



TRADE AND INVESTMENT

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES' PROFILE

Economic Indicators in 2017

- Gross domestic product (GDP): \$4.9 billion
- GDP per capita: \$108,100
- Population: 44,900
- International merchandise exports and imports: 66.1% of GDP

Economic Activity by Sector in 2018

- Goods: 33.2% of GDP
 - Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction: 21.6% of total GDP
 - Construction: 8.5% of total GDP
- Services: 66.8% of GDP
 - Public administration: 15.7% of total GDP
 - Real estate, and rental and leasing: 8.7% of total GDP



FUNDAMENTALS

The Series

The Library of Parliament's Trade and Investment series:

- provides information on Canada's trade and investment relationship with the world and with selected countries;
- describes the trade relationship of each of Canada's 10 provinces and three territories with the world; and
- presents Canada's merchandise trade relationship with each of the United States' 50 states.

Territorial profiles provide international trade data; the data exclude trade within Canada.

Numbers have been rounded.

Definitions appear at the end of the profile.

This Profile

Trade data are measured on a balance-of-payments basis except for the following, which are customs-based: export shares by sector; exports by product category; and exports by destination.

The balance of payments-based data and customs-based data use different methodologies. Consequently, these data should not be compared.

Territorial import data by sector, by product category and by trading partner are not provided because of data limitations.

GDP is measured at market prices, except GDP by sector, which is measured at basic prices.

GDP per capita is calculated by dividing territorial GDP by territorial population.

International merchandise exports and imports as a percentage of GDP is calculated by dividing the sum of merchandise exports and merchandise imports by territorial GDP.

The five most highly valued merchandise export categories have been identified using values for 2018.

At the time of publication, reliable data on territorial merchandise and services imports were available only until 2017.

All figures were prepared using Statistics Canada data available in summer 2019.

For the data tables used to generate the figures, see the HTML version of this profile at [Trade and Investment Series 2018](#).

Simon Richards and Ryan van den Berg

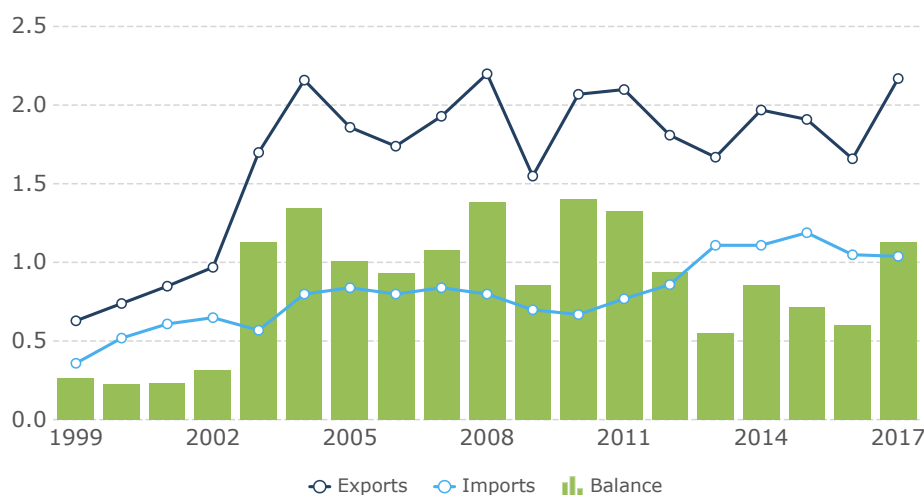
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NORTHWEST TERRITORIES' MERCHANDISE TRADE

Merchandise Trade

(\$ billions)

