

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF MARCH 31, 2022

(UNAUDITED)

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Economic Development Agency of Canada for the Regions of Quebec Montréal, Quebec H3B 1X9 www.ced.canada.ca

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Statement of Management Responsibility Including Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of the accompanying financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, and all information contained in these statements rests with the management of Canada Economic Development for Quebec Regions (CED). These financial statements have been prepared by management using the Government of Canada's accounting policies, which are based on Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the information in these financial statements. Some of the information in the financial statements is based on management's best estimates and judgment, and gives due consideration to materiality. To fulfill its accounting and reporting responsibilities, management maintains a set of accounts that provides a centralized record of CED's financial transactions. Financial information submitted in the preparation of the Public Accounts of Canada, and included in CED's Departmental Results Report, is consistent with these financial statements.

Management is also responsible for maintaining an effective system of internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) designed to provide reasonable assurance that financial information is reliable, that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly authorized and recorded in accordance with the *Financial Administration Act* and other applicable legislation, regulations, authorities and policies.

Management seeks to ensure the objectivity and integrity of data in its financial statements through careful selection, training and development of qualified staff; through organizational arrangements that provide appropriate divisions of responsibility; through communication programs aimed at ensuring that regulations, policies, standards and managerial authorities are understood throughout CED and through conducting an annual risk-based assessment of the effectiveness of the system of ICFR.

The system of ICFR is designed to mitigate risks to a reasonable level based on an on-going process to identify key risks, to assess effectiveness of associated key controls, and to make any necessary adjustments.

CED is subject to periodic Core Control Audits performed by the Office of the Comptroller General and uses the results of such audits to comply with the Treasury Board *Policy on Financial Management*.

The Audit Report and related Management Action Plan are posted on the departmental web site at: http://decced.gc.ca/eng/resources/publications/index.html.

The financial statements of Canada Economic Development for Quebec Regions have not been audited.

Manon Brassard, President Montréal, Canada	Maxime Garon, Chief Financial Officer
montroal, Carlada	
Date	
Date	

Statement of Financial Position *(Unaudited)* As at March 31

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	25,166	42,445
Vacation pay and compensatory leave	3,486	3,467
Employee future benefits (note 5)	977	1,080
Total gross liabilities	26,629	46,992
Liabilities held on behalf of Government		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 4)	(4,218)	(13,046)
Total liabilities held on behalf of Government	(4,218)	(13,046)
Total net liabilities	25,411	33,946
Financial assets		
Due from Consolidated Revenue Fund	20,741	28,910
Accounts receivable and advances (note 6)	3,386	2,615
Loans receivable (note 7)	616,173	566,887
Total gross financial assets	640,300	598,412
Financial assets held on behalf of Government		
Accounts receivable and advances (note 6)	(3,157)	(2,123)
Loans receivable (note 7)	(616,173)	(566,887)
Total financial assets held on behalf of Government	(619,330)	(569,010)
Total net financial assets	20,970	29,402
Departmental net debt	4,441	4,544
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	474	154
Tangible capital assets (note 8)	2,886	2,920
Total non-financial assets	3,360	3,074
Departmental net financial position	(1,081)	(1,470)

Contractual obligations (note 9) Contingent assets (note 10)

Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited) As at March 31 (in thousands of dollars)	
Manon Brassard, President Montréal, Canada	Maxime Garon, Chief Financial Officer
Date	

Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position *(Unaudited)*For the Year Ended March 31

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2022	2021
	Planned Results		
Expenses			
Economic Development in Quebec	222,996	272,234	351,361
Internal Services	23,583	27,045	24,981
Expenses incurred on behalf of			
Government	(13,498)	(15,735)	747
Total expenses	233,081	283,544	377,089
Revenues			
Interest revenues	737	4,855	117
Miscellaneous revenues	21	15	502
Revenues earned on behalf of	 ->	4	
Government	(758)	(4,870)	(619)
Total revenues	0	0	0
Net cost of operations before			
government funding and transfers	233,081	283,544	377,089
Government funding and transfers			
Net cash provided by Government		285,395	354,211
Change due from Consolidated Revenue Fund		(8,169)	16,063
Services provided without charge by other		(-,,	·
government departments (note 11)	-	6,707	6,357
Net cost of operations after government			
funding and transfers		(389)	458
Departmental net financial position-			
Beginning of year		(1,470)	(1,012)
Departmental net financial position – End	=		
of year	=	(1,081)	(1,470)

