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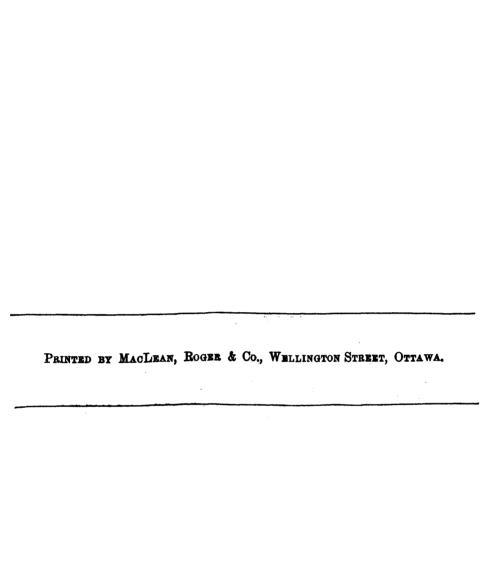
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- 6... AUDITOR GENERAL: Report of, on Appropriation Accounts, for the year ended 30th June, 1883.

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 - 9... PUBLIC WORKS:—Annual Report of the Minister of, for the fiscal year 1882-83.
 - 10... RAILWAYS AND CANALS:—Annual Report of the Minister of, for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1883.
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- Return (in part) to Order; Statement showing the names, etc., of all employes in the various Departments of the Dominion in British Columbia.

 (Not printed.)
- Supplementary Return to preceding. (Not printed.)
- 46... PENITENTIARIES IN CANADA:—Report of the Minister of Justice on, for the year ended 30th June, 1883.
- 17... LIBRARY OF PARLIAMENT :- Report of the Librarian. (Sessional Papers only.)
- 18... Unforeszen Expenses:—Statement of payments charged to, by Orders in Council, from 1st

 July, 1883, to date, in accordance with the Act 46 Vic., chap. 2, schedule B.

 (Sessional Papers only.)
- 19... Superannuation:—Statement of name, etc., of each person superannuated, etc., under the Act 46 Vic., chap. 8, sec. 15.
 - Return (in part) to Order; Statement showing separately, for each year since the establishment of the Superannuation Fund:—1. The number of persons on the list for the year as entitled to the benefit of the Act. 2. The number superannuated during the year under the Act. 3. The number retired during the year on a gratuity under the Act. 4. The total amount paid into the fund from the beginning by those who were, during the year, superannuated or retired on a gratuity; distinguishing between those whose superannuation was caused by the abolition of office. 5. The number of persons on the list, for the year, who died in the Service;—and 6. The total amount paid into the fund from the beginning by those who, during the year, died in the Service.

No. 19	ð. Sv	PERANNUATION: Supplementary Return, covering time lapsed since preceding order. (Sessional Papers only.)
19	e.	Return to Order; Return of the total amount paid into the Superannuation Fund during the time of service by each of those superannuated during the year ended 31st December, 1883. (Sessional Papers only.)
20) (G o	VERNOR GENERAL'S WARRANTS:—Statement of, issued since the last Session of Parliament, in accordance with the Act 41 Vic., chap. 7, sec. 32, sub-sec. 2, on account of the fiscal years, 1882-83, and 1883-84. (Distribution only.)
21	Sv	BRIDIES:—Return to Order; Return of moneys advanced to New Brunswick, on account of and in anticipation of the subsidy, since January 1st, 1882, etc. (Not printed.)
21	la.	Return to Order; Statement of all sums paid by Canada on account or in full of the subsidies voted to the several railway companies mentioned in chapter 25, Act 46 Vic. (1883).
21	16.	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the grant or payment of any subsidies to railways, not already brought down, to date.
21	1c.	Return to Address; Statement showing: 1. The names of all railway companies which have made application to the Government or Parliament of Canada for subsidies from 1867 up to this date; 2. The names of the railway companies to which have been granted and paid subsidies by the Dominion Government, from 1867 to this date; 3. The sums paid to each of the said railway companies from 1867 to this date; 4. The length of the said Railways; 5. The names of the Province or Provinces traversed by the said railways; 6. The original amount of the mortgage held by the Dominion on the properties of the Northern Railway Company of Canada; 7. Copy of the Order in Council effecting the discharge of the said mortgage in favour of the said company, the date of the said discharge, and the amount of interest accrued on the said mortgage at the date of discharge; and 8. The amounts paid by the Government of Canada, from 1867 to this date, for the extension of the Intercolonial Railway in the City of Halifax. (Not printed.)
2	1d.	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., not already brought down, in reference to subsidies or grants for Manitoba, the extension of its boundaries, the territory disputed between it and Ontario; its school lands, public lands within the Province, and railway questions affecting the Province.
. 2	216.	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the construction or subsidizing of the proposed railway line between Gravenhurst and Callander. (Not printed.)
2	n.f.	Papers respecting aid to Quebec and other Provinces and railway subsidies, as follows:—Memorandum respecting the claim of Quebec; Montreal to St. John, Halifax and Sydney; Irondale, Bancroft and Ottawa Railway; Pontiac Pacific Junction Railway; Ottawa and Gatineau Valley Railway; Napanee and Tamworth Railway; Erie and Huron Railway; Ontario and Pacific Railway; Kingston and Pembroke Railway; Company; Railway and Bridge between Jacques Cartier Union Railway; Junction and St. Martin's Junction; St. Louis to Richibucto Railway; Hopewell to Alma; St. Andrews to Lachute Railway; Grand Piles to Lac des Iles Railway; Western Counties, Annapolis to Digby Railway; Baie des Chaleurs, Caraquet to Shippigan; Metapediac to Paspebiac, Miramichi Valley Railway; Derby Station to Indian Town (1. C. R. Branch.) (Sessional Papers only.)
2	21 <i>g</i> .	Copy of contract between Her Majesty the Queen, acting in respect of the Dominion of Canada, and therein represented by the Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, K.C.M.G., Minister of Railways and Canals,—and the Northern Pacific Junction Railway Company. (Not printed.)
1	22 E	EXPENSES OF COMMISSIONERS, BTC.:—Return to Order; Return showing the expenses in detai incurred by the several members of the Government, and any other person sent to England or elsewhere, on behalf of the Government, from 16th December, 1880, to the present. (Not printed.)
:	22a.	Supplementary Return to preceding. (Not printed.)
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	Employés in Military Districts:—Return to Order; Return showing the name of each officer and employé in each Military District, with salary and date of appointment. (Not printed.)
24	COST OF CONVEYING PRISONERS:—Return to Order; Statement showing the cost per capita of councying prisoners from county gaols to penitentiaries, in the years 1880-81 and 1881-82. (Not printed.)
25	Dominion Lands:—Return to Order; Return showing the total acres of public land sold during the year 1882, the number of parties to whom sold, the average price, and the total amount received from sales.
25 <i>a</i> .,	Return (in part) to Address; 1. Copies of all correspondence, etc., with the Land Commissioner at Winnipeg, or other land agent, respecting the withdrawal of lands in the Mile Belt from homestead and pre-emption and respecting the opening of said lands for homestead and pre-emption 2. All correspondence, etc., as to the claims of settlers and squatters or such lands. 3. All correspondence, etc., respecting the sale of sucl lands, etc. 4. All regulations respecting the claims made by settlers of squatters on such land. (Not printed.)
25 b	Return to Order; Return giving copies of all regulations or orders issued concerning the sale or management of Agricultural Lands, Timber Lands Pasture Lands, Mineral Lands and Town Sites, not covered by the Orde of last Session. (Not printed.)
25c	Return to Order; Representation to the Government on the subject of the simplification of the system of transfer of lands of the North-West. (No printed.)
25d_	Return to Order; Copies of correspondence, if any, between the Mayor an Council of Winnipeg and the Government, in reference to a grant or leas of the land at Fort Usborne to the city for park purposes. (Not printed
25e	Return to Address; Copies of the Order in Council setting apart lands to t granted to the Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company; also, all corre pondence, etc., in reference to the fulfilment of the terms of said orde and the removal of settlers found on said lands, etc. (Not printed.)
25 f	Return to Order; Return showing the total number of acres of public land surveyed in Keewatin, Manitoba and the North-West Territories, previou to the year 1883, and the cost per acre of such survey. (Not printed.)
25 <i>g</i> _	Return to Order; Return showing the total number of acres of public landentered as homesteads and pre-emptions during the year 1883, with the number of such entries, etc. (Not printed.)
25 h	Return to Address (Senate); Return showing all Orders in Council, etc since 1st January, 1882, with reference to the sale of, or the order for the sale of, Ordnance Lands in Sorel Seigniory. (Not printed.)
25 i	Return to Order; Return concerning the sales of Dominion Lands in Manitol and the North-West Territories during 1882. (Not printed.)
25 j.	Return to Order; Return showing the total number of applications for lan for colonization, under Plan No. 1 of the land regulations of Decemb 23rd, 1881, where conditions have been complied with and application agreed to, etc., up to January 1st, 1883. (Sessional Papers only.)
25 <i>k</i> .	Return to Order; Return showing the total number of acres of public lan sold in the year 1883, the average price per acre, and the total amou received from such sales; also, the number of applications under Color zation Plans Nos. 1 and 2, under regulations of December 23rd, 1881, t number of acres granted under each application, etc. (Not printed.)
252.	Return to Order; Return showing the number of acres or square miles timbered lands or timber limits sold by the Government since 1st Marc 1883, in or convenient to the Bow River country, in the North-West, givi the names of the parties sold to, and the prices paid, etc. (Not printed
25m	Supplementary Return to No. 25b. (Not printed.)
25n.	Return to Order; Return giving copies of all regulations issued concernithe management or sale of Agricultural Lands, Mineral Lands, Timb Lands, Pasture Lands, and Town Sites, since December 23rd 188
	(Not printed.)

o. 250.	DOMINION LANDS:—Return to Order; Return of all Reports not hitherto published, relating to the character and probable resources of the country through which the Canadian Pacific Railway is being constructed, to the north of Lakes Huron and Superior, embracing all information in possession of the Government in respect to the whole of the region intervening, between the Great Lakes and the southern coast of Hudson Bay. (Not printed.)
25 <i>p</i> .	Return to Order; Copies of all applications for, etc., and statement of all sales or leases made of Coal Lands in the North-West, not covered by the Returns already ordered, and of the particulars of all conversions of leaseholds into freeholds of Coal Lands; and the payments made under any leases, sales or conversions. (Not printed.)
2 5q.	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between the Provincial Agricultural and Industrial Society, also the Board of Agriculture of Manitoba, and the Government, on the subject of a grant of land in Winnipeg for Exhibition purposes. (Not printed.)
2 5r	Return to Order; Return showing the number of acres of Public Lands surveyed in Manitoba and the North-West Territory, in the year 1883, and the cost per acre of such survey. (Not printed.)
25s.	Supplementary Return to No. 25a. (Not printed.)
25 <i>t</i>	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., with agents, as to the withdrawal from homestead and pre-emption of all lands south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway; also, the existing regulations in respect to the disposal of said lands. (Not printed.)
25 u.	Return to Address; 1. Copies of all correspondence, etc., with agents as to the withdrawal from homestead and pre-emption of the lands south of the Canadian Pacific Railway. 2. All correspondence, etc., as to the claims of settlers or squatters on such lands. 3. All correspondence, etc., respecting the sales of such lands. 4. All sales effected privately up to 1st January, 1884; with the conditions and price. 5. All correspondence, etc., respecting the re-opening of said lands for homestead and pre-emption. (Not printed.)
3 5v.	Return to Addres; I. Copies of all correspondence, etc., with the agents of the Government respecting the withdrawal from homestead and preemption of all lands in the Town Reserve, at Regina, Moose Jaw, and other places in the North-West Territories on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and respecting the re-opening of the said lands for homestead and pre-emption, with the terms and conditions on which so re-opened. 2. All correspondence, etc., as to the claims of settlers and squatters on such lands. 3. All correspondence, etc., respecting the sale of such lands. 4. All regulations, etc., respecting the claims made by settlers or squatters on such lands. (Not printed.)
25 <i>w</i>	Return to Order; Return showing the number of Pasture Land Leases granted in the year 1883, the name of each lessee, the estimated number of acres covered by each lease, the term of each lease, the sum received and to be received upon each lease, and the total number of acres leased, and the total receipts from leases during the year. (Distribution only.)
26.	VICE-ADMIRALTY COURTS:—Return to Address; Return showing the amount of money paid as the emoluments of their offices, to the Judge, Registrar and Marshal of the Vice-Admiralty Courts at Quebec, Halifax and St. John, respectively also, a Return showing the number of libels filed and cases tried in the said Courts respectively, from 1st July, 1867, to the present date (Distribution only.)
26 a	Return to Address; Copies of all dispatches not already brought down, from the Imperial Government, in relation to the Vice-Admiralty Courts in the Dominion, and the change of procedure and practice therein. (No printed.)
27.	LIGHTHOUSES:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence, etc., in connection with the erection of a lighthouse at Westhavers' Point, Hubbard's Cove, Lunen burg County, and all instructions to the Commander of the steamship "Newfield," or any other officer of the Government, in reference to said lighthouse, under which he acted on 10th June, 1882; also, copy of agree ment for the purchase of land for said lighthouse between the Governmen and C. E. Kaulbach, Esq., M.P. (Not printed.)

0. 27a.	LIGHTHOUSES:—Return to Order; Return showing in detail the amounts expended, with vouchers, from 1st January, 1880, in repairs on the Pelée Island, Long Point and Rondeau lighthouses; also, copy of all correspondence between the Government and John Corbett, also William Grubb, or any other person relating to the Pelée Island lighthouse. (Not printed.)
28	DOMINION MONEY ON DEPOSIT:—Return to Order; Statement showing the amount of money on deposit to the credit of the Government of Canada on 1st January, 1884, together with the names of the banks wherein the said moneys are deposited, with the amount; also the amount at interest, with the rate allowed on the said deposits in each case. (Distribution only.)
29	RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE:—Return to Order; Return of, in detail, chargeable to the Consolidated Fund, from 1st July, 1882, to 20th January, 1883, and from 1st July, 1883, to 20th January, 1884. (Distribution only.)
29a.	Return to Order: Return of, chargeable to the Consolidated Fund, to 10th February, in each of the fiscal years 1883 and 1884. (Distribution only.)
29 6.	Return (in part) to Order: Statement of, chargeable to the Consolidated Fund, to 20th March, 1883 and 1834, in each year respectively; also, for Return of Exports and Imports to 1st March, 1883 and 1884, respectively (Not printed.)
30	INTOXICATING LIQUORS:—Return to Order; Return of all certificates for liquor granted under the Act of 1878 by the physicians of the County of Halton, giving the name of each physician and the number of certificates granted by each from 1st May to 31st December, 1882. (Not printed.)
30a	Return to Order; Return showing quantity of intoxicating liquors imported manufactured and entered for consumption in Canada, during the year ended 31st December, 1883, by Provinces, with the Customs and Excis duties accruing thereon, and the total cost thereof. (Not printed.)
306	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., on the subject of the importation of liquor into the North-West Territories. (Not printed.)
30c	Return of liquors sold to parties in the County of Halton, under the Canad Temperance Act, 41 Vic., chap. 16.
3 0 <i>d</i>	Return to Order; Return of all certificates given by medical men under the Temperance Act, 1878, in Prince County, P.E.I., since that Act came into force in that County, showing by whom, to whom, and when granted. (Distribution only.)
30 <i>e</i>	Return to Address; Copies of judgment of the Supreme Court of Canada, no already brought down, on the question of the legislative power wit reference to the regulation of the sale of intoxicating liquors, and of the judgment of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the case of Hodge against the Queen on the same subject, and of the shorthan writer's notes of the proceedings before the Committee, and of any correspondence in connection with the case; and also, for copies of the shorthand writer's notes of the proceedings before the Committee in the case of Russell and the Queen. (Sessional Papers only.)
3 0 <i>f</i> .	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between the Governmen and the Provinces respecting the Liquor License Act of 1883. (Session Papers only)
31.,	CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY:—Correspondence relating to the guarantee by the Government of interest on the stock of the Company.
31a	Resolution of the House; Report giving information affecting the Railwa up to the latest date:—1. The selection of the route. 2. The selection reservation of land. 3. The payment of moneys, subsidy, advance, et 4. The laying out of branches. 5. The rates of tolls for passengers at freight. 6. Sundry subjects, construction of bridges, etc. 7. (1.) Tranfer and operation of the Thunder Bay section, and (2.) Valuation of the rolling stock to be taken over by the Company.
318	Copies of contracts for the Railway, entered into since last Session of Parli ment. (Sessional Papers only.)
310	Papers connected with an application from the Company, for an advance, a security, of a sum sufficient to enable them to continue the work construction. (Sessional Papers only.)

27.	Coming of common and are with the Finance Department volcting to the efficiency
31e	Copies of correspondence with the Finance Department relating to the affair of the Company, since the date of the last Return to the House of Commons last Session. (Sessional Papers only.)
31/.	Return concerning the Company:—Pages X to XV, pages 7 to 13 (Appendi No. 3), and pages 152 to 154 (Appendix No. 9) of Departmental Report also memorandums by Mr. Schreiber, 2nd February, 1884, on location an unfinished work. Profiles from 1 to 16, showing branch lines, main line and approved sections thereof. Statistical return required by Consolidated Railway Act, and report of payments, etc. (Sessional Papers only.
31 <i>g</i> .	Return to Address; Copies of all contracts made by the Company for the construction of any part of its railway. (Sessional Papers only.)
31 <i>g-</i> 1.	Return to Address; Copy of the instrument of incorporation or association of the North American Contracting Company, and the names of shareholder or associates thereof. (Se sional Papers only)
31h.	Return to Address; Copies of any official or public memoranda, etc., of the Company relative to its position, etc., not already brought down. (Se sional Papers only.)
31 <i>h</i> -1.	Return to Address; Statement showing the amount of the subscribed store of the Company, prior to the authorization for an increase of its capit stock from \$25,000,000 to \$100,000,000, etc. (S. ssional Papers only.)
31 <i>i</i> .	Return to Address; Copies of all reports, etc., not laid on the Table, re pecting the guarantee for the Compuny; and respecting any propose modification of that arrangement; also, respecting the postal subsidie (Sessional Papers only.)
31 <i>j</i>	Return to Order; Statement containing estimates of further sums required be paid to the contractors for Section B or to the Company, on account of contract for construction, or of any subsequent agreement. (N printed.)
31 k.	Return to Address; Statement of the cost of the first forty miles west Callander, built by the company, and the payments in detail made to t Construction Company in respect of the line west to Sudbury Junction beyond; the cost of any work done by the Company on this section since t cancellation of the contract with the Construction Company up to 31 December, 1893, and the names of the persons with whom contracts is such work were made, with copies of their contracts; like particulars respect of the line from Port Arthur eastward; and statement of the cof the Algoma Mills Branch. (Sessional Papers only.)
31 k-1	Return to Address; Statement of the mileage built by, and the payments of the Construction Company, in respect of the railway line from the point of miles east of the Saskatchewan going westward; of the cost to to Company of the line from the above point to the summit of the Rockie of the estimated cost to complete that part of the railway unfinish between Callander and Port Arthur, and separately of the equipment of this part; of the estimated mileage cost of this part, and that of the veheavy section of 100 miles; like statement to complete that part left of finished between the Rocky Mountains and Kamloops. (Sessional Papa only.)
31 k-2	Return to Address; Statement of the mileage cost of the line for the 615 mi west of Winnipeg to a point 45 miles east of the Saskatchewan, and t names of the contractors, with copies of their contracts, including Sheperd and Lanjdon's. (Sessional Papers only.)
31 k-3	Return to Address; Statements concerning the North American Contracti Company. (Sessional Papers only.)
31 <i>k-</i> 4	Return to Address; Statement of the consideration paid by the Company (1) the St. Lin Branch, or Laurentian Railway; (2) the Canadian Nor West Land Company's stock; (3) the securities or property of the Sou Eastern Railway; (4) the charter of the Atlantic and North-Weste Railway Company. (Sessional Papers only.)

0. 31 k - CANADI	AN PACIFIC RAILWAY:—Return to Address; Statement of the net price received by the Company for each lot of ten millions of stock comprising the thirty millions issued to a syndicate, etc.; also, the date and rate at which the twenty millions remaining of the original stock of twenty-five millions was taken, and dates at which the five million dollars was paid thereon. (Sessional Popers only.)
312.	Return to Address; Copies of correspondence between the Government and the Company, and any other railway company, with regard to the opening of the Union Jacques Cartier Railway. (Sessinal Papers only.)
31m.	Supplementary Return to 31k-5. (Sessional Papers only.)
31n.	Supplementary Return to 31k-4. (Sessional Papers only)
31o.	Supplementary Return to 31k-3. (Sessional Papers only.)
31p.	Return to Order; Map or maps, showing the location of the Railway and branches, so far as approved, and so far as proposed. The lands set apart and those applied for but not yet set apart. (Not printed.)
. 31q.	Return to Address; Copies of any agreement between the Government and the contractors for Section B, in regard to the transfer of the contract, and of any Orders in Council giving effect to said agreement. (Sessional Papers only.)
31r.	Return to Address; Copy of a Memorial to His Excellency in Council, signed by Frank Moberly and W. A. McCallum on behalf of the inhabitants of Neebing, praying for relief with reference to their bonuses to the Prince Arthur's Landing and Kaministiquia Railway Company. (Not printed.)
31a.,	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., between the Government and the Company, on the subject of immigration to Manitoba and the North-West, together with a Statement showing the amount expended by the Company in promoting such immigration, etc. (Not printed.)
311	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., relating to the allowances proposed to be paid to the Canadian manufacturers of certain goods required by the Railway; all applications for such allowance, a Statement of the calculations on which the allowances have been based, and the estimate in detail of the probable sums payable out of the Treasury in respect of each class of goods, assuming them to be made in Canada, to the extent of the Company's requirements, and of the extenterm percentages of all allowances on each such class. (Sessional Papers only.)
31 u.	Return to Address; Statement showing the names of all shareholders of the Company and the amounts of stock held by each on each of the following days, namely: 14th, 21st, 28th October, and 4th November, 1883 (Sessional Popers only.)
310.	Return to Address; 1. For a statement of the expenditure in connection with the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway. 2. For a statement in ful detail of the amount of \$473,000 or thereabouts stated to be for sundry advances, carriers, back charges and other matters. 3. For a state ment, in detail, of the payments on account of interest on stock. 4. Fo copies of all reports, etc., on which the estimates of the Company and Mr. Schreiber, as to the cost of completing the railway are founded (Sessional Papers only)
3110.	Supplementary Return to No. 31k-2. (Sessional Papers only)
312	Supplementary Return to Statement No. 31k-1. (Sessional Papers only.)
31y.	Supplementary Return to No. 31k. (Sessional Papers only)
312.	Return to Address; Copies of all papers, etc., in connection with all pay ments or advances to the Company on any account whatever, not include in the statements already brought down. (Sessional Papers only.)
3! aa.	Papers in connection with arbitrations arising out of claims in respect to the construction of certain sections of the Railway. (Sessional Papers only.
3166.	Copies of letters from Messrs. Manning, McDonald & Co., of the 7th January —a d 24th February, 1881, respectively. (Sessional Papers only.) 15

CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 10. No. 32... Banks: -Lists of Shareholders of the Canadian Banks for the year 1893. CIVIL SERVICE:—Return (Senate) of the names and salaries, etc., of the employes of the Civil cervice, also the officers of the paid Militia Staff, the Senate and House of Commons. (Sessional Papers only.) Return (Senate) of the names and salaries of all persons appointed to or pro-33a moted in the Civil Service during the year ending 31st December, 1883, specifying the office to which each has been appointed or promoted. (Sessional Papers only.) 336 Report of the Examiners for the year 1883. BONDS AND SECURITIES: - Detailed statement of, registered in the Department of the Secretary of State of Canada. (Not printed.) 35 ... Accidents on Canadian Railways: - Return to Order; Return of accidents and casualties on the railways in Canada for the three years ended 31st December, 1882, with a separate statement for each railway, etc. (Not printed.) 36... AGRICULTURE: - Return to Orders; Statement of the values of agricultural implements, carriages, etc., on which have been based the proposed new specific duties, etc.; also, Statement of the values assigned in making the calculations of the duties to be proposed for the various articles on which specific or combined specific and ad valorem duties are proposed to be charged under the Tariff Resolutions. (Not printed.) Statement (in part) of all expenses incurred by the Committee appointed dur-36a ing the Session of 1882, to enquire into and report upon the operation of the Tariff upon the Agricultural Interests of the Dominion. (Not printed.) 366 Return to Order; Copies of all Petitions to the Minister of Agriculture, requesting that prizes be granted for the best essays upon the Agricultural Industries and Mechanical Arts, and that the essays upon these subjects be distributed among the farmers and artizans. (Not printed.) Report on Agricultural Statistics of Manitoba and the North-West Territories, 36c. for the year 1883. (Not printed.) 37... Dufferin Bridge, Ottawa:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., in reference to the remission of duty on the iron imported for the construction of Dufferin Bridge in 1873. (Not printed.) DOMINION STATUTES: -Official Return of the distribution of, being 46 Victoria, 1883. (Not printed.) Report of the Commissioners appointed to consolidate and revise the Statutes 38a of Canada. (Not printed.) 39... Canadian Loans:—Return to Order; Copies of all Departmental Orders, etc., as to the proposed Canadian loan of four millions. (Not printed.) Return to Address; Copies of all papers, etc., relative to the mission of the Minister of Finance to England, in 1883, for the purpose of making 39a arrangements for the issue of a new loan. (Not printed.) EXCHANGE BANK OF CANADA: - Return to Address; Statement in detail of the account of the Government with the Bank, and all correspondence, etc., relative to any

43... LA COURIER DE ST. HYACINTHE:—Return to Order; Detailed Statement of the expenditure of the sums of \$5,000 and \$2,688.74, paid to Le Courier de St. Hyacinthe.

Also, similar particulars with reference to the expenditure of \$3,239.20, for publication of the proceedings of the Royal Society. (Not printed.)

of operations and expenses during the calendar year 1883. (Not printed.)

each year, since the change of the system, by each Department, out of the

deposits or withdrawals. (Not printed.)

CENSUS AND STATISTICS:-Report, required by sec. 25 of the Census and Statistics Act of 1879,

42... SESSIONAL RETURNS, EXPENDITURE FOR:-Return to Order; Statement of the sum expended in

lump vote for Sessional Returns. (Not printed.)

0. 44	DAMOUR D., DISMISSAL OF: - Return to Address; Copies of all Orders in Council, etc., in relation to the dismissal of David Damour, heretofore Captain of the Lightship at Isle Rouge. (Not printed.)
45	DOMINION STEAMERS:—Return to Order; Copy of the report of Captain Scott, R.N., and assessors, with the evidence upon the loss of the steamer "Princess Louise." (Distribution only.)
45a.	Return to Order; Copy of contract, etc., entered into by the Government with Jotham O'Brien, for the building of the steamer "Princess Louise"; also copies of all Orders, etc., relating to the towage of the said steamer from Maccan to Halifax; and also any contracts, etc., in reference to the procuring and building of engines for the said steamer. (Not printed.)
4 56.	Return to Order; Copies of all reports made by the steamboat inspectors of hulls and machinery, upon the steamers "St. Lawrence," "Prince of Wales," and "Northern Light," since their appointment; and all correspondence, etc., relating to the stoppage of the two former steamers from carrying passengers and freight during the past season or to the employment of the "Northern Light" and "Napoleon III." in their place. Also, copies of all certificates granted to either of said steamers "Northern Light" and "Napoleon III." Also, copies of all correspondence relating to the state of repair of the "Northern Light," or to her being placed upon the slip at Pictou during the past summer. (Distribution only.)
45c.	Return to Order; Return of the names of the several persons who sent in tenders for the construction of a steamer to replace the "Princess Louise," and of the person to whom the contract was awarded; also, copy of specifications furnished parties tendering. (Not printed.)
45d.	Return to Order; Return of a Statement in detail, of the amount paid Mr. Jotham O'Brien on his contract for building the "Princess Louise," together with any certificates upon which the same or any portion has been paid. (Not printed.)
45e	Return (in part) to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting a grant for the winter service performed on the St. Lawrence, between Murray Bay and Rivière Ouelle, by the steamer "Fulger;" also, a Statement of the sums paid, or to be paid, by the Dominion for that purpose. (Not printed.)
46	EXPORTS AND IMPORTS:—Return to Order; Return of the Exports and Imports from 1st July, 1882, to 1st January, 1883, and from 1st July, 1883, to 1st January, 1884, distinguishing the products of Canada and those of other countries. (Distribution only.)
47	JACQUES, JAMES H., AND KEARNEY, CHARLES:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence in relation to the appointment of James H. Jacques and Charles Kearney, of Carleton County, N.B., to positions in the Civil Service of Canada. (Not printed.)
47a	Supplementary Return to preceding. (Not printed.)
48	DRAWBACKS:—Return to Order; Return of all memorials, etc., asking for a drawback on sugar refined in Uanada when exported to any foreign country; also, copy of any regulations made for such drawback. (Not printed.)
48a	Return to Order; Return of all claims presented for drawback on materials used for shipbuilding, for the year ended 30th June, 1883; also, for the six months ended December 31st, 1883, giving the name of the applicant, etc. (Distribution only.)
486	Return to Order; Return of all claims presented for drawbacks on goods manufactured for export (not included in the last Return made to this House), showing the names of all applicants, etc. (Distribution only.)
48c	Supplementary Return to No. 48. (Not printed.)
48.	Return to Order; Return showing the amount paid, and to whom paid, etc as drawback on cotton duck used for sails for ships and fishing boats in 1883. (Distribution only.)
49.	DUSTAN, MR., CLAIM OF:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., with reference to the claim of Mr. Dustan, of Halifax, for a remission of duty or machinery for a sugar refinery. (Not printed.)

Vo. 49a	DUSTAN, MR., CLAIM OF: -Supplementary Return to the preceding. (Not printed.)
50	TIMBER LICENSES:—Return to Address; Return of all Orders in Council, etc., relating to the granting of licenses to cut timber on Indian lands in Ontario, from January, 1875, to date. (Distribution only.)
50a	Return to Order; Return showing the total number of timber licenses or per mits applied for, and granted, or refused, up to 1st February, 1883, etc (Distribution only.)
5 0 <i>b</i>	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., with reference to the granting, cancellation and suspension of licenses to cut timber on the Indian lands near Fort William, on the Fort William Reserve. (No printed.)
50c.	Supplementary Return to No. 50a. (Not printed.)
5ľ	HOME AND INDIAN INSTRUCTION FARMS:—Return to Order; Return showing the number closed since 1st January, 1882; the location, etc., the reason why closed; also the report, or any supplementary report, of T. P. Wadsworth, Inspecto of Indian Agencies, for 1883. (Not printed.)
52	LA CLOCHE ISLAND, ETC:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between the Governments of Ontario and Canada as to the sale of La Cloche Island near Georgian Bay, or the Duck Islands, and as to the claims of the respective Governments with reference to islands in that neighbourhood.
	CONTENTS OF VOLUME No. 11.
53 53a.	INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between th Local Government and Department of Railways and Canals, respecting railway matters in Nova Scotia since 6th March, 1883. Supplementary Return to the preceding.
53 <i>b</i> .	Return to Order; Statement of the revenue and expenses of, for the six month ending December 31st, 1883. (Not printed.)
53c.	Return to Order; Return of casualties, with cause and loss, etc., from Marc 1st, 1883, to January 1st, 1884. (Not printed.)
5 3 <i>d</i> .	Return to Order; Return showing the length in miles of the Railway betwee Rivière du Loup and Moncton; also, between the boundary of New Brans wick and Truro, together with the original cost of constructing the same not including the rolling stock. (Not printed.)
53€.	Return to Order; Statement showing the names, etc., of the several principal officials in the service of the Government on the Railway. (Not printed.)
53 <i>f</i> .	Address to Order; Return showing the number of days and the dates upo which the Intercolonial Board of Commissioners held sittings, from is January, 1883, to 31st January, 1884, the number of times each member was absent from meetings, the monthly allowances paid to each member and the total amount paid to each during the time above named; also dates upon which meetings were held outside of Ottawa, and where. (No printed.)
5 3g.	Return to Order; Statement showing the amounts derived from sales of buildings on the railway between Hadlow and Rivière du Loup, inclusive by whom sold, the name of the purchaser, and the price paid for each building. (Not printed.)
53h.	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., with the Intercolonic Board of Commissioners, and a statement of the matters referred to then subsequent to the period covered by the Return to the Address of la Session. (Not printed.)
5 3 <i>i</i>	Return to Order; Copies of arrangements made between the Dominion Government and the Quebec Central Railway Company whereby the sai Company enjoys the right of way over that part of the Railway, known sthe St. Charles Branch. (Not printed.)
5 3 <i>j</i> .	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., not already brough down, between the Governments of the Dominion and New Brunswick relating to a claim made by the latter for the balance they claim as duthem on that portion of the Railway known as the Eastern Extension since May, 1876. (Not printed.)

0. 53 <i>k</i> .	INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY: - Return to Order; Return showing the quantity of rolling stock purchased for the Railway during the year ending 31st December, 1883; also, what has been built during the year in the Government workshops. (Not printed)
531	Return to Order; Comparative Statement showing the names, etc., of the employés on the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways, in the Superintendent's Office, Road Department, Mechanical Department, Stores Department, Accountant's Office; also, the names, etc., of conductors, drivers and station agents on the said respective roads. (Not printe 1.)
53 m	Copies of Orders in Council appointing three Commissioners to investigate and report on claims arising out of the construction of the railway, etc. (Sessional Papers on'y.)
53n.	Special Reports of these Commissioners on the claim, viz., of Neilson & McGaw, Duncan Macdonald, Frederick Turgeon, Andrew Johnson & Co., Alexander McDonell & Co., Ebenezer Hicks, Donald Fraser & Co., McBean & Robinson, Martin Murphy, Starr & DeWolf, E. A. Jones & Co., J. M. Blaikie, John Russell, Alphonse Matte, R. H. McGreevy, and Smith & Pitblado. (Sessional Pape s only.)
530.	Return to Order; Statement showing the number of passes, by whom and to whom given, on the Railway, from 1st January, 1874, to 1st January, 1884, in each year. (Not printed.)
57p.	Return to Address (Senate); Return showing the number of free passes on the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island Railways, issued to persons not actually employed on these railways, between 1st January, 1874, and 31st December, 1883, with the names of the persons to whom, the dates when, and the times or occasions for which the same were issued. (Not printed.)
54.,	INSPECTION OF NEWFOUNDLAND HERBING:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland, etc., on the sub ject of the inspection in Canada of Newfoundland pickled herring im ported; statement showing the quantity of Newfoundland herring imported in the different ports of Canada in 1883, the number of barrels and half barrels of the said fish that have been submitted to our official inspection and the result.
55.	BRITISH CANADIAN LOAN AND INVESTMENT Co.:—A list of shareholders and also a statement of its affairs on 31st December, 1883. (Not printed.)
56	Accounts of Ontario and Quebec with Canada:—Return to Address; Copies of the state ments rendered to Ontario and Quebec as to their accounts with Canada and all Orders in Council, etc., in connection therewith.
57.	OHABOT, CHARLES, PETITION OF:—Return to Address; Copy of the complaint or petition of Charles Chabot, of St. Charles de Bellechasse, presented to the Dominio Arbitrators; also, of the record of proceedings before the said Arbitrators, etc. (Not printed.)
58.	··· Chabot, Louis, Petition of :—Beturn to Address; Copy of the complaint or petition (Louis Chabot, of St. Charles de Bellechasse, presented to the Dominio Arbitrators; also, of the record of proceedings before the said Arbitrators, etc. (Not printed.)
59.	Gosselin, E., Petition of:—Return to Address; Copy of the complaint or petition of Euger Gosselin, of St. Charles de Bellechasse, presented to the Dominio Arbitrators; also, of the record of proceedings before the said Arbitrators, etc. (Not printed.)
	FRAUDS ON BONDED WHEAT OR FLOUR EXPORTED:—Return to Order; Copies of all corresponence, not already brought down, with reference to frauds upon the Customs in the export of Canadian wheat or flour in satisfaction of bongiven on the importation of United States wheat or flour. (Not printed
61	DUTY ON GRAIN, COAL, ETC:—Return to Order; Copies of all memorials, etc., relating to the abolition of duty on grain, flour and coal during 1882, and su sequently. (Not printed.)
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No.	61 <i>a</i> .	DUTY ON GRAIN, COAL, ETC.;—Return to Order; Copies of all documents in relation to the abolition of the duties on lumber imported into Manitoba; together with a Statement of the quantity imported into Manitoba, and the duty paid thereon, for the years 1880, 1881 and 1882. (Not printed.)
	618.	Return to Order; Return showing quantity and value of wheat and wheat flour (separately), and duty collected thereon, imported from the United States and entered for consumption, for six months ended 31st December, 1883. (Not printed.)
	62	McGillivray, Archibald:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the filling of the vacancy caused at Morristown, N.S., by the death of Archibald McGillivray, late Preventive Officer. (Not printed.)
	63	WHEAT, FLOUR, CORN AND CORNMEAL:—Return to Order; Return showing the quantity of wheat and flour, also corn and cornmeal, imported into, and exported from the Dominion, during (1) the five months ended 30th November, and (2) the month of December, 1883. (Not printed.)
	64	COAL:—Return to Address; Copies of any correspondence concerning, or regulations or orders of the United States Government under which Nova Scotia coal imported into the United States ports, is permitted to be used for ocean steamship purposes, without the payment of duty. (Not printed.)
	64a.	Return to Order; Statement of all coal entered ex-warehouse, free, or for exportation, during the years ending 30th June, 1882 and 1883. (Not printed.)
	646.	Return to Order (Senate); Return showing quantity of coal carried by the Intercolonial Railway, from points along the line, during the year 1883, showing where delivered and the rate for carriage; and also the coal carried from Nova Scotia by steamboat and sailing vessel to the different ports of the Dominion (Not printes.)
	65	PORPOISE FISHERY, RIVIÈRE OUELLE:—Return to Order; Copies of the correspondence, etc., respecting the porpoise fishery at Rivière Ouelle, Kamouraska. (Not printed.)
	6 6	FISHERIES:—Return to Order; Statement showing name, etc., of each vessel that received bounty during the years 1882 and 1883; also name, etc., of each vessel applying for same, and refused, and the grounds of refusal. (Distribution only.)
	66a.	Return to Order; Return of all regulations now in force under the provisions of "The Fisheries Act," prohibiting fishing in waters situate in Ontario. (Not printed.)
	666.	Return to Address; Statement showing the number of salmon fishing licenses issued during the years 1881, '82, '83 and '84, from Murray Bay to River au Canard, on the north shore of the River St. Lawrence, with the licensees' names, license fees and other correspondence, etc., relating thereto. (Not printed.)
	67	RECIPROCAL TRADE WITH BRAZIL, WEST INDIES AND MEXICO:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., relating to Reciprocal Trade agreements between the Governments of Brazil, the West India Islands and Mexico, and Canada. Also a statement of the Customs duties imposed by these countries on their imports or exports. A statement of the quantities of the different articles exported to these countries and imported from these countries during the last ten years. A statement of commercial treaties, if such exist, between any of these countries and Great Britain.
	67a	WASHINGTON TREATY, FISHERY CLAUSES OF:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., having reference to the notice given to the United States Government terminating the Fishery clauses of the Washington Treaty, or relating to any steps taken by the Government, on the subject of the use by American fishermen of the Sea Fisheries of the Dominion in view of the approaching termination of those Fishery clauses.
	68	FREIGHT CHARGES, DUTY ON:—Return to Address; Copies of all Orders in Council, etc., with reference to the question of duty on freight charges. (Not printed.)

Ño. 69	CUSTOMS LAWS AND REGULATIONS:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., between the Governments of the Dominion and the United States, and the United States National Distillers' Association, in relation to the modification of the existing Customs laws and regulations of this Dominion, and all Orders in Council, etc., in relation thereto. (Not printed.)			
69a.	Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., between the Governments of Canada and the United States, or the British Minister at Washington, having reference to excessive Customs duties on hay grown in and exported from Canada to the United States, and the refunding of the same. (Distribution only.)			
70	QUEBBC PROVINCIAL SUBSIDY:—Return to Address; Copies of correspondence between the Dominion and Quebec, in relation to the claims of that Province against the Dominion.			
71	FINES AND SEIZURES AT PORTS OF ENTRY:—Return to Order; Statement showing the number of seizures made at each port of entry in the Dominion during the fiscal year 1882-83; also, during the six months ending 31st December, 1883; the amount of fines exacted, and how disposed of, etc. (Distribution only.)			
71a.	Return to Order; Copies of correspondence, etc., respecting the seizure of coal oil barrels at Sandwich, Windsor and Walkerville. (Not printed.)			
718.	Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence relating to the seizure of tobacco from the brig "Adeline;" and the inquiry held the 17th to the 21st May, 1881, at the request of Messieurs Lemessurier & Fils. (Not printed.)			
72	ISLANDS LEASED IN LAKE ONTARIO AND THE ST. LAWRENCE:—Return to Order; Return showing name and location of such islands as are leased in Lake Ontario and the St. Lawrence River. (Not printed.)			
73	Grinding in Bond:—Return to Address; Copies of all Orders in Council, etc., not already brought down, on the subject of grinding in bond, or for the import of wheat and flour of United States growth or manufacture; also, for all correspondence on the subject of the transport of Canadian wheat into or through the States, and of all regulations of the United States Customs affecting such transport. (Not printed.)			
74	Indian Harbour, N.S., Breakwater: —Return to Order; Copies of all papers, etc., relating to the building of a breakwater at Indian Harbour, Guysboro', N.S. (Not printed.)			
75.	BOUNTY ON MANUFACTURED IRON:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., on the subject of the bounty on manufactures of iron. (Not printed.)			
76.	HIGH COMMISSIONER:—Return to Address; Copies of all Orders in Council, correspondence, etc., touching the appointment of the present High Commissioner of Canada in London; the discharge of the duties of the Minister of Railways during his absence in England as High Commissioner; and the discharge of the duties of the High Commissioner during his absence in Canada, as Minister of Railways. (Distribution only.)			
76a	Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence relating to any payments, claims or allowances on any account whatever in respect of the office of High Commissioner, not already brought down in separate Statements, in detail, in respect of the office during its tenure by Sir A. T. Galt, and by the present incumbent respectively, and an Estimate, in detail, of all sums payable up to this date, and yet unpaid; also, all correspondence, etc, as to the letting of a residence for the High Commissioner. (Distrebution only.)			
76è.	Supplementary Return to No. 76. (Not printed.)			
76c.	Return to Order; Copies of all reports of the High Commissioner on the subject of immigration to Canada; not already brought down. (Distribution only.)			
76d.	Supplementary Return to No. 76. (Not printed.)			

(o. 76e. E	HIGH COMMISSIONER:—Return to Order; Copy of the letter of the Minister of Agriculture of 5th July, and all cablegrams addressed to the High Commissioner, calling his attention to the demand existing in Canada for the labouring classes, and informing him that notwithstanding the large immigration which has taken place, the requirements are still unsatisfied. Also, copies of special circulars issued by the steamship companies, quoting the Minister's cable messages by request of the High Commissioner. Also, copies of the cuttings from the London newspapers on the subject, forwarded by the High Commissioner. Also, copies of all cablegrams from Canada, and cuttings from Canadian newspapers, transmitted to England; and all correspondence obtainable on the subject of the labour demand in this country. (Not printed.)
77.	OATHS TAKENTET GOVERNORS:—Return to Address; Copies of the Oath or Oaths required to be taken by Governors General of Canada, also by Lieutenant-Governors of Quebec, before entering upon the discharge of their duties as such. (Sessional Papers only.)
77a.	Return to Address; Copies of the Commission appointing His Excellency the Governor General of Canada; the Oath or Oaths required to be taken, and the instructions accompanying the Commission, &c. (Sessional Papers only.)
776.	Return to Address; Copies of the Commission appointing the several Lieutenant-Governors of the Province of Quebec, to wit: Sir Narcisse Fortunat Pelleau, Réné Edouard Caron, Luc Letellier de St. Just, and Théodore Robitaille; the Oath or Oaths required to be taken; and the instructions accompanying the respective Commissions, etc. (Sessional Papers only)
78.	DESERTERS FROM U. S. ARMY:—Return to Address; Copies of all papers, etc., relating to the arrest, in Canadian Territory, by a detachment of United States soldiers, of Henry Watson, said to be formerly a resident of Nova Scotia, and Franklin Switzer, said to be formerly a resident of Kingston, Ontario, and a person surnamed Ellsworth, who were falleged to have described from the United States Army. (Not printed.)
79.	INDIANS:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the Indian Agent's Office in Toronto, now removed to Ottawa, with a statement showing the names, etc., of all parties since appointed to discharge the duties formerly performed by the Toronto Agency; the amount of money paid to the Indians by each; the number of families in each Agency, etc. (Not printed.)
79a.	Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence between the Superintendent of Indian Affairs in British Columbia, or any other person, and the Dominion Government, respecting the recent troubles with the Indians at Metlakatla, and Fort Simpson. (Not printed.)
80	MANITOBA ELECTOBAL DIVISIONS:—Return to Order; Return showing the metes, bounds, etc., of each of the Electoral Divisions in Manitoba as represented in the House of Commons of Canada; also, the successful candidates, and when there was a contest, the number of votes cast for each. (Not printed.)
81,	ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RAILWAY:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence no yet laid on the Table between the Governments of Canada and British Columbia, on the subject of the construction of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway. (Distribution only.)
82	Supply Farm, No. 20, on Fish Creek:—Return to Address; Return showing all Orders in Council, etc., respecting the sale of Supply Farm No. 20, on Fish Oreek near Calgary. Also, a Return showing: 1. The number of acres unde cultivation at the time of sale. 2. The buildings thereon and the cost thereof. 3. All applications for the purchase of said farm. 4. A copy of the agreement entered into between the Government and the purchaser 5. The price agreed to be paid and how paid or payable. 6. And copie of all correspondence between the Government and any person, respecting said farm. (Not printed.)
83	DORION, E., AND LECLERC, M., CLAIMS OF:—Return to Address; Copies of the claims of Eustache Dorion, Pilot, and Moise Leclerc, Bailiff, of Lauzon, presented to the Dominion Arbitrators in December, 1883; also, all the record of proceedings in the case. (Not printed.)
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. 84	HUDSON BAY NAVIGATION:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between Canada and the Imperial authorities or with Manitoba, or other parties, on the subject of the navigation of the Hudson Bay, not already brought down. (Not printed.)
85	McLennan, R., Claim of:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence, etc., with reference to the claim of R. McLennan to Section 31, Township 21, Range 27 West, North-West Territory. (Not printed.)
86	PROPOSED FACTORY BILL:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence with the Manufacturers' Association. or the Trades and Labour Council, etc., on the subject of the provisions of the proposed Factory Bill. (Distribution only.)
87	BAPTISMS, MARRIAGES AND BUBIALS: — General statements and returns of, for certain districts of the Province of Quebec, for the year 1883. (Not printed.)
88	Drill Shrds:Return to Order; Copy of advertisement asking for tenders for the removal and rebuilding of the drill shed in St. Thomas, Ontario; also for tenders received, marking the one accepted, with statement of total cost of work done. (Not printed.)
88a	Return to Address; Copies of the contract awarded for the rebuilding of the drill shed at Montreal, and all reports on the state of the old drill shed and the work to be done; also, copies of all Orders in Council, etc., modifying the terms of the contract, etc., between the Government and the contractor. (Not printed)
89	School of Navigation at Quebec:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence is relation to the School of Navigation at Quebec, and asking for a subsiding from the Dominion for said school. (Not printed.)
90	ORDINANCES RELATING TO N.W.T.:—Copy of a Despatch, dated the 1st November, 1883, from the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories, together wit copies of the ordinances passed at a legislative session of the Council of the North-West Territories, and transmitted in accordance with Section II. of "The North-West Territories Act, 1880." (Not printed.)
91	NORTH CAPE AND EAST POINT PROPOSED SIGNAL STATIONS:—Return to Order; Copies of a correspondence, etc., between the Government and any other partie relating to the erection of signal stations at the lighthouses at North Cap and East Point, in Prince Edward Island, and the construction of two short lines of telegraph, connecting the same with the telegraph system of Prince Edward Island and Canada. (Distribution only.)
92	Cost of Heating Public Buildings:—Return to Order; Statement for each year, since the change in the system, of the cost connected with the heating of Publ Buildings (including wages as well as fuel.) (Not printed.)
93	POST OFFICES AND CUSTOM HOUSES:—Return to Order; Return giving the name of each cit town and village, with the population, in Canada, in which public builings (Post Office or Custom House, or both) have been erected, or are course of erection, since 1st January, 1874, together with the cost are estimated cost of each; also, a Statement showing the revenue derive from the public offices in each such city, town or village. (Distributionly.)
`93 ₀	Return to Order; Copies of the reports of architects, in connection with the selection of a site for the Amherstburg Custom House and Post Office (Not printed.)
938	Return to Order; Return giving the quantity of land bought, and price pai &c., for, lands at Amherstburg, required as sites for Custom House at Post Office buildings (Not printed.)
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No. 95... Antigonish Public Building:—Return to Order; Statement of the amount expended in connection with, also copies of all correspondence relating to the public building at Antigonish, from November 1st, 1881, to the 15th January, 1884. (Not printed.)

96	BREAKWATERS:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence and all engineers' reports for the past two years, regarding the Ingonish Breakwater. (Not printed.)
96 <i>a</i>	Return to Order: Copies of all correspondence, etc., with the Government, in relation to the construction of a breakwater at Point Escuminac, in the Bay of Miramichi, N.B. (Not printed.)
968	Return to Order; Copies of contract entered into by John Sinnot for the building of a breakwater at the mouth of St. Peter's Harbour, King's, P.E.I.; statement of all amounts paid for such work; also the names of the sureties and inspector. (Not printed.)
97	ESQUIMALT NAVAL STATION:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between the Dominion and the Imperial Governments in reference to the continued maintenance of the Naval Station at Esquimalt and the continuous presence of at least one of Her Majesty's ships in British Columbia waters. (Not printed.)
98	ESQUIMALT GRAVING DOCK:—Return to Address; Copy of Order in Council passed in September, 1883, providing for the payment of \$130,000 to British Columbia, on account of Esquimalt graving dock. (Distribution only.)
99	JEMSEG, QUBEN'S, N.B., DEEDGING AT: -Return to Order; Copies of report of surveys made with a view to dredging at Jemseg, Queen's Co., N.B., and all correspondence, etc., relating thereto. (Not printed.)
100	Swan Creek, N.B.:—Return to Order; Copies of all reports of surveys made with a view of improving the navigation of Swan Creek and Swan Creek Lake, Sunbury, County, N.B., by dredging or otherwise, and all correspondence referring thereto. (Not printed.)
101	McCourt, D., Dismissal of:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence, etc., with reference to Daniel McCourt, lately dismissed from his office as lock tender on the Cornwall Canal, with the date of his appointment, and his age at the time of his dismissal. (Not printed.)
102	Administration of the Affairs of the N.W.T.:—Return to Address; Copies of all representations, etc., of the North-West Council, sent to the Government of Canada, on the subject of the administration of the affairs of the North-West Territories, and the complaints made by, and the grievances of the inhabitants of such Territories. (Not printed.)
103	CHAPLEAU, S. J. St. O.:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the appointment of Samuel J. St. Onge Chapleau, as a Sheriff in the North-West Territories; also, all complaints and charges, etc., against him while an employé in the Department of Railways and Canals, and the resolutions dispensing with his services in that department. (Not Printed.)
104	RICHELIEU AND ONTARIO NAVIGATION Co.:—Return to Address (Senate); Copy of the lease by which the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company is in possession of the land upon which are built the barracks situated in the town of Sorel, P.Q. (Not printed.)
105	RAILWAY RESERVE ON VANCOUVER ISLAND:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., relative to the rights of settlers or squatters on the railway reserve, Vancouver Island. (Not printed.)
106	IMMIGRANTS:—Return to Order; Return showing, approximately, the number of immigrants who are supposed to have settled in Ontario in the years 1879, '80, '81, '82 and '83, respectively. (Not printed.)
106	Return to Order; Return of the number and names of the Immigration Agents employed during the year 1883, with the dates of their appointment, etc.; also, the number still employed, with their salaries and expenses. (Not printed.)
	•

_	
No. 1066	Immigrants:—Return to Order; Statement of the number of persons entering, also leaving, Manitoba by rail, during each month of the year, 1883; also, copies of all correspondence, etc, on which are based the estimates made by the Government of the number of immigrants who have settled in each Province, and in the North-West Territories, during the year; also the number of Canadians who have left the Dominion during the year. (Not printed.)
107	LIGHTS ON 1HE ST. LAWRENCE BELOW QUEBEC:—Return to Address; Copies of all petitions, etc., asking for the placing of lights on the River St. Lawrence, north of the Island of Orleans, in the County of Montmorency, in order to protect and facilitate navigation. (Not printed.)
107 s .	Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence in relation to the placing of gas floating lights in the River St. Lawrence, below Quebec, for the better guidance of steamers and sailing vessels navigating the said river. (Not printed.)
108	MILITIA: -Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence regarding the purchase of tents during 1883, by the Department of Militia and Defence. (Not printed.)
108a.	Return to Order: Copies of all correspondence, etc., in connection with the purchase of Moccasins by the Department of Militia and Defence, during the year 1883. (Not printed.)
1088	Return to Order; Return showing the number of officers, non-commissioned officers and men at present comprising A, B and C Batteries, the Cavalry School and the Schools of Infantry. Also, a Return giving the names, dates of appointment, etc., of the commissioned officers of A, B and C Batteries, the Cavalry School and the three Infantry Schools, distinguishing such as are graduates of the Royal Military College. (Not printed.)
108c	Return to Order; Copies of all accounts and vouchers, including transport requisitions, rendered by the Canadian Express Company to the Department of Militia and Defence, for transport during the months of May, June July, August and September, of 1883. (Not printed.)
108d.	Return (in part) to Address; Copies of all letters of complaint, and replies thereto, etc., respecting the conduct of Major-General Luard at Cobourg, or elsewhere, sent by LieutUol. A. T. Williams, M.P., or any other person, to the Government. (Not printed.)
108e.	Supplementary Return to the preceding. (Not printed.)
109	DEWDNEY, LIEUTGov. N. W. T.:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence, etc., respecting the appointment of an Administrator of the Government of the North-West Territories in the absence of Lieutenant-Governor Dewdney. All correspondence respecting any mission entrusted to said Lieutenant-Governor, the nature, and the instructions given, etc. (Not printed.)
110	KINGSVILLE HARBOUR WORKS:—Return to Order; Copy of all petitions, etc., respecting the Kingsville Harbour Works. (Not printed.)
111	DRAINING OF LAND IN MANITOBA: —Return to Address; Copies of all reports, etc., not already brought down, in reference to the improvement of Fairford River, the outlet of Lake Manitoba; the removal of the sand bar at the mouth of Red River, and the obstructions in Nelson River, the outlet of Lake Winnipeg, with a view to draining the submerged lands in the Province of Manitoba. (Not printed.)
112	AMERO, ROGER, ARREST OF, ETC.:—Return to Address; Copy of despatches in reference to the arrest and indictment of Roger Amero, a French Acadian, belonging to Digby, N.S., discharged from custody on an indictment for murder, in Massachusetts, U.S. (Not printed.)
113	Public Health Officers:—Return to Order; Return showing the names and salaries of Public Health Officers appointed in the various cities of Canada; also, copy of instructions issued to and all reports made by such officers. (Not printed.)
	1

LAKES HURON AND SUPERIOR HARBOURS:—Return to Address; Return of all correspondence between the Governments of the Dominion and Ontario, in reference to the disposal by the latter of lots, covered by water in the harbours of Lakes Huron and Superior, to private individuals. (Not printed.)

No. 11	5.	WELLINGTON BRIDGE, MONTREAL:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence relative to the necessity of further accommodation for foot passengers at Wellington Bridge, Lachine Canal. (Not printed.)
11	6. 0	REAND TRUNK RAILWAY COMPANY:—Return to Address; Copies of all correspondence between the Government of Canada, Sir John Rose, and Messrs. Baring & Glynn the Financial Agents of the Dominion, in 1875, in relation to the conduct of the Company of the Potent to President of the Company in descript the Potent to President of the Company in descript the Potent to President of the Company in descript the Potent to President of the Company in the Potent to President of the Company in the Potent to President of the Company in the Potent to President of the Potent to Potent to President of the Potent to Potent
		of Mr. Potter, the President of the Company, in decrying the credit of Canada, also the credit of the Province of Quebec, in relation to the effor of the latter to effect a loan in London, or the credit of that Province fo the construction of railways therein; also, copies of all correspondence etc., written by Mr. Potter, as President of the Company, reflecting upon of discrediting the credit of Canada, or the Province of Quebec, which led to the writing of the letter or letters to Sir John Rose, before referred to (Not printed.)
11	16 <i>a</i>	Correspondence respecting an agreement for the sale of the western section of the Quebec lines of the North Shore Railway to the Canadian Pacifi Railway Company. (Sessional Papers only.)
3.1	17.	THE QUEEN vs. MERGER: - Return to Address; Copies of the short-hand writers' notes of th
. •		proceedings before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the case of the Queen and Mercer, and of the judgment of the court in the case; also, copies of all correspondence and the costs incurred by the Government in connection therewith; also, statement of any proceeding taken by the Government in matters of escheat in any of the Province and for copies of all correspondence, etc., connected with all application to the Government as to escheated lands, since Confederation, not alread brought down. (Sessional Papers only.)
1	17a	Supplementary Return to the preceding. (Not printed.)
		Tanana Sarana Parananana and Datas to Oldan Carta of annual sarana
1	.18.	JUDICIAL SALARIES, RE-ADJUSTMENT OF:—Return to Order; Copies of any correspondence of the subject of the increase or re-adjustment of the judicial salaries, from the 1st January, 1882. (Not printed.)
. 1	19.	ROBERTSON AND WALLACE, CLAIMS OF:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence, etc. connected with the disposal of the west half of Section 6, Township Range 14; west of the principal meridian, Manitoba, and particularly all papers connected with the claims of John Robertson and of one Walace to the said lot. (Not printed.)
1	20.	FORT MCLEOD TOWN SITE: —Return to Address; Copies of all Orders in Council, etc., respecting a town site at Fort McLeod. (Not printed.)
. 1	21.	YAWASKA RIVER AND LAVALLIÈRE BAY: — Return to Order; Copies of the report of Mr. Gueri Civil Engineer, respecting the explorations made by him on the Yamasl River, and in the neighbourhood of Lavallière Bay (Not printed.)
	122.	LAVAL UNIVERSITY:—Return to Address (Senate); Copies of all correspondence addressed the Secretary of State for the Colonies, through the Secretary of State of Canada, concerning Laval University of Quebec, since March, 1880 to da (Not printed.)
1	123.	LIFE SAVING CREW AT PORT ROWAN:—Return to Order; Copies of correspondence in referer to a charge against the Captain of the Life Saving Crew at Port Rowa Norfolk, Ontario, in not saving the lives of the crew of the bard "Fitzgerald," in November, 1833. (Not printed)
	124.	WHARVES:—Return to Order; Copies of tenders for the extension of the wharf at St. Je Port Joli, also, of the contract awarded, if such contract was awarded Statement of the amount expended, the work done, etc., last year, w the names of the persons, if any, in charge. (Not printed.)
	1240	Return to Order; Report and plans of the surveys made last summer, in Anne and St. André, Kamouraska. (Not printed.)

125. N.-W. Mounted Police :- Report of the Commissioners of, for 1883.

		2250 of Sossional Lapois.	21. 100
No. 126	PRINCE EDWARD ISI	CAND:—Return to Address; Copies of all Orders in Council claim made by the Government of Prince Edward Island tion for money expended in constructing or repairing pie vince, and to the examination of, and report upon the pie vince. (Not printed.)	rs in that Pro
126x.	Re	turn (in part) to Order; Copies of all contracts or agreement by the Postmaster General, since the last session of the lefor the conveyance of the mails to and from Prince Edwa all correspondence relating to steam communication betwand the Mainland while the navigation remains open, as winter crossing between Capes Traverse and Tormentine. trips made by the "Northern Light" during the wint with her receipts for freights and passage moneys, and of her management and running; also, copies of all instrict to the agent of the Marine and Fisheries Department in Island, relating to the running of the "Northern Light" sent season, and all correspondence on that subject. Correspondence, etc., relating to the survey or construction authorized to be built between Cape Traverse and the Prince Edward Island. (Distribution only.)	tte Parliament trd Island, and trd Island, and also, to the Return of al er of 1881-82, I the expenses uctions issued Prince Edward during the pre oies of all cor- of the railway
127	Alphonse Audet,	APPOINTMENT OF: Return to Address; Copies of Orders i pointing Alphonse Audet to his present position in the (Not printed.)	n Council ap Civil Service
128	LAKE ERIE HARBOU	RS:—Return to Order; Return of all reports of Governm respecting the construction of a harbour of refuge at F Port Burwell, on Lake Erie, together with the estimated (Not printed.)	ort Stanley of
128a.	Re	sturn to Order; Return of all reports of engineers, respectively struction of a harbour on Lake Eric, in Essex, whether a Kingsville or elsewhere, together with the estimated cost of at each place. (Not printed.)	t Leamington
129	Skippington vs. M	relation to the action brought by one Skiffington ag Michaud and Florian Dumais, of St. Pascal, in 18*1, befo of the Peace, together with copies of the complaints, etc. made against the said Skiffington, or respecting him, as t ment of the costs attending the actions by him instituted with costs against him. (Not printed.)	ainst Thomas re the Justices ; also, charges to the non-pay
130	DOMINION ARBITRA	Arbitrators and secretaries to Arbitrators, appointed to of salary and duration of office, since 1st July, 1867. up to the In case of appointment having been made, or salaries incre in Council, copies of such Orders to be annexed to the Staprinted.)	nce, with date, present time, ased, by Order
131	RIVER ST. FRANCIS	EXPLORATIONS ON:—Return to Order:—Copies of the rej Michaud, Civil Engineer, as to the explorations made by hi on the River St. Francis, with the object of establishing (Not printed.)	m last autum
132	CARON, CLOVIS, FI	SHERY OVERSERS:—Return to Order; Copies of all complains against Clovis Caron, Fishery Overseer, for the Counties of Montmagny, L'Islet and Kamouraska; also of all documents appointment to that position, and his duties as such. (of Bellechasse, nts relating to
133	Ship "Britannia,"	Loss of:—Return to Address (Senate); Copies of all pa with the enquiry into the loss of the ship "Britannia," wh the North East Bar of Sable Island on the night of the 3 1883 (Not printed.)	pers connected nich struck on rd September,
134	Nova Scotian Rivi	IRS:—Return to Address (Senate); Copies of all Reports: 1st March, 1881, and 31st December, 1882, by F. H. D. Veith, condition of the rivers in Nova Scotia, and in connection w ies in that Province.	. Ksa., noon the

GEOLOGY OF VICTORIA, INVERNESS AND RICHMOND COUNTIES:—Return to Order; Copies of the Geological Reports: nade by Mr. Hugh Fletcher, of the Counties of Victoria, Inverness and Richmond, with the maps accompanying the same (Not printed.)

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No. 136.	DRUMMOND AND MACLEAN, ROGER & Co.:—Copy of an indenture relative to certain contracts entered into by George P. Drummond, and transferred by the said Indenture to Messrs. Maclean, Roger & Co., with the assent of Her Majesty. (Not printed.)
137	Persons Confined After Sentence in 1882:—Return to Address (Senate); Return showing, for the year 1882, the number of persons confined after sentence in the prisons, reformatories and gaols, under the control of the local authorities of the several Provinces, the offences of which they were convicted, and the length of the sentence. (Not printed.)
138	G. B. Burland & Co.:—Return to Order; Copies of all correspondence in reference to any contract or contracts for lithographing entered into between G. B. Burland & Co, of Montreal, and the Dominion, showing what offers, if any, have been made by other parties for the performance of similar work, the names and addresses of such parties, and the scale of prices upon which such offers were based; also the scale of prices agreed upon between the Government and the said G. B. Burland & Co., or any other person. (Not printed.)
139	HUGHES, D. J., JUDGE:—Return to Address; Copies of all petitions, etc., preferring charges in regard to the official conduct of D. J. Hughes, County Judge of Elgin, and asking for an inquiry into the same. Also, a copy of the report or judgment on inquiry into the conduct of the said Judge. (Not printed.)
140	St. Uro:x Cotton Factory:—Return to Order; Statement showing the value of machinery imported for the St. Croix Cotton Factory at St. Stephens, N.B., the date of import, the amount of duties chargeable on the same, the amount paid, also still due, and the security held therefor, and copies of all correspondence on the subject. (Not printed.)
140a	Supplementary Return to preceding. (Not printed.)
141	Shipping on Lakes Superior and Huron:—Return to Order; Return showing what vessels navigating the waters of Lakes Superior and Huron were inspected during the past season of navigation, under the authority of the Government, with the names of the Inspectors; also, a Statement of vessels lost or stranded on these lakes, within Canadian waters, showing the localities where disasters occurred and the number of lives lost in each case, during the season of 1883. (Not printed.)
142	GOVERNMENT STEAM TUGS AND DERDGES, ETC.:—Return to Order; Return showing the number of steam tugs, steam dredges and dumping scows bought by the Government or built for the Government, during the year 1883, for use in the Dominion of Canada, showing where they were built, the builders' names, and the price paid for the same. (Not printed.)
143	METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE AT ST. JOHN, N.B.:—Return to Order; Return of the amount of salary or allowance made to Mr. George Hutchinson as the person in charge of the Meteorological Service at St. John, N.B.; also, amount of expenses of Mr. R. J. Stupart, going from Toronto to St. John, and other expenses preparing and fitting up office and instrumenus; also, any instructions from the Department of Marine and Fisheries to the Superintendent at Toronto, in reference to the change of officers at St. John, and the removal of Mr. Gilbert Murdock; also, copies of all correspondence between Mr. Gilbert Murdock and the Superintendent or Deputy Superintendent of the Meteorological Service at Toronto; also, copies of any petition, memorial or other documents in regard to the above changes. (Not printed.)
144	WATSON, T. C.:—Return to Order; Statement of all moneys paid to T. Charles Watson by the Government, showing also the services, if any, performed by said Watson since 1881. (Not printed.)
145	ONTARIO BOUNDARY AWARD:—Correspondence in connection with, between Ontario and Manitoba
146	LIFE SAVING STATIONS:—Return to Order; Return showing the location of the Life Saving Stations of Canada, with description of life-boats, buildings, wreck-guns and other life saving apparatus of each station; also, name and salary of captain, number of men in each crew and their pay, the articles of enlistment, the months during which such enlistment or engagement is binding; also, copy of instructions and regulations issued for the guidance of life saving crews, and reports received from captains of crews and others, as to number of imperiled mariners rescued, and amount of property saved during the year 1883. (Distribution only.)

- No. 147. Mining Regulations:—(Senate) Copy of those governing the disposal of mineral lands, other than coal lands. (Not printed.)
 - 148... RIVER THAMES, SURVEYS OF: -- Return to Order; Copies of all reports, etc.. of the surveys of the River Thames, at the Village of London West, in Middlesex, Ontario.

 (Not printed.)
 - Reployes in Public Works Department:—Return to Order; Statement for the fiscal years 1873-4, 1874-5, 1877-8, 1878-9, 1880-1, 1881-2, and the current year, to date, as to persons employed in the Departments whose remuneration is charged to public works in connection with which they are employed, giving:—

 1. The name. 2. The date of first employment. 3. The remuneration.
 4. The nature of the service. 5. The works to which the remuneration is charged, with the amount charged to each work; also, Statement giving the names of all persons in the Public Works Department, as extra or copying clerks, whose salaries are or have been charged to particular works, since 1881. (Not printed.)
 - RIDBAU HALL AND GROUNDS:—Return (in part) to an Order; Return in detail, showing the expenditure in each year since Confederation:—1. For the purchase and maintenance of Rideau Hall and grounds. 2. For furniture and all other moveables supplied. 3. For fuel and light. 4. Similar Return as in 1, 2 and 3 in connection with the Quebec Citadel. 5. For salaries of Governor General's office. 7. For travelling expenses of the Governor General and staff, besides those included in 6. 8. For labour and supplies of Dominion Steamers while conveying the Governor General, and for all expenses of every character connected with Rideau Hall. (Not printed.)
 - PARLIAMENTARY GROUNDS, OTTAWA:—Return to Order; Reports of Messrs. Scott and Fuller,
 Architects of Public Works Department, and correspondence, etc., respecting claims of late James Goodwin, for extras in connection with erection of wall in front of Parliamentary grounds. (Not printed)
 - DOMINION MONEY SPENT IN THE PROVINCES:—Return to Order: Statement setting forth the exact amount of money expended in each of the Provinces, separately, since their entry into Confederation, up to 30th June, 1883, on works of (1) a strictly general character; (2) a strictly local character.
 - 153... Sections 4 and 10, St. Lawrence Canals:—Return to Address; Copies of all tenders for the enlargement of sections 4 (Rapide du Plat) and 10 (Cornwall) of the St. Lawrence Canals, received on 4th December, 1883, and 12th February, 1884, respectively, as well as of all correspondence, etc., on the same since the 28th September, 1883. (Not printed.)
 - GOVERNMENT HERD CATTLE IN N.W.T.:—Return to Address; 1. Return showing all Orders in Council, etc., respecting the sale of Government herd cattle in the North-West. 2. All applications made for the purchase of such cattle.

 3. All notices of sale, etc., of such cattle. 4. A statement showing the price paid for such cattle, cost of maintaining the same since purchased, the price obtained therefor, to whom and when sold. 5. All correspondence respecting the sale of said cattle. (Not printed.)
 - PAJOT FARM:—Return to Order; Return of all correspondence, etc., respecting that portion of the Pajot Farm, in the town of Sandwich, which is claimed by the Wyandottes of Anderdon. (Not printed.)

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE

OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

FOR

THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER,

1882.

Phinted by Onder of Panliament.



OTTAWA
PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET
1883.

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Office of the Superintendent of Insurance, Ottawa, 2nd August, 1883.

To the Honorable
Sir Leonard TILLEY, C.B., K.C.M.G.,
Minister of Finance.

Sir,—I have the honor herewith to submit the statements in detail of Insurance Companies for the year 1882, together with such an abstract and analysis of them as appeared proper to exhibit the progress of the business and the condition of the Companies.

FIRE AND INLAND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

At the beginning of the year there were twenty-nine (29) companies in operation; one of these, the Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Hamilton, retired in May, 1882, having transferred its business to the Citizens' Insurance Company of Montreal; and there was one new company admitted in February, 1882, being the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company of Edinburgh. Since the close of 1882 two other companies have at this date been licensed, viz.:—The National Assurance Company of Ireland, and the Caledonian Insurance Company of Glasgow, which latter takes the place of the Scottish Imperial now retiring.

Of these 29 active companies at the end of 1882, there were 8 Canadian, 17 British and 4 American. The business of Fire Insurance was done by 28 of these, while Inland Marine Insurance was transacted by 6 of them (4 Canadian and 2 American), Ocean Marine was also transacted by four of them, three Canadian, and one American, but this business is mainly in the hands of companies which do not report to this Department, no license being required for companies doing this class of business exclusively.

FIRE INSURANCE IN CANADA, 1882.

The business of the year on the whole cannot be considered unfavorable when compared with previous years, the loss-rate being less than the corresponding rates in eight out of the thirteen previous years of which we have record. The volume of business has again largely increased, and the rate of premium is somewhat higher than last year. The losses incurred have been at the rate of \$5.68 for every \$1,000 of risk current, and the rate of premium on the business transacted has been 1.0147 per cent. The rate of losses paid to premiums received has been 63.01, which lowers the average of the 14 years to 79.18. The growth of the business will be appreciated from the comparison of the amount at risk at the end of 1869, which was

\$188,359,809, with that at the end of 1882, which was \$526,856,478. Of this amount more than three-fifths is held in British companies, being \$339,520,054, while the comparatively small amount of \$34,772,345 is held by American, and the remainder \$152,564,079 by Canadian. This is, however, exclusive of the business done by Provincial companies (not licensed by the Dominion) in their own provinces, which includes a large proportion of the agricultural business.

FIRE PREMIUMS AND LOSSES IN CANADA IN 1882.

The premiums received for Fire Insurance in Canada have amounted to \$4,229,706, exceeding those received in the previous year by \$402,590; the losses incurred amounted to \$2,807,368, being less than those of 1881 by \$405,013, while the amount actually paid during 1882 for losses has amounted to \$2,664,986, being less than that paid in 1881 by \$504,838. The loss-rate is shown in the following table:—

FIRE INSURANCE IN CANADA, 1882.

		Paid for Losses,	Received for Premiums.	Rate of Losses paid per cent of Premiums received.	The same for 1881.
Canadian C	ompa ni	ies \$ 733,843	\$ 1,033,433	71.01	110.80
British	do	1,768,444	2,908,458	60.80	70.94
American	do	162,699	287,815	56·5 3	61.21
. T	otal	\$2,664,986	\$ 4,229,706	63.01	82.83

The basis of the above comparison has been taken to be the losses actually paid during the year, which includes the payments for losses outstanding at the close of the previous year, and excludes those still outstanding. If we take for basis the losses "incurred" during the year (which, however, can only be an approximation), the respective ratios come out:—

	1882.	1881,	1880.	1879.	1878.
Canadian	72.84	112.04	54·5 0	67.81	52.11
British	65.27	72.14	37.28	67.83	47.24
American	54· 33	60.94	46.73	79.39	59.13
Total	66.37	83.94	43.82	68.63	49.67

It may be mentioned here, that out of this total amount of losses incurred \$2,807,368, there only appeared to be outstanding at the close of the year \$18,346 for claims resisted by the companies.

The following table exhibits the results for the fourteen years over which our returns extend:—

FIRE Insurance in Canada.

Year.	Premiums received,	Losses paid.	Rate of Losses per cent of Premiums.	
	\$	\$		
1869 1870 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1876 1877 1879 1880	1.785,539 1,916,779 2,321,716 2,618,710 2,968,416 3,522,303 3,594,764 3,708,006 3,764,005 3,368,430 3,227,488 3,479,577 3,827,116	1.027,720 1.624,837 1,549,199 1,909,975 1,682,184 1.9 6,159 2,563,631 2,867,295 8,490,919 1,822,674 2,145,198 1,666,578 3,169,824	57 56 84 17 66 73 72 66 16 67 54 68 71 31 77 33 225 53 54 11 66 47 47 90 82 83	
1882	4,229,706	35,111,079	63.01	

Taking the totals for the same fourteen years, according to the nationalities of the companies, the following are the results:—

FIRE Insurance in Canada for the Fourteen years-1869-1882.

	_	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Rate of Losses per cent. of Premiums.
		\$	\$	
Canadian Companies British do American do		15,694,804 25,099,176 3,558,575	11,959,535 20,385,925 2,765,619	76·25 81·22 77·72
Totals		41,312,555	35,111,079	79 18

FIRE INSURANCE IN FORCE IN CANADA, 1882.

The total net amount insured by fire-policies in Canada at the end of 1882 was \$526,856,478; the amount at the end of 1881 was \$462,210,968, showing the large increase during 1892 of \$64,645,510. This increase has fallen almost entirely to the British Companies, their share of it being \$61,798,755, while the corresponding increase in 1881 was \$47,975,314; the increase for the American Companies was \$3,719,084, which differs little from the amount of increase in the previous year, \$3,639,148; but in the Canadian Companies the amount has again decreased, being \$672,329 less than in 1881, while in 1881 the decrease was \$965,765. The

decrease was due, as in 1881, to the retirement of one of the companies from business.

The distribution is as follows:-

	Net in force 1882.	Increase i. Decrease d.
Canadian Companies	\$ 152,564,079 339,520,054 34,772,345	\$ d 872,329 i 61,798,755 i 3,719,084
Total	526,856,478	<i>i</i> 6 4,645,510

The details of the increase and decrease for the individual Companies, are as follows:—

CANADIAN COMPANIES.

INCREASE.—Citizens, \$7,522,718; Royal Canadian, \$3,882,627; Sovereign, \$1,766,474; Western, \$2,975,424. Total, \$16,147,243.

Decrease.—British America, \$3,489,506; London Mutual, \$461,795; Quebec, \$146,743.

To these must be added the risks of the retired Canada Fire, \$12,922,528, making a total decrease of \$17,019,572. On the whole there has been a decrease of \$872,329, but in the active Companies a net increase of \$12,050,199.

BRITISH COMPANIES.

The increase of \$61,793,755 among the British Companies was thus distributed:

INGREASE.—City of London, \$7,128,492; Commercial Union, \$3,202,603; Fire Insurance Association, \$4,578,826; Guardian, \$1,034,617; Imperial, \$1,520,849; Lancashire, \$734,604; Liverpool and London and Globe, \$1,423,482; London and Lancashire Fire, \$5,652,322; London Assurance, \$608,632; North British, \$2,795,413; Northern, \$2,968,572; Norwich Union, \$3,193,350; Phænix of London, \$2,014,217; Queen, \$1,196,960; Royal, \$18,231,101; Scottish Imperial, \$1,825,165; Scottish Union, \$3,690,550. Total increase, \$61,798,755.

AMERICAN COMPANIES.

INCREASE.—Agricultural of Watertown, \$2,043,113; Hartford, \$1,055,160; Phenix of Brooklyn, \$775,586. Total, \$3,873,859.

DECREASE.—Ætna Fire, \$154,775.

Total increase, \$3,719,084.

PREMIUMS AND LOSSES COMPARED WITH RISKS.

The net amount at risk at the end of the year being \$526,856,478, and the premiums charged thereon being \$5,543,751, it follows that the average rate of premium on every \$1,000 at risk was \$10.52, which is nearly the lowest rate of al years from 1875; the rates having been as follows:—

<u>.</u>	1875.	1876.	1877.	_1678.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
Rate 10	0.60	10.66	10.72	10.75	10.51	10.57	10.61	10.52

On the other hand, if we consider the premiums charged on the whole amount of risks taken during the year (including for each Company the short-term risks as well as risks re-insured) as given in the annexed table, we find the rate of premium, which may fairly be considered as that at which business has been done during the year, to be \$10.147 per 1,000, which is larger than the corresponding rate in 1881, which was \$10.001. So that it would appear that while the rate at which business has been done during the year is greater than in the previous year, the rate on all the business existing at the end of the year is less, thus exactly reversing the state of things in the last report (1881, p. xii), and presenting circumstances equally hard to explain.

The losses incurred on the average amount current during the year (taking for this the mean of the amounts in force at the beginning and end of the year) have been at the rate of \$5.68 per \$1,000 current risk. The corresponding rates for 1880, 1881 were \$3.72 and \$7.35 respectively.

The losses are, however, distributed very unevenly among the different companies, as appears from the following, computed on the above basis; where; for convenience of comparison, the corresponding rates for 1881 are appended within brackets.

London Mutual, 1.46 (2.43); Agricultural of Watertown, 1.54 (2.23); Phenix of Brooklyn, 1.87 (2.22); Liverpool and London and Globe, 4.12 (5.91); Royal, 4.39 (5.42); London Assurance, 4.55 (3.40); British America, 4.63 (6.39); Sovereigh, 5.03 (6.32); Guardian, 5.04 (6.73); Scottish Imperial, 5.27 (3.19); Hartford, 5.40 (7.87); Imperial, 5.43 (8.37); Lancashire, 5.62 (7.76); North British, 6.01 (8.71); Royal Canadian, 6.05 (9.08); Scottish Union and National, 6.16 (——); Norwich Union, 6.22 (3.87); Western, 6.26 (5.95); Phænix of London, 6.54 (6.66); Canada Fire and Marine 6.98 (13.81); Quebec, 7.32 (54.24); London and Lancashire, 7.43 (5.59); Citizens, 7.55 (7.56); Queen, 7.86 (7.78); Northern, 7.94 (6.81); Commercial Union, 8.98 (8.60); Fire Insurance Association, 9.05 (3.91); Ætna, 13.45 (8.82); City of London, 24.49, (——),

The annexed table gives the gross amounts of risks taken by the several Com-Panies during the year, and the premiums charged thereon, and also the distribution of losses, with the proportionate rate of premiums to risks, and the proportion of the amounts paid for losses and received for premiums during the year. For convenience of comparison the rates of 1881 are appended. It must be noted that the premiums in the second column are those charged on the whole gross amount of risks taken by each Company during the year.

FIRE Insurance done in Canada in 1882.

	Gross Amount of Risks taken during the Year.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of Premiums charged per cent. of Risks taken.	The same for 1881.	Net Cash paid during the Year for Losses.	Net Cash received during the Year for Premiums.	Rate of Losses Paid per cent. of Pre- miums received.	The same for 1881.
Canadian Companies.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.			\$ cts	.\$ cts.		
British America	15,843,806 3,019,779 19,848,819 13,942,996 5,013,252 20,388,533 12,285,907 33,780,623	159,654 77 39,699 17 191,079 53 167,674 21 53,815 36 193,801 11 145,588 18 387,898 55	1.01 1.31 0.96 1.20 1.07 0.95 1.19 1.15	0.96 1.41 0.85 1.13 0.99 0.91 1.16 1.16	80,711 35 73,838 11 119,581 21 60,758 44 42,337 83 103,328 28 78,811 12 174,477 78	127,950 91 32,984 46 194,014 90 104,893 21 49,866 99 164,621 84 102,553 84 312,620 73	63·08 223·86 61·64 57·92 84·90 62·77 76·85 55·81	80·03 78·84 88·29 77·45 796·24 92·14 86·69 62·19
British Companies.								
City of London Commercial Union Fire Insurance Associ-	10,519,231 27,629,814	136,888 12 304,359 03	1.10	1.14	66,220 07 238,109 70	127,099 79 307,966 77	52·10 77·32	73 · 27
ation	13,196,510 8,998,646 19,872,327 21,668,199	134,708 47 74,897 90 193,404 61 228,197 93	1·02 0·83 0·97 1·05	0·81 0·81 0·93 1·02	75,567 92 45,026 94 100,755 16 121,875 76	110,989 43 71,095 03 179,519 86 208,539 45	68.08 63.33 56.12 58.44	10·72 90·83 76·44 71·38
and Globe	20,957,629	173,252 87	0.83	0.82	107,074 20	161,961 70	66.11	90.22
shire Fire	13,193,008 9,538,114 34,391,964 14,767,173 9,788,396 21,877,115 20,889,325 62,360,557 7,732,490 4,085,685	147,602 44 73,900 77 322,351 87 143,979 38 83,239 36 235,208 12 225,835 86 608,228 90 81,828 44 37,627 31	1·12 0·77 0·94 0·97 0·85 1·08 1·08 0·93 1·06 0·92	1·09 0·78 0·95 0·88 0·82 1·02 1·03 1·02 0·91	30,536 52 35,706 61 179,488 10 89,216 59 40,436 37 123,945 74 150,716 94 315,855 01 39,593 30 8,317 58	105,196 58 66,575 79 273,515 71 132,258 80 73,066 51 204,137 90 207,110 57 569,481 10 72,313 77 37,627 34	29·03 53·63 65·62 67·46 55·34 60·72 72·77 55·46 54·75 22·11	30·29 38·91 93·52 68·40 26·85 67·99 77·65 64·52 41·90
American Companies.								
Ætna Fire Agricultural of Water- town Hartford Phenix of Brooklyn	12,757,609 5,057,353 10,575,775 4,063,781	124,120 90 50,040 18 103,355 12 28,482 39	0·97 0·99 0·98 0·70	0·96 1·03 0·94 0·53	82,163 68 20,270 79 56,553 70 3,710 48	105,571 16 51,885 32 103,355 12 27,003 53	77·83 39·07 54·72 13·74	55·79 51·11 81·29 28·89

BRITISH FIRE COMPANIES.

The total cash receipts from premiums were \$2,908,456, being an increase of \$528,995 over the previous year; the payments for losses were \$1,768,443, being \$99,038 more than for 1881; while the general expenses amounted to \$658,502, being \$109,608 more than in 1881; thus leaving a balance of \$481,511 in favor of the Companies; last year this balance was only \$161,162.

Paid for losses	\$1,768,443
general expenses	658,502
Total	
Received for premiums	2,908,456
Balance in favor	\$481,511

The following detail gives the balances for the different companies --

Balances in favor.—City of London, \$23,922.08; Commercial Union, \$9,184.42; Fire Insurance Association, \$6,350.24; Guardian, \$10,518.09; Imperial, \$42,306.07; Lancashire, \$41,190.72; Liverpool and London and Globe, \$18,208.28; London and Lancashire, \$47,748.59; London Assurance, \$16,156.35; North British, \$33,319.66; Northern, \$15,985.81; Norwich Union, \$14,411.98; Phænix of London, \$33,322.27; Queen, \$11,507.21; Royal, \$120,948.89: Scottish Imperial, \$15,708.37; Scottish Union and National, \$20,722.71. Total, \$481,511.74.

Hence for every \$100 of premiums received there was spent on the average \$60.80 in payment of losses and \$22.64 for general expenses, leaving \$16.56 for the Companies. The rates of expenses to premiums received in the individual Companies, will be found on page xlix, ranging from \$19.70 per \$100 in the Commercial Union, to \$26.19 in the Fire Insurance Association among the old Companies; and being \$22.82 and \$29.08 in the Scottish Union and City of London respectively, which Companies now report for the first time. The average rate for all the British Companies is \$22.64, which is less than the rate in 1881 (\$23.07).

Hence these Companies have done a very much larger volume of business at a somewhat higher rate of premium (9.972 per 1,000 as against 9.704 in 1881) and a lower rate of expense, accompanied by a much lower rate of loss.

It may be useful to record here the results for the eight years from 1875 to 1882, as regards the receipts for premiums and the expenditure of the British Companies, thus.

Paid for losses (1875–82) general expenses	\$14,636,161 3,615,833
Total payments	
Excess of payments over receipts	\$1,813,221

Of course this unfavorable result is due to the exceptional circumstance of the conflagration at St. John, N.B., in 1877, where these companies paid nearly five millions for losses.

AMERICAN COMPANIES

The marine business of the Phenix of Brooklyn will be here included, rendering the result much less favorable than would otherwise have been the case. Also we include the small amount of inland marine insurance done by the Ætna.

The receipts from premiums were \$299,530; the payments for losses, \$176,218; and the general expenses, \$61,068—leaving a balance of \$62,244 for the Companies. Last year this balance was \$53,747; hence, for every \$100 of premiums received, there was spent, on the average, \$58.83 in payment of losses, [and \$20.39 in general expenses, leaving \$20.78 for the Companies.

The balance of \$62,244 in favor of the Companies is distributed as follows:— Etna of Hartford, \$14,615.94; Agricultural of Watertown, \$14,758.67; Hartford, \$28,591.66; Phenix of Brooklyn, \$4,277.73.

The results of the total business of these Companies, from 1875 to 1882 inclusive are as follows:—

Paid for losses (1875–82)	
" general expenses	404,826
Total payments	2,353,634
Received for premiums	2,366,526
Excess of receipts over payments	\$12,892

CANADIAN COMPANIES.

In considering the Canadian Companies, the business outside of the Dominion in Fire Insurance of these companies has to be taken into account, as well as their Marine business, since a separation of expenses between these branches is not made.

The following table gives the distribution of their Fire business between Canada and elsewhere, and shows that the foreign business has been much less favorable than the home business in the case of two of the Companies; while the Sovereign appears to have begun foreign business this year only, so that no fair comparison can be made:—

FIRE INSURANCE, 1882.

								-	
	Risks g the	In Cana		aid re-	In other Countries,				
Company.	Amount of Ritaken during	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Rate of Losses paid per cent. of Pre- miums received.	Amount of R. taken during year.	Premiums received.	Losses paid.	Rate of Losses paid per cent. of Pre- miums received.	
British America	\$	\$	\$	22.02	\$	\$	\$	79.91	
Bowereign	15,843,806		i 'l	i 1	62,596,346	611,004	488,243		
	12,285,907	102,554	78,811		10,349,167	16,142	2,643		
Western	33,780,623	312,621	174,478	55 81	68,364,550	786,843	646,513	82.17	

The assets of the eight Canadian companies doing Fire business, amounted at the end of the year to \$4,045,691, covering a total amount of insurance of all kinds of \$273,314,727, being at the rate of \$14.80 for every \$1,000 of insurance in force; they have also a reserve of subscribed capital not called up, amounting to \$3,648,226, making a total security of \$28.15 for every \$1,000 insured. The liabilities of the same companies amounted to \$2,299,586, made up as follows:—

Unsettled losses	
Unearned premiums	
Sundry	
	· <u></u>
	*** **********************************

The unearned premiums are here taken to be the pro rata proportions of the gross premiums for the time unexpired in the cases of Fire and Inland Marine Insurance, and the whole premium in the case of a current Ocean risk. If this amount had been taken on the scale considered by some authorities to be sufficient for reinsurance, it would have given a much smaller liability. Even with the above rigid estimate, the surplus of assets over liabilities available for the protection of policyholders, independent of the reserve of subscribed capital not called up, amounts to \$1,746,106.

The capital stock of these companies, paid up or in course of payment, amounts to \$2,131,502, and the result shows an impairment of this capital to the amount of \$385,397. The impairment at the end of 1881 was \$223,039; this, however, included that of the Dominion Company, which does not appear in this year's statement. The loss of the remaining companies during the year has been \$204,645.

The following table gives the condition at the end of 1882 of all the Canadian stock companies in reference to their surplus or impairment of paid-up capital.

Fire and Marine Insurance Companies, 31st December, 1882.

		scribe pi ta l		Capital Paid up or in course of collection.		d up or in over all Lia- ourse of bilities			Impairment of Capital.			Reserve of Subscribed Capital.			
		<u> </u>	cts.	\$		cts.	\$		c ts.	\$		cts.	9		cts
British America	50	0,000	00	500	,000	00	113,	656	87				N	one.	
Canada Fire		0,000			432					135,	980	76	890	,567	92
Citizens	1,18	8,000	00		,190		l			**172.	349	07	937	L.809	52
Que bec	50	0,000	00		990					**275	662	06	126	3,010	00
Royal Canadian	2,00	0,000	00	†300	,000	00	24	403	62	l			897	1.728	13
‡30vereign	60	0,000	00		,890			•	••••	100.	497	03	408	3,110	00
Western		0,000			,000		115	525	31					0,000	

MARINE COMPANY.

			!		
Anchor	478,100 00	143,430 00	******	47,569 03	334,670 00
			T .	1	4

A comparison of this with the corresponding table for the previous year enables us to gauge the progress of each company during the year, and shews the following results:—

Gain or improvement during 1982:

Anchor, \$12,184.89; London Mutual, \$20,947.45; Royal Canadian, \$2,248.53.

Loss or deterioration during 1882:

British America, \$45,344.81; Canada Fire, \$36,091.06; *Citizens, \$10,398.80; Quebec, \$3,829.42; Sovereign, \$4,481.92; Western, \$130,913.99.

Including the purely Marine Company and the whole business of the mixed Companies, as well outside as within the Dominion, it appears that the Canadian Companies,

^{*}This is on the whole business, including life.

As reduced by Act of Parliament.

Formerly the Isolated Risk

*These impairments have since been wiped out by reduction of paid-up capital, by Acts of

Parliament last Session.

panies have received during the year 1882 a total cash income of \$3,188,397.39 (exclusive of \$94,027.08 received on account of capital stock), which is made up as follows:—

	1882.		The same in 1881.	The same in 1880.
Premiums	\$3,007,132	65	\$3,131,925 97	\$3, 208,038 89
Interest and dividends	153,878	4 6	169,392 14	179,533 29
Sundry	27,386	2 8	30,702 06	19,916 66
Total	\$ 3,188, 3 97	39	\$3,332,020 17	\$3,407,488 84

In the same way, the cash expenditure during 1882 has been \$3,322,552.40, distributed into-

	1882.	The same in 1881.	The same in 1880.
Losses paid	\$2,294,212 90	\$2,898,045 45	\$2,236,943 54
General expenses	917,526 03	901,679 10	889,409 73
Dividends to stockholders	110,813 47	145,137 85	164,650 50
Total	\$ 3,322,552 40	\$3,944,862 40	\$3,291,003 77

Hence, it appears that for every \$100 of income there has been spent \$104.21, namely—for losses, \$71.96; for general expenses, \$28.77; and for dividends to stockholders, \$3.48. Hence also, for every \$100 of premiums received there has been paid out \$76.29 for losses, \$30.51 for expenses, and \$3.68 for dividends to stockholders.

INLAND NAVIGATION AND OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE.

Including the Canadian business of the Phenix of Brooklyn and the Ætna, and the whole business in these branches done by the four Canadian Companies, the following are the results of the year.

For Inland Navigation.

Premiums received, \$302,447; losses incurred, \$140,157, of which were paid \$100,080, leaving a balance of \$40,077 of them still unsettled. There was also paid during the year \$76,391 on account of losses incurred in previous years, making the total payments during the year on account of losses \$176,471, while the total out standing or unsettled losses at the end of the year were \$42,721.

Ocean Marine.

Premiums received, \$212,904; losses incurred, \$215,852, of which were paid \$182,477, leaving a balance of \$33,375 of them still unsettled. There was also paid during the year \$74,709 on account of losses incurred in previous years, making the total payments during the year on account of losses \$257,186, while the total outstanding or unsettled losses at the end of the year were \$41,614.

Hence the Inland Marine business shews for this year a favorable result, the losses incurred having amounted to only 46.34 per cent. of premiums received; the Ocean business on the contrary shews the losses incurred to have exceeded the premiums received by 1.38 per cent., and although this is an improvement on the previous year, where the excess was 6.86 per cent., it cannot be considered as other than disastrous.

As already stated, the bulk of the Ocean business is transacted by companies which are not required to be licensed and do not report to this Department, but I believe that the experience of these companies has not been at all more favorable than that of the companies from whose reports the preceding results have been gathered.

An abstract of the Inland Marine business will be found on page xxxvii, and details or this and the Ocean business for the individual companies on page xxxviii.

LIFE INSURANCE.

Another prosperous year for Life Insurance has to be recorded for 1882. The amount of insurance effected during the year has again largely increased (though the increase is not so great as in the previous year), and has only been exceeded since 1869 by the extraordinary years 1872-3. The business also exhibits an increased stability, the ordinary claims as well as the terminations by surrender or lapse, being relatively less than in previous years.

The business was transacted by 26 active companies, of which 9 were Canadian, 11 British and 6 American. Of these, the Federal (Canadian) is a new company, and has reported only six months' business; and the United States Life, which had

formerly withdrawn, having renewed its license resumed active operations. In addition to these there were 7 British and 5 American Companies not taking new insurances but still transacting business connected with their old policies. Another company, the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association of St. John, New Brunswick, having made a deposit of \$50,000 with the Receiver-General and in other respects complied with the Statute, received a license. This Company issues certificates of membership, and on the death of a member makes assessments according to a fixed scale on the remaining members, holding the proceeds to be paid to the member who next dies. I have not included its business in the statistics of Life Insurance, but a separate statement will be found under its own heading. Since the close of the year the Lion has been replaced by the British Empire Mutual, and the Federal has taken over the business of the Toronto Life; the New York Life, which had ceased doing new business, has renewed its license and recommenced operations.

Insurances effected during the year.

The total amount of policies taken during 1882 has been \$20,455,255, exceeding the amount taken in 1881 by \$2,837,244. The larger share of this increase has fallen to the American Companies, whose increase is \$1,500,548; that of the Canadian Companies being \$1,039,566, and of the British Companies \$297,130. The respective amounts effected are:—

Canadian (ompa	nies	\$12,198,045	
British	do	······································		
American	do		5,423,960	

so that the amount taken by the the native companies exceeds that taken by the British and American together by nearly four million dollars. The following are the details of the increase or decrease among the respective companies:—

Canadian Companies. Total, \$12,198,045. Increase, \$1,039,566. Canada, d, \$161,245; Citizens, i, \$346,800; Confederation, i, \$432,846; Federal (new), \$404,350; Life Association of Canada, i, \$121,500; North American (General), i, \$159,779; North American (Industrial), d, \$235,280; Ontario Mutual, i, \$126,717; Sun, d, \$114,601; Toronto, d, \$41,300.

British Companies. Total, \$2,833,250. Increase, \$297,130. Briton Life, d, \$20,000; Commercial Union, d, \$2,190; Lion, d, \$25,550; Liverpool and London and Globe, i, \$10,300; London and Lancashire, i, \$112,350; London Assurance, d, \$973; North British, i, \$9,400; Queen, d, \$4,500; Royal, d, \$1,427; Standard, i, \$286,447; Star, d, \$66,727.

AMERICAN COMPANIES. Total, \$5,423,960. Increase, \$1,500,548. Ætna, i, \$657,039; Equitable, i, \$554,800; Metropolitan, d, \$26,000; Travelers, i, \$120,509; Union Mutual, i, \$175,200; United States, i, \$19,000.

Nors-i, increase; d, decrease.

The following table will enable the progress of the business to be traced during the fourteen years recorded.

Amounts of Insurances effected during the respective years 1869-1882.

Year.	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.	American Companies.	Total.
		\$	\$	s
1869	1,156,855	2,627,392	9,069,885	12,854,132
1870	1,584,456	* ,657,493	8.952,747	12,194,696
1871	2,623,944	2,212 107	8,486,575	13,322,626
1872	5,276,859	1,896,655	13,896,587	21,070,101
1873	4,608,913	*1,704,338	14,740,367	21,053,618
1874	5,259,822	2,143,080	*11,705,319	19,108,221
1875	5,077,601	1,689,833	8,306,824	15,074,258
1876	5,465,966	1,683,357	6,740,804	13,890,127
1877	5,724,648	2,142,702	5,667.317	13,534,667
1878	5,508,556	2,789,201	3,871,998	12,169,755
1879	6,112,706	1,877,918	3,363,600	11,354,224
1880	7,547,876	2,302,011	4,057,000	13,906,887
1881	11,158,479	2,536,120	3,923,412	17,618,011
1882	12,198,045	2,833,250	5,423,960	20,455,255

Life Insurance in Force in 1882.

The total amount of insurance in force at the close of the Statements was \$115,042,048, which shows an increase of \$11,751,116 over that of the previous year, being distributed as follows:—

Canadian Co	mpan	ies	Fotal in force. . 53,855,051	Increase. 7,813,460
British	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	22,329,368	1,346,276
American	do			2,591,380
T	otal	*****************	115,042,048	11,751,116

Among the six active American Companies, the increase was \$3,341,039; while in the retired American Companies, which had at risk \$11,393,380 at the close of 1881, the decrease has been only \$749,659, of which \$196,187 was terminated by death or maturity, and \$553,472, or less than 5 per cent. of the existing insurance, was terminated by surrender lapse or removal. This latter fact speaks well for the character of the business transacted by these Companies.

It is to be regretted that the system of industrial insurance commenced last year does not seem to have attained the development which was expected, the number of policies taken having been only 697, for \$114,183, as against the 2703 policies for \$349,463 of the previous year, while the number in force has decreased from 1,301 to 1,267, although the amount in force is slightly larger.

[·]Imperfect.

Amount of Insurance terminated in 1882.

The amount of insurance terminated in natural course, namely, by death, matuturity or expiry, was \$1,524,703, which is greater by \$26,528 than the corresponding amount in the previous year; and the amount terminated by surrender and lapse, \$6,737,737, being greater than that in the previous yearby\$611,889; relatively, however to the amount at risk, both these terminations are smaller than in 1881, giving for every \$1,000 of current risk \$13.43 terminated in natural course, and \$59.35 by surrender and lapse. In the previous year, these rates were \$14.97 and \$61.21 respectively. The following table exhibits the rates for the last four years, where the continued decrease of the surrenders and lapses is particularly noticeable:—

TERMINATED out of each \$1,000 current risk.

		Naturally.				Surrender and Lapse.			
Canadian (Jompanies	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.
British	do	\$8 18 17 09	\$9 41 14 70	\$12 41 16 77	\$9 09 20 84	\$109 86	\$95 46 82 25	\$73 60 50 99	\$67 18 42 85
American	do	10 74	15 94	17 03	14 97	106 51	10 3 51	52 14	56 38

The total termination amounts to about forty per cent. of the amount of new Policies. The actual amounts of termination were distributed as follows:—

Canadian Co	mpan	ies	Naturally. \$474,210	By Surrender and Lapse. \$3,502,591
	nΛ	*******************	466,885	959,755
American	do	***************************************	583,608	2,275,3 91
To	tal	********************************	\$1,524,703	\$ 6,737,737

The details of the individual Companies will be found on page

Policies in force.

The following table gives the number of Policies in force at the date of the Statements.

	Number.	Amount.	Average amount of a Policy.
Canadian Companies. British do American do	34,121 10,884 24,045	\$ 53,855,051 22,329,368 38,857,629	\$ 1,578 2,052 1,616
Totals.	69,050	115,042,048	1,666

The average amount of a policy in force \$1,666, differs but slightly from that of the previous year, but the average amount of the new policies has sensibly increased, having been for Canadian Companies, \$1,617; for British Companies, \$2,259, and for American, \$2,035; the corresponding amounts last year having been \$1,251, \$2,166, and \$1,785.

The number of policies indicates probably about sixty-four thousand lives insured; the returns of some of the Companies as regards the number of lives are incomplete, nor, even if complete, could the effect of the same life being insured by several policies in different Companies be eliminated. I can only, therefore, give as an approximation, that out of 43,622 lives exposed to risk, the deaths were 358, giving on the average an annual death rate of 8.21 per thousand, which is somewhat higher than it was in 1881, but is still a low rate.

The following table gives the amount of income from premiums received by all Companies from 1869 to 1882 inclusive:—

PREMIUM-INCOME during the respective Years-1869-1882.

Year.	Canadian Companies.	British Companies.	American Companies.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$
1869	164,910	51 5 ,741	557,708	1,238,359
1870	203,922	531,250	729,175	1,464,347
871	291,897	570,419	990,628	1,852,974
872	417,628	596,982	1,250,912	2,265,522
1873	511,235	594,108	1,492,315	2,597,658
1874	638,854	629,808	1,575,748	2,844,410
1875	707,256	623, 296	1,551,835	2,882,387
876	768,543	597,155	1,437,612	2,803,310
1877	770,319	577,364	1,299,724	2,617,407
878	827,098	586,044	1,197,535	2,610,677
1879	919,345	565,875	1,121,537	2,606,757
1880	1,039,341	579,729	1,102,058	2,721,128
1881	1,291,026	613,595	1,190,068	3,094,689
1882	1,562,085	674,362	1,308,158	3,544,605
Total	10,113,459	8,255,758	16,805,013	35,174,230

The total amount paid to policy holders during 1882 is as follo	ws:—
Death claims (including bonus additions)	1,081,119
Matured endowments do	198,903
Annuitants	5,142
Paid for surrendered policies	250,091
Dividends to policy-holders	411,189
Total	1,946,444

The distribution of the payments among the different companies will be found on page lvi.

Hence for every \$100 premiums received, there has been paid to policy-holders \$54.91, leaving \$45.09 to be carried to reserve, expense and profits.

Taking the mean of the amounts in force at the ends of 1881 and 1882 to represent the amount of risks current for the year, and comparing it with the premiums received and the claims paid (excluding the annuity business), we find the following results:-

The average rate of premiums received for every \$100 of current risks is:-In-Canadian Companies, \$3.12; in British, \$3.11; in American, \$3.48; and for all Companies, the average is \$3.24.

The average rate of claims paid for every \$100 of current risks is —In Canadian Companies, \$0.86; in British, \$1.73; in American, \$1.26; and for all Companies, the average is \$1.17.

Canadian Companies.

The condition of the Canadian Companies will be found exhibited very fully inthe statements under their respective headings. In computing their re-insurance reserves they all employ the Institute H.M. Table of Mortality at 41 p.c. interest, with the exceptions of the Life Association, which partly employs the Carlisle Table at 5 p.c. interest, and the Ontario Mutual, which employs the old Actuaries' Table (terminal values) at 4 p.c. § The following is an abstract of their assets and liabilities, and income and expenditure.

CANADIAN COMPANIES.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Companies.	Assets.	Liabilities including Re- serve but not Capital Stock.	Surplus of Assets over Liabilities, excluding Capital.	Capital Stock Paid up.	Surplus of Assets over Liabilities and Capital Stock.	
Canada Life Citizens' (Life Department). Confederation Federal	\$ cts. 5,119,572 53 164,451 59	\$ cts. 4,523,945 73 147,156 76	594,626 80 17,294 83	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 469,626 80	
Federal. Life Association of Canada North American Ontario Mutual Bun Toronto.	965,332 87 68,693 66 193,869 86 151,134 61 423,598 06 636,077 94 65,471 86	817,403 05 6,884 99 158,940 60 85,304 85 391,482 31 **534,476 67 28,084 52	147,929 82 61,808 67 34,929 26 65,829 76 32,115 75 101,601 27 37,387 34	80,000 00 68,655 00 ‡50,066 66 ‡57,400 00 None. 62,500 00 29,862 35	8,429 76 32,115 75 39,101 27 7,524 99	
	,	,001 02],,,,,,,		1	

 $^{^{\}S The}$ reserves on the H.M. 42 p.c. basis, were calculated by this office for the Citizens', Toronto, Confederation, and Ontario.

*The capital in this Company is also liable for its other departments, so that these columns cannot be filled up. See its Fire Statement.

†Formerly Mutual Life.

†Guarantee Fund.

**Including liability, Accident Department, \$5,749 31.

INCOME.

Net Premium Income.		Consideration for Annuities.	Interest and Dividends on Stocks, &c.	Sundry.	Total.	
Canada Life	\$ cts. 733,010 22 40,227 08 277,514 63 7,069 81 44,853 79 77,067 13 161,982 27 †212,813 49 5,251 93	None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None. None.	\$ cts. 265,148 96 4,997 78 52,673 56 301 85 8,269 39 3,947 03 14,355 27 24,101 02 3,004 96	\$ cts. 6,268 89 None 1,384 39 None. None. None. 2,615 43 150 00	\$ cts. 1,004,428 07 45,224 86 331,572 58 7,371 66 53,123 18 81,014 16 176,337 54 241,824 19 8,406 89	

EXPENDITURE.

to Policy Holders.	General Expenses:	Dividends to Stockholders.	Total Expenditure.	Surplus of Income over Expenditure.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$.cts.
378,710 15	140,647 50	18,750 00	538,107 65	466,320 42
				7,638 56
				89,453 38
				8,349 32
				46,553 23
				75,931 62
				78,909 64 2,540 95
	\$ cts.	\$ cts. \$ cts. 378,710 15 140,647 50 23,241 80 14,314 50 133,557 31 69,989 76 None. 16,278 40 19,750 25 23,594 20 2,819 00 31,641 93 50,200 33 50,205 59 †10,277 29 †47,012 26	\$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. 378,710 15 140,647 50 18,750 00 23,241 80 14,314 50 None. 19,750 25 23,594 20 1,429 41 None. 19,750 25 23,594 20 1,429 41 None. 50,200 33 50,205 59 None. †110,277 29 †47,012 26 5,625 00	\$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ 378,710 15 140,647 50 None. 37,586 30 133,557 31 69,989 76 38,572 13 242,119 20 None. 16,278 40 None. 16,278 40 None. 16,278 40 19,750 25 23,594 20 1,429 41 44,773 86 2,819 00 31,641 93 None. 34,460 93 50,200 33 50,205 59 None. 100,405 92 †110,277 29 †47,012 26 5,625 00 162,914 55

From these tables it appears that the Canadian Companies have received an income of \$1,949,303.13, drawn from the following sources:-

	189	8 2.
	. 8	cts.
Premiums and annuity sales	1,562,08	4 60
Interest and dividends	376,79	9 82
Sundry	10,41	8 71
Total	k1 949 30	3 12

^{*}Formerly Mutual Life.
†This does not include the premiums of its Accident business amounting to \$11,083.92.
‡Six months' business only.

^{*}Formerly the Mutual Life.
†These do not include the payments on account of its accident claims and expenses, amounting to
\$2,381.06 and \$5,641.15 respectively.

And they have expended \$1,182,512.75 under the following items:—

	1002	•
	8	cts.
Paid to policy-holders and annuitants	719,656	13
General expenses	396,397	55
Dividends to stockholders	66,459	07
-		

Total.....\$1,182,512 75

Hence, out of every \$100 of income, there have been expended in payment to Policy-holders \$36.92, in general expenses, \$20.34, and in dividends to stockholders, \$3.41; leaving \$39.33 to be carried to reserve.

Some question has arisen as to the proper way of entering as items of income and *expenditure, the dividends allotted to policy-holders when, instead of being made immediate cash payments, they take the shape of reversionary additions to the Policies, or of reductions of annual premium, which may be either permanent or temporary, the latter generally extending over the five years which is the usual interval employed by companies between divisions of profits or surplus. There are doubtless difficulties attending any mode of treating these items, but as uniformity is ·desirable (for without this no fair comparisons can be instituted) I would recommend that in the case of reversionary additions, which are clearly new insurances, the 'equivalent dividends should enter expenditure as cash payments, and should enter income as single premiums paid by dividend for the purchase of reversionary additions, the reserve for the reversions appearing of course among liabilities.* So also in the case where the dividends are applied to a permanent reduction of the future annual premiums, these dividends should enter expenditure as cash paid for annuities to be applied to this purpose, and should also enter income as cash received for such annuities, the liability for these annuities being included in the reserve.

[&]quot;This is, of course, a different thing from the practice mentioned in the following extract from the

^{*}This is, of course, a different thing from the practic; mentioned in the following extract from the report of the Hon J. A. McCall, (now Superintendent of Insurance for the State of New York) on the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, dated June 1, 1881.

"It is proper under this heading (Income and Expenditure) to refer to the method adopted by the company in January of each year in adding to the premium receipts the total amount of the dividend declared, for the reason that an entry is made at once on the Actuary's registers of a certain amount of paid-up insurance, for which the sum of the dividend is treated as a single-premium payment to purchase the insurance. If the transaction was closed by these two entries, possibly no criticism thereon would be proper, but it is well known that the insured has the option of applying the cash value of his dividends to a reduction of the premium when he so elects. Under the system in vogue in the "Mutual," and also in nearly all the other life insurance companies that have been examined by the departm nt, it necessitates an entry in the premium account of a premium paid by dividend, and a charge under disbursements of an equal sum as being paid for a surrendered policy or addition, thereby causing the cancellation of the amount of paid-up insurance which had been theretofore entered. In consequence of this questionable method of treating the accounts, the sum of \$2,489,425.99 was entered twice in premium receipts, and an equal number of times in the disbursements—first as a dividend to the policy-holder, and again as a purchase of surrendered policies.

"It is possible that the contrary opinion held by the worthy Actuary of the company on this subject may be the correct one. He contends that the passage of the resolution declaring the dividend, makes it compulsory on the company to proceed at once to enter the amount thereof on the registers; and the subsequent adjustments or chang's must follow as a matter of course, and cannot be ignored. This statement is m

regard, however, to the five-year (or other short period) temporary reductions of premiums, I should prefer that they should be treated as deferred payments, and therefore, only enter expenditure when actually applied to the reduction of the premium paid; it would in fact, in my opinion, be preferable to make such payments certain instead of contingent.

As the practice of the companies in regard to the foregoing points does not appear to be uniform, and no definite system of account is laid down, either by the British Board of Trade or the United States Commissioners, I have thought it sufficient that the statements given in this Report should distinctly exhibit the facts so far as the native companies are concerned.

It has already been stated that a license was issued to a company, entitled the Dominion Safety Fund Life Association of Canada, and having its principal office in St. John, N.B., which transacts life insurance on the co-operative or assessment principle, supplemented by the formation of a reserve fund contributed by its members. The Company has a subscribed stock capital of \$120,000, of which \$47,400 has been paid up, and this, together with the well-known character of its shareholders and directors, is a sufficient guarantee that the business will be conducted with honesty and prudence. It has been much debated whether a company conducted on this assessment plan can be permanently maintained; there is little doubt that in this case the trial will be fairly made. There is still less doubt that with some of these Companies, which have invaded Canada from across the border, after having been debarred from operating within their own territories, neither honesty nor prudence has distinguished their management. Such companies have acted in open defiance of our law, which has been practically inoperative to restrain them, and some further legislation is urgently called for, by which their operations may be controlled. The necessity of this legislation has been recognized in the United States, where most of the legislatures have passed statutes, explicitly bringing these Companies under the supervision of the Insurance departments.

ACCIDENT AND GUABANTEE INSURANCE IN CANADA, 188?.

The business of Accident Insurance was transacted by five companies, viz:—3 Canadian (two of which combined it with Life Insurance), 1 American (also combined with Life), and 1 British, which combined it with Guarantee business.

The total accident premiums received in Canada were \$102,758, insuring an amount of \$18,620,187, and the sum of \$37,801 was paid for claims, with \$7,885 claims unsettled.

An abstract will be found on p. lviii. Since the close of the year another company, the Norwich and London Accident Insurance Association, has been licensed.

The Guarantee business was conducted by two companies, one Canadian and the other British, but some claims were also paid this year by the Citizens' Insurance Com-

Pany, which had transferred its business in this branch to the Guarantee Company of North America. The premiums received were \$58,105, guaranteeing an amount of \$7,017,770, and the net amount paid for claims was \$16,249.

The Accident Insurance Company of North America, and the Guarantee Company of North America (both Companies native) transact business outside of the Dominion, which is not included in the above.

At the present time there are seventy-two (72) companies under the supervision of this office, the nature of the business transacted by them being as follows:—

Number o	f Companies	doing Life Insurance	e		41
"	"	Fire "		******	31
"	"	Inland Marine	Insuran	сө	6
"	"	Ocean Marine	"	***********	4
"	"	Accident	"	•••••	6
"	"	Guarantee	"		2
"	"	Steam Boiler	"	***** ***	1

The Metropolitan Plate Glass Insurance Company withdrew from the Dominion in consequence of the attempt of the Quebec Legislature to impose a business tax on insurance companies.

The deposits for the protection of policy-holders, held by the Honorable the Receiver-General in trust for these companies, at 12th July, ult., amounted to \$7,657,765.33, in securities as follows:—

Canada stock	\$1,271,536 20	
Canada debentures	299,300 00	ı
Canada Provincial debentures	406,629 96	i
United States bonds	1,857,000 00)
British annuities	621,276 96	ì
British Colonial securities	453,769 62)
Cash in sundry banks	373,097 19)
Montreal Harbor bonds	348,500 00)
Municipal securities	1,678,109 18	,
Bonds and stocks of banks and incorporated com-		
panies	113,206 22	,
Canadian Pacific and Canada Central, Railway		
bonds	235,340 00	
		•

Total..... \$7,657,765 33

The total amount of premiums received for all forms of insurance was \$8,314,923, of which \$3,080,218 was received by Canadian companies, and \$5,234,705 by British and American. The following summary shews the distribution of these premiums to the various classes:-

PREMIUMS 1882.

Fire	\$4,229,706
Inland Marine	166,844
Ocean	212,904
Life	3,544,605
Accident	102,758
Guarantee	58,106
Total	\$8,314,923

or dividing them according the nationalities of the companies,

PREMIUMS 1882.

	Canadian	British?	American
	Companies.	Companies.	Companies.
	\$	\$	\$
Fire	1,033,433	2,908,458	287,815
	156,902	None	9,942
	211,131	None	1,773
	1,562,085	674,362	1,508,158
	70,904	6,304	25,550
	45,763	12,343	None.
Total	3,080,218	3,601,467	1,633,238

I have the honor to remain, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. B. CHERRIMAN, M.A., F.I.A., F.R.S.C.,

· Superintendent of Insuran 3

ABSTRACT

OF STATEMENTS MADE BY COMPANIES LICENSED TO DO BUSINESS
OF FIRE OR INLAND MARINE INSURANCE IN CANADA,
FOR THE YEAR 1882, IN ACCORDANCE
WITH THE INSURANCE ACTS
OF 1875 AND 1877.

GENERAL TABLES.

ASSETS OF ALL COMPANIES, FIRE AND MARINE.
LIABILITIES OF ALL COMPANIES, FIRE AND MARINE.
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE OF ALL COMPANIES, FIRE AND MARINE.
PERCENTAGE LOSSES TO PREMIUMS, &c., &c.

47 V	ictoria.		۵	essi	ona.	1 1	ape	ers	(INC	D. 11.,)		A	. 1	884
	Claims.	Resisted.	€9	None. 8,300	None.	None.	5,546 None.	15,446	8,650			None. 8,200 None.	3,000 8,100	None. None.	None. None. None.
	Unsettled Claims	Not Resisted.	€	12,107 None	7,473	8,265	18,481 26,579	91,276	91,107			21,053 31,335 9,365	5,300 7,948	1,300	None. 27,946 6,500
	Net	Paid for Losses.	₩	80,711	60,758	42,338 103,328	78,811 174,478	733,813	1,336,758			66,220 238,110 75,568	45,021 100,755 121,876	107,074	35,707 179,488 89,217
882. Companies.	Net Amount öf	Losses incurred during the Year.	€	81,638	55,845	47,632 110,629	90,981 194,185	752,723	1,351,783	nce Company.		87,273 269,187 19,647	45,021 98,188 123,456	106, 204 39, 943	35,707 198,281 95,717
ABSTRACT FOR THE YEAR 1882. SEUBANGE IN CANADA—CANADIAN COMPANIES	Net	Amount at Risk at Date.	59	15,876,014 None.	20,544,161 38,015,954	6,436,690	18,968,711 32,496,834	152,564,079	153,436,408	1 Marine Insura ance Company.	PANIES.	7,128,492 31,656,368 11,090,799	9,452,518 18,848,052 22,320,434	26,511,023 8,200,171	8,156,137 34,364,165 13,540,882
	Gross Amount of	Policies, New and Renewed.	\$	15,843,806 3,019,779	†19,848,819 13,942,996	5,013,252 20,388,533	12,285,907 33,780,623	124,123,715	140,331,153	anada Fire and d Marine Insur	BRITISH COMPANIES	10,619,231 27,629,814 13,196,510	8,998,646 19,872,327 21,668,199	20,957,629	9,538,114 34,391,964 14,767,173
ABSTRACT Fire Insurance in	Net Cash	received for Premiums.	#	127,951 32,981	*137,941 104,893	49,867 164,622	102,554 312,621	1,033,433	1,206,470	ce of risks of Canada Fire an		127,100 307,967 110,989	71,095 179,520 208,539	161,962	66,576 273,516 132,259
Fir		:		British America Canada Fire.	Citizens London Mutual Fire	Quebec Boyal Canadian	Sovereign. Western.	Total for 1882	Total for 1881	• Not including \$56,074 received for insurance of risks of Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company. † Not including \$10,995,797 reinsured from Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company.		City of London. Commercial Union. Fire Insurance Association		Liverpool and London and Globe	London Assurance North British Northern

xxviii

						<u>L</u>	(10.1				
None. None. 2,000 1,000 None. None.	22,300	16,013		None. None. None. None.	None.	None.		15,446 22,300 None.	37,746	24,663	,
2,650 7,838 5,450 22,481 1,625 3,053	163,250	58,677		7,470 900 2,064 400	10,834	16,040		91,276 163,250 10,834	265,360	165,824	
40,436 123,946 150,717 315,855 39,593 8,318	1,768,444	1,669,405		82,164 20,271 56,554 3,710	162,699	163,661		733,843 1,768,444 162,699	2,664,986	3,169,824	
43,086 130,196 166,570 336,611 41,218 11,371	1,898,282	1,697,639		77,026 20,344 54,883 4,110	156,363	162,959		752,723 1,898,282 156,363	2,807,368	3,212,381	
8,523,538 20,916,440 20,523,020 85,877,326 8,727,139 3,690,550	339,520,051	277,721,299	PANIES.	7,295,850 14,208,104 10,688,292 2,580,099	34,772,345	31,053,261	ATION.	152,564,079 339,520,054 34,772,345	526,856,478	462,210,968	
9,788,396 21,877,115 20,889,325 63,360,657 7,732,490 4,085,685	321,466,183	271,044,719	AMERICAN COMPANIES	12,767,609 5,057,353 10,575,775 4,063,781	33,454,518	30,040,366	RECAPITULATION	124,123,715 321,466,183 32,454,518	478,044,416	441,416,238	
73,067 204,138 207,111 569,481 72,314 37,627	2,908,458	2,353,258	A	105,571 51,845 103,355 27,004	287,815	267,388		1,033,433 2,908,458 287,815	4,229,706	3,827,116	,
Norwich Union Pheanix of London Queen Royal Scottish Imperial 17. Scottish Union and National	Total for 1882	Total for 1881		Agricultural of Watertown Agricultural of Watertown Hartford 4. Phenix of Brooklyn	Total for 1882	Total for 1881		8. Cauadian Companies	Grand total for 1882	Grand total for 1881	
						xxi:	_				

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Insurance in Canada
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SUMMARY

Canaalian Companies. 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5						ď	Premiums Received	Received.							. 10001
\$ \$	1	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	18:7.	1878.	1879.	1880.	Total.	
113,833 114,377 136,832 174,047 191,035 194,077 194,089 131,689 144,832 174,006 166,401 196,892 131,638 133,635 118,055 141,378 101,030 106,032 131,638 132,638 133,635 134,638 134,048 132,348 133,635 134,038 134,048 132,348 134,048 132,348 134,048 132,348 134,048 132,348 134,048 132,348 134,048 134,148 132,348 134,048 134,148 132,348 134,148 134,	dian Companies.	••	•	94		•	•	69	65	•	•		•	•	
60,702 T.11 S. 10 S. 10 <th< td=""><th>America</th><td></td><td>114,377</td><td>135,852</td><td>174,047</td><td>191,035</td><td>194,077 109,892</td><td>184,799</td><td>146,532</td><td>174,892</td><td>174,006</td><td>166,401</td><td>186,895</td><td>1,956 746</td><td></td></th<>	America		114,377	135,852	174,047	191,035	194,077 109,892	184,799	146,532	174,892	174,006	166,401	186,895	1,956 746	
60,702 T1,135 T8,072 62,807 T3,614 T4,377 60,333 80,418 96,136 88,441 32,987 106,602 99,913 97,633 171,136 7,917 7,917 7,917 86,098 89,114 35,882 60,070 44,016 60,070								129,893	244,363	136,653	91,971	89,718	87,011	779,639	
99,913 97,633 171,514 161,188 190,857 244,331 17,213 17,233 72,455 66,012 60,600 61,559 72,234 72,634 72,633 17,213 17,213 17,233 86,174 36,660 60,600 61,559 72,234 72,634 72,638 59,121 65,623 284,326 80,091 92,556 95,17 82,819 60,600 61,559 601,362 180,730 20,680 59,121 65,623 284,049 265,634 11,632,965 272,763 116,773 66,012 66,600 61,539 407,873 116,773 66,012 66,600 61,539 407,873 116,773 66,103 66,1	Mutual Fire	60, 702	71,135	78,072	62,807	73,614	74,377	60,333	80,418	•	88,441	92,987	106,602	945 654	
73,234 73,726 73,602 77,608 75,169 76,176 82,203 80,047<	Fire Agricultural	99 913		171.514	161.158	190,857	244,331	7,917	64,882 179,236		35,858			194,861	
81,890 86,371 80,162 56,623 83,250 80,091 92,556 95,117 82,819 63,695 4107,878 501,362 536,600 707,418 796,847 84,289 1,455,781 1,646,654 1,881,641 1,622,965 1,103,896 1,102,822 1,103,023 1,103,896 1,102,822 1,103,023		72,234		73,602	77,508	75,169	79,453	86, 124	82, 203 260, 578		66,012	60,600		888 531	
81,890 86,371 80,162 256,589 254,049 252,326 1,646,654 1,881,641 1,622,955 1,161,896 1,102,822 1,190,029 81,890 86,371 80,162 57,329 29,782 84,066 127,245 1,881,641 1,622,955 1,161,896 1,102,822 1,190,029 81,890 86,371 80,162 57,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 133,695 174,249 195,597 1,102,822 1,190,029 81,890 86,371 80,162 57,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 133,695 174,249 195,597 190,264 40,487 34,615 32,947 64,387 61,375 134,710 134,794 123,545 142,109 163,88 149,419 165,461 286,398 273,303 266,336 260,262 266,332 219,948 138,480 106,771 129,083 148,021 157,617 155,641 18,116 25,252 60,632 66,336 66,336 60,386				20,680	59,121	55,623	83,250	80,091	92,656		82,819	63,695	+-:	186,012	
81,890 86,371 80,162 57,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 174,243 176,385 1,161,896 1,102,822 1,190,026 81,890 86,371 80,162 57,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 42,713 156,988 1,102,822 1,190,026 81,890 86,371 80,162 57,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 42,713 156,988 16,813 50,253 62,745 40,487 34,615 102,750 43,907 114,55 101,116 142,109 161,88 161,064 184,145 286,388 273,303 266,262 258,632 219,948 100,116 142,109 161,88 161,064 184,145 286,388 273,303 67,386 79,386 60,086 47,450 45,593 74,425 161,064 184,145 141,822 165,930 106,771 129,948 106,011 142,109 161,88 161,064 184,419 141,822 165,930 67,388		: %	180,730	227,698	262,206	256,598	254,049	252,355	232,431		270,716	268,935	273,758	2,300,551	
81,890 86,371 80,162 67,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 133,695 174,249 195,597 190,264 231,607 8,186 8,780 17,392 32,947 64,387 61,325 60,905 42,717 64,433 156,988 149,419 156,451 40,487 34,615 33,661 43,967 66,738 43,097 71,455 101,116 164,988 149,419 156,451 286,398 273,303 263,696 260,262 256,632 219,948 106,771 129,083 148,021 156,461 141,822 165,991 166,496 63,736 79,448 106,771 129,083 148,021 157,617 286,981 265,996 260,262 256,632 219,948 106,771 129,083 148,021 157,617 18,116 25,262 60,632 60,386 76,376 60,873 76,376 63,774 76,771 129,083 148,021 76,574 76,176 18,116 25,		501,362	636,600	707,418	796,847	842,896	1,453,781		1,881,641	1,622,955	1,161,896	1,102,822	1,190,029	3,414,901	
81,890 86,371 80,162 67,329 29,782 84,066 127,253 133,695 174,249 195,59 190,264 231,607 81,866 8,780 17,392 32,947 64,387 61,215 60,905 121,518 158,012 166,988 149,419 156,461 40,487 34,615 33,661 43,967 66,733 43,097 71,455 101,116 142,109 161,064 184,145 286,398 273,303 263,696 260,262 258,632 219,948 106,771 129,083 148,219 157,617 184,145 141,822 165,931 67,386 79,388 60,086 47,450 45,93 74,425 61,37 159,83 148,145 18,116 25,262 60,632 39,234 32,516 29,563 66,317 16,37 16,37 16,37 17,359 16,37 17,359 16,37 17,450 45,59 16,37 17,455 17,450 45,79 16,37 17,459 16,37	ish Companies.							***********		······································					
64,552 82,004 85,915 102,750 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,710 134,945 101,116 142,109 165,988 149,419 155,415 184,145 1	cial Union	81,890		80,162	57,329	29,782	84,066		133,695	174,249		190,264		1,472,258	
286,338 273,303 263,696 260,262 258,632 219,948 138,480 106,771 129,083 148,021 157,617 155,880 9,448 56,931 66,936 67,386 79,388 60,086 47,450 45,93 74,425 61,272 51,095 52,454 141,822 165,500 203,724 235,290 379,234 322,516 292,563 765,310 288,945 282,473 21,550 257,471 18,115 25,252 50,632 69,905 72,359 76,377 60,870 68,737 68,190 76,010 18,639 76,107 18,639 20,010 18,639 76,107 18,639 20,010 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 16,107 18,639 18,107 18,107 18,107 18,107 19,107 19,107 1	91	64,522		85,915 33,561	102,750	134,710	134,794		121,518	153,012 142,109		149,419		1,439,098	
65,931 66,496 63,330 67,386 79,388 60,086 47,450 46,933 74,425 61,272 61,095 62,454 141,822 165,600 203,724 236,134 322,516 309,234 322,516 292,663 265,910 288,913 232,475 232,475 253,771 251,752 251,752 251,752	I and London and			263,696	260,262	258,632	219,948	138,480	106,771	129,083	148,021	157,617	155,880	2,398,094	
86,081 82,643 60,133 108,215 138,403 138,553 162,530 151,223 157,841 171,410 15,838 162,339 154,048 106,616 122,603 150,530 179,553 163,329 160,551 155,23 195,063	and Lancashire Assurance itish	:	:	63,330 203,724 50,632	67,385 235,290 69,905	79,368 3/9,234 72,359	60,086 322.516 76,337	47,450 292,563 60,830	45, 93 265,910 59,737	74, 425 288, 943 68, 799	61,272 282,475 76,010	51,095 2:2.504 c8,629	52,454 253,871 75,175	715,185 3,027,356 71,919	
	Union	86,081 94,048		60,133 122,609	108,215 150,530	158 403	188 503 163,329	162.030	151.223 153,2 3	•	171 410	15 ,898 152,013	162,339 195,069	1,809,423	

XXX

Royal Commercial	7. 241,683	3 238,461	36,133	315,848 55,192	971,045	405,501	361,514 - 37,446 - 46,250	823,460 46,774 45,303	76,932 76,932 48,389	359,006 82,240 54,590	343,317 80,516 51,503	417,150 19,513 52,044	4,000,389 343,421 535,710	
	131	1,185,398	1,299,846	1,499,620	1,773,265	1,809,473	1,683,715	1,597,410	1,683,716 1,597,410 1,927,220 1,994,940		1,899,154	2,048,408 19,837,460	9,837,460	
American Companies.				~~~				3		100	9	1100	. 000	
Ætna	107,635	114,121 5,431	68,361	177,943	183,929	168,147	152,835	130,658	118,640	118,901	110,033 ‡27,279	47,290	1,640,266 286,615 31,431	
Andes. 57,53	57,531	15,229	31,431 60,909	80,687	103,635	90,902	96,054	78,207	83,337	86,618	80,184	83,191	976,529	
Home No Brooklyn							15,506	20,090	11,858	6,075	7,516	7,484	68,529	^
	165,166	194,781	314,452	332,243	352,255	259,049	264,395	228,955	213,830	211,594	225,512	241,140	3,003,372	
					REC	recapitulation	ATION.							
Canadian Companies	501,362		707,418	796,847	842,896	1,453,781	1,453,781 1,646,654 1,881,641 1,809,413 1,683,715 1,597,410	1,881,641					3.444,9)1 9,837,460	1
American Companies	1,119,011	194,781		332,243	352,255	259,049	264,395	228,955	213,830	211,694	225,512	241,140	3,003,372	
Grand Totals 1,785,53	1,785,539	1,916,779 2,321,716	2,321,716	2,628,710	2,968,416 3,522,303 3,594,764	3,522,303		3,708,006	3,764,005 3,368,430 3,227,488 3,479,577 36,285,733	3,368,430	3, 227, 488	3,479,577	6,285,733	\
•Formerly the Agricultural Mutual. †Formerly the Isolated Risk. In its premiums for 1880 the \$17,352 received for re-insurance of the risks of the Nate of the re-insurance of the risks of Octawa Agricultural and Ottawa Agricultural	aral Mutus Risk. In	ual. n its premiums for 1880 the \$17,352 received for re-insurance of the risks of the National has not been included.	ns for 1880 nsurance	the \$17;	352 receive s of Osnac	d for re-in la Agricul	surance of tural and	the risks Ottawa Ag	of the Nat gricultural	ional has	not been in	ıçluded.	The Observation of the Control of th	•

,098,943 290,101 736,720 93,673 723,603 723,603 1081,732 1081,732 1081,732 1081,733 1,167,734 706,617 1,017,735 2,204,635 465 468 488,101 2,543,711 920,382 1,415 1,415 1,927,781 16,948,076 9,888,934 Total. 947, 1,927, 3,031, 177, 400, 28,807 63,473 88,941 103,516 23,638 49,903 87,434 54,703 465 114,406 119,851 42,169 20,719 55,674 48,973 75,098 1,415 53,408 79,914 168,745 29,617 26,239 855, 423 101,639 1880 SUMMARY OF LOSSES paid for Fire Insurance in Canada by all Companies, for the Years 1869-1880. 34,024 85,031 28,502 129,527 40,661 82,762 90,180 78,429 687,353 44,827 168,880 46,434 147,524 1115,064 237,268 46,479 47,545 1,275,540 1879. 78,517 69,599 10,676 67,599 48,944 40,779 47,778 1111,799 179,462 37,401 33,491 15,304 55,147 65,351 189,755 74,117 22,081 67,230 70,674 37,093 29,697 118,497 51,251 828,069 880,571 1878. 83,291 83,291 134,715 309,016 52,743 61,622 37,747 560,179 59,998 286,070 250,067 25,118 ,052,876 505,441 72,313 856,975 661,774 14,247 24,755 68 **358** 420,405 442,575 660,979 454,572 526,275 2,186,162 5,718,305 1877. 106,989 102,056 35,688 168,608 64, 166 42, 839 14, 362 63,020 05,753 66, 201 143,016 1,599,048 55,723 11,900 55,946 40,307 118,873 37,888 171,265 34,865 92,871 135,028 340,735 39,648 33,769 1,168,858 1876. 332, 332, 66, Losses Paid. 280 139, 134 61, 658 322, 405 44, 546 54, 854 148, 402 65,287 24,275 105,942 46,393 193,477 16.544 121,577 123,729 293,758 62,632 59,423 1,082,2061,299,61 1875. 157,672 37,210 662,470 30,467 34,465 68,886 45,088 56,724 157,391 35,269 81,752 126 903 258,970 1,120,106 1874. 487,649 53,009 99,558 167,858 967,316 47,273 57,606 20,249 31,765 77,859, 71,295 46.802 136,608 43,875 110,154 67,722 138,039 : 06,512 69,8111873. 88,407 22,910 80,965 53,670 244,474 81 493 50,165 119,791 86,919 10,074 510,469 60,948 1,136,167 872. 85,262 3.923 67,986 25,055 215,563 55,048 100,344 17,582 35,034 140,757 22,709 37, 226 89, 272 81, 486 922,400 414,339 : 155,564 1871. 68,006 152,076 45,035 1,300 71,589 28,212 251,405 128,845 (6,251 272,622 64,078 33,221 115,967 2,781 107,618 453,414 17,131 1,024,362 1870. 73,840 66,274 47.829 6,600 23,819 31,800 124,328 81,431 28,990 27,587 29,368 183,579 579,416 K Koyal Canadiau.

K Sovereign.

Stadacona.

Western. Citizens' ondon Assurance..... Scottish Commercial...... Canada Fire..... *London Mutual Fire National Fire Provincial..... Ouebec Commercial Union..... Lancashire..... 'pool & Lond'n & Globe Jondon and Lancashire... North British..... Norwich Union...... Phoenix of London..... Ottawa Agricultural...... Guardian..... Oneen mperial Canadian Companies British Companies. Dominion..... Northern

1.452,762 141,136 5,668 671,932 60,691 104,070	2,439,259		9,888,934 16.948.076 2.439,250	29, 276, 269			
44,229 33,527 31,088	109,516		701,639 855,423 109,536	1,666,578			
87,139 34,325 55,215 5,626	182,305		687,353 1,275,540 182,305	2,145,198			
63,166 1,196 47,221	114,034		828,069 880,571 114,034	8,490,919 1,822,674 2,145,198			
342,208 167,200 77,044	586,452		2,186,162 5,718,305 586,452				
62,622 21,048 15,719	99,389		1,599,048 1,168,858 99,389	2,867,295			
113,761	181,713	TION.	1,082,206 1,299,612 1,81,713	2,563,531			
103,864	143,583	TULA	662,470 1,120,106 143,583	1,926,159			
182,368 28,204 16,647	227,219	ECAPI	487,619 967,316 227,219	1,682,184			
142,928 33,616 86,795	263,339	R. B.	510,469 1,136,167 263,339	1,909,975			
116,943 13,163 5,668 76,681	212,460		414,339 922,400 212,460	1,549,199			
111,235 100 35,726	147,061		453,414 1,024,362 147,061	1,624,837	Mutual.		
82,299 29,198 60,691	172,188		276,116 579,416 172,188	1,027,720			
American Companies. Ætna. Agricultural of Watert'n. Andes Hartford Home. Phenix of Brooklyn			Canadian Companies British Companies American Companies	Grand Totalsx	K • Formerly the Agricultural :: † Formerly the Isolated Risk		

Summary of Premiums received for Fire Insurance in Canada, by all Companies, for the Years 1869-82.

	Totals from	Received.	Total.		
	1869 to 1880.	1881.	1882.	10001.	
Canadian Companies.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
British America	1,956,746	146,386	127,951	2,231,083	
Canada Agricultural	454.896	100.004	20.004	454,896	
Canada Fire	655,455 779,639	192.894 100,873	32,984 137,941	881,333 1,018,453	
Dominion	155,871	34,371	101,011	190,242	
*London Mutual Fire	945,654	122,189	104,893	1,172,736	
National Fire	284,026			284,026	
Ottawa Agricultural	194,861			194,861	
Provincial	1,434,350 888,531	40.00	40.007	1,434,350 987,685	
Quebec	088,031 1 882 009	49,287	49,867	987,685 1 272 100	
Royal Canadian †Sovereign	1,553,902 740,931	154,585 123,476	164,622 102,554	1,873,109 966,961	
Stadacona	490,488	120, 210	102,004	490,488	
Western	2,909,551	282,409	312,621	3,504,581	
British Companies.	13,444,901	1,206,470	1,033,433	15,684,804	
•			107 100	107 100	
City of London Commercial Union	1,472,258	977 995	207 067	127,100	
Fire Insurance Association	1,412,200	277,885 43,296	127,100 307,967 110,989	2,058,110 154,285	
Guardian	480,753	1 64,915 1	71,095	616,763	
Imperial	1,469,098	170,486 197,980	179,520	1,819,104	
Lancashire	1,084,177	197,980	208,539	1,490,696	
Liverpool and London and Glove	2,398,094	157,565	161,962	2,717,621	
London and Lancashire	9,448	30,964	105,197	145,609	
London Assurance	715,185 3,027,356	62,402 271,375	66,576	844,163	
North British Northern	721,919	95,525	273,516 132,259	3,572,247 949,703	
Norwich Union	20,507	52,901	73,067	146,475	
Phœnix of London	. 1,659,722	178,497	204,138	2,042,357	
Oneen	1,899,423	194,162	207,111	2,300,696	
Royal	4,000,389	503,233	569,481	5,073,103	
Scottish Commercial	343,421			343,421	
Scottish Imperial	535,710	52,072	72,314	660,0 96	
Scottish Union and National			37,627	37,627	
American Companies.	19,837,460	2,353,258	2,908,458	25 ,099,176	
Ætna	1,640,268	107,571	105,571	1,853,410	
Agricultural of Watertown	286,615	57,361	51,885	395,861	
Andes	31,431			31,431	
Hartford	976,529	87,616	103,355	1,167,500	
Home Phenix of Brooklyn	68,529	14,840	27,004	110,373	
	3,003,372	267,388	287,815	3,558,575	
R	ECAPITULAT	ION.			
G Ji G	19 444 001	1,206,470	1,033,433	15 604 004	
Canadian Companies	13,444,901 19,837,460	2,353,258	2,908,458	15,684, 804 25,099,176	
American Companies	3,003,372	267,388	287,815	3,558,575	
	36,285,733	3,827,116	4,229,706	44,342,555	

^{*}Formerly the Agricultural Mutual.

Summary of Losses paid for Fire Insurance in Canada by all Companies, for the Years 1869-82.

	Totals for	Losses Paid.				
	1869 to 1880.	1881.	1882.	Total.		
Canadian Companies.	\$	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		
British America	1,098,943	128,869	80,711	1,308,523		
Jan da Agricultural	290,101	150 074	72 020	290,101		
Canada Fire	472,221 736,720	152,074 89,058	73,838	698,13 3 945,359		
Dominion	93,673	54,582	119,581	148,255		
London Mutual Fire	723,603	94,632	60,758	878 QQ2		
National Fire	287,732	01,002	00,100	878,993 287,73 2		
Ottawa Agricultural	108,164			108,164		
Provincial	957,146			957,146		
Ouebec	613,504	392,442	42,328	1,048,274		
Royal Canadian	1,546,450	142,440	103.338	1,792,228		
Sovereign	453,479	107,042	78,811	639,332		
Stadacona	773,695			773,695		
Western	1,733,503	175,619	174,478	2,083,600		
British Companies.	9,888,934	1,336,758	733,843	11,959,535		
City of London	l		63,220	66,220		
Commercial Union	1,167,734	203,594	238,110	1,609,438		
Fire Insurance Association		7,453	75,568	83,021		
Guardian	705,617	58,965	45,027	809,609		
Imperial		130,320	100,755	1,642,145		
Lancashire	1,017,755	141,313	121,876	1,280,944		
Liverpool and London and Globe	2,204,635	142,155	107,074	2,453,864		
London and Lancashire	465	9,379	30,537	40,381		
London Assurance	488,101	24,283	35,707	548,091		
North British	2,543,711	253,794	179,488	2,976,993		
Northern		65,338	89,217	1,074,937		
Norwich Union	1,415	14,205	40,436	56,056		
Phœnix of London	947,041	121,359	123,946	1,192.346		
Queen	1,927,781 3,034,275	150,759	150,717	2,229,25		
Royal	3,031,275	324,667	315,855	3,674,797		
Scottish Commercial	177,329	91 001	20 502	177,329		
Scottish Imperial	400,765	21,821	39,593	462,179		
Scottish Union and National			8,318	8,31		
American Companies.	16,948,076	1,669,405	1,768,444	20,385,92		
Ætna	1,452,762	60,018	82, 164	1,594,94		
Agricultural of Watertown	144,136	29,316	20,271	193,723		
Andes			1	5,666		
Hartford	671,932	71,227	56,554	799,71		
Home	60,691			60,69		
Phenix of Brooklyn	104,070	3,100	3,710	110,88		
••	2,439,259	163,661	162,699	2,765,61		
RECAPI	TULATIO	1	162,699	2,765,6		
	0.000:00:		<u> </u>	l		
Canadian Companies	9,888,934	1,336,758	733,843	11,959,53		
British Companies	16,949,076	1,669,405	1,763,444	20,385,92		
American Companies	2,439,259	163,661	162,699	2,765,61		
	29,276,269	3 160 924	2 824 000	25 111 07		
Grand Totals	20,210,209	3,169,824	2,664,986	35,111,07		

^{*} Formerly the Agricultural Mutual. † Formerly the Isolated Risk.

SUMMARY of Fire Insurance in Canada for the Year 1869 to 1882, inclusive.

Net Cash Premiums Received.	Amount of Policies taken during each year.	Amount of Risk at date of Statements.	Losses Paid.
\$	\$	\$	\$
501.362	· -	1	
			276,116
			453,414 414,33 9
			510,469
			487,649
1,453,781			662,470
1,646,654			1,082,206
1,881,641	198,509,113	281,834,162	1,599,048
1,622,955	168,935,723	217,745,048	2, 186, 162
			828,0 69
		158,824,631	687,3 53
			701,639
			1,336,758
1,033,433	124,123,715	152,564,079	733,843
15,684,804	1,623,330,368		11,959,535
		1	
			579,416
			1,024,362
			922,460
			1,136,167
			967,316
			1,120,106
			1,299,612 1,168,858
			5,718,305
			880,571
			1,275,540
			855,423
			1,669,405
2,908,458	321,466,183	339,520,054	1,768,414
25,099,176	2,723,404,740		20,385,925
165,166*	9,702,356*	13,796,830*	172,188
194,781		11,167,928*	147,061
			212,460
			263,339
			227,219
			143,583
			181,713
			99,389
			586,452
			114,034
			182,305 109,516
			163,661
287,815	32,454,518	34,772,345	162,699
3,558,575	321,090,316		2,765,619
L THE YEARS	FROM 1869 TO	1882, INCLUSIVI	
15,684,804	1,623,330,368		11,959,535
25,099,176		••••••	20,385,925
3,558,575	321,090,316		2,765,619
	Cash Premiums Received. \$ 501,362 536,600 707,418 796,847 842,896 1,453,781 1,646,654 1,881,641 1,622,955 1,161,896 1,102,822 1,190,029 1,266,470 1,033,433 15,684,804 1,119,011 1,185,398 1,299,846 1,499,620 1,773,265 1,809,473 1,683,715 1,597,410 1,927,220 1,994,940 1,899,154 2,048,408 2,353,258 2,908,458 25,099,176 165,166* 194,781 314,452 332,243 352,255 259,049 264,395 228,955 213,830 211,594 226,512 241,140 267,388 287,816 3,558,575	Cash Premiums Received. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Cash Premiums Received. of Policies taken during each year. of Statements. \$ \$ \$

^{*} These returns are imperfect.

:	Inland Marit	INLAND Marine Insurance Business in Canada,	Susiness in Ca	nada, for 1882.	3		
	Net Cash received for	Gross Amount of Policies,	Net Amount at	Net Amount of	Unsettled Claims.	Claims.	Net Amount of Losses
	Premiums.	New and Renewed.	Risk a t Date.	Losses Paid.	Not Resisted.	Resisted.	Incurred during the Year.
CANADIAN COMPANIES.	₩	69	₩	66 -	84	€÷	₩
Anchor	29,928	2,597,784	5,500	9,418	1,501	None.	7,007
British America	16,071	3,811,597	2,500	17,411	5,508	None.	4,748
Royal Canadian	59,821	5,532,268	None.	44,297	9,720	None.	30,552
Western	51,082	5,208,939	45,468	23,386	6,145	None.	23,948
- Ambican Companies.	156,902	17,150,588	53,468	94,512	22,874	None.	. 66,255
Atas	9,841	1,808,461	None.	1,053	None.	None.	1,053
Phenix of Brooklyn	101	1,960,236	None.	12,467	None.	None.	2,669
	9,942	3,768,697	None.	13,520	None.	None.	3,722
		RECAPIT	RECAPITULATION.				
Canadian Companies	156,902	17,150,588	53,468	94,512	22,874	None.	66, 255
American Companies	8,942	3,768,697	None.	13,520	None.	None.	3,722
	166,844	20,919,285	53,468	108,032	22,874	None.	69,977.

Marine and Marine Insurance done by Canadian Companies which do business outside of the D Marine and Ocean business done by Companies combining these branches, for 1882. Rither Insurance Net Gross Amount Net Token Net Net Token Tok

47	V ictor	18.		Sei	ssional	Pa	pers	1)
	In Canada, 31st Dec., 1882.			In Canada, 31st Dec., 1882.	-		In all countries 31st Dec., 1882.	
4	4,110 2,669 None.	6,779		77,026 1,068	18,079		105,890	
	None. None. None.	None.		None. None.	None.		8 ,546	
KLYN, U.S.	400 None. None,	007	ANY.	7,470 None.	1,470	MPANY.	30,746	
INY OF BROO	3,710 12,467 None.	16,177	ANCE COMP.	82,164 1,053	83,217	SURANGE GOI	81,454	
PHENIX INSUBANCE COMPANY OF BROOKLYN, U.S.	2,580,099 None. None.	2,580,099	ÆTNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.	7,295,850 None.	1,295,850	SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY	27,232,056	i
HENIX INSUR	4,063,781 1,960,236 182,559	6,206,576	ÆIN.	12,757,669	14,566,070	SOVERE	22,635,074	
Đ.	27,004 101 1,773	28,878		106,571 9,841	116,412		118,696	
	Fire Insurance			Fire InsuranceInland Marine		XX	M Fire Insurance	

11-c-

TABLE I.—Showing the Total Assets, and their Nature, of Canadian CANADIAN COM

Companies.	Commenced Business.	Real Estate.	Loans on Real Estate.	Stocks, Bonds and Debentures.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Anchor	31st March, 1874	None.	6,675 65	, 58,680 00
British America	1833	90,000 00	3,637 50	977,099 10
Canada Fire and Marine	1st September, 1875	None.	155 00	51,000 00
Citizens'	lst January, 1865	85,000 00	None.	92,101 00
London Mutual Fire	1859	None.	1,100 00	None.
Quebec	1818	32,000 00	None.	78,388 00
Royal Canadian	l3th August, 1873	None.	35,275 00	2 72,251 13
Sovereign	July, 1871	1,687 74	11,700 00	99,254 12
Western	August, 1851	57,440 00	26,850 00	972,607 21

Companies doing business of Fire and Inland Marine Insurance. PANIES—ASSETS—1882.

Loans on Collaterals.	Agents Balance and Bills ceivable	s re-	Cash on hand a in Bank; or deposi with Governme	s, ted	Turele		Othe Asset		Total Assets.		Nature of Business.
\$ cts.	- \$	cts.	\$ (cts.	\$	cts.	\$	ets.	\$	cts.	
None.	20,525	51	11,976	50	1,175	00	27,520	19	126,552	85	Inland Marine.
None.	70,518	72	38,952	90	1,543	11	9,202	74	1,190,954	07	Fire, Inland & Ocean.
None.	5,029	01	8,115	11	1,670	00	5,449	55	71,418	67	Fire.
None.	28,127	5 0	16,123	07	379	37	21,805	36	243,536	30	Fire and Accident.
None.	* 245,772	47	62,686	16	250	68	648	53	310,457	84	Fire.
None.	2,771	21	28,952	32	687	6 8	807	18	143,606	39	do
None.	70,537	91	85,406	95	Non	e.	32,364	67	495,835	66	Fire, Inland & Ocean.
52,94 0 00	41,656	45	31,221	20	3,276	15	1,506	4 0	243,242	06	Fire.
None.	157,887	59	91,141	73	3,832	95	36,880	84	1,346,640	32	Fire, Inland & Ocean.

^{*} Including premium notes, \$223,884.50.

TABLE II.—Showing the Assets in Canada of British and American BRITISH COMPANIES—

Companies.	Commenced (Business in Canada.	Real Estate.	Loans on Real Estate.	Stocks, Bonds and Debentures.	
		\$ cts.	, \$ cts.	\$ ets.	
Dity of London	1st September, 1881 .	None.	None.	102,200 00	
Dommercial Union	11th September, 1863.	None.	None.	109,830 92	
Fire Insurance Association	December, 1880	None.	None.	100,000 00	
Guardian	1st May, 1869	Mone.	None.	102,321 67	
Imperial	1864	None.	None.	103,290 12	
Lancashire	July, 1864	None.	3,000 00	50,613 33	
Liverpool and London and Globe	4th June, 1851	96,846 45	440,506 08	88,825 €	
London and Lancashire	lst April, 1880	None.	None.	102,200 00	
London Assurance	lst March, 1862	None.	None.	178,690 00	
North British	1862	73,240 00	44,000 00	536,623-55	
Northern	1867	None.	None.	104,999 99	
Norwich Union	lst April, 1880	None.	None.	109,000 00	
Phœnix of London	1804	None.	None.	107,616 00	
Queen	5th July, 1859	1,080 00	980 00	148,434 00	
Royal	About 1848	120,000 00	None.	564,533 34	
Scottish Imperial	1869	None.	Mone.	36,712 50	
Scottish Union and National	February, 1882	None.	None.	122,673 00	
				AMERICAN	
Ætna Fire	1821	None.	None.	112,555 00	
Agricultural of Watertown	October, 1878	900 •0	None.	119,500 00	
Hartford	1836	None.	None.	107,625 75	
Phenix of Brooklyn	1st Von 1974	None.	None.	119,625 00	

Companies doing business of Fire and Inland Marine Insurance in Canada.

ASSETS IN CANADA—1882.

Loans on Sollaterals.	Agents' Balancesand Bills Receivable.	Cash on hand and in Banks or deposited with Government	Interest due and accrued.	Other Assets.	Total Assets in Canada.	Nature of Business.
\$ cts.	* \$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	
None.	6,435 43	5,454 85	None.	4,308 38	118,398 66	Fire.
None.	9,270 84	17,979 79	None.	1,800 00	138,881 55	do
None.	12,579 13	4,697 93	None.	992 41	118,269 47	do
None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	102,321 67	do
None.	None.	12,587 88	None.	None.	115,878 00	do
None.	17,625 50	57,956 75	898 98	None.	130,094 56	.do
1,551 94	3,884 04	122,580 38	7,969 12	2,000 00	764,163 01	Fire and Life.
None.	5,124 25	12,183 86	None.	None.	119,508 11	Fire.
None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	178,690 00	Fire and Life.
None.	37,125 96	39,312 49	6,515 90	2,500 00	739,317 90	do
None.	12,430 56	3,141 69	1,370 82	None.	121,943 06	Fire.
None.	2,250 00	50,606 84	227 00	None.	162,083 84	do
None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	107,626 00	do
2,792 47	12,873 44	6,759 63	120 59	2,150 00	175,190 13	Fire and Life.
19,3 03 50	45,094 89	7,204 64	None.	7,319 90	763,456 27	đo
None.	6,162 52	71,152 44	1,235 53	None.	115,262 99	Fire.
None.	1,639 28	None.	· None.	None.	124,312 28	do

COMPANIES.

						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
None.	10,194 78	3,777 48	None.	None.	126,527 26	Fire and Inland Marine.
None.	12,827 42	None.	None.	None.	133,227 42	Fire.
None.	2,223 27	None.	None.	None.	100,849 02	do
None.	8 79 69	None.	None.	1,568 00	122,072 69	Fire and Inland Marine.
	1	l	l	!	l	·

TABLE IIIShowing	Showing the	Total Liabili	ties of Canac	lian Compan MPANIES—LL	lities of Canadian Companies doing busir CANADIAN COMPANIES—LIABILITIES, 1882.	iness of Fire 2.	or Inland Ma	the Total Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing business of Fire or Inland Marine Insurance. CANADIAN COMPANIES—LIABILITIES, 1882.	
Companies.	Unsettled Losses (F., I. & O.)	Reserve of Unearned Premiums (F., I. & O.) and Liability under other Branches.	Sundry.	Total Liability, not including Capital Stock.	e Bxcess of Assets over Liabilities, exclud- ing Capital Stock. d The Reverse.	Capital Stock Paid up or in course of collection.	Surplus (if any) or Assets over Liabilities and Capital Stock.	Nature of Business.	-
	S cts.	es ots.	S cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	e cts.	\$ cts.		
Anchor	22,013 97	153 75	8,524 16	30,691 88	e 95,860 97	143,430 00		Inland and Ocean	
British America	151,906 99	388,544 27	36,845 94	577,297 20	e 613,656 87	500,000 00	113,656 87	Fire, Inland and Ocean	
Canada Fire and Marine.	27,115 57	None.	70,851 78	97,967 35	d 26,548 68	. 109,432 08		Fire.	
Oitizens'	*19,155 13	100,375 28	57,459 31	176,989 72	e 66,546 58	256,190 48		Fire and Accident.	•
London Mutual Fire	7,473 25	240,183 48	None.	247,656 73	e 62,801 11	None.	62,801 11	Fire.	
@uebec	5,294 07	39,469 13	525 25	45,278 45	e 98,327 94	373,990 00		qo	`
Royal Canadian	33,951 57	137,480 47	None.	171,432 04	e 324,403 62	300,000 00	24,403 62	Fire, Inland and Ocean.	
Bovereign	36,291 84	115,438 34	118 91	151,849 09	e 91,392 97	191,890 00		Fire.	
Western	117,027 55	677,808 85	36,278 61	831,115 01	e 515,525 31	400,000 00	115,525 31	fire, Inland and Ocean.	,

• Including Guarantee, \$4,169 00, and Accident, \$30 + Including reserve for Accident, \$8,706 81.

	BRIT	BRITISH COMPANIES—LIABILITIES IN CANADA	IES — LIABILI	TIES IN CANA	.DA.		
	Unsettled Losses (F. I. and O.)	Reserve Cinability of Unearned Premiums (F., I. and O.)	Liability under Life Branch.	Sundry.	Total Liabilities in Canada.	e Excess of Assets over Liabilities.	Nature of Business.
	e cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	& cts.	& cts.	e cts.	
Oity of London Oimmercial Union Fire Insurance Association Guardian Imperial Lancashire Liverbool and London and Globe. London Assurance London Assurance Northerrial Northerrial Northerrial Norwich Union Oneon Oneon Scottish Imperial Scottish Union and National	21,052 85 39,534 54 9,365 00 None. 1,300 00 16,047 52 1,300 00 2,466 32 8,406 32 7,345 65 6,500 00 2,466 00 2,466 00 2,466 00 2,650 00 1,625 00 3,053 38	60,180 17 185,314 06 62,627 14 43,756 10 102,569 18 1124,397 87 58,664 30 37,406 09 116,392 32 116,392 32 118,931 24 83,453 65 43,383 65 43,383 64 125,952 63 118,031 24 800,221 51 18,197 80	50,000 00 1 2 4,000 00 N 2 15,000 00 N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	730 19 None. None. None. 95 00 None. 1,036 73 None. None. None. None. 1,084 54 None. A,084 54 None.	81,963 21 224,838 60 72,022 14 43,702 14 10,964 18 107,54 60 68,060 62 46,683 54 46,683 54 16,683 54 1724,406 09 20,580 145 1724,808 33 1724,808 33 1724,808 33 1724,808 33 1724,808 33 1724,808 45 1724,808 45 17	a 86,435 45 a 85,967 05 a 10,879 68 a 10,879 68 a 10,879 68 b 16,424 41 c 137,283 91 c 280,070 22 c 137,283 91 c 115,500 30 d 26,164 33 d 30,611 32 c 39,613 32 d 30,611 32 e 103,061 10	Fire. do do do do fire and Life. Fire and Life. do Fire. do Fire. Abo Fire.
Ætna Fire Agricoltural of Watertown Hartford. Phenix of Brooklyn.	7,470 00 900 00 2,063 85 400 00	35,604 42 73,221 19 56,016 21 14,185 37		None. None. None. None.	43,074 42 74,121 19 58 ,080 06 14,585 37	e 83,452 84 e 59,106 23 e 51,768 96 107,487 32	Fire and Inland Marine. Fire. do Fire, Inland and Ocean.
		*					

TABLE V.—Showing the Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Companies Expenditure in Canada of British and

CANADIAN COMPANIES-INCOME

INCOME (CASH).

Companies.	Net Cash for Premiums.	Interest and Dividends on Stocks, &c.	Sundry.	Total Cash Income.	Received on Account of Capital Stock not included in Income.
:	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
AnchorBritish America	29,927 59 801,508 65	4,188 38 55,328 25	2,180 95 2,636 79	36,296 92 859,473 69	8,150 00 None.
Canada Fire and Marine Citizens' London Mutual Fire Quebec Royal Canadian	32,984 46 194,014 90 104,893 21 49,866 99 302,466 88	4,964 64 7,010 67 2,418 59 6,124 45 16,892 24	None. 7,002 61 2,202 17 1,587 78 11,715 96	37,949 10 208,028 18 109,513 97 57,579 22 331,075 08	9,232 08 450 00 None. 2,045 00 700 00
Sovereign	118,695 72 1,372,774 25	4,968 07 51,983 17	60 02 None.	123,723 81 1,424,757 42	73,450 00 None.
				1	1
					BRITISI
Commercial Union	127,099 79 307,966 77 110,989 43	4,200 00 5,148 72 4,000 00	None. None. None.	131,299 79 313,115 49 114,989 43	BRITISI
Commercial Union Fire Insurance Association Guardian	307,966 77 110,989 43 71,095 03 179,519 86	5,148 72 4,000 00 5,017 17 5,603 40	None. None. None. None.	313,115 49 114,989 43 76,112 20 184,523 26	
Commercial Union	307,966 77 110,989 43 71,095 03 179,519 86 208,539 45 161,961 70	5,148 72 4,000 00 5,017 17 5,603 40 7,701 14 39,786 70	None. None. None. None. 4,450 76	313,115 49 114,989 43 76,112 20 184,523 26 216,240 59 206,199 16	
Commercial Union Fire Insurance Association Guardian Imperial Lancashire Liverpool & London & Globe. London and Lancashire London Assurance	307,966 77 110,989 43 71,095 03 179,519 86 208,539 45	5,148 72 4,000 00 5,017 17 5,603 40 7,701 14	None. None. None. None. None.	313,115 49 114,989 43 76,112 20 184,523 26 216,240 59 206,199 16 109,540 24 74,075 79 341,800 27	
Commercial Union Fire Insurance Association Guardian Imperial Lancashire Liverpool & London & Globe London and Lancashire London Assurance North British Northern Norwich Union	307,966 77 110,989 43 71,095 03 179,519 86 208,539 45 161,961 70 105,196 58 66,575 79 273,515 71 132,258 80 73,066 51	5,148 72 4,000 00 5,017 17 5,603 40 7,701 14 39,786 70 4,313 66 7,500 00 63,834 56 5,049 98 4,833 64	None. None. None. None. None. 4,450 76 None. None. 4,450 00 None.	313,115 49 114,989 43 76,112 20 184,523 26 216,240 59 206,199 16 109,540 24 74,075 79 341,800 27 137,308 78 77,900 15	
City of London	307,966 77 110,989 43 71,095 96 208,539 45 161,961 70 105,196 58 66,575 79 273,515 71 132,258 80	5,148 72 4,000 00 5,017 17 5,603 40 7,701 14 39,786 70 4,313 66 7,500 00 63,834 56 5,049 98	None. None. None. None. 4,450 76 None. 4,450 00 None.	313,115 49 114,989 43 76,112 20 184,523 26 216,240 59 206,199 16 109,540 24 74,075 79 341,800 27 137,308 78	

AMERICAN

Ætna Fire	115,412 04	4,819 77	None.	120,231 81	
Agricultural of Watertown Hartford	103,355 12	68 42 3,585 00 None.	None. None. Aone.	51,953 74 106,940 12 28,877 15	

20,270 79 56,553 70 16,177 00 16,855 86 18,209 76

8,422 42

doing Fire or Inland Marine Insurance in Canada, and the Cash Income and American Companies in those Branches.

▲ND EXPENDITURE, 1882.

EXPENDITURE (CASH).

Paid for Loss		Gener Expens		Divider or Bonu to Stoo holder	k-	Total Cash Exp diture.	en-	L	e Excess f Premiu over osses Pa The Reve	ms id.	E	e Exces of Incon over xpenditu	ne ire.	Nature of Business.
\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts		\$	cts.		\$	ċts.	
14,323 6 29,231		5,535 245,9 08		None 49,730	e. 00	19,859 924, 870		e e	15,603 1 72, 276		e d	16,437 65,396	85 71	Inland and Ocean Fire, Inland and
72 02Q	., [*61,025	es.	Non		134 963	76	d	40.052	e K	7	06 014	66	Ocean. Fire.
73,838 119,581		71,519		None		134,863 191,100		e	40,853 74,433		d	96,914 16,927		do
60,758		26,797		Non		87,555		6	44,134		€	21,958		do
42,337		11,895		325		54,558		e	7,529		8	3,021		do
235,595		79,058		12,750		318,404		8	66,871		6	12,670		Fire, Inland an Ocean.
81,454 1,037,091		48,075 376,710		48,000	2 2 00	129,537 1,461,802		8	37,241 335,682		d d	5,814 37,044		Fire. Fire, Inland an Ocean.
COMPA		· 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			·					<u></u>
66,220		36,957			•••••	103,177		6	60,879		8	28,122		Fire.
238,109		60,672			•••••	298,782		6	69,857			14,333		do
75,567		29,071			•••••	104,639		6	35,421		8	10,350		do
45,026		15,550			• • • • • •	60,576			26,068		6	15,535		do
100,755		36,458			•••••	137,213		e	78,764		6	47,309		do
121,875		45,472			• ••••	167,348		8	86,663			48,891		l do
107,074		36,679				143,753		e	54,887 74,660		6	62,445 52,092		do
30,536 35,706		26,911 14,712		.,	••••	57,417 50,419		6	30,869		8 e	23,656		do
179.488		60,707			•••••	240,196		8	94,027			101,604		do
		27,056			•••••	116,272		8	43,042		6	21,035	79	do
89.215		18,218				58,654			32,630		e	19,245		do
89,216 40,436	~.					170,815		6	80,192		8	38,337		do
40,436	74	46.869	89		•••				56,393		e	16,913		do
40,436 123,945		46,869 44,886				190,633	36				i			
40,436	94	44,886	42		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	195,633 448,532		8	253,626	09	6	146,749	71	do
40,436 123,945 150,716 315,855	94 01	44,886 132,677	42 20	*****	••••	448,532	21	8	253,626 32,720		8	21,263	07	
40,436 123,945 150,716	94 01 30	44,886	42 20 10		••••		21 40			47			07	do
40,436 123,945 150,716 315,855 39,593 8,317	94 01 30 58	44,886 132,677 17,012 8,587	42 20 10	•••••	••••	448,532 56,605	21 40	6	32,720	47	6	21,263	07	do do
40,436 123,945 150,716 315,855 39,593	94 01 30 58	44,886 132,677 17,012 8,587	42 20 10 05			448,532 56,605	21 40 63	6	32,720	47 76	6	21,263	91	do do

37,126 65 8

74,763 46

24,599 42

31,614 53 6 46,801 42 6 12,700 15 6 Fire.

do

Fire, Inland and

Ocean.

14,827 09

[•] Of this amount \$38,505.80 is for re-insurance of risks in the Citizens' Insurance Co.

1				-:	_	~~	- ~			
Rate of Assets per cent. of Amount of Risks in force.		Marine.	1.77		1.19	0.83	2.23	2.39	68.0	1.45
Asseta.	ea 242	126,552 85	1,190,954 07	71,418 67	243,536 30	10,457 84	143,606 39	495,835 66	243,242 06	1,348,640 32
Net Amount of Insurance in force at date.	64	5,500	67,244,923	None.	20,544,161	38,015,954	6,436,690	20,779,135	27,232,056	93,056,308
Rate of Premiums charged per cent. of Risks taken.		1.08	1.03	1.31	96.0	1.20	1.07	1.13	0.84	1.26
Premiums charged thereon.	69 Cts.	28,085 52	914,010 26	39,699 17	191,079 53	167,674 21	53,815 36	353,587 91	190,606 42	1,733,458 25
Amount of Risks taken during the year.	64	2,597,784	88, 798, 733	3,019,779	19,848,819	13,942,996	5,013,252	31,196,990	22,635,074	137,281,367
date of Total Cash Expenditure per cent. of Total Cash Income.		54.71	19.401	355.38	98.16	79.95	94.75	11.96	104.70	102.60
Rate of Dividend or Bonus to Stock- holders per cent of Premiums received			6.30	:			99.0	4.22	0.01	3.20
Rate of General Ex- penses per cent. of Premiums re- ceived.		18.49	30.68	185.01	36.86	25.55	23.85	23.16	40.20	27.44
Rate of Losses paid per cent. of Pre- miums received.		47.86	78.51	223 86	61.64	57.93	84.90	68.14	68.62	75.55
Nature of Business.		Inland and Ocean Marine	Fire and Marine	Fire	ор	ф	ф ор	Fire, Inland and Ocean	Fire	Fire, Inland and
	Canadian Companies.	Anchor	Z. British America Fire	Canada Fire and Marine	Citizens'	London Mutual Fire	Quebec,	Royal Canadian Fire	Sovereign	Western

"ABLE VII.—Showing the Rates of Losses Paid, and General Expenses in Canada, per cent. of Premiums received by British and American Companies doing Fire or Inland Marine Insurance in Canada during 1882; also the Rates of Premiums charged per cent. of Amounts Insured.

	Noture of Busines.	Rate of Losses Paid per cent. of Premiums received.	Rate of General Expenses per cent. of Premiums received.	Rate of Total Expen- diture per cent. of Premiums received.	Amount of Risks taken during the year.	Premiums charged thereon.	Rate of Premiums charged per cent. of Risks taken
British Companies.					69	\$ cts	
City of Lendon Commercial Union Fire Insurance Associati n Fire Insurance Associati n Fire Insurance Associati n Fire Insurance Fire Condon and Lendon ant Globe London and Lancashire Fire London and Lancashire Fire London and Lancashire Fire London and London Northern Nort	Fire do do do do do do do do do d	52.10 63.33 63.33 63.33 66.12 66.11 66.11 65.34	29 08 20 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	81.18 94.02 96.23 86.23 88.75 87.91 87.91 87.82 88.36 88.36 88.36 88.36 88.36 88.36 88.76 72.31 87.34 87.34 87.34	10,519,231 27,629,814 13,19:,510 8,998,646 19,872,327 21,668,199 20,988,199 20,988,199 3,538,114 3,737,115 3,787,196 4,787,196 20,889,326 62,360,557 7,732,490 4,085,686 14,566,070 14,566,070 14,566,070 16,753,333 16,753,490 16,765,353 16,765,353 16,765,377 16,765,377 16,765,777 16,765,	136,888 12 304,359 03 134,708 47 74,897 90 193,404 61 228,197 93 173,900 77 322,31 87 147,602 48 147,602 48 143,979 38 83,239 36 225,838 86 608,228 90 81,828 44 37,627 34 133,961 78 60,040 18 103,366 12	1.30 1.10 1.10 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

	Freese c Excess of of of of over Income over Expenditure d The d The Reverse.	<u> </u>	eta.	e 74,433 69 e 16,927 43	e 15,937 83 e 7,665 91	d 7,982 14 d 5,066 65	e 82,389 38 e 19,526 69
вв, Слян.	or Total Pret Oditure. Lo diture.	<u> </u> 	cts.	191,100 75 6 74,	11,619 23 6 15,8	8,679 88 d 7,	211,399 83 6 82,
Expenditure, Case.	Dividends Bonus to Stock- holders.		es cta.				None.
	General Ex- penses.	Í	e cts.	11,519 54	*8,271 92	454 98	80,245 84
	Paid for Losses.		es cts	119,581 21	8,347 31	8,225 77	131,184 29
	Received on account of Capital Stock, not included in income.		Cts.	450 00			450 00
	Total Cash Income.	1	es cts.	208,028 18	19,285 14	3,613 20	230,926 52
CASE.	Sundry.		S cts.	7,002 61	None	3,369 57	10,372 18
INCOMB, CASE	Interest and Dividends on Stocks, &c.		S cts.	7,010 67	None.	None.	7,010 67
•	Net Cash Interest and for Premiums. Stocks, &c.		e cts.	194,014 90	19,285 14	243,63	213,543 67
	Nature of Business.	i	~ ~~	Fire	Accident	Guarantee	Total

Including bonus to policy-holders, \$67.

ABSTRACT OF STATEMENTS

O F

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN CANADA

FOR THE YEAR

1882.

ABSTRACT OF ACCIDENT INSURANCE IN CANADA FOR 1882.

ABSTRACT of Life Insurance in Canada for 1882.

																_=		==	_	
	eturn.							_						1882.						1882 1882. 1882.
	Date of Keturn		30th April, 1882 31st Dec., 1882.	31st Dec., 31st Dec.,	31st Dec.,	31st Dec.,	31st Dec., 31st Dec.,			·		31st Dec.,	31st Dec.,	31st Mar.,	31st Dec.,	31st Dec.,	31st Dec.,	31st Dec.,	31-t Jan,	31st Dec., 31st Dec., 31st Dec.,
CLAIMB.	Resisted.		None. None.	None. None.	None.	None	None. None.					None.	None.	None.	None.	None. None.	None.	None.	None.	None. None. None.
UNRETTLED CLAIMS	Not Resisted.	₩	58,437	14,139 None.	1,146 None.	8,438	None.					None.	None.	None.	None.	14,000	None.	5,250	10,900	3,340 48,667 1,217
†Claims	raia.	 59	243,269	69,127 None.	18,205	28,431	1,100	431,662	413,164	\$ 18,498		None.	10,090	31,826	None.	19,611	None.	2,245	8,007	21,923
† Net Amount	become Claims.	6	241,818 18,374	63,709 None.	18,205	26,800	1,500	436,336	388,814	i 47,5:2		None.	10,090	24,365	None.	31,844	None.	6,495	17,400	61,139 3,163
Number of			128	39 None.	ရွ က (22.0	200	273	231	i 42		None.	9	32 02	None.	15	None.	240	œ ¢	0 0 0
†Net Amount	force at date.	₩.	27,292,776 1,333,762	9,709,337 394,350	1,810,212	5,429,479	171,309	53,855,051	46,041,591	i 7,813,460		113,222	685,914	516,795 2.935.529	747,450	3,164,303	30,125	429,835	473,463	478,274 220,976
Number of	force at date.		15,202	6,357	1,400	4,335	3,310	34,121	29,859	i 4,262		63	301	1.535	301	1,877	30,00	202	337	193
†Amount of	Policies New.	s ≎	3,753,535	2,350,060 404,350	1,220,700	1,720,550	35,500	12,198,045	11,158,479	11,039,566		None.	23,117	None.	455,450	845,050	None. 36.500	20,000	None.	None. None.
Number	Policies New.		1,936	1,375	575	1,341	3,4	7,542	8,918	**41,376		None.	6	None. None.	201	394	None.	101	None.	None. None.
+ Pre-	Year.	69	733,010	7,070	44,864	~ "	5,252	1,562,085	1,291,026	i 271,059		2,885	20,683	17,383 83,203	25,993	103,147	24.367	10,390	17,265	15,259
		Canadian Companies.	Canada	Conrederation † Federal	North American General	Ontario Mutual	ii Toronto	Totals for 1882	Totals for 1881	Increase i-Decrease d	British Companies.	Briton Life.	Commercial Union	Life Association of Scotland	Livernool and London and Cloba	London and Lancashire	North British	Oneen.	Royal	Scottish Amicable

31st Jan., 1883. 15th Nov., 1882. 31st Dec., 1882.					31st Dec., 1882. 31st Dec., 1882. 31st Dec., 1882.	Dec.,	Dec.,	31st Dec., 1882. 31st Dec., 1882. 31st Dec., 1882.									†Formerly the Mutual 46. ††Six months'
None. None. None.					7,000 None. None.	5,50 None.	None. None.	3,000 None. None.									‡ Forn 274,846.
12,694 26,921 973					30,624 6,663 25,000	3,000 21,67 6	None. 24,000	9,300 7,018 None.									deducted. ies for \$1,2
21,843 94,241 None.	375,434	339,710	i 35,724		154,864 68,066 55,603	6,676	9,061 37,692	17,594 59,845 4,510	472,925	636, 327	3163,402		431,662 375,431 472,925	1,280,021	1,389,201	d109, 180	rying been of 630 polic
14,884 109,618 973	461,712	340,767	i 120,945		167,214 50,425 80,603	7,760	7,000	17,682 63,763 4,510	536,959	583,245	d 46,286		436,336 461,712 536,959	1,435,007	1,312,826	i 122,181	surances he n increase o
438	162	144	<i>i</i> 18		141 36 21	73 6	£0.3	38	334	337	3		273 162 334	692	712	15 1	net, re-ins
922,991 7,757,699 850,534	22,329,368	20,983,092	i 1,346,276		13,093,994 3,764,503 7,446,801	441,702 3,533,955	857,235 2,046,326	3,488,976 3,295,750 84,955	38,857,629	36,266,249	i 2,591,380	RECAPITULATION.	53,855,051 22,329,368 38,357,629	115,042,048	103,290,932	111,751,116	mounts are licies there b
3,647 3,647	10,884	10,242	i 642		10,090	407 1.418	1,692	2,416 2,211 36	24,045	22,756	i 1,289	RECAPIT	34,131 10,884 24,045	69,050	62,857	i 6,193	† These
None. 1,359,047 61,186	2,833,250	2,536,120	i 197,130		2,478,401 None. 1,633,800	None.	None. None.	639,509 647,250 19,000	5,423,960	3,923,412	i 1,500,548		12,198,045 2,833,250 5,423,960	20,455,255	17,618,011	i 2,837,211	doing new business in Canada. † These amounts are net, re-insurances having been deducted. † Frice industrial policies only. In ordinary policies there has been an increase of 630 policies for \$1,274,846.
None. 569 47	1,254	1,171	s 83		1,420 None. 475	None.	None. None.	304 452 10	2,665	2,198	i 467		7,542 1,254 2,665	11,461	12,287	d 826	business i
26,578 236,513 23,334	674,362	613,595	i 60,767		505,524 118,273 253,868	9,357	27,492 63,078	107,972 103,923 1,539	1,308,158	1,190,068	i 118,090		1,532 085 674,362 1,308,158	3,544,605	3,094,689	i 419,916	doing new the industr
*Scottish Provincial Standard	Totals for 1882	Totals for 1881	In crease i-Decrease d	American Companies.	#Connecticut *Connecticut Equitable	*National	*North Western*Phænix of Hartford	Travelers' Union Mutual United States	E: Totals for 1882	Totals for 1881	Increase i-Decrease d		9. Canarian Companies	Totals for 1882	Totals for 1881	Increase i-Decrease d	*These Companies have ceased Life. **This increase occurs in thusiness only.

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INCREASE or Decrease of Items of Life Insurance in Canada, among the Active Companies, for 1882, compared with 1881. CANADIAN COMPANIES.

18,107 8,414 6,676 7,483 500 882 12,992 1,759 1,100 Claims Paid. become 47,522 2,716 3,573 23,162 6,782 6,782 600 882 4,800 1,300 Policies Claims. Amount of Policies become Claims. Number 2,388,605 301,508 11,706,058 238,614 811,650 3,075 1,237,468 1,237,468 781,732 49,600 7,419,110 Amount in Number of Policies in force at 4,008 979 137 432 34 3890 271 43 161,245 346,800 346,800 121,500 121,500 159,779 235,280 126,717 114,601 41,300 635,216 of Policies New. BRITISH COMPANIES Number of Policies New. 1,630 126 181 187 187 34 41 006 235 235 143 33 64,899 19,059 62,777 7,517 42,714 1,459 66,544 1,010 263,989 of the Year. Premiums Total increase or decrease for Canadian Companies... Canada.
Citizens'
Confederation

*Life Association of Canada. Sun Ontario Mutual Industrial North American, General Increase (i)—Decrease (d). liv

Briton Life Commercial Union	909 1	מש.	ים ם	20,000	i. 3	ים ם	5,678	None.	None.		None.
Liverpool and London and Globe	11,845	2	ø. 	10,300	4 4 4	o ••	1,592	None.	d 2,200	יטי י	None. 3,168
London and LancashireLondon Assurance	24,447 None.	 	م	112,350 973	i 259 None.		508,399 None.	None.	i 12,595 None.	9	2,157 None.
North BritishOueen	1,193	D	o'	9,400	 . &	~· o	26,112	<i>d</i>	i 5,495	·•• ·••	24,104 2,245
Royal Standard	4,833		, a. e.	1,427		.a.a.	16,381	n 93	; 17,821 ; 20,484	·~ '''	15,551
# Contract of the contract of	1,955	e	8	66,727	30	<u>. </u>	40,206	None.	480	9	184
Total increase or decrease for British Companies	74,093	8	.40	297,130	§ 779	٠	1,710,582	i 13	i 62,456	••	38,467

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14.4	MERICAN
14.4	AMBRICAN

۷i	ctoria.		Session	ıal	Pa	per	8
	54, 114 31, 982 7,000 24,020 24,766 3,510	30,144		18,498 38,467	30,144	26,821	
		q			9	••	
	i 64,439 i 518 i 2,000 d 11,569 d 2,848 i 3,510	i 56,050		i 47,522 i 62,456	i 56,050	i 166,028	
	51 10 10 33 6	%		42	36	16	
	** 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.		<u> </u>		٠	٠	
	1,723,986 997,184 87,500 258,357 407,722 41,290	3,341,039		7,419,110	3,341,039	12,470,731	
	# # # B # # # #	••	-		•		
	1,003 227 30 85 286 16	1,681		4,008	1,581	6,368	
	w. m. p. m. m.	-	_		•	••	
AMBINICAN COMPANIES.	657,039 6 554,800 6 26,000 6 120,509 7 175,200 7 175,200	i 1,500,548	RECAPITULATION.	i 635,216 i 297,130	1,500,548	i 2,4 32,894	
	275 24 7 46 119 10	467	LULA	1,630	467	1,080	
147	m. m. p. p. m. m.	۰	PI	~.∞	٠	P	
AMBRIC	101,927 33,503 1 2,588 13,067 9,119	154,727	RECA	263,989	154,727	492,809	
	::::::	:	-			;	ŀ
	Ætna Equitable. Equitable. Metropolitan Travelera' Union Mutual	Total increase or decrease for American Companies		8 Canadian Companies	6 American Companies ?	Total increase or decrease	

* Formerly Mutual Life.

PAYMENTS TO POLICY-HOLDERS.

