

DEBATES OF THE SENATE

2nd SESSION • 43rd PARLIAMENT • VOLUME 152 • NUMBER 1

OFFICIAL REPORT (HANSARD)

Wednesday, September 23, 2020

The Honourable GEORGE J. FUREY, Speaker

This issue contains the latest listing of Senators, Officers of the Senate and the Ministry.

CONTENTS

(Daily index of proceedings appears at back of this

Publications Centre: Kim Laughren, National Press Building, Room 926, Tel. 343-550-5002

THE SENATE

Wednesday, September 23, 2020

FORTY-THIRD PARLIAMENT

[Translation]

OPENING OF SECOND SESSION

Parliament having been summoned by proclamation to meet this day for the dispatch of business:

The Senate met at 2 p.m., the Speaker in the chair.

Prayers.

[Translation]

COMMUNICATION FROM GOVERNMENT HOUSE

The Hon. the Speaker: Honourable senators, I have the honour to inform you that I have received the following communication from Government House, which reads as follows:

RIDEAU HALL

September 21, 2020

Mr. Speaker:

I have the honour to inform you that Her Excellency the Right Honourable Julie Payette, Governor General of Canada will arrive at the Senate of Canada Building at 2:10 p.m. on Wednesday, the 23rd day of September, 2020.

When it has been indicated that all is in readiness, Her Excellency will proceed to the Chamber of the Senate to formally open the Second Session of the Forty-Third Parliament of Canada.

Yours sincerely,

Assunta Di Lorenzo

Secretary to the Governor General and Herald Chancellor

The Honourable
The Speaker of the Senate
Ottawa

[English]

As there is no business before the Senate, is it your pleasure, honourable senators, that the sitting be suspended to await the arrival of Her Excellency the Governor General of Canada?

(The sitting of the Senate was suspended.)

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE

At 2:27 p.m., Her Excellency the Governor General proceeded to the Senate Chamber and took her seat upon the Throne. Her Excellency was pleased to command the attendance of the House of Commons, and, that House being come, with their Speaker, Her Excellency was pleased to open the Second Session of the Forty-third Parliament of Canada with the following speech.

The Right Honourable Julie Payette: Honourable Senators.

Members of the House of Commons, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Every day on our shared planet, millions face hardships that test the human spirit. Extreme weather, wildfires, poverty, conflicts, discrimination and inequalities. Rarely though, has all of humanity faced a single common insidious enemy. An invisible enemy that respects no borders, thrives anywhere, hits anyone.

To overcome a pandemic requires the work and resolve of every order of government, every community, and every one of us.

We don't decide when hardship comes, but here in Canada, we have decided how we wanted to address it. We have adapted in remarkable ways.

We Canadians did our part. We changed our habits, postponed our plans, switched to teleworking or had to completely reinvent our work, all this, while caring for one another.

We owe an immense debt to those who served and still serve on the frontlines, to health care personnel and essential workers, women and men in uniform, volunteers and leaders, everywhere in the country.

There has been a lot of suffering and we all mourn those who have passed.

We trust science to lead the fight until a safe and effective vaccine becomes available. But until then, we must keep our guard up, using the tools that are available to us now — such as testing, treatments and physical distancing measures.

Like a reed in high winds, we might sway but we will not break. Because our roots are firmly in place, our goals clear, and because we have hope — the hope that lifts the soul on dark days and keeps us focused on the future.

Canadians have lived through uncertain times before and have always prevailed because determination, concern for others, courage, and common sense define our nation. We must bring all those qualities to bear once again and continue to work for the common good, and for a better, safer and more just society.

This is who we are and what will see us through to brighter days.

Opening

For over 150 years, Parliamentarians have worked together to chart Canada's path forward.

Your predecessors met when Confederation was only a few months old, setting the course for a young country. They stood united through Canada's toughest days, leading the nation through wars and depression. And as they did, each Parliamentarian was called to meet their times.

Today, Canadians expect you to do the same. They expect you to work together on their behalf and meet this crucial moment.

Less than a year ago, we gathered here for a Throne Speech to open the 43rd Parliament. Since then, our realities have changed. And so must our approach.

This pandemic is the most serious public health crisis Canada has ever faced.

Over 9,000 Canadians have died in six months. For our neighbours in the United States, this figure is over 200,000. Globally, it's nearly a million.

But these aren't just numbers. These are friends and family. Neighbours and colleagues.

The pandemic is the story of parents who have died alone, without loved ones to hold their hand.

It is the story of kids who have gone months without seeing friends.

Of workers who have lost their jobs.

The last six months have laid bare fundamental gaps in our society, and in societies around the world. This pandemic has been hard for everyone. But for those who were already struggling, the burden has been even heavier.

For parents — and especially moms — who are facing impossible choices between kids and career.

For racialized Canadians and Indigenous Peoples who are confronted by systemic barriers.

For young people who are worried about what their future will hold.

For seniors who are isolated, frightened, and most at risk.

And for workers who, while earning the lowest wages in the most precarious sectors, have been on the frontlines of the pandemic. We must address these challenges of today. But we also cannot forget about the tests of the future.

The world came into this pandemic facing the risks and consequences of climate change. A lesson that COVID-19 has taught us, is that we need to match challenges with decisiveness and determination.

On all of these fronts — health and the economy, equality and the environment — we must take bold action.

The Government will meet these challenges.

The Government's approach will have four foundations.

The first foundation of this plan is to fight the pandemic and save lives.

The second foundation of the Government's plan is supporting people and businesses through this crisis as long as it lasts, whatever it takes. Effectively dealing with the health crisis is the best thing we can do for the economy. Government action has already helped Canadians stay safe, and buffered the worst economic impacts.

The third foundation is to build back better to create a stronger, more resilient Canada. To do this, we must keep strengthening the middle class and helping people working hard to join it, and continue creating jobs and building long-term competitiveness with clean growth. We must also keep building safer communities for everyone.

The fourth and final foundation of this plan is to stand up for who we are as Canadians. We cannot forget what has made us a country that is welcoming. A country that celebrates two official languages. That achieves progress on gender equality, walks the road of reconciliation, and fights discrimination of every kind.

This is our generation's crossroads.

Do we move Canada forward, or let people be left behind? Do we come out of this stronger, or paper over the cracks that the crisis has exposed?

This is the time to remember who we are as Canadians.

This is the opportunity to contain the global crisis and build back better, together.

Protecting Canadians from COVID-19

The first foundation of the Government's approach is protecting Canadians from COVID-19.

This is priority number one.

It is the job of the federal government to look out for <u>all</u> Canadians and especially our most vulnerable. We need to work together. Beating this virus is a Team Canada effort.

Over the last six months, Canadians have stood united and strong. Their actions embody what has always been the purpose of the federal government: bringing Canadians together to achieve common goals.

Personal protective equipment has been shipped across the country. Members of the Canadian Forces were there in long-term care homes.

