$\therefore 63-1)-24$

# RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE IN 

BRITISH COLUMBIA CALENDAR YEAR

1938

Published by Authority of the HON. W.D. EULER, M.P., Minister of Trade and Commerce.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { OTTAWA } \\
1939
\end{gathered}
$$

## DEPARTIENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOIINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH <br> OTTANA, CANADA

| Dominion Statistician: | R. H. Coats, LI.D., F.R.S.C., F.S.S. (Hon.) |
| :--- | :--- |
| Chief, Internal Trade Branch: | Herbert Marshall, B.A., F.S.S. |
| Statistioian: |  |

## CENSUS OF MERCHAIDISING AND SERVICE ESTABLISHIENTS

## Retail Merchandise Trade in British Columbia, 1938.

Retail sales in British Columbia in 1938 totalled \$222,386,000, a decine of 4.4 per cent from 1937. This was areversal of the trend of the immediately preceding years during which sales rose from $\$ 155,747,000$ in 1933 to $\$ 172,927,000$ in 1934; $\$ 188,424,000$ in $1935 ; \$ 208,913,000$ in 1936; and $\$ 232,740,000$ in 1937. The index for 1938 stands at 89.5 on the base 1930 equals 100.

Sales for the year fell off to a greater or lesser degree in practically all lines of business. Stores of the food group with sales for 1938 amounting to $\$ 40,357,000$ recorded a decline of 2.6 per cent from the previous year. The index of the group as a whole stands at 82.9 compared with 85.1 for $1937,78.5$ for 1936 , and 66.2 for 1933 . Grocery and combination stores, which from the point of view of volume of sales are the most important members of the food group recorded sales totaling 23,071, 000, a decline of 2.3 per cent from the 1937 sales of $\$ 23,604,000$. The index for grocery and combination stores stands at 87.8 for $1938,89.8$ for 2937. 82. 2 for 1936, and 69.5 for 1933. Similarly the sales of candy and confectionery stores were down 6.0 per cent, and meat markets (including sea foods) were down 2.6 per cent.

Sales of the general merchandise group which includes department stores, dry goods stores, general merchandise stores and variety stores were down 2.2 per cent. Sales of the group in 1938 were valued at $\$ 42,249,000$ compered with $43,218,000$ in 1937, $\$ 39,995,000$ in 1936 , and $\$ 33,902,000$ in 1933. In spite of the decine in 1938 , the recovery from the low point of 1933 remains substantial. The index for the general merchandise group stands at 92.1 which 18 only 7.9 per cent below the base year of 1930. Within the group, department stores contributed sales to the value of $\$ 34,501,000$, a decline of 2.8 per cent from the 1937 sales of $\$ 35,495,000$. Sales of dry goods stores were down 1.0 per cent and general merchandise stores 2.5 per cent. The index of dry goods stores, however, was well maintained at lol.3 while the index of general merchandise stores stands at 96.3 , only 3.7 per cent beldw the 1930 base. Variety stores offered the only exception to the downard trend of aales in the general merchandise group. Seles of variety stores totalled \$4,375,000 and exceeded by 1.8 per cent the seles of $\$ 4,297,000$ reported for 1937 . Veriety store seles have held up remarkably well aince 1930 , the index for 1938 standing at 120.2 compared with 118.0 for 1937 , 108.9 for 1936 , and 83.1 for 1933.

Sales of the automotive group, reversing their upward trend since 2933, fell 10.7 per cent in 1938 from the 1937 level. The total sales of the group for 1938 amounted to $\$ 38,949,000$ compered with $\$ 43,621, \ldots$ 000 for $2937, \$ 36,444,000$ for 1936 , and $\$ 19,583,000$ for 1933. The sales index for the automotive group as a whole stands at 114.1 for 1938. of the total sales of the group, sales of motor vehicle dealers accounted for $\$ 26,386,000$, which was a decilne of 16,4 per cent from the motor vehicle dealers seles for the previous year. In spite of this decifne, however, the index for motor vehicle dealers stands at 123.9 for 1938 compared with 148.2 for 1937, 118.5 for 1936 , and 48.0 for 1933 . There was ilttle change in the sales of dealers in accessories, tixes and batterios, but sales of fllifng stations and garages were up 6.1 per cent and 1.8 per cent respectively.

