1 13-D-25

NOVA- 1937

#### CANADA

### DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CENSUS OF MERCHANDISING AND SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS

### RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE

IN

**ONTARIO** 

1936

Published by Authority of the Hon. W.D. Euler, M.P., Minister of Trade and Commerce.

OTTAWA

1937

Price 10 cents

Published by Authority of the HON. W. D. EULER, M.P.,
Minister of Trade and Commerce.

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - CANADA

Dominion Statistician: R. H. Coats, LL.D., F.R.S.C., F.S.S.(Hon.)

Internal Trade Branch Chief: H. Marshall, B.A., F.S.S.

CENSUS OF MERCHANDISING AND SERVICE ESTABLISHMENTS.

#### Retail Merchandise Trade in Ontario, 1936

Retail sales in Ontario for 1936 reached a total of \$913,223,000, exceeding by 6.4 per cent the amount recorded for 1935 and bringing the dollar value of retail trade about 23 per cent above the 1933 figure. Sales for 1936 were still 17 per cent below the level obtaining in 1930, the first year for which these trade statistics are available.

The automotive group, which occupied first place in 1934 and 1935 in point of view of increased business, was surpassed in this respect in 1936 by the lumber and building materials group, whose sales for that year exceeded by 12.3 per cent the amount recorded for 1935. Hardware store sales were up 10.0 per cent while retail dealers in lumber and building materials reported an even better increase of 15.7 per cent. The automotive group of establishments as a whole reported 8.9 per cent more business in 1936 than in the preceding year. Motor vehicle dealers, which forms the most important single classification in the group, reported a 12.9 per cent increase, this increase being calculated from the aggregate business of these firms including receipts from sale of gas and oil, accessories, parts and batteries, receipts from repairs and services, in addition to the business in new and used motor vehicles. According to another series of reports, new motor vehicle sales alone increased 7.3 per cent in number and 10.4 per cent in value, 55,612 new vehicles retailing for \$57,656,985 in 1936 compared with 51,844 vehicles for \$52,246,200 in 1935.

Sales in the furniture and household furnishings group advanced 7.6 per cent in value, individual classifications within the group showing increases of 11.0 per cent for radio and music stores, 6.1 per cent for furniture stores and 2.1 per cent for household appliance stores. Gains in the apparel group were 7.7 per cent for family clothing stores, 7.5 per cent for men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores, 5.6 per cent for women's apparel stores and 4.7 per cent for shoe stores.

Sales for stores specializing in food products continue to show moderate improvement. Since the business of these stores fell off to a much smaller degree during the depression years than did that of firms dealing chiefly in durable merchandise, a smaller increase in this instance is naturally now to be expected. Grocery and combination store sales were 4.6 per cent higher in value in 1936 than in the preceding year, while meat market sales were up 1.7 per cent. Sales of the food group as a whole were up 4.1 per cent.

Department stores transacted 5.4 per cent more business than in 1935 while sales of country general stores were up almost an equal amount or 5.2 per cent. Variety store sales increased 8.8 per cent to \$21,344,000, a figure 8.7 per cent in excess of the amount recorded for this type of store in 1930. Percentage increases over 1935 for other important types of retail outlets were as follows: drug stores, 3.9 per cent; coal and wood yards, 6.1 per cent; Government liquor stores, 7.4 per cent, and jewellery stores, 10.4 per cent.

Chain Stores. -- There were 227 different chain store companies operating in the Province of Ontario last year. These operated a total of 3,277 unit stores within the province. Annual chain sales were \$181,786,000 or 19.9 per cent of the aggregate business of all stores including chains and independents. This ratio remains practically unchanged from the preceding year when 216 chain companies with 3,173 stores transacted 20.0 per cent of the total business. Chain ratios for earlier years are 19.6 per cent for 1934, 20.3 per cent for 1933 and 19.5 per cent for 1930.

The chain store sales given here include the Ontario sales of all retail organizations operating four or more units, exclusive only of department stores. For the Census of Merchandising, all department stores have been treated as independent establishments so that data for ownership groups of department stores are not included in the chain store figures given here.

Chains accounted for 41.8 per cent of the total trade in the grocery and combination store field last year, there being 32 different companies with 1,025 unit stores whose annual business totalled \$57,609,200 compared with \$137,960,000 for all stores in this group. The corresponding ratio in 1935 was 40.9 per cent and in 1934 it was 41.2 per cent. In 1936, chains accounted for 23.1 per cent of the drug store business, 34.0 per cent of the shoe store business and 94.0 per cent of the variety store business.