Close to 9 million Canadians were helped with the Canada Emergency Response Benefit and over 3.5 million jobs were supported by the wage subsidy.

The Government will continue to have people's backs just like Canadians have each other's backs.

Through the first wave, contact tracing and testing ramped up across the country. The surge this fall further reinforces what we already know — that we must do even more.

The federal government will be there to help the provinces increase their testing capacity. Canadians should not be waiting in line for hours to get a test.

At the same time, the Government is pursuing every technology and every option for faster tests for Canadians from coast to coast to coast. As soon as tests are approved for safe use in Canada, the Government will do everything it can to see them deployed. The Government will also create a federal Testing Assistance Response Team to quickly meet surge testing needs, including in remote and isolated communities.

Local public health authorities are the backbone of our nation's efforts to stop outbreaks before they start. As members of the communities they protect, they know the devastating economic impact a lockdown order can have.

To prevent small clusters from becoming major outbreaks, communities may need to enact short-term closure orders. To make that decision easier for the public health authorities, and to help ease the impact that science- and evidence-based decisions can have on local businesses in the short term, the Government will work to target additional financial support directly to businesses which have to temporarily shut down as a result of a local public health decision.

This will ensure that decisions are made with the health of Canadians as the first priority.

The Government will also continue to work on what communities need more broadly.

The Government has already invested over \$19 billion for a Safe Restart Agreement with provinces and territories, to support everything from the capacity of health care systems to securing PPE.

To address the challenges faced by provinces and territories as they reopen classrooms, the federal government invested \$2 billion in the Safe Return to Class Fund, along with new funding for First Nations communities. This is

money to keep kids — and staff — safe in the classroom, whether that's by helping schools buy cleaning supplies or upgrade ventilation.

These commitments build on federal investments to support people who are most at risk and those who care for them, including with the federal wage top-up for personal support workers. People on the frontlines who have been looking after seniors do vital work and the Government will continue to have their backs.

At the same time, the Government will continue to support Canadians as they take action to keep each other safe.

Already, people are doing their part by wearing masks. That's important, and we can build on that commitment. Working with private sector partners, the federal government created the COVID Alert app. Canadians living in Ontario, Newfoundland and Labrador, New Brunswick, and Saskatchewan now have an extra tool to keep themselves and others safe. The Government hopes all the others will sign on so that people in all parts of the country can both do their part and be better protected.

The Government will also continue to work on getting Canadians the PPE they need.

This spring, the Government issued a call, and thousands of Canadian businesses and manufacturers responded. From shop floors to companies big and small, Canada's dynamic businesses met the challenge as their workers stepped up.

And in less than six months, Canadians are now manufacturing almost all types of PPE. The Government will continue building that domestic capacity, while securing supply chains to keep Canadians safe and create jobs.

Canadians are pulling together, whether that's with PPE manufacturing, through the COVID Alert app, or by wearing a mask. In the same way, Canadian researchers and scientists are pitching in to the Team Canada effort with their knowledge and expertise.

Vaccine efforts

In the long run, the best way to end this pandemic is with a safe and effective vaccine.

Canada's vaccine strategy is all about ensuring that Canadians will be able to get a vaccine once it is ready.

There are many types of potential candidates. Canada is exploring the full range of options. The Government has already secured access to vaccine candidates and therapeutics, while investing in manufacturing here at home. And to get the vaccines out to Canadians once they're ready, the Government has made further investments in our capacity for vaccine distribution.

From the Vaccine Task Force that provides the best advice on vaccine purchasing and roll-out, to the Immunity Task Force looking at how COVID-19 is affecting vulnerable populations, Canada's top scientific minds are guiding the Government every step of the way.

Helping Canadians through the pandemic

The medical and scientific fight against this virus is crucial. And so are the livelihoods of every single Canadian, worker, and family.

So the second foundation of the Government's approach is supporting Canadians through this crisis.

The economic impact of COVID-19 on Canadians has already been worse than the 2008 financial crisis. These consequences will not be short-lived.

This is not the time for austerity. Canada entered this crisis in the best fiscal position of its peers. And the Government is using that fiscal firepower, on things like the Canada Emergency Response Benefit and the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy, so that Canadians, businesses, and our entire economy have the support needed to weather the storm.

Canadians should not have to choose between health and their job, just like Canadians should not have to take on debt that their government can better shoulder.

Creating jobs

People losing their jobs is perhaps the clearest consequence of the global economic shock that Canadians — like those in other countries — have faced.

The CERB helped people stay healthy at home while being able to keep food on the table.

The CEWS helped people keep their jobs, or be rehired if they had been laid off.

But there is still more to be done.

Unemployment is in the double digits, and underemployment is high.

Women, racialized Canadians, and young people have borne the brunt of job losses.

Canadians need good jobs they can rely on.

To help make that happen, the Government will launch a campaign to create over one million jobs, restoring employment to previous levels. This will be done by using a range of tools, including direct investments in the social sector and infrastructure, immediate training to quickly skill up workers, and incentives for employers to hire and retain workers.

One way the Government will create these jobs is by extending the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy right through to next summer. The Government will work with businesses and labour to ensure the program meets the needs of the health and economic situation as it evolves.

Another example of how the Government will create jobs is by significantly scaling up the Youth Employment and Skills Strategy, to provide more paid work experiences next year for young Canadians.

Now, more than ever, Canadians must work together — including by eliminating remaining barriers between provinces to full, free internal trade — to get the economy back up and running and Canadians back to work.

Supporting workers and their families

With the job losses that Canadians have faced, it became clear early on that many people would need help until they could find work once again. But existing income support systems were not designed to handle this unprecedented situation. That's why the Government moved quickly to create the Canada Emergency Response Benefit as a temporary program to help millions of Canadians get through a very difficult time.

With the economic restart now well underway, CERB recipients should instead be supported by the Employment Insurance system. For people who would not traditionally qualify for EI, the Government will create the transitional Canada Recovery Benefit.

Over the coming months, the EI system will become the sole delivery mechanism for employment benefits, including for Canadians who did not qualify for EI before the pandemic. This pandemic has shown that Canada needs an EI system for the 21st century, including for the self-employed and those in the gig economy.

Women in the Economy

Women — and in particular low-income women — have been hit hardest by COVID-19. This crisis has been described as a She-cession.

Many women have bravely served on the frontlines of this crisis, in our communities or by shouldering the burden of unpaid care work at home.

We must not let the legacy of the pandemic be one of rolling back the clock on women's participation in the workforce, nor one of backtracking on the social and political gains women and allies have fought so hard to secure. The Government will create an Action Plan for Women in the Economy to help more women get back into the workforce and to ensure a feminist, intersectional response to this pandemic and recovery. This Plan will be guided by a task force of experts whose diverse voices will power a whole of government approach.

It has been nearly 50 years since the Royal Commission on the Status of Women outlined the necessity of child care services for women's social and economic equality. We have long understood that Canada cannot succeed if half of the population is held back. Canadians need more accessible, affordable, inclusive, and high quality childcare.