Sales of country general stores amounted to $\$ 16,612,000$ in 1938, a decline of 1.1 per cent from the 1937 sales of $\$ 16,797,000$. The salos index for the year 1938 stands at 94.1. Sales of the apparel group which inciudes men's and boys' olothing and furnishings, family olothimg
stores, women's apparel and accessory stores and shoo stores, were down 4.7 por cent from $\$ 14,285,000$ in 193 to $\$ 13,619,000$ in 1938. Tho index for the group for 1938 stands at 78.2.

Tho building materials group as a whole has mado a poor recovery from the low levol of l933, although within the group, sales of hardware stores have roturnod to within 3 per cent of tho base yoar 1930. Sales of the building materials group amounted to $\$ 9,104,000$ in 1938 , a docline of 1.0 por cent from the 1937 salos of $\$ 9,197,000$. The indox for tho group stands at 73.7. Although tho salos of hardwaro stores, amounting to $\$ 4,330,000$ were down 3.5 per cont from 1937 , the indox was well maintained at 97.8. Salos of lumber and building material doalors woro down 3.5 per cent with the sales indcx standing at 64.9. Sales of oloctrical, hoating and plumbing, paint and glass shops, on the othor hand, wore up 10.5 per cent. In spito of this increase, howevor, as well as the substantial increases sinco 1935, the indox of sales stands at only 56.5.

Sales for tho furniture and household group, including furnituro stores, household appliance stores, other home furnishings storos and radio and music stores woro down 5.9 per cont. Salos of rostaurants, cafetorias and oating places wero down 7.9 per cont; farmers' supply stores, 5.7 per cent; book storos, 6.6 per cent; coal and wood yards, 8.8 por cent; drug stores, 0.7 por cent; jefvellery stores, 2.8 per cent; office, school and store supplios and equipment doalers, 4.0 per cont; tobacco stores and stands, 2.4 per cent; and govormment liquor stores, 2.6 por cent. Sales of plorista, on tho other hand, woro 3.0 por cont greater than in 1937 .

## Chain Stores

There were 77 chain store companies operating 708 प्या stores In British Columbia in 1938 , with salos totalling $\$ 45,510,500$. In the previous year the same number of companies operated 696 unit stores with sales of $\$ 46,497,900$. Although there was a decrezse in the value of sales the proportion of total trade secured by chains increased from 20.0 per cent in 1937 to 20.5 per cent in 1938. There were 14 chains in the grocery combination store and moat markot field operating 281 unit stores in 2938 compared with 15 companies operating 292 stores in 1937. Sales decreasod from $\$ 11,888,200$ in 1937 to $\$ 11,199,600$ in 1938 , whilo the proportion of the total grocery and combination store and meat market trade secured by chains also decreased from 38.0 por cent to 36.6 per cent. Variety chains with 3 companies operating 22 stores secured 74.3 per cent of the total sales in thoir field. Sales of variety chains totalled $\$ 3,250,2$ 500 in 1938 oompared with ${ }^{(1) 177,000 \text { in the previous yoar. Four shoe store }}$ chains with 28 unit stores transactud 23.9 por cont of the total shoe store business in 1938. Five restaurant chains with 28 units transacted lo. 4 por cent of the total business in their fiold while 4 drug chains with 50 unit stores transacted 34.3 por cont of tho total rotail druc store business.

## Scopo of Report

The figures for 1930 shown in this roport are takon from the rosults of tho Census of Morchandising and Service Establishmonts which was taken in connection with tho deconnial Census of l931. Indoxos of salos for yoars 1931 to 1938 have boen computed from annual surveys of retall trade, for which returns are received from all chain store companios and frome ropresentative number of independent stores. These indexos have been thon applied to the total sales figures for 1930 in order to give the most accurate ostimate availablo of the total retail trade in lator yoars. It 1s, therefore, apparont that fipurcs shown horein must bo considerod as relating to the total trade and not to the business of only thoso stores included in the ample covorod oach year.

