

Software Kimetics

VOLUME 3
SOFTWARE DETAILED DESIGN DOCUMENT
FOR THE
INTERNETWORK GATEWAY PROJECT
Submitted to: C.R.C.
Ottawa, Ontario

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FOR THE

INTERNETWORK GATEWAY PROJECT

VOLUME 3

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Prepared for:

Communications Research Centre Ottawa, Ontario

Prepared by:

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for the

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for the Internetwork Gateway Project

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# Document Revision History

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01	New Document Issued	23 September 1987
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# 3.3.4 X.25 Device Driver (XDD) TLC

The X.25 Device Driver TLC contains the software that is used to control one IXIB X.25 interface from the IGW. There is a separate copy of this device driver in IGW memory for each IXIB board that is installed on the IGW (Maximum 9). This software is used to process incoming and outgoing commands and IP datagrams.

The driver consists of three LLCs, each of which operates as a separate process. The XDD\_Supervisor LLC presents a common interface to the other TLCs in the gateway. All datagrams and commands for the IXIB are sent through the XDD\_Supervisor. Similarly, all datagrams and commands from the IXIB pass through the XDD\_Supervisor before being sent to the appropriate TLC.

The XDD\_Transmitter LLC is responsible for the the transmission of commands and datagrams to the IXIB. Transmit interrupts are processed by this LLC.

The XDD\_Receiver LLC is responsible for the the reception of commands and datagrams from the IXIB. Receive interrupts are processed by this LLC.

There is a separate copy of this device driver in IGW memory for each

IXIB board that is installed on the IGW.

### 3.3.4.1 X.25 Device Driver TLC Architecture

The X.25 Device Driver TLC consists of the following LLCs and units as shown in Figure 3-4:

- 1) XDD\_Supervisor LLC XDD\_Supervisor LLC presents a common interface to the other TLCs in the gateway. The transfer of all datagrams and commands between the IXIB and other IGW TLCs is controlled by this LLC. This LLC is composed of the following units.
  - 1) XDD\_Supervisor\_Main This unit is the main unit for the XDD\_Supervisor LLC and contains the code for reading request given to the X.25 Device Driver TLC by other TLCs.
  - 2) Cmd\_In This unit is used to process incoming commands from the IXIB that have been received by the XDD\_Receiver LLC.
  - 3) Cmd\_Out This unit is used to process outgoing commands that are to be sent to the IXIB by the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.
  - 4) IP\_In This unit is used to process incoming IP datagrams from the IXIB that have been received by the XDD\_Receiver LLC.
  - 5) IP\_Out This unit is used to process outgoing IP datagrams that are to be sent to the IXIB by the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.
- 2) XDD\_Receiver LLC This LLC handles receive interrupts and gathers received commands and data from the IXIB. The following units comprise this LLC:
  - 1) XDD\_Rx\_Main This unit is used to process IXIB receiver interrupts and to receive commands and data from the IXIB board.

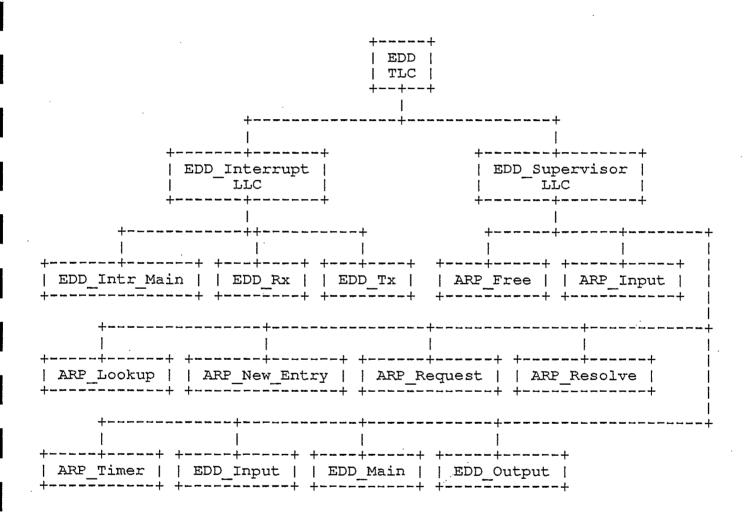


Figure 3-5

- 3) XDD\_Transmitter LLC This LLC handles transmit interrupts and the transfer of commands and data to the IXIB. This LLC is composed of the following units:
  - XDD\_Tx\_Main This units is used to process IXIB transmitter interrupts and to transfer commands and data to the IXIB.

#### 3.3.4.2 Global Data

The following global data is defined for this TLC:

- 1) IXIB\_STAT This constant defined as 0x0c hex defines the command identifier for sending stat commands to the IXIB and receiving stat packets from the IXIB
- 2) IXIB\_LOG This constant defined as 0x06 indicates that an IXIB packet contains logging information.
- 3) IXIB\_REBOOT This constant defined as 0x1c indicates that an IXIB packet contains a reboot request message.
- 4) IXIB\_MORE This constant defined as 0x80 indicates that an IXIB packet is incomplete and there is more to follow.
- 5) IXIB\_PSIZE This constant defined as 251 indicates the maximum size of a packet to be transferred across the IXIB FIFO.
- 6) IXIB\_TX\_TO This constant defined as 10 \* CLOCK\_INT indicates that a transmit interrupt from the IXIB was not generated as expected within 10 seconds.

### 3.3.4.3 X.25 Device Driver LLCs

The following LLCs are defined for the X.25 Device Driver TLC:

- The XDD\_Supervisor LLC This LLC is used for communication between the X.25 Device Driver TLC and the other IGW TLCs.
- 2) The XDD\_Transmitter LLC This LLC is used to transmit commands and IP datagrams to the IXIB.
- 3) The XDD\_Receiver LLC This LLC is used to receive commands and IP datagrams from the IXIB.

These LLCs are described in the following subsections.

# 3.3.4.3.1 XDD\_Receiver LLC

The XDD\_Receiver LLC is responsible for the reception of commands and IP datagrams from the IXIB interface. The commands and datagrams are placed in ERTE Messages and then sent to the XDD\_Supervisor LLC. The units that the XDD\_Receiver LLC is composed of are:

The XDD\_Rx\_Main Unit.

3.3.4.3.1.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the XDD\_Receiver LLC:

- IXIB\_Mailbox This input is the MailBox register of the IXIB interface. It specifies the type of command or data to be received from the board.
- 2) IXIB\_Fifo This item is the IXIB FIFO register used to transfer data from the IXIB board.

3.3.4.3.1.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the XDD\_Receiver LLC:

1) Rx\_Mesg\_Hdr - This output consists of an array of 2 ERTE Message headers used to send received IXIB commands and datagrams to the XDD\_Supervisor LLC. The first entry in the array is used to send received datagrams to the XDD\_Supervisor using the XDD\_Supervisor's datagram message queue. The second entry is used to send commands to the XDD\_Supervisor using the the XDD\_Supervisor's command message queue.

3.3.4.3.1.3 Local Data

No local data is defined for this LLC.

3.3.4.3.1.4 Processing

The XDD\_Receiver LLC performs the following functions:

- Receives command and IP packets from the IXIB and handles the associated receive interrupts.
- Sends the received commands and IP packets to the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.

# 3.3.4.3.1.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the XDD Receiver LLC.

3.3.4.3.2 XDD\_Supervisor LLC

The XDD\_Supervisor LLC is responsible for the communication between the XDD TLC and other TLCs comprising the IGW. The units that the XDD\_Supervisor LLC is composed of are:

- 1) The XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit.
- 2) The Cmd\_In Unit.
- 3) The Cmd\_Out Unit.
- 4) The IP\_In Unit.

5) The IP\_Out Unit.

# 3.3.4.3.2.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the XDD\_Supervisor LLC:

- 1) Mesg\_Hdr This item is the header of an ERTE message received by the LLC. The messages arrive in 4 types:
  - Receive IP Datagrams IP datagrams received by the IXIB are received by this LLC from the message queue IXIB\_RX\_IP.
  - Receive IXIB Commands Commands from the IXIB are collected from the message queue IXIB\_RX\_CMD.
  - 3) Transmit IXIB Datagrams Datagrams to be transmitted on the IXIB interface are collected from the message queue IXIB\_TX\_CMD.
  - 4) Transmit IXIB Commands Commands to be sent to the IXIB are received on the message queue IXIB\_TX\_CMD.
  - 5) ACT\_Table This global input is obtained from the global data area and contains the X.25 Address Configuration Table.

3.3.4.3.2.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the XDD\_Supervisor LLC:

- 1) Mesg\_Hdr This item is the header of an ERTE message forwarded by this LLC. The messages are forwarded to five different places:
  - If the message contains an IP datagram received from the XDD\_Receiver LLC, then the message is sent to the IP TLC.
  - 2) If the message contains an IP datagram from the IP TLC, then the message is sent to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC on via the XDD\_Transmitter's datagram message queue.
- 3) If the message contains an IXIB command from the OI or STAT TLCs, then the message is sent to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC on via the XDD\_Transmitter's command message queue.
- 4) If the message contains an IXIB log message, then the message is sent to the Console Device Driver TLC.
- 5) If the message contains IXIB statistics data, then the message is sent to the STAT TLC.

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### 3.3.4.3.2.3 Local Data

No local data is defined for the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.

