0. 73	0. 39 0. 33 0. 68
Total occupancy expenses	3, 69	3, 61	2.86	2,49	5, 96	4,33	3, 57	2,74
Office and store supplies Advertising Net loss on bad debts All other expenses	0. 65 0. 10 0. 18 1. 15	0. 66 0. 17 0. 11 1. 12	0. 55 0. 39 0. 11 0. 82	0. 62 0. 54 0. 13 0. 91	0. 41 0. 27 0. 09 1. 56	0.61 0.22 0.24 1.03	0.70 0.35 0.08 0.89	0. 59 0. 54 0. 07 0. 92
Total operating expenses	7. 93	8. 73	10. 27	11.40	9. 50	10, 14	11.16	11.81
Net operating profit	8.49	5, 69	4.94	3. 71	11.92	5.53	4.90	3.97
Non-trading income	1. 59 0. 37	0. 53 0. 04	0.50 0.11	0.47 0.19	0.31	0.09 0.02	0.25 0.08	0.16 0.05
Net profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income tax	9,71	6. 18	5.33	3.99	11.61	5.60	5.07	4.08

TABLE 12. Independent Combination Stores - Owned - Financial Structure by Size and Age of Business as at December 31, 1956

				Stores wit	h annual n	et sales o	f			Total
Item	\$20	,000 - \$49,	999	\$50	,000 - \$99,	999	\$10	0,000 and	over	all sizes
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$20,000 and over
Assets					(Average	per store)			
Current assets:	100									
Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	1, 481 1, 380 2, 438 94	1,650 1,025 3,088 615	1, 579 1, 175 2, 814 396	1, 496 2, 497 4, 765 280	2, 282 2, 603 5, 053 495	2,022 2,568 4,958 424	3, 518 4, 264 10, 069 674	3, 949 5, 892 11, 598 1, 311	3,835 5,459 i1,192 1,141	2, 53' 3, 19' 6, 556
Total current assets	5, 393	6,378	5,964	9,038	10,433	9, 972	18, 525	22,750	21,627	12, 959
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	8, 783 3, 005	6,649 2,008	7, 548 2, 429	10,704 3,332	8,739 3,177	9, 389 3, 228	22,892 3,421	17.967 6,375	19, 276 5, 590	12, 362
Total fixed assets (net)	11,792	8,657	9, 977	14, 036	11,916	12,617	26, 313	24, 342	24,866	16, 199
ther assets: Long term investments Other assets	387	1,433	993 50	580 385	590 197	587 259	1,302	2, 187 1, 125	1,952 i,045	1.183
Total other assets	387	1,521	1,043	965	787	846	2, 126	3, 312	2.997	1, 661
Total assets	17, 572	16,556	16, 984	24, 039	23, 136	23, 435	46, 964	50, 404	49, 490	30,81
Liabilities										
Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	1, 100	1,215	1,167	2,629	3, 203	3,013	10,062	7, 352	8,072	4, 28
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	1, 895 351	590 441	1, 139 403	2, 596 1, 672	1, 383	1,784 1,082	6, 951 848	3, 157 1, 576	4, 166	2, 44:
Total fixed liabilities	2,246	1,031	1,542	4, 268	2,172	2, 866	7, 799	4,733	5,548	3, 440
Other liabilities	402	610	523	2,301	1, 521	1.779	5, 159	3, 199	3,720	2, 111
Total liabilities	3, 748	2,856	3, 232	9, 198	6, 896	7,658	23, 020	15, 284	17,340	9, 831
Net worth: Proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	13, 824	13, 700	13, 752	14, 841	16, 240	15, 777	23, 944	35, 120	32, 150	20, 988
Total liabilities and net worth	17,572	16,556	16, 984	24, 039	23, 136	23, 435	46,964	50, 404	49, 490	30, 819
Average net sales of stores reporting	37, 730 48	33, 533	35, 300 114	70,004	74,000	72, 577 148	194, 712	178,633	182, 906 143	101,076 405

TABLE 13, Independent Combination Stores - Rented - Financial Structure by Size and Age of Business as at December 31, 1956