It should also bo clearly understood that all retall sales figures given in this report rolato to stores grouped according to kind of business and not to commodity salos. Grocery stores soll a number of lines of goods in addition to stricily grocory items. Drug stores are not restricted to the sale of drugs and modicines. On tho other hand, grocerios are sold in many kinds of storcs in addition to thoso units classified as grocery stores. Country general stores and department atores are activo competitors in the sale of grocory producta.

Table 1. -Total Net Sales and Sales Indexes, by Kinds of Business

| Kind of Business | 1930 |  | Total Net Sales, (Estimated) |  | Indexes of Retail Sales$(1930=100)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% ofChange,$1938 / 37$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | of Stores | Sales | 1937 | 1938 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 |  |
| Total, All Stores | 9,501 | $248,597,500$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 232,740,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $222,386,000$ | 1000 | 83.7 | 65.9 | 62.6 | 69.6 | 75.8 | 84.0 | 93.6 | 89.5 | -4.4 |
| Food Group | 3,476 | 48,692,000 | 41,451,000 | 40,357,000 | 100.0 | 84.5 | 70.0 | ¢3. 2 | 69.7 | 74.7 | 78.5 | 85.1 | 82.9 | -2.6 |
| Candy and confectionery stores | 747 | 4,699,300 | 3,758,000 | 3,533,000 | 100.0 | 83.3 | 66.7 | 61.5 | 63.6 | 65.4 | 71.7 | 80.0 | 75.2 | - 6.0 |
| Fruit and vegetable stores | 192 | 1,648,000 | 1,808,000 | 1,662,000 | 100.0 | 92.4 | 82.1 | 80.8 | 83.9 | 91.4 | 103.7 | 109.7 | 100.8 | -8.1 |
| Grocery end combination stores | 1,461 | 26,287,900 | 23,604,000 | 23,071,000 | 100.0 | 86.3 | 73.3 | 69.5 | 72.8 | 78.8 | 82,2 | 89.8 | 87.8 | -2.3 |
| Meat markets (insluding sea foods). | 506 | 10,908,200 | 7,704,000 | 7,504,000 | 100.0 | 77.7 | 60.9 | 55.7 | 60.6 | 64.31 | 66.7 | 70.6 | 68.8 | -- 2.6 |
| Couatiy General Stores | 814 | 17,653,500 | $16,797,000$ | 16,612,000 | 100.0 | 84.4 | 69.5 | 65.5 | 73.0 | 80.0 | 85.5 | 95.1 | 94.1 | -1.1 |
| Generul Merchandise Group | 202 | 45,862,100 | 43,218,000 | 42,249,000 | 100.0 | 91.4 | 75.8 | 73.9 | 78.0 | 81.3 | 37.2 | 94.2 | 92.1 | $-2.2$ |