# 3.3.4.3.2.4 Processing

The XDD\_Supervisor LLC performs the following functions:

- Transfers IP packets from the IP TLC to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.
- 2) Transfers IP packets from the XDD\_Receiver LLC to the IP TLC.
- 3) Processes incoming commands from the XDD\_Receiver LLC.
- 4) Processes commands from the STAT and OI LLCs.

# 3.3.4.3.2.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.

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# 3.3.4.3.3 XDD\_Transmitter LLC

The XDD\_Transmitter LLC is responsible for the transmission of commands and IP datagrams to the IXIB interface, and for the processing of IXIB transmit interrupts. The units that the XDD Transmitter LLC is composed of are:

1) The XDD\_Tx\_Main Unit

### 3.3.4.3.3.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the XDD\_Transmitter LLC:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This item is the header of an ERTE Message used to receive IXIB commands and datagrams from the XDD\_Supervisor LLC. Command messages are read from the command message queue, and datagram messages are read from the datagram message queue.

# 3.3.4.3.3.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the XDD\_Transmitter LLC:

- IXIB\_Mailbox This output is the MailBox register of the IXIB interface. It specifies the type of command or data to be transmitted to the IXIB board.
- 2) IXIB\_Fifo This item is the IXIB FIFO register used to transfer data to the IXIB board.

# 3.3.4.3.3.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the XDD\_Transmitter LLC:

1) Error - This local data item is an integer value used to hold the return values of function calls.

### 3.3.4.3.3.4 Processing

The XDD\_Transmitter LLC performs the following functions:

- Receives command and IP packets from the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.
- Sends the command and IP packets to the IXIB.
- 3) Handles IXIB transmit interrupts.

# 3.3.4.3.3.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.

3.3.4.4 X.25 Device Driver Units

The following subsections contain the unit descriptions for the units comprising the X.25 Device Driver TLC.

3.3.4.4.1 Cmd\_In Unit

The Cmd\_In Unit performs the function of processing incoming command requests that have been received by the XDD\_Rx\_Main Unit from the IXIB.

3.3.4.4.1.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the Cmd\_In Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This 32 bit input parameter is a pointer to the header for an ERTE Message containing the received command to be processed.

## 3.3.4.4.1.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the Cmd\_In Unit:

Mesg\_Hdr - This output is a 32 bit pointer to the header for an ERTE Message containing the received command to be forwarded to the Console Device Driver (CDD) or the STAT TLC.

### 3.3.4.4.1.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the Cmd\_In Unit:

- Command This local data item is used to hold the command portion of the incoming messages.
- Error This local data item contains an error code indicating if an error occurred during the processing of the incoming command packet.

#### 3.3.4.4.1.4 Processing

Move the Command field from the message referenced by Mesg\_Hdr to Command

Switch Command

Case IXIB STAT

Set M\_Offset pointer of Mesg\_Hdr to point to statistics portion of message

Error = Message\_Send(STAT\_QUEUE, Mesg\_Hdr)

Case IXIB LOG:

Set M\_Offset field of Mesg\_Hdr to point to log message portion of message

Error = Message\_Send(CDD\_Transmit\_QUEUE, Mesg\_Hdr)

Case IXIB REBOOT:

Call Panic(Error message)

Call OI\_Print(Error message)

Error = ERROR

Endcase

3.3.4.4.1.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the Cmd\_In Unit.

3.3.4.4.2 Cmd\_Out Unit

The Cmd\_Out Unit is called by the XDD Supervisor to transmit commands to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC. This unit sends the ERTE Message containing the command to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.

### 3.3.4.4.2.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the Cmd\_Out Unit:

- Mesg\_Hdr This input is a 32 bit pointer to the header of the ERTE Message containing the command to be processed.
- 2) ACT\_Table This global input is the Address Configuration Table used to translate X.25 addresses into IP addresses and vice versa.

3.3.4.4.2.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the Cmd\_Out Unit:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This item is a 32 bit pointer to the header of the ERTE Message containing the command to be processed and sent to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.

3.3.4.4.2.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the Cmd\_Out Unit.

3.3.4.4.2.4 Processing

Move the command from message buffer referenced by  ${\tt Mesg\_Hdr}$  to Command Case Command

IXIB\_ACT:

or

IXIB\_STAT:

Error = Message\_Send(Mesg\_Hdr, IXIB\_TX\_CMD)
If Error is equal NOERROR

Return

Endif

Otherwise:

Call OI\_Print(Error message)

Endcase

Call Message\_Discard(Mesg\_Hdr)

Return

3.3.4.4.2.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the Cmd\_Out Unit.

3.3.4.4.3 IP\_In Unit

The IP\_In Unit performs the function of passing incoming IP packets that have been received by the XDD\_Rx\_Main Unit to the IP TLC.

3.3.4.4.3.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the IP\_In Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This input parameter contains the header for the message buffer containing the received IP packet to be processed.

3.3.4.4.3.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the IP\_In Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This item contains the header for the message buffer containing the IP packet to be sent to the IP TLC.

3.3.4.4.3.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the IP In Unit:

1) Error - This local data item is used to hold the error code returned by the Message\_Send function.

3.3.4.4.3.4 Processing

3.3.4.4.3.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the IP\_In Unit.

3.3.4.4.4 IP\_Out Unit

The IP\_Out Unit is used to transfer ERTE Messages containing IF datagrams from the XDD\_Supervisor LLC to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.

3.3.4.4.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the IF\_Out Unit:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This input contains the header of the ERTE Message containing the IP packet to be sent to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.

3.3.4.4.4.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the IP\_Out Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This output contains the header of the ERTE Message containing the IP packet to be sent to the XDD\_Transmitter LLC.

3.3.4.4.4.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the IP\_Out Unit:

1) Error - This local data item is used to hold the return value of the Message\_Send function call.

### 3.3.4.4.4.4 Processing

### 3.3.4.4.4.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the IP\_Out Unit.

# 3.3.4.4.5 XDD\_Rx\_Main Unit

The XDD\_Rx\_Main Unit is responsible for the reception of commands and IP datagrams from the IXIB interface. The commands and IP datagrams are sent to the XDD\_Supervisor LLC. IXIB receive interrupts are processed by this unit.

### 3.3.4.4.5.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the XDD\_Rx\_Main unit:

- 1) IXIB Mailbox This input is the MailBox register of the IXIB interface. It specifies the type of command or data to be received from the board.
- 2) IXIB\_Fifo This item is the IXIB FIFO register used to transfer data from the IXIB board.

### 3.3.4.4.5.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the unit:

1) Rx\_Mesg\_Hdr - This output consists of an array of 2
ERTE Message headers used to send received IXIB
commands and datagrams to the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.
The first entry in the array is used to send received
datagrams to the XDD\_Supervisor using the
XDD\_Supervisor's datagram message queue. The second
entry is used to send commands to the XDD\_Supervisor
using the the XDD\_Supervisor's command message queue.

#### 3.3.4.4.5.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the XDD\_Receiver LLC.

- 1) Rx\_Reas This local data contains a pointer to a message buffer header that is used to receive incoming command and data packets from the IXIB. The message buffer header that this pointer points to are contained in the Rx\_Mesg\_Hdr data item. 2) Q\_Id This local data item is used to store the queue ID of the queue that incoming packets are to be placed on when sent to the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.
- 4) Command This 16 bit item is used to hold incoming commands from the IXIB.
- 5) Count This 16 bit data item is used to hold the length of incoming packets from the IXIB.

# 3.3.4.4.5.4 Processing

Loop

Call Wait\_Event(IXIB\_RX\_INTR)

Move IXIB\_Mailbox data to Command

Move Command to Count

Set Command to the bitwise AND of Command and MBX\_CMD

Set Count to the bitwise AND of Count and MBX\_CNT

If the bitwise AND of Command and the complement of IXIB\_MORE

is equal XC\_IP\_DATA

Q\_ID = IXIB\_RX\_IP

Rx\_Reas = Address of Rx Mesg Hdr[0]

Else

Q\_ID = IXIB\_RX\_CMD Rx\_Reas = Address of Rx\_Mesg\_Hdr[1]

Endif

If the header referenced Rx\_Reas is empty

 $Error = Message\_Get(Rx\_Reas)$ 

If Error isn't NOERROR

Call OI\_Print(Error Message)

While Count > 0

Read FIFO

Decrement Count

Endwhile

Continue next loop iteration

Endif

Move Command bitwise anded with the complement of IXIB\_MORE to the location given in the M\_Addr field of Rx\_Reas
If IP buffer M\_Length field of Rx\_Reas=16

M\_Length field of Rx\_Reas=2

Endif

While Count > 0

Move IXIB\_Fifo data to address given by M\_Addr field of Rx\_Reas + M\_Length field of Rx\_Reas Increment M\_Length field of Rx\_Reas Decrement Count

Declement Cot

Endwhile

If bitwise AND of Command and IXIB MORE equals 0

Error = Message\_Send(Q\_ID, Rx\_Reas)

If Error isn't NOERROR

Call Message\_Discard(Rx\_Reas)

Endif

 $Rx_Reas = Null$ 

Endif

Endloop

3.3.4.4.5.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the XDD\_Rx\_Main Unit.

3.3.4.4.6 XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit

The XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit is responsible for the communication between the XDD TLC and other TLCs comprising the IGW. Commands and IP datagrams are transferred between the XDD\_Transmitter LLC, the XDD\_Receiver LLC, and the other IGW TLCs that access the XDD.