Companies.	Death Claims.	Matured En- dowments	Paid to Annui- tants.	Paid for Sur- rendered Policies.	Dividends paid to Policy- Holders.	Total paid to Policy- Holders.	Net premium Income (including consideration for Annulities).
Canadian Companies.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Canada Life	234,942 38	8,326 54	648 00	20,920 07	113,873 16	378,710 15	733,010 22
Citizens'	20,400 00 44,278 18	200 00 14,848 63	None. 1,392 30	2,447 10 3,698 50	194 70 69,339 70	23,241 80 133,557 31	40,227 08 277,514 63
FederalLife Ass'n of Canada	None. 10,454 80	None. 7,750 00	None.	None. 1,545 45	None.	None.	7,069 81
North American	2,819 00	None.	None. None.	None.	None. None.	19,750 25 2,819 00	44,853 79 77,067 13
Ontario Mutual Sun	27,431 18 50,451 45	1,000 00 7,659 69	None. 792 00	9,765 01 1,887 83	12,004 14 49,496 32	50,200 33 110,277 29	161,982 27 215,107 74
Toronto	100 00	1,000 00	None.	None.	None.	1,100 00	5,251 93
Totals	390,876 99	40,784 86	2,822 30	40,263 96	244,908 02	719,656 13	1,562,084 60
British Companies.							
Briton Life Briton Medical	None.	None. 1,946 67	None. None,	None. 87 84	None. None.	None.	2,884 89
Commercial Union	26,513 58 10,090 06	None.	None.	1,445 05	None.	28,548 09 11,535 11	29,677 36 20 681 63
Edinburgh Life Association of	31,826 07	None.	None.	244 79	145 04	32,215 90	17,382 80
Scotland	68,712 51	None.	140 88	3,575 01		72,428 40	
Lion LifeLiverpool and Lon-	None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	25,993 26
don and Globe	1,707 00	None.	363 00		None.	3,059 69	9,180 58
London & Lancashire London Assurance	19,610 80 None.	None. None.	None.	524 43 None.	None. None.	20,135 23 None.	103,146 67 987 20
North British	42,450 59	400 00	None.	3,998 76		47,553 39	24,366 85
Queen	2,245 28 8,007 25	None. None.	None.	368 78 618 25	None. None.	2,614 06 8,625 50	
Royal	20,145 42					23,979 57	22,645 72
Scottish Amicable Scottish Provident	21,922 62 2,311 67		None.	None.	49 17 None.	21,991 25 2,798 34	
Scottish Provincial	20,869 61	973 33	None.	631 15	2,715 25	25,189 34	26,577 76
Standard Star	89,374 81 None.	4,866 66 None.	452 00 None.	5,174 59 386 80		106,866 94 386 80	
Totals	365,787 27	9,646 67	1,670 16	20,211 13	10,612 38	407,927 61	674,360 13
American Companies.						 -	
Ætna Life	79,090 27			3,665 13			
Connecticut Equitable	59,947 00 38,603 00			None. 49,648 66	30,584 17 18,420 69		
Metropolitan	None.	None.	None.	3,923 55	3,841 60	7,765 15	22,993 18
National Life	2,176 00 53,690 93			6,204 34		12,880 34 174,438 49	
North-Western	8,061 00	1,000 00	None.	1,054 97	8,774 20	18,890 17	27,491 67
Phæmx of Hartford . Travelers'	24,257 00 16,293 79			6,620 50 5,403 00		56,594 08 22,996 79	
Union Mutual	40,335 76	19,509 65	None.	5,989 79	9,047 67	74,882 87	103,922 71
United States	2,000 00			None.	430 62	·	
Totals	324,454 75	148,471 14	650 00	189,615 98	155,668 60	818,860 47	1,308,158 14
		REC	APITUL	ATION.			
Canadian Companies	200 976 00	40 794 99	0 000 00	40,263 96	244,908 02	719 656 17	1,562,084 60
Canadian Companies British Companies	365,787 27	9,646 67		20,211 13	10,612 38	3 407,927 61	674,560 13
American Companies						818,860 47	1,308,158 14
Totals	1,081,119 01	198,902 67	5,142 46	250,091 07	411,189 00	1,946,444 21	3,544,602 87
			1=:				

Amounts of Life Insurance terminated in Natural Course or by Surrender and Lapse during the Year 1882.

		Amount ter	minated by		Total Surrender
	Death.	Maturity and Expiry.	Surrender.	Lapse.	and Lapse.
Canadian Companies.	\$ 231,330	` \$	\$	\$	\$
Canada Life		8,327	296,772	1,007,216	1,303,988
Citizens	23,174	200	35,038	151,394	186,432
Confederation	51,539	30,170	97,932	464,386	562,318
FederalLife Association of Canada	None. 10.455	None.	None. 36,587	None. 161,093	None. 197,680
(Congrel	5,500	7,750 None.	None.	149,450	149,450
North American Industrial	1,319	None.	None.	99,433	99,433
Ontario Mutual	25,800	1,000	31,825	423,458	455,283
Sun	55,486	20,660	94,220	370,187	464,407
Foronto	500	1,000	1,100	82,500	83,600
Totals for 1882	405,103	69,107	593,174	2,909,117	3,502,591
Totals for 1881	363,478	175,310	570,366	2,625,347	3,195,713
Increase, i; decrease, d	i 41,625	d 106,203	i 23,108	i 283,770	i 306,878
British Companies					
British Life	None.	None.	1,678	4,000	5,678
Briton Medical	50,847	1,947	6,471	22,953	29,424
Commercial Union	9,782	None.	11,602	3,407	15,009
Edinburgh	21,657	None.	3,766	None.	3,766
Life Association of Scotland	76,893 None.	1,460 None.	37,932 None.	18,888 129,500	56,820 129,500
LionLiverpool and London and Globe	1,600	None.	9,406	3,100	12,506
London and Lancashire	36,814	None.	36,862	185,745	222,607
London Assurance	None.	None.	None.	None.	None.
North British	21,520	400	24,730	9.347	34,077
Queen Relian ce	6,370 $17,400$	4,000 3,000	2,500 24,546	None. 31,700	2,500 56,246
Roya!	22,415	973	6,945	2,947	9,892
Scottish Amicable	61,139	None.	None.	1,460	1,460
Scottish Provident	2,677	487	None.	None.	None.
Scottish Provincial	13,910	973	5,247	None.	5,247
Standard LifeStar	104,751 973	4,867 None.	86,106	270,910	357,016 18,007
Totals for 1882	448,778	18,107			959,755
Totals for 1881	325,002	28,063			1,073,752
		$\frac{20,003}{d}$			d 113,997
Increase, i; decrease, d	<i>i</i> 123,776	- 3,550			4 113,331
Ætna	93,007	81,207	99,382	409,334	508,716
Connecticut	42,306	8,119			84,668
Equitable	63,603	17,000	199,313	356,700	556,013
Metropolitan	7,000	None.	36,500	50,000	86,500
National	3,200 74,51 t	4,500 3,259			75,750 245,390
New York North-Western	6,000	1,000	25,285	6,000	31,285
Phœnix Mutual	39,857	13,435	52,265	71,602	123,867
Travelers'	15,182	2,500	25,390	295,490	320,880
Union Mutual	47,903 2,000	55,509 2,510	23,337 2,500	210,485 6,000	2:3,822 8,500
Totals for 1882	394,569	189,039	,		2,275,391
Totals for 1881	439,592	166,730			1,856,383

ABSTRACT of Accident Insurance in Canada for the Year 1882.

	of the	of Poli- ew and ed.		of Poli- force at	unt in date.	incurred ig the	id.	Unse: Cla	TTLED IMS.
	Premiums of the year.	Number of cies New Renewed.	Amount of cies New Renewed.	Number o cies in f date.	Net amount force at da	Losses in during year.	Claims paid.	Not Resisted	Resisted
	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	\$
*Accident	40,535	4,082	7,074,650	2,811	4,802,954	10,951	10,951	None.	None.
Citizens'	19,285	2,627	3,583,820	1,680	1,927,225	3,611	3,347	309	None.
London Guarantee and Accident	6,304	807	1,465,100	1,103	2,052,100	1,184	1,184	None.	None.
Sun	11,084	921	1,673,017	1,157	1,950,850	2,381	2,381	None.	None.
Travelers	25,550	1,981	4,823,600		•••••		19,938	2,576	5,000
Totals	102,758	10,418	18,620,187		······	•••••	37,801	2,885	5,000

^{*} Canadian business only.

DOMINION SAFETY FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION.

Cash received for dues, assessments and payments to Safety Fund, \$12,816; certificates issued during the year, 668—amount \$668,000; certificates in force at date, 1,267—amount, \$1,267,000; certificates become claims during the year, 3—amount, \$3,000; claims paid, \$3,000; claims unsettled, none.

Nema of flomnang	Ohief A gent to receive process	Amount of Deposit with Receiver-General.	Deposit with General.	Description of Insurance business
Same of Company.	Out a Bear of recars.	Par Value.	Accepte 1 Value.	for which licensed.
		& cts.	S cts.	
The Accident Insurance Co. of North America		23,783 00	20,322 23	Accident.
The Atna Life Insurance Co. of Hartford, Connecticut	Wm. H. Orr, Manager, Toronto		525,000 00	rife and mand manne. Life.
he Agricultural Insurance Co. of Watertown, N. 1 he Anchor Insurance Co.	Joseph Flynn, Chief Agent, Conourg	56,000 00		Inland Marine.
The Boiler Inspection and Insurance Co. of Canada W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto	W. B. McMurrich, Agent, Toronto	10,900 00	10,900 00	Steam Boilers, &c.
de British America Assurance Co Toronto	Silas P. Wood, Secretary, Toronto	61,000		Fire and Inland Marine.
The Briton Life Association (Limited)	J. B. M. Chipman, Chief Agent, Toronto	54,993	54,993 33	Life.
The Canada Life Assurance Co., Hamilton	A. G. Kainsay, Manager, Hamilton	55,840	50,256 00	Life and Accident.
The Citizens' Insurance Co. of Canada	Gerald E. Hart, Chief Agent, Montreal	55,000	50,400 00	Fire and Inland Marine.
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. (Limited)	W. E. Oswald, Chief Agent, Montreal	213,646	213,646 66	Fire and Life.
The Confederation Life Association of Canada	J. K. Macdonald, Managing Director, Toronto	86,070	77,463 00	Life.
The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association	J. DeWolfe Spurr, St. John, N.B	50,000	50,000 00	Life. Life
The Federal Life Assurance Co. of Ontario	David Dexter, Managing Director, Hamilton.	51,100	50,000 00	Life.
The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, Eng.	Wm. Robertson, Chief Agent, Montreal	100,000	100,000 00	Fire.
The Guarantee Co. of North America	Robert Simms & Co., and Geo. Denholm.	91,900 00	94,900 00	Guarantee.
			00000	· · ·
The Hartford Fire Ins. Co., Hartford, Conn	We H Rinton! Agent Mentres!	100 253 34	100,000 00	Fire.
The Lancashire Insurance Company	S. C. Duncan Clark, Chief Agent, Toronto	100,000 00	100,000 00	Fire.
The Life Association of Canada	J. Turner, President, Hamilton	105,860	95,274 84	Life. Fine and Tife
The Liverpool and London and Globe Ins. Co	G. C. Foster, Agent, Montreal	167,000	150,300 00	Fire and Life.
he London Guarantee and Accident Co. (Limited)	A. T. McCord, Chief Agent, Toronto	53,533	53,533 33	Guarantee and Accident
The London and Lancashire Fire Ins. Co., Liverpool	F. A. Ball, Chief Agent, Toronto.	102,200 00	102,200 00 109,822 21	rire. Life.
The London Mutual Fire Ins. Co. of Canada, London, O	D. C. Macdonald, Secretary, London.	30,000	30,000 00	Fire.
The Metropolitan Life Ins. Co. of New York[Thos. A. Temple, Gen'l Agent, St. John, N.B. The National Assurance Co. of Indead Montreed	Thos. A. Temple, Gen'l Agent, St. John, N. B. Hugh Scott Townto or I. H. Boult Montreal	100,000	100,000 00	Life. Fire.
ne Manghai Assanance vo. Vi Metanamm	truga Doubly totomory of b. tr. Doury money			

List of Insurance Companies Licensed to do business in Canada under the Insurance Acts of 1875 and 1877, &c. -- Com.

Name of Company.	Ohief A cont to receive process	Amount of Deposit with Receiver-General.	ount of Deposit with Receiver-General.	Description
	100001	Par Value.	Accepted Value.	for which licensed.
		€ cts.	cts.	
The New York Life Insurance Co	F. W. Camp Wm. McCab	100,000 00 50,000 00	100,000 00 50,000 00	Life. Life.
The Notifi Dritish and Mercantile Insurance Co	Macdougail & Davidson, ceneral Agents, Montreal	170,000 00	153,000 00	
The Northern Assurance Co. of Aberdeen and London Taylor, Bros. General Agents, Montreal	Taylor, Bros. General Agents, Montreal	100,000 06	100,000 06	Fire.
The Norwich Union Fire Ins. So., Norwich, Eng.	Alex. Dixon, Agent, Toronto	100,000 00	100,000 00	
klyn	Wm. Hendry, Manager, Walerloo Robert Hampson, Agent, Montreal	55,917 00 100,000 00	50,325 00 100,000 00	Inte. Fire and Inland Marine.
The Phanix fire Assurance Co., London, Eng	Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., Gen'l Agents, Montreal	107.626.00	101.876.00	Fire
The Quebec Fire Assurance Co	J. G. Clapham, President, Quebec. A. M. Forbes, & H. J. Mudge, Chief Agents,	75,200 00 148,433 33	74,600 00 148,433 33	
The Reliance Mutual Life Ass. Soc. London. Eng.	Montreal	110 276 96	110 278 98	
The Royal Canadian Insurance Co. Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal The Royal Insurance Co. Mr H. Gont, & Wm. Tollor. Chief Acarte	Arthur Gagnon, Secretary, Montreal	56,000 00	50,400 00	Fire and Inland Marine.
	Montreal	564,533 00	564,533 00	Fire and Life.
The Scottish Imperial Insurance Co.	Taylor Bros., General Agents, Montreal		97,650 00	Fire.
The Sovereign Fire Insurance Co. of Canada	Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, President, Toronto	100,159 00	90,812 00	Fire.
The Standard Life Assurance Co., Scotland	W. M. Ramsay, Manager, Montreal	171,000 00	153,900 00	Life.
The Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada	R. Macaulay, Sec. and Manager, Montreal	56,000 00	50,400 00	Life and Accident.
The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Co	Arthur Harvey, Manager, Toronto	34,735 00	33,505 00	Life and Accident.
The Travelers Insurance Co. of Hartford, Conn	Chas. F. Russell, Chief Agent, Toronto	145,000 00	140,500 00	Life and Accident.
Co.	Thos. A. Temple, Attorney, St. John, N.B.	100,000 00		Life.
The Western Assurance Co. Toronto	J. J. Kenny, Managing Director, Toronto	22,700 00	51,930 00	Fire and Inland Marine.

47		Vi
Section 17 of the	1878, and their	
under	March,	71.
e following Life Insurance Companies having ceased to transact new business in Canada, are entitled, under Section 17 of the	Insurance	denosits are applicable to those policies, subject to the provisions of the Insurance Acts of 1838 and 1871.
0		

11E	Olive A section Decous	Amount of Deposit with Receiver-General.	eposit with General.	Rusinasa
Name of the Company.	Oliei Agent to receive a cocess.	Par Value,	Accepted Value.	
The Briton Medical and General Life Ass'n, London, Eng. Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal The Counceticut Mutaal Life Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn. The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company. The Life Association of Scotland The National Life Insurance Company of the U.S. of A. The North-Western Mutaal Life Ins. Co. of Milwaukee The Premir Mutaal Life Insurance Co. Hartford, Conn. T. Simpson, General Agent, Montreal. The Positive Gov. Security Life Assu. Co. (Limited), Eng John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society The Scottish Provincial Assurance Society The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company R. A. Ramsey, Attorney, Montreal Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal	Jas. B. M. Chipman, Manager, Montreal kobt Wood, General Agent, Montreal David Higgins, Chief Agent, Toronto. George W. Ford, Chief Agent, Montreal. John F. Bell, Attorney, Windsor. T. Simpson, General Agent, Montreal. John Taylor, Secretary, Montreal. Geo. Wm. Ford, General Agent, Montreal. B. A. Ramsey, Attorney, Montreal. Geo. Wm. Ford, Secretary, Montreal.	\$ cta. 103,389 62 100,000 60 161,666 67 164,760 00 100,000 00 105,000 00 2,433 33 2,433 33 2,433 33 102,696 63 110,000 00	\$ cta. 103,369 63 100,000 00 150,366 67 148,893 33 100,000 00 105,000 00 2,433 33 157,682 27 90,00 00	Life. Life. Life. Life. Life. Life. Life. Life.
late	Glass Insurance Go. of New York has ceased doing business in Canada, and the Receiver-General still holds the deposit	ınada, and the	Receiver-Gener	al still holds the deposit
The Dominion First and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released, except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute. Association," the deposit has been released, except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute. The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada has discontinued its Guarantee business, and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the Maceiver-General The Canada Fire and Marine Insurance Company has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Clitizens Insurance Company," and is winding up its affairs, the Government still holding \$10,000 of its deposit. The Lion Life Insurance Co. of London has not applied for renewal of its license, being about to transfer its business to the "British Empire Life Assurance Co." the deposit of the "Lion," £10,000 sterling, Canada Stock, is still held by the Receiver-General.	oil \$5,000. In and Marine Insurance Company has retired from business and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Fire Insurance Association," the deposit has been released, except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute. Association," the deposit has been released, except \$5,000 held against claims in dispute. Company of Canada has discontinued its Guarantee business, and has reinsured its outstanding policies in the hands of the Receiver-General Lada Fire and Marine Insurance Company has reinsured its outstanding policies in the "Citizens' Insurance Company," and is winding up its affairs, the Government still holding \$10,000 of its deposit. Life Insurance Co. of London has not applied for renewal of its license, being about to transfer its business to the "British Empire Life Assurance Co.," the deposit of the "Lion," £10,000 sterling, Ganada Stock, is still held by the Receiver-General.	ured its outstanispute. has reinsured it has still in the he still in the bibe "Citizens" about to transfe still held by	a outstanding policies soutstanding pands of the Relations are community to the Receiver-G	in the "Fire Insurance policies in the Guarantee ceiver-General pany," and is winding to the "British Empire eneral.
OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE, OTTAWA, 12th July, 1883.		 	J. B. CHERRIMAN, Superintend	ERRIMAN, Superintendent of Insurance.

STATEMENTS

MADE BY

FIRE AND INLAND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANIES

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE INSURANCE ACTS OF 1875 AND 1877.

LIST OF COMPANIES

DULY LICENSED FOR THE TRANSACTION OF FIRE INSURANCE
BUSINESS IN THE DOMINION, FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31st DECEMBER, 1882.

The Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

The Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y.

The British America Assurance Company, Toronto.

The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.

The City of London Fire Insurance Company.

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.

The Fire Insurance Association (Limited), London, England.

The Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company, London, England.

The Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.

The Imperial Insurance Company of London, England.

The Lancashire Insurance Company.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.

The London Assurance Corporation.

The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Canada, London, Ont.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

The Northern Assurance Company of Aberdeen and London.

The Norwich Union Fire Insurance Society.

The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

The Phænix Fire Assurance Company, London, England.

The Quebec Fire Assurance Company.

The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Company.

The Royal Insurance Company of England.

The Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.

The Scottish Union and National Insurance Company.

The Sovereign Fire Insurance Company of Canada.

The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.

LIST OF COMPANIES

DULY LICENSED FOR THE TRANSACTION OF INLAND MARINE INSURANCE BUSINESS IN THE DOMINION, FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

The Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

The Anchor Insurance Company, Toronto

The British America Assurance Company, Torontc.

The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.

The Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Company, Montreal.

The Western Assurance Company, Toronto.

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THE ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD CONN., U.S.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.	
President—Lucius J. Hendee, Secretary—Jothan	Goodnow.
Principal Office—Hartford, Conn. Incorporated. June, 1819	
Head Office in Canada—Montreal. Chief Agent—F	Ковт. Wood.
(Commenced business in Canada, 1821.)	
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized	5,000,000 00 4,000,000 0 0
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Stocks, Bonds, &c., held by the Company, viz.:-	
Montreal Corporation Stock Par value. Market value. do bonds \$13,000 00 \$13,650 09 United States 4 per cent. bonds 22,000 00 26,455 00 do 41 do 55,000 00 62,150 00	
Total par and market value \$100,000 00 \$112,555 60	
Carried out at market value	\$112,555 00
Cash in Bank of Montreal, at Ottawa	3,777 48 10,194 78
Total assets in Canada	\$ 126,527 26
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Net amount of fire losses claimed or reported, but not adjusted \$7,470 00	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 7,470 00 35,604 42
Total liabilities in Canada	\$43,074 42
=	
INCOME IN CANADA.	
For Fire Risks in Canada.	
Gross Cash received for premiums	
Net cash received for said premiums. \$105,571 16	
For Inland Marine Risks in Canada.	
Gross cash received for premiums	
Total net cash received for premiums in Canada	\$115,412 04 4,819 77
Total cash income in Canada	\$120,231 81

ÆTNA-Continued.

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

For	Fire	Risks	in	Canada
-----	------	-------	----	--------

losses were estimated in last statement at \$10,570) Paid for fire losses occurring during the year		\$12,608 05 69,555 63		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses		\$82,163 68		
Inland Marine Risks in Canada. Amount paid for inland marine losses occurring during the	year	1,053 12		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire an Paid for commission or brokerage in Canadado taxes in Canadado general expenses	••••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$83,216 15,321 619 1,639	16 09
Total cash expenditure in Canada	*******	=	\$100,796	10
RISKS AND PREMI	UMS.			
Fire Risks in Canada.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	\$ 8,407,215 12,757,609	\$ 85,825 78 124,120 90		

Fire Risks in Canada.	Amount.	Premiums.
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	\$ 8,407,215 12,757,609	\$ 85,825 78 124,120 90
Total Deduct terminated	\$21,164,824 12,677,674	\$209,946 68 123,763 51
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	\$ 8,487,150 1,191,300	\$ 86,183 17 14,807 67
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$7,295,850	\$ 71,375 50
Inland Marine Risks in Canada.		
Taken during the year	\$1,808,461 1.808,461	\$90,840 88 90,840 88
Matal manufactor of a state to 0 and 1 of 1		

Total number of policies in force in Canada at date (no return).

Total net amount in force	7.295.850	00
Total premiums thereon	71,375	

Subscribed and sworn to, 10th January, 1883, by

(Received, 11th January, 1883.)

ROBERT WOOD.

GENERAL STATEMENT, 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

ASSETS.

Real estate, unincumbered	\$ 358,000	00
Cash on hand and in bank	940.730	25
Cash in hands of Agents and in transit	332 970	24
Loans on bond and mortgage	46 727	00
Loans on collaterals	24.290	
Stocks and bonds, market value	7 250 510	70
Accrued interest	1,550,516	72
22001 aug 111101 0801	1,376	37

otal assets ... \$9,054,610 58

ÆTNA-Concluded.

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and not due	168,894	10 79
sions, &c	54,289	37
Amount of unearned premiums	1,098,349	85
Total liabilities	\$1,376,611	11

Subscribed and sworn to, by

LUCIUS J. HENDEE,

President.

JOTHAM GOODNOW,

Secretary.

HARTFORD, 1st January, 1883.

THE AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF WATERTOWN, N.Y.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.	
President—Isaac Munson. Secretary—H. M	I STEVENS.
Principal Office—Watertown, N.Y.	2. 024 145.
Agent in Canada—Joseph Flynn. Head Office in Canada—Col	bourg, Ont.
Organized or incorporated, 1853; commenced business in Canada, Oct. taking over the outstanding risks of the Canada Agricultural Company, Insolvent.	1, 1878, by Insurance
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for, and paid up in cash	\$300,000 00
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
United States Registered 4 per cent, bonds in deposit with Receiver-Gen-	\$ 900 00
eral—par value, \$100,000; market value	119,500 00
Agents' balances	6,567 52
Bills receivable	6,259 90
Total assets in Canada	\$133,227 42
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Net amount of losses in Canada adjusted but not due \$900 0)	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada	
Total liabilities in Canada	\$74 ,121 19
INCOME IN CANADA.	
Gross cash received for premiums	
Total net cash received for premiums	\$51,885 32 68 42
Total income in Canada	\$ 51,953 74
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.	
Net amount paid for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were	
estimated in last statement at \$960.00),	
Net amount paid during the year for losses	\$20,270 79
Commission or brokerage	8,052 50 5,530 42
advertising, \$148.80	3,272 94
Total expenditure in Canada	\$37,126 65

AGRICULTURAL-Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	\$12,367,771 5,057,353	\$126,148 41 50,040 18		
Total Deduct terminated	\$17,425,124 3,217,020	\$176,188 59 30,966 96		
Gross and Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$14,208,104	\$145,221 63		
Total number of policies in force in Canada at dat	e. (No re	turn.)		
Total net amount in force		 \$1	4,208,104	00
Total premiums thereon			145,221	
Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883	B, by	J. FLY	NN.	
(Received, 1st March, 1883.)		0,		

GENERAL STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(As returned to the Superintendent of Insurance, State of New York.)

ASSETS.

Real estate	\$169,896	
Loans on bond and mortgage	713,631	5 6
do do (first lien) upon which more than one	00 500	
vear's interest is due	22,730	
Interest due and accrued on said bond and mortgage loans	18,355	81
Stocks and bonds held by the Company—par value, \$338,500; market	200 600	EΛ
Value Interest due and accrued on above stocks and bonds	382,682	
	4,237	อบ
Loans on collateral security of stock, &c., of par value \$23,318; market	19,123	25
value \$23,563; amount loaned	2,745	
	102,053	
Cash on hand and in banks	91,997	
Gross premiums in course of collection		
Bills receivable	375	
Tents due and accided		
Total	\$1,543,868	83
Total Excess deposit in Canada over liabilities	22,240	00
Total assets	\$ 1,521,628	83
		==
LIABILITIES.		
Not amount of unneid losses	\$ 30 004	02
Net amount of unpaid losses	\$ 30,004 941.471	02 00
Net amount of unpaid losses		02 00
Net amount of unpaid losses	941,471	00
Total liabilities, except capital stock	\$971,475	00
Total liabilities, except capital stock	\$971,475 \$300,000	00 02 00
Total liabilities, except capital stock	\$971,475 \$300,000	00 02 00

AGRICULTURAL—Concluded.

INCOME.		
Net cash received for premiums	\$660,711	11
Received for interest and dividends	63,450	19
do rents	5,017	00
	\$729,178	30
EXPENDITURE.		
Net amount paid for losses Dividends paid stockholders Commission or brokerage Salaries, fees, &c Taxes Miscellaneous	\$236,506 30,102 143,010 87,910 12,878 60,952	00 86 12 47
Total cash expenditure	\$571,361	40
RISKS AND PREMIUMS.		
Amount of policies taken during the year	81.554.749	00
Premiums thereon	693,320	98
Net amount in force at end of year2	01,986,421	00
Premiums thereon	1,746,223	30

ISAAC MUNSON,

President.

H. M. STEVENS,

Secretary.

\$126,552 85

THE ANCHOR INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President—Hon. Sir W. P. Howland, K.C.M.G. | Secretary and Agent—Hugh Scott.

Principal Office—Church Street, Toronto.

(Incorporated, 35 Vic., Cap. 103. 11th June, 1873. Commenced business in Canada, 31st March, 1874.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized	\$500,000 (478,100 (125,710 (00
(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)	,	

ASSETS.

Loans secured by bonds and mortgages, on which not more than one	
year's interest is due, constituting a first lien on real estate	\$ 500 00
Loans as above for which judgments have been obtained	6,175 65

Stocks and Bonds held by the Company.

	Par Value.	Market Value.		
* Cobourg Debentures * Milton do * Streetsville do * St. Thomas do * Port Hope do * Orangeville do Dominion Telegraph, 20 shares of \$50	5,000 00 2,000 00 5,000 00 19,000 0 0 20,000 00	\$ 5,400 00 5,150 00 2,060 00 5,150 00 19,570 00 20,600 00 759 00		
Total par and market value	. \$57,000 60	\$58,680 00		
Carried out at market value			58,680 11,976 1,175 7,660 12,865	50 00 06 45
Other assets:— Sundry debtors Salvage claims Due from other companies for re-insurance		3,041 06	9.800	19

LIABILITIES.

Total assets.....

Net amount of losses claimed but not adjusted:—	
Inland Marine (accrued previous to 1882)	\$1,501 04

^{&#}x27; Deposited with Receiver-General.

ANCHOR—Continued.

ANCHOR—Continued.	
Net amount of losses resisted:—	
In suit—Ocean (accrued in previous years)	
\$20,512 93	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada	\$22,013 97 153 75
inland marine Due for Directors' fees Cash advanced.	95 00 1,693 26
Other liabilities namely:—	
Sundry creditors \$ 341 04 Amounts due to other Companies 978 61 Salvage claims 3,334 87 Returnable premiums 1,331 38 Rent of Office 750 00	
Total	6,735 90
Total liabilities, excluding capital stock	\$30,691 88
Capital stock paid up in eash. Unpaid calls on stock	
Total	\$ 143,430 00
INCOME.	
For Inland Marine Risks.	
Gross premiums received in cash	
Gross cash received for premiums	
Net cash for said premiums \$29,927 59	
Total net cash received for premiums	\$29,927 59 4,188 38 1,846 42 334 53
Total Received for calls on capital	\$36,296 92 8,150 00
Total cash income	\$ 44,446 92
EXPENDITURE.	
For Inland Marine Risks.	
Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$321.60) \$2,411 22	
Paid for losses occurring during the year	
Total deductions \$2,789 98	
Net amount paid for said losses	

	ANCHOR	R—Contin	ued.		
(All incurred in previou Paid or allowed for commissio All other expenditure, viz.:—C Exchange, &c., \$2.64; C	o s years.) n or broke harges, \$9 ompensatio	ocean rage 64.96; To on to C.	do elegraphing E. L. Jarv	,\$113.80; vis, \$600;	\$9,417 78 4,906 21 3,513 29
Return premiums, \$93.3 \$109.29; Costs, \$67.44				·	2,021 79
Total cash expen	diture	•••••	• - • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		\$ 19,859 07
Dr.	CASH	ACCOUNT. Cr			
1881. Dec. 31. To Balance in hand and in banks at this date	N11. \$44,446 92 E00 00 2,448 49 18662, 44 \$66,063 85	1881. Dec. 31. 1882 Dec. 31.	By Expenditu as above Loan Acco money ret Sundry othe Balance in	due Bank pre during year cunt—Borrowed curned r payments hand and in date	\$19,859 07 32,955 56 1,270 62 11,976 50 \$66,063 83
	RISKS AN	D PREMI	ums.		
Inland Marine Risks. Policies in force at date of last state Taken during the year		752 . 757 . 755	Amount. \$21,635 2,597,784 2,619,419 2,613,919	Premiums. \$1,153 57 28,085 52 29,239 09 28,921 59	
*Gross and net in force, 31st Decemb	er, 1882		5,500	317 50	

Subscribed and sworn to, 14th March, 1883, by

WM. P. HOWLAND,

President.

HUGH SCOTT,

Secretary,

(Received, 16th March, 1883.)

THE BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.

	-				
STATEMEN!	T FOR THE YEAR	ending 3	1st Decem	BER, 1882.	
Governor—John Morison	n. Principal (Office—To	•	retary—Sila	AS P. WOOD.
Onganiz	ed and commenc			da 1822 \	
(Organiza	eq and comment	cu busine	oss in Cana	ua, 1000.j	
	CA	PITAL.			
Amount of joint stock es				paid up in	\$500,000 00
(For List of Stock	holders, s	ee Appe nd is	c.)	
	A s	SSETS.			
Loans secured by bonds	es, corner of Fro rehouses and office and mortgages,	nt and S ces on which	Scott stree h not mor	ts, Toronto, e than one	90,000 00
year's interest interest due and unpaid	is due, constituti	ng a first	t lien o n re	al estate	3,637 50 140 81
Stocks and bonds held by	y the Company:				
	ed States Governmen		Par Value.	Market Value.	
United States Bonds Deposit, State of Mississippi Deposit with Company's Trus			\$485,000 00 15,000 00 150,000 00	\$602,635 00 15,000 00 150,000 00	
			\$650,000 00	\$767,635 00	
	ominion Government.				
City of Hamilton do County of Carleton do	lle Debentures	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$11,000 00 17,000 00 10,000 00 6,000 00 1,000 00 15,000 00 1,000 00	\$11,660 00 17,000 00 10,500 00 6,600 00 1,090 00 15,900 00 1,030 00	
		•	\$61,000 00	\$63,780 00	
• Certificates of deposit					:
	Government Bonds.				
3. Georgia d	lo do ,	*******		25,000	
6. Mississippi d	lo do		\$10,	000	
	urrencyork Trustees—Cash.		***************************************	25,000	

\$650,000

BRITISH AMERICA—Continued.

Held by Company.			
City of Hamilton Debentures		\$ 594 00 6.415 50	
Federal BankBank of Hamilton Stock	3,500 00	4,0 5 00	
Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company Stock	10,000 00	23,000 00	
Farmers' Loan and Savings Company Stock Freehold do do		2,091 60 25,704 00	
Imperial do do	5,000 00	5,300 00	
Western Canada do do		11,780 00 6.150 00	
Ontario Loan and Debenture Company Stock	2,820 00	3, 384 00	
Huron and Erie Joan and Savings do	. 29,000 00	45,240 00	
Dominion Savings and Investment Society Stock	. 10,000 00	12,000 00	
	\$93,040 00	\$145,684 10	
Recapitulation.			
Deposited with the United States Government	\$650,000 00	\$767,63 5 00	
do Dominion do	61,000 00	63,780 00	
		145,684 10	
Total par and market value	\$804,040_00	\$977,099 10	
Carried out at market value	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	\$977,099 10
Cash on hand at head office	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	35,813 31
Cash in banks, namely:—			·
•		7.	
Canadian Bank of Commerce, New York do do Toronto		1 828 11	
Bank of Montreal, St. John, N.B		62 28	
Total			9 190 50
Interest due and unpaid on stock	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	3,139 59 600 00
Interest accrued and unpaid on stock		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	80 2 30
Agents' balances			73,746 53
Bills receivable	•••••	**************	4,857 36
(Amount of same overdue			-,
Sundry, viz.:—			
Office furniture		6 0 410 41	
Rents due and accrued	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$6,419 41 783 33	
			9,202 74
~		-	
Gross assets	••••••	;	1,199,039 24
Amount which should be deducted from above			0.005 15
doubtful bills receivable, \$3,942.36; agents	balance, \$4	.,142.81	8,085 17
Total assets	••••	<u>\$</u>	1,190,954 07
LIABILITIES	ŧ.	-	
1. Liabilities in 6			
Net amount of losses reported or supposed, but	not claimed	:	
Fire	382)	5,508 28	
Total amount of unsettled claims for losses in C 15	anada	•••••	\$21,94 3 94
••			

BRITISH AMERICA—Continued.

Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding	risks in Ca	nada, viz,:		
Fire		•		
In: and Marine		22 50		
Ocean		3,143 28		
Total reserve of unearned premiums for risks in Ca	anada	•••••	79,747	40
Dividends declared and due, but unpaid		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2,185	33
do but not yet due		•••••	25,000	
Due various Companies for re-assurance	••••••	••••••	5,613	
Claims for losses due re-assurers		••••	910	89
Total liabilities, excluding capital sto	ck, in Cana	da=	\$135,4 06	44
2. Liabilities in other (Countries.			
Net amount of losses reported or supposed, but not	claimed :-	_		
Fire (of which \$5,322.00 accrued prior to 1832) Inland Marine		\$123,562 00		
		<u> </u>		
Net amount of losses resisted and in suit-Fire	·····	\$127,458 05 2,500 00		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in	other count	ries	129,958	05
Reserve of unearned premiums, viz.:-				
Fire Inlard Marine	*********	\$303,263 99 5,532 88		
Total			308,796	Q by
Due and accrued for salaries, rent, agency and	other mis	cellaneous	000,100	٥,
expenses	•••••	••••••	728	01
Fire re-assurances	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••	2,407	83
Total liabilities in other countries	••••••	••••••	\$ 4 4 1,890	76
Total liabilities (excluding capital stock) in all co	ountries	• _	\$ 557,297	20
Capital stock paid up		-	500,000	00
Surplus beyond all liabilities and paid-up capital s	tock	••••••	113,656	87
·				
INCOME.		In other		
	In Canada.	Countries.		
For Fire Risks.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		
Gross premiums received in cash	1,112 50	713,746 27		
Gross cash received for premiums	169,188 34 41,237 43	713,746 27 102,742 14		
Net cash received for fire premiums	127,950 91	621,004 13		
For Inland Marine Risks.				
Gross premiums received in cash	22,842 43	34,434 42 4,515 25		
Gross cash received for premiums	22,842 43	38,949 67		
Deduct re-insurance, &c	6,771 15	5,145 74		

16,071 23

33,803 93

Net carh received for inland marine premiums......

BRITISH AMERICA—	Continued.			
For Ocean Risks.				
Gross premiums received in cash	12,706 97 1,937 98			
Gross cash received for premiums Deduct re-insurance, &c	14,644 95 1,966 55			
Net cash received for ocean premiums	12,678 40			
Bills and notes receiving during the year for ocean premiums and remaining unpaid, \$915.00 Total net cash received for premiums	156,700 59	644,808 06		
Total net cash received for premiums in all countr Received for interest on bonds and mortgages, do do and dividends on stock and Rents	all other so	ources	\$801,508 1,034 54,293 2,636	40 85
Total cash income	• • • • • • • • • • •	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	\$859,473	69
EXPENDITURE.				
For Fire Risks.	In Canada.	In other Countries.		
Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$148,502 97)	11,181 02	128,435 70		
Paid for losses occurring during the year 4,130 51 Deduct savings and salvage 30,959 07	73,294 52	391,132 23		
Total deductions	3.764 19	31.325 39		

For Inland Marine Risks,

Net amount paid for said losses.....

Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses......

Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$15,332.77) Deduct re-insurance	17,978 951		1,380 33
Net amount paid during the year for said losses	17,027	34	1,380 33
Paid for losses occurring during the year	561	08	8,261 18
Total deductions	177	12	140 9 2
Net amount paid for said losses	383	96	8,120 26
Total net amount paid during the year for inland marine losses	17 411	30	9,500 59

Total net amount paid during the year for fire and inland marine losses, viz.:—

In Canada	\$98,122	65
In other countries	497,743	13

69,530 33

80,711 35

359,806 84

488,242 54

	BRITIS	SH AMER	RICA—C	Iontinued.	
Net am	ount paid during the yea f which \$22,223.13 accrue	r for ocean	losses ous vear	a)	33,365 94
Paid for	r dividends on capital sto	ck at 10 pe	er cent		49,730 00
Commis	ssion or brokerage				135,244 32
Salaries	, fees and all other charg	es of offici	als		44,180 59
	,,				11,324 79
Miscella	aneous expenses	••••••	•••••	•••••	55,158 98
	Total cash expendi	ture	••••••	······ :	\$ 92 4 ,870 40
Dr.		CASH AC	COUNT.		Cr.
1881-		\$ cts.	1882.		\$ cts.
Dec. 31,	To balance in hand and in	φ οισ.	Dec, 31,	By expenditure during y	
	Banks as at this date	66,354 43		as above	924,870 40
1882 Dec. 31.	To Income as above	050 450 40		Investments	
Dec. 31.	Received from realiza-	859,473 69		Loan Account—l	
	tion of investments	236,823 43		turned	
	Loan account-Borrow-			Sundry paymen	ts 336 60
	ed during the year 150,000 00 Balance in hand				
				in Banks this of *Balance in hand	
	_			English Compa	
	Total	1,312,651 55		Total	\$1,312,651 55

^{*}Particulars of credits not to hand at date of statement.

BRITISH AMERICA—Concluded.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

	In Can	IN CANADA. IN OTHER COUNTRIES.		Total in all Countries.		
	Amount.	Premium	Amount	Premium	Amount	Premium
Fire Risks	\$	\$ cts	8	\$ cts	\$	\$ cts
Gross policies in force at date of last state-		-		·		•
Taken during the year	20,557,094	209,424 89	70,438,283	695,773 70	9 0,995,377	905,198 59
-new and renewed	15,843,806	159,654 77	62,596,346	675,528 39	78,440,152	835,183 16
Total Deduct terminated	36,400,900 17,724,759	369,079 66 177,020 70	133,034,629 79,779,955	1,371,302 09 740,802 09	169,435,529 97,504,714	1,740,381 75 917,822 79
Gross in force at end						
of year Deduct re-insured	18,676,141 2,800,127	192,05 9 96 32,241 56	53,254,674 2,290,470	630,500 00 26,6 16 00	71,930,815 5,090,597	822,559 96 58,85 7 56
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	15,876,014	159,817 40	50,964,204	603,884 00	66,840,218	763,701 40
Inland Marine Risks						
Gross policies in force at date of last state- ment		_	478,972	11,843 61	478,972	11,843 61
Taken during the year	3,811,597	24,099 79		38,087 65		
Total Deduct terminated	3,811,597 3,809,097	24,099 79 24,054 79	6,365,854 6,057,46 9	49,931 26 38,836 34		
Gross in force at date Deduct re-insured	2,500	45 00		11,094 92 29 16		11,139 92 29 16
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	2,500	45 00	305,885	11,065 76	308,385	11,110 76
Ocean Risks.						
Gross policies in force at date of last state-	ı					
ment	110,266 660,102			***************************************	110,266 660,102	
Total Deduct terminated	770,368 672,548				770,368 672,548	
Gross in force at end of year	97,820 1,500				97 820 1 500	
Net in force at 31st December, 1882		3,143 28			96,320	3,143 28

Total number of policies in force at date......No return.

Total net amount in force..... \$67.244,923 Total premiums thereon 777,955 44

Subscribed and sworn to, 17th February, 1882, by

J. MORISON, Governor.

SILAS P. WOOD, Secretary.

\$18,992 30

STATEMENT OF THE CANADA AGRICULTURAL INSURANCE COM-PANY (IN INSOLVENCY), MADE BY THE ASSIGNEES, ROSS, FISH AND DUMESNIL.

MONTREAL, 31st December, 1882.

The stock list remains unchanged.

The Company went into insolvency on the 10th of May, 1878, by special Act of Parliament. Philip S. Ross, William T. Fish and George H. Dumesnil being nominated joint assignees.

The outstanding risks of the Company, as on 1st day of October, 1878, were re-insured in the Agricultural Insurance Company of Watertown, N.Y., U.S.

Supposed amount of outstanding risks according to the books of the

Canada Agricultural Insurance Company......\$20,000,000 00 Amount of insurance premium agreed upon and since paid by the

Canada Agricultural Insurance Company to the Agricultural

Amount declared, 1st, \$8,037.32; paid to date, \$7,565.33. do do 2nd, 8,037.32; do 7,531.55.

do do 2nd, 8,037.32; do 7,531.55. do do 3rd, 7,642.94; do 4,870.20.

One dividend of 100 per cent. on the dollar on the privileged claims has been declared, and so far as called for, has been paid.

Amount, \$1,545.77; paid to date, \$933.47.

One dividend of 25 per cent. in connection with the unearned premium returns has been declared and paid so far as called for.

The amount per dividend sheet was, \$7,033.14; and the dividend declared was, \$1,758.28; of which has been paid to date, \$285.98.

Stock called up as per previous statement, to 31st December, 1878, 30

Total______\$500,000 00

The following statements are annexed:

(A.) Intromissions of the assignees in each for the year ending 31st December, 1882.

(B.) Detailed statement of expenses general.

(C.) Balance sheet of the Company showing the present state of affairs.

(A.)

CANADA AGRICULTURAL—Continued.

DISBURSEMENTS.		
Bank Ville Marie Stationery, printing, advertising and telegrams Expense account Law costs Salaries Travelling expenses Rent and office cleaning P. S. Ross—repaying—balance last year Bill to Parliament Bank Ville Marie—deposited for unclaimed dividends Fire losses Privileged claims Uncarned premiums	148 4,630 260 382 15 16 4,196 5,148 933	99 58 02 00 60 70 51 48 26
Total Cash on hand	\$18,989 3	11 19
(B.)	\$18,992	30
STATEMENT OF EXPENSES GENERAL.		
Travelling expenses:— G. H. Dumesnil		60 00 00
_	——	=
Legal expenses:— A. S. Hurd Sundry Total	\$112 45 \$158	62
Less returned	10	
There are upwards of one hundred suits going on, and the expenses attending which cannot be stated till the results of the suits have been determined by decision of the courts.	\$148	02
Salaries: —	A +50	00
P. S. Ross, 1881	\$ 750 750 2,265 270	00 00
Sundry witnesses and clerks, preparing papers and attending to collections and other matters	595	
Total	\$4,630	00

CANADA AGRICULTURAL—Concluded.

(C.)

BALANCE SHEET .- ASSETS.

BALANCE SHEET.—ASSETS.		
Cash on hand	\$ 3	19
Bank Ville Marie (current account)	4,2 31	
Do. (unclaimed dividend)	4,19	
Agents' balances	26,471	
Furniture account	450	
Bills receivable (premium notes)	6,125	
Do. (general)	21,921	
Arrears on Capital Stock	261,607	26
Claim on Estate of President in irsolvency, not valued, \$61,750		
	*200 000	
Total	\$328,006	87
-		
LIABILITIES.		
Fire loss, claims per dividend sheet \$76,642 94 Less—Paid three dividends 19,967 08		
	\$56,675	
Fire loss claims objected to and not filed	9,516	44
Unearned premium per list \$7,033 14 Less dividends paid 285 98	- /75	LIL SAME
Liess dividends pard	6,747	16
Dividend to shareholders unnaid	455	
Dividend to shareholders unpaid	100	00
Less paid 933 47		
	4,157	
Sundry creditors' claims, not filed	2,5 82	00
Total	\$80,134	36
Surplus	\$247,872	51

PHILIP S. ROSS, W. T. FISH, per Philip S. Ross, G. H. DUMESNIL, Joint Assignees.

THE CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President-George Roach.

Agent and Secretary.—George Denoon.

Par Value. Market Value.

Principal Office—Hamilton, Ontario.

Organized—Ontario Charter, 20th July, 1875; Dominion Charter, 20th July, 1876. (Commenced business in Canada, 1st September, 1875.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized	5,000,000	00
Amount subscribed for	1,000,000	00
Amount paid in cash	105.982	80
Amount paid in notes	3,450	00

(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS.

Loans secured by bonds and mortgages, on which not more than one		
year's interest is due, constituting a second lien on real estate	\$155	00
Stocks and bonds owned by the Company:—		

*T	do do	Windsor debentures	15,000 000 7,000 00	\$12,000 00 15,000 00 7,000 00
	do	Windsor (waterworks debentures)	17,000 00	17,000 00
		m	\$51,000,00	\$51,000,00

Management Management Company		
Carried out at market value	51,000	00 :
Cash on hand at head office	902	54
Cash in Bank of Hamilton	4,212	57
Cash deposited with Receiver-General	3,000	00
	510	00
	1,160	00
Bills receivable (including \$3,450 notes for stock)	3,529	01
Amount of same overdue, \$2,929.01	•	
	1,500	00
Interest due and unpaid on stocks	510 1,160 3,529	00 00 01

_				
All other	property	belonging	to the	Company:-

Office furniture and fixtures (including insurance maps)	\$1,367 1,711	00 8 6
Amount due for re-insured losses	2,370	69
•		

Total	assets	<u>\$71,418 67</u>

LIABILITIES.

(1.) Liabilities in Canada.

	of losses resisted				••••
former	years.)	•• •••••	 **** ********	••••	\$8,300

Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada. \$8,300 00

5,449 55

^{*}In deposit with Receiver-General.

CANADA FIRE AND MARINE—Continued.	
Due for salaries, rent, &c	4,500 00 64,000 00
Balance due Citizens' Insurance Co. for re-insurance	2,351 78
Total liabilities in Canada	\$79,151 78
(2). Liabilities in other Countries.	
Losses due and yet unpaid \$233 34 Losses resisted and in suit 18,582 23	
Total unsettled losses in other countries	\$18,815 57
Total liabilities in other countries	\$18,815 57
Total liabilities, excluding capital stock, in all countries	\$97,967 35
Capital stock paid up in cash and notes	\$ 109,432 08
INCOME.	
For Fire Risks.	
Gross cash received for premiums	
Total net cash received for premiums Received for interest and dividends	\$32,984 46 4,964 6 4
Total Received for calls on capital	\$37,949 10 9,232 08
Total cash income	\$47,181 18
EXPENDITURE.	
For Fire Risks.	
Amount paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$38,679.45) \$33,481 11 Deduct amount received for re-insurance	
Net amount paid for such losses	
Amount paid for fire losses during the year. \$58,877 14- Less amount received for re-insurance 14,780 22	
Net amount paid for said losses \$44,096 92	
Total net amount paid during the year for losses Commission or brokerage Salaries, fees, &c Taxes	\$73,838 1 7,024 0 4,242 4 238 8

CANADA FIRE AND MARINE-Concluded.

Miscellaneous	naumanta
miscellaneons	раушены:—

Head office and agency disbursements, including rent, stationery, printing, advertising, postage, agents' supplies and legal expenses Adjustment and inspection, including travelling expenses, Arbitrator's fees, Inspector's salary, &c...... \$8,205 97 2,808 62

*Paid Citizens' Insurance Company for re-insurance.....

11,014 **59** 38,505 80

Total cash expenditure......

\$134,863 76

CASH ACCOUNT.

Dr. 1881.			C r. 1882.	
Dec. 31. To balance in hand and in			Dec. 31. By expenditure during year \$134,863 76	
Banks as at this date	\$9,167	57	Sundry small accounts 4,396 27 Balance in hand and in	
Dec. 31. To income realization of investments			Banks at this date 5,115 11	
"loan account—borrowed during the year		00		
Received from other sources, viz. :		•••	•	
Bills receivable \$3,657 40				
Furniture 1,026 35	\$4,683	75		
	\$144,375	14	\$144,375 14	

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Policies in force at the date of last statement	Amount. \$14,785,316 3,019,779	Premiums thereon. \$202,151 35 39,699 17
Total Deduct terminated	\$17,805,095 6,809,298	\$241,850 52 175,881 52
Gross in force 13th May, 1882 Deduct re-insured	\$10,995,797 1,329,040	\$65,969 00 7,601 03
Net in force, 13th May, 1882	\$9,666,757	\$ 58,367 97

All re-insured with "Citizens," 13th May, 1882.

Subscribed and sworn to 28th June, 1883.

GEORGE ROACH,

President.

GEORGE DENOON.

Secretary.

(Received, 13th July, 1883.)

Balance paid after 31 Dec., 1882.

THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

-	
Colonia and The Vall Survey 21or Drawnpp 1992	
STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882. President—Henry Lyman, Secretary—Archiba:	ID Mailoun
President—Henry Lyman, Secretary—Archiba: General Manager—Gerald E. Hart.	ED MCGOCK.
Principal Office—179 St. James Street, Montreal.	
(Incorporated 30th June, 1864; commenced business in Canada, 1st Jan	110mm 1965 \
Cincorporated Sould June, 1004; commenced business in Canada, 1st Jan	uary, 100 <i>3.</i>
CAPITAL.	
Amount of joint stock capital authorized\$5 do do subscribed for	1, 188,000 0 0
(For List of Shareholders, see Appendix). $=$	
ASSETS.	
(Fire and Accident Departments.)	
Value of real estate held by the Company, the Company's building, 179 and 181 St. James Street, Montreal, extended at cost price	\$85,000 00
Stocks and bonds held by the Company, viz.:-	
Par Market Value. Value.	
242 shares Merchants' Bank stock, at 123	
Montreal Harbor Bonds 56,000 00 62,135 00	
Total par and market value \$80,700 00 \$92,101 00	
Carried out at market value	92,101 00
Cash in Merchants' Bank	6,123 07
do do in deposit with Receiver-General Interest accrued and unpaid on stock and bonds	10,000 00 379 37
Agents' balances	25,810 76
Bills receivable	2,316 74
(Amount of same overdue, \$2,146.74.) Calls on stock in course of collection	6,669 98
	0,000 30
Sundry debtors	44 407 00
Furniture, plans, etc	11,135 38 4,000 00
- Turning of the state of the s	
=	\$243,536 30
LIABILITIES.	
(Fire, Guarantee and Accident Departments.)	
Fire Department.	
Net amount of losses claimed but not adjusted	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada Total reserve of unearned premiums for fire risks in Canada	\$14,677 20 91,668 47
Total	\$106,345 6 7

26

CITIZENS'-Continued.

(Guarantee Department.)			
Net amount of losses resisted and in suit (incurred in previous years)	\$ 1	,169	00
(Accident Department.)			
Net amount of losses in Canada claimed but not adjusted	\$	308	93
Canada	8	,706	81
Total	\$ 9	,015	74
Total liability (for unsettled claims and reserve) in Fire, Guarantee and Accident Departments		,530 ,000	
Montreal, due 1885—interest at 6 per cent.) Interest thereon accrued but not yet due		784 ,675 ,000	20
Wetal lightlite and prime of conital stock. The Assident and Conventor			

This capital is also liable to the Life Department.

INCOME.

(Fire Department.)

Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash received for premiums	\$194,014	90
Received for interest	3,630	
do do on stocks, &c		
do for rent	2,073	
do from all other sources, viz.:	_,::0	
Re Parsons \$4,012 03 Bills receivable 406 67 Metropolitan Bank 510 00		
	4,928	70
Total	\$208,028	18
Received for calls on capital		
Total cash income	\$208,478	18

CITIZENS'-Continued.

EXPENDITURE.

(Fire Department.)

Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$5,836.75)		
Net amount paid during the year for said losses		
Net amount paid for said losses \$113,639 27		
Salaries, fees and other charges of officials	9,581 4,140 6,121 2,762 4,490 4,004	41 21 31 72
Total cash expenditure \$191		

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

(Fire Risks in Canada.)

`	,			
	Amount.	Premiums thereon.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new and renewed Re-insured from Canada Fire and Marine	\$15,711,643 19,848,819 10,995,797	\$146,451 62 191,079 53 65,969 54		
Total Deduct terminated—Citizens'	\$46,556,259 15,310,563 8,246,848	\$403,500 69 141,249 93 49,477 16		
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	\$22,998,848 2,454,687	\$212,773 60 29,456 26		
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$20,544 161	\$183,317 34		
(Accident Risks in Co	ınada.)			
No.	Amount.	Premiums thereon.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	\$1,169,900 3,583,820	\$ 8,764 89 23,270 07		
Total	\$4,753,720 2,696,995	32,034 96 13,998 98		
Gross in force at end of year	2,056,725 129,500	18,035 98 622 35		
Net in force at 31st December, 1882 1,630	\$1,927,225	\$17,413 63		
Total number of policies in force at date. (No re			2, 471 , 8 86	
Total premiums thereon	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•• • : • : • • • • • •	200,730	97

CITIZENS'-Continued.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

INCOME.

11.002.2		
Net cash received for premiums	\$20,122 837	
Net premium income	\$19,285	14
EXPENDITURE.		
Bonus to policy holders	\$ 67 3,347 8,204	31
Total cash expenditure	\$11,619	23
-		
GUARANTEE DEPARTMENT.		
INCOME.		
Received for premiums	\$243 3,369	-
Total	\$3,613	20
EXPENDITURE.		
Amount paid for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$7,390)		
Net amount paid for said losses \$5,215 77		
Amount paid for losses occurring during the year		
Net amount paid for said losses \$3,010 00		
Total net amount paid during the year for Guarantee losses	\$8,225 45 4	
Total expenditure	\$8,679	85

CASH ACCOUNT-NOT BALANCED.

Subscribed and sworn to 14th March, 1883, by

HENRY LYMAN, President. GERALD E. HART, General Manager.

(Received 15th March, 1883.)

CITIZENS'—Concluded.

The following is a statement for the whole business of the Company, embracing the Fire, Guarantee, Accident and Life branches:—

ASSETS.		
Fire, Guarantee and Accident	\$243,536 164,451	30 59
Total assets	\$407,987	89
LIABILITIES.		
Fire, Guarantee and Accident	147,156	76
Total liabilities (except paid up capital)	\$324,146	48
Capital stock paid up in cash	\$249,520	50
Total	\$256,190	48
INCOME.		
Fire	\$208,028 3,613 19,285 45,224	20 14
Total cash income	\$276,151	38
EXPENDITURE.		
Fire	\$191,100 8,679 11,619 37,586	85 23

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY (LIMITED) OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
President—Henry E. Knight Lord Mayor of London. Secretary and General M. L. C. Phil		
Principal Office—101 Cheapside, London, Eng.	22110.	
	_Montreel	
Organized or Incorporated, 9th February, 1881. Commenced busines September 1st, 1881.	s'in Canada	1
CAPITAL.		
Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for	9,733,333 33 9 73,333 3 3	} }
ASSETS.		
Dominion 4 per cent. stock in deposit with Receiver-General, par value, \$102,200.00, market value	\$102,200 00 560 72	
Cash in Banks, viz.:—		
Ontario Bank \$ 211 23 Merchants' rank 3,969 23 Federal Bank 713 67		
TotalAgents' balances (cash in Chief Agents' hands)	4,894 13 6,464 82	
Sundry, viz.:—		
Plans and stationery \$3,274 28 Office furniture 301 41 Stamps 7 00 Office fixtures 725 69	4,308 3	8
<u>.</u>		
Amount which should be deducted on account of bad or doubtful Agents'	\$118,428 0	
balances	29 3	9
Total assets	\$118,398 60	<u>6</u>
LIABILITIES.		
Net amount of losses in Canada adjusted but not due		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada	\$21,052 8 69,180 1	7
tionery, &c., \$143.80; office fixtures, \$26.95	730 1	9
Total liabilities in Canada	\$ 81,963 2	1

CITY OF LONDON-Continued.

INCOME IN CANADA.

Gross cash received for premiums	
Net cash received for said premiums. *Received for interest and dividends	\$127,099 79 4,200 00
Total income in Canada	\$131,299 [,] 79 [,]
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.	
Amount paid for losses occurring during the year	\$ 66,220 07 21,081 55 708 81 660 07
Miscellaneous payments, viz.:— Postages, cables and telegrams, \$897.85; advertising, \$1,200.79; plans, \$1,989.98; express charges and duties, \$78.72; travelling expenses, \$144.63; legal advice, \$3.00; printing and stationery, \$1,641.47; expenses on Quebec Tax Act, \$93.66; subscriptions, sundry objects, \$164.91; organization expenses, \$3,435.75; rents and gas bills, \$649.99; office furniture, \$555.55; fuel, \$30.00; sundries, \$620.91. Total expenditure in Canada.	14,507 21 \$103,177 71

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada. Policies taken during the year—new	No. 4,520 138	Amount. \$10,231,057 288,174	Premiums thereon. \$133,039 66 3,848 46	
Total Deduct terminated	4,658 986	\$10,519,231 3,264,989	\$136,888 12 19,816 96	
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	3,672	\$7,254,242 125,750	\$117,071 16 1,731 08	
Net in force 31st December, 1882	3,672	\$7,128,492	\$115,340 08	
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon				\$ 7,128,492 115,340 08

Subscribed and sworn to, 1st March, 1883, by

(Received, 3rd March, 1883.)

W. R. OSWALD.

^{*}Paid direct to head office in London.

CITY OF LONDON-Concluded.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1882.

(Abstracted from First Report of the Director's, London, England, 24th May, 1882.)

The Directors have much pleasure in submitting to the Shareholders their Firs t Annual Report, with the audited Accounts, for the year ending 31st March, 1882.

The premiums received, after deduction of Re-assurances and Returns, amounted to £105,612 10s. 11d.

The losses paid and outstanding were £40,701 16s. 5d., being 38.54 per cent. of the premium income.

The premium of £50,000 received from the New Shares has been placed to a

Reserve Fund.

The Surplus on the year's business is \$30,019 8s. 4d., out of which the Directors recommend that a Dividend be now paid to the Shareholders of 5 per cent. (free of Income Tax) on the paid-up Capital of the Company, for the year commencing 1st April, 1881, which will absorb £10,000, leaving a balance of £20,019 8s. 4d. to be carried to the credit of the New Account.

REVENUE ACCOUNT, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1882.

DR.	,			ŕ		Co	J
To fire premiums received, after deduction of re-insurances and	£	8.	d.	By fire losses, paid and outstanding, after deduction of re-insur-	£	8.	d.
Returns Interest on investments Profit on securities realized Transfer fees and other receipts	6,023 493	10 14 15 4	0	ances Fire commission Expenses of management Bracch and agency expenses	40,701 22,738 10,632 4,599	9 16	5 4 1 9
				Preliminary and organization expenses, one-fifth	3,6 42 30,019		
•	£112,335	4	9	· ·	£112,335	4	9

BALA	NCE SHE	ET	, :	31st March, 1882.			
LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Dr.					(Cr.	
	£	8	d.		£	8	d.
To shareholders' capital £2,000,000		-		By Investments-			
0 0 of which is paid up	260,000	0	0	*In United States and Canadian			
Reserve fund-premium of 10s. per	•			Government secu-ities	127,184	10	0
share on 100,000 new shares	50,000	0	0				
Revenue account	30,019	8	4		68,190		
Outstanding fire losses 10 189 16 0				Foreign Government Securities.	11,803		6
" Expenses 1,781 6 11				Railway preference stock	12,443	17	6
T-T-LANGUAGE	11,971	2	11				
				the United Kingdom	4,886	0	0
				Cash on deposit 10,000 0 0			
				Cash at bankers and			
				in hand10,379 13 1	00.080		
				D231- D 2 1.1.	20,379		
				Bills Receivable	384		
				Branch and Agency Balances	28,899		
				Interest accrued	2,121	6	0
				Furniture at head office and	1 100	10	6
				branches	1,126	14	О
				Preliminary and organization	14 570	10	c
				expenses	14,570	19	6
	£291,990	1	1 3	<u>-</u>	£291,990	11	3
•		-					

^{*} These Securities are deposited in the United States and in Canada, under local laws, for the Security of Policy-holders in those countries.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882 Chairman—Thomas Russell, Esq., C.M.G. Secretary—Samuse Principal Office—London, England. Incorporated 28th Septemble Agent in Canada—Fred. Cole. Head Office in Canada (Commenced business in Canada, 11th September, 1863.)	EL J. PIPKIN. per, 1861.
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized and subscribed £2,500,000 stg., \$ do paid up in cash 250,000 "	12,166,666 67 1,216,666 67
ASSETS IN CANADA (FIRE DEPARTMENT.)	
Stocks, bonds, &c., held by the Company, viz.:-	
Canada 5 per cent. for Fire Branch	
Total par and market value \$106,580 00 \$109,830 92	
Carried out at market value	\$ 109,830 92
Cash on hand at head offices in Canada. Cash in Banks, viz.:— \$ 1,764 20 Bank of Montreal \$ 1,762 68 Bank of British North America 1,022 68 Merchants' Bank of Canada 20 32 Canadian Bank of Commerce 13,833 71	1,338 88
Total	16,640 91
Agents' balances	9,270 84 1,800 00
Total assets in Canada (exclusive of assets of Life Branch)	\$ 138,881 55
LIABILITIES IN CANADA (FIRE DEPARTMENT.)	
Net amount of fire losses in Canada, adjusted but not due	
Not amount of five legger registed	
Net amount of fire losses resisted, viz.:— In suit (of which \$2,900 accrued previous to 1882)	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 39,534 54 185,314 06
Total liabilities in Canada	\$224,848 60

COMMERCIAL UNION-Continued.

INCOME IN CANADA.

For	Fire	Risks	in	Canada.

Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums	4,769	34
Total cash income in Canada	\$313,115	49

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

Paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous year (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$6,505.17) Deduct amount for re-insurances	\$5.597		
Net amount paid during the year for said losses	\$1,957	00	
Paid for losses occurring during the year Less received for re-insurance	\$233,750 597	25 55	•
Net amount paid for said losses	\$233,152	70	
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses Commission or brokerage Taxes in Canada	•••••		\$238.109 70 55,796 77 1,024 48
Salaries, fees and other charges of officials in Canada	al charg	 es, er-	250 00
tising and other sundry agency charges	•••••	••	3,601 40

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Total cash expenditure in Canada.....\$298,782 35

Fire Risks in Canada.	No.	Amount.	Premiums thereon
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	12,635	\$29,850,978	\$354,200 90
Taken during the year—new Do. do. renewed	6,41 7 5,55 8	16,037,263 11,592,551	165,075 42 139,283 61
Total Deduct terminated	24,610 9,618	\$57,480,792 24,358,915	\$658,559 93 268,083 58
Gross in force at end of year	14,962	\$33,121,877 1,465,509	\$390,476 35 12,034 47
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	14,962	\$31,656,368	\$378,441 88
777 4 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		_ 1 _	14.000

Total number of policies in force in Canada at date 14,90	62	
Total net amount in force.	\$31,656,368	00
Total premiums thereon	378,441	88
•		

Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883, by

FRED. COLE.

(Received, 1st March, 1883).

COMMERCIAL UNION—Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, London, England, 1883.)

Fire Department:-

The net premiums of 1882 amounted to £756,412, and the losses paid and out-

standing to £588,607, being 773 per cent. of the premium income.

The year 1882 has been marked by exceptional fires of unusual extent, and the losses which have fallen to this Company have consequently exceeded the average. After providing for all outstanding claims, the Fire Fund stands at £515,960.

Marine Department:—

The net premiums received were £211,835. The losses paid have been in ex-

cess of the average of several years past.

From the profits of this Department the sum of £25,000 has been carried to Profit and Loss, and after providing for outstanding losses, the Marine Fund stands at £207,750.

Profit and Loss:-

DR:

The Directors recommend that the balance of the Account be apportioned as follows:—

To payment of Dividend at 10 per cent. free of Income tax... £25,000 0 (Making 15 per cent. for the year including the interim dividend.)

£30,921 14 0

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

	£	8.	d.
o Amount of fire fund at the be- ginning of the year Premiums received after deduc-	551,359	11	7
tion of re-insurances Interest	756,442 19,275		

		CR	
	£	8.	d.
By losses paid and outstanding			
after deduction of re-			
insurances	588,607	9	0
Commission and brokerage	135,850	10	0
Contributions to Fire Brigades	3,560	4	3
State charges—foreign			5
Expenses of management	74,067	18	9
Bad debts	1,535	2	7
Amount of fire fund at the	•		
end of the year	515,960	6	3

£1,327,078 5 3

£1,327,078 5 3

CR

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Da.		Dad		
To Amount of marine fund at the	£	8.	d	
beginning of the year Premiums received after deduction of re-insurances, dis-	238,731	0	4	
counts and returns	211,835 7,053	18 8	2 4	

		UL	
By Losses paid and outstanding,		8.	d.
after deduction of re-in- surances	202,614	17	8
and register books Expenses in connection with Archangel Marine	854	7	9
Insurance Company Expenses of management	850	0	0
and commission	20,880	7	10
Bad debts	2 60	5	3
Amount to profit and loss Amount of marine fund at	25,000		0
the end of the year	207,760	8	4

£457,620 6 10

£457,620 6 10

COMMERCIAL UNION-Concluded.

O MI	THIOTHE CHICK TO THE CONCORDER.	
PROFIT AND LOSS ACC DR. To Balance of last year's account Interest and dividends not carried to Departmental accounts From Investment Reserve Fund " Profits of Marine Department Transfer fees	OUNT.—From 1st January to 31st December 2 s. d. 58,230 5 8 By dividend paid 15th March Interim Dividend paid 15th Sep 19,521 8 10 Directors as d auditors 5,000 0 0 Expenses not carried to Depute 25,000 0 0 mental accounts £107,789 4 6	£ s. d. 37,500 0 0 t 12,500 0 0 art- 18,552 10 6
	BALANCE SHEET.	
	31st December, 1882.	
Dr.	•	Cr.
(P)	£ s.d.	£ s.d
To Shareholder's capital	250,000 0 0 By Life investments and outstan 200,000 0 0 ing accounts as per separa	
Investment Reserve Fund	200,000 0 0 ing accounts as per separa 1,722 0 0 balance sheet	
Fire Fund	515,960 6 3 Mortgages on property within t	
Life account as per separate	United Kingdom	
balance sheet	828,869 12 9 INVESTMENTS—	140 400 0 11
Marine Fund	207,760 8 4 British Government securities 30.921 14 0 Indian and Colonial Governmen	
Profit and loss account Bills payable	30,921 14 0 Indian and Colonial Governmen 4,651 5 2 securities	
Unclaimed dividends	94 5 0 Foreign Government securities.	
Fire deposits	54 19 4 *Canadian, United States, Belgie	an '
Survey fee	5 5 0 and Brazilian Governme	nt ook ook 10 4
•	2,040,040 5 10 Railway and other debentur	304,367 19 4
Outstanding fire	and debenture stock	
losses 161,791 0 0	Railway and other preference	ce
Amounts due to	stocks and shares	23,028 15 11
other Companies. 4,097 9 10	Freehold offices, Cornhill, an	
Outstanding marine losses 5,945 0 0	branch premises Office furniture	
200000	171,833 9 10 Loans upon personal security	
	Branch and agency balances	182,583 16 2
	Fire losses due from other con	
	p nies	10,757 9 5
	ii Interest	
	Cash—On deposit 87,053 2	
	Bankers current ac-	•
*These are sums which, under	counts£81,571 0	
local laws, or by contract, are specifically deposited in Canada	In hand 118 3	168,742 6 6
and in foreign countries, as a	Bills receivable	15,888 19 11
security to holders of policies issued	Stamps in hand	586 3 0
in such countries respectively.	Suspense account	46 18 0
	£2,211,873 15 8	£2,211,873 15 8
	201121101010	

\$104,639 **19**

THE FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION (LIMITED).

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882. President—Col. KINGSCOTE, G.B., M.P. General Manager-WM. P. CLIREHUGH. Principal Office-London, England. Agent in Canada—WM. ROBERTSON Head Office in Canada—Montreal. (Commenced business in Canada, December, 1880.) CAPITAL. Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for.....\$4,866,066 67 Amount paid up in cash..... 973,333 33 ASSETS IN CANADA. Cash on hand at head office in Canada..... 18 57 4.679 36 Cash in Bank of Montreal..... Agents' balances..... 12,579 13 Office furniture (cash value \$1,600)..... 992 41 LIABILITIES IN CANADA. Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada..... \$62,657 14 Total amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada..... \$9,365 00 Total liabilities in Canada..... \$72,022 14 INCOME IN CANADA. Gross cash received for premiums \$122,129 34 Net cash received for said premiums. **\$110**,989 **43** *Received for interest on deposit...,...... 4.000 00 Total income in Canada..... \$114,989 43 EXPENDITURE IN CANADA. Amount paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years
(which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$5,288.23)......
\$ 5,286 23
70,281 69 Total net amount paid during the year for losses in Canada...... \$75,567 92 14,017 82 7,391 13 Taxes in Canada..... 912 25 Miscellaneous payments, viz.:—Adjustment expenses, \$450.39; advertising, \$998.49; postages and telegrams, \$1,757.06; printing and stationery, \$1,488.35; travelling expenses, \$577.69; sundry expenses, \$1,478.09..... 6,750 **07**

Total expenditure in Canada......

^{*}Paid direct to the head office in London.

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION—Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.	Amount.	Premiums thereon.	
Policies taken during the year—new and renewed	\$13,196,510	\$134,708 47	
Gross in force at the end of the year Deduct re-insured	\$11,180,478 89,679	\$123,407 61 1,327 86	
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$11,090,799 ======	\$122,079 75	
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total amount in force	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	No return \$11.090.798_5	66
Total premiums thereon			

Subscribed and sworn to, 12th March, 1883, by

WILLIAM ROBERTSON.

(Received, 13th March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Statement, 1883.)

The Directors, in submitting their annual report and accounts to December 31, 1882, have to record not only a large increase in the premium-income, but likewise a year remarkable for numerous fires, many of exceptional amount, not confined to the United Kingdom, but extending all over the world. The fire premiums for the year are £224,472 4s. 9d., after deducting £50,747 14s. 3d. paid to other companies for re-insurance. The losses paid and outstanding for the same period amounted to £144,422 12s. 8d., or 64½ per cent. of the net premiums. The corresponding figures of 1881 were, net premiums, £141,702 4s. 7d., and losses, £65,946 8s. 2d., or 46½ per cent. The audited accounts are set forth below. After provision for all expenses, commissions, state and other taxes at home and abroad, there remains a balance at credit of the Company (including £32,499 13s. 5d. brought forward from 1881) of £43,572 4s. 2d. The funds of the Company will stand thus:—Paid-up capital, £200,000; reserve fund, £50,000; balance to 1883, £33,572 4s. 2d.; making a total of £283,572. 4s. 2d., besides an uncalled capital of £800,000, getting a total security of £1,083,572. The increased value of the securities has not been taken credit for, and the expenses of a preliminary character, due to the establishment and extension of important agencies, are all discharged in the year in which they are incurred.

Income and Expenditure Account for the Year ending 31st December, 1882.

•	£	s. d		£	8.	ď.
Balance forward from 1881 Premiums	•		Losses paid and outstanding at December 31, 1882 Commissions, head office, home and	144,422	12	8
Interest on investments, transfer fees, &c	•		foreign branches, including contingent commission, on 1881 business	36,336	11	1
			branches, state and national taxes, rents, printing and stationery, &c. Balance carried down	43,350 44,301		
· •	268.410	16 9		£268,410	16	9

FIRE INSUR	ANCE	A	SSOCIATION—Concluded.			
Balance brought down	44,301	2	Ad-interim dividend for the half year ending June 30,1882, at 5 per cent.	728	18	5
			per annumBalance carried to balance sheet	5,000 38,572		0 2
- -	£44,301	2	7 -	£44,301	2	7
	BAL	ΑN	CE SHEET.			
Capital £1,000,000, in 100,000 shares	£	s. a	. £ s. d. Investments, taken at cost price—	£	8.	đ.
Capital £1,000,000, in 100,000 shares of £10 each, paid-up £2 per share. Reserve fund	50,000	0 (D Bank stock 5,802 16 0			
Balance from income and expenditure account, after payment of an ad-	25,347	18				
interim dividend for six months to June 30, 1882	38,572	4	2 Cash in hand and at banks, head office and home and foreign	25 9,59 5	14	3
			branches, current and deposit Premiums in course of collection Outstanding interest Branch and agents' and guarantee accounts outstanding	21,976 1 1,842 1 2,333 28,171	14 9	4 8
<u>.</u>	£313,920	2 4	<u>.</u>	313,920	2	4

THE GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

Chairman-John G. Talbot, M.P.

Secretary-T. G. C. Browne.

Principal Office-London, England; Organized, 1821.

Agents in Canada—Robert Simms & Co. and George Denholm.

Head Office in Canada—Montreal.

(Commenced business in Canada, 1st May, 1869.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed								
for£2,000,000 stg. \$9,733,333 33 Amount paid up in cash								
ASSETS IN CANADA	L.							
Bonds in deposit with Receiver General, viz.:-								
Canada 4 per cent. guaranteed loan	ar value. \$41,366 67 53,533 33	Market value \$43,435 00 58,886 67						
Total par and market value								
Carried out at market value			\$102,321	67				
				=				
LIABILITIES IN CANA								
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding	fire risks	in Canada	\$4 3,756	10				
Total liabilities in Canada	- 	\$43,756	10					
INCOME IN CANAD.								
Gross cash received for fire premiums Deduct re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return premiums.		\$74,897 90 3,802 87						
Net cash received for fire premiums*Received for dividends on stock		\$71,095 5,017						
Total cash income in Canada	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		\$76,112	20				
EXPENDITURE IN CAN	NADA.							
Paid for losses occurring during the year Deduct amount received for re-insurances	***********	\$18,067 66 3,040 72						
Net amount paid during the year for fire losses	••••••		\$45,026 13,666					
Taxes		•••••	897 98 6	17				
Total cash expenditure in Canada	•••••	- 	\$60,576	94				

^{*} Deposited with Receiver General for fire, the interest of which is paid direct to the Head Office in London.

GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE—Continued.

RISKS ANI	PREM	IUMS.					
Fire Risks in Canada.	No.	Amount.	Premiums.				
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new Do, do. renewed	1,772	\$8,507,234 4,865,366 4,133,280	\$75,781 48 40,069 44 34,828 46				
Total Deduct terminated	7,128 3,119	\$17,505,880 7,933,405	\$150,679 38 61,984 33				
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured.		\$9,572,475 119,957	\$88,695 05 1,182 86				
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	4,009	\$9,452,518	\$87,512 19				
Total number of policies in force in Canada at date							
Subscribed and sworn to, 13th March	ROBERT	SIMMS.					

(Received 14th March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, 7th June, 1882.)
FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The fire premiums, after deducting re-insurances, amounted to £283,954 11s. 3d., being an increase of £21,357 over last year, and the losses to £209,650 15s. 10d., being 73.8 per cent. of the premiums. These heavy losses have not arisen from any special casualties, but have been spread more or less over the whole of the Company's business. After adding £9,500 to the premium reserve fund for unexpired policies, the fire account shows a balance of profit of only £1,238 9s 1d. The Directors recommend that, in addition to the above profit, a sum of £2,000 be transferred from the fire general reserve fund, which stood at £285,000, to the shareholders' account in aid of the dividend and bonus.

The premium reserve fund, to cover unexpired policies, now stands at £127,500, and the fire general reserve fund, thus reduced, at £283.000. There will be, therefore, an aggregate fund (apart from the shareholders' capital) of £410,500 to meet fire claims.

Fire Assurance	Revenue Account.	
£ s. d.	£ 8.	. d.
Amount of Fire Assurance Fund at the beginning	Profit paid to shareholders' account in 1881	6 7
of the year, viz :- £ s. d.	Losses by fire, after deduction of re-	
Proportion of profit	assurances 209 650 1	
appropriated to	Expenses of management 37,024 18	
shareholders, 1st	Commission 44.281 18	3 7
June, 1881 27,666 16 7	Agents' bad debts 50 14	46
General Reserve Fund 285,000 0 0	Amount of fire assurance	
Premium reserve due	fund at the end of the	
to policies unex-	year, as per separate	
pired on 31st De-	balance sheet of the fire	
cember, 1880 118,000 0 0	assurance fund. viz. :— £ s. d.	
430,666 16	Premium reserve due	
Premiums received, after deduction of	to policies unex-	
re-assurances 283,954 11 3	B pired on 31st De-	
Interest and dividends 16,311 18		
Profit on sale of investment 1,530 6		
	To be transferred to	
	Shareholders' ac-	
	count in aid of divi-	
	dend and bonus for	
	1882 3,288 9 1	
		9 1
	¥10, 100	-

GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE-Continued.

SHAREHOLDERS' CAPITAL REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Amount of shareholders' capital account at the beginning of the year viz. — Shareholders capital paid up	£ 8		Ad-interim dividend to shareholders paid in January, 1881	£25,000 0 0	s. d.
dividends 54,517 11 10 From fire funds—Proportion of profit of 1880 as per fire revenue account Interest and dividends Transfer fees Profit realized on investment	1,054,517 11 27,666 16 44,264 0 26 10 361 2	7 0 0 0 9		1,000,000 0 0 56,836 1 2	1,056,836 1 2 £1,126,836 1 2

Ç,

GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE—Continued.

BALANCE SHEET of the Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Company on 31st December, 1881.

DB.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

•	<u></u>	
	£460.244 15 3	
£ 8. d. 75,310 5 8 96,047 17 2 105,443 15 0 1,020 0 0	51,613 15 11 20,579 12 4 28,834 5 3 1,397 10 0 3,415 1 0 5,868 12 3 30,200 11 7 6,239 16 1	
Investments— British Government securities	Railway preference stock (British). Indian railway succks, guaranteed by Indian Government. Salvage corps (share of houses). Agents' balances. Re-assurance premiums due from other companies. Outstanding interest, accrued but not due. In hand and on current account 14,622 10 10 Bills receivable—Agents' & Branch office remittances.	
£ 8. d. 413,788 9 1 34,628 0 0 9,637 14 4 1,550 0 0 640 11 10		£460,244 15 3
Fire assurance fund as per fire revenue, account * Outstanding fire losses * Re-assurance Prmiums due to other Companies — Commission due — * Commission due — * Commission due — * Expenses of management due — * Commission due — * Commissio	44	

•These items are included in the corresponding items of the fire revenue account.

9 11

£2,914,689

Gran! total

GUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE-Concluded.

											£1,065,963 2 1,415,481 12
	. d.	90	010	0	e 0	od ₹	-	9	•	9 9	3 1
	*	രാ	11110	0	8 20	01.0) — :	2		, ,	
	¥	1,95 5,05	93,311 11 69,430 15 60,421 13	25,000 0 0	187,221 8 31,965 0	26,158	20,381	10,915		14,267 1	40,004
T.		46	900								* :
SHAREHOLDERS' CAPITAL ACCOUNT AND ANNUITY AND ENDOWMENT FUND ACCOUNT.		Shareholders capital paid up	<u>u</u>	Indian railway debenture stock, guaranteed by Indian Government	ture stock (British)	Terminable rent charges on land	Life interest and reversions purchased	Leasehold ground relats \mathcal{E} s. d .	Outstanding interest, accrued but not due	Oash—on deposit	£1,065,963 2 3 £1,065,963 2 3 £1,065,963 2 2 £1,065,963 2 2 £1,065,963 2 2 £1,065,963 2 £1,065,9

*This item is included in the corresponding item of the shareholders' capital revenue account.

Norm.—In accordance with the Company's deed of settlement, the accounts of the life assurance fund, the fire assurance fund, and the shareholders' capital annuity and endowment funds are kelt as distinct accounts, and the respective assets are invested in the names of separate sets of trustees.

Grand total.....£2,941,689 9 11

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President-GEO. L. CHASE.

Amount of capital authorized

Secretary -C. B. Whiting.

Principal Office—Hartford, Conn., U.S. Organized, May, 1810. General Agents in Canada—Wood & Evans, Montreal.

(Commenced business in Canada, 1836.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital aut Paid up in cash	horized	••••••	············	1,250,000	00
	ASSETS IN CANAL	DA.	•		
Stock and bonds in de	posit with Receiver-General	:			
United States Reg. 4½	per cent bonds hares, 271k, shares 100.	Par value. \$55,000 00	Market value. \$62,150 00 5,975 75 39,500 00		
Total par and market value \$80,420 00 \$107,625 75					
Carried out at market Agents' balances	value			\$107,625 2,223	75 27
Total as	sets in Canada	•••••	- 	\$109,849	02
	LIABILITIES IN CAN	NADA.			
Net amount of fire losses but not adjusted	in Canada, adjusted but not due	e, and claime	ed \$2,063 85		
Total net amount of u Reserve of unearned	nsettled claims for fire losse premiums for all outstandin	es in Canad g fire risks	las in Canada.	\$ 2,063 56,016	
Total lia	bilities in Canada	•••••		\$5 8,080	06
	INCOME IN CANA	DA.			
Net cash received for do.	fire premiumsinterest and dividends			\$103,355 3,585	12 00
Total ca	sh income in Canada	••••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$106,940	12
	EXPENDITURE IN CA	ANADA.			
losses were estimated	fire losses occurring in previous in last statement at \$4,510.33) ng during the year	**********	\$ 3,734 83		
Total net amount paid do do do	during the year for fire los for commission or brokera for salaries, fees, &c for taxes in Canada	ge	••••••	\$56,553 13,365 4,177 667	02
Total ca	sh expenditure in Canada		•••••	\$74,763	46

HARTFORD FIRE—Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.

	No.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year, new and renewed	6,119 8,215	\$ 9,633,132 10,575,775	\$ 92,353 53 103,355 12		
Total Deduct terminated	14,334 5,903		\$195,708 65 90,312 15		
Gross and net in force at 31st December, 1882	8,431	10,688,292	105,396 50		
Total number of policies in force in Canad. Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon			••••••	\$10,688,29 2 105,396	
Subscribed and sworn to, 17th Januar	y, 1 88	33, by			
			F. W	V. EVANS.	
4Th					

(Received, 18th January, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS.

(Statement for the Year ending 31st December, 1882, as returned to the Insurance Commissioner for the State of Connecticut.)

ASSETS.

Real estate Loans on bonds and mortgages. Interest accrued thereon. Stocks and bonds, par value, \$1,356,505; market value. Loans on stocks, bonds, &c. Interest due and accrued thereon. Cash in hand and in banks. Gross premiums in course of collection. Other assets.	963,666 20,445 1,777,355 432,662 5,476 168,750 295,624 18,623	67 13 55 50 28 61 99 23
LIABILITIES.		
Net amount of unpaid losses Unearred premiums Other liabilities	. 1,463,495	62
Total liabilities, excluding capital stock	.\$1,729,039	79
Capital stock paid up in cash	.\$1,250,000 . 1,358,240	00

HARTFORD FIRE-Concluded.

INCOME.

Net cash received for premiums \$2,033,234 24 Interest and dividends 175,644 18 Other income 28,627 74 Total cash income \$2,237,506 16
EXPENDITURE.
Net amount paid for losses \$1,132,584 32 Dividends to stockholders 250,000 00 Commission or brokerage 296,984 07 Salaries, fees and other charges of officials 136,369 93 Taxes 33,274 93 Miscellaneous 179,139 79 Total cash expenditure \$2,028,353 04
RISKS, PREMIUMS.—FIRE RISKS.
Written or renewed during the year—amount \$198,861,902 00 Premiums thereon 2,239,484 54 Net in force, 31st December, 1882 237,918,573 00 Premiums thereon 2,797,566 39

Subscribed and sworn to, by

GEO. L. CHASE,

President.

C. B. WHITING,

Secretary.

HARTFORD, CONN., 11th January, 1883.

THE IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.	5					
Chairman-James: Dalison Alexander. General Manager-E. Cozens Smith.						
Principal Office-London, England. Organized, A.D. 1803.						
Agents in Canada—RINTOUL Bros. Head Office in Canad	a—Montres	d.				
(Commenced business in Canada, A.D. 1864.)						
CAPITAL.						
Amount of joint stock capital authorized £1,600,000 stg. Amount subscribed for 1,200,000 " Amount paid up in cash 700,000 "	37,786,666 6 5,840,900 6 3,406,666 6	00				
ASSETS IN CANADA.						
Stocks and bonds held by the Company:—						
Par value. Market value.						
Canada 4 per cent. stock \$ 51,587 00 \$ 53,650 12 do 5 do (inscribed 1885) 48,667 00 \$ 49,640 00						
Total par and market value \$100,254 00 \$103,290 12						
Carried out at market value (deposited with Receiver-General)	\$103,290 12,587	12 88				
Total assets in Canada	\$115,878	00				
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.						
Net amount of losses in Canada, due and yet unpaid						
\$5,300 00 Net amount of losses in Canada resisted—In suit						
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$⊭ 8,300± 102,569	18				
Total liabilities in Canada	\$110,964	18				
INCOME IN CANADA.						
Gross cash received for fire premiums	_					
Net cash received for fire premiums* *Add dividends on stocks deposited with Receiver-General	\$179,519 5,003	86 40				
Total cash income in Canada	\$184,523	26				

[•] These are paid direct to the head office in Liondon.

IMPERIAL—Continued.

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

Paid during the year for fire losses occurring in p losses were estimated in last statement at \$15,7 Deduct amount received for re-insurances				
Net amount paid for said losses				
Paid for fire losses occurring during the year Deduct savings and salvage Deduct amount received for re-insurances				
Total deductions	••• •••••	•••••••••••	3,916 48	
Net amount paid for said losses			\$89,887 74	
Total net amount paid during the year for Paid for commission or brokerage	\$100,755 16 28,750 52 1,818 20 1,579 28 4,310 63			
Total cash expenditure	\$127 919 FQ			
DIGEG AND			=	
RISKS AND Fire Risks in Canada.				\$101,213 [8
	PREMIU No. 8,964 3,640	JMS.	Premiums. \$189,569 60 83,824 39 109,580 22	\$101,210 }
Fire Risks in Canada. Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new	No. 8,964 3,640 5,024 17,628	JMS. Amount. \$17,878,751 9,313,628	Premiums. \$189,569 60 83,824 39 109,580 22	\$101,210 fo
Fire Risks in Canada. Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new do renewed Total Deduct terminated Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	No. 8,964 3,640 5,024 17,628 8,028 9,600	MS. Amount. \$17,878,751 9,313,628 10,558,699 \$37,751,078 18,263,713 \$19,487,365 639,313	Premiums. \$189,569 60 83,824 39 109,580 22 \$382,974 21 173,372 72 \$209,601 49 7,697 00	\$101,210 fe
Fire Risks in Canada. Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new do renewed Total Deduct terminated Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	No. 8,964 3,640 5,024 17,628 8,028 9,600	MS. Amount. \$17,878,751 9,313,628 10,558,699 \$37,751,078 18,263,713 \$19,487,365 639,313	Premiums. \$189,569 60 83,824 39 109,580 22 \$382,974 21 173,372 72 \$209,601 49 7,697 00	\$101,210 }
Fire Risks in Canada. Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new	No. 8,964 3,640 5,024 17,628 8,028 9,600 2,600 at dat	MS. Amount. \$17,878,751 9,313,628 10,558,699 \$37,751,078 18,263,713 \$19,487,365 639,313 \$18,848,052	Premiums. \$189,569 60 83,824 39 109,580 22 \$382,974 21 173,372 72 \$209,601 49 7,697 00 \$201,904 49	S 242 052 00

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882. PROFIT AND LOSS.

Premiums received in 1882 on £218,395,556		11	Losses by fire	£ 446,580 195,565 84,000 243 3,062 9,019	10 12 0 9	9	,

£738,471 10 8

(Received, 7th March, 1883.)

£738,471 10 8

W. H. RINTOUL.

IMPERIAL—Concluded.

Rest 1803 to 31st December 1881 Balance of profit and loss, 1803 to 31st December, 1882, bro't down Rest 1803 to 31st December, 1882, bro't down Add capital stock, 1803 to 31st December, 1882, bro't down	9,019 8 5 £767,815 2 2	British Government securities Bank of England stock	£ s. d. 378,388 13 2 24,907 16 3 23,589 0 0 0 71,226 10 0	2 3 0
— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	700,000 0 0	shares	19,996 0 0)
Unsettled losses£173,417 0 0 Bills payable 5,033 18 6 Unclaimed divi-	E1,467,815 2 2	Thirty "Imperial" fire Office shares	2,091 15 6	3
dends		Loans secured	36,150 ● 0)
Commission and expenses due to agents	213,235 13 1	Indian Government securities "railway stocks	39,520 12 6 194,540 7 4 131,235 16 3	3 6 4 3
		Cash at bankers	20,000 0 0 166 11 8 12,931 7 2 126,993 14 0	3* 0 8 2
<u>.</u>	E1,681,050 15 S	3 :	£1,681,050 15 3	3

(Signed)

E. COZENS SMITH,

General Manager and Secretary.

(Signed)

JOHN H. HALE, F. A. BEVAN, H. W. PRESCOTT, CHAS. BUGGE PRICE, Auditors.

THE LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882,

(Exclusive of Business in British Columbia.)

General Manager-Geo. STEWART.

Principal Office-Manchester, England. Organized, 22nd June, 1852.

Agent in Canada—S. C. DUNCAN-CLARK.

Head Office in Canada—Canada Permanent Buildings, Toronto. (Commenced business in Canada, July, 1864.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized	3,140,000	00
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages on which not more than one year's interest is due, constituting a first lien on real estate Interest due and unpaid on said loans \$92 45 Interest accrued and unpaid on do	\$ 3,000	00
Total interest carried out	165	90
\$48,666.67; market value	50,613	33
Cash in deposit with Receiver General in Dominion Bank	51,333	33
Cash on hand at head office	6,359	
Cash in Dominion Bank, Toronto	264	
Interest accrued and unpaid on special deposit	733	08
Interest accrued and unpaid on special deposit	17,625	50
-	\$130,094	
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Net amount of fire losses in Canada unsettled but not resisted \$7,947 52		
Net amount of losses resisted:— In suit (accrued in previous years)		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 16 0 17	52
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding fire risks in Canada.	124,926	72:
Total liabilities in Canada	140,974	24
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Gross cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for premiums	7,433	3 2
THAT AND AN WANTER AND		
Total cash income in Canada	216,240	59·

LANCASHIRE-Continued.

. EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$18,805.43)		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses in Canada	\$121,875 39,252 2,500 1,541	76 05 00 32
Miscellaneous payments, viz; Goad's plans, \$638.93; stationery, \$387.67; Exchange, telegrams and postages, \$410.70; Insurance Exchange and Salvage corps, \$273.00; Fire Becord and Mercantile Agency, \$150.00; Appraisals, St. John agency, \$50.30; Travelling expenses St. John agency, \$41.31; advertising, \$57.00; law expenses, \$58.88; sundries, \$111.81.		60
Total cash expenditure in Canada	\$167,348	73

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

(British Columbia business not included.)

Fire Risks in Canada.	No.	Amount.	Premiums.	
Gross policies in force at date of last statement (in- cluding Scottish Commercial)	14,860 6,682 4,281	\$21,977,905 13,954,7 9 3 7,713,406	\$248,750 52 138,774 31 89,423 62	
Deduct terminated	25,823 11,213	\$43,646,104 20,945 853	\$476,948 45 215,314 09	
Gross in force at end of year	14,610	\$22,700,251 379,817	\$261,634 36 4,846 58	
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	14,610	\$12,320,434	\$256,787 78	
Notal number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force	at dat	te	14,610	\$22,320,434 256,787 78

Subscribed and sworn to, 3rd March, 1883, by

WILLIAM BLIGHT.

(Received, 6th March, 1883.)

General Business Statement for Year ending 31st December, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Manchester, 8th March, 1883.)

FIRE BUSINESS.

The net fire premiums received during the year amounted to £624,156 0s. 4d. The claims for loss and damage by fire, together with the estimated amount to be paid for unadjusted losses reported to 31st December amounted to £459,762 14s. 1d. After providing for all claims, reported losses, expenses of management and re-insurances, there was an adverse balance of £314 0s. 3d., which has been charged to the profit and loss account,

LANCASHIRE-Continued.

DIVIDEND AND RESERVE FUNDS.

The interest and dividends on investments (exclusive of the interest on the Life-Assurance Fund) amounted to £25,874 2s. 11d., from which the sum of £5,913 8s. 5d. for foreign state taxes and the small adverse balance on the fire account already mentioned have been paid, leaving a surplus balance available for dividend of £19,646 14s. 3d. A dividend at the rate of 20 per cent. per annum was declared and paid on 20th July last, and a further dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. on 20th January, 1883. These dividends absorbed the sum of £40,500, and necessitated taking the sum of £20,853 5s. 9d. from the reserve funds.

The general funds of the Company are now as under:—	
Capital paid up	£270,000
Life Assurance Reserve Fund	597.450
Fire Insurance and Reserve Funds	379,863
Total	£1,247,313

The Directors acquired during the year a portion of the business of the London and Staffordshire Co., and have paid the sum of £6,696 7s. 8d. in connection therewith, but as these accounts cannot be closed for some months they will be dealt with in next year's accounts.

FIRE ACCOUNT.

		FID	·E	AU	COUNT.			
Premiums received after deduction of re-assurances	£624,	156 314			Losses by fire after deduction of re-assurances	£459,762 70,782	16	10-
•	£624,	470	0	7		£624,470	0	<u>-7</u>
	£400.	716 874	1	4	Dividends to shareholders, including that due 20th January, 1883 Foreign State taxes	£40,500 5,913 314	15	3
	==:	===	-	=		======	=	=

£1,366,104 12

LANCASHIRE—Concluded.

BALANCE SHEET ON THE 30TH DECEMBER, 1882.

LIABILITIES. ASSETS. - Investments-In Colonial Govern-£1,247,313 11 1 under life ment securities....£ 20,549 5 5 Claims policies admitted, but not yet paid....£12,128 14 0 Outstanding fire losses 85,060 1 1 In Foreign Government securities.... 299,099 0 4 Railway and other debentures and Dividends due shareholders, includdebenture stocks.. 101,466 5 1 ing that payable 20th January, 1883. 15,932 6 0 Railway preference and other shares... 37,414 2 2 House property and land..... 113,121 1 1 Scottish Commercial-57,859 10 0 Prepaid shares, due 1884..... 51**6,**38**8** 720 5,670 Loans on personal security...... Agents' and branch office balances. 164,236 10 2,257 18 10,359 16 Outstanding premiums at head office Interest accrued.....£14,279 6 4 Ditto on deposit....... 30,204 8 10 Bills on hand...... 665 5 8 Bills on hand..... 45,149 0 10-

£1,366,104 12

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING	31st Decem	BER, 1882.	
President - H. B. GILMOUR, Esq.	Sec	retary—John	M. Dove.
Agent in Canada—G. F.		de Oracia da 1	Mant and
Z. thought of the control of the con	-	in Canada	montreal.
Organized 21st May		1001	
(Commenced business in Canada	, 4th June,	1851.)	
CAPITAL.			
Amount of joint stock capital authorized and	anh		
Amount paid up in cash	£2,000	,000 stg. \$9 ,640 " =	9,733,333 33 1,195,448 00
ASSETS IN CANAL	DA.		
Real estate (less encumbrances) in Canada held by	the Compa	ny, viz. :—	
The Company's buildings, St. James street, co	_	• .	
Square, Montreal		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 96,846 45
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages on real clien) Interest due and unpaid on said loans do accrued do		\$ 951 67 5,248 66	440,506 08
Total interest carried out			6,197 73
Stocks and bonds, viz.:—	Par valna	Market value	
Toronto City debentures, 6 per cent			•
Dominion debentures, May, 1883, 5 per cent	3,000 00 7,000 00	3,000 00 7,000 00	
Montreal City debentures, 6 per cent., viz.:—			
Ordinary Municipal May 1885 do Nov., 1891	1,000 00 2,000 00 8,000 00	1,075 00 2,150 00 8,360 00 10,750 00 21,600 00	
Total par and market value	\$83,000 00	\$88,825 00	
Carried out at market value (all with the exception			
\$7,000, being deposited with Receiver General life)			88,825 00
Loans on life policies, being within the amount of when the loans were made		ender valde	1,551 94

56

Cash on hand in head office in Canada.....

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE—Continued.		
Cash in banks, viz.:—		
Bank of Montreal, Mentreal		
Total	122 483	ns.
Interest due and unpaid on stocks	1,771 8,884	39 0 4
	2,000	
Total assets in Canada	\$7,64,163	01
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	e di	
Net amount of losses in Canada claimed, but not adjusted \$1,300 00		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 1,300 115,197 50,000 1,036	8 7 00
Total liabilities in Canada	\$167,531	60
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Gross cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$161,961 30,571 9,215 4,450	13
Total cash income in Canada	206,199	16
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.		
Paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$2,359.60)		
Paid for losses occurring during the year	4.7	
Net amount paid during the year for said losses \$104,904.00		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses in Canada Commission or brokerage Salaries, fees and all other charges of officials	\$107,074 11,978 15,775	20 32
Taxes in Canada. Miscellaneous payments, viz:—Advertising, \$1,614.16; rent, \$1,900;	1,684	90
repairs, \$169.28; coal and gas, \$395.42; travelling, \$455.69; printing, \$708.44; fire brigade, \$45; postage, \$827,04; exchange, \$136.35; office expenses, \$220.94; law charges, \$36.50; surveys,	•	
\$817.50; underwriters, \$412.61, sundries, \$71.96	7,240	89
Total expenditure in Canada	\$14 3,753	42

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE-Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada. No. Gross policies in force at date of last statement 11,337 Taken during the year—new	9,179,163	Premiums. \$225,023 15 74,822 43 98,439 44	
Total		\$398, 276 02 158, 798 50	
Gross in force at end of year		\$239,477 52 7,102 82	
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$26,511,023	\$232,374 70	
Total number of policies in force in Canada at Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon	•• •••••	*************	\$26,511,023 232,374 70
Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1		G. F. C.	SMITH.
(Received 1st March, 1883.)			

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, 18th May, 1883.)

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The excessive competition for fire business which continues to prevail, and has spread to most parts of the world, reducing the rates obtainable to a point giving no margin for profit on certain classes of risks, and but a meagre one on others, renders it difficult, even with the greatest care in selection of risks, to conduct the business with a profitable result. Under these circumstances it is only with a business sufficiently large to give a fair average that any appreciable result can be expected, as only a small ratio of profit to income is probable.

The premium income on the fire business of the Company during the year, after deducting the sums paid for re-insuring surplus risks, amounts to £1,171,571, being an increase of £33,557 over that of last year. The losses, inclusive of a full provision for all claims that arose prior to the close of the year, amount to £751,813. The account, without the addition of interest, shows a surplus of £67,030, and with

interest of £153,006.

The profit and loss account, after paying the Globe Perpetual Annuities for 1882, leaves a balance of £234,044. It is proposed to pay out of this amount a dividend for the year of 12s. per share, together with a bonus of 8s. per share, leaving £111,224 of undivided surplus to be carried over to next year. On the 22nd of November last an interim payment of 6s. was made on account, and it is proposed to saue warrants for the balance, viz.: 14s. per share, payable on the 22nd instant.

The funds of the Company will now stand as follows:-

Capital (paid up)	£ 245,640
General Reserve and Fire Re-insurance Fund	1,500,000
Balance of profit and loss after payment of the dividend	
and bonus for 1882	111,224
Globe Perpetual Annuity Fund	1,102,800
Life and Annuity Funds	3,422,078
58	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE-Continued.

REVENUE ACCOUNTS.

FIRE ACCOUNT.

deduction; of re-assur- ances	Losses by fire after deduction of re- assurances
CAPITAL SU	MF INSURANCE FUND.
Amount of fund at the beginning of the year	Amount of fund at the end of the year £4,108 11 0
PROFIT A	ND LOSS ACCOUNT.
Interest and dividends not carried to other accounts 134,361 9 7 Surplus from fire account 67,030 6 4	Amount paid to Globe six per cent, perpetual annuitants in 1882£49,626 0 0 Less income tax. 1,240 13 0 Balance of dividend for 1881, paid 22nd May, 1882

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE-Continued.

BALANCE SHEET ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

LIABILITIES.

Shareholders' capital as stated in the accounts for 1872 Deduct stock issued to Trustees by authority of the Liverpool	£391,752	Q:	0			
and London and Globe Insurance Company's Act, 1864, and held by them in trust for the Company	146,112	0	0	£245,640	0	0
Life Assurance Fund—				2220,020	Ů	
Globe£385,920 17 0	£2,495,828 385,920	6 17	5 0	2,881,749	3	5
Annuity Fund-				-,00-,,10		
Liverpool and London and Globe 18,947 7 7	18,947	7 7	'	540,329	Q	3
General reserve and fire re-insurance fund Profit and loss	Critic.			1,500,000 197,198	0	0
Other funds, viz.—				·		
Capital sum insurance fund				4,108 74,656 65,625	14	3
Liability to the Globe Annuitants, viz., £49,626 per annum, payable in perpetuity to Globe six per cent. annuitants, and not entailing upon the Company any liability to redeem, the payment of the annuity being collaterally secured by the Guarantee Fund of one million sterling, included in the enumeration of assets in this schedule, valued at	£1,102,800	0	0	·		
Claims under life policies admitted but not paid-						
Liverpool and Lendon and Globe	46,466 14,862 146,520	8	3			
Other sums owing by Company—						
Other sums owing by Company— Bills payable Dividends due and unpaid Amount owing to fire insurance companies Current accounts owing by Company	27,463 1,638 26,565 4,793	13 6	8 2	1,371,109	17	2
£419,730 12 10						
With the state of	•		ä	£6,880,417	4	11

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE-Concluded.

ASSETS.

Liverpool and London and Globe.

Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom	452,637 1 7
Investments—	
In British Government securities	459,298 3 6 61,653 1 11 75,980 7 5 66,796 6 9 918,481 8 0 1,369,547 12 0
Ground 3 rents	30,021 18 , 0 ×
Agents' balances Outstanding premiums Revenue of the last quarter, ending on the date to which these accounts are made up; since collected 80,775 4 11 94,028 4 1	- 226,72 0 1 7 2
Outstanding interest, accrued but not due	174,803 9 0 56,214 6 2
Cash—	
On deposit	426,936 0 0
Other assets—	
Loans on life interests, annuities, and reversion	
Gbbs.	
Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom	
£419,730 12 10	
	£6,880,417 4 11

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.		
Chairman—Dungan Graham. Manager—Charles G.	Fothergil	L.
Principal Office—Liverpool, England.		
Organized or Incorporated, 10th December, 1861.		
• • •	da Morond	ł.
	ш—тогон	D.
(Commenced business in Canada, 1st April, 1880.)		
·		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed		
for£1,847,500 \$	8,991,166	67
Amount paid up in cash	899,116	67
Assets.		
Stocks and Bonds held by the Company:—		
Par value. Market value.		
Canada 4 per cent. stock \$102,200 00 \$102,200 00		
In deposit with Receiver-General	\$102,200	00
Cash on hand at head office	147	
Cash in Dominion Bank, Toronto	12,035	
_	5,124	
Total assets	\$119,508	11
=		=
LIABILITIES.		
Net amount of losses adjusted but not due		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 9,406	32
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada	58,654	30
Total liabilities in Canada	\$68,060	62
		=
INCOME.		
Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash received for premiums	\$ 105,196	5 8
Interest on stock, &c., paid direct to head office	4,088	00
Interest on bank account	255	66
Total income in Canada	@100 K40	24
TORST INCOME IN COMPANY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	\$103,540	42

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE—Continued.

EXPENDITURE.

\$ 30.536	52
2,595	
840	74
2,716	83
\$ 57,447	99
	2,716

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

	No.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Policies taken during the year—new do do renewed	10,947	\$ 2,574,299 12,287,551 905,457	\$ 30,700 67 136,979 69 10,622 75		
Deduct terminated	13,396 2,641	\$15,767,307 5,192,617	\$178,303 11 44,990 51		
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	10,755	\$10,574,690 2,374,519	\$133,312 60 29,192 37		
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	10,755	\$8,200,171	\$194,120 23		
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$	8,200,171 00 104,120 23	
Total premiums thereon					•
(Received, 2nd March, 1883.)					

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, 26th April, 1883.)

The net fire premiums received during the past year, after deducting those paid to other Companies for re-insurances, amounted to £490,001 6s. 7d.

The net losses, including ample estimates for all fires occurring up to 31st

December last, and not settled at that date, amounted to £343,151 10s. 7d.

After deducting all commissions and expenses, depreciations and other charges, and including interest on investments and other receipts, the year's working shows a balance to the credit of the Company of £22,023 4s. 11d. The addition of this sum to the balance of £22,918 15s. 11d., brought forward from last account, makes a total of £44,942 0s. 10d. to be now dealt with.

The Directors propose to pay on 4th proximo a dividend (free of income-tax)
•f 2s. 6d. per share, or 5 per cent. on the paid-up capital, which will absorb £9,260.

After providing for this charge, the financial position of the Company will stand as

follows:-

Capital (fully subscribed)	£1,852,000	0	0
Of which is paid up	185,200	0	θ
Reserve fund	210,000		
General fund	35,682	0	10
	•		

£527,801-12 0

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE Concluded.

INCOME AND	EXPENDITURE	ACCOUNT	FOR THE	YEAR	ENDING	31sr	DECEMBER.	1882.
THOOPE DIE	TOTALBUTIONE	220000112	TOIS LINE	T 2011	MINDING	OTDT		, 1002

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR	THE YEAR ENDING 31st December, 1882.
# s. d. Fire premiums (less re-insurances) 490,001 6 7 Interest on investments, &c 18,975 2 9	Fire losses paid and outstanding 343,151 10 7 Commission 78,515 8 5 Income tax, and foreign and colonial state taxes
£598,976 9 4	£508,976 9 4
BALANCE SHEET, 31	ST DECEMBER, 1882.
Capital—74,080 shares of £25 each £2 10s, per share paid	Buildings owned by the Company in London, Bristol, Dublin, and Mainchester, unenumbered
	Accrued interest and sundry debtors 2,739 12 9

£527,801-12-0

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

-		
STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
Governor—William Rennie, Esq. Secretary—John P.	. LAURENCE	e.
Principal Office-No. 7 Royal Exchange, London, E.C. Incorporated		
Agent in Canada—C.C. Foster Head Office in Canada		
Commenced business in Canada, 1862.		-
,		

CAPITAL.		
Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for\$ Amount paid up in cash	4,363,213 (2,181,606 t)0 50
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Montreal Corporation Stock Par value. Market value. \$167,000 \$178,690 00		
*Total assets in Canada and deposited with the Receiver-General	\$178,690 0	0
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding fire risks in Canada. Re-insurance reserve under Life Department		09 00
Total liabilities in Canada	\$ 41,406	09
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Gross Cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$ 66,57 5	79
England	7,500	0 0
Total cash income in Canada	\$74,075	79
=		=
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.		
Paid for fire losses occurring during the year		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses in Canada	\$35,706	
Paid for commission or brokerage	12,950 923	
All other payments in Canada	839	
Total cash expenditure in Canada	\$ 50,419	44
*\$59,500 of this is on account of Life Branch:		

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION—Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada. Taken during the year—new	No. 1,617 1,453	Amount. \$5,204,854 4,333,260	Premiums. \$37,666 17 36,234 60		
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	3,225	\$8,553,134 396,997	\$78,325 41 3,513 23		
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	3,225	\$8,156,137	\$74,812 18		
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon Subscribed and sworn to, 16th March, 1		•••••••	\$ 8	,156,137 0 74,812 1	18 18
wanderson and short out some mentals i	000, D		. Ć. FOSTE	R.	

(Received, 17th March, 1883.)

	£ 8. d. 185,833 11 4 47,804 10 0	2 2 2	£736,045 18 7 £ 8, d. 139,398 7 9	8 47 8	66,133 2 10 £241,951 4 0	£ 8. d. 107,586 0 0	134,803 15 10	£243,783 9 6
General Business Statement for Year Ending 31st December, 1882. (Abstracted from Directors' Report, London, 1883.)	ACCOUNT. d. 1882. 2 Dec 31. Losses after deduction of re-assurances and salvages Expenses of management (apportioned)	1. Premiums after deduction of re-as: urances and returns. 304,628 2 1 Bad debts		Returns of premiums Expenses of management (apportioned) Expenses of management (apportioned) Commission to agents abroad Bad dubist Bad dubist Profit, as per profit; and loss account, being profit on the marine account of the year 1879	Am.unt of marine insurance fund at this date as per balance sheet	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT. £ 8. d. 1882. 12. 41. 14 2 Dec. 31. Dividends to shareholders Provision made for contested claim made by surveyor	1. Interest and dividends not carried to other accounts carried to other accounts Less income tax Less income tax 14,535 3 0 fr. fit on life assurance account do fire account 4,535 11 6 do marine account 198 7 6 41,371 15 4	£243,783 9 6
	De G	å	18	a A	'و	18 Dec.	Å	

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION .- Concluded.

BALANCE SHEET 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

LIABILITIES.	ABSETS.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Shareholders' capital, £896,550, of	Mortgages on pro-
which is paid up	perty within the
General Reserve fund	United King-
Gonding the of the trade in the trade of the	dom £1,152,953 9 7
Fire fund 430,623 16 6	Loans upon parlia-
Marine Fund 66,133 2 10	mentary rates
Profit and loss 134,905 15 10	and rept
	charges 1,082,000 16 2
3,208,638 9 9	
Claims under life poli-	Mortgages on property out of the
cies admitted but	United Kingdom Nil.
not yet paid £20,370 17 0	Loans on the Corporation's life
Outstanding fir- losses 46,712 12 9	policies 43,954 10 0
Marine losses 1,065 0 0	Loans on railway and other
Annuities 167 3 9	securities 35,700 0 0
	Investments-In British Govern-
Dividends to share	ment securities, viz. :
holders 8,279 5 0	£346,000 9s 2d. (3
Income tax 612 17 2	
Fire premiums due to	p. c. stocks),
other companies 47 11 3	valued at£311,400 8 3
Clerks' savings' fund. 2,618 14 11	Turkish 4 p. cent.
Provision for contested	guaranteed
claim made by sur-	bouds 22,900 0 0
veyor of taxes in re-	334,300 8 3
apect of income tax 3,664 15 6	Indian and Colonial securities 87,468 14 5
83,538 17 4	Foreign securities, viz :—United
	States registered bonds 242,983 3 5
	Railway and other debentures
	and debenture stocks 16,886 5 10
	Railway preferred and ordinary
	stocks 58,936 14 6
	Municipal corporation stocks 40,420 19 8
	House property 7,839 2 6
	Reversions and life interests 81,126 7 3
	Loans upon personal security Nil.
	Outstanding premiums 17,576 2 11
	do interest
	Fire premiums due by other com-
	panies 2,749 4 2
	Cash:
	On deposit £6,000 0 0
	In hand and on cur-
	rent account 36,470 10 1
	42,470 10 1
	Bills receivable
	Policy stamps 46 11 5
£2 900 177 7 1	£2 000 177 7 1
£8,292,1 <u>77 7 1</u>	£3,292,177 7 1

THE LONDON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

President—James Armstrong, M.P. | Secretary and Agent—D. C. Macdonalde-Principal Office—London, Ontario.

(Organized and commenced business in Canada, A.D., 1859.)

CAPITAL.

A mutual Company, having no stockholders but merely members who are insured, and who are only bound to the extent of their premium notes given for insurance. The Company insures only private dwellings and their contents, and farm property.

ASSETS.

Loans secured by bonds or mortgages, on which not more than one year's interest is due, constituting a first lien on real estate Loans as above on which more than one year's interest is due, and for which judgment has not been obtained, first liens	50 0	00
Cash on hand at head office	1,284	83
Cash in banks, viz:—		
Federal Bank		
Total	<u>.</u> 61,401	33
Accrued interest on stock and special deposit	250	
Agents' balances.	21,087	63
Bills receivable	1,124	47
(Amount of same overdue, \$467 84.)		
Premium notes on hand		
Less amount paid thereon 104,304 54	223,884	50
(Total assessments on premium notes, \$119,756.76.)	220,004	•
Office furniture	648	53
Gross assets	\$310,781	97
receivable	324	13
Total assets	\$310,457	84
LIABILITIES.		
Net amount of fire losses adjusted but not due		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada	7,473 240,183	
Total liabilities	\$217,656	73
Surplus of assets over liabilities	\$ 62,801	11
•		

^{*}Deposited to credit of Receiver-General.

LONDON MUTUAL-Continued.

INCOME.

INCOME.		
Gross Premiums received in cash		
Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash received for premiums	\$104 ,893	21
Received for interest and dividends on stocks, and all other sources Sundries, viz:—Division Court, \$862.59; cancelled policies, \$138.17 transfer fees, \$215.42; steam thresher licenses, \$507.00; Bills re-		
ceivable, \$250.00; sundries, \$228.99	2,202	17
Total cash income	\$109,51 3	97
EXPENDITURE.		
Paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$12,095.40)		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses	\$60,758	44
Commission or brokerage	12,598	
Salaries, fees, and all other charges of officials, viz:—Fire inspection,	·	
\$2,343.59; Salaries, \$6,313 06; Directors' fees, \$847.10; writing		
policies, \$643.30; inspecting agencies, \$56.50; sundries, \$255.17	10,458	72
Miscellaneous payments, viz:—Bank agency, \$102.68; law expenses, \$2.50; postage, \$1,097.20; stationery, \$328.52; printing, \$915.40;		
advertising, \$235.59; rent, \$750.00; sundries, \$163.60; interest,		
\$145.16.	3,740	65
Total cash expenditure	\$ 87,555	94
CASH ACCOUNT.		
1881. <i>Dr</i> .		
Dec. 31. To balance in hand and in banks at this date	\$ 40 728	13
	₩ 40,120	10
1882.		
Dec. 31. Income, as above	109,513	97
	8 150,242	10
	U 100,442	==
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1882. <i>Cr.</i>		
Dec. 31. By expenditure during year, as above	\$ 87,555	94
Balance in hand and in banks this date	62,686	16
		····
	\$ 150,242	10

LONDON MUTUAL-Concluded.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada. Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year	No. 39,899 13,208	Amount. \$38,545,099 13,9 42 996	Premiums. \$458,762 28 167,674 21		
Deduct terminated	53,107 13,388	\$52,488,095 [14,359,841	\$626,436 49 153,111 44		
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	39,719	\$38,128,254 112,300	\$473,325 05 913 77		
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	39,719	\$38,015,954	\$472,411 28		
Total number of policies in force at date. Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon	••••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		8,015,954 472,411	

Subscribed and sworn to, 17th February, 1883, by

JAMES GRANT,

Vice-President.

D. C. MACDONALD,

Secretar-

(Received 20th February, 1883.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THR YEAR ENDED 30TH NOVEMBER, 1882. President-HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF ROXBURGHE.

Chairman - DAVID DAVIDSON.

Agents in Canada-D. L. MACDOUGALL & THOMAS DAVIDSON.

Principal Office—Edinburgh. Head Office in Canada—Montreal. (Organized or Incorporated, 1809. Commenced Business in Canada, 1862.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized, £3,000,000 sterling Amount subscribed for, £2,000,000 sterling	9	,733,333	3 3
ASSETS IN CANADA.			
Real Estate (less encumberances) in Canada, held by the Cor	npany, viz.:-		
Four story building, situate NW. corner of St. François Xavier an Hospital Streets, Montreal, occupied by the Company and tenant as offices. Lot on Canterbury Street, St. John, N.B., on which former office of	d ·		
Lot on Canterbury Street, St. John, N.B., on which former office of the Company stood.	of 3,240 00	\$ 73,240	0 6 ,
Loans secured by bonds or mortgages on which not more than interest is due, constituting a first lien on real estate, visually and the secured by bonds or mortgages on which not more than	z.:—	·	
Mortgage on land and building in Toronto do in St. John, N.B do and houses on St. Catharine Street, Montreal	12,000 00	44,000	00:
Interest accrued and unpaid on said loans	•••••	960	
Canadian stock and bonds, viz.:			
Par value.	Market value.		
City of Montreal, 6 per cent. bonds	\$69,875 00 57,750 00 51,750 00		
Deposited with Receiver-General in trust for security of policy-holders	\$179,375 00		
Other investments in control entirely of the Company:—			
Oity of Montreal 6 per cent. bonds	13 4 55 00 33,440 00		
Montreal Harbor 61 per cent. bonds 50,000 00	52,500 00		
do 6 do 31,000 00 Province of Ontario Railway Subsidy Fund certificates 88,893 10	33,945 00 88,893 10		
do do do 71,229 62	71,229 62		
do do 63,785 83	63,785 83		
Total par and market value \$519,908 55	\$536,623 55		
Carried out at market value		536,623 1,489	

72

\$240,196 05-

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE—Continued.		_
Cash in Banks, viz.:—		
Bank of Montreal \$33,863 23 Orédit Foncier 3,959 86		
Total	37,823	09
Interest accrued and unpaid on stocks and bonds	5,555	
Agents' balances	37,125	
Office furniture and supplies in Montreel, Toronto and St. John, N.B	2,500	0 0,
Total assets in Canada	\$ 739,317	90
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Net amount of fire losses in Canada, claimed but not adjusted 27,945 65		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* * *	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada		
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding fire risks in Canada. Re-insurance fund, under the life insurance branch	156,302 275, 000	
·		
Total liabilities in Canada	\$ 459,247	68 ===
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$273,515	71
Received for interest on mortgages in Canada	1,680	00
do on stocks and bonds and other sources	62,154	
Rents	4,450	-00
Total cash income in Canada	\$341,800	27
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.		
Paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$9,152.56)		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses in Canada.	\$17),488	
Commission or brokerage	29,926	
Salaries, fees and all other charges of officials in Canada	18,756 2, 5 38	
All other expenditure in Canada, viz: Advertising, printing and sta-	2,930	10
tionery, \$2,254.53; gas and water rates, \$299.96; Underwriters'		
association, \$364.12; travelling expenses, \$833.21; office furni-		
ture, \$16.67; Auditors' fees and legal expenses, \$294.66; other	0.40#	go-
miscellaneous expenses, \$5,422.37	9,485	02

Total cash expenditure....

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE—Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.	No.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new do renewed	15,514 5,869 7,653	\$35,745,858 16,914,970 17,476,994	\$351,164 50 146,303 59 176,048 28		
Total	29,036 12,026	\$70,137,822 29,493,543	\$673,516 37 282,736 06		
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	17,010	\$40,644,279 6,280,114	\$390,780 31 83,898 76		
Net in force 30th November, 1882	17,010	\$34,364,165	\$306;881 55		
Total number of policies in force at date Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon	\$8	4,364,105 306,881			
Subscribed and sworn to, 6th March, 18	883, by	T	HOS. DAV	idson.	

(Received 7th March, 1883.)

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Edinburgh, 3rd April, 1883.)

FIRE BUSINESS.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

During	the net premiums received amounted to 1882 the premiums received amounted to re-insurances	£1,360,087	19	9 '	1	2
han.	Net premiums	······································	•••••	_ 1,086,566	14	8
trita.	Exhibiting an increase of		•• ••••	£127,912	13	6

The net losses by fire have amounted to the sum of £677,562 14s. 6d.: which includes a full estimate of all claims that had arisen prior to 31st December, 1882.

After setting aside, as usual, one-third of the net premiums for the year, to pro-

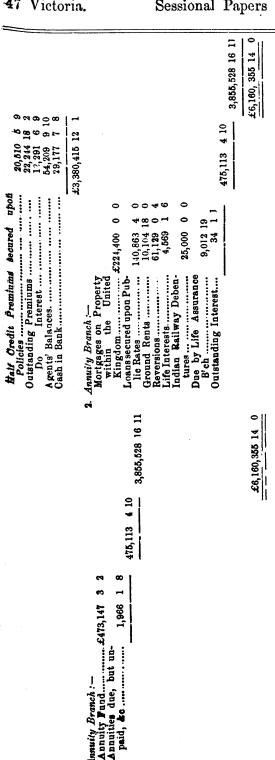
vide for liabilities on current policies, the balance at the credit of profit and loss account for 1882, including the unappropriated balance of £54,367 7s. 1d, brought forward from 1881, amounts to £167,895 12s. 6d.

41	v ictoria.	Sessional Paper	s (No.
	80,000 0 0 1,(00,937 19 10	1,374,661 10 8	£2,456,619 10 6
NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE Continued. BEVENUE ACCOUNT.—FIRE AND GENERAL ACCOUNT.	6f., 1882) paid out of balance at [1882] [18	Transfer fees	£2,455,619 10 6

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILLE—Concluded.

Balance Sheet, at 31st December, 1882.

					l
) ⁱ	LIABILITIES.	£ &	ASSETS.	A .	جن ^د
č	Capital : Subscribed	2,000,000 0 0 500,000 0 0	British Government Securities Foreign Government and State Securities Foreign Municipal Securities Foreign Relinary Securities	477.363 0 477.363 0 9,906 0 139,519 4	- m - w
E .	Fire Assurance Fund:— Reserve Fund.——£844,576 19 11 Premium Reserve		Colonial Government Securities	153,550 0 24,390 8 25,328 14 2,465 13 119,227 7	
	2,327 7 176,110 176,721 1 162,789 1		Premises in Edinburgh, London, and Branches, parlly occupied as Offices of the Company, and partly producing Rental. Bills receivable	326,733 10 193 4 17,585 5 2,153 3	2110
76	Re-assurance Premiums	1,804,826 17 1	Agenta Balances Cash in hands of Foreign Bankers. Short Loans in London on Security Due by Life Department	246,849 8 89,596 18 146,537 10 3,298 16 62,539 11	
			Cool in Louis one in Louis in	£2,304,826 17	17
	EXECUTE OF COLUMN SERVE		LIFE DEPARTMENT.	•	
ï	8.8 8.6		1. Life Assurance Branch:— Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom£1,911,275 3 6		
	Commission, &c., due		Mortgages on Property out of the Unived 33,240 12 10 Knigdom 33,240 12 10 Loans secured upon Public Rates 13,585 14 3		
٠	000 01				
	£3,3		či.		
			Indian Government Securius:		_ ,
			Guaranteed Stock		
			House Property		



THE NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1832	•
Chairman—Alexander Davidson. General Manager—Ja Principal Offices—London and Abordeen.	s.Valentine.
- · ·	T TD
Head Office in Canada—Montreal. Agents in Canada—T	CAYLOR BROS.
(Organized or Incorporated, 1836. Commenced business in Canad	la, 1867.)
CAPITAL.	
	,
Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed for £3,000,000 \$	14 600 000 00
Amount paid up in cash	1,460,000 00
and Managery & Assertan Managery Manage	
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Stocks and bonds held by the Company, viz:-	
Par value. Market value.	
Canada 4 per cent, stock \$85,833 33 \$90,124 99 do 5 do bonds 14,166 67 14,875 00	
Total par and market value \$100,000 00 \$104,999 99	
In deposit with Receiver-General, in trust	\$ 104.999.99
Cash in hand at head offices.	3.141 69
Interest accrued and unpaid on stocks	
Agents' balances	. 12,430 56
Total assests in Canada	. \$121,943 06
LIABILITIES IN GANADA.	
Net amount of losses in Canada reported or supposed, but not claimed	\$ 6.500 OP
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding fire risks in Canada	83,453 65
Motel Nukilities in Comedo	A CO 050 C5
Total liabilities in Canada	* 89,953 60 ====================================
INCOME IN CANADA.	
Gross cash received for fire premiums	
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$132,258 80 5,049 98
Total cash income in Canada	\$127 208 78
TOTAL MADE THOUSAND IN CARACTER CONTRACTOR C	VIST,308 TO

THE NORTHERN-Continued.

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

Paid for fire losses occurring during the year Deduct re-insurances	\$90,353 73 1,137 14		
Net amount paid for said losses	\$89,216 59		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses in Cana Paid for commission, brokerage, salaries, fees and all other	\$ 89, 2 16	59	
officials in Canada, and taxes		27,056	40 °
Total expenditure in Canada		\$116,272	99

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

(Fire Risks i	in Cano	ıda.)		
•	No.	Amount.	Premiums thereon.	
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new do renewed	3,996	\$10,982,357 8,558,483 6,208,690	\$122,754 66 85,059 85 58,919 53	
Deduct terminated	14,126 5,378	\$25,749,530 11,586,228	\$266,734 04 99,534 42	
Gross in force at end of year	8,748	\$14,163,302 622,420	\$167,199 62 4,774 34	
Net in force 31st December, 1882	8,748	\$13,540,882	\$162,425 28	
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force	••••••		8, 7 48 \$ 13	,540,882, 00

Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883, by

Total premiums thereon.....

THOMAS M. TAYLOR.

162,425 28

(Received, 1st March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Aberdeen, 9th June, 1882.)

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The premiums received last year again showed an increase over those of the previous year, having been £451,487 0s. 5d., as compared with £444,596 13s. 7d. in 1880.

The losses, as in many other offices in 1881, were heavy, and amounted to £287,526 3s. 4d., or 63.68 per cent. of the premiums. This ratio is higher than that of any year since 1873, and raises the general average of the Company's experience from the beginning to 58.08 per cent.

The expenses of management (including commission to agents and charges of every kind) came to £132,204 2s., or 29.29 per cent. of the premiums, a reduction of

'41 per cent. compared with the previous year.

The result is that, after reserving the usual 33 per cent. of the year's premiums to cover liabilities under current policies, a profit was earned of £29,459 19s. 5d., which sum has been transferred to the credit of the General Account of Profit and Loss. (See Fire Account.)

THE NORTHERN—Concluded.

FIRE ACCOUNT

£ s. d.	550,000 0 0	£ 8. d. 50,000 0 0 45,000 0 0 30,000 0 0 3,694 7 5 1,092 10 0 6,000 0 0 683 2 1 88 6 11 109,200 16 7	739 3 0
		50, 30, 1, 3, 109,	£244,739
8 0 1 6 6	8 3		المد
Loss's by fire raid and outstanding (after deduc- ion of re-assurances) Commission Expenses of management Proportion of Premium set asids to meet liability Under current policies, being one-third of the revenue for 1881 Balance of revenue transferred to profit and loss account Amount of Fire Fund at the end of the year, as per balance sheet.	£599,685 18 3	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT. £ s. d. 120,520 7 6 Amount transferred to Fire Reserve Fund in terms of resolution of general meeting held 10th June, 1881 3,196 4 of general meeting held 10th June, 1881 29,453 19 5 Dividend and bonus declared 10th June, 1881 29,453 19 5 Dividend declared 17th November, 1881 Allowances to retired, and to families of deceased, officers of the Company the Company to the Company and to late gene al manager at general meeting held 1919 6 5 Amount voted to late gene al manager at general meeting held 1919 6 Company is moiety of assurance premiums of staff Agents' bylance irrecoverable as years ba'ance sheet.	
ပုံ ဝ ဝ ရေးဝ ဝ		AND 8. d. 7. 6. 7. 6. 9. 5. 9. 5. 9. 5. 9. 5. 9. 5. 17. 10. 17. 10. 17. 6. 5. 5. 17. 6. 5. 17. 6. 5. 17. 6. 5. 17. 6. 17.	3 0
£ 8, d, 500,000 0 0 0	550,000 0 0	E 8. d. 120,520 7 6 31,196 4 4 29,453 19 5 57,091 17 10 1,919 6 250 8 2 34 17 6	£244,739
Amount of Fire Fund at the beginning of the year	25899,685 18 3	Erought forward from last year	*

					•	
-0 × 0	347,178 19 6 90,325 15 2 45,640 13 11 1,000 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	40046		5 2 2 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6	18 6
£ 8. (302,034 5 101,090 13	347,178 19 90,325 15 45,640 13 1,000 0 10,000 0		027.00		56,187 5 13,534 4 13,534 12,612 5 5 12,611 14 2,307 17 18,661 9 58,665 7 17 22,665 7 22,665 7 22,665 7	9 4
સ. જુ. જુ. જુ. જુ. જુ	47,178 90,325 45,640 1,000 10,000	87,275 69,618 2,884	236,186 291,317 255,590	27,050 11 37,050 11 88,835 3 52,650 19 2,682 18	56,187 13,534 106,612 12,611 2,307 31,508 18,641 58,665	5,418
				200000000000000000000000000000000000000	1206	£2,835,418 14
31st December, 1501. Assers. Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom ont of the United Kingdom (Viz., in Australia, under the direction of the Local Board at	Lean supported and other public rates do life interests do reversions do British Government securities do Foreign Government securities	debentures, prefrence stocks and shares of railway and other Cempanies	In Grillsh Government securities			વા
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be U e Ur	ubli ecur secu	e st nies	rnm rniie ures	sto	nces not arrived at maturity d agents fends old (on deposit) (on current account)	
1501. ABSETS. With'n the United Kingdom out of the United Kingdom ler the direction of the Lox	er p	ren m pa licie	curr ove ecu	Ef privilities stocks.	tand and vide vable	
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z, 1 rty und	and sts 3	entures, prof. ron. e stocks and shares of railway and other Companies Company's policies Onal Security	lon chin	r Co	ng r npen ims it an t no of ba	
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CEM on p	und parochial and other public rates life interests reversions British Government securities foreign Government securities	debentures, pr.f. ren. e stocks and shares of railway and other Cempanies	San G	by a shari	sions sple, l cher C cher C g pren g inte crued hand	nd de la compa
DE ges	Melbourne. 38 on parod iffe ic correver by Britis	do debe do the C do perse Investments—	Sritish Government securities Indian and Colonial Government securities Foreign Government securities Railway and other debentures and debenture stocks	Mailway and volder preference and granuces scores. Gas and water Companies' stocks. Rent charges. House property Freshold gr und rents.	Reversions Bills receivable, being remittances not arrived at maturity Due from other Uompanies and agents Outstanding premiums Outstanding interest and dividends Interest accused but not rayable Cash in the hands of bankers (on deposit)	Oash in hand
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HEET O 300,000 550,000 150,435	249,412 283,336 65,707 10,200 708,153		7,26			5,411
SH 8	249,412 15 1,283,336 10 65,707 5 10.,200 16 £2,708,153 1		£13			£2,835,418 14
Balance Sheet on the 31st December, 1531. & s d. & d. & s	non-participation branch	@ 640 m	1			1 411
LAN		8 8 8 9 16 16 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 11 5 1	2,830 11			
BAI		230,761 4 63,813 8 6,339 16 7,416 11	2,830			
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n Shar holders' capital paid up Fire fund Premiums⊹et aside to meet liabjility	Life Assurance Fun's—non-partics do participatic Annuity Fund	Claims under I fe policies in course of payment£30,761 Outstanding fire losses Outstanding charges Bills pa, able, being drafts ty distant agencies not arrived at maturity	Dne to ether Companies and agents Shareholders' dividends unclaimed			
lers'	ranc do Fun t the	nder ing f ing c ible,	her (
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THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

Statement	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31st	DECEMBER,	1882.	
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President-HENRY S. PATTESON.

Secretary-Chas. Edward Bignold.

Principal Office-Norwich, England.

(Organized or Incorporated, 1797. Commenced business, 1797.)

Agent in Canada—Alexander Dixon. | Head Office in Canada—37 Adelaide Street, East, Toronto.

Commenced business in Canada, 1st April, 1880.

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed	NF OFO DOO	00
for	\$5,353,333 642,400	00
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Stocks in deposit with Receiver General, viz:—		
Par Value. Market Va	lue.	
Canada 4 per cent \$100,000 \$109,000		
Carried out at market value	\$109,000 1,214	00 17
Cash in banks, viz.:—		
Bank of Montreal, Toronto, special account \$44,361 30 do current account 5,031 37		
Total	49,392	67
Agents' balances (Cash in Chief Agents' hands in Canada)	2,250	00
Accrued interest on special deposit in Bank of Montreal	227	00
Total assets in Canada	\$ 162,083	84
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Net amount of losses in Canada, claimed but not adjusted	2,650 43 ,933	
Total liabilities in Canada	\$4 6, 5 83	54
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Gross cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for premiums. *Received for interest on stocks, &c	\$7 3,066 4 ,000 833	00
Total income in Canada	\$77,900	15
*Deld disease to Trans () Co.		

^{*}Paid direct to Home Office.

NORWICH UNION-Continued.

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

EXPENDITURE	IN UA	NADA.			
Amount paid for losses occurring during the year Less amount received for re-insurance	··········	• ••••••••• •••••••	\$42,697 99 2,261 62		
Total net amount paid during the year for fi	re los	ses	•••••	\$40,436 15,016	
Commission or brokerage		837			
Taxes in Canada		592			
Advertising, travelling expenses, postages,	talegrama	00,2	•		
and stationary	CAPIC	ss charges,	toregrams	1,164	75
and stationery	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • •	606	
Total cash expenditure in Can	ada		- =	\$5 8,6 5 4	53
RISKS AND I	PREMI	UMS.			
	No.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Policies taken during the year, new and renewed	3911	\$5,542,538 9,788,396	\$54,922 06 83,239 36		
Total Deduct terminated		\$15,330,934 5,889,482	\$138,161 42 46,596 34		
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured		\$9,441,452 917,914	\$91,565 08 8,035 76		
Net in force, 31st December, 1882		\$8,523,538	\$83,529 32		
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon	• • • • • • •		No return.	83,529 83,529	00 32
Subscribed and sworn to, 15th Februar	y, 18		XANDER	DIYON	
		ALL		•	
(Received 16th February, 1883.)			(Thief Agen	t.
GENERAL STATEMENT FOR THE YE.		iding 31st	December,	1881.	•
Value of real estate owned by the Company Loans on bonds and mortgages—first liens Interest accrued thereon	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$117,381 240,000 3,45ā	00
Stocks and bonds, viz.:—					
United States bonds		\$545,000 00	\$641,737 50	,	
Canada Dominion 4 per cent. inscribed stock		100,000 00	106,849 33		
3 per cent. Consols, England		215,000 00	214,193 75		
New 3 per cent. Annuities, England	•••	262,769 08			
Bank of England stock	*** ******	130,000 00 63,647 47			
East India Railway debentures		60,000 60	69,000 00		
Sou h India Railway debentures		150,000 00	169,500 00)	
Cornwall Railway debentures		65.000 00	79,350 00	•	
Manchester, Sheffield and Lincolnshire Rail bentures	way a	100.0 0 0 00	119,000 00)	
North-Eastern Railway debentures		33,500 00	37,855 00		
				_	

Total par andsmarket value........\$1,714,916 55 \$2,125,284 33

		_
NORWICH UNION—Concluded.		
Carried out at market value	2 125 284	33
Cash in Company's principal office	200	00
Cash in bonk	741,437	
Cash in bank Interest due and accrued on stock	17,964	21
Net premiums in course of collection.	361,671	
Net premiums in course of confection.	301,011	J-X
Gross assets	\$3,607,395	00
standing premiums	. 8,926	56
Total assets	\$ 3,598, <u>468</u>	44
LIABILITIES.	*********	0.13
Net amount of unpaid losses	\$262,500	82
Total unearned premiums. Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid.	1,050,861	54
Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid	4,095	50
Due and accrued for salaries, rent. advertising, and for agency and	l	
other miscellaneous expenses	. 15,000	00
Accepted bills not due	900	00 ·
Total liabilities		86

Joint stock capital paid up in cash	. \$660,00 0	00
Surplus beyond capital and all liabilities	.\$1,605,110 ====	58
INCOME DURING THE YEAR.		
Net cash received for premiums	.\$2,147.7 88	42
Received for interest on bonds and mortgages	. 9,330	00
Received for interest on stocks, bonds, loans and all other sources	. 88,892	62
Received for rents	3,109	08
Total income		
Total moome	=======================================	=
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Net amount paid during the year for losses	\$1,232,03 8	
Cash dividends paid stockholders.	. 272,350	
Paid for commission or brokerage	. 402,888	
Paid for salaries, fees and all other charges of officials	. 100,810	04
Paid for taxes	. 26,959	70
General expenses	. 106,459	16
•	· ·	
Total expenditure	. <u>\$2,141,505</u>	61
RISKS AND PREMIUMS.		
Amount of policies issued during the year	972,860,450	00
Premiums thereon	2,380,323	36
Net amount in force at date	830,924,995	00
Premiums thereon		39
		==

Subscribed and sworn to, 1st June, 1882, by

HENRY S. PATTESON, C. E. BIGNOLD.

THE PHENIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF BROOKLYN, N.Y., U.S.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.
President-Stephen Crowell. Secretary-Philander Shaw.
Principal Office—12 and 14 Court Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.
(Incorporated 10th September, 1853.)
Agent in Canada—Robert Hampson. Head Office in Canada—Montreal.
(Commenced business in Canada, 1st May, 1874.)
(**** **************************
CAPITAL.
Amout authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash\$1,000,000 00
ASSETS IN CANADA.
U.S. Bonds in deposit with Receiver General, viz.:—
Par Value. Market Value. U.S. Bonds 4 per cent. registered \$100,000 00 \$119,625 00
Carried out at market value
Agents' balances 879 69
Claims for re-insurance on loss paid
Total assets in Canada
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
Net amount of fire losses in Canada, claimed, but not adjusted \$ 400 00
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada, viz:-
Fire \$14,185 37
Total reserve of unearned premiums in Canada 14,185 37
Total liabilities in Canada
INCOME IN CANADA.
Fire Risks in Canada.
Gross cash received for premiums
Net cash received for fire premiums \$:7,003 53
* Inland Marine Risks in Canada.
Gross premiums received in cash
Gross cash received for premiums
Net cash received for said premiums 101 02

^{*}This Company ceased to do any inland Canadian business early in 1882. The business here reported was nearly all covered by the Canadian Pool of Toronto, of 1831, the accounts for which did not reach our Home Office till June, 1882, and consequently did not go into our books till after that date.

85

PHENIX-Continued.

For	Ocean	Risks	in	Canada
For.	Ocean	Risks	in	Canada

Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash received for said premiums	1,772 60	
Total net cash received for premiums		\$28,877 15
Total cash income in Canada	=	\$28,877 15
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.		
Fire Risks in Canada.		
Amount paid for losses occurring during the year	\$3,710 48	
Inland Marine Risks in Canada.		
Amount paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years, (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$15,574.99) Deduct received for re-insurance	\$34,495 32 24,697 65	
Net amount paid for said losses	\$9,797 67	
Paid for inland marine losses occurring during the year \$ 404 72 Less sevings and salvage	\$9,153 21	
Total deductions	6,484 36	

Met amou	ant pana a	արոթ և	де у	ar ic	or said loss		• •••••	•••	•••••		. 🏚	4,000	99
Total am	onnt naid	during	the	VAGP	for inland	merin	e losse	in	Can	ada	\$1	2.466	52
I C MAI WITH	lount paid	uuring	, the	year	IOI IIIIANU	marin	O TOSBO	711	Cau	a u		2,100	
						,	^			,			

Total not amount paid during the year for mic and macinic resols		
in Canada	\$16,177	00
Commission or brokerage	4.278	60
Salaries, fees and all other charges of officials in Canada	1,875	00
Taxes in Canada	404	
General expenses:—Postage, rent, stationery, &c	1,864	49

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.	Amount.	Premiums
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	\$1,822,513 4,063,781	\$15,819 83 28,482 39
Total Deduct terminated.	\$5,886,294 3,244,845	\$44,302 22 16,767 69
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	\$2,641,449 61,350	27,534 53 492 49
Total net in force, 31st December, 1882	\$2,580,099	\$27,042 04
Inland Marine Rishs.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	\$ 119,309 1,960,236	\$ 6,473 98 21,887 54
Total	\$2,079,545 2,079,545	\$28,361 52 28,361 52

^{*}Including the Pool accounts before referred to.

PHENIX-Continued.

Ocean	Riobe

Deduct terminated	182,559	1,837 50		
Total number of policies in force in Canada at dat	e	No return.		
Total net amount in force	· · · · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$2	580.099	00
Total premiums thereon		•	27,042	

Subscribed and sworn to, 5th March, 1883, by

ROBERT HAMPSON.

(Received 6th March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

As returned to the Department of Insurance, State of New York.

ASSETS.

Real estate	384,750	00
Loans on bond and mortgage	298,000	00
Interest due and accrued on said bond and mortgage loans	5,371	
Stocks and bonds- par value, \$1,397,122.33; market value	1,636,089	50
Interest due and accrued thereon	2,049	9 9
Cash on hand and in banks	256,624	24
Loans on collateral security of stocks, &c., of par value, \$383,100.00;	•	
market value. \$481.200.00	303,830	00
Interest due and accrued thereon	2,032	
Gross premiums in course of collection	396,662	u6
Bills receivable	4,815	
Other assets	5,101	21
Total assets	2 205 224	60
±υ(αι αρεσική = = = = = = = =	5,200,020	=
LIABILITIES.		
	101 691	0.4
Net amount of unpaid losses\$ Unearned premiums	1 449 915	04±
Due and account for mont he	9 722	23
Due and accrued for rent, &c	7,611	55 17.4
All other claims	*,011	14
Total liabilities, except capital stock	1,650,852	00
Capital stock paid up in cash\$	1,000,000	00
Capital stock paid up in cash\$ Surplus beyond liabilities and capital stock\$	644,474	60
_		=
INCOME.		
Net cash received for premiums\$	2.496.610	60
Interest and dividends	100,631	28
Other income	9,897	34
<u> </u>		

Total cash income.....

PHENIX—Concluded.

EXPENDITURE.

Net amount paid for losses Dividends Commission or brokerage Salaries, fees, &c Taxes.	. 100,000 00 . 436,177 32 . 187,676 70
Miscellaneous	
Total cash expenditure	\$2,188,703 59
RISKS AND PREMIUMS.	
Fire risks—written during the year—amount	259,486,075 00
Premiums thereon	2,478 059 51
Net in force 31st December, 1882—amount	
Premiums thereon	2,571,898 03
Marine and inland risks—written during the year	91,848,421 00
Premiums thereon	464,317 98
Net amount in force 31st December, 1882	9, 69,211 00
Premiums thereon	48,956 00

STEPHEN CROWELL,

President.

PHILANDER SHAW,

Secretary.

New York, 27th January, 1883.

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

	STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	30тн	NOVEMBER,	1882.
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Secretay—John G. Broomfield. Assistant—Francis B. Macdonald. Principal Office-19 Lombard Street, London. Organized, A.D. 1782.

Agents in Canada—Gillespie, Moffatt & Co. | Head Office in Canada—Montreal. (Commenced business in Canada, A.D. 1804.)

CAPITAL.

This Company has no nominal capital, the liability of the shareholders being unlimited, but keeps on hand, for the payment of fire losses only, a customary balance exceeding £600,000 sterling.

ASSETS IN CANADA.

Canadian Pacific Railway bonds (par value)	\$57,500 00 50,126 00
_ ·	

Total assets in Canada (deposited with Receiver-General). \$107,626 00

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

Net amount of fire losses claimed but not adjusted 7,837 71	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	7 827

INCOME IN CANADA.

Gross cash received for fire premiums	\$235,208	12
Less re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return premiums	31,070	22
		_

Net cash received for fire premiums \$204,137 90 Add dividends on the deposit with Receiver-General, paid directly to The Head Office in London 5.014 89

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

Paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$1,587 34)	\$1,587 34
Paid for fire losses occurring during the year	V-1 ,

Net amount paid during the year for said losses 122,358 40

Total net amor	int paid during	the year for	fire losses	\$ 123,945	74
do	do		commission or brokerage		59
	do	do	tayes in Canada	1 644	25

PHŒNIX-Concluded.

Miscellaneous pa	vments:—
------------------	----------

Expenses and fees incurred in the adjustment of losses	\$1,006 49
Express charges on supplies, duty and cablegrams	77 30
Oalendars, \$315 00; insurance plans, \$543 55	858 55
Subscriptions and assessments to Underwriters' Association and Boards	227 45
Expenses in re Quebec Tax Act	103 66
Miscellaneous small charges	244 50

2,517 95

Total cash expenditure in Canada.....

\$170,815 63

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.	No.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new do renewed	5,667	\$21,084,403 12,616,234 9,260,881	\$240,814 62 132,283 38 102,924 74		
Total Deduct terminated		42,961,518 18,368,629	476,022 74 189,910 05		
Gross in torce at end of year	12,766	24,592,889 3,676,449	286,112 69 43,868 10		
Net in force 30th November, 1882	12,766	20,916,440	242,244 59		
Total number of policies in force at date Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon			\$20	,916,440 242 ,244	

Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883, by

A. T. PATERSON.

(Received 1st March, 1883.)

ESTATE OF THE PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

27TH FEBRUARY, 1883.

ASSETS.

Cash with court, less expenses and dividends Nos. 1 and 2, 20 per cent. each, and No. 3, 11 per cent. on claims ranking on Government deposit, and No. 1 30 per cent., on ocean marine and general		
creditors, not ranking on Government deposit	\$ 7,329	18
Cash in sundry banks	1,008	
Estimated cash value of other assets (not including claims upon share-	,	
holders)	1,700	00
	\$10,037	70
\cdot		

LIABILITIES.

(Same us Statement 1881.)

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Balance at debit of profit and loss, February 28th, 1882	\$47,878	70
Dr. Agents' balances written off	56	83
-		

\$47,821 87

ARTHUR HARVEY,

Receiver and Assignee.

May 4th, 1883.

THE QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

· diagografina antifolia	
STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.	
President—John Greaves Clapham. Secretary—Wm. I	HWN FIGHTS
Principal Office—Quebec.	ZONN I ISHEM
(Organized 2nd April, 1818, and Incorporated by Act of L. C., 4 Geo.	IV., cap. 58,
amended by 18 Vic., cap. 212, and by 29-30 Vic., cap. 27, and by Vic., cap. 69)	7 an Act 42
(Commenced business, 1818.)	
MATERIAL TOPO TOPO TOPO TOPO TOPO TOPO TOPO TOP	
CAPITAL.	
Amount of stock authorized and subscribed for	\$500,000 00
Amount paid up in cash	373,990 0 0
(For List of Shareholders, see Appendix.)	,
ASSETS.	
Real Estate—A lot of ground in the City of Quebec, situated on the westerly side of St. Peter street, bounded in front by St. Peter street, in the rear by Sault au Matelot street, on one side to the south by La Banque Nationale, and on the other side to the north by the Montreal Telegraph Company, with a cut stone building thereon erected, and known as "The Quebec Fire Office"	32,000 00
*Stocks and bonds held by the Company:-	,
Par value. Market val	lue.
Quebec Bank, 443 shares \$ 44,300 \$51,388 Banque Nationale, 600 shares 30,000 21,000 City of Quebec deben ures 6,000 6,000	
Total par and market value	
Carried out at market value	78,388 00 9,200 00
Cash on hand at head office	31 0
Cash in banks, viz.:	
La Bauque Nationale, Quebec \$2,457 79 Quebec Bank, Montreal 4,314 52 do Toronto 1,439 98 Bank of Nova Scotia, St John, N.B. 11,508 97	•
Total	19,721 26
Interest due and unpaid on stocks	687 68
Agents' balances Office furniture valued at	2,771 2 1 551 8 5
Rents accrued at date and not yet received	255 33
Total assets	143,606 39
Of these there are deposited with the Receiver-General:— Quebec Bank stock	
Total 975 200	

QUEBEC-Continued.

LIABILITIES.

Net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses	39,459	13
Total liabilities, excluding capital stock	\$45 ,278	45
Capital stock paid up	\$373,990	00

INCOME.

Deduct re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return-premiums		
Net cash received for premiums		45
Total		
Total cash income	\$59,624	22

EXPENDITURE.

Amount paid for losses occurring during the year \$42,337 83		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses	\$42, 337	83
years)	325	25
Commission or brokerage	3,468	34
Salaries, fees, &c	6,075	00
Taxes	648	86
Printing and stationery	383	00
General charges and contingencies	1,176	02
Sundry repairs and petties	143	80
Total cash expenditure	\$ 54,558	10

CASH ACCOUNT.

1881	D_{R_*}		
	nce in hand and in banks at this date (including \$2,092.14, Agents balances)	\$17,507	41
1882.		,	00
Dec. 31. Inco	me as above	59,624	22

\$77,131 63

QUEBEC-Concluded.

1882.

Cr.

\$54,558 10 50 00

Agents' balances).....

22,523 53

\$77,131 63

RISKS AND PREMI	ums.		
Fire Risks in Canada.	Amount.	Premiums.	
Policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new	\$6,909,640 1,882,283 3,130,969	\$80,432 12 20,674 50 33,140 86	
Total Deduct terminated	\$11,922,892 5,161,027	\$134,247 48 52,373 81	
Gross in force at end of year	\$6,761,865 325,175	\$81,873 67 2,955 40	
Net in force, 31st December, 1882	\$6,436,690	\$78,918 27	
Total number of policies in force at date Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon		\$6,436,690 00	

Subscribed and sworn to, 26th February, 1883, by

J. GREAVES CLAPHAM.

President.

W. L. FISHER.

Secretary.

(Received, 27th February, 1883.)

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31sr	DECEMBER.	1882.

President-BERNARD HALL

Manager-J. Moncrieff Wilson.

Principal Office - Liverpool. Organized 22nd July, 1858.

Chief Agents in Canada—Forbes & Mudge.

Head Office in Canada-191 St. James Street, Montreal.

(Commenced business in Canada, 5th July, 1859.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized, £2,000,000 stg\$ Amount subscribed for, £1,798,300 stg	8,751,726	66
Amount paid up in cash, £180,035 stg	876,170	33 ==
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Real estate, viz:—		
Lot of land in Maple Avenue, Montreal \$980 00 do New Brunswick \$100 00	# 1.00 0	00
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages on which more than one year's interest is due, and for which judgment has not been obtained, constituting a first lien on real estate	\$ 1,080 980	
Stocks and bonds owned by the Company, viz.:-		
Par value. Market value)•	
*Cape of Good Hope bonds		
Total par and market value		
Carried out at market value Loans on security of life policies Cash on hand at head office in Canada	148,434 2,792 1,337	47
Cash in banks, viz.:—		
Bank of New Brunswick \$ 122 26 Merchants' Bank of Halifax 5,300 00		
Total	5,422	26
Interest due and unpaid on loans		27
Interest accrued and unpaid on loans	107	32
Agents' and other unadjusted balances in Canada	12,873	44
Sundries—Office furniture, plans, stationery, &c. (approximated)	2,150	00
Total assets in Canada	\$175,190	13
LIARILITIES IN CANADA		

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

Fire losses in Canada:-

Losses claimed but not adjusted	\$5.450	00
Losses resisted and in suit (accrued previous to 1882)	2,000	00

^{*}Deposited with Receiver General for fire and life.

	1		
QUEEN - Co			_
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire l Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstand Due and accrued for miscellaneous expenses	ding fire risi	ks in Canada	. 118,031 24
Total liabilities of fire departmen Add liabilities, life department	nt in Canada	••••••	\$125,741 05 80,060 40
Total liabilities in Canada		*******	\$205,801 45
INCOME IN CANADA—FI	RE DEPARTM	IENT.	
Gross cash received for premiums Deduct re-insurances, &c		\$227,375 S 20,265 4	8
Net cash received for fire premiums Interest on bonds and mortgages Interest and dividends on stocks and all other			180 93
Total cash income	•••••		\$212,517 10
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA-	-FIRE DEPA	RTMENT.	
Fire Risks in	Canada.		
* Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous were estimated in last statement at \$11,200) Deduct received for re-insurance	••••••	\$ 8,996 9	
Net amount paid for said losses	\$167,32 23,60	\$ 6,996 S 6 42 6 46	98
Net amount paid for said losses		143,719 9	96
Total net amount paid during the year for fir Paid or allowed for commission or brokerage Paid for salaries, fees and other charges of off Paid for taxes	ficials	•••••••	23,787 96 12,000 00 1,683 98
Miscellaneous payments, viz.:—Office expen penses, \$262 43; legal expenses, \$71.30; be stationery, \$139.47; postages and trieg \$268.04; advertising, \$697.73; inspection \$47.55; rent, \$1,033.88; Underwriters' A Scotia and New Brunswick agency expenses	ooks and printed rams, \$998. on, \$626.57; Association,	nting, \$505.05 18; exchang contribution \$139.92; Nov	5; e, s, va
expenses, \$128.59			
Total cash expenditure in Canad	da	********	\$195,603 36
RISKS AND PR	REMIUMS.		
	No. Amou 1,013 \$20,358, 5,099 10,596, 5,697 10,293	,183 \$223,785 (,200 105,772	n. 07 13
Total 2 Deduct terminated 2		508 \$149,620	
Gross in force at end of year			
Net in force at 31st December, 1882 1	2,461 \$20,523	,020 \$232,702	03

Owing to a clerical error in our Halifax Agents' statement of last year, outstanding losses estimated at \$9,000 (less \$2,000 re-insured) were omitted.

QUEEN—Continued.

Total number of policies in force in Canada at date12,461		
Total net amount in force\$2),523,020	00
Total premiums thereon	232,702	03

Subscribed and sworm to, 24th February, 1883, by

A. M. FORBES.

(Received, 26th February, 1883.)

General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st December, 1882. Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, Eng., 25th May, 1883.

FIRE BRANCH.

The premiums of the year, less re-insurances, are £560,335, as compared with £599,137, and the losses of the year paid and outstanding are £440,906, or 78.68 per cent., as compared with £473,548, or 79.03 per cent. of the previous year.

The Directors regret that these figures do not show any improvement in the business, and that the causes which abnormally affected the business of 1881 continued

throughout the year 1882.

The causes referred to are, a great increase in the number of fires, but more especially the excessive competition which has prevailed both at home and abroad, leading as a result to rates being brought down in many places to an unremunerative

point.

The diminution in income arises from unprofitable business relinquished, in consequence of steps taken or determined upon by the Directors after mature deliberation, prior to issue of last report, and it is satisfactory that the liabilities attaching to such business have now almost entirely expired. It is desirable further to state that the amount of premiums relinquished is considerably greater than the diminution alluded to, thus showing a natural growth of income as heretofore.

The investments of the Company are detailed in the balance sheet at their cost, and their present market price, apart from the enhanced value of the Company's

buildings, is £40,359 in excess thereof.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

The loss on fire account after crediting interest and other receipts is. £17,435 4 6

A dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. free of income tax, has already

£9,001 15 0

9,001 15 0

-£18,003 10 0£35,438 14 6

Which amount has been transferred from the reserve.

After giving effect to the foregoing the funds will stand as follows:

Capital paid up

General reserve (£133,298 3s. 0d.) and fire fund (£168,300 0s. 0d.)

Life accumulation fund

Annuity fund

13,596 4 7

£925,438 3 10

£72,128 11 2

QUEEN-Continued.

REVENUE ACCOUNTS.

FIRE ACCOUNT.

Balance from 1881 Premiums received after deduction	£ 180,000		d. 0	Losses by fire after deduction of	£	в,	đ.
of re-insurances				re-assurances Expenses of Manage-	440,906	3	8
loss account	54,125	1	2	ment £86,861 7 4 Directors' and Auditors' fees for 1881 3,448 15 0			
				Commission	90,310 94,766 178 168,300	6 8	4
£	794 461	1	0	·	£794 461	1	•
P	BOFIT	AN:	D I	OSS ACCOUNT.			
Ralance from 1881		s. 15		Dividend for half year ending 31st	£	l.	đ.
Balance from 1881				Dividend for half year ending 31st December, 1881	£ s	ا 15	d. 0
Balance from 1881 £29,472 7 8 Less Income Tax 750 8 10	28,721	15	10		£ 8 9,001 9,001 54,125	15	=

35,438 14 6 £72,128 11 2

QUEEN-Concluded.

BALANCE SHEET ON 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

				•						
LIABILITIES.	•	_	a	A	SSETS.					Ł
Shareholders' capital, as per last	£	g.	d	Mortgages on pro-				29 1	. a	,
account	180,035	0	0	perty within the						
General Reserve	•			United Kingdom	£24,204	3	2			
Fund as per last				Mortgages on Pro- perty out of the						
account£168,736 17 6 Less amount car-				United Kingdom	187.997	O	٥			
ried to profit and						<u> </u>	_	162,201	3 1	1
loss account 35,438 14 6				Loans on the Compa	ny's po	licie	8	24,656 1		ţ
	133,298	3	0	Investments, viz:				•		
Life Insurance Fund			3	In British Govern-	4					
Annuity Fund Fire Fund		4	7	ment securities. In Colonial securi-	4,572	1	1			
Profit and loss account	9,001		ŏ	ties	38,344	1 1	A			
				In Foreign Govern-	30,022	- 1	- •			
	934,439	18	10	ment and State						
Claims under life policies ad-	1 F 000			securities	209,685	3	8			
		4	3 2	In railway deben-						
Foreign Drafts not yet matured	10,216	2	4	tures stocks and bonds	32,180	12	4			
Dividends unclaimed	262		ō	In railway prefer-	02,100	. 4	*			
Balance of re-insurance accounts		-		ence stocks and						
	19,894	10	8	shares	77,513	13	10			
Other liabilities:—				in Railway bonds						
Income tax £ 1,120 7 2 Legal expenses 556 1 11				and ordinary	71 407	a				
Advertising and					71,467			433,762 1	9 2	r
stationery 2,190 3 4				In house property,	includin	g th	10			
Other (expenses . 1,664 9 3			4	Company's offices	at Liv	erpç	JOT.	111	_ 4	
	5,531	1	8	and elsewhere	********		••••	205,016	2.2	ŀ
•	00:022	1.0		In the bonds and						
	90,932	Y		Local Boards, inco panies and build	rp ora teo anh	. UC	101-	33.090	9 :	2
				Loans on railway	~~~ B(, v.:pt			- '	
				stocks, and other						
				shares, and deben-						
				tures	7,275	10	0			
				Loans upon rever-						
				sions and life in-	26,574	1"	Ť			
				Loans upon person-	,0.4	-	-			
				al security, and						
				in connection with	<u> </u>	44.				
				life policies	3,656	13	8	20 BOA	>	
				Agents' and branch l	alanece		-	37,506 61,027		1
				Outstanding pre-	netarri Acti			ALEVEN.	44	•
				miums	13,146		3			
				Outstanding inter-						
				490	13,735	3	T			
				Clock on deposit and			-	26,881	M) N	D
				Cash on deposit and						
				at bankers	34,791	RR:	9			
				Cash in hand		7				
						<u> </u>		34,833	6	Ś.
				Furniture at Chie						_
				Offices	********	***	••••	6,567	2	*
							£i	,025,372	16 1	ī
£	1,025,37	2 k	6 H					g vargota		_
=				3			=			-

THE ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY OF MONTREAL, CANADA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.		
President—Andrew Robertson. Secretary and Attorney for Cartery and Att	Canada— iur Gagn	on.
Principal Office-160 St. James Street, Montreal.		
(Organized 23rd May, 1873. Commenced business in Canada, 13th Au	agust, 187	3.)
, 		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed for* *Amount paid up in cash	2,000,000 300,000	00 00
(For List of Shareholders, see Appendix).		
ASSETS.		
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages on which not more than one year's interest is due, constituting a first lien on real estate	\$ 35,275	00
Stocks and bonds held by the Company, viz.:-	•	
† Canada Pacific Railway bonds		
Total par and market value \$277,666 66 \$272,251 13		
Carried out at market value	272,251 14,097	_
Cash in banks, viz.:—		
Bank of Movtreal \$11,309 53 La Banque Nationale 10,000 00 La Banque du Peuple 25,000 00 Exchange Bank of Canada 25,000 00		
Total	71,309 23,709 46,828 24,719 5,401 2,242	61 30 10 25
Total assets	\$495,835	66
*Capital paid up		
Total paid		

ROYAL CANADIAN—Continued.

LIABILITIES.

LIABILITIES.		
Net amount of losses claimed but not adjusted:—		
Fire		
Fire		
The state of the s		
17,984 83		
Net amount of losses reported or supposed but not claimed:—		
Ocean \$15,966 74		
	A00 0#4	.
Total amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada	\$ 33,9 5 1	57
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada, viz.:		
Fire \$95,457 47		
Осева 42,023 00		
Total reserve of unearned premiums for risks in Canada	137,480	47
<u>-</u>		_
Total liabilities (excluding capital stock)	\$171,432	04
Capital stock paid up	300,000	00
- Carpana 200022 para ap		
Surplus beyond all liabilities and paid up capital stock	\$24,403	62
Surpius beyond an mabinios and paid up capital scook	421,100	=
•		
INCOME.		
For Fire Risks. In Canada. Gross cash received for premiums		
Deduct re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums\$164,621 84		
En Julius I Manten Distri		
For Inland Marine Risks. Gross premiums received in cash		
Gross cash received on bills or notes taken for premiums		
Gross cash received for premiums		
Deduct re-insurance, &c 27,955 64		
Net cash received for inland marine premiums \$59,820 89		
page of the control o		
Bills and notes received during the year for inland marine premiums and		
remaining unpaid, \$899.62		
For Ossan Riche.		
\$48.042 62		
Gross cash received on bills and notes taken for premiums		
Constant proper result		
Gross cash received for premiums		
Deduct re-insurance, &c		
37.4 3 1.10		
Net cash received for ocean premiums \$78,024 15		
Bills and notes taken during the year for ocean premiums and remaining		
unpaid, \$45,428.68		
	4000 :0-	00
Total net cash received for premiums in Canada	\$ 302,466	88
Received for interest on bonds and mortgages	13,426	41
Received for interest and dividends on stocks and all other sources	3,465	
Profit realized on investment, and claims recovered	11,715	
,		
	\$331,075	02.
Received for special assessment calls on capital	700	UU.
correct phones appearment caris on california.	100	OQ.
Motel each imports	4004	^^-
Total cash income	\$ 331,775	US:

ROYAL CANADIAN-Continued.

EXPENDITURE.

For Fire Risks.	In Canada.	In other Countries.		
Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$5,776.00)		\$2,833 19		
Paid for losses occurring during the year	102,363 32	******		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses	\$103,328 28	\$2,833 19		
For Inland Marine Risks.	•			
Amount paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at				
\$24,064.31)	\$25,244 27			
Total deductions	1,779 96			
Met amount paid during the year for said losses	\$23,464 31			
Net amount paid for losses occurring during the year Deduct re-insurance and savings and salvage	\$36,164 13 15,331 68			
Net amount paid during the year for said losses	\$20 832 45			
Net amount paid during the year for inland marine losses	\$44,296 76	1		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire and inland viz.:	marine losses			
In Other countries		\$147,625 04 2,833 19		
Total amount paid for fire and inland marine losses Net amount paid during the year for ocean losses (\$22,274.40 of this amount is for losses incurr			\$150,458 85,137	
Amount of dividends paid during the year at 5 per	r cent		12,750	00
Commission or brokerage	••••		36,930	
Salaries, fees and all other charges of officials	••••••		17,410	
Taxes			1,561	-
All other payments and expenditure	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		14,156	86
Total cash expenditure	****	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 318, 4 04	27

CASH ACCOUNT-NOT BALANCED.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.	Amount.	Premiums.
Gross policies in force at date of last statement,	\$18,466,073 20,388,533	\$208,935 48 193,801 11
Deduct terminated	\$38,854,606 16,720,078	\$402,736 59 193,641 89
Gross in force at end of year	\$22,134,528 1,908,813	\$209,094 70 18,179 76
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$20,225,715	\$190,914 94

(Received, 1st March, 1883.)

Secretary.

ROYAL CANADIAN—Concluded.

Inland Marine Risks in Canada.				
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year	\$ 62,416 5,532,268	\$ 3,705 5 60,636 0		
Deduct terminated	\$5,594,684 5,594,684	\$64,341 6 64,341 6		
Ocean Risks in Canada.				
Gross policies in force at date of last statement		\$ 38,939 8 99,150 7		
Total	\$5,747,859 5,166,939	\$138,090 5 95,137 5		
Gross in force at end of year	\$580,920 27,500	\$42,903 0 930 0		
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	\$553,420	\$42,023	 <u></u>	
Total number of policies in force at date Total net amount in force Total premiums thereon			\$ 20,779,13 5	
Subscribed and sworn to, 27th February, 183	33.			
,	ANDREW	ROBERT	rson,	
			President.	
	ARTHUR	GAGNO	N ,	

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Annual Control of the		
STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
Chairman—R. Brocklebank. Manager—John H. McL.	AREN.	
Principal Office-Liverpool, England.		
Head Office in Canada—Montreal. Chief Agents in Canada— M. H. GAULT and V	VM. TATLE	Y .
(Organized 31st May, 1845; Commenced business in Canada about		
OAPITAL.	0 -00 000 r	00
Joint stock capital authorized, £2,000,000 sterling\$ Capital subscribed for, £1,930,300 sterling Amount paid up in cash, £289,545 sterling	9,394,126 (67
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Real estate:		
Four story building, situate on corner of Notre Dame Street and Place d'Armes, Montreal, occupied by the Company and tenants as offices \$75,000 00 Four story building, situate on corner of Yonge and Wellington Streets, Toronto, occupied by the Company and tenants as offices 45,000 00		
Total real estate	\$120,000	0 0 ·
Stocks held by the Company:—		
*Canada 5's\$ 53,533 34 *Consols 511,000 00		
Total par and market value Loans on security of the Company's policies (Life Department) in Canada	564,533 19,303	
Cash on hand in head office in Canada	1,097	8 9 -
Cash in banks, viz.:— \$ 965 38 Merchauts' Bank \$ 965 38 Molson's Bank 94 14 Bank of British North America 5,047 23		
Total	6,106	75
Agents' balances (since paid)	45,094	89
Rent accrued	319	90
including supplies, block plans, &c	7,000	00
Total assets in Canada	\$ 763,456	27
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Fire Risks in Canada. Net amount of losses due and yet unpaid		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 23,481 400,921	
Total liabilities under fire branch in Canada	\$424,402 300,000	
Total liabilities in Canada	\$724,402	51
Deposited with the Receiver-General on account of fire and life.		=

Deposited with the Receiver-General on account of fire and life.
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ROYAL.—Continued.

INCOME IN CANADA (FIRE BRANCH.)

INCOME IN CANADA (FIRE BRANCH.)		
Gross cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$569,481 4,849	
Other income, viz.:—		
Conscience money		
Uanada 5's		
Total	20,951	72
Total cash income in Canada.	\$ 59 5 ,281	92
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA (FIRE BRANCH.)		
Amount paid during the year for fire losses occurring in previous years (estimated in last statement at \$5,424)		
Net amount paid for said losses 313,130 01		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses in Canada Paid for commission, brokerage, and for salaries, fees and all other		
Charges in Canada	130,384 2,292	91 29 ~
Total cash expenditure in Canada	\$4 48,53 2	21
RISKS AND PREMIUMS.		
For Fire Risks in Canada. No. Amount. Premiums.		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement 38,248 \$70,961,567 \$636,494 54 Taken during the year—new 18,213 37,008,093 352,731 89 do do renewed		
Total	,	
Gross in force at end of year		
Net in force 31st December, 1882		
Total number of policies in Canada at date	35,870,326 771,361	00≃ 02₌

Subscribed and sworn to, 9th April, 1883.

WM. TATLEY.

ROYAL--Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS SPATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, 1882.)

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The business of this department has progressed satisfactorily, the fire premium for the period being £50,246 3s. 7d. in excess of the income of the previous twelve months. The special feature of the year, however, has been an abnormal increase in the number of fires and in the amount of loss both in the home and foreign branches. The fire premiums, after deduction of re-insurances, amounted to £833,324 13s. 6d., and the losses to £591,748 3s. 9d. Deducting agents' commission and all management expenses, the net profit including interest on fire fund and current balances, amounted to £62,146 6s. 4d.

PROFIT AND LOSS.

The amount at the credit of the profit and loss account, after payment of the dividend and income tax for the year 1880, was £190,712 7s. 5d., to which have been added fire profit for the year, £62,146 6s. 4d.; interest, £63,680 16s. 5d.—£125,827 2s. 9d.; total, £316,539 10s. 2d. Of this amount there has been carried to the fire fund £50,000, and the directors now recommend, in addition to the interim dividend of 10s. per share paid in February last, a payment of 12s. further dividend from the fire branch, and 3s. per share from the balance of undivided life profit, all free of income-tax, which will absorb £120,643 15s., making a total of £170,643 15s.; leaving a balance at the credit of the account of £145,895 15s. 2d.

FUNDS.

After providing for the payment of the dividend, the funds of the Company will stand as follows:—Capital paid up, £289,545; fire fund, £550,000; reserve fund, £950,000; balance of profit and loss, £145,895 15s. 2d.; life funds, £2,737,858,9s. 11d. --total, £4,673,499 5s. 1d.

FIRE ACCOUNT.

Amount of Fire Insurance Fund at the beginning of the year Premiums after deduction of re- assurances Interest	500,000 883,324 25,402	13 12	0 6 3	Profit realized, transferred to profit and loss account	5 91,748 131,975 122,857 62,146	10 4 6	10 10 4
£ı	,458,727	5	9	1	E1,458,727	5	9
Balance of last year's account Interest	£ 315,893	g. 18 16	d. 11	Dividends and bonuses to share-hold-rs	£ 120,643 4,537 50,040	16	6
<u>.</u>	£441,721	1	8	Balance as per balance sheet	266,539 £441,72		
			=	•		*	

ROYAL-Concluded.

BALANCE SHEET ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

LIABILITIES.	£	s.	d.
Shareholders' capital	289,545	0	0
Reserve fund.	950,000	0	0
Life assurance fund	2,510,838	1 8	5
Annuity fund	227,020 550,000	0	6
Fire fundProfit and loss (subject to shareholders' dividend)	266,539	-	2
Perpetual insurance account	7,420		11
2 or poordar resources accounts the second s			
•	4,801,363		0
Claims under life policies, admitted but not paid	47,083		7
Annuities not claimed	134		
Outstanding fire losses	62,487		-6 10
Unclaimed dividends	1,578 2,487	8	
Outstanding accounts Bills payable	21,672		
10 payable	. 21,012		-
#	4, 936,808	1	11
Assets.			
ADDAID.	£	g.	d.
Mortgages on freehold property within the United Kingdom		1	9
Loans on the Company's life policies within their surrender value	157,317	0	3
Investments:—	410		_
British Government securities		1	3
Foreign and Colonial securities	34,529	7 3	7 9
United States securities	410,026 22,390	0	0
British railway guaranteed and preference stocks	1 194 590	4	5
British railway ordinary stocks	18,776	0	ŏ
Other British securities		13	8
Freehold buildings	233,002	6	2
Leasehold building	8,677	5	0
Loans on the Company's life policies, combined with personal security	250	0	0
Loans to various Towns and Townships in Great Britain on security	r 410 440	4 P	10
of the ratesLoans on British railway securities, with margins	413,446		2
Loans on Drivish ranway securities, with margins	539,515		1 11
Outstanding promiums (since received	90,118 7,674		5
Outstanding interest	67.893		10
Agents' balances Outstanding premiums since received Outstanding interest Cash in hand and on current account with bankers	72,474		0
•	4,936,808		11
			=

THE SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
Chairman—Alexander Ronaldson. Manager—W. V	V. W. RE	D.
Principal Office-Glasgow.		
Agents in Canada—TAYLOR BROS, Head Office in Canada	a-Montre	al.
(Organized or incorporated, 1866. Commenced business in Canada	, 1869.)	
CAPITAL.		
	4,866,666	RH7
Amount subscribed for 500 000	2,43 3,333	
Amount paid up in cash	243,333	
,		==
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
*Stocks and Bonds held by the Company— Par Value. Market Value.	10.	
Montreal 64 per cent. Harbour bonds \$20,000 00 22,200 00		
Montreal Corporation bonds		
Total par and market value \$33,500 00 \$36,712 50		
Carried out at market value	\$36,712	50
Cash on hand at head office in Canada	84	
Cash in Banque du Peuple	71,067	62
Agents' balances	1,235 6,162	
_		
Total assets in Canada	\$ 115,262	99
LIABILITIES IN CANADA,		
Net amount of losses in Canada adjusted but not due	•	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$ 1,625	00
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding fire risks	51,814	21
Balance of account with General Agent	2,852	04
Commission on uncollected premiums (Agents' balances)	1,232	50
Total liabilities in Canada	\$57,523	75
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Gross cash received for fire premiums		
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$ 72.313	
Total cash income in Canada	\$77,868	47

In deposit with Receiver-General.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL—Continued.

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

Paid for losses occurring during the year	79 49
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses	\$39,593 30 17,012 10
Total cash expenditure in Canada	\$56,605 40

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fore Kisks in Canada.	ло.	Amount.	Premiums.
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new	2,675	\$7,436,832 4,407,736 3,324,754	\$75,649 43 47,998 95 33,829 49
Deduct terminated		15,169,322 5,833,335	157,477 87 53,808 15
Gross in force at end of year		\$9,335,987 608,848	\$103,669 72 5,514 93
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	6,003	\$8,727,139	\$98,154 79
Total number of policies in force in Canada Total net amount in force			
Total premiums thereon	•••••	••••••	98,154 79

Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883, by

THOMAS M. TAYLOR.

(Received, 1st March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Glasgow, 4th May, 1882.)

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The net premiums received amounted to £123,908 11s. 2d., being £16,821 5s. 7d. in excess of the corresponding amount for 1880.

The losses by fire, paid and outstanding, at 31st December, amounted to

£106,803 14s. 2d.

The following figures will show the steady increase that is being made in this branch:-

FIRE REVENUE.

	1879.	1880:	1881.
Net premiums	.£95,639	£107,087	£123,908

As will be seen from the annexed statement, the fire losses have been excep-

tionally heavy, resulting in a loss on the year's operations in the fire department.

This has consequently reduced the Fire Reserve Fund, which now stands at £35,573 4s. 11d.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL-Concluded.

FIRE AND GENERAL ACCOUNT FOR YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

To Balance from last Account£58,270 5 4 Less Dividend at 72 per cent. 3,750 0 0				By net losses by fire, Proportion of general		14	2:
, Fire premiums£156,267 19 7 Less paid for re-insurances 32,359 8 5	£54,520		4	charges, Commission, One-tenth of furnishing account written	18,673 20,335		
,, Interest and rents	3,184	14	6	off, Balance (being fire fund)	258	Ī	_
	£181,644	11	0		£181,644	11	0.

BALANCE SHEET, AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.			
Liabilities. Assets.			
To shareholders' capital, £500,000— Of which is paid up£ 50,000 0 0, Itife assurance and annuity funds 136,316 3 3, Fire fund	£ 84,976 gow 62,472 28,270 k 14,891 4,366 2,988 with-	12 18 16 6 15	2 3 10 8 9
offices, and premiums in control of collection at the head offices, Interest accrued but not due ,, Cash at bankers, Bankers' Remittance Bills on the first state of the control of the c	ice 23,321 869 13,519 hand 3,988	7 5 4	6 4 3 4 11
£247,164 9 5	£247,164	9	5.

THE SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEM	RED 1882
	•
·	-P. PATTISON.
Principal Office-Edinburgh, Scotland.	
Agents in Canada—Kavanagh & Bossé. Head Office in Canad	la-Montreal.
(Organized or Incorporated, A.D., 1824. Commenced business in C	
ary, 1882).	
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized	21,757,000 00
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Bonds and debentures in deposit with Receiver-General:-	
Par Value Market Value	Δ.
County of Middlesex debentures \$50,000 00 \$57,875 00 City of Toronto bonds 61,185 00 64,798 00	
Total par and market value \$111,185 00 \$122,673 00	
Carried out at market value	\$122,673 00
Madal Armada in Clausala	A104.040.00
Total Assets in Canada	\$124,312 28
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Net amount of losses in Canada adjusted but not due	8
Rotal net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses in Canada	\$3,053 38 18,197 80
Total liabilities in Canada	\$21,251 18
INCOME IN CANADA.	
Total cash received for premiums	CON CON OA
Received for interest and dividends	\$37,627 34 6,167 20
Total income in Canada	\$43,794.54
EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.	
Net amount paid during the year for losses	\$8,317 59
Commission or brokerage	5,544 10
Salaries, fees and all other charges of officials in Canada	2,156 80
Taxes in Canada	440 00
General Agency expenses	446 15
Total expenditure in Canada	\$16,904 63

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL-Continued.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Fire Risks in Canada.	No.	Amount.	Premiums.		
Taken during the year—new	2408 312	\$4,085,685 395,135	\$37,627 34 3,298 44		
Gross and net in force 31st December, 1882	2096	\$3,690,550	\$34,328 90		
Total number of policies in force in Canada a	t date)	2096		
Total net amount in force				90,550	00
Total premiums thereon					

Subscribed and sworn to, 17th February, 1883, by

WALTER KAVANAGH,

Chief Agent.

68,949 43

(Received 19th February, 1883.)

GENERAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1881.

(As returned to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of Connecticut.)

Interest due and accrued on said loans.

	. 00,010	10
Stocks and bonds owned by the Company, par value, \$1,736,742.52; mar-	•	
ket value	1,889,840	ΛΛ
Adu ya!ud	1,000,040	VV
Interest due and accrued on stocks	3,900	00
Loans on collateral security of stock, bonds, &c	1,090,179	55
Interest due and accrued on said loans	11,331	60
Cash on hand and in bank		
Gross premiums in course of collection	379,007	
Rents due and accrued		
Interest account on bank democity	5 150	00
Interest accrued on bank deposits	9,190	VV
Total assets	14.031.409	19
Total assets	14,031,409	19
Total assets	14,031,409	19
Total assets	14,031,409	19
LIABILITIES.		
LIABILITIES. Net amount of unpaid losses	. \$115,991	83
Net amount of unpaid losses	\$115,991 404,129	83
Net amount of unpaid losses	\$115,991 404,129	83
Net amount of unpaid losses	. \$115,991 404,129	83 77
Net amount of unpaid losses. Unearned fire premiums. Net premium reserve and other liabilities (except capital stock) under the Life department.	. \$115,991 404,129	83 77 33
Net amount of unpaid losses. Unearned fire premiums. Net premium reserve and other liabilities (except capital stock) under the Life department. Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid.	\$115,991 404,129 11,517,206 5,062	83 77 33 87
Net amount of unpaid losses. Unearned fire premiums. Net premium reserve and other liabilities (except capital stock) under the Life department. Cash dividends to stockholders remaining unpaid. Due and accrued for salaries, rent, advertising, &c	\$115,991 404,129 11,517,206 5,062 20,873	83 77 33 87
Net amount of unpaid losses. Unearned fire premiums. Net premium reserve and other liabilities (except capital stock) under the Life department.	\$115,991 404,129 11,517,206 5,062 20,873	83 77 33 87 50

Capital stock (less stock repurchased and held by the Company)........\$1,215,235 00

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL-Concluded.