				Stores wit	h annual ne	et sales o	Ē			Total
Item	\$20	0,000-\$49,	999	\$50	0,000-\$99,	999	\$100,000 and over			all
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$20,000 and over
Assets					(Average	per store)			
Current assets: Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	1,048 839 2,817 109	1, 184 866 2, 259 646	1, 128 855 2, 488 425	1.561 1.486 3.293 134	2,649 2,181 4,512 384	2, 121 1, 843 3, 921 263	3, 243 4, 008 9, 304 192	4, 753 5, 556 9, 437 1, 612	4.010 4.846 9.372 914	2, 738 2, 944 5, 993 578
Total current assets	4, 813	4, 955	4,896	6, 474	9,726	8, 148	16,747	21,458	19, 142	12, 253
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	2, 645 1, 661	2,397	2, 499 1, 111	4.896 1,697	3, 380 4, 078	4, 115	7,815 3,362	7,811 6,774	7, 813 5, 097	5, 391 3, 498
Total fixed assets (net)	4, 306	3, 124	3,610	6, 593	7,458	7,038	11, 177	14, 585	12,910	8, 889
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets	618 204	334	451 84	50 563	1, 130 466	606 513	1,095	2. 126 578	1, 619 640	1,013 482
Total other assets	822	334	535	613	1,596	1,119	1,799	2,704	2, 259	1, 495
Total assets	9,941	8, 413	9, 041	13, 680	18, 780	16,305	29, 723	38, 747	34, 311	22,637
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	1, 116	1,010	1,054	2, 915	2, 274	2, 585	6, 964	6, 974	6, 969	4, 174
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	205 1, 122	21 91	97 514	1,171	240 1,813	692 1, 295	1, 961 1, 620	1,637	1,796 i,322	1,050
Total fixed liabilities	1,327	112	611	1, 916	2,053	1,987	3, 581	2, 670	3,118	2,199
Other liabilities	304	391	355	1,259	1,482	1,373	2, 463	2, 191	2, 325	1,580
Total liabilities	2,747	1,513	2, 020	6, 090	5,809	5, 945	13,008	11,835	12,412	7, 953
let worth: Proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	7, 194	6, 900	7, 021	7, 590	12, 971	10, 360	16,715	26, 912	21,899	14, 684
Total liabilities and net worth	9, 941	8,413	9, 041	13,680	18,780	16,305	29,723	38, 747	34,311	22, 637
Average net sales of stores reporting	38, 173 23	36, 739 33	37, 328 56	72, 435 49	70, 927 52	71,658 101	186, 692 59	169, 728 61	178,069 120	110,816 277

Independent Meat Markets

The survey of independent meat markets includes retail establishments selling mainly fresh meats; dry groceries if carried must not be in excess of 15% of the total trade.

Unincorporated stores only are covered in this report and ratios and data are presented for profit and loss and balance sheet. Reports used in this study numbered 273 (104 owned and 169 rented stores). A smaller number of balance sheet reports were used due to the fact that the stores reporting to the two smallest sales-sizes were not required to submit such information. Results are shown by sales-size categories and, where possible, a further breakdown was made in the balance sheet averages by number of years in business.

In compiling trade ratios for the "total, all sizes" the different sales-size ratios were combi-

ned by giving each size category its proper "weight" as obtained from the 1951 census. In this survey the reporting is generally better in the larger size stores so that any aggregate of reporting firms would show a ratio biased toward the characteristics of large store operation. The use of weighting gives proper importance to small store operations so that the ratios shown in the summary Table 15 more truly represent the trade total.

Stores in 1956 operated on a higher gross profit, expressed as a percentage of net sales, than in 1954. Total operating expenses showed a slight increase this survey thereby reducing the marginal profit to a certain extent. There was a net operating profit gain of 6.88 per cent this survey compared to 6.37 in 1954.

TABLE 14. Independent Meat Markets - Balance Sheet Ratios as at December 31

Item		Owned	Rented
Current ratio	1948	2.36	2.13
	1950	2.04	1.94
	1952	2.76	2.47
	1 954	2.43	2.33
	1956	3.07	2.46
Liquidity ratio	1952	2.21	2.00
	1954	1.88	1.88
	1956	2.43	2.02
Working capital to net worth ratio	1948	0.26	0.49
	1950	0.26	0.46
	1952	0.33	0.56
	1954	0.32	0.43
	1956	0.37	0.49
Worth debt ratio	1948	3.13	2.04
	1950	2.22	1.59
	1952	3.12	2.15
	1 954	2.06	2.11
	1956	2.72	2.29
Turnover of total capital employed	1952	3.92	7.53
	1 954	3.99	6,58
	1956	3.63	6.71

TABLE 15. Operating Results of Independent Meat Markets 1954 and 1956 Compared

Item	1954	1956
	(per cent	of net sales)
ross prout	18: 90	19.61
perating expenses:		MI TO I
Employees' salaries	5.53	5.47
Occupancy	3.37	3.48
Delivery	1.35	1.30
Office and stores supplies	0. 94	1.00
All other expenses	1.34	1.48
Total operating expenses	12.53	12.73
et operating profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income	6.37	6. 88

Note: These ratios are "weighted" according to the 1951 Census weights of the different sales-sizes for independent stores. They do not agree with ratios shown in historical tables.