Scope of Report. -- The figures for 1930 shown in this report are taken from the results of the Census of Merchandising and Service Establishments which was taken in connection with the Decennial Census of 1931. Indexes of sales for years 1931 to 1936 have been computed from annual surveys of retail trade, for which returns are received from all chain store companies and from a representative number of independent stores. These indexes have been then applied to the total sales figures for 1930 in order to give the most accurate estimate available of the total retail trade in later years. It is, therefore, apparent that the figures shown herein must be considered as relating to the total trade and not to the business of only those stores included in the sample covered each year.

It should also be clearly understood that all retail sales figures given in this report relate to stores grouped according to kind of business and not to commodity sales. Grocery stores sell a number of lines of goods in addition to strictly grocery items. Drug stores are not restricted to the sale of drugs and medicines. On the other hand, groceries are sold in many kinds of stores in addition to those units classified as grocery stores. Country general stores and department stores are active competitors in the sale of grocery products.

## ONTARIO - RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE, 1936 Table 1.--Total Net Sales and Sales Indexes, by Kinds of Business

Kind of Business	Stores and Sales, 1930 Number(1) Total Net		Total Net Sales, Estimated(2)			Indexes of Retail Sales (1930 = 100)						% of Change,	
ETHOUSE DESCRIPTION	of Stores	Sales	1933	1935	1936	1930 1	931 193			1935	1936		
		ě	Ş	\$	Ş				1				
Total, All Stores	43,045	1,099,990,200	741,630,000	858,162,000	913,223,000	100.0 8	6.6 71.	8 67.4	74.9	78.0	83.0	+ 6.4	
Food Group	14,263	255,936,200	181,519,000	196,444,000	204,575,000	100.0 8	6.7 75.	0 70.9	75.2	76.8	79.9	+ 4.1	
Candy and confectionery stores Dairy products dealers (other than manufacturing dairies)	2,105	15,762,100			11,969,000						75.9	+ 3.5	
Fruit and vegetable stores	876 7,708 1,687	10,255,000	7,589,000	8,131,000 131,893,000	8,562,000	100.0 8	7.3 78. 8.4 76.	7 74.0	78.7	79.3	83.5	+ 5.3 + 4.6 + 1.7	
Country General Stores	2,662	1-9	33,310,000	,								+ 5.2	
General Merchandise Group .	979				142,675,000							+ 5.8	
Department stores	61 570 127 221	140,148,400 13,211,500 7,392,500 19,631,200	94,492,000 8,376,000 4,524,000	100,915,000 9,217,000 5,132,000	106,364,000 9,512,000 5,455,000	100.0 9 100.0 8 100.0 8	2.4 72. 4.1 71. 4.8 67.	5 67.4 8 63.4 1 61.2	71.6 69.3 70.0	72.0 69.8 69.4	75.9 72.0	+ 5.4 + 3.2 + 6.3 + 8.8	
Automotive Group	5,481	167,410,500	110,774,000	154,097,000	167,843,000	100.0 8	3.5 68.	6 66.2	82.1	92.0	100.3	7 8.9	
Motor vehicle dealers	1,018 285 2,754 1,294	109,680,100 5,453,600 34,756,300 15,931,600	3,430,000 32,184,000	3,203,000	34,826,000	100.0 7	7.6 68. 4.3 96.	4 62.9	58.6	58.7	100.2	+12.9 +26.4 = 3.0 + 6.0	
Apparel Group	4,484	93,711,300	54,022,000	74,293,000	79,107,000	100.0 8	7.2 72.	2 68.3	76.0	79.3	84.4	+ 6.5	
Men's and boys' clothing and furnish- ings (includes custom tailors) Family clothing stores Women's apparel and accessories stores Shoe stores	1,662 471 1,569 782	32,327,700 14,882,300 30,326,200 16,175,100	12,040,000 20,228,000	14,831,000 22,103,000	15,973,000 23,341,000	100.0 9	1.8 80. 9.5 73.	7 80.9	93.8	99.7	107.3	+ 7.5 + 7.7 + 5.6 + 4.7	
Building Materials Group	2,030	61,398,100	32,758,000	40,677,000	45,698,000	100.0 8	2.6 60.	7 53.4	63.0	66.3	74.4	+12.3	
Hardwere stores	1,135 297 91	27,752,300 21,950,000 3,894,200	9,914,000	13,237,000	15,315,000	100.0 7	6.1 52.	9 45.2	56.7	60.3	69.8	+10.0 +15.7 +25.3	
Electrical, heating and plumbing, paint and glass shops	507	7,801,600	4,213,000	4,970,000	5,393,000	100.0 8	2.6 61.	9 54.0	60.7	63.7	69.1	+ 8.5	