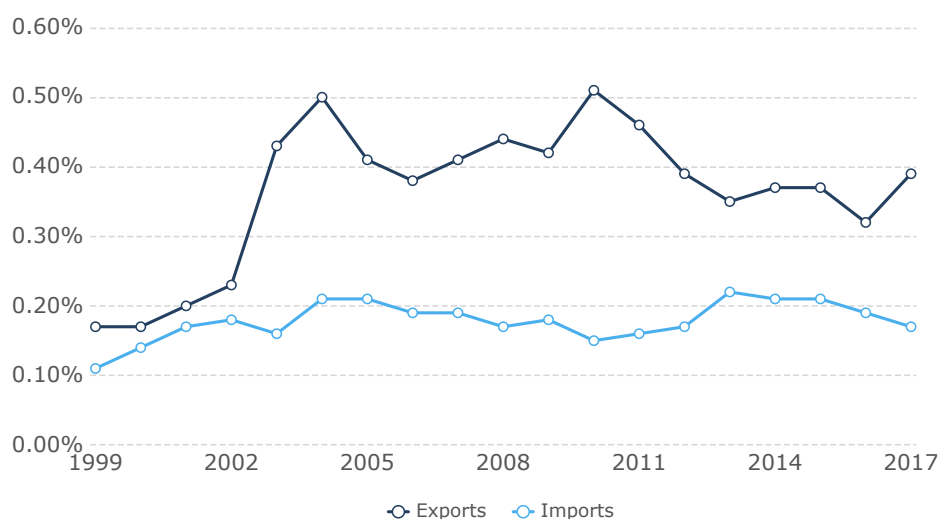


Northwest Territories' merchandise trade with the world in 2017: \$3.2 billion

- Exports: \$2.2 billion, a 31% increase from 2016
- Imports: \$1 billion, a 1.2% decrease from 2016

Trade surplus in 2017: \$1.1 billion, an increase from \$603 million in 2016

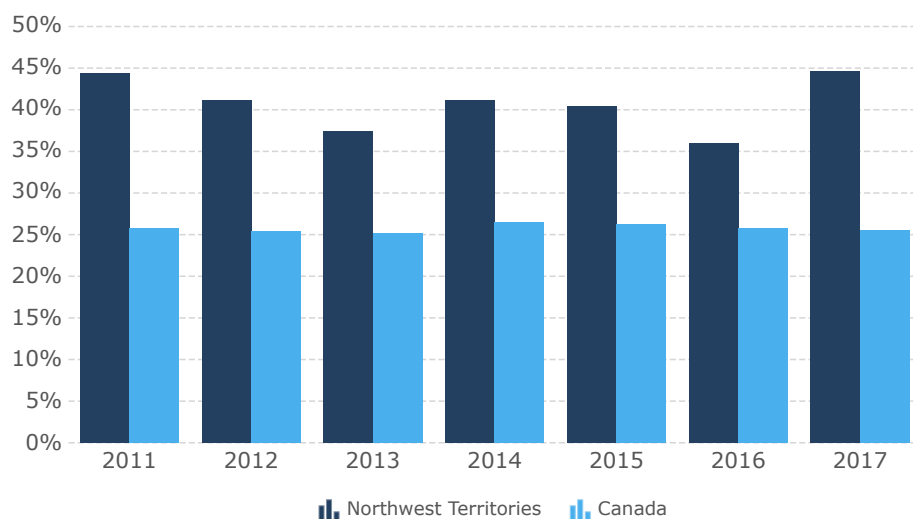
Share of the Total Value of Canadian Trade



Exports in 2017: 0.4% of the total value of Canadian exports, an increase from 0.3% in 2016

Imports in 2017: 0.2% of the total value of Canadian imports, unchanged from 2016