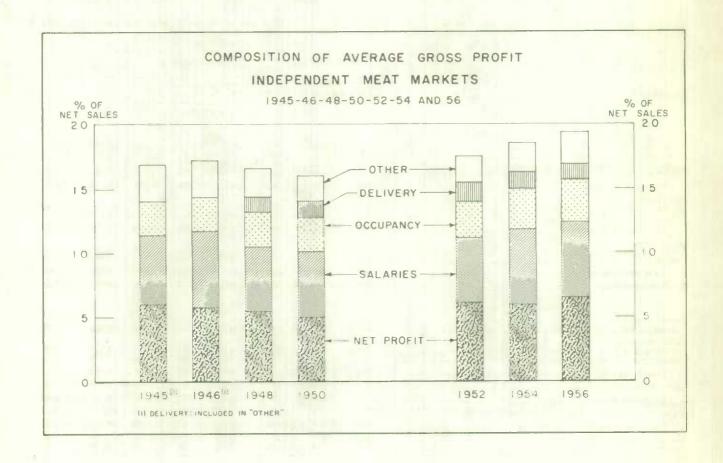


TABLE 16. Independent Meat Markets - Operating Results by Annual Sales Volume and Occupancy Basis 1956

	Owned s	tores with	annual ne	t sales of	Rented :	stores with	annual ne	t sales of
Item	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$100,000 and over
Number of stores reporting	15,910 512	24 32,751 1,183	38 69,041 1,588	24 141,730 3,478	16 15,511 337	55 34,293 581	68 69,622 1,352	30 187,003 2,797
Average inventory, end of year\$ Average cost of goods sold\$ Stock turnover (times per year)	526 12,687 24,45	1,119 25,963 22,56	1,741 54,443 32,71	3,814 114,822 31,49	403 12,145 32,82	617 27,563 46,01	1,351 55,667 41.19	2,480 153,850 58,31
Profit and Loss Data (per cent of net sales)								
Gross profit	20, 25	20,72	21.14	18.99	21.70	19.62	20,04	17.73
Operating expenses: Executives' and employees' salaries and wages etc. (except delivery)	0.83	4.14	5,64	7.68	1.50	2.65	5.84	6.66
Delivery	2.45	1.74	1.28	1.34	1.36	1,24	1.19	0.96
Occupancy expenses: Taxes Insurance Rent Heat, light and power Repairs and maintenance Depreciation allowances	0.71 0.45 - 1.36 0.62 1.07	0.79 0.38 1.37 0.63 1.34	0.54 0.28 0.85 0.61 1.26	0.37 0.23 0.57 0.54 0.93	0.37 0.21 3.87 1.36 0.52 0.63	0.21 0.13 2.33 0.73 0.44 0.75	0. 19 0. 21 1. 56 0. 55 0. 47 0. 77	0.12 0.15 1.09 0.28 0.26 0.39
Total occupancy expenses		4.51	3,54	2.64	6.96	4.59	3, 75	2,29
Office and store supplies Advertising Net loss on bad debts All other expenses	1.09 0.10 0.16 0.97	0.92 0.16 0.15 1.32	1.00 0.22 0.05 1.31	1.03 0.38 0.08 0.94	0.96 0.14 0.01 1.38	0.96 0.19 0.04 1.36	1.00 0.25 0.08 1.15	1.05 0.20 0.13 1.01
Total operating expenses	9.81	12.94	13.04	14.09	12.31	11.03	13.26	12.30
Net operating profit	10.44	7.78	8.16	4, 90	9.39	8.59	6.78	5.43
Non-trading income	0.23	0.86 0.21	0.72 0.14	0.81 0.39	0.09	0.21 0.12	0.08 0.02	0.22
Net profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income tax	10.21	8,43	8,68	5.32	9,48	8.68	6.84	5.58

TABLE 17. Independent Meat Markets - Owned - Financial Structure by Size and Age of business as at December 31, 1956

			Stores wi	ith annual	net sales c	of		Total
1tem	\$2	0,000-\$49,9	999	\$	50,000-\$99	,999	\$100,000	ail
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	over	\$20,000 and over
Assets		1		(Average	per store)			1
Current assets: Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise Inventory Other current assets	666 989 1,053	1,286 2,030 1,059 504	1.080 1.683 1.056 336	3,450 1,886 2,220	5,672 2,187 1,598 2,213	4,910 2,084 1,811 1,456	5,538 4,758 3,606 2,232	4,093 2,781 2,152 1,394
Total current assets	2, 708	4,879	4, 155	7,560	11,670	16,261	16, 134	10,420
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	5,677 1,175	5.387 4.889	5,484 3,651	16, 186 1, 407	8,118 4,524	10.884 3.455	14,351 2,413	10,506 3,194
Total fixed assets (net)	6,852	10,276	9,135	17,593	12,642	14,339	16,764	13,700
Other asset: Long term investments Other assets	228	660	516	430	855 70	562 193	3,339 579	1,248
Total other assets	228	660	516	430	925	755	3, 918	1,642
Total assets	9, 788	15,815	13,806	25,583	25, 237	25,355	36,816	25, 762
Liabllities								
Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	745	847	813	3,947	1,915	2,612	6,804	3,397
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	1,714	1,211 2,271	1,379	3,886 1,167	1,810 883	2,522 960	1,283 250	1,850 901
Total fixed liabilities	1,714	3,482	2,893	5,053	2,693	3,502	1,533	2,751
(ther liabilities	252	594	480	410	570	515	1,386	766
Total liabilities	2,711	4,923	4,186	9,410	5,178	6,629	9, 723	6, 916
Net worth: proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	7,077	10,892	9,620	16, 173	20,059	18,726	27,093	18,846
Total liabilities and net worth	9,788	15,815	13,806	25,583	25,237	25,355	36, 816	25,762
Average net sales of stores reporting	29,313	35,177 14	33,222	72,387 12	68,859 23	70,069 35	141,730 24	81,895