Segmented information (note 12)

Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt *(Unaudited)*For the Year Ended March 31

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Net cost of operations after government funding and transfers	(389)	458
Change due to tangible capital assets		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	826	1,016
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(859)	(677)
Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets	(1)	0
Reclassification of assets under construction	Ô	0
Total change due to tangible capital assets	(34)	339
Change due to prepaid expenses	320	(62)
Net increase (decrease) in departmental net debt	(103)	735
Departmental net debt – Beginning of year	4,544	3,809
Departmental net debt – End of year	4,441	4,544

Statement of Cash Flows (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

(in thousands of dollars)

-	2022	2021
Operating activities Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	283,544	377,089
Non-cash items:		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(859)	(677)
Services provided without charge by other	, ,	
government departments (note 11) Reclassification of assets under construction	(6,707) 0	(6,357) 0
	· ·	•
Variations in Statement of Financial Position:		
Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable and		
advances	(263)	(987)
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	320	(62)
Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and		
accrued liabilities	8,451	(15,080)
Decrease (increase) in vacation pay and compensatory leave	(19)	(830)
Decrease (increase) in future employee benefits	103	(830)
Cash used in operating activities	284,570	353,195
·	·	·
Capital investing activities		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	826	1,016
Proceeds from disposal of tangible capital assets	(1)	0
Cash used in capital investing activities	825	1,016
Net cash provided by Government of Canada	285,395	354,211

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

1. Authority and objectives

The mission of Canada Economic Development for Quebec Regions (CED) is to promote the long-term economic development of the regions of Quebec by giving special attention to those where slow economic growth is prevalent or opportunities for productive employment are inadequate. CED exercises its mandate under the provisions of the *Economic Development Agency of Canada for the Regions of Quebec Act*, which came into force on October 5, 2005. In addition, CED is committed to promoting cooperation and complementarity with Quebec and the communities in Quebec.

CED fosters business start-ups and growth. It helps them become more innovative, productive, and competitive. It supports efforts to engage the regions of Quebec and attract investments that will help boost the economic well-being of Quebec and Canada. CED contributes to the economic vitality of all of Quebec's regions by leveraging their competitive regional advantages, such as wind power and marine technologies.

To achieve this strategic outcome, CED has a core responsibility and internal services:

- **Economic Development in Quebec:** This core responsibility is designed to support Quebec economic growth, job creation and economic prosperity through inclusive clean growth. CED also help Small and Medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) growth through trade and innovation. It also contributes to build on competitive regional strengths.
- Internal Services: Internal Services are groups of related activities and resources that are
 administered to support the needs of programs and other corporate obligations of an organization.
 Internal Services include only those activities and resources that apply across an organization and not
 those provided specifically for a program.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared using the Government's accounting policies stated below, which are based on Canadian public sector accounting standards. The presentation and results using the stated accounting policies do not result in any significant differences from Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Significant accounting policies are as follows:

- a) Parliamentary authorities
 - CED is financed by the Government of Canada through Parliamentary authorities. Financial reporting of authorities provided to CED do not parallel financial reporting according to generally accepted accounting principles since authorities are primarily based on cash flow requirements. Consequently, items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and in the Statement of Financial Position are not necessarily the same as those provided through authorities from Parliament. Note 3 provides a reconciliation between the bases of reporting. The planned results amounts in the "Expenses" and "Revenues" sections of the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position are the amounts reported in the Future-oriented Statement of Operations included in the 2021-2022 Departmental Plan. Planned results are not presented in the "Government funding and transfers" section of the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and in the Statement of Change in Departmental Net Debt because these amounts were not included in the 2021-2022 Departmental Plan.
- b) Net Cash Provided by Government

CED operates within the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF), which is administered by the Receiver General for Canada. All cash received by CED is deposited to the CRF, and all cash disbursements made by CED are paid from the CRF. The net cash provided by Government is the difference between all cash receipts and all cash disbursements, including transactions between departments of the Government.