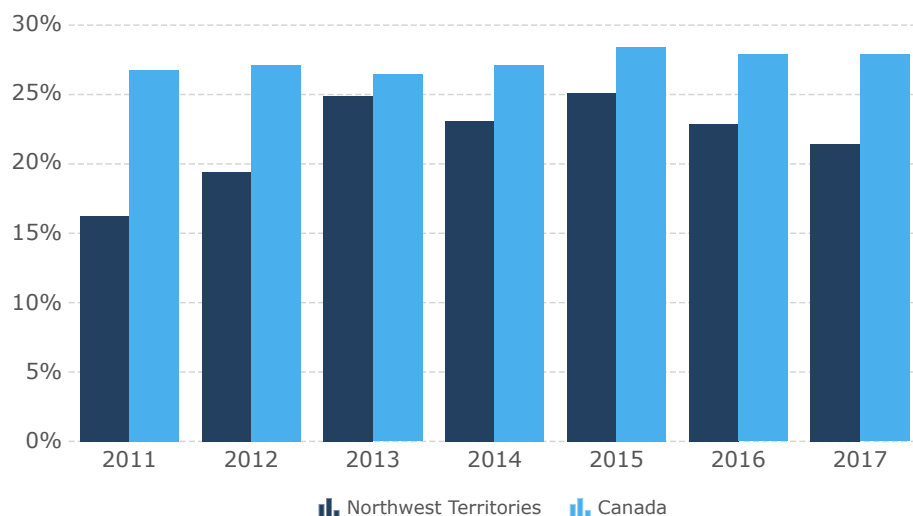
Exports as a Percentage of GDP



Exports as a percentage of GDP in 2017:

- Northwest Territories – 44.7%, an increase from 36% in 2016
- Canada – 25.7%, a decrease from 25.8% in 2016

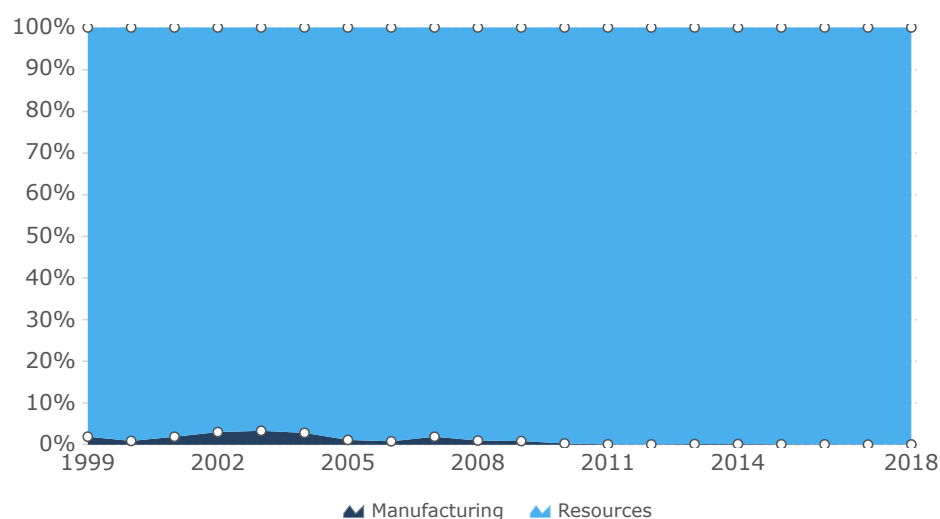
Imports as a Percentage of GDP



Imports as a percentage of GDP in 2017:

- Northwest Territories – 21.4%, a decrease from 22.9% in 2016
- Canada – 27.9%, unchanged from 2016

