# FEDERAL <br>  

GUIDELINES

## Reference Manual



Canadää

July, 1997

## Federal Child Support Guidelines: Reference Manual

The Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada, is pleased to provide you with a copy of the Federal Child Support Guidelines: Reference Manual.

The enactment of the Divorce Act amendments launches a new era in family law, dramatically changing the way child support will be assessed by parents, lawyers, and the courts. This manual is intended as a working tool for judges and lawyers during the early stages of the new child support regime. The articles will take you through the mechanics of the legislation, explaining the more important provisions and raising possible arguments for use in your negotiations or in court. These "think-pieces" are written by lawyers, accountants and professors, who describe how they believe the new legislation will operate. The views and opinions expressed in the articles are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent or reflect the views of the Department of Justice.

The manual has been designed for use in a standard three-inch, three-ring binder, with a clear vinyl pocket on the front and the spine. (The binder is not supplied.) Enclosed you will find the cover page and spine to be inserted in the binder, a set of tabs to divide its sections, and the text itself.

From time to time, the Department of Justice Child Support Team will add new articles to the Reference Manual. These updates will be sent to you automatically. If your address changes or if you would like to be removed from the distribution list, please notify us by writing to: Publications, Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada, 239 Wellington Street, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0H8.

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## INTRODUCTION

The enactment of the Divorce Act amendments launches a new era in family law, dramatically changing the way child support will be assessed by parents, lawyers and the courts. The guidelines and support tables are intended to take the mystery out of setting reasonable amounts of child support in most cases, taking into account the payer's level of income, the number of children eligible for support, and the payer's province of residence. At a minimum, the guidelines will be helpful to divorcing parents in arriving at a support figure without lengthy negotiations or court applications. The elimination or reduction of one contentious area between the spouses is a welcome advantage that may help set a more amicable tone in the resolution of the remainder of the outstanding issues. It will certainly be useful to know in advance the base amount of support that a court must award. Just how the courts will interpret the guidelines remains to be seen. The guidelines are intended to strike a careful balance between predictability and flexibility and as the case law evolves, we will see to what extent these goals have been achieved.

This manual is intended as a tool for use by practitioners and judges in the months to come, as we settle into the new regime. The articles will take you through the mechanics of the legislation, explaining the more important provisions and raising possible arguments for use in your negotiations or in court. The lawyers, accountants and professors who have generously donated their time and efforts in writing the articles for this binder have been selected from across Canada. They have responded to the request to produce "think-pieces" on how they believe the new legislation will operate. We hope that their commentaries, ideas, practice tips, and criticisms will be of assistance to you as you adjust to life under the guidelines.

The Department of Justice is very grateful to the contributors who have produced exceptional, practical, thought-provoking, and sometimes controversial, material. They are to be commended for their dedication to the profession and our continuing legal education. The views and opinions, as expressed in their papers, however, are their own, and do not necessarily represent or reflect the views of the Department of Justice.

The manual, as in its present form, is not complete. More articles have been solicited, and they should become available within the next two months. After that, the Department intends to obtain yet another series of articles, analyzing the case law as it unfolds under the guidelines, and updating the current material. These are interesting times in family law. Stay tuned.

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# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual Child Support Guidelines Legislation: An Overview 

By Philip M. Epstein, Q.C.<br>Epstein, Cole<br>Toronto, Ontario

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

## Child Support Guidelines Legislation: An Overview

By Philip M. Epstein, Q.C.

## INTRODUCTION


#### Abstract

After almost a decade of discussion, study and controversy, the Federal Child Support Guidelines have now been finally enacted and will become law on May 1, 1997. This fundamental change to the way child support is calculated will have a profound effect on divorcing parents throughout Canada, their children, their lawyers and the courts. This paper summarizes the family law changes made by the amendments to the Income Tax Act, the Divorce Act and the Federal Child Support Guidelines.


## THE GUIDELINES PHILOSOPHY

Much of the common law world has turned to the use of guidelines for the determination of child support. Determining child support on a case-by-case method is viewed as subjective, arbitrary and unfair. The purpose of the Guidelines is to help parents, lawyers and judges set fair and consistent child support awards. The federal Guidelines will apply when a child support order is made in a divorce proceeding. Most of the provinces throughout Canada, but not all, are expected to adopt similar guidelines and, accordingly, in cases of separation or when the parents are not married, these child support situations will be governed by provincial law which will, in most cases, be similar or identical to the federal Guidelines. By making the child support system more predictable and offering simpler methods to both determine and update awards, it is hoped that the introduction of the Guidelines will lower legal costs for parents, speed up the resolution of family disputes as they relate to child support issues, create predictability and certainty, encourage early resolution of disputes and reduce the over-burdened courts which are confronted with these cases. Above all, the Guidelines will ensure more consistent treatment of support-paying parents while providing sufficient flexibility to ensure that awards are fair and geared to individual family circumstances.

Under the Guidelines, the parents' financial obligations toward the child are treated independently. The noncustodial parent will contribute according to his or her own income, in most cases without reference to the income of the custodial parent. ${ }^{1}$ The Guideline tables, or schedule, stipulate the amount that the noncustodial parent must pay, assuming the average case, where there are no special expenses that are to be taken into account. ${ }^{2}$ Built into the Guideline amount is the expectation that the custodial parent will contribute an appropriate share of his or her own income

[^0]to meet the costs of raising the child. The fundamental philosophical basis for the Guidelines is that the custodial parent does, in fact, contribute the appropriate amount for the support of the child. ${ }^{3}$ Thus, the Paras approach for determining child support that was formerly applied in Canada, ${ }^{4}$ whereby the child related expenses were shared proportionately between the parents, is no longer applicable, except in certain specific circumstances. ${ }^{5}$ This is a major change from the way in which child support has been calculated in the past and it has been the subject of much debate. It is important to understand that the Government has chosen this approach and, while there may have been initial reluctance to embrace it widely, the fact is that the Government's economic studies over a long period of time show that custodial parents do contribute appropriate levels of support to their children.

The Guideline amounts are based on studies of average costs of raising children throughout Canada. Accordingly, no adjustment is made for support of children of younger years, as opposed to children of older years, even though most would accept that children in their teens do cost more to raise than children who are infants. The table amounts, being based on average amounts, are expected to yield over child-rearing years appropriate amounts for the average child in the average family.

All child support guidelines need to have some degree of flexibility because not all family needs are the same. The Guidelines attempt to strike a balance between the two imperatives of predictability and flexibility. Accordingly, limited circumstances in which the court may intervene to change the table amounts are provided for in the Guidelines and are covered subsequently in this paper. ${ }^{6}$ The federal Government has established an Advisory Committee to assist it with the implementation of the Guidelines and to make recommendations with respect to changes that will make the system work more efficiently and fairly. Accordingly, while there will be some interregnum period that will make it clear that some changes are necessary, it is to be hoped that the Government is on the right path with these Guidelines and that some small amount of tinkering will ensure a fair and better system than the one that existed prior to the introduction of the Guidelines.

[^1]
## THE INCOME TAX CHANGES

The Government has enacted income tax changes that will come into force at the same time as the Guidelines. Child support paid under a written agreement or court order made on or after May 1, 1997, will neither be deductible to the payor, nor included in the income of the recipient for tax purposes. This fundamental change in income tax law will have a profound effect upon future support agreements or support orders. Although the new tax rules will apply to all new orders or agreements made on or after May 1, 1997, these new rules do not apply to orders made before May 1, 1997 unless:

1. a court order or agreement made on or after May 1, 1997, changes the amount of child support payable under an existing agreement or court order (i.e., there has been a variation of the original amount payable under the previous agreement or court order);
2. the agreement or court order specifically provides that the new tax rules will apply to payments made after a specified date (which cannot be earlier than April 30, 1997); or
3. the payor and the recipient both sign and file a form with Revenue Canada stating that they elect to have the new tax rules apply to payments made after a specified date which, again, cannot be earlier than April 30, 1997.

It is important to note that once the tax treatment of child support payments has been changed, either as a result of an agreement of the parties by way of an election or because there has been a variation of the previous support agreement or order, the parties will not be permitted to return to the old tax rules. The Guideline tables have been calculated on the basis of the new tax rules and are, accordingly, in "net" dollars (that is, they are neither deductible by the payor nor taxable in the hands of the recipient).

Since the new tax changes do not apply to spousal support, spousal support payments that were deductible and taxable will continue to have the same treatment. However, where courts have made an order for support that combines child and spousal support into one amount, courts and consequently, the parties, will be required to distinguish between spousal and child support in orders made on or after May 1, 1997.

Where an amount in a written agreement or court order is not identified as being solely for the support of a spouse, after May 1, 1997, it will be treated as child support for income tax purposes, thereby causing the loss of deduction for the payor. Similarly, where a written agreement or court order provides that certain expenses are to be paid to a third party, those expenses that are not clearly identified as being solely for the benefit of the recipient spouse will also be treated as child support and lose their tax-deductible status.

An interesting change has been made with respect to arrears in cases where total spousal and child support payments made in the year are less than the total amount required for the year to be made under the written agreement or court order. The payments will be first considered to be child support for income tax purposes. Hopefully, this change will provide an incentive for payors to keep up to date, wherever possible, with support orders or agreements, or risk losing the income tax deductions.

In my view, after May 1, 1997, it may not be possible to retroactively adjust the taxation of support by way of an agreement and, accordingly, if parties wish to maintain the same tax regimen that now exists, but still wish to adjust the current level of tax deductible child support to reflect, after tax, the Guidelines amount, the parties must do so before May 1, 1997, or the opportunity may be lost.

## THE DIVORCE ACT

Bill C-41 was assented to on February 19, 1997, and is entitled, "An Act to Amend the Divorce Act, the Family Orders and Agreements Enforcement Assistance Act, the Garnishment, Attachment and Pension Diversion Act and the Canada Shipping Act." The statute reference numbers in this paper reflect the numbering in the Consolidated Act. I intend to highlight and comment only on the more important amendments to that Act and readers with an interest in this area should review the consolidated statute carefully for themselves.

Subsection 2(1) Support Order. A support order has been redefined to mean a child support order, or a spousal support order, or both. Since the passage of the Guidelines, legislation makes combined orders for child and spousal support inappropriate for the reasons set out above.

Subsection 2(1) Child of the Marriage has been redefined, extending the age of a child who may be eligible for support from those under age sixteen to those under the age of majority, unless the child has withdrawn from his or her parents' charge; and the age of majority or over if the child is unable to withdraw from the parents' charge. Provincial law will dictate the age of majority that will apply depending upon the child's residence, and this may vary from province to province. If the child ordinarily resides outside of Canada, eighteen is the operative age. Despite the controversy during passage of the Bill through the Senate, it appears that all of the pre-May 1, 1997 case law concerning a child's inability to withdraw from parental control will remain germane. It is likely that children over the age of majority pursuing a reasonable post-secondary education will continue to be eligible for child support.

Subsection 2(1) Applicable Guidelines is defined in such a way to allow a province's own child support guidelines to apply to the determination of child support in a proceeding or a variation proceeding under the Divorce Act if both parents are living in the province at the beginning of the proceeding or the variation. The federal child support Guidelines will apply, however, if the province has not been designated under subsection 2(5) or if the parents are not living in the same province.

At the time of writing, it is clear that Quebec intends to develop its own guidelines to conform to its own priorities and family policies. As well, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan have introduced legislation to establish guidelines. The rest of the Canadian provinces have not yet signalled their determination to either adopt the federal Guidelines or to enact their own.

Paragraph 11(1)(b) of the Divorce Act has been replaced by this section, requiring the court to ensure that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of any children of the marriage, having regard to the applicable guidelines (emphasis added) and if such arrangements have not been made, to stay the granting of the divorce until such arrangements are made. This provision may prove to have significant impact as the case law evolves.

Subsection 15.1(3) Section 15.1 empowers the court to order a spouse to pay interim or final child support in accordance with the applicable Guidelines. The Guidelines are presumptive both at an interim or final stage and the court is not to depart from the Guidelines unless it is otherwise entitled to do so for reasons later set out in the Act.

Subsection 15.1(5) Notwithstanding the presumptive nature of the Guidelines, the court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would otherwise be determined in accordance with the applicable Guidelines if it is satisfied that special provisions in an order, a judgement or a written agreement respecting the financial obligations of the spouses, or the division or transfer of their property, directly or indirectly benefit a child, or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of the child, and that the application of the Guidelines would result in an inequitable award given those special provisions. Accordingly, there is a clear threshold that must be met before a court may make an award of child support that is different from the applicable Guidelines. The fact that the parties have entered into a previous written agreement or there has been a previous adjudication of child support does not prevent the imposition of the new Guideline amounts. However, where the parties have previously resolved the issue of child support and a direct or indirect benefit has accrued to a child, there is a basis for arguing that the new Guidelines should not apply. It is anticipated that the most common argument will be that a benefit has accrued to a child in an agreement to give a spouse exclusive possession of or an interest in a matrimonial home, thereby enabling the child to live in the home to which he or she is accustomed. Other benefits could include the agreement to pay for private school or specific other expenses for the child. It is not, however, every previous judgement or written agreement that will be a bar to the application of the Guidelines and unless the threshold of a benefit having been conferred, directly or indirectly, on a child is met, the court will have no alternative but to apply the Guideline amounts in the future. Even if the threshold is met, the second part of the test requires that the respondent demonstrate that the application of the Guidelines would result in inequitable circumstances, having regard to the previous agreement with respect to those special provisions. It is expected that these cases should be relatively rare. However, since this section clearly will be utilized by one of the parties seeking to avoid the Guidelines, it is anticipated there will be much litigation over this section in the early stages. Those wishing to avoid the Guidelines will develop creative arguments in an attempt to demonstrate that a benefit has been conferred on a child where, in reality, the benefit accrued to the spouse.

Subsection 15.1(6) Where a court awards an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the Guidelines, the court is required to record its reasons for having done so. Presumably, in those jurisdictions that do not have manual reporting or even where there still is such reporting, it will behoove the parties to obtain a transcript of those reasons so that they are available in the event of a subsequent variation. Where the court endorses the record with brief reasons, those must be preserved for the same reasons.

Subsection 15.1(7) A court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined under the Guidelines on consent of both spouses, but only if the court is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child. In determining whether reasonable arrangements for the support of the child have been made, the court must have regard to the applicable Guidelines and, accordingly, a court cannot simply rubber stamp an agreement between parties with respect to child support. The court will not simply give effect to the consent of the parties, and counsel is well advised to put forward detailed reasons, likely by way of affidavit evidence, as to why the court should adopt an amount that is different from the Guidelines. In the absence of reasonable reasons for departing from the Guidelines, the court ought to reject the consent or require further evidence as to why the consent agreement should be approved by the court.

Section 15.3 This section directs a court to give priority to child support when it is determining an application for both child and spousal support. However, subsection (2) makes it clear that a reduction or termination of child support is a change of circumstances sufficient to justify a variation of a spousal support order. Thus, if the payor cannot pay both the appropriate level of child support and the appropriate level of spousal support at the time that the support is determined, the spousal support can be reviewed later, once the child support obligation is reduced or terminated. This section is intended to reinforce the child-centered approach of the Guidelines and, in fact, to some degree reflects existing case law which tends to give priority to children's needs. The importance of this section cannot be underestimated, however, since it now formally protects spouses who might otherwise be left in poverty or in difficult financial circumstances once child support terminates as their children leave home. This puts the dependent spouse in a much better bargaining position and, presumably, lawyers will recognize this provision for what it is and include a variation provision in agreements that takes effect upon the child support being reduced or terminated. This kind of clause will enable spouses to deal with the future without necessarily having to return to court for a formal variation application.

Giving child support priority also makes it difficult for separating parents to camouflage child support as spousal support in order to take advantage of the tax deduction for spousal support. This will be attempted by some and it could have disastrous consequences for those who do not take into account the future and the potential for a long-term spousal support obligation that was not really intended.

Subsection 17(4) specifies that the criteria for variation of a child support order is a change of circumstances as provided for in the applicable Guidelines; that is, an increase in the payor's income will automatically trigger a right to a variation of the support order. Hopefully, this will not cause a flood of annual applications for variation since the more that courts refuse to tinker with the Guideline amounts, the more predictable the result and the more likely that any change in the payor's income will lead the parties to enter into a consent order rather than a new round of proceedings between them.

Subsections 17(6.1)-17(6.5) Where there is a variation proceeding, these new subsections require a court to make a variation to a child support order in accordance with the Guidelines, but again, the court may award a different amount than in the Guidelines if it would result in an inequitable level of support in light of special provisions in an order, judgement or written agreement or other special provisions have been made directly for the benefit of a child. In this regard, this section is consistent with the provisions in $15.1(5)$ and treats a previous agreement or court order in the same fashion. To reiterate, to obtain an amount different than in the Guidelines, the applicant or respondent must meet the two-step test of satisfying a court that there are special provisions that benefit a child in the previous agreement or court order and, also, that the Guidelines would, therefore, result in an inequitable amount of support.

Section 19 of the Act allows the court to make a provisional order to vary a child support or a spousal support order when the respondent in the application is ordinarily resident in another province. The provisional order only has legal effect if it is subsequently confirmed by a court in the jurisdiction in which the respondent is ordinarily resident, pursuant to section 19. In accordance with the Guidelines philosophy, the changes to section 19 require a court making an order, confirming or refusing confirmation of a provisional order, to do so in accordance with the Guidelines.

Paragraph 20(3)(b) Enforcement. The changes to this paragraph clarify that a Divorce Act order may be enforced in the same manner as an order of the provincial court, including in the manner specified in a reciprocal agreement for enforcement between the province and a jurisdiction outside Canada. This amendment was included at the request of Saskatchewan since a recent Saskatchewan case had decided that the Divorce Act could not be enforced pursuant to a reciprocal agreement for enforcement between the province and a jurisdiction outside Canada. This amendment corrects that interpretation of the law.

Subsection 20(3) Variation of Orders. This subsection confirms the existing law that a Divorce Act order can only be varied in accordance with the provisions of the Divorce Act and should end the practice whereby provincial courts and enforcement agencies in a few jurisdictions have taken the position that they have jurisdiction to vary Divorce Act support orders in the course of a maintenance enforcement or related proceeding, such as by reducing the amount of support payable. This amendment also ensures that variations of Divorce Act orders are made in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Section 26.1. This section gives the Governor in Council authority to establish child support guidelines. Subsection 2(5) will also allow the Governor in Council to designate a province for the purposes of the definition of applicable guidelines if the province has established comprehensive guidelines that address the subjects outlined in the section. This standard ensures that provincial guidelines are a complete code that can stand in the place of the federal Guidelines.

Subsection 26.1(2) This subsection states:
> "(2) The guidelines shall be based on the principle that spouses have a joint financial obligation to maintain the children of the marriage in accordance with their relative abilities to contribute to the performance of that obligation."

After the Senate debate on the Act, this section was added to reaffirm the principle that, notwithstanding that the table amounts only look to the income of the payor, spouses still have a joint financial obligation to maintain the children of the marriage in accordance with their relative abilities to contribute.

Section 28. This new section ensures that the operation of the new Guidelines will be monitored by the Department of Justice Canada and will be reviewed within five years. This will give the Department, the family law bar, parents across the country and the courts an opportunity to comment on the fairness and efficiency of the new system.

## FEDERAL CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES

The Federal Child Support Guidelines not only set out the objectives of the Guidelines, but in a much more detailed fashion than the Divorce Act, set out the rules that courts must apply in determining the quantum of child support. It is to be noted that although the rules are more exhaustive than those set out in the Divorce Act, they are subject to change by the Governor in Council. It is anticipated that these Guidelines will be monitored closely by the Advisory Committee and the Department of Justice Canada and that changes needed to reflect fairness, equity and consistency will be made from time to time.

Because of the importance of the Guidelines, a section-by-section analysis is undertaken in this paper.

Section 1. The objectives of the Guidelines are to create fairness, reduce conflict and tension, improve the efficiency of the legal process, provide guidance to the parties and to the courts, encourage settlement, and ensure consistent treatment of spouses and children in similar circumstances. It is suggested that the Guidelines must be closely adhered to in order to meet these laudable objectives.

## Definitions

Subsection 2.(1). The interpretation section of the Guidelines makes it clear that under subsection 2(3) where, for the purposes of the Guidelines, any amount is to be determined on the basis of specified information, the most current information must be used. This will hopefully put an end to the practice of people completing financial statements based on the previous year's income tax returns or other stale-dated information. It will require parties who fill out financial statements with respect to their income to calculate and provide information regarding their current income, as opposed to past performance.

## AMOUNT OF CHILD SUPPORT

## Presumptive Rule

Subsection 3.(1) The amount of child support for children under the age of majority is the amount set out in the Guideline table, plus any additional amounts for special or extraordinary expenses. Where the child is the age of majority or over, however, the amount of child support is either the amount determined under the Guidelines as if the child were under the age of majority or, only if the court considers that approach to be inappropriate, the amount that it considers appropriate, having regard to the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of the child and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the child. Accordingly, where the child is of the age of majority or older and the spouse is still entitled to receive child support, then it will either be the Guideline amount or the amount determined by applying the old Paras ${ }^{7}$ principle. Accordingly, in cases where the child is the age of majority or over, it may be necessary to examine the financial circumstances of both parties and the needs of the child before the appropriate amount can be determined.

## Applicable Table

The applicable Guideline Table is the table for the province in which the payor spouse ordinarily resides at the time of the application for child support or for a variation order. If, however, the spouse against whom an order is sought resides outside of Canada, or if the residence of that spouse is unknown, the table for the province where the other spouse ordinarily resides will be applicable. (This is because the Tables are calculated with reference to the tax rates of the province in which the payor resides.) Thus, the actual residence of the child is not a factor for determining the appropriate table.

[^2]
## Incomes Over $\mathbf{\$ 1 5 0 , 0 0 0}$

Only two percent of Canadians earn over $\$ 150,000$ per year and, accordingly, the Guidelines will quite easily cover the vast majority of Canadians without the need for significant adjustment to the table amounts'. Where, however, payor spouse's income exceeds $\$ 150,000$, the amount of child support will be the amount determined under the Guidelines or, if the court considers that amount to be inappropriate, in respect of the first $\$ 150,000$, the amount set out in the Guidelines, and with respect to the balance of the spouse's income, the amount that the court considers appropriate, having regard to the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children, taking into account the special extraordinary expenses set out in section 7. Accordingly, it seems to this writer that in cases where the payor's income is more than $\$ 150,000$, one will again resort to the Paras principle in order to determine the appropriate level of child support. Thus, that will make relevant the income of both parties and the needs of the child.

## Spouse in Place of a Parent (IN LOCO PARENTIS)

Where a spouse against whom a child support order is sought stands in loco parentis to a child, the amount of the child support order is the amount the court considers appropriate, having regard to the Guidelines and any other parent's legal duty to support the child. Accordingly, in cases where the payor stands in loco parentis and there are no other support payors for the child, the Guideline amount will likely apply.' This section, however, doès require the court to take into account the other parent's legal duty to support the child and, again, it seems to this writer that in cases of in loco parentis the Paras principle, again, may hold sway.

## Medical and Dental Insurance

Just before final passage, a new clause was added to the Guidelines, requiring that where medical or dental insurance coverage is available to either spouse through their employment, or otherwise, at a reasonable rate, the courrt may order that that coverage be acquired or continued. It is anticipated that this will be a common occurrence and is in addition to the Guidelines amount. It is important to note that the cost of additional coverage for the child may be shared as a special expense \{paragráph 7(1)(6)\}.

## Special or Extraordinary Expenses

Section 7 It is in this area that there will likely be the most controversy and the most litigation. In an ideal world, Guideline amounts would have been established that would have taken into account special or extraordinary expenses, by some formula approach, but this would have increased the table amounts. The development of the federal Guidelines has not followed that course and accordingly, special or extraordinary expenses are treated separately in this section. Therefore, one first determines the Guideline amount. Then, upon either spouse's request, an amount may be further ordered to cover certain expenses or a portion of those expenses, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense. These expenses are set out in section 7 of the Guidelines and, because of their importance, are reproduced in full:
"7. (1) In a child support order the court may, on either spouse's request, provide for an amount to cover the following expenses, or any portion of those expenses, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation:
(a) child care expenses incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment;
(b) that portion of the medical and dental insurance premiums attributable to the child;
(c) health-related expenses that exceed insurance reimbursement by at least $\$ 100$ annually per illness or event, including orthodontic treatment, professional counselling provided by a psychologist, social worker, psychiatrist or any other person, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy and prescription drugs, hearing aids, glasses and contact lenses;
(d) extraordinary expenses for primary or secondary school education or for any educational programs that meet the child's particular needs;
(e) expenses for post-secondary education; and
(f) extraordinary expenses for extracurricular activities."

Invariably, these expenses will be referred to as the "add-ons. In order to determine whether "add-ons" should be paid, the court must look historically at the family and determine both the necessity and the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the ability of the parents to pay, the ability of the child to contribute and the historical spending pattern prior to separation. It will be easier for the custodial spouse to argue that the noncustodial spouse should continue to contribute to private school where the child has already been enrolled in private school for a number of years. It will be much harder to argue for a private school "add-on" where the child has never attended private school previously. It may make a difference as to whether the siblings attended private school and it will obviously make a difference if the income levels are sufficient to afford this kind of expense. However, one cannot underestimate the importance of having regard to the issues of necessity, reasonableness, and the historical spending pattern.

Undoubtedly the most common "add-on" to be claimed will be the child care expense for the child. The parents will frequently be called upon to proportionately contribute to this expense. Note that child care expenses need neither be special nor extraordinary, but must be incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability, education or training for employment.

Accordingly, a stay-at-home mother who is neither employed, ill, disabled, seeking education nor in training for employment cannot include a child care expense. In addition, remember that in calculating the expenses to be shared, any income tax deduction must be taken into consideration.

Paragraphs 7.(1)(b) and (c) above are self-explanatory, but (d) requires some further comment. "Extraordinary" in that subsection means extraordinary in relation to the average child, as does "extraordinary" in paragraph (f). University expenses will not have to be unusual, or even extraordinary, to qualify for an add-on claim, but private school may be an extraordinary expense if the child, as indicated above, has historically gone to private school. Summer camp, for example, will likely qualify under paragraph 7(1)(f) even though, to many people, summer camp might not be considered extraordinary. However, for the average Canadian child, summer camp is an extraordinary expense. Regular extracurricular activities probably do not qualify under the heading of extraordinary but, obviously, an extracurricular activity such as gymnastic training for an Olympic hopeful would meet the test. Tutors or special training for children with special needs clearly fall under paragraph $7(1)(\mathrm{d})$.

Under subsection 7(2), however, the guiding principle in determining the amount of the additional expense is that it is to be shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes after deducting from the expense the contribution, if any, from the child. Accordingly, where add-ons are claimed, both spouses' incomes will have to be examined in determining the proportionate contribution. Where the child is the beneficiary of a trust or could make a contribution through part-time or summer employment, this must also be taken into account. In addition, under subsection 7(3), subsidies, benefits or other income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense must also be taken into account.

It is important to note that in determining the noncustodial parent's income for the purposes of calculating that spouse's contribution to the add-ons, the amount of spousal support paid to the other spouse must be deducted from that person's income, but not the child support. When calculating the other spouse's contribution, one takes into account the amount of spousal support received but not the amount of child support received (because that child support covers the average needs and not the extraordinary/special expenses).

## Split Custody

Section 8 Where each spouse has custody of one or more children, the amount of child support is the difference between the amounts that each spouse would otherwise pay under the Guidelines. Accordingly, if the husband is required to pay to the wife $\$ 800$ for the daughter that resides with the wife and the wife is required to pay under the Guidelines $\$ 700$ for the son who resides with the father, the difference is $\$ 100$, which amount is payable by the father to the mother.

## Shared Custody

Section 9 This section has been the subject of much controversy and will likely attract much litigation. It has gone through various drafts and in its final form, directs that where a spouse exercises a right of access to or has physical custody of a child for not less than forty percent of the time over the course of a year, the amount of the child support order must be determined by taking into account the Guideline amount, the increased costs of shared custody arrangements and the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child for whom the support order is sought. There will be many parents who quickly conclude that they are better off if they reach the threshold of forty percent because' at least the court will then have some discretion at looking at the appropriate amount of child support. This may, unfortunately, lead to litigation in which parties seek more time with the child, not for the purposes of being with the child, but to reach that forty percent threshold. Ultimately, where the forty percent threshold is reached, it again appears to this writer that the Paras principle will apply and clearly, judges will have discretion to adjust the amounts to reflect how the shared custody costs impact on both parents.

## Undue Hardship

Section 10 This is another provocative section which will be vigorously litigated, in my view. It will be utilized by those wishing to pay less or receive more than the Guidelines provide. On either spouse's application, a court may award an amount that is different from the amount under the Guidelines if the court finds that the spouse making the request, or if a child in respect of whom the request is made, would otherwise suffer undue hardship.

Undue hardship is not simply a phrase that is interpreted in a vacuum. The Guidelines set out circumstances that may cause undue hardship, but they are not exhaustive. Those included in the Guidelines are as follows:
"(2) Circumstances that may cause a spouse or child to suffer undue hardship include the following:
a) the spouse has responsibility for an unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living;
(b) the spouse has unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access to a child;
(c) the spouse has a legal duty under a judgement, order or written separation agreement to support any person;
(d) the spouse has a legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is

> (i) under the age of majority, or
(ii) the age of majority or over but is unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to obtain the necessaries of life; and

## (e) the spouse has a legal duty to support any person who is unable to

 obtain the necessaries of life due to an illness or disability."Creative counsel may come up with other circumstances that may cause a spouse or a child to suffer undue hardship in a particular case, but the undue hardship test does not give relief unless the applicant also meets the threshold of what is called the standard of living test. Even if there is a determination of undue hardship, relief from the Guidelines must be denied by the court if it is of the opinion that the household of the spouse who claims the undue hardship would, after determining the amount of child support under the Guidelines, have a higher standard of living than the household of the other spouse. In comparing standards of living for the purpose of this section, the court may use the comparison of household standards of living test set out in Schedule II of the Guidelines. It is thought that the courts will, in the vast majority of cases want to resort to the standard of living test set out in Schedule II since this test permits the parties to plug in numbers on the schedule and, either by calculating it by hand or using a widely available computer program, the standards of living of the two families can be compared. Note that if there is to be a comparison of the household standards of living, then incomes of significant others living in the household, such as boyfriends, girlfriends or new spouses, will be taken into account, as will any income of the children. The court is not required to resort to only the standard of living test set out in Schedule II, but to use any other test will require a lengthy evidentiary hearing and the standard of living test is an attempt by the draft-persons to avoid the courts having to embark upon that kind of process.

Even where the court awards a different amount of child support under the undue hardship test, it may specify in the child support order a reasonable time for the satisfaction of any obligation arising from circumstances that cause undue hardship and the amount payable at the end of that time. For example, one of the grounds for undue hardship is that the spouse has a responsibility for an unusually high level of debt reasonably incurred to support the family. It may be envisaged by the court that that debt would be retired in three years based on payments of, say, $\$ 500$ a month and, accordingly, at the end of that three-year period, it may require the payor to resort to the Guideline amount.

As is reflected in the Divorce Act, where the court makes a child support order in a different amount under the undue hardship test, it must record its reasons for doing so and counsel must be sure to obtain a copy of those reasons for a later variation application.

## ELEMENTS OF A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

## Information To Be Specified In Order

"Section 13. A child support order must include the following information:
(a) the name and birth date of each child to whom the order relates;
(b) the income of any spouse whose income is used to determine the amount of the child support order;
(c) the amount determined under paragraph 3(1)(a) for the number of children to whom the order relates;
(d) the amount determined under paragraph 3(2)(b) for a child the age of majority or over;
(e) the particulars of any expense described in subsection 7(1), the child to whom the expense relates, and the amount of the expense or, where that amount cannot be determined, the proportion to be paid in relation to the expense; and
(f) the date on which the lump sum or first payment is payable and the day of the month or other time period on which all subsequent payments are to be made."

## VARIATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS

## Circumstances for Variation

Section 14 The basis for a variation of a support order established by the Supreme Court of Canada in Willick v. Willick, ${ }^{8}$ L.G. v. G.B. ${ }^{9}$ and other recent cases has been legislatively overridden by the Guidelines. The coming into force of the Guidelines on May 1, 1997, permits any person with a child support order to apply for a variation with respect to any order made before May $1,1997$. Accordingly, it will not be necessary for those who have an agreement or order before May 1, 1997, to prove that there has been an unforeseen material change of circumstances as set out in Willick. For orders after May 1, 1997, where the amount of child support includes a determination made in accordance with the applicable table, any change in circumstances that would result in a different child support order entitles the applicant to bring a variation application. Where the amount of child support does not include a determination made in accordance with a table, any change in the

[^3]conditions, means, needs or other circumstances of either spouse or of any child who is entitled to support also entitles the applicant to bring a variation application.

The Guidelines do not provide an indexing provision. Support is calculated based on the table and based on the income of the payor from time to time. Parties may well agree to take themselves out of the Guidelines by entering into an agreement which fixes a level of support similar to the Guidelines and is thereafter indexed to the Consumer Price Index. Where, however, agreements are incorporated into court orders or where parties resolve their differences through a court order, consent or otherwise, the Guidelines will apply and adjustments will have to be made based on a change of income of the payor.

## INCOME ${ }^{\prime}$

## Determination of Income

Section 15 It is not possible to determine the amount to be paid under the tables unless one can first ascertain the income of the payor and sometimes the recipient as well. Parties are free to agree in writing as to the annual income of a spouse, but the court is required to consider whether the amount is reasonable, having regard to the income information provided under section 21 of the Guidelines (See below).

## Calculation of Annual Income

Section 16 A spouse's annual income is determined using the sources of income set out under the heading "Total Income" in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada, as adjusted in accordance with Schedule III of the Guidelines. Reference must be had to this Schedule in order to determine the real income to be used for the calculation of the Guidelines support amount. Schedule III may have a significant impact and it should be carefully reviewed by practitioners when calculating income.

## Pattern of Income

Section 17 There will be cases where the T1 General form does not indicate the fairest amount of the annual income of the payor. Some people in Canada earn a great deal of money, but show no income on their income tax returns. Other parties may resort to income splitting or a diversion of income in order to decrease the amount that shows up on their return. The court may resort to the provisions of section 17 to determine the real annual income of the spouse, and may look at the three most recent taxation years, to average same over the past three years, and may take into account nonrecurring amounts and nonrecurring losses.

## Shareholder, Director or Officer

Section 18 Where the spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation and the court is of the view that the spouse's annual income as shown in the T1 General form does not fairly reflect all of the money available to the spouse, the court may look at the spouse's pre-tax income of the corporation and an amount commensurate with the services that the spouse provides to the corporation, provided that the amount does not exceed the corporation's pre-tax income.

Accordingly, recipients of child support will want to carefully examine the T1 General form, but also ask the appropriate questions in order to determine whether other income should be taken into account in determining the appropriate income and, therefore, the appropriate table amount. Applicants for child support will, therefore, have to ascertain whether the spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation and determine what the pre-tax income of that corporation is or the value of services provided to the corporation by the payor. Not every shareholder, director or officer will be entitled to access the pre-tax income of a corporation. Simply being a shareholder, director or an officer will not necessarily have an impact on the payor.

## Adjustments to Corporate Income

In determining the pre-tax income of a corporation, all amounts paid by the corporation as salaries, wages or management fees, or other payments or benefits, to or on behalf of persons with whom the corporation does not deal at arm's length must be added to the pre-tax income unless the spouse establishes that the payments were reasonable in the circumstances. For example, if the noncustodial father employs his new wife in his corporation and pays her a salary not commensurate with her work, or perhaps she does not work in the corporation at all, the amount paid to the new wife would be added back into the corporation's income in order to determine the pre-tax income of the corporation. This is an anti-avoidance scheme in order to try to ensure that the income being calculated for the Guideline amount is the real income of the payor and not a fictitious income stated by the payor in order to reduce the payor's obligation.

## Imputing Income

Section 19 empowers the court to impute income to a spouse as it considers appropriate in the circumstances. These circumstances are set out in paragraphs 19(1)(a) through (i) and further reference should be had by the reader to those sections. Of particular interest is paragraph 19(1)(a), where a spouse may be intentionally under-employed or unemployed. The utilisation of this section by the courts will enable a table amount to be set even where the respondent does not demonstrate any income, or where the income declared by the payor is artificially low. Paragraph 19(1)(e) will allow the court to look at the asset position of the spouses and if assets are not being reasonably utilized to generate income, the court may impute income to the holder of that property. For example, if a spouse holds a significant stock portfolio in non-dividend paying stocks, the court could consider that the amount of the stock portfolio could, instead, generate a reasonable amount of interest and impute further income to the spouse holding the stock portfolio. Paragraph 19(1)(f) will allow the court to impute income where the spouse has failed to provide income information when the spouse was under a legal obligation to do so. This provision should act as an incentive to spouses to provide up-to-date and appropriate financial information or run the risk that income will be imputed because of their failure to provide such information.

## INCOME INFORMATION

## Obligation of Applicant

Not every spouse applying for a child support order must provide income information. That will only occur where the child support applicant seeks'special or extraordinary expenses, where there is a split or shared custody situation, where one of the children is over the age of majority, the payor's income is over $\$ 150,000$ or there is a submission of undue hardship. In these cases, section 21 sets out the detailed information that the spouse must provide, including detailed income tax information, notices of assessment, statements of earnings from employers, financial statements of companies in which a spouse has control and other financial data.

## Obligation of Respondent

Where a spouse is served with an application for child support and his or her income information is necessary to determine the issue, the respondent must similarly provide the income information set out above.

## Failure to Comply

Where a spouse fails to comply with section 21 and fails to provide the income information, the spouse may apply to have the matter heard without the information or an order may be obtained to have the other spouse comply with the information requirements.

## Adverse Inference

Where the income information is not provided, the court is entitled to draw an adverse inference against the spouse who failed to comply and impute income to that spouse as the court considers appropriate, providing a powerful incentive for parties to comply properly with the income information requirements.

## Failure to Comply with Court Order

In addition, where a spouse fails to comply with an order for income information, the court may strike out pleadings, make a contempt order or take other steps that would significantly disadvantage the respondent.

## Continuing Obligation to Provide Income Information

This is one of the more interesting sections of the Guidelines. Pursuant to subsection 25(1), every spouse against whom a child support order has been made must, on the written request of the other spouse, not more than once a year after the making of the order, provide the income information referred to in subsection 21(1) for any of the three most recent taxation years for which the spouse has not previously provided the documents. This significant change in the legislation does away with the concept of trying to create a clean break between parties and put distance between them once a separation or divorce has taken place. It is designed to ensure that children's support awards are kept up-to-date and, given the framework of the Guidelines, they can only be kept up-to-date if appropriate and timely income information is provided. Accordingly, where the parties do not, on a consensual basis exchange information, a spouse whose income is relevant to determine the amount
of a child support order can be required on a yearly basis to provide income information. In cases where a spouse against whom a child support order is sought does not have to pay child support because his or her income is below a minimum level, that spouse must as well provide income information on a yearly basis. A failure to comply with a request for information triggers application of the same consequences to the defaulting spouse as set out in sections 21 and 24 of the Guidelines.

## CONCLUSION

The Guidelines have been developed carefully, with much thought and attention. They are, however, in their infancy and will be subject to interpretation by the courts across Canada. As time goes by, their interpretation will become clearer and the parties will be able to rely on court interpretations of these Guidelines to order their affairs in a more certain fashion., Even in the absence of a body of jurisprudence, however, they are a considerable step forward in the development of the law of child support. It is to be hoped that the courts will both interpret these Guidelines and apply them in the manner in which they were intended. Children, their parents, the court system and the general public will all benefit from certainty and less conflict in this area. It is to be hoped that the Guidelines will play a major role in more effective dispute resolution in the family law arena.
$\square$

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual <br> Tax Changes and the Child Support Guidelines 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Tax Changes and the Child Support Guidelines 

By Professor Nicholas Bala

## INTRODUCTION

The changes in the tax treatment of child support are among the most controversial and important aspects of the reforms that will come into effect on May 1, 1997. It seems likely that the tax changes will have as great an effect on practice in this area and on quantums of child support as the introduction of the Guidelines. The tax changes will take effect throughout Canada, including provinces like Quebec that will not adopt the federal Guidelines, and will affect orders under provincial and territorial child support legislation that are not directly affected by the Guidelines. The tax changes are timed to coincide with the introduction of the Guidelines and the two have been politically linked. However, the tax changes are found in a separate legislative package and have been the subject of a different process of policy development.

The development of the Guidelines was influenced by family law practitioners, while the process and policy basis for the tax changes was quite different. The child support Guidelines are intended to increase the amounts of money available for support, but in many cases the effect of the tax changes, will be to reduce the amount of money available for the support of children. ${ }^{1}$ There are, however, sound policy reasons for the tax changes, and for most low income custodial parents and their children, the increase in the amounts of government support through tax system with the introduction of the National Child Benefit System will more than offset any losses from the tax changes.

This paper offers a discussion of the policy background to the tax changes, an analysis of the principal amendments, and some suggestions for family law practitioners and judges. This paper only discusses the more salient features of the tax changes, and readers may consult the full text of the legislation and of the Explanatory Notes offered by the Department of Finance Canada, appended to this paper. ${ }^{2}$ Some portions of the analysis and advice in this paper are speculative, and readers should form their own opinions about the matters discussed.

[^4][^5]
## THE CHANGES IN A NUTSHELL

The essence of the new tax regime is that for agreements and orders made on or after May 1, 1997, child support will no longer be included in the income of the recipient under section 56 of the Income Tax Act, and will not be deductible from the income of the payor under section 60. Spousal support will continue to be included in income of recipients under section 56 , and deducted by payors under section 60 .

Support paid pursuant to orders or agreements made prior to May 1, 1997 will, in general, continue to be deducted and included. The new scheme has provisions that help distinguish child and spousal support, though there may be some flexibility for the parties to characterize payments in the most advantageous fashion.

## THE POLICY CONTEXT

When the tax regime of deduction for the payor and inclusion in income for the recipient of child and spousal support was introduced in 1942, divorce was relatively rare and the scheme served as an effective government subsidy to those who were separated. The introduction of this regime was intended to "subsidize divorcing families," recognizing that divorce entails the added cost of maintaining two households instead of one. In 1942, virtually all payors had substantially higher incomes and higher tax rates than recipients, and a significant subsidy was generated. ${ }^{3}$ In most cases, if properly "grossed up" the deduction could be used to fully compensate recipients for the taxes they paid on the support and leave enough to provide more support than would otherwise be available.

By the 1990's this tax regime was facing sustained political and legal attack. While the Supreme Court of Canada in Thibaudeau v. $R^{4}$ rejected a constitutional challenge by recipients of child support as discriminatory on the basis of gender or status as a divorced parent, there were clearly problems with the system. The public attack focused primarily on the perception that the tax scheme was unfair to women and children, and contributed to their impoverishment.

Some of the public criticism of the regime may be ill-informed, but this reflected the complex nature of the scheme, and the fact that it does not always benefit children. One highly publicized problem, especially raised by feminist critics of the legal system, was that some lawyers and judges may not have been not adequately "grossing up" the recipient's need for child support to take account of the tax that a recipient has to pay. This problem was (hopefully) less widespread as lawyers and judges became better informed about the issues and computer programs

[^6]simplified the calculations, though it continued to be a problem for those without adequate representation. Recipients of support also complained about the practical difficulties in having to pay taxes on money that had already been received and spent on their children.

Another serious difficulty with the scheme is that for an increasingly large number of cases, the recipient's marginal income tax rate is the same or higher than the payor. ${ }^{5}$ In these cases there is no tax "savings" to share, and there is actually a "tax penalty" when the recipient is has a higher tax rate.

From a social policy perspective, the most damaging criticism is one that was one that was rarely mentioned in public discussion, namely that the major portion of the tax subsidy from the inclusion/deduction scheme goes to a relatively small number of families, where the payor (usually the man) has a high income and tax rate, and the recipient (usually the woman) has a low income and tax rate. The decline in the number of "traditional" families (with this pattern of income differential and hence tax rate differential) and the increase in women's incomes made the deduction/inclusion regime increasingly less appropriate. Combined with the recent flattening of the tax rates, these changes reduced the value of the existing regime and actually made it socially inequitable. ${ }^{6}$

In the face of these problems, the federal government had a number of alternatives. Some divorce lawyers advocated an election as to tax treatment for divorcing families, allowing a joint decision as to whether to adopt an inclusion/deduction scheme or to have a no tax consequences regime. This, proposal would have retained a situation where the most gain would have gone to families with the greatest income disparity. ${ }^{7}$ Another reform proposal would have been to have some form of tax credit scheme for divorcing families where support is being paid. But all of these proposals were rejected, at least in part because of a desire to channel the "divorce subsidy" to poor children.

[^7]7 See e.g., L. Wolfson, "Reflections on R. v. Thibaudeau" (1995), 13 Can Fam. L.Q. 165

The total tax cost of the inclusion/deduction scheme for child support in 1996-97 is estimated at $\$ 240 \mathrm{~m}$ for the federal government, and another $\$ 170 \mathrm{~m}$ for the provinces. ${ }^{8}$ Since the new regime will only apply to child support orders or agreements made or varied from May 1, 1997, in 1997-98 the increase in federal revenue from the change is estimated to be $\$ 15 \mathrm{~m}$, and another $\$ 10 \mathrm{~m}$ for the provinces. The federal government pledged in the 1996 budget to spend $\$ 250 \mathrm{~m}$ more on the increase in the Working Income Supplement tax credit from \$500 a year to $\$ 1,000$ a year per family, to be phased in from July 1, 1997 to July 1, 1998. In the 1997 federal budget a new National Child Benefit System was announced that will incorporate and augment the amounts available under the Working Income Supplement and the Child Tax Benefit. These changes will help all low income families, which includes many low income custodial parents and their children. ${ }^{9}$ Eligibility of custodial parents for these government tax-based income-geared programs, including the Working Income Supplement and the Child Tax Benefit, will also be increased by the removal of child support from taxable income of custodial parents.

From the point of view of overall tax expenditures and combating child poverty, the elimination of the tax subsidy to separated families, and the use of this new revenue combined with other revenues as the basis for an increase in support for all poor families with children is sound social policy. ${ }^{10}$ While the changes in the tax treatment of child support combined with the creation of the new Canada Child Tax Benefit system focuses government spending on those in greatest need and makes social policy sense in terms of focusing social expenditures on children in greatest need, one can understand that separated parents, and the professionals who work with them, may not appreciate this. ${ }^{11}$
${ }^{8}$ While the federal government has pledged to use the increased revenue from the elimination of this deduction for child poverty, the provinces have not yet all made similar commitments, though the new National Child Benefit System may involve a "reinvestment framework" that will result in increased provincial expenditures.
${ }^{9}$ The public announcements focus on increasing assistance to the working poor, but more accurately this is the poor who are not in receipt of social assistance (or welfare). That is, low income single parents who are supported by spousal and child support are treated in the same way as "working poor," and will get the benefit of these new programs.
${ }^{10}$ From a policy perspective one might ask if there could not have been schemes to both subsidize the working poor with children and children of divorce, but this may not have been politically possible.
${ }^{11}$ Indeed, one might ask why the tax subsidy found in the tax treatment of spousal support - the retention of the deduction/inclusion scheme - continues. There is, however, no political pressure to change this. In situations where spousal support is ordered there is usually a significant difference in income and tax rates between the payor and recipient, making it more likely that there will be a divisible subsidy.

## WHEN THE TAX CHANGES COME INTO EFFECT - "COMMENCEMENT DAY": SECTION 56.1(4)

The concept of the "commencement day"- defined in section 56.1(4) - is central to the new scheme. Any child support payment made pursuant to an order or agreement with a "commencement day" on or after May 1,1997 will not be included in the income of the recipient under section 56(1) (b) or deducted from the income of the recipient under section 60(b).

This definition provides that for child support paid pursuant to an order or agreement made before May 1, 1997 there is no commencement date, and hence continued inclusion and deduction unless:
(i) the payor and recipient file a joint election [Form T 1157] with Revenue Canada that the new rules will apply; this election must specify a commencement day that is on or after May 1, 1997; once made, an election cannot be revoked; or
(ii) an order or agreement is varied on or after May 1, 1997 to change the amount of child support payable under a previous order or agreement; the commencement day is the first day on which the new payment is to be made; or
(iii) a "subsequent order or agreement is made" after April 1997 which has the effect of changing the total amount of child support payable; the commencement day is the first day that such payments are due; or
(iv) the pre-May 11997 order or agreement specifies a day on or after May 1, 1997 that the new tax rules will apply; the day specified will be the "commencement day."

Under subsections 56(1)(b) and 56.1(4)(b) (ii) \& (iii), a post-April 1997 order or agreement may retroactively specify a commencement day for the new payments between May 1,1997 and the date of the variation, thereby changing the tax treatment of some (or all) post-April 1997 payments. ${ }^{12}$ A strong argument by recipients can be made for this type of retroactive variation if there are significant delays in resolving variation applications made on or after May 1, 1997, especially if the delay is attributable to conduct of the payor.

A change in only the amount of spousal support to a pre-May 1, 1997 agreement or order will not affect the tax status of the child support payments.

[^8]
## BACKDATING ORDERS \& AGREEMENTS PRIOR TO DECEMBER 31, 1998: SUBSECTION 56.1(3) \& 60.1(3)

In general, where an agreement or order is made after April 30, 1997, the commencement day is the date that it is "made" [section 56.1(4)(a)].

However, there continues to be a "prior payments" provision. To qualify for the deduction/inclusion regime, the rule has always required that support payments be periodic and pursuant to an order or written agreement. The "prior payments" provision allows the inclusion and deduction of voluntary payments made before the date of an order or agreement. This may also apply where payments are made before May 1st and the date of the order or agreement is post-April 1997. Under section 56.1(3) and section 60.1(3), if the parties separate before May 1, 1997 and any payment was made before that date, an original order or agreement made before the end of 1998 which specifies that those payments were made pursuant to that order or agreement, will be "deemed ... to have been made on the day which the first such amount was received". The effect of this is that the entire agreement or order can be treated for inclusion/deductibility purposes to be a pre-May 1, 1997 agreement or order and the amounts can be included in the income of the recipient and deducted from the income of the payor. This "backdating opt-out" of the new tax regime will apply to all payments made pursuant to such an agreement or order. This will include both the payments made before the agreement or order, and those made after, unless there is a subsequent joint election, a specific setting of a post-April 1997 "commencement day" for child support, or a subsequent variation that results in a change in the amount of child support payable. However, if the order or agreement made after April 1997 provides that a different amount of child support than the last payment received by the recipient before May 1997 is payable, the date of the order or agreement is deemed to be the date the different amount is first payable, and the deduction/inclusion regime will not apply.

For example, if child support payments of $\$ 500$ are made on the first of every month starting February 1997 and an order (or written agreement) is made on September 7, 1997 recognizing the prior payments as having been made pursuant to that order and indicating that support should continue at $\$ 500$ per month, all payments made pursuant to this order will be included in the recipient's income and deducted from the payor's income. If the order on September 7, 1997 recognizes the prior payments as having been made pursuant to that order but indicates that child support should continue at $\$ 600$ per month starting October 1,1997 , then payments from February 1, 1997 through September 1, 1997 will be under the deduction/inclusion regime but payments starting October 1, 1997 will no longer be deducted or included.

An order or agreement that invokes this "backdating" provision must specify that (1) the parties separated before May 1, 1997; (2) one or more payments for child support were made before May 1, 1997; and (3) the parties intend those prior payments to be considered to have been paid pursuant to the order or agreement. To continue in the deduction/inclusion regime, the amount payable pursuant to the order or agreement must be the same amount as the last payment received by the recipient before May 1,1997 . It would also be useful to specify that the
deduction/inclusion rules for child support are intended to apply to both parties. If the amount payable pursuant to the order or agreement is different, the new amount will no longer be deducted or included.

Practitioners will have an ethical obligation to ensure that those who wish to take advantage of this provision can actually satisfy the criteria of both separation and payment before May 1, 1997, though there may be some flexibility in determining whether parties were living "separate and apart" within the same dwelling and hence entitled to the benefit of this provision. The effect of section 56.1(3) is to give those who separated and made payments before May 1, 1997, a "grace period" in which they can resolve their affairs under the old deduction/inclusion regime or the new tax regime.

In the absence of specific provisions, however, the new tax regime will apply. A court should only make a post April 1997 order recognizing prior payments as set out above if it is satisfied that the recipient is at least as well off after tax as she would be with a non-taxable order, or if other "special provisions" have been made that fully compensate for the tax burden.

It is clear from the wording of section 56.1(3) that the "backdating" cannot be used to continue to "opt in" to the old tax regime if there is a post April 30, 1997 variation of the child support provision of a prior order or agreement. ${ }^{13}$

## DEFINING "CHILD SUPPORT AMOUNT": SECTION 56.1(4)

The new rules only apply to child support and not to spousal support. However, section 56.1(4) has definitions for "support amount" and "child support amount" that emphasize the importance of distinguishing child and spousal support in any post-April 1997 agreement or order. These definitions provide that "any support that is not identified as being solely for the benefit of the spouse, or former spouse of the payor or a person who is the parent" of a natural child of the payor, is deemed to be child support, and hence not within the deduction/inclusion scheme. Thus if an order or agreement fails to clearly distinguish between spousal and child support, the payments will all be treated as child support for tax purposes.

This will apply to support payments made to a third party, such as mortgage payments. These payments to a third party will only be deductible and included in a post-April 1997 agreement or order under section 56.1(2) if they are clearly identified as "solely for the support" of the spouse.

[^9]
## REGISTRATION OF POST-APRIL 30, 1997 ORDERS \& AGREEMENTS FORM T 1158

Revenue Canada requires that either the payor or recipient file a Form T 1158, Registration of Family Support Payments, if:
(1) a post-April 1997 order or agreement provides for only spousal support, or for child and spousal support;
(2) a pre-May 1, 1997 order or agreement deals with both spousal and child support but is governed by the new tax rules because of either a specific provision or a joint election has been filed by the parties to adopt the new tax regime. Otherwise pre-May 1, 1997 orders and agreements do not have to be registered.

It is not necessary to register a post-April 1997 order or agreement that deals only with child support.

Revenue Canada will automatically determine on the basis of the T 1158 and T 1157 (Election for Child Support) Forms whether there should be a reduction in taxes for the payor due to the payment of spousal support. If applicable, Revenue Canada will send payors a notice that they may present to employers to have an adjustment of taxes deducted from pay.

## CHARACTERIZATION OF SUPPORT - IS THE AMERICAN EXPERIENCE RELEVANT?

After April 1997 there will be a major difference in the tax treatment of child and spousal support. This raises the question of whether it will be possible for separated spouses with differing marginal tax rates to enter into agreements to take advantages of the deduction/inclusion scheme for child support by characterizing payments as spousal support, as opposed to calling them child support.

To take an extreme example, would a post-April 1997 agreement that provided for no child support, but provided that "spousal support" will continue only as long as the child is a "child of the marriage" and resides with the recipient or looks to her for support, be eligible for deduction and inclusion?

The United States has long had a tax regime that is very similar to the new Canadian tax regime: deduction/inclusion for spousal support, and no tax provision for child support. A 1961 United States Supreme Court decision ${ }^{14}$ gave parties to a separation agreement substantial flexibility to "characterize" or "designate" payments in the manner that they choose, which permitted maximum tax savings when parties were willing to cooperate. In 1984 the American Congress

[^10]amended their income tax laws to provide that payments are characterized as child support if the payment period is determined with reference to a particular event in the child's life, such as leaving home or becoming an adult, or if payments are reduced on the happening of such an event. ${ }^{15}$ While some American family practitioners still camouflage child support as "spousal support," it is difficult to do so efficiently.

Although there is no explicit provision to deal with the characterization issue in Canada's Income Tax Act, the General Anti-Avoidance Rule in the Income Tax Act (section 245) will probably allow Revenue Canada to consider the "purpose" of payments, rather than their "characterization." There is an obligation under section 11(1)(b) of the Divorce Act and other legislation for parents to make "reasonable arrangements" for the support of their children. Hence an order or agreement that failed to make adequate provision for child support but had spousal support provisions, especially ones that appeared linked to child related events, could be attacked by the tax authorities as one that was actually serving the "purpose" of providing child support by characterizing it as spousal support.

While it seems unlikely that Canadian lawyers will attempt to draft agreements in which all child support is characterized as spousal support to gain tax advantages, there may be situations where the tax savings affect the division between child and spousal support. The scope for flexibility in characterization of payments as child support to gain tax advantages is probably greatest in regard to "add ons" under section 4 of the Guidelines and in cases where the payor's income is over $\$ 150,000$, as these are areas that will be subject to less scrutiny if the parties are in agreement. ${ }^{16}$ Although these agreements may in practice be subject to less scrutiny by tax authorities, practitioners should be cautious about making agreements premised on a certain tax treatment that may be subject to attack by the tax authorities.

Since a change in only the amount of spousal support to a pre-May 1, 1997 agreement or order will not affect the tax status of the child or spousal support payments, there may also be a tendency for parties to characterize post-April 1997 voluntary variations as spousal support, provided that there is a tax subsidy that is shared in some way advantageous to both parties. Once again practitioners should be satisfied that the new agreement makes adequate provision for child support.

If there is some doubt about how the tax authorities will treat certain payments, lawyers may wish to include a clause that allows variation if specified tax treatment is not given.

[^11]
## DEFICIENCY IN PAYMENTS - THE ORDERING RULE: SUBSECTION 56(1)(B) \& 60(B)

Because of the difference in treatment between child and spousal support, it was necessary to include provisions to deal with situations where there has been a deficiency in payments. The new rules, found in subsection $56(1)(b)$ and $60(b)$, in essence establish as an "ordering principle" that if there are both child and spousal support payments owing under a post-April 1997 order or agreement, the first payments received are child support, and not deducted or included, and any shortfall comes out of spousal support.

Theses provisions, when combined with the definition of "commencement day" in section 56.1(4), also have "transitional rules" to deal with situations where there have been deficiencies in child support under a pre-May 1997 agreement or order and then a variation that brings future child support under the new regime. For any payments received after 1996, the first payments are treated as coming under the new no deduction/no inclusion regime.

## TAX IMPLICATIONS FOR ORDDERS AND AGREEMENTS MADE PRIOR TO MAY 1,1997

Practitioners who resolve cases prior to May 1, 1997 must be aware of the new tax rules.
In some cases, the agreement or order should specify the new tax rules will apply as of May 1, 1997 (or later) by including a "commencement day". This would most likely be appropriate where the recipient's tax rate is higher and the present tax regime creates a disadvantage. These agreements or orders must clearly identify and distinguish the child and spousal support payments, since spousal support will continue to be governed by the deduction/inclusion rules.

In some cases, the old tax rules result in advantageous tax savings, which can be shared between the spouses. In these situations there is no need to specify that the new tax rules will not apply, though it would be advisable to do so, if, for example, variation issues should arise. Similarly these agreements or orders need not distinguish between the child and spousal support payments, but it would be advisable to do so if variation issues should arise.

There are clearly many situations in which it is rational for both spouses to want reopen an old agreement and have a variation before May 1, 1997 under the old tax regime. ${ }^{17}$ For example, it is in the mutual interest of both parties for the old rules to apply where the payor has a higher tax

[^12]rate, and the after tax payment that can be given is of greater than the amount that will be awarded under the Guidelines. The payor, as the one who benefits from the deduction, will generally have the greater incentive for applying the old rules; this may give recipients a little more bargaining power for a favourable, quick pre-May 1, 1997 settlement.

There is expected to be a significant amount of "last minute" negotiated variation of previous agreements and orders to take advantage of the tax subsidy regime in effect until May 1, 1997. As discussed above, there is also scope under section 56.1(3) to "backdate" a variation of a pre-May 1, 1997 child support order or agreement until December 31, 1998, and remain under the old deduction/inclusion rules.

Undoubtedly, however, many of those for whom it might appear rational to renegotiate will not do so. Some of those affected may lack knowledge. Some of the reluctance to reopen may reflect the expectation of payors that many recipients will not seek post-April 1997 variation, even though they are legally entitled to this and might find it advantageous to do so, either due to legal costs or a desire to avoid the antagonism that the process may entail.

## PRE-MAY 1, 1997 AGREEMENTS \& ORDERS WITH ADJUSTMENT CLAUSES: SECTION 56.1(4)(B)(II) \& (III)

There is some scope for preserving the tax advantages of the inclusion /deduction scheme regime for a post-April 1997 change in the amount of child support in a pre-May 1, 1997 agreement pursuant to an adjustment clause, such as one based changes in the cost of living or income.

The new section 56.1 (4)(ii) specifies that there will be a "commencement day" for a pre-May 1, 1997 agreement or order if "the agreement or order is varied to change the child support amounts payable." This suggests that a post-April 1997 change in the amount of child support that does not vary the agreement or order, but rather is a change in amount pursuant to the terms of the original order or agreement, is still within the inclusion/deduction scheme. Section 56.1 (4)(b)(iii) specifies that the definition of "commencement day" for inclusion in the new regime only applies if there is a "subsequent agreement or order" after April 30, 1997, that changes the total amount of child support payable. This suggests that if there is a post-April 1997 adjustment in the amount of child support pursuant to the original agreement, but no "subsequent agreement or order" the deduction/inclusion rules may continue in effect.

The claim for remaining with the deduction/inclusion regime is strongest if the adjustment in the amount of support is pursuant to a fixed formula, and Revenue Canada has indicated that it will treat post-April 1997 adjustments under a cost-of-living clause in a pre-May 1, 1997 order or agreement as continuing to be under the deduction/inclusion regime. ${ }^{18}$

[^13]In some cases payors may believe that an adjustment in the amount of child support is within the deduction/inclusion regime but later have the tax authorities disallow their deduction because it is treated as a variation in the agreement and not an adjustment. In this situation a payor may try to seek a subsequent judicial review of the amount of child support, since the adjustment clause, when agreed to, was presumably premised on deductibility. The retroactive end of deductibility may be viewed as a "radical and unforeseen" change in circumstances, or at very least a "substantial and material" change in circumstances, that could give a court a basis for review. ${ }^{19}$

## VOLUNTARY POST-APRIL 1997 SUPPLEMENTARY PAYMENTS

If a written agreement or court order made post-April 1997 varies the amount of child support paid pursuant to a previous order or agreement, it is clear that the new tax rules will fully apply. Thus, if even one dollar a month in child support is added, the entire tax subsidy (assuming that there is one) will be lost.

There will be cases in which payors under pre-May 1, 1997 orders and agreements will consider it advantageous to voluntarily and informally "top up" their deductible post-April 1997 payments with nondeductible amounts, paid to the recipient with the expectation that the recipient will not seek judicial variation or a new agreement. ${ }^{20}$

From a tax perspective one must ask whether this type of arrangement constitutes a "subsequent agreement or order" within section 56.1(4)(b) (iii), or a "change [to] child support amounts" within section 56.1 (4)(b)(ii). It may be argued that added payments which are not made pursuant to a written agreement or court order are not legally enforceable and hence not within the definitions. Payors run the theoretical risk of the tax authorities invoking the General Anti-Avoidance Rule in the Income Tax Act (section 245) and considering the "purpose" of the payments, though this type of arrangement may be mutually advantageous for both parties and difficult for the tax authorities to monitor. Such arrangements will clearly not be legally enforceable, but the threat that the recipient may take the matter to court for a change in the amount of child support, with the consequent loss of deductibility, may be sufficient to ensure voluntary compliance.

As noted above, another way to achieve the result of continued deduction and inclusion for a post-May 1, 1997 variation of a previous order or agreement is to characterize the payments as spousal support rather than child support, though this also raises the theoretical prospect of the invocation of the General Anti-Avoidance Rules.

[^14]
## Amendments to the <br> Income Tax Act

$20(\mathrm{I})(g g)$ and $8 \mathrm{I}(\mathrm{I})(r)$ and $(s)$ of the Income Tax Act, chapter 148 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, and the provisions of the Income Tax Application Rules relating to income 5 from the operation of new mines,
(2) Clause $53(2)(c)(i)(B)$ of the Act is replaced by the following:
(B) paragraphs $12(1)(o)$ and (z.5), $18(1)(m)$ and $20(1)(v .1)$, section 31,10 subsection $40(2)$, section 55 and subsections 69(6) and (7) of this Act and paragraphs $20(1)(g g)$ and $81(1)(r)$ and (s) of the Income Tax Act, chapter 148 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 15 1952, and
(3) Subsections (1) and (2) apply for the purpose of computing the adjusted cost base of property after 1996.
8. (1) Paragraphs $56(1)(b)$ and (c) of the 20 Act are replaced by the following:
(b) the total of all amounts each of which is an amount determined by the formula

$$
A-(B+C)
$$

where
A is the total of all amounts each of which is a support amount received after 1996 and before the end of the year by the taxpayer from a particular person where the taxpayer and the particular person 30 were living separate and apart at the time the amount was received,
B is the total of all amounts each of which is a child support amount that became receivable by the taxpayer from the 35 particular person under an agreement or order on or after its commencement day and before the end of the year in respect of a period that began after its commencement day, and
C is the total of all amounts each of which is a support amount received after 1996 by the taxpayer from the particular person and included in the taxpayer's income for a preceding taxation year;

81(1)r) et s) de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu, chapitre 148 des Statuts revisés du Canada de 1952, et des dispositions des Règles concernant l'application de l'impôt sur le revenu qui 5 concerne le revenu provenant de l'exploitation de nouvelles mines,
(2) La division $53(2) c)(i)(B)$ de la même loi est remplacée par ce qui suit :
(B) des alinéas $12(1) o$ ) et $z .5), 18(1) m) 10$ et $20(1) v .1)$, de l'article 31, du paragraphe $40(2)$, de l'article 55 et des paragraphes 69(6) et (7) de la présente loi et des alinéas 20(1)gg) et $81(1) r$ ) et s) de la Loi de l'impôt sur le revenu, 15 chapitre 148 des Statuts revisés du Canada de 1952,
(3) Les paragraphes (1) et. (2) s'appliquent au calcul du prix de base rajusté d'un bien après 1996.
8. (1) Les alinéas $56(1) b$ ) et c) de la même loi sont remplacés par ce qui suit :
b) le total des montants representant chacun le résultat du calcul suivant :

Pension alimentaire

$$
\begin{equation*}
A-(B+C) \tag{25}
\end{equation*}
$$

où :
A represente le total des montants representant chacun une pension alimentaire que le contribuable a reçue après 1996 et avant la fin de l'année d'une personne 30 donnée dont il vivait séparé au moment de la réception de la pension,
B le total des montants représentant chacun une pension alimentaire pour enfants que la personne donnée était tenue 35 de verser au contribuable aux termes d'un accord ou d'une ordonnance à la date d'exécution ou postérieurement et avant la fin de l'année relativement à une période ayant commencé après 40 cette date,
C le total des montants représentant chacun une pension alimentaire que le contribuable a reçue de la personne donnée après 1996 et qu'il a incluse 45 dans son revenu pour une année d'imposition antérieure;
(2) Paragraph 56(1)(d.2) of the Act is amended by striking out the word "or" at the end of subparagraph (i), by adding the word "or" at the end of subparagraph (ii) and by adding the following after subpara- 5 graph (ii):
(iii) made pursuant to or under a deferred profit sharing plan by a trustee under the plan to purchase the annuity for a beneficiary under the plan;
(3) Subsection 56(12) of the Act is repealed.
(4) Subsections (1) and (3) apply to amounts received after 1996.
(5) Subsection (2) applies to the 1996 and 15 subsequent taxation years.
9. (1) Subsection 56.1(1) of the Act is replaced by the following:
56.1 (1) For the purposes of paragraph $56(1)(b)$ and subsection $118(5)$, where an 20 order or agreement, or any variation thereof, provides for the payment of an amount to a taxpayer or for the benefit of the taxpayer, children in the taxpayer's custody or both the taxpayer and those children, the amount or 25 any part thereof
(a) when payable, is deemed to be payable to and receivable by the taxpayer; and
(b) when paid, is deemed to have been paid to and received by the taxpayer.
(2) The portion of subsection $56.1(2)$ of the Act before the formula is replaced by the following:
(2) For the purposes of section 56, this section and subsection $118(5)$, the amount 35 determined by the formula
(3) The description of $A$ in subsection 56.1(2) of the Act is replaced by the follovring:
A is the total of all amounts each of which is 40 A an amount (other than an amount that is otherwise a support amount) that became payable by a person in a taxation year, under an order of a competent tribunal or under a written agreement, in respect of an expense 45 (other than an expenditure in respect of a self-contained domestic establishment in
(2) L'alinéa 56(1)d.2) de la même loi est modifié par adjonction, après le sous-alinéa (ii), de ce qui suit :
(iii) a été fait dans le cadre d'un régime de participation differée aux bénéfices par un fiduciaire du regime en vue d'acheter la rente pour un bénéficiaire du régime;
(3) Le paragraphe 56(12) de la même loi est abrogé.
(4) Les paragraphes (1) et (3) s'appliquent aux montants reçus après 1996.
(5) Le paragraphe (2) s'applique aux années d'imposition 1996 et suivantes.
9. (1) Le paragraphe 56.1(1) de la même 15 loi est remplacé par ce qui suit :
56.1 (1) Pour l'application de l'alinéa $56(1) b)$ et du paragraphe 118(5), dans le cas où une ordonnance ou un accord, ou une modification s'y rapportant, prevoit le paiement d'un20 montant à un contribuable ou à son profit, à des enfants confiés à sa garde ou à la fois au contribuable et à ces enfants, le montant ou une partie de celui-ci est réputé :
a) une fois payable, etre payable au contri- 25 buable et à recevoir par lui;
b) une fois paye, avoir été paye au contribuable et reçu par lui.
(2) Le' passage du paragraphe 56.1 (2) de la même loi précédant la formule est 30 remplacé par ce qui suit :
(2) Pour l'application de l'article 56, du Entente présent article et du paragraphe 118(5), le résultat du calcul suivant :
(3) L'élément A de la formule figurant au 35 paragraphe 56.1(2) de la même loi est remplacé par ce qui suit :
A représente le total des montants représentant chacun un montant (sauf celui qui constitue par ailleurs une pension alimentaire) 40 qui est devenu payable par une personne au cours d'une annee d'imposition, aux termes de l'ordonnance d'un tribunal compétent ou d'un accord écrit, au titre d'une dépense (sauf la dépense relative à un établissement 45
which the person resides or an expenditure for the acquisition of tangible property that is not an expenditure on account of a medical or education expense or in respect of the acquisition, improvement or maintenance of a self-contained domestic establishment in which the taxpayer described in paragraph (a) or (b) resides) incurred in the year or the preceding taxation year for the maintenance of a taxpayer, children in the tax- 10 payer's custody or both the taxpayer and those children, where the taxpayer is
(a) the person's spouse or former spouse, or
(b) where the amount became payable 15 under an order made by a competent tribunal in accordance with the laws of a province, an individual who is the parent of a child of whom the person is a natural parent,
and
(4) The portion of subsection $56.1(2)$ of the Act after the description of B is replaced by the following:
is, where the order or written agreement, as the 25 case may be, provides that this subsection and subsection $60: 1(2)$ shall apply to any amount paid or payable thereunder, deemed to be an amount payable to and receivable by the taxpayer as an allowance on a periodic basis, and 30 the taxpayer is deemed to have discretion as to the use of that amount.
(5) Subsection 56.1(3) of the Act is replaced by the following:
(3) For the purposes of this section and 35 section 56 , where a written agreement or order of a competent tribunal made at any time in a taxation year provides that an amount received before that time and in the year or the preceding taxation year is to be considered to 40 have been paid and received thereunder,
(a) the amount is deemed to have been received thereunder; and
(b) the agreement or order is deemed, except for the purpose of this subsection, to 45
domestique autonome que la personne habite ou une dépense pour l'acquisition de biens corporels qui n'est pas une dépense au titre de frais médicaux ou d'études ni une dépense en vue de l'acquisition, de l'amélioration ou de l'entretien d'un établissement domestique autonome que le contribuable visé aux alinéas $a$ ) ou b) habite) engagée au cours de l'année ou de l'année d'imposition précédente pour subvenir aux 10 besoins d'un contribuable, d'enfants confiés à sa garde ou à la fois du contribuable et de ces enfants, dans le cas où le contribuable est :
a) le conjoint ou l'ancien conjoint de la 15 personne,
b) si le montant est devenu payable en vertu de l'ordonnance d'un tribunal compétent rendue en conformité avec les lois d'une province, un particulier qui est le 20 père ou la mère d'un enfant dont la personne est le père naturel ou la mèrenaturelle;
(4) Le passage du paragraphe $56.1(2)$ de la même loi suivant l'élément $B$ est rempla- 25 cé par ce qui sult :
est réputé, lorsque l'ordonnance ou l'accord écrit prévoit que le présent paragraphe et le paragraphe $60.1(2)$ s'appliquent à un montant payé ou payable à leur titre, être un montant 30 payable au contribuable et à recevoir par lui à titre d'allocation périodique, qu'il peut utiliser à sa discrétion. *
(5) Le paragraphe 56.1(3) de la même est remplacé par ce qui suit :
(3) Pour l'application du présent article et de l'article 56, lorsqu'un accord écrit ou

Paiements antérieurs
have been made on the day on which the first such amount was received, except that, where the agreement or order is made after April 1997 and varies a child support amount payable to the recipient from the last such amount received by the recipient before May 1997, each varied amount of child support received under the agreement or order is deemed to have been receivable under an agreement or order the com- 10 mencement day of which is the day on which the first payment of the varied amount is required to be made.
(6) Section 56.1 of the Act is amended by adding the following after subsection (3):
(4) The definitions in this subsection apply in this section and section 56.
"ctild "child support amount" means any support support omount" *pension allmentaire pour erfants:
"commencement day" - date execulion*
amount that is not identified in the agreement or order under which it is receivable as 20 being solely for the support of a recipient who is a spouse or former spouse of the payer or who is a parent of a child of whom the payer is a natural parent.
"commencement day" at any time of an 25 agreement or order means
(a) where the agreement or order is made after April 1997, the day it is made; and
(b) where the agreement or order is made before May 1997, the day, if any, that is 30 after April 1997 and is the earliest of
(i) the day specified as the commencement day of the agreement or order by the payer and recipient under the agreement or order in a joint election 35 filed with the Minister in prescribed form and manner,
(ii) where the agreement or order is varied after April 1997 to change the child support amounts payable to the 40 recipient, the day on which the first payment of the varied amount is required to be made,
b) l'accord ou l'ordonnance est réputé, sauf pour l'application du present paragraphe, avoir été établi le jour où un tel montant est reçu pour la première fois. Toutefois, lorsque l'accord ou l'ordonnance est établi après avril 1997 et modifie un montant de pension alimentaire pour enfants payable au bénéficiaire par rapport au dernier semblable montant qu'il a reçu avant mai 1997, chaque montant modifié de pension 10 alimentaire pour enfants reçu aux termes de l'accord ou de l'ordonnance est réputé avoir été à recevoir aux termes d'un accord ou d'une ordonnance dont la date d'exécution correspond au jour où le montant modifié 15 est à verser pour la première fois.
(6) L'article 56.1 de la même loi est 15 modifié par adjonction, après le paragraphe (3), de ce qui suit :
(4) Les définitions qui suivent s'appliquent 20 Définitions au présent article et à l'article 56.
«date d'exécution» Quant à un accord ou une ordonnance:
a) si l'accord ou l'ordonnance est établi *date
d'cxecution $"$
"commence-
ment day" après avril 1997, la date de son établisse- 25 ment;
b) si l'accord ou l'ordonnance est établi avant mai 1997, le premier en date des jours suivants, postérieur à avril 1997:
(i) Ie jour précisé par le payeur et le 30 bénéficiaire aux termes de l'accord ou de l'ordonnance dans un choix conjoint présenté au ministre sur le formulaire et selon les modalités prescrits,
(ii) si l'accord ou l'ordonnance fait l'objet d'une modification après avril 1997 touchant le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants qui est payable au bénéficiaire, le jour où le 40 montant modifié est à verser pour la première fois,
(iii) si un accord ou une ordonnance subséquent est établi après avril 1997 et a pour effet de changer le total des 45 montants de pension alimentaire pour
(iii) where a subsequent agreement or order is made after April 1997, the effect of which is to change the total child support amounts payable to the recipient by the payer, the commencement day of the first such subsequent agreement or order, and
(iv) the day specified in the agreement or order, or any variation thereof, as the commencement day of the agree- 10 ment or order for the purposes of this Act.
"support amount" means an amount payable or receivable as an allowance on a periodic basis for the maintenance of the recipient, 15 children of the recipient or both the recipient and children of the recipient, if the recipient has discretion as to the use of the amount, and
(a) the recipient is the spouse or former 20 spouse of the payer, the recipient and payer are living separate and apart because of the breakdown of their marriage and the amount is receivable under an order of a competent tribunal or under a 25 written agreement; or
(b) the payer is a natural parent of a child of the recipient and the amount is receivable under an order made by a competent tribunal in accordance with the laws of a 30 province.
(7) Subsections (1) to (5) apply to amounts received after 1996.
(8) Subsection (6) applies after 1996, except that a support amount, as defined in 35 subsection 56.1(4) of the Act, as enacted by subsection (6), does not include an amount that if paid and received would, but for this Act, not be included in computing the income of the recipient of the amount.
enfants qui sont payables au bénéficiaire par le payeur, la date d`exécution du premier semblable accord ou de la première semblable ordonnance,
(iv) le jour précisé dans l'accord ou 5 l'ordonnance, ou dans toute modification s'y rapportant, pour l'application de la présente loi.
« pension alimentaire» Montant payable ou à recevoir à titre d'allocation périodique pour 10 subvenir aux besoins du bénéficiaire, d'enfants de celui-ci ou à la fois du bénéficiaire et de ces enfants, si le bénéficiaire peut utiliser le montant à sa discrétion et, selon le cas :

* pension alimentaire» "support amolnt"
a) le bénéficiaire est le conjoint ou l'ancien conjoint du payeur et vit séparé de celui-ci pour cause d'échec de leur mariage et le montant est à recevoir aux termes de l'ordonnance d'un tribunal20 compétent ou d'un accord écrit;
b) le payeur est le père naturel ou la mère naturelle d'un enfant du bénéficiaire et le montant est à recevoir aux termes de l'ordonnance d'un tribunal compétent 25 rendue en conformité avec les lois d'une province.
« pension alimentaire pour enfants» Pension alimentaire qui, d'après l'accord ou l'ordonnance aux termes duquel elle est à rece- 30 voir, n'est pas destinée uniquement à subvenir aux besoins d'un bénéficiaire qui est soit

[^15] le conjoint ou l'ancien conjoint du payeur, soit le père ou la mère d'un enfant dont le payeur est le père naturel ou la mère natu-35 relle.
(7) Les paragraphes (1) à (5) s'appliquent aux montants reçus après 1996.
(8) Le paragraphe (6) s'applique à compter de 1997. Toutefois, est exclu de la 40 pension alimentaire, au sens du paragraphe 56.1(4) de la même loi, édicté par le paragraphe (6), le montant qui, s'il était payé et reçu, ne serait pas inclus, si ce 40 n'était la présente loi, dans le calcul du 45 revenu du bénéficiaire.
10. (1) Les alinéas 60b) et $c$ ) de la même loi sont remplacés par ce qui suit :
(b) the total of all amounts each of which is an amount determined by the formula
$$
A-(B+C)
$$
where
A is the total of all amounts each of which is a support amount paid after. 1996 and before the end of the year by the taxpayer to a particular person, where the taxpayer and the particular person were living separate and apart at the 10 time the amount was paid,
$B$ is the total of all amounts each of which is a child support amount that became payable by the taxpayer to the particular person under an agreement or order on 15 or after its commencement day and before the end of the year in respect of a period that began after its commencement day; and
C is the total of all amounts each of which 20 is a support amount paid by the taxpayer to the particular person after 1.996 and deductible in computing the taxpayer's income for a preceding taxation year;
(2) Subsection (1) applies to amounts 25 received after 1996.
11. (1) Subsection $60.1(1)$ of the Act is replaced by the following:
60.1 (1) For the purposes of paragraph 60(b) and subsection 118(5), where an order or 30 agreement, or any variation thereof, provides for the payment of an amount by a taxpayer to a person or for the benefit of the person, children in the person's custody or both the person and those children, the amount or any 35 part thereof
(a) when payable, is deemed to be payable to and receivable by that person; and
(b) when paid, is deemed to have been paid to and received by that person.

40
b) le total des montants représentant chacun le résultat du calcul suivant :

$$
A-(B+C)
$$

où :
A représente le total des montants repré- 5 sentant chacun une pension alimentaire que le contribuable a payée après 1996 et avant la fin de l'année à une personne donnée dont il vivait séparé au moment du paiement,
B le total des montants représentant chacun une pension alimentaire pour enfants qui est devenue payable par le contribuable à la personne donnée aux termes d'un accord ou d'une ordonnan-15 ce à la date d'exécution ou postérieurement et avant la fin de l'année relativement à une période ayant commencé après cette date,
C le total des montants représentant cha- 20 cun une pension alimentaire que le contribuable a payée à la personne dónnée après 1996 et qui est déductible dans le calcul de son revenu pour une année d'imposition antérieure; 25
(2) Le paragraphe (1) s'applique aux montants reçus après 1996.
11. (1) Le paragraphe 60.1(1) de la même loi est remplacé par ce qui suit :
60.1 (1) Pour l'ápplication de l'alinéa 60b) 30 et du paragraphe 118(5), dans le cas où une

Pension alimentaire

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$\qquad$



$\qquad$ 15
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$\qquad$


(2) The portion of subsection 60.1 (2) of the Act before the formula is replaced by the following:
ordonnance ourun accord, ou une modification s'y rapportant, prévoit le paiement d'un montant par un contribuable à une personne ou à son profit, à des enfants confiés à sa garde 35 ou à la fois à la personne et à ces enfants, le montant ou une partie de celui-ci est réputé :
a) une fois payable, être payable à la personne et à recevoir par elle;
b) une fois payé, avoir été payé à la40 personne et reçu par elle.
(2) Le passage du paragraphe $60.1(2)$ de la même loi précédant la formule est remplacé par ce qui suit :
(2) For the purposes of section 60 , this section and subsection $118(5)$, the amount determined by the formula
(3) The description of $A$ in subsection $\mathbf{6 0 . 1}(2)$ of the Act is replaced by the following:
A is the total of all amounts each of which is an amount (other than an amount that is otherwise a support amount) that became payable by a taxpayer in a taxation year, un- 10 der an order of a competent tribunal or under a written agreement, in respect of an expense (other than an expenditure in respect of a self-contained domestic establishment in which the taxpayer resides or an expendi- 1 ture for the acquisition of tangible property that is not an expenditure on account of a medical or education expense or in respect of the acquisition, improvement or maintenance of a self-contained domestic estab- 20 lishment in which the person described in paragraph ( $a$ ) or ( $b$ ) resides) incurred in the year or the preceding taxation year for the maintenance of a person, children in the person's custody or both the person and 25 those children, where the person is
(a) the taxpayer's spouse or former spouse, or
' $(b)$ where the amount became payable under an order made by a competent 30 tribunal in accordance with the laws of a province, an individual who is a parent of a child of whom the taxpayer is a natural parent,
and .
(4) The portion of subsection $60.1(2)$ of the Act after the description of $B$ is replaced by the following:
is, where the order or written agreement, as the case may be, provides that this subsection and 40 subsection $56.1(2)$ shall apply to any amount paid or payable thereunder, deemed to be an amount payable by the taxpayer to that person and receivable by that person as an allowance on a periodic basis, and that person is deemed 45 to have discretion as to the use of that amount.
(5) Subsection 60.1(3) of the Act is replaced by the following:
(2) Pour l'application de l'article 60, du Entente présent article et du paragraphe 118(5), le résultat du calcul suivant :
(3) L'élément A de la formule figurant au 5 paragraphe 60.1(2) de la même loi est 5 remplacé par ce qui suit :
A représente le total des montants représentant chacun un montant (sauf celui qui constitue par ailleurs une pension alimentaire) qui est devenu payable par un contribuable 10 au cours d'une année d'imposition, aux termes de l'ordonnance d'un tribunal compétent ou d'un accord écrit, au titre d'une dépense (sauf la dépense relative à un établissement domestique autonome que le contri-15 buable habite ou une dépense pour l'acquisition de biens corporels qui n'est pas une dépense au titre de frais médicaux ou d'études ni une dépense en vue de l'acquisition, de l'amélioration ou de l'entretien d'un éta-20 blissement domestique autonome que la personne visée aux alinéas $a$ ) ou $b$ ) habite) engagée au cours de l'année ou de l'année d'imposition précédente pour subvenir aux besoins d'une personne, d'enfants confiés à 25 sa garde ou à la fois de la personne et de ces enfants, dans le cas où la personne est :
a) le conjoint ou l'ancien conjoint du contribuable,
b) si le montant est devenu payable en 30 vertu de l'ordonnance d'un tribunal compétent rendue en conformité avec les lois d'une province, un particulier qui est le père ou la mère d'un enfant dont le contribuable est le père naturel ou la35 mère naturelle;
(4) Le passage du paragraphe 60.1(2) de la même loi suivant l'élément $B$ est remplacé par ce qui suit :
est réputé, lorsque l'ordonnance ou l'accord40 écrit prêvoit que le présent paragraphe et le paragraphe $56.1(2)$ s'appliquent à un montant payé ou payable à leur titre, être un montant payable par le contribuable à cette personne et à recevoir par celle-ci à titre d'allocation pé-45 5 riodique, que cette personne peut utiliser à sa discrétion.
(5) Le paragraphe 60.1(3) de la même est remplacé par ce qui suit :

Prior payments

Definitions
(3) For the purposes of this section and section 60, where a written agreement or order of a competent tribunal made at any time in a taxation year provides that an amount paid before that time and in the year or the preceding taxation year is to be considered to have been paid and received thereunder,
(a) the amount is deemed to have been paid thereunder; and
(b) the agreement or order is deemed, 10 except for the purpose of this subsection, to have been made on the day on which the first such amount was paid, except that, where the agreement or order is made after April 1997 and varies a child support 15 amount payable to the recipient from the last such amount paid to the recipient before May. 1997, each varied amount of child support paid under the agreement or order is deemed to have been payable under an 20 agreement or order the commencement day of which is the day on which the first payment of the varied amount is required to be made.
(3) Pour l'application du présent article et de l'article 60, lorsqu'un accord écrit ou l'ordonnance d'un tribunal compétent, établi à un moment d'une année d'imposition, 5 prévoit qu'uṇ montant payé avant ce moment 5 et au cours de l'année ou de l'année d'imposition précédente est considéré comme payé et reçu au titre de l'accord ou de l'ordonnance, les présomptions suivantes s'appliquent:
a) le montant est réputé avoir été payé au 10 titre de l'accord ou de l'ordonnance;
b) l'accord ou l'ordonnance est réputé, sauf pour l'application du présent paragraphe, avoir été établi le jour où un tel montant est payé pour la première fois. Toutefois, 15 lorsque l'accord ou l'ordonnance est établi après avril 1997 et modifie un montant de pension alimentaire pour enfants payable au bénéficiaire par rapport au dernier semblable montant qui lui a été payé avant20 mai 1997, chaque montant modifié de pension alimentaire pour enfants payé aux termes de l'accord ou de l'ordonnance est réputé avoir été payable aux termes d'un accord ou d'une ordonnance dont la date 25 d'execution correspond au jour où le montant modifié est à verser pour la première fois.
(6) Section 60.1 of the Act is amended by 25 adding the following after subsection (3):
(4) The definitions in subsection 56.1(4) apply in this section and section 60 .
(7) Subsections (1) to (5) apply to amounts paid after 1996.
(8) Subsection (6) applies after 1996.
12. (1) Paragraph $63(1)(f)$ of the Act is replaced by the following:
(f) the total of all amounts each of which is an amount that is deducted, in respect of the 35 taxpayer's eligible children for the year, under this section in computing the income for the year of an individual (other than the taxpayer) to whom subsection (2) applies for the year.
(6) Larticle 60.1 de la même lol est modifié par adjonction, après le paragra-30 phe (3), de ce qui suit :
(4) Lés définitions figurant au paragraphe Definitions 56.1(4) s'appliquent au présent article et à l'article 60.
(7) Les paragraphes (1) à (5) s'appliquent 35 30. aux montants payés après 1996.
(8) Le paragraphe (6) s'applique à compter de 1997.
12. (1) L'alinéa 63(1)f) de la même loi est remplacé par ce qui suit :
$f$ ) le total des montants représentant chacun un montant déduit en vertu du présent article, à l'égard des enfants admissibles du contribuable pour l'année, dans le calcul du revenu pour l'année d'un particulier, autre 45 que le contribuable, à qui le paragraphe (2) s'applique pour l'année.

Paiements
antérieurs

Expenses while at school
(2) Subparagraph $63(2)(b)($ iii ) of the Act is replaced by the following:
(iii) a student in attendance at a designated educational institution (as defined in subsection $118.6(1)$ ) or a secondary school and enrolled in a program of the institution or school of not less than 3 consecutive weeks duration that provides that each student in the program spend not less than 10 hours per week on 10 courses or work in the program,
(3) Section 63 of the Act is amended by adding the following after subsection (2.1):
(2) Le sous-alinéa $63(2) b$ )(iii) de la même loi est remplacé par ce qui suit :
(iii) un étudiant qui fréquente un établissement d'enseignement agréé au sens du paragraphe 118.6(I) ou une école secon- 5 daire et $y$ est inscrit à un programme d'une duree d'au moins trois semaines consécutives, aux cours ou aux travaux duquel chaque étudiant doit consacrer au moins dix heures par semaine, selon ce 10 que prévoit le programme,
(3) L'article 63 de la même loi est modifié par adjonction, après le paragraphe (2.1), de ce qui suit :
(2.2) Un montant ne dépassant pas le 15 Dépenses 5 montant déterminé selon le paragraphe (2.3) est déductible dans le calcul du revenu d'un contribuable pour une annee d'imposition si les conditions suivantes sont réunies:
a) le contribuable est, au cours de l'année, 20 un étudiaṇt qui fréquente un établissement d'enseignement agré au sens du paragraphe 118.6(1) ou une école secondaire et y est inscrit à un programme d'une duree d'au moins trois semaines consécutives, aux 25 cours ou aux travaux duquel chaque étudiant doit consacrer au moins dix heures par semaine, selon ce que prévoit le programme;
b) il n'existe pas de personne assumant les 30 frais d'entretien d'un enfant admissible du contribuable pour l'année ou le revenu du contribuable pour l'année dépasse celui de la persọnne assumant les frais d'entretien de l'enfant pour l'année, à supposer que les 35 deux revenus sont calcules compte non tenu du présent article et des alinéas 601.1 ) et $w$ );
c) le formulaire prescrit contenant les renseignements prescrits accompagne la déclaration de revenu du contribuable pour 40 l'année, à l'exclusion de celle produite ou déposée en application des paragraphes 70(2) ou 104(23), de l'alinéa 128(2)e) ou du paragraphe 150 (4).
(2.3) Pour l'application du paragraphe 45 Montant (2.2), le montant déterminé quant à un contribuable pour une année d'imposition correspond au moins élevé des montants suivants:
(a) the amount by which the total of all amounts, each of which is an amount paid as or on account of child care expenses incurred for services rendered in the year in respect of an eligible child of the taxpayer, exceeds the amount that is deductible under subsection (1) in computing the taxpayer's income for the year,
(b) $2 / 3$ of the taxpayer's income for the year computed without reference to this section 10 and paragraphs $60(v .1)$ and ( $w$ ),
(c) the amount determined by the formula

$$
(A+B) \times C
$$

where
A is the product obtained when $\$ 150$ is 15 multiplied by the number of eligible children of the taxpayer for the year each of whom is

$$
\text { (i) under } 7 \text { years of age at the end of the }
$$ year, or

(ii) a person in respect of whom an amount may be deducted under section 118.3 in computing a taxpayer's tax payable under this Part for the year,
$B$ is the product obtained when $\$ 90$ is 25 multiplied by the number of the taxpayer's eligible children for the year (other than those referred to in the description of $A$ ), and
$C$ is
(i) where there is a supporting person of an eligible child of the taxpayer for the year, the number of weeks, in the year, in which both the taxpayer and the supporting person were students 35 described in paragraph (2.2)(a), and
(ii) in any other case, the number of weeks, in the year, in which the taxpayer was a student described in paragraph (2.2)(a),
(d) the amount by which the total calculated under subparagraph (1)(e)(ii) in respect of eligible children of the taxpayer for the year exceeds the amount that is deductible under subsection (1) in computing the taxpayer's 45 income for the year, and
a) l'excédent du total des montants représentant chacun un montant payé au titre des frais de garde d'enfants engagés pour des services rendus au cours de l'année à l'égard d'un enfant admissible du contri- 5 buable sur le montant qui est déductible en application du paragraphe (1) dans le calcul du revenu du contribuable pour l'année;
b) les deux tiers du revenu du contribuable pour l'année calculé compte non tenu du 10 présent article et des alinéas $60 v .1$ ) et $w$ );
c) le résultat du calcul suivant :

$$
(A+B) \times C
$$

où :
A représente le produit de la multiplica- 15 tion de $150 \$$ par le nombre d'enfants admissibles du contribuable pour l'année dont chacun est :
(i) soit âgé de moins de sept ans à la fin de l'année,
(ii) soit une personne à l'égard de laquelle un montant peut être déduit en application de l'article 118.3 dans le calcul de l'impôt payable par un contribuable pour l'année en vertu de 25 la présente partie,
B le produit de la multiplication de $90 \$$ par le nombre d'enfants admissibles du contribuable pour l'année (autres que ceux visés à l'élément A),
$C$ :
(i) s'il existe une personne assumant les frais d'entretien d'un enfant admissible du contribuable pour l'annee, le nombre de semaines de l'anné au 35 cours desquelles le contribuable et cette personne étaient des étudiants visés à l'alinéa (2.2)a),
(ii) sinon, le nombre de semaines de l'année au cours desquelles le contri-40 buable était un étudiant visé à l'alinéa (2.2)a);
d) l'excédent du total calculé selon le sous-alinéa (l)e)(ii) à l'égard d'enfants admissibles du contribuable pour l'année 45 sur le montant qui est déductible en applica-
(e) where there is a supporting person of an eligible child of the taxpayer for the year, the amount by which the amount calculated under paragraph (2)(b) for the year in respect of the taxpayer exceeds $2 / 3$ of the taxpayer's earned income for the year.
(4) Paragraph (a) of the definition "child care expense" in subsection 63(3) of the Act is amended by striking out the word "or" at the end of subparagraph (iii), by replacing the word "and" at the end of subparagraph (iv) with the word "or". and by adding the following after subparagraph (iv):
(v) to attend a designated educational institution (as defined in subsection 15 118.6(1)) or a secondary school, where the taxpayer is enrolled in a program of the institution or school of not less than 3 consecutive weeks duration that provides that each student in the 20 program spend not less than 10 hours per week on courses or work in the program, and
(5) Paragraph (c) of the definition "eligible child" in subsection 63(3) of the Act is 25 replaced by the following:
(c) is under 16 years of age, or
(6) The portion of the definition "supporting person" in subsection $63(3)$ of the Act before paragraph (a) is replaced by the 30 following:
"supporting person" of an eligible child of a taxpayer for a taxation year means a person, other than the taxpayer, who is
tion du paragraphe (1) dans le calcul de son revenu pour l'année;
e) s'il existe une personne assumant les frais d'entretien d'un enfant admissible du contribuable pour l'année, l'excédent du montant calculé selon l'alinéa (2)b) pour l'année à l'égard du contribuable sur les deux tiers de son revenu gagné pour l'année.
(4) L'alinéa a) de la définition de «frais 10 de garde d'enfants», au paragraphe 63(3) de la même loi, est modifiée par adjonction, après le sous-alinéa (iv), de ce qui suit :
(v) fréquenter un établissement d'enseignement agrée au sens du paragra- 15 phe 118.6 (1) ou une école secondaire où il est inscrit à un programme d'une durée d'au moins trois semaines consécutives, aux cours ou aux travaux duquel chaque étudiant doit consacrer 20 au moins dix heures par semaine, selon ce que prévoit le programme;
(5) La définition de « enfant admissible », au paragraphe $63(3)$ de la même loi, est remplacée par ce qui suit :
«enfant admissible» Quant à une année d'imposition, enfant d'un contribuable ou du conjoint de celui-ci ou enfant à la charge
« enfant admissible . "eligible child" d'un contribuable ou de ce conjoint et dont le revenu pour l'année ne dépasse pas le 30 montant applicable pour l'année selon l'alinéa $118(1) c)$, si, à un moment quelconque de l'année, l'enfant est soit âgé de moins de 16 ans, soit à la charge du contribuable ou du conjoint de celui-ci et a une infirmité 35 mentale ou physique.
(6) Le passage de la définition de «personne assumant les frais d'entretien », au paragraphe 63(3) de la même loi, précédant l'alinéa a) est remplacé par ce qui suit : 40
«personne assumant les frais d'entretien» Quant à l'enfant admissible d'un contribuable pour une année d'imposition, personne, autre que le contribuable, qui cst, selon le
"personne assumant les frais: d'entretien $"$ "supporins preswn"
(7) Subsections (1) to (5) apply to the 1996 and subsequent taxation years.
(8) Subsection (6) applies to the 1983 and subsequent taxation years.
13. (1) Subsections 66(10) to (10.3) of the Act are repealed.
(2) The portion of subsection $66(12.6)$ of the Act before paragraph (c) is replaced by the following:

Canadian exploration expenses to flow-through shareholder
(12.6) Where a person gave consideration under an agreement to a corporation for the issue of a flow-through share of the corporation and, in the period that begins on the day the agreement was made and ends 24 months after the end of the month that includes that day, the corporation incurred Canadian exploration expenses, the corporation may, after it complies with subsection (12.68) in respect of the share and before March of the first calendar year that begins after the period, renounce, effective on the day on which the renunciation is made or on an earlier day set out in the form prescribed for the purposes of subsection (12.7), to the person in respect of the share the amount, if any, by which the part of those expenses that was incurred on or before the effective date of the renunciation (which part is in this subsection referred to as the "specified expenses") exceeds the total of
(a) the assistance that the corporation has received, is entitled to receive or can reasonably be expected to receive at any time, and that can reasonably be related to the specified expenses or to Canadian exploration activities to which the specified expenses relate (other than assistance that can reasonably be related to expenses referred to in paragraph (b) or (b.1)),
(b) all specified expenses that are prescribed Canadian exploration and development overhead expenses of the corporation,
(3) Subsection 66(12.6) of the Act is amended by adding the following after paragraph (b):
(b.1) all specified expenses each of which is a cost of, or for the use of, seismic data
(7) Les paragraphes (1) à (5) s'appliquent aux années d'imposition 1996 et suivantes.
(8) Le paragraphe (6) s'applique aux années d'imposition 1983 et suivantes.
13. (1) Les paragraphes 66(10) à (10.3) de la même loi sont abrogés.
(2) Le passage du paragraphe $66(12.6)$ de la même loi précédant l'alinéa $c$ ) est remplacé par ce qui suit :
(12.6) Lorsque, conformément à une convention, une personne paie une action accréditive à la société qui l'émet en sa faveur et que la société engage des frais d'exploration au Canada au cours de la période commençant à la date de conclusion de la convention et sé terminant 24 mois' après la fin du mois qui comprend cette date, la société peut, en ce qui concerne cette action, après s'être conformée au paragraphe ( 12.68 ), renoncer en faveur de cette personne, avant mars de la première année civile commençant après cette période, à l'excédent éventuel de la partie de ces frais (appelée «frais déterminés» au présent paragraphe) qui a été engagée au plus tard à la date où la renonciation preind effet -a a savoir le jour où la renonciation est faite ou, s'il est antérieur, le jour de prise d'effet précisé dans le formulaire requis par le paragraphe (12.7) -, sur le total des montants suivants :
a) tout montant à titre d'aide que la société a reçu, est en droit de recevoir ou peut raisonnablement s'attendre à recevoir à un moment donné et qu'il est raisonnable de rattacher aux frais déterminés ou à des activités d'exploration au Canada s'y rapportant, à l'exclusion des montants à titre d'aide qu'il est raisonnable de rattacher aux frais visés aux alinéas $b$ ) ou $b .1$ );
b) ceux des frais déterminés qui constituent des frais généraux d'exploration et d'aménagement au Canada de la société visés par règlement;
(3) Le paragraphe 66(12.6) de la même loi est modifié par adjonction, après I'alinéa $b$ ), de ce qui suit :
b.1) ceux des frais déterminés qui représentent le coût ou le coût d'utilisation de données sismiques, selon le cas :

Renonciation
à des frais d'exploration en faveur de lactionnaire

## June 1997

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual Special or Extraordinary Expenses 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

Special or Extraordinary Expenses<br>By Judy N. Boyes, B.A., LL.B.

Section 3 of the Federal Child Support Guidelines sets out the formula for determination of the amount of child support payable where the income of the paying spouse is not more than $\$ 150,000.00$ annually. Special or extraordinary expenses, better defined by section 7 of the Guidelines, may be added on to the base amount.

Where the support payor's annual income is over $\$ 150,000.00$, section 4 dictates the formula which may be applied. Again, any amounts determined under section 7 of the Guidelines may be added on.

Section 7 of the Guidelines allows the Court to order that an additional amount of child support be paid to cover all or a portion of special or extraordinary expenses for a child. This authority to make an order for extraordinary expenses is discretionary, unlike the requirement to provide for an order for basic child support using the presumptive amounts set out in the Schedule I tables.

Subsection 7(1) lists six areas of special or extraordinary expenses for which the Court may order that an additional amount be paid. These are as follows:
(a) child care expenses incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment;
(b) that portion of the medical and dental insurance premiums attributable to the child;
(c) health-related expenses that exceed insurance reimbursement by at least $\$ 100$ annually per illness or event, including orthodontic treatment, professional counseling provided by a psychologist, social worker, psychiatrist or any other person, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and prescription drugs, hearing aids, glasses and contact lenses;
(d) extraordinary expenses for primary or secondary school education or for any education programs that meet the child's particular needs;
(e) expenses for post-secondary education; and
(f) extraordinary expenses for extracurricular activities.

Counsel will note there is no specific definition of "extraordinary" in the Guidelines. Webster's New World Dictionary defines "extraordinary" as follows:

1. not according to the usual custom or regular plan;
2. going far beyond the ordinary degree, measure, limit, etc., very unusual; exceptional; remarkable.

Also note that there is no general "catch all" provision one may use to expand on those expenses already listed in the section.

Because it is in the Court's discretion to order an additional amount for special or extraordinary expenses, counsel should be detailed and thorough in the facts and information provided to the Court in support of such an application. One may want to make specific reference to those factors that the Court is directed to consider in subsection 7(1) and the relevance of those factors to the application at hand. Those factors include the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests, the reasonableness of the expense having regard to the needs of the spouses and those of the child, and the family's spending pattern prior to the separation.

Subsection 7(2) goes further to provide a "guiding principle" to the Court to determine the amount of an expense to be paid. The principle is that the special or extraordinary expense is to be shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes, after deducting any contribution from the child. The Court is also directed to take into account any subsidies, benefits or income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense, available to both spouses, by subsection 7(3). Note that the spouse claiming the additional expense, will be required, by virtue of the method of dividing responsibility for the expense, to disclose his or her income.

A practical reason exists for counsel to include detailed information and evidence to support an application made pursuant to section 7, as section 13 of the Guidelines specifies that a child support order must include, on its face:
"(e) the particulars of any expense described in subsection 7(1), the child to whom the expense relates, and the amount of the expense or, where that amount cannot be determined, the proportion to be paid in relation to the expense;"

This section conforms with one of the general intentions of the Guidelines. The resulting child support orders should be justified by the facts of the case, allowing for reasons of the Court to be stated in the order. This will hopefully create consistency in court orders, enabling counsel to provide advice to their clients as to the likely outcome of an application to Court and therefore consider and discuss settlement options. There is a second and perhaps a more compelling reason to include detailed information in a section 7 application. It is anticipated that, whereas the amount of basic child support payable under section 3, and using the applicable table, is presumptive, the Court will take a cautious approach in exercising its discretion to determine an amount, if any, payable for special or extraordinary expenses. This cautious approach may be taken by the Court because, while there is no "catch all" provision referring just to extraordinary expenses, on the other hand there is a specific list of expenses to be considered by the Court. If an additional amount of child support is to be awarded, the Court will be guided by these listed
expenses only, when exercising its discretion. Counsel will therefore want to provide detailed facts and information to convince the Court that a particular expense fits within one of the subsection 7(1) categories and to meet the factors that the Court is directed to consider in subsection 7(1), including why the child would benefit from the payment of this expense, the ability of the spouses to pay for this expense, the history of the family's spending and any documents in support of these factors. Only then may the Court be persuaded that the case before it is one which justifies the granting of such an Order.

No doubt a considerable body of case law will develop on the coming into force of these Guidelines following May 1, 1997, to better define the expenses listed in section 7. One potential area for differing interpretation is subsection $7(\mathrm{l})(\mathrm{f})$. This subsection refers to extraordinary expenses for extracurricular activities. Does this mean that arguably "regular" expenses for extracurricular activities are to be paid for using the amount of child support ordered in accordance with the applicable table in Schedule I? If a child plays soccer, is the cost of the soccer cleats and the league registration a regular expense for this extracurricular activity, while the cost of traveling to and attending a weekend soccer tournament in another city is an extraordinary expense for this extracurricular activity? Are all expenses relating to soccer considered to be extraordinary as relating to an extracurricular activity, outside of the required school curriculum?

At present, counsel may want to make reference to the Alberta Court of Appeal decision in Levesque v. Levesque (1994), 4 R.F.L. (4th) 375 and the following per curium comments of the Court at pages 388 and 389:

> Judgments about reasonableness of child-care expenditure arise first about "hard" costs. This term refers to the question about how much to spend for the child, rather than how to apportion what has been spent.

Many, if not all, decisions about expenditures on child-rearing, for all but the poorest families, offer a complex of similarly value-driven and culture-driven questions about what is in the best interests of the child.

Nor should judges, of course, apply their own personal values about the value of this expenditure or that on child-rearing in the cases before them. They should, instead, in the first instance, have regard to the standard of living for the child chosen by the parents when they lived together with the child.
...the lifestyle of the former family unit is a good first test of what is appropriate. But it is not the only test. The judge should also seek guidance from expenditure levels generally of parents in that income bracket.

## INCOMES OVER $\$ 150,000.00$

Section 4 reads as follows:
"4. Where the income of the spouse against whom a child support order is sought is over $\$ 150,000$, the amount of a child support order is
(a) the amount determined under section 3; or
(b) if the court considers that amount to be inappropriate,
(i) in respect of the first $\$ 150,000$ of the spouse's income, the amount set out in the applicable table for the number of children under the age of majority to whom the order relates;
(ii) in respect of the balance of the spouse's income, the amount that the court considers appropriate, having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children; and
(iii) the amount, if any, determined under section 7."

Section 7 support amounts are also specifically available for the Court's consideration where the income of a spouse exceeds $\$ 150,000.00$ annually.

Section 4 gives the Court the power to order an amount of child support simply by using section 3 , which incorporates directly a section 7 amount or, if the Court considers that amount to be inappropriate, an amount payable according to the applicable Schedule I table on the first $\$ 150,000.00$ of income, plus an amount based upon the percentages at the bottom of the table or an amount payable that the Court considers appropriate having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children and the financial abilities of the spouses and, finally, an amount, if any, determined under Section 7.

Orders made pursuant to subsection 4(b) where a Court considers that an amount of child support calculated only in accordance with section 3 is inappropriate, may result in an overlapping of claims. To avoid duplication of expenses claimed, it is suggested counsel first set out the amount calculated in accordance with subparagh 4(b)(i), the amount set out in the applicable table on the first $\$ 150,000.00$ of income, and then with subparagraph $4(\mathrm{~b})$ (iii) as the amount to be determined under section 7. This would then be consistent with the calculation of child support required by section 3 of the Guidelines. From there, counsel could bring forward evidence in support of an application for an amount pursuant to subparagraph 4(b)(ii), in respect of the balance of the spouse's income in excess of $\$ 150,000.00$. These applications in particular will require counsel
to provide thorough, detailed and complete information to the Court to justify an order for higher child support.

## INCOME INFORMATION

Sections 21 to 26 of the Guidelines set out the income information spouses must provide in an application before the Court. Subsection 21(3) specifically contemplates the disclosure of income information where a spouse is requesting an amount to cover special or extraordinary expenses referred to in subsection 7(1). Subsection 25(3) creates an ongoing obligation to disclose current information about the status of any special or extraordinary expenses provided for in a child support order.

## Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual

# Special or Extraordinary Expenses 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Special or Extraordinary Expenses 

By Jim M. Stoffman, Q.C.*

## INTRODUCTION

Some of the stated objectives of the child support guidelines are to "reduce conflict and tension between spouses by making the calculation of child support orders more objective" and "to improve the efficiency of the legal process by giving courts and spouses guidance in setting the levels of child support orders" and "to ensure consistent treatment of spouses and children who are in similar circumstances". ${ }^{1}$ A review of Section 7 of the Guidelines indicates that Section 7 may well be the ultimate testing ground of those objectives.

A number of the expense categories which now form part of Section 7 are, typically, items which, under past decisions and under statistical studies, have formed part of the day-to-day considerations in apportioning child support obligations. ${ }^{2}$ Among these are daycare expenses, schooling expenses and extra-curricular activities. As a result, Section 7, in apportioning these expenses over and above the child support itself, opens up a new area for both payor and recipient spouses.

> Section 7 (1) "In a child support order the court may, on either spouse's request, provide for an amount to cover the following expenses, or any portion to those expenses, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation. . ."

One of the concepts in the wording of "on either spouse's request" is that the non-custodial parent who is paying for children's expenses over and above the child support now is in a position to bring a court application asking that the custodial spouse contribute to expenses of a specific nature which fall under the six sub-categories in Section 7.

In interpreting the six sub-categories, ( $a$ to $f$ ), two criteria must be met and three factors can be distilled:

[^16]A) the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interest, and
B) the reasonableness of the expense
having regard to
i) means of the spouses;
ii) means of the child; and
iii) the family's spending pattern prior to separation.

The test is conjunctive: the expense must be a necessity as well as reasonable within the further defined parameters.
A) ". . the necessity of expenses in relation to child's best interests . ..."

A "necessity" is defined as "an indispensable thing"; "necessary" is defined as "requiring to be done . . . essential". ${ }^{3}$ Case law traditionally has examined the meaning of the "necessaries of life" in four areas: the liability of a husband to provide necessaries for his wife, bankruptcy, the obligations imposed under the Criminal Code and infant's contracts. Generally, "necessaries" in relation to an individual's needs are determined upon the subjective circumstances of the case and, particularly in the case of infants, can include not only items necessary for existence but also things "suitable to or proper for his station in life bearing in mind his requirements at the time."4 Expenses for recreation and education have long been held to be a necessary. ${ }^{5}$

Thus, arguably, anything that broadens a child's life experience/exposure, that develops any skill, aptitude, self-confidence, that readies him or her for independence, that would allow a child to develop any vocation or avocation could be seen as meeting the child's best interests. The first prong of this test arguably seems to be confined only to one's imagination. It is unrelated to the family and it is unrelated to spending. It only relates to the child.

This is particularly true where the family's income before separation was such that the expense was economically feasible though not absolutely necessary. It can be argued that requiring the child to do without the expense after separation is contrary to the child's best interests as it further disturbs the child's stability in his or her already unstable, post-separation world.

## B. ". . . the reasonableness of the expense. .."

Both the "necessity of the expense" and the "reasonableness" of the expense are qualified by a consideration of the means of the spouses and child as well as the spending pattern prior to marriage. The basic philosophy in considering child related cases is that everything possible will be done to ensure the best interests of the child. After determining the expense is a necessity, the courts will have to consider how to set the threshold in determining if the expense is "reasonable". In some circumstances, reasonableness of the expense will involve consideration of whether the special or extraordinary item can be undertaken in a less expensive or different

[^17]fashion. The applicant may have to provide evidence that the child's best interest cannot be met, for example, by group lessons vs. private instructors, provide evidence comparing the costs and/or provide evidence of the benefit of the expense to the child, etc.
i) ". . .means of the spouses. .."

The use of the words "means" in Section 7(1) contrasts with the use of the word "income" in Section 7(2) which sets out how the expense will be shared. The guidelines have now defined "income" as set out in Sections 15-20, however, the Divorce Act 1997 includes "means" only in the section dealing with variation of custody orders. "Means" is not defined in the guidelines. Will the courts continue to rely upon the previous definitions, where "means" has been interpreted as income and/or capital? ${ }^{6}$

The guidelines differentiate from, for example, the previous Subsection 15(5) factors (corollary relief) and Subsection 17(4) provisions (variation) which directed the court to take into account "the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child". The Act's previous Section $15(8)(b)$ outlined the objectives requiring a division of the expenses according to the spouse's ". . . relative abilities." While Section 14(b) of the Guidelines (variation where the child support was not determined in accordance with the tables) continues to direct the court to consider the "condition, means, needs or other circumstances of the spouse", Section 7 (b) is to consider the "means" of the parties in isolation from other factors.

## ii) ". . .means. . .of the child. . ."

The court will be asked to consider to what extent a child is obliged to contribute to the household income of the custodial spouse. There has been some case law where the child's independent means have been taken into account in considering the quantum of child support. ${ }^{7}$ Under Section 3 of the Guidelines, the means of the child are not a consideration at all if the child is a minor and are an alternative

[^18]consideration to the Guidelines if the child is over the age of majority, and in shared custody situations.

The court will have to determine the extent to which a child will be required to contribute to his/her own expenses. While the obligation has been imposed upon the child, the extent to which the child will be required to contribute has not been uniform. ${ }^{8}$ Further, traditionally the focus has been on actual expenses, rather than anticipated ones. ${ }^{9}$ There is, however, no requirement in Section 7 that the expense sought to be shared must be an expense currently incurred by one or the other spouse, leaving it open for a party to bring an application for any proposed or anticipated liability.

Also absent from Section 7 is a consideration of the child's "needs and circumstances". As a result, it is unclear to what extent the court will be permitted to set parameters for the sharing of an expense. For example, it can be anticipated that the court will be asked to give direction that a child must attend school full-time and complete his or her education expeditiously, thus reducing the length of time over which the parties must share the expense. The court may be asked to define "full-time" and, in doing so, one consideration may be the fact that many Registered Education Savings Plans, for the purposes of paying out the entitlement, recognize that a $60 \%$ course load is a full-time. The court may also be asked to direct that the student must apply for and provide evidence of all available scholarships, bursaries or student loans.

This section almost throws the child into the conflict between his short- and long term needs, his dependence and independence. In terms of the expense, it is not a question of which two people should bear the expense, i.e., the parents, but rather which three people, i.e., the parents and the child.

## iii) ". . .family spending pattern prior to separation. .."

One must query the regulation's mandate to only look at the family's spending pattern prior to separation instead of examining the spending pattern that may have occurred in the post-separation period. The phrasing does not appear to consider the comments of Sopinka J. in Willick v. Willick ${ }^{10}$ when he stated that "a significant increase in the means of the payor parent may require that the needs of

[^19]the child include benefits that were not available." The phrasing is particularly interesting in legislation which, by its very existence, creates a material change of circumstance permitting any payor or recipient to make an application.

An examination of the spending pattern prior to separation may well create an unintended restrictive and narrow ability for the courts to review the overall equities of the families. The utility of examining a family's pre-separation spending pattern may be limited when almost all modern legislation directs the parties to look through the windshield rather than through the rear-view mirror. One has to wonder where the benefit will be in having the parties provide reams of affidavit material, detailing the spending habit of the family fifteen years ago when little "Jessica" was three when it comes time to consider Jessica's attendance at university.

In examining the spending pattern prior to marriage, the court may be looking at a frugal pattern, directed towards savings, while the post-separation period has limited the ability to save, thus freeing up money for the expenses of the children. Perhaps an implied term of the phrase ". . spending habits prior to separation. . ." will be "where applicable or where appropriate". Even so, there is a question whether the court will be entitled to direct monies to the child's current expense which did not previously form part of the pre-separation history. In essence, the court may well be reinventing the family's spending pattern. Note that the court is not directed to consider post-separation spending patterns which may be drastically altered, so that an affordable expense prior to separation, is out of the question afterward.

## Specific expenses:

Section 7(1)(a) ". . .child care expenses incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment. . ."

Child care expenses are traditionally considered an expense of the custodial parent and one of the considerations in the quantum of child support. Under Section 7(1)(a), it is an expense over and above child support. It is noteworthy that the situation is geared for sharing of the child care expense that is the result of the custodial parent's situation, that is ". . .employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment. . . ". The regulation does not appear to contemplate a situation where the child is severely disabled or handicapped and, as a result, additional child care expenses are incurred. On a strict reading of the section, the custodial parent would appear to be precluded from making an application, for example, to share the cost of a respite worker unless it is specifically tied to the custodial parent's employment situation. The courts may be forced to interpret either Section 7(1)(a) or Section 7(1)(d) liberally in order to meet the child care expenses of special needs children.

The court will also be in the position of determining what sort of "child care" is appropriate in each case. The applications, no doubt, will run the gamut from sharing the cost of subsidized daycare to live-in nannies. ${ }^{11}$

## Section 7(1)(b) ". . .that portion of the medical and dental insurance premiums attributable to the child. . ."

The Guidelines, in Section 6, provide that, where medical or dental insurance coverage for the child is available to either spouse through his or her employer or otherwise at a reasonable rate, the court may order that the coverage be acquired or continued as part of the child support. This is a separate application from the court's ability, in Section 7(1)(b) to order that the parties share the cost of the premiums. It thus appears that at least two options unfold: a) the applicant has two different opportunities to have the expense or a portion thereof imposed upon the respondent; and b) having had an order imposed under Section 6, the respondent can seek to have the expense shared with the applicant. It is not clear if, after imposing an order under Section 6, if there must be a proportionate sharing under Section $7(1)(b)$ or if there must be a specific application.

The nature and extent of the medical and dental coverage necessary for the children will be a matter of judicial interpretation. There is, however, the potential argument and opportunity for one party to impose a "cadillac" plan on the other party in order to obtain optimum coverage.

Section 7(1)(c) ". . . health related expenses that exceed insurance reimbursement by at least $\$ 100$ annually per illness or event, including orthodontic treatment, professional counseling provided by a psychologist, social worker, psychiatrist or any other person, physiotherapy, occupation therapy, speech therapy and prescription drugs, hearing aids, glasses and contact lenses . . ."

An important question is whether the $\$ 100.00$ expense is "per child" or "per household". For example, if it is "per household" and there are four children with combined annual expenses of $\$ 390.00$, then the expense is not shareable. However, if it is "per child" and one of the children has an expense of $\$ 390.00$, then it is shareable. In one case, the custodial parent may be able to get a contribution and in the other, they can't.

There is no direction if prior consultation, agreement or court approval will be required or who will determine the appropriate treatment or expense. It is common, for example, for parents to disagree on which orthodontist should do the work, when the treatment should be done and if it should be undertaken at all.

The section also creates a disparity between applicants who can afford or are able to contribute to a health insurance plan and those who are not able to do so. The wording as it stands dictates a

[^20]sharing of health related expenses covered by insurance where the party can apply for reimbursement. It does not appear to cover health related expenses if the parties do not have a health insurance plan. Thus, the person who can't contribute to a health plan is apparently unable to seek a sharing of the expense while the person who can do so can seek a contribution to the expense.

Further, Section 7(1)(c) does not cover health related expenses which are not included in the plan and the defined treatments appear to be limited to traditional treatments by western medical standards. Some current health plans permit some non-traditional treatments, such as massage therapy, reflexology, aromatherapy etc. This section as worded seems to offer much different benefits based upon the type of health plan as opposed to medical need.

## Section 7(1)(d) !". . extraordinary expense for primary or secondary school education or for any educational programs that meet the child's particular needs..."

The word "extraordinary" is defined as "unusual or remarkable; out of the usual course", 12 "being beyond what is usually required or established, having a special, often temporary task or responsibility, exceptional to a high degree, beyond what is usual, regular or established". ${ }^{13}$ To qualify, the expense must be something over and above the ordinary expenses for the child's education. Further, the expense must be something that isn't applicable to any child but rather, this particular child. One of the qualifiers the court must consider is defining what meets this child's particular needs. Perhaps a tutor is appropriate if the child has a reading problem or is a slow learner. At the other end of the scale is the gifted child who would benefit from a particular program designed to meet their particular needs.

The group of children that does not seem to be addressed by the section is the children who are average, who aren't gifted and who aren't shackled by learning or other disabilities. This student may very well not have "extraordinary" needs.

An interesting conundrum arises when considering the "extraordinary" nature of the expense in both Section $7(1)(\mathrm{d})$ and Section $7(1)(\mathrm{f})$ : at what point does an "unusual" or "remarkable" expense become an ordinary expense because it is a regular and on-going expense? The question that may then face the court is whether it can order a sharing of the expense once it has ceased to be "extraordinary".

[^21]
## Section 7(1)(e) ". . .expenses for post secondary education. . ."

The interpretation of a child's ability to withdraw from home has always imposed on separated or divorced parents a greater obligation to provide for post-secondary education. Where no child of a happily married couple can force his or her parents to support them well into adulthood, the courts have routinely ordered children of divorced parents to assist with support while the child attends at least some post-secondary education. This section now provides a mechanism for sharing of the post-secondary expense, over and above any order of child support.

It appears that Section 3(2), (which deals with the child support order for an adult child) and Section $7(1)$ (e) operate to give the custodial parent two chances for support for a child attending university while applying slightly different tests. The court is mandated to examine the "means of the child" in Section 7(1) but to consider the "condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the child" in Section 3(2)(b). It appears that, having considered the contribution of the adult child in determining child support, the custodial spouse is then in a position to seek further contribution from the payor under Section $7(1)$ (b). If the child's contribution has been "maxed out" under Section 3(2)(b) considerations, then the child's "means" under the Section 7(1)(b) may be little or nothing, leaving a greater burden to be shared by the parents. While considering the "financial ability" of the parents in Section 3(2)(b) (which arguably could be consideration of means and needs of the parent), Section 7(1) only considers the "means" of the parents.

Another uncertainty is defining an "expense" for post-secondary education. Tuition may be the : only "obvious" expense. Less obvious items which may be the subject of Section 7(1)(e) include books, student fees, on-site parking, car pool expense, gas, transportation by bus or taxi, all related automobile expenses such as insurance, maintenance, driver's license fees, as well as other costs for lockers, meals, residence (room and board) for the child's home base during the school term, either in or out of the city, and air travel costs to and from the child's home when not in school.

The meaning of "post-secondary education" is without definition. It will be open to decide if it will include a certificate or diploma program, a junior college in the United States, a vocational school or college or the traditional post-secondary institutions such as universities. With no restrictions on what sort of post-secondary education is appropriate or the length of study, it may be open for argument that parents contribute to some child's education to the doctorate level. It is assumed that current case law on this issue will continue to apply.

Section 7(1)(f): ". . .extraordinary expenses for extra-curricular activities. . ."
At first blush, many custodial parents may see this section as the opportunity to have their former spouse share the expenses of the child's extra-curricular activities. There is no question that it can cost hundreds or thousands of dollars annually to have children enrolled in activities. However, Section 7(1)(f) doesn't say parents will share the expenses for extracurricular activities. It says they will share the "extraordinary" expenses. Again, based on the simple definition of the word "extraordinary", it implies something above and beyond what is ordinarily required.

The section has two tests which must be met and which will require definition by the courts: the meaning of "extraordinary expense" and the meaning of "extra-curricular activity". Both tests must be met. While "extracurricular" may have an ordinary meaning, it may not be easy to define from the bench. Does extra-curricular include summer camp, hockey, guitar lessons, stamp collecting, card collecting and flying lessons? If so, the court is directed not to look at the expense but at the "extraordinary expense" associated with the activity. If a child is talented enough to need to have a private figure skating coach on a regular basis, arguably it is not an "extraordinary" expense. If a child's involvement in hockey requires regular attendance at out of town games and tournaments, then these expenses may not be "extraordinary".

Extracurricular activities are an expanding horizon for children and it is anticipated that this section will generate much attention. Even five years ago, a computer for a child might have been seen as an extraordinary expense. Today? As it is said, even the status quo is changing.

## Section 7(2) "The guiding principle in determining the amount of an expense . . . is that the expense is shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes. . ."

The definition of income set out in Sections 15 to 20 is no longer such a moveable beast. It takes into account many years of developing case law and will include perquisites, non-arms length transactions, corporate restructuring, the retained earnings of corporations, the creation of trusts, capital cost allowances and the deduction of expenses. However, the Guidelines have deliberately used "income" in Section 7(2) while using the words "means" in Section 7(1). Is the term "income" intentionally more restrictive? Once the court has determined that the expense should be shared between the spouses, the parties appear to be sharing without regard to capital. As a result, it may be that the spouse who has large capital and small income will benefit over the spouse who has a large income and no capital.

Once again, apparently the needs of the spouses are not a consideration. While the child support tables have considered a certain subsistence level for each spouse, Section 7(2) does not appear to do so.

## Section 7(2) ". . .the expense is to be shared after deducting from the expense, the contribution, if any, from the child."

Similar to the discussion dealing with the post-secondary expenses, it appears that subsection 3(2) may operate such that, if the means of the child have been considered in setting support for the child, there will be little or no contribution from the child to the Section 7 expenses.

It will be necessary for the courts to clarify the meaning of the word "expense", particularly in considering Section 7(2) and Section 7(3). Among the possibilities is that the expense will be the out-of-pocket expenses by the parent and/or child subject to adjustment after the "subsidies, benefits or income tax deductions or credits" are taken into account or that it will be the "net" expense with either the parents or the child shouldering the cash burden until the "subsidies,
benefits or income tax deductions or credits" are reimbursed. It will be up to the court to determine how the expense will be shared in light of Section 7(3).

## Section 7(3) "In determining the amount of an expense referred to in subsection (1), the court must take into account any subsidies, benefits or income tax deduction or credit relating to the expense and any eligibility to claim a subsidy, benefit or income tax deduction or credit relating to the expense."

In contrast with Section 7(1), the language in Section 7(3) is mandatory rather than permissive and discretionary. To what extent must a child or parent apply for all subsidies, benefits or take advantage of every possible income tax deductions or credits? It appears that a failure to apply may result in the court proportionally reducing the expense, thus reducing the amount the respondent spouse must contribute.

Also yet to be defined is the meaning of the words "subsidies, benefits, income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense" and the eligibility to claim same. The G.S.T. refund is a subsidy which may have to be considered. A student loan is a subsidy but it also has an accompanying debt. Judges and lawyers may well have to develop a whole new knowledge base -- that of the subsidies, benefits, deductions and credits available to the parents and child and the effect of those items on income or expense.

Also at issue is how far the court will be prepared to enforce Section 7(3). Consider that, currently, under the Income Tax Act, students may receive certain tax relief. There is a credit in respect of tuition fees, or an education credit based on an amount of $\$ 100.00$ for each month enrolled as full-time student and there is exemption of $\$ 500.00$ for scholarship, fellowship, or bursary income. If the student doesn't have sufficient income to take full advantage of the education or tuition credit, the unused portion may be transferred to a parent or grandparent, subject to a limit of $\$ 5,000.00$. Unused credits are lost. The 1997 Budget delivered on February 18, 1997 proposes to double the credit and also proposes a carry forward, such that the student will be allowed to carry the credits forward indefinitely until they have enough income to make use of them and will limit the carry forward to the student's own use. It would be open to the respondent spouse to ask for an order that the child assign the credit to one or the other parent, the argument being that the child should not be entitled to accumulate a benefit while the applicant seeks a contribution for the expense. The parent who says they want their child to keep their credits for future use may face a reduced contribution from their spouse as a result.

## CONCLUSION

The divorcing world has become a very disorderly place. Section 7 has consolidated in some ways many years of judicial thought and pronouncement and, in other ways, has created an uncertain ground which, for some years to come, will keep moving afoot.

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual Variation Applications 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Variation Applications 

By Judy N. Boyes, B.A., LL.B.
Following May 1, 1997 and the coming into force of the Federal Child Support Guidelines, it is expected there will be a flood of applications before the Courts to vary existing child support orders. As a result of the new priority provisions as between child support orders and spousal support orders in the Divorce Act, there may also be a need to apply to the Court to vary a spousal support order.

## "NEW" TEST FOR VARIATION

In making an application for child support, counsel must consider the provisions of the amended section 17 of the Divorce Act to bring the matter before the Court. Subsections 17(4) and 17(4.1) now differentiate between the test a Court is apply for variation of a child support order, from that of a spousal support order. In making a variation order in respect of a child support order, the Court must satisfy itself that a change in circumstances as provided for in the applicable guidelines has occurred.

The previous test of a change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of the spouses or a child appears to have been done away with in respect of child support orders, applying now only to spousal support orders. But counsel should be aware that subsection 14(b) of the guidelines reintroduces this test in cases where the amount of child support in the order was not determined in accordance with one of the applicable tables set out in the guidelines. For the present time then, as most of the orders being considered by the Court for variation will not have been made pursuant to the guidelines, the change of circumstance to be considered by the Court will again refer to a change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of the spouses or a child.

## THE GUIDELINES

In addition to the new provisions of section 17 of the Divorce Act, counsel must be intimately familiar with the Federal Child Support Guidelines themselves, in considering a variation application on behalf of a client. Subsection 17(6.1) of the Divorce Act specifically requires that a Court "making a variation order in respect of a child support order shall do so in accordance with the applicable guidelines." As well, the "change of circumstances" as referred to in subsection 17(4) of the Divorce Act is defined by section 14 of the Federal Child Support Guidelines. That section provides as follows:
14. For the purposes of subsection 17(4) of the Act, a change of circumstances is
(a) in the case of where the amount of child support includes a determination made in accordance with the applicable table,
any change in circumstances that would result in a different child support order or any provision thereof;
(b) in the case where the amount of child support does not include a determination made in accordance with a table, any change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of either spouse or of any child who is entitled to support; and
(c) in the case of an order made before May 1, 1997, the coming into force of section 15.1 of the Act, enacted by section 2 of chapter 1 of the Statutes of Canada, 1997.

## THE ISSUE OF MATERIALITY

While section 14 of the Federal Child Support Guidelines establishes what may be considered a change of circumstances, that section, the guidelines in general and the amendments to section 17 of the Divorce Act do not address the issue of the materiality of the change. In Willick v. Willick, [1994] 3 S.C.R. 670, Justice Sopinka addresses this point on behalf of the majority of the Court, at page 179:

The Interpretation Of Section 17(4) Of The Divorce Act
This subsection authorises the Court to vary a previous support order when a change of circumstances occurs. The approach which a Court should take is to determine first, whether the conditions for variation exist, and if they do exist, what variation of the existing order ought to be made in light the change in circumstances.

In deciding whether the conditions for variation exist, it is common ground that the change must be a material change of circumstances. This means a change, such that, if known at the time, would likely have resulted in different terms. The corollary to this is that if the matter which is relied on as constituting a change was known at the relevant time, it cannot be relied on as the basis for variation.

Both the amended subsection 17(4) and the new subsection 17(4.1) refer to "a change" without defining the materiality of the change. Counsel may therefore argue that any change in circumstances resulting from the coming into force of the Federal Child Support Guidelines must still be a material change. If the consequences of a variation application would result in a child support order based on section 3 of the Federal Child Support Guidelines and the applicable table of, for instance $\$ 460.00$ per month, and the amount currently being paid by one spouse to another, calculated on a net after tax basis to the receiving spouse would be approximately the same amount then, can one argue the resulting change is not sufficiently material to justify an application before the Court? Will the spouse responding to this application be entitled to claim costs against the spouse making the application where there is no materiality to the change?

## THE PRIORITY OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS

Counsel must consider the consequences of an application to vary an existing child support order as the result of a variation order may have a direct, or an indirect impact on an existing spousal support order. The new section 15.3 of the Divorce Act provides that a Court shall give priority to child support as opposed to spousal support when both applications are before the Court. Thus, a child support order may directly impact on a spousal support order if the payor is unable to pay both.

It is also possible that, as a consequence of an application to vary child support, there will be an indirect impact on existing orders for spousal support. If the applicability of the guidelines would result in an order for reduced child support, would the paying spouse be then faced with a cross-application for increased spousal support? Or, could the reverse occur - where a receiving spouse obtains an order significantly increasing child support, will that spouse be met with a cross-application to then reduce any spousal support being received, with the paying spouse arguing that he has a lesser ability to pay spousal support now that he has a priority obligation to pay increased child support?

## "NOTWITHSTANDING" ORDERS

As noted, subsection 6.1 of section 17 of the Divorce Act now specifically provides that a Court shall make a variation of a child support order in accordance with the applicable guidelines. Notwithstanding this mandatory provision, counsel may rely on both subsections 6.2 and 6.4 of section 17 of the Divorce Act to request a variation of a child support order that would be more equitable in the circumstances of the case at bar taking into account special provisions in a court order or agreement between the spouses which benefit the child.

Counsel may also rely on certain sections within the guidelines themselves when obtaining a variation of an order for child support, notwithstanding the applicable tables. The categories of special or extraordinary expenses afford counsel the opportunity to be creative when seeking expenses for a child. The guidelines provide for an argument that the applicable tables are inappropriate where a child is the age of majority or over. Counsel may also argue against the application of the applicable tables where undue hardship would result. It may be argued that the circumstances listed in section 10 of the guidelines which may cause undue hardship are not intended to be exclusive of other circumstances brought to the Court's attention by counsel in a particular case. Intertwined with the undue hardship issue is a consideration of the respective standard of living of the spouses, with the spouse claiming an undue hardship not being entitled to enjoy a higher standard of living than the other spouse as a result of this claim.

## REDEFINING THE "CHILD OF THE MARRIAGE"

A "child of the marriage" no longer refers to a child in relation to the age of 16 years, whether under that age, or that age or over and unable to support himself or herself. Now, the age for consideration is the age of majority of the province where the child ordinarily resides.

Counsel must consider whether an application for variation of an existing child support order can be made to provide for ongoing and perhaps retroactive support for a child who now meets the expanded definition of a "child of the marriage".

## INCOME INFORMATION

Knowledge of a spouse's income is obviously critical to a determination of the possibility of success in an application to vary a child support order. Disclosure of income information will assist counsel and their clients in deciding whether a change may be material so as to justify the bringing of an application.

Subsection 25(1) of the guidelines may be used to obtain current and ongoing income information. That subsection provides as follows:

> 25(1) Every spouse against whom a child support order has been made must, on the written request of the other spouse or the order assignee, not more than once a year after the making of the order and as long as the child is a child within the meaning of these Guidelines, provide that other spouse or the order assignee with the documents referred to in subsection 21 (1) for any of the three most recent taxation years for which the spouse has not previously provided the documents.

Counsel will note that subsection 25(1) allows a spouse to make a written request for the income information of the other spouse once a year, after the making of a child support order. Arguably, a spouse has no right to request this continued financial disclosure where child support has been resolved by way of an agreement.

Section 21 lists the information to be provided by the spouses where their income information is necessary to determine the amount of child support to be ordered. The information required is extensive, including generally and if applicable, income tax returns for the three most recent years, a statement of current earnings, financial statements for a spouse's business or professional practice and financial statements for a corporation. Using section 22, a spouse may obtain a Court order requiring the disclosure of the income information and should the spouse against whom the order is obtained fail to comply with the Court order then, there are significant penalties provided in section 24 of the guidelines.

An exchange of the income information for both spouses should enable the parties to make a section 3 calculation, particularly if no special or extraordinary expenses are sought. In these cases, the issue of the appropriate amount of child support to be paid may then be resolved by way of a consent order, without the need for a Court application.

## "RECALCULATING" CHILD SUPPORT

One new provision of the Divorce Act may assist clients and counsel in avoiding the need to vary child support orders in the future as a result of updated income information. Where the federal and a provincial government have agreed, a provincial child support service may "recalculate at regular intervals, in accordance with the applicable guidelines, the amount of child support orders on the basis of updated income information" (paragraph 25.1 (1)(b)). Section 25.1 of the Divorce Act goes on to provide for the right to apply to the Court to vary this recalculated amount if either or both former spouses do not agree with the recalculation, within 30 days after notification of the recalculation from the provincial child support service.

If federal/provincial agreements are developed to provide for this recalculation, there are obvious issues as to the validity of the income of a spouse used by the provincial child support service, based on updated income information. The provincial child support service (now defined by the Divorce Act) is granted broad rights by subsection 20.1(2) of the Divorce Act and subsection $25.1(4)$ of the guidelines to request and obtain updated income information. If the calculation of a spouse's income is reduced to a manageable formula, then the provisions to allow for a recalculation of the amount paid in a child support order may effectively reduce the need for future variation applications based on a change in the income of one or the other of the spouses. These recalculations may however only be available in cases where the spouses earn employment income and thus a determination of income is easily made. Real concern must be expressed as to the applicability of this process to self-employed spouses, or spouses earning incomes through a partnership, by virtue of control of a corporation, or under a trust. The determination of this spouse's income will not be easy and may involve many arguable factors such as the reasonableness of expenses reported against income. Bureaucratic recalculations of child support orders in these cases may not be possible.

## CONCLUSION

The guiding principle upon which child support orders are to be made remains the same: spouses have a joint financial obligation to maintain the children of the marriage in accordance with their relative abilities to contribute. This principle was originally phrased as objectives for the variation of child support orders in the now repealed subsection 17(8) of the Divorce Act. It, reappears as the acknowledged principle in new subsection 26.1(2) of the Divorce Act. In the end, counsel may therefore argue that this principle remains available as an overall consideration for the Court in granting a variation order.

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# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual Suggestions for Practitioners 

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## Suggestions for Practitioners

By Daphne E. Dumont, Q.C.

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

As a practitioner, with the introduction of the Federal Child Support Guidelines, you will initially be faced with four possible child support issues:

1. New separations of parties not eligible for a divorce (those not separated long enough);
2. New separations of parties eligible for, and wishing to commence divorce actions;
3. Parties with pre-May 1, 1997 separation agreements or provincial child support orders;
4. Parties with pre-May 1, 1997 divorce orders.

In the first two situations the new Guidelines will apply in obtaining an initial support order. The second two situations will require that you advise the parties as to how the new Guidelines affect their old orders or agreements. You may have to carry through variation applications in court to obtain new orders for your clients.

### 2.0 HOW TO ADVISE DIVORCE CLIENTS WITH NO PREVIOUS ORDERS OR AGREEMENTS

### 2.1 SELECT APPLICABLE GUIDELINES

The first step for the practitioner is to determine which Guidelines apply. After May 1, 1997, the new federal Guidelines will be in effect with respect to your married or formerly married clients. Your province or territory will by then have either:
a) adopted its own slightly different comprehensive guidelines; or
b) adopted the proposed federal Guidelines; or
c) have done nothing (yet).

If your jurisdiction has adopted special guidelines which will apply in Divorce Act cases, then these will apply to divorcing couples residing in the jurisdiction as well as to child support under provincial/territorial law. If not, the new federal Guidelines will apply.

### 2.2 DETERMINE NUMBER OF CHILDREN

The second step is to establish the number of children covered by the Guidelines. This may seem to be self-evident, but you must be sure to include children under the age of majority in your jurisdiction and living at home, children over the age of majority who are "unable to obtain the necessities of life", as well as children to whom your client may stand in loco parentis. (The definition of "child of the marriage" is now amended, replacing Section 2(i) of the 1985 Divorce Act. We assume that this new definition, which simply changes the reference to the age of the child from 16 years to age of majority, will continue to cover children obtaining post-secondary education, even if living at school or college.)

### 2.3 ESTABLISH THE INCOME OF THE PAYOR

The next stage of your analysis will be to determine the income of the payor, which is calculated primarily from the personal T1 tax return. The sources of income set out in the tax return are the sources to be added up to obtain the payor's total income. Schedule III of the Regulations provides for adjustments to be made to some income items where the net annual figure is arrived at differently under the Income Tax Act (e.g., for dividends, capital gains/losses) than under the Divorce Act. The Regulations also prescribe methods of dealing with figures from previous income tax returns which are not accurate in the year in which the support is to be determined.

The prescribed adjustments to income as set out in Schedule III include deductions such as Canada Pension Plan premiums and Employment Insurance Act premiums, and child support paid to the person calculating his or her income. Spousal support received is deducted, as is any Social Assistance income of the spouse (not the child). Familiarize yourself with the full list of deductions to make sure that the total income indicated is accurate under the circumstances. Some deductions are relevant only in rare circumstances. In more complex situations, it may be necessary to obtain an affidavit from an accountant in order to substantiate the position your client is adopting before the Court regarding the amount of income earned. The amount of the payor spouse's income, and in some cases, the recipient spouse's income, may now be the most fertile battleground for the spouses, now that the payments to be made at each income level are preordained.

### 2.4 OBTAIN DOCUMENTATION REQUIRED TO PROVE THE PAYOR'S INCOME

It will be necessary for you to secure from your client each item on the list of documents which must be produced to substantiate claims regarding income sources and total income for the parties, in accordance with the Regulations. Each person required to provide income information must supply the following:

1. The last three years' income tax returns;
2. The last three years' income tax assessments;
3. A statement of earnings for the year to date;
4. If the person is in business, the financial statements of the business for the last three years with a statement showing the amounts paid to others employed in the business.
5. If the person is in a partnership, a confirmation from the partnership of the income and draw of the individual and a statement of capital contributions made by the individual for the last three years.
6. If the person controls a corporation, the year end statements of the corporation for the last three years and a statement of all payments made to persons not dealing at arm's length with the corporation.
7. If the person obtains income from a trust, a copy of the trust settlement agreement and the last three annual statements of the trust's yearly income and expenses.

The lists of payments to persons not dealing at arm's length with businesses or corporations must be obtained, otherwise it would be possible for child support payors who control corporations to pay substantial salaries to relatives in order to greatly reduce the profitability of the corporations, thus reducing their own income for purposes of draws or dividends and, in consequence, falsely establishing reduced incomes for child support calculations. Therefore, lawyers representing the recipient spouse would be well advised to obtain detailed information as to whether any family member of the potential support payor is connected with businesses or corporations run by the payor.

All of the above must be provided within thirty days of request if the person lives in Canada or the United States and within sixty days if they live elsewhere.

### 2.5 DETERMINE WHETHER RECIPIENT MUST ALSO PROVIDE INCOME INFORMATION

Normally only the potential payor will have to provide this information. If the recipient spouse intends to argue that extra payments are required, that undue hardship will be experienced by the recipient if the Guidelines are adhered to, or that, since the payor makes in excess of $\$ 150,000.00$ per year, additional support should be paid, the recipient must file the same documents. This will enable the Court or the other party to determine whether the additional claims are reasonable.

### 2.6 BE AWARE OF THE SERIOUS SANCTIONS FOR FAILURE TO PROVIDE INCOME INFORMATION

Section 22 of the Regulations provides that if a party fails to provide the required information, the claimant may move for judgement without the information or move for an order requiring that the information be filed. In this case sufficient costs to "fully compensate" the claimant for the inconvenience and additional work can be awarded as well. (This is unusual, as costs normally only cover a portion of the claimant spouse's expenses.)

Section 23 authorizes the Court (if it proceeds to a hearing in the absence of the documentation of the other party) to draw adverse inferences from the other party's failure to file and to impute income to that party based on the evidence given by the claimant.

Section 24 authorizes the Court to issue a contempt order against spouses who do not file their documents after being ordered to do so. The Court may also strike the pleadings of such parties and proceed to hearing without more, awarding heavy costs against the persons who failed to file.

### 2.7 WHAT IF THE PAYOR'S INFORMATION IS OUT OF DATE?

Sections 17, 18, and 19 of the Regulations permit the Court to change the figures derived from the Revenue Canada returns in unclear situations. For instance, if there is no pattern for the receipt of a certain item of income, the Court may take an average or impute an annual sum which seems reasonable. Non-recurring losses can also be dealt with in this way. Further, if the income shown on the Revenue Canada returns does not reflect all funds available to the spouse (for instance, if the spouse is a shareholder who could be, but is not, drawing additional dividends, or is being paid for services at a rate commensurate with the value of the services provided, the Court can establish an annual value for this notional income component). In Section 19 the Regulations expressly state that a business deduction which is considered reasonable for tax purposes will not necessarily be reasonable for child support calculation purposes, so practitioners should study business's annual reports very closely, with a view to increasing the amount of income which could be deemed available to the support payor.

### 2.8 WHICH GUIDELINES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED IF THE SPOUSES ARE IN DIFFERENT JURISDICTIONS?

If both spouses reside in the same province or territory (which has its own guidelines), that jurisdiction's guidelines will apply. If the payor spouse lives outside Canada and the recipient spouse resides in Canada, the federal guidelines will apply using the tables of the jurisdiction in which the claimant spouse lives. If the spouses live in different provinces in Canada, the federal Guidelines will apply using the tables of the jurisdiction where the payor spouse lives.

### 2.9 CONSIDER THE EFFECT OF SPLIT AND SHARED CUSTODY

i) If one spouse has sole custody, the table amount payable is based solely on the income of the non-custodial payor spouse.
ii) If the parties have split custody (one or more children with one spouse and one or more children with the other) you must first calculate how much the mother would pay to the father for the children in his custody and how much the father would pay to the mother for the children in her custody, then subtract the totals. The remainder is paid to the spouse who should receive the larger sum. For example, if the father with two children would pay the mother with three children $\$ 900.00$, and if the
mother with three children would pay the father with two children $\$ 100.00$, then the final order is for the father with two children to pay the mother with three children is $(\$ 900.00-\$ 100.00=$ ) $\$ 800.00$.
iii) If custody is shared so that one parent has at least 40 percent of the time with the children and the other parent has the remaining time, Section 9 of the Regulations prescribes that the order must take into account the amount that each spouse would normally pay the other, the increased costs of shared custody arrangements and "the other circumstances" of each spouse and of any child for whom support is sought. This is a rather vague test but it appears to imply that the Court should make allowances for the extra rent, food, heat, and other costs both spouses now have. There is no clear guidance as to how the Court is to apply this test. The implication appears to be that the "richer" spouse should pay less than he or she normally would, having taken on a larger share of the parenting responsibility. However, even where both spouses have increased expenses, if the recipient spouse is nevertheless fully responsible for all major purchases for the child, too great a reduction for the payor spouse may not be fair. Practitioners should carefully determine who is making the capital purchases as well as who is paying the rent and light bills, for example.

### 2.10 CALCULATE SPECIAL EXPENSES IN ADDITION TO THE GUIDELINE AMOUNTS

In addition to the basic Guideline amount of support derived from the appropriate provincial table, it will be necessary for practitioners to investigate the availability of certain other special expenses which may be added on. These additional amounts are listed in Sections 6 and 7 of the Regulations. Section 6 allows the Court to order medical or dental insurance to be continued by either spouse for the benefit of the children, while Section 7 lists additional extra payments which can be ordered against the payor spouse if they are consistent with pre-separation spending patterns. They are:
a) Child care expenses;
b) Medical and dental insurance;
c) Health related expenses which are in excess of reimbursements available through medical and dental insurance, provided these expenses amount to at least $\$ 100.00$ for each illness or event;
d) Extraordinary primary or secondary education expenses. (This likely involves expenses such as special training for a high school student extraordinarily gifted in languages, for instance, or travel expenses to get a child to the only school in the province which can assist him with his particular learning problem. It would not normally include standard educational expenses such as school trips, fundraising projects, moderate sports expenses, although the Regulations do not define this concept with any precision);
e) Post-secondary education (note that this is not an "extraordinary" expense but presumably just covers all the regular expenses of university or college);
f) Extraordinary extra-curricular expenses (probably including cello lessons for a very gifted child, for instance but not Scouts or Guides for the normal child, which the basic support should cover.)

The implication is that a child with special gifts or special needs may have extraordinary expenses, but that the parent of a normal child should not expect to use the payor spouses' income to fund a long list of extracurricular activities or attendance at elite institutions not specifically needed by the child.

It will be necessary to determine if any of these special circumstances apply to your clients. Note that for some of these (such as health-related expenses) the Court may only set the percentage of such expenses which the payor must pay, as the annual amount may not be calculable in advance.