- c) Amounts due from the CRF
 - Amounts due from the CRF are the result of timing differences at year-end between when a transaction affects authorities and when it is processed through the CRF. Amounts due from the CRF represent the net amount of cash that CED is entitled to draw from the CRF without further authorities to discharge its liabilities.
- d) Revenues

Revenues are recognized in the period the event that giving rise to the revenue occurred, except for the item listed below. Loans are non-interest bearing and, due to the uncertainty as to ultimate collection, interest income is only charged on overdue amounts when received. Other revenues consist of other fees and gains on the disposal of capital and non-capital assets. Revenues that are non-respendable are not available to discharge CED's liabilities. While the President is expected to maintain accounting control, she has no authority regarding the disposition of non-respendable revenues. As a result, non-respendable revenues are considered to be earned on behalf of the Government of Canada and are therefore presented as a reduction of the entity's gross revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Unaudited) For the Year Ended March 31

e) Expenses

Transfer payments are recorded as an expense in the year the transfer is authorized and all eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient. Vacation pay and compensatory leave are accrued as the benefits are earned by employees under their respective terms of employment. Services provided without charge by other government departments for accommodation, employer contributions to the health and dental insurance plans, and legal services are recorded as operating expenses at their carrying value.

f) Employee future benefits

- i. Pension benefits Eligible employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan, a multiemployer pension plan administered by the Government. CED's contributions to the Plan are charged to expenses in the year incurred and represent CED's total obligation to the Plan. CED's responsibility with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the financial statements of the Government of Canada, the Plan's sponsor.
- ii. Severance benefits The accumulation of severance benefits for voluntary departures ceased for applicable employee groups. The remaining obligation for employees who did not withdraw benefits is calculated using information derived from the results of the actuarially determined liability for employee severance benefits for the Government as a whole.

g) Accounts and loans receivable

Accounts and loans receivable are initially recorded at cost. The value is not discounted, since insufficient conditions of a concessionary nature are attached to them. Transfer payments that are unconditionally repayable are recognized as loans receivable. When necessary, an allowance for valuation is recorded to reduce the carrying value of accounts and loans receivable to amounts that approximate their net recoverable value.

h) Non-financial assets

The costs of acquiring land, buildings, equipment and other capital property are capitalized as tangible capital assets and, except for land, are amortized to expense over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as described in Note 8. All tangible capital assets and leasehold improvements having an initial cost of \$5,000 or more are recorded at their acquisition cost. Tangible capital assets do not include immovable assets located on reserves as defined in the *Indian Act*, works of art, museum collection and Crown land to which no acquisition cost is attributable; and intangible assets.

i) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are possible assets which may become actual assets when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. If the future even is likely to occur or fail to occur, the contingent asset is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

j) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported and disclosed amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes at March 31. The estimates are based on facts and circumstances, historical experience, general economic conditions and reflect the Government's best estimate of the related amount at the end of the reporting period. The most significant items where estimates are used are allowances for doubtful accounts, the liability for employee future benefits, the useful life of tangible capital assets and the estimated recoveries for contingent assets. Actual results could significantly differ from those estimated. Management's estimates are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are recorded in the financial statements in the year they become known.

 Related party transactions
 Related party transactions, other than inter-entity transactions, are recorded at the exchange amount.