3.3.4.4.6.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This input is the header to an ERTE Message as described in the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.

### 3.3.4.4.6.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This output is the header to an ERTE
 Message as described in the XDD\_Supervisor LLC.

### 3.3.4.4.6.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit:

- Error This local data item is used to hold the return error code from the Message\_Receive and Message\_Get function calls.
- 2) Event This local data item is used to determine if the MSG ARRIVE event occurred before a timeout did.
- 3) XDD\_Stat\_To This local data item contains the time to expire before an IXIB\_STAT command is sent to the IXIB.

### 3.3.4.4.6.4 Processing

```
Move 300 * CLOCK_INT to XDD_Stat_To
Save_Time = Get_Time()
Loop

Clear No_Wait
    Error = Message_Receive(IXIB_RX_IP, Mesg_Hdr)
    If Error is equal NOERROR
        Call IP_In(Mesg_Hdr)

Else
    If Error isn't M_QEMPTY
        Call OI_Print(Error message)
        No_Wait++
    Endif
    Error = Message_Receive(IXIB_RX_CMD, Mesg_Hdr)
    If Error is equal NOERROR
        Call Cmd_In(Mesg_Hdr)
```

```
#1500-15-031.02.0
```

17 g 2 g

Endloop

```
Else
        If Error isn't M_QEMPTY
            Call OI_Print(Error Message)
            No_Wait++
        Endif
        Error = Message_Receive(IXIB_CMD, Mesg_Hdr)
        If Error is equal NOERROR
            Call Cmd_Out(Mesg_Hdr)
        Else
            If Error isn't M_QEMPTY
                Call OI_Print(Error Message)
                No_Wait++
            Endif
            Error = Message_Receive(Mesg_Hdr, IXIB_IP)
            If Error is equal NOERROR
                Call IP_Out(Mesg_Hdr)
            Else if Error is M_QEMPTY
                Event = Wait_Timeout(MSG_ARRIVE, XDD_Stat_To)
                If Event isn't 0
                    Cur Time = Get Time()
                     Add Save_Time to XDD_Stat_To
                     Subtract Cur_Time from XDD_Stat_To
                    Move Cur Time to Save Time
                     If EDD Stat To is greater than 0
                         Continue next loop iteration
                    Endif
                Endif
                Move 300 * CLOCK_INT to XDD_Stat_To
                Error = Message_Get(Mesg_Hdr)
                If Error equals NOERROR
                Move IXIB_STAT to IXIB command portion of
                 message buffer referenced by Mesg_Hdr
                    Call Cmd_Out(Mesg Hdr)
                Endif
            Else
                Call OI_Print(Error message)
            Endif
        Endif
    Endif
Endif
```

# 3.3.4.4.6.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the XDD\_Supervisor\_Main Unit.

# 3.3.4.4.7 XDD\_Tx\_Main Unit

The XDD\_Tx\_Main Unit is responsible for the transmission of commands and IP datagrams to the IXIB interface. The commands and IP datagrams are obtained in ERTE messages from the XDD\_Supervisor LLC. Two message queues are used: one for IXIB commands, and one for datagrams.

# 3.3.4.4.7.1 Inputs

The following inputs are received by the XDD\_Tx\_Main Unit:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This item is the header of an ERTE Message used to receive IXIB commands and datagrams from the XDD\_Supervisor LLC. Command messages are read from the command message queue, and datagram messages are read from the datagram message queue.

### 3.3.4.4.7.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the XDD Tx Main Unit:

- 1) IXIB\_Mailbox This output is the MailBox register of the IXIB interface. It specifies the type of command or data to be transmitted to the IXIB board.
- 2) IXIB\_Fifo This item is the IXIB FIFO register used to transfer data to the IXIB board.

#### 3.3.4.4.7.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the XDD\_Tx\_Main Unit:

1) Error - See local data description in the XDD\_Transmitter LLC section.

#### 3.3.4.4.7.4 Processing

Loop

Error = Message\_Receive(Mesg\_Hdr, IXIB\_Tx\_Cmd)

If Error is equal NOERROR

Move command byte at first location in message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr to Cmd

Else if Error is equal M\_QEMPTY

Error = Message Receive(Mesg Hdr, IXIB Tx\_IP)

If Error is equal NOERROR

Move the logical OR of IXIB\_IP\_DATA and IXIB\_MORE to Cmd

Else

If Error is equal M\_QEMPTY

Call Wait Event(MSG\_ARRIVE)

Else

Call OI Print(Error message)

Endif

Continue next loop iteration

Endif

Else

Call OI Print(Error message) Continue next loop iteration Endif While data remains in message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr For Cnt from 1 to IXIB\_PSIZE If M\_Offset field of Mesg\_Hdr >= M\_Length field of Mesg\_Hdr Exit Loop Endif Move current byte at M\_Addr + M\_Offset in Mesg\_Hdr from message buffer to IXIB\_Fifo Increment M Offset field of Mesg Hdr Endfor If M\_Offset field of Mesg\_Hdr >= M\_Length field of Mesg Hdr Clear IXIB\_MORE\_BIT of Cmd Load Mailbox with Cmd and length of current partial packet Error = Wait\_Timeout(IXIB\_TX\_INTR, IXIB\_TX\_TO) If Error not equal IXIB\_TX\_INTR Call Panic(error message) Endif Endwhile Error = Message\_Discard(Mesg\_Hdr) If Error isn't equal NOERROR

Call printf(Error message)

Endif

Endloop

#### 3.3.4.4.7.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for the XDD Tx Main Unit.

#### 3.3.5 Ethernet Device Driver (EDD) TLC

The Ethernet Device Driver TLC contains the software that is used to control the DEQNA Ethernet interface from the IGW. This software is used to process incoming and outgoing IP datagrams as well as implement the ARP protocol.

There is a separate copy of this device driver in IGW memory for each DEQNA board that is installed on the IGW.

The driver consists of two software LLCs, each of which runs as a separate process under ERTE. The Supervisor LLC forms a common interface to the rest of the rest of the IGW processes, while the Interrupt LLC handles the response to DEQNA interrupts.

#### 3.3.5.1 Ethernet Device Driver TLC Architecture

The Ethernet Device Driver consists of the following LLCs and units as shown in Figure 3-5.

1) EDD\_Supervisor - This LLC receives datagrams from the IP TLC and forwards them to the EDD\_Interrupt LLC once an Ethernet address has been determined using the ARP protocol. Incoming datagrams from the Ethernet are also processed by this LLC. The EDD\_Interrupt LLC forwards incoming datagrams to this LLC which forwards IP datagrams to the IP TLC and processes ARP datagrams internally. The following units comprise this LLC:

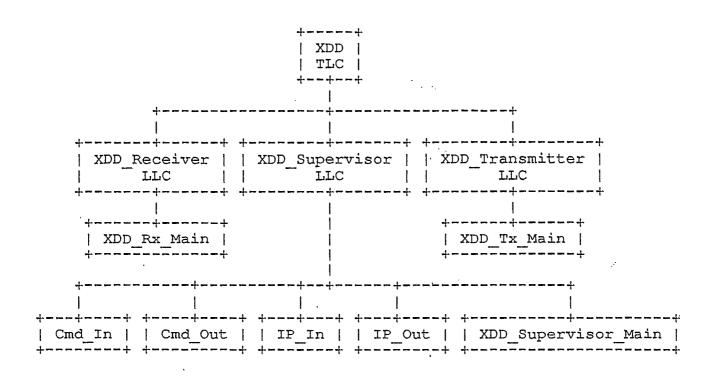


Figure 3-4

- ARP\_Free This unit is used to free an entry in the ARP table.
- 2) ARP\_Input This unit is used to process an incoming ARP packet.
- 3) ARP\_Lookup This unit is used to locate an entry in the ARP table.
- 4) ARP\_New\_Entry This unit is used to add a new entry to the ARP table.
- 5) ARP\_Request This unit is used to send out an ARP request.
- 6) ARP\_Resolve This unit is used to resolve an IP to Ethernet address translation.
- 7) ARP\_Timer This unit is used to age entries in the ARP table.
- 8) EDD\_Input This unit is used by the EDD\_Supervisor to process an incoming packet received by the EDD\_Rx unit.
- 9) EDD\_Main This unit is the main unit for the EDD\_Supervisor LLC. It performs initialization and the loops waiting for data to become ready to process by calling other routines.
- 10) EDD\_Output This unit is called by the EDD\_Supervisor to process an outgoing packet obtained from the EDD Queue written to by IP.
- 2) EDD\_Interrupt LLC This LLC processes receive and transmit interrupts for the DEQNA. Packets received from the Ethernet are forwarded to the EDD\_Supervisor, while packets from the EDD\_Supervisor are transmitted.
  - EDD\_Intr\_Main This unit is used to determine the cause of a DEQNA interrupt and call the appropriate unit to process the interrupt.
  - 2) EDD\_Rx This unit is used to process interrupts caused by received data being available.
  - 3) EDD\_Tx This unit is used to process interrupts caused by the sending of data to the DEQNA.

#### 3.3.5.2 Global data

This section describes the format and contents if the data which is defined to be globally used between the units contained within the Ethernet Device Driver TLC. The following are defined:

1) Ether Pkt - This structure describes the format of packets received and transmitted by the DEQNA. This structure is composed of the following fields:

Ether\_Dst - This 6 byte field contains the hardware ethernet address of the destination ethernet station.