# ONTARIO - RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE, 1936 Table 1.--Total Net Sales and Sales Indexes, by Kinds of Business (Cont'd.) -

Kind of Business	Stores and Number(1)	Sales, 1930 Total Net	Total Ne	t Sales, Est	imated(2)	-	Ind		of Re 930 =		Sales		% of Change,	R
Militaria de la composição de la constituição de la	of Stores	Sales	1933	1935	1936	1930	1931					1936.	1936/193	
		\$	¥	\$	*			4/4/4						den.
Furniture and Household Group	1,429	43,713,000	22,877,000	29,471,000	31,716,000	100.0	80.7	60.6	52.4	60.5	67.4	72.6	+ 7.6	
Furniture stores	523	17,928,100	10,129,000	13,174,000	13,978,000	100.0	83.0	63.8	56.5	65.7	73.5	78.0	7 6.1	
Household appliance stores	263	7,505,400	(4)	5,555,000		100.0	86.9	70.3	(4)	66.3	74.0	75.6	+ 2.1	
Other home furnishings stores	238	3,777,000	2,017,000	2,349,000	2,751,000	100.0	74.2	55.4	53.4	61.2	62.2	72.8	+17.1	
Radio and music stores	405	14,502,500	6,193,000	8,393,000	9,316,000	100.0	76.4	52.9	42.7	50.9	57.9	64.2	+11.0	
Restaurants, Cafeterias and			in manufact		3					1237	2 1			
Eating Places	2,306	28,633,600	17,008,000	18,701,000	19,879,000	100.0	83.8	66.4	59.4	63.7	65.3	69.4	+ 6.3	
Other Retail Stores	9,411	220,737,900	155,116,000	172,246,000	182,428,000	100.0	87.3	74.6	70.3	76.7	78.0	82.6	+ 5.9	- 1
Farmers' supply stores	794	15,046,100	9,944,000	11,753,000	12,635,000	100.0	78.4	66.6	66.1	77.7	78.1	84.0	÷ 7.5	20
Book stores	177	4,200,900	2,649,000		3,139,000	100.0	86.3	71.5	63.1	65.2	69.2	74.7	+ 8.0	
Coal and wood yards	835	45,212,700	38,386,000	40,380,000	42,843,000	100.0	87.8	80.0	84.9	87.1	89.3	94.8	+ 6.1	
Drug stores	1,464	35,207,500	27,462,000	29,497,000		100.0	94.3	86.6	78.0	81.3	83.8	87.0	+ 3.9	
Florists	390	4,600,000	2,880,000	3,176,000	3,322,000	100.0	83.2	71.1	62.6	67.9	69.0	72.2	+ 4.6	
Jewellery stores	606	11,338,500	6,848,000	8,027,000	8,861,000	100.0	81.9	68.0	60.4	66.2	70.8	78.1	+10.4	
equipment dealers	120	0 170 200	۲ ۵۲۲ ۵۵۵	7 742 000	0 000 000		0							
Tobacco stores and stands	139	9,170,300	5,255,000		8,000,000	100.0	84.2	63.9	57.3	71.1	77.9	87.2	+12.0	
Government liquor stores	122	15,407,200	11,232,000	12,243,000	13,014,000	100.0	90.7	80.8	72.9	77.5	79.5	84.5	+ 6.3	
Miscellaneous kinds of business	100	34,764,300	18,668,000	18,088,000	19,434,000	100.0	05.0	05.6	53.7	54.6	52.0	55.9	+ 7.4	
(including secondhand stores)	3,594	45,790,400	31,792,000	39,033,000	40,533,000	100.0	87.3	71.9	69.4	84.5	85.2	88.5	+ 3.8	

<sup>(1)</sup> The numbers of stores are shown only for 1930. Total sales figures for later years are estimated upon the basis of returns from a sample number of firms. The total number of stores in operation in these later years is not known.

Note: In a number of cases group totals include figures for classifications not separately shown.

<sup>(2)</sup> In some instances, figures for years subsequent to 1930 have been revised.

<sup>(3)</sup> Sales figures for filling stations for years subsequent to 1930 have been estimated from data on gasoline consumption and retail prices.

<sup>(4)</sup> Figures for this classification for 1933 are not considered sufficiently complete to warrant publishing. They are included, however, in the group total.