TABLE 18. Independent Meat Markets - Rented - Financial Structure by Size and Age of Business as at December 31, 1956

				Stores wit	h annual n	et sales o	f			Total
Item	\$20	.000 — \$49.	999	\$50	,000 - \$99	999	\$100,000 and over			all sizes
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$20,000 and over
					(Average	per store)	^		
Assets					1	1	1	L		1
Current assets: Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	1,062 826 690 260	1. 384 763 558 339	1,179 803 642 288	2, 321 956 977 142	3, 739 2, 044 1, 733 446	3, 052 1, 517 1, 367 299	8. 527 11. 368 2, 473 1, 554	7. 144 4, 129 2, 567 1, 328	7.669 6.875 2.531 1.413	3, 380 2, 387 1, 365 526
Total current assets	2, 838	3, 044	2,912	4, 396	7, 962	6, 235	23, 922	15, 168	18,488	7, 65 8
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	2, 550 437	1.789	2, 275 791	4, 194 678	3, 941 779	4,063	8.117 2.748	6, 065 2, 407	6. 843 2, 537	4, 038 1, 125
Total fixed assets (net)	2, 987	3, 205	3,066	4, 872	4, 720	4, 793	10, 865	8, 472	9, 380	5, 163
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets	251 164	635 317	390 220	223	432 216	223 219	53 1, 564	454 519	302 915	296 363
Total other assets	415	952	610	223	648	442	1, 617	973	1,217	659
Total assets	6, 240	7, 201	6, 588	9, 491	13, 330	11,470	36, 404	24, 613	29,085	13, 480
Liabilities										
Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	1,211	645	i.007	1, 822	2, 766	2, 309	9,055	7, 813	8, 284	3, 109
"ixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	34	173	21 63	45I 210	61	249 102	_	700 1, 108	435 687	211
Total fixed liabilities	34	173	84	661	61	351	_	1.808	1.122	421
Other liabilities	391	294	356	91	540	323	3, 710	111	1.476	573
Total liabilities	1, 636	1, 112	1,447	2,574	3, 367	2,983	12, 765	9, 732	10, 882	4, 103
let worth: proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	4,604	6,089	5, 141	6,917	9, 963	8, 487	23, 639	14, 881	18, 203	9,377
Total liabilities and net worth	6, 240	7, 201	6, 588	9, 491	13, 330	11,470	36, 404	24, 613	29, 085	13,480
Average net sales of stores reporting	34.627 30	34, 972 17	34,752 47	66, 359 31	73, 949	70, 273 64	213, 650	173, 610 18	188, 798	82, 8 99

Independent Fruit and Vegetable Stores

The survey of independent fruit and vegetable stores includes only retail establishments selling mainly fresh fruit and fresh vegetables; their combined sales should constitute at least 50% of total net sales. Stores with a combined ratio of 40% fruit and vegetables and groceries were also included, but fruit and vegetables must predominate; other goods carried would be candy and confectionery, ice cream, tobacco, magazines, etc.

Unincorporated stores only are covered in this report and ratios and data are presented for profit and loss and balance sheet. Reports used in this study numbered 165 (56 owned and 109 rented stores). A smaller number of balance sheet reports were used due to the fact that the stores reporting in the two smallest sales-sizes were not required to submit such information. Results are shown by sales-size categories and, where possible, a further breakdown was made in the balance sheet averages by number of years in business.

In compiling trade ratios for the "total, all sizes" the different sales-size ratios were combined by giving each size category its proper "weight" as obtained from the 1951 census. In this survey the reporting is generally better in the larger size stores so that any aggregate of reporting firms would show a ratio biased toward the characteristics of large store operation. The use of weighting gives proper importance to small store operations so that the ratios showed in the summary table 19 more truly represent the trade total.

Stores in 1956 operated on a higher gross profit, expressed as a percentage of net sales, than in 1954. Total operating expenses showed a slight decrease this survey and this coupled with the marginal increase resulted in a net gain in operating profit, which rose from 5.95 per cent last survey to 7.32 per cent this year.

TABLE 19. Operating Results of Independent Fruit and Vegetable Stores 1954 and 1956 Compared

Item	1954	1956
	(per cent of net	sales)
Gross profit	18. 42	19. 39
Operating expenses:		
Employees' salaries	4.35	3.94
Occupancy	4.46	4.69
Delivery	1.46	1.34
Office and stores supplies	1.06	0.97
All other expenses	1.14	1.13
Total operating expenses	12.47	12.07
Net operating profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income tax	5, 95	7.32

Note: These ratios are "weighted" according to the 1951 Census weights of the different sales-sizes for independent stores. They do not agree with ratios shown in historical tables.