Ether\_Src - This 6 byte field contains the hardware ethernet address of the source ethernet station.

Ether\_Type - This 16 bit field contains the protocol type of the packet. Protocol types supported by the IGW are:

ETHER\_IP - Internet Protocol.
ETHER\_ARP - Address Resolution Protocol.

See 3) and 4) below.

Ether\_Data - This field contains between 42 and 1500 bytes of data.

2) ARP\_Pkt - This structure describes the format of ARP packets. This structure is composed of the following fields:

ARP\_Fmt - This 16 bit field contains the format of the hardware address. For the IGW this field is defined as:

ARP\_FMT\_ETHER (0x01) - Ethernet address format.

ARP\_Proto - This 16 bit field contains the format of the protocol address. Address formats supported by the IGW are:

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ETHER\_IP - Internet Protocol. ETHER ARP - Address Resolution Protocol.

See 3) and 4) below.

ARP\_Hln - This 8 bit field contains the length of the hardware address expressed in bytes. For the IGW this field is defined as 6.

ARP\_Pln - This 8 bit field contains the length of the protocol address expressed in bytes. For the IGW this field is defined as 4.

ARP\_Op - This 16 bit field contains the operation code of the ARP packet. Valid values for this field are:

ARP\_OP\_REQUEST (0x01) - ARP Request packet. ARP\_OP\_REPLY (0x02) - ARP Reply packet.

ARP\_Snd\_Ether - This 6 byte field contains the senders ethernet address.

ARP\_Snd\_IP - This 4 byte field contains the senders IP address.

ARP\_Tar\_Ether - This 6 byte field contains the target ethernet address.

ARP\_Tar\_IP - This 4 byte field contains the target IP address.

- 3) ETHER\_IP This constant defined as 0x0800 hex is used to specify that the Internet Protocol is being used.
- 4) ETHER\_ARP This constant defined as 0x0806 hex is used to specify the that Address Resolution Protocol is being used.
- 5) AT\_BUCKET\_SIZE This constant defined as 10 defines the number of ARP\_Table entries in a bucket.
- 6) AT\_NUM\_BUCKET This constant defined as 19 defines the number of bucket in ARP\_Table.
- 7) ETHER\_MIN\_SIZE This constant defined as 42 defines the minimum number of bytes in an Ethernet packet.

# 3.3.5.3 Ethernet Device Driver LLCs

The following LLCs are defined for the Ethernet Device Driver TLC:

- 1) The EDD\_Supervisor LLC This LLC is used for communication between the Ethernet Device Driver LLC and the IP TLC. In addition to this, ARP is implemented within this LLC.
- 2) The EDD\_Interrupt LLC This LLC is used to process interrupts generated by the DEQUNA interface.

These LLCs are described in the following subsections.

# 3.3.5.3.1 EDD\_Interrupt LLC

The EDD\_Interrupt LLC is responsible for the processing of interrupts generated by the DEQNA interface. The Units that the EDD\_Interrupt LLC is composed of are:

- 1) The EDD\_Intr\_Main Unit
- 2) The EDD\_Rx Unit
- 3) The EDD\_Tx Unit

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#### 3.3.5.3.1.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Interrupt LLC:

- Mesg\_Hdr This input is the header of an ERTE Message for messages received from the EDD\_Supervisor LLC for transmission to the DEQNA.
- 2) DEQNA\_CSR This input is the control and status register for the DEQNA device.

### 3.3.5.3.1.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Interrupt LLC:

- Mesg\_Hdr This is the header of an ERTE Message for messages received from the EDD\_Supervisor LLC for transmission to the DEQNA.
- 2) DEQNA\_CSR This output is the control and status register for the DEQNA device interface.
- 3) DEQNA\_RX\_BDL This output is the device register where the start of the receive Buffer Descriptor List (BDL) is written to begin a receive operation.
- 4) DEQNA\_TX\_BDL This output is the device register where the start of the transmit Buffer Descriptor List (BDL) is written to begin a transmit operation.

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#### 3.3.5.3.1.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the EDD\_Interrupt LLC:

- 1) BDL\_Tx This local data item contains the Transmit Buffer Descriptor List. This list is made up of two entries. Each entry contains the following fields:
  - 1. BD\_Flag This field is 16 bits and is made up of the following flags:
    - BDF\_INIT (0x8000) Initialized value BDF\_USED (0xc000) DEQNA is using buffer
  - 2. BD\_Addr\_Descriptor\_Bits This field is 10 bits and is made up of the following bits:
    - BD\_ADB\_VALID (0x8000) Valid address BD\_ADB\_EOM (0x2000) End of message
  - 3. BD\_Addr\_Bits This field is 22 bits and contains the address of the buffer associated with this descriptor.
  - 5. BD\_Buffer\_Length This field is 16 bits and contains the length of the buffer.
  - 6. BD\_Status\_l This field is 16 bits and contains the first status word. This status word contains the following bits:
    - BD\_STAT\_ERR\_USED (0x4000) An error has occurred.
  - 7. BD\_Status\_2 This field is 16 bits and contains second status word. This status word is unused by the EDD\_Interrupt LLC.
- 2) BDL\_Rx This local data item contains the Receive Buffer Descriptor List. This list is made up of two entries. Each entry contains the same fields as described for the BDL\_Tx local data item.

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### 3.3.5.3.1.4 Processing

The EDD\_Interrupt LLC performs the following functions:

- 1) Receives, from the EDD\_Supervisor, packets to be transmitted to the DEQNA.
- 2) Sends packets to the DEQNA.
- 3) Sends packets to the EDD\_Supervisor LLC for processing.
- 4) Receives packets from the DEQNA.
- 5) Processes nonexistent memory interrupts.

### 3.3.5.3.1.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD Interrupt LLC.

### 3.3.5.3.2 EDD\_Supervisor LLC

The EDD\_Supervisor LLC is responsible for the communication between the EDD TLC and the IP TLC. In addition to this, ARP is implemented within this LLC. The units that the EDD\_Supervisor LLC is composed of are:

- 1) The EDD\_Main Unit.
- 2) The EDD\_Input Unit.
- 3) The EDD\_Output Unit.
- 4) The ARP\_Free Unit.

- 5) The ARP\_Input Unit.
- 6) The ARP\_Lookup Unit.
- 7) The ARP\_New\_Entry Unit.
- 8) The ARP\_Request Unit.
- 9) The ARP\_Resolve Unit.
- 10) The ARP\_Table\_Hash.
- 11) The ARP\_Timer Unit.

### 3.3.5.3.2.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Supervisor LLC:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This input is the header of an ERTE Message used to contain packets arriving from the IP TLC or the EDD\_Interrupt LLC.

### 3.3.5.3.2.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Supervisor LLC:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This input is the header of an ERTE Message used to contain packets being sent to the IP TLC or the EDD\_Interrupt LLC.

#### 3.3.5.3.2.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the EDD\_Supervisor LLC:

- 1) ARP\_Table This local data item is a table of ARP address translation entries. Entries are grouped into AT\_NUM\_BUCKET buckets each containing AT\_BUCKET\_SIZE entries. Each entry in this table contains the following fields:
  - AT\_IP\_Addr This field consists of a 32 bit value containing the IP address for the ARP translation entry.
  - 2. AT\_Ether\_Addr This field consists of a 6 byte value containing the Ethernet address for the ARP translation entry.
  - 3. AT\_Flags This field consists of an 8 bit value containing various flags describing the ARP translation entry. These flags are:

AT\_INUSE (0x01) - This entry is being used.

 $AT_COM$  (0x02) - This entry is complete (Ethernet address is valid).

- 4. AT\_Timer This field consists of an 8 bit value used to store the age of ARP translation entries in minutes.
- 5. AT\_Mess\_Hdr This field is a Message\_Header structure used to hold a copy of the message header of the last message buffer that was attempted to be sent before a completed ARP translation entry was available.

# 3.3.5.3.2.4 Processing

The EDD\_Supervisor LLC performs the following functions:

- Receives IP packets from the IP TLC and forwards these packets with correct Ethernet addresses to the EDD\_Interrupt LLC for transmission.
- 2) Receives IP packets from the EDD\_Interrupt LLC and forwards them to the IP TLC.
- 3) Implements the ARP protocol.

# 3.3.5.3.2.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Supervisor LLC.

# 3.3.5.4 Ethernet Device Driver Units

The following subsections contain the unit descriptions for the units comprising the Ethernet Device Driver TLC.

3.3.5.4.1 ARP\_Free Unit

The ARP\_Free Unit performs the function of freeing up an entry in the ARP table used for address translation by the EDD TLC.

3.3.5.4.1.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_Free Unit:

 ARP\_Entry - This 32 bit input parameter is the address of the entry in ARP\_Table that is to be freed.

3.3.5.4.1.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the ARP\_Free Unit:

- 1) ARP\_Entry The global ARP\_Table entry referenced by this 32 bit pointer is freed by clearing the following fields of the entry:
  - AT\_Hold
  - AT Timer
  - AT Flags
  - AT\_IP\_Addr

3.3.5.4.1.3 Local Data

No local data is defined for the ARP\_Free Unit.