INCOME DURING THE YEAR.

Net cash received for fire premiums Premiums on life assurance and annuity departments Interest and dividends Rents	1,431,106 510,974	31 14
Total income	99 062 200	0.6

Total income......82,963,392 96

EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.

Net amount paid for fire losses		77
"Cash dividends paid stockholders	226,056	79
Commission or brokerage, fire department	138,896	41
Salaries, fees, and all other charges of officials, fire department	121,916	35
Taxes	5, 66 0	54
·Claims, surrenders, charges, &c., life assurance and annuity departments	1,211,261	14

RISKS AND PREMIUMS-FIRE RISKS.

Written during the year—amount	462,944,756	00
Premiums thereon	1,227,794	89
Net amount in force at date		
Premiums thereon		

Subscribed and sworn to, 6th July, 1882, by

JOHN M. McCANDLISH,

President.

P. PATTISON,

Secretary.

(Received 12th February, 1883.)

\$243,242 06

THE SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st D	POPMBER 1889
President—Hon. ALEX. MACKENZIE.	
·	Secretary—F. A. BALL.
Principal Office—Toronto.	
Organized or incorporated 14th April, 1871. Comme July, 1871.	nced business in Canada
paragraphic ferrina	
CAPITAL.	
Amount of joint stock capital authorized	
Amount subscribed for	600,000 00
Amount paid up in cash	191,890 00
(For List of Shareholders, see Appen	dix.)
ASSETS.	
Value of real estate (less encumbrances) held by the Com	раву \$ 1,687 74-
Loans secured by boads and mortgages on which not m	nore than one
year's interest is due, constituting a first lien on real	
Interest accrued and unpaid on said loans	76 42
Stock and bonds owned by the Company:—	Walter Walt
*City of Toronto debentures \$57,035	60 \$62.453.32
• do Hamilton do	00 1-,400 80
Total par and market value \$93,475	99,754 13
Carried out at market value	99,254 12
Amount of loans secured by bonds, stock or other marketal	ole collaterals,
∀iz	52,940 00
	value. Amount loaned.
Canada Permanent Loan and Savings Company\$ 4,000 00 \$ 9,20 Dominion Bank 8,750 00 Federal Bank 20,000 00	0 00 \$ 6,800 00
Federal Bank 20.000 00 30.50	37 50 17,000 00 90 00 29.140 00
Allega, vom - enga . Allega .	···
\$32,750 00 \$56,93	37 to \$52,940 0)
Cash on hand at head office	5,775 20
Cash in banks, viz.:—	
Land Security Company (\$6.634.00 of which is deposited wit	h the
Land Security Company (\$6,634.00 of which is deposited wit Receiver General)	\$21,684 00
ORDAGIAN DAGE OF COMMERCE	3,762 00
Total	
Interest accrued and unpaid on stock	
Interest accrued and unpaid on loans	
Agents' balances Bills receivable (amount of same overdue, \$133.12)	
Amount of premium notes on hand on which policies are	issued 133 12° 1,897 72°
Office furniture and fittings (Montreal and Toronto offices)) 1,506 40
0. (month and 20.0000)	,

^{*}Deposited with Receiver-General.

Total assets.....

SOVEREIGN—Continued.

LIABILITIES.

(1) Liabilities in Canada.

Net amount of losses due and yet unpaid	nount accrued			
previous to 1882) Net amount of losses adjusted, but not due		9,313 50		
to repetite of pappoones, but not common in				
	 \$1	8 481 04		
Net amount of losses resisted, viz:				
In suit		2,800 00 2,745 51		
		5,545 51		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losser Total reserve of unearned premiums for risks in C Dividends declared and due and remaining unpaid	s in Canada anada		\$24,026 96,093 118	55 16 91
Total liabilities	•••••	•••••	\$120,238	62
		=		=
(2.) Liabilities in other (Countries.			
Net amount of lesses reported or supposed, but not claim	ned\$	12,265 29		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for fire losses Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding				
Total liabilities in other countries	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$31,610	47
Total liabilities (excluding capital stock) in all co	antries		\$151,849	09
Capital stock paid up in cash	***********	••••••••	\$191,890	00
INCOME.				
For Fire Risks.	In Canada. In	other Cou	atries.	
Gross cash received for premiums Deduct re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return-premiums				
Net cash received for premiums	\$102,553 84	16,141 88		
Bills and notes received during the year for prenunpaid \$1,897.72.	niums, and re	maining		
Total net cash received for premiums in all countres Received for interest and dividends on stocks and Other income (transfer fees)	all other sour	·ces	4,968	
Total	••••••	••••••	\$123,723 73,450	
Total cash income	*************	·········	\$197,173	81

SOVEREIGN-Continued.

EXPENDITURE.

For Fire Risks.	In Canada.	In other Cou	ntries.	
Amount paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$10,542 26).		••••		
Amount paid for losses occurring during the yearLess received for re-insurances	\$78,880 12 9,425 43	\$2,643 30		
Net amount paid for said losses	\$69,454 69	\$2,643 30		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire losses	es viz. :—			
Amount of dividends paid during the year	2,877.44;		\$81,454 8 24,929 12,358	$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ 24 \end{array}$
taxes, and Quebec municipal taxes, \$1,215.0 printing, \$1,727.46; office books, policy books \$497.51; postage, express, telegrams and exoffice expenses, caretakers, &c., \$99.02; legal adjusting losses, \$1,622.82; office furniture, plans, \$216.00.	oks and s xchange, expenses \$242.29;	stationery, \$1,830.04; , \$459.61; insurance	10,787	28
Total cash expenditure		ث		

SOVEREIGN—Continued.

		TIBIN	WIERS AND FIRMINGS	i Orano						_
		In Canada	la.	. 1	In other Countries.	tries.	To	Total in all Countries.	untries.	
For Fire Risks.	No.	Amount	Premiums thereon.	No.	Amount.	Premiums thereon.	N _Q	Amount	Premiums thereon.	
Gross policies in force at date of last statement. Taken during the year—new	24,115 8,690 2,551	\$18,730,537 9,679,908 2,605,999	\$235,591 00 112,368 39 33,219 79	4,108	\$10,349,167	\$45,018 24	\$24,115 12,798 2,551	\$18,730,537 20,029,075 2,605,999	\$2?5,591 00 157,386 63 33,219 79	
Total, Deduct terminated	35,356 9,300	\$31,016,444 8,857,750	\$381,179 18 134,550 74	4,108 6.0	\$10,349,167	\$45,018 24 6,798 45	39,464 9,920	\$41,365,611 10,943,572	\$426,197 42 141,349 19	
Gross in force at end of year Deduct reinsured	26,056		\$246,628 44 34,262 90	3,488	\$8,563,345	\$38,219 79	29,544	\$30,422,039 3,189,983	284,848 23 38,263 90	
Net in force at 31st December, 1882.	26,056	\$18,968,711	\$208,365 54	3,488	\$8,263,345	\$38,219 79	19,544	\$27,232,056	\$246 585 33	

SOVEREIGN-Concluded.

	CASH ACCOUNT.		
1881.	Dr.		
Dec. 31.	To balance in hand and in Banks as at this date	\$ 22, 475	31
	To income as above To received from realization of investments	197,173 4,350	
		\$224,009	12
1882.	Cr.		
Dec. 31.	By expenditure during year as above	63.250	00
	-	\$224 ,009	12
Total ne	mber of policies in force at date	2 7,23 2,056 24 0,585	

Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883, by

A. MACKENZIE,

President.

FRED. A. BALL,

Secretary.

(Received, 2nd March, 1883.)

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31st	DECEMBER,	1832.
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President-Hon. John McMurrich,

Managing Director-J. J. KENNY.

Principal Office-Toronto.

(Incorporated, August, 1851. Commenced business in Canada, August, 1851.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized	\$1,000,000	00
Amount subscribed for	800,000	00
Amount paid up in cash		00

(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS.

Real Estate—Company's building	\$ 57,440	00
Loans secured by bonds and mortgages on which not more than one year's interest is due, constituting a first lien on real estate	26,850	00
Interest due and unpaid on said loans		
Total interest carried out	1,125	00

Stocks and bonds held by the Company:-

	Par Value		Market Valu	ne.
Arthur debentures	\$3,000	00		
Town of Barrie	2,500			
Township of Fenelon	4,707	31	6,730	21
do Howick	3,500	00	3,605	0
Town of Lindsay	3,500			00
do Listowell		00	2,400	00
do Owen Sound		00	13,390	00
Palmeraton		00	15,750	00
Township of St. Vincent	300	00	300	00
Towa of Stratford	. 12,€00	00	13,660	00
Municipality of Shuniah	35,000	00	37,800	00
City of Toronto	18,600	00	20,653	00
Village of Uxbridge		60	10,50	00
Town of Whitby	16,250	00	16,250	0 0
United States registered bonds	476,000	0υ	549,320	00
Georgia State bonds		00	27,000	00
Canadian Bank of Commerce stock		00	72,590	00
Ontario Bank stock	2,500	00	2,875	00
Dominion Savings and Investment Co. stock	15,000	00	19,000	00
Imperial Loan and Investment Co. stock	41,800	00	45,980	00
Dominion of Canada 5 per cent. stock		00	5,885	00
New York Central and Hudson River Railway bonds		00	100,500	00
Total par and market value	\$832,357	31	\$972,607	21

Carried out at market value	972,607	21
Cash on hand at head office	1,670	36
Cash deposited in Mississippi	15,000	00

WESTERN-Continued.

Oast It Datas, VIZ		
Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto \$23,725 63 do do New York 19,829 62 Corn Exchange, National Bank, Chicago 1,500 77 Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank, Buffalo 4,93 76 Bank of Nova Scotia, St. John. N.B 2,670 85 Merchants' Bank of Halifax, Halifax, N.S 1,508 74 Union Loan and Savings Co. Deposit, Toronto 20,000 00		
Total	74,471	27"
Interest due and accrued and unpaid on stocks, &c	2,707	
Agents' balances	92,433	
Bills receivable	69,834	
DING TOOLY WOLDS	00,001	•
Sundry, viz:—		
Unpaid premium account		
Due from other companies for re-insurance and a manufacture and a 20,000 of	38,390	34
Gross assets	\$:,352,530	77
Amount which should be deducted on account of bad or doubtful		
Agents' balances, \$992.99; Bills receivable, \$3,387.96; Sundry,		
\$1,509.50	5,890	45
*Total assets	\$ 1,3 4 6,640	32:

LIABILITIES.

(1.) Liabilities in Canada.

Net amount of unsettled losses, not resisted :-

Fire	8,578 75
Inland marine	
Ocean 14	

\$47,038 16

*Amount deposited with the Governments of various States and countries.

	Amount of	Deposit.
Dominion of Canada	\$ 57,700	00
Virginia 4½ per cent. registered U.S. bonds	40,000	
Ohio 4 do do		00
California 4 do do	100 000	00
North Carolina-4 per cent. registered bonds	10,000	00
Georgia—Georgia State bonds	25,000	00
Mississippi { Cash	15,000	00
mississippi (4 per cent. registered bonds	. 10,000	00
New York-U.S. bonds	216,000	00

The following are in the hands of the Company's trustees in the State of New York:—

New York Central and H.R.R.R. bonds		
Canadian Bank of Commerce stock	50,000	00
Dominion Savings and Investment Company stock	15,000	00
Imperial Loan and Savings Company stock	40,000	00
Dominion of Uanada stock	5,350	00
	-,	

				==
WESTERN—Cont	i nue d.		•	
Net amount of ocean losses, resisted, and in suit.		••••••	7,000	00-
Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in (Of this amount \$4,405.34, Ocean losses, we 1882.)			\$54, 038	16
Reserve of unearned premiums for outstanding r	isks in Cana	da:—		
Fire	••••	\$208,763 72 1,378 89		
Total reserve of unearned premiums for risks in Dividends declared but not yet due	Canada	•••••	265,967 24,000	
Total liabilities (excluding capital	stock) in Ca	nada	\$344,006	08
(2.) Liabilities in other	Countries.			
Net amount of losses unsettled, not resisted:— Fire—(\$2,158 of this accrued in previous years) Inland marine	 	\$47,037 99 15,951 40	9	
Total net amount of unsettled claims in other con	untries		- \$ 62,989	39
Reserve of unearned premiums:— Fire		\$405.716.62		
Total reserve	ums	•••••••	411,840 12,278	
Total liabilities in other countries.		-	\$487,108	93
Total liabilities (excluding capital stock) in all	countries	-	\$831,115	01
Capital stock paid up	••••••		\$100,000	00-
Surplus beyond all liabilities and paid-up capital	stock		\$115,525	31
INCOME,		-		
For Fire Risks.	In Canada.	In other Countries.		
Gross cash received for premiums Deduct re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return pre-	\$382,268 73	972,466 61		
miums	69,648 00	185 623 44		
Net cash received for fire premiums	\$312,620 73	786,843 17		
(Bills and notes received during the year for premiums and remaining unpaid, \$3,403.52.)				
For Inland Marine Risks.				
Gross premiums received in cash	\$30,502 21 39,369 41	\$73,747 64 37,430 51		
Gross cash received for premiums	\$69,871 62 18,789 52	\$111,178 15 9,379 11		
Net cash received for inland marine premiums	\$51,082 10	\$101,799 04		
(Bills or notes received during the year for premiums and remaining unpaid, \$7,419.00)	l			
121				

WESTERN-Cont	inued.			
For Ocean Risks.	•			
Gross premiums received in cash Gross cash received on bills or notes taken for premiums	\$144,762 21 51,269 99			
Gross cash received for premiums Deduct re-insurance, &c	\$196,032 20 75,602 99			
Net cash received for ocean premiums	\$120,429 21			
(Bills and notes received during the year for ocean premiums and remaining unpaid \$51,586 43.) Total net cash received for premiums		\$888,642 21		
Total net cash received for premiums in all Received for interest and dividends	countries	\$	1,372,774 51,983	25 17
Total cash income	••••••	<u>8</u>	1,424,757	42
EXPENDITURE.				
For Fire Losses.	In Canada.	In other Countries.		
Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$73,844 44)		\$72,941 28		
Paid for losses occurring during the year	\$202,469 02 34,862 48	\$604,019 04 30,447 52		
Net amount paid for said lesses	\$167,606 54	\$573,571 52		
Total net amount part during the year for fire losses	\$174,477 78	\$616,512 80		
For Inland Harine Losses.				
Paid during the year for losses occurring in previous				
years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$17,176 34.)		\$16,726 01		
Paid for losses occurring during the year	\$45,278 88 27,475 70	\$42,211 96		
Net amount paid for said losses	\$17,803 18	\$42,211 96		
Total net amount paid during the year for inland marine losses	\$23,385 91	\$58,937 97		
Total net amount paid during the year for fire and inland marine losses, viz: -				
In Canada In other countries	\$197,863 69 705,450 77			
Net amount paid during the year for ocean losse (Of this amount \$25,305.96 was incurred in	8		\$903,3 1 4 133,7 77	
Paid for dividends on capital stock, at 12 per cen	t		48,000	
Commission or brokerage Salaries and all other charges of officials Taxes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		216,363 22,092	29
122	************	••••••	16,947	υĐ

\$1,665,754 28

	WESTERN—Continued.		
Miscella	neous payments, viz.:—		
Posta	\$99,729.5 ge and telegrams	7	
	Total cash expenditure		
	CASH ACCOUNT.		
1881.	Dr.		
_1882.	To balance in hand and in banks as at this date	1,424,757 42 . 160,464 91 . 11,714 55 . 70 70 . 427 29	
		\$1,665,754 28 	
1882.	Cr.		
.Dec.[31.	By expenditure during year as above	$\begin{array}{cccc} & 107,313 & 25 \\ & 20,497 & 11 \end{array}$	

WESTERN—Concluded. RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

	IN CANADA. IN OTHER COUNTRI		In Canada.		Countries.	TOTAL IN AL	L COUNTRIES.
	Amount.	Premiums.	Amount.	Premiums.	Amount.	Premiums.	
Fire Risks.	\$	\$ cts.	\$	\$ cts.	\$	\$ cts.	
Gross policies in force at date of last statement	33,603,143	381,842 01	53,186,190	758,914 69	86,789,333	1,140,756 70	
Taken during the year (new and renewed)	33,780,623	387,898 55	68,364,550	943,252 59	102,145,173	1,331,151 14	
Total	67,383,766 31,098,041	769,740 56 320,372 49	121,550,740 59,652,320	1,702,167 28 848,210 95		2,471,907 84 1,168,583 44	
Gross in force at end of year	36,285,725 3,788,891	449,368 07 53,398 06	61,898,410 2,662,762				
Net in force 31st Dec., 1882.	32,496,834	395,970 01	59,235,648	799,591 62	91,732,482	1,195,561 63	
Inland Marine Risks.					į		
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year	93,815 5,208,939	5,844 98 69,657 16	. 74,868 20,805,677				
Total Deduct terminated	5,302,754 5,218,286	75,502 14 70,772 89	20,880,545 20,321,398				
Gross in force at date Deduct re-insured	84,468 39,000	4,729 25 1,971 46	559,147 17,234		643,615 56,234		
Net in force 31st Dec., 1882	45,468	2,757 79	541,913	12,248 62	£87,381	15,006 41	
Ocean Risks.	ı İ						
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year	511,565 9,121,578	44,832 39 222,171 10	*****		511,565 9,121,578		
7 otal Deduct terminated	9,633,143 8,778,450	267,003 49 206,797 56			9,63 ² ,143 8,778,450		
Gross in force at end of year	854,693 118,248	60,205 93 4,380 62			854,693 118,248		
Net in force 31st Dec, 1882	736,445	55,825 31			736,445	55,825 31	

J. J. KENNY,

Managing Director.

JAS. BOOMER, Secretary.

STATEMENTS

MADE BY

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

IN COMPLIANCE WITH

THE CONSOLIDATED INSURANCE ACT OF 1877.

LIST OF COMPANIES

DULY LICENSED FOR THE TRANSACTION OF LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS IN THE DOMINION, FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

The Ætna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

The Briton Life Association (Limited).

*The Briton Medical and General Life Association, London, England.

The Canada Life Assurance Company, Hamilton.

The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.

The Commercial Union Assurance Company of London, England.

The Confederation Life Association of Canada.

*The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

The Dominion Safety Fund Life Association. *The Edinburgh Life Assurance Company.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, N.Y.

The Federal Life Assurance Company of Ontario.

The Life Association of Canada. *The Life Association of Scotland.

The Lion Life Insurance Company (Limited), London, England.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

The London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.

The London Assurance Corporation, England.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.

*The National Life Insurance Company of the United States of America.

†*The New York Life Insurance Company.

The North American Life Assurance Company.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

*The North-Western Mutual Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee.

The Ontario Mutual Life Assurance Company.

*The Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn. The Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company, England.

The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society, London, England.

The Royal Insurance Company.

*The Scottish Amicable Life Assurance Society.

*The Scottish Provident Institution.

*The Scottish Provincial Assurance Company.

The Standard Life Assurance Company of Scotland.

The Star Lite Assurance Society of England. The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.

The Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn. The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Maine.

The United States Life Insurance Company.

The licenses of these Companies expired on the 31st March, 1878, so far as relates to new business-† The license of this Company has been renewed in 1883

THE ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.	
President—Morgan G. Bulkeley. Secretary—J.	T. ENGLISH
Principal Office—Hartford, Conn., U.S.	Z. ZMGDISH.
Agent in Canada—William H. Orr. Head Office in Cana	da—Toronto.
(Organized or Incorporated, 1850. Commenced business in Canad.	
(O.Bullion of Theorpeanon, Took, Commence Sunnings in Cultur	u, 1000.)
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for, and paid up in cash	\$750,000 00
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	
Total net premium income	\$505,523 97
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:—	•
On account of death claims	
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$154,864 27
Amount paid for surrendered policies	3,665 13
do dividends or bonuses to policy-holders	63,970 04
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$222,499 44
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Province of Quebec bonds deposited with Receiver-General United States bonds, 4½ per cent. funded loan of 1891, deposited with Receiver-General	\$ 25,000 00 300,000 00
Other Canadian investments, viz.:—	300,000 00
Mortgages on real estate in Canada	500.00
Total assets in Canada	\$ 325,500 00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Under Policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.	
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	\$13,095 00
Amount of claims in Canada resisted (accrued in previous years) † Amount estimated to cover the net reserve or re-insurance value on all outstanding policies in Canada	•
Deduct premium notes	
131,200 34	_
Difference carried out	1,676,573 56
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$1,696,668 56
† Estimated from actual 4 per cent, valuation.	
11—9	

No.

69

Amouat.

\$93,007 00

A. 1884

ÆTNA LIFE-Continued.

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

Under	Policies	issued	subsec	ruent i	to :	31st	March.	1878.

· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	\$ 17,529	00
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve or re-insurance value on all outstanding policies in Canada		
Difference carried out	395,754	68
† Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$413,283	68
Total net liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	8 2,109,952	24
MISCELLANEOUS.		

Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in	
Canada	
Amount of said policies\$2,478,401 00)
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 141	
Amount of said claims)
Number of policies in force in Canada at date 10,090	
Amount of said policies	0

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-

(1.) By death.....

(2.)	maturity	72	74,207 00
(3.)	expirv		7,000 00
(4.)	surrender (for which cash value has been paid) \$3,655.13)		67,348 00
(5.)	have been granted to amount of \$29,278) Difference of amounts carried out	96 {	32,034 00
(6.)	lapse	203	409,334 00
	Total	445	\$682,930 00

Policies in force at beginning of year	9.087	\$11,370,008 00
Policies issued during the year	1.677	2.843.824 00
Policies terminated as above and by change to paid up policies	445	712,208 00
Policies not taken	229	407.630 00
Policies in force at date of statement	10,090	13,093,994 00
	•	• •

^{*}American table of mortality, 4½ per cent. interest. Actual calculation. †Covered by a deposit with Receiver General of \$425,000.

ÆTNA LIFE-Continued.

Number of insured lives at beginning of year	7,761
Number of new insurers during the year	1,104
Number of deaths during the year among insured	61
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	
the year otherwise than by death	5 9
Number of insured lives at date of statement	8,745

DETAIL OF POLICIES ISSUED SINCE 31st MARCH, 1878.

	No.	Amount.
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	3,486	\$4,929,658
Policies issued during the year	1,677	2,843,824
Policies terminated as above and by change to paid-up po	licies 280	477,545
Policies not taken	229	407,630
Policies in force at date of statement	4,654	6,888,307

Subscribed and sworn to, 5th April, 1883, by

J. L. ENGLISH, Secretary.

(Received, 7th April, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(As returned to the Commissioner, State of Connecticut.)

INCOME DURING THE YEAR 1882.

		INCOME DURING THE TERM 2002.		
Total premiu	m income		32,519,437	55
Cash received	l for interest	t upon mortgage loans	731,655	20
do	do	on bonds owned and dividends on stock	548,668	
do	do	on premium notes, loans and liens	117,045	
do	do	on other debts due the Company	38,606	
do	do	on deposits	69,658	
do	an dincount	for claims paid in advance	8,154	
ao	as discount	for claims paid in advance	0,104	34
	Total inc	ome	\$4,033,226	47
				
	DIS	BURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR 1882.		
Total amount	actually pa	id for losses and matured endowments	81.730.429	32
Cash paid for	surrendered	l policies	37,458	33
Premium not	es losas or	liens used in purchase of surrendered policies,	01,100	-
and woid	ed by lange	······· paronuso or sarronación ponejos,	38,855	83
Cash surrond	on roluge in	cluding reconverted additions, applied in pay-	00,000	00
mont of	the mucini	citaing reconverted additions, applied in pay-	145 050	E0
Cook Airis	the premiur	ns	147,952	
Dasu dividen	as baia to be	olicy holders	355,425	92
remium not	es, loans or	liens used in payment of dividends to policy		
holders.			150,818	
Cash paid sto	ockholders fo	or interest or dividends	75,000	
General expe	nses		518,924	90
	Total dis	bursements	₩ 2,U04,864	90

ÆTNA LIFE-Concluded.

ASSETS.

Cost of real estate, less encumbrances	3
ed as collaterals. 217 635 36	3
ed as collaterals	Ĺ
Cost value of bonds and stock owned absolutely	7
Cash on hand and in banks	i
Bills receivable	>
Agents' balances	
Agents Datances 17,010 34	± -
Total net or ledger assets	5
OTHER ASSETS.	
Interest due and accrued 409,461 26	•
Market value of stock and bonds over cost))
	•
Net amount of uncollected or deferred premiums 175,952 84	ŧ
Total assets as per books of Company\$28,058,898 59	9
(Including items not admitted, \$40,869.76.)	
LIABILITIES.	
Net re-insurance reserve at Actuaries' Table, 4 per cent	7
profits due policy holders	2
Premiums paid in advance	2
	_
Total liabilities\$23,640,774 91	[=
Gross surplus on policy-holders' account\$4,418,123 68	8
RISKS AND PREMIUMS.	
Number of new religion issued during the mean	
Number of new policies issued during the year	0
Number of policies terminated during the year 3.702	
Amount terminated	0
Number of policies in force at date of statement	
2	×
MORGAN G. BULKELEY,	

President.

J. L. ENGLISH,

Secretary.

HARTFORD, 5th April, 1883.

THE BRITON LIFE ASSOCIATION (LIMITED.)

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31sт	December,	1882.
		Chair	man—	FRANCIS	WE	вв.	

Actuary and Secretary-

Principal Office-

JOHN MESSENT, F.I.A., F.S.S.

429 Strand, London, Eng.

Manager in Canada-J. B. M. CHIPMAN.

Head Office in Canada-11 Place d'Armes, Montreal.

(Organized or incorporated 30th October, 1875. Commenced business in Canada—— License issue 1, 15th April, 1876.)

CAPITAL.

CAPITAL.
Amount of capital authorized, £500,000 stg., with power to increase to £1,000,000 stg
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada
Amount paid during the year on account of death claims in Canada None.
ASSETS IN CANADA.
Canada 4 per cent. bonds in deposit with Receiver-General \$ 54,993 00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled
Total liabilities in Canada
MISCELLANEOUS.
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in
Canada
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:
1. By surrender \$2,000. (For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$322.)
Difference of amounts carried out
Total

BRITON LIFE-Concluded.

•			
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	3	5.678	00
Number of insured lives at beginning of year in Canada	.None	•	
the year otherwise than by death	. 3 . 60		
Subscribed and sworn to, 30th March, 1883, by			
JAMES B. M. (Received 31st March 1883)	I. CH	IPMAN.	

THE BRITON MEDICAL AND GENERAL LIFE ASSOCIATION.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

Chairman-Francis Webb.

Actuary and Secretary—
John Messent, F.I.A., F.S.S.

Principal Office—
429 Strand, London, Eng.

Manager in Canada-J. B. M. CHIPMAN.

Head Office in Canada - - - - - 12 Place d'Armes, Montreal. (Organized or incorporated, 1854; License issued, 1870.)

This Company has ceased to transact new business.

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for £200,000 stg	
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	\$ 29,677 36
Amount paid during the year on account of claims in Canada, viz.:-	
On account of death claims	
Net amount paid on account of claims in Canada	\$28,460 25 87 84
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$ 28,548 09
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Cash in deposit with Receiver-General	2,000 00
Total assets in Canada	\$ 114,770 93
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Amount of claims in Canada unsettled but not resisted	\$25,133 33 No return.
Deduct loans on Association's policies	
Total_deductions \$28,225 95	
Difference carried out	No return.

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BRITON MEDICAL LIFE-Concluded.

MISCELLANBOUS.

Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 14 Amount of said claims	\$ 52,793 67
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:	
No.	Amount.
1. By death	\$50,847 00 1,946 67 1,486 66
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$1,016.)	
Difference of amounts carried out	4,984 00 22,953 53
Total	\$82,217 86
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	\$925,507 27 4,861 80 82,217 86 848,151 21
Number of insured lives at beginning of year	
Subscribed and sworn to, 30th March, 1883, by	
JAMES B. M. CF (Received, 31st March, 1883.)	HIPMAN.

324,847 21

203,164 41.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH APRIL, 1882.

President and Managing Director-A. G. RAMSAY.

Secretary—R. HILLS.

Agent—A. G. RAMSAY.

Head Office-Hamilton, Ont.

(Organized, 21st August, 1847; Incorporated, 25th April, 1849; Commenced business in Canada, 21st August, 1847.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital authorized	and subscribed for\$1	,000,000	00
Amount of capital paid up in	cash	125,000	00

(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.

Value of real estate (without encumbrances) held by the Company, buildings in Hamilton, Toronto and Montreal\$ 27	74,722	04
Amount secured by way of loans on real estate by bond or mortgage first liens (including ground rents, \$22,441.07 and \$10,000 on Bond		
first liens (including ground rents, \$22,441.07 and \$10,000 on Bond		
over Reversionary interest)	21,372	22
Amount of loans secured by bonds, stocks, or other marketable col-		
laterals 2	06,725	00

Viz:-Upon stock and bonds of

	Loans.	Par Value.	Market Value
Hamilton Gaslight Company	\$400 00	\$800 00	\$1,120 00
280 Shares Federal Bank Stock and Life	-	-	
Policies for \$24,000	35,000 00	28,000 00	47,600 00
525 Shares Bank of Commerce Stock	34,125 00	26,250 00	38,062 50
300 do do	15,000 00	15,000 00	21,750 00
20 Shares Hamilton Provident and Loan	•	•	•
Co. Stock	2,200 00	2,000 00	2,68 0 00
40 Shares Bank of Commerce Stock	•	•	•
20 Shares Bank of Montreal Stock	10,500 00	6,500 00	11,925 00
5 Shares Hamilton Street Railway Co.)	*	•	•
10 Bonds Canadian Pacific Land Grant	9,500 00	10,000 00	10,000 00
£25,300 stg. Bonds of Brantford, Norfolk	•	•	·
and Port Burwell Railway	100,000 00	123,127 51	123,127 51
			-
	\$206,725 00	\$211,677 51	\$256,265 01

Amount of loans made in cash to policy-holders on the Company's policies assigned as collaterals.....

†Premium obligations on policies in force.......

Debentures owned by the Company:—

Municipality.	Par value.
City—Hamilton	\$69,000 00
Montreal, Q	97,000 00
Belleville	111,500 00
Brantford	14,500 00
Guelph	5,100 00
Winnipeg, Man	92,000 00
Three Rivers, Q	16,000 00
A A A A A	\$405,100 00

*All since paid.

[†]Being debts upon half credit policies.

CANADA LIFE—Continued.

Debentures held by the Company—Continued.		
Municipality F	ar Value	е.
County-Hastings	\$8,000 (00
Renfrew	11,500 (
Brome, Q Drummond, Q	15,000 (28,000 (
Elgin	5,000	
Wellington	8,000	
Kent	8,000	
Oxford	2,100	
Haldimand	2,000	
Compton, Q	125,973 61,600	
Digby, N. S	20,000	00
-		
	\$295,173	34
Galt	20,000	
St. Thomas	20,000	
Lindsay Stratford	52,000 36,550	
Guelph		
Tilsonburg	6,600	
Ingersoll		
Simcoe	9,500	
Woodstock	6,00 6 4,000	
St. Johns, Q	60,000	
Mitchell	24,000	
Sorel, Q	9,000	00
Bowmanville		
Goderich		
KincardinePeterboro'	14,500	
Barrie	22,500	
Beauharnois, Q	10,000	
St. Mary's	14,879	
Sherbrooke, Q	13,100	
StrathroyCollingwood	20,000 10,000	
Seaforth	4,000	
Orangeville	15,000	
Orillia	12,500	
St. Henri, Q	2,821	88
	\$567,646	89
	\$113,0 00	
Village—Listowel		
Clinton		
Exeter Caledonia		
Hochelaga, Q		
Coaticook, Q	. 16,455	
Yorkville	3,400	00
Georgetown	7,300	
St. Cunegonde, Q	87,000 4,112	
St. Jean Baptiste, Q	35,000	
Wingham	2,500	
Côteau St. Louis, Q	. 16,150	00
Alliston	7,050	
Brampton		
MadocGlencoe		
Brussels		
8t. Gabriel, Q		
Parkdale	80,000	00
Blyth	3,300	00
	\$194,137	82

CANADA LIFE-Continued.

Debentures held by the Company—Continued.					
Municipality.		Par Va	lue.		
Township-Hatley, Q		\$25,000	00		
Ascot		21,700			
Eldon		14,500			
Minto		1,000 22,000			
Dudswell, Q Dereham		6,750			
Culross		20,000			
Lochiel		9,000			
Orillia and Matchedash		700			
Elderslie	**********	5,000			
Weedon, Q		24,000			
Wallace		10,000			
Turnberry		10,000 3,000			
Elma		11,000			
Dover, East and West		17,264			
Woodhouse		4,000			
Enniskillen	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8,310			
Howard	**** ***** *****	1,125			
Mara		8,600			
East Wawanosh		13,000			
Usborne	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	500			
Stephen	•• •••••	4,500 12,000			
Bolton, Q	***** ******* ****** ***	11,503			
Albion		4,000			
Yarmouth, N.S		59,200			
Oneida		1,850			
Melbourne and Brompton Gore, Q		5,000			
Harwich		788	00		
Chatham		5,041			
Gosfield		9,075			
Colchester		4,445			
Nottawasaga Eastnor, Lindsay and St. Edmonds	***** ******** ********	2,400 3,000			
mastnor, Lindsay and St, Edmonds	***************************************	3,000			
	•	\$359,252	49		
Synopsis—City	-	\$405,100	00		
County		295,173			
Town	******	567,646			
Harbor		113 000	00		
Township		359,252			
Village		494,137	82		
Total Municipal debentures carried out at par va	lna		_ ,	994910	E 4
Stocks and bonds held by the Company:—	[40	******	•••	2,234,310	94
over and conds noid by the company.	D W 1 W	. 1			
W	Par Value. M	arket Va	uue.		
Stocks—Bank of Montreal		116,050			
Bank of Commerce	50,000 00	72,500			
do Hamilton	30,000 00	38,000			
Dominion Bank	35,000 00	74,200			
Canada Landed Credit Co Untario Trust Co	5,000 00	6,500			
	10,000 00	10,000	w		
	\$185,000 00	317,250	00		
Government-Ontario.	\$4,728 65	\$4,728	65		
Bonds-Canadian Pacific Land Grant Bonds	\$150,000 00	150,000	00		
Synopsis—Stocks	\$185,000 00	317,250	00		
Government	4,728 65	4,728	65		
Bonds.	150,000 00	150,000	00		
Total	\$339,728 65	471,978	65		

•			_
CANADA LIFE—Continued.			
Value of stocks, &c carried out at market value		471,978 22	
Bank of Montreal	\$8,501 78 51 99	8,553	77
Total	\$	1,745,696	52
OTHER ASSETS.			
Interest due do accrued	\$ 2,005 95 85,937 84		
Total carried out		\$87,943	79
Rents due	1,013 81		
Total carried out		1,495	39
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force	\$199,165 13 112,224 24		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums Deduct cost of collection at 10 per cent	\$311,389 37 31,138 94		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums Office furniture at head office and branches Items in suspense account	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	280,250 2,575 611	00
Total assets.	- ************************************	5,118,572	53
LIABILITIES.	_		
*Amount computed or estimated to cover the net present value of all policies in force	4,468,890 93 10,875 61		
Net re-insurance reserve		1,458,015	32
Claims for death losses due and unpaid	\$5,785 16 21,372 50		
do adjusted, but not due	23,000 00		
Amount of dividends or bonuses to policy-holders due ar (including \$8,279.20, bonuses on death claims)	d unpaid	50,157 15,772	
Total liabilities		4,523,945	73
Surplus of assets over liabilities available for protection of polic Of which has been carried to proprietors' account	y-holders.	\$ 594,626	80
Leaving surplus on policy-holders' account		\$488,292	3 3
*Upon basis of Institute of Actuaries H. M. experience table of mortal	-		

^{*}Upon basis of Institute of Actuaries H. M. experience table of mortality, and interest at 4½ per cent, as computed at 30th April, 1880, with addition estimated on Company's experience.

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CANADA LIFE-Continued.

Capital stock paid up	\$ 125, 0 00	00
amount as above carried to proprietors' account)	363,292	33
INCOME.		
Cash received for premiums		
Total		
Total premium income	5,766 502	96 39 50
Total income	\$1,004,4 28	07
FTPENNITUEF		
Cash paid for death claims	! _	
Total amount paid for death claims	\$205,041	86
Cash paid for matured endowments		
Net amount paid for endowment claims. Cash paid to annuitants. Cash paid for surrendered policies. *Premium obligations used in purchase of surrendered policies. *The same voided by lapse. Cash dividends paid to policy-holders.	648 18,704 1,100 1,115	00 38 45 24
(Including \$29,900.52 being bonuses paid on account of death claims and \$1,326.54 bonuses on matured endowments.) Cash dividends applied in payment of premiums	l	
*Premium obligations used in payment of dividends to policy-holders. Cash paid stockholders for interest or dividends	2,976 $18,750$ $103,453$	22 00 78
Miscellaneous payments, viz.:—		
Medical fees, \$8,190.58; solicitor's charges, \$1,620.30; travelling expenses of agents and others, \$6,780.06; rents, \$5,075.82; fuel, \$97.75; gas, \$211.99; stationery, \$1,136.01; printing and advertising, \$5,082.70; books, periodicals, &c., \$398.15; postage, exchange, &c., \$4,228.74; sundries, including water rates, express charges, guarantee premiums, cleaning offices, \$1,798.87; office furniture, \$611.03.	, , ,	00
Total expenditure		
	, 4000,101	00

^{*}Being half credit debts.

CANADA LIFE-Continued.

†PREMIUM	NOTE	ACCOUNT.
----------	------	----------

†PREMIUM NOTE ACCOUNT.		
Premium obligations on hand at commencement of year	1,899	69 95
Total	. \$216,641	64
Deductions during the year, viz.:—		===
Amount of obligations used in payment of claims	. \$3,085	39
do do purchase of surrendered policies	. 1,100	45
do do payment of dividends to policy-holder	rs 2,976	
do voiled by lapse	1,115 . 5,199	93
Total deductions		
Total deductions		
Balance, premium obligations at end of year	*203,164 	41
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in		
in Canada	.6 • ६ २ ५६२ ६२६	00
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 12	:8	00
Amount of said claims	20	
Add bonus profits	- 241,818	05
Number of policies in force in Canada at date15,20		-
Amount of said policies (including matured endowments)	51 0 5	
Total \$27,429,725 {	<u> </u>	
Total \$27,429,725 ! Deduct amount of eaid policies re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada, including \$3,866.71 bonus profits \$136,949	71	
Net policies in force at 30th April, 1882	\$27,292,775	85
manufactions, in		
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada not including bonus additions:—	A.,	
No	. Amount	
1. By death	0 \$ 203,182	
2. Maturity	3 7,000 3 144,165	
(For which cash value has been paid, \$19,804.83.)	, 144,100	00
4. Surrender, \$109,500.		
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$38,965.)		
Difference of amounts carrried out	70,535	00
	4 1,000,530	00
Total	5 \$1,425,412	20
taran da antara da a		

CANADA LIFE—Concluded.	No.	Amount
Policies in force at beginning of year (not including be profits, \$1,646,239.85)	onus 13 998 9	Amount. \$23,378,030 71
Policies issued during the year (including 43 revived policies \$70,400 00)	s for	4,467,565 00 1,464,377 20
Policies terminated otherwise, being not taken policies of year, as well as those of previous years, returned by ag	this ents 294	479,500 00
Gross policies in force at date of statement (not including bo profits, \$1,528,007.05)	15,202	25,901,718 51
entition to		
Bonuses in force at beginning of year	••••••••••••	\$1,646,239 85 16,425 20
Bonuses terminated:—		\$1,662,665 05
By death and endowment By surrender By lapse By change Surrendered	6,874 41 20,397 03	
<u> </u>		134,658 00
Bonuses in force at end of year	•••••••••••	\$1,528,007 05
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Number of insured lives at beginning of year	1,808 105 ring 831	3
Subscribed and sworz to, 19th March, 1883, by A.	G. RAMSA	Υ,
R.	HILLS,	President.
(Received 20th March, 1883.)	S	lecretary.

THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

President-HENRY LYMAN.

Secretary—Archibald McGoun, | Agent or Manager—Gerald E. Hart.

Principal Office—Montreal.

(Incorporated 30th June, 1864. Commenced life business in Canada, August, 1868.)

CAPITAL.

(Included in Fire Department Statement.)

ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.

Amount of loans made in eash to policy-holders on the Company's

policies assigned as collaterals	\$4,104 4,914	
Stocks and bonds held by the Company, viz.:-		
*Montreal Corporation bonds	3. ,	
Total par and market value\$119,814 00 \$129,948 08		
Carried out at market value	129,948 9,396 538	17
Total	\$148,932	82
OTHER ASSETS.		
Interest due		
Total carried out	3,504	99
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force	·	
Total outstanding and deferred premiums		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums	11,134 859	
Total assets, Life Department	\$164,451	59
Deposited with the Pageiver Caperal	_	

^{*} Deposited with the Receiver General.

CITIZENS'-Continued.

LIABILITIES.

LIGHT LILED.		
† Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in force		
Net re-insurance reserve		•
Amount of bonuses to policy-holders due and unpaid	5,000 691	
Total liabilities, Life Department	\$147,156	76
Surplus on policy-holders' account	\$17,294	83
INCOME DURING THE YEAR		
Net cash received for premiums Premium obligations taken in part payment for premiums	\$39,706 2,779	27 82
m	040 400	
Total Deduct premiums paid to other Companies for re-insurances	\$42,486 2,259	01
Total premium income	\$40,227 4,997	08 78
Total income, Life Department	\$45,224	86
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Total amount paid for death claims (including \$8,000 accrued in pre-		
vious years)	\$20,400	00
Cash paid for matured endowments	200	
Cash paid for matured endowinents	1,254	
Cash paid for surrendered policies		
Premium obligations voided by lapse	1,192	
Cash dividends paid to policy-holders	138	
Premium obligations used in payment of dividends to policy-holders		90
Cash paid for commission, salaries and other expenses of officials	9,556	
Cash paid for taxes and rent	608	48
All other expenditure, viz.:—		
Life tables and valuing policies		
,	4,179	57
Total expenditure, Life Department	\$37.5 86	30

[†] Based on Institute H.M. Table at 4½ per cent. interest. Computed by Department. 145

CITIZENS'-Continued.

PREMIUM NOTE ACCOUNT.		
Premium obligations on hand at the commencement of year do received during the year	\$ 3,383 2,779	
Total.	\$6,163	4 8
Deductions during the year:—		
Amount of obligations voided by lapse		
Total deductions	1,248	62
Balance, note assets at end of year	\$4,914	86
MISCELLANEOUS		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada 272 Amount of said policies	\$ 500,500	00
Amount of said claims (including bonus additions \$24)\$23,374 00 Less amount re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada 5,000 00		
Net amount of said claims	18,374	00
Amount of said policies		
Total		
Net amount in force, 31st December, 1832	81,333 ,761	61

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-

1. By death (including bonus additions \$24)	No. 9	Amount. \$23,174 00
2. By maturity	1	200 00
3. By surrender (including \$181 bonus additions)	12	14,181 00
(For which cash value has been paid \$1,254.38.)		,
4. By surrender \$23,500.		
(For which paid up policies have been granted to amount of \$2,643.)		
Difference of amounts carried out		20,857 00
5. By lapse (including bonus additions \$243.70.)	79	151,393 70
Total	101	\$209.805 70

CITIZENS'—Concluded.

Policies in force at havinning of year (including hours additions	No.	Amount	
Policies in force at beginning of year (including bonus additions \$6,394.74)	281	\$1,088,304 505,143	31 00
Policies terminated as above and by change to paid up policies (including bonus additions, \$448.70).	109	212,448	70
Policies in force at date of statement (including bonus additions, \$4,946.95)	863	1,380,998	61

Number of insured lives at beginning of year	265 9 92		
Subscribed and sworn to, 14th March, 1883, by			
HENRY LYM	IAN,)	
	j	President.	
GERALD E.	HA	RT,	
(Received, 15th March, 1883)	Ch	ief Agent.	

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEM	ENT FOR THE	YEAR ENDING	31st December,	1882.
	Chairman—TH	OMAS RUSSEL	L, Esq., C.M.G.	
		_		

Secretary-Samuel J. Pipkin.

Principal Office—19 & 20 Cornhill, London, England.

Incorporated, 28th September, 1861.

Agent in Canada—FRED COLE.

Head Office in Canada—Montreal.

(Commenced business in Canada, 11th September, 1863.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for£2 Amount paid up in cash	2,500,000 at 250,000 '	
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	\$20,157	17
premiums in Canada	524	4 6
Total net premium income	\$20,681	63
Amount paid on account of death claims (including bonus additions \$308.07)	\$10,090 1,445	
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$11,535	11
ASSETS IN CANADA. (Specially Life Department.) Cape of Good Hope Stock in deposit with Receiver-General, par value.	\$ 107,066	66
Cash in hand and in banks in Canada	3,707	99
Total assets in Canada, Life Department	\$110,774	62
(For other Assets, see Fire Department.)		
LIABILITIES IN CANADA, LIFE DEPARTMENT.		
Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1873.		
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve or re-insurance value on all outstanding policies in Canada		
on security of policies		
Difference carried out	\$127,274	64
Total liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$127,274	64

^{*}Reserve based on H. M. Table of Mortality and 42 per cent, interest.

COMMERCIAL UNION -- Continued.

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

Under Policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878.		
*Amount computed or estimated to cover net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada		
Difference carried out.	4,877	83
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total net liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	\$ 132,152	<u>47</u>
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new polices reported during the year as taken in		
Canada9	\$23,116	ee
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 6		
Amount of said claims (including bonus additions, \$308.07)	10,090	07
Amount of said policies		
Total policies in force at 31st December, 1882	685,913	59
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		=
majorita di Appendica		
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada (bonuses), viz:—	exclusive	of
No.	. Amount	
1. By death	\$ 9,782 10,706	00
2. By surrender	10,700	09
3. By surrender, \$973.33. (For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$77.87)		
Difference of amounts carried out	895	
4. By lapse 2	3,406	
Total 10	\$24,790	81
Policies in force at beginning of year (exclusive of bonuses)300	\$631,766	3 5
Policy revived (not in previous statement)	1,216 23,116	
Policy transferred from Home Office, London	486	
Policies terminated as above	24,790	81
rollicies in force at date of statement (exclusive of bonuses)301	631,795	53

^{*}Reserve based on H. M. Table of Mortality, and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent interest. 149

COMMERCIAL UNION --- Continued.

Number of insured lives at beginning of year	279
Number of new insurers during the year	6
Number of insured whose policies have been revived during the year	• 1
Number transferred from Home Office, London	. 1
Number of deaths during the year among insured	. 6
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during the)
year otherwise than by death	. 2
Number of insured lives at date of statement	

DETAIL OF POLICIES ISSUED SINCE 31st MARCH, 1878.

	No.	Amount	
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	43	93,878 00)
Policies issued during the year		23,116 66	3
Policies terminated as above		4,380 00)
Policies in force at date of statement	49	112,614 66	3
Subscribed and sworn to, 28th March, 1883, by			
	T.D	COLE	

(Received 29th March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, London, England, 1882.)

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

The Assurances completed during the year amounted to £363,392, under 550 policies, and the new premiums were £12,504. In addition, a special policy was granted for £28,280 at the single premium of £4,455, the greater part of which was re-assured.

The net claims amounted to £48,203, and were less than the estimate, both as

regards number of lives and sums assured.

The life fund has been increased during the year by the sum of £76,929, and now stands at £809,957.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Dr.

To amount of Life Assurance Fund at the beginning of the	e year.	• • • • •	£	733,028	2	4
New premiums	£ 12,504 111,114	9 14	2			
Deduct re-assurances	£123,619 14,271	3 6	49	109,347	16	7
New single premium				·		
Premiums for endowment certain					17	
Consideration for annuities	•••••	••••	•••	2,596		
Interest and dividendsFines						
Exchange					0	5

COMMERCIAL UNION -Concluded.

Cr.

By claims under policies after deduction of sums re-assured	£48,203	8	1
Endowment and endowment assurances matured	805	0	0
Surrenders	5,393	15	8
Annuities	1,654	1	U
Cash bonuses to policy-holders	35	11	0
Commission	4,765	16	5
Expenses of management	8,292	14	6
Bad debts	53		
Amount of Life Assurance Fund at the end of the year	809,957	15	0
	_		

£879,161 10 6

BALANCE SHEET OF THE LIFE DEPARTMENT, 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

Dr.

To assurance fund£	809,957	15	0
Life investment reserve fund	1,967	1	11
Claims admitted or announced, but not paid	11,965	11	2
Re-assurance premiums due	1,885	5	4
Commission due	2.714	6	11
Surrenders due	265	0	9
Annuities due	33	2	9
Suspense account		8	11
•			

£828,869 12 9

Cr.

O/.		
By mortgages on property within the United Kingdom £464,756 out of " " 50,300	14	4
" out of " " 50,300	0	0
Loans on the Company's policies	10	2
Investments:—		
Indian and Colonial Government securities 76,464	13	9
*Cape of Good Hope Government securities 21,120	0	0
Foreign Government securities		6
Railway and other debentures and debenture stocks 35,078		3
Railway and other preference stocks and shares 23,010	5	6
Parliamentary debenture bonds 18,711	7	11
Freehold ground rents 14,689	. 1	7
Life policy purchased	1	0
Branch and agency balances 15,411	5	2
Outstanding premiums	2	5
" interest 2,418	5	7
Cash—On deposit		

. 1,330 17 11 £828,869 12 6

56,986 2 8

Bills receivable.....

[•] Deposited with Receiver General, Canada.

THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION.

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31sт	DECEMBER,	183 2.
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President—
Hon. Sir Wm. P. Howland, C.B.; K.C.M.G.

Managing Director and Agent—
J. K. Macdonald.

Head Office, - - - Toronto.

(Organized for Incorporated, April 14th, 1871; Commenced business in Canada, October 31st, 1871.)

CAPITAL.

Mindin of capital authorized and subscribed for sessions sessions and allocations for the sessions of the session of the sessions of the sessions of the session	authorized and subscribed for\$1,	000,000 00)
Amount paid up in cash	n cash	80,000 00)

(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS:

Value in account of real estate held by the Company	20,741	70
first liens	716,242	75
laterals, viz	350	00

Amount of loans as above on which interest has not been paid within one year previous to statement, \$3,740.00.

Amount of loans made in cash to policy-holders on the Company's policies assigned as collaterals.....

19,735 75

Stock, bonds and debentures owned by the Company, viz:-

			Par Value.	Market Value.
City of Toronto debentures	••••••••	***** *******	\$64,000 00	\$67,299 20
do Hamilton do	••••		2,400 00	2,544 00
		**** **********************************	5,000 00	5,398 50
Township Wood and Medora			550 00	579 81
do Muskoka	do		400 00	434 12
Village of Yorkville	do	• •••••	5,653 00	6,105 24
do Mount Forest	do	***************************************	4,000 00	4,108 00
Town of Whitby	do	******	1,400 00	1,400 00
Village of Arthur	do	******	2,500 00	2,672 00
Township of Muskoka	do	*******	1,200 00	1,274 76
County of Haliburton	do		1,145 00	1,145 00
Town of Brussels	do	**********	5,000 00	5,231 50
Township of Minden	do	*********	234 00	234 00
do Colchester	do	******	2,334 00	2,420 82
Village of Ridgetown	do	****************	1,738 00	1,738 00
Townships of Lutterworth, A	nson and	Hinden deben-	-,	-/
tures			249 00	249 00
Government 5 p. c. stock	••••••••••	**** ************	4,200 00	4,200 00
			\$102,003 00	\$107,033 95

			=
CONFEDERATION LIFE—Continued	l.		
Carried out at market value		107,033 7	95 09
Cash in banks, viz.:—			
Ontario Bank, Winnipeg	\$1,179 32 380 46 5,485 98		
*Bills receivable		7,045 26,403	
Agents' ledger balances		106	
Total		\$897,667	73
OTHER ASSETS.			
Interest due	\$10,867 33 19,612 53		
Total		30,479	86
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force	\$23,823 93 16,141 12		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums	\$39,965 05 6,636 87		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums	enses	33,328 1,325 878 102 400 551 600	20 54 36 00 00
Total assets		\$ 965,332	87
LIABILITIES.			
†Amount computed to cover the net present value of all policies in force. Deduct net value of policies re-insured in other Companies	\$743, 9 57 39 14,350 44		
Present value of annuities for \$1,392.30 per annum	\$729,606 95 9,623 57 33,793 94		
Total net re-insurance reserveLiability for unclaimed surrender values		\$773,024 1,782	
In Company's own statement this is included in outstanding premiu	ıms.		

^{*}In Company's own statement this is included in outstanding premiums.

Reserve at 4½ per cent. based on Table Institute of Actuaries, G. B.

In addition to the valuation of our own actuary, the policy and annuity obligations were valued by Prof. Cherriman on the Government Standard, and by Mr. Sheppard Homans of New York on the Standard of the State of New York, with the following result:

By Prof. Cherriman	\$741,426 76
"Mr. Homans	713.846 00
"Company's Actuary	753,580 96

CONFEDERATION LIFE—Continued.		_
Claims for death losses due and unpaid (accrued in 1878 waiting letters of guardianship)		
†Total death claims	14,138 21,496 4,370 203	30 80
Sundry liabilities, viz.:—		
Deposit with Company as guarantee against loss of overdue interest on one mortgage	1 500	07
Held on call on account of matured endowment discharged	1,586 800	
Total liabilities	\$817,403	05
Surplus on policy-holders account		
Surplus above all other liabilities and capital	\$67,9 29	82
Cash received for premiums	\$225,226 44,535	
Single premiums paid by dividends for the purchase of bonus additions	12,980	13
Total Deduct premiums paid to other Companies for re-insurance	\$282,742 5,227	56 93
Total premium income. Received for interest or dividends on stock. Received for rents	52,673 $1,199$	56
TotalReceived on account of capital stock	\$331,572 30,000	58 00
Total income	\$ 361,572	3 58
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Cash paid for death claims (including bonuses and cash profits \$826.00) \$44,278 18 Cash paid for matured endowments (including bonus \$600, and cash profits \$2,678.63)		
Net amount paid for death claims and matured endowments	\$59,126	3 81
\$\frac{1}{All since paid except \$760.50 waiting letters of guardianship.		

^{\$1\$} \$\text{All since paid except \$760.50 waiting letters of guardianship.} \$154

CONFEDERATION LIFE—Continued.		
Cash paid to annuitants	1,392 7,002 3,698 11,823 50,513	31 5 0 75
voted from stockholders profits	8,572 30,000 54,074 654 2,060	00 88 99
furniture, \$23.81; solicitors charges, \$565.86; exchange expenses \$183.70	13,199	59
Total expenditure	\$242,119	20
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	63,709	18
Net amount of policies in force on 31st December, 1882	9,709,337	19
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:	. Amoun \$ 51,539 12,170 18,000 54,047	t. 18 00 00 00
Total 405	\$644,027	18

CONFEDERATION LIFE-Concluded.

Delicies in ferror of horizontal of many circledian horizon	No.	Amount.	
Policies in force at beginning of year (including bonuses, \$8,889.96)	5,378	8,159,663	96
\$13,000)	1,479	2,503,250 30,549	
Policies terminated as above (including bonuses, \$2,479.00) Policies not taken, and cancelled	405 95		18
Gross policies in force at date of statement (including bonuses \$36,960.19)	6,357	9,909,246	19
·			
Number of insured lives at beginning of year	4,978		
Number of new insurers during the year	1,252 34		
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	40.4		

Subscribed and sworn to, 6th May, 1883, by

the year otherwise than by death.....

Number of insured lives at date of statement.....

W. P. HOWLAND,

President.

464

5,732

J. K. MACDONALD,

Managing Director.

(Received, 7th May, 1883.)

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH DECEMBER, 1882. President—Jacob L. Greene. Secretary—John M. Taylor. Principal Office—Hartford, Conn., U.S. Agent in Canada—Robert Wood. Head Office in Canada—Montreal. Organized or Incorporated, 15th June, 1846. Commenced business, 15th December, 1846. Licensed in Canada, 1st August, 1868. (No capital—being purely a Mutual Company.)
and the same of t
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada\$118,272 62

Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada:
On account of death claims
Net amount paid on account of claims
*Amount paid for surrendered policies
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada \$98,650 17
ASSETS IN CANADA.
U.S. Registered bonds held in deposit by Receiver-General
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted\$ 6,663 00
Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada
Total net liabilities to policy-holders in Canada
MISCELLANEOUS.
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year36 Amount of said claims

^{*}This Company allows surrender values on lapsed policies only in payment of premiums on new insurance, or to keep other insurance on same life in force, or the value is applied in purchase of paid up insurance. No record is kept by States or Territories of the amounts so applied.

† Estimated on basis of 4 per cent. interest, Combined Experience Table.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE-Concluded.

- Limber and andound of poncies terminated during the year in Canada.	Number and amour	t of policies	terminated di	uring the	vear in Canada:
---	------------------	---------------	---------------	-----------	-----------------

-	No	. Amount.
1. By death	26	\$42,306 00
2. By maturity 3. By surrender and lapse	10	8,119 00
3. By surrender and lapse	31	84,668 00
Total	67	\$ 135,093 00

Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada2,005	\$3,899,596	00
Policies terminated as above		
Policies in force at date of statement	3.764.503	UU

No return of number of insured lives.

Subscribed and sworn to, 17th April, 1883, by

JOHN M. TAYLOR,

Secretary.

(Received, 20th April, 1883.)

THE DOMINION SAFETY FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

President and Agent-J. DEWOLFE SPURR Secretary ---- CHARLES CAMPBELL. Head Office--St. John, N.B.

(Incorporated, 25th March, 1881; Organized, 28th March, 1881. Commenced business in Canada, 8th June, 1881.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for	\$ 120,000	00
Amount paid up in cash	. 47,400	

(For List of Shareholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.

Amount secured by way of loans on real estate	3,000 00
Bonds and debentures held by the Association:	
Par Value. Market Value	1
Province of New Brunswick, 6 p. c. bonds \$10,000 00 \$11,000 00 City of St. John, N.B., do do	
Total par and market value \$26,500 00 \$29,070 00	
Carried out at market value	$\begin{array}{c} 29,070 & 00 \\ 411 & 36 \\ 2,000 & 71 \end{array}$
Cash in banks, viz: Maritime Bank	
Office furniture	26,000 00 511 27
*Total assets	\$ (0,993 34

LIABILITIES.

To certificate holders on Safety Fund account	\$10,827 24 880 15
Total liabilities on members account	\$11,707 39

^{*}The item " Premiums due and uncollected on certificates in force," which amounts to \$1,628.65, is not included in above statement of assets, as it is not now an asset, and when collected, will be a liability, being almost entirely Safety Fund and Assessments.

DOMINION SAFETY FUND-Continued.

OTHER LIABILITIES.	
J. de Wolfe Spurr, premium on bonds paid in at par	0 0
	2,089 84
Total liabilities	\$13,797 23
Surplus of assets over liabilities	\$47,196 11
Capital stock paid up	\$47,400 00
INCOME.	
Safety Fund	
Total income on members account. \$3,012 1' Sundries, Home Agency. 68 4' Interest on bonds. 1,665 0' Interest from banks. 138 90'	2 ·
Total income on shareholders' account	4,884 45
Total income	\$14,688 39
Expenditure.	
Three death claims \$1,000 each, \$3,000.	
Total expenditure on members account) ,
Other expenditure, viz.:—	
Office expenses \$168 20 Office furniture 70 20 Stationery 109 20 Postage, cards, &c. 412 11 General expenses 116 51 Printing 243 90 Advertising 109 20 Interest paid Safety Fund, Class 1881 172 50	5 5 2 5
Total shareholders expenditure	\$3,743 49
Total expenditure	\$6,743 49
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of certificates	issued in	Canada during year Newfoundland during year	627
do do	do		41
Total	****		668

92

DOMINION SAFETY FUND-	-Continued.		
	*****	\$ 668,0 00	00-
Number of certificates become claims in Canada duri	ing year 3		
Amount of said claims		\$ 3,000	00
Number of certificates in force in Canada at date do do do Newfoundland at			
Total	1,267		
Amount of said certificates		1.267.000	00-
,		,_,_,	•
Number and amount of certificates terminated durin	g the year in Canad	da :—	
•	No.	Amoun	t.
1. By death		\$3,000	00
2. By lapse	52	52,000	00
Total	55	\$55,000	00
Certificates in force at beginning of year	757	\$757,000	00
Certificates in force at beginning of year do issued during the year do terminated as above			
do terminated as above	55		
do not taken	103		
do in force at date of Statement	1,267	1,267,000	00
· ·			
Number of insured lives at beginning of year	469		
Number of new insurers during the year	413		
Number of deaths during year among insured Number of insured whose certificates terminated other			
L. J. Al	IOI WISC CHAIL		

SAFETY FUND CLASS, A.D. 1881.

Number of insured lives at date of Statement.....

	No. of Persons.	No. of Certificates.	Amount of Safety Fund.
Original number Deaths, 2; Lapsed, 2 One year's interest	207 4	345 4	\$ c. 3,450 00
Present condition	203	341	3,622 50

DOMINION SAFETY FUND—Concluded. SAFETY FUND CLASS, A.D. 1882.

	No. of Persons.	No. of Certificates.	Amount of Safety Fund.
Original number Death, 1; Lapsed, 1; (3 certificates)	398	628 4	\$ c. 6,280 00
Present condition	396	624	6,280 00

Subscribed and sworn to, 17th February, 1883, by

J. DEWOLFE SPURR,

President.

CHARLES CAMPBELL

Secretary.

(Received 22nd February, 1883.)

810 63

THE EDINBURGH LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH, 1882.

President—Sir G. G. Montgomery, Bart., M.P. | Secretary—D. Maclagan, Esq., F.R.S.E. Principal Office—Edinburgh, Scotland. Organized, A.D. 1823.

Agent in Canada—David Higgins. — Head Office in Canada—Torouto. (Commenced business in Canada, June A.D. 1857.)

CAPITAL.

VIII I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed \$\times_{77}^{\tilde{7}}\$ for	2,433,333 33 365,000 00
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada.	\$17,382 80
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:-	
On account of death claims (accrued in previous year \$6,326 67)\$27,983 35 Bonuses on do (accrued in previous year, \$1,134.67) 3,842 72	
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$31,826 07 244 79 115 04
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$32,215.90
ASSETS IN CANADA.	·
Stocks and Bonds in deposit with Receiver General, viz, :-	
Par value.	
Cape of Good Hope 4 per cent. inscribed stock \$48,663 67 Town of Belleville bonds 27,000 00 Town of Whitby do 10,000 00 Town of Owen Sound bonds 17,000 00 Town of Listowel do 13,000 00 Town of London East do 40,000 00 Town of Stratford 6,000 00	
Carried out at par value	\$161,666 67

Cash in hand and in banks in Canada.....

Total assets in Canada.....

^{*} Of this £75,000 now appearing as "paid up," £25,000 was added out of profits to the sum of £50,000 originally paid up.

EDINBURGH LIFE-Continued.

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted None.
† Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada
Difference carried out
Total net liabilities to policy-holders in Canada \$151,056 33
MISCELLANEOUS.
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-
No. Amount. 1. By death
Difference of amounts carried out
Total
No. Amount Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada
Number of insured lives at beginning of year
Subscribed and sworn to, 19th March, 1883, by
DAVID HIGGINS.

Chief Agent.

(Received, 21st March, 1883.)

[†] Actual valuation on the Institute of Actuaries, H.M. Table at 4½ per cent. interest. 164

EDINBURGH LIFE-Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st MARCH. 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Edinburgh, 4th July, 1882.)

The number of policies issued is 1,003 for £475,729. While the number of new policies issued this year is very considerably larger than the last (1,003 as against 916), the aggregate amount insured is less, the new Assurances of last year having amounted to £511,253, The reduction is therefore not in the number of the Assurances, but in the average amount of the sums in the Policies.

The corresponding new premiums of the year amount to £17,051, 19s. 6d. of which £1727, 14s. 2d. is by single payments. Last year the new premiums amounted to £21,924, but of these £5,479 were by single payments, which are always

specially liable to fluctuation.

The total income, from premiums and interests, is £253,089, 8s. 3d., showing an increase in both as compared with last year—£2,514, 7s. 8d. in premiums, and £2,468, 18s. 8d. in interests—and that notwithstanding the fall which has taken place in the rate on a considerable number of the Company's investments on the security of land.

The Accumulated Assurance and Annuity Fund, at the close of this financial year, is £1,706,850, 4s. 9d., as against £1,615,736, 2s. 3d. last year; showing the very

satisfactory addition of £91,114, 2s. 6d. during the year.

The sum of £7,376, 13s. 10d, has been received in the purchase of Annuitied during the past year, as against £10,001, 19s. 9d. received during the previous war.

The Claims under the Company's policies have, during the past year, amounted to £116,392, 11s. 2d., as against £109,620, 9s. 7d. during the previous year. 'The Claim Account is made up as follows:—

1. Under participating policies—

Original sums assuredBonus additions			
2. Under non-participating policies			
	£116 202	11	

£116,392 11 2

REVENUE Account for the Year ending 31st March, 183

Dr.

1881. March 31—			
Amount of funds at the beginning of the year£1	,729,841	5	3
Premiums £196,447 0 6 Less re-assurance premiums 13,068 13 9			•
Consideration for Annuities granted	7,378 7,376 75,711	13	10
Other receipts—	,		
Assignment and other fees	104 2,053		
£1	,992,464	9	0

EDINBURGH LIFE-Continued.

Cr.
Claims under policies (after deduction of sums re-assured)—
Claims under life policies
Surrenders:
Cash value of policies
Commission. 8,011 9 2 Expenses of management. 16,939 10 8 Dividends to shareholders. 9,000 0 0
Other payments:—
Income tax
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Balance Sheet
£1,992,464 9 0
nije i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
BALANCE SHEET AT 31st MARCH, 1882.
LIABILITIES.
Shareholders' capital paid up
Shareholders' Reserve Dividend Fund
Total Funds as per First Schedule
Expenses of management not yet paid* 1,866 17 10 Premiums paid in advance 57 2 11 Sums deposited with the Company to meet interests, etc 5,242 17 1
£1,858,899 5 9
The second secon
ASSETS.
Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom
Investments:—
In Colonial Government securities

^{*}These items are included in the corresponding items in the Revenue Account.

EDINBURGH LIFE-Concluded.

House property in Edinburgh, London, Dublin, Manchester and Glasgow—(Freehold and Leasehold) £114,758 Company's own shares (purchased) 9,972 Ground annuals and feu-duties 34,045 Life interests 2,091 Reversions 18,218 Loans on assignment of county rates, etc 20,750 Loans upon personal security (with life policies) 12,392 Agents' balances (since paid) 31,955 Outstanding premiums 43,328 interest due and unpaid at date 400 interest accrued but not yet receivable 21,153	0 13 5 2 18 2 17 7	09567188
Cash on deposit	14	6
£1,858,899	5	9

A. 1884

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE UNITED STATES.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882. President—Henry B. Hyde. Secretary—William Principal Office—120 Broadway, New York. Agent in Canada—Richard W. Gale. Head Office in Canada (Organized or Incorporated, 26th July, 1859. Commenced business in Coctober, 1868.)	a—Montre	al
Philipping		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	\$100,000	00
Total premiums received during the year on life policies in Canada	\$253,868	<u>42</u>
The state of the s		
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:— On account of death claims	•	
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$55,603 650 49,648 18,420	00 66
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$124 322	3 5
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
St. Louis City bonds, 6 per cent. (par value, \$100,000) market value U.S. bonds, 4 per cent	\$117,000 5,000 60,000	00
Total assets in Canada (in deposit with Receiver-General).	\$ 182,000	00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Under Policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted *Amount computed to cover the net reserve or re-insurance value on all min outstanding policies in Canada	,	00
Difference carried out	663,250	00
Total net liability to said policy-holders in Canada	\$688,250	00

 $^{^{}ullet}$ Reserve based upon the American Experience Table, 4½ per cent. 168

EQUITABLE LIFE-Continued.

Under Policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878.

Unaer Policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1818.	
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	
Difference carried out	\$ 194,650 00
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$ 194,650 00
Total net liabilities to all policy holders in Canada	\$ 882,900 00
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	\$1,633,800 00 80, 603
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada 1. By death	\$ 63,603 00 17,000 00
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$11,498.) Difference of amounts carried out	
Policies terminated as above and by change to paid-up policies. Policies not taken	\$6,449,617 00 1,967,798 00 648,114 00 322,500 00 7,446,801 00
Number of insured lives at beginning of year in Canada	

^{*} Reserve based on the American Experience Table, 42 per cent.

EQUITABLE LIFE-Continued.

DETAIL OF POLICIES ISSUED SINCE 31ST MARCH, 1878.

•	No.	Amount.
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	1,172	
Policies issued during the year	591	1,967,798
Policies terminated as above	141	321,216
Policies not taken	103	322,500
Policies in force at date of statement (including \$14,000 bonus ad-		•
ditions)	1,519	4,084,398

Subscribed and sworn to, 15th March, 1883, by

R. W. GALE.

(Received, 16th March, 1883.)

Dook walne of real autata management in a

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

(As returned to the Superintendent of Insurance, State of New York.)

INCOME DURING THE YEAR 1882.

Total premium income	\$8,922, 369	98
Received for interest or dividends	1,953,741	67
Received for rent	458,581	15
Net profit on investments	544,47 9	51
Total income\$		
DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR 1882.		
Total amount paid for losses and matured endowments	\$3,113,117	50
Cash paid to annuitants	43,651	62
Cash paid to annuitants	,	
tontines	978,741	21.
Cash dividends paid to policy-holders	1.842.031	23'
Cash paid to stockholders for interest or dividends	7,000	00
Commuting commissions	203,122	29
Taxes	102,026	
General expenses		

ASSETS.

Total disbursements.....

Book value of real estate, unencumbered	44
Loans on bonds and mortgages (first liens) on real estate	27
Loans secured by pledge of bonds, stock or other marketable collaterals 10,417,000	00
Cost value of hands and stocks award	GT.

26,468 42 Agents' balances

> Total net or ledger assets.....\$45,529,581 54

EQUITABLE LIFE—Concluded.

OTHER ASSETS.

OTHER ASSETS.
Interest due and accrued \$300,929 17 Rents due and accrued 82,837 12 Market value of bonds and stocks over cost 896,388 03 Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums 972,812 00
Total assets\$47,782,547 86
LIABILITIES.
Net re-insurance reserve
Total liabilities
Gross surplus on policy-holders' account\$10,415,471 47
(Computed as belonging to tontine policy-holders
RISKS AND PREMIUMS.
Number of new policies issued during the year

H. B. HYDE.

President.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

Secretary.

NEW YORK, 5th March, 1883.

THE FEDERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF ONTARIO.

STATEMENT FOR SIX MONTHS ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President—D. B. Chisholm Managing Director—Dav Head Office—Hamilton, Ont.	ID DEXT	er.
(Organized or incorporated, 21st December, 1874. Commenced business June 1882.)	in Canad	la,
CAPITAL.		
Amount of first stock capital authorized	,000,000 700,000 62,896	θū
(For list of Stockholders, see Appendix.)		
ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.		
Premium obligations on policies in force	\$ 9 29	28
Stocks and bonds owned by the Company, viz:		
* Canadian Pacific Railway bonds	11,000 1,806	
Cash in banks, viz.:—		
* Federal Bank, special deposit		
Total	40,254 1,030 5,758 803	64 10
Total	\$ 61,582	26
OTHER ASSETS.		
Interest accrued	\$1,307	96
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums. Commuted commissions. Furniture	2,902 2,068 832	21
Total assets	\$68,693	66

^{*} Deposited with the Receiver-General:

FEDERAL LIFE—Continued.

FEDERAL LIFE—Continued.		
LIABILITIES.		
*Amount computed to cover the net present value of all policies in force	\$4,928 1,956	
Total liabilities	\$ 6,884	99
Surplus on policy-holders' account	\$61,808 68,6 5 5	
INCOME DURING THE YEAR.		
†Cash received for premiums Premium obligations taken in part payment of premiums	\$6, 243 929	
Total Deduct premiums paid to other Companies for re-insurance	\$7,17 3 1 03	
Total premium income	\$7,06 9 30 1	
Received on account of capital stock.	\$7,371 62,896	66 90
Total income	\$ 70,268	56
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Cash paid for commissions, salaries and other expenses of officials, including commuted commissions. General current expenses Preliminary expenses. Office furniture.	\$10,858 1, 99 9 2,587 832	65 - 25 -
Total expenditure	\$16, 278	40
Premium note account.	0000	•
Premium obligations received during the year	\$929 92 9	28 28
•		
MISCELLANEOUS. Number of new policies reported during the groups taken in Canada 254	-	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada, 254 Amount of said policies	\$404,350	00 ·
Amount of said policies		
Net amount in force, 31st December, 1882	394,350	00 ∞

[•] Institute of Actuaries, H.M. 41 per cent.
† Not including short date notes for premiums.
173

Managing Director.

FEDERAL LIFE—Concluded

FEDERAL LIFE—Concluded.		
•	No.	Amount.
Policies issued during the year in Canada	254	\$4 04,350 00
Policies terminated	254	404,350 00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Number of lives insured during the year	25 0	
Number of insured lives at date of statement	250	
Subscribed and sworn to, 31st March, 1883, by		<i>i</i> .
D. B. CHI	SHO	LM,
	Pre	esident.
DAVID D	EXT.	ER,

(Received, 9th April, 1883.)

\$163,575 02

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA.

(Formerly Mutual Life Association of Canada.)

STATE	MENT FO	OR THE	YEAR EN	DING 31	lsr Dec	EMBER	, 1882.		
President-JAMES			1					vid Burk	E.
			ice—Han	ailton.	Ontario.		•		
(Organized or		•		•			Canada	1872.)	
(Organized of	THEOT P	oracou, i	.0,2. 00	mmono	ou busi-	1000 12	ounuu,	1012.)	
			CAPIT						
Amount of joint sto	ck or g	uarantee	capital a	uthoriz	ed and s	ubscri	bed for	200,000	00
Amount paid up in	cash			•••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • • • • •	45,416	66
Amount paid in no	tes	•••••••	•••••	••••	••••	•••,••••		4,650	00
	(F	or Tiet at	Stockhol	dere see	Annend	ir)			
	(1.0	и шы ој	ASSE		прреми	·)			
Walne of med and a	. (1				lk a Clam			60 500	00
Value of real estate Amount of loans	ode in	ocumbr	ances) no	dderg oi	n the Co	ipany. mnany	's noli-	\$2,500	00
cies, assigned	as colla	terals	poncy-no			mpauj		6,417	81
*Stocks, bonds or								.,	
DUCKS, DOLLAS OF	10 bentu	ios noiu	by the C	-	y, viz Par value		ket value.		
City of Hamilton Water	r Works	bonds	****		\$16,777 0	1 \$1	8,203 06		
do gene		B		•••••	36,415 9		9,147 19		
Town of Strathroy	do		****** ******** *		4,000 ()O	4,060 00 9,360 00		
County of Wellington Township of Minto	do		••• ••••••		9,000 (500 (00	520 00		
Town of Ingersoll	do				3,000 0		3,150 00		
Town of Peterboro'	do				3,000 (00	3,150 00		
City of Guelph	ďο				12,100 (2,678 00		
City of London Township of Usborne	do do				1,000 (2,000 (1,120 00 2,100 00		
County of Middlesex	do				500 0		500 00		
Township of Harwich	do				409 0		409 00		
Township of Gosfield	do				1,082 4		1,093 23		
Township of Romney Town of Windsor	do do		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		700 0 7,000 0		707 00 7,210 00		
City of Belleville	do				8,000		8,480 00		
Township of Proton	do		*** *****		700 (728 00		
Township of Maidstone					2,214		2,346 81		
Township of Chathan		`	_	_		_	2,674 08		
Total par	and mar	rket value	*******i		\$111,046	00 \$1	17,636 40		
Carried out at ma								117,653	35
Cash at head office	e and b	ranches.	•••••	• •••••	•••••		•	6,107	
Cash in Banks, vi	z. :—							•	
Canadian Bank of Co Landed Banking and Hamilton, Provident	Loan Co	mpany					8,368 69 5,000 00 10,000 00		
						-		69 966	
LOCAL.	lanaa	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	• • • • • • • •	*******	23,368) UU
Agents' ledger ba Bills receivable (i	nances.	~ Q 4 GEO	motor for		·······		1×.	2,377	19)
Dina receivable (1	nciuain	g \$4,000	HOTES IO	r caus	Ruarant	ee lub(1 <i>]</i> ;	5,150	

[•] Of these \$104,808 par, are deposited with Receiver General.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA—Continued.

OTHER ASSETS.

Introport accounted	01 605	01
Interest accrued	\$ 1,605	JI.
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums Office furniture Commuted commissions	25,474 1,514 1,700	12:
Total assets	\$193,869	86-
LIABILITI ES.		
*Amount computed to cover the net present value of all policies in force \$158,677 00 Deduct value of policies re-insured in other Companies		
Net re-insurance reserve	145	60^
Claims for death losses adjusted but not due	1,000	
Total liabilities	\$158,940	60
Surplus on policy-holders' account	\$34,929 50,066	26 66
INCOME DURING THE YEAR.		
Cash received for premiums Deduct premiums paid to other companies for re-insurance	\$45,27 8 4 24	
Total premium income	\$44, 853 8, 2 69	79 39
Received on account of Guarantee fund, cash	24,750 4,650	00 00 ·
Total income	\$82,5 23	18
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Cash paid for death claims \$10,454 80 Cash paid for matured endowments 7,750 00	•	
Net amount paid for death claims and matured endowments	\$18,204 1,545 1,429	45

^{*}Computed part at 5 per cent. Carlisle Table, and part H.M. 41 per cent. 176

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA—Continued.	
Commissions, salaries and other expenses of officials, viz.:—Commissions, \$6,035.33; salaries, head office, \$4,300.00; salaries of agents, \$3,225.00; travelling, \$2,446.66	16,006 99 130 72
\$806.79	7,456 49
Total expenditure	\$44,773 86 ————
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	\$541,500 00 18,204 80 1,834,712 22 24,500 00
Net amount in force at 31st December, 1882	1,810,212 22
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:	o. Amount.
1. By death	\$10,454 80 7,750 00 24,500 00
Difference of amounts carried out	
5. By lapse	· ————
Policies issued during the year	215,885 32 125,912 48
Policies in force at date of statement	1,839,712 22

^{*}One policy was cancelled in 1881, was only paid in 1882, and was not reported as outstanling in 1881.

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA.—Concluded.

Number of insured lives at beginning of year Number of new insurers during the year	1,172 360
Number of deaths during the year among insured	13
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	
the year otherwise than by death	2 30
Number of insured lives at date of statement, closely estimated.	1.289

Subscribed and sworn to, 14th April, 1883, by

JAMES TURNER,

President.

DAVID BURKE,

Manager.

(Received 16th April, 1883)

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 5TH APRIL, 1882.		
Manager-John Fraser. Joint Secretaries- { John Sharp. James Charl	es Wardro	DP.
Principal Office-Edinburgh.		
Agent in Canada—Gro. Wm. Ford. Head Office in Canada	a-Montre	al:
(Organized or Incorporated, 1838. Commenced business in Canada, S		
(Organization of Interpretation, 1990)	ори, 1001.	,
CAPITAL.		
Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for	1 046 666	e e
Amount paid up in cash		
2220022 poze up 12 0002200		=
This spalls Filter		
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life	***	
policies in Canada	\$ 82,342	88
premiums in Canada	860	41
)		
Total net premium income	\$ 83, 20 3	29
Concession Spine		
37.	440 -40	
Net amount paid on account of death claims in Canada	\$68,712	91
Amount naid to annuitants	140	88
Amount paid to annuitants	3,575	
•		
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$72,428	40
•		
EXPENSES IN CANADA.		
Cash paid for salaries of officials in Canada	\$2,179	92
Cash paid for commission in Canada	1,545	
Cash paid for licenses or taxes in Canada	184	
Cash paid for office expenses and sundry expenditures in Canada	2,455	66
Total	\$6,365	33
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Canada Stock in deposit with Receiver-General	\$150,000	
Real estate in Canada owned	44,541 $12,075$	
Cash in hand and in Danks in Canada	12,010	
Total assets in Canada	\$206,617	13
:		=

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND---Continued.

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	\$27,253	31
• Amount computed to cover net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	,	
Difference carried out.	659,955	92
Total liabilities in Canada	\$ 687, 2 09	23
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 32 Amount of said claims	76,812	
Amount of said policies	,935,528	70
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-	-	
No.; 1. By death	Amoun 76,893 1,460 31,633	33 00
\$1,517.48.) Difference of amounts carried out		54
Total	\$ 135,172	58
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	135 172	58

Number of insured lives...... No return.

Subscribed and sworn to, 26th February, 1883, by

GEO. WM. FORD.

(Received, 28th February, 1883.)

^{*} Institute of Actuaries H.M. Table 41 per cent. interest.

£2,610,605 13

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND-Continued.

GENERAL	BUSINESS	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	5тн	APRIL.	1882.

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 5TH APRIL, 1882.
(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Edinburgh, 31st October, 1882.)
During the year ending 5th April, 1882—
The new life policies issued were
The annual premiums payable for these policies
New life annuities were purchased for per annum 1,208 "
The revenue of the year from premiums and interest on invest-
ments was
343 deaths occurred amongst the assured under policies for 186,756 "
At the end of the year (5th April, 1882)—
26,347 policies of assurance were in force for
The assets in hand, as per the balance sheet, were
FIRST SCHEDULE-REVENUE ACCOUNT.
Amount of funds at the beginning of year£2,101,216 0 1
Praming (less re-assurances)
Premiums (less re-assurances)
Interest and dividends
451,304 16 4
£2.852.520 16 5
$\underbrace{\pounds 2,852,520}_{====================================$
0100 mm 0 1 1 m
Claims under policies (after deduction of sums re-assured) £186,756 1 7
Claims under policies payable on the survivance of the lives 4,526 19 0
Surrenders
ZIII MULLION III III III III III III III III III
Expenses of management
Dividends to shareholders, and interest on paid-up capital
Other payments:— Cash bonuses to existing policyholders
Income tax
Amount of funds at the end of the year (as per second schedule) 2,520,443 8 1
Amount of funds at the one of the 3-car (as per second section).
£2,852,520 16 5
SECOND SCHEDULE-BALANCE SHEET.
Liabilities.
Shareholders' capital, paid up£ 87,500 0 0
Shareholders' capital, paid up
TOTAL THIRD AS DEL HIST BOHOGOTOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOMOM
Claims admitted, but not due (including all deaths to date, whether formally proved or not) 90,073 8 3
formally proved or not)

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND-Concluded.

Assets.

Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom	0	0	5 0 5
Investments:—			
In British Government securities	216,110 49,118 190,314 193,262 122,778	10 18 12	8 5
Annuities and reversions	41,225	13	0
Bank of Scotland stock	22,278	6	11
17 Vict., c. 224 (£10 Î6s. 10d. per share)	35,174 22,913 16,034 5,322 1,301 0 112,480 4,695 32,205	0 15 12 2 0 6 19	11 5 4 4 0 10 9
On deposit in banks	89,591	19	9
	£2,610,605	13	8

747,450 00

THE LION LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st December, 1882.	
President—Ellis Elias Secretary—J.	B. DAVISON
Principal Office-London, England.	
Agent in Canada—F. STANCLIFFE. Head Office in Canada—Mon	NTREAL.
(Organized or incorporated, 1880. Commenced business in Canada, June	e 1st, 1881.)
CAPITAL.	
Amount of joint stock capital authorized	4,866,666 67
Amount subscribed for	4,777,333 33
Amount paid up in eash	895,466 67
·	
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life	
policies in Canada Deduct amount paid for premiums on policies re-insured in other	\$28,281 33
licensed companies in Canada	2,288 17
Total net premium income	\$ 25,993 16
Amount paid during the year on account of death claims in Canada	None.
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Canada stock in deposit with Receiver-General, par	\$48,666 67 11,702 92
Total assets in Canada	\$ 60,369 59
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Amount of Reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada (estimated)	
Total liabilities in Canada	\$20,000 00
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in	
Amount of said policies	\$455,450 00
Number of policies in force in Canada at date	\$\$\$\$\$,\$\$\$\$
Amount of said policies	
37 / / / C . 01 / D . 1 . 1000	m./m. /MA AA

Net amount in force, 31st December, 1882.....

LION LIFE-Concluded.

LION LIFE—Concluded.			
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in	Canada:	_	
	No.	Amoun	t.
1. By lapse	61	\$129,500	00
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	162	\$481,000	00
Policies issued during the year	201	453,450	00
Policies terminated as above	64	129,500	00
Policies in force at date of statement	299		
Number of insured lives at beginning of year in Canada	158		
Number of new insurers during the year	193		
Number of deaths during the year among the insured Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	None.		
the year otherwise than by death	59		
Number of insured lives at date of statement	292		
Subscribed and swora to, 27th February, 1883, by			
	F. STAN	CLIFFE.	
(Received, 28th February, 1883.)			

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President—H. B. GILMOUR, Esq. | Secretary— John M. Dove, Esq.

Principal Office—Liverpool, England.

Agent in Canada—G. F. C. SMITH. | Head Office in Canada—Montreal. (Organized 21st May, 1836. Commenced business in Canada, 4th June, 1851.)

CAPITAL.

(See Fire Statement.)

Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	\$ 9,180	58 :
Total net premium income	\$9,180	58
Amount paid during the year on account of death claims in Canada (Including \$107.00 bonus additions.)	\$1,707	00
Amount paid to annuitants	363 989	
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$ 3,059	69
EXPENSES IN CANADA.		
Paid for commission	\$318 130	
Total	\$44 8	91

(For Assets in Canada, see Fire Statement.)

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

in Canada	\$50,000	00 ~
Total net liability to policy-holders in Canada	\$50,000	00-

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada. Amount of said policies	\$13,000 00 1,707 00
(Including \$107.00 bonus additions.) Number of policies in force in Canada at date	•
Amount of said policies	
Total net amount in force 31st December, 1882	270,046 56

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-

	No.	Amount.
1. By death	2 3	\$1,600 00 7,500 00
3. By surrender, \$3,000.00. (For which paid up policies have been granted to amount of \$1,094.48.)		
Difference of amounts carried out		1,905 52 3,100 00
·	7	\$14,105 52

Policies in force at beginning of year	185	\$25 9,928	71
Policies issued during the year			QQ.
Policies terminated as above			
Policies transferred to another agency	1	486	- •
Policies in force at date of statement (exclusive of bonus additions).	181	258,336	52

Number of insured lives at beginning of year	168
Number of new insurers during the year	4
Number of deaths during the year among insured	2
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	
the year otherwise than by death	6
Number of insured lives at date of statement	164

Subscribed and sworn to, 28th February, 1883, by

G. F. C. SMITH.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE—Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, 18th May, 1883.)

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

During the year the Company has received 982 proposals to assure the	
sum of	£683,080
723 policies were issued for	5 03, 149
164 proposals were not completed for	109,731
95 proposals were declined for	70,200

The premiums on the new assurances during the year amount to £16,427, the total premium income, after deducting the amount paid for re-insurance, being £225,221. One hundred and thirty-five annuity bonds have been issued for a consideration of £60,149, granting annuities amounting to £5,666. The holders of eighty-two annuity bonds have died during the year, relieving the Company of the annual payment of £3,872. The funds of the Life Department now amount to. £3,422,078, being an increase of £119,295.

REVENUE ACCOUNTS.

LIFE ASSURANCE ACCOUNT. Liverpool and London and Globe Fund.

Premiums after deduction of re-assurance premiums		1	0
Globe Fund.	,,,,,		
Amount of life assurance fund at the beginning of the year£390,471 5 11 Premiums, after deduction of re-assurance premiums	2	13	3
<u>-</u>	£3,130,809	14	3
Liverpool and London and Globe Fund.			
Claims under life policies, including those admitted but not paid (after deducting sums re-assured) £174,844 7 9 Surrenders 11,325 5 Commission 7,421 19 Expenses of management 12,088 4 Other payments, viz.:— 2856 4 Medical fees 2856 4 Stamps 562 12 Amount of funds at the end of the year, as in balance sheet 2,495,828 6	£2,702,927	1	0
Globe Fund.			
Claims under life policies, including those admitted but not paid			

(after deducting sums re-assured)......£ 38,542 0

Surrenders.....

Commission

1,826 14 568 17

427,882 13

£3,130,809 14

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE-Concluded.

ANNUITY ACCOUNT.

Liverpool and London and Globe Fund						
	,481 ,149 ,241	5	3	2582,872	13	0 -
Globe Fund.						
Amount(of fund at the beginning of the year£20). Interest and dividends£20	,046 852	12 2	7 4 	20,898	14	11
			£	603,771	7	11:
Liverpool and London and Globe Fund.						
Commission	,125 601 ,763 1,382	9 10	10 8 8	£582 ,8 72	13	0.
Globe Fund.						
Annuities paid	75	1	4 0 7	20,898	14	11
			_			
			£	603,771	7	11

(For Balance Sheet. See Fire Statement.)

\$20,135 23

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

President—Col. Kingscote, C.B., M.P. | Secretary—William Palin Clirehugh. Principal Office-London, England.

Agent in Canada—WM. ROBERTSON. Head Office in Canada—Montreal. Organized or Incorporated 6th August, 1862.

(Commenced business in Canada, 1863.)

CAPITAL.	
Amount of joint stock capital authorized and subscribed for£	100,000 0 0
Amount paid up in cash	5
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	5
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz:—	
On account of death claims (\$2,000 accrued in previous years) \$19,246 67	<u></u>
Net amount paid on account of claims. Amount paid for surrendered policies. Amount paid for dividends or bonuses to policy-holders (reversionary)	524 43
bonus additions on claims paid)	364 13

ASSETS IN CANADA.

Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada......

In deposit with Receiver-General, viz.:-

	Par Value.	Market Value.
Province of Quebec bonds (issue of 1878, 30 years) City Victoria, B.C., Waterworks debenture	\$5,000 00 5,000 00	\$5,112 50 5,7 50 00
Cash	\$10,000 00	\$10 862 50 100,000 00

Total in deposit with Receiver-General...... \$110,862 50

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE—Continued.		
Other Canadian investments, viz.:—		
Par Value. Market Value.		
\$20,999 00 \$22,816 48		
Carried out at market value	22,816 172,925 12,775	0 0 -
Total assets in Canada	\$319,379	<u>51</u>
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada, unsettled but not resisted Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada, after deduction of deferred and outstanding premiums,	\$ 8,000	00⊳
loans, &c	127,000	00
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$135,000	00
Under policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada, after deduction of deferred and outstanding premiums,	\$ 6,000	00
re-insurance, &c	99,000	00
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$ 105,000	00
Total net liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	\$240,000	00
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada 394 Amount of said policies	\$845,050	00 -
Bonus additions 597 78		
Less amount re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada		
Net amount of said claims. 1,877 Number of policies in force in Canada at date. 1,877 Amount of said policies. \$3,325,280 38 Bonus additions 8,022 50	31,844	45
Less amount of said policies re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada		
Net amount in force 31st December, 1882	3,164,302	88

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE-Continued.

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-

number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Can	iaua :-	
1. By death (including bonus additions)	No. 15	
2. By surrender	14	
3. By surrender, \$24,000. (For which paid up policies have been granted to amount of \$4,638.50.)		
Difference of amounts carried out4. By lapse	106	19,361 50 185,745 00
Total	135	\$259,450 95
Policies in force at beginning of year	39 4 135	845,050 00 259,450 95 1,700 00
withingsandana	•	, ,
Number of insured at beginning of year in Canada	367 15	

DETAIL OF POLICIES ISSUED SINCE 31st MARCH, 1878.

Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada 1,052	1.893.387	67
Policies issued during the year	845.050	00
Policies terminated as above	20 3,600	00
Policies reduced	1,700	00
Policies in force at date of statement	2,533,137	67

Subscribed and sworn to, 13th February, 1883, by

WILLIAM ROBERTSON.

(Received 14th February, 1883.)

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE—Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, 1883.)

NEW ASSURANCES.

Yielding a new premium income of \$101,012.83—the largest amount of new business the Company has secured in any one year.

The average age of the lives assured is 33.

The new assurances during the past quinqennium are shown by the following table:—

	N	o. of Policie	8.	Sums Assured.		New Premiums.
1878	•••••	1,009	•••••	\$ 1,869,215	•••••	\$ 63,735
1879 (1	1 month	s) 888	•••••	1,690,740	•••••	59,370
1880	•••••	1,272	••••	2,268,435.	•••••	77,295
1881	• • • • • •	1,310	•••••	2,526,325	••••	91,590
1882	• • • • • •	1,350	•••••	2,666,050	••••	101,012

The total premium income is now \$520,087, and deducting premiums paid to other offices for re-assurance, the net amount is \$478,346. The increase over the net premium income of the previous year being \$62,093.

The claims by death, with bonus additions, and those matured under endowment

assurances, amount to \$183,542.

The accounts on the annexed page are in accordance with the Insurance Companies' Act. They show that, after payment of claims, surrenders, and all other outgoings, the sum of \$219,095, as the result of 1882, has been added to the funds, which now stand at \$1,501,627.

The following table gives the annual addition to the funds since 1877:-

	Inc	rease over previous	year.	Total funds.
1878	•••••	\$ 92,792 ·	•••••	\$ 851,724
1879	•••••	64, 924	******	916,648
1880	*******	197,077	•• ••••	1,113,725
1881	*******	168,807	•••••	1,282,532
1882	*****	219,095	******	1.501.627

Showing a total increase of \$742,695 in five years.

THE VALUATION.

The calculations in connection with the Quinquennial Valuation have been based on the Table of Mortality known as the Institute of Actuaries', deduced from the combined experience of twenty Life Offices, and the rate of interest assumed 4 per cent. The whole of the loading added to the pure or net premiums, the value of which is \$1,312,859, has been reserved for future profits and expenses.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE-Continued.

The result is a surplus of \$180,596, as shown by the following Statement:—

LIABILITIES.

Value of \$15,269,795, Assured by 8,131 policies	\$6,554,809 180,596	00 00
	\$6,735,405	
ASSETS.		
Value of—\$11,502 premiums Less value of loading	\$6,501,118 . 1,312,8 5 9	00 00
Value of rc-assurances Assurance fund	\$5,188,259 . 113,474 1,433,672	00
	\$6,735,405	00

Policy-holders' share of profits:-

The divisible surplus, viz., \$140,000, will enable the Board to declare a Reversionary Bonus on the sums assured by the whole life participating policies in force at rates varying from 1 to 1½ per cent. per annum.

BALANCE SHEET ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

LIABILITIES.

Shareholders' capital paid up		
\$67,955 00 Assurance Fund		
Total funds (as per First Schedule)	\$1,501,627 11,115	00 00
Other sums owing by the Company:—		
Interest to shareholders, &c	1,722	00
·	\$ 1,51 4 ,464	00
Assets.		
Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom	\$ 233.292	00
Loans on the Company's policies within the extent of their value	105,421	00
Investments:—		
In Indian and Colonial Government securities and special deposit with the Canadian Government \$285,939 00 In Railway and other debentures and debenture stocks 63,923 00 In Indian Railway stocks 101,609 00 In Railway stares (preference and ordinary) 162,253 00 In house property (including Cornhill premises) 121,719 00 In impreved ground rents 69,832 00 In reversions 14,783 00		0 0
Loans upon personal security in connection with life policies		

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE LIFE-Concluded.

HONDON AND DANCABILING DIFE-CO	ncuaea.		
Branch offices' and agents' balances* December premiums on which the days of grace are current*	\$48,956 00 94,470 00		
Outstanding half-yearly and quarterly premiums	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$138, 42 6 50,22 4	
Outstanding interest	\$11,013 00 3,964 00	14.088	00
Cash:		14,977	vv
In hand and on current account at head office and branches On deposit at head office and branches	46,730 00	118,370	00
Other assets:—		110,570	UU-
Furniture and fittings at head office and branches	\$ 11,646 00		
Policy Stamps in hand	154 00 950 09	12,750	00
	- '9	1 514 484	00-

^{*}These have, with few exceptions, been since paid:

11-13

$\mathbf{T}\mathbf{H}\mathbf{E}$	LONDON	ASSURANCE	CORPORATION	OF	LONDON,	ENGLAND.
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STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882. Governor-WM. RENNIE, Esq. Secretary-John P. Laurence, Esq. Head Office in Canada—Montreal. Agent in Canada—C. C. Foster. Principal Office— No. 7 Royal Exchange, London. (Incorporated, A.D., 1720. Commenced business in Canada, 1st March, 1862.) (For Capital, see Fire Statement.) Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada..... \$987 20 Amount paid during the year on account of death claims in Canada..... None. (For Assets in Canada, see Fire Statement.) LIABILITIES IN CANADA. Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada..... **\$4,000 00** Total net liability to policy-holders in Canada \$4,000 00 MISCELLANHOUS. Number of policies reported during the year as taken in Canada. None. Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year....None. Number of policies in force in Canada at date..... Total amount in force at 31st December, 1882 Number of policies terminated during the year in Canada...... None. Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada (including bonus additions, \$2,385.00) **\$**30,125**300** Policies in force at date of statement (including bonus additions, 30,125 00 Number of insured lives at beginning and end of year in Canada... Subscribed and sworn to, 30th March, 1883, by C. C. FOSTER. (Received, 31st March, 1883.)

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LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION—Concluded.

REVENUE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

LIFE ASSURANCE ACCOUNT.

1001	(For Balance Sheet see Fire Statement.)	c		,
	Amount of Life Assurance fund at this date	£ 1,772,906	s: 13	<i>d</i> . 5
1882 Dec. 31.	Premiums after deduction of re-assurance premiums and returns	150,033 2,832	15	0
	Profit on realization of securities	76,818 1,133 1,623	5	5 1 0
	newed in 1882	93	14	3
		£2,005, 4 41	14	4
1882. Dec. 31.	Claims under life policies after deduction of sums re-assured Surrenders	£ 129,203 5,814 9,294 5,177 11,416 414	17 2 10	d. 10 4 1 5 7
	Series of 1831	10,884	18	6
	Old series			
	*Less expenses of management as above	14,535	3	0
	Amount of Life Assurance funds at this date as per balance sheet		14	7
		£2,005,441	14	4

^{*}To meet the request of the Board of Trade, the expenses of management have been apportioned by an arbitrary process between the Marine, Fire and Life Departments, instead of being charged (as previous to 1874) in one sum in the profit and loss account. The portion of such expenses thus allotted to the Life Department has been deducted from the Corporation's share of the profits of that department; the assured therefore continue exempt from this charge.

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882. President—Joseph F. Knapp. Secretary—John R. Hegeman. Principal Office—New York City. Agent in Canada—Thomas A. Temple. Head Office in Canada—St. John, N.B. (Organized or Incorporated, January, 1866. Commenced business in Canada, November, 1872.) CAPITAL. Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	•					
Principal Office—New York City. Agent in Canada—Thomas A. Temple. Head Office in Canada—St. John, N.B. (Organized or Incorporated, January, 1866. Commenced business in Canada, November, 1872.) Capital.	STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.					
CAPITAL. Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HEGEMAN.				
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	(Organized or Incorporated, January, 1866. Commenced business in Canada,					
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	-					
Premiums received in cash and in notes, loans or liens on life policies in Canada	CAPITAL.					
Amount paid for surrendered policies	Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	100,000 00				
Amount paid for surrendered policies						
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada		22,993 18				
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada						
United States bonds in deposit with Receiver-General	Amount paid for surrendered policies					
LIABILITIES IN CANADA. Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$7,765 15				
LIABILITIES IN CANADA. Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	ASSETS IN CANADA.					
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted \$ 7,000 00 *Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies \$100,385 00 Deduct amount of deferred and outstanding premiums, less cost of collection at 10 per cent	United States bonds in deposit with Receiver-General\$	100,000 00				
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies \$100,385 00 Deduct amount of deferred and outstanding premiums, less cost of collection at 10 per cent	LIABILITIES IN CANADA.					
Deduct amount of deferred and outstanding premiums, less cost of collection at 10 per cent	•	\$ 7,000 00				
Total net liabilities to policy-holders in Canada. S91,243 04 ISCELLANEOUS. Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada. 4 Amount of said policies. Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year. Amount of said claims. Number of policies in force in Canada at date. S4,243 04 \$91,243 04 \$6,000 00	Cost of collection at 10 per cent					
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada. 4 Amount of said policies		84,243 04				
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada. 4 Amount of said policies	Total net liabilities to policy-holders in Canada	\$91,243 04				
Amount of said policies	ISCELLANEOUS.					
Amount of said claims	Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada. 4 Amount of said policies	6,000 00				
Number of policies in force in Canada at date	Amount of said claims					
	Number of policies in force in Canada at date	803,432 00				

^{*} Reserve at 4½ per cent., based on American Experience Table. 197

METROPOLITAN LIFE-Concluded.

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year	year in Canada:
--	-----------------

		No.	Amount.
1.	By death	4	\$ 7.000 00
2.	By surrender	15	36,500 00
3.	(For which eash value has been paid, \$3,923.55.) By lapse	15	50,000 00
	Total	34	\$ 93,500 00

Policies in force at the beginning of year	385	\$890,932	00
Policies issued during the year	4	6,000	00
Policies terminated as above	34	93,500	00
Policies in force at date of statement	355	803,432	00

Number of insured lives-No return.

Subscribed and sworn to, 3rd March, 1883, by

JOHN R. HEGEMAN,

Secretary.

(Received 6th March, 1883.)

THE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, U.S. OF A.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
President—Van H. Higgins. Secretary—J. H. 1	Nitchie.	
Principal Office-Washington, D.C.		
Agent in Canada—John F. Bell. Head Office in Canada—V	Vindsor, O	nt.
(Organized or Incorporated, 25th July, 1868; Commenced business	ess in	
Canada, 11th June, 1869.)		
•		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	1,000,000	00
Amount of premiums received in each during the year on life policies	Ø0 25 <i>6</i>	OK
in Canada	\$9,356	==
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:-		
On account of death claims		
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$ 6,676 6,204	
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$12,880	34
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
U.S. bonds in deposit with Receiver-General—Par value, \$100,000.00;		
Market value	120,375	00
LIABILITIMS IN CANADA.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Amount of claims in Canada resisted	\$ 3,000 5,500	
Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies		
in Canada		
Difference carried out	119,671	46

Total net liabilities to policy-holders in Canada...... \$128,171 46

[•] Estimated upon American Experience Table of Mortality, with 44 per cent. interest. The net reserve upon American Experience Table, 6 per cent. interest, is \$98,657.00.

\$146,770 82

NATIONAL LIFE-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS.
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 6 Amount of said claims
Number of policies in force in Canada at date
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-
1. By death
Total36 \$83,450 00
Policies in force at beginning of year 443 \$525,152 00 Policies terminated as above 36 83,450 00 Gross policies in force at date of statement 407 441,702 00
Number of insured lives.—No return.
Subscribed and sworn to, 13th March, 1883, by J. H. NITCHIE,
(Received, 27th March, 1883.)

Total premium income.....

GENERAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(As returned to the Auditor of Public Accounts, State of Illinois.)

INCOME.

TOTAL DICHHUM INCOMO	\$140,110	02
Cash received for interest or dividends	135,666	77
Cash received as discount on claims paid in advance	193	
Cash received for rents	99,5:0	-
Total income	\$ 382,162	04
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Total amount paid for losses and matured endowments	\$ 150,08 7	47
for premiums paid in advance)	2,457	99
companies for re-insured policies)	217,681	49
(voided by lapse in profit and loss account)	2,699	2 3
ment of premiums	1,761	78
Cash paid stockholders for interest or dividends	150,000	
General expenses	124,929	
_		

Total disbursements.....

NATIONAL LIFE-Concluded.

ASSETS.

ADDRID.		
Book value of real estate, exclusive of all encumbrances	,832,497	38
cates on mortgaged property	833,735	47
Loans secured by pledge of bonds, stocks or other marketable collaterals	293,000	00
Premium notes, loans or liens on policies in force	20,906	96
Cost value of bonds and stocks owned	166,427	50
Cash on hand and in banks	73,844	75
Agents' balances	5,047	03
Agents' balances	5 3,456	31
Total net or ledger assets\$3	278 915	40
Deduct depreciation and offset claim	6,106	25
	,272,809	15
OTHER ASSETS.		
Interest due and accrued	\$30,066	64
Rents due and accrued	1,568	
Market value of stocks and bonds over cost	19,592	
Due from other companies for losses	15,403	00
Net amount of uncollected and deferred premiums	15,056	63
Total assets	,354,496	02
LIABILITIES.		
*Net re-insurance reserve\$1	757 811	00
Total unsettled claims	115 791	38 90
Other liability	11 648	77
- Control Habiting	11,040	
Total liabilities on policy-holders' account	,885,181	13
Gross surplus on policy-holders' account	,469,314 ,000,000	89 00
Number of policies issued during the year		
Amount of said policies	162,761	00
Amount terminated	,148,008	00
Number of policies in force at date	.633.853	00
•		

Subscribed and sworn to, 6th March, 1883, by

VAN. H. HIGGINS,

President.

J. H. NITCHIE,

Secretary.

*Computed according to the American Table of Mertality with 6 per cent, interest.

The net reserve on the American Table, 42 per cent, interest, is \$2,149,147, and on the American Table 4 per cent, interest is \$2,368,427,

THE NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.
President-Morris Franklin Vice-President and Actuary-W.H. Buers.
Principal Office-346 and 348 Broadway, N.Y.
Agent in Canada—F. W. CAMPBELL, M.D. Head Office in Canada—Montreal.
(Organized or incorporated, 1841. Commenced business in Canada about 1868.)
A purely Mutual Company—No Capital.
Amount of premiums received during the year on life policies in Canada \$94,139 02
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.
On account of death elaims
Amount paid for surrendered policies
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada \$174,438 49

· ·
ASSETS IN CANADA.
U.S. bonds—4 p.c. consols—in deposit with Receiver-General \$100,000 00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted \$21,676 17
Net re-insurance reserve on policies in Canada
·
MISCELLANEOUS.
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 23 Amount of said claims
Amount of said policies

NEW YORK LIFE-Concluded.

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Cana
--

	No,	Amoun	ıt.
1. By death	19	\$74,519	93
2. By maturity	4	3,259	15
2. By maturity 3. By surrender and lapse	47	245,389	92
-			
Total	70	\$323,160	00

Policies in force at beginning of year	1,482	3,846,745	00
Policies issued during the year, paid up policies and removals	6	10,370	00
Pelicies terminated as above			
Policies in force at date of statement	1.418	3,533,955	00

Number of insured lives--No return. (Received 30th March, 1883.)

THE NORTH AMERICAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
President—Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, M.P. Managing Director and Agent— William McCabe, F.I.A. Secretary—Leopoli	GOLDMA	N.
Head Office—Toronto, Ontario.		
(Incorporated 15th May, 1879. Organized and commenced business in	n Canada,	
10th January, 1881.)		
-		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of guarantee fund authorized and subscribed for	\$100,000 57,400	00 00 =
(For List of Guarantors, see Appendix.)		
ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.		
Amount secured by way of loans on real estate by bond or mortgage, first liens	\$14,011 29,499	
Par Market Amount Value. Value. Loaned.		
Upon stock and bonds of Dominion Bank \$ 5,000 00 \$ 9,800 00 \$ 9,250 00 Manitoba and North-West Loan Company 3,000 00 3,780 00 3,000 00 5,400 00 5,000 00 10,250 00 12,915 00 11,000 00 Village of Blenheim debentures		
Cash at head office and at branch offices	613 50,000	
Cash in banks, viz.:—		
Federal Bank, Toronto. \$8,847 87 People's Bank, Halifax 421 60 Jacques Cartier, Montreal 251 86 Federal Bank, Montreal 392 53 do Winnipeg		
TotalBills receivable (being short date notes for premiums)	11,365 6,880	
Total	\$112,370	55
OTHER ASSETS.		
Interest accrued	1,604	89
Due from other companies for losses or claims on the Company's policies re-insured	4,000	00

201

NORI'H AMERICAN LIFE—Continued.		
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums. \$23,871 52 Deduct cost of collection at 10 per cent		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums	\$21,4 84 6,250	
Furniture	1,100	
Preliminary expenses.	2,000	
Reversions	4,324	80
Total Deduct preliminary expenses above	\$153,134 2,000	61 00
_		
Total assets	\$ 151,134	61
LIABILITIES.		
*Amount estimated to cover the net present value of all policies in force \$80,490 00 Deduct value of policies re-insured in other companies 6,798 00		
Net re-insurance reserve	\$7 3,692	00
Claims for death losses, unadjusted but awaiting proof	4,000	
Contingent fund, being amount held in hand to cover cost of collecting	•	
the outstanding and deferred premiums, and also all other liabilities,		
\$10,000.00, less \$2,387.15 as above	7,612	85
Total liability	\$ 85,304	85
Surplus on policy-holders' account	\$65, 829	76
Guarantee fund	57,400	
·		
Surplus above all liabilities and guarantee fund	\$8,429	$\frac{76}{}$
INCOME DURING THE YEAR.		
Cool and the land	#0 0 # 00	04
Cash received for premiums	\$82,680	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total premium income	\$77,067	13
Amount received for interest or dividends		
Total income	\$ 81,014	16
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR,		
Cash paid for death losses	\$ 2,819	00
(Of this \$1,319.00 is for industrial.) Commissions, salaries and other expenses of officials	10 940	49
Rents, taxes, licenses, fees or fines	18,346 1,305	
The state of the s	1,000	10

^{*} Based on Mortality Experience H.M. Table interest at 42 p. c. Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain and Ireland.

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE—Continued.	
Other expenditure, viz.: Medical fees, \$2,330.66; advertising, \$1,214.88; exchange, \$56.79; travelling expenses, \$3,624.08; general expenses, \$335.87; postage, \$349.43; printing and stationery, \$1,154.04; fees for Act of Incorporation and amendment thereto with Solicitor's charges, \$917.00; Directors' fees, \$1,417.00; furniture, \$590.00	11,989 75 -
tor s charges, \$311.00, Directors 1668, \$1,411.00, Infinitely, \$330.00	11,000 10
Total expenditure	\$34,4 60 93
MISCELLANEOUS.	
New hor of new religious reported during the mean of taken in Claused 1 979	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada 1,272 Amount of said policies	31,334,883 00
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 12 Amount of said claims	6,819 00
(Of these 9 for \$1,319 were industrial policies.) Amount of above claims re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada Number of policies in force in Canada at date, general 947, industrial 1267	4,000 00
Amount of said policies, general	
\$2,215,937 00 Amount of said policies re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada 272,000 00	
	1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0
Net amount in force at 31st December, 1882	1,941,937 09
•	
The same of the sa	
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:-	
No.	
1. By death (of these 9 were industrial policies for \$1,319.00) 12	\$ 6,819 00
2. By lapse (of these 661 do 99,433.00) 763	
775	\$255,702 00
Policies in force at beginning of year:—	
No.	Amount.
General	1 001 H10 AA
•	1,221,712 00
Policies issued during the year:—	
General	1 (10 11 00
Policies terminated as above	255 702 00
Policies terminated by change	3,000 00
Policies not taken of this and last year's issue (of these 222 were	•
industrial for \$40,144)	162,244 00
FORMER IN TOTAL SECURIS OF STATEMENT	z.z 15.937 UU

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE-Concluded.

Number of insured lives at beginning of year	1.790
Number of new insurers during the year	1.417
Number of deaths during the year among the insured	7 11
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	
the year otherwise than by death	1.031
Number of insured lives at date of statement.	

Subscribed and sworn to, 22nd January, 1883, by

A. MACKENZIH,

President.
L. GOLDMAN,

Secretary.

(Received, 24th January, 1883.)

THE NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

in the second se		
STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30TH NOVEMBER, 1882 President—His Grace the Duke of Roxburghe. Chairman—Davi Principal Office—Edinburgh, Scotland. Agents in Canada— D. Lorn Macdougall & Thos. Davidson. (Organized and incorporated, 1809. Commenced business in Canada—	DAVIDEC	
CAPITAL.		
(See Fire Statement.)		
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada.	\$24, 366	85
Total net premium income	\$ 24,366	85
	V21, 000	
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:— On account of death claims (including bonus additions \$8,630.61)		
Total amount paid for claims in Canada	\$42,850 \$,998 704	76
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$47,553	39
(For Assets in Canada see Fire Statement.)		
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.		
Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada		
Net re-insurance reserve	No Retur	rn.
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada		
Under policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878.		
Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	No Retur	m.
Total liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada (Estimated)		

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	11		
Amount of said policies	c	\$ 36,500	00
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year Amount of said policies (including bonus additions \$5,118.81) Number of policies in force in Canada at date	6 326	27,0 38	8 2
Amount of said policies			
Total amount of policies in force 30th November. 1882.		\$930,917	80
	=	·	
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Car	ada:	_	
	No.	Amoun	t,
1. By death (exclusive of bonus)			-
1. By death (exclusive of bonus)	5	Amoun \$21,519 400	98
2. By maturity	5	\$21,519	98 00
2. By maturity	5 1	\$21,519 400	98 00 00
2. By maturity	5 1 5	\$21,519 400 24,730 9,346	98 00 00 66
2. By maturity	5 1 5 5	\$21,519 400 24,730 9,346	98 00 00 66
2. By maturity	5 1 5 5	\$21,519 400 24,730 9,346	98 00 00 66
2. By maturity	5 1 5 5 16 16	\$21,519 400 24,730 9,346 \$55,996	98 00 00 66 64

Policies in force at beginning of year (exclusive of bonuses)			87
Policies issued during the year	11	36,500	00
Policies terminated as above	16	55,996	64
Policies in force at date of statement (exclusive of bonuses)	326	804,866	24
		,	-

Number of insured lives at beginning of year	322
Number of new insurers during the year	11
Number of deaths during the year among insured	5
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	
4h 41 41 h d - 44h	11
Number of insured lives at date of statement	317

DETAIL OF POLICIES ISSUED SINCE 31ST MARCH, 1878.

		Amount.
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	43	\$94,507 80
Policies issued during the year	11	36 500 0 0
- Olicles terminated as above	2	5 000 00
Policies in force at date of statement	52	126,007 80

Subscribed and sworn to, 19th March, 1883, by

THOS. DAVIDSON.

(Received 21st March, 1883.)

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE-Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Edinburgh, 3rd April, 1883.)

LIFE BUSINESS.

During the year 1882 there were issued 961 policies, assuring £912,590, the new premiums on which amount to £32,877 4s. 9d. In 1881 the number of policies was-917, the sums assured were £848,047, and the new premiums were £28,650 3s. 4d.

The income of the Life branch, from premiums and interest, amounted in the

year 1882 to £469,075 5s. 5d.

The claims admitted during the year, including 19 endowments, were 286 in number, arising under 334 policies, and the sums which became payable on account of these, amount, with bonus additions, to the sum of £233,195 0s. 10d., after deducting re-assurances.

It will be seen from the Balance-Sheet annexed that the Life assurance fund now amounts to £3,274,835 19s. 1d., showing an increase during the year of £.62,245 11s. 5d. The whole of the fund is separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, is set aside to meet the claims under this department of the Company's business.

ANNUITY BUSINESS.

In the annuity branch 115 bonds were issued, securing the sum of £11,963 0s. 7d. yearly, for which the Company received the sum of £108,992 2s. 4d.

During the year 47 annuities have fallen in, relieving the Company of the sum

of £2,270 10s. 3d. yearly.

REVENUE ACCOUNTS.

LIFE ASSURANCE ACCOUNT.

Amount of Life Assurance Fund at the beginning of the year £3	3,112,590		
Premiums, after deduction of re-assurance premiums	331,241	16	
Interest	137,833	9	2
Recording fees	124	5	0
Profit on stock realized	353	14	9
Debts recovered			10
	2,020		10
£3	3,584,472	14	8.
			=
Claims under Life Policies after deduction of sums re-assured	£233,195	0	10
Surrenders	29,180	14	0
Commission	13,671	5	11
Expenses of management	26,901		
Agency balances irrecoverable	160		
Balance of United Kingdom Re-assurance account transferred to Life	100	•	•
Assurance Fund account	6.523	2	4.
•	0,823	3	4
Note—The balance on this account, which was entered in last Balance-sheet under the head of Purchase of Life Policies of other Companies, is now merged in the general Assurance account.			
Amount of Life Assurance Fund at the end of the year3	,274,835	19	1.
_			

£3,584,472 14

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE-Concluded.

ANNUITY ACCOUNT.

Amount of Annuity fund at the beginning of the year	£395,515 108,992 563 15,161		
	£520,232	11	3
Annuities paid	. £45,281 . 579 . 1,224 . 473,147	15 9 3 3	5 1 7 2
	£520,232	11	3

(For Balance sheet, see Fire Statement.)

THE NORTH-WESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882. President—H. L. Palmer. Secretary—J. Principal Office—Milwaukee, Wis., U.S. Agent in Canada—M.W.Mills. Head Office in Canada (Organized or Incorporated, March, 1857. Commenced business in November, 1871.)	da—Toronto.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY-NO CAPITAL STOCK.	
Constitution of the Consti	
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	\$27,389 30
premiums in Canada	102 37
Total net premium income	\$27,491 67
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:— On account of death claims	
Net amount paid on account of claims in Canada	\$9,061 00 1,054 97 8,774 20
Total net amount paid to policy holders in Canada	\$18,890 17
=	
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
United States registered bonds held by the Receiver-General	\$100,000_00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Amount of claims on policies in Canada, unsettled	Nones
Difference carried out	133,278 21
Total net liability to policy-holders in Canada	\$ 133,278 21

[•] Estimate based on Actuaries' Table—4 per cent. 212

NORTH-WESTERN MUTUAL LIFE-Concluded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year......

Amount of said claims Number of policies in force in Canada at date	500	\$ 7,000	0 0
Amount of said policies	-	857,235	00
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Cana	ada:-		
	No.	Amour	ıt.
 By death	2 1 9	\$ 6,000 1,000 14,000	00
5. By lapse	6	6,000	-00
Total	18	\$ 38,28 5	00
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada			

Policies issued during the year (paid up policies issued in exchange for policies surrendered, including those issued tor surrender value of lapsed policies)			
Name and the state of the state			
Total	15	9,033	00
Policies terminated as above, and by change to paid-up policies	30	41,500	00
Policies in force at date of statement	5 90	857,235	00

No account of number of lives insured.

Subscribed and sworn to, 3rd March, 1883, by

M. W. MILLS.

(Received, 17th February, 1883.)

THE ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President-ISAAC E. BOWMAN.

Secretary - W. H. RIDDELL.

| Manager and Agent-WILLIAM HENDRY.

Head Office-Waterloo, Ontario.

(Organized or incorporated A.D. 1869. Commenced business in Canada A.D. 1870.)

CAPITAL.

This Company is purely mutual and has no stock capital.

Amounts secured by way of loans on real estate l			4 0,011	00
first liens	by bond of	mor gage,	195,442	24
(Amount of loans as above on which into	arest has no	t heen naid	100,412	0.2
within one year previous to statem				
Amount of loans made in cash to policy-holde	ora ou ma	Company s	28,417	K17
policies assigned as collaterals		••••••		
Premium obligations on policies in force	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*******	47,802	04
Stocks and bonds owned by the Company, viz.:-				
	Par Value.	Market Value.		
Town of Waterloo	\$11,748 00	\$12,559 73		
City of Guelph		7,969 00		
Town of Mitchell		2,480 00		
Town of Thorold		6,153 56		
Township of Foley		2, 020 00		
Town of Berlin		2,830 00		
Village of Port Elgin		1,405 00		
Town of Brampton		2,545 00		
Village of Feeswater		5,747 00		
Village of Brussels	. 10,000 00 . 2,500 00	11,125 00 2,964 00		
Owen Sound		15,810 00		
		10,010 00		
Total par and market value	\$69,908 52	\$73,607 29		
Carried out at market value			73,607	29
Cash at head office.				78
Cash at head omes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*** ********	J	10
Cash in banks, viz.:—				
Cash in Molson's Bank, current account		\$1,429 41		
do do special deposit	• •• •• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	15,000 (0		
		\$16,429 41		
Less outstanding cheques				
Total cash	******		12,628	80
Bills receivable—short date notes secured by pol	icies in forc	80	7,950	18
Agents' and other ledger balances			5,775	68
TO THE OWNER TOWN TO BE DESIGNATION OF STREET			5,110	
Total		-	8277 Q4A	60
AU(@1	•••••••	• • • • • • • • •	A011,944	00
214				

ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE-Continued.

OTHER ASSETS.

VIII ASSEIS.		
Interest due		
Total interest	19,118	60
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force		
Total outstanding and deferred premiums		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums	26,534	77
Total assets	\$423,598	06
LIABILITIES.		
Amount computed to cover the net present value of all policies in force\$385,119 67 Deduct net value of policies re-insured in other companies		
1 N - 4 m :	#202 044	EΩ
†Net re insurance reserve	\$383,044	99
Net amount of death claims unadjusted but not resisted	7,437	
Claims for matured endowments unadjusted but not resisted	1,000	00
Total liabilities	\$391,482	31
Surplus on policy holders' account	\$ 32,115	75
INCOME DURING THE YEAR.		
Cash received for premiums	\$142 ,496	ΛΛ
Duaminm obligations tolers in part normant of promising		
Premium obligations taken in part payment of premiums	9,010	eo Ce
Premiums paid by dividends	11,863	70
m 1	#1 <i>0</i> 2 250	00
Total		
Deduct premiums paid to other companies for re-insurance	1,387	96
Total premium income	\$ 161,982	27
Amount received for interest or dividends on stock	14,355	27
Total income	\$176,337	54
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Total not assess and a fill during the same for during the	AOF 401	10
Total net amount paid during the year for death claims (Of this amount \$8,2-9.93 matured last year.)	\$27,431	
Cash paid for matured endowments	1,000	00
Cash paid for surrendered policies	3,167	
Fremium obligations voided by lapse	6,597	12
Cash dividends paid to policy-holders	1401	
Cash dividends applied in payment of premiums	11,863	70
Cash paid for commission, salaries and other expenses of officials	40,828	58
Cash paid for taxes, licenses, fees or fines	50	

The reserve on the basis of Institute of Actuaries' Table, 4½ per cent. interest, as computed by Department, is \$380,640.99.

† Actuaries, 4 per cent.

ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE—Continued.			
All other expenses, viz.:—Medical fees, \$4,762.50; books and stationery, \$592.50; rent of office, \$99.00; office furnishings, \$447.7 telegraphing, \$103.89; postage, \$525.47; printing, \$222.80; advertising \$830.95; travelling expenses, \$595.35; incidentals, \$403.5 commissions on loans and valuation fees, \$262.80; solicitor's fee \$180.48.	0 ; er- 7 ; es,	\$ 9,327	01:
		·	
Total cash expenditure	···_	\$100,405	92
PREMIUM NOTE ACCOUNT.			
Premium obligations on hand at commencement of year do taken during the year	•••	\$44,793 4,227	95
Total			
Deduct premium obligations voided by lapsedo do transferred to loans		\$6,597 1,790	
Total deduction		\$8,387	8 6
Balance		\$40,633	75
Transferred from loans to liens	•••	7,168	
Balance, note assets at end of year	··· <u> </u>	\$47,802	52
MISCELLANEOUS.			
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	\$ 1 27	26,800	
pacies			
Net amount in force 31st December, 1882	• \$ 5	5,429,478 ————	71 =
			
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canad	a :	_	
N	0.	Amoun	ıt.
(2.) By maturity	26 1 25	\$25,800 1,000 28,500	00
amount of \$675.00.) Difference of amounts carried out	9	3,325 423,457	
Total45	51	\$482,082	62

ONTARIO MUTUAL LIFE .- Concluded.

		No.	Amoun	t.
Policies in	force at beginning of year	3,445	\$4,266,011	33
do	issued during the year	1,535	1,952,050	00
do	terminated as above	451	482,082	62
do	terminated otherwise (and not taken)			
do	in force at date of statement	4,335	5,504,478	71
37 1		0.050		
	finsured lives at beginning of year	3,370		
do	new insurers during the year	1,308		
do	deaths during the year among the insured	25		
do	insured whose policies have been terminated during	•		
	the year otherwise than by death	471		
do	insured lives at date of statement			

Subscribed and sworn to 6th April, 1883, by

I. E. BOWMAN,

President.

W. H. RIDDELL,

Secretary.

(Received 8th April, 1883.)

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st December, 1882.	
President—Aaron C. Goodman. Secretary—John M Principal Office—Hartford, Conn.	I. Holcombe:
Agent in Canada—Thomas Simpson. Head Office in Canad	a-Montreal.
(Organized or Incorporated, May, 1851: Commenced business in October, 1866.)	
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized, subscribed for and paid up in cash	\$100,000 00
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	\$59 ,385 09
Gross amount of notes, loans or liens taken during the year in payment of premiums in Canada	3,693 00
Total premium income	\$63,078 09
, haspypaminise	
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:-	
On account of death claims	
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$37 ,692 00
Amount paid for surrendered policies	6,620 50 12,281 58
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$ 56,594 08
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
United States bonds in deposit with Receiver-General	\$105,00 <u>0</u> 00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Amount estimated to cover net reserve on all outstanding policies in	\$24,000 00
Canada.	No Return.
Total liabilities in Canada	No Return.
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 40	
Amount of said claims	
Amount of said policies (exclusive of bonuses)	2,046,326 00

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE-Concluded.

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Can	ada:-	
1. By death	No. 18 22 21	Amount. \$39,857 00 13,435,00
(For which policies have been granted to amount of \$6,485.00.) Difference of amounts carried out	53	19,909 00 71,602 00
Total	114	\$177,159 00
		,
Policies in force at beginning of year	1,802	2,232,185 00
paid up in lieu of cancelled policies 7 for \$3,825	12	11.025 00
Policies terminated as above	114	177,159 00
Policies terminated by cancellation and change of residence	8	19 725 00
Delicies terminated by cancellation and change of residence.	1 602	9 046 296 00
Policies in force at date of statement	1,004	∠, 040,520 00

Number of insured lives. No return.

Subscribed and sworn to, 24th April, 1883, by

THOMAS SIMPSON,

Chief Agent in Canada.

(Received, 25th April, 1883.)

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
President—Bernard Hall Manager—J. Moncris	FF WILSO	ON.
Principal Office—Liverpool,		
Chief Agents in Canada— FORBES & MUDGE. Head Office in Canada— 191 St. James Stree	et, Montre	al-
(Organized or Incorporated 22nd July, 1858. Commenced business in	•	
5th July, 1859.)		
(For Capital, see Fire Statement.)		
(10) Oupitul, see 1 il e Statement.)		
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies	\$10 389	94
in Canada=	———	=

Amount paid during the year on account of death claims in Canada (Of this amount \$1,000 accrued previous to 1882.)	\$ 2,119	50
Amount paid for surrendered policies	368	
Amount paid for dividends or bonuses to policy-holders	125	78
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$2,614	06
EXPENSES IN CANADA.		
Cash paid for commission		53 23
Total	\$ 661	76
		$\stackrel{\cdot}{=}$
(For Assets in Canada, see Fire Statement.)		
LIABILITYES IN CANADA.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted *Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies	\$ 5,2 5 0	00
in Canada	74,810	40
Total net liability to policy-holders in Canada	\$80,060	40 ,
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in		
Canada	\$20,000	ሰው
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 5		
Amount of said claims (including bonus addition \$125.78)	6,495	28
Number of policies in force in Canada at date. 205 Amount of said policies \$415,319 41 † Bonus additions 14,515 43		
	406-004	04
Total amount in force, 31st December, 1882	429,834	04

^{*}Based on Carlisle Table, 3 p. c. interest.
†Exclusive of New Brunswick, agent not being able to furnish the particulars.
220

THE QUEEN-Continued.

THE GOLDEN-COMMUNICAL	_			
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Can				
4 70 1 41	No.	Amo		
1. By death	5	\$ 6,30		
By expiry	$egin{array}{c} 1 \ 2 \end{array}$	4,00 2,50		
(For which cash value has been paid, \$368.78.)	4	2,00	UU	00
Total	8	\$12,86	69 .	50
	===			=
Policies in force at beginning of year	203	\$408 1	88	91
Policies issued during the year	10	20,00		
Policies terminated as above	8	12, 80		
Policies in force at date of statement (excluding bonus additions,	20.			
\$14,515.43)	205	415,3	19	41
Accession 2014				
Number of insured lives at beginning of year in Canada	187			
Number of new insurers during the year Number of deaths during the year among insured	9			
Number of deaths during the year among insured	4			
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during	9			
the year otherwise than by death Number of insured lives at date of statement	189			
	100			
Subscribed and sworn to, 24th February, 1883, by				
A. Mcl	77 TO	$\sim 100 \mathrm{mc}$	4	
	Z. P	ORBES	ماد	
(Received, 26th February, 1883.)	х. г	ORBES	ماد	
(Received, 26th February, 1883.)				
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th	ECEM)	ser, 18		
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life Branch.	ECEMI May,	ser, 18		
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life Branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory.	ECEMI May,	ser, 18		
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life Branch.	ECEMI May, nt-	ber, 18 1883.)	3 2.	0
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th LIFE BRANCH. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amou ing to	may,	BER, 1S 1883.) 78,016	3 2.	
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	may,	BER, 1S 1883.) 78,016	0	
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amou ing to	may, nt£3' not r£2'	BER, 18 1883.) 78,016	0 0	<u> </u>
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amou ing to	may, nt£3' not r£2'	BER, 18 1883.) 78,016	0 0	<u> </u>
(Received, 26th February, 1883.) General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life Branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	may, nt£3' not r£2'	BER, 18 1883.) 78,016	0 0 10	0 0
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th LIFE Branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	nt£3	78,016 71,830 95,352 5,040	0 0 10 7	0 0 10 3
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th LIFE BRANCH. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	nt- £3: not r£2: £3	78,016 71,830 95,352 5,040	0 0 10 7 3	0 0
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th LIFE Branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	nt£3 not r£2£3	78,016 71,830 95,352 5,040 90,312 39,896	0 0 10 7 3 12	0 0
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th Life branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	nt£3' not r£2'£3£3	78,016 71,830 95,352 5,040 90,312 39,896 30,208	0 0 10 7 3 12 16	0 0 10 3 7 8
General Business Statement for the Year ending 31st D (Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 25th LIFE Branch. The progress of this branch is very satisfactory. During the year 1,126 proposals were received for assurances amouning to	nt£3' not r£2'£3£3	78,016 71,830 95,352 5,040 90,312 39,896 30,208	0 0 10 7 3 12 16	0 0 10 3 7 8

QUEEN-Concluded.

The income derived from new business is larger than was obtained in 1881, which was one of the best years in the Company's experience.

REVENUE Accounts of the Queen Insurance Company for the Year ending 31st December, 1882.

LIFE INSURANCE FUND.

Amount of life insurance fund at the beginning of the year	67,987	10 14	10 2
Less income tax 494 5 5	17,708	13	4
	£481,048	18	4
LIFE INSURANCE FUND.			
Claims under life policies (after deduction of sums re-assured) Surrenders	£36,685 3,679 3,980 5,113	4 3	2 10 10 11
Cash bonus to policy-holders£1,361 2 5 Bad debts	1,382		4 3
	£481,048	18	4
ANNUITY FUND.			
Amount of annuity fund at the beginning of the year	1,046 14	0	9 0 1
Less income tax 11 6 1	644	15	3
	£14,817	0	1
Annuities	11	19 16 4	1 5 7
	£14,817	0	1

THE RELIANCE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST JANUARY, 1883.	
President—W. W. Duffield, Esq. Secretary—Henry Principal Office—71 King William St, London, England.	Unwin, Esq.
Attorney in Canada— J. Cassie Hatton. Head Office in Canada— 353 Notre Dame S	St., Montreal.
(Organized or Incorporated, 1840. Commenced business in Car 1st August, 1868.)	nada,
A MUTUAL COMPANY-NO CAPITAL.	
nation and desirable from	
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada	\$17,460 31
licensed companies in Canada	195 25
Total net premium income	\$17,265 06
Amount paid during the year on account of death claims in Canada (Amount paid on account of previous year, \$1,500.)	\$ 8,007 25
Amount paid for surrendered policies	618 25
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$8,625 50
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
New 3 per cent. British Annuities in deposit with Receiver-General Cash in hand and in banks in Canada	\$110,277 00 12,648 46
Total assets in Canada	\$122,925 46
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.	
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Amount of reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	\$5,900 00 No return.
Total net liabilities to said policy holders in Canada	No return.
Under policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878.	
Amount of claim on policies in Canada, unsettled but not resisted Net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	\$5,000 00 No return.
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	No return.

RELIANCE MUTUAL LIFE-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year Amount of said policies		\$17,4 00 00
Net amount of policies in force in Canada, 31st January, 1883	•••••	473,462 77
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Cana	-: ada	_
•	No.	Amount.
 By death	1	\$17,400 00 3,000 00 18,000 00
(For which paid up policies have been granted to amount		
of \$454.) Difference of amounts carried out	18	6,546 00 29,250 00 2,450 00
Total	36	\$ 76,646 00
Policies in force at beginning of year	362	\$ 535,850 77
policies for \$325,00.	11	24,258 00

Number of insured lives-No Return.

Subscribed and sworn to, 24th April, 1883, by

Policies terminated as above.....

Gross policies in force at date of statement.....

J. CASSIE HATTON.

36

337

76,646 00

483,462 77

(Received, 25th April, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, London, Eng., 30th April, 1883.)

During the year 415 new policies were issued, assuring £282,040, and producing in premiums £9,601 7s. 5d.

The annual net premium income was £30,858 9s. 11d., and the total revenue,

including dividends and interest upon investments, was £103,903 7s. 4d.

The Accumulated Premium Fund received an addition during the year of

£18,219 19s. 5d., raising it to £555,958 14s. 7d.

The claims by death, and under Endowment Policies matured, amounted to £59,611 13s., a sum within the expectation according to the calculated mortality

£586,408

RELIANCE MUTUAL.—Continued.

The end of another quinquennial period having been reached on the 31st December last, a strict and careful valuation of the Society's assets and liabilities has been made.

The total net liability under the whole of the Society's assurance and annuity contracts, after applying in the valuation the Institute of Actuaries H.M. Table of mortality for assurances, and Mr. A. G. Finlaison's table (1860) for annuities, and valuing the net premiums only, is £472,085. The assets, after a strict examination, and the writing off of all bad and doubtful debts, amount, as has been stated, to £555,958 14s. 7d. A surplus exists therefore, beyond the Society's requirements of £83,873, of which two-thirds is available for distribution amongst the participating members.

The value of the "loading" reserved for future expenses and profits amounts to £294,369, and this sum forms an important additional security to the policy-holders beyond the Accumulated Premium Fund.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Amount of funds at the beginning of the year	£ 537,738	s. 15	d. 2
Assignment fees		7	4
	£641,642	2	6
Claims with bonus additions Endowment policies matured Annuities Surrendered policies matured Bonus in reduction of premiums and in cash Commission Depreciation in securities written off	2,255 5,551 494 3,922	12 8 5 9	d. 0 0 4 11 6 4
Expenses of management: General expenses	12,583	13 14	47
• •	£641,642	2	6
SECOND SCHEDULE. (Balance Sheet on the 31st December, 1882.)			 -
Amount of funds as per first schedule	22,449	8. 14 13 0	d. 7 0 0

RELIANCE MUTUAL-Concluded.

ASSETS.

Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom		•••	£ 26 8,422	s. 0	<i>d</i> . 9
Loans on policies of full value			74,559	9	. 3
Life interests in possession	110.779 15	- 3	14,000	J	. 0
		_	143,853		
Proportionate interest accrued on advances	••••••••	•••	13,609 3,220		-
Current premiums	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	15,157		4
Other investments:—					
British Government securities	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	22,885	15	1
London and St. Katherine's dock stock	ss leaseho	old	1,590		0 -
redemption fund	••••	• • •	36,087		
Balances at Bankers	•••••	•••	7,022	19	11
		£	586,408	7	7

THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

	•	
STATE	MENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER,	1882.
Chairman-R. Broo	KLEBANK. Manager—Jo	ohn H. McLaren
	Principal Office-Liverpool, England.	
Agents in Canad M. H.	la — Head Office in Can	ada— Montreal.
	rporated, 31st May, 1845. Commenced business	
` 5		, ,
		
	(For Capital, see Fire Statement.)	
Amount of premiun	ns received in cash during the year on life poli	icies
	in the point was the four of the point	\$22,645 72
	- Andrews	
•	g the year on claims in Canada, viz.:—	
On account of death cla	aims	45 4 2 73 34
	*****	u - 11/11-2-1
Amount paid to an	n account of claimsnuitants	\$21,118 76 714 28
Amount paid for su	rrendered policies	2,146 5 3
Total	net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$ 23,979 57
	(For Assets in Canada, see Fire Statement.)	
	,	
,	LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
	Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.	
	on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted. 175 53 accrued in 1879.)	 \$3,345 43
Amount of reserve	on all outstanding policies in Canada	No return.
Annuity bonds		No returb.
Total 1	net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	No return.
7	Finder molicies issued subsequent to 91 of Man-2 10	7 Q
_	Under policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 187 on all outstanding policies in Canada	
	net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	
Total	liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	\$300,000 00
$11-15\frac{1}{2}$	227	

ROYAL.—Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS			
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	9		
Amount of said policies		\$ 16,900	00
Amount of said claims		23, 388	6
Amount of said policies (inclusive of bonus additions)	529	953,143	44
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Cana	ıda:-	-	
1 By dooth	No.	Amount	
1. By death	5 1	\$22,415 973	
3. By surrender	4	6,945	
(For which cash value has been paid, \$2,146.53.)		0,0 10	00
4. By lapse	2	2,946	66
Total	12	\$ 33,280	32
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	328	\$969,523	76
Policies issued during the year	9	16,900	00
Policies terminated as above	12	33,280	32
Policies in force at date of statement	325	953,143	44
Number of insured lives at beginning of year in Canada	303 9		
Number of deaths during the year among insured	5		
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during			
the year otherwise than by death Number of insured lives at date of statement	7 300		
Subscribed and sworn to, 5th April, 1883, by			
WM. T	ATL	EY.	

(Received 7th April, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1881.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Liverpool, England, 1882.)

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

During the year new proposals were accepted for £582,259, of which £521,742 has been completed, and the corresponding annual premiums obtained to the closing of the accounts were £18,215 2s. id. The total income from premiums, after deducting re-assurances, amounted to £250,181 5s., and the interest received from investments, exclusive of that on the annuity funds, was £101,400 ls. 3d. The claims during the year were—By death: Original sums assured, £145,542 19s. 1d.; bonus additions thereon, £19,242 6s. 8d. By matured policies (including children's endowments): Original sums assured, £7,188 2s. 5d.; bonus additions thereon, £727 10s. 6d. Total, £172,700 18s. 8d. In the annuity branch the purchase money received for new annuities, together with the premiums on contingent annuities, amounted to

ROYAL—Concluded.

£27,533 1s. 4d., and the interest to £9,116 15s. 5d. Twenty-nine annuities have expired during the year, the annual payments on which amounted to £1,183 5s. 3d. After payment of all claims, annuities, bonuses in cash, and expenses of every description, a balance of £144,111 2s. 1d. has been added to the life funds. making the total accumulations of the life and annuity branches of the Company, £2,737,858 9s. 11d.

Revenue Accounts for the Year ending 31st December, 1881.

LIFE ASSURANCE ACCOUNT.

Amount of life assurance fund at the beginning of the year	250,181	5	9 0 3
	£2,730,816	15	0
Claims under life policies, including reversionary bonuses, after deduction of sums reassured. Surrenders. Bonuses in cash and in reduction of premiums. Commission. Expenses of management. Amount of life assurance fund at the end of the year, as per balance sheet.	£ 172,700 17,410 3,560 11,279 15,026	18 8 19 8	4 8 1 10 5
ANNUITY ACCOUNT.			
Amount of annuity fund at the beginning of the year Consideration for annuities granted	27,533 9,116	1 15	4 5
	£251,161	15 	10
Annuities	227,020	8 2 8	0 4 6
	£251,161		10

(For Balance Sheet, see Fire Statement.)

THE SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.	
Manager—Thomas Marr? Secretary—William	M G. Spens.
Principal Office-Glasgow.	
Agent in Canada—G. W. FORD. Head Office in Canada—M	ontreal.
(Founded at Glasgow, 1st January, 1826. Commenced business in Ca	
A PURELY MUTUAL SOCIETY.	
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies	
in Canada	\$15,258.70
Amount paid on account of death claims	\$ 21,922 62
(Of this amount \$9,782.01 accrued in 1881.) Amount paid for surrendered policies (ex gratia)	19 46
Amount paid for dividends or bonuses to policy-holders	49 17
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$ 21,991_2 5
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Canada Atlantic Railway (Province of Ontario Railway Subsidy Fund) Certificates in deposit with Receiver-General, face value \$197,265.60,	4
present value at 4½ per cent. interest	\$134,626 80
Cash in deposit with Receiver-General	16,285 00 6,083 3 3
Cash on hand and in banks in Canada	1,515 52
Total assets in Canada	\$158,510 65
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies	\$48,666 66
in Canada	No Return.
Total liabilities in Canada	No Return.
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 6 Amount of said claims	\$ 61,139 15
Number of policies in force in Canada at date	w 01,130 10
Amount of said policies (including \$17,464.17 of bonus additions)	478,273 51
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:	
(1.) By death (including bonus additions)	Amount. \$61,139 15
(2.) By lapse 1	1,460 60
(1.) By death (including bonus additions) 6 (2.) By lapse 1 (For which cash value has been paid, \$19.46.)	•
	\$ 62,599 15

SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE-Continued.

'Policies in force at haginning of woon (including horne additions		Amount.		
Policies in force at beginning of year (including bonus additions, \$16,680.16)	200	\$540,872	66	
Policies terminated	7	62,599	15	
additions)	193	478,273	51	
Number of insured lives	•••••	No Retu	rn.	
Management of the Control of the Con				
Subscribed and sworn to, 20th March, 1883, by GEORG	ЕW.	FORD.		
(Received, 21st March, 1883.)				

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Glasgow 3rd May, 1883.)

772 policies were issued and taken up, assuring the capital sum of £508,594; the new premiums on which—including £9,979, 17s. 9d. of single payments—amounted to £23,818 14s. 9d. In addition to this, the sum of £2,825 1s. 7d. was received for annuities granted during the year.

The number of deaths in 1882 was 220, and the consequent claims, including bonus additions, and after deducting re-assurances, amounted to £163,197 12s. 5d.

The Society has also paid the sum of £5.530 under policies which became claims by survivance.

By the deaths of 20 annuitants the Society has been relieved of payments amount

ing to £700 11s. 4d. per annum.

The gross accumulated and invested funds amounted at 31st December last to £2,465, \pm 05 15s. 3d., the net to £2,405,650 9s. 2d., and the annual income to £305,204, 2s. 8d.

The total assurances on the Society's books at 31st December last, amounted to

£7,683,194, 16s. 3d. under 14,186 policies.

REVENUE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st December, 1882.

("First Schedule" lodged with the Board of Trade, pursuant to "The Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870.")

2,315,721	7	1
197.353	8	11
2,825	1	7
•		
	_	_
105,312	9	6
80	5	0
	197,353 2,825 105.312	2,315,721 7 197,353 8 2,825 1 105,312 9 80 5

£2,621,292 12

SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE—Continued.			
Claims under policies (after deduction of sums re-assured)-			
By death	100 505	10	E
Surrenders	8,591 ,181 ,631 	1 15 3	5 1 4
occupied by the Society, and investigation expenses	17,669 2,050 405,650	-	10 0 2
-	621,292		1
Balance Sheet on the 31st December, 1882.			
("Second Schedule" lodged with the Board of Trade, pursuant to "The I Companies Act, 1870.")	Life Ass	ura	nce
LIABILITIES.			
Assurance and Annuity fund£2,5 Guarantee fund	296,650 100,000 9,000	0	
Net funds as per First Schedule£2,4 Claims under policies admitted or intimated, but not paid (after	105,650	9	2
deduction of sums re-assured). Premiums and interest prepaid	58,227 734 152 1,140	7	-
$\mathbf{\pounds}\overline{2,4}$	465,905	15	13
ASSETS.			
Mortgages: —			
On property in the United Kingdom£9 On property out of United Kingdom	996,700 1,250		
Loans:—			
On the Society's policies On life-rents On reversions Under Drainage and Public Health Acts On personal security(Nil.)	171,583 20,575 3,995 4,116	1 0	0
Investments:—			
Reversions purchased	16,328 380 61,697 4,998	0 16	0 5

232

SCOTTISH AMICABLE LIFE-Concluded.

	0400		_
Debentures of corporate bodies	£109,777	10	0
Ontario Government certificates			5
Railway and other shares, pref. and guaranteed	448,298	2	9
House property		18	0
Landed estate			1
Glasgow Corporation Water Annuities	27,471	12	0.
Ground rents and Feu-duties	361,917	3	8
Stamps		19	6
Outstanding premiums	28,629	7	7
Outstanding interest, and interest accrued but not yet payable	27,137	1	3
Cash in bank (including £16,500 on deposit)			
Bills on hand			
Agents' balances			6

£2,465,905 15 3

THE SCOTTISH PROVIDENT INSTITUTION.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

Manager-James Watson.

Secretaries— JAS. S. Morton and JA	s. G.Watson.	Principal Office— 6 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.
(Organized in 1837.	Incorporated	by special Act of Parliament in 1848.)

anno invitamente		
Gross amount of premiums received in cash on life policies in Canada	\$4, 871	72
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada:-	·	
On account of death claims		
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$2,798	34
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Canadian Pacific Railway Bonds in deposit with Receiver-General, par	4100.000	••
value Mortgages on real estate in Canada Canadian Municipal debentures.	\$100,000 5,840 82,931	00
Total assets in Canada	\$188,771	97
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted *Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	\$ 1,216	67
Canada \$74,224 73 Deduct amount of deferred and outstanding premiums, less cost of collection at 10 per cent \$981 30 Deduct loans on policies 3,382 33 4,363 63		
Difference carried out	69,861	10
Total net liability to policy holders in Canada	\$ 71,0 77	77
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 5		
Amount of said claims	\$ 3,163	34
Amount of said policies (including bonus additions, \$5,611.27)	220,975	87

^{*}By strict actuarial computation, based on the H. M. Table, at 4 p. c. interest.

Manager.

SCOTTISH PROVIDENT-Continued.

•			
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Cana	ada:-		
•	No.	Amoun	t.
1. By death 2. By maturity	4 1	\$2,676 486	
2. by maturity		100	
Total	5	\$3,163	34
Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada (including bonus additions, \$1,168.00)	104 5 99	\$219,695 3,163	
Number of lives insured—No Return.			
Edinburgh, 9th January, 1883. JAMES W		,	
		7/	

(Received, 30th January, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

Abstracted from Directors' Report, 1883.

During the year the Directors have accepted 1,724 proposals for assurances amounting to £1,031,965 10s. The new premiums were £40,402 9s. 7d., of which £7,430 10s. 2d. by single payment; and a further sum of £11,063 2s. 5d. was received as the price of annuities. Proposals, 168 in number, for £88,957 10s., were declined.

The number of deaths in the year was 296—the claims, under 388 policies, being £228,973 15s., inclusive of bonus additions. Endowment assurances, amounting to £6,239 19s. have matured, thus making the whole claim £235,213 14s. On the other hand, annuities to the yearly amount of £659 10s. have ceased by the death of the annuitants

The premiums of all kinds received in the year were £425,892 19s. 9d.; or, deducting premiums paid for re-assurances, £423,724 12s. 2d. The total receipts of the year, including interest, were £601,072 9s. 7d.

The assurances remaining in force at the close of the year were £15,348,929

7s. 7d.

The realized funds have increased in the year by £307,797 15s. 5d. Their amount at the close of the year 1882 was £4,509,728 11s. 9d.

The	funds	are	invested	as follows	:
-----	-------	-----	----------	------------	---

Loans on heritable securities and mortgages£3,135.706	0	8
20408 and municipal rates and preference and other stocks 85.531	18	1
27 946	13	3
	9	2
	0	0
Indian and Colonial securities	4	4

SCOTTISH PROVIDENT—Concluded.

SCOTTISH PROVIDENT—Concurrent.			
Railway and other debentures	£100,300	0	0
Railway debenture and preference stocks (stated only at cost price)	393,824	9	10
Value of reversions	21,219	10	. 0
Business premises in Edinburgh and branches and property in	•		-
connection therewith	202,030		
Office furniture, &c., at head office and branches	2,041	12	3
Current premiums and interest in course of collection at head o ce	-		
and agencies	75,929	13	0
Bank account—			
On deposit£30,000 0 0			
Balances on current account 11,700 4 0			•
C 1 1 1 1	41,700	4	ŭ.
Cash and stamps on hand	513	18	y
Total	£4,509,728	11	9

THE SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31st	JANUARY,	1883.
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Chairman—Jon	N WEBSTER,	, of Edgehill.
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Secretary—Charles Gordon. Manager

Manager—THOMAS YUILLE WARDROP.

Principal Office—Aberdeen.

Agent in Canada—
GEORGE W. FORD.

Canada Stock

Head Office in Canada—

99 St. James St., Montreal.

(Established, December, 1825. Incorporated May, 1852. Commenced business in Canada, March, 1859. Ceased to do new business in Canada, January, 1875.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for	.\$4,866,666	67
Amount paid up in eash	. 292,000	00
		==

Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies	# 30.0 #0	
in Canada	\$26,650	18
Deduct amount paid for premiums on policies re-insured in other licensed		
companies in Canada.	72	42

Amount paid during the year on account of claims in Canada, viz.:— On account of death claims (including bonuses)		
account of matured endowments		
Net amount paid on account of claims.	\$21,842	94
(Of the death claims \$18,964.31 were on account of claims accrued	•	
in the previous year.)		
Amount paid for surrendered policies	631	15
Amount paid for dividends or bonuses to policy-holders	2,715	25
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$25,189	34

ASSETS IN CANADA.

Canada 5 per cent. debentures. Queensland bonds	38,447 00 97,333,00		
Total in deposit with Receiver-General carried out at par value Montreal Waterworks bonds		4.000	00

SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL—Continued.

LIABILITIES IN CANADA.

Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted (including bonuses)	\$12,693 74 17,204 76
Deduct loans on Company's policies within their surrender value	11,204 10
Total liabilities in Canada	No Return.
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 8 Amount of said claims	\$14 ,883 73
Amount of said policies	
Net amount in force 31st January, 1883 (including bonus additions)	922,990 57
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:—	_
No.	Amount.
1. By death	\$13,910 40 973 33 4,043 20
(For which paid up policies have been granted to	
amount of \$379.84.)	
Difference of amounts carried out.	1,203 65
Total11	\$20,130 58
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Policies in force at beginning of year	\$951,080 57 20,130 58 5,663 17 925,473 30

Number of insured lives.—No Return.

Subscribed and sworn to, 30th March, 1883, by

GEO. WM. FORD.

(Received 5th April, 1883.)

^{*}The difference is caused by intermediate bonuses which have not been added to accounts of policies. 238

£18,461 5 11

SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL—Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST JANUARY, 1883.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Aberdeen, 12th April, 1883.)

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

655 proposals, representing £288,425, were submitted. From these 578 policies have been issued, assuring £240,250, and yielding in annual premiums £7,395 and

£249 5s. 7d. of single premiums.

The life claims paid, including those admitted and reported, but not yet matured, and in some cases not yet proved, represent £87,462 2s. 7d. This includes the sum of £4,206 3s. 9d. under endowment policies, which during the year have arrived at maturity.

ANNUITY DEPARTMENT.

The sum of £1,180 9s. 3d. has been received, and for which annuities to the amount of £117 16s. 2d. have been granted; also annual premiums of £71 10s. 9d. for contingent annuities, part of which annuities is re-insured. During the year twelve annuities have lapsed by death, relieving the Company of the sum of £302 8s. 10d. yearly.

FUNDS.

The total assets of the Company now amount to £1,461,008 18s. 2d., being an increase of £50,113 11s. 6d. over last year.

INCOME.

The income for the year, including interest, is £231,309 10s. 10d., an increase of £2,989 2s. 4d. in addition to £249 5s. 7d. of single premiums.

INVESTMENTS

The value of the debentures, preference, guaranteed, and debenture stocks, and of the Indian and Colonial securities, taken at the market price of the day (31st January, 1883), continues to show a large surplus above the value at which these securities stand in the books and balance sheet. The surplus exceeds £95,000.

PROFIT AND LOSS.

The balance at credit of this account, after paying the half ye dividend of £6,000 in November last, amounts to	ar's £18,461	5	11
The Directors propose to deal with this sum as follows:—			
Agents' balances irrecoverable	ne-	18	2
now to be paid	6,000	0	0
To carry to the Fire reserve fund	5,000		
Leaving a balance to be carried forward of	7,437	7	9

SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL—Continued.

REVENUE ACCOUNTS.

Life Assurance Account.

I.—PARTICIPATION BRANCH.	I PARTICIPATION BRANCH.
1882. £ s. d.	Claims under policies, after deduction of sums re-
Jan. 31.—Amount of this fund at the beginning of the year. 1,012,182 16 3	assured : By death£73.512 9 7 £ s. d.
the beginning of the year. 1,012,182 16 3 Transferred from General	By death£73,512 9 7 £ s. d. Matured endowments 2,306 3 9
Reserve Fund by order of	75,818 13 4
annual meeting 20,000 0 0	Surrenders of policies
1883.	Surrenders of bonuses
Jan. 31.—Premiums after deduction	Commission 5,754 11 6
of re-assurance premiums 114,062 16 6	Expenses of management 11,692 17 7
Interest and dividends 42,291 10 6	Jan. 31.—Amount of this fund at
	the end of the year, as
	per balance sheet
0.100 tot 0.0	£1,188.537 3 3
£1,188,537 3 3	
TT N D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	II.—Non-Participation Branch
II.—Non-Participation Branch. 1882. £ s. d.	${m \pounds}$ s. d. Transferred to general profit
Jan. 31.—Amount of this fund at	and loss, by order of annual
the beginning of the year 141,141 10 1	meeting 5,812 15 6
1883.	Claims under policies, after deduc-
Jan. 31.—Premiums, after deduc-	tion of sums re-assured :-
tion of re-assurance pre-	By death £9,743 9 3
miums	Matured endow- ments 1,900 0 0
Interest and dividends 5,100 12 0	11,643 9 3
	Surrenders of policies 1,036 4 11
	Commission 734 4 2
	Expenses of management 2,227 17 8
	1883. Jan, 31.—Amount of this fund at the
	end of the year, as per
	balance sheet 143,282 19 4
£164,737 10 10	
	£164,737 10 10
III ANNUITY FUND.	
1882. £ s. d.	III.—Annuity Fund.
Jan. 31.—Amount of this fund at the	Transferred to general profit
beginning of the year 38,238 12 9	and loss, by order of annual meeting $\pounds 2,582 0 0$
Jan. 31,—Consideration for annui-	meeting
ties granted 1,209 11 10	Commission 6 9 6
Interest and dividends 1,367 15 0	1883.
•	Jan 31.—Amount of this fund at the
	end of the year, as per balance sheet
	ance sheet
£40,815 19 7	£40,815 19 7
240,010 10	

SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL—Continued.

Profit and Loss Account.

1882. Jan. 31. Balance on last year's ac-	£	8.	d.	1882.	To credit of	£	8.	đ:
count	36,144	2	0	9 MI. 31.	General Re-			
1883.	00,111	_	•		serve Fund£10,000 0 0			
Jan. 31. Interest and					To fire re-			
dividends not					serve fund 5,000 0 0			
carried to					To dividend			
other accounts£7,508 4 7					and bonus,			
Profit on fire					May 19,500 0 0 To agents'			
account 7,458 5 3	14,966	9	10		balances			
Other receipts—	12,000	۰	20		irrecover-			
Transfer and assignation fees	85	17	6		able 107 18 8			
Bad debts recovered		16				£34,607	18	8
Profit on Investments realized	93	12	3		To half-year's dividend	•		
Surplus on non-participation					November		0	0
fund transferred by order of	E 019	1 2			To income tax on fire pro-		,	
Surplus on annuity fundditto	5,812 2,582				fits Loss on exchange			3
Surprus ou annuity rundurrio	2,002	•	٠		Loss on investments		10	0
					realized		17	0
				1883.		,		•
				Jan. 31.	Balance on this account, as			
					per balance sheet	18,461	5	11
•	£59,732	13	6			£59,732	13	- R
-	====		=					

SCOTTISH PROVINCIAL.—Concluded.

1883.
Junary,
31st
ending
year
the
for
Sheet
Balance

	ئ. م	63			0	ω,	40	080	o	o 1-		>	m ^O 1
	 9				1 10	∞	13	1270	180	0 [16	>	34,024 16 3 76 16 10
	% 1.	78,772 15			009	107	666 200 200	9,000 0 11,563 2 31,905 15		140 0 53,054 11	1,121 16 2,101 1 15,239 2	=	78
	£ £299,230 ¤il.	78,			206,600	225,107	351,399 13 73,000 0	e, II, II,	4.7.0	53,(16,2,1		34,0
balance sheet for the year ewing 31st Junuary, 1883.	Mortgages on property within the United Kingdomdo do do do out of Loan: on the Company's policies, within their aurrender	value Investments Government securities £37,776 6 5	_	Hope Government secu ities 46,421 3 do la	Railways (English and Scottish) and other debentures	- 1	1 : 9	London Reversions Loans on reversions and life interests	Loans secured on public rates under Act of Parliament Half-eredit premiums duo on life policies	homus on the Company s policies, with personal security Branches, agents and Insurance Companies (principally premiums due in January, and since accounted for)	Outstanding premiums due in Aberdeen do ' Outstanding interests (most of lubm since paid up)	Cash at bankers on deposit	! :
ë			0	 (ە 12 12		C 2	14 & 11	4 L) II _		C O 🛱 🖼	0 0	تة د ا
gea	, O		0	~ 1	·-		2 22 22	22		15 1			
tor the	£ s. d.		2 5,000	1,222,200	34,291		55,233 548 18,461			45,279 15 10	•		
nee!	:	00	=	4	•	O 80	1 : :	14.	424	-			1
95 Q		0 0	-	13	•	2 6		-	28.4.				
Ě		£15,0 $^{\circ}0$ 10,000	7	143,282 19		£45,000 10,233		-	3,987 18 8,987 18 831 4.0 40 4.0	₹			
20		\mathcal{F}_{1}	201	14	: :	\mathcal{E}_{\perp}			Ä	}			
	1TIES. 0 0	Added from General Profit and Loss	Participation Life Fund £794,134 19 2 Bonus Fund 284,782 2 7	Non-Participation Life Fund	3	Fire Premiums reserved on account funex-	13 Balance of Trust Fund in hands of Company General profit and loss		Outstanding fire claims Unclaimed dividends Annuities outstanding	William Control of the Control o			

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER, 1882.	
Manager—Spencer C. Thomson. Secretary—D. Clunie	FREGOR
Principal Office—Edinburgh.	G1120011,
Agent in Canada—W. M. RAMSAY. Head Office in Canada	Montroel
(Organized or Incorporated, 1825. Commenced business in Canada	
(Organized of Theorporated, 1029. Confinenced business in Canada	i, 1041.)
CAPITAL.	
Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for, £500,000 sterling\$	2,433,333 33
Amount paid up in cash, £120,000 sterling	584,000 00
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life poli-	
cies in Canada \$234,365 39 Gross amount of notes, loans or liens taken during the year in payment	
of premiums in Canada	
\$237,704 24 Deduct amount paid for premiums on policies re-insured in other licensed	
Companies in Canada	
Total net premium income	\$236,512 62
4	
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz.:—	
On account of death claims (including bonuses, \$13,478.84)	
(Of this amount \$11,514 53 accrued in 1881.) On account of matured endowments 4,866 66	,
Net amount paid on account of claims	94,241 47
Amount paid to annuitants	452 00
Amount paid for surrendered policies	5,174 59
Amount paid for dividends or bonuses to policy-holders	6,998 88
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$106,866 9 4
ASSETS IN CANADA.	
Bonds in deposit with Receiver-General:—	
Montreal Harbor bonds—par \$107,000 60 do Corporation 't' 34,000 00 County Compton 30,000 00	
\$171,000 00	
	01H1 (\)(\)(\)
Carried out at par value	\$171,000 00

STANDARD LIFE—Continued.		
Other Canadian investments, viz.:-		
Municipal debentures	480,689	83
Mortgages on real estate in Canada	700,141	
Real estate in Canada owned	83,000	
Montreal Warehousing Company's bonds	73,000	
Cash in hand and in banks in Canada	70,151	74
Total assets in Canada	1,577,983	24
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted, in-		
cluding bonuses, \$3,090.93	\$18,420	94
Amount computed or estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding	, ,	
policies in Canada, (including bonuses, \$512,070.95)\$955,830 87 Deduct same on above policies re-insured in other licensed		
Companies in Usnada		
Deduct amount of deferred and outstanding premiums, less		
cost of collection at 10 per cent		
Oredit debts on policies		
168,499 13		
Difference carried out	787,331	74
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$ 805,752	68
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Under policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	\$ 8,500	ΛΛ
Net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	Ψ 0,000	00
Deduct amount of deferred and outstanding premiums, less cost of collection at ten per cent		
cost of collection at ten per cent		
Loans on policies within their surrender value 522 57 Oredit debts on policies 4,753 40		
58,776 48		
Difference carried out	98,837	47
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$ 107,337	47
Total net liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	\$913,090	15
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in		
Canada		
Amount of said policies	B 1.359.046	68
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year 43	. , , -	
Amount of said claims (including bonus additions, \$15,570 89)	109,617	88
Number of policies in force in Canada at date	•	
Net amount of policies in force in Canada at 15th November, 1882	7,757,698	97
3		

15,954 **53**

1,359,046 68

7.783.048 97

466,634 24

20,682 18

STANDARD LIFE.—Continued.

Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada	·:
No. 1. By death (including bonus additions, \$15,570.89) 41	Amount. \$104,751 22
2. By maturity	4,866 66
3. By surrender (including bonus additions, \$2,680.44) 38 (For which cash value has been paid, \$5,174.59)	68,153 76
4. By surrender, \$22,755.06 (including bonus additions, \$1,061.74.)	
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$4,802.93.)	
Difference of amounts carried out	17,952 13
5. By lapse (including bonus additions, \$4,650.47) 132	270,910 47
Total 213	\$466,63 4 24
Policies in force at the beginning of year (including bonus additions \$539,915.47)3,289	\$6,89 5 ,3 64 18

Renewed during the year and bonuses vested...... 2

Policies issued during the year...... 569

Policies terminated as above..... 213

Policies reduced and bonuses cashed.....

No return of insured lives.

Detail of policies issued since 31st March, 1878, and Bonus additions thereon.

Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	\$2,692,440 01
Policies issued during the year	1,359,046 68
Policies terminated as above	270,723 34
Policies reduced	3,50 0 00
Policies in force at date of statement.	3.777 263 35

Subscribed and sworn to, 29th March, 1883, by

W. M. RAMSAY.

(Received, 30th March, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 15TH NOVEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, Edinburgh, May, 1883.)

Amount proposed for assurance during the year 1882 (3,038 proposals), £2,004,264 4s. 5d.; amount of assurances accepted during the year 1882 (2,561 policies), £1,487,475 12s. 10d.; annual premiums on new policies during the year 1882, £51,123 17s. 1d.; claims by death during the year 1882, inclusive of bonus additions, £505,936 19s. 5d.; amount of assurances accepted during the last five years, £6,578,231 12s. 11d.; subsisting assurances at 15th November, 1882 (of which £1,593,088 11s. 10d. is re-assured with other offices), £20,329,377 6s. 3d.; invested funds, £6,078,784 3s. 10d.; annual revenue, £876,893 4s. 4d.

STANDARD LIFE-Continued.

DEL	TRNITE	ACCOUNT.

	£	н.	d.
Amount of funds at the beginning of the year, 16th November, 1881	5.651.457	2	8
Premiums (after deduction of re-assurance premiums)	619,552	4	3
Consideration for annuities granted	22,871	$\bar{0}$	3
Interest and dividends	256,001	3	Õ
Fines and fees	1,339		ĭ
THES and less	1,000		
	00 551 001		•
· .	£6,551,221		3
•			
	£	8.	d.
Claims under life policies, including bonus additions (after deduc-			•
tion of sums re-assured)	507,464	19	9
Surrenders	45,769		6
Annuities			7
			11
Commission		5	
Expenses of management	64,540		6
Dividend and bonus to shareholders		0	0
Income tax			4
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per second schedule	5,832,882	10	8
	£6,551,221		3
	=======================================		==
BALANCE SHEET.			
Liabilities.	£	8.	d.
Shareholders' capital paid up	. 120,000		0
Assurance and annuity fund	5,703,206	2	9
Balances brought forward from last investigation (1880)	9,676	7	11
Total funds as per first schedule	£5.832.882	10	8
Claims under policies admitted but not matured *	. 234,900	17	2
Dividends to proprietors outstanding * †	. 11,000		ō
Dividence to proprietors occustances	. 11,000		
	£6,078,784	- 3	10
			====
ASSETS.	£	s.	d.
Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom	4 017 594	16	6
Mortgages on property out of the United Kingdom	252,231	1	2
Loans on the Company's policies within their surrender value	301,422		
Loans on the Company's poncies within their surrender value	. 501,422	12	3
Investments:—			
British Government securities	38,217	17	7
Indian and Colonial Government securities	376,227	10	3
United States Government securities	5,442		
Railway and other debentures	44,060		_
	44,000	, 0	U
House property:—			
Freehold £151,006 17	8		
Leasehold 28,512 18	2		
	- 179,519	15	10

These items are included in the corresponding items in the first schedule.
 Dividends payable on 15th November.

STANDARD LIFE—Concluded.			
Stocks of Scottish Chartered Banks	. 92,388	4	4
Feu-duties	. 17,434	15	10
Reversions	. 27,969		
Life rents purchased	. 1,122	2	11
Loans upon personal security with policies of assurance, repayable	э		
by instalments	. 78,903	3	5
Agents' balances in course of collection (since accounted for)	. 176,838		
Outstanding premiums	. 79,015	15	8
Interest accrued but not due	. 39,103	19	7
Interest due but not paid	. 13,365	4	9
Cash:—			
	2		
On deposit	5		•
2 0	- 307,661		
Deed and receipt stamps on hand	. 335	15	2
	00 050 504		
	£6,078,784	<u> 3</u>	10

THE STAR LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st December, 1882.
Chairman—Sir. Wm. McArthur, M.P. Secretary—Wm. W. Baynes, F.I.A
Principal Office-32 Moorgate St., London, England.
Agent in Canada— A. W. LAUDER. Head Office in Canada— 72 Younge St., Toronto.
(Organized or incorporated, 1843. Commenced business in Canada, 6th Nov., 1868.)
and the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section is a section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section in the section i
CAPITAL.
Amount of capital authorized and subscribed for, £100,000 stg

Amount of premiums received in each during the year on life policies in Canada
Amount paid during the year for surrendered policies \$386 80
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada \$386 80
ASSETS IN CANADA.
Canada 4 p.c. stock in deposit with Receiver-General
Total assets in Canada
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted \$973 33 Net reserve on all outstanding risks in Canada
MISCELLANEOUS.
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in
Canada
Amount of said claim
Amount of said policies (exclusive of bonus additions)

STAR LIFE-Continued.

STAR DIFE—Continuea.			
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Ca	nada:		
•	No.	Ar	noun t.
 By death By surrender and lapse (for which cash value has been 	1	\$ 9	73 3 3
paid, \$386.80)	11	18,00	06 67
Total	12	\$18,9 8	30 00
Policies in force at beginning of year	47 12	18,9	27 89 86 47 80 00
Number of insured lives at beginning of year in Canada. Number of new insurers during the year. Number of deaths during the year among the insured. Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during the year otherwise than by death. Number of insured lives at date of statement.	47 1 11		

Subscribed and sworn to, 23rd April, 1883, by

A. W. LAUDER.

(Received 24th April, 1883.)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from the Directors' Report, London, England, 5th March, 1883.)

NEW BUSINESS IN 1882.

During the year, 2,823 proposals for assurance, amounting to £926,964, were submitted to the Board; of these 325 were either declined or not carried out at the close of the year; and

2,498 policies were issued for the assurance of...£757,024 Os. Od.

The annual premiums on which amount to...... 24,715 16 7 The sum of £7,530 has been received for the purchase of 21 immediate annuities, amounting to £694 3s. 9d.

The total amount of insurances now in force is £7,976,800.

MORTALITY.

The claims which have arisen during the year in respect of 330 policies, have amounted to £111,311 17s. 11d., including bonus additions of £10,203 7s. The number of policy-holders who have died is considerably within the average expected and Provided for in the society's tables, as in all previous years.

The total sum paid in claims (including bonus additions) since the establish-

ment of the society, now amounts to £2,103,588 6s. 9d.

STAR LIFE-Concluded.

ANNUAL INCOME AND INVESTMENTS.

The income of the society during the past year has amounted to £331,869 13s., derived from the following sources:—

Premiums on policies £2	40,644	15	2
Purchase of annuities			
Interest on invested funds	83,694	17	10
£3	31,869	13	0
The state of the s			

After the payment of all expenses and claims the balance of income over expenditure amounts to £156,429 3s. 2d. This sum has been added to the Assurance and Annuity Fund, which now stands at £2,023,167 6s. 1d.

The average rate of interest realized on the investments of the society during the year has been slightly in excess of that realized last year.

BALANCE SHEET OF THE STAR LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

				,			
	£	s.	d.		£	8.	d.
Shareholders' capi- tal paid up £ 5,600 0 0				Mortgages on property within the United Kingdom	326,720	0	10
Assurance and An-				Mortgages on property out of the	•		
nuity Fund 2,023,167 6 1				United KingdomLoaus on the society's policies	145,203	13	8
Total funds2	028,16	76	1	(within their surrender value)	122,806	0	0
Claims admitted and announced, but not paid	10,61	7 15		Investments:-			
	,		U	In British Government securities	24,762	10	0
				Indian and Colonial Government securities	332,122	0	5
				Railway gnaranteed stock	24,940	0	0
				Railway oebenture stock Railway preference and preferred	7,840	O	0
				_ stock	453,659	19	6
				House property (office premises, 32 Moorgate Street)	2,883	1	3
				Wesleyan Methodist Chapels	,		
				Other Methodis chapels (trustees	198,362	Û	0
				of)	11,940	0	0
				Congregational chapels (trustees of)	40,125	0	0
				Baptist chapels (trustees of)	49,560		
				Local beards secured on Parlia- mentary rates	152,747	1	5
				Freehold ground rents	22,474		
				Agents' balances (premiums in course of collection)	44,710	18	8
				Outstanding premiums (head office)			
				Outstanding interest	26,678 2,621		2
				Accrued interest (to 31st December,	•		
•				Cash in hand and on current ac-	32,325	10	11
				count	8,577	1	11
£2	,038,78	5 1	1	£	2,038,785	1	1

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	ENDING	31sr	DECEMBER.	1882.

President-THOMAS WORKMAN.

Head Office-Montreal.

Manager and Secretary-Robertson Macaulay.

(Organized or Incorporated, 1865. Amended in 1870, 1871 and 1882. Commenced business in Canada, May, 1871.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized\$	1,000,000	00
Amount subscribed for	5 00,000	
Amount paid up in cash	62,500	00

(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.

Amount secured by way of loans	ances) held	by the Compar	or morteage	\$76,225 28
(first liens)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••••		226,128 32
Amount of loans secured by bond erals, viz.				35,000 00
Stock.	Par Value.	Market Value.	Amount Loaned	١.
Federal Bank	\$12,000 0 0 13,500 0 0	\$18,600 00 23,895 00	\$15,000 00 20,000 00	
	\$25,500 00	\$42,495 00	\$35,000 00	
Amount of loans made in cash to cies, assigned as collaterals Premium obligations on policies				24,472 43 294 50

Stocks, bonds and debentures owned by the Company, viz .:-

	Par Value.	Market Value.
Montreal Loan and Mortgage Company's stock	. \$60,000 00	\$64,200 00
North Stukely debentures	6,000 00	6,300 00
Exchange Bank stock	.5. 00 00	8,850 00
Molson's Bank stock	2,000 00	2,540 00
Stratford debentures	30,000 00	32,700 00
"Belleville do	6.000 00	6,540 00
Côte St. Louis debentures.	20,000 00	23,000 00
Cornwall debentures	8.500 00	8,925 00
Sorel do	1,000 00	1,060 00
		·

Total par and market	value	\$138,500 00	\$154,115 00

Carried out at market value	154,115	00
Vasn On hand and in handre	99 979	19
- TOCH CAMA	7.378	12
Agents' ledger balances	2,079	74

Total...... \$553,015 63

^{*} Deposited with the Receiver-General.

SUN LIFE-Continued.

OTHER ASSETS.

Total	Interest due		
Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force \$42,388 22 Gross deferred premiums 31,587 28 Gross outstanding and deferred premiums \$73,975 50 Deduct cost of collection at 10 per cent \$7,397 55 Also deduct payment by agents on account 2,467 75 Net outstanding and deferred premiums 64,110 20 Office furniture 1,157 81 Quebec stamp account 340 45 Due for re-assurance 12,474 75	Rents due	\$ 4,691	92
Gross deferred premiums 31,587 28 Gross outstanding and deferred premiums \$73,975 50 Deduct cost of collection at 10 per cent \$7,397 55 Also deduct payment by agents on account 2,467 75 Net outstanding and deferred premiums 64,110 20 Office furniture 1,157 81 Quebec stamp account 340 45 Due for re-assurance 12,474 75	Total	287	18
Net outstanding and deferred premiums. 2,467 75 9,865 30	Gross premiums due and uncollected on policies in force		
Net outstanding and deferred premiums. 64,110 20	Gross outstanding and deferred premiums		
Office furniture	9 865 30	04 110	90
Quebec stamp account. 340 45 Due for re-assurance. 12,474 75	Office frametrics and deferred premiums	,	
Due for re-assurance		,	
	Quebec stamp account		_
Total assets	Due for re-assurance	12,474	75
	Total assets	\$636,077	94

LIABILITIES.

*Amount estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in force (includ ng bonus additions and annuity contracts)		
Net re-insurance reserve	3,000 7,000	00 00
Amount of dividends or bonuses to policy holders due and unpaid Debenture Sinking Fund	57 0	
Total liabilities—Life Department Liabilities—Accident Department	\$528,727 5,749	
Total liabilities (exclusive of capital stock)	\$ 534,476	67
Surplus as regards policy-holders	\$101,601 62,500	27 00
Surplus over all liabilities and capital	\$ 39, 1 01	27

^{*} Estimated on the basis of the Institute of Actuaries' H. M. Table, with 4½ p. c.

SUN LIFE .- Continued.

INCOME DURING THE YEAR.

(Life Department.)

(Life Department.)		
Gross cash received for premiums. Premium obligations taken in part payment of premiums. Premiums paid by dividends (and single premiums for reversionary bonus additions). Cash received for annuities	\$173,442 252 40,853 2,294	50 74
Total Deduct premiums paid to other companies for re-insurance	\$216,842 1,735	
Total premium income. Amount received for interest Amount received for rents Sundry—Côte St. Louis sinking fund	24,101 2,048	0 2 0 3
Total income	\$241,824	19
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
(Life Department.)		
Cash paid for death claims (including bonus additions, \$351.45)	7,659 782 1,887 5,625 167 8,642 40,853 33,739 2,410 1,467	69 00 83 00 40 58 74 25 07 47
Total expenditureLess expenses, Accident branch	5,641	70 15
PREMIUM NOTE ACCOUNT.		
Premium obligations on hand at commencement of year. Premium obligations received during the year	\$4 2 252	
Balance, Note assets at end of year	\$294 294	

Manager and Secretary.

R. MACAULAY,

LIFE—Concluded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

mino Zii Dirii Zivo Si		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken	\$1.557.166	74
Amount of said policies	# - , , -	
endowments)	63,111	14
Number of policies in force at date	05,111	1.7
Amount of said policies	4	
Benus additions	5	
Total \$5,849,889 19 Amount of said policies re-insured in other licensed companies in	•	
Amount of said policies re-insured in other licensed companies in Canada	0	
	_	••
Net amount of policies in force at 31st December, 1882	.\$5,771,889	19
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year:-		
No.	Amount	t.
1. By death (including bonus additions, \$386.45) 30		
2. By maturity (including bonus additions, \$1,459.69) 5		
3. By expiry 7	13,000	
4. By surrender (including bonus additions, \$25,141.62) 22		-
(For which cash value has been paid, \$10,363.41.)	,	
5. By surrender, \$40,105 (including bonus additions \$605.)		
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount		
of \$8,939.30.)		
Difference of amounts carried out.		
6. By lapse (including bonus additions, \$4,303.45) 251	370,187	
Total		
		==
Policies in force at beginning of year (including bonus additions,	AF 000 150	01
Tellician issued during the year (including period) 997	1 627 660	50
\$14,562.65) 3,047 Policies issued during the year (including revived) 827 Bonus additions during the year	1,057,009	01
Policies terminated as above and by change to paid up policies	100,552	V.
(including bonus additions, \$31,8961)	549,492	93
Policies terminated by reduction		
Policies not taken		
Gross policies in force at date of statement (including bonus	,	
additions, \$89,188.45)	5,849,889	19
statute and the state of the st		
Number of insured lives at beginning of year)	
Number of new insurers during the year		
Number of deaths during the year among insured and annuitants 29)	
Number of insured whose policies have been terminated during		
the year otherwise than by death		
Number of insured lives at date of statement 3,055)	
Subscribed and sworn to, 12th April, 1883, by		
THOMAS WORK	MAN,	
	President.	

(Received, 13th April, 1883.)

THE TORONTO LIFE ASSURANCE AND TONTINE COMPANY.

STATEMENT	FOR	THE	YEAR	BNDING	31st	DECEMBER,	1882.

President-William J. MacDonell. | Secretary-Arthur Harvey.

Head Office-Toronto.

(Organized or incorporated, March 2nd, 1872. Commenced business in Canada, September, 1st, 1872.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of joint stock capital authorized	\$500,000 00
Amount of joint stock capital subscribed for	104,200 00
Amount of joint stock capital paid up in cash	29, 772 20
(For List of Chambaldon and Ammondia)	

(For List of Shareholders, see Appendix.)

ASSETS AS PER LEDGER ACCOUNTS.			
Real estate (less encumbrances) held by the Company	•• e.	\$ 690	00
first liens		19,415	21
The same, second liens		1,761	
Amount of loans made in cash to policy-holders on the Company		1,101	-
policies assigned as collaterals		791	94
		,	•
Stocks and bonds held by the Company: Par Value, Market Value			
Town of Belleville debentures \$17,000 00 \$17,425			
Town of Stratford do 5,050 00 5,555			
City of Toronto do 2,400 00 2,544			
Violage of Bracebridge do 300 00 360			
Town of Brampton do	00		
Township of Macaulay do 200 00 200			
Village of Parkdale do 5,000 00 5,250	00		
Canadian Pacific R. R. bonds 5,000 00 5,000			
Total par and market value	00		
Carried out at market value		38,874 171	
Cash in banks, viz.:—			
Ontario Bank \$278	72		
Merchants' Bank 331			
Government Savings Bank			

	UL 00		
Government Savings Bank	90 36		
Total		901	03
Bills receivable		242	05
Agents' ledger balances		305	01
V			

OTHER ASSETS.