TABLE 20. Independent Fruit and Vegetable Stores - Balance Sheet Ratios as at December 31

Item		Owned	Rented
Current ratio	1948	2, 45	2. 84
	1950	4.12	2.48
	1952	5. 27	2. 69
	1954	2.80	2, 66
	1956	4.77	3. 43
Liquidity ratio	1952	3.21	1, 36
	1954	1.75	1.17
	1956	2.53	2. 24
Working capital to net worth ratio	1948	0. 24	0, 63
	1950	0.31	0.43
	1952	0.36	0.55
	1954	0. 28	0.55
	1956	0. 33	0.52
Worth debt ratio	1948	3,33	2.63
	1950	4.55	2, 56
	1952	4,76	2, 54
	1954	3. 21	2, 36
	1956	2.77	2. 70
Turnover of total capital employed	1952	4. 10	8. 23
	1954	3, 95	7, 46
	1956	3.50	5, 63

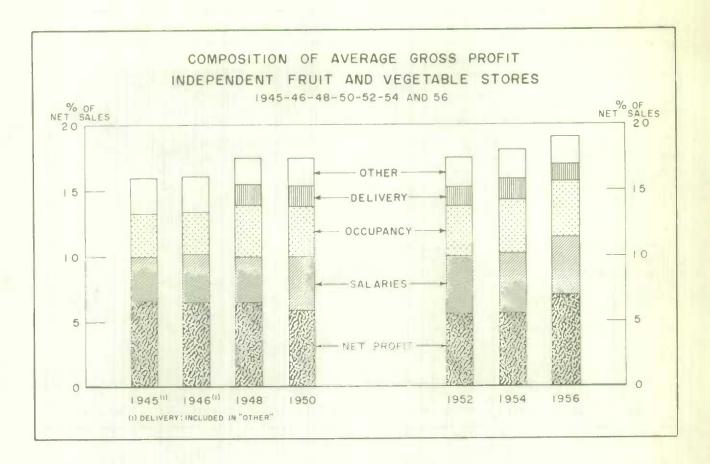


TABLE 21. Independent Fruit and Vegetable Stores - Operating Results by Annual Sales Volume and Occupancy Basis 1956

IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF		stores with net sales o		Rented stores with annual net sales of				
Item	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$100,000 and over	
Number of stores reporting Average net sales per store Average beginning inventory. \$ Average inventory, end of year \$ Average cost of goods sold \$ Stock turnover (times per year)	10 15, 751 1, 156 1, 219 12, 385 10, 43	26 32, 668 1, 826 2, 142 26, 882 13, 55	14 74, 918 3, 082 3, 626 63, 451 18, 92	14 16. 052 921 935 11, 995 12. 93	32, 970 1, 461 1, 652 26, 087 16, 76	40 69, 776 3, 161 3, 246 56, 110 17, 52	13 144, 029 3, 633 4, 472 116, 360 28, 71	
Profit and loss data (per cent of net sales)								
Gross profit	21. 37	17. 71	15. 31	25. 27	20. 88	19. 59	19. 21	
Operating expenses: Executives' and employees' salaries and wages etc. (except delivery) Delivery	0.48 1.21	2. 90 1. 54	4. 58 1. 36	2, 17 1, 51	3. 11 1. 44	4. 83 1. 12	4. 77 1. 29	
Occupancy expenses:								
Taxes	1.92	0.86	0. 56	0.41	0, 40	0, 29	0. 21	
Insurance	0. 73	0. 39	0.30	0.33	0. 30	0. 25	0. 29	
Rent		0 01	0 07	5. 78	3. 38	2. 83	1. 5	
Heat, light and power	1. 55	0. 81	0.67	0.54	0, 90	0. 36	0. 30	
Repairs and maintenance	0. 98	1. 15	1. 18	0.34	0. 59	0. 70	0. 64	
Total occupancy expenses	5. 79	3. 67	3. 15	8.51	6. 05	5. 03	3. 15	
Office and store supplies	0, 91	0, 66	1, 04	1.07	0.94	1, 02	0.99	
Advertising	0. 03	0.17	0. 24	0.16	0.16	0, 17	0. 07	
Net loss on bad debts	_	0.03	0.01		0.03	0.01	0.0;	
All other expenses	1.28	1.11	0, 92	1.20	0.83	0.91	0.98	
Total operating expenses	9. 70	10, 08	11.30	14. 62	12. 56	13.09	11. 3	
Net operating profit	11. 67	7. 63	4. 01	10. 65	8. 32	6. 50	7. 90	
Non-trading income	2. 53	0, 99	_	0, 81	0.32	0.18	0.3	
Non-trading expense		0.02	-	-	0. 20	0. 03	0.1-	
Net profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income tax	13. 54	8, 60	4. 01	11.46	8.44	6. 65	8. 1	

TABLE 22. Independent Fruit and Vegetable Stores - Owned - Financial Structure by Size and Age of Business as at December 31, 1956