3.3.5.4.1.4 Processing

If M\_addr of the AT\_Mess\_Hdr field of ARP\_Entry isn't null
Call Message\_Discard(address of AT\_Mess\_Hdr of the
ARP\_Entry)
Clear M\_addr of the AT\_Mess\_Hdr field of ARP\_Entry
Endif
Clear AT\_Timer field of ARP\_Entry
Clear AT\_Flags field of ARP\_Entry
Clear AT\_IP\_Addr field of ARP\_Entry
Return

3.3.5.4.1.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the ARP\_Free Unit.

3.3.5.4.2 ARP\_Input Unit

The ARP\_Input Unit processes all incoming ARP packet that have been received from the DEQNA interface.

### 3.3.5.4.2.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_Input Unit:

- Mesg\_Hdr This 32 bit input parameter is a pointer to ERTE Message header for the incoming ARP packet to be processed by this unit.
- 2) ARP\_Table This global input item is the ARP address translation table as defined in the EDD\_Supervisor LLC local data section.
- 3) IP\_Local This global item (EDD\_Supervisor LLC local data) is the IP address of the gateway on this Ethernet.
- 4) Ether\_Local This global item (EDD\_Supervisor LLC) is the Ethernet address of the gateway on this Ethernet.

## 3.3.5.4.2.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the ARP\_Input Unit:

 ARP\_Table - This output consists of the ARP address translation table as defined in the EDD\_Supervisor LLC local data section.

#### 3.3.5.4.2.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the ARP\_Input Unit:

- IS Addr This 32 bit item contains the source IP address obtained from the incoming ARP packet.
- 2) IT\_Addr - This 32 bit item contains the destination IP address obtained from the incoming ARP packet.
- ARP\_Entry This 32 bit item is a pointer to an entry in ARP Table.

## 3.3.5.4.2.4 Processing

If (M\_Length field of Mesg\_Hdr is less then ETHER\_MIN\_SIZE) or (Protocol\_Type field in ARP packet isn't ETHER\_IP) or (Source Ethernet address in ARP packet equals Ether\_Local) Call Message Discard (Mesg Hdr) Return

Endif

If source IP address in ARP packet is equal IP\_Local Call Message\_Discard(Mesg\_Hdr) Return

Endif

Move ARP\_Snd\_IP field of ARP packet to IS\_Addr Move ARP\_Tar\_IP field of ARP packet to IT\_Addr ARP\_Entry = ARP Lookup(IS\_Addr)

If ARP Entry isn't Null

If AT\_COM bit isn't set in AT\_Flags field of ARP\_Entry Move ARP\_Snd\_Ether field of ARP packet to AT\_Ether\_Addr field of ARP Entry Set AT\_COM bit of AT\_Flags field of ARP\_Entry If (M\_addr of the AT\_Mess\_Hdr field of ARP\_Entry isn't null)

Call EDD Output(address of AT Mess Hdr field, ETHER\_IP) Clear (M\_addr of the AT\_Mess\_Hdr field)

Endif

Endif

Else if IT Addr equals IP\_Local ARP\_Entry = ARP\_New\_Entry(IS\_Addr) Move ARP\_Snd\_Ether field of ARP packet to AT\_Ether\_Addr field of ARP Entry

Set AT\_COM bit of AT\_Flags field of ARP\_Entry Endif IF ARP\_OP field of ARP packet isn't ARP\_OP\_REQUEST Call Message\_Discard(Mesg\_Hdr) Return Endif If IT Addr isn't equal IP Local Call Message\_Discard(Mesg\_Hdr) Return Endif Move ARP\_Snd\_Ether field of ARP packet to ARP\_Tar\_Ether field of ARP packet Move ARP\_Snd\_IP field of ARP packet to ARP\_Tar\_IP field of ARP packet Move Ether\_Local to ARP\_Snd\_Ether field of ARP packet Move IT\_Addr to ARP\_Snd\_IP field of ARP packet Move ARP\_Tar\_Ether field of ARP packet to Ether\_Dst field of Ethernet packet Move ARP\_Snd\_Ether field of ARP packet to Ether\_Src field of Ethernet packet. Move ETHER\_ARP to Ether\_Type field of Ethernet packet Set M\_Length field of Mesg\_Hdr to ETHER\_MIN\_SIZE Decrement M\_Offset field Msg\_Hdr by the size of the Ethernet header Call Message Send(Mesg\_Hdr, DEQNA TX)

#### 3.3.5.4.2.5 Limitations

Return

No limitations are defined for this unit.

# 3.3.5.4.3 ARP\_Lookup Unit

The ARP\_Lookup Unit is used to locate an ARP entry in the ARP address translation table. This unit when given an IP address will return the address of the ARP\_Table entry that contains the address translation information for that address.

### 3.3.5.4.3.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_Lookup Unit:

- 1) IP\_Dest This input is passed as a 32 bit parameter to this unit and contains the IP address of the ARP entry that is to be located in ARP\_Table.
- 2) ARP\_Table This global item is the ARP address translation table defined in the EDD Supervisor LLC section.

### 3.3.5.4.3.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the ARP Lookup Unit:

1) ARP\_Entry - This output is the return parameter of this unit and contains the ARP\_Table address of the requested ARP entry or 0 if no matching entry was located.

3.3.5.4.3.3 Local Data

The following local data items are defined for the ARP\_Lookup Unit:

 AT\_Index - This local data item contains the index of the bucket in ARP\_Table corresponding to the requested IP address.

## 3.3.5.4.3.4 Processing

AT\_Index = ARP\_Table\_Hash(IP\_Dest) \* AT\_BUCKET\_SIZE

ARP\_Entry = Address of entry in ARP\_Table indexed by AT\_Index

For N = 1 to AT\_BUCKET\_SIZE

If AT\_IP\_Addr field of ARP\_Entry equals IP\_Dest

Return ARP\_Entry

Endif

Increment ARP\_Entry to point to next entry Endfor Return 0

# 3.3.5.4.3.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the ARP\_Lookup Unit.

## 3.3.5.4.4 ARP\_New\_Entry Unit

The ARP\_New\_Entry unit is used to add a new partial entry to the ARP address translation table. If no empty slot is found in the appropriate bucket, the oldest entry in that bucket is replaced with the new entry.

### 3.3.5.4.4.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_New\_Entry Unit:

- IP\_Dest This input is passed as a 32 bit parameter to this unit and contains the IP address of the entry that is to added to the ARP table.
- 2) ARP\_Table This global item is the ARP address translation table (defined in the XDD\_Supervisor LLC section).

## 3.3.5.4.4.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the ARP New Entry Unit:

 ARP\_Table - This global item is the ARP address translation table (defined in the XDD\_Supervisor LLC section).

3.3.5.4.4.3 Local Data

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The following local data is defined for the ARP\_New\_Entry Unit:

- ARP\_Oldest\_Entry This local data item contains a pointer to the oldest ARP\_Table entry.
- 2) Oldest This local data item contains the age of the oldest ARP\_Table entry.
- 3) AT\_Index This local data item contains the index of the bucket in ARP\_Table corresponding to the IP address of the ARP entry to be added.
- 4) ARP\_Entry This local data item is used as a pointer to step through a bucket in ARP\_Table.

### 3.3.5.4.4.4 Processing

Endif

If AT\_Timer field of ARP\_Entry is greater than Oldest

Move ARP\_Entry to ARP\_Oldest\_Entry

Move AT\_Timer field of ARP\_Entry to Oldest

Endif

Increment ARP\_Entry to point to next entry

Endfor

If ARP\_Oldest\_Entry is Null
Return Null

Return ARP\_Oldest\_Entry

Endif

Call ARP\_Free(ARP\_Oldest\_Entry)

Move IP\_Dest to AT\_IP\_ADDR field of ARP\_Oldest\_Entry
Move AT\_INUSE field to AT\_Flags field of ARP\_Oldest\_Entry

### 3.3.5.4.4.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the ARP\_New\_Entry Unit.

## 3.3.5.4.5 ARP\_Request Unit

The ARP\_Request Unit sends out an ARP request packet requesting the Ethernet address corresponding to a specified IP address.

### 3.3.5.4.5.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_Request Unit:

- IP\_Dest This input is passed as a 32 bit input parameter to this unit and contains the IP address of the host whose Ethernet address is desired.
- 2) IP\_Local This global item (EDD\_Supervisor LLC local data) is the IP address of the gateway on this Ethernet.
- 3) Ether\_Local This global item (EDD\_Supervisor LLC local data) is the Ethernet address of the gateway on this Ethernet.

#### 3.3.5.4.5.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the ARP\_Request Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This item contains the header of an ERTE Message containing the outgoing ARP request packet.

## 3.3.5.4.5.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the ARP Request Unit:

1) Error - This local data item contains the error code obtained from the Message Get function call.