Recognizing the urgency of this challenge, the Government will make a significant, long-term, sustained investment to create a Canada-wide early learning and childcare system.

The Government will build on previous investments, learn from the model that already exists in Quebec, and work with all provinces and territories to ensure that high-quality care is accessible to all.

There is broad consensus from all parts of society, including business and labour leaders, that the time is now.

The Government also remains committed to subsidizing before- and after-school program costs. With the way that this pandemic has affected parents and families, flexible care options for primary school children are more important than ever.

The Government will also accelerate the Women's Entrepreneurship Strategy, which has already helped women across Canada grow their businesses.

Supporting businesses

As the Government invests in people, it will continue to support job-creating businesses.

Small businesses are the lifeblood of communities and the backbone of the economy. The Government introduced a range of supports for Canadian businesses, from help with payroll through the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy to assistance with expenses through interest-free loans.

COVID-19 has caused businesses across the country, both large and small, to rethink their approaches. Entrepreneurs and owners are looking at more digital options, more creative solutions, and more climate-friendly investments.

The Government will help businesses adapt for the future and thrive.

This fall, in addition to extending the wage subsidy, the Government will take further steps to bridge vulnerable businesses to the other side of the pandemic by:

- Expanding the Canada Emergency Business Account to help businesses with fixed costs;
- Improving the Business Credit Availability Program;
- And introducing further support for industries that have been the hardest hit, including travel and tourism, hospitality, and cultural industries like the performing arts.

Fiscal sustainability

This COVID-19 emergency has had huge costs. But Canada would have had a deeper recession and a bigger long-term deficit if the Government had done less.

With interest rates so low, central banks can only do so much to help. There is a global consensus that governments must do more. Government can do so while also locking in the low cost of borrowing for decades to come. This Government will preserve Canada's fiscal advantage and continue to be guided by values of sustainability and prudence.

There are two distinct needs.

The first is to help Canadians in the short term, to do whatever it takes, using whatever fiscal firepower is needed to support people and businesses during the pandemic. The best way to keep the economy strong is to keep Canadians healthy.

The second need is to build back better, with a sustainable approach for future generations. As the Government builds a plan for stimulus and recovery, this must be done responsibly.

In the longer term, the Government will focus on targeted investments to strengthen the middle class, build resiliency, and generate growth. The Government will also identify additional ways to tax extreme wealth inequality, including by concluding work to limit the stock option deduction for wealthy individuals at large, established corporations, and addressing corporate tax avoidance by digital giants.

Web giants are taking Canadians' money while imposing their own priorities. Things must change, and will change. The Government will act to ensure their revenue is shared more fairly with our creators and media, and will also require them to contribute to the creation, production, and distribution of our stories, on screen, in lyrics, in music, and in writing.

This fall, the Government will release an update to Canada's COVID-19 Economic Response Plan. This will outline the Government's economic and fiscal position, provide fiscal projections, and set out new measures to implement this Throne Speech.

This update will make clear that the strength of the middle class, and the wellbeing of all Canadians, remain Canada's key measures of success.

Building back better — a resiliency agenda for the middle class

As we fight for every Canadian and defend everyone's ability to succeed, we also need to focus on the future, and on building back better. This forms the third foundation of the Government's approach.

Around the world, advanced economies are realizing that things should not go back to business as usual. COVID-19 has exposed the vulnerabilities in our societies.

The Government will create a resiliency agenda for the middle class and people working hard to join it.

This will include addressing the gaps in our social systems, investing in health care, and creating jobs. It will also include fighting climate change, and maintaining a commitment to fiscal sustainability and economic growth as the foundation of a strong and vibrant society.

Addressing gaps in our social systems

Central to this is recognizing that one of the greatest tragedies of this pandemic is the lives lost in long-term care homes. Elders deserve to be safe, respected, and live in dignity.

Although long-term care falls under provincial and territorial jurisdiction, the federal government will take any action it can to support seniors while working alongside the provinces and territories.

The Government will work with Parliament on *Criminal Code* amendments to explicitly penalize those who neglect seniors under their care, putting them in danger.

The Government will also:

- Work with the provinces and territories to set new, national standards for long-term care so that seniors get the best support possible;
- And take additional action to help people stay in their homes longer.

The Government remains committed to increasing Old Age Security once a senior turns 75, and boosting the Canada Pension Plan survivor's benefit.

The Government will look at further targeted measures for personal support workers, who do an essential service helping the most vulnerable in our communities. Canada must better value their work and their contributions to our society.

COVID-19 has disproportionately affected Canadians with disabilities, and highlighted long-standing challenges. The Government will bring forward a Disability Inclusion Plan, which will have:

- A new Canadian Disability Benefit modelled after the Guaranteed Income Supplement for seniors;
- A robust employment strategy for Canadians with disabilities;
- And a better process to determine eligibility for Government disability programs and benefits.

Over the last six months, it has become clearer than ever why Canadians need a resilient health care system.

The Government will ensure that everyone — including in rural and remote areas — has access to a family doctor or primary care team. COVID-19 has also shown that our system needs to be more flexible and able to reach people at home. The Government will continue to expand capacity to deliver virtual health care.

The Government will also continue to address the opioid epidemic tearing through communities, which is an ongoing and worsening public health crisis. Additionally, the Government will further increase access to mental health resources. All Canadians should have the care they need, when they need it. We will all be stronger for it.

The same goes for access to the medicine that keeps people healthy. Many Canadians who had drug plans through work lost this coverage when they were laid off because of the pandemic. So this is exactly the right moment to ramp up efforts to address that.

The Government remains committed to a national, universal pharmacare program and will accelerate steps to achieve this system including:

- Through a rare-disease strategy to help Canadian families save money on high-cost drugs;
- Establishing a national formulary to keep drug prices low;
- And working with provinces and territories willing to move forward without delay.

In addition to good health infrastructure, Canadians also need strong, safe communities to call home.

The Government has banned assault-style firearms. The Government will also continue implementing firearms policy commitments, including:

- Giving municipalities the ability to further restrict or ban handguns;
- And strengthening measures to control the flow of illegal guns into Canada.

Women's safety must be the foundation on which all progress is built. The Government will accelerate investments in shelters and transition housing, and continue to advance with a National Action Plan on Gender-Based Violence.

To keep building strong communities, over the next two years the Government will also invest in all types of infrastructure, including public transit, energy efficient retrofits, clean energy, rural broadband, and affordable housing, particularly for Indigenous Peoples and northern communities.

In the last six months, many more people have worked from home, done classes from the kitchen table, shopped online, and accessed government services remotely. So it has become more important than ever that all Canadians have access to the internet.

The Government will accelerate the connectivity timelines and ambitions of the Universal Broadband Fund to ensure that all Canadians, no matter where they live, have access to high-speed internet.