Inter-entity transactions are transactions between commonly controlled entities. Inter-entity transactions, other than restructuring transactions, are recorded on a gross basis and are measured at the carrying amount, except for the following:

- i. Services provided on a recovery basis are recognized as revenues and expenses on a gross basis and measured at the exchange amount.
- ii. Certain services received on a without charge basis are recorded for departmental financial statement purposes at the carrying amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

3. Parliamentary authorities

CED receives most of its funding through annual parliamentary authorities. Items recognized in the Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position and the Statement of Financial Position in one year may be funded through parliamentary authorities in prior, current or future years. Accordingly, CED has different net results of operations for the year on a government funding basis than on an accrual accounting basis. The differences are reconciled in the following tables:

a) Reconciliation of net cost of operations to current year authorities used

	2022	2021
	(in thousands	s of dollars)
Net cost of operations before government funding and transfers	283,544	377,089
Adjustments for items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting authorities:		
Services provided without charge by other government		
departments	(6,707)	(6,357)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	(859)	(677)
Decrease (increase) in vacation pay and compensatory		
leave	(19)	(830)
Decrease (increase) in employee future benefits	103	99
Repayment of contributions and previous years'		
expenditures	1,612	6,638
Other	1,531	(4,924)
Total items affecting net cost of operations but not affecting		
authorities	(4,339)	(6,051)

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

Adjustments for items not affecting net cost of operations but affecting authorities:

Acquisition of tangible capital assets	826	1,016
Increase (decrease) in prepaid expenses	320	(62)
New loans (note 7)	163,665	177,732
Other	(178)	652
Total items not affecting net cost of operations but affecting authorities	164,633	179,338
Current year authorities used	443,838	550,376
b) Authorities provided and used	2022	2021
	(in thousands of dollars)	
Authorities provided:		
Vote 1 - Operating expenditures	48,646	44,039
Vote 5 - Grants and contributions	495,479	474,919
Statutory amounts	5,216	95,366
	549,341	614,324
Less:		
Authorities available for use in future years	(5)	0
Lapsed: Operating and Grants and contributions	(105,498)	(63,948)
Current year authorities used	443,838	550,376

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

4. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

The following table presents details of CED's accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

	2022	2021
	(in thousands of dollars)	
Accounts payable – Other government departments and agencies	378	536
Accounts payable – External parties	2,564	3,153
Total accounts payable	2,942	3,689
Accrued liabilities	22,224	38,756
Net accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25,166	42,445
Accounts payable on behalf of Government	(4,218)	(13,046)
Net accounts payable and accrued liabilities	20,948	29,399

5. Employee future benefits

a) Pension benefits

CED's employees participate in the Public Service Pension Plan (the "Plan"), which is sponsored and administered by the Government of Canada. Pension benefits accrue up to a maximum period of 35 years at a rate of 2 percent per year of pensionable service, times the average of the best five consecutive years of earnings. The benefits are integrated with Canada/Québec Pension Plan benefits and they are indexed to inflation.

Both the employees and CED contribute to the cost of the Plan. Due to the amendment of the Public Service Superannuation Act following the implementation of provisions related to Economic Action Plan 2012, employee contributors have been divided into two groups – Group 1 related to existing plan members as of December 31, 2012 and Group 2 relates to members joining the Plan as of January 1, 2013. Each group has a distinct contribution rate.

The 2021-2022 expense amounts to \$3,460 thousand (\$3,323 thousand in 2020-2021). For Group 1 members, the expense represents approximately 1.01 times (1.01 times in 2020-2021) the employee contributions and, for Group 2 members, approximately 1.00 times (1.00 times in 2020-2021) the employee contributions.

CED's responsibility with regard to the Plan is limited to its contributions. Actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Government of Canada, as the Plan's sponsor.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

b) Severance benefits

Severance benefits provided to CED's employees were previously based on an employee's eligibility, years of service and salary at termination of employment. However, since 2011 the accumulation of severance benefits for voluntary departures progressively ceased for substantially all employees. Employees subject to these changes were given the option to be paid the full or partial value of benefits earned to date or collect the full or remaining value of benefits upon departure from the public service. By March 31, 2022, substantially all settlements for immediate cash out were completed. Severance benefits are unfunded and, consequently, the outstanding obligation will be paid from future authorities.