## 3.3.5.4.5.4 Processing

Endif

Set M\_Offset field of Mesg\_Hdr to 0

Set M\_Length field of Mesg\_Hdr to the size of a completed ARP datagram Move Ethernet broadcast address to Ethernet Destination address field in message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr

Move ETHER\_ARP to Type in message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr Move ARP FMT ETHER to ARP Fmt field of ARP packet in message buffer

Move ETHER\_IP to ARP\_Proto field of ARP packet in message buffer

Move 6 to ARP\_HLN field of ARP packet in message buffer

Move 4 to ARP\_PLN field of ARP packet in message buffer

Move ARP\_OP\_REQUEST to ARP\_Op field of ARP packet in message buffer Move Ether\_Local to ARP\_Snd\_Ether field of ARP packet in message buffer

Move IP\_Local to ARP\_Snd\_IP field of ARP packet in message buffer

Move IP\_Dest to ARP\_Tar\_IP field of ARP packet in message buffer

Call Message\_Send(Mesg\_Hdr, DEQNA\_TX)

Return

#### 3.3.5.4.5.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the ARP\_Request Unit.

# 3.3.5.4.6 ARP\_Resolve Unit

The ARP\_Resolve is used to resolve IP to ethernet address translations. If an address resolution entry is not found in the address resolution table an ARP request sequence is initiated.

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### 3.3.5.4.6.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_Resolve Unit:

- 1) Mesg\_Hdr This input is passed as a 32 bit parameter and contains the header of the ERTE Message containing the IP packet that caused the ARP\_Resolve Unit to be called.
- 2) IP\_Dest This input is passed as a 32 bit parameter and contains the IP address that the Ethernet address is desired for.
- 3) Ether\_Local This global item (EDD\_Supervisor LLC) it the local Ethernet address of the gateway on this Ethernet.
- 4) ARP\_Table This global item (EDD\_Supervisor LLC) is the ARP address translation table.

## 3.3.5.4.6.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the ARP\_Resolve Unit:

- Ether\_Dest This output contains the Ethernet address corresponding to the IP\_Dest IP address input.
- 2) TRUE This constant is returned as a return parameter to indicate that the Ethernet address was found for the input IP address.
- 3) FALSE This constant is returned as a return parameter to indicate that the Ethernet address was not found for the input IP address.

#### 3.3.5.4.6.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the ARP\_Resolve Unit:

 ARP\_Entry - This local data item is a pointer to an entry in ARP\_Table.

#### 3.3.5.4.6.4 Processing

If host portion of IP\_Dest is 0

Move Ethernet broadcast address to Ether\_Dest
Return TRUE

Endif

If IP\_Dest is local IP address

Move Ether\_Local to Ether\_Dest

Return TRUE

Endif

Arp\_Entry = ARP\_Lookup(IP\_Dest)

If Arp\_Entry is null

Arp\_Entry = ARP\_New\_Entry(IP\_Dest)

Move Mesg\_Hdr to AT\_Hold field of ARP\_Entry

Call ARP\_Request(IP\_Dest)

Return FALSE

Endif

Clear AT\_Timer field of ARP\_Entry

If AT\_COM bit is set in AT\_Flags field of ARP\_Entry

Move AT\_Ether\_Addr field of ARP\_Entry to Ether\_Dest

Return TRUE

Endif
If AT\_Hold field of ARP\_Entry isn't null
Call Message\_Discard(Mesg\_Hdr)

Endif
Copy Mesg\_Hdr to AT\_Mess\_Hdr field of ARP\_Entry
Call ARP\_Request(IP\_Dest)
Return FALSE

### 3.3.5.4.6.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the ARP\_Resolve Unit.

## 3.3.5.4.7 ARP\_Table\_Hash Unit

The ARP\_Table\_Hash unit applies a hash function to an IP address to select an entry in the ARP address translation table.

### 3.3.5.4.7.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the unit:

- IP\_Addr This 32 bit input parameter contains the IP address to use to select the ARP table entry.
- 2. ARP\_Table This global item is the ARP address translation table (see EDD\_Supervisor LLC).

3.3.5.4.7.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the unit:

1. Bucket - The bucket index into ARP\_Table generated by the hash function.

3.3.5.4.7.3 Local Data

No local data is defined for this unit.

3.3.5.4.7.4 Processing

Move IP\_Addr to Bucket
Right shift Bucket 16 bit positions
Exclusive or Bucket with IP\_Addr
Bit and Bucket with 0x7fff (hex)
Bucket = Bucket Mod AT\_NUM\_BUCKET
Return Bucket

3.3.5.4.7.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for this unit.

## 3.3.5.4.8 ARP Timer Unit

The ARP\_Timer Unit is called once a minute to age ARP table entries. Incomplete ARP table entries that are 3 minutes old or older are removed. Completed entries that have not been used in the last 20 minutes are also removed.

## 3.3.5.4.8.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the ARP\_Timer Unit:

1) ARP\_Table - This global item is the ARP address
 translation table (see EDD\_Supervisor LLC).

# 3.3.5.4.8.2 Outputs

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The following outputs are produced by the ARP\_Timer Unit:

1) ARP\_Table - This global item is the ARP address translation table (see EDD\_Supervisor LLC).

