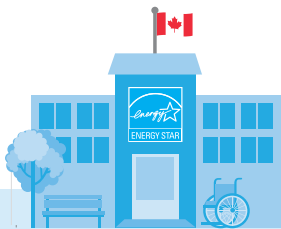


# Energy Benchmarking Data Snapshot for Senior/Residential Care Buildings



## QUICK FACTS

- **350** senior/residential care buildings
- **4.0 million** m<sup>2</sup> floor area
- **1.1** GJ/m<sup>2</sup> median **site** energy use intensity (EUI)
- **1.7** GJ/m<sup>2</sup> median **source** EUI

**ENERGY STAR® Portfolio Manager®** is a tool used to track the energy use of 24,000 buildings in Canada. Energy benchmarking can help identify opportunities to save on energy costs and reduce environmental impact. This document provides a snapshot of the Canadian data for senior/residential care (Senior Care Community and Residential Care Facility) buildings entered into Portfolio Manager as of December 2019.

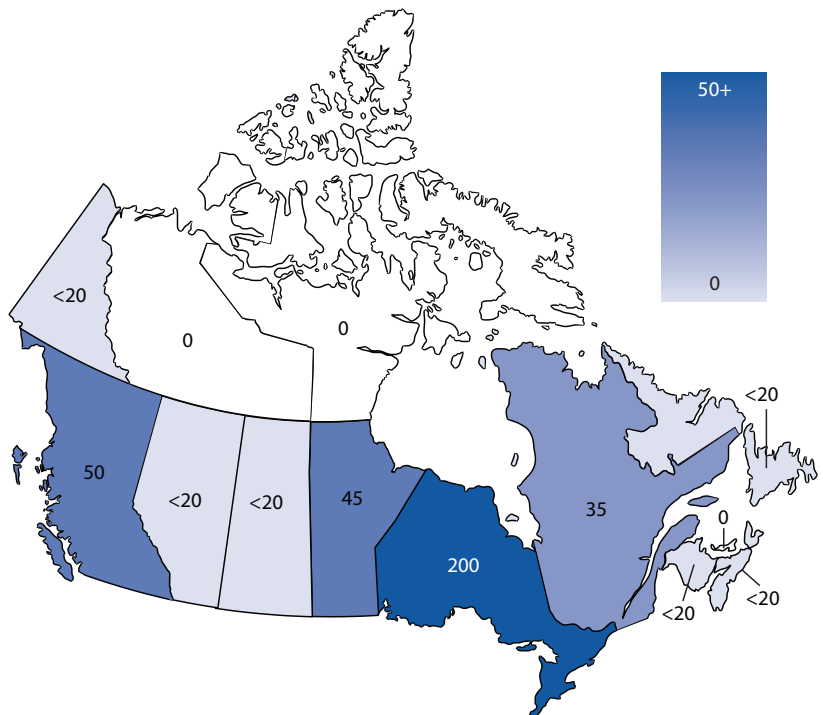
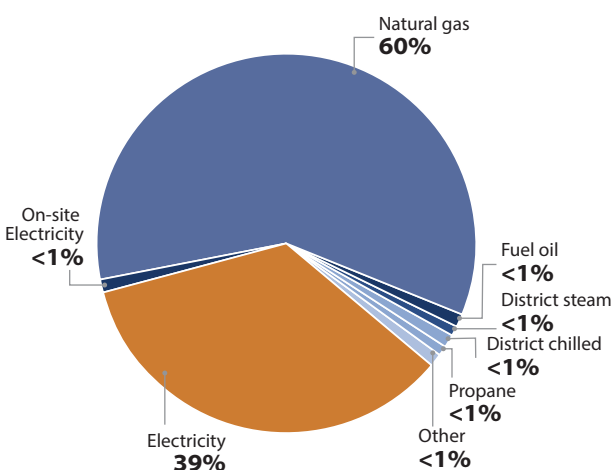