Share of Exports by Sector

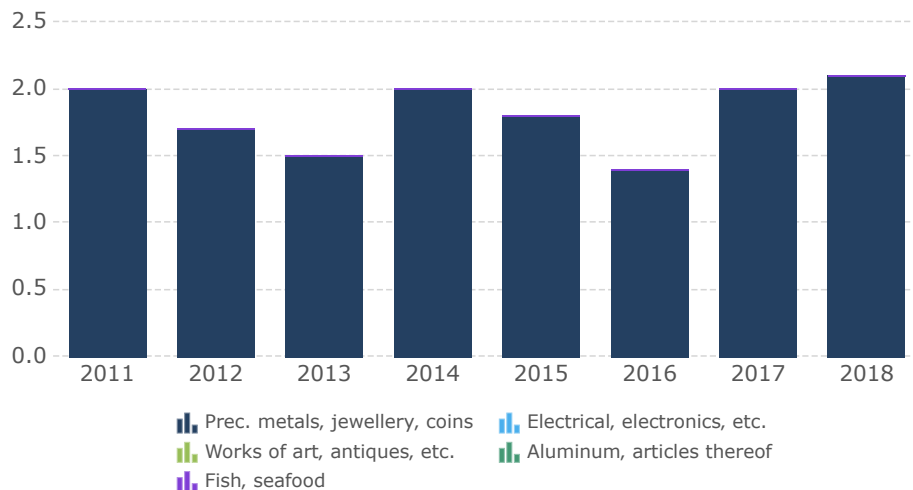


Exports in 2018:

- Resource-based goods – 99.92%, a decrease from 99.96% in 2017
- Manufactured goods – 0.08%, an increase from 0.04% in 2017

Most Highly Valued Exports by Product Category

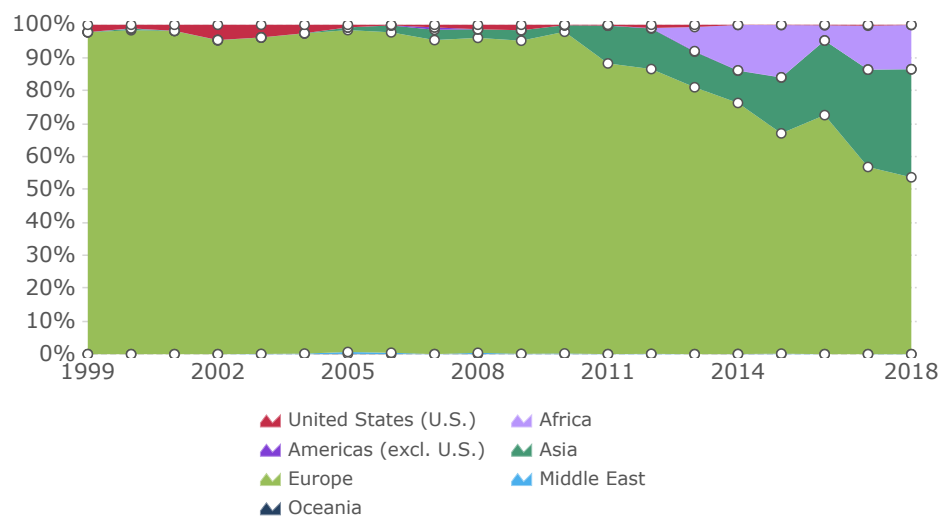
(\$ billions)



Highest-valued exports in 2018:
Diamonds, and certain electrical machines and apparatus, together accounting for 99.9% of the total value of territorial exports

- Diamonds: \$2.1 billion, an increase from \$2.0 billion in 2017
- Certain electrical machines and apparatus: \$540,000 (data for 2017 are unavailable)

Destinations for Exports



Major export destinations, by region, in 2018:

- Europe, at 53.7% of the total value of exports
- Asia, at 32.8% of the total value of exports
- Africa, at 13.4% of the total value of exports