Interest do	accrued	\$23 8 8 1 1,036 79		
Total carr Rents acco	ied outued		\$1,275 18	60 75
-~ u co.	255		•0	,

		=
TORONTO LIFE—Continued.		
Total deferred premiums on policies in force		
Net deferred premiums	634	70
Unpaid calls on stock	90	
Sundry debtors	240	
Office furniture	59	98
Total assets	\$65,471	86
LIABILITIES.		
* Net amount of re-insurance reserve	\$25,4 30	
Due on account of general expenses	$120 \\ 1244$	
Due on account of loans	279	
Bank of Montreal (due on C. P. R. bonds)	909	
Sundry creditors	100	
-	***	
Total liabilities	\$28,084	5Z
Surplus on policy holders' account	\$37,387 29,862	
Surplus above all liabilities and capital called up		99
INCOME.		
Cash received for premiums	\$5,251	93
Amount received for interest or dividends	3,004	96
Amount received for rents	150	00
Total income	\$8,406	89
EXPENDITURE.		
Net amount paid for death claims		
Total net amount paid for death claims and matured endowments Cash paid to stockholders for interest or dividends Commission, salaries and other expenses of officials	\$1,100 2,082 2,039	53 98
Taxes	15	76
Miscellaneous payments, viz.:—		
Postage, telegraph and express, \$34.94; printing and stationery, \$151.30; advertising, \$5.40; petty expenses, \$148.03; rent,		
\$:25.00	564	67
Total expenditure	\$ 5,865	94

^{*} Reserve at 4½ per cent., based on Institute of Actuaries, H.M. Table, computed by Department. 256

TORONTO LIFE-Concluded.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of new policies reported during the year as taken Canada		34	\$35,5 00	00-
Number of policies become claims in Canada during the year. Amount of said claims. Number of policies in force in Canada at date. Amount of said policies.		2 178	1,500	
Amount of said policies			171,308	0-1
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in	Cana	da :-	_	
		No.	Amour	ıt.
 By death	•••••	1 1	\$ 500 1,000	
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to among of \$400 00.)	ount			
Difference of amounts carried out	••••	75	1,100 82,500	00
Total	- =	77	\$85,100	00
Policies in force at beginning of year	•••••	34 77	\$220,908 35,500 85,100 171,308	00 00
·		-•-	_,_,	
Number of insured lives at beginning of year	ring	35 1 78		
Subscribed and sworn to, 16th March, 1883, by	· To	^3T=		
W. J. M	AO D		,	
			es dent.	
A, HAI	KVE	•		
(Received 17th March 1883)		S	ecretary.	

(Received, 17th March, 1883.)

THE TRAVELERS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
President-James G. Batterson. Secretary-Rot	DNEY DENN	us.
Principal Office-Hartford, Conn., U.S.		
Agent in Conada— Head Office in Canada—		
CHAS. F. RUSSELL. TORO		• •
(Organized or Incorporated, 17th June, 1863. Commenced business in July, 1865.)	n Canada,	Ist
CAPITAL.		
Amount of capital authorized	\$1,000,000	00
Amount subscribed for and paid up in cash	600,000	==
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies	4 105050	40
in Canada	\$107,972	4 U
-		
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz:—		
On account of death claims		
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$17,593	
Amount paid for surrendered policies	5,403 	
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$22,996	79
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
United States 4½ p.c. bonds in deposit with Receiver-General	\$100,000	
Municipal debentures in deposit with Receiver General	45,000 2,500	
Real estate in Canada owned (improved, at Stanstead, P.Q.)	2,300 9,90 7	_
Total assets in Canada	\$157.407	79
•		<u> </u>
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
(Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.	6 0 200	ΔΔ
Amount of claims on life policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Amount of claims of life policies in Canada resisted	\$ 9,300 3,000	
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies	•	
in Canala		
Difference carried out	418,210	69
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$430,510	69
		==

^{*}Reserve at 4½ per cent, Institute, H.M. Table computed.

TRAVELERS' -Continued.

TRAVELERS' —Continued.		
(Under policies issued subsequent to the 31st March, 1878.) Amount computed or estimated to cover the net reserve on all outstanding		
policies in Canada		
Difference carried out	\$43,657	35
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$43,657	3 5
Total net liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	474,168	04
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in		
Canada		
Amount of said policies	639,509	UU
Amount of said claims.	17,682	00
Number of policies in force in Canada at date2,416	•	
Amount of said policies	488,976	
Contractive Prices		
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada:—		
	Amount. \$15,182	00
2. By maturity 4	2,500	00
3. By surrender	25,390	00
4. By surrender, \$		
(For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount		
of \$.)	40.800	00
Difference of amounts carried out	42,590 295,49ບ	
		 -
Total	381,152	00
-		
Policies in force at beginning of year	230,619	00
Policies issued during the year	639,509	
Policies terminated 219	381,152	
Policies in force at date of statement2,416 3,	488,976	00
Detail of policies issued since 31st March, 1878.		
	169,763	00
	629,442	
Policies terminated as above	260,283	
Policies in force at date of statement	538,922	00
Number of insured lives—No return.		

Subscribed and sworn to 4th April, 1883, by

CHAS. F. RUSSELL, Chief Agent in Canada.

(Received 6th April, 1883.)

TRAVELERS'—Concluded.		
GENERAL BUSINESS—LIFE—FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMING Income during the year 1882.	BER, 18:2.	
Cash received for premiums, less re insurance. Cash received from interest and dividends. Cash received from discount, claims paid in advance. Cash received from rents and miscellaneous sources.	323,446 1.650	68 89
Total income	\$2,756, 889	54
Disbursements during the year 1882.		
Amount paid for losses	\$921,966 83,409	
Total amount paid to policy-holders	\$1,005,375 31,041 1,046,786	76 61 59
Total disbursements	\$2 ,083,20 <u>3</u>	96
$oldsymbol{A}$ ssets.		
Cash on hand and in bank	\$244,382 876,476	89 58
Stocks and Bonds owned by the Company, viz.:-		
United States bonds	1,408,746 742,635 44,100 2,039,696 346,890 69,508 46,530 49,523	67 00 00 27 55 36 81 24
Total assets	\$6,668,394	40
LIABILITIES.		
Claims unadjusted, not due, resisted and all other liabilities	•	
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	
Gross surplus, policy holders account		

THE UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.		
President-John E. DeWitt. Secretary-Henry	RY D. SMIT	'H•
Frincipal Office, Portland, Maine.		
Agent in Canada—William Mulock. Head Office in Canada-	-Toronto.	
(Organized or Incorporated, July 17th, 1848.)		
NO CAPITAL.		
Gross amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies in Canada		
Total net premium income in Canada	\$103,922	71
		=
Agricultura de la companie de la com		
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz :-		
On account of death claims		
Net amount paid on account of claims	\$59,845	41
(Of which \$3,100.50 accrued in previous years.) Amount paid for surrendered policies	5,989 9,047	79 67
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$74,882	87
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
U.S. bonds (4's of 1907) in deposit with Receiver-General	\$100 000 i	00
District of Columbia bonds, do do	30,000	00
Mortgages on real estate in Canada	2,000 2,776	
Total assets in Canada	·	
		=
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
(Under policies issued previous to 31st March, 1878.)		
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted Unpaid dividends Premiums paid in advance, net	\$5,018 3 431 549 3	83

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UNION MUTUAL LIFE—Continued.	-
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Ganada	
Difference carried out	435,582 63
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$441,582 15
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
(Under policies issued subsequent to 31st March, 1878.)	
Amount of claims on policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted *Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in Canada	
Difference carried out. Premiums paid in advance, net Unpaid dividends	\$47,258 96 881 10 360 45
Total net liabilities to said policy-holders in Canada	\$50,500 51
Total liabilities to all policy-holders in Canada	\$492,082 66
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada 45	2
Amount of said policies	. \$ 647,250 00
Amount of said claims	. 63,763 25 1
Amount of said policies	3,295,719 78
·	
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Canada	:
No.	Amount.
1. By death	\$47,903 47 15,409 15 3,000 00 37,500 00 15,771 36
6. By sarrender \$12,638 00. (For which paid-up policies have been granted to amount of \$5,072.00.)	
Difference of amounts carried out	7,566 00
7. By lapse 151	210,484 57
Total	\$337,634 55
	

^{*}Based on American Experience Table of Mortality, 4½ p. c, interest. 262

UNION MUTUAL LIFE-Continued.

	No.	Amount.
*Policies in force at beginning of year	1,925	2,888,027 4.9
Policies issued during the year	606	926,250 00
Reversionary additions		
Policies restorted		
Policies terminated as above, and by change to paid-up policies	233	
Policies decreased		26,393 25
Policies not taken		
Policies in force at date of statement	2,211	3,295,749 79

Detail of policies issued since 31st March, 1878.

Policies in force at beginning of year in Canada	796	1,009,265	75
Policies restored		13,500	
Policies issued during the year	614	931,322	00
Reversionary additions		4.530	29
Policies terminated as above, and by change to paid-up policies	165	231,042	00
Policies not taken	100	179,500	00
Policies in force at date of statement			

No return as to insured lives.

Subscribed and sworn to, 16th March, 1883, by

JOHN E. DEWITT.

President.

NICHOLAS DEGROOT,

Asst. Secretary.

(Received, 19th March, 1883,)

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

Balance Sheet Union Mutual Life.

LIABILITIES.

1892.		•	
Dec. 31.	To re-insurance fund, combined experience, table of mortality,		
	4 per cent. interest	\$5,773,624	00
	" Claims in course of settlement	91,247	
	" Premiums paid in advance, (net,)	7,369	66
	"Unpaid dividends to policy-holders	8.980	82
	" Endowments due and unpaid	11,896	00
	"Contingent reserve for unpaid bills and all other liabilities.	6,842	00
	*" Surplus as regards policy holders	379,320	29

\$6,279,379 77

^{*}Estimated surp lus by New York standard, 41 per cent. interest, \$700,911.29.

UNION MUTUAL LIFE-Concluded.

ASSETS.

1882.		
Dec. 31. By Real estate	1,925,171	06
"Mortgages	1,539,888	29
" Premium notes	836,767	00
" Railroad bonds	740,384	50
" State, city and county bonds	315,324	98
"Government bonds	278,862	50
" Bank stock		
" Collateral loans	97,360	
" Cash in banks	121,346	
" Cash in office	660	
" Cash in transit, (since received)	1,358	65
" Loans on policies	3,714	
"Bills receivable		
" Agents' and other ledger balances, (net.)	3,115	
" Deferred premiums	78,525	
" Premiums in course of collection	32,098	
Accrued rents, &c	4,072	
" Accrued and past due interest	134,647	
Assets, December 31st, 1882	6,279,379	77

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.		
· President—T. H. Brosnan.		
Secretary—C. P. Fraleigh. Principal Office—261-26 New York City.	3 Broadwa	y
(Qrganized or Incorporated, February, 1850.)		
Sup't in Canada—M. W. MILLS. Attorney in Canada—Thos	. А. Темрі	LE,
Head Office in Canada—Toronto.		
2000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of soultal authorized	440.000	00
Amount of capital authorized	440,000	00
======================================		=
Amount of premiums received in cash during the year on life policies	41 700	
in Canada	\$1,539	ZI
· ·		
Amount paid during the year on claims in Canada, viz:-		
On account of death claims		
Net amount paid on account of claims Amount paid for dividends or bonuses to policy-holders	\$4 ,510 430	
Total net amount paid to policy-holders in Canada	\$4,940	62
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
United States 4½ per cent. Bonds (registered) in deposit with Receiver-		•
	\$40,000	00
General District of Columbia 3-65 Bonds (registered) do do	60,000	
	\$100,000	00
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
*Amount computed to cover the net reserve on all outstanding policies in		,
Carada		
Difference carried out	\$ 15,603	87
	A17 000	

^{*}Based on American Table 41 per cent.

Total net liability to policy-holders in Canada...... \$15,603 87

UNITED STATES LIFE-Continued.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	3 36	\$19,000 00 4,510 00 84,955 00
No. 1	. .	
Number and amount of policies terminated during the year in Cana	ua :—	_
	No.	Amount.
1. By death	1	2,000 00
2. By maturity	$\mathbf{\overline{2}}$	2,510 00
3. By surrender	ī	2,500 00
	6	6,000 00
4. By lapse	U	0,000 00
Total	10	\$ 13,010 00
· ·		
Daliaisa in force at haginning of year	36	#2 065 00s
Policies in force at beginning of year		78,965 00►
Policies issued during the year	10	19,000 00
Policies terminated as above	10	13,010 00
Policies in force at date of statement	36	84 ,955 0 0 -

Number of insured lives.-No return.

Subscribed and sworn to, 10th February, 1883, by

GEO. H. BURFORD.

(Received, 13th February, 1883.)

GENERAL STATEMENT.

Balance Sheet, December 31st, 1882.		
,	Dr.	
To Reserve at 4½ per cent. American Table (N. Y. State Standard) in	•	
cluding dividends	. \$ 4,277,729	79
" Claims in course of settlement	. 22,440	
" Premiums paid in advance	. 5,187	77
"Liability for lapsed policies presentable for surrender	. 1,868	29
"Accrued rents and unpresented accounts	. 3.943	54
"Surplus as regards policy-holders	. 805,645	
Total	\$5 116 814	46:

UNITED STATES LIFE-Concluded.

• •	Cr.	
By Bonds and Mortgages	\$2,755,2 88	64
"United States and other Bonds	1,029,046	00
" Real Estate	58,005	00
" Real Estate " Cash in Banks " Cash in Office	76,078	80
" Cash in Office	2 ,928	42
" Loans on Policies	88,710	13
" Call and Temporary Loans secured by U.S. and other Stocks and	l	
Bonds	942,424	85
" Balances due by Agents, secured	5,883	
"Interest accrued	71,090	
" Deferred premiums, less 10 per cent. for collection	64,753	27
" Premiums in course of collection, less 10 per cent	22,605	64
Total	\$5,116,814	46
		
Total payment to policy-holders in 1882	е	46
year 1882	None.	
Interest due and unpaid on Bond and Mortgage, only	. \$ 1,704	00

STATEMENTS

MADE BY

ACCIDENT, GUARANTEE, PLATE-GLASS

AND

STEAM BOILER
INSURANCE COMPANIES.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONSOLIDATED ACT OF 1877.

LIST OF COMPANIES

DULY LICENSED FOR THE TRANSACTION OF ACCIDENT, GUAR-ANTEE, PLATE-GLASS AND STEAM BOILER INSURANCE BUSINESS IN THE DOMINION, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

ACCIDENT

The Accident Insurance Company of North America.

'The Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.

The London Guarantee and Accident Company (Limited).

The Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada.

The Toronto Life Assurance and Tontine Company.

The Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn.

GUARANTEE.

The Guarantee Company of North America.

The London Guarantee and Accident Company (Limited).

PLATE-GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Metropolitan Plate-Glass Insurance Company of New York. Head Office in Canada, Montreal.

STEAM BOILER INSURANCE CCMPANY.

The Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company of Canada (formerly the Canadian Steam Users' Insurance Association.)

THE ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President-Sir A. T. Galt, G.C.M.G. | Managing Director-Edward Rawlings.

Head Office-260 St. James St., Montreal.

(Organized or Incorporated, 14th June, 1872. Commenced business in Canada, 1874.)

CAPITAL.

Authorized	\$500,000	00
Subscribed for	261,000	00
Paid up in Cash	157,000	00

(For List of Shareholders, see Appendix.)

- ASSETS.

*Stocks and bonds held by the Company:—

Par Value. Market Va	alue.
Montreal Harbour bonds \$28,090 00 \$31,540 Lake Champlain and St. Lawrence Railway bonds 7,000 00 6,440 Montreal Warehousing bonds 8,443 11 8,443 11 Guarantee Company of North America, paid up stock 11,000 00 1549 67 549 Montreal Corporation stock 5,000 00 7,740 7,740	00 11 00
Montreal Corporation stock	
Total par and market value	\$168,162 78 8,526 31 13,164 87 1,290 22 983 56 45,590 66
Total assets	\$238,258 69

LIABILITIES.

(1.) Liabilities in Canada.

(1.) Diabilities in Camaa.		
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada \$	13,860	46
Due and accrued for salaries, rent advertising, agency and other mis-	•	
cellaneous expenses	1,500	00
Commission on premiums in due course of collection	1,207	
consistent on premiums in due course of concector	1,201	94

Total liabilities in Canada...... \$ 16,568 00

^{*}Of these there are deposited with Receiver-General, Canada, \$13,500 Montreal Harbour bends; \$8,443.11 Montreal Warehousing bonds; and \$549.67 Dominion stock, 1 Deposited with Insurance Department, State of New York. 11—18

			=
ACCIDENT COMPANY—Continued.			
(2.) Liabilities in other Countries.			
Net amount of losses reported or supposed, but not claimed	\$ ther	1,000 (00
countries Commission on Premiums in due course of collection		42,398 7,910	
Total liabilities in other countries	·····	\$ 51,309	21
Total liabilities (excluding capital stock) in all countries	•••••	67,877	21
Capital stock paid up in cash and notes	• • • •	\$ 157,000	00
Surplus beyond all liabilities and paid up capital		13,381	48
·			
INCOME. For Accident Risks. In other	1er		
In Canada. Counti	ries.		
Gross cash received for premiums \$43,287 35 \$74,7 Deduct re-insurance, rebate, abatement and return premiums 2,752 21	34 VI 33 75		
Net cash received for said premiums \$ 40,535 14 \$73,8	60 26		
Total net cash received for premiums in all countries	•••••	\$ 114,335 6,342 129	27
Received for increased capital	·······	\$120,807 5 4.700	
Total income	******	\$125,507 2	26
EXPENDITURE.			
tu Oanson.	ther tries.		
Amount paid for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$216,00).	•••••		
Amount paid for losses occurring during the year \$10,950 59 \$16,6	37 81		
Net amount paid during the year for losses	37 81		
Total net amount paid during the year for accident losses	•••••	\$27,804 7,158 39,858 11,401 2,256	32 89 84
Miscellaneous payments, viz:-		•	
Rents, \$1,593.90; office charges, \$1,094.28; advertising, \$3,833 postage, parcels, and telegrams, \$1,071.69; printing and station \$8,327.04; Directors' and Auditors' fees, \$1,320.00; furni \$540.49	ture,	17.781	05

\$106,261 09

17,781 05

\$540.49

ACCIDENT COMPANY—Continued.

CASH ACCOUNT.		
Dr.		
Dec. 31.—To balance in hand and in banks at this date	\$27,884	38
Dec. 31.—To income as above	125,507	26
	\$ 1 5 3,39 1	64
<i>Cr</i> :		-
1882. Dec. 31.—By expenditure during year as above By investments during year By balance in hand and in banks this date	25,439	37
· -	\$ 153,39 1	64

ACCIDENT—Concluded.

PREMIUMS.
AND
KISKS

		In Canada.	nada.		In other Countries.	Jountries.		Total in al	Total in all Countries.
Accident Risks.	No.	Amount.	Amount. Premiums	No.	Amount.	Premiums	No.	Amount.	Premiums
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year, new and renewed	4,082	\$7,074,650	\$39,571 30	8,507	\$11,975,050	\$121,125 09	3,669 12,589	\$5,666,370 19,049,700	\$38,555 10 160,696 39
Total Deduct terminated							16,258 6,816	\$24,716,070 10,428,870	\$199,251 49 84,612 64
Gross in force at end of year Deduct re-insured	2,811	\$5,069,954 267,000	\$28,562 51 841 60		\$9,21 7,246 390,000	\$86,076 34 1,279 11	9,442	\$14,287,20 0 657,500	\$114,638 85 2,120 71
Net in force at 31st December, 1882.	2,811	\$4,802,954	\$27,720 91	6,631	\$8,827,246	\$84,797 23	9,442	\$13,629,700	\$112,518 14

 Total number of policies in force at date.
 9,442

 Total amount in force.
 \$13,629,700
 00

 Total premiums thereon.
 112,518
 14

Subscribed and sworn to, 15th February, 1883, by (Received_16th February, 1883).

EDWARD RAWLINGS, Secretary. F. F. PARKINS, Assistant Secretary.

THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

(For Assets and Liabilities, see Fire Return.)

INCOME.

Cash received for premiums	\$20,122 41 837 27
Total premium income	\$19,285 14
EXPENDITURE.	,
Bonus to policy-holders	\$ 67 00 3,347 31 8,204 92
Total cash expenditure	\$ 11,619 23

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

	No.	Amount.	Premiums thereon.
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year	934 2,627	\$1,169,900 3,583,820	\$8,764 89 23,270 07
Total Deduct terminated	3,561 1,881	4,753,720 2,696,995	32,034 96 13,998 98
Gross in force at end of year	1,680	2,056,72 5 129,500	18,035 98 622 35
Net in force at 31st December, 1882	1,680	\$1,927,22	\$17,413 63

Subscribed and sworn to, 11th March, 1883, by

HENRY LYMAN,

President.

GERALD E. HART,

General Manager.

(Received 15th March, 1883.)

THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT.

For Assets, see Life Statement.

LIABILITIES.

Unearned premiums	\$5,749	31
INCOME.		
Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash premium income	\$11,083	92
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Claims paid during the year	\$2, 381 5,641	06 15
NEW BUSINESS.		
Number of new policies issued during the year	\$1, 67 3,01 7 9,448,	00
Number of policies in force at the end of the year	_	- 1
Premiums thereon	, - ,	
Net premiums	11,498	62

Subscribed and sworn to, 12th April, 1883, by

THOMAS WORKMAN,

President.

R. MACAULAY,

Manager and Secretary.

(Received, 13th April, 1883.)

Chief Agent in Canada.

THE TRAVELERS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN., U.S.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.

ACCIDENT DEPARTMENT-CANADIAN BUSINESS.

Total premiums received during the year on policies in Canada	\$25,549 53
Amount paid during the year on accident claims in Canada, viz.:— On account of death claims under accident policies	
Net amount paid on accident claims in Canada.	\$19,938 33
For Assets, see Life Statement.	
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.	
Amount of claims on accident policies in Canada unsettled but not resisted	2,576 00 5,000 00
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Number of new policies reported during the year as taken in Canada	4,823,600 00
Subscribed and sworn to, 4th April, 1883, by	
CHAS. F. RUSSELI	.,

(Received, 6th April, 1883.)

1,379 22

3,178 28

\$395,628 11

THE GUARANTEE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

President-

Bills receivable.....

Managing Director, EDWARD RAWLINGS.

SIR A. T. GALT, G.C.M.G.

Secretary,

JAMES GRANT

Head Office-260 St. James Street, Montreal.

(Organized or incorporated, 1851; commenced business in Canada, April, 1872.)

CAPITAL.

Amount of capital authorized	1,000,000	00
Amount subscribed for	668,600	
Amount paid up in cash	300,000	00
=		_

(For List of Stockholders, see Appendix.)

Assets.		
Value of real estate (less encumbrances) held by the Company (consists of a lot of ground and stone house thereon at Windsor, Ont.) *Stocks and bonds held by the Company, viz:— Par value. Market value	1,600	00
Montreal Corporation bonds	·	
Carried out at market value Loan secured by paid-up tlife policy Cash on hand at head office Cash deposited with the Receiver-General	331,908 400 9,883 1,290	00 23
Cash in banks, viz .— \$5,571 20 Bank of Montreal, Montreal \$1,495 64 Jesup, Paton & Co., New York 8,398 32 Merchants' National Bank, Richmond, Va 1,159 48		
Total Interest accrued and unpaid on stocks	27,624 1,928 16 435	99

\$\$200,000 deposited with State of New York, and \$14,000 in Virginia.

Office furniture and fixtures, including safes......

^{*}Of these there are deposited with Receiver-General, Canada, \$17,000 Montreal Harbour bonds; \$399.67 Canada stock; \$8.443.11 Montreal Warehousing Co. bonds; \$10,000 City of Victoria bonds; \$20,000 Montreal Corporation bonds.

3,987 47

7,420 00

134,361 00

\$141,781 00

GUARANTEE COMPANY—Continued.

LIABILITIES.

(1.) Liabilities in Canada.

(1.)	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for guarantee losses in Canada (not resisted)	\$ 1,116 86 19,624 05
penses, including commission for collecting outstanding premiums.	2,636 27
Total liabilities in Canada	\$23, 377 18
(2.) Liabilities in other Countries.	
Total net amount of unsettled claims for guarantee losses (not resisted) Total reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks Due and accrued for salaries, rent, agency and other miscellaneous expenses, including commission for collecting outstanding premiums.	\$3,166 31 35,632 01 2,215 16
Total liabilities in other countries	\$ 41,013 48
Total liabilities (except capital stock) in all countries	\$64,390 66
Capital stock paid up in cash	\$ 300,000 00
Surplus beyond all liabilities and paid-up capital stock	\$31,237 45
INCOME.	
For Guarantee Risks. In Canada. In other Count	ries.
Gross cash received for premiums	
Net cash received for said premiums\$45,518 52 \$72,821 26	
Total net cash received for premiums in all countries	\$118,339 78 12,033 75

EXPENDITURE.

Total.....

Total income.....

For Guarantee Risks.	In Canada.	In other Countries.
Amount paid for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in the last statement at \$1,336.86) Amount paid for losses occurring during the year	\$1,336 86 7,317 06	17,662 73
Total net amount paid during the year for losses	\$3,653 92	\$17,662 73
•		

Claims recovered.....

Received for increased capital

GUARANTEE COMPANY—Continued.		
Total net amount paid during the year for losses in all countries Paid for the guarantee business of the Citizens Insurance Co. of Canada Amount of dividends paid during the year at 6 per cent Commission or brokerage	\$26,3162 3,000 14,378 10,085 25,399 2,754	00 95 17
\$1,191.00; law charges, \$2,528.86; travelling expenses, \$3,522.20; furniture, \$1,251.58	29,788	09
Total expenditure	\$1,1,721	95
CASH ACCOUNT.		
$\mathcal{D}r$.		
1881. Dec. 31.—To balance in hand and in banks as at this date	\$34,760	32
Dec. 31.—To income as above	141,781 2,000	
	\$178,541	32
Cr.		
1882. Dec. 31.—By expenditure during year as above By investments during year By balance in hand and in banks this date	29, 3 11 37,507	50 87
	\$ 178,541	32

GUARANTEE COMPANY—Concluded.

BISKS AND PRENITIVE

		In Canada.	la.		In other Countries.	ntries.	T	Total in all Countries	mtrios	
For Guarantee Risks.	No.	Amount.	Premiums	No.	Amount.	Premiums	No.	Amount.	Preminme	
Gross policies in force at date of last statement. Taken during the year—new and renewed	4,417	5,021,420	thereon. \$43,461 87	9,014	\$10,059,190	thereon. \$85,623 04	7,154	\$8,406,625	thereon. \$70,384 74	
Total Dednot terminated							20,585	\$23,487,235	\$199,469 65 88,967 53	
Gross in force at end of year	2,971	\$5,281,500	\$39,248 11	7,088	\$8,341,600	\$71,264 01	10,059	\$13,623,100	\$110,612 12	
Net in force at 31st Dec., 1882							10,059	\$13,535,975	\$110,142 32	
Number of policies in force at date	force a	t date				10,059	13,535,975	75 00 42 32		
	and swe	Subscribed and sworn to, 15th February, 1883, by	February,	1883, b	Ą	EDWA	RD RA	EDWARD RAWLINGS,		

EDWARD RAWLINGS,

Managing Director.
JAMES GRANT,

Secretary.

(Received 23rd February, 1883.)

THE LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT COMPANY (LIMITED).

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1882.		
Principal Office— 10 Moorgate St., London, England. Secretary — E. G. LAUGHTON	Anderson.	
(Organized or Incorporated, A.D. 1869.)		
Head Office in Canada—Toronto. Agent in Canada—A. I	C. McCord	•
Commenced business in Canada, July, 1830.		
· ·		
CAPITAL.		
Amount of joint stock capital authorized£250 Amount subscribed for	5,120 "	ng
Amount paid up in cash46	,448 ··	=
ASSETS IN CANADA.		
Canada inscribed stock in deposit with Receiver-General	•	
Cash at head office	98 6	59 45
Agents' balances	2,229	
Bills receivable	1,065	87
Total assets in Canada	\$61,031	55
LIABILITIES IN CANADA.		
Net amount of losses in Canada claimed but not adjusted :-		
Guarantee losses \$1,455 59		
Total net amount of unsettled claims for losses in Canada.	\$1, 455	59
Reserve of unearned premiums for all outstanding risks in Canada: — Guarantee		
Total reserve	12,848	76
Total liabilities in Canada	\$14,304	35
	———	$\stackrel{\circ}{=}$
INCOME IN CANADA.		
Gross cash received for guarantee premiums		
Net cash for said premiums\$12,343 32		
Gross cash received for accident premiums		
Net cash for said premiums		
Total net cash received for premiums in Canada Interest on deposit received direct in England Recovered on account of guarantee claim	\$18,647 2,141 141	3 3
Total income in Canada	\$20,930	01

LONDON GUARANTEE—Continued.

EXPENDITURE IN CANADA.

For Guarantee Risks in Canada.

Amount paid for losses occurring in previous years (which losses were estimated in last statement at \$79.52)	\$ 79	52 76		
Net amount paid for said losses	\$39	76		
Amount paid for losses occurring during the year	\$965 300			
Net amount paid for said losses	665	92		
Total net amount paid during the year for Guarantee losses in Canada	705	68		
For Accident Risks in Canada. Net amount paid during the year for accident losses	\$1,183	60		
Total net amount paid during the year for la Paid for commission or brokerage in Canada	ada \$389.1	9;	\$1,889 5,362 375 450 1,906	02 0 0 0 0
Total expenditure in Canada			\$9.982	97

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

Guarantee Risks in Canada.	No.	. Amount.	Premiums.
Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new	884	\$1,194,250	\$8,568 00
	619	1,194,800	7,473 82
	697	801,550	5,513 19
Deduct terminated	2,200	\$3,190,600	\$21,555 01
	782	891,150	5,825, 20
Gross and net in force at 31st Dec.	1,418	\$2,299,450	\$15,729 81
Accident Risks in Canada. Gross policies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new do do renewed	565	\$1,058,500	\$5,121 67
	556	1,026,600	5,040 80
	251	438,500	2,360 25
Deduct terminated	1,372	\$2,523,600	\$12,522 72
	269	471,500	2,555 00
Gross and net in force at 31st Dec., 1882	1,103	\$2,052,100	\$9,967 72

Total number of policies in force in Canada at date	2,521		
		51.550	00
Total premiums thereon.		25,697	53

Subscribed and sworn to, 8th February, 1883, by

A. T. McCORD.

LONDON GUARANTEE—Continued.

GENERAL BUSINESS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

(Abstracted from Directors' Report, London, England, 1883.)

During the year the policies completed assured £1,919,812, representing a new Annual Income of £11,637 19s. 0d.

The gross income from premiums was £34,292 12s. 0d., and the amount paid for

re-assurances £948 11s. 4d.

The claims, including reserve for those then under investigation was

£11,016 1s. 3d.

The revenue account (including the amount brought over from 1881) shows a balance in favor of the Company of £12,212 2s. 6d. From this the Directors recommend the appropriation of £7,000 to the reserve account, which will then amount to £35,000, and the payment of a dividend of four shillings per share free of income tax, which will leave a balance of £567 6s. 6d. to be carried forward.

Revenue Account, for the Year ending 31st December, 1882.

EXPENDITURE.

	£.	8.	d.
To claims, balance of account, and expenses resettlement	9,726	11	10
stamps, and income and colonial taxes	. 5,782	10	3
To advertising, agency extension, printing and stationery To directors', auditors', medical and survey fees, rent, salaries, and	. 3,188	12	11
law charges	. 4.410	7	3
To postages, receipt stamps, and miscellaneous charges	653	17	1
To re-assurances	. 948	11	4
To re-assurances	. 26	5	10
To reserve against amounts to debit of agents	. 143	19	2
To balance as per balance sheet	. 12,045	4	1
	£36,925	19	9
INCOME.	£.		d.
		8.	a.
By premiums, less bonus and rebates to assured	. 33,707	17	4
By interest	3,218	2	5
	£36,925	19	9
Balance Sheet, as on 31st December, 1882.			
	£	8.	d.
To capital: -50,000 shares of £5 each, £250,000, of which 23,224	Ĺ		
are subscribed, on which there has been called and paid	. 46, 41 8	0	0
To unclaimed dividends		18	0 ,
To sundry accounts	923	12	10
To reserve for claims outstanding	4,094	13	8
To reserve including provision for current policies	. 35,000	0	Ó

LONDON GUARANTEE—Concluded.

To revenue account :—		•				
Balance of income and expenditure account brought forward	£3,882 3,715	15 16	3 10			
Balance of account for the year ending this date	166 12,045	18 4	5 1			
Less transferred to reserve	12,212 7,000	0	6	5,212	2	6
			£	91,829	6	0
By investments—at cost	£	8.	d.	£	8.	ď,
* £2.00° India 4 per cent. stock	5,420 2,041 640 270 1,336 2,204 5,622 2,039 2,972 4,761 10,327 3,417 4,441 1,786 3,063 55,056 6,800	11 2 0 0 17 0 14 13 0 6 11 16 18 7 2 14	6000066440550811466888			
Chartered of India, Australia and China	5,000 10,000 1,700 5,000 963	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 6	Q4 590	12	8
By sundry agents' balances, including balances in local banks Less Reserve for Commission, &c	6,269 1,350	5 0	- 0	84,520 4,919	5	0
By cash at Alliance Bank	2,363 25	9 18	6 10	2,389	8	4
			£	91,829	6	0

THE METROPOLITAN PLATE GLASS INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1882.

	Q	
President—Henry Harteau. Secretary—Thom.	As S. Tho	RP.
Principal Office-61 Liberty St., New York City.		
- Affiliantists, applies		
CAPITAL.	#100 000	00
Amount of capital stock paid up	\$100,000	<u> </u>
Assets.		
U.S. Government $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. bonds of 1891—par value, \$135,000;		
market value	153,562	25
Cash on hand and in bank	10,525	
Interest due and accrued	506 6,797	
Glass on hand to adjust losses	6,272	
Total assets	\$177,663	16

Net amount of unpaid losses	\$1,093	20
All other claims against the Company	3,178	
Amount of unearned premiums	43,539	7 8
m.4-1 1!-1:114'	A 45 011	
Total liabilities	\$ 47,811 100,000	
Capital stock paid up Surplus above all liabilities and paid up capital	29,851	
		===
INCOME DURING THE YEAR.		
Net cash premiums received on risks	\$ 84,843	
Interest and dividends from all sources	6,038	19
Total cash income	8 90 882	12
Total cash income	\$30,002	
EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.		
Net amount paid for losses	\$ 30,969	
Cash dividends paid	10,000	00
All other expenditure		
Total expenditure	\$81,579	88
		=
BUSINESS IN CANADA DURING THE YEAR.	4000	0=
Premiums received	\$863 9 3 5	
Losses paid	935	
Withdrew from the Dominion, August 1st, 1882.	230	• •
Subscribed and errors to 92nd Tananary 1992 by		
Subscribed and sworn to, 23rd January, 1883, by	A TY	

(Received 25th January, 1883.)

THOS. S. THORP,

Secretary.

President.

HENRY HARTEAU,

\$20,020 00

THE BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1	.882,
President—SIR ALEXANDER CAMPBELL. Secretary—A. Fraser.	e.
Agent—W. B. McMurrich. Principal Office—Toron	nto.
(Organized or incorporated 8th April, 1875. Commenced busin	
9th October, 1875.)	1055 111 - Cullinum
CAPITAL.	
Amount of joint stock capital authorized	100,100 00
(For List of Shareholders see Appendix.)	•
*Stocks and bonds held by the Company, viz:-	
Par Value. Market Va	ilue.
Western Assurance Co \$4,600 00 \$7,176 (Building and Loan Co 2,500 00 2,575 (Imperial Loan Co's stock 3,900 00 4,407 (I nperial Loan debentures 5,000 00 5,000 00 Deseronto debentures 3,000 00 3,000 00	00 00 00 00 00
Total par and market value	00
Carried out at market value	\$22,158 00 427 40 1,021 88 441 00 2,091 66 403 02 146 75
Total assets	\$27,094 81
LIABILITIES.	
Reserve of unearned premiums on all outstanding risks in Canada.	*7,825 99
Total liabilities	 \$7,825 99

Capital stock paid up in cash.....

^{*}Of these there are deposited with the Receiver-General (par value) \$1,600 Western Assurance stock; \$3,900 Imperial Loan stock, and \$5,000 Imperial Loan debentures.

11—19

BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE-Continued.

INCOME.

THOOME.		
Gross cash received for premiums		
Net cash received for premiums	\$15,012 802	
Furnishing plans and specifications of boilers, superintending construc- tion and setting of do, and for special inspections	1,708	42
Total income	\$17,52 3	44 ==
EXPENDITURE.		
Amount paid during the year for losses	\$3,039 (916 : 7,401	21
Taxes Miscellaneous payments:—Stationery and printing, \$313.46; postage, telegrams and petty cash account, \$207.02; office rent 12 months, \$300.30; travelling expenses, \$2,050.30; advertising account, \$435.60; special Inspections in Maritime Provinces, \$56.41; vote to President and Directors, \$1,103.99; sundries, including office furniture, Parliamentary expenses, lawyers' and auditors' fees and	82	55
sundry small accounts, \$494.94. Repayments to policy-holders in Montreal, charges made by City Inspector under By-law, \$120.00	5,082	02
Total expenditure ====================================	\$ 16,521	17
CASH ACCOUNT.		
OASH MOODINA.		
Dr. 1881.		
Dec. 31.—To balance in hand and in banks as at this date	\$ 2,755	92
1882.		
Dec. 31.—To Income as above To received from realization of investments	17,523 5,694	
· -	\$25,973	3 6
Cr.		
1882.		
Dec. 31.—By expenditure during year as above	\$16,521	17
By investments during year	8,000	
By sundry other payments	2	
By balance in hand and in banks this date	1,449	28
	\$ 25,973	36

BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE—Concluded.

RISKS AND PREMIUMS.

	MO.	Amount.	thereon.	
Gross pelicies in force at date of last statement Taken during the year—new	373 164 299	995,850 475,153 802.880	11,657 87 6,317 97 9,3 34 0 1	
Total	836	2,273,883 995,850	27,309 85 11,657 87	
Gross and net in force 31st December, 1882	463	1,278,033	15,651 98	
Total number of policies in force at date Total net amount in force		••••••••	\$1,278,033 0	

Subscribed and sworn to, 24th April, 1883, by

JOHN L. BLAIKIE,

Vice-President.

A. FRASER,

Secretary.

(Received, 25th April, 1883.)

LIST OF ACTS RELATING TO INSURANCE, PASSED AND ASSENTED TO, FIRST SESSION, FIFTH PARLIAMENT, 46 VICTORIA, 1888.

- An Act respecting the Citizens' Insurance Company of Canada.
- An Act to empower the National Insurance Company to wind up its affairs and relinquish its charter, and to provide for the dissolution of the said Company.
- An Act further to reduce the Capital Stock of the Quebec Fire Assurance Company.
- An Act to incorporate "The Manitoba and North Western Fire Insurance Company."

APPENDIX.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA. LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in cash.
_		\$	\$
Campbell, Robt		5,000	1,000
Dunn, T. H	Quebec	500 13,500	2,700
Garneau, Pierre	Quebec	500	100
Hatton, J. C	Montreal	1,000	200 500
Mackay, Edward	Montreal.	500 5,000	5,000
MacDougall, D. L	do	7,500	1,500
Moore, Sami	Quebecdo	1,000 1,000	20 0 200
Mackenzie, Thos	Sorel	1,000	1,000
Rankin, John	Montreal	11,700	2,340
Reckie, Mrs. R. G		9,000 5,000	1,800 1,000
Simpson, Wm	Montreal	1,000	200
Simpson, Dr. Thos	do	1,000	200
Scott, Henry		500	2,000
Withall, WmThomson, D. C	do	2 ,000 500	100
Michie, Jas	Toronto	2,500	500
Richardson, Dr. J. H	do	1,000	200 80
Ramsay, A. G	Montreal	400 1,000	200
Sanford, W. E	Hamilton	100	20
Alexander, Wm		2,500	2,500
Kenney, Thos. E	do	200 200	40
Burns, Adam	do	200	40
Robertson, Jas	Montreal	1,000	200
Rendell, J. M	Toronto	2,000 2,009	2,000 400
Nicholson, J. M		500	100
Ferrier, Hon. Jas	Montreal	20,500	6,500
Anderson, Robt	do	4,500 5,300	4,500 3,700
Foster, A. M	do	2,000	400
Beattie, Jno	do	2,500	500
Metcalf, Mrs. C	do Toronto	500 2,5 00	340 2,500
Mickle, Miss S	do	2,500	2,500
Jacques, Jno	_ do	2,500	2,500
Stewart, Mrs. RYoung, Prof. G. T	Southampton	500 2, 000	2,000
vernon, E. E. H	Rosedale, Yorkville, Toronto.	2,000	2,000
woodward. C	Toronto	2,500	2,500
Woodward, Mrs. H. R. Dow, Robert	do	2,500 1,000	2,500 1,000
Daigleish, Inc. M	do	500	500
DMIth. Prof G	do	3,000	3,000
Elliott, Jno. Gilbert	dodo	2,500 2,000	2,500
Deoit, Jas	do	2,500 2,500	2,500
McNahb, Marv	Southampton	500	500
Osborne, Jas. Kerr	Reemsville	3,000 2,000	3,000
1181018 tr (120	Toronto	500	500
Audias. Wm	do	500	500
Stayner, T. S Thompson, Thos. M	1 40	15,000 2, 500	10,200 2,500
4 ,	295	=,000	2,200

ACCIDENT—Concluded.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Collard, Est., Jas. Smith, Dr. L. M	Montreal	Subscribed	Paid up in
Pyper, Geo. A., in trust	Woodstock Post Office, Ont. Montreal New York	2,500 1,000 1,000	2,500 200 1,000
	Total	261,000	157,000

ANCHOR INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Anath Inner	monto	\$ 8,400	\$ 2,520
Austin, James Tol	wcastle	1,700	510
Bethune R. H. To	ronto	2,600	780
Breen, James, jun	ntreal!	8,400	840
Briggs, Thomas	do	8,400 8,400	2,520 2,520
Britton, B. MBunton, WBu	do	8,400	2,520
Barrett, R. G To	ronto	5,000	500
Burns, John	do	7,500	2,250
Cartwright, James S	panee	4,200 4,200	1,260 1,260
Cartwright, John R Co	terhoro'	3,400	1,020
Cluxton, W	ronto	8,400	2,520
Cooke. Wm	do	16,800	3,360
Copp, Clark & Co	do	4,200 5,000	420
Davidson, D	dodo	8,400	1,500 840
DeWolf, Thomas L Ha	lifax	5,000	1,500
Downey, R., & Bro Na	panee	1,200	360
Dundas, J. RLii	ndsay	4,200	1,260 5,040
Elliott, Wm	do	16,800 28,600	8,580
Fisher, D.	do	3,400	1,020
Fulton, A. T.	do	7,500	2,250
Fraser, George Ha	lifax	5,000	900
	do	16,80 0 8,400	5,040 1,400
Gillespie, John	do	4,200	1,260
Gould, C. H Mc	ontreal	1,700	510
Howland, Sir W. P	ron to	16,800	5,040
Hay, Robert	dobourg	8,400 5,900	2,520 1,770
Howland, W. H.	propto	16,500	4,950
Hughes, J. WSc	homberg	3,600	1,080
Hargraft George R	bourg	2,500	750
Jarvis, C. E. L. St. Jarvis, W. M. St.	do	3,000 3,000	900
Jarvis, C. E. L.	do	3,000	900
Kirkpatrick, George AKi	ngston	8,400	2,520
Kirkpatrick, J. U	oderich	1,000 5,000	300 1,500
Laidlaw, D. To	oronto do	3,40 9	1,020
Low, PhilipPi	cton	1,700	510
MacPherson, Hon. D. L. To	oronto	8,400	2,520
Maclennan, James	do	8,400	2,520 2,250
Mathews, W D Meyers, A H	dodo	7,500 2,600	780
Magor, John Mc	ontreal	4,200	1,260
McCabe, Wm	oronto	25,200	2,530
McCabe, John	do	8,400	1 840
Nicholson, R	doingston	5,000 4,200	1,260
Paint, Henry, N., M.P.	alifax, N.S	1 5,000	1,500
Roaf, W. & J. R To	oronto	8,400	841
Robson, John J.	ewcastie	1,000	300 270
Ross, A. M. G. Raphael, T. W. Mc	ontreal	900 1,700	170
Kuby, W. H. Po	ort Elgin	3,400	1,020
Smith, G. FSt	. John, N.B	3,000	900

ANCHOR-Concluded.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Smith, Thompson. Smith, E. A. Smith, Larratt W., D. C. L. Stuart John. Simpson, Hon John. Scott & Walmsley. Scott, Jas. Troop, H. D. Turner, James. Trew, T. E. P. Vindin, E. S. Waldie, John. Whitehead, C. J. Yates, Horatio. Younie, Abraham. Total.	do do Hamilton Bowmanville Toronto do St. John, N.B. Hamilton Kincardine Port Hope Wellington Square Toronto Kingston	1,000 6,800 6,800 3,000 8,400 200 8,400 8,400 1,700 8,400	\$ 1,500 1,500 2,250 2,520 300 2,040 900 2,520 2,520 1,70 2,520 1,020 \$125,710

THE BOILER INSPECTION AND INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA. LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Bell, John Benney, Robt Benney, Robt Blaikie, John L Campbell, Sir Alex Carter, R. C. Carter, R. C. (in trust). Clements, S. T Caruthers, J Currie, Neil Davies, Thos Diamond, Mrs. M Downey, R. & Bros Gildersleeve, C. F Gildersleeve, C. F Gildersleeve, Lucretia Harvey, John Miller, W Morden, A. L McMurrich, Hon. John McMurrich, Hon. John McMurrich, W. B McNeill, A Pollock, Peter M Rathbun, Mrs. Bunella Rathbun, F. S. Rathbun, E. W. in trust) Reeve, W. A. Upton, E. M. (in trust) Waterous, C. H Wilkes, G. H	Ottawa Belleville Montreal Toronto Ottawa Kingston do Napanee Kingston Toronto do Napanee do Kingston do Ottawa Kingston Toronto do Napanee do Kingston do do Ottawa Coronto do Ottawa Coronto do Ottawa Coronto Coron	\$ 1,000 5,000 2,000 2,000 2,400 12,900 2,600 1,000 1,000 1,500 500 3,300 2,000 1,000 1,600 1,000	\$ 200 1,000 400 400 480 2,580 520 2°0 60 200 100 660 400 200 1,520 200 100 880 500 200 200 1,520 200 1,520 200 1,520 200 1,520 200 1,000 2,269 400 2,269 400 1,080 60 1,080 60 1,080 200 2,269
Wilkinson, W. H. Woon, Robt.	NapaneeOshawa	2,000 1,000	400 200
Total		\$100,100	\$20,020

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount subscribed and paid up in Cash.
	_	\$
Anderson, Julia, and Alfred C. Cooch, Executors		1,250
Atkinson, Mrs. Mary	Markuam Tallannar Iraland	3,800 1,900
Austin, Jas., and R. H. Bethune, in trust	Toronto	1,500
Allan, Daniel H	do	500
Anderson, John		700
Sall, Jno. E. & G. H., Executors	Hamilton	600
Bethune, Mrs. Unagh		3,000
Bernard, HewittBuntin, Alexander		1,400 14,250
Boswell, Mrs. Charlotte		1,350
Boyd, George	Toronto	9,550
Ball, F. A	do	200
	Brantford	700
		100
Betley, Mrs. D. E	Toronto do	3,500 500
Baines & Cumberland, in trust	do	600
Brodie & Denison, in trust	do	54,350
Darey, J. P	Not known	50
Cathcart, Robt	do	1 50
Cartwright, Jas. T., Trustee	do	600
Cayley, Hon. Wm	do	2,600 1,250
	Toronto	4,000
Jayley, F.	do	
Jayley, B	do	50
Cayley, Jno	do	2,100
Jayley, Mrs. Jane E	do	500
Cartwright, Jno. R	dodo	300 1,750
Zawthra, Henry, Executor	do	
Cartwright, Jno R, in trust	do	1,250
Cross, Mrs. Mary	St. Catharines	3,200
Cox, Mrs. Ann T		
	Toronto	
Clark, Andrew	Bullock's Corners	
	Hamilton	
Copeland, Wm	Toronto	
Duggan, E H	do	500
Duckett, Chas	_ do	2,500
Douse, Rev. Jno	Lefroy	2,000
Dunbar, Mrs. T. A Dit, Bienville, E. L., Estate of	Toronto	5,000
Dit, Bienville, Mrs. D. L	do	
	Goderich	
Elliott, Christopher	Not known	800
Falls, W. L., Executor	Buffalo	350
Fulljames, Mrs. Mary, ExecutrixFurniss, E. L	Yorkville	550
Tyfe, Mrs. R. S.	Woodstock `	2,000 1,800
Forbes, H. R.	Toronto	2,500
Forbes & Leronsbrough	do	400
forbes, H. R., in trust	do	200
Fisher, Alex	do	. 1,000
Ferrie, C. & W. F. Burton	Hamilton	500 50

300

BRITISH AMERICA—Continued. LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount subscribed and paid up in Cash.
	`	
Grasett, Rev. H. T., Estate of	Toronto	\$ 2,700
Gowan Jas R	Barrie	1,800
Greene Mrs R & C H Greene Executors	Toronto	1,250
Gunn, G. M. Gray, Rev. James.	Port Stanlay	500 1,000
Gordon Wm	Toronto	1,150
Gibbs, Mrs. E. M	Quebec	1,500
Gamble, C. & H. D., in trust	Toronto	750
Griffin, Mrs. HannahGill, Mrs. Caroline	Guelph	1,000 200
Howarth, Chas. W	do	1,500
Harris, Miss M. A	do	1,000
Hamilton, Hon Jno, A. S. Kirkpatrick and G.	17:	050
Hamilton, Trustees Hime, H L. & Co	Kingston	250 2,500
Heyden, Laurence, Estate of	do	50
Home Savings and Loan Company, Limited	do	75,850
Harris, A B.	Credit	400
Howe, E D	Toronto	1,250
Jackson, Jno., jun	Toronto	600
Kirkpatrick, A. T., and Geo. A. Kirkpatrick,		î
Executors	Kingston	650
Kent Testimonial Fund		
Kinghorn, G. M Leslie, Wm	Not known	5,300
Leslie, James	Toronto	1,250
Lee, W. S	do	. 200
Lyman. John	do	
Long Bros. Lee, W. S., Trustee for Estate of Thos. Bell	Toronto	
Lister. Thos., Executor for Jane Massu	Hamilton	750
Leys, John	Toronto	. 2,500
Myers, Augusta	do	. 2,500
Mountain, Rev. J. S. S	Morrisburg	4,800
Milne, Mrs. Elizabeth	Markham	.1 2.000
Musson Miss M. A	Toronto	. 1,250
Miller, J. W	do	
Macdonald, John	do Hamilton	
Macdonell, Mrs. C	Toronto	
Macaulay, Miss C. J	Kingston	. 500
Morison, John		
Mackerchar, Donald		
Morphy, Geo. & H., & S. C. Halden, Executors Meredith, Arthur	do	
May, Samuel	. do	2,500
Moore, Hugh	. Dundas	
McKay, George McCracken, Wm	Not known	100
McCallum, Finlay	Milton	
McLellan, Hugh	. Montreal	. 10,500
McLennan, Jno	Lancaster	10,000
McCalla, Wm. Jas McNachtin, Mrs. J. H	Ochourg	5,000 400
Northcote. Richard	Toronto	50
Northcote, Richard	do	9,350
O'Reilly, Mrs. Elizabeth	. do] 150

BRITISH AMERICA—Concluded.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount subscribed and paid up in Cash.
O'Pailly Miss H R	Toronto	\$ 100
O'Reilly, Miss H. R Osborne, Jas. Kerr	Brantford.	4,000
Osborne, Mrs. Minnie	do	2,500
Paterson, Mrs. Jane	Bowmanville	500
Paterson Thomas	do	600
Paterson, Peter	Relleville	13,000 5,000
Paterson. Rev. T. W	Deer Park	4,000
Peterson Mrs. Mary	Toronto	500
Robson Edward	Not known	100
Rogers Janet N., Executrix	Toronto	700
Richardson. Jas. H., Executor	do	100
Reid, Mrs. WmRutherford, E. H	do	150
Ridout J. D		6,000 2, 000
Rothwell, Jno. E.	Hastings	500
Rowsell, Henry		1,200
Rowsell Mrs. Elizabeth	_ do	500
Ramsay. Wm		5,350
Robertson. Hugh	do do	4,750
Reid, John Y	do	1,850 3 ,000
Scott, James	Waubaushene	600
Stevenson, D. B	Not known	100
Scott, Jonathan	Toronto	600
	Not known	400
Stewart, Robert	Toronto	500
Smith, John, fistate of	do	13,300 23,800
Smith, Alexander	do	300
Steiner, N. L	do	4,750
Scadding E. A	do	['] 50
Smith, George	do	300
Scott, James	do	2,800
Thomas, WmTilley, Mrs. Bessy	do	1,25 0 100
Thompson, Robert	Toronto	10,950
Turner, John	do	13,550
Thomson, Robert, in trust		1,500
Taylor Henry		2,500
Taylor, Jno. H		4,400
Wilson Sarah A., & Jas. H. Henderson, Executors. Weir, James		200 400
Wilson, John.		400
Ward, Mrs. Jane, Estate of	Markham	2,300
Wilson. Chas. S	Picton	7,750
Wigham, Mrs. Elizabeth	Toronto	1,000
Wright, Rev. W. P	Hamilton	700
Wilgress George	Toronto	550
tarker, Geo. W., in trust	10r0uw ,	2,000
rotal		500,000

CANADA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		8	\$
Allan, A McD	Goderich	500	* 50
	Toronto	1,000	100
	Winnipeg Toronto	3,000 30,000	300 3,000
Bruce, John A	Hamilton	10,000	1,000
Baxter, Thomas, Estate of	Burlington	5,000	500
Baker, Hugh C	Detroit Mich	3,000 2,000	300 200
	Brantford.	2,000	200
Beard, Charles L	Woodstock	1,000	100
Billings, W. L. Bul.ock, Martha	Hamilton	2,000 1,000	200
Buchan, Lawrence	Toronto	2,000	100 200
Bleasdell, W. H	do	3,500	350
	Quebec	3,000	300
Blouin, Mathias, Trustee	dodo	1,00 0 1,000	100 100
	Orangeville	1,000	100
Coburn, H. P	Hamilton	5,000	500
Cameron, Charles	do	442,000	44,200
	Ingersoll		2,850 650
Urawford, Samuel	London	2,000	200
Cruikshank, A. S	Hamilton	4,000	400
Cornwall, Ira, jun	Stratford	5,000 1,000	500 100
Claris, George T.	St. Thomas	2,000	200
Clark, Annie	Barrie	4,000	400
Campbell, W. D	Quebec	500	50
Close, Patk. G		2,000 3,000	200 300
Doherty, Judge	Sherbrooke	5,000	500
Davie, G. T	Lévis, Que	1,000	100
Duncan, Robert	do	2,000 7,000	200 700
Duncan, Stuart & Co	d o	3,000	300
Dickson, George	do	1,000	100
Dubeau, E. J.	Quebec	200	20
	Montreal Moncton, N.B	1,000 1,000	100 100
Lilis, F	Brantford	2,000	200
Elliott, William		5,800	580
Edwards, George D	Winnipeg Montreal	5,000	50 0 100
Foster, W. M.	Guelph	1,000 1,000	100
raser, George	Windsor	2,000	200
F10Kle. H. J	Woodstock	4,000	400
Fraser, J., and A. W. Angus, Trustees	do	1,000 1,500	100 150
raser, Alexander	Quebec	2,000	200
Foster, Charles	Hamilton	3,000	300
Foster, Mary E. Fearman, F. W	Belleville	2,000	200 500
Goodhue, Charles	London	1 10,000	1,000
Gadsby, Eli	St Catharines	1.000	100
Gamble, John W., Trustee	Amberley	500	50
Hopkins, Obadiah	Hamilton	5,000 1,000	500 100
Harris, William	Hamilton	5,000	500
	303	,	,

CANADA FIRE AND MARINE-Continued.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Continued.

Name.	Residence,	Amount Subscribed for	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	
Iusband, George E Ha	amilton	2,000	200
Ierron, Joseph	do	5,000	500
	ollingwood	2,000 1,000	200 200
Яоре, R. К	amilton	3,000	400
Higinbotham & McLaganGu		10,000	1,000
nnes, James Gu	militon	1,000 1,000	100 100-
ackson & Hallett	do	1,000	100
Cirkland, George Mo	ount Healey	5,000	500
Kavanagh, Walter		5,000	500
Lee, George	do	5,000 6,600	500 660
Long, James BOv	wen Sound	1,000	100
Leslie, George H W	indsor	1,000	100
Lewis, John		500 5,000	50 5 00
deakins, J. M	do	1,200	120
Magann, George To	oronto	10,000	1,900
Manson, WilliamPe	eterboro'	2,000	200
Moore, Daniel D St. Mills, W. H Gr		1,000 1,000	100 100
Mac Nab, W. H	ilton	2,000	200
Mitchell, Edward Ha	amilton	5,700	570
Moore, Mrs. A. M	doontreal	3,000	300
McCorkill, James Qu		1,000 1,000	100 100
Macdonald, D	ontreal	1,000	100
McKinnon, J. M Lo		5,000	50
Paid in Notes	nehec	4,000	450 400
McMaster, W. JTo		1,000	100
McGauveran, Tucker & McDonald Mc		1,000	100
Newton, FrancisQı Neveux, JosephW		1,000 1,000	100
O'Brien, Thomas F		1,000	100 100
Osler, B. B To	pronto	11,000	1,100
Patterson, E. G	amilton	3,400	340
Parker, Thomas H W Petrie, Alexander B G	nelph	5,000 15,000	500 1,500
atterson, Andrew	amilton	2,000	200
Palmer, L. L., Dr To	oronto	2,000	200
Roach, GeorgeH		10,000	1,000
Rutherford, George	dodo	10,000 35,000	1,000 3, 500
Robinson, H	oronto	1,000	100
Rees. Daniel JMo	ontreal	2,000	200
Read, John St	cratford	1,000	100
Southam, William Ha	amiiton	10,000 5 ,000	1,000 500
Sutherland, George Li	stowel	5,000	500
Skinner, J. A W	oodstock	5,000	500
Sinclair, J., Dr		1,000	100
Smith, AbrahamG		9,300 1,000	930 100
Scott & Walmsley To	oronto	5,400	500
Simons, WilliamQi	uebec	1,000	100
Simpson, Thomas	ontreal	30,500	700 2,350

CANADA FIRE AND MARINE—Concluded.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Concluded.

Name. Residence.	Amount Subscribed for. Amount Paid up in Cash.
Chompson, D	

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Allan, Andrew Montreal 2,000 Ball, A. T. H. Galt 7,200 Beacher, Mrs. Caroline London 6,800 Bethume, R. H. Toronto 50,000 Billings, W. L. Hamilton 11,200 Black, Lewis S. Montreal 800 Brodie, J. L. Toronto 12,000 Brown, Adam Hamilton 2,400 Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 Bruce, Alexander do 20,000 Button, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 Burton, Miss S. E. M Toronto 2,400 Burton, Warren, F. Hamilton 17,600 Burton, Warren, F. Hamilton 1,600	
Name Residence Subscribed for Cash	750 250 900 850 250 400 150 300
Name Residence Subscribed for Cash	750 250 900 850 250 400 150 300
Algoma, The Bishop of	750 250 900 850 250 400 100 150 300
Algoma, The Bishop of Yorkville 6,000 7 Allan, Andrew. Montreal 2,000 2 Ball, A. T. H. Galt 7,200 5 Beacher, Mrs. Caroline. London 6,800 6 Bethume, R. H. Toronto 50,000 6,5 Billings, W. L. Hamilton 11,200 1,7 Black, Lewis S. Montreal 800 1 Brodie, J. L. Toronto 12,000 1 Brown, Adam Hamilton 2,400 2 Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 4 Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young Montreal 6,000 2 Buchanan, W. J. Montreal 6,000 2 2 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 2 2 Burton, Miss S. E. M. Toronto 6,800 2 3 Burton, Warren, F. Hamilton 1,600 2 4	250 990 850 250 400 100 150 300
Algoma, The Bishop of Yorkville 6,000 7 Allan, Andrew. Montreal 2,000 2 Ball, A. T. H. Galt 7,200 5 Beacher, Mrs. Caroline. London 6,800 6 Bethume, R. H. Toronto 50,000 6,5 Billings, W. L. Hamilton 11,200 1,7 Black, Lewis S. Montreal 800 1 Brodie, J. L. Toronto 12,000 1 Brown, Adam Hamilton 2,400 2 Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 4 Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young Montreal 6,000 2 Buchanan, W. J. Montreal 6,000 2 2 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 2 2 Burton, Miss S. E. M. Toronto 6,800 2 3 Burton, Warren, F. Hamilton 1,600 2 4	250 990 850 250 400 100 150 300
Algoma, The Bishop of Yorkville 6,000 7 Allan, Andrew Montreal 2,000 2 Ball, A. T. H Galt 7,200 5 Beacher, Mrs. Caroline London 6,800 6 Bethume, R. H Toronto 50,000 6,5 Billings, W. L Hamilton 11,200 1,4 Black, Lewis S Montreal 800 1 Brodie, J. L Toronto 12,000 1 Brown, Adam Hamilton 2,400 2 Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 4 Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young Montreal 6,000 2 Buchanan, W J Montreal 6,000 2 2 Burton, Hon Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 2 2 Burton, S. W Petersfield, Eng 17,600 2 Burton, Warren, F Hamilton 1,600	250 990 850 250 400 100 150 300
Allan, Andrew Montreal 2,000 Ball, A. T. H Galt 7,200 Beacher, Mrs. Caroline London 6,800 Bethume, R. H Toronto 50,000 Billings, W. L Hamilton 11,200 Black, Lewis S Montreal 800 Brodie, J. L Toronto 12,000 Brown, Adam Hamilton 2,400 Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young do 20,000 Buchanan, W J Montreal 6,000 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 Burton, S. W Petersfield, Eng 17,600 Burton, Miss S. E. M Toronto 6,800 Burton, Warren, F Hamilton 1,600	250 900 850 250 400 100 150 300
Ball, A. T. H	900 850 250 400 100 150 300
Beacher, Mrs. Caroline	250 400 100 150 300
Billings, W. L. Hamilton 11,200 1,4 Black, Lewis S. Montreal 800 1 Brodie, J. L. Toronto 12,000 1 Brown, Adam Hamilton 2,400 3 Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 3 Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young do 20,000 2 Buchanan, W. J. Montreal 6,000 2 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 2 Burton, S. W. Petersfield, Eng 17,600 2 Burton, Miss S. E. M. Toronto 6,800 3 Burton, Warren, F. Hamilton 1,600	400 100 150 300
Black, Lewis S	100 150 300
Brodié, J. L.	150 300
Bruce, Alexander do 4,000 Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young do 20,000 Buchanan, W J Montreal 6,000 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 Burton, Sw Petersfield, Eng 17,600 2, Burton, Miss S. E. M Toronto 6,800 2, Burton, Warren, F Hamilton 1,600 1,600	
Bruce, A., & J. Bell, Executors of Estate of late John Young. do 20,000 6,000 2,100 6,000	DUU
of late John Young do 20,000 2,400 Buchanan, W J Montreal 6,000 Burton, Hon. Mr. Justice Toronto 2,400 Burton, S. W Petersfield, Eng 17,600 Burton, Miss S. E. M Toronto 6,800 Burton, Warren, F Hamilton 1,600	
Buchanan, W J	,500
Burton, S. W	750
Burton, Miss S. E. M. Toronto 6,800 Burton, Warren, F. Hamilton 1,600	300
Burton, Warren, F	,200 850
Burton Mrs M R	200
n ' n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	200
	250
	1,000
Cowcher Mrs Mary do 2,000	250
	3,0 50
	.,00 0 2 50
Durham, Miss E., Executors of Estate of London, Eng	150
	3,500
Durnford, Mrs. Charlotte	1,250 400
	1,250
Ewing, Mrs. Jane R	1,500
Ferrie, Campbell	250
Ferrie, Mrs. Emily	500 100
Finlay, William Edinburgh, Scotland 8,000 1	1,000
Finlay, Mrs. C., Trustees of	1,000
Fuller, Mrs. C	850 1,000
Gates, F. W., and Adam Brown do 7,200	900
Grasett, Estate of the Late Dean Toronto 4,000	500
Gracett, Mrs. S. M	650
Gzowski, C. S	2,600
Hamilton, Mrs. Helena Melbourne 4,400	550
Hammond, H. C Toronto	750
Hendrie, William 8,000 1 Hills, R 600 1,600	1,000 200
7 1 T 1 D1	2,000
Hodgins, Mrs. Anna do	150
Howland Hon Sir W P	250
Howland, Hon. Sir W. P. Toronto 400 Hudson, C. L., Estate of Late do 2,800	50 350
Innes, Rev. Canon G. M	1,000
Kerr, Mrs. Margaret A	1,000
Kirkpatrick, Geo. A., M.P	200
Macadam, Mrs. H. E., Estate of Late Hamilton	300 150
Macklem, Mrs. Charlotte do	150
Macklem, Miss Jessie do	150

CANADA LIFE-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	<u> </u>
Macklem, O. R	do	1,200	150
Macdonald, W. R	Hamilton	12,000	1,500
McCarthy, D'Alton, Q.C	Poronto	2,000	250
Maclonald, W. R. I. McCarthy. D'Alton, Q. C	damilton	4,000	500
McLaran W P Trust	Hamilton	800 64,000	100 8,000
McLaren, W. P., Trust	do	20,000	2,500
MacNab, John, care of W. R. Macdonald	do	18,800	2,350
MacNab, John, care of W. F. Findlay	do	19,200	2,400
Merritt, Nehemiah	Coronto	400	50
Merritt, Mrs. S. C.	do	400	50
Merritt, Chas., Executors of Estate of Late S Mills, Francis H	Hamilton	35,200	4,400
Mills, James Holton	do	16,000 16,000	2,000 2,000
Moore, Dennis	do	8,000	1,000
Moore, Lyman	do	4,000	500
Osborne, James	do	4,000	500
Papps, George S	do	400	50
Pellat & Usler	Corontodo	13,600	1,700
Pellat & Osler 7 Plumb, T. S Plumb, D. C	do	800	100 100
Porteous, Rev. John	Galt	400	50
Pouggatta A P	Peterhoro'	2,000	250
Ramsay, A. G	Hamilton	26,000	3,250
Ramsay, W. M.	Montreal	34 000	4,250
Ransom, W. W	Toronto	20,800	2,600
Rendell, G. Mortimer	Hemilton	4,000 400	500 50
Diordon Charles	Merritton	7,600	950
Riordon, John	do	8,000	1,000
Ritchie, T. W., Q.C	Montreal	'800	100
Rose, Miss Mary G	Niagara	800	100
Rutherford, Mrs. Mary	Edinburgh, Scotland	11,200	1,400
Robinson, Mrs. E. S. Sharp, S., Estate of Late	Toronto	800 8,000	100 1,000
Spence, Hon. R., Estate of Late	Toronto	800	100
Street, James U., Estate of Late	Salisbury, Eng	16,000	2,000
Stuart, John	Hamilton	2,000	250
Swinyard, Thomas	do	8,000	1,000
Sidey, D. D.	Montreal	2,000	250
Sidey, D. D. Scone, James	Bengal Staff Corps	8,000	1,000
John Thomson Hamilton	Manchester, Eng	0,000	1,000
Total A. Thornton	Toronto	15,600	1,950
Todd, A. T., & McLennan, J., Trustees	do	30,000	3,750
Torrance, Rev. Edward F	Peterboro'	2,400	300
Torrance, John, Estate of Late	Kilmarnock, Scotland	12,000	1,500
Thomas, F. Wolferstan	Montreal	4,000	1,000
Pappa	Hamilton	8,000	1,000
Usher, Mrs. Clara	Brantford	10,000	1,250
Yates, Henry	d o	28,800	3,600
Young, Miss E. M	Hamilton	3,600	450
Young, Mrs. C. M	dod	4,000	500
Young, George A	do Detroit	400 4,000	50 500
Same, Court Commission			
	Tctal	\$1,000,000	\$125,000

THE CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

By-Law.—23rd. "The shares of this Company upon which any balance remains unpaid, whether such balance shall have been called up or not, shall only be transferred, and transfers thereof shall only be recognized and acknowledged by the Company after notice of the name, residence, and occupation of the person to whom such transfer is intended to be made shall have been given to the Secretary, and after the intended transfer to such person shall have been approved by the Board of Directors; and until such notice has been given and such transfer has been approved, no transfer shall be allowed to be entered upon the books of the Company or shall be recognized by the Company."

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Allan, Sir Hugh, Estate of late	Montrealdododo	\$5 50,100 50,000 8,300 25,000	\$ 11,272 11,250 1,868 5,625
Anderson, Robert Allard, Louis Archambault, Louis Archambault, Mrs. Achille Archambault, Trancréde Archambault, Alexander Archambault, François	do	10,000 2,500 5,000 2,000 5,000 5,000	2,250 562 1,125 450 1,125 1,125
Archambault, Camille	do	5,000 3,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 10,000 33,300	1,125 675 225 225 225 2,250 7,492
Bishop Bourget Bellemare, Raphael Brush, George Barbeau, E. J Bryson, Thomas M Blackman, Charles S Beaudry, F. X	dodo dodo dodo do dodo	10,000 5,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 25,000	2,250 1,125 2,250 1,125 1,125 1,125 5,625
Bastien, B	do Ottawa Montreal St. Vincent de Paul Henryville St. Zotique	2,500 5,000 1,000 2,500 1,000 1,000 2,500	250 1,125 225 562 225 150 562
Bramley, G. H., Estate of. Bramley, Christina Beaulieu, O. H Brazeau, Casimer, sen Brazeau, Casimer, jun Beaudoin, Camille. Brosseau, H. H	do	1,000 1,000 3,000 5,000 5,000 2,500 1,000	225 225 675 675 500 562 225
Belisle, T. G Blondin, Achille Baldwin, W. H Corse, Norton B Oramp, Thomas Cantin, Augustin Cassidy, John L	do Bécancour Quebec Montreal do	2,500 2,000 1,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	225- 2,250- 2,250- 2,250- 2,250- 1,609
Ohoquet, A Chevalier, Moïse Chinic, Eugene Craik, Robert, M.D Donnelly, James	. do	1,000 2,000 1,000	225 450 225 1,125 2,250

CITIZENS'-Continued.

${\bf LIST\ OF. SHAREHOLDERS} - {\it Continued.}$

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
David, Moses E	(fontree)	\$ 5,000	\$ 1.105
Desmarteau, N.B	do	10,000	1,125 2,250
Day, John D	do	10,000	2,250
Dorion, P. A. A	do	5,000	1,1:5
Dubord, A	do	5,000 7,000	1,125 1,57 5
Dufort, Denis, Estate of late	Montreal	2,500	562
Dupras, Calixte	do	5,000	1,125
Dupuis, François	do	5,000	1,125
Desjardins, L. A. E., M.D	do	5,000 1,500	1,125 337
Dupuis, Pierre	Montreal	5,000	1,125
Dube. Alphonse	do	2,000	450
Estate late Hugh Fraser	do	10,000	2,250
Estate late Amable Prevost Estate late Luke Moore	dodo	5,000 10,000	1,125
Estate late Hon. C. Wilson	do	5,000	2,000 1,125
Estate late John Pratt	do	20,100	4,522
Estate late Colin Campbell	do	5,000	1,125
Estate late George W. Warner Estate late Hon. C. S. Rodier	dodo	5,000 10,000	500
Estate late L. J. Beliveau.	do	10,000	2,250 1,000
Estate late J. B. Beaudry	d o	5,000	1,125
Estate of Joseph Brunet	do	5,000	500
Estate of O. Dublois	do	5,000	500
Estate of Wm. McNaughton	do	5,000 10,000	500 1,000
Estate of Narcisse Valois	do	5,000	500
Estate of Jude Valois	do	2,900	290
Estate of Alexander Walker	do	8,300 5,000	1,132
Estate of Leblanc & Cassidy Ewing, S. H. & A. S	do	1,000	500 225
Ennis, F. H.	Ottawa	1,(00	225
Evans, Mrs. Margaret	Montreal	10,000	1,000
Francis, Wm	do	10,000 5,000	2,250
Fisiault, H. A	Ottawa	1,000	1,125
Filteau, Louis H	_ do	1,300	225
	Berthier	5,000	1,125
	Rigaud	2,500 10,000	562 2,250
Greene, E. K.	do	10,000	2,250
Galarneau, P. M.	do	5,000	1,125
Gravel et frères	do	5,000	1,125
Gravel, J. O. (in trust)	do	5,000 10,000	1,125 2,250
Girard, Hon M		1,000	2,250
Guilbault, Louis	L'Assomption	1,000	225
Hopkins, E. M	London, Eng	28,300	6,367
Henderson, David H	do	2,500 5,000	376 1,125
Jesse, Joseph	do	10,000	2,250
Jodoin, Amable, jun., Estate of	do	10,000	2,250
Jette, Hon. L. A	' do	5,000	750
Jacques Cartier Bank	do	10,000 35,000	2,250 5,200
Lyman, Henry	do	10,000	2,250
Laberge, A., et fils, Estate of	do	2,500	562
Laveille, Jos	do 30 9	1 5,000	1,125

CITIZENS'-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
			
		\$	· s
	ttawa	1,000	225
	orel	1,000	225
Lamy, ThosY Labine, Jules	amacnicne	1,000 5,000	225
Lambert Frs. X	ttawa	1,000	1,125 225
Molson, J. H. R M	ontreal	5,000	1,125
Masson, Damase, Estate of	do	10,000	2,250
Millard, Robert	do	10,000	1,000
Mercier, Joseph	do	5,000	1,125
Martin, Moïse	dodo	5,000 2,500	1,125
Munro, Daniel, Estate of	do	5,000	562 $1,125$
Mathieu, Euclide	do	2,500	562
Mercier. Felix	do	2,500	562
Major, Geo. W., M.D	do	1,000	225
Moss, Geo. W	do	4,000	900
Mackay, Joseph, Estate of	dodo	10,000 10,000	2,250 2,250
McCarthy, D. & G So		15,000	3,375
McCarthy, Catherine E	lo	6,000	1,350
McDougall, James M		5,000	1,125
McGoun, Arch'd	đo	5,500	1,23
McGarvey, Owen P	doort Dover	5,000	1,125
McConville, Edward	oliette	1,000 1,000	225
McKenzie, Thomas S		2,000	450
	do	2,000	450
McCord, A. T., sen., Estate of T	oronto	1,000	220
McSweeney, Wm. BH		5,000	1,12
Nelson, H. A., Estate	do	10,000 1,000	2,250 22!
Proctor, Chas. D	do	10,000	2,25
Pallascio, G	do	5,000	1,12
Poupart, Joseph	do '	5,000	75
Provost, Arthur	do	5,000	1,12
Prefontaine, Toussaint Pariseau, Damase	dodo	2,500	56 56
Roy, Adolphe	do	2,500 43,300	8,69
Rodier, C. S	do	9,000	2,02
Rae, Jackson	do	5,000	1,12
Rolland, J. B	do	5,000	1,22
Rolland, J. D	dodo	1,000	22
Ramsay, Alexander	do	1,000 5,000	1,12
Rodier, P. A	do	1,700	38
Rasthoul, A	do	1,600	36
Reekie, R. Jas., Estate of	do	10,000	2,25
Russell, Alex., Estate of	ttawa	1,000	22
Richard, EdwardL		1,000 4,000	22
Renaud, J. W., late Estate of	oliette	2,500 2,500	90 56
Renaud, J. B 0	nebec	1,000	22
Kodinara, U. JB	eau harnois	2,000	40
Shepherd, R. W	ontreal	10,000	2,25
Stephen, George	dodo		1,86
Smith, Wm	do	9,000 10,000	2,02 2,25
Starnes, Hon. Hy	do	8,300	1,86
St. Charles, F. X	do	5,000	1,12

CITIZENS'-Concluded.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Scholes, Francis Scholes, H. H. Smith, Hon. D. A Sutton, Thomas Trudel, E. H., M.D. Tourville, Louis Turnbull. Villeneuve, Nazaire Vinet, Fabien Vezina, Frs. Workman, Thomas Wilson, Andrew, Estate Wilson, Thomas Whinfield, W. A	do do do do do do Sault au Recollet Montreal do	\$ 10,000 7,500 5,600 1,000 5,000 5,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 5,000 10,000 5,000	\$ 2,250 1,687 1,125 225 1,125 500 1,126 2,250 1,126 2,250 1,125 2,250 1,125 2,250 1,125 2,250 1,125
	Total	1,188,000	249,520

List of Outstanding Calls in course of payment on the 31st December, 1882.

Name.	Amount.	Name.	Amount.
Cassidy, J. L	\$ cts. 640 32 625 00 1,043 18	Henderson, D. H Tourville, Louis From estate Beliveau and others Total	\$ cts. 186 48 625 00 250 00 3,369 98

CALLS Settled by Notes.

Name.	Amount.	Name.	Amount 1
Oramp, TJetté, Hon. L. A	\$ cts. 250 00 375 00	Kay, F. W	\$ cts. 2,675 00

CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

		* .
	Amount	Amount
Name. Residence.	Subscribed	Paid up in
	for.	Cash.
·		İ
	_	<u> </u>
	\$	\$
Abbott, Thos Halifax	4,000	320
Allan, Andrew Montreal	4,000	320
Ball, F. A Toronto Toronto		1,600
Bain, R	10,000	800 800
Boyd, Hon. Jno do do	5,000	400
Beaty, Jas., ir., Q.C Toronto	5,000	400
Bassett, Thos Bowmanville	5,000	400
Baird, Mrs. A	10,000	600
Copp, Clark & Co do		800
Carpmael, Chas do do do		800 4,960
Cameron, A., in trust do	10,000	800
Dixon, B' Homer Toronto	20,000	1,600
Janiel, T. W St. John, N.B	5,000	400
Dunn, Jas. L. do	4,000	320
Elliott, W Toronto	20,000	1,600
Fletcher Ashton Woodstock	4,000	320
Franklia, S Streetsville Streene, Rev. A. H Estate of, care of C.H.G Toronto	40,000 10,000	3,200
Gravel, J. U Montreal Montreal	5,000	400
(Pibbs. W. H Oshawa	91,000	7,280
Gibbs, Hon. T. N do	5,000	500
Hooper, C. E Toronto Toronto] 10,000	800
Hingston, W. H Montreal] 10,000	800
Howard, A. McLToronto		800
Howland, Sir W. P	20,000	1,600 160
Hamilton, J. C	5,700	406
Hooper, E. do		4,624
Hooper, E., in trust	0 1 000	7,200
Smith, Fk., & Muson, Jas., in trust do	10,000	1,000
Jones, Simeon	4,000	320
Jones, Hon. T. R do	4,000 11,000	320 780
Johnston, H. J	4,000	320
Kempt, J. C., & Bolster, L., in trust	20,000	1,800
London and Can., Loan and Agency Co.,	""	
in trust do do	12,500	1,250
Mason, W. T., Estate of do		800
Mason, Jas. H do	40,000	3,200
Mitchell, G	4,000 2,000	320 160
Macdonald, W do do	15,000	1,100
Macdonald, J. K do	••••	1,920
Macdonald, J. K., in trust do	14,000	1,400
Macdonald. Francisdo	10,000	600
Mackay, Mrs. J Montreal	10,000	600
A: cMaster, Hon. W		3,040
McMonagle, Augusta Executrix of Late!	l l	320
- McMonagle, H. C Hampton, N.B	16,000	1,280
Aicholson, J. W	6,000	480
Nord eimer, S Toronto	10,000	800
Penny, E. Goff		320
Peterson, P. A do do Toronto	22,000 4,000	1,760
Ivan, M. P Montreal	10,000	800
Rees, D. Jdo		80
	• • • •	

CONFEDERATION—Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Vaughan, Henry Wadsworth, Elizabeth	Halifax	\$ 5,000 5,000 10,000 5,000 4,000 2,000 8,000 20,000 8,000 20,000 1,000,000	\$ 400 400 800 300 320 160 640 640 1,600 640 1,600 80,000

DOMINION SAFETY FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION. LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Chipman, Thos. A	Fairville, N B. St. John, N.B. do do Lancaster, N.B. Fredericton, N.B. do St. John, N.B.	\$ 1,000 15,000 2,000 20,000 2,000 35,000 10,000 8,000 2,000 5,000 15,000 120,000	\$ 520 7,800 1,040 400 1,040 18,200 200 4,160 1,040 2,600 7,800 2,600

THE FEDERAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF ONTARIO. LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS.

	•			
Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed	Amount Paid up in	Amount
TV dilli C.	residence.	for.	Cash.	Paid by Note:
	:			
Aikins, John	Prompton	\$ 10,000	\$ 1,000	\$
Aikins, M. H., M. D		10,000	1,000	
Austin, W. H	Trenton	10,000	1,000	1
Agar, Amos	Brampton	6,000	600	
Atherton, A. B Barber, Robert	Streetsville	1,000 10,000	100 1,000	1
Blanshard, Thomas	Nelson	10,000	1,000	
Bowes, Joseph W	Hamilton	10,000	1,000	
Beatty, James H Burkholder, J. G. Y	Thorold	5,000 10,00 9	500	1 000
Brock, Rev. Thomas		-1,000	100	1,000
Birks, Rev. Wm	Blythe	1 000	100	
Benedict, H. I		1,000 5 ,000	100 500	
Breden, William Brenton, John	Relleville	2,000	200	{
Broddy, Sheriff	Brampton	2,000	200	1
Bowes, John	Hamilton	5,000	500	
Bairds, H. P Boyd, Hon. John	Woodstock, N.B	1,000 1,000	100 100	
Chisholm, D. B	Hamilton	10,000	1,000	
Crawford, H. T	do	18,000	850	950
Coleman, Rev. Francis	do	7,000	700	
Cumming, Mrs. R. A Crossley, Rev. H. T	Hamilton	5,000 3,000	500 300	
Chisholm, W. B	Oakville	5,000	500	}
Clappison, Rev. D. C	Bartonville	2,000	200	
Cornish, Rev. George H Cobb, Rev. Thomas		1,000 1,000	50 100	
Carson, Rev. W. W			100	}
Clement, Rev. Edwin	Trenton	3,000	300	
Colling, Rev. Thomas		2,500	250	1
Chown, Edwin	Belleville	5,000 10,000	500 1,000	1
Clarke, R. B	Napanee	2,500	250	
Campbell, J. M	Montreal	500	50	
Dexter, David Delong, A. M	Lawrenceville	11,000 3,000	1,100	
Douglass, Geo., D.D	Montreal	5,000	175	
Downer, W. H. N	Glenavey, Ireland	2,000	121.90	78.19
Drysdale, W Dowson, H. W	Montreal	1,000 2,00 ນ	100	
Dewart, Rev. E. H	Toronto	2,000	200 200	
Dever, James and Patrick		1,000	100	
Elliott, M. M	Brampton	5,000	500	
Evans, W. A Edgecombe, F. B		1,000 1,000	100	
Filman, Peter		10,000	100	1,000
Franklin, Miss S. J	Streetsville	5,000	500	1
Forster, William	Brampton	5,000	500	1
Fleming, D. G Fairfield, B. C	St. Catharines	2,00 0 5,000	200 500	
Fleck, James	Montreal	2,500	250	
Forlong, Rev. Wm	Lachute, Que	5,00	500	
Fisher, A. S Foster, Geo. E., M.P	Sussey, N.R	5,000 2,000	500 200	
Grav. James	Port Stanley	1 2.000	200	. [
German, Rev J. F	Picton	10,000	1,000	
Galbraith, Mrs. C	Montreal	5,000	500	
Gundy, Rev. James	315	2,000	1 200	-

FEDERAL LIFE-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.	Amount Paid by Note.
Goodwin, Rev. James	Carlisle	5,000	\$ 500	\$
Gaunce, W. G	Fredericton, N.B	500	50	
Gooderham, C. H Hough, James		10,000	1,000	
Hamilton Investment Co	Hamilton	10,000 10,000	1,000 1,000	
Haslett, Thomas C	do	10,000	500	1
Howell, Isaac R		10,000	1,000	
Howell, Obed	do	2,500	250	
Howell, Nelson Harris, Rev. James	do Barton ville	5,000 5,000	500 500	İ
Holtby, Thomas		5,000	500	1
Henderson, Rev. Wm	Kirkton	500	50	
Hanson, Rev. Chas. A	Ottawa	3,000	300	
Hall, F. A	Ottowa	5,000	500	
Hall. W. F	Napanee	10,000 2,500	1,000 250	
Hayden John	Cobourg	2,500	250	
Hanson, William Huxley, Miss Mary	Montreal	2,500	250	ļ
Huxley, Miss Mary	do	6,000	600	
Hunter, William	do	5,000 3,000	500 300	
Henderson, Rev. W. C	Strathroy	1,000	100)
Irwin, James	Prescott	5,000	500	
Isaac, Richard	Salmon Point	500	50	
Jarvis, R. H., in trust	do	10,000 2,500	220	780
Kerns, Wm., M.P.P	Burlington	2,500 10 00)	1,000	250
Kettlewell, Rev. Wm	Hamilton	5,000	500	1
Kinghorn, Wm	Douglas, N.B	1,000	100	
Lund, Wm		5,000	500	
Land, John H		10,000 5,0.0	800 500	200
Land, Col. John	Hamilton	2,000	200	
Lord, James	Montreal	3,000	300	1
Lucas, David	Appleby	1,000	100	
Leitch, Rev. R. H. Moore, Dennis	Surling	1,000	100 800	1
Might, Samuel	Prescott	8,000 10,000	1,000	
Manly, J. G	Coronto	1,000	100	
Morris, Thomas	Hamilton	1,000	100	1
McCallum, J. M		1,000	100	.]
McCraney, Wm., M.P	Ookville	2,500 5,000	250 500	
McIntyre. Rev. Chas. E	Toronto	2,000	200	
McLeod, Hon. E	St. John, N.B	2,000	200	
Neihaus, Charles	Milton	5,000	500	1
Potts, John, D. D	Progleville	10,000	500	500
Patrick, Sheriff Pitceathly & Kelso	Relleville	10,000	1,000 200	
Raw, Robt., jun			1	1,000
Russ, Rev. A. E	Simcoe	7,000	700	2,000
Ross. James S	London	2 000	105	1
Richardson, Geo	Ayimer	1,000	100	1
Reyner, A. H		2,500 10,000	1,000	4
Scott, John G	St. Thomas	10,000	1,000	1
Sutherland, H	Toronto	10 000	1,000	1
Scott, Geo		10,000	1,000	1
Sutherland, D. G	do	10,000	1 1,000	1

FEDERAL LIFE-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.	Amount Paid by Note.
Smith, M. S. Shepperd, W. W. Scott, John Smoke, S. C. Senkler, Judge. Sharp, L. N., M.D. Stephens, Henry Teskey, Luke, M.D. Temple, Thomas Turnbull, W. W. Van Wart, G. W. Van Wart, James A. Wakefield, Rev. John Willson, T. H., M.D. Williams, Rev. Wm Willmott, Austin Willoughby, Rev. N. R. Wakefield, Mrs. L. J. Whipple, E. S., in trust. Waddell, R. H. Whipple, E. S. Watson, W. C. Wakefield, Mais M. Warden, R. H. Whiting, Rev. Richard Will, Rev. P. D. Wood, Josiah, M. P.	Hamilton	\$ 10,000 5,000 1,000 1,000 2,000 5,000 1,000 2,000 2,000 1,000 1,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 1,000	\$ 1,000 500 100 100 200 500 100 200 100 200 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 200 200 200 200 200 100 100 50 250 1,000 300 200 200 200 255 100	\$
	Total	700,000	62,896 90	5,758 1

GUARANTEE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Accident Ins. Co., of N.A	Montreal	\$ 000	\$
Ackerman, Wm. K	Chicago	11,000 1,000	11,000 1,000
Alexander, William	Toronto	3,000	3,000
Almon M. B Aikins, Hon J. C.	Halifax, N.S	300 1,000	60 200
Atkins, Elisha	Boston	5,000	5,000
Alexander, C. B	New York	2,500	500
Budden, H. A	do	1,500 5,000	900 1,000
Burns, Adam	Halifax, N.S	300	1,000
Brennan, Frans	Montreal	1,500	300
Blaikie, John L	Onebec	6,000 2,500	2,800 2,500
Baldwin, Catherine RBuchanan, W. J	Montreal.	1,000	2,000
Colguhoun, E. A	Hamilton	1,000	200
Cronyn, Benjamin	Montreel	1,000 12,200	200 10,840
Crerar. John	Chicago	1,000	1,000
Cable, R. R	do	1,000	1,000
Chafer, Z Dixon, B. Homer	Providence, R.I Toronto	1,000	1,000 5,000
Durnford Sophia M	Montreal	5,000 400	400
Durnford, Maria B	do	400	400
Drexel, J. W Drayton, J. Coleman	New York	10,000	10,000
Drase, John B	Chicago	15,000 1,000	3,000 1,000
Dunlap, Geo. L	do	1,000	1,000
Dean, Chas. Percy Durnford, A. D. and Elliot, James in	Quebec	2,500	2,500
trust		13,500	7,900
Elliot James in trust	do	1,000	1,000
Fairweather, C. A Ferrier, Hon. James		300	6
Fisher D	Montreal Toronto	65,500 4,000	17,10
Gibb, James D	Montreal	1,500	1,50
Gzowski, Col. C. S		7,500	7,50
Galt, Sir Alex. T	London, Ont	55,000 1,000	11,00
Geddes, Gamble	Toronto	1,500	30
Greene, E. H	New York	10,000	10,00
Galt, Hon. Thos		10,000	2,00
Greata, Mrs. Emily M		1,000	20
Hatton, J. Cassie	do	1,500	30
Hogan, Henry Howland, Sir W. P	Toronto	, ,,,,	15
Hoskin, John	do	2,000 3,000	3,00
Hopkins, A. L	New York	10,000	2,00
Hall, Miss Charlotte	Oughee	4,000	4,00
Jesup, M. IX	New York	1 10 000	2,50 2,00
Jeffrey, Joseph	London, Ont	1 2,000	2,00
Jones, Hon. J. Russel Kenny, Thos. E	Uhicago	1,000	1,00
Lewin, Hon. J. D	St. John. N.B.	300	1 30
Lindsay, R. A. in trust	Montreal	6.000	1,20
Lewis, F. JLoutrel, C. H	Peterboro	9,000	3,80
Morrice, D	Montreal		2,50
,	318	3,000	60

GUARANTEE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA—Concluded. LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS—Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	\$
Murray, Estate of late Wm	Montreal	1,500	300
fichie, James	St Thomas	3,000 4,000	600 800
Macfie, D	London, Ont	1,000	200
MacDougall, H. S	Montreal	3,000	600
MacColloch, Ferdinand	do	1,500	300
MacPherson, Hon. D. L	Toronto	12,500	12,500
MacDonald, Hon. D. A	Montreal	1,250	250 60
MacDougall, D. Lorn	Montreal .	31,100	7,020
Maclean, W		600	120
Minturn, R. B	New York	10,000	10,000
MacPherson, Wm. Molson	Quebec	2,500	2,509
Meredith, Henry	do	5,000 4,000	1,000 4,000
Nordheimer, Samuel	Toronto	4,000	4,000
Nash Frederick	Montreal	1,000	209
Newcomb, H. V	New York	20,000	4,009
O' Brien, James	Montreal	2,500	500
Oswald BrosPorter, H. H	do	1,000	1,000
Paton, J		1,000 2,500	1,000 2,500
Pell, A	do	2,000	2,000
Pulsford, J. E	do	5,000	5,000
Reekie, Mrs. J. R		10,000	2,000
Robertson, Estate late of Andrew	do	1,500	300
Ross, James G	Montreal	6,000 5,000	1,200 1,000
Robertson, James	do	3,000	600
Riddell, Alex. F	do	3,000	600
Ramsay, William	Toronto	3,000	3,000
Rankin, John		23,950	4,790
Rawlings, Edward		56,500 6,400	11,700 1,289
Rae, Jackson		3,000	600
Ramsay, Wm. M	do	1,500	300
Simpson, Wm	_ do	1,500	300
Stanmers, J. J	Toronto	1,200	240
Smith, Larratt W	Toronto	1,200 7,500	7,500
Smith, Professor Goldwin	do	7,500	7,509
Stark, John		1,500	1,500
Stayner, T. Sutherland		18,000	10,800
Sherman, B. B.		2,000	2,000
Smith, Hon. J. Gregory Stevenson, W. P	St. Albans, Vt	5,000	5,000
Smithers, Chas. F	Montreal	4,000 9,000	4,00€ 1,800
Strickland, Mrs. Caroline C	Lakefield	1,500	306
Thomson, Andrew	Quebec	2,500	2,500
Torrance, Daniel	New York	5,000	1,006
Taylor, HenryThomson, Geo. Hamilton	Ouches	1,500	300
Vermilye, J. D.	New York	4,300 2,500	4,300 2,500
Waddell, Samuel	Montreal	700	700
Walker, James R	. do	300	60
Walker, K. McLean	do	2,200	440
Woodman, J H	Uttawa	7,500	1,500
Withall, Wm Wiman, Erastus	New York	. 6,000	1 6,000
Winslow, Genl. E. T	do	5,000 5,000	1,000
,	-1	, 0,000	
	Total	 	

THE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF CANADA.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

			•
Name.	Residence.	Amount. Subscribed.	Amount Paid.
	Ì	_	
James Turner	Hamilton	\$ 5,000	\$ 1,500
Alexander Harvey	do	5,000	1,500
H. T. Ridley, M.D	do	5,000	1,500
J. M. Williams	do	5,000	1,500
Donald McInnes	Hemilton	5,000 5,000	1,500 1,500
Alexander Turner	do	5,000	1,500
A. T. Wood	do	5,000	1,500
James Watson Anthony Copp	dodo	5,000 5,000	1,500
W. B. McMurrich	do Toronto	5,000	1,500 4,166 6 6
Edward Martin	Hamilton	5,000	1,500
Frederick O. Martin	, do	5,000	1,500
Isaac B. McQuesten	do	5,000 5,000	1,000 1,000
W. E. Sanford	do	5,000	1,000
W. F. Findlay	do	5,000	1,000
Francis McKelcan	do	5,000	1,500
John McCalla James Tasker	Montreal	5,0 0 0 5,000	1,000
John Waldie		5,000	1,000
George M. Rae	Toronto	5,000	1,500
John M. Gibson		2,500	500
J. J. Mason	do do	2,500 2,500	500 500
Dennis Moore	do	2,500	500
W. R. MacDonald	do	2,500	500
do (in trust)	do	2,500	500
A. Woolverton, M.D.	do Toronto	2,500	750
B. B. Osler W. D. Beardmore	do	2,500 2,500	500 500
Rev. H. Holland	St. Catharines	2,500	500
Henry Stephens (in trust)	Hamilton	1,000	200
do do	do	1,000 1,000	200
R. K. Hope	Coronto	1,000	200 200
John Harvey	Hamilton	5,000	1,500
J. F. Ellis	Toronto	5,000	1,000
W. J. McCalla		5,000 1,000	1,000 200
Richard J. Duggan Deborah Patton	Toronto	5,000	1,000
James Carlyle, M.D.		4,000	800
J. S. MacDonald		1,000	100
Ernest E. Kittson H. B. Johnson	do	2,500 1,000	750 300
William Osborne	do	5,000	1,000
Duncan McArthur	Winnipeg	5,000	1,500
Elizabeth M. Gibson	Hamilton	2,500	500
Annie B. Osborne	do	1,000 1,000	200 200
do (in trust)	do do	1,000	200
A. E. Mallock, M.D	do	2,500	500
E. A. Colquhoun	do	1,000	300
H. D. Cameron F. S. Mallock	do do	2,500 4,000	500 800
David Burke	do	6,000	000
			50,966 66
	Total	200,000	I KA ARR RR

NORTH AMERICAN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. LIST OF GUARANTORS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount of Guarantee Fund Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Hon. G. W. Allan J. L. Blaikie John Burns	London Montreal Toronto do do Rosedale, Toronto Toronto do Montreal London Toronto Montreal Guelph Winnipeg, Man do Toronto Montreal Winnipeg, Man London Toronto Montreal Height Winnipeg, Man London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg, Man London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg, Man London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg, Man London Toronto do do do Halifax, N.S Dorchester, N.B.	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,200
James Thorburn, M.D	Montreal	2,000 2,000 1,000 2,000 100,000	1,200 600 1,200 57,400

QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Name. Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up Cash.
	-	
Jackson - Was F. C.	\$	\$
Anderson, Mrs. E. G	1,200 500	90
Alford, George do do do do do do do do do do do do do	6,000	4,50
Lustin, Mrs. Widow F. F do do	2,000	1,50
Alleyn, Hon. C do do	1,800	1,35
Luclair, Revd. Josephdo	4, 000 ⋅ 6 00	3,00 45
Ingers, Hon. A RQuebec	1,000	75
Auld, Joseph do do	300	22
sillingsley, F do do	500	37
Burke, Wm. T., Heirs by J. Horan, Atty Montreal Montreal	3,800 1,800	2,47 1,35
urke, E. CQuebec	400	30
Sardy, Mrs. M. S. Lefebvre do do	1,000	75
olduc, Henri do do	2,000	1,50
Brown, W. P., Executrix of the late England	6,000 1,000	4,50
bilodeau, Louis do	13,400	10,06
oyce, J. B do	1,800	1,35
aldwin, Dame M. A. G do do	100	1
owan, Elizabeth and William do do	1,400 2,600	1,01
rawford Mrs. Margaret do	2,5 00	1,95 1,87
lapham, Mrs. Lenora do	3,400	2,55
Jampbell, W. D do do	100	1
Japham, J. Greaves	5,200	3,90
Plapham, J. Greaves do	15,400 600	11,50
College Ste. Anne	1.000	75
annon, E. GQuebec	3,000	2,25
Sary, Thos. A	2,0 00	1,50
ary, Miss Elizabeth Rebecca	2,6 00 20 0	1,98
Sampbell, Mrs. Isabella Jane do	2,000	1,50
orporation du Precieux Sang, St. Hya-		
cinthe St. Hyacinthe	200	18
ream, Wm	400 2,000	30
ampbell, W. D., Usufructuary do	1,200	1,50
orporation Archi-Episcopale, F. M do	1,500	1,12
arrel, James do do	1,700	1,27
ugal, Diles, Emelie, Caroline and Cécile do	100 400	30
onohue, Miss Ellen do	3,600	2,76
e Bonne, E. M., Heirs of the late Beauport	1,000	77
RATI. A. Li.	500	37
re Foy, François, Executors of the late do	1,400 2,000	1,00
e Blois, E. JQuebecQuebec	600	1,50
e Fiois, P. A do	800	66
avies, W. H. A., Executrix of the late Montreal	200	10
orocet, Rev. N	2,000	1,50
ugai, F. D do	400 3,000	2,26
erousselle, Alexis, Executor of the late Beauport	200	115
Bechambault, Mde. Esther	1,000	70
Dean, A. L., G. and E. M	1,100	82
Ognes, Joseph	5, 000 ∶ 300	3,75

QUEBEC LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY—Continued.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		s	•
Drum, Isaac, Estate of	Quebec	100	P 75
Drum, S. W	do	100	75
Drum, Wm., Estate Executors	do	500	375
Drummond, Dame M. A Dion, Mme. Vve. Arthur	Montreal Deschambault	100 1,000	75 750
Dumoulin, P. B	Quebec	500	375
Fraser, Hon. John, Heirs	do	2,000	1,500
Fisher, Mrs. Louisa Fabrique St. Roch	dodo	200	150
Frémont, Mde. C. P	do	1,600 800	1,200 600
Frémont, Mde. C. P., Executrix	do	200	150
Frémont, Jules Taschereau	do	200	150
Grant, T. H	Englanddo	200 1,800	150
	Quebec	200	1, 3 50 1 5 0
Gale, Mrs. B	do	400	300
Gibb, James	do	4,200	3,150
George, Miss Elizabeth	do	1,000	750
Grenier, Mrs. J. O., Heirs		400 3,000	300 2,250
Gingras, J. E , Executrix of the late	do	200	150
Grassett, Mrs. S. M		1,400	1,050
	Montreal	1,400	1,050
Gourdeau, François	do	2,000 2,600	1,500 1,950
Gibsone, W. C	do	2,200	1,650
Gourdeau, Felix	do	1,600	1,200
Healey, Miss Annie		300	325
Heath, Miss Emilie		600 3,000	450 2,250
Huot, Phillippe	Quebec	3,800	2,850
Hall, H. E	do	200	150
Henderson, John		2,600	1,950
Hossack, G. C	do	1,000 1,000	750 750
Hunt, James, Executors of the late	do	7,600	5,700
Hamel, Théophile, Executrix of the late	do	1,000	750
Hamilton, Robert C Hamel Abrah m	do do	400 400	300
Hookes, Isaac		600	300 450
Hardy, A. P	Ste. Anne de la Pérade	600	450
Hardy, M. G.	Champlain	1,200	900
Hardy, David	do	600	450
Hardy, Simeon	Quebec	1,600 6,600	1,200 4,950
Hudon, Théophile	do	2,200	1,650
Herring, William		10,000	7,500
Hamilton, Robt Hamilton, Hon. John		1,600 1,400	1,200
Herring, Wm., in trust	Ouebec	1,800	1,050 1,350
Hamilton, Charles C	do	600	450
Heath, W. A., Curator	Isle Verte	1,200	990
Heath, W. A Hunt, Arthur F	do	1 200	450 975
Hunt, Herbert F		1,300 400	300
Hunt, Fredk. F	do	400	300
Hamilton, Mrs. G. W	do	-400	3 0
Healey, Miss Louisa	do	6 200	4,650
The state of the state co-model	3:3		1 2000

QUEBEC LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY—Continued.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Joseph, AbrahamQ	uebec	10,000	3 7,500
Joseph. Andrew	do	1,000	750
Jackson, Mrs. Elizabeth	do	300	225
	ttawa	600	450
Jones, Edwin Qu Jourdain, A Qu	do	8,600 3,000	6,450
	do	4,200	2,250 3,150
	do	300	225
Irish Protestant P. B. Society	do	1,200	900
Kerr & Molson, Trustees M	ontreal	800	600
Langevin, Ed. T	ttawa	600	450
Le Boutillier, Mrs. George, et al Po	ercė	300	195
Le Boutillier, Phillippe G. Laurie, Duncan Q.	aspe	300 2, 50 0	225 1,875
LaRue, S. V	Charles	2,000	1,500
Le Boutillier, Horatio	aspé	600	450
Lambly, John, Executors of the late In	verness	800	600
Lelièvre, S. do do Q	uebec	600	450
Logie, Mrs. Sarah, en usufruit	imouski	400	300
Langevin, Jean, Right Rev. Bishop Q	do	600	450
Langevin, Sir H. L., C.B., K.C.M.G Langevin, Rev. E	imouski	6,600	4,950 450
Langlois, Jean Q	uebec	3.400	2,550
LaMoine, Alexandre	do	1,000	750
Légaré, Rev. A. J	do	1,400	1,050
Langlois, Chs. B	do	3,600	2,700
Lacroix, Edouard	atane	7,300	5,475
Lindsay, Mrs E. L	aspenac	4,200	3,150
Langlois, Eusèbe	do	500 500	375 375
Léonard, B	do	500	375
Mathieu, Marcel	do	2,000	1,500
Machin, Miss E. M	do	400	300
Machin, Miss H. J.	do	400	300
	arennes	4,000	3,000
Molson, John, Tutor		800 3,100	520
Montizambert, Mrs. FredkQ Montizambert, Mrs. S., HeirsQ	do	800	2,325 600
Mountain, Mrs. C. S		1,400	1,050
Moore, William		4,000	3,000
Moore, Samuel	do	800	600
McLimont, William	do	4,000	3,000
McLimont, J. C	do	1,000	750
Morgan, Terence, Heirs	reland	3,000 600	1,950 450
Marcotte, Mad. Cicile	do	600	450
Molson, William, Executors of the late M		2,600	1,950
	uebec	5,500	4,125
	do	300	225
Marcoux, H. J	do	2,500	1,875
Mitchell, Mrs. Robert E		100	75
McLimont, Miss Anna F., en usufruitQ Marois, Rev. C. AQ	do	2,000	1,500 825
Molson, Jos. D., Tutor		1,100	450
Molson & Crawford, Trustees	do	800	600
Molson, Alex., Tutor	do	800	600
Norris, Thomas	Quebec	3,200	2,400
O'Connor, C. R	do		300
Ostell, Mrs. M. E	324	600	j 45

QUEBEC LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY-Continued.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS-Continued.

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Name.	Residen c e.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		•	
Orkney, J. T	Ouebec	5,400	4,050
O'Donohue, John	do	4,000	3,000
Oliver, Frederick	do	400	300
Pozer, M. M	Beauce	1,000	750
Phillips, Miss M. C	Wontrael	1,400 800	1,050 ± 5207
Patterson, P. Executor of the late	Quebec	4,400	3,300
Patton, Mrs. Mary	do	400	300/
Parke, Mrs. Jos	∠ do	800	600
Pelletier, Hon. C. A. P	Quebec	1,800	1,350
Posten, William, Executors of the late	Onebec	400 2,8 00	300 2,100
Paquet, Mad. Reine	Montreal	600	450
Paquet, E. T	St. Nicholas	900	675
Pentland & Young, Trustees		800	600
Paradis, L. L	dod	400 200	309 150
Parke, Mrs. Sarah H. M	do	400 400	300
Prévost, Mad. Veuve Louis		400	300
Paquet, Hon. E	do	2,000	1,500
Pinsonnault, Dame Cécile	Montreal	100	75
Rousseau, Dr. E	do	2,400 1,000	1,800
Renfrew, George R.	do	10,000	750 7,500
Robitaille, Dr. Oliver	do	200	150
Robitaille, Dr. C., for children	do	2,000	1,500
Ross, Jas. G	do	2,400	1,800
Rochette, Olivier Société Ecclésiastiqe de St. Joseph	dodo	900 400	675 300
Stuart, Honble. G. O	do	13,000	9,750
Simons, William	do	7,800	5,850
Sewell, Rev. E. W	_do	2,800	2,100
Smith, Geo., Heirs of the late		2,000	1.300
Stevenson, M., Tutor to his minor children Shaw, Samuel J	do	400 1,900	300 1,425
Scott, H. S.	do	10,000	7,500
St. Michael, Charles	do	600	450
Scott, W. W., Executors of the late	do	1,200	900
Simons, John	dodo	4,600	3,450
Slous, J	Gasné	400 1,000	300 750
Scott, E. B	Quebec	600	450
Sœur de la Nativité of Jésus, Montréal	Montreal	100	75
Thomas, Jas. Philip	Quebec	700	525
Têtu, Rév. H	dodo	800 8,400	600 6,300
Tessier, Hon. U. J	do	400	300
Tremblay, Mrs. Widow P. A	do	2,000	1,500
Thibault, Louis	Lévis	600	450
Tessier, Cyrille	Quebec	600	450
Taylor, Mrs. Sarah Tessier, Félix	Ouebec	1,600 1,200	1,200 900
Taschereau, Mde. T. J	do	2,000	1,500
Turcotte, Nazaire	do	2,200	1,650
Temple, E. B	do	400	300
Thomson, T. Henry, in trust	do	3,400	2,550
Inomson, T. H., en usurruit	do do	20 0 1,000	150 750
Union Bank, in trust	do	5,000	3,750
	325	•	•

QUEBEC LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY—Concluded.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS-Concluded.

Name. Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Walker, Miss Helen Filmer Walker, Mislam, Executors of the late. Walker, William, Account of the late. Walker, Miss Executors of the late. Wontreal Wontreal Walker, William, Account of the late. Wontreal Walker, Miss Helen Filmer Walker, Miss Helen Filmer Walker, William, Executors of the late. Montreal	\$ 4,200 600 4,600 1,600 1,600 2,400 6,200 1,400 3,100 4,600 2,000	\$ 3,180 450 3,450 1,200 3,000 8,250 1,800 4,650 1,956 2,325 3,450 1,500

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name. Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
- Part + 10+ (4-5-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-	\$ 111	\$
Adams, J. R St. John, N.B.		180
Adams, T. R		4,020
Alexander, Charles Montreal	600	360
Allen, J. H	300 600	!80 360
Amiot, HermidasVerchères	1.000	600
Andrews, Thos., Estate of Quebec		420
Apps, C. O		480 480
Archer JosephQuebec		180
Archer & Co do do	300	180
Archambault, Hon. Louis do	300	180
Archambault, Rev. L. M St. Hugues	300	180
Archer, Robert	16.300	9,780
Archambault, Louis	300	180 360
Audet, Rev. P. St. Fabien		60
Audet, Nicodeme St. Anselme	800	480
Ayotte, Ludger Maskinongé Maskinongé	3,000	1,800
Avery, Ruggles	300	180
Barsalou, Joseph Montreal Montreal	2,200	1,320
Barsalou, Hector		360
Barsalou, Hector do		360
Badeaux, J. E Three Rivers	300	180
Baillargé, ChasQuebecBabin, Damase, junSt Jean, P.J	300	180
Bates, C. T Ottawa Ottawa	1,000	360
Bastier, Alphonse Montreal Montreal	700	420
Balcer, H. M		1,740
Bartlett, Geo	1,200	360
Babin, Arsene	200	120
Beauchamp, L. E Montreal Montreal		360 180
Beauvais & Perreault		360
Bell, Joshua A do do		180
Bellefeuille, PSorel		360 180
Beaulieu, J. B Lévis		540
Beaudry, L. Z Three Rivers	600	360
Bernard, J. M Cap Santé	300	180 360
Bertrand, D	600	360
Bertrand, Mrs. J. B Quebec	600	360
Bergevin, Chas do do	600	360
Beament, Thos		360
Bertrand & Brochu Lévis Lévis	600	360
Belanger, A	300	180
Benoit, François		180
Bernier, Thos St. Sanvenr.	1.200	720
Beaulieu, J. B., sen	200	120
Bellefeuille, Jos	100	60

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
1		\$	\$
	leton Place	700	420
Beauchamp. Alex	St. Ignace	1,200 200	720 120
Berlinguet, Mrs. F. X Que	bec	700	420
Sertrand, Chas	Verte	1,200 300	729 180
Beauvais, J. A	itreal	600	360
Beaudoin, A. ELév	is	300	180
Beauchemin, A. U. T	St. Ignace	100 100	€ 0 6 0
Benjamin, L. N	itreal	1,000	-608
Bireley & Co Har	nilton	600	360
Bilodeau, Louis Que Bienvenu, Charles Mor	tres!	1,500 100	900 60
Bilodeau, Anselme[St.	Charles	300	180
Black & Locke Mor		600	360
Blackburn, ROtt Blondin, J. ABec		300 600	180 360
Blackadar, C. CHal	ifax	600	360
Black, M. PBlack, M. P	Paschal	300 5, 800	180 3,480
Black, S. G	io	3,000	1,800
Blackburn, Josiah Lor	ndon	300] . 180
Blyth, G. ROtt Blanchard, JulienSt.		200 200	120 120
Blais, L. N Ma	tane	500	300
Blair, A. C St.	John, N. B	200	120
Blouin, JosephSt. Blais, J. PKa		200 300	120
Blouin, MathiasQu.		1,500	900
Boulet, Odilond	lo	300	180
	0	300 300	18
Bossé, J. N Mo	ntmagny	300	18 18
Boulet, Dr. SJol	iette	600	36
Boyden, E. S	agston	600	36
Boucher de la BruyèreSt.	Hvacinthe	300 1,000	1 18
Bourgouin, N. IIMo	ntreal	300	18
Bourget, Rev. J. B			18
Borden, G. WHa	lifax	500	90 30
Bornstein, S Qu	eb ec	300	18
n '' a	lo	. 300	18
Brown, T. CFre	lo	600 300	36
Browne, J. & Co Kir	ngston	600	36
Brunnelle, L. & Frère Th	do		36
Brennan, M Ha	milton	1,000 2,000	60 1,20
Bramley, Mrs. C	rel	600	36
	Stephen, N.B		36
	ntreal Imer		2,40
Bretnour, H. WBri	antford	1,800	1,08
Browseau, Dame Vve. CBe		800	48
Brown, M. S	ngston	3,000 800	1,80
Bruneau, P. O. A	rel	1,300	78

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Continued.

	·		
Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
			
	i		\$
Bramley, G. H		600	360 120
Brown, Calvin	St. Catharines	200 400	240
Branif. Estate of late John	St. Stephen. N.B	300	180
Bradburn, T	Peterboro	300	180
Burrows, Chatfield & Co	Brantford	600 600	360 360
Burns, K. F	Bathurst	300	180
Burkholder, H	Hamilton	300	180
Burrows, Stewart & Milne		700	420
Butler, Hon Jas	Montreal	700 1,400	420 840
Bureau, Jacques	Three Rivers	700	420
Bureau, J. F. V	do	400	240
Bureau, J. N	do	2,900	1,740
Carsley, S		900 600	540 360
Carter, R. C	Kingston	1,200	720
Carlisle, Henry	St. Catharines	600	360
Carigan, O	St. George Beauce	200	120
Carrière F & Co	Onches	600 600	360 360
Carrière, F. & Co	Trois Saumons	600	360
Cayer, Alexis	St. Raymond	200	120
Casgrain, J. E	L'Islet	600	360
Caron, Rev. F	Windon	300 1,800	180 1 ,080
Campbell, Kenneth & Co	Montreal	300	180
Caron, Damase	Fraserville	700	420
Carruthers, J. B		1,600	960 780
Cassils, Stinson & Co	do	1,300 300	180
Cadieux, H. C	do	100	60
Campbell, G. F	St. Stephen, N.B	200	120
Carbonneau, O., jun	Almonto	100 1,000	60
Carrière. J. B.	St. Anselme	1,200	720
Cahill, E. J	St. George Beauce	200	120
Campbell, Heirs of Wm	Montreal	3,000	1,800
Caron, Eugène		400 300	240 180
Champness, F	do	300	180
Chouinard, H. J. J. B	Quebec	600	360
Chapleau, E. J	St. Paschal	300	180
Chadwick, F. J	Ioliotte	600 200	360 12 0
Chauvin, A. T	Montreal	300	180
Chown, E	Kingston	1,500	900
Chagnon, H	Verchères	300	180
Chadwick, Mrs. Jane	Ingersoll N R	700 1,200	420 720
Chabot, Jos	St. Charles Bellechasse	1,200	60
Charlebois, J. A	Onebec	100	60
Chalouet, L. P	Kamouraska	200	120
Chevalier, MauriceChevalier, Eugene	Sorel do	300 300	180 180
Chevalier, Miss E	do	300	180
Chamberland, Wm	Bic	100	60
Cimon, Horace	Malbaie	300	1 180

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ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
tion to	Andre 1. d	.	\$
leghorn, AndrewL	ondon	300	180
lay, Thomas H	alifax	600	36
liff, Geo. A	redericton, N.B	800 1,000	48 60
lement Nap E		400	24
lendenning, WM	ontreal	3,100	1,86
lark, A. C	do	5,900	3,54
liff, N. A F.		700	42
loutier, H	ontreal	400 300	24 18
ostello, P., Est. of	d.)	600	36
orblin. Miss L. A	do	600	36
		2,500	1,50
ockshut Ignatius	rantford	600 200	36 17
onnolly, James	indsav	600	36
annully Tomes	lumbac	600	36
on vey, Wm	₫ ø	300	18
ollet, Rev. C. A	do	600 600	36
othet, C. A S	t. Henri	600	36
orriveau. F. XS	t. Anselme	300	18
orriveau, J. B	do	300	18
ormack, Jas G	luelph	600	36
ochrane, Hon. M. H	Iontreal	2,800 3,300	1,68
ouillard, T. M	évis	200	1,98
	erchères	2,700	1,62
orbeil, L. L <u>M</u>		700	42
overt, HP	ort Hope	600	36
offin, Rev. C	felbeie	300 1,200	18
ooper, Wm		3,700	2,22
ôté, Celina Bouchard F		200	12
ooke, Thos. E		1,200	72
Souture, ()	indees	100 300	18
ôté, Arséne	t Fabien Rimouski	200	l is
8te, Samuel R		200	l is
onillard Frères & Co		200	1
ollege St. Anne S	Ste. Anne	300 600	18
ressé, A. P		2,500	1,50
rawford, R., in trust	do	1,100	7,6
raig, John L N	Iontreal	700	4:
Praick, J. & Co P	ort Hope	100	1
raig, Thomas	do	6,900 600	4,1
rossen, James	Cohonre	300	1
Praig. J. & R)ttawa	t 100	
mmings. Jas I	vn	600	30
Callinan. H. & P	St. Stephen, N.B	600	30
Juddy, Jno. P	do	1,300 1,800	1,0
anningham, Henry	dingston	1,500	1,9
Dalmiel, Mary Anne	St. Thomas, Mont	200	1
Darlington, John	Quebec	300	I I
Dansereau, Mrs. Zoe	Jontrecœurdo	600	30

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
4.	ta e to all	\$	\$
Oanjou, JosephS		600	360
Davison, James	Iontreal	200 100	120 60
Dalzeil, AlvineS Daigle, JosephB	Relœil	3,300	1,980
Oarling, Wm M	Iontreal	1,500	900
Davis, Mrs. C. E K	(ingston	700	420
Daniel & Boyd S	st. John, N.B	1,200	720
Dagensis, J	Tontreal	600 900	360 540
Devlin, R. J		300	180
Dechene, F. M	Quebec	600	360
Defoy, James A	do	300	180
Dery, Joseph	do	300 300	180 180
Delage J B	do	300	180
Desilets, P. OT	Three Rivers	1,600	960
Denis, Dieudonne S	st. Cuthbert	5,000	3,000
Desoray, PierreS	t. Hugues	300	180
Desmarais, H		300 3,700	180 2,220
Delages, Rev. F. X	'Islet	300	180
Denis, D	St. Simon Bagot	300	180
Demers, G	Hochelaga	600	360
De Grandprè, A. D	Sorel	1,800 200	1,080 120
Desilets, A. O	Recencour	700	420
Desilets, Mrs. M. J. A	do	100	60
Delisle, Jean	St. Jean, Isle d'Orleans	400	240
Dionne, Benj	Cacouna	600	360
Dionne, Elisée	Juenec	1,700 600	1,020 360
Doran. M lk	Singston	2,900	1,740
Donovan. T. J	Stanfold	1,000	600
Dorion, Sir A. A	Montreal	5,800	3,480
Dobson, J	Indsay	300 600	180
D'Ostaler, Olivier	St. Maurice	100	60
Drapeau, Rev. J. O S	St. Ulric	300	. 180
Drolet, Pierre	St. Charles Bellechasse	100	60
Qumesnil, G. H		5,000	3,00
Dunn, James L		600 600	360
	Halifax	4,400	2,64
Duppis, J. B S	St. Roch des Aulnets	300	180
Dupuis, Auguste	do do	300	18
Oube, Pierre	St. Jean, P.J	300	180 360
Oufresne, Candide	Onehec	600 300	18
Duquet & Co	do	300	180
Dubois, Damase	Cerrebonne	609	360
Pupnis, Antoine	Quebec	300	180
Dagnay, Olympe	l'errebonne	800	1,986
Dubord, Joseph	MULLICELL	3,300 1,200	720
Demas. Arthur.	Perrebonne	1,8.0	1,080
Dumas, Arthur 7 Dumand, F. J	Montreal	500	30
Duchesnav. H. J. J.	St. Marie	1 200	1 120
Duverger, Mrs. S. L Duval, L. Z	Montreal	1,200 300	720 180

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Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed	Amount Paid up in
1		for.	Casb.
n n .	a. a. a.	\$	\$
Duchainie, P. L	St. Simon, Bagot	300 300	180 180
Duffus, Wm	Halifax	4,800	2,880
Duffus, J. B	do	8,400	5,040
	London	100 500	60 300
Durocher, L. B	Montreal	2,700	1,620
Dupuis, L. C		100	1 000
Dunn, T. H	Quebec Halifax!	3,300 2, 900	1,980 1,740
Dykeman, W. G	St. John, N.B	100	60
Eaton, C. B	St. Stephen, N.Bdo	300 900	180 540
	Gloucester, Ont	300	180
Easton, Geo. C	Ingersoll	1,200	720
Edgar, Frank	Montreal do	1,700 600	1,020 360
Elliott, Edward	St. John, N.B	300	180
Elliott, F. C	Halifax	1,800	1,080
Essor, Geo. sen	dodo	2,300 1,100	1,380 660
Evans, Mercer & Co		600	360
Ewing, S. H., and A. S	do	600	360
Everett, E. H. Mrs.	dodo	6,700 3,000	4,020 1,800
Evans. J. S	do	8,300	4,980
Fafard. Rev. E	Lévis	300	180
Fauteux, P. A	do	3,400 1,200	2,040 720
Fairgrieve, Hugh	Hamilton	800	480
Fairgrieve, J. B	do	800	480
	Halifax Montreal	3,000 100	1,800
	St. Thomas, Mont	1,400	840
Fisher, G. F	Fredericton	800	480
Fisher, C. H. B	do Quebec	1,000 3,900	600 2,340
Fitzsimmons, Rob	Brockville	1,200	720
Finlay, Jonathan		100	60
Fisher, S		700 1,200	420 720
Fiset, Arthur	St. Thomas, Mont	300	180
Fish. W. T	Cobourg	3,000	1,800
	Sorel	800 400	480 240
Fletcher, James	do	3,300	1,980
Foster, A. J	Stanstead	300	180
Foster, Stephen	Ouehec	300 300	180 180
Fortier, Achille	St. Marie, Beauce	500	390
Forde, Jackson		600	360
Forde, R. J	do Lévis	600	360 360
Fournier, Valere	Rimouski	300	180
Fournier, LouisFontaine, G. H	do	J 100	60
FUHERING. Ct. H	vercheres	1,000 60 0	600 360
Foucher, Frs.	Jonette) Warri	
Foucher, Frs. Foucher, Mrs. V. Fournier, Mrs Eliza, Widow	do	300 200	180

Nam e.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Foley, M. S	Montreal	\$ 200	5 120
Fortin, Mrs. A. J	St. Joseph, Beauce	300	180
Forsyth, Alex	Halifax	2,400	1,440
Fogarty Bros	Can St Impage	200 700	120 420
Fortin, Theodore	do	1,800	1,080
Fremont, Mrs. C. P	Quebec	1,000	600
Frigon, J. G. A	Three Rivers	3,700	2,220
Frigon, L. G. B	Three Rivers	1,700 300	1,020
Frager W. J	Halifax	2,300	180 1,380
Frement, J. J. T	Quebec	300	180
Frenette, Rev. L. E	L'Islet	300	180
Fry, HenryFurlong, Thos	Quebec St John N R	3,3 90 6 00	1,990
Fulford, J. H	Easton's Corners	6 00	360 360
Fuller, H. H	Halifax	3,000	1,800
Gauthier, Thos	Montreal	3 00	180
Gaboury, Augustin	Quebec	600	360
Gauthier, L. O	do	40 0 600	240
Gagnon, Nazaire	Champlain	6 00	360 360
Gamache, Solvme	Can St. Ignace	300	180
Gagnon, F. X	St. Raphael	300	180
Gardner, Robert	Kingston	300	180
Garrett, J. & Co	Hamilton	700 3,0 00	420 1,800
Gauvreau, Pierre	Ouebec	3,000	180
Gagnon, G. A	Montreal	700	420
Gatineau, Rev. V	St. Alexander Iberville	400	240
Gagnon, Antoine	Artbabaska	300 300	180 180
Gauvreau, P. L	Rimouski	200	120
Gauvreau, Calixte	Térrebonne	600	360
Gaherty. Denis	Montreal	600	860
Gastonguay, T. Estate of	Quebec	390	180
Garieny Charles	Ouehec	200 600	120 360
Gariepy, Charles	Montreal	6,200	3,720
Genest, L. T	St. Henri	300	180
Gervais, Olivier		300	180
Gervais, A. EGendron, Mde. E		900 200	540 120
Giroux, Jean Fils	do	300	180
Girardin, Auguste	do	300	180
Gibson, Henry	Stratford	600	360
Gillespie, Thos. F	Chatham, N.B	100	60
Gildersleeve, C. F	Kingston	147,000 3,700	88,200 2,220
Gingras, Rev. J. N	St. Gervais	100	2,220
Gilmour, Allan	Ottawa	1,700	1,020
Gibson, John	Halifax	2,900	1,740
Gilman, F. E., in trust for Eddie	Montreel	200	120
Gilman, F. E., in trust	do	200 213,400	128,040
Girand Paul	ا الم	i 2′900	1,740
Glover & Fry	Quebec	300	180
Globensky, C. A. M	St. Eustache	2,500 600	1,500

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
~		\$	\$
Goldstein, A		300	180
Gostie, James	Halliax	3,600 1,500	2,160 900
Godin, J. N	Three Rivers	1,200	720
Godld Ira & Sons	Montreal	1,500	900
Godin, A. N	Sorei	1,200	720
Gosselin, V	St. Ulrich	100	60
Green & Sons	Montreal	300	180
Gravel, J. O.		600 1,000	360 600
Griffin, James	do	300	180
Gratton, J. B. and J. S	Dundas	300	180
Grimner, G. S		600	360
Gravel, J. O., in trust		40,000	24.000
Green, E. K.	do	2, 9 00 3,300	1,740 1,980
Green, John	London	300	180
Grenier, L. U	Lotbinière	300	180
Gravel frères	Montreal	1,800	1,080
Grenier, J. B., Estate of		100	60
Guillet. Valere.	Three Rivers	3,400 1,200	2,040 720
Guna, Alex	Kingston	2,900	1,740
Guild, W	Mallorytown	400	240
Harty, Wm	Kingston	200	120
Hatt, G. & Son		300	180
Hall, Jas	Peterboro'	600 600	360 360
Hall, Richard	do	600	360
Hannan, M., & Co	Montreal	3,400	2,040
Hamelin, Rev. J. R. L.		700	420
Haynes, D. C., Estate of	Quebec	400	240 900
Hardy, N. S.	do	1,500 400	240
Hall, W. V. B	Montreal	1,700	1,020
Harrington, W. M	Halifax	3,000	1,800
Harris, John D		3,300	1,980
Hart, Jairus	St Andrews, N.B	4,600	2,760
Hannon, Mathew	Montres!	200 1,200	120 720
Hawkins, Thos	Quebec	300	180
neya, v. b	Brantford	600	360
Heney, John	Ottawa	300	189
Hêtu, Jas. E	Montreel	1,000	600
Henderson, John	Kingston	3,300 100	1,980
Helm, John	Port Hope	800	480
Hearle, Jas. G	Montreal	300	180
Hodgson, Jonathan		17,900	10,740
Hope, James	Ottawa	300	180
Holly, Shadrach	St. John, N.B	300 6 00	180 360
Hodgson, John U	Montreal	600	360
Hodgson, T. E	do	5,000	3,000
Hossack, Jas., & Co	Quebec	300	180
Hope, Robert	Montreal	3,300	1,980
Hougham, Robert	do	300 500	180 300
Holman, J, Estate of	0.1	1,100	669

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for,	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Hutchison, John	Wontroe!	\$	\$ 360
	Quebec	600	360
Hudon, Rev. Joseph	St. Philip Neri	600	360
Hudspeth, Adam	Lindsay	600	369
Huntington, A., Estate of late		6,600 600	3,960 360
Innes, James		1,500	900
Inches, Andrew	Fredericton	5,800	3,480
Jalbert, Jas. E	Cap St. Ignace	200	129
Jackson and Hallett	St. John, N B Guelph	600 600	360 360
	St. John, N.B	300	180
Jamieson, R. C		700	420
Jackson, LtCol. W. H	London Brantford	1,100 800	660 489
Jacot, Emile	Quebec	300	180
Jenkins, Thos.	Vienna, Ont.	600	360
Jeffrey, A	St. Catharines	600	360
	Stratford	600	369
Jeannotte, H	Montreal do	1,100 600	-66 0 360
Jones, D. B	Brockville	600	360
Johnston, E. R	Stanstead	300	180
Joseph, Abraham	Quebec Kingston	600	360
Johnston, James	Kingston	600 1,400	360 840
	St. John, N.B	1,200	720
	Quebec	300	180
Julien & Guay	do	200	120
Kavannah, HKathan, C. H		600	360
	Rock Island Ottawa	30 0 600	180 360
Kehoe, William	do	300	180
Keenan, Thomas	Lindsay	600	360
Kerry, John	Montreal	3,000	1,800
Kerr, John	Kingston	100 2,900	1,740
Kenny, T. E	Halifax	5,800	3,489
Keith, D. S	Toronto	1,600	969
Kirk & Daniels	St. John, N B	600	360
King, Crocker G. M	Kildere	2,000 300	1,200
King Bros	St. Pacôme	300	180
Labelle, Louis	Sorel	300	189
Labelle, Albert	do	300	180
Larue, FrançoisLadouceur, L. H		500 600	300 360
Laroche, A	Ouebec	300	180
Langlois, Z. A	Lévis	300	180
Labrecque, Etienne	St. Charles, P.Q	300	180
Laurier, Hon. W	Arthoheske	300 1,100	180 660
Lamoureux, Ulivier	Contrecœur	600	360
Lavoie, Nap	L'Islet	l 300	189
Lauzon, Joseph	Terrebonne	600	369
Lawrence, J. & G. Larkin, P.	St. Cotherings	300	180 960
Lapierre, Didace	. St. Roch	1,600	369
Lavoie, Dame A	Beauport	600	.369

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	\$
Lamoureux, J. E Co	ntrecœur	300	180
	ntreal	3,000	1,800
	do do	700 1,700	420 1,020
Lacerte, NLé	vis	3,900	2,340
L'Abbé. Mrs. J. O	ebec	500	300
Lapalme, AlexBel		200	120
	pierville	1,200 100	720 60
Langlois, Daniel Wi	Flavia O	1,200	720
Lamontagne J. B. St. Laliberte, J. B. Qu	iebec	200	120
Lefonteine E	. Hugues	1,300	780
Lawrence, W. V. Mo	ontreal	300	180
Langlois, U. TTh	ree Kivers	$1,200 \\ 200$	720 120
Larue, Dr. LQu Langevin, F. XVe	rchéres	300	180
Latulippe, FBe	aumont	200	120
	Hugues	300	180
Labrie, AlfredSt. Laurent, MichelMo	. Charles, Bellechasse	500 300	300
Lavoie, GeorgeQu	iebec	700	180 420
Lavoie, Wilfred L'	Islet	200	120
Laberge, Joseph	. Thomas Mont	300	180
Labelle, Cyrille	orel	2,300	1.380
Lapointe, L. M	lebec	800	480
Languedoc, Mrs. E. MSt.	Michel Rellechasse	100 200	120
Labrecque, GBe	aumont	200	120
Larochelle. Estate of P. ESo	merset	300	180
Levesque, Dame D Mo	ontreal	600	360
Leger and Rinfret	do	600 600	360 360
	do	300	180
	do	900	540
	do	300	180
	do	300 600	180 360
	do	100	60
	do	300	180
Lepine, L. G.	do	600	360
	ttawa	300	180
Lemieux, Joachim		300 300	180 180
Letellier, M		100	60
Lemont and Son Fr	redericton	300	180
Leduo, Leon So	oreli	300	180
Leonard, MLe	eonard's Hill	100	60
Leblanc, Auguste	ownship of Seneca	100 700	60 420
Lewis, W. J	alifax	4,600	2,760
Lemay, Venance St	t. Martin	300	180
Letourneux, C. H. M.	ontreal	1,500	900
Leeming, H. B Br	rantford	300	180
Letendre, P	amaska	100 400	60 240
Lepage, David	ontreal	300	180
Liggett and Hamilton	do	300	180
Livesay, John CKi	incardine	600	360

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	
Lindsay, W W	oodstock, N.B	200	120
Linton, James Mo Lordly, Howe & Co St	ontreal	1,100	660 180
Lottinville, FTl	hree Rivers	1,900	1,140
Longuard, E. J Ha		2,900	1,740
Lyman, Benj., Estate of	ontrealort Hope	800 100	480 60
Mackay, HughMo	ontreal	26,600	15,960
Matthews, F. B	do	600	360
Madden, W. J	do	300 600	180 360
Martin, Auguste St	t. Paschal	200	120
Magee, Bros St	t. John, N.B	600	360
Manson, Jas	do	600 300	360
MacDonald, C. A	do	300	180 180
Main, Alex H	amilton	300	180
	t. Andrews, N.B	100	60
	indsayt. Joseph Beauce	1,100 200	660
IcKelean, Gibson and Bell H	amilton	900	54
May S. H. & Co M	ontreal	2,700	1,62
Marmette, Dr. Jos	ingston	200 2,900	120
Manning, M. J	indsor	1,100	1,74
Manuel, John 0	ttawa	200	120
Maguire, Bernard	ontreal	1,200	72
Martel, U., sen	do	1,600 700	96 42
Mahoney. ThosQ	uebec	100	6
Mallory, Ira M	allorytown	300	18
Masson, Hugh Bi	illings Bridge, Ottawa hree Rivers	300 1,200	18 72
Martell. Mrs. T	howhegan, Maine	500	30
Mancotel. Aimé M	lontreal	3,400	2,04
	lalifaxindsay	1,100 2,300	1 29
Martin, E. O R	imouski	100	1,38
MacDonald, John M	Iontreal	100	
	t. Catharines	1,200	72
	ort Hope	3,200 3,400	1,92
fichaud, J. B L		300	18
Iillar, James \bigcirc	hatham, P.Q	300	18
Mitchell, Thos. & Co H	lamilton	600 400	36
Mitchell, Hon. Peter M	fontreal	300	18
Michel, JeanQ	Quebec	2,900	1,74
Mitchell, Robert M	iontreal	600	36
Miville, Alfred	fontreal	100 16,300	9,78
Morton, Philips & Bulmer	do	600	36
Morton, J. Y B	Brantford	600	36
Morgan, Robert	luebec	300	36
Mowat, DS		600 100	36
Moody, Henry		600	36
Moody, Matthew, jun	do	600	36
foody, John	do	5,100	3,0

Name	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Moody, Miss A. H Te	errebonne	5 600	360
Mongenais, J. B. ARi		5,000	3,000
Mongenais, J. B	do	5,000	3,000
Mortimer, A Ot Mongeon, C So	ttawa	600 2 00	360 120
Moss, S. H. & J	ontreal	400 400	240
Moodie, John He	amilton	700	420
More, W. S., Estate of He	alifax	1,400	840
	do	4,700	2,820
Moseley & Ricker		1,500 800	900 480
Morasse, Louis	do	1,200	720
Morgan, J. T. P.	do	200	120
Mussen, Thos		600	360
Mullin, John So	orel	300	180
Muckleston, J. & Co	ontreal	690 600	∺60 360
Mulligan, John	ort Hone	1,700	1,020
Mulholland, R Co	obourg	2,000	1,200
Murphy, J. B	ontreal	400	240
Musgrove, G. M Ot	ttawa	1,200 600	720
McAumond, David		300	360 180
McArdle, Edward St	. Catharines	2,900	1.740
McConkey, T. L	ontreal	1,600	960
McCarthy, D. & J		5,000	3,000
McCormick & Son, HOt		300 6 00	180 360
McCorkill, JamesQu		300	180
McCallum, C Lo	ondon	300	180
McCullough, H, & H. A St.		6 00	:360
McCullough, Henry, Estate of	doprel	300 7 700	180
	ontreal	1,700 5,000	1,020 3,000
	tawa	200	120
	obourg	3,000	1,800
McGuirk, W. P	ontreal do	1,700	1,020
McGoldrick, F. O. Fr	edericton, N.B	300 100	180 60
McIntosh, W. JLo	ondon	1,000	600
McIntyre, Duncan		21,900	13,140
McIntyre, W. C	do	1,500	900
McIntyre, J. M	dodo	1,500	900
McIntyre, Mary F	do	. 1,500 800	900 480
McIntyre, Mrs. Jane Cassils	do	3,100	1,860
McInnes, Alexander Ha		700	420
McInnes, Hugh, Estate of	do	700	420
McKay, ThosOt	ttawa	600 600	369 360
McKechnie & Bertrand	amilton	600	360
McKenzie, Murdoch Mc	ontreal	3,300	1,980
McKelvey & Birch Ki	ingston	500	300
McLaren, W. D. McLachlan Bros. & Co. Mc	do	600	369
MeLennan, Donald1Po	ort Hope	600 600	360 360
McLaren, John C	ontresi (1,500	900
McLean, Thos Br	antford	1,200	720
McMillan, J. ASt	. John, N.B	600	.360

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.

cNally, J. G	Fredericton	300	18
[cNamee, F. B	Montreal	600	36
IcRae, W. R		600 900	3 6 54
cWilliams, Wm.		1,200	72
lealis, S	Fredericton	300	is
ettleton, Thomas	Sore1	300	18
eal, Thos. M	Montreal	2,300	1,38
elles. Rev. Abraham		3,000	1,80
[eal. W. H		2,400 700	1,44 42
ficholls & Hall		2,900	1,74
lixon George	St. John. N.B	300	18
Jormand, T. E	Three Rivers	1,900	1,14
orthup, Hon. J	Halifax	3,000	1,80
Jorris, James	St. Catharines	3,000	1,80
Jormand, George	Three Rivers	700 1,100	66
Pien, Wm	Montreal	13,800	8,3
sgood, S. P	St. John, N.B.	300	H
livier, A. P	Three Rivers	300	16
uellet, Magloireuellet, J. M	St. François, Beauce	600	:30
Quellet, J. M	St Anselme	300	-16
Owens, John Ostell, John Ostell, John Ostell, John Ostell, John Ostell, John Ostell, John Ostell Ostello Ostel	Montree!	200 10,4 00	6,2
gilvy, James A	do	1,400	8
gilvy. A. W	do	4,200	2,5
O'Cain, James	St. John's, P.Q	300	16
Shaughnessy, M. & D	Montreal	900 (5
Oliver, W. H	Elora, Unt	700 1,890	1,0
uellet, Jos	Rimonski	200	1,0
Lone, James	Ottawa	200	Ĩ.
arks, J. G	Montreal	300	1
apineau, A. C	_ do	1,000	:6
aradis, Rev. J. T	St. Raphael	100	ي .
aré, H. Aaré, C. S	Quepec	300 · 700	1 4
are, O. S	Quebec	1,100	6
acaud, E. L	Arthabaska	100	7
arent, E. H	Montreal	2,300	1,3
	Stanfold	1,200	7
anneton, Gaspard		3.0 .5,8 0 0	,1
arker, F. G	Holifor	5,900	3,4
allister, W. H	do	4,700	2,8
arker, E. H	Kingston	1,400	
atton, John H	Matane	200	1
apineau, N	St. Timothe	2,300	1,3
Payan, Paul	Ceconne	300 700	1
Parks, W. & Son	St. John. N.B.		1 3
Paguette, Dr. J. O	St. Elizabeth	1,000	, i
Parent. C. H	Montreal	100	ن ا
Panneton, P. E	Three Rivers	200	1
Pillow, Hersey & Co	Montreal		3
Piché, Hubert	Ouehea	200 200	
icher, F. X	do	400	1 3

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Perrault, J. & Co	Montreal	\$	\$5. 360
Pelletier, J. P	Matane	600	360
Pelletier, C. A. P	Quebec	600	360
Perkins, George E	St. John, N.B	300	180
Peddie, J. W	Windsor	600 600	360· 360·
Peardon, Wm	Montreal	1,700	1,020
Pennee, F. O. A. (in trust)	Quebec	300	180
Peck, Bennee & Co	Montreal	1,500	900
	Ste. Marie, Beauce St. John, N.B	100 300	60
	Montreal	5,900	180 3,540
Pelletier, G. L	Matane	100	60
Plamondon, J. B	St. Césaire	2,300	1,380
Pollock, J. M	Montreal	600	360
	St. Stephen, N.B	300 300	180
Pozer, D. G	St. George, Beauce	400	180 240
Potvin. Rev. G	St. Aubert	100	60
Poole, H. S	Halifax	2,900	1,740
Pouliot, Alphonse	Quebec	600	360
Protteau, J. B	St. Aubert	1,200 300	720· 180
Poirier, F. L	Rivière du Loup (en bas)	200	120
Pouliot, J. E	do	100	60
Prevost, Mde. L	Quebec	200	120
Price, G. R	St. John, N.B	200	120
	Coaticook	190 300	60 180
Pratt, John, Estate of	Montreal	7,000	4,200
Price, Evan John	Quebec	600	360
Price, C. V		800	480
Pugh, JohnQuinn, W. H		3,600	2,160
Quinn, Mary	do	600 600	360· 360
Quay, W	Port Hope	1,200	720
Rankin, John	Embro	300	180
Randolph, A. T	Fredericton, N.B	600	36
Reinhardt, C. S Reid, William		4,200	2,520
Reid, Robert		600 6 00	360 360
Renfrew, G. R	Quebec	300	180
Kead, John L	Lindsay	300	180
Renouf, Cyprien	Trois Pistoles	600	360
Reinhart, Mrs. G	New York	6,700	4,020
Read, Alfred J	Montreal	200 1,700	120 1,020
Rees, D. J	do	1,200	720
Reed, James	St. John, N.B	1,200	720
		600	120
Richard & Plamondon	Quenec	600	360
Richard, Gregoire	Can Sante	600 300	360 180
MIDUX - ITADOIEOH	Poterville lele d'Alricone	600	360
Rioux, Narcisse	Quebec	300	180
Richardson, James	Kingston	2,900	1,740
Ritchie, Thos. A	I Hairtay	3 100	2,040
Rioux, Eloi	LONG Danie	200	120

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Rhodes, ColQueb	00	\$ 100	\$ 60
Robertson, Andrew Mont	real	10,000	6,000
Rocheleau, E. A Three	Rivers	600	360
Roy Saluste St. J. Roy Charles Queb	ean, Port Joli	200 609	120 360
Rosa, Joseph do		1,000	600
Roy. Gilbert St. fi	enri de Lauzon	800	480
Roy, Ferdinand St. R	aphael	200	120
Robinson, George	ohn. N.B.	300 300	180 180
Ross, Lewis Port	Норе	1,500	900
Robinson, Isaac Peter	·boro'	300	189
Rochette, Cleophas	nte	600 600	360 360
Robinson, RobertSt. A		300	180
Robson, W. MLind	say	300	180
Robertson, J. B		10,000	6,000
Ross, Capt. Wm de		10,000 700	6,000 420
Rolland, S. J. B de		500	300
Robertson, George R d		13,700	8,220
Roussel, Rev. P	ec	300	180 660
	ston	1,100 200	120
Rochette, Olivier Quel	ec	1,800	1,080
Robertson, James	real	4,900	2,940
	ston	1,500 600	900 360
Roy, Odilon, in trust do		3,000	1,800
Robinson, C. H		1,700	1,020
Ross, Robert Mont	real	300 200	180 120
	ec	200	120
Ross, James G do	***************************************	1,200	720
Robinson, MorrisSt. J	ohn, N.B	1,200	720
Robinson, T. B	do	1,200 1,300	720 780
Ross, P. S d		7,400	4,440
	wa	600	369
Russell, WillisQuel Rutherford, John	ec	600	360
Russel, E. F.	AA	1,700 1,200	1·020 720
Russell, Forbes & Co Otta	wa	600	360
Saucier, Antoine Mask	inonge		180
Sawyer & Co., L. D		600 300	360 180
Sarrazin, Hercule St. I	lizabeth	300	180
Savage, Alfred & Son Mont	real	1,200	720
Samson, ChasQuel	9ec	300	180
Sadler, WmLind Schiller, Timothy	real	300 600	180 360
Schnier, C. E d	0	600	360
Schofield, Wm. Aug Broc	kville	600	360
Scully, J. Lind Setmouth, J. D. St. A	say	400	240
Senecal, Frederick Mon	real	1.600	960
Seigel, J Thre	e Rivers	600	360
Deminaire Quebec One	ec	600	360
Seifert, Auguste do	341	1 300	180

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Samakal 1916a		\$	\$
Senetal, Elie	atharines	1,000 600	600 360
Sharkey, O Frede	ricton	300	180
Shearer, James Mont	real	2,900	1,740
Shonyo, S. H	real	200 400	120 240
Shuttleworth, Major G. HLond	on	1,800	1,080
$\mathbf{Simard}, \mathbf{F} \dots \mathbf{Queb}$	ec	300	180
Sise, C. F		6,300 2,90 0	3,780 1,740
Silver, John		700	420
do		5,900	3,540
Sirois, H. J	una	100 200	60 120
Skinner, C. N St. J	ohn. N.B	300	180
Slater, George T	real	500	300
Smith, Bennett[Halif		300 4,40 0	180 2,640
Smith, G. Sydney St. J	ohn, N.B	900	540
Smith, A. Chipman	do	1,200 400	720
Smith, Miss A do		100	60
	ax	1,800	1,080
Smith, J. Wesley do		1,400 2,400	840 1,440
Smith, Allison do		1,200	720
Smith, Wiley		1,200	720
Strachan, James do	real	600 1,300	360 780
Stewart, D. S St. J	ohn, N.B	300	180
St. Louis, D	lsor	600	360
Stewart, John St J	ohn. N.B	300 600	180 360
Stewart, William	ph	600	360
St Denis, A		3,300	1,980
Strachan, Wm de		3,400 300	2,040
Stayner, Mrs. C. A Halif	ax	2,400	1,440
Stairs, W. J do Stockton, A. A St	John, N.B	11,700	7,026
Stagg, John, junBroc	kville	300	180
Sumner, George Mont	real	600	360
Sutherland, Jos., Estate of di Suffel, George		1 600 1 600	360
Sutton, Thomas Mont	real	1,200	726
Talbot. Jas Rimo	nski	300	180
Tate, George	real	1,700 200	1,026
Taylor, Henry, Trustees do		59,800	35,880
Paschereau, Alp	osenh. Resuce	200	120
Fêtu, Cirice		600 600	360
Terreau, Vve Charles de			180
l'essier, Ulric de	0	1,700	1,020
ressier, Mrs. A. E	ean. Port Joli	300	180
Ineriault, Michael One	Δ Λ	1 600	360
Thompson, Richard St. J	John. N.B	600	360
Thibaudeau, Hon. IQuek	ec	2,300	1,380

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY-Continued.

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	[Amount	Amount
Name.	Residence.	Subscribed	Paid up in
	ļ:	for.	Cash.
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	l. <u>.</u>	\$	\$
Thibaudeau, Hon. J. R	Montreal	16,300	9,780
Thornton, J	CoaticookLondon	300	180
Thomson, James	Halifax	800 3, 000	480 1,880
Them, Alex		100	60
Tibbets, J., jun	Fredericton, N.B	600	360
Tillson, E. D.	Tilsonburg	1,200	720
Todd, Ć F	St. Stephen, N. B	600	360
Todd, H. W	do	600 3 400	360 1: 440
Trudel, Rev. Chas	St. Anne de la Pocatière	2,400 300	1,440 180
Tranchemontagne, Ls	Berthier en haut	300	180
Troop, G. J	Halifax	3,000	1,860
Turcotte, J. U	Montreal	600	360
Turcot, Narcisse	do	300 600	. 180 360
Turcot, Nazaire Turgeon, Elie	do	600	360
Turnbull & Co	St John, N.B	600	360
Turner, James	Hamilton	1,700	1,020
Turner Alex	do	1,700	1,020
Turcotte, H. A Turner, Jas. W	Quebec	100	60
Turcotte, L. U	HalifaxSorel	1,200 1,400	720· 660·
Turcotte, Z	Pierreville	300	180
Vanasse, P. B	Three Rivers	600	360
Vassie, John	St. John, N.B	6u0	360
Vadeboncœur, E Vadnait, Louis	Quebec	200	120-
Vandry, Zephirin	Ouebec	1,700 3:0	1,020 160
Vachon, Moise	Beauport	100	60
Verrault, P. G	St. Jean, Port Joli	300	180
Vezina, Louis	do	600	360
Vezina, A, & J	Cap St. Ignace	300 200	180 120
Versailles, Joseph	Montreal	800	480
Vezina, Zephirin	St. Joseph Beauce	300	180
Veldon, J. J	Quebec	300	180
Vindin, E. S	Port Hope	900	540
Vincent, Andre	Montreal	200 900	120 540
Vocelle, O	Cacouna	300	180
Voyer, Henri	Stanfold	200	120
Wait, George	Montreal	600	360
Watt, George	Brantford	600,	360
Waterman, Herman	Peterboro'	300 • 600	189°
Watson, Robert	St. Stephen, N.B	1,200	720
Waters, J. R	Cedars	1,700	1,020
Ward, H. A	Port Hope	2,500	1,500
Watts, Altred		1,800	1,080
Watrous, C. H	dodo	7,800	4 ,680 78 0
Waterous, A. T	Montreal	1,300 1,500	- 900-
Walsh, P	Halifax	2,400	1,440
Watt. Alex., Estate of	Montreal	100	
Watters, Adam	Quebec	100	60
Weaver, A. O., in trust for Ernest	reterboro'	10 0 900	60 540
Weaver, A. O., in trust for Frank	do	. 900. I	540
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ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY—Continued.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for-	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Vonfold Dishard	Ouskas	******	\$ 190
Venfield Richard		300	180
Vhite, S. P Vest, A. W		200	120 1,740
Vhitlock, Julius T		2,900 100	1,140
Vhite, John T	Hamilton	600	360
Vilson, Mrs. Andrew		5,000	3,000
iseman, Thos		300	180
Vilson, R. T., & Co		300	180
Vilkinson, G. M		600	360
Vilmot, E. H		600	360
Villiams, Miles	Montreal	1,200	720
Vilkes, Miss Annie		4,700	2,820
Villiams, A. T. H		1,500	900
Vilkes, G. H		1,400	84
Vilson, Z		2 00	12
Vinslow, John C		2 00 .	12
Villis, Edward		300	18
Vilson, Thos		2,500	1,50
Vilson, Andrew, Executors of Vinch, R. J	do	5,000	3,00
Villiams. J		1,200 100	72
Woods, S		300	18
Vright, Patrick		600	36
Vray, Mrs. M. J		600	36
Vright and Durand		200	1 12
Vulff & Co		600	36
Tates, Horatio, Estate of		1,800	1,08
Joung, J. W., Estate of	Halifax	11,700	7,02
tewart, Jas	Montreal	100	1 6
anguay, Leocadie	St. Charles	300	18
ones, Seneca	Hamilton	600	36
	Total	1,708,500	1,025,10

PAID BUT NOT REDUCED.

Bertran, John Belleau, Mrs. M Drolet, G. A Michaud, P. M Pelletier, Mrs. A Gagnon, A. S	St. Roch	200 3,500 200 400	200 40 700 40 80 1,620
	Total	13,400	2,680

SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CALLS TO PAY.

Angus, R	do	500		700 25
Armstrong & Co	Quebec	400	1	180 60
Audet, G. J	Sorel	900 1,000	1	100

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ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY-Continued.

SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CALLS TO PAY-Continued.

Name. Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
	\$	\$
Butler, W Halifax Halifax	4,400	440
Blanchet, H	300	40
Berry, Lindsay Lindsay	400	40
Begin, P Lévis Lévis	100	15
Bisson, Mrs. A. WQuebec	600 1,800	180
Babin, G	1,300	130
Bertrand, ASt. Johns	1,800	189
Berthiaume, JSt. Simon	100	10
Baillargeon, G St. Anselme	400	40
Boissel, A St. Gervais St. And a large	200	10
Beaupré, J	. 300	30
Barvis, T	100 400	10
Beddome, F. B. London.	500	50
Barbe, Mrs. A. B	400	66
Bernatchez, C	400	40
Billy, L. A Rimouski Rimouski	500	56
Bossé, J. G Quebec Quebec	900	90
Berube, A	200	20
Begin, L. C	100	
Beaulieu, J. B	400 3, 100	46
Chitty, G. LChelses	900	90
Cloutier, JSt. Aubert	400	1 6
Chenet, P Ottawa	500	50
Corcoran, R. E do	900	190
Chisholm, D do do	900	90
Cameron, D. M. Strathroy Strathroy	300	11
Côté, A. & Cie	1,0 ₀ 0 500	100
Connolly & Co do	1,800	180
Carrier, L. N. St. Henri	3,500	52
Carreau, J. P	2,000	200
Champness, W Ottawa Uttawa	500	5
Oôté, O do do	500	5
Classica B	500	2!
Cloutier, E	400 200	10
Campbell, GWindsor	8,800	88
Caron, Zelie Trois Saumons	2,500	25
Côté. SQuebecQuebec	500	2
Cardin, PSorel	1,800	18
Cardin. L. P. Pdo	4,200	42
Chamberlin, Dame St. Michel	300	3
Calhoun, W. S	900 1,800	18
Chadwick, C. EIngersoll	4,500	45
Charbonneau, F. CQuebec	4,300	43
Campbell, D. J	100	1.
Dumont, J. J do do	900	9
Dunnis, J. N	2,000	20
Daly, T. M. Stratford	1,000	5
Drapeau, A. & Fréres		4
Duquet, F. D do		13
Deguise, P. F Rivière du Loup Rivière du Loup	400	13
Duval, D. APointe Lévis	500	1 7

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY—Continued. SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CALLS TO PAY—Continued.

		Amount	Amount
Name.	Residence.	Subscribed	Paid up in
2102201	200320200	for.	Cash.
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		_	
Desjardins, L. J. E	Can St Tonace	\$ 700	70
Dion, L. D	Ottawa	100	5
Dumas, D. A	St. Charles	900	90
Dubuc, F. X	St. George Beauce	400 100	40 5
Demers. A	Montreal	900	135
Derome, L. J. A	Montreal	500	60-
Dessaint, A	Kamouraska	200	20
Daoust, J. G.		700 3, 000	70 300
D'Anjou, A	St. Simon	1,800	270
Derocher, Mrs. M	Three Rivers	3,500	350
Duguay, J	Lindsey	500 500	50∘ 50∗
Decelles, A. D.	Montreal	1,000	155
Deguise, Mrs. M. A	Ste. Anne de la Pocatière	2,000	200
Donnelly, J	Montreal	5,000	500-
Dyss, P Deschamps, F. R	Montreal	900 500	135- 50-
Durocher, S. A	St Hyacinthe	10,000	1,000
Dionne, L. B	Fraserville	2,000	200
Devlin, B	Inliette	1,800 300	180-
Elv. F. E	Cacouna	700	45- 70
Frappier, Jos	Montreal	500	50-
Fraser, A		200	30-
Fournier, J. B. A		400 100	20° 10
Francoeur, M		400	40
Fafard, J. O	L'Islet	2,000	200
Fortin, N	Cap St. Ignace	200 700	20- 130-
Fortier, T		200	20
Fitzsimmons & Brown		200	10
Feathersion, J. P	do	500	90
French, HFranchère, J	Marieville	100 1,000	10 100
Fournier, L	Rimouski	600	90-
Flock, J. H		500	50
Fortier, C. G	Buffalo	3,000 2,000	300 200
Flint, W. H.		700	105
Flint, G. H	do	500	75
Gauthier, E. C. E	Quebec	1,000	150-
Gibson, G. H. P	St. Charles R.S.	400 400	50- 60-
Giguere, P	Quebec!	100	10
Wauthler, L	Montreal	1,800	180
Gagnier, A	Namouraska	200 1,800	20 180
Gastonguay, GGingras, J. B	Quebecdo	200	20
Gamache, L	do	900	135
Guerin, C. L		1,500	150-
Gilman, Mrs. D	do St. John, N.B.	2,800 900	280- 90-
Hulbig, C	Montreal	400	40.
Henderson, D. A		1,000	125-
Huot, Lucien		. 500 1,800	50 [,] 180 >
	346	1,000	

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY-Continued.

SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CALLS TO PAY-Continued.

N'astrie.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	\$
Hugel; A P	Port Hope	1,000 1,000 .	100 100
Heney & Forgie)ttawa	200	20
Hawkins, E. E. Hedley, James	do	200	20
Hedley, James	Coronto	20,000 10,000	2,000 1,000
Irwin & BoydF	Port Hope	1,800	180
Jordan & Benard		3,500	350
Jardine Bros	do	1,000 200	100 10
Jones C	Duebec	1,000	100
Jarvis, W. L	do	300 1,000	45 100
Kennedy & Jackson	Chatham	900	90
Larue, F	Three Rivers	2,000	200
Lafleur, L. H	Montreal	5,300 900	530 90
Lemay, Mrs. L	Montreal	1,000	100
Langlois, E	Rimouskil	700	70
Ladriene, Rev. A	Isle Verte	200 1,400	20 21 0
Lewis, R	London	1,000	150
Labrecque, J	St. Charles, Bellechasse	900	135
Lamb, W. A	Uttawa	400 200	40 20
Laforme, A	St. Hugues	100	15
Languedoc, Mrs. A	L'Islet	900	135
Languedoc, E	St. Michel	1,000 1,000	160- 100-
Larue, G. H	Quebec	3,500	360
Laframboise, Hon. M	Montreal	2,500 3,000	405 300
Lupien, G. E. R.	Three Rivers	500	50
Lupien, M. A. A	do	500	50
Lacroix, P. O	Windsordo	900 900	90 90
Lamontagne, Col. E	doQuebec	47,300	4,730
Murray, C. R., in trust	Montreal	40,000	4,000
Murray, E	do	900 3,000	90 300
Morin, Mrs. C.	St. George, Beauce	100	10.
Morin, Mrs. C	Ste. Marie	200	20
Mercier, J	St. Henedine	400 200	60 10
Mortimer, G	do	300	15
Morrier, J	Acton Vale	900	135
Mathieu, N	St. Anseime	900 11,000	90 1,650
Mathieu, M	Sorel	2,500	300
Marceau, H		500	70 200
	Montreal Terrebonne	2,000 17,500	1,750
McCuaig, R. O	Ottawa	200	20
McDonell, D	do	200	20 70
McNeil, Mrs. N		700 3,5 00	350
McDonald & Kelly	Fredericton	900	90
McCrosson W	Ottawa	1,000	150 530
McGregor, W	Windsor	5, 300	030

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY—Continued. SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CALLS TO PAY—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		•	
McIntosh, J	Windsor	5,300	660
McAllister, J.	do	5,300	530
McAuly. Thos	Kingston	. 900	90
McAdam & Son, jun	st. Stephen	500	50 250
McKenzie, R	Hontreal	2,500 500	250 50
Olivier, D. L. V	Montreal	1,800	180
Oliva. Jas	St. Thomas	600	60
Perkins, J. A	Montreal	2,500	250
Parker, A. J	Ottawa	500	25
Pelletier, Jos	St. Pascnai	100 200	15 20
Pelletier, L	St. Jean. Port Joli	300	45
Pelletier, J. N	St. Pierre, R.S	200	20
Papineau, J. G	Montreal	1,000	150
Porcheron E D	do	1,800	180
Paquet, AParent, C. F	St. George	400 900	40 140
Patterson, J. C	Windsor	4,500	450
Patterson, W. G	Guelph	4,400	440
Pulford, H. T. L	Windsor	2,000	380
Pulford, H. B.	_ do	1,000	100
Perry, Chas	Toronto	10,000	1,500
Perry, Alfred	Fredericton	10,000 1,800	1,000
Robinson, 8	Ottawa	,500	50
Robertson, J. D., & Co	St. John, N.B	900	90
Rutherford, R.	Stratford	3,500	350
Richardson, W. M.	Halifax	8,800	1,320
Rouleau, Rév. L	Matane	700 500	70 35
Roy, Jos	St Fabien	500	50
Roy, J. B	St. Francois, R.S.	1,000	150
Shape, John	Montreal	500	65
Stewart IMrs	do	10,000	1,500
Slevin, J		1,000	150 30
St. Jean, Mrs. R			90
Saucier, L. P	Sandy Bay		20
Smith & Stewart	Ottawa	200	10
Sirois, F. A	St. Paschal	200	20
Shepherd, J. H	Windsor	5,300	630
Stewart, W. J., in trust	Montreal		100
Stewart, Luke			50
Scriver, J. F	¹ do	. 200	20
Tanguay, A	St. Charles	1,000	125
Terroux, B	Arthabaska	900	99
Taschereau, H. S	Quebec	. 100	10 150
Turcotte, Mrs. E. C. L	St Michal	1,000	60
Tétu. Miss Mary	Quebec	1,800	285
Tétu, Miss Mary Tétu, Mrs. H. Tapin, F. X.	St. Anselme	900	90
Tapin , F. X	Three Rivers	. 1,800	180
Tache, J	. Kamouraska	.1 100	5
Taylor, J. B	UIIAWA	1,800	180
Vidal, J. O		100	1 10

ROYAL CANADIAN INSURANCE COMPANY-Concluded.

SHAREHOLDERS HAVING CALLS TO PAY-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for,	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Wright, J. H	Halifaxdo	1,800	\$ 100 180 180 700 1,750 180 1,420

SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Residence Residence Subscribed Faid up Cash	1			
Estate of Hon. Geo. Brown Ground 3,500 1,50	Name.	Residence.	Subscribed	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Estate of Hon. Geo. Brown				
Estate of Hon. Geo. Brown		1	\$	\$
Paufort and Sons			7,500	1,500
B. M. Britton	P. D. Ualvin		2,500	1,000
Total Color Total Color	3 M. Britton			2,900
Section Sect				1,000
Mon. M. C. Cameron	Wilmon Cheney	Montresi		18,880
J. D. Dalton London 15,000 3,00 F. A. Ball Toronto 10,600 4,22 C. F. Goodhue London 18,000 3,68 A. Gunn Kingston 5,000 2,00 E. K. Green Montreal 5,000 1,0 Greenhow Banks Toronto 2,000 4,2 D. F. Irish Montreal 2,500 1,0 D. F. Irish Montreal 2,500 1,0 J. K. Kerr Toronto 11,500 2,3 Geo. Martin Rae do 10,000 4,0 Hon. A. Mackenzie do 3,000 1,2 John Manghan do 2,500 56 J. and C. Mackenzie Sarnia 2,500 56 J. H. Mason Toronto 10,000 4,0 Hon. Wm. McMaster do 5,000 2,0 H. A. Nelson Montreal 500 2,0 L. A. W. Russell do 5,000 2,0 L. A. W. Russell <td>Hon. M. C. Cameron</td> <td>Coronto</td> <td></td> <td>1,900</td>	Hon. M. C. Cameron	Coronto		1,900
F. A. Ball	Robt. Jaffray			800
C. F. Goodhue London 13:000 36 A. Gunn Kingston 5,000 2,00 E. K. Green Montreal 5,000 1,00 Greenhow Banks Toronto 2,000 4,2 J. D. Irwin do 10,500 4,2 D. F. Irish Montreal 2,500 1,0 J. K. Kerr Toronto 11,500 2,3 Geo. Martin Rae do 10,000 4,0 Hon. A. Mackenzie do 3,000 1,2 John Maughan do 2,500 5 J. and C. Mackenzie Sarnia 2,500 5 J. H. Mason Toronto 10,000 4,0 Hon. Wm McMaster do 5,000 2,0 H. A. Nelson Montreal 500 2,0 H. A. Nelson Montreal 500 2,0 H. A. Wassell do 5,000 1,0 Lauratt W. Smith do 5,000 1,0 Gol. A. D. Shaw Ma				3,000 4.240
E. K. Green	C. F. Goodhue 1			-3 ,6 00
Greenhow Banks				2,000
J. D. Irwin				400
J. K. Kerr	J. D. Irwin	do	10,500	4,200
Geo. Martin Rae				1,000
J. McDonald				2,300 4,000
John Manghan	J. McDonald	do		1,200
J. and C. Mackenzie Sarnia 2,500 50	Hon. A. Mackenzie			2,600
J. H. Mason	J. and C. Mackenzie			500 500
Hon. Wm. McMaster	J. H. Mason	Foronto	10,000	4,000
S. Nordheimer Toronto 9,000 3,60 A. W. Russell do 5,000 1,00 Larratt W. Smith do 5,000 2,00 Col. A. D. Shaw Manchester, Eng 5,500 2,2 R. Waddell Kingston 1,006 4 Rev. J. Hellmuth London 2,500 1,0 A. C. Buck Caledonia 2,000 6 O'Keefe and Co. Toronto 2,000 8 J. H. Arnett, M.D. Hamilton 10,000 2,0 Geo. Greig Toronto 20,000 4,0 Mrs. Helen S. Blake Woburn, Mass 10,000 1,0 Samuel Harper Kingston 500 2 J. K. Kerr, in trust Toronto 7,500 1,5 Pellatt and Osler do 2,000 6 John Walker London 2,000 6 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,000 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y 500 2	Hon. Wm. McMaster			2,000
A. W. Russell	S. Nordheimer			200 3,600
Col. A. D. Shaw Manchester, Eng. 5,500 2,22 R. Waddell Kingston 1,009 44 Rev. J. Hellmuth London 2,500 1,00 A. C. Buck Caledonia 2,000 6 O'Keefe and Co Toronto 2,000 8 J. H. Arnett, M.D. Hamilton 10,000 2,0 Geo. Greig Toronto 20,000 4,0 Mrs. Helen S. Blake Woburn, Mass. 10,000 1,0 Samuel Harper Kingston 500 2 J. K. Kerr, in trust Toronto 7,500 1,5 Pellatt and Osler do 2,000 6 John Walker London 2,000 6 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,0 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y 500 2 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 3 Heury J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,4 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000	A. W. Russell	do	5,000	1,000
R. Waddel Kingston 1,000 4				2,000
Rev. J. Hellmuth				2,200 400
O'Keefe and Co. Toronto 2,000 8 J. H. Arnett, M.D. Hamilton 10,000 2,0 Geo. Greig. Toronto 20,000 4,0 Mrs. Helen S. Blake Woburn, Mass 10,000 1,0 Samuel Harper Kingston 500 2 J. K. Kerr, intrust Toronto 7,500 1,5 Pellatt and Osler. do 2,000 6 John Walker London 2,000 4 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,0 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y 500 2,0 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 3 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,4 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000	Rev. J. Hellmuth	London	2,500	1,000
J. H. Arnett, M.D.				600
Geo. Greig Toronto 20,000 4,0 Mrs. Helen S. Blake Woburn, Mass 10,000 1,0 Samuel Harper Kingston 500 2 J. K. Kerr, in trust Toronto 7,500 1,5 Pellatt and Osler do 2,000 6 John Walker London 2,000 2 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y. 500 2 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 3 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,44 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Henri R. Morrier Montreal 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Gev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2			2,000 10,000	800 2,000
Samuel Harper Kingston 500 2 J. K. Kerr, intrust Toronto 7,500 1,5 Pellatt and Osler do 2,000 6 John Walker London 2,000 4 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,0 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y 500 2 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 3 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,4 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Hemillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8	Geo. Greig	Toronto	20,000	4,000
J. K. Kerr, in trust Toronto 7,500 1,5 Pellatt and Osler do 2,000 6 John Walker London 2,000 24 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,00 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y 500 2 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 8 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,44 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Menri R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier Montreal 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,300 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. L. Archambault Varennes 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 <td>Mrs. Helen S. Blake</td> <td>Woburn, Mass</td> <td></td> <td>1,000</td>	Mrs. Helen S. Blake	Woburn, Mass		1,000
Pellatt and Osler do 2,000 6 John Walker London 3,000 4 J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,00 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y. 500 2 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 8 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,4 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 </td <td>J. K. Kerr, in trust</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>200 1,500</td>	J. K. Kerr, in trust			200 1,500
J. S. Cartwright Toronto 5,000 2,0 Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y 500 2 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 8 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,4 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,2 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do <td< td=""><td>Pellatt and Osler</td><td>do</td><td>2,000</td><td>600</td></td<>	Pellatt and Osler	do	2,000	600
Estate of D. F. Shaw Cape Vincent, N.Y. 500 Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 3 Henry J. Jones. Perche Station 7,000 1,4 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napiervile 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4				400
Hugh MacMahon Winnipeg 2,500 80 Henry J. Jones Perche Station 7,000 1,41 Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 44 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 44 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 44 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,88 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4			5 00	2,000
Jas. W. Bain St. Polycarpe 1,000 4 Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 2 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 4 Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,2 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4	Hugh MacMahon	Winnipeg		800
Rev. J. O. Remillard do 500 22 Elie Lemire L'Assomption 1,000 44 Mrs. A. Archambault 0 2,000 7 Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 44 Henri R. Morrier do 500 22 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 22 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,88 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4				1,400 400
Mrs. A. Archambault do 2,000 70 Jean R. Morrier 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,2 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Vilieneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4	Rev. J. O. Remillard	do		200
Jean R. Morrier Napierville 1,000 4 Henri R. Morrier do 500 2 Dr. F. Z. Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 2 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,2 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4	Elie Lemire			400
Henri R. Morrier	Jean R. Morrier	Nanierville		700 400
Dr. F Z Tassé St. Laurent 1,300 20 Rev. J. Gravel Montreal 1,000 2 Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4	Henri R. Morrier	do		200
Hon. L. Archambault L'Assomption 9,000 1,8 Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,2 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4				260
Hon. Jos. Armand Rivière des Prairies 3,000 1,20 J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4		Montreal L' Assomption		2 0 1,800
J. N. A. Archambault Varennes 1,000 2 Rev. G. Villeneuve L'Assomption 1,500 3 Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4	Hon. Jos. Armand	Rivière des Prairies		1,200
Louis Guilbault do 1,000 4	J. N. A. Archambault	Varennes	1,000	200
				300 400
				1,200

SOVEREIGN FIRE—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Rev. J. Gaudel L'	Assomption	\$	209
J. B. Forest	do	1,000	400
J. D. Rivest	_ do	1,000	400
Rev. J. L. Mangean	. Kemi	1,900 500	400
P. Martel L'	Assemption	200	20 0 40
F. Forest	do	1,000	309
Rev. C. E. Frenette St.		500	200
	rthier	2.000	809
Arch. Dostaler	do Islet	200 1,000	49 400
Rev. F. Dagenals St.	. Roche	500	200
Chas. Marcotte L'1	Islet	1,000	409
	do	200	40
Rev. Albert Lacombe	Assemption	300 1,000	60 400
Edward Richard	do	2,000	400
Ludger Forest	do	1,000	400
Rev. Felix Rochette	ult au Recollet	2,500	ā,00 9
Zephirin ArchambaultL'	Assomption	1,000	200
Rev. Paul N. Thivierge St. J. O. Daignsault St.	Inlia	100 100	20 40
Louis A. Seers Be	auharnois	4,000	1,600
Joseph Anctil St. Jean T. Pominville St.	. Anne de la Pocatiere	8,000	3,209
Jean T. Pominville St.	Vincent de Paul	3,000	1.200
Alfred DostalerBe		1,000	400
Wilfred Prevost	ntreal	100 2, 000	409
Joseph Trudel Ba	tiscan	400	169
Robert Trudel	do	200	89
J. B. L. Lanthier		1,000	400
Edouard Laberge		2,500 2,000	1,009
Edouard A. BeaudryVs	arennes	500	200
Olivier Genereaux Be	erthier	3,000	1,200
Moise Branchaud	ontreal	1,500	600
Dunvis Gaudet	Jacques de L'Achigan	1,000 100	409
Camille E. Paré St	Vincent de Paul	1,000	400 400
Joseph Paré	do	1,200	489
Jos L. Lafontaine Ro	oxton Falls	300	60
Laurent D. Latontaine	spierville	2,000	800
Cyrille Paré	Vincent de Paul	500 2,500	10 0
Rev. T. St. Aubin	enryville	100	40
Rev. M. D. Caisse	Sulpice	2,000	800
Gustave Laviolette	ontreal	2,000	:609
W. M. Lecavalier St. Estate Edouard Galarneau Mo	ntreal	1,000 3,000	200 1,200
Charles ManseauL'	Assomption	1,0 0	200
Camille ArchambaultLa Corporation Episcopale Catholique	do	3,000	609
Romaine Mo	ontreal	5,300	1,060
Miss Melina ChevalierL'	Assomption	1,000	109
Joseph Archambault St		2,000	809
Jos. Marion	do	3,000	1,209
Pierre Grenier, M.DSt	Maurice	3,000 100	1,200 20
Rev. M. D. MarcouxCl	hamplain	100	20

SOVEREIGN FIRE -Continued.

Mrs. Ernestine Dufresne				
Residence				
Residence				
La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Romaines Defense Catholique Romaines Defense Catholique	Warra -	D		
Three Rivers	Name	Residence.		Paid up in
La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Commission Com			ior.	Casn.
La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Commission Com				
La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Commission Com	مهرون المستحد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد المستحدد			
La Corporation Episcopale Catholique Commission Com			\$	\$
Mrs. Ernestine Dufresne		m, 5:	-	
Geo. A. Bourgeois				80
Edouard Richard, sen. L'Assomption 500 20 Rédouard Leblane L'Epiphanie 2,200 88 Miss Endoxie Richard L'Assomption 1,000 10 Rev. Francois Caisse St. Sulpice 600 244 Jean Blain Napierville 2,000 80 Estate Ephrene Dufresne Three Rivers 100 11 J. B. E. Mathieu Montreal 2,400 2,60 J. B. E. Mathieu Montreal 2,000 80 Prorrèce 2,000 80 40 Prorrèce Larue St. Augustine 2,000 80 Hon Pierre Fortin Quebec 2,000 80 H. A Paquet, M.D. St. Cuthbert 1,000 40 Victor Gladu St. Francois du Lac. 500 20 Henry Vassal Pierreville 200 20 Est Gaspard A. Massue. St. Aimé 400 16 Dr. Joseph Lemaitre St. Time de Pierreville 200 20 G. O. Reeves				
Rdouard Leblanc	Edouard Richard, sen	L'Assomption		200
Rev Francois Caisse	Edouard Leblanc	L'Epiphanie		880
Jean Blain	Miss Eudoxie Richard	L'Assomption		100
State Ephrene Dufresne	Jean Blain	Nanierville		
J. B. E. Mathieu	Estate Ephrene Dufresne	Three Rivers		10
Firman Dugas	J. B. E. Mathieu	Montreal		2,160
Proxêde Larue				920
Hon Pierre Fortin Quebec 2,000 800 1	Provède Larue	St Augustine		400
H. A. Paquet, M.D. St. Cuthbert 1,000 400 10	Hon. Pierre Fortin	Quebec		
Henry Vassal	H. A. Paquet. M.D	St. Cuthbert		400
Est Gaspard A. Massue	Victor Gladu	St. François du Lac	500	200
G. & O. Reeves. Pointe aux Trembles 1,000 400 1,000				20
G. & O. Reeves. Pointe aux Trembles 1,000 400	Dr. Joseph Lemaitre	St Thos de Pierreville		
S. Germain Belisle	G. & O. Reeves	Pointe aux Trembles		400
Eustache Matthieu	S. Germain Belisle	Joliette		400
Louis Pare				400
Stanislas E. Lefebvre Montreal 100 44 Rev. B. Paquette Quebec 1,000 400 Jos. A. Duchesneau St. Vincent de Paul 3,000 600 Moise Guerin Napierville 200 44 George R. R. Cockburn Toronto 12,200 4,88 Hon. W. H. Chaffers St. Cesaire 2,500 1,000 Hon. Jos. Gaudet Gentilly 1,000 200 Hon. Theo Robitaille Montreal 1,000 200 Hon. Theo Robitaille Montreal 2,000 800 Louis H. Trudeau Henryville 400 166 P. L. O'Donoghue Montreal 200 300 Atomie Bruvel St. Pierre Les Becquets 200 32 Basile Elie Polland Berthier en haut 300 12 Elie Pellerin do 1,000 400 Rev. W. Archambault St. Felix de Valois 200 300 Rev. W. Archambault St. Cuthbert 500 200 Louis Tranchemontagne Berthier en haut 1,000 350 Rev. Andre Brien St. Cuthbert 100 400 F. X. A. Biron do 500 200 Louis Beaubien Montreal 1,000 360 Louis Beaubien Montreal 1,000 300 Louis Beaubien Three Rivers 100 360 Louis Beaubien 1,000 300 Louis Beau				400
Rev. B. Paquette Quebec 1,000 400 Seminary of Quebec do 1,000 400 Jos. A. Duchesneau St. Vincent de Paul 3,000 600 Moise Guerin Description 200 40 George R. R. Cockburn Toronto 12,200 4,88 Hon. W. H. Chaffers St. Cesaire 2,500 1,000 Hon. Jos. Gaudet Gentilly 1,000 200 Hon. Theo Robitaille Montreal 1,000 200 Hon Chas. Cormier Plessisville 2,000 80 Louis H. Trudeau Henryville 400 160 P. L. O'Donoghue Montreal 200 20 Atomic Bruvel St. Pierre Les Becquets 200 20 Basile Elie Polland Berthier en haut 300 12 Elie Pellerin do 1,000 40 Rev. W. Archambault St. Felix de Valois 200 80 F. E. Rouleau St. Sartholemy 100 10 Louis Vadnais </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
Seminary of Quebec				400
Moise Guerin		do	1,000	400
George R. R. Cockburn Toronto 12,200 4,886 Hon. W. H. Chaffers St. Cesaire 2,500 1,000 Hon. Jos. Gaudet Gentilly 1,000 200 Hon. Theo Robitaille Montreal 1,000 200 Hon Chas. Cormier Plessisville 2,000 80 Louis H. Trudeau Henryville 400 160 P. L. O'Donoghue Montreal 200 36 Atomie Bruvel St. Pierre Les Becquets 200 36 Atomie Bruvel St. Pierre Les Becquets 200 20 Basile Elie Polland Berthier en haut 300 12 Glie Pellerin do 1,000 40 Rev. Archambault St. Felix de Valois 200 80 F. E. Rouleau St. Felix de Valois 200 80 F. E. Rouleau St. Cuthbert 500 20 Louis Vadnais St. Cuthbert 500 20 Louis Tranchemontagne Berthier en haut 1,000 36 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>600</td></t<>				600
Hon. W. H. Chaffers				
Hon. Jos. Gaudet				
Hon Chas. Cormier	Hon. Jos. Gaudet	Gentilly		200
Louis H. Trudeau	Hon. Theo Robitaille			200
P. L. O'Donoghue				
Atomie Bruvel				80
Blie Pellerin	Atomie Bruvel	St. Pierre Les Becquets		20
Rev. W. Archambault St. Felix de Valois 200 86 F. E. Rouleau St. Bartholemy 100 10 Louis Vadnais St. Cuthbert 500 200 Louis Tranchemontagne Berthier en haut 1,000 35 Rev. Andre Brien St. Cuthbert 100 40 F. X. A. Biron do 500 20 Chass Dorien L'Assomption 2,000 80 Louis Beaubien Montreal 100 20 N. H. Bourgouin do 500 100 Thos. Gauthier do 3,500 1,400 Alfred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 100 40 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 100 20 Est Alex Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Ziple Verte	Basile Elie Polland	Berthier en haut		120
F. E. Rouleau St. Bartholemy 100 10 Louis Vadnais St. Cuthbert 500 200 Louis Tranchemontagne Berthier en haut 1,000 35 Rev. Andre Brien St. Cuthbert 100 40 F. X. A. Biron do 500 200 Chas. Dorien L'Assomption 2,000 80 Louis Beaubien Montreal 100 20 N. H. Bourgouin do 500 10 Thos. Gauthier do 3,500 1,400 Alfred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 100 20 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elic Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 30 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 8		gt Folix de Veleis		400
Louis Vadnais St. Cuthbert 500 200 Louis Tranchemontagne Berthier en haut 1,000 350 Rev. Andre Brien St. Cuthbert 100 46 F. X. A. Biron do 500 200 Chas. Dorien L'Assomption 2,000 800 Louis Beaubien Montreal 100 20 N. H. Bourgouin do 500 100 Alfred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 160 40 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 80	F. E. Rouleau	St. Bartholemy		10
Louis Tranchemontagne Berthier en haut 1,000 350 Rev. Andre Brien St. Cuthbert 100 40 F. X. A. Biron do 500 200 Chas. Dorien L'Assomption 2,000 800 Louis Beaubien Montreal 100 20 N. H. Bourgouin do 500 100 Thos. Gauthier do 3,500 1,400 Alfred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 100 40 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,28 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 10 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 20 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 30 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 80	Louis Vadnais	St. Cuthbert		200
F. X. A. Biron do 500 200 Chas. Dorien L'Assomption 2,000 80 Louis Beaubien Montreal 100 20 N. H. Bourgouin do 500 100 Thos. Gauthier do 3,500 1,400 Alfred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 160 40 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 86	Louis Tranchemontagne	Berthier en haut		350
Chas. Dorien. L'Assomption 2,000 800 Louis Beaubien. Montreal 100 20 N. H. Bourgouin. do 500 100 Thos. Gauthier. do 3,500 1,400 Alfred Pinsonneault. St. Jacques Le Mineur 100 40 Miss Jeanne Dufresne. Three Rivers 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault. L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,28 Michel Caron. Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne. do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 80				40
Louis Beaubien	Chas Dorien	L2 Assemption		
N. H. Bourgouin do 500 100 Thos. Gauthier do 3,500 1,400 Alfred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 160 46 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 106 20 Est. Alex. Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 160 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 20 Elic Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 30 P. S. Gendron Montrest 200 86	Louis Beaubien	Montreal		20
Altred Pinsonneault St. Jacques Le Mineur 160 40 Miss Jeanne Dufresne Three Rivers 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault L'Assomption 2,000 80 A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 86	N. H. Bourgouin		500	100
Miss Jeanne Dufresne. Three Rivers. 100 20 Est. Alex. Archambault. L'Assomption. 2,000 800 A. M. Smith. Toronto. 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron. Three Rivers. 500 100 D. F. Dufresne. do 500 100 Nerée Hensan. L'Epiphanie. 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux. L'Isle Verte. 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron. Montreal. 200 86	Thos. Gauthier	_ do	3,500	1,400
A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron Montresl 200 300	Miss Teanne Dufresne	Three Rivers		40
A. M. Smith Toronto 8,200 3,280 Michel Caron Three Rivers 500 100 D. F. Dufresne do 500 100 Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron Montresl 200 300	Est. Alex. Archambault	L'Assomption		800
Michel Caron	A. M. Smith	Toronto		3,280
Nerée Hensan L'Epiphanie 1,000 200 Elie Mailloux L'Isle Verte 1,000 300 P. S. Gendron Montreal 200 300	Michel Caron	Three Rivers	500	100
Elic Mailloux	D. F. Duiresne	do		100
P. S. Gendron Montresl	Elie Mailloux	L'Isle Verte		200 · 300
	P. S. Gendron	Montreal		80
<i>994</i>		352	-++ ·	

SOVEREIGN FIRE-Continued.