Figure 1. Total energy use breakdown



Fuel mix breakdown for senior/residential care buildings in Portfolio Manager

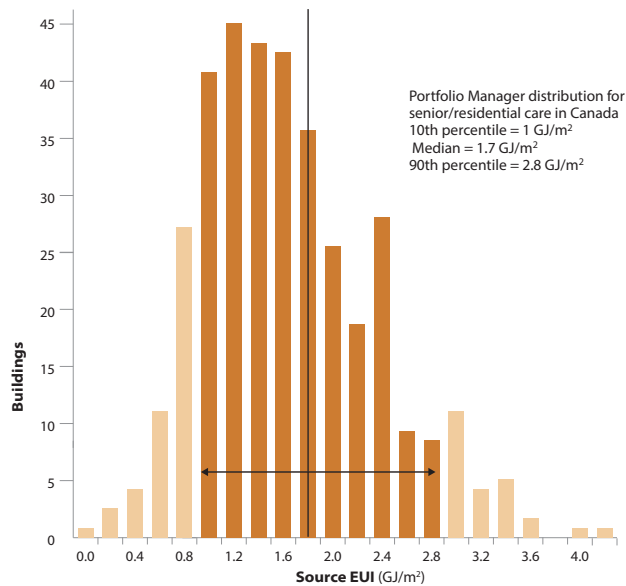
Table 1. Benchmarking by province and territory

| Province or territory     | Buildings  | Floor area (m <sup>2</sup> ) |
|---------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| Alberta                   | <20        | <100,000                     |
| British Columbia          | 50         | 500,000                      |
| Manitoba                  | 45         | 150,000                      |
| New Brunswick             | <20        | <100,000                     |
| Newfoundland and Labrador | <20        | <100,000                     |
| Northwest Territories     | 0          | 0                            |
| Nova Scotia               | <20        | <100,000                     |
| Nunavut                   | 0          | 0                            |
| Ontario                   | 200        | 2,750,000                    |
| Prince Edward Island      | 0          | 0                            |
| Quebec                    | 35         | 500,000                      |
| Saskatchewan              | <20        | <100,000                     |
| Yukon                     | <20        | <100,000                     |
| <b>Total</b>              | <b>350</b> | <b>4,000,000</b>             |

For privacy reasons, data are not provided for provinces and territories with fewer than 20 registered buildings and/or 100,000 m<sup>2</sup> of gross floor areas. Numbers may not sum to the total indicated because of rounding. Variations from previous snapshots are possible because of changes in user entry, improved filtering, and data cleaning.



