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## CURRENT TRENDS IN FOOD DISTRIBUTION, JULY, 1941

Introduction

Indexes reflecting current trends in food distribution in Canada have been published for some years, indexes of retail and wholesale grocery trading establishments forming components of the two regular monthly bulletins on retail and wholesale trade issued by the Internal Trade Branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This series brings together in one report the information on retail and wholesale grocery ales contained in the other bulletins thus facilitating a comparison of the trends in monthly sales in the two stages of food distribution.

## Wholesale Trade

Sales of 74 of the larger wholesale grocery houses in Canada averaged 35 per cent higher in July of this year than last and were 14 per cent above the level recorded in June. The 35 per cent increase in July over July, 1940, is considerably higher than the increases reported in earlier corresponding-month comparisons of this year although sales in April and March showed gains of 23 per cent and 20 per cent respectively over April and March of last year. In June of this year ales were up 9 per cent over the same month of 1940. Wholesale grocers sales for the first seven months of 1941 stand 14 per cent above the level for the first seven months of 1940.

Results by economic divisions indicate that sales showed larger gains in the Prairies and in the Maritimes than in other sections but in all parts of the country sales increases were 30 per cent or higher over July last year. Sales in the Prairies were up 41 per cent; in the Maritimes sales were up 38 per cent; Quebec, up 35 per cent; Ontario, up 31 per cent; while in British Columbia sales were up 30 per cent.


Stocks
Inventories carried by the wholesale grocory trade were up 7 per cent at the end of July from the corrosponding date of 1940 and were 3 per cent higher than inventoriss at the and on üne, 194. Stocks on hand at any period must be considered in relation to saiss in the inmediately following period. Stocks on hand at the besinning of Tuly nompiliy anount to approximately 105 per cent of the July turnover. Stocks on hand at the end of June formed 107 per cent of the July sales, indicating this stocks on hand at tine beginning of the month were only alightly higher than the normal inventory position for that time of year.

Wholesale Grocery Trade .- Fercentage that Stocks on Hand
at Beginning of Montr Boar to Sales During Month
(Normal $=$ Average for $1935-1939)$


Retail Trade

## Chain Stores

Sales of 979 chain store units operated by 24 chain companies in the food retailing field averaged 31 per cent higher in July, 1941, than sales of 1,070 units operated by the same 24 firms in July a year ago. Average sales per atore were $\$ 12,375$ in July of this year, 44 per cent greater than the $\$ 8,620$ average in the same month of 1940. A considerable reduction in the number of stores operated by the reportins chain companies is responsible, to some extent, for the increased sales volume per store.

Increases in various regions of the country were as follows: 36 per cent in Quebec, 34 per cent in Ontario, 22 per cent in the Prairie Provinces, and 20 per cent in British Columbia. Average daily sales for food chains increased 30 per cent in July of this year over last.

Comparison of Stores and Sales for July, 1940 and 1941

| Division | July, 1940 |  | July, 1941 |  | Per cent change in Sales |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Stores | Sales | No. Stores | Sales |  |
| CANADA | 1.070 | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ -2,223,820 \end{gathered}$ | 979 | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 12,115,068 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | + 31.3 |
| Quebec | 211 | 1,847,834 | 192 | 2,516,630 | $+36.2$ |
| Ontario. | 595 | 5,254, 146 | 557 | 7,022,984 | + 33.7 |
| Prairie Provinces .. | 156 | 1,174,850 | 129 | 1,438,280 | + 22.4 |
| British Columbia... | 108 | 946,990 | 101 | 1,137,174 | +20.1 |

## Independent Stores

Dollar sales of 961 independent grocery and combination stores were 14 per cent higher in July, 1941, than in July, 1940. Gains were reported in every geographical section of the country ranging from a substantial increase of 17 per cent in Quebec to a gain of 4 per cent in British Columbia. Ontario sales were up 15 per cent; the Maritimes, 14 per cent; and Alberta, 13 per cent. Saskatchewan reported a gain of 11 per cent while Manitoba sales showed an 8 per cent increase over July, 1940.

Comparison of Sales Reported for July, 1940 and 1941

| Division | No. stores reporting | No. reporting increase | Per cent change in sales |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CANADA | 961 | 808 | +14.0 |
| Maritimes | 141 | 123 | $+14.4$ |
| Quebec | 210 | 183 | $+17.1$ |
| Ontario | 371 | 323 | $+15.2$ |
| Manitoba | 66 | 47 | + 8.1 |
| Saskatchewan | 35 | 29 | $+10.8$ |
| Alberta.. | 60 | 50 | + 12.8 |
| British Columbia | 78 | 53 | +3.7 |

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#### Abstract

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