	·		
N	D. 11	Amount	Amount
Name.	Residence,	Subscribed for	Paid up in Cash
!			- /
		\$	8
Elie LacertéPierre Barrette	Yamachiche	500	200
Gorgiana Archambault	L'Assomption	100 1,000	200
Prescille Archambault	do	500	200
Zephirin Joubert	St. Vincent de Pauldo	500 200	100 80
Dosithé Lacoursière	St. Geneviéve	400	160
Dr. V. R. Lavalleé Pierre C. Ducharme	do	200 100	80 20
George Read	do	200	80
M. Cripean	doSt. Stainslas	100 300	12 0
Narcisse P. Nassicotte	St. Geneviève	100	40
Rev. A. Labelle Lovis A. Langlais	St. Louis de Kameuraska	100 2, 0 00	20 400
Mrs. M. V. Tessier	St. Jean, Port Joli	1,000	400
W. Redford Murlock	Winnipeg	2,000 300	400 120
Elise Coallier	St. Remi	1,000	100
Henri Amignault Eugène Archambault	St. Hyacinthe	1,000	400 200
L. L. L. Desaulniers	Yamachiche	1,000 500	200
Louis E. Morin		500	200
Adelard de Martigny Octave Forget	Terrebonne	4, 000 5 00	1,300 200
Rev. Amedée Demesnil	St. Hyacinthe	1,000	400
Rev. Jos. Morin	Sault au Recollet	1,000 1,000	400 400
Rev. F. Aubray	St. Jean	1,000	400
A. Desjardins	Montreal	2,000 7,500	800 8,00 0
Rev. Isidore Doucet	Malbaie	1,000	400
John R. Cartwright		7,000 5,000	2,800 2,000
Jas. O. Ireland	do	1,000	400
W. and C. Baines La Rue Peck		300 5,000	1,000
Rev. A. O'Donnell		1,000	400
J. O. Villeneuve	Toronto	5,000	2,000
Kev. Pierre Poissante	St. Philippe	5,700 1,000	1,140 400
Rev. Geo. ChevrefilsLouis H. Archambault	St Anne	500	200
Boivin Van Stranbenzee	Kingston	1,000 2,000	400 800
Alphonse Lozeau	St. Vincent de Paul	1,0 0	400
Mrs. Margeret Blake	St Augustin	2,000 500	800 100
Kev. Stanislas Tasse	Montreal	1,000	200
Hon. E. Dionne	Toronto	2,000 2,500	1,000
A. H. Hudson	Crayford, Kent. Eng	2,000	600
Dame M. P. C. Dansereau Ulivier Frechette	Berthier	1,000 500	100
Joseph Z. Martel	L'Assomption	3, 800	1,520
J. M. aud L. O. Loranger Mrs. Mary E. Smith	Montreal	200 5,000	2,000
Peter D. Conger	do	5,000	1,000
R. A. Donaldson		2,000	800 499
	do	2,000	1 244

SOVEREIGN FIRE—Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Thos. G. Bright François Couture Jean Macardy Rasile Thibault. Wilbrod Constantine Joseph Macardy Fördinand Côté Fabrais Drolet Joseph Côté Louis Jobin Bernard Saunders. Dr. T. S. Covernton	Kintore Toronto St. Augustine do do do do do do do do do do do do do	\$ 1,000 1,000 2,000 500 100 200 800 200 200 100 100 500 2,000 500 3,000 2,000	\$ 400 400 800 200 40 80 80 80 80 40 40 200 640 200 1100 800

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
		\$	8
Alexander, Charles		5,000	625
Abbott, Hon. J. J. C., M.P	do	5,000	625
Anderson, Robert		29,000	4,875
Buntin, Alexander Boyd, John	do	20,000 3,300	2,500 412
Bryson, T. M		7,500	937
Brush, George S	do	2,000	250
Barbeau, E. J	do	5,000	625
Burland, G. B	do	2,000	250
Cumming, W. B	do	10,000	1,250
Cooper, William	do	5,000 2,000	625 250
Campbell, F. W., M.D	do	2,000	250
Coulson, D	Toronto	1,000	125
Cohen, M., in trust		3,300	413
Cox, George A		4,000	500
Cheese, W. E	Montreal	2,000	250
Cameron, A. H., Estate of	do	1,000	125
Claxton, T. James	do	5,000	625 625
Cramp, G. B Delisle, A. M., Estate of	do	5,000 4,000	500
Dakers, James	do	1,000	125
Ewing, S. H. & A. S	do	5,000	625
Edgar, Frank		1,500	187
Finlay, Samuel		10,000	1,250
Fisher, C. H. B		4,000	500
Filgate, Samuel		1,000	125
Forester, Rev. J. S., in trust	do	2,000 40,000	250 5,000
Gault, A. Fred	do	25,000	3,125
Gault, L. H	do	11,000	1,375
Gault, R. L	do	2,000	250
Gault, E. J.	do	10,000	1,250
Gilroy, Thomas		13,000	1,625
Greene, E. K	Montreal	5,000 2,000	625 250
Guld, Charles H Gunter, J. B	Fredericton	100	13
Hutton, James	Montreal	10,000	1,250
Hamilton, Alexander	do	5,000	625
Howard, R. P., M.D	do	5,000	625
Hingston, W. H., M.D	do	1,000	125
Miller, W. T		10,000	1,250
McLennan, Hugh	do	21,000 12,000	2,625 1,500
Mackay, Edward		10,000	1,250
McLennan, Hon. John	Glengarry	10,000	1,250
Moss, S. H. & J		5,000	625
Morrice, David	do	5,000	625
Moat Robert] do	2,000	250
McDougall, A	do	7,000 5,000	875 625
McCarthy, D. & J	Sorel	5,000	625
Macaulay, R	Montreal	16,500	2,063
Macaulay, R., in trust	do	300	87
Macaulay, R., in trust	do	1,000	125
Meyer, H. W. C.	Wingham, Ont	1,400	175
Moss, J. E	Montreal	2,000	250 125
Ogilvie, Hon. A. W	do	F 000	625
- 0	[do	1 0,000	. 525

SUN LIFE-Concluded.

المساحب مستعدد مستعدد المستعدد		
Parien, W	\$ 5,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 2,500 9,100 4,300 2,000 1,000 2,500 2,500 2,000 1,000 1,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000	\$ 625 125 1,250 312 1,137 538 1,000 250 125 125 312 313 250 250 125 1,250 313 62 1,250 1,250 31,33 62 1,250 313 312 125 1,250

THE TORONTO LIFE ASSURANCE AND TONTINE COMPANY.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Amount Subscribed for.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Brouse, W. H., Estate of. Bigelow, N. G	Prescott. Porouto do do do do do do do do Stratford Toronto do do Clinton Mitchell Goderich Clinton Stratford Brucefield Toronto Auburn Clinton Toronto Galt do Welland Wingham Clinton	\$ 5,000 1,000 1,000 2,000 1,000 2,500 2,500 1,000 45,500 1,000 500 3,600 300 1,000 2,500 2,400 500 1,000 1,000 1,000 500 500 2,000 1,000 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	\$ cts, 2,500 00 272 70 500 00 272 70 500 00 631 04 169 77 40 08 700 00 756 00 250 00 185 45 5,000 00 250 00 114 15 15 250 00 136 65 145 80 1,000 00 115 77 250 00 1,500 00 620 75 432 04 250 00 125 00 125 00 125 00 1,000 00
		104,200	29,772 20

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

LIST OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Name.	Residence.	Number of Shares.	Amount Paid up Cash.
			\$
	oronto	20	Ψ 40
	oodstock	20 £ 36	16 79
rank Arnoldi, in trust	do	37	16,72
irs. Mary Alexande"	do	5	10
	amilton	20 50	1,00
. Allen, Sub Man'g, in trust	do	30	60
ev. J. Barclay	do	49 180	98
Irs David Blair	do	20	3,60
loah Barnhart	do	100	2,00
G. Bowes	do	34 25	68 £0
J. C. Baines	do	3	6
rs. Sarah Beaty	do	40	80
State of Wm. Bilton	do	9 100	18 2,00
V. S. Lee, Trustees of Estate of Thos. Bell	do	20	40
V. & C. Baines	do	8.2	1,64
. & P. Browne	do ttawa	25 200	4,00
	oronto	20	40
Irs. C. M. Beard	. do	100	2,00
C. M. Benson & G. McCaul, Trustees	incinnati	15 38	76
D. E. Betley To	oronto	150	3,00
V. J. Baines, in trust	do	15	30
L. Brodie, Cashr., & C. A. Denison, Acct, in trust	do	3,192	63,84
L Blaikie, in trust	do	150	3,00
1. C. Cooch	do	109	2,18
Campbell Tr Irs. P. H. Cox Pa	rumansburg, N.Y	40 25	50
	ewarket	20	40
	carboro	40	86
ohn R. Cartwright	oronto do	42 80	1,6
A. Cameron, in trust	ontreal	50	1,00
Cameron, in trust	dodo	120 30	2,4
Cameron, in trust	do	25	5
Irs. Fannie G. Craig De		17	3
ames CampbellTo	dooronto	1 20	4
Irs. W. D. Carlyle	do	25	50
V. Copeland	do	100	2,0
State of G. Duggan	do	30 20	6 4
State of G. DavidsonBe	erlin	1 12	2
W. S. Durie & R. H. C. Green, in trust To	oronto	20	40
State of J. Dewar	ort Hope	50	1,0
Rev. J. DouseL	efroy	40	8
liss E. Duggan T	oronto <u>.</u>	9	1
Mrs. A. Dame	viviere du Loup	45 25	9 5
George Elliott G	łuelph	200	4,0
Rev. T. Ellerby T	'oronto	65	1,3

WESTERN—Continued.

LIST OF SHAREHOLDERS-Continued.

W		Number of	Amount
Name.	Residence.	Shares.	Paid up in Cash.
j	1	**	\$
	London Collingwood	56 11	1,120 220
Mary E. Ewart	Toronto	2	40
A. T. Fulton	dodo	320 5	6,4 00 100
J. K. Falconbridge	Richmond Hill	9	180
Rev. D. H. Fletcher	Hamilton	50	1,000
- L 4104	Foronto Brampton	149 49	2,980 980
	Foronto	50	1,000
J W L Forster	3rampton	15	300
	Bowmanville	50 4	1,000 80
Executors E. Fitzgerald	Foronto	170	3,400
J. H. Farley	do	2	40
C. H. & A. U. Gilmor	do	100 32	2,000
Estate of T. Guggisburg	Uxbridge	40	640 800
R. Gilmor	Coronto	. 21	420
2200001 01220	Beaverton	.30	600
1, M. COTOR	Foronto	3 56	60 1 120
	Belleville	25	500
Miss E. George	Coronto	44	880
Gzowski & Buchan	do	40 50	800 1,000
A. & D. Gilmor, Trs	Stratford	13	260
Wm. Gooderham1	oronto	130	2,600
	Coronto	84 50	1,680 1,000
John Howarth	do	320	6,400
A. L. Hindhough	Oswego	6	120
Lucy L. Harris	Jredit	310	100 6,00 0
	Metcham, Surry, Eng	56	1,120
Mrs. E. Harris	Predit	10	200
	orontodo	20 50	400
E. J. Hobson	Iontreal	25	1,000 500
J. Haining	Iamilton	7	140
	an Francisco	30 55	600 1,100
Home Savings & Loan Company	do	993	19,860
George Harrison A	urora	30	600
	carboro	130	2,600 1,260
And. Heron	oronto	73	1,460
Mary Hornby	do	33	660
J. Jackes	doork, Township	80	160 1,600
Watson JohnstonT	hornhill	3	. 67
Rev. Wm. Jupp	Iidland	22	440
	glinton	20 15	400 300
	Solborne	23	460
Rev. F. W. Kirkpatrick K	ingston	20	400
Estate of M. E. Kirkpatrick	do	20	400 220
J. J. Kenny	oronto	20	400
4	OKO	••	. 0-4

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WESTERN-Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Number of Shares.	Amount Paid up i Cash.
King Sou	th Quebec	37	\$ 74
. T. King Mor	itreal	25	50
m. Kerstiman, jun., and J. G. Beard		33	. 66
C. Kemp, Manager, and L. J. Bolster	onto	400	8,00
Accountant in trustondon and Canada Loan and Agency	lo	60	1 20
	lo	90	1,20
	lo	50	1,00
xecutors of Estate of D. Laidlaw	lo	35	70
	ltenham	13	26
	onto	20	40
	mmondville	2	4
state of R. S. Miller	nto	8 2 60	16 5,20
	lo	40	80
	fton	80	1,66
MichieTon	onto	700	14,00
	do	20	40
m. MagrathCre	dit	20	4(
	on to do	518	10,96
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do	2 280	6 6
rs. E. C. MyerGo	lerich	4	6,60
MaddisonBal	timore, Md	70	1,40
	ornhill'	20	40
	eronto	5	10
	onto	165	3,30
	10	17	34
	10	50	1,00
	dodo	$\frac{21}{128}$.	2,5
eo. McGillivrayWh	itby	13	2,3
	itreal	100	2,0
rs. M. G. McMurrich Tor	onto	10	20
	do	20	4
	do	25	5
	gston onto	33 15	6 3
	do	200	4,0
	do	12	2,0
s. Mary McDiarmid Ott	awa	15	3
	onto	1	
	io	20	4
	10	8	1 1
	odstock onto	20 80	1,6
	do	20	1,0
	do	175	3,5
ary Pyper	do	69	1,3
	do	101	2,0
	do	20	41
state of Wm. PipeBer		13	1 20
	ontodo	60 190	1,20 3,80
	ombrook	25	3,8
	erboro'	10	2
A. Phipper Bel	leville	600	1,20
G. Parkinson To		66	1,3

WESTERN-Continued.

Test Mark	Name.	Residence.	Number of Shares.	Amount Paid up i cash.
S. M. A. Perram. Hamilton 245 55 60 Patton 1				
C. Patton Toronto 25 6 2 2 4 2 2 5 5 6 1 3 2 2 4 4 2 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 1 3 2 4 4 2 2 4 4 4 2 2 4 4 2 2 4 4 2 2				1,80
O				50
		- · <u>-</u>		. 50
Corps A Pyper Woodstock	homas Paterson	Bowmanville		64
Tark Mary Paterson	eorge A. Pyper	Woodstock		2,52
Quesily State of J. Rothwell Kingston 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ellatt & Pellatt	Toronto		
State of J. Rothwell Kingston 7	rs. Mary Paterson			•
R. Ranny	Quealy			
Internal Content Addition A	But to or the second was a second sec			
Rowsell	lex. Rattray	Galt	40	'8 (
W. Rathbun, in trust	Rowsell			80
W. Rathbun, in trust	. Robinson			
New New		Deseronto		
H. Rutherford. Toronto 66 1,3 F. Ridout	. W. Rathbun, in trust			
F. Ridout	H Rutherford			
M. Ramsay	F Ridout			74
Secretary General of Canada So So So So So So So S	m. Ramsay	do		3, 8
W. Rathbun, in trust	eceiver General of Canada	_ =-		
Rayburn				
S. J. Rathbun	. W. Rathbun, in trust			
W. Rethbun, in trust	. Rayburn			
W. Rathbun, in trust	W Pathhun in trust			2
R. Rathbun	W Rathbun in trust			10
Section Sect	7. B. Rathbun	do		
Reed	iss L. Rathbun			9
State of John H. Seels	. W. Rathbun, in trust			1 1
State of A. Sands	2000			
rs. Mary Smith				i
W. Smith	re Mary Smith	Toronto		
S. Strathy, Cashier in trust	W. Smith	do		20
on. J. Simpson Bowmanville 80 1,6 rs. J. Scott Quebec 108 2,1 rs. M. A. Strachan do 13 2 Sinclair do 116 2,3 M. Smith do 15 3 Smith do 5 1 lex. Smith do 5 1 rs. E. A. Sherrard do 5 1 rs. Jane Smith do 5 1 rs. Annie Smith do 5 1 iss Anstrachan do 40 8 L. Scarth, in trust do 40 8 r. Symons do 40 8 r. Symons do 1 2 Sims do 1 2 Thompson do 360 7,2 state of M. Talbot do 25 5 r. A. Taylor do 25 5 r. A. Taylor do 30	. S. Strathy, Cashier in trust			10,80
rs. J. Scott	on J. Simnson	Bowmanville		
Sinclair	rs. J. Scott	Quebec		
M. Smith				
Smith				
lex. Smith			15	3
rs. Jane Smith				10
Stark & Co		40		1.
Stark & Co				
Stark & Co		40 111111111111111111111111111111111111	-	
L. Scarth, in trust		40		8
F. Symons	L. Scarth. in trust			80
Sims	F. Symons			18
Turner	Sims	do	-	
state of M. Talbot do 55 C. Turner do 25 Ta. A. Taylor do 23 Ta. A. Taylor do 110 Targaret Thompson do 30 Targaret Thompson do 30 Targaret Thompson do 30 Targaret Thompson do 30	. Thompson			
C. Turner	Turner.	<u> </u>		
do	SURVE OF M. TAIDOL		-	5
iss Mary Thorburn	TE A Tevior			60
McL. Thomson do do	iss Mary Thorburn		7	14
McL. Thomson do do	argaret Thompson			2,20
	McL. Thomson			

WESTERN-Concluded.

Name.	Residence.	Number of Shares.	Amount Paid up in Cash.
Miss C. Thorburn	do do Brantford. Brockville. Toronto Belleville. Thornhill Toronto	20 50 100 26	\$ 40 400 240 660 120 400 2,000 1,000 2,000 1,300 1,800 400,000

STATEMENT of Assessment made on Companies, as under for year ending 31st March, 1882, in accordance with the Insurance Acts of 1875 and 1877.

Companies.	▲ ment.	Companies.	A essment.
Accident	\$ cts 51 15 133 27 498. 13 70 80 22 97 286 91 4 19 233 08 175 68 824 61 363 62 265 04 271 93 53 44 80 12 108 14 210 42 244 35	Phenix of Brooklyn Phœnix of London Quebec Queen Reliance Royal Canadian Scottish Imperial Sovereign Standard Star Sun Toronto Life Travelers Union Mutual Western Retired Companies.	\$ cts 68 05 220 31 60 83 251 84 23 49 310 48 655 02 64 27 152 40 240 34 26 39 191 07 7 73 154 01 117 01 587 41
Lion Liverpool and London and Globe London Assurance London Guarantee and Accident London and Lancashire Fire London and Lancashire Life London Mutual Metropolitan Life Association of Canada North American North American Northern Norwich Union Ontario Mutual	46 06 42 40 366 49 117 90 65 29	Briton Medical Connecticut Mutual Dominion Edinburgh Life Association of Scotland National Life New York Life North Western Phænix Mutual Scottish Amicable Scottish Provincial United States	42 42 22 58 107 82 12 81 142 12 37 29 86 85 20 00 6 49 34 75

All the above have been paid.

INDEX, 1882.

		Ar	nual	Stater	nents.			Abstra	ct of	Staten	nents.	iders.
Companies, &c.	Fire.	Lite.	Marine.	Accident.	Guarantee.	Plate Glass.	Steam Boiler.	Fire	Life.	Магіпе.	General.	List of Stockholders.
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ABSTRACT OF STATEMENTS

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FIRE AND INLAND MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANIES IN CANADA

FOR THE YEAR 1883.

(In advance of the Annual Report of the Superintendent of Insurance, and SUBJECT TO CORRECTION.

OFFICE OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE,

OTTAWA, 27th March, 1884.

Sm,—I have the honor to inclose an abstract of the business of Fire and Marine Insurance in Canada for the Year 1883.

This abstract has been made from the attested statements returned by the Companies, but must be considered as subject to correction, when I shall have the honor to report to you their statements in full, after personally visiting the head offices.

I have honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. B. CHERRIMAN,

Superintendent of Insurance.

Hon. Sir LEONARD TILLEY, K.C.M.G., C.B.
Minister of Finance.

ABSTRACT FOR THE YEAR 1883.

FIRE IN	SURANCE II	N CANADA-	-CANADIAN	FIRE INSURANCE IN CANADA—CANADIAN COMPANIES	y.		
	Net Cash	Gross	Net Amount	Net Amount of	Net	Unsettled Olaims	Olaims.
	Received for Premiums.	Policies New and Renewed.	at Risk at Date.	Josses incurred during the Year.	Amount paid for Losses.	Not Resisted.	Resisted.
	₩	69		69	6	₩	₩.
	121,071	14,418,678	13,914,026	85,785	82,480	15,209	None.
London Mutual Fire	110,830	13,487,532	38,467,658	69,070	70,211	6,545	None.
Quebec Royal Canadian	64,434	5,043,964 21,830,956	6,566,406 21,029,952	128,914	49,056 $117,806$	3,463 18,844	None.
	88,443	10,936,263	15,059,179 36,201,945	89,560 223,880	96,884 207,325	4,089	7,316 None.
Total for 1883	1,091,801	122,302,460	149,930,173	776,016	759,375	101,956	8,633
Total for 1862	1,033,433	124,123,716	152,564,079	152,723	733,843	91,276	15,446
		BRITISH COMPANIES	PANIES.				
Çaledonian	71,047	7,761,140	6,526,593	32,665	18,631	14,034	None.
Commercial Union	149,665 294,508	11,337,258 31,441,496	9,951,395 32,920,799	88,559 249,119	254,744	21,726	2,767
Fire Insurance Association	169,316	13,398,775	13,522,809	95,086	38,740	7,406 None	7,188 None
Imperial	199,062	20,779,661	19,805,465	125,594	92,334	31,853	8,300
Lancashire Liverpool and London and Globe	210,159 195,602	21,563,330 24,374,900	21,262,792	134,188	124,943	9,518	750
London and Lancashire	95,299	12,396,508	9,423,865 8,468,218	71,048	76,682 51.2 89	3,501 None.	None.
	32,528	3,905,697	2,655,093	10,973	6,472	4,500	None.
North British Northern	293,579 169,577	38,549,650 16,127,057	37,190,452 15,720,719	155,427	168,409 87,365	14,478	None.
	203,548	10,424,131 20,745,791	20,395,321	52,344	64,098 145,025	896	None. 1,000

, 4,300 1,000 None. 500	28,705	22,300		None. None. None. None.	None.	None.	:	8,633 28,705 None.	37,838	37,746	
15,960 85,007 1,000 3,650	241,879	163,250		10,815 2,200 12,234 628	25,877	10,834		101,956 241,879 25,877	369,712	265,360	
132,189 418,241 21,229 13,599	1,992,671	1,768,444		51,953 28,965 71,415 14,795	167,127	163,699		759,375 1,993,671 167,127	2,919,173	2,664,986	
141,603 434,772 20,662 16,243	2,088,420	1,898,282		57,246 30,465 81,468 15,119	184,288	158,363		776,01 6 2,088,420 184,288	3,048,724	2,807,368	
20,769,787 103,704,993 3,080,535 5,839,288	380,493,615	339,520,054	PANIES.	7,364,720 16,783,017 14,104,692 3,467,867	41,720,296	34,772,345	ATION.	149,930,173 386,493,615 41,720,296	572,144,084	526,856,478	-
21,640,183 66,256,830 736,032 7,694,501	350, 993, 028	321,466,183	AMERICAN COMPANIES	13,208,644 7,458,765 14,031,520 5,585,885	40,284,814	32,454,518	RECAPITULATION	123,302,460 350,993,028 40,484,814	513,580,302	478,044,416	
216,814 609,973 12,759 50,400	3,178,850	2,908,458		114,616 70,457 131,133	354,090	287,815		1,091,801 3,178,850 354,090	4,624,741	4,229,706	
Green Royal Royal Royal Scottish Imperial Scottish Union and National	Tetal for 1883	Total for 1882	The state of the s	Atna	Tetal for 1883	Total for 1882		7. Canadian Companies. 19. British Companies.	Grand total for 1883	Grand total for 1882	
=			1.	1	•		l _E	-04			ı

INDAND Marine Insurance Business in Canada, 1883.

	Net Cash	Gross Amount of Policies,	Net Amount at	Net Amount of	Unsettled Claims.	Claims.	Net Amount of Losses
	Premiums.	New and Renewed.	Risk at Date.	Losses Paid.	Not Resisted.	Registed.	Incurred during the Year.
CANADIAN CONFANISS.	•		••	. •	••	•	*
Anchor	17,086		None.	10,828	4,726	None.	9,354
British America	13,405	792,054	None.	9,820	None.	None.	4,348
Royal Canadian	15,743	4,733,677	None.	17,656	3,306	None.	11,243
Western	25,086	2,816,235	33,000	12,541	1,676	None.	9,640
AKERIOAN CONFANISH.	71,319		33,000	50,845	8)808	None.	34, 585
AtnaPhenix of Brooklyn	1,611 None.	327,895 None.	None. None.	12,155	None. None.	None. None.	12,155 None.
	1,611	327,895	None.	13,655	None.	None.	12,155

Canadian Companies			RECAPIT	REUAFITULATION.				
1,611 227,896 None. 13,666 None. None. 15,666 1,600. None. None.	Canadian Companies	_		33,000	50,845	809'6	None.	34,585
33,090 64,500 9,608 None.	American Companies	1,611	\$27,898	None.	13,655	None.	None.	12,166
		12,930		33,060	64,500	9,608	None.	48,740

4

ABSTRACT of Fire and Marine Insurance done by Canadian Companies which do business outside? of the Dominion, and of Inland Marine and Ocean business done by Companies combining these branches, for 1883.

		BRITISH AM	TRICA ASSUR	ANOE COMPA	BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY, TORONTO			
	Net Cash received	Gross Amount of Policies	Net Amount at	Net	Unsettled	Unsettled Claims.	Net Amount of Losses	d d
ABULTO OF DUBITORS.	for Premiums.	_ ¥	Risk at Date.	Losses Paid.	Not Registed.	Resisted.	Incurred during the Year.	
	•	**	•	•	*	*	₩.	
Fire Insurance	662,747 28,718 48,443	63,235,572 1,774,787 343,719	58,6 10,160 169,836 109,050	493,193 28,808 28,043	96,248 75 9,569	10,731 None. None.	469,943 19,816 36,025	In all countries,
	139,908	65,354,078	58,289,046	550,044	105,892	10,731	525,784	
8		ROYAL CANA	DIAN INSUR.	ANCE COMPA	ROYAL GANADIAN INBURANCE COMPANY, MONTREAL.	I.		
Fire Insurance Inland Marine, Marine, Ocean.	193,021 15,742 105,573	21,830,956 4,133,577 3,335,701	21,029,952 None. 399,550	117,806 17,656 102,104	18,844 3,306 6,293	None. None. None.	128,914 11,243 91,430	In Canada, 31st Dec., 1883.
	314,336	29,888,234	21,429,503	237,566	27,443	None.	231,587	·
		WESTER	WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, TORONTO	E COMPANY,	TORONTO.			
Fire Insurance Intend Marine Marine, Ocean.	1,158,627 61,337 163,303	113,487,533 10,012,316 11,033,798	99,387,471 393,076 685,537	859,262 57,720 144,176	122,460 4,319 23,755	4,750 None. 6,000	916,271 41,610 147,671	In all countries,
	1,373,267	134,533,647	100,466,083	1,061,158	150,534	10,750	1,105,652	
		*						

		PHENIX INS	URANCE COM	PHENIX INSURANCE COMPAÑY OF BROOKLYN, U.S.	DOKLYN, U.S.			
Fire Insurance	37,885 None. 19,065	5,585,885 None 1,829,142	3,467,867 None. None.	14,795 1,500 14,480	628 None. None.	None. None. None.	15,119 None. 14,480	In Canada, 31st. Dec., 1883.
	56,950	7,415,027	3,467,867	30,775	628	None.	29,599	
		A8T)	NA FIRE INSU	ETNA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY	ANY.			
Fire Insurance	114,615	13,208,644 327,895	7,364,720 None.	61,952 13,155	10,815 None.	None. None.	57,246 12,155	In Canada, 31st Dec., 1883.
	116,226	13,536,539	7,364,720	64,107	10,815	None.	69,401	
		QUEB	EO FIRE ASS	QUEBEO FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.	PANY.			
Fire Insurance	65,245	5,128,464	6,645,906	49,056	3,463	None.	47,225	In all countries, 31st Dec., 1883.
		SOVER	EIGN FIRE IN	SOVEREIGN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANT	MPANT.			
Fire Insurance	203,880	33,922,902	25,896,039	165,857	35,744	7,316	179,271	In all countries, 31st Dec., 1883.
*				A				

TABLE I.—Showing the TOTAL ASSETS, and their Nature, of Canadian CANADIAN COM

Companies.	Commenced Business.	Real Estate.	Loans on Real Estate.	Stocks, Bonds and Debentures.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	Ş cis.
▲nchor	31st March, 1874	None.	5,649 40	58,680 00
British America	1833	90,000 00	2,250 00	902,055 90
Citizens'	lst January, 1865	85,000 00	None.	87,896 50
London Mutual Fire	1859	None.	700 00	None.
Quebec	1818	32,000 00	None.	73,487 90
Royal Canadian	13th August, 1873	None.	33,000 00	254,106 67
Sovereign	July, 1871	Mone.	10,835 00	98,407 25
Western	August, 1851	\$ 7, 440 00	21,350 00	702,137 23

^{*} Including premium notes, \$233,689.86.

Companies doing business of Fire and Inland Marine Insurance.

PANIES-ASSETS-1883.

Loans on Collaterals.	Agents' Balances and Bills re- ceivable.		Cash on hand and in Banks, or deposited with Government		due and accrued.		Other Assets.		Total Assets.		Nature of Business.
\$ cts.	\$	cts.	\$	ets.	\$	ets.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	
19,750 00	14,225	71	9,040	86	1,295	82	17,201	45	125,843	24	Inland Marine.
None.	62,6 38	88	39,547	90	980	67	12,312	69	1,109,786	04	Fire, Inland & Ocean.
None.	31,494	70	13,585	56	1,986	15	26,229	35	246,192	26	Fire and Accident.
Mone.	*252,492	50	78,290	26	259	68	753	66	232,487	10	Fire.
None.	3,848	35	36,118	32	1,144	97	806	85	147,405	4 9	do
102,107 79	58,862	59	87,880	14	None	.	29,802	75	565,759	94	Fire, Inland & Ocean.
18,200 00	49,663	68	62,544	08	1,971	30	1,653	90	243,275	21	Fire.
None.	200,759	24	269,057	59	9,743	54	44,146	15	1,304,633	75	Fire, Inland & Ocean

TABLE II.—Showing the Assets in Canada of British and American
BRITISH COMPANIES—

				UMPANIES-
Companies.	Commenced Business in Canada.	Real Estate.	Loans. on Real Estate.	Stocks, Bonds and Debentures.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Caledonian	1883	None.	None.	91,529 84
City of London	1st September, 1881.	None.	None.	102,200 00
Commercial Union	11th September, 1863.	None.	None.	110,390 60
Fire Insurance Association	December, 1880	None.	None.	100,000.00
Guardian	1st May, 1869	None.	None.	107,176;17
Imperial	1864	None.	None.	102,288.28
Lancashire	July, 1864	None.	3,000.00	50,126 66
Liverpool and London and Globe	4th June, 1851	96,846 45	410,800 00	78,775 00
London and Lancashire	1st April, 1880	None.	None.	102,200,00
London Assurance	lst March, 1862	None.	None.	178,690 0
National of Ireland	2nd April, 1883	None.	None.	100,161 00
North British	1862	73,240 00	83,000 00	528,565 82
Northern	1867	None.	None.	102,900 06
Norwich Union	lst April, 1880	None.	None.	109,000 00
Phœnix of London	1804	None.	None.	107,626 00
Queen	5th July, 1859	2,060 00	None.	148,434 00
Royal	About 1848	120,000 00	None.	689,533 34
Scottish Imperial	1869	None.	None.	111,377 50
Scottish Union and National	February, 1882	None.	None.	122,673 00

AMERICAN

Atna Fire	1821	None.	None.	114,700 00
Agricultural of Watertown	October, 1878	900 00	None.	124,000 00
Hartford	Į.		None.	104,009 65
Phenix of Brooklyn	1		None.	125,000 00
	120 222), 1012	1.010.	1.0110.	1 225,000

Companies doing business of Fire and Inland Marine Insurance in Canada. ASSETS IN CANADA—1883.

1						
Calledonala	Agents' alances and Bills Receivable.	Cash on hand and in Banks or deposited with Government	Interest due and accrued.	Other Assets.	Total Assets in Canada.	Nature of Business.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
None.	7,086 47	30,052 54	None.	2,620 72	131,289 57	Fire.
None.	8,390 6 6	9,996 28	None.	4,913 15	125,500 09	do
None.	11,565 31	12,788 34	None.	1,900 00	136,644 25	đo
None.	16,301 97	1,537 07	None.	1,200 00	119,039 04	do
None.	None.	10,663 93	None.	None.	117,840 10	do
None.	None.	20,422 68	None.	None.	122,710 96	đo
None.	17,569 92	55,759 43	1,131 74	None.	127,587 75	do
1,222 72	3,682 53	153,489 11	12,385 91	2,000 00	759,201 72	Fire and Life.
None.	1,339 31	1,467 48	None.	None.	105,006 79	Fire.
None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	178,690 00	Fire and Life.
None.	2,116 80	346 57	None.	3,742 72	106,367 09	Fire.
146,000 00	37,189 35	102,259 11	9,763 47	2,500 00	982,517 75	Fire and Life.
None.	10,080 93	13,182 65	1,106 66	2,549 63	129,819 93	Fire.
None.	3,062 47	72,791 68	520 00	None.	185,374 15	do
None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	107,626 00	do
2,514 57	6,412 03	12,442 36	122 17	2,150 00	174,135 13	Fire and Life.
20,817 40	43,842 30	3,745 41	None.	7,419 90	885,358 35	do.
None.	None.	None.	35 00	None.	111,412 50	Fire.
None.	419 09	None.	None.	None.	123,092 09	do

COMPANIES.

None.	11.524 19	11,431 33	None.	None.	137,655 52 Fire and Inland Mariae.
None.	9.778 68	None.	None.	None.	134,678 68 Fire.
None.	4,863 93	None.	None.	None.	 108,873 58 do
None.	1,511 04	None.	None.	None.	126,511 04 Fire and Inland Marine.
	1 '			1	!

Ť H	TABLE III.—Showing the	Total Liabilit	ies of Canad Inadian co	lian Compani MPANIES—LI	lities of Canadian Companies doing busin CANADIAN COMPANIES—LIABILITIES, 1883.	iness of Fire i3.	or Inland M	the Total Liabilities of Canadian Companies doing business of Fire or Inland Marine Insurance. CANADIAN COMPANIES—LIABILITIES, 1883.	
	Unsettled Losses (F., f. & O.)	Reserve of Unearned Premiums (f., 1. & 0.) and Liability under other Branches.	. Sundry.	Total Liability, not including Capital Stock.	e Excess of Assets over Liabilities, capital Stock. d The Reverse.	Capital Stock paid un or in course of collection.	Surplus (if any) of Assets over Liabilities and Capital Stock.	Nature of Business.	
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	s cts.	S cts.	S cts		
Anchor	20,917 71	None.	7,285 47	28,203 18	e 97,640 06	143,430 00		Inland and Ocean.	
British America	116,622 15	395,351 19	32,814 59	544,787 93	e 564,998 11	200,000 00	64,998 11	64,998 11 Fire, Inland and Ocean.	
Citizens'	13,552 38	103,256 40	76,340 17	192,148 95	ø 54,043 31	17,990 48		Fire and Accident.	
London Mutual Fire	8,644 52	242,998 31	None.	249,542 83	e 82,944 27		82,944 27	Fire.	
Quebec	3,463 31	42,997 48	525 25	46,986 04	ø 100,419 45	98,930 00	1,489 45	op	
Royal Canadian	27,443 40	140,186 73	None.	167,630 13	e 398,129 81	330,815 00	67,314 81	67,314 81 Fire, Inland and Ocean.	
Bovereign	43,060 25	118,076 84	1,118 91	162,256 00	e 81,019 21	208,710 00	Fire.	Fire.	
Western	161,283 72	715,476 74	47,947 79	924, 708 25	e 379,925 50	400,000 00		400,000 00 Fire, Inland and Ocean.	
		_		_	_	_			_

TABLE IV.—Showing the Liabilities in Canada of British and American Companies doing business of Fire or Inland Marine Instrumental Marine

•	I COMPANIES-LIABILITIES IN CANADA.
5	N
2	TIES
.	BILL
Insulation in Calland 101 and 10a:	NIES-LIA
	COMPA
mont	BRITISH

	Unsettled Losses (F., I. and O.)	Reserve of Unearned Premiums (F., I. and O.)	Liability under Life Branch.	Sundry.	Total Liabilities in Canada.	e Excess of Assets over Liabilities. d The Reverse.	Nature of Business.
Caledonian Oity of London Commercial Union Fire Ingurance Association Guardian Imperial London and London and Globe London and Lancashire London Assurance National of Ireland Northern Northern Northern Northern Northern Royal Royal Scottish Imperial Scottish Imperial	\$ cts. 14, 033 60 27,245 57 24,492 64 11,593 43 None. 40,152 69 3,501 26 3,501 26 11,169 84 11,169 84 22,162 69 37,007 11 1,000 000 4,150 000	40, 823 43 87, 444 65 169, 873 69 81, 273 95 621, 273 95 621, 273 95 111, 501 04 113, 065 17 133, 065 17 133, 065 17 184, 350 29 14, 739 00 166, 312 47 98, 286 11 64, 444 55 115, 180 69 124, 095 47 474, 677 82 124, 095 47 126, 623 08	\$ cts. 50,000 00 4,000 00 275,000 00 275,000 00 292,538 09	\$ cts. 1,375 07 1,495 80 None. None. None. None. 1,329 28 None. None. None. None. None. None. 1,383 97 None. None. 250 00 None. 1,483 97 None. 2,000 00 None.	66,232 00 116,186 02 194,366 33 924,366 33 92,1867 38 62,120 84 151,991 29 46,350 29 19,339 00 19,339 96 19,465 61 19,465 61 1	Cts. 75,057 57 6 9,314 07 77,723 08 6 65,713 166 6 65,719 26 77,19 26 77,19 26 77,19 28 77,19 28 77,19 28 77,19 28 77,19 28 77,19 38	Fire. do do do do do fire. Fi
		AM	AMERICAN COMPANIES	ANIES.			
Agna Fire Watertown Agricultural of Watertown Hartford Phonix of Brooklyn	10,814 80 3,200 00 13,234 44 628 00	39,134 15 92,606 52 74,066 98 18,811 56		None. None. None. None.	49,948 95 94,806 52 86,301 43 19,439 56	e 87,706 57 e 39,872 16 e 22,572 15 e 107,071 44	Fire and Inland Marine. Fire. do Fire, Inland and Ocean.

TABLE V.—Showing the Cash Income and Expenditure of Canadian Companies Expenditure in Canada of British and

CANADIAN COMPANIES-INCOME

INCOME (CASH).

	***	COME (CASH).			
Companies.	Net Cash for Premiums.	Interest and Dividends on Stocks, &c.	Sundry.	Total Cash Income.	Received on Account of Capital Stock not included in Income.
		\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ ct
AnchorBritish America	17,085 87 739,907 73	5,834 95 40,717 48	10,828 69 6,554 59	33,749 51 787,179 80	3,560 0 None.
Citizens'	181,393 14 110,830 40 65,245 47 314,336 54	5,866 61 2,282 91 4,052 83 19,759 23	7,456 14 1,396 65 1,648 77 5,422 44	194,715 89 114,509 96 70,947 07 339,518 21	None. None. 73,705 0
Sovereign	203,879 62 1,373,266 75	13,298 50 43,313 54	72 93 None.	217,251 05 1,416,580 29	13,020 00 None.
Caledonian	71,047 03 149,665 26 294,508 27 109,316 13	4,276 51 4,876 06 4,004 40	None. None. None. 8 50	71,047 03 153,941 77 299,384 33 113,329 03	
Juardiau	97,784 76 199,062 45 210,158 98 195,601 85 95,298 99	4,331 33 4,496 83 5,313 13 32,233 69 4,181 40	None. None. None. 4,680 88 None.	102,116 09 203,559 28 215,472 11 232,516 42 99,480 39	
London Assurance	76,959 19 32,528 36 293,579 05 169,576 74 90,769 83	6,680 00 4,006 44 41,075 00 5,247 88 5,609 18	None. None. 4,350 00 None. None.	83,639 19 36,534 80 339,004 05 174,824 62 96,379 01	
Phœnix of London Queen	203,548 15 216,313 95 609,972 65 12,759 03 50,400 30	5,381 30 6,881 21 18,056 66 7,253 53 6,167 20	None. None. 5,613 57 None. None.	208,929 45 223,195 16 633,642 88 20,012 56 56,567 50	***************************************
<u> </u>		I	1	<u> </u>	AMERICA
Ætna Fire	116,225 97	4,735 00	None.	120,960 97	
Agricultural of Watertown Hartford Phenix of Brooklyn	70,456 93 131,132 58 56,950 41	None. 3,390 00 None.	None. N∈ne. 2,064-82	.70,456 93 134,522 58 59,015 23	

doing Fire or Inland Marine Insurance in Canada, and the Cash Income and American Companies in those Branches.

AND EXPENDITURE, 1883.

EXPENDITURE (CASH).

Paid for losses.	General Expenses.	Dividends or Bonus to Stock- holders.	Total Cash Expen- diture.	e Excess of Premums over Losses Paid. d The Reverse.	e Excess of Income over Expenditure. d The Reverse.	Nature of Business.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
15.011 25	7,056 70	None.	22,067 95	e 2,074 63	e 11,631 56	InlandandOcean
550,043 69	262,099 98	49,730 00		e 189,864 04	d 74,693 87	Fire, Inland and Ocean.
135,613 39	70,869 58	None.	206,481 97	e 45.779 75	d 11,766 03	Fire.
79,210 78	29,095 08		99,305 86	e 40,619 63	e 15,204 10	do
49,055 82	13.648 11	None.	62,703 9 (e 16,189 65	e 8,243 14	do
237,566 39	8,,202 01	12,750 00	331,518 40	s 76,770 1 5	e 7,999 81	Fire, Inland and Ocean.
165,856 69	69,056 33	None.	234,913 03	e 38.022 93	d 17,661 97	Fire.
1,061,157 66	394,175 38	48,000 00	1,501,333 04	e 3:2,109 09	d 84,752 75	Fire, Inland and Ocean.

	 	Ī	i i		T	
18,631 39	16,139 35		34,770 74 e	52,415 6	L e	36,276 29 Fire.
82,158 45	37,792 38		119,950 83 e	67,506 8	l e	33,990 94 do
254,743 63	58,394 20		616 107 06 .	39,761 6	1 d	13,753 50 do
96,796 98	34,080 01		130,876 99 e	12,519 1	5 d	17,547 96 do
38,740 23	22 020 09		00 200	59 ,044 5	3 e	41,355 77 do
92,334 28	43,078 82		135,4!3 10 e	106,728 1	7 je	68,146 18 do
124.942 69	47,160 53		172,103 23 8	85.216 29) e	43,368 89 do
109.725.97	42,576 93		152,303 95 8	85,875 8	3 le	80,213 47 do
76,632 18	23,162 81		99,814 99 6	18,616 8	1 d	36+ 60 do
51,288 58	16,72+ 93	1	68,013 51 e	25,670 6	l e	15,6:5 6 8 do
6,471 77	15 066 45		01, 400 03 1	26,058 5		14,996,58 do (9 months)
168,409 01	78,527 49		246,936 50 e	125,170 0	t e	92 067 55 do
87.365 23	35,493 04		122,858 27 e	83,511 5	l je	51,966 35 do
54,098 44	18,726 31		72,824 75 e	g 36,671 3°	9 8	23,554 26 do
145,025 41	47,413 55		1 200, 100 00 1.	58,522 7	l e	16,490 46 do
132,188 57	48,248 86		180,437 43 e	84,125 3	3 e	42,757 73 do
418,240 84	134,595 58		552,836 43 e	e 191,731 8	l e	80,8 6 46 do
		1	28,881 83. d	d 8,:70 0	7 d	8,869 27 do
			27,457 34 e			29,110 18 do
,	- /		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 1	·
21,229 10 13,599 29	7,652 73 13,858 03					

COMPANIES.

64,107 59	21,392 35	 85,499 94	e	52,118 39	e	35,461 03	Fire and Inland Marine.
28,965 34 71,415 14 30,775 57	21,936 99	 	e	41,491 59 59,717 44 26,174 84	e		
:							Occan.

		INCOME-CASE.	-СА8н.		- September - Sept			Expenditu	Expenditure Cash.			
Nature of Dusiness.	Net Cash for Premiums.	Interest and Dividends on Stocks, &c.	Sundry.	Total Cash Income.	Received on account of Capital Stock not included in Income.	Paid for Losses.	General Ex- penses.	Dividends or Bonus to strock- holders.	Total Cash Expen- diture.	e Excess of Premiums over Losses d The Reverse.	e Excess of Income over Expenditure d The Reverse.	and the second second
	\$ cts.	& cts.	es cts.	es cts	& cts.	& cts.	cts.	S cts.	. ets.	\$ ct3.	\$ cts.	
Fire	181,393 14	19 958,9	7,456 14	194,715 89		135,613 39	70,868 58		206,481.97	e 15, 779 75	a11,766 08	
& Accident	17,317 73	None.	None.	17,547 73		11,908 77	*3,265 42		28,174 19	05,418 93	42,986 4€	
Guarantee	None.	None.	None.	None.		3 958 15	None.		3,558 15	d3,958 15	43,358 15	
	198,740 87	5,866 61	7,416 14	7,416 14 212,663 63	None.	151,480 31	79,134 60	None.	230,614 31	230,614 31 647,269 56	d18,559 69	

*Including bonus to policy-halders, \$48.00.

ABSTRACT

OF

LIFE INSURANCE IN CANADA FOR 1883.

ABSTRACT

OF

ACCIDENT AND GUARANTEE INSURANCE FOR 1883.

(SUBJECT TO CORRECTION.)

	9 30	as of Metuta		30th April, 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883.	31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883.		31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Mar., 1883. 5th April, 1883.		31st Jan., 1884. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Dec., 1883. 31st Jan., 1884.	Nov
	·	Resisted.		None.			None. 33 None. 33 None. 33 None. 33 None. 35		None. None. None.	:
	UNSBITLED CLAIMS	Not Registed.	89	62,292 2,267 8,835 None.	1,000 None. 2,000 6,824	15.3	1,000 10,000 3,540 1,563 3,407 36,769	None. 7,100 None. None. None.	3,000 1,076 None. 1,947 4,768	29,153
က်	-	Paid.	•	326,433 17,234 86,820 None.	18,502 2,861 35,403 53,545		5,000 3,500 56,984 5,417 4,137 71,929	1,120 52,320 None. None. 10,117	21,125 37,534 58,464 1,217 22,028	188,881
Year 188	+Net Amount	become Claims.	3 69	330,748 14,501 80,405 None.	16,377 2,861 27,965 50,334		6,000 35,396 85,396 7,543 81,445	1,120 45,187 None. None. 4,867	14,000 37,534 8,797 1,947 14,103	92,981
da for	Number of Policies	become Claims.		171 9 45 None.	38924		33.68.93	None.	-0141 e	43
e in Cans	†Net Amount	ر عي	•	29,699,645 1,576,116, 11,018,635, 722,665,	2,448,700, 146,882 6,469,720 5,548,706		1,478,350 98,722 802,648 716,420 504,792 2,793,458	268,775 3,730,602 30,125 928,184 403,279	218,374 893,724 467,213 215,355 923,909	8,181,929
Insurano	Number of	forde at date.		16.245 1,009 7,202 7,202 1,280	1,284 997 3,529		638 57 359 301 198 1,477	2,271 2,271 8 331 205	208 186 208 208 208 208 208 208 208 208 208 208	3,907
Abstract of Life Insurance in Canada for Year, 1883.		Policies New.	•	3,609,250 520,500 2,280,668 **410,384	1,333,400, 13,686, 1,907,500 1,505,433		1,164,700 None. None. 19,520 None.	1,056,144 None. 29,0 6 0 16,200	None. 9,700 None. None.	956,031
ABSTRAC		New.		1,775 276 1,612 **333	601 86 1,463 941		None. None. None. None. None.	8 624 None. 12	None. None. None. None.	809
	†Pre- miums for		•	799,824 43,702 309,377 ‡14,417 47,622	\$ 90,941 180,593 174,035		41,307 2,179 23,955 20,077 16,937 78,780	10,874 116,431 987 23,926 9,924	24,741 10,639 6,073 26,765	
=	:	ż	Canadian Companies.	Ganada Life. Cotizens Confederation Federal Life Association of Ganada.	North American { General Ontario Mutual	British Companies.	British Empire Briton Life Briton Medical Briton Medical Gomercial Union Rdinburgh Life Association of Scotland	Liverpoor and London and London and London and Lancashire. North British.	Royal Scottish Amicable Scottish Provident Scottish Provincial	Standard

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None.	None	None	None	3,00	3,48	None	Not in
28,630	200	1,356	3,046 3,346	13,513	6,714	None.	ducted. ‡
		8,303	19,340	000	8. 8. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9. 9.	1,000	g been de fom the T
189,489	76,280	3,956	22,387	4.93 6.93	0.20	0,0°C	ances havin
173	3 3 .	၁ ယ	201	₹8	3.4	, the	, reigsnr \$162,535,
14,366,409	8,468,520	392,751	3,590,627	1,948,770	3,796,021	416,225	punts are net policies for
11,007	3,310	300	2,446	1,624	4,465	202	† These am
2,258,875	7	None	Mone.	None.	109,250	47,4	in Canada. y. ** Not in
1,437	91.9	None.	None.	None.	7.	86; 61;	r business ir
575,994	38.	ကြွ	2	3 €	en:	10)	doing new
Atus	Equitable		North-Western.	Thevelor of Bartford	Union Matual	II United Distess	*These Companies have ceased doi rejnauring risks of the Toronto Life A.
	575,994 1,437 2,269,875 11,007 14,366,409 173 189,489 183,968 28,630 None. 31st Dec., 1	75,994 1,437 2,286,875 11,007 14,366,409 173 189,489 188,968 28,630 None. 31st Dec., 103,404. 67,000 1,946,000 3,310 8,485,520 40 76,280 100,780 100,780 100,780 None. 31st Dec., 31st Dec., 1046,000 3,310 8,485,520 40 76,280 100,780 100,780 None. 31st Dec., 31st De	75,994 1,437 2,286,875 11,007 14,366,409 173 189,489 188,968 28,630 None. 31st Dec., 103,789 None. 3,810,286 43 80,745 63,545 19,309 None. 31st Dec., 104,000 None. 3,810 Pec., 104,000 None. 31st Dec., 100,000 None. 31st D	75,994 1,437 2,286,875 11,007 14,366,499 173 189,489 188,968 28,630 None. 31st Dec., 13,887 3,510,288 43 80,745 63,545 19,209 None. 31st Dec., 13,788 None. 3,310 8,468,520 40 76,280 100,780 5,000 None. 31st Dec., 13,788 None. 3,310 8,468,520 40 76,280 100,780 5,000 None. 31st Dec., 13,788 None. 3,310 8,493 1,356 None. 31st Dec., 14,777 None. 3,468 804,495 10 22,337 19,023 3,345 None. 31st Dec., 14,777 None. 3,100,000 None. 31st Dec., 14,777 None. 3,100,000 None. 31st Dec., 14,777 None. 3,100,000 None. 3,1	75,994 1,437 2,256,875 11,007 14,366,409 173 189,489 189,968 28,630 None. 31st Dec., 1867 03,230 None. 1,867 3,510,258 43 80,745 63,545 19,200 None. 31st Dec., 31st Dec	75,994 1,437 2,256,875 11,007 14,366,409 173 189,489 188,968 28,630 None. 31st Dec., 1867 03,430 None. 1,867 3,510,258 43 80,746 63,546 19,200 None. 31st Dec., 31st Dec	E, 994 1, 437 2,266,875 11,007 14,366,409 173 189,489 188,968 B3,230 None. None. 1,867 3,610,258 43 80,745 63,646 B3,230 None. 3,510,258 43 80,745 63,646 63,646 B, 604. None. 3,610,258 40 76,280 10,770 10,770 B, 606. None. 390 3,411 471,217 3 15,000 8,000 H, 11 None. 390 3,50,627 27 53,769 8,333 H, 11 None. 1,646 3,56,637 41 41,95 3 H, 12 None. 1,624 1,946,495 10 22,34 49,340 H, 18 None. 1,624 1,948,770 41 41,94 37,321 H, 18 H, 19 1,746 3,746 3,746 37,321 37,321 H, 24 1,24 2,63 3,650,078 3,746 37,321 </td

INCREASE or Decrease of Items of Life Insurance in Canada, among the Active Companies, for 1883, compared with 1882.

CANADIAN COMPANIES.

Premiums Number of Amount of Of Amount of Policies of Policies (Applicies the Year. New. New. at date.	\$\bigset{\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	BRITISH COMPANIES. i
Increase (s)—Decrease (d).	*Canada Citizena Confederation Federal Life Association of Canada North American, General Ontario Mutual **S*Sun.********************************	

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200	4,323 6,000 24,000 16,753 9,393 9,100		
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1 079 418	1, 2, 1, 4, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,		
-	m. m. m. m. m. m. m.		
ة	254 117 117 169		
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910 808	311,200 6,000 465,000 84,399 63,600		
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	Rquitable Metropolitan New York Travelers' Union Mutual	*On their total business.	

ABSTRACT of Life Insurance done by Canadian Companies which do business outside of the Dominion, for 1883.

			H	HE CANA	THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.	ASSURA	NCE CO.				
	Premiums Number A	Number	Amount	Number of Policies in		Number of Policies	Number Net of Amount Policies of Policies	_	Unsettled Claims.	l Olaims.	
	Year.	New.	Folicies New.	force at date.	in force at date.	become Claims.	become become Claims.	pard.	Not Registed.	Resisted.	DAVE OF MENTILL.
	*		66		69		65		#	•	
In Canada	799,824	1,776	1,775 3,609,250	16,245	16,245 29,699,645	121	330,748	326,433	62,292	None.	
In other Countries	9,730	36	71,000	180	313,500	63	10,000	10,000	None.	None.	30th April, 1883.
Total	809,554	1,810	3,680,250	16,425	30,013,145	173	340,748	336,433	62,292	None.	,
				THE SU	THE SUN LIFE ASSURANCE CO.	SURANC	IE CO.				
In Canada	174,036	941	1,505,433	3,529	5,548,706	28	50,334	53,546	6,824	None.	
In other Countries	52,816	80	170,970	478	1,164,860	7	1,608	2,023	5,585	None.	318t December, 1883.
Total	226,851	1,021	1,676,403	4,007	6,713,566	32	57,942	899'99	12,409	None.	
										-	

ABSTRACT of Accident Insurance in Canada for the Year 1883.

<u> </u>				A 1000	4	15-			
	of this	Poli-	Poli-	of Poli- force at	of in late	incurred the year.	_•	Unsa Cla	TTLED IMS.
		Number of cics New Renewed.	mount of cies New Renewed.	or of a ser	Net amount force at date	ing th	Claims paid.	ot sted.	ted.
	Premiums year.	Numh Cies Rer	Amount cies I Renew	Number cies in date.	Net forc	Losses during	Clain	Not Resisted	Resisted.
	-\$		**		\$		\$.	\$	-\$
*Accident	44,638	5,354	8,439,500	2,3 30	4,693,900	-17,107	16,307	800	None.
Citizens'	17,403	2,3 99	3,615 ,375	1,170	1,789,400	12,021	11,909,	235	None.
London Guarantee &	11,226	1,303	2,157,600	1;865	3,340,300	1,752	1,752	None.	None.
Sun	17,059	1,534	2,893,100	1,875	3,367,050	10,388	10,388	None.	None.
Travelers'	38,618	4,119	8,073,350		••••••		38,777	2,000	None.
Totals	128,944	14,709	25,178,925			1	79,138	3,035	None.

^{*} Canadian business only.

DOMINION SAFETY FUND LIFE ASSOCIATION.

*Cash received for admission fees, dues, assessments and payments to Safety Fund \$35,574; certificates issued during the year, 905—amount, \$905,000; certificates in force at date, 2,003—amount, \$2,003,000; certificates become claims during the year, 12—amount, \$12,000; claims paid, \$12,000; claims ansettled, none.

ABSTRACT of Guarantee Business in Canada, for the Year 1883.

	Premiums of the Year.	Number of Policies New and Renewed.	od.	Number of Policies in torce at date.	Net amount in force at date.	Losses incurred during the year.	Claims Paid.	Resisted.	
·	\$		\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Oitizens'	None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	None.	3,958	None.	None.
Guarantee Co	44,477	4,065	5,282,420	4,372	5,432,405	17,468	18,585	None.	None.
Landon Guarantee and Accident	14,437	1,706	2,430,6 00	2,000	2,994,850	6,120	3,878	3,698	None.
Totals	58,914	5,771	7,713,020	6,372	8,427,255	23,588	26,421	3,698	None.

Abstract of Accident and Guarantee Business done by Canadian Companies which do business outside of the Dominion, for 1883.

THE ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO. OF NORTH AMERICA.

	of the	Poli-		of Poli- force at	nt in ate.	incurred the year.		Unse Clai	
	Premiums Year.	Number of cies New Renewed.	Z	Number of cies in fo date.	Net amount force at date	Losses incurred during the year.	Claims Paid.	Not Resisted.	Resisted.
	\$		8		\$	\$	\$	8	\$
In Canada	44,638	5,354	8,439,500	2,380	4,693,900	17,107	16,307		None.
In other Countries	211,943	16,565	22,840,400	13,556	15,890,400	75,674	73,174	3,500	None.
	256,581	21,919	31,279,900	15,886	20,584,300	92,781	89,481	4,300	None.
	THE	GUARA	NTEE CO.	OF NO	RTH AMEI	RICA.			
In Canada	44,447	4,065	5 ,282,4 20	4,372	5,432,405	17,468	18,585	None.	None.
In other Countries	116,005	11,132	14,968,950	9,217	12,190,250	40,382	36,386	7,162	None.
	160,482	15,197	20,251,370	13,589	17,622,655	57,850	54,971	7,162	None.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

FOR THE YEAR

1883,

Brinted by Order of Barliament.



To His Excellency the Most Honourable the Marquis of Lansdowne, Governor General of Canada, &c., &c.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

The undersigned has the honour to lay before Your Excellency the Annual Report of the transactions of the Department of the Interior.

Respectfully submitted,

D. L. MACPHERSON,

Minister of the Interior.

OTTAWA, 8th March, 1881.

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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

DEPARIMENT OF THE INTERIOR FOR THE YEAR 1883.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OTTAWA, 29th February, 1884.

To the Honourable David L. Macpherson, Minister of the Interior.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the Annual Report of the Department of the Interior, which, as usual, includes a complete statement of the business transacted to the end of the month of October, and, as far as possible, a general outline of all done to the close of the calendar year 1883.

Since the date of the last Annual Report important changes have taken place in the Department. At the beginning of the financial year, a complete re-organization was effected. The business had become so extensive, and the operations directed by the Minister of Interior so varied in their character, that a distribution of direct responsibility amongst the several officers at the head of the chief divisions of this work became imperative. At the time mentioned, therefore, the offices of Surveyor-General and Deputy Head, which had been combined in the person of my immediate predecessor, Mr. Lindsay Russell, were separated, Mr. Russell retaining the supervision of the Technical Division, and his seniority as a Deputy Head. Mr. Frederick White was invested with similar rank and authority as Comptroller of Mounted Police. Dr. Selwyn, who, as the Director of the Geological Survey, had always exercised independent control over that Branch of the Department, was also given the rank of a Deputy Head.

On the 17th day of October last you became the actual, as you had been for the greater portion of the preceding three years the Acting Minister of the Interior, and the North-West Mounted Police were then detached from this Department, and continued under the direction of your predecessor, the Right Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald.

Although the year 1883 does not show so great an increase in the business of the Department over the preceding year as did 1882 over 1881, and although, in regard to the receipts from sales and leases of the public lands, there was a slight decrease, the rate of progress has been fairly maintained, and the augmentation of the population of Manitoba and the Territories and the increase in area of home12—B

stead and pre-emption lands brought under cultivation during the year have been satisfactory.

The number of letters received in the Department during the year, exclusive of the Mounted Police and Geological Survey, was 27,180, as compared with 25,500 for the preceding year, and the number sent was 33,500, as compared with 30,300 in 1882.

The following is a summary of the returns of homestead and pre-emption entries granted and sales made by the Department, through its several agencies in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, during the past two years:—

	1882	1883
	Acres.	Acres.
Homesteads	1,181,652	970,719
Pre-emptions	904,211	659,120
Sales	613,282	202,143
	2,699,145	1,831,982

The decrease in the sales of lands as compared with 1882, is accounted for largely by the fact that in the spring of that year, during the period of inflation which was experienced in the North-West, the demand for farming lands, especially in the Birtle country, was very great, and the area disposed of correspondingly large. The sales of last year were more nearly in proportion to the natural demand.

There would seem to be a decrease of somewhat over 200,000 acres of home stead, and of about an equal area of pre-emption lands taken up during the year, as compared with the year 1882; but the Commissioner of Dominion Lands points out that a very much larger proportion of entries for these have been perfected by residence and cultivation on the part of those making them than in the previous year, and it may also be pointed out that a considerable proportion of the settlement of last summer affected lands which had been entered during the summer of 1882, but the entries for which were not so perfected.

The report of the Commissioner shows that 389 applications for cancellation had been submitted to the Land Board, which would involve, making due allowance for the usual proportion of homesteaders who did not avail themselves of the right of pre-emption, an area of about 120,000 acres; and as 375 of these cases were finally disposed of, the right of re-entry being granted in the majority of them, it is quite within the mark to say that of the lands taken up by settlers going into the country during the past season, 100,000 acres consisted of lands entered by speculators during the preceding year. Subtracting this area from that shown in the Report of 1882 to have been homesteaded and pre-empted in that year, and adding it to the actual area shown by the returns to have been homesteaded and pre-empted during the

season of 1883, it will be seen that there is practically but a very slight falling off in the latter year of the number of persons who became settlers on the public domain.

In this connection the following comparison of the transactions of the Department, year by year, from the time the North-West was acquired by Canada, will be found interesting:—

Year.	Homesteads Area.	Pre-emptions Area.	Sales Area.	Total Area.
77 A 2000	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Up to 1872		1,600	15,200	56,800
1873	136,640	2,400	16,620	155,6 60
1874	215,520	101,461	17,713	334,694
1875	84,480	67,314	4,908	156,702
1876	52,960	40,406	.39,562	132, 928
1877	145,280	107,715	170,989 j	423,984
1878	308,640	275,240	125,380	709,2 60
1879	555,296	270,178	271,343	1,096,817
Oct. 31, 1880	280,640	140,790	260,797	682,227
do 1881		263,647	355,166	1,057,620
do 1882	1,181,652	904,211	613,282	2,699,145
do 1883	970,719	659,120	202,143	1,831,982
	4,410,534	2,834,082	2,093,103	9,337,719

A comparison of the financial results of these operations will be equally interesting:—

Fiscal Period.	Homestead and	Ordinary	Sales.	Sales to Coloniza- tion	Total.	
Elebric Can. 1 Door 1 Citotal	Pre-emption Fees. Cash.		Scrip.	Companies. Cash.		
July 1, 1872, to June 30, 1873 do 1, 1873, to do 30, 1874 do 1, 1874, to do 30, 1876 do 1, 1875, to do 30, 1876 do 1, 1876, to do 30, 1877 do 1, 1877, to do 30, 1878 do 1, 1877, to do 30, 1879 do 1, 1878, to do 30, 1879 do 1, 1879, to do 30, 1880 do 1, 1880, to do 30, 1881 do 1, 1881, to do 30, 1882 do 1, 1882, to do 30, 1883 do 1, 1883, to Dec. 31, 1883	8,290 00 11,570 00 4,700 00 5,620 00 16,370 00 36,026 00 32,358 00 30,682 75 94,228 90 127,740 00	\$ cts. 21,616 00 17,637 00 13,591 90 3,704 31 1,069 90 2,682 24 8,188 44 41,768 47 62,940 84 1,228,424 37 516,092 21 119,947 79	\$ cts. 320 00 136,955 16 120,159 54 210,904 84 81,685 86 70,828 30 50,590 84 33,638 40 17,167 36	\$ et3.	\$ cts. 28,586 00 25,987 00 25,161 90 8,724 31 143,645 06 138,211 78 255,119 28 155,812 33 164,451 1,633,051 38 798,222 62 380,116 24	

The revenue from grazing, mineral, and timber lands combined, from the organization of the Dominion Land Office up to the close of the first half of the current financial year, is shown in the statement hereunder:—

	Fiscal P	efiod.				
1st July,	1872, t	o 30th June,	1873	\$	109	25
do	1873	do	1874		1,710	55
do	1874	do	1875		3,335	25
do	1875	do	1876		387	00
do	1876	do	1877		320	00
do	1877	do	1878		1,620	00
do	1878	do	1879		325	00
do	1879	do	1880	2	5,077	76
do	1880	do	1881	3	4,888	16
do	1881	do	1882	6	1,553	14
do	1882	do	1883	11	3,824	80
do	1883,[t	o 31st Dec'r,	1883	11	6,880	30
				\$ 36	 30,031	21

I submit also a statement showing the total annual cash receipts from all sourcescombined during these years:—

1872–73	\$	28,695	25
1873–74		27,697	55
1874-75		2 8,626	15
1875–76		7,073	90
1876-77		9,715	81
1877-78		19,892	24
1878–79		44,944	ι4
1879–8ú		100,756	32
1880-81		131,124	02
1881–82	1	1,744,456	48
1882-83	1	1,009,026	4 5
From 1st July, 1883, to 31st December, 1883		516,004	96
	_		
			

A summary of these comparative statements, and covering the same period of time, which could not conveniently be introduced into the body of this Introductory Report, is given in tabulated form on page.

\$3,668,013 27

It will be noticed that of the cash receipts for the financial year ending the 30th June, 1882, there was derived from sales to Colonization Companies the sum of \$354,036.17; for the financial year ending the 30th June, 1883, \$2 > 8,492.01; and

for the half year ending the 31st December last, \$243,001.09. The revenue from the sales to these companies continues to be a very important item in the income of the Department, while at the same time, as is shown by the extracts from the reports of Mr. Rufus Stephenson, published in the sub-reports hereto, and from an examination of the figures contained in Appendix No. 8, their efforts to promote the settlement of the lands in their several tracts have been successful to a gratifying extent, considering that the season of 1883 was the first during which they had the opportunity of putting the system into practical effect, and considering also the active competition in the immigration field with which they had to contend.

There are at the present time 26 of these Companies fully organized and in operation, to whom grants have been made under Plan No. 1 of the Regulations of the 23rd December, 1881, affecting 2,973,978 acres of land, one-half of which areathe even numbered sections—is of course open to homestead and pre-emption entry upon application to the Agents of the Companies, who for this purpose are under their agreement constituted the Agents of this Department, and are subject to the direct control of the Minister of the Interior. It was only possible, for various reasons, to have an enumeration made of the settlers on the tracts of 12 of the 26, and this enumeration shows a total number of 664 heads of families, who had not only received their entries through the Agencies of the Companies, but were in actual residence upon and cultivating their lands at the time of the enumeration. With the view of making their colonies as attractive as possible, most of the Companies are, at their own expense, furnishing their settlers with many necessary conveniences, such as saw and grist mills, stores, blacksmith and carpenters' shops, stage communication, and postal facilites where the regular departmental mail service has not already been established. They are also introducing superior qualities of seed grain, thorough-bred and well graded live stock, and the most improved implements of hasbandry, which it is said they offer at fair prices. One prominent cattle breeder, who has accepted the position of Managing Director of a Colonization Company, proposes, I understand, to place a considerable number of his thorough-bred stock upon the Company's tract.

Among the sub-reports herewith submitted, is one upon the Qu'Appelle Valley Farm, popularly known as "the Bell Farm." There are also special sub-reports upon the present condition and prospects of the Mennonite and Icelandic Colonies, in the Province of Manitoba.

The Land Board, under the direction of Mr. Commissioner Walsh, continues to fulfil the object of its appointment, and to dispose of the cases referred to it promptly and equitably. In addition to his duties as (Chief Officer of the Board, Mr. Walsh has under his control the land and timber Agencies of the Department in Manitoba and the North-West Ferritories, and also the Land Guide and Homestead Inspection services. These Agencies are rapidly increasing in number, as the survey

and settlement of the country and the construction of railways progress. Mr. Pearce, also a member of the Land Board, is charged with the inspection of the books and business affairs of the Agencies, the conduct of enquiry upon the spot into many difficult and delicate matters of dispute, and generally attending to everything appertaining to the outside work of the Board.

The system of inspection of homesteads inaugurated under the amended Land. Act, of 1883, is operating very markedly to the advantage of the actual settler, and has had the effect of putting an end to the occupation of the professional "homestead jumper"—an excrescence upon the free homestead system which, fortunately for the happiness of the people, has disappeared under the new order of things. Owing to the industry with which these "jumpers" plied their calling, and the extent to which the choice lands were being taken up by speculative squatters and spurious homesteaders, hired for the occasion, to the manifest injury of the bond fide settler, one tier of sections on each side of the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the residue of the even numbered sections between the southern limit of the Railway Company's 48 mile belt and the International Boundary, were in 1882 temporarily withdrawn from homestead and pre-emption. The causes of this withdrawal having been removed, the lands described were at the beginning of the currentcalendar year re-opened on the liberal conditions provided for by the Dominion Lands Act and the regulations of the 23rd December, 1881. It continues to be the object of the Department to protect and encourage the bond fide homesteader.

The timber, grazing, and mining business of the Department continues to grow with great rapidity.

It has not been considered necessary as yet to ascertain by actual inspection and enumeration, the extent to which the lessees of grazing lands have complied with the requirements of the regulations in regard to the stock to be placed within their several leaseholds, but it is shown by the returns made to the Department by the Companies themselves that, generally speaking, the objects and expectations of the Government in offering inducements to cattle raisers to place their stock upon the eligible grazing lands lying along the base of the Rocky Mountains, have already to a large extent been attained.

It is worthy of remark that the rents paid into the Department on account of grazing lands during the last financial year, amounting in all to \$19,293.83, exceeded the whole cash revenue derived from the sales of Dominion Lands in any one year, down to the close of 1878. In the case of sales, the fee simple of the lands passes from the Crown for ever, and they cease, at least directly, and except as regards the precious metals, to be a source of income. Whereas, in regard to grazing lands, the tenure is a mere leasehold, terminable upon two years' notice; the value of the land is not reduced, but on the contrary, is greatly enhanced; and it is found by experience that

far from discouraging settlement, the introduction of large herds of cattle, and the granting of the exclusive privilege of ranging within certain districts to the owners of these cattle, have been the means of inducing an influx of population into regions which would otherwise have remained unnoticed for years, and to an extent which has led to more or less agitation for the cancellation of these leases and the abandonment of the system. I do not mention the capital invested in the stocking of these ranches, the obvious advantages of which have been pointed out in previous Reports.

The direct payments into the Dominion Treasury from mineral lands have so far been small, amounting for the past year to \$1,840, but as a factor in the development of the North-West they have during that period attained to first-class importance. The existence of coal in practically unlimited quantities in South-Western Manitoba, in the valleys of the North and South Saskatchewan, and indeed more or less through out the whole of the Territories west of the Second Meridian, had already been satisfactorily proven; but not until the season of 1883 did coal mining become an established industry in that new country. During last summer, however, operations were commenced at several points, but particularly, and with most success, on the South Saskatchewan, where that river is crossed by the Canadian Pacific Railway, from which place, at one period, there was an average daily out-put of from 300 to 400 tons and this coal, even at Winnipeg, a distance of some 600 miles from the pit mouth, was procurable at from \$8 to \$11 per ton. The effect of this was to produce a very marked decrease in the cost of fuel of all kinds throughout Manitoba and the Territories, the price of anthracite in Winnipeg having fallen from \$15.75 to \$14.00 per ton.

The deposits on the South Saskatchewan and its tributaries consist of a superior class of lignite, equal to much of the bituminous coal consumed on this continent. The product of one mine in the Belly River country has been tested by the Locomotive Department of the Canadian Pacific Railway, with so much success that the Company has contracted for a large annual supply of it for the next five years.

Contrary to the expecations of the most sanguine, a valuable deposit of anthracite has been discovered close to the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on the Devil's Head Creek, a tributary of the Bow River, about 40 miles east of the summit of the Rocky Mountains and 60 miles west of Calgary. The importance of this discovery can hardly be over-rated, particularly as the deposit is already known to extend over a considerable area. The prospects of successful mining for the precious metals on the eastern slopes of the Rocky Mountains are exceedingly encouraging. A large number of practical miners, drawn from various parts of the world, expended a good deal of time and capital in prospecting at different points in the course of the past summer. Some discoveries of rich ores are said to have been made, and there is every reason to anticipate that there will be an extensive movement of population towards the mining regions. On the Upper North Saskatchewan and its tributary

streams flowing out of the mountains, there has as yet been no discovery reported of quartz or other gold-bearing rock in place, but this section of country is rich in promise of remunerative employment for the class of miners who, with primitive appliances and inexpensive outfit, make the development of alluvial and sub-aqueous deposits their business.

The mining regulations recently adopted, and published as an Appendix hereto, have been prepared after very careful consideration of the special requirements of the country, and the mining laws and regulations of other nations. They will be found to be exceedingly liberal.

The satisfactory increase in the revenues of the Crown from the timber on Dominion Lands, which was noted in last year's Report, continues, being \$219,785.83 for the twelve months ending the 31st October, 1883, or \$108,004.00 in excess of the amount for the previous year. But what is even of greater consequence than revenue is the fact that, through the policy of offering timber berths at a comparatively limited original cost to those willing to comply with the regulations of the Department in regard to the erection of mills, &c., in connection with each berth and thus promoting a competition which could not have been produced had the system been followed of offering timber lands in unlimited areas to persons willing to pay the highest price for them, the pioneer settler is now enabled to procure the necessary lumber for his farm buildings, &c., at a cost of 40 per cent. on the average less than at any previous period since the acquisition by Canada of Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

From data obtained by the Crown Timber Agent of this Department at Winnipeg from the accounts of the sales of the principal lumbermen of that city, it is ascertained that the prices of the various classes of lumber at that point during each year from 1872 to 1884, were as follows:—

Year.	Pine per M.	Spruce per M.	Tamarae per M.	Oak per M.	Poplar per M.
1872	\$	8	\$	\$ 40 00	\$ 49 00
1878	35 00			38 00	37 00
1874	28 66			35 00	33 00
1875	26 00			35 00	30 00
1876	26 66	***************************************		35 00	00 00
1877	26 66	***************************************		35 00	
1978	28 66			37 50	
1879	28 66	22 00	22 00	35 00	
1880	27 33	23 00	24 00	35 00	28 00
1881	28 66	24 50	24 50	35 00	28 00
1882	28 33	26 50	26 50	35 00	28 00
1883	25 00	20 00	20 50	35 00	18 00
1884	21 00	15 25	l		

The foregoing statements show that at this date the price of pine lumber in the Winnipeg market is 40 per cent. less than in 1873; spruce lumber, over 30 per cent. less than in 1879; tamarac lumber, nearly 7 per cent. less than 1879; oak lumber, 124 per cent. less than in 1872; and poplar, 55 per cent. cheaper than in 1872.

Under an agreement between the Government and the Canadian Pacific Rail-way Company, the town sites on the line of the railway at Virden, Broadview, Regina and Moose Jaw, being situated partly on even and partly on odd numbered sections, are being administered by trustees on joint account. Since the beginning of the calendar year, the trustees have rendered a preliminary statement of the sales effected and payments made thereon; and have placed to the credit of the Receiver-General the sum of \$111,000 on account.

PRE-EMPTIONS.

It may here be mentioned that in addition to the sums actually paid into the Department on account of lands disposed of, there will fall due in the course of the next three years, upon pre-emptions already entered, and also instalments upon time sales, an aggregate of \$4,393,070.

ORDNANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS,

The income from sales and rents of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands differs little froms last year. I recommend that more vigorous steps be taken to compel the payment of arrears.

PATENTS.

Not the least important of the results of the re-organization of the Department in July last, was that affecting the issue of Crown Patents for Dominion Lands. The rapid increase in the number of persons acquiring title to their lands which occurred in the course of the last year or two, caused a considerable arrearage in that branch of Departmental work; but, under the amended Land Act of 1883, the process of issuing patents has been greatly simplified, and the consequence is that at this date the recommendation of the Land Commissioner that a patent do issue is received in the Department one day, and in two or three days hereafter the patent itself is ready for delivery to the person entitled to it. For the Departmental year ending the 31st October last, patents to the number of 4,341 were prepared and issued.

SURVEYS.

The report of the Surveyor-General upon the operations of his Division constitutes Part No. 2 of this Volume, and containing as it does an exhaustive review of the system of survey applied to Dominion Lands and its various processes, with the

modifications and improvements which have been made from time to time, it will be found to be a most important and interesting public document.

The area sub-divided into sections and quarter sections during the past season amounts to 27,000,000 of acres, equal to 168,750 farms of 160 acres each. In other words, the season's operations, when the returns of survey have been examined and approved, as required by law, will have rendered available for settlement an extent of agricultural land, exclusive entirely of the areas covered by lakes and rivers, capable of accommodating a purely agricultural population of 506,250, allowing an average of only three souls to each farm—a result, I venture to submit, never before attained within a similiar period of time in the history of any country, and one which is well calculated to exemplify the determination of the Government and the readiness of the people of Canada to spare neither energy nor money in order to open up the fertile lands of the North-West and make them available for settlement.

Briefly summarized, the practical result of last season's surveys, as distinguished from their technical and scientific results, is to prove beyond dispute that large tracts of land, represented upon the educational maps with which the present generation is familiar as useless desert, are found to be of good quality and well fitted for the varied branches of agriculture. This refers to but a limited proportion of the Territories. As to the remainder, there has not for many years been any doubt either as to its fertility or its adaptibility for agriculture, and a closer examination of its resources confirms and even strengthens what was previously reported.

There would appear to be no part of the surveyed portions of the Canadian North-West upon which nature has not bestowed her favours lavishly.

The prairie regions, in which timber is scarce, are almost invariably found to be underlaid with coal—not always, it may be assumed, of first-class quality, or of great commercial value, but nevertheless of the highest utility to the consumer on the spot, and more than equal to timber as an article of fuel. Moreover, with coal as a substitute for wood, the farmer is saved the heavy expense involved in the process of clearing, and obtains immediate remunerative returns from his farming operations.

Lying beside the valuable deposits of coal in the Valley of the South Saskatchewan, there is an abundance of as fine brick and terra cotta clay as exists in any country, and between that region and the Rocky Mountains the natural grasses are unexcelled on this continent, whether considered with reference to their perennity, their abundance, or their nutritiousness.

In the Rocky Mountains, within easy reach of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, there are actually discovered and partially developed deposits of coal, gold, silver, and copper, indications of a plentiful supply of iron, considerable quantities of fine merchantable timber, and natural water powers on the numerous

streams issuing from the mountains, providing more than sufficient force to convert the natural resources of that region into their manufactured products.

Pursuing the process which has been already applied to the other branches of the business of the Department, the following table will afford a comparison of the areas surveyed and set out for settlement during the several years which have elapsed since the organization of the Dominion Lands Office:—

8		No. of farms of 160
		Acres. acres each.
Previous to	June 1873	4,792,292= 29,952
αI	1874	4,237,864== 26,487
"	1875	665,000 = 4,156
"	1876	420,507 = 2,628
a	1877	231,691 = 1,448
"	1878	306,936 = 1,918
"	1879	1,130,482= 7,066
"	1880	4,472,000== 27,950
61	1881	9,147,000 = 50,919
"	1882	9,460,000 = 59,125
"	1883	27,000,000=168,750
Total	number of farms	380,399
The agricult	tural population these lands would	
sustain,	on the basis of three souls to a	
•	ead, would be	1,141,197

It is only necessary to add that the increase in the business of the Department in all its Branches, and the settlement of the North-West and development of its resources of which this increase is an index, have to a large extent been the result of the unexampled energy with which the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway has been carried on, although, of course, the full fruition of that great enterprise will not be attained for years.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

The explorations and surveys in connection with this Branch of the Department have been carried on by a larger number of parties than in any previous year.

Their operations in the west have been conducted in Manitoba, Keewatin, the North-West Territories, British Columbia, on the eastern and western slopes of the Rocky Mountains; and in the east extensive explorations and surveys have been made in the Provinces of Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, with a view to the accumulation of additional precise geological details of these regions.

A further examination has been made in person by Dr. Selwyn, the Director of the Survey, of the country along the northern shores of Lake Superior, from Port Arthur to the Pic River. While on this service, a visit was made by the Director to the Slate Islands, and to the Rabbit Mountain Silver Mine. The Jack Fish Lake mine, now called the "Huronian Mine," was also visited by Dr. Selwyn, who pronounces it the most promising mining venture he has seen in that region. In his report of examination of the Turtle Mountain country, in Manitoba, he states that the evidence clearly shows there is a likelihood of workable seams of coal being found there. Outcrops of strata, similar to those associated with the coal south of the Boundary, were found on the north side of the mountain, in Ranges 20, 21 and 22, west of the First Principal Meridian. He states it would be very desirable to make some further investigation, by boring to a moderate depth, on the outerops referred to. An examination was also made of the newly discovered seams of anthracite coal, on the Devil's Head Creek, west of Calgary. Samples of these coals are now being analysed, and the results will be given in the Annual Report of the Branch, to be prepared during this winter.

In British Columbia, the region intersected by the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway has been carefully examined and explored, and sufficient additional details have been gathered to justify the publication of a new edition of the map of this region prepared by Dr. G. M. Dawson, and published in the Report for 1877-78.

The researches made in the vicinity of the Rocky Mountains prove the existence of large tracts of coal-bearing cretaceous rocks in the very heart of the range, of which the anthracite region of Devil's Head Creek is a special development. A portion of Dr. Dawson's time was devoted to work on the plains of the North-West. A number of points were also visited for the purpose of completing the information required for a map of the coal fields of the western portion of the District of Alberta.

In the Cypress Hills region, the existence of tertiary beds has been discovered of greater age than any which have previously been found in the North-West. These beds are said to be underlaid by a lignite seam throughout the whole extent of the Cypress Hills, which in some places attain to a thickness of 5 feet.

Owing to the discovery of the precious metals at the Lake of the Woods, that district was examined and specimens of ores were collected at places where mining for gold had commenced.

An examination was also made of the southern part of the District of Keewatin, including an actual survey of the shores and islands of the Lake of the Woods. The effect of these operations, will be to confirm the general mapping, in 1873, of the distribution of the Laurentian and Huronian rocks of the Lake of the Woods and Rainy River Districts.

Important explorations and surveys were made in the Eastern Provinces, particularly in the Gaspé Peninsula, and in the coal districts of Nova Scotia. In the former, the mountains were visited and examined, and the surveys of the heads of several rivers completed.

Prominent among the contributors of specimens to the Geological Museum, during the past season, are mentioned the Right Hon. the Marquis of Lorne and Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise.

The Geological Survey work in New Brunswick was continued, attention being given to the surface geology and physical features of the region traversed in that Province.

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

The Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories submits a report of his administration for the past year (Part No. IV). The imposition of the tax which it was deemed expedient to place on permits for the importation of intoxicating liquors has had the effect of lessening the number of applications.

Respecting the removal of the seat of Government from Battleford to Regina, which was selected from the central position it occupies in Assiniboia and on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and also on account of its being situated in the heart of a vast and rich agricultural country, His Honour calls attention to the fact that though the selection met with bitter criticism from a portion of the Canadian press, the wisdom of the choice was unanimously endorsed by the North-West Council at its last Session; that a considerable town has already sprung into existence; and that large numbers of settlers, attracted by the great fertility of the soil of the district, have taken up land around Regina. An objection at one time strongly urged against the selection—the supposed scarcity of water—has been entirely overcome, there being now an abundant supply to meet all possible requirements for many years to come.

Five districts of 1,000 square miles each, having been found to contain the required number of inhabitants, have been erected into as many electoral districts, namely, Edmonton, Broadview, Qu'Appelle, Regina and Moose Jaw, which, with the district of Lorne, erected in 1880, make altogether six districts having popular representation in the North-West Council. The Council, composed of the Lieutenant Governor, two Stipendiary Magistrates, three nominated and six elected members, met in August last, and passed a number of ordinances. Another Stipendiary Magistrate has since been appointed, so that the Council now consist of twelve members.

Nineteen schools receiving Government aid are already in operation, and so many applications are being received for the establishment of others, consequent on the rapidity with which the country is becoming peopled, that the Lieutenant Governor

anticipates that in another year the funds at his disposal for this purpose will be in-adequate to meet the demands upon them.

The improvement of the "Crow's Nest Pass Trail" was carried out under the supervision of an experienced person, and appropriations were granted by the Council for the construction of a number of bridges in the various districts.

Referring to the colonization companies, and to their intimate connection with the progress of the Territories, His Honour states that the mistrust and uneasiness with which they were at first regarded by the old settlers and squatters have gradually been dissipated, as the work of the companies has come to be better understood, while the immigrant, realizing that his choice in selecting a homestead is in no way restricted by their presence, but that the surrounding settlement effected by them is of great advantage to him, has come to look upon them with much more favour than at first.

The wise policy adopted by the Government in regard to the Indians is now bearing fruit, most of the bands having gone to their respective reserves, and it is hoped that next spring will see them all so settled. The efforts of many of the Indians to become agriculturists have been crowned with success.

Reference is made to mining, and to the exciting reports of wonderful discoveries which have recently been circulated, and His Honour is of the opinion that the outlook is sufficiently promising to warrant further prospecting, and a rush to the mines is anticipated by him in the spring.

The crops, in spite of an unusually dry summer and early frost, were very abundant, though a portion suffered on account of late sowing. This mistake, it is expected, will be rectified as the new settlers become more fully impressed with the necessity for improved cultivation and early seeding.

In conclusion, His Honour reports that there is general contentment throughout the Territories, and great confidence in the future of the country.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. M. BURGESS,

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

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STATEMENT SHOW	
STATEMENT showing Receipts on account of Dominion Lands, commencing with the	

Scrip.	\$ cts. 320 00 320 00 136,956 16 120,159 54 210,904 84 210,904 84 316,858 86 70,898 84 33,638 40 17,167 36 722,260 3)
Totals in Cash.	\$ cts. 28,695 25 27,697 55 28,626 15 28,626 15 3,632 24 44,944 14 100,756 32 13,124 02 1,744,456 48 1,009,026 45 1,009,026 45 3,668,013 27
Miscellane- ous.	\$ cts. 129 00 129 00 129 00 20 00 2,612 27 6,213 90 2,817 43 1,603 67
Goloniza- tion.	\$ cts.
Timber, Grazing and Mineral.	\$ cts. 109 25 1710 55 3,335 25 3,335 25 387 00 387 00 1,620 00 25,077 76 34,888 16 61,653 14 113,824 80 116,880 30
Timber, Grazing and Mineral,	\$ cts. 21,616 00 17,697 00 13,791 31 3,701 31 1,682 24 8,188 44 41,768 47 62,940 84 1,228,244 37 516,092 21 119,947 79
Pre-emption Fees.	\$ cts. 1,870 00 8,838 00 10,766 75 39,943 90 54,725 00 13,700 00
Homestead Fees.	\$ cts. 6,970 00 8,390 00 11,570 00 15,370 00 15,370 00 15,370 00 23,520 00 19,916 00 54,3016 00 73,016 00 73,018 00 20,870 00
Fiscal period.	to 30th June, 1873
	1st July, 1872, to 30th of do 1873 do do 1874 do do 1877 do do 1877 do do 1878 do do 1878 do do 1878 do do 1879 do do 1889 do do do 1889 do do do 1883 do do 1883 to 31st I

PART I

01

REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR.

REPORT OF THE LAND BOARD.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OFFICE OF THE DOMINION LANDS COMMISSION, WINNIPEG, 1st November, 1883.

SIR,-I have the honour to submit the following Report of the operations of the Land Board, for the year ending on the 31st October, 1883:—

Number of letters received	8,523
" " sent	,
Number of applications for cancellation disposed of	389 37 5
Tumber of squatters' claims, viz.:—	
In "Mile Belt" 240	
Town plot, 'Troy 6	
" Regina 20	
" Moose Jaw 44	
" Medicine Hat 40	
" Calgary 24	
On school lands	
South of Belt 100	
	534
he squatters' claims, generally, are still in abeyance.	3 01
Number of Homestead Inspectors' Reports received (Most of these in September and October, 1883.)	378
Number of applications for patent submitted	424
" for leave of absence	1.079

The following statement of letters received and written in each month will show that the business transacted is steadily increasing:—

			Received.	Written.
November,	188	2	541	660
December,	"		473	534
January, 18		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	615	8 65
February	"		745	867
March	"		674	715
April	"		756	607
May	"		699	6 51
June	66	*****************	706	697
July	"	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	644	639
August	"		780	537
	"		800	635
October	"	********	1,090	1,042

The Report of Mr. Inspector Pearce will show the extent of work performed by him in addition to his duties as a member of the Land Board.

Every effort is being made to secure a uniform, consistent and efficient administration of the law, by the several local Agents and their assistants.

The adoption of a system of homestead inspection by persons appointed for that purpose will, I am convinced, prove very advantageous. These inspectors have no interest or inducement to do otherwise than report the facts as they find them; they have been instructed to inform the public that they have no power to influence the decision in any case; and I am satisfied from the experience already acquired, that fair and unprejudiced reports may be expected.

Whilst the Land Board are not disposed to order cancellation—except in very flagrant cases - advantage is taken, upon receipt of reports from inspectors, to advise the homesteaders that a more strict compliance with the conditions of the Homestead

law will be expected for the future.

The changes introduced by the Act of 1883, in reference to applications for patent, are calculated materially to assist the officers of the Department in detecting such applications as should not be granted, and the facilities afforded the homesteader to use his title, so soon as he receives a certificate of recommendation, signed by the local Agent and countersigned by the Commissioner, are proving a very great boon indeed.

The speculative demand for lands resulting from the great excitement of 1882, having subsided, there has not been the same amount of trouble from claims preferred by speculative squatters.

The vast area of surveyed lands now open for settlement makes it easy for every person to find a perfectly free homestead upon which to settle, and it is

hoped, as a result, that conflicting claims will be constantly diminishing.

The Land Guide Service for the past year has been efficient and satisfactory. Eight Guides in all were employed—three at Moosomin, two at Troy (or South Qu'Appelle), two at Regina, and one at Prince Albert. Knowledge of the country, of the system of survey, and of the best mode of travel over the prairie, was required

of those I appointed.

In connection with this service, Intelligence Offices were opened at Moosomin and Troy, upon the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and a competent and experienced person placed in charge of each. Maps were exhibited in each of these offices, showing all lands taken up, and weekly returns were made by the several local Agents to the Intelligence offices of lands entered. These returns were at once coloured upon the maps, so that intending settlers could at all times see, what lands were vacant before starting out in search of homesteads.

The rapid settlement of the country renders the assistance of Land Guides less necessary than hitherto, but it may be advisable to continue this service, on a limited

scale, for a still further period.

The operations of the Crown Timber Branch of the service in the district under the charge of Mr. E. F. Stephenson, continues to be efficiently administered. Collections have been satisfactory, and every effort has been made to prevent the denuding of our forests by trespassers. As the other Crown Timber Agents do not report through this office, I am not in a position to speak of their operations.

A Dominion Lands Office will be established at Calgary in the ensuing spring, which will afford settlers in the western part of the Territories an opportunity for obtaining homestead entries. It may be necessary at the same time to open similar offices at other points, so that every reasonable facility may be given for securing

lands.

The constantly increasing business connected with this office goes to show that the creation of a Land Board at this point has proved a convenience to the public. Every effort has been made to administer the law and the regulations so as to promote the interest of the bond fide homesteader and the settlement of the country.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. WALSH,

Commissioner.

The Hon. Minister of the Interior, Ottawa.

WINNIPEG, 31st October. 1883.

Sir,—I have the honour to report, through you, for the information of the Hon. the Minister of the Interior, on the general work of my office for the year ending this date.

In November last, an inspection was made of the lands in the vicinity of Qu'Appelle, to ascertain the bond fides of certain squatters thereon; at the same time the office at Birtle was inspected.

In December following, in company with yourself, I visited Ottawa.

After my return, in January, an inspection of the Turtle Mountain and Souris District land offices was made, and in February I again visited and inspected the Birtle District office. In May the Dufferin District and Qu'Appelle District land offices, situated at Nelson and Regina respectively, were inspected; also the reserves at Moose Jaw and Medicine Hat, with a view to ascertaining the extent of improvements and residence performed by the settlers thereon. In June, Indian Head was visited, in connection with the case of the squatters on the Bill Farm. In July, the Dufferin District land office at Nelson was again inspected, and a special trip made to the Primitive Methodist Colonization Tract, at Pheasant Plain, in Township 21, Range 9 west of the 2nd principal meridian.

On the 24th July, I left Winnipeg and proceeded to Whitewood, to inspect the office of the Fertile Belt Land and Colomization Company. From there proceeded to Moosomin, and drove to Fort Ellice and on to the Birtle land office; thence to Bin Scarth—the office of the Scottish Ontario and Manitoba Colonization Company; and to Assessippi, the office of the Shell River Colonization Company; thence to Chimo, where the offices of the Montreal and Western and Dundee Land Investment Company are located (Sec. 21, Tp. 21, R. 1 west of the 2nd meridian) thence to Crescent City (Sec. 18, Tp. 23, R. 3, west of the 2nd meridian) and to Yorkton (Sec. 13, Tp. 26, R. 4 west of the 2nd meridian) thence to Fort Qu'Appelle, following the old trail leading from Fort Pelly to that place, across the Beaver and File Hills.

At Fort Qu'Appelle, I met the agents of the Dominion Lands Colonization Company and the Touchwood and Qu'Appelle Company, and inspected their offices. While there an examination was also made into the claims of several of the

Qu'Appelle half-breed settlers and into the disputes arising therefrom.

From Fort Qu'Appelle, I proceeded west along the north bank of the river to the south end of Long Lake, thence northerly along the east bank of the lake to the north end, passing over the grants to the Qu'Appelle Land Colonization Company, the Farmers' Northwest Colonization Company, and the Qu'Appelle and Long Lake Colonization Company. The agent for the first named Company has his office in Regina, which was inspected by Dominion Lands Agent Gordon; the two latter Companies have no representative on the ground.

From the north end of Long Lake I proceeded to Saskatoon (Sec. 28, Tp. 30, R. 5 west of the 3rd meridian) where the office of the Temperance Colonization Company is located; thence vid Duck Lake to Prince Albert, where the office for that district was inspected. There I was delayed nearly a week, hoping to return to Winnipeg by boat, but had ultimately to do so by land, driving to Qu'Appelle vid Humboldt and

Little Touchwood Hills, reaching Winning on the 5th September.

On the 28th of September I proceeded to Odanah and inspected the office for that district, taking in the office for the Souris District, at Brandon, en route—afterwards going on to Medicine Hat and Calgary. At the latter point, a personal examination was made into many of the claims of squatters in that vicinity. From Calgary I returned to Winnipeg early in the present month, and have remained here since.

Reports on all the foregoing inspections and investigations were forwarded without

delay, through you, for the consideration of the Minister.

The work above outlined, together with that in connection with cases submitted to the Land Board and arising therefrom has, as you are aware, kept my time more

fully occupied than in justice either to myself or the efficient working of this branch of the service, it should be.

With this I beg to hand you a schedule showing the work of the various

District Land Offices during the past year.

It will be noticed that there is a decrease in the number of homestead entries; of those made last year a large number were wholly speculative, in connection with which the homestead requirements will not be complied with. On the other hand, during 1883, I think 90 per cent. of the entries made have been with the intention of trying fairly to comply with the conditions, out of which, no doubt, a very large percentage will actually do so. During the "boom," in the latter part of 1881, and early in 1882, land in the Turtle Mountain, Souris and Birtle districts was entered wholesale by professional men, mechanics and others, who never had any intention of complying with the law, but thought by having entry, they could acquire some rights and sell out. It was no uncommon thing to see notices posted up offering for sale, for a consideration varying from \$200 to \$1,000, the so-called rights to homestead and pre-emption entry of some half sections, and many dupes were found as purchasers. The idea that the abandonment or assignment of a homestead right confers any benefit on the purchaser, has been pretty well dissipated.

The Land Guide and Intelligence branches of the service here have been well

managed and have given good satisfaction.

The Agent has been appointed for the Calgary District, and no doubt the office will be opened there in the spring of next year, so soon as the surveys are completed and returns made.

There will not, I think, be a very great rush for lands in that locality for a year or two. The result of the experimental farms which are being established this year by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will be watched with very great interest. Should they prove as successful, as there are strong grounds for anticipating, the question of the settlement of that extensive plain will be solved, and if such be accomplished, there will be added to the productive area of the North-West Territories about 40,000,000 acres more than was anticipated three years ago by the persons best informed respecting its agricultural resources.

There seems to be an impression that large areas of the south-eastern portion of the North-West Territories are admirably adapted for sheep pasturage. In this connection it would appear to be worthy of serious consideration that in portions of southern California, Arizona, New Mexico and Colorado, it has been found that in dry years the sheep have eaten off the native grasses so closely that they have not grown again, but have been replaced by weeds or comparatively worthless grasses.

grown again, but have been replaced by weeds or comparatively worthless grasses.

The plentiful supply of fuel in the south-western district of the Territories is one that tends to render it particularly desirable. Nearly the whole country would appear to be underlaid with lignite or coal, and although much of it may be of such a character that it would not bear transport, it is admirably adapted for homestead consumption, and the cost of working it should be very low.

With the prospect in the near future of the Edmonton and Battleford District having railway accommodation, considerable attention will no doubt be directed thereto. As the surveys will shortly be completed, the old settlers' claims can now

be fully adjusted.

Ere many months it is confidently hoped that all the old settlers' claims in the

Prince Albert District will be finally settled.

A comparison is often made between the Dominion Land Regulations and those of the United States, implying that the former are not so advantageous as the latter. A perusal of the annual reports of the Commissioner of the General Land Office of the United States, will wholly disprove such an idea. In no country in the world, and at no time, has there been so much energy, outlay and labour expended in surveys, as in the North-West Territories during the past three years. Both in the United States and here the surveys must be accomplished before anything can be done towards the settlement of claims. The systems are similar in most respects, and where they differ, the difference is in favour of Canada.

North of the Qu'Appelle river, along the projected line of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway, there is an immense tract of very fine country, and if that railway is pushed ahead with the energy that is anticipated, next year and the year after no doubt a good deal of attention will be given to the tract by intending settlers.

A long step in the right direction has been taken by the appointment of Homestead Inspectors, and it is confidently expected that their services will prove very

valuable in enforcing the homestead conditions.

Speculative squatting has been to a very considerable extent checked. It is within the mark to state that there is not now ten per cent. of what there was two years ago. At the same time a lesson is read to us by the experience south of the boundary line, and the greatest care should be exercised to prevent fraudulent applications for patent. It is a question whether it would not be in the public interest to charge a fee for each application, of such an amount as would cover the cost of

an inspection of the land affected by an officer detailed for that purpose.

There is one point with reference to immigration into this country which appears to be lost sight of, and that is the numbers who have come, and are coming, in from Western Dakota, Nebraska, Montana, Idaho and Washington Territory, many having driven in with their own conveyances. I had no idea that there were such numbers of these arrivals until within the past few months, when, making investigation into certain claims preferred, it became necessary for me to ascertain who were and who were not British subjects. I met many persons last season, originally Canadians, who had been living several years in Nebraska. I also know several here who came from Kansas, Iowa and Missouri, who were either Canadians or descendants of Canadians, who had been living many years in those States.

The reports of Mr. Rufus Stevenson, Inspector of Colonization Companies, will show what has been accomplished by them. It may here be remarked that a popular though erroneous idea has prevailed that these companies had the control of the even, as well as the odd-numbered sections. A perusal of the agreements between the companies and the Government will, however, disabuse the mind of any one of that idea. With a few exceptions, the companies referred to are loyally endeavouring to carry out their contracts, and it may be anticipated that next spring all will fall

into line in this respect.

Between Lakes Winnipeg and Manitoba, and between the latter and Duck Mountains, there is a large tract of country very suitable for stock farming and mixed husbandry. The character of the tract is alternately ridges and hay swamps, the ridges being, in some cases, rather gravelly and covered with timber, chiefly poplar. The swamps are generally well suited for producing hay, and many more might be rendered so by a little ditching and cutting out of willows. There is any amount of timber for building purposes and fuel, and on almost every quartersection is land that would at once produce sufficient vegetables for use on the farm. To persons who desire mixed husbandry and have sufficient capital to purchase two or three cows, a few sheep and poultry, and a pig or two, there is here, I think, a better chance than on the open prairie to the west. It has often struck me as strange that more attention has not been given to this district. An intense desire to go as far west as possible appears to rule in the minds of the majority of immigrants; but within the past few months more interest appears to have been taken in the district referred to. It may not be out of place here to state that for many years the Hudson Bay Company successfully conducted a large stock farm on Lake Manitoba, about eighteen miles north-west of Oak Point.

There is no disguising the fact that the country is passing through a "hard times" phase of its existence; at the same time, probably 80 per cent of the depression is caused by the reaction from the abnormal excitement known as the "land boom," which raged during the last six months of 1881 and the first four or five months of 1882. Transactions are now, however, assuming a healthy basis, and we may confi-

dently look forward to much be ter times in the near future.

The construction of railways will act as a great factor towards this result.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

WM. PEARCE,
Inspector of Dominion Lands Agencies.

A. Walsh, Esq., Commissioner of Dominion Lands, Winnipeg.

COLONIZATION COMPANIES.

EXTRACTS FROM THE REPORTS OF MR. RUFUS STEPHENSON, INSPECTOR OF COLONIZATION SOCIETIES.

The Primitive Methodist Colonization Company.

WINNIPEG, 14th September, 1883.

The Rev. C. S. Willis, the resident agent for the company, with whom I stopped while in the colony, accompanied me over the various sections. I found the number of bond fide occupants of lands on the tract to be ninety-one (91), all of whom appeared to be earnestly striving to make comfortable homes for themselves and their families. Nearly all of them have made substantial improvements, but in consequence of the late date of their location, the acreage under crop is not very large, though the promise for next year is most favourable. These settlers are mainly from England, and prove to be a valuable class for the country; nearly all of them have had practical experience in farming operations in their native land, which enables them to progress in a greater ratio than others with less experience could do. Altogether, the colony appeared to be progressing very satisfactorily. The land allotted to this company is of excellent quality.

The Qu'Appelle Land Company.

Winnipeg, 2nd August, 1883.

Upon visiting the tract allotted to this company, I found a large number of settlers located, considering the short period the company had been in operation, many of them came from the Provinces of Ontario, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. Good work has been done by them, considering the short time they have been located and the difficulties incident to getting stock and supplies over territory some distance from railway communication. The total number of settlers duly entered is eighty-eight, nearly all of whom were located during the months of June and July, 1883.

The Touchwood-Qu'Appelle Land and Colonization Company.

WINNIPEG, 12th September, 1883.

The number of settlers in this allotment, actually enumerated, was seventy-seven, the entries covering a period extending from the 26th of April until the 17th of August, the greater proportion of these being in May and June, there being four in July and twelve in August.

The settlers all appear to be well pleased with their location and prospects. The quantity of land broken and in crop was very considerable, and active steps were being taken to provide for winter by the erection of houses, cutting hay for stock, &c.

There are a number of other settlers on this tract who have not yet perfected their entries. These I submit to show the full work at present performed, as well as giving an index of a portion of the work in prospect.

The Dominion Lands Colonization Company.

Winnipeg, 13th September, 1883.

The tract alloted to this company is situate east and north-east of the Touchwood-Qu'Appelle Land and Colonization Company's allotment, and the quality of the soil and general character of the land are very similar to the lands taken up by other companies in this section of the North-West Territories, being park-like in appearance, with a fair supply of wood for fuel purposes. There are frequent small ponds or lakelets, and well water can be procured at a moderate depth for drinking purposes.

The number of settlers, as accurately as I could ascertain them on the company's books, was seventy four. However, additional names appear to have been entered in the land agent's books at Regina, as will be seen noted in the return; also it was claimed by the resident manager for the company at Fort Qu'Appelle, that fifteen other settlers were on the land ready to make their entries, but these not having been made, and not finding them in actual residence on the sections specified, I have not included them in the enumeration.

The Fertile Belt Colonization Company.

WINNIPEG, 10th September, 1883.

This company has been but recently organized; indeed it can hardly be said to be in thorough working order even now. Earnest efforts, however, are being made for future operations, and possibly yet, before the close of the present season, a considerable number of settlers may be located on the territory allotted to them.

The Saskatchewan Land and Homestead Company.

WINNIPEG, 30th October, 1883.

The lands at present being actively colonized by this company, are situate in the vicinity of Crescent and Leech Lakes, being township 23 in ranges 3 and 4, and township 26, in range 2, all west of the 2nd meredian, and are for the most part of good quality for small farming, there being a fair supply of timber for building and fuel purposes, and plenty of excellent hay land. In many parts these townships are somewhat scrubby, but the land, as indicated by a plentiful growth of pea-vine, and vegetation generally, proves to be good, arable soil. The colony has been settled wholly this year, 1883, and as may naturally be supposed, the number of settlers located has not been as large as upon some others already referred to. A large proportion of those who have taken up homesteads and pre-emptions in these townships are Englishmen, who have but recently arrived in Canada from the Mother Country, but with the encouragement afforded them by the company, they generally appear to be in a prosperous and contented position, and no doubt with another fair season, will give a good account of themselves as pioneers in the great North-West. The total number of settlers up to the time of my departure from the colony, October 2nd, 1883, was forty-four.

The remaining townships allotted to this company have as yet no settlers whom it was the desire of the Managing Director should be enumerated during the

present year, inasmuch as he had not, up to the time I visited the colony, perfected arrangements for the taking of entries therein.

The Montreal and Western Land Company.

WINNIPEG, 31st October, 1883.

The total number of entries in the tract allotted to this company is forty-six, of which six were made since the 1st July, 1883. Besides the forty-six, there were six who had interim receipts, and four who have purchased four quarter-sections of four odd-numbered sections; the sales were made, viz: one on the 1st June, one on June 4th, one on May 24th, and one on July 19th, all in 1883. Six have made no improvements, are non-resident, and it appears to me are open for cancellation. Other entries where no improvements were found were made very recently, and the six months allowed after entry had not expired. These later entries seem to be bond fide, as in several cases I ascertained that the settlers had gone east for their families or for stock and implements. Altogether the settlement, although not comprising as many settlers, numerically, as some other colonies, presented a prosperous appearance. The general character of the land in this colony is excellent, very similar to the land in the other colonies already reported upon.

Shell River Colonization Company.

WINNIPEG, 2nd November, 1883.

The total number of settlers in the tract allotted to this company is fifty-one. The improvements made by the settlers are very extensive, and speak well as to the general thrift of the colony and the excellent quality of the land. The settlers appear to be well contented with the climate and the productiveness of the soil. Shell River, a splendid running stream of excellent water, affords not only good drainage but ample and never failing water power for milling and general uses. By this channel saw logs are easily and cheaply procured from the country around Duck Mountain, and manufactured and sold at reasonable figures, which is a great consideration to the inhabitants of the Shell River District. For some length of time past the company have had a portable steam saw mill in active operation, but now a substantial new mill dam has been erected in the town site of Asessippi, and in a few months later a gristing and saw mill, with power quite ample for the necessities of the neighbourhood, will be in active operation, one turbine wheel of forty-horse power being already in place, and a foundation has been laid for the setting of two additional wheels, each of similar capacity. In connection with this colony there is a store well stocked with all the staple articles, dry goods, groceries, and hardware, requisite for the colonists, who are supplied with these at as low a price, and in some cases at even lower prices, than the same quality of goods are obtainable at many of the points further south. A blacksmith's shop has also been put up and is doing a good business. Thus it will be seen that the company, while primarily studying their own interests, have not been unmindful of the interests of those who have been induced to settle upon their lands; for besides giving remunerative employment to many of them who have not teams of their own, those who have teams are frequently engaged in freighting goods, &c., from the Canadian Pacific Railway, and will continue to be so engaged until the construction of the projected line of railway, which is regarded as probable to be built, in the very near future, through this section north-westerly and south-easterly.

The Scottish Ontario and Manitoba Land Company.

Winnipeg, 5th November, 1883.

The townships allotted to this company are as follows, viz.:—Townships 19 and 20 in range 28, the north half of township 15, and the south half of township 16, in range 25, all west of the 1st meridian. They are admirably located for settlement, and well supplied with water and wood for fuel, and a moderate quantity suitable for building purposes. Nearly all the settlers have made extensive and valuable improvements, evidencing a determination to make homes for themselves and their families. The total number of entries is ninety-four.

The improvements and cash outlay by the company are very large, and the buildings erected are of a most substantial, modern, and permanent character. To convey somewhat of an accurate idea of the rapid development of this colony in this connection, I need not do more than mention the fact that last year (1882) the Company's breaking only amounted to about twelve acres of land; this year buildings to the approximated value of \$22,500 have been erected, enumerated as follows, viz.:—

On section 35, townsh	ip 19, r	ange	29:	_								
•	• ′	Ü									Cost	t.
Farm house, 20 x	30 x 2	0	-						-		\$3,000	00
Two small tenen	nents	-		-		-		-		-	800	
Bank barn, 40 x	50 -		-		-		-		-		1,500	00
Bank barn, 50 x	217	-		-		-		•		-	8,000	00
Implement shed,	30×80)			-		-		-		600	00
Piggery, 16 x 48		-		-		-		-		-	250	00
Hennery, 12 x 20			-		-		-				150	00
Blacksmith's sho	p, 20 x	20		-		-		-		-	250	00
General store and	hotel o	comb	ined		-		-		-		5,000	00
Hall or church	-	-		-		-		-		-	800	00
On section 35, townsh	ip 15, r	ange	25:									
Farm house -		. ~	-		-		-		-		1,500	00
Barn -		-		-		-		-		-	650	00
	Total	l	-				-			-	\$22,500	00

Besides this, the company have 500 acres broken and backset for their own use and benefit on the two sections above mentioned, a fair crop during the present year was harvested, considering it was sown on first breaking, and at a late period of the season. Neither should I omit to state that in the way of live stock, all of a superior class, as established by the premiums awarded at the local fairs. They have—

5 thoroughbred bulls, 11 do cows, 100 grade cows, 28 working cattle, 20 horses,

40 hogs,

and implements and machinery to the value of about \$10,000, besides other chattels and plant of considerable worth. The buildings are framed and constructed in first-class style, planed weather boards, painted and otherwise complete.

The York Farmers' Colonization Company.

WINNIPEG, 13th November, 1883.

The lands allotted to this company consist of townships 23 and 23, in range 2; township 26, in ranges 4 and 5; township 27, in ranges 2 and 3; and townships 25

and 26, in range 3, all west of the 2nd meridian. The quality of the land is for the most part very good, being principally rich black loam with clay subsoil, with occasional bluffs well supplied with timber fit for fuel, and in some cases large enough for building purposes. Through the colony runs the White Sand River. which for a distance of about forty rods in the vicinity of the new town site of Yorkton, has by actual survey a descent of twenty-five and a half feet. Near this point it is proposed to erect a steam and water mill for sawing and gristing purposes, to supply the wants of the settlers and the surrounding neighbourhood. The total number of settlers, who have regularly made bond fide entries with the agent of this colony, is 158, all of which, with the exception of less than a dozen, have been made during the season of 1883. But beside this, it should be remarked that a large number of "memorandum" entries have been made, which will no doubt be fully perfected in a very short time, as in many cases the fees have been actually paid, though the required affidavits have not been formally taken. Altogether the colony is very prosperous; were there any doubt on this point, an examination of lands already cropped, and lands broken and backset preparatory to next spring's sowing and planting, I think would satisfy the most incredulous as to the correctness of my statement. To effect this, a large amount of money has been expended by the directorate of the company in the way of cash advances to settlers; giving them employment in freighting from the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which is located at a distance of some sixty-five or seventy miles to the south, the improvement of the trail; the establishing and maintaining a ferry across the Qu'Appelle River; paying guides and agents at Whitewood Station, as well as other agents on the lands of the company; breaking, purchasing machinery at the cost of several thousand dollars for the mill already mentioned, erecting buildings, establishing and maintaining postal facilities, printing pamphlets, advertising, &c., &c. I received the most satisfactory assurance from the settlers as to the way in which they had been dealt with in all matters relating to their present and prospective welfare, and in no case were complaints indulged in by those I had occasion to converse with, but all seemed contented, and hopeful of good prospects in the near future. Many of the settlers were experienced farmers from Ontario, others were the sons of well-to-do residents of other parts of the Dominion and the Old Country.

Mr. Armstrong, the Managing Director of the Company, informed me that it was the intention of the company, as soon as the town plot survey was completed (it was in progress during my visit to the colony), to make a free deed to each bond fide settler in the colony, of a building lot, 50 feet front by 140 feet in depth, the conveyance to be perfected when the settler had completed his homesteading obligations as required by law. I have not embodied in my report the names of persons who have made what is termed "memorandum" entries, for the reason that as these entries had not been perfected at the time of my visit, I had no positive assurance that they would be fulfilled within the limit and under the terms prescribed in the agreement between the Government and the company, but in my own mind, I have little doubt that the greater number of them will eventually perform

all in this respect that it will be necessary to exact from them.

J. C. Morrow, J. W. G. Armytage, and John Beattie.

WINNIPEG, 12th November, 1883.

The tract allotted to this company is composed of township 29, in range 15 west of the 2nd meridian. The total number of settlers entered up to this date is twenty-three.

The Edmonton and Saskatchewan Land Company of Canada.

WINNIPEG, 14th November, 1883.

To this company are allotted townships 53 and 54, in range 23; and townships 53, 54, 56 and 57, in range 24, all west of the 4th meridian. I was informed by Mr. W. B. Scarth, at Regina, that an enumeration of settlers on these lands was not

required by the company for the present year.

As I have pretty fully detailed all the more important facts relating to these companies in the separate reports I have already furnished respecting them. I will here add nothing further than to remark that in my opinion they have, on the whole, done excellent colonizing work, and have been directly instrumental in adding largely to the development and settlement of the North West, and that the promises for the future in the same direction are exceedingly hopeful.

THE BELL FARM.

Dominion Lands Office, Regina, 22nd December, 1883.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit the following report of the operations, and their results, of the Qu'Appelle Valley Farming Company, on the tract alloted to them

ander authority of the Order in Council dated the 3rd April, 1882.

The selection of the land was completed early in the spring of 1882, but no action was taken by the Company towards preparing the soil for cultivation until the 17th June. From this date breaking was continuously carried on during the summer and autumn. On the 6th November, when the frost prevented further work of this nature, 2,400 acres were ready for harrowing. This breaking was done by contract, as the prompt action necessary on the part of the Company to comply with the conditions of their grant did not admit of procuring sufficient stock and material of their own with which to undertake the first season's work.

In the summer of 1882, dwellings, stables, storehouses and sheds requisite for the accommodation of labourers, stock and implements were erected and, so far as practicable, every arrangement that would facilitate the early commencement of work

in the spring was perfected.

On the 1st of April, 1883, a number of labourers and their families, seventy-three horses, and several car loads of implements and machinery arrived at the farm, and on the 9th of the same month, almost before the snow had disappeared, harrowing the sod began. On the 14th April seeding was started. The seed was put into perfectly wet ground, in some places so wet that small pools had formed. In dry seasons, such as the past one, the advantage of seeding while the earth is in a saturated condition is apparent in the more advanced state of growth of the crop so planted than of that planted at a later period. Six days after seeding the wheat appeared above ground, but owing to a long spell of dry weather, made very little headway before the middle of June. About this time the first and only rain shower of any account fell, and brought the grain well up. The rain was followed by a continual period of cold dry weather, which delayed harvest several weeks beyond the usual time, and it was not until the 27th of August that grain cutting commenced.

In threshing, the grain is carried, by means of an elevator attachment on the thresher, from the spout of the machine to portable granaries placed in the centre of each field after harvest, and is there stored until fall ploughing is finished, when the granaries are drawn to the storehouse. By this system, an estimated saving of five

cents per bushel in handling and carting the crop is effected.

Of the area cropped during the past season, 1,200 acres were in wheat, 1,000 acres

Twenty three thousand and twenty bushels of wheat were grown. Of this 21,720 bushels were of the finest quality, and average about two pounds per bushel above the standard weight. The balance, 1,300 bushels, was slightly frost bitten, though not materially injured for milling purposes. The seed from which this was raised was sown on 1st May, too late to obtain a wet start, and to this cause is attributed the damage from frost. The cost of production is placed at 42 cents per bushel.

The oat crop was of good quality, but, owing to late sowing and the dry season, the return per acre was poor. The yield was 18,000 bushels.

The roots and potatoes were very fine.

The force at work, when I visited the farm in the month of June, consisted of 82 men and 100 horses. This force was chiefly engaged in breaking up new land, and between fifty and sixty acres were daily broken. Twenty-seven cottages had been erected on various parts of the tract. Of these twenty-two were occupied by married labourers and their families. Tenants for the remaining five, which were not quite finished, were prepared to take possession as soon as the cottages were ready for occupation. Many of these labourers I found to be old country people, principally English.

The buildings now on the tract number 106. 7,000 acres have been broken ready for cultivation in the spring. Tree planting has also, to some extent, been

done. The trees appear to be doing well.

Before closing this report, it may be well to give a short summary of the system

on which the farm work has been carried out.

The sections are divided into three equal portions of 213 acres. On each of these divisions a cottage, stable and granary are erected, and a farmer placed in charge thereof. The following outfit, allotted to each farmer,

consists of three horses, a sulky, plough, wagon, and self-binder.

This force is not sufficient to cultivate the whole 213 acres every year, yet any additons to it would unduly increase the cost of production. To obtain the best results from the land, it has been found necessary to divide every farm into three parts, two-thirds of which are cropped each year, and one-third is summer fallowed. By this method the whole is given a rest every three years, and the danger of working out the soil is obviated. An immediate benefit arises from thoroughly cultivating a portion of the land, inasmuch as the yield is larger than were the whole farm to be indifferently tilled.

Seeding over, the farmer proceeds to prepare for next season that portion of his farm not in crop. When this is finished, the grain is ready for harvesting. In harvest time, two labourers for each farmer are added to the working force, for the purpose of shocking up the grain, as it is cut by the self-binder. This operation takes about ten days. The extra hands are then transferred to a threshing machine gang. One machine does the work for every four farms, the working forces of which are combined to assist in the threshing of their respective crops. His grain threshed and stored in his granary, the farmer sets about preparing for spring seeding one-half of the area from which he has raised crop. This, with the portion ploughed between seed-time and harvest, makes up the quantity required for the ensuing season's operations.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

J. McD. GORDON,
Agent, Dominion Lands.

The Deputy of The Minister of the Interior.
Ottawa.

THE DUFFERIN MENNONITE RESERVE.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OTTAWA, 14th December, 1883.

SIR,—As instructed, I beg to submit for your perusal a few remarks on the

Dufferin Mennonite Reserve.

This Reserve lies immediately north of the International boundary line, between the Red River on the east and the Pembina Mountains on the west. It consists of a stretch of prairie, about thirty-six miles from east to west and eighteen from south to north, almost entirely destitute of wood, but unsurpassed in fertility, and, as you will remember, began to be settled in 1875, principally by the poorer class of Mennonites, who were aided in so settling by the Government, the loan being made on their behalf to their countrymen in the County of Waterloo, Ontario.

In consequence of the scarcity of wood, the first settlements were formed along the boundary line, where access could be had to the timber on the Pembina River, on the American side of the line, where a few quarter-sections of timber lands were purchased to meet the first wants of the settlers along the western limit of the Reserve, from where wood on the Pembina Mountains, on our own side of the line, could be reached; but as new importations from Russia came in, villages were formed

to the north and east, until now nearly the whole Reserve is settled.

During the first few years, the area of land under cultivation was not large, as a great deal of the time of the settlers had to be devoted to erecting buildings for themselves and their stock, which was no slight task, as some of the timber had to be hauled from 20 to 25 miles, and any lumber, doors or windows needed, from 20 to

40 miles, and this with oxen.

The first year's crop was more or less injured by grasshoppers, and two or three subsequent crops by excessive rain fall; yet, in the face of these and many other drawbacks, they persevered, and have now fifty-four villages, with a population of about 6,000 souls. They have built roads and bridges throughout their territory, and to-day have an area of over 50,000 acres under cultivation, with a grain crop, this year, of upwards of 1,000,000 bushels.

There are about 1,200 homestead entries for lands in this Reserve, and some 700 of the homesteaders have already become naturalized, and applied for their patents during the last twelve months. Nearly all these patents have been issued,

and the few that have not been, are in course of preparation.

The Mennonite system of settling in villages has some advantages, particularly while the country is new, but time renders most of them nugatory. The plan is, for a certain number, say twenty, to join together, under the direction of their leaders, for the purpose of starting a "Dorf." The land being selected, comprising, say 160 acres for each one entitled to enter a homestead, a site for the village or buildings is chosen as near the centre of the "Dorf" as possible, without regard to the question of who may be the individual owner of the land, and about two acres in the village is allotted to each person on which to erect houses and stables, and make a garden. The balance of the tract is then divided into three portions—land for cultivation, land for hay cutting, and land for grazing. In this manner all the territory appurtenant to the "Dorf" is utilized.

The land for ploughing and hay cutting is sub-divided into long narrow strips, and the "Schultz" or headman of the village gives to each villager the strip of land he is to cultivate, and the strip upon which he is to cut hay, with both of which he

has to be satisfied.

The cattle of the village are herded in common.

This is very well while the country is new, for they can assist each other more effectively in building, &c., when close together, than when apart; they can have the benefit of their schools and churches at less inconvenience for the time being; they are not put to the expense of building fences or herding their cattle separately; and they can go in bodies, without risk, to the woods for their fuel,

whereas if each went alone across the prairie, there would be more or less danger of suffering from exposure during the first winter's existence of the settlements. But as roads are built, as fuel gets cheaper and wire fencing begins to be generally used, these advantages disappear, and the disadvantages of the system become apparent. The fact that they are all bound to submit to the direction of the "Schultz," that they are compelled to accept the strips of land apportioned to them, whether their neighbours on either side are poor farmers, who allow their ploughed lands to grow up in weeds or the reverse, and that the quantity of land is limited to this strip, without regard to the means, the industry, or the economy of the village, more than counterbalances the advantages referred to. I think it very probable that in the near future the villages will be erected along the lines of railroads now running through the reserve, and that the majority of those settlers will be living each on his own homestead.

The worst feature of the Mennonite system is that it has a tendency to keep them isolated and to prevent them from acquiring the language of the country. Time will, of course, rectify this, but the sooner each one gets on his own farm, the sooner will the existing exclusiveness and isolation come to an end.

> I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > GEO. NEWCOMB, Agent, Department of the Interior.

The Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

THE ICELANDIC RESERVE.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OTTAWA, December 8th, 1883.

SIR,—I have the honour to report that according to verbal instructions received from you, I started on the 17th August for the Icelandic Reserve on Lake Winnipeg, fully prepared to give entries, receive applications for patents, and otherwise to settle any difficulties that might have arisen from the length of time these people had been on the land without having their homesteads properly recorded.

Upon my arrival at Winnipeg, I reported to Mr. Commissioner Walsh for any

further instructions he might consider necessary.

I arrived at Icelandic River, which at present has the largest settlement in the reserve, on 2nd September. This river, formerly called the "White Mud," runs diagonally across Township 23, Range 4 east of 1st Meridian, from the south-west to the north, emptying into the Sandy Bar Bay.

The banks, where there are any in this township are low, and are liable to overflow every high north wind, as the river has no current here, but rises and falls with the lake. As a consequence, the hay of the settlers is often destroyed by the

sudden backing up of the water.

The reserve consists of wooded prairie, with occasional swamp,—the wood being principally poplar, interspersed with spruce, with some elm and oak in the southern portion. The land when cleared is fairly good, particularly in the south, the northern part having a colder sub-soil and less depth of loam.

The settlers have generally one to ten acres cleared, no grain crops, but all have a garden patch of varying size. They do not profess to grow grain, the clearings that are not required for gardens being sown with grass seed. Their ambition appears to be to raise cattle and sheep; at any rate it would be inadvisable for them

to grow grain on any considerable scale at present, as they are so far away from a market.

In the centre of this settlement on Icelandic River, is the saw mill of Messrs. Fredriksson, Jonasson & Co, which, as it gives work to a number of people, has no doubt assisted in retaining the settlers in this neighbourhood. The members of this firm are, as their names indicate, all Icelandic colonists.

Upon making known my business to the settlers, they objected to recording their entries until such time as they would be informed whether they were expected to re-pay the full advances made to them by the Department of Agriculture, or only

a proportion, and if the latter, what proportion.

Not being in a position at that time to give them the desired information, I informed them that the question of their indebtedness was not at issue, and so far as the Department which I had the honour to represent was concerned, had nothing to do with their recording their entries; and after some discussion, the greater portion of them came forward and made the necessary application.

On Monday, September the 10th, I started with two men and a skiff to make a tour of Big Island, going north through the "Grassy Narrows," up the west side of the Island, and returning by the east and south sides. On the north-east corner of the island, at Mr. Buchannan's mill, I found Mr. Wagner, D. L. S., and his party.

He informed me that he had just finished the survey of the Big Island.

I would beg permission here to state that the names of Big Island and Big Black Island, as they appear on our maps and documents, do not agree with the local appellations,—that is to say, the Eastern Island has been called for generations "Big Black Island," and the western one, "Big Island." On our maps the names are transposed.

I found very few Icelandic settlers on the island, not more than a dozen families, although judging from the number of empty houses (I counted sixteen in one stretch), it must have had quite a large population at one time. On my return journey towards Winnipeg, I met a number of families who had been living in the city for the past two years returning to their old homes on the island, so I suppose a number of

the empty houses are again occupied before now.

In a bay in the south-east corner of township 25, rang 6 east of the 1st Meridian, a dispute has arisen between one Thomas Halcro and some fishermen, regarding the site of the old mill of Messrs. Fuller & Co. Halcro, it appears, first settled there about eleven years ago as an employee of Fuller & Co., but as neither he nor the principal opposing claimant were at home, I am not quite positive as to facts. As near as I could learn, however, Halcro was in the employ of the mill company for some years, and when the connection with the company was severed, he claimed a portion of the land he had cleared, while in their employ, and upon which he has a house. As I cannot think that at that time he would have claimed the land upon which the mill was built, his claim then would have naturally been on the south side, where his house was. Afterwards, however, when the mill was removed, he extended his claim to the north, so that it would embrace the balance of the land cleared by himself and other mill hands employed by the company, but prior to the removal of the mill, one of the then owners, Shore by name, stated that he claimed the land by virtue of the mill having been on it so long, and through him the fishermen claim, although they state that they only want the small piece usually allowed as shore frontage for fishing purposes.

Off the north-west part of the Big Island, is a small one called Goose Island containing, I should say, arout 150 or 200 acres, and upon which there is one

settler.

Returning from the Big Island, I finished my work at Icelandic River, and thence proceeding southward, I visited, with an interpreter, the settlers along

Sandy Bar, Drunken River and Gimli, altogether granting 85 entries.

From what I could learn, I am of the opinion that at one time there were about 300 families on the reserve, but from the overflowing of the lake shore, small-pox trouble and other causes, a large number left. A few went to the United States, about

50 heads of families took up homesteads in the Tiger Hills country (Southern Manitoba), and the remainder are living in Winnipeg and other towns along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, while five or six families have settled on the east side of Lake Winnipeg. Of those in the towns, the majority will probably become homesteaders ere long, either in the reserve or west of Winnipeg.

Of those who went to the States, a large percentage will probably find their way back to us, now that the lake has returned to its proper level. In fact, some of

them came back for good while I was on the reserve.

When the large body settled in 1875 and 1876, they, as is unfortunately usual in cases of this kind, chose their land by lot, and, as a consequence, some got good, while others got very poor claims; and also when the survey was completed, many found that they had not the land they expected. Naturally then, when any of those dissatisfied left, who had been holding good claims, the neighbors on poorer lots, who were determined to live in the country if possible, took possession of the deserted lots.

As the improvements in these cases were very slight, I acknowledged the changes as right and just for the reasons: First, that as Icelanders are allowed to live in their villages along the lake shore, for the fishing, &c., and it is not necessary for them to live each on a particular quarter section, to entitle them to patent, it is immaterial what lots they claimed prior to the date of their entries; secondly, those of the dissatisfied who went to the United States abandoned any claims which they may have had to the land, and are not entitled to consideration, and if they do return, they must come in as new settlers; and thirdly, those who went to Southwestern Manitoba, having made homestead entries there, cannot claim lands they had previously chosen on the reserve, no matter how many years they may have resided therein, for the reason, that to establish their claim to patent, they must first make entries for the land, which they cannot do, as no person can hold two homestead entries at the same time.

As a whole, the settlement of the Icelanders on the reserve has not been an unqualified success in so far as improvements are concerned, yet when the trials and difficulties which these people have undergone are taken into consideration, together with the fact that in clearing the land they would have had to waste the wood, and when cleared, the land would for a time have to lie idle, as they had no means of threshing, milling or marketing any grain they might raise, it is not a matter of

surprise that the cultivated area is not greater.

There are now about 100 families firmly established in the reserve, spread over a shore frontage of ubout 50 miles, and these form a nucleus about which future Icelandic immigrants can gather. I therefore would not recommend that the reserve be thrown open, as I am satisfied that these people will make good Canadians. They are a little slow in getting ahead, as they have, as a rule, large families; but they are apt at learning, and acquire the art of speaking the English language more quickly than any other foreign settlers we have yet received; and now that we have the two permanent settlements so well established, I feel certain that each year will bring a large increase of people from old Iceland. The poorer of these new-comers will go on the reserve, where the families can have fuel and fish, while the men are working out to make money to give them a start. Some will probably take homesteads in the reserve; the others will remain there until they acquire a sligh: knowledge of the language and ways of the country, and a few head of cattle, when they will more than likely move west and become valuable pioneers in the Peace River country, or in that direction.

The people of this colony are assisting immigration n every way by sending money to pay the passage of their friends in Iceland, by caring for the immigrants when they and, giving them tools, boats, nets, &c., &c., and generally the means of becoming self-supporting. They are therefore, really paying back the advances made to them by the Government, in assisting their fellow-countrymen to come to Canada, which was the purpose for which the money was first advanced, and this demand upon them is liable to be kept up for any number of years. Of the number

16

of new arrivals from Iceland this year, I should say, judging from the number going to Gimli on the same boat with myself, that at least fitty of the new families have gone on the Reserve, and as the majority of these are the poorest people, many of them, to my own knowledge, not having a dollar in money or a tool of any kind to commence their new life with, they must, of necessity, be supported and started by these old settlers who had previously been assisted by the Department of Agriculture.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

GEO. NEWCOMB.

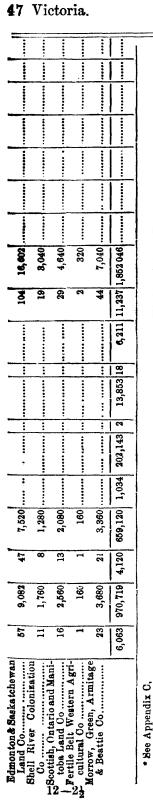
Agent, Department of the Interior.

A. M. Burgess, Esq.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa.

APPENDIX A.

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Intries.	Area	Acres.	106,701	85,412	76,239 31,340	72,656	262,212	234, 262	81,694 677,543 36,665	41,440	21,320	3,520	15,040	15,840	50,880	8,640
Total E		·oN	564	635	195	444	1,516	1,432	477 4,195 219	259	127	22	94	8	318	54
pecial rants.	Area	Acres.	6,211													
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leg.	Area	in Acres.	:	22,213	30,919 7,020	33,29	39,65	25,78	13,53 19,78 8,02							1,920
Sa		.oV		140	212	198	125	129	51 84 40				•	:		12
ptions.	Area	in Acres.	560	16,320	17,440 8,320	10,720	94,880	92,640	32,480 294,880 11,680	14,880	7,680	1,760	7,360	7,520	23,680	1,920
Pre-om		.oV	4	102	109	19	263	619	203 1,843 73	- 93	48	Ξ	46	41	148	13
steads.	Area	in Acres.	73,920 12,157	46,880	26,880 16,000	28,640	127,680	115,840	35,680 362,880 16,960	26,560	13,640	1,760	7,680	8,320	27,200	4,800
Ноше		У	462	293	1 68	179	198	724	2,268 2,268 106	166	46	ī	84	23	170	30
	Office.		Head Office, Menonite	Winnipeg	Dufferin Gladstone	Little Saskatchewan	Birtle	Souris	Turtle Mountain	Primitive Methodist Colo- nization Co	Dominion Lands Coloniza-	Uundee Land Investment	Montreal & Western Land	100 101	tion Co	Baskatchewan Land and Homestead Co
	Homesteads. Pre-emptions. Sales. Bay Co. Grants. Total Entries. General Office Work.	Hodgon Special Total Entries. General Office Work. Hodgon Special Total Entries General Office Work. Area Area Area Area Area Letters Girculars tions.	Homesteads. Pre-emptions. Sales. Hudson Grants. Total Entries. General Office W. Bay Co. d. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. S. Acres. Sept. Rec'd. Sept. Rec'd. Sept. Ed.	Housefeads Pre-emptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Grants Total Entries General Office Work	Homesteads Pre-emptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Grants Gr	Homestrads Pre-emptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Grants Office Work Grants No. in in in in in in in i	Hudson Special Total Entries. Area in in in Area Area Area In In In In In In In I	Homesteads Pre-emptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Area in In In In In In In In	Hudson Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Area in in Area	Homesteads Pre-emptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries General Office Work Hudson Grants Total Entries General Office Work Grants General Office Work General Office W	Homesteads Pre-emptions Sales Hudson Special Rectands	Hudson Special Total Entries Area	Homesteads Pre-amptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Letters Circulars Coarcollars Coarc	Hurison Special Total Entries Area	Homesteads Pre-ramptions Sales Hudson Special Total Entries Area Letters Circulars Cancol	Hudson Special Total Entries Area Hudson Special Total Entries Cancella Chouse Cho

WM. M. GOODEVE,
Acting Chief Clerk of Patents.



OTTAWA, 2nd January, 1884. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,

APPENDIX B.

ABSTRACT of Letters Patent issued from the Department of the Interior, covering lands in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, between 1st November, 1882, and 31st October, 1883.

	1882	2-83.	188	L-82.
Nature of Grants.	No of Patents.	Area in Acres.	No. of Patents.	Area in Acres.
Homesteads	1,818 2,000 200	292,715 437,366 48,000	404 1,021 363	63,9 97 259,1 79 87,12 0
Military Bounty Grants North-West Mounted Police Grants Grants under Manitoba Act Commutation of right of ('ommon, &c	182 96	1,440 3,360 23,188 6,606	11 44 238 84	1,760 7,192 40,330 7,267 1,840
Special Grants	13 2 4,341	4,813 13,853 831,341	2,197	38, 100 506, 785

APPENDIX C.

Memorandum showing Registration Districts to which list of Patents issued during Year ending 31st December, 1882, have been sent, in accordance with the provisions of the 78th Section of the Act 46 Vic., Cap. 17.

Registration Divisions.	end	months ing 30th ie, 1882.	end	months ling 31st c., 1882	Т	otals.
	No.	Sheets.	No	Sheets.	No.	Sheets.
Manchester Lorette		13 10 5 14 23 14 8 7 4 14 10 10 10 12 6 21 30 9	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 9 8 13 20 24 11 11 9 * 34 21 * 12 8 21 29 8	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	26 19 13 27 43 38 18 13 4 48 31 10 24 42 59
Special Returns to Registrars of Lands patented to the Hireserves under deed of surrender at certain trading posts	udso	's Bay Co	mpa	ny, being	35 28	46 5 53
					63	518

^{*}Notice of changes in boundaries of these Districts received; particulars not yet to hand.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,

ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE, OTTAWA, 2nd January, 1883.

Re "DEPARTMENTAL REPORT FOR 1882-83."

Dear Sir,—Hereto attached you will please receive for the Departmental Report, a statement of cash receipts on account of Dominion Lands for the Departmental year beginning the 1st November, 1882, and ending 31st October, 1883, showing also the amount of scrip and warrants.

Total cash received			. •		-		-		-		\$833,925	
Scrip -		-		•		-		-		•	42,923	26
Warrants	-		-		-		-		-		7,200	00
•			Tota	ıl		-		•		-	\$884,048	93

On the 18th of December last I sent to you, for the Minister's information, an interim statement of cash receipts, amounting to \$833,910.36; I have since then received final reports for the sub-branches of this Department, changing certain amounts from one sub-head of receipts to another. None of the amounts are very large, and the aggregate is the same within a few dollars.

Respectfully submitted,

J. A. PINARD,

Accountant.

A. M. Burgess, Esq,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa.

28 99 82 93 471 42,923 50,608 54,004 63,984 42,452 61,660 92,507 83,883 37,871 31,176 833,925 384,048 rotals. Accountant. 84 STATEMENT of Receipts on Account of Dominion Lands, for the Year commencing 1st November, 1882, and ended 31st October, 1883. J. A. PINARD, 70 00 Miscellancous. 69 700 00 : 8 :3 : amination Fees 190 Surveyors" Ex-€9 22 67 tration Fees. 233 139 114 117 155 756 67 67 133 96 2,306 124 128 Office and Regis-26 75 5<u>22822</u> :88 cts. to 31st October, 1883...... Map[Sales, &c. 1143 114 116 116 116 117 118 973 124 173 8 63 888888 3,000 17,464 12,000 3,932 328 61,885 4,090 18,761 11,500 149,346 zation Lands. 16,384 Sales of Coloni 22 91 8 cts. StoneQuarries. 95 33 61 Koyaity irom € 160 00 40 00 40 00 960 00 8 during the Departmental Year, from 1st November, 1882, cts. Landa. 1,840 kenu moni singili 688 19,293 83 80 888888 4,492 (2,598 1,835 713 3,713 1,750 ing Lands. 675 140 Rents from Graz-18 24 65 001 17 17 63 63 27 8,507 6,530 7,530 6,530 7,173 6,580 8,580 6,145 6,145 150,712 Timber Dues, &c. 20 31 38,254 80,159 694 777 772 772 772 773 773 874 874 873 396,797 Landa. To selas latened 8,88,8,5,6,0,4,0,8 88 28228 828 5,746 50 1,403 537 1,070 343 (337 (225 5 Orrawa, 2nd January, 1884. improvements. 921 486 8 888888888 88 cts. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, 6,925 1,750 3,520 3,520 3,520 3,520 3,520 3,520 3,520 3,520 3,520 44,660 Pre-emptions. Scrip redeemed Warrants (45) 88 888888888 28 2,080 2,080 2,080 2,080 2,080 2,080 1,080 1,080 2,300 60,827 Homestead Fees November. June Sala Angust..... February March A pril..... Мау Month.

TIMBER, MINERAL AND GRAZING LANDS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. TIMBER, MINERAL AND GRAZING LANDS OFFICE, OTTAWA, 31st December, 1883.

Sir.—I have the honour to submit the fourth Annual Report of the Timber.

Mineral and Grazing Lands Office of the Department of the Interior.

A statement shewing the revenue derived from Crown timber, mineral lands and grazing lands for the departmental year ending 31st October last, is appended hereto, together with the Reports of the Crown Timber Agents at Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary and Prince Albert.

During the last year two new Crown Timber agencies have been established, namely, Calgary and Prince Albert: Mr. C. L. Gouin being appointed agent for the

former, and Mr. J. D. Waggoner for the latter.

The total amount of dues collected for timber within the Winnipeg Agency

amount to \$78,309,77.

The total amount of timber dues collected within the Edmonton Agency,

amount to \$8,475.89.

The area of the territory comprised within the latter agency has been reduced, owing to the establishment of the Calgary and Prince Albert Agencies, and the business for the year has been light, the mill owners only sawing enough lumber to satisfy the local demand. This state of affairs will naturally exist until such time as the North Saskatchewan River is tapped by a railway, by which the lumber can be conveyed to the prairie country to the south.

The total amount of dues collected for timber within the Calgary Agency during

the year amounts to \$62,426.61.

In the month of July last tenders were received for ten timber berths of fifty square miles each, on the Bow River and its tributaries, and the amount of bonus received therefor aggregated \$49,030, or at the rate of nearly \$100 per square mile.

The total amount of dues collected for timber, from the 26th June last, when the agent actively commenced duty, within the Prince Albert Agency, amounts to of \$1,500. The sums collected prior to that date are included in the statement collections at the Edmonton Agency.

Saw mills returns show the following quantities of building material as having

been manufactured during the year:-

Sawn lumber..... 36,704,369 Shingles..... 11,179,033 Laths 6,254,827

The following is a statement of correspondence, applications received, and returns examined in the office at headquarters during the year :-

Number	of letters received	3,835
do	letters sent	3,860
do	timber berths applied for	727
do	mill sites	11
do	applications for grazing lands.	99
do	returns from mills received and verified	128
do	licenses for timber berths drawn	34
do	of returns of permits received and verified	118
do	of instructions issued for surveys of timber berths	25
do	of returns of surveys of timber berths received	
	and examined	2
do	of returns of surveys of coal locations received	
	and examined.	4
do	of leases for grazing lands drawn	2
	I have the honour to be. Sir. your obedient servent.	

G. U. RYLEY, Clerk of Timber Mines and Grazing Lands.

STATEMENT of Receipts on	seipts on	account of Timber, Mines, and Grazing Lands, for the Twelve Months ending October, 1883.	f Timber,	Mines, and Gre October, 1883.	ıd Grazin r, 1883.	g Lands,	for the I	welve M	onths end	ling 31st	
Month.	Royalty on Returns of Sales.	Bonus and Ground Rent.	Permits.	Dues and Fines for Trespass.	Miscella- neous.	Total.	Royalty on Stone Quarried.	Mines.	Grazing Lands.	Grand Total Timber, Mines and Grazing.	
1882. November	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,071 50 6,536 61	\$ cts. 1,763 94 69 75	\$ cts. 217 30 724 70	\$ cts. 8 51	\$ cts. 5,874 18 8,108 72	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,750 00 297 50	ete.	
Jenuary Jenuary Rebruary Narch April May July August September	1,789 25 3,913 24 174 28 408 60 408 84 1,563 84 2,744 63 1,691 11 9,2 6 78	2,790 00 662 45 1,721 25 1,722 83 3,792 83 4,560 00 52,993 69 4,500 00 2,325 12 12,086 26	3,771 49 924 72 380 71 2,986 64 4,562 64 298 11 403 93 1,155 03 1,277 95 20,395 21	145 40 255 77 72 72 75 77 76 76 87 138 25 115 31 163 40 851 54 851 54 851 54 851 54 851 64 851 64 851 64	8 61	8,607 24 5,530 65 2,073 81 5,273 81 9,233 88 6,580 20 65,899 17 8,563 06 6,145 72 29,043 63	61 81	440 00 160 00 40 00 40 00 960 00	4,420 00 2,598 30 1,835 00 1,755 00 3,198 03 1,676 00 1,998 00	241,015 38	•
Canadian Pacific Railway Company's account, settled at Head Office Grand total	Company's acc Grand total Increase over J	's account, settled otal	d at Head Off	Office		69,073 56 219,785 83 108,004 59	95 72	1,760 00	9,170 23		
DEPARTMENT OF THE IN OTTAWA, 31st	, ,	TERIOR, December, 1	1888.	f.		Clerk of '	G. U. BYLEY, Clerk of Timber, Mines and Grazing Lands.	G. U. BYLEY, Mines and Gra	IV, Frazing L	ands.	

Crown Timber Office, Winnipeg, 31st October, 1883.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the following Report on the operations of the Crown Timber Office at this point for the year ending the 31st of October, 1883, which for more ready reference I have put in tabulated form, viz:—

A. Statement showing the revenue derived from Crown Timber;

B. General Office Returns and other information respecting the business of this office;

C. The number of saw mills operating under Government License in the Province of Manitoba, and in the Districts of Keewatin and Assiniboia, as far west as the third initial meridian, together with the quantities of building material manufactured, sold, and on hand by each lessee respectively.

I am glad to be able to report a large and rapidly increasing revenue in this branch of your Department. The total receipts from timber are \$130,644.05 being \$30,772.97 more than was realized during the preceding year, a rather surprising showing in view of the fact that there has existed an unusual depression in the lumber trade of Minnesota, from which cause a very large quantity of building material has been forced into Canada to find a market here at whatever prices could be obtained for it.

The mills operating in this District during the past year have been of a much larger class than those operating during previous years, and the out-put has consequently been much greater, but in consequence of Mianesota pine being run into this market, all those Canadian millmen who could afford to do so, have very largely held over their stocks, and therefore the amount of royalty received has been proportionately reduced. However, the supply from the neighboring Union being likely to be less for the next season and the demand for lumber hereabouts continually increasing, I predict for the ensuing year an increased business for the Canadian lumberman, and of course a corresponding increase in the revenue derivable from this source.

I beg to direct your attention to the returns hereto appended under Schedule B, giving the comparative prices of lumber sold at the principal points in the Winnipeg District during the years 1882 and 1883.

During the past year I have, for the convenience of the settlers and to facilitate the working of this office, established local agencies in different portions of the country for the issuing of permits for the cutting of house timber, rails, fence posts and wood for fuel; also for guarding territory for which timber licenses have been issued, as well as protecting the Crown domain generally. These officers have rendered good service, and, so far as I can ascertain, have given general satisfaction in those localities wherein they have operated. As compensation for their services, they are allowed 25 per cent. of the dues collected by them individually, and they furnish monthly returns, which are examined here and transmitted to your Department at Ottawa.

> I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > E. F. STEPHENSON, Crown Timber Agent.

A. M. BURGESS, Esq., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

SCHEDULE A.

STATEMENT of Receipts on account of Crown Timber, for the Twelve Months ending 31st October, 1883.

Month.	Royal on Retu of Sale	irns	Bonu and Gro Rent	und	Permit	æ.	Dues and Fine Trespa	s for	School Lands.	Royalty on Stone Quarried.	Tota	l.
1882.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$	cts.
November December	2,812 777	93 66	821 6,536	50 61	1,763 69	9 t 75	217 724	30 70	8 51	33 91	5,624 8,142	
1883.												
January February March	3,912 174	28	412 741	25	3,728 924 331	72	31 255	50 24 77 75			4,799 5,280 1,505 1,393	65 56
April	408 1,550 1,669	51	713	69	4,562 298 27	64 11 69	469 138 115	87 25 31			5,571 2,430 2,526	38 20 20
August September October	1,155 1,691 9,226	11	1,097 325 2,076	12	1,276 951	45	163 851 4,517			61 81	3,318 4,206 16,771	03
Total	24,528	3 42	14,351	80	14,882	13	7,703	91	8 51	95 72	61,570	49
Canadian Pacifi	ic Railw	ay (Company'	s ac	count, se	tled	at Head	Offic	e		69,073	3 56
	Gran	ıd to	tal		•••••	•••••		•• •••			130,644	1 05
Increase over p	revious	year			••••••		•••••	•••••		••••••	30,772	97
Amount collect	ed, Hea	d Of	fice			•••••		•••••			14,989	28

E. F. STEPHENSON, Crown Timber Agent.

Crown Timber Office, Winnipeg, 31st October, 1883.

SCHEDULE B.

GENERAL Office Return for Twelve Months ending 31st October, 1883.

	Description of Return.	Number.	Compared previous	with the Year.
do do	of letters writtenreceived	2,189 2,061 551)	1ncrease. 423 669 303	Decrease.
do do do do	do Subject to dues	174 118	89	3

COMPARATIVE Prices of Lumber sold at principal points in the Winnipeg District, during the Years 1882 and 1883.

Place.	Kin	d.			18	382.				1	883,		
Brandon Moosomin do Begina do Moose Jaw	Spruce and tamarac, p do Pine Spruce and tamarac Pine Spruce and tamarac Pine Spruce and tamarac do do do do do do	oer M. do do do do do do do do do do do	ft	18 26 30 28 35 30 40 35 17 25 25 20	00 00 00 00 00 00 00		30 34 35 30 40 38 45 40 28 40 40	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	16 25 23 28 26 26 26 10 25 22 20	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 30 00		18 22 28 25 30 28 30 28 16 30 28 30	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

E. F. STEPHENSON, Crown Timber Agent.

Crown Timber Office, Winnipeg, 81st October, 1883.

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, EDMONTON, 31st October, 1883.

SIR.—I have the honour to submit the following Report of the work of the

Crown Timber Office, Edmonton, for the year just closed.

Since my last Report the North-West has felt the depression in business which commenced last year, in Manitoba; but I am glad to be able to say that the worst is now past, and with the incoming spring we may anticipate an improvement from the completion of the Canadian Pacific Raliway to Calgary, distant from here only 200 miles, which gives a comparatively easy access to our distant land, and from the increased immigration which must result.

The quantity of lumber sawn in this Crown Timber District is very much less than the previous year, being 385,859 feet B.M. as compared with 1,585,463 feet B.M.

Last spring I visited Prince Albert and intervening places. At Prince Albert Messrs. Moore and Macdowall have, during the past season, erected a very large and fine saw-mill, capable of cutting from 50,000 to 75,000 feet per day. The place is growing rapidly, upwards of 150 new houses having been built during the past year, many of them of a substantial character.

At Battleford, Mr. Finlayson, the sub-agent, reported that very little was being done in lumbering, with the exception that Messrs. Oliver & Co. erected a mill and

took out logs from their limit.

In August last Mr. John Connor, Forest Ranger, arrived. The appointment of

such an officer was much wanted, and he will be very useful in my district.

During the year the immense district I had under my charge has been divided into three. I think the division will have a good effect, as it was impossible for

one person to properly look after it.

Statements shewing the revenue derived from the Crown timber, and the number of saw-mills operating within this Agency, together with the quantity of building material manufactured and sold by each mill owner respectively during the year, and other information regarding the business of this office, will be found hereto appended.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> THOMAS ANDERSON, Crown Timber Agent.

A. M. Burgess, Esq.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Schedule C, showing the number of Saw Mills in the Province of Manitoba, and the Districts of Keewatin and Assiniboia, operating under Government License, during the Year ending 31st October, 1883.

Name of Owner or Owner and Assignee.	Where Situated.	Kind of Power.	Horse Power.	Ospacity per twelve hours.	Commenced opera-	Description of Timber.	Lecation of Limit.	Quantity of Lumber manufactured dur- ing year ending 31st October, 1883.	Quantity of Lumber sold; on hand 31st October, 1882, and manufactured, to 31st October, 1883.	Quantity of Lumber on hand, 31st Octo- ber, 1883.	Quantity of Shingles manufactured dur- ing year ending 31st tetober, 1883.	Quantity of Shingles sold: on hand 31st October, 1882, and manufactured, to 31st October, 1883.	Quantity of Shingles on hand, 31st Octo- ber, 1883.	Quantity of Lath manufactured dur- ing year ending 31st October, 1893.	Quantity of Lath sold; on hand 31st October, 1882, and manufactured, to 31st October, 1883.	Quantity of Lath on hand, 31st Octo- ber, 1883.	Remarks.
								Ft., B.M.	Ft., B.M.	Ft., B.M.	Ft., B.M.	Ft., B.M.	Ft., B.M.	Ft, B.M.	Ft., B.M	Ft., B.M.	
Adams & Schneider *Armitage & McCulloch Armitage, J. S	No mill erected	Steam	62 25	10,000 6,000	1879 1880	do	Limit C, Winnipeg River	2,144,558 155,000	1,891,696 555,171	80 0,000 218,670	416,500	189,000	227,500	130,427	57,645	72,782	
Bergin, John & Co Boulton, C. A	do Shell River.	Steam	16	3,000	1883		Whitemouth River	······				*************			******		Commenced sawing in September. Returns not yet
Brouse, Geo. J. & Co Brown, Rutherford & Neilson	Badthroat River	Water	90 30	7,000 10,000	1879		Badthroat River Fisher Bay	442,560 2,697,602	442,560 1.297,602	1,400,000	1,315,000	1,315,000		166,000	166,000		received.
Cameron, Alex	Rolling River	Steam	25 25	6,000 6,000	1878 1879	do and poplar	Riding Mountains	160,349 3,3 37,416	158,800 1,837,416	73,979 1,500,000					•••••		
Douglas, David Douglas, John W Drake & Rutherford	Rapid City	Steam	20 70	4,000 40,000	1879	Sprucedo	Assiniboine RiverRiding MountainsFisher River	13,500 1,500,000	22,314 457,189	2,144 1,042,811		3,500	•••••·	100,000	40,550	59,450	
*Erratt, Jacob	************************	******			·	**************************	***************************************		*************		••••				20,000		Limit assigned to North-West Lumbering Com- pany. (See Walkley & Burrows)
Fox; Thos. L & McQuarrie .			16	3,		•••••••	Turtle Mountains.	101,244	38,472	70,000	80,500	45,500	35,000				Mill machinery at Brandon; not yet erected.
Hudson's Bay Company. Jonasson & Fredrickson Bros Kent, James	Riding Modutain lieuse . 	do	16 40 25	3,000 15,000 6,000	1880 1881 1880	do	Riding Mountains	505,645 835,123 1,439,871	411,192 359,479 992,813	94,453 759,511 682,188	452,500 548,500	452,500 461,000	131,000	6,000 100,000 15,200	6,000 13,000 11,700	111,500 3,500	, as a second of the second of
Keewatin Lumbering & Manu-	Keewatin Milis	Water	400	120,000	1880	Red and white ping	Lake of the Woods	6,392,445	3,541,942	5,250,00	3,753,250	2,685,500	2,671,250	1,890,600	629,600	1,341,000	
Leacock, E. P	Bird Tail Creek	do	15 16	2,0∈0 3,000	184.0	do	Bird Tail Creek	95,144 - 145,512	245,556 93,966	58,000	132,500	55,250	77,250				
*McFadyen, D	Cacherry.	do		15,000 3,500		do	Riding Mountains	468,945 41,140	151,094 50,236	362,351	340,000 50,000	144,500 50,000	195,500	89,750	20,40	69,300	Mill should be a live of the state of the st
Pratt, W. J. M	1 "	1		*********			Rainy Lake			•••••		******	•••••				Mill abandoned; machinery put in grist mill at Portage la Prairie. Mill burned down, August, 1883. No returns of
Ross, A. W		Steam	55	25,00		•••••			.,					-		Ì	sales made. Purchased, but not erected.
Ross, David Shields et al	1 11 0	do	1 0 = 1	10,000 12,000 3,000	1880 1881 1882	do	Whitemouth River	3,096,469 1,358,303	1,591,469 1,212,288	1,505,000 206,015							1
do Shore, E Smith. Samuel	ii.g Black Island:		20	3,500	1881	do Poplar	Turtle Mountains.	128,182 555,384 359,268	128,182 555,384 269,215	92,153	87,000 262,200 409,500	87,000 262,200 385,000	29,500	***************************************			Limit abandoned
Sprague, D. E	Winnip g	do	45 75	20;000 30,000	1882 1883	PineSpruce.	Rosseau River Ebb and Flow Lake.	4,641,534	3,247,303	1,394,231				318,350	318,350		Returns not received.
Stubbs, W. H., jun	No mill erected	Steam	25 75	6,000 30,000	1878	Spruce	Limit D, Winnipeg River	618,447 825,000	499,848 536,947	327,495 288,053	83.000		83,000	126,500	40,600 31,500	95,000	
Watts, Alfred Whimster & Kayll	Norquay	do	16 25	3,000 6,000	1882 1880	Poplar and oak Spruce and poplar	Township 7, Range 9, W	91,413 799,210	82,£08 599,4.8	11,905 218,150	500,250 759,500	247,000 456,250	253,250 303,250	120,000	31,500	30,000	
Williams & Harrison		do	25	6,000	1880	Poplar	Turtle Mauntains	160,172	142,381	17,891	354,250	354,250	4,006,500	9.048.00*	1 925 20*	1 750 500	
		1					Totals	33,112,536	21,412,441	16,375,000	9,544,450	7,193,450	*,000,000	2,912,827	1,335,395	1,752,532	

^{*} do North-West Lumbering.Co.

* do Jermyn & Bolton.*

North-West Lumbering Co.

STATEMENT of Receipts, on account of Crown Timber, for the twelve months ending 31st October, 1883.

Month.	Royald on Retu of Sale	rns	Bonu and Gro Rent	und	Permits.	Dues and Fines for Trespass.	Total.	
1882.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$70	cts.
December	**********	•••••		•••••				****
1883.								
January			2,263	00	43 00		3,207	71
March		•••••	250		46 45		296	
April			550				550	
June			1,250 250		ļ	1	1,250 250	
July			700		133 19	l	1,792	
AugustSeptember	492			•••••	2 00		494	
October				•••••	634 66		634	66
	2,353	39	5,263	00	859 30		8,475	89

THOS. ANDERSON,

Crown Timber Agent.

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, EDMONTON, 31st October, 1883.

SCHEDULE B.

GENERAL Office Returns for twelve months ending 31st October, 1883.

Description of Returns.	Amount.	Compared previou	l with the s year.	Remarka.
Description of notation.	Amount.	lncrease.	Decrease.	Nomed as:
Rxpenses of working office Number of letters written	332 142 85 5	163 37 3	2 01	

THOS. ANDERSON, Crown Timber Agent.

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, EDMONTON, 31st October, 1883.

Name of Owner or Owner and Assignee.	Where Situated.	of Power.	Power.	city per 12 17s.	nenced opera-	Descrip- tion of Timber.	Logs Cut.	tity of Lumber infactured dur- the Year ended i October, 1883.	tity of Lumber d; on hand 31st tober, 1882, and nufactured to t October, 1883.	tity of Shingles nufactured dur- the Year ended t October, 1883.	tity of Shingles d; on hand slat bober, 1882, and to hand slat to hand started. to ottober, 1883.	tity of Laths or number, 1883.	tity of Laths; hand 31st Octo , 1882, and nufactured, to t October, 1883
		Kind	нотве	osqaD nod	noit			nam Yai 301d	oloe toO tum	nam Ani	toO toO tam	18m	on l
Hudson's Bsy Co Edmunton	Kdmunton	Steam	40	10,000	1880	Spruce	Spruce On North Sas-katchewan	M.,B.M.	M., B. M. Sold, 529, 901; on hand, 711, 123; manufac-	M., B.M.	М.,В.М.	М., В. М.	M.,B.M.
Rardisty & Co	•••• ор	Stea	<u></u>	10,000	1880	Spruce	ф	380,089	35,800.	,			
Moore & Co	Prince Albert. Steam	Steem	80	35,000	1880	Spruce Near	Near Prince Albert		235, 564 on hand, 64,961; manufac- tured, 350, 059; on hand, 84,844.	31,500	Sold, 4,000; on hand, 27,500.	147 bds.	Sold, 24 bds.; on hand, 123 bds.
St. Albert Mission Mill St. Albert	St. Albert	Water	76	5,000	1882	Spruce	Spruce Egg Lake			8,000	Sold, 6,000; on hand, 2,000.	→	
		.,						385,859	2,011,254	39,500	39,500	147 bds,	147 bds.
CROWN TIMBER OFFICE EDMONTON, 31st	TIMBER OFFICE, EDMONTON, 31st October, 1883.	. 1883							THO	S. ANI	THOS. ANDERSON, Crown Timber Agent.	Timber A	gent.

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, CALGARY, 31st October, 1883.

Sir,-Thave the honour to submit the following Report of the work of the Crown

Timber Office, Calgary, for the year just closed.

Statements showing the revenue derived from Crown Timber, and the number of saw mills operating within this Agency, together with the quantity of building material manufactured and sold by each mill-owner respectively during the year, and other information regarding the business of this office will be found hereto appended.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

C. L. GOUIN, Crown Timber Agent.

The Deputy of
The Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa.

STATEMENT of Receipts on account of Crown Timber, from the 1st March to the 31st October, 1883.

Month.	Returns under License.	Bonus and Ground Rent.	Permits.	Dues and Fines for Trespass.	Miscella- neous.	Total.
1882.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$
November						,
December						
1883.						
January		l	1			
February	}	1	İ		1	
March		250 00				250 00
April	1,031 82	145 83	2,052 46			3,230 11
May		662 50				662 50
June		3,900 00				3,900 00
July		50,080 00				50,080 00
August		3,250 00	250 00			3,500 00
September		500 00	1 50			501 50
October		300 00	2 50			302 50
	1,031 82	59,088 33	2,306 46			62,426 61

C. L. GOUIN, Crown Timber Agent.

10,000 to 31st Oct., 1883. and manutactured STATEMENT showing the Saw Mills in the Calgary Crown Timber Agency operating under Government License, during the Quantity of Lath on hand 3lat Oct., '82, 10,000 10,000 Year ending 31st Oct., 1883. Quantity of Lath may guring during tured to 31st Oct. 83 221,750 15,000 Quantity of Shingles sold, on hand slat oct. 182, & manufac. manufactured dur-ing Year ending 31st Oct , 1883. 14,000 236,750 600,000 850,750 Ft., B M. Quantity of Shingles 192,790 47,566 tured to 31st Oct.'83 Ft., B. M. 240,356 : Quantity of Lumber sold, on hand 31st Oct. 82, & manufac-31st October, 1883. 72,874 2,384,088 Ft., B.M. 2,070,858 240,356 ing Year ending manufactured dur-Quentity of Lumber Cal-Beaver Creek. οţ æ Bow River Mill, Logs cut Neighborhood 31st October, Description Timber. ended cypress. Red fir, spruce and Year tions in Rebruary, 1383. Comm need operaranoq. 10,000 feet. Capacity per 12 2 8 Ногве Ромет. 2 ; : Steam. Kind of Power. qo ф Beaver Greek, Porcupine Hill, Alberta Co..... Calgary, Alberta... Peter McLaren... Mill Creek, Alberta Where situated Cochrane R'nche Messrs. Letle-bridge & Vo.... Name of Owner and Assignee 0wner 32

C. L. GOUIN, Orown Timber Age t.

> CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, CALGARY, 31st October, 1883.

GENERAL Office Return, from the 1st May, 1883, to the 31st October, 1883.

Description of Return.	Amount.	Compared with the previous year.	Remarks.
Expense of working office	\$ ets. 918 00 44 00 36 00 64 00		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

C. L. GOUIN, Crown Timber Agent.

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, CALGARY, 31st October, 1883.

Crown Timber Office, Prince Albert. 31st October, 1883.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit the following Report of the work of the Crown Timber Office, Prince Albert, from the 26th June last, when I commenced

duty.

Statements showing the revenue derived from Crown timber, and the number of saw-mills operating within this Agency, together with the quantity of building material manufactured and sold by each mill-owner respectively during the year, and other information regarding the business of this office, will be found hereto appended.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant.

> P. J. WAGGONER, Crown Timber Agent.

The Deputy of
The Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa.

STATEMENT of Receipts on account of Crown Timber, from the 26th June, 1883, to the 31st October, 1883.

Month.	.Returns under License.	Bonus and Ground Rent.	Permits.	Ducs and Fines for Trespass.	Miscellane- ous.	Total.
1882.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ets.	\$ ets	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
November December						
1883.				4 4		
January February March	••••••	••••••				
April						
JuneJulyA ugustSeptember		1,000 00 500 00				1,000 (9 500 00
October						

D. J. WAGGONER, Crown Timber Agent.

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, PRINCE ALBERT, 31st October, 1883.

Name of Owner Name of Owner Where Situated. Situate	Steam. Steam.	LENTS showi	STATEMENTS showing the Saw-m	ills in	ı the	Princ	o Alb Year	ert Crow ending 31	mills in the Prince Albert Crown Timber Agency, operating under Government License during Year ending 31st October, 1883.	icy, opor 83.	ating unde	н Gover	ıment Lie	ense dur	ng the	
Ft. Ft. S.M. Ft. B.M. Ft. Ft. B.M. Ft. Ft. B.M. Ft.	Ft. Ft. B.M. Ft. Ft. B.M. Ft.	of Owner or A Assignee.		Kind of Power.	н. Р.	Oapacity per 12 hours.	tions in	Des- cription of Timber.		-ub berutasiunam gaibae raey yai	sold; on hand slat October, 1882, and ot barufactured to	-tub bəru tasturamı gaibnə yest gai	sold; on hand slat October, 1882, and or bestured to	-rub derturend dur- Zaibas resy Zai	sold; on hand Slat October, 1882, and ot beaufactured to	
25 35,030 1876 Spruce and Proplar	25 35,030 1876 Spruce and Proplar Sold 230, Annotation Proplar Proplar Sold 230, Annotation Sold 3314;				1_	F. F.				Ft, B. M.	Ft., B. M.	Ft., B. M.	Ft., B. M.	Ft, B. M.	Ft., B. M.	
16 5,000 1881 Pine None. None	16 5,000 1881 Pine Totals Rone. 844 feet. None. None. None. None. Totals 821,886 D. J. WAGGONER, Order of Timber Ag	acdowall	Prince Albert, N.W.T			35,030		Spruce and poplar		<u></u>	Sold 230,- 461 feet; on hand 31st Dec, 1882, 85,-	7443	Sold 351½; none on hand 31st Dec., '82.		Sold 657 bundles; none on hand 31st	
Totals 821,886 7143 3185	Totals 821,886 7144 3185 D. J. WAGGONER,	1 Eden	Prince Albert, N.W.T.		16	5,000	1881	Pine		_	844 feet. None.	None.	None.		None.	up.
	D. J. WAGGONER,									821,886		7143		3185		

CROWN TIMBER OFFICE, PRINCE ALBERT, 31st October, 1883.

GENERAL Office Return, from the 26th June, 1883, to the 31st October, 1883.

Description of Return.	Amount.	Com with the pr	pared evious year.	Remarks.
		Increase.	Decrease.	
Expense of working office				\$920.00.

D. J. WAGGONER,

Crown Timber Agent.

CROWN TIMER OFFICE,
PRINCE ALBERT, 31st October, 1883.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
ORDNANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 1st December, 1883.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit for your information a Report of the transactions of this Branch for the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1883.

Four schedules are annexed, viz:

A. Statement of sales made during the year.

B. Statement showing the several localities from which moneys have been received.

C. Showing amounts received each month.

D. Showing amounts due and remaining unpaid 30th June, 1883.

The sales during the past year have been very limited, amounting to \$8,626.00

only, on account of which the sum of \$6,894.00 has been received.

The revenue from rents, interest equivalent to rents, registration fees and sales amounted to \$19,402.69, exhibiting a serious falling off from that of the previous years, while the indebtedness to the Department on the 30th June, 1883 (\$128,664.00)

was little less than that remaining on the 30th June, 1882 (\$129,992.40.)

There can be no doubt that had less leniency been shown, the revenue would have been much larger. By extending the time for payment it was reasonably expected that many of the purchasers and tenants who were heavily in arrears would, appreciating the patience and indulgence of the Department, have made an extra effort to discharge their several liabilities. Such, however, has not been the case; on the contrary, an indifference to the claims of the Department and a reluctance to pay has been manifested. By comparing statement D. with that of the previous year, it will be seen that in several localities the indebtedness has largely increased, notably at Amherstburg, to the extent of \$3,307.51; Chambly, \$2,031.29; Nepean, \$3,737.65; Quebec, \$451.68; and Toronto, \$884.91.

The inference to be drawn from these facts is, that in many cases the purchasers have no intention of fulfilling the terms and conditions by which they were bound at the time of sale, and are prepared to relinquish the properties purchased by them

respectively. Prompt action should be taken with a view to the enforcement of the payment of arrears, or if deemed advisable the sales might be cancelled and the lands resumed in accordance with the provisions of the Act 23 Vict., cap. 2, sec. 20.

There is no reason why the Ordnance and Admiralty Lands should not be productive, for many years to come, of a comparatively large revenue. At Kingston there yet remain 265 lots unsold; at Prescott. 58; Toronto, 3; Chambly 20, besides several other lots the previous sales of which might be cancelled; at Fort Erie, 19 acres and 2 roods were laid off into lots; and at Amherstburg there are 17 lots occupying an area of 23 acres, 3 roods and 14 perches, the sale of which might, in consequence of default having been made in payment of instalments and interest, be cancelled. I am of opinion that if the last mentioned lots were divided or sub-divided into half acre or quarter of an acre lots they might be sold more advantageously to a reliable class of purchasers, who would be prepared to meet their engagements punctually.

Sales during the ensuing spring of the properties above referred to, together with other lots in the City of Quebec and elsewhere, would have the effect of restoring

the revenue of this Branch to a healthy and satisfactory condition.

There were no sales reported during the year of lands appertaining to the Estate of the Bank of Upper Canada, which are under the administration of this Branch.

The official labour connected with this Branch during the year included the keeping of upwards of 1,100 accounts, the receipt, docketing and arrangement of 486-letters, writing and copying of 514 letters in reply, drafts for letters-patent and leases 52, assignments registered 42, warrants issued for bank to receive moneys 174.

It would be impossible to present an accurate statement of the large amount of labor performed in this office or description of the quality of that labor, embracing as it does the consideration of conflicting claims, errors in surveys, preparation of

numerous and varied reports, &c., &c.

The Staff of this Branch consists of Mr. P. G. Keyes, who occupies the position of General Clerk, at the same time discharging the duties of Accountant, and the under-

signed.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM MILLS,

In charge of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands.

The Deputy of the
Minister of the Interior,
Ottawa.

A
STATEMENT of Sales made during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1883.

Locality.	No. of Lots Sold.	Amount Sold for.	Amount Received on Account.
Ottawa, City of	9 1 ± 22½ acres	\$ cts. 1,421 00 2,705 00 4,500 00	\$ ets. 1,421 00 973 00 4,500 00
Total	23 lots and 22½ acres	8,626 00	6,894 00

P. G. KEYES,

For the Accountant.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
ORDNANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 1st December, 1883.

 \mathbf{B}

STATEMENT showing the several Localities on account of which Moneys have been received during the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1883.

Locality.	Amount.	Locality.	Amoun	·.
	\$ cts.	Brought forward	\$ ci	
Amherstburg	499 47 429 58 56 17 13 70 50 00 26 30 4,38 8 11 90 73 1,000 00 418 00 569 27 14 03 12 41	Niagara Grenville Ottawa Oxford Prescott Quebec St. John's South River Sorel Sarnia Three Rivers Wolford Registration Fees	191 13 4,105 1 427 1,399 4,895 10 313 40 395 25	94 00 62 60 20 75 60 70 00 41 80
Carried forward	7,567 77	Total	19,402	63

P. G. KEYES,

For the Accountant.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ORDNANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS BRANCH, OTTAWA, 1st December, 1893.

C

STATEMENT of Receipts on account of Ordnance and Admiralty Lands, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1883.

Date.	Rec	eipts.	Registra Fees		Rent Interes		Princip	ai.	Total	
1882.			\$	cts.		cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
Jalv	To receipts for mo	nth			519	41	570	86	1,090	27
August	do				148		341		489	
September	do				416		1,167		1,568	
October		1	Considerate Co.		485		420		908	
November		***************************************			663		1,306		1,969	
December			15	00	743		646		1,404	
1883.			ļ I							
January	do		*********		835	41	579	19	1,414	60
February	do		******		3 3 0	60	1,113	90	1,444	
March	do		********		1,217	68	195		1,418	
April	ďο				562		4,851		5,414	
May	do		**********		392	62	1,294	-00	1,686	
June	do	****** ***** * *********			355	33	230	50	585	
			15	00	6,671	20	12,716	49	19,402	69

P. G. KEYS,

for the Accountant.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
ORDNANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 1st December, 1883.

D

STATEMENT showing the amounts due and remaining unpaid 30th June, 1883, on account of Rent and instalments of Purchase money and Interest.

Locality.	Rent and Interest due and remaining unpaid 30th June, 1883.	Amount of Instalments due and unpaid 30th June, 1883.	Total Amount
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts
Amherstburg	6,702 68 2,564 75 110 00	13,795 66 7,171 91	20,498 34 9,736 66 110 00
Dhatham, Q	1 60 1 31 72	307 00	1 60 438 72
Crosby South	9 70	632 37	9 70
Ort Erie	74 05 14 20	206 81	280 86 14 20
Frenville		3,621 57	5,241 41
Longueuil	418 00	***************************************	418 00
Marlborough	26,423 73	717 27	27,141 00 100 00
Vavy Island Viagara New Brunswick	171 94		1 :::::
Ottawa, City of	19,009 51	4,147 50	23,157 0
PittsburghPrescott	31 36	32 80 419 60	62 1 525 4
PenetanguisheneQuebec	53 65	63 90 18,688 00	117 5 26,734 1
SorelPoint Levis	981 88	66 99	1,048 8
Toronto	. 2,392 04	4,934 50	7,326 5 2,048 8
Windsor			
	72,258 12	56,405 88	128,664 0

P. G. KEYES, For the Accountant.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, ORDNANCE LANDS BRANCH, OTTAWA, Dec. 1st, 1883.

PART II.

REPORT OF THE SURVEYOR-GENERAL.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,

TECHNICAL BRANCH,

OTTAWA, 31st December, 1833.

SIB,—I have the honour to submit here with the report of the Chief Inspector of Surveys on the operations of this Branch of your Department during the past season.

It shows the largest amount of work that has yet been accomplished in Deminion Land surveys in any one year.

One thousand two hundred and twenty-one townships, or somewhat over 27 millions of acres were subdivided into sections and quarter sections, ready for occupancy by settlers; besides which about 11,300 miles of block and township outlines, establishing the outside boundaries of thirteen hundred and sixty townships, were surveyed

The laying out of the land from the western boundary of the Province of Manitoba towards the Rocky Mountains has fairly kept pace with the rapid construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Of the townships completely surveyed as above indicated, ten hundred and fiftynine were along the line of that railway, including its land belt, and extending beyond it, to an average depth of nearly 50 miles on either side of the line.

The remaining 162 townships were surveyed in the vicinity of alvancing settlements, principally those of Prince Albert and Edmonton, and in tracts purchased by colonization companies, to make these ready for the settlers they have to place upon them.

At the point in their progress when the land surveys have reached across the whole of the prairie interval between the Rocky Mountains and the wooded region east of the Red River, it may not be amiss to give a brief review of the operations and modes of working of this branch of the service from their commencement to the present time.

On the 7th of March, 1871, the Dominion Lands Office was established under the Secretary of State of Canada and charged with the management of the vast territory in the North-West, which had lately become the property of the Dominion, and on the erection in 1873 of the Department of the Interior became a branch of that Department.

Of the immense region acquired, many hundreds of millions of acres, a vast area, estimated at three hundred millions of acres, or an extent more than equal to the whole of England, France and Germany together, was known to be a comparatively level country, suitable for occupation by man, much of it open prairie, and the rest alternately wood and prairie land or forest.

The framing and adoption of a system of civil division and subdivision into individual land holdings of so large a territory was an important matter.

After due consideration it was deemed advisable to follow in the main the method of survey into square townships, sections and quarter-sections, which obtained in the adjoining Territories of the United States; in which the conditions of natural surface, climate, and mode of settlement, were to a very great degree similar.

A scheme of surveying, containing some important modifications of the United States system, was submitted, and received the approval of the Government by Order in Council of the 25th of April, 1871, immediately after which due steps were taken to organize and prosecute in the field the Dominion land surveys of the North-West.

A manual of survey, setting forth the system in detail, with illustrative maps, and containing standing instructions for the guidance of surveyors, was compiled and published. The chief departures therein from the United States system taken as a model were,—first, that instead of the allowance made in the area of every section for roads, whose position would afterwards be fixed by need and authority, there was provided by the Canadian system, and laid off in the field, a road allowance all round the exterior of every section.

Another and material departure from the United States system consisted in a difference of method in the processes for demarcation of boundaries in the field.

In the earlier occupation of the lands of the United States their survey was made almost entirely by means of the Magnetic Compass. This was also the case in Canada.

The evils arising from the errors essentially connected with this practice were, in later years, avoided in a great degree in the former country by the adoption on its land surveys of the method termed Solar Compass Surveying. In Canada, with like object, a most important step in the direction of improvement was made by the

prescription by Government that all boundary lines of the Crown Lands should be surveyed astronomically, a definition distinguishing the processes from those of magnetic surveying and excluding the use of the magnetic needle.

In drafting the system of survey for Dominion Lands that was subsequently approved by Government, whilst following in the main the United States mode of division into townships and sections, it was deemed preferable to adhere in the processes for effecting this to Canadian precedents.

The use of the Solar Compass did not exclude that of the magnetic needle. On the contrary, under certain circumstances, it necessarily involved its employment.

This, together with inherent defects in any known form of Solar field instrument, rendered the method of survey by it incapable of the degree of accuracy easily attainable by the processes employed in Canadian Crown Land surveys for obtaining the bearings of township lines by referring their directions, through the means of suitable Azimuthal instruments, to the known directions of certain circumpolar stars.

The surveys of Dominion lands were, at the outset, divided into two classes, the first consisting of those by which the outline boundaries of blocks containing four townships were surveyed, and termed Block Surveys. The second, named Subdivision Surveys, followed the first, dividing up the land within the outlines of each block into sections and quarter sections, laying off the road allowances and filling in the topographical details. The lines established by the Block Surveys thus formed a frame for the subdivisional ones governing them and limiting their accumulation of error.

At first both classes of surveys were performed by contract, at a fixed rate per mile. But short experience, however, showed that to this method of payment for the first class there were, in the interest of the service, the gravest objections to be made.

The block surveyor was also an exploratory surveyor. Until his lines had been run there could be no knowledge of what obstacles to the progress of his survey he would encounter, nor of the probable nature of those likely to be met, in the interior of the block, by the subdividing surveyor, who would come after him.

To fix in advance the price for a service, the cost of which neither of the parties to the contract could know, was, as a mere hazard, to incur a greater probability of unfairness in the end, either to the public or to the surveyor, than of justice to both, for of the three possible events two were unfair.