### 2.11 CONSIDER UNDUE HARDSHIP

## To Reduce Support Payments

Section 10 of the Regulations sets out the circumstances under which spouses can apply to avoid the imposition of the Guidelines if they would cause undue hardship. The Court may award an amount that does not match the Guideline amount provided that it gives written reasons. The Regulations set out a non-exhaustive list of situations which may give rise to valid claims of undue hardship including:
a) A situation where a spouse has incurred a high amount debt in order to support the spouse and children before separation, or to earn his or her living at the time the order is being made. (This is quite a judicious provision as it distinguishes carefully between debt incurred to benefit the family in the past or to support it now, and debt incurred for frivolous or selfish purposes. For instance, in my view, spouses could not rely on debt incurred for the purchase of luxury items or lavish vacations to support a submission of undue hardship to avoid the Guideline amount.)
b) High access costs (For instance, if a custodial father has moved to California the mother may argue that she should not have to pay the set child support award since it will cost her many thousands per year to go back and forth to visit her children.)
c) Existing support orders for any persons. (An obligation to support a healthy first wife, for instance, must be in an order for it to be taken into account by a court. This is to be distinguished from the next two situations, where the simple existence of a duty to support, even without an order, is sufficient to reduce the amount of a later child support order for the children of a more recent relationship.)
d) A duty to support other children (second families).
e) A duty to support an ill or disabled person.

### 2.12 LOWER STANDARD OF LIVING AS A DEFENCE TO CLAIMS OF UNDUE HARDSHIP

To succeed with a claim of undue hardship, the person so claiming must meet the standard of living test. The Court must deny an application for relief based on undue hardship if the household claiming the relief will be better off than the household paying the support. Thus, for example, a well-paid father with a great deal of debt cannot ask for a reduction in his child support order on the grounds of undue hardship if the mother and the children have a lower standard of living. Where both parents have similar incomes and the father's ability to pay is adversely affected by substantial debts incurred during the marriage, he may be allowed to make this claim, provided that he meets the standard of living test. Schedule II of the Regulations sets out the method of determining which household has the higher income. For this purpose everyone living in the two new households is included, and for each household a figure is derived which is the ratio of the actual income of the household to the minimum standard of living required by the household. For instance, a mother and child with an income of $\$ 20,000.00$ per year should be making at least $\$ 14,535.00$ to be above the poverty line. (The poverty line figures are outlined in the Schedule.) Their ratio is thus $\$ 20,000.00$ divided by $\$ 14,535.00$ or 1.3 . Meanwhile, assuming the payor spouse is also making $\$ 20,000.00$ per year, living alone, and claiming undue hardship due to debt payments. This spouse's ratio is $\$ 20,000.00$ divided by $\$ 10,382.00$ or 1.9. Since the payor's 1.9 ratio is higher than the recipient family's 1.3 ratio the payor cannot get relief on grounds of undue hardship. Were the recipient family members to be making $\$ 30,000.00$ per year, their ratio would rise to 2.0 , permitting the payor to make the argument for a reduction in payments, as his 1.9 ratio now demonstrates his lower standard of living.

In making reduced orders due to undue hardship the Court may specify how long the lower amount is to be paid and set a higher amount to commence at the end of that period. The idea here would be to allow the reduction due to undue hardship only as long as the actual hardship continues (e.g., until the loan is paid out or until access costs are reduced by one party moving closer to the other). If any relief on the basis of undue hardship is granted, reasons must be set out in writing by the Court to explain its conclusions.

### 2.13 TYPES OF PAYMENT WHICH CAN BE ORDERED

The Court is permitted to order support payments in lump sums, periodic payments, or some combination of a lump sum, and periodic payments. Payors can be ordered to provide security for payment. Payors can also be ordered to pay a portion of expenses which cannot yet be established.

### 2.14 INFORMATION NEEDED FOR THE ORDER

The order granted by the Court must contain the following information:
i) The full names and dates of birth of all children covered;
ii) The incomes used to arrive at the payment ordered;
iii) The amount determined for the number of children under the age of majority;
iv) The amount determined for any children over the age of majority;
v) The particulars of additional expenses which are to be covered by the order, what child they are for, and what proportion is to be paid by the payor;
vi) . The date on which a lump sum or first payments is to be made and the date of the month on which all subsequent payments are to be made.

Practitioners must ensure that they obtain the information required for the order to be granted and provide it to the Court.

### 2.15 OTHER GROUNDS FOR DEPARTURE FROM THE GUIDELINES

The Divorce Act amendments themselves (not the Regulations) give an additional list of circumstances under which the Court may depart from the Guidelines, although the general direction to the Court is that it shall follow the Guidelines. Exceptions can be made if:
a) Special provisions for child support have otherwise been made. (An example might be the transfer of a large income bearing property to the custodial parent to be used : to support the children.)
b) A division of property directly or indirectly benefits the child. (This would include those relatively common situations in which, at separation, the noncustodial parent leaves all or a great proportion of the assets with the custodial parent so that the children will have accommodations, transportation, and other benefits.)
c) The spouse has entered into a consent order and the court is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the children (Sections 15.1(7), 17 (6.2), and 17 (6.4).

It will be incumbent upon the practitioner to determine whether any of these circumstances applies to the client. The statute requires that, where either of these exceptions apply, the sum set by the Guidelines must also appear to be "inequitable". So, a transfer of the house alone, by a very . wealthy payor, although beneficial in itself, might not relieve the payor of the full child support obligation, if it appears to the Court that it is nevertheless fair for the payor to make the full payments set out in the Guidelines.

The Court must record its reasons for departing from the standards set by the Guidelines in all such cases.

### 2.16 SPOUSAL SUPPORT

Section 15.2 of the revised Divorce Act permits the award of spousal support on which tax will still be payable by the recipient and which will still be deductible for tax purposes by the payor. Section 15.3 directs the Court to give priority to orders for child support and, if awarding a lesser amount of spousal support than it would wish to award, due to the award of child support, the Court is instructed to record its reasons for this. This permits the spouse to claim spousal support, or an increase in spousal support, when a change in circumstances occurs. Such changes would presumably include the termination of the child support component of the order or an increase in the payor's income to a level which would permit the spousal support award to be re-established.

As the child support payments set out in the Guidelines will be lower than current provincial standards in some jurisdictions, spousal support claims may be more relevant in your cases than they have previously been. If a child support award seems too low, consider adding a claim for spousal support.

## 3. PROCEDURES FOR NEW SEPARATIONS WHERE PARTIES ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR DIVORCE

The Guidelines only apply in the case of divorcing couples. Those ineligible for divorce, not contemplating divorce, or common law spouses will have to rely upon the relevant provincial legislation, where similar guidelines may or may not have been adopted. Clients eligible to apply for a divorce may wish to take advantage of the Guideline amount and it may be therefore advisable to petition for divorce even before the minimum period of separation has expired, and attempt to get the support settled under the interim order provisions of the Divorce Act.

## 4. HOW TO ADVISE CLIENTS WITH SEPARATION AGREEMENTS OR PROVINCIAL COURT ORDERS FOR CHILD SUPPORT WHICH PRE-DATE MAY 1, 1997

The amended Divorce Act will now provide that any variation of old divorce judgements granted before May 1,1997 , must be made in accordance with the Guidelines. This also applies to parties now petitioning for divorce who have pre-existing orders. Parties who do not wish to divorce may apply for variations under the laws of their jurisdiction once the jurisdiction adopts guidelines. Variations will not necessarily scrap the old orders or agreements. If the payor has provided a substantial benefit to the children in other ways, and if it would be inequitable in these circumstances to follow the Guidelines, the Court may diverge from the Guidelines if written reasons are provided.

This clause protects, at least to some degree, spouses who pay reduced or no child support in return for generous settlements of real or personal property on the custodial parent at separation. It is thus important to review old agreements and orders carefully before advising on variation under the Guidelines. Note that it is not enough simply to say that the parties agreed on a large amount of child support in the interest of the children; in these circumstances the payor of an amount in excess of the Guidelines can nevertheless apply for a variation and request a reduction.

The Guidelines specifically state that the coming into force of the amendments to the Divorce Act constitutes a material change in circumstances and entitles parties to a divorce judgement to apply for a variation. It is anticipated that there will be a great many applications filed on behalf of child support recipients whose support amounts are below the Guidelines, and a matching number of applications from payors whose payment amounts are above the Guidelines. Lawyers will have to review their old agreements to see if any of their clients can benefit from the new law.

The only problem for your clients will be that an application to reduce support made by payor will bring with it the loss of the tax benefit the payor currently receives. Thus, a small or even medium size deduction may be of no net value once the tax benefit is taken away. Parties must continue to declare and deduct their child support payments unless they get a variation from the Court.

### 4.1 NEW VARIATION PROCEDURES FOR CHANGES COVERED BY THE GUIDELINES

Jurisdictions are working on, but have not yet finalized, fast track procedures to allow couples who have agreed on a variation to obtain their variation orders without a great deal of legal expense and lengthy procedures. You will have to determine what the practice is in your jurisdiction. If consent is lacking, a full variation application will have to be made. In the absence of any new administrative procedures, the existing procedure for an application for variation should be followed, whether or not your client has the consent of the other party. Note that the "variation-by-court-order process" is for substantial variations due to changes in circumstances. There is a separate procedure discussed immediately below, for "minor recalculation" on a yearly basis.

### 4.2 RECALCULATION BY CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES

Since the new Guidelines are predicated on child support being connected with income, each jurisdiction's child support service will be given the power to recalculate child support orders (Section 25.1 of the amended Divorce Act). This Section does not indicate exactly how the recalculated amount is to be arrived at, but Section 25.1 of the Regulations provides that the other spouse can demand updates on all of the information filed to establish the original order no more than once a year. Section 26 of the Regulations provide that a spouse may assign the right to demand this up-to-date information to the child support service in their jurisdiction. However, the enforcement services do not have the power of the Court to impute income to those who fail to file, and only a Court appears to have the power to order the payor to file financial information. This may cause some procedural problems when "child support recalculation time" rolls around each
year. You should be sure to remind your custodial clients to expect the recalculation and to ask about it if it does not occur.

The recalculated sum is due thirty-one days after notice is given to the payor. There is power to contest, but if the contested amount is upheld the payment is retroactive to the date of the original notice.

### 4.3 OTHER SORTS OF VARIATION

It is important to note that the standard right to obtain a variation if there are other material changes in circumstance is preserved by Section 14. Practitioners will normally be dealing with variations which have arisen because of the coming into force of the Guidelines, and with the recalculation of orders once granted, but the standard regime which permits variations to be made if someone loses their job or if a child becomes disabled (for example) remains in force. The only change is that the Guidelines will apply when the new amount is being calculated.

## 5. GENERAL INFORMATION

Each jurisdiction may prepare special forms for use by practitioners. You should check to see if these exist before drafting anything. There may also be "consent variation kits" for the use of parties who are content to change over to the new Guidelines without dispute.

## June 1997

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual <br> A Practitioner's Guide to the Child Support Application 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canodda. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# A Practitioner's Guide to the Child Support Application 

By E.F. Anthony Merchant, Q.C. ${ }^{1}$<br>and

Patrick G. Alberts ${ }^{2}$

The intention of the recent amendments to the Divorce Act is to add objectivity and consistency to the making of child support orders across Canada. In addition, amendments to the Income Tax Act will render child support orders or agreements entered into after May 1, 1997, nontaxable.

## CHANGES TO THE DIVORCE ACT

The definition of "child of the marriage" has been changed to omit any reference to age 16 . "Child of the marriage" now means:

2(1) A child of two spouses or former spouses who, at the material time:
(a) is under the age of majority and who has not withdrawn from their charge, or (b) is the age of majority or over and under their charge but unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to withdraw from their charge or to obtain the necessaries of life;
"Age of majority", in respect of a child, means the age of majority as determined by the laws of the province where the child ordinarily resides, or, if the child ordinarily resides outside of Canada, eighteen years of age. The body of case law that has evolved concerning support for children over the age of majority will continue to be relevant under the amended Divorce Act.

Courts dealing with divorce proceedings are under a positive duty to consider the "applicable guidelines" when dealing with child support. Paragraph 11(1)(b) of the Divorce Act has been replaced by the following:

11(1)(b) to satisfy itself that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of any children of the marriage, having regard to the applicable guidelines, and, if such arrangements have not been made, to stay the granting of the divorce until such arrangements are made.

[^22]This duty to consider the Guidelines applies to interim orders and final orders for child support under the new Section 15.1 of the Divorce Act:
15.1(3) A Court making an order under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2) shall do so in accordance with the applicable guidelines.

There are exceptions to the duty to make an order in accordance with the Guidelines. These include:

1) where there are special provisions in an order, a judgment or a written agreement respecting the financial obligations of the spouses or the division or transfer of their property directly or indirectly for the benefit of the child, or where special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of the child (Section 15.1(5)); or
2) where, on the consent of both spouses, the Court is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the children (Section 15.1(7)). Where the Court deviates from the Guidelines it shall record its reasons for having done so (Section 15.1(6)).

An application for child support is to be given priority over an accompanying application for spousal support. Section 15.3 states:
15.3 (1) Where a court is considering an application for a child support order and an application for a spousal support order, the Court shall give priority to child support in determining the applications.
(2) Where, as a result of giving priority to child support, the Court is unable to make a spousal support order or the Court makes a spousal support order in an amount that is less than it otherwise would have been, the Court shall record its reasons for having done so.
(3) Where, as a result of giving priority to child support, a spousal support order was not made, or the amount of a spousal support order is less than it otherwise would have been, any subsequent reduction or termination of that child support constitutes a change of circumstances for the purposes of applying for a spousal support order, or a variation order in respect of the spousal support order, as the case may be.

## PREPARING FOR THE APPLICATION

One of the most distinctive features of the Child Support Guidelines is the requirement for extensive financial disclosure from both parties, unless the claimant spouse only applies for the table amount of child support. Section 21(1) sets out what must be disclosed:
21. (1) A spouse who is applying for a child support order and whose income information is necessary to determine the amount of the order must include the following with the application:
(a) a copy of every personal income tax return filed by the spouse for each of the three most recent taxation years;
(b) a copy of every notice of assessment or reassessment issued to the spouse for each of the three most recent taxation years;
(c) where the spouse is an employee, the most recent statement of earnings indicating the total earnings paid in the year to date, including overtime or, where such a statement is not provided by the employer, a letter from the spouse's employer setting out that information including the spouse's rate of annual salary or remuneration;
(d) where the spouse is self employed, for the three most recent taxation years;
(i) the financial statements of the spouse's business or professional practice, other than a partnership, and
(ii) a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom the spouse does not deal at arm's length;
(e) where the spouse is a partner in a partnership, confirmation of the spouse's income and draw from, and capital in, the partnership for its three most recent taxation years;
(f) where the spouse controls a corporation, for its three most recent taxation years
(i) the financial statements of the corporation and its subsidiaries, and
(ii) a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom the corporation, and every related corporation, does not deal at arm's length; and
(g) where the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust, a copy of the trust settlement agreement and copies of the trust's three most recent financial statements.

When a client first contacts you about making an application for child support, you should provide that client with the above list of financial information that may be required. In some situations it may turn out that the Applicant does not have to provide the above information; however, it is best to request financial information immediately to save time in the event that the Respondent later requests it. The Applicant must provide financial information in the following circumstances:

1) if either party is requesting a determination of special or extraordinary expenses pursuant to Section 7 of the Guidelines;
2) if either party is seeking a hardship determination under Section 10;
3) if the Respondent has an income in excess of $\$ 150,000.00$ (Section 4); or
4) where there is split custody (Section 8) or shared custody (Section 9);
5) child at age of majority;
6) spouse in the place of a parent.

The application should fix a place, date and time for the hearing and should request the information set out in Section 21(1). Provincial rules may require the filing of additional information such as a sworn statement of income and expenses, which also may be necessary if an amount other than the Guideline amount is sought by the Applicant. If served in Canada or the United States of America the Respondent has 30 days to file the required information. If served outside of Canada or the United States of America the Respondent has 60 days to file the information (Section 21(2)). In urgent cases, if the Respondent has not filed financial disclosure by the return date, the Court may make an order for interim-interim child support and adjourn the hearing to allow the Respondent to file the financial information within the time limits.

If acting for a Respondent it may be advantageous to make an offer to settle prior to the return date of the application. In many cases, you will be able to calculate with some certainty the amount that would be awarded under the "applicable tables". An offer in accordance with the tables could avoid the possibility that the Court will award "add on" amounts under Section 7.

It is anticipated that once the Guidelines have been in use for a period of time the Courts will begin to order costs against the Respondent where there were no issues that required a determination by the Court beyond a straightforward application of the tables.

## THE HEARING

## Calculating Income

The Court's first task is to determine the annual income of the payor spouse. The Guidelines set out specific rules for the Court to follow when making "the fairest determination of the annual income" of each party. The parties may agree in writing as to the annual income and if the Court considers that amount to be reasonable having regard to the information provided under Section 21(1) the agreed upon amounts may be used (Section 15). If there is no agreement in writing as to the annual income of the payor then the Court is to look to the sources of income set out under the heading "total income" in each spouse's T1 General income tax return using the most current information (Subsection 2(3)). Where the amount determined under Section 16 is not the fairest amount, the Court may use another method as set out in Section 17. Where the sources of income are consistently rising or falling for the three most recent years, the Court is to use the most recent year as the amount attributed to that source (Section 17(1)(a)). If there is no pattern of consistent rising or falling from a source the Court may use the average of the three most recent years or any other amount it considers appropriate (Section 17(1)(b)). In the case of a nonrecurring source of income during the three most recent years, the Court may use such amount or a portion thereof as it considers appropriate (Section 17(1)(c)). The Court may factor in nonrecurring losses during the three most recent years (Section 17(2)).
Schedule III to the Guidelines sets out further rules with respect to the calculation of the amount of income to be attributed to each source.

If either spouse is a shareholder, director, or officer of a corporation then Section 18 must be applied.

The Court may impute income to a spouse in the following situations:
(a) the spouse is intentionally underemployed or unemployed, other than where the underemployment or unemployment is required by the needs of a child of the marriage or any child under the age of majority or by the reasonable educational or health needs of the spouse;
(b) the spouse is exempt from paying federal or provincial income tax;
(c) the spouse lives in a country that has effective rates of income tax that are significantly lower than those in Canada;
(d) it appears that income has been diverted which would affect the level of child support to be determined under these Guidelines;
(e) the spouse's property is not reasonably utilized to generate income;
(f) the spouse has failed to provide income information when under a legal obligation to do so;
(g) the spouse unreasonably deducts expenses from income;
(h) the spouse derives a significant portion of income from dividends, capital gains or other sources that are taxed at a lower rate than employment or business income; and
(i) the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust and is or will be in receipt of income or other benefits from the trust (Section 19(1)).

## Presumptive Rule

Once the Court determines the annual income for the payor, it is directed to Section 3 of the Guidelines. The so-called presumptive rule states that unless otherwise provided under the Guidelines the amount of child support should be in accordance with the applicable table plus any amount that is to be "added on" under Section 7. There are tables for each of the provinces and territories in Canada. The tables are adjusted to take into account the varying rates of provincial income tax. If the Respondent resides in Canada, the table for the province in which the Respondent resides is used. If the Respondent resides outside of Canada or if the residence of that spouse is unknown the applicable table is that for the province where the Applicant ordinarily resides (Section 3(3)).

## Add-On Amounts (A Return to the Paras Formula)

Section 7 allows the Court to add on extra amounts for special or extraordinary expenses including:
(a) child care expenses incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment;
(b) that portion of the medical and dental insurance premiums attributable to the child;
(c) health-related expenses that exceed insurance reimbursement by at least $\$ 100$ annually per illness or event, including orthodontic treatment, professional counselling provided by a psychologist, social worker, psychiatrist or any other person, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy and prescription drugs, hearing aids, glasses and contact lenses;
(d) extraordinary expenses for primary or secondary school education or for any educational programs that meet the child's particular needs;
(e) expenses for post-secondary education; and
(f) extraordinary expenses for extracurricular activities.

The guiding principle in determining an add-on amount is that the expense is to be shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes after deducting from the expense, the contribution, if any, from the child (Section 7(2)). This takes us back to the Paras formula whereby the costs associated with child rearing were to be divided between the parents in proportion to their respective incomes. In order to claim an add-on amount the Applicant will have to file all of the financial information required by Section 21(1).

In making a determination under Section 7, the Court is required to consider any subsidies, benefits, or income tax deductions or credits relating to the special expense or any eligibility to claim such benefit (Section 7(3)). As a practitioner, it will be incumbent upon you to carefully investigate the availability of factors which may affect the amount of a special expense. Failure to advise your client, the Court or the other side of these factors could result in claims against you.

The Court is specifically authorized to depart from the table amount where there is split custody (Section 8), shared custody (Section 9), or undue hardship (Section 10).

Section 13 sets out the information that must be included in every child support Order.

## REMEDIES FOR FAILURE TO DISCLOSE

Where either spouse fails to disclose the information required by Section $21(1)$ the other spouse may apply to have the application set down for a hearing, move for judgment (Section 22(1)(a)), or seek an Order requiring production of the information. Choosing which application to make will be a tactical decision. If you have enough evidence such that, coupled with the adverse inference permitted by Section 23, you are able to convince the Court to impute a sufficient level of income to obtain an appropriate order, then an application ought to be made to have the matter heard immediately. However, if you suspect that the offending spouse's income is considerably higher than that which the Court can be convinced to impute to that spouse, then seeking an order for production of the financial information will allow you to obtain that information or, if the spouse continues to refuse to disclose information, a contempt order can be obtained against that spouse. At that point the Court is more likely to draw a sufficiently adverse inference against the spouse failing to comply and impute enough income to that spouse to allow you to obtain the order that you are seeking together with costs up to an amount that fully compensates your client for all costs incurred in the proceedings (Section 22(2)).

## ONGOING DISCLOSURE

After an application for support either spouse is entitled to request the information required in Section 21(1) once each year from the other spouse (Section 25). The ongoing disclosure
requirement will allow custodial parents to monitor the paying spouse's income to determine whether to seek a variation. It could also enable the paying spouse to seek a reduction in the amount of the add-on amounts if the custodial spouse's income has increased since the original order.

## CONCLUSION

It is possible that Canadian children will benefit from the changes to the Divorce Act and the Income Tax Act but only if the Courts seriously consider the add-on amounts for special expenses. Custodial parents must not complacently accept the amount set out in the tables without vigorously pursuing the extra amounts that may be applicable to their case. Likewise, they ought to take advantage of the ongoing disclosure requirement. The standard of living for a family usually increases over time. There is no reason why children of divorced parents ought not to receive the benefit of increases in income enjoyed by the paying spouse. Financial disclosure ought to be requested every year and, when circumstances warrant, an application for variation should be made.

## June 1997

## Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual

# Contracting Out and Special Provisions in the Federal Child Support Guidelines 

By V. Jennifer Mackinnon<br>Burke-Robertson<br>Ottawa, Ontario

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Contracting Out and Special Provisions in the Federal Child Support Guidelines 

By V. Jennifer Mackinnon
The clear intention of the Federal Child Support Guidelines is that they be applied presumptively, without the exercise of judicial discretion in fixing the amounts of child support. Indeed the heading of Section 3 of the Guidelines is entitled "Presumptive Rule". Section 3 (1) provides as follows:

## Presumptive Rule

"Section 3 (1) Unless otherwise provided under these Guidelines, the amount of a child support order for children under the age of majority is:
(a) the amount set out in the applicable table, according to the number of children under the age of majority to whom the order relates and the income of the spouse against whom the order is sought; and
(b) the amount, if any, determined under section 7."

It is also clear that the ability of individuals to successfully negotiate an award at variance from the Guidelines is limited. This must be so if the stated objectives of the Guidelines are to be met. Section 1 of the Regulation provides as follows:
"1. The objectives of these Guidelines are:
(a) to establish a fair standard of support for children that ensures that they can continue to benefit from the financial means of both spouses after separation;
(b) to reduce conflict and tension between spouses by making the calculation of child support orders more objective;
(c) to improve the efficiency of the legal process by giving courts and spouses guidance in settling the levels of child support orders and encouraging settlement; and
(d) to ensure consistent treatment of spouses and children who are in similar circumstances."

Any discussion of "contracting out" of the Guidelines should distinguish between cases where the Guidelines are presumptive and cases where they are advisory only. As noted above, Section 3 sets out the presumptive rule. The specified situations in which the Guidelines are advisory only are found in:

- Section 3(2) (Child the Age of Majority or Over);
- Section 4 (Incomes Over \$150,000.00);
- Section 5 (Spouse in Place of a Parent);
- Section 9 (Shared Custody);
- Section 10 (Undue Hardship).

In these circumstances, the discretion of the Court may be invoked and the Court is directed to:

- consider the condition, means, needs, and other circumstances of the children and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children (Sections 3, 4 and 9);
- award such amount as the Court considers appropriate (Section 5);
- have regard to other factors such as the Table amounts and the increased costs of shared custody (Section 9); or
- simply award a "different" amount without specific direction (Section 10).

In all of these situations, the parties have contractual freedom to negotiate an amount of child support that a court would uphold absent evidence of unfairness in the bargaining process or disclosure made, or that the agreed upon amount is contrary to the child's interest. A court will certainly have regard to the provisions of the Guidelines in determining whether an agreement reached in a fact situation covered by the above-noted provisions should be upheld or set aside. But, aside from that new feature, parents still will have the freedom to negotiate an agreement with respect to the support of their children in these circumstances with reasonable expectation that a court will not interfere with it, as could be done pre-Guidelines.

It is in the other circumstances, where the Guidelines are intended to apply presumptively, that new limitations are imposed upon parents' contractual abilities. The parties still can, by consent, direct the outcome of a child support application in two ways. One is provided for in the Act and the other in the Regulation. Section 15.1 (7) and (8) of the Divorce Act states as follows:
> "15.1(7) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable Guidelines on the consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child to whom the order relates."

"(8) For the purposes of subsection (7), in determining whether reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child, the Court shall have regard to the applicable Guidelines. However, the Court shall not consider the arrangements to be unreasonable solely because the amount of support agreed to is not the same as the amount that would otherwise have been determined in accordance with the applicable Guidelines."

See also Section 17 (6.4) and (6.5) which are the parallel provisions with respect to the variation of orders.

The two requirements are that the order be made on consent and that the Court be satisfied that the arrangements for the support of the child are reasonable. An arrangement is not necessarily unreasonable just because it is not the same amount as would be dictated by the Guidelines. Nonetheless, the Court will require evidence and submissions as to why and how the arrangement is reasonable in order to exercise its discretion in permitting the consent order to be made, and there is nothing to prevent a party from applying for a variation to achieve a Guideline amount at a later date if there is a change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of either spouse or of any child who is entitled to support: see Section 14(b) of the Regulation. An advantage achieved by the payor in obtaining a consent order is that variations will be governed by Section 14(b), which reads like the familiar material change in circumstances clause, and not by Section 14(a). That section allows a variation of an award made in accordance with the applicable Table if there is a change in circumstances that would result in a different award, i.e., any income change in the payor indicating a different Table amount would allow a variation to be made. Since a consent order is presumably not a determination made in accordance with a Table amount, the payor achieves the protection that a material change in circumstances must be proven to support a future variation.

The second way in which parties can direct the outcome of a child support application covered by the presumptive aspects of the Guidelines is set out in Section 15(2) of the Regulations. Spouses are permitted to agree in writing on the amount of the annual income of a spouse. The Court must be satisfied that the amount is "reasonable" having regard to the income information provided under Section 21. The requirement that the income disclosure required by Section 21 must still be made is important both for the recipient parent, to ensure the agreement is entered into knowledgeably, and for the Court, so that it can objectively determine if the income amount is reasonable.

Clearly, agreeing to an income amount will have a substantial, if not a necessarily determinative effect, upon the child support award. It will dictate the Table amount that will apply and the
percentage allocation for the sharing of special or extraordinary expenses determined under Section 7 of the Regulations.

With respect to self employed persons or persons who to a large extent control their own incomes through corporations, negotiations may well focus upon the issue of income, leading to negotiated agreements as to the income level. Provided that the evidence supports the figure as reasonable, the Court should be reluctant to deviate from that figure.

A distinction can be drawn between consent orders and orders based on an agreed level of income only. The latter will, in presumptive cases, still lead to an award made in accordance with an applicable Table. This will mean that a material change in circumstances is not required for future variation, rather only a change, i.e., an income change, that would lead to a different Table award.

The other avenue to contracting out of the Guidelines is found in the provisions in the Divorce Act, dealing with what quickly have become known as special provisions. These sections are Section 15.1 (5) and (6) (Child Support Orders) and Section 17 (6.2) and (6.3) (Variation Orders). The provisions state as follows:
"15.1(5) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable Guidelines if the Court is satisfied:
(a) that special provisions in an order, a judgement or a written agreement respecting the financial obligations of the spouses, or the division or transfer of their property, directly or indirectly benefit a child, or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child; and
(b) that the application of the applicable Guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given those special provisions."
(6) Where the Court awards, pursuant to subsection (5), an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable Guidelines, the Court shall record its reasons for having done so."

See also Section 17 (6.2) and (6.3) for the parallel provisions dealing with variations.
There are several technical requirements to this section, all of which must be successfully established in order to attract the discretion of the Court:
(1) the provision must be special, presumably by being out of the ordinary, more generous or unique in some way;
the special provisions must relate to the financial obligations of the spouses, or to the division or transfer of the their property;
(3) they must directly or indirectly benefit the child; or,
(4) other special provisions must have been made for the child, and
(5) the Guideline amount must be inequitable given the special provisions.

The "other special provisions" are likely intended to cover a trust or gift established or given not by a parent but which has significant financial advantage to the child.

As is often the case, the litigation arising from these cases will focus on the meaning of the adjectives, "special" in special provisions, and "inequitable" in reference to the amount of support given the special provisions. This will be true whether the agreement in question pre or post dates the proclamation of the Guidelines.

In terms of contracts already drawn without knowledge of these requirements, the various factors will be the matter for evidence and legal argument. The history of negotiations and the value of consideration given and received will have to be delved into, to determine if a provision is so special as to make the Guideline amount inequitable. This may well present difficult issues of fact for resolution where the parties have made an agreement, but never actually agreed upon all the values relevant to their property settlement.

In respect of contracts made with knowledge of the provisions of the Statute and the Guidelines, the content of the agreement will be crucial and should be carefully drawn. Such agreements should address all of the technical requirements in order to enhance the prospects that the agreement will be upheld in court. The agreement should identify what the special provision is and why is it is special. It should identify the direct or indirect benefit to the child and quantify the value of that benefit. It should acknowledge that application of the Guidelines would be inequitable including a statement of the reasons why. A bald statement that the provision is special and that the application of the Guidelines would be inequitable is unlikely to suffice.

Some scenarios which might invoke the special provisions are these:
(1) conveyance of the matrimonial home to the custodial parent, or an extended period of exclusive possession;
(2) maintenance of the inclusion/deduction income tax treatment;
(3) trusts.

In respect of a conveyance of the matrimonial home or a period of exclusive possession, one question which will arise is how will the Court value the consideration. In exclusive possession cases, one might look at the savings in rent as the value, or, from the other point of view, the interest income foregone by delaying receipt of one's equity. In conveyance cases, an approach could be to apply a reasonable rate of interest to the value of the equity conveyed, and to set that off
against the Table amount. Or, the savings by having a lower mortgage than would otherwise be the case could be calculated. The value attributed to the consideration will likely effect the determination of whether the provision is actually special. In respect of a conveyance of a home or a period of exclusive possession, it appears clear that there is a direct or indirect benefit to the child. Whether the provision makes the application of the Guidelines inequitable is another question. If the conveyance was in consideration for a release of spousal support, it is not likely that the special provision would pass the inequitable test. If the noncustodial parent has received full and fair consideration in the form of such a release, it would not be inequitable to award child support in accordance with the Guidelines.

A properly drafted agreement dealing with the special provision of, for example, an extended period of exclusive possession should cover these points:
(1) The period of exclusive possession is $\qquad$ .
(2) The loss of income to the "payor" spouse from agreeing to the exclusive possession and foregoing his or her equity is $\$$ $\qquad$ per month based upon an equity of \$ $\qquad$ and an interest rate of $\qquad$ \%.
(3) The value of the benefit to the recipient parent is $\$$ $\qquad$ per month based upon a reduced rental/mortgage rate of $\$$ $\qquad$ per month.
(4) An acknowledgement that the exclusive possession is a special provision and that normally the home would have been sold immediately to effect a property division.
(5) An acknowledgement that the exclusive possession is for the direct benefit of the children.
(6) A statement that the Guideline amount would be inequitable because (for example) the cost to the payor would be excessive having regard to his or her foregone equity and costs of providing his or her own accommodation, inserting both applicable figures.

The second potential, common special provision, is an agreement to maintain the inclusion/deduction tax treatment. In cases where there is a substantial difference between the income tax rate of the payor and recipient, there is considerable advantage to be achieved, and potentially shared between the parties, by maintaining this tax treatment. It is advisable that such agreements build in their own formula for future variation so that the agreement or order made prior to the proclamation of the Income Tax Act amendment, currently contemplated for May 1, 1997, does not have to be varied after April 1997 to change the child support amounts payable to the recipient. The amendments to the Income Tax Act will provide that where an agreement or order is varied after April 1997 to change the child support amounts payable, then the new tax treatment of no inclusion/no deduction will be applicable.

Therefore, an agreement prior to the changes could, for example, include a cost of living clause, which could allow adjustment to the amounts without necessitating a change to the agreement or order, and this agreement would still attract the inclusion/deduction treatment.

The agreement should then go on to state the amount of support that would be payable pursuant to the Guidelines on the no inclusion/no deduction basis, point out the increased amount of disposable income in the hands of the recipient by reason of the deduction/inclusion treatment, and acknowledge that this constitutes a special provision and that application of the Guidelines would be inequitable.

The amendments to the Income Tax Act generally require an agreement that will attract the inclusion/deduction tax treatment to be made on or before April 30, 1997. However, the prior payments provisions in Sections 56.1(3) and 60.1(3) provide that an original agreement or order for child support made after April 30, 1997 and before December 31, 1998, may specify that the support will be included in the income of the recipient and deduced from the income of the payor. To qualify, the parties must have separated before May 1, 1997, and a payment of child support in any amount must have been made before that date. The usual clauses acknowledging that the parties intend the inclusion/deduction tax treatment, that the payment is made pursuant to the agreement or order and reference to the specific sections of the Income Tax Act are required. Such an agreement should not provide for a post April 1997 commencement date.

This opportunity for maintaining the inclusion/deduction regime does not apply to a variation of a child support order or agreement that was entered into before April 30, 1997: Section 56.1(3).

The third likely special provision will be a special trust set up to finance child related expenses. Should the trust cover such expenses, the requirement of being special and benefiting the child will be met. But will the application of the Guidelines be inequitable? If the parent or parents have established and funded the trust, perhaps, on a theory that the parent should not pay twice. But if the trust is funded by third parties, such as grandparents, is it equitable to release a parent of his or her obligation to pay child support? This is a much more arguable proposition.

Similarly, for agreements now being drafted it will be prudent to specify that certain provisions are not "special" provisions, if that is the intention. This will avoid creative arguments down the road that a less than Guidelines amount should be awarded because of some aspect of the agreement. In short, all agreements should now contain recitals setting out the basis of the child support agreement, even if it is only to recite the following:
(1) this agreement is made in accordance with the Guidelines;
(2) the payor's income is $\$$ $\qquad$ .
(3) the Table amount is $\$$ $\qquad$ .
(4) the special expense adjustments are $\$$ $\qquad$ .

In addition to addressing the technical requirements of the legislation, one should also consider including a provision outlining what will happen if the provision is challenged and an award obtained in accordance with the Guidelines, along the lines of a liquidated damage clause. This
could include an immediate termination of a special provision, reopening of other aspects of the agreement or even a refund of any foregone benefits by the noncustodial parent. Such a provision is key because just as noncustodial parents are currently reluctant to make lump sum child support arrangements because of the overriding jurisdiction of the Court not to uphold a child support agreement found to be contrary to the best interests of the child, so should they be reluctant to agree to a special provisions agreement without a stipulation for return of consideration should the agreement be set aside at the instance of the other party.

In respect of an agreement that describes a period of exclusive possession as a special provision, the agreement could provide that if an award is obtained in accordance with the Guidelines, the exclusive possession will terminate and the house will be sold forthwith. If the consideration is a conveyance of equity in a matrimonial home, the agreement could provide for a return of the equity, or again, for the sale of the property and distribution of proceeds between the couple. Where the special provision is the deduction/inclusion tax treatment, the agreement could provide that if an application is made for an award in accordance with the Guidelines, the parties are deemed to consent to an award equivalent to the amount in the agreement and that that amount is reasonable having regard to the child's needs, including special expenses. A more elaborate approach would be to attempt to quantify the loss of income to the recipient spouse over the remaining years that the child is expected to be a child of the marriage, and to consent to judgment in a specified amount (or an amount to be calculated by formula) should the payor apply for and obtain a reduced child support award in contravention to the agreement. Further, a clause could also be drafted to protect a payor should the recipient obtain a higher award in the face of an agreement to the contrary, but such a clause may be more difficult to enforce.

In conclusion, in cases falling within the presumptive aspect of the Guidelines, contracting out can be achieved through "reasonable consent", agreement as to "reasonable income levels" and "special provisions for the child's benefit" rendering the application of the Guidelines inequitable. All of these possibilities are subject to and limited by the Court's discretion and there is no assurance that such an agreement will actually survive the scrutiny of the Court. These limitations may well circumscribe the cases where parties do endeavour to enter into an agreement at variance to the provisions of the Guidelines, and this was surely the intention of the legislators.

# The Proposed Child Support Guideline Package: The Scope of Judicial Discretion 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# The Proposed Child Support Guideline Package: The Scope of Judicial Discretion 

By Professor James G. McLeod

## INTRODUCTION

The proposed Federal Child Support Package came into force on May 1, 1997. Notwithstanding the publicity the Package has generated, many parents are unclear about what the Package does and how it affects them. Correspondingly, many lawyers and judges have yet to examine the Package in sufficient detail to understand how it affects their jobs on a day to day basis.

Some parents (usually payees) consider the Package a recognition of the shortcomings of the current discretion driven child support regime. Others (usually payors) consider the Package yet another example of Society's attitude that an access parent's main function is to be a "wallet". As is often the case, neither perception is entirely accurate.

The amount of money that will be awarded "tax free" under the Guidelines is not appreciably greater than the amount of money that a judge would order under the prevailing judicial child support guidelines when the tax consequences arising under the current inclusion/deduction regime are factored out. A payor is unlikely to pay a significantly higher after tax amount of child support under the Guidelines than under the present practice. Indeed, in Alberta, an application of the prevailing judicial guideline [Levesque v. Levesque (1994), 4 R.F.L.(4th) 375 (Alta. C.A.] may lead to a higher after tax child support award than will be directed under the Guidelines.

As a result of the amendments to the Income Tax Act which remove child support payments from the inclusion/deduction regime, many payees believe that they will retain more of their child support dollars under the Federal Package than under the current inclusion/deduction regime. This is incorrect. Child support orders or agreements predating May 1, 1997, will continue to be subject to the inclusion deduction regime. While the parties will be able to sign and file documentation to render existing child support tax neutral, a payor is not likely to agree to such a filing unless the amount he or she pays is grossly inadequate under current practice or support is reduced. Any change by fresh agreement or order after the Guidelines are in force will convert a pre May 1997, child support agreement/order to the new regime. Judges will have to decide whether a variation of a prior agreement pursuant to the terms of the agreement will continue the prior regime or convert the variation agreement into a new agreement under the Guideline regime.

While anyone who has an existing child support order or agreement can opt into the Package, he or she cannot just decide to opt into the tax exemption. A party to an existing child support agreement or order can apply for a child support determination under the Child Support Guidelines. An order made under the Guidelines will be tax neutral under the Income Tax Amendments. However, depending on the parents' taxation rates, the net amount of child support payable under the

Guideline Tables may be less than the net after tax amount of child support that would be awarded under the current inclusion/deduction regime. Essentially, Parliament has discounted the amount of support deemed appropriate under the current inclusion/deduction regime by the amount of money the payor would have received back through his or her tax deduction.

Since the amount of the current income tax deduction for child support depends on the provincial as well as federal Income Tax Acts, Schedule 1 of the Child Support Guidelines includes a separate table for each province. The table for the province where the payor ordinarily resides at the time of proceedings should be applied: s. 3(3)(a); c.f. Section 3(3)(b) where payor's residence is unknown or outside Canada. Someone in Quebec for example will pay a different amount than someone in Nova Scotia, notwithstanding both payors and both payees earn the same income and have the same living expenses. Whether the disparate treatment accorded payors and payees across Canada under Bill C-41 (the amendments to the Divorce Act) satisfies the equality provisions of the Charter raises the question whether equal treatment under the law means treating people the same.

By making child support payments tax neutral and establishing the Guideline quantum by discounting current awards by the payor's taxation rate, Parliament has engineered a massive tax clawback from separated parents. Under the current practice, after determining a payor's fair share of the total child care costs, a presiding judge grosses up the payor's share to reflect the payee's taxation costs of receiving child support: Levesque v. Levesque, supra. Since the payee pays income tax on the money received as child support, the tax gross up ensures that after the payee has paid the requisite income tax on the child support, he or she retains an amount that represents the payor's fair share of the actual out of pocket child care costs.

Although the mother in Thibaudeau v. $R$ (1995), 12 R.F.L.(4th) 1 (S.C.C.) argued that judges did not take the tax costs of a support award into account, in the vast majority of cases, counsel and the judge addressed the taxation issues. While at one time judges and lawyers may have estimated the tax costs of a child support order, this has not been the case for some time. The proliferation of tax tables and charts which allow a person to quickly calculate the average tax costs of a child support order at various income levels and the net recovery or cost of a child support award has reduced the need for anyone to guess at the tax consequences of a child support order/agreement. The availability of computer generated family law support programs which calculate tax costs/savings and provide clear and accurate information of net disposable income after taxes and other statutory deductions are factored out means that lawyers can produce accurate tax information for settlement or litigation. It is unusual that at least one of the parties to a child support issue does not have access to a set of tax/support charts or a computer tax/support program.

Historically, payors earned more than payees. Accordingly payors deducted their child support payments at a higher marginal taxation rate than payees declared the payments received for income tax purposes. This means that a payor saved more in taxes than a payee paid. The difference in tax costs was then available to provide more net funds to be shared between the family members.

As a result of amendments to the Income Tax Act reducing the number of differential tax rates and changes in spousal income patterns generally; at the present time, many recipients are in the same or a higher tax bracket than payors. In these cases the current inclusion/deduction regime does not generate any family tax saving to share as support. In cases where a payor has insufficient resources to pay the recipient's tax gross up, the inclusion/deduction regime amounts to a tax penalty to a child support recipient.

It has been estimated that the change in tax policy means the Government will collect hundreds of millions of dollars in additional taxes: c.f. Bala, N: Ottawa's New Child Support Regime; 21 R.F.L.(4th) 301, 305. Some lawyers suggested that a family should be allowed to elect into or out of the inclusion/deduction regime: see Wolfson, Reflections of $R$. v. Thibaudeau (1995), 13 CFLQ 165. While this may seem fair to individual families, it would impair Parliament's ability to determine how much of the total tax saving was available for redistribution to low income families through tax credits to offset the effect of cancelling the inclusion/deduction.

Unless the recaptured tax money is returned to deserving parents and children the amendments will cost lower income payees and children money they need for living expenses: Finnie, R: An Evaluation of the Tax Changes in the Government's Proposed Child Support Package; (1996), 18 R.F.L.(4th) 171, 173. The Government proposes to increase the Working Income Supplement using money freed up by the removal of child support from the inclusion/deduction regime. At the present time, the major benefit of the tax subsidy under the inclusion/deduction regime is in cases where a payor has a high income and tax rate and a payee has a lower income and tax rate. Cases involving significantly disparate incomes are decreasing at least after spousal support awards are factored into the equation. As a matter of social policy, the tax subsidy funds would be better used by ensuring the money benefits lower income households, whether separated or not.

The clear winner under the Child Support Package amendments is the Federal government: Finnie, R: An Evaluation of the Tax Changes in the Government's Proposed Child Support Package, supra. The fairness of the decision to render child support payments tax neutral depends on how the Government disperses the extra tax collected. For some families, removing child support as an income source for taxation purposes will mean greater eligibility for the Child Tax Benefit. Assuming the Working Income Supplement. is properly structured, most families will feel little loss under the change in tax treatment of child support. Some lower income recipients may benefit from the change. The major losers will be low income recipients from high income payors.

## THE CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES: HOW DO THEY WORK?

The basic idea behind the child support guidelines is simple. The Guidelines create a set of tables to calculate the basic child support award: Child Support Guidelines Section 3; Schedule I. A judge determines a payor's income according to the Regulations, Sections 15-20, and then looks across the page to the "box" for the number of children who will be receiving support to find the amount that should be paid.

In contrast to the current practice whereby judges award support on an equal per capita basis where there is more than one child entitled to support, the Guidelines recognize that the consumption of shared expenses does not increase or decrease on an equal per capita basis if the number of children subject to child support changes: c.f. Soo Chan v. Soo Chan, [1995] WDFL 926 (BCSC)(child care costs not changing in direct proportion when child's residence changes). Thus the amount a payor pays under the Guidelines for two children is not twice the amount he or she pays for one child.

The other significant change from the way judges currently determine child support is that a payee's income is irrelevant to the basic child support amount under the Tables. This has upset some people who have interpreted the change to mean that the entire burden of child support is forced onto a non custodial parent. The Table system reflects the idea that during cohabitation and after separation parents generally have or should devote a reasonable share of the family income and resources to child support. This same theory underlies most of the judicial child support guidelines that have developed in recent years: c.f. Davies, C: The Emergence of Judicial Child Support Guidelines, 13 C.F.L.Q. 89.

The Guideline drafters have defended the omission of payee's income as a factor in determining the basic amount of support under the Tables on the basis that historically, custodial parents have expended a similar percentage of their income on the child as have access parents and also provide the bulk of the non financial child care: Canada, Department of Supply and Services, The New Child Support Package (6 March 1996) p. 13 (reasons for using payor's income). So far, this has not convinced payors who foresee their child support being used to maintain a custodial parent's lavish lifestyle at the child's expense. The Canadian approach is similar to that of many American States: Bradford, J: Child Support Guidelines, Child Support Revisited, L.S.U.C., C.L.E. Feb. 1996, London Ontario. At an administrative level it is easier to base support on one income variable instead of two.

According to current literature the picture of the selfish custodial parent is little more than urban legend passed from payor to payor. There are fewer divorced payor fathers seeking public assistance and living at or below the poverty level than there are divorced payee mothers and children: Pask and McCall, How Much and Why? Economic Implications of Marriage Breakdown: Spousal and Child Support(Calgary, Canadian Research Institute for Law and the Family, 1989).

In Levesque v. Levesque, supra, the Alberta Court of Appeal held that a separated family should reasonably spend approximately 20 percent of its total income for the support of one child and 30 percent of its total income on two children. In later cases, judges adjusted the percentage of family income that should be devoted to child support where there were more than two children. Although the Court cautioned that the percentage should be used to assess the reasonableness of the child care costs fixed on the evidence before a judge in a particular case, in Alberta and other provinces it has become common to attribute a fixed percentage of family income to child care costs and the onus is on the person alleging that this is. inappropriate to so prove: McLeod and Mamo, Annual Review of Family Law, 1996, pp. 159-160.

The reality is that financial statements and child care budgets are not very helpful in most cases. Most families spend into or exceed their available income. That debt financing is a way of life for many Canadians is reflected in family debt loads and credit card balances. If both parents and the children tried to maintain anything approaching the accustomed lifestyle both parties' financial statements would show deficits which is usually what happens.

Most separated families cannot continue their accustomed lifestyle that existed before family breakdown. During family cohabitation the family finances provide a home and benefits to all family members. After separation the same resources must fund two households. During cohabitation the payor as well as the payee and children share the benefits of any debt financing. Following separation, only the payee and children benefit from the debt financing, if as the Alberta Court of Appeal held in Levesque the payor must suffer a declining lifestyle to protect the children from the economic consequences of family breakdown. While the Court's sentiments are noble and accord with statements by other courts including the SCC: Moge v. Moge, supra; Willick v. Willick, supra; Richardson v. Richardson (1987), 7 R.F.L.(3d) 304 (SCC) they are inconsistent with most people's view of what is fair. Most people are not as altruistic as the ACA or the SCC.

Judges are not immune from notions of fundamental fairness. In the past, the amount of child support has been limited by the judges' views of what a payor can be expected to pay: Moge v. Moge, supra; Elliot v. Elliot, supra. It is submitted that, "ability to pay" is a judicial expression of what is a fair share of family resources for a payor to retain rather than an objective standard to be gleaned from financial statements: c.f. Thomson, R, Getting Blood From A Stone (1995), 12 C.F.L.Q 117-186.

In most cases, the quantum of child support turns on a payor's ability to pay and not the needs of the children or a custodial parent's resources: Moge v. Moge, supra. In most cases a family needs more money to maintain itself after separation than before separation. Most payor's have insufficient resources to maintain their own lifestyle and provide sufficient support for the children to maintain their accustomed lifestyle. Judges no longer view support as sharing surplus funds after a payor has met all of his or her reasonable needs. A payor is now expected to reduce his or her lifestyle to minimize the impact of separation on the children: Levesque v. Leveseque, supra. At the present time, most judges view support as a means of redistributing family resources and if necessary sharing the effects of family poverty: Pask and McCall, How Much and Why? An Overview, 5 C.F.L.Q. 129.

The percentage of family income attributable to child support under the Levesque Formula represents the Court's assessment of what is in most cases a fair distribution of family wealth between the family members and not just what is a fair share of family wealth to shift to child care costs based on historic norms. Most lawyers can and will structure their case around what judges establish as a reasonable distribution of wealth among the family members.

Lawyers and litigants are less likely to "pad" financial statements and budgets if they know that judges will not routinely vary the presumptive standard of what is deemed a "reasonable" distribution of resources. The success of the Levesque formula in Alberta is attributable to the judges' reluctance to hold the prima facie standard is "unreasonable" in a particular case. Similar results have been achieved in Saskatchewan and Prince Edward Island where judges maintain the presumptive judicial child support guideline. The success of the Federal Child Support Guidelines in reducing litigation and promoting consistency of awards also will depend on the judges' determination to maintain the integrity of the presumptive rule.

Judges are careful to point out that the Levesque Formula and other judicial child support guidelines do not authorize a court to simply order a share of a payor's income be paid as child support: c.f. Davies, C: The Emergence of Judicial Child Support Guidelines, supra. The percentage of family income attributable to child care costs should be apportioned between the parents according to the Paras Formula [Paras v. Paras (1971), 2 R.F.L. 328 (OCA)]. This maintains the appearance of fairness by requiring each parent to pay his or her fair share of the child care costs. The greater a parent's income, the more of the total child care costs will be attributed to such parent.

The judges' insistence that the prima facie percentage of family income devoted to child care costs be apportioned between the parents according to the Paras Formula is little more than a "public relations" exercise in most cases. Using the Levesque Formula as an example, if 20 percent of the family income is attributed to child care costs, a payor will pay 20 percent of his or her income as child support. Appearances notwithstanding, in all cases a strict application of Levesque and Paras will result in a payor paying 20 percent of his or her income as child support regardless of the payee's income: c.f. Woodside v. Woodside (1994), 8 R.F.L.(4th) 430 (Alta. Q.B.), Appendix pp. 438-443. Accordingly, the presumption inherent in the Federal Child Support Guidelines that a custodial parent will pay for his or her fair share of the child care costs even if his or her income is not factored into the equation to calculate the payor's share of child care costs is consistent with current awards.

## SHOULD WE ATTRIBUTE A PERCENTAGE OF FAMILY INCOME/PAYOR'S INCOME TO CHILD CARE INSTEAD OF CALCULATING THE ACTUAL CHILD CARE COSTS IN A PARTICULAR CASE?

One of the underlying assumptions of the Federal Child Support Package is that as a general rule a court need not calculate the actual child related expenses in a particular case. Put another way, the Guidelines assume that a generalized determination of child related expenses is preferable to a particularized fact driven determination of these costs on a case by case basis. If the assumption that most families spend into and beyond their available resources is correct then there is no need to review the particular facts in most cases.

The calculation of child related costs depends on what is the children's fair share of family resources. In many cases the amount of the family resources consumed by the children remains constant over time, just the form of consumption changes: c.f. Howes v. Howes 27 R.F.L.(3d) 289 (Ont. Gen. Div.). Day care costs give way to increased clothing and recreational costs. If day care costs are separated out and treated as an "add on" as is the case under the Guidelines, then the table amounts either overestimate the costs associated with young children or underestimate the costs associated with older children.

So long as the attribution of resources between separated parents and children reflects the increased cost of maintaining two households instead of one household, a fixed percentage of family wealth may fairly be attributed to the children. The amount of the attribution must reflect the fact that during cohabitation many expenses like housing and holidays are shared among both parents and the children. After separation, the sharing of housing and vacation costs will change. As well, a non custodial parent will have access costs that may not have existed while the family cohabited.

The validity of the Child Support Tables depends on whether the investigators did their homework. If they have properly assessed a reasonable apportionment of resources for most families, the Table amount should provide a reasonable quantum of support for most families. The success of the Guidelines will depend on whether judges are satisfied that the investigators did their homework.

In some cases, the Guideline Tables will lead to lower child support than under judicial child support guidelines. In other cases the opposite may occur, and the Tables may lead to higher child support orders than under judicial child support guidelines. The Government no longer promotes the Guidelines as necessary to ensure an increase in the quantum of child support and make adequate provision for children as it did previously: Objectives and Principles of the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee's Report and Recommendations on Child Support, January 1995, Summary, p.19. The current judicial child support guidelines have addressed both of these historic shortcomings: Davies, The Emergence of Judicial Child Support Guidelines, supra; Mamo, Apportionment of Child Care Costs: The Emergence of Judicial Guidelines, 13 C.F.L.Q. 89.

Notwithstanding the success of the current judicial child support guidelines in ensuring adequate child support, the Federal Guidelines should provide a better perspective of what is "reasonable" child support than current judicial guidelines. Judicial guidelines represent what judges think is reasonable based on the information before them. The information a judge receives depends on the skill and dedication of counsel and law clerks to provide complete and accurate statistical information to the judge. In developing the Guideline Tables, the investigators had more time and resources to develop their guidelines than counsel in individual cases.

Notes 5 and 6 of Schedule I(subsection 2(1) of the Guidelines), The Federal Child Support Tables, state that the amounts in the tables are calculated using a mathematical formula and generated by a
computer program. The amounts are based on economic studies of average spending on children in families at different income levels in Canada. The formula sets support to reflect average expenditures on children by a spouse with a particular number of children and level of income. The formula uses the recipient's basic personal amount for non refundable tax credits to recognize personal expenses and takes other federal and provincial taxes and credits into account. Federal Child Tax Benefits and Goods and Services Tax credits for children are excluded from the calculation. At lower income levels the formula sets the amounts to take into account the combined impact of taxes and child support payments on the support payor's limited disposable income.

## SHOULD JUDGES HAVE A DISCRETION TO OVERRIDE THE TABLES?

One of the questions facing the drafters of the Federal Child Support Guideline Package was whether to grant judges a discretion to override the table amounts. In the absence of express legislation to the contrary, judges will assume inherent parens patriae jurisdiction to protect children. This is not a jurisdiction judges will lightly abandon. The American experience with Guidelines shows that judges will use whatever powers they have to protect children from the consequences of family breakdown: c.f. Bradford, Child Support Guidelines, supra. Admittedly, some judges in the past did not appreciate the impact of their child support awards on children's lives but many judges have highlighted the past failure of the bar and bench to recognize children's needs: c.f. Moge v. Moge, supra; Elliot v. Elliot, supra; Levesque v. Levesque, supra; Wright v. Wright, supra.

To deny any discretion to override the tables means that all families are the same or the drafters could anticipate and provide for all contingencies. No one suggests that either of these assumptions is true. Therefore, the drafters had no alternative but to include some discretion to override or supplement the Tables under the Guidelines Package. Practically, the question is not whether there should be a discretion to alter the Table amount of support in a particular case but the nature and extent of the judicial discretion to do so.

Admitting that judges should have a discretion to override the Table amount of support in a particular case, the Guideline drafters had two extreme options. They could have left the discretion open ended by providing that a judge should apply the Table amount of support unless a litigant satisfied the judge that maintaining the Table amount would not be in the best interests of the children in a particular case. Or, the drafters could have provided judges with a precise and narrow discretion requiring proof of "unconscionability".

Either the drafters had a better idea than judges of when the Table amounts are unreasonable or they did not. If they did, they should have used strong language to limit the scope of the judicial inquiry to override the Tables. They did not do so. If they did not feel they were better able in the abstract to decide when the Table amounts were unreasonable they should have put the onus on the person seeking to override the Table to prove that it was in the best interests of the child to do so. They did not do this either. What they did was to create the impression of a limited discretion to override the

Tables but left judges free to override the table amount of support in a broad, unstructured range of circumstances.

In order to be effective, discretion structuring factors should not just provide a list of factors to be considered by a judge in overriding a prima facie rule but should also provide concrete guidance on how each factor should affect a judge's decision. The effect of a discretion structuring factor depends the objectives to be accomplished through the use of judicial discretion: c.f. $B$ v. $G$ 15 R.F.L.(4th) 201 (SCC) per L'Heureux Dube J. Unfortunately, the Guidelines provide discretion structuring factors that must be taken into account without explaining how an individual factor affects a judge's discretion or how seemingly inconsistent factors should be balanced or weighted.

This is similar to what happened in mobility/relocation cases. In Gordon v. Goertz (1996), 19 R.F.L. (4th) 177 (SCC), the SCC hèld that whether a custodial parent should be allowed to move with a child against the wishes of an access parent depended on the best interests of the child. McLachlin J identified a number of factors a court should consider in deciding what was in the best interests of a child in a particular case but provided little guidance how the competing factors should be weighted and balanced. The effect has been that a custodial parent was allowed to move from Saskatchewan to Australia but not from Ontario to Scotland, and a parent was allowed to move from London, Ontario to Peterborough, Ontario (three and one half hours drive) but not from London, Ontario to Kitchener, Ontario (one hour drive).

A discretion without proper discretion structuring factors invites arbitrariness and puts litigants at the mercy of what an individual judge thinks is fair and reasonable. Listing discretion structuring factors without providing guidance on how the factors should be applied looks better but has no different effect in practice. If the Guidelines do not structure trial judges' discretion, appeal courts will be forced to do so. The alternative is that appeal courts will routinely dismiss quantum appeals as is the current practice and individual trial judges will be free to make their own rules. In the latter case, any sense that the Guidelines promote consistency among awards is more perceived than real in cases involving judicial discretion.

## THE SCOPE OF THE JUDICIAL DISCRETION TO ALTER THE TABLE AMOUNTS

Many lawyers and judges think that the Guidelines provide a quick method to determine child support and avoid most of the discretion problems under the current child support regime. Although the Guideline Tables will provide a quick reference to determine support for the majority of separated families, the Guideline Package contains more discretion than may be apparent on a cursory reading of Bill C-41 and the Regulations.

Briefly, a court has a discretion to override the Guideline Tables whenever a case involves support for a child of the marriage aged 18 (19 in some jurisdictions) or older, a child in post secondary education, undue hardship is shown and the standard of living test is passed, a payor makes in excess of $\$ 150,000$ annually, a parent will incur special or extraordinary child care costs, or parents
share custody. As well, a court also exercises a discretion, albeit of a different nature, where it is required to determine imputed income. In these cases, a Recipient is also required to provide financial disclosure for Guideline income calculations. A court also exercises discretion when it decides on the form of a support order in a particular case.

As a general rule, a court should exercise its discretion under the Guidelines to promote the objectives of the Guidelines. Child support, like spousal support, is a creation of statute and the scope of a court's power to award support depends on the enabling legislation. How a court should exercise its discretionary jurisdiction depends on the purpose behind the legislation. Pursuant to Section 1 of the Regulations, the objectives of the Guidelines are:
(a) to establish a fair standard of support for children that ensures that they continue to benefit from the resources of both parents after separation;
(b) to reduce conflict and tension between the parents by making the calculation of child support more objective;
(c) to improve the efficiency of the legal process by giving courts and spouses guidance in setting the levels of child support orders and encouraging settlement; and
(d) to ensure consistent treatment of spouses and children who are in similar circumstances.

Accordingly, it is submitted that a court should maintain the table amounts except in clear cases where to do so would put the child's interests at risk or clearly provide too much or too little money to meet the child's reasonable needs. If a court adopts a broad discretion to review the table amounts on a case by case basis it will not reduce tension by making calculations more objective nor improve the efficiency of the legal process. If a court simply treats the tables as a "floor" and routinely adds to the table amount, it may provide spousal support under the guise of child support which does not promote fair and consistent treatment of the spouses.

Pursuant to Section 15.1(3) of Bill C-41, a court making a final or interim child support order under the Divorce Act shall do so in accordance with the applicable Guidelines.

However, Section 15.1 (5) of Bill C-41 provides that notwithstanding subsection (3), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines if it is satisfied that:
(a) special provisions in an order, judgment or a written agreement directly or indirectly benefit a child or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child; and
(b) the application of the applicable guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given those special provisions. Where a court overrides the guidelines pursuant to Section $15.1(5)$ the Court must provide reasons for doing so.

As well, notwithstanding Section 15.1(3), a court may override the Guidelines on the consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child to whom the order relates. In reviewing a consent, a court must consider the guidelines but a court should not deem the parental arrangements unreasonable solely because the amount of support agreed to is different from what is directed under the guidelines.

## CHILD OVER AGE OF MAJORITY

The presumptive rule that child support should be the amount set out in the applicable table under the regulations only applies to children under the age of majority: Section 3(1) Regulations.

Pursuant to Section 3(2), where a child is of or over the age of majority, the amount of child support is the amount determined by applying the guidelines as if the child was under the age of majority or the amount the Court considers appropriate having regard to the condition, means and other circumstances of the child and the parents. The guidelines do not assist judges in deciding when the guidelines are appropriate or when a court should override the guidelines. If the guidelines are deemed inappropriate a court should determine child support by apportioning the actual child care costs remaining after taking into account the child's ability to contribute to his or her own costs according to the Paras Formula.

Adult children who are still dependant on their parents fall into various categories:

1) children still in school;
2) children with health or other limitations;
3) children who are unable to find secure employment despite making efforts to do so.

The guidelines do not deal with entitlement to support, just quantum of support. There is authority in varying degrees to continue support for each of these classes of dependants under current caselaw. Presumably, the present caselaw will continue to apply to determine entitlement, form and duration of support.

The current caselaw applies the same basic support analysis to adult children as to minor children. In practice, adult children are more likely to be able to contribute to their own needs. At the present time, judges decide how much the adult child needs to maintain a reasonable lifestyle, how much the child can reasonably be expected to contribute from his or her own resources and then apportion the shortfall between the parents according to the Paras Formula. Lawyers and judges are likely to
conduct the same basic exercise to determine child support for adult children under the Guidelines. If there is a significant difference between the quantum of child support under the guidelines then under the Paras Formula, judges will be tempted to order support according to the greater of the table amount or the Paras Formula subject to ability to pay. If judges continue current practice, the main issue in determining support for adult children is likely to be how much money a child should reasonably be expected to contribute to his or her own living costs: c.f. McLeod and Mamo, Annual Review of Family Law, 1996, pp. 126-127.

Having said this, the Guidelines are more complicated on the point than may seem on a cursory reading. Pursuant to Section 3(2)(b), a judge may only override the guidelines if he or she considers the amount payable under the guidelines inappropriate.

How should a court determine whether the guidelines amount is inappropriate? Presumably, if the guidelines amount would not meet the reasonable needs of a child after taking into account the child's ability to contribute to his or her own needs, the guidelines are inappropriate. A court should not simply determine support according to Levesque and Paras and compare the amount to the guidelines. Rather, a court should decide child support according to the guidelines and then decide if such support will meet the child's reasonable needs. If it will, the Court should apply the guidelines and not "fine tune" the quantum. If the amount is insufficient to meet the child's needs, the Court should apply the Levesque/Paras Formula.

In order to promote the Section 1 Objectives, judges should insist that a person seeking to alter the table amount of support prove that a particular child's needs cannot reasonably be met on the table amount. A judge should insist that the party seeking to alter the table amount identify a special need not addressed under the "add ons" (Section 7) to justify granting a different amount than in a usual case.

## UNDUE HARDSHIP: THE NATURE OF THE POWER

On either spouse's application, a court may award an amount of child support that is different from the amount determined under sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 if the Court finds that the spouse making the request or a child in respect of whom the request is made would otherwise suffer undue hardship: Section 10(1). If a court makes an order under Section 10(1), it must record its reasons for doing so: Section 10(6).

In deciding whether to exercise its discretion to relieve against undue hardship under Section 10(1) a court should consider whether the amount of child support that would be awarded under sections $3-5,8$ or 9 is unreasonably high or low having regard to the circumstances of the parties and child, including the circumstances in Section 10(2). Although Section 10(1) does not expressly direct a court to include "add ons" under Section 7 in deciding whether maintaining the guideline amount would cause undue hardship, Section 3(1)(b) directs a court to include the "add ons" in determining the base award.

Even if a court is satisfied that there would be undue hardship without a further order under Section 10(1), it must deny relief if it is of the opinion that the household of the spouse who claims undue hardship would, after determining the amount of child support under any of sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 , have a higher standard of living than the household of the other spouse: Section 10(3). In comparing the household standards of living, a court may use the comparison of household standards of living test set out is Sch. II: Section 10(4). Computer software (SOLmate Standards of Living Test) has been developed to simplify the complicated six step mathematical calculation which is a prerequisite for "undue hardship" claims under Section 10 of the Regulations.

The Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test is an objective means to determine if one household has a higher standard of living than the other household considering the payment and receipt of a guideline child support amount and any other circumstances which may cause undue hardship.

In reviewing the household standard of living threshold, a court must consider the income and composition of both parents' household. Where a spouse alleges undue hardship, each spouse must make financial disclosure: Section 21(1)(2)(3).

There is no obligation on a new partner of a parent to provide financial disclosure unless a court considers it reasonable for that person to be considered part of the household: Sch.II Section 1 "household". It is difficult to understand how a court could decide that a partner who was living with a parent and consuming resources should not be considered as part of the parent's household. The new partner's financial circumstances are relevant and necessary to a comparison of the parents' household standard of living. Where a partner is included in the household, his or her disposable income is added directly to the household income to compare the parents' standard of living.

Where a partner stands in loco parentis to a child, he or she could be joined to the proceeding to allow a proper apportionment of responsibility. The best course would seem to be for the provinces to provide in the local rules of practice for disclosure by a parent's partner in undue hardship claims: Section 21 (5)(making of rules by competent authorities not precluded).

There does not appear to be any power under current law: Wright v. Wright, supra, or Section 19 of the Regulations to impute all or part of a partner's income to a parent in determining income under the Guidelines. Nor can a court draw an adverse inference against a parent under Section 23 of the Regulations because his or her partner refuses to voluntarily provide financial disclosure in the absence of an amendment or supplemental obligations in provincial rules of practice. Apparently, a new partner's income need only be disclosed where an undue hardship claim is made. Since most parents will want to know the other parent's partner's circumstances to get a complete picture of the parent's circumstances judges should expect undue hardship cases to be made based largely if not entirely on the presence of another person in the household to share resources and contribute to costs. Faced with such applications, judges are likely to fall back on past practice to decide the
effect of a partner's income on child support obligations: see Levesque v. Levesque, supra; Wright v. Wright, supra.

Once a court has determined the household incomes, it must decide as a threshold matter whether the undue hardship claimant has a lower "standard of living". This appears to require a comparison of lifestyles and not a comparison of which spouse is more satisfied with his or her life. While a spouse should not be able to rely on post separation debts to reduce his or her child support responsibility, a spouse may be able to defend an application to increase the prima facie level of support because of his or her debt load so long as the debts were not incurred to avoid support: McLeod and Mamo, Annual Review of Family Law, 1996, p.200. However, in Isbister v. Isbister, [1995] WDFL 1256 (SQB) Dickson J stated that it was difficult to understand how the father and his partner could live in a comfortable home, support two children, meet a monthly mortgage payment that was greater than their combined incomes yet not have sufficient money to pay child support.

Although the Guidelines do not define undue hardship, section 10(2) provides a non exhaustive list of circumstances that many cause a spouse or child to suffer undue hardship. It is likely that a court will decide the issue by balancing the hardship to the complaining parent and/or child of maintaining the guideline against the hardship to the responding parent and/or child of overriding the guidelines. If the Courts' current attitude to overriding separation agreements or varying court orders is any indication, a custodial parent seeking to increase the basic amount of support is more likely to succeed than a payor parent seeking to reduce support.

The drafters have adopted what appears to be a high discretion threshold to override the Guidelines. By setting the variation threshold at "undue hardship" the drafters acknowledge that the Guidelines may cause hardship in a particular case without giving rise to a right to increase or decrease support. This is consistent with the general principle that it is in the interests of children, parents and the administration of justice that child support be settled quickly and consistently even if in some cases the result is inequitable.

By requiring that any hardship arising from the application of the guidelines in a particular case be "undue" before a court can vary the guidelines, it is submitted that the drafters intended to restrict the undue hardship discretion to extraordinary cases.

Where each parent has custody of one or more children section 8 directs a "set off" of the amount each would owe the other parent as child support under the guidelines. A court may grant undue hardship relief if applying the set off would cause undue hardship. In split custody cases, a parent may allege that limiting him or her to the "set off" would result in grossly disparate lifestyles for the children. If the main reason for the difference is that one or both parents have formed a new relationship and the new partners have different resources and needs, a court must decide how second family interests affect the undue hardship discretion. There is little reason to suggest that courts will have more success at prioritising first and second family interests than they have to date.

The best advice in such cases is to maintain the set off unless the result "shocks the conscience of the Court".

A parent may also allege that applying the "set off" would result in him or her having insufficient resources to provide for himself/herself and a child under his/her control. While judges acknowledge that the quantum of support is limited by a payor's ability to pay, they give little scope to the defence. The theory of the guidelines is that rather than analyse needs and means on a case by case basis, the law should direct a general sharing of resources. Accordingly, a payor seeking undue hardship relief based on inability to pay should have to show extraordinary expenses to meet the threshold.

Lack of income will not usually be a consideration since the table amounts are based on income. A spouse with no or minimal income will not be required to pay support under the tables. In light of this it is difficult to see how a judge could order such a parent to pay support unless he or she is attributed income under Section 19 of the regulations. Child support should not be used to rearrange who seeks welfare assistance.

A court may also grant undue hardship relief where a spouse exercises a right of access to or has physical custody of a child for not less than 40 percent of the time over the course of the year. Where spouses share custody, the guidelines set out a list of factors to determine child support which itself involves discretion in fixing quantum. A court may in turn override the formula amount if the payment would result in undue hardship. With respect, if the child support determined under Section 9 requires a court to take into account the table amount, any extra access or shared custody costs and the condition means and other circumstances of each spouse and any child for whom support is claimed, it is difficult to see what room is left for the undue hardship exception. It is unlikely that a court will select an amount in the exercise of its discretion under Section 9 that causes undue hardship. It is also difficult to see how the undue hardship considerations extend a court's inquiry from the discretion factors under Section 9.

While it is dangerous to speculate, it seems likely that most applications for undue hardship relief will be made by payors. Since historically, payors have had a higher standard of living than payees, the Standard of Living threshold will limit the number of successful undue hardship applications.

Short of stating that a court may override an order that includes "add ons" under Section 7 through reference to Section 3, the Guidelines do not provide any assistance how add ons and undue hardship discretion should interact. On the language of Section 10, a court should determine the support rights under sections $3-5$ (which includes reference to add ons), 8 or 9 , then decide whether to alter that award to redress undue hardship under Section 10. The problem is that sections $4,5,7$ and 9 all give a court a broad discretion to do what is fit and just in all the circumstances and it is difficult to belief that a court would make an order under such powers that would be open to attack for undue hardship. The reality is that undue hardship relief will usually be sought from support determined under the Tables.

Where a fact situation involves a number of discretion powers under the guidelines, judges may understandably be driven to ignore the Guidelines and revert to past practice out of desperation! If the guidelines prove too complicated to apply, a court may fall back on its parens patriae power.

## UNDUE HARDSHIP: THE NON EXHAUSTIVE LIST OF CONSIDERATIONS

Pursuant to Section 10(2) circumstances that may cause a spouse or child to suffer undue hardship include:
(a) the spouse has responsibility for an unusually high level of debts to support the family prior to separation or to earn a living.

To the extent that a matrimonial property regime directs that family debts should be subtracted from a spouse's gross worth to calculate the shareable family property, a court should be careful not to allow double accounting by taking the same debts which reduced the property payment into account in deciding whether it is fair to maintain the guideline child support table amount.

A debt must be reasonably incurred to fall within the subsection. Thus, frivolous debts or debts for personal enjoyment may not come within the subsection: contrast the treatment of debts in reducing nfp under Section 4(1)(a) of the Family Law Act, RSO 1990 c. F-3: Carson v. Carson (1989) 22 R.F.L. (3d) 442 (Ont. C. A.) (reasonableness of debt not a consideration).

Unlike family debts, debts incurred to earn income may arise before or after separation on the words of the subsection. Debts to earn income may include tool, clothing, car and travel expenses.

Where a court relies on a spouse's debt load to alter child support, it may specify the time period during which the support should be changed and provide for the amount to be paid at the end of that time: Section 10(5). The time period may reflect the time it takes to pay off the debt or to rearrange finances to minimize the effect of the debt on the spouse's income stream: c.f. Mombourquette v. Mombourquette (1996) 174 NBR(2d) 1 (QB)(support reduced to allow father to deal with law suit over family debt).
(b) the spouse has unusually high access expenses. All access involves food, accommodation, recreational and other expenses. If a parent does not exercise access his or her support may be increased to reflect the increased costs to the custodial parent of assuming responsibility for these costs: Russo v. Russo (1988) 15 R.F.L.(3d) 243 (OHC). A parent should not be allowed to cancel support for the
time a child is with him or her on "ordinary" access or reduce support by the amount spent on a child during "ordinary" access: Edwards(Pereira) v. Edwards (1993) 126 NSR(2d) 341 (SC); Newell v. Newell [1995] WDFL 1300 (BCMaster).

A parent may have unusually high access costs because a child is with him or her more than usual, the travel costs associated with access are higher than usual or a parent spends excessively on the child during access visits. It is submitted that Section 10(2)(b) is intended to deal primarily with the second type of case.

A parent should not be able to claim undue hardship because the child is with him or her more than usual. Section 9 of the Regulations provides that if a child is with a non custodial parent for at least 40 percent of the time in a year, a court may alter the table amount of support. Accordingly, it is submitted that a court has no discretion to alter the table amount just because a child is with a parent for more than "usual" access visitation but less than 40 percent of the time. The specific power to vary for access duration overrides the general power to vary because of access costs.

Unless a child has special needs which require an access parent to incur different access expenses than for a non special needs child, an access parent should not be allowed to reduce child support so that he or she can spend extravagantly while the child is with him or her.
(c) the spouse has a legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person. Presumably, a court can rely on the ejusdem generis maxim to include legal obligations arising out of cohabitation agreements and marriage contracts in the discretion structuring factors under the general reference to "circumstances" in section 10(1). On the other hand, a judge may decide that by expressly adverting to one type of domestic contract, the drafters intended to exclude consideration of other domestic contracts.

The subsection only includes legal support obligations that have crystallized by order or agreement. A moral obligation or a legal obligation that is not in a court order or a separation agreement to support a new partner or children in a second family relationship does not fall within section 10(2)(c).

A court is likely to review carefully a domestic contract arising out of a second family relationship. In accordance with present practice a court will likely give serious consideration to a support obligation arising out of a prior relationship. As a general rule, a court will give priority to first family obligations. However, the rule is often observed in the breach. While there is authority for various principles in comparing first and second family obligations: see McLeod and Mamo, Annual

Review of Family Law, 1996 pp. 167-171; appeal courts have not established any clear and consistent principles. The Courts' discretion in most cases depends on little more than an individual judge's determination of what is "fair". Unfortunately, section 10(2) (c) does not provide any better guidance. The current confused practise is likely to continue.

Presumably, the maximum relief a court will grant under the subsection is that it will reduce a payor's income by the amount of the obligation and reapply the tables. However, a court is not required to do so under section 10(2)(c). A court is only required to reduce the income available for child support to the extent necessary to prevent undue hardship. Generally however, judges are likely to subtract the amount of contractual/ordered support and apply the tables on the reduced income unless this would lead to clearly inadequate support.

The present practice and the Guidelines reflect the policy that child support has priority to spousal support. Accordingly, a court may be less willing to reduce child support because of a competing spousal support obligation. However, a court should not ignore a competing spousal support obligation. If the drafters intended to exclude spousal support obligations they should have so stated. As well, if a court was only concerned with competing child support obligations, there would have been no need to include Section 10(2)(c) in light of Section 10(2)(d).

There is no requirement under Section 10(2)(c) that the person to whom the obligation is owed be living with the parent seeking relief.

In competing for scarce resources, most judges accept that child support has first priority, then spousal support and finally parental support: Hua v. Lam (1985), 49 R.F.L.(2d) 216 (BCSC). Presumably, the same priorities will be maintained in one fashion or another under Section 10(2)(c).

Although there is no guarantee that if a court grants relief it will recalculate support under the tables as if the money owed by agreement or court order was removed from the payor's income stream, in calculating the household standard of living for threshold purposes, the amount of any support paid under a court order or separation agreement is deducted from household income under Step 2,(a)(iii) of Sched II.
(d) the spouse has a legal duty to support a child who is not a child of the marriage as defined in Divorce Act section 2(1) as am. Bill C-41, section 1(2). The subsection will most often be used to take into account an obligation owed to a child of a new relationship. This is in keeping with current practice that while first family obligations generally have priority to second family obligations, a court will try to
ensure that children entitled to support are treated fairly: Edwards (Pereira) $v$. Edwards (1994), 5 R.F.L.(4th) 321 (NSCA)(court not to prefer children from one family over another); Mv. M (1995), 18 R.F.L.(4th) 337 (AQB)(father not entitled to prefer one set of children); Coutts v. Coutts (1995), 15 R.F.L.(4th) 234 (SQB) (court to consider welfare of all children in making order).

The competing obligation under Section 10(2)(d) like that under section 10(2)(c) is restricted to legal obligations. However, the obligation under section 10(2)(d) does not need to have crystallized into a court order or agreement.

There is no obligation that the child referred to under section 10(2)(d) be living with the parent seeking relief.

Unlike the family obligations falling under Section 10(2)(c), obligations under 10(2)(d) are not automatically deducted in calculating household income for threshold purposes under Sch.2, Step 2, (a) (iii).
(e) the spouse has a legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessaries of life due to an illness or disability. The subsection is a general "catch all". In those provinces such as Ontario which spell out spousal support, child support and parent support the subsection will have little application. However, in provinces where support legislation is less precise and resort must be had to criminal law or "poor laws" to justify support obligations in some cases the subsection may be more important.

## PAYOR EARNING OVER $\$ 150,000$ ANNUALLY

Pursuant to Section 4, a court may override the quantum of child support determined under Section 3 where a payor earns over $\$ 150,000$ annually. Since a payee's income is only relevant to a Section 3 child support determination where there are special expenses, that a payee earns over $\$ 150,000$ annually will not automatically trigger a court's discretion to increase or decrease support.

Where a payor earns in excess of $\$ 150,000$ annually, the amount of child support shall be the amount determined under Section 3 [amount under the tables and "add ons" for children under the age of majority or for children over the age of majority whatever a judge deems appropriate having regard to all of the circumstances of the case.] For the portion of income over $\$ 150,000$ the court could award such other amount as a court decides is appropriate having regard to the condition, means and other circumstances of the parties and the child, including "add ons".

Essentially, where a payor earns in excess of $\$ 150,000$ a court must decide whether awarding the table amount plus add ons is appropriate or whether there should be some further readjustment based on the actual facts of the case. Under the tables, a court awards a fixed sum on the first
$\$ 150,000$ of income and then directs a further sum calculated as a percentage on any income over $\$ 150,000$.

The guideline tables were developed to deal with the "usual" case and assumes usual needs and means. A child is entitled to a lifestyle commensurate with the joint parental incomes: Willick v . Willick, supra; Levesque v. Levesque, supra; Wright v. Wright, supra. However, support should not increase indefinitely as a payor's income increases. At some point, a child has no further unaddressed need and increasing support amounts to awarding spousal support under the guise of child support: Willick v. Willick, supra. Arguably, a court should only alter the table calculation if maintaining the table would result in greater support than necessary to meet a payor's fair share of the child's actual needs.

Given the recent trend to increase child support, judges will be tempted to view the tables as a "floor" and award the table amount or the amount determined on the Levesque/Paras Formula, whichever is greater. However, this ignores the caveat in Willick v. Willick, supra and other cases that a court not award spousal support under the guise of child support. At some point, all of a child's needs are being met and further payments indirectly benefit only the custodial parent or will improperly be used to acquire capital.

The wording of Section 4 is convoluted and confusing. The thrust of the section is that a court should apply Section 3 unless it decides that amount is inappropriate on the facts of a case. Before a court considers the alternate distribution scheme under Section 4(b), it must decide that the table amount plus "add ons" is "inappropriate". The onus is therefore on the party alleging that the Section 3 quantum is inappropriate to prove its case.

What does "inappropriate" mean? Since Section 10 deals with undue hardship, the Section 4 discretion must refer to something other than "hardship". While it may be argued that Section 4 includes "hardship" other than undue hardship, this seems rather a rather specious way to rationalize the two provisions and means that high income families have more hardship opportunities to override the tables than low income families.

The only reasonable alternative is that "inappropriate" means that the order does not fairly address the child's needs. If the basic order under values a child's need then the case could be dealt with as a "hardship" case under Section 10. Although Section 10(2) does not include the needs of a child, as a hardship factor, a court could include the consideration as a matter of discretion. However, the custodial parent would have to satisfy the standard of living threshold. If the basic order overvalues a child's need there is no hardship but the amount would seem inappropriate given the purpose of child support - to ensure a sufficient distribution of wealth to meet a child's reasonable needs: Section 1(a).

As a general rule, a court should exercise its discretion under the Guidelines to promote the Guideline Objectives in Section 1. A bias in favour of maintaining the tables is more in keeping.
with the thrust of the guidelines than one which routinely reviews high income cases. Accordingly, it is submitted that the discretion function under Section 4 should primarily be invoked to prevent overfunding child care costs to the extent of providing spousal support under the guise of child support. A parent who alleges that the basic award is insufficient to meet a child's reasonable needs should have the onus or proving the alleged needs are appropriate to the child's standard of living before separation, the family history with other children and will not amount to spousal support under the guise of child support. If the table amounts address "usual" needs, a recipient seeking to override the table amount should be required to prove unusual or extraordinary need.

## SPOUSE IN PLACE OF A PARENT

Where the spouse against whom a child support order is sought stands in the place of a parent for a child, the amount of a child support order is, in respect of that spouse, such amount as the Court considers appropriate, having regard to the guidelines and any other parent's legal obligation to support the child: Section 5 .

To date, the judges have not been able to develop a consistent analysis to deal with the effect of second families on first family support or the effect of first family obligations on second family support. While there is substantial agreement on many basic principles to deal with apportioning resources between two families, most of the rules are broken as often as applied.

Section 5 does little to help judges decide how to prioritize first and second family obligations. Notwithstanding the awkward wording, Section 5 appears limited to cases where a support order is claimed against a person who stands in loco parentis to his or her spouse's child. Although the Divorce Act and most provincial child support statutes acknowledge that a person may owe a support obligation to a child if he or she has assumed the role of a parent towards the child, neither the legislation nor the caselaw provides concrete guidance how the psychological parent's obligation "fits" with the biological parents' obligations. Which obligation has priority and to what extent?

Section 5 leaves the nature and extent of a psychological parent's child support obligation to the discretion of the presiding judge. This does no more than institutionalize the prior practice under the Divorce Act. Accordingly, prior caselaw should continue to be applicable to determining a psychological parent's child support obligation. Unfortunately, it is difficult to decipher the former rules!

Although Section 5 does not refer to a psychological parent's other obligations, it is likely that in determining a psychological parent's obligation a court will take into account his or her other support obligations in addition to the obligations of anyone else who owes a support obligation to the child. While it is always possible to consider other family obligations under the "undue hardship" exception: Section $10(2)(\mathrm{c})(\mathrm{d})$, this appears to involve a higher threshold of proof than under Section 5.

## MEDICAL AND DENTAL INSURANCE

Pursuant to Section 6, in making a child support order, where medical or dental insurance coverage for the child is available to either spouse through his or her employer or otherwise at a reasonable rate, a court may order that coverage be acquired or continued. The section adds little to existing caselaw which assumed such a power in child support proceedings. There is no indication that a payment under Section 6 to maintain insurance coverage should be deducted from the amount of child support determined under Sections 3,4,5,7,8,9, or 10. Subject to a discretion contained in such sections e.g., undue hardship, a court should treat the insurance cost as an add on. It is surprising that the insurance coverage was not simply included with the other "add ons": c.f. Section 7(1)(b). Perhaps the failure to include insurance coverage with the "add ons" suggests that such awards should be made as a matter of course.

Presumably, if a party can provide coverage at no cost or a modest cost, judges routinely will order coverage when requested, as seems to be the current practice: see e.g., Ciardullo v. Ciardullo (1995) 15 R.F.L.(4th) 121 (BCSC)(health coverage); Marsden v. Marsden [1995], WDFL 1056 (OGD)(insurance coverage).

## SPECIAL OR EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES

Pursuant to Section 7, a court may on either spouse's request provide for an amount to cover certain listed expenses or any portion of those expenses, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation. The amount awarded in respect of the identified expenses is in addition to the amount of support set out in the tables: Section 3(a)(b).

The initial question is whether the identified expenses should be routinely added to the base support or whether there must be some special reason to include the expense in addition to the base amount. From the language of the section, the onus is on a person seeking special expense funding to prove why such costs should be allowed.

A court should not include an amount for extra costs unless it is satisfied that it is in the child's best interests to include the expense, the family can afford the expense and the expenditure is in keeping with the family's historic spending patterns. It is difficult to see how any of the expenses listed would not be in a child's best interests. The key discretion structuring factor is likely to be "ability to pay".

Some judges will be tempted to treat the tables as a "floor" and to include the "add ons" as a matter of course. This is inconsistent with the Section 1 objectives, the language of Section 7 and the margin notes to the section.

Day care costs are usually incurred for the listed reasons. The question is whether the table amounts include a day care component for young children. If they do not, the expense routinely should be added on. However, if the table amounts include a day care component, the onus should be on the claimant to prove that he or she has special costs over and above the usual day care costs.

In Howes v. Howes (1990), 27 R.F.L.(3d) 289 (OHC) Potts J noted that in many cases children's needs change over time but may not necessarily increase. Day care costs give way to higher recreational, clothing and education costs. It is difficult to believe that in setting the table amounts, the drafters did not take this into account. Judges cannot decide whether the "add ons" should be treated as routine or extraordinary considerations until the background research and explanations for how the table amounts were calculated is explained.

The Guideline Tables do not distinguish among differently aged children. Section 7 accepts that post secondary education costs are not included in the tables and should be dealt with as a routine add on, with only the amount of the add on varying from case to case. Post secondary school costs cannot be calculated in advance. They vary from child to child depending on whether there is a local college/university, whether the child wishes to attend school at home and where he or she is accepted. This is unlike the case with clothing and extra curricular activity expenses which are similar for most children in similar economic circumstances.

Accordingly, post secondary school costs routinely should be added to the table costs and apportioned between the parents according to the Paras Formula: Section 7(2). The actual cost in a case depends on where a child plans to attend school, the cost of the schooling and the duration of the schooling. As at the present time, a judge must decide whether the proposed plans are reasonable given the family resources and the child's needs and aptitude.

If the tables did not include a figure representing baby sitting/child care costs while children are young which transforms to higher clothing and recreational costs as they age, a court should routinely include day care costs as add ons. It is likely there will be pressure from care givers to routinely include day care costs. However, there is no indication the drafters saw costs increasing as a result of ageing. This suggests that they viewed basic costs as changing in form more than quantum. Accordingly, only unusual day care costs or unusual recreational costs should be considered as add ons.

The difficulty with this analysis is that it fails to take into account the different wording of the Section 7 subsections. The section refers to child care expenses, medical and dental insurance premiums and post secondary expenses with no "qualifying adjectives" such as "extraordinary". On the other hand, the section refers to "extraordinary" primary or secondary school costs, extracurricular activities and health related expenses exceeding $\$ 100$. The inference from the different wording is twofold. First, that none of the former expenses were taken into account in setting the quantum under the tables and if any such expense is reasonable given the family needs
and means, the cost should be apportioned between the spouses according to their abilities to pay. Second, since a "base" amount for the latter expenses is inherent in the table quantum, the onus is on a person seeking to obtain additional funding to prove that the cost is so much higher than the costs usually associated with such activities and such costs are in keeping with the accustomed lifestyle and resources that the costs should be shared between the parents.

The main problem with the Courts' discretion under Section 7 is that no one is clear about what types of expenses are included in the basic table amounts of support. Without knowing this, judges and lawyers cannot know whether a claim is for a true add on or is just double accounting.

Although the regulations describe the expenses as "special" or "extraordinary" in the margin notes, most of the expenses are common place. Does this mean that a court should only order the expenses in addition to the amount set out otherwise under the Guidelines in special or extraordinary cases? There is nothing to suggest that a court should consider these expenses only in exceptional cases and as a general rule, "margin notes" should not force a strained interpretation on the words of a statute.

The amount of child support under the tables increases as a payor's income increases. The increased funding allows for higher recreational, educational, clothing and related expenses. Accordingly, a court should not routinely include additional extracurricular expenses [Section 7(1)(f)].

## SPLIT CUSTODY

Where each spouse has custody of one or more children the amount of a child support order is the difference between the amount that each spouse would otherwise pay if a child support order were sought against each spouse: Section 8. Unlike when dealing with cases of shared custody to the same child: Section 9, a court has no general discretion to override the set off as it thinks fit and just. Any discretion to alter the quantum depends on whether one of the spouses is entitled to "add. ons" under Section 7 or relief against "undue hardship" under Section 10. The effect of altering one of the awards is to trigger a change in the set off quantum.

## SHARED CUSTODY

Where a spouse exercises a right of access or has physical custody of a child for not less than 40 percent of the time over the course of the year, a court cannot simply apply the applicable tables. In such cases, child support must be determined by taking into account the amounts set out in the tables for each of the spouses, the increased costs of the shared custody arrangements and the condition, means and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child for whom support is sought: Section 9.

Must a spouse exercise access or physical custody on not less than 40 percent of the days in the year, 40 percent of the actual hours in the year or only 40 percent of the child's waking hours? Will a spouse be able to request a court exercise its discretion under the section if he or she has been prevented from exercising access or custody as agreed or ordered because the other spouse has denied access/custody rights?

The section seems to refer to 40 percent of the hours in a year. Section 9 does not state that a spouse must have access/custody contact on 40 percent of the days but rather have and exercise such rights for 40 percent of the time over a year. The intention is that a person who shares child care responsibility to a similar extent as the other spouse should be given some credit for the costs incurred by him or her and saved by the other partner as a result of the child care arrangement.

Once the 40 percent child care threshold is met, a judge must decide the nature and scope of the Section 9 , shared custody discretion. The starting point seems to be a pro-rated set off of the amount each parent would pay the other under the tables to reflect the custody each has with the child: Section 9(a). A judge should then identify the extra housing, transportation and other costs associated with the shared parenting arrangement: Section 9(b). Presumably, the extra costs should be apportioned between the parties according to their abilities to pay: Wright v. Wright (1996), 21 R.F.L.(4th) 201 (SCA). Then, a court should ensure that each parent has sufficient resources under such arrangement to meet the child's reasonable needs while the child is with him or her. If the set off and sharing of extra costs will leave a parent unable to meet a child's reasonable needs, a court should restructure support to better share the family resources and ensure that each household has sufficient resources for the child.

According to the words of Section 9, if there are no significant extra costs arising out of the shared custody arrangement and the parties are able to meet the child's reasonable needs from a set off of table amounts, a court should not vary the table amount set off.

However, the wording of the section is sufficiently ambiguous that a court could hold that in shared custody cases, a court should total all of the child care costs, apportion them between the parents according to their ability to pay: Paras Formula and then order a "make up" payment subject to ability to pay and meeting a child's needs. This should lead to a similar result in most cases as applying the set off and judges are likely to follow the wording and structure of the section. According to the Section 1 objectives, judges should apply the guidelines to cut down on the time, cost and confrontation of child support determinations and maintain consistency of results among judges. The time, cost and inconsistency among judges in child support cases was sufficiently detrimental to the parents, children and legal system that the Government reacted by enacting child support guidelines based on a table system. If courts insist on maintaining past practices or routinely reviewing the guideline tables in cases, the government initiative will achieve little.

While in most cases a spouse exercising substantial access or custody rights will argue for a reduction from the amount set out under the tables under Section 9: McLeod and Mamo, Annual

Review of Family Law, 1996 p. 171-172, a court may increase support as a result of a shared parenting regimen in an appropriate case.

In Larson v. Larson (1994), 8 R.F.L.(4th) 333 (OGD), the parties shared custody under an arrangement whereby the child spent equal time with each parent. The judge held that the father and his new partner had more resources than the mother and her new partner. He held that it was not in the child's best interests to move back and forth between a "have" and a "have not" household. Accordingly, the judge increased support to minimize the disruption in the child's lifestyle moving between two homes.

Shared custody arrangements are not commonly ordered and judges therefore do not have much experience in how to structure child support awards to meet the needs of the child's two households. The formula and directives in Section 9 should assist judges dealing with shared parenting arrangements.

## VARIATION OF CHILD SUPPORT AWARDS

Pursuant to Section 17 of the Divorce Act, a former spouse may apply to vary a child support order is there has been a material change in circumstances: Willick v . Willick, supra. A court making a variation order shall do so in accordance with the applicable guidelines: Section 17.1(6.1).

Section 14 of the Guidelines provides that for the purposes of the Divorce Act, Section 17(4) (sufficiency of change), a change in circumstances is:
(a) any change in circumstances that would result in a different amount of support under the applicable table;
(b) where the amount of support was not determined by a table any change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of either spouse or of any child who is entitled to support; and
(c) in the case of an order made before 1 May 1997, the coming into force of the Divorce Act amendments and Guidelines.

Section 14 does little more than confirm the existing practice for cases arising under the Guidelines.
Section 14(a) is straightforward. Any change in a payor's income that would lead to a different table amount of support is a sufficient change to vary a prior order. Once administrative systems are in place for automatic review of outstanding orders: Bill C-41, Divorce Act amendments, Section 25.1, support will change with income. Lawyers drafting agreements which will also be subject to such administrative review should seriously consider whether to include Cost Of Living Allowance clauses or opt for automatic review. A payor is unlikely to agree to both. The
automatic review will ensure a fair distribution of income on an ongoing basis and judges are unlikely to impose Cost Of Living Allowance clauses.

Until automatic review is in place, common sense dictates that applications to vary will not be brought unless there is a sufficient increase or decrease under the guidelines to justify the time and cost of the application.

Courts are likely to continue to apply the law set out in Willick v. Willick to cases falling under Section 14(b). It is unfortunate that the drafters did not anticipate and deal with the problems which have resulted from the SCC reasons in $B$ v. $G 15$ R.F.L.(4th) 201 (SCC). In $B$ v. $G$, Sopinka J held that a material change in circumstances was a change which was not foreseen at the time of the prior order. The question is whether he meant to incorporate the tort concept of foreseeability into support variation or whether he meant simply that the factor was not within the contemplation of the parties and/or judge at the time of the prior order. The post $B \mathrm{v} . G$ case law has been inconsistent in answering this question. With some hesitation it is suggested that the SCC did not mean to incorporate notions of objective foreseeability but rather meant to compare the current circumstances from those upon which the prior order was based: c.f. Gordon v. Goertz (1996), 19R.F.L.(4th) 177 (SCC) per McLachlin J; Santossuoso v. Santossuoso Ont. Div. Ct. Jan. 1997.

Section 14(c) deems the coming into force of the Divorce Act amendments and the Guidelines to be a material change in circumstances. Either party may apply to review a prior support order when the Guidelines come into force. Once the Guidelines are applied, any change in the income level of a payor permits a recipient to apply for a variation under Section 14(a).

Since a court is not bound by the tables where a child is over the age of majority, reaching the age of majority is also a material change in circumstances under Section 14(a).

A person contemplating varying a pre-existing child support obligation once the Guidelines are in force should consider whether there is likely to be any benefit to an order under the Guidelines having regard to the tables, add ons, undue hardship, etc. as well as the fact the payments under the Guidelines are Tax Neutral: c.f. re whether to vary or maintain prior regime, Feltham and Macnaughton, Child Support Strategies 24 R.F.L.(4th) 43. It is anticipated that computer software (VaryMate) will be available to assist in this decision.

Appearances notwithstanding, there is not much change in the nature of a court's discretion on an application to vary. The test is still whether there has been a sufficient change in circumstances that a prior order is no longer appropriate.

Section 14 of the Guidelines provides an exhaustive definition of "change in circumstances" under Section 17(4) of the Divorce Act. Most cases will fall to be decided under the tables and any change in income sufficient to change the table amount will be a material change in circumstances. However, a court's discretion is otherwise the same as on an original application. Under Section 14
a court will consider "add ons", undue hardship, children over the age of majority and any other discretion factor in the Guidelines.

A court may make a variation order that is different from the amount that would be determined according to the Guidelines if the court is satisfied that special provisions in an order, judgment or written agreement respecting the spouse's financial relationship directly or indirectly benefit a child or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child and the guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given the special provisions: D.A. Section 17.1(6.2). Where a court makes such an order, it must give reasons for doing so: D.A. Section 17.1(6.3).

Section 17.1(6.2) of the Divorce Act recognizes that child support is not bargained in isolation. The formal child support provisions of an agreement or order often are part of a comprehensive division of family resources. A spouse may agree to less child support in return for additional property, lump sum support or spousal support.

The possibility of parties "merging" or trading off spousal and child support may become more pronounced given the different tax treatment accorded spousal and child support under the Income Tax Act amendments. Spousal support continues to be subject to the inclusion/deduction regime. Accordingly, where a payor is in a higher tax bracket than a payee it may be to the family's advantage to structure support as spousal support in order to free up additional funds for the family. Whether Revenue Canada will accept such classification in light of the General Avoidance Provisions of the Income Tax Act is questionable.

Similarly, pursuant to the Divorce Act Section 17.1 (6.4), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined under the guidelines on consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for child support. Again, a court should consider the totality of the parties' financial arrangements and not focus entirely on the formal child support provisions: Section 17.1(6.5).

## AGREEMENTS AND CONSENTS: COMPARING LEMONS AND ORANGES

Pursuant to Section 15.1(5)(7) and Section 17.1(6.2)(6.4) of the Divorce Act, a court may award support that is different from that which would be determined under the Guidelines if it is satisfied that the parties have reached an agreement that makes reasonable arrangements for child support when viewed as a comprehensive package notwithstanding that the formal child support provisions of the arrangement appear inadequate.

While the actual wording of the provisions dealing with agreements, etc. and consents is different, the thrust of the provisions is the same. Child support is often part of an overall bargain and the sufficiency of part of a settlement should be viewed in the context of the whole settlement. A court
should not consider one part of the bargain in isolation: c.f. Farquar v. Farqua (1983) 35 R.F.L.(2d) 287 (OCA).

Neither the Act nor the Guidelines provide assistance to a judge with respect to how he or she should exercise his or her discretion in this regard. Presumably, the onus should be on a person seeking to maintain an arrangement that departs from the Guidelines to explain why the agreement is fair. This may seem to ignore the general policy that bargains should be respected and the onus should be on the person seeking to override an agreement. However, the focus in child support cases is on the best interests of a child. Child support agreements have little more weight than as an expression of what the parents thought was reasonable at the time of the agreement: Noble v. Noble 3 R.F.L.(4th) 25 (OCA); Willick v. Willick, supra; Richardson v. Richardson (1987), 7 R.F.L.(3d) 304 (SCC). The likely result is that each spouse will bear an evidentiary onus to show that his or her proposal is in a child's best interest. If a judge cannot choose between the two, he or she should apply the guidelines.

Given current caselaw and the Section 1 Objectives, it seems likely that the onus will be on the person seeking to alter the guidelines by an agreement to justify the agreement. If both parties propose the arrangement, each should be prepared to explain "why" the agreement overall fairly meets a child's needs.

Subsection 15.1(5) and (7) and subsection 17.1(6.2) and (6.4) of the Divorce Act, as am. Bill C-41, are unlikely to effect any significant change in the current law on point. At the present time, courts are never bound by the child support provisions of an agreement: Willick v . Willick, supra. A court may always override an agreement if it does not make adequate provision for a child. Correspondingly, courts will uphold a parental settlement if overall it fairly meets the needs of the children.

Parties agreeing to an amount of child support that appears to be less than would be determined under the Guidelines should set out in their agreement what they are doing and why. In this regard it would be useful to expressly refer to the objectives of the Guidelines set out in Section 1 and to explain how the overall child care and financial package under the agreement promotes the children's interests as required under Subsections 15.1(5) and (7) and Subsections 17.1(6.2) and (6.4).

If both parents agree on an arrangement and there is no obvious intention to deprive children of their entitlements, a court is likely to accept the parents' determination of what is fair.

## DETERMINING INCOME

Although less obvious, a court also exercises a discretion when it is required to determine spousal income, especially imputing income under Section 19 of the Guidelines.

The Guidelines revolve around spousal income. A spouse's annual income is determined by the court in accordance with sections 16 to 20: Section 15(1). However, where both spouses agree in writing on the annual income of a spouse, a court may consider that amount to be the spouse's income if the Court thinks that the amount is reasonable having regard to the income information provided under Section 21. The only guidance appears to be that a court may accept a fully informed agreement on income if it appears reasonable. In most cases, the dispute will arise when one of the spouses claims that he or she agreed to an income figure on incomplete information. So long as both parties have independent legal advice this appears to be similar to the current practice on support applications.

An agreement on income has the effect of agreeing to a table amount of support in most cases. Although a court is not bound by an income agreement any more than it is bound by a child support agreement, if the parties agree on spousal income, a court is likely to accept their agreement. Otherwise, the Court must decide the spouse's income on the best evidence available. While it will be easy to establish a spouse's income in most cases from Income Tax Returns and Notices of Assessment, in cases where a major source of a spouse's income is non employment income, the task may be complicated and problematic. Many of the applicable regulations are very detailed and may prove difficult to apply.

Section 21 of the Guidelines requires disclosure of personal and business financial information of a type usually requested as a matter of course at the present time.

Subject to sections 17 to 20, a spouse's annual income is determined using the sources of income set out under the heading "Total income" in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada and is adjusted in accordance with Schedule III: Section 16. For most people reference to the T1 form will be sufficient to determine income. However, the Guidelines allow a court to set income at a different level if the T 1 form does not provide an accurate picture of a spouse's true income: Section 17. The onus is on a person trying to override the T1 form income to show why a court should fix income at a different level under Sections 17, 18, 19 and 20 of the Guidelines.

Where a court is satisfied that the most recent tax return does not present an accurate picture of a spouse's income, it has an almost free hand in how to determine income: Section 17(1)(b)(c);17(2). The discretion is so open ended judges probably have no option but to revert to past practice to decide a spouse's income in a difficult case. Given the limited number of cases affected and the need to accurately determine income in order to fairly determine support, reliance on past practice does not offend the statutory objectives.

Special rules apply where a spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation and a court believes that the spouse's income as shown on his or her tax forms does not fairly reflect all of the money available for the payment of child support: Section 18. Section 18 confirms the current practice and gives judges power to go behind the corporate form in order to decide what money a
spouse can access. Courts are reluctant to allow a parent to avoid child support by structuring money received through a corporation as loans, expenses or perks.

Courts will carefully review financial statements from private companies where many deductions from gross income, such as rental of space in a home, use of a car, conference expenses, etc. are really ways to free up more income or represent expenses that are not really paid. Just how a court should handle capital cost depreciation has been an ongoing matter of disagreement. The Courts should ensure that where a spouse is able to deduct expenses or otherwise reduce income for calculating income tax, the income used for child support purposes fairly represents the money the spouse has available to fund his or her lifestyle. In particular, where a self employed parent deducts salary expenses for a new partner or other non arms length person, the expenses should be added back to determine the parent's income for child support purposes unless the payments are reasonable in the circumstances. For example, a parent should not have income paid to a new partner added in as his income if he has historically paid a similar amount as wages for the job being done. However, a court should not allow a parent to income split with a new partner who does little to justify the wage paid.

At the present time, courts are vigilant to ensure that a parent does not rearrange his or he life to avoid child support. A parent should not be allowed to underutilize his or her skills or resources and pass on the economic costs of the decision to his or her children: McLeod and Mamo, Annual Review of Family Law, 1996, pp. 132-136. A court may impute income where a parent does not properly utilize his skills or assets to provide a reasonable income source having regard to his or her support obligations. A parent cannot rearrange his or her life to meet a personal agenda at the expense of his or her dependants.

Section 19(1) of the Regulations recognizes a judge's power to impute income in an appropriate case. Unfortunately, section 19 does not answer many of the contentious issues that currently exist, such as may a spouse quit an unrewarding job for a lower paying but more satisfying job, may a person continue to seek work in a chosen field while other work is available, should a court attribute income where a person was fired for cause, etc. It is unlikely Section 19 will result in any significant change in the way judges impute income.

In order to impute income, most judges require proof that work or opportunities are available for which the spouse is qualified and he or she unreasonably refused to take advantage of the employment or property opportunity. Judges are likely to adopt a similar interpretation of Section 19(1)(a)(underemployment).

Section 19 refers to circumstances where a spouse lives in a country with different taxation rates[Section 19(1)(c)] or is exempt from federal or provincial income tax[Section 19(1)(b)]. Surprisingly, Section 19 does not refer to circumstances where a spouse lives in a province with no provincial sales tax, even though the resulting increase in disposable income could be significant. Although a court may consider such circumstances under the general words of Section 19(1), a
judge could properly reject the argument having regard to the inclusion of specific tax provisions in Section 19 - inclusio unius, exclusio alterius.

## THE FORM OF A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

Sections 11 and 12 of the Regulations provide the Court with a menu of child support orders which mirror the Court's power under Section 15 of the Divorce Act 1985. A court may make orders for periodic support and/or lump sum support: Section 11. A court may require that the amount payable under the order be paid and/or secured: Section 12.

There is no reason to suspect that the Courts will change the current practice whereby they usually order periodic payments of indefinite duration. Limited term child support orders are unusual. Lump sum payments should only be ordered where there is a risk of non payment of periodic support or a claimant can prove the child has a reasonable capital need: McLeod and Mamo, Annual Review of Family Law, 1996, pp. 145-151.

Secured orders or orders for payment and security are not often made: c.f. Weidenfeld v. Weidenfeld (1995), 158 NBR(2d) 321 (QB)(lump sum secured against home where father unlikely to pay with few assets in province); Reid v. Reid (1995) 11 R.F.L.(4th) 85 (BCCA)(security only to be awarded where necessary); Snyder v. Snyder (1995) 146 NSR (2d) 249 (SC)(security justified given history, default in payment and likelihood of payor's departure).

A court does not appear to have power to make a nominal order for child support under the Guidelines. In any event, there is no need for such orders since a child who is denied support can reapply: McCann v. McCann, OGD, 16 June 1996.

In the past, courts occasionally ordered child support to fluctuate with a parent's income, c.f. Marchak v. Fleury (1995), 15 R.F.L.(4th) 458 (MCA). Section 14 of the Guidelines anticipates child support will change as a payor's income changes. Until the administrative review mechanisms are in place under Section 25.1 of Bill C-41, a judge could accomplish the same thing by ordering support to fluctuate with income and ordering annual filing of income information. It will be interesting to see how the state enforcement offices handle such orders.

A court has limited jurisdiction to make a retroactive child support order under current caselaw McLeod and Mamo, supra, pp. 148-149, and there is nothing in the Guidelines to extend the Courts' powers.

## CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES: WHETHER THEY "WORK" DEPENDS ON WHY THEY EXIST AND WHAT THEY ARE INTENDED TO ACCOMPLISH.

The Guideline Package is in place and became law on 1 May 1997. Will the Package work? The answer to this question depends on what the Guidelines are intended to accomplish. The success of any regime depends on why the regime was enacted.

The avowed purpose of the Guidelines is to ensure a reasonable distribution of family resources for children of the marriage and to promote consistency across Canada of child support awards with less strain on the parties and the legal system: Section 1, Regulations.

Whether the Guidelines will ensure a fair distribution of resources among spouses and children of divorced families depends on how well the investigators did their homework. Without the raw data, which are not readily accessible to most people, this will remain a point of contention. The quantum of child support under the Tables is less than some judges have awarded and more than others have awarded under the present judicial child support guidelines: see Mamo, The Emergence of Judicial Child Support Guidelines, 13 CFLQ 89. In the abstract the table quantum is within the range of what appears reasonable in light of current practice and the literature.

Whether the Guidelines will promote consistency among awards depends on the extent to which judges will maintain the Table amounts and the extent to which provinces will harmonize provincial legislation with the Divorce Act or judges adopt the Guidelines under provincial child support legislation. The overriding consideration will be the extent to which individual judges want to devote time and energy to individual child support cases.

While perceptions may vary, it is submitted that most judges accept that neither the parties nor the system can afford much of the current child support litigation. Family law is driven by emotions as much as by economic reality. Without clear limitations and boundaries some spouses will contest any and all issues arising out a family breakdown. The judges will decide the nature and extent of the child support boundaries by how they exercise their discretion under the Guidelines and the Divorce Act amendments.

Two constitutional or legislative policy issues are also relevant to the operation of the Guidelines. Should the Guidelines be enacted by Regulation and what if the provinces do not harmonize provincial child support law with the Federal Child Support Package?

By enacting the Guidelines in Regulations, the Government can react to developing practice or new problems more quickly than if the rules were entirely legislative in nature. However, the "trade off" is that the Executive branch of Parliament will have more control over fundamental family social policy than the Legislative branch.

If the provincial Legislatures do not harmonize provincial child support law with federal law there will be pressure on judges to do so in order to avoid having two child support regimes in each province. Current judicial practice suggests that judges will act if the legislatures do not. The judges' attitude in cases like Peter v. Beblow (1993), 44 R.F.L.(3d) 329 (SCC)(property law) and $M$ v. $H$ (1996), 17 R.F.L.(4th) 365 (OGD), appeal dismissed by OCA(spousal support), suggests that courts will not feel inhibited by the failure of legislators to redress perceived social problems.

If neither judges nor legislators act to harmonize child support, a spouse who wants child support determined under the Federal Child Support Package can apply for a divorce and claim a child support determination. In such a case, the provincial law will be rendered inoperative on constitutional law principles: Kulchyski v. Kulchyski (1996), 22 R.F.L.(4th) 261
(OGD)(paramountcy applying to child support). The effect will be that the Package will apply to all child support applications except where the parents are not separated or are unmarried. There is no reason in point of policy to discriminate against such children.

The enactment of Bill C-41, the guidelines and the tax amendments will lead to a rush of litigation as spouses and lawyers test the judicial boundaries of the Child Support Package. The first year of litigation will determine how the judicial discretion will be exercised and set the tone for future applications.

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual 

# The Child Support Guidelines and Judicial Discretion 

By Catherine Warren<br>Aaron, MacGregor, Gordon and Daykin Vancouver, B.C.

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

## The Child Support Guidelines and Judicial Discretion

By Catherine Warren

Extensive changes are soon to be in place with respect to the law on child support. Legislation proposed by the Government is presently contained in Bill C-41, an Act to amend the Divorce Act, the Family Orders and Agreements Enforcement Act, the Garnishment, Attachment and Pension Diversion Act and the Canada Shipping Act, This document is to be read with the Federal Child Support Guidelines, February 21, 1997. The biggest changes to the law are:

1. As of May 1,1997 , child support payments will no longer be taxed in the hands of a recipient or deductible by a payor; and
2. The federal Child Support Guidelines will be used to set the amount of child support under the Divorce Act;

There are four stated objectives to the Federal Child Support Guidelines. Although they may assist in establishing a fair standard of support and may improve the efficiency of the whole process by setting levels of child support awards and encouraging settlement, it is hard to believe that they will reduce conflict and tension between spouses or ensure consistent treatment as there remains limited discretion to the courts to allow for particular circumstances of each case.

Turning to the substantive part of the Guidelines, of utmost importance is section 3 and the presumptive rule of application:
3. (1) Unless otherwise provided under these Guidelines, the amount of a child support order for children under the age of majority is:
(a) the amounts set out in the applicable table for the number of children for whom support is sought in respect of the income of the spouse against whom the order is sought; and
(b) the amount, if any, determined in accordance with section 7 .

Exercise of court discretion under the Guidelines will be restricted to situations where:

1) the child is over the age of majority, section 3(2);
2) the income of the payor is over $\$ 150,000.00$, section 4 ;
3) spouse in place of parent, section 5 ; medical/dental coverage section 6 ;
4) a claim for "add-ons", section 7 , is made;
5) undue hardship is claimed, section 10 ;
6) there is shared or split custody, section 9 ;
7) a determination of income must be made:
(a) determination of annual income by pattern, section 17;
(b) determination of income where a spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation, section 18;
(c) in imputing income, section 19;
(d) in drawing an adverse inference where a party fails to produce financial information in sections 23 and 24.

Limited exercise of discretion remains under the Divorce Act in instances where the Court is satisfied that special provisions in an order, judgment or written agreement respecting the financial obligations of the spouses where division or transfer of their property directly or indirectly benefits a child or special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child and the application of the applicable Guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given those special provisions. Where the Courts so departs from the Guidelines, the Court shall record its reason for having done so. Likewise the Court may depart from the Guidelines when an order is sought to be varied under section 15.1(5).

Lastly, the Court may depart from the Guidelines under section 15.1(7). This section provides that the Court may award an amount different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable Guidelines on the consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child to whom the order relates. In this instance, however, the Court, in determining whether reasonable arrangements have been made, shall have regard to the applicable Guidelines. There is a similar proviso in a variation application under section 17(6.4).

## 1. CHILD OVER AGE OF MAJORITY:

The Guidelines state, in this respect:
3. (2) Unless otherwise provided under these Guidelines, where a child to whom a child support order relates is the age of majority or over, the amount of the child support order is
(a) the amount determined by applying these Guidelines as if the child were under the age of majority; or
(b) if the Court considers that approach to be inappropriate, the amount that it considers appropriate, having regard to the condition, means, needs and other
circumstances of the child and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the child.

This means that where the Court considers the amount of child support set out in the Guidelines to be inappropriate with respect to a child over the age of majority, it may make an order taking into consideration the items set out in section $3(2)(b)$, including the financial circumstances of the custodial spouse. This section preserves the relevancy of and imports into the new regime the old considerations that developed under the former Divorce Act including the pro rata sharing suggested in the Para decision. A comparison of respective incomes of the spouses and the weighted division of child related expenses will have to be performed by counsel and by the courts.

## 2. PAYORS WITH INCOMES OVER $\$ 150,000.00$

Practitioners will have to be nimble enough to switch back and forth between the two systems of calculating child support, depending upon the circumstances.
4. Where the income of the spouse against whom a child support order is sought to be made is over $\$ 150,000$, the amount of a child support order is
(a) the amount determined under section 3; or
(b) if the Court considers the amount inappropriate,
(i) in respect of the first $\$ 150,000$ of the spouse's income, the amount set out in the applicable table for the number of children under the age of majority to whom the order relates;
(ii) in respect of the balance of the spouse's income, the amount that the Court considers appropriate, having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children; and
(iii) the amount, if any, determined under section 7 .

Here the Court has the discretion to either award a fixed percentage against the income over the guideline amount or to have regard to the considerations itemized in subsection (ii) including the income of the custodial spouse and special or extraordinary expenses under section 7. It seems that the old financial statements, with their cumbersome budget calculations will have to be filed, where application is made under these discretionary areas.

## 3. SPOUSE IN PLACE OF PARENT \& MEDICAL/DENTAL COVERAGE

There is limited discretion under section 5, as it provides for an order for child support against a step-parent in an amount the Court considers appropriate having regard to both the Guidelines and any other parents' legal duty to support the child. This section contemplates an apportionment of child support between the biological and step-parents if warranted in the situation. Again, case law concerning persons standing in loco parentis to a child will remain relevant and germane under the new legislation. There is no suggestion as to how this apportionment should take place.

Section 5 provides that the Court may order that medical or dental coverage be acquired or continued where such coverage is available to either spouse through his or her employer or otherwise at a reasonable rate.

## 4. SPECIAL OR EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES

Sections 7 and 10 describe the two significant remaining areas of judicial discretion under the new regime. Section 7 deals with special or extraordinary expenses (the "add-ons") and Section 10 deals with undue hardship. Section 7 provides as follows:
7. (1) In a child support order the Court may, on either spouse's request, provide for an amount to cover the following expenses, or any portion of those expenses, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation:
(a) child care expenses incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment;
(b) that portion of the medical and dental insurance premiums attributable to the child;
(c) health-related expenses that exceed insurance reimbursement by at least $\$ 100$ annually per illness or event, including orthodontic, treatment, professional counseling provided by a psychologist, social worker, psychiatrist or any other person, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy and prescription drugs, hearing aids, glasses and contact lenses;
(d) extraordinary expenses for primary or secondary school education or for any educational programs that meet the child's particular needs;
(e) expenses for post-secondary education; and
(f) extraordinary expenses for extra curricular activities.
(2) The guiding principle in determining the amount of an expense referred to in subsection (l) is that the expense is shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes after deducting from the expense, the contribution, if any, from the child.
(3) In determining the amount of an expense referred to in subsection (1), the Court must take into account any subsidies, benefits or income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense, and any eligibility to claim a subsidy, benefit or income tax deduction.

What is of particular note in this section is that the Court is to have regard to the means of both spouses and those of the child. This is set out specifically in section 7(2) with respect to the child's contribution and the subsection (3) to any subsidies, benefits, income tax deductions or credits which may be available, which must be taken into account. In applying for "add-ons" therefore, financial statements may have to be filed and a determination of the spouses' respective incomes will have to be made.

## 5. UNDUE HARDSHIP

Section 10 provides:
10. (1) On either spouse's application, a court may award an amount of child support that is different from the amount determined under any sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 if the Court finds that the spouse making the request, or a child in respect of whom the request is made, would otherwise suffer undue hardship.
(2) Circumstances that may cause a spouse or child to suffer undue hardship include the following:
(a) the spouse has responsibility for an unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living;
(b) the spouse has unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access to a child;
(c) the spouse has a legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person;
(d) the spouse has a legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is
(i) under the age of majority, or
(ii) the age of majority or over but is unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to obtain the necessaries of life; and
(e) the spouse has a legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessaries of life due to an illness or disability.
(3) Despite a determination of undue hardship under subsection (1), an application under that subsection must be denied by the Court if it is of the opinion that the household of the spouse who claims undue hardship would, after determining the amount of child support under any sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 , have a higher standard of living than the household of other spouse.
(4) In comparing standards of living for the purpose of subsection (3), the Court may use the comparison of household standards of living test set out in Schedule II.
(5) Where the Court awards a different amount of child support under subsection (1), it may specify, in the child support order, a reasonable time for the satisfaction of any obligation arising from circumstances that cause undue hardship and the amount payable at the end of that time.
(6) Where the Court makes a child support order in a different amount under this section, it must record its reasons for doing so.

The Court is first of all required in this section to determine whether or not there would be undue hardship with respect to certain circumstances including those listed under subsection $10(2)$.

If the Court is of the opinion that the household of the spouse claiming undue hardship would, after determining the amount of child support, have a higher standard of living than the household of the other spouse (subsection 10(3)), then the application for an award of child support in an amount other than the guideline amount for reasons of undue hardship must be denied, i.e., this is a 2 -step test.

Standard of living is not defined, but in comparing standards, the Court may use the comparison of household standards of living test set out in Schedule II to the Guidelines.

The list of circumstances which may cause undue hardship is not exhaustive, but the language of the section, including the descriptive words "undue" and "extraordinary" would lead one to infer that deviation from the Guidelines will not be the norm.

The Court, in making a child support order in an amount different from the Guideline amount (subsection 10(6)) shall record the reasons for doing so. This is also suggestive of a very limited jurisdiction to depart from the tables.

## 6. SHARED CUSTODY

This section reads:
9. Where a spouse exercises a right of access to, or has physical custody of a child for not less than 40 percent of the time over the course of a year, the amount of the child support order must be determined by taking into account (emphasis mine)
(a) the amounts set out in the applicable tables for each of the spouses;
(b) the increased costs of shared custody arrangements; and
(c) the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child for whom support is sought.

The section provides for an award of maintenance different from the Guidelines where a spouse exercises a right of access to, or has physical custody of a child for not less than 40 percent of the time over the course of a year.

Forty percent of the time amounts to approximately 2.8 days per week. Unfortunately, this may provide increased incentive for noncustodial spouses to pursue increases in access in order to obtain a reduction in child support.

In this situation, once again, the Court is directed to regard the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child by taking into account the guideline amounts for each spouse and the increased costs associated with shared custody.

## 7. DETERMINATION OF INCOME

The Court retains some discretion in the area of fixing annual incomes, as set out in sections 15 to 20 :
(a) Under subsection 15(2) the Court may consider an amount that the spouses agree to in writing as to the annual income of one of them to be correct income or the Court may determine an annual income based on a pattern under section 17.
(b) Where a spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation, the Court may include certain sums as described therein where the spouse's annual income as
determined under section 16 does not fairly reflect all the money available to that spouse for the payment of child support.
(c) In assessing the financial situation of a spouse, the Court may impute income in certain situations, for example, where a spouse is intentionally under or unemployed (section 19).
(d) The Court has the discretion to impose penalties for failure to divulge income information and in certain situations to draw adverse inferences for failure to comply with disclosure requirements pursuant to sections 23 and 24. These sections do not appear to add or remove from pre-existing powers of the Court.

Concerns have been voiced with regard to the sections of the Guidelines dealing with determination of income, in that it appears that there is an attempt to codify what the courts and counsel, in negotiating agreements and arguing cases, have been doing for years and that the process may have been made unnecessarily complex, cumbersome and possibly restrictive.

## GENERAL

Further limitations to judicial discretion are imposed in section 13, in requiring that certain information must be included in a child support order:
13. A child support order must include the following information:
(a) the name and birth date of each child to whom the order relates;
(b) the income of any spouse whose income is used to determine the amount of the child support order;
(c) the amount determined under paragraph 3(1)(a) for the number of children to whom the order relates;
(d) the amount determined under paragraph 3(1)(b) for a child the age of majority or over;
(e) the particulars of any expense described in subsection 7(1), the child to whom the expense related, and the amount of the expense or, where that amount cannot be determined, the proportion to be paid in relation to the expenses; and
(f) the date on which the lump sum or first payment is payable and the day of the month or other time period on which all subsequent payments are to be made.

Generally with respect to the issue of judicial discretion, it may be said that there is some element of discretion left in sections 11 and 12 where the Court may require that the amounts payable under the order be paid in periodically or in a lump sum or in some combination or that the amount be paid and secured in a manner specified under the order. It is hard to imagine, however, how these situations will arise in other than those situations enumerated because of the presumptive application of the Child Support Guidelines.

In viewing the amendments to the Divorce Act and the Guidelines as a whole, it is certainly hoped that the objectives will be met. It is of some concern, however, to counsel practising in the area that due to the lack of discretion available to the courts in making child support orders after May 1, 1997, in certain situations, unreasonable or unfair orders may be made.

Of additional concern are those interim situations where a custodial parent requires an order for child support but little or no information is available with respect to the other spouse's income. In a regime where child support is based on the payor's income, it may be difficult to obtain interim orders. Previously such an order could be made on the basis of need, coupled with evidence of pre-separation standard of living. Given that the respondent now has at least 30 days to provide financial information and may genuinely require that amount of time to prepare materials, there may be not be sufficient evidence of income before the Court and with very limited discretion, the courts may find their hands tied. It may be that the courts will have to impute income to the payor spouse under Section 19, or resort to its parens patriae jurisdiction to overcome this problem.

How it evolves remains to be seen.

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual Federal Child Support Guidelines: Definition of Income 

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This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Federal Child Support Guidelimes: Definition of Income 

 By Andrew J. Freedman, C.A., C.B.V., A.S.A.
## INTRODUCTION

The calculation of income for purposes of the Guidelines can be complex in certain circumstances. The degree of complexity will depend on the nature of a spouse's source of income. In many cases an income tax specialist, an independent accountant or a financial advisor, may be required to review the calculation of income.

The amount of child support awarded under the Guidelines will be determined in proportion to the annual income of the paying spouse. Therefore, the initial step in the determination of a child support award is to calculate the "income" of the paying spouse. In this regard, the parties have two options. Income may be determined:

## By Agreement

The paying spouse's annual income may be agreed upon by both spouses in writing for the purposes of determining a child support award. This can be particularly useful when income is very difficult to compute. However, the Court must be satisfied that this amount is reasonable after it has reviewed all of the required documentation specified by the Guidelines to be filed supporting the payor's income.
-or-

## By Calculation

The payor's annual income is determined using specific rules set out in the Guidelines, as described below.

## CALCULATION OF ANNUAL INCOME UNDER THE GUIDELINES

The starting point in the calculation is to obtain the payor's most recent personal income tax return and ascertain the amount that appears on the form under the heading "Total Income". This amount will reflect the payor's total income from all sources for income tax purposes.

After this amount is determined, adjustments may be required. The possibilities for reductions and additions to the "Total Income" figures are numerous and the following examples serve as illustrations of the way in which the calculation of income may be made in certain circumstances.

## Example 1: illustrates certain adjustments that may be required where the payor is self-employed.

On May 1, 1997, Sonny and Cher are in the process of drafting a written agreement which will require Sonny to pay Cher an amount of child support." Sonny is self-employed and has the following sources of income as set out in his 1996 personal tax return under the heading "Total Income":

| Business income (net of business expenses) | $\$ 200,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Taxable amount of dividends from taxable Canadian |  |
| corporations | 25,000 |
| Interest and other investment income | 3,000 |
| Total income per Sonny's 1996 personal income tax return | $\underline{\$ 228,000}$ |

Based on discussions with Sonny and a review of his 1996 personal tax return you discover the following additional information:

1. Sonny's mother works part-time as a receptionist for Sonny's business and earns $\$ 65,000$ per annum. The other part-time receptionist earns $\$ 20,000$ per annum;
2. Sonny incurred carrying charges and interest expense in the amount of \$500; and
3. Business income includes $\$ 15,000$ of income, net of reserves, earned in a prior period.

The amount of Sonny's annual income for purposes of the Guidelines is calculated as follows:

| Total Income per 1996 income tax return | $\$ 228,000$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Additions: |  |
| Actual amount of dividends received $(\$ 25,000 / 1.25)$ | 20,000 |
| Uneconomic salary paid to Sonny's mother |  |
| ( $\$ 65,000-\$ 20,000)$ | 45,000 |
| Deductions: |  |
| $\quad$ Taxable dividends from taxable Canadian corporations | $\$ 25,000$ |
| Carrying charges and interest expense | 500 |
| $\quad$ Business income, net of reserves, earned in a prior period | 15,000 |
| Sonny's income for Guideline purposes | $\underline{\$ 252,500}$ |

The additions and deductions noted above are specifically provided for by the Guidelines and are included with others in Appendix I.

## Example 2: illustrates certain adjustments that may be required where the payor is an employee.

On June 30, 1997, Michael and Priscilla are in the process of drafting a written agreement which will require Michael to pay Priscilla an amount of child support. Michael is an employee and has the following sources of income:

| Employment income | $\$ 56,500$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Taxable amount of dividends from taxable Canadian | 5,000 |
| corporations | 7,000 |
| Rental income, net of expenses |  |
| Total income per Michael's 1996 personal income tax return | $\underline{\$ 68,500}$ |

Based on discussions with Michael and a review of his 1996 personal tax return you discover the following additional information:

1. Michael has employee stock options with a Canadian-controlled private corporation which he exercised in 1996. The value of the shares at the time the options were exercised was $\$ 5,000$. Michael paid $\$ 2,000$ for the shares;
2. Michael incurred travel expenses in the amount of $\$ 500$; and
3. Michael paid union dues in the amount of $\$ 150$.

The amount of Michael's annual income for purposes of the Guidelines is calculated as follows:
Total Income per 1996 income tax return ..... \$68,500
Additions:
Actual amount of dividends received ( $\$ 5,000 / 1.25$ ) ..... 4,000
Employee stock options exercised (Value of the shares at thetime the options were exercised $(\$ 5,000)$ net of the amountpaid for the shares $(\$ 2,000)$ )3,000
Deductions:
Taxable dividends from taxable Canadian corporations ..... 5,000
Travel expenses ..... 500
Union dues ..... 150
Michael's income for Guideline purposes ..... \$69,850

## MODIFICATIONS BY THE COURT

The Court at its discretion, may make adjustments to the calculation of annual income in specific circumstances. These are described below:
a) Pattern of Income

The Court may make a determination of the payor's income in situations where it is of the opinion that the above described calculation does not provide the fairest determination of annual income from a particular source(s).

The Court may determine income where:

- a source of income has increased or decreased in each of the three most recent taxation years;
- a source of income has neither increased or decreased during the three most recent taxation years; and
- a spouse has received a nonrecurring amount in any of the three most recent taxation years.

In these situations, the Court may select an amount of income that in its view would result in fixing the payor's income at a fairer level than if it simply accepts the total income calculation described above.
b) To reflect nonrecurring capital or business investment losses;

Where a spouse has incurred a nonrecurring capital or business investment loss, the Court may adjust the amount of the loss to reflect an amount that the Court considers appropriate to include in the calculation of income.
c) Income earned by the paying spouse in his or her capacity as a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation;

Where a spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation, the Court may modify the spouse's annual income to include:
(i) all or part of the pretax income of the corporation and related corporations for the most recent taxation year; or
(ii) an amount representative of the services that the spouse provides to the corporation which cannot exceed the corporation's pretax income.

The pretax income of the corporation outlined in (i) above must be adjusted for any payments such as salaries, wages or management fees paid to non-arm's length persons that are not considered reasonable by the Court.

## IMPUTING INCOME

At its discretion, the Court may also impute all or part of a payor's income under certain circumstances. Some examples where the Court might exercise this discretion would be where:

- a spouse is intentionally unemployed or underemployed, in circumstances resulting from the needs of a child or health needs of the spouse;
- the spouse is tax exempt;
- it appears that a spouse's income has been diverted;
- the spouse's property is not reasonably utilized to generate income;
- the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust and is or will be in receipt of income from the trust.

The investigation of the payor's income must necessarily be a thorough one, given that the calculation of the amount of child support will turn on this figure. Practitioners are well advised to familiarize themselves with the range of possible factors which may affect this income figure in order to avoid potential liability. Checklists, such as the one appended to this paper will be of assistance, but you may be required to obtain additional information from the payor spouse in certain situations. Just how easy production of documentation will be in the new Regulations remains to be seen. In some situations the services of an accountant may be critical to accurately pinpoint the precise amount of income.

## ANNUAL INCOME CALCULATION WORKSHEET

## Total inçome amount reflected in the most current personal income tax return

## Adjustments to income:

## Additions:

Actual amount of dividends received from taxable Canadian corporations
Actual capital gains realized
Salaries, benefits, wages, management fees or other payments, paid to non-arm's length persons, and deducted from self-employment income

Value of shares at the time the options are exercised
Less: Amount paid for the shares
Amount paid to acquire the options to purchase the shares

Deductions:

Employment expenses (see page 2)
Child support included in income for tax purposes
Spousal support included in income for tax purposes
Spousal support paid to the other spouse ${ }^{1}$
Social assistance payments attributable to any person other than the spouse
Taxable amount of dividends from taxable Canadian corporations
Taxable capital gains
Actual capital losses realized
Actual amount of business investment losses
Carrying charges and interest expenses
Economic salaries, benefits, wages, management fees or other payments necessary to earn self-employment income
Self-employment income, net of reserves, included in income for tax purposes in excess of the self-employment income for the 12 months ending on December 31 of the reporting year
Portion of partnership income that is required by the partnership to be reinvested
Disposal of shares acquired through employee stock options with a
Canadian-controlled private corporation:
Value of shares at the time the options are exercised
Less: Amount paid for the shares
Amount paid to acquire the options to purchase the shares

Annual income for Guideline purposes
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$=$ $\qquad$



## Notes:

1. Spousal support paid should only be deducted when calculating income for the purpose of determining an amount for special or extraordinary expenses under section 7 of the Guidelines.

## EMPLOYMENT EXPENSES

## Employment Expenses ${ }^{1}$

| Expenses of clergyman's residence | + |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Expenses of teacher's exchange fund contribution | + |
| Expenses of railway employees | + |
| Sales expenses | $+\square$ |
| Transport employee's expenses | $+\square$ |
| Travel expenses | $+\square$ |
| Dues and other expenses of performing duties | + |
| Motor vehicle and aircraft costs | + |
| Canada pension plan contributions and employment insurance act premiums |  |
| $\quad$ paid by an employee on behalf of an individual employed by that person | + |
| Salary reimbursement | + |
| Forfeited amounts | + |
| Musical instrument costs | + |
| Artists' employment expenses | + |
|  |  |
| Total employment expenses |  |

## Notes:

1. Applicable where the spouse is an employee. These deductions are stipulated by the Income Tax Act.

## Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual

# Financial Disclosure Obligations Under the Federal Child Support Guidelines 

By Cheryl R. Lean, B.A., LL.B.<br>Lean \& Matheson<br>Ottawa, Ontario

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Financial Disclosure Obligations Under the Federal Child Support Guidelines 

By Cheryl R. Lean, B.A., LL.B.

A new chapter in family law commences with the introduction of the Federal Child Support Guidelines ${ }^{1}$ and Divorce Act amendments on May 1, 1997. In order to zero in on the base amount of child support payable, income of the payor spouse will be the key indicator. Calculation of income will be extremely important and the Regulations direct us to the income tax return as the primary source document. The Guidelines introduce a streamlined approach to child support calculation potentially capable of delivering annually updated variations of child support orders based on the most recent income information. Child support payors and some recipients, now have a new and continuing obligation to produce the last three years of their income tax returns together with other specified documents within thirty days of a demand being made by the other spouse or an assignee. Or else! And every year, on demand he or she will have to do it again, so long as the child supported is a child within the meaning of the Guidelines.

It is not possible to contract out of these provisions. And any terms in a judgment or order purporting to limit this obligation is unenforceable. ${ }^{2}$

The financial disclosure rules under the Guidelines are directed at easing the administration of child support calculations, variations and enforcement. To accomplish this goal, child support payors must comply with continuing financial disclosure obligations long after the divorce proceeding has been concluded. It will not be popular, but penalties for non-compliance are serious.

The amendments to the Divorce $A c t^{3}$ together with the Guidelines envision Federal/Provincial agreements authorising a provincial child support service to assist the Court in recalculating child support orders annually. The provincial child support service would be responsible for obtaining new income information from support payors and recalculating child support. The recalculated amount is deemed to be the amount payable under the Court Order. The payor spouse would become liable to pay the new amount 31 days after both former spouses to whom the order relates are notified. Either spouse could at that point apply to the Court for a variation under Section 17 of the Divorce Act, in which case the recalculated support amount would be suspended pending the determination of the application. ${ }^{4}$ If no such application is made, the recalculated amount would become the new child support payable under the order. This procedural design ushers in a new era, encouraging child support settlements and a reduction in child support litigation.

[^23]Under the Guidelines there is no longer a need to quantify the children's expenses. Instead, there is a rebuttable presumption that the correct amount of child support is "the amount set out in the applicable table". ${ }^{5}$ The Guidelines are based on economic studies of average spending on children in families at different income levels in Canada and as such take into account the children's reasonable expenses. For most families the only information now needed to calculate that support will be income tax returns and supporting documentation. The new financial disclosure obligations are drafted so as to secure the necessary information within a short period of time. The burden of this obligation rests on the child support payor and sometimes the recipient as well.

## THE OBLIGATION TO DISCLOSE

A spouse whose income information is necessary to determine the amount of the child support order must disclose the following:
(a) a copy of every personal income tax return filed by the spouse for each of the three most recent taxation years;
(b) a copy of every notice of assessment or reassessment issued to the spouse for each of the three most recent taxation years;
(c) where the spouse is an employee, the most recent statement of earnings indicating the total earnings paid in the year to date including overtime, or where such a statement is not provided by the employer, a letter from the spouse's employer setting out that information including the spouse's rate of annual salary or remuneration;
(d) where the spouse is self-employed, for the three most recent taxation years:
(i) the financial statements of the spouse's business or professional practice other than a partnership;
(ii) a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees, or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of persons or corporations with whom the spouse does not deal with at arm's length;
(e) where the spouse is a partner in a partnership, a confirmation of the spouse's income and draw from and capital in the partnership in its three most recent taxation years;

[^24](f) where the spouse controls a corporation, for its three most recent taxation years,
(i) the financial statements of the corporation, and its subsidiaries;
(ii) a breakdown of all its salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of persons or corporations with whom the corporation, and every related corporation does deal at arms length; and,
(g) where the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust, a copy of the trust settlement agreement, and copies of the trust's three most recent financial statements. ${ }^{6}$

The overriding rule at the heart of the financial disclosure requirements is that every spouse whose income information is necessary to determine the amount of a child support order must disclose income information. Every child support payor, typically the noncustodial parent, must provide the information. In specified circumstances, both spouses will have to disclose if:
(a) the parties have split custody of one or more children or where custody is shared so that each spouse exercises right of access to no less than 40 percent of the time over the course of the year. ${ }^{7}$
(b) child is at or over the age of majority;
(c) the payor's income is over $\$ 150,000$;
(d) spouse in place of a parent;
(e) the recipient spouse is claiming special or extraordinary expenses;
(f) one of the spouses is claiming undue hardship.

In all of these cases, however, income information will only form a part of the financial information which is required. The Court's inquiry will be much broader in these circumstances. The Court may apply the old "conditions, means, needs and other circumstances" test ${ }^{8}$ or where special or extraordinary expenses are claimed, the Court will inquire into the means of the spouses and the children and to the family's spending pattern prior to separation. ${ }^{9}$

[^25]If the Applicant's income information is necessary to the determination of the amount of the child support order, then the income information documents must be included with the application. The Respondent to an application for child support whose income information is necessary to determine the amount of the order, must within 30 days after service of the application in Canada or the United States, provide the information to the other spouse or assignee. If the spouse resides outside Canada or the United States, the spouse has 60 days to respond with the information. ${ }^{10}$

Every spouse against whom a child support order has been made must provide the other spouse with the income information documents on the written request of the other spouse or the order assignee, not more than once a year after the making of the Order. ${ }^{11}$

## FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE OBLIGATION

The penalties for failing to comply with the financial disclosure requirements of the Child Support Guidelines can be severe. The other spouse may move for judgment, and the Court may draw an adverse inference against the spouse who failed to comply and impute income to that spouse in an amount it considers appropriate. ${ }^{12}$ Where a spouse fails to comply, the Court will be encouraged to exercise its discretion in favour of the other parent by ordering costs in an amount which fully compensates that spouse for all costs incurred in the proceeding. ${ }^{13}$ In all references to "costs" under the Guidelines the expression "up to an amount that fully compensates the other spouse for all costs incurred in the proceedings" is used, a not so subtle prod to encourage reluctant judges to impose solicitor and client costs more frequently in child support proceedings. One can anticipate far more solicitor and client costs orders being made against noncompliant spouses than ever before.

If the Court issues a child support order against a noncompliant spouse by imputing income, the noncompliant spouse could ultimately lose his or her passport and a variety of federal licences if arrears accrue under the Order. ${ }^{14}$ There is no appeal procedure available for the denial of these licences, and the consequences to the noncompliant spouse could be quite onerous.
In my view, some situations are bound to arise where the non-compliance is caused by third parties, such as uncooperative employers who fail to produce requested documentation. These situations will create difficult problems for the Court, as the Guidelines do not provide a means to compel them to produce the documentation required by the employee spouse. Punishing the

[^26]noncompliant spouse will not provide a solution to this dilemma. The enactment of further regulations in this area may become necessary.

## DEPARTING FROM THE GUIDELINES

The financial disclosure requirements set out in the Federal Child Support Guidelines simply facilitate the calculation and recalculation of child support based on income tax information. This procedure, ideally, would be administered through a provincial child support service. In almost all cases where the Court is asked to depart from the Guidelines amount, broad financial disclosure will be required. The simplified procedures introduced by the new rules will not prevail and a more in depth inquiry will take place. In all such cases one will need to rely on the customary tools of financial disclosure in family law matters, such as sworn financial statements and discovery examinations. A departure from the Guidelines disclosure procedure will be necessary in the following circumstances:

## (1) Undue Hardship

If one of the spouses has claimed undue hardship ${ }^{15}$ and that the Guideline amount should not apply, the Court must conduct a comparison of the two relevant households with a standard of living test. If the spouse claiming undue hardship is found to have a higher household standard of living than the spouse in the other household, the application to depart from the Guideline amount must be denied. ${ }^{16}$

It is anticipated that much will depend upon the judicial interpretation of "undue hardship". If it is interpreted broadly equating hardship with a "household standard of living below the accustomed standard of living during the marriage," then we can expect a large number of cases proceeding on this basis. In my view, the success or failure of the Guidelines will ultimately rest on how many child support cases seek to depart from the Guidelines.

A comparison of household standards of living test is attached as Schedule II to the Guidelines. To apply this test, it is necessary first of all, to ascertain the income of other members of the household, including children, to establish the total household income. Income tax returns from every member of the household will have to be produced. How this information is to be readily obtained is not stated.

[^27]
## (2) Add-Ons

Although the general thrust of the Guidelines is to simplify child support proceedings, many cases will be adjudicated in the traditional manner because of claims for extraordinary expenses and add-ons. These Court proceedings will be just as complex and expensive as ever. Again, those seeking to add on to the Guideline amount will also have to provide financial disclosure.

## (3) Income in Excess of $\mathbf{\$ 1 5 0 , 0 0 0}$

The Court has discretion in determining whether to apply the Guidelines to income in excess of $\$ 150,000$. If the Court is of the view that the guideline amount would be inappropriate, the Court is directed to consider an appropriate amount "having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children." This too will demand an inquiry, reminiscent of past practice. The new financial disclosure rules under the Guidelines will be a starting point; the parties will also need to exchange sworn financial statements and the old tools of discovery will come into play.

## (4) Shared or Split Custody

The exchange of sworn financial statements will also be necessary, in situations of "shared custody" where the Court must take into account "the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and any child for whom support is sought". ${ }^{17}$

## (5) Imputing Income

Cases where the Court is asked to impute income to a spouse, other than an noncompliant spouse, raise the similar evidentiary concerns. The Guidelines set out a number of circumstances where a court may impute income. ${ }^{18}$
(a) a spouse is intentionally underemployed or unemployed;
(b) a spouse is exempt from paying federal or provincial income tax;
(c) a spouse lives in a different country with a significantly lower income tax rates;
(d) it appears that the income has been diverted which would affect the level of child support;
(e) the spouse's property is not reasonably utilized to generate income;

[^28](f) the spouse has failed to provide income information when under legal obligation to do so;
(g) the spouse unreasonably deducts expenses from income;
(h) the spouse derives a significant portion of income from dividends, capital gains or other sources that are taxed at a lower rate than business or employment income;
(i) the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust and is or will be in receipt of income or other benefits from the trust.

Income tax returns and supporting documentation alone will not be enough to establish that a spouse is underemployed or unemployed, or show that the income of the spouse is being diverted. These applications will not be greatly simplified by the Guidelines.

## ELEMENTS OF THE COURT ORDER

The Guidelines direct that income information must be included as an element of a child support order and the income of any spouse that is used to determine the amount of child support must be included in the Court Order. ${ }^{19}$ This will mean that all payor spouses, spouses having shared or split custody, recipient spouses entitled to special and extraordinary expenses, those whose former spouses earn in excess of $\$ 150,000$, where there are adult children who are not treated as minors, cases in loco parentis, or those claiming undue hardship will have their income published on the face of the Court Order. This will raise serious privacy concerns among many family law clients. If the Court Order includes provisions for custody, it will likely be broadly distributed to day-care centres, schools, and to any number of health professionals or other people involved in the care of the children.

Concerned family law clients will seek to avoid having their income published on the Court Order. Some will wish to enter into separation agreements and private pay arrangements, in order to avoid public disclosure of their income. A trend which began with the introduction of provincial support enforcement agencies and compulsory wage garnishment of support orders, will accelerate. However, this strategy could be easily defeated if a variation of the agreement is sought. ${ }^{20}$

In many cases, the client's privacy concerns could be addressed by separating the child support order from all other provisions of the Divorce Judgement. For example, one Court Order could deal with child support alone, while another would deal with all other issues. The child support order need only be seen by those individuals directly involved in the calculation, enforcement, or recalculation of the child support order.

[^29]
## CONTINUING OBLIGATION TO PAY

The most dramatic change for most payors and many recipients will be the imposition of a continuing obligation to disclose income. Once an order is made the obligation will continue year after year. On demand of the other spouse or an assignee, such as a provincial child support office, a spouse has 30 days, if living in Canada or the United States, or 60 days if living elsewhere, to produce the required income information. Failure to comply with such a demand carries grave consequences; income could be imputed, solicitor and client costs could be awarded against the noncompliant spouse, and a child support order may issue which might not truly reflect the income of the spouse. If the spouse then falls into arrears, loss of his or her passport and other licenses could follow in certain circumstances, after all other enforcement measures prove to be unsuccessful.

Ongoing monitoring could prove costly for self-employed individuals who will have to maintain financial records and ensure that they are up to date so that they can respond on short notice to the demands of the other spouse. They will also have to produce a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom the spouse or corporation and every related corporation does not deal at arm's length. ${ }^{21}$ An uncooperative employer could cause an employee spouse to be noncompliant.

Until Federal/Provincial Agreements are in place to authorize provincial child support services to assist the Court by annually recalculating child support, the demands for disclosure will come largely from the other spouse. Many child support recipients will not seek an annual review of their child support orders, as there is no guarantee the support will go up. It could just as easily decrease. In fact, under the new rules one can expect child support orders will be varied downward much more readily then in the past. Even small decreases in income will be passed on to the children, through the recalculation mechanism. Until the desired provincial child support services are in place, if ever, the demand and burden of complying with the continuing obligation to disclose income will vary greatly depending on the vigilance of the other spouse. Once a provincial child support service is operative in the province, support payors can expect to receive an annual demand. Many will view this as an intrusive violation of their privacy, particularly when the demand comes from a provincial government agency. The pay off, if the Guidelines are successful and provincial child support services take on the role of recalculating child support order, will be an integrated system updating income information and providing automatic child support variations at little or no cost to clients. When used in combination with a powerful enforcement device such as compulsory income source deductions, the system should deliver fairer child support orders, improved efficiency and compliance. The system will operate best in those cases where child support can be determined by the income information alone.

[^30]In conclusion, the new financial disclosure rules under the Guidelines provide another useful tool in child support proceedings. In some cases the income information will be all the financial information the Court needs to calculate a child support order. Although the Guidelines specify income information which must be disclosed in child support proceedings, in many cases much broader financial disclosure will be required. Only the simplest of cases enjoy the full benefits of the simplified procedures under the Guidelines. Practitioners will find that the Financial Statements now employed in family law proceedings cannot be dispensed with in many, if not most cases. Although some provinces may consider eliminating the need to file sworn financial statements in child support proceedings, this would be a mistake. There are too many situations where the Court can depart from the Guidelines compelling a more complex and in-depth inquiry, and in each of these situations financial statements setting out a complete picture of the spouse's income, expenses, property and debts will be needed, in addition to the income information documents specified in the Guidelines.

## Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual

# Child Support Guidelines Standards of Living Test 

By H. Hunter Phillips<br>MacKinnon \& Phillips<br>Ottawa, Ontario

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Child Support Guidelines Standards of Living Test By H. Hunter Phillips 

The comparative standards of living in the households of the payor and the recipient of child support only become relevant under the Child Support Guidelines once either party applies under section 10 of the Regulations for an amount that is "different" than the amount determined under sections 3 to 5,8 and 9 of the Guidelines based on undue hardship.

In passing it is important to note that section 10 does not apply to section 7 of the Regulations. Accordingly, in seeking or opposing an order to cover special or extraordinary expenses under section 7 , neither party need show undue hardship nor need meet a standards of living test. The issue of special or extra-ordinary expenses is determined in the discretion of the Court, applying the considerations stated in section 7 .

No undue hardship argument can succeed without the Court applying a comparative standards of living test to the two households. Section 10(3) provides:
"Despite a determination of undue hardship under subsection (1), an application under that subsection must be denied by the Court if it is of the opinion that the household of the spouse who claims undue hardship would, after determining the amount of child support under any of sections 3 to 5, 8 or 9, have a higher standard ofliving than the household of the other spouse."

This subsection has the effect of creating a two step process whenever a request is made for an amount different from that which would otherwise be awarded. Firstly the party seeking the different amount must satisfy the Court that an application of sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 would result in undue hardship for that person or child based upon section $10(2)$ or other circumstances. If, and only if, the party seeking the different amount creates a prima facie case for undue hardship, the Court must deny the request for a different amount unless satisfied that the standard of living in the household of the person requesting the different amount is lower than the standard of living in the other spouse's household.

Section 10(4) provides:
"In comparing standards of living for the purpose of subsection (3), the Court may use the comparison of household standards of living test set out in Schedule II." (emphasis added)

The use of the word "may" in this section indicates that the use of the test in Schedule II is discretionary rather than mandatory. The Court is left with the discretion to compare the standards of living of the two households on some basis other than the Schedule II test. This might be done
where there is insufficient disclosure to allow the calculation of the household incomes required by Schedule II, or, quite possibly where neither party (nor their counsel) do a Schedule II calculation.

## SCHEDULE II

Schedule II dictates a six step process designed to objectively compare the per capita standards of living of the households. The intent is to avoid more subjective quality of life comparisons, involving arguments over which household has the larger house, drives the more luxurious cars or eats out more often at more expensive restaurants.

## Step 1

The first step is to establish the income of each person in each household by determining that person's income under sections 15 to 20 of the Guidelines and deducting the federal and provincial taxes payable on the person's income.

This is more complex than it may appear at first glance. Before looking at incomes it is necessary to identify all persons in each "household", this being a defined term in Schedule II. "Household" is defined as a spouse and any of the following persons residing with the spouse:
(a) any person who has a legal duty to support the spouse or whom the spouse has a legal duty to support,
(b) any child whom the spouse or person described in (a) has a legal duty to support; and,
(c) any other person who shares living expenses with the spouse or from whom the spouse otherwise receives an economic benefit as a result of living with that person, if the Court considers it reasonable for that person to be considered part of the household.

Clause (a) would cover a person to whom the spouse has become remarried or someone to whom or from whom he or she has a support obligation or entitlement pursuant to provincial legislation. Clause (c) would cover other so called "common law" relationships which do not yet give rise to support obligations. It is important to note that clause (b) includes children of the former but not children of the latter type of relationship.

Having identified the persons in each household, it is necessary (still as part of Step 1) to calculate the income of each such person and to deduct from that income the taxes payable on such income. This would include the income of any child fitting within clause (b).

It is essential to note that "income" for the purposes of Schedule II is income after deducting federal and provincial taxes payable on each person's taxable income. From a practical point of view this requires disclosure of the income tax return of each person in both households.

It is not the purpose of this paper to discuss "income" in detail. In the majority of cases income will be calculated in accordance with section 16, which starts with "total income" in the T1 General income tax form, as adjusted by Schedule III.

## Step 2

This step requires certain adjustments to be made to the income of each person as determined in Step 1. Schedule II provides that the annual income of each person be adjusted by:
(a) deducting the following amounts, net of any applicable income tax based on that person's average tax rate, calculated on an annual basis:
(i) any amount relied on by the Court as a factor that resulted in the determination of undue hardship,
(ii) the amount that would otherwise be payable by the person under the Guidelines if the pleading of undue hardship was not made;
(iii) unless already deducted under (i), any amount of support that is paid by the person under a judgment, order or written separation agreement; and
(b) adding the following amounts, net of any applicable income tax based on that person's average tax rate, on an annual basis:
(i) the amount that would otherwise be receivable by the person under these Guidelines if the pleading of undue hardship was not made, and
(ii) any amount of child support that the person has received for any child under a judgment, order or written separation agreement."

This is complex and some further comment is required. To begin with, this process is applied to each person in each household who has an income. It does not just apply to the two parents of the children whose support is in issue.

The first deduction is any amount being relied on in support of the undue hardship argument (remembering that this whole standards of living comparison only arises when an undue hardship argument is being made). Thus if a party is relying on an unusually high level of pre-separation debts (section $10(2)(a)$ ) or unusually high access costs (section $10(2)(b)$ ), those debt payments or access costs will be deducted from that person's income.

The second amount to be deducted is the amount of support otherwise payable under the Guidelines, normally being the table amount plus add-ons.

The third deduction is any support paid pursuant to a judgment, order or written separation agreement. On a variation application this would include support being paid to the other spouse. If a spouse has remarried someone who is paying support to a former spouse or other children, such support payments would be deducted in calculating that person's income for Schedule II purposes.

The add-ons in calculating income for Schedule II purposes include the amount of child support that would be payable under the Guidelines, ignoring any undue hardship argument and any child support received pursuant to a judgment, order or written separation agreement. Therefore, if the husband has remarried and his second wife is receiving child support for her children of a previous marriage, such child support is included as part of her income in calculating the income of the husband's household for Schedule II purposes.

Please note that spousal support paid pursuant to a judgment, order or written separation agreement is a deduction for the payor pursuant to Step 2 (a)(iii). Spousal support is included in calculating the income of the recipient pursuant to section 16 of the Guidelines, which defines "income" as "total income" in the T1 General form. "Alimony or maintenance income" is one of the entries that goes to make up total income on a T1 General form (currently line 128 of the T1).

Finally, with respect to Step 2, please note that it is the amounts, net of any income tax, that are deducted or added. Therefore, if a person is receiving taxable support as part of his or her income it is the after-tax benefit that would be included in the calculation of his or her income for Schedule II purposes.

## Step 3

This step simply involves totalling the incomes of all persons in each household to determine the total household income for each household.

## Step 4

Step 4 requires one to turn to the Low-income Measures table that forms part of Schedule II. Based on the number of people and the make up as between adults and children of each household, a low-income measures amount is determined for each household.

## Step 5

The total income of each household (Step 3) is divided by the low-income measures amount for that household (Step 4) to get a household income ratio for each household.

## Step 6

The income household ratios (Step 5) for each household are compared. The household with the higher household income ratio is deemed to have the higher standard of living. If that is the household of the person claiming undue hardship, pursuant to section10(3) the Court must reject the undue hardship argument and award the Guidelines amount.

## OBSERVATIONS

If all of this seems complex it is because it is complex. One must remember the following:

1. This whole exercise only arises where a parent is seeking an award in an amount different than the Guidelines amount and where a prima facie case of undue hardship has been established;
2. In the majority of cases involving recently separated couples the calculation will be relatively simple, involving only the incomes of the spouses;
3. The use of Schedule II is permissive rather than mandatory. The extent to which it is used and applied by the Courts will depend upon the quality of disclosure of household incomes and the quality of advocacy in properly preparing a Schedule II analysis.

The availability of computer programs such as SOLmate will make the combined lives of lawyers and the courts easier, allowing Schedule II to be used with the computer doing the mathematical part of the calculation. However, the accuracy of any such program depends upon the accuracy of the raw data. Counsel and judges alike should be careful not to simply accept the bottom line produced by such a program without verifying the accuracy of the income information upon which the calculation is based.

## Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual

# The Definition of Income for the Purposes of Applying Child Support Guidelines 

By Steve R. Pittman, C.A., C.B.V., C.F.E.<br>Ernst \& Young<br>Ottawa, Ontario

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

The Definition of Income for the Purposes of Applying Child Support Guidelines<br>By Steve R. Pittman, C.A., C.B.V., C.F.E.

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

One of the objectives of the Federal Child Support Guidelines (The "Guidelines") is to improve the efficiency of the legal process by providing guidance in setting the level of child support with reference to the financial means of the payer. In many cases the determination of income will be made with reference to an individual's tax return without adjustment. For example in the case of an individual who earns only salary from an arm's length employer.

The general determination of income is set out in Section 16 of the Guidelines which states that the starting point will be Total Income as reported on the individual's tax return. Since the calculation of total income for tax purposes is not always a reflection of a person's true economic income, adjustments are made with reference to Schedule III to reflect an economic income base suitable for the child support calculation. Sections 17 to 19 deal with special circumstances where income, as determined in Section 16, may not be an appropriate indication of income available for support. Part 2 of this paper addresses the adjustments set out in Schedule III and Part 3 deals with the special circumstances contemplated in Sections 17 to 19.

It would be virtually impossible to address every conceivable type of income, benefit or expenditure and, thereby, devise a formula for calculating an individual's income that is appropriate in every situation. The intent is to address the more common situations based on the experience of practitioners in Family Law and interested user groups.

### 2.0 KEY INDICATORS OF SITUATIONS REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT IN SCHEDULE III

The guidelines call for the disclosure of various types of financial information depending on the circumstances. The most important document, at least initially, will be the person's personal tax return since Total Income on the return is the basis of determining income for support purposes.

The situations that will likely give rise to further analysis and, possibly, adjustment arise when an individual:
(i) Deducted expenses in connection with his or her employment
(ii) Received dividends from a Taxable Canadian Corporation
(iii) Reported capital gains or incurred capital losses
(iv) Deducted allowable business investment losses
(v) Deducted carrying charges
(vi) Reported income from self employment
(vii) Deducted Capital Cost Allowance (CCA) from rental or self-employment income
(viii) Earned income from a partnership
(ix) Exercised employee stock options from a Canadian Controlled Private Corporation in the year

Each of these situations is addressed in Schedule III of the Guidelines and is discussed in more detail below. You should note that some parts of Schedule III do not affect income on the tax return and are not discussed here.

### 2.1 Employment Expenses (Schedule III, Section 1)

In certain circumstances an employee (i.e, not self-employed) may be required to incur non-reimbursable expenses due to the nature of his or her employment. These expenses include the use of a personally owned automobile for employment purposes, other employment related expenses (e.g., union dues, professional dues, etc.) and, in more limited circumstances, maintenance of an office in the home. Clearly these are expenses that must be incurred by the employee in order to earn the related employment income. Unlike business expenses of a self employed individual, such expenses are not netted against gross income, thereby reducing Total Income. Rather, they are deducted on the return after Total Income is determined.

Section 1 of Schedule III allows the deduction of certain employment expenses permitted by subsection 8 of the Income Tax Act. Each paragraph in that subsection (and Schedule III since it lists each specific paragraph) is quite specific as to the nature of the expenditure. Most of the amounts contemplated by Section 1 of Schedule III are narrow in their application for most employees. It has been our experience that the most common expenditures deducted by virtue of subsection 8 are automobile expenses and professional, association or union dues.

A practitioner, in advising clients, should look for these types of expenditures which are deducted on page 2 of the T1 General form. Employment expenses not specifically listed on page 2 are detailed on the T777 Statement of Employment Expenses which is attached to the return.

### 2.2 Dividends From Taxable Canadian Corporations (Schedule III, Section 5)

Dividends from Taxable Canadian Corporations are reported and taxed differently than regular income. The amount shown on the return (the taxable dividend) is a calculated amount based on the actual dividend. Under present legislation, the taxable amount represents $125 \%$ of the actual dividend received by the taxpayer. Over the years the gross-up percentage has changed. Prior to 1992 it was $1331 / 3 \%$. The gross-up mechanism is part of the complex taxation of dividends from Taxable Canadian Corporations.

The economic reality, however, is that the individual receives only the actual amount of the dividend. Therefore, it is appropriate, when determining income for child support purposes, to substitute the actual dividend for the taxable dividend reported on the return. The actual amount of the dividend can be found on the T-5 supplementary issued by the payer company and attached to the individual's tax return. You should note that only dividends from Taxable Canadian Corporations are grossed up in this fashion. Other dividends are reported at the actual amount received.

### 2.3 Capital Gains (Schedule III, Sections 6)

Like dividends, capital gains are reported and taxed differently than other types of income. The effective tax rate on a capital gain is lower when compared to other sources of income because only $75 \%$ of the gain is included in income for tax purposes. Up to 1987 , only $50 \%$ of a capital gain was included in income. In 1988 and $1989,662 / 3 \%$ of the gain was included. Since 1990 , $75 \%$ of the gain is included. As is the case with the dividend gross-up the inclusion rate is merely a means for the government to adjust the effective tax rate on a capital gain. The economic reality is that the individual benefits from the entire capital gain. Accordingly, the reported taxable capital gain is replaced by the actual capital gain by virtue of Section 6 of Schedule III.

For income tax purposes, capital losses (except business investment loss discussed later) can only be offset against capital gains. To the extent there are both capital gains and capital losses in a year, only the net taxable capital gain is included in determining Total Income. By substituting actual net capital gains for taxable capital gains, no further adjustment is required for capital losses incurred in the year.

If capital losses exceed capital gains the excess is available for carryover. The allowable capital loss ( $75 \%$ of actual capital loss) can be carried back to any of the prior three years and offset against taxable capital gains in those years. To the extent the allowable capital losses are not deducted in the prior three years, they can be carried forward indefinitely for deduction against future capital gains. That is why Schedule III, section 6 permits adjustment of only the capital losses incurred in the year. If that was not permitted then the individual would be penalized since losses in excess of gains could not be deducted to arrive at Total Income in the year of loss.

No increase in Total Income is required in the year that other years' losses are deducted because they are not deducted in arriving at Total Income on the return. They are deducted in another section of the tax return that is not referred to in the child support income definition in Section 16 of the Guidelines.

Depending on the nature of the property sold and the form of payment by the purchaser, further adjustments to income reported for tax purposes may be warranted. For example, if an individual sells a property and does not receive the full proceeds, he or she can reduce the gain reported by claiming a discretionary reserve based on the proportion of the proceeds received during the year to the total sale proceeds. In subsequent years, as the proceeds are collected, the remainder of the gain is reported. As a minimum, however, the total gain must be reported within five taxation years including the year of sale. Accordingly, Total Income in the year of disposal may be reduced while subsequent years' income is increased.

The impact of this reporting is twofold. First, income reported for tax purposes in the year of disposition is understated since it does not include the full taxable gain. Second, a one-time gain may appear to be regularly recurring since the individual may report a capital gain for a number of years after the sale as the reserve is drawn down. The first issue is addressed in Section 6 of Schedule III since it clearly requires that all gains realized in the year must be included in total income. The second issue is addressed in Part 3.1 of this paper.

The individual's capital gains will have to be analysed for the inclusion or deduction of reserves which may warrant adjustment. The details of capital gains and losses are set out in Schedule 3 Capital Gains (or Losses) included with the return.

### 2.4 Business Investment Losses (Schedule III, Section 7)

A business investment loss is a type of capital loss which is accorded special treatment under the Income Tax Act. It arises on the disposition of shares or debt of a small business corporation as defined in the Act. While capital losses are generally only deductible against capital gains, allowable business investment losses are deductible against any income.

As with capital losses, allowable business investment losses are equal to three quarters of the actual loss. To the extent business investment losses are not netted against capital gains on the return, they are deducted after the calculation of Total Income. Therefore, an individual could incur a business investment loss and it would not be considered in calculating income for child support purposes. Accordingly, Section 7 of Schedule III permits the deduction of the actual (not the reported) loss incurred in the year.

### 2.5 Carrying Charges (Schedule III, Section 8)

An individual may incur interest, investment counsel fees or other expenses to generate property income. For example, he or she may borrow money to invest in a stock portfolio. The dividend income would be included in Total Income. The related interest expense is deducted from income after arriving at Total Income on the return. In determining income for purposes of
applying child support guidelines, Section 8 of Schedule III permits the deduction of these expenses. The details of these expenditures can be found on Schedule 4 Statement of Investment Income included with the return.

### 2.6 Self-employment Income (Business and Professional Income)

Sections 9 and 10 of Schedule III apply where an individual is self-employed. Specifically they address non-arm's length payments and income inclusions resulting from the legislative changes which made calendar year reporting for individuals mandatory starting in the 1995 calendar year. These two areas are addressed in more detail below.

### 2.6.1 Non-Arm's Length Payments (Schedule III, Section 9)

It is common for a self-employed individual to pay a salary or other form of remuneration to his or her spouse and/or children to perform certain tasks required for the business. The advantage of doing this is twofold. Firstly, the payment of a salary to a spouse or child keeps the income in the family. Secondly, if the recipient's marginal tax rate is lower than that of the payer, there is a net income tax saving and more after-tax income is retained by the family unit. The presumption is that if the family member was not paid to do that work an equal or greater amount would be paid to an arm's length individual. For income tax purposes, any such non-arm's length payments are only deductible to the extent they are reasonable for the work done.

This whole process is generally known as income splitting. Notwithstanding the tax rules, there is potential that the remuneration paid to family members exceeds the amount that would be paid to an arm's length individual. Therefore the net business income is lower than it might otherwise be. In business valuations this issue is addressed by adjusting the payments to family members to reflect amounts that are reasonable for the work done.

The guidelines place the onus on the owner of the business to support the payments paid to non-arm's length parties. Section 9 of Schedule III requires that non-arm's length payment be added back in arriving at Total Income unless the individual can demonstrate they are required for the business and are reasonable in the circumstances.

Non-arm's length payments may not be apparent from the tax return. An individual's financial information will have to be examined to identify non-arm's length remuneration and its reasonability.

### 2.6.2 Change in Reporting Income To A Calendar Year Basis (Schedule III, Section 10)

Until the changes put forward in the February 1995 Federal budget, a self-employed individual could have a fiscal year end different than December 31st. This enabled an individual to defer income to a later year. Typically, self-employed individuals chose a January 31st year end. Accordingly they were only required to include, on the tax return, the income earned up to the end of the fiscal year that ended in the reporting year. For example, self-employment earnings up to January 31, 1994 were reported on the 1994 personal tax return. Effectively, the earnings
from February 1, to December 31, 1994 were deferred until 1995 and so on. The 1994 Federal budget eliminated fiscal year ends for tax purposes but transitional rules will be in effect until 2004.

Under the legislative changes eliminating off calendar fiscal year ends for tax purposes, an individual was required to calculate his or her income from the end of the 1995 fiscal year to December 31, 1995. This so called "stub period" income (in the above example, income earned from February 1 to December 31,1995 ) will be included in income at the minimum rate of $5 \%$ in $1995,10 \%$ in each of 1996 to 2003 and $15 \%$ in 2004. Therefore from 1996 to 2004, income reported on the tax return may be increased to include income that was actually earned prior to 1996. Therefore business income may not be a true reflection of income earned in the year. In Section 10 of Schedule III this inclusion of 1995 stub period income can be deducted so that only self employment income earned in the particular calendar year is included in the determination of income for child support purposes.

The inclusion of stub period income is calculated by claiming a declining reserve against the 1995 stub period income. The prior year's reserve is added and the current year's reserve is deducted. The schedules of self-employment income included with the returns will show the addition of the prior year's reserve and the deduction of the current reserve as line items. It should, therefore, not be difficult to identify the income actually earned in the year.

### 2.7 Capital Cost Allowance on Real Property (Schedule III, Section 11)

Like business income, rental income is reported net of expenses on the tax return. Many real estate investments are viewed as long term in nature. Accordingly, the investment decision often takes into consideration both the ongoing net rental income and the potential growth in the value of the property during the holding period. For example, an individual may be willing to accept lower ongoing income in exchange for capital appreciation in the value of the property when it is eventually sold.

During the holding period, the individual is entitled to deduct capital cost allowance (CCA) from net rental income. While this deduction is limited to net rental income before CCA, it still represents a non-cash expenditure by the individual which will likely be recovered when the property is eventually sold. Therefore an individual would benefit from a reduction of income used to calculate child support that does not represent an ongoing operating expenditure. Moreover, the individual would likely argue that the gain is a nonrecurring amount and should be excluded from income for support purposes.

The same situation is true where the property is used in a business. The individual is entitled to deduct CCA from business or professional income. In this case there is no limit to the deduction of CCA as is the case for rental properties. Nevertheless the same situation arises in that income is reduced by a non-cash expenditure that is unlikely to become a true ongoing expenditure (i.e., the property is not sold at a loss at some time in the future).

You should note that the addition of CCA in Section 11 Schedule III is limited to that on real property. CCA claimed on equipment or other business or rental assets is not added back as it was believed that these assets do depreciate in value and will have to be replaced from time to time. The CCA claim is arguably a proration of this eventual replacement cost on an annual basis. Note further that if the asset is sold for an amount that is greater than the undepreciated capital cost (UCC) then the "gain" is either added to income in the form of recapture or reduces the CCA class thereby reducing the amount of future possible CCA claims.

### 2.8 Partnership Requirements (Schedule III, Section 12)

An individual may earn income from a partnership. A partner's share of the income will form the basis on which income for tax purposes is determined regardless of the amount actually withdrawn from the partnership. Theoretically, a partner may not be able to withdraw more than his or her share of the income for a long period of time since the partnership cash flow may not be sufficient to cover operating costs. For example, the partnership may have generated revenue but, at the year end, a portion of that revenue remains uncollected and is reflected as accounts receivable in the partnership financial statements. Accordingly the partner may not be able to withdraw all of the income attributable to him or her. Similarly, part of a partner's income may be withheld by the partnership to finance capital expenditures. For that reason section 12 of Schedule III permits the deduction of that portion of a person's Total Income that has been withheld for reasons of partnership capitalisation.

This information will not be readily apparent from the tax return of the individual partner. It will have to come from the actual partnership financial statements or confirmation from the partnership as is set out in Paragraph 21(1)(e) of the Guidelines.

### 2.9 Stock Options (Schedule III, Section 13)

An employer may provide employees with options to purchase shares in lieu of salary. Section 7 of the Income Tax Act deals with the granting of employee options to buy shares. Generally, the employee is required to include, in his or her income, a benefit equal to the difference between the value of the shares at the time the option is exercised and the price paid by the employee for the option. Normally, this benefit is included in income in the year the employee exercises the option. Therefore relying on income reported for tax purposes may not take into account the benefit of options received as the income will only be reported when the employee exercises the option and acquires the underlying shares.

Practically speaking, the benefit may be difficult to measure or non-existent until the option is actually exercised. In many cases the option price is at, or close to, the share price at the time it is granted. This is intended to motivate employees to do their best to make the company successful. The more successful the company is, the higher the share price will be. The benefit of having the option to buy shares at a low fixed price obviously becomes more valuable the higher the stock price rises. Therefore relying on the benefit reported on the return in the year the options are exercised will provide a more objective measure of income earned since the employer
will have to report the benefit on the individual's T4 Supplementary. That does not alleviate the problem of timing but it was considered more practical to rely on the actual benefit realized when the options are exercised rather than base income on a potential benefit that may not be realized.

The issue is further complicated when the options entitle the holder to acquire shares of a Canadian Controlled Private Corporation (CCPC). In such instances the benefit is only recognized for income tax purposes in the year the employee disposes of the actual shares acquired, not the year in which the option is exercised. Accordingly the same problem arises in that the income may not be reflected in the appropriate year when calculating child support.

Section 13 of Schedule III addresses this potential distortion of income. Subsection 13(1) of Schedule III adds the benefit of CCPC stock options (as defined in section 7 of the Income Tax $A c t$ ) that are exercised in the year. To be consistent, subsection 13(2) allows for the deduction of the CCPC stock option benefit when the options were exercised and the shares were purchased in a previous year.

### 3.0 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

Sections 17 to 19 of the legislation address the special circumstances where the determination of income in Section 16 may not be appropriate. Section 17 deals with situations where an individual's income in a particular year may not be indicative of ongoing income and Section 18 addresses the situation where an individual is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation and may be in a position to influence the amount of income that would be reported on his or her personal income tax return. Section 19 addresses situations where income reported for tax purposes, even if adjusted, may not be an appropriate measure of income at all. Each of these is discussed in more detail below.

### 3.1 Pattern of Income (SECTION 17)

Subsection 17(1) is intended to allow court discretion where an individual experiences major fluctuations in annual income. By choosing the current year, as is contemplated in Section 16, the income used as a basis for support may not be indicative of that individual's normal annual income. In such cases the Court is entitled to look at the pattern of income over the last three years to estimate income on an ongoing basis for child support purposes.

Basically, paragraphs 17 (1)(a) and (b) address changes in the level of income from year to year. If income has been showing a consistent pattern upward or downward it may be appropriate to consider only the most recent year. Where there is fluctuation from year to year it may be appropriate to use an average of the years under review.

Paragraph 17(1)(c) addresses nonrecurring items. An individual may have sold a rental property and realized a capital gain. The net rental income would have been included in income on an ongoing basis (exclusive of CCA - see section 2.7 of this paper). The capital gain may be
considered a "once only" transaction therefore it would not be appropriate to include the gain in the determination of income for support purposes.

Subsection 17(2) deals with losses incurred in the year that are also nonrecurring. This is the converse of paragraph 17(1)(c). An individual may have capital or business investment losses that would ordinarily reduce Total Income on the return. To the extent these losses are nonrecurring, they should not reduce income for child support purposes.

From a practical point of view, practitioners should examine prior years' financial information for fluctuations in the level or changes in source of income to determine whether the pattern of income argument should be raised. The types of income or expenses that may not be recurring include capital gains and losses, certain types of carrying charges, allowable business investment losses, unusual or varying income or expenses in a business or dividends from a closely held corporation (see Section 3.2 below).

### 3.2 Shareholder, Director Or Officer (Section 18)

An individual may be the sole or a significant shareholder of a corporation from which is derived his or her livelihood. A sole shareholder and, possibly a noncontrolling shareholder with a significant holding, could be in a position to control the level of income reported on the personal tax return. Generally, the income of a closely held corporation that is distributed to a controlling or significant shareholder is based on some combination of cash flow, tax planning and personal preference. Accordingly, where an individual is either the sole or a significant shareholder of a corporation reliance on income reported on the personal tax return could yield a distorted result.

Notwithstanding the ability to influence the level of income, the nature of a particular business may be such that a significant portion of earnings must be retained in the business to finance its operation, growth or other needs. Furthermore, the size of an individual's shareholding vis-à-vis other shareholders may also affect the degree to which an individual can influence the level of personal income. For example; one may own a $30 \%$ interest in a corporation but cannot control the level of remuneration because there is only one other shareholder who owns the remaining $70 \%$. On the other hand, if the remaining $70 \%$ of the shares are widely held then a $30 \%$ shareholder may be in a position to influence the level of dividends declared and paid in a particular year.

It is virtually impossible to address all of the possible combinations and permutations of an individual's shareholdings vis-à-vis his or her ability to influence the level of income reported for income tax purposes. This is particularly true in cases where the individual is neither the sole nor the controlling shareholder of a corporation. Some of the more common situations are addressed below:

- The individual is the sole shareholder of a company and he or she generates all, or substantially all, of the income earned by the company. An example is an individual who carries on a consulting business in a corporation; a one-person operation.
- The individual is the sole shareholder of a large company with many employees but the income of the company, as a whole, is not necessarily dependent upon that individual. An example would be an individual who owns all the shares of a private company with a large sales force.
- The individual owns a relatively small percentage of shares but the company is controlled by family or related individuals.
- The individual owns a significant percentage of shares (say more than $10 \%$ ) and the remaining interest in the company is held by controlling or noncontrolling arm's length individuals.

In the first three instances it is more likely that the individual would be in a position to influence the level of income that ultimately gets reported on his or her personal tax return. It would probably be unfair to suggest that an individual that controls a corporation has unrestricted access to all of the profits of the company because most businesses must retain at least some earnings to finance operations and meet debt obligations in the normal course of the company's business.

One approach, particularly in the first case, may be to "look through" the corporation to determine an individual's income. For example; substitute the company's pre-tax income for reported remuneration on the personal tax return, particularly in the first scenario where there are few employees in the business. This is the approach contemplated by paragraph 18(1)(a).

In the second and third instances it may not be possible to use the company's pre-tax income as a base. A sole shareholder of a larger corporation (as opposed to a one-person operation) may not have access to all earnings of the company since there is a larger infrastructure to support. If the individual is not the sole shareholder then clearly he or she would have to share the company's profits with the other shareholders. In that case paragraph 18(1)(b) allows the Court to consider economic remuneration as a possible basis for determining income for support purposes.

In the last instance, where there is a significant percentage of arm's length shareholders, one or more of whom may directly or indirectly control the corporation, it is more likely that the remuneration and dividends paid to the individual is a reflection of economic remuneration. Accordingly there is less risk that the income reported on the personal tax return is artificially distorted. There still may be circumstances where the relationship amongst arm's length shareholders is such that artificial income distortions may occur.

One other significant issue should be noted with respect to the use of corporate income as a basis for support as contemplated by paragraph 18(1)(b). In section 2.6 .1 of this paper we discussed briefly the concept of income splitting. The concern was raised that an individual could artificially reduce his or her self employment income by paying non-economic remuneration to family members. The same principal applies to a corporation controlled by an individual or a related group. That is why subsection 18(2) requires that all such non-arm's length payments be added back to corporate income unless the spouse can establish their reasonability.

Such broad interpretations could still yield inappropriate results. It would then be up to the individual to demonstrate which is the most appropriate approach given the inability to influence corporate decisions, the nature of the business or some other uncontrollable factors that are specific to that particular company and/or industry. Practitioners will have to discuss these business interests with their clients to identify whether Section 18 is applicable and, if so, what adjustments may be required to calculate income for support purposes.

### 3.3 Imputing Income (Section 19)

This section of the legislation is intended to address those circumstances where income on the tax return, even after adjustment, does not yield a fair result for support purposes. Most of the provisions of this section are self explanatory but a couple merit additional clarification.

Total Income on the return is a pre-tax amount. Depending on the type of income an individual receives, the effective tax rate will vary. For example, the marginal rate of personal income tax on dividends from a Taxable Canadian Corporation is lower than the marginal rate on salary income. The theory of income tax integration mitigates some of the apparent disparity between the taxation of salary and dividend income by giving the individual shareholder a tax credit on their personal return. This credit is intended to estimate the underlying tax paid by the corporation on income generated to fund the dividend. Dividends are paid out of after-tax profits while salaries are deductible for corporate income tax purposes and are, therefore, paid out of pre-tax corporate income. Nevertheless, at the personal level, an individual would have more after-tax income available if he or she received a dividend rather than a salary of the same amount.

The same is true if the individual experiences capital gains (and they are not considered nonrecurring in which case the tax treatment is irrelevant). As discussed earlier, the tax rate on a capital gain is less than the rate applied to other sources of income.

The result is that the individual has more after-tax income available if a significant portion of Total Income is derived from dividends and/or capital gains. Paragraph 19(1)(h) allows consideration of this situation in setting support. Practitioners should review the individual's financial information to determine whether a significant amount of income is derived from dividends and/or capital gains in which case it may be appropriate to consider the applicability of section 19.

There are also a number of instances where an individual may receive a significant amount of income from a trust. Such income would be included in Total Income on the tax return and thereby be included in income for child support. However, if the spouse is the beneficiary of a discretionary trust then the level of income could be artificially distorted or manipulated. That is why paragraph 19(1)(i) allows the Court to impute income in these circumstances.

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual 

## Undue Hardship

By Professor D.A. Rollie Thompson<br>Dalhousie Law School<br>Halifax, Nova Scotia

This article was commissioned by the Child Support Team, Department of Justice Canada. The views expressed herein are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent the views of the Department.

# Undue Hardship <br> By Professor D.A. Rollie Thompson 

> And again I say unto you, it is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of [heaven].

Matthew 19:24
"Undue hardship" is established under section 10 of the Federal Child Support Guidelines, as one of the grounds for deviating from the table amounts. Bala calls it "a fairly narrow judicial discretion", ${ }^{1}$ Payne prefers "relatively narrow", ${ }^{2}$ and the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Family Law Committee thought, "Presumably, the courts would only make a finding... in lower income families". ${ }^{3}$ How should "undue hardship" be interpreted? More importantly, how will it be read? The eye of a needle? Or a large barn door?

First, remember that the Guidelines already take into account conventional "ability to pay" considerations, ${ }^{4}$ although mechanically and crudely. The Revised Fixed Percentage formula builds upon notional average expenditures on children by income level and an assumed equality of incomes between custodial and noncustodial parents. Much as we can debate the underlying validity of either set of assumptions, the result is a formula which adjusts child support continuously as income rises or falls. "Undue" hardship arguments ought to arise only in those cases where the hard edges of the formula are revealed.

Second, there are two preconditions that must be met: proof of circumstances of undue hardship, and a lower "standard of living" in the claimant's "household". While the former is the subject of

[^31]this paper, it is impossible to disentangle the latter. In fact, the "Standard of Living" test will foreclose many hardship claims, even before the camels get close to the needle's eye.
Third, our traditional support model leads us to believe "undue hardship" is a "defence" and much in Section 10 is built on that perspective. The bulk of this paper will be devoted to these possible "defences". But, out of an abundance of egalitarian zeal, the Guidelines' architects added "undue hardship" as an "offence" on the part of the child, more problematic in its scope and operation. While "defensive" claims will vastly outnumber "offensive" claims, some tentative thoughts will be offered, suggesting a much smaller camel and a much larger needle may be at work for these novel claims.

Lastly, assuming the camel does squeeze through, once we get to the other side of the needle, what then? What principles govern the exercise of this discretion? "Old" law? Some "new" law? "Standard of Living" law?

That is the rough structure of this paper: claiming "undue hardship", hardship as a defence (the largest part of the paper), hardship as an offence, and hardship discretion.

## CLAIMS OF HARDSHIP: YOU TAKE YOUR CAMEL, YOU TAKE YOUR NEEDLE

Compared to the present regime, the principal effect of the Guidelines is to fix a starting point through the "table amounts". A party thus bears the burden of proving a departure from those tables, up or down. ${ }^{5}$ The intention is that the table amounts be a "floor" and thus a parent seeking "add-ons" under Section 7 will have an easier time. By contrast, "undue hardship" is expected to place a more demanding burden upon the claimant, ${ }^{6}$ at least where it is being used as a "defence" to reduce support payable.

## The Tables Themselves Create "Undue Hardship"

The starting point for "undue hardship" analysis must therefore be the amounts set by the Tables. Here the Nova Scotia tables can be used for illustrative purposes. Below the gross annual income of $\$ 7,000$, no child support is payable by the noncustodial parent. For one child, the table amounts rise sharply from zero, to about 12 percent of gross at $\$ 10,000$, then decline and hover around 10 percent up to $\$ 60,000$ and thereafter decline down to 9 percent by $\$ 150,000$. For two children, the amounts increase from zero to 17 percent at $\$ 12,000$, where it stays until $\$ 34,000$, then decline steadily to 14.4 percent at $\$ 150,000$. For three children, the table amounts peak around 23 percent for $\$ 20,000$ to $\$ 30,000$ and, for four children, the peak is 28 percent in the same range.

Doug Campbell has demonstrated, accurately I believe, that the tables generate reasonable figures over the middle-income range for two children, assuming the custodial parent earns less than the

[^32]noncustodial parent. ${ }^{7}$ Not so good is the fit around the margins: the bottom and top ends of the income range, or for one child or three or more children. The "undue hardship" cases will mostly come from the margins, generated by the interaction of the table amounts with the payor's "unusual" circumstances.

All the express hardship "circumstances" are cast in "unusual" language, as it is presumed that noncustodial parents can pay the table amounts, considering "average" debts, "average" access expenses, and "average" (i.e., zero) additional support obligations. ${ }^{8}$ But does this mean that a party cannot claim undue hardship based solely upon the results produced by the table amounts? Given the open-ended nature of the definition of "circumstances that may cause undue hardship" in Section $10(2)$, I believe you can. ${ }^{9}$ I will explore this at greater length below in my analysis of Section 10(2).

Still, the starting point must be the table amount and a demonstration of why that amount - absent add-ons - causes undue hardship in this particular case.

## Decision-making Procedure: Anything But Section 10 First

The "presumptive rule" of Section 3 consists of the table amount and any add-ons, with Section 4 addressing incomes over $\$ 150,000$ and Section 5 in loco parentis cases. Further, Section 10(1) refers to "the amount determined under any of sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 ". Thus, prior to considering undue hardship, the court must first consider the table amount and add-ons, and any deviations for split custody (Section 8) or joint custody (Section 9). By the time the court reaches undue hardship, then, all of the potential departures will have already been canvassed, ${ }^{10}$ leaving Section 10 as a residual departure test, the last refuge of a litigious party seeking to depart from the table.
"Hardship", or more accurately "individual circumstances", can be considered under any of the preceding departure tests, most of which confer a discretion upon the court. More importantly, none of the other departure tests attach a Standard of Living test, so that parties should prefer to use anything other than Section 10. Accordingly, Section 10 will be unnecessary in cases of: children

[^33]19 or over, incomes over $\$ 150,000$, children towards whom a spouse stands in the place of a parent, joint custody. ${ }^{11}$

If table amounts do not create undue hardship, then add-ons under Section 7 may. Again, Section 7 appears to contain its own "hardship" element, sufficient to individualize the add-on decision and possibly avoid a Section 10 claim. Included as considerations before allowing a "special or extraordinary expense" under Section 7(1) is "the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation".

Hence, a noncustodial parent should oppose the Section 7 claim under that section, as no Standard of Living test need be met, in respect of the add-on. Section 10 can then be reserved as a defence to the table amount portion of any support order. A court sympathetic to the noncustodial parent's case can deal with the add-on under Section 7, without entering Section 10. Clearly, in these cases, an add-on claim will almost inevitably inspire a cross-claim of undue hardship. A custodial parent might well decide to forgo a Section 7 claim in light of the noncustodial parent's circumstances, falling back to the table amount, to avoid the cost and trouble of litigation or extended negotiations. ${ }^{12}$

In short, section 10 will largely be reserved for direct attacks upon the table amounts, usually defensively, but sometimes offensively too, but only where no other means of departure is available.

## The Standard of Living Threshold Test: A First Cut

Two preconditions must be met under Section 10: (1) some ground for a claim of undue hardship, and (2) the claimant can show a lower household standard of living than the other party. Thinking up the first is not the critical step, as not only the illustrations of Section 10(2) are available, but the tables themselves will often generate harsh or "unfair" numbers.

The first step for most lawyers ought to be a crude calculation under Section 10(3) and Schedule II. Although the mathematical Schedule II test is not mandatory according to Section 10(4), no one has yet proposed an alternative. The premise of the test is sound, i.e., the calculation of some income-to-needs ratio, on a household rather than individual basis. What is important here is that a crude calculation will tell you quickly whether or not a Section 10 argument can even get off the

[^34]ground. In most cases, sufficient information on incomes and household composition will be available to "ballpark" the Standard of Living test. ${ }^{13}$

In many cases, it will be clear that a hardship claim just can't get off the ground, whatever the specifics of the claim, thereby avoiding the exercise entirely.

## Minimizing Legal Costs By Settling for the Table Amount

A final threshold consideration is the sheer cost of negotiating or litigating undue hardship. Amongst the four objectives of the Guidelines, along with adequacy, reduction of conflict and consistency, is improving "efficiency" and "encouraging settlement". ${ }^{14}$ One of the principal ways of accomplishing that objective is the table amount, which forces one party to bear the cost of litigating departures from the table and, more importantly, substantially reduces the cost of establishing child support at the table amount. ${ }^{15}$

And here lies the interplay between theory and policy. The harder it is to make out an "undue hardship" claim, the more expensive it becomes to seek a departure from the table, the more that "efficiency" and "settlement" is obtained, albeit grudgingly or unfairly. No doubt "floodgates" arguments will be counterposed to demands for "fairness" and "individualization" of support determination.

In the end, the ease of settling at the table amount will force cost-benefit calculations upon the party claiming add-ons or undue hardship. In many marginal or close cases, it will not be worth the party's legal costs to make the claim.

## Dictionary Definitions: A Last Refuge

When presented with a new term, the lawyer's instinctive response is to reach for the dictionary, on the theory that the lexicographer will provide what the legislator and the social policy analyst cannot, namely certainty of meaning. So, to the shelf, to the Shorter Oxford English Dictionary. ${ }^{16}$ "Hardship" is defined to be: "The quality of being hard to bear; hardness; severity. Hardness of fate or circumstance; severe toil or suffering; extreme privation." And then, attach "undue": "Not appropriate or suitable; improper; unseasonable. Unjustifiable; illegal. Going beyond what is

[^35]appropriate, warranted or natural; excessive." What comes out the other end of the dictionary are phrases like "excessive hardness" or "unwarranted severity" or, my favourite, "inappropriate extreme privation". More useful guidance will be found in the five specific "circumstances" stated in section 10(2).

## UNDUE HARDSHIP: EXPRESS DEFENCES

In Section 10(2), the Guidelines expressly list off five specific "circumstances that may cause a spouse or child to suffer undue hardship". The use of the word "include" makes clear that this list is not exhaustive. All five of these "circumstances" would be claimed as defences by the noncustodial or payor parent. Despite the general language of Section 10(1), there are no examples offered of an "offensive" claim, as the CBA Family Law Section brief noted. ${ }^{17}$

These specific defences, and the language used to state them, deserve our initial attention. First, like all express examples, these will be the source of most early litigation, for those of us lawyers (and judges) who lack creativity. Second, there can be no argument that these five circumstances can be undue hardship. Third, the interpretation of these examples will likely produce the general approach to the breadth or narrowness of Section 10 and any other "circumstances".

## (a) Clause (a): "An Unusually High Level of Debts"

Oddly enough, despite the well-recognized principle that child support takes priority over debts, ${ }^{18}$ the first of the five hardship defences is debt:
(a) the spouse has responsibility for an unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living;

## (i) "Unusually High"

Note the "unusually high" modifier. Built into the table amounts is "average" ability to pay, which in turn assumes an "average level of debt" at each income level, or so we are told. ${ }^{19}$ Unfortunately, what that "average pattern" of debts might be is not available. In any event, both the "undue" in hardship and the "unusually" in high level of debts suggest, not only something more than "usual" household debts. But how far beyond that? Well, the language of clause (a) does not suggest that the spouse must be so crippled by debt that he or she needs a serious consolidation loan or is moving towards bankruptcy.

[^36]That flows from the two fairly ordinary debt situations described, i.e., left-over "family" debts from cohabitation or current employment-based debt. Note what distinguishes these two situations is the purpose the debts were incurred, not their levels. These situations can be distinguished from other purposes, not included, e.g., non-family debts incurred during cohabitation or post-separation debts. ${ }^{20}$

In most cases, responsibility for debts will already have been allocated as part of the property division between the spouses, taking into account their respective assets and incomes. Care should be exercised at the child support stage to avoid double counting, or perhaps more accurately, "double pleading".

As is the case now, the burden of proving the debts, and their particulars, will be upon the party claiming hardship. If nothing else, the strong language of the hardship defence and the debts clause suggests that debts must be strictly proven.

## (ii) "Family" Debts

The limitation written into this phrase is debts "reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation" (emphasis added). "Support" can refer either to past employment-based debts, i.e., to generate income to support the family, or past borrowing to finance household needs, e.g., mortgage, furniture. The theory is simple: both parties obtained the benefit of the credit during cohabitation and both must now bear the cost, even after separation. ${ }^{21}$

In an earlier analysis, I have noted three practical factual points that also support some priority to debt payments for the custodial parent: (i) property securing the debt being paid by the noncustodial parent may be in the possession of the custodial parent; (ii) the custodial parent may be jointly liable on the debt with the noncustodial parent; and (iii) non-payment of the debt, joint or otherwise, might have an adverse effect upon the custodial parent's credit rating and hence the ongoing availability of credit to that parent. ${ }^{22}$

The "reasonably incurred" qualification mystifies me. ${ }^{23}$ The parties were together at the time, obtained the benefit at the time, and now one party is accountable for those debts, reasonable or unreasonable. Whether the debt was to fix the roof or to cruise on the Loveboat makes little difference at this stage. Moreover, how does one "reasonably incur" "an unusually high level of debts", one might be forgiven for asking. In my view, the purpose of the debt being incurred, i.e., to support the family, makes the debt "reasonable". "Reasonably incurred" just does not add anything to the analysis.

[^37]Since these are past debts, which are fixed at the time of separation, they have a clear end-point for payments. Any reduction of child support now by reason of debt should therefore explicitly recognize the end of that overhang of past debt, with child support to rise thereafter, as is provided for in Section 10(5).

## (iii) Employment-Based Debts

Here again, clause (a) reflects the existing case law, where courts recognize that debts incurred to earn income must be recognized, if that income is to continue to be earned.

Most prominent amongst these would be a car loan, where the payor spouse needs the car either for work or to get to and from work. ${ }^{24}$ There should, however, be some recognition that the automobile serves purposes other than employment. Further, a loan to buy a new vehicle involves not only an expense but also the acquisition of an asset, which warrants some discounting in the hardship analysis.

Also included under this branch are true "business" debts, incurred in the course of a small business or trade. ${ }^{25}$

Debts in this category can arise before or after separation, so long as their purpose is "to earn a living". In some cases, it may be necessary to disentangle "personal" post-separation debts from "employment" debts, especially where debts have been consolidated post-separation.

## (iv) Section 10(5): Repayment and Refinancing

Under Section 10(5), the court "may specify... a reasonable time for the satisfaction of any obligation", a provision referable only to debt cases in earlier drafts of the Guidelines. ${ }^{26}$ Now that section has been extended to any "obligation arising from circumstances that cause undue hardship". The CBA National Family Law Section argued that a Section 10(5) condition should be mandatory for any debt-based hardship order, ${ }^{27}$ but the provision remains permissive. The court may also fix the amount of child support to be payable at the end of any repayment period.

[^38]In practice, Section 10(5) applies to a range of debt work-out situations: simple repayment of a loan, refinancing, refinancing and consolidation, consumer proposals, bankruptcy. ${ }^{28}$ The court's ability to influence the debtor spouse's debt load in the short run is minimal, for two reasons. First, the parties often established their debt structure based upon joint incomes, now changed after separation, but commercial terms of credit stay fixed. Second, most parties come to court and plead debts as a defence first, before making any attempt to reduce those debts. Where a loan has a few more payments to go, it will be possible for courts to make the support adjustment countenanced by Section 10(5). In most other cases, the party will have to pursue his or her debt refinancing or restructuring options first, as the court has no power over the party's creditors. Credit card debts can be consolidated, conventional loans can be renegotiated, mortgages can be refinanced, etc.

Consistent with the idea of Section $10(5)$, courts have in the past given a party time to rearrange finances, with support to increase thereafter. ${ }^{29}$ Occasionally, courts have simply fixed support at a higher level, as a further stick to encourage refinancing, an option not to be ignored under Section $10(5) .{ }^{30}$ It is important to recognize that the court's room to manoeuvre under Section $10(5)$ will be limited by the demands of third-party creditors and the seriousness of the debtor's financial situation.

## (b) Clause (b): "Unusually High Access Expenses"

The second clause of Section 10(2) reads:
(b) the spouse has unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access to a child;

Misgivings about this ground have been expressed, by the federal authorities. ${ }^{31}$ Two points are made, in reference to the "unusually high" qualification. First, "usual" access costs are borne by the noncustodial parent as part of the normal pattern of spending on children, e.g., auto expenses, meals out, etc. Such expenses have been taken into account already, by the very formula itself. Second, most noncustodial parents have a higher standard of living than custodial parents, and can therefore properly be expected to assume the "usual" costs of "usual" access. ${ }^{32}$

[^39]"Unusually high" expenses can be the result of one of two circumstances or both: (i) the "unusual" distance travelled for access; or (ii) the "unusual" amount of time spent with the child by the noncustodial parent. Keep in mind that the noncustodial parent has to meet the Standard of Living test too.

Underpinning this clause is the priority we give to access, to the maintenance of the parent-child relationship, even if it means reducing child support to maintain that relationship. This priority can be seen in Section 16(10) of the Divorce Act, ${ }^{33}$ the "maximum contact" principle, and in the mobility cases. ${ }^{34}$

## (i) Distance and Relocation

Most access, and hence access expenditures, are premised upon a certain proximity, within the same community or region. When one parent moves away, increasing the cost of access, courts tend to look with some tenderness upon the noncustodial parent's position. In many recent cases, when a move is permitted, child support has been reduced, to permit the noncustodial parent to maintain visits. ${ }^{35}$ More often, courts have ordered payment of the transportation costs as a separate term of the access order, rather than by means of a reduction of child support, by either or both parents. ${ }^{36}$ In answer to a proposal to reduce child support, the custodial parent could offer separate payment of access travel costs, thereby avoiding the undue hardship issue.

## (ii) Increased Amounts of Time

Under Section 9 of the Guidelines, the "shared custody" provision, judicial discretion supplants the tables where "a spouse exercises a right of access to, or has physical custody of, a child for not less than 40 per cent of the time over the course of a year". Once a parent hits 40 percent, Section 9 kicks in. On the other hand, "usual" access amounts to about 20 percent of the time over the course of year, if access consists of every second weekend, two weeks in the summer and one-half of major holidays. Thus, "unusually high" access expenses will lie somewhere between 20 and 40 percent of time annually, with more likely success at the upper end of this range.

[^40]Some might object to this reading, fearing that it will create a financial incentive to press for more access (although that would be less prevalent, given the Standard of Living Test). But it may avoid another concern, namely the "notching" effect of the " 40 percent" threshold for shared custody. Reading clause (b) as I have suggested would reduce the impact of that artificial threshold for lower-income noncustodial parents and provide some modicum of flexibility.

## (c) Clause (c): Existing Support Order or Agreement

Clause (c) addresses orders or agreements for support, child or spousal, i.e., for those residing outside the spouse's household:
(c) the spouse has a legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person;

Keep in mind that the table amounts are based upon the payor's gross income, irrespective of prior support obligations. Clause (c) provides for one part of the "second family" issues that bedevil support law, with clause (d) picking up the other part. Phrased in terms of the present law, ${ }^{37}$ clause (c) incorporates elements of the "first family first" model and the "balancing" model (which attempts to treat all children equally).

A distinction must be drawn between child and spousal support. As a result of Section 15.3(1), an amendment found in Bill C-41, the court is to give priority to child support over spousal support. ${ }^{38}$ Accordingly, despite the language of clause (c), it would seem more consistent with the purposes of the Guidelines to make a subsequent child support order irrespective of a prior spousal support order, leaving it for the payor to "lump it" or to return to vary the spousal support order.

The June 1996 Working Draft included subsections whose net effect was to reduce the noncustodial parent's gross income by the amount of the existing support orders (or a lesser amount), as the basis for then determining the table amount for the subsequent child. ${ }^{39}$ In the majority of cases, in the early years of the Guidelines, "older" child support orders will be lower than the table amounts. Over time, as child support orders are made at the table amounts or are varied to those table amounts, then the trade-off here will be against a prior, table-based order. If we assume the prior support order was for a child, the proposed, but abandoned, formula treats the second child less than equally, contrary to the premise of "equal treatment of all children", but it at least produces some

[^41]rough justice, given the structure of the tables. ${ }^{40}$ To apply that mathematical formula to a prior spousal support order would not be appropriate. ${ }^{41}$

In the face of multiple support orders, the payor spouse is much more likely to qualify under the standard of living formula in Schedule II, precisely because of the double deduction from the payor's income.

## (d) Clause (d): Duty to Support Child in Household

The previous clause, clause (c), addresses support obligations towards a child or spouse with whom the noncustodial parent is no longer living. By contrast, clause (d) deals with children only:
(d) the spouse has a legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is
(i) under the age of majority, or
(ii) the age of majority or over but is unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to obtain the necessaries of life;

These children will be children who currently reside in the household of the payor spouse, either a child of a new relationship or a child to whom the payor now stands in the place of a parent, as a result of a new relationship.

The formula solution of the June 1996 Working Draft was also to be applied in this setting, i.e., the gross income of the payor was to be reduced by the table amounts for the number of children to whom this clause applied, followed by the determination of a table amount based upon the reduced gross income. ${ }^{42}$ That solution is still available, but now as a matter of judicial discretion rather than legislated rule.

Note that the standard of living calculation treats children under this clause differently, not deducting an amount from the payor's income as with clause (c), but instead including the child in the "needs" portion of the ratio, i.e., the child affects "household size" for purposes of the "lowincome measures amount" in Schedule II.

The inclusion of clause (d), and its restriction to children, leaves room for courts to apply the preexisting "second family" support law, here the "balancing" model and, sometimes, the "let the second family succeed" model. The latter model will have frequent application, as the noncustodial

[^42]parent's household must have a lower standard of living as part of the hardship defence. I should note here, as has every commentator so far, that the Standard of Living test needs disclosure of new partners' incomes for calculation purposes, but nothing in the Guidelines compels disclosure by new partners. ${ }^{43}$ Supplementation by provincial rules of procedure may be required to make the undue hardship provisions effective. ${ }^{44}$

## (e) Clause (e): Illness or Disability

Clause (e) was added late in the process, in a December 1996 draft of the Guidelines:
(e) the spouse has a legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessaries oflife due to an illness or disability.
It would appear that this clause would apply to adults, since children are covered by clauses (c) and (d), and to adults other than spouses, who are included in clause (c). And it would not appear that clause (e) distinguishes between those who do and don't reside with the spouse. It may include dependent parents and adult children, but the language of "legal duty to support" places a severe limit upon its scope.

## UNDUE HARDSHIP: ADDITIONAL DEFENCES

## Undue Hardship Caused by the Table

Apart from the itemized, explicit "circumstances" above, the only limit upon "undue hardship" as a defence is the Standard of Living test and your ingenuity. One source of undue hardship that requires no ingenuity is a claim based upon the table amounts themselves, a claim that is not excluded by Section 10 nor by any of the supporting documentation. Here I will try to highlight the most obvious sources of hardship. No reference is made here to the relative income positions of the noncustodial and custodial parents, as that is next.

First, once the tables move beyond two children, into $3,4,5$ or 6 children, the results for the noncustodial spouse become quite harsh, even for middle-income spouses, as Doug Campbell has shown. ${ }^{45}$

[^43]Second, the steep rise in table amounts for low-income payors, above the ridiculously low floor of $\$ 7000$ a year (or $\$ 583$ a month), will generate many Section 10 applications. For example, a disabled person on provincial Family Benefits in Nova Scotia is entitled to $\$ 714$ a month, and would thus have to pay support of $\$ 54$ for one child or $\$ 61$ for two children. Whatever the status of the other spouse and children, any support order at all in that situation is clearly ridiculous.

Some jurisdictions have established "subsistence reserves", which are deducted from spousal incomes as part of the income shares model, as was done by the Nova Scotia Court of Appeal in French. ${ }^{46}$ In that case, Roscoe J.A. ruled that the Statistics Canada low-income cut-offs or "poverty lines" established that a single person living in Halifax required $\$ 14,137$ (or a slightly higher sum in this father's case because of his employment and travel expenses), "to maintain a subsistence level or to pay his essential living expenses". But that same payor at $\$ 14,000$ a year would be required to pay $\$ 121$ for one child or $\$ 219$ for two children, despite living at or below the "poverty line", an obvious basis for an "undue hardship" claim.

The bottom end of the tables certainly create "undue hardship" in the majority of cases, ensuring that a slew of such cases will be brought before the courts. Unfortunately, the social assistance recovery purpose of the Guidelines has predominated, ${ }^{47}$ to produce unnecessarily high numbers for low-income earners, at potentially considerable cost to the judicial system.

## Undue Hardship Created by Relative Disparities

The table can create results that, even in its own terms, are harsh or unfair, as I have pointed out. But there is another version of "undue hardship", built not upon absolute notions of subsistence minimums, but upon substantial relative disparities between the households of custodial and noncustodial parents.

First, you must be steeped in the proportionate contributions, Paras ${ }^{48}$ school of thought, which we all are. A fixed percentage model then produces what are perceived as "odd" results, by reason of the Guidelines' non-consideration of the custodial parent's income. Second, you need a situation in which the custodial parent makes substantially more than the noncustodial parent -- not the majority of cases, but not uncommon either.

[^44][^45]Put simply, a noncustodial parent earning $\$ 30,000$ gross per year pays the same amount of support for two children, i.e., $\$ 438$ a month, no matter whether the custodial parent earns $\$ 20,000$ a year or $\$ 60,000$ per year. In the latter case, the noncustodial parent could claim undue hardship, based upon the Standard of Living test, and the significant disparity in relative incomes. But the formula that underpins the table is based upon a view that says the custodial parent's income "doesn't matter" for purposes of setting the noncustodial parent's support.

Various arguments have been put forward by the federal authorities in support of this formula, arguments other than pure administrative efficiency. ${ }^{49}$ Two American experts, Garfinkel and Melli, have best stated the theoretical arguments in favour of a "percentage-of-income" model:
(i) the model shifts from traditional "cost-sharing" to "income-sharing", with the latter based upon "the principle that to parent a child is to incur an obligation to share income with the child"; ${ }^{50}$
(ii) for separated parents, just as for intact families, the child should share the benefits of both parents' incomes, if both parents work outside the home;
(iii) the model assumes that the custodial parents "share their incomes with the children with whom they live" and "bear the burden of a multitude of hidden expenses associated with being a single parent" ${ }^{51}$
(iv) "The [income-sharing] principle suggests that there is nothing inequitable about non-resident parents paying a constant share of their income irrespective of the income of the resident parent, thus enabling the child to benefit from two income-producing parents. ${ }^{52}$

On this view, Parliament's choice of the Revised Fixed Percentage formula is a conscious policy choice, to forsake the Paras model and to embrace another. That choice ought not be undermined by competing, but rejected, notions of "fairness".

But Garfinkel and Melli acknowledge, as we must here, that "failure to consider [taking resident parent income into account] leads to what some consider to be inequitable results, especially in extreme cases". ${ }^{53}$ But should these results warrant overcoming the income-sharing principle of the

[^46]formula? No guidance on this point can be found in the Guidelines, except inferentially from the standard of living test in Schedule II, and that's a faint inference.

## UNDUE HARDSHIP: POSSIBLE OFFENCES

One of the problems with Section 10 of the Guidelines is that all the explicit examples in Section 10(2) are "one-way", in the nature of defences, despite the language of Section 10(1). This point was not lost upon the CBA National Family Law Section: ${ }^{54}$

We strongly suggest that a list of valid examples of undue hardship should be provided only if those examples apply to either parent. This is essential because of the influence any enumerated examples are likely to have on courts.

Section 10(2) was left unchanged, and thus we are speculating about possible offensive use of Section 10 to increase child support above the table amounts.

Much pressure will be taken off the offensive use of Section 10 by the easier availability of "special or extraordinary expenses" under Section 7. But these "add-ons" largely work to the advantage of middle and upper income households. Educational expenses, whether under clause (d) or (e), will be reserved for the upper end of the income spectrum. And these same families can point to pre-separation spending patterns where children were able to participate in extracurricular activities.

But what of those custodial parents who are too poor before and after separation to afford add-ons? And what of those parents who stay home or work only modest part-time hours or have older children or relatives to provide care, thus not having high child care expenses? For these parents, mostly at the bottom end, section 10 may be the only possible basis for an increased claim.

Given the prevailing view that the table amounts are intended to be a "floor", not a "ceiling", it should be easier for a custodial parent to use "undue hardship" as a basis for increasing child support amounts.

## Undue Hardship Created by the Table

For custodial parents, the table amounts for one child "appear to place too large a burden on the recipient spouse unless she (or he) earns at a higher level", to quote Doug Campbell. ${ }^{55}$ Those representing low-income custodial parents with one child should look closely at a straight tablebased undue hardship argument.

[^47]In those cases where the noncustodial parent earns less than $\$ 20,000$, any attempts to increase support may be met with a Section 10 defence. Beyond that level, the custodial parent's argument can also be fortified by relative disparities in standards of living.

## Undue Hardship Based on Relative Disparities

The CBA's National Family Law Section made a compelling argument in favour of using relative disparities, as calculated under Schedule II's standard of living test, as a ground to increase child support under section $10:^{56}$

The guidelines will often result in a significant disparity in the standard of living between the custodial and noncustodial households. We see no justification for children being brought up in a impoverished home, while one of their parents enjoys a significantly higher standard of living. The schedule designed to assess whether the threshold for undue hardship applications is met could also be used to point out significant disparities between the two households.

To similar effect are the arguments of Doug Campbell, although his are cast in terms of disposable income. ${ }^{57}$


#### Abstract

Above, I suggested that an emphasis upon relative disparities may reflect an unwillingness to accept the new social policy implicit in the Federal Guidelines, especially when raised by the noncustodial parent as a defence. The same might be said when the same kinds of disparities are used by the custodial parent to go above the table amounts. But keep in mind that the tables are intended to be a floor, with movement upwards to be easier. The integrity of the tables remains unimpaired when support is ordered above those amounts. Nor should children in the custodial household be left facing a significantly lower standard of living than the noncustodial parent, a consideration which warrants asymmetrical treatment of relative disparities in hardship analysis.


## Infrequent or Non-Exercise of Access

Section 10 (2)(b) allows, as a defence, "unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access", the "unusually high" requirement premised upon some notion of "average access costs". What if a noncustodial parent exercises significantly less than average access? Should that provide a ground for the custodial parent to argue undue hardship and hence a higher amount of child support?

The CBA National Family Law Section suggested that the answer should be yes, that a custodial parent's unusual expenses in relation to the infrequent or non-exercise of access should be a parallel

[^48]offensive ground to that stated in Section $10(2)(\mathrm{b}) .{ }^{58}$ There is some limited support in case law for this result. ${ }^{59}$
"Undue hardship" in these cases occurs in a number of ways: (i) the custodial parent must feed and otherwise spend money on the child for those days when the child is not with the noncustodial parent; (ii) in some cases, the custodial parent may have increased child care expenses, erratically incurred; (iii) the custodial parent does not obtain any break from child care responsibilities, one of those examples of "hidden costs" imposed upon the custodial parent; and (iv) the noncustodial parent has greater ability to pay by reason of not spending money on access.

## Other Parallel Hardship Grounds

Is it possible to look in the child support mirror and generate "parallel" hardship grounds to be claimed offensively? I think so, although some will more likely come in as add-ons.

Under Section 10(2)(a), presumably the custodial parent could claim "responsibility for an unusually high level of debts", thus requiring greater child support, although one would have thought that spousal support or property division would be the proper vehicle to address that issue. Under Section 10(2)(c), it is conceivable, although unlikely, that a custodial parent would have a support duty under order or agreement. The situation in clause (d) is more common, where the custodial parent has a duty to support other children in the new household, but it is difficult to see how this would have any impact upon the noncustodial parent's payment.

## ONCE THE CAMEL GOES THROUGH THE EYE OF THE NEEDLE, THEN WHAT?

Once an "undue hardship" claim meets the twin tests, the "circumstances" test and the standard of living test, then what law governs the amount to be determined by the court? With the amendments to the Divorce Act, sections 15(8) and 17(8) have been repealed, ${ }^{60}$ based as they were upon an income shares model. But then, late in the day, a new subsection was added to the Divorce Act, Section 26.1(2), which reads, in familiar language:

[^49]The guidelines shall be based on the principle that spouses have a joint financial obligation to maintain the children of the marriage in accordance with their relative abilities to contribute to the performance of that obligation.

So, do we revert to the "old", Paras law? Do we just jigger around with the table amounts, in some form of discretionary departure? Or, do we develop some new principles under the Guidelines?

As I have noted at various points, there are still many criticisms of the formula adopted in the Guidelines. The opportunity to depart from the table amounts affords the critics a chance to reinstitute their preferred views on child support policy, whether that be needs-and-means, Paras, income shares, or income equalization models.

In my view, the courts should develop new law to address these departures, consistent with the income-sharing concepts of the Revised Fixed Percentage model. Wherever possible, rather than just falling back on "discretion" at large, the courts ought to adopt subsidiary rules, to accomplish the stated objectives in Section 1 of the Guidelines: to establish a fair standard of support, to make orders more objective, to encourage efficiency and settlement, and to ensure consistent treatment.

Clause (a), the debts clause, is fairly straightforward, as the table amount is temporarily reduced by the monthly debt payments deemed "unusually high", using Section 10(5) to revert back to the table amount as soon as possible.

Clause (b) involves estimating additional access expenses on an annual basis and setting them off against the table amounts to be ordered. In my view, however, for travel-based access expenses, it is simpler, more efficient and more consistent with the objectives of the Guidelines for the court to deal with such expenses as part of the access terms, rather than as set-offs against support. The "access terms" approach is made easier now, as neither these payments nor child support payments would be taxable income under the new regime. Where the ground is increased access time, a set-off under this clause is the only way to proceed.

In the case of departures based on clauses (c), (d) or (e) of Section 10(2), it can be argued that we should apply the previously-proposed method, of deducting the support order amount or the appropriate table amount from the payor's gross income, and then take the table amount for that reduced income to establish the amount for this child. ${ }^{61}$

Far more difficult to resolve are hardship claims based upon the table amounts or based upon relative disparities. In the case of the latter, assuming a court will recognize this kind of claim, there are two possibilities, either income shares or income equalization. In my view, the latter would be more consistent with the Guidelines, given the presence of the standard of living test in Schedule II. ${ }^{62}$ As for the former, it involves judicial adjustment, case-by-case, of the table amounts

[^50]as a real noncustodial spouse sits across the table from the judge in the courtroom. Essentially what will be applied are traditional "ability to pay" (defence) or "need" (offence) notions.

Finally, whatever the court does decide as the basis for departing from the tables, recorded reasons must be provided by the court under Section 10(6) of the Guidelines. At least we will know why the camel does or does not go through the eye of the "undue hardship" needle.

# Child Support Guidelines Reference Manual Case Studies 

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The document produced by the computer program - "SUPPORTmate Maintenance Planner" - used in the French document was translated by the Department of Justice. This program is not available in French.

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By Susanne R. Goodman

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## A. TRANSITION PROBLEMS

## \#1 - CHILD SUPPORT VARIATION UNDER THE GUIDELINES AND THE IMPACT ON SPOUSAL SUPPORT

## Eacts:

A former H and Whave 2 children, ages 8 and 10 . Hhe H was earning, $\$ 62,000$ when they entered into a separation agreement that was later incorporated on eonsent into a divorce judginent. The H agreed to pay the former W $\$ 350$ per montl per child (cotalling $\$ 700$ per month) and $\$ 1, \$ 00$ per month in spousal suppont. The Child Support Cuidelines have Just been enacted: The Whas applied to vary the order for ehild support She seeks an order pursuant to the guidelines: The parties reside in Ontario.
A. Can the former W obtain an increase in the child support payments?

## Analusis:

Most likely. Pursuant to subsection 14(c) of the guidelines, to vary an order under subsection 17(4) of the Divorce Act for an order made before May 1, 1997, the coming into force of section 15.1 is a change of circumstances. Pursuant to clause 34(1)(b), the application will be treated as if it were a variation under section 15.1. Subsection 17(6.1), stipulates that the application shall be dealt with under the applicable guidelines.

The amount of the new child support order is $\$ 846$ per month for two children.
B. When the parties settled in 1994, the child and spousal support settlement resulted in the H having \$23,530 in net (after-tax) disposable income and the W having \$27,566. With the H now paying $\$ 846$ per month net for child support and $\$ 1,800$ in spousal support which is still deductible to him for tax purposes, he will now have only $\$ 18,459$ in net disposable income for himself while the former $W$ will have $\$ 31,749$ for the support of 3 people. The $H$ has therefore cross-applied for a reduction in spousal support. Will he obtain a reduction?

## Analysis:

The former H will not be entitled to a variation of spousal support pursuant to section 17 unless the court has satisfied itself that a change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of either former spouse has occurred since the making of the spousal support order and in making the variation order, the court must take that change into consideration (See subsection 17(4) of the Divorce Act.). A decrease in spousal support is not automatic under the Divorce Act. Subsection 17(4) is discretionary.

Note that there has been a significant positive change in the former W's income, but a significant downward change in the former H's financial position as a result of his increased child support obligations.

Because the intent of section 15.1 of the Divorce Act is to give child support priority over spousal support, and particularly as subsection 15.1(3) of the Divorce Act states that where priority has been given to child support, any reduction or termination of that child support constitutes a material change in circumstances for the purposes of applying for a variation in respect of a spousal support, the Court will likely grant a reduction in spousal support. Spousal support may be increased later, if necessary, when the child support is reduced or terminated.

Therefore, when advising the former spouse who has come into your office and has asked for your advice as to whether he or she should apply for a change in child support to accord with the guidelines, one must consider the net effect of the change and how it might affect any spousal support being paid. Moving to vary could be a wasted effort in some cases, depending on the incomes and other circumstances of the parties at the time of the requested variation. Here, the former $W$ might ultimately receive no more than under her previous order, prior to investing the time and money in a variation. It is difficult to advise clients, particularly when one might not know what changes the former H may have had in his circumstances since the original order was made, as can be seen in Question C. below. However, where the former W suspects or knows that the former H's income has increased since the original order was made, she might well decide to seek the variation in child support.

## C. Assume that the H's income has in fact increased to $\$ 80,000$ per year since the original settlement. Would the result in B. be different?

## Analysis:

The result may well be different in this case. If he is now earning $\$ 80,000$ per year, the $W$ will obtain her variation in child support and the table amount is $\$ 1,031$ for two children. In the result, the former H will have $\$ 26,970$ in net disposable income (whereas at the time of the settlement, he had $\$ 23,530$ ). The former W will have $\$ 33,969$ assuming her income has not changed since the date of the original order. It is unlikely that the court would exercise its jurisdiction to reduce the spousal support on his cross-application. After the child support is increased to $\$ 1,031$, the former H's own circumstances will have improved since the settlement, notwithstanding the increase in the child support payments the former W will now be receiving.

The court must consider the changes in both former spouses' positions, so for example, if the former H had remarried since the settlement and had children with his second W , a reduction in spousal support might be ordered, notwithstanding the increase in the H 's income since the settlement.

> SUPPORTmate Maintenance Planner
> Data Input Screen (Page 1)
> 1997 - Ontario

Family name(s):
Transition Problem \#1

INCOME \& EXPENSES FOR TAX PURPOSES
DATA INPUT Payor Recipient Payor Recipient

INCOME (annual):
Gross employment including taxable benefits
Self-employed (net)
Rental (net)
Dividends (\$Cdn amount received)
Other taxable income (excluding support)
Social Assistance \& other non taxable income
TOTAL INCOME (auto calc)
\$62,000
\$0 \$62,000
0
$-\quad-$
\$62,00
\$62,000
0
0
0
0
0
0
0

## 0

0
0
$\$ 0$

DEDUCTIONS:
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { RRSP Contribution: Maximum is } & \$ 13,500 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1996 \text { Earned Income for RRSP } & & 0 & 0 & & \\ 1996 \text { Pension Adjustment (PA) } & 0 & 0 & & 0 \\ \text { Registered Pension Plan Contribution } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Actual Child Care Expenses Paid } & & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { For children under age 7 years } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { For children ages 7 - 16 years } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Other deductions } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Social Benefit Repayment (auto calc) } & & & 62,000 & 0 \\ \text { NET TAXABLE INCOME (auto calc) } & & & & \end{array}$
CHILD(REN): (Enter * in applicable column)
number of children under 7 years old
number of children ages 7 to 17 years old
number of children 19 and older and infirm
Number of children eligible for
Child Tax Benefits (auto calc)

| 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 2 |

TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)

| Dividend tax credit (auto calc) |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Personal credit (auto calc) |  |  | 1,668 | 1,668 |
| Spouse credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Equivalent to Married credit | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1,390 |
| Age 65 and Over credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disability credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pension Income credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

## OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter \$ amount)

Canada Pension Plan (auto calc)
244
Employment Insurance premiums paid (auto calc)
292
Tuition fees 0
Medical expenses
0
Charitable donations
0

|  | 244 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 0 | 292 |
| 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 |
|  | 0 |

Schedule of Income Taxes Payable, Child Tax Benefits and Net Disposable Incomes At Various Levels of Child and Spousal Support Payments

1997 - Ontario Annual Amounts

Payor: <Enter Name Here>

|  | Gross <br> Income | Non Deductible <br> Child Support <br> Payment | Deductible <br> Support <br> Payment | Income <br> Tax | Child <br> Tax <br> Benefit | Disposable <br> Income | Net Cost <br> of Paying <br> Support |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 62,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 30,000$ | $\$ 6,394$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 23,530$ | $\$ 17,761$ |
| 2 | 62,000 | 10,152 | 21,600 | 9,714 | 0 | 18,459 | 22,832 |
| 3 | 62,000 | 0 | 37,200 | 4,204 | 0 | 18,521 | 22,770 |
| 4 | 62,000 | 0 | 0 | 18,633 | 0 | 41,291 | 0 |
| 5 | 62,000 | 0 | 0 | 18,633 | 0 | 41,291 | 0 |

Recipient: <Enter Name Here>
Net

|  | Income <br> Excluding <br> Support | Non Taxable <br> Child Support <br> Received | Taxable <br> Support <br> Received | Income <br> Tax | Child <br> Tax <br> Benefit | Net <br> Disposable <br> Income | Benefit of <br> Receiving <br> Support |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 30,000$ | $\$ 4,750$ | 1,836 | $\$ 27,566$ | $\$ 25,250$ |
| 2 | 0 | 10,152 | 21,600 | 2,523 | 2,040 | 31,749 | 29,229 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 37,200 | 7,595 | 1,476 | 31,561 | 29,605 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,040 | 2,520 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,040 | 2,520 | 0 |

# SUPPORTmate Maintenance Planner <br> Data Input Screen (Page 1) <br> 1997 - Ontario 

Family name(s):
Transition Problem \#1

INCOME \& EXPENSES FOR TAX PURPOSES Payor Recipient Payor Recipient

INCOME (annual):

| Gross employment including taxable benefits | \$80,000 | \$0 | \$80,000 | \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Self-employed (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends (\$Cdn amount received) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other taxable income (excluding support) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social Assistance \& other non taxable income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL INCOME (auto calc) | \$80,000 | \$0 | \$80,000 | \$0 |
| DEDUCTIONS: |  |  |  |  |
| RRSP Contribution: Maximum is \$13,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 Earned Income for RRSP | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1996 Pension Adjustment (PA) | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Registered Pension Plan Contribution | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Actual Child Care Expenses Paid |  |  |  |  |
| For children under age 7 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| For children ages 7-16 years | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other deductions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social Benefit Repayment (auto calc) |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| NET TAXABLE INCOME (auto calc) |  |  | 80,000 | 0 |

CHILD(REN): (Enter * in applicable column)
number of children under 7 years old number of children ages 7 to 17 years old
$0 \quad 0$
number of children 19 and older and infirm
$0 \quad 0$
0
Number of children eligible for
Child Tax Benefits (auto calc)
0
2

## TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)

Dividend tax credit (auto calc)
Personal credit (auto calc)
Spouse credit
Equivalent to Married credit
Age 65 and Over credit
Disability credit
Pension Income credit

|  |  | 0 | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1,668 | 1,668 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,390 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter $\$$ amount)
Canada Pension Plan (auto calc) 244
Employment insurance premiums paid (auto caic) 292
Tuition fees 0
Medical expenses 0
0
0
Charitable donations
0

Schedule of Income Taxes Payable, Child Tax Benefits and Net Disposable Incomes At Various Levels of Child and Spousal Support Payments 1997 - Ontario Annual Amounts

| Payor: | <Enter Name Here> <br> Gross <br> Income | Non Deductible <br> Child Support <br> Payment | Deductible <br> Support <br> Payment | Income <br> Tax | Child <br> Tax <br> Benefit | Net <br> Disposable <br> Income | Net Cost <br> of Paying <br> Support |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 80,000$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 30,000$ | $\$ 13,507$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 34,417$ | $\$ 15,678$ |
| 2 | 80,000 | 12,372 | 21,600 | 16,982 | 0 | 26,970 | 23,125 |
| 3 | 80,000 | 0 | 37,200 | 10,662 | 0 | 30,062 | 20,033 |
| 4 | 80,000 | 0 | 0 | 27,829 | 0 | 50,095 | 0 |
| 5 | 80,000 | 0 | 0 | 27,829 | 0 | 50,095 | 0 |

Recipient: <Enter Name Here>

|  | Income <br> Excluding <br> Support | Non Taxable <br> Child Support <br> Received | Taxable <br> Support <br> Received | Income <br> Tax | Child <br> Tax <br> Benefit | Disposable <br> Income | Benefit of <br> Receiving <br> Support |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 30,000$ | $\$ 4,750$ | 1,836 | $\$ 27,566$ | $\$ 25,250$ |
| 2 | 0 | 12,372 | 21,600 | 2,523 | 2,040 | 33,969 | 31,449 |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 37,200 | 7,595 | 1,476 | 31,561 | 29,605 |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,040 | 2,520 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,040 | 2,520 | 0 |

## \#2 - TABLES REDUCE CHILD SUPPORT

## Facts:

The H and W signed a separation agreement ing 1993 . At that time, the W earned $\$ 40,000$ per year. The H earned $\$ 68,000$ per y ear. Fursuant to the agreement, the H has been paying $\$ 1,000$ per month per child (totalling $\$ 2,000$ per month). The child support guidelines have come into force. The W still earns $\$ 40,000$ pen yen. He now carns $\$ 72,000$ per year. The parties live in Ontamio.
A. What amount would he pay pursuant to the table, assuming there are no special expenses?

Answer: $\$ 948$ per month
B. At present, the deductible child support payments the $H$ is making cost him $\$ 1,086$ after tax. If he pays pursuant to the guidelines, it will cost him $\$ 948$. He sues the W for divorce and seeks an order pursuant to section 15.1, determining his support obligation to be $\$ 948$ per month for the two children. The W has been netting $\$ 1,173$ per month after-tax on the $\$ 2,000$ monthly support payments she has been receiving. She will, therefore, receive less under the guidelines (\$948) than she nets at the present time under the separation agreement. Will the court make a child support order?

## Analysis:

This is not an application to vary a court order pursuant to section 17 of the Divorce Act. This is not the case of an automatic change in circumstances under subsection 14(c) of the guidelines (which covers court orders made prior to May 1, 1997). This is a claim for corollary relief under section 15.1. Subsection 15.1(1) is discretionary. On application, the court may make an order for child support. It is not bound to do so. A separation agreement freely entered into will have great weight. In this case, notwithstanding that the H is still paying $\$ 2,000$ per month, as a result of his income increase, he is netting $\$ 2767$ per month. The W nets $\$ 1,165$. If the court were to make an order pursuant to the guidelines, the W would immediately begin to net $\$ 225$ less per month ( $\$ 1,173$ minus $\$ 948$ ) from the payments and the H's position would improve such that he would be netting $\$ 339$ more per month ( $\$ 2,905$ minus $\$ 2,767$ ) in disposable income. He would be netting significantly more than he was netting when he originally settled with the W.

It is clear that once a court determines that it will make a child support order, it must do so in accordance with the guidelines (Divorce Act, subsection 15.1(3)) and cannot award an amount which is less than the guidelines unless it is satisfied that special provisions were
made in an order, judgment, or written agreement...which directly or indirectly benefit the child or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child and that the application of the guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given those special provisions (Divorce Act, subsection 15.1(5)). The court could also make an order which is different than the guidelines if the parties consented to such an order and the court was satisfied that reasonable arrangements were made for the support of the children to whom the order relates (Divorce Act, subsection 15.1(7)). The "special provisions" subsection is not relevant here because the W is requesting that the court dismiss the H's claim for corollary relief, not that it make an award. The "reasonable arrangements" provision is also not relevant here because the $W$ in this case is not consenting with the $\underset{\sim}{H}$ to an order for child support.

It is likely that the court would dismiss the claim for corollary relief, thereby leaving the parties to continue to be governed by the terms of their separation agreement. The children do better under the current agreement which is quite affordable by the husband.

When acting for a party who wants to change in order to pay or receive child support under the guidelines, it is crucial that the lawyer assess the possible results of an application and discuss the cost-effectiveness of bringing an application at that particular time.

## C. Would the result be different if the Has been paying the child support pursuant to a court order under the Divorce Act?

## Analysis:

Although pursuant to subsection 14(c) of the guidelines, there has in fact been a change in circumstances for purposes of a variation application (ie., this is an order made pre-May 1 , 1997), section 17 of the Divorce Act is discretionary and the court may well dismiss the application to vary on the same basis as set out in B. above.
(Note that pursuant to clause 34(1)(b) and subsection 17(6.1) of the Divorce Act, the original order will be treated as if it were a child support order made under section 15.1 and any variation would be made in accordance with the guidelines.)
D. Would the result be different if the $H$ has been paying the child support pursuant to an order made under provincial child support legislation?

The same analysis would apply as is set out under B. above.

## SUPPORTmate Maintenance Planner <br> Data Input Screen (Page 1) <br> 1997 - Ontario

Family name(s):
INCOME \& EXPENSES
TRANSITION \#2 FOR TAX PURPOSES
DATA INPUT
Recipient
Payor Recipient

INCOME (annual):
$\begin{array}{lccrrr}\text { Gross employment including taxable benefits } & \$ 72000 & \$ 40,000 & \$ 72,000 & \$ 40,000 \\ \text { Self-employed (net) } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Rental (net) } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Dividends (\$Cdn amount received) } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Other taxable income (excluding support) } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \text { Social Assistance \& other non taxable income } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\end{array}$

| TOTAL INCOME (auto calc) | $\$ 72,000$ | $\$ 40,000$ | $\$ 72,000$ | $\$ 40,000$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

DEDUCTIONS:

CHILD(REN): (Enter \# in applicable column) number of children under 7 years old number of children ages 7 to 17 years old number of children 19 and older and infirm
 Number of children eligible for Child Tax Benefits (auto calc)

0
2
TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)
Dividend tax credit (auto calc)
Personal credit (auto calc)

|  |  | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | 1,668 | 1,668 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1,390 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter \$ amount)
Canada Pension Plan (auto calc) 244
Employment Insurance premiums paid (auto calc)
292
Tuition fees 0
0
292
Medical expenses
0
0
Charitable donations
0


| Recipient: <Enter Name Here> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross Income | Non Taxable Child Support Received | Taxable Support Received | Income Tax | Child <br> Tax <br> Benefit | Net <br> Disposable Income | Benefit of Receiving Support |
| 1 | \$3,333 | \$0\% | \$2000 | \$1,508 | \$11 | \$3,664 | \$1,173 |
| 2 | 3,333 | 948 | आ\%/.0 | 680 | 111 | 3,539 | 948 |
| 3 | 3,333 | \#\#\#\#.0 |  | 680 | 111 | 2,591 | 0. |
| 4 | 3,333 | \%.\#.... 0 | \%.". | 680 | 111 | 2,591 | 0 |
| 5 | 3,333 | 【.".【. 0 | \#....... | 680 | 111 | 2,591 | 0 |

Payor's Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income - Taxable and Non Taxable Support Payments - Income Tax - RRSP contribution (\$0/mon) - RPP contribution (\$0/mon)

- CPP (\$79/mon) + Child Tax Benefit
- El (\$94/mon) + GST Credit (\$0/mon) - Deductions at source and taxable benefits (\$0/mon)

Recipient's Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income + Taxable and Non Taxable Support Payments

- Income Tax - RRSP contribution (\$0/mon) - RPP contribution (\$0/mon)
- CPP (\$79/mon) + Child Tax Benefit
- El ( $\$ 94 / \mathrm{mon})+$ GST Credit ( $\$ 0 / \mathrm{mon}$ ) - Deductions at source and taxable benefits ( $\$ 0 / \mathrm{mon}$ )


## \#3 - WHEN DOES PROVINCIAL LAW APPLY?


#### Abstract

Eacts: A comple cohabited for 16 years, They entered into a separation agreement in 1996 in which the mother agreed to pay child support to the father in the sum of $\$ 250$ per nonth per child for thiee children (totalling $\$ 750$ pevmonth). The father has revieved the guidelines and believes that if the mother still earns the same income or more than she did when they settled, that he is entilled to more child support from her than he is receiving now, aftertax, under the agreement. He has asked you to immediately commence a variation application because he wants an order in accordance with the guidelines:


1. The guidelines are federal regulations enacted pursuant to the Divorce Act. They are only available in the context of a claim for child support or variation of an order for child support under the Divorce Act. These people are not married. Therefore, the father cannot sue for child support under the Divorce Act and obtain an award in accordance with the guidelines.
2. If the father wishes to obtain more support than that to which he is entitled under the agreement, he must pursue his rights under the agreement (ie. cost-of-living increases; variation if there has been a material change in circumstances) or any other rights he may have to set aside or vary or claim child support under the provincial legislation in his province.
3. It may be that various provinces will enact identical guidelines or some other regime of child support guidelines. Therefore, unless the applicable provincial law has been changed, the ability of the father to obtain higher support for the children at this time is no different now than it was prior to the passing of the federal amendments to the Divorce Act, except that if he does either obtain a new order in relation to child support under provincial law or enter into a new agreement in relation to child support after May 1, 1997, the child support provisions will neither be deductible by him nor includable in the income of the mother in the calculation of their taxable incomes, pursuant to changes made to the Income Tax Act, which amendments affect the taxation of all child support orders and agreements, whether made under provincial or federal legislation.

## B. SHARED CUSTODY

## Eacts:

The H and Whave 3 children, ages 9. 14 and 13 . They have separited and continue to reside in Saskatchewan. They have agreed that the chillyen will spend $50 \%$ of their time with each parent (in this case, alternating having the children with him or her weelly).

The Hearms $\$ 800000$ per yemand the W earns $\$ 40,000$ per year:
Each of the parties has rental costs in tife approximate amount of 81,400 per month. The H pays appoximately. S50 more per week than the W does for the children's extra cumicular expenses and summer camp. Fhe. A spends approximately $\$ 1,500$ per year on sports clothing and the W spends appoximately $\$ 2,500$ on their other clothinge. Whe Hhas a comprehensive medical planand, thusfark Ihe children hate had mo mimsured expenses.

The Wis seeking child support from the M.

## Analysis:

Section 9 of the guidelines applies.
Where the children are in each parent's care at least $40 \%$ of the time, there is no applicable arithmetic formula to determine the quantum of child support. Section 9 provides that where the payor has access to or the physical custody of the children for not less than 40 percent of the time, the amount of child support must be determined by taking into account:
(a) the amounts set out in the applicable tables for each of the spouses;

Here, if one were to set off what the W would owe the H under the tables against what the H would owe the W , the W would receive $\$ 1,283$ less $\$ 717=\$ 566$.
(b) the increased costs of shared custody arrangements;

The parties must consider that the H will in fact have some increased costs because he has the children in his care more than $40 \%$ of the time. One must consider whether the H's costs in this case would be any greater than they would have been had he had access to the children less than $40 \%$ of the time. Here, it is not likely that his costs have increased significantly. One must also consider that the W's costs are not necessarily reduced by reasons of access at or beyond the $40 \%$ threshold.
and
(c) the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child for whom support is sought:

The parties must consider whether the W's needs have decreased significantly as a result of the children's being with the H , and who will be paying for clothing, the children's usual and any extraordinary extra-curricular activities, daycare, extended health care premiums, etc.

The parties must also consider whether the W will be able to live reasonably if the table amount is reduced and whether simply ordering the H to pay the table amount would affect the H's ability to live reasonably.

Section 9 is not simply a set-off calculation, as is the case in split custody cases (where each parent has at least one of the children in his or her custody). All three paragraphs of section 9 must be considered together. It is possible that there will be no reduction in the table amount payable to the W. It would seem that unless one could show a significant decrease in the W's expenses or a significant increase in the H's expenses resulting from the H's having the children $50 \%$ of the time, that the table amount payable to the W will be ordered. However, it would also seem that the closer the parties' incomes are to one another, the greater the possibility that some reduction will be made in the table amount payable to the W.

Here, the H earns twice the income of the W . Her expenses are not reduced significantly because the children are with the H $50 \%$ of the time. The H's expenses will be increased to some degree. Therefore, although the H will obtain a reduction, it will be less than that which he would obtain by a pure set-off under subsection (a) alone.

Viewed from another perspective, in dealing with shared custody situations under section 9, the overall expenses for that child could be expected to rise as a result of operating two households to care for his or her needs. The H would be expected to pay his proportionate share of the overall expenses in both households, which could actually result in his paying the table amount or more, depending upon the circumstances.

## C. "SPECIAL PROVISIONS"

## Eacts:

A. /.. The H and W separated in 1989 in Manitoba where they continue to reside. They have two children, ages 12 and 10 , in the custody of the W. In theirseparation agreement, the H transterred to the Whis equity of \$35,000 in the mattimonial home, said to be in full satisfaction of his equalization pay ment and child support obligation. At that time, the H was eaming $\$ 40,000$ per year and the W was earning $\$ 30,000$ per year. He has not made any financial eontribution to the children's costs, although he maintains a relationship with them. The parties are divorced, but the divoree judgment is silent as to corollary melief. The Hi now eams $\$ 75,000$ per year. The WV still earns $\$ 30,000$ per yeare The. Whow want child support in accordance witinthe guideliness. She has applied for a child support order under s. 15 .I of the Dioorce Act.

Analysis:

1. Determine the income of the H . We consider only the payor's income because there are no "add-ons" in this case, the children are under the age of majority, and the payor's income is less than $\$ 150,000$ per year.
2. Determine the table amount. In this case, it is $\$ 945.00$ per month.
3. Pursuant to subsection 15.1(5) of the Divorce Act, where special provisions have been made which directly or indirectly benefit the children and the application of the applicable guidelines would result in an award of child support that is inequitable, given these special provisions, the court may award an amount of child support that is different from the guidelines. The H would rely on subsection 15.1(5) in response to the W's claim for increased child support, taking the position that "special provisions" have been made which benefit the children, i.e., the transfer of the H's equity in the house to the W.

Consider, though, that the transfer of the $\$ 35,000$ equity in the matrimonial home was not correlated in the agreement to the needs of the children. The transfer of the equity might well have equated to a property settlement. In fact, a detailed review of the earlier file indicates that the $W$ was entitled to an equalization payment of approximately $\$ 15,000$ and the H gave the W the balance for the release of child support. As the payment made to release the H's obligation to pay child support is minimal, considering the ages of the children and the W's income level, the court will make a child support order. If the court determines that the W did receive some of the equity from the H as a trade-off for child support, the court might grant some reduction to the H in the level of child support for some period of time to reflect that contribution.

Pursuant to subsection 15.1(7), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines on the consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the children to whom the order relates. The H might argue that the separation agreement constitutes the consent of both parties to an amount which is different than the guidelines. Although this argument might be possible in circumstances where the separation agreement was arrived at after the parties knew of the provisions of the amendments to the Divorce Act and the establishment of the guidelines, it will not be available where an agreement is entered into before the guidelines were imminent, or where they did not make it clear in the agreement that it was their intention that the terms of the agreement should prevail, notwithstanding the enactment of the guidelines.

Bě. Suppose the other facts are the same, bul that at the time of settlement there was no pioperty settlement owing by either of them to the other. Ihe Inmp sum win in fact in full shtisfaction of child suppont:

Analysis:
The transfer of the equity in the home would be regarded as a "special provision". Having made the transfer, the H will be entitled to some reduction in the guidelines amount to be paid to the W because it would be inequitable not to do so. Having given up his interest in the home, he should not now be ordered to pay the same amount as someone who had not done the same. Considering that the guidelines amount is $\$ 945$ per month, the court might either reduce the monthly amount so that the difference between the amount ordered and the guidelines amount eventually reach $\$ 35,000$ (or some lesser amount) over time or the court might defer any payment of child support until such time as $\$ 35,000$ (or some lesser amount) has been effectively set off against the order which the court otherwise would have made.
 year at the time of her claim.

## Analysis:

The increase in the W's income makes no difference because her income is irrelevant. The H will pay $\$ 945$ per month unless he succeeds on his "special provision" argument. He might try to argue that he ought not to pay the guidelines amount because of undue hardship - i.e., that he transferred his equity in the home. However, given that that transfer does not affect his income, a court is unlikely to find undue hardship on the basis of the H's property transfer when his income ( $\$ 40,000$ per year) has not changed and is the table income upon which the $\$ 945$ support amount is based. Even if the standard of living in the W's house is higher than that of the $H$, this does not create undue hardship. The court must first make a finding of undue hardship and then, only after having
found it, must it compare the standards of living in the two households (See section 10 of the guidelines.) Undue hardship would not be found in this case, either under B. above or under this paragraph.

## D. SPECIAL OR EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES ("ADD-ONS") AND SPLIT CUSTODY


#### Abstract

Facts: The H and the $W$ are both bilingual academies. There are tliree children, ages 9,14 and 17. The 11 eams $\$ 80,000$ per year. The Whas been earning $\$ 60,000$ per year, but she is on a paid leave of absence that will end on June 30 , 1997 . It is clear that the W will not return to her employ ment in Toronto. The W has formed a relationship with a man from Ottawa. The parties have Iust separated: The Whas just moved in with her companion and is looking for work in Ottava: She is likely to find employment at the University of Ottava or with the federal government by September at a salary of $\$ 60,000$ per year. The two older children are going to stay with the Hand will be attending the Toronto French School, at a total cost of $\$ 20,000$ annually. The youngest child, who is less "gifted", has been attending public school and lives with the W in Ottava: This matter has come on for hearing hefore the court before the Whas finalized her job plais in Ottavi. The His seeking support from the W.


Analysis:
This is a split custody situation which will be dealt with pursuant to section 8 of the guidelines. Given the W's job prospects, income will likely be attributed to her pursuant to section 19 of the guidelines at an annual income of $\$ 60,000$.
a) Pursuant to section 8, the W would pay $\$ 823$ per month to the H for two children.
b) The $H$ would pay $\$ 639$ per month to the $W$ for one child.

While the parties were cohabiting, they incurred significant additional expenses for private education for the two older children. These are "extraordinary expenses for primary or secondary school education programs that meet the child's particular needs, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation (See subsection 7(1)). It is acknowledged that the amount expended for a private school education for the two children is very large as a proportion of the family's after-tax income. The parents are bilingual academics and made a lifestyle choice to allocate their resources in this way; it was part of their spending pattern. In addition, the $W$ is sharing accommodation expenses with her new companion. A court would likely find the cost of the Toronto French School to be reasonable and would apportion it in accordance with the incomes of the parties, pursuant to subsection 7(2) of the guidelines:

Total income of $\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~W}=\$ 140,000$
$60 / 140 \times \$ 20,000=\$ 8,571$ (the W's contribution to the private school fees)三\$ 714 per month

Had the W not been living with her new companion, it is possible that the court would not have ordered her to contribute to private school costs pursuant to section 7 of the guidelines, having regard to her means.
c) Therefore, the total amount which would be owing by the W to the H on account of child support will be $(\$ 823+\$ 714)-\$ 639=\$ 892$.

## Undue Hardship:

The W might consider claiming that for her to pay these amounts would constitute undue hardship pursuant to section 10 of the guidelines. Even if she could successfully claim that she would suffer undue hardship if she were to have to pay $\$ 892$ per month net to the H as well as support the youngest child she will not meet the standard of living test because she has a live-in companion. Without a live-in companion, she would have passed the standard of living test and the court could have reduced her total obligation.
(Assume for purposes of the attached Comparison of Standards of Living Charts that the W's companion earns $\$ 50,000$ per year.)

## VARYmate Variation Optimizer <br> Data Input Screen (Page 1) <br> 1997 - Ontario

Family name(s): 06-May-97
SPECIAL EXP. / SPLIT CUST.

INCOME (annual):


## DEDUCTIONS:


CHILD(REN): (Enter \# in applicable column)
Number of children under 7 years old Number of children ages 7 to 17 years old
Number of children 19 and older and infirm
Number of children eligible for Child
Tax Benefits
TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)

| Dividend tax credit |  | 0 | 0 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Personal credit |  |  | 1,668 | 1,668 |
| Spouse credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Equivalent to Spouse credit | 1 | 1 | 1,390 | 1,390 |
| Age 65 and Over credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Disability credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pension Income credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter \$ amount)
Canada Pension Plan 250
Employment Insurance premiums paid 292
Tuition fee and educational credits
Medical expenses credit
Charitable donations credit
Total Non-Refundable Tax Credits 0

0
0
3,601


| SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 1) SCHEDULE II (Subsection 10(4)) <br> (Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Adjusted Household Income |  |  |  |
|  | Family | Payor | Recipient |
|  | Family name(s) | name here | name here |
| Ste | lines Purposes un | \$60,000 | \$80,000 |
| Les | B. Federal and provincial taxes payable on Taxable Income (line 260) as set out in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada | \$16,208 | \$26,189 |
|  | Annual Income for Standards of Living Test purposes ( $A-B)=$ | \$43,792 | \$53,811 |
|  | Step 2 A |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (a) Unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living |  |  |
|  | (b) Unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access |  |  |
| (a) (i) | (c) Legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person (net of income tax) |  |  |
| $(a)(i)$ | (d) Legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is (i) under the age of majority (net of income tax) who is (ii) the age of majority but is unable to obtain the necessities of life (net of income tax) |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (e) Legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessities of life because of illness/disability (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
| Less: |  |  |  |
| (a)(ii) | Guidelines + Special Expenses amount paid | \$10,776 |  |
| (a)(iii) | Support paid under a judgment, order or written separation agreement unless already deducted in (a) (i)(c) above (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
| Plus: |  |  |  |
| (b)(i) | 促 |  | 6 |
| (b)(ii) | Child support received for any child under a judgment, order or written separation agreement (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
|  | Totals | \$33,016 | \$64,587 |
| Plus: Schedule II s.1. Definition of "Household" |  |  |  |
|  | Total Adjusted Annual Income for Standards of Living Test of spou and applicable person(s) residing with spouse in the Household Other as determined |  |  |
| Step 3 | Total Household Income for Standards of Living Test | \$69,509 | \$64,587 |
| Household Size and Low-income Measures Amount |  |  |  |
|  |  | Payor | Recipient |
| Number of children in household |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | Applicable Low-income Measures Amou | \$17,649 | \$17,649 |
| Step 5 | Household Income Ratio (Step 3/Step 4) | 3.9384 | 3.6595 |
| Step 6 Compare the Household Income Ratios produced in Step 5. The household with the higher ratio has the higher standard of living. 06-May-97 <br> DIVORCEmate Software Inc. 5/4/97 |  |  |  |

SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 2) Income (inc/uding Sch. III adjustments) of Significant Other Person(s) in Household Schedule A
(Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable)
Total Adjusted Household Income $\quad$ (Input annual amounts in this section) (

| SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 1) SCHEDULE II (Subsection 10(4)) <br> (Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Adjusted Household Income |  |  |  |
|  | (Input annual amounts in this section) Family name(s) | Payor <br> name here | Recipient <br> name here |
| Step 1 A. Total Income for Guidelines Purposes under Section 15 <br> Less: B. Federal and provincial taxes payable on Taxable Income (line 260) as set out in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada |  | \$60,000 | \$80,000 |
|  |  | \$16,208 | \$26,189 |
|  |  | \$43,792 | \$53,811 |
| Step 2 |  |  |  |
| $\overline{(a)(i)}$ | (a) Unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { (a) (i) } \\ & \text { (a) }(i) \end{aligned}$ | (b) Unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access |  |  |
|  | (c) Legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person (net of income tax) |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (d) Legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is (i) under the age of majority (net of income tax) who is (ii) the age of majority but is unable to obtain the necessities of life (net of income tax) |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (e) Legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessities of life because of illness/disability (net of income tax) |  |  |
|  | Other as determined |  |  |
| Less: | Guidelines + Special Expenses amount paid | \$10.776 |  |
| (a)(iii) | Support paid under a judgment, order or written separation agreement unless already deducted in (a)(i)(c) above (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
| $\frac{\text { Plus: }}{\text { (b)(i) }}$ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { (b)(i) } \\ & (b)(i) \end{aligned}$ | Guidelnes + Special Expenses amount rece |  | 10776 |
|  | Child support received for any child under a judgment, order or written separation agreement (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
|  | Totals | \$33,016 | \$64,587 |
| Plus: | Schedule II s.1. Definition of "Household" |  |  |
| Step 3 | Total Adjusted Annual Income for Standards of Living Test of spouse and applicable person(s) residing with spouse in the Household Other as determined |  |  |
|  | Total Household Income for Standards of Living Test | \$33,016 | \$64,587 |
| Household Size and Low-income Measures Amount |  |  |  |
|  |  | Payor | Recipient |
| Number of children in household Number of adults in household |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | Applicable Low-income Measures Amount | \$14,535 | \$17,649 |
| Step 5 | Household Income Ratio (Step 3/Step 4) | 2.2715 | 3.6595 |
| Step 6 Compare the Household Income Ratios produced in Step 5. The household with the higher ratio has the higher standard of living. <br> 06-May-97 <br> DIVORCEmate Software Inc. 5/1/97 |  |  |  |

SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 2 (

## E. INCOME OVER $\$ 150,000.00$

## Hacts:

A. The H earns $\$ 200,000$ per year. The W earns $\$ 30,000$ per year. There is one child of the marriage who is under the age of majority and is in the W's custody. The parties reside in Ontanio. What amount of child support is the H obliged to pay?

Analysis:
Pursuant to section 4 of the guidelines, if the payor's income is greater than $\$ 150,000$, the amount of child support to be paid is either:
(a) the amount determined under section 3 of the guidelines (the table amount plus special or extraordinary expenses, if any) OR
(b) if the court considers that amount to be inappropriate, then the table amount in respect of the first $\$ 150,000$ of the payor's income; in respect of the balance of the payor's income, the amount that the court considers appropriate, having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children; and the amount, if any, determined to be owing on account of special or extraordinary expenses.

In this case, the table amount will be $\$ 1,443$ ( $\$ 1,108$ on the first $\$ 150,000$ plus $\$ 335$, being $.67 \%$ of the $\$ 50,000$ difference between $\$ 150,000$ and his income). Is this amount appropriate? It may be, but if the court determine otherwise, it has the jurisdiction to order any other amount, as determined under subsection 4(b).

There may well be cases where the simple payment of the table amount is inappropriate. By way of example, if the W can show that the child's needs are $\$ 1,700$ per month, then there is a deficit of $\$ 257$ between the epxenses and the amount of $\$ 1,443$ determined under subsection 4(a). The court could hold that the amount determined under section 3 is inappropriate and would then apply subsection 4(b). On the first $\$ 150,000$ of the H's income, the amount payable will be $\$ 1,108$, according to the table. In respect of the $\$ 50,000$ excess in income over $\$ 150,000$, the court would order an amount having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to their support. Given the H's means and the W's modest income of $\$ 30,000$ per year (it is arguable that she has no ability to contribute toward the support of the child.), a logical order in these circumstances would be that the H pay the deficit in her budget of $\$ 592(\$ 1,700-\$ 1,108)$, so that the total amount of support payable would be $\$ 1700$ per month.

If the W's income were $\$ 100,000$ per year, then the Paras-type formula referred to in subsection 4(b)(ii) would probably be applied. In that case, the parties would share the deficit by the H paying the percentage determined if his income (minus the child support already paid pursuant to the guidelines in the sum of $\$ 1,108$ ) is the numerator in the fraction and the denominator is that figure plus the W's income.

By way of illustration:
$\square$
$\$ 592 \times \$ 200,000-\$ 13,000(\$ 1,108 \times 12 \mathrm{mo})=.\$ 386$
$\$ 200,000-\$ 13,000+\$ 100,000$
The H would then be ordered to pay $\$ 1,494(\$ 1,108+\$ 386)$ and the difference between that support and the child's proven needs of $\$ 1,700$ would effectively be the responsibility of the W.

## B. Assume the H's income is $\$ 400,000$.

The greater the income, the less likely an automatic application of the table amount under section 3 will be ordered for child support. Although the court will continue to have the discretion to order an amount of child support that is commensurate with the parties' overall ability to support the child, the child support order will exceed the child's reasonable budget.

In this case, if the W earns $\$ 100,000$ per year, she is simply self-supporting in relation to the husband's position. He should pay the entire child support amount, pursuant to clauses 4(b)(i) and (ii) of the guidelines.

By way of illustration:

Table amount on $\$ 400,000=\$ 1,108+(.67 \% \times \$ 250,000)=\$ 2,783$
W's reasonable budget for child is $\$ 1,700$
Amount to be paid by $\mathrm{H}=\$ 1,700$
C. Assume that in addition to regular expenses, the W has to pay $\$ 1,000$ per month for daycare in order to work full-time and earn $\$ 30,000$.

In this situation, a court would be inclined to order the $H$ to pay the daycare expense, because it is a reasonable and necessary expense, having regard to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation. It is necessary not only for the child's well-being, but to enable the W to work and thus lessen her need for spousal support. This is a benefit to the H , although not directly a consideration in determining the amount of child support. Pursuant to subsection 7(2), the "guiding principle" is that the expense is to be shared by the
spouses in proportion to their respective "incomes"; but where the W's income is limited and the H has a very substantial income, it is arguable that the entire amount of daycare should be paid by the H , over and above the regular support amount. If the W's income were quite high, closer to that of the H , the court would be more inclined to apportion the expense in accordance with the Paras formula.

## F. INCOME

## 1. SELF-EMPLOYED INCOME

## Sacts:

The II is a selfemploy ed aceountant whose only office is in his home. His gross self-employed income is $\$ 100,000$ per year, but he deducts $\$ 40,000$ of expenses, for a net of $\$ 60,000$ per year. These expenses include $20 \%$ of his total house expenses, including a mortgage ( 81,000 per month), a portion of his car lease (a BMW at $\$ 1,000$ per month) and meals, entertaimment and travelling (which total \$1,000 per month). He also deducts supplies and the cost of his membership in tho accounting organizations:

The Whas no income and there are two children in her care. How will his income be determined for purposes of determining his child support obligations?

Analysis:

1. The determination of the H's income is the crucial step in determining the child support question. His net self-employed income of $\$ 60,000$ is obviously included. The question is how much of the expenses he has deducted from his gross self-employment income for tax purposes are to be added back into his income, pursuant to section 19. Clause 19(1)(g) stipulates that the court may impute income to a spouse if it considers it appropriate to do so where the spouse unreasonably deducts expenses from his or her income. The fact that Revenue Canada has permitted these deductions as reasonable or necessary to earn the gross self-employed income, is not determinative of the question of imputing income for the purposes of subsection 19(2).
2. Money that the husband saved as a result of his having been able to deduct expenses from his gross income in calculating his taxable income for income tax purposes (ie. he has been able to pay for these expenses with before-tax dollars, rather than after-tax dollars) should be added back into his income. Non-cash deductions such as house depreciation should certainly be added back into his income as well.
3. The House: The H may argue that if he did not have his office in the home, he would have to rent one at a comparable figure and, therefore, the money would not be saved. That is not the point. He should add back into his income any amounts (expenses) that he would otherwise have to pay for his living expenses. The fact that he is able to deduct them in calculating his income for tax purposes and, thereby reduce his income tax, does not avoid the issue that the money directed at the deducted expense saves him from having to pay that expense out of his personal income (his income after deducting business expenses from his gross business income).
4. The BMW: In determining what proportion of the car expense should be added back into income, more should be imputed if the car is considered excessive for his level of income. If he has only been able to lease a BMW for himself because it is deductible, a larger portion should be added back into his income.
5. Meals: Deductions taken for meals he would have eaten anyhow should be added back in. This is sometimes difficult to calculate because, like entertainment and travel, they are mixed and a self-employed person might not eat out so much, entertain so much or travel as extensively if the costs were not work-related and deductible. It is submitted that only a reasonable portion of these expenses should be imputed to his income.
6. Supplies: To the extent that any supplies were used for personal purposes, the cost of those supplies should be added back into his income.

The onus should be on the self-employed individual to support the reasonableness of the deductions from his or her income.
7. The tax savings by historically being able to deduct expenses which are added back into the spouse's income: It is clear that pursuant to clause $19(1)(\mathrm{h})$ of the guidelines, where a spouse derives a significant portion of his or her income from dividends, capital gains or other sources that are taxed at a lower rate than employment or business income, the court can impute such amount of income to a spouse as it considers appropriate in the circumstances. Effectively, the court can add back into the spouse's income an amount which takes into consideration that the spouse is going to pay less income tax than another person would have paid had all of his income resulted from employment or business income. Subsection 19(1) does not appear to be exhaustive. Therefore, the question arises as to whether the tax saving (or a portion of it) that the H has been able to obtain, historically, by deducting amounts for tax purposes which are now being imputed back to him for child support purposes, should also be added back into his income. If Revenue Canada has accepted the H's expense deductions in the past and he has had a history of paying less income tax than he would have had the income simply been received by way of salary, for example, then it may well be appropriate for the court to add back into the husband's income some amount for child support payments to reflect the tax savings.

## 2. BUSINESS AND DIVIDEND INCOME

## Eacts:

The W owns a private corporation from which she pays herself 330000 per year by way of salay and $\$ 30,000$ by way of annual dividends. (This is the actual amount of the dividends shereceives. The amount is subsequently grossed up for tax purposes) Until the separation, the Wand the Ha salary of $\$ 20,000$, although he did not performany services for the company. She yas simply splitting her income to reduce her income taxes. Since the: separation, she has split his salary into two, paying $\$ 10,000$ for each child, both of whom are in the custody of the H.

The company averages an undistributed surplus of $\$ 60,000$ per year which is added to its retained earnimgs.

How is the Wes income calculated for purposes of determining her child support obligations?

Analysis:

The W's income is at least $\$ 60,000$ per year. There are three possible additional amounts to be imputed:

## (a) The annual retained earnings of $\$ 60,000$ :

Clause 18(1)(a) of the guidelines provides that where a spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation and the court is of the opinion that his or her income as determined under section 16 of the guidelines (essentially using the sources of income set out under the heading "Total Income" in his or her tax return, as adjusted in accordance with Schedule III of the guidelines) does not fairly reflect all the money available for child support, the court may consider the income history of the corporation and order that all or part of its pre-tax income, and the pre-tax income of any corporation that is related to that corporation, for the most recent taxation year or include an amount which is commensurate with the services that the spouse provides to the corporation, provided that the amount does not exceed the corporation's pre-tax income. Unless the W can show that the retained earnings are necessary as working capital in order to keep the business going so that she can continue to take out the $\$ 60,000$ she is paid, most, if not all, of these retained earnings will be added to her income.

In cases where the spouse is not the sole shareholder of the corporation, one must also consider whether there are any restrictions on the shares he or she has, whether he or she is being paid a reasonable salary at the relevant time, whether there is a shareholders' agreement with minimum capital requirements, etc. However, in most instances where it is
clear that the spouse is the controlling mind of the corporation and there is a history of retained earnings being kept in the company which could reasonably be withdrawn and paid to the spouse as a reasonable income, such retained earnings would be added to the income of the spouse by imputation pursuant to section 18;

## (b) $\$ 20,000$ paid to the children:

Subsection 18(2) of the guidelines requires that salaries or wages paid to a non-arm's length person, such as the owner's children, must be added to the pre-tax income of the corporation unless the payments were reasonable. At that point, we revert to subsection 18(1) and the court may add to the spouse's income for child support purposes that pre-tax income. She will pay more child support by virtue of her own income being deemed to be $\$ 20,000$ greater than she represents it to be for tax purposes.

Note that the fact that she is attributed with the $\$ 20,000$ sum for purposes of the calculation of child support does not automatically change the position the wife is taking for income tax purposes. However, it should be noted that "income splitting", where one of the employees does not actually perform employment services for the company, is not legal and is not to be taken as approved of by these comments. However, it is a fact that income-splitting for tax purposes does go on and where it does, the amount of the non-arm's length person's salaries or wages will be added back to the spouse's income for purposes of determining the amount of child support to be paid.

If the salaries totalling $\$ 20,000$ being paid to the children were being paid to them to meet some of their needs and are no longer going to be through salaries, it will have to be made clear to the husband that he will now have to pay for these expenses out of his income and the wife's child support payments, unless some of these amounts would constitute special or extraordinary expenses which will have to be addressed as part of the child support order.

## (c) The tax savings on the dividends:

Clause 19(1)(h) of the guidelines allows for the tax saving resulting from taking a significant portion of one's income by way of dividends, rather than salary or wages, to be added back to income in order to arrive at the true income of the W. In this case, the numbers are relatively low and the tax saving by taking the $\$ 30,000$ in dividends instead of additional salary is probably only a few thousand dollars. However, it should be added back in where the dividends represent, as here, a significant portion of the W's income.

## G．UNDUE HARDSHIP．．．

1．AND SPECIAL EXPENSES

## Eacts：

 reside in Ontario．They haye tho children，ages 4 and 6 ．The W has a llo year old son who lived with the parties during their marriage．She receives no child support from his father．．The We worls in an administrative position for the： provincial government and earns $\$ 39000$ per year．The Hi is an insurance underwiter and earns $\$ 31$ ， 000 pery yat．

2．／The parties have agreed that the children will reside primarily with the Wand the hiw see the children on alternate weekends，one evening per weelk（which Shall be overnight onee per month），one half of Christmas and March brealk school hollidays，and for three weelk during the summer：Ile does not wish to see the Whs son e they do not get along．Although it might be said that the II stood in place of a parent to the Wha son，at least while they were colabiting，the Wis not claiming child support for this child from him．

3⿳⿸厂二一厶彡 youngest child is not yet enrolled in schoollammediately prion to the partiest Separation，the children were cared for by a home carcgiver at a cost of $\$ 650$ per month．The．We changed this arrangement shortly after separation．The home earegiver liyed too far avay from her nevy apartment．She enrolled both childrenif programmes closerto her home which cost $\$ 700$ per month initotal
 which is payable because shemas opted fora family planto coverall three children（and the H，untilatie divorce becomes final）．

5\％．．In divoree proceedings，the We requests child support for the parties two children in aceordance with the guidelines and a pro rata payment frome the It With respect to the childrents dayeare programme and the family portion of her medical insurance premilums．

What will the Ms child support obligations be？

## Analysis:

1. Table Amount: On an income of $\$ 31,000$ per year, the table amount to be paid for two children is $\$ 456$ per month. (Note that the H's access time does not amount to $40 \%$ of the time over the course of the year.)
2. Special or Extraordinary Expenses: Pursuant to section 7 of the guidelines, the court may, upon either spouse's request, make an order with respect to payment toward certain additional expenses or any portion of those expenses:
(a) "taking into account the necessity of those expenses in relation to the child's best interest and,
(b) the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child, and to the family's spending pattern prior to separation".

This section refers to expenses for children such as child care and health-related expenses that exceed $\$ 100$ annually. The guidelines refer to these expenses as "special or extraordinary" because they are not incurred by average children in that income level.

If the court determines that payment of all or any part of such expenses are to be made, it will then apply the Paras principle in determining the amount of contribution pursuant to subsection 7(2) of the guidelines (ie., the expense will be shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes after deducting from the expense the contribution, if any, from the child).
i. "Necessary": There can be little doubt of the necessity of the children's daycare expenses. The W is employed full-time. A similar expense was incurred prior to the parties' separation. It is higher by $\$ 50$ per month. The court will not be particularly concerned about this issue, as the slightly higher cost of this daycare programme is justified by the fact that it is more convenient for the W, given the location of her new home.
ii. "Reasonableness": The H will argue that this is not a reasonable expense to which he should contribute, given his means. However, such daycare expenses are costs that many parents pay, even at a much lower level of household income. The expense seems to be "reasonable" given the parties' joint incomes of $\$ 70,000$ per year. Similar reasoning will establish that the expense the W pays for the family portion of her medical/dental insurance is both in the children's best interests and reasonable. The fact that this insurance also covers her 16-year old son, a child for whom no support is claimed by her from the H , at no additional cost, will not detract from the necessity of the reasonableness of this expense with respect to their two children. On the other hand, the H will argue that because she has family
coverage for her other child, that there is no additional cost for their two children. Therefore, it could make sense to attribute $2 / 3$ of the family portion of the W's medical/dental plan premiums to the parties' two children. A more realistic outcome would be for the court to proportionately divide the expense between the parties in accordance with their incomes.
3. "Amount of Expense": In determining the amount of these expenses to which a spouse may be required to contribute, the court is directed to take into account any "subsidies, benefits or income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense, and any eligibility to claim a subsidy, benefit or income tax deduction or credit relating to the expense". The W's paying for the daycare programme for the children leads to a deduction by her for income tax purposes of the full cost of such programme ( $\$ 8,400$ annually) and a net benefit to the W of approximately $\$ 280$ monthly, (she pays $\$ 277$ per month less in income tax). Therefore, the real or net cost to her of these additional expenses is the net cost of the daycare programme ( $\$ 420$ ), plus $2 / 3$ of the cost to her of the family portion of the medical/dental insurance attributable to the two children (\$33), or $\$ 453$ monthly.

The court still has a discretion, even if an additional expense for a child is found to be both necessary and reasonable, as to whether payment of all or part of the expense should be ordered. Will a court order the H to contribute to such expense? After payment of the table amount, the H's net (after-tax) disposable income is $\$ 17,730$. If he paid his pro rata share of the additional amounts, he would pay an additional $\$ 202$ per month for a further reduction in his net income of $\$ 2,423$.

The guidelines do not import the considerations of "undue hardship" and the related standard of living test set out in section 10 into a consideration of whether a parent should be obligated to contribute to additional expenses. The discretion for reducing the H's obligation under section 4 is likely less onerous. However, in this case, the court may consider that parents of modest means are required to dig deeply into their pockets to pay for their fair share of such necessary expenses for their children as daycare and medical coverage. Further, in the pre-guidelines era, when support was awarded based on the Paras test alone, the H would have been obligated to pay support based on an amount that included such child-related costs.

The $H$ will be obliged to pay additional support for the children in an amount of $\$ 202$ per month.
4. Undue Hardship: It is clear from section 10 of the guidelines that there must first be a finding of undue hardship before the standard of living test is applied. In this case, when the additional expenses relate solely to daycare and medical costs, particularly when it is clear that the W has an obligation to support her own child out of her income (which is not dramatically higher than that of the H ), a court will not likely make a determination that the overall support order $(\$ 453+\$ 202=\$ 655$ per month $)$ would cause undue hardship.
B.... Change the facts of this case slightly and assume:
(a) that the $H$ has a child from a prior mariige and he is obligated under a Scparation agreement to pay $\$ 200$ per month for that child. The child is under 17 years of age and resides with his mother outside of Canada.
(b) Ithat the Wis 16 -year old son has a part-time joh at which he earns $\$ 100$ per week. which the Whets him keep for his own entertainment and dothing expenses.

The helaims that jayment of child support for the parties' two children in the table amounts will cause "andue hardshin".

Analysis:
To determine whether undue hardship exists which can be redressed by the court, a two-step test must be met:
(a) a party must establish that he or she would suffer undue hardship if the guidelines amount of support were paid, because of a circumstance enumerated in subsection $10(2)$ of the guidelines or another circumstance; and
(b) even if undue hardship is established, a claim to pay less must be denied if the court is of the opinion that the household of the spouse claiming undue hardship has a higher standard of living than the household of the other spouse. In order to establish this, the court may use the test set out in Schedule II.

The H will argue that his obligation to pay support will cause him undue hardship, given his modest income and his obligation to pay support for his other child. The evidence is, however, that he has rarely made these payments. Therefore, the court will decline to make a finding of undue hardship.

If the court were to find that undue hardship has been established, then, and only then will the standard of living test be considered. Note that with respect to the standard of living test, the W's 16-year old son's presence in the household as an additional dependant for the W (See the definition of "household" in Sch. II which includes a child residing with the spouse whom the person has a legal duty to support) means that, in effect, the costs which the $W$ pays for him are taken into account in determining her standard of living. Her son's net income is also taken into account.

Even if the court were to find that undue hardship has been established and the standard of living test in the H's household would be lower than the standard of living in the W's household, the court still has a discretion as to whether to order a different amount than the guidelines amount for the parties' two children.

Assuming, however, that the court decides to order a lower amount than the guidelines amount, then subsection $10(5)$ of the guidelines states that the court may "specify in the child support order a reasonable time for the satisfaction of any obligation arising from the circumstances that cause undue hardship and the amount payable at the end of that time". There would probably be no reason to limit the period of the reduction unless the H's obligation to support his other child was going to terminate in the not-too-distant future - for example, at age 18. In this circumstance, the court could specify that when the H's obligation to pay support to the child of his first marriage ended, he would then commence to pay the full amount of $\$ 655$ per month.

## Tacts:

The II and W separated and divoreed in 1990 . The H was a town planner in North Bay, Ontario, earning $\$ 50,000$ per year, the Whas a civil servant earning $\$ 36,000$ per year,

Their twin boys, then foum years of age, stay ed with the W. for the most part, and wisited with the Il on the weelends and one or two evenings miderieelk. The Wes mother cared for the children during the weels when she was at worlk. The Hagreed to pay $\$ 400$ per child per inonth (totalling $\$ 800$ per month) in child support and inat provision was inconporated into the divorce fidgment.

The II remarried two years later. His new W y as then an elementary school teacher, earning $\$ 48,000$ per year.

In 1993, the H was deelared sumplus and because he had little seniority, lost his job. He used his severance to set up a consulting, firm whichieventually falled, leaving him with a bank deht of $\$ 40,000$. He pays principle and interest of $\$ 2,400$ per y ear toward the debt. He has recently obtained a nev iob at which he will eams $\$ 42,000$ per year.

The new Whas now lost hey position: She is looking for worl, but despite her efforts, has had mo intervievs on leads that looll the leasi bit piomising. The Healculates the cost of supponting herat S10,000 pery ear, after taking into accounil his ability to clatim her as a dependant for tax purposes.

The husband moves to yary the divoree judgmentand seels to pay less for the twins than the table amount. Will heolbtall smeh relief?

Analysis:

1. Pursuant to subsection 14(c) of the guidelines, this divorce judgment having been made before May 1st, 1997, the coming into force of section 15.1 is a change of circumstances. The question, then, is whether the court will exercise its discretion under section 17 of the Divorce Act and grant a variation downward.

Pursuant to clause 34(1)(b) of the Divorce Act, the child support order made under the prior Divorce Act is to be treated as if it were a child support order made under section 15.1 for purposes of a subsequent variation. Therefore, section 17(6.1) will apply and the variation is to be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines.
2. Table Amount: The table amount for two children is $\$ 596$ per month. If he continues to pay until the agreement, the net effect is that the H has a net disposable income (after
paying the child support and income tax) of $\$ 2,095$ per month and the $W$ has a net disposable income of $\$ 2,854$ per month. Given the H's income, if he were to become obliged to pay the table amount of $\$ 596$ per month, he would have a lower net disposable income ( $\$ 1,983$ per month) and the W's net disposable income would in fact increase. The H's financial circumstances have in fact deteriorated in three ways since the settlement: firstly, his employment income is $\$ 8,000$ per year lower, secondly, he must support his new wife until she finds other employment and there is no such employment on the horizon; and thirdly, he pays a significant amount of his income toward his debt annually, notwithstanding that the interest on those payments will be deductible by him in the calculation of his taxable income. These are clearly other changes in his circumstances.
3. Undue Hardship: The table amount for two children at an income level of $\$ 42,000$ per year is $\$ 596$ per month. The H will argue, pursuant to clause $10(2)$ (a) of the guidelines, that given the unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to earn a living and given his obligation to support his current wife who is unemployed (subsection 10(1)), he would suffer undue hardship if he had to pay the table amount of $\$ 596$ for both children. Subsection $10(1)$ is not exhaustive. Although the second W is not ill or disabled, as referred to in clause (e) of subsection 10(1), the H has a legal duty to support her while she is unemployed. The $H$ estimates that it equates to $\$ 10,000$ per annum after tax benefits are considered. However, if section 10 may receive a strict interpretation by the courts, the H's obligation to support an unemployed second wife may have no impact whatsoever on the calculation of child support for the first family.

Before the H's circumstances deteriorated, the former W was receiving and she has continued to have a net disposable income of $\$ 2,854$ per month. Now given the changes in his circumstances, if he were to pay the table amount ( $\$ 596$ ), he would now have a net disposable income of $\$ 1,983$ per month, which is certanily less than he had at the time of the original settlement, and he would also have the additional obligations of the debt payments he makes monthly as well as his obligation to support his second W. On the other hand, if his former W receives the table amount, her net disposable income will now increase by approximately $\$ 152$ per month.

The court will have to determine whether this result creates undue hardship for the H . It may well be that the court will consider that if child support payments were ordered at $\$ 450$ per month (a reduction from the table amount of $\$ 596$ ), the former $W$ would be in no worse position than she had been previously (and, in fact, a little bit better). This would be the minimum reduction that the H will obtain, and a greater reduction is possible. The court could also assess the reasonable period of time by which his second W should be employed again and order a reduction for that period of time only (See subsection 10(5)).

The court cannot redress any undue hardship it finds unless the standard of living of the H's household is lower than that of the household of the former W .

The attached comparison of the parties' present standards of living demonstrates that his household standard of living is in fact lower than that of the W and, therefore, the court can redress the undue hardship pursuant to subsection 10.

## VARYmate Variation Optimizer <br> Data Input Screen (Page 1) <br> 1997 - Ontario

Family name(s): $\quad 06$ May-97
<Enter Family Names Here>

DATA INPUT Payor Recipient

INCOME \& EXPENSES FOR TAX PURPOSES Payor Recipient

INCOME (annual):
Gross employment including taxable benefits
Self-employment (net)
Rental (net)
Dividends (\$Cdn amount received)
Other taxable income (excluding support)
Social Assistance \& other non taxable income
Spousal support received from the other spouse
Total Income (T1 line 150)

| $\$ 42000$. | $\$ 36000$ | $\$ 42,000$ | $\$ 36,000$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $\$ 42,000$ | $\$ 36,000$ | $\$ 42,000$ | $\$ 36,000$ |

## DEDUCTIONS:

RRSP Contribution: Maximum is $\$ 13,500$
1996 Earned Income for RRSP
1996 Pension Adjustment (PA)
Registered Pension Plan Contribution
Actual Child Care Expenses Paid
For children under age 7 years
For children ages $7-16$ years
Other deductions
Social Benefit Repayment
Spousal support paid to the other spouse
Taxable Income (T1 line 260)


0


CHILD(REN): (Enter \# in applicable column)
Number of children under 7 years old
Number of children ages 7 to 17 years old
Number of children 19 and older and infirm


Number of children eligible for Child
Tax Benefits
0
2
TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)
Dividend tax credit
Personal credit
Spouse credit
Equivalent to Spouse credit
Age 65 and Over credit
Disability credit
Pension Income credit
0

OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter $\$$ amount)
Canada Pension Plan 250
Employment Insurance premiums paid
292
Tuition fee and educational credits
0
0
Medical expenses credit
0
0
Charitable donations credit
0
0
0
0
0


Recipient: <name here>

|  | Income cluding pousal) | Non Taxable Child Support Received | Taxable Support Received | Income Tax | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Child } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { Benefit } \end{array}$ |  | Net <br> Benefit of Receiving Support |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | \$3,000 | \$0 | \$800 | \$866 | \$88 | \$2,854 | \$484 |
| B | 3,000 | 596 | 0 | 550 | 128 | 3,006 | 596 |
| 1 | 3,000 | 450 | 0 | 550 | 128 | 2,860 | 450 |
| 2 | 3,000 | 0 | \%\% | 550 | 128 | 2,410 | 0 |
| 3 | 3,000 | 0 |  | 550 | 128 | 2,410 | 0 |

Payor's Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income - Deductible \& Non Deductible Support Payments

- Income Tax - RRSP contribution (\$0/mon) - RPP contribution (\$0/mon)
- CPP (\$81/mon) + Child Tax Benefit - Spousal Support paid (\$0/mon)
- El (\$94/mon) + GST Credit (\$0/mon) - Deductions at source and taxable benefits (\$0/mon)

Recipient's Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income + Taxable and Non Taxable Support
Payments - Income Tax - RRSP contribution (\$0/mon) - RPP contribution (\$0/mon)

- CPP (\$81/mon) + Child Tax Benefit - Spousal Support paid (\$0/mon)
- El (\$87/mon) + GST Credit (\$0/mon) - Deductions at source and taxable benefits (\$0/mon)

| Payor and Recipient Schedule of Income Taxes Payable, Child Tax Benefits and Net Disposable Incomes At Various Levels of Child and Spousal Support Payments <br> 1997 - Ontario <br> Annual Amounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payor: <name here> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gross Income (Including Spousal) | Non Deductible Child Support Payment | Deductible Support Payment | Income Tax | Child Tax Benefit | Net <br> Disposable Income | Net Cost of Paying Support |
| A | \$42,000 | \$0 | \$9,600 | \$5,156 | \$0 | \$25,144 | \$5,806 |
| B | 42,000 | 7,152 | 0 | 8,949 | 0 | 23,799 | 7,152 |
| 1 | 42,000 | 5,400 | 0 | 8,949 | 0 | 25,551 | 5,400 |
| 2 | 42,000 | 0 | 0 | 8,949 | 0 | 30,951 | 0 |
| 3 | 42,000 | 0 | 0 | 8,949 | 0 | 30,951 | 0 |
| Current and Guideline Support Amount Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A. Today's Taxable Child Support Obligation |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$9,600 |
| B. Total: Guideline Child Support + Special or Extraordinary Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$7,152 |
| Taxable Spousal Support already included in Recipient's Gross Income (if applicable) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0 |
| Recipient: <name here> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Income Non Taxable |  |  | Taxable | Income | Child | Net | Benefit of |
| Inc/udingSpousal) |  | Child Support | Support |  | Tax | Disposable | Receiving Support |
|  |  | Received | Received | Tax | Benefit | Income |  |
| A | \$36,000 | \$0 | \$9,600 | \$10,395 | 1,056 | \$34,248 | \$5,806 |
| B | 36,000 | 7,152 | 0 | 6,601 | 1,536 | 36,074 | 7,152 |
| 1 | 36,000 | 5,400 | 0 | 6,601 | 1,536 | 34,322 | 5,400 |
| 2 | 36,000 | 0 | 0 | 6,601 | 1,536 | 28,922 | 0 |
| 3 | 36,000 | 0 | 0 | 6,601 | 1,536 | 28,922 | 0 |



SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 2) Income (including Sch. III adjustments) of Significant Other Person(s) in Household Schedule A
(Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable)

| Tota | Significant Other(s) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| on) | Payor's | Recipient's |
| Spouse or other person(s): Name: | 1st name here | 1st name here |
| s.16. Sources of income set out under heading "Total Income" (line 150) in the T1 General form as issued by Revenue Canada <br> Less: Schedule III Adjustments to Income (if applicable) |  |  |
| 1. Employee's employment expenses according to Income Tax Act (paragraph 8(1)) as applicable <br> 2. Child support that is received and included in Total Income <br> 3.(1) Spousal support received from the other spouse <br> 4. Social Assistance attributable to the child(ren) only <br> 5. Difference between taxable $\$ C d n$ dividends and actual dividends <br> 7. Actual amount of business investment losses suffered <br> 8. Applicable deductible carrying charges under Income Tax Act <br> Sch. III and other adjustments as determined |  |  |
| Plus: Schedule III Adjustments to Income (if applicable) <br> 6. Actual amount of capital gains in excess of actual capital losses <br> 9. Applicable "non-arm's length" payments (including salaries, benefits, wages, management fees or other payments) <br> Plus: Imputed income under (Section 19) <br> Sch. III and other adjustments as determined |  |  |
| A. Total Income for Guideline Purposes under Section 15 <br> Less: B. Federal and provincial taxes payable on Taxable Income (line 260) as set out in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada Annual income for Standard of Living Test purposes $(A-B)=$ | \$0 | $\$ 0$ $\$ 0$ $\$ 0$ |
| Other person(s): Name: | Ist hamo here | . |
| s.16. Sources of income set out under heading "Total Income" (line 150) in the T1 General form as issued by Revenue Canada <br> Less: Schedule III Adjustments to Income (if applicable) |  |  |
| 1. Employee's employment expenses according to Income Tax Act (paragraph 8(1)) as applicable |  |  |
| 2. Child support that is received and inc |  |  |
| 3. (1) Spousal support received from the other spo |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 7. Actual amount of business investment losses suffered <br> 8. Applicable deductible carrying charges under Income Tax Act Sch. III and other adjustments as determined |  |  |
| Plus: Schedule III Adjustments to Income (if applicable) |  |  |
| 6. Actual amount of capital gains in excess of actual capital losses <br> 9. Applicable "non-arm's length" payments (inc/uding salaries, benefits, wages, management fees or other payments) <br> Plus: Imputed income under (Section 19) <br> Sch. III and other adjustments as determined |  |  |
| A. Total Income for Guideline Purposes under Section 15 <br> Less: B. Federal and provincial taxes payable on Taxable Income (line 260) as set out in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada Annual income for Standard of Living Test purposes $(A-B)=$ | \$0 | \$0 |

## 3. AND OTHER DEPENDANTS

## Eacts:

The I and W separated and divorced in 1990 . They reside in Ontario. Their daughter, now age 14, stayed with the W. She visited regularly with the Hafter the divorce and still does. Thell agreed to pay $\$ 400$ per month, which support provision was included in their divorce judgment.

In 1991, the Mremaried. He and hís new W have a son, now age 6 .
The His a civil senvant eaming, $\$ 43,000$ per year. The W is a secretary earning $\$ 28,000$. The new. W is also a secretary and earns \$31,000. Their child is in a before-and-after-school programme which costs $\$ 500$ per month.
a) Whe former. Whear about the new guidelines and has applied for a variation of the judgment.
b) Whe pressure of court proceedings is the last strat in the Mis and new Whs marriage and they now separate.. The hargues that since he has two children. hes hould pay the former Wone-half the table amount for two children (1)2 $\$ 6609=\$ 304.50)$ Mhe former W argues that he owves to her the table amouni for one child which is \$371.
c) What will the Hhe obliged to pay to his formen W on account of child support?

Analysis:
The H will be obliged to pay the sum of $\$ 371$ to his former W .

Pursuant to subsection 14(c) of the guidelines, in the case of an order which was made prior to May 1 st, 1997, the coming into force of section 15.1 is a change in circumstances entitling the former W to apply for a variation. Clause $34(1)(b)$ states that the application will be treated as if it were an application to vary a child support order made under section 15.1. Therefore, any variation shall be made in accordance with the applicable guidelines (subsection 17(6.1)).

Pursuant to subsection 3(1) of the guidelines, the amount of a child support order is the amount set out in the applicable table, "according to the number of children ... to whom the order relates". If the application is made in respect of a former spouse with whom the payor has one child only, for example, this makes sense because unlike the situation where there are several children in one household who are being supported by the payor, there is no "economy of scale". The guidelines table amounts for more than one child were calculated on the basis that it does not cost twice as
much to raise two children in a household, for example, as it does to raise one. Therefore, taking the table amount for two children and dividing it by one-half would not make sense.

Section 16 of the guidelines defines "income" for purposes of determining the table amount as the payor's Total Income for tax purposes, adjusted in accordance with Sch. III. There is no adjustment in Sch. III for child support being paid, only received (See section 2 of Sch. III).

When the H settled with his first W , after paying support to her in the sum of $\$ 400$, he was left with a net disposable income of $\$ 2,272$ per month. At this time, if he were in fact to be obliged to pay the table amount of $\$ 371$ for each of his two children and, in addition, contribute proportionately toward the after-tax daycare expense that his second W is incurring for his second child, he would be paying $\$ 960$ per month toward his children and be left with a net disposable income for himself in the sum of $\$ 1,554$. This is a serious reduction in his financial position since he settled with his first W . On the other hand, his former W will receive approximately $\$ 111$ more net each month on account of child support by virtue of his paying in accordance with the table amount. Counsel would have difficulty advising the former W as to whether she should bring a variation application and as to whether she would ultimately receive an increase, given that the former H might claim undue hardship. Without knowing all of the facts about this former H's second W and any special or extraordinary expenses they may have in relation to the second child, it would be impossible to tell the former W what the result would be. She must be advised of the risk in bringing a variation application - that there is some possibility that the support level could be reduced, as opposed to increased.

The former H in this case might argue that for him to pay the table amount for one child would cause undue hardship because he has a legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is under the age of majority (See clause $10(2)(\mathrm{d})$ of the guidelines). He would argue that this is particularly so, given that in addition to also owing the table amount of $\$ 371$ to his second W for their child, he will be obliged to pay more than one-half of the necessary before-and-after-school programme costs for that child.

The interesting issues are whether, if the second W and the H had settled prior to the variation application, the court on the variation application would be bound to determine the issues by accepting the settlement between the H and his second W as being fixed expenses about which the court could do nothing. Secondly, if the H takes the position on the variation application that he is obliged to pay the table amount and his pro-rata share of the daycare costs to his second W , will he then be prohibited from taking any other position before the court if it ultimately is asked to deal with his obligations between himself and his second W? Obviously, the H will not want to take the position on this variation application that he accepts and is willing to pay the table amount for his 14-year old daughter because he does not know with any certainty that he will obtain a reduction in the amount he is obliged to pay to his second W for his second child when he comes to negotiate the issue or the court comes to determine it.

Perhaps, the $H$ would be wise if he were to argue that he will pay something less than the table amount for his younger child, but will be obliged to contribute toward the before-and-after-school
programme in accordance with his and his second W's incomes. In that way, he will be treating both children relatively equally and will not be prevented from arguing that he is entitled to a reduction in the table amount for the second family when it comes to the settlement of that family's issues. The amount of the reduction for each child should, obviously, be somewhere between $\$ 371$ and $\$ 304.50$, perhaps $\$ 337.75$.

This is a most unusual situation. Pursuant to section 10 of the guidelines, even if the H could successfully argue that it would create undue hardship for him to pay the table amount of support, he must prove that his standard of living is lower than that of the household in which the former W is living. This can be done by way of calculating the respective standards of living of each party pursuant to Schedule II of the guidelines. Even assuming that the $H$ would have to pay the table amount for both children ( $\$ 371$ each) and even assuming that he would have to pay his pro-rata share of the younger child's daycare expense, he does not meet the Schedule II standard of living test in comparison with the former W. Unless he could somehow demonstrate that the standard of living in his household is lower than that of his former W and her household, he will not be able to obtain variation from the table amount.

> VARYmate Variation Optimizer
> Data Input Screen (Page 1)
> 1997 - Ontario

Family name(s):
07-May-97
INCOME \& EXPENSES FOR TAX PURPOSES
Payor Recipient Payor Recipient

INCOME (annual):

| Gross employment including taxable benefits | $\$ 43,000$ | $\$ 28,000$ | $\$ 43,000$ | $\$ 28,000$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Self-employment (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends (\$Cdn amount received) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other taxable income (excluding support) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social Assistance \& other non taxable income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sousal support received from the other spouse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total Income (T1 line 150) | $\$ 43,000$ | $\$ 28,000$ | $\$ 43,000$ |

DEDUCTIONS:

| RRSP Contribution: Maximum is \$ | \$13,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 Earned Income for RRSP |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1996 Pension Adjustment (PA) |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Registered Pension Plan Contribution |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Actual Child Care Expenses Paid |  |  |  |  |  |
| For children under age 7 years |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| For children ages $7-16$ years |  | $\%$ \% | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other deductions |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social Benefit Repayment |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Spousal support paid to the other spouse |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| Taxable Income (T1 line 260) |  |  |  |  |  |

CHILD(REN): (Enter \# in applicable column)
Number of children under 7 years old
Number of children ages 7 to 17 years old
Number of children 19 and older and infirm


Number of children eligible for Child
Tax Benefits
0
1
TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)
Dividend tax credit
Personal credit
Spouse credit
Equivalent to Spouse credit
Age 65 and Over credit
Disability credit
Pension Income credit

|  |  | 0 | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | 1,668 | 1,668 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1,390 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter $\$$ amount)
Canada Pension Plan 250
Employment Insurance premiums paid
292
Tuition fee and educational credits 0
0
0
Medical expenses credit
0
0
0
Charitable donations credit
0
0
0At Various Levels of Child and Spousal Support Payments1997 - Ontario

Monthly Amounts

## Payor: HUSBAND

|  | Income cluding pousal) | Non Deductible Child Support Payment | Deductible Support Payment | Income Tax | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Child } \\ \text { Tax } \\ \text { Benefit } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Net } \\ \text { Disposable } \\ \text { Income } \end{array}$ | Net Cost of Paying Support |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | \$3,583 | \$0 | \$400 | \$736 | \$0 | \$2,272 | \$242 |
| B | 3,583 | 371 | 0 | 895 | 0 | 2,143 | 371 |
| 1 | 3,583 | 960 | 0 | 895 | 0 | 1,554 | 960 |
| 2 | 3,583 | 0 | 0 | 895 | 0 | 2,514 | 0 |
| 3 | 3,583 | 0 | 0 | 895 | 0 | 2,514 | 0 |
| Current and Guideline Support Amount Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A. Today's Taxable Child Support Obligation |  |  |  |  |  |  | . $\$ 400$ |
| B. Total: Guideline Child Support + Special or Extraordinary Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$371 |
| Taxable Spousal Support already included in Recipient's Gross Income (if applicable) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0 |

Recipient: FORMER WIFE

| Gross Income (Including Spousal) |  | Non Taxable Child Support Received | Taxable Support Received | Income Tax |  | Net Disposable Income | Net <br> Benefit of Receiving Support |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | \$2,333 | \$0 | \$400 | \$455 | \$71 | \$2,228 | \$260 |
| B | 2,333 | 371 | 0 | 315 | 81 | 2,349 | 371 |
| 1 | 2,333 | \#\#\#.960 | M. 2.0 | 315 | 81 | 2,938 | 960 |
| 2 | 2,333 | $\square$ ¢ | \%. 0 | 315 | 81 | 1,978 | 0 |
| 3 | 2,333 | $\triangle$ | \%) 0 | 315 | 81 | 1,978 | 0 |

Payor's Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income - Deductible \& Non Deductible Support Payments

- Income Tax - RRSP contribution (\$0/mon) - RPP contribution (\$0/mon)
- CPP (\$81/mon) + Child Tax Benefit - Spousal Support paid (\$0/mon)
- El (\$94/mon) + GST Credit (\$0/mon) - Deductions at source and taxable benefits (\$0/mon)

Recipient's Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income + Taxable and Non Taxable Support
Payments - Income Tax - RRSP contribution (\$0/mon) - RPP contribution (\$0/mon)

- CPP (\$61/mon) + Child Tax Benefit - Spousal Support paid (\$0/mon)
- El ( $\$ 68 / \mathrm{mon})+$ GST Credit ( $\$ 7 / \mathrm{mon}$ ) - Deductions at source and taxable benefits ( $\$ 0 / \mathrm{mon}$ )

| Payor and Recipient <br> Schedule of Income Taxes Payable, Child Tax Benefits and Net Disposable Incomes At Various Levels of Child and Spousal Support Payments $1997 \text { - Ontario }$ <br> Annual Amounts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payor: HUSBAND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gross Income (Including Spousal) | Non Deductible Child Support Payment | Deductible Support Payment | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Income } \\ \text { Tax } \end{array}$ |  | Net <br> Disposable Income | Net Cost of Paying Support |
| A | \$43,000 | \$0 | \$4,800 | \$8,838 | \$0 | \$27,262 | \$2,903 |
| B | 43,000 | 4,452 | 0 | 10,735 | 0 | 25,713 | 4,452 |
| 1 | 43,000 | 11,520 | 0 | 10,735 | 0 | 18,645 | 11,520 |
| 2 | 43,000 | 0 | 0 | 10,735 | 0 | 30,165 | 0 |
| 3 | 43,000 | 0 | 0 | 10,735 | 0 | 30,165 | 0 |
| Current and Guideline Support Amount Information |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A. Today's Taxable Child Support Obligation |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$4,800 |
| B. Total: Guideline Child Support + Special or Extraordinary Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$4,452 |
| Taxable Spousal Support already included in Recipient's Gross Income (if applicable) |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$0 |
| Recipient: FORMER WIFE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Income Non Taxable |  |  | Taxable |  | Child | Net | Benefit of |
|  | (Including | Child Support | Support | Income | Tax | Disposable | Receiving |
| Spousal) |  | Received | Received | Tax | Benefit | Income | Support |
| A | \$28,000 | \$0 | \$4,800 | \$5,456 | 848 | \$26,731 | \$3,121 |
| B | 28,000 | 4,452 | 0 | 3,777 | 968 | 28,182 | 4,452 |
| 1 | 28,000 | 11,520 | 0 | 3,777 | 968 | 35,250 | 11,520 |
| 2 | 28,000 | 0 | 0 | 3,777 | 968 | 23,730 | 0 |
| 3 | 28,000 | 0 | 0 | 3,777 | 968 | 23,730 | 0 |


| SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 1) SCHEDULE II (Subsection 10(4)) <br> (Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Adjusted Household Income |  |  |  |
|  | (Input annual amounts in this section) Family name(s) | Payor <br> name here | Recipient <br> name here |
| Step 1 | Total Income for Guidelines Purposes under S | \$43000 | \$28000 |
| Less: | B. Federal and provincial taxes payable on Taxable Income (line 260) as set out in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada | \$10735 | \$3.777 |
|  | Annual Income for Standards of Living Test purposes ( $A-B$ ) $=$ | \$32,265 | \$24,223 |
| $\frac{\text { Less: }}{(a)(i)}$ | 10.(2) Circumstances that may cause undue hardship: |  |  |
|  | (a) Unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living | \%.\% |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { (a)(i) } \\ & (a)(i) \end{aligned}$ | (b) Unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access <br> (c) Legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person (net of income tax) |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (d) Legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is (i) under the age of majority (net of income tax) who is (ii) the age of majority but is unable to obtain the necessities of life (net of income tax) | $\$ 589$ |  |
| $(a)(i)$ | (e) Legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessities of life because of illness/disability (net of income tax) Other as determined | \#... |  |
| Less: |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{(a)(i i)} \\ & \text { (a)(iii) } \end{aligned}$ | Guidelines + Special Expenses amount paid Support paid under a judgment, order or written separation agreement unless already deducted in (a)(i)(c) above (net of income tax) Other as determined | $\$ 371$ |  |
| Plus: |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & (b)(i) \\ & (b)(i i) \end{aligned}$ | Guidelines + Special Expenses amount received Child support received for any child under a judgment, order or written separation agreement (net of income tax) Other as determined |  | $\$ 371$ |
|  | Totals | \$31,305 | \$24,594 |
| Plus: | dule II s.1. Defin |  |  |
|  | and applicable person(s) residing with spouse in the Household Other as determined |  | $\%$ |
| Step 3 | Total Household Income for Standards of Living Test | \$31,305 | \$24,594 |
| Household Size and Low-income Measures Amount |  |  |  |
|  |  | Payor | Recipient |
| Number of children in household Number of adults in household |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | Applicable Low-income Measures Amount | \$10,382 | \$14,535 |
| Step 5 | Household Income Ratio (Step 3/Step 4) | 3.0153 | 1.6921 |
| Step 6 Compare the Household Income Ratios produced in Step 5. The hous ratio has the higher standard of living. |  | hold with <br> DIVORCEm | he higher <br> te Software Inc. 5/1/97 |

## 4. AS A CLAIM FOR AN INCREASE IN TABLE AMOUNT

## Facts:

The Il is an idministrative assistant, earning, $\$ 20,000$ per yeat. Ihe Wearns $\$ 500000$ per year selling adyertising. They reside in Ontario:

The A and Whave three children, now ages 12. 13 and 15:
The paties divorecd two years ago. Whe Whas ben paying support on a yolumtary basis, but the Hinoy says that itis not enough. He wants nothing for himself. He does want appropriatesupport for the children. He lives with them in foronto and his rent is $\$ 1200$ per month. He has eredit eard debts which have arisen since the separation which now total \$100000. He is thing to pay them offat the rate of S300 permonthy

The Whas remarmed.. She has moved to a small tovin whichis an approximate 40 minute drive from Toronto. She has the children will her one weelend per month.

The W lives with her new hin his home whichis mortgagefiee. Hels a photogiapher, earning \$42,000 peryeat.

The H has prepared a detaled budget form the children and states that the childien's needs total \$1soo permonthi. He feels that the Wh shilla be paying this amount to him.