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#1500-15-031.02.0
```

3.3.5.4.8.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the ARP\_Timer Unit:

 ARP\_Entry - This 32 bit item is a pointer to an entry in ARP\_Table.

# 3.3.5.4.8.4 Processing

# 3.3.5.4.8.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the ARP\_Timer Unit.

3.3.5.4.9 EDD\_Input Unit

The EDD\_Input Unit processes all incoming packets from the EDD\_Interrupt LLC. IP packets are sent to IP\_QUEUE, and ARP\_Input is called to process ARP packets.

3.3.5.4.9.1 Inputs

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The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Input Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This 32 bit parameter input is the pointer to the header of an ERTE Message containing the packet that has been received.

3.3.5.4.9.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Input Unit:

1) Mesg\_Hdr - This 32 bit item is the pointer to the header of an ERTE Message containing the packet that has been received and is to be sent on.

3.3.5.4.9.3 Local Data

No local data is defined for the EDD\_Input Unit.

# 3.3.5.4.9.4 Processing

# 3.3.5.4.9.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Input Unit.

## 3.3.5.4.10 EDD\_Intr\_Main Unit

The EDD\_Intr\_Main unit is signaled to run whenever a device interrupt occurs. A device interrupt is caused by data being received, data being successfully transmitted, or by a nonexistent memory error.

3.3.5.4.10.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Intr\_Main Unit:

- DEQNA\_CSR This input is read from the DEQNA Control Status Register. See the DEQNA ETHERNET User's Guide for the format of this register.
- 2) EDD\_Start This input indicates if the transmitter needs to be kick started to begin data transmission. EDD\_Start is defined in the EDD\_Interrupt LLC.

3.3.5.4.10.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Intr\_Main Unit:

 DEQNA\_CSR - This output is written to the DEQNA Control Status Register. See the DEQNA ETHERNET User's Guide for the format of this register.

3.3.5.4.10.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the EDD\_Intr\_Main Unit:

- Csr This local data item is used to store the DEQNA Control Status Register.
- 2) Mesg\_Hdr This local data item holds the message header for the initial receive message buffer.
- 3) Error This local data item is used to store the error code returned by the Message\_Get function.

3.3.5.4.10.4 Processing Clear BD\_Addr\_Descriptor\_Bits in BDL\_Tx entries Clear BD Addr Descriptor Bits in BDL Rx entries Error = Message\_Get(Mesg\_Hdr) If Error equals NOERROR Move physical address of message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr to BD\_Addr\_Bits in First BDL\_Rx entry Else Call Panic(Error message) Endif Move the logical OR of EDD RECV ENABLE, EDD\_INT\_ENABLE, EDD\_XMIT\_INT, EDD\_RCV\_INT, and QE\_ILOOP to DEQNA\_CSR Move TRUE to EDD Start Loop Events = Wait\_Event(logical OR of EDD\_INTR and MSG\_ARRIVE) If EDD\_INTR bit is set in Events Move DEQNA\_CSR to Csr Move logical OR of EDD\_RECV\_ENABLE, EDD\_INT\_ENABLE, EDD XMIT\_INT, EDD\_RCV\_INT, and QE\_ILOOP to DEQNA\_CSR If Csr & EDD RCY INT Call EDD\_Rx\_()(address of Mesg\_Hdr) If Csr & EDD\_XMIT\_INT Call EDD\_Tx\_()(address of EDD\_Start\_ If Csr & EDD\_NEX\_MEM\_INT Call Panic(Error message) Else if EDD\_Start equals TRUE Call EDD\_Tx()(address of EDD\_Start) Endif

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Endloop

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### 3.3.5.4.10.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Intr\_Main Unit.

# 3.3.5.4.11 EDD\_Main Unit

The EDD\_Main Unit performs EDD initialization and calls the appropriate units to transfer data between the IP TLC and the EDD\_Interrupt LLC.

#### 3.3.5.4.11.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD Main Unit:

- Mesg\_Hdr This input is a header for an ERTE Message which contains Ethernet datagrams from the IP TLC or the EDD\_Interrupt LLC.
- 2) Ether\_Addr\_Prom This item is a six 16 bit word register used to discover the interface's Ethernet address. See DEQNA ETHERNET User's Guide for description.
- 3) Save\_Time This 32 bit integer is used to obtain the gateway time.
- 4) Cur\_Time This 32 bit integer is used to obtain the gateway time.

# 3.3.5.4.11.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Main Unit:

- 1) IP\_Local This global item is written with the local IP address of the gateway on this Ethernet (see EDD\_Supervisor LLC).
- 2) Ether\_Local This global item is written with the local Ethernet address of the gateway on this interface (see EDD Supervisor LLC).

### 3.3.5.4.11.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the EDD Main Unit:

- 1) ARP\_Timeout This local data item contains the time before the ARP\_Timer unit is to be called.
- 2) Error This local data item is used to hold the error value returned by the Message Receive unit.
- 3) Event This local data item is used to determine if the MSG ARRIVE event occurred before a timeout did.

#1500-15-031.02.0 3.3.5.4.11.4 Processing Move IP address of IGW on interface to IP\_Local Move Ethernet address of interface from Ether\_Addr\_Prom to Ether\_Local Move 60 \* CLOCK\_INT to ARP\_Timeout Save\_Time = Get\_Time() Loop Error = Message Receive(EDD RX, Mesg Hdr) If Error equals NOERROR Call EDD\_Input(Mesg\_Hdr) Else if Error equals M QEMPTY Error = Message\_Receive(EDD\_QUEUE, Mesg\_Hdr) If Error equals NOERROR Call EDD\_Output(Mesg\_Hdr, ETHER\_IP) Else if Error equals M QEMPTY Event = Wait\_Timeout(MSG\_ARRIVE, ARP\_Timeout) If Event isn't equal 0 Cur\_Time = Get\_Time() Add Save\_Time to ARP\_Timeout Subtract Cur\_Time from ARP\_Timeout Move Cur\_Time to Save\_Time If ARP timeout greater than 0 Continue next loop iteration

Endif

Endif
Move 60 \* CLOCK\_INT to ARP\_Timeout .
Call ARP\_Timer()

Else

Call OI\_Print(Error Message)
Continue next loop iteration

Endif

Else

Call OI\_Print(Error message)
Continue next loop iteration

Endif

Endloop

3.3.5.4.11.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Main Unit.

3.3.5.4.12 EDD\_Output Unit

This unit is called by to send a packet to the EDD\_Tx Unit for transmission to the DEQNA.

3.3.5.4.12.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Output Unit:

- Mesg\_Hdr This 32 bit input parameter is a pointer to the header of the message buffer containing the packet that is to be transmitted.
- 2) Type This input is passed to this unit as a parameter and contains the type of Ethernet packet that is to be sent.
- 3) Ether\_Local This global item contains the Ethernet address of the gateway on this Ethernet.

3.3.5.4.12.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Output Unit:

 Mesg\_Hdr - This 32 bit item is a pointer to the header of the message buffer containing the packet that is to be transmitted.

3.3.5.4.12.3 Local Data

The following local data items are defined for this unit:

- 1) IP\_Dest This 32 bit item contains the IP address for the destination of the packet.
- 2) EN\_Dest This 48 bit item contains the Ethernet address of the destination of the packet.

#### 3.3.5.4.12.4 Processing

Return

Move dest IP addr from buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr to IP\_Dest
Zero EN\_Dest
Status = ARP\_Resolve(Mesg\_Hdr, IP\_Dest EN\_Dest)
If Status equals TRUE

Move Ether\_Local to message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr

Move EN\_Dest to message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr

Move Type to type field in message buffer referenced by Mesg\_Hdr

Call Message\_Send(DEQNA\_TX, Mesg\_Hdr)
Endif

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3.3.5.4.12.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Output Unit.

3.3.5.4.13 EDD\_Rx Unit

This unit is invoked whenever a packet is ready to be read from the DEQNA interface. This unit will transfer the incoming packet to the EDD\_Supervisor LLC.

3.3.5.4.13.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Rx Unit:

- 1) BDL\_Rx This global item is the Buffer Descriptor List
  for receiving Ethernet packets (see EDD\_Interrupt LLC).
- 2) Mesg\_Hdr This item is used to hold the header of the ERTE message used to receive incoming Ethernet packets.

#### 3.3.5.4.13.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD\_Rx Unit:

- Mesg\_Hdr This item is used to hold the header of the ERTE Message used to receive incoming Ethernet packets.
- 2) DEQNA\_RX\_BDL This output is the Receive BDL Start Address Register for the Ethernet device, and contains the starting address of the receive buffer descriptor list (BDL\_Rx)
- 3) BDL\_Rx This global item is the Buffer Descriptor List for receiving Ethernet packets (see EDD\_Interrupt LLC).

#### 3.3.5.4.13.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the EDD\_Rx Unit:

l) Error - This local data item is used to hold the return error code from the Message Send function.

#### 3.3.5.4.13.4 Processing

If BD\_STAT\_ERR\_USED bit of BD\_Status\_1 field of first entry in BDL\_Rx is clear

Call Message\_Send(DEQNA\_RX, Mesg\_Hdr)

Loop

Error = Message Get(Mesg Hdr)

If Error is NOERROR

Exit loop

Else

Call Sleep(CLOCK\_INT)

Endif

Endloop

Endif

Move physical address of message buffer (using m\_addr) from Mesg\_Hdr to BD\_Addr\_Bits field of first entry in BDL\_Rx Clear BD\_Status\_1 field of first entry in BDL\_Rx

Move address of first entry in BDL\_Rx to DEQNA\_RX\_BDL Return

3.3.5.4.13.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Rx Unit.

3.3.5.4.14 EDD\_Tx Unit

The EDD\_Tx Unit is invoked to send a packet to the DEQNA interface.

3.3.5.4.14.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the EDD\_Tx Unit:

 EDD\_Start - This input is used to determine if there are any message buffers to be discarded.

3.3.5.4.14.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the EDD Tx Unit:

- 1) BDL\_Tx This is the Buffer Descriptor List for the transmissions of packets. See local data description in the EDD\_Interrupt LLC section.
- 2) DEQNA\_TX\_BDL This output is the Transmit BDL Start Address Register, which is written with the starting address of the transmit buffer descriptor list (BDL\_Tx).
- 3) EDD\_Start This output is written with TRUE or FALSE depending if the EDD transmit interrupt handler should

be kick started when transmit buffers become available. EDD\_Start is defined in the EDD\_Interrupt LLC local data section.

#### 3.3.5.4.14.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the EDD\_Tx Unit:

- 1) Error This local data item is used to hold the error code returned by the Message Receive function.
- 2) Mesg\_Hdr This local data item is declared as static and contains the message header of the message buffer used to transmit packets.

## 3.3.5.4.14.4 Processing

Endif
Move FALSE to EDD\_Start
Move physical address of data referenced by Mesg\_Hdr (m\_addr + m\_offset) to BD\_Addr\_Bits field of first entry in BDL\_Tx
Move length of Ethernet packet (m\_length field of Mesg\_Hdr) to BD\_Buffer\_Length field of first entry in BDL\_Tx
Move bitwise or of BD\_ADB\_VALID and BD\_ADB\_EOM to
BD\_Addr\_Descriptor\_Bits field of first entry in BDL\_Tx
Move BDF\_INIT to BD\_Flag field of first entry in BDL\_Tx
Move address of first entry in BDL\_Tx to DEQNA\_TX\_BDL
Return

## 3.3.5.4.14.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the EDD\_Tx Unit.

## 3.3.6 Console Device Driver (CDD) TLC

The console device driver TLC manages the access to the console device on the IGW. All messages sent to the driver from other IGW processes are presumed to be text to be displayed on the IGW operator's console. All input from the console is interpreted as operator commands which are forwarded to the operator interface. The driver assumes the console is running at 9600 bps, using 8 bit characters with no parity and one stop bit. The driver interprets and processes XON and XOFF, delete and backspace characters. The driver also interprets control-R as a retype current input line request.

### 3.3.6.1 Console Device Driver TLC Architecture

The driver consists of three IGW processes. The Supervisor process presents a common interface to the other IGW TLCs. The supervisor routes all console input and output to the appropriate IGW process for processing.

The Transmitter process accepts messages from the supervisor or the

Receiver process and transmits each character in the messages to the console device. The Transmitter process does not interpret the messages in any way except to insert an ASCII CR character ahead of every ASCII LF character.

The Receiver process accumulates input characters from the console device until an ASCII CR is read. The CR (which marks the end of a line) is converted into and ASCII LF, stored with the previously received characters of the input line, and the whole line is then sent in a message to the Supervisor. The receiver echoes each input character by sending it in a message to the transmitter. If a control-R character is read, then the Receiver will send a copy of the entire input line to the transmitter for display on the console. If XOFF is read, then the Receiver will set a CONSOLE\_XOFF event. If XON is read the Receiver will clear the CONSOLE\_XOFF event. The Receiver also interprets delete and backspace as character delete keys. The Receiver echoes a "backspace-space-backspace" sequence for character deletion.

The Console Device Driver consists of the following Units (Figure 3-6):

- CDD\_Supervisor This unit performs the functions of the Supervisor process.
- 2) CDD\_Transmitter This unit performs the functions of the Transmitter process.

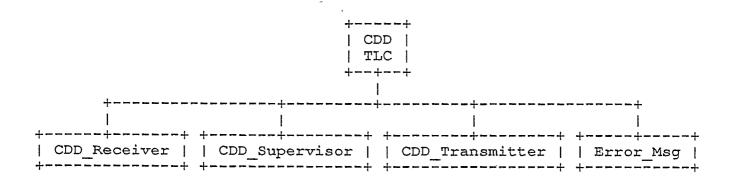


Figure 3-6

3) CDD\_Receiver - This unit performs the functions of the Receiver process.

4) Error\_Msg - This unit is used by the CDD\_Supervisor to prepare a console driver error message. The message is formatted and sent to the CDD\_Transmitter unit.

#### 3.3.6.2 Console Device Driver Global Data

No global data is defined for this TLC.

# 3.3.6.3 Console Device Driver LLCs

No LLCs are defined for this TLC.

#### 3.3.6.4 Console Device Driver Units

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The following four units are defined for the Console Device Driver TLC.

## 3.3.6.4.1 Error\_Msg Unit

The Error\_Msg unit prepares an error message in a message buffer and sends the message buffer to the CDD\_Transmitter for display on the operator's console.

## 3.3.6.4.1.1 Inputs

The following input is used by the unit:

 Message\_String - This input parameter is a pointer to the string of characters to be displayed on the console.

## 3.3.6.4.1.2 Outputs

The following output is produced by the unit:

 Error\_Message - This output is the header of an ERTE Message which contains the error message. The message is sent to the CDD Transmitter process.

#### 3.3.6.4.1.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the unit:

Status - This item is a thirty-two bit integer used to hold a return value from a called unit.

#### 3.3.6.4.1.4 Processing

Status = Message\_Get(Error\_Message)
If (Status != NOERROR)
 Return
Endif

Copy each character in Message\_String to the message buffer referenced by the M\_Addr field of Error\_Message.

Set M\_Length field to length of Error\_Message.

Call Message\_Send(Error\_Message, CDD\_TRANSMIT\_QUEUE)

If result != NOERROR

Message\_Discard (ERROR\_Message)

Endif

3.3.6.4.1.5 Limitations

No limitations are defined for the unit.

3.3.6.4.2 CDD\_Receiver Unit

The CDD\_Receiver unit receives characters from the console, stores them in a message buffer, and then sends the message buffer to CDD\_Supervisor when an ASCII CR is typed. The unit also echoes each character typed by sending it to the CDD\_Transmitter unit.

3.3.6.4.2.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the unit:

 Receiver\_Data - This input is the data register for the console receiver. Received characters are read from this register.

#### 3.3.6.4.2.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the unit:

- Echo This output is the header of an ERTE Message used to echo each typed character back to the operator's console.
- 2) Input\_Line This output is the header of an ERTE Message containing the line of input received from the console device. A line is terminated by an ASCII LF character.

#### 3.3.6.4.2.3 Local Data