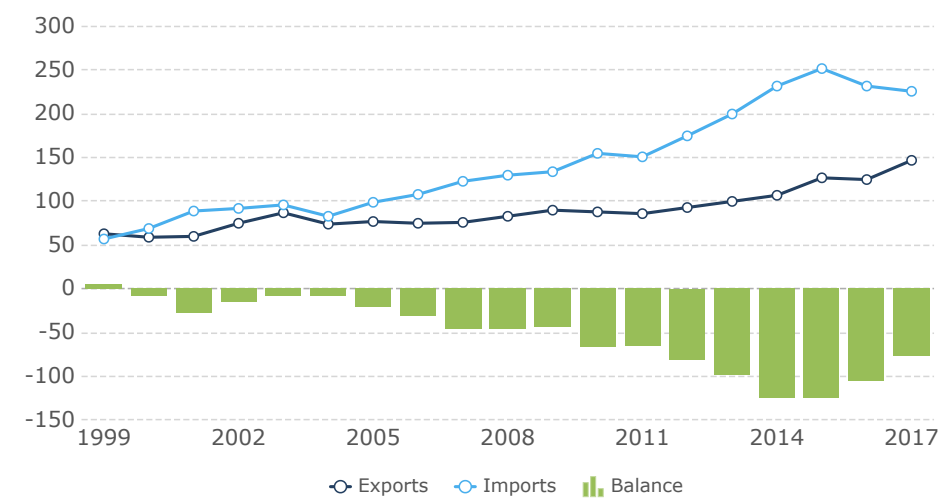
Major export destinations, by country, in 2018:

- Belgium, at \$1.1 billion
- India, at \$687.3 million
- Botswana, at \$281.5 million

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES' SERVICES TRADE

Services Trade

(\$ millions)



The Northwest Territories' services trade with the world in 2017: \$373 million

- Exports: \$147 million, a 17.6% increase from 2016
- Imports: \$226 million, a 2.6% decrease from 2016

Trade deficit in 2017: \$79 million, a decrease from \$107 million in 2016

DEFINITIONS

Definitions Used Throughout the Series

Balance of payments–based data

Data that calculate trade flows using surveys of the international trade and investment activity of firms and other entities.

Customs-based data

Data compiled from declarations that are filed with the Canada Border Services Agency and that are used to track the flow of goods into and out of Canada, with one exception: exports to the United States. Since 1990, customs-based data on most Canadian exports to the United States have been based on declarations filed with U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

Gross domestic product (GDP)

Measure of an economy's total production in a given year.

Manufactured goods

Finished or semi-finished products resulting from the transformation of materials and substances into new products (North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, codes 31 to 33), and the output of establishments primarily engaged in operating electric, gas and water utilities (NAICS code 22).

Merchandise trade

Trade in physical goods, such as cars, wheat and iron ore.

Resource-based goods

Products of the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting sector (North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, code 11), and of the mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction sector (NAICS code 21).

Services trade

Trade in travel, transportation, government and commercial services. Travel services are goods and services purchased abroad by travellers, with one exception: cross-border transportation. Transportation services are the transportation of goods and cross-border travellers, and related services. Government services arise largely from official representation and military activities, and some governmental commercial activities. Commercial services are all other services, such as management, financial or engineering services; this category also includes charges for the use of intellectual property.

Trade balance

Difference between the value of exports and the value of imports. There is a trade surplus if the value of exports exceeds the value of imports. There is a trade deficit if the value of imports exceeds the value of exports.

Definitions Specific to the Profiles for Countries and Regions

Foreign direct investment (FDI)

Investment that provides an investor with ownership of at least 10% voting equity in an enterprise that is located in a country other than the investor's country of residence. The stock of FDI is the value of the accumulated equity owned by investors abroad; the stock changes from year to year based on flows of FDI.

Purchasing power parity (PPP)

Ratio of the prices in two countries for identical goods and services. It is used to adjust economic indicators to account for international price differences. With a calculation of GDP at PPP, a given good or service has the same price in each country.

Definition Specific to the Profile for Canada's Foreign Direct Investment Relationship with the World

Foreign majority-owned affiliates

Enterprises in which a foreign business owns more than 50% of voting shares.

Definitions Specific to the Profile for the European Union

EU-13

The 13 countries that joined the European Union between 2004 and 2013: Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia.

EU-15

The 15 countries that became members of the European Union before 2004: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

Definitions Specific to the Profiles for Provinces and Territories

Basic prices

Prices received by sellers. They exclude both taxes and subsidies on products.

Market prices

Prices paid by buyers. They include taxes net of subsidies on products.