

RECEIVING CARE FOR A MENTAL ILLNESS, 2018

Overall, **mental illness** was cited as the most common reason for needing care (18%), especially among young care receivers.1

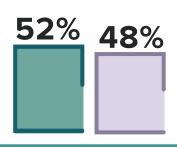


Almost 6 in 10 young care receivers identified mental illness as the leading reason for needing care, compared with only 11% of those aged 55 to 64.

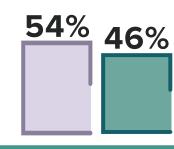


Receiving care for a mental illness was more common among young men than young women.1

Conversely, women older than 35 were more likely than men to receive care for a mental illness.





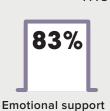


Almost **9 in 10** young people received care for a mental illness from a family member or a friend, most often a parent (72%).



Among young care receivers, 76% said that were it not for their primary caregiver,² they would have had trouble finding help.

The most common types of care:



65%

Transportation Household

House maintenance

of young care receivers were satisfied with the balance of help from family members or friends and professionals.

of those who were dissatisfied would have preferred more professional help.

1. Those aged 15 to 34.

2. Primary caregiver includes family, friends, or neighbours.

Source: Statistics Canada, General Social Survey - Caregiving and Care Receiving, 2018. ©Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, as represented by the Minister of Industry, 2020

chores

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