| Department stores | 25 | 38,831,900 | 35,495,000 | 34,501,000 | 100.0 | 91.4 | 75.5 | 74.1 | 77.3 | 79.8 | 84.8 | 91.4 | 88.8 | $-2.8$ |
| Dry goods stores | 112 | 2,146,600 | 2,197,000 | 2,175,000 | 100.0 | 83.6 | 67.4 | 63.7 | 74.2 | 81.1 | 93.0 | 102.3 | 101.3 | $-1.0$ |
| General merchanaise stores | 35 | 1,243,600 | 1,229,000 | 1,198,000 | 100.0 | 77.2 | 67.3 | 60.6 | 73.6 | 85.3 | 88.9 | 98.8 | 96.3 | $-2.5$ |
| Variety stores | 30 | 3,640,000 | 4,297,000 | 4,375,000 | 100.0 | 100.3 | 87.2 | E3.1 | 69.1 | 55.4 | 103.8 | 118.0 | 120.2 | + 1.8 |
| Automotive Group | 1,122 | 34,122,100 | 43,621,000 | 38,949,000 | 100.0 | 77.9 | 57.5 | 57.4 | 74.4 | 87.1 | 106.8 | 127.8 | 114.1 | -10.7 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | 196 |  | 31,562,000 | 26,386,000 | 100.0 | 70.2 | 44.5 | 48.0 | 70.1 | 89.9 | 118.5 | 148.2 | 123.9 | - 16.4 |
| Accessories, tires and batteries | 48 | 1,116,800 | 1,080,000 | 1,069,000 | 100.0 | 82.7 | 70.2 | 65.1 | 74.5 | 76.6 | 80.1 | 96.7 | 95.7 | $-1.0$ |
| Filling stations(2) | 463 | 5,360,100 | 6,266,000 | 6,647,000 | 100.0 | 106.0 | 97.5 | 91. 5 | 103.4 | 103.1 | 109.4 | 116.9 | 124.0 | + 6.1 |
| Garages | $3 € 8$ | 5,607,200 | 3,921,000 | 3,992,000 | 100.0 | 80.0 | 66.8 | 59.3 | 63.3 | 62.9 | 66.6 | 69.9 | 71.2 | + 1.8 |
| Apparel Group ................ | 772 | 17,409,400 | 14,2,85,000 | 13,619,000 | 100.0 | 83.9 | 65.6 | 6? . 5 | 68.3 | 72.0 | 77.2 | 82.1 | 78.2 | - 4.7 |
| Men's and boys' clothing and furnishines (includes custom tailors) | 342 | 6,366,200 | 5,015,000 | 4,619,000 | 100.0 | 78.1 | 58.2 | 54.3 | 61.5 | 67.6 | 74.0 | 78.8 | 72.6 | - 7.8 |
| Family clothing stores ............ | 51 | 1,828,000 | 1,699,000 | 1,629,000 | 100.0 | 80.0 | 65.9 | 65.0 | 74.7 | 78.0 | 85,3 | 92.9 | 89.1 | - 4.1 |
| Women's apparel and accessories steres | 257 | 6,137,000 | 5,076,000 | 4,898,000 | 100.0 | 88.8 | 70.6 | 67.9 | 71.8 | 73.3 | 77.7 | 82.7 | 79.8 | - 3.5 |
| Shoe silcres | 122 | 3,078,200 | 2,495,000 | 2,473,000 | 100.0 | 88.7 | 70.7 | 67.0 | 71.8 | 74.7 | 78.2 | 81.1 | 80.3 | $-0.9$ |