The changes in the obligations during the year were as follows:

	2022	2021
	(in thousands	of dollars)
Accrued benefit obligation - Beginning of year	1,080	1,179
Expense for the year	1	5
Benefits paid during the year	(104)	(104)
Accrued benefit obligation - End of year	977	1,080

6. Accounts receivable and advances

The following table presents details of CED's accounts receivable and advances balances:

	2022	2021
	(in thousands of dollars)	
Receivables – Other government departments and agencies	207	489
Receivables – External parties	8,720	3,785
Employee advances	23	3
Subtotal	8,950	4,277
Allowance for doubtful accounts on receivables from external		
parties	(5,564)	(1,662)
Gross accounts receivable	3,386	2,615
Accounts receivable held on behalf of Government	(3,157)	(2,123)
Net accounts receivable	229	492

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Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

Amounts collected in respect to conditionally repayable contributions totalled \$1,911 thousand for the 2021-2022 fiscal year (\$7,036 thousand in 2020-2021). CED wrote off a total of \$1 thousand in the 2021-2022 fiscal year for accounts deemed uncollectible (\$78 thousand in 2020-2021).

7. Loans receivable

Loans (unconditionally repayable contributions) are transfer payments made to eligible recipients to carry out a project. The contribution agreement sets out strict conditions for repayment which determine the dates and amounts of payments. In general, the repayment schedule does not exceed five years, beginning no later than 24 to 48 months after the project completion date. All loans are held on behalf of Government, since the President has no authority with regard to their disposal.

The following table presents the details of CED's loans (unconditionally repayable contributions) balances:

	2022	2021
	(in thousands of dollars)	
Repayable contributions at the beginning of the year	721,838	582,666
New contributions paid	163,665	177,732
Repayments received and other credits	(102,545)	(38,560)
Subtotal: Repayable contributions at year end	782,958	721,838
Less: Allowance for uncollectibility	(166,785)	(154,951)
Total loans receivable	616,173	566,887

The amounts collected in respect to unconditionally repayable contributions totalled \$102,095 thousand for the 2021-2022 fiscal year (\$35,780 thousand in 2020-2021). There was no wrote off in 2021-2022 for accounts deemed uncollectible (\$2,320 thousand in 2020-2021).

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

8. Tangible capital assets

(in thousands of dollars)

Amortization of tangible capital assets is done on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Asset class	Amortization period
Computer hardware	3 to 5 years
Computer software	3 years
Other equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	6 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the useful life of the improvement or the lease term, whichever is shorter
Assets under construction	Once in service, in accordance with asset type

Assets under construction are recorded in the applicable capital asset class in the year they are put into service and are not amortized until they are put into service.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

		Cost					Accumulated Amortization					Net Book Value	
Capital Asset Class	Opening Balance	Acquisitions	Adjustments (1)	Disposals and Write- Offs	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Amortization	Adjustments (1)	Disposals and Write- Offs	Closing Balance	2022	2021	
Computer hardware	1,070	0	0	0	1,070	796	119	0	0	915	155	274	
Computer software	6,519	0	2,849	0	9,368	6,033	724	0	0	6,757	2,611	486	
Other equipment	39	6	0	0	45	38	1	0	0	39	6	1	
Motor vehicles	460	0	0	(13)	447	353	12	0	(12)	353	94	107	
Leasehold improvements	204	0	0	0	204	181	3	0	0	184	20	23	
Assets under construction	2,029	820	(2,849)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,029	
TOTAL	10,321	826	0	(13)	11,134	7,401	859	0	(12)	8,248	2,886	2,920	

¹⁾ Adjustments include assets under construction of \$2,849 thousand which were transferred to other categories following the completion of the asset.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

9. Contractual obligations

The nature of CED's activities result in some large multi-year contracts and obligations whereby CED will be obligated to make future payments in order to carry out its transfer payment programs or when the services/goods are received. Significant contractual obligations that can be reasonably estimated are summarized as follows:

	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027 and thereafter	Total
		(i	in thousand	s of dollars)	
Transfer payments	434,972	138,404	34,330	21,494	54,680	683,880
Operations and maintenance	1,118	217	176	86	0	1,597
Total	436,090	138,621	34,506	21,580	54,680	685,477

10. Contingent assets

Under the Quebec Economic Development Program (QEDP), conditionally repayable contributions which are outstanding in 2022 total \$14,813 thousand (\$15,218 thousand in 2021). Repayments are determined by a project's profitability and have a maximum repayment period of 20 years. The final payment is due no later than 2039.