```
#1500-15-031.02.0
```

The following local data is defined for the unit:

- 1) Console\_Character This item is the eight bit character received from the console device via the console receive register.
- 2) Status This thirty-two bit integer is used to hold returned status from called units.
- 3) Echo\_Flag This thirty-two bit integer is used to indicate whether or not to echo characters.

Set\_Event(CONSOLE XON)

```
3.3.6.4.2.4 Processing
Echo_Flag = FALSE
NO_Ibuf = TRUE
Loop
    If NO Ibuf
        While (Status != NOERROR)
            Status = Message_Get(Input_Line)
        Endwhile
    Else
        M Length = 0
    Endif
    Loop
        If Echo Flag = FALSE
            Status = Message_Get(Echo)
            If (Status != NOERROR)
                Echo_Flag = FALSE
            Else
                Echo Flag = TRUE
            Endif
        Else
            M Length = 0
        Endif
        Wait_Event(CDD RCV)
        Set Console_Character to Receiver_Data
        Case Console_Character of
```

XON

```
XOFF:
                Clear_Event(CONSOLE_XON)
    DEL or
    BS
                IF M_Length of input line > 0
          :
                    Subtract one from M_Length field of
                     Input Line
                    If (Echo_Flag = TRUE)
                        Copy the string "BS SP BS" to Echo
                         message buffer
                    Set M_Length field of Echo to 3
                    Call Message_Send(CDD_TRANSMIT_QUEUE, Echo)
                      Echo_Flag = (Result of message send)
                Endif
                If (Echo_Flag = TRUE)
   CTRL R:
                    Copy the string "LF" to message buffer
                     referenced by Echo message header
                    Add 1 to M_Length field of Echo
                    Copy all the characters in Input Line
                     message buffer to end of Echo message
                     buffer
                    Add M_Length field of Input_Line to
                     M_Length field of Echo
                    Call Message_Send(CDD_TRANSMIT_QUEUE, Echo)
                     Echo_Flag = (Result of message send)
                Endif
    CR:
                Console Character = LF
                Perform Next Case
    otherwise: If (M_Length field of Input_Line < 255 or
                 Console_Character = LF)
                    Append Console_Character to Input_Line
                    Add 1 to M Length field of Input Line
                    If (Echo_Flag = TRUE)
                        Copy Console_Character to Echo message
                         buffer
                        Set M Length field of Echo to 1
                        Call Message_Send(CDD_TRANSMIT_QUEUE,
                        Echo_Flag = (Result of message send)
                    Endif
                Endif
Endcase
```

While(Console Character != LF)

Message\_Send(CDD\_INPUT\_QUEUE, Input\_Line)
NO\_Ibuf = (RESULT of message send)
While(TRUE)

#### 3.3.6.4.2.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for this unit.

## 3.3.6.4.3 CDD\_Supervisor Unit

The CDD\_Supervisor unit functions as the interface unit for the console device of the IGW. All outputs to the console are sent by IGW processes to this unit, and all console inputs pass through this unit which then forwards them to the appropriate IGW process. This unit operates as an IGW process.

## 3.3.6.4.3.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the unit:

- Console\_Output This input is the header of an ERTE Message containing a string of characters to be output to the console.
- 2) Console\_Input This is the header of an ERTE Message containing a line of input from the operators console. The line of input is at most 255 characters long and is terminated by an ASCII LF character. The message is received from the CDD\_Receiver unit.

# 3.3.6.4.3.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the unit:

- Operator\_Input This output is the header of an ERTE Message containing a line of console input entered by the IGW operator. This message is sent to the Operator Interface (OI) process.
- 2) Operator\_Output This output is the header of an ERTE message containing a string of output characters to be sent to the operator's console. This message is sent to the CDD\_Transmitter unit.
- 3) Receiver\_CSR This output is the device register for setting the control and status of the console receiver.
- 4) Transmitter\_CSR This output is the device register for setting the control and status of the console transmitter.

#### 3.3.6.4.3.3 Local Data

The following local data is defined for the unit:

Status - This thirty-two bit integer is used to hold the status returned by units called by this unit.

# 3.3.6.4.3.4 Processing

Write Receiver\_CSR to enable data reception and receive interrupts Write Transmitter\_CSR to enable data transmission and transmit interrupts

```
If (Status != NOERROR)
        Call Error_Msg("Can't open console input queue")
        Call Exit()
Endif

Status = Open_Message_Queue(CONSOLE_OUTPUT_QUEUE)
If (Status != NOERROR)
        Call Error_Msg("Can't open console output queue")
        Call Exit()
Endif
```

Status = Open\_Message\_Queue(CONSOLE\_INPUT\_QUEUE)

```
#1500-15-031.02.0
```

```
Loop

Status = Message_Receive(CONSOLE_INPUT_QUEUE, Message)

If (Status = M_EMPTY)

Status = Message_Receive(CONSOLE_OUTPUT_QUEUE, Message)

If (Status = M_QEMPTY)

Wait_Event(MSG_ARRIVE)

Else

Message_Send(CDD_TRANSMIT_QUEUE, Message)

Endif

Else

Message_Send(OI_QUEUE, Message)

Endif

While (FOREVER)
```

## 3.3.6.4.3.5 Limitations

There are no limitations defined for this unit.

## 3.3.6.4.4 CDD\_Transmitter Unit

The CDD\_Transmitter Receiver unit receives message buffers from the CDD\_Supervisor unit and writes the characters in the buffer to the console. If the character to be written is an ASCII LF, then the unit will send an ASCII CR to the console ahead of the LF. The unit also checks the event CONSOLE\_XOFF if this event is set, then no output is forwarded until the event is cleared. The event is set and cleared by the CDD\_Receiver unit.

## 3.3.6.4.4.1 Inputs

The following inputs are used by the unit:

 Output\_Message - This input is the header to an ERTE Message which contains a string of characters to be displayed on the console.

## 3.3.6.4.4.2 Outputs

The following outputs are produced by the unit:

1) Transmit\_Data - This output is the device output data register for the console transmitter. Characters to be displayed on the console are written to this register.

#### 3.3.6.4.4.3 Logal Data

The following local data is defined for the unit:

- 1) Output\_Character This item is an 8 bit character to be written to the console.
- 2) Status This thirty-two bit integer is used to hold returned status from called units.

```
#1500-15-031.02.0
3.3.6.4.4.4 Processing
Status = Open_Message_Queue(CDD_TRANSMIT_QUEUE)
If (Status != NOERROR)
    Call Exit()
Endif
Loop
   Loop
        Status = Message_receive(CDD_TRANSMIT_QUEUE,
         Output_Message)
        IF Status == M_QEMPTY
            Call Wait_Event(MSG ARRIVE)
        Endif
    While Status != NOERROR
    For each character in message buffer of Output_Message
        Set Output_Character to the current character in buffer
        Call Wait_Event(CONSOLE_XON)
        If Output_Character = LF
            Set Transmit Data to CR
            Wait_Event(CDD_XMIT)
        Set Transmit_Data to Output_Character
        Wait Event(CDD_XMIT)
    Message_Discard(Output_Message)
While(TRUE)
```

## 3.3.6.4.4.5 Limitations

The unit does not check or handle output errors.

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