Tions .	Stores with annua	il net sales of	Total all sizes			
Xores	\$20.000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	\$20,000 and over			
	(Average per store)					
Assets						
Current assets: Cash on hand and in oank Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	2. 091 295 2. 583	2, 075 339 3, 680 640	2, 639 281 3, 514			
Total current assets	6, 069	6, 734	7. 465			
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the pusiness	7, 680 3, 860	12. 848 6. 971	12, 114			
Total fixed assets (net)	11,540	19, 819	16.545			
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets Total other assets Total assets	26 105 131 t7,740	77 77 26, 630	537 89 626 24, 636			
Liabilities						
Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	774	1.781	1, 564			
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	1,273 443	3, 039 3, 489	2, 217 1, 639			
Total fixed liabilities	1,716	6, 528	3, 856			
Other liabilities	144	2, 254	1.114			
Total liabilities	2, 634	10, 563	6, 534			
Net worth: proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	15, 106	16,067	16, 102			
Total liabilities and net worth	17, 740	26, 630	24, 636			
Average net sales of stores reporting	35, 270 19	75, 861 13	70. 762 37			

TABLE 23. Independent Fruit and Vegetable Stores - Rented - Financial Structure by Size and Age of Business as at December 31, 1956

			Stores wit	h annual n	et sales of			Total
İtem	\$20	000 - \$49	,999	\$50	,000 - \$99,	999		ail sizes
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$100,000 and over	\$20,000 and over
				(Averag	e per store)		
Current assets:								
Cash on hand and in bank Accounts and hotes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets	774 560 1,508 25	606 401 1,582	707 496 1, 537 15	2,810 428 3,300 61	4, 781 289 1, 630 4, 440	3, 759 361 2, 496 2, 169	6, 206 1, 023 4, 472 1, 672	2, 905 542 2, 452 1, 154
Total current assets	2, 867	2,589	2, 755	6, 599	1t, 140	8, 785	13, 373	7, 053
Fixed assets (net): Used in the ousiness Not used in the business	2, 275 366	1, 676 1, 178	2, 036 691	4, 805 179	2, 277	3, 588 93	3, 510 4, 554	2, 908 1, 177
Total fixed assets (net)	2,641	2, 854	2,727	4,984	2,277	3, 681	8, 064	4,065
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets	125 113	1,050	495 68	36 575	7.676 507	3, 714 543	1, 358	1.645
Total other assets	238	1,050	563	611	8, 183	4, 257	1,358	2,136
Total assets	5, 746	6, 493	6, 045	12, 194	21, 600	16, 723	22, 795	13, 274
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts and notes payable	1,683	312	1.134	2,147	2, 551	2,342	3, 597	2,057
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	348	152	270	1.238	_	641	529	363 98
Total fixed liabilities	348	152	270	1,236	_	641	529	4 61
Other liabilities	561	675	607	1,602	690	1,162	1,942	1.069
Total liabilities	2,592	1,139	2,011	4, 985	3,241	4, 145	6, 068	3,587
Het worth: proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	3, 154	5,354	4,034	7, 209	18.359	12, 578	16, 727	9,687
Total liabilities and net worth	5, 746	6, 493	6, 045	12, 194	21,600	16, 723	22, 795	13, 274
Average net sales of stores reporting	34, 176 18	33, 848 12	34,045 30	73, 959 14	64, 226 13	69, 272 27	144, 029 13	68, 058 70

Independent Confectionery Stores

The survey of independent confectionery stores includes retail establishments selling mainly candy and confectionery, soft drinks, soda fountain products and ice cream to the extent of at least 50% of total net sales. Other items sold such as light lunches should not constitute more than 40% of total net sales nor should sales of groceries and fresh fruit and vegetables.

Unincorporated stores only are covered in this report and ratios and data are presented for profit and loss and balance sheet. Reports used in this study numbered 236 (117 owned and 119 rented stores). A smaller number of balance sheet reports were used due to the fact that the stores reporting to the two smallest sales sizes were not required to submit such information. Results are shown by sales-size categories and, where possible, a further breakdown was made in the balance sheet averages by number of years in business.

In compiling trade ratios for the "total, all sizes" the different sales-size ratios were combined by giving each size category its proper "weight" as obtained from the 1951 census. In this survey the reporting is generally better in the larger size stores so that any aggregate of reporting firms would show a ratio biased toward the characteristics of large store operation. The use of weighting gives proper importance to small store operations so that the ratios shown in the summary Table 25 more truly represent the trade total.

Stores in 1956 operated on a higher gross profit, expressed as a percentage of net sales, than in 1954. Total operating expenses showed a slight increase this survey thereby reducing the marginal profit. There was a final net operating profit gain, however, amounting to 7.97 per cent this survey compared to 7.34 in 1954.