And to further link our communities together, the Government will work with partners to support regional routes for airlines. It is essential that Canadians have access to reliable and affordable regional air services. This is an issue of equity, of jobs, and of economic development. The Government will work to support this.

Strong communities are places where everyone has a safe, affordable home.

No one should be without a place to stay during a pandemic, or for that matter, a Canadian winter.

This week, the Government invested more than \$1 billion for people experiencing homelessness, including for this fall.

In 2017, the Government announced that it would reduce chronic homelessness by 50 percent. The Government has already helped more than a million people get a safe and affordable place to call home. Given the progress that has been made, and our commitment to do more, the Government is now focused on entirely eliminating chronic homelessness in Canada.

At the same time, the Government will also make substantial investments in housing for Canadians.

The Government will add to the historic National Housing Strategy announced in 2017 by increasing investments to rapid housing in the short term, and partnering with not-forprofits and co-ops in the mid- to long-term. For the middle class, the Government will also move forward with enhancements to the First-Time Home Buyer Incentive, including in Canada's largest cities, so families can afford to buy their first home.

Housing is something everyone deserves, and it's also a key driver of the economy. Construction projects create jobs, and having a home is critical so people can contribute to their communities.

Just like everyone deserves a home, everyone deserves to be able to put nutritious food on the table.

The pandemic has made that harder for Canadians. The Government will continue to work with partners — including directly with First Nations, Inuit, and Métis Nation partners — to address food insecurity in Canada. The Government will also strengthen local food supply chains here in Canada.

The Canadian and migrant workers who produce, harvest, and process our food — from people picking fruit to packing seafood — have done an outstanding job getting good food on people's plates. They deserve the Government's full support and protection.

The Government will also ensure that those in Canada's supply managed sectors receive full and fair compensation for recent trade agreements. Farmers keep our families fed, and we will continue to help them succeed and grow.

A stronger workforce

This pandemic has revealed gaps in health, housing, and food supply. And it has also laid bare inequalities Canadians face in the workforce.

We have an opportunity to not just support Canadians, but grow their potential. Working with the provinces and territories, the Government will make the largest investment in Canadian history in training for workers. This will include by:

- Supporting Canadians as they build new skills in growing sectors;
- Helping workers receive education and accreditation;
- And strengthening workers' futures, by connecting them to employers and good jobs, in order to grow and strengthen the middle class.

From researchers developing vaccines, to entrepreneurs building online stores, this pandemic has reminded us of the power of the knowledge economy, and how vital it is for our future.

Canadians are leading, and they should have government services that keep up.

The Government will make generational investments in updating outdated IT systems to modernize the way that Government serves Canadians, from the elderly to the young, from people looking for work to those living with a disability. The Government will also work to introduce free, automatic tax filing for simple returns to ensure citizens receive the benefits they need.

Government must remain agile, and ready for what lies ahead.

Taking action on extreme risks from climate change

Climate action will be a cornerstone of our plan to support and create a million jobs across the country.

This is where the world is going. Global consumers and investors are demanding and rewarding climate action.

Canadians have the determination and ingenuity to rise to this challenge and global market opportunity.

We can create good jobs today and a globally competitive economy not just next year, but in 2030, 2040, and beyond.

Canadians also know climate change threatens our health, way of life, and planet. They want climate action now, and that is what the Government will continue to deliver.

The Government will immediately bring forward a plan to exceed Canada's 2030 climate goal. The Government will also legislate Canada's goal of net-zero emissions by 2050.

As part of its plan, the Government will:

- Create thousands of jobs retrofitting homes and buildings, cutting energy costs for Canadian families and businesses;
- Invest in reducing the impact of climate-related disasters, like floods and wildfires, to make communities safer and more resilient;
- Help deliver more transit and active transit options;
- And make zero-emissions vehicles more affordable while investing in more charging stations across the country.

A good example of adapting to a carbon-neutral future is building zero-emissions vehicles and batteries. Canada has the resources — from nickel to copper — needed for these clean technologies. This — combined with Canadian expertise — is Canada's competitive edge.

The Government will launch a new fund to attract investments in making zero-emissions products and cut the corporate tax rate in half for these companies to create jobs and make Canada a world leader in clean technology. The Government will ensure Canada is the most competitive jurisdiction in the world for clean technology companies.

Additionally, the Government will:

- Transform how we power our economy and communities by moving forward with the Clean Power Fund, including with projects like the Atlantic Loop that will connect surplus clean power to regions transitioning away from coal;
- And support investments in renewable energy and next-generation clean energy and technology solutions.

Canada cannot reach net zero without the know-how of the energy sector, and the innovative ideas of all Canadians, including people in places like British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, and Newfoundland and Labrador.

The Government will:

- Support manufacturing, natural resource, and energy sectors as they work to transform to meet a net zero future, creating good-paying and long-lasting jobs;
- And recognize farmers, foresters, and ranchers as key partners in the fight against climate change, supporting their efforts to reduce emissions and build resilience.

The Government will continue its policy of putting a price on pollution, while putting that money back in the pockets of Canadians. It cannot be free to pollute.

This pandemic has reminded Canadians of the importance of nature. The Government will work with municipalities as part of a new commitment to expand urban parks, so that everyone has access to green space. This will be done while protecting a quarter of Canada's land and a quarter of Canada's oceans in five years, and using nature-based solutions to fight climate change, including by planting two billion trees.

The Government will ban harmful single-use plastics next year and ensure more plastic is recycled. And the Government will also modernize Canada's Environmental Protection Act.

When the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Administration was closed by a previous government, Canada lost an important tool to manage its waters. The Government will create a new Canada Water Agency to keep our water safe, clean, and well-managed. The Government will also identify opportunities to build more resilient water and irrigation infrastructure.

At the same time, the Government will look at continuing to grow Canada's ocean economy to create opportunities for fishers and coastal communities, while advancing reconciliation and conservation objectives. Investing in the Blue Economy will help Canada prosper.

The Canada we're fighting for

This is a fight for Canadians today and Canada tomorrow. So we must never forget the values that make us who we are. The fourth and final foundation of the Government's approach is defending Canadian values and ensuring they are lived experiences for everyone.

Canada is a place where we take care of each other. This has helped Canada weather the pandemic better than many other countries.

Canada must continue to stand up for the values that define this country, whether that's welcoming newcomers, celebrating with pride the contributions of LGBTQ2 communities, or embracing two official languages. There is work still to be done, including on the road of reconciliation, and in addressing systemic racism.

Reconciliation

Throughout the pandemic, the Government has made it a priority to support Indigenous communities, which has helped contain the spread of COVID-19 and kept people safe. That is something the Government will continue to do.