Will a court order the W to pay S1300 per month to him for the childien, even though the table amount for a payor earning $\$ 50,000$ provides for a payment ot $\$ 917$ and

Analysis:

A court could order the W to pay $\$ 1300$ per month in these circumstances.
Pursuant to section 10 of the guidelines, "on either spouse's application, a court may award an amount of child support that is different from the amount determined under any of sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 if the court finds that the spouse making the request, or a child in respect of whom the request is made, would otherwise suffer undue hardship". The H can, therefore, rely on section 10 of the guidelines (undue hardship) in support of a claim for support in excess of the table amount.

Subsection 10(2) is not exhaustive. Although he does not fall within clause (a) in that he cannot say that he has responsibility for an unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the family prior to the separation or to earn a living, he will argue that he incurred such debt to support her children while receiving inadequate support. Further, he will argue that on his limited income, he is barely self-supporting and has no real ability to contribute to the children's expenses. The children's expenses are $\$ 1300$. The table amount the W is to contribute is only $\$ 917$. Given that
she lives in a home rent free with her second H , with whom she can share certain expenses, and given that she sees the children only two days each month, thereby leaving him with virtually all of the children's expenses, to order the table amount only would cause the H to suffer undue hardship.

The W will argue that if she were ordered to pay $\$ 1300$ per month, she will have too little net disposable income left for herself. She would, in fact, have approximately $35 \%$ of the family's (her's and the former H's) combined net disposable income and the H would have $65 \%$ for himself and the three children. This is not unreasonable, particularly in light of her ability to share her limited housing and some other expenses with her new H .

A court may well find undue hardship in this situation in favour of the H . Once it does so, varying from the table amount is not possible unless the court determines that the standard of living in the H's household is lower than that in the W's household. The court may consider this issue by reference to the Comparison of Standard of Living Test set out in Schedule II of the guidelines. In this case, his household standard of living is lower than that of the W's household. The W is likely going to be ordered to pay $\$ 1300$ per month in child support.

# SUPPORTmate Maintenance Planner <br> Data Input Screen (Page 1) <br> 1997 - Ontario 

Family name(s):
INC. IN TABLE AMT.

| Gross employment including taxable benefits | - \$50,000 | \$20000 | \$50,000 | \$20,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Self-employed (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rental (net) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends (\$Cdn amount received) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other taxable income (excluding support) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social Assistance \& other non taxable income | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL INCOME (auto calc) | \$50,000 | \$20,000 | \$50,000 | \$20,000 |
| DEDUCTIONS: |  |  |  |  |
| RRSP Contribution: Maximum is \$13,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1996 Earned Income for RRSP | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| 1996 Pension Adjustment (PA) | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Registered Pension Plan Contribution | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Actual Child Care Expenses Paid |  |  |  |  |
| For children under age 7 years |  | 凹! | 0 | 0 |
| For children ages 7-16 years | IV. $\mid 0$ | (1). 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other deductions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Social Benefit Repayment (auto calc) |  |  | 0 | 0 |
| NET TAXABLE INCOME (auto calc) |  |  | 50,000 | 20,000 |

CHILD(REN): (Enter \# in applicable column) number of children under 7 years old number of children ages 7 to 17 years old number of children 19 and older and infirm
 Number of children eligible for
Child Tax Benefits (auto calc)
0
3
TAX CREDITS: (Enter 1 if applicable)
Dividend tax credit (auto calc)
Personal credit (auto calc)
Spouse credit
Equivalent to Married credit
Age 65 and Over credit
Disability credit
Pension Income credit

|  |  | 0 | 0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | 1,668 | 1,668 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1,390 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

OTHER TAX CREDITS: (Enter $\$$ amount)
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Canada Pension Plan (auto calc) } & 244 \\ 125\end{array}$
Employment Insurance premiums paid (auto calc) 292150
Tuition fees
Niedical expenses
0
0
Charitable donations
0
0
0
0
0

Schedule of Income Taxes Payable，Child Tax Benefits and Net Disposable Incomes At Various Levels of Child and Spousal Support Payments

1997 －Ontario
Monthly Amounts
Payor：＜Enter Name Here＞

|  | Gross <br> Income | Non Deductible <br> Child Support <br> Payment | Deductible <br> Support <br> Payment | Income <br> Tax | Child <br> Tax <br> Benefit | Disposable <br> Income | Net Cost <br> of Paying <br> Support |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $\$ 4,167$ | $\$ 917$ | $\$ 91$ | $\$ 1,090$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 1,896$ | $\$ 972$ |
| 2 | 4,167 | 1,300 | 0 | 1,126 | 0 | 1,568 | 1,300 |
| 3 | 4,167 | 0 | 0 | 1,126 | 0 | 2,868 | 0 |
| 4 | 4,167 | 0 | 0 | 1,126 | 0 | 2,868 | 0 |
| 5 | 4,167 | 0 | 0 | 1,126 | 0 | 2,868 | 0 |

Recipient：＜Enter Name Here＞

|  | Gross Income | Non Taxable Child Support Received | Taxable Support Received | Income Tax |  | Net <br> Disposable Income | Net <br> Benefit of Receiving Support |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \＄1，667 | \＄917 | \％$\$ 91$ | \＄176 | \＄322 | \＄2，780 | \＄984 |
| 2 | 1，667 | $\# \# .800$ | \＃．\＃．） | 153 | 324 | 3，097 | 1，300 |
| 3 | 1，667 | 毋．\＃．．．．｜ 0 | \＃．．．．0 | 153 | 324 | 1，797 | 0 |
| 4 | 1，667 | 【．．．．．．．．．．0． | \％．．．．． | 153 | 324 | 1，797 | 0 |
| 5 | 1，667 | \＃\＃．．0 | 【．＂．．0 | 153 | 324 | 1，797 | 0 |

Payor＇s Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income－Taxable and Non Taxable Support Payments
－Income Tax－RRSP contribution（\＄0／mon）－RPP contribution（\＄0／mon）
－CPP（\＄79／mon）＋Child Tax Benefit
－El（\＄94／mon）＋GST Credit（\＄0／mon）－Deductions at source and taxable benefits（\＄0／mon）
Recipient＇s Net Disposable Income $=$ Gross Income + Taxable and Non Taxable Support Payments －Income Tax－RRSP contribution（\＄0／mon）－RPP contribution（\＄0／mon）
－CPP（\＄40／mon）＋Child Tax Benefit
－El（\＄48／mon）＋GST Credit（\＄48／mon）－Deductions at source and taxable benefits（\＄0／mon）

| DIVORCEmate Software Inc. <br> Schedule | Income Taxes At Various Lev | SUPPORTmate Comparison of: <br> Payor and Recipient <br> Payable, Child Tax Benefits and Net Disposable Incomes els of Child and Spousal Support Payments <br> 1997 - Ontario <br> Annual Amounts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Payor: <Enter Name Here> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Income | Non Deductible Child Support Payment | Deductible Support Payment | Income Tax |  | Net Disposable Income | Net Cost of Paying Support |
| 1 \$50,000 | \$11,004 | \$1,092 | \$13,076 | \$0 | \$22,752 | \$11,664 |
| 250,000 | 15,600 | 0 | 13,507 | 0 | 18,817 | 15,600 |
| 3 50,000 | 0 | 0 | 13,507 | 0 | 34,417 | 0 |
| 450,000 | 0 | 0 | 13,507 | 0 | 34,417 | 0 |
| $5 \quad 50,000$ | 0 | 0 | 13,507 | 0 | 34,417 | 0 |


| Recipient: <Enter Name Here> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income Excluding Support | Non Taxable Child Support Received | Taxable Support Received | Income Tax |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Net } \\ \text { Disposable } \\ \text { Income } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Benefit of Receiving Support |
| 1 | \$20,000 | \$11,004 | \$1,092 | \$2,117 | 3,868 | \$33,364 | \$11,814 |
| 2 | 20,000 | 15,600 | 0 | 1,835 | 3,885 | 37,167 | 15,600 |
| 3 | 20,000 | 0 | 0 | 1,835 | 3,885 | 21,567 | 0 |
| 4 | 20,000 | 0 | 0 | 1,835 | 3,885 | 21,567 | 0 |
| 5 | 20,000 | 0 | 0 | 1,835 | 3,885 | 21,567 | 0 | Income (inc/uding Sch. III adjustments) of Significant Other Person(s) in Household Schedule A

(Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable)
Total Adjusted Household Income $\quad$ (Input annual amounts in this section) $\quad$ Name:

| SOLmate - Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test (Page 1) SCHEDULE II (Subsection 10(4)) <br> (Complete or amend all shaded areas as applicable) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Adjusted Household Income |  |  |  |
|  | (Input annual amounts in this section) | Payor | Recipient |
|  | Family name(s) | hamehere |  |
| Step 1 A. Total Income for Guidelines Purposes under Section 15 <br> Less: B. Federal and provincial taxes payable'on Taxable Income (line 260) as set out in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada |  | \$50000 | \$20,000 |
|  |  | \$13076 | \$2.17 |
|  | Annual Income for Standards of Living Test purposes ( $A-B$ ) $=$ | \$36,924 | \$17,883 |
| Step 2 |  |  | Less: 10.(2) Circumstances that may cause undue hardship: |
| (a)(i) | (a) Unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (b) Unusually high expenses in relation to exercising acces |  |  |
| (a)(i) | (c) Legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person (net of income tax) |  |  |
| (a)(i) (a)(i) | (d) Legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is (i) under the age of majority (net of income tax) who is (ii) the age of majority but is unable to obtain the necessities of life (net of income tiax) |  |  |
| (a)(i) | ) Legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the ecessities of life because of illness/disability (net of income tax) ther as determined |  |  |
| Less: |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { (a)(ii) } \\ & \text { (a)(ii) } \end{aligned}$ | elines + Special Expenses amount paid | 660 |  |
|  | Support paid under a judgment, order or written separation agreement unless already deducted in (a)(i)(c) above (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
| Plus: |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { (b)(i) } \\ & \text { (b) }(i) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Child support received for any child under a judgm |  |  |
|  | written separation agreement (net of income tax) Other as determined |  |  |
|  | Totals | \$21,324 | \$33,483 |
| Plus: | Schedule II s.1. Definition of "Household" |  |  |
|  | Total Adjusted Annual Income for Standards of Living Test of spouse and applicable person(s) residing with spouse in the Household Other as determined | $3$ |  |
| Step 3 | Total Household Income for Standards of Living Test | \$52 978 | \$33,483 |
| Household Size and Low-income Measures Amount |  |  |  |
|  |  | Payor | Recipient |
| Number of children in household Number of adults in household |  |  |  |
| Step 4 | Applicable Low-income Measures Amoun | \$14,535 | \$20,764 |
| Step 5 | Household Income Ratio (Step 3/Step 4) | 3.6449 | 1.6126 |
| Step 6 Compare the Household Income Ratios produced in Step 5. The household with the higher ratio has the higher standard of living. 07-May-97 <br> DiVORCEmate Software Inc. 5/1/97 |  |  |  |

## H. PAYOR RESIDES IN DIFFERENT PROVINCE THAN RECIPIENT

## Racts:

The H and W resided in Otawn, Ontario, during their mavriage. After their separation in. Iate 1996, the H was transferred by his company to Gander, Newfoundland. He still resides there. Although he has been paying supporl voluntarily to the W for their three children, ages 12,14 and 17 since the separation, the Whas decided that she wishes to obtain a support orden. She has sued him for child support pursuant to section 15.1 of the Divorce. Act. The Wh eams $\$ 33,000$ per year as a social worker. The Hearns $\$ 65,000$ per y ear as a chemical engíneev. There are no special or extraordinaty expenses.

How much child support will the H be obliged to pay to the Wh?

## Analysis:

The payor resides in a different province from the recipient. Which table is applicable? Pursuant to clause $3(3)$ (a) of the guidelines, the table for the province in which the spouse against whom the order is sought resides at the time the application for child support is made applies.

The H resides in Newfoundland. According to the Newfoundland table for three children, the amount of child support payable by a person with an income of $\$ 65,000$ per year is $\$ 1077$ per month.

## I. PAYOR RESIDES OUTSIDE CANADA

## Facts:

Assume instead that the Mhas moved to Gilead, Maine. His U.S. income equates to $\$ 650000$ Canaflian pery yar.

How much child support will the A be obliged to pay to the W?

## Analysis:

The payor resides outside of Canada. Which table is applicable? Pursuant to clause 3(3)(b) of the guidelines, it is the table for the province where the recipient spouse ordinarily resides at the time the application for child support is made.

Here, the W's province of residence would determine the issue. Therefore, according to the Ontario table for three children, the amount of child support payable by the H to the W is $\$ 1148$ per month.

## J. CHILD MORE THAN 18 YEARS OF AGE

## Eacts:

The H and W were mavied in 1970. They have two children, now ages, 18 and 21 . Both children are exceptional students who attend the Eniversity of British Columbia in Vancouver. When they are not at school, they reside with the W in her apartmentin Calgary. Alberta, which costs $\$ 1560$ per monilh. The elder child has a scholarship which pays him s3000 per year.

The W is a special education teacher. She earis $\$ 02,000$ per $y$ ent. The H is a teacher who eams $\$ 50,000$ per year. In addition, he has witten a matli textboole which has been published by an American publisher. This textbook contract will bring in additional income for the Hin the anount of $\$ 28,000$ for 1997 and the following, four y ears. The H moved to Ontario in 1994 and contimues to live there.

After a trial in 1992 , the court avarded custody of the children to the. W. At that time, each spouse was ealning the same income from teaching that he or she earns today. The court ordered the Il to pay $\$ 500$ per month per child pllus one-half of each childs post-secondayy expenses. They total approximately $\$ 22,000$ per yent. The Hi his been paying one-half.

The W is still quite bitter about the divorce. She has henrd that the H enms more money now. thal he has had a bool publisthed. She has applied for a variation in child support. The His quite angry. He feels that the Whas brainvashed the ehildren against him. While they do leep in contact with him from time to time through the Internet, they rarely call him or visits

Will the H be obliged to increase his child support obligations?

## Analysis:

## Right to Vary:

Pursuant to subsection 14(c) of the guidelines, the coming into force of section 15.1 of the guidelines is a change in circumstances for purposes of subsection 17(4) of the Divorce Act. Further, pursuant to clause 34(1)(b) of the Divorce Act, the application will be treated as if it were made to vary a child support order made under section 15.1. Pursuant to subsection 17(6.1) of the Divorce Act, the application must be dealt with under the applicable guidelines.

## "Child of the Marriage":

Pursuant to the recent amendments to the Divorce Act, the definition of "child of the marriage" has been replaced by the following:
"(a) is under the age of majority and who has not withdrawn from their charge, or
(b) is the age of majority or over and under their charge but unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to withdraw from their charge or to obtain the necessaries of life;"

Therefore, the definition has not changed, except only for the substitution of "the age of majority" for age "16". As a result, the caselaw decided under the old Divorce Act will continue to apply. At a minimum, a child who is taking one undergraduate diploma or degree, but otherwise continuing to reside with a parent, will still be a "child of the marriage" for purposes of a child support obligation by that parent.

The H might try to argue that the children have "withdrawn from their charge" either because they have little contact with him or because they only live with their mother for short periods of time during the year. Based on existing caselaw, he is very unlikely to succeed on either basis.

The more difficult question to answer is whether the H will be obliged to continue to pay child support if a child pursues a post-graduate degree. These children are exceptional students and it is possible that they will continue on with their education after obtaining an undergraduate degree. Would a court determine that they continue to be "children of the marriage" for support purposes? Few cases have dealt with this issue since the recession and the resulting difficulty young people have had obtaining employment with undergraduate degrees only. If the level of the H's income remains high, it is possible that a court would order him to continue to support these children during their post-graduate educations. The contributions children are able to make to their own educational costs must also be factored into the equation pursuant to clause 3(2)(6) and section 7 of the guidelines. It will be interesting to see how the courts will divide the appropriate contributions to be made by the parents and child toward the support of a university-age child; and if the child will be expected to assume more of his or her own costs as each university degree is obtained.

## Calculation of Table Amount:

With the parties living in different provinces, clause 3(3)(a) stipulates that the table for the province in which the spouse against whom an order is sought ordinarily resides at the time the application for the variation is made will apply. In this case, the Ontario table for two children will be the applicable table.

The court will impute additional income of $\$ 28,000$ per year to the H in determining his income for support purposes. Therefore, his income is $\$ 78,000$. He will be obliged to pay $\$ 1011$ per month to the W.

## Special or Extraordinary Expenses:

Pursuant to clause 7(1)(e) of the guidelines, an amount on account of the post-secondary education expenses of the children may be added to the table amount. The guiding principle in determining the amount of the expense to be added on is that it be shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes after deducting from the expense, the contribution, if any, from the child (subsection 7(2)). Further, the court must take into consideration any "subsidies, benefits or income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense" (subsection 7(3)). The son's scholarship falls either under either subsection 7(2) or 7(3) or both.

The post-secondary expenses total $\$ 22,000$. After deducting the scholarship, the H's share would be $78 / 140$ of $\$ 19,000=\$ 10,586$ per year $=\$ 882$ per month .

Therefore, his total child support obligation would be $\$ 1893$ per month.
Note that section 7 is discretionary. The court "may" order an amount to cover these costs or any portion of these costs, taking into consideration not only the necessity of the expense in relation to the children's best interests (which is not in question here), but also the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation. The undue hardship provisions of section 10 of the guidelines do not cover section 7 expenses. In the facts of this case, the H will not likely succeed in arguing to pay less than $\$ 1011$ to the W on the basis of undue hardship. Therefore, if the H is going to obtain any relief, it will be by paying less under subsection 7. The H will argue that the $\$ 1011$ monthly support amount was meant to apply to cases where the recipient has the children with her primarily and incurs all of the costs in relation to the children. Given that the children are away at school for the majority of the year and that some of the costs that the $W$ would otherwise be covering out of her income (including the H's support payments) form part of the children's $\$ 22,000$ school costs, he will argue that he should pay less toward these expenses because the W has already received monies from him to apply toward some of these expenses. To the extent that the W's costs have decreased because the children are away, he should pay less toward the post-secondary costs; otherwise, he would effectively be paying twice toward certain expenses such as food. The H may be successful in this argument and the court might order that he pay less than $\$ 882$ per month toward the post-secondary education expenses.

## Undue Hardship:

1. The first issue is whether the H could argue that he would suffer undue hardship if he were required to pay the full amount of child support (\$1011). His only argument would be that the children's absence from the W's home for most of the year means that she does not need the full amount of support from him, particularly if he is going to be paying $\$ 882$ toward their expenses at school. It may be difficult for the H to cross the first threshold that he has suffered undue hardship because he has to pay the table amount in accordance with the guidelines.
2. If, in fact, he succeeds on his argument that he should pay less than his otherwise proportionate share of the children's post-secondary education expenses because the payment of $\$ 1011$ per month in part enables the $W$ to cover a certain share of the children's post-secondary costs, he will have an even more difficult time proving that he will suffer undue hardship if he has to comply with a child support order in the amount of $\$ 1011$ per month.
3. Even if a court were to find that he would suffer undue hardship by paying the $\$ 1011$ sum per month, no relief could be provided unless the court then finds that the standard of living in his household is lower than that in the household of the W . He will argue that the children do not form part of the W's household. If he were successful in this argument, on applying the test set out in Schedule II, his household standard of living would be lower than hers. If the W's household includes herself and the two children, his household standard of living will be higher than that of the W . The W will argue that she has to maintain a home for the children who reside with her at all times when they are not at school, particularly because they see little of their father. His argument that the W's household standard of living should be calculated without the inclusion of the children will likely fail.

A Consolidation of

## THE <br> DIVORCE ACT

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CANADA

## R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.)

[D-3.4]
An Act respecting divorce and corollary relief
[1986, c. 4, assented to
13th February, 1986]
SHORT TITLE

## Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Divorce Act.

## INTERPRETATION

## Definitions

2. (1) In this Act,
"age of majority"
«majeur»
"age of majority", in respect of a child, means the age of majority as determined by the laws of the province where the child ordinarily resides, or, if the child ordinarily resides outside of Canada, eighteen years of age;
"appellate court"
«cour d'appel»
"appellate court", in respect of an appeal from a court, means the court exercising appellate jurisdiction with respect to that appeal;
```
"applicable guidelines"
«lignes directrices applicables»
```

"applicable guidelines" means
(a) where both spouses or former spouses are ordinarily resident in the same province at the time an application for a child support order or a variation order in respect of a child support order is made, or the amount of a child support order is to be recalculated pursuant to section 25.1, and that province has been designated by an order made under subsection (5), the laws of the province specified in the order, and
(b) in any other case, the Federal Child Support Guidelines;
"child of the marriage"
«enfant à charge»
"child of the marriage" means a child of two spouses or former spouses who, at the material time,
(a) is under the age of majority and who has not withdrawn from their charge, or
(b) is the age of majority or over and under their charge but unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to withdraw from their charge or to obtain the necessaries of life;
"child support order"
«ordonnance alimentaire au profit d'un enfant»
"child support order" means an order made under subsection 15.1(1);
"corollary relief proceeding"
«action en mesures accessoires»
"corollary relief proceeding" means a proceeding in a court in which either or both former spouses seek a child support order, a spousal support order or a custody order;
"court"
«tribunal»
"court", in respect of a province, means
(a) for the Province of Ontario, the Ontario Court (General Division),
(a.1) for the Province of Prince Edward Island or Newfoundland, the trial division of the Supreme Court of the Province,
(b) for the Province of Quebec, the Superior Court,
(c) for the Provinces of Nova Scotia and British Columbia, the Supreme Court of the Province,
(d) for the Province of New Brunswick, Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, the Court of Queen's Bench for the Province, and
(e) for the Yukon Territory or the Northwest Territories, the Supreme Court thereof,
and includes such other court in the province the judges of which are appointed by the Governor General as is designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council of the province as a court for the purposes of this Act;
"custody"
«garde»
"custody" includes care, upbringing and any other incident of custody;
"custody order"
«ordonnance de garde»
"custody order" means an order made under subsection 16(1);
"divorce proceeding"
«action en divorce»
"divorce proceeding" means a proceeding in a court in which either or both spouses seek a divorce alone or together with a child support order, a spousal support order or a custody order;
"Federal Child Support Guidelines"
«lignes directrices fédérales sur les pensions alimentaires pour enfants»
"Federal Child Support Guidelines" means the guidelines made under section 26.1;
"provincial child support service"
«service provincial des aliments pour enfants»
"provincial child support service" means any service, agency or body designated in an agreement with a province under subsection 25.1(1);
"spousal support order"
«ordonnance alimentaire au profit d'un époux»
"spousal support order" means an order made under subsection 15.2(1);
"spouse"
«époux»
"spouse" means either of a man or woman who are married to each other;
"support order"
«ordonnance alimentaire»
"support order" means a child support order or a spousal support order;
"variation order"
«ordonnance modificative»
"variation order" means an order made under subsection 17(1);
"variation proceeding"
«action en modification»
"variation proceeding" means a proceeding in a court in which either or both former spouses seek a variation order.

## Child of the marriage

(2) For the purposes of the definition "child of the marriage" in subsection (1), a child of two spouses or former spouses includes
(a) any child for whom they both stand in the place of parents; and
(b) any child of whom one is the parent and for whom the other stands in the place of a parent.

## Term not restrictive

(3) The use of the term "application" to describe a proceeding under this Act in a court shall not be construed as limiting the name under which and the form and manner in which that proceeding may be taken in that court, and the name, manner and form of the proceeding in that court shall be such as is provided for by the rules regulating the practice and procedure in that court.

## Idem

(4) The use in section 21.1 of the terms "affidavit" and "pleadings" to describe documents shall not be construed as limiting the name that may be used to refer to those documents in a court and the form of those documents, and the name and form of the documents shall be such as is provided for by the rules regulating the practice and procedure in that court.

## Provincial child support guidelines

(5) The Governor in Council may, by order, designate a province for the purposes of the definition "applicable guidelines" in subsection (1) if the laws of the province establish comprehensive guidelines for the determination of child support that deal with the matters referred to in section 26.1. The order shall specify the laws of the province that constitute the guidelines of the province.

## Amendments included

(6) The guidelines of a province referred to in subsection (5) include any amendments made to them from time to time.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 2, c. 27 (2nd Supp.), s. 10; 1990, c. 18, s. 1; 1992, c. 51, s. 46; 1997, c. 1, s. 1 .

## JURISDICTION

## Jurisdiction in divorce proceedings

3. (1) A court in a province has jurisdiction to hear and determine a divorce proceeding if either spouse has been ordinarily resident in the province for at least one year immediately preceding the commencement of the proceeding.

## Jurisdiction where two proceedings commenced on different days

(2) Where divorce proceedings between the same spouses are pending in two courts that would otherwise have jurisdiction under subsection (1) and were commenced on different days and the proceeding that was commenced first is not discontinued within thirty days after it was commenced, the court in which a divorce proceeding was commenced first has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any divorce proceeding then pending between the spouses and the second divorce proceeding shall be deemed to be discontinued.

## Jurisdiction where two proceedings commenced on same day

(3) Where divorce proceedings between the same spouses are pending in two courts that would otherwise have jurisdiction under subsection (1) and were commenced on the same day and neither proceeding is discontinued within thirty days after it was commenced, the Federal Court,Trial Division has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any divorce proceeding then pending between the spouses and the divorce proceedings in those courts shall be transferred to the Federal Court,Trial Division on the direction of that Court.

## Jurisdiction in corollary relief proceedings

4. (1) A court in a province has jurisdiction to hear and determine a corollary relief proceeding if
(a) either former spouse is ordinarily resident in the province at the commencement of the proceeding; or
(b) both former spouses accept the jurisdiction of the court.

## Jurisdiction where two proceedings commenced on different days

(2) Where corollary relief proceedings between the same former spouses and in respect of the same matter are pending in two courts that would otherwise have jurisdiction under subsection (1) and were commenced on different days and the proceeding that was commenced first is not discontinued within thirty days after it was commenced, the court in which a corollary relief proceeding was commenced first has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any corollary relief proceeding then pending between the former spouses in respect of that matter and the second corollary relief proceeding shall be deemed to be discontinued.

## Jurisdiction where two proceedings commenced on same day

(3). Where proceedings between the same former spouses and in respect of the same matter are pending in two courts that would otherwise have jurisdiction under subsection (1) and were commenced on the same day and neither proceeding is discontinued within thirty days after it was commenced, the Federal Court,Trial Division has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any corollary relief proceeding then pending between the former spouses in respect of that matter and the corollary relief proceedings in those courts shall be transferred to the Federal Court,Trial Division on the direction of that Court.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 4; 1993, c. 8, s. 1.

## Jurisdiction in variation proceedings

5. (1) A court in a province has jurisdiction to hear and determine a variation proceeding if
(a) either former spouse is ordinarily resident in the province at the commencement of the proceeding; or
(b) both former spouses accept the jurisdiction of the court.

## Jurisdiction where two proceedings commenced on different days

(2) Where variation proceedings between the same former spouses and in respect of the same matter are pending in two courts that would otherwise have jurisdiction under subsection (1) and were commenced on different days and the proceeding that was commenced first is not discontinued within thirty days after it was commenced, the court in which a variation proceeding was commenced first has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any variation proceeding then pending between the former spouses in respect of that matter and the second variation proceeding shall be deemed to be discontinued.

## Jurisdiction where two proceedings commenced on same day

(3) Where variation proceedings between the same former spouses and in respect of the same matter are pending in two courts that would otherwise have jurisdiction under subsection (1) and were commenced on the same day and neither proceeding is discontinued within thirty days after it was commenced, the Federal Court,Trial Division has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine any variation proceeding then pending between the former spouses in respect of that matter and the variation proceedings in those courts shall be transferred to the Federal Court,Trial Division on the direction of that Court.

## Transfer of divorce proceeding where custody application

6. (1) Where an application for an order under section 16 is made in a divorce proceeding to a court in a province and is opposed and the child of the marriage in respect of whom the order is sought is most substantially connected with another province, the court may, on application by a spouse or on its own motion, transfer the divorce proceeding to a court in that other province.

## Transfer of corollary relief proceeding where custody application

(2) Where an application for an order under section 16 is made in a corollary relief proceeding to a court in a province and is opposed and the child of the marriage in respect of whom the order is sought is most substantially connected with another province, the court may, on application by a former spouse or on its own motion, transfer the corollary relief proceeding to a court in that other province.

## Transfer of variation proceeding where custody application

(3) Where an application for a variation order in respect of a custody order is made in a variation proceeding to a court in a province and is opposed and the child of the marriage in respect of whom the variation order is sought is most substantially connected with another province, the court may, on application by a former spouse or on its own motion, transfer the variation proceeding to a court in that other province.

## Exclusive jurisdiction

(4) Notwithstanding sections 3 to 5, a court in a province to which a proceeding is transferred under this section has exclusive jurisdiction to hear and determine the proceeding.

## Exercise of jurisdiction by judge

7. The jurisdiction conferred on a court by this Act to grant a divorce shall be exercised only by a judge of the court without a jury.

## DIVORCE

## Divorce

8. (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may, on application by either or both spouses, grant a divorce to the spouse or spouses on the ground that there has been a breakdown of their marriage.

## Breakdown of marriage

(2) Breakdown of a marriage is established only if
(a) the spouses have lived separate and apart for at least one year immediately preceding the determination of the divorce proceeding and were living separate and apart at the commencement of the proceeding; or
(b) the spouse against whom the divorce proceeding is brought has, since celebration of the marriage,
(i) committed adultery, or
(ii) treated the other spouse with physical or mental cruelty of such a kind as to render intolerable the continued cohabitation of the spouses.

## Calculation of period of separation

(3) For the purposes of paragraph (2)(a),
(a) spouses shall be deemed to have lived separate and apart for any period during which they lived apart and either of them had the intention to live separate and apart from the other; and
(b) a period during which spouses have lived separate and apart shall not be considered to have been interrupted or terminated
(i) by reason only that either spouse has become incapable of forming or having an intention to continue to live separate and apart or of continuing to live separate and apart of the spouse's own volition, if it appears to the court that the separation would probably have continued if the spouse had not become so incapable, or
(ii) by reason only that the spouses have resumed cohabitation during a period of, or periods totalling, not more than ninety days with reconciliation as its primary purpose.

## Duty of legal adviser

9. (1) It is the duty of every barrister, solicitor, lawyer or advocate who undertakes to act on behalf of a spouse in a divorce proceeding
(a) to draw to the attention of the spouse the provisions of this Act that have as their object the reconciliation of spouses, and
(b) to discuss with the spouse the possibility of the reconciliation of the spouses and to inform the spouse of the marriage counselling or guidance facilities known to him or her that might be able to assist the spouses to achieve a reconciliation,
unless the circumstances of the case are of such a nature that it would clearly not be appropriate to do so.

## Idem

(2) It is the duty of every barrister, solicitor, lawyer or advocate who undertakes to act on behalf of a spouse in a divorce proceeding to discuss with the spouse the advisability of negotiating the matters that may be the subject of a support order or a custody order and to inform the spouse of the mediation facilities known to him or her that might be able to assist the spouses in negotiating those matters.

## Certification

(3) Every document presented to a court by a barrister, solicitor, lawyer or advocate that formally commences a divorce proceeding shall contain a statement by him or her certifying that he or she has complied with this section.

## Duty of court , reconciliation

10. (1) In a divorce proceeding, it is the duty of the court, before considering the evidence, to satisfy itself that there is no possibility of the reconciliation of the spouses, unless the circumstances of the case are of such a nature that it would clearly not be appropriate to do so.

## Adjournment

(2) Where at any stage in a divorce proceeding it appears to the court from the nature of the case, the evidence or the attitude of either or both spouses that there is a possibility of the reconciliation of the spouses, the court shall
(a) adjourn the proceeding to afford the spouses an opportunity to achieve a reconciliation; and
(b) with the consent of the spouses or in the discretion of the court, nominate
(i) a person with experience or training in marriage counselling or guidance, or
(ii) in special circumstances, some other suitable person,
to assist the spouses to achieve a reconciliation.

## Resumption

(3) Where fourteen days have elapsed from the date of any adjournment under subsection (2), the court shall resume the proceeding on the application of either or both spouses.

## Nominee not competent or compellable

(4) No person nominated by a court under this section to assist spouses to achieve a reconciliation is competent or compellable in any legal proceedings to disclose any admission or communication made to that person in his or her capacity as a nominee of the court for that purpose.

## Evidence not admissible

(5) Evidence of anything said or of any admission or communication made in the course of assisting spouses to achieve a reconciliation is not admissible in any legal proceedings.

## Duty of court, bars

11. (1) In a divorce proceeding, it is the duty of the court
(a) to satisfy itself that there has been no collusion in relation to the application for a divorce and to dismiss the application if it finds that there was collusion in presenting it;
(b) to satisfy itself that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of any children of the marriage, having regard to the applicable guidelines, and, if such arrangements have not been made, to stay the granting of the divorce until such arrangements are made; and
(c) where a divorce is sought in circumstances described in paragraph $8(2)(b)$, to satisfy itself that there has been no condonation or connivance on the part of the spouse bringing the proceeding, and to dismiss the application for a divorce if that spouse has condoned or connived at the act or conduct complained of unless, in the opinion of the court, the public interest would be better served by granting the divorce.

## Revival

(2) Any act or conduct that has been condoned is not capable of being revived so as to constitute a circumstance described in paragraph $8(2)(b)$.

## Condonation

(3) For the purposes of this section, a continuation or resumption of cohabitation during a period of, or periods totalling, not more than ninety days with reconciliation as its primary purpose shall not be considered to constitute condonation.

## Definition of "collusion"

(4) In this section, "collusion" means an agreement or conspiracy to which an applicant for a divorce is either directly or indirectly a party for the purpose of subverting the administration of justice, and includes any agreement, understanding or arrangement to fabricate or suppress evidence or to deceive the court, but does not include an agreement to the extent that it provides for separation between the parties, financial support, division of property or the custody of any child of the marriage.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 11; 1997, c. 1, s. 1.1.

## Effective date generally

12. (1) Subject to this section, a divorce takes effect on the thirty-first day after the day on which the judgment granting the divorce is rendered.

## Special circumstances

(2) Where, on or after rendering a judgment granting a divorce,
(a) the court is of the opinion that by reason of special circumstances the divorce should take effect earlier than the thirty-first day after the day on which the judgment is rendered, and
(b) the spouses agree and undertake that no appeal from the judgment will be taken, or any appeal from the judgment that was taken has been abandoned,
the court may order that the divorce takes effect at such earlier time as it considers appropriate.

## Effective date where appeal

(3) A divorce in respect of which an appeal is pending at the end of the period referred to in subsection (1), unless voided on appeal, takes effect on the expiration of the time fixed by law for instituting an appeal from the decision on that appeal or any subsequent appeal, if no appeal has been instituted within that time.

## Certain extensions to be counted

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3), the time fixed by law for instituting an appeal from a decision on an appeal includes any extension thereof fixed pursuant to law before the expiration of that time or fixed thereafter on an application instituted before the expiration of that time.

## No late extensions of time for appeal

(5) Notwithstanding any other law, the time fixed by law for instituting an appeal from a decision referred to in subsection (3) may not be extended after the expiration of that time, except on an application instituted before the expiration of that time.

## Effective date where decision of Supreme Court of Canada

(6) A divorce in respect of which an appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court of Canada, unless voided on the appeal, takes effect on the day on which the judgment on the appeal is rendered.

## Certificate of divorce

(7) Where a divorce takes effect in accordance with this section, a judge or officer of the court that rendered the judgment granting the divorce or, where that judgment has been appealed, of the appellate court that rendered the judgment on the final appeal, shall, on request, issue to any person a certificate that a divorce granted under this Act dissolved the marriage of the specified persons effective as of a specified date.

## Conclusive proof

(8) A certificate referred to in subsection (7), or a certified copy thereof, is conclusive proof of the facts so certified without proof of the signature or authority of the person appearing to have signed the certificate.

## Legal effect throughout Canada

13. On taking effect, a divorce granted under this Act has legal effect throughout Canada.

## Marriage dissolved

14. On taking effect, a divorce granted under this Act dissolves the marriage of the spouses.

## COROLLARY RELIEF

## Interpretation

## Definition of "spouse"

15. In sections 15.1 to 16 , "spouse" has the meaning assigned by subsection $2(1)$, and includes a former spouse.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 15; 1997, c. 1, s. 2.

## Child Support Orders

## Child support order

15.1 (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may, on application by either or both spouses, make an order requiring a spouse to pay for the support of any or all children of the marriage.

## Interim order

(2) Where an application is made under subsection (1), the court may, on application by either or both spouses, make an interim order requiring a spouse to pay for the support of any or all children of the marriage, pending the determination of the application under subsection (1).

## Guidelines apply

(3) A court making an order under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2) shall do so in accordance with the applicable guidelines.

## Terms and conditions

(4) The court may make an order under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2) for a definite or indefinite period or until a specified event occurs, and may impose terms, conditions or restrictions in connection with the order or interim order as it thinks fit and just.

## Court may take agreement, etc., into account

(5) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines if the court is satisfied
(a) that special provisions in an order, a judgment or a written agreement respecting the financial obligations of the spouses, or the division or transfer of their property, directly or indirectly benefit a child, or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child; and
(b) that the application of the applicable guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given those special provisions.

## Reasons

(6) Where the court awards, pursuant to subsection (5), an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines, the court shall record its reasons for having done so.

## Consent orders

(7) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines on the consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child to whom the order relates.

## Reasonable arrangements

(8) For the purposes of subsection (7), in determining whether reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of a child, the court shall have regard to the applicable guidelines. However, the court shall not consider the arrangements to be unreasonable solely because the amount of support agreed to is not the same as the amount that would otherwise have been determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines.

1997, c. 1, s. 2.

## Spousal Support Orders

## Spousal support order

15.2 (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may, on application by either or both spouses, make an order requiring a spouse to secure or pay, or to secure and pay, such lump sum or periodic sums, or such lump sum and periodic sums, as the court thinks reasonable for the support of the other spouse.

## Interim order

(2) Where an application is made under subsection (1), the court may, on application by either or both spouses, make an interim order requiring a spouse to secure or pay, or to secure and pay, such lump sum or periodic sums, or such lump sum and periodic sums, as the court thinks reasonable for the support of the other spouse, pending the determination of the application under subsection (1).

## Terms and conditions

(3) The court may make an order under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2) for a definite or indefinite period or until a specified event occurs, and may impose terms, conditions or restrictions in connection with the order as it thinks fit and just.

## Factors

(4) In making an order under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2), the court shall take into consideration the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse, including
(a) the length of time the spouses cohabited;
(b) the functions performed by each spouse during cohabitation; and
(c) any order, agreement or arrangement relating to support of either spouse.

## Spousal misconduct

(5) In making an order under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2), the court shall not take into consideration any misconduct of a spouse in relation to the marriage.

## Objectives of spousal support order

(6) An order made under subsection (1) or an interim order under subsection (2) that provides for the support of a spouse should
(a) recognize any economic advantages or disadvantages to the spouses arising from the marriage or its breakdown;
(b) apportion between the spouses any financial consequences arising from the care of any child of the marriage over and above any obligation for the support of any child of the marriage;
(c) relieve any economic hardship of the spouses arising from the breakdown of the marriage; and
(d) in so far as practicable, promote the economic self-sufficiency of each spouse within a reasonable period of time.

1997, c. 1, s. 2.

## Priority

## Priority to child support

15:3 (1) Where a court is considering an application for a child support order and an application for a spousal support order, the court shall give priority to child support in determining the applications.

## Reasons

(2) Where, as a result of giving priority to child support, the court is unable to make a spousal support order or the court makes a spousal support order in an amount that is less than it otherwise would have been, the court shall record its reasons for having done so.

## Consequences of reduction or termination of child support order

(3) Where, as a result of giving priority to child support, a spousal support order was not made, or the amount of a spousal support order is less than it otherwise would have been, any subsequent reduction or termination of that child support constitutes a change of circumstances for the purposes of applying for a spousal support order, or a variation order in respect of the spousal support order, as the case may be.

1997, c. 1, s. 2.

## Custody Orders

## Order for custody

16. (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may, on application by either or both spouses or by any other person, make an order respecting the custody of or the access to, or the custody of and access to, any or all children of the marriage.

## Interim order for custody

(2) Where an application is made under subsection (1), the court may, on application by either or both spouses or by any other person, make an interim order respecting the custody of or the access to, or the custody of and access to, any or all children of the marriage pending determination of the application under subsection (1).

## Application by other person

(3) A person, other than a spouse, may not make an application under subsection (1) or (2) without leave of the court.

## Joint custody or access

(4) The court may make an order under this section granting custody of, or access to, any or all children of the marriage to any one or more persons.

[^51]
## Terms and conditions

(6) The court may make an order under this section for a definite or indefinite period or until the happening of a specified event and may impose such other terms, conditions or restrictions in connection therewith as it thinks fit and just.

## Order respecting change of residence

(7) Without limiting the generality of subsection (6), the court may include in an order under this section a term requiring any person who has custody of a child of the marriage and who intends to change the place of residence of that child to notify, at least thirty days before the change or within such other period before the change as the court may specify, any person who is granted access to that child of the change, the time at which the change will be made and the new place of residence of the child.

## Factors

(8) In making an order under this section, the court shall take into consideration only the best interests of the child of the marriage as determined by reference to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the child.

## Past conduct

(9) In making an order under this section, the court shall not take into consideration the past conduct of any person unless the conduct is relevant to the ability of that person to act as a parent of a child.

## Maximum contact

(10) In making an order under this section, the court shall give effect to the principle that a child of the marriage should have as much contact with each spouse as is consistent with the best interests of the child and, for that purpose, shall take into consideration the willingness of the person for whom custody is sought to facilitate such contact.

## Variation, Rescission or Suspension of Orders

## Order for variation, rescission or suspension

17. (1) A court of competent jurisdiction may make an order varying, rescinding or suspending, prospectively or retroactively,
(a) a support order or any provision thereof on application by either or both former spouses; or
(b) a custody order or any provision thereof on application by either or both former spouses or by any other person.

## Application by other person

(2) A person, other than a former spouse, may not make an application under paragraph (1)(b) without leave of the court.

## Terms and conditions

(3) The court may include in a variation order any provision that under this Act could have been included in the order in respect of which the variation order is sought.

## Factors for child support order

(4) Before the court makes a variation order in respect of a child support order, the court shall satisfy itself that a change of circumstances as provided for in the applicable guidelines has occurred since the making of the child support order or the last variation order made in respect of that order.

## Factors for spousal support order

(4.1) Before the court makes a variation order in respect of a spousal support order, the court shall satisfy itself that a change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of either former spouse has occurred since the making of the spousal support order or the last variation order made in respect of that order, and, in making the variation order, the court shall take that change into consideration.

## Factors for custody order

(5) Before the court makes a variation order in respect of a custody order, the court shall satisfy itself that there has been a change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of the child of the marriage occurring since the making of the custody order or the last variation order made in respect of that order, as the case may be, and, in making the variation order, the court shall take into consideration only the best interests of the child as determined by reference to that change.

## Conduct

(6) In making a variation order, the court shall not take into consideration any conduct that under this Act could not have been considered in making the order in respect of which the variation order is sought.

## Guidelines apply

(6.1) A court making a variation order in respect of a child support order shall do so in accordance with the applicable guidelines.

## Court may take agreement, etc., into account

(6.2) Notwithstanding subsection (6.1), in making a variation order in respect of a child support order, a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines if the court is satisfied
(a) that special provisions in an order, a judgment or a written agreement respecting the financial obligations of the spouses, or the division or transfer of their property, directly or indirectly benefit a child, or that special provisions have otherwise been made for the benefit of a child; and
(b) that the application of the applicable guidelines would result in an amount of child support that is inequitable given those special provisions.

## Reasons

(6.3) Where the court awards, pursuant to subsection (6.2), an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines, the court shall record its reasons for having done so.

## Consent orders

(6.4) Notwithstanding subsection (6.1), a court may award an amount that is different from the amount that would be determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines on the consent of both spouses if it is satisfied that reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of the child to whom the order relates.

## Reasonable arrangements

(6.5) For the purposes of subsection (6.4), in determining whether reasonable arrangements have been made for the support of a child, the court shall have regard to the applicable guidelines. However, the court shall not consider the arrangements to be unreasonable solely because the amount of support agreed to is not the same as the amount that would otherwise have been determined in accordance with the applicable guidelines.

## Objectives of variation order varying spousal support order

(7) A variation order varying a spousal support order should
(a) recognize any economic advantages or disadvantages to the former spouses arising from the marriage or its breakdown;
(b) apportion between the former spouses any financial consequences arising from the care of any child of the marriage over and above any obligation for the support of any child of the marriage;
(c) relieve any economic hardship of the former spouses arising from the breakdown of the marriage; and
(d) in so far as practicable, promote the economic self-sufficiency of each former spouse within a reasonable period of time.
(8) [Repealed, 1997, c. 1, s. 5]

## Maximum contact

(9) In making a variation order varying a custody order, the court shall give effect to the principle that a child of the marriage should have as much contact with each former spouse as is consistent with the best interests of the child and, for that purpose, where the variation order would grant custody of the child to a person who does not currently have custody, the court shall take into consideration the willingness of that person to facilitate such contact.

## Limitation

(10) Notwithstanding subsection (1), where a spousal support order provides for support for a definite period or until a specified event occurs, a court may not, on an application instituted after the expiration of that period or the occurrence of the event, make a variation order for the purpose of resuming that support unless the court is satisfied that
(a) a variation order is necessary to relieve economic hardship arising from a change described in subsection (4.1) that is related to the marriage; and
(b) the changed circumstances, had they existed at the time of the making of the spousal support order or the last variation order made in respect of that order, as the case may be, would likely have resulted in a different order.

## Copy of order

(11) Where a court makes a variation order in respect of a support order or a custody order made by another court, it shall send a copy of the variation order, certified by a judge or officer of the court, to that other court.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 17; 1997, c. 1, s. 5.

## Variation order by affidavit, etc.

17.1 Where both former spouses are ordinarily resident in different provinces, a court of competent jurisdiction may, in accordance with any applicable rules of the court, make a variation order pursuant to subsection 17(1) on the basis of the submissions of the former spouses, whether presented orally before the court or by means of affidavits or any means of telecommunication, if both former spouses consent thereto.

1993, c. 8, s. 2.

## Provisional Orders

## Definitions

18. (1) In this section and section 19 ,
"Attorney General"
«procureur général»
"Attorney General", in respect of a province, means
(a) for the Yukon Territory, the member of the Council of the Yukon Territory designated by the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory,
(b) for the Northwest Territories, the member of the Council of the Northwest Territories designated by the Commissioner of the Northwest Territories, and
(c) for the other provinces, the Attorney General of the province,
and includes any person authorized in writing by the member or Attorney General to act for the member or Attorney General in the performance of a function under this section or section 19;
"provisional order"
«ordonnance conditionnelle»
"provisional order" means an order made pursuant to subsection (2).

## Provisional order

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph $5(1)(a)$ and subsection 17(1), where an application is made to a court in a province for a variation order in respect of a support order and
(a) the respondent in the application is ordinarily resident in another province and has not accepted the jurisdiction of the court, or both former spouses have not consented to the application of section 17.1 in respect of the matter, and
(b) in the circumstances of the case, the court is satisfied that the issues can be adequately determined by proceeding under this section and section 19 ,
the court shall make a variation order with or without notice to and in the absence of the respondent, but such order is provisional only and has no legal effect until it is confirmed in a proceeding under section 19 and, where so confirmed, it has legal effect in accordance with the terms of the order confirming it.

## Transmission

(3) Where a court in a province makes a provisional order, it shall send to the Attorney General for the province
(a) three copies of the provisional order certified by a judge or officer of the court;
(b) a certified or sworn document setting out or summarizing the evidence given to the court; and
(c) a statement giving any available information respecting the identification, location, income and assets of the respondent.

## Idem

(4) On receipt of the documents referred to in subsection (3), the Attorney General shall send the documents to the Attorney General for the province in which the respondent is ordinarily resident.

## Further evidence

(5) Where, during a proceeding under section 19, a court in a province remits the matter back for further evidence to the court that made the provisional order, the court that made the order shall, after giving notice to the applicant, receive further evidence.

## Transmission

(6) Where evidence is received under subsection (5), the court that received the evidence shall forward to the court that remitted the matter back a certified or sworn document setting out or summarizing the evidence, together with such recommendations as the court that received the evidence considers appropriate.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 18; 1993, c. 8, s. 3.

## Transmission

19. (1) On receipt of any documents sent pursuant to subsection 18(4), the Attorney General for the province in which the respondent is ordinarily resident shall send the documents to a court in the province.

## Procedure

(2) Subject to subsection (3), where documents have been sent to a court pursuant to subsection (1), the court shall serve on the respondent a copy of the documents and a notice of a hearing respecting confirmation of the provisional order and shall proceed with the hearing, in the absence of the applicant, taking into consideration the certified or sworn document setting out or summarizing the evidence given to the court that made the provisional order.

## Return to Attorney General

(3) Where documents have been sent to a court pursuant to subsection (1) and the respondent apparently is outside the province and is not likely to return, the court shall send the documents to the Attorney General for that province, together with any available information respecting the location and circumstances of the respondent.

## Idem

(4) On receipt of any documents and information sent pursuant to subsection (3), the Attorney General shall send the documents and information to the Attorney General for the province of the court that made the provisional order.

## Right of respondent

(5) In a proceeding under this section, the respondent may raise any matter that might have been raised before the court that made the provisional order.

## Further evidence

(6) Where, in a proceeding under this section, the respondent satisfies the court that for the purpose of taking further evidence or for any other purpose it is necessary to remit the matter back to the court that made the provisional order, the court may so remit the matter and adjourn the proceeding for that purpose.

## Order of confirmation or refusal

(7) Subject to subsection (7.1), at the conclusion of a proceeding under this section, the court shall make an order
(a) confirming the provisional order without variation;
(b) confirming the provisional order with variation; or
(c) refusing confirmation of the provisional order.

## Guidelines apply

(7.1) A court making an order under subsection (7) in respect of a child support order shall do so in accordance with the applicable guidelines.

## Further evidence

(8) The court, before making an order confirming the provisional order with variation or an order refusing confirmation of the provisional order, shall decide whether to remit the matter back for further evidence to the court that made the provisional order.

## Interim order for support of children

(9) Where a court remits a matter pursuant to this section in relation to a child support order, the court may, pending the making of an order under subsection (7), make an interim order in accordance with the applicable guidelines requiring a spouse to pay for the support of any or all children of the marriage.

## Interim order for support of spouse

(9.1) Where a court remits a matter pursuant to this section in relation to a spousal support order, the court may make an interim order requiring a spouse to secure or pay, or to secure and pay, such lump sum or periodic sums, or such lump sum and periodic sums, as the court thinks reasonable for the support of the other spouse, pending the making of an order under subsection (7).

## Terms and conditions

(10) The court may make an order under subsection (9) or (9.1) for a definite or indefinite period or until a specified event occurs, and may impose terms, conditions or restrictions in connection with the order as it thinks fit and just.

## Provisions applicable

(11) Subsections 17(4), (4.1) and (6) to (7) apply, with such modifications as the circumstances require, in respect of an order made under subsection (9) or (9.1) as if it were a variation order referred to in those subsections.

## Report and filing

(12) On making an order under subsection (7), the court in a province shall
(a) send a copy of the order, certified by a judge or officer of the court, to the Attorney General for that province, to the court that made the provisional order and, where that court is not the court that made the support order in respect of which the provisional order was made, to the court that made the support order;
(b) where an order is made confirming the provisional order with or without variation, file the order in the court; and
(c) where an order is made confirming the provisional order with variation or refusing confirmation of the provisional order, give written reasons to the Attorney General for that province and to the court that made the provisional order.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 19; 1993, c. 8, s. 4; 1997, c. 1, s. 7.

## Definition of "court"

20. (1) In this section, "court", in respect of a province, has the meaning assigned by subsection 2(1) and includes such other court having jurisdiction in the province as is designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council of the province as a court for the purposes of this section.

## Legal effect throughout Canada

(2) Subject to subsection 18(2), an order made under any of sections 15.1 to 17 or subsection 19(7), (9) or (9.1) has legal effect throughout Canada.

## Enforcement

(3) An order that has legal effect throughout Canada pursuant to subsection (2) may be
(a) registered in any court in a province and enforced in like manner as an order of that court; or
(b) enforced in a province in any other manner provided for by the laws of that province, including its laws respecting reciprocal enforcement between the province and a jurisdiction outside Canada.

## Variation of orders

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (3), a court may only vary an order that has legal effect throughout Canada pursuant to subsection (2) in accordance with this Act.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 20; 1997, c. 1, s. 8.

## Assignment of order

20.1 (1) A support order may be assigned to
(a) any minister of the Crown for Canada designated by the Governor in Council;
(b) any minister of the Crown for a province, or any agency in a province, designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council of the province;
(c) any member of the Council of the Yukon Territory, or any agency in the Yukon Territory, designated by the Commissioner of the Yukon Territory; or
(d) any member of the Council of the Northwest Territories, or any agency in the Northwest Territories, designated by the Commissioner of the Northwest Territories.

## Rights

(2) A minister, member or agency referred to in subsection (1) to whom an order is assigned is entitled to the payments due under the order, and has the same right to be notified of, and to participate in, proceedings under this Act to vary, rescind, suspend or enforce the order as the person who would otherwise be entitled to the payments.

1997, c. 1, s. 9.

## APPEALS

## Appeal to appellate court

21. (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3), an appeal lies to the appellate court from any judgment or order, whether final or interim, rendered or made by a court under this Act.

## Restriction on divorce appeals

(2) No appeal lies from a judgment granting a divorce on or after the day on which the divorce takes effect.

## Restriction on order appeals

(3) No appeal lies from an order made under this Act more than thirty days after the day on which the order was made.

## Extension

(4) An appellate court or a judge thereof may, on special grounds, either before or after the expiration of the time fixed by subsection (3) for instituting an appeal, by order extend that time.

## Powers of appellate court

(5) The appellate court may
(a) dismiss the appeal; or
(b) allow the appeal and
(i) render the judgment or make the order that ought to have been rendered or made, including such order or such further or other order as it deems just, or
(ii) order a new hearing where it deems it necessary to do so to correct a substantial wrong or miscarriage of justice.

## Procedure on appeals

(6) Except as otherwise provided by this Act or the rules or regulations, an appeal under this section shall be asserted, heard and decided according to the ordinary procedure governing appeals to the appellate court from the court rendering the judgment or making the order being appealed.

## GENERAL

## Definition of "spouse"

21.1 (1) In this section, "spouse" has the meaning assigned by subsection 2(1) and includes a former spouse.

## Affidavit re removal of barriers to religious remarriage

(2) In any proceedings under this Act, a spouse (in this section referred to as the "deponent") may serve on the other spouse and file with the court an affidavit indicating
(a) that the other spouse is the spouse of the deponent;
(b) the date and place of the marriage, and the official character of the person who solemnized the marriage;
(c) the nature of any barriers to the remarriage of the deponent within the deponent's religion the removal of which is within the other spouse's control;
(d) where there are any barriers to the remarriage of the other spouse within the other spouse's religion the removal of which is within the deponent's control, that the deponent
(i) has removed those barriers, and the date and circumstances of that removal, or
(ii) has signified a willingness to remove those barriers, and the date and circumstances of that signification;
(e) that the deponent has, in writing, requested the other spouse to remove all of the barriers to the remarriage of the deponent within the deponent's religion the removal of which is within the other spouse's control;
$(f)$ the date of the request described in paragraph (e); and
(g) that the other spouse, despite the request described in paragraph (e), has failed to remove all of the barriers referred to in that paragraph.

## Powers of court where barriers not removed

(3) Where a spouse who has been served with an affidavit under subsection (2) does not
(a) within fifteen days after that affidavit is filed with the court or within such longer period as the court allows, serve on the deponent and file with the court an affidavit indicating that all of the barriers referred to in paragraph (2)(e) have been removed, and
(b) satisfy the court, in any additional manner that the court may require, that all of the barriers referred to in paragraph (2)(e) have been removed,
the court may, subject to any terms that the court considers appropriate,
(c) dismiss any application filed by that spouse under this Act, and
(d) strike out any other pleadings and affidavits filed by that spouse under this Act.

## Special case

(4) Without limiting the generality of the court's discretion under subsection (3), the court may refuse to exercise its powers under paragraphs (3)(c) and (d) where a spouse who has been served with an affidavit under subsection (2)
(a) within fifteen days after that affidavit is filed with the court or within such longer period as the court allows, serves on the deponent and files with the court an affidavit indicating genuine grounds of a religious or conscientious nature for refusing to remove the barriers referred to in paragraph (2)(e); and
(b) satisfies the court, in any additional manner that the court may require, that the spouse has genuine grounds of a religious or conscientious nature for refusing to remove the barriers referred to in paragraph (2)(e).

## Affidavits

(5) For the purposes of this section, an affidavit filed with the court by a spouse must, in order to be valid, indicate the date on which it was served on the other spouse.

## Where section does not apply

(6) This section does not apply where the power to remove the barrier to religious remarriage lies with a religious body or official.

1990, c. 18, s. 2.

## Recognition of foreign divorce

22. (1) A divorce granted, on or after the coming into force of this Act, pursuant to a law of a country or subdivision of a country other than Canada by a tribunal or other authority having jurisdiction to do so shall be recognized for all purposes of determining the marital status in Canada of any person, if either former spouse was ordinarily resident in that country or subdivision for at least one year immediately preceding the commencement of proceedings for the divorce.

## Idem

(2) A divorce granted, after July 1, 1968, pursuant to a law of a country or subdivision of a country other than Canada by a tribunal or other authority having jurisdiction to do so, on the basis of the domicile of the wife in that country or subdivision determined as if she were unmarried and, if she was a minor, as if she had attained the age of majority, shall be recognized for all purposes of determining the marital status in Canada of any person.

## Other recognition rules preserved

(3) Nothing in this section abrogates or derogates from any other rule of law respecting the recognition of divorces granted otherwise than under this Act.

## Provincial laws of evidence

23. (1) Subject to this or any other Act of Parliament, the laws of evidence of the province in which any proceedings under this Act are taken, including the laws of proof of service of any document, apply to such proceedings.

## Presumption

(2) For the purposes of this section, where any proceedings are transferred to the Federal Court,Trial Division under subsection 3(3) or 5(3), the proceedings shall be deemed to have been taken in the province specified in the direction of the Court to be the province with which both spouses or former spouses, as the case may be, are or have been most substantially connected.

## Proof of signature or office

24. A document offered in a proceeding under this Act that purports to be certified or sworn by a judge or an officer of a court shall, unless the contrary is proved, be proof of the appointment, signature or authority of the judge or officer and, in the case of a document purporting to be sworn, of the appointment, signature or authority of the person before whom the document purports to be sworn.

## Definition of "competent authority"

25. (1) In this section, "competent authority", in respect of a court, or appellate court, in a province means the body, person or group of persons ordinarily competent under the laws of that province to make rules regulating the practice and procedure in that court.

## Rules

(2) Subject to subsection (3), the competent authority may make rules applicable to any proceedings under this Act in a court, or appellate court, in a province, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, rules
(a) regulating the practice and procedure in the court, including the addition of persons as parties to the proceedings;
(b) respecting the conduct and disposition of any proceedings under this Act without an oral hearing;
(b.1) respecting the application of section 17.1 in respect of proceedings for a variation order;
(c) regulating the sittings of the court;
(d) respecting the fixing and awarding of costs;
(e) prescribing and regulating the duties of officers of the court;
$(f)$ respecting the transfer of proceedings under this Act to or from the court; and
(g) prescribing and regulating any other matter considered expedient to attain the ends of justice and carry into effect the purposes and provisions of this Act.

## Exercise of power

(3) The power to make rules for a court or appellate court conferred by subsection (2) on a competent authority shall be exercised in the like manner and subject to the like terms and conditions, if any, as the power to make rules for that court conferred on that authority by the laws of the province.

## Not statutory instruments

(4) Rules made pursuant to this section by a competent authority that is not a judicial or quasijudicial body shall be deemed not to be statutory instruments within the meaning and for the purposes of the Statutory Instruments Act.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 25; 1993, c. 8, s. 5.

## Agreements with provinces

25.1 (1) With the approval of the Governor in Council, the Minister of Justice may, on behalf of the Government of Canada, enter into an agreement with a province authorizing a provincial child support service designated in the agreement to
(a) assist courts in the province in the determination of the amount of child support; and
(b) recalculate, at regular intervals, in accordance with the applicable guidelines, the amount of child support orders on the basis of updated income information.

## Effect of recalculation

(2) Subject to subsection (5), the amount of a child support order as recalculated pursuant to this section shall for all purposes be deemed to be the amount payable under the child support order.

## Liability

(3) The former spouse against whom a child support order was made becomes liable to pay the amount as recalculated pursuant to this section thirty-one days after both former spouses to whom the order relates are notified of the recalculation in the manner provided for in the agreement authorizing the recalculation.

## Right to vary

(4) Where either or both former spouses to whom a child support order relates do not agree with the amount of the order as recalculated pursuant to this section, either former spouse may, within thirty days after both former spouses are notified of the recalculation in the manner provided for in the agreement authorizing the recalculation, apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for an order under subsection 17(1).

## Effect of application

(5) Where an application is made under subsection (4), the operation of subsection (3) is suspended pending the determination of the application, and the child support order continues in effect.

## Withdrawal of application

(6) Where an application made under subsection (4) is withdrawn before the determination of the application, the former spouse against whom the order was made becomes liable to pay the amount as recalculated pursuant to this section on the day on which the former spouse would have become liable had the application not been made.

1997, c. 1, s. 10.

## Regulations

26. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying the purposes and provisions of this Act into effect and, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations
(a) respecting the establishment and operation of a central registry of divorce proceedings in Canada; and
(b) providing for uniformity in the rules made pursuant to section 25.

## Regulations prevail

(2) Any regulations made pursuant to subsection (1) to provide for uniformity in the rules prevail over those rules.

## Guidelines

26.1 (1) The Governor in Council may establish guidelines respecting the making of orders for child support, including, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing, guidelines
(a) respecting the way in which the amount of an order for child support is to be determined;
(b) respecting the circumstances in which discretion may be exercised in the making of an order for child support;
(c) authorizing a court to require that the amount payable under an order for child support be paid in periodic payments, in a lump sum or in a lump sum and periodic payments;
(d) authorizing a court to require that the amount payable under an order for child support be paid or secured, or paid and secured, in the manner specified in the order;
(e) respecting the circumstances that give rise to the making of a variation order in respect of a child support order;
$(f)$ respecting the determination of income for the purposes of the application of the guidelines;
$(g)$ authorizing a court to impute income for the purposes of the application of the guidelines; and
(h) respecting the production of income information and providing for sanctions when that information is not provided.

## Principle

(2) The guidelines shall be based on the principle that spouses have a joint financial obligation to maintain the children of the marriage in accordance with their relative abilities to contribute to the performance of that obligation.

## Definition of "order for child support"

(3) In subsection (1), "order for child support" means
(a) an order or interim order made under section 15.1;
(b) a variation order in respect of a child support order; or
(c) an order or an interim order made under section 19.

1997, c. 1, s. 11.

## Fees

27. (1) The Governor in Council may, by order, authorize the Minister of Justice to prescribe a fee to be paid by any person to whom a service is provided under this Act or the regulations.

## Agreements

(2) The Minister of Justice may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, enter into an agreement with the government of any province respecting the collection and remittance of any fees prescribed pursuant to subsection (1).

## Review and report

28. The Minister of Justice shall undertake a comprehensive review of the provisions and operation of the Federal Child Support Guidelines and the determination of child support under this Act and shall cause a report on the review to be laid before each House of Parliament within five years after the coming into force of this section.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 28; 1997, c. 1, s. 12.
29. to 31. [Repealed, 1997, c. 1, s. 12]

TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS

## Proceedings based on facts arising before commencement of Act

32. Proceedings may be commenced under this Act notwithstanding that the material facts or circumstances giving rise to the proceedings or to jurisdiction over the proceedings occurred wholly or partly before the day on which this Act comes into force.

Divorce Act, R.S. 1970, c. D-8

## Proceedings commenced before commencement of Act

33. Proceedings commenced under the Divorce Act, chapter D-8 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1970, before the day on which this Act comes into force and not finally disposed of before that day shall be dealt with and disposed of in accordance with that Act as it read immediately before that day, as though it had not been repealed.

## Variation and enforcement of orders previously made

34. (1) Subject to subsection (1.1), any order made under subsection 11(1) of the Divorce Act, chapter D-8 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1970, including any order made pursuant to section 33 of this Act, and any order to the like effect made corollary to a decree of divorce granted in Canada before July 2, 1968 or granted on or after that day pursuant to subsection 22(2) of that Act may be varied, rescinded, suspended or enforced in accordance with sections 17 to 20 , other than subsection 17(10), of this Act as if
(a) the order were a support order or custody order, as the case may be; and
(b) in subsections 17(4), (4.1) and (5), the words "or the last order made under subsection 11(2) of the Divorce Act, chapter D-8 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1970, varying that order" were added immediately before the words "or the last variation order made in respect of that order".

## Combined orders

(1.1) Where an application is made under subsection 17(1) to vary an order referred to in subsection (1) that provides a single amount of money for the combined support of one or more children and a former spouse, the court shall rescind the order and treat the application as an application for a child support order and an application for a spousal support order.

## Enforcement of interim orders

(2) Any order made under section 10 of the Divorce Act, chapter D-8 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1970, including any order made pursuant to section 33 of this Act, may be enforced in accordance with section 20 of this Act as if it were an order made under subsection 15.1(1) or $15.2(1)$ or section 16 of this Act, as the case may be.

## Assignment of orders previously made

(3) Any order for the maintenance of a spouse or child of the marriage made under section 10 or 11 of the Divorce Act, chapter D-8 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1970, including any order made pursuant to section 33 of this Act, and any order to the like effect made corollary to a decree of divorce granted in Canada before July 2, 1968 or granted on or after that day pursuant to subsection 22(2) of that Act may be assigned to any minister, member or agency designated pursuant to section 20.1.
R.S., 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.), s. 34; 1997, c. 1, s. 14.

## Procedural laws continued

35. The rules and regulations made under the Divorce Act, chapter D-8 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1970, and the provisions of any other law or of any rule, regulation or other instrument made thereunder respecting any matter in relation to which rules may be made under subsection 25(2) that were in force in Canada or any province immediately before the day on which this Act comes into force and that are not inconsistent with this Act continue in force as though made or enacted by or under this Act until they are repealed or altered by rules or regulations made under this Act or are, by virtue of the making of rules or regulations under this Act, rendered inconsistent with those rules or regulations.

## Divorce Act, R.S. 1985, c. 3 (2nd Supp.)

## Variation and enforcement of support orders previously made

35.1 (1) Subject to subsection (2), any support order made under this Act before the coming into force of this section may be varied, rescinded, suspended or enforced in accordance with sections 17 to 20 as if the support order were a child support order or a spousal support order, as the case may be.

## Combined orders

(2) Where an application is made under subsection 17(1) to vary a support order made under this Act before the coming into force of this section that provides for the combined support of one or more children and a former spouse, the court shall rescind the order and treat the application as an application for a child support order and an application for a spousal support order.

## Assignment of orders previously made

(3) Any support order made under this Act before the coming into force of this section may be assigned to any minister, member or agency designated pursuant to section 20.1.

1997, c. 1, s. 15.

## COMMENCEMENT

## Commencement

*36. This Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by proclamation.
*[Note: Act in force June 1, 1986, see SI/86-70.]

## FACT SHEET

## MINOR TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES

Minor technical amendments to the Federal Child Support Guidelines came into effect on December 9, 1997. The changes clarify certain elements and correct some minor errors in the regulations.

The Federal Child Support Guidelines, which include rules for how to calculate the amount of child support, have been amended as follows:

- Applying the appropriate table: The child support tables set the basic amount of child support the parent paying child support should pay. There are separate tables for each province and territory to reflect slight differences in taxes in different parts of the country. If a court is informed before a child support order is made that the payer has moved or will be moving to another province or territory, the court can now apply the table for that new province or territory.
- Circumstances for varying a court order: The amendment clarifies that only one of the listed circumstances in section 14 needs to be met.
- Information request: Subsection 25(4) has been amended in English to add the words "with the request" which were inadvertently dropped during the initial drafting process.
- Tables for Yukon in Schedule I (Federal Child Support Tables): A typographical error in the Yukon tables at the first two income levels has been corrected (this will not affect the Federal Child Support Amounts: Simplified Tables).
- Definition of "household" in Schedule II (Comparison of Household Standards of Living Test): The definition of "household" is corrected to include the child of any person living with the spouse as a member of the household.
- Canadian Pension Plan contributions and Employment Insurance premiums in Schedule III (Adjustments to Income): This section is clarified to reflect the proper deduction, as described in the Income Tax Act.
- Child Support in Schedule III: The word "received" is added after "child support" to clarify the intent that only the recipient can deduct this amount.
- Partnership income in Schedule III: The words "or a sole proprietorship" are added after "partnership" to account for situations where a sole proprietor requires a deduction for the purposes of capitalization.
- The Undue Hardship Test in Schedule II: A number of changes have been made to this section which presents an optional test parents or judges may use to decide whether the child support amount will cause undue hardship. These changes are:
- Subparagraphs a) and b) are corrected to state that the gross amounts of spousal and child support are to be used to calculate a person's income under the Standard of Living Test.
- Subparagraph (a)(i) is reworded to state clearly that no amount should be deducted for members in the paying parent's household because they are already taken into account in the household size for the application of the Low Income Measures amount.
- Subparagraphs (a)(ii) and (b)(i) are amended to allow for a person to deduct from or add to his or her income only the table amount of child support or the amount as found appropriate by the court, and not the table amount plus special expenses.
- Subparagraph (a)(iii) is amended to ensure that when a person deducts any amount of support from his or her income, it can not be deducted again in another section of this test.

For further information on the Federal Child Support Guidelines, please call toll-free 1-888-373-2222 or visit our Internet site at http://canada.justice.gc.ca.

## Federal Child Support Guidelines*

* Sections amended in December 1997 are marked by a vertical line in the right-hand margin.


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## FEDERAL CHILD SUPPORT GUIDELINES

OBJECTIVES

## Objectives

1. The objectives of these Guidelines are
(a) to establish a fair standard of support for children that ensures that they continue to benefit from the financial means of both spouses after separation;
(b) to reduce conflict and tension between spouses by making the calculation of child support orders more objective;
(c) to improve the efficiency of the legal process by giving courts and spouses guidance in setting the levels of child support orders and encouraging settlement; and
(d) to ensure consistent treatment of spouses and children who are in similar circumstances.

## INTERPRETATION

## Definitions

2. (1) The definitions in this subsection apply in these Guidelines.
"Act"
«Loi»
"Act" means the Divorce Act.
"child"
«enfant»
"child" means a child of the marriage.
"income"
«revenu»
"income" means the annual income determined under sections 15 to 20 .

## "order assignee" <br> «cessionnaire de la <br> créance alimentaire»

"order assignee" means a minister, member or agency referred to in subsection 20.1(1) of the Act to whom a child support order is assigned in accordance with that subsection.

## "spouse" <br> «époux»

"spouse" has the meaning assigned by subsection 2(1) of the Act, and includes a former spouse.
"table"
«table»
"table" means a federal child support table set out in Schedule I.

## Income Tax Act

(2) Words and expressions that are used in sections 15 to 21 and that are not defined in this section have the meanings assigned to them under the Income Tax Act.

## Most current <br> information

(3) Where, for the purposes of these Guidelines, any amount is determined on the basis of specified information, the most current information must be used.

## Application of <br> Guidelines

(4) In addition to child support orders, these Guidelines apply, with such modifications as the circumstances require, to
(a) interim orders under subsections 15.1(2) and 19(9) of the Act;
(b) orders varying a child support order;
(c) orders referred to in subsection 19(7) of the Act; and
(d) recalculations under paragraph $25.1(1)(b)$ of the Act.

## Recalculations

(5) For greater certainty, the provisions of these Guidelines that confer a discretionary power on a court do not apply to recalculations under paragraph $25.1(1)(b)$ of the Act by a provincial child support service.

AMOUNT OF CHILD SUPPORT

## Presumptive rule

3. (1) Unless otherwise provided under these Guidelines, the amount of a child support order for children under the age of majority is
(a) the amount set out in the applicable table, according to the number of children under the age of majority to whom the order relates and the income of the spouse against whom the order is sought; and
(b) the amount, if any, determined under section 7.

## Child the age of majority or over

(2) Unless otherwise provided under these Guidelines, where a child to whom a child support order relates is the age of majority or over, the amount of the child support order is
(a) the amount determined by applying these Guidelines as if the child were under the age of majority; or
(b) if the court considers that approach to be inappropriate, the amount that it considers appropriate, having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the child and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the child.

## Applicable table

(3) The applicable table is
(a) if the spouse against whom an order is sought resides in Canada,
(i) the table for the province in which that spouse ordinarily resides at the time the application for the child support order, or for a variation order in respect of a child support order, is made or the amount is to be recalculated under section 25.1 of the Act,
(ii) where the court is satisfied that the province in which that spouse ordinarily resides has changed since the time described in subparagraph (i), the table for the province in which the spouse ordinarily resides at the time of determining the amount of support, or
(iii) where the court is satisfied that, in the near future after determination of the amount of support, that spouse will ordinarily reside in a given province other than the province in which the spouse ordinarily resides at the time of that determination, the table for the given province; and
(b) if the spouse against whom an order is sought resides outside of Canada, or if the residence of that spouse is unknown, the table for the province where the other spouse ordinarily resides at the time the application for the child support order or for a variation order in respect of a child support order is made or the amount is to be recalculated under section 25.1 of the Act.

SOR/97-563, s. 1

## Incomes over

$\$ 150,000$
4. Where the income of the spouse against whom a child support order is sought is over $\$ 150,000$, the amount of a child support order is
(a) the amount determined under section 3 ; or
(b) if the court considers that amount to be inappropriate,
(i) in respect of the first $\$ 150,000$ of the spouse's income, the amount set out in the applicable table for the number of children under the age of majority to whom the order relates;
(ii) in respect of the balance of the spouse's income, the amount that the court considers appropriate, having regard to the condition, means, needs and other circumstances of the children who are entitled to support and the financial ability of each spouse to contribute to the support of the children; and
(iii) the amount, if any, determined under section 7.

## Spouse in place of a

 parent5. Where the spouse against whom a child support order is sought stands in the place of a parent for a child, the amount of a child support order is, in respect of that spouse, such amount as the court considers appropriate, having regard to these Guidelines and any other parent's legal duty to support the child.

## Medical and dental insurance

6. In making a child support order, where medical or dental insurance coverage for the child is available to either spouse through his or her employer or otherwise at a reasonable rate, the court may order that coverage be acquired or continued.

## Special or <br> extraordinary <br> expenses

7. (1) In a child support order the court may, on either spouse's request, provide for an amount to cover the following expenses, or any portion of those expenses, taking into account the necessity of the expense in relation to the child's best interests and the reasonableness of the expense, having regard to the means of the spouses and those of the child and to the family's spending pattern prior to the separation:
(a) child care expenses incurred as a result of the custodial parent's employment, illness, disability or education or training for employment;
(b) that portion of the medical and dental insurance premiums attributable to the child;
(c) health-related expenses that exceed insurance reimbursement by at least $\$ 100$ annually per illness or event, including orthodontic treatment, professional counselling provided by a psychologist, social worker, psychiatrist or any other person, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy and prescription drugs, hearing aids, glasses and contact lenses;
(d) extraordinary expenses for primary or secondary school education or for any educational programs that meet the child's particular needs;
(e) expenses for post-secondary education; and
$(f)$ extraordinary expenses for extracurricular activities.

## Sharing of expense

(2) The guiding principle in determining the amount of an expense referred to in subsection (1) is that the expense is shared by the spouses in proportion to their respective incomes after deducting from the expense, the contribution, if any, from the child.

## Subsidies, tax <br> deductions, etc.

(3) In determining the amount of an expense referred to in subsection (1), the court must take into account any subsidies, benefits or income tax deductions or credits relating to the expense, and any eligibility to claim a subsidy, benefit or income tax deduction or credit relating to the expense.

## Split custody

8. Where each spouse has custody of one or more children, the amount of a child support order is the difference between the amount that each spouse would otherwise pay if a child support order were sought against each of the spouses.

## Shared custody

9. Where a spouse exercises a right of access to, or has physical custody of, a child for not less than 40 per cent of the time over the course of a year, the amount of the child support order must be determined by taking into account
(a) the amounts set out in the applicable tables for each of the spouses;
(b) the increased costs of shared custody arrangements; and
(c) the conditions, means, needs and other circumstances of each spouse and of any child for whom support is sought.

## Undue hardship

10. (1) On either spouse's application, a court may award an amount of child support that is different from the amount determined under any of sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 if the court finds that the spouse making the request, or a child in respect of whom the request is made, would otherwise suffer undue hardship.

## Circumstances that may cause undue hardship

(2) Circumstances that may cause a spouse or child to suffer undue hardship include the following:
(a) the spouse has responsibility for an unusually high level of debts reasonably incurred to support the spouses and their children prior to the separation or to earn a living;
(b) the spouse has unusually high expenses in relation to exercising access to a child;
(c) the spouse has a legal duty under a judgment, order or written separation agreement to support any person;
(d) the spouse has a legal duty to support a child, other than a child of the marriage, who is
(i) under the age of majority, or
(ii) the age of majority or over but is unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause, to obtain the necessaries of life; and
(e) the spouse has a legal duty to support any person who is unable to obtain the necessaries of life due to an illness or disability.

## Standards of living <br> must be considered

(3) Despite a determination of undue hardship under subsection (1), an application under that subsection must be denied by the court if it is of the opinion that the household of the spouse who claims undue hardship would, after determining the amount of child support under any of sections 3 to 5,8 or 9 , have a higher standard of living than the household of the other spouse.

## Standards of living test

(4) In comparing standards of living for the purpose of subsection (3), the court may use the comparison of household standards of living test set out in Schedule II.

## Reasonable time

(5) Where the court awards a different amount of child support under subsection (1), it may specify, in the child support order, a reasonable time for the satisfaction of any obligation arising from circumstances that cause undue hardship and the amount payable at the end of that time.

## Reasons

(6) Where the court makes a child support order in a different amount under this section, it must record its reasons for doing so.

## ELEMENTS OF A CHILD SUPPORT ORDER

## Form of payments

11. The court may require in a child support order that the amount payable under the order be paid in periodic payments, in a lump sum or in a lump sum and periodic payments.

## Security

12. The court may require in the child support order that the amount payable under the order be paid or secured, or paid and secured, in the manner specified in the order.

## Information to be <br> specified in order

13. A child support order must include the following information:
(a) the name and birth date of each child to whom the order relates;
(b) the income of any spouse whose income is used to determine the amount of the child support order;
(c) the amount determined under paragraph $3(1)(a)$ for the number of children to whom the order relates;
(d) the amount determined under paragraph 3(2)(b) for a child the age of majority or over;
(e) the particulars of any expense described in subsection 7(1), the child to whom the expense relates, and the amount of the expense or, where that amount cannot be determined, the proportion to be paid in relation to the expense; and
$(f)$ the date on which the lump sum or first payment is payable and the day of the month or other time period on which all subsequent payments are to be made.

## VARIATION OF CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS

## Circumstances for variation

14. For the purposes of subsection 17(4) of the Act, any one of the following constitutes a change of circumstances:
(a) in the case where the amount of child support includes a determination made in accordance with the applicable table, any change in circumstances that would result in a different child support order or any provision thereof;
(b) in the case where the amount of child support does not include a determination made in accordance with a table, any change in the condition, means, needs or other circumstances of either spouse or of any child who is entitled to support; and
(c) in the case of an order made before May 1, 1997, the coming into force of section 15.1 of the Act, enacted by section 2 of chapter 1 of the Statutes of Canada, (1997).

SOR/97-563, s. 2

## INCOME

## Determination of annual income

15. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a spouse's annual income is determined by the court in accordance with sections 16 to 20 .

## Agreement

(2) Where both spouses agree in writing on the annual income of a spouse, the court may consider that amount to be the spouse's income for the purposes of these Guidelines if the court thinks that the amount is reasonable having regard to the income information provided under section 21.

## Calculation of annual income

16. Subject to sections 17 to 20 , a spouse's annual income is determined using the sources of income set out under the heading "Total income" in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada and is adjusted in accordance with Schedule III.

## Pattern of income

17. (1) Where the court is of the opinion that the determination of a spouse's annual income from a source of income under section 16 would not provide the fairest determination of the annual income from that source, the court may determine the annual income from that source
(a) where the amount in respect of the source of income has increased in each of the three most recent taxation years or has decreased in each of those three years, to be the amount from that source of income in the spouse's most recent taxation year;
(b) where the amount in respect of the source of income has not increased or decreased as described in paragraph (a), to be the average of the amount received by the spouse from that source of income in the three most recent taxation years, or such other amount, if any, that the court considers appropriate; or
(c) where the spouse has received a non-recurring amount in any of the three most recent taxation years, to be such portion of the amount as the court considers appropriate, if any.

## Non-recurring losses

(2) Where a spouse has incurred a non-recurring capital or business investment loss, the court may, if it is of the opinion that the determination of the spouse's annual income under section 16 would not provide the fairest determination of the annual income, choose not to apply sections 6 and 7 of Schedule III, and adjust the amount of the loss, including related expenses and carrying charges and interest expenses, to arrive at such amount as the court considers appropriate.

## Shareholder, director or officer

18. (1) Where a spouse is a shareholder, director or officer of a corporation and the court is of the opinion that the amount of the spouse's annual income as determined under section 16 does not fairly reflect all the money available to the spouse for the payment of child support, the court may consider the situations described in section 17 and determine the spouse's annual income to include
(a) all or part of the pre-tax income of the corporation, and of any corporation that is related to that corporation, for the most recent taxation year; or
(b) an amount commensurate with the services that the spouse provides to the corporation, provided that the amount does not exceed the corporation's pre-tax income.

## Adjustment to corporation's pre-tax income

(2) In determining the pre-tax income of a corporation for the purposes of subsection (1), all amounts paid by the corporation as salaries, wages or management fees, or other payments or benefits, to or on behalf of persons with whom the corporation does not deal at arm's length must be added to the pre-tax income, unless the spouse establishes that the payments were reasonable in the circumstances.

## Imputing income

19. (1) The court may impute such amount of income to a spouse as it considers appropriate in the circumstances, which circumstances include the following:
(a) the spouse is intentionally under-employed or unemployed, other than where the underemployment or unemployment is required by the needs of a child of the marriage or any child under the age of majority or by the reasonable educational or health needs of the spouse;
(b) the spouse is exempt from paying federal or provincial income tax;
(c) the spouse lives in a country that has effective rates of income tax that are significantly lower than those in Canada;
(d) it appears that income has been diverted which would affect the level of child support to be determined under these Guidelines;
(e) the spouse's property is not reasonably utilized to generate income;
(f) the spouse has failed to provide income information when under a legal obligation to do so;
(g) the spouse unreasonably deducts expenses from income;
(h) the spouse derives a significant portion of income from dividends, capital gains or other sources that are taxed at a lower rate than employment or business income; and
(i) the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust and is or will be in receipt of income or other benefits from the trust.

## Reasonableness of expenses

(2) For the purpose of paragraph (1)(g), the reasonableness of an expense deduction is not solely governed by whether the deduction is permitted under the Income Tax Act.

## Non-resident

20. Where a spouse is a non-resident of Canada, the spouse's annual income is determined as though the spouse were a resident of Canada.

## INCOME INFORMATION

## Obligation of applicant

21. (1) A spouse who is applying for a child support order and whose income information is necessary to determine the amount of the order must include the following with the application:
(a) a copy of every personal income tax return filed by the spouse for each of the three most recent taxation years;
(b) a copy of every notice of assessment or re-assessment issued to the spouse for each of the three most recent taxation years;
(c) where the spouse is an employee, the most recent statement of earnings indicating the total earnings paid in the year to date, including overtime or, where such a statement is not provided by the employer, a letter from the spouse's employer setting out that information including the spouse's rate of annual salary or remuneration;
(d) where the spouse is self-employed; for the three most recent taxation years
(i) the financial statements of the spouse's business or professional practice, other than a partnership, and
(ii) a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom the spouse does not deal at arm's length;
(e) where the spouse is a partner in a partnership, confirmation of the spouse's income and draw from, and capital in, the partnership for its three most recent taxation years;
$(f)$ where the spouse controls a corporation, for its three most recent taxation years
(i) the financial statements of the corporation and its subsidiaries, and
(ii) a statement showing a breakdown of all salaries, wages, management fees or other payments or benefits paid to, or on behalf of, persons or corporations with whom the corporation, and every related corporation, does not deal at arm's length; and
( $g$ ) where the spouse is a beneficiary under a trust, a copy of the trust settlement agreement and copies of the trust's three most recent financial statements.

## Obligation of respondent

(2) A spouse who is served with an application for a child support order and whose income information is necessary to determine the amount of the order, must, within 30 days after the application is served if the spouse resides in Canada or the United States or within 60 days if the spouse resides elsewhere, or such other time limit as the court specifies, provide the court, as well as the other spouse or the order assignee, as the case may be, with the documents referred to in subsection (1).

## Special expenses or undue hardship

(3) Where, in the course of proceedings in respect of an application for a child support order, a spouse requests an amount to cover expenses referred to in subsection 7(1) or pleads undue hardship, the spouse who would be receiving the amount of child support must, within 30 days after the amount is sought or undue hardship is pleaded if the spouse resides in Canada or the United States or within 60 days if the spouse resides elsewhere, or such other time limit as the court specifies, provide the court and the other spouse with the documents referred to in subsection (1).

## Income over

$\$ 150,000$
(4) Where, in the course of proceedings in respect of an application for a child support order, it is established that the income of the spouse who would be paying the amount of child support is greater than $\$ 150,000$, the other spouse must, within 30 days after the income is established to be greater than $\$ 150,000$ if the other spouse resides in Canada or the United States or within 60 days if the other spouse resides elsewhere, or such other time limit as the court specifies, provide the court and the spouse with the documents referred to in subsection (1).

## Making of rules not precluded

(5) Nothing in this section precludes the making of rules by a competent authority, within the meaning of section 25 of the Act, respecting the disclosure of income information that is considered necessary for the purposes of the determination of an amount of a child support order.

## Failure to comply

22. (1) Where a spouse fails to comply with section 21 , the other spouse may apply
(a) to have the application for a child support order set down for a hearing, or move for judgment; or
(b) for an order requiring the spouse who failed to comply to provide the court, as well as the other spouse or order assignee, as the case may be, with the required documents.

## Costs of the proceedings

(2) Where a court makes an order under paragraph (1)(a) or (b), the court may award costs in favour of the other spouse up to an amount that fully compensates the other spouse for all costs incurred in the proceedings.

## Adverse inference

23. Where the court proceeds to a hearing on the basis of an application under paragraph $22(1)(a)$, the court may draw an adverse inference against the spouse who failed to comply and impute income to that spouse in such amount as it considers appropriate.

## Failure to comply

 with court order24. Where a spouse fails to comply with an order issued on the basis of an application under paragraph $22(1)(b)$, the court may
(a) strike out any of the spouse's pleadings;
(b) make a contempt order against the spouse;
(c) proceed to a hearing, in the course of which it may draw an adverse inference against the spouse and impute income to that spouse in such amount as it considers appropriate; and
(d) award costs in favour of the other spouse up to an amount that fully compensates the other spouse for all costs incurred in the proceedings.

## Continuing obligation to provide income information

25. (1) Every spouse against whom a child support order has been made must, on the written request of the other spouse or the order assignee, not more than once a year after the making of the order and as long as the child is a child within the meaning of these Guidelines, provide that other spouse or the order assignee with
(a) the documents referred to in subsection 21(1) for any of the three most recent taxation years for which the spouse has not previously provided the documents;
(b) as applicable, any current information, in writing, about the status of any expenses included in the order pursuant to subsection 7(1); and
(c) as applicable, any current information, in writing, about the circumstances relied on by the court in a determination of undue hardship.

## Below minimum income

(2) Where a court has determined that the spouse against whom a child support order is sought does not have to pay child support because his or her income level is below the minimum amount required for application of the tables, that spouse must, on the written request of the other spouse, not more than once a year after the determination and as long as the child is a child within the meaning of these Guidelines, provide the other spouse with the documents referred to in subsection 21(1) for any of the three most recent taxation years for which the spouse has not previously provided the documents.

## Obligation of receiving spouse

(3) Where the income information of the spouse in favour of whom a child support order is made is used to determine the amount of the order, the spouse must, not more than once a year after the making of the order and as long as the child is a child within the meaning of these Guidelines, on the written request of the other spouse, provide the other spouse with the documents and information referred to in subsection (1).

## Information

requests
(4) Where a spouse or an order assignee requests information from the other spouse under any of subsections (1) to (3) and the income information of the requesting spouse is used to determine the amount of the child support order, the requesting spouse or order assignee must include the documents and information referred to in subsection (1) with the request.

SOR/97-563, s. 3

## Time Limit

(5) A spouse who receives a request made under any of subsections (1) to (3) must provide the required documents within 30 days after the request's receipt if the spouse resides in Canada or the United States and within 60 days after the request's receipt if the spouse resides elsewhere.

## Deemed reccipt

(6) A request made under any of subsections (1) to (3) is deemed to have been received 10 days after it is sent.

## Failure to comply

(7) A court may, on application by either spouse or an order assignee, where the other spouse has failed to comply with any of subsections (1) to (3)
(a) consider the other spouse to be in contempt of court and award costs in favour of the applicant up to an amount that fully compensates the applicant for all costs incurred in the proceedings; or
(b) make an order requiring the other spouse to provide the required documents to the court, as well as to the spouse or order assignee, as the case may be.

## Unenforceable <br> provision

(8) A provision in a judgment, order or agreement purporting to limit a spouse's obligation to provide documents under this section is unenforceable.

## Provincial child support services

26. A spouse or an order assignee may appoint a provincial child support service to act on their behalf for the purposes of requesting and receiving income information under any of subsections 25(1) to (3), as well as for the purposes of an application under subsection 25(7).

## COMING INTO FORCE

## Coming into force

27. These Guidelines come into force on May $1,1997$.

## SCHEDULE I

(Subsection 2(1))

## FEDERAL CHILD SUPPORT TABLES

## Notes:

1. The federal child support tables set out the amount of monthly child support payments for each province on the basis of the annual income of the spouse ordered to pay child support (the "support payer") and the number of children for whom a table amount is payable. Refer to these Guidelines to determine whether special measures apply.
2. There is a threshold level of income below which no amount of child support is payable. Child support amounts are specified for incomes up to \$150,000 per year. Refer to section 4 of these Guidelines to determine the amount of child support payments for support payers with annual incomes over $\$ 150,000$.
3. Income is set out in the tables in intervals of $\$ 1,000$. Monthly amounts are determined by adding the basic amount and the amount calculated by multiplying the applicable percentage by the portion of the income that exceeds the lower amount within that interval of income.

Example:
Province: British Columbia
Number of children: 2
Annual income of support payer: \$33,760
Basic amount: \$480
Percentage: 1.20\%
Lower amount of the income interval: \$33,000
The amount of monthly child support is calculated as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \$ 480+[1.2 \% \times(\$ 33,760-33,000)] \\
& \$ 480+[1.2 / 100 \times \$ 760] \\
& \$ 480+[0.012 \times \$ 760] \\
& \$ 480+\$ 9.12=\$ 489.12
\end{aligned}
$$

4. There are separate tables for each province. The amounts vary from one province to another because of differences in provincial income tax rates. The tables are in the following order:
(a) Ontario;
(b) Quebec;
(c) Nova Scotia;
(d) New Brunswick;
(e) Manitoba;
(f) British Columbia;
(g) Prince Edward Island;
(h) Saskatchewan;
(i) Alberta;
(j) Newfoundland;
(k) Yukon; and
(l) Northwest Territories.
5. The amounts in the tables are based on economic studies of average spending on children in families at different income levels in Canada. They are calculated on the basis that child support payments are no longer taxable in the hands of the receiving parent and no longer deductible by the paying parent. They are calculated using a mathematical formula and generated by a computer program.
6. The formula referred to in note 5 sets support amounts to reflect average expenditures on children by a spouse with a particular number of children and level of income. The calculation is based on the support payer's income. The formula uses the basic personal amount for non-refundable tax credits to recognize personal expenses, and takes other federal and provincial income taxes and credits into account. Federal Child Tax benefits and Goods and Services Tax credits for children are excluded from the calculation. At lower income levels, the formula sets the amounts to take into account the combined impact of taxes and child support payments on the support payer's limited disposable income.

## SCHEDULE II

(Subsection 10(4))

## COMPARISON OF HOUSEHOLD STANDARDS OF LIVING TEST

## Definitions

1. The definitions in this section apply in this Schedule.
"average tax rate"
«taux d'imposition
moyen»
"average tax rate" means the rate determined by dividing the federal and provincial taxes payable on a person's annual income determined under sections 15 to 20 of these Guidelines by the person's taxable income.
"child"
«enfant»
"child" means a child of the marriage or a child who
(a) is under the age of majority; or
(b) is the age of majority or over but is unable, by reason of illness, disability or other cause to obtain the necessaries of life.

## "household" <br> «ménage»

"household" means a spouse and any of the following persons residing with the spouse
(a) any person who has a legal duty to support the spouse or whom the spouse has a legal duty to support;
$b$ ) any person who shares living expenses with the spouse or from whom the spouse otherwise receives an economic benefit as a result of living with that person, if the court considers it reasonable for that person to be considered part of the household; and
(c) any child whom the spouse or the person described in paragraph (a) or (b) has a legal duty to support.

SOR/97-563, s. 10
"taxable income"
«revenu imposable»
"taxable income" means the annual taxable income determined using the calculations required to determine "Taxable Income" in the T1 General form issued by Revenue Canada.

Test
2. The comparison of household standards of living test is as follows:

## STEP 1

Establish the annual income of each person in each household by applying the formula
A-B
where
A is the person's income determined under sections 15 to 20 of these Guidelines, and
$B$ is the federal and provincial taxes payable on the person's taxable income.
Where the information on which to base the income determination is not provided, the court may impute income in the amount it considers appropriate.

## STEP 2

Adjust the annual income of each person in each household by
(a) deducting the following amounts, calculated on an annual basis:
(i) any amount relied on by the court as a factor that resulted in a determination of undue hardship, except any amount attributable to the support of a member of the household that is not incurred due to a disability or serious illness of that member,
(ii) the amount that would otherwise be payable by the person in respect of a child to whom the order relates, if the pleading of undue hardship was not made,
(A) under the applicable table, or
(B) as is considered by the court to be appropriate, where the court considers the table amount to be inappropriate,
(iii) any amount of support that is paid by the person under a judgment, order or written separation agreement, except
(A) an amount already deducted under subparagraph (i), and
(B) an amount paid by the person in respect of a child to whom the order referred to in subparagraph (ii) relates; and
(b) adding the following amounts, calculated on an annual basis:
(i) any amount that would otherwise be receivable by the person in respect of a child to whom the order relates, if the pleading of undue hardship was not made,
(A) under the applicable table, or
(B) as is considered by the court to be appropriate, where the court considers the table amount to be inappropriate.

SOR/97-563, s.11(1),(2)

## STEP 3

Add the amounts of adjusted annual income for all the persons in each household to determine the total household income for each household.

## STEP 4

Determine the applicable low-income measures amount for each household based on the following:

## Low-income Measures

| Household Size | Low-income Measures Amount |
| :--- | :--- |
| One person |  |
| 1 adult | $\$ 10,382$ |
|  |  |
| Two persons | $\$ 14,535$ |
| 2 adults | $\$ 14,535$ |
| 1 adult and l child |  |
|  | As amended, effective December 9, 1997 (SOR/97-563) |


| Household Size | Low-income Measures Amount |
| :---: | :---: |
| Three persons |  |
| 3 adults | \$18,688 |
| 2 adults and 1 child | \$17,649 |
| 1 adult and 2 children | \$17,649 |
| Four persons |  |
| 4 adults | \$22,840 |
| 3 adults and 1 child | \$21,802 |
| 2 adults and 2 children | \$20,764 |
| 1 adult and 3 children | \$20,764 |
| Five persons |  |
| 5 adults | \$26,993 |
| 4 adults and 1 child | \$25,955 |
| 3 adults and 2 children | \$24,917 |
| 2 adults and 3 children | \$23,879 |
| 1 adult and 4 children | \$23,879 |
| Six persons |  |
| 6 adults | \$31,145 |
| 5 adults and 1 child | \$30,108 |
| 4 adults and 2 children | \$29,070 |
| 3 adults and 3 children | \$28,031 |
| 2 adults and 4 children | \$26,993 |
| 1 adult and 5 children | \$26,993 |
| Seven persons |  |
| 7 adults | \$34,261 |
| 6 adults and 1 child | \$33,222 |
| 5 adults and 2 children | \$32,184 |
| 4 adults and 3 children | \$31,146 |
| 3 adults and 4 children | \$30,108 |
| 2 adults and 5 children | \$29,070 |
| 1 adult and 6 children | \$29,070 |
| Eight persons |  |
| 8 adults | \$38,413 |
| 7 adults and 1 child | \$37,375 |
| 6 adults and 2 children | \$36,337 |
| 5 adults and 3 children | \$35,299 |
| 4 adults and 4 children | \$34,261 |
| 3 adults and 5 children | \$33,222 |
| 2 adults and 6 children | \$32,184 |
| 1 adult and 7 children | \$32,184 |

## STEP 5

Divide the household income amount (Step 3) by the low-income measures amount (Step 4) to get a household income ratio for each household.

## STEP 6

Compare the household income ratios. The household that has the higher ratio has the higher standard of living.

## SCHEDULE III

## (Section 16)

## ADJUSTMENTS TO INCOME

## Employment expenses

1. Where the spouse is an employee, the spouse's applicable employment expenses described in the following provisions of the Income Tax Act are deducted:
(a) paragraph 8(1)(c) concerning expenses of clergyman's residence;
(b) paragraph $8(1)(d)$ concerning expenses of teacher's exchange fund contribution;
(c) paragraph 8(1)(e) concerning expenses of railway employees;
(d) paragraph 8(1)(f) concerning sales expenses;
(e) paragraph $8(1)(g)$ concerning transport employee's expenses;
$(f)$ paragraph 8(1)(h) concerning travel expenses;
(g) paragraph 8(1)(i) concerning dues and other expenses of performing duties;
(h) paragraph $8(1)(j)$ concerning motor vehicle and aircraft costs;
(I) paragraph 8(1)(l.1) concerning Canada Pension Plan contributions and Employment Insurance Act remiums paid in respect of another employee who acts as an assistant or substitute for the spouse;
(j) paragraph 8(1)(n) concerning salary reimbursement;
(k) paragraph 8(1)(o) concerning forfeited amounts;
( $l$ ) paragraph $8(1)(p)$ concerning musical instrument costs; and
$(m)$ paragraph $8(1)(q)$ concerning artists' employment expenses.
SOR/97-563, s. 12

## Child support

2. Deduct any child support received that is included to determine total income in the Tl General form issued by Revenue Canada.

SOR/97-563, s. 13

## Spousal support

3. (1) To calculate income for the purpose of determining an amount under an applicable table, deduct the spousal support received from the other spouse.

## Special or extraordinary expenses

(2) To calculate income for the purpose of determining an amount under section 7 of these Guidelines, deduct the spousal support paid to the other spouse.

## Social assistance

4. Adjust social assistance income to include the amount determined to be attributable to the spouse.

## Dividends from <br> taxable Canadian <br> corporations

5. Replace the taxable amount of dividends from taxable Canadian corporations received by the spouse by the actual amount of those dividends received by the spouse.

## Capital gains and capital losses

6. Replace the taxable capital gains realized in a year by the spouse by the actual amount of capital gains realized by the spouse in excess of the spouse's actual capital losses in that year.

## Business investment <br> losses

7. Deduct the actual amount of business investment losses suffered by the spouse during the year.

## Carrying charges

8. Deduct the spouse's carrying charges and interest expenses that are paid by the spouse and that would be deductible under the Income Tax Act.

## Net self-employment <br> income

9. Where the spouse's net self-employment income is determined by deducting an amount for salaries, benefits, wages or management fees, or other payments, paid to or on behalf of persons with whom the spouse does not deal at arm's length, include that amount, unless the spouse establishes that the payments were necessary to earn the self-employment income and were reasonable in the circumstances.

## Additional amount

10. Where the spouse reports income from self-employment that includes the selfemployment income for the 12 months ending on December 31 of the reporting year plus an additional amount earned in a prior period, deduct the amount earned in the prior period, net of reserves.

## Capital cost allowance for property

11. Include the spouse's deduction for an allowable capital cost allowance with respect to real property.

## Partnership or sole proprietorship income

12. Where the spouse earns income through a partnership or sole proprietorship, deduct any amount included in income that is properly required by the partnership or sole proprietorship for purposes of capitalization.

SOR/97-365, s. 14

## Employee stock <br> options with a <br> Canadian-controlled private corporation

13. (1) Where the spouse has received, as an employee benefit, options to purchase shares of a Canadian-controlled private corporation and has exercised those options during the year, add the difference between the value of the shares at the time the options are exercised and the amount paid by the spouse for the shares and any amount paid to acquire the options to purchase the shares, to the income for the year in which the options are exercised.

## Disposal of shares

(2) If the spouse has disposed of the shares during the year referred to in subsection (1), deduct from the income for that year the difference determined pursuant to that subsection.

Instruction Sheet: How to Use the Federal Child Support Tables


## How to use the simplified federal child support tables

NOTE：This document provides general information only．If you want more information contact the Department of Justice Canada． This is not a legal document．You may wish to consult a lawyer for advice on how this relates to your personal situation．

The Federal Child Support Guidelines include the rules for calculating the amount of child support，as well as a table of awards for each province and territory．

This sheet provides basic infor－ mation to show how the Federal Child Support Guidelines apply in most cases．The Guidelines make the calculation of child support fair，predictable and consistent．
［Note：In certain cases，the amount of child support a court orders may be different from the amount shown on the tables because：
－there are special or extraordi－ nary expenses（such as child－ care；health expenses over \＄100 a year；education； extra－curricular expenses）
－the court finds that the amounts determined by using the Guide－ lines cause undue hardship
－parents have shared custody or access to the child at least 40\％ of the time
－parents have split custody（each parent has at least one child in his or her custody）
－a child is the age of majority （ 18 or 19 years of age，depend－ ing on the province or territory） or over and has an ongoing need for support
－the person paying support has an income of more than $\$ 150,000$ a year
－special provisions have been made for the child in an order or agreement．］

The following steps will help you use the tables：

## Step 1

## Do the Federal Child Support Guidelines apply to you？

As of May 1，1997，the Federal Child Support Guidelines apply to：
－parents who want to change an existing child support order obtained under the Divorce Act
－parents who will pay or receive child support further to a new child support order made under the Divorce Act．

## STEP 2

What is the total annual income，tefore taxes，of the person who is paying，or will pay，child support？

Annual income is the money a person earns from employment and self－employment and income from investments．This includes all sources of income identified in your tax return（for example： salary，wages，commissions，UI， social assistance）．If you are unsure，a T4 slip or Revenue Canada Assessment may give you an indication of annual income．

## Step 3 <br> Which tables apply to your situation？

1．Both parents live in the same province or territory．
If the province or territory does not bave its own guidelines for cases under the Divorce Act，use the federal tables for that provin－ ce or territory．

However，if the province or territory does bave its own child support guidelines，these guide－ lines will apply to cases under the Divorce Act．
2. The person paying support lives in a different province or territory from the person receiving support.
In this case, use the federal tables for the province or territory in which the person paying support lives.
3. The person paying support lives outside Canada or the address is unknown.
In this case, use the federal tables for the province or territory in which the person with custody of the child or children lives.

## Step 4

How much child support should be paid?
Once you have found the table you need to use, the amount of ${ }^{\text {. }}$ child support will be listed under the income level you identified in Step 2 and the number of children for whom you are determining child support.

For example, let's say the person who is paying support lives in New Brunswick, has an income of $\$ 33,700$ a year and has two children The amount of child support would be $\$ 472$ each month.

These tables cover one to four children. If you require the tables for five or more children, please get in touch with the Department of Justice Canada.

## EXAMPLE (STEP 4)

New Brunswick

|  | Monthly Award/ <br> Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Income/ <br> (\$) |  |  |  | No. of Children/ <br> Nbre d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |

Note: This tabile is an example only. Please be sure you refer to the tables for the province of territory where the person paying support lives.

The tabte amounts were calculated on the basis that child support payments are no lorger taxable in the hands of the receiving parent nor deductible by the paying parent.

## Step 5

## Can the amount be adjusted?

The amount of child support may be adjusted to recognize special expenses for the child or to prevent financial hardship for a parent or child in extraordinary circumstances.

For more information contact the federal Department of Justice.

> The Department of Justice Canada has a toll-free number for information on the Guidelines. On request, we would be pleased to send you more detailed information as it becomes available. Call 1-888-373-2222. In the National Capital Region, call $946-2222$. The Department of Justice Canada's Internet address is: http://canada.justice.gc.ca

## Simplified Tables of

 Child Support Guidelines AmountsFederal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées


Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Income/ Revenu | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 27900 | 248 | 415 | 523 | 634 | 33200 | 291 | 483 | 637 | 738 | 38500 | 333 | 551 | 723 | 864 | 43800 | 377 | 619 | 813 | 971 |
| 28000 | 249 | 416 | 525 | 636 | 33300 | 291 | 484 | 639 | 741 | 38600 | 334 | 552 | 725 | 866 | 43900 | 378 | 62 | 814 | 973 |
| 28100 | 250 | 418 | 527 | 638 | 33400 | 292 | 486 | 640 | 743 | 38700 | 335 | 553 | 727 | 868 | 44000 | 379 | 622 | 816 | 975 |
| 28200 | 251 | 420 | 529 | 640 | 33500 | 293 | 487 | 642 | 746 | 38800 | 336 | 554 | 728 | 870 | 44100 | 380 | 623 | 818 | 977 |
| 28300 | 252 | 422 | 532 | 642 | 33600 | 294 | 488 | 643 | 748 | 38900 | 337 | 556 | 730 | 872 | 44200 | 381 | 62 | 819 | 979 |
| 28400 | 253 | 424 | 534 | 644 | 33700 | 295 | 489 | 645 | 751 | 39000 | 337 | 557 | 732 | 874 | 44300 | 382 | 626 | 821 | 981 |
| 28500 | 254 | 426 | 536 | 646 | 33800 | 296 | 491 | 647 | 753 | 39100 | 338 | 558 | 733 | 876 | 44400 | 382 | 627 | 823 | 983 |
| 28600 | 254 | 428 | 538 | 647 | 33900 | 296 | 492. | 648 | 756 | 39200 | 339 | 559 | 735 | 878 | 44500 | 383 | 628 | 824 | 985 |
| 28700 | 255 | 429 | 540 | 649 | 34000 | 297 | 493 | 650 | 758 | 39300 | 340 | 561 | 737 | 880 | 44600 | 384 | 630 | 826 | 987 |
| 28800 | 256 | 430 | 543 | 651 | 34100 | 298 | 494 | 651 | 761 | 39400 | 341 | 562 | 738 | 882 | 44700 | 385 | 631 | 828 | 989 |
| 28900 | 257 | 432 | 545 | 653 | 34200 | 299 | 496 | 653 | 763 | 39500 | 341 | 563 | 740 | 884 | 44800 | 38 | 632 | 829 | 99 |
| 29000 | 258 | 433 | 547 | 655 | 34300 | 00 | 497 | 655 | 766 | 39600 | 342 | 564 | 742 | 886 | 44900 | 387 | 634 | 831 | 993 |
| 29100 | 259 | 434 | 549 | 657 | 34400 | 301 | 498 | 656 | 768 | 39700 | 343 | 566 | 743 | 888 | 45000 | 387 | 635 | 833 | 995 |
| 29200 | 260 | 436 | 551 | 659 | 34500 | 301 | 499 | 658 | 771 | 39800 | 344 | 567 | 745 | 890 | 45100 | 388 | 636 | 834 | 997 |
| 29300 | 261 | 437 | 554 | 661 | 34600 | 302 | 501 | 659 | 773 | 39900 | 345 | 568 | 747 | 892 | 45200 | 38 | 637 | 836 | 999 |
| 29400 | 261 | 439 | 556 | 662 | 34700 | 303 | 502 | 661 | 776 | 40000 | 345 | 570 | 748 | 894 | 45300 | 390 | 639 | 838 | 1001 |
| 29500 | 262 | 440 | 558 | 664 | 34800 | 304 | 503 | 663 | 778 | 40100 | 346 | 571 | 750 | 896 | 45400 | 391 | 640 | 840 | 1003 |
| 29600 | 263 | 441 | 560 | 666 | 34900 | 304 | 504 | 664 | 781 | 40200 | 347 | 572 | 752 | 898 | 45500 | 392 | 641 | 841 | 1005 |
| 29700 | 264 | 442 | 562 | 668 | 35000 | 305 | 506 | 666 | 783 | 40300 | 348 | 573 | 753 | 900 | 45600 | 392 | 643 | 843 | 1007 |
| 29800 | 265 | 443 | 564 | 669 | 35100 | 306 | 507 | 667 | 786 | 40400 | 349 | 575 | 755 | 902 | 45700 | 393 | 644 | 845 | 1009 |
| 29900. | 265 | 444 | 566 | 670 | 35200 | 307 | 508 | 669 | 788 | 40500 | 350 | 576 | 757 | 904 | 45800 | 394 | 645 | 846 | 1011 |
| 30000 | 266 | 446 | 568 | 672 | 35300 | 308 | 509 | 671 | 791 | 40600 | 350 | 577 | 759 | 906 | 45900 | 395 | 64 | 848 | 1013 |
| 30100 | 267 | 447 | 570 | 673 | 35400 | 308 | 511 | 672 | 793 | 40700 | 351 | 579 | 760 | 908 | 46000 | 396 | 648 | 850 | 1015 |
| 30200 | 267 | 448 | 572 | 674 | 35500 | 309 | 512 | 674 | 796 | 40800 | 352 | 580 | 762 | 910 | 46100 | 397 | 649 | 851 | 1017 |
| 30300 | 268 | 449 | 575 | 675 | 35600 | 310 | 513 | 675 | 798 | 40900 | 353 | 581 | 764 | 912 | 46200 | 398 | 651 | 853 | 1019 |
| 30400 | 269 | 450 | 577 | 677 | 35700 | 311 | 514 | 677 | 801 | 41000 | 354 | 583 | 765 | 914 | 46300 | 398 | 652 | 855 | 1021 |
| 30500 | 269 | 451 | 579 | 678 | 35800 | 311 | 516 | 679 | 803 | 41100 | 355 | 584 | 767 | 916 | 46400 | 399 | 653 | 856 | 1023 |
| 30600 | 270 | 452 | 581 | 679 | 35900 | 312 | 517 | 680 | 806 | 41200 | 356 | 585 | 769 | 918 | 46500 | 400 | 65 | 858 | 1025 |
| 30700 | 271 | 453 | 583 | 681 | 36000 | 313 | 518 | 682 | 809 | 41300 | 356 | 587 | 771 | 920 | 46600 | 401 | 656 | 860 | 1027 |
| 30800 | 272 | 454 | 585 | 682 | 36100 | 314 | 520 | 683 | 811 | 41400 | 357 | 588 | 772 | 922 | 46700 | 402 | 657 | 861 | 1029 |
| 30900 | 272 | 455 | 587 | 684 | 36200 | 315 | 521 | 685 | 814 | 41500 | 358 | 589 | 774 | 924 | 46800 | 403 | 658 | 863 | 1031 |
| 31000 | 273 | 456 | 589 | 685 | 36300 | 315 | 522 | 687 | 816 | 41600 | 359. | 590 | 776 | 926 | 46900 | 403 | 660 | 865 | 1032 |
| 31100 | 274 | 458 | 591 | 688 | 36400 | 316 | 523 | 688 | 819 | 41700 | 360 | 592 | 777 | 928 | 47000 | 404 | 661 | 866 | 1034 |
| 31200 | 275 | 459 | 594 | 690 | 36500 | 317 | 525 | 690 | 821 | 41800 | 361 | 593 | 779 | 930 | 47100 | 405 | 66 | 868 | 1036 |
| 31300 | 275 | 460 | 596 | 692 | 36600 | 318 | 526 | 692 | 824 | 41900 | 361 | 594 | 781 | 932 | 47200 | 406 | 664 | 870 | 1038 |
| 31400 | 276 | 461 | 598 | 695 | 36700 | 319 | 527 | 693 | 827 | 42000 | 362 | 596 | 782 | 934 | 47300 | 407 | 665 | 871 | 1040 |
| 31500 | 277 | 462 | 600 | 697 | 36800 | 319 | 529 | 695 | 829 | 42100 | 363 | 597 | 784 | 936 | 47400 | 408 | 666 | 873 | 1042 |
| 31600 | 278 | 463 | 602 | 699 | 36900 | 320 | 530 | 697 | 832 | 42200 | 364 | 598 | 786 | 938 | 47500 | 408 | 668 | 875 | 1044 |
| 31700 | 278 | 465 | 604 | 702 | 37000 | 321 | 531 | 698 | 834 | 42300 | 365 | 600 | 787 | 940 | 47600 | 409 | 669 | 876 | 1046 |
| 31800 | 279 | 466 | 606 | 704 | 37100 | 322 | 533 | 700 | 837 | 42400 | 366 | 601 | 789 | 942 | 47700 | 410 | 670 | 878 | 1048 |
| 31900 | 280 | 467 | 608 | 706 | 37200 | 323 | 534 | 702 | 839 | 42500 | 366 | 602 | 791 | 944 | 47800 | 411 | 671 | 880 | 1050 |
| 32000 | 281 | 468 | 611 | 709 | 37300 | 324 | 535 | 703 | 841 | 42600 | 367 | 604 | 792 | 946 | 47900 | 412 | 673 | 882 | 1052 |
| 32100 | 281 | 469 | 613 | 711 | 37400 | 324 | 537 | 705 | 843 | 42700 | 368 | 605 | 794 | 948 | 48000 | 413 | 674 | 883 | 1054 |
| 32200 | 282 | 470 | 615 | 714 | 37500 | 325 | 538 | 707 | 845 | 42800 | 369 | 606 | 796 | 950 | 48100 | 413 | 675 | 885 | 1056 |
| 32300 | 283 | 472 | 617 | 716 | 37600 | 326 | 539 | 708 | 847 | 42900 | 370 | 607 | 798 | 952 | 48200 | 414 | 677 | 887 | 1058 |
| 32400 | 284 | 473 | 620 | 718 | 37700 | 327 | 540 | 710 | 849 | 43000 | 371 | 609 | 799 | 954 | 48300 | 415 | 678 | 888 | 1060 |
| 32500 | 285 | 474 | 622 | 721 | 37800 | 328 | 542 | 712 | 851 | 43100 | 371 | 610 | 801 | 956 | 48400 | 416 | 679 | 890 | 1062 |
| 32600 | 286 | 476 | 624 | 723 | 37900 | 328 | 543 | 713 | 853 | 43200 | 372 | 611 | 803 | 958 | 48500 | 417 | 681 | 892 | 1064 |
| 32700 | 286 | 477 | 627 | 726 | 38000 | 329 | 544 | 715 | 855 | 43300 | 373 | 613 | 804 | 960 | 48600 | 418 | 682 | 893 | 1066 |
| 32800 | 287 | 478 | 629 | 728 | 38100 | 330 | 546 | 717 | 857 | 43400 | 374 | 614 | 806 | 962 | 48700 | 419 | 683 | 895 | 1068 |
| 32900 | 288 | 479 | 631 | 731 | 38200 | 331 | 547 | 718 | 859 | 43500 | 375 | 615 | 808 | 964 | 48800 | 419 | 685 | 897 | 1070 |
| 33000 | 289 | 481 | 633 | 733 | 38300 | 332 | 548 | 720 | 861 | 43600 | 376 | 617 | 809 | 966 | 48900 | 420 | 686 | 898 | 1072 |
| 33100 | 290 | 482 | 635 | 736 | 38400 | 332 | 549 | 722 | 862 | 4370 | 377 | 61 | 81 | 969 | 49000 | 421 | 687 | 900 | 1074 |

[^52]Federal Chlld Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
Montants fédéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

| Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 49100 | 422 | 688 | 02 | 1076 | 54400 | 464 | 755 | 988 | 178 | 59700 | 50 | 20 | 71 | 127 | 65000 | 543 | 79 | 48 | 68 |
| 492 | 42 | 690 | 903 | 1078 | 54500 | 465 | 756 | 989 | 1180 | 59800 |  | 82 | 1073 | 12 | 6510 | 543 | 880 | 1150 | 1370 |
| 49300 | 42 | 691 | 905 | 1080 | 600 | 465 | 757 | 991 | 1182 | 990 |  | 82 | 1074 | 128 | 5200 | 544 | 88 | 1151 | 13 |
| 49400 | 424 | 692 | 907 | 1082 | 4700 | 466 | 758 | 992 | 118 | 0000 |  | 82 | 1076 | 1283 | 65300 | 544 | 882 | 1152 | 137 |
| 49500 | 425 | 694 | 08 | 1084 | 4800 | 467 | 760 | 994 | 11 | 010 | 508 | 82 | 1077 | 1284 | 65400 | 545 | 883 | 1153 | 137 |
| 49600 | 426 | 695 | 910 | 1086 | 900 | 467 | 761 | 996 | 1188 | 60200 | 509 | 82 | 107 | 1286 | 65500 | 545 | 88 | 1154 | 137 |
| 49700 | 427 | 696 | 912 | 1088 | 5000 | 468 | 762 | 997 | 118 | 60300 | 509 | 826 | 1080 | 1288 | 65600 | 546 | 885 | 1156 | 1377 |
| 49800 | 428 | 698 | 913 | 1090 | 5100 | 69 | 763 | 999 | 1191 | 0400 | 510 | 828 | 1082 | 1290 | 65700 | 546 | 886 | 157 | 1379 |
| 49900 | 429 | 699 | 915 | 1092 | 5200 | 470 | 764 | 1000 | 1193 | 60500 | 51 | 829 | 108 | 129 | 65800 | 547 | 88 | 1158 | 1380 |
| 50000 | 429 | 700 | 917 | 1094 | 5300 | 470 | 766 | 1002 | 1195 | 60600 | 511 | 330 | 108 | 1293 | 6590 | 547 | 887 | 1159 | 1382 |
| 50100 | 430 | 02 | 918 | 1096 | 5400 | 471 | 767 | 03 | 1197 | 0700 | 512 | 831 | 1086 | 295 | 6000 | 548 | 88 | 60 | 83 |
| 50200 | 431 | 703 | 920 | 1098 | 55500 | 472 | 768 | 1005 | 1199 | 60800 | 513 | 83 | 108 | 1297 | 66100 | 548 | 88 | 1162 | 1385 |
| 0300 | 432 | 704 | 922 | 1100 | 55600 | 472 | 769 | 1006 | 1200 | 0900 | 51 | 833 | 1089 | 1298 | 66200 | 54 | 89 | 1163 | 1386 |
| 50400 | 433 | 705 | 924 | 1102 | 5700 | 473 | 770 | 08 | 1202 | 1000 | 514 | 834 | 109 | 1300 | 66300 | 54 | 89 | 1164 | 1388 |
| 50500 | 434 | 707 | 925 | 1104 | 5800 | 474 | 771 | 1009 | 1204 | 1100 | 515 | 836 | 10 | 130 | 66400 | 55 | 89 | 1165 | 1389 |
| 50600 | 434 | 708 | 927 | 1106 | 55900 | 475 | 773 | 1011 | 1206 | 1200 | 51 | 837 | 1093 | 130 | 6650 | 550 | 893 | 1166 | 139 |
| 50700 | 435 | 709 | 929 | 1108 | 6000 | 475 | 774 | 1013 | 1208 | 1300 | 517 | 838 | 109 | 1305 | 66 | 551 | 894 | 1168 | 1392 |
| 50800 | 436 | 711 | 930 | 1110 | 6100 | 476 | 775 | 1014 | 1210 | 140 | 517 | 83 | 1096 | 1307 | 6670 | 552 | 895 | 11 | 1393 |
| 50900 | 437 | 712 | 932 | 1112 | 56200 | 477 | 776 | 1016 | 1212 | 61500 | 518 | 840 | 1098 | 1309 | 66800 | 552 | 895 | 117 | 1395 |
| 51000 | 438 | 713 | 93 | 11 | 56300 | 478 | 778 | 1017 | 12 | 61600 | 51 | 841 | 1099 | 1310 | 66900 | 553 | 896 | 1171 | 1396 |
| 51100 | 439 | 715 | 935 | 11 | 56400 | 479 | 779 | 1019 | 1215 | 61700 |  | 843 |  | 1312 | 700 |  |  |  | 98 |
| 200 | 440 | 716 | 937 | 118 | 500 | 479 | 780 | 1021 | 1217 | 1800 | 520 | 84 |  | 131 | 6710 |  | 898 | 117 | 1399 |
| 1300 | 440 | 717 | 939 | 1120 | 660 | 480 | 781 | 1022 | 1219 | 1900 | 52 | 84 |  | 13 | 6720 | 554 | 899 | 1175 | 1401 |
| 51400 | 441 | 719 | 940 | 1122 | 70 | 481 | 783 | 1024 | 1221 | 200 | 52 | 84 | 1105 | 13 | 67300 | 555 | 900 | 11 | 1402 |
| 1500 | 442 | 720 | 942 | 1124 | 56800 | 482 | 784 | 1025 | 1223 | 2100 |  | 847 | 11 | 1319 | 67400 | 555 | 90 | 1178 | 1404 |
| 51600 | 443 | 72 | 94 | 1126 | 6900 | 483 | 78 | 1027 | 12 | 62200 | 52 | 848 | 1108 | 132 | 67500 | 556 | 90 | 1179 | 1405 |
| 51700 | 444 | 722 | 945 | 1128 | 57000 | 483 | 786 | 10 | 1227 | 62300 | 524 | 849 | 1110 | 1323 | 67600 | 556 | 903 | 1180 | 1407 |
| 51800 | 445 | 724 | 947 | 1130 | 57100 | 484 | 788 | 1030 | 1229 | 62400 | 52 | 851 | 1111 | 1324 | 67700 | 55 | 904 | 118 | 1408 |
| 51900 | 445 | 725 | 949 | 1132 | 57200 | 85 | 789 | 1032 | 1231 | 62500 | 525 | 852 | 1113 | 1326 | 67800 | 55 | 905 | 1183 | 1410 |
| 52000 | 446 | 726 | 950 | 1134 | 57300 | 86 | 790 | 1033 | 1233 | 62600 | 526 | 853 | 1114 | 1328 | 67900 | 558 | 906 | 118 | 1411 |
| 5210 | 447 | 728 | 952 | 1136 | 57400 | 48 |  |  |  | 62700 |  | 854 |  |  | 68000 | 559 | 907 | 118 | 1413 |
| 52200 | 448 | 729 | 954 |  | 500 | 488 | 79 |  |  | 62800 | 52 | 85 | 1117 | 1331 | 681 | 55 | 908 | 11 | 141 |
| 52300 | 449 | 730 | 955 | 保 | 57600 | 488 | 79 | 1 | 1238 | 62900 | 528 | 856 | 1119 | 1333 | 6820 | 560 | 909 | 11 | 1416 |
| 52400 | 450 |  | 957 | 142 | 57700 | 489 | 795 | 10 | 1240 | 63000 | 529 | 857 | 1120 | 133 | 6830 | 56 | 910 | 11 | 1417 |
| 52500 | 450 | 733 | 959 | 143 | 57800 | 490 | 796 | 1042 | 1242 | 63100 | 53 | 859 | 1121 | 13 | 6840 | 561 | 911 | 1190 | 1419 |
| 52600 | 451 | 734 | 960 | 145 | 57900 | 491 | 798 | 1043 | 1244 | 63200 | 53 | 860 | 1123 | 13 | 8850 | 562 | 912 | 1192 | 1421 |
| 52700 | 452 | 735 | 962 | 147 | 58000 | 492 | 799 | 1045 | 1246 | 63300 | 53 | 861 |  |  | 6860 |  | 913 | 119 | 1422 |
| 52800 | 452 | 736 | 963 | 1149 | 58100 | 492 | 800 | 1046 | 1248 | 63400 |  | 862 |  |  | 68700 |  | 91 | 119 | 1424 |
| 52900 | 453 | 737 | 965 | 1151 | 58200 | 493 | 801 | 1048 | 1250 | 63500 |  | 86 | 1127 | 13 | 68800 | 56 | 915 | 11 | 1425 |
| 53000 | 454 | 739 | 966 | 1153 | 58300 | 49 | 803 | 1050 | 1252 | 63600 | 533 | 864 | 112 | 134 | 68900 | 564 | 91 | 119 | 1427 |
| 53100 | 455 | 星 | 968 | 11 | 58400 | 495 | 804 | 10 | 1253 | 63700 | 534 | 865 | 30 | 1347 | 69000 | 565 | 91 | 119 | 1428 |
| 53200 | 455 | 741 | 969 | 1156 | 585 | 496 | 805 | 1053 | 1255 | 63800 | 535 | 866 | 132 | 1348 | 69100 | 566 | 91 | 120 | 1430 |
| 53300 | 456 | 742 | 971 | 1158 | 58600 | 496 | 806 | 1054 | 1257 | 63900 | 53 | 867 | 1133 | 1350 | 69200 | 56 | 91 | 120 | 1432 |
| 53400 | 457 | 743 | 972 | 1160 | 58700 | 497 | 808 | 1056 | 125 | 64000 |  | 868 |  | 1352 | 69300 |  | 92 | 12 | 1433 |
| 53500 | 457 | 744 | 974 | 11 | 58800 | 498 | 809 | 1 | 1261 | 64100 |  | 870 | 1136 | 135 | 69400 | 568 | 921 | 1204 | 435 |
| 53600 | 458 | 746 | 976 | 11 | 58900 | 499 | 810 | 1059 | 1263 | 64200 | 53 | 871 | 7 | 1355 | 69500 | 568 | 92 | 1205 | 1436 |
| 53700 | 459 | 747 | 977 | 116 |  | 500 | 811 | 10 | 1265 | 64300 | 538 | 872 | 1138 | 1357 | 69600 | 569 | 923 | 1206 | 1438 |
| 53800 | 460 | 748 | 979 | 11 | 100 | 500 | 813 | 1062 | 1267 | 64400 | 539 | 873 | 1140 | 1358 | 69700 | 570 | 924 | 1208 | 1440 |
| 53900 | 460 | 749 | 980 | 1169 | 59200 | 501 | 814 | 1064 | 1269 | 64500 | 539 | 874 | 1141 | 1360 | 69800 | 570 | 925 | 120 | 1441 |
| 54000 | 461 | 750 | 982 | 1171 | 59300 | 502 | 815 | 1065 | 1270 | 64600 | 540 | 875 | 1143 | 1362 | 69900 | 57 | 926 | 1210 | 1443 |
| 54100 | 462 | 751 | 983 | 1173 | 59400 | 503 | 816 | 1067 | 1272 | 64700 | 541 | 876 | 1144 | 1363 | 70000 | 572 | 92 | , 212 | 1444 |
| 54200 | 462 | 753 | 985 | 1175 | 59500 | 503 | 817 | 1068 | 1274 | 64800 | 541 | 877 | 1145 | 1365 | 70100 | 572 | 928 | 121 | 1446 |
| 54300 | 463 | 754 | 986 | 1177 | 59600 | 504 | 818 | 1070 | 1276 | 64900 | 542 | 878 | 1147 | 1367 | 70200 | 573 | 929 | 12 | 1447 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉderraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiés
1997

| Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Childrenl $N^{\text {bry }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children $/$$\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Chilidren/ - $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 70300 | 574 | 930 | 1216 | 1449 | 75600 | 609 | 986 | 1287 | 1533 | 80900 | 645 | 1041 | 1358 | 1617 | 86200 | 680 | 1096 | 1429 | 1701 |
| 7040 | 574 | 931 | 1217 | 1451 | 75700 | 610 | 987 | 1288 | 1535 | 81000 | 645 | 1042 | 1359 | 1618 | 86300 | 681 | 1097 | 1430 | 1702 |
| 70500 | 575 | 932 | 1218 | 1452 | 75800 | 611 | 988 | 1289 | 1536 | 81100 | 646 | 1043 | 1360 | 1620 | 86400 | 682 | 1098 | 1431 | 1704 |
| 70600 | 576 | 934 | 1220 | 1454 | 75900 | 611 | 989 | 1291 | 1538 | 81200 | 647 | 1044 | 1362 | 1622 | 86500 | 682 | 1099 | 1433 | 1705 |
| 70700 | 576 | 935 | 1221 | 1455 | 76000 | 612 | 990 | 1292 | 1539 | 81300 | 647 | 1045 | 1363 | 1623 | 86600 | 683 | 1100 | 1434 | 1707 |
| 70800 | 577 | 936 | 1222 | 1457 | 76100 | 613 | 991 | 1293 | 1541 | 81400 | 648 | 1046 | 1364 | 1625 | 86700 | 684 | 1101 | 1435 | 1709 |
| 70900 | 578 | 937 | 1224 | 1459 | 76200 | 613 | 992 | 1295 | 1542 | 81500 | 649 | 1047 | 1366 | 1626 | 86800 | 684 | 1102 | 1437 | 1710 |
| 71000 | 578 | 938 | 1225 | 1460 | 76300 | 614 | 993 | 1296 | 1544 | 81600 | 649 | 1048 | 1367 | 1628 | 86900 | 685 | 1103 | 1438 | 1712 |
| 71100 | 579 | 939 | 12 | 1462 | 76400 | 615 | 994 | 1297 | 1546 | 81700 | 650 | 1049 | 1368 | 1630 | 87000 | 686 | 1104 | 1439 | 1713 |
| 71200 | 580 | 940 | 1228 | 1463 | 76500 | 615 | 995 | 1299 | 1547 | 81800 | 651 | 1050 | 1370 | 1631 | 87100 | 686 | 1105 | 1441 | 1715 |
| 71300 | 581 | 941 | 1229 | 1465 | 76600 | 616 | 996 | 1300 | 1549 | 81900 | 651 | 1051 | 1371 | 1633 | 87200 | 687 | 1106 | 1442 | 1717 |
| 71400 | 581 | 942 | 1230 | 1466 | 76700 | 617 | 997 | 1301 | 1550 | 82000 | 652 | 1052 | 1372 | 1634 | 87300 | 688 | 1107 | 1443 | 1718 |
| 71500 | 582 | 943 | 1232 | 1468 | 76800 | 617 | 998 | 1303 | 1552 | 82100 | 653 | 1053 | 1374 | 1636 | 87400 | 688 | 110 | 1445 | 1720 |
| 71600 | 583 | 4 | 12 | 1470 | 76900 | 618 | 999 | 1 | 15 | 82200 | 65 | 1054 | 1375 | 163 | 87500 | 689 | 1110 | 1446 | 1721 |
| 71700 | 583 | 945 | 1234 | 1471 | 77000 | 619 | 1000 | 1305 | 1555 | 82300 | 654 | 10 | 1376 | 1639 | 87600 | 690 | 1111 | 1447 | 1723 |
| 71800 | 84 | 946 | 1236 | 1473 | 77100 | 619 | 1001 | 1307 | 1557 | 82400 | 655 | 10 | 1378 | 1641 | 87700 | 690 | 11 | 1449 | 1724 |
| 71900 | 585 | 947 | 1237 | 1474 | 77200 | 620 | 1002 | 1308 | 1558 | 82500 | 656 | 1057 | 1379 | 164 | 87800 | 691 | 1113 | 1450 | 1726 |
| 72000 | 585 | 948 | 1238 | 1476 | 77300 | 621 | 1003 | 1309 | 1560 | 82.600 | 656 | 1059 | 1380 | 1644 | 87900 | 692 | 1114 | 1451 | 1728 |
| 72100 | 586 | 949 | 1240 | 1478 | 77400 | 621 | 1004 | 1311 | 1561 | 82700 | 657 | 1060 | 1382 | 1645 | 88000 | 692 | 1115 | 1453 | 1729 |
| 72200 | 587 | 950 | 1241 | 1479 | 77500 | 622 | 1005 | 1312 | 1563 | 82800 | 658 | 1061 | 1383 | 1647 | 88100 | 693 | 1116 | 1454 | 1731 |
| 72300 | 587 | 951 | 1242 | 1481 | 77600 | 623 | 1006 | 1313 | 1565 | 82900 | 58 | 1062 | 1384 | 1649 | 88200 | 69 | 11 | 1455 | 1732 |
| 72400 | 588 | 952 | 1244 | 14 | 77700 | 23 | 1007 | 1315 | 1566 | 83000 | 659 | 10 | 1386 | 1650 | 88300 | 69 | 11 | 145 | 1734 |
| 72500 | 89 | 95 | 124 | 148 | 77800 | 624 | 1009 | 1316 | 15 | 83100 | 660 | 1064 | 1387 | 165 | 88400 | 695 | 1119 | 1458 | 1736 |
| 72600 | 589 | 954 | 1246 | 1485 | 77900 | 625 | 1010 | 1317 | 1569 | 83200 | 660 | 1065 | 1388 | 1653 | 88500 | 696 | 1120 | 1459 | 1737 |
| 72700 | 590 | 955 | 1248 | 1487 | 78000 | 625 | 1011 | 1319 | 1571 | 83300 | 661 | 1066 | 1390 | 1655 | 88600 | 696 | 1121 | 1461 | 1739 |
| 72800 | 591 | 956 | 1249 | 1489 | 78100 | 626 | 1012 | 1320 | 1573 | 83400 | 662 | 1067 | 1391 | 1656 | 88700 | 697 | 1122 | 1462 | 1740 |
| 72900 | 591 | 957 | 1250 | 1490 | 78200 | 627 | 1013 | 1321 | 1574 | 83500 | 662 | 1068 | 1392 | 1658 | 88800 | 698 | 112 | 1463 | 1742 |
| 73000 | 592 | 959 | 1252 | 1492 | 78300 | 627 | 1014 | 1323 | 1576 | 83600 | 663 | 1069 | 1394 | 1660 | 88900 | 698 | 1124 | 1465 | 1743 |
| 73100 | 593 | 960 | 1253 | 149 | 78400 | 628 | 1015 | 1324 | 1577 | 83700 | 664 | 1070 | 1395 | 1661 | 89000 | 699 |  | 1466 | 1745 |
| 73200 | 593 | 96 | 12 | 14 | 78500 | 629 | 1016 | 1325 | 15 | 83800 | 64 | 1071 | 1396 | 1663 | 89100 | 700 | 11 | 1467 | 1747 |
| 73300 | 594 | 962 | 1256 | 1497 | 78600 | 629 | 1017 | 1327 | 1580 | 83900 | 665 | 1072 | 1398 | 1664 | 89200 | 700 | 112 | 1469 | 1748 |
| 73400 | 595 | -963 | 1257 | 1498 | 78700 | 630 | 1018 | 1328 | 1582 | 84000 | 666 | 107 | 1399 | 1666 | 89300 | 701 | 112 | 1470 | 1750 |
| 73500 | 595 | 964 | 1259 | 1500 | 78800 | 631 | 1019 | 1330 | 1584 | 84100 | 666 | 1074 | 1400 | 1668 | 89400 | 702 | 112 | 1471 | 1751 |
| 73600 | 596 | 965 | 1260 | 1501 | 78900 | 631 | 1020 | 1331 | 1585 | 84200 | 667 | 1075 | 1402 | 1669 | 89500 | 702 | 1130 | 1473 | 1753 |
| 73700 | 597 | 966 | 1261 | 1503 | 79000 | 632 | 1021 | 1332 | 1587 | 84300 | 668 | 1076 | 1403 | 1671 | 89600 | 703 | 11 | 1474. | 1755 |
| 73800 | 597 | 967 | 1263 | 150 | 79100 | 633 | 1022 | 1334 | 1588 | 84400 | 68 | 1077 | 1405 | 1672 | 89700 | 704 | 113 | 1476 | 1756 |
| 73900 | 598 | 968 | 1264 | 1506 | 79200 | 633 | 1023 | 1335 | 1590 | 84500 | 66 | 1078 | 1406 | 1674 | 89800 | 704 | 113 | 1477 | 1758 |
| 74000 | 599 | 969 | 1265 | 1508 | 79300 | 634 | 1024 | 1336 | 1592 | 84600 | 670 | 1079 | 1407 | 1675 | 89900 | 705 | 1135 | 1478 | 1759 |
| 74100 | 599 | 970 | 1267 | 1509 | 79400 | 635 | 1025 | 1338 | 1593 | 84700 | 670 | 1080 | 1409 | 1677 | 90000 | 706 | 113 | 1480 | 1761 |
| 74200 | 600 | 971 | 1268 | 1511 | 79500 | 635 | 1026 | 1339 | 1595 | 84800 | 671 | 1081 | 1410 | 1679 | 90100 | 706 | 1137 | 1481 | 1762 |
| 74300 | 601 | 972 | 1269 | 1512 | 79600 | 636 | 1027 | 1340 | 1596 | 84900 | 672 | 1082 | 1411 | 1680 | 90200 | 707 | 1138 | 1482 | 1764 |
| 74400 | 601 | 973 | 1271 | 1514 | 79700 | 637 | 1028 | 1342 | 1598 | 85000 | 672 | 1084 | 1413 | 1682 | 90300 | 708 | 113 | 1484 | 1766 |
| 74500 | 602 | 974 | 1272 | 1516 | 79800 | 637 | 1029 | 1343 | 1599 | 85100 | 673 | 1085 | 1414 | 1683 | 90400 | 708 | 114 | 1485 | 1767 |
| 74600 | 603 | 975 | 1273 | 1517 | 79900 | 638 | 1030 | 1344 | 1601 | 85200 | 674 | 1086 | 1415 | 1685 | 90500 | 709 | 114 | 1486 | 1769 |
| 74700 | 603 | 976 | 1275 | 1519 | 80000 | 639 | 1031 | 1346 | 1603 | 85300 | 674 | 1087 | 1417 | 1687 | 90600 | 710 | 1142 | 1488 | 1770 |
| 74800 | 604 | 97.7 | 1276 | 1520 | 80100 | 639 | 1032 | 1347 | 1604 | 85400 | 675 | 1088 | 1418 | 1688 | 90700 | 710 | 1143 | 1489 | 1772 |
| 74900 | 605 | 978 | 1277 | 1522 | 80200 | 640 | 1034 | 1348 | 1606 | 85500 | 676 | 1089 | 1419 | 1690 | 90800 | 711 | 1144 | 1490 | 1774 |
| 75000 | 605 | 979 | 1279 | 1523 | 80300 | 641 | 1035 | 1350 | 1607 | 85600 | 676 | 1090 | 1421 | 1691 | 90900 | 712 | 1145 | 1492 | 1775 |
| 75100 | 606 | 980 | 1280 | 1525 | 80400 | 641 | 1036 | 1351 | 1609 | 85700 | 677 | 1091 | 1422 | 1693 | 91000 | 712 | 1146 | 1493 | 1777 |
| 75200 | 607 | 981 | 1281 | 1527 | 80500 | 642 | 1037 | 1352 | 1611 | 85800 | 678 | 1092 | 1423 | 1694 | 91100 | 713 | 1147 | 1494 | 1778 |
| 75300 | 607 | 982 | 1283 | 1528 | 80600 | 643 | 1038 | 1354 | 1612 | 85900 | 678 | 1093 | 1425 | 1696 | 91200 | 714 | 1148 | 1496 | 1780 |
| 75400 | 608. | 984 | 1284 | 1530 | 80700 | 643 | 1039 | 1355 | 1614 | 86000 | 679 | 1094 | 1426 | 1698 | 91300 | 714 | 1149 | 1497 | 1781 |
| 75500 | 609 | 985 | 1285 | 1531 | 80800 | 644 | 1040 | 1356 | 16 | 86100 | 680 | 1095 |  | 1699 | 914 |  | 1150 | 1498 | 1783 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support aniounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal ChildSupport Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS fédéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

|  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revent |  | o. of $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \mathrm{d}^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | of |  |  | - |  | $0 . \mathrm{of}$ $\mathrm{V}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ | ildr |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91500 | 716 | 115 | 1500 | 178 | 96800 | 751 | 120 | 15 | 1869 |  | 10 | 787 | 1262 | 1642 | 19 | 107400 | 82 | 1317 | 3 | 2036 |
| 916 | 716 | 1152 | 1501 | 1786 | 96900 | 752 | 1207 | 1572 | 1870 |  | 102200 | 787 | 1263 | 1643 | 1954 | 107500 | 823 | 1318 | 1714 | 2038 |
| 91700 | 717 | 1153 | 1502 | 1788 | 97000 | 753 | 1209 | 1573 | 1872 | 102300 | 788 | 1264 | 1644 | 1956 | 107600 | 824 | 1319 | 1715 | 2039 |
| 91800 | 718 | 1154 | 1504 | 1789 | 97100 | 753 | 1210 | 1575. | 1873 | 102400 | 789 | 1265 | 1646 | 1957 | 107700 | 824 | 1320 | 1717 | 2041 |
| 91900 | 718 | 1155 | 1505 | 1791 | 97200 | 754 | 1211 | 1576 | 1875 | 102500 | 789 | 1266 | 1647 | 1959 | 107800 | 825 | 1321 | 1718 | 2043 |
| 92000 | 719 | 1156 | 1506 | 1793 | 97300 | 755 | 1212 | 1577 | 1876 | 102600 | 790 | 1267 | 1648 | 1960 | 107900 | 826 | 1322 | 1719 | 2044 |
| 92100 | 720 | 1157 | 1508 | 1794 | 97400 | 755 | 1213 | 1579 | 1878 | 102700 | 791 | 1268 | 1650 | 1962 | 108000 | 826 | 1323 | 1721 | 2046 |
| 92200 | 720 | 1159 | 1509 | 1796 | 97500 | 756 | 1214 | 1580 | 1880 | 102800 | 79 | 1269 | 1651 | 1964 | 108100 | 827 | 1324 | 1722 | 2047 |
| 92300 | 721 | 1160 | 1510 | 1797 | 97600 | 757 | 1215 | 1581 | 188 | 102900 | 792 | 1270 | 1652 | 1965 | 108200 | 828 | 1325 | 1723 | 2049 |
| 92400 | 722 | 116 | 1512 | 1799 | 97700 | 757 | 1216 | 1583 | 1883 | 103000 | 793 | 1271 | 1654 | 1967 | 108300 | 828 | 1326 | 1725 | 2051 |
| 2500 | 722 | 1162 | 1513 | 18 | 97800 | 758 | 12 | 158 | 18 | 103 | 793 | 1272 | 1655 | 19 | 108400 | 9 | 1327 | 1726 | 2052 |
| 92600 | 723 | 1163 | 1514 | 1802 | 97900 | 759 | 1218 | 1585 | 1886 | 103200 | 794 | 1273 | 1656 | 1970 | 108500 | 830 | 1328 | 1727 | 2054 |
| 92700 | 724 | 1164 | 1516 | 1804 | 98000 | 759 | 1219 | 1587 | 1888 | 103300 | 795 | 1274 | 1658 | 1971 | 108600 | 830 | 1329 | 1729 | 2055 |
| 92800 | 724 | 1165 | 1517 | 1805 | 98100 | 760 | 1220 | 1588 | 1889 | 103400 | 795 | 1275 | 1659 | 1973 | 108700 | 831 | 1330 | 1730 | 2057 |
| 92900 | 725 | 1166 | 1518 | 1807 | 98200 | 761 | 1221 | 1589 | 1891 | 103500 | 796 | 1276 | 1660 | 1975 | 108800 | 832 | 1331 | 1731 | 2058 |
| 93000 | 726 | 1167 | 1520 | 1808 | 98300 | 761 | 1222 | 1591 | 1892 | 103600 | 797 | 1277 | 1662 | 1976 | 108900 | 832 | 1333 | 1733 | 2060 |
| 93100 | 726 | 1168 | 1521 | 1810 | 98400 | 762 | 1223 | 1592 | 1894 | 103700 | 797 | 1278 | 1663 | 1978 | 109000 | 833 | 1334 | 1734 | 2062 |
| 93200 | 727 | 1169 | 1522 | 1812 | 98500 | 763 | 1224 | 1593 | 1895 | 103800 | 798 | 1279 | 1664 | 1979 | 109100 | 834 | 1335 | 1735 | 2063 |
| 93300 | 728 | 1170 | 1524 | 1813 | 98600 | 763 | 1225 | 1595 | 1897 | 103900 | 799 | 1280 | 1666 | 1981 | 109200 | 834 | 1336 | 1737 | 2065 |
| 93400 | 729 | 1171 | 1525 | 1815 | 98700 | 764 | 1226 | 1596 | 1899 | 104000 | 799 | 128 | 1667 | 1983 | 1093 | 835 | 1337 | 1738 | 2066 |
| 93500 | 729 | 1172 | 1526 | 1816 | 98800 | 765 | 1227 | 1597 | 1900 | 10410 | 800 | 1283 | 1668 | 198 | 994 | 336 | 1338 | 1739 | 2068 |
| 93600 | 730 | 1173 | 1528 | 1818 | 98900 | 765 | 1228 | 1599 | 1902 | 104200 | 801 | 1284 | 1670 | 1986 | 109500 | 836 | 1339 | 1741 | 2070 |
| 93700 | 731 | 1174 | 1529 | 1819 | 99000 | 766 | 1229 | 1600 | 1903 | 104300 | 802 | 1285 | 1671 | 1987 | 109600 | 837 | 1340 | 1742 | 2071 |
| 93800 | 731 | 1175 | 1530 | 1821 | 99100 | 767 | 1230 | 1601 | 1905 | 104400 | 802 | 1286 | 1672 | 1989 | 109700 | 838 | 1341 | 1743 | 2073 |
| 93900 | 732 | 1176 | 1532 | 1823 | 99200 | 767 | 1231 | 1603 | 1907 | 104500 | 803 | 1287 | 1674 | 1990 | 109800 | 838 | 1342 | 1745 | 2074 |
| 94000 | 733 | 1177 | 1533 | 1824 | 99300 | 768 | 1233 | 1604 | 1908 | 104600 | 804 | 1288 | 1675 | 1992 | 109900 | 839 | 1343 | 1746 | 2076 |
| 94100 | 733 | 1178 | 1534 | 1826 | 99400 | 769 | 1234 | 1605 | 1910 | 104700 | 804 | 1289 | 1676 | 1994 | 110000 | 840 | 1344 | 1747 | 2077 |
| 94200 | 734 | 1179 | 1536 | 1827 | 99500 | 769 | 1235 | 1607 | 1911 | 104800 | 805 | 1290 | 1678 | 1995 | 110100 | 840 | 1345 | 1749 | 2079 |
| 94300 | 735 | 1180 | 1537 | 1829 | 99600 | 770 | 1236 | 1608 | 1913 | 104900 | 806 | 1291 | 1679 | 1997 | 110200 | 841 | 1346 | 1750 | 2081 |
| 94400 | 735 | 118 | 1538 | 183 | 99700 | 771 | 1237 | 1609 | 1914 | 105000 | 806 | 1292 | 1680 | 1998 | 110300 | 842 | 1347 | 1751 | 2082 |
| 94500 | 736 | 1182 | 1540 | 1832 | 99800 | 77 | 1238 | 16 | 1916 | 105100 | 807 | 1293 | 1682 | 200 | 110400 | 842 | 1348 | 1753 | 2084 |
| 94600 | 737 | 1184 | 1541 | 1834 | 99900 | 772 | 1239 | 1612 | 1918 | 105200 | 808 | 1294 | 1683 | 2002 | 110500 | 843 | 1349 | 1754 | 2085 |
| 94700 | 737 | 1185 | 1542 | 1835 | 100000 | 773 | 1240 | 1613 | 1919 | 105300 | 808 | 1295 | 1684 | 2003 | 110600 | 844 | 1350 | 1755 | 2087 |
| 94800 | 738 | 1186 | 1544 | 1837 | 100100 | 773 | 1241 | 1615 | 1921 | 105400 | 809 | 1296 | 1686 | 2005 | 110700 | 844 | 1351 | 1757 | 2089 |
| 94900 | 739 | 1187 | 1545 | 1838 | 100200 | 774 | 1242 | 1616 | 1922 | 105500 | 810 | 1297 | 1687 | 2006 | 110800 | 845 | 1352 | 1758 | 2090 |
| 95000 | 739 | 1188 | 1546 | 1840 | 100300 | 775 | 1243 | 1617 | 1924 | 105600 | 810 | 1298 | 1688 | 2008 | 110900 | 846 | 1353 | 1759 | 2092 |
| 95100 | 740 | 1189 | 1548 | 1842 | 100400 | 775 | 1244 | 1619 | 1926 | 105700 | 811 | 1299 | 1690 | 2009 | 111000 | 846 | 1354 | 1761 | 2093 |
| 95200 | 741 | 1190 | 1549 | 1843 | 100500 | 776 | 1245. | 1620 | 1927 | 105800 | 812 | 1300 | 1691 | 2011 | 111100 | 847 | 1355 | 1762 | 2095 |
| 95300 | 741 | 1191 | 1551 | 1845 | 100600 | 777 | 1246 | 1621 | 1929 | 105900 | 812 | 1301 | 1692 | 2013 | 111200 | 848 | 1356 | 1763 | 2096 |
| 95400 | 742 | 1192 | 1552 | 1846 | 100700 | 777 | 1247 | 1623 | 1930 | 106000 | 813 | 1302 | 1694 | $20 \cdot 14$ | 111300 | 848 | 1358 | 1765 | 2098 |
| 95500 | 743 | 1193 | 1553 | 1848 | 100800 | 778 | 1248 | 1624 | 1932 | 106100 | 814 | 1303 | 1695 | 2016 | 111400 | 849 | 1359 | 1766 | 2100 |
| 95600 | 743 | 1194 | 1555 | 1850 | 100900 | 779 | 1249 | 1626 | 1933 | 106200 | 814 | 1304 | 1697 | 2017 | 111500 | 850 | 1360 | 1767 | 2101 |
| 95700 | 744 | 1195 | 1556 | 1851 | 101000 | 779 | 1250 | 1627 | 1935 | 106300 | 815 | 1305 | 1698 | 2019 | 111600 | 850 | 1361 | 1769 | 2103 |
| 95800 | 745 | 1196 | 1557 | 1853 | 101100 | 780 | 1251 | 1628 | 1937 | 106400 | 816 | 1306 | 1699 | 2020 | 111700 | 851 | 1362 | 1770 | 2104 |
| 95900 | 745 | 1197 | 1559 | 1854 | 101200 | 781 | 1252 | 1630 | 1938 | 106500 | 816 | 1308 | 1701 | 2022 | 111800 | 852 | 1363 | 1772 | 2106 |
| 96000 | 746 | 1198 | 1560 | 1856 | 101300 | 781 | 1253 | 1631 | 1940 | 106600 | 817 | 1309 | 1702 | 2024 | 111900 | 852 | 1364 | 1773 | 2108 |
| 96100 | 747 | 1199 | 1561 | 1857 | 101400 | 782 | 1254 | 1632 | 1941 | 106700 | 818 | 1310 | 1703 | 2025 | 112000 | 853 | 1365 | 1774 | 2109 |
| 96200 | 747 | 1200 | 1563 | 1859 | 101500 | 783 | 1255 | 1634 | 1943 | 106800 | 818 | 1311 | 1705 | 2027 | 112100 | 854 | 1366 | 1776 | 2111 |
| 96300 | 748 | 1201 | 1564 | 1861 | 101600 | 783 | 1256 | 1635 | 1945 | 106900 | 819 | 1312 | 1706 | 2028 | 112200 | 854 | 1367 | 1777 | 2112 |
| 96400 | 749 | 1202 | 1565 | 1862 | 101700 | 784 | 1258 | 1636 | 1946 | 107000 | 820 | 1313 | 1707 | 2030 | 112300 | 855 | 1368 | 1778 | 2114 |
| 96500 | 749 | 1203 | 1567 | 1864 | 101800 | 785 | 1259 | 1638 | 1948 | 107100 | 820 | 1314 | 1709 | 2032 | 112400 | 856 | 1369 | 1780 | 2115 |
| 96600 | 750 | 1204 | 1568 | 1865 | 101900 | 785 | 1260 | 1639 | 1949 | 107200 | 821 | 1315 | 1710 | 2033 | 112500 | 856 | 1370 | 1781 | 2117 |
| 96700 | 751 | 1205 | 1569 | 1867 | 102000 | 786 | 1261 | 1640 | 1951 | 107300 | 822 | 1316 | 1711 | 2035 | 112600 | 857 | 1371 | 1782 | 2119 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Smplified Tables