The great evil, however, was the moral effect upon the surveyor. Assuming him to have been earnestly desirous of doing his work as well as the money he was to receive for it would permit—that is of giving just value in return,—yet it would be

possible that, under apprehension of unknown obstacles to be encountered at the risk of loss to himself and to those who were his securities, he would, even unconsciously, be impelled to hurry his work to a degree incompatible with the accuracy desirable in a survey of this class, forming the basis of and governing, as it did, all subsequent operations.

For these reasons it was, on the 22nd April, 1873, ordered by Government that Block Surveyors should be paid by the day for their personal service; and that the cost otherwise of their surveys, as shewn by duly attested vouchers, be defrayed by the Department.

In the year 1880 a class of surveys, intermediate between the two above defined, was established, termed Township Outline Surveys, becoming in the order of the operations and their requisite degree of accuracy the second class; the subdivision surveys becoming the third. This arose in consequence of the experience of the comparative costliness of block surveys when properly performed, and also of the conclusion arrived at, from the survey data, that it would suffice to apply the higher method of survey to the outlines of blocks containing sixteen townships instead of to every block of four townships, as had been previously done.

Under this last system of working the order of operations was as follows:

First. The Block Surveyor laid out any given portion of territory into square shaped blocks of four townships, or twenty-four miles to the side, exclusive of road allowances. The so surveyed periphery of a block being about ninety-seven and three-quarters miles, or roughly nearly a hundred miles.

Second. The Township Outline Surveyor proceeded to divide the block by lines crossing each other at intervals of six miles and included road allowances, and forming the outlines, within it, of the sixteen townships it contained. The total length of line surveyed by him in so doing would be about one hundred and forty seven miles.

Third. The sublividing or "Contract" Surveyor Inid off each of those townships into the thirty-six sections, and their quarter sections, prescribed by the law; the total length of line measured in so establishing their boundaries within the blocks, being about nine hundred and seventy six miles, or roughly, nearly a thousand miles.

At a little later period a still further and material reduction in the cost of survey was effected by the relegation to the subdividing surveyor of about half of the township outline surveying described above as within a block, by including in his contract for the subdivision the work of establishing for himself alternate township outlines or the equivalent thereto. It is possible that in this last step of that kind, in the direction of economy, the limit of safety as regards accuracy has been reached.

Next in order of the survey operations is the inspection of the work in the field.

To make a thorough inspection of a survey, it would be necessary to remeasure all its lines; in fact, an exhaustive inspection means a duplicate survey. This forms a fundamental objection to survey by contract. It is impossible that any Government officer can certify that the full value has been received by the public for the contract money paid, unless he has so executed, or caused to be executed, a duplicate survey. The most, therefore, that is practicable, within reasonable limits of cost for inspection, is that tests should be applied, here and there at hazard, throughout a contractor's work, and the inspecting officer report the resulting facts, together with a presumptive opinion based thereon, respecting the necessarily every much larger untested portion of the contract.

In the earlier prosecution of the surveys, inspection was confined to a visiting of the various parties in the field by the inspector to satisfy himself that they were really at work, and to judge, by what he saw of their manner of doing it, whether the requirements of the contract were being duly complied with; but, unless he became aware of something to give him suspicion of error or neglect, no check measurements were made beyond that of an occasional rough testing of an angle, with a pocket sextant that could be carried about by a person travelling on horseback or on foot, and generally alone. This kind of inspection, though certainly inexpensive, proved to be correspondingly ineffective. It became evident that the cost must be incurred of applying check measurements to portions, chosen unsystematically, of each contract in order thus to insure the obtaining average samples of the work. Inspection surveys were therefore established. At first these consisted of lines run at random diagonally through a contractor's townships and closing on the surrounding block outline surveys, with the object of having a rigid check both on the contractor and on the work of the inspection survey itself. This method was, however, abandoned on account of the labour it entailed in the office in obtaining, from the data, comparison of the actual position of boundaries checked, with that which theoretically they should occupy, and also because that the inspecting surveyor could judge but from what he saw at points where his lines intersected those of the contract, what care had been taken in placing its monuments.

The simpler method was adopted of re-survey of parts of the contract. This afforded speedy comparison in the office of the field notes of the contractor with those of the inspecting surveyor, and enabled the latter, while carrying on his own survey, to judge of the care taken by the first to secure permanency of demarcation.

Allied to the inspection in the field and forming the last step before the surveyor's accounts are settled and he receives payment of their balance, is the examination of survey returns. This consists of the comparison, by draughtsmen of the surveys office, of the surveyor's plans and field notes with each other, and

with the printed schedules—compiled for the purpose,—of the rules and requirements of Dominion Lands survey; it also includes the audit of the surveyor's accounts, their numerical accuracy being checked by revision of their computations by account clerks. Finally, the correctness in principle, as well as in amount, of each charge is checked by the Chief Inspector of surveys, on whose report that the surveyor's returns of his survey are satisfactory, and his accounts correct, the Surveyor-General's requisition issues for payment to him of the balance due.

When the survey of a township has been completed, and the returns thereof thus accepted, it is next necessary to prepare from the original plan of it, returned by the surveyor, copies for the use of the Department, and of its outside officers and agents engaged in the administration and disposal of the land; of territorial registry offices, to which by law they are to be supplied, and to meet private applications for their purchase.

At first, when the area surveyed yearly was comparatively small, these copies were drawn by the draughtsmen of the office, by the usual hand processes, but the numbers to be made soon grew to be such that some method of reproduction by printing had to be employed, and for a time that of photo-lithography was used. This was however, with the means available, found to be too slow; the issue of township plans fell into arrear, and a speedier method—a modification of ordinary lithography—was adopted, one which has proved in every way satisfactory, the supply of township plans keeping pace with all need, and the cost of reproduction as compared with former methods being much reduced.

As some explanation of the means employed to extend correctly over so large an area the system of land division adopted, it will be endeavoured to give a description, as untechnical as possible, of the leading processes, using technical language only where it cannot be avoided.

All surveying depends for its accuarcy chiefly upon the correct measurement of length; this is usually effected by measurement with a chain. This kind of work is liable to two classes of error; first, blunders either in manipulation or in recording; second, the unavoidable accidental and other errors due to a variety of causes, such as the nature of the surface to be measured, the best approximative precision of which the implements used are capable. Some of these errors tend to balance each other in the long run; others are accumulative in their effect.

On Canadian surveys, previous to those of Dominion Lands, all lines were chained but once, and hence large errors could remain undetected until long after circumstances had rendered their correction impracticable, other work having in the meantime been carried out and completed on the basis of the first erroneous survey. This method of but a single chaining was at first followed in Dominion Land surveys, but it was soon proved that the expense of making of all governing lines two separate and entirely independent chainings would have to be incurred.

In the duplicate measurement of lines as now effected, if the separate measurements do not agree within the limits of accordance prescribed, which are a foot and a-half per mile in open prairie and two feet in wood land, the measurements are repeated until they agree to within these limits. The interior or detailed work of the survey of a township, that which is done by contract, is still but once chained.

In 1881 it was ordered by Government that the width of the roads in Dominion Land townships thereafter surveyed should be reduced to one chain (66 feet), and further, that of the roads crossing each township, in an easterly and westerly direction, two should be dispensed with.

By this the quantity of land taken up by roads was lessened to an extent that would amount for the cultivable portion of the North-West to about four millions of acres, and the cost of survey diminished by the saving, throughout the whole territory, of that for measurement of the two roads.

When stating the limit of comparative accuracy that is imposed on the linear measurements of these surveys, it may be as well, even at the cost of being more technical, to give some idea of the order of precision attained by their other mensurative processes.

The latitudes of astronomical stations are, by taking the mean of numerous star observations, determined with an average uncertainty of about 15 feet, and the difference of latitude between two such stations, therefore, with an average uncertainty of about 20 feet, irrespective of the effect of local abnormal direction of gravity at either station, from which cause the discrepancy between astronomically observed and surveyed differences of latitude might be many times the uncertainty here specified.

The directions of governing lines are determined by frequent azimuthal observations, whose average probable error is about four seconds of arc.

It is of course much more difficult to maintain accurately the perscribed direction for a line than to ascertain, at any part of it, its deviation therefrom. The average deviation in azimuth, therefore, of the principal lines of the survey, materially exceeds the probable error of the azimuthal observations, and is about ten seconds of arc.

By careful and refined process for establishing and maintaining lines in their proper azimuth, some counterbalance is effected to the inevitable accumulation of error in the chained measurements of the survey. As yet there are no known means of direct measurement within, for our purpose, reasonable limits of cost, that will not

involve discordances of survey tenfold those arising from azimuthal deviations of the degree indicated above.

On the second class of lines, an average deviation of a minute and a half is permissable, whilst on those of sub-divisional survey the limit of error by departure from parallelism of section sides is fifty links (33 feet) at their closing corners.

Besides this, improvements were made in the instruments used. The ordinary surveying chain was replaced by a measure consisting of a continuous steel band. Notwithstanding these precautions, it was found that even on the carefully executed block surveys, errors would accumulate. Astronomical observation furnished a check upon any errors in latitude occurring in these, but for errors in longitude no readily applicable means of control were available. There were, as yet, no lines of telegraph; and purely astronomical methods of determining differences of longitude would not make such determinations with sufficient correctness to serve the purpose. It was, therefore, ordered that a special survey employing more refined processes than those ordinarily in use should be carried from the initial point of the surveys,—the first or Winnipeg meridian, westward to the Rocky Mountains, affording a check upon what already had been done, and also to serve as a basis for the extension of the township system wherever it might be found desirable to meet the need of isolated settlements springing up in advance of the general progress of the main survey of the townships westward.

This special survey was carried by means of triangulation for 250 miles west-ward from the initial meridian, in the manner called the "ray trace" system in the surveys of India. The method was, however, found unsuitable on account of the delays and expense to be incurred in building the high stations necessary in so flat a country, if the triangles were of the dimensions requisite for affording anything like the accuracy that the method should attain; and also because it was expected that the early construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway and its attendant telegraph lines would give other means of checking the errors in longitude of the chained measurements.

At the end of the triangulation above indicated, a short distance westward of Fort Ellice, the second initial meridian was established by the special survey, and from thence westward a series of standard meridians and parallels were carried by it as far as Edmonton, establishing at intervals of four degreess of longitude the third, fourth, and fifth initial meridians. In the course of the survey—a distance of about seventeen hundred miles—twenty-one astronomical stations were made, of which the latitudes were carefully determined by the most refined processes of astronomical observation that are practicable in the field. The progress of the survey continued, however, to be so much in advance of the , construction westward of telegraph lines, that the initial meridians had to be established by the measurements of the survey

alone; that is, without their being checked, as had been expected, by independent determination of the differences of longitude through the means of the electric telegraph.

The connection in longitude of the land surveys in the North-West Territories with those of the eastern section of the Dominion, came about in the following manner:-When the survey west of the Lake of the Woods of the boundary between the United States and the British prossessions was being made, it was requisite for its purposes that the longitude of some point on the line to be established should be known, preferably a point situated near the eastern end or beginning of the work. The knowledge was of similar importance for the the purposes of the land surveys. It was therefore decided that this Department should co-operate with the Imperial Boundary Commissioner in effecting the determination of the longitude of a point at Pembina, on the International boundary line, where it is crossed by the Red River. The longitude westward from Greenwich of the observatory of Chicago, in the United States, had been fixed by more than one determination. This observatory, therefore, formed an excellent datum point for comparison with the one to be determined. An officer of this Department was despatched to Chicago, and through the courteous facilities accorded him, alike by the observatory authorities and by the managers of the United States telegraph lines between Chicago and Pembina, the longitude of the latter point was ascertained by the officers of the Royal Engineers and himself conjointly, without cost other than that of personal expenditures.

On the longitude of this point thus ascertained, depends that assumed for all the the lines of the Dominion Lands township system in the North-West.

Much trouble has been experienced in the course of these surveys in securing any approach to permanency of the boundaries established. The prairie fires burn the wooden posts placed in the earthen mounds, and bearing the marks indicating section numbers. Wherever there are herds of cattle they demolish the mounds; after this, the melting snows in spring float the posts away and little or no trace of survey remains. They are even subject to being effaced through the ignorance or perversity of the natives of the prairie region, who, if hearsay is to be credited, have when travelling across a stretch of prairie, where other wood for fire could not easily be obtained, been seen provided with a goodly cart load of fuel consisting of township survey posts, gathered on their way. Iron posts have from the first been planted at those township corners forming the corners of blocks. Lately the additional expense has been incurred of placing iron posts at every township corner. These posts were made first of solid iron bars, subsequently of iron tubing, to lessen the cost of transport.

Taken altogether, the present mode of effecting the field work of the land surveys has proved satisfactory.

Between the advantages and disadvantages of contract work and those of survey by salaried staff, a compromise has been arrived at.

Of the evils attendant on surveying done exclusively by contract at fixed rates per mile, the official reports of the land surveys of an adjoining country give us, it may be said without invidious reflection, shining examples and emphatic warning. Nor are such examples altogether foreign to our own experience of contract surveying, controlled though it may be, in our case, by a system which limits its evil effects, confining them within the individual meshes of a network of accurately preestablished outline boundaries of townships.

On the other hand, it is to be admitted that to carry on a work of this kind wholly by means of a staff of daily paid surveyors, would be to have it, though better done, effected more slowly and at greater cost.

As the matter now stands, the average contract work is good enough for the purposes of sub division. For the governing surveys, those in which a higher order of precision is requisite, careful selection each season of surveyors who have exhibited, besides mere professional skill, the energy and capacity for business management that ensures their carrying out rapidly and economically the various scientific operations involved, has resulted in our obtaining for the charge of the daily paid surveys a corps of professional men who, it is safe to say, will favourably bear comparison with those in any public service.

In closing, it may be stated that the total area of Dominion Lands surveyed into sections and quarter sections is, up to the present time, about 58,000,000 of acres. In addition to this, an area of 22,000,000 of acres has had extended over it the frame work of township outlines, making it ready for their interior sub-division.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

LINDSAY RUSSELL,

Surveyor-General.

The Honourable

D. L. MACPHERSON,

Minister of the Interior.

CHIEF INSPECTOR'S REPORTS.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, TECHNICAL BRANCH, OTTAWA, 9th November, 1883.

Sir,—I have the honour to report as follows on the operations of this branch during the twelve months ending, 31st October, 1883.

The correspondence of the branch has been :-

 Letters received
 3,084

 Letters sent
 2,882

In addition to the last number, numerous printed letters and circulars have also been issued.

The surveys performed during the year 1883 have been more extensive than in any previous year; they cover the country between Touchwood Hills and the Rocky Mountains, and between the second base line and the North Saskatchewan River.

The outlines of the townships have, as heretofore, been established by surveyors under daily pay, while the sub-division of the townships was performed by contractors paid at certain fixed rates per mile of line surveyed.

The number of townships, the outlines of which have been surveyed, may be

roughly estimated at 1,360, corresponding to 11,300 miles of outlines.

The number of townships sub-divided and ready for settlement is about 1,221, covering an area of 27,000,000 of acres, and corresponding to about 70,000 miles of lines surveyed.

One hundred and ninteen surveyors have been employed, divided as follows:-

10 surveyors of base lines.

21 surveyors of township outlines. 4 examiners of contract surveys.

82 contractors for sub-division surveys.

1 surveyor of Rat River Settlement. 1 contractor for survey of town plot.

Although full returns have not yet been received, enough is known to give assurance that the cost per mile of outline surveys will be found as low as could be expected.

Owing to some modifications of the system of survey, one-half of the lines formerly established by surveyors under daily pay are now surveyed by the contractors for sub-division, by which, not only has a large saving been made, but the work is more satisfactory. The saving from this cause alone this year may be estimated at

\$75,000.

The measures devised to ensure the faithful execution of survey contracts have proved very successful; the reports of the examiners describe the work generally as fairly good. It has often been said, both here and in the United States, that no satisfactory results could be expected from the system of giving out surveys by contract; but the results obtained this year will show that with proper management fair sub-division work may be obtained from contract surveyors.

Mr. W. F. King, Inspector of Surveys, had the direction of the operations in the field, and according to instructions established his office at Medicine Hat, District of Assiniboia. This proved a great convenience to surveyors, who could at once confer with a responsible officer of the Department, without the delays involved in correspondence with Ottawa. Mr. King has performed his duties in a very creditable manner, and to him is due a large share of the success of the season's work.

The country sub-divided into sections during the summer extends from Moose Jaw to the Rocky Mountains, along the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

The land may be described as of the same average quality as that of Manitoba

and the North West Territories generally.

Last year I had occasion to speak in my report of the fertility of the Battle River district. This country has now been thoroughly explored, and the reports

fully confirm what I then stated. The land is of the best quality; poplar and spruce are found in abundance; running streams of good water are numerous; and the fine prairie openings invite settlement. As far as I can judge, the climate must be very nearly the same as in Manitoba. Several half-breed settlements have already been established along the river, and when the country is better known, it is likely to become a favorite district for settlers.

Some of the main survey lines have been extended to the Peace River country; the fifth initial meridian has been produced as far as the Athabaska River; and the sixth initial meridian and the twenty-first and twenty-second base lines have also been partly established. The latter are in the vicinity of Dunvegan, and the reports of the surveyors on the agricultural prospects of the country are very encouraging.

Town plots have been laid out at Battleford and Fort McLeod. They were very

much needed.

Surveys have been made of the settlements of Edmonton and St. Albert, in the District of Alberta, and of Rat River, in the Province of Manitoba. The lands in both cases had been taken up before the transfer of the North-West Territories to the Government of Canada, and a special survey, conforming to the holdings of the settlers, had to be made.

I have procured from Lieut. A. Gordon, R. N., Assistant Superintendent of the Meteorological Service, a table of the average monthly temperatures, at the meteorological stations in Manitoba and the North-West Territories, with a view to the compilation of a map showing the comparative fitness for agricultural purposes of the different parts of the North-West Territories.

The climateric conditions necessary for the growth of plants may be put under

three heads:—

1st. The rainfall must be sufficient.

2nd. The temperature must not fall much below 32° Farenheit during the period of growth.

3rd. The quantity of heat received during the summer must be sufficient.

Taking wheat, for instance, it is found that it will begin to grow as soon as the thermometer rises above 43° Farenheit. To attain maturity, it requires that the sum of the daily excesses, above 43°, of the solar temperature, shall reach a certain figure. which is the same for all countries.

Unfortunately, the data furnished by the meteorological observations are still too incomplete for a thorough investigation of the subject. A singular fact, however, is shown by the table of temperatures appended: It is that, for agricultural purposes, the climate of Winnipeg, Poplar Heights, and places in the same vicinity, is better than at Emerson, so that the climate actually improves when going north along the Red River. This is not a mere assumption, but a scientific fact, sustained by figures.

Regular meteorological observations, specially made with a view to agricultural research, would be of the utmost importance for estimating accurately the capabilities

of the North-West Territories. They should consist of:

1st. Observations of rainfall, made in the usual manner.

2nd. Observations of minimum temperatures. The bulb of the thermometer should be exposed to the sky and painted green, so as to be affected by radiation in the same manner as the plants.

3rd. Observations of solar temperatures with a thermometer exposed to the sun's rays.

The work performed in the office at headquarters consists of the examination of

surveyors' returns, the printing of plans, and the compilation of maps.

The township plans have been printed in the lithographic office. This office has been established in order to avoid delays in the preparation of township plans for the land agents—an important matter, as a township is thrown open to settlement only when the agent is supplied with a copy of the plan. I am happy to say that no delay in supplying the agents with copies of plans has ever occurred through the lithographic office. An average of four plans a day has been printed, and this number may be increased whenever necessary.

A map of the North-West Territories, showing the latest surveys, is now being

compiled. It will be ready in April next.

The vast extent of the North-West Territories necessitates extreme precision in the survey of the main or governing lines, as otherwise the errors in accumulating would introduce serious discrepancies in the sub-division surveys. The proper execution of these governing surveys requires that they shall be performed with great eare and with the best instruments that can be procured.

The first condition is met by the employment of surveyors of well known ability,

who receive a daily salary, and have all their expenses paid by the Department.

I transmit herewith a schedule, showing the surveying instruments sold to surveyors, the amounts paid and cost prices; a schedule of the instruments returned to the Department, and a schedule of the instruments in stock.

It will be seen that the cost of the instruments sold during the three last years is about \$11,000. The value of the instruments in stock is about \$4,000. In addition to the above, there are a few belonging to the Department which have been lent to

survevors

I transmit also a schedule showing the surveyors employed during the present year, the reports of surveyors which have been received up to this date, and the table of monthly temperatures furnished to me by Lieut. A. Gordon, R. N., which, I think, will prove interesting.

Meetings of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors were held

in November, March and May, at Ottawa and Winnipeg.

The following gentlemen passed the requisite examinations, and received commissions as Dominion Topographical Surveyors:—

Commissions as Dominion Land Surveyors were given to:-

•	•
C. A. Magrath	Aylmer, Que,
W. J. Sproule	Schomberg, Ont.
H. W. Selby	
A. J. Van Nostrand	Aurora, Ont.
Thos. Speight	Township York, Ont.
F. Purvis	Eganville, Ont.
J. S. O'Dwyer	Granby, Que.
Geo. Ross	Winnipeg Man.
Jos. Burke	do do
A. O. Wheeler.	do do
M. J. Charbonneau	
C. E. Larue.	
L. B. Stewart	do do
John D. Stewart	do do
R. E. Young	do do
L. M. De Chesne	Des Aulnets, Que.
E. Laberge	
I. J. Patten	Toronto, Ont.
H. H. Stephens	
W. O. Johnston	Whithy Ont
A. Bourgeault	St. Jean Port Joli Que.
H. O'Donnell	Quebec
W. A. Ducker	Port Elgin Ont.
C. E. Booth	Kingston Ont
H. M. Grandle	Mount Forest Ont.
H. M. GrandleF. M. MacLennan	Winning Man
Wm. Crawford	do
R. C. Laurie	
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L. P. De Courval
The following candidates passed the preliminary examination:-
E. T. Wilkie
F. H. FafardL'Islet, Que.
J. E. Foran, junEardley, Que. T. S. RussellWinnipeg, Man.
T. D. Greene Ottawa, Ont.
L. R. Voligny Montreal, Que.
C. E. Church
J. St. C. McQuilkin
Walter McDougall do do
Jno. CausleyOttawa, Ont.
Jno. W. McArthur
Jno. Siran
A. H. HawkinsListowell, Ont.
E. W. HubbellBrockville, Ont.
C. T. SymmesAylmer, Que.
A. Driscoll, jun do do
A. StephenCollingwood, Ont.
L. H. ChaperonMurray Bay, Que.
J. M. BiggsOrillia, Ont.
Douglas RossTownship of Southwold, Ont.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,

E. DEVILLE,
Chief Inspector of Surveys.

The Surveyor-General of Dominion Lands.

Schedule showing Dominion Land Surveyors employed during the Year ended 31st October, 1883.

Surveyor.	Province, &c.	Description of Survey.
Abrey, G. B	Little Current, Ont	11th Base Line, from 3rd to 4th Meridian; part of 4th Meridian, and 15th Base from 4th Meridian to
Armstrong, F. W	Orillia, Ont	Range 17. Meridian outlines between 1st and 5th Bases, west of 4th
Ashe, W. A., D.T.S	Quebec	and 5th Meridians. 12th Base Line from Range 5, west of 3rd Meridian, to 4th Meridian; and parts of 13th and 14th Bases, east
Aylen, Chas. P	Aylmer, Que	from 4th Meridian. Townships 1, 2 and 3, Ranges 13, 14, 15 and 16: Town-
Beatty, D	Delta, Ont	ship 4, Ranges 11 to 16, west of the 2nd Meridian. Townships 55 56, 57, Ranges 18, 19, 20, 21; Townships 54 to 57, Range 22; Townships 56 and 57, Ranges
Beatty, W	do	23 and 24; Township 50, Range 26; Township 51, Ranges 25 and 26, west of the 4th Meridian. Townships 45 and 46, Ranges 18, 19, 20, 21; Townships 49 and 50, Ranges 24 and 25; Township 51, Range
Belanger, P. R. A	L'Islet, Que	24, west of the 4th Meridian. Meridian outlines west of the 3rd Meridian, between 7th and 8th Bases, and examination of contract surveys.
Bigger, C. A Blake, F. L	Plantaganet, Ont Toronto, Ont	Examination of contract surveys. Townships 37, 38 and 39, Ranges 4 and 5; Township 33, Range 5; Townships 29 to 36, Range 6, west of the
Bourgeault, A	St. Jean Port Joli, Que.	3rd Meridian. Townships 15 and 16, Ranges 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9; Township 9, Ranges 17 to 19; Township 10, Ranges 16 to
Bourgeois, John	Three Rivers, Que	20, west of the 4th Meridian. Townships 25 and 26, Ranges 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16; Townships 23 and 24, Ranges 1 and 2, west of the 3rd Meridian; Townships 23 and 24, Range 29, west
Brabazon, S. L	Portage du Fort, Que.	of the 2nd Meridian. Townships 15, 16, 17 and 18, Ranges 19, 20 and 21; part of Township 8, Range 22; parts of Township 9, Ranges 22, 23 and 24; part of Township 8, Range 25; Township 10, Ranges 22, 23 and 24; Township
Bray, Edgar	Oakville, Ont	8, Range 26, west of the 4th Meridian. 9th Base Line from Range 5, west of 3rd Meridian, to Range 5, west of 5th Meridian; also, meridian out-
Brownjohn, T. C.	Grimsby, Ont	lines near 5th Meridian. Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 4, 5 and 6, west of the 4th
Brunelle, F. E.	Three Rivers, Que	ships 25 and 26, Ranges 17 and 18; Township 26, Ranges 19 to 21; Township 25, Range 21, west of
Burke, Jos	Winnipeg, Man	the 3rd Meridian. Townships 23 and 24, Ranges 5, 6, 7 and 8; Township 25, Ranges 5 to 11; Township 26, Ranges 7 to 11,
Burnet, Peter	Orillia, Ont	west of the 3rd Meridian. Townships 23 and 24, Ranges 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26,
Burrows, J. J	Ottawa, Ont	west of the 3rd Meridian. Township 22, Range 21; Townships 23 and 24, Ranges 19, 20 and 21; Township 25, Ranges 16 to 22; Township 26, Ranges 16 to 21, west of the 4th
Caddy, E. C	Cobourg, Ont	Meridian. Townships 43 and 44, Ranges 19, 20, 21 and 22; Townships 45 to 49, Ranges 22 and 23, west of the 2nd
Caddy, C. F	Campbellford, Ont	Meridian. Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22, Ranges 1 and 2,
)	Township 24, Range 25; part of Townships 25 and 26, Range 24; Township 23, Range 28; Townships 24
		and 25, Ranges 27 and 28; Township 26, Ranges 25 to 29; Township 25, Range 29, west of the 2nd Meridian; Townships 23, 24, 25 and 26, Ranges 3
		and 4, west of the 3rd Meridian.

Schedule showing Dominion Land Surveyors employed, &c.—Continued.

Surveyor.	Province, &c.	Description of Survey.
Cavana, A. G	Brechin, Ont	Meridian outlines, between 10th and 11th and 11th and
Cotton, A. F	Ottawa, Ont	12th Bases, west of 3rd Meridian. Meridian outlines, between 3rd and 4th Bases, west of
Charbonneau, M. J	St. Boniface, Man	3rd Meridian. Townships 27 and 28, Ranges 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29, west of the 2nd Meridian; Townships 26 and 27, Ranges 5 and 6; Townships 27 and 28, Ranges
		27, Ranges 5 and 6; Townships 27 and 28, Ranges 7 and 8, west of the 3rd Meridian. Township 17, Ranges 13 to 15; Township 18, Ranges 13 and 14; Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 13, 14 and 15, west of the 4th Meridian.
Chipman, W	Brockville, Ont	Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, west of the 3rd Meridian; Township 9, Ranges 23 and 24; Townships 10, 11 and 12, Ranges 24 and 25, west of the 3rd Meridian.
Crawford, N	Winnipeg, Man	Townships 15, 16, 17 and 18, Ranges 22, 23 and 24, west of the 4th Meridian.
	ľ	Townships 13, 14, 15 and 16, Ranges 16, 17 and 18; Townships 11 and 12; Ranges 20, 21, 22 and 23, west of the 4th Meridian.
		Township 20, Range 18; Township 19, Ranges 19 to 24; Townships 21 and 22, Ranges 19 and 20, west of the 4th Meridian.
Deane, M	Lindsay, Ont	Survey of Settlement of St. Albert. Township outlines between the 13th and 14th Bases, west of the 4th
		Meridian. Townships 13, 14, 15 and 16, Ranges 3, 4 and 5; Townships 9, 10, 11 and 12, Ranges 18 and 19, west of the 3rd Meridian.
		Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29, west of the 3rd Meridian; Township 9, Range, 9; Townships 10, 11 and 12, Ranges 9 and 10 and Township 12, Ranges 8, west of the 4th Meridian
		Townships 37, 38, 39 and 40, Ranges 6 and 7, west of the 3rd Meridian; Townships 52 and 53, Range 3, west of the 4th Meridian.
•		Part of 9th, 10th and 11th Bases, between 2nd and 3rd Meridians and part of 13th Base, between 3rd and 4th Meridians; also part of 3rd Initial Meridians.
DuBerger, C. C	Murray Bay, Que	Townships 15 and 16, Ranges 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29, west of the 3rd Meridian; Townships 9, 10 and 11, Ranges 5 and 6; Townships 11 and 12, Range, 4, west of the 4th Meridian.
		Townships 21 and 22, Ranges, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23; Townships 25 and 26, Range 29, west of the 3rd Meridian; Township 25, Range 1; Township 26, Ranges 1 and 2 west of the 4th Meridian
Dufresne, J. J	St. Thomas de Mont- magny, Que	
Dumais, H	}	Townships 17 and 18, Ranges 3, 4, 5 and 6; Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 5 and 6; Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 13, 14 and 15, west of the 4th Meridian. Sub-division of part of the Wa-wa-see-ca-pow Reserve;
		9th Base Line from the 2nd Meridian to the western boundary of Range 8, and 2nd Meridian from the north boundary of Township 30, to the north boundary of Township 32; also sub-division of Township 33, Range 3, west of the 2nd Meridian.
Dumais, P. T. C	do	Townships II, 12 and 13, Ranges 23 and 24; Townships 13, Ranges 21, 22, 25 and 26; Townships 14 and 15, Range 24, west of the 2nd Meridian; Townships 9, 10, 11 and 12, Ranges 16 and 17, west of the 3rd
Maton, W. Case	Winnipeg, Man	Meridian. Townships 41, 42, 43 and 44, Ranges 4 and 5, west of the 3rd Meridian.
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Schedule showing Dominion Land Surveyors employed, &c.—Continued.

Surveyor.	Province, &c.	Description of Survey.
Kilis, H. D	London, Ont	Meridian exteriors from the eastern boundary of Range 2, west of the 4th Meridian, to the western bound- ary of Range 18, between the 13th Base and the 13th
Fafard, Eug	L'Islet, Que	Townships 13, 14, 15 and 16, Ranges 15, 16 and 17; Townships 9, 10 and 11, Ranges 28, 29 and 30; Town-
Fawcett, Thos., D.T S	Gravenhurst, Ont	ship 12, Ranges 29 and 30, west of the 3rd Meridian. 8th Base Line, from Range 8, west of 3rd Meridian to Range 9, west of 5th Meridian; 7th Base, from Range 4 to Range 8, west of 5th Meridian; 6th Base, from
	<u>.</u>	Range 2 to Range 6, west of 5th Meridian, also Meridian outlines west of 5th and between said bases. Township 26, Ranges 17 and 20; Township 27, Ranges 17 to 22; Townships 28, Ranges 19 to 22, west of the 2nd Meridian; Townships 27, Ranges 2, 3 and 4; Township 28, Ranges 2 and 3, west of the 3rd Meridian.
Foster, F. L.	Windsor, Ont	Survey of Rat River Settlement.
Prancis, John	Winnipeg, Man	dian. Survey of Rat River Settlement. Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, Range 28; Townships 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, Range 27; Townships 13, 14, 15 and 16, Ranges 25 and 26; Township 14, Ranges 29 and 30; part of Townships 15 and 16, Range 30, west of the 4th Meridian.
Francis, J. J	Sarnia, Ont	Townships 22, 23, 24, Ranges 22, 23, 24; Township 25, Ranges 23 to 25; Township 26, Ranges 22 to 25; Townships 21 and 22, Ranges 25, 26 and 27, west of the 4th Meridian.
Garden, James F	Toronto, Ont	Meridian outlines between 10th and 11th Bases, west of 3rd Meridian, also between 11th and 12th bases,
Citiland, T. B	Eugenie, Ont	west of 4th Meridian. Townships 6 and 7, Ranges 17 and 18; Township 7, Range 16; Townships 9 and 10, Ranges 21, 22 and 23, west of the 2nd Meridian; Township 11, Ranges 10 to 13; Township 12, Ranges 9 to 13, west of the
Gosselin, P	Quebec	3rd Meridian. Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, Ranges 10, 11, 12; Township 11, Range 19; Township 12, Ranges 18 and 19, west
Gosselin, N	do	of the 4th Meridian. Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, Ranges 7, 8, 9; Township 12, Range 17; Township 11, Ranges 17 and 18, west of
	i	the 4th Meridian. Townships 11 and 12, Ranges 11 12, 13; Townships 10 and 12. Range 14, west of the 4th Meridian
	,	Examination of contract surveys. Townships 23 and 24, Ranges 18, 19, 20; Township 25, Ranges 19 and 20, west of the 3rd Meridian
Hermon, R. W Hewson, T. R	Rednersville, Ont Peterboro', Ont	Examination of contract surveys. Meridian outlines between 6th and 8th bases, west of
Jephson, R. J	Bracebridge, Ont	the 4th and 5th Meridians Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Ranges 7, 8, 9; Townships 25
Kains, Thos	St. Thomas, Ont	and 26, Range 8, west of the 4th Meridian. 14th Base, from 5th Meridian to Range 4; 12th Base, from 5th to 4th Meridian; 10th Base, from 4th Meridian to Range 3, west of 5th Meridian; also Meridian out-
Kerr, Hugh	Annapolis, N.S	lines near 5th Meridian. Townships 13, 14, 15, 16, Ranges 12, 13, 14; Township 9, Ranges 25 and 26; Townships 10 and 11, Range
Kirk, J. A	Stratford, Ont	26, west of the 3rd Meridian. Townships 13 and 14, Range 28; Townships 15 and 16, Ranges 28 and 29; Townships 17 and 18, Ranges 28, 29 and 30, west of the 4th Meridian; Townships 17 and 18, Range 1, west of the 5th Meridian; Townships 21 and 22, Range 2, west of the 5th Meridian.

Schedule showing Dominion Land Surveyors employed, &c.—Continued.

Surveyor.	Province, &c.	Description of Survey.
Klotz, O. J	Preston, Ont	3rd Fase from 4th Meridian to Range 20, west; and 2nd Base, from Range 24, west of the 4th Meridian, to
Larue, C. E	Quebec	the 3rd Initial Meridian. Townships 23. 24, 25, 26, Ranges 28 and 29, west of the 4th Meridian; Township 23, Range 1; Township 24,
Laurie, R. C	Battlef'rd, Saskatche- wan.	Ranges 1, 2, 3, 4, west of the 5th Meridian. Battleford Town Plot survey; Townships 39 and 40,
Leber, Charles	St. Boniface, Man	Townships 17 and 18, Ranges 27, 28, 29, 30; Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 27, 28, 29, west of the 3rd Meri-
Leber, Hector	St. Wencèslas, Que.	dian; Township 9, Ranges 10 to 14; Township 10, Ranges 11 to 13, west of the 4th Meridian. Townships 37 and 38, Ranges 27, 28, 29; Townships 39 and 40, Ranges 27 and 28; Township 41, Range 27; Township 43, Ranges 27 and 28; Township 44, Range 27; Township 45, Ranges 26, 27, 28; Township 46,
Leclerc, Charles	St. Jean, Port Joli, Que.	Townships 9 and 10, Range 24; Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 29 and 30, west of the 2nd Meridian; Township 12, Range 1; Townships 13, 14, 15, 16, Ranges
Legendre, J. B. O	Somerset, Que	1 and 2, west of the 3rd Meridian. Townships 19 and 20, Range 11; Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Ranges 9, 10, 11, west of the 3rd Meridian.
	1	Meridian outlines between 7th and 9th Bases, west of the
	1	Parts of 13th and 14th Bases, and the 12th Base, between 4th and 5th Initial Meridians.
		Townships 15, 16, 17, 18, Ranges 21, 22, 23, west of the 3rd Meridian; Townships 9, 10, 11, Ranges 7 and 8; Township 12, Ranges, 6 and 7, west of the 4th Meridian
Michaud, J. Ls	Rimouski, Que	Township 14, Range 16; Township 15, Ranges 26 and 27; Townships 16, 17, 18, Ranges 25, 26, 27, west of the 2nd Meridian; Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, Ranges
	1	14 and 15, west of the 3rd Meridian. Meridian outlines, between 7th and 8th Bases, west of the Initial Meridian.
Murphy, F	Mount Forest, Ont	Townships 45, 46, 47, 48, Ranges 4 and 5; Townships 47,
mearthur, J. J	Ayımer, Que	4th Meridian; also re-posting of 5th Meridian, from
McKenna, J. J	Dublin, Ont	Townships 17 and 18, Ranges 9, 10, 11; Township 19,
McLatchie, John	. Winnipeg, Man	and 20, Ranges 3 and 4; Township 11, Range 14, Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, Range 15; Township 9 Range 16; Townships 11 and 12, Range 16, west of
McLean, J. K	Mount Forest, Ont	the 4th Meridian. Meridian outlines, between 11th and 14th Bases, west of the 3rd Meridian.
McMartin, G. E	St. Andrews, Que	. Townships 25 and 26, Ranges 12, 13, 15; Townships 21
McPhillips, Geo	Winnipeg, Man	22, 23, 24, Ranges 16, 17, 18, west of the 4th Meridian. Township 20, Range 9, west of the 2nd Meridian, and scaling River Qu'Appelle, from the point where i intersects the 5th Correction Line in Township 19
McPhillips, R. C	. do	scaling River Qu'Appelle, from the point where i intersects the 5th Correction Line in Township 19 Range 5, west of the 2nd Meridian, westward. Townships 23 and 24, Range 27; Townships 19, 20, 21 22, Ranges 28 and 29, west of the 4th Meridian Townships 17 and 18, Range 2; Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 1 and 2; Townships 21 and 22, Range 1 west of the 5th Meridian. Town plot, Fort MacLeod.
McVittie, A. W	Barrie, Ont	west of the 5th Meridian. Town plot, Fort MacLeod.

Schedule showing Dominion Land Surveyors Employed, &c.—Continued...

Surveyor.	Province, &c.	Description of Survey.
O'Dwyer, J. S	Granby, Que	Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, Ranges 4, 5, 6; Town-ships 25 and 26, Range 7, west of the 4th Meridian.
Ogilvie, J. H	Campbellford, Ont	Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, Ranges 15, 16, 17, west of the
		3rd Meridian. 5th Meridian, from Edmonton to the Athabasca River;
O'Keefe, D. C	Hamilton, Ont	21st Base Line, from the 6th Meridian, westward. Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, Ranges 24, 25, 26, west
Ord, L. R	Ottawa, Ont	of the 3rd Meridian. Meridian outlines, between 11th and 12th Bases, west of
Patrick, L	Portage la Prairie, Man.	the 4th Meridian. Townships 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, Range 24; Townships 45, 46, 47, Range 25; Township 47, Range 20; Townships 48, 49, Panges 20, 21, wort of the 3th Meridian
Proudfoot, H. B	Clinton, Ont	ships 48, 49, Ranges 20, 21, west of the 2nd Meridian. Meridian outlines, between 11th and 14th Bases, west of 3rd Meridian.
		Townships 25 and 26, Ranges 9, 10, 11; Townships 21,
Rainboth, E. J	Aylmer, Que	Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8; Township 20, Range 10; Township 9, Range 22; Townships
Rainboth, G. C	do	10, 11, 12, Ranges 22 and 23, west of the 3rd Meridian. Townships 17 and 18, Ranges 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8; Township 20, Range 9; Townships 9, 10, 11, 12, Ranges 20 and
Reid, J. L	Prince Albert, Sas- katchewan.	21, west of the 3rd Meridian. Township 15, Range 17; Township 17, Ranges 16, 17 and 18; Townships 18, 19, 20, Range 17; Township 15, Range 23; Township 16, Ranges 21, 22, 23, 24; Township 49, Ranges 25 to 28; Township 48, Ranges
Reilly, W. R	Wardsville, Ont	Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, west
Robertson, H	Montmagny, Que	of the 3rd Meridian. Townships 15 and 16, Ranges 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11; Township 9, 10, 11, Range 27; Township 12, Ranges
Ross, Geo	Beaverton, Ont	26 to 28, west of the 3rd Meridian. Townships 17 and 19, Ranges 16 to 18; Township 18, Ranges 15 to 18; Township 20, Ranges 16 and 17; Townships 11 and 12, Ranges 24 and 25, west of the 4th Meridian.
Roy, G. P	Quebec	Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, Ranges 25, 26, 27; Townships 23 and 24, Ranges 25 and 26; Townships 25 and 26,
Selby, H. W	Toronto, Ont	Ranges 26 and 27, west of the 4th Meridian. Townships 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, Range 3; Townships 40, Ranges 3 and 4; Township 37, Range 2; Townships
Sheppard, C. G	River David, Que	42 and 43, Range 2 and 3, west of the rd Meridian. Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Ranges 1, 2, 3; Township 25, Ranges 2 and 3; Township 26, Range 3, west of the 4th Meridian.
Simpson, Geo. A	Ottawa, Ont	Township 52, Range 18; Townships 53 and 54, Ranges 18, 19, 20, 21; Township 53, Range 22; Townships 55, 56, 57, Ranges 26 and 27; Townships 52, 53, 54,
Sing, J. G	Stratford, Ont	Range 28, west of the 4th Meridian Meridian outlines, between 2nd and 4th Bases, west of
		the 4th Meridian. Townships 15, 16, 17, 18. Ranges 18, 19, 20, west of the 3rd Meridian; Townships 9 and 10, Ranges 1 and 2; Townships 11 and 12, Range 1, west of the 4th Meridian.
	1	Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Ranges 10, 11, 12, west of the 4th Meridian.
Snow, J. F	do	

SCHEDULE showing Dominion Land Surveyors employed, &c .- Continued.

Surxeyor.	Province, &c.	Description of Survey.
Starkey, S. M	Starkey, P. O., Queen's Co., N.B.	Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Ranges 12, 13 14; Townships 25 and 26, Ranges 22, 23, 24, 25, west of the 3rd Meridian.
•		Townships 15 and 16, Ranges 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, west of the 4th Meridian.
	1	Townships 31, 32, Ranges 9, 10, 11, 12, 13; Township 33, Range 13, west of the 2nd Meridian.
•	1	Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Ranges 15, 16, 17; Townships 25, 26, Ranges 26, 27, 28, west of the 3rd Meridian Meridian outlines, between 8th and 12th Bases, west of
Talbot, P. C	1	the 2nd Meridian. Townships 17, 18, 19, 20, Ranges 12, 13, 14, west of the
	1	3rd Meridian. Traverse from the 5th to the 6th Meridian; 6th Meridian, from the 20th to the 26th Base Line; 22nd Base Line, from the 6th Meridian to the boundary of British Columbia.
	1	Townships 13, 14, 15, 16, Ranges 1, 2 and 3, west of the 4th Meridian.
Traynor, Isaac	i ·	Meridian outlines, between 8th and 12th Bases, west of 2nd Meridian.
		Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, west of the 3rd Meridian; Townships 9 and 10, Ranges 3 and 4; Townships 11 and 12, Ranges 2 and 3, west of the 4th Meridian.
Wagner, Wm		Big Island, Lake Manitoba. Townships 21, 22, 23, 24, Range 3, east of the lst Meridian; Townships 19, 20, 21. Ranges 3 and 4. west of the lst Meridian.
Warren, James	Kincardine, Ont	Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12; Township 9, Range 20; Townships 8, 9, 10, Range 21, west of the 4th Meridian.
Webb, A. C Wheeler, A. O	Brighton, Ont Collingwood, Ont	Examination of contract surveys. Meridian outlines, between 1st and 3rd Bases, west of 2nd Meridian, and between 3rd and 4th Bases, west of 2nd and 3rd Meridians.
Wilkins, F. W., D.T.S	Norwood, Ont	Meridian outlines, between 8th Correction Line and 19th Base, west of the 3rd Meridian
Wolff, C. E	Ottawa, Ont	Meridian outlines, between 1st and 5th Bases, west of the 4th and 5th Meridians.

E. DEVILLE, Chief Inspector of Surveys.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
TECHNICAL BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 10th November, 1883.

STATEMENT of Surveying Instruments sold to Surveyors during the Years 1880 to 1883.

Name of Surveyor.	1		Amount paid.	Cost Price.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$ cts.	\$ (
m. Pearce	6-inch transit theod	olite, D.L. pat	tern	179 00	214
om. Kains	do d o	do	(old)	130 00	214
C. Nelson m. Ogilvie	: .	do do		220 00 1 183 33	220 · 220 ·
hos. Drummond	1 -	do		183 33	220
V. T. Thompson	l go	do		183 33	220
. A. Magrath		do	***************************************	188 33	226
tto J. Klotzdgar Bray	_	do do		188 33 188 33	226 226
hos. Fawcett		do		188 33	226
B. Abrey	do	do		188 33	226
7. A. Ashe	do	do	•••••••	188 33	226
S. Dennis, jun	do 5-inch transit theod	olite	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100 00 133 33	200 160
ilner Hart	' do	********		133 33	160
C. Denny	4-inch transit theod		ttern	133 33	160
F. Garden	do	do	••••••	133 33	160
. W. Armstrong . R. Hewson		do do		133 33 133 33	160 160
. Desjardins		do		133 33	160
. C. Talbot		_		26 67)
G. Cavana }		do	******	110 66	164
K. McLean	do	do	***************************************	133 33	160
J. McArthur	do	do		133 33 26 67	160
. W. Hermon	. do	do		110 66	164
. W. McVittie	do	do		133 33	160
ewis R. Ord		₫ο		133 33	160
ewis Bolton		do	•••••	133 33 133 33	160 160
F. Miles		đo đo		133 33	160
A. Maddock		do		133 33	160
. B. Proudfoot	.) do	do		133 33	160
. A. Bigger		do		133 33	160
F. Cotton		d o do		133 33 133 33	160 160
. R. A. Bélanger		do		133 33	160
aac Travnor	.i do	do		133 33	160
tto J. Klotz				125 00	150
7. T. Thompson	do do	do	•••	125 00	150
7. Ogilvie hos. Fawcett	do	do do		125 00 125 00	150 150
om. Kains		do		125 00	150
am. Lucas		do		150 00	150
hos. Drummond		do	••••••	125 00	150
dgar Bray	.! Astronomic transit	do	***************************************	125 00 142 50	150 142
U. Nelson	3-inch transit theo	dolite	*************************************	121 00	145
Stewart	. Solar compass			190 0)	210
Valter Beatty	do			190 00	210
C. Nelson	A bnev's clinemater	ass	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	84 00	84
hos. Drummond	. Abuey a conformered		•••••	10 00 10 00	12 12
). J. Klotz	, do		*****	6 00	12
B. Abrey	, đo			10 00	12
dgar Brav	. do		•••••	10 00	12
has A. Magrath om. Kains	do do			10 00	12
Vm. (gilvie	.) do	******		10 0 0 10 0 0	12
hos. Fawcett	.) do		** ******** ********	10 00	12
V. T. Thompson	. Box sextant			29 17	35
Vm. Pearce	.l do			22 93	27

STATEMENT of Surveying Instruments sold to Surveyors, during the Years 1860 to 1883—Continued.

Name of Surveyor.	,	Instrument.	Amount Paid.	Cost Price.	
			\$ cts.		
. C. Nelson	Box sextant		26 50	26 t	
. J. Klotz	do		22 93	27 5	
A. Magrath	do (ol	d)on	18 35	27 5 21 5	
7. T. Thompson	do	OH	17 93 17 93	21 8	
m. Pearce	do		17 93	21 5	
C. Nelson			21 50	21 8	
ept. Marine and Fisheries	do Pachan's mian	ometer	21 52 27 98	21 t	
. C. Nelson			33 58	33 (
B. Abrev	Pocket chrone	meter	94 17	112	
. A. Magrath	do	******	94 17	112 9	
. J. Klotz	do		94 17	112	
hos. Drummond Vm. Pearce	do do		94 17 94 17	112 9	
7. A. Ashe	do		94 17	112	
hos. Fawcett	do		94 17	112	
om. Kains	do		94 17	112	
T. Thompson	do do		94 17 48 54	112	
do			12 50	15	
m. Ogilvie	l do		11 67	14	
dgar Bray	66 feet steel ba	nd chain	5 42	6	
m. Pearce		***************************************	5 42	6	
. C. Webbohn McLatchie			5 42 5 42	6	
F. Cotton	do		5 42	8	
do			5 42	j 6	
enry Carre			6 50	6	
homas Drummond			5 42	6	
C. Nelson			6 59 6 90	6 8	
do		***************************************	6 90	8	
. U. Ryley			5 42	6	
. S. Gore	do		5 42	6	
F. Miles		,	5 42	6	
lilner Hart . C. Rainboth,.			5 42 5 42	6 6	
homas Fawcett	1 -		5 42	6	
. G. Sing			5 42	6	
. E. Wolff	do		5 42	6	
om Kains			5 42 5 42	6	
homas R. Hewson . D. Ellis			5 42	6	
Dudderidge		Bookses ***********************************	.5 42	6	
lichael Deane			5 42	6	
ewis R. Ord	.\ do	***************************************	5 42	6	
L. A. Magrath		***************************************	5 42	6	
. K. McLean . W. Armstrong			5 42 5 42	6	
. J. McArthur	do	*******************************	5 42	6	
E. Wolff			5 42	6	
). A. Bigger		***************************************	5 42	6	
I. C. Denny			5 42	6	
I. B. Proudfoot] . G. Sing			5 42 5 42	6	
J. Rainboth.		***************************************	5 42	6	
V. A. Ashe	. do		5 42	6	
L. C. Talbot	. do	***************************************	5 42	6	
A. W. McVittie			5 42	6	
P. R. A. Belanger		***************************************	5 42 5 42	6 6	
. A. Maddock	., 40	24	U 114	0	

STATEMENT of Surveying Instruments sold to Surveyors, during the Years 1880 to 1883.

Name of Surveyor.		Instrument.	Amount Paid.	Cost Price.	
			\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
		nd chain	5 42	6 50	
R. W. Hermon	do do	***************************************	5 42 5 42	6 50 6 50	
Lewis Bolton	1 2.	***************************************	5 42	6 50	
J. K. McLean		***************************************	5 42	6 50	
G. A. Simpson		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	5 42	6 50	
John Bignell William Bell		***************************************	5 42 5 42	6 50 6 50	
A. G. Cavana		***************************************	5 42	6 50	
C. Desjardins	1 2	****** ****************************	5 42	6 50	
W. Beatty		***************************************	5 42	6 50	
K. J. Rainboth	do do	***************************************	5 42 5 42	6 50	
Thomas Drummond	Steel chain	***************************************	4 17	5 00	
do	Steel tape		6 25	7 50	
		nd chain (old)	3 25	6 50	
W. T. Thompson W. Pearce	100 ft. do		15 00 15 00	18 00 18 00	
Thomas Drummond			6 67	1 8 00	
do	do		6 67	8 00	
Edgar Bray	do		6 67	8 00	
A. C. Webb		***************************************	6 67	8 00	
do			6 67 6 67	8 00	
O. J. Klotz		***************************************	6 67	8 00	
John McLatchie	do	***************************************	6 67	8 00	
J. C. Nelson		***************************************	8 00	8 00	
William Ogilvie			6 67 8 00	8 00	
O. J. Klotz		***************************************	6 67	8 00	
J. U. Nelson		******	8 00	8 00	
C. A. Magrath		***************************************	6 67	8 00	
C. A. Bigger		***************************************	6 67 6 67	8 00	
Tom Kains	do		6 67	8 00	
do	do		6 67	8 00	
William Ogilvie	do		10 42	12 50	
John McLatchie	do	pe	9 58 7 08	11 50 8 50	
C. E. Wolff	do	Position	7 08	8 50	
J. C. Nelson	do		8 50	8 50	
William Bell			7 08	8 50	
John Bignell	do do		7 08 4 17	8 50 5 00	
C. F. Miles			4 17	5 00	
James Dudderidge	do		4 17	5 00	
Lewis R. Ord		• ••••••••	4 17	5 00	
Thomas R. Hewson	do do		4 17 4 17	5 00	
J. K. McLean	ob L		4 17	5 00	
F. W. Armstrong	do		4 17	5 00	
v. J. MCArthur	i uo		4 17	5 00	
U. A. Bigger	.¹ do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4 17	5 00	
H. C. Denny H. B. Proudfoot	do do		4 17 4 17	1	
E. J. Rainboth	.) do		4 17	1	
A. F. Cotton	.l do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4, 17	5 00	
W. A. Ashe	. do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4 17		
J. G. Sing. A. C. Talbot	do do		4 17 4 17		
A. W. McVittie	.! do		4 17		
P. R. A. Belanger	do				

STATEMENT of Surveying Instruments sold to Surveyors, during the Years 1880 to 1883—Concluded.

Name of Surveyor.	Instrument.	Amount Paid.	Cost, Price.
J. A. Maddock F. W. Wilkins R. W. Hermon Lewis Bolton C. Desjardins	do	\$ cts. 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17 4 17	\$ cts. 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 5 00

E. DEVILLE, Chief Inspector of Surveys.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
TECHNICAL BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 9th November.

Surveying Instruments returned to the Department of the Interior, with Payments made for use of the same.

Name of Surveyor.	Instrument.	Amount Paid.	Cost Price.	
A. C. Talbot	4-inch Transit Theodolite	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	
R. J. Rainboth	do do	26 67	160 00	
A. F. Cotton	Abney's Clinometer	2 00	12 00	
Henry Carre	66 feet steel tape	1 42	8 50	

E. DEVILLE,
Chief Inspector of Surveys.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
TECHNICAL BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 9th November, 1883.

SURVEYING Instruments in Stock at Ottawa.

Zeni	th Telesco	pe, 32 inches.		3-inch Prismatic Compass.			
Astr	onomical	Transit, 30 in	ches.	Steinheil's Prismatic Circle.			
	do	do		Rochon's Micrometor.			
10-ir	ich Transi	it.		Abney's Clinometer (new.)			
		it Theodolite.		do do (old.)			
7	do	do		Pedometer.			
7	do	do		Aneroid Barometer.			
6	do	do		Fine Thermometer.			
. 6	do	do		do			
		t Theodolite.	D. L. pattern.	Box Chronometer, Dent.			
6	do	do	do	Pocket Chronometer, Frodsham.			
6	do	do	do	do do Jones.			
6	do	do	do	do do Jones.			
4	do	do-	do	do do Jones.			
4	do	do	do	66-feet Steel Band Chain.			
14	do	do	do	66-feet Steel Tape.			
Sola	r Compass	l. '		10.feet Rod.			
Sola	r Theodol	ite.		3 do			
YL				3 do			
		ring Compass	•	Sliding Rule.			
4	do	do		Calculator.			

E. DEVILLE, Chief Inspector of Surveys.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
TECHNICAL BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 9th November, 1883.

MONTHLY Mean Temperature at Stations in Manitoba, North West

STATION.	Latitude.	Longitude	Height above Sea.	No. of Years.	January.	February.	Maroh.
Port Arthur Kalmar Ingolf Fort Alexander Wabigoon Gimli. St. Andrews Winnipeg Stony Mountain Poplar Heights Minnedosa Emerson Rapid City Oak Lake Shoal Lake Shoal Lake Swan River Barracks Battleford Fort Macleod Calgary Edmonton Fort Dunvegan Spencer Bridge Lilloet	50 37 50 50 49 53 50 50 50 40 50 14 49 10 50 07 49 45 50 23 51 52 41 49 32 49 39 50 55 53 31 56 00 50 25	W. 89 12 94 58 96 20 96 58 97 00 97 70 97 12 97 47 99 47 97 13 100 00 100 38 101 57 108 30 169 51 113 45 113 38 118 20 121 30 122 20	730 720 744 803 1,766 784 1,386	4 1 1 1 1 2 1 10 5 5 2 (2) 2 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 7 2	9 3 -6-2 8 9 -1-4 9 -1-8 -1-14 0 6-5 -10-5 3 0 19-4 19-9 21-8	11·4 20·2 23·7 2·1 4·3 —4·5 —1·7 3·9 4·3 6·7 23·9 5·2 —2·9 19·1 13·8 16·1 2·5 7 1·6 8·1 2·0 30·1 28·9	24·0 6·0 13·9 12·1 7·8 9·4 17·3 15·5 8·8 35·6 16·0 11·2 33·1 2·6
Soda Creek	49 12 49 60 48 26	122 19 122 53 123 40 123 27 124 40 115 10	33 42 1,800	1-2	33·9 31·8 37·5 21·1 —22·1	35·9 37·6 41·0 24·9 —26·8	42·1 43·7 42·8 34·3 —20·8

Territory and British Columbia, by Lieut. A. Gordon, R. N.

April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Year from which derived.	Toronto —Difference from average of 40 years.
		۵			٥			•		
36 ·6	47.6	56.8	65.4	63.4	52.8	42.0	23.6	9.9		
32.5	55.8	53.3	67.1	63.2	53.8	36.9	23.6	24.4	1877	+1.90
37.6	52.3	60.3]	66.7	48.2	34.9	30.8	8· 6	1878	+2.89 +1.42
31.6	27.3	58·4	65.4	57.7	50·1	34.9	5.5	-1·9	1878-79 1880-81	+1.54
31.9	47.9	60.9	63.9	62.6	50.1	40.8	20.2	-5·9	1000-01	
32.8	46.3	59.1	64.0	66.3	55.1	41.2	20.7	-1.0	1882-83	+1.22
34.1	52.7	61.3	66.9	61.0	51.3	37.8	16.6	3.7		
36 9	52.3	62 8	67.5	65.4	51.5	39.5	20.7	0.2		
34.2	52.6	62.8	65.5	64.8	52.3	38.4	18.0	5.1		•••••
28-6	47.6	57.2	63.1	63 1	50·5 52·7	34·2 36·7	15.3	6.3		
45·5 31·8	47.1	59·3	68·5 63·1	63·3 67·8	55.7	39.5	29·0 19·4	16·9 5·8		
35.2	49 7 51·4	62.0	05.1	67.6	54.3	39.0	20.8	3.2	1882-83	_1.1.22
43.8	47.3	66.2	•••••	0.0	04.0	30 0	30.7	8.6	1878	+1·22 +2·89
200	Ŧ. 0	00 2							20.0	-3.43
33.5	51.5	59·2	67.2	6 0·1	48.3	35.1	0·2	0.7	1875-76-77	-0.22
			1	-			i -		ĺ	(+1.90
41.2	50.9	59.1	65 ·0	68.2	46.9	33.2	19.8	11.0		
••••••		57.0	60.3	58.8	49 0	41.2			1876	-0.22
42.5	53.3	61.1	67.1	64.3	54.6	41.0	27.2	25.9		-0.22
36.7	51.8	61:0	59.6	53.5	47.2	36.1	15.0	21·2 6 6	1876	-0.23
38·1 36·8	49.1	56·9 57·5	60.8	57.6	48·1 45·2	36·2 31·4	21·0 14·1	-4.9		
50.9	50·2 59·3	64.9	58·9 71·1	55·6 70·9	60 3	49.5	31.0	28.0	***************************************	
47.4	55.6	64.3	67.7	66.9	56.6	42.4	33.7	30.3		
7, 7	54.6	62.7	i	59.8	45.8	40.7	32.3	23.4	1882	+1.32
47.4	52.8	57.9	60.9	60.4	54.9	470	39.6	36.2		
48.8	52.6	57.6	58.9	58.8	55.8	46.6	41.2	32-9	1879-80	+0.88
48.2	52.3	56. 6	59.6	58.3	56.8	49.0	44.0	41.9		
38.0	49.2	53.2	57.3	58.2	47.1	33.2	30.8	18.2	1878	+2.89
7.5	37.6	52.7	64.7	68.6	; 1	23.1	-14.7	30.8	1875-76	+2·89 { -3·43 -0·22

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF SURVEYS.

OTTAWA, 30th December, 1884.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the following Report of my operations during last summer, in superintending the surveys in the North-West Territories.

Under your instructions, I left Ottawa on the 24th March, and went to Winnipeg, at which place the surveyors employed under daily pay were to report to me

on the 2nd April.

I had previously made arrangements for the thorough repairing of their carts, harness, and other articles of outfit, and consequently, as soon as they had purchased their supplies in Winnipeg, they were enabled to proceed at once by rail with their parties to Moose Jaw. The spring being somewhat later than usual, the parties had to remain at that place a few days, but the great expense caused in 1882 by the delay of the survey parties in Winnipeg was this year avoided. They remained in camp at Moose Jaw at comparatively small expense, and were able to start out for their work at the first appearance of spring, as soon as the grass was long enough to permit of travelling with horses.

The arrival of large numbers of contract surveyors during the month of May, made it necessary for me to remove my office to Regina, and shortly afterwards to Moose Jaw, in order that I might see to the distribution of the iron section posts needed for their work, and also allot additional townships to those surveyors who,

on their arrival in the field, found their contracts insufficient.

Removing to Medicine Hat as soon as the railway was completed to that place, I remained there during the rest of the season. I had a small house built, and was thus able to carry on the necessary correspondence and other office work without the difficulties unavoidable when working in tents.

Previous to your arrival in Medicine Hat, on 1st August, I had alloted 375 townships to contract surveyors. The total number of letters, telegrams, &c., sent during

the whole season was 710.

Contracts were let for the wintering of the survey horses at two places, near Moose Jaw, and near Calgary, the surveyors being instructed to leave their horses and outfit at whichever depot was nearest to their work. On account of the completion of the railway, these contracts were let at much more favourable rates than last year.

These places, Calgary and Moose Jaw, are most convenient starting points for future surveys, the first being the nearest point on the railway to Battle River, Edmonton, Peace River, &c., and the other a convenient point for the whole central

region of the North-West.

A mail service was established to keep up communication with the various survey parties in the field. Eleven men were employed on this service, this large force being rendered necessary by the extent of country covered by surveying operations, and the absence of a postal service throughout the central part of the Territories.

Next year, owing to the limitation and concentration of the surveys, a force of

mail carriers will probably be unnecessary.

Besides the immense extent of territory sub-divided, the Base Line surveys have been completed, and the Township Outline Surveys nearly so, throughout the whole

prairie region south of the North Saskatchewan.

The method adopted of running the Base Line through from one Initial Meridian to the next without check, has worked well. By it, the block surveyors have been enabled to largely increase their mileage. The use of the check chain and numerous azimuth observations, have resulted in a degree of accuracy which, judged by the closings on the Initial Meridians, seems not interior to that formerly obtained under the system of check closings at every twenty-four mile block.

The running of Meridians only, by the township outline surveyors, has also been found to largely increase their mileage. The leaving of the east and west township

sides to be run by the sub-dividers is considered by them an advantage.

These surveys have greatly increased our knowledge of the topography and natural resources of the Territories, and the reports of the surveyors give further proof of the great fertility of the immense plain lying between the north and south branches of the Saskatchewan River, and especially of that portion of it lying along and north of the Battle River.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. F. KING,
Inspector of Surveys.

The Chief Inspector of Surveys.

Extract from the Report of Survey by S. Kains, D.L.S., of the 10th and 12th Base Lines, between the 4th and 5th Initial Meridians; also, part of the 10th Base Line and Meridians West of the 5th Initial Meridian. Survey of Standard Parallels.

Description of the Country on the 12th Base, Between the 5th and 4th Initial Meridians.

Range 28.—This range consists of three sections, 23-83rd, and the country is partially covered with small poplar, from 2 to 6 inches in diameter, and interspersed

with scattered clumps of spruce, together with muskegs and swamps.

Ranges 27 and 26.—The Battle River crosses the base in Section 31, Range 27, and runs in a south-easterly direction in a bed, heavily fringed with willows, at the bottom of a valley, 75 feet deep and about one-half mile in width. Along the slopes of this valley numerous clumps of spruce are scattered. This range, together with Range 26, is undulating country, thickly timbered with small poplar from 2 to 8 inches in diameter, and dotted with clumps of spruce, which become more frequent, while the timber increases in size, as the east limit of Range 26 is approached. Numerous muskegs are met with, and though narrow, extend long distances north and south of the base line.

Range 25.—The country slopes gradually to Bear Creek, which crosses the base in Section 32, Range 25, and at the time the line was projected, was an angry stream about 40 links wide, completely filled to the top of its banks, and emptying its waters into Bear Lake, situate about 4 miles north in Township 45. After leaving this stream, the country gradually rises towards the east to the middle of the range, and shows signs of having been in the near past overrun by fire, as there are lying on the ground quantities of burned logs, with scattered clumps of standing dead timber, while the whole is overgrown with small willows, interspersed with patches of fine, live spruce and poplar. Country, of an undulating nature, is then crossed, extending one and a-quarter miles, and forming the top of the Bear Hills. It then gradually descends towards the east, and is covered with a growth of very fine spruce and poplar timber, suitable for building and other purposes.

Ranges 24 and 23.—The soil is generally first-class. The country is slightly undulating, with patches of willows and numerous ponds and swamps, in the vicinity of which beds of alkali were noticed. The base line in Range 24 passes through the Roman Catholic Church belonging to the Bear Hill Indians, and is crossed by the Bow River and Bear Lake trails. As we proceed east, across Range 23, the willow clumps and poplar bluffs are much more numerous, and a greater number of ponds and swamps are met with. Battle River crosses the base in Section 36, Range 23, and runs north-easterly in a bed, one chain wide, at the bottom of a valley, containing some fine building timber, 34 chains wide, and 75 feet below the surface of the

adjoining country.

Ranges 22 and 21.—Rolling and rising country is met with in Range 22, and continues to undulate in long slopes across Range 21. The land is of first-class quality, although occasional patches of stone and gravel are noticed. Thick willows

and grass swamps are dotted over the country, while a few scattered bluffs of small

poplar, very dense in places, are encountered.

Ranges 21 and 22.—Proceeding northward on the Meridian between Ranges 20 and 21, across Townships 45 and 46, the land, which is of a first-rate quality, is undulating, and contains ponds, swamps and willow clumps, which become thicker on the north side of the Battle River. This stream, running in an easterly direction, is crossed in Section 12, Township 46. At this point it is about 120 links wide, and runs in the bottom of a valley, one-half mile wide, and from 80 to 90 feet below the surface of the adjoining country. Some very fine spruce timber is found on the south bank of the river, and a number of half-breed settlers have been located in the neighbourhood for years. The direct trail from Red Deer Forks to Edmonton crosses the river near the Meridian, and by means of a ferry made of hollowed logs and connected by a platform, travellers are enabled to pursue their journey without loss of time.

Range 20.—This range is similar to Range 21. The country rises toward the middle of the range, and then as gradually falls again. The above mentioned cart-

trail crosses the base in Section 34.

Range 19.—Battle River crosses the base in Section 31, Range 19, and, having widened out into a lake, completely fills the whole valley. This lake extends north of the base some 6 or 7 miles, about the same distance south of it, and has a width of about one-half mile. The hills leading down to the lake are about 90 feet high. On the west side some good poplar, of fair size, was noticed. The balance of the range is undulating country, having first-class soil, and contains ponds and swamps, clumps of willows, and some poplar bluffs, the timber of which is of fair size.

Range 18.—In the immediate vicinity of the base, the country is hilly and knolly, and extends easterly to the middle of the range, but does not seem to reach any great distance toward the north, as beautiful, undulating country was noticed from the tops of some of the knolls. Leaving this hilly part, we enter a more open country, dotted with a few scattered poplar bluffs and numerous ponds and swamps, the latter fringed with willows. A large marsh, terminating to the south in a creek,

and flowing south-west to Battle River, is crossed in Section 36.

Range 17.—A cart-trail, running to Red Deer Forks, crosses the base in Section 31 of Range 17. The country is generally level, with numerous ponds and swamps, bordered by willows, while scattered poplar bluffs of small-sized timber are met with frequently. The soil of this range, and of Range 18, has been marked of first quality.

Range 16.—The country rises slightly to the east, and contains a great many swamps, large ponds and numerous clumps of willows, with a few poplar bluffs. The supply of timber is not large, and the dimensions of it too small to be of any use for

building purposes, although suitable for fuel and fence rails.

Range 15.—The land, which falls gradually towards a large lake that crosses the base in Sections 34, 35 and 36 of this range, is of a first rate quality, and is interspersed with willow clumps small poplar bluffs and patches of excellent prairie land. The lake extends some 2 miles south of the base, and probably 8 or 10 north of it. Scattered along its shore, bluffs of poplar are frequent. Its outlet is near the township bar, between Ranges 14 and 15, and the stream, after crossing the base twice, flows southward, probably into Battle River.

Range 14.—Clumps of willow and small poplar are dotted over an undulating country, which, towards the east side of the range, changes into partially first class prairie land. A cart-trail crosses the base in Section 36, but has the appearance of

being little used.

Range 13 —Undulating prairie is met with in this range, which, towards the east side, becomes more rolling. A few grass swamps and ponds are noticed, and a considerable creek was crossed in Section 35, the waters of which run in a southerly direction. The soil, though gravelly in some places, with boulders of small size, is generally first-class.

Range 12.—This range is similar to the last, but with slightly more timber, and

a better quality of soil.

Range 11.—Undulating country, broken by ravines containing unconnected

alkaline lakes. A few poplar bluffs are met with in this range.

Range 10.—The whole range is broken by a large ravine and its branches. The sides of this ravine are, for the most part, sloping and in places are thickly dotted with poplar of fair size. Its average depth below the adjoining country is about 100 feet, and numerous ponds of strong alkaline water are scattered throughout its bottom. The soil of this, and of the preceding range, is sand and clay loam, but stony in certain places.

Range 9.—This range is inclined to be hilly, with numerous basins of water, which are not so plentiful as we approach its east boundary. Scattered clumps of poplar are met with, and timber is seen both north and south of the base. The soil

is clay loam, easily worked and of first class quality.

Range 8.—This whole range, with the exceptions of Sections 31 and 36, is broken by the valley of Battle River. This valley, which is three-quarters of a mile in width, is timbered rather heavily in certain places. The river runs in a sandy bed, 2 chains wide, with a swift current, and is 175 feet below the surface of the adjoining country. The water flows to the north; crosses the base in Section 32; twists to the south in Section 34; and finally flowing in a northerly direction, intersects the base near the line between Sections 34 and 35.

Range 7.—The base in this range passes over a hilly and knolly country, almost covered with a growth of short, stunted poplar, generally rotten at the heart, and

unfit for building or other purposes. The soil is sandy and rates third-class.

Range 6.—As we proceed east, the country improves, and we find a growth of grey willows and small poplar scattered over it. The last section and a half is open prairie, with alkaline spots, but generally the soil is of a first-class quality, being black loam with a clay sub-soil.

Range 5.—The land in this range is at first rolling, with scattered clumps of poplar, but eastward it becomes very broken and hilly. Numerous ponds and basins of water are met with lying among the hills. All of the latter are more or less heavily timbered. The soil in the bottoms is first-class, but that on the hills is inclined to be light and sandy.

Range 4.—Hilly and knolly country, and continues so across the range, which in the centre is much broken up by large ponds, surrounded by a fair growth of

good sized poplar.

Range 3.—In this range undulating to rolling land is met with. There are numerous poplar bluffs, a few ponds and several swamps. The soil is clay and clay

loam of a first-class quality.

Range 2.—Country similar to that of the last extends across this range, but is not quite so rolling, and the soil is more sandy. Poplar bluffs are frequent and of sonsiderable magnitude, but the timber, although from four to eight inches in

diameter, is rotten at the heart, and unfit for building purposes.

Range 1.—A deep ravine, containing a considerable creek, crosses the base in Section 31, and after running easterly for half a mile, turns northward and joins Battle River about 2 miles to the north. The creek runs in a stony bed, about 60 links wide, with a rapid current, at the bottom of a ravine 100 feet deep, along the slopes of which patches of small spruce, scattered among the poplar bluffs, were poticed. Travelling eastward, the country becomes rolling, with scattered poplar bluffs, which gradually disappear as the 4th Initial Meridian is neared. The soil is first-class, and well adapted for farming purposes.

On account of the great depth of snow last winter, the numerous ponds and swamps found along this base were very full, the usual fringe of willows surrounding them being found standing in water 2 to 4 feet deep. This not only made it very disagreeable for the axemen, but curtailed a large amount of triangulation work. In consequence, progress was materially retarded. The soil throughout this base is generally of a first-class quality, and compares favourably with that of the Turtle Mountain, the Souris, or Qu'Appelle districts, while the tumber, especially that in

the vicinity of the Battle River, is more plentiful, and better adapted for building purposes.

Notes on the 10th Base, between the 4th and 5th Initial Meridians.

Range 1.—The intersection of the 10th base with the 4th Initial Meridian occurs on the northerly slope of high hills, which follow the base for 1 mile. These hills gradually swing off to the south-west. The first half of the range is rolling country, with clay loam and clay sub-soil; the balance is composed of sand, with stone on the knolls. In Section 31, there is a considerable quantity of small poplar.

Range 2.—The first 2 miles of this range are broken and hilly, after which there is gentle undulating prairie with a sand loam soil, a few grass swamps, and patches of stone scattered throughout. A range of high hills, running in a

westerly direction, is noticed about 4 miles south of the base.

Range 3.—Almost level prairie, interspersed with grass swamps and lakelets.

Soil rather sandy and marked second and third-class.

Range 4.—The base crosses in this range the two horns of crescent-shaped Scunding Lake. The first arm of this lake is 1½ miles wide; the second is nearly three miles in width, while the Peninsula between them has a width of 1½ miles. The water, which is of an alkaline nature, reaches some 4 or 5 miles north of the base, and is surrounded by a hilly country, containing a considerable quantity of fair sized poplar. The arms of the lake extend south of the base about 2 miles. The easterly arm terminates in a large creek flowing north into the lake, while the outlet, Eye Hill Creek, is situated about 20 chains north of where the base line first strikes the easterly shore. This last mentioned creek flows easterly, keeping from 1 to 3 miles north of the base to the middle of Range 1, when it turns north-easterly, and crosses the 4th Initial Meridian in Township 38.

Rarge 5.—Soon after leaving Sounding Lake, we pass over rolling and rising country, inclined to be hilly in many places. At the township bar, between Ranges 5 and 6, the highest point of land is attained, and being some 200 feet above the lake, a large portion of the surrounding country can be seen. The view to the north is obstructed by a range of high hills, running westerly, and which form part of the

range over which the base passes.

Range 6.—The country descends to the west, and is very much broken. Sections 35 and 36 are cut up by deep ravines, containing, in patches, a thick growth of poplar of fair size. The middle of this range is undulating country, becoming hilly as we approach its west boundary. Scattered stone is seen on the knolls, and basins of water between the hills.

Range 7.—Country similar to that just described is met with in this range, although it may be a little more broken by hills and ponds. The soil of Ranges 4, 5, 6 and 7 is second-class, but frequently patches of excellent land are met with.

Range 8.—Land in this range not so hilly, and the soil is generally first-class. The Nose Hills come within 1 mile of the base, at the township bar, between Ranges 8 and 9, and extend north-easterly and north-westerly for a long distance among ravines. Wood was frequently seen.

Range 9.—Undulating prairie, cut up by deep ravines, in the bottoms of which small creeks flow, and eventually find their way into Battle River. Some good popular is found in the ravines, on occasional bluffs, and is met with on the open

prairie. Soil, first and second-class.

Ranges 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14.—These ranges form a beautiful stretch of open, undulating prairie, interspersed with ponds and grass swamps, with occasional alkaline spots. For the most part the soil is first-class, although here and there spots of second class land are met with. The trail from Red Deer Forks to Edmonton crosses the base in Range 14.

Range 15.—The base in this range crosses the north end of Sullivan's Lake, which extends 2 miles north, and terminates in a creek stretching away far beyond the limit of sight. The water being muddy and strongly impregnated with

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alkaline matter, is unfit for use. The outlet is probably into Red Deer River, to the south. Fine samples of lignite were noticed on the east shore, but the soil in the immediate vicinity of the lake is of poor quality and is rated third-class.

Ranges 16 and 17.—Undulating to level prairie, which extends to the western boundary of Range 17. A few grass swamps are met with. Soil, generally first-class.

Range 18.—Undulating to rolling prairie, with scattered bluffs of poplar near the centre; these bluffs extend and become more plentiful towards the north. Soil, clay or sand loam, with clay sub-soil Rated first-class.

Range 19.—First 2 miles, hilly and broken by numerous ponds and basins of water. Undulating prairie, with a few grass swamps and ponds scattered over its surface, is then met with. A large lake, extending about 2 miles north and one and a-half miles south of the base, is crossed in Section 31 and part of 32. Poplar and willow of small size are found. Soil, first and second-class.

Range 20.—Hilly country, much broken by ponds and swamps. Poplar bluffs of small timber and clumps of grey willow are numerous. The base passes near the south end of a lake, which extends 4 or 5 miles north, and is from 40 chains to a mile in width.

Range 21.—The country (ontinues to be very hilly, and is much broken by ponds, which are very deep and are fringed with a dense growth of poplar and willows. At the centre of the range the land falls slightly towards Red Deer River, and is almost covered with small poplar and willows. The soil of Rarges 20 and 21 is first-class, supporting a heavy growth of grass, besides immense quantities of peavine.

Ranges 22 and 23.—The Red Deer River crosses the base, and runs southward, near the line between Sections 35 and 36. The water of the river is very clear, the current swift and the bottom stony. The river is 4 chains 70 links wide, 6 feet deep, and flows in the bottom of a valley 200 feet below the level of the surrounding country. Quantities of spruce and birch, besides poplar of ordinary size, are found on both slopes of the valley. The hills at this point are very steep, compelling our party to make a considerable detour to the north, in order to effect a crossing. Leaving the Red Deer River, rolling and slightly rising country is met with, and extends to the line between Ranges 22 and 23. The country continues to be rough and rolling and broken by numerous ponds and swamps. Poplar and willow are thickly scattered over the surface. The soil, which is composed of vegetable mould, is ranked first-class. A cart-trail to the old barracks of the Mounted Police, situated on Red Deer River, about 10 miles north, crosses the base in Section 36, Range 23.

Ranges 24 and 25.—Rolling country prevails across these ranges. In certain localities it is hilly, with good soil; in others, the soil is sandy, supporting a poor class of vegetation. Poplar bluffs, with ponds and swamps, fringed with willows, are frequent. The poplar is of fair size, and the bluffs are of considerable magnitude. Soil of these ranges is first and second-class.

Range 26.—The first part of this range is rather open country, with a few ponds and swamps. High bûtes and ridges, the slopes of which are covered with a dense growth of poplar, from 4 to 8 inches in diameter, are met with. Vegetable mould, supporting a heavy growth of grass and pea-vine, is the character of the soil, but the country is rather too hilly to be marked first-class farming land.

Range 27.—Rough, hilly country, with poplar and willow bluffs, continues throughout the greater part of this range. As we approach the west boundary, the country becomes more open. Soil, first-class.

Range 28.—For the first 3 miles, the country is open, with scattered willows. Red Deer River crosses the base and runs northward in Section 32, while the Bow River trail intersects it near the middle of the range. The river bed is 4 chains wide, is stony, and the water flows with a swift current. The sides of the valley slope to about 100 feet below the surface of the surrounding country. Along the river banks, fine spruce and poplar grow. This range is not quite full, the last quarter-section joining the 5th Initial Meridian, being 30c. 971., exclusive of the road allowance along the Meridian.

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The character of the soil along this base, although not of the same excellence as that found along the 12th base, is good and well adapted for farming purposes. Wood is not so plentiful, nor is it of such magnitude as that met with further north; yet a sufficient quantity exists to meet, at present, the demands of settlement.

TENTH BASE LINE WEST OF THE FIFTH INITIAL MERIDIAN.

Range 1.—This range is almost covered with a growth of small willows, among which clumps of poplar are seen. The country is open towards the west side of the range. Soil, rather light and rated second-class.

Range 2.—In this range Medicine Creek, which runs south, and crosses the base near the line between Sections 34 and 35, has a stony bottom, a swift current, and is about 1 chain wide. Willow predominates in this section of the country. Poplar is found in clumps toward the west side of the range. Soil, second and third-class.

Range 3.—For the first $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles, willows predominate, with scattered clumps of poplar. Thick poplar brush, of recent growth and small dimensions, is then met with. As we travel west, the timber increases in size, and we find clumps of fair-sized spruce. Muskegs of various widths, and extending long distances north and south of the base, occur near the west limit of the range. These muskegs are generally surrounded by a dense growth of poplar, interspersed with clumps of knotty spruce, from 10 to 24 inches in diameter, and are so spongy that it is frequently impossible for a man to walk over them without falling through the surface.

MERIDIAN BETWEEN RANGES 2 AND 3, WEST OF THE 5TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, ACROSS TOWNSHIPS 35, 36, 37 AND 38.

Township 35.—Is broken by the Red Deer River, which crossess the Meridian near the line between Sections 24 and 25. The country on the south side of the river is hilly, and contains some poplar, with scattered clumps of spruce. North of the river the country is undulating, with a dense growth of poplar and willow scattered over its surface. Medicine Creek crosses the Meridian, running in a south-easterly direction, near the quarter post in Section 24, Township 38. Generally first-class soil is met with along this Meridian.

The Meridian between Ranges 1 and 2, west of the 5th Initial Meridian, is considerably broken in Township 35 by the valley of Little Red Deer River, while the south half of Township 36 is cut up by the Red Deer River and Medicine Creek. Some fine patches of spruce and poplar are met with in the vicinity of the above streams, but as the country rises to the north, no timber of any consequence is found until we reach the middle of Township 37. Undulating land, thickly dotted with large clumps of poplar and patches of spruce, continue to the north limit of Township 38. A number of settlers have this year taken up land in Township 35, in the vicinity of the Little Red Deer River, but owing to the lateness of their arrival, their crops were not at all satisfactory. The soil in the townships along this Meridian is first and second-class, and is of better quality in the neighbourhood of the streams than further north.

The south half of Township 35, on the Meridian between Ranges 27 and 28, west of the 4th Initial Meridian, is heavily timbered with poplar of fair size. Undulating country, with scattered clumps of poplar and willow, continues northward to the Red Deer River, which crosses the Meridian in Section 13, Township 38. The remainder of the last-named township is rather heavily wooded with poplar. In the vicinity of the river, clumps of fine spruce were noticed. The Bow River trail crosses this Meridian at the post between Sections 24 and 25, Township 38. Quite a settlement is found in Townships 37 and 38, Range 28, in the vicinity of the Red Deer River and Bow River trail. Soil, generally first-class.

The north part of Township 35, on the Meridian between Ranges 26 and 27, west of the 4th Initial Meridian, is rather heavily timbered, and as we pass northward over Township 36, the country becomes rough and hilly, and is almost covered by *

growth of fair sized poplar.

Township 37 and the south half of 38 is comparatively open, undulating country, with scattered clumps of poplar and willow. The balance of Township 38 is heavily timbered with poplar, from 4 to 10 inches in diameter.

The soil of this Meridian is generally first class, with occasional patches of

second and third class land.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF SURVEY BY EDGAR BRAY, D.L.S., OF THE 9TH BASE. LINE, FROM RANGE 5, WEST OF THE 3RD MERIDIAN, TO RANGE 4, WEST OF THE 5th Initial Meridian, also, Township Outlines West of the 5th Initial. MERIDIAN.

Commencing at the north-east corner of Township 32, Range 6, west of the 3rd Initial Meridian, and going west along the 9th base line, the first mile is good sandy loam land. In Sections 34 and 35, the line crosses the south branch of the Saskatchewan River, which is here divided by islands into three distinct channels, and (including islands) is nearly a mile in width. The soil near the river and on the islands is a poor, light sand, and is covered with a dense brush of willow and poplar. The remainder of Range 6 is a rolling prairie, with good soil.

The easterly half of Range 7 is poor, being sand ridges, mostly covered with poplar and willow. The westerly half of this range is rolling prairie, of fair quality.

Excepting some sand ridges in Section 36, Range 8 is gently rolling prairie.

In Ranges 9, 10, 11 and 12 the land is generally only slightly rolling, and the soil is of a very superior quality. A lake is crossed in Sections 34 and 33, Range 10, which extends about 5 miles south of the line. Eagle Hill Creek is crossed near the centre of Range 12. The water in this creek is slightly alkaline.

The easterly half of Range 13 is similar to the preceding four ranges, but the

westerly half can only be ranked as second-class.

Sections 36 and 35, in Range 14, are rolling and brushy. The soil is not good, being sandy, but for the remainder of the range it is fair. The last section is hilly. In this range the line rises by an easy ascent to the Eagle Hills.

Ranges 15 and 16, are hilly prairie, with good soil and abundant pasturage.

In Ranges 17 and 18, we pass over a rolling prairie with a second-class soil. In the westerly section of Range 18 and easterly section of Range 19, the line crosses Tramping Lake near its southern extremity. The outlet, Eagle Hill Creek, flows from the southern end of this lake towards the south-east through an extensive alkaline valley, which, during high water will be flooded.

Range 19 is open, rolling prairie, with a second-class soil.

Ranges 20, 21, 22 and 23 are rolling prairie. Soil, first and second-class. In Sections 32 and 31, Range 22, we crossed the north end of a lake of considerable size.

Section 34, in Range 24, lies in a valley in which there is a stream without perceptible current. The soil in this valley is alkaline, but the rest of this range is good rolling land.

Range 25 is rolling prairie, with a soil of excellent quality, excepting some

hard, dry clay in Section 31.

Going west, we rise at once to hilly ground, which extends across Ranges 26, 27 and 28. This range of hills is in some respects peculiar, being chiefly knolls placed in every conceivable position, with an occasional large one showing conspicuously above the others. The rich vegetation here shows that the soil is good, but on account of the extremely rough nature of the ground, these ranges are better adapted for grazing than for any other purpose.

The fractional Range 29 is rolling land, with a fair soil of sandy loam.

Commencing again at the 4th Initial Meridian and going west, Range 1 is

rolling prairie, with generally a poor soil of sandy loam.

The first 41 miles of Range 2, is rolling prairie, with fair soil of clay loam. The next mile is hilly and stony, while most of the last half-mile of the

range lies in an alkaline valley, in which the soil is poor. A stream without noticeable current, crosses the line in this valley, which appears to be the outlet of exten-

sive lakes lying toward the north-west.

Near the easterly limit of Range 3, the line rises to high land, where we find three sections of rolling prairie with inferior sandy soil. At the centre of this range, the line enters a hilly country, called the Neutral Hills, which extend nearly to the centre of Range 5, or about 12 miles. Most of the land in these hills is too rough for cultivation, but good pasturage is abundant. The easterly three sections of Range 5 are dry, hard clay.

Range 6 is all nearly level, and has soil which will average second-class.

Range 7 is mostly a gently rolling prairie, with good first and second-class soil.

The first two sections in Range 8 are good, sandy loam. The third section is poor sandy land, but the westerly three sections may be ranked as second-class.

Range 9 is nearly level with the easterly five sections, composed of fair land,

and the westerly section inferior.

Range 10 is mostly second and third-class land, slightly rolling. Near the westerly limits of this range, a couple of salty lakes were crossed, and several more were seen in the vicinity.

Range 11.—Is a slightly rolling prairie, with generally a second-class soil.

Range 12.—Classes second and third, as there are tracts of hard dry clay all through it.

Range 13.—Is generally rolling prairie, with a fair second-class soil.

In the first section of Range 14 we rise to hilly ground, which extends more than half way across Range 15. These hills are sometimes stony and are generally too steep and broken for any use except grazing. About the centre of Range 15 the beginning of a long descent is reached, which ends in an alkaline valley running north-west and south-east, crossing the line in the westerly section of Range 15 and the easterly section of Range 16. This valley is dotted with lakes, of which those at or near the line are very salty, and probably the others are of the same character. Excepting the eastern section, as described, Range 16 is rolling prairie, with a good soil of sandy or clay loam.

Ranges 17 and 18.—Are both rolling prairie, with excellent soil.

Section 36, Range 19, is good rolling prairie land. The remaining sections of this range are too rough and hilly for farming, but the pasturage is excellent.

Sections 36 and 35, Range 20, are hilly, while the other sections of the range

are on rolling prairie, with good soil, which improves towards the west.

The first five sections of Range 21 are rolling prairie, with a rich, deep soil of clay loam. The remaining section (31) is only third-class. It lies partly on the east bank and partly in the valley of the Red Deer River, which crosses the line near the westerly limit of this section. This river is here about 6 chains wide and from 4 to 8 feet deep, and flows in a valley about 400 feet in depth and 1 mile in width.

After ascending the west bank of the river, in the easterly quarter section of Range 22, we come upon a rolling plain of superior land, which extends to the 5th Initial Meridian, a distance of about 43 miles, the easterly 21 miles being an open prairie, while the westerly 12 miles is a brushy prairie, with an occasional poplar bluff. This whole tract is well watered by streams of good water, which flow to the south-east.

Proceeding west from the 5th Initial Meridian, Range 1 is brushy prairie, with

remarkably good soil of clay loam.

The first four sections of Range 2 are similar to those of Range 1. A ravine is crossed twice in the last two sections of the range, and as a consequence the land is rough.

In the first quarter section of Range 3, we cross a ravine for the third time. In Section 33 a fine stream of pure water, called Dog Pond Creek, flows northward.

The soil in this range is very good.

Entering Range 4, the line descends into the valley of the Little Red Deer River, which stream is crossed six times in the next 4 miles. Its banks are from

60 to 150 feet high and are generally wooded. The soil in this range will average second-class.

On the meridian line between Ranges 2 and 3, Township 32, the land is brushy, and Township 31 is open prairie. The soil in both is good. Proceeding north from the 9th base line, we find Township 33 to have a good, rich soil. It is thickly wooded with willows and poplars.

Going north, between Ranges 1 and 2, the fist Township (33) is mostly brushy prairie, with a good deep soil of clay loam. Township 34 is mostly wooded. The south half thereof is good land, but the northerly half has a poor, sandy soil. South of the 9th base the line between Ranges 1 and 2 runs over a rolling prairie, which is

brushy in some localities. The soil is uniformly of very good quality.

I might state here that the land lying between the Red Deer River and the westerly limit reached by this survey, is the finest I have seen outside of parts of Manitoba, and if the climate is suitable for agricultural purposes, this tract of country will soon be a most desirable place for settlement. The Red Deer River may be used to facilitate settlement here, but to determine the value of this river as a navigable stream will require a more extended examination than I was able to give it. One serious objection to its use for that purpose is the difficulty in approaching the river, owing to its high, steep cut banks. In our own case, I may say that we searched vainly all the way from the 9th to the 8th base line for a practicable road down and up these banks. At the latter base line, a fair road down hill was found, but in the ascent of the west bank, two and three horses had to be used to pull up cart loads of not more than 400 pounds.

At and to the north of where the line crosses the Saskatchewan River, there is abundance of growing timber, but towards the south it appears to become much scarcer. In Sections 36, 35 and 34, Range 7 west of the 3rd Initial Meridian, we find a belt of poplar, which extends to the north and south as far as the eye can reach.

So far as observed, it is only of sufficient size for fencing and fuel.

From say the centre of Range 7, west of the 3rd Initial Meridian, to the Red Deer River, a distance of about 256 miles, there is no timber of any kind whatever, either at or within eyesight from the line.

In the valley of the Red Deer River, we found cottonwood and poplar timber, but the quantity is very limited when compared with the future requirements of the

country, both east and west.

From Range 27 west of the 4th Initial Meridian, westerly to the 5th Initial Meridian, and thence west across Ranges 1 and 2, occasional small bluffs of poplar are seen. These bluffs become more plentiful in Range 3, while in Range 4 and westward, the country is thickly wooded with poplar, with occasional small tracts of spruce and tamarac.

Coal was first noticed in a ravine in Township 30, Range 20 west of the 4th Initial Meridian. This coal has been deposited by water, along the bed of the ravine, in considerable quantities, thus indicating the existence of an important vein some-

Where up the ravine.

Seams of coal can be found almost anywhere near the base line in the banks of the Red Deer River, but the quality of any that was examined was poor. Outcrops of sandstone are frequently seen along the banks of the Little Red Deer River, and occasionally a wide, compact seam is found, which can be used for build ing stone in the future.

It is probable that many of the sloughs, in the easterly part of the survey, may become dry during a dry season, but throughout the survey abundance of good water

was easily found. It is characteristic of this country that the water is fiesh and good in the sloughs and small ponds, while in the larger lakes the water is, almost without

exception, either salty or alkaline.

From conversations with settlers and others, I learned that in the more southerly portions of the territories, there was a great scarcity of rain during last summer. Such was not the case in the country covered by this survey, as we had more than the usual quantity.

The following table will give the dates of rainy days, with remarks thereon, beginning May 15th and ending September 31st, 1883, which shows that out of a total of 140 days, there were 47 days in which more or less rain fell. Having no rain-gauge, I am not able to give the rainfall in inches:—

Date.		Be ga n.	Ended.	Remarks.
May	15	6 a. m	7 a.m	Light shower.
do				Occasional light showers.
do	21			Showers during day.
do	25		1	Frequent showers all day.
do	26] <i>.</i>	Showers occasionally.
do	27			Heavy showers.
do	28	***************************************		do
do				Showers, followed in night by snow flurries.
June	4			Showers in afternoon.
do	5	l	1	(C)ccssional light showers.
do	6	7 a.m	 	Light rain all day. Showers
do	7	5.30 p.m.	10.30 p.m.	Showers
do	9	6a.m	I I a.m	[00
do	10	7 p.m	 	Rain all night, and }
do	11		Noon	Rained until noon.
do	14		l	Thunder storm in night.
do	15			Shower early in morning.
do	16			Shower early in morning. Some light showers
do	17			do do
ďΟ				Heavy rain.
ďο				Rain early in morning.
gò	30			Rain in evening.
July	Z	о а.ш	8 a.m	Shower in morning; rain again at 6 p.m.
do				Showers in forenoon.
do				Rain in night. Rain this morning.
do do	11	•••	то а.ш	Thunder storm before daylight.
	11	************	ļ,	Wind squall, with rain in evening.
do do	12	••••••		Light showers from the lit evening.
do	13	8n m		Light showers frequently all day. Rain all night.
do	15	ор.ш	10 30 a m	Rain in morning.
do	19	3 n.m.	20.00 4	Showers.
do	23	3 p.m 7 p.m	8 n.m.	Rain.
do	24	4 p.m	5 p.m	Heavy thunder storm.
do	25	5 a.m	1 p.m	Rain steadily.
Aug.	5			Light rain in night.
do	7	4 p.m	5 p.m	Showers (heavy).
do	9			Some light showers. Light rain all night.
do	17			Light rain all night.
do	18		11 a.m	do in morning.
do	19			Occasional light showers all day.
do	20		·	do do do
do	30			Fog and light rain all day.
Sept.	7	······································		do do
dô				Rainy all afternoon.
do	18	6 p.m		Rain in night.
ďο	19	l	l	Rain this morning.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES BETWEEN THE 3RD AND 4TH INITIAL MERIDIANS, BY A. F. COTTON, D.L.S.

Township 9, Ranges 29 and 30, west of 3rd Initial Meridian.—Broken and hilly, being on the northern slope of the Cypress Hills. The soil is a good loam and gravel.

Township 10, Ranges 29 and 30.—Are more level than Township 9. A creek, a branch of Box Alder, runs about 1 miles east of the line, and numerous gullies run

back from it to a distance of over 2 miles in some places. The soil is a light loam.

None of the above townships are desirable for settlement.

Township 9, Ranges 27 and 28.—The first 4 miles are undulating prairie, sloping to the north and rather stony. As soon as Fish Creek is crossed, the soil changes to a very good, sandy loam. There were eight or ten settlers in this township.

Township 10, Ranges 27 and 28.—Hilly prairie, with a few sloughs.

is a sandy loam and gravel.

Township 9, Ranges 26 and 27.-Are very rough and hilly prairie. A few small clumps of poplar are seen in the southerly portion. The soil is a good loam, but very stony.

Township 10, Ranges 26 and 27.—High rolling prairie. Soil, a good dark

Township 12, Ranges 26 and 27. - Rolling prairie. Soil, a light, sandy loam and

gravel.

Township 11, Ranges 26 and 27.—Gently rolling prairie. The soil north of Fish Creek is a light, sandy loam and gravel. South of the creek it becomes a clay loam. Sage and Cactus brush are very plentiful. Maple Creek joins Fish Creek in the centre of Township 11, Range 26. There are numerous equatters in this township.

Township 12, Ranges 25 and 26.—Are gently rolling prairie, with a few alkaline sloughs. The soil is a light, sandy loam. Hoy Lake, which is in Range 25, is of

fair size, but the water is alkaline.

Township 9, Ranges 25 and 26.—Are hilly and broken with numerous clumps of poplar. Several small creeks were crossed, the water being excellent. is a good, dark loam, but too stony for farming.

Township 10, Ranges 25 and 26.—Rolling prairie with some very pretty flats. The soil is a good, sandy loam. Numerous squatters have taken up claims in this and

the adjoining township.

Township 11, Ranges 23 and 24.—For the most part rolling prairie, composed of hills of blown sand. As soon as the Canadian Pacific Railway is crossed, the land becomes gently rolling, the soil being a fine sandy loam, and in some places clay.

Township 11, Ranges 23 and 24.—The north half is almost level prairie, the soil being a stiff clay. Pie-a-pot Creek runs through this township and has a narrow fringe of maple along its banks. The south half is hilly and stony. The soil is a

good loam.

Township 9, Ranges 23 and 24.—The south half is high, rolling prairie, the soil of which is a good loam, but gravelly. The remainder of the township is hilly, sloping to the north, and covered with a dense growth of poplar and will ow. A good sized creek is crossed in Section 25, Township 9, Range 21, on which I saw a small show of coal.

Township 10, Ranges 23 and 24.—The south half is hilly and broken prairie, the soil of which is a light, sandy loam and stony. The north half is rolling prairie, the soil being a little better than the south half, but very stony in a great many places.

Township 12, Ranges 22 and 23.—An undulating prairie, with a very light sandy soil, which continues until the Canadian Pacific Railway is crossed, whon it becomes a clay. A small creek was crossed thirteen times in a mile and a half.

Township 11, Ranges 22 and 23.—Rolling and hilly prairie. The soil is a good

clay loam, but very stony. There are two lakes in the south half of this township.

Township 9, Ranges 22 and 23.—Are hilly and high rolling prairie. The soil is

a good loam, but very stony.

Township 10, Ranges 22 and 23.—Rolling prairie, falling rapidly to the north. The soil is a fair loam.

Township 12, Ranges 21 and 22.—High rolling prairie. The soil is a good clay loam.

Township 11, Ranges 21 and 22.—Rolling prairie. Soil a good clay loam.

Township 12, Ranges 20 and 21.—Gently rolling prairie, with a few sloughs and pond holes. The soil is a good clay loam. A creek in the south half was almost dry.

Township 11, Ranges 20 and 21.—Are gently rolling prairie. Soil a good clay loam.

In Section 25, Range 21, the northern escarpment of the Cypress Hills rises abruptly to the height of 250 feet, then a table land falling gently to the south. This reaches as far as Section 12, when a deep gully, 200 feet deep, is met; this gully reaches almost to the correction line, a little bush on the south side of the gully.

Township 12, Ranges 19 and 20.—Rolling prairie. Soil a good sandy loam. There

are two creeks in Range 19, and a few sloughs in Range 20.

Township 11, Ranges 19 and 20.—Very hilly and broken prairie, falling a little The soil is a sandy loam and gravel. In the centre of Section 12, Range 20, Collarbone Creek is crossed. It is a tributary of Swift Current, and runs in a valley half a mile wide and 100 feet deep. The water is clear and sweet.

Township 12, Ranges 18 and 19.—The corner is on the northern slope of the Cypress Hills. Section 31, Range 18 and Section 36; Range 19 are broken and hilly remaining portions of the township are gently rolling prairie. The soil is a good

sandy loam.

Township 11, Ranges 18 and 19,—Rolling prairie. The soil is a sandy loam and gravelly. The valley of Swift Current Creek is crossed in Section 12, Range 19, in a valley 100 feet deep and half a mile wide. The creek is 90 links wide and 1 foot deep. The water is clear and sweet.

Township 9. Ranges 21 and 22.—Hilly and broken prairie. Soil, a good sandy A branch of Swift Current Creek is crossed, running east 20 links wide and

1 foot deep. Good water. There is a little bush in the gullies.

Township 10, Ranges 21 and 22.—Rolling prairies with numerous ponds and marshes. The soil is a very good, sandy loam. In the west section, the land drops 15 feet, and forms the northern escrarpment of the Cypress Hills .-

Township 9, Ranges 20 and 21.—Undulating prairie, with an occasional slough. The soil is a good dark loam. A branch of Swift Current Creek is seen in Range 21.

running north.

Township 10, Ranges 20 and 21.—The south halves are rolling prairie, after which they become hilly and broken by ravines and gullies. In Section 13, a branch of Swift Current Creek is crossed, running through a valley half a mile wide, and 150 feet deep. The soil is a good sandy loam, but stony. There is a little bush in the valley of the creek.

Township 9, Ranges 19 and 20.—Undulating prairie as far north as Section 25. Range 20 and Section 30 Range 19, where the eastern bank of the valley of Swift Current Creek is met. The valley is a half mile wide and 100 feet deep. The creek is narrow and very crooked, with cut banks. Range 20 is more broken than

Range 19. The soil is a clay loam.

Township 10, Ranges 19 and 20.—Undulating prairie, broken by the ravines running into the valley of Swift Current. A good deal of sandstone was seen in

the numerous ravines. The soil is a clay loam and stony.

Township 9, Ranges 18 and 19.—Undulating prairie. The soil is a clay loam, very hard and dry, with a good deal of alkaline. In Range 19, a ridge of hills is seen running north-east and south-west. A sluggish stream, a branch of Swift Current, was met with in Range 19.

Township 10, Ranges 18 and 19.—Rolling prairie. Soil, a clay loam. In Range

19, Swift Current Creek runs in a valley half a mile wide, and 100 feet deep.

Township 12, Ranges 17 and 18,—Rolling prairie. Soil, a clay loam. A large lake was crossed in Range 18 and Swift Current Creek was met in Section 24, Range 18, running through a valley one mile wide and 150 feet deep. The creek is 50 links wide. Good water. Numerous gullies run into the main valley.

Township 11, Ranges 17 and 18.—Rolling prairie, with an occasional marsh

containing water. Soil, a sandy loam.

Township 9, Ranges 17 and 18.—Rolling prairie with an occasional marsh-In section 20, Range 17, there is a fair sized lake, and smaller ones are found in Range 18. The soil is a shallow loam.

Township 10, Ranges 17 and 18.—Rolling prairie, with only a few marshes.

Soil, a shallow loam.

Township 9, Ranges 16 and 17.—Rolling prairie with numerous sloughs. The soil is a good, but shallow clay loam, and a little alkaline appears in some places. A branch of Old Wives' Creek runs in an easterly direction through the south halves of these townships. There are a great many boulders along the bank of the creek.

Township 10, Ranges 16 and 17.—Undulating prairie as far as Section 12, Range 17; then hills are met with which form the water-shed between Swift Current and Cld Wives' Creek. These hills rise to a height of 100 feet. The height is reached in Section 14, Range 17, where a plateau extends as far as Section 25. The land then falls to the north. The soil is a good but shallow clay loam. A few small sloughs were seen.

Township 11, Ranges 16 and 17.—Sectons 36 and 25, Range 17, are high, rolling prairie; after that they become gently rolling. The soil is a clay loam and gravel. A fair sized slough was seen in the south-west corner of Township 11, Range 16.

Township 9, Ranges 15 and 16.—Rolling prairie. A branch of Old Wives' Creek was crossed in Section 24, Range 16. At time of survey, it was almost dry and alkali cropped out in a good many places. The soil is an alkaline clay, with little or no grass.

Township 10, Ranges 15 and 16.—Gently rolling prairie, land falling to the

north. The soil is a shallow clay loam.

Township 11, Ranges 15 and 16.—High rolling prairie and very dry. The soil

is clay, with little or no grass.

Township 11, Ranges 14 and 15.—Hilly prairie. In Range 15 is a lake in a valley 200 feet below the prairie level. The hills are very steep and with numerous gullies running into the valley. In a great many of these gullies there is a little scrub maple and poplar. A good deal of sandstone is seen in and on the top of the gullies and hills. Some of it is good enough for building. The soil is a poor clay, with a good deal of gravel.

Township 9, Ranges 14 and 15.—Hilly and broken prairie in the south halves; more rolling in the north. Old Wives' Creek runs through the south halves of these townships, but at the time of survey it was only a succession of pools. The soil is a

Poor clay

Township 10, Ranges 14 and 15.—Rolling prairie, with a poor clay soil, no grass

and a good deal of stone.

Township 9, Ringes 13 and 14.—Rolling prairie, falling to the north. There are two small alkaline lakes in these townships. A small creek runs through a valley half a mile wide and 100 feet deep. The creek is, I think, a branch of Old Wives Creek, although in the spring, I believe, the water runs into Swift Current. The valley appears to join that of the east branch of Swift Current. North of the creek, the land is hilly and broken by numerous deep gullies. The soil is a very dry and hard clay, with a great deal of stone and gravel.

Township 12, Ranges 13 and 14 — Undulating prairie, with a few dry sloughs.

The soil is a poor sandy loam in the north halves, and clay in the south.

Township 10, Ranges 13 and 14.—Very much the same as Township 12, with the exception of the south halves, which are more rolling and are broken by a few gullies,

more especially Range 14.

Township 9, Ranges 12 and 13.—Undulating prairie. Old Wives' Creek runs through these townships. At the time of survey, this creek was a succession of Pools, and at this point is enclosed in cut clay banks 20 feet high. The soil is a sandy loam, with little or no grass.

Township 10, Ranges 12 and 13.—Undulating prairie. The soil is clay, with

little or no grass.

Township 12, Ranges 12 and 13.—Gently rolling prairie. The soil is a clay loam.

Township 11, Ranges 12 and 13.—Gently rolling prairie. A small creek was seen in Section 36, Range 13, having a moderate current. The water was clear and

sweet. It is, I think, a brauch of Old Wives' Creek. Soil, clay loam.

Township 12, Ranges 11 and 12.—Undulating prairie. A small creek runs through these townships. Water clear and sweet. In Range 11, cut banks are seen about 13 miles east of the line. In a gully in Range 11, there is a little green and dry The soil is a good clay loam.

Township 11, Kanges 11 and 12.—Undulating prairie. A small creek runs through this township. The water of this creek is sweet and good. The soil, north of the creek, is a good clay loam. South of it, it is a sandy loam, very dry and hard-

Township 12, Ranges 10 and 11.—Hilly and broken, more especially in Range

10. The soil is a clay loam, with little or no grass.

Township 11. Ranges 10 and 11.—Rolling prairie. There are two creeks in this township, but at the time of survey there were only a few pools to mark their course. In the south part of Township 11, Range 10, was seen a good sized lake. The soil is clay.

Township 12, Ranges 9 and 10.—Hilly prairie, broken by ravines, in some of which there is a little quantity of small maple. Water is very scarce. The soil is 3

clay loam.

Township 11, Ranges 9 and 10.—Gently rolling prairie, with a few dry sloughs.

Old Wives' Creek runs through this township. The soil, bare clay,

Township 12, Ranges 7 and 8.—Gently rolling prairie. Soil, a fair clay loam. Township 11, Ranges 7 and 8.—Gently rolling prairie. Old Wives' Creek runs through this township, but only in pools. The soil is a fair clay loam.

Township 9, Ranges 7 and 8.—Hilly prairie. In Range 7 are two lakes or large

ponds. The soil is a clay loam and gravel.

Township 10, Ranges 7 and 8.—Rolling prairie, with a ridge of low hills running through them. In Section 29, Range 7, is a large fresh-water marsh. The soil is a fair clay leam, but the hill-tops are very gravelly.

Township 9, Ranges 6 and 7.—Gently rolling prairie, with numerous ponds and marshes containing fresh water. Section 12, Range 7, is all water. The soil is 8

hard clay.

Township 10, Ranges 6 and 7.—Rolling prairie, with a few fresh-water marshes

and ponds. The soil is a hard clay.

Township 12, Ranges 6 and 7.—Gently rolling prairie. Old Wives' Creek runs through this township, but is only a succession of pools, with a soft mud bottom. The soil is a clay loam.

Township 11, Ranges 6 and 7.—More rolling than Township 12, especially in the

south halves. Soil, a clay loam.

Township 12, Ranges 5 and 6. - Undulating prairie. Old Wives' Creek crosses this township. The soil varies from a light sand to a clay loam, all very hard.

Township 11, Ranges 5 and 6.—Undulating prairie. The soil is a poor clay

supporting very little grass.

Township 12, Ranges 4 and 5.—Undulating prairie. Old Wives' Creek is seen in Range 4, with a narrow fringe of bush on its banks. The soil varies from a light sand to a clay loam, with little or no grass.

Township 11, Ranges 4 and 5.—Undulating prairie. Old Wives' Creek runs through this township. Range 4 is very much broken by a hranch of Old Wives' Creek, which winds its way in every direction over this township. hard clay loam. There is a small quantity of maple along the creek.

In the majority of the townships above described, water is very scarce, and owing to the absence of rain, for which the past season was noted, the grass was very stunted, and the soil very hard. The townships in the western portion of the country outlined by me, are well adapted for grazing purposes.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, BETWEEN THE 3RD AND 4TH INITIAL MERIDIANS, BY A. G. CAVANA, D.L.S.

West of 3rd Initial Meridian.

Township 37, Range 4 — The south-east part of this township is very hilly, with numerous sloughs, generally bordered with willows. There are some islands of small poplar, suitable for fuel only. The balance of the township is level or slightly rolling. Soil, generally first-class, being a black loam, varying from 5 to 10 inches in depth, with clay sub-soil. Granite and limestone ridges occur in Sections 18, 19 and 30. The South Saskatchewan River flows across the north-west angle of the town-

ship.

Township 38, Range 4.—The surface is slightly undulating and thickly inlaid with granite and limestone boulders at the north eastern part of the township, and on a belt along the Sa katchewan River. The river crosses the township diagonally in a north-easterly direction, has steep banks, varying from 40 to 100 feet in height, and flows at the rate of about 3½ miles per hour. The water becomes beautifully clear and good after the spring freshets. Poplar timber is to be found in coulées and isolated patches along the river, suitable for building purposes, rails or Shallow sloughs are numerous. Soil, first-class.

Township 37, Range 5.—Undulating surface; sloughs shallow. The South Saskatchewan River crosses the south east angle of the township. There is very little timber along the banks of the river. A few granite and limestone ridges enter the township in sections 24 and 25. Soil, generally first-class.

Township 38, Kange 5.—Open praire, with level surface. The soil is a clay loam on clay sub-soil, except at the north-western part of the township, where the soil becomes lighter, and in places gravelly. It is rated first and second-class. There are a few clumps of poplar trees on the north-east part of the township, Section 36.

Township 37, Range 6.—Open, level prairie, with numerous shallow sloughs, gen-

erally bordered with willows. Soil, first-class:

Township 38, Range 6.—The soil of the south-eastern part of the township is a clay loam, with a clay sub-soil. Rated first-class. The north-western part of the township is a sand loam, with a clay sub-soil. Rated second-class. The southeastern part of the township is timbered with poplar and willow. Some of the poplar is of sufficient dimensions for rails or fuel.

Township 37, Range 7.—The soil of the eastern part of the township is firstclass, while the western part is rated second-class. Ridges of a sandy nature cross the township in a south-westerly direction, which portion is rated third class. The surface of the north-eastern part of the township is level. The south-western part is hilly, and timbered with clumps of poplar and whitewood, suitable for building pur-Poses, fencing or fuel.

Township 38, Range 7.—The eastern part of this township is level, and the Western part rolling. There are numerous sloughs, bordered with small poplar and

willow. Soil, first and second-class.

Township 3.5, Range 7.—This township, throughout, is level and wet, with soil

generally of a first-class character.

Township 40, Range 7.—Open, undulating prairie, and water scarce. Soil throughout, first-class. The North Saskatchewan flows across the township in a north easterly direction. This river usually has a belt of popular trees on each side, the belt averaging about one-half mile in width and exete ding from the water's edge to the top of the banks. The surface is of a very broken and hilly character. The elevation of the surrounding country varies from 100 to 150 feet above the river. The timber in coulées and along the banks of the river, is of suitable dimensions for building purposes, fencing or fuel. The bed of the river, in its ordinary spring state, varies from 40 to 60 chains in width. As the season advances, and the river approaches low water mark, fresh sand bars daily appear, and increasing, divide the stream into three or four channels, rendering navigation very difficult, especially at the west part of the river, known as "The Elbow."

Township 37, Range 8.—Surface, rolling or hilly. Water scarce, and generally alkaline. The soil of the eastern part of the township is sand, or sand loam. Rated third-class Towards the western part of the township the soil improves, and is rated second-class. The township is timbered, throughout, with clumps of poplarand willow, which have been burnt over by fire, forming brulés. A considerable quantity of this wood might be used for fencing or fuel.

Township 38, Range 8.—The surface is slightly rolling, sloughs numerous and bordered with poplar and willow. The soil of the eastern part of the township is a fair sand loam, and is rated second-class. The western part is rated first-class.

Township 39, Range 8.—In the western part of this township the surface is rolling, but approaching the eastern part it becomes more level. The North Saskatchewan River crosses the township in an easterly direction. Clumps of small poplar are thickly dotted over that part of the township north of the river. throughout is first class, being clay loam on clay subsoil. A creek flows southward across the western part of the township into the Saskatchewan and might be utilized for milling purposes. Below its junction with a creek from the west it has good banks, a rapid current and a stream (in August) averaging eight feet in width and one foot in depth.

Township 40, Range 8.--Surface rolling, thickly dotted with clumps of small

poplar and willows. Soil, first class.

Township 37, Range 9.—The north-eastern part of this township is hilly. The soil is rated second and third class. In the south-western part the soil improves and is rated class one. The north and north-western part of the township is timbered with clumps and belts of poplar, two to five inches in diameter. Butles frequent.

Township 38, Range 9.—Surface slightly rolling. Shallow sloughs are numerous and are bordered with small willows. A belt of timber, about a mile wide, extends across the south end of the township. The soil is rated first class.

Township 39, Range 9.—Surface rolling. The soil throughout is first class, excepting a sandy strip adjoining the north bank of the Saskatchewan River, which is second class. The river crosses the township in an easterly direction, with the usual belt of timber along its banks. A part of the township north of the river is thickly dotted with clumps of small poplar.

Township 40, Range 9.—The soil in the western part of the township is a sandy loam and is rated second-class. Eastern part is rated first-class. The surface is rolling, and throughout is thickly dotted with clumps of poplar, some of a suitable

size for building purposes, firewood or rails.

Township 37, Range 10.—Surface slightly rolling. The north-east quarter of the township is timbered with poplar from 2 to 5 inches in diameter. The balance of the township is entirely destitute of timber, except along the Eagle Creek which flows across the township in a north-westerly direction. Soil, clay loam with a clay sub-soil. Rated first class.

Township 38, Range 10.—The surface and soil are similar to the last township described. Not timbered, except in coulees and the valley along the Eagle Creek which is usually about 20 chains wide, with banks varying from 80 to 150 feet high. considerable quantity of timber along the creek is suitable for building purposes, fencing or fuel. This creek has a rapid current with an average width of 20 feet

and 3 feet depth, and it might be utilized for milling purposes.

Township 39, Range 10.—The North Saskatchewan River crosses this township in an easterly direction, with the usual half mile belts of timber along the river. That portion of the township south of the river is open prairie, with a rolling or knotty surface, dotted over with granite and limestone boulders. Part of the township north of the river is thickly dotted with clumps of poplar trees; some at the western part are suitable for fuel. The soil is first and second-class, part clay and part a good sand loam on clay subsoil.

Township 40, Range 10.—The surface of the northern part of the township is level; the southern part is rolling, thickly dotted with clumps of poplar suitable for fuel or rails; sloughs are numerous at the northern part of the township. The soil of the western part of the township is first-class. The eastern part is a sand loam,

occasionally verging into a clay and rated second and third class.

Township 37, Range 11.—The surface is of a heavy rolling character, with sional fresh water sloughs, which are deep. Not timbered. The soil is firstoccasional fresh water sloughs, which are deep. Not timbered. class throughout, being clay loam on a clay subsoil.

Township 38, Range 11.—The township throughout is an open rolling prairie.

The soil is similar to that of the last township described.

Township 39, Range 11.—The North Saskatchewan River crosses the northern part of this township, the surface of which is rolling. There are deep sloughs bordered with willow. There are also some small clumps of poplar north of the river, with the usual belts along the river. The soil is generally first class, excepting in a few sections on the eastern side where it is gravelly.

Township 40, Range 11.—This township slopes to the North Saskatchewan River, which enters the township from the west, and flows out of it between sections 12 and 13. There is excellent timber in coulées and belts along the river, suitable for building purposes and fuel. The township throughout is dotted with clumps of

The soil is first class.

Township 37, Range 12.—The surface of this township is of a very heavy rolling The sloughs are deep and the water generally alkaline. It is not timbered. Brier and wolf willow are occasionally met with on the sides of the hills. The soil rates first and second class.

Township 38, Range 12.—The surface of this township is similar to the last described. The sloughs are deep but the water is generally fresh and good. north-western part of the township is heavily timbered. The soil is generally first and second class. Some of the peaks of the hills are stony and gravelly. townships, (37 and 38) would make excellent grazing land; they afford excellent shelter for stock, and the grass is luxuriant in the ravines and gullies.

Township 39, Range 12.—The surface of the eastern part of the township is open and rolling. Sloughs are numerous. There are clumps of timber on the west side of

the township. The soil is generally first-class.

Township 40, Range 12.—The North Saskatchewan River enters at the northwest corner and crosses the township in a south-easterly direction. There is a belt of large poplar along the river and a portion of the township north of river is dotted with clumps of poplar. Part of the township south of the river is more The surface is rolling, and the soil first-class.

Township 37, Range 13.—The surface is broken and hilly. The sloughs are numerous, fresh and alkaline water occurring alternately, with good pasture land.

The soil is second-class, occasionally merging into first class in the valleys.

Township 38, Range 13.—The surface is of a heavy rolling character. The northern part of the township is heavily wooded with timber of suitable dimensions

for building purposes or fuel. The soil is second-class.

Township 41, Range 13.—The North Saskatchewan River flows across this township in a south-westerly direction leaving it at the south-east corner. The banks of the river here are about 100 feet high, timbered on each side with poplar 2 to 6 inches in diameter. The southern part of the township is thickly dotted with clumps of small poplar, and the northern part with poplar sufficiently large for rails or fire-The soil is first-class.

Township 42, Range 13.—The surface is rolling. The southern part of the township is timbered with clumps of poplar 2 to 6 inches in diameter. The northern part is open prairie, excepting where willow scrub surrounds the sloughs. The soil

is first-class.

Township 37, Range 14.—Open prairie. The surface of the eastern part of the township is very broken and hilly, but approaching the western part the surface becomes more rolling. Sloughs and grass marshes are numerous. The soil is generally first-class, although in some places it is gravelly with scattered boulders of granite and limestone.

Township 38, Range 14.—The north east corner of this township is timbered with poplar 2 to 14 inches in diameter. The soil is second-class. A take about three-quarters of a mile in width by five miles in length enters the township near the north-east corner.

Township 37, Range 15.—Open rolling prairie; water scarce; sloughs dried np. Grass marshes numerous, and granite and limestone boulders on the ridges. The

soil is first-class.

Township 38, Range 15.—The surface is of a very heavy rolling character, becoming more level towards the north-west part of the township. Fresh water is in abundance. Not timbered, but there is fine large timber on the Indian Reserve, six miles to the north east. Granite and limestone boulders are thickly inlaid in places. The soil is usually first-class.

Township 39, Range 15.—Open rolling prairie, with only an occasional slough.

The soil is first-class.

Township 40, Range 15.—The surface of the northern part of the township is undulating and timbered with poplar, from 6 to 14 in. in diameter. The southern part of the township is hilly, with numerous fresh water sloughs. The soil is second-class.

Township 37, Range 16.—Open rolling prairie; water scarce. The soil is chiefly first-class, being a clay loam varying from 4 to 6 inches on a clay sub-soil, excepting at the eastern part of the township where it merges into a gravelly clay.

Township 38, Range 16.—Similar to last township described, excepting that

there is no gravelly soil.

Township 37, Range 17.—Open, rolling prairie, with boulders of granite and limestone on the ridges throughout the township. Water is fresh and good. The soil is a clay loam with clay subsoil, and is rated first-class.

Township 38, Range 17.—Similar to township 37.

Townships 37 and 38, Range 18.—Open, rolling prairie. Water good, and soil first-class.

Townships 39 and 40, Range 18.—The surface here is of a heavy rolling character and the ridges are stony and gravelly. There are numerous small dry grass marshes The soil of the western part of the township is first-class. That of the eastern part is second-class.

Township 37, Range 19.—The surface is slightly rolling; water scarce. The soil is a good clay loam on a clay subsoil, and rated first-class.

Township 38, Range 19.—Similar to township 37, excepting that the surface is

more rolling and hilly.

Townships 39 and 40 Range 19.—Open, rolling prairie. Stony on top of ridges. Sloughs usually dry. The soil is first-class, being a clay loam with clay subsoil.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES BETWEEN THE 4TH AND 5TH INITIAL MERITIANS, ALSO WEST OF THE 5TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, BY C. F. MILES, D. L. S.

Township 17, Range 17, west of the 4th Initial Meridian, is composed of undulating prairie with some stony ridges, a stiff clay soil and scant vegetation. Bow River meanders easterly through this township, and varies in width from eight to ten chains, with a rapid current running at the rate of about five and a half miles an hour; stony bed and good clear water; the banks vary in height from 150 to 200 feet. Rate, second class.

Township 18, Range 17.—Principally undulating prairie. Soil of a variable clay and sandy loam, with clay and sandy subsoil. Rate principally second class.

Township 19. Range 17.—Open, rolling prairie, rating principally second class.

The soil varies from a sandy loam to a clay loam, with some gravelly knolls.

Township 20, Range 17.—Same as last. The Canadian Pacific Railway runs through the northerly half of this Township.

Township 17, Range 18.—Dry, undulating prairie, with scant vegetation. principally clay soil; in many places with gravelly subsoil and gravelly elevations. Section 36 is much cut up by the Bow River and its adjacent banks.

Section 36 is much cut up by the Bow River and its adjacent banks

Township 18, Range 18.—The Bow River meanders southerly through the east
half of this township, which consists principally of undulating prairie, with the
exception of the north-west corner which is rolling and hilly. There are some

grassy marshes and good vegetation in the depressions.

Township 19, Range 18.—The Bow River wandering sinuously southerly and easterly through this township divides the same into nearly two halves. The north erly half consists of rolling and undulating prairie, with some good flats along the river for grazing. The south-west quarter is more or less undulating, with a north. erly slope towards the river and is somewhat broken by its banks and deep ravines. The south-east quarter, west of the river, is very hilly. Here it is where the Stony Buttes are situated, the Bow River winding around them on the north and east sides, thereby forming high, broken, and cut banks. The Stony Buttes are the two highest elevations among these hills, from the summit of which points a hundred miles distant, i. e. the Sweet Grass Hills, on or near the international boundary to the south, portions of the Rocky Mountains to the west, and some high elevations to the north, can be seen in clear weather. High cairns have been erected on the summits of these two buttes by former generations. These cairns have been in existence within the recollection of the oldest of the Blackfeet Indians. The Indian name for them is Omach-kia oko toph.

Township 20, Range 18.—Principally rolling prairie. Soil mostly sandy loam. Rate second-class. The Canadian Pacific Railway runs through Section 36 of this

township.

Township 17, Range 19.—Principally hilly and rolling prairie; knolls, generally

gravelly with clay subsoil. Rates mostly second-class.

Township 18, Range 19.—Rolling and hilly prairie, with some few ponds in the north half. The west half is principally sandy loam. The east half is clay loam, rating second-class.

Township 19, Range 19.—Hilly and rolling prairie, the most easterly tier of sections being much broken by deep ravines running into the Bow River. Soil, clay and sandy loam, with tops of elevations generally gravelly. There are numerous

ponds amongst the hills in the westerly half of this township.

Township 20, Range 18.—Rolling and hilly prairie, with soil principally of a sandy loam. The Bow River runs sinuously through the easterly portion of the township. Numerous long and deep ravines also cut up the township. That portion east of the river consists mostly of undulating prairie, with a southerly slope.

Township 17, Range 20.—Rolling and hilly prairie, with varying soil; knolls

generally gravelly with clay subsoil.

Township 18, Range 20.—Same as last.

Township 14, Range 20.—Hilly prairie with numerous ponds and grassy

marshes. There is a good growth of grass amongst the hills.

Township 20, Range 20.—Rolling and hilly prairie. A number of water courses take their origin in this township, running north and east through deep ravines into the Bow River.

On completion of this Block I proceeded to the 7th base, and ran all the outlines between the 7th and 8th bases, from Range 17 easterly to the 4th Initial Meridian.

Township 25, Range 16.—The "Red Deer River" runs through the north-east half of this township, and owing to the broken nature of its banks, probably 30 per cent, of its area has to be rated as third or fourth class. There are some good flats on the north side of the river with a luxuriant growth of grasses, and also well timbered with various species of poplar. The river is accessible in but few places, owing to the height of its broken banks. The south-east half of this township consists principally of undulating prairie, interspersed with a few grassy ponds. The soil is mostly of a clay loam with clay, and in some few places, with a gravelly subsoil. Rates second-class.

Township 26, Range 16.—The north-easterly half of this township is rolling and undulating prairie with a southerly slope, rating as second-class. The southwest half is broken by the Red Deer River with its high and broken banks, and numerous deep ravines. A seam of coal is exposed on the township line on the west side of section 7.

Township 25, Range 15.—Undulating prairie. The Red Deer River runs through the south-west half about 500 feet below the prairie level, with steep banks, precipitous in many places. There is some timber, mostly poplar, in the flats. This township rates principally third-class. The soil is a sandy and clay loam with a sand and

alkali clay subsoil, and scant vegetation.

Township 26, Range 15.—Undulating prairie. A dry water-course, with wide alkali bed, runs ciagonally from north-east to south-west through this township.

Soil-clay loam, clay subsoil, and rates second-class.

Township 25, Range 14.—Same as last. The Bull Pound Creek runs through this township from north to south, emptying into the Red Deer River. The banks of this creek are high, in many places "cut," with good vegetation in the bottoms. There is also a dense fringe of willows along the edge of the creek, which may be said to cut its way very sinuously through the valley.

Township 25, Range 13.—Slightly undulating prairie, with a soil principally composed of sandy loam, with sandy subsoil, and rating second-class. Berry Creek runs south through the east tier of sections into the Red Deer, and its banks average 50 feet, sloping to a gravelly and sandy bed. There is good growth of grass in the

bottom lands.

Township 26, Range 13.—Same as last, without the creek. Rates second and third class.

Township 25, Range 12.—The south-half is rolling and undulating prairie. The north half undulating. The soil is principally clay loam, with clay subsoil. Rating second-class. Berry Creek runs through the west half of section 31.

Township 26, Range 12.—Undulating prairie, with soil of clay loam, and clay subsoil. Rates first and second class. Berry Creek runs south through this

township.

Township 25, Range 11.—Undulating prairie. Soil, sandy and clay loam, with

sandy and clay subsoil; contains a few grassy ponds. Rates second-class.

Township 26, Range 11.—Undulating prairie. Some dry water-courses runsouth-west through this township. The soil is sandy and clay loam, with sandy and clay subsoil. Rates first and second-class.

Township 26, Range 10.—Principally undulating prairie. The soil is a sandy loam with sandy subsoil. There are a few grassy ponds. Rates second-class.

Tewnship 26, Range 10.—Undulating prairie. Soil, clay loam with clay subsoil.

Rates second-class.

Township 25, Range 9.—Undulating and rolling prairie. Blood Indian Creek runs south through the west tier of sections, but it contained no running water at the time of the survey. The soil is a clay loam, predominating with clay subsoil, and rates second class.

Township 26, Range 9.—Same as last.

Township 25. Range 8.—Rolling and hilly prairie, interspersed with numerous ponds. Soil, clay loam and rates second class.

Township 26, Range 8.—Same as last.

Township 25, Range 7.—Rolling and hilly prairie. A dry water course, containing pools of standing water, runs south-westerly through the township.

Township 26, Range 7.—The west half is rolling and hilly, east half rolling and undulating. Soil—principally clay loam. Rates second class.

Township 25, Range 6.—Same as last.

Township 26, Range 6.—West half is rolling, east half hilly prairie. Soil, prin-

cipally clay loam, and rates second class.

Township 25, Range 5.—Undulating and rolling prairie. About the centre of the township there is an alkaline depression, containing the stony bed of a dry

water-course. The soil is a sandy and clay loam, with a sandy and clay sub-soil.

Rates second and third-class.

Township 26, Range 5.—The eastern and western portions of this township are hilly, the central part is composed of an alkaline depression, containing the stony bed of a dry water-course. On and about Sections 11 and 14 are the two highest points on this range of hills. On the summits of both points cairns are erected. The cairn on Section 11 is $4\frac{1}{2}$ or 5 feet high, and 8 feet square. Single stones in the form of a circle are placed around the cairn 30 feet from its centre, and a line of single stones runs due south from the cairn, for about 1 chain, crossing the circle. formed of stones.

Township 25, Range 4.—Rolling and hilly prairie. Soil, clay and sandy loam,

with gravelly knolls. Rates second and third-class.

Township 26, Range 4.—Same as last.

Township 25, Range 3.—South-west half, rolling and hilly, and rates second and The north east half is nearly level, and has a southern slope. Rates first and second-class.

Township 26, Range 3.—High, rolling and undulating prairie. Soil, clay and sandy loam, the former predominating; a few gravelly knolls. Rates principally

Township 25, Range 2.- Undulating and rolling prairie. Soil, principally clay loam, with clay sub-soil. Rates first and second-class. A dry water-course, rising in Townships 25 and 26, Range 1, runs diagonally (S.W.) through the township.

Township 26, Range 2.—A low depression forms about the central half of this township (N.W. to S.E.), and contains grassy marshes, ponds and lakes. The east and north-east parts are very hilly, and the south-west part rolling.

Township 25, Range 1.—Rolling and hilly prairie. In the soil, clay learn pre-

Rates second and third class.

Township 26, Range 1.—Hilly and rolling prairie, with some alkaline depressions.

The soil is principally clay loam. Rates second and third-class.

Township 27, Range 1, West of the 4th Initial Meridian.-Rolling and hilly prairie. The north-east part is more flat, containing numerous alkaline depressions. An old stream bed, with ponds of standing water, running easterly, touches the north limit of the township. The soil is clay and sandy loam, and rates second and third-class.

Township 28, Range 1.—Rolling prairie, with the soil chiefly clay loam. Rates

first and second-class.

Township 27, Range 2.—Rolling and billy prairie, with some ponds and lakelets, and some alkaline depressions. The soil is principally clay loam, and rates second and third-class.

Township 28, Range 2.—Rolling prairie, with a few ponds. Soil, principally clay loam, with clay sub-soil. Rates first and second class. The southerly tier of this tewnship is more or less hilly, and is broken by lakes and ponds. Rates third-class.

Township 27, Range 3.—Rolling prairie, with high ridges. Soil, clay and sandy There are numerous ponds, some of an alkaline nature. Rates second and third-class.

Township 28, Range 3.—Rolling prairie, broken by alkaline ponds and some ravines in the south-east half. Rates second and third-class.

Township 27, Range 4.—Rolling prairie, with high ridges and ponds. Soil, principally clay loam. Rates second and third-class.

Township 28, Range 4.—Rolling prairie, with numerous ponds. Soil, principally

clay loam. Rates first and second-class.

Township 27, Range 5.—Rolling prairie, with gravelly knolls and numerous ponds. Soil, sandy and clay loam. Rates second class.

Township 28, Range 5.—Rolling prairie with ponds. Soil, clay loam with clay sub-soil. Rates first and second-class.

Township 27, Range 6-—Rolling prairie, with gravelly knolls; a few ponds and lakelets. Soil, clay loam with clay sub soil. Rates second class.

Township 28, Range 6.—Rolling prairie, with a few lakelets. Soil, clay loam,

and rates second-class,

Township 27, Range 7.—High rolling prairie, with some ponds and knolls. Soil, clay loam, with clay sub-soil. Rates first and second-class.

Township 28, Range 7.—Rolling prairie with a few sloughs. Soil, clay loam.

Rates second class.

Township, 27, Range 8.—High, undulating and rolling prairie, with a depression

in the centre, containing ponds and lakes. Soil, clay loam. Rates second class.

Township 28, Range 8.—Undulating prairie. The north-west half consists of a large alkaline flat, with lakes and grassy marshes; drained near the north-west corner by the Blood Indian Creek. The east half rates first and second-class; west half second and third-class.

Township 27, Range 9.—High and undulating prairie drained by Blood Indian Creek, which runs southerly through the township in an alkaline bed, containing pools of standing water. The soil is clay loam, and rates second-class.

Township 28, Range 9.—Same as last.

Township 27, Range 10.—Undulating prairie. Soil, clay loam with clay subsoil; rates second-class.

Township 28, Range 10.—Same as last.

Township 27, Range 11.—Undulating prairie, with a number of shallow ponds and lakelets in the north half. These contain alkaline water. The soil is the same as in last named township.

Township 28, Range 11.—Undulating prairie, sloping west to Berry Creek, which runs south-westerly through the north-west half of the township. The creek here is dammed up by beaver in many places, causing pools of 5 and 6 feet in depth between the clay banks, which in many places rise to 10 feet in height. The soil is clay loam, with clay sub-soil, and rates second-class.

Township 27, Range 12.—High, undulating prairie. Berry Creek runs southerly through the township. On or about section 22, in the valley of the creek, is situated Stone Pile Hill, around the east side of which skirts the creek. The top of which rises above the surrounding prairie level, and is an old buffalo hunters' land mark and outlook. The soil is clay loam, rating second-class.

Township 28, Range 12.—Undulating and rolling prairie. Clay loam, with clay sub-soil. Berry Creek meanders south-westerly through the south-east corner.

Township 27, Range 13.—Undulating prairie, with a soil of clay loam and clay

sub-soil. Rates second-class.

Township 28, Range 13.—Undulating prairie. The north-west half is low and flat, with muddy ponds emptying into the Bull Pound Creek, and much cactus. The south half rates second-class; north-west half, second and third-class.

Township 27, Range 14.—Undulating prairie. Bull Pound Creek runs south through the east half of the township, with "cut banks" in some places 50 feet high. A depression with alkali bed runs south-westerly through this township. The soil is clay loam, with clay sub-soil, and rates second-class.

Township 28, Range 14.—The greater portion of the east half is composed of a level alkali flat, rating third class. The west half is a high, rolling prairie, with a general slope southwards. The soil is a clay loam, with clay sub-soil, and rates second class.

Township 27, Range 15.—Rolling prairie, with knolls. Soil, clay loam, with clay sub-soil. Rates second-class.

Township 28, Range 15.—Same as last.

Township 27, Range 16.—The greater part of this township is very hilly, with prairie interspersed. There are also ponds and alkaline depressions. Soil, clay loam, and rates second and third-class.

Township 28, Range 16.—Same as last, with the exception of the north-west quarter, which is undulating and sloping to the south. A lake, covering about 2,500

acres, is situate on the south-west quarter of the township. This lake contains good water, and empties south-west into the Red Deer River. It is said to contain white-fish.

On account of the total absence of the rich, black clay loam, which is met with again as we proceed farther west, most of the lands covered by my survey have been rated as second class. Much good land was passed over, which apparently, owing to the want of humidity in this district, showed but scant vegetation. The whole of this area, west of the 4th Initial Meridian, between the seventh and eighth bases, and up to Range 17, was barren of any timber, with the exception of some groves of poplars in the valley of the Red Deer River. Excellent vegetation, as a rule, was found in those townships; described as hilly and well watered by ponds and sloughs. From the shelter the hills afford, this locality appears to be well adapted for grazing purposes.

Township 28, Range 3, west of the 5th Initial Meridian.—The west half is rolling and hilly prairie, while the east half is rolling and undulating prairie, dotted with low willow scrub, well watered by spring creeks. The soil is a rich, black clay

loam of considerable depth, and rates first-class.

Township 27, Range 3.—Rolling and hilly prairie, dotted with low willow scrub, well watered by spring creeks and ponds. The latter are fringed with willow brush, and sometimes with second growth of poplar. The soil is a rich black loam,

and rates first and second-class.

Township 27, Range 2.—West half hilly and rolling prairie, with numerous ponds and lakelets, fringed with willow brush and scrub, and in a few instances, with second growth poplar. The east half is rolling and undulating prairie. A ravine, containing a spring creek, meanders through this township in a south-easterly direction. The soil is a rich black clay loam, with clay subsoil. Rates first and second-class.

Township 28, Range 2.—Rolling and undulating prairie. A deep ravine runs through the north and east parts of this township, containing popular in places along its banks suitable for fuel. Several spring creeks also take their rise here and run southerly. The soil is a rich black loam of considerable depth, and rates first-class.

Township 27, Range 4.—Rolling prairie, with high ridges, watered by spring creeks; contains some small bluffs of poplar and a few spruce, but mostly burnt over. The soil is a rich clay loam, and rates first and second-class.

Township 28, Range 4.—Same as last.

The country passed over by me, lying west of the 5th Initial Meridian, has a rich black loam with clay subsoil, and is classified as number one. It is covered by a luxuriant growth of grasses, and well watered by clear spring creeks. Provided the climate is suitable—and it remains yet to be proved by disinterested parties that such is not the case—it will compare very favourably with the best portions of Manitoba.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF G. B. ABREY, D.L.S., SURVEY OF PART OF THE 12TH BASE LINE BETWEEN THE 2ND AND 3RD INITIAL MERIDIANS, PART OF THE 4TH MERIDIAN, PART OF THE 15TH BASE LINE BETWEEN THE 4TH AND 5TH INITIAL MERIDIANS AND THE 11TH BASE LINE BETWEEN THE 3RD AND 4TH INITIAL MERIDIANS.

Twelfth Base across Ranges 28, 27, 26, 25 and 24, West of the 2nd Inital Meridian.

The land along the line from the 3rd Meridian easterly to Alkaline Lake is generally fair in quality, although some is very good. Throughout it is much broken by ponds and lakes, and most of it is covered by poplar and scrub. There is but little prairie.

South and east of Alkaline Lake the soil is more sandy, the country rough, and

not eligible for settlement.

Around the south side of Alkaline Lake, and on the line easterly of the same the timber gets somewhat larger and the woods much more dense, with no prairie patches whatever.

None of the timber is large enough to make it advisable to reserve it for lumber-

ing purposes.

Water is abundant, though generally alkaline; that in Alkaline Lake is quite unfit for drink.

FOURTH MERIDIAN ACROSS TOWNSHIPS 53, 54, 55 AND 56.

Throughout, the country is generally rough and broken. From the 14th Base, northerly to a short distance beyond the Edmonton trail crossing, near the 14th Correction Line, the country is a scrubby prairie, with soil of fair quality. North of this to the 15th Base the surface is much more broken, with many ponds and muskegs occurring. The timber stands much closer, though of small size, and is intermixed with patches of spruce, and without any relieving patches of prairie.

FIFTEENTH BASE WEST OF THE 4TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, ACROSS THE FIRST SEVENTEEN RANGES OF THE SAME.

The country, from the 4th Meridian westerly to about the centre of Range 3, is thickly timbered with poplar and scrub, and with patches of spruce in places. The timber, generally, is small and of little value. The land is poor, very rough and broken, and cut up by ponds, muskegs, &c.

Across half of Range 3, and Ranges 4 and 5.—The principal difference between the former and the latter is that the timber is smaller and much of it is blown down

and the hills are of greater size.

Ranges 6, 7, and half of 8 have much less timber, though a good deal of scrub is growing, and the country is less hilly. Thence to the first mile of Range 10

occurs a repetition of the features of Ranges 4 and 5.

From this point to the centre of Range 12, the country is much better, being less scrubby, and having a much more desirable surface. Hence across the Saskatchewan River, to the first mile of Range 14, the country becomes very rough, is nearly all covered with small poplars, and broken by high hills.

In Range 15, the country becomes more open, and some desirable land is

found.

Across Ranges 16 and 17, the surface is quite flat and wet, and some scrubby patches of prairie occur near Egg Lake. After passing the lake, timber again shows. Towards the latter part of Range 17 the country gets more open, and with larger-sized timber.

ELEVENTH BASE WEST OF THE 3RD INITIAL MERIDIAN.

The country, about the intersection of the base with the 3rd Meridian, is somewhat rough, and broken with numerous small bluffs of poplar, &c. The soil is sandy, and a few marshes occur. This description applies to nearly all the first range.

Range 2, is generally a level prairie to the river. The soil is sandy, with a few ponds showing. Considerable poplar timber is found along the banks of the

river.

Ranges 3 and 4 are level, prairie very flat, with many ponds and marshes, and with a light, sandy soil.

Range 5 is similar to the last, although drier.

Range 6 similar, but drier than the last, with bluffs of poplar scattered about on the western half.

Range 7 is similar to the last as far as the river valley; thence is dry and covered with boulders; good timber of birch and poplar in the valley.

Range 8 is the same as the westerly part of the last, but more level across the first mile. Thence it is dry and sandy across the next two and a half miles, and them more marshy to the end.

Range 9 is somewhat rolling, and dry. The soil is light, and some bluffs of

poplar and willow occur on the westerly portion.

Range 10 is prairie, with a sandy soil. Considerable timber shows to the north, although bare and open to the south.

Range 11.—Is similar to the last, with some bluffs of poplar and willow on the

Range 12.—This range is much more rolling. Near the western boundary the Saskatchewan River was again met with. In the valley of the river heavy poplar and balm of Gilead were found.

Range 13.—Is prairie, very rolling and stony. The soil is a sandy loam, with some ponds in the way. Bluffs of small poplar occur on the westerly side of the

range.

Range 14.—Is very rolling and broken. The soil is a light loam. The first half of the range is about half prairie and half poplar, and thence is all woods; in some places the poplars are large.

Range 15.—Is hilly and broken. Birch and poplar woods are everywhere found across the first four sections. Bluffs of timber appear over the remainder. The timber is generally of good size. The soil is a sandy loam, and is good.

Ranges 16 and 17.—Are hilly to rolling, and much cut up with ponds. The

soil is of fair quality, although the ridges are stony.

Range 18.—The first mile is like the last range; it then becomes quite dry; is

level; and improves on the westerly side.

Range 19.—Is prairie and generally dry and level up to the last mile west, where it becomes broken by marshes. The soil is generally good and the locality is quite desirable.

Ranges 20, 21, and 22.—Are good; all prairie and somewhat rolling.

Range 23.—Is the same as the last to some little distance beyond its centre, where it is broken by a lake. Westerly of this, sand hills break the country, and it gets scrubby.

Range 24.—Is very rolling and covered with scrub for the first mile or so; it

then becomes prairie again. The soil is of poor quality throughout.

Ranges 25 and 26.—Are similar to the westerly portion 24. The surface is quite hilly, and generally the soil is poor. Some sections might be selected that would be more or less desirable.

Ranges 27 and 28—Similar to 20 and without timber; towards the 4th Meridian the soil becomes better, and the country more desirable.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, WEST OF THE SECOND AND THIRD INITIAL MERIDIANS, BY H. B. PROUDFOOT, D. L. S.

District No. 1.

Between the 11th Base and the 11th Correction Line and between Ranges 13 and 14 to Ranges 24 and 25.

Township 41, Range 14.—Very much broken by the Eagle Hills in the south and the Saskatchewan River in the north. The hills are not very heavily wooded, except near the west boundary of the range, where some larger poplar and baim of Gilead occur in the ravines, etc.

Township 42, Range 14.—Rolling and undulating prairie, with a few large grass swamps and ponds. Soil, 6 to 12 inches in depth, and composed of clay loam with a

subsoil of clay.

Township 41, Range 15.—Entirely occupied by the Eagle Hills, which are timbered heavily with poplar varying from 6 to 12 inches in diameter, on the high land, and from 10 to 15 inches in thickness in the rayines.

Township 42, Range 15.—Is cut diagonally, from the south-east to the north-west, by the north branch of the Saskatchewan River. On the south side of the river the land is much broken by the Eagle Hills, the timber on which becomes much smaller as the river is approached. On the north side of the river the country is rolling prairie, with a few clumps of small willows, etc. Soil sandy loam; subsoil, clay.

Township 41, Ranges 17 and east half of Range 18.—Rough, hilly prairie, with

numerous grass swamps and ponds. Good grazing land.

Township 42, Ranges 17 and 18.—Very rough and hilly, and very much broken by the Eagle Hills. Poplar wood in bluffs, but of poor quality and small size,

excepting in a few of the ravines.

Townships 41 and 42, Ranges 19 to 22 and east half of 23.—Rolling and undulating prairie. With the exception of a few sections, they may all be classed 1 and 2. Soil, clay loam 12 inches in depth, and varying to sandy loam; sand subsoil. The want of wood—there being none nearer than Battle River—and the scarcity of water during certain seasons, may at first be a drawback to rapid settlement, but as the country is an excellent farming one, I think eventually it will all be well settled.

Township 41 and south half of 42, and west half of Range 23, and Ranges 24 and 25.—Very much broken by a series of hills and valleys, the latter containing salt lakes, some of considerable size. Small poplar in bluffs is also found on the hill

sides and in some of the ravines.

North half Township 42, West half Range 23 and Ranges 24 and 25.—Rough and hilly, with numerous ponds and grass swamps, and some scrub, especially in Range 25.

DISTRICT No. 2.

North of the 12th Base Line and South of the Battle River, Westerly to the 4th Meridian.

Township 45, Ranges 19 and 20.—South of the Battle River there is only a small portion of this township, and that portion is very much broken by the valley of the river, and the ravines talling into the same. A small range of sand hills also occurs in these ranges, but disappears in Range 20. Soil—sandy.

Township 45, Ranges 22 and 23.—More or less broken in the northerly portion by ravines running into the valley of the Battle River, and by the valley of the Battle River itself. Soil—generally sandy loam, changing to clay loam, with a changeable

subsoil.

Township 45, Range 24.—Very rough and hilly. The south bank of the Battle-River takes a sharp turn to the south in this range, and approaches to nearly the 11th base line. In the north-west portion of the township poplar wood occurs in bluffs.

Township 45, Range 25.—Thickly timbered with poplar in bluffs. The poplar

frequently attains a size suitable for building purposes.

Township 46, Ranges 23 and 24.—Traversed diagonally by the Battle River. Good poplar and balm of Gilead wood occur in the valley. The best farming land in the district occurs in this block.

Township 45, Range 27.—The south-easterly portion of the township is rolling and undulating; the north-westerly portion is very much broken by large hills and deep valleys, which connect with the valley of the Battle River. A large amount of

scrub is met with in the south-easterly portion.

Township 46, Range 27.—Along the south boundary, prairie, with very little scrub, prevails. The ground is very much broken by the Battle River which cuts-the township diagonally, and by coulées running into the valley. There is only a small quantity of timber in the valley, scrub and willow predominating.

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Township 45, Range 28.—Intersected diagonally by the Battle River; rough and hilly; poplar and scrub in bluffs; numerous grass swamps and ponds.

DISTRICT No. 3.

South of the 13th Base Line and Saskatchewan River, and North of the Battle River.

Township 45, Range 28.—Rolling and hilly prairie; some poplar and scrub in bluffs towards the south-west.

Township 46, Range 28.—Rolling and hilly prairie; very small quantity of

poplar or scrub.

Township 46, Range 28.—Rolling and hilly prairie, with a few high hills.

Deep coulées run into the Battle River Valley.

Townships 47 and 48, Range 28.—Rolling prairie, with ridges lying west south-west. There are small patches of scrub and poplar, and a few large grass swamps and ponds. Land classes first and second.

Townships 47 and 48, Ranges 24 and 25.—Rolling land, thickly wooded with poplar and willow in bluffs; grass and willow swamps numerous. Traversed by the Battle River in the south-west. Some large lakes occur in the south-easterly

portion.

Townships 47 and 48, Ranges 22 and 23.—A small range of sand hills occur in the north-easterly portion of this block, the remainder being mostly rolling and undulating, with poplar and willows in large bluffs, extending over the southerly three-quarters.

Township 48, Range 21.—Is mostly occupied by the sand hills, mentioned in the previous block. Numerous ponds occur, and the surface is also much broken by

coules falling into the Saskatchewan River.

Township 47, Ranges 20 and 21.—Undulating land, with large bluffs of poplar and willows, in the southerly portion.

Township 46, Range 24.—Very rough and hilly. Poplar of a fair size in bluffs,

in the easterly portion.

Township 42, Ranges 22 and 23.—Very rough, and broken by a series of small sandy ridges, which are chiefly covered by a growth of scattered poplar and scrub.

Township 46, Ranges 19 and 20; Township 45, Ranges 18, 19 and 20.—Rolling and undulating. Thickly wooded with poplar in bluffs. First-class farming land, except in the vicinity of Battle River, where a narrow range of sand hills occur.

DISTRICT No. 4.

South of the 13th Base Line and between the Saskatchewan and the Turtle Rivers.

Township 46, Range 18. Township 46, Range 19. Township 47, Range 19 and 20. Township 48, Ranges 20 and 21.—Rolling and hilly land, the northerly portion being mostly rolling prairie, with a few sand hills, extending across the 13th Base Line. A few bluffs of poplar and willows are also met with The southerly portion lying along the Saskatchewan River is much broken by short coulées falling into the river valley. The whole of the tract is very sandy, nearly all being placed in the third class.

Township 46, Range 18.—Undulating land, thickly wooded with poplar and willows in bluffs. Surface water was very scarce in September, but there were indications of a plentiful supply in the early summer months. Class, first and second.

DISTRICT No. 5.

West of the 2nd Initial Meridian.

Township 19, Range 15.—Rolling and undulating prairie, with a few blufts of poplar and willow, in the south-westerly portion. Soil, clay loam with clay sub-soil and mostly first class.

Townships 13 and 14, Ranges 21, 22, 23 and 24.—This block is intersected by the Moose Jaw Creek, which runs through it in a northwesterly course. The country adjoining the creek to the south is low lying, with a great deal of water on the surface. First-class hay is found on these wet flats; on the dry portions cactus and sage brush grow very abundantly. North of the Moose Jaw Creek the country is rolling and undulating prairie, becoming hilly in places. Townships 13, in these ranges, are all third class, also parts of Township 14. The remainder is placed in first class.

DISTRICT No. 6.

Between the 5th and 6th Bases, West of the 3rd Initial Meridian.

Townships 19 and 20, Ranges 5, 6 and 7.—With the exception of Township 20, Range 5, which is rolling prairie, this block is very rough and hilly, being for the most part in the Coteau and the Vermillion Hills. The surface throughout is covered by innumerable small hills, grass swamps, and ponds which will render it unfit for all agricultural purposes, except grazing, there being a most luxuriant growth of grass all over the block. The soil is very changeable, a sandy loam with sandy sub-soil, predominating. The tops of many of the sand hills are very gravelly, with some large stones.

Township 17 and 18, Ranges 13 to 16.—The southerly townships of this block are mostly rolling prairie. Township 18, across the four ranges, is hilly prairie, which is very stony in places, having also numerous grass swamps and ponds in the small valleys. Swift Current Creek runs north through Range 13. The valley of the Creek, where crossed by the north boundary of Township 18, is about three-quarters of a mile in width and about 200 feet deep. The soil is about

equally divided between sandy loam and clay loam, with a sandy sub-soil.

Townships 17 and 18, Ranges 21, 22, 23 and 24 and Townships 19 and 20, Range 24.—The easterly part of Townships 17 and 18, Range 21, is rolling and sometimes hilly prairie. Sandy loam soil with sand sub-soil.

Townships 17 and 18, Range 24.—The same as the last described. The

remainder of the block is occupied by part of the Great Sand Hills, and is perfectly unfit for cultivation. Rates fourth class A few bluffs of poplar, suitable for building purposes, are found among the sand hills. Fresh water ponds are very scarce throughout, but good water may be found almost any place by digging a few feet below the surface. Large salt water lakes are found in the southerly portion of the block, but the water is so bad that it is unfit for use.

Townships 17, 18, 19 and 20, Range 29, and Townships 17 and 18, Range 30.— With the exception of Township 20, Range 29, which is placed in fourth class, this block is undulating prairie with first-class farming land near the 4th Initial Meridian. The north boundary of Township 18, Ranges 29 and 30, traverses a range of hills which extend a short distance to the north and south of the line, and apparently end

a little west of the 4th Initial Meridian.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT OF SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES BETWEEN THE 2nd and 3rd and between the 3rd and 4th Initial Meridians, by J. K. McLEAN, D. L. S.

West of the 2nd Initial Meridian.

Excepting along the meridian between Ranges 22 and 23, Townships 11 and 12, and along the line between Townships 11 and 12, Rango 23, where some first-class agricultural land is met with, the whole of this block, being among the Dirt and Cactus Hills, can only be considered second and third class agricultural

The second block surveyed lies immediatly west of the 3rd Principal Meridian, and around Old Wives' Lake. No first class land is met with in this block. South of the lake, on the meridian between Ranges 1 and 2, the land is slightly rolling, but owing to a considerable amount of alkaline, can only be termed second class.

On the meridian between Ranges 2 and 3, Townsips 13 and 14, the country is very hilly and stony until section 24 is reached, when the land becomes nearly level and exceedingly alkaline. This alkaline flat extend east to Old Wives' Lake, along Old Wives' Creek, which enters Township 13, Range 3, near the south-west corner, flows in a general north-east course, and joins the narrow neck connecting the two lakes, which form Old Wives' Lakes, a short distance west of the East Lake. North of Old Wives' Lake to Township 17, the country being a portion of the Coteau du Missouri, is exceedingly hilly, with ponds of both fresh and alkali water intervening, and can only be classed as third-class agricultural land.

The next block was made up of Townships 13, 14, 15, 16, Ranges 9, 10, 11 and 12.

This block is hilly with numerous alkaline ponds and flats, and can only be rated third-class.

The 4th block extended over Ranges 17, 18, 19 and 20.

No first-class land was met with in these townships. The southern portion of Township 13 is hilly towards the north, becoming sandy and finally terminating in drifting sand hills, being an extension of the Great Sand Hills.

In the 5th block, composed of Townships 15, 16, Ranges 25, 26, and 26, 27, the country is exc edingly hilly with very little water. Big Stick Lake enters the east side of this block, extending nearly across Range 25. The water of the lake is

alkaline. South of the lake the country is very light and sandy.

The southerly portion of Township 41, Ranges 7 and 8 is exceedingly stony prairie. This however extends only to the middle of Section 25, Township 41, when we enter rolling prairie and first-class agricultural land, continuing nearly to the large salt lake met with on Sections 7, Township 42. After crossing this lake the country is generally rolling with a rich sand loam soil, and covered with numerous bluffs of poplar averaging about 7 inches in diameter.

On Ranges 8 and 9 first class prairie slightly stony in places, extends through Township 41, but shortly after entering Township 42, numerous bluffs of small poplar with willow scrub are met with, and continues to Red Berry Lake, a large lake crossing Sections 36, Township 42, and running north several miles. The

water of this lake is alkaline.

Between Ranges 9 and 10, the country west of the meridian is low through Township 41, while east it is first-class prairie. In Township 42, Range 9, there is a considerable amount of poplar and willow scrub, while Township 42, Range 10 is covered with a heavy growth of poplar bluffs, the timber being from 8 inches to 12 inches in diameter. The soil of both these townships is however first-class.

Ranges 10, 11.—The country is first-class sand loam soil, until the middle of Section 13, when it becomes very wet with a great deal of willow scrub, changing in a short distance to a very sandy country with a large quantity of poplar, averaging 8 inches in diameter. The land on the remainder of the meridian between these ranges after reaching Township 42, is rolling and hilly in places, with numerous poplar bluffs, some being of considerable extent. The soil, for agricultural purposes, is chiefly second-class.

Along Township 44, Ranges 13 and 14, the country is exceedingly hilly, with poplar scrub, usually on the northerly slope of the hills, until reaching Sections 7 and 2, when rolling prairie and first class agricultural land is mot with. This continues south to a short distance on Township 43, and extends east a long distance, but reaches poplar bluffs, a short distance west. Bluffs of poplar, with occasional sections of prairie, continue to the end of this meridian. The soil is first-class.

Townships 44 and 43, Ranges 14 and 15.—Poplar bluffs, with willow scrub in swamps, extend south to Sections 7 and 12, Township 43, where prairie is

met with. The whole of these ranges is first-class land.

Ranges 15 and 16—Township 44 has a great deal of poplar timber and willow sorub. Nearly the whole of Township 43 is prairie. Both townships are first-

class agricultural land.

Ranges 16 and 17.—Until reaching the North Saskatchewan River, the country is first-class, although portions are stony. There is also a considerable amount of timber, sufficiently large for fuel or fencing. The North Saskatchewan River is crossed on Section 6, Township 44.

After crossing this river, a plateau of first-class land extends to the Battle River, which is crossed on Section 25, Township 43. After ascending the south bank of the Battle River Valley, which is here about 80 feet high, a half section of clay, some of which has been used for brick making, is crossed. The country then becomes very sandy, with considerable poplar scrub on the ridges, and continues so almost to the correction line.

North of the 12th Base, between these ranges, Townships 45 and 46, are first-

class agricultural land, with poplar timber in bluffs.

Ranges 17 and 18, Townships 44 and 43, Sections 31 and 30 are generally covered with a thick growth of poplar and willow scrub, the land being a rich sand loam, first-class for agricultural purposes.

From here to Battle Creek, which is crossed on Section 12, the soil is second-class, being very light and sandy, covered however, with numerous bluffs of

poplar, from 6 inches to 8 inches in diameter.

Ascending the bank south of Battle River, which is about 60 feet high, a fine area of country is passed over. The country is composed of first-class agricultural land, with scrub, until Section 13, Township 43, is reached after which it is prairie.

partially hilly, but first-class.

Ranges 18 and 19, Townships 44 and 43.—Until nearly across Sections 25, the country is exceedingly sandy, being rated 4th class, when an extensive range of hills is ascended. These hills form a western extension of the Eagle Hills, running nearly parallel with Battle River, across Ranges 20 and 19, and about half across Range 18, when turning south they join the main range in Township 42.

The country becomes first-class for agricultural purposes, as soon as the hills are ascended, and continues so until the correction line is reached, the soil being a rich,

dark, sand loam.

Intil Section 31, Township 43 is reached, there is a considerable amount of poplar and willow scrub, with occasional bluffs of poplar, averaging 8 inches in

diameter, the remainder of the township being prairie.

Ranges 19 and 20, Townships 44 and 43.—The sand hills, mentioned in previous line, extend south about the same distance, but as soon as the hills, thought to be the western extension of the Eagle Hills, are ascended, the country becomes firstclass for agricultural purposes. Poplar and willow scrub, with a thick growth of weeds, peavine, vetches, &c., continue south to the north limit of Township 43, after which we have first-class prairie.

Ranges 20 and 21, Townships 44 and 43.—A small lake, with salt water, is crossed immediately on commencing this line, the country being rolling, with light sandy soil, and occasional bluffs of small poplar nearly to the middle of Section 13 Township 44. Ascending the hills, the country becomes first-class land, sand loam

soil, and continues so to the correction line. Township 43 is prairie.

Ranges 20 and 21, Townships 45 and 46.—A rolling, sandy country continues. north, 13 miles, to the valley of Battle River, which river at this place is about 3 chains wide, and 4 to 5 feet deep, with a moderate current, and sand banks from 10 to 15 feet high. The land rises slowly from the river, entering the bluff country at Sections 30 and 25, and is sandy until nearly across Sections 1 and 6, Township 46, after which it becomes first class, with a heavy growth of poplar and willow

Ranges 21 and 22, Townships 44 and 43.—The whole of this meridian is rolling prairie, with occasional stony spots. Ranks first-class.

Ranges 22 and 23, Townships 44 and 43.—The whole of this meridian is first-

class prairie.

Ranges 23 and 24, Townships 44 and 43.—These townships are very hilly prairie. with numerous ponds of both fresh and salt water intervening. Classes second and third.

Ranges 24 and 25, Townships 44 and 43.—These are also very hilly. Thick bluffs of poplar, averaging 6 to 10 inches, extend south about 2 miles. Further south there is sroub on the northerly slope of hills.

Ranges 25 and 26, Townships 45 and 46.—Nearly the whole of this line is covered with a thick growth of poplar scrub. Section 36, Township 46, is

prairie. The land in these townships is nearly altogether first-class.

Ranges 25 and 26, Townships 48 and 47.—These are slightly rolling, with poplar bluffs and scrub, until a short distance on Township 47, when prairie is reached, which continues to the correction line. The land along the whole of this meridian is firstclass agricultural land. Battle River is crossed on Section 12. Township 47; it rons in a valley about 150 feet deep, and one-half mile wide.

Ranges 25 and 26, Townships 49 and 50.—Scrub, with occasional bluffs of poplar, extend north across Township 49, the land being first-class. After entering Township 50, the country becomes very hilly, with poplar scrub on the northerly slopes. Big Gully Creek, which is about 15 links in width, and runs in a valley about 100

feet deep and-one half mile wide, is crossed on Section 25, Township 49.

Ranges 26 and 27, Townships 48 and 47.—In running south, the whole of this

line is prairie, rolling, and slightly hilly in places, but on the whole first-class.

Ranges 26 and 27, Townships 49 and 50.—The country west of this meridian is plentifully covered with poplar and willow bluffs, while on the east, it is chiefly small scrub. The land is first-class. This continues to Big Gully Creek, which is crossed on Section 24, Township 50. North of this creek, the country is very hilly, with poplar scrub on the northerly slopes.

Ranges 27 and 28, Townships 49 and 50.—The whole of this line passes through a good agricultural country. Class first, but overgrown with poplar and willow

scrub.

Ranges 24 and 25, Townships 49 and 50.—Through Township 49, the country is covered with poplar and willow scrub, and occasional poplar bluffs, the poplar averaging 8 inches in diameter. The land is first-class.

Township 50 is very hilly, but suitable for grazing; the water of the numerous

ponds is usually fresh.

Big Gully Creek is crossed in Section 24, Township 49, expanding into a small

lake, where crossed by the meridian.

Ranges 23 and 24, Townships 49 and 50.—These are covered with a thick growth of poplar and willow, nearly the whole length of the line. The soil is first class for

agricultural purposes.

Ranges 22 and 23, Townships 49 and 50.—A growth of poplar and willow scrub covers the country through Section 1, and partially through 12. In the latter section, the trail from Fort Pitt to Battleford is crossed. A hill about 60 feet is then ascended, with a thick growth of poplar scrub on the northerly slope. Descending the hill, the country is slightly rolling prairie, and first-class, until Sections 30 and 25, when poplar bluffs are again met with. The land continues first-class until Township 50 is reached, when a strip of sand, covered with small poplar, and extending across Section 1, is met with. The remainder of this line is first class soil, with numerous bluffs.

Big Gully Creek is crossed on Section 24, Township 49, the banks not being more than 20 feet high. The North Saskatchewan River is crossed on Section

24, Township 50.

Ranges 21 and 22, Townships 49 and 50.—Section 1 is sandy, and class second. Big Gully Creek, which runs in a valley about 120 feet deep and three quarters of a mile in width, is crossed on Section 12.

Immediately upon entering Section 13 the meridian commences to descend the bank of the valley to the North Saskatchewan River, the township corner between Townships 49 and 50, being in the river.

The township to the west is first-class, with a considerable amount of poplar, averaging from 6 to 8 inches in diameter. To the east runs the North Saskatchewan,

with a thick growth of poplar scrub on the south bank.

After crossing the river, the country is first-class with a considerable amount of poplar and willow scrub. English River joins the Saskatchewan a short distance east of this meridian, and passes along the east side, crossing the line in Section 18, Township 50. It is a stream of clear, fresh water from 2 to 3 feet in depth, and about 25 links in width.

Ranges 20 and 21, Townships 49 and 50.—The beginning of this line passes over a sandy country, falling to an aklaline valley to the west, and rising across poplar and willow scrub to the east. Upon reaching Section 12, the country becomes first-class, with bluffs of poplar averaging 6 inches in diameter. The trail to Fort Pitt is crossed a few chains north of the township corner, between Townships 49 and 50. Except a small range of sand hills west of this township corner, the country is first-class.

Turtle River is crossed on Section 36, Township 50. Here it runs in a small valley, about 50 feet deep and 20 chains wide. The river is clear fresh water, from 2 to 5 feet deep, and 40 links wide, with numerous little falls and rapids.

Ranges 16 and 17, Townships 48 ard 47.—The country is hilly, with scrub on the northerly slopes, until reaching Jack Fish Lake, on Section 36, Township 47. This is a large fresh water lake, abounding with whitefish, pickerel and pike. It extends north west to within about 3 miles of the 13th Base, and south to some distance south of the correction line, with several bays crossing the meridian. It is from 4 to 6 miles in width. A short distance east, there is another fresh-water lake, from 4 to 5 miles in length, and 1 to 2 miles in width. The peninsula between these lakes is first-class agricultural land.

I might state that with slight exceptions, the whole of the country surveyed by me during last sesson, is first-class. North of the North Saskatchewan River, an almost unbroken area of first-class land extends from Fort Carleton to Fort Pitt, a great deal of which is so covered with bluffs of poplar, prairie intervening, that the settler will have no difficulty in finding fuel. Some of the timber is sufficiently large for small buildings, and in any portion of this area building timber can be found within reasonable distance. The soil is a rich sand loam, growing magnificent grass, wild pea-vine and vetches, and the water, with the exception of a small area of salt country, a short distance west of Fort Carleton, is generally good and fresh. Between the North Saskatchewan and Battle Rivers, after passing the Sand Hills, which extend a short distance west of Battleford, nearly the whole country is first-class, with numerous bluffs of poplar, sufficiently large for fuel, fencing and small buildings. There is also a considerable amount of small poplar and willow. The water, is almost entirely fresh. South of Battle River, there is also a large extent of fine agricultural land, partly prairie, and partly covered with scrub. The soil is a rich, dark sand loam, of considerable depth.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, WEST OF THE 2ND, 3RD AND 4TH INITIAL MERIDIANS, BY F. W. ARMSTRONG, D.L.S.

General Description of Land, West of the 2nd Meridian.

Township 9, Range 9.—Broken by sloughs; the water is good. The soil, though in places good, is, for the most part, gravelly, with a large quantity of surface stone. No timber.

Township 10, Range 9.—The southern portion is much the same as the last township. The northerly part is fair; the soil a grey clay, about 18 inches deep,

with bluish-white clay sub-soil. The land is rolling and fairly watered with ponds

and sloughs. Water good; no timber.

Township 11, Range 9.—The southern three-quarters, as far as the lake, are the same as last township. The northerly quarter is rough and hilly. The soil is gravelly; no timber. The lake on the northerly portion has abounded in pickerel, pike, and whitefish; but through some cause unknown, the shores were strewn with them in a decomposed condition. The water in the lake is fresh.

Township 12, Range 9.—Not so good, being very hilly and broken. The soil is

light and gravelly.

Township 9, Ranges 11 and 12 .- Are a rolling prairie. The soil a grey clay, with bluish-white clay sub-soil. The grass is very short; the water good, with few exceptions; no timber.

Township 10, Range 11.—Same as last.

Township 10, Range 12.—A rolling prairie. The soil a grey clay; very friable;

the growth of grass very good; water good; no timber.

Townships 11 and 12, Ranges 11 and 12.—Are a rolling prairie. The soil, a friable dark loam, with blue clay sub-soil, except at the north-westerly corner, which is inclined to be sandy; water, where found, good; no timber.

Township 17, Ranges 29 and 30-Are pure sand and unfit for settlement. Along

Thunder Creek they are covered with poplar and cherry brush.

Township 18, Ranges 29 and 30.—South of Pelican Lake are an open, rolling prairie. The soil, a reddish clay; the growth of grass is short; water good, but scarce.

West of the 4th Initial Meridian.

Township 16, Range 5—Is hilly and broken. The soil a poor light sand; no water except in the river, which almost divides the township in two. The prairie is overgrown with cactus and sage plants. There is some timber in patches along the river banks in the valley, which is only approachable in a few places, being about 250 or 300 feet deep. The river at the time of the survey was about 12 feet deep in centre and about 12 chains wide. The current is very strong, but there is no reason why it should not be navigable.

Township 15, Range 5.—The northern portion is the same as the last; the

southern portion is not quite so hilly.

Township 14, Range 5—Is a rolling prairie. The soil, for the most part, a pure sand. There are some good springs of water flowing through deep ravines down to the river. Poplar of considerable size is to be found growing along these gullies. The river traverses this township. That portion of the township to the east is one

mass of conical shaped clay cliffs.

Township 13, Range 5.—The south-westerly quarter is very fair land, being a level prairie. The soil a grey clay, with bluish-white clay sub-soil, interspersed with some patches of said. The balance is more rolling, with more sandy places. The river runs through this township at its north-west angle, and then takes its course east, forming almost its north boundary. There are some settlers on the south-west The crossing known as Medicine Hat is just south of the base, about the middle of the township. All along the river bottom, cottonwood of good quality, quantity and size is to be found. There are many indications of coal along the river banks to the south.

Township 13, Ranges 7 and 8—Are a rolling prairie, with no water nor any The soil is a grey clay with bluish-white clay sub-soil. The growth of grass is very short.

Township 14, Ranges 7 and 8-Are the same as last, but in places, more grav-

Townships 15 and 16, Range 13—Are a slightly rolling prairie. The soil, where good, is a grey clay. A large portion of the townships is sandy. There are a few good sloughs, but dry. No water.

Townships 13 and 14, Range 13—Are more rolling, and the soil is a grey clay. The grass throughout is short. No water, except at Bow River, which traverses Township 13.

Township 13, Range 16—Is a rolling prairie; very dry. Soil, grey clay. The

grass is very short No wood.

Township 14, Range 16.—The same as last. There is no water except at Bow River, which runs through the township. No wood. There are some strong indications of coal along the banks of the river.

Township 13, Range 21—Is a rolling prairie, but rough and broken on its eastern portion. It forms part of the range of hills known as the Black Spring Ridge. The

grass is short, and the water scarce.

Township 14, Range 21.—Same as last. Very much broken on the north by deep ravines running into the valley of Little Bow River, the banks of which here are very high and steep.

Township 15, Range 21.—Is divided in two by Snakel Valley. It is very rough and broken. The soil is a grey clay with surface stone. The water is very scarce. There are some good hay marshes in the valley.

Township 16, Range 21.—Same as the last.

Township 13, Range 24.—A good level prairie. Soil good, but in places gravelly; grass is very short; water scarce, except at Little Bow, which runs through the township on its north boundary. The Black Foot Crossing trail also runs through this township.

Township 14, Range 24.—A level/prairie. The soil, a rich black loam; water is

scarce, except at the river. No wood.

Description of Lands West of the 5th Initial Meridian.

Township 12, Range 1.—The east half is very hilly, and there is a considerable amount of scattered spruce timber; good grass, and plenty of good water. The township is unfit for agricultural purposes, but there is good grazing land.

Township 11, Range 1 —Same as last.

Township 10, Range 1.—Is very hilly and broken. North sides of the hills covered with timber of spruce and poplar. Unfit for settlement. Good grass in the valleys and on the south sides of the hills. A good cattle ranche.

Township 9, Range 1 -- Is very hilly and broken. Some timber on north sides

of hills. Good grass and water. Excellent pasture land.

Township 8, Range 1.—Not so much scattered timber. Very hilly. Good water

and pasture.

Township 7, Range 1.—The north, middle and south forks of the Old Man's River flow through the township. Good grass. Water in abundance and good shelter. There is some timber, poplar and cottonwood, along the river bottoms. An excellent pasture ranche. The snow never remains here longer than two or three days, owing to the prevalence of the "Chinook" winds.

Township 6, Range 1.—Some portions are fit for settlement. An excellent cattle ranche. The South Fork of the Old Man's River runs through this township. Part of it is amongst the foot hills of the mountains. Some poplar and spruce

groves are scattered throughout.

Township 5, Range 1.—The eastern portion is very much broken by gullies, and the foot hills of the mountains. The land is covered with scrub and poplar timber. There is some good spruce near the southern boundary. The western part is in the mountains.

Township 4, Range 1.—There is only a small portion of the eastern part that is not in the mountains. Is very rough and broken, and the land is covered with scrub,

small spruce and poplar.

Township 6, Range 2.—South of the South Fork is very broken and wet, and all covered with willow scrub. The northern portion is rough and broken, ant the soil gravelly. What little good land there is in it, is occupied by the Garne

Brothers, and Messrs. Johnston and Jarvis. There is some good spruce timber. cottonwood, and poplar on the north-west portion of the township.

Description of Lands West of the 4th Meridian.

Broken Township 12, Range 30.—Very broken and rough; amongst Porcupine Hills. Unfit for settlement. Good grass and water. Some spruce groves scattered through it.

Broken Township 11, Range 30.—Same as last.
Broken Township 10, Range 30.—Very broken and hilly. Some good spruce Unfit for settlement, and the south part only fit for cattle ranche. Grass

and water plentiful, and good on latter portion.

Broken Township 9, Range 30.—Very broken and hilly. The north sides of the hills are all well timbered with spruce and white pine, of various sizes and quality. In the valleys and on the south sides of the hills the grass is plentiful and good. Water is in abundance everywhere.

Broken Township 8, Range 30.—Timber very scattered and of poor quality.

Good grazing country, but unfit for settlement.

Broken Township 7, Range 30.—Broken and hilly. Some deep gullies run back from the Old Man's River, which flows through it. No timber except along the river, where there is a little spruce, poplar and cottonwood. Good grass and water. Excellent cattle ranche.

Broken Township 6, Range 30.—Good farming land, as far as soil is concerned. Good grass and fairly well watered. Pincher Creek flows through this township.

The land along the creek is all taken up.

Broken Township 5, Range 30.—Is very broken by the foot hills. An excellent grazing ranche in summer. Some good hay land, and plenty of water. Not much

timber, but plenty of willow, poplar, underbrush and scrub.

Broken Township 4, Range 30.—Is a heavy, rolling prairie, covered with willow scrub and bluffs of poplar. Good grass and water, but it is of no use for winter ranche on account of the depth of snow. The Forks of the Kootenai, which flow through this township, divide it into three different parts. These streams flow in valley, 150 to 200 feet deep, and are very rapid. Their source is in the mountains.

Township 8, Range 29.—Is very broken and hilly, being at the south end of the Tennessee and Beaver Creeks flow through this township on Porcupino Hills. their course to the Old Man's River. Some excellent grazing land and some scattered

epruce timber are found along these creeks.

Township 7, Range 29.—Is divided in two by the Old Man's River. The north half is rather broken by gullies, but the grass is good. The south half, though hilly, is an excellent grazing lease, having good and numerous springs scattered through it, and good shelter for the cattle under the ridges. Pincher Creek also flows through the south-east corner of this township.

Township 6, Range 29.—Is all good farming and hay land, well watered by springs and Pincher Creek. The land is nearly all taken up.

Township 6, Range 28.—Is open prairie; rather inclined to be dry in summer.

The grass is good.

Township 5, Range 28.—Is well watered by Drywood Creek, its many tributaries, and the Kootenai River. Along the latter there is some poplar and cottonwood. The grass is good.

Township 4, Range 29.—Is very much broken by sloughs, and covered with islands of poplar, scrub and willow brush. The grass is good and water plentiful. A

good summer grazing ranche, but snow hes too deep in winter.

Township 4, Range 28.—Is hilly and broken, west of the Kootenai River, which flows through it, from south to north. East of it, the land is broken by long and deep coulées running back from the river. No timber, except poplar and cottonwood in river bottoms

Fownship 3, Range 29.—Is very broken and gravelly. The land is much broken by sloughs, and covered with willows, scrub and young poplar.

Township 3, Range 28.—This township is bounded on the east by the Kootenai River, and is cut by the Belly in the south-east corner. The land slopes each way to the rivers. The grass is good. No timber or water, except in river bottoms.

Township 2, Range 29.—Is very rough, and broken by points of hills jutting out from the Rockies. The soil is poor, and grazing not very good. The Kootenai

Lakes and River are about the middle of the township.

Township 2, Range 28.—Is traversed by Belly River from south to west. The land on the west side of it is light and broken, and in places stony. On the east, the soil is better, being more of a clayey character, but rough and broken. Some timber on river bottom.

Township 3, Range 27.—Is almost entirely part of the Blood Indian Reserve. Township 4, Range 27.—Is broken by two large lakes, around which are some good hay marshes. Belly River divides the township in two. There are some good bottoms along the river flats, and good timber. There are some squatters along the river.

Township 5, Range 27.—Is well watered by both the Kootenai and Belly Rivers. The land slopes both ways to the rivers, from a ridge running about midway. The soil is light, but the grass is good, though not long.

Township 6, Range 7.—The soil is light, gravelly and very dry.

Township 5, Range 26. - Is good grazing land, and is divided by Belly River, which runs diagonally through it. What bottoms there are along the river fit for settlement, are nearly all taken up.

Township 6, Range 26.—Is rather broken, but the soil is good Good grass; well watered by the Kootenai. Plenty of timber, chiefly poplar and cottonwood

along the river.

Township 6, Range 25.—Is a good grazing lease, but not much adapted to farm-What land there is, fit for settlement, is taken up. The Kootensi makes its

confluence with the Belly, in the northern portion of this township.

Township 9, Range 25.—Is very dry, rolling land. The only water is in the Old Man's River, which runs through the township. The river runs in a valley almost inaccessible in places, and very rocky. There is some poplar and cottonwood timber along the river.

Township 10, Range 25.—Is a very dry, rolling prairie. Soil very light. Some

timber on the Old Man's River, which runs diagonally through the township.

Township 9, Range 26.—Is broken by the Old Man's River and Willow Creek. Along the liver bottoms there is some poplar and cottonwood timber. Fort McLeod is partly on this township and partly on Runge 25, situated on an island caused by two beds of the stream, along both of which the water flows when high. The soil, south of the Old Man's, is nothing but gravel; north, it is dry, light sand.

Township 10, Range 26.—Is a dry, rolling prairie, the soil being a light, sandy

loam, with some gravel ridges.

Township 12, Range 29.—Is very broken and hilly, forming part of the Porcupine Hills. There is little or no timber on this township. Trout Creek flows through the township and is situated in a valley about 2 miles bread, and sloping gradually to the creek. Quinn and Lindon are the names of two settlers who have squatted there. The grass is good and water plentiful, there being a large number of springs in the side hills.

Township 12, Range 28.—Is broken and hilly. No timber. The south fork of Willow Creek and another creek flowing into it, run through this township, both being fed by the numerous springs everywhere visible. The grass is good and long.

It is a good ranche.

Township 11, Ranges 28 and 29.—Are both broken and hilly. The south fork of Willew Creek runs through the northern portion of them. The grass is good. There is some timber along the routh fork.

Township 13, Ranges 29 and 30.—Are very rough, broken and hilly. The soil is a rich, dark loam, and the grass good and long. There is some pruce timber to the south of Trout Creek, well adapted for building purposes, and some dry, scattered trees throughout the northern portion of these townships. Trout Creek flows

from west to east, through the southern portion of them.

Township 14, Ranges 29 and 30.—Are also hilly and broken. Willow Creek dows through the southern portion of them, in a valley 100 feet deep; the banks on both sides being very steep and rocky, and only accessible in places. The stone in these tanks is a hard sandstone, well suited to building purposes. There is no timber, except along the creek. The northern portions of these townships are thickly covered with willow scrub. The grass is good, and water plentiful. An excellent cattle ranche.

Township 13, Ranges 25, 26 and 27.—Are a very dry rolling prairie. Soil, light

and sandy; grass poor; no timber.

Township 13, Range 28.—East of Willow Creek the soil is light and sandy. West of it, it is gravelly. The Calgary and McLeod trail runs through this town-There are some poplar and willows along the Creek. The grass is very poor; Po timber.