The Government will walk the shared path of reconciliation with Indigenous Peoples, and remain focused on implementing the commitments made in 2019. However, the pandemic has shown that we need to keep moving forward even faster on a number of fronts including by:

- Expediting work to co-develop distinctions-based Indigenous health legislation with First Nations, Inuit, and the Métis Nation, and a distinctions-based mental health and wellness strategy;
- Accelerating work on the National Action Plan in response to the National Inquiry into Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls' Calls for Justice, as well as implementation of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission's Calls to Action;

 And continuing to close the infrastructure gap in Indigenous communities, working on a distinctionsbasis with First Nations, Inuit, and the Métis Nation to accelerate the government's 10-year commitment.

The Government will also:

- Make additional resiliency investments to meet the clean drinking water commitment in First Nations communities;
- And support additional capacity-building for First Nations, Inuit, and the Métis Nation.

The Government will move forward to introduce legislation to implement the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples before the end of this year.

Addressing systemic racism

For too many Canadians, systemic racism is a lived reality. We know that racism did not take a pause during the pandemic. On the contrary, COVID-19 has hit racialized Canadians especially hard.

Many people — especially Indigenous people, and Black and racialized Canadians — have raised their voices and stood up to demand change.

They are telling us we must do more. The Government agrees.

The Government pledged to address systemic racism, and committed to do so in a way informed by the lived experiences of racialized communities and Indigenous Peoples.

The Government has invested in economic empowerment through the Black Entrepreneurship Program, while working to close the gaps in services for Indigenous communities. Important steps were taken with the release of Canada's Anti-Racism Strategy for 2019-2022, the creation of an antiracism secretariat, and the appointment of the first-ever Minister focused specifically on diversity and inclusion. This is all good, but much more needs to be done for permanent, transformative change to take shape.

The Government will redouble its efforts by:

- Taking action on online hate;
- Going further on economic empowerment for specific communities, and increasing diversity on procurement;
- Building a whole-of-federal-government approach around better collection of disaggregated data;

- Implementing an action plan to increase representation in hiring and appointments, and leadership development within the Public Service;
- And taking new steps to support the artistic and economic contributions of Black Canadian culture and heritage.

Progress must also be made throughout the policing and justice systems. All Canadians must have the confidence that the justice system is there to protect them, not to harm them. Black Canadians and Indigenous Peoples are overrepresented in the criminal justice system. That has to change.

The Government will take steps to ensure that the strong hand of criminal justice is used where it is needed to keep people safe, but not where it would be discriminatory or counterproductive.

The Government will:

- Introduce legislation and make investments that take action to address the systemic inequities in all phases of the criminal justice system, from diversion to sentencing, from rehabilitation to records;
- Move forward on enhanced civilian oversight of our law enforcement agencies, including the RCMP;
- Modernize training for police and law enforcement, including addressing standards around the use of force;
- Move forward on RCMP reforms, with a shift toward community-led policing;
- And accelerate work to co-develop a legislative framework for First Nations policing as an essential service.

Protecting two official languages

Our two official languages are woven into the fabric of our country.

The defence of the rights of Francophones outside Quebec, and the defence of the rights of the Anglophone minority within Quebec, is a priority for the Government.

The Government of Canada must also recognize that the situation of French is unique. There are almost 8 million Francophones in Canada within a region of over 360 million inhabitants who are almost exclusively Anglophone. The Government therefore has the responsibility to protect and promote French not only outside of Quebec, but also within Quebec.

In this vein, 51 years after the passage of the *Official Languages Act*, the Government is committed to strengthening this legislation among other things, taking into consideration the unique reality of French.

A welcoming Canada

Immigration remains a driver of Canada's economic growth.

With other countries rejecting global talent that could help their economy, Canada has an opportunity as we recover to become the world's top destination for talent, capital, and jobs. When people choose Canada, help build Canada, and make sacrifices in support of Canada, we should make it easier for them to formally become Canadian.

Earlier this year, the Government announced measures to grant permanent residency to people who, although not Canadian citizens, had cared for the most vulnerable in longterm care homes and other medical facilities.

The Government will continue to bring in newcomers and support family reunification. We know that there is an economic and human advantage to having families together.

As part of both the short-term economic recovery and a long-term plan for growth, the Government will leverage the advantage we have on immigration to keep Canada competitive on the world stage.

Canada in the world

We must take action on all of these priorities at home. But we must also address the world in which we live.

COVID-19 has accelerated the existing trends toward a more fragmented global order. It remains in Canada's interest to create and maintain bilateral and multilateral relationships to advance peace and economic prosperity.

The Government will invest more in international development while supporting developing countries on their economic recoveries and resilience. Canada will also support work to ensure that people around the world have access to a vaccine. We cannot eliminate this pandemic in Canada unless we end it everywhere.

The Government will also continue to stand up for human rights and the rule of law. It is unacceptable that any citizen be arbitrarily detained. Michael Kovrig and Michael Spavor must be brought home. This is something for which all Canadians stand united.

The Government will continue to fight for free trade, including by leading the Ottawa Group to reform the World Trade Organization.

Our likeminded allies and partners are investing to make sure their societies emerge stronger. This Government's plan does that as well.

Conclusion

Taken together, this is an ambitious plan for an unprecedented reality. The course of events will determine what needs to be done when.

But throughout, protecting and supporting Canadians will stay the top priority.

And the core values that have driven the Government since day one remain the same.

In 2015, Canadians asked their government to deliver real change on everything from middle class jobs to climate change. In 2019, the people chose a Parliament that would keep moving forward on these shared goals. And in 2020, Canadians expect nothing less.

It is no small task to build a stronger, more resilient country.

It will take hard work. It will require a commitment to finding common ground.

Parliamentarians, Canadians have placed a trust in you to guide this country forward. They have placed their faith in you to work together to meet whatever challenges we face.

Remember that we are here today because of the generations of Canadians who came before us. We are here because of the women and men — our parents, grandparents, and great-grandparents — who had the courage to reach for a better future.

Today, it is our turn. Our moment to build a stronger and more resilient Canada for everyone.

Members of the House of Commons, you will be asked to appropriate the funds to carry out the services and expenditures authorized by Parliament.

Members of the Senate and Members of the House of Commons, may you be equal to the profound trust bestowed on you by Canadians, and may Divine Providence guide you in all your duties.

The Commons withdrew.

Her Excellency the Governor General was pleased to retire.

(The sitting of the Senate was resumed.)

• (1550)

RAILWAYS BILL

FIRST READING

Hon. Raymonde Gagné (Legislative Deputy to the Government Representative in the Senate): Honourable senators, pursuant to rule 10-1, I have the honour to introduce Bill S-1, a pro forma bill entitled An Act relating to railways.

(Bill read first time.)

SPEECH FROM THE THRONE

CONSIDERATION AT NEXT SITTING

The Hon. the Speaker: Honourable senators, I have the honour to inform you that Her Excellency the Governor General has caused to be placed in my hands a copy of her Speech delivered this day from the Throne to the two Houses of Parliament. It is as follows—

Hon. Senators: Dispense.

The Hon. the Speaker: Honourable senators, when shall this speech be taken into consideration?