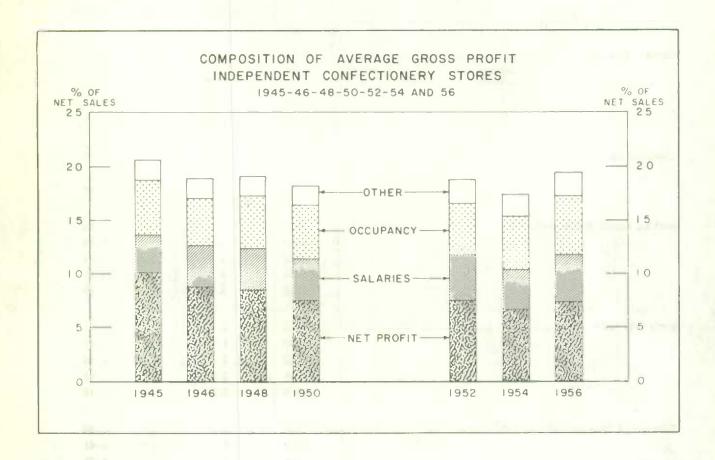
TABLE 24. Independent Confectionery Stores - Balance Sheet Ratios as at December 31

Item		Owned	Rented
Current ratio	1948	3.28	2.93
	1950	2.34	3.37
	1952	2.74	3.43
	1954	2.54	2.18
	1956	2.62	3.14
iquidity ratio	1952	1. 17	1.77
	1954	1.07	0.93
	1956	1.41	1.49
orking capital to net worth ratio	1948	0.42	0.59
	1950	0.35	0.60
	1952	0.28	0.47
	1954	0. 28	0.41
	1956	0. 26	0. 48
orth debt ratio	1948	2.70	2. 70
	1950	1.96	3. 23
	1952	2. 49	2.64
	1954	2.92	1.95
	1956	2. 25	2.16
Curnover of total capital employed	1952	3.04	5.40
	1954	3.02	6.41
	1956	2, 51	4.73

TABLE 25 Operating Results of Independent Confectionery Stores 1954 and 1956 Compared

Item	1954	1956			
	(per cent of net sales)				
Gross profit	17.57	18- 98			
Operating expenses:		- Reciberra			
Employees' salaries	2.79	3. 20			
Occupancy	5.60	5.82			
Delivery	0.20	0.16			
Office and Stores Supplies	0.43	0.47			
All other expenses	1.21	1.36			
Total operating expenses	10. 23	11. 01			
viet operating profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income	7.34	7. 97			

Note: These ratios are "weighted" according to the 1951 Census weights of the different sales-sizes for independent stores. They do not agree with ratios shown in historical tables.



FABLE 26. Independent Confectionery Stores - Operating Results, by Annual Sales Volume and Occupancy Basis 1956

Item	Owned stores with annual net sales of				Rented stores with annual net sales of				
	Under \$10,000	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000- \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	Under \$10,000	\$10,000- \$19,999	\$20,000 - \$49,999	\$50,000- \$99,999	
Number of stores reporting Average net sales per store Average beginning inventory Saverage inventory, end of year Average cost of goods sold Stock turnover (times per year)	6, 509 910 933 5, 353 5, 81	31 15, 785 1, 575 1, 588 12, 961 8, 19	47 33,658 2,148 2,309 27,593 12,38	20 68, 051 3, 330 3, 047 52, 701 16, 53	7, 445 1, 197 1, 191 5, 460 4, 57	39 15, 179 1, 191 1, 149 12, 083 10, 33	53 33, 845 2, 101 2, 221 27, 524 12, 74	19 68, 399 4, 370 5, 065 55, 359 11, 74	
Profit and Loss Data (Per cent of net sales)									
Gross profit	17. 76	17. 89	18.02	22. 56	26.66	20, 39	18. 68	19, 06	
Operating expenses: Executives' & employees' salaries and wages etc. (except delivery) Delivery	2. 04	2. 68 0. 12	4. 15 0. 35	7. 85 0. 27	0. 09	1.18 0.11	2. 91 0. 11	5. 46 0. 12	
Occupancy expenses: Taxes Insurance Rent Heat, light and power Repairs and maintenance Depreciation allowances	1. 37 0. 67 - 2. 73 1. 23 0. 99	1. 06 0. 46 - 2. 10 0. 88 1. 21	0. 92 0 .38 - 1. 37 0. 50 1. 19	1. 01 0. 48 1. 57 0. 94 1. 77	1. 47 0. 41 6. 90 3. 57 0. 25 0. 05	0. 59 0. 31 3. 94 1. 86 0. 54 0. 46	0. 29 0.26 2.75 0.93 0.44 0.99	0. 20 0. 24 1. 96 0. 77 0. 52 0. 83	
Total occupancy expenses	6. 99	5. 71	4. 36	5. 77	12. 65	7. 70	5. 66	4. 52	
Office and store supplies Advertising Net loss on bad debts All other expenses	0.33 0.14 0.07 1.25	0. 38 0. 14 0. 06 0. 96	0. 45 0. 21 0. 02 1. 19	0. 73 0. 29 0. 03 1. 97	0. 40 0. 18 - 0. 74	0. 47 0. 22 0. 19 1. 07	0. 50 0. 17 0. 01 1. 04	0. 54 0. 23 1. 04	
Total operating expenses	10.82	1 0, 05	10. 73	16. 91	14. 06	10. 94	10.40	11. 91	
Net operating profit	6. 94	7. 84	7. 29	5. 65	12.60	9, 45	8 28	7. 15	
Non-trading income	2. 79	0.68	1.17	2. 28	-	0.42	0. 11	0.15	
Non-trading expense	0- 03	0.17	0.16	0.51	-	0.19	0.03	0.05	
Net profit before deduction of proprietors' salaries and income tax	9. 70	8. 35	8.30	7. 42	12 60	9, 68	8 36	7. 25	