Township 14, Ranges 25, 26 and 27.—Are a very dry rolling land. Soil, light and sandy. In Ranges 25 and 26 there is a large lake, the water of which is alkaline. The land on both sides of the lake is hilly and sandy. Little Bow River flows through Range 25. No timber.

Township 14, Range 2×.—Is a dry rolling prairie, with an occasional pond, or alough. The grass is poor. No timber, except in a pine coulée, and there only in

mail quantity.

Township 15, Range 25.—Is a dry, rolling, open prairie. The grass very poor and no water, except in Little Bow River and Musquito Creek, which just touch the south-west corner. No timber.

Township 15, Range 26.—The same rolling prairie. Soil, sandy; the grass fair.

Little Bow River and Musquito Creek both flow through it. No timber.

Township 15, Ranges 27 and 28.—Same as last, except that the river does not touch them. No timber.

Township 16, Range 25.—Is a very dry, rolling, open prairie. The grass very

Poor and the soil sandy.

Township 16, Range 26.—Is watered by Little Bow River. The land is rolling; grass fair; no timber.

Township 16, Range 27.—Is well watered by Musquito Creek. Grass fair; soil, a

sandy loam; no timber.

Township 16, Range 28.—The eastern half is a rolling prairie. Soil, sandy loam, and grass good. The western portion is hilly, forming part of the Porcupine Hills.

Township 8, Range 24.— That part, north and west of Belly River, is a good triable sandy loam, with poor growth of grass. Along the river there are some good bottoms, but are all squatted on by settlers. East of the river, the soil is a greyish clay. very dry, and apt to bake. Some timber along the river.

Township 8, Range 23.— Is rolling and day. Grass good; soil, a rich sandy loam, with grey clay sub-soil; no water, except in Belly River, which just touches the north-east corner. There are some long and deep couldes jutting out from the east side of the river. Some timber is found in river bottoms. Soil in river bottoms, very

light and gravelly.

Township 8, Range 22.—Is very much cut up by both the Belly and St. Mary's Rivers, which have their confluence about the centre of it. Coal abounds in the river banks along the Belly. The soil is very light and sandy. The growth of grass is good. The old fort known as "Whoop up," is now occupied by David Acres, who has a large piece of land under cultivation. He speaks well of his crops and has met with no severe losses from frost, or otherwise. The Fort is situated on the Belly River, near its confluence with the St. Mary's.

Township 8, Range 21.—Is a very dry, rolling prairie, the western part being Very much broken by the Belly River, and coulees adjoining it. Some timber along:

the river. The soil is a light, sandy loam. The growth of grass is poor.

Township 8, Range 20.—Is a dry rolling prairie. No water; and grass very

Township 9, Range 21.—Is a very dry, rolling prairie, broken by Belly River, which flows across the south-eastern portion of it. Some good timeer along the river.

Township 9, Ranges 23 and 22.—Are both cut up by Belly River. The soil is light and land rolling. Some timber along the river.

Township 9, Range 21.—Is very high and dry rolling land. Soil, sandy loam-

The western part is very much broken by the deep coulecs adjoining the river.

Township 9, Ranges 20, 19, 18 and 17.—Are very dry, rolling land, broken only between Ranges 19 and 18, by a large slough in Chin coulee. The soil is very light,

sandy loam; growth of grass, short.

Township 9, Ranges 16, 15, 14 and 13.—Are the same as last, a very dry, rolling prairie, and soil a very light, sandy loam, and bakes very hard. The only water to be found is in a lake on Range 16, a spring near the trail on Range 15, Township 10, and a few shallow sloughs on Range 14. On the line, between Ranges 13 and 14, was crossed a long narrow lake, in a deep gully, which was taken to be the head waters of Forty Mile coulée. The land, in many places, is very stony.

Township 10, Ranges 13, 14, 15 and 16.—Are a very dry, rolling country. Soil, very sandy. Belly River flows through the west edge of Range 16. There is some

timber in the river bottom.

Township 10, Range 17.—Is very rough and broken, being cut up by Belly River, and some very deep and long coultes, running into it from the south. The soil is very sandy. There is some timber along the river.

Township 10, Range 18—Is a dry, rolling prairie. Soil, very light. Belly River

runs through the northern portion. Some timber along the river.

Township 10, Range 19.—Is broken on the north by Belly River. The land is

rolling and soil very light. Some timber in river bottom.

Township 10, Ranges 20 and 21.—Are a dry, rolling prairie. Soil, a light, sandy loam. Range 21 is one mass of coulées and river bottoms. The river flows in a valley, which is about half a mile broad, and with banks about 300 feet high. Coal crops out in numbers of places along the banks.

Township 10, Ranges 22 and 23.—A dry, rolling prairie. Soil, a light, sandy loam, with some surface stone. The Old Man's River flows along the southerly boundary of Range 23, and has its confluence with the Belly River about the middle

of the Rauge.

Township 10, Range 24.—Differs only from the last, in that the Old Man's River flows diagonally through it. There is a little timber along the river bottom.

Township 11, Ranges 24, 23, 22, 21 and 20.—Are all a very dry, rolling prairie. The soil a light, sandy loam, with surface stone. Scabby Bûte, well named from its appearance, is on Range 22. Coal crops out in the banks of the Bûte.

Township 11, Range 19.—Is divided in two by Little Bow River, which here has its confluence with Belly River. The soil is all very light and stony. No tim-

ber, except on Belly River.

Township 11, Ranges 18 and 19.—Are a very dry, rolling prairie. Soil, sandy

and gravelly.

Township 11, Range 16.—Is part of the Horse Shoe Bend, on the Belly River. The soil is very light, and land rolling. There is no timber along the river. A small quanity of driftwood is sometimes found.

Township 11, Ranges 15 and 14.—Are rolling prairie. Soil, sandy and stony.

. No timber along the river.

Township II, Range 13.—Is very broken by Belly and Bow Rivers, which have their confluence in it, and form the South Saskatchewan River. There is a little timber at the mouth of Big Bow River. The land is all very light and rolling, with surface stone. On the north side of the South Saskatchewan, in some of the large, deep, coulées there are strong indications of coal. The river here flows in a valley, which is 300 feet deep and about half a mile broad.

Township 12, Range 13.—Is very rolling, with sand hills scattered over it. Some few sloughs. A corner of it is cut off by Bow River. No timber.

Township 12, Ranges 14 and 15.—Are a dry, heavy, rolling prairie. Soil.

sandy and stony. Some few scattered sloughs. No timber.

Township 12, Range 16.—Is very rough, the surface being very broken by hills and very stony. Very little water. No timber.

Township 12, Ranges 17 and 18.—Are a dry, rolling prairie. Soil, sandy and

stony. No timber.

Township 12, Ranges 19 and 20.—Are broken by Little Bow River, whose banks

here are steep and very stony. 'The soil is very light and sandy.

Township 12, Ranges 21, 22, 23 and 24.—Are a rolling prairie. Soil, lig No water; no timber.

Township 8, Ranges 15, 14 and 13.—Are a rolling prairie. Very dry. The

soil, light sand, with stones.

Township 7, Ranges 15, 14 and 13.—Only differ from the last, in that, Chin Coulée runs through them. The coulée, or valley, is about a quarter of a mile broad, and about 150 feet deep. The banks are very steep and stony. There is a bed of creek along the centre of the valley, and an occasional lake. The water is alkaline

Township 6, Ranges 16, 14 and 13.—Are a heavy, rolling prairie. Soil, very

light and stony.

Township 5, Ranges 15, 14 and 13.—Are broken by another large coulée, which forms itself into a long lake, some 9 miles long, by about 1 mile broad. The water is clear and good. The banks of this coulée are not so deep as Chin Coulée, but are very stony. The soil is all a light, sandy loam, with surface stone. No timber.

Report of Survey of the 8th Base Line, between the 3rd and 5th Initial Meridians, also part of the 8th, 7th, 6th and 5th Base Lines and MERIDIAN EXTERIORS, WEST OF THE 5TH INITIAL MERIDAN, BY THOMAS FAWCETT, D.T.S.

The 8th Base West of the 3rd Initial Meridian.

The 8th Base Line intersects the easterly limit of Range 9, on the left bank of a deep ravine, the banks of which are jagged and broken, and in places clothed with timber, the latter mostly poplar and white ash, with scrub. A small creek of alkaline water (bearing south-east to the Saskatchewan) flows in the bottom of the ravine. The surface across Range 9 may be called hilly and undulating. The soil. Principally a good clay loam with clay sub-soil, is well adapted for all purposes of farming. Water is abundant in muskegs and ponds, and for the most part is fresh.

Range 10 agrees in many respects with the previous range, the soil being the same. Water is not quite so plentiful. The surface is more level, but in many places lumpy, and rough in consequence of the surface being divided into five-sided figures, that peculiar surface formation which is so often met with throughout the North-West. The grasses at this period (26th May) have already attained a good growth, so that there is feed in abundance for the horses, or quite as good as we found last Year, east of Moose Jaw, up to the 12th June. Several species of the vetch have been in bloom for about a week, and many other flowers are also in bloom. The trees in the vicinity of the Saskatchewan were quite green with foliage on the 20th

Ranges 11 and 12, in regard to soil, grasses, &c., differ very little from Range 10. The surface is more level, and a greater portion of it lumpy. The soil, although

first class, is rather inferior to that of Ranges 9 and 10.

In Section 34, Range 12, the line crosses a stream of alkaline water flowing in a North-easterly direction, having an average width of 25 feet, 18 inches depth, and a. velocity of about four miles an hour. Half a mile south from the base, at this point, a long string of lakes are seen bearing south-west, and extending as far the eye could

discern, out of which the above mentioned alkaline stream empties.

In Range 13, the surface is rather more undulating. Water however, becomes quite scarce, the marshes being fewer in number, but as a rule larger in size. The water in the marshes for this period of the year, I presume, will be below the average, there having been no rain of any consequence since the disappearance of the snow to the present.

From the easterly limit of Range 14, westward, the surface becomes more undulating constituting the foot hills of the Grand Coteau. The soil is a good clay loam with clay sub-soil. Water fresh and abundant in the ponds, and marshes. Grasses

luxuriant. Some of the hillsides contain a growth of sage bush.

Range 16 being in the Coteau, several deep ravines and high ridges are crossed, the drainage being south-westerly towards a lake situated in Range 18, at some distances from the line. A large valley traversing Range 18 indicated drainage in the same direction.

In Range 19, the prairie becomes gently undulating, and from Section 34 has a westward slope to a long alkaline lake, trending in a north-easterly and south-westerly direction, and which is crossed by the line in Section 32. While camped near this lake, on the 31st of May, we encountered a heavy wind from the N.N.W., accompanied at first by rain, which changed to snow. The wind began about four p.m. and ended sometime after midnight.

Range 20, is undulating prairie. The soil a good clay loam, with scattered boulders. Surface water scarce. From Section 31, a large lake was seen, about four

miles northward from the line.

Range 21, presents the same characteristics as the preceding one, except that the surface becomes rather more hilly and water is more plentiful.

Ranges 22 and 23, are also similar to the preceding, except that Range 23 is

traversed by several alkaline clay flats.

In Range 24, vegetation becomes scarce, the soil becomes much lighter, owing to the absence of sod of any thickness on the surface. In Section 33 of this range, the line crosses a long alkaline lake, which extends six or seven miles in a northerly direction.

The soil in Range 25, and westward, becomes of much better quality. In Sections 36 and 35, an alkaline lake about a mile and a-half in length, by half a mile in width, is traversed lengthways by the line. Southward from the lake, the surface is nearly level, while to the north it is quite hilly. In travelling westward along the line, in Section 32, we descend into a large coulée, from which we ascend again in Range 26. A winding stream about 25 feet in width, 12 inches in depth, with scarcely perceptible current, winds its way down the valley towards the south-east. From the bank of the coulée westward, the surface becomes quite hilly until Range 27 is reached, when comparatively level prairie again prevails, and continues westward to the 4th Initial Meridian. The soil continues good, and a considerable quantity of good water is obtainable, but a string of alkaline lakes stretches from the 8th Base southward, to the 7th Correction Line in Range 28.

The 8th Base, Westward from the 4th Initial Meridian.

In Ranges 1 and 2 the soil is a rich clay loam, some 18 inches in depth, the surface gently undulating, and the country nicely watered by pends and sloughs, mostly fresh. A small stream, 4 feet wide and 4 inches deep, bearing south to a small lake, was crossed in Section 36, Range 2.

Ranges 3 and 4 are more hilly than the last, consequently ponds and marshes are more numerous. The soil is good. On the hilltops, scattered boulders are

imbedded in the soil.

In Range 5 the surface becomes more of a gently rolling prairie. Land, first-class. In Section 32 the line crosses the cart-trail, from the Forks of the Red Deer to Edmonton.

Ranges 6 and 7 are rolling prairie, with numerous lakes and marshes.

In Range 7 a long lake, south of the line, begins in Section 34 and continues parallel with the line to Section 32. Numerous alkaline and fresh-water ponds and marshes are scattered throughout these ranges.

Ranges 8, 9 and 10 are in many respects similar to the preceding ranges, the

soil being rather inferior in quality.

In Section 36, Range 11, the line crosses and re-crosses several times, a small stream. In Sections 32 and 33, two other streams are crossed, their course being south-west towards the Red Deer River. The water was good, with but slight indications of alkali.

Ranges 12 and 13.—Continuing westward, the soil is of better quality, with the

surface gently undulating; while the ponds and marshes afford fresh water.

South of the line, in Section 33, Range 14, a cut bank, about 100 feet in height, showed a surface soil of dark loam 20 feet in depth, with clay sub-soil; and underneath, a grey sandstone, of excellent quality, extended downward as far as could be seen. The country here is broken by several coultes, which invariably show out-crop of sandstone and ironstone.

The surface, toward the westerly boundary of Range 15, becomes more hilly.

and is consequently more broken by lakes and marshes.

The easterly portion of Range 16 is very hilly and much broken; but from Section 35, westward, the country is well drained into a large lake, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of the line, which is connected with another lake at about the same distance from the line, northerly. A large stream, with high banks, bearing south-west, empties out of the lake, south of the line, into the Red Deer River.

In Range 17 the surface begins to descend, from the summit of the Sand Hills. towards the river; and in Section 32 the line crosses a deep coulte, in which a small alkaline stream runs south-west to the river valley. Outcroppings of coal were seen at several places in the river banks. From one seam, about 3 feet in thickness and 20 feet from the surface of the ground, excellent specimens of hard coal were obtained. Timber, principally poplar, was seen both up and down the stream. Several deep coulees, containing timber and bearing south-west, were crossed in Range The surface soil in this part is of excellent quality. The descent continues gradual until, in Section 33, Range 29, we come in contact with the deep ravines on the banks of the Red Deer River. The banks at this point are very steep and high, being, by actual measurement, upwards of 700 feet. In Section 31 we reach the stream, which, at this point, is about 150 yards wide, from 5 to 10 feet in depth, and with a current of about 3 miles an hour. The stream is bordered with timber, principally poplar, cottonwood and willow, while quantities of spruce are found in the numerous deep coulées opening into the valley. The mound marking the east boundary of Range 20, is near the right bank of the stream, and for about 3 miles westward the line passes over a succession of cones, from 200 to 300 feet high, and in many cases terminating in a point at the top. These cones are mostly com-Posed of argillaceous and arenaceous shales, with occasionally a layer of carbonate of iron, generally about 6 inches in thickness, white coal seams of considerable thickness are found at various depths from the surface. Both coal and iron will be Obtained here in paying quantities at no very distant period.

After ascending from the valley in Range 20, in passing over the next three ranges, the country is much cut up by deep coulées, from 100 to 400 feet in depth, and with banks, in places, almost perpendicular. These coulées are filled with timber, mostly spruce and poplar. The soil along here was of the richest black

loam, but water was very scarce.

In Range 24, the summit of a range of hills which has been seen for some distance south-west, and running in a north-westerly direction, is reached. At this point we got our first view of the Rockies. This range and Ranges 25 and 26, are a gentle

undulating prairie. Water is more plentiful, and the land is first-class, and well

adapted for all purposes.

In Section 32, Range 27, the line crosses the Rosebud River, which, when crossed, was a beautiful stream, about 20 feet wide and from 2 to 4 feet deep, with a current of about a mile an hour. Sandstone was seen outcropping from the banks of the valley.

In Range 28, at Savasse Berry Creek, a branch of the Rosebud, was crossed. This

stream was similar in appearance and size to the Rosebud.

In Section 34, Range 29, just east of the 5th Initial Meridian, a deep coulée-bearing south east, in which a small stream meanders, is crossed. The soil here is first-class; indeed the land generally is of very good quality, and would form a desirable place for settlement. In fact, all the land westward from the Red Deer River would be well suited for all purposes of agriculture, should the climatic conditions prove-favourable.

8th Base, Westward from the 5th Initial Meridian.

The country entered upon after leaving the 5th Initial Meridian, is a beautiful undulating plain, clothed with a thick growth of short scrub willow, from 1 to 2 feet high. The soil is of the best quality, grasses are luxuriant and water plentiful.

In Section 36, Range 3, the line crosses a beautiful stream which runs to the north and appears to be a branch of the Little Red Deer River. The banks of this stream are fringed with willow 10 feet high; the water is cold and clear as crystal, teaming with fish. Westward from the stream, the willows which covered the ground, presented a burnt aspect, until a large valley, containing an excellent meadow, is crossed in Section 32. The western bank of this valley is clothed with a heavy growth of cottonwood, Balm of Gilead and willow. Westward, the scrubbecomes of considerable size, with occasional clumps of timber.

Several spring creeks, varying in size from a small streamlet to a creek of 40 to 50 links wide, are crossed in Range 4. As we advance, the timber consisting of poplar, Balm of Gilead and willows, becomes more dense and the surface is more broken by deep coulées, one of which, crossed by the line in Section 36, Range 5, contains a boggy flat, bearing south-east, north-west, and expanding towards the north-west into a string of deep lakelets. The soil, which up to this point has been first-class, westward from the coulée, becomes very stony, while the surface is covered with a dense growth of small pine, spruce and poplar, varying in size from 1 to 10 inches in diameter.

In Section 32, a well beaten pack-trail was crossed, and upon entering Range 6,

the carts had to be abandoned, the hills becoming so very numerous and steep.

In Section 36, Range 6, the line crosses the little Red Deer River, a stream of considerable size, flowing north-east. The banks of this stream rise to upwards of 500 feet above the water.

Range 7 is a succession of ridges, extending south-east and north-west, parallel with the mountains, and each succeeding hill to the west is higher than the last, until an altitude of over 1,000 feet above the Little Red Deer River is reached. We then descend again into the valley of the river, which has been winding along at some distance south of the line, and the stream is again crossed several times.

The stream, when crossed here, is upwards of 600 feet higher than when crossed in Range 6. The timber, consisting principally of pine and spruce, is much heavier, some of the trees attaining a diameter of 30 inches. The valleys contain the spruce, while pine grows on the hills and higher grounds.

After entering Range 8, the line passes for some distance along the south bank of the stream, and finally crosses one of its principal branches in Section 34. From this point the surface ascends until the highest point crossed by the line is reached in Section 32, when, towards the west, is an abrupt descent of upwards of 1,000 feet.

The iron bar marking the east boundary of Range 9 is plented in the cleft of a rock on the top of a high, steep ridge. This range, like the preceding, is formed of

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successive ridges, but they are not so abrupt, The pine here is somewhat smaller. Several good sized streams of water were crossed, and in Section 31, (N.-W.1) we leave the timber. From here the line passes along a long slope of broken rock, until within a few chains of the township corner, when we come in contact with a high rock, rising almost perpendicularly upwards of 2,000 feet. A witness mark was chisseled on the rock 73 links east of the township corner, marking easterly limit of Range 10.

7th Base, West of 5th Initial Meridian.

Beginning at Range 5, the country is gently undulating prairie, with patches of willow and other scrub. In Section 33, the cart-trail from Calgary to Morleyville, was crossed. As we proceed, several small lakes are seen, and the patches of scrubgive way to larger belts of timber, until in Section 35, Range 6, we meet a dense spruce and poplar grove, on the margin of a lake, which is crossed by the line. From here westward, the surface becomes much more hilly, and the timber larger than any seen to the east.

In Range 7, we cross some high hills and deep ravines, and in Section 33 the line crosses a deep, long lake, with an outlet at the north-east extremity, and a boggy stream entering at the other. On the north-west bank of the lake is the pack-trail from the Kananaskis Pass to Calgary. In this part we meet spruce, pine and poplar, as in the other parts, and also a species of pine which, in its bark and leaves, very much resembled ordinary hemlock. This, I supposed to be the Douglass Pine. These pines were found of gigantic size, some of them being upwards of 4 feet in

diameter, but the branches grow almost to the root of the tree.

From Section 35 to Section 33, in Range 8, the line crosses a level, treeless plain, which extends between the Kananaskis and Bow Rivers. The cart-trails, which follow up the river valley, were crossed here. In Section 33 we again meet with timber, and in this same section we cross the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Kananaskis River, near its junction with the Bow. The Bow River here rushes over a rocky precipice, and forms a beautiful series of fall. Both the Bow and Kananaskis Rivers afford many first class mill sites, in fact, I know of no place where the water would be more conveniently utilized for a power than at the falls, near the confluence. In Section 32, the line crosses the Bow River, and on the bank of the stream, the cart-trail from Morleyville. From here westward, the country is hilly, with a growth of small, scrubby poplar and spruce, which continues until the mountains are reached in Section 36, Range 9, about a mile north from Padmore, on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

The 6th Base, West of the 5th Initial Meridian.

Commencing at Range 3, the line crosses successive hills and valleys, covered more or less with scrub and small poplar trees, while the streams are generally bordered with spruce. In Section 32, of this range, we cross the north fork of Sheep Creek. The soil is good and suitable for farming purposes. The easterly portion of Range 4 is similar to the preceding, until the stream is again crossed in Section 32, where the surface, which becomes much more hilly, is covered with a network of fallen timber, dense scrub, and in places large trees, mostly spruce. The same prevailing characteristics were found as far as we penetrated the Rockies on this line. While in Range 5, at an altitude of between 5,000 and 6,000 feet above the sea level, we experienced a heavy snow storm, the snow falling some 3 feet on the level, and drifting on he hill sides and in the valleys, to such a depth as to render it almost impossible to make any headway. After descending from the mountains, we found, that at the base, not more than 8 miles eastward from where we had been, the snow had not fallen more than 8 or 10 inches in depth.

5th Base, West of the 5th Initial Meridian.

Commencing at Range 3, the easterly limit is located on the right bank of a branch of High River, and in Section 34 the stream is crossed. Along the edges of the stream is a belt of spruce, poplar and cottonwood, and just north of the line, on the east side, is the house of a settler, who had some cattle and horses grazing in the valley of the creek. The soil here was suitable for the growth of cereals, but more

especially adapted for pasturage.

Range 4 begins on the eastern slope of the hill which separates the aforementioned branch of High River from the main branch itself. In Section 36 the line begins to descend, and passes over hills and ravines covered with fallen pines, and through bluffs of spruce and poplar, until in Section 32, the High River is crossed twice. This stream, where crossed, had high, precipitous, rocky banks, bordered with spruce. The width of the stream was about 30 feet, depth 2 feet, and velocity of current from 3 to 4 miles an hour. Many cattle and horses were seen grazing in the valley.

The meridian exterior between Ranges 3 and 4, was run from the 5th Base to the 6th Connection Line. The character of the country was much the same as that of the bases. Northward from the 6th Base, in Townships 21 and 22, several groves of excellent spruce timber and much fallen pine and spruce, sound, and of good quality, were met with. This part, being easy of access, will supply building

material and fuel for quite a number of settlers.

RECORD of Temperature and of Pressure of Atmosphere, for the Months of May to October, inclusive.

T-							ober,	Ī		 					
Date.		Temperature.			Barometer.			Data		Temperature.			Barometer.		
		7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	Date.		7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	7]a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.
			0							۰	۵				
May	1	28	50 60	36	28.25 28.35	28.35 28.37	28.35 28.32	June		63	80	58	27.30 27.22	27.25	27.2
do do	2 3	24 36	62	38	28.25	28.20	28.10	do July	30 · 1	63	74 78	58 63	27.22	27.21 27.10	27.2 27.0
do	4	48	65	36	28.12	28.10	28.25	do	2	62	69	61	27.25	27.26	27.3
do	5	34	60 56	30 38	28.40 28.17	23.35 28.17	28.22 28.15	do do	3	63	81	62	27.30	27.32	27.2
do do	6 7	34 42	72	44	28.18	23.05	27.80	do	4 5	6 t 65	83 85	63 64	27.32 27.58	27.45 27.80	27.5 27.8
do	8	47	75	54	27.75	27.60	27.84	do	6	59	72	69	28.02	28.03	28.0
ďο	9	38	56 57	35 46	27.92 28.35	28.05 28.30	28.25 28.30	do	7	66	82	68	27.90	27.80	27.6
do do	10 11	40 40	58	40	28.30	28.28	28.20	do	8	67 65	86 83	68 69	27.48 27.32	27.38 27.32	27.3 27.3
do	12	38	53	50	28.15	28.16	28.22	do	10	66	79	65	27.25	27.15	27.1
do	13	44	56	46	28.17	28.20	28.29	do	11	65	78	64	27.01	27.00	27.0
do do	14 15	42 48	49 56	46 48	28.30 28.27	28.30 27.95	28.33 27.80	do	12 13	66 64	72 69	60 62	27.00 26.93	26.93 26.90	26.9 26.8
do	16	48	62	51	27.72	27.59	27.55	do	14	65	70	59	26.84	26.83	26.8
do	17	47	74	53	27.60	27.62	27.65	do	15	62	67	62	26 .80	26.78	26.8
do	18	43	56	45 45	27.87 28.21	27.96	28.07 28.30	do	16 17	61 60	72 75	63 63	27.03 27.79	26.90	26.8
do do	19 2 0	48 46	59 72	54	28.34	28.24	28.10	do	18	58	76	64	26.72	26.76 26.70	23.7 26.6
do	21	53	62	50	27.96	27.78	27.74	do	19	60	68	61	26.60	26.52	26.4
do	22	47	60	46	27.83	27.9)	27.95	do	20	60	72	60	26.22	26.24	26.2
do do	23 24	44 46	68 64	42 41	27.97 27.64	27.64	27.70 27.80	do	21 22	62 65	79 81	62 63	26.30 26.32	26.30 26.32	26.3 26.3
do	25	50	61	46	27.91	27.92	27.94	do	23	64	78	60	26.35	26.40	26.4
do	26	52	6 6	48	27.98	27.90	27.86	do	24	63	79	59	26.45	26.47	26.4
do do	27 28	52 48	68 62	42	27.83 27.80	27.80 27.85	27.75 27.92	do	25 26	59 64	66 78	57 59	26.53 26.66	26.58 26.68	26.6 26.6
do	29	43	60	42	27.92	27.65	27.63	do	27	63	80	56	26.60	26.50	26.4
do	30	44	64	45	27.45	27.12	27.17	do	28	62	78	60	26.40	26.32	26.3
do June	31 1	.50 39	62 62	34 36	27.04 27.65	27.00 27.63	27.38 27.60	do do	29 30	63 57	81 74	62 52	26.25 26.28	26.26 26.25	26.2 26.2
do	2	49	75	46	27.60	27.56	27.45	do	31	59	80	56	26.18	26.17	26.1
do	3	50	70	43	27.57	27.45	27.36	Aug.	1	60	77	55	26.12	26.05	26.0
do	4	55	65	49 50	27.25 27.20	27.30	27.20 27.47	do	2	62	80	58	26.00	25.95	26.8
do do	5 6	51 49	54 1 70	48	27 55	27.50	27.50	do	3 4	60 59	78 76	54 56	26.63 25.68	26.28 25.60	25.5 25.5
do	7	52	60	49	27.54	27.53	27.55	do	5	60	80	56	25.45	25.50	25.5
do	8	48	56	48	27.40	27.40	27.38	do	6	58	79	57	25.80	25.70	25.6
do	9 10	51 52	64 53	44	27.43 27.25	27.38 27.28	27.32 27.32	do	7 8	55 50	76 71	55 48	25.60 26.05	25.95 25.95	26.0 25.5
do	11	46	62	46	27.50	27.48	27.48	do	9	53	78	52	25.94	25.94	25.8
ďο	12	48	60	49	27.48	27.44	27.36	do	10	52	80	53	25.85	25.85	25.8
do do	13 14	54 50	70 67	50 48	27.25 27.22	27.20 27.20	27.25 27.32	do	$\frac{11}{12}$	53 50	81 82	52 56	25.80 25.55	25.70 25.54	25.6 25.8
do	15	52	68	49	27.35	27.37	27 36	do	13	48	81	53	25.60		25.
de	16	49	67	45	27.39	27.40	27.43	do	14	44	79	50	25.63		25.
do	17	50	68	44	27.50 27.54		27.52 27.30	do	15	45	80	46	25.28		25.
do	18 19	48 46	70 68	46	27.20	27.50 27.15	27.15	do do	16 17	43	78 75	46	25.20 25.15		
do	20	52	69	51	27.20	27.20	27.22	do	18	39	75	42	25.05	25.02	25.
do	21	58	68	52	27.25	27.26	27.28	do	19	40	76	44	25.07		
do do	22 23	60 56	72 74	54 58	27.32 27.40	27.35 27.37	27.36 27.35	do do	20 21	38	74 70	42 36	24.90 25.05		
do	$\frac{23}{24}$	62	78	58	27.05	27.08	27.10	do	22	32	74	38	25.15		25.
do	25	63	80	60	27.12	27.16	27 20	do	23	40	72	42	25.10	24.90	25.
do	26	59	82	62 59	27.21 27.25	27.22 27.30	27.25	do	24 25	44	74	46	25.08 25.08		
do do	27 28	64 65	80 78	62	27.35		27.32 27.37	do	26	48	72	51 49	24.90		
	20	33	"	1	1	1	1	~~		1 **	ı	1	1-2.00		1 -

RECORD of Temperature and of Pressure of Atmosphere, for the Months of May to October, inclusive.—Continued.

Date.	Temperature.			, Barometer.			Date.		Temperature.			Barometer.		
Date.	7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	Daw.		7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.	7 a.m.	2 p.m.	9 p.m.
		·									•			
Aug. 27	45	76	1 50	25.05	25.03	25.05	Sept.	29	33	61	43	25.80	25.81	! 25. 83
do 28	45	74	54	25.00	24.60	24.52	do	30	32	62	44	25.84	25.88	25.90
do 29	47	75	51	24.55	24.52	24.59	Oct.	1	36	63	45	25.85	25.82	25.82
do 30	44	61	49	25.45	24.40	24.42	do	2	32	60	40	25.78	25.65	25.68
do 31	42	72	47	24.45	24.32	24.15	do	3	30	63	41	25.72	25 75	25.78
Sept. 1	44	59	45	24.18	24.08	24.00	do	4	32	65	45	25.80	25.82	25.86
do 2	42	61	48	24.04	24.12	23.95	do	5	38	61	42	25.85	25.88	25.90
do 3	41	72 75	50 52	23.95	23.82	23.73	do	6 7	41 38	64 65	40	25 92	25.90	25.8
do 4 do 5	42 43	62	49	23.75 23.58	23.68 23.52	23.58 23.50	do	8	36	59	36 38	25.85 25.70	25.82 25.70	25.78
do 6	42	62	48	23.52	23.42	23.30	do	9	35	60	39	25.65	25.66	25.70 25.66
do 7	44	61	47	23.28	23.10	23.02	do	10	39	62	40	25.60	25.50	25.32
do 8	42	64	43	23.05	23.78	24.60	do	ii	35	56	38	25.30	25.25	25.28
do 9	40	63	46	24.72	24.80	24.85	do	12	40	63	41	25.50	25.18	25.0
do 10	43	60	44	24.86	24.86	24 88	do	13	36	55	38	24.80	24.58	24.50
do 11	42	65	48	24.85	24.86	24.90	do	14	39	57	36	24.20	24.30	24.3
do 12	45	68	45	24.92	24.95	24.99	go	15	38	60	40	24.35	24.30	24.1
do 13	44	62	50	25.00	24.95	25 02	do	16	39	61	37	24.15	23 95	23.9
do 14	40	58	47	25.05	25.10	25.12	do	17	33	49	36	23.72	23.56	23.5
do 15	38	57 63	50	25.15	25.20	25.22	do	18 19	34 40	52 60	39	23.40	23.35	23.2
do 16 do 17	36	68	47	25.28 25.40	25 32 25.38	25.25 25.35	do	20	36	57	43 43	23.10 23.25	22 75 24.90	23.3 25.5
do 18	32	72	44	25.32	25.36	25 40	do	21	37	60	40	25.45	25.40	25.4
do 19	34	73	45	25.45	25.48	25.52	do	22	34	65	39	25.40	25.52	25.5
do 20	33	70	45	25.60	25.55	25.58	do	23	32	64	39	25.60	25.53	25.4
do 21	35	70	43	25.55	25.52	25.48	do	24	36	60	40	25.45	25.45	25.4
do 22	38	65	44	25.45	25.51	25.55	do	25	31	62	42	25.36	25.33	25.3
do 23	39	63	42	25.60	25.58	25.55	do	26	30	61	40	25.28	25.25	25.2
do 24	37	66	45	25.58	25.60	25 60	do	27	33	58	. 39	25.18	25 12	25.0
do 25	36	68	40	25.62	25.65	25.66	do	28	36	59	38	24.92	24.95	25.1
do 26	40	70	44	25.70	25.70	25.70	do	29	30	56	33	25.25	25 56	25.6
do 27	34	64	42	25.72	25.73	25.70	do	30	29	60	33	25.80	25.75	25.7
do 28	35	63	46	25.68	25.72	25.75	do	31	31	61	35	25.78	25 80	25.8

Observed by E. Dupuis, C.E., Assistant.

RECORD of Rainfall for the Months of May to October, inclusive.

Date.		Began	Ended.	Remarks.								
May	5	9.30 p.m	10 p.m	Followed by snow storm during the night, with . 60 inches of snow in the morning of 6th.								
do	13	***************************************		Light showers all through the day.								
ďο	14			l do do								
đo a.				Heavy thunder storm, with light showers during the remainder of the afternoon.								
do T do	21	11 20 a m	2 p.m	Light showers all through the day. Light shower.								
do	21	120 30 p.m		Nearly all night, wind sonall with slight rain.								
do	26	12.30 s.m	I p.m	Light shower.								
do	27			Light showers during the afternoon.								
do.	30	1.30 p.m	2.30 p.m	Light shower. Heavy showers through the afternoon, followed by snow and								
do												
June	3		•••••	Light showers in the afternoon.								
do	5		********	Heavy storms in the morning and in the afterneon with hail.								
do	7			Heavy showers through the afternoon.								
do do	10		****************	Light showers in the afternoon. Heavy showers all day.								
do	13	3 p.m	4 p.m	Heavy shower with hail.								
do	15			Heavy shower with hail. Heavy shower during the night.								
ďο	16		••••••	Heavy storms through the day and night with thunder. Heavy storms in the afternoon.								
do	17	11 00		Heavy storms in the afternoon.								
do	25	2 n m	2 30 n m	Heavy storm. Heavy storm with hail. do do Heavy storm.								
July	2	1.30 p.m	3.30 p.m	do do								
do	5	8.30 p.m	10 p.m	Heavy storm.								
φo	11	1.30 p.m	3 p.m	Heavy storm with blizzard. Stormy in the afternoon.								
do do	12	10 20	11 20 a m	do do								
do		10.30 a.m										
do	10	į.	1 .									
do	25)	Stormy in the morning.								
Aug.	4	112.30 a.m	1.30 p.m	Light shower.								
do do	17	5 p m	э р.ш	Heavy showers.								
do	18		10 a.m	Light showers.								
do	20			Light showers. Light showers in the afternoon. Heavy snow storm. Light storm.								
do	21	8 a.m	9.30 a.m	Heavy snow storm.								
do Oct.	30	1 p.m.	ор.ш	Dignt storm.								
do	5	1 P	7 a.m	Light storm.								
do	8	A II	day.	Light snow storm.								
	9	1	uo	1 do								
do do	11	12.30 a.m	4 p.m	do								
do	15	7 s.m	1 3 p.m	do do Heavy snow storm with blizzard.								
do	17	5 a.m	- P	House grow storm with hill-and								
do	18		10 a.m	neavy show storm with blizzard.								
do	21	6 a.m	10 a.m	Light snow storm.								

Observed by, R. E. DUPUIS, C.E., Assistant. EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, BETWEEN THE . 3RD AND 4TH INITIAL MERIDIANS, BY JAMES F. GARDEN, D. L. S.

Township 35, Range 20.—Is an open prairie, with an undulating or rolling surface, except in the south-west corner, where a range of hills is found. Tramping Lake enters it, near the south-east corner, where the banks are about 15 feet high, running in a westerly and northerly direction, the banks becoming higher to the north. A little wood, principally roplar, was seen in various places along the shores. The water in the lake is saline. The soil is chiefly a light or sandy loam, with some stone and gravel on the ridges. Rates second class.

Township 36, Range 20.—An undulating surface, divided into east and west parts by Tramping Lake. The soil varies from sandy loam, to loam. Rates second

class. A little wood was found on the banks of the lake.

Township 37, Range 20.—A rolling or undulating dry surface, and is divided in a similar manner to the last township, by Tramping Lake. The soil varies from loam to clay loam, with clay sub-soil, and is classed from 1st to 2nd. A small quantity of poplar was discovered on the east bank of the lake

Township 38, Range 20.—Is rolling or undulating divided by Tramping Lakeinto east and west parts, the soil being clay loam, on the east side, and loam with clay sub-soil, on the west side of the lake. A sufficient supply of good water, in

sloughs, was found, but the land is generally dry.

Township 35, Range 21.—The surface of this township is undulating, or rolling, in the north-east and south-west portions, the remainder being broken by a high range of hills, running from the south-east to the north-west, and containing many ponds and sloughs, with some stones on the hills. A large coulée, from 75 to 100 feet deep, crosses in Section 13. The soil is a sandy loam, to the north of the ridge, and clay loam in the hills, and to the south of them. Classification, from first to second.

Township 36, Range 21.—Is all an undulating, open prairie, except in the southwest corner, where high land is entered. The soil varies from a clay loam, or loam, in the west, to a light loam, in the easterly part. Good, permanent water was found.

Adaptability of the land to farming purposes, is classed from first to second.

Township 37, Range 21.—Is a gently rolling, dry open prairie. The soil, in the westerly part, is a clay loam or stiff clay. In the east it is principally a sandy loam, with some stones and gravel. A small quantity of permanent water exists. Classed, from first to third.

Township 38, Range 21.—Is also an open, undulating, dry prairie. In Section 18, small depression or bottom land, leading into a lake lying to the west, is crossed. A large quantity of field stones and houlders was noticed in this vicinity. It is classed from 1 to 3, the soil varying from clay loam in the west, to loam, with sandy sub-soil, in the easterly parts. In some localities permanent water was seen.

Township 35, Range 22—This township is considerably broken by coulees and hills, ponds and sloughs. A great many stones were found, bordering on or in the coulees. The extreme southern part of the township is not so much broken. The soil changes, from a loam with clay sub-soil, to sandy loam, and is second-class

throughout.

Township 56, Range 22.—Has an even, undulating surface, in the easterly part. The westerly portion is much higher and rolling, with long easy slopes, the hollows containing a good deal of water. The soil is principally a clay loam, and can all be

fairly considered first class.

Township 37. Range 22.—The easterly part is even, or gently undulating, dry, open prairie, with clay loam, or in some places hummocky clay soil, and is class 1. The westerly part is high and broken, in some places, by hills and ponds, the soil being clay loam, with scattered stones. Class 2- This hilly land is the eastern limit of the range, marked on the map as the Ear Hills. A small lake is situated in the north-west corner of the township.

Township 38, Range 22.—The easterly side of this township, like the preceding one, is undulating, or rolling surface, with clay loam or stiff clay soil. Class, 1 and

2. The westerly part is broken by the Ear Hills, which contain many ponds or lakelets, in the hollows. The soil in some places appears to contain alkali. Stony and gravelly ridges are also met with. In the north end of the township, is a small lake, 6 miles east and west, by about 3 miles north and south. The water in it is muddy, with a bad taste. The water in the sloughs and ponds, however, is exceptionally good. On the south side of the lake, is an even plain of about two sections in area.

Township 35, Range 23.—Has a high rolling or broken surface, in the northeast half; the remainder is undulating or rolling. In the south-westerly corner, a small alkaline lake enters. Large ponds and sloughs, containing good water, are generally distributed. Good grasses are found around all of them. The hilly land in this township is well adapted for grazing purposes. The soil is loam, with clay sub-soil, or sandy loam. Rates from first to third class.

Township 36, Range 23.—Has an undulating or high rolling surface, with a large quantity of water in ponds and sloughs. Two couldes, or ravines, containing ponds and sloughs, cross it in the south west portion. The soil is principally a clay

loam, and is graded from first to second-class.

Township 37, Range 23—Is divided by a coulee, 80 to 100 feet deep, extending from the south end in a north-westerly direction, containing lakes, ponds and sloughs. The land in the south-west of it is undulating, or rolling, with a heavy clay loam and hummocky in places. Classed from first to second. The north-west part is broken by hills, ponds and sloughs and some stones, with appearance of alkali in places. The grazing is good around the ponds, but this part is generally ranked as third-class.

Township 38, Range 23—Is generally high and broken by ridges, sloughs, ponds and scattered stones. The soil in many places is hard, baked clay. Good grasses abound in the hollows. The township is graded class three.

Township 35, Range 24—Is an undulating, open prairie, with a loam soil and clay sub-soil. Classed from first to second. Some scattered sloughs and stones were

observed. A small alkaline lake lies in the south-east corner.

Township 36, Range 24.—Is principally undulating or rolling prairie, except in the south-easterly part, where the land is somewhat broken by coulées, with sloughs and scattered stones. The soil is a hard clay loam or loam. The township is graded from first to second class. A good deal of water was observed in the north-west part.

Township 37, Range 24.—The south half of it is rolling prairie, with dry, hummocky, hard clay soil. Class, first to second. The northern portion is broken by large coultes, with lakes and ponds, and in the north-east part by hills, with scattered

stones and sloughs. Classed from second to third.

Township 38, Range 24.—Principally a high and broken prairie, with sloughs and good pasturage in the hollows. An even piece of land is crossed about midway of the western boundary. The soil varies from a sandy loam in the western, to loam and clay with many scattered stones in the eastern parts, and is classed from second to third.

Township 35, Range 25.—Is broken by hills and a deep coulée. The latter is from 80 to 100 feet deep; crosses in a south-easterly direction in Sections 18 and 19 and contains ponds, sloughs and scattered stones, with some alkali in the water. The eastern and northern parts of the township are much more even, being undulating or rolling. The soil changes from a hard clay loam, in the lower portions, to loam and gravel in the broken part. Numerous sloughs are found in the south-west part of the township. The classification is from second to third.

Township 36, Range 25.—Has an undulating or rolling surface, with a large quantity of flooded land in the northern part. The soil is chiefly a hard clay loam,

and is first to second-class.

Township 37, Range 25.—Has a rolling or undulating surface, except through its centre from east to west, which is traversed by a coulée measuring from 80 to

100 feet deep, containing sloughs and ponds. The soil is a dry clay loam or hum-

mocky clay, and is classed from first to second.

Township 38, Range 25.—Has a high and somewhat broken surface, except in the south-west part, where it is undulating or rolling. A number of sloughs are found in the north and west, with some scattered stones. Stones are also found in small quantities over the western parts. The soil varies from loam, along the westerly boundary, to sandy loam in the east. Classification varies from second to third.

Township 35, Range 26.—Has a high surface, much broken by hills, ponds and sloughs. The soil is principally loam, with clay sub-soil, and gravel on the ridges.

Classification from first to third.

Township 36. Range 26.—Has a rolling or undulating surface, except in the southerly part, where the northern limit of the high land crosses it. A small lake crosses the west boundary in Section 19. A good deal of wet land borders the northern boundary. Some few stones were observed. The soil is foam or clay loam. Class, first to second.

Township 37. Range 26.—Is, in the southern part, rolling prairie land. The surface is much broken, and higher to the north, with high hills, ponds, ridges and sloughs. A coulée crosses the north-west corner of it. Good grazing is found in the bottom land of all this hilly country. The water in the small ponds, and the grasses, are both plentiful and good. Stones are numerous. The soil is clay loam to loam and

gravel. Classed from first to third,

Township 38, Range 26—Is rolling prairie in the south-east part. The remainder of the surface is hilly and broken, with large quantities of water in the hollows, and some gravel and stones on the ridges. A coulée, about 100 feet deep, with a long, narrow lake, crosses in Section 7. The soil varies from sandy loam to loam, with clay sub-soil. Classification, from second to third.

Township 35, Range 27,—Has its surface much broken by hills and ridges, with a great number of a onds and sloughs in the hollows, the water in all of them being good. Quantities of field stones are also widely scattered. The soil is principally a loam, with clay. Good grass abounds in the hollows. Classification, from second to

third.

Township 36, Range 27.—Undulating or rolling prairie on the east and north sides. On the south and west, the land becomes high and broken. Section 19 is crossed by a coutée from 60 to 80 feet deep, running east and west, and containing large ponds and sloughs, with appearance of alkali, and great numbers of the cactus plant. The easterly end of a lake, 3 or 4 miles long by one-half to three quarters of a mile broad, with shallow water, enters the township in the north-west corner. In the valley of this lake the cactus abounds, and in another lake in Section 24. The soil varies from clay and clay loam in the east, to a sandy loam and stiff alkali and clay in the west, and is classed from first to second.

Township 37, Range 27.—In the easterly part is high, rough and broken, with plenty of water in the hollows, and some stone and gravel on the ridges. The soil is loam. Class, second to third. In the west, the surface is undulating, or rolling and

dry, the soil being here chiefly a light loam, with clay sub-soil. Class, first.

Township 28, Range 27.—Has, throughout, a high, rolling and in some parts, broken surface, with plenty of water in large pends and sloughs, the grass being very luxuriant about them. A coulte, about 100 feet deep, runs from the south-east corner in a north-westerly direction, containing long, narrow lakes and pends. Scattered stones were observed. The soil is clay or sandy loam, and is classed from

second to third.

Township 35, Range 28.—Is a rough-broken township, with hills varying in height from 30 to <0 teet. In the south-west, a moderately even piece of low land was crossed, containing some alkaline sloughs and ponds. A conspicuous hill, at the southwest corner, has an altitude of 150 feet. A great deal of water in sloughs and ponds, with good grasses around them, are found in the hollows. Stones are plentifully scattered on the hills and ridges. The soil is clay, or sandy loam and gravel. The township is classed from second to third.

Township 36, Range 28.—A ridge, about 150 feet high, crosses the north-west corner of this township. South of this, for 2 miles, an even or rolling piece of dry prairie is crossed. The remainder of the surface is hilly, or high and rolling, with large ponds and sloughs. Cactus Lake extends into the north-east corner. The soil is sandy or clay loam, and is graded from classes second to third.

Township 37, Range 28.—Is an undulating, or easily rolling prairie in the easterly part, with loam and clay. Soil, class first. In the west, the land is somewhat higher and rolling, some of the ridges being 40 feet high. The soil is of a sandy nature, and classes second to third. A few large ponds and sloughs were

seen.

Township 38, Range 28.—Is rolling in the south and western parts. Towards the north and east the land becomes more broken, with numerous sloughs, ponds, and scattered stones. Eye Hill Creek, a stream about 75 links broad, 3 feet deep, with a rapid current of from 1½ to 2 miles per hour, enters in the south-west corner, running in a north-westerly direction and emptying into Manitou Lake. The banks at this point are about 15 feet high, and stony. The soil is sandy loam in the west, and parts of the east sides, the rest of it being loam, with clay. This completes all the townships surveyed from the 10th Base. No wood was found in any of the townships except the small amount mentioned around Tramping Lake.

Township 40, Range 20.—Is an even, or slightly undulating, dry, open prairie, with some scattered stones and low gravelly ridges. The soil varies from a heavy

clay, in the east, to light or sandy loam in the west parts. Class second.

Township 39, Range 20.—Is similar generally to the last township. Some large sloughs and scattered stones were noticed in the south-west corner. Tramping Lake Valley enters with a westerly course. The land classes first to second.

Township 40 Range 21.—Is also undulating, dry, open prairie; but few sloughs or stones were seen. The soil changes from a loam and clay in the north, to light

sandy soil in the south, and is classed from first to second.

Township 39, Range 21.—Is even, or undulating, with some scattered stones and sloughs. The soil is principally andy in the west, and dry clay loam in the east and south. Class first to third.

Township 40, Range 22.—Is an undulating or rolling, dry, open prairie. Soil, leam or sandy loam. A small lake extends into it at the north-west corner, and contains weeds, and poor water. Good water, however, was found in sloughs.

Land classes first to second.

Township 9, Range 22.—Is rolling and undulating, except near the north-west corner, where the surface is broken. A coulée, 120 feet deep, runs north and contains large quantities of stones and alkali on the sides and bottom. The western boundary continues broken and hilly, to the south of the township. The south end is also broken by the lake referred to in Township 38, Range 22. The soil is clay or sandy loam, and is graded generally from second to third-class.

Township 40, Range 23.—Has an undulating or rolling surface, except in the north-west corner, where a large valley, containing lakes and sand ridges, with cherry bushes, enters it, and it is also broken by a coulée, 100 feet deep, containing stones and alkali, which enters it at the south-east corner, and runs in a north-westerly direction. The soil is chiefly a sandy loam, and is classed from second to third.

Township 39, Range 23.—Is also undulating or rolling, on its western side, but is rough and broken towards the east by a coulée and valley, containing lakes and pends. A lake, about half a mile wide by 2 or 3 long, with some poplar bush on the east bank, was noticed about midway between the east and west boundary, running north and south. Large numbers of sloughs and ponds exist in the south west part. The soil is loam or clay loam, with some gravel ridges and scattered stones. Class second to third.

Township 40, Range 24.—The northern half is much broken by hills, and by a coulée, from 80 to 100 feet deep, containing large ponds and sloughs, and with a small quantity of poplar bush. The soil is loam or sandy loam. The township is classed from second to fourth.

Township 39, Range 24.—Has generally a rolling, or undulating surface, with a good deal of permanent water in large pends or small lakes. One of the latter lies in the south-west corner, and is surrounded by alkali flats. The soil is loam, either black or sandy. Classification, about second-class.

Township 40, Range 25.—Very much broken in the northern and westerly portions, by hills from 50 to 100 feet high. In the hollows between them, there are a great number of ponds and sloughs. The soil is principally loam and gravel, with scattered stones on hills. This part is classed from third to fourth. The remainder is rolling or undulating, the soil being black loam to sandy, and is classed second.

Township 39, Range 25.—Has a high, rolling surface, with several small lakes and many ponds and sloughs, in the south and west. Appearance of alkali was noticed, together with scattered stones, around the lakes. The soil varies from a light

to a clay loam. The township is classed from second to third.

Township 40, Range 26.—Hilly and broken land in the easterly, and high and rolling in the westerly parts. A great many ponds, sloughs and stones are scattered over the surface, and in one or two places small lakes were seen. The grass is thick and good, making it well adapted for stock-raising. Classification from second to third.

Township 39, Range 26.—Is also high and rolling land, with a good deal of water in the small lakes, ponds or sloughs, about which good grass is luxuriant. A good many stones were noticed. The soil changes from clay to light clay loam, and is

graded from class second to third.

Township 40, Range 27.—Has a high, rolling surface, with some small lakes and ponds in the east, north-west and northerly parts, with sandy loam or clay loam soil. Class second to third. The south-west portion is poor, fourth-class land, being composed of low sand ridges, with a scanty growth of chokecherry bushes, and thick ground cedars.

Township 39, Range 27.—Is broken in the westerly and northerly parts, by "Eye Hill Creek," a stream of good water, running north-west to Lake Manitou. This creek is about 75 links wide and 3 feet deep, with a current 1½ half miles per hour, bordered by sloughs, and running in a valley, at this part of the course, about 80 feet deep. The east and south-east portion of the township is high and rolling, with ponds, sloughs and scattered stones. Loam soil. Class second to third.

Township 40, Range 28.—This township is high and rolling, with easy slopes in the nor h and north-east, and with frequent large pends and sloughs. The low sand ridge, with chokecherry bushes, mentioned in Township 40, Range 17, extends into the south and east part of the township, rendering this portion of it dry, poor

land.

Township 39, Range 28.—Is broken along its east and south-westerly sides, by the valley of the Eye Hill Creek A small lake, with some poplar brush around it, was seen about the centre, along the southern boundary. As far as observed, the soil appeared to be clay loam and alkaline clay, with gravel on the ridges, and is classed from two to three.

Township 41, Range 36.—Is even or rolling, and open in the southern parts, with light loam soil. Class two. About 2 miles north, a rough country is entered, broken by coulées, sand ridges, sloughs and ponds, and thickly wooded with poplar clumps. Some of the trees are 12 inches in diameter. The valley of Eye Hill Creek runs across the north-west corner. The banks here are thickly covered with willow bushes. The soil is very light and sandy, and is classed between third and tourth.

Township 42, Range 26.—Is broken by high sand ridges, and covered in most parts by poplars, many of them being of large size. An arm of Manitou Lake extends into the north-east corner, the water of which is very saline. This township is class tour.

Township 41, Range 27.—Has a high and rolling surface, with ponds and hardclay soil in the south-west. It is thickly covered with poplar in the north and west.

A. 1884

Eye Hill Creek passes through the eastern part. The northern portion is broken by

sand ridges and knolls, and is classed four.

Township 42, Range 27.—Is broken sand ridges, many of them high and steep, running in an easterly and westerly direction. The south sides of these ridges are generally blown sand, without vegetation of any kind. The north side is usually thickly covered with poplar, ground cedar and scrub brush. The township is useless for agricultural purposes, but the wood is of value.

Township 41, Range 28.—Is high, rolling and open along the southern part, with some large ponds in hollows. The northern part is partially wooded with poplar,

and broken with sand ridges and hollows as far as observed.

Township 42, Range 28.—Is rough and broken with sand ridges and a large

quantity of scattered poplar clumps. Class four.

Township 44, Range 26.—Has, in the north half, an even surface, thickly dotted with poplar clumps. The soil being a light loam, and classed two. The south half of the township is covered by Lake Manitou. This lake is very picturesque, and in its main part has an average breadth, from east to west, of from 6 to 7 miles, extending north and south about 9 miles. Including the long narrow inlets, it stretches from the south-east to the north-west, about 18 miles. The banks vary in height from 80 to 130 feet, and are in many places thickly wooded. Several high islands were observed in the lake. The water is saline, but good water is found in the adjoining sloughs.

Township 43, Range 26.—Is almost entirely covered by Lake Manitou. The land adjoining its east bank was observed to be of excellent quality, being a deep,

clay loam.

Township 44, Range 27.—Is hilly, and broken in the north and west parts, with a large quantity of poplars up to 10 or 12 inches in diameter. The south-eastern portion, adjoining Manitou Lake, is sandy and is also covered with poplar. The remainder of the township is comparatively open. The soil varies from a clay loam to sand, and is classed from two to four.

Township 43, Range 27.—Is nearly open and is even or undulating, in the north and west, with loam or clay loam. The soil is classed two. The south and east parts are broken by sand hills and ridges, adjoining the lake. A large quantity of wood, principally poplars, is found in the south half of it. An arm of Manitou Lake enters the township on the south-east side, which is surrounded by wooded sand hills.

Township 44, Range 28.— As far as observed is hilly, and broken in the north, with pends and sloughs in the hollows; and with a good deal of poplar brush. The

soil is loam or clay loam. Class, two to three.

Township 43, Range 28.—Has but little poplar bush. In the northern part the surface is even or undulating. Soil, hard clay loam. Class two. In the south, the land becomes broken by sand ridges, with poplar bush. A small saline lake is situated in the south-east corner, on the east side of which is a marsh or muskeg, slightly higher than the lake and containing good drinking water.

Township 41, Range 1.—West of the 4th Initial Meridian, is high open and rolling, the surface being broken by coulées and valleys, containing large ponds or lakes. One of the latter lies in the south east and another in the north-west corner. Into the latter, a creek from the south-west enters. The soil in the southern part is clay loam or loam and classed one to two. In the north portion, the soil becomes sandy and classed two to three. Some poplar clumps are found in the north part.

Township 42, Range 1.—Is much broken in the south by ridges, sloughs and ponds, with a good deal of scattered poplar clumps. The soil varies from loam to sand. Class, two to four. Northward, the land is more even, the soil varying from clay to sandy loam. Thick grass, with some sand ridges, is also noticed. A quantity

of poplar bush was also seen. The soil, classes two to three.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF THE 3RD BASE LINE, WEST OF THE 4TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, AND OF THE 2ND BASE LINE, FROM RANGE 25, EASTWARD, ACROSS THE 4TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, TO THE 3RD INITIAL MERIDIAN, BY OTTO J. KLOTZ, DOMINION TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYOR.

The intersection of the 3rd Base Line with the 4th Initial Meridian, is about 2½ miles north of the northern crest of Cypress Hills. This crest is sharply defined, and its adjoining hill-sides are very steep and wooded. Through fires, the wood which is spruce, is mostly dead, but it may furnish good fuel and building logs. The crest of these nills extends westward for about 17 miles, terminating in what is termed the "head of the mountain," and runs nearly parallel with the base line.

Ranges 1 and 2.—Along the base line are rolling to hilly prairie, well watered by creeks and marshes. The soil is good, but boulders numerous in places. Although snow was still lying on the northern slope of Cypress Hills, (May 27) yet

the pasture below was very good.

In Range 3.—The soil is better, being a good, dark, sandy loam, and there are more ponds. Incidentally, it may be remarked, that trains on the Canadian Pacific Railway, at least 16 miles distant, were distinctly heard.

Range 4.—Is rather hilly, with numerous fresh-water ponds. In the valleys, the soil and vegetation is good. The knolls are stony. The ponds abound with

duck and geese, the latter being very wary.

Range 5.—We get out of the foothills of Cypress Hills, into country of good soil, but cut up by deep ravines, making moving with the carts difficult and slow. The most of these ravines have creeks flowing in the bottoms, the greater part of which will probably be dry in the fall. The cut banks of these ravines are a sandy clay, with erratic blocks of granite and sandstone imbedded. In one of them a detached lump of lignite was found, although no seam or vein was seen.

Range 6.—Continues as broken as the former, but has good, sandy, loam soil, with good pasture. While in this range (May 31) a terrific snowstorm, of several hours' duration, was experienced in the afternoon. During the following night (June 1st), the thermometer fell to 25° F., so that our wet clothes were all frozen

stiff hanging in the tent.

Range 7.—Rolling prairie, well watered, and soil of good quality. Towards the western part of this range we see, for the first time, on the 3rd Base Line, the Sweet Grass Hills, or Three Buttes, in Montana, on the salient points of which, azimuth readings were taken. The westerly butte has the appearance, on its east end, of a buffalo bull's head. The middle one looks like a perfect cone set upon the horizon.

Range 8.—Level to undulating prairie, with good sandy loam soil, but water becoming scarcer than in the preceding ranges. In fact, by fall it will probably be perfectly dry. This range is intersected by the Seven Persons' or Big Sandy coulse. This is a fine valley of nearly a mile in width, through which flows a stream in the spring time. At present this stream is merely a succession of pools. A few ashleafed maples are on its banks. Reaching the high ground on the westerly part of this range, we may say we are on the plains, for it appears as if we were standing on a big plate with the horizon for a rim, the only break in the monotony being the blue Sweet Grass Hills in Montana, 50 miles away, and already alluded to.

Range 9,—Undulating prairie, intersected by one coulde. The soil in this range is lighter, containing more sand than the preceding one, and rather dry. The few

marshes dry up rapidly.

Range 10.—Similar to the preceding one, but contains more marshes, with good

pasture.

Range 11.—Level prairie, intersected on its western part by the Forty Mile coulée. This coulée is a valley of about a mile in width, in which are a succession of marshes and lakes, all connected during high water. Into this coulée, smaller and shorter ones run from each side. The bottom of the valley is alkaline, and in consequence, difficult to cross with heavy loads.

Range 12.—Has fine, level prairie, crossed with rich grass and flowers and shallow marshes; the soil, is a friable sandy loam, without stones.

Range 13.—The base line here passes over level prairie, with a fair soil of sandy

loam.

Ranges 14 and 15.—Undulating prairie, with good soil, and drier than the preceding ranges. In the shallow marshes are found numerous boulders. One erratic block of limestone was about 10 feet square and 7 feet above ground. It was lying in the centre of a depression (as these large erratic blocks always are) in which there was water. One of its corners was perfectly smooth and polished. A few hairs hanging on to it showed that it was the buffaloes' "scratch-my-back." At the western extremity of Range 14, Chief Mountain, of the Rocky Mountains, was first seen, distant about 100 miles. It appeared like a huge trunk rising above the horizon.

Range 16.—Very much water-worn, and in consequence, inferior to the preced-

ing ones.

Ranges 17, 18, 19 and 20.—Are good, undulating prairie, covered with good grass and flowering vetches. In Range 18, Chin coulte is crossed. Its valley is about half a mile wide, the banks thereof about 50 feet high. In it are a succession of pools and lakes of alkaline water. The so-called Chin is a short distance south of the base line, being a prominence on the eastern bank, and not at the head of the coulce, as formerly supposed. Otherwise, these four ranges are rather deficient in

Proceeding now southward to the 2nd Base Line, and working eastward from Range 25, the first object worthy of note is the grand view presented by the Rocky Mountains to the south and west. Here, Chief Mountain, with its broad shoulders, towers towards the skies, a monument of nature's work; then Mount Wilson, With snow-clad peak glistening in the morning sun with argentine lustre. In the broiling sun the sight of snow was refreshing. Numerous azimuth readings were taken on the prominent peaks.

The western half of Range 24, along the 2nd Base Line, lies in the Blood Re-It is undulating prairie, of first-class sandy loam soil. In the castern half, the St. Mary's River is crossed. This stream is now (June 22) very high, about 5 chains wide, and has a tremendous current. Its eastern bank, where crossed, is 125 feet high, almost perpendicular, and composed of horizontal layers of coarse sand-

stone and clay.

Range 23.- Is undulating prairie of sandy loam, covered with bunch grass, and

intersected by a coulée, with a running stream.

Range 22.—Is similar to the preceding one, with good grass and intersected by Pot Hole Creek, which flows—as do all prairie streams—in a wide valley between high banks; the stream itself will soon be only a succession of deep pools. The origin of its name is from the "Pot Hole" which is below its mouth, where it empties into the St. Mary's River.

The 2nd Base Line across Range 21, passes over rolling prairie of excellent pasture. Numerous coules run northward from the Milk River Ridge and intersect

the base line. In one of them, a 4 feet seam of good coal was found.

Passing over Range 20, we have rolling prairie with some coulées leading northerly. The soil is good and so is the grazing. The 2nd Base Line over the last four ranges, appears to be about midway between the crest of Milk River Ridge and the open prairie to the north.

Through Range 19, the soil is very much "washed out," somewhat stony; vegetation rather poor and signs of alkali. In the eastern part of this range, the

Fort McLeod-Benton trail is crossed. .

With Range 18, the soil and vegetation again improve. The prairie is undulating and we recede from the blue outline of Milk River Ridge. The west butte of the Sweet Grass Hills, in Montana, is again seen to the south-east. Up to the present, no dearth of water has been experienced, pools in the coulée having furnished the necessary supply. Hay meadows—as known in Manitoba—are not met with in this western country, although the grass and flowers in many places are luxuriant.

Range 17.—Is rolling prairie and contains a number of ponds, some of which are alkaline. The soil is dry and hard and what may be termed "dirty," i. e. peculiarly

pulverulent. The hill tops are stony and vegetation poor.

It is similar with Range 16, although this is undulating prairie and destitute of water. The large flies—bulldogs—are very troublesome now (4th July), so that the horses become restless, and sometimes attempt to roll themselves, to the detriment of the shafts of the carts.

Range 15 is undulating prairie with dry, baked, clay soil, somewhat stony with

vegetation thin. One marsh, with a foot of water, was crossed.

The base line across Range 14 passes over dry, undulating prairie, somewhat

stony and the grass rather short.

In Range 13, the same characteristics hold forth as in the preceding two ranges. In this range we are again in full view of the Three Buttes or Sweet Grass Hills in Montana, but although near, their appearance is not so striking as when seen from the 3rd Base Line.

Continuing across Range 12, the same characteristics of soil are met, as in the

immediately preceding ranges.

The 2nd Base Line across Ranges 11, 10 and 9, passes over dry, undulating

prairie, somewhat stony and thinly covered with grass.

In Range 8, the soil is inferior to the preceding ranges, a great deal being "washed out." In this range, Lake Pakoghkee, or Bad Water Lake, the former being the Blackfoot name, is met. This is a large expanse of water with numerous islands. large and small. The extreme length of the lake is about fifteen miles and width six miles. The water is milky in appearance, sweetish of taste, but by no means unfit for use. It is very shallow, no place having been found more than about six feet in depth across the whole lake. The bottom of the lake is a tenacious clay, so much so that it is only with the greatest difficulty that one can extricate himself from its firm grasp. There are a few willow bushes on the islands and shore, and the beach is covered with willow seed capsules, dry weeds, and myriads of dead lizards. These washings on the beach, were used one night, in the absence of wood, for a bonfire to attract the attention of four of the party who were storm-bound on the lake, but without avail. These men attempted to produce the base line from an island, to which a triangulation had been made, again to the mainland, but although absent over two days (during which time they were without anything to eat) failed in their effort, and returned again to camp, when the object desired was attained. The western beach of this lake is stony; the eastern one soft and clayey. On the eastern side a number of deep cut banks (10 to 15 feet) creeks (now only pools) empty into the lake.

The township corner post, between Ranges 8 and 7, is planted on one of the islands. The i lands in the lake are visited by buffalo, as they are strewn with bones, and fresh droppings. A small rise in the water will cover a large tract on the east side of the lake. Several miles to the north is fine rolling prairie. Nearer the lake is a ridge of sand hills. The remainder of Range 7 is a level, clay flat, covered with sage bush and grease wood.

With Range 6, the land rises towards the east, is dry, stony and washed out. In this range a large coulée, with sandy stream bed, is crossed. There is large wood (poplar) and brush in the valley. This is Big Timber Coulée. The water is only in

pools now.

With Range 5 the land gets poorer. Cactus abundant, as also dry creeks with out banks and coulées. We are now in what is called the "Bad Lands" of the North-

West Territory.

Range 4 caps the climax in the shape of broken country, for in it lies the Valley of Desolation, with its weird, bare, elay cliffs, water-worn into grotesque shape; the knarry, twisted sagebush roots partly exposed, lying on the clay banks; here and

there a cactus; a few plants in the alkaline bottom; the sluggish rattlesnake making its presence heard by the hissing sound of its rattle; a jack-rabbit darting off at our approach; the bleaching bones of buffalos, the glistening selenite on the clay banks, the horned toad, with two rows of horns down its back; all go to make a tout ensemble deserving of the above appellation. Often it appeared as if impossible for our camp to move through these places. While in this desolate region, devoid of adequate feed for the horses, the little grass there being burnt up by the sand, a heavy gale set in, followed by a thunderstorm and some snow, July 20th.

Producing the base line across Range 3, the scene brightens. Ravines change to grassy coulées, the country becomes rolling and the grass better. Still the soil remains somewhat hard and clayey, and there are a few stones. Looking from the eastern part of this range towards the Sweet Grass Hills, in Montana, across the Milk River, the country appears level, with numerous dark lines visible, which are coulées.

Ranges 2 and 1.—Are dry, stony, rolling prairie. In the eastern part of the former, Medecine Lodge Coulée, with Willow Creek, is crossed. The coulée is nearly two miles wide. The creek has high cut banks, but the water, at present, is only in pools. Continuing eastward from the 4th Initial Meridian, along the 2nd Base Line, over Range 30, the country is hilly, stony, and dry.

Range 29.—Is dry, stony, rolling prairie. The soil a powdery clay loam. In the western part of this range, the north or east fork of Willow Creek, is crossed. It is a good flowing stream, of good water. On the adjoining hill sides there are numerous springs. A mile east of the creek is the Fort Walsh and Benton trail. On the west bank, the sad duty of burying our cook had to be performed.

Ranges 28 and 27.—Are similar to the preceding one. In the latter range is crossed Battle Creek, a flowing stream of good water, having a gravelly and sandy bottom. It is the best stream between the St. Mary's River and Wood Mountain. Continuing across Ranges 26 and 25, the soil remains dry, but not so stony. grass is scant and at present burnt by the sun. The cracks in the soil, especially in dry marshes, are astonishing, and care must be taken, not to break wheels in them. It appears as if large districts, in the North-West, were never thoroughly saturated with moisture. This may be ascribed to two reasons. First, the impervious nature of some soils; second, the fact that in the Spring, when the ground is still frozen, the snow is rapidly melted and carried away, forming rivulets and cut bank creeks, even on the level prairie scouring out deep holes, all of which are in a short time as dry as a bone, thus giving the ground, when porous, no opportunity to absorb moisture. Where this is the case, the soil and sub-soil are clay, the latter becoming very hard, so that the first cannot penetrate to such a depth as where the alluvium is of a greater thickness. When the soil is deeply penetrated by frost, it gives forth much moisture during the melting process in the early summer months, and the moisture so created is nourishing to the roots of plants and shrubs. the summer months, little rain falls. This disadvantage can only be overcome by planting trees, to shade the ground from the scorching rays of the sun.

Range 24.—Is rather hilly, with stones on the summits. The valleys, which in the Spring abounded with wet marshes, are now (August 1st) dry. Man and beast suffer have from the absence of motor.

suffer here from the absence of water.

Range 23,—Is similar to the preceding one.

With Range 22, the prairie becomes rolling, not so stony but dry, the soil undergoing little or no change, being a powdery sandy loam, with clay sub soil. From this range the land falls to the east and west. It was noticed that on digging a well in a marsh, in which the water was soft, in the well the water would be hard.

Range 21.—Is a dry rolling prairie, vegetation continuing scant and sunburnt.

It is similar with Range 20.

Range 19.—Is a dry, rolling prairie, until the White Mud River is reached, towards the centre of the range. The river, now a creek, with a bed of about a chain in width, flows, or rather meanders through a valley about 2 miles wide. Into this valley run many coultes, from each side, some of which extend from 2 to 3 miles into the prairie, and have clumps of poplar and ash-leafed maple, the former predominating. Gooseberries, raspberries, currents, and bear berries are also found therein. Occasionnally springs are met. In the valley proper there is little wood, but there is a growth of sagebrush, cactus and grass. Magnificent as the creek now appears, yet it is most treacherous. Its bottom is a quicksand, and great caution had to be exercised in crossing it, with the horses and carts. One pony and buckboard were nearly lost in 5 inches of water and sand adinfinitum.

The banks of the valley are clay, interspersed with ferruginous boulders an sandstone; no rock formation was met. The valley banks rise 350 feet above the creek, and consist of rugged, steep hills, one overlooking the other. Standing even on the banks, it is difficult to follow the course of the valley, or to distinguish it from the numerous wide-mouthed coulées emptying into it. A number of cretaceous fossils, silicified wood and selenite were found. The river was followed, crossed and

recrossed three times in about 30 miles, i.e., up to Range 13.

The country through Ranges 18, 17, 16, 15 and 14, away from the river, appears as dry, rolling prairie, of fair soil. The grass on the north side of the river was markedly better than on the south side.

Range 13.—Is dry, rolling prairie, somewhat stony. In this range lies the watershed of the water flowing south and north, Hudson Bay and Gulf of Mexico. From here the watershed runs south-easterly.

Range 12.- Is dry, washed out, rolling prairie, having sage brush and cactus, and

is stony

Range 11.—Is high prairie, a plateau numerously intersected by deep, steep coulées with dry water-courses. Several springs were found in them. This range is also the western foot of Wood Mountain.

Range 10.—Is rolling prairie with good grass. There are a number of water-courses, but all are dry now. In this rolling to hilly prairie, an absence of marshes and ponds is marked. This is accounted for by the fact that in the drainage of the country, which appears to slope north and south in parallel ridges, up to this range, no prominent hills or ridges were seen. The whole appears as a plateau intersected by valleys. The eastern part of Range 10, and the eastern part of Range 9, are hilly, similar to the coteau, having ponds in the bottoms. The water is, in some, fresh; in others, alkaline. The hill tops are invariably stony.

Continuing on through Range 8, we have rolling prairie, and the soil improves to

a good, sandy loam.

With the exception of the valley of the east branch of Old Wives' Creek, Range 7 is undulating prairie, of good, sandy loam soil and clay sub-soil. This latter is almost general throughout the North-West. The above creek is now only a succession of pools of good water.

Range 6.—Is more rolling prairie than the preceding range, and has several prominent ridges running north and south, with creeks at the basis leading north,

containing water but not flowing now.

Range 5.—Is rolling prairie of good soil. There are several creeks in this range which ceased flowing a short time ago (August 20). The main trail leading from

Fort Walsh to Wood Mountain is crossed here.

Range 4.—Is also rolling prairie of good soil, and having a rich vegetation of grass. Several miles to the south of the last two ranges are the next prominent ridges of Wood Mountain, on the northern slope of which there is some poplar timber, as also in the ravines. Nowhere on the 2nd Base Line, since leaving the Blood Reserve, west of the St. Mary's River, was such good and rich vegetation of grass-seen as here, the summit of Wood Mountain. It might again be noted that although

Wood Mountain and the coteau adjoin each other, in fact merge into each other, yet they are very distinct in their features. The former has a drainage system with numerous creeks, but no marshes or ponds; the latter is a succession of hills, large mounds, having no drainage and in consequence there is an abundance of stagnant ponds and marshes.

Range 3.—Is somewhat inferior to the preceding range, a part of it being washed out, and consequently gravelly, and in such washed out spots, cactus and sagebrush grow. In Section 20, south of the base line in this range, is Wood Mountain

trading post.

Crossing Range 2, the country is hilly, but the hills have an easy ascent. The higher ones are from 250 to 300 feet above the adjoining valley. They are covered with good grass, and have cherry, willow and thorn-bush; also rose and raspberry bushes on the north or shaded side. The wood (poplar) on the hills is mostly small. The narrow ravines are generally filled with brush and wood. To the south and south-east of the base line here, the wood is of better size, and fit for fuel, fencing and building logs.

Entering Range 1, Wood Mountain proper is left, and rolling prairie, with good grass, crossed. Wood Mountain may be described as a broken plateau. On it were found many remnants of fossil wood. Flowers and birds are far more abundant here

than on the plains.

Some characteristics of the plains are:

The absence, or nearly so, of the phenomenon known as sheet-lightning.

Narrow currents of air, sometimes only a few feet wide, rushing and hissing

through the grass in a serpentine course, like a huge snake.

Sound is very easily conveyed, and for long distances; so that speaking at half a mile is done without an effort, and even at a mile. Increased force of voice does not correspondingly convey the sound a greater distance.

Distances are very deceptive. As an example, the picketman was sent to a hill,

supposed to be about 2 miles away, but which afterwards proved to be 10.

Similarly deceptive are objects. For instance, a buffalo head was mistaken for an Indian's teepee; a solitary eagle or hawk, perched on a stone, for a buffalo, an

Indian, an antelope—in fact, anything the imagination dictates.

When the atmosphere is in good condition, a three-quarter inch picket can be distinctly seen 6 miles away. The best time for telescopic work in the summer is about 5 p.m. Forenoons are worse than afternoons, of which apparently the evaporating dew in the morning is the cause.

There is seldom a calm on the prairie. The general direction of the prevailing

wind is from the west.

No drift, as recognized in Eastern Canada, has been met with in the North-West.

It will be found an impossibility to irrigate those parts of the North-West which are destitute of water in the summer. In the first place, the water suppy of all streams east of the St. Mary's, during the summer, is very limited; secondly—and which is of more importance—all the streams lie far below the surrounding prairie—from 50 to 500 feet—so that it is an impossibility to construct irrigation ditches from them. Near the Rocky Mountains, where the fall is great, and the river banks not so high, irrigation can be resorted to if desired, as is done in the neighboring Territory of Montana.

Taking a general view of the whole country surveyed, the lands along the 3rd Base Line are far superior to those reported upon last year, along the 5th Base Line, 48 miles to the north. Then on the 2nd Base Line, the best lands are at the western extremities, the Blood Reserve and Wood Mountain. Of the rest, none is absolutely useless, for where nature has devastated vegetation in the "Bad

Lands," she has there laid bare, in the coultes, coal.

The popular belief of "Bad Lands" along the White Mud River is erroneous. It must be borne in mind that there are many good lands, even if inferior to the Red

River bottom. Many lands have been classed as grazing lands which undoubtedly will, when the population in the North West increases, be to a great extent absorbed as agricultural lands, as has been done in the neighboring Republic. On the whole, the lands along the international boundary line to the north, have been underrated.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, WEST OF THE 4TH MERIDIAN, BY L. R. ORD, D. L. S.

Range 8, Township 37.—Rolling prairie. Very rough and uneven, and in the north-east corner rising into the Neutral Hills, some 400 to 500 feet above the plain, and cut by numerous deep ravines. Another range of hills, about 300 feet high, lies in the south-west corner, and both these tracts are wooded on the slope facing north, and in the ravines, the remainder of the surface is heavily rolling and dotted thickly with lakelets and ponds. Soil, a sandy loam, 10 inches deep, with a clay or sandy

loam sub-soil; very dry, and would rank below second-class.

Range 8, Township 38.—Rolling prairie. A clay flat, with a small creek, crosses the township south-west to north-east. The creek flows north-east, with a slow cur rent, and the banks are wooded in places, with small cottonwood, poplar, willow and cherry. The other sections are bare of timber, and heavily rolling and hilly in places, with ponds and lakelets. Soil, with the exception of Creek Valley, is a sandy loam, 8 inches deep, with sandy and gravelly sub soil, and often gravel and boulders strewn on the hill tops. The Creek Valley is a clay flat, alkaline in places, and baked hard and dry by the sun, and is worthless for agriculture. Banks average second and third-class.

Range 8, Township 39.—Rolling prairie, towards the north-west corner, wooded with scattered bluffs of poplar, and rough and hilly in places. The hollows are generally occupied with small ponds, in patches, is alkaline, but the ponds are nearly all good water. The land is poor, being a sandy loam, averaging 4 to 6 inches deep, with a sand and gravel sub-soil, very dry, but improving greatly towards the west boundary, where it is almost first class.

Range 8, Township 40.—Heavy rolling land with numerous bluffs of poplar and willow, and dotted with ponds. The timber is only fit for fuel and temporary buildings. Towards the southern line, the bluffs are more sparsely scattered, becoming, in the south-east corner, open prairie and rough and hilly in places. The soil is in general a sandy loam, averaging 6 inches deep, with clay loam and sandy loam

sub-soil, and would rank as class second.

Range 9, Township 37.—Rolling prairie. The hills from Range 8 are wooded on their southern slopes. Ravines occupy the south-east half and make the surface generally rough, and several deep coulées, flowing north east, cut the plains about the foot of their slope. Soil, as a rule, a light and sandy loam, ranking as class second.

Range 9, Township 38.—Rolling prairie, dotted with lakes and ponds, particularly in the north-west part. A range of hills rises to an elevation of 300 feet above the plains in the south-east corner of this township, and these are wooded on some of the northern slopes; otherwise, the surface is bare of timber. The soil is good in the northern sections, but as we go south, becomes lighter and of poorer quality, generally a sandy loam, averaging class second.

Range 9, Township 39.—Rolling land, with bluffs of poplar thickest in the northwest, and becoming more scattered towards the south east, where the country spreads into open plains. Numerous lakes and ponds dot the township. The soil is a sandy

loam some 10 inches deep, with clay loam subsoil, and ranks as class first.

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Range 9, Township 40.—Heavy rolling land with numerous thick bluffs of poplar; the hollows generally occupied by lakes and ponds. Battle River flows from Sections 19, to Section 33, in a valley about 12 to 2 miles wide, and 300 feet deep, with clay banks, wooded with occasional open patches. The river is about a chain wide, and 18 inches to 3 feet deep, flowing over a mud and gravel bottom, at the rate of about 2 miles per hour.

Range 10, Township 37.—Open prairie, generally rolling in the west part, but becoming more uneven towards the east line; generally dry, with a few ponds and sloughs. The soil, in the former sections, is a clay loam some 10 inches deep, with clay loam subsoil, and is first-class land, but towards the east becomes lighter and

more sandy. It would, however, rank as first class; the vegetation is rich.

Range 10, Township 38.—Gently rolling prairie, bluffy towards the northern boundary, but generally open. A few ponds dot the surface. The soil is excellent. The southern part is a clay loam, and towards the north, a black, sandy loam, some 12 to 15 inches deep, with a clay loam subsoil, and well fitted for agricul-

Range 10, Township 39.—Rolling, bluffy land, with numerous ponds and sloughs. Towards the western portion there are fewer ponds and the bluffs are thicker and heavier. Soil, generally a sandy loam, 10 to 12 inches deep, with clay loam subsoil, and well fitted for agriculture. Ranks as class first. Battle River flows

through Sections 31 and 32 into the next township.

Range 10, Township 40.—Is crossed by Battle River from Sections 5 and 6 to Sections 24 to 25, in a valley some 300 feet deep and $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles wide. The remainder of the township is broken by deep ravines flowing into the river. To the northwest of the latter, the land is generally open, with scattered bluffs, in which the large trees have been fire-killed and are now standing in dense brush. South-east of the river the land is heavily rolling, and covered with thick bluffs of green poplar, some of the trees attaining a fair size. The soil is a sandy loam, 10 to 12 inches deep, with generally a clay loam subsoil, and excepting parts in the valleys and hill tops, would rank as first class.

Range 11, Township 37.—Open and generally rolling plains. A few couldes cross, and some marshy ponds dot the surface. The soil is either of a very light and sandy character, or else a hard and sun-baked clay, and would rank below second

Class.

Range 11, Township 38.—Open, rolling plains. A few scattered bluffs and some small brush close to the northern boundary. The country is generally very dry. The soil improves towards the north, and ranks as class first, although there are

some tracts of sandy, dry and worthless lands.

Range 4, Township 39.—Rolling land, generally bluffy. The surface much broken by deep ravines, and Battle River, which crosses from Sections 1 to 12 to Section 36, nearly following the west and north lines, in a valley about a mile wide and some 300 feet deep, and with steep clay banks. The river is sluggish and its course is very tortuous. The valley is mostly wooded, but with timber of not much value, save for fuel. The greater part of the arable surface lies south-east of Battle River, and is rolling land, with numerous thick bluffs of poplar along the valley, gradually spreading into open prairie at the correction line. The soil is a black, sandy, loam, very rich in places.

Range 4, Township 40.—Rolling land, with many thick bluffs of poplar. Sloughs, ponds, a few shallow coulees and muskegs cross the township. Soil, a sandy loam, 12 to 15 inches deep and in places very rich; first-class.

Range 4, Township 41.—Rolling country, mostly prairie, with bluffs of poplar, Which are thickest in the south and south-east, but thin out towards the north. A range of hills rising to about 300 feet above the plain lies in the south and south-west. Soil, of fair quality, and is a sandy loam some 12 to 15 inches deep, with sandy, and at places, clay sub-soil. Would rank as first-class.

Range 11, Township 42.—Rolling prairie with sparsely scattered bluffs of poplar, somewhat broken by ravines in the north-east corner. A large marshy lake crosses the west line in Section 19, and discharges by a small creek through the ravines in Sections 25 to 36. Soil, sandy loam, rich in places, but averaging below first-class.

Range 11, Township 43.—Rolling prairie, dotted here and there with clumps of small poplar brush. Towards the east line, the surface is broken by broad and deep valleys, into which run numerous ravines, making the country rough and hilly. The slopes are in many places clothed with poplar woods, some of the timber being of

fair size. Soil, commonly light and sandy, and would rank as class second.

Range 11, Township 44.—Open rolling prairie, with a few scattered patches of very small poplar. A creek from the west, some 40 links wide and 18 inches deep, flows in a valley deepening to eastward from Section 18 across the township to Section 25, and after crossing the boundary flows south to opposite Section 1, where it turns south-east and may be traced by the eye to the Battle River, several miles distant. The valley is in places wooded, but usually bare of timber. The township is not well fitted for agriculture, being too dry and arid, with very light, sandy soil. Indeed in places it is loose sand, and ranks below class two.

Range 12, Township 41.—Gently rolling prairie, nearly all open, with a few bluffs in patches over the surface. The soil is of good quality, generally a sandy loam, some 15 inches deep, with sandy loam sub-soil. Class one.

Range 12, Township 42.—Rolling land, for the most part prairie, with a few scattered bluffs of poplar, these increasing in number in the northern sections. Soil, a good sandy loam 15 inches deep, with a sandy loam sub soil in the eastern parts,

changing to clay loam toward the west. Class one.

Range 12, Township 43.—Rolling land, the southern half bluffy, woods and prairie about equally divided. The timber is poplar, larger than that in many of the ranges to the west, but commonly too small for economic uses, other than for fuel. The northern half of the township is open prairie. The township is very dry, with but few sloughs and ponds, and the soil light and sandy. Ranks below class one.

Range 12, Township 44.--Rolling prairie. Along the base line the country is wooded with bluffs of poplar, but the majority of the township is open plain. A creek flows across the township to the eastward, and a few ponds, some of brackish water, dot the surface. Though there is some good land along the base line and also scattered in patches, the soil would not average above class two, as the greater part of it is a light sandy loam, in some places, a sandy soil and too dry to be of value.

Range 13, Township 41,—Rolling prairie, with scattered bluffs of poplar and brush. The greater part of the surface open. The soil is generally a clay loam, of fair quality, but somewhat dry. It would rank as class one.

Range 13, Township 42.—Rolling prairie, with scattered bluffs of poplar, thickest in the north-east corner. Soil, sandy loam and in places clay loam, 15 inches deep,

with sandy and clay loam sub-soil. Somewhat dry, but class one.

Range 13, Township 43.—Rolling prairie. In the western part open, with patches of brush; and in the northern sections a number of ponds and sloughs. A tract, in which the bluffs are more numerous, commences about 2 miles from the western boundary and extends across the township eastward, where the bluffs, in places, form almost continuous strips of woods, some of the trees attaining a fair size. Soil, class one.

Range 13, Township 44.—Rolling prairie, the majority open, with patches of small scrub and occasional bluffs of young poplar in the west. The hollows are often occupied by hay marshes and sloughs, and the creek, from Range 14, crosses the northern part of the township. The soil of the western sections is a sandy loam, averaging 8 inches deep, with clay loam: subsoil, but towards the eastern line it becomes more sandy, and the vegetation is less luxuriant. This portion of the

township is open rolling, prairie, with poor soil, but would suit for grazing purposes, as there are flats of clay and stones, in which, thought unfit for cultivation, the grass is rich. The land would average class two for agricultural purposes.

Range 14, Township 41.—Rolling prairie, with bluffs of poplar, most numerous in the south-west corner, and occasional ponds. A good deal of the wood is fire, Soil, sandy loam, 18 inches deep, with sandy and clay sub-soil. Class

Range 14, Township 42.—Open, rolling prairie, with a few scattered bluffs and brush, and numerous ponds and marshy sloughs. Soil, clay loam, 12 inches deep, with clay subsoil. Class one.

Range 14, Township 43.—Nearly all open rolling prairie, with occasional bluffs of small poplar and patches of willow bush. Shallow sloughs occupy many of the Timber of no value. Soil s'ndy loam 8 inches deep, with clay loam, and

in places gravel sub-soil. Class one.

Range 14, Township 44.—Rolling land nearly all open, with a few tracts where the bluffs of poplar are thickly scattered, and the remainder of the township dotted here and there with patches of brush, generally in the hollows surrounding sloughs. A lake crosses the north-west corner and the creek draining it flows eastward close to the north boundary. The soil is of good quality, a sandy loam averaging 8 inches deep with clay loam sub-soil. Class one.

Range 15, Township 41.—Rolling land, generally crossed with bluffs of poplar, which thin out towards the northern part. The surface is dry with occasional ponds. The soil is sandy loam, and in places clay loam 18 inches deep, with a clay sub soil.

Range 15, Township 42.—Rolling land with bluffs of poplars, and ponds. The soil is in places stony, but usually a clay loam 10 inches deep, with clay sub soil. Class one.

Range 15, Township 43.—Rolling prairie with numerous bluffs of poplar and Patches covered by willow brush. A large portion of the land in the south-west and south parts of the township is low and wet, and covered by large marshes, but as we go eastward it becomes more rolling and dry. Here the soil is not so rich and deep, but in spite of a few gravelly patches would rank as class one, being in general a sandy loam 8 inches deep, with a clay loam sub-soil.

Range 15. Township 44.—Rolling prairie, covered with bluffs of small poplar and willow brush, the hollows commonly occupied by grassy sloughs. The northern Part seems to be overflowed by a stream; for in the north-west corner is a large tract of recently drowned land, while in the north-east corner a lake of considerable size crosses the base line, and is also surrounded by drowned land, in which the Poplars and willows are either still green or recently killed. This wet area is only close to the base line; further south the land is dry and rolling, and of excellent quality, with a black loam soil, averaging 10 inches deep, and a good loam sub-soil. The wood is only good for fuel.

Range 16, Township 41.—Rolling land; a good deal broken by ravines flowing into Battle River Valley which crosses from Sections 18 and 19 to Sections 2 and 3. The valley is wooded with poplar and occasional spruce. and is about 1 mile wide and 200 feet deep. The stream is very crooked, with gravel and clay banks. The township is mostly woode i with poplar, and occasional ponds dot its surface. The soil is a sandy loam, some 18 inches deep, with a sandy loam sub-soil, and ranks

Range 16, Township 42.—Rolling land, generally open, with patches of scrub and bluffs. In the south-west corner, the surface is very wet with willow marshes, and here the soil is of fair quality, but in the greater portion of the township it is a very dry clay loam, less than 10 inches deep, with a hard baked clay sub-soil. Ranks class second and third.

Range 16, Township 43.—Rolling prairie, with bluffs of poplar and willow brush, the wood of small size. The land is well drained and dry; but in places the soil in shallow and is a sandy loam, with clay and clay loam, but in places a gravelly subsoil. Class one.

Range 16, Township 44.—Rolling land, with bluffs of poplar, willow brush, and marshy stretches. The soil is of good quality, though not well drained in the northern portion, and improves as we go south. The soil is a black sandy learn with

clay, and a clay loam sub-soil. Class one.

Rai go 17, Township 41.—Rolling land, much broken by Battle River Valley, which crosses from Sections 35 and 36 to Sections 13 and 24, and also by creeks and ravines draining into it. The surface is generally wooded with poplar, and in the valley same fair spruce is to be found. In places the soil is good, but on account of the uneven nature of the country would only average class two.

Range 17, Township 42.—Also much broken but more open than the preceding rarge. The land east of Battle River is comparatively valueless; to the west it is a good deal cut by coules. The soil is fair, in places, but the sub-soil in most of the township is either gravel or a hard clay, that, from some cause—probably excessive drought—has solidified nodules or concretions, becoming almost a clay stone, and too

tough to be broken with a spade. The average is below class two.

Range 17, Township 43.—Rolling prairie; nearly all open, with occasional bluffs of small valueless poplar, and stretches of brush. It is not so wet as the township to northward, but it contains a good many ponds. The land towards the southern sections, deteriorates in value, and is cut by numerous coulées and ravines, discharging into Battle River Valley, which crosses the south-west corner. The average is class two.

Range 17, Township 44.—Rolling prairie; scattered bluffs of small poplar, and strips covered with brush. I cwards the northern line the land is low and somewhat wet, and dotted with numerous pends and marshes, but southwards it improves. The soil is well adapted for settlement, being a rich sandy loam, averaging 12 inches

deep, with a clay and clay leam sub-soil, and nearly all ranking class one.

Range 18, Township 41.—Generally open, rolling land, with scattered bluffs, mostly fire killed brush, and numerous lakelets and pords. A cart trail from Red Deer Forks to Edmenten crosses the township. The rorth-east corner of the township is broken by the Valley of Meeting Creek, which traverses it, flowing east in a valley, a mile wide and some 200 feet deep, open on the flat, but wooded on the southern hill. The soil is a sardy loam, very rich in quality and ten to eighteen inches deep, with clay and clay loam sub-soil, and very rich vegetation.

Range 18, Township 42.—Rolling land, open in the east, but covered with hollow brush in the western part. Meeting Creek crosses from Section 19 to Section 3, in a valley which deepens to the scuth-cast in banks of clay, ironstone and a friable sandstone. Traces of carbonaceous shale were seen at the foot of some of the hills, but no coal. The soil, in places, is good, but would not average above second

class.

Range 18, Township 43.—Rolling prairie, with bluffs of poplar and willow. Pattle River traverses the township from Section 32 to Section 13, and the surface is somewhat cut by ravines draining into it. Here a switt stream, about a chain wide, makes its winding way through cut clay banks, at the bottom of a valley, nather over a mile wide. This valley, broadening, and becoming more shallow towards the east hourdary, presents the peculiar result of denudation, often seen in this country. Numerous knolls and hillocks dot the flat at its bottom, and these are in some places covered with wood and grass, or else showing clear and well marked sections of the many coloured handed clays composing them, and form a striking bit of scenery. These clays are interhedded with thin bands of carbonaceous shale, a soft and friable sand-store, and one or two thin layers of clay inorstone and beneath all these at the river's edge and about 100 feet below the plains there crops cut, here and there, a seem of coal about four feet thick. It lies beneath a rusted shale and upon a bed of clay, and as well as the surrounding strata, lies quite flat, showing only a few small and local undulations. It is also clear of inter-

bedded shales, the coal between the walls being clean and massive, and of good quality, though, of course, much weathered and very friable where exposed. It may correspond to the upper seam at Edmonton, but this can only be determined by an examination of the country between these points. A good general section could be obtained.

Range 18, Township 44.—Rolling prairie, with bluffs of willow and small poplar, the latter more scattered than in the range to the west. The township is excellent for agricultural purposes, the surface being gently rolling, with occasional ponds, and the soil a rich sandy loam, averaging 10 inches deep, with clay loam

sub-soil.

Range 19, Township 43.—Gently undulating and rolling land, with bluffs of small poplar. Both branches of the trail, from Red Deer Forks and Meeting Creek, cross the township. The wood is small, and of no economic value, but the land is excellent for agriculture. The soil is a rich black loam, 12 inches deep, with clay sub-soil.

Range 19, Township 44.—Gently rolling land, with bluffs of small poplar. Battle River crosses the north boundary in Sections 31 and 32. Here is a lake expansion about 30 chains wide at the bottom of a valley, a mile across and 300 feet deep, with banks of clay, mostly wooded. This lake expansion extends nearly all the way across the township, and is said to abound in fish. The trails from Township 43 traverse the south-west corner. The land is all generally good, with a black loam, slightly sandy, and well fitted for settlement.

Range 20, Township 43.—Rolling prairie, with bluffs of small poplar and willow, which become more scattered towards the south. Meeting Creek crosses the township, flowing east, in a broad and shallow depression. The timber is of no value. The soil everywhere is excellent, being a rich black loam, 12 to 18 inches deep, with clay and clay loam sub-soil, except in the valley of the creek where some patches of

boulder strewn land occur.

Range 20, Township 44.—Rolling land, wooded in the western sections with mall poplar and willow; towards the east line more open patches are seen, the country rolls more heavily, and is dotted with numerous lakes and ponds. The timber, as a rule, is small, and of little value, but the soil is of good quality, being a black mould, averaging 12 inches deep, with clay and sandy loam subsoil, but

generally the former.

Range 21, Township 43.—Rolling land, generally prairie, with bluffs of willow and poplar of small sizes. Red Deer Lake crosses the south-western corner of the township, and extends north-west several miles. Beaver Lake, drained by Meeting Creek, crosses the north boundary. The land is excellent, and well fitted for agriculture, the only drawback being that little of the poplar is large enough for building purposes. A few stretches of boulder stream lands occur, but the greater part of the soil is a rich black loam, 12 to 15 inches deep, with clay loam, and in places gravelly sub-soil.

Range 21, Township 44.— The western portion lies in the Beaver Hills, and is rough and hilly and well wooded, with numerous lakes. The eastern half is more open, and not so uneven, but covered in great part with young willow and poplar, nearly all the timber being too small for use. The soil is excellent—a rich black

loam, 15 to 18 inches deep, with sandy loam sub-soil.

Range 22, Township 43.—Rolling land, mostly prairie, with bluff- of poplar and willows, and tracts covered with brush. The timber is of inferior quality and but little of it is fit for building, but the township is well adapted for settlement, the soil being a rich, black loam, generally exceeding 15 inches in depth, with sandy loam and clay loam subsoil. Numerous lakes and ponds occur, the principal of which is Red Deer Lake, a sheet of good fresh water about a mile wide, with apparently no discharge or outlet, lying south-east and north-west, and crossing the north-east corner of the township several miles into it.

Range 22, Township 44.—Is generally heavily rolling, particularly the eastern part among the Beaver Hills. It is open in the western part but well wooded in the

sections, with poplar of small and medium sizes, and willow and poplar brush. The hollows are nearly always occupied by lakes, some of fair size, which dot the surface in all directions. The vegetation is luxuriant, and the soil is rich and fertile, being a

deep black loam with clay subsoil.

Range 23, Township 43.—Battle River flows into the northern sections, spreading into a lake expansion surrounded by a large marsh, which occupies several sections. The remainder of the township is gently rolling prairie, with bluffs of poplar and willow, these increasing in number and density towards the western boundary. A slightly brackish lake lies on the line, in Sections 12 and 13, and in its vicinity the soil is white in patches from alkaline matter, although very rich with luxuriant vegetation, and well fitted for agriculture.

Range 23, Township 44.—In the north-west half the land is rolling and mostly open, with bluffs of poplar and willow; the other sections are also rolling prairie, but more thickly covered with bluffs and dotted with ponds and lakes. Battle River, in a shallow valley, traverses the township, flowing north, and leaves it in Section 36, where several trails cross the stream. In this vicinity are two settlers, one of whom, Mr. Donald Todd, has 20 acres under cultivation. He showed me some specimens of wheat, the first grown on Battle River in this district, and it appeared to be of good quality. The land over all this township is excellent.

Range 24, Township 43.—Rolling land, commonly wooded with poplar, willow and a few patches of spruce. There are a great number of ponds and lakelets, and several creeks discharging into Battle River. The soil is fair and averages

class 2.

Range 24, Township 44.—Gently rolling country, mostly open, with some bluffs of poplar, and in the southern sections along Battle River occasional groves of spruce. The trail from Edmonton to Calgary crosses the north-west portion of the township, and this is part of the tract known as the Bear Hill Reserve, occupied by a number of Cree Indians, who, under the instruction and supervision of Mr. S. J. Lucas, have all more or less land under cultivation. They have abandoned the cotton "tepee" for the more substantial log cabin, and are in a fair way to become tillers of the soil. This township is as fine a strip of land as any in the district.

Range 25, Township 43.—Rolling, generally covered with willow and bluffs of small poplar, and dotted with numerous marshes and ponds. Some stretches of excellent land lie in the south-west corner, about Battle River. Bow River trail crosses the stream just south of Section 5, and follows the general course of the river across the township to the north-east. South-east of the river the land is wooded with willow and poplar brush, with occasional open stretches and some little spruce,

and numerous ponds and marshes. The soil is class 1.

Range 25, Township 44.—Rolling country in the western sections, through which Bear Hill Creek flows, draining a number of lakes and muskegs. The surface is about half open and half covered with woods; some groves of spruce occur. Eastward the land flattens towards Battle River, where some excellent soil may be

seen. Class average, 2.

Range 26, Township 43.—Rolling land, mostly wooded with small poplar, a great deal of willow and some spruce. Battle River crosses from Section 30 to Section 3, and a strip of good land follows its course and extends through the eastern part of the township. Across the river, in the south west corner, the land is not so good, being somewhat marshy, dotted with muskegs and wooded with poplar and willow of small size, and groves of spruce.

Range 26, Township 44.—Rolling country, wooded with small poplar, willow and spruce, in patches and groves. The land is generally low and marshy, and dotted with muskegs; but towards the east line improves in quality and becomes

drier. Average, second-class.

Range 27, Township 43.—Rolling country, somewhat hilly in the west, but flat towards the eastern section and wooded with poplar, the timber being, as a rule, small and of little value. The soil is low and marshy, and dotted with muskegs and beaver-dams, and would rank second and third-class.

Range 27, Township 44 —Battle River crosses from Section 31 to Section 2, in a broad, shallow valley, generally marshy at the bottom. A strip of prairie, about a mile wide, runs along the valley. The remainder of the township is gently rolling, and wooded south-west of the stream, with poplar and a few spruce; while the northeast half is a tract covered with small poplar and occasional spruces, and where not dotted with muskegs, is totally unfit for cultivation, as it is shallow and gravelly. Third and fourth-class.

Range 28—Broken range adjoining the 5th Meridian—Township 43.—Rolling country, mostly wooded, but a great part has been overrun by fire and nearly all the

timber destroyed. Soil, poor and gravelly. Second-class.

Range 28, Township 44.—Rolling country, generally wooded with poplar of small and medium sizes, and a few patches of marshy prairie. No timber of value. The soil is of little worth for cultivation as it is very shallow, with sandy and gravelly sub-soil. It is rated third-class.

Report on the Survey of Township Outlines, West of the 4th and 5th Initial Meridians, by C. E. Wolff, D.L.S.

South from the 4th Base, between Ranges 25 and 26, west of 4th Initial Meridian, Townships 12 and 11, the country is level and rolling prairie. Soil, a clay loam, with a clay sub-soil. There is scarcely any water along the line, only two small ponds occurring from base to correction line; one in Section 6, Township 12,

and the other in Sections 12 and 7, Township 12.

On the line between Ranges 28 and 29, Township 20, the country is undulating prairie. The northern part of Township 20, Range 29, is covered with small willow and young poplar. The soil is rich, black, sandy loam, with good clay sub-soil, and is excellent farming or grazing land. In Sections 24 and 19, we crossed Sheep Creek, in a valley about 75 feet deep and about 1 mile in width. Sheep Creek is about 3 chains wide, and at the time of survey, was about 3 feet deep. The valley is well wooded with cottonwood and poplar.

Township 19, Ranges 29 and 29, are undulating and level prairie. The soil is a rich, clay loam, but not quite so good as Township 20. The grass is, in every case, rich and plentiful. In Sections 24 and 19 we crossed Tongue Creek, about 25 links wide and 1 foot deep, with sluggish current. In Sections 1 and 6 we crossed High River, running east, where the line crosses, but it turns north shortly after crossing. The valley is heavily wooded with large cottonwood, poplar and willow. The river

is about 11 chains wide, 4 feet deep, and has a very rapid current.

South from the 6th Base through Township 20, Ranges 27 and 23, the country is undulating and level prairie. The soil is a clay loam, with clay sub soil. The country through this township is very wet. Many parts for miles are entirely flooded from the heavy snows of the past winter. The soil through Township 19, is of the same quality as Township 20, but the country is much drier.

In the southern part of Township 19, and the northern part of Township 18,

there is a large lake covering several sections.

The line between Ranges 26 and 27 through Township 20, runs through undulating prairie. The soil is a good sandy loam, with a clay sub-soil. There are numerous small ponds or hay marshes scattered over this township.

Township 19, Ranges 26 and 27 is similar in soil to Township 20; there is not so

much water and the country is not quite so undulating.

South from the Sixth Base through Townships 20 and 19, Ranges 25 and 26, the country is rolling prairie, well adapted for farming or grazing purposes, the soil being a good clay and sandy loam, with clay sub soil. The country about here is thickly dotted with small lakes. The grass is in all cases plentiful, and of a good quality. The meridian between Ranges 23 and 24, Townships 20 and 19, runs through very undulating country. The soil is good, and the grass plentiful, but on the tops of the ridges the soil is light and gravelly and the grass light. A small creek runs along

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this line, crossing it in several places in Sections 1 and 6, Township 20, and runs into Bow River. The line between Ranges 23 and 24, through Township 17, north from the 5th Base runs through very undulating country, greatly cut up with coulees and one or two small creeks running south east to the Little Bow River. The soil through this township is a good sandy loam, with clay sub-soil. Continuing the meridian north through Township 18, the country is more undulating than Township 17, and there are also more coulées. The soil is the same as in Township 17, grazing in all cases being excellent. Along the meridian between Ranges 25 and 26 through Township 17, the country is high, rolling prairie, the soil, a good clay loam with clay sub-soil. The tops of the ridges are generally covered with small boulders. Continuing north through Township 18, the country becomes low and flat, a good deal of it being covered with from 2 to 4 inches of water, very soft and boggy. The soil is clay. North along the meridian, between Ranges 26 and 27, Township 17, the country is rolling and level. The soil, a good sandy loam, with clay sub-soil. A few shallow ponds are found along the line.

In Sections 13 and 18, Little Bow River was crossed, running south-east, in a

valley about 75 feet deep, and very rapid current; water, 1 foot deep.

Continuing north through Township 18, the country is still rolling and level; the soil a little lighter than Township 17, and the ponds more numerous. The meridian between Ranges 27 and 28, Townships 17 and 18, runs through rolling and undulating prairie; the soil is a light clay loam, with clay sub-soil. There are a few shallow ponds along this line.

In Sections 36 and 31, we crossed Little Bow River, course south-east, in a valley about 100 feet deep. The water is about 1 foot deep, with rapid current.

In Sections 24 and 19, Township 18, we struck a lake, which extends north of

the correction line and embraces a large area.

The meridian between Ranges 29 and 30, Townships 17 and 18, runs through undulating country; the soil is sand and gravel, with clay sub-soil, and in many places covered with small surface boulders.

In Sections 25 and 30, Township 18, we crossed High River running east in a valley about 60 feet deep. The river is about 21 chains wide, and the water about

4 feet deep, with a very rapid current.

South from the 5th Base through Townships 16 and 15, between Ranges 29 and 30, we ascend the north end of the Porcupine Hills. The country is very broken and greatly cut up with deep coulées. The soil is a rich clay, from 18 inches to 2 feet deep. The grass in the valleys is very luxuriant. The tops of the hills are generally gravelly, and the grass lighter.

The meridian between Ranges 21 and 22, Township 7, west of the 4th Initial The soil is a sandy clay with a clay sub-Meridian, runs through rolling prairie.

In Sections 24 and 19 we come to St. Mary's River, which at this point runs a little north of west, is about 5 chains wide, and has a very rapid current. It runs in a valley 250 feet below the level of the prairie. Recrossed the river in Sections 12 and 7, running north of east. There are some rich shows of coal cropping out along the banks of the river

From the 2nd Base north through Township 5, Ranges 23 and 24, to St. Mary's River, a distance of 1 mile 121 chains, the country is undulating. Soil, clay loam,

with a clay sub soil.

The meridian between Ranges 22 and 23, Townships 5 and 6, to St. Mary's River, runs through undulating country. Soil, clay loam. We struck St. Mary's

River 92 miles north of the base.

The meridian between Ranges 21 and 22, Townships 5 and 6, runs through undulating and level prairie. Soil, clay loam, Crossed Pot Hole Creek in several places on this line. This creek is in a deep gulch, running in a northerly direction. Water was lying in ponds along the bottom at time of survey (6th July).

The meridian between Ranges 20 and 21, Township 7, runs through undulating

country. Soil, a clay loam, with clay sub-soil.

Along the meridian between Ranges 20 and 21, Townships 5 and 6, the country Soil, a sandy loam, in many places mixed with gravel. half of Township 5 is greatly cut up with coulees. Water is to be found in most of them, in small ponds.

The meridian between Ranges 19 and 20, Townships 8 and 7, runs through undulating and rolling prairie. Soil, a hard, grey clay. No water whatever to be found

in these townships.

North, along the meridian, between Ranges 19 and 20, Townships 5 and 6, the country is undulating and rolling. Soil, a sandy loam, mixed with gravel. Township 5 is greatly cut up with coulées which have small ponds along the bottoms; Along the meridian between Ranges 18 and 19, Townships 7 and 8, the country is undulating. Soil, a sandy loam, mixed with gravel. The grass is poor

The meridian between Ranges 18 and 19, Townships 5 and 6, runs through rolling prairie. Soil, a sandy loam, with a clay sub-soil, gravelly in many places.

The meridian between Ranges 17 and 18, Townships 8 and 7, runs through

undulating and rolling prairie. Soil, a sandy loam mixed with gravel and small boulders. Along the meridian between Ranges 17 and 18 Townships 5 and 6, the

country is undulating. Soil, a gravelly clay with clay sub-soil.

In Sections 13 and 18, Township 5, we struck a large fresh water lake half a mile wide and about 4 miles long. The line was crossed about a mile east of the

west end of the lake. Along the meridian between Sections 16 and 17, Townships. 8 and 7, the country is rolling and undulating. Soil, a light sandy loam, in many places thickly covered with small surface boulders.

Along the meridian between Ranges 16 and 17, Townships 5 and 6, the country is undulating and rolling. Soil, a sandy loam, with clay and gravel sub soil; the tops

of the ridges are a solid bed of gravel, grass is scarce.

South from the 3rd Base between Ranges 15 and 16, Townships 8 and 7, the country is undulating and rolling. Soil, a light sandy loam, with clay and gravel subsoil; the grass is very short.

The meridian between Ranges 15 and 16, Townships 5 and 6, runs through undulating and rolling prairie. Soil, a sandy loam, in many places covered with

surface boulders.

Going north along the meridian between Ranges 14 and 15, Townships 5 and 6, the country for the first 3 miles is very undulating and thickly covered with surface boulders. The country along the rest of the line, to the correction line, is undulating and rolling. Soil, a sandy loam, in many places mixed with gravel; clay sub-soil.

The meridian between Ranges 10 and 11, Townships 5 and 6, runs through undulating and rolling prairie. Soil, a sandy loam, with a gravelly clay sub-soil.

North, along the meridian between, Ranges 9 and 10, Townships 5 and 6, the country is undulating. Soil, a light sandy loam, with blue clay sub-soil. The suaface of the ground is thickly strewn with boulders.

Along the meridian between Ranges 8 and 9, Townships 5 and 6, the country is undulating and rolling. Soil, a sandy loam with light blue clay subsoil, in many

places mixed with small stone and gravel.

In Sections 13 and 18, Township 5, we crossed an area of Lake Pak ogh-kee

half a mile wide and extending 4 miles west of the line.

The meridian between Ranges 7 and 8, Townships 5 and 6, starts on a small island in Lake Pak-ogh-kee, and at 1½ miles north of the base it strikes another small island and reaches the mainland at 7,865 chains, in Sections 24 and 19, Township 5. This lake at time of survey had a depth of 6 to 10 feet. The water was of a whitish color and slightly alkaline. From the lake for 2 miles into Township 6, the soil is a white sand, and from there to the correction line it is a sandy loam, with sandy clay sub-soil.

Going north from the second base, along the meridian, between Ranges 6 and 7, Townships 5 and 6, the country for the first two miles is a level prairie. Soil, a grey clay, and covered with sage brush. From thence to the township corner, between Townships 5 and 6, it is sand ridges, with clumps of cherry brush. From the township corner to the correction line the land is undulating. The soil is a sandy loam

with clay sub-soil.

The meridian between Ranges 5 and 6, Townships 5 and 6, runs through rolling and undulating prairie. Soil, a hard, grey clay, in many places mixed with gravel; clay sub-soil. This line is crossed by several coulees, running in a south-easterly direction. One of the coulees which crosses the line in Sections 24 and 19, Township 5, is well wooded with maple, poplar and willows, a little north-east of where the line crosses it. Water is also to be found in this coulee, but only in small quantities. What water is there is of an excellent quality.

The meridian between Ranges 4 and 5, Township 5, runs through a broken country, greatly cut up with a regular network of coultes. The soil is a granular,

grey clay, with hard clay sub-soil, and almost destitute of vegetation.

Continuing north through Township 6, the country becomes undulating, with

fewer coulées. The soil is a sandy, clay loam, with clay sub-soil.

The meridian between Ranges 3 and 4, Townships 5 and 6, runs through broken and hilly country, greatly cut up with coultes. Soil, sand and gravel, with clay and gravel sub-soil.

The meridian between Ranges 2 and 3, Townships 5 and 6, runs through a very broken and hilly country. Soil, sand and gravel, with clay and gravel sub-soil, and covered with small boulders.

The meridian between Ranges 1 and 2, Township 5, runs through a broken and hilly country, greatly cut up with deep coules. The grass is good in the valleys. The soil is sandy, and the tops of the hills gravel.

Continuing north, through township 6, the country is undulating, and soil a

sandy loam, mixed with gravel. There are many coulées along the line.

EXTRACTS FROM THE REPORT OF H. D. ELLIS, D.L.S. ON THE SURVEY OF TOWN-SHIP OUTLINES IN THE VICINITY OF BATTLEFORD.

Ranges 16 and 15, west of 3rd Meridian, Township 41.—The line between these ranges after crossing a small piece of prairie enters heavy timber, composed principally of poplar, birch and underbrush. There are few swamps. The land is at first rolling, but towards the north becomes hilly, and the timber very heavy.

Township 42 is chiefly prairie and bluffs; the land is hilly and much broken

by gullies and swamps.

On the line between Ranges 12 and 13, Townships 40 and 39.—For the first 2 miles in Township 40, there is good land and level prairie; going south the land becomes rolling and bluffy.

Township 39.—The first portion of this line is prairie, but is bluffy afterwards;

going south, very heavy timber.

The soil, all along this line, is good, except on the ridges and hills, which are

composed of gravel.

Ranges 13 and 14, Township 40.—The northerly portion of this meridian is covered with poplar bluffs, in which there is some fair sized timber. The country is, for the first 3 miles rolling, with a gradual rise to the south, after that it is broken by deep ravines and heavily timbered with poplar. In places there is a little birch. In the bush, there are many large lakes.

On Section 13, Township 39.—We leave the bush and get on prairie. The remainder of this line is broken and hilly, and full of ponds and swamps. The soil is good, but stony in places, being composed chiefly of a sandy loam, with gravel

bottom. In the bush is a deep rich black soil, and good water.

Ranges 14 and 15, Townships 39 and 40.—This line commences in heavy timber, composed of birch and poplar, the trees growing from 1 foot to 18 inches in diameter, and continues so for about 3 miles, when open prairie is met with. This latter part of the line is broken and hilly, except the last 2 miles, which is very level, poor land, very stony in the ridges and broken by large lakes.

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Ranges 15 and 16, Township 40.—Very hilly and broken by lakes and ponds; very poor stony land.

Township 39.—The northerly portion is broken and stony, the southerly is more

level, but very stony and poor land.

Township 40, Range 17.—The whole of this township is very hilly and broken:

poor stony land.

Township 39, Range 17.—The first 2 miles is very much broken, the southerly portion is more level, but poor stony land.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF THE 11TH BASE LINE, WEST OF THE 4TH AND 5TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, BY C. A. MAGRATH, DOMINION TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYOR.

Description of country along the 11th Base Line West of the 4th Meridian.

Commencing on the 4th Meridian and following the '11th Base Line westward, the surface across Range 1 is hilly, there being a number of ridges running north and south. Some lakelets were observed among these hills. The soil is of a very fair quality; the hill tops, however, contain a large percentage of gravel.

Producing the base line across Range 2, the country is less hilly. Sand hills,

with bluffs of poplar, were seen from 3 to 5 miles north of the line.

Range 3.—Is broken by small ravines running northward. The country to the south is a rolling prairie. In this and previous ranges, granite boulders crop out from the hill sides. Soil, first class

In the western part of range 4, the base line leaves the true prairie and passes

into a bluffy country.

Across Range 5 the country is hilly and well timbered with poplar, from 2 to 8 inches in diameter. Soil, light and sandy.

In Range 6, the line intersects a creek running in a north-easterly direction.

Rolling country, with occasional bluffs of poplar. Soil, first-class.

Producing the base line through Range 7, the surface is trough-shaped, with a few large lakes lying on both sides of the base. Scattered bluffs of small poplar in this range. Soil, first-class.

In Range 8, the features of the country change from undulating to hilly, there being a number of smull lakes among the hills. The prairie openings are not so

large in this range as in the previous one. Soil, first-class.

Passing through Range 9, the country presents a more hilly appearance, with deep lakelets. The line crosses Battle River in this range,. At the time of crossing (June 29th) the river was from 3 to 8 feet deep, in the vicinity of the line.

In Range 10 the country is hilly, with a gradual slope towards Battle River. Deep lakelets are interspersed among the hills. This range is well wooded with

poplar in bluffs. Soil, first-class.

Across Range 11 the country is rolling, and in the western part of this range, is

fairly timbered with poplar. Soil, first-class.

In Range 12, the land is rolling and partially wooded, with scattered bluffs of

small poplar. Large lakes are to be seen in this range.

The same character of country prevails through the eastern portion of Range 13, when it becomes undulating, and scattered bluffs of poplar are met with. Soil,

Range 14 is gently rolling, with scattered bluffs of small poplar. Soil, first-class. Range 15 is the same character of country as in the previous range. Soil, first-

As we approached the Battle River, which is in Range 16, the country was more heavily wooded. The river flows through a valley which is about 1 mile wide. The depression of this valley, below the surrounding prairie, may be estimated at 170 feet. On the west side of the river, the line passes through a very fine grove of spruce, many of the trees being 100 feet high and averaging from 8 to 20 inches in.

diameter. Leaving the valley of the river, the base line follows up a deep ravine,

well timbered with poplar. Soil, first-class.

Continuing westward, through Range 17, the country is rolling and partially covered with bluffs of poplar and willow scrub. In this range the base crosses a ravine, which runs in an easterly direction towards Battle River. A small creek flows through the ravine, and along its sides some excellent spruce were observed. Soil, first class.

In Range 18 the base line intersects the trail leading from Edmonton to the

forks of the Red Deer River. The country is open and rolling. Soil, first-lass.

Across Range 19 the line passes through a well wooded section of poplar from 2 to 8 inches in diameter. It also intersects a range of low hills, which slope towards Buffalo Lake. The western part of the range is considerably broken up with small

and deep lakes. Soil, first-class.

At 1 section, 33 chains in Range 20, the line enters Buffalo Lake, which is a beautiful sheet of water; in size about 12 miles long, and from 2 to 5 miles wide. The beach (sand and gravel) presents a lovely appearance. The water in this lake is excellent, and abounds in large pike and suckers. On the north shore the country is densely covered with poplar, from 2 to 8 inches in diameter, and on the south side of the lake the country is open prairie. About 20 chains before entering Buffalo Lake, the line passed close to a number of dilapidated huts, which were, in former years, erected by half-breeds, when the buffalo were plentiful in this locality. An old cart-trail passes round the north side of the lake.

The 11th Base Line leaves Buffalo Lake in Section 34, Range 21. In this broken range the country is undulating and covered with small poplar and willow scrub.

Soil, first-class.

Range 22 commences in a fine flat, which appears to run from the north to the south arm of Buffalo Lake. This flat extends along the base about 2 miles. The line then passes over a low ridge, which slopes towards a large creek, 80 links wide and from 3 to 5 feet deep. A few chains west of this creek, the line crosses a lake which is the feeder of the creek just described. This lake is about 2 miles wide, and large marshes adjoin its north and south shores. A creek from the north and another from south empty into the lake; the one from the north is about 6 feet wide, and 2 feet deep, and the one from the south about 50 links wide and 2 feet deep, with a soft, muddy bottom. The lake presents open patches of water, interspersed with larger patches of reeds. Leaving the lake, the base line traverses a range of hills about 200 feet high. Bluffs of poplar are scattered along their slopes.

Across Range 23, the base line passed through a dense growth of high, grey willows and afterwards entered a hilly country, which is wooded with poplar and high, grey willows. No prairie openings on the line. North of the base line, the country

is very hilly and thickly covered with poplar. Soil, first class.

Continuing westward through Range 24, the line passed up a valley which traverses this and Range 25. Scattered bluffs of poplar and willow are the wooded features of this range. North and south of the base line, the country appears to be covered with poplar. The base line crossed a small creek several times. This range is gently rolling. Soil, first-class.

Across Range 25 the surface is undulating, with a gradual slope from the west,

and is wooded the same as last range. Soil, first-class.

In Range 26, we enter a small valley which bears north and south. Bow River trail passes through the western side of this valley. Further westward, low ridges run north and south. Lying south of the base is a very superior flat of land. Scattered bluffs of small poplar, willow scrub, and a belt of spruce, cottonwood and poplar represent the woods to be met with in this range. Soil, first-class.

In Range 27, the 4th Base Line passed through a well timbered section of country. Poplar and cottonwood from 4 to 8 inches in diameter; belts of spruce from 8 to 20 inches in diameter, and 60 feet high are found here. Low ridges are met with. The general appearance, however of this range is undulating. Soil, first-class.

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Range 28.—At 1 section and 38 chains, the line enters Gull Lake, on the east side of which the country sloping to the west, is densely covered with poplar and high, grey willows. From this lake, which is about 12 miles long and from 3 to 4 miles wide, some excellent pike were taken. Soil, second-class.

Returning to the meridian, between Ranges 27 and 28, and following it south through Township 40, the country is, generally speaking, level. There are a few prairie openings in the first two sections south of the base, and the remaining four are cov-

ered with a dense growth of poplar. Soil, first-class.

The line between Townships 39 and 40 was produced westward to the intersection with the 5th Meridian. The country along this line is undulating and com-

paratively open.

In general, the country along the 11th Base Line, between the 4th and 5th Meridians is well watered and fairly timbered. The soil is a rich, black loam, from 8 to 20 inches, with a clay sub-soil. In many places, vetches, wild pea vines and grass grow most luxuriantly.

Description of Country along the 11th Base Line, West of 5th Meridian.

Following the line westward between Townships 39 and 40, Blind Man River was crossed in Section 35. This river is 1 chain and 20 links wide, and from 1 to 3 feet deep. Its banks are precipitous in some places. The valley of the river is about 20 chains wide, and depressed about 60 feet below the adjoining highland. A few fine creeks are to be seen, and the country is partially covered with spruce, poplar and grey willows. Soil, first-class.

Producing the meridian north, between Ranges 1 and 2, to the 11th Base Line, the line passed over a fine flat of land which is partially wooded, and slopes towards

the Blind Man River. Soil, first-class.

At the termination of this meridian, the 11th Base Line was projected eastward to Gull Lake. Blind Man River was crossed in Section 32. As we approached Gull Lake, the line passed for 2 miles through a dense growth of poplar. Willow scrub and second growth poplar are found in Sections 31 and 32. Soil, first class.

Producing the 11th Base Line westward, through Range 2, the line passed over a country broken up by hills and marshes. It is well timbered with spruce, popular

and cottonwood. Soil, first-class.

In Section 35, of Range 3, the line passed over a range of high hills, the average height being 200 feet. This range is partially covered with spruce, poplar, cottonwood and tamarac. The hills, north and south of the line, are heavily timbered. The soil varies from a black loam to a light sand. Muskegs in the former, as well as

in this range, are to be found. Soil, second class.

Range 4.—In Section 36, of this range, the line crossed a stream which is about 1½ chains wide and from 2 to 5 feet deep. This stream is the chief tributary of Medicine River. The eastern portion of this range is undulating. Low ridges are scattered over the western part of the range, with a few muskegs among them. Willows, poplar, groves of spruce and tamarac, with quantities of fallen timber, are found. Soil, first and third-class.

Thoughout Range 5, groves of spruce, cottonwood, balsam and poplar are found, interspersed with willow scrub. There are two small creeks in this range. Excepting prairie openings around these creeks, the range may be classified as heavily wooded.

Country hilly. Soil light.

In Range 6 there is a large creek, with small prairie openings. This range, with slight exceptions, is covered with spruce, cottonwood, poplar, balsam and tamarac. The spruce and cottonwood are large and of excellent quality. Soil, third-class.

The same character of country prevails through Range 7 as described in the two

previous ranges.

In prolonging the base over the Saskatchewan, the line crossed a small island in the river, which is about 29 chains wide. The valley of the Saskatchewan is depressed

about 100 feet below the adjoining high land. The valuable timber on the last three ranges has, to a great extent, been destroyed by fires. The line passed over patches of fallen timber, piled in many places over 4 feet in height, thereby materially retarding the progress of the survey, as roads to admit the passage of carts had to be out through the entirety of the last three ranges.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, BETWEEN THE 12TH AND 13TH BASES, WEST OF THE 4TH INITIAL MERIDIAN, BY J. J. McArthur, D.L.S

Township 25, Range 24. —Is rolling, and interspersed with patches of willows and many swamps. The Calgary trail runs north through this township, to Edmon-

ton. The soil throughout is of first-class quality.

Township 46, Range 24.—Is, for the most part, undulating. The Peace Hills are situated near the centre of the township. The Big Stone Creek, 50 links in width, crosses the south-west part. In the neighborhood of this creek there is much poplar and spruce. With the exception of the Peace Hills, the soil is a heavy sand loam, from 9 to 15 inches in depth, with clay sub-soil. The Calgary trail runs through this township.

Township 45, Range 23.—Is high and undulating, with many scattered bluffs of poplar, and some marshes. The Battle River runs through this township, close to, and sometimes crossing the eastern boundary. The trail from Peace Hills to Todd's Crossing, at the south-east corner, and thence to the Red Deer Forks, runs diagon-

ally across the township. The land, throughout, is of first-class quality.

Township 46, Range 23.—The north half is traversed by two creeks—the Big Stone and a tributary. There is an unsurveyed Indian Reserve on the Big Stone. The Band is not numerous, but they have made considerable progress in farming. The south half is high and undulating, with a few scattered bluffs. Although light in places, the soil is of a good quality.

Township 45, Range 22.—The Battle River runs through the north-west portion of this township. The west half is very undulating and broken by lakes and ponds. The east half is more level. There are many poplar bluffs scattered throughout.

The soil is of first class quality.

Township 46, Range 22.—The Battle River runs through this township. The south side of the valley is more or less thickly wooded with poplar, and a few patches of spruce. To the south of the river, the land is high and undulating and of first-class quality. The soil to the north is equally good, but the country is much broken by lakes and ponds.

Township 47, Range 22.—A great part of the eastern half of this township lies in Bittern Lake. A large lake, with innumerable islands, covers the north-west part.

Is well wooded and the soil is excellent.

Township 48, Range 22.—The north-western part of this township lies in Big Hay Lake. Another lake, with innumerable wooded islands, encroaches on the south-west part. Between the latter and Big Hay Lake is a beautiful strip of country, watered by a creek, which I am informed, never freezes. Another creek connects the lake, in which are wooded islands, with Bittern Lake, which encroaches on the south-east corner. The remainder of the township is, more or less, densely wooded with poplar and dotted with deep ponds. The soil is first-class.

Township 45, Range 21.—This township is high and rolling, and more or less overgrown with willow scrub. Swamps are very numerous. There are poplar

bluffs scattered throughout. Soil, first-class.

Township 46, Range 21.—The Battle River runs east through the south half of this township. The land on both sides of the river is taken up by well-to-do French half-breeds. The south side of the valley is well-wooded with spruce. The part of this township, to the north of the river, is thickly interspersed with bluffs of poplar. The land is excellent, but much broken by lakes and ponds.

Township 47, Range 21.—A large part of the western half of this township is covered by Bittern Lake (alkaline). As we leave the lake, the land rises gradually for about 2 miles, and then becomes hilly and broken by small ponds. The slope from the lake is thickly interspersed with poplar bluffs and prairie openings. The soil in this part cannot be surpassed. In the remainder the soil is good, although alkali is noticeable in low spots.

Township 48, Range 21.—The north-west part is heavily timbered with poplar, and poplar bluffs are scattered throughout the remainder. A creek running south from Little Hay Lake to Battle River, traverses the east half. The country is rolling, with first-class soil. The trails from Battle River Settlement and from Battle-

ford to Edmonton, join about the centre.

Township 45, Range 20.—The Battle River runs in a south-easterly direction, almost diagonally across the township. When a few miles from the western boundary, it expands into a lake about one-half mile in width, which extends for many miles. To the south of the river the land is high and undulating, with scattered bluffs of poplar and willows. Soil, first class. North of the river, the township is slightly undulating, and thickly interspersed with poplar bluffs, and many small swamps. Soil, first class.

Township 46, Range 20. - The eastern part is traversed by a creek running south into Battle River. The remainder is interspersed with poplar bluffs and small

swamps. Soil, first-class.

Township 47, Range 20.—In the interior are several large marshes. The Pretty Hills are situated in the north-west part. A creek flowing south to Battle River runs through the eastern part of the township. Poplar bluffs are scattered throughout. Soil, first-class.

Township 48, Range 20.—The south half is broken by small lakes and marshes. In the north half, through which the Battleford trail runs, there is much poplar bush.

The country is undulating, with many swamps. Soil, first class.

Township 45, Range 19.—The expansion of Battle River runs through the southwest corner of this township. The south half is traversed by Dried Meat Creek, a creek about 50 links in width, which flows into Battle River. The south-west part is interspersed with poplar bluffs and beautiful prairie openings. The remainder of the township is slightly undulating, with numerous small swamps, and more or less overgrown by willow scrub. The soil, throughout, is of the best quality.

Township 46, Range 19.—Is slightly undulating and more or less overgrown by willow scrub. There are poplar bluffs scattered throughout and many marshes.

Soil, first class.

Township 47, Range 19.—Is comparatively level with scattered bluffs of poplar. There are many small swamps, and the whole township is more or less overgrown by willow scrub. Soil, first-class.

Township 48, Range 19.—In the interior is a large lake. The land is undulating, with many ponds and marshes. Alkali is noticeable is low spots. There are

many scattered bluffs of poplar. Soil, first class.

Township 45, Range 18.—Dried Meat Creek takes its rise in a marsh situated in the north-east part of the township, and then flows east. In the south-east corner is another large marsh, connected with Dried Meat Creek by a slough. Along the south boundary, the land is undulating, with many ponds and bluffs of poplar. The remainder is overgrown by willows, with many small swamps. Soi!, first-class.

Township 46, Range 18.—Is slightly undulating with many swamps. There are poplar bluffs scattered throughout and interspersed with patches of willows. Soil,

first-class.

Township 47, Range 18.—Is slightly undulating and thickly interspersed with patches of willows and swamps. Poplar bluffs are scattered throughout. Soil, first-class.

Township 48, Range 18.—Is undulating and thickly interspersed with swamps and patches of willows. In the east half is a large quantity of poplar. A lake encronches on the east side and covers about two sections. Soil, first-class.

Township 45, Range 17.—Is slightly undulating, with many ponds and swamps, and interspersed with bluffs of poplar and willows. Soil, first-class.

Township 46, Range 17.—Is slightly undulating, with many swamps, and patches

of poplar and willows. Soil, first-class.

Township 47, Range 17, and Township 48, Range 17.—Are slightly undulating, with many ponds and swamps, and interspersed with bluffs of poplar and willows. Soil, first-class.

Township 45 Range 16.—Is undulating, with small scattered bluffs of poplar and

many swamps. A lake encroaches on the north-west corner. Soil, first-class.

Township 46, Range 16.—Is much broken by a large lake or marsh. There are many patches of poplar and willows. Soil, first-class.

Township 47, Range 16 and Township 48, Range 16.—Are undulating, and inter-

spersed with poplar bluffs and swamps. Soil, first class.

Township 45, Range 15.—A large lake nearly covers the half of this township. The remainder is high and undulating, with many poplar bluffs and swamps. Soil, first-class.

Township 46, Range 15 and Township 47, Range 15.—Are undulating, with

many scattered bluffs of poplar and swamps. Soil, first-class.

Township 48, Range 15.—In the western part of this township are many poplar bluffs, and the soil is good. The eastern half forms part of the "15 mile plain." Soil, inferior quality.

Township 45, Range 14.—The western part is high and undulating, and more or less thickly interspersed with bluffs of poplar. Light soil. The east half is open

and undulating. Soil, sandy loam with clay sub-soil.

Township 46, Range 14.—Is undulating, with a few poplar bluffs, and gravel and clay ridges. Soil a shallow sandy loam, with clay sub-soil.

Township 47, Range 14.—Is comparatively level, with a few poplar bluffs. Soil

a sandy loam, with clay sub soil.

Township 48, Range 14.—Is level and forms part of the "15 Mile Plain." The

soil is a stiff clay in some places mixed with gravel. Vegetation scant.

Township 45, Range 13.—Is traversed by a creek flowing south-east to the Battle River. The land is high and undulating. In the north part are scattered bluffs of poplar. In the interior of the township are several alkaline lakes. Soil, first-class.

Township 46, Range 13.—Is high and undulating, with many swamps. A creek runs south through the west part of this township. There are many scattered bluffs

of poplar. Soil, first-class.

Township 47, Range 13.—In the south-east part the land is undulating, with swamps and scattered bluffs of poplar. The remainder forms part of the "15 Mile Plain," the soil of which is a stiff clay, with scant vegetation.

Township 48, Range 13.—Sections 1, 12, 13, 24 and 25 are well wooded with poplar. The remainder of the township forms part of the "15 Mile Plain," the

soil of which is a stiff clay, with scant vegetation.

Township 45, Range 12.—Is high, undulating and much broken by lakes and

ponds. The soil is a sandy loam, about 6 inches in depth, with clay sub-soil.

Township 46, Range 12.—A good portion of this township lies in the "Rolling Hills." The country is very broken and dotted with lakes and ponds. The north sides of the hills are more or less densely wooded. The soil is good and the grasses luxuriant.

Township 47, Range 12 and Township 48, Range 12.—Are very undulating and broken by ponds and lakes. Poplar bluffs are numerous. The soil is good and the pasturage excellent.

Township 45, Range 10.—A long, narrow alkaline lake extends from the southeast corner, diagonally across the township. In the interior are several lakes. The western part is well wooded. Land high and undulating. Soil, of fair quality.

Township 46, Range 11.—A valley about 50 chains in width, and in which is a long, alkaline lake, extends east and west through this township. To the south of

this valley the country is much broken. To the north, it is undulating, with scattered

bluffs of poplar and good soil.

Township 47, Range 11.—Is undulating with many lakes and ponds. many scattered bluffs of poplar. Soil good, and pasturage excellent.

線Towaship 48, Range 11.—Is very undulating and dotted with lakes and ponds. Bluffs of poplar are numerous. Soil, excellent.

Townships 45 and 46, Range 10.—Are high, undulating and much broken by

ponds and lakes. There are many poplar bluffs. Soil, good.
Townships 47 and 48, Range 10—Are high and undulating, with innumerable lakes and ponds. Township 48 is thickly interspersed with bluffs of poplar. Soil,

good and vegetation luxuriant.

Township 45, Range 9.—A valley through which flows a creek, extends in an easterly direction across this township. South of this valley the land is high and broken. To the north it is undulating, with many bluffs of poplar and some swamps. Soil, good.

Township 46, Range 9.—Is undulating, with many ponds and swamps. Poplar

bluffs are numerous. Soil, of a good quality.

Township 47, Range 9.—Is undulating, with many ponds and marshes. Poplar bluffs are scattered throughout. In the western part the ponds are innumerable. Soil, good.

Manifrownship 48, Range 9.—" Buffalo Coulée," running south-east, crosses the northeast corner. To the south of this coulée the country is high and undulating, with innumerable lakes and ponds, and thickly interspersed with poplar bluffs. Soil, good.

Township 45, Range 8.—From Section 5 the Battle River runs north-east through the south half. South of the river the soil is sandy, and more or less overgrown by small poplars and willows. The remainder is high and undulating, with many swamps and bluffs of poplar. Soil, good.

Township 46, Range 8.—Is undulating and interspersed with bluffs of green and

dry poplar. Soil, excellent.

Township 47, Range 8.—Is undulating, with bluffs of dry and green poplar. Buffalo Coulee runs through the north-eastern part of the township. class.

Township 48, Range 8.—Is undulating. The south-eastern part is open, but the remainder is thickly interspersed with poplar bluffs and many lakes and swamps. Soil,

first-class.

Township 45, Range 7.—The soil in the south-west part is sandy, and mostly overgrown with small poplars and willows. Battle River runs through the south part of the township. Along the east boundary, the land is good and interspersed with bluffs of young poplar.

Township 46, Range 7.—From the south-west corner, the valley of the Battle River follows the east boundary for 4 miles. "Buffalo Coulée" touches the north-east corner. The remainder of the township is high and undulating, with many bluffs of

dry and green poplar. Soil, first-class.

Township 47, Range 7.—Is undulating, with many lakes and marshes, and interspersed with poplar bluffs. "Buffalo Coulés" runs across the township. Soil, firstclass.

Township 48, Range 7.—Is undulating, with many lakes and ponds. The western

part is thickly interspersed with poplar bluffs. Soil, first-class.

Township 45, Range 6.—Is undulating with many ponds and lakes. Poplar bluffs are numerous. A lake encroaches on the north-east corner. Soil, first-class.

Township 46, Range 6.—From the south-west corner, the Battle River runs north along the west boundary, and then runs north-east across the correction line. A lake encroaches on the south-east corner. The interior of the township is undulating, with many swamps and ponds, and interspersed with bluffs of dry and green poplar. Soil, first-class.

Township 47, Range 6.—The Battle River crosses the south-east corner. A large lake extends through the interior. The remainder is very undulating, and

interspersed with bluffs of dry and green poplar. Soil, first-class.

Township 48, Range 6.—In the south part is a lake. The north-west portion is, in places, heavily timbered. The remainder is very undulating, and interspersed with bluffs of dry and green poplar. In the neighborhood of "Grizzly Bear Coulée," which crosses the north-east corner, the soil is of an inferior quality.

REPORT ON THE SURVEY OF TOWNSHIP OUTLINES, WEST OF THE 3RD INITIAL MERIDIAN, BY F. W. WILKINS, DOMINION TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYOR.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 6, is generally open, gently rolling country. The southerly part of Section 1, is rather hilly with a light, sandy soil, third-class. The balance of this line is first and second-class land, having good sand and clay loam soil. The South Saskatchewan River is crossed in Sections 12 and 13, and is, at this point, about a quarter of a mile in width, with swift current and stony bed generally. The river bed is here depressed about 75 feet below prairie level, the east bank being abrupt, but the west bank slopes gently down to the water's edge. A little wood (poplar, birch, cottonwood, &c.,) is found along the river at this point, which is near the extreme north end of what is called the Moose Woods.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 7, is in open, rolling prairie generally, with some low (hay) land on Section 13, and also some very light, sandy land on Sections 13 and 36. Fourth-class. The balance of the line is second-class, having a fair, sandy loam soil. The South Saskatchewan River is crossed by this line in Sections 25 and 36, is about a quarter of a mile in width, with swift current and stony banks. The bed of the stream is a good deal obstructed by sand bars, and is depressed below prairie level about 100 feet. The banks of the river are steep on both sides and have some pretty good wood along them, more especially so on the southern side.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 7, is in open rolling prairie, with rather light sandy soil, generally of third-class. A well worn cart trail leading to Prince Albert Settlement, is crossed near the south side of Section 10.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 7, is in knolly country, with very light sandy soil, and fourth-class. A good deal of wood (poplar and willow), generally of small size, is found along this line.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 7, is entirely in sand hills, with clumps of wood (poplar) in the valleys between the hills. Some of this timter is of good size. Fourth-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 7, is in knolly to hilly country, with light, sandy soil. Fourth-class. A good deal of poplar and willow wood is found along this line.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 7, is in gentle, rolling, open prairie. Section 1, and the south half of Section 12, are springy and boggy. Fourth class. The balance of the line is first-class, with good, black, andy loam soil. A small creek is crossed on this line on Section 12; course, south-east.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 8, is in rolling to knolly country. Section 1 is entirely taken up by the South Saskatchewan River. Sections 12 and 13 are in rolling prairie. Third-class. Sections 24, 25 and 36 have light, sandy soil, and have also a good deal of small wood and brush growing on them. Fourth-class.

The bed of the South Saskatchewan River, which is crossed in Section 1 on this line, is depressed about 125 feet below prairie level, and is very much obstructed by sand bars. The banks are steep on both sides, and are fringed with some nice wood, ash, maple and poplar.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 8, is entirely knolly to hilly country, with light, sandy soil, and a good deal of pretty good wood (poplar) on Sections 1, 12 and 13. Fourth class.

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The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 8, is in open gently rolling

prairie, with light sandy soil, which is third and fourth-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 8, is in knolly country, with numerous springy places, and small marshes, a light sandy soil, and having a good

deal of small wood growing all along the line. Fourth-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 8, is in rolling country. Section 1 is almost entirely covered with a thick growth of young poplars. The large timber (all dead and lying down) appears to have been killed by fire, four or five years ago, the young wood mentioned having sprung up since this fire. The soil on Section 1 is light and sandy, and is rated fourth-class. The balance of this line is mostly first class, with dark clay and sandy loam soils.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 8, is mostly in open rolling prairie. Sections 1 and 12 have dark clay loam. Soil, first class. The soil, over the balance of this line, is rather light and sandy. Third class. A long and narrow alkaline lake

is crossed in Section 31.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 9, is in rolling to knolly country.

with sandy loam soil generally. Second-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 9, is in rolling to knolly country, with a little small wood in places, and having light, sandy soil generally. Third and fourth class, excepting Section 36, which is first class.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 9, is in open rolling prairie. Soil.

clay loam, and first class throughout.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 9, is in open, rolling prairie. Sections 1, 12 and south half of 13 are first class, with clay loam soil. Balance of this line is see and and third-class, with sand loam soil. A small spring creek, having quite a deep valley, is found on Section 24, course north-east.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 9, is in hilly prairie in general, with clay and sandy loam soil. Mostly first class, and some second and third. A number of dry water courses and a small spring creek cross this line, with an easterly course. A good sized saline lake (about 6 miles in length and 11 miles in width) lies immediately to the east of the the upper part of this line.

The easterly boundary of township 36, Range 9, is in open, rolling prairie, with clay and sandy loam soils generally. First and second-class. A few good sized fresh

water marshes, are found in the vicinity.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 10, is in rolling country, broken, in places, into sand knolls, that are generally covered with a thick growth of small bushes. The soil is light and sandy. Fourth-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 10, is in similar country to the last,

and is fourth class also.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 10, is open, rolling prairie, with clay loam soil. Class 1 throughout.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 10, is similar country to the last.

Class 1 also.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 10, is in open, rolling prairie generally. Soil, generally clay loam with some sandy loam. Classed 1 and 2.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 10, is in open, rolling prairie, excepting the north half of Section 36, on which some wood (poplar, up to 8 inches), is found. The soil on Section 36 is light, and classed 3. The balance of the line is

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 11, is in open, rolling prairie. Soil, sandy loam, mostly class 1, with some class 2. A small creek is crossed in

Section 36. Course, north-easterly.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 11, is in open, rolling prairie, with sandy loam soil, and classed 1. Sections 12 and 13, on this line, lie in Goose Lake. This lake is about 4 miles wide, by 5 in length, is apparently very shallow. and, at the time I was there, was literally covered with wild ducks, goese, &c.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 11, is in open, rolling prairie generally. Sections 13 and 24 are broken in places into sandy knolls, having a few bushes growing on them. Class 4. Section 1 is classed 1. The balance of line is class 3. Eagle Creek, winding about into a broad, marshy valley, depressed, perhaps, 30 feet below prairie level, is crossed in the western part of Section 36. This stream, at this point, is about 60 feet wide, $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet deep, with a slow, sluggish current, saline water and very muddy bottom. Course north-easterly.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 11, is in open, rolling prairie, generally. Section 1, the north half of 24, and the south half of 25 are generally marshy and classed 3 and 4. The balance of the line is classed 1, and has a sandy

loam soil.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 11, is in open prairie, with clay loam soil. Mestly classed 1, with some 2 and 4. A slow, saline creek is found in a large bog in the north half of Section 36. The size of the creek was indeterminable;

bottom very soft.

The eastern boundary of Township 46, Range 11, is in rolling country, generally. Sections 13, 24 and 25, on this line, are classed 1. The north half of Section 1 and Section 12 are classed 2. The balance of the line is classed 3. A small, saline creek, with an easterly course, is found in Section 1, and is bordered by the same bog spoken of in the last line. Eagle Creek is crossed twice by this line, on Sections 13 and 24, respectively, and has a slow current, is about 60 feet wide and very deep. A good deal of good firewood (ash, maple and willow), is found on sections 13 and 24, along the creek. No other wood is found on this line.

The eastern boundary of Township 3!, Range 12, across Sections 1, 12 and 13, is in open, rolling prairie, and classed 1. The balance of the line is knolly and hilly, with light, sandy soil, and classed 4. A belt of very fine poplar wood is found on Section 25, and appears to reach to a considerable distance east and west. Excel-

lent building timber, in considerable quanties, was observed in this belt.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 12, is in rolling country, broken into sandy knolls (having a few small poplars and bushes growing on them), in Sec-

tions 1 and 12, class 4; balance of line is classed 1, having clay loam soil.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 12, is in open, rolling prairie, broken into sandy knolls in Section 24. Sections 1, 12, 25 and 36 are classed 1, with sandy loam soil. Sections 13 and 24 are classed 4. Eagle Creek, flowing in a marshy valley, about 1 mile in width, and depressed below prairie level, about 60 feet, is crossed in Section 13, and is, as usual, wide, slow, saline and deep, with very muddy bottom and easterly course.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 12, is in open rolling prairie. Sections 1, 12, 13 and 36 are classed 1, with good sand loam soil. Sections 24 and and 25 are classed 4, being covered, for the greater part, by a large saline flat and

marsh

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Rarge 13, is in open, rolling prairie, with a few small fresh-water marshes, in places, and classed 1 and 2. Soil, clay and sandy loam.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 12, is in rolling to hilly prairie, with a few small fresh water marshes in places. Classed 1, with clay learn soil. A

good sized saline lake is crossed in Sections 12 and 13.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 13, is in open, rolling prairie, with a few tresh water marshes scattered along. Section 36 is classed 2 and 3. The balance of the line is classed 1. The soil is generally clay learn. Eagle Creek, winding about in a valley nearly a mile in width, and depressed about 120 feet below prairie level, is crossed in Section 36. The creek, as usual, is wide, muddy, saline and deep, with casterly course. The seaside plant, plantago maritima, is common all along its course.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Rarge 13, is in open, rolling prairie, with sandy loam soil, mostly first class. A very small creek, in a very deep and narrow

valley, with a little wood in it, is crossed on Section 12. Course, easterly.

The eastern boundary of Section 33, Range 13, is in rolling to knolly prairie, with a good many small marshes and ponds (some having fresh, and some saline water) in the upper part of the line. Some stony and gravelly land is found in Sections 25 and 36. Second and third-class. Sections 1, 12, 13 and 24 are first-

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 13, in Sections 1, 12 and 13, crosses about midway, a high range of hills (an outline of the Coteau du Missouri) lying easterly and westerly, and about 6 miles in length. The country through these hills is very much broken, and nearly covered with mixed boulders, stones, &c. Fourth-class. Sections 24 and 36 are rolling prairie, and first-class. Nearly the whole of Section 25 is occupied by a saline lake of perhaps 4 miles in

The east boundary of Township 35, Range 13, across Sections 1, 12, 13 and 24, is in very hilly prairie, rising sharply to the north, and second class. Sections 25 and 36 are very much broken and very hilly. Third class. This hilly country, just spoken of, is at, and forms part; of Le Grand Coteau du Missouri, or third prairie

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 13, is entirely in very hilly country (Coteau du Missouri) with some nice valleys, but generally very much broken by marshes and ponds, and very stony. Third-class, throughout.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 14, is in open, rolling prairie. Section 24 is third-class, it being entirely occupied, and very much broken, by the valley of Eagle Creek, which is here depressed below prairie land about 150 feet. The creek is as usual, wide, deep, muddy and saline. Sections 1, 12, 13, 25 and 36 are first-class, and have sandy and clay loam soil.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 14, is in open rolling prairie Sections 1 and 12 are first-class. The balance of the line is second and third-class, The beds of the small creeks, with easterly the soil getting lighter to the north.

course, were crossed on Sections 12 and 13 respectively.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 14, is in rolling, to heavily rolling, country, with light sandy soil generally fourth-class. Several smaller alkaline lakes were visible from the line, on either side.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 14, is in a very hilly country, and is in general very broken and stony. Second and fourth-class. Some very high

ridges are crossed by this line.

The southern edge of the Coteau du Missouri is apparently met with at the south side of Section 1, or in the north part of Section 36, of the last line. The exact commencement of the coteau is, however, not well defined at this joint.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 14, is in hilly country, a good deal broken by poids and marshes, and very stony in places. Third class. A small creek in rather a deep valley is found on Section 25. Its course is easterly to a small lake, visible in the east.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 14, is in knolly and hilly country, very much broken by ponds and marshes (mostly saline) and very gravelly and stony generally. Third and fourth class. This line on Sections 1 and 12, crosses a

high preminent ridge of very coarse sand and gravel.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 15, is in open rolling prairie, with some good sized, shallow fresh-water marshes scattered along it. First and second-class generally. The south of Section 1 is very stony; it is in the valley of class generally. Eagle Creek, and is fourth class. A small water course is found on Section 36.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 15, is in open rolling country, rising to the north. Sections 1 and 36 are second class. Sections 12 and 13 (being springy and alkaline land) are fourth-class. The seaside plant plantago maritima is found in abundance on these last two sections. Sections 24 and 25 are first-class, with clay loam soil. The foot of the Coteau du Missouri is met with apparently at the south side of Section 24. The country at this point rises more sharply to the north, and at the 9th Base a considerable elevation above the plain to the south and

east, is reached. The coteau is, however, not well defined here.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 15, is entirely in heavy rolling to hilly country, a great deal broken by ponds and marshes, and very stony in places. Classed third, mostly. A small creek with quite a deep valley, course casterly, is crossed in Section 1.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 15, is in heavy, rolling country, with a good many ponds, and falling rather sharply to the north in the last three

miles. Classed first, second and third.

The castern boundary of Township 35, Range 15, is in open, rolling country, broken in places into sandy knolls. Classed second and fourth. A part of Section 1

and the whole of Section 12, are in a saline lake.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 15, is in rolling to heavily rolling prairie, with quite a number of ponds and small marshes in the northern part. Classed second and third. A small lake, lying in a deep, continuous valley, running in a north-westerly and south-easterly direction, is found in Sections 1 and 12.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 16, crosses Sections 1, 12 and 13; it is in gently undulating open prairie, with dark, heavy clay soil, first class. The balance of this line is in open, rolling prairie, with clay loam soil, first-class also. The "Coteau du Missouri" is met with at the southern side of Section 24. A small creek, course easterly, is crossed on Section 36.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 16, is in rolling to heavily rolling prairie, with a few small fresh-water marshes scattered along it. Soil, clay loam;

first-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 16, is in heavily rolling to hilly prairie, with a good many ponds and small marshes, and some very stony places. Classed second for the greater part.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 16, is in open, rolling prairie, with sand loam soil, getting lighter to the south. Sections 1, 12 and 13 are classed

second. Sections 24, 25 and 36 and classed fourth.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 16, is in rolling country, occasionally broken into sandy knolls, and is all classed third and fourth, with the exception of Section 36, which is classed first. Sections 1, 12 and part of 13 are pretty well covered with timber (poplar principally), some of which is of sufficient size for building purposes. This wooded tract is about 6 miles long (east and west), and 2 miles wide, and contains a large amount of fuel.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 16, is in open, rolling prairie, with

clay loam soil. Classed first and second.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 17, is open, gently undulating to rolling prairie, with clay and clay loam soils, first-class.

The foot of the "Coteau du Missouri" is met with about the centre of Section

25,. The face of the Coteau is very stony.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 17, is open, rolling prairie, with clay loam soil for the most part. Classed first throughout.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 17, is rolling to heavily rolling

prairie, with clay loam soil. Classed first and second,

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 17, crosses sections 1, 12 and 13, is in heavily rolling to hilly country, with a few small marshes and stony places. Second-class. Section 24 is rolling prairie. First-class. Sections 25 and 36 are very marshy. Fourth-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 17, is rolling prairie. Section 1 is marshy, and is third class. Sections 12 and 13 are second class. The balance of the

line is first-class. The soil is generally sand loam.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 17, is open, rolling prairie. Sections 1, 12, 13 and the south half of Section 24, have clay loam soil, and are first-class. The north half of Section 24, the whole of Section 25, and the south half of Section 36, are in an alkaline lake, reaching about 4 miles to the west and 6 to the

east. This lake is the most foul-smelling body of water I have ever met with. It is

next to an impossibility to go near it.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 18, across Sections 1, 12 and 13, is in hilly prairie. Section 1 and the south half of Section 2, are second-class. Sections 13 and 24 are fourth-class. Sections 25 and 36, being in gently undulating, open prairie, with dark, heavy, clay soil, are first-class. Section 13 is very much broken by gullies (the escarpment of the "Coteau du Missouri" occurring in this section), having much wood (ash, maple and poplar) of fair size, in them. Section 24 is almost entirely occupied by Eagle Creek and its valley, which here reaches close up to the Coteau. Eagle Creek is below prairie level, on the north side, about 150 feet; but on the south side the rise is fully 300 feet before the level of the country to the south is reached. The rise of the Coteau has here to be added to the general depression of the valley.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 18, is in gently undulating, open prairie, with heavy clay soil. First-class. A small creek, with good water (the latter not easily procured on this heavy clay land), running in a valley about 20

feet in depth, crosses this line in Section 24; course, westerly.

The western boundary of Township 33, Range 18, across Sections 1, 12 and 13, is on the same gently undulating, clay plain, as the last line, and is first-class. Section 24, is mostly taken up by the escarpment of the Coteau du Missouri, is a good deal broken, and is in part very stony. Fourth and second-class. Sections 25 and 36 are in heavy, rolling, open prairie, and first and second-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 18, is over heavily rolling land in the south, and hilly country in the north. Some of the hills at the north are

gravelly. Mostly second class.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 18, is in general open, rolling prairie; for the greater part first and second-class, with portions third and fourth-class. Section 1 is crossed by a stony ridge, and Section 12 has a few conical hills scattered overit. Section 25 is crossed by two most remarkable and parallel valleys, bearing north-westerly and south-easterly. These valleys are about 100 feet in depth, and their sides are conical, with boulder stones. Long narrow lakes, with extremely salted water, are contained in both valleys, and a little wood (poplar) is found on the south bank of the most southerly one. These valleys are remarkable, in that they appear to belong to a series (found in Townships 35 and 36, in Ranges 17, 18 and 19), and are always seen in pairs, and having no outlet, present the appearance of ditches not intended for drainage.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 18, is in open, rolling prairie, becoming hilly to the north. The soil is generally clay loam. Sections 1 to 24 inclusive, are first-class. Sections 25 and 36 are third-class. A small saline lake is

found on Section 25, and a saline bog in Section 36.

The eastern boundary of Township 31, Range 19, is in general very hilly, and much broken by ponds and marshes. It is mostly second and third-class. The scarpment of the Coteau du Missouri occurs in Sections 25 and 36, on this line, and is very much cut up by gullies, and is also very stony. Immediately to the east of this line, coinciding with, and forming the Coteau, for about 5 miles in a south-easterly direction, is a very high range of hills, called on old maps the Bear Hills. As seen from the 9th Base, immediately to the north, these hills appear to have an elevation of about 600 feet, and to be well wooded, on the northern side, with (as far as one could judge at that distance) timber of good size.

The eastern boundary of Township 32, Range 19, is open, gently undulating prairie. Sections 1, 12 and 13 have dark, heavy, clay soil, and are first-class. Section 24 is fourth-class, with gravelly soil. Sections 25 and 36 lie wholly in Cactus Lake. This lake, which is of considerable size, is evidently very shallow, and is an expansion of Eagle Creek, and like the creek, its waters are saline and disagreeable.

Cacti (Opuntia Mousomensis) grow in abundance on the whitish, coarse, gravelly clay, along the eastern margin of the lake. This cactus has a very beautiful flower,

of a yellow color (old gold shade), with lovely satin-like finish to the petals.

The eastern boundary of Township 33, Range 19, is mostly in gently undulating, open prairie, with heavy clay soil, excepting Section 36, in which the escarpment of the Coteau du Missouri is again met with, and is, as usual, very broken and stony. Sections 1 to 25, inclusive, are first-class. Section 36 is third-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 34, Range 19, is in rolling prairie at the south, to hilly prairie at the north. Section 36 is third-class. The balance of the

line, with clay loam soil, is first-class.

The eastern boundary of Township 35, Range 19, is rolling to hilly prairie, with clay loam soil generally. First and second-class. This line, in Section 1, crosses a high, stony ridge; in Section 25, it crosses another of those rerkable valleys, mentioned in Township 35, Range 18, and runs close to the western extremity of another. Both valleys have long, narrow lakes, and salt water in them; a little wood is found on the southern bank of the most northerly one.

The eastern boundary of Township 36, Range 19, is in gently, rolling, open prairie, with clay and sandy loam soils, and is first-class. At the southern side of, Section 12 is found, another of those remarkable narrow valleys, before mentioned, and on Section 1 is found its companion valley. These valleys evidently belong to

the same series of valleys referred to in Township 35, Ranges 17 and 18.

The northern boundary of Township 21, Range 7, Section 31, is in knolly to hilly country, with a large quantity of wood (poplar) scattered over it. Fourth class. The balance of the line is in rolling to knolly prairie, with light sandy soil, and is third-class, generally. On Section 33, is found a saline lake, about 1½ miles in length, by one half mile in width.

The northern boundary of Township 33, Range 7, across Sections 31, 32 and 33, is in low, flat country, with a little small wood in clumps. This would make good hay land. The balance of this line is in hoolly to hilly country, with a good deal

of small wood, and with very light, sardy & il. Fourth-class throughout.

The northern boundary of Township 33, Range 8, is in rolling prairie. Sections 31, 32 and 33, have clay loam soil, and are first-class. Sections 34 and 35, with sandy loam soil, are second-class. Section 36, which is marshy, is fourth-class.

The northern boundary of Township 33, Range 9, is in open prairie, with clay loam soit. Mostly first class. A very small spring creek is crossed in Section 33,

with quite a deep valley; course, northerly.

The northern boundary of Township 33, Range 10, is an open rolling prairie, and excepting Section 31, has clay loam soil, and is classed one. Section 31 is almost entirely occupied by the marshy valley of Eagle Creek, which crosses this

line near the western limit of this section; the land is class four.

In looking over the country in which the lines just described were run, several marked features are observable. Prominently among these and deserving of a short in dependent sketch, is Eagle Creek, and that remarkable inlet, so to speak, into the 3rd Prairie Sterpe (Coteau du Monseuri), through which it flows. The ordinary level of this so-called inlet, is about that of the 2nd Prairie Steppe, at the point where if meets the 3rd, and is probably depressed from 150 to 200 feet below the 3rd Steppe. The life of termination of the 2nd Steppe proper, and the commencement of this inkt is very plainly marked. In travelling from the east, over the 2rd Steppe, directly towards this inlet, the soil is in general, of a very sandy nature, when all at once, and almost in the space of one yard, the soil changes to heavy clay, evidently belonging to the cretaceous age. This line of change in the soil has a general north and south direction, and lies directly in the line of the easterly limit of the 3rd Prairie Sterje, as seen to the north and south. The clay plain forming the lottom of this inlet is perfectly level there being very few hollows (surface water is, therefore, very scarce in the summer time), and very few drainage courses. The eastern limit of the inlet may be placed about the centre of Range 15. From this it stretches into the 3rd Prairie Steppe in a north-westerly direction, reaching nearly to Range 20, in Township 34. It would appear also to reach further to the west in Township 32 and 33; but as I did not go further west than Range 19, I cannot speak positively as to this. The width of the inlet is usually about 12 miles. The enclosing hill (Coteau ou Missouri) of this so-called inlet is extremely stony and broken on its face, and a little wood is found in places in the gullies worn into it. Eagle Creek, which in its passage from the 3rd Prairie Steppe to the 2nd, flows down this above mentioned inlet, is in many respects a remarkable stream. Passing from Tramping Lake in Township 34, Range 19'(I judged from appearances), it takes a south-east course to Cactus Lake in Township 33, Range 13, and flows out of this lake in Township 32, Range 18, still helding a south-easterly course and striking the "Coteau du Missouri," in Township 31, in the same range. For some miles it runs at the base of the "Coteau," still holding the same direction until the limit between Ranges 16 and 17 is reached in Township Here its course is changed to almost due east, and leaving the "Coteau" it gradually winds around, south-easterly, until it again reaches Township 34 in Range 10, and from this point to its junction with the North Saskatchewan River, its course is nearly due north. The immediate valley of this stream is about half a mile in width, and at the west is depressed below prairie level, in the inlet about 150 feet, and gradually diminishes in depth, until at the last in Range 10, there is properly speaking, no immediate valley. The soil at the bottom of this valley, which is generally marshy, is invariably composed of the same heavy clay, which is the characteristic soil of the inlet, and has evidently been brought in by the creek. It is perhaps being still brought in, as abundant evidence exists to show that the whole that of the valley, as far down as Range 10, where the valley ceases, is at times covered with water. The creek itself is generally about 60 feet wide, with a very slow current, and an almost unfathomable depth of soft mud and water; and is, I consider, a bad place to cross with horses and carts. The water in the creek is very saline, and all along the valley, the seaside plant, Plantago Maritima, flourishes in abundance.

In conclusion, and viewing the whole tract (Townships 31-36, in Ranges 7-18, inclusive), covered by my season's work, the same is naturally divided into three distinct areas:—

First, that part of the second prairie steppe, reaching from the South Saskatchewan River, at the east, to the base of the third prairie steppe, at the west, and comprising Township 36, Range 6; Townships 31-36, in Ranges 7-11; Townships 31-33, and parts of Townships 34-36 in Range 12; Townships 31-33 in Range 13; Township 31 and part of Township 32, Range 14, and part of Township 31, Range 15. The soil over this tract is in general of a sandy nature, having all grades of sandy soil from the lightest "drifting sand" to first class sandy loams. Township 36, Range 6, has generally a clay loam soil, and as a rule is a good township throughout. Other patches occur over this section having a clay loam soil, but, as stated before, sandy soil predeminates. That part of Ranges 7 and 8 in Townships 31-35, inclusive, lying within 12 miles of the South Sackatchewan River, has, as a rule, a light, sandy soil, broken with hills in Townships 34 and 35, and, of small value for agriculture. Considerable hay land exists in Townships 33 and 34, and a good deal of fair sized wood is found over this light tract. The balance of this area, reaching up to the 3rd Prairie Steppe, with the exception of an occasional tract having light soil, is in rolling country, having fairly good agricultural lard, with as a rule, plenty of good water, and wood within a reasonable distance.

The second natural division, or area, is that lying within the inlet before treated of in an earlier part of this report, and is contained in Township 31 and part of 32, Range 16; Townships 31, 32 and part of 33 in Range 17; part of Township 31, Townships 32 and 33, in Range 18. Over this entire tract a heavy clay soil is found, friable and loose, to a depth of 6 inches, but below this, very hard and compact. Fine grass grows everywhere on this land, and therefor the soil is evidently first-class. Water, on this tract, is scarce, and, as a rule, what, there is, is not good, being strongly impregnated with various salts. This tract is also within reasonable distance of good wood, notably on the Beaver Hills, and in Townships 34

and 35, Ranges 15 and 16.

The third natural division, or area, is that upon the 3rd Prairie Steppe, and in this division is comprised the balance of my season's work. The eastern part of this tract, comprised in parts of Townships 34, 35 and 36, Range 12; Townships 34, 35 and 36, Range 13; Township 34 and part of 35 and 36, Range 14; Townships 33 and 34, Range 15; Township 33 and part of 34, Range 16, and part of Township 31, Range 18, is beautifully rolling to hilly country, with variable soil, and being gravelly and stony over considerable patches. Some plendid land is to be found in these townships, but on the whole they are better adapted to pasture than to agriculture. Splendid grass and good water are found everywhere over this tract. The balance of the Third Division being that comprised in Townships 34-36 in Ranges 5-18, inclusive, is in rolling country, with generally good clay and sandy loam soils, and openional hills, but a great part of it is first-class farming land. Good water is to be found in every part of this tract, and good wood, well fitted for building purposes, is within a reasonable distance. On the whole, the section of country through which I worked this summer is a fair one, and a large proportion of it is well adapted to settlement.

EXTRACT from the Report of Survey of Township Outlines, between the 2nd and 3rd Initial Meridians, by Isaac Traynor, D.L.S.

Townships 29 and 30, between Ranges 21 and 22, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running north from south-east angle of Section 1, Township 29, Range 22, the first half mile is in a saline depression, with pends of water not fit for use, and the land generally soft; it is difficult to get horses and carts over. Classed third. The next 1½ miles are composed of hilly prairie, with small pends of fresh water. Soil, clay loam, and classed second. For the remaining 10 miles, the country is rolling prairie, with small pends and marshes of fresh water, with a clay loam soil, from 6 to 14 inches deep, and clay and gravel sub-soil. Classed from 15 to 2.

Townships 29 and 30, between Ranges 22 and 23, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running north from the south-east angle of Section 1, Township 29, Range 23, the first mile is in a saline depression, with ponds of brackish water, and may be classed fourth. The next 1½ miles are undulating prairie, with grassy marshes. Soil, sandy loam, and classed second. For the next 6½ miles the land is gently rolling, with large saline flats and numerous marshes and ponds of brackish water, and classed from second to third. The land in many places is so saturated with saline matter that it is with great difficulty horses and carts can be got across, making progress extremely slow. The remaining 3 miles are rolling prairie, with some small ponds of fresh water. Soil, a rich sandy loam, with clay sub-soil, and classed one.

Townships 29 and 30, between Ranges 23 and 24, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—From the 8th Base northerly, the first quarter of a mile is a low, saline flat. The remainder of Township 29 is open, level and undulating prairie, with a few sandy ridges, pends and marshes of fresh water. Soil, a light loam. First to second-class. Continuing north, across Township 30, for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles, the land is chiefly saline depression and muskeg. Third to fifth-class. The next $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles are gently rolling prairie. Soil, a clay loam, with gravelly sub-soil. First to second-class. A lake, about 40 chains wide and running in a north-west and south-casterly direction for several miles, is here met, and along the line covers a greater part of Sections 25 and 36. On the north-east side of this lake, the land is very stony and classed third.

Townships 29 and 30, between Ranges 25 and 26, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—North from the 8th Base, for nine miles, the country is rolling prairie, with sandy and gravelly ridges, and small pends of fresh water. Soil, a clay loam, excepting on the ridges, where it is sandy and gravelly. Second-class. For the next 3 miles north, and 1 west, the land is gently rolling prairie, with numerous grassy pends and small patches of willows. Soil, sandy loam, and classed second.

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Townships 29 and 30, between Ranges 26 and 27, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running north from 8th Base, the first 7 miles are broken and hilly graine, with numerous deep ponds or basins. Soil, on hills, chiefly sand and gravel, but in the valleys, of fair quality. Second to third class. For the 5 miles north to the correction line and the "jog west," the country is rolling prairie, with stony and gravelly knolls. Soil, light to clay loam. Second-class.

Townships 29 and 30, between Ranges 27 and 28, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.— From the 8th Base north, to the 8th Correction Line, the land is broken and hilly prairie, with numerous basins or ponds. Water, fresh Soil, on hills and knolls,

gravelly; and in the valleys, of fair quality. Class 2 to 2.5.

Townships 33 and 34, between Ranges 28 and 29, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.— From the 9th Base to the correction line north, the country is gently rolling prairie, with some sandy and gravelly ridges. Soil, a light clay loam, and classed from 1 to 1.5.

Townships 33 and 34, between Ranges 28 and 27, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—For the first 2 miles, north of the 9th Base, the country is rolling prairie. Soil, clay loam and classed first. Here the line crosses the easterly end of a lake, about 60 chains wide, and extending some miles to the north-west. Water, fresh and good. From this lake to the 9th Correction Line, the country is rolling prairie, with some ridges, knolls, grassy ponds and marshes. Soil, clay loam, of good quality, and classed from first to second.

Townships 33 and 34, between Ranges 26 and 27, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.— From the 9th Base north, for the first 3 miles, the country is broken with numerous knolls and deep ponds. Soil, gravelly on the ridges and knolls, and of fair quality in the valleys. Class, second to third. From this to the correction line, the country is rolling prairie, with some small knolls, ridges, ponds and marshes. Soil, clay loam. Class, first to second. No timber is met, except small bluffs of willows and poplar

brush around the edges of some of the marshes.

Townships 33 and 34, between Ranges 25 and 26, west 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running north, the first 4 miles are rolling prairie, with numerous ponds of fresh water, and small bluffs of willows. Class 1.5 to 2. The next 6 miles are knolly prairie, with numerous deep ponds, and grassy sloughs, and clumps of willows. Second to third class. The next mile is rolling prairie, with small ponds, marshes and scattered knolls. The first half of the east boundary of Section 36, is covwith ponds and marshes. The remainder, to the correction line, is undulating prairie, with knolls, ponds and marshes. Class 1.5 to 3.

Townships 33 and 34, between Ranges 24 and 25, west 2nd Initial Meridian.—Going north, the first 5 miles of the country are rolling prairie, with numerous grassy ponds, stony and gravelly knolls. For the first 2½ miles, poplar bluffs extend on the west of the line. Second-class. The next 7 miles are rolling prairie, with numerous ponds, scattered, stony ridges and knolls. Second to third-class. The soil in

the valleys is generally good, but much broken and, on the ridges, gravelly.

Townships 33 and 34, between Ranges 23 and 24, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running north for 11½ miles, the country is gently undulating prairie, with a few grass ponds, marshes, and small clumps of willows. First to second-class. Here a saline lake is met, extending from 1½ to 2 miles in a south-westerly, and some miles in a north-easterly direction. It is very irregular in shape, and it is impossible to give anything like an approximate estimate of its extent, without

making measurements.

Townships 32 and 31, Ranges 23 and 24, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Going south from 9th Base Line, the first 30 chains are a large pond of brackish water and low land; the next 2 miles gently rolling prairie, with scattered ponds. The next 3 miles are composed of large ponds and marshes, with low ridges intervening. Class 2.5 to 4. The following 3 miles are gently undulating prairie, with occasional marshes. First to second class. The next 3 miles are level prairie, stony, with low marshy land. Second-class. The remainder of this line, to the correction

line, is rolling prairie and stony. The "jog" east, is the same as far as a point where a saline lake, previously described, is met.

Townships 35 and 36, between Ranges 23 and 24, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running south, the first 2 miles are knolly prairie, with numerous bluffs of small popular, and willows and ponds. The next 8 miles are popular and willow brush, with trees, chiefly of small growth, but in a few places 12 inches diameter, and fit for small log buildings, there are numerous willow swamps, and a few small openings of prairie. The remaining 2 miles, to the 9th Correction Line, are rolling prairie, with numerous grassy ponds, marshes, bluffs of willow and popular. From the Township Corner east to a saline lake, previously mentioned, the land is rolling prairie, with some small marshes. Class 1.5 to 2.5.

Townships 35 and 36, between Ranges 25 and 24, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Going south, the first 8 miles are knolly prairie, with numerous ponds, grassy sloughs, and a few scattered ridges. The remaining 4 miles and the "jog" east are knolly prarie, with gravelly and stony ridges, grassy ponds and sloughs. The soil in the valleys is generally good, but on the knolls and ridges, gravelly. Class

2 to 2.5.

Townships 36 and 35, Ranges 25 and 26, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running south, the first $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles are knolly prairie, with numerous grassy sloughs and large ponds. Class 1.5 to 2.5. The next half mile is low and marshy, with water. Here a lake commences, extending a mile on the line and about 50 chains east, and from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 miles west. The water is strongly impregnated with saline matter and unfit for use. From this lake to the correction line and the "jog" cast, the country is rolling prarie, with grassy ponds and sloughs. Class 1.5 to 2.

Townships 36 and 35, Ranges 26 and 27, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Going south from the base to the correction line and the "jog" east, the country is composed of knolly prarie, with large grassy ponds and sloughs. Class 2 to 2.5. On the east boundary Section 7, Township 36, Range 27, a saline lake, 20 chains in width, crosses the line, and extends a short distance west, and about three-quarters of a mile to the east. Immediately west of the end of this lake, and separated from it by a neck of low, marshy land, about 3 chains wide, is another saline lake, extending some miles to the north-west.

Townships 36 and 35, between Ranges 27 and 28, west of 2nd Initial Meridian. Running south, the first 7 miles are rolling prairie, with scattered knolls and large grassy ponds. Class 2 to 2.5. The remainder, to the correction line, including the "jog" east, is rolling prairie, with grassy marshes and a few large grassy ponds.

Class 1.5 to 2.

Townships 36 and 35, between Ranges 28 and 29, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Going south, the first 4 miles are hilly and knolly prairie. Class 2 to 2.5. From here to the correction line, the land is level or undulating prairie, with grassy ponds and sloughs. A saline lake is crossed in Section 7, Township 35, Range 29. Class first to second. From the Township Corner east, the first ½ mile of the "jog" is gently rolling prairie, and class first. The remainder of the line is covered with marsh and pond.

Townships 37 and 38, between Ranges 26 and 25, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Running north from the 10th Base Line across Township 37, the first-named Township is composed of rolling prairie, with scattered stony knolls and ridges, and grassy ponds. Continuing north through Township 38, the land is undulating prairie, with numerous grassy ponds and sloughs. In the last ½ mile, bluffs of poplar and willow

brush are met with. Class 1 to 2.5.

Townships 37 and 38, between Ranges 25 and 24, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—Going north, the first 10 miles are knolly prairie, with scattered ridges, slightly stony, and numerous deep grassy ponds and sloughs. Class 2 to 2.5. The remaining 2 miles are composed of bluffs of willows and poplar. The timber increases to the north. The last ½ mile is chiefly poplar woods, with timber 8 inches diameter. Class first to second.

Townships 41 and 42, Ranges 25 and 26, west of 2nd Meridian.—From the 11th Base north, the townships named are composed chiefly of bluffs of poplar, the timber measuring 6 inches in diameter, and willows and brush, with small openings of prairie intervening; a few ponds and marshes. The soil is a rich, black loam, from 12 to 18 inches, with a clay loam sub-soil, and classed 1 to 1.5 On Section 36, Township 42, a lake is crossed about ½ a mile wide, and extending several miles in an easterly and westerly direction. The water is fresh and good, and abounding with

Townships 40 and 39, Ranges 25 and 26, west of the 2nd Initial Meridian.—The 11th Base, south, the first 41 miles are rolling prairie, with bluffs of small poplar, willows and brush. Soil, a rich black loam. First-class. From there to the Boundary Corner, between Townships 39 and 40, the iand is hilly prairie, with bluffs of poplar and willows, and scattered deep ponds. Second-class. Going south from this point, across Township 39, the country is covered with large bluffs of poplar and Balm of Gilead, the timber measuring up to 14 inches diameter, willow and hazel brush, with occasional prairie openings, and a few ponds of good water. Soil, a rich clay loam and

Townships 46 and 39, Ranges 24 and 25, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.—From the 11th Base south, the first 3 miles are rolling prairie, with scattered small bluffs of thick willows and young poplar. Soil, a black loam. First-class. In Sections 24 and 25, Range 25, Township 40, a saline lake comes within about 30 chains of the line, and is about 2 miles in length, and three quarters in breadth. The next 1½ miles is hilly country, covered with poplar, 14 inches in diameter, thick willows, hazel, and some small prairie openings. Second-class. From this point to the 10th Correction Line, the country is gently rolling and covered with bluffs of poplar, Balm of Gilead, willows, hazel, &c., with a few small openings of prairie, and several large ponds. Soil, a black loam, with clay loam sub-soil. Classed first to second.

Townships 41 and 42, Ranges 24 and 25, west of 2nd Initial Meridian.— From the 11th Base north, the first 4 miles are rolling prairie, brush and scrub, with bluffs of poplar and willow. Soil, clay loam, with clay subsoil, and classed first.

In the next mile, an alkaline lake about 30 chains wide is crossed, extending some 30 chains west, and 1 to 2 miles east. From this lake to the 11th Correction Line, the country is gently rolling, and covered with bluffs of poplar, willow, prairie

openings, marshes, and willow swamps. Classed 1 to 2.5.

Townships 40 and 39, Ranges 26 and 27, west of 2nd Initial Meridian .-Going south from 11th Base, the country is undulating and rolling, covered with poplar, willow bluffs, prairie openings and deep ponds. Soil, good. Classed first to second. The latter description of lands extends to where a very saline lake is met, in Section 24, Range 27, Township 39, and left in Section 12. This lake is nearly 2 miles wide, several miles in length, and very irregular in shape. From this to the 10th correction line the land is rolling prairie, with scattered bluffs of poplar and willows. Classed 1.5 to 2.

PART III.

PART III.

GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY BRANCH, OTTAWA, 31st December, 1883.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the customary summary Report of the Geological and Natural History Survey and Museum Branch of your Department,

for the past year.

Explorations and surveys have been carried on during the summer by a larger number of parties than any previous season. Occasionally they acted in concert, but for the most part, independently of each other. Their investigations have embraced geography, geology, mining, botany and zoology, in all of which much valuable and interesting material has been collected. When studied, and arranged the details will be given in the annual Report of Progress, and the value of the information will I trust prove commensurate with the increased expenditure that has been incurred. In the mean time, the following abstract reports of the work performed have been furnished by the officers in charge of the several parties, and are given in geographical sequence from the west. It may be observed that a large portion of the first six months of the year, now reported on, viz.: 1st January to 31st December, 1883, was occupied in the preparation of the reports just issued, forming a volume of 250 pages, R. 8vo, with 9 maps and 12 illustrations giving details of most of the work, up to December, 1882.

My own work during the past summer from the 5th of July to the 1st November consisted in a further examination of the northern shores of Lake Superior, from Port Arthur to the Pic River, including a visit to the Slate Islands, &c., also an examination of the Rabbit Mountain, silver mine. The Jack Fish Lake, now called Huronian Mine, was also visited, and I have much pleasure in being able to say that I consider it the most promising mining venture I have yet seen in this region. The lode is well defined and can be traced for a considerable distance to the southwest, with an equally promising character, though yet undeveloped. On the 18th of August I proceeded to Rat Portage, where a few days were spent in company with Mr. E. Coste examining the relations of the Huronian and Laurentian systems. Proceeding thence to Brandon, my attention was directed to an examination of the region south to the Turtle Mountains, including the Brandon Hills and the Souris River, from its junction with the Assiniboine upwards to Plum Creek, the main object being to ascertain the probability of the existence of beds of coal and the occurrence in the Turtle Mountain district of the lignite coal-bearing Tertiary rocks of the Upper Souris River, Roche Percée, &c. The evidence obtained clearly shows that there is every likelihood of workable seams being found here, as on the south flank of the mountain, at the head of Willow Creek, in Dakota, a seam has already been found shewing from 3 to 5 feet of lignite of fair average quality. This seam was visited and examined, and subsequently in ranges 20, 21 and 22 a number of outcrops of strata quite similar to those associated with the coal south of the boundary were found. I was unable to verify the reports that have appeared, from time to time, in the local papers of seams of coal having been discovered in the sinking of wells in the townships on the north side of the mountain, but it would be very desirable to make some further investigations by boring to a moderate depth on the outcrops referred to. This could be done at a cost of about \$5.00 per foot.

Returning to Brandon on the 24th of September, I proceeded west to Calgary and thence, via Morley and Padmore to the Cascade (Devil's Lake) River, at the base of Cascade Mountain, where the newly discovered seams of anthracite are exposed. The samples of these coals brought down are now being analyzed, and the result, with such turther details as have been ascertained respecting the seams, will be given in the annual report to be prepared during the winter. Cost of season's

exploration \$1,392.25, 12—111

BRITISH COLUMBIA AND NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

In the southern interior portion of British Columbia, Mr. A. Bowman's work covered a large number of outlying areas, between the 49th and 52nd parellels of latitude. The work of the past summer, together with that of the summer of 1882, briefly noticed in the last report, has been directed to the accumulation of additional precise geographical and geological details, and these are now sufficient to justify the publication of a new edition of the map of this region, which was prepared by Dr. Dawson and published in the report for 1877-78. Additional interest now attaches to this area, as it is traversed throughout by the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and its economic importance is therefore likely soon to be realized. The area to be covered by the map is about 30,000 square miles, lying between the 118th and 120th degrees of longitude and the 49th and 52nd degrees of latitude. The main points have been fixed from a series of carefully selected stations, by a system of transit and latitude observations, and these are connected and the intervening country delineated by careful track surveys, of which over fifty sheets are now ready for reduction.