[English]

Hon. Raymonde Gagné (Legislative Deputy to the Government Representative in the Senate) moved:

That the Speech of Her Excellency the Governor General, delivered this day from the Throne to the two houses of Parliament, be taken into consideration at the next sitting of the Senate.

(Motion agreed to.)

[Translation]

THE SENATE

MOTION TO AUTHORIZE SENATORS TO SPEAK OR VOTE FROM A SEAT OTHER THAN THEIR ASSIGNED PLACES UNTIL THE END OF 2020 ADOPTED

Hon. Raymonde Gagné (Legislative Deputy to the Government Representative in the Senate): Honourable senators, with leave of the Senate and notwithstanding rule 5-5(j), I move:

That, notwithstanding rules 6-1 and 9-8(1)(b), until the end of 2020, senators:

(a) may speak and vote from a seat other than their assigned places, including from a seat located in the Senate galleries, which shall be considered to be within the bar of the Senate; (b) remain seated when speaking from a seat located in the Senate galleries; and

(c) may otherwise speak while either standing or seated.

The Hon. the Speaker: Is leave granted, honourable senators?

Hon. Senators: Agreed.

The Hon. the Speaker: Is it your pleasure, honourable senators, to adopt the motion?

Hon. Senators: Agreed.

(Motion agreed to.)

[English]

ADJOURNMENT

MOTION ADOPTED

Hon. Raymonde Gagné (Legislative Deputy to the Government Representative in the Senate): Honourable senators, with leave of the Senate and notwithstanding rule 5-5(g), I move:

That, when the Senate next adjourns after the adoption of this motion, it do stand adjourned until Monday, October 5, 2020, at 12 p.m.

The Hon. the Speaker: Is leave granted, honourable senators?

Hon. Senators: Agreed.

The Hon. the Speaker: Is it your pleasure, honourable senators, to adopt the motion?

Hon. Senators: Agreed.

(Motion agreed to.)

(At 3:55 p.m., the Senate was continued until Monday, October 5, 2020, at 12 p.m.)

THE SPEAKER

The Honourable George J. Furey

THE GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE IN THE SENATE

The Honourable Marc Gold

THE LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION

The Honourable Donald Neil Plett

FACILITATOR OF THE INDEPENDENT SENATORS GROUP

The Honourable Yuen Pau Woo

THE LEADER OF THE CANADIAN SENATORS GROUP

The Honourable Scott Tannas

THE LEADER OF THE PROGRESSIVE SENATE GROUP

The Honourable Jane Cordy

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE

INTERIM CLERK OF THE SENATE AND CLERK OF THE PARLIAMENTS

Richard Denis

LAW CLERK AND PARLIAMENTARY COUNSEL

Philippe Hallée

USHER OF THE BLACK ROD

J. Greg Peters

THE MINISTRY

(In order of precedence)

(September 1, 2020)

The Right Hon. Justin P. J. Trudeau The Hon. Chrystia Freeland

The Hon. Lawrence MacAulay

The Hon. Carolyn Bennett The Hon. Dominic LeBlanc

The Hon. Navdeep Bains The Hon. Jean-Yves Duclos The Hon. Marc Garneau The Hon. Marie-Claude Bibeau The Hon. Mélanie Joly

The Hon. Diane Lebouthillier The Hon. Catherine McKenna The Hon. Harjit S. Sajjan The Hon. Maryam Monsef

The Hon. Carla Qualtrough

The Hon. Patty Hajdu The Hon. Bardish Chagger The Hon. François-Philippe Champagne The Hon. Karina Gould The Hon. Ahmed Hussen The Hon. Seamus O'Regan The Hon. Pablo Rodriguez The Hon. Bill Blair The Hon. Mary Ng

> The Hon. Filomena Tassi The Hon. Jonathan Wilkinson The Hon. David Lametti

The Hon. Bernadette Jordan The Hon. Joyce Murray The Hon. Anita Anand The Hon. Mona Fortier

The Hon. Steven Guilbeault The Hon. Marco Mendicino The Hon. Marc Miller The Hon. Deb Schulte The Hon. Dan Vandal

Prime Minister Minister of Finance Deputy Prime Minister Minister of Veterans Affairs

Associate Minister of National Defence Minister of Crown-Indigenous Relations Minister of Intergovernmental Affairs

President of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada Minister of Innovation, Science and Industry

President of the Treasury Board

Minister of Transport

Minister of Agriculture and Agri-Food Minister of Economic Development Minister of Official Languages Minister of National Revenue

Minister of Infrastructure and Communities

Minister of National Defence

Minister of Rural Economic Development Minister for Women and Gender Equality Minister of Employment, Workforce Development and

Disability Inclusion Minister of Health

Minister of Diversity and Inclusion and Youth

Minister of Foreign Affairs

Minister of International Development

Minister of Families, Children and Social Development

Minister of Natural Resources

Leader of the Government in the House of Commons Minister of Public Safety and Emergency Preparedness

Minister of International Trade

Minister of Small Business and Export Promotion

Minister of Labour

Minister of Environment and Climate Change

Minister of Justice

Attorney General of Canada

Minister of Fisheries, Oceans and the Canadian Coast Guard

Minister of Digital Government

Minister of Public Services and Procurement

Minister of Middle-Class Prosperity Associate Minister of Finance

Minister of Canadian Heritage

Minister of Immigration, Refugees and Citizenship Minister of Indigenous Services

Minister of Seniors

Minister of Northern Affairs

SENATORS OF CANADA

ACCORDING TO SENIORITY

(September 1, 2020)

Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The Honourable		
George J. Furev. Speaker	. Newfoundland and Labrador	. St. John's, Nfld. & Lab.
	Nova Scotia	
	British Columbia	
	. New Brunswick	
	. Charlottetown	
	. De Lanaudière	
	. Northend Halifax	
	. Ottawa/Rideau Canal	
Elaine McCoy	. Alberta	. Calgary, Alta.
Larry W. Campbell	. British Columbia	. Vancouver, B.C.
	. Lauzon	
Sandra M. Lovelace Nicholas	. New Brunswick	. Tobique First Nations, N.B.
Stephen Greene	. Halifax - The Citadel	. Halifax, N.S.
Michael L. MacDonald	. Cape Breton	. Dartmouth, N.S.
Michael Duffy	. Prince Edward Island	. Cavendish, P.E.I.
	. New Brunswick	
Pamela Wallin	. Saskatchewan	. Wadena, Sask.
	. British Columbia	
	. Repentigny	
Leo Housakos	. Wellington	. Laval. Oue.
Donald Neil Plett	. Landmark	. Landmark, Man.
	. Ontario	
	. Mille Isles	
Carolyn Stewart Olsen	. New Brunswick	. Sackville, N.B.
Dennis Glen Patterson	Nunavut	. Igaluit. Nunavut
	. Newfoundland and Labrador	
	La Salle	
Judith G. Seidman	. De la Durantaye	. Saint-Raphaël. Que.
	. New Brunswick—Saint-Louis-de-Kent	
	. Ontario (Toronto)	
Fabian Manning	. Newfoundland and Labrador	. St. Bride's, Nfld. & Lab.
	Saurel	
	. Montarville	
	. Newfoundland and Labrador	
	. Victoria	
	. Ontario	
	. Ontario	
	. Alma	
	. Alberta	
David M. Wells	. Newfoundland and Labrador	. St. John's, Nfld. & Lab.
Lynn Beyak	. Ontario	. Dryden, Ont.
Victor Oh	. Mississauga	. Mississauga, Ont.
Denise Batters	. Saskatchewan	. Regina, Sask.
Scott Tannas	. Alberta	. High River, Alta.
Peter Harder, P.C	. Ottawa	. Manotick, Ont.
Raymonde Gagné	. Manitoba	. Winnipeg, Man.
Frances Lankin, P.C	. Ontario	. Restoule, Ont.
Ratna Omidvar	. Ontario	. Toronto, Ont.
Chantal Petitclerc	. Grandville	. Montreal, Que.
Murray Sinclair	. Manitoba	. Winnipeg, Man.
Yuen Pau Woo	. British Columbia	. North Vancouver, B.C.
	. Manitoba	
	. New Brunswick	
	New Brunswick	
	. Ontario	
	. Ontario	
	Prince Edward Island	
	. Nova Scotia (East Preston)	
	. Ontario	
		,

Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
Howard Wetston Lucie Moncion Renée Dupuis Marilou McPhedran. Gwen Boniface Éric Forest Marc Gold Marie-Françoise Mégie Raymonde Saint-Germain Dan Christmas Rosa Galvez David Richards Mary Coyle Mary Jane McCallum Robert Black Marty Deacon Yvonne Boyer Mohamed-Iqbal Ravalia Pierre J. Dalphond Donna Dasko Colin Deacon Julie Miville-Dechêne Bev Busson Marty Klyne. Patti LaBoucane-Benson Paula Simons Peter M. Boehm Josée Forest-Niesing Brian Francis Margaret Dawn Anderson		. Toronto, Ont North Bay, Ont Sainte-Pétronille, Que Winnipeg, Man Orillia, Ont Rimouski, Que. Westmount, Que. Montreal, Que. Quebec City, Que. Membertou, N.S. Lévis, Que. Fredericton, N.B Antigonish, N.S Winnipeg, Man Centre Wellington, Ont Waterloo, Ont Merrickville-Wolford, Ont Twillingate, Nfld. & Lab Montreal, Que Toronto, Ont Halifax, N.S Mont-Royal, Que North Okanagan Region, B.C White City, Sask Spruce Grove, Alta Edmonton, Alta Ottawa, Ont Sudbury, Ont Rocky Point, P.E.I Yellowknife, N.W.T.
Brian Francis Margaret Dawn Anderson Pat Duncan Rosemary Moodie Stan Kutcher Tony Loffreda Judith Keating	Prince Edward Island	. Rocky Point, P.E.I Yellowknife, N.W.T Whitehorse, Yukon . Toronto, Ont Halifax, N.S Montreal, Que Fredericton, N.B.

SENATORS OF CANADA

ALPHABETICAL LIST

(September 1, 2020)

Senator	Designation	Post Office Address	Political Affiliation
The Honourable			
	Northwest Territories	Yellowknife, N.W.T	
	Ontario (Toronto)	Toronto, Ont.	Conservative
Batters, Denise	Saskatchewan		Conservative Independent Senators Group
	Nova Scotia (East Preston)		Progressive Senate Group
	Ontario	Dryden, Ont.	Independent
	Alberta	Canmore, Alta	Canadian Senators Group
	Ontario	Centre Wellington, Ont	Canadian Senators Group
Boehm, Peter M	Ontario	Ottawa, Ont	Independent Senators Group
Boisvenu, Pierre-Hugues	La Salle	Sherbrooke, Que	Conservative
Boniface, Gwen		Orillia, Ont.	Independent Senators Group
	Manitoba	Winnipeg, Man	Progressive Senate Group
	Ontario		Independent Senators Group
	Repentigny	Maniwaki, Que	Non-affiliated
	British Columbia	North Okanagan Region, B.C	Independent Senators Group Canadian Senators Group
	Mille Isles		Conservative
	Nova Scotia	Membertou, N.S.	Independent Senators Group
	Nova Scotia		Progressive Senate Group
	New Brunswick		Independent Senators Group
	Saskatchewan	Saskatoon, Sask	Independent Senators Group
	Nova Scotia	Antigonish, N.S	Independent Senators Group
Dagenais, Jean-Guy	Victoria	Blainville, Que	Canadian Senators Group
Dalphond, Pierre J	De Lorimier	Montreal, Que	Progressive Senate Group
			Independent Senators Group
	Lauzon		
	Nova Scotia		
	Waterloo Region		
	Ontario		Canadian Senators Group
Doyle Norman F	Newfoundland and Labrador	St John's Nfld & Lah	Conservative
	Prince Edward Island		Independent Senators Group
Duncan, Pat			Independent Senators Group
Dupuis, Renée	The Laurentides	Sainte-Pétronille, Oue	Independent Senators Group
Forest, Éric	Gulf	Rimouski, Que	
Forest-Niesing, Josée	Ontario	Sudbury, Ont	Independent Senators Group
Francis, Brian	Prince Edward Island		Progressive Senate Group
	Ontario		Conservative
	Newfoundland and Labrador	St. John's, Nfld. & Lab	Independent
Gagné, Raymonde	Manitoba	Winnipeg, Man	Non-affiliated
	Bedford	Westmannt One	Independent Senators Group Non-affiliated
Gold, Marc	Stadacona		Canadian Senators Group
	Prince Edward Island		
	Ottawa		Progressive Senate Group
	New Brunswick		Independent Senators Group
Housakos, Leo	Wellington	Laval, Que	
Jaffer, Mobina S.B	British Columbia	North Vancouver, B.C	Independent Senators Group
Keating, Judith	New Brunswick	Fredericton, N.B	Independent Senators Group
	Saskatchewan		
	Nova Scotia		
	Alberta		
	Ontario		
	Shawinegan		
Lovelace Nicholas, Sandia M	New Brunswick		
MacDonald, Michael L	Cane Breton		