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award $/$ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Chilidrenl $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Chilidren/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bee }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | o. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 858 | 1372 | 1784 | 21 |  |  | 1427 | 1855 | 2204 |  | 22 | 1483 | 2 | 2288 | 12860 | 4 | 1538 | 7 | 2372 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 965 | 1539 | 1998 | 2373 |
|  |  |  |  | 21 | 118200 |  |  |  | 220 |  |  |  |  | 229 | 288 | 966 | 1540 | 199 | 2375 |
|  | 860 |  |  | 212 | 118300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2293 | 88900 | 966 | 1541 | 2001 | 23 |
| 13100 | 860 | 1376 | 17 | 212 | 188 |  | 143 | 18 | 2210 | 237 | 931 | 1487 | 1931 | 229 | 12900 | 967 | 15 | 2002 | 2378 |
| 113200 | 861 | 137 | 179 | 212 | 18500 | 897 | 1433 | 18 | 2212 | 123800 | 932 | 14 | 1932 | 22 | 12910 | 968 | 15 | 200 | 23 |
| 113 | 862 | 1378 | 1792 | 2130 | 18600 | 897 | 43 | 1863 | 22 | 123900 | 933 | 14 | 19 | 22 | 12920 | 96 | 1544 | 200 | 2381 |
| 113400 | 862 | 13 | 17 | 2131 | 8700 | 898 | 143 | 1864 | 22 | 40 | 933 | 1490 | 193 | 22 | 2930 | 969 | 1545 | 2008 | 2383 |
| 113500 | 863 | 13 | 1794 | 213 | 118800 |  | 1436 | 1865 | 2217 | 41 | 934 | 1491 | 193 | 230 | 12940 | 970 | 1546 | 200 | 2385 |
| 113600 |  | 13 | 1796 | 21 | 118900 |  | 1437 | 1867 | 22 | 24200 | 535 | 1492 | 1938 | 2302 | 129500 | 97 | 1547 | 200 | 2386 |
| 113700 |  | 1383 | 1797 | 2136 | 119000 | 00 | 143 | 186 | 2220 | 124300 | 935 | 1493 | 1939 | 2304 | 129600 | 971 | 1548 | 2010 | 2388 |
| 113800 | 865 | 138 | 1798 | 2138 | 119100 | 901 | 143 | 1869 | 22 | 2440 | 936 | 1494 | 19 | 23 | 12970 | 972 | 1549 | 201 | 2389 |
| 113900 | 866 | 138 | 1800 | 2139 | 119200 | 901 | 144 | 18 | 22 | 2450 | 937 | 95 | 194 | 23 | 12980 | 972 | 1550 | 201 | 23 |
| 114000 | 866 | 138 | 1801 | 214 | 119300 | 902 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 2460 | 937 | 1496 | 1943 | 23 | 12990 | 973 | 1551 | 201 | 2392 |
| 114100 |  | 138 | 1802 | 214 | 94 |  | 144 | 18 | 22 | 470 |  |  | 19 |  | 3000 | 74 |  | 201 | 2394 |
| 114200 |  | 138 | 1804 | 214 | 11950 |  |  |  |  | 480 |  |  | 1946 | 231 | 3010 | 974 |  | 201 | 2396 |
| 11 |  | 1389 | 1805 | 2146 | 119600 |  |  |  | 2229 | 24900 |  |  | 1947 | 231 | 130200 | 975 |  | 201 | 2397 |
| 11 |  | 139 | 1806 | 21 | 119700 |  |  |  |  | 2500 |  | 1500 | 1948 | 2315 | 030 | 976 | 1555 | 20 | 9 |
| 11 | 870 | 139 | 18 | 21 | 119800 |  | 1446 |  | 223 | 12510 | 941 | 1501 | 1950 | 2316 | 130400 | 976 | 1556 | 2021 | 2400 |
| 114600 | 870 | 1392 | 1809 | 21 | 119900 | 06 | 1447 | 18 | 22 | 125200 | 941 | 150 | 195 | 231 | 130500 | 97 | 15 | 2022 | 2402 |
| 114700 |  | 13 | 1810 | 215 | 0000 |  | 1448 | 1881 |  | 53 |  |  | 1952 | 23 | 06 |  |  |  | 2404 |
| 114800 |  | 139 | 1812 | 21 | 120100 |  |  |  |  | 5400 |  |  |  |  | 3070 | 788 |  | 2025 | 2405 |
| 114900 |  | 139 |  | 215 | 20200 |  |  |  |  | 25500 |  |  |  |  | 3080 | 979 |  | 20 | 2407 |
| 115 | 873 | 13 |  | 21 | 120300 |  |  |  |  | 256 |  |  |  | 23 | 130900 | 980 | 15 | 2027 | 24 |
| 115100 | 874 | 1397 | 1816 | 215 | 12040 |  | 14 |  | 224 | 2570 |  | 15 | 1958 | 23 | 131000 | 980 |  | 2029 | 10 |
| 115200 | 874 | 1398 | 1817 | 2160 | 120500 | 910 | 145 | 18 | 224 | 2580 | 945 | 1509 | 1959 | 23 | 13110 | 98 | 15 | 203 |  |
| 115300 | 87 | 1399 | 1818 | 216 | 120600 |  | 14 |  | 224 | 125900 |  | 1510 | 19 | 232 | 131200 | 98 | 1565 | 203 | 2413 |
| 115 | 876 | 14 | 1820 | 216 | 120 | 11 | 45 | 189 | 224 | 12600 | 947 | 1511 | 19 | 233 | 13130 | 982 | 156 | 203 | 2415 |
| 115 | 877 | 1401 | 1821 | 2165 | 120800 | 912 | 145 | 189 | 224 | 126100 | 947 | 1512 | 19 | 2332 | 1400 | 983 | 156 | 20 | 2416 |
| 115600 | 877 | 14 | 182 | 2166 | 120900 |  | 145 | 189 | 225 | 126200 |  |  |  |  | 131 |  |  | 2035 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1316 |  |  | 2037 | 析 |
|  |  | 140 |  | 21 | 10 |  |  |  |  | 64 |  |  |  |  | 3170 | 985 | 1570 | 2038 | 2421 |
| 115 | 879 | 140 | 18 | 21 | 121200 |  | 1461 | 189 | 22 | 2650 | 950 | 1516 | 1968 | 2339 | 31800 | 986 |  | 20 | 2423 |
| 116 | 880 | 1406 | 1828 | 2172 | 1213 | 915 | 1462 | 1899 | 225 | 2660 | 951 | 1517 | 1970 | 234 | 131900 | 986 | 1572 | 2041 | 242 |
| 116100 | 881 | 408 | 18 | 217 | 14 | 916 | 1463 | 1900 | 22 | 2670 | 952 | 1518 | 1971 | 234 | 3200 | 087 |  | 2042 | 2426 |
| 116 | 881 | 1409 | 18 | 21 | 150 |  |  |  | 226 | 126800 |  |  |  |  | 13210 |  |  | 20 | 2427 |
| 116300 |  | 141 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12690 |  |  |  |  | 3220 |  |  | 20 | 2429 |
| 116400 |  | 141 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 700 |  |  |  |  | 32300 | 989 |  | 20 | 2430 |
| 116500 |  | 141 |  | 2180 | 180 |  |  |  |  | 1271 |  |  | 1976 | 234 | 32400 | 990 | 15 | 204 | 2432 |
| 116600 |  | 141 | 1836 | 2182 | 121900 |  | 14 | 1907 | 226 | 12720 |  | 1523 | 197 | 2350 | 132500 | 990 | 157 | 204 |  |
| 116 |  | 141 | 183 | 2184 | 122000 |  | 1469 |  |  |  |  |  | 1979 | 23 | 26 | 991 |  | 205 | 435 |
| 116800 | 885 | 1415 | 1838 | 2185 | 122100 | 921 | 147 |  | 226 |  |  |  | 1980 | 23 | 327 | 0 |  | 205 | 243 |
| 116900 | 886 | 1416 | 1840 | 2187 | 122200 |  | 147 |  | 227 | 127500 |  |  |  | 23 | 328 |  |  | 205 | 438 |
| 117000 | 887 | 1417 | 1841 | 2188 | 122300 |  | 147 | 19 | 227 | 2760 |  |  |  |  | 32900 |  |  | 205 | 2440 |
| 117100 | 887 | 1418 | 1842 | 2190 | 122400 |  | 147 | 191 |  | 1277 |  |  |  |  | 3300 |  |  | 205 | 2442 |
| 117200 | 888 | 1419 | 184 | 2191 | 12250 |  |  |  |  | 2780 |  |  |  |  | 133100 |  |  | 205 | 2443 |
| 117300 | 889 | 142 | , | 2193 | 2600 |  |  |  |  | 127900 |  |  |  | 236 | 133200 | 995 |  | 2058 | 2445 |
| 117400 |  | 14 | 1847 | 219 | 122700 |  | 1476 |  |  | 128000 | 960 | 1531 | 1988 | 2362 | 133300 | 996 | 158 | 2059 | 2446 |
| 117500 | 890 | 142 | 1848 | 2196 | 122800 |  | 14 | 1919 | 2280 | 128100 | 961 | 1533 | 1990 | 2364 | 133400 | 996 | 1588 | 206 | 2448 |
| 117600 | 891 | 142 | 1849 | 2198 | 122900 | 926 | 1478 | 1920 | 228 | 28200 | 962 | 1534 | 1991 | 236 | 133500 | 997 | 158 | 206 | 2449 |
| 117700 | 891 | 1424 | 1851 | 2199 | 123000 | 927 | 1479 | 1922 | 2283 | 8300 | 962 | 1535 | 1993 | 2367 | 133600 | 998 | 1590 | 206 | 2451 |
| 117800 | 892 | 1425 | 1852 | 2201 | 123100 | 927 | 1480 | 1923 | 228 | 128400 | 963 | 1536 | 1994 | 23 | 133700 | 998 |  | 2065 | 2453 |
| 117900 | 893 | 142 | 1853 | 220 | 123200 | 928 | 14 | 192 | 228 | 12850 |  | 1537 | 1995 |  | 1338 |  |  |  |  |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| 迷 | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) |  | o. of $N^{\text {bre }} d^{\prime}$ <br> 2 | Childre enfant <br> 3 | d/ <br> s <br> +4 <br> 24 |  |  | of $2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} .01 \\ & \mathrm{~N}^{\mathrm{bra}} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 33900 | 1000 | 1593 | 2068 | 2456 | 138 | 10 | 1636 | 2122 | 25 | 14 | 1055 | 1678 | 2177 | 2586 | 146200 | 1082 | 1721 | 2232 | 2650 |
| 134000 | 1000 | 1594 | 2069 | 2457 | 138100 | 1028 | 1637 | 2124 | 2522 | 14 | 1055 | 1679 | 2179 | 258 | 146300 | 1083 | 1722 | 2234 | 2652 |
| 134100 | 1001 | 1595 | 2070 | 2459 | 138200 | 1029 | 1638 | 2125 | 2524 | 142300 | 1056 | 1680 | 2180 | 258 | 146400 | 1083 | 1723 | 2235 | 2654 |
| 134200 | 1002 | 1596 | 2072 | 2461 | 138300 | 1029 | 1639 | 2126 | 2525 | 142400 | 1057 | 1681 | 2181 | 2590 | 146500 | 1084 | 1724 | 2236 | 2655 |
| 134300 | 1002 | 1597 | 2073 | 2462 | 138400 | 1030 | 1640 | 2128 | 2527 | 142500 | 1057 | 1683 | 2183 | 2592 | 146600 | 1085 | 1725 | 2238 | 2657 |
| 134400 | 1003 | 1598 | 2074 | 2464 | 138500 | 1031 | 1641 | 2129 | 2529 | 142600 | 1058 | 1684 | 2184 | 2594 | 146700 | 1085 | 1726 | 2239 | 2658 |
| 134500 | 1004 | 1599 | 2076 | 2465 | 138600 | 1031 | 1642 | 2130 | 2530 | 142700 | 1059 | 1685 | 2185 | 2595 | 146800 | 1086 | 1727 | 2240 | 2660 |
| 134600 | 1004 | 1600 | 2077 | 2467 | 138700 | 1032 | 1643 | 2132 | 2532 | 142800 | 1059 | 1686 | 2187 | 2597 | 146900 | 1087 | 1728 | 2242 | 2662 |
| 134700 | 1005 | 1601 | 2078 | 2468 | 138800 | 1033 | 1644 | 2133 | 2533 | 142900 | 1060 | 1687 | 2188 | 2598 | 147000 | 1087 | 1729 | 2243 | 2663 |
| 134800 | 1006 | 1602 | 2080 | 24 | 138900 | 1033 | 1645 | 2134 | 2535 | 143000 | 1061 | 1688 | 2189 | 2600 | 147100 | 1088 | 1730 | 2244 | 2665 |
| 134900 | 1006 | 1603 | 2081 | 24 | 139000 | 1034 | 1646 | 2136 | 253 | 143100 | 106 | 1689 | 2191 | 2601 | 147200 | 1089 | 1731 | 2246 | 2666 |
| 135000 | 1007 | 1604 | 2082 | 2473 | 139100 | 1035 | 1647 | 2137 | 2538 | 143200 | 1062 | 1690 | 2192 | 2603 | 147300 | 1089 | 1733 | 2247 | 2668 |
| 135100 | 1008 | 1605 | 2084 | 2475 | 139200 | 1035 | 1648 | 2138 | 2540 | 143300 | 1063 | 1691 | 2193 | 2605 | 147400 | 1090 | 1734 | 2248 | 2669 |
| 135200 | 1008 | 1606 | 2085 | 2476 | 139300 | 1036 | 1649 | 2140 | 2541 | 143400 | 1063 | 1692 | 2195 | 2606 | 147500 | 1091 | 1735 | 2250 | 2671 |
| 135300 | 1009 | 1608 | 2086 | 2478 | 139400 | 1037 | 1650 | 2141 | 2543 | 143500 | 1064 | 1693 | 2196 | 2608 | 147600 | 1091 . | 1736 | 2251 | 2673 |
| 135400 | 1010 | 1609 | 2088 | 2480 | 139500 | 1037 | 1651 | 2143 | 2544 | 143600 | 1065 | 1694 | 2197 | 2609 | 147700 | 1092 | 1737 | 2252 | 2674 |
| 135500 | 1010 | 1610 | 2089 | 2481 | 139600 | 1038 | 1652 | 2144 | 2546 | 143700 | 1065 | 1695 | 2199 | 2611 | 147800 | 1093 | 1738 | 2254 | 2676 |
| 135600 | 1011 | 1611 | 2090 | 2483 | 139700 | 1039 | 1653 | 2145 | 2548 | 143800 | 1066 | 1696 | 2200 | 2612 | 147900 | 1093 | 1739 | 2255 | 2677 |
| 135700 | 1012 | 1612 | 2092 | 2484 | 139800 | 1039 | 1654 | 2147 | 2549 | 143900 | 1067 | 1697 | 2201 | 2614 | 148000 | 1094 | 1740 | 2256 | 2679 |
| 135800 | 1012 | 1613 | 2093 | 2486 | 139900 | 1040 | 1655 | 2148 | 2551 | 144000 | 1067 | 1698 | 2203 | 2616 | 148100 | 1095 | 1741 | 2258 | 2681 |
| 135900 | 1013 | 1614 | 2094 | 248 | 140000 | 1 | 56 | 2149 | 2552 | 144100 | 1068 | 1699 | 2204 | 26 | 148200 | 1095 | 1742 | 2259 | 2682 |
| 136000 | 1014 | 1615 | 2096 | 2489 | 140100 | 1041 | 1658 | 2151 | 2554 | 144200 | 1069 | 1700 | 2205 | 2619 | 148300 | 1096 | 1743 | 2260 | 2684 |
| 136100 | 1014 | 1616 | 2097 | 2491 | 140200 | 1042 | 1659 | 2152 | 2556 | 144300 | 1069 | 1701 | 2207 | 2620 | 148400 | 1097 | 1744 | 2262 | 2685 |
| 136200 | 1015 | 1617 | 2098 | 2492 | 140300 | 1043 | 1660 | 2153 | 2557 | 144400 | 1070 | 1702 | 2208 | 2622 | 148500 | 1098 | 1745 | 2263 | 2687 |
| 136300 | 1016 | 1618 | 2100 | 2494 | 140400 | 1043 | 1661 | 2155 | 2559 | 144500 | 1071 | 1703 | 2209 | 2624 | 148600 | 1098 | 1746 | 2264 | 2688 |
| 136400 | 1016 | 1619 | 2101 | 2495 | 140500 | 1044 | 1662 | 2156 | 2560 | 144600 | 1071 | 1704 | 2211 | 2625 | 148700 | 1099 | 1747 | 2266 | 2690 |
| 136500. | 1017 | 1620 | 2102 | 2497 | 140600 | 1045 | 1663 | 2157 | 2562 | 144700 | 1072 | 1705 | 2212 | 2627 | 148800 | 1100 | 1748 | 2267 | 2692 |
| 136600 | 1018 | 1621 | 2104 | 2499 | 140700 | 1045 | 1664 | 2159 | 2563 | 144800 | 1073 | 1706 | 2214 | 2628 | 148900 | 1100 | 1749 | 2268 | 2693 |
| 136700 | 1018 | 1622 | 2105 | 2500 | 140800 | 1046 | 1665 | 2160 | 2565 | 144900 | 1073 | 1708 | 2215 | 2630 | 149000 | 1101 | 1750 | 2270 | 2695 |
| 136800 | 1019 | 1623 | 2106 | 2502 | 140900 | 1047 | 1666 | 2161 | 2567 | 145000 | 1074 | 1709 | 2216 | 2631 | 149100 | 1102 | 1751 | 2271 | 2696 |
| 136900 | 1020 | 1624 | 2108 | 2503 | 141000 | 1047 | 1667 | 2163 | 2568 | 45100 | 1075 | 1710 | 2218 | 33 | 149200 | 102 | 1752 | 2272 | 2698 |
| 137000 | 1020 | 1625 | 2109 | 2505 | 141100 | 1048 | 1668 | 2164 | 2570 | 145200 | 1075 | 1711 | 2219 | 2635 | 149300 | 1103 | 1753 | 2274 | 2700 |
| 137100 | 1021 | 1626 | 2110 | 2506 | 141200 | 1049 | 1669 | 2165 | 2571 | 145300 | 1076 | 1712 | 2220 | 2636 | 149400 | 1104 | 1754 | 2275 | 2701 |
| 137200 | 1022 | 1627 | 2112 | 2508 | 141300 | 1049 | 1670 | 2167 | 2573 | 145400 | 1077 | 1713 | 2222 | 2638 | 149500 | 1104 | 1755 | 2276 | 2703 |
| 137300 | 1023 | 1628 | 2113 | 2510 | 141400 | 1050 | 1671 | 2168 | 2575 | 145500 | 1077 | 1714 | 2223 | 2639 | 149600 | 1105 | 1756 | 2278 | 2704 |
| 137400 | 1023 | 1629 | 2114 | 2511 | 141500 | 1051 | 1672 | 2169 | 2576 | 145600 | 1078 | 1715 | 2224 | 2641 | 149700 | 1106 | 1758 | 2279 | 2706 |
| 137500 | 1024 | 1630 | 2116 | 2513 | 141600 | 1051 | 1673 | 2171 | 2578 | 145700 | 1079 | 1716 | 2226 | 2643 | 149800 | 1106 | 1759 | 2280 | 2707 |
| 137600 | 1025 | 1631 | 2117 | 2514 | 141700 | 1052 | 1674 | 2172 | 2579 | 145800 | 1079 | 1717 | 2227 | 2644 | 149900 | 1107 | 1760 | 2282 | 2709 |
| 137700 | 1025 | 1633 | 2118 | 2516 | 141800 | 1053 | 1675 | 2173 | 2581 | 145900 | 1080 | 1718 | 2228 | 2646 | 150000 | 1108 | 1761 | 2283 | 2711 |
| 137800 | 1026 | 1634 | 2120 | 2518 | 141900 | 1053 | 1676 | 2175 | 2582 | 146000 | 1081 | 1719 | 2230 | 2647 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1027 | 1635 | 2121 | 2519 | 142000 | 1054 | 1677 | 2176 | 2584 | 146100 | 1081 | 1720 | 2231 | 2649 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child/ un enfant | two chiidren/ deux enfants | three children/ trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1108 plus $0.67 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 1761 \text { plus } 1.04 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2283 \text { plus } 1.34 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \end{gathered}$ | 2711 plus 1.58\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1108 plus 0,67\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1761 plus 1,04\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2283 plus 1,34\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2711 plus 1,58\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées
1997

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bra}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Chlldren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 27900 | 200 | 345 | 461 | 553 | 33200 | 243 | 407 | 538 | 645 | 38500 | 285 | 469 | 616 | 737 | 43800 | 332 | 535 | 698 | 832 |
| 28000 | 201 | 346 | 462 | 555 | 3300 | 244 | 408 | 540 | 647 | 38600 | 286 | 470 | 618 | 738 | 43900 | 333 | 537 | 700 | 834 |
| 28100 | 202 | 347 | 464 | 557 | 33400 | 245 | 409 | 541 | 649 | 38700 | 287 | 472 | 619 | 740 | 44000 | 334 | 538 | 70 | 835 |
| 28200 | 203 | 349 | 465 | 559 | 33500 | 246 | 411 | 543 | 651 | 38800 | 288 | 473 | 621 | 742 | 44100 | 334 | 539 | 703 | 837 |
| 28300 | 204 | 350 | 467 | 561 | 33600 | 246 | 412 | 544 | 652 | 38900 | 289 | 474 | 622 | 744 | 44200 | 335 | 540 | 705 | 839 |
| 28400 | 204 | 351 | 469 | 562 | 33700 | 247 | 413 | 546 | 654 | 39000 | 290 | 475 | 624 | 745 | 44300 | 336 | 542 | 706 | 841 |
| 28500 | 205 | 352 | 470 | 564 | 33800 | 248 | 414 | 547 | 656 | 39100 | 291 | 476 | 625 | 747 | 44400 | 337 | 543 | 708 | 843 |
| 28600 | 206 | 354 | 472 | 566 | 3900 | 249 | 415 | 548 | 657 | 39200 | 291 | 477 | 627 | 749 | 44500 | 338 | 544 | 709 | 844 |
| 28700. | 207 | 355 | 473 | 568 | 4000 | 249 | 416 | 550 | 659 | 39300 | 292 | 479 | 628 | 751 | 44600 | 339 | 546 | 71 | 846 |
| 28800 | 208 | 356 | 475 | 570 | 34100 | 250 | 418 | 551 | 661 | 39400 | 293 | 480 | 630 | 752 | 44700 | 339 | 547 | 712 | 848 |
| 28900 | 209 | 357 | 476 | 572 | 4200 | 51 | 419 | 53 | 663 | 39500 | 294 | 481 | 631 | 754 | 44800 | 340 | 548 | 71 | 850 |
| 9000 | 210 | 35 | 478 | 574 | 34300 | 2 | 420 | 554 | 664 | 39600 | 295 | 482 | 633 | 756 | 44900 | 341 | 549 | 716 | 852 |
| 29100 | 210 | 360 | 480 | 576 | 4400 | 253 | 421 | 556 | 666 | 39700 | 296 | 483 | 634 | 758 | 45000 | 342 | 551 | 717 | 854 |
| 29200 | 211 | 361 | 481 | 578 | 4500 | 253 | 422 | 557 | 668 | 39800 | 297 | 485 | 636 | 759 | 45100 | 342 | 552 | 719 | 855 |
| 29300 | 212 | 362 | 483 | 580 | 34600 | 254 | 423 | 559 | 669 | 39900 | 297 | 486 | 637 | 761 | 45200 | 343 | 553 | 720 | 857 |
| 29400 | 213 | 364 | 484 | 582 | 34700 | 255 | 424 | 560 | 671 | 40000 | 298 | 487 | 639 | 763 | 45300 | 344 | 55 | 722 | 859 |
| 29500 | 214 | 365 | 486 | 583 | 34800 | 256 | 426 | 561 | 673 | 40100 | 299 | 488 | 640 | 765 | 45400 | 344 | 556 | 724 | 861 |
| 29600 | 215 | 366 | 487 | 585 | 34900 | 256 | 427 | 563 | 674 | 40200 | 300 | 490 | 642 | 767 | 4550 | 345 | 55 | 725 | 863 |
| 29700 | 216 | 367 | 489 | 587 | 35000 | 257 | 428 | 564 | 676 | 40300 | 301 | 491 | 643 | 768 | 4560 | 346 | 55 | 72 | 865 |
| 29800 | 216 | 36 | 490 | 589 | 35100 | 258 | 429 | 566 | 678 | 40400 | 302 | 492 | 645 | 770 | 45700 | 347 | 560 | 728 | 866 |
| 29900 | 217 | 370 | 492 | 590 | 35200 | 259 | 430 | 567 | 679 | 40500 | 303 | 493 | 647 | 772 | 45800 | 347 | 561 | 730 | 868 |
| 30000 | 218 | 371 | 493 | 592 | 35300 | 260 | 431 | 569 | 681 | 40600 | 304 | 495 | 648 | 774 | 45900 | 348 | 562 | 732 | 870 |
| 30100 | 219 | 372 | 494 | 594 | 35400 | 260 | 432 | 570 | 683 | 40700 | 304 | 496 | 650 | 776 | 46000 | 349 | 563 | 733 | 872 |
| 30200 | 219 | 373 | 496 | 595 | 35500 | 261 | 434 | 572 | 684 | 40800 | 305 | 497 | 651 | 777 | 46100 | 350 | 565 | 735 | 874 |
| 30300 | 220 | 374 | 497 | 597 | 35600 | 262 | 435 | 573 | 686 | 40900 | 306 | 498 | 653 | 779 | 46200 | 35 | 56 | 736 | 876 |
| 30400 | 221 | 375 | 498 | 599 | 35700 | 263 | 436 | 574 | 688 | 41000 | 307 | 500 | 65 | 781 | 46 | 351 | 567 | 73 | 878 |
| 30500 | 222 | 376 | 500 | 600 | 358 | 263 | 437 | 576 | 689 | 41100 | 308 | 50 | 656 | 783 | 46400 | 352 | 569 | 739 | 879 |
| 30600 | 22 | 377 | 501 | 60 | 35 | 264 | 438 | 577 | 691 | 41200 | 309 | 502 | 657 | 785 | 46500 | 353 | 570 | 741 | 881 |
| 30700 | 223 | 378 | 502 | 604 | 36000 | 265 | 439 | 579 | 693 | 41300 | 310 | 503 | 659 | 786 | 46600 | 353 | 571 | 743 | 883 |
| 30800 | 224 | 379 | 504 | 605 | 36100 | 266 | 441 | 580 | 695 | 41400 | 311 | 505 | 660 | 788 | 46700 | 354 | 572 | 744 | 885 |
| 30900 | 225 | 381 | 505 | 607 | 36200 | 267 | 442 | 582 | 696 | 41500 | 311 | 506 | 662 | 790 | 46800 | 355 | 574 | 746 | 887 |
| 31000 | 225 | 382 | 507 | 609 | 36300 | 68 | 443 | 583 | 698 | 41600 | 312 | 507 | 664 | 792 | 46900 | 355 | 575 | 747 | 889 |
| 31100 | 226 | 383 | 508 | 610 | 36400 | 268 | 44 | 585 | 700 | 41700 | 313 | 509 | 665 | 794 | 47000 | 356 | 576 | 749 | 890 |
| 31200 | 227 | 384 | 509 | 612 | 36500 | 269 | 445 | 586 | 702 | 41800 | 314 | 510 | 667 | 795 | 47100 | 357 | 577 | 751 | 892 |
| 31300 | 228 | 385 | 511 | 613 | 36600 | 270 | 447 | 588 | 703 | 41900 | 315 | 511 | 668 | 797 | 47200 | 358 | 578 | 752 | 894 |
| 31400 | 229 | 386 | 512 | 615 | 36700 | 271 | 448 | 589 | 705 | 42000 | 316 | 512 | 670 | 799 | 47300 | 358. | 579 | 754 | 896 |
| 31500 | 229 | 387 | 513 | 617 | 36800 | 272 | 449 | 591 | 707 | 42100 | 317 | 514 | 671 | 801 | 47400 | 359 | 580 | 755 | 898 |
| 31600 | 230 | 388 | 515 | 618 | 36900 | 272 | 450 | 592 | 709 | 42200 | 318 | 515 | 673 | 803 | 47500 | 360 | 582 | 757 | 900 |
| 31700 | 231 | 389 | 516 | 620 | 37000 | 273 | 451 | 594 | 710 | 42300 | 319 | 516 | 674 | 805 | 47600 | 361 | 583 | 759 | 902 |
| 31800 | 232 | 390 | 517 | 621 | 37100 | 274 | 452 | 595 | 712 | 42400 | 319 | 518 | 676 | 806 | 47700 | 361 | 584 | 760 | 903 |
| 31900 | 232 | 391 | 519 | 623 | 37200 | 275 | 454 | 597 | 714 | 42500 | 320 | 519 | 678 | 808 | 47800 | 362 | 585 | 762 | 905 |
| 32000 | 233 | 393 | 520 | 625 | 37300 | 276 | 455 | 598 | 716 | 42600 | 321 | 520 | 679 | 810 | 47900 | 363 | 586 | 763 | 907 |
| 32100 | 234 | 394 | 522 | 626 | 37400 | 276 | 456 | 600 | 717 | 42700 | 322 | 521 | 681 | 812 | 48000 | 364 | 587 | 765 | 909 |
| 32200 | 235 | 395 | 523 | 628 | 37500 | 277 | 457 | 601 | 719 | 42800 | 323 | 523 | 682 | 814 | 48100 | 364 | 588 | 766 | 911 |
| 32300 | 236 | 396 | 525 | 630 | 37600 | 278 | 458 | 603 | 721 | 42900 | 324 | 524 | 684 | 815 | 48200 | 365 | 590 | 768 | 913 |
| 32400 | 236 | 397 | 526 | 632 | 37700 | 279 | 460 | 604 | 723 | 43000 | 325 | 525 | 685 | 817 | 48300 | 366 | 591 | 770 | 914 |
| 32500 | 237 | 399 | 528 | 633 | 37800 | 280 | 461 | 606 | 724 | 43100 | 326 | 526 | 687 | 819 | 48400 | 366 | 592 | 771 | 916 |
| 32600 | 238 | 400 | 529 | 635 | 37900 | 280 | 462 | 607 | 726 | 43200 | 327 | 528 | 689 | 821 | 48500 | 367 | 593 | 773 | 918 |
| 32700 | 239 | 401 | 531 | 637 | 38000 | 281 | 463 | 609 | 728 | 43300 | 327 | 529 | 690 | 823 | 48600 | 368 | 594 | 774 | 920 |
| 32800 | 240 | 402 | 532 | 638 | 38100 | 282 | 464 | 610 | 730 | 43400 | 328 | 530 | 692 | 824 | 48700 | 369 | 595 | 776 | 922 |
| 32900 | 241 | 403 | 534 | 640 | 38200 | 283 | 466 | 612 | 731 | 43500 | 329 | 532 | 693 | 826 | 48800 | 369 | 596 | 77.8 | 924 |
| 33000 | 241 | 405 | 535 | 642 | 38300 | 284 | 467 | 613 | 733 | 43600 | 330 | 533 | 695 | 828 | 48900 | 370 | 598 | 779 | 925 |
| 33100 | 242 | 406 | 537 | 644 | 38400 | 285 | 468 | 615 | 735 | 43700 | 331 | 534 | 697 | 830 | 49000 | 371 | 599 | 781 | 927 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule
mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Income Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Palement mensue Palement(\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly AwardPalemen mensuel( $\$$ )Noif Children/Norre d'enfants. |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monthly Award } \\ & \text { Palement mensuel } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Chlldren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49100 | 372 | 600 | 782 | 929 | 54400 | 410 | 659 | 859 | 1022 | 59700 | 447 | 717 | 933 | 1110 |  | 65000 | 481 | 771 | 1003 | 1192 |
| 49200 | 372 | 601 | 784 | 931 | 54500 | 411 | 661 | 860 | 1024 | 5980 | 447 | 718 | 935 | 1112 | 65100 | 482 | 772 | 1004 | 119 |
| 49300 | 373 | 602 | 785 | 933 | 54600 | 411 | 662 | 862 | 1026 | 59900 | 448 | 719 | 936 | 1113 | 65200 | 482 | 773 | 1005 | 1195 |
| 49400 | 37 | 60 | 787 | 935 | 54700 | 412 | 663 | 863 | 1027 | 60000 | 449 | 720 | 937 | 1115 | 65300 | 483 | 774 | 1007 | 1197 |
| 49500 | 375 | 604 | 788 | 937 | 54800 | 413 | 664 | 865 | 1029 | 60100 | 449 | 721 | 939 | 1117 | 65400 | 484 | 775 | 1008 | 1198 |
| 49600 | 375 | 606 | 790 | 938 | 54900 | 414 | 665 | 866 | 1031 | 6020 | 450 | 722 | 940 | 1118 | 65500 | 484 | 776 | 100 | 1200 |
| 49700 | 376 | 607 | 791 | 940 | 55000 | 414 | 666 | 868 | 1033 | 60300 | 451 | 723 | 941 | 1120 | 65600 | 485 | 777 | 1010 | 1202 |
| 49800 | 377 | 608 | 793 | 942 | 55100 | 415 | 667 | 869 | 1034 | 6040 | 451 | 724 | 942 | 1121 | 65700 | 485 | 778 | 1012 | 1203 |
| 49900 | 378 | 609 | 794 | 944 | 5520 | 416 | 668 | 871 | 1036 | 6050 | 452 | 725 | 944 | 1123 | 65800 | 486 | 779 | 101 | 1205 |
| 50000 | 378 | 610 | 796 | 946 | 55300 | 16 | 670 | 872 | 1038 | 6060 | 453 | 726 | 945 | 1124 | 65900 | 487 | 780 | 101 | 1206 |
| 50100 | 379 | 611 | 797 | 948 | 5540 | 417 | 671 | 873 | 1039 | 6070 | 453 | 727 | 946 | 1126 | 660 | 487 | 781 | 101 | 120 |
| 50200. | 380 | 612 | 799 | 949 | 55500 | 418 | 672 | 875 | 1041 | 60800 | 454 | 728 | 948 | 1128 | 66100 | 488 | 782 | 1017 | 1209 |
| 50300 | 380 | 614 | 800 | 951 | 55600 | 418 | 673 | 876 | 1043 | 609 | 455 | 729 | 949 | 1129 | 662 | 488 | 83 | 101 | 1211 |
| 50400 | 381 | 615 | 801 | 953 | 55700 | 419 | 674 | 878 | 1044 | 61000 | 455 | 730 | 950 | 1131 | 66300 | 489 | 784 | 101 | 1212 |
| 50500 | 382 | 616 | 803 | 955 | 55800 | 420 | 675 | 879 | 1046 | 61100 | 456 | 731 | 952 | 1132 | 66400 | 490 | 785 | 102 | 1214 |
| 50600 | 383 | 617 | 804 | 957 | 55900 | 421 | 676 | 880 | 1048 | 61200 | 457 | 732 | 953 | 1134 | 66500 | 490 | 786 | 1022 | 1215 |
| 50700 | 383 | 618 | 806 | 958 | 56000 | 421 | 677 | 882 | 1049 | 61300 | 457 | 733 | 954 | 1135 | 66600 | 491 | 787 | 1023 | 1217 |
| 50800 | 384 | 619 | 807 | 960 | 56100 | 422 | 678 | 883 | 1051 | 61400 | 458 | 734 | 956 | 1137 | 66700 | 492 | 788 | 102 | 1218 |
| 50900 | 385 |  | 809 | 962 | 56200 | 423 | 679 | 885 | 1053 | 61500 | 459 | 736 | 957 | 1139 | 66800 | 492 | 789 | 102 | 1220 |
| 51000 | 385 | 621 | 810 | 964 | 56300 | 423 | 680 | . 886 | 1054 | 6160 | 459 | 737 | 958 | 1140 | 6690 | 493 | 790 | 102 | 122 |
| 5110 | 386 | 622 | 812 | 966 | 56400 | 424 | 681 | 887 | 1056 | 61700 | 460 | 738 | 960 | 1142 | 67000 | 494 | 791 | 1028 | 23 |
| 5120 | 387 | 624 | 813 | 968 | 56500 | 425 | 682 | 889 | 1058 | 61800 | 461 | 739 | 961 | 1143 | 67100 | 494 | 792 | 1030 | 1224 |
| 51300 | 388 | 625 | 814 | 969 | 56600 | 425 | 684 | 890 | 1059 | 61900 | 461 | 740 | 962 | 1145 | 67200 | 495 | 793 | 103 | 1226 |
| 51400 | 388 | 626 | 816 | 971 | 56700 | 426 | 685 | 892 | 1061 | 62000 | 462 | 741 | 964 | 1146 | 67300 | 495 | 794 | 103 | 1227 |
| 51500 | 389 | 627 | 817 | 973 | 56800 | 427 | 686 | 893 | 1063 | 62100 | 463 | 742 | 965 | 1148 | 67400 | 496 | 95 | 103 | 1229 |
| 51600 | 390 | 628 | 819 | 975 | 56900 | 427 | 687 | 894 | 1064 | 62200 | 463 | 743 | 966 | 1150 | 67500 | 497 | 796 | 103 | 1231 |
| 51700 | 390 | 629 | 820 | 976 | 57000 | 428 | 688 | 896 | 1066 | 62300 | 464 | 744 | 968 | 1151 | 6760 | 497 | 797 | 103 | 1232 |
| 51800 | 391 | 630 | 822 | 978 | 57100 | 429 | 689 | 897 | 1068 | 62400 | 465 | 745 | 969 | 1153 | 67700 | 498 | 798 | 1037 | 1234 |
| 51900 | 392 | 631 | 82 | 980 | 57200 | 429 | 690 | 899 | 1069 | 62500 | 465 | 746 | 970 | 1154 | 67800 | 499 | 799 | 1039 | 1235 |
| 52000 | 393 | 633 | 825 | 982 | 57300 | 430 | 691 | 900 | 1071 | 62600 | 466 | 747 | 972 | 1156 | 67900 | 499 | 800 | 1040 | 1237 |
| 52100 | 393 | 63 | 826 | 983 | 57400 | 431 | 692 | 901 | 1073 | 62700 | 467 | 748 | 973 | 115 | 68000 | 500 | 801 | 104 | 238 |
| 52200 | 394 | 635 | 827 | 985 | 57500 | 431 | 693 | 903 | 1074 | 62800 | 468 | 749 | 974 | 1159 | 68100 | 501 | 802 | 1043 | 1240 |
| 52300 | 395 | 636 | 829 | 987 | 57600 | 432 | 694 | 904 | 1076 | 62900 | 468 | 750 | 976 | 1161 | 68200 | 501 | 803 | 1044 | 1241 |
| 52400 | 396 | 637 | 830 | 988 | 57700 | 433 | 695 | 906 | 1078 | 63000 | 469 | 751 | 977 | 1162 | 68300 | 502 | 804 | 1045 | 1243 |
| 52500 | 396 | 638 | 832 | 990 | 57800 | 434 | 697 | 907 | 1079 | 63100 | 470 | 752 | 978 | 1164 | 68400 | 503 | 805 | 1047 | 1244 |
| 52600 | 397 | 639 | 833 | 992 | 57900 | 434 | 698 | 908 | 1081 | 63200 | 470 | 753 | 980 | 1165 | 68500 | 503 | 806 | 1048 | 1246 |
| 52700 | 398 | 640 | 835 | 993 | 58000 | 435 | 699 | 910 | 1082 | 63300 | 471 | 754 | 981 | 1167 | 68600 | 504 | 807 | 1049 | 1248 |
| 52800 | 398 | 642 | ¢ | 995 | 58100 | 436 | 700 | 911 | 1084 | 63400 | 472 | 755 | 983 | 1169 | 68700 | 505 | 808 | 1051 | 1249 |
| 52900 | 399 | 643 | 837 | 997 | 58200 | 36 | 701 | 913 | 1086 | 63500 | 472 | 756 | 984 | 1170 | 68800 | 505 | 809 | 1052 | 1251 |
| 53000 | 400 | 644 | 839 | 999 | 58300 | 437 | 702 | 914 | 1087 | 63600 | 473 | 757 | 985 | 1172 | 68900 | 506 | 810 | 105 | 1252 |
| 53100 | 401 | 645 | 840 | 1000 | 58400 | 438 | 703 | 915 | 1089 | 63700 | 473 | 758 | 986 | 1173 | 69000 | 507 | 811 | 105 | 1254 |
| 53200 | 401 | 646 | 842 | 1002 | 58500 | 438 | 704 | 917 | 1091 | 6380 | 474 | 759 | 988 | 1174 | 69100 | 507 | 812 | 105 | 1255 |
| 53300 | 402 | 647 | 843 | 1004 | 58600 | 439 | 705 | 918 | 1092 | 6390 | 475 | 760 | 989 | 1176 | 69200 | 508 | 813 | 105 | 1257 |
| 53400 | 403 | 648 | 845 | 1005 | 58700 | 40 | 706 | 920 | 1094 | 64000 | 475 | 761 | 990 | 1177 | 69300 | 509 | 814 | 105 | 1258 |
| 53500 | 403 | 649 | 846 | 1007 | 58800 | 440 | 707 | 921 | 1096 | 6410 | 476 | 762 | 991 | 1179 | 6940 | 509 | 815 | 106 | 1260 |
| 53600 | 404 | 650 | 848 | 1009 | 58900 | 44 | 708 | 922 | 1097 | 64200 | 476 | 763 | . 993 | 1180 | 69500 | 510 | 816 | 106 | 126 |
| 53700 | 405 | 652 | 849 | 1010 | 5900 | 442 | 710 | 924 | 109 | 6430 | 477 | 764 | 994 | 118 | 6960 | 541 | 117 | 106 | 126 |
| 53800 | 406 | 653 | 850 | 1012 | 59100 | 443 | 711 | 925 | 1101 | 64400 | 478 | 765 | 995 | 1183 | 69700 | 511 | 818 | 108 | 1265 |
| 53900 | 406 | 654 | 852 | 1014 | 59200 | 443 | 712 | 927 | 1102 | 64500 | 478 | 766 | 996 | 1185 | 69800 | 512 | 819 | 106 | 1266 |
| 54000 | 407 | 655 | 853 | 1016 | 59300 | 444 | 713 | 928 | 1104 | 64600 | 479 | 767 | 998 | 1186 | 69900 | 512 | 820 | 106 | 1268 |
| 54100 | 408 | 656 | 855 | 1017 | 59400 | 445 | 714 | 929 | 1106 | 64700 | 479 | 768 | 999 | 1188 | 70000 | 513 | 821 | 1068 | 1269 |
| 54200 | 408 | 657 | 856 | 1019 | 59500 | 445 | 715 | 931 | 1107 | 64800 | 480 | 769 | 1000 | 1189 | 70100 | 51 | 822 | 10 | 127 |
|  | 409 | 958 | 858 | 1021 | 59600 | 446 | 16 | 932 | 110 | 64900 |  | 770 | 1002 | 119 | 702 | 51 | 823 |  | 127 |

Note: This tabie shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (部 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. of Children/ } \\ & N^{\text {Dibe }} \text { d'enfants } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |
| 70300 | 515 | 824 | 1071 | 1274 | 5600 | 550 | 878 | 11 | 1356 | 80900 | 584 | 932 | 1210 | 1438 | 6200 | 619 | 986 | 1279 | 1519 |
| 70 | 516 | 825 | 10 | 1275 | 75700 | 55 | 879 | 1142 | 1357 | 1100 | 85 | 933 | 1211 | 1439 | 6300 | 620 | 987 | 128 | 1521 |
| 705 | 516 | 826 | 107 | 1277 | 5800 | 551 | 880 | 1143 | 1359 | 81100 | 586 | 934 | 1213 | 1441 | 6400 | 620 | 98 | 128 | 1523 |
| 70600 | 17 | 827 | 1075 | 1278 | 5900 | 52 | 881 | 1145 | 1360 | 81200 | 586 | 935 | 1214 | 1442 | 6500 | 621 | 989 | 1283 | 1524 |
| 70700 | 18 | 82 | 1077 | 1280 | 000 | 52 | 882 | 1146 | 1362 | 31300 | 587 | 936 | 1215 | 1444 | 6600 | 622 | 990 | 128 | 1526 |
| 70800 | 518 | 829 | 1078 | 12 | 6100 | 553 | 88 | 1147 | 1363 | 1400 | 588 | 937 | 1217 | 1445 | 6700 | 622 | 991 | 1286 | 1527 |
| 70900 | 19 | 830 | 1079 | 12 | 6200 |  | 884 | 1149 | 13 | 1500 | 588 | 938 | 1218 | 144 | 6800 | 623 | 99 | 12 | 1529 |
| 71000 | 520 | 831 | 1081 | 1285 | 6300 | 54 | 885 | 1150 | 1366 | 31600 | 589 | 939 | 1219 | 1448 | 86900 | 624 | 993 | 1288 | 1530 |
| 71100 | 520 | 832 | 1082 | 1286 | 76400 | 555 | 886 | 1151 | 1368 | 31700 | 590 | 940 | 1220 | 1450 | 87000 | 624 | 99 | 1290 | 1532 |
| 71200 | 521 | 833 | 083 | 1288 | 76500 | 556 | 887 | 1153 | 1370 | 81800 | 90 | 941 | 1222 | 1451 | 87100 | 625 | 995 | 1291 | 1533 |
| 71300 | 522 | 834 | 10 | 12 | 6600 | 56 | 888 | 1154 | 1371 | 81900 | 591 | 942 | 1223 | 1453 | 87200 | 626 | 996 | 12 | 1535 |
| 71400 | 522 | 835 | 1086 | 1291 | 76700 | 557 | 889 | 1155 | 1373 | 32000 | 592 | 943 | 12 | 1455 | 87300 | 626 | 997 | 129 | 1536 |
| 71500 | 523 | 836 | 10 | 1292 | 76800 | 558 | 890 | 1156 | 1374 | 82100 | 592 | 944 | 1226 | 1456 | 87400 | 27 | 998 | 1295 | 1538 |
| 71600 | 52 | 83 | 1088 | 12 | 6900 | 8 | 891 | 1158 | 1376 | 82200 | 593 | 945 | 1227 | 1458 | 77500 | 628 | 999 | 1296 | 1540 |
| 71700 | 524 | 838 | 1090 | 12 | 000 | 559 | 892 | 1159 | 13 | 2300 | 594 | 46 | 12 | 145 | 7600 | 628 | 100 | 1298 |  |
| 71800 | 525 | 839 |  | 12 | 100 | 60 | 893 | 1160 | 1379 | 2400 | 59 | 947 | 1230 | 146 | 770 | 629 | 100 | 12 | 1543 |
| 71900 | 526 | 84 | 1092 | 1298 | 77200 | 560 | 894 |  | 13 | 22500 | 595 | 948 |  | 146 | 7800 | 629 | 1002 | 130 | 1544 |
| 72000 | 526 | 841 | 1094 | 1300 | 77300 | 561 | 895 | 1163 | 1382 | 32600 | 595 | 949 | 1232 | 146 | 37900 | 630 | 1003 | 1302 | 1546 |
| 72100 | 527 | 842 | 1095 | 1302 | 77400 | 561 | 896 | 1164 | 1383 | 82700 | 596 | 950 | 1234 | 1465 | 88000 | 631 | 1004 | 1303 | 1547 |
| 72200 | 528 | 843 | 1096 | 13 | 77500 | 562 | 897 | 1166 | 1385 | 82800 | 597 | 951 | 1235 | 146 | 88100 | 631 | 1005 | 1304 | 1549 |
| 72 | 528 | 845 |  |  | 77600 |  | 898 |  |  | 82900 |  | 952 |  | 1468 | 8200 | 632 | 1006 | 1305 | 1550 |
| 72 | 529 | 84 | 1099 | 13 | 77700 | 63 | 899 | 1 | 13 | 83000 | 598 | 953 | 1237 | 仡 | 83 | 633 | 1007 | 13 | 1552 |
| 725 | 529 | 847 | 11 | 1308 | 77800 |  | 90 | 11 | 1390 | 83100 | 99 | 954 | 1239 | 14 | 88400 | 633 | 1008 | 1308 | 1553 |
| 72600 | 530 | 848 | 1102 | 1309 | 77900 | 565 | 901 | 1171 | 1391 | 83200 | 599 | 955 | 1240 | 1473 | 88500 | 634 | 1009 | 1309 | 1555 |
| 72700 | 531 | 849 | 1103 | 1311 | 78000 | 565 | 902 | 1172 | 1393 | 83300 | 600 | 956 | 1241 | 1475 | 88600 | 635 | 1010 | 131 | 1557 |
| 72800 | 531 | 850 | 1104 | 1312 | 78100 | 566 | 903 | 1173 | 1394 | 83400 | 601 | 957 | 1243 | 1476 | 88700 | 635 | 101 | 1312 | 1558 |
| 7290 | 532 | 851 | 1105 | 1314 | 78200 | 56 | 905 | 1175 | 1396 | 83500 | 601 | 958 | 1244 | 1478 | 88800 | 636 | 1012 | 1313 | 1560 |
| 730 | 533 | 852 | 1107 | 1315 | 78300 | 567 | 906 | 1176 | 1397 | 3600 | 602 | 959 | 1245 | 1479 | 88900 | 637 | 1013 | 1315 | 1561 |
| 73100 | 5 | 85 | 1108 | 13 | 78400 | 568 | 907 | 1177 | 1399 | 83700 | 603 | 960 |  | 1481 | 89000 | 637 | 1014 | 1316 | 1563 |
| 73200 | 534 | 85 | 1109 | 1319 | 78500 | 569 | 908 | 1179 | 1400 | 83800 | 603 | 961 | 1248 | 148 | 89100 | 638 | 1015 | 1317 | 1564 |
| 73300 | 535 | 855 |  | 1320 | 78600 | 69 | 909 | 1180 | 1402 | 33900 | 604 | 96 | 249 | 148 | 89200 | 639 | 1016 | 1319 | 1566 |
| 734 | 535 | -856 | 11 | 132 | 87 | 570 | 910 | 1181 | 140 | 800 | 605 | 96 | 1251 | 1485 | 89300 | 639 | 1017 | 132 | 1567 |
| 735 | 536 | 857 | 11 | 13 | 8800 | 571 | 911 | 1183 | 1405 | 8.100 | 605 |  | 1 | 1487 | 89400 | 40 | 10 | 13 | 1569 |
| 600 | 537 | 858 | 11 | 13 | 9900 | 571 | 912 | 118 | 1407 | 200 | 606 |  | 1253 | 1489 | 89500 | 641 | 1019 | 1322 | 1570 |
| 73700 | 53 | 859 |  |  | 79000 | 572 | 913 | 11 | 14 | 300 | 607 |  |  | 1490 | 39600 |  | 102 | 132 | 1572 |
| 73800 | 538 | 86 |  |  | 100 |  |  | 11 | 1410 | 4400 |  |  |  | 1492 | 89700 | 642 | 102 | 132 | 1574 |
| 73900 | 539 | 861 | 1119 | 1329 | 79200 | 57.3 | 915 | 11 | 1411 | 84500 | 608 | 969 | 12 | 1493 | 89800 | 643 | 102 | 1326 | 1575 |
| 74000 | 539 | 862 | 112 | 1331 | 79300 | 4 | 916 | 11 | 1413 | 84600 | 609 | 970 | 12 | 1495 | 89900 | 64 | 1023 | 1328 | 1577 |
| 74100 | 540 | 863 | 1121 | 1332 | 79400 | 575 | 917 | 1190 | 1414 | 84700 | 609 | 971 | 1260 | 1496 | 90000 | 64 | 1024 | 1329 | 1578 |
| 74200 | 541 | 864 | 1122 | 1334 | 79500 | 575 | 918 | 1192 | 1416 | 84800 | 610 | 972 | 1261 | 1498 | 90100 | 645 | 102 | 1330 | 1580 |
| 74300 | 541 | 865 | 1124 | 1336 | 79600 | 576 | 91 | 119 | 1417 | 4900 | 611 | 973 |  | 1499 | 0200 |  |  |  |  |
| 74400 | 542 | 866 | 1125 | 1337 | 700 | 577 | 920 | 119 | 1419 | 5000 | 611 |  |  |  | 0300 |  |  |  | 1583 |
| 74500 | 543 | 867 | 112 | 13 | 9800 |  |  |  | 142 | 5100 |  | 975 |  | 1502 | 90400 | 646 | 102 | 1334 | 1584 |
| 74600 | 54 | 868 | 1 | 13 | 79900 | 578 | 922 | 11 | 1422 | 85200 | 612 | 976 | 1266 | 1504 | 90500 | 647 | 1030 | 1336 | 1586 |
| 74700 | 544 | 869 | 112 | 1342 | 80000 | 578 | 923 | 1198 | 1424 | 85300 | 613 | 977 | 1268 | 1506 | 90600 | 648 | 103 | 1337 | 1587 |
| 74800 | 545 | 870 | 1130 | 1343 | 80100 | 579 | 924 | 1200 | 1425 | 85400 | 614 | 978 | 1269 | 1507 | 90700 | 648 | 1032 | 1338 | 1589 |
| 74900 | 545 | 871 | 1132 | 1345 | 80200 | 580 | 925 | 1201 | 1427 | 85500 | 614 | 979 | 1270 | 1509 | 90800 | 649 | 1033 | 1339 | 1591 |
| 75000 | 546 | 872 | 1133 | 1346 | 80300 | 580 | 926 | 1202 | 1428 | 85600 | 615 | 980 | 1271 | 1510 | 90900 | 650 | 103 | 1341 | 1592 |
| 75100 | 546 | 873 | 1134 | 1348 | 80400 | 581 | 927 | 1203 | 1430 | 85700 | 616 | 981 | 1273 | 1512 | 91000 |  |  | 1342 | 594 |
| 75200 | 547 | 874 | 1136 | 1349 | 80500 | 582 | 928 | 1205 | 1431 | 85800 | 616 | 982 | , | 1513 | 1100 | 651 |  | 134 | 1595 |
| 75300 | 548 | 875 | 1137 | 1351 | 80600 | 582 | 929 | 1206 | 14 | 5900 | 617 | 983 |  | 1515 | 91200 | 652 | 1037 | 134 | 1597 |
| 75400 | 548 | 876 | 1138 | 1353 | 80700 | 583 | 930 | 12 | 1434 | 6000 | 618 | 984 | 1277 | 1516 | 91300 | 652 | 1038 | 1346 | 1598 |
| 75500 | 549 | 877 | 1138 |  | 80800 | 584 |  | 1209 | 1436 | 86100 | 61 | 985 | 1278 | 1518 | 91400 | 653 | 1039 | 1347 | 1600 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministere de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/Palement mensuel(\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Childrén $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 9150 | 654 | 1040 | 1349 | 160 | 96800 | 688 | 1094 | 1418 | 1683 | 102100 | 23 | 148 | 487 | 1765 | 10740 | 758 | 201 | 55 | 847 |
| 91 | 654 | 1041 | 1350 | 1603 | 690 | 689 | 95 | 1419 | 1685 | 102200 | 724 | 1149 | 148 | 1767 | 10750 | 758 | 1202 | 1558 | 1849 |
| 91700 | 655 | 1042 | 1351 | 1604 | 7000 | 690 | 96 | 1421 | 1686 | 102300 | 724 | 1150 | 1490 | 1768 | 107600 | 75 | 1203 | 1559 | 1850 |
| 91800 | 656 | 1043 | 1353 | 1606 | 7100 | 90 | 1097 | 1422 | 1688 | 102400 | 725 | 1151 | 1491 | 1770 | 107700 | 760 | 1204 | 1560 | 1852 |
| 91900 | 56 | 1044 | 135 | 1608 | 7200 | 691 | 1098 | 1423 | 1689 | 102500 | 726 | 1152 | 1492 | 177 | 107800 | 760 | 1205 | 1562 | 1853 |
| 92000 | 657 | 10 | 1355 | 1609 | 7300 | 692 | 1099 | 1424 | 1691 | 102600 | 726 | 1153 | 1494 | 1773 | 107900 | 76 | 1207 | 1563 | 1855 |
| 92100 | 658 | 1046 | 135 | 16 | 400 | 692 | 0 | 1426 | 1692 | 102700 | 27 | 1154 | 1495 | 1774 | 08000 | 762 | 208 |  | 1856 |
| 92200 | 658 | 1047 | 13 | 1612 | 97500 | 693 | 1101 | 142 | 169 | 102800 | 728 | 1155 | 149 | 177 | 108100 | 76 | 1209 | 1566 | 1858 |
| 92300 | 659 | 1048 | 13 | 14 | 97600 | 694 | 1102 | 1428 | 1696 | 102900 | 728 | 1156 | 1498 | 1777 | 108200 | 763 | 1210 | 1567 | 1859 |
| 92400 | 660 | 1049 | 1360 | 1615 | 97700 | 69 | 1103 | 1430 | 1697 | 103000 | 729 | 1157 | 149 | 1779 | 108300 | 763 | 121 | 156 | 61 |
| 92500 | 660 | 1050 | 136 | 1617 | 97800 | 695 | 04 | 1431 | 1699 | 103100 | 729 | 1158 | 1500 | 17 | 108400 | 76 | 1212 | 1570 | 1862 |
| 92600 | 661 | 1051 | 13 | 1618 | 97900 | 696 | 1105 | 1432 | 1700 | 03200 | 730 | 1159 | 02 | 178 | 8500 | 765 | 1213 | 1571 | 1864 |
| 92700 | 662 | 10 | 1364 | 16 | 98000 | 696 | 1106 | 1434 | 1702 | 103300 | 731 | 1160 | 1503 | 1784 | 108600 | 765 | 1214 | 1572 | 1866 |
| 92800 | 662 | 1053 | 136 | 1621 | 100 | 697 | 1107 | 143 | 170 | 103400 | 731 | 1161 | 15 | 17 | 108700 | 766 | 1215 | 1573 | 1867 |
| 92900 | 663 | 1054 | 136 | 1623 | 98200 | 697 | 08 | 1436 | 1705 | 103500 | 732 | 1162 | 1505 | 178 | 108800 | 76 | 1216 | 1575 | 1869 |
| 93000 | 663 | 1055 | 1368 | 1625 | 98300 | 698 | 1109 | 1438 | 1706 | 103600 | 733 | 1163 | 1507 | 1788 | 108900 | 767 | 1217 | 1576 | 1870 |
| 93100 | 664 | 1056 | 1370 | 1626 | 98400 | 699 | 1110 | 1439 | 1708 | 103700 | 733 | 1164 | 1508 | 1790 | 109000 | 768 | 1218 | 1577 | 1872 |
| 93200 | 665 | 1057 | 1371 | 1628 | 98500 | 699 | 1111 | 1440 | 1709 | 103800 | 734 | 1165 | 1509 | 1791 | 109100 | 769 | 1219 | 1579 | 1873 |
| 93300 | 665 | 1058 | 137 | 1629 | 860 | 700 | 1112 | 1441 | 1711 | 103900 | 735 | 1166 | 1511 | 1793 | 109200 | 769 | 1220 | 1580 | 1875 |
| 93400 | 666 | 1059 | 1373 | 1631 | 98700 | 701 | 1113 | 43 | 1713 | 04000 | 735 | 1167 | 1512 | 1794 | 109300 | 77 | 1221 | 1581 | 1876 |
| 93 | 667 | 1060 | 13 | 1632 | 98800 | 701 | 1114 | 1444 | 1714 | 104100 | 736 | 1168 | 1513 | 1796 | 109400 | 77 | 2 | 1583 | 1878 |
| 93600 | 667 | 1061 | 137 | 16 | 98900 | 702 | 1115 | 1445 | 17 | 104200 | 737 | 1 | 1515 | 17 | 109500 | 77 | 23 | 15 | 1879 |
| 93700 | 668 | 1062 | 1377 | 1635 | 99000 | 703 | 1116 | 1447 | 1717 | 104300 | 737 | 1170 | 1516 | 1799 | 109600 | 772 | 1224 | 1585 | 1881 |
| 93800 | 669 | 1063 | 1379 | 1637 | 99100 | 703 | 1117 | 1448 | 1719 | 104400 | 738 | 1171 | 1517 | 180 | 109700 | 773 | 1225 | 1587 | 1883 |
| 93900 | 669 | 1064 | 1380 | 1638 | 200 | 704 | 118 | 1449 | 1720 | 104500 | 739 | 172 | 1519 | 1802 | 109800 | 77 | 1226 | 1588 | 1884 |
| 94000 | 670 | 1065 | 13 | 1640 | 99300 | 705 | 19 | 1451 | 1722 | 104600 | 739 | 1173 | 1520 | 804 | 109900 | 77 | 1227 | 1589 | 1886 |
| 941 | 671 | 10 | 13 | 16 | 99400 | 705 | 1120 | 14 | 1723 | 10470 | 740 | 1174 | 1521 | 1805 | 11000 | 775 | 1228 | 1590 | 1887 |
| 94 | 67 | 10 | 13 | 16 | 99500 | 706 | 1121 | 1453 | 1725 | 104800 | 741 |  | 15 | 180 | 110100 | 775 | 1229 | 2 | 1889 |
| 94300 | 672 | 1068 | 1385 | 1645 | 99600 | 707 | 122 | 145 | 1726 | 104900 |  | 117 | 1524 | 1808 | 110200 | 776 | 1230 | 1593 | 1890 |
| 94400 | - | 1069 | 1387 |  | 99700 | 707 | 1123 | 1456 | 1728 | 105000 | 742 | 1 | 1525 | 181 | 110300 | 777 | 123 | 1594 | 1892 |
| 94500 | 673 | 1070 | 1388 | 48 | 99800 | 708 | 124 | 45 | 73 | 105100 | 743 | 1178 | 152 | 181 | 110400 | 77 | 12 | 5 | 1893 |
| 94600 | 674 | 1071 | 1389 | 16 | 99900 | 709 | 5 | 1458 | 1731 | 105200 | 743 | 1179 | 152 | 1813 | 10500 | 778 | 1233 | 1597 | 1895 |
| 94700 | 675 | 1072 | 1390 | 16 | 100000 | 709 | 1126 | 1460 | 1733 | 105300 |  | 1180 | 15 | 18 | 1060 | 779 |  | 1598 | 1896 |
| 94800 | 675 | 1073 | 1392 | 16 | 100100 | 710 | 1127 | 14 | 1734 | 105400 | 745 |  |  | 18 | 110700 | 779 | 1235 | 1600 | 1898 |
| 94900 | 676 | 1074 | 13 | 1654 | 100200 | 711 | 1128 | 1462 | 1736 | 105500 | 745 | 1182 | 1532 | 1818 | 110800 | 78 | 1 |  | 1900 |
| 95000 | 677 | 1075 | 1394 | 1655 | 100300 | 711 | 11 | 146 | 1737 | 105600 | 746 | 1183 | 1533 | 181 | 110900 | 78 | 1237 | 160 | 1901 |
| 95100 | 677 | 1076 | 1396 | 1657 | 100400 | 712 | 1130 | 1465 | 1739 | 105700 | 746 | 1184 | 1534 | 1821 | 111000 | 78 | 1238 | 160 | 1903 |
| 95200 | 678 | 1077 | 1397 | 1658 | 100500 | 712 | 1131 | 1466 | 1740 | 105800 | 747 | 1185 | 1536 | 1822 | 111100 | 782 | 1239 | 16 | 1904 |
| 95300 | 679 | 1078 | 1398 | 1660 | 100600 | 713 | 1132 | 1468 | 1742 | 105900 | 48 | 1186 | 153 | 1824 | 111200 | 782 | 124 | 16 | 1906 |
| 95400 | 679 | 1079 | - | 166 | 100700 | 714 | 11 | 146 | 1743 | 106000 | 748 | 1187 | 1538 | 182 | 111300 | 783 |  |  | 1907 |
| 95500 | 680 | 1080 | 14 | 166 | 100800 | 714 | 1134 | 1470 | 1745 | 106100 | 749 | 118 | 1539 | 182 | 111400 | 78 | 1242 | 16 | 1909 |
| 95600 | 680 | 1081 | 1402 | 1665 | 100900 | 715 | 11 | 1472 | 1747 | 106200 | 750 | 1189 | 1541 | 1828 | 111500 | 78 | 1243 | 16 | 1910 |
| 95700 | 681 | 1082 | 1404 | 1666 | 101000 | 716 | 1136 | 1473 | 1748 | 106300 | 750 | 1190 | 1542 | 1830 | 111600 | 785 | 124 | 161 | 1912 |
| 95800 | 682 | 1083 | 1405 | 1668 | 101100 | 716 | 1137 | 1474 | 1750 | 106400 | 751 | 1191 | 1543 | 1832 | 111700 | 786 | 1245 | 1613 | 1913 |
| 95900 | 682 | 1084 | 1406 | 1669 | 101200 | 717 | 1138 | 1475 | 1751 | 106500 | 752 | 1192 | 1545 | 1833 | 111800 | 786 | 1246 | 1614 | 1915 |
| 96000 | 683 | 1086 | 1407 | 1671 | 101300 | 718 | 1139 | 1477 | 1753 | 106600 | 752 | 1193 | 1546 | 1835 | 111900 | 787 | 1247 | 1615 | 1917 |
| 96100 | 684 | 1087 | 1409 | 1672 | 101400 | 718 | 1140 | 1478 | 1754 | 106700 | 753 | 1194 | 1547 | 1836 | 112000 | 788 | 1248 | 1617 | 1918 |
| 96200 | 684 | 1088 | 1410 | 1674 | 101500 | 719 | 1141 | 1479 | 1756 | 106800 | 75 | 1195 | 15 | 183 | 112100 | 788 | 1249 | 1 | 1920 |
| 96300 | 685 | 1089 | 1411 | 1675 | 101600 | 720 | 11 | 148 | 175 | 106900 | 75 | 119 | 155 | 1839 | 112200 | 789 | 1250 | 61 | 1921 |
| 96400 | 686 | 1090 | 1413 | 1677 | 101700 | 720 | 1143 | 1482 | 1759 | 107000 | 755 | 1197 | 1551 | 1841 | 112300 | 790 | 1251 | 162 | 1923 |
| 96500 | 686 | 1091 | 1414 | 1679 | 101800 | 721 | 1144 | 1483 | 1760 | 107100 | 756 | 1198 | 1553 | 1842 | 112400 | 790 | 1252 | 1622 | 1924 |
| 96600 | 687 | 1092 | 1415 | 1680 | 101900 | 722 | 1145 | 1485 | 1762 | 107200 | 756 | 1199 | 1554 | 1844 | 112500 | 791 | 1253 | 1623 | 1926 |
| 96700 | 688 | 1093 | 1417 | 1682 | 102000 | 722 | 1147 | 1486 | 1764 | 107300 | 757 | 1200 | 1555 | 1845 | 112600 | 792 | 125 | 162 | 1927 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables MONTANTS fédéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

1997

| Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award! Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ | Monthly AwardI Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Chlidren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu ( $丶$ | No. of Chlldren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 |  | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 112700 | 79 | 12 | 16 | 19 | 118000 | 827 | 130 | 169 | 201 | 123300 | 862 | 1363 | 1764 | 209 | 0 | 896 | 1417 | 1834 | 5 |
| 1 | 79 | 12 | 16 | 19 |  |  |  |  | 20 | 23 | 2 | 13 | 1766 | 209 | 128700 | 7 | 1418 | 1835 | 2176 |
| 112900 | 79 | 12 | 16 | 19 | 118200 | 828 | 13 | 16 | 20 | 23500 |  | 13 | 1767 | 2096 | 28800 | 7 | 1419 | 1836 | 2178 |
| 113000 | 79 | 125 | 1630 | 1934 | 118300 | 8 | 13 | 16 | 20 | 123600 | 863 | 13 | 1768 | 2097 | 128900 | 898 | 1420 | 1838 | 2179 |
| 113100 | 795 | 12 | 1631 | 1935 | 118400 | 830 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 23 | 864 | 13 | 1770 | 2099 | 129000 | 899 | 1421 | 1839 | 2181 |
| 113200 | 796 | 1260 | 1632 | 1937 | 118500 | 830 | 1314 | 17 | 2018 | 1238 | 865 | 13 |  | 2100 | 129100 | 9 | 1422 | 1840 | 2182 |
| 113300 | 796 | 1261 | 1634 | 1938 | 118600 | 831 | 1315 | 1703 | 2020 | 12390 | 865 | 1369 | 1772 | 2102 | 129200 | 0 | 1423 | 1841 | 2184 |
| 113400 | 797 | 1262 | 1635., | 1940 | 118700 | 831 | 1316 | 1704 | 2022 | 124000 | 866 | 1370 | 1774 | 2103 | 129300 | 901 | 1424 | 1843 | 2185 |
| 113500 | 797 | 1263 | 1636 | 1941 | 118800 | 832 | 1317 | 1706 | 2023 | 124100 | 7 | 1371 | 1775 | 2105 | 129400 | 901 | 1425 | 1844 | 2187 |
| 113600 | 798 | 1264 | 1638 | 1943 | 118900 | 833 | 1318 | 1707 | 2025 | 124200 | 867 | 1372 | 1776 | 2107 | 129500 | 201 | 1426 | 1845 | 2188 |
| 113700 | 799 | 12 | 1639 | 19 | 119000 | 833 | 13 | 17 | 2026 | 4300 | 8 | 1373 | 7 | 2 | 129600 | 3 | 7 | 1847 | 2190 |
| 113800 | 79 | 12 | 16 | 19 | 119100 |  | 13 | 17 | 2028 | 2440 | 9 | 13 | 1779 | 2110 | 29700 | 3 | 1428 | 1848 | 2192 |
| 113900 | 800 | 1268 | 164 | 1947 | 119200 | 83 | 132 |  | 2029 | 450 | 869 | 13 | 80 | 2 | 129800 | 904 | 1429 | 1849 | 2193 |
| 114000 | 801 | 1269 | 1643 | 1949 | 1193 | 835 | 1322 | 17 | 203 | 2460 | 870 | 137 | 1 | 2113 | 129900 | 5 | 1430 | 1851 | 2195 |
| 114100 | 801 | 1270 | 1644 | 1951 | 119400 | 836 | 1323 | 1713 | 2032 | 12470 | 871 | 13 | 1783 | 2114 | 130000 | 505 | 1431 | 1852 | 2196 |
| 114200 | 802 | 1271 | 1645 | 1952 | 119500 | 837 | 1324 | 17 | 203 | 12480 | 871 | 1378 | 1784 | 2116 | 130100 | , | 1432 | 1853 | 2198 |
| 114300 | 803 | 1272 | 1647 | 1954 | 119600 | 837 | 1325 | 1716 | 2035 | 124900 | 87 | 1379 | 1785 | 2117 | 130200 | 907 | 1433 | 1855 | 2199 |
| 114400 | 803 | 1273 | 1648 | 1955 | 119700 | 838 | 1326 | 1717 | 2037 | 125000 | 873 | 1380 | 1787 | 2119 | 130300 | 907 | 1434 | 1856 | 2201 |
| 114500 | 804 | 12 | 1649 | 1957 | 119800 | 839 | 1328 | 1719 | 2039 | 125100 | 873 | 138 | 88 | 2120 | 130400 | 908 | 1435 | 1857 | 2202 |
| 114600 | $805{ }^{\circ}$ | 1275 | 1651 | 1958 | 119900 | - 839 | 1329 | 1720 | 2040 | 125200 | 874 | 1382 | 1789 | 2122 | 130500 | 9 | 1436 | 58 | 2204 |
|  | 8 | 12 | 1652 | 1960 | 00 |  | 1330 | 1721 | 2042 | 125300 | 875 | 1383 | 1 | 2124 |  | 909 | 7 | 0 | 2205 |
| 114800 | 806 | 1277 | 1653 | 19 | 120100 | 84 | 1331 | 17 | 2043 | 25400 | 875 | 138 | 2 | 2125 | 30700 | 0 | 38 | 1861 | 2207 |
| 114900 | 807 | 1278 | 1655 | 1963 | 120200 | 84 | 1332 | 1724 | 2045 | 2550 | 87 | 1385 | 1793 | 21 | 130800 | 911 | 1439 | 1862 | 2209 |
| 115000 | 807 | 1279 | 1656 | 1964 | 120300 | 842 | 1333 | 1725 | 2046 | 25600 | 87 | 1386 | 1794 | 2128 | 130900 | 911 | 1440 | 1864 | 2210 |
| 115100 | 808 | 1280 | 1657 | 1966 | 120400 | 843 | 1334 | 1726 | 2048 | 125700 | 87 | 1388 | 1796 | 2130 | 131000 | 12 | 1441 | 1865 | 2212 |
| 115200 | 809 | 1281 | 1658 | 1968 | 0500 | 843 | 1335 | 1728 | 2049 | 12580 | 878 | 1389 | 1797 | 2131 | 131100 | 3 | 1442 | 1866 | 2213 |
| 115300 | 809 | 1282 | 1660 | 1969 | 0600 | 84 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 5950 | 9 | 1390 | 1798 | 2133 | 131200 | 3 | 1443 | 1868 | 2215 |
| 115400 | 810 | 1283 | 1661 | 1971 | 070 | 845 | 13 | 17 | 2052 | 6000 | 9 | 139 | 1800 | 213 | 131300 | 914 | 1444 | 1869 | 2216 |
| 115500 | 811 | 1284 | 1662 | 1972 | 120800 | 84 | 13 | 17 | 2054 | 6100 | 80 | 139 | 1801 | 2136 | 131400 | 914 | 1445 | 1870 | 2218 |
| 115600 | 811 | 1285 | 1664 | 1974 | 120900 | 846 | 1339 | 1733 | 2056 | 126200 | 0 | 1393 | 1802 | 2137 | 131500 | 5 | 1446 | 1872 | 2219 |
| 115700 | 812 | 1286 | 16 | 19 | 121000 |  |  |  |  | 126300 |  |  | 4 | 2139 | 1600 | 6 | 47 | 1873 | 2221 |
| 115800 | 813 | 1287 | 1666 | 1977 | 121100 | 8 | 1341 |  |  | 26400 | 2 | 13 | 05 |  | 31700 | 6 | 49 | 1874 | 2222 |
| 115900 | 813 | 1288 | 1668 | 1978 | 121200 | 848 | 1342 | 1737 | 2060 | 26500 | 2 | 139 | 06 | 2 | 131800 | 917 | 1450 | 1875 | 2224 |
| 116000 | 814 | 1289 | 1669 | 1980 | 121300 | 848 | 1343 | 1738 | 2062 | 126600 | 883 | 1397 | 1807 | 2144 | 131900 | 918 | 145 | 1877 | 2226 |
| 116100 | 814 | 1290 | 1670 | 1981 | 121400 | 849 | 1344 | 1740 | 2063 | 126700 | 884 | 1398 | 1809 | 2145 | 32000 | 8 | 1452 | 1878 | 2227 |
| 116200 | 815 | 1291 | 1672 | 1983 | 121500 | 850 | 1345 | 1741 | 2065 | 126800 | 884 | 1399 | 1810 | 2147 | 132100 | 9 | 1453 | 1879 | 2229 |
| 116300 | 816 | 1292 | 1673 | 1985 | 121600 | 85 | 1346 | 1742 | 2066 | 126900 | 885 | 1400 | 1811 | 2148 | 132200 | 920 | 45 | 188 | 2230 |
| 116400 | 816 | 1293 | 1674 | 1986 | 121700 | 85 | 1347 | 1743 | 2068 | 127000 | 886 | 1401 | 1813 | 2150 | 132300 | 920 | 1455 | 1882 | 2232 |
| 116500 | 817 | 1294 | 1675 | 1988 | 121800 | 852 | 1348 | 1745. | 2069 | 127100 | 886 | 1402 | 14 | 51 | 132400 | 921 | 1456 | 1883 | 2233 |
| 116600 | 818 | 1295 | 1677 | 1989 | 121900 | 852 | 1349 | 1746 | 2071 | 127200 | 887 | 1403 | 1815 | 2153 | 132500 | 2 | 1457 | 1885 | 2235 |
| 116700 | 818 | 1296 | 1678 | 1991 | 2000 | 853 | 1 |  |  | 27300 |  |  | 1817 | 2154 | 600 | 2 | 58 | 886 | 2236 |
| 116800 | 819 | 1297 | 1679 | 1992 | 22100 | 85 | 1351 | 1749 | 2 | 7400 | 88 | 140 | 1818 | 56 | 132700 | 23 | 59 | 188 | 2238 |
| 116900 | 820 | 1298 | 1681 | 1994 | 122200 | 85 | 1352 | 1750 | 2076 | 27500 | 89 | 1406 | 1819 | 58 | 132800 | 92 | 1460 | 1889 | 2239 |
| 117000 | 820 | 1299 | 1682 | 1995 | 122300 | 855 | 1353 | 1751 | 77 | 27600 | 890 | 14 | 1821 | 2159 | 132900 | 924 | 1461 | 1890 | 2241 |
| 117100 | 821 | 1300 | 1683 | 1997 | 22400 | 856 | 1354 | 1753 | 2079 | 127700 | 890 | 1408 | 1822 | 2161 | 133000 | 5 | 1462 | 1891 | 2243 |
| 117200 | 822 | 1301 | 1685 | 1998 | 122500 | 856 | 1355 | 1754 | 2080 | 127800 | 891 | 1409 | 1823 | 2162 | 133100 | 926 | 1463 | 1892 | 2244 |
| 117300 | 822 | 1302 | 1686 | 2000 | 122600 | 857 | 1356 | 1755 | 2082 | 127900 | 892 | 1410 | 1824 | 2164 | 133200 | 926 | 1464 | 1894 | 2246 |
| 117400 | 823 | 1303 | 1687 | 2001 | 122700 | 858 | 1357 | 1757 | 2083 | 128000 | 892 | 1411 | 1826 | 2165 | 133300 | 927 | 1465 | 1895 | 2247 |
| 117500 | 824 | 1304 | 1689 | 2003 | 122800 | 858 | 1358 | 1758 | 2085 | 28100 | 893 | 1412 | 1827 | 2167 | 133400 | 928 | 1466 | 1896 | 2249 |
| 117600 | 824 | 1305 | 1690 | 2005 | 122900 | 859 | 1359 | 1759 | 2086 | 128200 | 894 | 1413 | 1828 | 2168 | 133500 | 928 | 1467 | 1898 | 2250 |
| 117700 | 825 | 1306 | 1691 | 2006 | 123000 | 860 | 1360 | 1760 | 2088 | 128300 | 894 | 1414 | 1830 | 2170 | 133600 | 929 | 1468 | 1899 | 2252 |
| 117800 | 826 | 1307 | 1692 | 2008 | 123100 | 860 | 1361 | 1762 | 2090 | 128400 | 895 | 1415 | 1831 | 2171 | 133700 | 930 | 1469 | 1900 | 2253 |
| 117900 | 826 | 1308 | 1694 | 2009 | 123200 | 861 | 1362 | 1763 | 2091 | 128500 | 896 | 1416 | 1832 | 2173 | 133800 | 930 | 1470 | 1902 | 2255 |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { No. of Children } / \\ \mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }} \text { denfants } \\ \hline 14[2 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 133900 | 931 | 1471 | 1903 | 2256 | 138000 | 958 | 13 | 1957 | 2320 | 142100 | 984 | 1554 | 2010 | 2383 | 146200 | 101 | 1596 | 06 | 2446 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 138100 | 958 | 1514 | 1958 | 232 | 1422 | 985 | 1555 | 2011 | 23 | 146300 | 1012 | 1597 | 06 | 2448 |
| 134100 |  |  |  |  | 138200 | 959 | 1515 |  | 232 |  | 986 | 1556 | 2013 | 23 | 146400 | 101 | 1598 | 2066 | 2450 |
| 134200 | 933 |  |  |  | 300 | 960 | 1516 |  | 232 |  | 986 | 1557 | 2014 | 238 | 14650 | 1013 | 1599 | 2068 | 2451 |
| 134300 | 933 | 1475 | 1908 | 22 | 迷 |  |  |  | 232 | 2500 |  |  | 2015 |  | 146600 | 101 | 1600 | 2069 | 245 |
| 134400 | 34 | 1476 | 1909 | 22 | 138500 | 961 | 1518 | 1963 | 232 | 142600 | 988 | 1559 | 2017 | 23 | 146700 | 1014 | 1601 | 20 | 2454 |
| 134500 | 35 | 1477 | 1911 | 226 | 38600 | 962 | 15 | 1964 | 2329 | 142700 | 988 | 1560 | 20 | 23 | 146800 | 1015 | 1602 | 20 | 2456 |
| 134600 | 935 | 1478 | 1912 | 226 | 138700 | 962 | 1520 | 19 | 23 | 14 | 989 | 15 | 201 | 239 | 146900 | 1016 | 1603 | 2073 | 2457 |
| 134 | 936 | 14 | 13 | 22 | 138800 | 963 | 1521 | 1967 | 233 | 142900 | 990 | 1562 | 2021 | 2395 | 14700 | 1016 | 1604 | 2074 | 459 |
| 134800 |  | 1480 | 1915 | 2270 | 138900 | 964 | 1522 | 1968 | 233 | 143000 | 990 | 15 | 2022 | 239 | 147100 | 01 | 1605 | 2076 | 2460 |
| 134900 | 937 | 1481 | 19 | 2272 | 139000 |  | 1523 | 1970 | 233 | 1431 |  |  | 2023 | 239 | 1472 | 1018 |  | 2077 | 2462 |
| 35000 | 938 | 1482 | 1917 | 2273 | 139100 | 965 | 1524 | 1971 | 233 | 143200 | 992 | 1565 | 2025 | 2400 | 147300 | 1018 |  | 2078 | 2463 |
| 100 | 939 | 1483 | 1919 | 2275 | 139200 | 965 | 1525 | 1972 | 233 | 143300 | 992 | 1566 | 202 | 24 | 147400 | 1019 | 1608 | 2079 | 2465 |
| 135200 | 939 | 14 | 1920 | 2277 | 139300 | 966 | 526 | 974 | 2340 | 143 | 993 | 1567 | 2027 | 24 | 147 | 1020 | 1609 | 2081 | 2467 |
| 135300 | 940 | 1485 | 192 | 2278 | 139400 | 967 | 1527 | 1975 | 234 | 143500 | 994 | 1569 | 2028 | 24 | 147600 | 1020 | 16 | 208 | 2468 |
| 135400 |  | 14 | 1923 | 228 | 39500 | 967 | 1528 | 1976 | 2343 | 143600 | 994 | 1570 | 2030 | 240 | 14770 | 102 | 161 | 208 | 2470 |
| 135500 |  | 14 | 1924 | 22 | 139600 | 968 | 1529 | 1977 | 2345 | 143 | 99 | 157 | 2031 | 240 | 147800 | 02 | 1612 | 208 | 2471 |
| 135 |  | 14 | 1925 | 228 | 139700 |  |  | 1979 | 234 | 43800 | 996 | 1572 | 03 | 240 | 7900 | 102 | 1613 | 08 | 2473 |
| 135700 | 943 | 148 | 1926 | 22 | 139800 | 969 |  | 1980 | 234 | 143900 | 996 | 1573 | 2034 | 24 | 148000 | 102 | 16 | 208 | 247 |
| 135800 | 943 | 1490 | 1928 |  | 39900 | 70 |  |  | 23 | 144000 | 997 | 1574 | 20 | 24 | 14810 | 1024 | 16 | 2089 | 2476 |
| 135900 |  | 1491 | 1929 | 228 | 00 | 971 |  |  |  |  | 998 | 1575 | 20 | 24 |  | 102 |  | 2090 | 2477 |
| 136000 | 945 | 1492 | 1930 | 2289 | 140100 | 971 | 1534 | 1984 | 235 | 144200 | 998 | 1576 | 20 | 241 | 14830 | 1025 | 1617 | 209 | 24 |
| 136100 | 945 | 1493 | 1932 | 2290 | 140200 | 972 | 1535 | 1985 | 235 | 144300 | 999 | 1577 | 203 | 241 | 148 | 102 | 1618 | 209 | 248 |
| 136 | 946 | 14 | 1933 | 22 | 40300 | 973 |  |  | 235 | 144400 | 99 | 1578 | 2040 | 241 | 1485 | 102 | 161 | 209 | 2482 |
| 1363 | 947 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 144500 | 1000 |  | 2042 | 242 | 148600 | 102 | 162 | 20 | 248 |
| 136 | 947 | 14 |  | 22 | 140500 |  |  |  |  | 60 |  |  |  | 24 | 487 | 102 | 16 | 209 | 248 |
| 136 | 948 | 149 | 19 | 229 | 140600 |  |  |  |  | 144700 | 1001 |  |  |  | 14880 | 1028 | 16 | 2098 | 248 |
| 136 | 948 | 14 | 1938 | 229 | 140700 | 975 |  | 1992 | 236 | 1 | 1002 |  | 2045 | 24 | 14890 | 1029 | 1623 | 209 | 2488 |
| 136700 | 949 |  | 1940 | 230 | 140800 | 976 | 1541 | 1993 | 2363 | 14 | 100 | 1583 | 2047 | 24 | 149000 | 1030 |  | 2100 | 2490 |
| 136800. | 950 | 1500 | 1941 | 2301 | 140900 | 977 | 1542 |  | 236 | 145000 | 1003 | 584 | 2048 | 242 | 910 | 1030 | 1625 | 2102 | 2491 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 145100 | 1004 |  | 2049 | 24 | 4920 | 103 | 1626 | 210 | 2493 |
| 137000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5200 | 1005 |  | 205 | 24 | 14930 | 03 | 1627 | 210 | 2 |
| 13 | 95 | 1503 |  | 230 | 141200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 205 | 24 |  | 1032 | 162 | 210 | 2496 |
| 137200 | 952 | 15 | 1 | 230 | 141300 |  |  |  | 237 | 145400 | 1006 |  | 2053 |  | 149500 | 103 | 1630 | 2107 | 2497 |
| 137300 | 953 | 1505 | 1947 | 2309 | 14 | 980 | 1547 | 2001 | 237 | 14 | 1007 | 1589 | 20 | 24 | 149600 | 1033 | 1631 | 2108 | 2499 |
| 00 | 954 | 1506 | 1949 | 231 | 1500 | 981 | 1548 | 2002 | 237 | 145600 | 1007 | 1590 | 2056 | 243 | 149700 | 10 | 1632 | 2109 | 25 |
|  | 954 | 1507 | 1950 | 2312 | 1600 | 981 | 154 | 2004 | 2375 | 145700 | 1008 | 1591 | 2057 | 2439 | 149800 | 1035 | 1633 | 211 | 250 |
| 137 | 955 | 1509 | 1951 | 2314 | 41700 | 982 | 1550 | 2005 | 237 | 145800 | 1009 | 1592 | 2059 | 2440 | 149900 | 1035 | 163 | 2112 | 250 |
|  |  | 15 | 19 | 23 | 800 | 982 | 硅 | 2006 | 23 | 145900 | 1009 | 1593 | 2060 | 2442 | 1500 | 103 | 1635 | 211 | 2505 |
| 137 | 956 | 15 | 195 | 23 | 141900 |  | 1552 | 2008 | 23 | 146000 | 1010 | 159 | 2061 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 957 |  | 1955 | 2318 | 142000 | 984 | 1553 | 2009 | 2382 | 1 | 1011 | 1595 | 20 | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child $/$ un enfant | two children/ deux enfants | three chiidren/ trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1036 plus $0.65 \%$ of income ver $\$ 150,000$ | 1635 plus 1.02\% of income over \$150,000 | 2113 plus 1.31\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2505 plus 1.55\% of income over \$150,000 |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1036 plus 0,65\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1635 plus 1,02\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2113 plus $1,31 \%$ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2505 plus 1,55\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu (\$) |  | of C | hildren |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\%$ |  |  |  |  | $0.0 \mathrm{of}$ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{brac}} \mathrm{c}$ |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 111 | 173 | 195 | 217 | 17300 | 136 | 252 | 345 | 399 | 22600 | 185 | 323 | 432 | 522 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12100 | 111 | 176 | 198 | 220 | 17400 | 136 | 253 | 346 | 402 | 22700 | 187 | 324 | 434 | 524 |
| 6900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12200 | 111 | 178 | 201 | 224 | 17500 | 137 | 254 | 347 | 405 | 22800 | 188 | 326 | 436 | 527 |
| 7000 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 12300 | 111 | 181 | 204 | 228 | 17600 | 138 | 255 | 349 | 408 | 22900 | 189 | 327 | 438 | 529 |
| 7100 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12400 | 111 | 184 | 208 | 231 | 17700 | 138 | 256 | 350 | 411 | 23000 | 190 | 329 | 440 | 532 |
| 7200 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 12500 | 112 | 187 | 211 | 235 | 17800 | 139 | 257 | 352 | 415 | 23100 | 191 | 331 | 443 | 534 |
| 7300 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 12600 | 112 | 190 | 214 | 238 | 17900 | 140 | 257 | 353 | 418 | 23200 | 192 | 332 | 445 | 536 |
| 7400 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 12700 | 113 | 192 | 217 | 242 | 18000 | 141 | 258 | 354 | 421 | 23300 | 193 | 334 | 447 | 539 |
| 7500 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 12800 | 114 | 195 | 220 | 246 | 18100 | 142 | 259 | 356 | 424 | 23400 | 194 | 336 | 449 | 541 |
| 7600 | 22 | 26 | 29 | 33 | 12900 | 114 | 198 | 224 | 249 | 18200 | 143 | 260 | 357 | 427 | 23500 | 195 | 337 | 451 | 543 |
| 7700 | 25 | 29 | 33 | 37 | 13000 | 115 | 201 | 227 | 253 | 18300 | 144 | 261 | 358 | 430 | 23600 | 197 | 339 | 453 | 546 |
| 7800 | 29 | 33 | 37 | 42 | 13100 | 115 | 203 | 230 | 257 | 18400 | 145 | 262 | 360 | 434 | 23700 | 198 | 341 | 455 | 548 |
| 7900 | 32 | 37 | 42 | 46 | 13200 | 116 | 206 | 233 | 260 | 18500 | 145 | 263 | 361 | 437 | 23800 | 199 | 342 | 457 | 551 |
| 8000 | 35 | 40 | 46 | 51 | 13300 | 117 | 209 | 236 | 264 | 18600 | 146 | 264 | 362 | 440 | 23900 | 200 | 344 | 459 | 553 |
| 8100 | 38 | 44 | 50 | 56 | 13400 | 117 | 212 | 240 | 267 | 18700 | 147 | 265 | 364 | 443 | 24000 | 201 | 345 | 461 | 555 |
| 8200 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 | 13500 | 118 | 213 | 243 | 271 | 18800 | 148 | 266 | 365 | 446 | 24100 | 202 | 347 | 463 | 558 |
| 8300 | 45 | 52 | 58 | 65 | 13600 | 119 | 214 | 246 | 275 | 18900 | 149 | 268 | 366 | 448 | 24200 | 203 | 349 | 465 | 560 |
| 8400 | 48 | 55 | 62 | 69 | 13700 | 119 | 215 | 249 | 278 | 19000 | 150 | 269 | 368 | 450 | 24300 | 204 | 350 | 467 | 562 |
| 8500 | 52 | 59 | 66 | 74 | 13800 | 120 | 216 | 252 | 282 | 19100 | 151 | 271 | 369 | 451 | 24400 | 206 | 352 | 469 | 565 |
| 8600 | 55 | 63 | 71 | 78 | 13900 | 120 | 218 | 256 | 285 | 19200 | 152 | 272 | 371 | 453 | 24500 | 207 | 354 | 471 | 567 |
| 8700 | 58 | 66 | 75 | 83 | 14000 | 121 | 219 | 259 | 289 | 19300 | 152 | 273 | 372 | 455 | 24600 | 208 | 355 | 473 | 570 |
| 8800 | 62 | 70 | 79 | 87 | 14100 | 122 | 220 | 262 | 293 | 19400 | 153 | 275 | 373 | 457 | 24700 | 209 | 357 | 475 | 572 |
| 8900 | 65 | 74 | 83 | 92 | 14200 | 122 | 221 | 265 | 296 | 19500 | 154 | 276 | 375 | 458 | 24800 | 210 | 358 | 477 | 574 |
| 9000 | 68 | 78 | 87 | 97 | 14300 | 123 | 222 | 268 | 300 | 19600 | 155 | 277 | 376 | 460 | 24900 | 211 | 360 | 479 | 577 |
| 9100 | 72 | 81 | 91 | 101 | 14400 | 123 | 224 | 271 | 303 | 19700 | 156 | 279 | 377 | 462 | 25000 | 212 | 362 | 481 | 579 |
| 9200 | 75 | 85 | 95 | 106 | 14500 | 124 | 225 | 275 | 307 | 19800 | 157 | 280 | 379 | 464 | 25100 | 213 | 363 | 483 | 581 |
| 9300 | 78 | 89 | 100 | 110 | 14600 | 125 | 226 | 278 | 311 | 19900 | 158 | 281 | 380 | 465 | 25200 | 215 | 365 | 485 | 584 |
| 9400 | 81 | 93 | 104 | 115 | 14700 | 125 | 227 | 281 | 314 | 20000 | 159 | 283 | 382 | 467 | 25300 | 216 | 367 | 487 | 586 |
| 9500 | 85 | 96 | 108 | 119 | 14800 | 126 | 228 | 284 | 318 | 20100 | 160 | 284 | 384 | 469 | 25400 | 217 | 368 | 489 | 588 |
| 9600 | 88 | 100 | 112 | 124 | 14900 | 127 | 229 | 287 | 321 | 20200 | 160 | 286 | 386 | 470 | 25500 | 218 | 370 | 491 | 591 |
| 9700 | 91 | 104 | 116 | 128 | 15000 | 127 | 231 | 291 | 325 | 20300 | 161 | 287 | 387 | 472 | 25600 | 219 | 371 | 493 | 593 |
| 9800 | 95 | 107 | 120 | 133 | 15100 | 128 | 232 | 293 | 328 | 20400 | 162 | 288 | 389 | 474 | 25700 | 220 | 373 | 495 | 596 |
| 9900 | 98 | 111 | 124 | 138 | 15200 | 128 | 233 | 296 | 331 | 20500 | 163 | 290 | 391 | 476 | 25800 | 221 | 375 | 498 | 598 |
| 10000 | 101 | 115 | 128 | 142 | 15300 | 128 | 233 | 299 | 335 | 20600 | 164 | 291 | 393 | 477 | 25900 | 222 | 376 | 500 | 600 |
| 10100 | 103 | 117 | 131 | 146 | 15400 | 129 | 234 | 302 | 338 | 20700 | 165 | 292 | 394 | 479 | 26000 | 224 | 378 | 501 | 603 |
| 10200 | 106 | 120 | 135 | 149 | 15500 | 129 | 235 | 305 | 341 | 20800 | 166 | 294 | 396 | 481 | 26100 | 225 | 379 | 503 | 605 |
| 10300 | 108 | 123 | 138 | 153 | 15600 | 130 | 236 | 307 | 344 | 20900 | 167 | 295 | 398 | 482 | 26200 | 226 | 381 | 505 | 607 |
| 10400 | 110 | 126 | 142 | 157 | 15700 | 130 | 237 | 310 | 347 | 21000 | 167 | 296 | 400 | 484 | 26300 | 227 | 382 | 507 | 609 |
| 10500 | 110 | 129 | 145 | 161 | 15800 | 130 | 238 | 313 | 351 | 21100 | 169 | 298 | 402 | 487 | 26400 | 228 | 384 | 509 | 611 |
| 10600 | 110 | 132 | 148 | 164 | 15900 | 131 | 239 | 316 | 354 | 21200 | 170 | 300 | 404 | 489 | 26500 | 229 | 386 | 511 | 614 |
| 10700 | 110 | 135 | 152 | 168 | 16000 | 131 | 240 | 318 | 357 | 21300 | 171 | 301 | 406 | 491 | 26600 | 230 | 387 | 513 | 616 |
| 10800 | 110 | 138 | 155 | 172 | 16100 | 131 | 241 | 321 | 360 | 21400 | 172 | 303 | 408 | 494 | 26700 | 231 | 389 | 515 | 618 |
| 10900 | 110 | 141 | 158 | 176 | 16200 | 132 | 242 | 324 | 363 | 21500 | 173 | 305 | 410 | 496 | 26800 | 232 | 390 | 517 | 620 |
| 11000 | 110 | 144 | 162 | 180 | 16300 | 132 | 243 | 327 | 367 | 21600 | 174 | 306 | 412 | 498 | 26900 | 233 | 392 | 519 | 622 |
| 11100 | 111 | 147 | 165 | 183 | 16400 | 133 | 244 | 330 | 370 | 21700 | 175 | 308 | 414 | 501 | 27000 | 234 | 393 | 520 | 625 |
| 11200 | 111 | 150 | 168 | 187 | 16500 | 133 | 245 | 332 | 373 | 21800 | 176 | 310 | 416 | 503 | 27100 | 235 | 395 | 522 | 627 |
| 11300 | 111 | 153 | 172 | 191 | 16600 | 133 | 245 | 335 | 376 | 21900 | 178 | 311 | 418 | 506 | 27200 | 236 | 396 | 524 | 629 |
| 11400 | 111 | 156 | 175 | 195 | 16700 | 134 | 246 | 337 | 379 | 22000 | 179 | 313 | 420 | 508 | 27300 | 237 | 398 | 526 | 631 |
| 11500 | 111 | 159 | 179 | 198 | 16800 | 134 | 247 | 338 | 383 | 22100 | 180 | 314 | 422 | 510 | 27400 | 238 | 399 | 528 | 633 |
| 11600 | 111 | 162 | 182 | 202 | 16900 | 134 | 248 | 339 | 386 | 22200 | 181 | 316 | 424 | 513 | 27500 | 238 | 401 | 530 | 636 |
| 11700 | 111 | 165 | 185 | 206 | 17000 | 135 | 249 | 341 | 389 | 22300 | 182 | 318 | 426 | 515 | 27600 | 239 | 402 | 532 | 638 |
| 11800 | 111 | 167 | 188 | 210 | 17100 | 135 | 250 | 342 | 392 | 22400 | 183 | 319 | 428 | 517 | 27700 | 240 | 404 | 534 | 640 |
| 11900 | 111 | 170 | 192 | 213 | 17200 | 136 | 251 | 343 | 395 | 22500 | 184 | 321 | 430 | 520 | 27800 | 241 | 405 | 536 | 642 |

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Childrenl $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childrent$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bere }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathbf{N r}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 2 | 31 | 4 |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |
| 27900 | 242 | 407 | 538 | 644 | 33200 | 282 | 473 | 625 | 746 | 38500 | 322 | 536 | 706 | 846 | 43800 | 365 | 602 | 791 | 946 |
| 28000 | 243 | 408 | 539 | 647 | 3300 | 283 | 474 | 627 | 748 | 8600 | 323 | 537 | 708 | 848 | 43900 | 366 | 603 | 793 | 948 |
| 28100 | 244 | 410 | 541 | 649 | 33400 | 284 | 475 | 628 | 750 | 38700 | 324 | 538 | 710 | 850 | 44000 | 366 | 604 | 794 | 950 |
| 28200 | 245 | 411 | 543 | 651 | 33500 | 84 | 477 | 630 | 752 | 38800 | 325 | 539 | 711 | 852 | 44100 | 367 | 605 | 796 | 952 |
| 28300 | 245 | 413 | 545 | 653 | 33600 | 285 | 478 | 632 | 754 | 38900 | 326 | 541 | 713 | 853 | 44200 | 368 | 607 | 798 | 954 |
| 28400 | 246 | 414 | 547 | 655 | 33700 | 286 | 479 | 633 | 756 | 39000 | 326 | 542 | 714 | 855 | 44300 | 369 | 608 | 799 | 956 |
| 28500 | 247 | 416 | 549 | 658 | 33800 | 287 | 480 | 635 | 757 | 39100 | 327 | 543 | 716 | 857 | 44400 | 370 | 609 | 801 | 958 |
| 28600 | 248 | 418 | 551 | 660 | 33900 | 287 | 481 | 636 | 759 | 39200 | 328 | 544 | 717 | 859 | 44500 | 370 | 610 | 802 | 959 |
| 28700 | 249 | 419 | 553 | 662 | 34000 | 288 | 482 | 638 | 761 | 39300 | 329 | 545 | 719 | 861 | 44600 | 371 | 612 | 804 | 961 |
| 28800 | 250 | 421 | 555 | 664 | 34100 | 289 | 483 | 639 | 763 | 39400 | 329 | 547 | 720 | 863 | 44700 | 372 | 613 | 806 | 963 |
| 28900 | 251 | 422 | 556 | 666 | 34200 | 290 | 485 | 641 | 765 | 39500 | 330 | 548 | 722 | 864 | 44800 | 373 | 614 | 807 | 965 |
| 29000 | 252 | 424 | 558 | 669 | 4300 | 290 | 86 | 642 | 767 | 39600 | 331 | 549 | 724 | 866 | 44900 | 374 | 615 | 809 | 967 |
| 29100 | 253 | 425 | 560 | 671 | 34400 | 291 | 487 | 644 | 769 | 39700 | 332 | 550 | 725 | 868 | 45000 | 374 | 617 | 810 | 969 |
| 29200 | 253 | 427 | 562 | 673 | 34500 | 292 | 488 | 645 | 771 | 39800 | 333 | 552 | 727 | 870 | 45100 | 375 | 618 | 812 | 971 |
| 29300 | 254 | 428 | 564 | 675 | 34600 | 293 | 489 | 647 | 773 | 39900 | 333 | 553 | 728 | 872 | 45200 | 376 | 619 | 81 | 973 |
| 29400 | 255 | 430 | 566 | 678 | 34700 | 293 | 490 | 648 | 774 | 40000 | 334 | 554 | 730 | 874 | 45300 | 37 | 620 | 815 | 975 |
| 29500 | 256 | 431 | 568 | 680 | 34800 | 294 | 492 | 650 | 776 | 40100 | 35 | 555 | 731 | 876 | 45400 | 378 | 622 | 817 | 977 |
| 29600 | 257 | 433 | 570 | 682 | 34900 | 5 | 493 | 6 | 左 | 40200 | \% | 556 | 733 | 878 | 45500 | 378 | 623 | 818 | 978 |
| 29700 | 258 | 434 | 571 | 684 | 35000 | 6 | 494 | 653 | 780 | 40300 | 337 | 558 | 735 | 879 | 45600 | 379 | 624 | 820 | 980 |
| 29800 | 258 | 435 | 573 | 685 | 35100 | 296 | 495 | 654 | 782 | 40400 | 337 | 559 | 736 | 881 | 45700 | 380 | 625 | 822 | 982 |
| 29900 | 259 | 436 | 574 | 687 | 35200 | 297 | 496 | 656 | 784 | 40500 | 338 | 560 | 738 | 883 | 45800 | 38 | 27 | 823 | 984 |
| 30000 | 260 | 438 | 576 | 689 | 35300 | 298 | 497 | 657 | 786 | 40600 | 339 | 561 | 739 | 88 | 45900 | 38 | 628 | 825 | 986 |
| 30100 | 260 | 439 | 577 | 691 | 35400 | 299 | 499 | 659 | 788 | 40700 | 340 | 563 | 741 | 887 | 46000 | 382 | 629 | 827 | 988 |
| 30200 | 261 | 440 | 579 | 692 | 35500 | 299 | 500 | 660 | 790 | 40800 | 341 | 64 | 743 | 889 | 46100 | 383 | 630 | 828 | 990 |
| 30300 | 262 | 441 | 580 | 694 | 35600 | 300 | 501 | 662 | 791 | 40900 | 341 | 565 | 744 | 891 | 46200 | 384 | 632 | 830 | 992 |
| 30400 | 262 | 442 | 582 | 696 | 35700 | 301 | 502 | 663 | 793 | 41000 | 342 | 567 | 746 | 893 | 46300 | 385 | 633 | 831 | 994 |
| 30500 | 263 | 443 | 583 | 697 | 35800 | 302 | 503 | 665 | 795 | 41100 | 343 | 568 | 748 | 895 | 46400 | 386 | 63 | 833 | 996 |
| 30600 | 264 | 444 | 585 | 699 | 35900 | 302 | 504 | 666 | 797 | 41200 | 344 | 569 | 749 | 897 | 46500 | 38 | 635 | 835 | 998 |
| 30700 | 264 | 445 | 586 | 701 | 36000 | 303 | 506 | 668 | 799 | 41300 | 345 | 570 | 751 | 898 | 46600 | 387 | 637 | 836 | 999 |
| 30800 | 265 | 446 | 588 | 703 | 36100 | 304 | 507 | 669 | 801 | 41400 | 345 | 572 | 752 | 900 | 46700 | 388 | 638 | 838 | 1001 |
| 30900 | 266 | 447 | 589 | 704 | 36200 | 305 | 50 | 67 | 803 | 41500 | 346 | 573 | 754 | 902 | 46800 | 389 | 639 | 839 | 1003 |
| 31000 | 266 | 449 | 591 | 706 | 36300 | 305 | 509 | 672 | 805 | 41600 | 347 | 574 | 756 | 904 | 46900 | 390 | 640 | 841 | 1005 |
| 31100 | 267 | 450 | 592 | 708 | 36400 | 306 | 510 | 674 | 807 | 41700 | 348 | 575 | 757 | 906 | 47000 | 391 | 642 | 843 | 1007 |
| 31200 | 268 | 451 | 594 | 710 | 36500 | 307 | 512 | 675 | 809 | 41800 | 349 | 577 | 759 | 908 | 47100 | 391 | 643 | 844 | 1009 |
| 31300 | 268 | 452 | 595 | 711 | 36600 | 308 | 513 | 677 | 811 | 41900 | 349 | 578 | 760 | 910 | 47200 | 392 | 644 | 846 | 1011 |
| 31400 | 269 | 453 | 597 | 713 | 36700 | 308 | 514 | 679 | 813 | 42000 | 350 | 579 | 762 | 912 | 47300 | 393 | 645 | 847 | 1013 |
| 31500 | 270 | 454 | 598 | 715 | 36800 | 309 | 515 | 680 | 815 | 42100 | 351 | 580 | 764 | 914 | 47400 | 394 | 647 | 849 | 1015 |
| 31600 | 270 | 455 | 600 | 716 | 36900 | 310 | 516 | 682 | 817 | 42200 | 352 | 582 | 765 | 916 | 47500 | 395 | 648 | 851 | 1017 |
| 31700 | 271 | 456 | 601 | 718 | 37000 | 311 | 518 | 683 | 819 | 42300 | 353 | 583 | 767 | 918 | 47600 | 395 | 649 | 852 | 1018 |
| 31800 | 272 | 457 | 603 | 720 | 37100 | 312 | 519 | 685 | 820 | 42400 | 353 | 584 | 769 | 919 | 47700 | 396 | 650 | 854 | 1020 |
| 31900 | 272 | 458 | 604 | 722 | 37200 | 312 | 520 | 686 | 822 | 42500 | 354 | 585 | 770 | 921 | 47800 | 397 | 652 | 856 | 1022 |
| 32000 | 273 | 459 | 606 | 723 | 37300 | 313 | 521 | 688 | 824 | 42600 | 355 | 587 | 772 | 923 | 47900 | 398 | 653 | 857 | 1024 |
| 32100 | 274 | 460 | 607 | 725 | 37400 | 314 | 523 | 689 | 826 | 42700 | 356 | 588 | 773 | 925 | 48000 | 399 | 65 | 859 | 1026 |
| 32200 | 275 | 461 | 609 | 727 | 37500 | 315 | 524 | 691 | 828 | 42800 | 357 | 589 | 775 | 927 | 48100 | 399 | 655 | 860 | 1028 |
| 32300 | 275 | 463 | 611 | 729 | 37600 | 315 | 525 | 693 | 830 | 42900 | 358 | 590 | 777 | 929 | 48200 | 400 | 657 | 862 | 1030 |
| 32400 | 276 | 464 | 612 | 731 | 37700 | 316 | 526 | 694 | 831 | 43000 | 358 | 592 | 778 | 931 | 48300 | 401 | 658 | 864 | 1032 |
| 32500 | 277 | 465 | 614 | 733 | 37800 | 317 | 527 | 696 | 833 | 43100 | 359 | 593 | 780 | 933 | 48400 | 402 | 659 | 865 | 1034 |
| 32600 | 278 | 466 | 615 | 735 | 37900 | 318 | 529 | 697 | 835 | 43200 | 360 | 594 | 781 | 935 | 48500 | 403 | 660 | 867 | 1036 |
| 32700 | 278 | 467 | 617 | 737 | 38000 | 319 | 530 | 699 | 837 | 43300 | 361 | 595 | 783 | 937 | 48600 | 403 | 662 | 868 | 1037 |
| 32800 | 279 | 468 | 619 | 738 | 38100 | 319 | 531 | 700 | 839 | 43400 | 362 | 597 | 785 | 938 | 48700 | 404 | 663 | 870 | 1039 |
| 32900 | 280 | 470 | 620 | 740 | 38200 | 320 | 532 | 702 | 841 | 43500 | 362 | 598 | 786 | 940 | 48800 | 405 | 664 | 872 | 1041 |
| 33000 33100 | 281 | 471 | 622 | 742 | 38300 | 321 | 533 | 703 | 842 | 43600 | 363 | 599 | 788 | 942 | 48900 | 406 | 666 | 873 | 1043 |
| 33100 | 281 | 472 | 624 | 744 | 38400 | 322 | 535 | 705 | 844 | 43700 |  | 600 | 789 | 944 | 49000 | 407 | 667 | 875 | 1045 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ leveif. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique ie montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour caiculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées


Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
Montants féderaux de pensions alimentarres pour enfants : Tables simplifiées
1997

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bra}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childrenl $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childrenl$\mathrm{N}^{\text {be }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |
| 70300 | 568 | 918 | 1199 | 1429 | 75600 | 606 | 978 | 1275 | 1519 | 80900 | 643 | 1035 | 1350 | 1607 | 86200 | 679 | 1092 | 1423 | 1693 |
| 70400 | 569 | 920 | 1200 | 1430 | 75700 | 607 | 979 | 1277 | 1520 | 81000 | 643 | 1037 | 1351 | 1609 | 86300 | 679 | 1093 | 1424 | 1695 |
| 70500 | 569 | 921 | 1202 | 1432 | 75800 | 607 | 980 | 1278 | 1522 | 81100 | 644 | 1038 | 1352 | 1610 | 86400 | 680 | 1094 | 1425 | 1697 |
| 70600 | 570 | 922 | 1203 | 1434 | 75900 | 608 | 981 | 1279 | 1524 | 81200 | 644 | 1039 | 1354 | 1612 | 86500 | 681 | 1095 | 1427 | 1698 |
| 70700 | 571 | 923 | 1205 | 1435 | 76000 | 609 | 982 | 1281 | 1525 | 81300 | 645 | 1040 | 1355 | 1613 | 86600 | 681 | 1096 | 1428 | 1700 |
| 70800 | 571 | 924 | 1206 | 1437 | 76100 | 609 | 983 | 1282 | 1527 | 81400 | 646 | 1041 | 1356 | 1615 | 86700 | 682 | 1097 | 1430 | 1702 |
| 70900 | 572 | 925 | 1208 | 1439 | 76200 | 610 | 984 | 1284 | 1529 | 81500 | 646 | 1042 | 1358 | 1617 | 86800 | 683 | 1098 | 1431 | 1703 |
| 71000 | 573 | 926 | 1209 | 1440 | 76300 | 611 | 986 | 1285 | 1530 | 81600 | 647 | 1043 | 1359 | 1618 | 86900 | 683 | 1100 | 1432 | 1705 |
| 71100 | 574 | 927 | 1211 | 1442 | 76400 | 612 | 987 | 1287 | 1532 | 81700 | 648 | 1044 | 1361 | 1620 | 87000 | 684 | 1101 | 1434 | 1706 |
| 71200 | 574 | 929 | 1212 | 1444 | 76500 | 612 | 988 | 1288 | 1534 | 81800 | 648 | 1045 | 1362 | 1621 | 87100 | 685 | 1102 | 1435 | 1708 |
| 71300 | 575 | 930 | 13 | 1446 | 76600 | 613 | 989 | 1290 | 536 | 1800 | 649 | 1046 | 1363 | 1623 | 87200 | 685 | 10 | 1437 | 1710 |
| 71100 | 576 | 931 | 1215 | 1447 | 76700 | 614 | 990 | 1291 | 1537 | 82000 | 650 | 1047 | 1365 | 1625 | 87300 | 686 | 1104 | 1438 | 1711 |
| 71500 | 576 | 932 | 1216 | 1449 | 76800 | 614 | 991 | 1292 | 1539 | 82100 | 650 | 1048 | 1366 | 1626 | 87400 | 687 | 1105 | 1439 | 1713 |
| 71600 | 577 | 933 | 1218 | 1451 | 76900 | 615 | 992 | 1294 | 1541 | 82200 | 651 | 1049 | 1367 | 1628 | 87500 | 688 | 1106 | 1441 | 1715 |
| 71700 | 578 | 934 | 1219 | 1452 | 77000 | 616 | 993 | 1295 | 1542 | 82300 | 651 | 1050 | 1369 | 1629 | 87600 | 688 | 110 | 1442 | 1716 |
| 71800 | 579 | 935 | 1221 | 1454 | 77100 | 617 | 994 | 1297 | 1544 | 82400 | 652 | 1051 | 1370 | 1631 | 87700 | 689 | 110 | 1444 | 1718 |
| 71900 | 579 | 936 | 12 | 1456 | 77200 | 617 | 996 | 1298 | 1546 | 82500 | 653 | 1052 | 137 | 1633 | 87800 | 690 | 1109 | 1445 | 1720 |
| 72000 | 580 | 937 | 1223 | 1457 | 77300 | 618 | 997 | 1300 | 1547 | 82600 | 654 | 1053 | 1373 | 1634 | 87900 | 690 | 1110 | 1446 | 1721 |
| 72100 | 581 | 939 | 1225 | 1459 | 77400 | 619 | 998 | 1301 | 1549 | 82700 | 654 | 1054 | 1374 | 1636 | 88000 | 691 | 1111 | 1448 | 1723 |
| 72200 | 581 | 940 | 1226 | 1461 | 77500 | 620 | 999 | 1302 | 1551 | 82800 | 655 | 1055 | 1375 | 1637 | 88100 | 692 | 1112 | 1449 | 1725 |
| 72300 | 582 | 941 | 1228 | 1463 | 77600 | 620 | 1000 | 1304 | 1553 | 82900 | 656 | 1056 | 1377 | 1639 | 80200 | 692 | 1114 | 1450 | 1726 |
| 72400 | 83. | 942 | 1229 | 1464 | 77700 | 621 | 1001 | 1305 | 15 | 83000 | 56 | 1057 | 1378 | 1641 | 88300 | 693 | 1115 | 145 | 1728 |
| 72500 | 58 | 94 | 123 | 1466 | 77800 | 622 | 1002 | 1307 | 1556 | 83100 | 65 | 1058 | 1380 | 164 | 88400 | 694 | 1116 | 1453 | 1729 |
| 72600 | 584 | 944 | 1232 | 1468 | 77900 | 622 | 1003 | 1308 | 1558 | 83200 | 658 | 1060 | 1381 | 1644 | 88500 | 694 | 1117 | 1455 | 1731 |
| 72700 | 585 | 945 | 1234 | 1469 | 78000 | 623 | 1005 | 1310 | 1559 | 83300 | 658 | 1061 | 1382 | 1646 | 88600 | 695 | 1118 | 1456 | 1733 |
| 72300 | 586 | 946 | 1235 | 1471 | 78100 | 624 | 1006 | 1311 | 1561 | 83400 | 659 | 1062 | 1384 | 1647 | 88700 | 696 | 1119 | 1457 | 1734 |
| 72900 | 586 | 948 | 1236 | 1473 | 78200 | 625 | 1007 | 1313 | 1563 | 83500 | 660 | 1063 | 1385 | 1649 | 88800 | 697 | 1120 | 1459 | 1736 |
| 73000 | 587 | 949 | 1238 | 1474 | 78300 | 625 | 1008 | 1314 | 1564 | 83600 | 660 | 1064 | 1387 | 1651 | 88900 | 697 | 1121 | 1460 | 1738 |
| 73100 | 58 | 95 | 12 | 1476 | 78400 | 626 | 1009 | 1315 | 1566 | 83700 | 661 | 1065 | 1388 | 1652 | 89000 | 698 | 1122 | 1462 | 1739 |
| 73200 | 589 | 951 | 124 | 1478 | 78500 | 627 | 1010 | 1317 | 1568 | 83800 | 662 | 1066 | 1389 | 1654 | 89100 | 699 | 1123 | 1463 | 1741 |
| 73300 | 589 | 952 | 1242 | 1480 | 78600 | 627 | 1011 | 1318 | 1570 | 83900 | 663 | 1067 | 1391 | 1656 | 89200 | 699 | 112 | 1464 | 1743 |
| 73400 | 590 | 953 | 1244 | 1481 | 78700 | 628 | 1012 | 1320 | 1571 | 84000 | 663 | 1068 | 1392 | 1657 | 89300 | 700 | 112 | 1466 | 1744 |
| 73500 | 591 | 954 | 1245 | 1483 | 78800 | 629 | 1013 | 1321 | 1573 | 84100 | 664 | 1069 | 1394 | 1659 | 89400 | 701 | 112 | 1467 | 1746 |
| 73600 | 592 | 955 | 1246 | 1485 | 78900 | 630 | 1015 | 1323 | 1575 | 84200 | 665 | 1070 | 1395 | 1660 | 89500 | 701 | 1128 | 1469 | 1748 |
| 73700 | 1592 | 956 | 1248 | 1486 | 79000 | 630 | 1016 | 1324 | 1576 | 84300 | 665 | 1071 | 1396 | 1662 | 89600 | 702 | 1129 | 1470 | 1749 |
| 73800 | 593 | 958 | 1249 | 1488 | 79100 | 631 | 1017 | 1325 | 1578 | 84400 | 666 | 1073 | 1398 | 1664 | 89700 | 703 | 1130 | 1471 | 1751 |
| 73900 | 594 | 959 | 1251 | 1490 | 79200 | 632 | 1018 | 1327 | 1580 | 84500 | 667 | 1074 | 1399 | 1665 | 89800 | 704 | 113 | 1473 | 1752 |
| 74000 | 594 | 960 | 1252 | 1491 | 79300 | 632 | 1019 | 1328 | 1581 | 84600 | 667 | 1075 | 1400 | 1667 | 89900 | 704 | 113 | 1474 | 1754 |
| 74100 | 595 | 961 | 1254 | 1493 | 79400 | 633 | 1020 | 1330 | 1583 | 84700 | 668 | 1076 | 1402 | 1669 | 90000 | 705 | 1133 | 1476 | 1756 |
| 74200 | 596 | 962 | 1255 | 1495 | 79500 | 634 | 1021 | 1331 | 1585 | 84800 | 669 | 1077 | 1403 | 1670 | 90100 | 706 | 1134 | 1477 | 1757 |
| 74300 | 597 | 963 | 1257 | 1497 | 79600 | 634 | 1022 | 1332 | 1586 | 84900 | 669 | 1078 | 1405 | 1672 | 90200 | 706 | 1135 | 1478 | 1759 |
| 74400 | 597 | 964 | 1258 | 1498 | 79700 | 635 | 1023 | 1334 | 1588 | 85000 | 670 | 1079 | 1406 | 1674 | 90300 | 707 | 1136 | 1480 | 1761 |
| 74500 | 598 | 965 | 1259 | 1500 | 79800 | 636 | 1024 | 1335 | 1589 | 85100 | 671 | 1080 | 1407 | 1675 | 90400 | 708 | 1137 | 1481 | 1762 |
| 74600 | 599 | 967 | 1261 | 1502 | 79900 | 636 | 1025 | 1336 | 1591 | 85200 | 672 | 1081 | 1409 | 1677 | 90500 | 708 | 1138 | 1482 | 1764 |
| 74700 | 599 | 968 | 1262 | 1503 | 80000 | 637 | 1026 | 1338 | 1593 | 85300 | 672 | 1082 | 1410 | 1679 | 90600 | 709 | 1140 | 1484 | 1766 |
| 74800 | 600 | 969 | 1264 | 1505 | 80100 | 638 | 1027 | 1339 | 1594 | 85400 | 673 | 1083 | 1412 | 1680 | 90700 | 710 | 1141 | 1485 | 1767 |
| 74900 | 601 | 970 | 1265 | 1507 | 80200 | 638 | 1028 | 1340 | 1596 | 85500 | 674 | 1084 | 1413 | 1682 | 90800 | 710 | 1142 | 1487 | 1769 |
| 75000 | 602 | 971 | 1267 | 1508 | 80300 | 639 | 1029 | 1342 | 1597 | 85600 | 674 | 1085 | 1414 | 1683 | 90900 | 711 | 1143 | 1488 | 1770 |
| 75100 | 602 | 972 | 1268 | 1510 | 80400 | 639 | 1030 | 1343 | 1599 | 85700 | 675 | 1087 | 1416 | 1685 | 91000 | 712 | 1144 | 1489 | 1772 |
| 75200 | 603 | 973 | 1269 | 1512 | 80500 | 640 | 1031 | 1344 | 1601 | 85800 | 676 | 1088 | 1417 | 1687 | 91100 | 713 | 1145 | 1491 | 1774 |
| 75300 | 604 | 974 | 1271 | 1513 | 80600 | 641 | 1032 | 1346 | 1602 | 85900 | 676 | 1089 | 1419 | 1688 | 91200 | 713 | 1146 | 1492 | 1775 |
| 75400 | 604 | 975 | 1272 | 1515 | 80700 | 641 | 1033 | 1347 | 1604 | 86000 | 677 | 1090 | 1420 | 1690 | 91300 | 714 | 1147 | 1494 | 1777 |
| 7550 | 605 | 977 | 1274 | 151 | 8080 | 64 | 1034 | 3 | 160 | 86100 | 678 | 1091 | 1421 | 1692 | 91400 | 715 | 1148 | 1495 | 1779 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule
mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : TAbles simplifiées

|  | Monthiy Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthiy Awardi Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 1. | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 91500 | 715 | 149 | 1496 | 1780 | 96800 | 752 | 1207 | 1570 | 1867 | 102100 | 789 | 1264 | 1644 | 1954 | 107400 | 826 | 1321 | 717 | 2041 |
| 1600 | 716 | 1150 | 14 | 178 | 96900 | 753 | 1208 | 1571 | 1869 | 102200 | 90 | 12 | 1645 | 1956 | 107500 | 826 | 1322 | 1719 | 2043 |
| 91700 | 717 | 1151 | 1499 | 1784 | 97000 | 754 | 1209 | 1573 | 1871 | 102300 | 790 | 1266 | 1646 | 1958 | 107600 | 827 | 1323 | 1720 | 2045 |
| 91800 | 71 | 1152 | 1501 | 1785 | 97100 | 754 | 1210 | 1574 | 1872 | 102400 | 791 | 1267 | 1648 | 1959 | 107700 | 828 | 1324 | 1721 | 2046 |
| 91900 | 718 | 1154 | 1502 | 1787 | 97200 | 755 | 1211 | 1576 | 1874 | 102500 | 792 | 1268 | 1649 | 1961 | 107800 | 829 | 1325 | 1723 | 2048 |
| 92000 | 719 | 1155 | 1503 | 1789 | 97300 | 756 | 1212 | 1577 | 1876 | 102600 | 792 | 1269 | 1651 | 1963 | 107900 | 829 | 1326 | 1724 | 2050 |
| 92100 | 719 | 1156 | 1505 | 1790 | 97400 | 756 | 1213 | 1578 | 1877 | 102700 | 793 | 1270 | 1652 | 1964 | 108000 | 830 | 1328 | 1726 | 2051 |
| 92200 | 720 | 1157 | 1506 | 1792 | 97500 | 757 | 1214 | 1580 | 1879 | 102800 | 794 | 1271 | 1653 | 1966 | 108100 | 831 | 1329 | 1727 | 2053 |
| 92300 | 721 | 1158 | 1507 | 1793 | 97600 | 758 | 1215 | 1581 | 1881 | 102900 | 795 | 1272 | 1655 | 1968 | 108200 | 831 | 1330 | 1728 | 2055 |
| 92400 | 722 | 1159 | 1509 | 1795 | 97700 | 758 | 1216 | 1582 | 1882 | 103000 | 795 | 1274 | 1656 | 1969 | 108300 | 832 | 1331 | 1730 | 2056 |
| 92500 | 722 | 1160 | 1510 | 179 | 97800 | 759 | 1217 | 1584 | 1884 | 103100 | 796 | 1275 | 1658 | 1971 | 108400 | 833 | 1332 | 1731 | 2058 |
| 92600 | 723 | 116 | 1512 | 1798 | 97900 | 760 | 1218 | 1585 | 1885 | 103200 | 797 | 1276 | 1659 | 1972 | 108500 | 833 | 133 | 3 | 2059 |
| 92700 | 724 | 1162 | 1513 | 1800 | 98000 | 760 | 1219 | 1587 | 1887 | 103300 | 797 | 1277 | 1660 | 1974 | 108600 | 834 | 1334 | 1734 | 2061 |
| 92800 | 724 | 1163 | 1514 | 180 | 98100 | 761 | 12 | 1588 | 1889 | 103400 | 798 | 1278 | 1662 | 1976 | 108700 | 835 | 1335 | 1735 | 2063 |
| 92900 | 725 | 1164 | 1516 | 180 | 98200 | 762 | 1222 | 1589 | 1890 | 103500 | 799 | 1279 | 1663 | 1977 | 108800 | 836 | 1336 | 1737 | 2064 |
| 93000 | 726 | 1165 | 1517 | 1805 | 98300 | 63 | 12 | 1591 | 1892 | 103600 | 799 | 1280 | 1664 | 1979 | 108900 | 836 | 1337 | 1738 | 2066 |
| 93100 | 726 | 1167 | 1519 | 1807 | 98400 | 763 | 122 | 1592 | 189 | 103700 | 800 | 1281 | 1666 | 1981 | 109000 | 837 | 1338 | 1739 | 2068 |
| 93200 | 727 | 1168 | 1520 | 1808 | 98500 | 764 | 1225 | 1594 | 1895 | 103800 | 801 | 1282 | 1667 | 1982 | 109100 | 838 | 1339 | 1741 | 2069 |
| 93300 | 728 | 1169 | 1521 | 1810 | 98600 | 765 | 1226 | 1595 | 1897 | 103900 | 801 | 1283 | 166 | 1984 | 109200 | 838 | 1341 | 1742 | 2071 |
| 93400 | 729 | 1170 | 1523 | 1812 | 98700 | 765 | 1227 | 1596 | 1899 | 104000 | 802 | 1284 | 1670 | 1986 | 109300 | 839 | 1342 | 17 | 2073 |
| 93500 | 729 | 1171 | 15 | 18 | 9880 | 766 | 1228 | 1598 | 1900 | 104100 | 803 | 1285 | 1671 | 198 | 109400 | 840 | 1343 | 1745 | 2074 |
| 93600 | 730 | 1172 | 1526 | 1815 | 98900 | 767 | 1229 | 1599 | 1902 | 104200 | 804 | 1286 | 1673 | 198 | 109500 | 840 | 1344 | 1746 | 2076 |
| 93700 | 731 | 1173 | 1527 | 1816 | 99000 | 767 | 1230 | 1601 | 1903 | 104300 | 804 | 1288 | 1674 | 199 | 109600 | 841 | 1345 | 1748 | 2078 |
| 93800 | 731 | 1174 | 1528 | 1818 | 99100 | 768 | 1231 | 1602 | 1905 | 104400 | 05 | 1289 | 1676 | 1992 | 109700 | 842 | 1346 | 1749 | 2079 |
| 93900 | 732 | 1175 | 1530 | 1820 | 99200 | 769 | 1232 | 1603 | 1907 | 104500 | 806 | 1290 | 1677 | 199 | 109800 | 842 | 1347 | 1751 | 2081 |
| 94000 | 73 | 1176 | 1531 | 1821 | 99300 | 770 | 1234 | 1605 | 1908 | 104600 | 806 | 1291 | 1678 | 1995 | 109900 | 843 | 1348 | 1752 | 2082 |
| 94100 | 仡 | 1177 | 1532 | 1823 | 99400 | 770 | 1235 | 1606 | 1910 | 104700 | 807 | 1292 | 1680 | 1997 | 110000 | 844 | 1349 | 1753 | 2084 |
| 94200 | 734 | 1178 | 153 | 1825 | 99500 | 771 | 1236 | 1607 | 1912 | 104800 | 808 | 1293 | 1681 | 1999 | 110100 | 845 | 1350 | 1755 | 2086 |
| 94300 | 735 | 1179 | 1535 | 18 | 99600 | 72 | 1237 | 1609 | 1913 | 104900 | 808 | 1294 | 1683 | 2000 | 110200 | 845 | 1351 | 1756 | 2087 |
| 94400 | 735 | 118 | 1537 | 1828 | 99700 | 772 | 123 | 1610 | 1915 | 105000 | 809 | 1295 | 168 | 2002 | 110300 | 846 | 1352 | 1758 | 89 |
| 94500 | 736 | 1182 | 1538 | 1830 | 99800 | 773 | 1239 | 1612 | 1917 | 105100 | 810 | 1296 | 1685 | 2004 | 110400 | 847 | 353 | 9 | 2091 |
| 94600 | 737 | 11 | 1539 | 18 | 99900 | 774 | 1240 | 1613 | 1918 | 105200 | 811 | 1297 | 1687 | 2005 | 110500 | 847 | 1355 | 1760 | 2092 |
| 94700 | 738 | 118 | 1541 | 18 | 100000 | 774 | 1241 | 1614 | 1920 | 105300 | 811 | 1298 | 1688 | 2007 | 110600 | 848 | 1356 | 1762 | 2094 |
| 94800 | 738 | 1185 | 1542 | 1835 | 100100 | 775 | 1242 | 1616 | 1922 | 105400 | 812 | 1299 | 1689 | 2009 | 110700 | 849 | 1357 | 1763 | 2096 |
| 94900 | 739 | 1186 | 1544 | 1836 | 100200 | 776 | 1243 | 1617 | 1923 | 105500 | 813 | 1301 | 1691 | 2010 | 110800 | 849 | 1358 | 176 | 2097 |
| 95000 | 740 | 1187 | 1545 | 1838 | 100300 | 776 | 1244 | 1619 | 1925 | 105600 | 813 | 1302 | 1692 | 2012 | 110900 | 850 | 1359 | 176 | 2099 |
| 95100 | 740 | 1188 | 1546 | 1839 | 100400 | 777 | 1245 | 1620 | 1926 | 105700 | 814 | 1303 | 1694 | 2014 | 111000 | 851 | 1360 | 1767 | 2101 |
| 95200 | 741 | 1189 | 1548 | 1841 | 100500 | 778 | 1246 | 1621 | 1928 | 105800 | 815 | 1304 | 1695 | 2015 | 111100 | 851 | 1361 | 1769 | 2102 |
| 95300 | 742 | 1190 | 1549 | 1843 | 100600 | 779 | 1248 | 1623 | 1930 | 105900 | 81 | 1305 | 16 | 2017 | 111200 | 852 | 1362 | 1770 | 2104 |
| 95400 | 742 | 1191 | 1551 | 1844 | 100700 | 779 | 1249 | 1624 | 1931 | 106000 | 816 | 130 | 1698 | 2018 | 111300 | 853 | 1363 | 17 | 2105 |
| 95500 | 743 | 1192 | 1552 | 1846 | 100800 | 780 | 1250 | 1626 | 1933 | 106100 | 817 | 1307 | 1699 | 2020 | 111400 | 854 | 1364 | 1773 | 2107 |
| 95600 | 744 | 119 | 155 | 184 | 100900 | 781 | 125 | 1627 | 1935 | 106200 | 817 | 1308 | 1701 | 2022 | 111500 | 854 | 1365 | 1774 | 2109 |
| 95700 | 745 | 1195 | 1555 | 1849 | 101000 | 781 | 1252 | 1628 | 1936 | 106300 | 818 | 1309 | 1702 | 2023 | 111600 | 855 | 1366 | 1776 | 2110 |
| 95800 | 745 | 1196 | 1556 | 1851 | 101100 | 782 | 1253 | 1630 | 1938 | 106400 | 819 | 1310 | 1703 | 2025 | 111700 | 856 | 1368 | 1777 | 2112 |
| 95900 | 746 | 1197 | 1557 | 1853 | 101200 | 783 | 1254 | 1631 | 1940 | 106500 | 820 | 1311 | 1705 | 2027 | 111800 | 856 | 1369 | 1778 | 2114 |
| 96000 | 747 | 1198 | 1559 | 1854 | 101300 | 783 | 1255 | 1633 | 1941 | 106600 | 820 | 1312 | 1706 | 2028 | 111900 | 857 | 1370 | 17 | 2115 |
| 96100 | 747 | 1199 | 1560 | 1856 | 101400 | 784 | 1256 | 1634 | 1943 | 106700 | 821 | 1313 | 1708 | 2030 | 112000 | 858 | 1371 | 178 | 2117 |
| 96200 | 748 | 1200 | 1562 | 1858 | 101500 | 785 | 1257 | 1635 | 1945 | 106800 | 822 | 1315 | 1709 | 2032 | 112100 | 858 | 1372 | 1783 | 2119 |
| 96300 | 749 | 1201 | 1563 | 1859 | 101600 | 785 | 1258 | 1637 | 1946 | 106900 | 822 | 1316 | 1710 | 2033 | 112200 | 859 | 1373 | 1784 | 2120 |
| 96400 | 49 | 1202 | 1564 | 1861 | 101700 | 786 | 1259 | 1638 | 1948 | 107000 | 823 | 1317 | 1712 | 2035 | 112300 | 860 | 1374 | 1785 | 2122 |
| 96500 | 750 | 1203 | 1566 | 1862 | 101800 | 787 | 1261 | 1639 | 1949 | 107100 | 824 | 1318 | 1713 | 2037 | 112400 | 861 | 1375 | 1787 | 2124 |
| 96600 | 751 | 1204 | 1567 | 1864 | 101900 | 788 | 1262 | 1641 | 1951 | 107200 | 824 | 1319 | 1714 | 2038 | 112500 | 861 | 1376 | 1788 | 2125 |
| 96700 | 751 | 1205 | 156 | 186 | 10200 | 788 | 1263 | 1642 | 19 | 10730 | 825 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 112600 | 86 | 1377 | 1790 | 2127 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthily Awardl Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }} d^{\prime}$ 'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu (\$) | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |
|  | 863 | 137 | 17 | 21 | 118000 | 899 | 1436 | 1865 | 2215 | 123300 | 939 | 1495 | 1941 | 2305 | 0 | 977 | 1555 | 2017 | 2395 |
|  | 863 | 1379 | 1792 | 21 |  | 000 |  |  | 221 |  |  |  | 1942 | 2307 |  | 978 | 556 | 019 | 2397 |
| 112900 | 864 | 1380 | 1794 | 132 |  | 901 | 143 | 1867 | 221 | 12350 |  | 1498 |  | 230 | 8880 | 978 |  | 02 | 23 |
| 113000 | 865 | 13 | 795 | 133 | 18300 | 902 | 1439 | 1869 | 2220 | 23 |  | 499 | 19 | 2310 | 2890 | 97 | 1558 | 202 | 2400 |
| 113100 | 865 | 13 | 1796 | 135 | 118400 | 902 | 1440 | 1870 | 2222 | 23700 | 42 | 1500 | 1947 | 231 | 129000 | 980 | 1559 | 2023 | 240 |
|  | 866 | 1384 | 179 | 213 | 1850 | 903 | 1441 | 1871 | 22 | 2380 | 942 | 1501 | 1948 | 231 | 12910 | 980 | 1560 | 202 | 2404 |
|  |  |  | 1799 | 2138 | 118600 | 904 | 1442 | 1873 | 2225 | 12390 | 943 | 1502 | 1950 | 231 | 129200 | 981 | 156 | 202 | 24 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 118700 | 904 | 1443 | 187 | 22 | 400 | 944 | 1503 | 1951 | 231 | 12930 | 982 | 1563 | 2027 | 2407 |
|  |  |  | 1802 |  |  |  |  |  | 2229 | 24100 | 945 | 1504 | 1952 | 231 | 12940 | 983 | 1564 | 202 | 240 |
| 113600 | 869 | 1388 | 1803 | 2143 | 118900 | 906 | 1445 | 187 | 2230 | 124200 | 5 | 1506 | 1954 | 23 | 2950 | 83 | 1565 | 2030 | 24 |
| 113700 | 870 | 1389 | 1805 | 2145 | 119000 | 906 | 1446 | 187 | 223 | 124 |  |  |  | 232 |  | 984 |  |  | 2412 |
|  |  |  | 1806 | 2147 | 9100 | 907 | 1447 | 1880 | 223 | 2440 | 47 | 1508 | 19 | 23 | 2970 | 985 | 1567 | 203 | 2414 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 808 | 1449 |  | 2235 | 2450 | 947 | 150 | 1958 | 23 | 298 | 985 | 1568 | 03 | 2416 |
|  |  |  | 1809 | 2150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1510 | 1960 | 232 | 299 | 986 | 15 | 2036 | 2417 |
| 114 | 872 |  |  | 215 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 196 | 23 | 300 | 98 |  | 2037 | 2419 |
| 11420 | 873 | 139 | 1812 | 2153 | 1900 |  | 1452 |  |  |  |  |  | 1963 | 23 | 1010 | 888 | 1572 | 2039 | 421 |
|  | 87 |  | 18 | 2155 | 19600 | 91 |  |  | 22 | 44900 |  |  | 1964 | 233 | 30200 | 988 |  | 2040 | 24 |
| 11 | 87 | 1397 | 181 | 2156 | 119700 | 91 |  | 188 | 2243 | 125000 |  |  | 1965 | 233 | 130300 | 989 |  |  | 2424 |
| 114 | 875 | 1398 | 1816 | 2158 | 119800 | 912 | 1455 | 1890 | 2245 | 12 | 952 |  | 1967 | 233 | 130400 | 990 |  | 2043 | 2426 |
| 114600 | 876 |  | 181 | 160 |  | 913 | 1456 | 1891 | 22 | 125200 | 952 | 1517 | 19 | 23 | 13050 | 990 | 57 | 2044 | 2428 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 913 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  | 13060 |  |  | 2046 | 242 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 247 |  |
|  | 878 | 140 | 18 | 2165 | 2020 |  |  |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  | 130800 |  |  | 049 | 2433 |
| 11 | 879 | 140 | 1823 | 2166 | 0300 | 915 | 146 | 189 | 22 | 25 |  |  |  |  | 13090 |  | 1580 |  | 2434 |
| 115100 | 879 | 140 | 1824 | 2168 | 040 | 916 | 1462 | 18 | 225 | 25 | 956 | 1522 | 197 | 23 | 131 | 994 | 158 | 205 | 2436 |
| 115200 | 880 | 140 | 1826 | 2170 | 120500 | 917 | 1463 | 189 | 225 | 25 | 957 | 152 | 197 | 234 | 131 | 99 | 1583 | 20 | 2438 |
|  |  |  | 1827 | 2171 | 120600 | 918 | 146 | 190 | 225 | 5590 | 957 | 152 | 197 | 235 | 131 | 99 | 15 | 205 | 2440 |
|  |  |  | 1828 | 217 | 120700 | 918 | 1465 | 1902 | 2260 | 2600 | 958 | 1526 | 198 | 235 | 131300 | 996 | 1585 | 2056 | 2441 |
| 115500 |  |  |  |  |  | 919 | 1466 |  |  | 2610 | 959 |  | 1981 | 23 | 13 | 997 | 1586 | 2057 | 24 |
| 115 | 883 |  | 183 |  | 120900 |  |  |  |  | 26200 |  |  | 1983 | 235 | 131500 | 998 |  |  | 24 |
|  | 883 |  |  | 2178 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 115800 | 884 | 141 | 183 | 217 |  | 92 |  |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  | 131 |  |  |  | 244 |
| 115900 | 885 | 1413 | 1835 | 218 | 12120 | 922 | 147 | 191 | 22 | 26 | 962 |  | 198 | 236 | 13180 | 100 |  |  | 24 |
| 116000 | 886 | 141 | 1837 | 2183 | 121300 | 923 | 1472 | 191 | 227 | 26 | 962 |  | 198 | 236 | 13190 | 1001 |  | 206 | 24 |
| 116100 | 886 | 1415 | 1838 | 218 | 121400 | 24 | 1473 | 1913 | 22 | 126700 | 963 |  | 199 | 236 | 13200 | 1001 | 1593 | 206 | 245 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1268 |  |  | 199 |  | 13210 |  |  |  | 2455 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2457 |
| 116 | 888 | 1418 | 184 | 2189 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24, |
| 116 | 889 | 1419 | 184 | 2191 | 12 |  | 1478 | 1919 | 22 | 127 | 966 |  | 199 | 23 |  | 10 | 1597 | 207 | 24 |
| 116 | 890 |  | 1845 | 2192 | 121900 | 928 | 1479 | 1920 | 2281 | 127200 | 967 | 1539 | 199 | 237 | 132500 | 1005 | 1598 | 207 | 2462 |
|  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 967 |  | 1998 |  |  |  | 99 |  | 46 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 290 |  |  |  | 46 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1008 |  |  | 447 |
|  |  |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27800 |  |  | 2006 |  | 3310 | 1009 |  | 208 | 247 |
| 117 | 895 | 142 | 185 | 2204 | 12 | 933 | 1487 | 193 | 229 | 27900 | 972 | 1547 | 2007 | 23 | 33200 | 101 | 16 | 20 | 247 |
| 117400 | 895 | 142 | 1856 | 2206 |  | 34 | 1488 | 193 |  | 000 | 973 | 154 | 2008 | 23 | 33300 | 1011 | 160 | 208 | 247 |
| 11 | 896 | 143 | 1858 | 220 |  | 935 | 1489 |  | 22 |  | 73 | 1549 | 析 |  |  | 01 | 160 | 208 | 247 |
| 11 | 897 | 14 | 185 | 2209 |  | 935 | 1491 |  |  |  |  |  | 2011 |  |  | 1012 | 1610 |  | 488 |
|  | 807 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1013 |  |  | 488 |
| 117 | 898 |  | 1862 | 2212 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1553 |  |  |  | 1013 |  |  | 2482 |
| 117900 | 899 |  |  |  | 123 |  |  |  |  | 128500 |  | 1554 | 2016 |  | 133 |  | 1613 |  |  |