Fossils were collected and geological sections examined on the Chilliwhack River, Harrison Lake and along the Fraser at several points, showing the position of the Cretaceous rocks in the axis of the coast ranges and on the Tulameen, South Similkameen and Tranquille Rivers, in proximity to noteworthy gold mining developments; also on the Ma-mit Lake plateau, Adams Lake and elsewhere. Cost of exploration including salary to 30th November, \$2,187.53.

Dr. G. M. Dawson, assisted by Mr. J. B. Tyrrell, B.A., has been occupied during the past summer in the exploration of a portion of the North-West Territory, in the districts of Assineboia and Alberta and in the Rocky Mountain range, partly on the

eastern and partly on the western or British Columbia slope.

The month of June was entirely devoted to work on the plains, where a number of outlying points were visited for the purpose of completing the information for a map of the coal fields of the western portion of Alberta. Mr. Weston accompanied Dr. Dawson during this part of the work, devoting himself principally to the collection of fossils and illustrative rock specimens. A large portion of these were afterwards unfortunately lost by the burning of the steamer "Glenfinlas," on which they

were shipped from Port Arthur.

The months of July, August, September, and the early part of October, were spent in the Rocky Mountains, between the parallels of 49° and 51° 30′. The Crow Nest, North and South Kootanie, and the Kicking Horse and Bow River passes were explored geologically and geographically with considerable care, and afford an interesting series of sections, running in each case completely across the Rocky Mountain range. The great valley bordering the range on the west, in which the upper portions of the Columbia and Kootanie Rivers flow in opposite directions, was examined in a preliminary manner for a length of about 200 miles. Sometime was also spent in exploring the lead waters of the North Fork of the Old Man River, and the Devil's Head valley north of the Bow.

Though the continued dense smoke produced by forest fires interfered much with the work, a preliminary knowledge of the geological and geographical structure of this part of the range, much in advance of that previously available, has been gained. If work can be continued in the same region next year, it should be possible to fill the gaps still remaining and construct a sufficiently accurate map of the

whole district.

In connection with the work in this part of the Rocky Mountains, the existence has been proved of large tracts of coal-bearing Cretaceous rocks in the very heart of the range, of which the anthracite region of Cascade River is a special development.

In addition to the geological and necessarily concurrent geographical work, and the collection of fossils and rock specimens, a large collection of plants—chiefly due to the exertions of Mr. Tyrrell—has been made, together with other miscellaneous zoological collections of an interesting character. Over 100 excellent photo-

graphs, illustrating the character of the country traversed, were also obtained. Metereological observations were kept up as regularly as possible, and over sixty points were fixed in latitude by observations. Cost of season's exploration \$2,663.69.

Mr. R. G. McConnell's field work extended over the country included between Medicine Hat and the eastern end of the Cypress Hills, the South Saskatchewan and the 49th parallel. The southern part of this area afforded a sufficient number of sections to enable the junctions of the various formations to be traced out with a tolerable degree of accuracy, but in the northern portion, their separation, owing to the thickness of the drift covering, was a matter of much greater difficulty, and even of some uncertainty.

In addition to the geological work proper, all the principal topographical features of the country examined were carefully mapped. About 1,800 miles of measurement, principally with the odometer, and also about 250 miles of river

traverse, with estimated distances, was accomplished.

The most important fact brought to light during the summer's work was the existence of Tertiary beds in the Cypress Hills region, of later age than any which have yet been found in the North-West. These beds contain well-preserved mamalian remains, of which a number of specimens were collected. They are also underlain by a lignite seam throughout the whole extent of the Cypress Hills, which in some places shows 5 feet of fair fuel.

On the night of the 20th August, at Fish Creek, four horses were stolen from Mr. McConnell, which interfered to some extent with the progress of his work. Every effort has been made to recover them, but hitherto without success. Cost of season's

exploration \$1,924.47.

DISTRICT OF KEEWATIN (EAST OF LAKE WINNIPEG).

A general knowledge of the geology of the whole country between Lake Superior and the Red River valley had been obtained by explorations made in different years, from 1869 to 1881. Owing to the discovery of the precious metals at the Lake of the Woods, it seemed desirable to have an area of the so-called Huronian rocks carefully worked out as a type of this System, as it occurs in the west. Dr. Bell was therefore instructed to make a more minute examination than had heretofore been done, of the southern part of the District of Keewatin, including an actual survey of the shores and islands of the Lake of the Woods and of Shoal Lake, for the purpose of showing accurately the arrangement and distribution of the sub-divisions in that region, of the System referred to.

In pursuance of these instructions, Dr. Bell left Ottawa on the 2nd of July, and the next day he was joined at Toronto by Messrs. A. C. Lawson and J. W. Tyrrell, as assistants. Supplies, boats and men were secured on the way up, and the party reached Rat Portage on the 16th of July. Dr. Bell had made a general geological examination of the Lake of the Woods, Whitefish Bay and Shoal Lake in 1872, 1873 and 1881, and during the past season his own time was devoted principally to new work in the country lying to the northward of the line of the Canadian Pacific Rail-

way. The following is his report of the season's work:

"While arrangements were being completed for our systematic survey of the Lake of the Woods, I visited the mining district of Big Stone Bay. Then having provided Messrs. Lawson and Tyrrell with everything requisite for carrying on the detailed survey of the lake and seeing them well started with the work (Mr. Lawson taking the geological and Mr. Tyrrell the topographical), I went to Wabigoon, the starting point of my explorations to the northward. A track survey was first made of the route from Little Wabigoon Lake to Minnietakie Lake, thence the route leading to Lonely Lake was followed, of which a survey had been made in 1872. From Lonely Lake a similar survey was now made of the route and the lakes connected with it, viā the English, Mattawa and Red Lake Rivers to Red Lake—the distances being checked by numerous observations for latitude.

"A very circult track survey was next made of Red Lake itself, as its shores proved to be of great geological interest. The whole lake (which is of considerable size) lies within a wide belt of Huronian rocks, among which several of the rarer varieties are well developed and they were found to contain some interesting minerals. The narrow belt of Huronian rocks which, in 1872, we conjectured would pass a few miles to the northward of the junction of the English and Mattawa Rivers, was actually found in the position and with the strike it was then supposed to have.

"Returning to Lonely Lake, a track survey of this large sheet of water was made from one extremity to the other, including its numerous islands and deep bays. A long, narrow arm was discovered from its eastern part to a point on the Sturgeon Lake River below Minnietakie Lake. This arm was surveyed in a similar manner,

in returning to Little Wabigcon Lake.

"During my absence on these surveys, Mr. E. Coste, of the Ecole Nationale Superièure des Mines (Paris) whom you had sent up to join my party, arrived at Rat Portage, and, agreeably to your instructions, proceeded to examine the various locations on the Lake of the Woods at which mining for gold had commenced. He collected a considerable number of specimens to illustrate the nature of the veins and their associated rocks. Upwards of forty samples of the ores from amongst these are submitted for assay. On my return to Rat Portage, some of the mining locations which I had not previously examined were visited, and the geological and topographical work which was being prosecuted by Messrs. Lawson and Tyrrell was inspected and tested. In arranging the programme of work for the remainder of the season, at this time, I found it most advantageous in order to expedite matters, to hand my outfit at Wabigoon to Mr. Coste, with instructions to proceed thence to Rainy Lake, by way of the Manitou Lake and River. He was also to examine the large north-west bay of Rainy Lake, Rainy River and part of the Lake of the Woods. In addition to these examinations, if time permitted after his arrival at Rainy Lake, he was to examine the Seine arm of this lake, as far as Sturgeon Falls.

"During the latter part of the season, in further pursuance of your instructions to descend the Winnipeg River and to re-examine the Huronian rocks of the southern shores of Lake Winnipeg and Big Island, where gold was reported to have been discovered, I made a track-survey simultaneously with the geological examination of the whole length of the Winnipeg River. Although you had made a preliminary reconnaisance of the lower part in 1872, and I had explored the upper part during the same year, a considerable intervening portion of it had, however, never been visited by any member of the survey. In making this survey, the distances were checked by observations for latitude. The rocks were found to consist throughout

of Laurentian gneiss with limited areas of granite and Huronian schists.

"On Lake Winnipeg, I was prevented from reaching Big Island by stormy weather, but the east shore of the lake was carefully mapped, from the mouth of the

Black River to that of the Red River.

"Before leaving Rat Portage, I had instructed Messrs. Lawson and Tyrrell, on finishing the work on the Lake of the Woods and Shoal Lake to proceed separately to make track-surveys of several cance routes leading eastward and north-eastward of the former lake, and also certain traverses by land. Mr. Lawson was also to visit Shebaskong Bay and other places in the southern division of this lake. By thus dividing the party into four sections, each vieing with the others which could accomplish the most, a large extent of ground was rapidly covered, for I found on my return from Rat Portage that the other three sections had completed nearly the whole of the work prescribed, and had all arrived at the place of rendezvous on the same day.

"Only half a day was then spent in packing up our outfit, specimens, &c., and attending to business matters at Rat Portage, which we had made our headquarters for the season, and we left for the east on the 10th October, with the exception of Mr. Coste, who went westward, intending to proceed to Ottawa by way of Winnipeg and Chicago. The men were paid off at Sault Ste. Marie, and Mr. Tyrrell at Owen Sound. Mr. Lawson was continued at field work for a short time in the country to

the northward of the head of Lake Ontario, in compliance with your desire to ascertain a few additional facts, in order to complete for publication, my work of 1859-62,

in the western peninsula of the Province of Ontario.

"In conclusion, I may say that the results of the season's operations are to confirm the general mapping in 1873, of the distribution of the Laurentian and Huronian rocks of the above districts, and to add a large amount of accurate geological and topographical details to those which had been ascertained up to 1881, as shown upon

the map accompanying my report of that year.

"In addition to the geological and topographical work, which has been briefly referred to, information was collected, as usual, in regard to such matters as the soil, climate, forests, fisheries, zoology and botany of the different districts examined. Photographs of places of interest were taken and numerous observations were made for the variation of the compass. Our collections consist principally of those of rocks, ores and mineral species: those of zoological and botanical specimens being necessarily limited, on account of the expedition with which we carried on the main objects which we had in view. The zoological collections consisted principally of the mollusks, and the botanical of the ferns of the region of which seventeen species were found. Cost of season's exploration including salaries of Messrs. Coste, Tyrell, Lawson and Cochrane to 30th October, \$3,660.00.

QUEBEC.

During the first half of May, Mr. R. W. Ells, accompanied by Mr. H. M. Ami visited and examined certain localities along the Vermont boundary from Lake Champlain to Memphremagog, for the purpose of collecting further paleontological evidence on certain doubtful points, in relation to the horizon of some of the formations included in the Quebec group, in the vicinity of Highgate, Swanton and Philipsburgh and also to compare the crystaline rocks further east, in St. Armand, Sutton and Brome townships, with those of the Shickschock Mountains in Gaspé. On the 6th of June Mr. Ells proceeded to the Bay of Chaleurs, accompanied by Mr. A. C. Barlow and N. I. Giroux as assistants, to continue and extend the work of previous seasons in that region and complete, if possible, the surveys of the heads of the various rivers which were partly surveyed by Sir W. Logan and Mr. Murray in 1844. The starting point for the work now contemplated was, therefore, about 15 miles inland, at the forks of the Bonaventure River.

Mr. Ells reports on the work as follows:—

"After repeated delays from violent rains and heavy freshets, we reached the forks of the Bonaventure River, 53 miles from the mouth, where Mr. Murray had been stopped by the immense timber jams. We however cut portage roads past the worst, and cleared out the others, and thus succeeded in completing the survey of the main branch to the lake at its head or nearly to the waters of the Magdalen River. gave us a section almost across the entire peninsula. We then returned to the forks and tried to ascend the other branches, but the water in them was so low and they were so badly jammed in all directions, that we found a micrometer survey, in canoes, impossible, and therefore, returned to the mouth of the river. We thence ascended the Cascapedia to the forks previously surveyed by Sir. W. E. Logan, and surveyed the Salmon Branch, on the direct branch, from Lake Cascapedia, in the Shickshock range. This is a very difficult stream to ascend having a fail of 840 feet in 22 miles. It was measured to within 4 miles of the lake at its head, beyond the Serpentine Mountains, where, our work in this direction was stopped by tremendous rains and lack of supplies, as well as by the difficult nature of the branch. The limit of the Devonian and Silurian formations, and of the Serpentine and their contact with the hornblendic and chloritic rocks, were fixed in this direction. Returning thence to the forks, we ascended the Lake Branch, which was struck by Sir Wm. Logan in his traverse from the Chat River, and surveyed the lake and the inlet for several miles, as far as was practicable on account of the low state of the water and the presence of timber jams. We then surveyed the western branch or Miner's Brook for 27 miles to the head waters of the Casupscull River and the vicinity of Lake Matanne. All these streams take their rise in great alder swamps and we found a large valley, occupied by Devonian strata, having a breadth of 10 to 15 miles, and extending almost the entire distance from the vicinity of Metapedia Lake to the extremity of the Gaspé Peninsula, embracing an area of some 1,500 square miles, having a fine agricultural soil, good timber, and well suited for settlement, unless summer frosts may prevail. We had none of any account while we were in that vicinity, up to the 15th of August, though on the upper waters of the Bonaventure, severe frosts were common about the 15th of July. This valley has an elevation by aneriod of about 650 feet above sea. From a point on the Miner's Brook, five miles from its mouth, a portage of two miles and a-half leads to the great elbow on the Chat River.

"Having completed, as far as practicable, our surveys on the heads of the Cascapedia, we went, on the 15th of August, to Gaspé, for the purpose of completing the survey of the upper part of the York River. We, however, found the upper part of this river to be impassable for canoes on account of the low state of the water, and we could only ascend a distance of 25 miles, and were therefore obliged to return without completing our survey. Thence I proceeded to the Grand Pabos, and measured that stream by pacing for about 15 miles in order to determine the northern limit of a Cambro-silurian basin which had a considerable development before unsuspected. By the time this survey was completed the water in the various streams had become so low that further expeditions in canoes became impossible, and a few days were spent in collecting fossils from various points along the north side of the Bay of Chaleurs. My assistant, Mr. Barlow, had, in the meantime, made large and valuable collections in the vicinity of Percé and Gaspé.

"The latter part of the season was devoted to the examination of the geology of Prince Edward Island, with a view to ascertain more definitely the relations of the so-called Permo-cart oniferous to the Triassic, and also to determine the limits and probable value of the gold-baaring strata lately discovered at Cape Wolf. The greater part of the island was traversed and the shore examined from Cape North along the south and east coast to Orwell Bay. Samples of the so called gold ore were collected, and have been assayed in the survey laboratory, with the showing of a very small percentage of gold, (.044 ounces to the ton). The assays held by the company at Charlottetown show from \$15 to \$20 per ton. Silmilar rock to that assayed can be found all along the coast as far as examined from Cape North to Cape Traverse, and the prospects for successful mining are apparently as good at one point as the other.

"The work of the past season, together with that of 1882, has now been plotted and is being embodied in the map sheets, the continuation of those already published of New Brugswick and southern Gaspé. Of these, nine quarter sheets, covering 13,500 square miles, are in preparation, the greater part of which will soon be

ready for the engraver."

Returned to Ottawa, October 6th.

The amount expended during the season, including the trip to Highgate and Magog, was \$2,095, of which \$100 was spent in the trip with Mr. Ami. Of the balance \$450 was spent in salaries of assistants, to November 1st; \$617 for canoe men, and the balance for travelling and incidental expenses.

In pursuance of instructions to continue the exploration of the Gaspé Peninsula, Mr. Lowe, accompanied by Messrs. Porter and Hamilton, as assistants, left Montreal on the 25th of May and proceeded to Quebec, remaining there three days making

copies of Crown Land plans.

Leaving Quebec he arrived at Matanne on the 3rd of June, and was employed collecting fossils in the rocks of that locality until the 6th. Ste. Anne des Monte was reached on the 7th. Being unable to proceed up the river on account of the freshet, a base line a mile and a quarter long was accurately measured along the coast, and from it the positions of three peaks, in the Shickshock range, were determined. On the 20th of June, he proceeded up the river to the forks, distant 32 miles.

Here the work of the season commenced. A survey of the south branch was made as far up as the lake at its head. And having returned to the forks on July 4th, where a store camp had been established, the summit of Mount Albert, one of the highest peaks of the Shickshocks, was reached next day. Here a base line about four miles long was measured, from which the positions of 160 peaks were fixed.

While Messrs. Hamilton and Porter were engaged running this base line, and collecting some rare alpine plants, Mr. Lowe made some paced surveys down the brooks which rise in the neighborhood. These afforded some good sections of the Pre-cambrian rocks on the flanks of the mountain. After much delay, caused by rain and fog, the work on Mount Albert was finished, and the depot at the forks again reached on the 20th of July. Leaving his assistant to make surveys of several brooks on the north side of the river, Mr. Lowe descended to Ste. Anne to obtain a fresh supply of provisions and also to compare his barometer with that of Mr. Vibert, of Ste Anne, who kindly keptreadings all summer, thus facilitating the determination of the heights of the mountains ascended during the season.

Having returned to the Forks on the 26th of July, the summit of Table Top Mountain, about 10 miles distant, was reached next day, and two days were spent there examining the rocks. A micrometer survey was then made of the west branch of the Magdalen River, from the lake at its head, as far as the Fork, a

distance of about 20 miles.

While this survey was being made, Mr. Hamilton remained on the mountain

and triangulated about 25 additional peaks.

After these surveys were completed, the Forks of the Ste. Anne were again reached, and from there, descending the river, offset surveys were made up the larger

tributary brooks on both sides.

On one of these brooks, Mr. Lowe had the misfortune to strain his knee and was obliged to return to Ste. Anne, leaving Messrs. Porter and Hamilton to finish the work. Having completed this, they reached the mouth of the river on the 19th of August, and as their services were no longer required, they returned by steamer to Montreal on the 22nd, taking with them all the specimens collected during the summer. The next week was spent making a rough survey of the Cape Chat River and examining the rocks found along it. On account of the low state of the water, the river could only be ascended 30 miles.

On the 30th of August, a traverse from Ste. Anne to New Richmond, by way of the Ste. Anne and Little Cascapedia Rivers, was commenced. This occupied 18 days, and was rendered very difficult on account of the number of timber jams met with in the upper part of the Little Cascapedia. A quantity of good land was observed on this river, about 25 miles from its mouth, which would make fine farming land if

early frosts do not interfere.

Much valuable timber was also observed along the river, although not of very large size, and composed chiefly of white spruce, balsam, fir, white and yellow birch,

poplar, cedar and a few pine.

Arriving at New Richmond, Mr. Lowe proceeded to Dalhousie, where he was joined by Mr. A. E. Barlow. After spending several days here, collecting specimens, he proceeded to Lake Metapedia, where careful examinations of the rocks on the east side were made. These examinations, and a few surveys in the neighborhood of Rimouski, finished the field work, and Ottawa was reached on the 8th of October.

The work was much delayed by rain during June and July, few days passing without rain during some of the 24 hours, and on three occasions, delays of a week

were caused by the freshets in the rivers.

Expenses of the season amounted to \$1,393.

It being considered important to obtain more definite and detailed information in connection with the distribution and mode of occurrence and association of the valuable apatite deposits north of the Ottawa, in the townships of Hull, Wakefield, Templeton, &c., and also regarding the location, extent and character of the various worked mines and openings on these deposits, on the 17th of May Mr. Fraser Torrance was requested to commence this work.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

In New Brunswick the work has been continued, during the past season, under the supervision of Professor Bailey. His own work in the field extended from the 1st of July to the 1st of October, and that of his assistants, Messrs. McInnes and Chalmers, from the same date to the 31st of October. The attention of Professor Bailey and Mr. McInnes, was directed chiefly to observations required for the 1-sheet map, No. 1, N.W., embracing portions of the counties of York and Carleton, commenced in 1879 by Professors Bailey and Mr. Broad, and further advanced by the latter in 1880 and 1881. This map is now ready for the engraver. It covers an area of about 4,600 square miles, co-terminous with that embraced in the 1-sheets already published. The details of the season's work will be given in the report now being prepared, including that of Mr. Robert Chalmers, whose attention was directed to the surface geology and physical features of the region embracing the valley of the St. John River, from Fredericton to Edmunston, in the county of Madawaska; also, the valley of the Becaguimic, Shiktehawk, Tobique and other eastern tributaries of the St. John, and westward from the latter to the Maine frontier. Mr. Chalmers paid particular attention to the nature of the soils in the districts examined, in relation to their forest growth and suitability for settlement. The cost of the season's explorations was \$1,394.96, including salaries of Professor Bailey and Mr. Chalmers.

NOVA SCOTIA.

In Nova Scotia the work was continued by Mr. Hugh Fletcher. He left Ottawa on the 5th of June, 1883, and spent several days re-examining the Chimney Corner, Broad Cove and Port Hood coal-fields, in order to obtain, if possible, a more definite idea of their geological relations by the facts developed in the mining and exploration recently done at these places. At Chimney Corner, Mr. Thomas Evans has reopened the old workings and extracted a considerable quantity of coal, which he has shipped to Prince Edward Island and elsewhere. No regular mining has been done at Broad Cove, although it was at one time hoped that this mine was about to be re-opened by an American company. Several new openings have, however, been made by Mr. James Wilson, of Broad Cove, on the 7 and 14 feet seams. The want of harbours and of a railway retards mining as well as other branches of industry on the western shores of Cape Breton.

Between June 18th and October 17th, a minute survey and examination was made of the district lying between Country Harbour River and Cape Canso. In its eastern part this district is a wilderness of rocks, interrupted only by a few clumps of second growth spruce and hardwood, and by small clearings made with great labor around the coves and inlets. It is dotted with lakes full of trout, and

is underlaid for the most part by grey granite.

From the valleys of Isaac's Harbour, Salmon and other rivers further west, large quantities of ship and ton timber have been obtained, but here also the greater part of the country is unsettled, and the soil rocky and poor. On the Cape Canso peninsula westward to Tor Bay and Guysborough, there are no roads worthy of the name, except that from Guysborough to Canso, and another constructed by the Direct Cable Company from Guysborough to Tor Bay. The settlements are mostly around the harbours and inlets of the coart, and are occupied by fishermen, who travel chiefly by boats. The shore is deeply indented, especially on the south, and guarded by numerous rocks, reefs and islands; inland it is nowhere high, and the brooks are consequently sluggish and interrupted by lakes and "stillwaters."

The prevailing grey granite comes boldly to the shore in the neighborhood of Cape Canso, but generally the shore of Chedabucto Bay is occupied by more or less slaty rocks, separated from the granite by a narrow belt, sometimes of gneiss, sometimes of staurolite rock. The granite also extends brokenly to the westward. From a short distance east of Isaac's Harbour, the gold bearing rocks extend westward along the shore, although interrupted in many places by the granite. Within this

district lie the gold fields of Isaac's Harbour and Stormont. At the former, the Gallagher Company is vigorously working a vein or "lead" which has produced a large quantity of gold. To the north of the granite, lie the metamorphic and igneous Devonian rocks, which have already been described as occupying the greater part of Madame Island and the country between Chedabucto Bay and the Strait of Canso. The southern boundary of these formations extends from the mouth of Salmon River towards Melrose, the river forming the boundary for several miles, and their unconformable contact with the Carboniferous, is to be seen at Guysborough Harbour.

The surveys in Guysborough county referred to above have been plotted and are now being reduced; and a map of this area will be ready for publication next spring. The maps of the counties of Richmond, Victoria and Inverness are already in the handsof the engraver and will soon, it is hoped, be ready for publication. These

maps cover an area of about 4,000 square miles.

Mr. Fletcher was assisted during the whole season by Messrs. John McMillan and Rodolphe Faribault, and during part of it by Messrs. J. A. Robert, W. T. McLeod and D. McKinnon. Mr. McMillan was engaged till the end of November collecting specimens of the copper, iron and manganese ores of Cape Breton county for the Museum; and Mr. Faribault, during the same period, was tracing railway and other plans in Halifax, for which every facility was afforded him through the courtesy of Mr. Austen, of the Crown Lands Office and Mr. E. Gilpin, Inspector of Mines.

PALÆONTOLOGY AND NATURAL HISTORY.

In this section, Mr. Whiteaves has written the letter press and superintended the illustrations of volume three, part one, of the "Palæozoic Fossils" of Canada. Six out of the eight lithographic plates required have been printed off; the manuser pt was given to the printer in December (1883), and the report will probably be issued in February, 1884. When complete, this report will consist of about fifty pages octavo of text, with eight lithographic plates and a few wood cuts, and will contain descriptions of new, imperfectly characterized or previously unrecorded species of fossils from the Guelph formation of Western Ontario. Its preparation has necessitated a previous examination and study, not only of the large collections of fossils from this formation in the museum of the Survey, which have accumulated since 1865, including some five or six hundred specimens recently obtained from Mr. Townsend, of Durham, Cnt., but also of the series in the Redpath Museum at Montreal, and of specimens loaned by the trustees of the Elora School Museum, and by the authorities of Queen's College, Kingston.

Mr. Whiteaves also reports that about one-third of the text of the third and concluding portion of the first volume of Canadian "Mesozoic Fossils" has been written, and that the volume will probably be completed early in the spring. The drawings required for its illustration are nearly all made, and four of the litho-

graphic plates have been printed off.

The extensive series of invertebrata from the Laramie and Cretaceous rocks of the low and Belly River districts, collected by Dr. G. M. Dawson, in 1881, and by R. G. McConnell, in 1882, has been subjected to a preliminary examination, and the whole of the specimens from the Hamilton formation of the Devonian system of Ontario, in the possession of the Survey, including the rare specimens recently presented by the Revs. Hector Currie and J. M. Goodwillie, have been studied critically, and most of the species new to that formation have been identified. For about four months of the present year, as in 1882, the director of the Survey has been occupied in field explorations, and during his absence from Ottawa on each of these occasions the position of acting director has devolved upon Mr. Whiteaves. The remainder of Mr. Whiteaves' time has been devoted to the direction and supervision of the work in this section of the museum.

Mr. Foord prepared a report entitled, "Contributions to the Micro-palæontology of the Cambro-silurian Rocks of Canada," which has been published during the year. It embodies the results of his recent studies on some of the Monticuliporidæ and

corals of these rocks, and consists of 22 pages of text octavo, illustrated by seven lithographic plates. He applied for and obtained leave of absence for four months, dating from the 1st of June, and at the expiration of that term, resigned the appointment he held on the staff of the Survey.

From January 1st to May 20th, Mr. T. C. Weston was occupied in making and mounting some 300 microscopical sections of rocks and fossils, in mending and preparing for exhibition in the museum, a number of fossil bones collected by Dr. G. M. Dawson and Mr. R. G. McConnell in the North-West, and in making arrangements for his own field work. The months of June, July and August were spent in the North-West. The principal localities visited were the Cypress Hills, Milk River Ridge, Old Man River, Waterton River and Lake, Pincher and Mill Crecks, Scabby Bûtte, the South Saskatchewan River, &c., &c. Hand specimens of most of the typical rocks of these localities, and samples of many of the clays and silts, as well as about 1,600 fossils, were collected. These were carefully packed in twelve boxes and shipped when favorable opportunities occurred. Three of these boxes, however (which contained a very important collection of fossils, rocks, skulls, &c., from the Cypress Hills and Milk River district) were, unfortunately, lost on the steamship "Glenfinlas." The following is approximately the number of specimens of fossils and rocks collected, exclusive of those which were lost:—

```
60 Fossil plants from Milk Creek.
  7
                      South Saskatchewan.
      "
 56
                      Scabby Bûtte.
                 "
 15
      "
           wood
                          "
      "
 80
          shells, &c., from St. Mary River.
229
      "
            "
                  66
                       "
                           Old Man River.
      66
            "
                  66
329
                           Pincher Creek.
            "
156
      "
                       "
                           South Saskatchewan.
 60
                           Old Man River.
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On the 17th of September, Mr. Weston visited the South Joggins coal field and made an interesting collection of its fossil plants. The rest of his time has been spent in labelling the specimens collected during the summer, and in museum work.

Considerable progress has been made in the classification of the fossils in the museum. The whole of the species from the Trenton, Utica, Galena, Arisaig, Lower Helderberg and Oriskany formations have been re-arranged and labelled by Mr. H. M. Ami, under the supervision of Mr. Whiteaves. The nomenclature of all the fossils from these formations has been revised, and new labels for each species have been printed. The post pliocene fossils of the provinces of Quebec and British Columbia have also been re-classified and labelled. The fossils of the Hudson River and Guelph formations have been re-grouped, and the manuscripts of the labels required for them have been prepared and sent to the printer. The fossil plants from the upper Cretaceous rocks of Pine River Forks, B.C., and Vancouver Island, and from the Tertiary depoists of Quesnel, the Similkameen River, and other localities in British Columbia, described by Principal Dawson in the first volume of the "Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada," have been placed on exhibition in their proper places in the museum.

Several collections of fossils received during the year from various formations and localities have been examined by Mr. Ami, and the species determined as far as practicable. Early in the summer, Mr. Ami visited St. Armands and Phillipsburgh, Q., also the vicinity of Highgate Springs and Swanton, near the boundary line in Vermont, and made collections of fossils at each of these localities. Later in the season he collected fossils at Thedford, Bartlett's Mills and Ravenswood, O., in the Hamilton formation (Devonian), at Kettle Point, Lake Huron, in the supposed

⁹⁸³ Fossils.

⁷⁸ Rock specimens from various localities.

equivalents of the Gennessee slates, at Guelph, Elora, and Durham, O., in the Guelph formation (Silurian), and at Whitby, in the Utica slate. Three collections of fossils have been made and sent to private collectors in Canada, in return for valuable specimens presented by them, and a full record of all additions to the museum has been kept. Some five or six hundred specimens of Mesozoic and Palæozoic fossils have been collected by Dr. G. M. Dawson and his assistants at several localities between Maple Creek, Alberta district, and the Rocky Mountains, also in the mountains themselves, from the boundary line northward to the Kicking Horse Pass. A series of mammalian bones of unusual interest, including jaws of a large species, apparently nearly allied to Brontotherium, has been obtained by R. G. McConnell. Twelve boxes of Palæozoic fossils from various places in the Gaspé peninsula have been received from Mr. R. W. Ells and his assistants, and Professor Macoun has collected a number of fossils and a few recent mollusca from the island of Anticosti.

The number of donations to this branch of the museum during the year has been

unusually large and important, as may be seen by the following list.

HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS LOUISE.

Fine example of the black variety of the common wolf (Canis lupus, L.), from Port Simpson, B. C.

Specimen of the porcupine fish (Paradiodon hystrix, L.), from Bermuda.

A horned toad (Phrynosoma cornutum), from Sherman, Texas.

An embryo shark.

Specimen of the black-lipped conch shell (Cassis tuberosa, L.), of exceptionally large size, from the West Indies.

Pancake coral (Mycedium fragile, Dana), from Bermuda.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE MARQUIS OF LORNE.

Pair of rough-legged buzzards (Archibuteo lagopus).

Flying squiriel (Sciuropterus volucella, L.) from the Rideau Hall grounds.

Indian dress from the North-West Territory.

A number of sharks' teeth, &c., from the Miocene phosphatic deposits of South Carolina.

Specimen of fossil rootlets (Stigmaria ficoides, Bgt), from the "underclays" of the Carboniferous formation in Nova Scotia.

COLONEL BERNARD, OTTAWA.

Specimen of coralline limestone, seven keratose sponges, six crabs, one dark colored variety of the black-lipped conch shell (Cassis tuberosa, L), seeds of Eriodendron, &c., and a number of small shells. All from the Bahamas.

COLONEL C. C. GRANT, HAMILTON.

Sixty specimens of Silurian fossils from the Clinton and Niagara formations at Hamilton, Ont.

A. J. HILL, Esq., C. E., BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Six specimens of wood, showing the burrows of the ship-worm (Xylotrya) of the Pacific coast.

Numerous alcoholic preparations of mollusca and asteriadæ from British Columbia.

F. N. GISBORNE, ESQ., F. R. S. C., OTTAWA.

One (dry) specimen of Astrophyton agassizii, Stimpson, from the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

S. CASTLEMAN, Esq.

Stone gouge and stone adze, from Casselman, O.

W. R. BILLINGS, Esq., OTTAWA.

Two specimens of Receptaculites occidentalis, Salter; one Astylospongia parvula, and thirteen specimens of sponges, from the Trenton limestone of Ottawa, O.

W. H. McIntyre, Esq.

One specimen of the great white egret (Herodias egretta, Gray).

REV. HECTOR CURRIE, B.A. THEDFORD, O.

Specimens of blastoids and crinoids from the Hamilton formation of western Ontario.

REV. J. M. GOODWILLIE, M.A., NEWMARKET, O.

Sixteen fossils from the Hudson River formation of Weston, O.

W. R. SMITH, Esq., BELLEVILLE.

Eight species of fossils from the Trenton limestone at Belleville, O., retained out of a series of thirty-two species sent for examination.

J. S. BROUGH, Esq.

One specimen of Trimerella acuminata, Billings, from the Guelph formation of Elora, O.

BOTANY.

Respecting the work in this section, Professor Macoun reports as follows:-

"During my studies last winter, it became apparent that a very superficial knowledge of the flora of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Anticosti had been obtained by local botanists and other collectors. It was therefore considered desirable to examine as much as possible of these areas during the summer. I am happy to state that the results are far in advance of our most sanguine expectations, and much more correct views can now be arrived at in regard to the geographical distribution of many species. Along the outer coasts of Nova Scotia and on the islands in the Gulf, there are remnants of a flora more closely related to that of Greenland and Europe than has been hitherto suspected.

"I left Ottawa on the 6th of June, and reached Truro, in Nova Scotia, on the 9th.

A week spent there enabled me to make a very complete examination of the flora of

the vicinity, both cryptogamic and otherwise.

"649 species were noted, and specimens were collected of all that were fit. On the 16th, I proceeded to Halifax where in the space of four days numerous discoveries and large collections were made. Between the 21st and 30th of June, Yarmouth, Digby, Annapolis, Kingston, Kentville, Cape Blomidon and Windsor were visited. On the 3rd of July I was at Bedford, on the 4th at Truro, and on the 5th and 6th at Pictou. Between the 7th and 23rd of July I visited the Straits of Canso, Sidney, Louisburg, Baddeck and Whycocomagh. In all of these localities, discoveries and large collections were made. Leaving Nova Scotia on the 24th of July, I proceeded to Quebec, hoping to obtain a passage to Anticosti by the "Napoleon III," but did not succeed in doing so and therefore returned to Gaspé Basin, and there hired a schooner to take me to Anticosti. We reached the Island on the 9th of August, landing at Salt Lake, and commenced collecting the same day. Hitherto, only 211 species of flowering plants

had been recorded from Anticosti. These were all found in less than two days. South-West Point was next examined; Jupiter River was ascended for twenty miles, and Gunn, St. Mary and Beesie Rivers were visited. We were detained by head winds for five days at the latter, which was ascended to a lake about six miles inland. At all these points collections were made, including fossils and recent shells from some of them. The unfavorable weather continuing, I started on foot for Ellis Bay, and the following day reached English Bay, at the extreme western end of the Island, having walked 37 miles in the teeth of a north-west gale. On the 12th of September, I lett English Bay and returned via Gaspé Basin and Quebec to Ottawa. About two weeks were then spent collecting fungi around Ottawa, and ten days in the county of Northumberland, where over one hundred species not seen around Ottawa were collected. This work is preparatory to the publication of a complete standard catalogue of Canadian fungi in which, as far as practicable, the edible and poisonous species will be noted."

During the year the first part of the catalogue of Canadian plants, Polypetalac referred to in my last report was published in a volume of 192 pp., R. 8vo. Part II., Gamopetalæ is now being prepared and will be ready for publication in the spring.

In June last I was authorized to purchase Professor Macoun's private collection consisting of 1,745 genera and 7,000 species of Canadian and United States plants.

CHEMICAL, MINERAL AND LITHOLOGICAL SECTIONS.

The work carried out in the chemical laboratory during the past year has been almost solely confined to the examination and analysis of such minerals, &c., &c., as were deemed likely to prove of economic value.

It included:

1. Analysis of an extensive series of coals and lignites from the North-West Territory.

2. Analysis of iron and copper ores.

3. Gold and silver assays.

4. Qualitative analysis of waters—mineral and otherwise—and numerous miscollaneous examinations.

Upwards of 200 mineral specimens have been received, brought or sent, for identification and information in regard to their possible economic value. Apart from the time devoted to personal interviews in this connection, it further entailed the writing of some seventy letters, which, in a great many cases, partook of the nature of reports.

Besides assistance rendered in the laboratory, Mr. J. D. Adams has devoted a portion of his time to lithological investigations; he was also engaged during the summer in field work, having spent about two months and a-half in examining the area of anorthosite rocks, about Lakes St. John and Kenogami and the discharges

of the Saguenay.

The Assistant Curator of the mineralogical section of the museum, Mr. C. W. Willmott, was engaged during the earlier portion of the year in sorting, arranging and cataloguing the contents of a large number of boxes of minerals, thereby rendering the same readily accessible for making up collections for educational institutions. Ten such collections were arranged, catalogued and distributed during the past year,

comprising in all some 1,100 specimens of rocks and minerals.

During the summer months he visited a number of localities in the provinces of Quebec, Ontario and Nova Sectia, for the purpose of collecting minerals and acquiring such information in regard to mines and mineral localities as opportunity might afford. The collections made embrace about ninety species, some of which were not previously represented in the museum, and others advantageously replacing inferior specimens. Since his return, he has been engaged in unpacking and sorting these specimens, also in numbering and assisting to arrange the museum collection. He has, throughout, been ably assisted by Mr. H. G. Brumell.

Mr. K. L. Broadbent has been unremittingly engaged in labelling the various specimens in this section of the museum. He has applied himself to the work with great assiduity and success, and, as a consequence, what may be regarded as most satisfactory progress has been made in this direction.

Presentations as follows have been made, to the Mineralogical section of the

Museum during the year 1883:-

Messrs. Haldane & Sons, Aylmer, apatite. Messrs. McIntyre & Co.—Native silver. J. Robertson, Ottawa-Crystals of pyrite.

The Marquis of Lorne-Disseminated graphite, and agate pebbles.

J. G. Miller, Ottawa-Stalagmite and Stalactite from the island of Mona, West Indies.

Isaac Moore, Ottawa—Crystals of apatite and pyroxene. Captain Deville, Ottawa—Selenite and clay iron stone. W. F. Ferrier, Montreal—Willemite, tincite and franklinite.

H. K. Lea, Ottawa—Asbestos and titanite.

W. Sheppard, Aylmer—Stibnite, galena, auriferous quartz, 2 sp., specular iron, iron on mica.

T. C. Keefer, Ottawa-Sphalerite, argentite with native silver.

C. T. Moseley, Sydney, C.B.—Pyrolusite.

Fenwick & Sclater, Montreal—Asbestos mill-board and asbestos packing.

C. Jennison, Beaver Brook, Colchester Co., N.S.—Gypsum.

C. & M. E Iron Co., Salmon River Lakes, Guysborough Co., N.S.—Micaceous iron

G. Cameron, Roman Valley, Guysborough Co., N.S.-Micaceous iron ore. Wylie & Hall, Carleton Place, O.—Magnetite.

LIBRARY.

During the year ending 31st December, 1883, the number of the publications of the Survey which have been distributed is 671; of these 636 were in English and 35 in French. 375 were sent to institutions and persons in Canada, the remainder, 296, to scientific and literary societies in the United States and other parts of the world. In return for these, 411 publications were received, including books, transactions, memoirs, periodicals, pamphlets and maps.

Forty scientific magazines and periodicals have been subscribed for, a list of

which will be found in the Annual Report.

Forty-eight volumes have been added to the Library by purchase.

During the year 406 volumes have been bound.

VISITORS.

It is gratifying to report that the popularity of the Museum appears to be increasing. In 1882 there were 9.549 visitors. During the same period in 1883, viz., from the 1st January to the 31st December, there have been 11,993 names recorded in the

register.

The want of more accommodation, referred to in my report for 1881 and 1882, I regret to say, still exists, and in a constantly augmenting degree, no steps having been taken to carry out the suggestions which were then made respecting it. An outlay of from \$10,000 to \$15,000 would probably suffice to make, in the present building, all the space which would be required for some years to come. Better light would be secured, and the external appearance of the building greatly improved.

STAFF, APPROPRIATION AND EXPENDITURE.

The strength of the Staff at present employed is 48, viz.: professional, 34; ordinary 14. 16

The following changes have occurred during the year. Mr. Broad resigned on the 9th May, and Mr. R. G. McConnell was promoted to the vacancy, Mr. J. B. Tyrrell filling Mr. McCoanell's place. Mr. Arthur H. Foord, Artist and Assistant Paiscontologist, resign d on the 20th August, after three month's leave of absence.

The following were appointed from the 1st of July :-

Mr. Henry M. Ami, 2nd Assistant Palæontologist, Mr. Rodolphe Fairibault, Sur-

veyor and Explorer: and Mr. Henry P. Brumell, as Museum Assistant.

The appropriation for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 18-3, was \$60,000, against which the whole expenditure for the Geological and Natural History Survey and for the maintenance of the Museum is charged, including salaries and wages of all employes.

The expenditure may be summarized under the divisions named, as follows:-

Pay-list, salaries and wages	\$32,682	86
Exploration and survey, including travelling charges.	. ,	
purchase of horses and equipment.	13,941	60
Printing and lithography	2,440	
Purchase of specimens	2,888	23
Purchase of books and instruments	1,963	04
Chemical and laboratory apparatus	275	64
Stationery	455	72
Fuel	604	95
Incidental and other expenses, including Museum and		
office fittings, &c	2,585	2 9
	Ø57 997	40
	\$57,837	43

The correspondence of the Branch shows 2.031 letters sent, and 1,845 received.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant.

ALFRED R. C. SELWYN,

Director of the Geological and Natural History Survey.

The Honourable

The Minister of the Interior, Ottawa. PART IV.

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES,

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, REGINA, N. W. T., January, 1884.

SIR,—I have the honor to enclose you herewith, pursuant to Section 90, Sub-Section 2, of the "North-West Territories Act, 1880," a return of the number of special permissions granted by me during the year 1833, for the importation of intoxicating liquors into the North-West Territories, showing the quantity and nature of the intoxicants in each case.

In connection with this, I may state that on account of the large increase in the number of applications and increase of labor and expense consequent thereto, I deemed it expedient, with the advice of my Council, to exact the payment of a fee of fifty cents per gallon for spirit and wine, to form part of the general revenue fund of the North-West Territories. This regulation came into force on the 20th September last, and from that date, to the 31st December following, five hundred and ninety-nine (599) permits have been granted, and a sum of seven hundred and sixty-three dollars and seventy-five cents (\$763.75) realized.

While I have continued to exercise the same care in granting permits as heretofore, I am glad to remark that the imposition of the tax had the effect of lessening
the number of applications, for during the latter period of the year, instead of increasing in proportion to the rapid increase of population, they show about the same
average, daily, as during the first period of the year. I may state that during the
time I exacted a fee, two hundred and thirty eight dollars and seventy-five cents
were returned to parties who had applied for permits which I refused to grant.

Although it is not customary for the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories to make an annual report of his administration, I believe such a course will not be considered unimportant, as the duties are becoming somewhat onerous, and may be of interest to both the Government and the public. I therefore submit the following as a first step in this direction:—

REMOVAL OF SEAT OF GOVERNMENT TO REGINA.

Since I am in office, the Government have deemed it necessary, for most important and obvious reasons, to remove the Territorial seat of Government from Bastle-ford to a point on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Regina was selected, as occupying a central position within the Provisional District of Assiniboia, and also on account of its being the natural centre of a vast and

rich agricultural country.

This selection has met with some bitter criticism by a portion of the Canadian press; but it must have been gratifying to the Government to learn, through the medium of the same press, that the wisdom of the choice had received a unanimous endorsation at the hands of the members of the North West Council at their last Session in August. It will also afford pleasure to notice that a considerable town has, during the short period of one year, sprung into existence at Regina, and that a large number of settlers, attracted by the great agricultural wealth of the district, have taken up land around it. The record in the Land Office will be sufficient evidence of this. One strong objection raised against the selection of Regina was the supposed scarcity of water. In answer to this I may here state that over half a dozen wells have already been sunk, and an abundant supply of pure water found. I am informed that when water was struck at one of these wells, the man working at the bottom had considerable difficulty in saving himself, the water rushing up with such force. Within a few hours it rose to 40 feet and now stands at 50 feet. Mr. Scarth, according to his promise as trustee of the town site, has caused considerable work to be done in grading some of the principal streets and by the construction of a dam across the Wascana River, one mile south of the town. This dam has been calculated to secure a reservoir covering an area of 160 acres, with an average depth of 5 feet of water, which, of itself, will more than suffice for all ordinary purposes of the people resident in the town and vicinity for many years to come.

 $12-12\frac{1}{3}$

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AT REGINA.

In connection with this place the Departments of Public Works and of the Interior have displayed great energy in the construction of Public Buildings authorized at the last Session of Parliament. Additions have been made to Government House, which have rendered it habitable, and the Council Chamber, with two offices attached, has been erected; as, also, good and substantial offices for headquarters of Indian Department in the Territories.

Under the supervision of the Comptroller of North-West Mounted Police, ample and comfortable accommodations have been provided for this Force as their headquarters in the Territories. Wells have been sunk at the barracks and Council Chamber (the latter being also for the use of Indian Offices) and a good supply of water in both places obtained, at an average depth of 70 feet. Government House is also supplied

with good water by means of an artesian well at a depth of 100 feet.

The Registry Office is also completed. It is a small building, with fine fire-proof

vault attached.

The plans are now being prepared for Court House, Jail and Lunatic Asylum. This will complete all the public buildings required at this place for some time.

I am in hopes that the two last mentioned buildings will be built of brick, as brick yards are to be started early next year at Regina, and already some very good bricks are being manufactured at Indian Head.

The Council Chamber, Government House, Land Office, Post Office, Indian Office and Registry Office are built of wood, and will answer the purpose very well until

building material becomes much cheaper than it is at present.

The Government House and Council Chamber at Battleford are used by the Indian Department for the purpose of an Industrial School fer Indian children.

ERECTION OF ELECTORAL DISTRICTS.

Pending the completion of the Council Chamber, and impressed with a desire of giving as full a popular representation in the then approaching session of Council as the circumstances of the country would justify, no time was lost in procuring the necessary evidence, showing what portion of the Territories, under the Act, were entitled to representation. As a result, five districts, of 1,000 square miles each, were found to contain the requisite number of population and set apart into as many electoral districts, under the names respectively of Edmonton, Broadview, Qu'Appelle, Regina and Moose Jaw. These, with the electoral district of Lorne, comprising the settlements of Prince Albert, Duck Lake, St. Laurent and Carlton, erected by my predecessor on the 13th November, 1880, make altogether six electoral districts in the Territories.

As a residence of twelve months preceding the issue of a writ is necessary for the qualification of the electors, the elections on the line of railway were postponed to a late date, in order to allow as great a number of persons to become qualified as possible, every day's delay adding a few more, as the bulk of the settlers within these districts had settled late in the summer of 1882.

SESSION OF COUNCIL

The Council convened for the 20th August, did not finally open until the 22nd, on which day were present Lieut. Col. Richardson, Lieut. Col. McLeod, Stipendiary Magistrates, ex-officio members of Council, Pascal Breland, Esq., appointed member, and the following new members were sworn in and took their seats, namely:—Lieut. Col. A. G. Irvine and Hayter Reed, Esq., both nominated members; Captain D. H. Macdowall, of Prince Albert; Francis Oliver, Esq., of Edmonton; Claude C. Hamilton, Esq., of Broadview; Thomas W. Jackson, Esq., of Fort Qu'Appelle; William White, Esq., of Regina; and James H. Ross, Esq., of Moose Jaw, all elected members. The Council was therefore composed of the Lieutenant-Governor, two Stipendiary Magistrates, three nominated members and six elected members.

Several important measures were discussed, and on the 4th October last, when the Session was closed, twenty-one Ordinances were past, intituled, respectively:—

No. 1. Ar	Ordinance	respecting Infectious and Contagious Diseases of Domestic Animals.
No. 2.	"	respecting Municipalities.
No. 3.	"	to amend the Administration of Civil Justice Ordinances,
	•	1878 and 1879.
No. 4.	"	respecting Partnerships.
No. 5.	66	for the Relief of Indigent Children.
No. 6.	"	to prevent the Profanation of the Lord's Day.
No. 7.	"	authorizing the Appointment of Notaries Public.
No. 8.	"	for the Protection of Game.
No. 9.	"	to regulate the Disposal of Found or Stolen Horses.
No. 10.	"	respecting the Herding of Animals.
No. 11.	"	to enforce the Destruction of the Canada Thistle and other Noxious Weeds.
No. 12.	"	respecting Auctioneers, Hawkers and Pedlars.
No. 13.	и .	to provide and regulate Returns by Justices of the Peace.
No. 14.	"	respecting the Construction of Chimneys.
No. 15.	<i>(</i> 6	to amend the Ordinance No. 6, of 1879, respecting the Licensing of Billiard and other Tables, and for the Prevention of Gambling.
No. 16.	ii.	to further amend "The Registration of Titles Ordinance, 1879."
No. 17.	"	to amend Ordinance No. 8, of 1878, respecting the Marking of Stock.
No. 18.	"	to amend Ordinance No. 1, of 1881, respecting Short Forms of Indentures.
No. 19.	"	to amend an Ordinance for the Protection of Sheep, No. 11, of 1881.
No. 20.	"	to amend an Ordinance for the Prevention of Prairie and Forest Fires, No. 4, of 1879.
No. 21.	"	to repeal Ordinance No. 10, of 1881, and to amend Ordinance respecting Fences. No. 10, of 1878.

I append hereto an abstract showing the legislation of the Council since the organization of the North-West Territories.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

I also attach a list of Justices of the Peace, and other Territorial officers, appointed from time to time by my predecessor and myself, since the organization of the Territories, up to the 31st December, 1883, and now in office.

SCHOOLS.

Under the authority of the Order in Council in that behalf, I am now paying out of the appropriation for the North-West Government, half the teachers' salaries for ten Protestant and nine Roman Catholic schools, and am continually receiving applications for others.

The country is settling up so fast that I anticipate having calls made on me in another year far beyond the amount I have had heretofore at my disposal. I am in hopes, however, that another year will see the passing of a School Ordinance that

will be acceptable both to the Government and the people.

CROW'S NEST PASS TRAIL.

In the spring, I was authorized to arrange for the improvement of the road which is known as the "Crow's Nest Pass Trail." Having in the employ of the Indian

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Department, Mr. McCord, a man who I was aware had great experience in making mountain trails, he having been employed in the mountains by the Boundary Commission under Col. Hawkins, and subsequently on the Canadian Pacific Railway Surveys in British Columbia, I suggested that I might be authorized to use his services for that purpose. This was done, and he, with some Indians and a few white men, cut the trail out, improved the bad places, built bridges, and did some little work west of the mountains, to connect with the part already constructed by the British Columbia Government. After its completion, several bands of horses were driven over it, and I was assured that the trail was a capital one to serve the purpose for which it was built. But as the season advanced, and after several bands of wild horses had been driven over it, reports of a different kind appeared in the western papers.

I have no doubt that the trail was much cut up towards fall, and that a quantity of fallen timber was on the track, but this is inevitable in a country similar to that

through which the trail passes.

It is impossible to drain a narrow trail, and in a wooded district, where fires have run, the crowding of wild horses always brings a certain amount of timber on to the road.

I think that in the spring, before travelling begins, a few hundred dollars might be spent to advantage in again clearing the road, and as a portion of the amount I was authorized to spend is still on hand, I would recommend that this be done. Had the whole of the money been expended this summer, there would have been the same appeal for opening out the road in the spring as I now see in the papers.

The application made to the Government by parties interested in this road, was to have it cut out so that animals could be driven through from British Columbia. This was done, and Mr. McCord, in whose knowledge of what was required I have implicit faith, has reported to me that it was a good road of the kind and all that was needed,

ROADS AND BRIDGES.

I received from the elected Members of Council a memorandum showing the requirements of their respective districts, for the improvements of Roads and construction of Bridges. Although the sums asked for were in excess of the amount at my disposal for such purposes, I was enabled to grant each district six hundred dollars out of the North-West Government appropriation and two hundred and fifty dollars out of "The General Revenue Fund of the North-West Territories," making a total sum of eight hundred and fifty dollars to be expended in each district, wherever it may be most needed and likely to benefit the public at large. In no case, however, has any grant been asked for by the Members on behalf of their constituents, without an assurance being made that an equal amount in money or labor would be raised by the settlers immediately benefited. To insure a proper expenditure on this head, work will be done in each case by a committee of three competent persons, under the supervision of the Member of the district, and the Government grant will only be paid on the receipt of a certificate of such committee, countersigned by the Member, that the work is complete and substantial. In this manner Bridges are proposed to be erected across the following streams:

Weed Creek, south of Broadview.

Pipestone, south of Moosomin and Whitewood.

Pheasant Creek, north of Qu'Appelle.

Wascana River, at two different points near Regina.

Boggy Creek, at also two different points north of Regina.

Moose Jaw Creek, in the vicinity of the town of that name.

Real Deer Creek, in the settlement of Prince Albert.

Eagle Creek, on the Battleford trail from Swift Current.

Sturgeon River, in St. Albert Settlement.

Black Sand Creek and Wolf Creek, south of Edmonton.

Likewise, repairs are proposed to be made to the existing Bridges and their approaches on the Qu'Appelle River at Racette's Crossing, Fort Qu'Appelle and the crossing of the river on the leading trail to Long Lake from Regina, and also to six Bridges within the settlement of Prince Albert.

It is also proposed to improve the road from Calgary to Edmonton (which is fast becoming a very important highway), the Battleford Trail, the Buffalo Lake Trail

to Moose Jaw, and the main highway south of Moose Jaw.

All the foregoing improvements and Bridges are on public thoroughfares, and of

actual necessity.

In addition to the above, applications have been made to me towards the construction of Bridges on Belly River, High River, Sheep Creek and Elbow River, all in the McLeod District, but with the exception of Fish Creek, the bridging of these streams would be very expensive, and the present appropriation for such purposes is too limited to permit of the work being authorized. The question will rest with the Government to determine whether these Bridges, though of pressing necessity, can be constructed at the present time.

COLONIZATION COMPANIES.

The Colonization Companies are intimately connected with the rapid progress of the Territory, but I may observe here that their establishment has been closely watched by our population, in some cases with even considerable uneasiness. old settlers mistrusted that that their claims as squatters might be endangered should their holdings happen to be included in any Colonization Grant, and the incoming settlers feared lest they should be restricted in their choice of homesteads. Gradually, however, were these misgivings dissipated, as the order regulating the establishment of these companies became to be understood. The immigrant soon perceived that his freedom of choice in the location of his homestead was in no wise curtailed by these grants, while bond fide claims of squatters were found to be fully respected. This created a sense of relief, and the mass of our population has ceased to look with mistrust upon the establishment of Colonization Companies. In one or two cases only, where old settlements happened to be included, has any complaint been heard, but there again a liberal management on the part of the companies, and a firm determination at head. quarters to enforce the conditions of the grants, will even there dissipate further feeling of dissatisfaction.

In other respects, the good resulting from the establishment of the Colonization Companies, is certainly great and undoubted. Their circulars have been profusely distributed, and their numerous agents have brought prominently before the public, the wealth and resources of the country. The facts made known by them, and the advantages offered in some cases, have induced settlers to venture into heretofore unknown parts of the Territories, remote from railway communications and leading highways. Nuclei of future and promising towns have, last summer, been started within these colonies, where settlers can always depend for their various supplies. The many advantages resulting from such centres will naturally attract the incoming settlers; settlements will radiate from these centres, with every chance of a rapid extension, and thus will the country reap the benefit of the work of these companies.

INDIANS.

The wise policy pursued by the Canadian Government in their treatment of the Indians is now bearing fruit. The large number who have lived on the plains and hunted the buffalo, as long as there was a chance of securing any, have at last been induced to go to their respective Reserves; and I am in hopes that next spring will see them all settled. They are quiet and law-abiding, as a whole, and no fear need be apprehended at their hands so long as the Government continue to act justly toward them. With few exceptions, they understand that they cannot procure a living other-

wise than by following the pursuits of agriculture, and many of them have already made earnest efforts, with remarkable success, as tillers of the soil.

My report on Indian affairs in the North-West Territories, deals with this

question.

MINING.

Since the railway has entered the mountains, where mineral deposits of more or less value exist, the usual exciting reports of wonderful discoveries have been circulated. The prospects are sufficiently encouraging to warrant further prospecting, and I anticipate quite a rush to the mines in the spring. As is always the case, there will be many disappointments; but those failing will have the advantage of the railway work to fall back upon. Were it not for this, I should strongly urge upon the Government the necessity of procuring reliable information as to the value of the new discoveries.

As I understand the Government has been preparing Mining Laws suitable to the necessity of the country, I will make no remarks on it except to recommend the advisability of establishing a Gold Commissioner's Office, where records could be made, and disputes, which are bound to arise, settled on the spot. The Gold Commissioner could be vested with the powers of a Stipendiary Magistrate.

There is little occasion for me to say anything in regard to the vast coal fields

which are now being developed in different portions of the Territories.

The District of Alberta is one huge coal bed, and every settler in that district will have good coal almost at his own door, and it only remains for the companies who are taking out coal, to work their mines with the latest improved machinery, and on an extensive scale, to insure to the whole of the Territories a good coal at very reasonable rates.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S OFFICE.

The work in this office has, of late, been steadily on the increase, and in order to keep up with it, I have found it necessary to engage the services of an Assistant Clerk, who is paid partly out of North-West Government appropriation and partly out of our local funds. My present staff for North-West Government work consists of the Clerk of the Council and the Assistant just mentioned. Although both efficient and willing officers, I fear that a third clerk will have to be added before long.

The marvellous rapidity which has marked the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has caused the Territories to make wonderful progress during the year just closed. The addition to the population has been large, and mostly of settlers eager to develop the agricultural resources of the country. The bulk of the settlement has been naturally near the railway, and numerous towns have sprung up all along the line, from the eastern boundaries of the Territories to the Rocky Mountains. As being the most important amongst these, I may mention Broadview, Indian Head, Regina, Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat and Calgary. Much of the available land along the line has been settled, but large tracts still remain open.

Though not possessed of statistics respecting the country's crop, I may state, from information I have received, they were, on the whole, very successful, although the country experienced an unusually dry summer and early frost. A portion of the crop suffered on account of late sowing, and so long as new settlers will be coming in, the country must expect to hear reports of frozen grain going about, for in their

eagerness to have a large crop the first year, they will risk late sowing.

The experience, however, gained this year on the Bell farm, at Indian Head, is evidence of the capabilities of the soil when properly worked, and seed put in at

the proper time.

The older settlements of Prince Albert, St. Laurent, Battleford, Edmonton and St. Albert, all on the Saskatchewan River, and over 200 miles north of this point, have harvested a much greater proportion of their grain this year than in any prece-

ding one, although a severe frost was felt all over the country at the end of August. The success of these settlements, therefore, can only be accounted for by improved cultivation and early sowing. This cannot be too much impressed on the minds of new arrivals, in order to save them from disappointment.

In conclusion, I may state that there is a general contentment throughout the Territories, and great confidence in the future. My experience of five years in the Territories, convinces me that there can be no better country for settlers, with even a slight knowledge of farming and a small capital, or where a comfortable home can be secured at so small a cost, and in so short a time.

I have the honour to be, Sir.

Your obedient servant,

E. DEWDNEY.

Lieutenant-Governor, North-West Territories.

To the Hon, the Minister of the Interior.

RETURN of Special Permissions for the Importation of Intoxicating Liquors into the North-West Territories, during the Year 1881, as required by 43 Vic., Chap. 25, Section 90, sub-Section 2. Sacramental purposes. Remarks. Porter. Genuine. Wine. Spirits of Mitre. Alcohol. Ram Fotal Quantities. Gin. 829 9 .oaiW Reer. Brandy. 1,586 ::: డ్లి కి Whiskey. Genuino Wine. Quantity in Gallons of each Intoxicant in each Permit. Porter. Spirits of Mitre. Alcohol. Kam. :::::: : : Gin. ::::: .əniW ******* ******* • 2 Beer. Brandy. ••••• : : : • C4 64 Whiskey. Permits.

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RETURN of Special Permissions for the Importation of Intoxicating Liquors, &c.—Continued.

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RECAPITULATION.

Total number of Permits.

Total gallons of Whiskey

do Brandy

do Wine

do Wine

do Rum

do Alcohol

List of Justices of the Peace in and for the North-West Territories, appointed since the organization of the Territories, to 31st December, 1883:—

NAMES.

ADDRESSES.

•	
Richard Hardisty	Calgary.
Tierrance Clerke	Prince Albert
Podoviola MoFenlana	Fort Channewsvan
Hanne Dalaman	Combonland
Roderick McFarlane Horace Belanger Alexander Matheson	.Cumberiand.
Alexander Matneson	.The Pas.
Ewan McDonald	.11e à la Crosse.
Julian S. Camsell	Fort Simpson.
Julian S. Camsell	.Fort Qu'Appelle.
Isaac Cowie	Fort McMurray.
Adam McBeth	Fort Pelly.
Edward McGillivray	
Jean Louis Legaré	Woody Mountain
Detailed Durland	Woody mountain.
Patrice Breland	. do
Thomas McKay	Prince Albert.
Dr. W. M. McKayJames McDougall	.Dunvegan.
James McDougall	.Edmonton.
John Macaulay.	.St. John.
Henry J. Moberly	Fort Vermillion.
Norbert Larance	St. Laurent
William James Scott	Rettleford
Oman D Harden	Duck Toke
Owen E. Hughes	.Duck Dake.
Hillyard Mitchell	•_ do
William Traill	.Lesser Slave Lake.
John Clemens	.The Pas.
Charles Mair	.Prince Albert.
Capt. Chas. Young	. do
Capt. Chas. Young	Jasper House.
Angus McBeath	Touch good Hills
Angus mcDeath	Man Mar and
Insp. Thos. Dowling Bernard Brewster	.Fort McLeod.
Bernard Brewster	.South Branch.
Louis Smidt	St. Laurent.
James Jamieson Campbell	.Prince Albert.
Charles Nolin	St. Laurent.
William Steed	Fort McLeod.
Major James Walker	
Tran John W Malling	Fort McLood
Insp. John H. McIllree	Paris McLeou.
Insp. Sam B. Steele	Regina.
Insp. Sam B. Steele Insp. Alex. R. Macdonell	Medicine Hat.
Insp. W. D. Antrobus Dixie Watson	Battleford.
Dixie Watson	Fort Qu'Appelle.
Wm. Johnson	Regina.
Wm, Anderson	Edmonton.
LtCol. Alex. Sproat	
Dr. Coorne A Wanned	Coloner
Dr. George A. Kennedy	Cargary.
Edwin C. K. Davis	.Moose Jaw.
William Syme Redpath	.Big Cut Horn Creek.
Michell Pierce.	.Moose Mountain.
Henry Dodd	Broadview.
David Lynch Scott	.Regina.
Arthur G. M. Spragge	do
Insp. A. H. Griesbach	Fort Saakatahaman
Insp. Frank Norman	
14	

John C. C. Hamilton	Broadview.
Harry Lejeune	Regina.
James Harvey	Indian Head.
William Rob. Bell	do
John Gillispie	Fort Qu'Appelle.
John E. Ross	Moose Jaw.
John Dickie	Broadview.
Theo. S. Stimson	
George Anderson	Grenfell.
Joseph Daniel	Moosomin.
William Cust	Edmonton.
George L. Dodds	Wolselev.
Hugh Hassard	Moose Mountain.
Thomas Hislap	do
Harrison Young.	Lac la Biche.
John Wesley Connell	Delareine. Manitoba
Insp. Francis J. Dickens Stephen H. Caswell	Fort Pitt.
Stephen H. Caswell	Trov.
John A. B. Milton	Dunvegan.
John A. B. Milton James Kidd Oswald	Calgary.
Samuel McDonald	Indian Head.
Rufus Stephenson	
Chas. T. Lewis	
Thomas Gamble Lyons	
C. C. Rogers	Crescent City.
Oliver T. Stone	Sussex.
James Hamilton	
Joel Reaman	
Insp. R. B. Deane	
Charles S. Willis	Wolf Creek
William C. Bishop	
Peter McAree	*do
Alfred Hutcheson	
Thomas Tweed	Medicine Hat.
Insp. Percy R. Neale	Regina.

List of Notaries Public in and for the North-West Territories, appointed since the organization of the Territories, to 31st December 1883:—

NAMES.

ADDRESSES.

Laurence Clarke	Prince Albert.
Hayter Reid	Regina.
A. E. Forget	do
Major L. N. F. Crozier	Fort McLeod.
Wm, Valleau Maclise	Prince Albert.
Stewart D. Mulkins	Edmonton.
W. R. Gunn	
Dixie Watson	Fort Qu'Appele.
Wm. Prescott Sharpe	Regina.
C. E. H. de Lagorgendiere	
Arthur G. Molson Spragge	Regina.
Nicholas F. Davin	do
Henry Bleecker	Edmonton.
John G. Turriff	
S. C. Elliott	Prince Albert.
William Laurie	Battleford.

W. B. Ross	Regina.
Inspector Thomas Dowling	Calgary.
William White	Regina
George A. Watson	Prince Albert.
Fitzgerald Cochrane	do
Fitzgerald CochraneE. A. Baynes	Fort Calgary,
Salter Mountain Jarvis	Regina.
W. C. Hamilton	do
D D Campbell	Qu'Appelle.
E. H. Morphy	Winnipeg.
W. E. McLellan	Qu'Appelle.
E. H. Morphy	Regina.
William Andrew Collins	
T. W. Jackson	Qu'Appelle.
T. C. Johnson	Regina.
Edwin C. K. Davis	Moose Jaw.
Wm. Syme Redpath	Big Cut Horn Creek.
John G. Gordon	Regina.
John G. Gordon	Winnineg.
J H M Aikins	do
F. W. Latty	Regina.
John H. Cother	do
John Secord	
James Henry Benson	do
Henry Joseph Dexter	Winnineg
J. Stewart Tupper	do
Augustine Foy	Regina
Joseph Benjamin McArthur	Winnineg.
William Jackson	Prince Albert.
J. W. McIllree	Calgary.
James Walker	
Richard Hoskin	Regina.
Wm. Grayson	Moose Jaw
Endo Saunders	Regina.
Edward H. D. Hall	Moose Jaw
Thomas Routledge	Indian Head.
Thomas C. Atkinson	Medicine Hat.
James H. Loughead	do
Willoughby Clarke	Moose Jaw.
Thomas C. Down	Broadview.
John N. Muir	Calgary.
Alfred Duncan Perry	do
Charles C. McCaul	Fort McLeod.
Charles W. Peterson	Calgary.
James Kidd Oswald	do
Leslie Gordon	Trov.
Samuel Macdonald	Indian Head.

List of Issuers of Marriage Licenses in and for the North-West Territories, appointed since the organization of the Territories, to 31st December, 1883.

NAMES.

ADDRESSES.

Amedée Emmanuel Forget	Regina.
aurence Clarke	Prince Albert.
seph Finlayson	do.
Archibald McDonald	Fort Ellice.
•	

Alexander Matheson The Pas.	
Rev. Jos. RedderTouchwood Hi	lis.
Adam McBeathFort Pelly.	
Isaac CowieFort McMurra	y .
Captain William Winder Fort McLeod.	
George HarpenBattleford.	
Rev. Henry CochraneThe Pas.	
Rt. Rev. John McLeanPrince Albert.	
Major L. N. F. CrozierFort McLeod.	
Rev. Benjamin McKenzieCumberland.	
Thomas DowlingFort McLeod.	
Rev. Gilbert Cook Touchwood Hi	lls.
Inspector Frank Norman Fort Walsh.	
Rev. William J. Hewitt Regina.	
Rev. D. Cook SandersonEdmonton.	
Patrick Gammie Laurie Battleford.	
Thomas RoutledgeIndian Head.	
James Albert Keyes Moose Jaw.	
Joseph DanielMoosomin.	
Leslie GordonTroy.	
J. C. C. HamiltonBroadview.	
George L. DoddsWolseley.	
George AndersonGrenfell.	
Samuel CrothersFort Qu'Appel	le.
David Arthur JohnstonRegina.	
Rev. John McDougallMorleyville.	
Rev. William WentonEdmonton.	
Richard HardistyCalgary.	
Rev. Henry Derintrawer White Fish La	ke
William R. BreretonJasper House.	æv.
Rt. Rev. W. C. BompasAthabasca.	
Roderick McFarlane Fort Chipewy	o n
Henry J. MoberlyFort Vermillie	au. Эn
James McDougallEdmonton.	ли,
Rev. Wellington BridgemanMedicine Hat.	
Frank R. J. Hall	
A. W. R. MarkleyPrince Albert	
James Kidd Oswald Calgary.	•
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ABSTRACT SHOWING LEGISLATION IN THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

By an Order in Council of the 11th day of May, A. D., 1877, passed under the provisions of the then existing North-West Territories Act, power was conferred upon the Lieutenant Governor in Council to pass Ordinances for the Government of the North-West Territories.

Under the provisions of this Order in Council, Ordinances have been passed as

follows :-

1878.

In the Session begun and holden at Battleford, on the 10th day of July, and closed on the 2nd day of August, 1878, the following Ordinances were passed:

No. 1. An Ordinance respecting Revenue and Expenditure—

Provides for the creation of a General Revenue Fund to be appropriated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, for purposes of public utility.

No. 2. An Ordinance respecting the administration of Civil Justice. As amended in 1879 and in 1883:—

This Ordinance, as amended, provides for the formation of four Judicial Districts, as follows:—

First Judicial District—All the Provisional District of Assiniboia, east of the 4th Meridian.

Second Judicial District—All the Provisional District of Assiniboia, west of the 4th Meridian, and all that part of the Provisional District of Alberta, south of the North Boundary of Assiniboia, produced westerly to Red Deer River, and thence up stream to its source, and from thence west to British Columbia.

Third Judicial District—That portion of Alberta, north of Second Judicial District, and all of the Provisional District of Saskatchewan, lying west of the 4th Principal Meridian, including all of Territories lying north and west of same, west of said Meridian.

Fourth Judicial District—All remaining portion of Saskatchewan and Territories north of same.

The Lieutenant Governor may divide these Judicial Districts into Divisions, by proclamation.

This part of the Ordinance comes into force on the 1st day of January, 1884.

Court shall be held in each District, at least twice a year.

Jurisdiction—Courts shall have jurisdiction in all matters of Civil Law, and Equity, &c., possessed by the Law, Equity and Surrogate Courts of Ontario.

Clerks—Provision is made for the appointment of a Clerk for each District, and for his taking oaths of allegiance and office, and giving security in

\$500. His duties are prescribed.

Procedure.—The Plaintiff, on fyling a plain statement of his cause of action obtains a summons, which must be served personally in cases exceding \$50 (exceptis excipiendis), calling upon the Defendant to appear on a fixed date to answer the complaint or cause of action, particulars of which are annexed to the summons. Upon so appearing, either in person or by agent, the Defendant is called upon to state the nature of his defence, when issue is joined, and unless some cause for delay is shown, the case is tried and determined. If the Defendant does not appear, the Plaintiff proceeds to prove his claim and obtains judgment.

Juries and Appeals.—Section 84, et seq. of 43 Vict., cap. 25, provides for Juries in certain cases and for appeals, and this Ordinance prescribes

details of the method of obtaining appeals.

Execution.—Execution can issue thirty days after judgment, unless sooner ordered, and the sale of goods and chattels must be advertised for at least ten days after the seizure. Execution on land cannot be had for less than \$50, and then only on a return of nulla bona, and no sale until six months from date of execution.

Evidence, &c.—The laws of evidence and the principles which governed the administration of justice in Ontario, in 1878, shall obtain in the Courts.

Absconding Debtors.—An affidavit, similar to Ontario procedure, attachment before judgment, can be obtained of the debtor's personal property and provision is made where several warrants of attachment issue against the same person, for the distribution pro rata of the proceeds of property seized amongst creditors.

Interpleader—Replevin. Surrogate—Guardianship.

Provisions are made for these subjects, based on the laws of Ontario. Letters of Administration, however, may be granted to any suitable person by the Stipendiary Magistrate, if no application is made to prove a Will or grant Letters within 20 days.

81

Costs.—The losing party is charged with the costs (unless the Stipendiary Magistrate otherwise orders) viz:—Clerk's fees, witnesses fees, and where the successful party has employed a Counsel or Attorney or Agent, the Stipendiary Magistrate may add a Counsel's fee of from \$5 to \$100.

No. 5. An Ordinance respecting Limitation of Actions in certain cases— Provides for prescription of six years in certain classes of actions, barring any time expired before passing of the Ordinance.

No. 6. An Ordinance respecting Fees in summary trials —

Prescribing fees to be charged by Justices of the Peace, constables and witnesses in cases of summary convictions.

No. 7. An Ordinance for the appointment of Constables -

Gives power to Justices of the Peace to appoint constables and presenting oath to be taken by such constables. Each appointment lapses on the 31st December next following its date.

No. 8. An Ordinance authorizing the appointment of Notaries Public.

Repealed in 1883 by Ordinance No. 7. q.v.

No. 9. An Ordinance respecting marriages. Repealed in 1883 by Ordinance No. 7.

q. v.

Gave power to ministers and elergymen duly ordained and to Justices of the Peace to marry persons. No marriage to be solemnized, unless by license of the Lieutenant-Governor, until publication of banns at least once, except where distance from issuer of marriage licenses precludes them being obtained, &c., when minister shall satisfy himself that no impediment exists. License obtained as in Ontario. Registers to be kept of marriages solemnized, and fyled.

No. 10. An Ordinance respecting fences as amended in 1883.

Provides that a fence 4 feet 6 inches high, either of not less than three rails, the lowest not less than 20 inches from ground, or a fence with a substantial top rail, and of not less than two barbed wires, the lower one not more than 20 inches from the ground, or any river bank or other natural boundary sufficient to keep animals out of enclosed land, shall be a lawful fence. Provision is made for the expense of fences separating adjoining lands, being borne by neighbors. The owners of animals trespassing on lands enclosed by a lawful fence are liable for the damage caused thereby.

No. 11.—An ordinance to incorporate the Roman Catholic Bishop of St. Albert.

A corporation sole is made of the Very Rev. Vital Grandin, Roman Catholic Bishop of St. Albert, and his successors, named, "La Corporation Episcopale Catholique de St. Albert." The corporation may acquire, by gift or purchase, for charitable, ecclesiastical and educational purposés, lands, &c., to the extent of 6,000 acres, and may sell, lease and transfer the same.

No. 12.—An ordinance respecting the Marking of Stock. Amended in 1883. q. v.

Power is given to the Lieutenant-Governor to proclaim Stock Districts, and
Recorders of Marks are appointed. Within such districts only the
Ordinance applies. Any person can acquire the right to a particular
mark, and any other person thereafter using such mark shall be liable to
\$50 fine, or, in default, imprisonment not exceeding forty days, for each
offence. When stock so marked is sold, the vendor must "vent" his
mark by inserting the original mark either close to or upon the original
mark.

No. 13. An Ordinance respecting Stallions-

Prohibits stallions of one year old or upwards running at large within ten miles of a settlement, and gives power to any person to confine the same and collect from owner certain fees before surrendering same; or, if no owner is found within three months, to sell same and pay proceeds, less captor's fees, to the Lieutenant-Governor.

No. 14. An Ordinance respecting Poisons.

Prohibiting the setting of strychnine or other poisons to destroy animals, except when license is granted therefor upon the causes mentioned therein. Penalty \$100, or imprisonment not exceeding three months.

1879.

In the Session begun and holden at Battleford on the 28th day of August, and closed on the 27th day of September, 1879, Ordinances were passed as follows:—

No. 1. An Ordinance respecting Infectious Diseases—

Gives power to the Lieutenant-Governor to proclaim any part of the North-West Territories which is infected with any contagious, infectious or epidemic disease, and proscribe outside intercourse therewith; to proscribe ingress and egress; to proclaim Health Districts and appoint a Board of Health, with certain powers, &c.

No. 2. An ordinance respecting Dangerous Lunatics-

Giving power to Justices of the Peace, on information laid, to arrest any person that is, or is suspected to be insane and dangerous, and has exhibited a purpose of committing a criminal offence. Such Justices shall, thereafter, on evidence being adduced to establish that the prisoner is a dangerous lunatic, commit him to gaol until the pleasure of the Lieutenant-Governor is known.

No 3. An Ordinance respecting Ferries.

Giving power to the Lieutenant-Governor to issue licenses to any person or persons, for periods not exceeding three years, granting exclusive right to ferry over rivers, upon such terms and conditions as he may see fit, establishing rates of toll, &c.

No. 4. An Ordinance for the Prevention of Prairie and Forest Fires, as amended in

1883---

Prohibiting any person from wantonly or carelessly setting fire to any timber, woodland or grass, or kindling a fire in the open air, except for camp or other domestic purposes, (when they must take effectual means for preventing same from spreading), or to protect buildings, &c., from running fires, under penalty of \$100, or imprisonment not exceeding three months. Provision is made that nothing in the Ordinance contained shall bar actions for damages.

No. 5. An Ordinance respecting Masters and Servants.

This is based on the Manitoba law on the subject.

No. 6. An Ordinance respecting the Licensing of Billiard and other Tables, and for the prevention of Gambling, as amended in 1883—

Requiring keepers of public billiard, pool or other tables and bowling alleys

to take out a yearly license therefor.

certain food, is exempt from seizure.

Prohibiting any description of gambling in the North-West Territories, under penalty of \$100 fine; or, in default, imprisonment not exceeding three months. Power is given to any Police Officer to enter any suspected place, to seize tables, moneys, &c., used in contravention of the Ordinance, which shall be forfeited, the tables, &c., destroyed, and the money applied toward the Revenue of the North-West Territories.

No. 9. An Ordinance to amend the Administration of Civil Justice Ordinance, 1878:—
The contents of this Ordinance have been before noted. See Ordinance

No. 4, of 1878. (Page 2 et seq.)

No. 8. An Ordinance exempting certain Property from Seizure and Sale under Executions.

One cow, two oxen, or one thorse, two pigs, certain personal property, and

No. 9. An Ordinance respecting the Registration of Deeds and other Instruments relating to lands in the North-West Territories. Amended in 1881 and 1883. This Ordinance follows the general provisions of the Ontario and Manitoba Acts on the subject.

No. 10. An Ordinance respecting the Ordinances of the North-West Territories.

This is an interpretation Ordinance, likewise based on Ontario Law.

1881.

In the Session begun and holden at Battleford, on the the 26th day of May, and closed on the 11th day of June, 1881, Ordinances were passed as follows:—

No. 1. An Ordinance respecting Short Forms of Indentures, as amended in 1833:—
Provisions are made for short forms of Deeds of Conveyance, Deeds of
Mortgage and Deeds of Lease, similar to the Ontario and Manitoba
laws on the subject.

No. 2. An Ordinance respecting Security to be given by Public Officers-

By which public officers required to give security for the performance of their duties may give the bond or policy of Guarantee Companies.

The liabilities of such sureties is limited to causes of action which have arisen within six years of the commencement of suit.

No. 3. An Ordinance to amend and extend the Registration of Titles Ordinance:—
The contents of this Ordinance are noted in comments on Ordinance No. 9,
of 1879 (page 16).

No. 4. An Ordinance respecting the Office of Sheriff:-

The Sheriff is required, when called upon so to do by the Lieutenant-Governor, to give security. Such sureties to be liable to parties to legal proceedings for omissions, defaults or misconduct. The Bonds void as to sureties 18 months after death. Removal or resignation of Sheriff if no misbehaviour appears to have been committed. Sheriffs are prohibited from purchasing at sales. Provision is made for books to be kept by Sheriff.

No. 5. An Ordinance respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property:—

The law on this subject is based on the Ontario law, but the time for registration is 15 days instead of 5 days.

No. 6. An Ordinance respecting Trespassing and Stray Animals:--

Gives power to the Lieutenant-Governor to proclaim Pound Districts and appoint Pound Keepers.

Empowers owners or occupiers of lands surrounded by a lawful fence, to capture and deliver to Pound Keeper any trespasser thereon, and makes owner liable for damages committed by it.

Prescribes duties of Pound Keepers, their fees, &c.

No. 7. An Ordinance respecting Marriages:—

Enables ministers and clergymen of every church, and persons appointed by Lieutenant-Governor as commissioners, to solemnize marriages. No Commissioner can solemnize marriages until license is produced, and no clergyman unless license is produced or banns have been published, or he has satisfied himself that no impediment exists. In order to obtain a license, an affidavit must be made by one of the parties that no affinity, consanguinity or other legal impediment exists; that, in the case of minors, the necessary consent has been obtained from parents or guardians, &c. All marriages must be performed in the presence of two credible witnesses, at least, besides parties officiating. Marriage Registrars are appointed, i. e., Registrars of Deeds and such other persons as the Lieutenant-Governor may appoint.

No. 8. An Ordinance to incorporate the Bishop of the Church of England, Diocese of

Saskatchewan:—

A corporation sole is created of the Right Reverend John McLean, Bishop of the Church of England, in the Diocese of Saskatchewan, and his successors, with power to acquire, for charitable, ecclesiastical and educational purposes, moveable and immoveable property, &c., the land not to exceed 6,000 acres, and to sell, lease and transfer the same.

No. 9. An Ordinance respecting the Sale of Medicines and Drugs-

Empowers Lieutenant-Governor to set apart, by proclamations, districts within which medicines shall not be sold by persons not holding degrees in medicine or a license from the Lieutenant-Governor. Patent medicines are excluded from the provisions hereof.

No. 10. An Ordinance to amend an Ordinance respecting Fences— Repealed by Ordinance No. 21 of 1883.

No. 11. An Ordinance for the Protection of Sheep, as amended in 1833-

Making it lawful for any person to kill any dog in the act of pursuing, worrying or destroying sheep, lambs, calves or colts elsewhere than on the enclosed land of the owner of the dog. On complaint, a Justice of the Peace may summon before him the owner of such a dog, and, on the evidence of one credible witness, order the destruction of the dog or \$20 fine. Conviction no bar to civil action. Proof of previous knowledge of dog's propensity not necessary.

No. 12. An Ordinance respecting Driving off Horses and Cattle:-

Persons using or driving off horses of others made liable to \$100 fine or three months' imprisonment as a maximum. Conviction no bar to civil action.

No. 13. An Ordinance respecting Bulls :-

In Districts proclaimed by Lieutenant-Governor, bulls one year old and upwards are prohibitted from running at large between 1st February and 1st June. Such bulls may be captured and confined. Ordinance does not apply to Pound Districts.

1883.

Under Section 9, of the North-West Territories Act, 1880, and an Order in Council of the 26th day of June, 1883, Ordinances as follows, were passed:—
No. 1. An Ordinance respecting Infectious and Contagious Diseases of Domestic

Animals-

Prohibits the running at large of such animals, which must be kept in some secure enclosure, or herded at least six miles from any farm or from any stock running at large. Maximum penalty for violation thereof, \$100.

Provision is made for dealing with such cases by a Justice of the Peace, and examination of suspected animals and their destruction in certain cases.

No. 2. An Ordinance respecting Municipalities.

This Ordinance is based on the Ontario Municipal law.

Provision is made for the erection of municipalities by proclamation of the Lieutenant-Governor, on a petition of two-thirds of the residents within the limits of proposed municipality qualified to vote for members of the North-West Council, such municipalities to consist of not less than four townships; also for the erection of towns, with an area of not less than 320 acres nor more than 2,560 acres, with a resident population of not less than 300.

The Council of any Municipality may pass by-laws for:

1. The raising of revenue, by assessment, on real and personal property and for collecting the same.

2. The expenditure of the revenue.

3. Construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, &c.

4. Prevention of cruelty to animals.

5. Abatement of nuisances.

6. Regarding abuses prejudicial to agriculture.

7. Relief of the poor.

8. Drains and watercourses.

9. Drainage and ditches.

10. Public health.

11. Appointment of public officers to enforce provisions of this Ordinance.

12. The maintenance of the same.

13. Pounds.

14. Erection of municipal buildings.

15. Encouragement of tree planting.

16. Taking census.

17. Enforcing by laws by fine or imprisonment.

18. The sale of land or personal property for upaid taxes.

19. Regulating meetings of Council and conduct of its members.

20. Duties of its officers, salaries and securities.

21. Public morals.

 Establishing and regulating public markets and imposing penalties for light weights, &c.

23. Granting bonuses to works of a public nature, subject to ratification of the people.

24. Exemption from taxation for current year.

25. Exemption from taxation for more than a year, subject to ratification by the people.

26. Granting aid to agricultural societies.

Town councils, in addition to powers conferred on Municipalities, may pass by laws respecting:—

1 to 6. Fires, fire engines, fire limits, &c.

7. Parks and cemeteries.

8. Sewers, ditches and watercourses.

9. Sidewalks.

- 10. Blocking up streets.
- Rate of driving.
- 12. Scavenging.
- 13. Nuisances.
- 14. Licensing of porters, hackmen, guides, &c.

15. Markets.

16. Licensing circuses, theatres, caravans, &c.

17. Board of Health.

- 18. Licensing hotels, &c.
- 19. Water works.

20. Street lighting.

21. Appointment of policemen, &c.

22. Public wells and reservoirs.

23. Generally, the government and good order of the town, the suppression of vice, the protection of property, the benefit of trade and commerce and promotion of health, not inconsistent with the Ordinances of the North-West Territories.

Exemptions.—All land or personal property in the Territories shall be liable to taxation subject to the following exemptions:—

Crown property.
 Indian property.

3 If either of such descriptions of property is occupied by any person otherwise than in an official capacity, such occupant shall be assessed in respect thereof.

4. Property actually used for educational purposes.

5. Municipal property.

- 6. Jails and court houses.
- 7. Poor houses, houses of industry, asylums and land on which they stand, not exceeding a half acre.
- 8. Public libraries.
- 9. Incomes of farmers derived from farms and incomes derived from capital liable to taxation.
- 10. Personal property invested in municipal debentures.

11. Personal property up to \$200.

12. Grain in transitu, household effects, books and wearing apparel.

No. 3. An Ordinance to amend the Administration of Civil Justice Ordinances, 1878 and 1879-

The contents of this have been before noted. See page 2 et seq.

No. 4. An Ordinance respecting Partnership-

Provides for the registration of partnerships, following the Ontario law on the subject.

No 5. An Ordinance for the Relief of Indigent Children—

Empowering schools or orphanages, maintained by religious bodies or voluntary contributions, to receive boys under 16 and girls under 14 years of age, for the purpose of supporting and educating them.

Empowering a Stipendiary Magistrate or two Justices of the Peace to deliver any such child, who has no home or guardian, or visible means of support, or who is an orphan or destitute, &c., to such institutions. Such institutions to maintain boys till 18 and girls until 20 years of age, unless girls previously marry. Power of parents and friends to cease, but child may be removed from such institutions, if parents or relations desire it, and are fit persons to have control. Private persons may also adopt children.

Provision is made for keeping registers showing children so received, and for visiting such institutions.

No. 6. An Ordinance to prevent the Profanation of the Lord's Day.

Prohibits trading, &c., on Sunday; playing billiards or pool, &c., in public rooms, and horse racing on Sunday. Contracts rendered null made on that day. Maximum penalty, \$100 fine.

No. 7. An Ordinance authorizing the appointment of Notaries Public-

Giving power to the Lieutenant-Governor to appoint Notaries Public resident within the North-West Territories.

No. 8. An Ordinance for the Protection of Game-

Based on the law of Manitoba. Persons in actual want may kill any bird or animal in or out of season.

No. 9. An Ordinance to regulate the disposal of Found or Stolen Animals—

The North-West Mounted Police are empowered to sell such animals under certain conditions, if not claimed within three months.

No. 10. An Ordinance respecting the Herding of Animals-

The Lieutenant-Governor, on a requisition of not less than two-thirds of the inhabitants, may proclaim Herd Districts. In such districts animals straying and doing damage on cultivated lands may be distrained, put in pound and held for such damages, &c.

No. 11. An Ordinance to enforce the Destruction of the Canada Thistle and other

Noxious Weeds-

Based upon the Manitoba law on the subject.

No. 12. An Ordinance respecting Auctioneers, Hawkers and Pedlars-Requiring such persons to procure licenses every year at a cost of \$25. Maximum penalty, \$100 fine for selling without license.

No. 13. An Ordinance to provide and regulate Returns by Justices of the Peace-To provide for half-yearly returns of proceedings had and convictions made by Justices of the Peace. 24

- No. 14. An Ordinance respecting the Construction of Chimneys-
 - Making provisions for preventing fire from defective chimneys.
- No. 15. An Ordinance to amend the Ordinance No. 6, of 1879, respecting the licensing of Billiard and other Tables, and for the Prevention of Gambling—
 - The contents of this are noted in comments on Ordinance No. 6, of 1879. (See page 15.)
- No. 16. An Ordinance to further amend "The Registration of Titles Ordinance, 1879"—
 - This reduces the fees which the Registrar was authorized to charge by the previous Ordinance.
- No. 17. An Ordinance to amend Ordinance No. 8, of 1878, respecting the Marking of Stock—
 - Makes provision that persons marking stock belonging to other people shall pay the owner thereof three times its value.
- No. 18. An Ordinance to amend Ordinance No. 1, of 1881, respecting Short Forms of Indentures—
 - Treated of in comments on that Ordinance. (See page 17.)
- No. 19. An Ordinance to amend an Ordinance for the protection of Sheep, No. 11, of 1881—
 - See abstract of that Ordinance, page 22.
- No. 20. An Ordinance to amend an Ordinance for the prevention of Prairie and Forest Fires, No. 4, of 1879 —

 See abstract of that Ordinance, page 13.
- No. 21. An Ordinance to repeal Ordinance No. 10, of 1881, and to amend an Ordinance respecting Fences, No. 10, of 1878—
 - See abstract of that Ordinance, page 9.

PART V.

MINING REGULATIONS

To govern the disposal of Mineral Lands other than Coal Lands.

- 1. These regulations shall be applicable to all Dominion Lands containing gold, silver, cinnabar, lead, tin, copper, petroleum, iron, or other mineral deposit of economic value, with the exception of coal.
- 2. Any person may explore vacant Dominion Lands not appropriated or reserved by Government for other purposes, and may search therein, either by surface or subterranean prospecting, for mineral deposits, with a view to obtaining under these Regulations a mining location for the same, but no mining location or mining claim shall be granted until the discovery of the vein, lode, or deposit of mineral or metal within the limits of the location or claim.

I.—QUARTZ MINING.

3. A location for mining, except for iron, on veins, lodes, or ledges of quartz or other rock in place, shall not exceed forty acres in area. Its surface boundaries shall be straight due north and south and east and west lines not more than four in number. Its length shall not be more than three times its breadth. Its boundaries beneath the surface shall be the vertical planes in which its surface boundaries lie.

4. Any person having discovered a mineral deposit may obtain a mining location

therefor, under these Regulations, in the following manner:—

(a) He shall mark the location on the ground by placing at each of its four corners a wooden post, not less than four inches square, driven not less than eighteen inches into the ground, and showing that length above it. If the ground be too rocky to admit of so driving the posts into it, he shall build about each of them, to support it and keep it in place, a cairn or mound of stones, at least three feet in diameter at the base, and eighteen inches high. On the most north-easterly post he shall mark legibly with a cutting instrument, or with coloured chalk, or with a pencil, his name in full, the date of such marking, and the letters ML. 1, to indicate that the post is a Mining Location post No. 1. Proceeding next to the most south-easterly post, he shall mark it ML. 2, and with his initials. Next, the most south-westerly post shall be marked ML. 3, and with his initials; and, lastly, the most north-westerly post with his initials and the letters ML. 4. Furthermore, on one of the faces of each post, which face shall in the planting thereof be turned towards the post which next follows it in the order in which they are here named and numbered, there shall be marked in figures the. number of yards' distance to such next following post. If means of measurement are not available, the distance to be so marked on each of the posts may be that estimated. If the corner of a location falls in a ravine, bed of a stream, or any other situation where the character of the locality may render the planting of a post impossible, the corner may be indicated by the erection at the nearest suitable point of a witness post, which in that case shall contain the same marks as those prescribed in this clause in regard to corner posts, as well as the letters W. P., and an indication of the bearing and distance of the site of the true corner from such witness post.

(In this manner any subsequent prospector, informed of these Regulations, will, on meeting any one of the posts or mounds, be enabled to follow them all round, from one to another, and avoid encroachment, either in search or in marking out another

location in the vicinity for himself.)
12-15-

- (b) Having so marked out on the ground the location he desires, the claimant shall within ninety days thereafter file with the Local Agent, in the Dominion Land Office for the district in which the location is situate, a declaration on oath according to Form A in the schedule to these Regulations (which may be sworn to before the said Agent, or may have been previously sworn to before a Justice of the Peace or Commissioner) setting forth the circumstances of his discovery, and describing, as nearly as may be, the locality and dimensions of the claim marked out by him as aforesaid; and shall, along with such declaration, pay to the said Agent an entry fee of five dollars.
- (c) The Agent shall then give him a receipt, according to Form B in the schedule to these Regulations, for such fee. This receipt shall authorize the claimant, his legal representatives or assigns, to enter into possession of the location applied for, and, during the term of one year from its date, to take therefrom and dispose of, any mineral deposit contained within its boundaries.
- 5. At any time before the expiration of one year from the date of his obtaining the Agent's receipt as aforesaid, it shall be open to the claimant to purchase the location on filing with the Local Agent proof that he has expended not less than five hundred dollars in actual mining operations on the same, such proof to consist of his own sworn statement, accompanied and confirmed by the affidavits of two disinterested persons, setting forth in detail the nature of such operations and the amount expended.
- 6. The price to be paid for a mining location shall be at the rate of five dollars per acre cash.
- 7. On making the application to purchase a mining location, and paying the price therefor as hereinbefore provided, the claimant shall also deposit with the Agent the sum of fifty dollars, which shall be deemed payment by him to the Government for the survey of his location; and, upon the receipt of the plans and field-notes, and the approval thereof by the Surveyor-General, a patent shall issue to the claimant in the Form D in the schedule hereto. If, on account of its remoteness or other cause. a mining location cannot, at the time of the deposit of fifty dollars by the applicant for the purpose, be surveyed by the Government for that sum, he shall be subject to the alternative of waiting until the employment of a surveyor by the Government on other work in the vicinity of the claim renders it convenient to have the survey made at a cost not exceeding fifty dollars, or of sooner procuring at his own cost its survey by a duly commissioned surveyor of Dominion Lands, under instructions from the Surveyor-General; in the latter case, on receipt of the plans and field-notes of the survey and approval thereof by the Surveyor-General, as hereinbefore provided, the claimant shall be entitled to receive his patent, and to have returned to him the fifty dollars deposited by him to defray cost of survey.
- 8. Should the claimant, or his legal representatives as aforesaid, fail to prove within one year the expenditure prescribed; or, having proved such expenditure, fail within that time to pay in full, and in cash, to the Local Agent, the price hereinbefore fixed for such mining location, and also to pay the sum of fifty dollars hereinbefore prescribed for the survey of his location, then any right on the part of the claimant or of his legal representatives in the location, or claim on his or their part to acquire it, shall lapse, and the location shall thereupon revert to the Crown and shall be held, along with any immoveable improvements thereon, for disposal, under these Regulations, to any other person, or as the Minister of the Interior may direct; provided, that the Minister of the Interior may, upon sufficient cause being shown, extend the time within which the claimant may purchase his mining location for the additional term of one year, upon payment by the claimant of a new entry fee and the relinquishment of his original receipt, in exchange for which the Agent shall, when so directed by the said Minister, give him a new receipt in the Form C in the schedule hereto.

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- 9. Where two or more persons lay claim to the same mining location, the right to acquire it shall be in him who can prove he was the first to discover the mineral deposit involved, and to take possession by demarcation, in the manner prescribed in these Regulations, of the location covering it.
- 10. Priority of discovery alone shall not give the right to acquire; but a person subsequently and independently discovering, who has complied with the other conditions prescribed in these Regulations, shall take precedence of the first discoverer if the latter has failed to comply with the said other conditions. Provided, however, that, in any case where it is proved that a claimant has in bad faith used the prior discovery of another, and fraudulently affirms that he made independent discovery and demarcation, he shall, apart from any other legal consequences, have no claim, and shall forfeit the deposit made with his application, and shall be absolutely debarred from obtaining another mining location.
- 11. Not more than one mining location shall be granted to any individual claimant upon the same lode or vein.
- 12. Where land is used or occupied for milling purposes, reduction works or other purposes incidental to mining operations, either by the proprietor of a mining location or other person, such land may be applied for and patented, either in connection with, or separate from, a mining location, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the application for, and the patenting of, mining locations, and may be held in addition to any such mining location; but such additional land shall in no case exceed five acres in extent and shall be paid for at the same rate as a mining location.
- 13. The Minister of the Interior may grant a location for the mining of iron not exceeding 160 acres in area. Provided, that should any person making an application purporting to be for the purpose of mining iron thus obtain, whether in good faith or transdulently, possession of a valuable mineral deposit other than iron, his right in such deposit shall be restricted to the area hereinbefore prescribed for other minerals, and the rest of the location shall thereupon revert to the Crown for such disposition as the Minister may direct.
- 14. When there are two or more applicants for any mining location, no one of whom is the original discoverer, or his assignee, the Minister of the Interior, if he sees fit to dispose of the location, shall invite their competitive tenders, or shall put it up to public tender, or auction, as he may deem expedient.
- 15. An assignment of the right to purchase a mining location shall be endorsed on the back of the receipt or certificate of assignment (Forms B and E, in the schedule hereto), and the execution thereof shall be attested by two disinterested witnesses; upon the deposit of the receipt or certificate with such assignment executed and attested as herein provided, in the office of the Local Agent, accompanied by a registration fee of two dollars, the Local Agent shall give to the assignee a receipt in the Form E in the schedule hereto, which certificate shall entitle the assignee to all the rights and privileges of the original discoverer in respect of the claim assigned; and the said assignment shall be forwarded to the Minister of the Interior by the Local Agent, at the same time and in like manner as his other returns respecting Dominion Lands, and shall be registered in the Department of the Interior; and no assignment of the right to purchase a mining location which is not unconditional and in all respects in accordance with the provisions of this clause, and accompanied by the registration fee herein provided for, shall be recognized by the Local Agent or registered in the Department of the Interior.
- 16. If application be made under the next preceding clause by the assignee of the right to purchase a mining location, and such claim is duly recognized and registered, as hereinbefore provided, such assignee shall, by complying with all the pro-

visions of Clauses 5 and 7 become entitled to purchase the location for the price and on the terms prescribed in these Regulations, whether or not his assignor may have previously acquired a mining location under them.

II.—PLACER MINING.

17. The Regulations hereinbefore laid down in respect of Quartz Mining shall be applicable to Placer Mining so far as they relate to entries, entry fees, assignments, marking of locations, Agents' receipts, and generally where they can be applied, save that the boundaries of Placier Mining claims need not be due north and south and east and west lines, and except as otherwise herein provided.

NATURE AND SIZE OF CLAIMS.

18. The size of claims shall be as follows:—

(a) For "bar diggings," a strip of land 100 feet wide at high water mark, and thence extending into the river to its lowest water level.

(b) For "dry diggings," 100 feet square.

(c) "Creek and river claims" shall be 100 feet long, measured in the direction of the general course of the stream, and shall extend in width from base to base of the hill or bench on each side, but when the hills or benches are less than 100 feet apart the claim shall be 100 feet square.
(d) "Bench claims" shall be 100 feet square.

(e) Every claim on the face of any hill, and fronting on any natural stream or ravine, shall have a frontage of 100 feet, drawn parallel to the main direction thereof, and shall be laid out, as nearly as possible, in the manner prescribed by Section 4 of these Regulations.

(f) If any miner or association of miners shall discover a new mine, and such discovery shall be established to the satisfaction of the Agent, claims of the following size, in dry, bar, bench, creek, or hill diggings, shall be allowed:—

To one discoverer			300 feet in length.		
		f two		do	
"		three		do	
66	"	four	1.000	do	

and to each member of a party beyond four in number, a claim of the ordinary size

only.

A new stratum of auriferous earth or gravel, situated in a locality where the laims are abandoned, shall for this purpose be deemed a new mine, although the me locality shall have been previously worked at a different level; and dry diggings iscovered in the vicinity of bar diggings shall be deemed a new mine, and vice versa.

RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF MINERS.

- 19. The forms of application for a grant for Placer Mining, and the grant of the ame, shall be those contained in Forms F and G in the schedule hereto.
- 20. The entry of every holder of a grant for Placer Mining must be renewed, and his receipt relinquished and replaced, every year, the entry fee being paid each time.
- 21. No miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim in the same ocality, but the same miner may hold any number of claims by purchase, and any number of miners may unite to work their claims in common upon such terms as they may arrange, provided such agreement be registered with the Local Agent.
- Any miner or association of miners may sell, mortgage, or dispose of his or their claims, provided such disposal be registered with, and a fee of two dollars paid

to the Local Agent, who shall thereupon give the assignee a certificate in Form H in the schedule hereto.

- 23. Every miner shall, during the continuance of his grant, have the exclusive right of entry upon his own claim, for the miner-like working thereof, and the construction of a residence thereon, and shall be entitled exclusively to all the proceeds realized therefrom; but he shall have no surface rights therein; and the Local Agent may grant to the holders of adjacent claims such right of entry thereon as may be absolutely necessary for the working of their claims, upon such terms as may to him seem reasonable.
- 24. Every miner shall be entitled to the use of so much of the water naturally flowing through or past his claim, and not already lawfully appropriated, as shall, in the opinion of the Local Agent, be necessary for the due working thereof; and shall be entitled to drain his own claim free of charge.
- 25. A claim shall be deemed to be abandoned and open to occupation and entry by any person when the same shall have remained unworked on working days by the grantee thereof for the space of seventy-two hours, unless sickness or other reasonable cause be shown, or unless the grantee is absent on leave.
- 26. A claim granted under these Regulations shall be continuously and in good faith worked, except as otherwise provided, by the grantee thereof or by some person on his behalf.
- 27. In tunnelling under hills, on the frontage of which angles occur, or which may be of an oblong or elliptical form, no party shall be allowed to tunnel from any of the said angles, or from either end of such hills, so as to interfere with parties tunnelling from the main frontage.
- 28. Tunnels and shafts shall be considered as belonging to the claim for the use of which they are constructed, and as abandoned or forfeited by the abandonment or forfeiture of the claim itself.
- 29. For the more convenient working of back claims on benches or slopes, the Local Agent may permit the owners thereof to drive a tunnel through the claims fronting on any creek, ravine or water-course upon such terms as he may deem expedient.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

- 30. In cases where water is necessary to the continuance of mining operations. and the supply of water is insufficient, the Agent shall have power to grant leave of absence to the holder of the grant during such insufficiency, but no longer, except by permission of the Minister of the Interior.
- 31. Any miner or association of miners shall be entitled to leave of absence for one year from his or their diggings upon proving to the satisfaction of the Agent that he or they has or have expended on such diggings, in cash, labour or machinery, an amount of not less than \$500 on each of such diggings without any return of gold or other minerals in reasonable quantities from such expenditure.
- 32. The time occupied by the locator of a claim in going to and returning from the office of the Local Agent to enter his claim, or for other purposes prescribed by these Regulations, shall not be counted against him, but he shall, in such cases, be deemed to be absent on leave.

ADMINISTRATION.

33. In case of the death of any miner while entered as the holder of any mining claim, the provisions as to abandonment shall not apply either during his last illness or after his decease.

- 34. The Local Agent shall take possession of the mining property of the deceased, and may cause such mining property to be duly worked, or dispense therewith, at his option, and he shall sell the property by private sale, or, after ten days' notice thereof, by public auction, upon such terms as he shall deem just, and out of the proceeds pay all costs and charges incurred thereby, and pay the balance, if any, to the legal representatives of the said deceased miner.
- 35. The Local Agent, or any person authorized by him, shall take charge of all the property of deceased miners until the issue of letters of administration.

III.—BED-ROCK FLUMES.

- 36. It shall be lawful for any Local Agent, upon the application hereinafter mentioned, to grant to any Bed-rock Flume Company, for any term not exceeding five years, exclusive rights of way through and entry upon any mining ground in his district, for the purpose of constructing, laying and maintaining bed-rock flumes.
- 37. Three or more persons may constitute themselves into a Bed-rock Flume Company, and every application by them for such grant shall state the names of the applicants and the nature and extent of the privileges sought to be acquired. Ten clear days' notice thereof shall be given between the months of June and November, and between the months of November and June one month's notice shall be given, by affixing the same to a post planted in some conspicuous part of the ground or to the face of the rock, and a copy thereof conspicuously upon the inner walls of the Land Office of the district. Prior to such application, the ground included therein shall be marked out in the manner prescribed in sub-section a of clause four of these Regulations. It shall be competent for any person to protest before the Local Agent within the times hereinbefore prescribed for the notice of such application, but not afterwards, against such application being granted. Every application for a grant shall be accompanied by a deposit of \$100, which shall be returned if the application be refused, but not otherwise.
- 38. Every such grant shall be in writing, in the Form I given in the schedule hereto.
- 39. The holders of claims through which the line of the company's flume is to run may put in a bed-rock flume in their claims to connect with the company's flume, upon giving the company ten days' notice in writing to that effect; but they shall maintain the like grade, and build their flume as thoroughly, and of as strong materials, as that built by such company.
- 40. Every Bed-rock Flume Company shall lay at least fifty feet of flume during the first year and one hundred feet annually thereafter, until completion of the flume.
- 41. Any miners lawfully working any claims where a bed-rock flume exists, shall be entitled to tail their sluices, hydraulies and ground sluices into such flume, but so as not to obstruct the free working of such flume by rocks, stones, boulders or otherwise.
- 42. Upon a grant being made to any Bed-rock Flume Company, the Local Agent shall register the same, and the company shall pay for such registration a fee of \$10. They shall also pay, in advance, an annual rent of \$10 for each quarter of a mile of right of way legally held by them.

IV.-DRAINAGE OF MINES.

43. The Minister of the Interior may grant to any person, or association of persons, permission to run a drain or tunnel for drainage purposes through any occupied mining land, and may give such persons exclusive rights of way through and

entry upon any mining ground for any term not exceeding five years, for the purpose of constructing a drain or drains for the drainage thereof.

- 44. The grantee shall compensate the owners of lands or holders of claims entered upon by him for any damage they may sustain by the construction of such tunnel or drain, and such compensation, if not agreed upon, shall be settled by the Local Agent and be paid before such drain or tunnel is constructed.
- 45. Such tunnel or drain, when constructed, shall be deemed to be the property of the person or persons by whom it shall have been so constructed.
- 46. Every application for a grant shall state the names of the applicants, the nature and extent of the proposed drain or drains, the amount of toll (if any) to be charged, and the privileges sought to be acquired, and shall, save where the drain is intended only for the drainage of the claim of the person constructing the same, be accompanied by a deposit of \$25, which shall be refunded in case the application is refused, but not otherwise. Notice of the application shall be given and protests may be made in the same manner as provided in regard to bed-rock flumes.
- 47. The grant of the right of way to construct drains or tunnels shall be made in the Form J in the schedule hereto. The grant shall be registered by the grantee in the office of the Local Agent, to whom he shall at the time pay a registration fee of \$5, or, if the grant gives power to collect tolls, a fee of \$10. An annual rent of \$10 shall be paid, in advance, by the said grantee for each quarter of a mile of right of way legally held by him, save where the drain shall be for the purpose of draining only the claim of the person constructing the same.

V.—DITCHES.

- 48. The Minister of the Interior may, upon the application hereinafter mentioned, grant to any person, or association of persons, for any term not exceeding five years, the right to divert and use the water from any stream or lake at any particular part thereof, and the rights of way through and entry upon any mining ground, for the purpose of constructing ditches and flumes to convey such water; provided always, that every such grant shall be deemed as appurtenant to the mining claim in respect of which it has been obtained, and, whenever the claim shall have been worked out or abandoned, or whenever the occasion for the use of such water upon the claim shall have permanently ceased, the grant shall be at an end and determine. The grantee shall record the said grant with the Local Agent during each year of the continuance of the same, and whilst it shall be in operation.
- 49. Twenty days' notice of the application shall be given by affixing the same to a post planted in some conspicuous part of the ground, and a copy thereof conspicuously upon the inner walls of the Land Office for the district, and any person may protest within such twenty days, but not afterwards, against such application being wholly or partially granted.
- 50. Every application for a grant of water exceeding 200 inches shall be accompanied by a deposit of \$25, which shall be refunded in case the application is refused, but not otherwise.
- 51. Every such application shall state the names of the applicants, the name or description of the stream or lake to be diverted, the quantity of water to be taken, the locality for its distribution, and the price (if any) to be charged for the use of such water, and the time necessary for the completion of the ditch. The grant shall be in Form K in the schedule hereto.
- 52. Every grant of a water privilege on occupied creeks shall be subject to the right of such miners as shall, at the time of such grant, be working on the stream

above or below the ditch head, and of any other persons lawfully using such water for any purpose whatsoever.

- 53. If, after the grant has been made, any miner or miners locate and bond fide work any mining claim below the ditch head, on any stream so diverted, he or they collectively shall be entitled to 40 inches of water if 200 inches be diverted, and 60 inches if 300 inches be diverted, and no more, except upon paying to the owner of the ditch, and all other persons interested therein, compensation equal to the amount of damage sustained by the diversion of such extra quantity of water as may be required; and, in computing such damage, the loss sustained by any claims using water therefrom, and all other reasonable losses, shall be considered.
- 54. No person shall be entitled to a grant of the water of any stream for the purpose of selling the water to present or future claim holders on any part of such stream. The Minister of the Interior may, however, grant such privileges as he may deem just, when such ditch is intended to work bench or hill claims fronting on any such stream, provided that the rights of miners then using the water so applied for be protected.
- 55. The Minister of the Interior may, on the report of the Local Agent that such action is desirable, order the enlargement or alteration of any ditch, and fix the compensation (if any) to be paid by parties to be benefited thereby.
- 56. Every owner of a ditch or water privilege shall take all reasonable means for utilizing the water granted to him; and, if he wilfully take and waste any unreasonable quantity of water, the Minister may, upon the report of the Local Agent, if such offence be persisted in, declare all rights to the water forfeited.
- 57. The owner of any ditch or water privilege may distribute the water to such persons and on such terms as he may deem advisable, within the limits mentioned in his grant; provided always that such owner shall be bound to supply water to all miners who make application therefor in a fair proportion, and shall not demand more from one person than from another, except where the difficulty of supply is enhanced.
- 58. Any person desiring to bridge any stream, claim, or other place, for any purpose, or to mine under or through any ditch or flume, or to carry water through or over any land already occupied, may in proper cases do so with the written sanction of the Local Agent. In all such cases, the right of the party first in possession is to prevail, so as to entitle him to compensation if the same be just.
- 59. In measuring water in any ditch or sluice, the following rules shall be observed:—The water taken into a ditch or sluice shall be measured at the ditch or sluice head. No water shall be taken into a ditch or sluice except in a trough placed horizontally at the place at which the water enters it. One inch of water shall mean half the quantity that will pass through an orifice two inches high by one inch wide, with a constant head of seven inches above the upper side of the orifice.
- 60. Whenever it shall be intended, in forming or upholding any ditch, to enter upon and occupy any part of a registered claim, or to dig or loosen any earth or rock, within four feet of any ditch not belonging solely to the registered owner of such claim, three days' notice, in writing, of such intention shall be given before entering or approaching within four feet of such other property.
- 61. Any person engaged in the construction of any road or work may, with the sanction of the Minister of the Interior, cross, divert, or otherwise interfere with any ditch, water privilege, or other mining rights whatsoever, for such period as the Minister shall approve.

- 62. The Minister shall order what compensation for every such damage or interference shall be paid, and when, and to whom, and whether any and what works damaged or affected by such interference as aforesaid shall be replaced by flumes or otherwise repaired by the person or persons inflicting any such damage.
- 63. The owners of any ditch, water privilege, or mining right shall, at their own expense, construct, secure and maintain all culverts necessary for the passage of waste and superfluous water flowing through or over any such ditch, water privilege or right.
- 64. The owners of any ditch or water privilege shall construct and secure the same in a proper and substantial manner, and maintain the same in good repair to the satisfaction of the Local Agent, and so that no damage shall occur to any road or work in its vicinity from any part of the works of such ditch, water privilege or right.
- 65. The owners of any ditch, water privilege or right shall be liable, and shall make good, in such manner as the Local Agent shall determine, all damages which may be occasioned by or through any parts of the works of such ditch, water privilege, or right breaking or being imperfect.
- 66. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the right of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories in Council, or of the proper authority in any Province containing Dominion Lands, to lay out, from time to time, public roads across, through, along or under any ditch, water privilege or mining right, without compensation.

VI.—GENERAL PROVISIONS.

INTERPRETATION.

67. In these Regulations the following expressions shall have the following meanings respectively, unless inconsistent with the context:-

"Minister" shall mean the Minister of the Interior.

"Agent" or "Local Agent" shall mean the Agent of Dominion Lands for the district, or other officer appointed by the Government for the particular purpose referred to.

"Mineral" shall include all minerals whatsoever other than coal.

"Close Season" shall mean the period of the year during which placer mining is generally suspended.

"Miner" shall mean a person holding a mining location or a grant for placer

mining.

"Claim" shall mean the personal right of property in a placer mine or diggings during the time for which the grant of such mine or diggings is made.

"Bar Diggings" shall mean any mine over which a river extends when in its

flooded state.

"Dry Diggings" shall mean any mine over which a river never extends.

The mines on benches shall be known as "Bench Diggings," and shall for the purpose of defining the size of such claims be excepted from "Dry Diggings."

"Streams and Ravines" shall include water-courses, whether usually containing

water or not, and all rivers, creeks and gulches.

"Ditch" shall include a flume or race, or other artificial means for conducting

water by its own weight, to be used for mining purposes.
"Ditch Head" shall mean the point in a natural water course or lake where

water is first taken into a ditch.

"Claimant" shall mean a person who has obtained an entry for a mining location with a view to patent.

"Placer Mining" shall mean the working of all forms of deposits excepting veins of quartz or other rock in place. 11

"Quartz Mining" shall mean the working of veins of quartz or other rock in place.

"Location" shall mean the land entered by or patented to any person for the

purpose of quartz mining.

HEARING AND DECISION OF DISPUTES.

- 68. The Local Agent shall have power to hear and determine all disputes in regard to mining property arising within his district, subject to appeal by either of the parties to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands.
- 69. No particular forms of procedure shall be necessary, but the matter complained of must be properly expressed in writing, and a copy of the complaint shall be served on the opposite party not less than days before the hearing of the said complaint.
- 70. The complaint may, by leave of the Local Agent, be amended at any time before or during the proceedings.
- 71. The complainant shall, at the time of filing his complaint, deposit therewith a bond-fee of \$10, which shall be returned to him if the complaint proves to have been well-founded, and not otherwise, except for special cause by direction of the Minister of the Interior.
- 72. In the event of the decision of the Local Agent being made the subject of an appeal to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands, the appellant shall, at the time of lodging the appeal, deposit with the Local Agent a bond fee of \$10, which shall be returned to the said appellant if his appeal proves to have been well-founded, and not otherwise, except for special cause by direction of the Minister of the Interior.
- 73. The appeal must be in writing and must be lodged with the Local Agent not more than three days after he has given his decision, and must state the grounds upon which the said decision is appealed from.
- 74. If the Commissioner of Dominion Lands decides that it is necessary to a proper decision of the matter in issue to have an investigation on the ground; or, in cases of disputed boundaries or measurements, to employ a surveyor to measure or survey the land in question, the expense of the inspection or re-measurement or resurvey, as the case may be, shall be borne by the litigants, who shall pay into the hands of the said Commissioner, in equal parts, such sum as he may think sufficient for the same before it takes place; otherwise it shall not proceed, and the party who refuses to pay such sum shall be adjudged in default. The said Commissioner shall subsequently decide in what proportion the said expense should be borne by the parties respectively, and the surplusage, if any, shall then be returned to the parties as he may order.
- 75. All bond fees adjudged as forfeited by the Local Agent or Commissioner, and all payments retained under the last preceding section shall, as soon as decision has been rendered, and all entry and other fees or moneys shall, as soon as they have been received by him, be paid by the said Agent or Commissioner to the credit of the Receiver-General in the same manner as other moneys received by him on account of Dominion Lands.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

76. The Agent in each district shall, under instructions from the Minister of the Interior, declare the close season in his district.

- 77. Each holder of; a mining location or of, a grant for placer mining shall be entitled to be absent from his mining location or diggings and to suspend work thereon during the close season.
- 78. The Local Agent shall have power to grant leave of absence to the holder of a mining location or grant for placer mining pending the decision of any dispute in which he is concerned under these Regulations.
- 79. The Minister of the Interior shall, from time to time, as he may think fit, declare the boundaries of Mineral and Mining Districts, and shall cause a description of the same to be published in the Canada Gazette.
- 80. The Minister of the Interior may direct mineral and mining locations to be laid out within such Districts whereever, from report of the Director of the Geological Survey or from other information, he has reason to believe there are mineral deposits of economic value, and may sell the same to applicants therefor, who, in his opinion, are able and intend in good faith to work the same; or he may from time to time cause the said locations to be sold by public auction or tender. Such sales shall be for cash, and at prices in no case lower than those prescribed for locations sold to original discoverers, and shall otherwise be subject to all the provisions of these Regulations.

ROYALTY.

- 81. The patent for a mining or mineral location shall reserve to the Crown, for ever, a royalty of two and one-half per cent. on the sales of the products of all mines therein.
- 82. Returns shall be made by the grantee, sworn to by him, or by his agent or other employé in charge of the mine, at monthly or such other intervals as may be required by the Minister of the Interior, of all products of his mining location and of the price or amount he received for the same.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- 83. The Local Agent shall have the power to summarily order any mining works to be so carried on as not to interfere with or endanger the safety of the public, any public work or highway, or any mining property, mineral lands, mining claims, bed-rock drains or flumes; and any abandoned works may by his order be either filled up or guarded to his satisfaction, at the cost of the parties who may have constructed the same, or in their absence upon such terms as he shall think fit.
- 84. The Agent in each district, acting under instructions to be from time to time issued by the Minister of the Interior, shall cause to be laid out, at the expense of the person or persons applying for the same, a space of ground for deposits of leavings and deads from any tunnel, claim or mining ground.

FORFEITURE.

85. In the event of the breach of these Regulations or any of them by any person holding a grant or right of any description from the Crown, or from the Minister of the Interior, or from any duly authorized officer of Dominion Lands, such right or grant shall be absolutely forfeited ipso facto, and the person so offending shall be incapable thereafter of acquiring any such right or grant, unless for special cause otherwise decided by the Minister of the Interior.

SCHEDULE TO MINING REGULATIONS.

FORM A.—APPLICATION AND AFFIDAVIT OF DISCOVERER OF QUARTZ MINE.

I, (A.B.) of hereby apply, under the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations, for a mining location in (here give general description of locality)

for the purpose of mining for (here name the metal or mineral) and I hereby solemnly swear:—

1. That I have discovered therein a deposit of the metal or mineral).

(here name

- 2. That I am to the best of my knowledge and belief the first discoverer of the said deposit.
 - 3. That I am unaware that the land is other than vacant Dominion Land.
- 4. That I did, on the day of mark out on the ground, in accordance in every particular with the provisions of sub-section a of clause four of the said Mining Regulations, the location for which I make this application; and that in so doing I did not encroach on any mining location previously laid out by any other person.
- 5. That the said mining location contains, as nearly as I could measure or estimate, an area of acres, and that the description (and sketch, if any,) of this date hereto attached, signed by me, set forth in detail to the best of my knowledge and ability its position, form, and dimensions.
- 6. That I make this application in good faith to acquire the land for the sole purpose of mining to be prosecuted by myself, or by myself and associates, or by my assigns.

Sworn before me at

this day of

18

FORM B.—RECEIPT FOR FEE PAID BY APPLICANT FOR MINING LOCATION.

No.....

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
DOMINION LANDS OFFICE.

Agency

18

RECEIVED from (A.B.) of five dollars, being the fee required by sub-section b of clause four of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations, accompanying his application No. , dated 18 for a mining location in (insert general description of locality).

This receipt authorizes the said (A. B.) his legal representatives or assigns, to enter into possession of the said mining location, and, during the term of one year from the date of this receipt, to take therefrom and dispose of any mineral deposit contained within its boundaries, and, on due compliance at any time within that period with the several requirements in that behalf of the said Mining Regulations, entitles him or them to purchase the said location which, provisionally, and until survey thereof, may be known and described as follows: (insert description in detail).

If the said (A. B.) or his legal representatives or assigns, fail to comply, as aforesaid, with the conditions that would entitle him or them to purchase within one year from this date, or, having so complied, do not within that time make payment in full for the land, and also pay the sum of fifty dollars prescribed in the said Regulations for the survey of the location, then the right to purchase shall lapse and the mining location shall revert to the Crown, to be otherwise disposed of as

may be directed by the Minister of the Interior.

Agent of Dominion Lands.

FORM C.—RECEIPT FOR FEE ON EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PURCHASE OF A MINING LOCATION.

No....

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, DOMINION LANDS OFFICE,

Agency,

18

RECEIVED from (A. B.) of five dollars, being the fee required by clause seven of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations, accompanying his application No. , dated 18 , for the extension of the time within which he may purchase the mining location described as follows: (insert description in detail) for which he obtained an entry No. on the

This receipt authorizes the said (A. B.) his legal representatives or assigns, to continue in possession of the said mining location, and, during the term of one year from the 18, to take therefrom and dispose of any mineral deposit contained within its boundaries, and, on due compliance at any time within that period with the several requirements in that behalf of the said Mining Regulations, entitles him or them to purchase the said location which, provisionally, and until survey thereof, may be known and described as above.

If the said (A. B.) or his legal representatives or assigns, fail to comply, as aforesaid, with the conditions that would entitle him or them to purchase within one year from this date, or, having so complied, do not within that time make payment in full for the land, and also pay the sum of fifty dollars prescribed in the said Regulations for the survey of the location, then the right to purchase shall lapse, and the mining location shall revert to the Crown, to be otherwise disposed of as may be directed by the Minister of the Interior.

Agent of Dominion Lands.

FORM D.-PATENT OF A MINING LOCATION.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, Defender of the Faith.—To all to whom these presents shall come, GREETING:

Know YE that We do by these presents, for Us, Our heirs and successors, in consideration of [the fulfilment of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations of Our Dominion of Canada] give and grant unto

h heirs and assigns, all that parcel or lot of land situate and numbered on the official plan or survey of the said , to have and to hold the said parcel of land, and all minerals, precious and base, which may be found therein, unto the said h heirs and assigns forever;

Provided that it shall at all times be lawful for Us, Our heirs and successors, or for any person by Our authority, to resume any portion (not exceeding one-twentieth part) of the said lands for making roads, canals, bridges, towing paths, or other works of public utility or convenience, but no such resumption shall be made of land on which any permanent buildings may have been erected, without compensation:

Provided, also, that it shall be lawful for any person duly authorized by Us, Our heirs and successors, to take and occupy such water privileges, and to have and enjoy such right of carrying water over, through or under any parts of the hereditaments hereby granted as may be reasonably required for agricultural or other purposes in the vicinity of the said land, upon paying therefor a reasonable compensation to the aforesaid heirs and assigns;

Provided further, that a royalty of two and one-half per cent shall be paid to Us, Our heirs and successors, upon all the gold and silver produced from the said lands.

FORM E—CERTIFICATE OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF A MINING LOCATION.

No.....

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
DOMINION LANDS OFFICE.

Agency

18 .

This is to certify that (B. C.) of has filed an assignment in due form, dated 18, and accompanied by a registration fee of two dollars, of the right of (A. B.) of to purchase the mining location in (here insert general description of locality) applied for by the said (A. B.) on the 18.

This certificate entitles the said (B. C.) or his legal representatives or assigns, to all the rights and privileges of the said (A. B.,) in respect of the claim assigned and hereinafter described; that is to say, to enter into possession of the said mining location, and during the term of one year from the date of the receipt No., granted to the said (A. B.,) dated the day of 18, to take therefrom and dispose of any mineral deposit contained within its boundaries, and on due compliance at any time within that period with the several requirements in that behalf of the said Mining Regulations, entitles him or them to purchase the said location, which provisionally, and until survey thereof, may be known and described as follows:—(Insert description in detail.)

If the said (B. C.,) or his legal representatives or assigns, fail to comply as afore-said with the conditions that would entitle them to purchase within one year of the date of the receipt granted to (A. B.,) and now deposited with me, or having so complied, do not within that time make payment in full for the land, and also pay the sum of fifty dollars prescribed in the said Regulations for the survey of the location, then the right to purchase shall lapse, and the mining location shall revert to the Crown, to be otherwise disposed of as may be directed by the Minister of the Interior.

Agent of Lominion Lands.

FORM F.—APPLICATION FOR GRANT FOR PLACER MINING AND AFFIDAVIT OF APPLICANT.

I, (A. B.), of hereby apply, under the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations, for a grant of a claim for placer mining asterined in the said Regulations, in (here describe locality)

and I solemnly swear:

- 1. That I have discovered therein a deposit of (here name the metal or mineral).
- 2. That I am to the best of my knowledge and belief the first discoverer of the said deposit; or
- 2. That the said claim was previously granted to (here name the last grantee), but has remained unworked by the said grantee for not less than
 - 3. That I am unaware that the land is other than vacant Dominion Land.
- 4. That I did, on the day of , mark out on the ground, in accordance in every particular with the provisions of sub-section α of clause four of the said Mining Regulations, the claim for which I make this application, and that in so doing I did not encroach on any other claim or mining location previously laid out by any other person.
- 5. That the said claim contains, as nearly as I could measure or estimate, an area of square feet, and that the description (and sketch, if any) of this date hereto attached, signed by me, set forth in detail, to the best of my knowledge and ability, its position, form and dimensions.
- 6. That I make this application in good faith to acquire the claim for the sole purpose of mining to be prosecuted by myself, or by myself and associates, or by my assigns.

Sworn before me at
this day of (Signature),

FORM G.—GRANT FOR PLACER MINING.

No.....

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, DOMINION LANDS OFFICE.

Agency,

18

In consideration of the payment of five dollars, being the fee required by the provisions of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations, clauses four and nineteen, by (A. B.) of , accompanying his application No. , dated 18 , for a mining claim in (here insert description; of

locality).

The Minister of the Interior hereby grants to the said (A.B.), for the term of one year from the date hereof, the exclusive right of entry upon the claim (here describe in detail the claim granted) for the miner-like working thereof and the construction of a residence thereon, and the exclusive right to all the proceeds realized therefrom.

The said (A.B.) shall be entitled to the use of so much of the water naturally flowing through or past his claim, and not already lawfully appropriated, as shall be necessary for the due working thereof, and to drain his claim free of charge.

This grant does not convey to the said (A.B.) any surface rights in the said claim or any right of ownership in the soil covered by the said claim; and the said grant shall lapse and be forfeited unless the claim is continuously and in good faith worked by the said (A.B.) or his associates.

The rights hereby granted are those laid down in the aforesaid Mining Regulations, and no more, and are subject to all the provisions of the said Regulations, whether the same are expressed herein or not.

Agent of Dominion Lands.

FORM H.—CERTIFICATE OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF A PLACER MINING CLAIM.

No.....

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, DOMINION LANDS OFFICE,

Agency,

18

This is to certify that (B.C.) of has filed an assignment in due form dated

a registration fee of two dollars, of the grant to (A.B.) of of the right to mine in (insert description of claim) for one year from the

This certificate optities the said (B.C.) of the grant to (A.B.)

This certificate entitles the said (B.C.) to all the rights and privileges of the said (A.B.) in respect of the claim assigned, that is to say, to the exclusive right of entry upon the said claim for the miner-like working thereof and the construction of a residence thereon, and the exclusive right to all the proceeds realized therefrom, for the remaining portion of the year for which the said claim was granted to the said (A.B.) , that is to say, until the day of 18

The said (B.C.) shall be entitled to the use of so much of the water naturally flowing through or past his claim and not already lawfully appropriated as shall be necessary for the due working thereof, and to drain his claim free of charge.

18

This grant does not convey to the said (B.C.) any surface rights in the said claim, or any right of ownership in the soil covered by the said claim; and the said grant shall lapse and be forfeited unless the claim is continuously and in good faith worked by the said (B.C.) or his associates.

The rights hereby granted are those laid down in the aforesaid Mining

Regulations, and no more, and are subject to all the provisions of the said Regula-

tions, whether the same are expressed herein or not.

Agent of Dominion Lands.

FORM I.—GRANT TO A BED-ROCK FLUME COMPANY.

No..

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, DOMINION LANDS OFFICE,

Agency,

18

In consideration of the payment of a deposit of one hundred dollars, required by clause forty of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations to be made with the application of a Bed-rock Flume Company, and of the further sum of ten dollars, being the fee for registration of this grant required by clause forty-five of the said Regulations,

The Minister of the Interior hereby grants to (names of members of company) forming together a Bed-rock Flume Company [known as the (title of company)],

the following rights and privileges, that is to say :-

(a) The rights of way through and entry upon any new and unworked river, creek, gulch or ravine, and the exclusive right to locate and work a strip of ground one hundred feet wide and two hundred feet long in the bed thereof to each individual of the company;

(b) The rights of way through and entry upon any river, creek, gulch or ravine, worked by miners for any period longer than two years prior to such entry, and already wholly or partially abandoned, and the exclusive right to stake out and work both the unworked and abandoned portions thereof, one hundred feet in width, and one quarter of a mile in length for each individual of the company;

(c) The rights of way through and entry upon all claims which, at the time of the notice of application, are in good faith being worked, for the purpose of cutting a channel and laying their flume therein, with such reasonable space for constructing,

maintaining and repairing the flume as may be necessary;

(d) The use of so much of the unappropriated water of the stream on which they may be located, and of other adjacent streams, as may be necessary for the use of their flumes, hydraulic power, and machinery to carry on their operations, and the right of way for ditches and flumes to convey the necessary water to their works, subject to the payment of any damage which may be done to other parties by running such ditch or flume through or over their ground;

Provided, that the rights herein granted shall apply only to such claims and

streams as are here specified: (insert description of claims and streams) and such other claims and streams as may, after due notice and application, be subsequently added to the above list by the Minister of the Interior, under the hand of

the Local Agent:

Provided, also, that the said company shall pay to the Local Agent, in advance, an annual rent of ten dollars for each quarter of a mile of right of way legally held by them;

Provided, further, that this grant is subject to all the provisions of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations in that behalf, whither the same are expressed herein or not.

This grant shall cease and determine at the expiration of the date hereof.

years from

Agent of Dominion Lands.

FORM J.-GRANT FOR DRAINAGE.

No.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Dominion Lands Office,

Agency,

18

In consideration of the payment of a deposit of twenty-five dollars required by clause forty-nine of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations to be made with the application for a grant of right of way to construct drains, and of the further sum of dollars, being the fee for the registration of this grant required by

clause fifty of the said Regulations.

The Minister of the Interior hereby grants to (name or names of grantee or grantees) the right to run a drain or tunnel for drainage purposes through the occupied mining lands here specified: (here describe and further, for a term of from the date mining lands) hereof, exclusive rights of way through and entry upon the following mining grounds: (here insert description) for the purpose of constructing a drain or drains for the drainage thereof; and the right to charge the following (insert tariff of tolls); tolls for the use thereof:

Provided, that the grantee shall construct such drain or drains of sufficient size to meet all requirements within from the date hereof, and keep the same in thorough working order and repair, and free from all obstructions; and shall, within a reasonable time, construct proper tap drains from or into any adjacent claims, upon being requested by the owners thereof, and in default thereof shall permit such parties to make them themselves, in which case such parties shall only be chargeable with one-half the rates of drainage toll herein authorized;

Provided, also, that the said grantee shall compensate the owners of lands or holders of claims entered upon by for any damage they may sustain by the

construction of such tunnel or drain;

Provided, further, that the said grantee shall pay to the Local Agent, in advance, an actual rent of ten dollars for each quarter of a mile of right of way legally held by

Provided, further, that this grant is subject to all the provisions of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations in that behalf, whether the same are expressed herein or not.

Agent of Dominion Lands.

FORM K.—GRANT OF RIGHT TO DIVERT WATER AND CONSTRUCT DITCHES.

No.....

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, DOMINION LANDS OFFICE,

Agency,

18

In consideration of the payment of a deposit of twenty-five dollars, required by clause fifty-three of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations to be made with the application for the right to divert water and construct ditches,

The Minister of the Interior hereby grants to

(A.B.)

, for the term of years from the date hereof, the right to divert and use the water from (specify stream or lake) to the extent of inches, and no more, to be distributed as follows:—

(describe locality of distribution)

together with the right to charge the following rates for the use of the said water:—

(insert rates to be charged) and the rights of way through and

entry upon the following mining grounds (insert description) for the purpose of constructing ditches and flumes to convey such water, provided such ditches and flumes are constructed and in working order within

from the date hereof;

Provided that this grant shall be deemed to be appurtenant to mining claim No. , and shall cease and determine whenever the said claim shall have been worked out or abandoned, or the occasion for the use of such water upon the said claim shall have permanently ceased;

Provided, also, that this grant is subject to all the provisions of the Dominion Lands Mining Regulations in that behalf, whether the same are expressed herein

or not.

Agent of Dominion Lands.

D. L. MACPHERSON,

Minister of the Interior.

A. M. Burgess,

Deputy of the

Minister of the Interior.

REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF STATE

OF

CANADA,

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER,

1883

Brinted by Order of Barliament.



OTTAWA:
PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET.
1884.

REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF STATE

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1883.

To His Excellency the Most Honourable the Marquis of Lansdowne, Governor General of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:-

I have the honor most respectfully to submit, for your Excellency's information, and in order that the same may be duly laid before Parliament, the Report of the Department under my control, for the year 1883.

APPENDICES.

Accompanying this report are the following appendices:-

- A. Report of the Deputy Registrar-General of Canada.
- B. Report of the Queen's Printer of Canada.
- C. Report of the Clerk in charge of the Stationery Branch.
- D. Report of the Keeper of the Records of Canada,

E.\Schedules of Returns to Addresses passed by the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, during the Session of 1883, which have been prepared by the Department, and presented through the Secretary of State.

- F. Synopsis of Returns to Addresses, etc., passed by the House of Commons, during the Session of 1883, prepared by the Department, and presented through the Secretary of State.
 - G. Key to the above synopsis. 13-11

- H. Addresses and Orders of previous Sessions, Returns to which were prepared by the Department, and presented through the Secretary of State, during the Session of 1883.
- I. Table of Charters of Incorporation issued under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," during the year 1883.
- J. Supplementary Letters Patent, issued under the said Act, during the year 1883.
- K. A List of the Officers, Clerks and Servants of the Department, on 31st December, 1883, with date of appointment, rank, and salary attached in each case.

The Report of the proceedings of the Board of Civil Service Examiners, required under 45 Vic., cap 4, sec. 55, is being prepared and will be presented separately.

From the Appendices above enumerated, may be obtained a knowledge of the operations of the several branches of the Department for the year now past.

NUMBER OF LETTERS RECEIVED AND SENT.

The total number of letters, petitions and other documents received by the Department during the year was 12,849. The total number of letters written and sent during the same period was 8,886.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

The total revenue of the Department during the fiscal year 1833, was made up as follows:

Fees on Ch	narters of Incorporation issued	8,465	00
" Es	cemplification of Patents	216	00
" Co	mmissions	201	00
" Su	pplementary Charters of Incorporation	150	00
" Co	pies of Documents	51	15
" Li	censes	40	60
" Pa	ssports	35	00
" Ce	rtificates, Logalization	21	00
" Se	arches	1	00
Receipts, s	ale of Statutes	796	02
Receipts fr	rom Canada Gazette, viz, for copies, subscrip-		
tions s	and advertising	2,548	78
Stationery	supplied	107,476	68
	-		

The total expenditure was as follows:		
Salaries\$	47,272	06
Stationery	109,929	3 3
Printing Canada Gazette	3,811	02
Printing Statutes	12,230	48
Departmental Printing and Binding	57,915	75
Confidential Printing	3,320	64
Other Printing	25,62 8	83
Lithographing	2,069	76
Advertising in Newspapers	30,149	31
Total\$	292,227	18
,		
Stock of Stationery on hand 30th June, 1883\$	24,190	5 3

There is a matter of a special character to which I desire to call the attention of Your Excellency; it is the fact of the printing contracts, namely, those for Departmental printing, printing of the Laws, and of the Canada Gazette, expiring on 1st December next. The contracts which had been made between Her Majesty and G. P. Drummond, have been transferred to Messrs. MacLean, Roger & Co., who had practically been executing the work for the contractor. In effecting that transfer, I have been careful to secure the Government against all possible claims, such as have heretofore been preferred, arising out of any misinterpretation of the clauses of the contract.

The importance of these contracts and their near termination naturally suggest the question whether that branch of the Public Service would not be better served by the creation of a Government Printing Bureau. The conditions of such a scheme, both as regards the efficiency and the cost of the work, are now being studied, and if found advantageous, will form the basis of a measure to be submitted to Parliament during this Session.

THE STATE ARCHIVES.

The Secretary of State having by law, 31 Vic., chap. 42, the charge of the State Correspondence and of all the State Records and papers of the Dominion, not specially transferred to other Departments, one of my predecessors, organized, in the year 1873, a Bureau of Public Records, of which that portion of the Departmental Records then at the Capital formed the nucleus. At the head of this office was placed Mr. Morgan, with the title of "Keeper of the Records." During this officer's occupation of the position, the collection grew largely, one of the principal additions to it being the State Records of Canada,

from the establishment of English rule in Canada up to the union of Lower and Upper Canada, in 1841. These valuable and important documents of State were transferred to this Department during the year 1874, to be placed with the national archives of the Dominion. They comprise almost all the official despatches to and from Downing Street, the Minutes of Council, the Proceedings of Parliament and the Letter Books and Registers of the Secretariat, of the eventful period I have mentioned, with a number of other most valuable documents. These State papers had been lying totally uncared for in the old Government House vaults in Montreal, for many years. The present condition and strength of the Record Bureau is made the subject of a report by the Keeper of the Records.

The whole respectfully submitted,

J. A. CHAPLEAU,

Secretary of State.

APPENDIX A.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE OF CANADA,
REGISTRAR'S BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 3rd January, 188

To the Honorable,

The Secretary of State, &c., &c.,

Ottawa.

Sir,—Herewith I have the honor to submit for your information a Statement of he work performed in this Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State, during the year 1883.

A Condensed Statement showing the work done in the Registrar's Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State, from 1st January 1883, to 31st December, 1883.

Documents,	Engrossed.	Recorded.	Total,
Commissions Writs of Elections Writs of Supersedeas Letters Patent, summoning to Senate	139	139 10 1	278 10 2
Charters. Warrants Licenses Leases	1 49 22 1 7	1 49 22 1 7	3 2 98 44 2 14
Bonds (An annual Return under 31 Vic., cap. 37, sec. 15, is prepared for Parliament)	27	163 27 25 212	163- 54- 25- 212
Agreements Decree of Court Board of Trade Certificates Power of Attorney Proclamations	2	7 4 10 2 1	7 4 10 4 1 82
Treaties Pardons Transfers Land Patents.	2 1	1 2 1	1 4 2
Indian Land Sales A quarterly return of these lands is sent to the Registrars of each County in which Patents have issued.	265 42	265 42	530) 84
Dominion Land Sales	1,058 114 148 876	1,058 114 148 876	2,116. 228 296 1,752
Wood Lots	1 55 98 15	1 55 98 15	110 196 30
Military Bounty Grants Special Grants Total	2,984	3,426	16 22 6,410

There have also been copied during the year 1,478 pages of manuscript. All which is respectfully submitted.

L. A. CATELLIER,
Deputy Registrar-General of Canada.

APPENDIX B.

To the Honorable J. A. CHAPLEAU, Secretary of State of Canada, &c., &c., &c.

FV Sir,—I have the honor to submit the following report respecting the printing and other services performed under my superintendence during the year ending 30th September, 1883.

CANADA GAZETTE.

The volume for this year again exceeds 2,200 pages. The cost of its publication I subjoin.

For paper used " printing and distribution translations	\$1,414 2,181	24 48
" translations	215	30
	\$3,811	02
The income for the same period was:-	در حدید	
From subscriptions and sales	\$2,181 367	53 25
	\$2,548	78

For the three months ending 30th September, the cost was \$935.33, and the income from all sources amounted to \$739.27.

The number of Gazettes issued on the 29th day of September last was 1,359; viz., 109to subscribers and advertisers, and 1,250 gratis to official persons.

THE STATUTES, &c.

The numbers of the several volumes of the Statutes, passed in the Session of 1883, which were printed, were—

English, Vol. 1	17,750 3,750	01 700
French, Vol. 1.	4,500	•
Making a total of		

Of these, there were bound together for the use of Members of the Government, of the two Houses of Parliament, and of the Judges, &c., 3,150 copies of the English edition, and 1,249 of the French, making 4,399 in all, leaving to be separately bound—

Vol.	1,	English	L	14,600
"		ii		250
66	2	"	(in sheets folded and gathered)	
				15,200

Vol. 1,			3,251 1	
_				3 ,2 52
			-	18,452

Thus making 18,102 bound volumes, and 350 copies of Vol. 2 in sheets.

I beg leave to refer to the annual statutory return for Parliament, for particulars of the distribution.

This volume was still larger than that of 1882, reaching 797 pages.

The cost was-

"	paper	1,880 124	78 25
	Total	\$12, 230	48

DEPARTMENTAL PRINTING, BINDING, &c.

The subjoined tables show the cost of these services during the financial year, and for the past quarter of the current year. The numbers of requisitions issued during the year were as follows:—

On the	printing contractorbinding "stationery office	3,146 1,713 3,732
-	Total	

Or 682 more than on the previous year.

ADVERTISING.

The number of requisitions upon this office by the various Departments of the Government was 144, each requiring the issue of advertisements to from 1 to 320 newspapers, and the filing, auditing and entering these accounts. The accounts audited and passed numbered 3,857, not taking into account a considerable number audited and rejected for want of authorization.

3,500 advertising and 160 audit circulars have been issued. The table appended

shows the result, in money, of the year's work.

The present contract for printing, lately transferred to Messrs. McLean, Roger & Co., Parliamentary Printers, expires on the 1st December next; and tenders for a new contract must be called for during the present year, or other legislative and departmental arrangements made for carrying on this portion of the public service.

It will be seen that the work of this branch of your Department has very considerably increased during the past year, and this increase has been necessarily constant, owing to the increased population and business, public and private, of the Dominion, a fact clearly attested by the series of our reports issued since 1869, the year in which the office was constituted upon its present basis.

In view of this fact I venture once more to renew suggestions made informer years. 1. That Government stationery offices be opened in each of the principal cities and towns in Canada, at which the Statutes, Separate Acts, Departmental Reports and Canada Gazettes can be ordered and paid for. 2. That these be issued for sale to such Government Stationers, through this office, at as nearly as possible, cost price. In Great Britain these pamphlets are so procurable—all Parliamentary publications at a slight advance on the cost of paper by weight. To distribute fewer of them gratis and sell all at a reduced price would be a sensible, and in the end, most satisfactory economy. It would also reduce the cost of working this office, where now no little time is wasted over the sale of separate Acts of Parliament at 5 to 20 cents each and of Canada Gazettes at 10 cents.

The whole respectfully submitted,

B. CHAMBERLIN,

Queen's Printer.

OTTAWA, December, 1883.

Cost of Departmental Printing, &c., by Departments, for the Years ending 30th June, 1882, and 30th June, 1883.

Donastment	Printing and Binding. Stationery for sam						
Department.		1					
	1881-82.	1882-83.	1881-82.	1882-83.			
	}	1					
At Contract Rates.	\$ cts.	\$ cts	\$ cts.	\$ cts.			
A *		•					
Agriculture	2,744 09	3,672 55	1,317 92	1,588 21			
Civil Service Commission	290 30	236 22	162 81 12 74	135 86			
Clerk of Crown in Chancery	301 39	17 75	294 46	16 93			
Consolidation of the Laws	0 30	1	1 00	10 00			
Customs	3,822 31	3,993 06	3,610 73	4,220 25			
Finance	3,589 89	4,890 36	1,653 54	2,191 85			
Governor-General's Secretary	251 26	64 81	39 51	21 98			
Inland Revenue	3,787 95	3,924 01	2,466 15	2,368 17			
Indian Affairs	1,034 42	1,033 99	891 63	844 26			
Interior	5,430 27	5 ,565 67	2,748 21	4,047 48			
JusticeLibrary of Parliament	430 30	572 60	201 11	335 41			
Marine and Fisheries	10 42	14 92	6 11	24 41			
Militia and Defence	4,157 17 1,063 47	1,826 97	1,062 18	1,524 44			
Post Office	20,202 63	1,618 51 23,916 61	869 13	732 12			
Privy Council	158 28	412 21	16,316 12 64 33	24,949 83			
Public Works	1,878 89	1,756 62	1,226 76	589 89			
Railways and Canals	1,263 20	1,937 51	642 34	1,001 58 840 66			
Secretary of State	302 74	559 52	289 35	438 88			
do Civil Service Board of Examiners		111 76	200 00	190 92			
Supreme Court	1,398 42	1,772 65	1,154 80	1,742 67			
Departments Generally	9 65	17 45	0 78	1 70			
Total	52,217 35	57,915 75	35,031 71	47,807 50			
At Confidential Rates.				•			
Agriculture	10 14	124 29					
Civil Service Commission	296 87			,			
Customs	27 50			4			
Finance	105.30	21 63					
Inland Revenue		132 10		1			
Interior	158 72	4 20					
Justice	76 93	587 09		ĺ			
Marine and Fisheries	104 50	5 75					
Militia and Defence	124 50	812 05 38 00					
Post Office Privy Council	106 87	663 64	I				
Railways and Canals	7 04	448 11	•				
Roometium of Clarks	SR KR		į				
do Civil Service Board of Examiners		483 78					
Total	1,000 43	3,320 64					

*Cost of Departmental Printing, &c., by Quarters, for the Years ending 30th June, 1882, and 30th June, 1883.

_	Printing and Binding.				Stationery for same.			
Quarter.	1881-	32.	1882-8	3.	1881-8	2.	1882-8	13.
At Contract Rates.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
September Quarter	13,429 13,193 11,737 13,857	29	12,060 13,311 14,633 17,909	89 96	9,551 9,382 7,592 8,506	01	13,032 11,133 11,175 12,466	60
Total	52,21	35	57,915	75	35,031	71	47,807	50
At Confidential Rates. September Quarter	340	5 59	372	50				
December do	22	52 32 00	618 1,480 849	48				
Total	1,000	43	3,320	64				

Cost of Departmental Printing, &c., by Departments, for the Three Months ending 30th September, 1883.

Department.	Printi and Bindin	Ü	Stationery for Same.			
At Contract Rates.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.		
Agriculture Auditor-General Customs Finance Governor General's Secretary Inland Revenue Indian Affairs Interior Justice Library of Parliament Marine and Fisheries Millita and Defence Post Office Public Works Railways and Canals Secretary of State	1,497 726 44 4,854 2,088 159 179 2,088 159 179 302 456 4,950 424	36 80 29 59 8 85 01 53 11 573	1,456 500 19 2,143 199 1,785 117 4 338 609 4,544 352	50 61 12 66 77 02 55 62 48 50 10		
Total	\$16,70	5 03	\$12,671	11		
At Confidential Rates.	17:	3 5 9				

STATEMENT of Accounts for Printing work done by others than the Contractors, but sent to this Office for Audit, for the year ending 30th June, 1883.

Month.	Department	Amount.	`
1882.		\$	cts.
	Post Office	2	50
	Railways and Canals	37	20
August	Indian Affairs	1 25	50 58
	Militia and Defence	14	25
	Post Office	325	20
(f	Railways and Canals	229	10
September	Finance	110 2	00 75
"		.93	50
44	Public Works	30	00
		22	80
October	Indian Affairs	4 308	50 40
"		33	00
££		16	00
	Railways and Canals	122	90
November	Agriculture	2,420 69	42 30
	Indian Affairs.	4	00
	Interior	12	50
	Post Office	17	00
************	Public Works	71 3,207	25 52
December	Finance	15	00
	Indian Affairs	1	25
	Post Office	152	20
"	Public WorksSecretary of State	3,9 2 0	00 8 8
1883.			
January		1,622	96
"		7 146	00 65
		73	01
((io	00
February		871	04
44		17	50
	Justice	324 508	00 75
"		116	iŏ
"		216	00
March		18	65 60
March	Dominion Lands.	709	25
(4	Finance	22.	50
"	Indian Affairs	1	50
	Interior	40 12	65
		80	00 52
"	Post Office		
«	Railways and Canals.	37	11
"	Railways and Canals	37 558	11 50
«	Railways and Canals	37	11

STATEMENT of Accounts for Printing work done, &c .- Concluded.

Month.	Department.	Amount	•
	Brought forward	\$	ets.
April " May May June " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Finance Justice Militia and Defence Post Office Railways and Canals.	113 1,013 114 5,255 69 7 32 177 956 443 191 30 85	50 16 10 91 30 00 90 18 60 25 70 22 02
	Total	\$25,528	83

STATEMENT of Accounts for Printing work done by others than the Contractors, but sent to this Office for Audit, for three months ending 30th September, 1883.

Month.	Department.	Amoun t .	•
1883.		\$	cts.
46	Agriculture Inland Revenue Post Office	8,663 762 18	45 00 00
August	Interior Post Office	9 124	00 85
September	Rai ways and Canals	13 7.747 276	00 46 00
	Railways and Canals	17	40
	Total	\$17,611	16

Cost of Lithegraphic work, etc., Printing and Stamping ordered through the Office of the Queen's Printer during the Fiscal Year ending 30th June, 1883.

Department.	Amount					
		cts				
Agriculture. Customs. Finance. Interior. Indian Affairs Post Office Post Office Savings Ba k Privy Councel Public Works Railways and Canals Secretary of State	408 106 51. 439 66 7 22 26 220 197	00 00 50 76 00 50 00 00 50				
discellaneous	\$2,069	0				

Coar of Lithographic work, etc., Printing and Stamping ordered through the Office of the Queen's Printer for three months ending 30th September, 1883.

Department.	Amount	
	8	cts.
Agriculture	70	50
Oustoms	30	00
Finance	51,	05
Interior	213	00
Inland Revenue	12	82
Indian Affairs	41	50
Justice.	. 89	00
Marine and Fisheries	25	00
Militia and Defence	28	50
Post Office	6	ÓO
Public Works	108	2 5
Railways and Canals	57	50
Total	\$733	12

31 Total. 711 9,301 1,399 1,948 1,948 1,371 1,371 918 1,918 1,010 30,149 ADVERTISING in Newspapers receiving Government Patronage, from 1st January to 31st December, 1883. •15 31 12 48 ****** ***** cts U.S. 44 00 ***************** Miscellaneous. Z N.-W. Territories. ************* 16 40 105 55 22 60 ೫೪ 8 64 21 262 British Columbia. cts 62 333 P. E. Island. cts. 2 00 12 50 66 06 3 00 30 43 55 87 68 47 17 85 8 99 13 711 88 **55** 12 62 89 55 Manitoba. 1,903 cts. 22 8 Brunswick. 37 37 39 39 89 89 66 2 76 161 466 71 433 1,013 204 106 2,766 Nova Scotia. 64 80 ***** 8 20 13 349 5 228 193 363 62 2,282 cts. 8 6 Quebec. cts 8 Ontario. 946 182 927 48 182 269 3,691 3,973 640 12,448 Militia and Defence Agriculture Indian Affairs Inland Revenue...... Interior Governor-General Customs..... Department.

England, \$7.51; United States, \$7.80

APPENDIX C.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SEGRETARY OF STATE,
STATIONERY OFFICE BRANCH,
OTTAWA, 26th November, 1883.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this Office for the year ended 30th June, 1883, of which the (three) accompanying tabular statements give full details:—

Value of goods in stock, 1st July, 1882 do received during the year Profit on the year's business	\$18,888 109,929 2,849	33	\$ 131,667	21
Goods issued to Departments	\$23,657 33,046 50,772 24,190	86 41 53	\$ 131,667	21
Showing an increased discharge of goods over last year For Departments Outside Service	\$1,412 5,441 13,642	76	\$ 20,497	3 4

The number of requisitions received and executed during the year was 8,369; of parcels packed and despatched for the Outside Service, 4,197, and 53 cases.

The waste paper collected amounted to 67,743 lbs., for which \$842.15 has been received and deposited to the credit of the Receiver-General.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JAMES YOUNG.

The Hon. J. A. CHAPLEAU, Secretary of State for Canada, &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT STATIONERY OFFICE.

STATEMENT of Expenditure for, and Issue of, Goods in each Month of the Year ended 30th June, 1883.

	Goods En	Goods	
	Sterling.	Currency.	Issued.
1882.	£ s. d.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
July	686 2 10 1,403 10 6 656 3 6 1,475 5 9 734 4 5 377 1 11	4,404 09 5,331 90 3,668 19 4,890 85 4,449 74 5,835 68	10,785 36 8,858 16 6,057 43 9,621 12 7,378 52 11,023 79
1883.			
January February March April May June	1,138 10 2 194 5 8 618 0 11 1,486 5 7 629 7 3 721 14 8	5,893 46 4,681 43 5,716 84 3,722 78 8,785 82 3,294 70	9,632 28 7,458 49 8,795 28 9,485 45 12,411 00 5,969 80
Net expenditure in currencydo sterling	10,120 13 2	60,675 48 49,253 85	
Total expenditureStock brought forward, 1st July, 1882Profit on the year's business		109,929 33 18,888 84 2,849 04	
Total issue of goodsStock carried forward, 30th June, 1883	•••••	······	107,476 68 24,190 53
		131,667 21	131,667 21

GOVERNMENT STATIONERY OFFICE.

STATEMENT of Expenditure for, and Issue of Goods in each Month of the Year ended 30th June, 1883.

	Goods Ea	Goods Issued.	
July	1,403 10 6	\$ cts. 4,404 09 5,331 90	\$ cts. 10,785 36 8,858 16
September October November December 1883.	656 3 6 1,475 5 9 734 4 5	3,668 19 4,890 85 4,449 74 5,835 68	6,057 43 9,621 12 7,378 52 11,023 79
January Pebruary March April May June	194 5 8 618 0 11 1,486 5 7 629 7 3	5,893 46 4,681 43 5,716 84 3,722 78 8,785 82 3,291 70	9,632 28 7,458 49 8,795 28 9,485 45 12,411 00 5,969 80
Net expenditure in currency	10,120 13 2	60,675 48 49,253 85 109,929 33 18,888 84	
Profit on the year's business Total issue of goods Stock carried forward 30th June, 1883		2,849 04	107,476 68 24,190 53 131,667 21
July	925 12 0 594 15 7 480 8 1 1,073 12 8 -55 0 7 241 17 3	3,850 71 7,688 27 4,577 57 2,758 80 3,958 39 5,926 33	9,621 88 12,364 57 7,360 74 7,752 75 6,931 56 8,208 43
Expenditure for half year's currency do do sterling Total expenditure	3,771 6 2	28,760 07 18,353 70 47,113 77	
Total issue of goods for half year Stock brought forward 1st July, 1883 Stock carried forward 31st December, 1883		24,190 53	52,239 93 19,064 37
		71,304 30	71,304 30

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1,103 2,366 257
586 15 2 551 586 15 2 572 767 6 6 322 142 11 3 61 24 11 3 845 83 17 8 116 16 17 7 3560
7
186 9 8 30 1 10 66 16 1 1 25 13 8 31 4 6 9 3 2 9 3 2 9 3 2 1 6 248 7 0

22

_																										
50,772 41	11 00	226 14	2,813 50	1 720 00	456 72	72 25	91 07		278 61	3,677 48	23 9I			19 60		2 60			83,819 27 23,657 41	107.476 68					1 000 96	1,000 40
	47 18	3 808 41	TE 0006	51 97		991 73	3 72	278 19	635 04	# ·	•										150 03	2 28	842 15	4 00	·	
op op	do Stationery Office	Board of Civil Ser	op		op qo	do North-West Government				, •	Kerunds		ф	တ္	do Marine and Fisheries	op	op	do North-West Police	Total Outside Service	do Discharge of Goods	(To Dofing Jost Lee	do C. P. Railway, freight overcharged	Waste paper sold	do cases sold	Br Denesited to Credit of Boesiver-General	To position to obtain of process of Octional amounts
371 82 157 81 807 07		48 24					760 53				99 14	113 67		253 26	198 83	3,287 15		63,224 5~	60,675	49,253 85	109,929 33					
æ 4∗	ca 4	340 18 6	• 0	12		28	40 2 3	<u>.</u>	301 4 1		24 4 9	'	•	14	51 14 2	2	-	10,755 2 10 634 9 8		10,120 13 2						
Gum and mucilagedo bottles and brushes	Ink glasses and standsSundries. I	Knives, pocket	Scissors	Sundries, L	Needles, newswrappers	Sundries, P. Ralers	Sundries, S. Tone teste & &	Twines	• .	Blank books	Printed books	Printing and ruling	Stamping, engraving, &c	Sundries	Charges, incurance, &c.	Freight.		Discounts	Net total Currency	do Stering	do Expenditure					

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT Of Issues of Goods to the Departments in the 16ars 1001-2, and 1002-3.	of Issues of	Goods to t	ле рераги	nents in to	e rearis to	or.e, and 10	.00.	
	Isane in 1881-2.	1881-2.	I sue i	I:sue in 1882-3.	Increase	Increase in 1882-3.	Decrease in 1882. 3.	in 1882-3.
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do Census Branch		124 57		403 14 86 93				37 64
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Marine and Infence	790 19	366 30	1,431 81	788 63	641 62	422 33		
do Adjutant-General's Office	722 66		100 91		918 816		07. 129	
Privy Council	1 543 58	233		3.077 67	223 94			155 39
Post Office.	1,806 95	6,944 09	2,721 85	7,384 53	914 90	1,440 44		
do Savings Bank Branch	794 33	169 96	257 28	928 86		758 90	40 70	
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APPENDIX D.

THE RECORDS OF CANADA.

This Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State, upon which I have the honour to report to you, viz., the Bureau of Public Records, is more important than is generally conceded, and every day its importance increases. Annually over

8,000 records are added to the already very voluminous collection.

The Bureau of Public Records was created agreeably with the terms of the Statute of 1868, 31 Vic., cap. 42, sec. 3, which enacted, "That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of State to have charge of the State Correspondence, to KEEP ALL STATE RECORDS AND PAPERS, not specially transferred to other Departments," and an officer, with the title of "Keeper of the Records," was in due course appointed to carry out the provisions of the Act.

There are two kinds of records—those that may de facto be called "Old Records," and solely in my charge, and those in course of being dealt with, or "New Records." These are received, registered and indexed in the Correspondence Branch of the Department, and are retained under its control for two years. At the expiration of that period, they are sent to the Keeper of the Records, and become part of the

State Archives of Canada.

An approximate idea of the importance of this Branch may be formed from the

following details:-

The papers and documents, printed or written on record, date from the cession of Canada, 1763, and for convenience of reference and of classifying, I have divided them roughly into three periods: the first extending from the cession to the Union, 1763 to 1840; the second, from the Union to Confederation, 1841 to 30th June, 1867, and the third, from 1st July, 1867, to the present time. A more critical and methodical division will have to be made in course of time. Of the periods above indicated, the following records, letter books and registers are extant:—

First P	eriod. Second Period.	Third Period.
Records 336,	000 139,825	57,102
,	350 84	32
Registers	53	15

In addition to these there are 9,575 books, bound and unbound, besides many

other important documents, which cannot strictly be termed records.

A perusal of the correspondence of that period, from 1763 to 1840, would well repay the student of our history. An instance of its interest is to be found in the following fact, which I do not remember to have seen related by any of our chroniclers

or historians, but which is on record in one of the early registers.

In the summer of 1799, a party of French Royalists came from England to settle in Canada. The party consisted in all of 38 individuals, including some English servants; lands were allotted them in the Townships of Windham and Niagara. Some of these Royalists bore distinguished names: there were the Count de Puisaye, Lieutenant-General, the Count de Chalus, Major-General, the Viscount and Mme. la Vicomtesse de Chalus, Mr. d'Allègre, Mr. de Marseuil, Mr. Quèton de St. Georges, Mr. de Farcy, Mr. de la Richérie. Amongst those who had abandoned the enterprise were the Marquis and Mme. la Marquise de Beaupoil, Mr. de St. Victor, Mr. de St. Aulaire and Mr. de Beaupoil. What has become of those noblemen? Are there any of their descendants yet in the Dominion? Did these settlers progress and thrive in their new home, or did they, as unfortunately many others have done, become extinct?

This is only one of the many curious details to be found strewn through the old records, and I am of opinion that a greater light will be thrown on many incidents of our history when these documents are intelligently catalogued and indexed.

From the preceding remarks and information, it will be seen that the present accumulation of documents of all kinds is very large, and necessitates most imperatively a uniform system of codification, registration and indexing. With two exceptions, there are Annual Registers with indices, dating from 1840, but the systems have not been uniform. I, therefore, propose at the earliest possible moment to complete a general index for each period or sub-division of periods, so that reference will be easy and searches facilitated.

The labour of such a work will be enormous; the classifying, in many cases the precising, and the indexing of over half a million of records is no easy task, but it must be undertaken, if the state of confusion and complete disorder in which this

branch is, is to be remedied.

I have already commenced to arrange a general index, from 1st July, 1867, to date, deeming that to be of the greatest utility. I have allowed the details of the first two periods to remain in abeyance. The preparatory work is done and the index is now being proceeded with daily. It is to be of a threefold nature: an index by names, one by subjects, and one by localities. On its completion, a similar work will be initiated for the other periods. I do not expect, as I have only one assistant, and as with every year the Records assume larger proportions, to be in a position, even in five years hence, to commence the classification, precising and indexing of the Records of the first period, namely: that from the cession to the Union, 1763 to 1840.

Before closing my Report I would urge the expediency of adding to the Records a complete collection of:—

1. The Statutes of the Dominion of Canada.

2. The Edits and Ordonnances and Statutes of the different Provinces.

3. The Journals of the Senate and House of Commons and of the Provincial Legislatures.

4. The Sessional Papers of the Dominion and of the Provincial Legislatures.

5. The Departmental and Special Reports.6. The Debates of the different Houses.

7. Maps of the Dominion and its Provinces, Geographical, Topographical, &c., &c.

A considerable number of the 9,575 volumes bound and unbound, now in the office, may be available for the purpose, and it would be a comparatively easy task to complete the different series within the year.

The whole respectfully submitted,

A. AUDET,

Keeper of the Records.

APPENDIX E.

SCHEDULE of Addresses of the Senate during the Session of 1883.

Subject.	Number Voted.	Number of Returns made.	Number of Pages of Foolscap contained in Returns.	Rem arks .
Canals	1 2 2 6 1 1 1	1 1 2 4 1 1 10	308 21 42 68 53 98 590	And printed Pamphlets, Maps, &c.

Schedule of Addresses and Orders of the House of Commons during the Session ending the 25th day of May, 1883.

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Subject.	Number Voted.	Number of Returns made.	Number of Pages of foolscap con- tained in Re- turn.	Remarks.
Banks Boundaries Breakwaters Breakwaters Buoys and Beacons Civil Service Canals Coal Customs Extradition Elections Fisheries Harbours Imports and Exports Immigration Judges Lands Lighthouses Miscellaneous Militia Marine and Fisheries Post Office Public Works Piers and Wharves Receipt and Expenditure Railways Tobacco Telegrams Treaties	53 13 2 7 3 5 1 28 3 1 1	1 1 2 1 1 1 2 3 10 1 3 7 5 5 3 4 4 2 9 3 8 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 15 45 20 1 39 2,563 30 8 1 246 177 	Tabulated Statement, additional. do do do do do do do do And printed matter. Plans, additional. Tabulated Statement, additional. do do Tabulated Statement and Plans additional. Tabulated Statement, additional. Tabulated Statement, additional. Tabulated Statement and Plans, additional.
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APPENDIX F

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	naject.	ls navigating	Correspondence between Governments of Dominion, Ontario and Quebec in re-	Digmissal of Mr. O. C. de la Chevrotière, as Lighthouse Keeper, Lothinière	Veterans now serving, and of those who died since 1875—Widows of, &c	Accounts of Drs. Lebel and Renouf for attendance on one Dionne (Intercolonial Railway)	uction of Inter- forrespondence,	Canadian Extradition Act, and suspension of Imperial Act within Canada	Seizures at Ports of Entry, for last fiscal year and six months, ending 31st Dec.	Sums expended in connection with the Consider Pacific Railway Commission, &c. Coal lands in the North-West	Copies of Documents relating to the granting by the Imperial Government to the Increment, and by the latter to the Provincial Governments	ed "Frontenac	
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	Receipts from sale, &c., of Ordnance and Naval Reserves in Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and British Columbia,										
	from 1st July, 1856, to 1st July, 1882 Supplementary	do do	Mr.	Mr. O'Brien do	Interior Feb.	Feb. 21	April May	10 A pril	ril 10	April May.	13
2 3	Applications for land for Colonization under Plans 1 and 2 of Land Regulations	т ор	₹.	Mr. Cameron		е 9	April	16 A pril		16 April	17.
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9	Form of Fatent arrangement between Companies and Governmentrespecting Colonization Grants	do		Op	đo	ď	May	M.S.		- do	2
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18	received Pensions during last fiscal year Correspondence as to construction of addi-	ф	Mr.	Mr. Bourassa	Militia	ф	op	8	do 8	eg C	6
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	manufactured for Export since 2nd March, 1882	ор	Mr.	Mr. Patterson	Oustoms	qo	April	27 April		27 April	2
	Justice, Court of Queen's Bench, Man.	ф	Mr.	Mr. Blake	Justice	 op	March	24 March		24 March	6 <u>8</u>
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33	his retirement from office	щ ор		op	Interior Feb.	Feb. 27	op	111 d	do 11	Q .	11
3	Hon. Jas. Cockburn, to consolidate Statutes.	ор		ор	Justice	Feb. 22 March	March	21 March		21 March	- 62
	manufacture of great guns 10r Govern-	do 		ф ор	Militia	ф	May	16 May		16 May	16_

25	25 List of Returning Officers appointed for General Election of 1882, other than		_			<u>-</u>			·		_		1-
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98	Correspondence between Government of British Columbia and Dominion Gov-		<u> </u>				:						•
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3	Consolidated Fund, from to 20th February, 1883	op	Mr. I	Mr. Burpee, St. Joha	Finance	Feb.	24	24 Feb.	26 Feb.		26 Feb.	27	(
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36	Nova Scotia, for year endin 1882 Claims for drawback on m	т ор		ор	ор	- p		March	8	March	3 March	면	
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 ස	Railway, for year ending 31st Dec., 1882. Correspondence as to dismissal of Wm. D.	т ор		ор	do	ф	_	ф	-	do	op 1	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	_
5	McMillan as Fishery Overseer, and appointment of David Baker	ф ор	Mr. E	Mr. Holton	Marine	- ф 		qo	m	g ₀	3 May	-01	•••
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61 Correspondence restablishment of Steamship Communication between Montreal, Quebec, St. John, N.B., Halifax, and German See Ports	Maritime Court of Ontario and the Government in re Rules of said Court March	t pe	Advertisement—Contract for building Steamer to replace "Glendon"	Amount paid for damages for things taken on Mill and Pond Streets, N.B., for Intercolonial Railway	&c., Intercolonial Railway, St. John, N.B. Causes tried at County Courts of Counties	of King's and Albert since 1st June, 1882, &c.			Uopies of Official Memorandum, Canadian Pacific Railway Company, 12th Dec., 1823, describing its position and pros-	Survey of proposed branch of Railway between Harmony Station, Prince	Edward Island, to Elmira	as to fishing for Salmon, except under lease from the Department of Marine and Fisheries.	octury of Casuatics to traits by constoned on Intercolonial Railway, from 1st March to 1st July, 1882	Saving Stations on Coasts of Lake Huron, &c. Correspondence between Government of	Nova Scella and Departments of Kall-ways and Public Works, as to transfer of Branch Line of Kallway between Truro and Pictou, &c
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rresp Gov for r and	Engineers Report of Survey at Summerside Harbour, Prince Edward Island	ber or to Mine on lands on Territory in dispute with Octario	for Canal between Lakes and Ukanagon, British Col Petitions at assumption by Construction of Section 197	broke road	Copies of Tenders for purchase for Militia during recess Correspondence, duties on Sall Return of A ccidents and Os	Grand Trunk Railway involving loss of life and property	Correspondence between Gramans and the ment, as to purchase of Loup branch of said Railw For correspondence on subject as a corrisonment in Canada.	3rd March inst., of H. W. T. J. B. Benton, President and Grand Trunk Railway of calling meeting of said Oc	London, 29th March inst., purchasing of bonds of certe companies	of Mail Carriage since 18t. 1882, from railway to ho in Prince Edward Co Correspondence—Application	Stewart, one of the vol 1837-39, for assistance	er per
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Subject.	Correspondence respecting Portage Island to Government of Canada, &c	Application of Sallors for release from confinement, at request of Master of Genii? Despatches relating to Canadian and Provincial Laws as to restrictions on sale of Intoxicating Drinks
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04 Amount paid for Rolling Stock for Inter- colonial Railway for each year, from 1st July, 1878	Completing Return to Order of the House	of 21st February last, as to construction of addition to Pier of St. Jean Port Joli Correspondence re seizure of Tobacco from	Correspondence re seizure of Tobacco on	of Montmagny. Amounts charged on Public Debt Account	expended on Railways, Canals, &c Importation into Manitoba and the North-	West of Agricultural Implements, from 30th June to 31st Hecember last Agricultural Implements shipped in Bond	On the state of th	Agr	Cori	•	Connection with Intercolonial Railway between Campbellton, Gaspéand other Ports	Cor	Statement showing reduction made by change of mode of construction in Con-	** .	Correspondence in re Northern and North		or Morpeth Harbour, Lake Erie	connection with Smelt Fishery April 16-17. Mr. Weldon
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134 136 136 139 139 140 140 141 141 143		by physicians, County of Halton	Interior, embracing both numbers	Houses of the Legislation of Quebec, as to increase of Provincial Subsidy Correspondence as to erection of a light-house at Wort Home."	Petitions as to claim of James Daunhine	for expenses as Fishery Warden Copy of Patition as to trade hetween	Canada and West Indies and Brazil	areased to Minister of Finance	Indian Agency under J. A. Provencher A Award of Arbitrator on claim for damages	of Contractor, Grenville and Garillon Canal. Statements of amounts of premiums of in- surance against fire collected, and losses	paid, during 1880, 1881 and 1882, in Montreal, by insurance companies	1
. 39	134	138	137	138	139	140		141	143		144	

APPENDIX G.

KEY to Synopsis of Returns presented to the House of Commons during the Session of 1883.

Subject.	Mover.	Referen ce Numbe r.	
Banks	Mr. Bergeron	26.	
Boundaries	Mr. McCarthy	118.	
Breakwaters	Messrs. Weldon Forbes		
Buoys and Beacons	Mr. Dawson	41.	
Civil Service	Mr. Blake	97.	
Canals	Messrs. Bernard	81. 142.	
Coal	Messrs. Blake	. 10, 35. 40.	
Oustoms	Messrs. Blake Curran Burpee (St. John). Wheler Sutherland (Selkirk). McMullen White (Cardwell). Gigault	129. 36. 84. 110, 111, 113. 122. 124.	
Extradition	Mr. Blake	7.	
Elections	Messrs. Blake		
Fisheries	Messrs. Holton	123. 62, 93, 120. 139.	
Harbours	Messrs. Kirk	¹ 79. 98. 119.	
Imports and Exports	Messrs. Patterson	34.	
Immigration	Messrs. Shakespeare	50. 127.	

Key to Synopsis of Returns presented to the House of Commons during the Session of 1883—Continued.

Subject.		Mover.	Reference Number.
Judges	Messrs.	Blake	20. 52.
Lands	Messrs.	Hesson	12. 13, 14, 15. 80. 95.
Lighthouses	Messrs.	Rinfret	53.
Miscellaneous	Messrs.	Amyot Blake Dawson Coursol Fortin Casgrain Kranz Weldon Platt Rykert Cameron (Huron) Casey Grandbois Baker (Victoria) Gigault Vanasse Mitchell Forbes Somerville Sutherland (Selkirk) Hackett McCraney Laurier Chariton	11. 22, 23, 28, 32, 42, 108, 114, 121. 27. 46. 46, 48, 102. 51. 54, 57, 129. 64. 66, 67, 68. 70. 71. 73, 76. 74. 77. 90. 91. 96. 101. 112. 133. 135. 135. 137. 143.
Militia	Messrs.	Massue Bourassa Blake Casey Ives Wallace Weldon Ross (Middlesex)	4. 17. 24, 83. 72. 75. 89.
Marine and Fisheries	Mr. Dav	· ·	ι.
	Mr. Pla	tt	88.
Public Works	Mr. Car	neron (Inverness)	109.
Piers and Wharves	Messrs.	Casgrain	69.
Receipt and Expenditure	Mr. Bur	pee (St. John)	33.

KEY to Synopsis of Returns presented to the House of Commons during the Session of 1883—Continued.

Mover.	Reference Rumber.
Blake Forbes. Burpee (St. John). Weldon. McIntyre McDonald (Cape Breton). Mitchell. Landry. Ross (Middlesex). Fortin de St. Georges.	6, 9, 31, 60, 82. 16. 37, 38, 44. 55, 56, 63. 61. 65. 85, 66, 87. 99. 104. 115. 116.
Messrs. Gigault	47. 107.
•	1
	Messrs. Amyot Blake Forbes Burpee (St. John) Weldon McIntyre McDonald (Cape Breton) Mitchell Landry Ross (Middlesex). Fortin de St. Georges Patterson (Brant) Messrs. Gigault Valin Landry Mr. Blake Mr. Ross (Middlesex)

APPENDIX H.

Addresses and Orders of previous Session, to which Returns were presented in the Session of 1883.

Subject.	Number Presented.	Number of Pages of Foolscap contained in Returns.	Remarks.
Charters Harbours Judges Marine and Fisheries Miscellaneous Railways and Canals Statutes Total	1 1 3 1 1 1 1 9	260 5 24 18 12 3 34 356	And Tabular Statement.

APPENDIX I.

"TABLE of Charters of Incorporation issued under the "Canada Joint Stock Companies Act, 1877," during the year 1883.

Name.	Capital Stock.	Number of Shares.	Amount of each Share.
			 \$
The Conside Southern Steembert Company (Limited)	150 000	1 500	100
The Canada Southern Steamboat Company (Limited) The Military Colonization Company of Canada (Limited)	150,000 100,000	1,500 1,000	100
St. Catherines Milling and Lumber Company (Limited)	100,000	100	1,000
The Keewatin Paper Manufacturing Company	75,000	750	100
The Gilbert Blasting and Dredging Company (Limited)	60,000	600	100
The Argyle Mining Company of Canada	1,000,000	10,000	100
The Canadian Colonization Company (Limited)	1,000,000	10,000 20,000	100 50
The North-West Lumbering Company (Limited)	250,000	2,500	100
The Saskatchewan Mining and Gold Dredging Company	20,000	800	25
The Toronto Securities Company	500,000	5,000	100
The Shareholders of the Real Estate Loan and Debenture Com-			
pany, as a Company by the name of The Real Estate Loan Company of Canada (Limited)			
Dominion Barb Wire Company (Limited)	150,000	1,500	100
The lanitoba Consolidated Gold and Silver Mining Company	200,000	-,	
(Limited)	2,000,000	100,000	20
The Battle River Lumber and Settlement Company (Limited)	600,000	6,000	100
The Prince Albert Colonization Company (Limited)	400,000 40,000	4,000 800	160 50
The Canada Spring Horse Shoe Company The Globe Cattle Company (Limited)	200,000	2,000	100
The Touchwood-Qu'Appelle Land and Colonization Company	200,000	_,,,,,	
(Limited)	300,000	3,000	100
The Montreal and Melbourne Slate Company (Limited)	100,000	1,000	100
The Mining Investment Company of Canada (Limited)	300,000	3,000 500	100 100
The Canada Industrial Company (Limited) The Owen Sound Steamship Company	50,000 25,000	250	100
The Shell River Colonization Company (Limited)fi	300,000	6,000	50
The Manitoba Fuel Company (Limited)	500,000	100,000	5
The Alberta Mining Company (Limited)	50,000	10,000	Б
The Yarmouth Power Knitting Company	12,000	120	100 25
Canada Railway News Company (Limited)	50,000 100,000	2,000 1,000	100
The William Hamilton Manufacturing Company (Limited)	200,000	2,000	100
The North American Land Company (Limited)	100,000	1,000	100
The Dominion Paper Making and Staining Company (Limited)	300,000	3,000	100
Northrop and Lyman Company	100,000	1,000	100
The Yarmouth Duck and Yarn Company (Limited) The Geary Brothers' Canadian Stock Breeders and Importers	150,000	1,500	100
Association (Limited).	100,000	2,000	50
The Dominion Navigation Company of Toronto (Limited)		400	80
The Desoronto News Company (Limited)	10,000	100	100
Ster Button Fastener Company (Limited)	50,000	500	100
The Ayr American Plough Company (Limited)	100,000	1,000	100
The Saskatchewan Coal Mining and Transportation Company (Limited)	500,000	5,000	100
The Dominion Combination Parlor and Sleeping Car Company		1,000	10
The Prairie Printing and Publishing Company (Limited)	20,000	1,000	20
The International Coal Company (Limited)	300,000	3,000	100
The Peterborough Review Printing and Publishing Company		1	
(Limited)	40,000	100	500 100
La Société de Publicité The Ames Holden Company	10,000	400	100
~~~ ~~~~ Totaor oombarl	1 20,000	1	1

#### APPENDIX J.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY LETTERS PATENT.

- The Midland Elevator and Forwarding Company (Limited)—Increasing the Capital Stock to \$500,000, being an addition of \$400,000 to present Capital, divided into 4,000 shares of \$100 each.
- The Dominion Lands Colonization Company (Limited)—Decreasing the Capital Stock from \$1,000,000 to \$500,000, a deduction of \$500,000 from present Capital, the share of said decreased Capital being 10,000, of \$50 each, instead of \$100 each.
- The Alberta Mining Company (Limited)—Increasing the Capital Stock to \$2,000,000, being an addition of \$1,950,000 to present Capital, divided into 390,000 shares of \$5 each.

#### APPENDIX K.

List of the Officers, Clerks and Servants of the Department of the Secretary of State on the 31st December, 1883, with date of Appointment, Rank and Salary in each case.

N:tme.	Date of Appointment.	Rank .	Salary.
Gran [†] t Powell	March 1, 1881 August, 1882  Nov. 19, 1853 May 1, 1839 August 11, 1841 Dec. 1, 1878 June 1, 1882	3rd do	3,200 700 600 2,200 2,000 1,800 850 450
Registry Branch.  L. A. Catellier	June, 1883 Feb. 1, 1864 Oct., 1853 Feb., 1873 Sept., 1873 Oct., 1873 Nov. 1, 1879 July, 1879 Oct., 1879 Oct., 1878 Feb., 1879	let do	2,200 2,000 1,550 1,550 900 900 800 800 800 650 650 650 700 700
Queen's Printer's Branch.  B. Chamberlin W Gliddon A. Potvin L. A. Grison A. O. Mousseau  Stationery Branch.	Nov., 1871 Dec., 1869 July 1, 1876 April 1, 1882	3rd do	2,350 1,300 900 750- 750
J. Young T. Roxborough		lst do	1,800 900

List of the Officers, Clerks and Servants of the Department of the Secretary of State on the 31st December, 1883—Continued.

Name.;	Date of Appointment.	Bank.	Salary.
T. Robertson W. Walsh F. Gouldthrite A. Beaulieu	Jan., 1876 Dec., 1878	3rd do	\$ 900 750 500
Messengers.  P. Logan	1866 1870 1873	dodo do	500 500 500 500 465 300