TABLE 27. Independent Confectionery Stores - Owned - Financial Structure by Size and Age of business as at December 31, 1956

Item	Stores with annual net sales of						Total
	\$20,000-\$49,999			\$50,000-\$99,999			ail
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Tota l	\$20,000 \$99,999
	(Average per store)						
Assets Current assets: Cash on hand and in bank	540		1 044	2 000	4 001	0.000	0.117
Accounts and notes receivable (net) Merchandise inventory Other current assets		1, 689 167 2, 880 1, 437	1, 244 133 2, 614 1, 021	3, 023 265 2, 833 176	4, 231 1, 286 3, 173 91	3, 687 826 3, 020 129	2, 117 381 2, 759 702
Total current assets	3, 187	6, 173	5, 012	6, 297	8, 781	7, 662	5, 959
Fixed assets (net): Used in the business Not used in the business	7, 045 751	8, 569 1, 734	7, 977 1, 351	18, 421 1, 524	18, 795 2, 917	18, 627 2, 290	11, 780 1, 687
Total fixed assets (net)	7, 796	10, 303	9, 328	19, 945	21, 712	20, 917	13, 467
Other assets: Long term investments Other assets	- 64	1, 805	1,103	632 43	1, 384 636	1, 046 370	i. 082 175
Total other assets	64	1, 873	1, 170	675	2, 020	1, 416	1, 257
Total assets	11, 047	18, 349	15, 510	26, 917	32, 513	29, 995	20, 683
Liabilities							
Current liabilities: Accounts and notes payable	832	1,058	971	2,693	6, 206	4,625	2, 276
Fixed liabilities: Mortgages on fixed assets used in business	1, 970	1,305	1, 563	6, 035 389	2, 688 243	4, 195	2, 503 175
Total fixed liabilities	2, 027	1, 434	1, 664	6, 424	2, 931	4, 503	2, 678
Other liabilities	143	1,227	805	3, 478	1,606	2, 448	1,392
Total liabilities	3, 002	3, 719	3, 440	12, 595	10, 743	11,576	6, 346
Net worth: proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	8,045	14,630	12,070	14, 322	21,770	18, 419	14, 337
Total liabilities and net worth	11, 047	18, 349	15,510	26, 917	32, 513	29, 995	20, 683
Average net sales of stores reporting	33, 028 14	38, 262 22	36, 227 36	69, 308 9	67. 023 11	68, 051 20	47. 599 56

TABLE 28. Independent Confectionery Stores - Rented - Financial Structure by Size and Age of business as at December 31, 1956

	Stor	Total			
Therea:	\$20,000-\$49,999			\$50,000-	all sizes \$20,000-
	Under 10 years	10 years and over	Total	\$99,999	\$99,999
Assets					
Current assets:				0.011	
Cash on hand and in oank	678	2.204	1, 459	2,044	1,631
Accounts and notes receivable (net)	150	156	153	1, 179	456
Merchandise inventory		2, 157	2, 243	4. 131	2,800
Other current assets	75	1, 140	620	36	448
Total current assets	3,236	5,657	4, 475	7,390	5,335
Fixed assets (net):					0.015
Used in the business	2, 141	2, 149	2,145	4,414	2,815
Not used in the business	1,222	2,010	1,625	1,508	1,590
Total fixed assets (net)	3,363	4, 159	3,770	5, 922	4,405
Other assets:					
Long term investments	990	13	490	687	548
Other assets	573	141	352	1.800	780
Total other assets	1,563	154	842	2,487	1,328
Total assets	8, 162	9,970	9, 087	15,799	11,061
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts and notes payable	1,229	928	1,075	3, 181	1,697
Fixed liabilities:					
Martgages on fixed assets used in business	677	-	331	952	514
Mortgages on fixed assets not used in business	276	665	475	723	548
Total fixed liabilities	953	685	806	1,675	1,06
Other liabilities	557	457	506	1, 329	74
Total liabilities	2,739	2,050	2,387	6,185	3,50
Net worth proprietor's or partners' equity in the business	5, 423	7,920	6,700	9,614	7,560
Total liabilities and net worth	1	9,970	9,087	15,799	11,068
Average net sales of stores reporting		32,741	34,689	69,053	44,829
Number of stores reporting	21	22	43	18	6

STATISTICS CANADA LIBRARY BIBLIOTHÉQUE STATISTIQUE CANADA 1010738306

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