(1) end $(2)$ : See ficotnotes on Page 4.

Table 1.--Total Net Sales and Sales Indexes, by Kinds of Business-(Cont.d.)

| Kind of Business | 1930 |  | Total Net Sales, Estimated |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indexes of Retail Sales } \\ (1930=160) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \%or } \\ & \text { Chenge, } \\ & 1938 / 37 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | of Stores | Sales | 1937 | 1938 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 |  |
| Building ijaterials Group | 379 | $\begin{gathered} \$ \\ 12,348,900 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $9,197,000$ | $9,104,000$ | 100.0 | 81.3 | 53.1 | 46.2 | 50.4 | 56.9 | 63.7 | 74.5 | 173.7 | - 1.0 |
| Hardware stores | 184 | 4,425,400 | 4,487,000 | 4,330,000 | 100.0 | 87.5 | 66.6 | 65.5 | 72.4 | 82.2 | 87.2 | 101.4 | 97.8 | -3.5 |
| Lumber and building terial dealers | 83 | 3,945,800 | 2,655,000 | 2,562,000 | 200.0 | 76.1 | 45.0 | 40.0 | 44.4 | 49.2 | 58.3 | . 67.3 | 64.9 | $-3$. |
| Electrical, heating and plumbing, paint and glass shops .............. | 98 | 2,130,600 | 1,089,000 | 1,203,000 | 100.0 | 72.3 | 42.2 | 30.8 | 32.3 | 36.0 | 41.2 | 51.1 | 56.5 | +10.5 |
| Furniture and Household Group. | 301 | 8,207,100 | 7,135,000 | 6,717.000 | 100.0 | 75.1 | 55.8 | 51.0 | 60.3 | 68.2 | 79.8 | 86.9 | 81.8 | - 5.9 |
| Furniture stores | 86 | 2,456,800 | 2,604,000 | 2,432,000 | 100.0 | 86.1 | 68.2 | 61.7 | 74.5 | 82.6 | 94.7 | 106.0 | 99.0 | - 6.6 |
| Household appliance stores | 45 | 1,942,700 | 1,437,000 | 1,332,000 | 100.0 | 62.5 | 53.8 | 48.4 | 50.9 | 60.6 | 65.7 | 74.0 | 68.6 | $-7.3$ |
| Other home furnishings stores | 69 | 818,000 | 768,000 | 690,000 | 100.0 | 65.8 | 47.0 | 56.2 | 74.3 | 79.0 | 94.5 | 93.9 | 84.4 | $-10.2$ |
| Radio and music stores ..... | 101 | 2,989,600 | 2,326,000 | 2,263,000 | 100.0 | 76.7 | 49.3 | 42.5 | 50.9 | 58.4 | 72.7 | $77.8$ | $75.7$ | $-2.7$ |
| Restaurants, Cafeterias and Eating Places ........... | 634 | 10,135,000 | 7,677,000 | 7,071,000 | 100.0 | 78.2 | 55.8 | 51.5 | 57.9 | 63.9 | 71.5 | 75.7 | 69.8 | - 7.9 |
| Other Retail Stores | 1,801 | 54,167,400 | 49,359,000 | 47, 708,000 | 100.0 | 82.7 | 64.3 | 59.9 | 66.6 | 72.6 | 81.3 | 91.1 | 88.1 | - 3.3 |
| Farmers' supply stores | 115 | 11,341,200 | 11,604,000 | 10,943,000 | 100.0 | 83.6 | 67.1 | 61.8 | 75.1 | 83.3 | 89.8 | 102.3 | 96.5 | - 5.7 |
| Book stores ......... | 36 | - 793,900 | 644,000 | 601,000 | 100.0 | 89.9 | 62.4 | 61.5 | 64.6 | 68.4 | 73.3 | 81.1 | 75.7 | - 6.6 |
| Coal and wood yards | 181 | 5,699,200 | 3,259,000 | 2,972,000 | 200.0 | 85.7 | 72.1 | 58.2 | 47.6 | 52.3 | 55.7 | 57.2 | 52.1 | $-8.8$ |
| Drug stores ....... | 268 | 6,530,400 | 5,655,000 | 5,615,000 | 100.0 | 88.8 | 75.6 | 67.9 | 72.4 | 74.9 | 79.9 | 86.6 | 86.0 | -0.7 |
| Florists.. | 70 | 761,600 | 533,000 | 549,000 | 100.0 | 76.8 | 63.6 | 57.5 | 57.4 | 60.1 | 62.2 | 70.0 | 72.1 | - 3. |
| Jewellery stores | 137 | 2,668,200 | 2,377,000 | 2,310,000 | 100.0 | 76.8 | 54.6 | 53.6 | 66.8 | 76.3 | 84.9 | 89.1 | 86.6 | - 2. |
| Office, school and store supplies and equipment dealers ............ | 38 | 1,210,600 | 1,131,000 | 1,086,000 | 100.0 | 66.2 | 45.4 | 40.5 | 50.5 | 60.1 | 76.7 | 93.4 | 89.7 | - 4.0 |
| Tobacco stores and stands .......... | 198 | 2,900,800 | 2,633,000 | 2,570,000 | 100.0 | 83.7 | 72.6 | 68.3 | 72.3 | 76.5 | 83.1 | 90.8 | 88.6 | -2.4 |
| Government liquor stores ............ | 73 | 14,735,400 | 14,110,000 | 13,738,000 | 100.0 | 84.3 | 61.7 | 59.7 | 68.8 | 75.8 | 86.5 | 95.8 | 93.2 | - 2.6 |
| Miscellaneous kinds of business <br> (includes secondhand stores) ..... | 685 | 7,526,100 | 7,413,000 | 7,324,000 | 100.0 | 74.7 | 53.0 | 54.3 | 60.2 | 64.5 | 80.7 | 98.5 | 97.3 | $-1.2$ |

 of fims. The total number of stores in operation in these later years is pot known.
(2) Salos figures for filling stations for years subsequent to 1930 have been estimated from data on gasoline consumption and retail prices. NOTE: In a number of cases group totals include figures for classifications not separately shown.