Senator	Designation	Post Office Address	Political Affiliation
Marshall, Elizabeth	Newfoundland and Labrador British Columbia Ontario De Lanaudière Manitoba Alberta Manitoba Rougemont Northend Halifax Inkerman New Brunswick Ontario Ottawa/Rideau Canal Ontario Mississauga Ontario Ontario Nunavut Grandville Landmark New Brunswick—Saint-Louis-de-Kent New Brunswick New Brunswick New Brunswick New Brunswick New Brunswick New Brunswick De la Vallière De la Durantaye Alberta Manitoba Saurel New Brunswick New Brunswick New Brunswick Nent Brunswick Nent Brunswick Nent Brunswick Nent Brunswick Nent Brunswick Nent Brunswick	Paradise, Nfld. & Lab Vancouver, B.C. Toronto, Ont. Mont-Saint-Hilaire, Que. Winnipeg, Man. Calgary, Alta. Winnipeg, Man. Montreal, Que. Caribou River, N.S. Mont-Royal, Que. St. Leonard, N.B. North Bay, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Orleans, Ont. Mississauga, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Utawa, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Sississauga, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Toronto, Ont. Ottawa, Ont. Iqaluit, Nunavut Montreal, Que. Landmark, Man. Saint-Louis-de-Kent, N.B. Twillingate, Nfld. & Lab. Fredericton, N.B. Edmundston, N.B. Quebec City, Que. Saint-Raphaël, Que. Edmonton, Alta. Winnipeg, Man. Hudson, Que. Sackville, N.B.	Conservative Conservative Independent Senators Group Conservative Independent Senators Group Independent Senators Group Conservative Independent Senators Group Independent Senators Group Independent Senators Group Conservative Independent Senators Group Independent Senators Group Conservative Independent Senators Group Conservative Conservative Conservative
Stewart Olsen, Carolyn Tannas, Scott Verner, Josée, P.C. Wallin, Pamela Wells, David M. Wetston, Howard White, Vernon	New Brunswick Alberta Montarville Saskatchewan	Sackville, N.B. High River, Alta. Saint-Augustin-de-Desmaures, Que. Wadena, Sask. St. John's, Nfld. & Lab. Toronto, Ont. Ottawa, Ont.	Conservative Canadian Senators Group Canadian Senators Group Canadian Senators Group Conservative Independent Senators Group Canadian Senators Group

SENATORS OF CANADA

BY PROVINCE AND TERRITORY

(September 1, 2020)

ONTARIO—24

	Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
	The Honourable		
1	Jim Munson	Ottawa/Rideau Canal	Ottawa
2	Linda Frum	Ontario	Toronto
3	Salma Ataullahjan	Ontario (Toronto)	Toronto
4	Vernon White	Ontario	Ottawa
5	Thanh Hai Ngo	Ontario	Orleans
6	Lynn Beyak	Ontario	Dryden
7	Victor Oh	Mississauga	Mississauga
8	Peter Harder, P.C	Ottawa	Manotick
9	Frances Lankin, P.C	Ontario	Restoule
0	Ratna Omidvar	Ontario	Toronto
1	Kim Pate	Ontario	Ottawa
2	Tony Dean	Ontario	Toronto
3	Sabi Marwah	Ontario	Toronto
4	Howard Wetston	Ontario	Toronto
5	Lucie Moncion	Ontario	3
6	Gwen Boniface	Ontario	Orillia
7	Robert Black	Ontario	Centre Wellington
8	Marty Deacon	Waterloo Region	
9	Yvonne Boyer	Ontario	Merrickville-Wolford
0	Donna Dasko	Ontario	Toronto
1	Peter M. Boehm	Ontario	
2	Josée Forest-Niesing	Ontario	Sudbury
3	Rosemary Moodie	Ontario	Toronto

SENATORS BY PROVINCE AND TERRITORY

QUEBEC—24

	Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
	The Honourable		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Dennis Dawson Patrick Brazeau Leo Housakos. Claude Carignan, P.C. Judith G. Seidman Pierre-Hugues Boisvenu. Larry W. Smith. Josée Verner, P.C. Jean-Guy Dagenais Diane Bellemare. Chantal Petitclerc Renée Dupuis Éric Forest. Marc Gold. Marie-Françoise Mégie Raymonde Saint-Germain Rosa Galvez. Pierre J. Dalphond Julie Miville-Dechêne Tony Loffreda	Stadacona Rougemont De la Vallière Bedford De Lorimier Inkerman Shawinegan	Ste-Foy Maniwaki Laval Saint-Eustache Saint-Raphaël Sherbrooke Hudson Saint-Augustin-de-Desmaures Blainville Outremont Montreal Sainte-Pétronille Rimouski Westmount Montreal Quebec City Lévis Montreal Mont-Royal
23 24			

SENATORS BY PROVINCE—MARITIME DIVISION

NOVA SCOTIA—10

Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The H	onourable	
1 Jane Cordy	Nova Scotia Northend Halifax Halifax - The Citadel Id Cape Breton S Bernard Nova Scotia (East Presto Nova Scotia	
	NEW BRUNSWI	CK—10
Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The H	onourable	
3 Percy Mockler 4 Carolyn Stewart Ols 5 Rose-May Poirier 6 René Cormier 7 Nancy J. Hartling 8 David Richards	Nicholas New Brunswick New Brunswick n. New Brunswick	
	PRINCE EDWARD	ISLAND—4
Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The H	onourable	
2 Michael Duffy		Cavendish

SENATORS BY PROVINCE—WESTERN DIVISION

MANITOBA—6			
	Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
	The Honourable		
1	Raymonde Gagné Murray Sinclair Patricia Bovey Marilou McPhedran	Landmark Manitoba Manitoba Manitoba Manitoba Manitoba Manitoba	Winnipeg Winnipeg Winnipeg Winnipeg
]	BRITISH COLUMBIA—6	
	Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
	The Honourable		
1	Larry W. Campbell		Vancouver Vancouver North Vancouver
		SASKATCHEWAN—6	
	Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
	The Honourable		
	Denise Batters	Saskatchewan	Regina White City
Ó			
		ALBERTA—6	
	Senator	ALBERTA—6 Designation	Post Office Address
,	Senator The Honourable		Post Office Address

SENATORS BY PROVINCE AND TERRITORY

NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR—6

Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The Honoura	ble	
3 Fabian Manning	Newfoundland and Labrador	
	NORTHWEST TERRITOR	IES—1
Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The Honoura	ble	
1 Margaret Dawn Anderson .	Northwest Territories	Yellowknife
	NUNAVUT—1	
Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The Honoura	ble	
1 Dennis Glen Patterson	Nunavut	Iqaluit
	YUKON—1	
Senator	Designation	Post Office Address
The Honoura	hle	
THE HOHOUIA	UIV .	

CONTENTS

Wednesday, September 23, 2020

PAGE	PAGE
FORTY-THIRD PARLIAMENT	Speech from the Throne
OPENING OF SECOND SESSION	Consideration at Next Sitting Hon. Raymonde Gagné
Communication from Government House	The Senate Motion to Authorize Senators to Speak or Vote from a Seat
Speech from the Throne The Right Honourable Julie Payette	Other Than Their Assigned Places until the End of 2020 Adopted Hon. Raymonde Gagné
Railways Bill (Bill S-1)	Adjournment
First Reading	Motion Adopted
Hon. Raymonde Gagné	Hon. Raymonde Gagné