### ONTARIO - RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE, 1936

Table 2. -- Number of Chains, Chain Stores, Total Chain Store Sales and Percentage of Chain Store Sales to Total Sales, by Years

	1930	1933	1934	1935	1936
ALL STORES, TOTAL - Chains Stores (maximum) . Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	\$ 214,391,300 \$1,099,990,200	3,210	3,223 \$161,586,300 \$824,034,000	3,173 \$171,540,000 \$858,162,000	3,277
Grocery and Combination Stores - Chains Stores (maximum) . Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	\$ 172,935,300	\$ 52,782,100	\$ 54,180,500	28 1,013 \$ 53,960,000 \$131,893,000 40.9	\$ 57,609,200
Variety Stores - Chains Stores (maximum) . Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	18,408,300	176	181		\$ 20,067,900
Men's and Boys'Clothing and Furnishings (in- cludes Custom Tailors)- Chains Stores (maximum), Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	15 117 \$ 6,357,500 \$ 32,327,700	76 \$ 3,106,200 \$ 19,655,000	\$ 4,005,400		101 \$ 4,563,300 \$ 26,113,000
Family Clothing Stores-Chains	39 \$ 2,521,200 \$ 14,882,300	46 3 2,259,200 \$ 12,040,000	53 \$ 2,688,800 \$ 13,965,000		\$ 3,412,500
Women's Apparel and Accessories Stores - Chains Stores (maximum) . Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	\$ -30,326,200	\$ 1,660,600	\$ 1,708,600	73 \$ 2,100,100	
Shoe Stores - Chains Stores (maximum) . Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	\$ 3,290,200	141 \$ 3,336,600	3,963,400	167 \$ 4,334,400	
Restaurants, Cafeterias and Eating Places - Chains Stores (maximum) . Chain sales Total sales %, chains to total	5,962,800 \$ 28,633,600	3,024,900	2,870,200	2,679,200	8 107 \$ 2,912,800 \$ 19,879,000 14.7
Chains	6,989,200 35,207,500	6,163,800	157		7,086,300

Note: In some instances, figures for years subsequent to 1930 have been revised.

### ONTARIO - RETAIL MERCHANDISE TRADE, 1936

Table 3 .-- Comparison of Department Store Sales by Commodity Groups for 1935 and 1936

Department	Sales in 1935	Sales in 1936	% of Change	
	\$	\$ -		-
Total Sales, All Departments	100,915,000	106,364,000	+ 5,4	10.4
Apparel and accessories, women's, misses' and children's (including furs, fur goods, infants' wear, hosiery, gloves, lingerie, etc.)	25,627,000	26,605,000		
Automotive supplies (including tires, batteries, automotive parts)	395,000	573,000	+ 3.8	
Cafeterias and restaurants (including fountain and lunch rooms)	2,047,000	2,204,000	+ 7.7	
Clothing and furnishings, men's and boys' (including hats and caps)	11,912,000	12,290,000	+ 3.2	
Orugs and toilet articles and preparations (including cameras and photographic supplies)	2,173,000	2,297,000	+ 5.7	
Ory goods and notions (including piece goods))  lome furnishings (draperies, curtains, china, )  window shades, floor coverings)	19,980,000	20,890,000	+ 4.6	
farm and garden equipment and supplies (including farm machinery, harness, seeds, etc.)	891,000	853,000	- 4.3	
ood and kindred products (groceries, meats, provisions, candies, fruits, vegetables)	4,647,000	4,578,000	- 1.5	
urniture (including mattresses, springs)	5,689,000	6,732,000	+18.3	
ardware and kitchen utensils (including paints, wallpaper)	3,462,000	3,164,000	- 8.6	
ousehold appliances and electrical supplies (washing machines, sewing machines, electric irons, vacuum cleaners, refrigerators, stoves, electrical fixtures, lamps, etc.)	2		. 3	
and the second s	3,076,000	3,903,000	+26.9	
ewellery and optical goods (including clocks, watches, silverware, plated ware)	2,285,000	2,436,000	+ 6.6	.\
eather goods and travelling goods (including purses and hand-bags)	1,083,000	1,152,000	+ 6.4	
illinery	1,621,000	1,651,000	+ 1.9	
adios, musical instruments and supplies	1,900,000	2,243,000	+18.1	
nces and other footwear (men's, women's and children's)	7,567,000	7,696,000	+ 1.7	
porting goods (including bicycles, toys, games)	2,397,000	2,558,000	+ 6.7	
tationery, books and magazines	1,546,000	1,649,000	+ 6.7	
cluded elsewhere (such as hairdressing, slectrical contracting, fur storage, interior decorating)	1,630,000	1,891,000	+16.0	
iscellaneous merchandise	987,000	999.000	+ 1.2	
ote: Figures shown above for 1935 have been revised sl				

Note: Figures shown above for 1935 have been revised slightly from those published in the corresponding table last year.