|  | 1930 | 1933 | 1937 | 1938 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALL STORES, TOTAL - |  |  |  |  |
| Chains | 95 | 81 | 77 | 7 |
| Stores (maximum) | 692 | 740 | 696 | 708 |
| Chain sales ............... | \$ 47,875,300 | \$ 32,405,600 | \$ $46,497,900$ | \$ 45,510,500 |
| Total sales ................ \%, chains to total ........ | $\$ 248,597,500$ 19.3 | $\$ 155,747,000$ .20 .8 | $\begin{gathered} \$ 232,740,000 \\ 20.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 222,386,000 \\ 20.5 \end{gathered}$ |
| Grocery and Combination <br> Stores and Meat Markats Chains ..................... <br> Stores (maximum) <br> Chain sales $\qquad$ <br> Total sales $\qquad$ <br> \%, chains to total....... |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 19 | 17 | 15 | 14 |
|  | 244 | 282 | 292 | 281 |
|  | \$ 10,117,100 | \$ 8,862,400 | \$ 11,888,200 | \$ 11,199,600 |
|  | \$ 37,196,100 | \$ 24,455,000 | \$ 31,308,000 | $\$ 30,575,000$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Variety Stores - |  |  |  |  |
| Chains | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Stores (maximum) | 21 | 21 | 22 | 22 |
| Chain sales | \$ 2,769,700 | \$ 2,301,300 | \$ 8,176,000 | (3,250,500 |
| Total sales chains to total........... | \$ 3,640,000 76.1 | $\$ 3,025,000$ 76.1 | \$ 4,297,000 | $\begin{gathered} 4,375,000 \\ 74.3 \end{gathered}$ |
| Shoe Stores - |  |  |  |  |
| Chains | 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| Stores (maximum) .......... | 19 | 27 | 26 | 28 |
| Chain sales | \$ 619,400 | \$ 640,000 | \$ 539,000 | \% 590,200 |
| Total sales ................ $\%$, chalns to total | \$ 3,078,200 20.1 | \$ 2,062,000 31.0 | \$ $2,495,000$ 21.6 | $\begin{gathered} \$ \quad 2,473,000 \\ 23.9 \end{gathered}$ |
| Restaurants, $\mathrm{C}_{8}$ feterias and Eating Places - |  |  |  |  |
| Chains | 7 | 6 | 4 |  |
| Stores (maximum) | 34 | 25 | 17 | 28 |
| Chatn sales | \$ 1,213,000 | \$ 691,500 | \$ 263,400 | \$ 732,300 |
| Total sales | \$ 10,135,000 | \$ 5,220,000 | \$ 7,677,000 | * 7,071,000 |
| \%, chains to total ? | 12.0 | 13.3 | 3.4 | 10.4 |
| Drug Stores - |  |  |  |  |
| Chains | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 |
| Stores (maximum) .......... | 41 | 39 | 43 | 50 |
| Chain sales | \$ 2,042,500 | \$ 1,367,500 | \$ 1,729,200 | (1) 1,923,600 |
| Total sales ...... | \$ 6,530,400 | \$ 4,434,000 | \$ 5,655,000 | \$ 5,615,000 |
| \%, chains to total | 31.3 | 30.8 | 30.6 | 34.3 |

Note: In some instances, figures for years subsequent to 1930 have been revised.
(1) Large change in chain ratio for restaurants between 1937 and 1938 due to reclassification of one Iirm from independent to chain store category.