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Federal Child Support Amounts ：Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants ：Tables simplifiées

|  | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award／Paiement mensuel（ $\$$ ）$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award！ Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomer Revenu$(\$)$ | Monthily Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No．of C $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }} \mathrm{d}^{\prime}$ <br> 12 |  |  |
| 133900 | 1015 | 1614 | 2093 |  | 138000 | 1044 | 1660 | 2152 | 2555 | 0 | 1074 | 1706 | 2211 | 2625 | 462 | 1103 | 1751 | 27 | 2694 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2212 |  |  | 1104 |  | 2271 | 2696 |
| 134100 | 1016 | 1616 | 20 |  | 138200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2214 |  |  | 1105 |  | 2273 | 2698 |
| 134200 | 1017 | 1617 | 2098 | 249 | 138 |  | 166 | 21 | 25 | 424 | 粏 | 17 | 22 | 263 | 46500 | 1105 |  | 2274 | 99 |
| 134300 | 1018 | 1618 | 2099 | 2492 | 138 | 左 | 1664 | 215 | 2562 | 14250 | 1077 | 17 | 221 | 263 | 146600 | 110 | 1756 | 227 | 2701 |
| 134400 |  | 16 | 2100 | 24 | 138500 | 48 | 65 | 2159 | 2563 | 142600 | 1077 | 1711 | 22 | 263 | 146700 | 1107 | 1757 | 227 | 2703 |
| 13 |  | 16 | 2102 |  | 138 | 9 | 666 | 2161 | 256 | 142700 | 1078 | 1712 | 222 | 263 | 146800 | 1108 | 1758 | 2279 | 704 |
| 134 | 1020 | 16 | 2103 |  | 138700 |  | 1668 | 216 | 256 | 42800 | 79 | 17 | 222 | 26 | 146900 | 1108 | 1759 | 2280 | 706 |
| 34 | 1021 | 16 | 2105 |  | 138800 |  |  |  | 256 |  | 1080 | 1715 | 23 | 263 | 147000 | 1109 | 17 | 228 | 70 |
| 134800 | 102 | 162 | 210 | 250 | 138 |  | 1670 | 2165 | 2570 | 143000 | 1080 | 1716 | 22 | 264 | 14710 | 11 |  | 228 | 2709 |
| 00 | 1022 | 1625 | 2108 | 2502 | 13 | 1052 | 167 | 216 | 257 | 143100 | 1081 | 1717 | 2225 | 26 | 47200 | 1110 |  | 2284 |  |
| 135000 | 1023 | 1626 | 2109 | 250 | 1391 | 1052 | 1672 | 21 | 257 | 143200 | 1082 | 17 | 22 | 264 | 147300 | 111 |  | 2286 | 2713 |
| 1 | 1024 | 1627 | 2110 | 250 | 139200 | 5 | 673 | 2169 | 2575 | 143300 | 1082 | 1719 | 2228 | 26 | 1474 | 11 | 1765 | 2287 | 2715 |
| 135200 |  | 1628 | 2112 | 25 | 139300 | 1054 | 74 | 217 | 2577 | 143400 | 1083 | 1720 | 2230 | 26 | 147500 | 1113 | 1766 | 2289 | 2716 |
| 135300 |  | 1630 |  | 2509 | 139400 | 1054 | 75 | 2172 | 579 | 1435 | 1084 | 1721 | 2231 | 264 | 147600 | 111 | 1767 | 2290 | 2718 |
| 135400 | 1026 |  | 2115 | 251 | 139500 |  | 1677 | 2174 | 2580 | 143 | 5 | 1722 | 2233 | 265 | 147700 | 111 | 17 | 2291 | 2720 |
| 135 | 102 | 1632 | 2116 | 251 | 139600 |  | 1678 | 2175 | 258 | 14370 | 1085 | 1723 | 2234 | 265 | 147800 | 111 | 1769 | 229 | 72 |
| 135 | 1027 | 1633 | 2118 | 251 | 139700 |  | 1679 | 21 | 25 | 14 | 10 | 1725 | 2235 | 26 | 147900 | 1115 |  | 2294 | 2723 |
| 135700 | 102 | 1 | 2119 | 2516 | 139800 | 1057 | 1680 | 2178 | 258 | 14390 | 1087 | 17 | 22 |  | 148 | 11 | 1772 | 22 | 2725 |
| 135800 | 1029 | 1635 | 2121 | 2518 | 139900 | 1058 | 168 | 2179 | 258 | 144000 | 1087 | 172 | 2238 | 26 | 148100 | 111 | 17 | 229 | 2726 |
| 135900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2181 | 2589 | 14410 | 1088 | 1728 | 224 | 26 | 4820 | 111 | 1774 | 229 | 272 |
|  |  | 16 | 2123 |  | 0100 |  |  | 2182 | 259 | 144200 | 1089 | 1729 | 22 | 26 | 4830 | 111 | 1775 | 23 | 73 |
| 136 | 10 | 163 | 2125 |  | 140200 |  |  |  | 259 | 144300 | 1090 | 1730 | 2243 |  | 4840 | 111 | 1776 | 23 | 273 |
| 136 | 10 | 1640 | 212 | 252 | 140300 |  |  | 2185 | 25 | 144 | 1090 |  | 2244 |  | 148500 | 112 |  | 2303 | 2733 |
| 136 | 103 | 1641 | 2128 | 252 | 迷 | 1062 |  | 2187 | 2596 | 14450 | 10 | 1732 | 2246 |  | 48600 | 112 |  | 2304 | 2735 |
| 136400 | 1033 | 1642 | 2129 | 252 | 140500 | 1062 | 1688 | 2188 | 25 | 144 | 10 | 1734 | 22 | 266 | 4870 | 11 |  | 23 | 2737 |
| 136500 | 1034 | 1643 | 213 | 2530 | 140600 | 1063 | 1689 | 2189 | 259 | 14 | 109 | 1735 | 22 | 266 | 14880 | 112 |  | 230 | 2738 |
| 136600 | 10 | 1644 | 213 | 2531 | 140700 | 1064 | 1690 | 2191 | 2601 | 14 | 10 | 1736 | 225 | 26 | 14890 | 112 | 1782 | 2309 | 2740 |
| 136 |  | 16 |  | 25 | 140800 |  | 1691 | 2192 | 2603 | 14 | 1094 | 1737 | 22 | 26 | 14900 | 112 | 1783 | 231 | 274 |
| 136 |  |  | 2135 | 25 | 40900 |  | 1692 | 2194 | 2604 | 145000 | 1095 | 1738 | 2253 |  | 149100 | 112 | 1784 | 2312 | 274 |
|  |  | 1647 | 21 | 2 | 14100 |  |  | 2195 | 260 |  |  |  |  |  | 149200 | 1125 |  | 2313 | 2745 |
| 137000 | 1037 | 1649 | 2138 | 25 | 141100 |  | 1694 | 2197 | 2608 | 14 | 10 | 1740 | 22 | 26 | 149300 | 1126 |  | 2314 | 2747 |
| 00 | 103 | 1650 | 2139 | 2540 | 141200 | 1067 | 169 | 2198 | 260 | 14 | 10 | 1741 | 2257 | 26 | 1494 | 11 |  | 23 | 2749 |
|  | 103 | 1651 | 2141 | 254 | 1300 | 68 | 1697 | 2200 | 261 | 145400 | 1097 | 1742 | 225 | 26 | 1495 | 112 | 1788 | 23 | 27 |
| 13 | 103 | 1652 | 2142 | 254 | 1400 | 1069 | 1698 | 2201 | 2613 | 145500 | 1098 | 1744 | 2260 | 268 | 149600 | 1128 | 1789 | 2319 | 2752 |
| 13 | 1040 | 16 |  | 25 | 1500 | 1069 | 169 | 2202 | 261 | 145600 | 1099 | 1745 | 22 | 268 | 149700 | 1128 | 79 | 2320 | 2754 |
| 13750 |  |  | 21 |  | 1600 |  |  | 2204 | 261 | 145700 | 1100 | 1746 | 2263 | 268 | 49800 | 1129 | 79 | 2322 | 2755 |
| 137600 | 104 | 165 | 21 | 25 |  |  |  | 2205 | 2618 | 8800 | 1100 | 1747 | 226 | 26 | 149900 | 1130 | 179 | 2323 | 2757 |
| 137700 | 104 | 1656 | 2148 | 255 | 141800 | 1072 | 1702 | 2207 | 26 | 145900 | 1101 | 1748 | 226 | 2689 |  | 113 |  |  |  |
| 137800 | 1043 | 1658 | 2149 | 2552 | 141900 | 1072 | 170 | 2208 | 26 | 146000 | 1102 | 17 | 226 | 2691 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 10 | 16 |  | 25 | 142 | 10 |  | 2210 |  | 146100 | 1103 |  | 2268 | 2692 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child un enfant | two children／ deux enfants | three childreni trois enfants | four children／ quatre enfants |
| For income over | 1131 plus $0.72 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1794 plus $1.12 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2325 plus $1.44 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2759 plus $1.70 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1131 plus 0，72\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1794 plus $1,12 \%$ <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2325 plus 1，44\％ <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2759 plus 1，70\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

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| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 |  | 3 | 4. |  | 1. | 2 |  | 4 |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 94 | 144 | 166 | 188 | 17300 | 140 | 253 | 331 | 375 | 22600 | 189 | 330 | 442 | 534 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12100 | 94 | 147 | 169 | 191 | 17400 | 141 | 254 | 334 | 379 | 22700 | 190 | 331 | 444 | 537 |
| 6900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12200 | 94 | 149 | 172 | 195 | 17500 | 142 | 256 | 338 | 382 | 22800 | 191 | 333 | 446 | 539 |
| 7000 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 12300 | 94 | 152 | 175 | 199 | 17600 | 143 | 257 | 341 | 386 | 22900 | 192 | 334 | 448 | 541 |
| 7100 | 2 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 12400 | 94 | 155 | 178 | 202 | 17700 | 143 | 258 | 344 | 390 | 23000 | 193 | 336 | 450 | 543 |
| 7200 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 12500 | 95 | 158 | 182 | 206 | 17800 | 144 | 260 | 347 | 393 | 23100 | 194 | 337 | 452 | 545 |
| 7300 | 7 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 12600 | 96 | 160 | 185 | 209 | 17900 | 145 | 261 | 350 | 397 | 23200 | 195 | 339 | 454 | 548 |
| 7400 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 18 | 12700 | 97 | 163 | 188 | 213 | 18000 | 146 | 263 | 353 | 400 | 23300 | 196 | 340 | 455 | 550 |
| 7500 | 12 | 15 | 19 | 22 | 12800 | 98 | 166 | 191 | 216 | 18100 | 147 | 264 | 356 | 404 | 23400 | 197 | 342 | 457 | 552 |
| 7600 | 15 | 18 | 22 | 25 | 12900 | 98 | 168 | 194 | 220 | 18200 | 148 | 266 | 359 | 407 | 23500 | 198 | 343 | 459 | 554 |
| 7700 | 17 | 21 | 25 | 29 | 13000 | 99 | 171 | 197 | 223 | 18300 | 149 | 267 | 362 | 411 | 23600 | 199 | 344 | 461 | 556 |
| 7800 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 33 | 13100 | 100 | 174 | 200 | 227 | 18400 | 150 | 269 | 364 | 414 | 23700 | 200 | 346 | 463 | 559 |
| 7900 | 22 | 27 | 32 | 37 | 13200 | 101 | 176 | 203 | 230 | 18500 | 151 | 270 | 366 | 418 | 23800 | 201 | 347 | 465 | 561 |
| 8000 | 24 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 13300 | 102 | 179 | 207 | 234 | 18600 | 152 | 272 | 367 | 421 | 23900 | 202 | 349 | 467 | 563 |
| 8100 | 27 | 33 | 38 | 44 | 13400 | 103 | 182 | 210 | 237 | 18700 | 153 | 273 | 369 | 425 | 24000 | 202 | 350 | 469 | 565 |
| 8200 | 29 | 35 | 42 | 48 | 13500 | 104 | 185 | 213 | 241 | 18800 | 154 | 275 | 371 | 428 | 24100 | 203 | 352 | 470 | 568 |
| 8300 | 32 | 38 | 45 | 51 | 13600 | 105 | 187 | 216 | 245 | 18900 | 155 | 276 | 373 | 432 | 24200 | 204 | 353 | 472 | 570 |
| 8400 | 34 | 41 | 48 | 55 | 13700 | 106 | 190 | 219 | 248 | 19000 | 156 | 277 | 375 | 436 | 24300 | 205 | 355 | 474 | 572 |
| 8500 | 37 | 44 | 51 | 59 | 13800 | 107 | 193 | 222 | 252 | 19100 | 157 | 279 | 377 | 439 | 24400 | 206 | 356 | 476 | 574 |
| 8600 | 39 | 47 | 55 | 63 | 13900 | 108 | 195 | 225 | 255 | 19200 | 157 | 280 | 379 | 443 | 24500 | 207 | 358 | 478 | 576 |
| 8700 | 42 | 50 | 58 | 66 | 14000 | 109 | 198 | . 228 | 259 | 19300 | 158 | 282 | 381 | 446 | 24600 | 208 | 359 | 480 | 579 |
| 8800 | 44 | 53 | 61 | 70 | 14100 | 110 | 201 | 232 | 262 | 19400 | 159 | 283 | 382 | 450 | 24700 | 209 | 360 | 482 | 581 |
| 8900 | 47 | 56 | 65 | 74 | 14200 | 111 | 203 | 235 | 266 | 19500 | 160 | 285 | 384 | 453 | 24800 | 210 | 362 | 484 | 583 |
| 9000 | 49 | 58 | 68 | 77 | 14300 | 112 | 206 | 238 | 269 | 19600 | 161 | 286 | 386 | 457 | 24900 | 211 | 363 | 485 | 585 |
| 9100 | 51 | 61 | 71 | 81 | 14400 | 113 | 209 | 241 | 273 | 19700 | 162 | 288 | 388 | 460 | 25000 | 212 | 365 | 487 | 587 |
| 9200 | 54 | 64 | 74 | 85 | 14500 | 113 | 212 | 244 | 276 | 19800 | 163 | 289 | 390 | 464 | 25100 | 213 | 366 | 489 | 590 |
| 9300 | 56 | 67 | 78 | 88 | 14600 | 114 | 213 | 247 | 280. | 19900 | 164 | 291 | 392 | 467 | 25200 | 214 | 368 | 491 | 592 |
| 9400 | 59 | 70 | 81 | 92 | 14700 | 115 | 215 | 250 | 283 | 20000 | 165 | 292 | 394 | 471 | 25300 | 215 | 369 | 493 | 594 |
| 9500 | 61 | 73 | 84 | 96 | 14800 | 116 | 216 | 253 | 287 | 20100 | 166 | 293 | 395 | 474 | 25400 | 216 | 371 | 495 | 596 |
| 9600 | 64 | 76 | 88 | 100 | 14900 | 117 | 218 | 256 | 291 | 20200 | 167 | 295 | 397 | 478 | 25500 | 217 | 372 | 497 | 599 |
| 9700 | 66 | 79 | 91 | 103 | 15000 | 118 | 219 | 260 | 294 | 20300 | 168 | 296 | 399 | 481 | 25600 | 217 | 374 | 499 | 601 |
| 9800 | 69 | 81 | 94 | 107 | 15100 | 119 | 221 | 263 | 298 | 20400 | 169 | 298 | 401 | 485 | 25700 | 218 | 375 | 500 | 603 |
| 9900 | 71 | 84 | 97 | 111 | 15200 | 120 | 222 | 266 | 301 | 20500 | 170 | 299 | 403 | 488 | 25800 | 219 | 377 | 502 | 605 |
| 10000 | 73 | 87 | 101 | 114 | 15300 | 121 | 224 | 269 | 305 | 20600 | 171 | 301 | 405 | 490 | 25900 | 220 | 378 | 504 | 607 |
| 10100 | 76 | 90 | 104 | 118 | 15400 | 122 | 225 | 272 | 308 | 20700 | 172 | 302 | 407 | 492 | 26000 | 221 | 379 | 506 | 609 |
| 10200 | 78 | 93 | 107 | 122 | 15500 | 123 | 226 | 275 | 312 | 20800 | 172 | 304 | 409 | 494 | 26100 | 222 | 381 | 508 | 612 |
| 10300 | 81 | 96 | 111 | 125 | 15600 | 124 | 228 | 278 | 315 | 20900 | 173 | 305 | 410 | 497 | 26200 | 223 | 382 | 509 | 614 |
| 10400 | 83 | . 99 | 114 | 129 | 15700 | 125 | 229 | 281 | 319 | 21000 | 174 | 307 | 412 | 499 | 26300 | 224 | 383 | 511 | 616 |
| 10500 | 86 | 101 | 117 | 133 | 15800 | 126 | 231 | 285 | 322 | 21100 | 175 | 308 | 414 | 501 | 26400 | 225 | 385 | 513 | 618 |
| 10600 | 88 | 104 | 120 | 137 | 15900 | 127 | 232 | 288 | 326 | 21200 | 176 | 309 | 416 | 503 | 26500 | 225 | 386 | 515 | 620 |
| 10700 | 91 | 107 | 124 | 140 | 16000 | 128 | 234 | 291 | 329 | 21300 | 177 | 311 | 418 | 506 | 26600 | 226 | 387 | ${ }^{516}$ | 622 |
| 10800 | 93 | 110 | 127 | 144 | 16100 | 128 | 235 | 294 | 333 | 21400 | 178 | 312 | 420 | 508 | 26700 | 227 | 389 | 518 | 624 |
| 10900 | 94 | 113 | 130 | 148 | 16200 | 129 | 237 | 297 | 336 | 21500 | 179 | 314 | 422 | 510 | 26800 | 228 | 390 | 520 | 626 |
| 11000 | 94 | 116 | 134 | 151 | 16300 | 130 | 238 | 300 | 340 | 21600 | 180 | 315 | 424 | 512 | 26900 | 229 | 391 | 522 | 628 |
| 11100 | 94 | 119 | 137 | 155 | 16400 | 131 | 240 | 303 | 344 | 21700 | 181 | 317 | 425 | 514 | 27000 | 230 | 393 | 523 | 630 |
| 11200 | 94 | 122 | 140 | 159 | 16500 | 132 | 241 | 306 | 347 | 21800 | 182 | 318 | 427 | 517 | 27100 | 231 | 394 | 525 | 632 |
| 11300 | 94 | 124 | 143 | 163 | 16600 | 133 | 242 | 309 | 351 | 21900 | 183 | 320 | 429 | 519 | 27200 | 232 | 396 | 527 | 634 |
| 11400 | 94 | 127 | 147 | 166 | 16700 | 134 | 244 | 313 | 354 | 22000 | 184 | 321 | 431 | 521 | 27300 | 232 | 397 | 528 | 636 |
| 11500 | 94 | 130 | 150 | 170 | 16800 | 135 | 245 | 316 | 358 | 22100 | 185 | 323 | 433 | 523 | 27400 | 233 | 398 | 530 | 638 |
| 11600 | 94 | 133 | 153 | 174 | 16900 | 136 | 247 | 319 | 361 | 22200 | 186 | 324 | 435 | 525 | 27500 | 234 | 400 | 532 | 640 |
| 11700 | 94 | 136 | 157 | 177 | 17000 | 137 | 248 | 322 | 365 | 22300 | 187 | 326 | 437 | 528 | 27600 | 235 | 401 | 534 | 642 |
| 11800 | 94 | 139 | 160 | 181 | 17100 | 138 | 250 | 325 | 368 | 22400 | 187 | 327 | 439 | 530 | 27700 | 236 | 402 | 535 | 644 |
| 11900 | 94 | 141 | 163 | 184 | 17200 | 139 | 251 | 328 | 372 | 22500 | 188 | 328 | 440 | 532 | 27800 | 237 | 404 | 537 | 646 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule -mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
Montants fédéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées
1997

| Income/ | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  | incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $4$ |
| 27900 | 238 | 405 | 539 | 648 | 33200 | 277 | 466 | 617 | 741 |  | 38500 | 316 | 527 | 696 | 834 | 43800 | 357 | 591 | 779 | 932 |
| 28000 | 238 | 406 | 541 | 650 | 33300 | 278 | 467 | 619 | 743 | 38600 | 317 | 528 | 698 | 836 | 43900 | 358 | 593 | 780 | 934 |
| 28100 | 239 | 408 | 542 | 653 | 33400 | 278 | 468 | 620 | 745 | 38700 | 318 | 530 | 699 | 838 | 44000 | 359 | 594 | 782 | 935 |
| 28200 | 240 | 409 | 544 | 655 | 33500 | 279 | 469 | 622 | 746 | 38800 | 318 | 531 | 701 | 840 | 44100 | 360 | 595 | 783 | 937 |
| 28300 | 241 | 410 | 546 | 657 | 33600 | 280 | 47.1 | 623 | 748 | 38900 | 319 | 532 | 702 | 841 | 44200 | 361 | 596 | 785 | 939 |
| 28400 | 242 | 412 | 548 | 659 | 33700 | 281 | 472 | 625 | 750 | 39000 | 320 | 533 | 704 | 843 | 44300 | 361 | 598 | 786 | 941 |
| 28500 | 243 | 413 | 549 | 661 | 33800 | 281 | 473 | 626 | 752 | 39100 | 321 | 534 | 705 | 845 | 44400 | 362 | 599 | 788 | 943 |
| 28600 | 244 | 414 | 551 | 663 | 33900 | 282 | 474 | 628 | 753 | 39200 | 322 | 535 | 707 | 847 | 44500 | 363 | 600 | 790 | 945 |
| 28700 | 245 | 416 | 553 | 665 | 34000 | 283 | 475 | 629 | 755 | 39300 | 322 | 537 | 708 | 849 | 44600 | 364 | 601 | 791 | 947 |
| 28800 | 245 | 417 | 554 | 667 | 34100 | 283 | 476 | 631 | 757 | 39400 | 323 | 538 | 710 | 850 | 44700 | 365 | 602 | 793 | 948 |
| 28900 | 246 | 418 | 556 | 669 | 34200 | 284 | 477 | 632 | 758 | 39500 | 324 | 539 | 711 | 852 | 44800 | 365 | 604. | 794 | 950 |
| 29000 | 247 | 420 | 558 | 671 | 34300 | 285 | 479 | 633 | 760 | 39600 | 325 | 540 | 713 | 854 | 44900 | 366 | 605 | 796 | 952 |
| 29100 | 248 | 421 | 560 | 673 | 34400 | 286 | 480 | 635 | 762 | 39700 | 325 | 541 | 714 | 856 | 45000 | 367 | 606 | 797 | 954 |
| 29200 | 249 | 423 | 561 | 675 | 34500 | 286 | 481 | 636 | 764 | 39800 | 326 | 543 | 716 | 857 | 45100 | 368 | 607 | 799 | 956 |
| 29300 | 250 | 424 | 563 | 677 | 34600 | 287 | 482 | 638 | 765 | 39900 | 327 | 544 | 717 | 859 | 45200 | 368 | 609 | 801 | 958 |
| 29400 | 251 | 425 | 565 | 679 | 34700 | 288 | 483 | 639 | 767 | 40000 | 328 | 545 | 719 | 861 | 45300 | 369 | 610 | 802 | 960 |
| 29500 | 251 | 427 | 567 | 681 | 34800 | 289 | 484 | 641 | 769 | 40100 | 328 | 546 | 720 | 863 | 45400 | 370 | 611 | 804 | 961 |
| 29600 | 252 | 428 | 568 | 683 | 34900 | 289 | 485 | 642 | 770 | 40200 | 329 | 547 | 722 | 865 | 45500 | 371 | 612 | 805 | 963 |
| 29700 | 253 | 429 | 570 | 685 | 35000 | 290 | 486 | 644 | 772 | 40300 | 330 | 549 | 724 | 867 | 45600 | 372 | 613 | 807 | 965 |
| 29800 | 254 | 430 | 571 | 686 | 35100 | 291 | 488 | 645 | 774 | 40400 | 331 | 550 | 725 | 869 | 45700 | 372 | 615 | 808 | 967 |
| 29900 | 254 | 431 | 572 | 688 | 35200 | 291 | 489 | 647 | 776 | 40500 | 332 | 551 | 727 | 870 | 45800 | 373 | 616 | 810 | 969 |
| 30000 | 255 | 432 | 574 | 689 | 35300 | 292 | 490 | 648 | 777 | 40600 | 332 | 552 | 728 | 872 | 45900 | 374 | 617 | 812 | 971 |
| 30100 | 256 | 433 | 575 | 691 | 35400 | 293 | 491 | 649 | 779 | 40700 | 333 | 554 | 730 | 874 | 46000 | 375 | 618 | 813 | 973 |
| 30200 | 256 | 434 | 576 | 693 | 35500 | 294 | 492 | 651 | 781 | 40800 | 334 | 555 | 731 | 876 | 46100 | 376 | 620 | 815 | 974 |
| 30300 | 257 | 435 | 578 | 694 | 35600 | 294 | 493 | 652 | 783 | 40900 | 335 | 556 | 733 | 878 | 46200 | 376 | 621 | 816 | 976 |
| 30400 | 258 | 436 | 579 | 696 | 35700 | 295 | 494 | 654 | 784 | 41000 | 335 | 557 | 735 | 880 | 46300 | 377 | 622 | 818 | 978 |
| 30500 | 258 | 437 | 580 | 697 | 35800 | 296 | 495 | 655 | 786 | 41100 | 336 | 558 | 736 | 882 | 46400 | 378 | 623 | 819 | 980 |
| 30600 | 259. | 438 | 581 | 699 | 35900 | 297 | 497 | 657 | 788 | 41200 | 337 | 560 | 738 | 883 | 46500 | 379 | 624 | 821 | 982 |
| 30700 | 260 | 439 | 583 | 700 | 36000 | 297 | 498 | 658 | 789 | 41300 | 338 | 561 | 739 | 885 | 46600 | 379 | 626 | 823 | 984 |
| 30800 | 260 | 440 | 584 | 702 | 36100 | 298 | 499 | 660 | 791 | 41400 | 339 | 562 | 741 | 887 | 46700 | 380 | 627 | 824 | 986 |
| 30900 | 261 | 441 | 585 | 703 | 36200 | 299 | 500 | 661 | 793 | 41500 | 339 | 563 | 742 | 889 | 46800 | 381 | 628 | 826 | 987 |
| 31000 | 262 | 442 | 587 | 705 | 36300 | 300 | 501 | 663 | 795 | 41600 | 340 | 565 | 744 | 891 | 46900 | 382 | 629 | 827 | 989 |
| 31100 | 262 | 443 | 588 | 707 | 36400 | 300 | 503 | 664 | 797 | 41700 | 341 | 566 | 746 | 893 | 47000 | 383 | 631 | 829 | 991 |
| 31200 | 263 | 444 | 589 | 708 | 36500 | 301 | 504 | 666 | 798 | 41800 | 342 | 567 | 747 | 895 | 47100 | 383 | 632 | 830 | 993 |
| 31300 | 264 | 445 | 591 | 710 | 36600 | 302 | 505 | 667 | 800 | 41900 | 343 | 568 | 749 | 896 | 47200 | 384 | 633 | 832 | $\checkmark 995$ |
| 31400 | 264 | 446 | 592 | 711 | 36700 | 303 | 506 | 669 | 802 | 42000 | 343 | 569 | 750 | 898 | 47300 | 385 | 634 | 834 | 997 |
| 31500 | 265 | 447 | 593 | 713 | 36800 | 303 | 507 | 670 | 804 | 42100 | 344 | 571 | 752 | 900 | 47400 | 386 | 635 | 835 | 999 |
| 31600 | 266 | 448 | 595 | 714 | 36900 | 304 | 508 | 672 | 806 | 42200 | 345 | 572 | 753 | 902 | 47500 | 387 | 637 | 837 | 1000 |
| 31700 | 266 | 449 | 596 | 716 | 37000 | 305 | 510 | 673 | 807 | 42300 | 346 | 573 | 755 | 904 | 47600 | 387 | 638 | 838 | 1002 |
| 31800 | 267 | 450 | 597 | 717 | 37100 | 306 | 511 | 675 | 809 | 42400 | 346 | 574 | 757 | 906 | 47700 | 388 | 639 | 840 | 1004 |
| 31900 | 267 | 451 | 599 | 719 | 37200 | 306 | 512 | 676 | 811 | 42500 | 347 | 576 | 758 | 908 | 47800 | 389 | 640 | 841 | 1006 |
| 32000 | 268 | 452 | 600 | 721 | 37300 | 307 | 513 | 678 | 813 | 42600 | 348 | 577 | 760 | 909 | 47900 | 390 | 642 | 843 | 1008 |
| 32100 | 269 | 454 | 601 | 722 | 37400 | 308 | 514 | 679 | 815 | 42700 | 349 | 578 | 761 | 911 | 48000 | 390 | 643 | 845 | 1010 |
| 32200 | 270 | 455 | 603 | 724 | 37500 | 309 | 515 | 681 | 816 | 42800 | 350 | 579 | 763 | 913 | 48100 | 391 | 644 | 846 | 1012 |
| 32300 | 270 | 456 | 604 | 726 | 37600 | 309 | 517 | 682 | 818 | 42900 | 350 | 580 | 764 | 915 | 48200 | 392 | 645 | 848 | 1013 |
| 32400 | 271 | 457 | 606 | 727 | 37700 | 310 | 518 | 684 | 820 | 43000 | 351 | 582 | 766 | 917 | 48300 | 393 | 646 | 849 | 1015 |
| 32500 | 272 | 458 | 607 | 729 | 37800 | 311 | 519 | 685 | 822 | 43100 | 352 | 583 | 768 | 919 | 48400 | 394 | 648 | 851 | 1017 |
| 32600 | 273 | 459 | 609 | 731 | 37900 | 312 | 520 | 687 | 823 | 43200 | 353 | 584 | 769 | 921 | 48500 | 394 | 649 | 852 | 1019 |
| 32700 | 273 | 460 | 610 | 733 | 38000 | 312 | 521 | 688 | 825 | 43300 | 354 | 585 | 771 | 922 | 48600 | 395 | 650 | 854 | 1021 |
| 32800 | 274 | 462 | 612 | 734 | 38100 | 313 | 523 | 690 | 827 | 43400 | 354 | 587 | 772 | 924 | 48700 | 396 | 651 | 856 | 1023 |
| 32900 | 275 | 463 | 613 | 736 | 38200 | 314 | 524 | 692 | 829 | 43500 | 355 | 588 | 774 | 926 | 48800 | 397 | 653 | 857 | 1025 |
| 33000 | 275 | 464 | 614 | 738 | 38300 | 315 | 525 | 693 | 831 | 43600 | 356 | 589 | 775 | 928 | 48900 | 398 | 654 | 859 | 1026 |
| 33100 | 276 | 465 | 616 | 740 | 38400 | 315 | 526 | 695 | 832 | 43700 | 357 | 590 | 777 | 930 | 49000 | 398 | 655 | 860 | 1028 |

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|  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthiy AwardI Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensul <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Chilldren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 49100 | 399 | 656 | 862 | 1030 | 54 | 441 | 721 | 945 | 1129 | 59700 | 482 | 785 | 1028 | 122 | 65000 | 519 | 843 | 1102 | 131 |
| 4920 | 400 | 657 | 863 | 1032 | 5450 | 442 | 722 | 947 | 1130 | 59800 | 483 | 786 | 1029 | 122 | 65100 | 520 | 844 | 1104 | 1316 |
| 49300 | 401 | 659 | 865 | 103 | 54600 | 442 | 23 | 948 | 1132 | 5990 | 483 | 787 | 1031 | 1230 | 65200 | 520 | 845 | 1105 | 1318 |
| 49400 | 401 | 660 | 86 | 103 | 470 | 443 | 725 | 950 | 113 | 6000 | 484 | 789 | 1032 | 123 | 653 | 521 | 846 | 1106 | 1319 |
| 49500 | 402 | 661 | 868 | 1038 | 54800 | 444 | 726 | 951 | 1136 | 60100 | 485 | 790 | 1033 | 123 | 65400 | 521 | 847 | 1108 | 1321 |
| 49600 | 403 | 662 | 870 | 1039 | 54900 | 445 | 727 | 953 | 1138 | 6020 | 486 | 791 | 1035 | 1235 | 655 | 522 | 848 | 11 | 1323 |
| 49700 | 404 | 664 | 871 | 1041 | 55000 | 445 | 728 | 955 | 1140 | 60300 | 486 | 792 | 1036 | 1236 | 65600 | 523 | 849 | 1110 | 1324 |
| 49800 | 405 | 665 | 873 | 1043 | 55100 | 446 | 730 | 956 | 1142 | 60400 | 487 | 793 | 1038 | 1238 | 65700 | 523 | 850 | 111 | 1326 |
| 49900 | 405 | 666 | 874 | 1045 | 55200 | 47 | 731 | 958 | 1143 | 60500 | 488 | 794 | 1039 | 1240 | 65800 | 524 | 851 | 1113 | 1327 |
| 50000 | 406 | 667 | 876 | 1047 | 300 | 448 | 732 | 959 | 1145 | 60600 | 488 | 795 | 1041 | 1241 | 65900 | 525 | 852 | 1115 | 1329 |
| 5010 | 407 | 668 | 878 | 1049 | 55400 | 449 | 733 | 析 | 11 | 6070 | 489 | 79 | 1042 | 124 | 6600 | 525 | 853 | 1116 | 1331 |
| 50200 | 408 | 670 | 879 | 1051 | 5550 | 449 | 734 | 962 | 114 | 6080 | 490 | 797 | 1043 | 124 | 6610 | 526 | 854 | 1117 | 1332 |
| 5030 | 409 | 671 | 881 | 1052 | 55600 | 450 | 736 | 964 | 115 | 6090 | 491 | 799 | 1045 | 124 | 6620 | 527 | 855 | 1119 | 1334 |
| 5040 | 409 | 672 | 882 | 1054 | 55700 | 451 | 737 | 966 | 115 | 6100 | 491 | 800 | 1046 | 124 | 6630 | 527 | 857 | 112 | 1335 |
| 5050 | 410 | 673 | 884 | 1056 | 55800 | 452 | 738 | 967 | 115 | 61100 | 492 | 801 | 1048 | 125 | 6640 | 528 | 85 | 112 | 1337 |
| 50600 | 411 | 675 | 885 | 1058 | 55900 | 453 | 739 | 969 | 1156 | 61200 | 493 | 802 | 1049 | 125 | 6650 | 529 | 859 | 112 | 1339 |
| 50700 | 412 | 676 | 887 | 1060 | 5000 | 453 | 741 | 970 | 1158 | 6130 | 493 | 803 | 1051 | 125 | 6660 | 529 | 860 | 112 | 1340 |
| 50800 | 41 | 677 | 889 | 1062 | 56100 | 454 | 742 | 972 | 1160 | 61400 | 494 | 804 | 1052 | 125 | 6670 | 530 | 861 | 1125 | 1342 |
| 50900 | 413 | 678 | 890 | 1064 | 56200 | 455 | 743 | 973 | 11 | 61500 | 495 | 805 | . 105 | 125 | 66800 | 531 | 862 | 1127 | 1344 |
| 51000 | 414 | 679 | 892 | 1065 | 56300 | 456 | 744 | 975 | 1164 | 61600 | 496 | 806 | 1055 | 125 | 6690 | 53. | 863 | 1128 | 1345 |
| 51100 | 415 | 681 | 893 | 1067 | 56400 | 456 | 745 | 977 |  | 61700 | 496 | 807 | 1056 | 1260 | 6700 | 532 | 864 | 1130 | 347 |
| 51200 | 416 | 682 | 895 | 10 | 6500 | 457 | 747 | 978 | 1168 | 18 | 497 | 809 | 1058 | 126 | 67100 | 533 | 86 | 1131 | 1349 |
| 51300 | 416 | 683 | 896 | 1071 | 5660 | 458 | 748 | 980 | 116 | C1901 | 498 | 810 | 1059 | 126 | 67200 | 533 | 86 | 1132 | 1350 |
| 51400 | 417 | 684 | 898 | 1073 | 56700 | 459 | 749 | 981 | 117 | 62000 | 499 | 811 | 1061 | 126 | 67300 | 534 | 86 | 1134 | 1352 |
| 51500 | 418 | 686 | 900 | 1075 | 56800 | 460 | 750 | 883 | 1173 | 62100 | 499 | 812 | 1062 | 126 | 67400 | 535 | 868 | 1135 | 1353 |
| 51600 | 419 | 687 | 901 | 1077 | 56900 | 460 | 752 | 984 | 1175 | 62200 | 500 | 813 | 1064 | 1268 | 6750 | 535 | 869 | 1137 | 1355 |
| 51700 | 420 | 688 | 903 | 1078 | 57000 | 461 | 753 | 986 | 1177 | 6230 | 501 | 814 | 65 | 1270 | 6760 | 536 | 870 | 1138 | 1357 |
| 51800 | 420 | 689 | 904 | 1080 | 57100 | 462 | 754 | 988 | 1179 | 62400 | 50 | 815 | 1066 | 1272 | 67700 | 537 | 87 | 1139 | 1358 |
| 51900 | 421 | 690 | 906 | 1082 | 57200 | 463 | 755 | 989 | 118 | 62500 | 502 | 816 | 1068 | 1274 | 6780 | 538 | 873 | 141 | 1360 |
| 52000 | 422 | 692 | 907 | 1084 | 57300 | 464 | 756 | 991 | 1182 | 62600 | 503 | 817 | 1069 | 1275 | 6790 | 538 | 874 | 114 | 1362 |
| 52100 | 423 | 693 | 909 | 1086 | 57400 | 464 | 758 | 992 | 118 | 6270 | 504 | 819 | 1071 | 1271 | 6800 | 539 | 875 | 1143 | 1363 |
| 52200 | 423 | 694 | 911 | 1088 | 57500 | 465 | 759 | 994 | 1186 | 62800 | 504 | 820 | 1072 | 127 | 6810 | , | 876 | 1145 | 1365 |
| 52300 | 424 | 695 | 912 | 1090 | 57600 | 466 | 760 | 995 | 1188 | 62900 | 505 | 821 | 1074 | 1280 | 6820 | 540 | 877 | 1146 | 1367 |
| 52400 | 425 | 697 | 914 | 1091 | 57700 | 467 | 761 | 997 | 1190 | 63000 | 506 | 822 | 1075 | 1282 | 68300 | 541 | 878 | 1148 | 1368 |
| 52500 | 426 | 698 | 915 | 1093 | 57800 | 467 | 763 | 999 | 1192 | 63100 | 506 | 823 | 1076 | 1284 | 6840 | 542 | 879 | 1149 | 1370 |
| 52600 | 427 | 699 | 917 | 1095 | 57900 | 468 | 764 | 1000 | 1194 | 63200 | 507 | 824 | 1078 | 1285 | 68500 | 542 | 88 | 115 | 1372 |
| 52700 | 427 | 700 | 918 | 1097 | 58000 | 469 | 765 | 1002 | 1195 | 63300 | 508 | 825 | 1079 | 1287 | 68600 | 543 | 881 | 1152 | 1373 |
| 52800 | 428 | 701 | 920 | 1099 | 58100 | 470 | 766 | 1003 | 1197 | 63400 | 509 | 826 | 1081 | 1289 | 68700 | 544 | 882 | 115 | 1375 |
| 52900 | 429 | 7 | 922 | 110 | 58200 | 471 | 767 | 1005 | 1199 | 63500 | 509 | 827 | 1082 | 1290 | 6880 | 545 | 883 | 1155 | 1376 |
| 53000 | 430 | 704 | 923 | 1103 | 58300 | 471 | 769 | 1006 | 1201 | 63600 | 510 | 829 | 1083 | 1292 | 68900 | 545 | 885 | 115 | 1378 |
| 53100 | 431 | 705 | 925 | 1104 | 58400 | 472 | 770 | 1008 | 1203 | 63700 | 510 | 830 | , | 129 | 69000 | 546 | ¢ | 1 | 1380 |
| 5320 | 431 | 706 | 926 | . 1106 | 58500 | 473 | 771 | 1010 | 1205 | 6380 | 511 | 831 | 1086 | 1295 | 69100 | 47 | 88 | 115 | 1381 |
| 5330 | 432 | 708 | 928 | 1108 | 5860 | 474 | 772 | 1011 | 1207 | 63900 | 512 | 832 | 108 | 1297 | 69200 | 547 | 888 | 1160 | 1383 |
| 5340 | 433 | 7 | 929 | 1110 | 58700 | 475 | 774 | 1013 | 1208 | 64000 | 512 | 833 | 1089 | 1298 | 69300 | 548 | 889 | 116 | 1385 |
| 53500 | 434 | 710 | 931 | 1112 | 58800 | 475 | 775 | 1014 | 1210 | 64100 | 513 | 83 | 1090 | 1300 | 69400 | 549 | 890 | 1163 | 1386 |
| 53600 | 434 | 711 | 933 | 1114 | 58900 | 476 | 776 | 1016 | 1212 | 64200 | 514 | 835 | 1092 | 1302 | 6950 | 549 | 891 | 1164 | 1388 |
| 53700 | 435 | 712 | 934 | 1116 | 59000 | 477 | 777 | 1017 | 1214 | 64300 | 514 | 836 | 1093 | 1303 | 6960 | 550 | 892 | 116 | 1390 |
| 53800 | 436 | 714 | 936 | 1117 | 59100 | 478 | 778 | 1019 | 1216 | 64400 | 515 | 837 | 1094 | 130 | 6970 | 551 | 893 | 116 | 1391 |
| 53900 | 437 | 715 | 937 | 1119 | 59200 | 478 | 780 | 1021 | 1218 | 64500 | 516 | 838 | 1096 | 1306 | 69 | 552 | 894 | 1169 | 1393 |
| 54000 | 438 | 716 | 939 | 1121 | 59300 | 479 | 781 | 1022 | 121 | 64600 | 516 | 839 | 109 | 1308 | 6990 | 52 | 895 | 117 | 1395 |
| 54100 | 438 | 717 | 940 | 1123 | 59400 | 480 | 782 | 102 | 1221 | 64700 | 517 | 840 | 1098 | 1310 | 70000 | 553 | 896 | 1171 | 1396 |
| 54200 |  | 719 | 942 | 125 | 500 | 481 | 783 | 1025 | 1223 | 64800 | 518 | 841 | 1100 | 1311 | 70100 | 554 | 898 | 117 | 139 |
| 54300 | 440 | 720 | 944 | 112 | 9600 | 481 | 784 | 1026 | 1224 | 6490 | 518 | 842 | 1101 | 131 | 7020 | 554 | 899 | 1174 | 1400 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formuia for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Suprort Amounts : Simplified Tables
Montants féderaux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées
1997

| Income/ Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel(\$)No. of Children/Nred'enfants1 |  |  |  |  | Monthly Awardl <br> Pailement mensuel <br> (\$) <br> No. of Children/ <br> $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel(5)No. of Childrent$N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 |  | 2 | 31 | 4 |
| 70300 | 555 | 900 | 1176 | 1401 | 75600 | 592 | 957 | 1249 | 1488 |  | 80900 | 629 | 1015 | 1323 | 1576 | 86200 | 666 | 1072 | 1397 | 663 |
| 70400 | 556 | 90 | 11 | 1403 | 75700 | 93 | 958 | 1251 | 1490 | 81000 | 629 | 1016 | 1324 | 1577 | 86300 | 666 | 1073 | 1398 | 1664 |
| 70500 | 56 | 902 | 11 | 1404 | 5800 | 593 | 959 | 1252 | 1492 | 81100 | 630 | 1017 | 1326 | 1579 | 86400 | 667 | 1074 | 1400 | 1666 |
| 70600 | 557 | 903 | 1180 | 1406 | 5900 | 594 | 960 | 1253 | 1493 | 81200 | 631 | 1018 | 1327 | 1580 | 86500 | 668 | 1075 | 1401 | 1668 |
| 70700 | 558 | 904 | 1181 | 1408 | 6000 | 595 | 61 | 1255 | 1495 | 1300 | 632 | 1019 | 1329 | 1582 | 86600 | 668 | 1076 | 1402 | 1669 |
| 70800 | 558 | 905 | 1182 | 1409 | 76100 | 595 | 963 | 1256 | 1497 | 81400 | 632 | 1020 | 1330 | 158 | 86700 | 669 | 1077 | 1404 | 1671 |
| 70900 | 559 | 906 | 1184 | 1411 | 76200 | 596 | 964 | 1258 | 1498 | 81500 | 633 | 1021 | 1331 | 1585 | 86800 | 670 | 1078 | 1405 | 1673 |
| 71000 | 560 | 907 | 1185 | 1413 | 76300 | 597 | 965 | 1259 | 1500 | 81600 | 634 | 1022 | 1333 | 1587 | 86900 | 671 | 1079 | 1407 | 1674 |
| 71100 | 561 | 908 | 1187 | 1414 | 76400 | 597 | 966 | 1260 | 1502 | 81700 | 634 | 1023 | 133 | 1589 | 87000 | 671 | 1081 | 1408 | 1676 |
| 71200 | 561 | 909 | 1188 | 1416 | 76500 | 598 | 967 | 1262 | 1503 | 81800 | 635 | 1024 | 1336 | 1590 | 87100 | 672 | 1082 | 1409 | 1678 |
| 71300 | 562 | 91 | 1189 | 1418 | 76600 | 599 | 968 | 1263 | 1505 | 81900 | 636 | 1025 | 1337 | 1592 | 87200 | 673 | 83 | 1411 | 1679 |
| 71400 | 56 | 91 | 119 | 1419 | 76700 | 0 | 969 | 1265 | 1506 | 82000 | 636 | 1026 | 1338 | 1594 | 87300 | 673 | 1084 | 1412 | 1681 |
| 71500 | 563 | 913 | 1192 | 14 | 76800 | 00 | 970 | 1266 | 1508 | 82100 | 637 | 1027 | 13 | 1595 | 87400 | 674 | 1085 | 1414 | 1683 |
| 71600 | 564 | 914 | 1194 | 1423 | 76900 | 601 | 971 | 1267. | 1510 | 82200 | 638 | 1029 | 1341 | 159 | 8750 | 675 | 108 | 1415 | 1684 |
| 71700 | 565 | '915 | 1195 | 1424 | 77000 | 602 | 972 | 1269 | 1511 | 82300 | 639 | 1030 | 13 | 1599 | 87600 | 675 | 1087 | 1416 | 1686 |
| 71800 | 565 | 916 | 1196 | 1426 | 77100 | 602 | 973 | 1270 | 1513 | 82400 | 639 | 1031 | 134 | 1600 | 87700 | 676 | 1088 | 1418 | 1687 |
| 71900 | 566 | 917 | 1198 | 1427 | 77200 | 603 | 974 | 1272 | 1515 | 82500 | 640 | 1032 | 1345 | 1602 | 87800 | 677 | 1089 | 1419 | 1689 |
| 72000 | 567 | 918 | 1199 | 1429 | 77300 | 604 | 976 | 1273 | 1516 | 82600 | 641 | 1033 | 1347 | 1604 | 87900 | 677 | 1090 | 1421 | 1691 |
| 72100 | 568 | 919 | 1201 | 1431 | 77400 | 604 | 977 | 1274 | 1518 | 82700 | 641 | 1034 | 1348 | 1605 | 88000 | 678 | 1091 | 1422 | 1692 |
| 72200 | 568 | 920 | 1202 | 1432 | 77500 | 605 | 78 | 1276 | 1520 | 82800 | 642 | 1035 | 1350 | 1607 | 88100 | 67 | 109 | 1423 | 1694 |
| 72300 | 569 | 921 | 1203 | 1434 | 77600 | 606 | 979 | 1277 | 1521 | 82900 | 643 | 1036 | 1351 | 1608 | 88200 | 680 | 109 | 1425 | 1696 |
| 72400 | 570 | 922 | 1205 | 1436 | 77700 | 606 | 980 | 1279 | 1523 | 83000 | 643 | 1037 | 1352 | 1610 | 88300 | 680 | 1095 | 1426 | 1697 |
| 72500 | 570 | 924 | 1206 | 1437 | 77800 | 607 | 981 | 1280 | 1525 | 83100 | 644 | 1038 | 1354 | 1612 | 88400 | 681 | 1096 | 1428 | 1699 |
| 72600 | 571 | 925 | 1208 | 1439 | 77900 | 608 | 982 | 1281 | 1526 | 83200 | 645 | 1039 | 1355 | 1613 | 88500 | 682 | 1097 | 1429 | 1701 |
| 72700 | 572 | 926 | 1209 | 1441 | 78000 | 09 | 983 | 1283 | 1528 | 83300 | 645 | 1040 | 1356 | 1615 | 88600 | 682 | 1098 | 1430 | 1702 |
| 72800 | 57 | 92 | 1210 | 1442 | 78100 | 09 | 98 | 1284 | 1529 | 83400 | 646 | 1042 | 1358 | 1617 | 88700 | 68 | 1099 | 1432 | 1704 |
| 72900 | 57 | 92 | 12 | 1444 | 78200 | 610 | 985 | 1285 | 15 | 835 | 647 | 10 | 1359 | 1618 | 888 | 684 | 11 | 1433 | 1706 |
| 73000 | 574 | 929 | 1213 | 1446 | 78300 | 611 | 986 | 1287 | 1533 | 83600 | 648 | 104 | 136 | 1620 | 88900 | 684 | 1101 | 1434 | 1707 |
| 73100 | 574 | 930 | 1214 | 1447 | 78400 | 611 | 987 | 1288 | 1534 | 83700 | 648 | 1045 | 1362 | 1622 | 89000 | 685 | 1102 | 1436 | 1709 |
| 73200 | 575 | 931 | 1216 | 1449 | 78500 | 012 | 989 | 1290 | 1536 | 83800 | 649 | 1046 | 1363 | 1623 | 89100 | 686 | 1103 | 1437 | 1710 |
| 73300 | 576 | 932 | 1217 | 1451 | 78600 | 613 | 990 | 1291 | 1538 | 83900 | 650 | 1047 | 1365 | 1625 | 89200 | 687 | 110 | 1439 | 1712 |
| 73400 | 577 | 933 | 1219 | 1452 | 78700 | 613 | 991 | 1292 | 1539 | 84000 | 650 | 1048 | 1366 | 1627 | 89300 | 687 | 110 | 1440 | 1714 |
| 73500 | 577 | 93 | 122 | 14 | 78800 | 14 | 992 | 12 | 1541 | 84100 | 651 | 1049 | 1368 | 1628 | 89400 | 688 | 1107 | 1441 | 1715 |
| 73600 | 578 | 935 | 1221 | 1455 | 78900 | 615 | 993 | 1295 | 1543 | 84200 | 652 | 1050 | 1369 | 1630 | 89500 | 689 | 1108 | 1443 | 1717 |
| 73700 | 579 | 937 | 1223 | 1457 | 79000 | 616 | 994 | 1297 | 1544 | 84300 | 652 | 1051 | 1370 | 1632 | 89600 | 689 | 1109 | 1444 | 1719 |
| 73800 | 579 | 938 | 1224 | 1459 | 79100 | 616 | 995 | 1298 | 1546 | 84400 | 653 | 1052 | 1372 | 1633 | 89700 | 690 | 1110 | 1446 | 1720 |
| 73900 | 580 | 939 | 1226 | 1460 | 79200 | 617 | 996 | 1299 | 1548 | 84500 | 654 | 1053 | 1373 | 1635 | 89800 | 691 | 111 | 1447 | 1722 |
| 74000 | 581 | 940 | 1227 | 1462 | 79300 | 618 | 997 | 1301 | 1549 | 84600 | 655 | 1055 | 1375 | 1636 | 89900 | 691 | 1112 | 1448 | 1724 |
| 74100 | 581 | 941 | 1228 | 1464 | 79400 | 618 | 998 | 1302 | 1551 | 84700 | 655 | 1056 | 1376 | 1638 | 90000 | 692 | 1113 | 1450 | 1725 |
| 74200 | 582 | 942 | 1230 | 1465 | 79500 | 619 | 999 | 1304 | 1553 | 84800 | 656 | 1057 | 1377 | 1640 | 90100 | 693 | 111 | 1451 | 1727 |
| 74300 | 583 |  |  | 146 | 79600 |  | 1000 |  |  | 84900 | 657 | 158 | 1379 | 仡 | 90200 | 94 | 1115 | 1453 | 1729 |
| 74400 | 58 | 944 | 123 | 146 | 79700 | 62 | 1002 | 130 | 1556 | 85000 | 657 | 105 | 1380 | 1643 | 90300 | 694 | 1116 | 1454 | 1730 |
| 74500 | 584 | 945 | 123 | 1470 | 79800 | 621 | 1003 | 1308 | 1557 | 85100 | 658 | 1060 | 1382 | 1645 | 90400 | 695 | 1117 | 1455 | 1732 |
| 74600 | 585 | 946 | 1235 | 1472 | 79900 | 622 | 1004 | 1309 | 1559 | 85200 | 659 | 1061 | 1383 | 1646 | 90500 | 696 | 1118 | 1457 | 1734 |
| 74700 | 586 | 947 | 1237 | 1474 | 80000 | 623 | 1005 | 1311 | 1561 | 35300 | 659 | 1062 | 1384 | 1648 | 90600 | 696 | 1120 | 1458 | 1735 |
| 74800 | 586 | 948 | 1238 | 1475 | 80100 | 623 | 1006 | 1312 | 1562 | 85400 | 660 | 1063 | 1386 | 1650 | 90700 | 697 | 1121 | 1460 | 1737 |
| 74900 | 587 | 950 | 1240 | 1477 | 80200 | 624 | 1007 | 1313 | 1564 | 85500 | 661 | 1064 | 1387 | 1651 | 90800 | 698 | 112 | 1461 | 1738 |
| 75000 | 588 | 951 | 1241 | 1478 | 80300 | 625 | 1008 | 1315 | 1566 | 85600 | 661 | 1065 | 1389 | 1653 | 90900 | 698 | 1123 | 1462 | 1740 |
| 75100 | 588 | 952 | 1242 | 1480 | 80400 | 625 | 1009 | 1316. | 1567 | 85700 | 662 | 10 | 1390 | 1655 | 91000 | 699 | 112 | 1464 | 1742 |
| 75200 | 589 | 953 | 1244 | 1482 | 80500 | 626 | 1010 | 1318 | 1569 | 85800 | 663 | 1068 | 1391 | 1656 | 91100 | 700 | 112 | 1465 | 1743 |
| 75300 | 590 | 954 | 1245 | 1483 | 80600 | 627 | 1011 | 1319 | 1571 | 85900 | 664 | 1069 | 1393 | 1658 | 91200 | 700 | 1126 | 1466 | 1745 |
| 75400 | 590 | 955 | 1247 | 1485 | 80700 | 627 | 1012 | 1320 | 1572 | 86000 | 664 | 1070 | 1394 | 1659 | 91300 | 701 | 1127 | 1468 | 1747 |
| 7550 | 591 | 956 | 1248 | 148 | 8080 | 628 | 1013 | 132 | 1574 | 86100 | 665 | 107 | 139 | 1661 | 91400 | 702 | 1128 | 1469 | 1748 |

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Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Inco | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  | hildre enfant 3 |  |  |  | $2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91500 | 703 | 1129 | 1471 | 1750 | 96800 | 737 | 1184 | 1542 | 1834 | 102100 | 773 | 1240 | 1613 | 1919 | 107400 | 809 | 1295 | 1685 | 2003 |
| 91600 | 703 | 1130 | 1472 | 1752 | 96900 | 738 | 1185 | 1543 | 1836 | 102200 | 774 | 1241 | 1615 | 1920 | 107500 | 809 | 1296 | 1686 | 2005 |
| 91700 | 704 | 1131 | 1473 | 1753 | 97000 | 738 | 1186 | 1544 | 1837 | 102300 | 774 | 1242 | 1616 | 1922 | 107600 | 810 | 1298 | 1688 | 2007 |
| 91800 | 705 | 1133 | 1475 | 1755 | 97100 | 739 | 1187 | 1546 | 1839 | 102400 | 775 | 1243 | 1617 | 1924 | 107700 | 811 | 1299 | 1689 | 2008 |
| 91900 | 705 | 1134 | 1476 | 1757 | 97200 | 740 | 1188 | 1547 | 1841 | 102500 | 776 | 1244 | 1619 | 1925 | 107800 | 811 | 1300 | 169 | 2010 |
| 92000 | 706 | 1135 | 1478 | 1758 | 97300 | 740 | 1189 | 1548 | 1842 | 102600 | 776 | 1245 | 1620 | 1927 | 107900 | 812 | 1301 | 1692 | 2011 |
| 92100 | 707 | 1136 | 1479 | 1760 | 97400 | 741 | 1190 | 1550 | 1844 | 102700 | 777 | 1246 | 1621 | 1928 | 108000 | 813 | 1302 | 1693 | 2013 |
| 92200 | 707 | 1137 | 1480 | 1761 | 97500 | 42 | 1191 | 1551 | 1845 | 102800 | 778 | 1247 | 1623 | 1930 | 108100 | 813 | 1303 | 169 | 2015 |
| 92300 | 708 | 1138 | 1482 | 1763 | 97600 | 742 | 1192 | 1552 | 1847 | 102900 | 778 | 1248 | 1624 | 1932 | 108200 | 814 | 1304 | 169 | 2016 |
| 92400 | 709 | 11 | 1483 | 17 | 97700 | 43 | 1193 | 1554 | 1849 | 103000 | 779 | 1249 | 1625 | 1933 | 108300 | 815 | 1305 | 169 | 2018 |
| 92500 | 710 | 11 | 1485 | 1766 | 97800 | 44 | 195 | 1555 | 1850 | 103100 | 780 | 1250 | 1627 | 1935 | 108400 | 815 | 1306 | 169 | 2019 |
| 92600 | 710 | 1141 | 1486 | 1768 | 97900 | 744 | 1196 | 1556 | 1852 | 103200 | 780 | 1251 | 1628 | 1936 | 108500 | 816 | 1307 | 170 | 2021 |
| 92700 | 711 | 1142 | 1487 | 1770 | 98000 | 745 | 1197 | 1558 | 1853 | 103300 | 781 | 1252 | 1629 | 1938 | 108600 | 817 | 1308 | 170 | 2023 |
| 92800 | 712 | 1143 | 1489 | 1771 | 98100 | 746 | . 1198 | 1559 | 1855 | 103400 | 782 | 1253 | 1631 | 1940 | 108700 | 817 | 1309 | 1702 | 2024 |
| 929 | 712 | 114 | 1490 | 1773 | 98200 | 747 | 1199 | 1561 | 1857 | 103500 | 782 | 1254 | 1632 | 1941 | 108800 | 818 | 1310 | 1704 | 2026 |
| 93000 | 713 | 1146 | 1492 | 177 | 98300 | 747 | 1200 | 1562 | 1858 | 103600 | 783 | 1255 | 333 | 1943 | 108900 | 819 | 1311 | 170 | 2027 |
| 93100 | 714 | 1147 | 1493 | 1776 | 98400 | 748 | 1201 | 1563 | 1860 | 103700 | 784 | 125 | 1635 | 1944 | 109000 | 819 | 1312 | 170 | 2029 |
| 93200 | 714 | 1148 | 1494 | 1778 | 98500 | 749 | 1202 | 1565 | 1861 | 103800 | 784 | 125 | 1636 | 1946 | 109100 | 820 | 1313 | 1708 | 2031 |
| 93300 | 715 | 1149 | 1496 | 1779 | 98600 | 749 | 1203 | 1566 | 1863 | 103900 | 785 | 1259 | 1638 | 1948 | 109200 | 821 | 1314 | 1709 | 2032 |
| 93400 | 716 | 1150 | 1497 | 1781 | 98700 | 750 | 1204 | 1567 | 1865 | 104000 | 786 | 1260 | 1639 | 1949 | 109300 | 821 | 1315 | 1710 | 2034 |
| 93500 | 716 | 1151 | 1498 | 1782 | 98800 | 751 | 1205 | 1569 | 1866 | 104100 | 786 | 1261 | 1640 | 1951 | 109400 | 822 | 1316 | 1712 | 2035 |
| 936 | 717 | 115 | 149 | 17 | 98900 | 751 | 06 | 1570 | 868 | 104200 | 787 | 1262 | 1642 | 1952 | 109500 | 823 | 1317 | 171 | 2037 |
| 93700 | 717 | 1153 | 1501 | 17 | 99000 | 752 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 10430 | 788 | 12 | 1643 | 195 | 109600 | 82 | 1319 | 171 | 2039 |
| 93800 | 718 | 1154 | 1502 | 1787 | 99100 | 753 | 1208 | 1573 | 187 | 104400 | 788 | 1264 | 1644 | 19 | 109700 | 824 | 1320 | 171 | 2040 |
| 93900 | 719 | 1155 | 1503 | 1789 | 99200 | 753 | 1209 | 1574 | 1872 | 104500 | 789 | 1265 | 1646 | 1957 | 109800 | 825 | 1321 | 1717 | 2042 |
| 94000 | 719 | 1156 | 1505 | 1790 | 99300 | 754 | 1210 | 1575 | 1874 | 104600 | 790 | 1266 | 1647 | 1959 | 109900 | 826 | 1322 | 1719 | 2043 |
| 9410 | 720 | 1157 | 1506 | 1792 | 99400 | 755 | 1211 | 1577 | 1876 | 104700 | 790 | 1267 | 1648 | 1960 | 110000 | 826 | 1323 | 1720 | 2045 |
| 94200 | 721 | 115 | 1507 | 1793 | 99500 | 55 | 1212 | 1578 | 1877 | 104800 | 791 | 1268 | 1650 | 1962 | 110100 | 827 | 1324 | 172 | 2047 |
| 94300 | 721 | 1159 | 1509 | 17 | 99600 | 756 | 1213 | 157 | 187 | 104900 | 792 | 1269 | 165 | 196 | 110200 | 828 | 1325 | 172 | 2048 |
| 94400 | 722 | 1160 | 1510 | 1797 | 99700 | 757 | 1214 | 1581 | 1880 | 105000 | 792 | 1270 | 1652 | 1965 | 110300 | 828 | 1326 | 172 | 2050 |
| 94500 | 722 | 1161 | 1511 | 1798 | 99800 | 757 | 1216 | 1582 | 1882 | 105100 | 793 | 1271 | 1654 | 196 | 110400 | 829 | 1327 | 1725 | 2051 |
| 9460 | 723 | 1162 | 1513 | 1800 | 99900 | 758 | 1217 | 1583 | 1884 | 105200 | 79 | 127 | 1655 | 1968 | 110500 | 830 | 1328 | 1727 | 2053 |
| 94700 | 72 | 1163 | 1514 | 1801 | 100000 | 75 | 1218 | 1585 | 1885 | 105300 | 794 | 1273 | 1656 | 1970 | 110600 | 830 | 1329 | 1728 | 2055 |
| 94800 | 724 | 116 | 1515 | 1803 | 100100 | 759 | 1219 | 1586 | 1887 | 105400 | 795 | 1274 | 1658 | 1971 | 110700 | 831 | 1330 | 1729 | 2056 |
| 94900 | 725 | 1165 | 1516 | 1804 | 100200 | 760 | 1220 | 1588 | 1888 | 105500 | 796 | 1275 | 1659 | 1973 | 110800 | 832 | 1331 | 1731 | 2058 |
| 95000 | 726 | 1166 | 1518 | 1806 | 100300 | 761 | 1221 | 1589 | 1890 | 105600 | 796 | 1276 | 1660 | 1975 | 110900 | 832 | 1332 | 1732 | 2059 |
| 95100 | 726 | 116 | 1519 | 1807 | 100400 | 761 | 1222 | 1590 | 1892 | 105700 | 797 | 1278 | 1662 | 1976 | 111000 | 833 | 1333 | 173 | 2061 |
| 95200 | 727 | 1168 | 1520 | 1809 | 100500 | 762 | 1223 | 1592 | 1893 | 105800 | 798 | 127 | 1663 | 197 | 111100 | 83 | 1334 | 1735 | 2062 |
| 95300 | 727 | 1169 | 1522 | 1811 | 100600 | 763 | 1224 | 1593 | 1895 | 105900 | 79 | 128 | 1665 | 197 | 111200 | 83 | 1335 | 173 | 2064 |
| 95400 | 728 | 1170 | 1523 | 1812 | 100700 | 763 | 1225 | 1594 | 1896 | 106000 | 799 | 1281 | 1666 | 1981 | 111300 | 835 | 1336 | 1737 | 2066 |
| 95500 | 729 | 1171 | 1524 | 1814 | 100800 | 764 | 1226 | 1596 | 1898 | 106100 | 800 | 1282 | 1667 | 1983 | 111400 | 836 | 1337 | 1739 | 2067 |
| 95600 | 729 | 1172 | 1526 | 1815 | 100900 | 765 | 12 | 1597 | 1900 | 106200 | 801 | 1283 | 1669 | 1984 | 111500 | 836 | 1338 | 17 | 2069 |
| 95700 | 730 | 1173 | 1527 | 1817 | 101000 | 765 | 122 | 1598 | 1901 | 106300 | 801 | 1284 | 1670 | 1986 | 111600 | 837 | 1340 | 17 | 2070 |
| 95800 | 731 | 1174 | 1528 | 1818 | 101100 | 766 | 1229 | 1600 | 1903 | 106400 | 802 | 1285 | 1671 | 1987 | 111700 | 83 | 13 | 17 | 2072 |
| 95900 | 731 | 1175 | 1530 | 1820 | 101200 | 767 | 1230 | 1601 | 1904 | 106500 | 803 | 1286 | 1673 | 1989 | 111800 | 838 | 1342 | 174 | 2074 |
| 96000 | 732 | 1176 | 1531 | 1821 | 101300 | 767 | 1231 | 1602 | 1906 | 106600 | 803 | 1287 | 1674 | 1991 | 111900 | 839 | 1343 | 174 | 2075 |
| 96100 | 732 | 1177 | 1532 | 1823 | 101400 | 768 | 1232 | 1604 | 1908 | 106700 | 804 | 1288 | 1675 | 1992 | 112000 | 840 | 1344 | 1747 | 2077 |
| 96200 | 733 | 1178 | 1534 | 1825 | 101500 | 769 | 1233 | 1605 | 1909 | 106800 | 805 | 1289 | 1677 | 1994 | 112100 | 840 | 1345 | 1748 | 2078 |
| 96300 | 734 | 1179 | 1535 | 1826 | 101600 | 769 | 1234 | 1606 | 1911 | 106900 | 805 | 1290 | 1678 | 1995 | 112200 | 841 | 1346 | 1750 | 2080 |
| 96400 | 734 | 1180 | 1536 | 1828 | 101700 | 770 | 1236 | 1608 | 1912 | 107000 | 806 | 1291 | 1679 | 1997 | 112300 | 842 | 1347 | 1751 | 2082 |
| 96500 | 735 | 1181 | 1538 | 1829 | 101800 | 771 | 123 | 1609 | 1914 | 107100 | 807 | 1292 | 1681 | 1999 | 112400 | 842 | 1348 | 175 | 2083 |
| 96600 | 736 | 1182 | 1539 | 1831 | 101900 | 772 | 1238 | 1611 | 1916 | 107200 | 807 | 1293 | 1682 | 2000 | 112500 | 843 | 1349 | 175 | 2085 |
| 96700 | 736 | 1183 | 1540 | 1833 | 102000 | 772 | 1239 | 1612 | 1917 | 107300 | 808 | 129 | 1683 | 2002 | 112600 | 84 | 1350 | 175 | 2086 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table índique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Incomel | Monthly Award Palement mensué (\$) |  |  |  | ne | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income <br> 1 | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu (\$) |  | No. of $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bra }} \mathbf{d}$ 2 |  |  |  |  | $1$ | Chiidren enfants <br> 3 |  | Revenu <br> (\$) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ho. of C } \\ & \mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \text { d'e } \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  | Childre enfant 3 | n/ <br> s <br> 4 |
| 112700 | 84 | 1351 | 175 | 208 | 118000 | 88 | 14 | 18 | 21 | 12 | 91 | 1462 | 1900 | 22 | 128600 | 2 | 1518 | 71 | 2 |
| 112800 | 845 | 1352 | 1758 | 2090 | 118100 | 88 | 1408 | 1829 | 2174 | 123400 | 917 | 1464 | 1901 | 2259 | 128700 | 953 | 1519 | 1973 | 2343 |
| 112900 | 846 | 1353 | 1759 | 2091 | 118200 | 882 | 1409 | 1831 | 2176 | 123500 | 917 | 1465 | 1902 | 2260 | 128800 | 953 | 1520 | 1974 | 2345 |
| 113000 | 846 | 1354 | 1760 | 2093 | 118300 | 882 | 1410 | 1832 | 2177 | 123600 | 918 | 1466 | 1904 | 2262 | 128900 | 954 | 1521 | 1975 | 2347 |
| 113100 | 847 | 1355 | 1762 | 2094 | 118400 | 883 | 1411 | 1833 | 2179 | 123700 | 919 | 1467 | 1905 | 2264 | 129000 | 955 | 1522 | 1977 | 2348 |
| 113200 | 848 | 1356 | 1763 | 2096 | 118500 | 884 | 1412 | 1835 | 2181 | 123800 | 919 | 1468 | 1906 | 2265 | 129100 | 955 | 1523 | 1978 | 2350 |
| 113300 | 849 | 1357 | 1765 | 2098 | 118600 | 884 | 1413 | 1836 | 2182 | 123900 | 920 | 1469 | 1908 | 226 | 129200 | 956 | 1524 | 1979 | 2351 |
| 113400 | 849 | 1358 | 1766 | 2099 | 118700 | 885 | 1414 | 1837 | 218 | 124000 | 921 | 1470 | 1909 | 2268 | 129300 | 957 | 1526 | 1981 | 2353 |
| 113500 | 850 | 1360 | 1767 | 2101 | 118800 | 886 | 1415 | 1839 | 2185 | 124100 | 921 | 1471 | 1910 | 2270 | 129400 | 957 | 1527 | 1982 | 2355 |
| 113600 | 851 | 1361 | 1769 | 2102 | 118900 | 886 | 1416 | 1840 | 2187 | 124200 | 922 | 1472 | 1912 | 2272 | 129500 | 958 | 1528 | 1983 | 2356 |
| 113700 | 85 | 1362 | 177 | 21 | 11500 | 887 | 14 | 18 | 2189 | 124300 | 923 | 1473 | 1913 | 2273 | 129600 | 959 | 1529 | 1985 | 2358 |
| 113800 | 852 | 1363 | 1771 | 2106 | 119100 | 88 | 1418 | 1843 | 2190 | 124400 | 923 | 1474 | 1914 | 2275 | 129700 | 959 | 1530 | 1986 | 2359 |
| 113900 | 853 | 1364 | 1773 | 2107 | 119200 | 888 | 1419 | 1844 | 2192 | 124500 | 924 | 1475 | 1916 | 2276 | 129800 | 960 | 1531 | 1987 | 2361 |
| 118000 | 853 | 1365 | 1774 | 2109 | - 119300 | 889 | 1420 | 1846 | 2193 | 124600 | 925 | 1476 | 1917 | 2278 | 129900 | 961 | 1532 | 1989 | 2363 |
| 114100 | 854 | 1366 | 1775 | 2110 | 119400 | 890 | 1421 | 1847 | 2195 | 124700 | 926 | 1477 | 1919 | 2280 | 130000 | 961 | 1533 | 1990 | 2364 |
| 114200 | 855 | 1367 | 1777 | 2112 | 119500 | 890 | 1423 | 1848 | 2197 | 124800 | 926 | 1478 | 1920 | 2281 | 130100 | 962 | 1534 | 1991 | 2366 |
| 114300 | 855 | 1368 | 1778 | 2114 | 119600 | 891 | 1424 | 1850 | 2198 | 124900 | 927 | 1479 | 1921 | 2283 | 130200 | 963 | 1535 | 1993 | 2367 |
| 114400 | 856 | 1369 | 1779 | 2115 | 119700 | 892 | 1425 | 1851 | 2200 | 125000 | 928 | 1480 | 1923 | 2284 | 130300 | 963 | 1536 | 1994 | 2369 |
| 114500 | 857 | 1370 | 1781 | 2117 | 119800 | 892 | 1426 | 1852 | 2201 | 125100 | 928 | 1481 | 1924 | 2286 | 130400 | 964 | 1537 | 1996 | 2371 |
| 114600 | 857 | 1371 | 1782 | 2118 | 119900 | 893 | 1427 | 1854 | 2203 | 125200 | 929 | 1482 | 1925 | 2288 | 130500 | 965 | 1538 | 1997 | 2372 |
| 114700 | 858 | 1372 | 1783 | 2120 | 120000 | 894 | 1428 | 1855 | 2205 | 125300 | 930 | 1483 | 1927 | 2289 | 130600 | 965 | 1539 | 1998 | 4 |
| 114800 | 859 | 1373 | 1785 | 2122 | 120100 | 894 | 1429 | 1856 | 2206 | 125400 | 930 | 1485 | 1928 | 2291 | 130700 | 966 | 1540 | 2000 | 2375 |
| 114900 | 859 | 1374 | 1786 | 2123 | 120200 | 895 | 1430 | 1858 | 2208 | 125500 | 931 | 1486 | 1929 | 2292 | 130800 | 967 | 1541 | 2001 | 2377 |
| 115000 | 860 | 1375 | 1787 | 2125 | 120300 | 896 | 1431 | 1859 | 2209 | 125600 | 932 | 1487 | 1931 | 2294 | 130900 | 967 | 1542 | 2002 | 2379 |
| 115100 | 861 | 1376 | 1789 | 2126 | 120400 | 896 | 1432 | 1860 | 2211 | 125700 | 932 | 1488 | 1932 | 2296 | 131000 | 968 | 1543 | 2004 | 2380 |
| 115200 | 861 | 1377 | 1790 | 2128 | 120500 | 897 | 1433 | 1862 | 2213 | 125800 | 933 | 1489 | 1933 | 2297 | 131100 | 969 | 1544 | 2005 | 2382 |
| 115300 | 862 | 1378 | 1792 | 2130 | 120600 | 898 | 1434 | 1863 | 2214 | 125900 | 934 | 1490 | 1935 | 2299 | 131200 | 969 | 1545 | 2006 | 2383 |
| 115400 | 863 | 1379 | 1793 | 2131 | 120700 | 898 | 1435 | 1864 | 2216 | 126000 | 934 | 1491 | 1936 | 2300 | 131300 | 970 | 1547 | 2008 | 2385 |
| 115500 | 863 | 1381 | 1794 | 2133 | 120800 | 899 | 1436 | 1866 | 2217 | 126100 | 935 | 1492 | 1937 | 2302 | 131400 | 971 | 1548 | 2009 | 2387 |
| 115600 | 864 | 1382 | 1796 | 2134 | 120900 | 900 | 1437 | 1867 | 2219 | 126200 | 936 | 1493 | 1939 | 2304 | 131500 | 971 | 1549 | 2010 | 2388 |
| 115700 | 865 | 1383 | 1797 | 2136 | 121000 | 901 | 1438 | 1869 | 2221 | 126300 | 936 | 1494 | 1940 | 2305 | 131600 | 972 | 1550 | 2012 | 2390 |
| 115800 | 865 | 1384 | 1798 | 2138 | 121100 | 901 | 1439 | 1870 | 2222 | 126400 | 937 | 1495 | 1941 | 2307 | 131700 | 973 | 1551 | 2013 | 2391 |
| 115900 | 866 | 1385 | 1800 | 2139 | 121200 | 902 | 1440 | 1871 | 2224 | 126500 | 938 | 1496 | 1943 | 2308 | 131800 | 973 | 1552 | 2014 | 2393 |
| 116000 | 867 | 1386 | 1801 | 2141 | 121300 | 903 | 1441 | 1873 | 2225 | 126600 | 938 | 1497 | 1944 | 2310 | 131900 | 974 | 1553 | 2016 | 2395 |
| 116100 | 867 | 1387 | 1802 | 2142 | 121400 | 903 | 1443 | 1874 | 2227 | 126700 | 939 | 1498 | 1946 | 2312 | 132000 | 975 | 1554 | 2017 | 2396 |
| 116200 | 868 | 1388 | 1804 | 2144 | 121500 | 904 | 1444 | 1875 | 2229 | 126800 | 940 | 1499 | 1947. | 2313 | 132100 | 976 | 1555 | 2018 | 2398 |
| 116300 | 869 | 1389 | 1805 | 2146 | 121600 | 905 | 1445 | 1877 | 2230 | 126900 | 940 | 1500 | 1948 | 2315 | 132200 | 976 | 1556 | 2020 | 2399 |
| 116400 | 869 | 1390 | 1806 | 2147 | 121700 | 905 | 1446 | 1878 | 2232 | 127000 | 941 | 1501 | 1950 | 2316 | 132300 | 977 | 1557 | 2021 | 2401 |
| 116500 | 870 | 1391 | 1808 | 2149 | 121800 | 906 | 1447 | 1879 | 2233 | 127100 | 942 | 1502 | 1951 | 2318 | 132400 | 978 | 1558 | 2023 | 2403 |
| 116600 | 871 | 1392 | 1809 | 2150 | 121900 | 907 | 1448 | 1881 | 2235 | 127200 | 942 | 1503 | 1952 | 2320 | 132500 | 978 | 1559 | 2024 | 2404 |
| 116700 | 871 | 1393 | 1810 | 2152 | 122000 | 907 | 1449 | 1882 | 2237 | 127300 | 943 | 1505 | 1954 | 2321 | 132600 | 979 | 1560 | 2025 | 2406 |
| 116800 | 872 | 1394 | 1812 | 2153 | 122100 | 908 | 1450 | 1883 | 2238 | 127400 | 944 | 1506 | 1955 | 2323 | 132700 | 980 | 1561 | 2027 | 2407 |
| 116900 | 873 | 1395 | 1813 | 2155 | 122200 | 909 | 1451 | 1885 | 2240 | 127500 | 944 | 1507 | 1956 | 2324 | 132800 | 980 | 1562 | 2028 | 2409 |
| 117000 | 874 | 1396 | 1815 | 2157 | 122300 | 909 | 1452 | 1886 | 2241 | 127600 | 945 | 1508 | 1958 | 2326 | 132900 | 981 | 1563 | 2029 | 2411 |
| 117100 | 874 | 1397 | 1816 | 2158 | 122400 | 910 | 1453 | 1887 | 2243 | 127700 | 946 | 1509 | 1959 | 2328 | 133000 | 982 | 1564 | 2031 | 2412 |
| 117200 | 875 | 1398 | 1817 | 2160 | 122500 | 911 | 1454 | 1889 | 2244 | 127800 | 946 | 1510 | 1960 | 2329 | 133100 | 982 | 1565 | 2032 | 2414 |
| 117300 | 876. | 1399 | 1819 | 2161 | 122600 | 911 | 1455 | 1890 | 2246 | 127900 | 947 | 1511 | 1962 | 2331 | 133200 | 983 | 1567 | 2033 | 2415 |
| 117400 | 876 | 1400 | 1820 | 2163 | 122700 | 912 | 1456 | 1892 | 2248 | 128000 | 948 | 1512 | 1963 | 2332 | 133300 | 984 | 1568 | 2035 | 2417 |
| 117500 | 877 | 1402 | 1821 | 2165 | 122800 | 913 | 1457 | 1893 | 2249 | 128100 | 948 | 1513 | 1964 | 2334 | 133400 | 984 | 1569 | 2036 | 2419 |
| 117600 | 878 | 1403 | 1823 | 2166 | 122900 | 913 | 1458 | 1894 | 2251 | 128200 | 949 | 1514 | 1966 | 2336 | 133500 | 985 | 1570 | 2037 | 2420 |
| 117700 | 878 | 1404 | 1824 | 2168 | 123000 | 914 | 1459 | 1896 | 2252 | 128300 | 950 | 1515 | 1967 | 2337 | 133600 | 986 | 1571 | 2039 | 2422 |
| 117800 | 879 | 1405 | 1825 | 2169 | 123100 | 915 | 1460 | 1897 | 2254 | 128400 | 951 | 1516 | 1969 | 2339 | 133700 | 986 | 1572 | 2040 | 2423 |
| 117900 | 880 | 1406 | 1827 | 2171 | 123200 | 915 | 1461 | 1898 | 2256 | 128500 | 951 | 1517 | 1970 | 2340 | 133800 | 987 | 1573 | 2041 | 2425 |

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Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  | Income／ Revenu <br> （\＄） | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Monthly Award/ } \\ & \text { Paiement mensuel } \end{aligned}$ <br> （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Awardl Paiement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensue （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No．of Children／$\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Chilldren／$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. of Childrenl } \\ & \mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \text { d'enfants } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 13 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| 133900 | 988 | 15 | 2043 | 242 | 138000 | 1015 |  |  | 2492 | 142100 | 1043 | 1660 | 2154 | 2557 | 146200 | 1071 | ， |  | 2623 |
| 13400 | 98 | 1575 | 2044 | 242 | 381 | 1016 | 1618 | 2100 | 249 | 14220 | 1044 | 1661 | 2155 | 255 | 1463 | 1071 | 1704 | 22 | 2624 |
| 13410 | 989 | 1576 | 20 | 2430 | 138200 | 1017 | 1619 | 2101 | 2495 | 142300 | 1044 | 1662 | 2156 | 2561 | 14640 | 1072 | 1705 | 2212 | 2626 |
| 134200 | 990 | 1577 | 2047 | 243 | 138300 | 17 | 1620 | 2102 | 2497 | 142400 | 1045 | 1663 | 2158 | 2562 | 14650 | 1073 | 170 | 2213 | 2628 |
| 134300 | 990 | 1578 | 2048 | 24 | 13840 | 1018 | 1621 | 2104 | 2498 | 142500 | 1046 | 1664 | 2159 | 256 | 14660 | 1073 | 170 | 2214 | 2629 |
| 134400 | 991 | 1579 | 205 | 243 | 13850 | 1019 | 1622 | 2105 | 2500 | 142600 | 1046 | 1665 | 2160 | 256 | 14670 | 1074 | 1708 | 2216 | 2631 |
| 134500 | 99 | 1580 | 2051 |  | 13860 | 1019 | 623 | 2106 | 2502 | 142700 | 1047 | 1666 | 216 | 256 | 14680 | 1075 | 170 | 2217 | 26 |
| 134600 | 992 | 1581 | 2052 | 243 | 13870 | 1020 | 1624 | 2108 | 250 | 142800 | 1048 | 1667 | 216 | 256 | 14690 | 1075 | 1710 | 221 | 2634 |
| 134700 | 993 | 15 | 2054 | 2439 | 138800 | ， | 625 | 2109 | 2505 | 142900 | 1048 | 1668 | 2164 | 2570 | 147000 | 1076 | 17 | 2220 | 263 |
| 134800 | 994 | 158 | 2055 | 24 | 138900 | 21 | 626 | 2110 | 2506 | 143000 | 1049 | 1669 | 2166 | 2572 | 147100 | 1077 | 171 | 2221 | 2637 |
| 134 | 994 | 1584 | 256 | 2442 | 13900 | 1022 | 1627 | 2112 | 2508 | 143100 | 1050 | 1671 | 21 | 257 | 1472 | 1077 | 171 |  | 2639 |
| 13500 | 995 | 1585 | 2058 | 244 | 139100 | 23 | 1628 | 2113 | 2510 | 14320 | 1050 | 仡 | 216 | 257 | 147300 | 1078 | 1715 | 222 | 2640 |
| 13510 | 996 | 1586 | 2059 | 2446 | 139200 | 1023 | 30 | 2114 | 2511 | 14330 | 1051 | 1673 | 217 | 257 | 147400 | 1079 | 1716 | 2225 | 2642 |
| 13520 | 99 | 1588 | 2060 | 2447 | 139300 | 1024 | 1631 | 2116 | 2513 | 143400 | 1052 | 1674 | 217 | 257 | 147500 | 1080 | 171 | 222 | 2644 |
| 13530 | 997 | 1589 | 2062 | 2449 | 139400 |  | 32 | 2117 | 2514 | 143500 | 1053 | 1675 | 2173 |  | 147600 | 1080 | 1718 | 22 | 2645 |
| 135400 | 998 | 1590 |  | 24 | 139500 | 1025 | 1633 | 2118 | 2516 | 143600 | 1053 | 1676 | 2174 |  | 147700 | 1081 | 171 | 22 | 2647 |
| 135500 | 998 | 1591 | 2064 |  | 139600 |  | 1634 | 2120 | 2518 | 143700 | 1054 | 1677 | 2175 | 25 | 147800 | 1082 | 172 | 223 | 2648 |
| 135600 | 999 | 1592 |  | 24 | 139700 | 1027 | 1635 | 2121 | 251 | 143800 | 1055 | 1678 | 2177 |  | 14790 | 1082 | 172 |  | 2650 |
| 135700 | 1000 | 1593 | 2067 | 24 |  | 107 | 163 | 2123 | 25 | 143900 | 1055 | 1679 | 2178 | 25 | 14800 | 1083 | 172 |  | 2652 |
| 13580 | 1000 | 1594 | 2068 | 2457 | 139900 | 1028 | 637 | 2124 |  | 144000 | 1056 | 1680 | 2179 | 25 | 148100 | 1084 | 1723 | 2235 | 2653 |
| 135900 | 1001 | 1595 | 2070 | 245 | 140000 | 1029 | 1638 | 2125 | 252 | 144100 | 1057 | 1681 | 2181 | 258 | 148200 | 1084 | 172 |  | 26 |
| 13600 | 1002 | 1596 | 2071 |  | 140100 | 1030 | 1639 | 2127 | 252 | 144200 | 1057 | 1682 | 2182 | 259 | 14830 | 1085 | 1725 |  | 26 |
| 13610 | 1003 | 1597 | 2073 | 24 | 140200 | 1030 | 1640 | 2128 | 2527 | 144300 | 1058 | 1683 | 2183 | 2593 | 14840 | 1086 | 172 | 22 | 2658 |
| 13620 | 100 | 1598 | 2074 | 24 | 140300 | 1031 | 1641 | 2129 | 2529 | 144400 | 1059 | 1684 | 2185 | 259 | 14850 | 086 | 1727 | 224 | 2660 |
| 13630 | 10 | 1599 | 2075 | 24 | 140400 | 1032 | 1642 | 2131 | 2530 | 144500 | 1059 | 1685 | 2186 | 259 | 14860 | 1087 | 1728 | 224 | 2661 |
| 13640 | 1005 | 1600 | 207 | 2466 | 140500 | 1032 | 1643 | 2132 | 253 | 144600 | 1060 | 1686 | 2187 | 259 | 148700 | 88 | 1729 | 2243 | 2663 |
| 136500 | 100 |  |  |  | 0600 | 1033 | 1644 | 2133 | 253 | 144700 | 1061 | 1687 | 2189 |  | 1488 | 1088 | 1730 | 224 | 2664 |
| 13660 | 1006 | 1602 | 207 | 24 | 140700 | 10 | 1645 | 2135 | 253 | 14480 | 1061 | 1688 | 219 | 26 | 148900 | 1089 | 173 | 224 | 2666 |
| 136700 | 100 | 163 | 研 |  | 140800 |  | 1646 | 2136 | 253 | 14490 | 1062 | 楮 | 219 |  | 14900 | 1090 | 1733 |  | 266 |
| 136800 | 1007 | 1604 | 2082 | 2473 | 140900 | 1035 | 1647 | 2137 | 253 | 145000 | 1063 | 1690 | 219 | 260 | 149100 | 1090 | 1734 | 224 | 2669 |
| 136900 | 1008 |  | 析 | 2474 | 141000 | 1036 | 1648 | 2139 | 254 | 145100 | 1063 |  | 仡 | 26 | 149200 |  | 寿s |  | 267 |
| 137000 | 1009 | 1606 | 2085 | 2476 | 141100 | 1036 | 1650 | 2140 | 254 | 14520 | 1064 | 1693 | 2195 | 260 | 14930 | 1092 | 1736 | 225 | 2672 |
| 137100 | 1009 | 1607 | 2086 | 2478 | 141200 | 1037 | 1651 | 2141 | 254 | 145300 | 1065 | 1694 | 2197 | 260 | 149400 | 1092 | 173 | 225 | 267 |
| 137200 | 1010 | 1609 | 2087 | 2479 | 141300 | 1038 | 1652 | 2143 | 254 | 14540 | 1065 | 1695 | 2198 | 2610 | 1495 | 1093 | 173 | 225 | 267 |
| 137300 | 1011 | 1610 | 2089 | 2481 | 141400 | 1038 | 1653 | 2144 | 254 | 145500 | 1066 | 1696 | 2200 | 2612 | 149600 | ． 1094 | 1739 | 225 | 2677 |
| 137400 | 1011 | 1611 | 2090 | 24 | 141500 | 1039 | 1654 | 2145 | 254 | 145600 | 1067 | 1697 | 2201 | 2613 | 149700 | 1094 | 1740 |  | 2679 |
| 137500 | 1012 | 1612 | 2091 | 2484 | 141600 | 1040 | 1655 | 2147 | 2549 | 145700 | 1067 | 1698 | 2202 | 2615 | 149800 | 1095 | 174 | 225 | 2680 |
| 137600 | 1013 | 1613 | 2093 | 24 | 141700 | 1040 | 1656 | 2148 | 2551 | 145800 | 1068 | 1699 | 2204 | 2617 | 149900 | 109 | 17 |  | 28 |
| 137700 | 1013 | 1614 | 2094 | 2487 | 141800 | 1041 | 1657 | 2150 | 2553 | 145900 | 1069 | 1700 | 2205 | 2618 |  | 1096 | 1743 | 2260 | 2684 |
| 137800 | 1014 | 1615 | 2096 | 248 | 1419 | 1042 | 1658 | 2151 | 2554 | 146000 | 1069 | 1701 | 2206 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1015 | 1616 | 2097 | 24. | 14200 | 1042 | 1659 | 2152 | 2556 | 146100 | 107 | 1702 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child／ un enfant | two children／ deux enfants | three children／ trois enfants | four children／ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1096 plus $0.68 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1743 plus 1．05\％ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2260 plus 1．35\％ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2684 plus 1．60\％ of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1096 plus $0,68 \%$ du revenu dépassant150 $000 \$ \$$ | 1743 plus 1，05\％ du revenu dépassant150 000\＄ | $\begin{gathered} 2260 \text { plus } 1,35 \% \\ \text { du revenu dépassant150 000\$ } \end{gathered}$ | 2684 plus 1，60\％ du revenu dépassant150 $000 \$$ |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ． Pour plus de renseignements，veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．

|  | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (5) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Chlldren/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1. | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 102 | 188 | 210 | 232 | 17300 | 128 | 237 | 330 | 401 | 22600 | 178 | 313 | 420 | 509 |
| 6800 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 12100 | 102 | 190 | 213 | 235 | 17400 | 129 | 238 | 331 | 404 | 22700 | 179 | 314 | 422 | 511 |
| 6900 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12200 | 103 | 193 | 215 | 238 | 17500 | 130 | 240 | 332 | 408 | 22800 | 180 | 316 | 424 | 513 |
| 7000 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 12300 | 103 | 195 | 218 | 241 | 17600 | 131 | 241 | 334 | 411 | 22900 | 181 | 317 | 426 | 515 |
| 7100 | 19 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 12400 | 104 | 197 | 221 | 245 | 17700 | 132 | 242 | 335 | 414 | 23000 | 182 | 319 | 428 | 518 |
| 7200 | 24 | 25 | 27 | 29 | 12500 | 104 | 199 | 224 | 248 | 17800 | 133 | 244 | 337 | 415 | 23100 | 183 | 320 | 430. | 520 |
| 7300 | 29 | 31 | 33 | 36 | 12600 | 104 | 199 | 226 | 251 | 17900 | 134 | 245 | 338 | 417 | 23200 | 184 | 322 | 432 | 522 |
| 7400 | 34 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 12700 | 105 | 199 | 229 | 254 | 18000 | 135 | 247 | 339 | 419 | 23300 | 185 | 323 | 434 | 524 |
| 7500 | 39 | 42 | 45 | 48 | 12800 | 105 | 200 | 232 | 257 | 18100 | 135 | 248 | 341 | 421 | 23400 | 186 | 325 | 436 | 527 |
| 7600 | 44 | 47 | 51 | 54 | 12900 | 105 | 200 | 235 | 261 | 18200 | 136 | 249 | 342 | 422 | 23500 | 187 | 326 | 438 | 529 |
| 7700 | 49 | 53 | 57 | 61 | 13000 | 106 | 200 | 238 | 264 | 18300 | 137 | 251 | 344 | 424 | 23600 | 188 | 328 | 440 | 531 |
| 7800 | 54 | 58 | 62 | 67 | 13100 | 106 | 200 | 240 | 267 | 18400 | 138 | 252 | 345 | 426 | 23700 | 189 | 329 | 442 | 533 |
| 7900 | 59 | 63 | 68 | 73 | 13200 | 107 | 201 | 243 | 270 | 18500 | 139 | 253 | 347 | 428 | 23800 | 190 | 331 | 443 | 536 |
| 8000 | 63 | 69 | 74 | 79 | 13300 | 107 | 201 | 246 | 273 | 18600 | 140 | 255 | 348 | 429 | 23900 | 191 | 332 | 445 | 538 |
| 8100 | 67 | 72 | 78 | 84 | 13400 | 107 | 201 | 249 | 277 | 18700 | 141 | 256 | 349 | 431 | 24000 | 192 | 334 | 447 | 540 |
| 8200 | 69 | 75 | 82 | 88 | 13500 | 108 | 201 | 252 | 280 | 18800 | 142 | 258 | 351 | 433 | 24100 | 193 | 335 | 449 | 542 |
| 8300 | 72 | 79 | 85 | 92 | 13600 | 108 | 202 | 254 | 283 | 18900 | 142 | 259 | 352 | 435 | 24200 | 194 | 337 | 451 | 545 |
| 8400 | 75 | 82 | 89 | 96 | 13700 | 108 | 202 | 257 | 286 | 19000 | 143 | 260 | 354 | 437 | 24300 | 195 | 339 | 453 | 547 |
| 8500 | 77 | 85 | 92 | 100 | 13800 | 109. | 202 | 260 | 289 | 19100 | 144 | 262 | 356 | 438 | 24400 | 196 | 340 | 455 | 549 |
| 8600 | 80 | 88 | 96 | 103 | 13900 | 109 | 202 | 263 | 293 | 19200 | 145 | 263 | 357 | 440 | 24500 | 197 | 342 | 457 | 551 |
| 8700 | 83 | 91 | 99 | 107 | 14000 | 109 | 203 | 265 | 296 | 19300 | 146 | 265 | 359 | 442 | 24600 | 198 | 343 | 459 | 554 |
| 8800 | 86 | 94 | 103 | 111 | 14100 | 110 | 204 | 268 | 299 | 19400 | 147 | 266 | 361 | 444 | 24700 | 199 | 345 | 46 | 556 |
| 8900 | 88 | 97 | 106 | 115 | 14200 | 110 | 205 | 271 | 302 | 19500 | 148 | 267 | 363 | 446 | 24800 | 200 | 346 | 463 | 558 |
| 9000 | 91 | 100 | 110 | 119 | 14300 | 111 | 206 | 274 | 305 | 19600 | 149 | 269 | 365 | 447 | 24900 | 201 | 348 | 465 | 560 |
| 9100 | 91 | 103 | 113 | 123 | 14400 | 111 | 207 | 277 | 308 | 19700 | 150 | 270 | 366 | 449 | 25000 | 202 | 349 | 467 | 563 |
| 9200 | 92 | 107 | 117 | 127 | 14500 | 111 | 208 | 279 | 312 | 19800 | 151 | 272 | 368 | 451 | 25100 | 203 | 351 | 469 | 565 |
| 9300 | 92 | 110 | 120 | 131 | 14600 | 112 | 209 | 282 | 315 | 19900 | 152 | 273 | 370 | 453 | 25200 | 205 | 352 | 470 | 567 |
| 9400 | 92 | 113 | 124 | 135 | 14700 | 112 | 210 | 285 | 318 | 20000 | 153 | 274 | 372 | 455 | 25300 | 206 | 354 | 472 | 569 |
| 9500 | 93 | 116 | 127 | 139 | 14800 | 112 | 211 | 288 | 321 | 20100 | 154 | 276 | 374 | 457 | 25400 | 207 | 355 | 474 | 572 |
| 9600 | 93 | 119 | 131 | 143 | 14900 | 113 | 212 | 290 | 324 | 20200 | 154 | 277 | 376 | 458 | 25500 | 208 | 357 | 476 | 574 |
| 9700 | 94 | 122 | 135 | 147 | 15000 | 113 | 213 | 293 | 328 | 20300 | 155 | 279 | 377 | 460 | 25600 | 209 | 358 | 478 | 576 |
| 9800 | 94. | 125 | 138 | 151 | 15100 | 114 | 214 | 296 | 331 | 20400 | 156 | 280 | 379 | 462 | 25700 | 210 | 360 | 480 | 578 |
| 9900 | 94 | 128 | 142 | 155 | 15200 | 114 | 215 | 299 | 334 | 20500 | 157 | 282 | 381 | 464 | 25800 | 211 | 361 | 482 | 581 |
| 10000 | 95 | 131 | 145 | 159 | 15300 | 114 | 216 | 301 | 337 | 20600 | 158 | 283 | 383 | 466 | 25900 | 212 | 363 | 484 | 583 |
| 10100 | 95 | 135 | 149 | 163 | 15400 | 115 | 217 | 303 | 340 | 20700 | 159 | 284 | 385 | 468 | 26000 | 213 | 364 | 486 | 585 |
| 10200 | 95 | 138 | 152 | 167 | 15500 | 115 | 218 | 304 | 344 | 20800 | 160 | 286 | 386 | 469 | 26100 | 214 | 366 | 488 | 587 |
| 10300 | 96 | 141 | 156 | 171 | 15600 | 115 | 219 | 305 | 347 | 20900 | 161 | 287 | 388 | 471 | 26200 | 215 | 367 | 489 | 589 |
| 10400 | 96 | 144 | 159 | 175 | 15700 | 116 | 220 | 307 | 350 | 21000 | 162 | 289 | 390 | 473 | 26300 | 216 | 369 | 491 | 591 |
| 10500 | 96 | 147 | 163 | 178 | 15800 | 116 | 221 | 308 | 353 | 21100 | 163 | 290 | 392 | 475 | 26400 | 216 | 370 | 493 | 593 |
| 10600 | 97 | 150 | 166 | 182 | 15900 | 117 | 222 | 310 | 356 | 21200 | 164 | 292 | 394 | 477 | 26500 | 217 | 371 | 495 | 596 |
| 10700 | 97 | 153 | 170 | 186 | 16000 | 117 | 223 | 311 | 360 | 21300 | 165 | 293 | 396 | 479 | 26600 | 218 | 373 | 496 | 598 |
| 10800 | 98 | 156 | 173 | 190 | 16100 | 118 | 224 | 313 | 363 | 21400 | 166 | 294 | 397 | 482 | 26700 | 219 | 374 | 498 | 600 |
| 10900 | 98 | 160 | 177 | 194 | 16200 | 119 | 225 | 314 | 366 | 21500 | 167 | 296 | 399 | 484 | 26800 | 220 | 376 | 500 | 602 |
| 11000 | 98 | 163 | 180 | 198 | 16300 | 120 | 226 | 315 | 369 | 21600 | 168 | 297 | 401 | 486 | 26900 | 221 | 377 | 502 | 604 |
| 11100 | 99 | 166 | 184 | 202 | 16400 | 120 | 227 | 317 | 372 | 21700 | 169 | 299 | 403 | 488 | 27000 | 222 | 379 | 504 | 606 |
| 11200 | 99 | 168 | 187 | 205 | 16500 | 121 | 228 | 318 | 376 | 21800 | 170 | 300 | 405 | 491 | 27100 | 223 | 380 | 505 | 608 |
| 11300 | 99 | 171 | 190 | 209 | 16600 | 122 | 229 | 320 | 379 | 21900 | 171 | 302 | 407 | 493 | 27200 | 224 | 381 | 507 | 610 |
| 11400 | 100 | 173 | 193 | 212 | 16700 | 123 | 230 | 321 | 382 | 22000 | 172 | 303 | 409 | 495 | 27300 | 225 | 383 | 509 | 612 |
| 11500 | 100 | 176 | 196 | 215 | 16800 | 124 | 231 | 322 | 385 | 22100 | 173 | 305 | 411 | 497 | 27400 | 226 | 384 | 511 | 614 |
| 11600 | 101 | 178 | 199 | 219 | 16900 | 125 | 232 | 324 | 388 | 22200 | 174 | 306 | 413 | 500 | 27500 | 227 | 386 | 513 | 616 |
| 11700 | 101 | 181 | 201 | 222 | 17000 | 126 | 233 | 325 | 392 | 22300 | 175 | 308 | 415 | 502 | 27600 | 228 | 387 | 514 | 619 |
| 11800 | 101 | 183 | 204 | 225 | 17100 | 127 | 234 | 327 | 395 | 22400 | 176 | 310 | 417 | 504 | 27700 | 229 | 389 | 516 | 621 |
| 11900 | 102 | 185 | 207 | 229 | 17200 | 127 | 236 | 328 | 398 | 22500 | 177 | 311 | 418 | 506 | 27800 | 230 | 390 | 518 | 623 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \mathrm{\$}$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ <br> Palement mensuel <br> ( $\$$ ) <br> No of Children/ <br> $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award <br> Palement mensuel <br> (\$)No, of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/Palement mensuel(\$)No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Chlidren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 11 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |
| 27900 | 231 | 391 | 520 | 625 | 33200 | 273 | 455 | 600 | 719 | 38500 | 316 | 518 | 679 | 812 | 43800 | 357 | 585 | 765 | 912 |
| 28000 | 232 | 393 | 522 | 627 | 33300 | 274 | 456 | 602 | 721 | 38600 | 317 | 519 | 681 | 814 | 43900 | 358 | 586 | 766 | 914 |
| 28100 | 233 | 394 | 523 | 629 | 33400 | 275 | 457 | 603 | 723 | 38700 | 317 | 520 | 683 | 815 | 44000 | 359 | 587 | 768 | 915 |
| 28200 | 234 | 396 | 525 | 631 | 33500 | 275 | 458 | 605 | 724 | 38800 | 318 | 522 | 684 | 817 | 44100 | 360 | 589 | 770 | 917 |
| 28300 | 235 | 397 | 527 | 633 | 33600 | 276 | 459 | 606 | 726 | 38900 | 319 | 523 | 686 | 819 | 44200 | 360 | 590 | 771 | 919 |
| 28400 | 236 | 399 | 529 | 636 | 33700 | 277 | 461 | 607 | 728 | 39000 | 320 | 524 | 687 | 821 | 44300 | 361 | 591 | 773 | 921 |
| 28500 | 237 | 400 | 531 | 638 | 33800 | 278 | 462 | 609 | 729 | 39100 | 321 | 525 | 689 | 823 | 44400 | 362 | 593 | 774 | 923 |
| 28600 | 238 | 401 | 533 | 640 | 33900 | 278 | 463 | 610 | 731 | 39200 | 321 | 527 | 690 | 825 | 44500 | 363 | 594 | 776 | 925 |
| 28700 | 239 | 403 | 534 | 642. | 34000 | 279 | 464 | 612 | 733 | 39300 | 322 | 528 | 692 | 826 | 44600 | 364 | 595 | 778 | 927 |
| 28800 | 240 | 404 | 536 | 644 | 34100 | 280 | 465 | 613 | 735 | 39400 | 323 | 529 | 694 | 828 | 44700 | 364 | 596 | 779 | 929 |
| 28900 | 241 | 406 | 538 | 646 | 34200 | 281 | 466 | 615 | 736 | 39500 | 324 | 530 | 695 | 830 | 44800 | 365 | 598 | 781 | 931 |
| 29000 | 242 | 407 | 540 | 648 | 34300 | 281 | 467 | 616 | 738 | 39600 | 325 | 532 | 697 | 832 | 44900 | 366 | 599 | 782 | 933 |
| 29100 | 243 | 409 | 542 | 650 | 34400 | 282 | 468 | 618 | 740 | 39700 | 326 | 533 | 698 | 834 | 45000 | 367 | 600 | 784 | 934 |
| 29200 | 243 | 410 | 543 | 653 | 34500 | 283 | 470 | 619 | 741 | 39800 | 326 | 534 | 700 | 836 | 45100 | 367 | 601 | 786 | 936 |
| 29300. | 244 | 412 | 545 | 655 | 34600 | 284 | 471 | 621 | 743 | 39900 | 327 | 535 | 701 | 837 | 45200 | 368 | 603 | 787 | 938 |
| 29400 | 245 | 413 | 547 | 657 | 34700 | 284 | 472 | 622 | 745 | 40000 | 328 | 537 | 703 | 839 | 45300 | 369 | 604 | 789 | 940 |
| 29500 | 246 | 414 | 549 | 659 | 34800 | 285 | 473 | 623 | 747 | 40100 | 329 | 538 | 705 | 841 | 4540 | 370 | 605 | 790 | 942 |
| 29600 | 247 | 416 | 551 | 661 | 34900 | 286 | 474 | 625 | 748 | 40200 | 330 | 539 | 706 | 843 | 45500 | 371 | 606 | 792 | 944 |
| 29700 | 248 | 417 | 552 | 663 | 35000 | 287 | 475 | 626 | 750 | 40300 | 330 | 541 | 708 | 845 | 45600 | 371 | 608 | 794 | 946 |
| 29800 | 249 | 418 | 554 | 664 | 35100 | 287 | 476 | 628 | 752 | 40400 | 331 | 542 | 710 | 847 | 45700 | 372 | 609 | 795 | 948 |
| 29900 | 250 | 419 | 555 | 666 | 35200 | 288 | 478 | 629 | 753 | 40500 | 332 | 543 | 711 | 849 | 45800 | 373 | 610 | 797 | 950 |
| 30000 | 250 | 420 | 556 | 668 | 35300 | 289 | 479 | 631 | 755 | 40600 | 333 | 544 | 713 | 851 | 45900 | 37 | 611 | 798 | 952 |
| 30100 | 251 | 421 | 558 | 669 | 35400 | 290 | 480 | 632 | 757 | 40700 | 333 | 546 | 715 | 853 | 46000 | 374 | 613 | 800 | 953 |
| 30200 | 252 | 422 | 559 | 671 | 35500 | 291 | 481 | 634 | 759 | 40800 | 334 | 547 | 716 | 854 | 46100 | 375 | 614 | 802 | 955 |
| 30300 | 253 | 424 | 560 | 672 | 35600 | 291 | 482 | 635 | 760 | 40900 | 335 | 548 | 718 | 856 | 46200 | 376 | 615 | 803 | 957 |
| 30400 | 253 | 425 | 562 | 674 | 35700 | 292 | 483 | 637 | 762 | 41000 | 336 | 549 | 719 | 858 | 46300 | 377 | 617 | 805 | 959 |
| 30500 | 254 | 426 | 563 | 675 | 35800 | 293 | 484 | 638 | 764 | 41100 | 336 | 551 | 721 | 860 | 46400 | 377 | 618 | 807 | 961 |
| 30600 | 255 | 427 | 564 | 677 | 35900 | 294 | 486 | 640 | 765 | 41200 | 337 | 552 | 723 | 862 | 46500 | 378 | 619 | 808 | 963 |
| 30700 | 255 | 428 | 566 | 678 | 36000 | 295 | 487 | 641 | 767 | 41300 | 338 | 553 | 724 | 864 | 46600 | 379 | 620 | 810 | 965 |
| 30800 | 256 | 429 | 567 | 680 | 36100 | 296 | 488 | 643 | 769 | 41400 | 339 | 555 | 726 | 866 | 46700 | 380 | 622 | 811 | 967 |
| 30900 | 257 | 430 | 568 | 682 | 36200 | 296 | 489 | 644 | 771 | 41500 | 340 | 556 | 728 | 868 | 46800 | 381 | 623 | 813 | 968 |
| 31000 | 257 | 431 | 570 | 683 | 36300 | 297 | 490 | 646 | 773 | 41600 | 340 | 557 | 729 | 870 | 46900 | 381 | 624 | 815 | 970 |
| 31100 | 258 | 432 | 571 | 685 | 36400 | 298 | 492 | 647 | 774 | 41700 | 341 | 558 | 731 | 872 | 47000 | 382 | 625 | 816 | 972 |
| 31200 | 259 | 433 | 572 | 686 | 36500 | 299 | 493 | 649 | 776 | 41800 | 342 | 560 | 732 | 874 | 47100 | 383 | 627 | 818 | 974 |
| 31300 | 259 | 434 | 574 | 688 | 36600 | 300 | 494 | 650 | 778 | 41900 | 343 | 561 | 734 | 875 | 47200 | 384 | 628 | 819 | 976 |
| 31400 | 260 | 435 | 575 | 689 | 36700 | 301 | 495 | 652 | 780 | 42000 | 343 | 562 | 736 | 877 | 47300 | 384 | 629 | 821 | 978 |
| 31500 | 261 | 436 | 576 | 691 | 36800 | 302 | 497 | 653 | 781 | 42100 | 344 | 563 | 737 | 879 | 47400 | 385 | 630 | 823 | 980 |
| 31600 | 261 | 437 | 577 | 692 | 36900 | 302 | 498 | 655 | 783 | 42200 | 345 | 565 | 739 | 881 | 47500 | 386 | 632 | 824 | 982 |
| 31700 | 262 | 438 | 579 | 694 | 37000 | 303 | 499 | 656 | 785 | 42300 | 346 | 566 | 741 | 883 | 47600 | 387 | 633 | 826 | 983 |
| 31800 | 263 | 439 | 580 | 696 | 37100 | 304 | 500 | 658 | 787 | 42400 | 347 | 567 | 742 | 885 | 47700 | 388 | 634 | 827 | 985 |
| 31900 | 263 | 440 | 581 | 697 | 37200 | 305 | 502 | 659 | 789 | 42500 | 347 | 568 | 744 | 887 | 47800 | 388 | 636 | 829 | 987 |
| 32000 | 264 | 441 | 583 | 699 | 37300 | 306 | 503 | 661 | 790 | 42600 | 348 | 570 | 745 | 889 | 47900 | 389 | 637 | 831 | 989 |
| 32100 | 265 | 442 | 584 | 700 | 37400 | 307 | 504 | 662 | 792 | 42700 | 349 | 571 | 747 | 891 | 48000 | 390 | 638 | 832 | 991 |
| 32200 | 266 | 443 | 586 | 702 | 37500 | 307 | 505 | 664 | 794 | 42800 | 350 | 572 | 749 | 893 | 48100 | 391 | 639 | 834 | 993 |
| 32300 | 266 | 445 | 587 | 704 | 37600 | 308 | 507 | 665 | 796 | 42900 | 350 | 574 | 750 | 894 | 48200 | 391 | 641 | 835 | 995 |
| 32400 | 267 | 446 | 589 | 705 | 37700 | 309 | 508 | 667 | 798 | 43000 | 351 | 575 | 752 | 896 | 48300 | 392 | 642 | 837 | 997 |
| 32500 | 268 | 447 | 590 | 707 | 37800 | 310 | 509 | 668 | 799 | 43100 | 352 | 576 | 754 | 898 | 48400 | 393 | 643 | 839 | 998 |
| 32600 | 269 | 448 | 591 | 709 | 37900 | 311 | 510 | 670 | 801 | 43200 | 353 | 577 | 755 | 900 | 48500 | 394 | 644 | 840 | 1000 |
| 32700 | 269 | 449 | 593 | 711 | 38000 | 312 | 512 | 672 | 803 | 43300 | 354 | 579 | 757 | 902 | 48600 | 395 | 646 | 842 | 1002 |
| 32800 | 270 | 450 | 594 | 712 | 38100 | 313 | 513 | 673 | 805 | 43400 | 354 | 580 | 758 | 904 | 48700 | 395 | 647 | 843 | 1004 |
| 32900 | 271 | 451 | 596 | 714 | 38200 | 313 | 514 | 675 | 806 | 43500 | 355 | 581 | 760 | 906 | 48800 | 396 | 648 | 845 | 1006 |
| 33000 | 272 | 453 | 597 | 716 | 38300 | 314 | 515 | 676 | 808 | 43600 | 356 | 582 | 762 | 908 | 48900 | 397 | 649 | 847 | 1008 |
| 33100 | 272 | 454 | 599 | 717 | 38400 | 315 | 517 | 678 | 810 | 43700 | 357 | 584 | 763 | 910 | 49000 |  | 651 | 848 | 1010 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FEDERAUX de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

|  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Chlldren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| 491 | 398 | 652 | 850 | 101 | 54400 | 439 | 18 | 935 | 1111 | 59700 | 480 | 781 | 1019 | 121 | 50 | 17 | 838 | 1096 | 1300 |
| 4920 | 399 | 653 | 851 | 1014 | 4500 | 440 | 719 | 36 | 113 | 59800 | 81 | 782 | 1020 | 1212 | 6510 | 517 | 839 | 1097 | 1302 |
| 49300 | 400 | 655 | 853 | 1015 | 54600 | 441 | 720 | 938 | 1115 | 59900 | 481 | 783 | 1022 | 1213 | 65200 | 518 | 84 | 1098 | 1303 |
| 49400 | 401 | 656 | 855 | 1017 | 54700 | 442 | 721 | 940 | 1117 | 60000 | 482 | 784 | 1023 | 1215 | 65300 | 518 | 84 | 1100 | 1305 |
| 49500 | 401 | 657 | 856 | 1019 | 54800 | 442 | 723 | 941 | 1119 | 60100 | 483 | 786 | 1025 | 1217 | 65400 | 519 | 84 | 1101 | 1307 |
| 49600 | 402 | 658 | 858 | 1021 | 54900 | 443 | 724 | 943 | 1121 | 60200 | 484 | 787 | 1026 | 1219 | 65500 | 52 | 84 | 1103 | 1308 |
| 49700 | 403 | 660 | 859 | 1023 | 55000 | 444 | 725 | 944 | 1122 | 60300 | 484 | 788 | 102 | 122 | 65600 | 52 | 84 | 1104 | 1310 |
| 49800 | 404 | 661 | 861 | 1025 | 55100 | 445 | 726 | 946 | 1124 | 60400 | 485 | 789 | 102 | 1222 | 65700 | 52 | 84 | 1105 | 1312 |
| 49900 | 405 | 662 | 863 | 1027 | 55200 | 446 | 727 | 948 | 1126 | 60500 | 486 | 790 | 103 | 122 | 65800 | 52 | 84 | 1107 | 1313 |
| 50000 | 405 | 663 | 864 | 1029 | 55300 | 46 | 729 | 949 | 1128 | 60600 | 486 | 791 | 1032 | 12 | 65900 | 522 | 848 | 1108 | 1315 |
| 50100 | 406 | 665 | 866 | 1030 | 55400 | 447 | 730 | 951 | 1130 | 60700 | 48 | 792 | 1034 | 1227 | 66000 | 523 | 84 | 11 | 17 |
| 50200 | 407 | 666 | 867 | 1032 | 5500 | 448 | 731 | 952 | 1132 | 60800 | 488 | 793 | 1035 | 12 | 66100 | 52 | 850 | 1111 | 1318 |
| 50300 | 408 | 667 | 869 | 1034 | 55600 | 449 | 732 | 954 | 1134 | 60900 | 489 | 794 | 1037 | 1231 | 66200 | 52 | 851 | 1112 | 1320 |
| 50400 | 408 | 668 | 871 | 1036 | 55700 | 449 | 733 | 956 | 1136 | 61000 | 489 | 795 | 1038 | 1232 | 66300 | 525 | 852 | 1113 | 1322 |
| 50500 | 409 | 670 | 872 | 1038 | 55800 | 450 | 735 | 957 | 1138 | 61100 | 490 | 797 | 1040 | 123 | 66400 | 525 | 85 | 1115 | 1323 |
| 50600 | 410 | 671 | 874 | 1040 | 55900 | 451 | 736 | 959 | 1139 | 61200 | 491 | 798 | 1041 | 1236 | 66500 | 52 | 85 | 111 | 1325 |
| 50700 | 411 | 672 | 875 | 1042 | 56000 | 452 | 737 | 960 | 1141 | 61300 | 491 | 799 | 104 | 123 | 6660 | 527 | 85 | 1117 | 1326 |
| 50800 | 41 | 673 | 877 | 1044 | 56100 | 453 | 738 | 962 | 143 | 61400 | 492 | 800 | 1044 | 123 | 6670 | 527 | 856 | 111 | 1328 |
| 50900 | 41 | 675 | 87 | 104 | 56200 | 453 | 740 | 964 | 1145 | 61500 | 493 | 80 | 10 | 12 | 66800 | 52 | 85 | 1120 | 1330 |
| 51000 | 413 | 676 | 880 | 1047 | 56300 | 454 | 41 | 965 | 1147 | 61600 | 494 | 802 | 1047 | 1243 | 66900 | 529 | 858 | 1121 | 1331 |
| 51100 | 4.14 | 677 | 882 | 1049 | 56400 | 455 | 742 | 967 | 1149 | 61700 | 494 | 803 | 1048 | 1245 | 67000 | 529 | 859 | 1123 | 1333 |
| 51200 | 415 | 679 | 883 | 1051 | 56500 | 456 | 743 | 968 | 1151 | 61800 | 495 | 804 | 1050 | 1246 | 67100 | 530 | 86 | 1124 | 1335 |
| 51300 | 15 | 680 | 885 | 053 | 6600 | 456 | 744 | 970 | 1153 | 61900 | 496 | 805 | 10 | 124 | 67200 | 531 | 861 | 11 | 1337 |
| 51400 | 416 | 681 | 88 | 105 | 6700 | 457 | 746 | 972 | 1154 | 62000 | 496 | 806 | 10 | 125 | 67300 | 53 | 86 | 1127 | 1338 |
| 51500 | 417 | 682 | 888 | 1057 | 56800 | 458 | 747 | 973 | 1156 | 62100 | 497 | 808 | 1054 | 1251 | 67400 | 532 | 863 | 1128 | 1340 |
| 51600 | 418 | 684 | 890 | 1059 | 56900 | 459 | 748 | 975 | 1158 | 62200 | 498 | 809 | 1056 | 1253 | 67500 | 533 | 864 | 1130 | 1342 |
| 51700 | 419 | 685 | 891 | 1060 | 57000 | 460 | 749 | 976 | 1160 | 62300 | 498 | 810 | 1057 | 1255 | 67600 | 534 | 866 | 1131 | 1343 |
| 51800 | 419 | 686 | 893 | 1062 | 57100 | 460 | 750 | 978 | 1162 | 62400 | 499 | 811 | 1059 | 1257 | 67700 | 53 | 86 | 1132 | 1345 |
| 51900 | 420 | 687 | 895 | 1064 | 57200 | 461 | 752 | 980 | 1164 | 62500 | 500 | 812 | 1060 | 1258 | 67800 | 53 | 86 | 1134 | 1347 |
| 52000 | 421 | 689 | 896 | 106 | 57300 | 62 | 53 | 81 | 1166 | 62600 | 501 | 813 | 1062 | 12 | 67900 | 536 | 86 | 113 | 1348 |
| 52100 | 422 | 690 | 898 | 106 | 57400 | 463 | 754 | 983 | 1168 | 62700 | 501 | 814 | 1063 | 1262 | 68000 | 536 | 870 | 113 | 1350 |
| 52200 | 422 | 691 | 899 | 1070 | 57500 | 463 | 755 | 984 | 1169 | 62800 | 502 | 815 | 106 | 126 | 68100 | 53 | 87 | 113 | 1352 |
| 52300 | 423 | 692 | 901 | 1072 | 57600 | 464 | 756 | 986 | 1171 | 62900 | 03 | 815 | 106 | 1265 | 68200 | 538 | 872 | 1139 | 1353 |
| 52400 | 424 | 694 | 903 | 1074 | 57700 | 465 | 758 | 988 | 1173 | 63000 | 503 | 817 | 1068 | 1267 | 68300 | 538 | 87 | 1141 | 1355 |
| 52500 | 425 | 695 | 904 | 076 | 57800 | 466 | 759 | 989 | 117 | 63100 | 50 | 819 | 1069 | 1269 | 68400 | 539 | 87 | 114 | 1357 |
| 52600 | 425 | 696 | 906 | 1077 | 57900 | 466 | 760 | 991 | 1177 | 63200 | 505 | 820 | 1071 | 1270 | 68500 | 540 | 875 | 1143 | 1358 |
| 52700 | 426 | 697 | 907 | 1079 | 58000 | 467 | 761 | 992 | 1179 | 63300 | 506 | 821 | 1072 | 1272 | 68600 | 541 | 876 | 1145 | 1360 |
| 52800 | 427 | 699 | 909 | 1081 | 58100 | 468 | 762 | 994 | 1181 | 63400 | 506 | 822 | 1074 | 127 | 68700 | 54 | 877 | 1146 | 1362 |
| 52900 | 428 | 700 | 911 | 1083 | 58200 | 469 | 764 | 996 | 1183 | 63500 | 507 | 823 | 1075 | 1276 | 68800 | 54 | 878 | 1148 | 1363 |
| 53000 | 429 | 701 | 912 | 1085 | 58300 | 470 | 765 | 997 | 1185 | 63600 | 508 | 824 | 1076 | 1277 | 68900 | 543 | 87 | 114 | 1365 |
| 53100 | 429 | 702 | 914 | 1087 | 58400 | 470 | 766 | 999 | 1186 | 63700 | 508 | 825 | 1078 | 1279 | 69000 | 543 | 881 | 1150 | 1367 |
| 53200 | 430 | 703 | 916 | 1089 | 58500 | 471 | 767 | 1000 | 1188 | 63800 | 509 | 826 | 1079 | 1280 | 69100 | 544 | 882 | 1152 | 1368 |
| 53300 | 431 | 705 | 917 | 1091 | 58600 | 472 | 768 | 1002 | 1190 | 63900 | 509 | 827 | 1080 | 1282 | 69200 | 545 | 883 | 1153 | 1370 |
| 53400 | 432 | 706 | 919 | 1092 | 58700 | 473 | 770 | 1004 | 1192 | 64000 | 510 | 828 | 1082 | 1284 | 69300 | 545 | 884 | 1154 | 1372 |
| 53500 | 432 | 707 | 920 | 1094 | 58800 | 473 | 771 | 1005 | 1194 | 64100 | 511 | 829 | 1083 | 1285 | 69400 | 546 | 885 | 1156 | 1373 |
| 53600 | 433 | 708 | 922 | 109 | 58900 | 474 | 772 | 1007 | 1196 | 64200 | 511 | 830 | 1085 | 1287 | 69500 | 54 | 88 | 1157 | 1375 |
| 53700 | 434 | 709 | 924 | 109 | 59000 | 475 | 773 | 1008 | 1198 | 64300 | 512 | 831 | 1086 | 1289 | 69600 | 547 | 887 | 115 | 1377 |
| 53800 | 435 | 711 | 925 | 1100 | 59100 | 476 | 774 | 1010 | 1200 | 64400 | 513 | 832 | 1087 | 1290 | 69700 | 548 | 88 | 1160 | 1378 |
| 53900 | 436 | 712 | 927 | 1102 | 59200 | 476 | 776 | 1012 | 1201 | 64500 | 513 | 833 | 1089 | 1292 | 69800 | 549 | 889 | 1161 | 1380 |
| 54000 | 436 | 713 | 928 | 1104 | 59300 | 477 | 777 | 1013 | 1203 | 64600 | 514 | 834 | 1090 | 1294 | 69900 | 549 | 890 | 1163 | 1382 |
| 54100 | 437 | 714 | 930 | 1106 | 59400 | 478 | 778 | 1015 | 1205 | 64700 | 515 | 835 | 1092 | 1295 | 70000 | 550 | 891 | 1164 | 1384 |
| 54200 | 438 | 715 | 932 | 1107 | 59500 | 479 | 779 | 1016 | 1207 | 64800 | 515 | 836 | 1093 | 1297 | 70100 | 551 | 892 | 1165 | 1385 |
| 54300 | 439 | 717 | 933 | 1109 | 59600 | 479 | 780 | 1018 | 1208 | 64900 | 516 | 837 | 1094 | 1299 | 70200 | 552 | 893 | 1167 | 1387 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Mońthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Nonthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children! $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of ChildrenfN ${ }^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bog}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3. | $\times$ |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 70300 | 552 | 894 | 1168 | 1389 | 75600 | 589 | 951 | 1241 | 1478 | 80900 | 625 | 1008 | 1314 | 1565 | 86200 | 662 | 1065 | 1387 | 1651 |
| 70400 | 553 | 896 | 11 | 139 | 5700 | 589 | 952 | 1243 | 1479 | 81000 | 626 | 1009 | 1316 | 1566 | 86300 | 662 | 1066 | 1389 | 1653 |
| 70500 | 554 | 897 | 1171 | 1392 | 75800 | 590 | 953 | 1244 | 481 | 81100 | 627 | 1010 | 1317 | 1568 | 86400 | 663 | 1067 | 1390 | 1654 |
| 70600 | 554 | 898 | 1172 | 1394 | 75900 | 91 | 954 | 1245 | 1483 | 81200 | 627 | 1011 | 1318 | 1570 | 86500 | 664 | 1068 | 1391 | 1656 |
| 70700 | 555 | 899 | 1174 | 1395 | 76000 | 591 | 956 | 1247 | 1484 | 81300 | 628 | 1012 | 1320 | 1571 | 86600 | 665 | 1069 | 1393 | 1658 |
| 70800 | 556. | 900 | 1175 | 1397 | 76100 | 592 | 957 | 1248 | 1486 | 81400 | 629 | 1013 | 1321 | 1573 | 86700 | 665 | 1070 | 1394 | 1659 |
| 70900 | 556 | 901 | 1176 | 1399 | 76200 | 593 | 958 | 1249 | 1488 | 81500 | 629 | 1014 | 1323 | 1575 | 86800 | 666 | 1071 | 1396 | 1661 |
| 71000 | 557 | 902 | 1178 | 1400 | 76300 | 594 | 959 | 1251 | 1489 | 81600 | 630 | 1016 | 1324 | 1576 | 86900 | 667 | 1072 | 1397 | 1662 |
| 71100 | 558 | 903 | 1179 | 402 | 76400 | 94 | 960 | 1252 | 1491 | 81700 | 631 | 1017 | 1325 | 1578 | 87000 | 667 | 1073 | 1398 | 1664 |
| 71200 | 558 | 904 | 1181 | 1404 | 76500 | 595 | 61 | 1254 | 1493 | 81800 | 631 | 1018 | 1327 | 1579 | 87100 | 668 | 1074 | 1400 | 1666 |
| 71300 | 559 | 905 | 1182 | 1405 | 76600 | 96 | 962 | 1255 | 1494 | 81900 | 33 | 1019 | 13 | 158 | 87200 | 669 | 1076 | 1401 | 1667 |
| 71400 | 560 | 90 | 11 | 1407 | 76700 | 596 | 963 | 1256 | 1496 | 82000 | 633 | 1020 | 1329 | 1583 | 87300 | 669 | 1077 | 1402 | 1669 |
| 71500 | 560 | 907 | 1185 | 1409 | 76800 | 597 | 964 | 1258 | 149 | 82100 | 634 | 1021 | 1331 | 1584 | 87400 | 670 | 1078 | 1404 | 1671 |
| 71600 | 561 | 908 | 1186 | 1410 | 76900 | 98 | 965 | 1259 | 1499 | 82200 | 634 | 1022 | 1332 | 158 | 87500 | 67 | 107 | 1405 | 1672 |
| 71700 | 562 | 909 | 1187 | 1412 | 77000 | 598 | 966 | 1261 | 1501 | 82300 | 635 | 1023 | 1334 | 1588 | 87600 | 671 | 1080 | 1407 | 1674 |
| 71800 | 563 | 911 | 1189 | 1414 | 77100 | 599 | 967 | 1262 | 1503 | 82400 | 636 | 1024 | 1335 | 1589 | 87700 | 672 | 1081 | 1408 | 1676 |
| 71900 | 563 | 912 | 1190 | 1415 | 77200 | 600 | 968 | 1263 | 1504 | 82500 | 636 | 1025 | 1336 | 1591 | 87800 | 673 | 1082 | 1409 | 1677 |
| 72000 | 564 | 913 | 1192 | 1417 | 77300 | 600 | 969 | 1265 | 1506 | 82600 | 637 | 1026 | 1338 | 1592 | 87900 | 673 | 1083 | 1411 | 1679 |
| 72100 | 565 | 914 | 119 | 141 | 774 | 601 | 971 | 1266 | 08 | 82700 | 638 | 1027 | 133 | 159 | 88000 | 67 | 108 | 1412 | 1680 |
| 72200 | 565 | 915 | 1194 | 1420 | 77500 | 602 | 972 | 1267 | 1509 | 82800 | 638 | 1028 | 1340 | 159 | 88100 | 675 | 108 | 1413 | 1682 |
| 72300 | 566 | 916 | 1196 | 1422 | 77600 | 603 | 973 | 1269 | 1511 | 82900 | 639 | 1029 | 1342 | 1597 | 88200 | 676 | 10 | 1415 | 1684 |
| 72400 | 567 | 917 | 1197 | 1424 | 77700 | 603 | 974 | 1270 | 1513 | 83000 | 640 | 1031 | 1343 | 1599 | 88300 | 676 | 1087 | 1416 | 1685 |
| 72500 | 567 | 918 | 1199 | 1425 | 77800 | 604 | 975 | 1272 | 1514 | 83100 | 640 | 1032 | 1345 | 1601 | 88400 | 677 | 1088 | 1418 | 1687 |
| 72600 | 568 | 919 | 1200 | 1427 | 77900 | 605 | 976 | 1273 | 1516 | 83200 | 641 | 1033 | 1346 | 1602 | 88500 | 678 | 1089 | 1419 | 1689 |
| 2700 | 569 | 920 | 1201 | 1429 | 78000 | 605 | 977 | 1274 | 1518 | 83300 | 642 | 1034 | 1347 | 1604 | 88600 | 678 | 1091 | 1420 | 1690 |
| 728 | 56 | 921 | 1203 | 1431. | 781 | 606 | 978 | 1276 | 1519 | 83400 | 642 | 1035 | 1349 | 1605 | 88700 | 679 | 1092 | 1422 | 1692 |
| 72900 | 57 | 922 | 1204 | 1432 | 78200 | 607 | 979 | 1277 | 1521 | 83500 | 643 | 1036 | 1350 | 1607 | 88800 |  | 109 | 1423 | 1693 |
| 73000 | 571 | 923 | 1205 | 1434 | 78300 | 607 | 980 | 1278 | 1522 | 83600 | 644 | 1037 | 1351 | 1609 | 88900 | 680 | 10 | 1424 | 1695 |
| 73100 | 572 | 924 | 1207 | 1436 | 78400 | 608 | 981 | 1280 | 1524 | 83700 | 645 | 1038 | 1353 | 1610 | 89000 | 681 | 1095 | 1426 | 1697 |
| 73200 | 572 | 926 | 1208 | 1437 | 78500 | 609 | 982 | 1281 | 1526 | 83800 | 645 | 1039 | 1354 | 1612 | 89100 | 682 | 109 | 1427 | 1698 |
| 73300 | 573 | 927 | 1210 | 1439 | 78600 | 609 | 983 | 1283 | 1527 | 83900 | 646 | 1040 | 1356 | 1614 | 89200 | 682 | 1097 | 1429 | 1700 |
| 73400 | 574 | 928 | 1211 | 1441 | 78700 | 610 | 984 | 1284 | 1529 | 84000 | 647 | 1041 | 1357 | 1615 | 89300 | 683 | 1098 | 1430 | 1702 |
| 73500 | 574 | 929 | 1212 | 1442 | 78800 | 611 | 986 | 1285 | 1531 | 84100 | 647 | 1042 | 1358 | 1617 | 89400 | 684 | 1099 | 1431 | 1703 |
| 73600 | 575 | 930 | 1214 | 1444 | 78900 | 611 | 987 | 1287 | 1532 | 4200 | 648 | 1043 | 1360 | 1619 | 89500 | 68 | 1100 | 1433 | 1705 |
| 73700 | 576 | 931 | 1215 | 1446 | 79000 | 612 | 988 | 1288 | 1534 | 34300 | 649 | 1044 | 1361 | 1620 | 89600 | 685 | 110 | 1434 | 1706 |
| 73800 | 576 | 932 | 1216 | 1447. | 79100 | 613 | 989 | 1289 | 1535 | 34400 | 649 | 1046 | 1362 | 1622 | 89700 | 686 | 1102 | 1435 | 1708 |
| 73900 | 577 | 933 | 1218 | 1449 | 79200 | 614 | 990 | 1291 | 1537 | 84500 | 650 | 1047 | 1364 | 1623 | 89800 | 687 | 110 | 1437 | 1710 |
| 74000 | 578 | 934 | 1219 | 1451 | 79300 | 614 | 991 | 1292 | 1539 | 84600 | 651 | 1048 | 1365 | 1625 | 89900 | 687 | 110 | 1438 | 1711 |
| 74100 | 578 | 935 | 1221 | 1452 | 79400 | 615 | 992 | 1294 | 1540 | 84700 | 651 | 1049 | 1367 | 1627 | 90000 | 688 | 110 | 1440 | 1713 |
| 74200 | 579 | 936 | 1222 | 1454 | 79500 | 616 | 993 | 1295 | 1542 | 84800 | 652 | 1050 | 1368 | 1628 | 90100 | 689 | 1107 | 1441 | 1715 |
| 74300 | 580 | 937 | 1223 | 1456 | 79600 | 616 | 994 | 129 | 1544 | 84900 | 653 | 1051 | 1369 | 1630 | 90200 | 689 | 110 | 1442 | 1716 |
| 74400 | 580 | 938 | 1225 | 1457 | 79700 | 617 | 995 | 1298 | 1545 | 85000 | 653 | 1052 | 1371 | 1632 | 90300 | 690 | 1109 | 1444 | 1718 |
| 74500 | 581 | 939 | 1226 | 1459 | 79800 | 618 | 996 | 1299 | 1547 | 85100 | 654 | 1053 | 1372 | 1633 | 90400 | 691 | 1110 | 1445 | 1719 |
| 74600 | 582 | 941 | 1227 | 1461 | 79900 | 618 | 997 | 1300 | 1549 | 85200 | 655 | 1054 | 1373 | 1635 | 90500 | 691 | 1111 | 1447 | 1721 |
| 74700 | 583 | 942 | 1229 | 1462 | 80000 | 619 | 998 | 1302 | 1550 | 85300 | 656 | 1055 | 1375 | 1636 | 90600 | 692 | 1112 | 1448 | 1723 |
| 74800 | 583 | 943 | 1230 | 1464 | 80100 | 620 | 999 | 1303 | 1552 | 85400 | 656 | 1056 | 1376 | 1638 | 90700 | 693 | 1113 | 1449 | 1724 |
| 74900 | 584 | 944 | 1232 | 1466 | 80200 | 620 | 1004 | 1305 | 1553 | 85500 | 657 | 1057 | 1378 | 1640 | 90800 | 693 | 1114 | 1451 | 1726 |
| 75000 | 585 | 945 | 1233 | 1467 | 80300 | 621 | 1002 | 1306 | 1555 | 85600 | 658 | 1058 | 1379 | 1641 | 90900 | 694 | 1115 | 1452 | 1728 |
| 75100 | 585 | 946. | 1234 | 1469 | 80400 | 622 | 1003 | 1307 | 1557 | 85700 | 658 | 1059 | 1380 | 1643 | 91000 | 695 | 1116 | 1453 | 1729 |
| 75200 | 586 | 947 | 1236 | 1471 | 80500 | 622 | 1004 | 1309 | 1558 | 85800 | 659 | 1061 | 1382 | 1645 | 91100 | 696 | 1117 | 1455 | 1731 |
| 75300 | 587 | 948 | 1237 | 1472 | 30600 | 623 | 1005 | 1310 | 1560 | 85900 | 660 | 1062 | 1383 | 1646 | 91200 | 696 | 1118 | 1456 | 1733 |
| 75400 | 587 | 949 | 1238 | 1474 | 80700 | 624 | 1006 | 1311 | 1562 | 86000 | 660 | 1063 | 1385 | 1648 | 91300 | 697. | 1119 | 145 | 1734 |
| 75500 | 588 | - | 通 | 析 | 80800 | 625 | 1007 | 1313 | 1563 | 861 | 661 | 1064 | 13 | 16 | 91400 | 698 | 1121 | 1459 |  |

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Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuei (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | $\square$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| venu |  |  |  |  |  |  | of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. of } \\ & \mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \text { d' } \end{aligned}$ | chilldre enfant |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 91500 | 698 | 1122 | 146 | 1737 | 00 | 735 | 78 | 1533 | 182 | 102100 | 77 | 1235 | 1606 | 1910 | 107400 | 808 | 1292 | 79 | 1996 |
| 91600 | 699 | 23 | 1462 | 1739 | 96900 | 735 | 1179 | 153 | 1825 | 10220 | 772 | 1236 | 1608 | 1912 | 1075 | 808 | 3 | 1681 | 1998 |
| 91700 | 700 | 1124 | 1463 | 1741 | 7000 | 36 | 1181 | 1536 | 1827 | 102300 | 773 | 1237 | 1609 | 1913 | 107600 | 809 | 1294 | 16 | 2000 |
| 91800 | 700 | 1125 | 1464 | 1742 | 97100 | 737 | 1182 | 1537 | 1829 | 102400 | 773 | 1238 | 1610 | 1915 | 107700 | 810 | 1295 | 16 | 2001 |
| 91900 | 701 | 1126 | 1466 | 1744 | 97200 | 738 | 1183 | 1539 | 1830 | 102500 | 774 | 1239 | 1612 | 1917 | 107800 | 811 | 1296 | 1685 | 2003 |
| 92000 | 702 | 1127 | 1467 | 1746 | 97300 | 738 | 1184 | 1540 | 1832 | 102600 | 775 | 1241 | 1613 | 1918 | 107900 | 811 | 1297 | 1686 | 2004 |
| 92100 | 702 | 1128 | 1469 | 1747 | 97400 | 739 | 1185 | 1542 | 1833 | 102700 | 775 | 1242 | 1615 | 1920 | 108000 | 812 | 1298 | 1688 | 2006 |
| 92200 | 703 | 1129 | 1470 | 1749 | 97500 | 740 | 1186 | 1543 | 1835 | 102800 | 776 | 1243 | 1616 | 1921 | 108100 | 813 | 1300 | 1689 | 2008 |
| 92300 | 04 | 1130 | 1471 | 1750 | 97600 | 740 | 1187 | 1544 | 1837 | 102900 | 777 | 124 | 1617 | 1923 | 108200 | 813 | 1301 | 1690 | 2009 |
| 92400 | 704 | 1131 | 1473 | 1752 | 97700 | 741 | 1188 | 1546 | 1838 | 103000 | 777 | 1245 | 1619 | 1925 | 108300 | 814 | 1302 | 1692 | 2011 |
| 92500 | 705 | 1132 | 147 | 175 | 97800 | 742 | 1189 | 1547 | 1840 | 103100 | 778 | 1246 | 1620 | 1928 | 108400 | 815 | 1303 | 1693 | 2013 |
| 92600 | 706 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 900 | 742 | 1190 | 1548 | 1842 | 103200 | 779 | 1247 | 1621 | 1928 | 108500 | 815 | 1304 | 1695 | 2014 |
| 92700 | 07 | 11 | 14 | 17 | 000 | 743 | 11 | 1550 | 843 | 103300 | 780 | 1248 | 1623 | 1930 | 108600 | 816 | 1305 | 1696 | 2016 |
| 92800 | 707 | 11 | 1478 | 1759 | 88100 | 744 | 1192 | 15 | 18 | 103400 | 780 | 1249 | 1624 | 193 | 108700 | 817 | 130 | 1697 | 2017 |
| 92900 | 708 | 1137 | 1480 | 176 | 98200 | 744 | 11 | 155 | 18 | 103500 | 781 | 1250 | 26 | 1933 | 108800 | 81 | 1307 | 1699 | 2019 |
| 93000 | 709 | 1138 | 1481 | 1762 | 98300 | 745 | 119 | 1554 | 18 | 103600 | 782 | 12 | 1627 | 193 | 108900 | 81 | 1308 | 1700 | 2021 |
| 93100 | 709 | 1139 | 1482 | 1763 | 98400 | 746 | 1196 | 1555 | 1850 | 103700 | 782 | 125 | 1628 | 193 | 109000 | 819 | 1309 | 17 | 2022 |
| 93200 | 710 | 1140 | 1484 | 1765 | 98500 | 746 | 1197 | 1557 | 1851 | 103800 | 783 | 1253 | 1630 | 1938 | 109100 | 820 | 1310 | 17 | 2024 |
| 93300 | 711 | 1141 | 1485 | 1767 | 98600 | 747 | 1198 | 1558 | 1853 | 103900 | 784 | 1254 | 1631 | 1939 | 109200 | 820 | 1311 | 1704 | 2026 |
| 93400 | 11 | 1142 | 1486 | 1768 | 98700 | 748 | 1199 | 1559 | 1855 | 104000 | 784 | 1256 | 1633 | 1941 | 109300 | 821 | 1312 | 1706 | 2027 |
| 93500 | 712 | 1143 | 1488 | 17 | 8800 | 749 | 1200 | 561 | 1856 | 104100 | 785 | 1257 | 1634 | 1943 | 109400 | 822 | 1313 | 1707 | 2029 |
| 93600 | 713 | 114 | 1489 | 1772 | 390 | 749 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 10420 | 786 | 1258 | 1635 | 19 | 109500 | 822 | 1315 | 1708 | 2030 |
| 93700 | 713 | 1145 | 1491 | 1773 | 99000 | 750 | 1202 | 1564 | 1860 | 104300 | 786 | 125 | 16 | 19 | 109600 | 823 | 1316 | 1710 | 2032 |
| 93800 | 714 | 1146 | 1492 | 1775 | 99100 | 751 | 1203 | 1565 | 1861 | 104400 | 787 | 1260 | 1638 | 194 | 109700 | 824 | 1317 | 17 | 2034 |
| 93900 | 715 | 1147 | 1493 | 1776 | 99200 | 751 | 1204 | 1566 | 1863 | 104500 | 788 | 1261 | 1639 | 1949 | 109800 | 824 | 1318 | 1712 | 2035 |
| 94000 | 715 | 1148 | 1495 | 1778 | 99300 | 752 | 1205 | 1568 | 1864 | 104600 | 789 | 1262 | 1641 | 1951 | 109900 | 825 | 1319 | 1714 | 2037 |
| 9410 | 716 | 1149 | 1496 | 1780 | 99400 | 753 | 1206 | 1569 | 1866 | 104700 | 789 | 1263 | 1642 | 1952 | 110000 | 826 | 1320 | 1715 | 2039 |
| 9420 | 717 | 1151 | 1497 | 1781 | 99500 | 753 | 1207 | 1571 | 1868 | 104800 | 790 | 1264 | 1644 | 1954 | 110100 | 826 | 1321 | 1717 | 2040 |
| 9430 | 718 | 11 | 149 | 1783 | 9600 | 754 | 1208 | 1572 | 1869 | 104900 | 791 | 1265 | 1645 | 1956 | 110200 | 827 | 1322 | 1718 | 2042 |
| 94400 | 718 | 1153 | 1500 | 178 | 700 | 755 | 1209 | 1573 | 1871 | 105000 | 791 | 1266 | 1646 | 1957 | 110300 | 828 | 1323 | 1719 | 2044 |
| 94500 | 719 | 1154 | 1502 | 1786 | 99800 | 755 | 12 | 1575 | 1873 | 105100 | 792 | 1267 | 1648 | 1959 | 110400 | 828 | 1324 | 17 | 2045 |
| 94600 | 720 | 1155 | 1503 | 1788 | 99900 | 756 | 1212 | 1576 | 1874 | 105200 | 793 | 12 | 1649 | 1960 | 110500 | 829 | 1325 | 1722 | 2047 |
| 94700 | 720 | 1156 | 1504 | 1789 | 100000 | 757 | 1213 | 1577 | 1876 | 105300 | 793 | 126 | 1650 | 1962 | 110600 | 830 | 1326 | 1723 | 2048 |
| 94800 | 721 | 1157 | 1506 | 1791 | 100100 | 758 | 1214 | 1579 | 1877 | 105400 | 794 | 127 | 165 | 196 | 110700 | 831 | 1327 | 1725 | 2050 |
| 94900 | 722 | 1158 | 1507 | 1793 | 100200 | 758 | 1215 | 1580 | 1879 | 105500 | 795 | 1272 | 1653 | 1965 | 110800 | 831 | 1328 | 1728 | 2052 |
| 95000 | 722 | 1159 | 1509 | 1794 | 100300 | 759 | 1216 | 1582 | 1881 | 105600 | 795 | 1273 | 1655 | 1967 | 110900 | 832 | 1330 | 1728 | 2053 |
| 95100 | 723 | 1160 | 1510 | 1796 | 100400 | 760 | 1217 | 1583 | 1882 | 105700 | 796 | 1274 | 1656 | 1969 | 111000 | 833 | 1331 | 1729 | 2055 |
| 95200 | 724 | 1161 | 1511 | 1798 | 100500 | 760 | 1218 | 1584 | 1884 | 105800 | 797 | 1275 | 1657 | 1970 | 111100 | 833 | 1332 | 1730 | 2057 |
| 95300 | 724 | 1162 | 1513 | 1799 | 100600 | 761 | 1219 | 1586 | 1886 | 105900 | 797 | 1276 | 1659 | 1972 | 111200 | 834 | 1333 | 1732 | 2058 |
| 95400 | 725 | 11 | 15 | 1801 | 100700 | 762 | 122 | 1587 | 1887 | 106000 | 798 | 1277 | 1660 | 1973 | 111300 | 835 | 1334 | 1733 | 2060 |
| 95500 | 726 | 116 | 1515 | 1803 | 100800 | 762 | 1221 | 1588 | 1889 | 106100 | 799 | 1278 | 1661 | 1975 | 111400 | 835 | 1335 | 173 | 2061 |
| 95600 | 727 | 1166 | 1517 | 1804 | 100900 | 763 | 1222 | 1590 | 1890 | 106200 | 800 | 1279 | 1663 | 1977 | 111500 | 836 | 1336 | 173 | 2063 |
| 95700 | 727 | 1167 | 1518 | 1806 | 101000 | 764 | 1223 | 1591 | 1892 | 106300 | 800 | 1280 | 1664 | 1978 | 111600 | 837 | 1337 | 1737 | 2065 |
| 95800 | 728 | 1168 | 1520 | 1807 | 101100 | 764 | 1224 | 1593 | 1894 | 106400 | 801 | 1281 | 1666 | 1980 | 111700 | 837 | 1338 | 1739 | 2066 |
| 95900 | 729 | 1169 | 1521 | 1809 | 101200 | 765 | 1226 | 1594 | 1895 | 106500 | 802 | 1282 | 1667 | 1982 | 111800 | 838 | 1339 | 174 | 2068 |
| 96000 | 729 | 1170 | 1522 | 1811 | 101300 | 766 | 1227 | 1595 | 1897 | 106600 | 802 | 1283 | 1668 | 1983 | 111900 | 839 | 1340 | 174 | 2070 |
| 96100 | 730 | 1171 | 1524 | 1812 | 101400 | 766 | 1228 | 1597 | 1899 | 106700 | 803 | 1284 | 1670 | 1985 | 112000 | 839 | 1341 | 1743 | 2071 |
| 96200 | 731 | 1172 | 1525 | 1814 | 101500 | 767 | 1229 | 1598 | 1900 | 106800 | 804 | 1286 | 1671 | 1987 | 112100 | 840 | 1342 | 1744 | 2073 |
| 96300 | 731 | 1173 | 15 | 1816 | 101600 | 768 | 1230 | 1599 | 1902 | 106900 | 804 | 1287 | 1672 | 1988 | 112200 | 841 | 1343 | 1745 | 2074 |
| 96400 | 732 | 1174 | 1528 | 1817 | 101700 | 769 | 123 | 1601 | 1903 | 107000 | 805 | 128 | 1674 | 1990 | 112300 | 842 | 1345 | 1747 | 2076 |
| 96500 | 733 | 1175 | 1529 | 1819 | 101800 | 769 | 1232 | 1602 | 1905 | 107100 | 806 | 128 | 1675 | 1991 | 112400 | 84 | 1346 | 1748 | 2078 |
| 96600 | 733 | 1176 | 1531 | 1820 | 101900 | 770 | 1233 | 1604 | 1907 | 107200 | 806 | 1290 | 1677 | 1993 | 112500 | 843 | 1347 | 1750 | 2079 |
| 96700 | 734 | 1177 | 1532 | 1822 | 102000 | 771 | 123 | 1605 | 1908 | 107300 | 807 | 129 | 1678 | 199 | 112600 | 844 | 13 | 175 | 208 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Income／ Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award／ Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No．of Children／ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> （\＄） | No．of Children／ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bro}}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> （\＄） | No．of Children／ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  | Revenu （\＄） | No．of Chlldren／ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 |  |  |  | 2 | － 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 31 | 4 |
| 1127 | 844 | 1349 | 1752 | 2083 | 118000 | 881 | 406 | 25 | 2169 | 123300 | 917 | 1462 | 38 | 225 |  | 128600 | 54 | 519 | 71 | 2341 |
| 1128 | 845 | 1350 | 1754 | 2084 | 100 |  | 1407 | 1827 | 217 | 23 | 18 | 1463 | 1900 | 22 | 128700 | 955 | 20 | 97 | 43 |
| 112900 | 846 | 1351 | 1755 | 2086 | 118200 | 882 | 1408 | 1828 | 2172 | 123500 | 19 | 1465 | 1901 | 2258 | 128800 | 955 | 1521 | 1974 | 2345 |
| 113000 | 46 | 1352 | 1757 | 2087 | 118300 | 83 | 1409 | 1830 | 2174 | 123600 | 919 | 1466 | 1903 | 2260 | 128900 | 956 | 1522 | 1976 | 2346 |
| 113100 | 847 | 1353 | 1758 | 2089 | 118400 | 884 | 1410 | 1831 | 2175 | 123700 | 920 | 1467 | 1904 | 2262 | 129000 | 957 | 1523 | 1977 | 2348 |
| 113200 | 848 | 1354 | 1759 | 2091 | 18500 | 884 | 1411 | 1832 | 2177 | 123800 | 921 | 1468 | 1905 | 2263 | 129100 | 957 | 1525 | 1978 | 2350 |
| 113300 | 848 | 1355 | 1761 | 092 | 18600 | 885 | 1412 | 1834 | 2179 | 123900 | 921 | 1469 | 1907 | 2265 | 129200 | 958 | 1526 | 1980 | 2351 |
| 迷 | 849 | 135 | 1762 | 2094 | 18700 | 886 | 1413 | 1835 | 2180 | 124000 | 922 | 1470 | 1908 | 2267 | 129300 | 959 | 1527 | 1981 | 2353 |
| 113500 | 850 | 135 | 1763 | 2096 | 118800 | 886 | 1414 | 1836 | 2182 | 124100 | 923 | 1471 | 1909 | 2268 | 129400 | 959 | 1528 | 1982 | 2355 |
| 113600 | 851 | 13 | 1765 | 2097 | 118900 | 887 | 1415 | 1838 | 2184 | 124200 | 24 | 1472 | 1911 | 2270 | 129500 | 960 | 1529 | 1984 | 2356 |
| 1137 | 851 | 1360 | 176 | 2099 | 19000 | 888 | 1416 | 1839 | 2185 | 124300 | 924 | 1473 | 1912 | 2271 | 129600 | 961 | 1530 | 1985 | 2358 |
| 113800 | 852 | 1361 | 1768 | 2100 | 119100 | 888 | 141 | 1841 | 2187 | 124400 | 925 | 1474 | 19 | 227 | 12 | 961 | 15 | 1987 | 59 |
| 113900 | 853 | 1362 | 1769 | 2102 | 119200 | 889 | 1418 | 1842 | 2188 | 124500 | 926 | 1475 | 1915 | 2275 | 129800 | 962 | 1532 | 1988 | 2361 |
| 114000 | 853 | 13 | 1770 | 2104 | 119300 | 890 | 1420 | 1843 | 2190 | 124600 | 926 | 1476 | 1916 | 2276 | 129900 | 963 | 1533 | 1989 | 2363 |
| 114100 | 854 | 13 | 1772 | 2105 | 94 | 890 | 1421 | 1845 | 2192 | 124700 | 927 | 1477 | 1918 | 2278 | 130000 | 963 | 1534 | 1991 | 2364 |
| 114200 | 855 | 136 | 17 | 2107 | 119500 | 891 | 1422 | 1846 | 19 | 124800 | 28 | 14 | 1919 | 2280 | 130100 | 964 | 153 | 199 | 2366 |
| 114300 | 855 | 1366 | 1774 | 2109 | 119600 | 2 | 14 | 1847 | 2195 | 124900 | 28 | 14 | 1920 | 2281 | 130200 | 965 | 1536 | 1993 | 68 |
| 114400 | 856 | 1367 | 1776 | 2110 | 119700 | 893 | 14 | 1849 | 2197 | 125000 | 929 | 14 | 19 | 2283 | 13030 | 966 | 1537 | 1995 | 2369 |
| 114500 | 857 | 1368 | 1777 | 2112 | 119800 | 893 | 1425 | 1850 | 2198 | 125100 | 30 | 14 | 1923 | 22 | 130400 | 966 | 15 | 1996 | 2371 |
| 114600 | 857 | 1369 | 1779 | 2114 | 119900 | 894 | 1426 | 1852 | 2200 | 125200 | 930 | 1483 | 1925 | 2286 | 130500 | 967 | 1540 | 199 | 2372 |
| 114700 | 858 | 1370 | 1780 | 2115 | 120000 | 895 | 1427 | 1853 | 2201 | 125300 | 931 | 1484 | 1926 | 2288 | 130600 | 968 | 1541 | 1999 | 2374 |
| 114 | 859 | 1371 | 1781 | 2117 | 120100 | 895 | 1428 | 185 | 2203 | 125400 | 932 | 1485 | 1927 | 228 | 130700 | 968 | 154 | 000 | 2376 |
| 114900 | 859 | 13 | 1783 | 2118 | 120200 | 896 | 1429 | 1856 | 205 | 12550 | 932 | 1486 | 1929 | 229 | 130800 | 969 | 154 | 2002 | 2377 |
| 115000 | 860 | 13 | 1784 | 2120 | 120300 | 897 | 1430 | 1857 | 2206 | 12560 | 933 | 148 | 1930 | 229 | 13090 | 970 | 154 | 2003 | 2379 |
| 115100 | 861 | 1375 | 178 | 2122 | 120400 | 897 | 1431 | 18 | 22 | 125700 | 934 | 14 | 19 | 22 | 131000 | 970 | 1545 | ， | 2381 |
| 115200 | 862 | 1376 | 1787 | 2123 | 120500 | 898 | 1432 | 1860 | 2210 | 125800 | 935 | 1489 | 1933 | 2296 | 131100 | 971 | 1546 | 2006 | 2382 |
| 115300 | 862 | 1377 | 1788 | 2125 | 120600 | 899 | 1433 | 18 | 2211 | 125900 | 935 | 1490 | 1934 | 2298 | 131200 | 972 | 1547 | 2007 | 2384 |
| 115400 | 863 | 1378 | 1790 | 127 | 120700 | 9 | 1435 | 1863 | 2213 | 126000 | 936 | 1491 | 1936 | 2299 | 131300 | 972 | 1548 | 2009 | 2385 |
| 115500 | 864 | 137 | 1791 | 128 | 120800 | 00 | 1436 | 1864 | 2214 | 126100 | 937 | 1492 | 1937 | 2301 | 131400 | 973 | 154 | 2010 | 2387 |
| 115600 | 86 | 1380 | 1792 | 2130 | 120900 | 901 | 7 | 1865 | 2216 | 126200 | 937 | 1493 | 193 | 302 | 131500 | 97 | 155 | 2011 | 2389 |
| 115700 | 865 | 138 | 17 | 2131 | 121000 | 901 | 14 |  | 2218 | 2630 | 938 | 95 | 0 | 30 | 131600 | 975 | 155 | 2013 | 2390 |
| 115800 | 866 | 1382 | 179 | 133 | 121100 | 90 | 14 | 1868 | 2219 | 126400 | 939 | 149 | 19 | 230 | 131700 | 975 | 1552 | 2014 | 2392 |
| 115900 | 866 | 1383 | 1796 | 2135 | 121200 | 903 | 1440 | 18 | 2221 | 126500 | 939 | 1497 | 1943 | 230 | 131800 | 97 |  | 20 | 2394 |
| 116000 | 867 | 1384 | 1798 | 136 | 121300 | 04 | 441 | 18 | 2223 | 126600 | 940 | 1498 | 194 | 230 | 131900 | 97 | 155 | 201 | 239 |
| 116100 | 868 | 1385 | 1799 | 2138 | 121400 | 904 | 1442 | 187 | 2224 | 126700 | 941 | 1499 | 1945 | 2311 | 132000 | 97 | 1556 | 2018 | 2397 |
| 116200 | 868 | 1386 | 1801 | 2140 | 121500 | 905 | 1443 | 1874 | 2226 | 126800 | 941 | 1500 | 1947 | 2312 | 132100 | 978 | 155 | 2020 | 2398 |
| 116300 | 869 | 138 | 1802 | 2141 | 121600 | 906 | 1444 | 1875 | 2228 | 126900 | 942 | 1501 | 1948 | 2314 | 132200 | 979 | 155 | 20 | 2400 |
| 116400 | 870 | 138 | 1803 | 2143 | 121700 | 90 | 144 | 18 | 22 | 127000 | 943 | 1502 | 1949 | 2315 | 132300 | 979 | 1559 | 2022 | 2402 |
| 116500 | 870 | 1390 | 1805 | 2144 | 121800 | 907 | 14 | 18 | 223 | 127100 | 944 | 15 | 1951 | 231 | 132400 | 980 | 1560 | 20 | 2403 |
| 116600 | 871 | 139 | 1806 | 2146 | 121900 | 908 | 1447 | 1879 | 2232 | 127200 | 944 | 150 | 1952 | 2319 | 132500 | 981 | 156 | 202 | 240 |
| 116700 | 872 | 1392 | 1807 | 2148 | 122000 | 908 | 1448 | 1881 | 2234 | 127300 | 945 | 1505 | 1954 | 2320 | 132600 | 981 | 156 | 202 | 2407 |
| 116800 | 873 | 1393 | 1809 | 2149 | 122100 | 909 | 1450 | 1882 | 2236 | 127400 | 946 | 1506 | 1955 | 2322 | 132700 | 982 | 156 | 2028 | 2408 |
| 116900 | 873 | 1394 | 1810 | 2151 | 122200 | 910 | 1451 | 1883 | 2237 | 127500 | 946 | 1507 | 1956 | 2324 | 132800 | 983 | 156 | 2029 | 2410 |
| 117000 | 874 | 139 | 1812 | 2153 | 122300 | 910 | 145 | 1885 | 2239 | 127600 | 947 | 1508 | 1958 | 2325 | 132900 | 983 | 仡 | 2031 | 2411 |
| 117100 | 87 | 1396 | 1813 | 215 | 122400 | 911 | 14 | 1886 | 22 | 127700 | 948 | 15 | 19 | 232 | 133000 |  | 156 | 2032 | 2413 |
| 117200 | 875 | 1397 | 1814 | 2156 | 122500 | 912 | 145 | 18 | 2242 | 127800 | 488 |  | 1960 | 2328 | 133100 | 985 | 仡 | 203 | 2415 |
| 117300 | 876 | 1398 | 1816 | 2157 | 122600 | 913 | 14 | 18 | 2244 | 127900 | 949 | 151 | 1962 | 2330 | 133200 | 986 | 568 | 2035 | 2416 |
| 117400 | 87 | 1399 | 1817 | 2159 | 122700 | 91 | 14 | 18 | 224 | 128000 | 950 | 15 | 1963 | 233 | 133300 | 986 | 157 | 203 | 2418 |
| 117500 | 877 | 1400 | 1819 | 2161 | 122800 | 914 | 1457 | 1892 | 2247 | 128100 | 950 | 15 | 1965 | 2333 | 133400 | 98 | 157 | 203 | 2420 |
| 117600 | 878 | 1401 | 1820 | 2162 | 122900 | 915 | 1458 | 1893 | 2249 | 128200 | 951 | 1515 | 1966 | 2335 | 133500 | 988 | 157 | 203 | 2421 |
| 117700 | 879 | 1402 | 1821 | 2164 | 123000 | 915 | 1459 | 1894 | 2250 | 128300 | 952 | 1516 | 1967 | 2337 | 133600 | 988 | 157 | 204 | 2423 |
| 117800 | 879 | 1403 | 1823 | 2166 | 123100 | 916 | 1460 | 1896 | 2252 | 128400 | 952 | 1517 | 1969 | 2338 | 133700 | 989 | 1574 | 2042 | 2425 |
| 117900 | 880 | 140 | 1824 | 2167 | 123200 | 917 | 1461 | 1897 | 2254 | 128500 | 953 | 1518 | 1970 | 2340 | 133800 | 990 | 1575 | 2043 | 42 |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ．
Pour plus de renseignements，veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．

## MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiés

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 13 | 990 | 1576 | 2044 | 242 | 13 | 101 | 1620 | 2101 | 2495 | 142100 | 1047 | 16 | 2157 | 25 | 146200 | 1075 | 1708 | 2214 | 2628 |
| 134000 | 991 | 1577 | 2046 | 2429 | 138100 | 1019 | 1621 | 2102 | 2496 | 142200 | 1048 | 1665 | 2159 | 25 | 0 | 1076 | 1709 | 2215 | 2630 |
| 134100 | 992 | 1578 | 2047 | 2431 | 138200 | 1020 | 1622 | 2104 | 2498 | 142300 | 1048 | 1666 | 2160 | 256 | 146400 | 1076 | 1710 | 2217 | 2631 |
| 134200 | 992 | 1579 | 2049 | 2433 | 138300 | 1021 | 1623 | 2105 | 2499 | 142400 | 1049 | 1667 | 2162 | 2566 | 146500 | 1077 | 1711 | 22.18 | 2633 |
| 134300 | 993 | 1580 | 2050 | 2434 | 138400 | 1021 | 1624 | 2106 | 2501 | 142500 | 1050 | 1668 | 2163 | 2568 | 146600 | 1078 | 1712 | 2219 | 2635 |
| 134400 | 994 | 1581 | 2051 | 2436 | 138500 | 1022 | 1625 | 2108 | 2503 | 142600 | 1050 | 1669 | 2164 | 2569 | 146700 | 1079 | 1713 | 2221 | 2636 |
| 134500 | 994 | 1582 | 2053 | 2438 | 138600 | 1023 | 1626 | 2109 | 2504 | 14270 | 1051 | 1670 | 2166 | 2571 | 146800 | 1079 | 1714 | 2222 | 2638 |
| 134600 | 995 | 1583 | 2054 | 2439 | 138700 | 1023 | 1627 | 2111 | 2506 | 142800 | 1052 | 1671 | 2167 | 2573 | 146900 | 1080 | 1715 | 2224 | 2639 |
| 134700 | 996 | 1585 | 2055 | 2441 | 138800 | 1024 | 1628 | 2112 | 2508 | 142900 | 1052 | 1672 | 2168 | 257 | 147000 | 1081 | 1716 | 2225 | 2641 |
| 134800 | 997 | 1586 | 2057 | 2442 | 138900 | 1025 | 1630 | 2113 | 2509 | 143000 | 1053 | 1673 | 2170 | 2576 | 147100 | 1081 | 1717 | 2226 | 2643 |
| 134900 | 997 | 1587 | 2058 | 244 | 139000 | 102 | 16 | 2115 | 2511 | 143100 | 1054 | 16 | 21 | 25 | 147200 | 1082 | 1718 | 2228 | 2644 |
| 135000 | 998 | 1588 | 2060 | 2446 | 139100 | 1026 | 1632 | 2116 | 2512 | 143200 | 1054 | 1676 | 2173 | 2579 | 47300 | 1083 | 1720 | 2229 | 2646 |
| 135100 | 999 | 1589 | 2061 | 2447 | 139200 | 1027 | 1633 | 2117 | 2514 | 143300 | 1055 | 1677 | 2174 | 2581 | 147400 | 1083 | 1721 | 2230 | 2648 |
| 135200 | 999 | 1590 | 2062 | 2449 | 139300 | 1028 | 1634 | 2119 | 2516 | 143400 | 1056 | 1678 | 2175 | 2582 | 147500 | 1084 | 1722 | 2232 | 2649 |
| 135300 | 1000 | 1591 | 2064 | 2451 | 139400 | 1028 | 1635 | 2120 | 2517 | 143500 | 1056 | 1679 | 2177 | 2584 | 147600 | 1085 | 1723 | 2233 | 2651 |
| 135400 | 1001 | 1592 | 2065 | 2452 | 139500 | 1029 | 1636 | 2122 | 2519 | 143600 | 1057 | 1680 | 2178 | 2586 | 147700 | 1085 | 1724 | 2235 | 2652 |
| 135500 | 1001 | 1593 | 2067 | 2454 | 139600 | 1030 | 1637 | 2123 | 2521 | 143700 | 1058 | 1681 | 2179 | 2587 | 147800 | 1086 | 1725 | 2236 | 2654 |
| 135600 | 1002 | 1594 | 2068 | 2455 | 139700 | 1030 | 1638 | 2124 | 2522 | 143800 | 1059 | 1682 | 2181 | 2589 | 147900 | 1087 | 1726 | 2237 | 2656 |
| 135700 | 1003 | 1595 | 2069 | 2457 | 139800 | 1031 | 1639 | 2126 | 2524 | 143900 | 1059 | 1683 | 2182 | 2591 | 148000 | 1087 | 1727 | 2239 | 2657 |
| 135800 | 1003 | 1596 | 2071 | 2459 | 139900 | 1032 | 1640 | 2127 | 2525 | 144000 | 1060 | 1684 | 2184 | 2592 | 148100 | 1088 | 1728 | 2240 | 2659 |
| 135900 | 1004 | 1597 | 2072 | 2460 | 140000 | 1032 | 1641 | 2129 | 252 | 144100 | 1061 | 1685 | 2185 | 25 | 48200 | 1089 | 1729 | 41 | 2661 |
| 136000 | 1005 | 1598 | 2073 | 2462 | 140100 | 1033 | 1642 | 2130 | 2529 | 144200 | 1061 | 1686 | 2186 | 2595 | 148300 | 1090 | 1730 | 2243 | 2662 |
| 136100 | 1006 | 1600 | 2075 | 2464 | 140200 | 1034 | 1643 | 2131 | 2530 | 144300 | 1062 | 1687 | 2188 | 2597 | 148400 | 1090 | 1731 | 2244 | 2664 |
| 136200 | 1006 | 1601 | 2076 | 2465 | 140300 | 1034 | 1645 | 2133 | 2532 | 144400 | 1063 | 1688 | 2189 | 2599 | 148500 | 1091 | 1732 | 2246 | 2666 |
| 136300 | 1007 | 1602 | 2078 | 2467 | 140400 | 1035 | 1646 | 2134 | 2534 | 144500 | 1063 | 1690 | 2191 | 2600 | 148600 | 1092 | 1734 | 2247 | 2667 |
| 136400 | 1008 | 1603 | 2079 | 2468 | 140500 | 1036 | 1647 | 2135 | 2535 | 144600 | 1064 | 1691 | 2192 | 2602 | 148700 | 1092 | 1735 | 2248 | 2669 |
| 136500 | 1008 | 1604 | 2080 | 2470 | 140600 | 1037 | 1648 | 2137 | 2537 | 144700 | 1065 | 1692 | 2193 | 2604 | 148800 | 1093 | 1736 | 2250 | 2670 |
| 136600 | 1009 | 1605 | 2082 | 2472 | 140700 | 1037 | 1649 | 2138 | 2539 | 144800 | 1065 | 1693 | 2195 | 2605 | 148900 | 1094 | 1737 | 2251 | 2672 |
| 136700 | 1010 | 1606 | 2083 | 2473 | 140800 | 1038 | 1650 | 2140 | 2540 | 144900 | 1066 | 1694 | 2196 | 2607 | 149000 | 1094. | 1738 | 2253 | 2674 |
| 136800 | 1010 | 1607 | 2084 | 2475 | 140900 | 1039 | 1651 | 2141 | 2542 | 145000 | 1067 | 1695 | 2197 | 2609 | 149100 | 1095 | 1739 | 2254 | 2675 |
| 136900 | 1011 | 1608 | 2086 | 2477 | 141000 | 1039 | 1652 | 2142 | 2543 | 145100 | 1068 | 1696 | 2199 | 2610 | 149200 | 1096 | 1740 | 2255 | 2677 |
| 137000 | 1012 | 1609 | 2087 | 2478 | 141100 | 1040 | 1653 | 2144 | 2545 | 145200 | 1068 | 1697 | 2200 | 2612 | 149300 | 1096 | 1741 | 2257 | 2679 |
| 137100 | 1012 | 1610 | 2089 | 2480 | 141200 | 1041 | 1654 | 2145 | 2547 | 145300 | 1069 | 1698 | 2202 | 2613 | 149400 | 1097 | 1742 | 2258 | 2680 |
| 137200 | 1013 | 1611 | 2090 | 2482 | 141300 | 1041 | 1655 | 2146 | 2548 | 145400 | 1070 | 1699 | 2203 | 2615 | 149500 | 1098 | 1743 | 2259 | 2682 |
| 137300 | 1014 | 1612 | 2091 | 2483 | 141400 | 1042 | 1656 | 2148 | 2550 | 145500 | 1070 | 1700 | 2204 | 2617 | 149600 | 1099 | 1744 | 2261 | 2683 |
| 137400 | 1014 | 1613 | 2093 | 2485 | 141500 | 1043 | 1657 | 2149 | 2552 | 145600 | 1071 | 1701 | 2206 | 2618 | 149700 | 1099 | 1745 | 2262 | 2685 |
| 137500 | 1015 | 1615 | 2094 | 2486 | 141600 | 1043 | 1658 | 2151 | 2553 | 145700 | 1072 | 1702 | 2207 | 2620 | 149800 | 1100 | 1746 | 2264 | 2687 |
| 137600 | 1016 | 1616 | 2095 | 2488 | 141700 | 1044 | 1660 | 2152 | 2555 | 145800 | 1072 | 1703 | 2208 | 2622 | 149900 | 1101 | 1747 | 2265 | 2688 |
| 137700 | 1017 | 1617 | 2097 | 2490 | 141800 | 1045 | 1661 | 2153 | 2556 | 145900 | 1073 | 1705 | 2210 | 2623 | 150000 | 1101 | 1749 | 2266 | 2690 |
| 137800 | 1017 | 1618 | 2098 | 2491 | 141900 | 1045 | 1662 | 2155 | 2558 | 146000 | 1074 | 1706 | 2211 | 2625 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1018 | 1619 | 2100 | 2493 | 142000 | 1046 | 1663 | 2156 | 2560 | 146100 | 1074 | 1707 | 2213 | 2626 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Income/ Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Palement mensuei (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child/ un enfant | two children/ deux enfants | three children/ trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For Income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 1101 \text { plus } 0.69 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1749 \text { plus } 1.07 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2266 \text { plus } 1.38 \% \\ & \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \end{aligned}$ | 2690 plus $1.63 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1101 plus 0,69\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1749 plus $1,07 \%$ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2266 plus 1,38\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2690 plus 1,63\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

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| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 99 | 157 | 179 | 201 | 17300 | 144 | 257 | 347 | 394 | 22600 | 198 | 337 | 449 | 542 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12100 | 99 | 160 | 183 | 205 | 17400 | 44 | 258 | 349 | 398 | 22700 | 199 | 339 | 45 | 544 |
| 6900 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 12200 | 99 | 163 | 186 | 209 | 17500 | 145 | 259 | 351 | 401 | 22800 | 200 | 340 | 453 | 546 |
| 7000 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 2300 | 99 | 166 | 189 | 212 | 17600 | 146 | 261 | 353 | 405 | 22900 | 201 | 342 | 455 | 549 |
| 7100 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 12400 | 99 | 169 | 192 | 216 | 17700 | 147 | 262 | 355 | 409 | 23000 | 202 | 34 | 457 | 551 |
| 7200 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 2500 | 99 | 172 | 196 | 220 | 17800 | 148 | 264 | 357 | 412 | 23100 | 203 | 34 | 459 | 553 |
| 7300 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 2600 | 100 | 175 | 199 | 223 | 17900 | 149 | 265 | 358 | 416 | 2320 | 204 | 34 | 46 | 556 |
| 7400 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 23 | 2700 | 101 | 177 | 202 | 227 | 18000 | 150 | 267 | 360 | 420 | 23300 | 205 | 348 | 463 | 558 |
| 7500 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 2800 | 102 | 180 | 206 | 231 | 18100 | 151 | 268 | 362 | 423 | 23400 | 206 | 350 | 465 | 560 |
| 7600 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 31 | 12900 | 103 | 183 | 209 | 235 | 18200 | 152 | 270 | 364 | 427 | 23500 | 207 | 351 | 467 | 562 |
| 7700 | 23 | 27 | 31 | 35 | 13000 | 104 | 186 | 212 | 238 | 18300 | 153 | 271 | 366 | 431 | 23600 | 208 | 35 | 469 | 565 |
| 7800 | 26 | 30 | 34 | 39 | 13100 | 105 | 189 | 215 | 242 | 18400 | 154 | 273 | 368 | 434 | 23700 | 209 | 35 | 470 | 567 |
| 7900 | 28 | 33 | 38 | 43 | 13200 | 106 | 192 | 219 | 246 | 18500 | 155 | 274 | 370 | 438 | 23800 | 210 | 356 | 472 | 569 |
| 8000 | 31 | 36 | 41 | 47 | 13300 | 107 | 195 | 222 | 249 | 18600 | 156 | 276 | 372 | 442 | 23900 | 211 | 357 | 474 | 572 |
| 100 | 33 | 39 | 45 | 51 | 3400 | 108 | 198 | 225 | 253 | 18700 | 157 | 277 | 374 | 446 | 24000 | 212 | 359 | 476 | 574 |
| 8200 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 13500 | 109 | 200 | 229 | 257 | 18800 | 158 | 279 | 376 | 449 | 24100 | 213 | 361 | 478 | 576 |
| 8300 | 39 | 45 | 52 | 58 | 3600 | 110 | 203 | 23 | 261 | 1890 | 15 | 280 | 378 | 453 | 420 | 21 | 36 | 480 | 578 |
| 8400 | 41 | 48 | 55 | 62 | 13700 | 111 | 205 | 235 | 264 | 19000 | 161 | 28 | 380 | 457 | 2430 | 214 | 36 | 482 | 58 |
| 8500 | 44 | 51 | 59 | 66 | 13800 | 112 | 207 | 239 | 268 | 19100 | 162 | 283 | 382 | 460 | 24400 | 215 | 365 | 484 | 583 |
| 8600 | 47 | 54 | 62 | 70 | 3900 | 113 | 208 | 242 | 272 | 19200 | 163 | 285 | 384 | 464 | 24500 | 216 | 367 | 486 | 585 |
| 8700 | 49 | 57 | 66 | 74 | 14000 | 114 | 210 | 245 | 75 | 19300 | 164 | 286 | 386 | 467 | 24600 | 217 | 36 | 488 | 587 |
| 8800 | 52 | 60 | 69 | 78 | 14100 | 115 | 211 | 248 | 279 | 194 | 165 | 288 | 387 | 469 | 470 | 218 | 37 | 490 | 590 |
| 8900 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 82 | 14200 | 116 | 213 | 252 | 283 | 19500 | 166 | 290 | 389 | 471 | 24800 | 219 | 371 | 492 | 592 |
| 9000 | 57 | 66 | 76 | 85 | 14300 | 117 | 214 | 255 | 287 | 19600 | 167 | 291 | 391 | 473 | 24900 | 220 | 373 | 494 | 594 |
| 9100 | 60 | 70 | 79 | 89 | 14400 | 118 | 216 | 258 | 290 | 19700 | 168 | 293 | 393 | 476 | 25000 | 221 | 375 | 496 | 597 |
| 9200 | 62 | 73 | 83 | 93 | 14500 | 119 | 217 | 262 | 294 - | 19800 | 169 | 294 | 395 | 478 | 25100 | 222 | 376 | 498 | 599 |
| 9300 | 65 | 76 | 86 | 97 | 14600 | 120 | 219 | 265 | 298 | 19900 | 170 | 296 | 397 | 480 | 25200 | 223 | 378 | 500 | 601 |
| 9400 | 68 | 79 | 90 | 101 | 4700 | 121 | 20 | 268 | 301 | 20000 | 171 | 297 | 399 | 483 | 2530 | 224 | 379 | 502 | 603 |
| 9500 | 70 | 82 | 93 | 105 | 800 | 122 | 222 | 271 | 305 | 20100 | 172 | 299 | 401 | 485 | 25400 | 225 | 381 | 504 | 606 |
| 9600 | 73 | 85 | 97 | 109 | 14900 | 123 | 223 | 275 | 309 | 20200 | 173 | 300 | 403 | 487 | 25500 | 226 | 382 | 506 | 608 |
| 9700 | 75 | 88 | 100 | 113 | 15000 | 124 | 225 | 278 | 313 | 20300 | 174 | 302 | 405 | 489 | 25600 | 227 | 384 | 508 | 610 |
| 800 | 78 | 91. | 104 | 116 | 15100 | 125 | 226 | 281 | 316 | 20400 | 175 | 303 | 407 | 492 | 25700 | 228 | 386 | 510 | 613 |
| 00 | 81 | 94 | 107 | 120 | 00 | 125 | 227 | 284 | 320 | 2050 | 176 | 30 | 409 | 494 | 25800 | 229 | 387 | 512 | 615 |
| 10000 | 83 | 97 | 111 | 124 | 5300 | 126 | 229 | 287 | 323 | 20600 | 177 | 306 | 411 | 496 | 25900 | 230 | 389 | 514 | 617 |
| 10100 | 86 | 100 | 114 | 128 | 15400 | 127 | 230 | 291 | 327 | 20700 | 178 | 308 | 413 | 498 | 26000 | 231 | 390 | 516 | 619 |
| 10200 | 89 | 103 | 117 | 132 | 15500 | 128 | 232 | 294 | 330 | 20800 | 179 | 309 | 414 | 501 | 26100 | 232 | 392 | 518 | 621 |
| 10300 | 91 | 106 | 121 | 136 | 15600 | 129 | 233 | 297 | 334 | 20900 | 180 | 311 | 416 | 503 | 26200 | 233 | 393 | 520 | 624 |
| 10400 | 94 | 109 | 124 | 140 | 15700 | 130 | 234 | 300 | 337 | 21000 | 181 | 312 | 418 | 505 | 26300 | 234 | 394 | 521 | 62 |
| 10500 | 96 | 112 | 128 | 144 | 15800 | 131 | 236 | 303 | 341 | 21100 | 182 | 314 | 420 | 508 | 26400 | 234 | 396 | 523 | 628 |
| 10600 | 97 | 115 | 131 | 147 | 15900 | 131 | 237 | 306 | 344 | 21200 | 183 | 315 | 422 | 510 | 26500 | 235 | 397 | 525 | 630 |
| 10700 | 97 | 118 | 135 | 151 | 16000 | 132 | 239 | 309 | 348 | 21300 | 184 | 317 | 424 | 512 | 26600 | 236 | 399 | 527 | 632 |
| 10800 | 97 | 121 | 138 | 155 | 16100 | 133 | 240 | 312 | 351 | 21400 | 185 | 318 | 426 | 514 | 26700 | 237 | 400 | 529 | 634 |
| 10900 | 97 | 124 | 142 | 159 | 16200 | 134 | 241 | 316 | 355 | 21500 | 186 | 320 | 428 | 517 | 26800 | 238 | 402 | 53 | 636 |
| 11000 | 97 | 127 | 145 | 163 | 16300 | 135 | 243 | 319 | 359 | 21600 | 187 | 321 | 430 | 519 | 26900 | 239 | 403 | 533 | 638 |
| 11100 | 97 | 130 | 149 | 167 | 16400 | 136 | 244 | 322 | 362 | 21700 | 188 | 323 | 432 | 521 | 27000 | 240 | 405 | 53 | 64 |
| 11200 | 98 | 133 | 152 | 171 | 16500 | 137 | 245 | 325 | 366 | 21800 | 189 | 325 | 434 | 524 | 27100 | 241 | 406 | 536 | 643 |
| 11300 | 98 | 136 | 156 | 175 | 16600 | 138 | 247 | 328 | 369 | 21900 | 191 | 326 | 436 | 526 | 27200 | 242 | 408 | 538 | 645 |
| 11400 | 98 | 140 | 159 | 178 | 16700 | 138 | 248 | 331 | 373 | 22000 | 192 | 328 | 438 | 528 | 27300 | 242 | 409 | 540 | 647 |
| 11500 | 98 | 143 | 162 | 182 | 16800 | 139 | 250 | 334 | 376 | 22100 | 193 | 329 | 440 | 530 | 27400 | 243 | 411 | 542 | 649 |
| 11600 | 98 | 146 | 166 | 186 | 16900 | 140 | 251 | 337 | 380 | 22200 | 194 | 331 | 442 | 533 | 27500 | 244 | 412 | 544 | 651 |
| 11700 | 98 | 149 | 169 | 190 | 17000 | 141 | 252 | 341 | 383 | 22300 | 195 | 332 | 443 | 535 | 27600 | 245 | 413 | 545 | 654 |
| 11800 | 98 | 152 | 173 | 194 | 17100 | 142 | 254 | 343 | 387 | 22400 | 196 | 334 | 445 | 537 | 27700 | 246 | 415 | 547 | 656 |
| 11900 | 98 | 154 | 176 | 198 | 17200 | 143 | 255 | 345 | 390 | 22500 | 197 | 335 | 447 | 540 | 27800 | 247 | 416 | 549 | 65 |

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| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuei (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Childrent $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childreni $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3. | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4\% |
| 27900 | 248 | 418 | 551 | 660 | 33200 | 289 | 483 | 637 | 761 | 38500 | 331 | 547 | 721 | 862 | 43800 | 375 | 615 | 808 | 966 |
| 28000 | 249 | 419 | 553 | 662 | 33300 | 290 | 484 | 638 | 762 | 38600 | 332 | 549 | 722 | 864 | 43900 | 376 | 617 | 810 | 968 |
| 28100 | 250 | 421 | 555 | 664 | 33400 | 291 | 485 | 640 | 764 | 38700 | 333 | 550 | 724 | 866 | 44000 | 376 | 618 | 811 | 970 |
| 28200 | 251 | 422 | 557 | 667 | 33500 | 292 | 486 | 642 | 766 | 38800 | 333 | 551 | 725 | 868 | 44100 | 377 | 619 | 813 | 972 |
| 28300 | 251 | 424 | 558 | 669 | 33600 | 292 | 487 | 643 | 768 | 38900 | 334 | 552 | 727 | 870 | 44200 | 378 | 621 | 815 | 974 |
| 28400 | 252 | 425 | 560 | 671 | 33700 | 293 | 489 | 645 | 770 | 39000 | 335 | 554 | 729 | 872 | 44300 | 379 | 622 | 816 | 976 |
| 28500 | 253 | 427 | 562 | 673 | 33800 | 294 | 490 | 646 | 772 | 39100 | 336 | 555 | 730 | 874 | 44400 | 380 | 623 | 818 | 978 |
| 28600 | 254 | 428 | 564 | 675 | 33900 | 295 | 491 | 648 | 774 | 39200 | 337 | 556 | 732 | 876 | 44500 | 381 | 625 | 820 | 979 |
| 28700 | 255 | 429 | 566 | 677 | 34000 | 295 | 492 | 650 | 776 | 39300 | 337 | 557 | 734 | 877 | 44600 | 381 | 626 | 821 | 981 |
| 28800 | 256 | 431 | 568 | 680 | 34100 | 296 | 493 | 651 | 777 | 39400 | 338 | 559 | 735 | 879 | 44700 | 382 | 627 | 823 | 983 |
| 28900 | 257 | 432 | 569 | 682 | 34200 | 297 | 495 | 653 | 779 | 39500 | 339 | 560 | 737 | 881 | 44800 | 383 | 628 | 825 | 985 |
| 29000 | 258 | 433 | 571 | 684 | 34300 | 298 | 496 | 654 | 781 | 39600 | 340 | 561 | 738 | 883 | 44900 | 384 | 630 | 826 | 987 |
| 29100 | 259 | 435 | 573 | 686 | 34400 | 299 | 497 | 656 | . 783 | 39700 | 341 | 562 | 740 | 885 | 45000 | 385 | 631 | 828 | 989 |
| 29200 | 260 | 436 | 575 | 688 | 34500 | 299 | 498 | 657 | 785 | 39800 | 341 | 564 | 742 | 887 | 45100 | 386 | 632 | 830 | 991 |
| 29300 | 260 | 438 | 577 | 690 | 34600 | 300 | 499 | 659 | 787 | 39900 | 342 | 565 | 743 | 889 | 45200 | 386 | 634 | 831 | 993 |
| 29400 | 261 | 439 | 579 | 693 | 34700 | 301 | 501 | 660 | 789 | 40000 | 343 | 566 | 745 | 891 | 45300 | 387 | 635 | 833 | 995 |
| 29500 | 262 | 440 | 581 | 695 | 34800 | 302 | 502 | 662 | 791 | 40100 | 344 | 568 | 746 | 893 | 45400 | 388 | 636 | 835 | 997 |
| 29600 | 263 | 442 | 582 | 697 | 34900 | 302 | 503 | 663 | 792 | 40200 | 345 | 569 | 748 | 895 | 45500 | 389 | 638 | 836 | 999 |
| 29700 | 264 | 443 | 584 | 699 | 35000 | 303 | 504 | 665 | 794 | 40300 | 346 | 570 | 750 | 897 | 45600 | 390 | 639 | 838 | 1001 |
| 29800 | 264 | 444 | 585 | 700 | 35100 | 304 | 505 | 667 | 796 | 40400 | 346 | 571 | 751 | 899 | 45700 | 391 | 640 | 840 | 1003 |
| 29900 | 265 | 445 | 587 | 702 | 35200 | 305 | 507 | 668 | 798 | 40500 | 347 | 573 | 753 | 901 | 45800 | 391 | 641 | 841 | 1005 |
| 30000 | 266 | 446 | 588 | 704 | 35300 | 305 | 508 | 670 | 800 | 40600 | 348 | 574 | 755 | 903 | 45900 | 392 | 643 | 843 | 1007 |
| 30100 | 267 | 447 | 590 | 705 | 35400 | 306 | 509 | 671 | 802 | 40700 | 349 | 575 | 756 | 905 | 46000 | 393 | 644 | 845 | 1009 |
| 30200 | 267 | 448 | 591 | 707 | 35500 | 307 | 510 | 673 | 804 | 40800 | 350 | 577 | 758 | 907 | 46100 | 394 | 645 | 846 | 1011 |
| 30300 | 268 | 449 | 593 | 709 | 35600 | 308 | 511 | 674 | 806 | 40900 | 351 | 578 | 760 | 909 | 46200 | 395 | 647 | 848 | 1013 |
| 30400 | 269 | 451 | 594 | 711 | 35700 | 309 | 513 | 676 | 807 | 41000 | 351 | 579 | 761 | 911 | 46300 | 396 | 64 | 850 | 1015 |
| 30500 | 269 | 452 | 596 | 712 | 35800 | 309 | 514 | 677 | 809 | 41100 | 352 | 581 | 763 | 913 | 46400 | 396 | 649 | 851 | 1017 |
| 30600 | 270 | 453 | 597 | 714 | 35900 | 310 | 515 | 679 | 811 | 41200 | 353 | 582 | 765 | 915 | 46500 | 397 | 650 | 853 | 1019 |
| 30700 | 271 | 454 | 598 | 716 | 36000 | 311 | 516 | 681 | 813 | 41300 | 354 | 583 | 766 | 917 | 46600 | 398 | 652 | 855 | 1021 |
| 30800 | 272 | 455 | 600 | 717 | 36100 | 312 | 517 | 682 | 815 | 41400 | 355 | 584 | 768 | 918 | 46700 | 399 | 653 | 856 | 1023 |
| 30900 | 272 | 456 | 601 | 719 | 36200 | 313 | 519 | 684 | 817 | 41500 | 356 | 586 | 770 | 920 | 46800 | 400 | 654 | 858 | 1025 |
| 31000 | 273 | 457 | 603 | 721 | 36300 | 313 | 520 | 685 | 819 | 41600 | 356 | 587 | 771 | 922 | 46900 | 401 | 656 | 860 | 1027 |
| 31100 | 274 | 458 | 604 | 723 | 36400 | 314 | 521 | 687 | 821 | 41700 | 357 | 588 | 773 | 924 | 47000 | 401 | 657 | 861 | 1029 |
| 31200 | 274 | 459 | 606 | 724 | 36500 | 315 | 522 | 689 | 823 | 41800 | 358 | 590 | 775 | 926 | 47100 | 402 | 658 | 863 | 1031 |
| 31300 | 275 | 460 | 607 | 726 | 36600 | 316 | 524 | 690 | 825 | 41900 | 359 | 591 | 776 | 928 | 47200 | 403 | 660 | 865 | 1033 |
| 31400 | 276 | 462 | 609 | 728 | 36700 | 317 | 525 | 692 | 827 | 42000 | 360 | 592 | 778 | 930 | 47300 | 404 | 661 | 866 | 1035 |
| 31500 | 276 | 463 | 610 | 729 | 36800 | 317 | 526 | 693 | 829 | 42100 | 361 | 593 | . 780 | 932 | 47400 | 405 | 662 | 868 | 1037 |
| 31600 | 277 | 464 | 612 | 731 | 36900 | 318 | 527 | 695 | 831 | 42200 | 361 | 595 | 781 | 934 | 47500 | 406 | 663 | 870 | 1039 |
| 31700 | 278 | 465 | 613 | 733 | 37000 | 319 | 529 | 697 | 833 | 42300 | 362 | 596 | . 783 | 936 | 47600 | 406 | 665 | 871 | 1041 |
| 31800 | 279 | 466 | 615 | 735 | 37100 | 320 | 530 | 698 | 835 | 42400 | 363 | 597 | 785 | 938 | 47700 | 407 | 666 | 873 | 1042 |
| 31900 | 279 | 467 | 616 | 736 | 37200 | 321 | 531 | 700 | 837 | 42500 | 364 | 599 | 786 | 940 | 47800 | 408 | 667 | 875 | 1044 |
| 32000 | 280 | 468 | 618 | 738 | 37300 | 321 | -532 | 701 | 838 | 42600 | 365 | 600 | 788 | 942 | 47900 | 409 | 669 | 876 | 1046 |
| 32100 | 281 | 469 | 619 | 740 | 37400 | 322 | 534 | 703 | 840 | 42700 | 366 | 601 | 790 | 944 | 48000 | 410 | 670 | 878 | 1048 |
| 32200 | 282 | 471 | 621 | 742 | 37500 | 323 | 535 | 705 | 842 | 42800 | 366 | 603 | 791 | 946 | 48100 | 411 | 671 | 880 | 1050 |
| 32300 | 282 | 472 | 622 | 744 | 37600 | 324 | 536 | 706 | 844 | 42900 | 367 | 604 | 793 | 948 | 48200 | 411 | 672 | 881 | 1052 |
| 32400 | 283 | 473 | 624 | 745 | 37700 | 325 | 537 | 708 | 846 | 43000 | 368 | 605 | 795 | 950 | 48300 | 412 | 674 | 883 | 1054 |
| 32500 | 284 | 474 | 626 | 747 | 37800 | 325 | 539 | 709 | 848 | 43100 | 369 | 606 | 796 | 952 | 48400 | 413 | 675 | 885 | 1056 |
| 32600 | 285 | 475 | 627 | 749 | 37900 | 326 | 540 | 711 | 850 | 43200 | 370 | 608 | 798 | 954 | 48500 | 414 | 676 | 886 | 1058 |
| 32700 | 285 | 477 | 629 | 751 | 38000 | 327 | 541 | 713 | 852 | 43300. | 371 | 609 | 800 | 956 | 48600 | 415 | 678 | 888 | 1060 |
| 32800 | 286 | 478 | 630 | 753 | 38100 | 328 | 542 | 714 | 854 | 43400 | 371 | 610 | 801 | 958 | 48700 | 416 | 679 | 890 | 1062 |
| 32900 | 287 | 479 | 632 | 755 | 38200 | 329 | 544 | 716 | 856 | 43500 | 372 | 612 | 803 | 960 | 48800 | 416 | 680 | 891 | 1064 |
| 33000 | 288 | 480 | 634 | 757 | 38300 | 329 | 545 | 717 | 858 | 43600 | 373 | 613 | 805 | 962 | 48900 | 417 | 682 | 893 | 1066 |
| 33100 | 288 | 481 | 635 | 759 | 38400 | 330 | 546 | 719 | 860 | 43700 | 374 | 614 | 806 | 964 | 49000 | 418 | 683 | 895 | 1068 |

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| Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Palement mensue <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No: of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {rot }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1. |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |
| 49100 | 419 | 684 | 896 | 1070 | 54400 | 463 | 753 | 85 | 1174 | 59700 | 499 | 813 | 1064 | 126 | 65000 | 534 | 867 | 1133 | 1351 |
| 49200 | 420 | 685 | 898 | 1072 | 4500 | 464 | 754 | 986 | 1176 | 59800 | 500 | 814 | 1065 | 1270 | 65100 | 535 | 868 | 1135 | 1353 |
| 49300 | 421 | 687 | 900 | 1074 | 54600 | 465 | 755 | 988 | 1178 | 5990 | 500 | 815 | 1066 | 1272 | 65200 | 536 | 869 | 1136 | 1355 |
| 49400 | 421 | 688 | 901 | 1076 | 54700 |  | 757 | 990 | 1180 | 6000 | 501 | 816 | 1067 | 1273 | 65300 | 536 | 870 | 1137 | 1356 |
| 49500 | 422 | 689 | 903 | 1078 | 4800 | 466 | 758 | 991 | 1182 | 60100 | 501 | 817 | 1069 | 1275 | 65400 | 37 | 871 | 1139 | 1358 |
| 49600 | 423 | 691 | 905 | 1080 | 5490 | 467 | 759 | 993 | 1184 | 60200 | 502 | 817 | 1070 | 1277 | 65500 | 538 | 872 | 1140 | 1359 |
| 49700 | 424 | 692 | 906 | 1082 | 55000 | 468 | 761 | 995 | 1186 | 60300 | 502 | 818 | 1071 | 1278 | 65600 | 538 | 873 | 1141 | 1361 |
| 49800 | 425 | 693 | 908 | 1084 | 55100 | 469 | 762 | 996 | 1188 | 60400 | 503 | 819 | 1073 | 1280 | 65700 | 539 | 874 | 1143 | 1362 |
| 49900 | 426 | 695 | 910 | 1086 | 55200 | 470 | 763 | 998 | 1190 | 60500 | 504 | 820 | 1074 | 1281 | 65800 | 539 | 875 | 1144 | 1364 |
| 50000 | 426 | 696 | 911 | 1088 | 55300 | 470 | 764 | 1000 | 1192 | 6060 | 504 | 821 | 1075 | 1283 | 65900 | 540 | 876 | 1145 | 1366 |
| 5010 | 427 | 697 | 913 | 109 | 55400 | 471 | 766 | 1001 | 119 | 60700 | 505 | 822 | 1076 | 128 | 6600 |  |  | 1147 | 1367 |
| 50200 | 428 | 698 | 915 | 1092 | 55500 | 472 | 767 | 1003 | 1196 | 60800 | 506 | 823 | 1078 | 1286 | 66100 | 541 | 878 | 1148 | 1369 |
| 5030 | 429 | 700 | 916 | 1094 | 5600 | 473 | 768 | 1005 | 1198 | 6090 | 506 | 824 | 1079 | 128 | 66200 | 542 | 879 | 114 | 137 |
| 50400 | 430 | 701 | 918 | 1096 | 55700 | 474 | 770 | 1006 | 1200 | 6100 | 507 | 825 | 1080 | 1289 | 66300 | 543 | 881 | 1151 | 1372 |
| 50500 | 431 | 702 | 920 | 1098 | 5800 | 475 | 771 | 1008 | 1202 | 6110 | 508 | 826 | 1082 | 1291 | 66400 | 543 | 882 | 1152 | 1374 |
| 50600 | 431 | 704 | 921 | 1100 | 55900 | 475 | 772 | 1009 | 1204 | 61200 | 509 | 827 | 1083 | 1292 | 66500 | 54 | 883 | 1153 | 1375 |
| 50700 | 432 | 705 | 923 | 1102 | 56000 | 476 | 773 | 1011 | 1205 | 6130 | 509 | 828 | 1084 | 1294 | 66600 | 545 | 884 | 1155 | 1377 |
| 50800 | 433 | 706 | 925 | 1103 | 56100 | 477 | 774 | 1012 | 1207 | 6140 | 510 | 829 | 1085 | 1295 | 6670 | 545 | 885 | 1156 | 1378 |
| 50900 | 434 | 707 | 926 | 1105 | 56200 | 477 | 775 | 1014 | 1209 | 6150 | 511 | 830 | 1087 | 129 | 6680 | 54 | 886 | 115 | 1380 |
| 51000 | 435 | 709 | 928 | 1107 | 56300 | 478 | 776 | 1015 | 11 | 61600 | 511 | 831 | 1088 | 1298 | 66900 | 54 | 887 | 15 | 1382 |
| 51100 | 436 | 710 | 930 | 1109 | 56400 | 479 | 777 | 1017 | 1212 | 61700 | 512 | 832 | 1089 | 1300 | 67000 | 547 | 888 | 1160 | 1383 |
| 51200 | 436 | 711 | 931 | 1111 | 56500 | 479 | 779 | 1018 | 1214 | 6180 | 513 | 833 | 1091 | 1301 | 67100 | 548 | 889 | 1162 | 1385 |
| 51300 | 437 | 713 | 933 | 1113 | 56600 | 480 | 780 | 1020 | 1216 | 61900 | 514 | 834 | 1092 | 1303 | 67200 | 549 | 890 | 1163 | 1387 |
| 51400 | 438 | 714 | 935 | 1115 | 56700 | 480 | 781 | 1021 | 1218 | 62000 | 514 | 835 | 1093 | 1305 | 67300 | 549 | 891 | 1164 | 1388 |
| 51500 | 439 | 715 | 936 | 1117 | 56800 | 481 | 782 | 1022 | 1219 | 62100 | 515 | 837 | 1094 | 1306 | 67400 | 550 | 892 | 116 | 1390 |
| 51600 | 440 | 717 | 938 | 1119 | 56900 | 482 | 783 | 1024 | 1221 | 62200 | 516 | 838 | 1096 | 1308 | 67500 | 551 | 893 | 1167 | 1391 |
| 51700 | 441 | 718 | 940 | 1121 | 57000 | 482 | 784 | 1025 | 1223 | 62300 | 516 | 839 | 1097 | 1309 | 67600 | 551 | 894 | 1169 | 1393 |
| 51800 | 441 | 719 | 941 | 1123 | 57100 | 483 | 785 | 1027 | 1225 | 62400 | 517 | 840 | 1098 | 1311 | 67700 | 552 | 895 | 1170 | 1395 |
| 51900 | 442 | 720 | 943 | 1125 | 57200 | 484 | 786 | 1028 | 1226 | 62500 | 518 | 841 | 1100 | 1312 | 67800 | 553 | 896 | 1171 | 1396 |
| 52000 | 443 | 722 | 945 | 1127 | 57300 | 484 | 787 | 1030 | 1228 | 62600 | 519 | 842 | 1101 | 1314 | 67900 | 553 | 897 | 1173 | 1398 |
| 52100 | 444 | 723 | 946 | 1129 | 57400 | 485 | 788 | 1031 | 1230 | 62700 | 519 | 843 | 1102 | 1316 | 68000 | 554 | 899 | 1174 | 1399 |
| 52200 | 445 | 724 | 948 | 1131 | 57500 | 486 | 789 | 1033 | 1231 | 62800 | 520 | 844 | 1104 | 1317 | 68100 | 555 | 900 | 1175 | 1401 |
| 52300 | 445 | 726 | 950 | 1133 | 57600 | 486 | 791 | 1034 | 1233 | 62900 | 521 | 845 | 1105 | 1319 | 68200 | 556 | 901 | 1177 | 1403 |
| 52400 | 446 | 727 | 951 | 1135 | 57700 | 487 | 792 | 1035 | 1235 | 6300 | 521 | 846 | 1106 | 1320 | 68300 | 556 | 902 | 1178 | 1404 |
| 52500 | 447 | 728 | 953 | 1137 | 57800 | 487 | 793 | 1037 | 1237 | 63100 | 522 | 848 | 1108 | 1322 | 68400 | 557 | 903 | 1180 | 1406 |
| 52600 | 448 | 729 | 955 | 1139 | 57900 | 488 | 794 | 1038 | 1238 | 63200 | 523 | 849 | 1109 | 1323 | 68500 | 558 | 904 | 1181 | 1408 |
| 52700 | 4, | 731 | 956 | 1141 | 58000 | 48 | 795 | 1040 | 1240 | 6330 | 523 | 850 | 1111 | 1325 | 68600 | 558 | 905 | 1182 | 1409 |
| 52800 | 450 | 732 | 958 | 1143 | 58100 | 489 | 796 | 1041 | 1242 | 6340 | 524 | 851 | 1112 | 1326 | 68700 | 559 | 906 | 1184 | 1411 |
| 52900 | 450 | 733 | 960 | 1145 | 58200 | 990 | 797 | 1043 | 1244 | 63500 | 525 | 852 | 1113 | 1328 | 68800 | 560 | 907 | 1185 | 1412 |
| 53000 | 451 | 735 | 961 | 1147 | 58300 | 491 | 798 | 1044 | 1245 | 63600 | 525 | 853 | 1115 | 1329 | 68900 | 560 | 908 | 1186 | 1414 |
| 53100 | 452 | 736 | 963 | 1149 | 58400 | 491 | 799 | 1046 | 1247 | 63700 | 522 | 854 | 1116 | 1331 | 69000 | 561 | 909 | 188 | 1416 |
| 53200 | 453 | 737 | 965 | 1151 | 58500 | 492 | 800 | 1047 | 1249 | 63800 | 527 | 855 | 1117 | 1332 | 69100 | 562 | 910 | 1189 | 1417 |
| 53300 | 454 | 739 | 966 | 1153 | 58600 | 493 | 801 | 1048 | 1251 | 63900 | 527 | 856 | 1119 | 1334 | 69200 | 562 | 911 | 119 | 1419 |
| 53400 | 455 | 740 | 968 | 1155 | 58700 | 493 | 802 | 1050 | 1252 | 64000 | 528 | 857 | 1120 | 1335 | 69300 | 563 | 912 | 1192 | 1421 |
| 53500 | 455 | 741 | 970 | 1157 | 58800 | 494 | 804 | 1051 | 1254 | 64100 | 529 | 858 | 1121 | 1337 | 69400 | 564 | 914 | 1193 | 1422 |
| 53600 | 456 | 742 | 971 | 1159 | 58900 | 494 | 805 | 1053 | 1256 | 64200 | 529 | 859 | 1123 | 1339 | 69500 | 564 | 915 | 1195 | 1424 |
| 53700 | 457 | 744 | 973 | 1161 | 59000 | 495 | 806 | 1054 | 1258 | 64300 | 530 | 860 | 1124 | 1340 | 69600 | 565 | 916 | 1196 | 1425 |
| 53800 | 458 | 745 | 975 | 1163 | 59100 | 496 | 807 | 1056 | 1259 | 64400 | 531. | 86 | 11 | 13 | 69700 | 566 | 917 | 119 | 1427 |
| 53900 | 459 | 746 | 976 | 1165 | 59200 | 496 | 808 | 1057 | 1261 | 64500 | 531 | 862 | 1127 | 1343 | 69800 | 567 | 918 | 119 | 1429 |
| 54000 | 460 | 748 | 978 | 1166 | 59300 | 49 | 809 | 105 | 1263 | 6460 | 532 | 863 | 1128 | 1345 | 69900 | 567 | 919 | 120 | 1430 |
| 54100 | 460 | 749 | 980 | 1168 | 59400 | 497 | 810 | 1060 | 1264 | 64700 | 532 | 864 | 1129 | 1347 | 70000 | 568 | 920 | 120 | 1432 |
| 54200 | 46 | 750 | 981 | 1170 | 59500 | 4 | 811 | 1061 | 1266 | 64800 | 533 | 865 | 1131 | 1348 | 70100 | - | 921 | 1203 | 1434 |
| 54300 | 462 | 752 | 983 | 1172 | 59600 | 499 | 812 | 1062 | 126 | 64900 | 534 | 866 | 113 | 135 | 70200 | 569 | 922 | 1204 | 43 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly AwardiPaiement mensuel(\$)No.of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\mathrm{orre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel(\$)No. of Chlldren/N ${ }^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants$1 / 2$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Childr enfan |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | - | , | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 70300 | 570 | 923 | 1206 | 1437 | 75600 | 60 | 980 | 1278 | 1523 |  | 8090 | 643 | 1036 | 1351 |  | 160 | 86200 | 673 | 1086 | 1416 | 1686 |
| 70400 | 571 | 924 | 1207 | 1438 | 75700 | 607 | 981 | 1280 | 1524 | 81000 | 643 | 1037 | 1353 | 1611 |  | 86300 | 673 | 1087 | 1417 | 1688 |
| 70500 | 571 | 925 | 1208 | 1440 | 75800 | 608 | 982 | 1281 | 1526 | 81100 | 644 | 1039 | 1354 | 1612 | 86400 | 674 | 1088 | 1418 | 1689 |
| 70600 | 572 | 926 | 1210 | 1442 | 75900 | 608 | 983 | 1283 | 1528 | 81200. | 645 | 1040 | 1355 | 1614 | 86500 | 675 | 1089 | 1420 | 1691 |
| 70700 | 573 | 927 | 1211 | 1443 | 76000 | 609 | 984 | 1284 | 1529 | 81300 | 645 | 1040 | 1357 | 1615 | 86600 | 675 | 1090 | 1421 | 1692 |
| 70800 | 573 | 928 | 1213 | 1445 | 76100 | 610 | 985 | 1285 | 1531 | 81400 | 646 | 1041 | 1358 | 1617 | 86700 | 676 | 1091 | 1422 | 1694 |
| 70900 | 574 | 930 | 1214 | 1447 | 76200 | 610 | 986 | 1287 | 1533 | 81500 | 646 | 1042 | 1359 | 1618 | 86800 | 676 | 1091 | 1423 | 1695 |
| 71000 | 575 | 931 | 1215 | 1448 | 76300 | 611 | 987 | 1288 | 1534 | 81600 | 647 | 1043 | 1360 | 1619 | 86900 | 677 | 1092 | 1425 | 1697 |
| 71100 | 575 | 932 | 1217 | 1450 | 76400 | 612 | 988 | 1289 | 1536 | 81700 | 647 | 1044 | 1361 | 1621 | 87000 | 678 | 1093 | 1426 | 1698 |
| 71200 | 576 | 933 | 1218 | 1451 | 76500 | 613 | 989 | 1291 | 1537 | 81800 | 648 | 1045 | 1362 | 1622 | 87100 | 678 | 1094 | 1427 | 1700 |
| 71300 | 577 | 934 | 1219 | 1453 | 76600 | 613 | 990 | 1292 | 1539 | 81900 | 648 | 1046 | 1364 | 1624 | 87200 | 679 | 1095 | 1429 | 701 |
| 71400 | 578 | 935 | 1221 | 1455 | 76700 | 614 | 992 | 1294 | 1541 | 82000 | 649 | 1047 | 1365 | 1625 | 87300 | 680 | 1096 | 1430 | 1703 |
| 71500 | 578 | 936 | 1222 | 1456 | 76800 | 615 | 993 | 1295 | 1542 | 82100 | 649 | 1047 | 1366 | 1626 | 87400 | 680 | 1097 | 1431 | 1704 |
| 71600 | 579 | 937 | 1224 | 1458 | 76900 | 615 | 994 | 1296 | 1544 | 82200 | 650 | 1048 | 1367 | 1628 | 87500 | 681 | 1098 | 1432 | 1706 |
| 71700 | 580 | 938 | 1225 | 1460 | 77000 | 616 | 995 | 1298 | 1546 | 82300 | 650 | 1049 | 1368 | 1629 | 87600 | 682 | 1099 | 1434 | 1707 |
| 71800 | 580 | 939 | 1226 | 1461 | 77100 | 617 | 996 | 1299 | 1547 | 82400 | 651 | 1050 | 1369 | 1631 | 87700 | 682 | 1100 | 1435 | 1709 |
| 71900 | 581 | 940 | 1228 | 1463 | 77200 | 617 | 997 | 1300 | 1549 | 82500 | 651 | 1051 | 1371 | 1632 | 87800 | 683 | 1101 | 1436 | 1710 |
| 72000 | 582 | 941 | 1229 | 1464 | 77300 | 618 | 998 | 1302 | 1550 | 82600 | 652 | 1052 | 1372 | 1634 | 87900 | 684 | 1102 | 1437 | 1712 |
| 72100 | 582 | 942 | 1230 | 1466 | 77400 | 619 | 999 | 1303 | 1552 | 82700 | 652 | 1053 | 1373 | 1635 | 88000 | 684 | 1103 | 1439 | 1713 |
| 72200 | 583 | 943 | 1232 | 1468 | 77500 | 619 | 1000 | 1305 | 1554 | 82800 | 653 | 1054 | 1374 | 1636 | 88100 | 685 | 1104 | 1440 | 1715 |
| 72300 | 584 | 945 | 1233 | 1469 | 77600 | 620 | 1001 | 1306 | 1555 | 82900 | 653 | 1054 | 1375 | 1638 | 88200 | 685 | 1105 | 1441 | 1716 |
| 72400 | 584 | 946 | 1235 | 1471 | 77700 | 621 | 1002 | 1307 | 1557 | 83000 | 654 | 1055 | 1376 | 1639 | 88300 | 686 | 1106 | 1443 | 1718 |
| 72500 | 585 | 947 | 1236 | 1473 | 77800 | 621 | 1003 | 1309 | 1559 | 83100 | 654 | 1056 | 1378 | 1641 | 88400 | 687 | 1107 | 1444 | 1719 |
| 72600 | 586 | 948 | 1237 | 1474 | 77900 | 622 | 1004 | 1310 | 1560 | 83200 | 655 | 1057 | 1379 | 1642 | 88500 | 687 | 1108 | 1445 | 1721 |
| 72700 | 586 | 949 | 1239 | 1476 | 78000 | 623 | 1005 | 1311 | 1562 | 83300 | 656 | 1058 | 1380 | 1643 | 88600 | 688 | 1109 | 1446 | 1722 |
| 72800 | 587 | 950 | 1240 | 1477 | 78100 | 624 | 1006 | 1313 | 1563 | 83400 | 656 | 1059 | 1381 | 1645 | 88700 | 689 | 1110 | 1448 | 1724 |
| 72900 | 588 | 951 | 1241 | 1479 | 78200 | 624 | 1008 | 1314 | 1565 | 83500 | 657 | 1060 | 1382 | 1646 | 88800 | 689 | 1111 | 1449 | 1725 |
| 73000 | 589 | 952 | 1243 | 1481 | 78300 | 625 | 1009 | 1316 | 1567 | 83600 | 657 | 1061 | 1383 | 1648 | 88900 | 690 | 1112 | 1450 | 1727 |
| 73100 | 589 | 953 | 1244 | 1482 | 78400 | 626 | 1010 | 1317 | 1568 | 83700 | 658 | 1062 | 1385 | 1649 | 89000 | 691 | 1113 | 1451 | 1728 |
| 73200 | 590 | 954 | 1246 | 1484 | 78500 | 626 | 1011 | 1318 | 1570 | 83800 | 658 | 1062 | 1386 | 1650 | 89100 | 691 | 1114 | 1453 | 1730 |
| 73300 | 591 | 955 | 1247 | 1486 | 78600 | 627 | 1012 | 1320 | 1572 | 83900 | 659 | 1063 | 1387 | 1652 | 89200 | 692 | 1115 | 1454 | 1731 |
| 73400 | 591 | 956 | 1248 | 1487 | 78700 | 628 | 1013 | 1321 | 1573 | 84000 | 659 | 1064 | 1388 | 1653 | 89300 | 692 | 1116 | 1455 | 1733 |
| 73500 | 592 | 957 | 1250 | 1489 | 78800 | 628 | 1014 | 1322 | 1575 | 84100 | 660 | 1065 | 1389 | 1655 | 89400 | 693 | 1117 | 1457 | 1734 |
| 73600 | 593 | 958 | 1251 | 1490 | 78900 | 629 | 1015 | 1324 | 1576 | 84200 | 660 | 1066 | 1391 | 1656 | 89500 | 694 | 1118 | 1458 | 1736 |
| 73700 | 593 | 959 | 1252 | 1492 | 79000 | 630 | 1016 | 1325 | 1578 | 84300 | 661 | 1067 | 1392 | 1658 | 89600 | 694 | 1119 | 1459 | 1737 |
| 73800 | 594 | 961 | 1254 | 1494 | 79100 | 630 | 1017 | 1327 | 1580 | 84400 | 661 | 1068 | 1393 | 1659 | 89700 | 695 | 1120 | 1460 | 1739 |
| 73900 | 595 | 962 | 1255 | 1495 | 79200 | 631 | 1018 | 1328 | 1581 | 84500 | 662 | 1069 | 1394 | 1661 | 89800 | 696 | 1121 | 1462 | 1740 |
| 74000 | 595 | 963 | 1256 | 1497 | 79300 | 632 | 1019 | 1329 | 1583 | 84600 | 662 | 1070 | 1395 | 1662 | 89900 | 696 | 1122 | 1463 | 1742 |
| 74100 | 596 | 964 | 1258 | 1499 | 79400 | 632 | 1020 | 1331 | 1585 | 84700 | 663 | 1071 | 1397 | 1664 | 90000 | 697 | 1123 | 1464 | 1743 |
| 74200 | 597 | 965 | 1259 | 1500 | 79500 | 633 | 1021 | 1332 | 1586 | 84800 | 664 | 1072 | 1398 | 1665 | 90100 | 698 | 1124 | 1465 | 1745 |
| 74300 | 597 | 966 | 1261 | 1502 | 79600 | 634 | 1022 | 1333 | 1588 | 84900 | 664 | 1073 | 1399 | 1667 | 90200 | 698 | 1125 | 1467 | 1746 |
| 74400 | 598 | 967 | 1262 | 1503 | 79700 | 635 | 1024 | 1335 | 1589 | 85000 | 665 | 1074 | 1401 | 1668 | 90300 | 699 | 1126 | 1468 | 1748 |
| 74500 | 599 | 968 | 1263 | 1505 | 79800 | 635 | 1025 | 1336 | 1591 | 85100 | 666 | 1075 | 1402 | 1670 | 90400 | 699 | 1127 | 1469 | 1749 |
| 74600 | 600 | 969 | 1265 | 1507 | 79900 | 636 | 1026 | 1338 | 1593 | 85200 | 666 | 1076 | 1403 | 1671 | 90500 | 700 | 1128 | 1471 | 1751 |
| 74700 | 600 | 970 | 1266 | 1508 | 80000 | 637 | 1027 | 1339 | 1594 | 85300 | 667 | 1077 | 1404 | 1673 | 90600 | 701 | 1129 | 1472 | 1752 |
| 74800 | 601 | 971 | 1267 | 1510 | 80100 | 637 | 1028 | 1340 | 1596 | 85400 | 668 | 1078 | 1406 | 1674 | 90700 | 701 | 1130 | 1473 | 1754 |
| 74900 | 602 | 972 | 1269 | 1512. | 80200 | 638 | 1029 | 1342 | 1598 | 85500 | 668 | 1079 | 1407 | 1676 | 90800 | 702 | 1131 | 1474 | 1755 |
| 75000 | 602 | 973 | 1270 | 1513 | 80300 | 639 | 1030 | 1343 | 1599 | 85600 | 669 | 1080 | 1408 | 1677 | 90900 | 703 | 1132 | 1476 | 1757 |
| 75100 | 603 | 974 | 1272 | 1515 | 80400 | 639 | 1031 | 1344 | 1601 | 85700 | 669 | 1081 | 1409 | 1679 | 91000 | 703 | 1133 | 1477 | 1758 |
| 75200 | 604 | 975 | 1273 | 1516 | 80500 | 640 | 1032 | 1346 | 1602 | 85800 | 670 | 1082 | 1411 | 1680 | 91100 | 704 | 1134 | 1478 | 1760 |
| 75300 | 604 | 977 | 1274 | 1518 | 80600 | 641 | 1033 | 1347 | 1604 | 85900 | 671 | 1083 | 1412 | 1682 | 91200 | 705 | 1135 | 1480 | 1761 |
| 75400 | 605 | 978 | 1276 | 1520 | 80700 | 641 | 1034 | 1349 | 1606 | 86000 | 671 | 1084 | 1413 | 1683 | 91300 | 705 | 1136 | 1481 | 1763 |
| 75500 | 606 | 979 | 1277 | 1521 | 80800 | 642 | 1035 | 1350 | 1607 | 86100 | 672 | 1085 | 1415 | 1685 | 91400 | 706 | 1137 | 1482 | 1764 |

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| Income/ | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income? Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revent <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $4$ |  |  | O |  |  |  |  | $0.0$ | ild |  |
| 91500 | 706 | 1138 | 1483 | 176 | 96800 | 740 | 1 | 15 | 1846 | 102100 | 77 | 1243 | 1618 | 1925 | 107400 | 808 | 1295 | 1686 | 2005 |
| 916 | 70 | 1139 | 1485 | 17 | 969 | 1 | 1191 | 1552 | 1847 | 102200 | 775 | 1244 | 1620 | 1927 | 107500 | 808 | 1296 | 1687 | 2007 |
| 91700 | 70 | 1140 | 1486 | 1769 | 97000 | 741 | 1192 | 1553 | 1849 | 102300 | 775 | 1245 | 1621 | 1928 | 107600 | 809 | 1297 | 1688 | 2008 |
| 91800 | 708 | 1141 | 1487 | 1770 | 97100 | 742 | 1193 | 1555 | 1850 | 102400 | 776 | 1246 | 1622 | 1930 | 107700 | 810 | 1298 | 1690 | 2010 |
| 91900 | 709 | 1142 | 1488 | 1772 | 97200 | 743 | 1194 | 1556 | 1852 | 102500 | 776 | 1247 | 1623 | 1931 | 107800 | 810 | 1299 | 1691 | 2011 |
| 92000 | 710 | 1143 | 1490 | 1773 | 97300 | 743 | 1195 | 1557 | 1853 | 102600 | 777 | 1248 | 1625 | 1933 | 107900 | 811 | 1300 | 1692 | 2013 |
| 92100 | 710 | 1144 | 1491 | 1775 | 97400 | 744 | 1196 | 1558 | 1855 | 102700 | 778 | 1249 | 1626 | 1934 | 108000 | 811 | 1301 | 1693 | 2014 |
| 92200 | 711 | 1145 | 1492 | 1776 | 97500 | 745 | 1197 | 1560 | 1856 | 102800 | 778 | 1250 | 1627 | 1936 | 108100 | 812 | 1302 | 1695 | 2016 |
| 92300 | 712 | 1146 | 1494 | 1778 | 7600 | 745 | 1198 | 1561 | 1858 | 102900 | 779 | 1251 | 1628 | 1937 | 108200 | 813 | 1303 | 1696 | 2017 |
| 92400 | 712 | 1147 | 1495 | 1779 | 97700 | 746 | 1199 | 1562 | 1859 | 103000 | 780 | 1252 | 1630 | 1939 | 108300 | 813 | 1304 | 1697 | 2019 |
| 92500 | 713 | 1148 | 1496 | 178 | 7800 | 747 | 1200 | 15 | 18 | 103100 | 780 | 1253 | 1631 | 1940 | 108400 | 814 | 1305 | 1698 | 2020 |
| 92600 | 713 | 1149 | 1497 | 1782 | 97900 | 747 | 1201 | 1565 | 1862 | 103200 | 781 | 1254 | 1632 | 1942 | 108500 | 815 | 1306 | 1700 | 2022 |
| 92700 | 714 | 1150 | 1499 | 1784 | 98000 | 748 | 1202 | 1566 | 1864 | 103300 | 782 | 1255 | 1634 | 1943 | 108600 | 815 | 1307 | 1701 | 2023 |
| 92800 | 715 | 115 | 1500 | 1785 | 98100 | 748 | 1203 | 1567 | 1865 | 103400 | 782 | 1256 | 1635 | 1945 | 108700 | 816 | 1308 | 1702 | 2025 |
| 92900 | 715 | 1152 | 1501 | 1787 | 98200 | 749 | 1204 | 1569 | 1867 | 103500 | 783 | 1257 | 1636 | 1946 | 108800 | 817 | 1309 | 1704 | 2026 |
| 93000 | 716 | 1153 | 1502 | 1788 | 98300 | 750 | 1205 | 1570 | 1868 | 103600 | $783{ }^{\circ}$ | 1258 | 1637 | 194 | 108900 | 817 | 1310 | 1705 | 2028 |
| 93100 | 717 | 1154 | 1504 | 1790 | 98400 | 750 | 1206 | 1571 | 1870 | 103700 | 784 | 59 | 1639 | 194 | 1090 | 818 | 131 | 170 | 2029 |
| 93200 | 717 | 1155 | 1505 | 1791 | 8500 | 751 | 1207 | 1572 | 187 | 103800 | 785 | 60 | 1640 | 1951 | 1091 | 818 | 1312 | 1707 | 31 |
| 93300 | 718 | 1156 | 1506 | 1793 | 8600 | 752 | 1208 | 1574 | 1873 | 103900 | 785 | 1 | 16 | 195 | 1092 | 819 | 1313 | 1709 | 32 |
| 93400 | 719 | 1157 | 1508 | 1794 | 98700 | 752 | 1209 | 1575 | 1874 | 104000 | 786 | 62 | 16 | 1954 | 109300 | 820 | 1314 | 1710 | 2034 |
| 93500 | 719 | 1158 | 1509 | 17 | 98800 | 753 | 1210 | 15 | 1876 | 104 | 78 | 3 | 1644 | 1955 | 109400 | 0 | 5 | 1711 | 2035 |
| 93600 | 720 | 1159 | 1510 | 1797 | 900 | 754 | 1 | 15 | 18 | 104200 | 78 | 4 | 1645 | 195 | 1095 | 821 | 1316 | 1712 | 37 |
| 93700 | 720 | 1160 | 1511 | 1799 | 99000 | 754 | 1212 | 157 | 1879 | 104300 | 788 | 1265 | 1646 | 1958 | 109600 | 822 | 1317 | 1714 | 2038 |
| 93800 | 721 | 1161 | 1513 | 1800 | 99100 | 755 | 1213 | 1580 | 1880 | 104400 | 789 | 1266 | 1648 | 1960 | 109700 | 822 | 1318 | 1715 | 2040 |
| 93900 | 722 | 1162 | 1514 | 1802 | 99200 | 755 | 1214 | 1581 | 1882 | 104500 | 789 | 1267 | 1649 | 1961 | 109800 | 823 | 1319 | 1716 | 2041 |
| 94000 | 722 | 1163 | 1515 | 1803 | 99300 | 756 | 1215 | 1583 | 1883 | 104600 | 790 | 1268 | 1650 | 1963 | 109900 | 824 | 1320 | 1718 | 2043 |
| 94100 | 723 | 1164 | 1516 | 1805 | 99400 | 757 | 1216 | 1584 | 1885 | 104700 | 790 | 1269 | 1651 | 1964 | 110000 | 824 | 1321 | 17 | 2044 |
| 94200 | 724 | 1165 | 1518 | 1806 | 500 | 757 | 1217 | 1585 | 1886 | 104800 | 791 | 1270 | 1653 | 1966 | 110100 | 825 | 1322 | 1720 | 46 |
| 94300 | 724 | 1166 | 1519 | 1808 | 99600 | 758 | 1218 | 1586 | 1888 | 104900 | 792 | 1271 | 1654 | 196 | 110200 | 825 | 1323 | 1721 | 7 |
| 94400 | 725 | 1167 | 1520 | 1809 | 99700 | 759 | 1219 | 1588 | 1889 | 105000 | 792 | 12 | 1655 | 196 | 110300 | 826 | 1324 | 1723 | 2049 |
| 94500 | 72 | 1168 | 1522 |  | 99800 | 759 | 0 | 15 | 1891 | 105100 | 793 | 1273 | 1656 | 197 | 1104 | 827 | 1325 | 17 | 2050 |
| 94600 | 726 | 11 | 1523 | 18 | 99900 | 760 | 12 | 15 | 1892 | 105200 | 794 | 1274 | 1658 | 1972 | 110500 | 827 | 1326 | 1725 | 2052 |
| 94700 | 727 | 1170 | 1524 | 1814 | 100000 | 761 | 1222 | 1592 | 1894 | 105300 | 794 | 1275 | 1659 | 1973 | 110600 | 828 | 1327 | 1726 | 2053 |
| 94800 | 727 | 1171 | 1525 | 1815 | 100100 | 761 | 1223 | 1593 | 1895 | 105400 | 795 | 1276 | 1660 | 1975 | 110700 | 829 | 1328 | 1728 | 2055 |
| 94900 | 728 | 1172 | 1527 | 1817 | 100200 | 762 | 1224 | 1594 | 1897 | 105500 | 796 | 1277 | 1662 | 1976 | 110800 | 829 | 1329 | 1729 | 2056 |
| 95000 | 729 | 1173 | 1528 | 1818 | 100300 | 762 | 1225 | 1595 | 1898 | 105600 | 796 | 1278 | 1663 | 1978 | 110900 | 830 | 1330 | 1730 | 2058 |
| 95100 | 729 | 1174 | 1529 | 1820 | 100400 | 763 | 1226 | 1597 | 1900 | 105700 | 797 | 1279 | 1664 | 1979 | 111000 | 831 | 1331 | 1732 | 2059 |
| 95200 | 730 | 1175 | 1530 | 1821 | 100500 | 764 |  | 1598 | 1901 | 105800 | 797 | 1280 | 1665 | 1981 | 111100 | 831 | 1332 | 1733 | 2061 |
| 95300 | 731 | 1176 | 1532 | 1823 | 100600 | 764 | 1228 | 1599 | 1903 | 105900 | 798 | 1281 | 1667 | 1982 | 111200 | 832 | 1333 | 1734 | 2062 |
| 95400 | 731 | 1177 | 1533 | 18 | 100700 | 765 | 1229 | 1600 | 1904 | 106000 | 799 | 1282 | 1668 | 1984 | 111300 | 832 | 1334 | 1735 | 2064 |
| 95500 | 73 | 1178 | 15 |  | 0800 |  | 1230 | 1602 | 1906 | 106100 | 799 | 1283 | 1669 | 1985 | 111400 | 833 | 1335 | 17 | 2065 |
| 95600 | 733 | 1179 | 1536 | 18 | 100900 | 766 | 1231 | 1603 | 1907 | 106200 | 800 | 1284 | 1670 | 1987 | 111500 | 834 | 1336 | 1738 | 2067 |
| 95700 | 733 | 1180 | 1537 | 1829 | 101000 | 767 | 1232 | 1604 | 1909 | 106300 | 801 | 1285 | 1672 | 1988 | 111600 | 834 | 1337 | 1739 | 2088 |
| 95800 | 734 | 1181 | 1538 | 1831 | 101100 | 768 | 1233 | 1606 | 1910 | 106400 | 801 | 1286 | 1673 | 1990 | 111700 | 835 | 1338 | 1740 | 2070 |
| 95900 | 734 | 1182 | 1539 | 1832 | 101200 | 768 | 1234 | 1607 | 1912 | 106500 | 802 | 1287 | 1674 | 1992 | 111800 | 836 | 1339 | 1742 | 2071 |
| 96000 | 735 | 1183 | 1541 | 1834 | 101300 | 769 | 1235 | 1608 | 1913 | 106600 | 803 | 1288 | 1676 | 1993 | 111900 | 836 | 1340 | 1743 | 2073 |
| 96100 | 736 | 1184 | 1542 | 1835 | 101400 | 769 | 1236 | 1609 | 1915 | 106700 | 803 | 1289 | 1677 | 1995 | 112000 | 837 | 1341 | 1744 | 2074 |
| 96200 | 736 | 1185 | 1543 | 1837 | 101500 | 770 | 1237 | 1611 | 1916 | 106800 | 804 | 1290 | 1678 | 1996 | 112100 | 838 | 1342 | 1746 | 2076 |
| 96300 | 737 | 1186 | 1544 | 1838 | 101600 | 771 | 1238 | 1612 | 1918 | 106900 | 804 | 1291 | 1679 | 1998 | 112200 | 838 | 1343 | 1747 | 2077 |
| 96400 | 738 | 1187 | 1546 | 1840 | 101700 | 771 | 1239 | 1613 | 1919 | 107000 | 805 | 1292 | 1681 | 1999 | 112300 | 839 | 1344 | 1748 | 2079 |
| 96500 | 738 | 1188 | 1547 | 1841 | 101800 | 772 | 1240 | 1614 | 1921 | 107100 | 806 | 1292 | 1682 | 2001 | 112400 | 839 | 1345 | 1749 | 2080 |
| 96600 | 739 | 1189 | 1548 | 1843 | 101900 | 773 | 1241 | 1616 | 1922 | 107200 | 806 | 1293 | 1683 | 2002 | 112500 | 840 | 1346 | 175 | 2082 |
| 96700 | 740 | 1190 | 1550 | 1844 | 102000 | 773 | 1242 | 1617 | 1924 | 107300 | 807 | 1294 | 1684 | 2004 | 112600 | 841 | 1347 | 1752 | 2083 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La presente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | ncomel | Monthly AwardI Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of ChIIdren/ $N^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Childdren/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children <br> N ${ }^{\text {bre }}$ <br> d'enfants <br> 1 <br> 1 |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 8 | 13 | 17 | 2085 | 118 | 875 | 14 | 1821 | 2165 | 123300 | 909 | 1453 | 1888 | 2244 | 128600 | 943 | 1505 | 1956 | 2324 |
| 112800 | 842 | 1349 | 1754 | 2086 | 118100 | 876 | 1401 | 1822 | 2166 | 123400 | 909 | 1454 | 1889 | 2246 | 128700 | 943 | 1506 | 1957 | 2326 |
| 112900 | 843 | 1350 | 1756 | 2088 | 118200 | 876 | 1402 | 1823 | 2168 | 123500 | 910 | 1455 | 1891 | 2247 | 128800 | 944 | 1507 | 1958 | 2327 |
| 113000 | 843 | 1351 | 1757 | 2089 | 118300 | 877 | 1403 | 1824 | 2169 | 123600 | 91 | 1456 | 1892 | 2249 | 128900 | 944 | 1508 | 1959 | 2329 |
| 113100 | 844 | 1352 | 1758 | 2091 | 118400 | 87 | 1404 | 182 | 217 | 123700 | 911 | 1457 | 1893 | 225 | 129000 | 945 | 1509 | 1961 | 2330 |
| 113200 | 845 | 1353 | 1760 | 2092 | 118500 | 87 | 1405 | 1827 | 2172 | 123800 | 912 | 1458 | 1895 | 2252 | 129100 | 946 | 1510 | 1962 | 2332 |
| 113300 | 845 | 135 | 1761 | 2094 | 118600 | 87 | 1406 | 1828 | 2174 | 123900 | 913 | 1459 | 1896 | 2253 | 129200 | 946 | 1511 | 1963 | 2333 |
| 113400 | 846 | 1355 | 1762 | 2095 | 118700 | 880 | 1407 | 1830 | 2175 | 124000 | 913 | 1460 | 1897 | 2255 | 129300 | 947 | 1512 | 1965 | 2335 |
| 113500 | 846 | 1356 | 1763 | 2097 | 118800 | 880 | 1408 | 1831 | 2177 | 124100 | 914 | 1461 | 1898 | 2256 | 129400 | 948 | 1513 | 1966 | 2336 |
| 113600 | 847 | 1357 | 1765 | 2098 | 118900 | 881 | 1409 | 1832 | 2178 | 124200 | 915 | 1462 | 1900 | 2258 | 129500 | 948 | 1514 | 1967 | 2338 |
| 113700 | 848 | 1358 | 176 | 21 | 119000 | 881 | 14 | 1833 | 2180 | 124300 | 5 | 1463 | 1901 | 2 | 0 | 49 | 5 | 1968 | 2339 |
| 113800 | 848 | 1359 | 1767 | 210 | 119100 | 882 | 1411 | 1835 | 2181 | 124400 | 916 | 1464 | 1902 | 2261 | 129700 | 950 | 1516 | 1970 | 2341 |
| 113900 | 849 | 1360 | 1768 | 2103 | 119200 | 883 | 1412 | 1836 | 2183 | 124500 | 916 | 1465 | 1903 | 2262 | 129800 | 950 | 1517 | 1971 | 2342 |
| 114000 | 850 | 1361 | 1770 | 2104 | 119300 | 883 | 1413 | 1837 | 2184 | 124600 | 917 | 1466 | 1905 | 2264 | 129900 | 951 | 1518 | 1972 | 2344 |
| 114100 | 850 | 1362 | 1771 | 2106 | 119400 | 884 | 1414 | 1838 | 2186 | 124700 | 918 | 1467 | 1906 | 2265 | 130000 | 95 | 1519 | 1973 | 2345 |
| 114200 | 851 | 1363 | 1772 | 2107 | 119500 | 885 | 1415 | 1840 | 2187 | 124800 | 918 | 1468 | 1907 | 2267 | 130100 | 952 | 1520 | 1975 | 2347 |
| 114300 | 852 | 1364 | 1774 | 2109 | 119600 | 885 | 1416 | 184 | 2189 | 124900 | 919 | 1469 | 1909 | 226 | 130200 | 953 | 1521 | 1976 | 2348 |
| 114400 | 852 | 1365 | 1775 | 2110 | 119700 | 886 | 1417 | 1842 | 2190 | 125000 | 920 | 1470 | 1910 | 227 | 130300 | 953 | 1522 | 1977 | 2350 |
| 114500 | 853 | 1366 | 1776 | 2112 | 119800 | 887 | 1418 | 1844 | 2192 | 125100 | 920 | 1471 | 1911 | 227 | 130400 | 954 | 1523 | 1979 | 2351 |
| 114600 | 853 | 1367 | 1777 | 2113 | 119900 | 887 | 1419 | 1845 | 2193 | 125200 | 921 | 1472 | 1912 | 2273 | 130500 | 955 | 1524 | 1980 | 2353 |
| 114700 | 85 | 1368 | 177 | 21 | 120000 | 888 | 1420 | 1846 | 2195 | 125300 | 922 | 1473 | 1914 | 22 | 130600 | 955 | 525 | 1981 | 2354 |
| 114800 | 855 | 1369 | 1780 | 2116 | 120100 | 888 | 1421 | 1847 | 2196 | 125400 | 922 | 1474 | 1915 | 227 | 130700 | 956 | 1526 | 1982 | 2356 |
| 114900 | 855 | 1370 | 1781 | 2118 | 120200 | 889 | 1422 | 1849 | 2198 | 125500 | 923 | 1475 | 1916 | 2277 | 130800 | 957 | 1527 | 1984 | 2357 |
| 115000 | 856 | 1371 | 1782 | 2119 | 120300 | 890 | 1423 | 1850 | 2199 | 125600 | 923 | 1476 | 1917 | 2279 | 130900 | 957 | 1528 | 1985 | 2359 |
| 115100 | 857 | 1372 | 1784 | 2121 | 120400 | 890 | 1424 | 1851 | 2201 | 125700 | 924 | 1477 | 1919 | 2280 | 131000 | 958 | 1529 | 1986 | 2360 |
| 115200 | 857 | 1373 | 1785 | 2122 | 120500 | 891 | 1425 | 1853 | 2202 | 125800 | 925 | 1478 | 1920 | 2282 | 131100 | 958 | 1530 | 1987 | 2362 |
| 115300 | 858 | 1374 | 1786 | 2124 | 120600 | 892 | 1426 | 1854 | 2204 | 125900 | 925 | 1479 | 1921 | 2283 | 131200 | 959 | 1531 | 1989 | 2363 |
| 115400 | 859 | 1375 | 1788 | 2125 | 120700 | 892 | 1427 | 1855 | 2205 | 126000 | 926 | 1480 | 1923 | 228 | 131300 | 960 | 1532 | 1990 | 2365 |
| 115500 | 859 | 1376 | 1789 | 2127 | 120800 | 893 | 1428 | 1856 | 2207 | 126100 | 927 | 1481 | 1924 | 2286 | 131400 | 960 | 1533 | 1991 | 2366 |
| 115600 | 860 | 1377 | 1790 | 2128 | 120900 | 894 | 1429 | 1858 | 2208 | 126200 | 927 | 1482 | 1925 | 2288 | 131500 | 961 | 1534 | 1993 | 2368 |
| 115700 | 860 | 1378 | 179 | 2130 | 121000 | 89 | 1430 | 1859 | 2210 | 126300 | 928 | 1483 | 1926 | 2 | 131600 | 962 | 1535 | 1994 | 2369 |
| 115800 | 861 | 1379 | 1793 | 2131 | 121100 | 895 | 1431 | 1860 | 2211 | 126400 | 929 | 1484 | 1928 | 2291 | 131700 | 962 | 1536 | 1995 | 2371 |
| 115900 | 862 | 1380 | 1794 | 2133 | 121200 | 895 | 1432 | 1861 | 2213 | 126500 | 929 | 1485 | 1929 | 2292 | 131800 | 963 | 1537 | 1996 | 2372 |
| 116000 | 862 | 1381 | 1795 | 2134 | 121300 | 896 | 1433 | 1863 | 2214 | 126600 | 930 | 1486 | 1930 | 229 | 131900 | 964 | 1538 | 1998 | 2374 |
| 116100 | 863 | 1382 | 1796 | 2136 | 121400 | 897 | 1434 | 1864 | 2216 | 126700 | 930 | 1487 | 1931 | 2 | 132000 | 964 | 1539 | 1999 | 2375 |
| 116200 | 864 | 1383 | 1798 | 2137 | 121500 | 897 | 1435 | 1865 | 2217 | 126800 | 931 | 1488 | 1933 | 2297 | 132100 | 965 | 540 | 2000 | 2377 |
| 116300 | 864 | 1384 | 1799 | 2139 | 121600 | 898 | 1436 | 1867 | 2219 | 126900 | 932 | 1489 | 1934 | 2298 | 132200 | 965 | 1541 | 2001 | 2378 |
| 116400 | 865 | 1385 | 1800 | 2140 | 121700 | 899 | 1437 | 1868 | 2220 | 127000 | 932 | 1490 | 1935 | 2300 | 132300 | 966 | 1542 | 2003 | 2380 |
| 116500 | 866 | 1386 | 1802 | 2142 | 121800 | 899 | 1438 | 1869 | 2222 | 127100 | 933 | 1491 | 1937 | 2301 | 132400 | 967 | 1543 | 2004 | 2381 |
| 116600 | 866 | 1387 | 1803 | 2143 | 121900 | 900 | 1439 | 1870 | 2223 | 127200 | 934 | 1492 | 1938 | 2303 | 132500 | 967 | 1544 | 2005 | 2383 |
| 116700 | 867 | 1388 | 1804 | 2145 | 122000 | 901 | 1440 | 1872 | 2225 | 127300 | 934 | 1493 | 1939 | 2304 | 132600 | 968. | 1545 | 2007 | 2384 |
| 116800 | 867 | 1389 | 1805 | 2146 | 122100 | 901 | 1441 | 1873 | 2226 | 127400 | 935 | 1493 | 1940 | 2306 | 132700 | 969 | 1546 | 2008 | 2386 |
| 116900 | 868 | 1390 | 1807 | 2148 | 122200 | 902 | 1442 | 1874 | 2228 | 127500 | 936 | 1494 | 1942 | 2307 | 132800 | 969 | 1547 | 2009 | 2387 |
| 117000 | 869 | 1391 | 1808 | 2149 | 122300 | 902 | 1443 | 1875 | 2229 | 127600 | 936 | 1495 | 1943 | 230 | 132900 | 970 | 1548 | 2010 | 2389 |
| 117100 | 869 | 1392 | 1809 | 2151 | 122400 | 903 | 1444 | 1877 | 2231 | 127700 | 937 | 1496 | 1944 | 2310 | 133000 | 971 | 1549 | 2012 | 2390 |
| 117200 | 870 | 1392 | 1810 | 2152 | 122500 | 904 | 1445 | 1878 | 2232 | 127800 | 937 | 1497 | 1945 | 2312 | 133100 | 971 | 1550 | 2013 | 2392 |
| 117300 | 871 | 1393 | 1812 | 2154 | 122600 | 904 | 1446 | 1879 | 2234 | 127900 | 938 | 1498 | 1947 | 2313 | 133200 | 972 | 1551 | 2014 | 2393 |
| 117400 | 871 | 1394 | 1813 | 2155 | 122700 | 905 | 1447 | 1881 | 2235 | 128000 | 939 | 1499 | 1948 | 2315 | 133300 | 972 | 1552 | 2015 | 2395 |
| 117500 | 872 | 1395 | 1814 | 2157 | 122800 | 906 | 1448 | 1882 | 2237 | 128100 | 939 | 1500 | 1949 | 2316 | 133400 | 973 | 1553 | 2017 | 2396 |
| 117600 | 873 | 1396 | 1816 | 2159 | 122900 | 906 | 1449 | 1883 | 2238 | 128200 | 940 | 1501 | 1951 | 2318 | 133500 | 974 | 1554 | 2018 | 2398 |
| 117700 | 873 | 1397 | 1817 | 2160 | 123000 | 907 | 1450 | 1884 | 2240 | 128300 | 941 | 1502 | 1952 | 2319 | 133600 | 974 | 1555 | 2019 | 2399 |
| 117800 | 874 | 1398 | 1818 | 2162 | 123100 | 908 | 1451 | 1886 | 2241 | 128400 | 941 | 1503 | 1953 | 2321 | 133700 | 975 | 1556 | 2021 | 2401 |
| 117900 | 874 | 1399 | 1819 | 2163 | 123200 | 908 | 1452 | 1887 | 2243 | 128500 | 942 | 1504 | 1954 | 2322 | 133800 | 976 | 1557 | 2022 | 2402 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematicai formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
Montants féderaux de pensions alimentaires póur enfants : TAbles simplifiées
1997

| Incomel | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthily Awardl Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(\$)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0. 0 $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ 2 | Idren fants 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | o. of $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ $2$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { hild } \\ & \text { nfal } \\ & 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 133900 | 76 | 1558 | 2023 | 240 | 138000 | 1002 | 15 | 2075 | 2465 | 14 |  | 16 | 7 | 2527 | 146200 | 1055 | 1680 | 2180 | 2589 |
| 3400 | 977 | 15 | 202 | 24 | 138100 | 3 | 15 | 2077 | 24 | 142200 | 1029 | 1640 | 2129 | 252 | 146300 | 1055 | 1681 | 2181 | 2590 |
| 134100 | 978 | 15 | 2026 | 2407 | 138200 | 1004 | 1600 | 2078 | 2468 | 142300 | 1030 | 1641 | 2130 | 2530 | 146400 | 1056 | 1682 | 2182 | 2592 |
| 34200 | 978 | 1561 | 2027 | 2408 | 138300 | 1004 | 1601 | 2079 | 2470 | 142400 | 1030 | 1642 | 2131 | 2532 | 146500 | 1057 | 1683 | 2183 | 2593 |
| 34300 | 979 | 1562 | 2028 | 2410 | 138400 | 1005 | 1602 | 2080 | 2471 | 142500 | 1031 | 1643 | 2133 | 2533 | 146600 | 1057 | 1684 | 2185 | 2595 |
| 34400 | 979 | 1563 | 2029 | 2411 | 138500 | 1006 | 1603 | 2082 | 2473 | 142600 | 1032 | 1644 | 2134 | 2535 | 146700 | 1058 | 1685 | 2186 | 2596 |
| 134500 | 980 | 1564 | 2031 | 2413 | 138600 | 1006 | 1604 | 2083 | 2474 | 142700 | 1032 | 1645 | 2135 | 2536 | 146800 | 1058 | 1686 | 21 | 2598 |
| 134600 | 981 | 1565 | 2032 | 2414 | 138700 | 1007 | 1605 | 2084 | 247 | 142800 | 1033 | 1646 | 2136 | 25 | 146900 | 1059 | 1687 | 2189 | 2599 |
| 134700 | 981 | 1566 | 2033 | 2416 | 138800 | 1007 | 1606 | 2085 | 247 | 142900 | 1034 | 1647 | 2138 | 2539 | 147000 | 1060 | 1688 | 2190 | 2601 |
| 134800 | 982 | 1567 | 2035 | 2417 | 138900 | 1008 | 1607 | 2087 | 247 | 143000 | 1034 | 1648 | 2139 | 2541 | 147100 | 1060 | 1689 | 2191 | 2602 |
| 134900 | 983 | 156 | 2036 | 24 | 00 | 1009 | 1608 | 2088 | 248 | 143100 | 1035 | 1649 | 2140 | 25 | 14720 | 1061 | 1690 | 2192 | 2604 |
| 135000 | 983 | 1569 | 2037 | 2420 | 139100 | 1009 | 1609 | 2089 | 2482 | 143200 | 1035 | 1650 | 2141 | 25 | 147300 | 1062 | 1691 | 2194 | 2605 |
| 135100 | 984 | 1570 | 2038 | 2422 | 139200 | 1010 | 1610 | 2091 | 2483 | 143300 | 1036 | 1651 | 2143 | 2545 | 147400 | 1062 | 1692 | 2195 | 2607 |
| 135200 | 985 | 1571 | 2040 | 2423 | 139300 | 1011 | 1611 | 2092 | 2485 | 143400 | 1037 | 1652 | 2144 | 2547 | 147500 | 1063 | 1693 | 2196 | 2608 |
| 135300 | 985 | 1572 | 2041 | 2425 | 139400 | 1011 | 1612 | 2093 | 2486 | 143500 | 1037 | 1653 | 2145 | 254 | 7600 | 1064 | 1693 | 219 | 2610 |
| 135400 | 986 | 1573 | 2042 | 2426 | 139500 | 1012 | 1613 | 2094 | 2488 | 143600 | 1038 | 1654 | 2147 | 255 | 147700 | 1064 | 1694 | 219 | 2611 |
| 135500 | 986 | 15 | 2043 | 24 | 139600 | 1013 | 1614 | 2096 | 248 | 700 | 1039 | 1655 | 21 | 25 | 147800 | 1065 | 695 | 220 | 3 |
| 135600 | 987 | 15 | 2045 | 24 | 139700 | 1013 | 1615 | 209 | 24 | 143800 | 1039 | 1656 | 2149 | 2553 | 147900 | 5 | 6 | 2201 | 2614 |
| 135700 | 988 | 1576 | 2046 | 24 | 139800 | 1014 | 1616 | 2098 | 249 | 143900 | 1040 | 1657 | 2 | 2554 | 148000 | 066 | 1697 | 2203 | 2616 |
| 135800 | 988 | 1577 | 2047 | 2432 | 139900 | 1014 | 1617 | 2099 | 249 | 144000 | 104 | 1658 | 21 | 2556 | 148100 | 1067 | 1698 | 2204 | 2617 |
| 135900 | 98 | 15 | 2049 | 2 | 140000 | 1015 | 1618 | 21 | 2 | 144100 | 1 | 1659 | 2 | 2557 | 148200 | 1067 | 16 | 2 | 9 |
| 136000 | 990 | 15 | 2050 | 2435 | 140100 | 1016 | 1619 | 2102 | 2497 | 144200 | 1042 | 1660 | 21 |  |  |  | 1700 | 22 | 2620 |
| 136100 | 990 | 1580 | 2051 | 2437 | 140200 | 1016 | 1620 | 2103 | 249 | 144300 | 1042 | 1661 | 2155 | 2560 | 148400 | 1069 | 1701 | 2208 | 2622 |
| 136200 | 991 | 1581 | 2052 | 2438 | 140300 | 1017 | 1621 | 2105 | 250 | 144400 | 1043 | 1662 | 2157 | 2562 | 148500 | 1069 | 1702 | 2209 | 2623 |
| 136300 | 992 | 1582 | 2054 | 2440 | 140400 | 1018 | 1622 | 2106 | 2502 | 144500 | 1044 | 1663 | 2158 | 2563 | 148600 | 1070 | 1703 | 22 | 225 |
| 136400 | 992 | 1583 | 2055 | 2441 | 140500 | 1018 | 1623 | 2107 | 250 | 144600 | 1044 | 1664 | 2159 | 2565 | 8700 | 1071 | 1704 | 221 | 2626 |
| 136500 | 993 | 1584 | 2056 | 2443 | 140600 | 1019 | 1624 | 2108 | 250 | 144700 | 1045 | 1665 | 2161 | 2566 | 148000 | 1071 | 1705 | 2213 | 2628 |
| 136600 | 993 | 1585 | 2057 | 24 | 140700 | 1020 | 1625 | 2110 | 2506 | 144800 | 1046 | 1666 | 2162 | 2568 | 148900 | 1072 | 1706 | 2214 | 2629 |
| 136700 | 994 | 1586 | 2059 | 2446 | 140800 | 1020 | 1626 | 2111 | 250 | 144900 | 1046 | 1667 | 2163 | 2569 | 149000 | 1072 | 1707 | 2215 | 2631 |
| 136800 | 995 | 1587 | 2060 | 2447 | 140900 | 1021 | 1627 | 2112 | 250 | 145000 | 1047 | 1668 | 2164 | 25 | 149100 | 1073 | 1708 | 2217 | 2632 |
| 136900 | 995 | 15 | 2061 | 24 | 141000 | 1021 | 1628 | 2113 | 25 | 100 | 1048 | 1669 | 2166 | 2 | 149200 | 1074 | 9 | 2218 | 63 |
| 137000 | 996 | 1589 | 2063 | 2450 | 141100 | 1022 | 1629 | 2115 | 25 | 145200 | 1048 | 1670 | 2167 | 2574 | 9300 | 1074 | 17 | 22 | 2635 |
| 137100 | 997 | 1590 | 2064 | 2452 | 141200 | 1023 | 1630 | 2116 | 251 | 145300 | 1049 | 1671 | 2168 | 25 | 9400 | 1075 | 1711 | 2220 | 2637 |
| 137200 | 997 | 1591 | 2065 | 2453 | 141300 | 1023 | 1631 | 2117 | 251 | 145400 | 1049 | 1672 | 2169 | 257 | 149500 | 1076 | 1712 | 2222 | 2638 |
| 137300 | 998 | 15 | 2066 | 2455 | 141400 | 1024 | 1632 | 2119 | 251 | 145500 | 1050 | 1673 | 2171 | 257 | 600 | 1076 | 1713 | 2223 | 2640 |
| 137400 | 999 | 1593 | 2068 | 2456 | 1500 | 1025 | 1633 | 2120 | 251 | 145600 | 1051 | 1674 | 2172 | 25 | 700 | 1077 | 1714 | 2224 | 2641 |
| 137500 | 999 | 1593 | 2069 | 2458 | 141600 | 1025 | 1634 | 2121 | 2520 | 145700 | 1051 | 1675 | 2173 | 2581 | 149800 | 1078 | 1715 | 2226 | 2643 |
| 137600 | 1000 | 1594 | 2070 | 2459 | 141700 | 1026 | 1635 | 2122 | 2521 | 145800 | 1052 | 1676 | 2175 | 2583 | 149900 | 1078 | 1716 | 2227 | 26 |
| 137700 | 1000 | 1595 | 2071 | 2461 | 141800 | 1027 | 1636 | 2124 | 2523 | 145900 | 1053 | 1677 | 2176 | 2584 | 150000 | 1079 | 1717 | 2228 | 264 |
| 137800 | 1001 | 1596 | 2073 | 2462 | 141900 | 1027 | 1637 | 2125 | 2524 | 146000 | 1053 | 1678 | 2177 | 258 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1002 | 1597 | 207 | 246 | 142000 | 1028 | 1638 | 2126 | 2526 | 146100 | 1054 | 1679 | 2178 | 258 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child/ un enfant | two children/ deux enfants | three children! trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1079 plus 0.64\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 1717 \text { plus } 0.99 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2228 \text { plus } 1.27 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2646 \text { plus } 1.50 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1079 plus 0,64\% du revenu dépassant150 000\$ | $\begin{gathered} 1717 \text { plus } 0,99 \% \\ \text { du revenu dépassant150 000 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2228 plus $1,27 \%$ du revenu dépassant150 000\$ | 2646 plus $1,50 \%$ du revenu dépassant150 $000 \$$ |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

|  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 96 | 147 | 169 | 191 | 17300 | 142 | 256 | 338 | 382 | 22600 | 192 | 334 | 447 | 539 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 96 | 150 | 172 | 195 | 17400 | 143 | 257 | 341 | 385 | 22700 | 193 | 335 | 449 | 541 |
| 6900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2200 | 96 | 153 | 175 | 198 | 17500 | 144 | 259 | 344 | 389 | 22800 | 194 | 337 | 450 | 544 |
| 7000 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2300 | 96 | 155 | 179 | 202 | 17600 | 145 | 260 | 347 | 393 | 22900 | 195 | 338 | 452 | 546 |
| 7100 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 12400 | 96 | 158 | 182 | 205 | 17700 | 146 | 261 | 350 | 396 | 23000 | 196 | 340 | 45 | 548 |
| 7200 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 11 | 12500 | 97 | 161 | 185 | 209 | 17800 | 147 | 263 | 354 | 400 | 23100 | 197 | 341 | 456 | 550 |
| 7300 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 12600 | 98 | 164 | 188 | 213 | 17900 | 148 | 264 | 357 | 403 | 23200 | 198 | 342 | 458 | 553 |
| 7400 | 10 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 12700 | 99 | 167 | 191 | 216 | 18000 | 149 | 266 | 360 | 407 | 23300 | 199 | 344 | 460 | 555 |
| 7500 | 13 | 16 | 19 | 22 | 12800 | 100 | 169 | 195 | 220 | 18100 | 150 | 267 | 361 | 410 | 23400 | 200 | 345 | 462 | 557 |
| 7600 | 15 | 19 | 22 | 26 | 12900 | 101 | 172 | 198 | 223 | 18200 | 151 | 269 | 363 | 414 | 23500 | 201 | 347 | 464 | 559 |
| 7700 | 18 | 22 | 26 | 30 | 13000 | 101 | 175 | 201 | 227 | 18300 | 152 | 270 | 365 | 418 | 23600 | 202 | 348 | 466 | 561 |
| 780 | 20 | 25 | 29 | 34 | 13100 | 102 | 178 | 204 | 231 | 18400 | 153 | 272 | 367 | 421 | 23700 | 203 | 350 | 467 | 564 |
| 7900 | 23 | 28 | 32 | 37 | 13200 | 103 | 180 | 207 | 234 | 18500 | 154 | 273 | 369 | 425 | 23800 | 204 | 351 | 469 | 566 |
| 8000 | 25 | 30 | 36 | 41 | 13300 | 104 | 183 | 210 | 238 | 18600 | 154 | 275 | 371 | 428 | 23900 | 205 | 353 | 471 | 568 |
| 8100 | 28 | 33 | 39 | 45 | 13400 | 105 | 186 | 214 | 241 | 18700 | 155 | 276 | 373 | 432 | 24000 | 206 | 35 | 473 | 570 |
| 8200 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 49 | 13500 | 106 | 189 | 217 | 245 | 18800 | 156 | 278 | 375 | 436 | 24100 | 207 | 356 | 475 | 573 |
| 830 | 33 | 39 | 46 | 52 | 13600 | 7 | 191 | 220 | 249 | 18900 | 157 | 279 | 377 | 439 | 24200 | 208 | 357 | 477 | 575 |
| 8400 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 13700 | 108 | 194 | 223 | 252 | 19000 | 158 | 281 | 378 | 443 | 24300 | 208 | 359 | 479 | 577 |
| 8500 | 38 | 45 | 52 | 60 | 13800 | 109 | 197 | 226 | 256 | 19100 | 159 | 282 | 380 | 446 | 24400 | 209 | 360 | 481 | 579 |
| 8600 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 13900 | 110 | 200 | 230 | 259 | 19200 | 160 | 284 | 382 | 450 | 24500 | 210 | 362 | 483 | 582 |
| 8700 | 43 | 51 | 59 | 67 | 14000 | 111 | 202 | 233 | 263 | 19300 | 161 | 285 | 384 | 454 | 24600 | 211 | 363 | 485 | 584 |
| 8800 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 71 | 14100 | 112 | 205 | 236 | 267 | 19400 | 162 | 287 | 386 | 457 | 24700 | 212 | 365 | 486 | 586 |
| 890 | 48 | 57 | 66 | 75 | 14200 | 113 | 208 | 239 | 270 | 19500 | 163 | 288 | 388 | 461 | 24800 | 213 | 366 | 488 | 588 |
| 9000 | 50 | 60 | 69 | 79 | 14300 | 114 | 11 | 242 | 274 | 19600 | 164 | 289 | 390 | 464 | 24900 | 214 | 368 | 490 | 591 |
| 9100 | 53 | 63 | 73 | 82 | 14400 | 115 | 213 | 245 | 277 | 19700 | 16 | 291 | 392 | 468 | 25000 | 215 | 369 | 492 | 593 |
| 9200 | 55 | 66 | 76 | 86 | 14500 | 116 | 214 | 249 | 281 | 19800 | 166 | 292 | 394 | 472 | 25100 | 216 | 370 | 494 | 595 |
| 9300 | 58 | 69 | 79 | 90 | 14600 | 117 | 216 | 252 | 285 | 19900 | 167 | 294 | 396 | 475 | 25200 | 217 | 372 | 496 | 597 |
| 9400 | 60 | 71 | 83 | 94 | 14700 | 118 | 217 | 255 | 288 | 20000 | 168 | 295 | 397 | 479 | 25300 | 218 | 373 | 498 | 600 |
| 9500 | 63 | 74 | 86 | 98 | 14800 | 119 | 219 | 258 | 292 | 20100 | 169 | 297 | 399 | 482 | 25400 | 219 | 375 | 500 | 602 |
| 9600 | 65 | 77 | 89 | 101 | 14900 | 119 | 220 | 261 | 295 | 20200 | 170 | 298 | 401 | 485 | 25500 | 220 | 376 | 502 | 604 |
| 9700 | 68 | 80 | 93 | 105 | 15000 | 120 | 222 | 265 | 299 | 20300 | 171 | 300 | 403 | 488 | 25600 | 221 | 378 | 503 | 606 |
| 9800 | 70 | 83 | 96 | 109 | 15100 | 121 | 223 | 268 | 303 | 20400 | 172 | 301 | 405 | 490 | 25700 | 222 | 379 | 505 | 608 |
| 9900 | 73 | 86 | 99 | 113 | 15200 | 122 | 225 | 271 | 306 | 20500 | 172 | 303 | 407 | 492 | 25800 | 223 | 381 | 507 | 611 |
| 10000 | 75 | 89 | 103 | 116 | 15300 | 123 | 226 | 274 | 310 | 20600 | 173 | 304 | 409 | 494 | 25900 | 224 | 382 | 509 | 613 |
| 10100 | 78 | 92 | 106 | 120 | 15400 | 124 | 228 | 277 | 313 | 20700 | 174 | 306 | 411 | 497 | 26000 | 224 | 384 | 511 | 615 |
| 10200 | 80 | 95 | 109 | 124 | 15500 | 125 | 229 | 280 | 317 | 20800 | 175 | 307 | 413 | 499 | 26100 | 225 | 385 | 513 | 617 |
| 10300 | 83 | 98 | 113 | 128 | 15600 | 126 | 231 | 284 | 321 | 20900 | 176 | 309 | 414 | 501 | 26200 | 226 | 386 | 514 | 619 |
| 10400 | 85 | 101 | 116 | 131 | 15700 | 127 | 232 | 287 | 324 | 21000 | 177 | 310 | 416 | 503 | 26300 | 227 | 388 | 516 | 621 |
| 10500 | 88 | 104 | 119 | 135 | 15800 | 128 | 233 | 290 | 328 | 21100 | 178 | 312 | 418 | 506 | 26400 | 228 | 389 | 518 | 623 |
| 10600 | 91 | 107 | 123 | 13 | 15900 | 129 | 235 | 293 | 331 | 21200 | 179 | 313 | 420 | 508 | 26500 | 229 | 390 | 520 | 625 |
| 10700 | 93 | 110 | 126 | 143 | 16000 | 130 | 236 | 296 | 335 | 21300 | 180 | 314 | 422 | 510 | 26600 | 230 | 392 | 521 | 628 |
| 10800 | 95 | 113 | 129 | 146 | 16100 | 131 | 238 | 300 | 339 | 21400 | 181 | 316 | 424 | 512 | 26700 | 231 | 393 | 523 | 630 |
| 10900 | 95 | 115 | 133 | 150 | 16200 | 132 | 239 | 303 | 342 | 21500 | 182 | 317 | 426 | 515 | 26800 | 232 | 395 | 525 | 632 |
| 11000 | 96 | 118 | 136 | 154 | 16300 | 133 | 241 | 306 | 346 | 21600 | 183 | 319 | 428 | 517 | 26900 | 232 | 396 | 527 | 634 |
| 11100 | 96 | 121 | 140 | 158 | 16400 | 134 | 242 | 309 | 349 | 21700 | 184 | 320 | 430 | 519 | 27000 | 233 | 397 | 528 | 636 |
| 11200 | 96 | 124 | 143 | 161 | 16500 | 135 | 244 | 312 | 353 | 21800 | 185 | 322 | 432 | 521 | 27100 | 234 | 399 | 530 | 638 |
| 11300 | 96 | 127 | 146 | 165 | 16600 | 136 | 245 | 315 | 357 | 21900 | 186 | 323 | 433 | 523 | 27200 | 235 | 400 | 532 | 640 |
| 11400 | 96 | 130 | 150 | 169 | 16700 | 137 | 247 | 319 | 360 | 22000 | 187 | 325 | 435 | 526 | 27300 | 236 | 401 | 534 | 642 |
| 11500 | 96 | 133 | 153 | 173 | 16800 | 137 | 248 | 322 | 364 | 22100 | 188 | 326 | 437 | 528 | 27400 | 237 | 403 | 535 | 644 |
| 11600 | 96 | 136 | 156 | 177 | 16900 | 138 | 250 | 325 | 367 | 22200 | 189 | 328 | 439 | 530 | 27500 | 238 | 404 | 537 | 646 |
| 11700 | 96 | 139 | 160 | 180 | 17000 | 139 | 251 | 328 | 371 | 22300 | 190 | 329 | 441 | 532 | 27600 | 239 | 405 | 539 | 648 |
| 11800 | 96 | 142 | 163 | 184 | 17100 | 140 | 253 | 331 | 375 | 22400 | 190 | 331 | 443 | 535 | 27700 | 239 | 407 | 541 | 650 |
| 11900 | 96 | 144 | 166 | 188 | 17200 | 141 | 254 | 334 | 378 | 22500 | 191 | 332 | 445 | 537 | 27800 | 240 | 408 | 542 | 652 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific chiid support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique ie montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension aiimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Awardl Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Chlldren/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of ChlldrenfN ${ }^{\text {br }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 27900 | 241 | 410 | 544 | 654 | 33200 | 281 | 472 | 624 | 749 | 38500 | 321 | 534 | 705 | 844 | 43800 | 363 | 600 | 789 | 943 |
| 28000 | 242 | 411 | 546 | 65 | 3300 | 282 | 473 | 626 | 751 | 38600 | 322 | 535 | 706 | 846 | 43900 | 364 | 601 | 790 | 945 |
| 28100 | 243 | 412 | 548 | 659 | 3400 | 283 | 474 | 627 | 753 | 38700 | 323 | 537 | 708 | 848 | 44000 | 365 | 602 | 792 | 947 |
| 28200 | 244 | 414 | 550 | 661 | 33500 | 283 | 475 | 629 | 754 | 38800 | 324 | 538 | 709 | 849 | 44100 | 366 | 603 | 79 | 949 |
| 28300 | 245 | 415 | 551 | 663 | 33600 | 284 | 476 | 630 | 756 | 38900 | 324 | 539 | 711 | 851 | 44200 | 367 | 605 | 795 | 951 |
| 28400 | 246 | 416 | 553 | 665 | 33700 | 285 | 478 | 632 | 758 | 39000 | 325 | 540 | 712 | 853 | 44300 | 367 | 606 | 797 | 953 |
| 28500 | 246 | 418 | 555 | 667 | 33800 | 286 | 479 | 633 | 760 | 39100 | 326 | 541 | 714 | 855 | 44400 | 368 | 607 | 798 | 955 |
| 28600 | 247 | 419 | 557 | 669 | 33900 | 286 | 480 | 635 | 761 | 39200 | 327 | 543 | 715 | 857 | 44500 | 369 | 608 | 800 | 957 |
| 28700 | 248 | 420 | 558 | 671 | 34000 | 287 | 481 | 636 | 763 | 39300 | 328 | 544 | 717 | 859 | 44600 | 370 | 610 | 802 | 959 |
| 28800 | 249 | 422 | 560 | 673 | 34100 | 288 | 482 | 638 | 765 | 39400 | 328 | 545 | 718 | 860 | 44700 | 371 | 611 | 803 | 961 |
| 28900 | 250 | 423 | 562 | 675 | 34200 | 289 | 483 | 639 | 767 | 39500 | 329 | 546 | 720 | 862 | 44800 | 371 | 612 | 805 | 962 |
| 29000 | 251 | 425 | 564 | 677 | 34300 | 289 | 484 | 641 | 768 | 39600 | 330 | 547 | 722 | 864 | 44900 | 372 | 613 | 806 | 964 |
| 29100 | 252 | 426 | 565 | 679 | 36400 | 290 | 486 | 642 | 770 | 39700 | 331 | 549 | 723 | 866 | 45000 | 373 | 615 | 808 | 966 |
| 29200 | 253 | 427 | 567 | 681 | 34500 | 291 | 487 | 644 | 772 | 39800 | 331 | 550 | 725 | 868 | 45100 | 374 | 616 | 810 | 968 |
| 29300 | 253 | 429 | 569 | 683 | 34600 | 292 | 488 | 645 | 774 | 39900 | 332 | 551 | 726 | 870 | 45200 | 375 | 617 | 811 | 970 |
| 29400 | 254 | 430 | 571 | 686 | 34700 | 292 | 489 | 647 | 775 | 40000 | 333 | 552 | 728 | 871 | 45300 | 375 | 618 | 813 | 972 |
| 29500 | 255 | 431 | 572 | 688 | 34800 | 293 | 490 | 648 | 777 | 40100 | 334 | 554 | 729 | 873 | 45400 | 376 | 620 | 814 | 974 |
| 29600 | 256 | 433 | 574 | 690 | 34900 | 294 | 491 | 650 | 779 | 40200 | 335 | 555 | 731 | 875 | 45500 | 377 | 621 | 816 | 976 |
| 29700 | 257 | 434 | 575 | 691 | 35000 | 295 | 493 | 651 | 781 | 40300 | 335 | 556 | 733 | 877 | 45600 | 37 | 622 | 818 | 978 |
| 29800 | 257 | 435 | 577 | 693 | 35100 | 295 | 494 | 652 | 782 | 40400 | 336 | 557 | 734 | 879 | 45700 | 379 | 623 | 819 | 979 |
| 29900 | 258. | 436 | 578 | 694 | 35200 | 296 | 495 | 654 | 784 | 40500 | 337 | 559 | 736 | 881 | 45800 | 379 | 625 | 821 | 981 |
| 30000 | 259 | 437 | 579 | 696 | 35300 | 297 | 496 | 655 | 786 | 40600 | 338 | 560 | 737 | 883 | 45900 | 380 | 626 | 822 | 983 |
| 30 | 259 | 438 | 581 | 698 | 35400 | 298 | 497 | 657 | 788 | 40700 | 339 | 561 | 739 | 885 | 46000 | 381 | 627 | 824 | 985 |
| 30200 | 260 | 439 | 582 | 699 | 5500 | 298 | 498 | 658 | 789 | 40800 | 9 | 562 | 741 | 887 | 46100 | 382 | 628 | 826 | 987 |
| 30300 | 261 | 440 | 583 | 701 | 35600 | 299 | 500 | 660 | 791 | 40900 | 340 | 564 | 742 | 888 | 46200 | 383 | 630 | 827 | 989 |
| 30400 | 261 | 441 | 585 | 702 | 35700 | 300 | 501 | 661 | 793 | 41000 | 341 | 565 | 744 | 890 | 46300 | 383 | 631 | 829 | 991 |
| 30500 | 262 | 442 | 586 | 704 | 35800 | 300 | 502 | 663 | 795 | 41100 | 342 | 566 | 745 | 892 | 46400 | 384 | 632 | 830 | 993 |
| 30600 | 263 | 443 | 588 | 706 | 35900 | 301 | 503 | 664 | 796 | 41200 | 343 | 567 | 747 | 894 | 46500 | 385 | 633 | 832 | 995 |
| 30700 | 263 | 444 | 589 | 707 | 36000 | 302 | 504 | 666 | 798 | 41300 | 343 | 569 | 749 | 896 | 46600 | 386 | 635 | 834 | 997 |
| 30800 | 264 | 445 | 590 | 709 | 36100 | 303 | 505 | 667 | 800 | 41400 | 344 | 570 | 750 | 898 | 46700 | 387 | 636 | 835 | 998 |
| 30900 | 265 | 446 | 592 | 710 | 36200 | 304 | 507 | 669 | 802 | 41500 | 345 | 571 | 75 | 900 | 46800 | 387 | 637 | 837 | 1000 |
| 31000 | 265 | 447 | 593 | 712 | 36300 | 304 | 508 | 671 | 804 | 41600 | 346 | 572 | 753 | 902 | 46900 | 388 | 638 | 839 | 1002 |
| 31100 | 266 | 448 | 594 | 714 | 36400 | 305 | 509 | 672 | 806 | 41700 | 347 | 574 | 755 | 904 | 47000 | 389 | 640 | 840 | 1004 |
| 31200 | 267 | 449 | 596 | 715 | 36500 | 306 | 510 | 674 | 807 | 41800 | 347 | 575 | 757 | 906 | 47100 | 390 | 641 | 842 | 1006 |
| 31300 | 268 | 451 | 597 | 717 | 36600 | 307 | 511 | 675 | 809 | 41900 | 348 | 576 | 758 | 907 | 47200 | 391 | 642 | 843 | 1008 |
| 31400 | 268. | 452 | 598 | 718 | 36700 | 307 | 513 | 677 | 811 | 42000 | 349 | 577 | 760 | 909 | 47300 | 392 | 643 | 845 | 1010 |
| 31500 | 269 | 453 | 600 | 720 | 36800 | 308 | 514 | 678 | 813 | 42100 | 350 | 579 | 762 | 911 | 47400 | 392 | 645 | 847 | 1012 |
| 31600 | 270 | 454 | 601 | 722 | 36900 | 309 | 515 | 680 | 815 | 42200 | 351 | 580 | 763 | 913 | 47500 | 393 | 646 | 848 | 1014 |
| 31700 | 270 | 455 | 602 | 723 | 37000 | 310 | 516 | 681 | 817 | 42300 | 351 | 581 | 765 | 915 | 47600 | 39 | 647 | 850 | 1016 |
| 31800 | 271 | 456 | 604 | 725 | 37100 | 311 | 517 | 683 | 818 | 42400 | 352 | 582 | 766 | 917 | 47700 | 39 | 648 | 851 | 1017 |
| 31900 | 272 | 457 | 605 | 726 | 37200 | 311 | 519 | 684 | 820 | 42500 | 353 | 584 | 768 | 919 | 47800 | 396 | 650 | 853 | 1019 |
| 32000 | 272 | 458 | 606 | 728 | 37300 | 312 | 520 | 686 | 822 | 42600 | 354 | 585 | 770 | 921 | 47900 | 396 | 651 | 855 | 1021 |
| 32100 | 273 | 459 | 608 | 730 | 37400 | 313 | 521 | 688 | 824 | 42700 | 355 | 586 | 771 | 923 | 48000 | 397 | 652 | 856 | 1023 |
| 32200 | 274 | 460 | 609 | 731 | 37500 | 314 | 522 | 689 | 826 | 42800 | 355 | 587 | 773 | 925 | 48100 | 398 | 653 | 858 | 1025 |
| 32300 | 274 | 461 | 611 | 733 | 37600 | 314 | 523 | 691 | 828 | 42900 | 356 | 589 | 774 | 926 | 48200 | 399 | 655 | 859 | 1027 |
| 32400 | 275 | 463 | 612 | 735 | 37700 | 315 | 525 | 692 | 829 | 43000 | 357 | 590 | 776 | 928 | 48300 | 400 | 656 | 86 | 1029 |
| 32500 | 276 | 464 | 614 | 737 | 37800 | 316 | 526 | 694 | 831 | 43100 | 358 | 591 | 778 | 930 | 48400 | 400 | 657 | 863 | 1031 |
| 32600 | 277 | 465 | 615 | 738 | 37900 | 317 | 527 | 695 | 833 | 43200 | 359 | 592 | 779 | 932 | 48500 | 401 | 658 | 864 | 1033 |
| 32700 | 277 | 466 | 617 | 740 | 38000 | 317 | 528 | 697 | 835 | 43300 | 359 | 594 | 781 | 934 | 48600 | 402 | 660 | 866 | 1034 |
| 32800 | 278 | 467 | 618 | 742 | 38100 | 318 | 529 | 698 | 837 | 43400 | 360 | 595 | 782 | 936 | 48700 | 403 | 661 | 867 | 1036 |
| 32900 | 279 | 468 | 620 | 744 | 38200 | 319 | 531 | 700 | 838 | 43500 | 361 | 596 | 784 | 938 | 48800 | 404 | 662 | 869 | 1038 |
| 33000 | 280 | 469 | 621 | 745 | 38300 | 320 | 532 | 701 | 840 | 43600 | 362 | 597 | 786 | 940 | 48900 | 404 | 663 | 871 | 1040 |
| 33100 | 280 | 471 | 623 | 747 | 38400 | 321 | 533 | 703 | 842 | 43700 | 363 | 598 | 787 | 942 | 49000 | 405 | 665 | 872 | 1042 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉDERAUX DE PENSIONS ALIMENTAIRES POUR ENFANTS : TABLES SIMPLIFIEES
1997

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu$(\$)$ | Monthly AwardPaiement mensuel$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ <br> Paiement mensuel |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 4910 | 406 | 666 | 874 | 1044 | 54400 | 48 | 732 | 959 | 114 | 59700 | 491 | 798 | 1043 | 12 | 65000 | 28 | 857 | 1120 | 1335 |
| 49 | 407 | 667 | 875 | 1046 | 500 | 449 | 733 | 960 | 1146 | 598 | 491 | 799 | 1045 | 124 | 65100 | 529 | 858 | 112.1 | 1336 |
| 49 | 408 | 668 | 87 | 04 | 600 | 450 | 734 | 962 | 1148 | 9900 | 492 | 80 | 1046 | 124 | 5200 | 530 | 859 | 1122 | 1338 |
| 49400 | 408 | 670 | 879 | 1050 | 54700 | 451 | 736 | 964 | 115 | 60000 | 493 | 801 | 1048 | 1249 | 65300 | 530 | 86 | 112 | 1340 |
| 49500 | 409 | 671 | 80 | 1052 | 54800 | 452 | 737 | 965 | 1152 | 60100 | 494 | 802 | 1049 | 1251 | 65400 | 53 | 86 | 1125 | 13 |
| 49600 | 410 | 672 | 882 | 1053 | 54900 | 452 | 738 | 967 | 115 | 60200 | 494 | 803 | 105 | 1253 | 65500 | 53 | 86 | 1127 | 1343 |
| 49700 | 411 | 673 | 883 | 1055 | 55000 | 453 | 739 | 968 | 1156 | 60300 | 495 | 80 | 105 | 125 | 65600 | 53 | 86 | 112 | 1345 |
| 49800 | 412 | 675 | 88 | 1057 | 55100 | 454 | 741 | 970 | 1158 | 60400 | 496 | 806 | 105 | 1256 | 65700 | 533 | 86 | 1129 | 1346 |
| 49900 | 412 | 676 | 887 | 1059 | 55200 | 455 | 742 | 972 | 1160 | 6050 | 496 | 807 | 1055 | 1258 | 65800 | 53 | 865 | 1131 | 1348 |
| 50000 | 413 | 677 | 888 | 10 | 55300 | 456 | 743 | 973 | 116 | 60600 | 497 | 08 | 1056 | 126 | 65900 | 534 | 866 | 113 | 1350 |
| 50100 | 414 | 678 | 890 | 663 | 55400 | 45 | 744 | 975 | 1163 | 700 | 498 | 309 | 1058 | 1261 | 6000 | 53 | 868 | 1134 | 1351 |
| 50200 | 415 | 680 | 1 | 1065 | 5550 | 457 | 746 | 976 | 1165 | 60800 | 499 | 810 | 1059 | 1263 | 66100 | 536 | 869 | 1135 | 1353 |
| 50300 | 416 | 681 | 893 | 067 | 55600 | 458 | 747 | 978 | 116 | 60900 | 499 | 81 | 10 | 126 | 200 | 536 | 870 | 1136 | 1355 |
| 50400 | 416 | 682 | 895 | 1069 | 55700 | 459 | 748 | 980 | 1169 | 61000 | 500 | 812 | 106 | 126 | 66300 | 537 | 871 | 1138 | 1356 |
| 50500 | 417 | 683 | 896 | 1070 | 55800 | 460 | 749 | 981 | 1171 | 61100 | 501 | 814 | 106 | 126 | 6640 | 538 | 872 | 1139 | 1358 |
| 50600 | 818 | 685 | 898 | 1072 | 55900 | 60 | 751 | 83 | 1173 | 61200 | 502 | 815 | 10 | 127 | 50 | 53 | 87 | 114 | 1359 |
| 507 | 19 | 68 | 89 | 1074 | 56000 | 461 | 752 | 984 | 1175 | 30 | 502 | 816 | 1067 | 1272 | 66600 | 539 | 87 | 1142 | 13 |
| 50800 | 420 | 68 | 90 | 1076 | 10 | 462 | 753 | 986 | 1177 | 61400 | 503 | 817 | 1068 | 127 | 66700 | 540 | 87 | 1143 | 1363 |
| 50900 | 420 | 688 | 90 | 1078 | 56200 | 463 | 754 | 988 | 11 | 50 | 504 | 818 | 1070 | 12 | 6680 | 540 | 87 | 11 | 5 |
| 51000 | 421 | 690 | 904 | 1080 | 56300 | 464 | 756 | 989 | 1180 | 61600 | 50 | 819 | 10 | 1277 | 66900 | 541 | 877 | 114 | 66 |
| 51100 | 422 | 691 | 906 | 82 | 56400 | 464 | 75 | 991 | 1182 | 61700 | 505 | 820 | 1072 | 1279 | 67000 | 542 | 878 | 1148 | 1368 |
| 51200 | 423 | 692 | 907 | 1084 | 6500 | 465 | 758 | 993 | 11 | 6180 | 50 | 822 | 1074 | 128 | 67100 | 543 | 880 | 1149 | 1370 |
| 51300 | 424 | 693 | 909 | 1086 | 600 | 66 | 759 | 994 | 11 | 90 | 507 | 82 | 1075 | 128 | 67200 | 543 | 88 | 115 | 1371 |
| 51 | 424 | 69 | 911 | 1088 | 56700 | 467 | 761 | 996 | 1188 | 200 | 50 | 82 | 1077 | 128 | 67300 | 54 | 88 | 115 | 1373 |
| 51500 | 425 | 69 | 912 | 1089 | 56800 | 468 | 762 | 997 | 1190 | 62100 | 508 | 82 | 1078 | 1286 | 67400 | 545 | 88 | 1153 | 1375 |
| 51600 | 426 | 697 | 91 | 109 | 6900 | 469 | 76 | 999 | 1192 | 62200 | 509 | 826 | 1080 | 128 | 67500 | 545 | 884 | 1155 | 1376 |
| 51700 | 427 | 698 | 916 | 1093 | 57000 | 469 | 764 | 1001 | 119 | 62300 | 510 | 827 | 1081 | 1289 | 67600 | 546 | 885 | 115 | 1378 |
| 51800 | 428 | 700 | 917 | 1095 | 57100 | 470 | 766 | 1002 | 1196 | 62400 | 510 | 828 | 108 | 129 | 67700 | 547 | 886 | 115 | 1380 |
| 519 | 428 | 701 | 919 | 1097 | 57200 | 471 | 767 | 100 | 1198 | 62500 | 51 | 830 | 108 | 1293 | 67800 | 548 | 887 | 1159 | 1381 |
| 52000 | 429 | 702 | 920 | 1099 | 57300 | 472 | 768 | 1005 | 1199 | 62600 | 51 | 83 | 10 | 129 | 77900 | 548 | 888 | 11 | 1383 |
| 52100 | 430 | 70 | 922 |  | 57400 |  | 769 | 1007 |  | 62700 |  | 83 |  | 129 | 800 |  | 89 |  |  |
| 52200 | 43 | 705 | 92 |  | 57500 |  | 77 | 1009 |  | 62800 |  | 833 |  | 129 | 810 | 550 | 89 | 116 | 13 |
| 52300 | 432 | 706 | 925 | 1105 | 57600 | 47 | 77 | 1010 | 12 | 2900 | 51 | 83 | 1090 | 1300 | 6820 | 550 | 892 | 1165 | 1388 |
| 52400 | 432 | 707 | 927 | 1107 | 57700 | 475 | 773 | 101 | 1207 | 6300 | 51 | 83 | 1092 | 130 | 6830 | 55 | 893 | 1166 | 1390 |
| 52500 | 433 | 708 | 928 | 1108 | 57800 | 476 | 774 | 1013 | 1209 | 63100 | 51 | 83 | 109 | 1303 | 6840 | 55 | 89 | 11 | 1392 |
| 52600 | 434 | 710 | 930 | 1110 | 57900 | 477 | 776 | 101 | 1211 | 63200 | 51 | 838 | 1095 | 1305 | 68500 | 553 | 895 | 116 | 1393 |
| 5270 | 435 | 711 | 932 | 1112 | 58000 | 477 | 777 | 1017 | 1213 | 63300 | 517 | 839 | 1096 | 1307 | 68600 | 553 | 896 | 117 | 1395 |
| 52800 | 436 | 712 | 933 | 114 | 58100 | 478 | 778 | 1018 | 1215 | 63400 | 518 | 840 | 1097 | 1308 | 68700 | 554 | 897 | 1172 | 1397 |
| 52900 | 436 | 71 | 93 | 1116 | 58200 | 479 | 779 | 10 | 1216 | 63500 | 518 | 841 | 1099 | 1310 | 68800 | 555 | 898 | 117 | 1398 |
| 5300 | 37 | 71 | 936 | 1118 | 58300 | 480 | 781 | 102 | 1218 | 63600 | 519 | 842 | 1100 | 131 | 68900 | 555 | 900 | 11 | 1400 |
| 53100 | 438 | 716 | 938 |  | 58400 | 481 | 782 |  | 1220 | 63700 | 520 | 843 | 1102 | 131 | 69000 | 55 | 901 | 11 | 1402 |
| 53200 | 439 | 717 | 940 | 112 | 58500 | 481 | 783 | 1025 | 1222 | 63800 | 520 | 844 | 1103 | 1315 | 69100 | 557 | 902 | 1178 | 1403 |
| 53300 | 440 | 718 | 941 | 112 | 58600 | 482 | 784 | 1026 | 122 | 63900 | 521 | 845 | 1104 | 1317 | 69200 | 558 | 903 | 1179 | 1405 |
| 53400 | 440 | 720 | 943 | 12 | 58700 | 483 | 786 |  | 122 | 64000 | 522 | 846 | 1106 | 1318 | 69300 | 558 | 904 | 1180 | 1407 |
| 53500 | 441 | 721 | 944 | 1127 | 8800 | 484 | 787 |  | 1228 | 4400 | 52 | 847 | 1107 | 132 | 6940 | 55 | 90 | 18 | 1408 |
| 53600 | 442 | 722 | 946 | 129 | 58900 | 485 | 788 | 103 | 1230 | 64200 | 5 | 848 | 1109 | 132 | 9500 | 56 | 906 | 1 | 1410 |
| 53700 | 443 | 723 | 948 | 1131 | 59000 | 48 | 789 | 1033 | 123 | 4300 |  | 849 |  | , | 6960 | 560 | 90 | 18 | 1412 |
| 53800 | 444 | 725 | 949 | 1133 | 59100 | 486 | 791 | 1034 | 1234 | 64400 | 52 | 85 | 1111 | 13 | 69700 | 56 | 908 | 1186 | 1413 |
| 53900 | 444 | 726 | 951 | 1135 | 59200 | 48 | 792 | 1036 | 235 | 4500 | 525 | 85 | 1113 | 1320 | 69800 | 56 | 91 | 11 | 1415 |
| 54000 | 445 | 727 | 952 | 1137 | 59300 | 488 | 793 | 1037 | 1237 | 64600 | 526 | 853 | 1114 | 1328 | 69900 | 563 | 911 | 1189 | 1417 |
| 54100 | 446 | 728 | 954 | 1139 | 59400 | 488 | 794 | 1039 | 1239 | 64700 | 526 | 854 | 1116 | 1330 | 70000 | 563 | 912 | 1190 | 1419 |
| 54200 | 447 | 730 | 956 | 1141 | 59500 | 489 | 795 | 1040 | 1241 | 64800 | 527 | 855 | 1117 | 1331 | 70100 | 564 | 913 | 1192 | 1420 |
| 54300 | 448 | 731 | 957 | 1143 | 59600 | 490 | 796 | 1042 | 1242 | 64900 | 528 | 856 | 1118 | 133 | 70200 | 565 | 914 | 11 | 1422 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec ie ministère de la Justice.

| Incomed Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income! Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award! Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 70300 | 565 | 915 | 1195 | 1424 | 75600 | 603 | 974 | 1270 | 1513 | 80900 | 641 | 1033 | 1346 | 1603 | 86200 | 679 | 1092 | 1422 | 1692 |
| 70400 | 566 | 916 | 1196 | 1425 | 75700 | 604 | 975 | 1272 | 1515 | 81000 | 642 | 1034 | 1348 | 1604 | 86300 | 680 | 1093 | 1423 | 1694 |
| 70500 | 567 | 917 | 1198 | 1427 | 75800 | 605 | 976 | 1273 | 1516 | 81100 | 643 | 1035 | 1349 | 1606 | 86400 | 680 | 1094 | 1425 | 1695 |
| 70600 | 568 | 918 | 1199 | 1429 | 75900 | 605 | 977 | 1275 | 1518 | 81200 | 643 | 1036 | 1350 | 1608 | 86500 | 681 | 1095 | 1426 | 1697 |
| 70700 | 568 | 920 | 1200 | 1430 | 76000 | 606 | 978 | 1276 | 1520 | 81300 | 644 | 1037 | 1352 | 1609 | 86600 | 682 | 1096 | 1428 | 1699 |
| 70800 | 569 | 921 | 1202 | 1432 | 76100 | 607 | 980 | 1278 | 1522 | 81400 | 645 | 1038 | 1353 | 1611 | 86700 | 683 | 1097 | 1429 | 1700 |
| 70900 | 570 | 922 | 1203 | 1434 | 76200 | 608 | 981 | 1279 | 1523 | 81500 | 645 | 1040 | 1355 | 1613 | 86800 | 683 | 1098 | 1430 | 1702 |
| 71000 | 570 | 923 | 1205 | 1435 | 76300 | 608 | 982 | 1280 | 1525 | 81600 | 646 | 1041 | 1356 | 1614 | 86900 | 684 | 1100 | 1432 | 1704 |
| 71100 | 571 | 924 | 1206 | 1437 | 76400 | 609 | 983 | 1282 | 1527 | 81700 | 647 | 1042 | 1358 | 1616 | 87000 | 685 | 1101 | 1433 | 1706 |
| 71200 | 572 | 925 | 1208 | 1439 | 76500 | 610 | 984 | 1283 | 1528 | 81800 | 648 | 1043 | 1359 | 1618 | 87100 | 685 | 1102 | 1435 | 1707 |
| 71300 | 573 | 926 | 1209 | 1440 | 76600 | 610 | 985 | 1285 | 1530 | 81900 | 648 | 1044 | 1360 | 1619 | 87200 | 686 | 1103 | 1436 | 1709 |
| 71400 | 573 | 927 | 1210 | 1442 | 76700 | 611 | 986 | 1286 | 1532 | 82000 | 649 | 1045 | 1362 | 1621 | 87300 | 687 | 1104 | 1438 | 1711 |
| 71500 | 574 | 928 | 1212 | 1444 | 76800 | 612 | 987 | 1288 | 1533 | 82100 | 650 | 1046 | 1363 | 1623 | 87400 | 688 | 1105 | 1439 | 1712 |
| 71600 | 575 | 930 | 1213 | 1446 | 76900 | 613 | 988 | 1289 | 1535 | 82200 | 650 | 1047 | 1365 | 1625 | 87500 | 688 | 1106 | 1440 | 1714 |
| 71700 | 575 | 931 | 1215 | 1447 | 77000 | 613 | 990 | 1290 | 1537 | 82300 | 651 | 1048 | 1366 | 1626 | 87600 | 689 | 1107 | 1442 | 1716 |
| 71800 | 576 | 932 | 1216 | 1449 | 77100 | 614 | 991 | 1292 | 1538 | 82400 | 652 | 1050 | 1368 | 1628 | 87700 | 690 | 1108 | 1443 | 1717 |
| 71900 | 577 | 933 | 1218 | 1451 | 77200 | 615 | 992 | 1293 | 1540 | 82500 | 653 | 1051 | 1369 | 1630 | 87800 | 690 | 1110 | 1445 | 1719 |
| 72000 | 578 | 934 | 1219 | 1452 | 77300 | 615 | 993 | 1295 | 1542 | 82600 | 653 | 1052 | 1370 | 1631 | 87900 | 691 | 1111 | 1446 | 1721 |
| 72100 | 578 | 935 | 1220 | 1454 | 77400 | 616 | 994 | 1296 | 1543 | 82700 | 654 | 1053 | 1372 | 1633 | 88000 | 692 | 1112 | 1448 | 1722 |
| 72200 | 579 | 936 | 1222 | 1456 | 77500 | 617 | 995 | 1298 | 1545 | 82800 | 655 | 1054 | 1373 | 1635 | 88100 | 693 | 1113 | 1449 | 1724 |
| 72300 | 580 | 937 | 1223 | 1457 | 77600 | 618 | 996 | 1299 | 1547 | 82900 | 655 | 1055 | 1375 | 1636 | 88200 | 693 | 1114 | 1450 | 1726 |
| 72400 | 580 | 938 | 1225 | 1459 | 77700 | 618 | 997 | 1300 | 1549 | 83000 | 656 | 1056 | 1376 | 1638 | 88300 | 694 | 1115 | 1452 | 1727 |
| 72500 | 581 | 940 | 1226 | 1461 | 77800 | 619 | 998 | 1302 | 1550 | 83100 | 657 | 1057 | 1378 | 1640 | 88400 | 695 | 1116 | 1453 | 1729 |
| 72600 | 582 | 941 | 1228 | 1462 | 77900 | 620 | 1000 | 1303 | 1552 | 83200 | 658 | 1058 | 1379 | 1641 | 88500 | 695 | 1117 | 1455 | 1731 |
| 72700 | 583 | 942 | 1229 | 1464 | 78000 | 620 | 1001 | 1305 | 1554 | 83300 | 658 | 1060 | 1380 | 1643 | 88600 | 696 | 1118 | 1456 | 1733 |
| 72800 | 583 | 943 | 1230 | 1466 | 78100 | 621 | 1002 | 1306 | 1555 | 83400 | 659 | 1061 | 1382 | 1645 | 88700 | 697 | 1120 | 1458 | 1734 |
| 72900 | 584 | 944 | 1232 | 1467 | 78200 | 622 | 1003 | 1308 | 1557 | 83500 | 660 | 1062 | 1383 | 1646 | 88800 | 698 | 1121 | 1459 | 1736 |
| 73000 | 585 | 945 | 1233 | 1469 | 78300 | 623 | 1004 | 1309 | 1559 | 83600 | 660 | 1063 | 1385 | 1648 | 88900 | 698 | 1122 | 1460 | 1738 |
| 73100 | 585 | 946 | 1235. | 1471 | 78400 | 623 | 1005 | 1310 | 1560 | 83700 | 661 | 1064 | 1386 | 1650 | 89000 | 699 | 1123 | 1462 | 1739 |
| 73200 | 586 | 947 | 1236 | 1473 | 78500 | 624 | 1006 | 1312 | 1562 | 83800 | 662 | 1065 | 1388 | 1652 | 89100 | 700 | 1124 | 1463 | 1741 |
| 73300 | 587 | 948 | 1238 | 1474 | 78600 | 625 | 1007 | 1313 | 1564 | 83900 | 663 | 1066 | 1389 | 1653 | 89200 | 700 | 1125 | 1465 | 1743 |
| 73400 | 588 | 950 | 1239 | 1476 | 78700 | 625 | 1008 | 1315 | 1565 | 84000 | 663 | 1067 | 1390 | 1655 | 89300 | 701 | 1126 | 1466 | 1744 |
| 73500 | 588 | 951 | 1240 | 1478 | 78800 | 626 | 1010 | 1316 | 1567 | 84100 | 664 | 1068 | 1392 | 1657 | 89400 | 702 | 1127 | 1468 | 1746 |
| 73600 | 589 | 952 | 1242 | 1479 | 78900 | 627 | 1011 | 1318 | 1569 | 84200 | 665 | 1070 | 1393 | 1658 | 89500 | 703 | 1128 | 1469 | 1748 |
| 73700 | 590 | 953 | 1243 | 1481 | 79000 | 628 | 1012 | 1319 | 1570 | 84300 | 665 | 1071 | 1395 | 1660 | 89600 | 703 | 1130 | 1470 | 1749 |
| 73800 | 590 | 954 | 1245 | 1483 | 79100 | 628 | 1013 | 1320 | 1572 | 84400 | 666 | 1072 | 1396 | 1662 | 89700 | 704 | 1131 | 1472 | 1751 |
| 73900 | 591 | 955 | 1246 | 1484 | 79200 | 629 | 1014 | 1322 | 1574 | 84500 | 667 | 1073 | 1398 | 1663 | 89800 | 705 | 1132 | 1473 | 1753 |
| 74000 | 592 | 956 | 1248 | 1486 | 79300 | 630 | 1015 | 1323 | 1576 | 84600 | 668 | 1074 | 1399 | 1665 | 89900 | 705 | 1133 | 1475 | 1754 |
| 74100 | 593 | 957 | 1249 | 1488 | 79400 | 630 | 1016 | 1325 | 1577 | 84700 | 668 | 1075 | 1400 | 1667 | 90000 | 706 | 1134 | 1476 | 1756 |
| 74200 | 593 | 958 | 1250 | 1489 | 79500 | 631 | 1017 | 1326 | 1579 | 84800 | 669 | 1076 | 1402 | 1668 | 90100 | 707 | 1135 | 1478 | 1758 |
| 74300 | 594 | 960 | 1252 | 1491 | 79600 | 632 | 1018 | 1328 | 1581 | 84900 | 670 | 1077 | 1403 | 1670 | 90200 | 708 | 1136 | 1479 | 1760 |
| 74400 | 595 | 961 | 1253 | 1493 | 79700 | 633 | 1020 | 1329 | 1582 | 85000 | 670 | 1078 | 1405 | 1672 | 90300 | 708 | 1137 | 1480 | 1761 |
| 74500 | 595 | 962 | 1255 | 1495 | 79800 | 633 | 1021 | 1330 | 1584 | 85100 | 671 | 1080 | 1406 | 1673 | 90400 | 709 | 1138 | 1482 | 1763 |
| 74600 | 596 | 963 | 1256 | 1496 | 79900 | 634 | 1022 | 1332 | 1586 | 85200 | 672 | 1081 | 1408 | 1675 | 90500 | 710 | 1140 | 1483 | 1765 |
| 74700 | 597 | 964 | 1258 | 1498 | 80000 | 635 | 1023 | 1333 | 1587 | 85300 | 673 | 1082 | 1409 | 1677 | 90600 | 710 | 1141 | 1485 | 1766 |
| 74800 | 598 | 965 | 1259 | 1500 | 80100 | 635 | 1024 | 1335 | 1589 | 85400 | 673 | 1083 | 1410 | 1679 | 90700 | 711 | 1142 | 1486 | 1768 |
| 74900 | 598 | 966 | 1260 | 1501 | 80200 | 636 | 1025 | 1336 | 1591 | 85500 | 674 | 1084 | 1412 | 1680 | 90800 | 712 | 1143 | 1488 | 1770 |
| 75000 | 599 | 967 | 1262 | 1503 | 80300 | 637 | 1026 | 1338 | 1592 | 85600 | 675 | 1085 | 1413 | 1682 | 90900 | 713 | 1144 | 1489 | 1771 |
| 75100 | 600 | 968 | 1263 | 1505 | 80400 | 638 | 1027 | 1339 | 1594 | 85700 | 675 | 1086 | 1415 | 1684 | 91000 | 713 | 1145 | 1490 | 1773 |
| 75200 | 600 | 970 | 1265 | 1506 | 80500 | 638 | 1028 | 1340 | 1596 | 85800 | 676 | 1087 | 1416 | 1685 | 91100 | 714 | 1146 | 1492 | 1775 |
| 75300 | 601 | 971 | 1266 | 1508 | 80600 | 639 | 1030 | 1342 | 1597 | 85900 | 677 | 1088 | 1418 | 1687 | 91200 | 715 | 1147 | 1493 | 1776 |
| 75400 | 602 | 972 | 1268 | 1510 | 80700 | 640 | 1031 | 1343 | 1599 | 86000 | 678 | 1090 | 1419 | 1689 | 91300 | 715 | 1148 | 1495 | 1778 |
| 75500 | 60 | 73 | 1269 | 151 | 80800 | 640 | 103 | 1345 | 1601 | 86100 | 678 | 1091 | 1420 | 1690 | 91400 | 716 | 1150 | 1496 | 1780 |