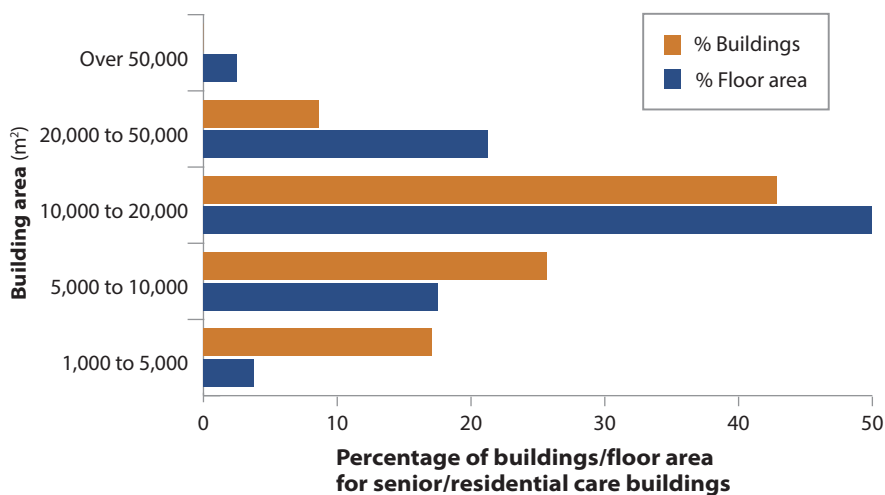
**Figure 2. Source EUI distribution**



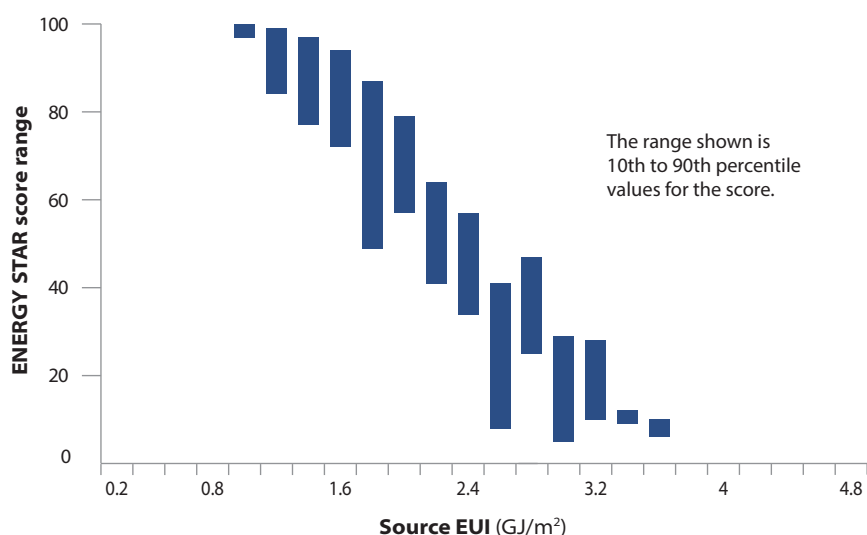
**Table 2. Characteristics of senior/residential care buildings – range of values**

| Building characteristics                     | 10th percentile | Median | 90th percentile |
|--|-----------------|--------|-----------------|
| Gross floor area (m <sup>2</sup> )           | 1,935           | 10,245 | 19,540          |
| Heating degree days                          | 3,270           | 4,005  | 5,895           |
| Cooling degree days                          | 60              | 300    | 480             |
| Workers on main shift per 100 m <sup>2</sup> | 0.2             | 1.0    | 1.0             |
| Licensed beds per 100 m <sup>2</sup>         | 1.1             | 1.7    | 1.7             |

**Figure 3. Distribution of floor area and buildings**



**Figure 4. ENERGY STAR score range – senior/residential care buildings**



**Source EUI distribution**

The median source EUI for senior/residential care buildings in ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager is 1.7 GJ/m<sup>2</sup>.

**Characteristics**

The buildings in Table 2 represent just over 1% of the floor area and about 2% of all buildings registered in Portfolio Manager in Canada.

**Distribution of floor area and buildings**

Figure 3 shows that the majority of Senior Care Facilities and Residential Care Communities benchmarked in Portfolio Manager are between 10,000 m<sup>2</sup> and 20,000 m<sup>2</sup>. The average gross floor area is 11,000m<sup>2</sup> and the median is 10,245 m<sup>2</sup>.

**ENERGY STAR score ranges**

Figure 4 shows the range (10th to 90th percentile) of ENERGY STAR scores given per source EUI range.

**METRICS AND ACRONYMS**

**ENERGY USE INTENSITY (EUI)**

EUI is the energy use per square metre at a property. EUI enables you to compare different size buildings.

**SITE ENERGY VERSUS SOURCE ENERGY**

There are two ways of measuring energy: at the site and at the source.

**SITE ENERGY** is the simplest way to measure energy because it accounts only for the energy your property itself uses, as measured by your energy meters. The usage that appears on your utility bills is a site energy measurement.

**SOURCE ENERGY** not only measures the energy used by your property, but also accounts for energy losses incurred during the production, transmission and delivery of energy to your property, source energy is a more accurate measurement of the energy actually required to run your building.

ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager uses **source energy**. This is the most equitable unit of evaluation, which enables a complete assessment of building-level energy efficiency.

For more information, see the **ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager Technical Reference: Source Energy**.

The data is self-reported and has been filtered to exclude outliers, buildings with less than a full year of consumption data, cases that are used for testing purposes, and an additional filter was applied. Variations from previous snapshots are possible because of changes in user entry, improved filtering, and data cleaning. Buildings registered in Portfolio Manager do not represent a randomly selected sample and are not the basis for the ENERGY STAR score.

For more information on ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager, contact Natural Resources Canada at [nrcan.buildings-batiments.rncan@canada.ca](mailto:nrcan.buildings-batiments.rncan@canada.ca).