The estimated recoveries for contingent assets are evaluated at \$11,850 thousand (\$12,174 thousand in 2021).

11. Related party transactions

CED is related as a result of common ownership to all government departments, agencies and Crown corporations. Related parties also include individuals who are members of key management personnel or close family members of those individuals, and entities controlled by, or under shared control of, a member of key management personnel or a close family member of that individual.

CED enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business and on normal trade terms.

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

a) Common services provided without charge by other government departments

During the year, CED received services without charge from certain common service organizations, related to accommodation, legal services and the employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans. These services, provided without charge, have been recorded at the carrying value in CED's Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position as follows:

	2022	2021	
	(in thousands of dollars)		
Employer's contribution to the health and dental insurance plans	3,524	3,149	
Accommodation	2,760	2,721	
Legal services Tota	423 6,707	487 6,357	

The Government has centralized some of its administrative activities for efficiency, cost-effectiveness purposes and economic delivery of programs to the public. As a result, the Government uses central agencies and common service organizations so that one department performs services for all other departments and agencies without charge. The costs of these services, such as the payroll and cheque issuance services provided by Public Services and Procurement Canada and audit services provided by the Office of the Auditor General are not included in the CED's Statement of Operations and Departmental Net Financial Position.

b) Other transactions with other government departments and agencies

	2022	2021
	(in thous	ands of dollars)
Expenses	1,676	1,319

The expenses disclosed in section (b) exclude common services provided without charge, which are already disclosed in section (a).

Notes to the Financial Statements (*Unaudited*) For the Year Ended March 31

12. Segmented information

The presentation of sectoral reporting is based upon CED's core responsibility, which is prescribed by the same accounting policies as described in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The following table provides expenses incurred and revenues generated for the primary core responsibilities, by major expense items and revenue types. Below are the results, by sector, for the period: A significant variation is observed for payments, particularly for expenses incurred on behalf of the government (doubtful accounts).

	Economic Development in Quebec	Internal services	2022 Total	2021 Total		
	(in thousands of dollars)					
Transfer payments						
Non-repayable payments						
Non-profit organizations	205,061	0	205,061	303,250		
Other levels of government	13,713	0	13,713	3,358		
Industry	2,444	0	2,444	3,113		
Conditional repayments						
Industry	7,338	0	7,338	12,854		
Others	11,832	0	11,832	(886)		
Expenses incurred on behalf of Government	(15,735)	0	(15,735)	747		
Total – Transfer payments	224,653	0	224,653	322,436		
Operating expenses						
Salaries and employee benefits	27,653	19,196	46,849	44,112		
Professional and special services	2,473	2,578	5,051	4,780		
Accommodation	1,484	1,473	2,957	2,882		
Travel and communications	63	168	231	204		
Purchases of equipment and furniture	13	1,400	1,413	1,045		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	2	857	859	677		
Information	153	313	466	295		
Supplies and procurement	5	57	62	37		
Repairs and maintenance	0	32	32	7		
Other	0	971	971	614		
Total – Operating expenses	31,846	27,045	58,891	54,653		
Total - Expenses	256,499	27,045	283,544	377,089		
Revenues						
Interest revenues	4,855	0	4,855	117		
Miscellaneous revenues	12	3	15	502		
Revenues earned on behalf of Government	(4,867)	(3)	(4,870)	(619)		
Total – Revenues	0	Ó	Ó	Ó		
Net cost from continuing operations	256,499	27,045	283,544	377,089		