



## HIGHLIGHTS QUALITY EDUCATION FOR FIRST NATIONS CHILDREN

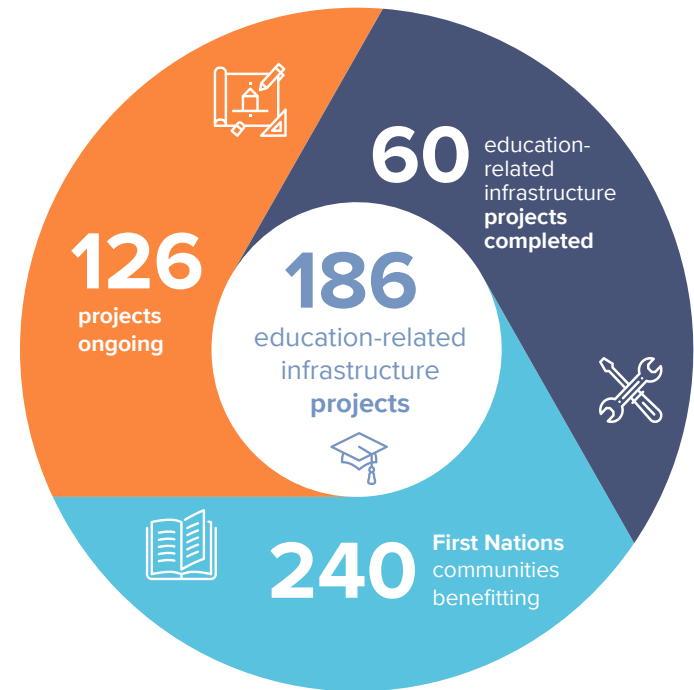


### CHALLENGES »

- » **44%** of First Nations individuals on reserves (age 18-24) have completed high school, compared to **88%** for other Canadians
- » **gaps** for training in language and culture
- » **significant need for school construction, repair and maintenance on reserves**

### ■ PROGRESS SINCE 2015

- ✓ **new policy approach** for Kindergarten to Grade 12 education on reserves co-developed by Canada and the Assembly of First Nations
- ✓ **renewed education agreement** in British Columbia, benefitting First Nations students on and off reserves
- ✓ **largest education self-government agreement** in Canada signed with 23 Anishinabek First Nations in Ontario
- ✓ established the **Manitoba First Nations School System**
- ✓ signed the **Maskwacis Education Schools Commission agreement**
- ✓ **186 First Nations education infrastructure projects**, including:
  - » Conseil de la Nation Anishinabe de lac Simon primary school expansion
  - » \$248 million to build four schools and renovate one school for Bunibonibee, Cree Nation, God's Lake First Nation, Wasagamack First Nation and Manto Sipi Cree Nation
  - » Southeast Resource Development Council Southeast Collegiate campus expansion
  - » Lake St. Martin First Nation builds Kindergarten to Grade 12 school



### ■ THE PATH FORWARD

- ✓ **First Nations control** of First Nations education
- ✓ culturally **appropriate curricula** and **higher graduation rates**
- ✓ **better education outcomes** for First Nations students **living on reserves**
- ✓ **increased** education infrastructure investments
- ✓ **improved access** to post-secondary education for Indigenous students