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Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensue (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ven |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91500 | 717 | 115 | 98 | 1782 | 96800 | 752 | 206 | 1570 | 1867 | 102100 | 88 | 1263 | 643 | 1954 | 107400 | 825 | 1320 | 1716 | 2040 |
| 91600 |  | 1152 | 1499 | 1783 | 96900 | 753 | 1207 | 1571 | 1869 | 102200 | 789 | 1264 | 1644 | 1955 | 107500 | 826 | 1321 | 1718 | 2042 |
| 91700 |  |  | 1500 | 1785 | 97000 |  |  | 1573 | 187 | 02300 |  |  | 16 | 195 | 10760 | 826 |  |  | 04 |
| 918 |  |  |  |  | 97100 |  |  |  |  | 024 |  |  | 1647 |  | 0770 |  |  |  | 2045 |
| 91900 | 720 |  |  | 178 | 97200 | 755 |  | 15 | 18 | 1025 | 791 |  | 1649 | 196 | 107800 | 828 | 1324 | 172 | 2047 |
| 92000 | 20 | 1156 | 1505 | 1790 | 97300 | 55 | 12 | 1577 | 1875 | 102600 | 92 | 1269 | 16 | 1962 | 10790 | 82 | 1326 | 17 | 2048 |
| 92 | 721 | 11 | 1506 | 1792 | 97400 | 56 | 1213 | 1578 | 1877 | 102700 | 93 | 1270 | 16 | 196 | 10800 | 82 | 1327 | 1724 | 2050 |
| 92 | 22 | 115 | 150 | 179 | 7500 | 757 | 1214 | 1580 | 187 | 102800 | 93 | 1271 | 16 | 1965 | 10 | 83 | 1328 | 1726 | 2052 |
| 92300 | 723 | 116 | 150 | 179 | 97600 | 757 | 1215 | 1581 | 188 | 1029 | 794 | 1272 | 165 | 196 | 820 | 83 | 1329 | 1727 | 53 |
| 92400 | 723 | 11 | 1510 | 1797 | 97700 | 758 | 1216 | 1582 | 18 | 10300 | 795 | 1273 | 16 | 1968 | 108300 | 831 | 1330 | 1729 | 2055 |
| 92500 |  | 1162 | 1512 | 1798 | 97800 | 759 |  | 1584 | 1884 | 03100 | 95 |  |  | 1970 | 108400 | 832 |  |  | 2057 |
| 92600 | 725 |  | 1513 |  | 7900 |  |  |  |  | 03200 |  |  |  |  | 08500 |  |  | 1731 | 2058 |
| 92700 | 725 | 1164 | 15 | 1802 | 88000 | 60 |  | 1586 | 188 | 103300 | 97 | 1276 | 1660 | 1973 | 108600 | 833 |  | 1733 | 2060 |
| 92800 | 726 | 1165 | 1516 | 1803 | 8100 | 761 | 1220 | 15 | 188 | 103 | 797 | 1277 | 1661 | 1975 | 108700 | 83 | 13 | 17 | 2061 |
| 92900 | 727 | 1166 | 1517 | 1805 | 8200 | 762 | 1221 | 158 | 189 | 1035 | 798 | 1278 | 1662 | 197 | 10880 | 835 | 1335 | 17 | 2063 |
| 93000 | 727 | 1167 | 15 | 1807 | 98300 |  |  | 159 | 188 | 036 | 99 |  |  | 197 | 10890 | 835 |  | 17 | 2065 |
| 93100 |  | 1168 | 1520 | 1808 | 8400 |  |  |  | 189 | 10370 | 00 |  |  | 198 | 900 |  |  | 173 | 06 |
| 93200 | 729 | 1169 | 1521 |  | 8500 |  |  |  | 189 | 103800 |  |  |  |  | 109100 |  |  |  | 2068 |
| 93 | 729 | 117 | 1523 | 1811 | 98600 |  |  |  |  | 103900 |  |  |  |  | 109200 |  |  | 174 | 2070 |
| 93400 | 730 | 117 | 15 | 18 | 987 | 765 |  | 1596 | 18 | 10400 | 802 | 1284 | 1669 | 198 | 109300 | 83 | 1341 | 17 | 2071 |
| 93500 | 731 | 1172 | 1525 | 18 | 8800 | 766 |  | 1597 | 190 | 0410 | 802 |  | 1671 | 198 | 0940 | 839 | 1342 | 1744 | 2073 |
| 3600 | 731 | 1173 | 152 | 1816 | 9900 | 766 |  | 159 | 190 | 104200 | 803 |  | 16 | 198 | 10950 | 840 | 1343 | 174 | 07 |
| 93700 | 732 | 1174 | 15 | 1818 | 99000 | 767 | 1230 | 1600 | 19 | 10430 | 804 | 1287 | 1673 | 199 | 0960 | 840 | 1344 | 17 | 2076 |
| 93800 | 732 | 1175 | 1529 | 1819 | 99100 | 768 |  | 1602 | 1905 | 104400 | 804 | 1288 | 1675 | 199 | 70 |  | 1345 | 17 | 2078 |
| 93900 |  | 1176 | 153 | 1821 | 200 |  |  | 160 | 190 | 104500 | 80 |  |  | 199 | 109800 |  | 1346 | 17 | 07 |
| 94000 |  | 1177 | 1532 |  | 300 |  |  |  |  | 104600 |  |  |  | 199 | 109900 |  | 1347 | 175 | 20 |
| 94100 | 73 | 11 | 15 | 18 | 9400 | 70 |  |  | 191 | 104700 | 06 |  |  | 19 | 110000 | 843 | 1348 | 175 | 2083 |
| 94200 | 73 | 179 | 1535 | 182 | 99500 | 771 |  | 16 | 19 | 0480 | 807 | 1292 | 1680 | 199 | 110100 | 84 | 1349 | 17 | 208 |
| 943 | 36 | 1180 | 1536 | 1827 | 99600 | 71 | 123 | 1609 | 191 | 104900 | 808 | 1293 | 168 | 199 | 110200 | 84 | 1350 | 175 | 2086 |
| 944 | 736 | 1181 | 1537 | 18 | 99700 | 772 | 123 | 1610 | 1 | 5000 | 808 | 1294 | 1683 | 200 | 11030 | 845 | 1351 | 17 | 2088 |
| 94500 | 737 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 94 |  |  |  |  | 99900 |  |  |  |  | 52 |  |  |  |  | 11050 |  |  |  | 2091 |
| 9470 | 738 |  |  |  | 0000 |  |  |  |  | 10530 |  |  |  | 200 | 1060 |  |  |  | 2092 |
| 94800 | 739 | 1185 |  | 1835 | 100100 |  |  |  | 1921 | 105400 |  |  |  | 200 | 110700 |  |  |  | 2094 |
| 94 | 739 | 18 | 1544 | 1837 | 10020 | 77 | 1243 | 161 | 1 | 105500 | 812 | 1300 | 1690 | 200 | 110800 | 84 | 1357 | 1763 | 2096 |
| 950 | 740 | 1187 | 1545 | 1838 | 1003 | 776 | 1244 | 1618 | 192 | 105600 | 813 | 1301 | 169 | 201 | 11090 | 849 | 1358 | 17 | 209 |
| 95100 | 741 | 1189 | 15 | 1840 | 100400 | 777 | 1245 | 1620 | 192 | 10570 | 813 | 1302 | 1693 | 20 | 11100 | 850 | 1359 | 1766 | 209 |
| 95200 |  | 1190 | 1548 | 1842 | 00500 | 777 | 1246 | 1621 | 19 | 588 | 814 | 1303 | 1694 | 201 | 11110 | 85 | 1360 | 17 | 2101 |
| 95300 |  |  |  |  | 100600 | 778 |  |  | 192 | 105900 | 815 | 304 | 16 | 201 | 111200 | 85 | 1361 | 17 | 2102 |
| 95400 | 743 | 11 | 1551 | 18 | 100700 | 779 | 1248 | 1624 | 1931 | 106000 | 815 | 1305 | 1697 | 20 | 111300 | 852 | 1362 | 177 | 210 |
| 95500 | 743 | 1193 |  |  | 10080 | 779 |  | 16 |  | 10610 |  |  | 1698 | 201 | 11 | 85 |  | 177 | 2106 |
| 95600 | 744 | 1194 | 53 | 1848 | 1009 | 780 | 125 | 16 | 193 | 106 | 817 | 1307 | 1700 | 202 | 11 | 85 |  | 17 | 107 |
| 95700 | 744 | 1195 | 1555 | 1849 | 100 | 781 |  | 162 | 1936 | 300 | 817 | 1308 | 170 | 202 | 11160 | 854 | 1365 | 177 | 109 |
| 5800 | 745 | 1196 | 1556 | 1851 | 101100 | 782 |  | 1629 | 193 | 106400 | 818 | 1309 | 170 | 202 | 111700 | 855 | 1366 | 1776 | 2110 |
| 5900 |  | 1197 | 1557 | 1853 | 1200 | 782 |  | 1631 | 1939 | 106500 | 819 | 1310 | 1704 | 202 | 111800 | 855 | 136 | 177 | 2112 |
| 96000 |  | 11 |  | 18 | 130 |  |  | 163 | 1941 | 106600 | 820 | 1312 | 1705 | 202 | 111900 | 856 | 1368 | 1778 | 114 |
| 96100 |  | 1199 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 106700 | 20 | 1313 |  | 202 | 12000 | 65 | 1 | 178 | 215 |
| 96200 |  | 1200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1781 | 2117 |
| 9630 | 748 | 12 |  | 1859 | 101600 |  |  |  | 1946 | 106900 | 822 | 1315 |  |  | 112200 | 858 |  |  | 211 |
| 96400 | 749 | 120 | 15 | 18 | 101700 | 786 |  |  |  | 107000 | 822 | 1316 |  | 203 | 112300 | 859 | 137 | 178 | 2120 |
| 96500 | 750 | 1203 | 1566 | 1862 | 101800 | 786 |  | 1639 | 19 | 107100 | 23 | 1317 | 12 | 20 | 112400 | 860 | 1374 | 178 | 2122 |
| 96600 | 751 | 1204 | 1567 | 1864 | 101900 | 787 | 12 | 1640 | 1951 | 107200 | 824 | 1318 | 1713 | 2037 | 112500 | 860 | 1375 | 1787 | 2123 |
| 96700 | 751 | 12 | 15 | 1866 | 102000 | 788 | 1262 | 1642 | 1952 | 107300 | 824 | 1319 | 171 | 203 | 112600 | 861 | 1376 | 178 | 2125 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). 11 existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseiguements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Income | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ | Monthly Award Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) | 1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }} \mathrm{d} \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Revenu |  | $2$ |  | $4$ | Revenu <br> (\$) | $1$ | $2$ |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { O. of } \\ \mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }} \mathrm{d}^{\prime} \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | Childr 'enfan <br> 3 | $6$ |
| 1 | 862 | 1377 | 1789 | 2127 | 11 | 898 | 1434 | 1863 | 2213 | 123300 | 935 | 1491 | 1936 | 2300 | 128600 | 971 | 1548 | 2009 | 2386 |
| 112800 | 862 | 1378 | 1791 | 2128 | 118100 | 899 | 1435 | 1864 | 2215 | 123400 | 935 | 1492 | 1937 | 2301 | 128700 | 972 | 1549 | 2010 | 2388 |
| 112900 | 863 | 1379 | 1792 | 2130 | 118200 | 900 | 1436 | 1865 | 2216 | 123500 | 936 | 1493 | 1938 | 2303 | 128800 | 973 | 1550 | 2012 | 2389 |
| 113000 | 864 | 1380 | 1794 | 2132 | 118300 | 900 | 1437 | 1867 | 2218 | 123600 | 937 | 1494 | 1940 | 2305 | 128900 | 973 | 1551 | 2013 | 2391 |
| 113100 | 864 | 1381 | 1795 | 2133 | 118400 | 901 | 1438 | 1868 | 2220 | 123700 | 938 | 1495 | 1941 | 2306 | 129000 | 974 | 1552 | 2014 | 2393 |
| 113200 | 865 | 1382 | 1796 | 2135 | 118500 | 902 | 1439 | 1869 | 2221 | 123800 | 93 | 1496 | 19 | 2308 | 129100 | 975 | 1553 | 2016 | 2394 |
| 113300. | 866 | 1383 | 1798 | 2137 | 118600 | 902 | 1440 | 18 | 22 | 12390 | 93 | 14 | 194 | 2309 | 129 | 976 | 1554 | 2017 | 2396 |
| 113400 | 866 | 1385 | 1799 | 2138 | 118700 | 903 | 14 | 18 | 22 | 124000 | 940 | 1498 | 1945 | 2311 | 129300 | 976 | 1555 | 2019 | 2398 |
| 113500 | 867 | 1386 | 1800 | 2140 | 118800 | 90 | 1443 | 18 | 2226 | 124100 | 940 | 1499 | 1947 | 2313 | 129400 | 977 | 1556 | 2020 | 2399 |
| 113600 | 868 | 138 | 1802 | 2141 | 118900 | 904 | 1444 | 1875 | 2228 | 124200 | 941 | 1501 | 1948 | 2314 | 129500 | 978 | 1557 | 2021 | 2401 |
| 113700 | 86 | 13 | 18 | 21 | 00 | 905 | 1445 | 18 | 2230 | 124300 | 942 | 1502 | 1950 | 2316 | 129600 | 978 | 1559 | 2023 | 2402 |
| 113800 | 869 | 138 | 1805 | 21 | 119100 | 906 | 1446 | 1878 | 2231 | 124400 | 942 | 1503 | 1951 | 2318 | 129700 | 979 | 1560 | 2024 | 2404 |
| 113900 | 870 | 1390 | 1806 | 2146 | 119200 | 907 | 1447 | 1879 | 2233 | 124500 | 943 | 1504 | 1952 | 2319 | 129800 | 980 | 1561 | 2025 | 2406 |
| 114000 | 871 | 1391 | 1807 | 2148 | 119300 | 907 | 1448 | 1880 | 2234 | 124600 | 944 | 1505 | 1954 | 2321 | 129900 | 980 | 1562 | 2027 | 2407 |
| 114100 | 871 | 1392 | 1809 | 2150 | 119400 | 908 | 1449 | 1882 | 2236 | 124700 | 944 | 1506 | 1955 | 2323 | 130000 | 981 | 1563 | 2028 | 2409 |
| 114200 | 872 | 1393 | 1810 | 2151 | 119500 | 909 | 1450 | 1883 | 2238 | 124800 | 945 | 1507 | 1956 | 2324 | 130100 | 982 | 1564 | 2030 | 2411 |
| 114300 | 873 | 1394 | 1811 | 2153 | 119600 | 909 | 1451 | 1885 | 2239 | 124900 | 946 | 1508 | 1958 | 2326 | 130200 | 982 | 1565 | 2031 | 2412 |
| 114400 | 873 | 1395 | 1813 | 215 | 119700 | 91 | 1452 | 1886 | 2241 | 125000 | 94 | 1509 | 1959 | 2327 | 130300 | 983 | 1566 | 2032 | 2414 |
| 114500 | 874 | 1396 | 18 | 215 | 119800 | 91 | 145 | 1887 | 2243 | 1251 | 947 | 151 | 196 | 2329 | 1304 | 984 | 1567 | 2034 | 2416 |
| 114600 | 875 | 1397 | 1816 | 2158 | 119900 | 91 | 1454 | 1889 | 22 | 125200 | 948 | 15 | 1962 | 23 | 130500 | 985 | 1568 | 2035 | 417 |
| 11 | 87 | 1399 | 1817 | 2159 | 120000 | 91 | 1455 | 1890 | 2246 | 12 | 949 | 1512 | 1963 | 2332 | 13060 | 985 | 1569 | 2036 | 2419 |
| 114800 | 876 | 1400 | 1818 | 216 | 120100 | 91 | 1457 | 1892 | 2247 | 125400 | 949 | 1513 | 1965 | 2334 | 130700 | 986 | 1570 | 2038 | 2420 |
| 114900 | 877 | 1401 | 1820 | 2163 | 120200 | 913 | 1458 | 1893 | 2249 | 125500 | 950 | 1514 | 1966 | 2336 | 130800 | 987 | 1571 | 2039 | 2422 |
| 115000 | 878 | 1402 | 1821 | 2164 | 120300 | 914 | 1459 | 1894 | 2251 | 125600 | 95 | 1516 | 1967 | 2337 | 130900 | 987 | 1572 | 2041 | 2424 |
| 115100 | 878 | 1403 | 1823 | 2166 | 120400 | 915 | 1460 | 1896 | 2252 | 125700 | 95 | 1517 | 1969 | 2339 | 131000 | 988 | 1574 | 2042 | 2425 |
| 115200 | 879 | 1404 | 1824 | 2168 | 120500 | 915 | 1461 | 1897 | 2254 | 125800 | 952 | 1518 | 1970 | 2340 | 131100 | 989 | 1575 | 2043 | 2427 |
| 115300 | 880 | 1405 | 1825 | 2169 | 120600 | 916 | 1462 | 1898 | 2256 | 125900 | 953 | 1519 | 1972 | 2342 | 131200 | 989 | 1576 | 2045 | 2429 |
| 115400 | 880 | 1406 | 1827 | 217 | 120700 | 917 | 1463 | 1900 | 2257 | 126000 | 953 | 1520 | 1973 | 2344 | 131300 | 990 | 1577 | 2046 | 2430 |
| 115500 | 881 | 1407 | 1828 | 2172 | 120800 | 918 | 1464 | 1901 | 2259 | 126100 | 954 | 1521 | 1974 | 2345 | 131400 | 991 | 1578 | 2048 | 2432 |
| 115600 | 882 | 1408 | 1829 | 2174 | 120900 | 918 | 1465 | 1903 | 2261 | 126200 | 955 | 1522 | 1976 | 2347 | 131500 | 991 | 1579 | 2049 | 2433 |
|  | 88 | 14 | 1831 | 2176 | 121000 | 9 | 1466 | 1904 | 22 | 126300 | 956 | 1523 | 1977 | 23 | 131600 | 992 | 1580 | 2050 | 2435 |
| 115800 | 883 | 1410 | 1832 | 2177 | 121100 | 920 | 1467 | 1905 | 2264 | 126400 | 956 | 1524 | 1979 | 2350 | 131700 | 993 | 1581 | 2052 | 2437 |
| 115900 | 884 | 1411 | 1834 | 2179 | 121200 | 920 | 1468 | 1907 | 2265 | 126500 | 957 | 1525 | 1980 | 2352 | 131800 | 993 | 1582 | 2053 | 2438 |
| 116000 | 884 | 1412 | 1835 | 2181 | 121300 | 921 | 1469 | 1908 | 2267 | 126600 | 958 | 1526 | 1981 | 2354 | 131900 | 994 | 1583 | 2054 | 2440 |
| 116100 | 885 | 1414 | 1836 | 2182 | 121400 | 922 | 1470 | 1909 | 2269 | 126700 | 958 | 1527 | 1983 | 2355 | 132000 | 995 | 1584 | 2056 | 2442 |
| 116200 | 886 | 1415 | 1838 | 2184 | 121500 | 92 | 1472 | 1911 | 2270 | 126800 | 959 | 1528 | 1984 | 2357 | 132100 | 996 | 1585 | 2057 | 2443 |
| 116300 | 886 | 1416 | 1839 | 2185 | 121600 | 923 | 1473 | 1912 | 2272 | 126900 | 960 | 1530 | 1985 | 2358 | 132200 | 996 | 1586 | 2059 | 2445 |
| 116400 | 887 | 1417 | 1840 | 2187 | 121700 | 924 | 1474 | 1914 | 2274 | 127000 | 960 | 1531 | 1987 | 2360 | 132300 | 997 | 1588 | 2060 | 2447 |
| 116500 | 888 | 1418 | 1842 | 2189 | 121800 | 924 | 1475 | 1915 | 2275 | 127100 | 961 | 1532 | 1988 | 2362 | 132400 | 998 | 1589 | 2061 | 2448 |
| 116600 | 889 | 1419 | 1843 | 2190 | 121900 | 925 | 1476 | 1916 | 2277 | 127200 | 962 | 1533 | 1990 | 2363 | 132500 | 998 | 1590 | 2063 | 2450 |
| 116700 | 889 | 1420 | 1845 | 2192 | 122000 | 926 | 1477 | 1918 | 2278 | 127300 | 962 | 1534. | 1991 | 2365 | 132600 | 999 | 1591 | 2064 | 2451 |
| 116800 | 890 | 1421 | 1846 | 2194 | 122100 | 927 | 1478 | 1919 | 2280 | 127400 | 963 | 1535 | 1992 | 2367 | 132700 | 1000 | 1592 | 2065 | 2453 |
| 116900 | 891 | 1422 | 1847 | 2195 | 122200 | 927 | 1479 | 1921 | 2282 | 127500 | 964 | 1536 | 1994 | 2368 | 132800 | 1000 | 1593 | 2067 | 2455 |
| 117000 | 891 | 1423 | 1849 | 2197 | 122300 | 92 | 1480 | 1922 | 2283 | 127600 | 96 | 1537 | 1995 | 2370 | 132900 | 1001 | 1594 | 2068 | 2456 |
| 117100 | 892 | 1424 | 1850 | 2199 | 122400 | 92 | 1481 | 1923 | 2285 | 127700 | 965 | 1538 | 1996 | 2371 | 133000 | 1002 | 1595 | 2070 | 2458 |
| 117200 | 893 | 1425 | 1851 | 2200 | 122500 | 929 | 1482 | 1925 | 2287 | 127800 | 966 | 1539 | 1998 | 2373 | 133100 | 1002 | 1596 | 207 | 2460 |
| 117300 | 893 | 1426 | 1853 | 2202 | 122600 | 930 | 1483 | 1926 | 2288 | 127900 | 967 | 1540 | 1999 | 2375 | 133200 | 1003 | 1597 | 2072 | 2461 |
| 117400 | 894 | 1428 | 1854 | 2203 | 122700 | 931 | 1484 | 1927 | 2290 | 128000 | 967 | 1541 | 2001 | 2376 | 133300 | 1004 | 1598 | 207 | 2463 |
| 117500 | 895 | 1429 | 1856 | 2205 | 122800 | 931 | 1485 | 1929 | 2292 | 128100 | 968 | 1542 | 2002 | 2378 | 133400 | 1005 | 1599 | 2075 | 2464 |
| 117600 | 895 | 1430 | 1857 | 2207 | 122900 | 932 | 1487 | 1930 | 2293 | 128200 | 969 | 1543 | 2003 | 2380 | 133500 | 1005 | 1600 | 2077 | 2466 |
| 117700 | 896 | 1431 | 1858 | 2208 | 123000 | 933 | 1488 | 1932 | 2295 | 128300 | 969 | 1545 | 2005 | 2381 | 133600 | 1006 | 1601 | 2078 | 2468 |
| 117800 | 897 | 1432 | 1860 | 2210 | 123100 | 933 | 1489 | 1933 | 2296 | 128400 | 970 | 1546 | 2006 | 2383 | 133700 | 1007 | 1603 | 2079 | 2469 |
| 117900 | 898 | 1433 | 1861 | 2212 | 123200 | 934 | 1490 | 1934 | 2298 | 128500 | 971 | 1547 | 2008 | 2385 | 133800 | 1007 | 1604 | 2081 | 2471 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
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Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel(\$)No. of Chlldren/ <br> $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Income) Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensue!(\$)No, of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$N^{b r e} d^{\prime}$ enfants |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 133900 | 1008 | 1605 | 2082 | 2473 | 138000 | 36 | 1649 | 2139 | 25 |  | 142100 | 5 | 16 | 2195 | 26 | 146200 | 1093 | , | 2252 | 73 |
| 134000 | 100 | 1606 | 2083 | 247 | 1381 | 1037 | 1650 | 214 | 25 | 14 | 1065 | 16 | 2197 | 26 | 146300 | 1094 | 1738 | 2253 | 75 |
| 134100 | 1009 | 1607 | 2085 | 2476 | 138200 | 1038 | 1651 | 2141 | 2543 | 142300 | 1066 | 1695 | 2198 | 26 | 146400 | 1094 | 1739 | 2255 | 77 |
| 134200 | 1010 | 1608 | 2086 | 2478 | 138300 | 1038 | 1652 | 2143 | 2544 | 142400 | 1067 | 1696 | 2199 | 2611 | 146500 | 1095 | 1740 | 2256 | 2678 |
| 134300 | 1011 | 1609 | 2088 | 2479 | 138400 | 1039 | 1653 | 2144 | 2546 | 142500 | 1067 | 1697 | 2201 | 2613 | 146600 | 1096 | 1741 | 2257 | 2680 |
| 134400 | 1011 | 1610 | 2089 | 2481 | 138500 | 1040 | 1654 | 2146 | 2548 | 142600 | 1068 | 1698 | 2202 | 2615 | 146700 | 1096 | 1742 | 2259 | 2681 |
| 134500 | 1012 | 1611 | 2090 | 2482 | 138600 | 1040 | 1655 | 2147 | 2549 | 142700 | 1069 | 1699 | 2204 | 26 | 146800 | 1097 | 1743 | 2260 | 2683 |
| 134600 | 1013 | 1612 | 2092 | 2484 | 138700 | 1041 | 1656 | 2148 | 2551 | 142800 | 1069 | 1700 | 2205 | 261 | 146900 | 1098 | 1744 | 2262 | 2685 |
| 134700 | 1013 | 1613 | 2093 | 2486 | 138800 | 1042 | 1657 | 2150 | 2553 | 142900 | 1070 | 1701 | 2206 | 261 | 147000 | 1098 | 1745 | 2263 | 2686 |
| 134800 | 1014 | 1614 | 209 | 2487 | 138900 | 1042 | 1658 | 215 | 2554 | 143000 | 1071 | 1702 | 2208 | 26 | 147100 | 1099 | 1746 | 2264 | 8 |
| 134900 | 1015 | 1615 | 2096 | 2489 | 139000 | 3 | 1659 | 21 | 25 | 143100 | 1071 | 1703 | 2209 | 26 | 7200 | 100 | 1747 | 2266 | 0 |
| 135000 | 1016 | 1616 | 2097 | 2491 | 139100 | 1044 | 1661 | 215 | 2557 | 143200 | 1072 | 1705 | 2210 | 262 | 147300 | 1100 | 1749 | 2267 | 2691 |
| 135100 | 1016 | 1618 | 2099 | 2492 | 139200 | 1045 | 1662 | 2155 | 2559 | 143300 | 1073 | 1706 | 2212 | 2626 | 147400 | 1101 | 1750 | 2268 | 2693 |
| 135200 | 1017 | 1619 | 2100 | 2494 | 139300 | 1045 | 1663 | 2157 | 2561 | 143400 | 1074 | 1707 | 2213 | 2628 | 147500 | 1102 | 1751 | 2270 | 2695 |
| 135300 | 1018 | 1620 | 2101 | 2495 | 139400 | 1046 | 1664 | 2158 | 2562 | 143500 | 1074 | 1708 | 2215 | 2629 | 147600 | 1103 | 1752 | 2271 | 2696 |
| 135400 | 1018 | 1621 | 2103 | 2497 | 139500 | 1047 | 1665 | 2159 | 2564 | 143600 | 1075 | 1709 | 2216 | 2631 | 147700 | 1103 | 1753 | 2273 | 2698 |
| 135500 | 1019 | 1622 | 2104 | 2499 | 139600 | 1047 | 1666 | 2161 | 2566 | 143700 | 1076 | 1710 | 2217 | 2633 | 147800 | 1104 | 1754 | 2274 | 2699 |
| 135600 | 1020 | 1623 | 2106 | 2500 | 139700 | 1048 | 1667 | 2162 | 2567 | 143800 | 1076 | 1711 | 2219 | 2634 | 147900 | 1105 | 1755 | 2275 | 701 |
| 135700 | 1020 | 1624 | 2107 | 2502 | 139800 | 1049 | 1668 | 2164 | 2569 | 143900 | 1077 | 1712 | 2220 | 2636 | 148000 | 1105 | 1756 | 2277 | 2703 |
| 135800 | 1021 | 1625 | 2108 | 2504 | 139900 | 1049 | 1669 | 2165 | 2571 | 144000 | 1078 | 1713 | 2221 | 263 | 148100 | 1106 | 1757 | 2278 | 2704 |
| 135900 | 1022 | 1626 | 2110 | 2505 | 140000 | 1050 | 1670 | 2166 | 2572 | 144100 | 1078 | 1714 | 2223 | 263 | 148200 | 107 | 1758 | 2279 | 06 |
| 136000 | 1022 | 1627 | 2111 | 2507 | 140100 | 1051 | 1671 | 2168 | 2574 | 144200 | 1079 | 1715 | 2224 | 264 | 148300 | 1107 | 1759 | 2281 | 2708 |
| 136100 | 1023 | 1628 | 2112 | 2509 | 140200 | 1051 | 1672 | 2169 | 2575 | 144300 | 1080 | 1716 | 2226 | 2642 | 148400 | 1108 | 1760 | 2282 | 2709 |
| 136200 | 1024 | 1629 | 2114 | 2510 | 140300 | 1052 | 1673 | 2170 | 2577 | 144400 | 1080 | 1717 | 2227 | 264 | 148500 | 1109 | 1761 | 2284 | 27 |
| 136300 | 1025 | 1630 | 2115 | 2512 | 140400 | 1053 | 1674 | 2172 | 2579 | 144500 | 1081 | 1719 | 2228 | 2646 | 148600 | 1109 | 1763 | 2285 | 2712 |
| 136400 | 1025 | 1632 | 2117 | 2513 | 140500 | 1054 | 1676 | 2173 | 2580 | 144600 | 1082 | 1720 | 2230 | 2647 | 148700 | 1110 | 1764 | 2286 | 2714 |
| 136500 | 1026 | 1633 | 2118 | 2515 | 140600 | 1054 | 1677 | 2175 | 2582 | 144700 | 1083 | 1721 | 2231 | 2649 | 148800 | 1111 | 1765 | 2288 | 2716 |
| 136600 | 1027 | 1634 | 2119 | 2517 | 140700 | 1055 | 1678 | 2176 | 2584 | 144800 | 1083 | 1722 | 2233 | 2650 | 148900 | 1112 | 1766 | 2289 | 2717 |
| 136700 | 1027 | 1635 | 2121 | 2518 | 140800 | 1056 | 1679 | 2177 | 2585 | 144900 | 1084 | 1723 | 2234 | 2652 | 149000 | 1112 | 1767 | 2291 | 2719 |
| 136800 | 1028 | 1636 | 2122 | 2520 | 140900 | 1056 | 1680 | 2179 | 2587 | 145000 | 1085 | 1724 | 2235 | 2654 | 149100 | 1113 | 1768 | 2292 | 2721 |
| 136900 | 1029 | 1637 | 2123 | 2522 | 141000 | 1057 | 1681 | 2180 | 2588 | 145100 | 1085 | 1725 | 2237 | 2655 | 149200 | 1114 | 1769 | 2293 | 22 |
| 137000 | 1029 | 1638 | 2125 | 2523 | 141100 | 1058 | 1682 | 2181 | 2590 | 145200 | 1086 | 1726 | 2238 | 2657 | 149300 | 1114 | 1770 | 2295 | 2724 |
| 137100 | 1030 | 1639 | 2126 | 2525 | 141200 | 1058 | 1683 | 2183 | 2592 | 145300 | 1087 | 1727 | 2239 | 2659 | 149400 | 1115 | 1771 | 2296 | 2726 |
| 137200 | 1031 | 1640 | 2128 | 2526 | 141300 | 1059 | 1684 | 2184 | 2593 | 145400 | 1087 | 1728 | 2241 | 2660 | 149500 | 1116 | 1772 | 2297 | 272 |
| 137300 | 1031 | 1641 | 2129 | 2528 | 141400 | 1060 | 1685 | 2186 | 2595 | 145500 | 1088 | 1729 | 2242 | 2662 | 149600 | 1116 | 1773 | 2299 | 2729 |
| 137400 | 1032 | 1642 | 2130 | 2530 | 141500 | 1060 | 1686 | 2187 | 2597 | 145600 | 1089 | 1730 | 2244 | 2664 | 149700 | 1117 | 1774 | 2300 | 2730 |
| 137500 | 1033 | 1643 | 2132 | 2531 | 141600 | 1061 | 1687 | 2188 | 2598 | 145700 | 1089 | 1731 | 2245 | 2665 | 149800 | 1118 | 1775 | 2302 | 732 |
| 137600 | 1034 | 1644 | 2133 | 2533 | 141700 | 1062 | 1688 | 2190 | 2600 | 145800 | 1090 | 1732 | 2246 | 2667 | 149900 | 1118 | 1776 | 2303 | 2734 |
| 137700 | 1034 | 1645 | 2135 | 2535 | 141800 | 1063 | 1690 | 2191 | 2602 | 145900 | 1091 | 1734 | 2248 | 2668 | 150000 | 1119 | 1778 | 2304 | 2735 |
| 137800 | 1035 | 1647 | 2136 | 2536 | 141900 | 1063 | 1691 | 2192 | 2603 | 146000 | 1091 | 1735 | 2249 | 2670 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1036 | 1648 | 2137 | 2538 | 142000 | 1064 | 1692 | 2194 | 2605 | 146100 | 1092 | 1736 | 2250 | 2672 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child/ un enfant | two chilidren/ deux enfants | three children/ trois enfants | four childrenl quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1119 plus 0.69\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1778 plus 1.07\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 2304 \text { plus 1.38\% } \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2735 \text { plus } 1.63 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 1119 \text { plus } 0,69 \% \\ \text { du revenu dépassant } 150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1778 plus 1,07\% du revenu dépassant 150 000\$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} 2304 \text { plus 1,38\% } \\ \text { du revenu dépassant } 150 \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$ | 2735 plus 1,63\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseigniements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuei(\$)No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ <br> Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) <br> No. of Children $/$ <br> $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants <br> d |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel(\$)No. of Chifdren/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \mathbf{d}^{\text {C'enfants }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3. | 4 |  | 1 | - | 3 | 4 |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 79 | 142 | 164 | 186 | 17300 | 129 | 235 | 322 | 366 | 22600 | 187 | 319 | 425 | 511 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12100 | 80 | 144 | 167 | 189 | 17400 | 130 | 236 | 325 | 370 | 22700 | 188 | 321 | 427 | 513 |
| 6900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12200 | 81 | 147 | 170 | 192 | 17500 | 131 | 238 | 326 | 373 | 22800 | 189 | 322 | 429 | 516 |
| 7000 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 12300 | 82 | 149 | 172 | 196 | 17600 | 133 | 240 | 328 | 377 | 22900 | 190 | 324 | 431 | 518 |
| 7100 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12400 | 82 | 151 | 175 | 199 | 17700 | 134 | 241 | 330 | 380 | 23000 | 191 | 325 | 433 | 520 |
| 7200 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 12500 | 83 | 154 | 178 | 202 | 17800 | 135 | 243 | 331 | 384 | 23100 | 193 | 327 | 435 | 523 |
| 7300 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 12600 | 84 | 156 | 180 | 205 | 17900 | 136 | 244 | 333 | 388 | 23200 | 194 | 329 | 437 | 525 |
| 7400 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 12700 | 85 | 158 | 183 | 208 | 18000 | 137 | 246 | 334 | 391 | 23300 | 195 | 330 | 438 | 527 |
| 7500 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 12800 | 86 | 161 | 186 | 211 | 18100 | 138 | 248 | 336 | 395 | 23400 | 196 | 332 | 440 | 529 |
| 7600 | 20 | 24 | 27 | 31 | 12900 | 87 | 163 | 189 | 214 | 18200 | 139 | 249 | 338 | 398 | 23500 | 197 | 333 | 442 | 532 |
| 7700 | 23 | 27 | 31 | 35 | 13000 | 87 | 165 | 191 | 217 | 18300 | 140 | 251 | 339 | 402 | 23600 | 198 | 335 | 444 | 534 |
| 7800 | 25 | 30 | 34 | 39 | 13100 | 88 | 168 | 194 | 221 | 18400 | 142 | 252 | 341 | 405 | 23700 | 199 | 336 | 446 | 536 |
| 7900 | 28 | 33 | 37 | 42 | 13200 | 89 | 170 | 197 | 224 | 18500 | 143 | 254 | 343 | 409 | 23800 | 200 | 338 | 448 | 539 |
| 8000 | 30 | 35 | 41 | 46 | 13300 | 90 | 172 | 200 | 227 | 18600 | 144 | 256 | 345 | 412 | 23900 | 201 | 340 | 450 | 541 |
| 8100 | 33 | 38 | 44 | 50 | 13400 | 91 | 174 | 202 | 230 | 18700 | 145 | 257 | 347 | 416 | 24000 | 202 | 341 | 452 | 543 |
| 8200 | 35 | 41 | 47 | 53 | 13500 | 91 | 177 | 205 | 233 | 18800 | 146 | 259 | 349 | 420 | 24100 | 203 | 343 | 454 | 545 |
| 8300 | 38 | 44 | 51 | 57 | 13600 | 92 | 179 | 208 | 236 | 18900 | 147 | 261 | 351 | 423 | 24200 | 204 | 344 | 456 | 548 |
| 8400 | 40 | 47 | 54 | 61 | 13700 | 93 | 181 | 210 | 239 | 19000 | 148 | 262 | 353 | 427 | 24300 | 205 | 346 | 458 | 550 |
| 8500 | 42 | 50 | 57 | 65 | 13800 | 94 | 184 | 213 | 243 | 19100 | 149 | 264 | 355 | 430 | 24400 | 206 | 347 | 460 | 552 |
| 8600 | 45 | 53 | 61 | 68 | 13900 | 95 | 186 | 216 | 246 | 19200 | 150 | 265 | 357 | 434 | 24500 | 207 | 349 | 462 | 555 |
| 8700 | 47 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 14000 | 96 | 188 | 219 | 249 | 19300 | 152 | 267 | 359 | 437 | 24600 | 209 | 350 | 464 | 557 |
| 8800 | 50 | 59 | 67 | 76 | 14100 | 96 | 191 | 222 | 252 | 19400 | 153 | 269 | 361 | 439 | 24700 | 210 | 352 | 466 | 559 |
| 8900 | 52 | 61 | 70 | 79 | 14200 | 97 | 194 | 225 | 256 | 19500 | 154 | 270 | 363 | 441 | 24800 | 211 | 354 | 468 | 562 |
| 9000 | 55 | 64 | 74 | 83 | 14300 | 98 | 196 | 228 | 260 | 19600 | 155 | 272 | 365 | 443 | 24900 | 212 | 355 | 470 | 564 |
| 9100 | 56 | 67 | 77 | 87 | 14400 | 99 | 198 | 231 | 263 | 19700 | 156 | 273 | 367 | 445 | 25000 | 213 | 357 | 472 | 566 |
| 9200 | 56 | 70 | 80 | 91 | 14500 | 100 | 199 | 234 | 267 | 19800 | 157 | 275 | 369 | 447 | 25100 | 214 | 358 | 474 | 568 |
| 9300 | 57 | 73 | 84 | 94 | 14600 | 100 | 200 | 237 | 270 | 19900 | 158 | 277 | 371 | 449 | 25200 | 215 | 360 | 476 | 571 |
| 9400 | 58 | 76 | 87 | 98 | 14700 | 101 | 202 | 241 | 274 | 20000 | 159 | 278 | 373 | 451 | 25300 | 216 | 362 | 478 | 573 |
| 9500 | 59 | 79 | 90 | 102 | 14800 | 102 | 203 | 244 | 277 | 20100 | 160 | 280 | 376 | 454 | 25400 | 216 | 363 | 480 | 575 |
| 9600 | 60 | 82 | 94 | 106 | 14900 | 103 | 204 | 247 | 281 | 20200 | 162 | 282 | 378 | 456 | 25500 | 217 | 365 | 482 | 578 |
| 9700 | 61 | 85 | 97 | 109 | 15000 | 104 | 205 | 250 | 284 | 20300 | 163 | 283 | 380 | 458 | 25600 | 218 | 366 | 484 | 580 |
| 9800 | 61 | 87 | 100 | 113 | 15100 | 105 | 206 | 253 | 288 | 20400 | 164 | 285 | 382 | 461 | 25700 | 219 | 368 | 486 | 582 |
| 9900 | 62 | 90 | 104 | 117 | 15200 | 106 | 207 | 256 | 292 | 20500 | 165 | 286 | 384 | 463 | 25800 | 220 | 369 | 488 | 585 |
| 10000 | 63 | 93 | 107 | 120 | 15300 | 107 | 209 | 259 | 295 | 20600 | 166 | 288 | 385 | 465 | 25900 | 221 | 371 | 490 | 587 |
| 10100 | 64 | 96 | 110 | 124 | 15400 | 108 | 210 | 263 | 299 | 20700 | 167 | 289 | 387 | 468 | 26000 | 222 | 373 | 492 | 589 |
| 10200 | 65 | 98 | 113 | 127 | 15500 | 109 | 211 | 266 | 302 | 20800 | 168 | 291 | 389 | 478 | 26100 | 223 | 374 | 494 | 591 |
| 10300 | 65 | 101 | 115 | 130 | 15600 | 110 | 212 | 269 | 306 | 20900 | 169 | 293 | 391 | 472 | 26200 | 224 | 376 | 495 | 593 |
| 10400 | 66 | 103 | 118 | 134 | 15700 | 111 | 213 | 272 | 309 | 21000 | 170 | 294 | 393 | 474 | 26300 | 225 | 377 | 497 | 596 |
| 10500 | 67 | 106 | 121 | 137 | 15800 | 113 | 214 | 275 | 313 | 21100 | 171 | 296 | 395 | 477 | 26400 | 225 | 379 | 499 | 598 |
| 10600 | 68 | 108 | 124 | 140 | 15900 | 114 | 215 | 278 | 316 | 21200 | 172 | 297 | 397 | 479 | 26500 | 226 | 380 | 501 | 600 |
| 10700 | 69 | 111 | 127 | 144 | 16000 | 115 | 217 | 281 | 320 | 21300 | 173 | 299 | 399 | 481 | 26600 | 227 | 382 | 503 | 602 |
| 10800 | 69 | 113 | 130 | 147 | 16100 | 116 | 218 | 285 | 324 | 21400 | 174 | 300 | 401 | 484 | 26700 | 228 | 383 | 505 | 604 |
| 10900 | 70 | 115 | 133 | 150 | 16200 | 117 | 219 | 288 | 327 | 21500 | 175 | 302 | 403 | 486 | 26800 | 229 | 384 | 507 | 606 |
| 11000 | 71 | 118 | 136 | 154 | 16300 | 118 | 220 | 291 | 331 | 21600 | 177 | 304 | 405 | 488 | 26900 | 230 | 386 | 508 | 608 |
| 11100 | 72 | 120 | 139 | 157 | 16400 | 119 | 221 | 294 | 334 | 21700 | 178 | 305 | 407 | 491 | 27000 | 231 | 387 | 510 | 611 |
| 11200 | 73 | 123 | 142 | 160 | 16500 | 120 | 222 | 297 | 338 | 21800 | 179 | 307 | 409 | 493 | 27100 | 231 | 389 | 512 | 613 |
| 11300 | 74 | 125 | 144 | 163 | 16600 | 121 | 224 | 300 | 341 | 21900 | 180 | 308 | 411 | 495 | 27200 | 232 | 390 | 514 | 615 |
| 11400 | 74 | 128 | 147 | 167 | 16700 | 123 | 225 | 303 | 345 | 22000 | 181 | 310 | 413 | 497 | 27300 | 233 | 392 | 516 | 617 |
| 11500 | 75 | 130 | 150 | 170 | 16800 | 124 | 227 | 307 | 348 | 22100 | 182 | 311 | 415 | 500 | 27400 | 234 | 393 | 518 | 619 |
| 11600 | 76 | 133 | 153 | 173 | 16900 | 125 | 228 | 310 | 352 | 22200 | 183 | 313 | 417 | 502 | 27500 | 235 | 395 | 519 | 621 |
| 11700 | 77 | 135 | 156 | 177 | 17000 | 126 | 230 | 313 | 356 | 22300 | 184 | 314 | 419 | 504 | 27600 | 236 | 396 | 521 | 624 |
| 11800 | 78 | 138 | 159 | 180 | 17100 | 127 | 231 | 316 | 359 | 22400 | 185 | 316 | 421 | 507 | 27700 | 237 | 398 | 523 | 626 |
| 11900 | 78 | 140 | 161 | 183 | 17200 | 128 | 233 | 319 | 363 | 22500 | 186 | 318 | 423 | 509 | 27800 | 237 | 399 | 525 | 628 |

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Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Trables simplifiés
1997


Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
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Pour plụs de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Income/ Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | , | 4 |
| 49100 | 395 | 649 | 853 | 1019 | 54400 | 435 | 711 | 933 | 14 | 59700 | 475 | 773 | 1012 | 1208 | 65000 | 510 | 829 | 1084 | 1293 |
| 49200 | 396 | 650 | 854 | 1021 | 4500 | 36 | 713 | 934 | 11 | 98 | 475 | 774 | 1014 | 1209 | 65100 | 11 | 830 | 1085 | 1294 |
| 49300 | 396 | 651 | 856 | 1023 | 4600 | 436 | 714 | 936 | 1117 | 990 | 47 | 775 | 1015 | 121 | 65200 | 51 | 831 | 1086 | 1296 |
| 49400 | 397 | 653 | 857 | 102 | 4700 | 437 | 715 | 937 | 11 | 000 | 47 | 776 | 1016 | 121 | 65300 | 51 | 832 | 1088 | 1297 |
| 49500 | 398 | 65 | 859 | 102 | 4800 | 438 | 716 | 939 | 1121 | 0100 | 477 | 778 | 1018 | 121 | 540 | 12 | 833 | 1089 | 1299 |
| 49600 | 399 | 655 | 860 | 1028 | 4900 | 439 | 717 | 94 | 1123 | 0200 | 478 | 779 | 19 | 121 | 5550 | 13 | 834 | 1090 | 1300 |
| 49700 | 399 | 656 | 862 | 1030 | 5000 | 39 | 719 | 942 | 1125 | 0300 | 479 | 780 | 1020 | 121 | 65600 | 14 | 835 | 1092 | 1302 |
| 49800 | 400 | 657 | 863 | 1032 | 5100 | 440 | 720 | 94 | 1126 | 0400 | 479 | 781 | 1022 | 121 | 65700 | 514 | 836 | 1093 | 1303 |
| 49900 | 401 | 659 | 865 | 10 | 5200 | 44 | 721 | 945 | 1128 | 60500 | 480 | 782 | 1023 | 122 | 65800 | 515 | 837 | 1094 | 1305 |
| 50000 | 402 | 660 | 866 | 1035 | 55300 | 442 | 722 | 946 | 113 | 60600 | 481 | 783 | 1025 | 12 | 65900 | 515 | 83 | 109 | 130 |
| 50100 | 402 | 661 | 868 | 1037 | 540 | 442 | 723 | 948 | 1132 | 0700 | 481 | 78 | 1026 | 1224 | 600 | 16 | 839 | 1097 | 888 |
| 502 | 403 | 662 | 869 | 1039 | 55500 | 443 | 24 | 949 | 1134 | 0800 | 48 | 78 | 1027 | 122 | 610 | 17 | 840 | 1098 | 1309 |
| 50300 | 404 | 663 | 871 | 1041 | 55600 | 444 | 26 | 95 | 1135 | 60900 | 483 | 786 | 29 | 12 | 62 | 17 | 84 | 1099 | 1311 |
| 50400 | 405 | 664 | 872 | 1042 | 5700 | 445 | 727 | 952 | 11 | 100 | 484 | 787 | 1030 | 1229 | 66300 | 518 | 84 | 1101 | 13 |
| 50500 | 405 | 666 | 874 | 1044 | 5800 | 445 | 728 | 954 | 1139 | 1100 | 484 | 788 | 1031 | 1230 | 664 | 51 | 843 | 1102 | 1314 |
| 50600 | 406 | 667 | 875 | 1046 | 5900 | 446 | 729 | 955 | 1141 | 1200 | 485 | 789 | 1033 | 123 | 665 | 519 | 844 | 1103 | 1316 |
| 50700 | 407 | 668 | 877 | 1048 | 6000 | 447 | 730 | 957 | 1142 | 61300 | 486 | 790 | 1034 | 1234 | 66600 | 520 | 845 | 1105 | 1317 |
| 508 | 408 | 669 | 878 | 1049 | 6100 | 448 | 731 | 958 | 1144 | 61400 | 486 | 791 | 1036 | 1235 | 66700 | 520 | 846 | 1106 | 1319 |
| 5090 | 408 | 670 | 880 | 1051 | 通 | 448 | 733 | 960 | 11 | 61500 | 487 | 793 | 1037 | 1237 | 66800 | 521 | 847 | 1107 | 1320 |
| 51000 | 409 | 67 | 881 | 1053 | 300 | 449 | 734 | 962 | 114 | 61600 | 488 | 794 | 1038 | 1239 | 66900 | 522 | 848 | 1109 | 1322 |
| 51100 | 410 | 673 | 883 | 1055 | 64 | 450 | 735 | 963 | 1150 | 61700 | 488 | 795 | 1040 | 1240 | 67000 | 522 | 849 | 1110 | 1324 |
| 51200 | 411 | 674 | 884 | 105 | 56500 | 451 | 736 | 96 | 1151 | 61800 | 48 | 79 | 1041 | 1242 | 671 | 523 | 850 | 1111 | 1325 |
| 51300 | 411 | 675 | 86 | 1058 | 6600 | 451 | 737 | 966 | 1153 | 61900 | 490 | 797 | 1042 | 1243 | 67200 | 524 | 851 | 1113 | 1327 |
| 51400 | 41 | 67 | 887 | 1060 | 6700 | 52 | 739 | 968 | 1155 | 62000 | 490 | 798 | 1044 | 1245 | 67300 | 524 | 852 | 111 | 1328 |
| 515 | 413 | 67 | 889 | 1062 | 680 | 453 | 740 | 69 | 1157 | 2100 | 491 | 799 | 1045 | 1247 | 67400 | 525 | 853 | 1115 | 1330 |
| 51600 | 414 | 679 | 890 | 1064 | 56900 |  | 741 | 971 | 115 | 2200 | 492 | 800 | 1047 | 1248 | 67500 | 526 | 854 | 1117 | 1331 |
| 51700 | 414 | 680 | 892 | 1066 | 000 | 455 | 742 | 972 | 1160 | 230 | 49 | 801 | 1048 | 1250 | 67600 | 526 | 855 | 1118 | 1333 |
| 51800 | 415 | 681 | 893 | 106 | 57100 | 455 | 743 | 974 | 1162 | 2400 | 493 | 80 | 1049 | 12 | 6770 | 52 | 856 | 1119 | 133 |
| 51900 | 416 | 682 | 895 | 1069 | 57200 | 456 | 744 | 975 | 116 | 62500 | 49 | 803 | 1051 | 1253 | 67800 | 528 | 857 | 11 | 1336 |
| 52000 | 417 | 683 | 896 | 1071 | 57300 | 457 | 746 | 977 | 1166 | 62600 | 495 | 804 | 1052 | 1255 | 67900 | 528 | 858 | 112 | 1338 |
| 52100 | 417 | 684 | 898 |  | 57400 | 458 | 747 | 978 | 1167 | 2700 | 495 | 805 | 1053 | 125 | 68000 | 529 | 85 | 1123 | 1339 |
| 52200 | 418 | 68 | 899 | 107 | 57500 | 458 | 748 | 980 | 1169 | 2800 | 49 | 806 | 1055 | 1258 | 68100 | 30 | 86 | 1125 | 1341 |
| 52300 | 419 | 687 | 90 | 107 | 7600 |  | 749 | 981 | 1171 | 2900 | 497 | 80 | 1056 | 126 | 68200 | 530 | 86 | 11 | 134 |
| 524 | 420 | 688 | 903 | 107 | 57700 | 460 | 750 | 983 | 11 | 3000 | 49 | 809 |  | 126 | 8300 | 31 | 862 | 112 | 13 |
| 525 | 420 | 689 | 004 | 1080 | 57800 | 461 | 751 | 98 | 11 | 63100 | 498 | 810 | 1059 | 126 | 68400 | 532 | 863 | 1129 | 1346 |
| 52600 | 421 | 690 | 06 | 1082 | 5790 | 461 | 753 | 986 | 1176 | 63200 | 499 | 811 | 1060 | 12 | 68500 | 32 | 864 | 1130 | 1347 |
| 52700 | 422 | 691 | 907 | 1083 | 8000 | 462 | 754 | 987 | 1178 | 63300 | 499 | 812 | 106 | 1266 | 68600 | 53 | 865 | 1131 | 1349 |
| 52800 | 423 | 693 | 909 | 108 | 810 | 463 | 755 | 989 | 1180 | 63400 | 500 | 813 | 1063 | 1268 | 68700 | 53 | 86 | 1133 | 1350 |
| 52900 | 424 | 69 | 910 | 108 | 58200 | 464 | 756 | 990 | 1182 | 63500 | 501 | 814 | 1064 | 1269 | 68800 | 534 | 867 | 113 | 1352 |
| 53000 | 424 | 695 | 912 | 1089 | 58300 | 464 | 757 | 992 | 1184 | 63600 | 501 | 815 | 1066 | 1271 | 68900 | 535 | 869 | 1135 | 1353 |
| 53100 | 425 | 696 | 913 |  | 5840 |  | 759 | 993 |  |  |  | 816 |  | 12 | 69000 | 536 | 870 | 1137 | 1355 |
| 53200 | 426 | 697 | 915 | 109 | 58500 | 466 | 760 | 99 | 11 | 33800 | 503 | 81 |  | 1274 | 6910 | 536 | 871 | 1138 | 1357 |
| 53300 | 427 | 699 | 916 | 1094 | 58600 | 467 | 761 | 996 | 118 | 63900 | 503 | 818 | 1070 | 1276 | 69200 | 537 | 872 | 1139 | 13 |
| 53400 | 427 | 700 | 918 | 1096 | 58700 | 467 | 762 | 998 | 1191 | 64000 | 504 | 819 | 1071 | 1277 | 69300 | 38 | 873 | 11 | 1360 |
| 53500 | 428 | 701 | 919 | 1098 | 58800 | 468 | 763 | 999 | 1193 | 64100 | 504 | 820 | 1072 | 1279 | 69400 | 538 | 874 | 1142 | 136 |
| 53600 | 429 | 702 | 921 | 1100 | 58900 | 469 | 764 | 1001 | 1194 | 64200 | 505 | 821 | 1073 | 1280 | 69500 | 539 | 875 | 114 | 1363 |
| 53700 | 430 | 703 | 922 | 1101 | 59000 | 470 | 766 | 1002 | 1196 | 64300 | 506 | 822 | 1075 | 1282 | 69600 | 540 | 876 | 1145 | 1365 |
| 53800 | 43 | 704 | 924 | 11 | 9100 |  | 767 | 10 | 1198 | 4400 | 506 | 823 | 1076 | 1283 | 69700 | 540 | 877 | 1146 | 1366 |
| 53900 | 431 | 706 | 925 | 11 | 2000 |  | 768 | 1005 | 1200 | 4500 | 507 | 824 | 1077 | 1285 | 69800 | 541 | 878 | 1147 | 1368 |
| 54000 | 432 | 707 | 927 | 1107 | 59300 | 472 | 769 | 10 | 12 | 4600 | 507 | 825 | 1079 | 128 | 69900 | 542 | 87 | 114 | 136 |
| 54100 | 433 | 708 | 928 | 1108 | 59400 | 473 | 770 | 1008 | 1203 | 4700 |  | 826 | 1080 | 1288 | 0000 | 542 | 88 | 1150 | 1371 |
| 54200 | 433 | 709 | 930 | 1110 | 59500 | 473 | 771 | 1009 | 1204 | 64800 | 509 | 827 | 1081 | 128 | 70100 | 543 | 88 | 115 | 137 |
| 54300 | 434 | 710 | 931 | 1112 | 59600 | 47 | 772 | 101 | 1206 | 64900 | 509 | 28 | 108 | 12 | 70200 | 544 | 882 | 1153 | 1374 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Income/ Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly AWard/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (5) | Monthly Awardil Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Childrenl $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ <br> $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No, of Children! <br> $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | . 31 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 70300 | 544 | 883 | 1154 | 1376 | 75600 | 580 | 938 | 1225 | 1459 | 80900 | 615 | 993 | 1295 | 1543 | 86200 | 651 | 1048 | 1366 | 1626 |
| 70400 | 545 | 884 | 1155 | 1377 | 75700 | 581 | 939 | 1226 | 1461 | 81000 | 616 | 994 | 1297 | 1544 | 86300 | 651 | 1049 | 1368 | 1628 |
| 70500 | 546 | 885 | 1157 | 1379 | 75800 | 581 | 940 | 1227 | 1462 | 81100 | 617 | 995 | 1298 | 1546 | 86400 | 652 | 1050 | 1369 | 1630 |
| 70600 | 546 | 886 | 1158 | 1380 | 75900 | 582 | 941 | 1229 | 1464 | 81200 | 617 | 996 | 1299 | 1548 | 86500 | 653 | 1051 | 1370 | 1631 |
| 70700 | 547 | 887 | 1159 | 1382 | 76000 | 583 | 942 | 1230 | 1465 | 81300 | 618 | 997 | 1301 | 1549 | 86600 | 653 | 1052 | 1372 | 1633 |
| 70800 | 548 | 888 | 1161 | 1383 | 76100 | 583 | 943 | 1231 | 1467 | 81400 | 619 | 998 | 1302 | 1551 | 86700 | 654 | 1053 | 1373 | 1634 |
| 70900 | 548 | . 889 | 1162 | 1385 | 76200 | 584 | 944 | 1233 | . 1469 | 81500 | 619 | 999 | 1303 | 1552 | 86800 | 655 | 1054 | 1374 | 1636 |
| 71000 | 549 | 890 | 1163 | 1387 | 76300 | 585 | 945 | 1234 | 1470 | 81600 | 620 | 1000 | 1305 | 1554 | 86900 | 655 | 1055 | 1376 | 1637 |
| 71100 | 550 | 891 | 1165 | 1388 | 76400 | 585 | 946 | 1235 | 1472 | 81700 | 621 | 1001 | 1306 | 1555 | 87000 | 656 | 1056 | 1377 | 1639 |
| 71200 | 550 | 892 | 1166 | 1390 | 76500 | 586 | 947 | 1237 | 1473 | 81800 | 621 | 1002 | 1307 | 1557 | 87100 | 657 | 1057 | 1378 | 1641 |
| 71300 | 551 | 893 | 1167 | 1391 | 76600 | 587 | 948 | 1238 | 1475 | 81900 | 622 | 1004 | 1309 | 1559 | 87200 | 657 | 1059 | 1380 | 1642 |
| 71400 | 552 | 894 | 1169 | 1393 | 76700 | 587 | 950 | 1239 | 1477 | 82000 | 623 | 1005 | 1310 | 1560 | 87300 | 658 | 1060 | 1381 | 1644 |
| 71500 | 552 | 896 | 1170 | 1394 | 76800 | 588 | 951 | 1241 | 1478 | 82100 | 623 | 1006 | 1311 | 1562 | 87400 | 659 | 1061 | 1382 | 1645 |
| 71600 | 553 | 897 | 1171 | 1396 | 76900 | 589 | 952 | 1242 | 1480 | 82200 | 624 | 1007 | 1313 | 1563 | 87500 | 659 | 1062 | 1384 | 1647 |
| 71700 | 554 | 898 | 1173 | 1398 | 77000 | 589 | 953 | 1243 | 1481 | 82300 | 625 | 1008 | 1314 | 1565 | 87600 | 660 | 1063 | 1385 | 1648 |
| 71800 | 554 | 899 | 1174 | 1399 | 77100 | 590 | 954 | 1245 | 1483 | 82400 | 625 | 1009 | 1315 | 1566 | 87700 | 661 | 1064 | 1386 | 1650 |
| 71900 | 555 | 900 | 1175 | 1401 | 77200 | 591 | 955 | 1246 | 1484 | 82500 | 626 | 1010 | 1317 | 1568 | 87800 | 661 | 1065 | 1388 | 1652 |
| 72000 | 556 | 901 | 1177 | 1402 | 77300 | 591 | 956 | 1247 | 1486 | 82600 | 627 | 1011 | 1318 | 1570 | 87900 | 662 | 1066 | 1389 | 1653 |
| 72100 | 556 | 902 | 1178 | 1404 | 77400 | 592 | 957 | 1249 | 1488 | 82700 | 627 | 1012 | 1319 | 1571 | 88000 | 663 | 1067 | 1390 | 1655 |
| 72200 | 557 | 903 | 1179 | 1406 | 77500 | 593 | 958 | 1250 | 1489 | 82800 | 628 | 1013 | 1321 | 1573 | 88100 | 663 | 1068 | 1392 | 1656 |
| 72300 | 558 | 904 | 1181 | 1407 | 77600 | 593 | 959 | 1251 | 1491 | 82900 | 629 | 1014 | 1322 | 1574 | 88200 | 664 | 1069 | 1393 | 1658 |
| 72400 | 559 | 905 | 1182 | 1409 | 77700 | 594 | 960 | 1253 | 1492 | 83000 | 629 | 1015 | 1323 | 1576 | 88300 | 665 | 1070 | 1394 | 1660 |
| 72500 | 559 | 906 | 1183 | 1410 | 77800 | 595 | 61 | 125 | 1494 | 83100 | 630 | 1016 | 1325 | 1577 | 88400 | 665 | 1071 | 1396 | 1661 |
| 72600 | 560 | 907 | 1185 | 1412 | 77900 | 595 | 962 | 1255 | 1495 | 83200 | 631 | 1017 | 1326 | 1579 | 88500 | 666 | 1072 | 1397 | 1663 |
| 72700 | 561 | 908 | 1186 | 1413 | 78000 | 596 | 963 | 1257 | 1497 | 83300 | 631 | 1018 | 1327 | 1581 | 88600 | 667 | 1073 | 1398 | 1664 |
| 72800 | 561 | 909 | 1187 | 1415 | 78100 | 597 | 964 | 1258 | 1499 | 83400 | 632 | 1019 | 1329 | 1582 | 88700 | 667 | 1074 | 1400 | 1666 |
| 72900 | 562 | 910 | 1189 | 1417 | 78200 | 597 | 965 | 1259 | 1500 | 83500 | 633 | 1020 | 1330 | 1584 | 88800 | 668 | 1075 | 1401. | 1667 |
| 73000 | 563 | 911 | 1190 | 1418 | 78300 | 598 | 966 | 1261 | 1502 | 83600 | 633 | 1021 | 1331 | 1585 | 88900 | 669 | 1076 | 1402 | 1669 |
| 73100 | 563 | 912 | 1191 | 1420 | 78400 | 599 | 967 | 1262 | 1503 | 83700 | 634 | 1022 | 1333 | 1587 | 89000 | 669 | 1077 | 1404 | 1671 |
| 73200 | 564 | 913 | 1193 | 1421 | 78500 | 599 | 968 | 1263 | 1505 | 83800 | 635 | 1023 | 1334 | 1589 | 89100 | 670 | 1078 | 1405 | 1672 |
| 73300 | 565 | 914 | 1194 | 1423 | 78600 | 600 | 969 | 1265 | 1507 | 83900 | 635 | 1024 | 1335 | 1590 | 89200 | 671 | 1079 | 1406 | 1674 |
| 73400 | 565 | 915 | 1195 | 1424 | 78700 | 601 | 970 | 1266 | 1508 | 84000 | 636 | 1025 | 1337 | 1592 | 89300 | 671 | 1080 | 1408 | 1675 |
| 73500 | 566 | 916 | 1197 | 1426 | 78800 | 601 | 974 | 1267 | 1510 | 84100 | 637 | 1026 | 1338 | 1593 | 89400 | 672 | 1081 | 1409 | 1677 |
| 73600 | 567 | 917 | 1198 | 1428 | 78900 | 602 | 972 | 1269 | 1511 | 84200 | 637 | 1027 | 1339 | 1595 | 89500 | 673 | 1082 | 1410 | 1678 |
| 73700 | 567 | 918 | 1199 | 1429 | 79000 | 603 | 973 | 1270 | 1513 | 84300 | 638 | 1028 | 1341 | 1596 | 89600 | 673 | 1083 | 1412 | 1680 |
| 73800 | 568 | 919 | 1201 | 1431 | 79100 | 603 | 974 | 1271 | 1514 | 84400 | 639 | 1029 | 1342 | 1598 | 89700 | 674 | 1084 | 1413 | 1682 |
| 73900 | 569 | 920 | 1202 | 1432 | 79200 | 604 | 975 | 1273 | 1516 | 84500 | 639 | 1031 | 1343 | 1600 | 89800 | 675 | 1086 | 1414 | 1683 |
| 74000 | 569 | 921 | 1203 | 1434 | 79300 | 605 | . 977 | 1274 | 1518 | 84600 | 640 | 1032 | 1345 | 1601 | 89900 | 675 | 1087 | 1416 | 1685 |
| 74100 | 570 | 923 | 1205 | 1436 | 79400 | 605 | 978 | 1275 | 1519 | 84700 | 641 | 1033 | 1346 | 1603 | 90000 | 676 | 1088 | 1417 | 1686 |
| 74200 | 571 | 924 | 1206 | 1437 | 79500 | 606 | 979 | 1277 | 1521 | 84800 | 641 | 1034 | 1347 | 1604 | 90100 | 677 | 1089 | 1418 | 1688 |
| 74300 | 571 | 925 | 1207 | 1439 | 79600 | 607 | 980 | 1278 | 1522 | 84900 | 642 | 1035 | 1349 | 1606 | 90200 | 677 | 1090 | 1420 | 1689 |
| 74400 | 572 | 926 | 1209 | 1440 | 79700 | 607 | 981 | 1279 | 1524 | 85000 | 643 | 1036 | 1350 | 1607 | 90300 | 678 | 1091 | 1421 | 1691 |
| 74500 | 57.3 | 927 | 1210 | 1442 | 79800 | 608 | 982 | 1281 | 1525 | 85100 | 643 | 1037 | 1352 | 1609 | 90400 | 679 | 1092 | 1422 | 1693 |
| 74600 | 573 | 928 | 1211 | 1443 | 79900 | 609 | 983 | 1282 | 1527 | 85200 | 644 | 1038 | 1353 | 1611 | 90500 | 679 | 1093 | 1424 | 1694 |
| 74700 | 574 | 929 | 1213 | 1445 | 80000 | 609 | 984 | 1283 | 1529 | 85300 | 645 | 1039 | 1354 | 1612 | 90600 | 680 | 1094 | 1425 | 1696 |
| 74800 | 575 | 930 | 1214 | 1447 | 80100 | 610 | 985 | 1285 | 1530 | 85400 | 645 | 1040 | 1356 | 1614 | 90700 | 681 | 1095 | 1426 | 1697 |
| 74900 | 575 | 931 | 1215 | 1448 | 80200 | 611 | 986 | 1286 | 1532 | 85500 | 646 | 1041 | 1357 | 1615 | 90800 | 681 | 1096 | 1428 | 1699 |
| 75000 | 576 | 932 | 1217 | 1450 | 80300 | 611 | 987 | 1287 | 1533 | 85600. | 647 | 1042 | 1358 | 1617 | 90900 | 682 | 1097 | 1429 | 1701 |
| 75100 | 577 | 933 | 1218 | 1451 | 80400 | 612 | 988 | 1289 | 1535 | 85700 | 647 | 1043 | 1360 | 1619 | 91000 | 683 | 1098 | 1430 | 1702 |
| 75200 | 577 | 934 | 1219 | 1453 | 80500 | 613 | 989 | 1290 | 1536 | 85800 | 648 | 1044 | 1361 | 1620 | 91100 | 683 | 1099 | 1432 | 1704 |
| 75300 | 578 | 935 | 1221 | 1454 | 80600 | 613 | 990 | 1291 | 1538 | 85900 | 649 | 1045 | 1362 | 1622 | 91200 | 684 | 1100 | 1433 | 1705 |
| 75400 | 579 | 936 | 1222 | 1456 | 80700 | 614 | 991 | 1293 | 1540 | 86000 | 649 | 1046 | 1364 | 1623 | 91300 | 685 | 1101 | 1434 | 1707 |
| 75500 | 579 | 937 | 1223 | 1458 | 80800 | 615 | 992 | 1294 | 1541 | 86100 | 65 | 1047 | 13 | 162 | 9140 | 68 | 1102 | 143 | 1708 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts ：Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants ：Tables simplifiées

| Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | （\＄）IncomelRevenu（\＄） | Monthly Award／ Palement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  | RIncomelRevenu（\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No．of Chlldren／ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91500 | 686 | 1103 | 仡 | 1710 | 96800 | 721 | 158 | 1508 | 179 | 102100 | 757 | 1213 | 578 | 187 | 107400 | 79 | 26 | 1649 | 661 |
| 91600 | 687 | 1104 | 1438 | 1712 | 9690 | 722 | 1159 | 1509 | 1795 | 102200 | 757 | 1214 | 1580 | 1879 | 107500 | 793 |  |  | 62 |
| 91700 | 687 |  | 1440 | 1713 | 97000 | 723 | 1160 | 151 | 1797 | 102300 | 758 | 1215 | 1581 | 1880 | 760 | 793 |  |  | 1964 |
| 91800 | 688 |  | 1441 | 1715 | 97100 | 723 | 1161 | 1512 | 1798 | 10240 | 759 | 1216 | 1582 | 188 | 107700 | 794 |  |  | 1966 |
| 91900 | 689 |  | 1442 |  | 97200 | 724 |  |  | 1800 |  |  |  |  |  | 107800 | 795 |  |  | 1967 |
| 920 | 689 |  |  | 17 | 97300 | 725 |  |  | 1802 | 10260 | 760 | 1218 |  | 1885 | 107900 | 795 | 1273 | 1656 | 1969 |
| 92100 | 690 | 1109 | 1445 | 1719 | 97400 | 725 | 116 | 15 | 1803 | 10270 | 61 | 1219 |  | 18 | 108000 | 79 | 1274 | 1657 | 1970 |
| 92200 | 691 | 1110 | 144 | 17 | 97500 | 726 | 1165 | 1517 | 18 | 1028 | 761 | 1220 | 1588 | 188 | 108100 | 79 | 1276 | 1659 | 1972 |
| 92300 | 69 |  | 144 | 17 | 97600 | 727 | 1167 | 1518 | 1806 | 102 | 762 | 1222 | 15 | 189 | 108200 | 797 | 1277 | 660 | 1973 |
| 92400 | 692 |  |  |  | 97700 | 727 |  | 1520 | 1808 | 103000 |  |  | 1590 | 189 | 108300 | 798 | 1278 | 1661 | 1975 |
| 92 |  |  |  |  |  | 728 |  |  |  | 103 | 763 |  |  |  | 108400 | 799 | 1279 | 166 | 197 |
| 92 | 693 |  | 1452 |  | 97900 | 729 | 1170 | 1522 | 181. | 103 | 764 |  | 1593 | 1895 | 108500 | 799 | 1280 | 1664 | 1978 |
| 92700 | 694 | 1116 | 14 | 1729 | 98800 | 729 | 11 | 15 | 1813 | 103 | 765 | 1226 | 1594 | 1896 | 108600 | 800 | 1281 | 1665 | 1980 |
| 92800 | 695 | 1117 | 1454 | 1731 | 100 | 730 | 1172 | 1525 | 18 | 103400 | 765 |  | 1596 | 189 | 108700 | 80 | 1282 | 1667 | 198 |
| 92900 | 695 |  | 1456 | 1732 | 200 | 731 | 1173 | 152 | 1816 | 10350 | 766 | 12 | 159 | 1899 | 108800 | 80 | 1283 | 166 | 1983 |
| 93000 | 696 |  | 145 | 17 | 300 | 731 | 1174 | 152 | 1817 | 1036 |  | 1229 | 1598 | 190 | 108900 | 802 | 1284 | 166 | 985 |
| 93100 | 697 |  | 14 | 173 | 40 | 732 | 1175 | 15 | 18 | 037 |  |  | 1600 | 190 | 109000 |  |  | 1671 | 6 |
| 9320 | 697 |  | 1460 |  | 98500 | 73 |  | 153 | 1820 | 0380 |  |  |  |  | 109100 | 803 |  | 1672 | 1988 |
| 93300 | 698 |  |  |  | 98600 |  | 1177 |  |  | 103900 |  |  |  |  | 1092 |  |  |  | 1989 |
| 93400 | 699 | 1123 | 1462 |  | 98700 | 734 | 1178 | 1533 | 182 | 104000 | 769 |  | 1604 | 19 | 109300 | 805 | 1288 | 1675 | 1991 |
| 93500 | 699 |  | 1464 |  | 98800 | 735 | 1179 | 1534 | 182 | 104100 | 70 |  | 1605 | 1909 | 10940 | 805 | 1289 | 1676 | 992 |
| 93600 | 700 | 1125 | 1465 | 1743 | 98900 | 735 | 1180 | 15 | 182 | 0420 | 771 |  |  | 191 | 095 | 806 | 1290 | 1677 | 1994 |
| 37 | 701 | 1126 | 1466 | 1745 | 99000 | 736 | 1181 | 1537 | 182 | 0430 | 771 |  | 1608 | 191 | 10960 | 807 | 1291 | 1679 | 96 |
| 93800 | 701 |  | 1468 |  | 99100 | 737 | 1182 | 1538 |  | 崖400 |  |  | 1609 |  | 109700 | 807 |  |  | 997 |
| 93900 |  |  |  |  | 99200 |  |  |  |  | 04500 | 773 |  | 1610 | 1915 | 109800 | 808 |  |  | 1999 |
| 94 | 703 | 1129 | 147 | 174 | 99300 | 738 |  |  |  | 104 | 773 |  |  | 1917 | 10990 | 809 |  |  | 00 |
| 94100 | 703 | 11 |  |  | 99400 | 739 |  |  | 18 | 104700 |  |  |  | 19 | 11000 | 80 |  |  | 2002 |
| 94200 | 704 | 1131 |  | 17 | 99500 | 739 | 1 | 15 | 1836 | 10480 | 775 |  | 1614 | 1920 | 110100 | 810 | 1296 |  | 2003 |
| 94300 | 705 | 1132 | 1474 | 175 | 99600 | 740 | 11 | 15 | 18 | 0490 | 775 |  | 1616 | 192 | 11020 | 811 | 1297 | 168 | 005 |
| 944 | 705 | 1133 | 1476 | 1756 | 99700 | 741 | 1188 | 1546 | 183 | 10500 | 776 | 1243 | 1617 | 192 | 103 | 81 | 1298 | 168 | 007 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 94 | 707 |  | 1478 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1105 |  |  |  |  |
| 947 | 707 |  | 1480 |  | 100000 | 743 |  |  |  | 105300 | 778 |  |  | 192 | 110600 | 813 |  |  | 2011 |
| 948 | 708 | 11 | 1481 | 176 | 001 | 743 |  | 15 | 18 | 105 | 779 |  | 1622 | 192 | 110700 | 81 | 1303 | 1693 | 01 |
| 94900 | 709 | 1138 | 82 | 176 | 0020 | 744 |  | 15 | 1847 | 105 | 779 |  | 1624 | 1931 | 110800 | 815 | 1304 | 1695 | 01 |
| 95000 | 709 | 1140 | 148 | 1765 | 003 | 745 |  | 15 | 18 | 056 | 780 |  | 1625 | 1932 | 110900 | 81 | 1305 |  | 016 |
| 95100 | 710 |  | 1485 | 17 | 0400 |  | 1196 | 15 | 18 | 057 | 781 |  | 1626 | 193 | 1100 | 816 | 1306 |  | 2018 |
| 95 |  |  |  |  | 100500 |  |  |  |  | 58 |  |  |  | 193 | 1110 |  |  |  | 2019 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0590 |  |  |  |  | 111200 |  |  |  | 021 |
| 95400 | 712 | 11 | 1489 | 177 | 100700 | 747 | 119 | 1560 | 1855 | 06000 | 783 |  | 163 | 193 | 111300 | 818 | 130 | 170 | 2022 |
| 95500 | 7 |  |  |  | 促 | 748 |  |  |  | 6， |  |  |  |  | 1400 | 819 |  |  | 024 |
| 95600 | 713 |  | 1492 | 1775 | 100900 | 749 | 1201 |  |  | 106200 | 784 |  |  | 194 | 11500 | 812 |  |  | 026 |
| 95700 | 714 | 1147 | 仡 | 1776 | 101000 | 749 | 1202 |  |  | 06300 | 785 |  |  | 1943 | 11600 | 820 |  | 17 | 2027 |
| 95800 | 715 | 1148 | 94 | 1778 | 101100 | 750 |  | 15 | 186 | 0640 | 85 |  | 1636 | 1945 | 11700 | 82 |  |  | 2029 |
| 95900 | 715 |  |  |  | 120 | 751 |  |  |  | 夈 |  |  |  |  | 111800 |  |  |  | 2030 |
| 960 | 7 |  |  |  | 101300 |  |  |  |  | 0660 |  |  |  |  | 111900 |  |  |  | 2032 |
| 96100 | 717 | 11 | 1498 | 17 | 10140 | 75 | 120 | 15 | 18 | 106700 | 787 |  | 16 | 195 | 112000 | 823 |  |  | 2033 |
| 96200 | 717 | 1152 | 1500 | 1784 | 101500 | 753 | 1207 | 1570 | 1868 | 106800 | 788 |  | 1641 | 1951 | 112100 | 823 | 1317 | 17 | 2035 |
| 96300 | 718 | 1153 | 1501 | 1786 | 101600 | 753 | 1208 | 1572 | 1869 | 106900 | 789 | 126 | 1643 | 1953 | 112200 | 824 | 1318 | 1713 | 2037 |
| 96400 | 719 | 1154 | 1502 | 1787 | 101700 | 754 | － 1209 | 1573 | 1871 | 107000 | 789 | 126 | 1644 | 1955 | 2300 | 825 | 1319 | 171 | 2038 |
| 96500 | 719 | 1155 | 04 | 1789 | 101800 | 755 | 1210 | 1574 | 1872 | 107100 | 790 | 1265 | 1645 | 1956 | 2400 | 825 | 1320 | 1716 | 2040 |
| 96600 | 720 | 1156 | 1505 | 1790 | 101900 | 755 | 1211 | 1576 | 1874 | 107200 | 791 | 126 | 1647 | 1958 | 500 | 826 | 1321 | 1717 | 2041 |
| 96700 | 721 | 1157 | 1506 | 1792 | 102000 | 756 | 1212 | 1577 | 1876 | 107300 | 79 |  |  | 仡 | 112600 | 827 | 1322 |  |  |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ． Pour plus de renseignements，veuiliez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．

Federal Child Support Amounts ：Simplified Tables
Montants fédéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants ：Tables simplifiées
1997

|  | Monthly Award／ Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Income／ Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No．of Children／ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants $^{2}$ |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 827 | 132 | 1720 | 204 | 118000 | ， | 78 | 91 | 28 |  | 123300 | 898 | 1433 | 1861 |  | 2212 | 128600 | 934 | 488 | 932 | 229 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123 |  |  |  |  | 2870 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1130 | 829 | 13 | 172 | 2049 |  |  | 13 |  | 213 | 1236 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 113 | 830 | 13 | 1725 | 2051 | 11 |  | 1382 | 1796 | 21 | 123700 |  |  | 186 |  | 29 | 936 |  |  | 2302 |
| 113 | 831 | 1328 | 1727 | 552 | 118500 | 866 | 1383 | 1797 | 213 | 123800 | 902 | 14 | 186 | 222 | 12910 | 937 | 1494 | 1939 | 2303 |
| 113300 | 831 | 1330 | 1728 | 205 | 118600 | 867 | 138 | 179 | 2138 | 123900 | 902 | 14 | 1869 | 22 | 12920 | 938 | 495 | 1940 | 2305 |
| 113400 | 832 | 133 | 17 | 255 | 118700 | 868 | 1386 | 1800 | 213 | 124000 | 903 | 1441 | 18 | 2223 | 129300 | 93 | 1496 | 1942 | 2306 |
| 11350 | 833 |  | 173 | 205 | 118800 | 868 | 1387 | 1801 | 214 | 124100 | 904 | 1442 | 1872 | 2224 | 1294 | 93 | 1497 | 94 | 2308 |
| 11360 |  |  |  | 2059 | 118900 |  |  | 1803 | 21 | 124200 | 904 | 43 | 18 | 2226 | 12950 | 940 | 1498 | 944 |  |
| 113700 |  | 13 | 17 | 2060 | 119000 |  |  |  | 144 | 124300 |  |  |  |  | 129600 |  |  |  |  |
| 1138 | 835 | 1335 | 1735 | 2062 | 119100 | 870 | 139 |  | 214 | 124400 |  |  | 1876 | 2229 | 29700 | 941 |  |  | 2313 |
| 113900 | 835 | 1336 | 1736 | 2063 | 119200 | 87 | 139 | 180 | 2147 | 124500 | 906 |  | 1877 | 2231 | 129800 | 942 | 1501 | 1948 | 2314 |
| 11 | 836 | 1337 | 173 | 065 | 300 | 872 | 13 | 180 | 214 | 124600 | 907 | 1447 | 187 | 22 | 2990 | 942 | 150 | 1950 | 23 |
| 11 | 837 |  | 173 | 067 | 11940 | 872 | 139 | 180 | 2150 | 124700 | 908 | 1448 | 1880 | 22 | 13000 | 943 | 1503 | 195 | 2317 |
| 171 | 837 |  |  | 2068 | 11950 | 87 | 13 | 18 | 215 | 24800 | 908 | 1449 | 188 | 22 | 13010 | 944 | 1504 | 195 | 2319 |
| 114300 |  |  |  | 2070 |  | 87 | 139 | 181 | 215 | 4900 | 909 | 1450 | 18 | 22 | 13020 | 94 | 150 | 195 | 23 |
|  |  |  | 1743 |  | 19700 |  |  |  | 215 | 000 |  | 1451 |  |  | 13030 |  |  |  | 2322 |
| 114500 |  |  |  | 2073 |  |  |  |  |  | 5100 |  |  |  |  | 3040 |  |  |  |  |
| 114600 | 840 |  | 1745 | 2074 | 119900 |  | 1398 | 1816 | 215 | 12520 |  | 1453 | 188 | 224 | 13050 | 946 | 㖪 | 析 | 2325 |
| 114700 | 841 |  | 174 | 2076 | 120000 | 876 | 13 | 1817 | 216 | 253 | 912 | 1454 | 1888 | 224 | 130600 | 947 | 1509 | 1959 |  |
| 114800 | 841 |  | 1748 | 2078 | 120100 | 877 | 140 | 1819 | 216 | 12540 | 912 | 1455 |  | 22 | 3070 | 948 |  |  |  |
| 114900 | 842 |  | 1749 | 2079 | 20200 | 878 | 140 | 1820 | 216 | 12550 | 913 | 1456 | 1891 | 22 | 130800 | 94 |  | 1962 | 2330 |
| 115000 |  |  |  | 208 | 120300 | 878 | 140 | 182 | 216 | 256 | 914 | 145 | 1892 | 22 | 3090 | 949 | 1512 | 1963 | 2332 |
| 115100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 216 | 5700 |  |  |  |  | 3100 | 950 |  |  | 2333 |
| 115 |  |  | 1 | 208 | 12050 |  |  |  |  | 125800 |  |  |  |  | 110 |  |  |  |  |
| 115 | 845 | 1350 | 175 | 08 | 120600 | 880 |  | 182 | 216 | 125900 |  |  |  |  | 13120 | 95 |  |  |  |
| 115 |  | 1351 | 星 | 2087 | 析 | 88 | 140 | 182 | 217 | 12600 | 916 |  |  | 22 | 131300 | 95 | 1516 | 196 |  |
| 115 | 846 | 1352 | 757 | 2089 | 2080 | 88 | 14 | 182 | 217 | 126100 |  | 1462 |  | 22 | 131400 | 95 | 15 | 197 |  |
| 115 | 847 | 1353 | 1759 |  | 120900 | 882 | 1408 | 1829 | 217 | 12620 | 918 | 1463 | 1900 | 22 | 131500 | 95 |  | 197 | 2341 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 12100 |  |  |  |  | 630 | 918 |  |  |  | 13160 |  |  | 19 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13180 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 218 | 26000 |  |  |  |  | 31900 |  |  | ， |  |
| 116 | 850 |  | 17 | 2098 | 121 |  |  |  | 218 | 12670 |  |  |  |  | 13200 |  |  |  | 2 |
| 116200 | 851 | 136 | 1767 | 2100 | 127 | 88 | 141 | 183 | 218 | 126800 | 922 |  | 19 | 22 | 132100 | 95 |  |  | 23 |
| 116300 | 852 | 136 | 1768 | 101 | 121600 | 88 | 14 | 83 | 218 | 12690 | 922 | 1471 | 19 | 226 | 3220 | 95 |  | 198 | 235 |
| 116400 | 852 |  | 1769 | 2103 | 12170 | 888 | 141 |  | 218 | 2700 | 23 | 1472 | 1911 | 22 | 132300 | 95 |  | 1982 | 2354 |
|  | 85 |  | 1771 |  |  | 888 | 1418 | 184 |  |  | 924 |  | 19 | 22 | 132400 | 95 |  | 198 | 2355 |
| 116600 |  |  | 1772 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 127200 |  |  | 101 |  | 13250 |  |  |  | 35 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2358 |
| 11680 | 855 | 136 | 177 | 2109 | 122 |  | 142 | 184 | 219 | 127 |  |  | 1916 | 22 | 1327 | 961 |  |  | 236 |
| 116 | 856 | 136 | 1776 | 211 | 122 | 891 | 14 | 184 | 219 | 127 | 926 | 14 | 1917 | 2278 | 132800 | 96 | 1532 | 198 | 236 |
| 11 | 856 | 136 | 1777 | 2112 | 122300 | 892 | 142 | 1848 | 2196 | 12760 | 927 | 1478 | 1919 | 228 | 132900 | 96 | 1533 | 19 | 236 |
| 117100 | 857 | 仡 | 1779 | 2114 | 122400 | 892 | 142 | 1849 | 219 | 12770 | 928 | 1479 | 1920 | 22 | 133000 | 963 |  |  | 236 |
| 117200 | 858 | 137 | 1780 | 2115 | 500 | 893 | 1425 | 1851 | 2199 |  | 928 | 1480 | 1921 | 22 | 33100 | 964 |  | 199 | 2366 |
| 300 | 858 | 137 | 1781 | 2117 | 2600 |  | 1426 | 185 | 22 |  | 929 | 1481 | 192 |  | 3320 | 96 |  |  | 2368 |
|  | 85 |  | 178 | 2119 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 极 | 965 |  | 199 |  |
|  | 860 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2371 |
| 117600 | 860 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 133500 |  |  | 1998 | 仡 |
| 11 | 861 | 137 | 178 | 212 | 23000 | 896 | 1430 | 185 | 2207 | 28300 | 932 | 1485 | 1928 | 22 | 133600 | 967 | 15 | 199 | 237 |
| 117800 | 862 | 1376 | 1788 | 2125 | 123100 | 897 | 1431 | 185 | 2209 | 128400 | 932 | 1486 | 1929 | 2292 | 133700 | 968 | 1541 | 200 | 237 |
| 17900 | 86 | 137 | 1789 | 2126 | 123200 | 89 | 143 | 186 | 221 | 12850 | 933 | 14 | 193 | 229 | 13380 | 968 | 154 | 2002 | 23 |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ． Pour plus de renseignements，veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $R$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Nc} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lo. of C } \\ & \mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \text { d'e } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |
| 133900 | 969 | 1543 | 2003 | 237 | 138000 | 6 | 1586 | 2058 | 2444 | 142100 | 1024 | 1629 | 2112 | 2508 | 146200 | 1051 | 1671 | 2167 | 2573 |
| 134000 | 970 | 15 | 2004 | 2380 | 138100 | 997 | 15 | 2059 | 2445 | 142200 | 1024 | 1630 | 2114 | 25 | 146300 | 1052 | 1672 | 2168 | 2575 |
| 134100 | 970 | 1545 | 2006 | 2382 | 138200 | 998 |  | 2060 | 24 | 42300 | 1025 | 1631 | 2115 | 25 | 146400 | 1052 | 1673 | 2170 | 2576 |
| 134200 | 971 |  | 2 | 2384 | 00 | 998 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | 46500 | 053 | 1674 | 2171 | 2578 |
| 134300 | 972 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 999 |  |  |  |  |  | 1633 | 2 |  | 146600 |  |  | 2172 | 2579 |
| 134400 | 972 |  | 20 | 23 | 138500 | 00 |  | 2 | 2 | 142600 | 1027 | 16 | 2 | 2516 | 146700 | 1054 | 16 | 2174 | 2581 |
| 134500 | 973 |  | 20 | 2388 |  | 0 | 15 | 20 | 2 | 142700 |  | 1635 | 2120 | 251 | 146800 | 105 | 167 | 2175 | 2582 |
| 134600 | 974 |  | 2012 | 2390 | 138700 | 1 | 15 | 2 | 24 | 142800 |  | 1636 | 2122 | 25 | 146500 | 1056 |  | 2176 | 84 |
| 134700 | 974 | 1552 | 20 | 23 | 138800 | 1002 | 15 | 2068 | 24 | 142900 | 1020 | 1637 | 21 | 2521 | 147000 | 1056 | 9 | 88 | 886 |
| 134800 | 975 | 15 | 20 | 23 | 138900 | 1002 | 1595 | 2070 | 24 | 143000 | 1030 | 1638 | 2124 | 25 | 14 | 7 | 0 | 9 | 7 |
| 134900 | - | 15 | 20 | 2 | - | 1003 | 1596 | 20 | 2 | 14 |  | 16 | 2126 | 2524 | 147200 |  |  | - | - |
| 135000 | 976 | 15 | 2018 | 23 | 139100 | 1004 | 1597 | 2072 | 24 | 143200 | 1031 | 1640 | 2127 | 2526 | 147300 | 1058 | 1683 | 2182 | 2590 |
| 135100 | 977 | 1556 | 2019 | 2398 | 139200 | 1004 | 1598 | 2074 | 2463 | 143300 | 1032 | 1641 | 2128 | 2527 | 147400 | 1059 | 1684 | 2183 | 2592 |
| 135200 | 978 | 1557 | 2020 | 2399 | 139300 | 1005 | 1599 | 2075 | 2464 | 143400 | 22 | 1642 | 2130 | 52 | 147500 | 1060 | 1685 | 2184 | 2593 |
| 135300 | 978 | 1558 | 20 |  | 00 | 1006 | 1600 | 2076 | 2466 | 143500 | 3 | 1643 | 2131 | 2530 | 147600 | 060 | 86 | 2186 | 2595 |
| 135400 | 979 | 15 | 2023 | 2 | 139500 | 1006 | 1602 | 20 | 2 | 143600 |  | 1644 | 2132 | 25 | 1477 | 1061 | 1687 | 2187 | 2597 |
| 135500 | 980 | 1560 | 202 | 2 | 139600 | 1007 | 1603 | 20 | 2 | 143700 | 1034 | 1645 | 2134 | 2533 | 147800 | 1062 | 1688 | 2188 | 2598 |
| 135600 | 980 | 15 | 2026 | 2 | 139700 | 1008 | 16 | 2080 | 24 | 143800 | 10 | 1646 | 2135 | 25 | 147900 | 10 | 9 | 2190 | 00 |
| 135700 | 98 | 1562 | 20 | 2 | 1 | 1008 | 1605 | 20 | 2 | 143900 | 6 | 1647 | 2136 | 2537 | 148000 | 3 | 0 | 2191 | 1 |
| 13 | 982 | 15 | 2028 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 16 | 20 | 2 | 144000 | 1036 | 16 | 2138 | 2538 | 148100 | 1064 | 1691 | 2192 | 3 |
| 135900 |  | 15 | 20 |  | 1 | 1010 | 16 | 2 |  | 144100 |  | 1649 | 2139 | 2540 | 148200 | 1064 | 1692 | 2194 | 2604 |
| 136000 | 983 | 1565 | 20 | 2 | 140100 | 1010 | 1608 | 2086 | 2 | 144200 | 1038 | 1650 | 2140 | 2541 | 148300 | 665 | 3 | 95 | 2606 |
| 136100 | 984 | 1566 | 2032 | 2 | 140200 | 1011 | 1609 | 2087 | 2478 | 144300 | 1038 | 1651 | 2142 | 25 | 148400 | 1066 | 1694 | 2196 | 2608 |
| 136200 | 984 | 1567 |  |  | 140300 | 1012 | 1610 | 2088 |  | 144400 |  | 1652 | 2143 |  | 148500 | 1066 | 1695 | 2198 | 609 |
| 136300 | 985 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 90 |  | 144500 |  | 5 |  |  | 148600 | 967 | 96 | 2199 | 2611 |
| 136400 | 9 |  |  |  | 00 |  |  |  | 2 | 144600 |  | 54 | 2146 |  | 00 | 68 | 1697 | 2200 | 2612 |
| 136500 | 986 | 1570 | 2038 | 2 | 6000 | 10 | 1613 | 2092 | 2485 | 144700 | 10 | 1656 | 2147 | 25 | 148800 | 1068 | 1698 | 2202 | 2614 |
| 136600 | 987 | 1571 | 2039 |  | 140700 | 1014 | 1614 | 2094 | 2486 | 144800 | 1042 | 1657 | 2148 | 255 | 148900 | 1069 | 1699 | 2203 | 2616 |
| 136700 | 988 | 1572 | 2040 | 2423 | 140800 | 1015 | 1615 | 2095 | 2488 | 144900 | 1042 | 1658 | 2150 | 2552 | 149000 | 1070 | 1700 | 2204 | 2617 |
| 136800 | 988 | 1573 | 2042 | 2425 | 140900 | 1016 | 1616 | 2096 | 2489 | 145000 | 1043 | 16 | 2151 | 2554 | 149100 | 1070 | 1701 | 2206 | 619 |
| 136900 |  | 1575 | 2043 |  | 141000 | 1016 | 1617 | 2098 |  | 145100 | 1044 | 1660 | 2152 | - | 200 | 107 | 1702 | 2207 | 2620 |
| 137000 | 990 | 1576 | 20 | 24 | 141100 | 1017 | 1618 | 2099 |  | 145200 | 1044 | 1661 | 2154 | 2557 | 149300 | 1072 | 03 | 2208 | 2622 |
| 137100 | 990 | 1577 | 2046 | 2 | 141200 | 1018 | 1619 | 2100 | 2 | 145300 | 1045 | 1662 | 2155 | 2559 | 149400 | 1072 | 04 | 2210 | 2623 |
| 137200 | 991 | 1578 | 20 | 2 | 41300 | 1018 | 1620 | 2102 | 2496 | 145400 | 1046 | 1663 | 2156 | 2560 | 149500 | 1073 | 1705 | 2211 | 2625 |
| 137300 | 992 | 1579 | 2048 | 24 | 1400 | 1019 | 1621 | 2103 | 2497 | 145500 | 1046 | 1664 | 2158 | 2562 | 149600 | 1074 | 1706 | 2212 | 2627 |
| 137400 | 992 | 1580 | 2 | 2 | 150 | 1020 | 16 | 2104 | 2499 | 145600 | 47 | 1665 | 2159 | 563 | 9700 | 107 | 707 | 2214 | 2628 |
| 137500 | 993 | 1581 | 2 | 2 | 41600 | 1020 | 1623 | 2106 | 2500 | 145700 | 1048 | 1666 | 2160 | 2565 | 149800 | 1075 | 1708 | 2215 | 2630 |
| 137600 | 994 | 1582 | 2052 | 243 | 141700 | 1021 | 1624 | 2107 | 2502 | 145800 | 1048 | 1667 | 2162 | 2567 | 149900 | 1076 | 1709 | 2216 | 2631 |
| 137700 | 994 | 1583 | 2054 | 2439 | 141800 | 1022 | 1625 | 2108 | 2504 | 145900 | 1049 | 1668 | 2163 | 2568 | 150000 | 1076 | 1711 | 2218 | 2633 |
| 137800 | 995 | 1584 | 2055 | 2440 | 141900 | 1022 | 1626 | 2110 | 2505 | 146000 | 1050 | 1669 | 2164 | 2570 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 996 | 1585 | 20 | 2442 | 142000 | 1023 | 1627 | 2111 | 2507 | 146100 | 1050 | 1670 | 2166. | 257 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child/ un enfant | two children/ deux enfants | three children/ trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1076 plus $0.67 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1711 plus 1.04\% of income over 150,000 | $\mathbf{2 2 1 8}$ plus 1.33\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2633 plus $1.58 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1076 pius 0,67\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1711 plus 1,04\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2218 plus 1,33\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2633 plus $1,58 \%$ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de ia pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Suprort Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FEdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

| Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/Palement mensuel( $\$$ ) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {tre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No, of Children/ <br> $N^{\text {bre }}$ denfants$14\|c\| c\|c\| c\|c\|$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 109 | 169 | 191 | 213 | 17300 | 142 | 256 | 348 | 394 | 22600 | 200 | 343 | 457 | 550 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12100 | 109 | 172 | 194 | 217 | 17400 | 143 | 258 | 350 | 398 | 22700 | 201 | 344 | 459 | 553 |
| 6900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 12200 | 110 | 175 | 197 | 220 | 17500 | 144 | 260 | 352 | 402 | 22800 | 202 | 346 | 461 | 555 |
| 7000 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 12300 | 110 | 177 | 200 | 224 | 17600 | 145 | 261 | 354 | 405 | 22900 | 203 | 347 | 463 | 557 |
| 7100 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12400 | 111 | 180 | 203 | 227 | 17700 | 146 | 263 | 356 | 409 | 23000 | 204 | 349 | 465 | 559 |
| 7200 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 15 | 12500 | 111 | 182 | 206 | 230 | 17800 | 147 | 264 | 358 | 413 | 23100 | 205 | 350 | 467 | 562 |
| 7300 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 12600 | 111 | 185 | 209 | 234 | 17900 | 148 | 266 | 360 | 417 | 23200 | 206 | 352 | 469 | 564 |
| 7400 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 12700 | 112 | 187 | 212 | 237 | 18000 | 149 | 268 | 363 | 420 | 23300 | 207 | 353 | 471 | 566 |
| 7500 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 12800 | 112 | 190 | 215 | 241 | 18100 | 150 | 269 | 365 | 424 | 23400 | 208 | 355 | 472 | 569 |
| 7600 | 22 | 26 | 29 | 33 | 12900 | 112 | 193 | 218 | 244 | 18200 | 151 | 271 | 367 | 428 | 23500 | 209 | 356 | 474 | 571 |
| 7700 | 25 | 29 | 33 | 37 | 13000 | 113 | 195 | 221 | 247 | 18300 | 152 | 273 | 369 | 432 | 23600 | 210 | 358 | 476 | 573 |
| 7800 | 29 | 33 | 37 | 42 | 13100 | 113 | 198 | 224 | 251 | 18400 | 154 | 274 | 371 | 435 | 23700 | 211 | 359 | 478 | 576 |
| 7900 | 32 | 37 | 42 | 46 | 13200 | 114 | 200 | 227 | 254 | 18500 | 155 | 276 | 373 | 439 | 23800 | 212 | 361 | 480 | 578 |
| 8000 | 35 | 40 | 46 | 51 | 13300 | 114 | 203 | 230 | 258 | 18600 | 156 | 277 | 375 | 443 | 23900 | 213 | 362 | 482 | 580 |
| 8100 | 38 | 44 | 50 | 56 | 13400 | 114 | 206 | 233 | 261 | 18700 | 157 | 279 | 377 | 447 | 24000 | 214 | 364 | 484 | 582 |
| 8200 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 | 13500 | 115 | 208 | 236 | 265 | 18800 | 158 | 281 | 379 | 450 | 24100 | 215 | 365 | 486 | 585 |
| 8300 | 45 | 52 | 58 | 65 | 13600 | 115 | 210 | 239 | 268 | 18900 | 159 | 282 | 381 | 454 | 24200 | 216 | 367 | 488 | 587 |
| 8400 | 48 | 55 | 62 | 69 | 13700 | 116 | 211 | 242 | 271 | 19000 | 160 | 284 | 383 | 458 | 24300 | 217 | 368 | 490 | 589 |
| 8500 | 52 | 59 | 66 | 74 | 13800 | 116 | 212 | 245 | 275 | 19100 | 161 | 286 | 385 | 462 | 24400 | 218 | 370 | 492 | 592 |
| 8600 | 55 | 63 | 71 | 78 | 13900 | 116 | 213 | 248 | 278 | 19200 | 162 | 287 | 387 | 465 | 24500 | 219 | 372 | 494 | 594 |
| 8700 | 58 | 66 | 75 | 83 | 14000 | 117 | 214 | 251 | 282 | 19300 | 164 | 289 | 389 | 469 | 24600 | 220 | 373 | 496 | 596 |
| 8800 | 62 | 70 | 79 | 87 | 14100 | 117 | 215 | 254 | 285 | 19400 | 165 | 291 | 391 | 473 | 24700 | 221 | 375 | 498 | 598 |
| 8900 | 65 | 74 | 83 | 92 | 14200 | 118 | 216 | 257 | 288 | 19500 | 166 | 292 | 393 | 476 | 24800 | 222 | 376 | 500 | 601 |
| 9000 | 68 | 78 | 87 | 97 | 14300 | 118 | 217 | 260 | 292 | 19600 | 167 | 294 | 395 | 478 | 24900 | 223 | 378 | 502 | 603 |
| 9100 | 72 | 81 | 91 | 101 | 14400 | 119 | 218 | 263 | 295 | 19700 | 168 | 295 | 397 | 481 | 25000 | 223 | 379 | 504 | 605 |
| 9200 | 75 | 85 | 95 | 106 | 14500 | 119 | 220 | 266 | 299 | 19800 | 169 | 297 | 399 | 483 | 25100 | 224 | 381 | 505 | 608 |
| 9300 | 78 | 89 | 100 | 110 | 14600 | 120 | 221 | 269 | 302 | 19900 | 170 | 299 | 401 | 486 | 25200 | 225 | 382 | 507 | 610 |
| 9400 | 81 | 93 | 104 | 115 | 14700 | 120 | 222 | 272 | 306 | 20000 | 171 | 300 | 404 | 488 | 25300 | 226 | 384 | 509 | 612 |
| 9500 | 85 | 96 | 108 | 119 | 14800 | 121 | 223 | 275 | 309 | 20100 | 172 | 302 | 406 | 490 | 25400 | 227 | 385 | 511 | 615 |
| 9600 | 88 | 100 | 112 | 124 | 14900 | 121 | 224 | 278 | 312 | 20200 | 173 | 304 | 408 | 493 | 25500 | 228 | 387 | 513 | 617 |
| 9700 | 91 | 104 | 116 | 128 | 15000 | 122 | 225 | 281 | 316 | 20300 | 175 | 305 | 410 | 495 | 25600 | 229 | 388 | 515 | 619 |
| 9800 | 95 | 107 | 120 | 133 | 15100 | 122 | 226 | 284 | 319 | 20400 | 176 | 307 | 412 | 498 | 25700 | 230 | 390 | 517 | 621 |
| 9900 | 98 | 111 | 124 | 138 | 15200 | 123 | 227 | 287 | 323 | 20500 | 177 | 308 | 414 | 500 | 25800 | 231 | 391 | 519 | 624 |
| 10000 | 101 | 115 | 128 | 142 | 15300 | 123 | 228 | 290 | 326 | 20600 | 178 | 310 | 416 | 502 | 25900 | 232 | 393 | 521 | 626 |
| 10100 | 102 | 118 | 132 | 146 | 15400 | 124 | 229 | 293 | 329 | 20700 | 179 | 312 | 418 | 505 | 26000 | 233 | 394 | 523 | 628 |
| 10200 | 102 | 120 | 135 | 149 | 15500 | 125 | 231 | 296 | 333 | 20800 | 180 | 313 | 420 | 507 | 26100 | 234 | 395 | 525 | 630 |
| 10300 | 102 | 123 | 138 | 153 | 15600 | 126 | 232 | 299 | 336 | 20900 | 181 | 315 | 422 | 510 | 26200 | 235 | 397 | 526 | 632 |
| 10400 | 103 | 126 | 141 | 156 | 15700 | 127 | 234 | 302 | 340 | 21000 | 182 | 317 | 424 | 512 | 26300 | 236 | 398 | 528 | 635 |
| 10500 | 103 | 129 | 144 | 160 | 15800 | 128 | 235 | 305 | 343 | 21100 | 183 | 318 | 426 | 514 | 26400 | 237 | 400 | 530 | 637 |
| 10600 | 104 | 131 | 147 | 164 | 15900 | 129 | 236 | 308 | 347 | 21200 | 185 | 320 | 428 | 517 | 26500 | 238 | 401 | 532 | 639 |
| 10700 | 104 | 134 | 151 | 167 | 16000 | 130 | 238 | 311 | 350 | 21300 | 186 | 321 | 430 | 519 | 26600 | 239 | 402 | 534 | 641 |
| 10800 | 104 | 137 | 154 | 171 | 16100 | 131 | 239 | 314 | 353 | 21400 | 187 | 323 | 432 | 521 | 26700 | 239 | 404 | 535 | 643 |
| 10900 | 105 | 140 | 157 | 174 | 16200 | 131 | 241 | 317 | 357 | 21500 | 188 | 325 | 434 | 524 | 26800 | 240 | 405 | 537 | 645 |
| 11000 | 105 | 142 | 160 | 178 | 16300 | 132 | 242 | 320 | 360 | 21600 | 189 | 326 | 436 | 526 | 26900 | 241 | 407 | 539 | 647 |
| 11100 | 105 | 145 | 163 | 182 | 16400 | 133 | 244 | 323 | 364 | 21700 | 190 | 328 | 438 | 529 | 27000 | 242 | 408 | 541 | 650 |
| 11200 | 106 | 148 | 166 | 185 | 16500 | 134 | 245 | 326 | 367 | 21800 | 191 | 330 | 440 | 531 | 27100 | 243 | 410 | 543 | 652 |
| 11300 | 106 | 151 | 170 | 189 | 16600 | 135 | 246 | 329 | 370 | 21900 | 192 | 331 | 442 | 533 | 27200 | 244 | 411 | 544 | 654 |
| 11400 | 107 | 153 | 173 | 192 | 16700 | 136 | 248 | 332 | 374 | 22000 | 193 | 333 | 445 | 536 | 27300 | 245 | 412 | 546 | 656 |
| 11500 | 107 | 156 | 176 | 196 | 16800 | 137 | 249 | 335 | 377 | 22100 | 194 | 335 | 447 | 538 | 27400 | 246 | 414 | 548 | 658 |
| 11600 | 107 | 159 | 179 | 199 | 16900 | 138 | 251 | 338 | 381 | 22200 | 196 | 336 | 449 | 541 | 27500 | 247 | 415 | 550 | 660 |
| 11700 | 108 | 162 | 182 | 203 | 17000 | 139 | 252 | 341 | 384 | 22300 | 197 | 338 | 451 | 543 | 27600 | 248 | 417 | 552 | 662 |
| 11800 | 108 | 164 | 185 | 206 | 17100 | 140 | 254 | 344 | 388 | 22400 | 198 | 339 | 453 | 545 | 27700 | 248 | 418 | 553 | 664 |
| 11900 | 109 | 167 | 88 | 210 | 17200 | 141 | 255 | 346 | 39 | 22500 | 199 | 34 | 45 | 548 | 27800 | 249 | 419 | 555 | 66 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Chld Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdERAUX DE PENSIONS ALIMENTAIRES POUR ENFANTS : TABLES SIMPLIFIÉES

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (5) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. of } \\ & \mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | of re |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3. | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 27900 | 250 | 421 | 557 | 669 | 33200 | 292 | 486 | 641 | 768 | 38500 | 335 | 552 | 726 | 868 | 43800 | 379 | 621 | 815 | 973 |
| 28000 | 251 | 422 | 559 | 671 | 33300 | 293 | 487 | 642 | 770 | 38600 | 335 | 553 | 727 | 870 | 43900 | 380 | 622 | 816 | 975 |
| 28100 | 252 | 424 | 561 | 673 | 33400 | 294 | 488 | 644 | 771 | 38700 | 336 | 554 | 729 | 872 | 44000 | 381 | 624 | 818 | 977 |
| 28200 | 253 | 425 | 563 | 675 | 33500 | 295 | 490 | 646 | 773 | 38800 | 337 | 556 | 731 | 874 | 44100 | 382 | 625 | 820 | 979 |
| 28300 | 254 | 426 | 564 | 677 | 33600 | 295 | 491 | 647 | 775 | 38900 | 338 | 557 | 732 | 876 | 44200 | 382 | 626 | 821 | 981 |
| 28400 | 255 | 428 | 566 | 679 | 33700 | 296 | 492 | 649 | 777 | 39000 | 339 | 558 | 734 | 878 | 44300 | 383 | 628 | 823 | 983 |
| 28500 | 256 | 429 | 568 | 681 | 33800 | 297 | 493 | 650 | 779 | 39100 | 339 | 559 | 736 | 880 | 44400 | 384 | 629 | 825 | 985 |
| 28600 | 257 | 431 | 570 | 684 | 33900 | 298 | 494 | 652 | 781 | 39200 | 340 | 561 | 737 | 881 | 44500 | 385 | 630 | 826 | 987 |
| 28700 | 257 | 432 | 572 | 686 | 34000 | 298 | 496 | 653 | 783 | 39300 | 341 | 562 | 739 | 883 | 44600 | 386 | 631 | 828 | 989 |
| 28800 | 258 | 433 | 573 | 688 | 34100. | 299 | 497 | 655 | 784 | 39400 | 342 | 563 | 740 | 885 | 44700 | 387 | 633 | 830 | 991 |
| 28900 | 259 | 435 | 575 | 690 | 34200 | 300 | 498 | 657 | 786 | 39500 | 343 | 565 | 742 | 887 | 48800 | 387 | 634 | 831 | 993 |
| 29000 | 260 | 436 | 577 | 692 | 34300 | 301. | 499 | 658 | 788 | 39600 | 344 | 566 | 744 | 889 | 44900 | 388 | 635 | 833 | 995 |
| 29100 | 261 | 438 | 579 | 694 | 34400 | 302 | $501{ }^{\circ}$ | 660 | 790 | 39700 | 344 | 567 | 745 | 891 | 45000 | 389 | 637 | 835 | 997 |
| 29200 | 262 | 439 | 581 | 696 | 34500 | 302 | 502 | 661 | 792 | 39800 | 345 | 568 | 747 | 893 | 45100 | 390 | 638 | 837 | 999 |
| 29300 | 263 | 440 | 582 | 699 | 34600 | 303 | 503 | 663 | 794 | 39900 | 346 | 570 | 749 | 895 | 45200 | 391 | 639 | 838 | 1001 |
| 29400 | 264 | 442 | 584 | 701 | 34700 | 304 | 504 | 664 | 796 | 40000 | 347 | 571 | 750 | 897 | 45300 | 392 | 641 | 840 | 1003 |
| 29500 | 265 | 443 | 586 | 703 | 34800 | 305 | 505 | 666 | 797 | 40100 | 348 | 572 | 752 | 899 | 45400 | 393 | 642 | 842 | 1005 |
| 29600 | 266 | 445 | 588 | 705 | 34900 | 306 | 507 | 668 | 799 | 40200 | 349 | 574 | 754 | 901 | 45500 | 393 | 643 | 843 | 1007 |
| 29700 | 266 | 446 | 589 | 707 | 35000 | 306 | 508 | 669 | 801 | 40300 | 349 | 575 | 755 | 903 | 45600 | 394 | 645 | 845 | 1009 |
| 29800 | 267 | 447 | 591 | 708 | 35100 | 307 | 509 | 671 | 803 | 40400 | 350 | 576 | 757 | 905 | 45700 | 395 | 646 | 847 | 1011 |
| 29900 | 268 | 448 | 592 | 710 | 35200 | 308 | 510 | 672 | 805 | 40500 | 351 | 578 | 759 | 907 | 45800 | 396 | 647 | 848 | 1013 |
| 30000 | 268 | 449 | 593 | 712 | 35300 | 309 | 512 | 674 | 807 | 40600 | 352 | 579 | 760 | 909 | 45900 | 397 | 648 | 850 | 1015 |
| 30100 | 269 | 450 | 595 | 713 | 35400 | 309 | 513 | 675 | 809 | 40700 | 353 | 580 | 762 | 911 | 46000 | 397 | 650 | 851 | 1017 |
| 30200 | 270 | 451 | 596 | 715 | 35500 | 310 | 514 | 677 | 810 | 40800 | 354 | 581 | 764 | 913 | 46100 | 398 | 651 | 853 | 1019 |
| 30300 | 271 | 452 | 598 | 717 | 35600 | 311 | 515 | 679 | 812 | 40900 | 354 | 583 | 765 | 915 | 46200 | 399 | 652 | 855 | 1020 |
| 30400 | 271 | 453 | 599 | 718 | 35700 | 312 | 516 | 680 | 814 | 41000 | 355 | 584 | 767 | 917 | 46300 | 400 | 653 | 856 | 1022 |
| 30500 | 272 | 455 | 601 | 720 | 35800 | 313 | 518 | 682 | 816 | 41100 | 356 | 585 | 769 | 919 | 46400 | 401 | 655 | 858 | 1024 |
| 30600 | 273 | 456 | 602 | 722 | 35900 | 313 | 519 | 683 | 818 | 41200 | 357 | 587 | 771 | 921 | 46500 | 401 | 656 | 860 | 1026 |
| 30700 | 273 | 457 | 603 | 723 | 36000 | 314 | 520 | 685 | 820 | 41300 | 358 | 588 | 772 | 923 | 46600 | 402 | 657 | 861 | 1028 |
| 30800 | 274 | 458 | 605 | 725 | 36100 | 315 | 521 | 687 | 822 | 41400 | 359 | 589 | 774 | 925 | 46700 | 403 | 658 | 863 | 1030 |
| 30900 | 275 | 459 | 606 | 727 | 36200 | 316 | 523 | 688 | 824 | 41500 | 360 | 591 | 776 | 927 | 46800 | 404 | 660 | 865 | 1032 |
| 31000 | 276 | 460 | 608 | 729 | 36300 | 317 | 524 | 690 | 826 | 41600 | 360 | 592 | 777 | 929 | 46900 | 405 | 661 | 866 | 1034 |
| 31100 | 276 | 461 | 609 | 730 | 36400 | 317 | 525 | 691 | 827 | 41700 | 361 | 593 | 779 | 931 | 47000 | 405 | 662 | 868 | 1036 |
| 31200 | 277 | 462 | 611 | 732 | 36500 | 318 | 527 | 693 | 829 | 41800 | 362 | 595 | 781 | 933 | 47100 | 406 | 664 | 869 | 1038 |
| 31300 | 278 | 463 | 612 | 734 | 36600 | 319 | 528 | 695 | 831 | 41900 | 363 | 596 | 782 | 935 | 47200 | 407 | 665 | 871 | 1040 |
| 31400 | 278 | 465 | 613 | 735 | 36700 | 320 | 529 | 696 | 833 | 42000 | 364 | 597 | 784 | 937 | 47300 | 408 | 666 | 873 | 1042 |
| 31500 | 279 | 466 | 615 | 737 | 36800 | 321 | 530 | 698 | 835 | 42100 | 365 | 599 | 786 | 939 | 47400 | 409 | 667 | 874 | 1044 |
| 31600 | 280 | 467 | 616 | 739 | 36900 | 322 | 532 | 700 | 837 | 42200 | 365 | 600 | 787 | 941 | 47500 | 409 | 669 | 876 | 1046 |
| 31700 | 281 | 468 | 618 | 740 | 37000 | 322 | 533 | 701 | 839 | 42300 | 366 | 601 | 789 | 943 | 47600 | 410 | 670 | 878 | 1048 |
| 31800 | 281 | 469 | 619 | 742 | 37100 | 323 | 534 | 703 | 841 | 42400 | 367 | 603 | 791 | 945 | 47700 | 411 | 671 | 879 | 1050 |
| 31900 | 282 | 470 | 621 | 744 | 37200 | 324 | 535 | 705 | 843 | 42500 | 368 | 604 | 793 | 947 | 47800 | 412 | 672 | 881 | 1052 |
| 32000 | 283 | 471 | 622 | 745 | 37300 | 325 | 537 | 706 | 845 | 42600 | 369 | 605 | 794 | 949 | 47900 | 413 | 674 | 883 | 1054 |
| 32100 | 284 | 472 | 624 | 747 | 37400 | 326 | 538 | 708 | 847 | 42700 | 370 | 606 | 796 | 951 | 48000 | 413 | 675 | 884 | 1055 |
| 32200 | 284 | 474 | 625 | 749 | 37500 | 326 | 539 | 709 | 849 | 42800 | 371 | 608 | 798 | 953 | 48100 | 414 | 676 | 886 | 1057 |
| 32300 | 285 | 475 | 627 | 751 | 37600 | 327 | 540 | 711 | 851 | 42900 | 371 | 609 | 799 | 955 | 48200 | 415 | 677 | 887 | 1059 |
| 32400 | 286 | 476 | 628 | 753 | 37700 | 328 | 542 | 713 | 853 | 43000 | 372 | 610 | 801 | 957 | 48300 | 416 | 679 | 889 | 1061 |
| 32500 | 287 | 477 | 630 | 755 | 37800 | 329 | 543 | 714 | 854 | 43100 | 373 | 612 | 803 | 959 | 48400 | 417 | 680 | 891 | 1063 |
| 32600 | 287 | 479 | 631 | 757 | 37900 | 330 | 544 | 716 | 856 | 43200 | 374 | 613 | 804 | 961 | 48500 | 417 | 681 | 892 | 1065 |
| 32700 | 288 | 480 | 633 | 758 | 38000 | 330 | 546 | 718 | 858 | 43300 | 375 | 614 | 806 | 963 | 48600 | 418 | 683 | 894 | 1067 |
| 32800 | 289 | 481 | 635 | 760 | 38100 | 331 | 547 | 719 | 860 | 43400 | 376 | 616 | 808 | 965 | 48700 | 419 | 684 | 896 | 1069 |
| 32900 | 290 | 482 | 636 | 762 | 38200 | 332 | 548 | 721 | 862 | 43500 | 376 | 617 | 809 | 967 | 48800 | 420 | 685 | 897 | 1071 |
| 33000 | 291 | 483 | 638 | 764 | 38300 | 333 | 549 | 722 | 864 | 43600 | 377 | 618 | 811 | 969 | 48900 | 421 | 686 | 899 | 1073 |
| 33100 | 291 | 485 | 639 | 766 | 38400 | 334 | 551 | 724 | 866 | 43700 | 378 | 620 | 813 | 971 | 49000 | 421 | 688 | 901 | 1075 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reven (\$) | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 49100 | 422 | 689 | 902 | 1077 | 54400 | 466 | 758 | 991 | 1181 | 59700 | 510 | 826 | 1078 | 1285 | 65000 | 550 | 888 | 15 | 1380 |
| 49200 | 423 | 690 | 904 | 1079 | 54500 | 467 | 759 | 992 | 1183 | 59800 | 511 | 827 | 1080 | 1286 | 65100 | 550 | 889 | 1160 | 1381 |
| 49300 | 424 | 691 | 906 | 1081 | 54600 | 468 | 760 | 994 | 1185 | 59900 | 512 | 828 | 1081 | 1288 | 65200 | 551 | 890 | 1161 | 1383 |
| 49400 | 425 | 693 | 907 | 1083 | 54700 | 469 | 761 | 996 | 1187 | 60000 | 512 | 829 | 1083 | 1290 | 65300 | 552 | 891 | 1163 | 1385 |
| 49500 | 425 | 694 | 909 | 1085 | 54800 | 470 | 763 | 997 | 1189 | 60100 | 513 | 830 | 1084 | 1292 | 65400 | 553 | 892 | 1164 | 1387 |
| 49600 | 426 | 695 | 911 | 1087 | 54900 | 470 | 764 | 999 | 1191 | 60200 | 514 | 832 | 1086 | 1294 | 65500 | 553 | 893 | 1166 | 1388 |
| 49700 | 427 | 697 | 912 | 1089 | 55000 | 471 | 765 | 1001 | 1193 | 60300 | 515 | 833 | 1087 | 1296 | 65600 | 554 | 895 | 1167 | 1390 |
| 49800 | 428 | 698 | 914 | 1091 | 55100 | 472 | 767 | 1002 | 1195 | 60400 | 515 | 834 | 1089 | 1297 | 65700 | 555 | 896 | 1169 | 1392 |
| 49900 | 429 | 699 | 916 | 1093 | 55200 | 473 | 768 | 1004 | 1197 | 60500 | 516 | 835 | 1090 | 1299 | 65800 | 555 | 897 | 1170 | 1394 |
| 50000 | 430 | 701 | 917 | 1095 | 55300 | 474 | 769 | 1006 | 1199 | 60600 | 517 | 836 | 1092 | 1301 | 65900 | 556 | 898 | 117 | 1395 |
| 50100 | 430 | 702 | 919 | 109 | 55400 | 475 | 770 | 1007 | 1201 | 60700 | 518 | 838 | 109 | 1303 | 6600 | 557 | 899 | 3 | 1397 |
| 50200 | 43 | 703 | 921 | 1 | 55500 | 475 | 772 | 09 | 1203 | 0800 | 519 | 839 | 109 | 1305 | 66100 | 557 | 900 | 117 | 1399 |
| 50300 | 432 | 704 | 922 | 110 | 55600 | 476 | 773 | 1 | 1205 | 60900 | 519 | 840 | 1097 | 1306 | 66200 | 558 | 90 | 117 | 1400 |
| 50400 | 433 | 706 | 924 | 1102 | 55700 | 477 | 774 | 1012 | 1207 | 61000 | 520 | 841 | 109 | 1308 | 66300 | 559 | 902 | 1177 | 1402 |
| 50500 | 434 | 707 | 926 | 1104 | 55800 | 478 | 776 | 1014 | 1209 | 61100 | 521 | 842 | 1100 | 1310 | 66400 | 559 | 904 | 1179 | 1404 |
| 50600 | 435 | 708 | 927 | 1106 | 55900 | 479 | 777 | 1016 | 1211 | 61200 | 522 | 844 | 1101 | 1312 | 66500 | 560 | 905 | 1180 | 1406 |
| 50700 | 435 | 710 | 929 | 1108 | 56000 | 480 | 778 | 1017 | 1213 | 61300 | 522 | 845 | 1103 | 1314 | 66600 | 561 | 906 | 1182 | 1407 |
| 50800 | 436 | 711 | 931 | 1110 | 56100 | 480 | 780 | 1019 | 1215 | 61400 | 523 | 846 | 1104 | 1316 | 66700 | 562 | 907 | 1183 | 1409 |
| 50900 | 437 | 712 | 932 | 1112 | 56200 | 481 | 781 | 1021 | 1217 | 61500 | 52 | 847 | 1106 | 1317 | 66800 | 562 | 908 | 1185 | 1411 |
| 51000 | 438 | 714 | 934 | 1114 | 56300 | 482 | 782 | 02 | 1219 | 61600 | 52 | 848 | 1107 | 1319 | 66900 | 563 | 909 | 1186 | 1413 |
| 51100 | 439 | 715 | 936 | 1116 | 56400 | 483 | 783 | 1024 | 12 | 61700 | 525 | 850 | 1109 | 1321 | 67000 | 564 | 910 | 1188 | 1415 |
| 51200 | 440 | 716 | 937 | 1118 | 56500 | 484 | 785 | 1026 | 1222 | 61800 | 526 | 851 | 1110 | 1323 | 67100 | 565 | 912 | 1189 | 1416 |
| 51300 | 440 | 717 | 939 | 1120 | 56600 | 485 | 786 | 1027 | 1224 | 61900 | 527 | 852 | 1112 | 1325 | 67200 | 565 | 913 | 1191 | 1418 |
| 51400 | 441 | 719 | 941 | 1122 | 56700 | 485 | 787 | 1029 | 1226 | 62000 | 528 | 853 | 1113 | 1326 | 67300 | 566 | 914 | 1192 | 1420 |
| 51500 | 442 | 720 | 942 | 1124 | 56800 | 486 | 789 | 1030 | 1228 | 62100 | 529 | 854 | 1115 | 1328 | 67400 | 567 | 915 | 1194 | 1422 |
| 51600 | 44 | 721 |  | 1126 | 56900 | 487 | 790 | 1032 | 1230 | 62200 | 529 | 856 | 1117 | 1330 | 67500 | 568 | 916 | 1195 | 1423 |
| 51700 | 44 | 723 | 94 | 1128 | 57000 | 488 | 791 | 1034 | 123 | 23 | 530 | 857 | 11 | 13 | 67600 | 5 | 917 | 11 | 1425 |
| 51800 | 445 | 724 | 947 | 1130 | 57100 | 489 | 792 | 1035 | 123 | 24 | 531 | 858 | 112 | 133 | 67700 | 569 | 919 | 1198 | 1427 |
| 51900 | 445 | 725 | 949 | 1132 | 57200 | 490 | 794 | 1037 | 1236 | 62500 | 532 | 859 | 1121 | 1336 | 67800 | 570 | 920 | 1200 | 1429 |
| 52000 | 446 | 726 | 951 | 1134 | 57300 | 490 | 795 | 1039 | 1238 | 62600 | 532 | 860 | 1123 | 1337 | 67900 | 571 | 921 | 1201 | 1430 |
| 52100 | 447 | 728 | 952 |  | 57400 | 491 | 796 | 040 | 1240 | 62700 | 533 | 862 | 1124 | 1339 | 68000 | 571 | 922 | 120 | 1432 |
| 52200 | 448 | 729 | 954 | 11 | 57500 | 492 | 798 | 42 | 12 | 280 | 534 | 863 | 1126 | 13 | 68100 | 72 | 923 | 12 | 1434 |
| 52300 | 449 | 730 | 956 | 1140 | 57600 | 493 | 799 | 1044 | 1244 | 62900 | 535 | 864 | 1127 | 1343 | 68200 | 573 | 924 | 1206 | 1436 |
| 52400 | 450 | 732 | 957 | 1142 | 57700 | 494 | 800 | 1045 | 1246 | 63000 | 535 | 865 | 1129 | 1345 | 68300 | 574 | 926 | 1207 | 1438 |
| 52500 | 450 | 733 | 959 | 1144 | 57800 | 495 | 802 | 1047 | 1248 | 63100 | - | 866 | 1130 | 134 | 68400 | 574 | 927 | 1209 | 1439 |
| 52600 | 451 | 734 | 961 | 1146 | 57900 | 495 | 803 | 1049 | 1250 | 63200 | 53 | 868 | 1132 | 1348 | 68500 | 575 | 928 | 1210 | 1441 |
| 52700 | 452 | 736 | 962 | 1148 | 58000 | 496 | 804 | 1050 | 1252 | 63300 | 538 | 869 | 1133 | 1350 | 68600 | 576 | 929 | 1212 | 1443 |
| 52800 | 453 | 737 | 964 | 1150 | 58100 | 497 | 805 | 1052 | 1254 | 63400 | 539 | 870 | 1135 | 1352 | 68700 | 577 | 930 | 1213 | 1445 |
| 52900 | 454 | 738 | 966 | 1152 | 58200 | 498 | 807 | 1054 | 1256 | 63500 | 539 | 871 | 1136 | 1354 | 68800 | 577 | 931 | 1215 | 1446 |
| 53000 | 455 | 739 | 967 | 1154 | 58300 | 499 | 808 | 1055 | 1258 | 63600 | 540 | 872 | 1138 | 1355 | 68900 | 578 | 933 | 1216 | 1448 |
| 53100 | 455 | 741 | 969 | 1156 | 58400 | 500 | 809 |  | 1260 | 63700 | 541 | 873 | 1139 | 1357 | 69000 | 579 | 934 | 1218 | 1450 |
| 53200 | 456 | 742 | 971 | 1158 | 58500 | 00 | 811 | 10 | 126 | 63800 | 541 | 874 | 1141 | 1359 | 69100 | 580 | 93 | 121 | 1452 |
| 53300 | 457 | 743 | 972 | 1160 | 58600 | 501 | 812 | 1060 | 1264 | 63900 | 542 | 876 | 1142 | 1361 | 69200 | 580 | 936 | 122 | 1453 |
| 53400 | 458 | 745 | 974 | 1161 | 58700 | 502 | 813 | 1062 | 1266 | 64000 | 543 | 877 | 1144 | 1362 | 69300 | 581 | 937 | 1222 | 1455 |
| 53500 | 459 | 746 | 976 | 1163 | 58800 | 503 | 815 | 1064 | 1268 | 64100 | 543 | 878 | 1145 | 1364 | 69400 | 582 | 938 | 1224 | 1457 |
| 53600 | 460 | 747 | 977 | 1165 | 58900 | 504 | 816 | 1065 | 1270 | 64200 | 544 | 879 | 1147 | 1366 | 69500 | 583 | 940 | 1225 | 1459 |
| 53700 | -460 | 748 | 979 | 1167 | 59000 | 505 | 817 | 1067 | 1272 | 64300 | 545 | 880 | 1148 | 1368 | 69600 | 583 | 941 | 1227 | 1461 |
| 53800 | 461 | 750 | 981 | 1169 | 59100 | 505 | 818 | 1069 | 1274 | 64400 | 546 | 881 | 1150 | 1369 | 69700 | 584 | 942 | 1228 | 1462 |
| 53900 | 462 | 751 | 982 | 1171 | 59200 | 506 | 820 | 1070 | 1276 | 64500 | 54 | 882 | 1151 | 1371 | 69800 | 585 | 943 | 123 | 1464 |
| 54000 | 463 | 752 | 984 | 1173 | 59300 | 507 | 821 | 1072 | 1277 | 64600 | 547 | 883 | 1153 | 1373 | 69900 | 586 | 944 | 1231 | 1466 |
| 54100 | 464 | 754 | 986 | 1175 | 59400 | 508 | 822 | 1073 | 1279 | 64700 | 548 | 884 | 1154 | 1374 | 70000 | 586 | 945 | 1233 | 1468 |
| 54200 | 465 | 755 | 987 | 1177 | 59500 | 509 | 823 | 1075 | 1281 | 64800 | 548 | 886 | 1155 | 1376 | 70100 | 587 | 947 | 1234 | 1469 |
| 54300 | 465 | 756 | 989 | 1179 | 59600 | 509 | 824 | 1077 | 1283 | 64900 | 549 | 887 | 1157 | 1378 | 70200 | 588 | 948 | 1236 | 1471 |

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Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). II èxiste une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : TAbles Simplifiées
1997

| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensue <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Mónthly Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel <br> Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}} \mathrm{d}$ 'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ ${ }^{\mathrm{N}}$ bre d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70300 | 589 | 949 | 1237 | 1473 | 75600 | 628 | 1011 | 1317 | 1567 | 80900 | 668 | 1072 | 1396 | 166 | 86200 | 708 | 1134 | 1475 | 1754 |
| 70400 | 569 | 950 | 1239 | 1475 | 75700 | 629 | 1012 | 1318 | 1569 | 81000 | 669 | 1074 | 1397 | 1662 | 86300 | 708 | 1135 | 1477 | 1756 |
| 70500 | 590 | 951 | 1240 | 1476 | 5800 | 630 | 1013 | 1320 | 1570 | 81100 | 670 | 1075 | 1399 | 1664 | 86400 | 709 | 1136 | 1478 | 1758 |
| 70600 | 591 | 952 | 1242 | 1478 | 75900 | 631 | 1014 | 1321 | 1572 | 81200 | 670 | 1076 | 1400 | 1666 | 86500 | 710 | 1138 | 1480 | 1760 |
| 70700 | 592 | 954 | 1243 | 1480 | 6000 | 631 | 1015 | 1323 | 1574 | 81300 | 671 | 1077 | 1402 | 166 | 86600 | 711 | 1139 | 1481 | 1762 |
| 70800 | 592 | 955 | 1245 | 1482 | 76100 | 632 | 1016 | 1324 | 1576 | 81400 | 672 | 1078 | 1403 | 1669 | 86700 | 711 | 1140 | 1483 | 1763 |
| 70900 | 593 | 956 | 1246 | 1484 | 76200 | 633 | 1018 | 1326 | 1577 | 81500 | 673 | 1079 | 1405 | 1671 | 86800 | 712 | 1141 | 1484 | 1765 |
| 71000 | 594 | 957 | 1248 | 1485 | 76300 | 634 | 1019 | 1327 | 1579 | 81600 | 673 | 1081 | 1406 | 1673 | 86900 | 713 | 1142 | 1486 | 1767 |
| 71100 | 595 | 958 | 1249 | 1487 | 76400 | 634 | 1020 | 1329 | 1581 | 81700 | 674 | 1082 | 1408 | 1675 | 87000 | 714 | 1143 | 1487 | 1769 |
| 71200 | 595 | 959 | 1251 | 14 | 76500 | 635 | 1021 | 1330 | 1583 | 81800 | 675 | 10 | 1409 | 1677 | 87100 | 714 | 1145 | 1489 | 1770 |
| 71300 | 596 | 961 | 1252 | 1491 | 76600 | 636 | 1022 | 1332 | 1584 | 81900 | 676 | 1084 | 1411 | 1678 | 87200 | 715 | 1146 | 1490 | 1772 |
| 71400 | 597 | 962 | 1254 | 1492 | 76700 | 637 | 1023 | 1333 | 1586 | 82000 | 676 | 1085 | 1412 | 1680 | 87300 | 716 | 1147 | 1492 | 1774 |
| 71500 | 598 | 963 | 1255 | 1494 | 76800 | 637 | 1025 | 1334 | 1588 | 82100 | 677 | 1086 | 1414 | 1682 | 87400 | 717 | 1148 | 1493 | 1776 |
| 71600 | 598 | 964 | 1257 | 1496 | 76900 | 638 | 1026 | 1336 | 1590 | 82200 | 678 | 1088 | 1415 | 1684 | 87500 | 717 | 1149 | 1495 | 1777 |
| 71700 | 599 | 965 | 1258 | 1498 | 77000 | 639 | 1027 | 1337 | 1592 | 82300 | 679 | 1089 | 1417 | 168 | 87600 | 718 | 1150 | 1496 | 1779 |
| 71800 | 600 | 966 | 1260 | 1499 | 77100 | 640 | 1028 | 1339 | 1593 | 82400 | 679 | 1090 | 1418 | 168 | 87700 | 719 | 1152 | 1498 | 1781 |
| 71900 | 601 | 968 | 1261 | 1501 | 77200 | 640 | 1029 | 1340 | 1595 | 82500 | 680 | 1091 | 1420 | 168 | 87800 | 720 | 1153 | 1499 | 1783 |
| 72000 | 601 | 969 | 1263 | 1503 | 77300 | 641 | 1030 | 1342 | 1597 | 82600 | 681 | 1092 | 1421 | 169 | 87900 | 720 | 1154 | 1501 | 1785 |
| 72100 | 602 | 970 | 1264 | 15 | 77400 | 642 | 23 | 1343 | 1599 | 82700 | 681 | 1093 | 1423 | 169 | 88000 | 721 | 1155 | 1502 | 1786 |
| 72200 | 603 | 971 | 1266 | 150 | 77500 | 643 | 1033 | 1345 | 1600 | 82800 | 682 | 1095 | 1424 | 169 | 88100 | 722 | 1156 | 1504 | 1788 |
| 72300 | 604 | 972 | 1267 | 1508 | 77600 | 643 | 334 | 1346 | 1602 | 8290 | 683 | 1096 | 1426 | 1696 | 88200 | 723 | 1157 | 1505 | 1790 |
| 72400 | 604 | 973 | 1269 | 1510 | 77700 | 644 | 335 | 1348 | 1604 | 83000 | 684 | 1097 | 1427 | 169 | 88300 | 723 | 1159 | 1507 | 1792 |
| 72500 | 605 | 975 | 1270 | 1512 | 77800 | 645 | 1036 | 1349 | 1606 | 83100 | 684 | 1098 | 1429 | 170 | 88400 | 724 | 1160 | 1508 | 1793 |
| 72600 | 606 | 976 | 1272 | 1514 | 77900 | 646 | 1037 | 1351 | 1607 | 83200 | 685 | 1099 | 1430 | 170 | 88500 | 725 | 1161 | 1510 | 1795 |
| 72700 | 607 | 977 | 1273 | 1515 | 78000 | 646 | 1039 | 1352 | 1609 | 83300 | 686 | 1100 | 1432 | 170 | 88600 | 726 | 1162 | 1511 | 1797 |
| 72800 | 607 | 978 | 1275 | 1517 | 78100 | 647 | 1040 | 1354 | 1611 | 83400 | 687 | 1102 | 1433 | 1705 | 88700 | 726 | 1163 | 1513 | 1799 |
| 72900 | 608 | 979 | 1276 | 1519 | 78200 | 648 | 1041 | 1355 | 1613 | 83500 | 687 | 1103 | 1435 | 1707 | 88800 | 727 | 1164 | 1514 | 1800 |
| 73000 | 609 | 980 | 1278 | 1521 | 78300 | 649 | 1042 | 1357 | 1615 | 83600 | 688 | 1104 | 1436 | 170 | 88900 | 728 | 1166 | 1516 | 1802 |
| 73100 | 610 | 982 | 1279 | 1523 | 78400 | 649 | 1043 | 1358 | 1616 | 83700 | 689 | 1105 | 1438 | 1710 | 89000 | 729 | 1167 | 1517 | 1804 |
| 73200 | 610 | 983 | 1281 | 1524 | 78500 | 650 | 44 | 1360 | 1618 | 83800 | 690 | 1106 | 1439 | 1712 | 89100 | 729 | 1168 | 1519 | 1806 |
| 73300 | 611 | 984 | 1282 | 1526 | 78600 | 651 | 1046 | 1361 | 1620 | 83900 | 690 | 1.107 | 1441 | 1714 | 89200 | 730 | 1169 | 1520 | 1808 |
| 73400 | 612 | 985 | 1284 | 1528 | 78700 | 652 | 1047 | 1363 | 1622 | 34000 | 691 | 1109 | 1442 | 1715 | 89300 | 731 | 1170 | 1522 | 1809 |
| 73500 | 613 | 986 | 1285 | 1530 | 78800 | 652 | 1048 | 1364 | 1623 | 84100 | 692 | 1110 | 1444 | 1717 | 89400 | 732 | 1171 | 1523 | 1811 |
| 73600 | 613 | 987 | 1287 | 1531 | 78900 | 653 | 1049 | 1366 | 1625 | 84200 | 693 | 1111 | 1445 | 1719 | 89500 | 732 | 1173 | 1525 | 1813 |
| 73700 | 614 | 989 | 1288 | 1533 | 79000 | 654 | 1050 | 1367 | 1627 | 84300 | 693 | 1112 | 1447 | 1721 | 89600 | 733 | 1174 | 1526 | 1815 |
| 73800 | 615 | 990 | 1290 | 1535 | 79100 | 655 | 1051 | 1369 | 1629 | 84400 | 694 | 1113 | 1448 | 1723 | 89700 | 734 | 1175 | 1528 | 1816 |
| 73900 | 616 | 991 | 1291 | 1537 | 79200 | 655 | 1053 | 1370 | 1631 | 84500 | 695 | 1114 | 1450 | 1724 | 89800 | 735 | 1176 | 1529 | 1818 |
| 74000 | 616 | 992 | 1293 | 1538 | 79300 | 656 | 1054 | 1372 | 1632 | 84600 | 6 | 1116 | 1451 | 1726 | 89900 | 735 | 1177 | 1531 | 1820 |
| 74100 | 617 | 993 | 1294 | 1540 | 79400 | 657 | 1055 | 1373 | 1634 | 84700 | 696 | 1117 | 1453 | 1728 | 90000 | 736 | 1178 | 1532 | 1822 |
| 74200 | 618 | 994 | 1296 | 15 | 79500 | 658 | 1056 | 1375 | 1636 | 84800 | 697 | 1118 | 1454 | 1730 | 90100 | 737 | 1180 | 1534 | 1823 |
| 74300 | 619 | 996 | 1297 | 1544 | 79600 | 658 | 1057 | 1376 | 1638 | 84900 | 698 | 1119 | 1456 | 1731 | 90200 | 738 | 1181 | 1535 | 1825 |
| 74400 | 619 | 997 | 1299 | 1546 | 79700 | 659 | 1058 | 1378 | 1639 | 85000 | 699 | 1120 | 1457 | 1733 | 90300 | 738 | 1182 | 1537 | 1827 |
| 74500 | 620 | 998 | 1300 | 1547 | 79800 | 660 | 1060 | 1379 | 1641 | 85100 | 699 | 1121 | 1459 | 1735 | 90400 | 739 | 1183 | 1538 | 1829 |
| 74600 | 621 | 999 | 1302 | 1549 | 79900 | 661 | 1061 | 1381 | 1643 | 85200 | 700 | 1123 | 1460 | 1737 | 90500 | 740 | 1184 | 1540 | 1831 |
| 74700 | 622 | 1000 | 1303 | 1551 | 80000 | 661 | 1062 | 1382 | 1645 | 85300 | 701 | 1124 | 1462 | 1739 | 90600 | 741 | 1185 | 1541 | 1832 |
| 74800 | 622 | 1001 | 1305 | 1553 | 80100 | 662 | 1063 | 1384 | 1646 | 85400 | 702 | 1125 | 1463 | 1740 | 90700 | 741 | 1187 | 1543 | 1834 |
| 74900 | 623 | 1002 | 1306 | 1554 | 80200 | 663 | 1064 | 1385 | 1648 | 85500 | 702 | 1126 | 1465 | 1742 | 90800 | 742 | 1188 | 1544 | 1836 |
| 75000 | 624 | 1004 | 1308 | 1556 | 80300 | 664 | 1065 | 1387 | 1650 | 85600 | 703 | 1127 | 1466 | 1744 | 90900 | 743 | 1189 | 1546 | 1838 |
| 75100 | 625 | 1005 | 1309 | 1558 | 80400 | 664 | 1067 | 1388 | 1652 | 85700 | 704 | 1128 | 1468 | 1746 | 91000 | 744 | 1190 | 1547 | 1839 |
| 75200 | 625 | 1006 | 1311 | 1560 | 80500 | 665 | 1068 | 1390 | 1654 | 85800 | 705 | 1129 | 1469 | 1747 | 91100 | 744 | 1191 | 1549 | 1841 |
| 75300 | 626 | 1007 | 1312 | 1561 | 80600 | 666 | 1069 | 1391 | 1655 | 85900 | 705 | 1131 | 1471 | 1749 | 91200 | 745 | 1192 | 1550 | 1843 |
| 75400 | 627 | 1008 | 1314 | 1563 | 80700 | 667 | 1070 | 1393 | 1657 | 86000 | 706 | 1132 | 1472 | 1751 | 91300 | 746 | 1194 | 155 | 1845 |
| 75500 | 628 | 100 | 1315 | 156 | 8080 | 667 | 107 | 1394 | 1659 | 8610 | 707 | 1133 | 1474 | 1753 | 91 | 747 | 1995 | 1553 |  |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule
mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/Palement mensuel$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Chilldreni $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/     <br> N ${ }^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants     <br> 1 2 2 3 4 |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre d'enfants }}$ |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91500 | 747 | 1196 | 1555 | 1848 | 96800 | 78 | 125 | 163 | 1942 |  | 102 | 8 | 1319 | 17 | 203 | 107400 | 867 | 1381 | 3 | O |
| 91600 | 748 | 1197 | 1556 | 1850 | 9690 | 78 | 1259 | 1636 | 19 | 10220 | 828 | 1321 | 1715 | 2038 | 107500 | 867 | 1382 | 1794 | 2132 |
| 91700 | 749 | 1198 | 1558 | 1852 | 97000 | 789 | 1260 | 1637 | 1946 | 102300 | 828 | 1322 | 1716 | 2039 | 107600 | 868 | 1383 | 1796 | 2133 |
| 91800 | 750 | 1199 | 1559 | 1854 | 97100 | 789 | 1261 | 1639 | 1947 | 102400 | 829 | 1323 | 1718 | 2041 | 107700 | 869 | 1385 | 1797 | 2135 |
| 91900 | 750 | 1201 | 156 | 1855 | 97200 | 790 | 1262 | 1640 | 1949 | 102500 | 830 | 1324 | 1719 | 2043 | 107800 | 870 | 1386 | 1799 | 2137 |
| 92000 | 751 | 1202 | 1562 | 1857 | 97300 | 791 | 1263 | 1642 | 1951 | 102600 | 831 | 1325 | 1721 | 2045 | 107900 | 870 | 1387 | 1800 | 2139 |
| 92100 | 752 | 1203 | 1564 | 1859 | 97400 | 792 | 1265 | 1643 | 1953 | 102700 | 831 | 1326 | 1722 | 2047 | 108000 | 871 | 1388 | 1802 | 2140 |
| 92200 | 753 | 1204 | 1565 | 1861 | 97500 | 792 | 1266 | 1645 | 1954 | 102800 | 832 | 1328 | 1724 | 2048 | 108100 | 872 | 1389 | 1803 | 2142 |
| 92300 | 753 | 1205 | 1567 | 1862 | 97600 | 793 | 1267 | 1646 | 1956 | 102900 | 833 | 1329 | 1725. | 2050 | 108200 | 872 | 1390 | 1805 | 2144 |
| 92400 | 754 | 1206 | 1568 | 1864 | 97700 | 794 | 1268 | 1648 | 1958 | 103000 | 834 | 1330 | 1727 | 2052 | 108300 | 873 | 1392 | 1806 | 2146 |
| 92500 | 755 | 1208 | 1570 | 1866 | 97800 | 795 | 1269 | 1649 | 1960 | 103100 | 83 | 13 | 1728 | 20 | 108 | 874 | 1393 | 8 | 7 |
| 92600 | 756 | 1209 | 1571 | 1868 | 97900 | 795 | 1270 | 1651 | 1962 | 103200 | 835 | 1332 | 1730 | 2055 | 108500 | 875 | 1394 | 1809 | 2149 |
| 92700 | 756 | 1210 | 1573 | 1870 | 98000 | 796 | 1272 | 1652 | 1963 | 103300 | 836 | 1333 | 1731 | 2057 | 108600 | 875 | 1395 | 1811 | 2151 |
| 92800 | 757 | 1211 | 1574 | 187 | 98100 | 797 | 1273 | 1654 | 1965 | 103400 | 837 | 1335 | 1733 | 2059 | 108700 | 876 | 1396 | 1812 | 2153 |
| 92900 | 758 | 1212 | 1576 | 1873 | 98200 | 798 | 1274 | 1655 | 1967 | 103500 | 837 | 1336 | 1734 | 2061 | 108800 | 877 | 1397 | 1814 | 2155 |
| 93000 | 759 | 1213 | 1577 | 1875 | 98300 | 798 | 1275 | 1657 | 1969 | 103600 | 838 | 1337 | 1736 | 2062 | 108900 | 878 | 1399 | 1815 | 2156 |
| 93100 | 759 | 1215 | 1579 | 1877 | 98400 | 799 | 1276 | 1658 | 1970 | 103700 | 839 | 1338 | 1737 | 2064 | 109000 | 878 | 1400 | 1817 | 2158 |
| 93200 | 760 | 1216 | 1580 | 1878 | 98500 | 800 | 1277 | 1660 | 1972 | 103800 | 840 | 1339 | 1739 | 2066 | 109100 | 879 | 1401 | 1818 | 2160 |
| 93300 | 761 | 1217 | 1582 | 1880 | 98600 | 801 | 1279 | 1661 | 1974 | 103900 | 840 | 1340 | 1740 | 2068 | 109200 | 880 | 1402 | 1820 | 2162 |
| 93400 | 762 | 1218 | 1583 | 1882 | 98700 | 801 | 1280 | 1663 | 1976 | 104000 | 841 | 1342 | 1742 | 2070 | 109300 | 881 | 1403 | 1821 | 2163 |
| 93500 | 762 | 1219 | 1585 | 1884 | 98800 | 2 | 1281 | 1664 | 1978 | 104100 | 84 | 1343 | 1743 | 2071 | 109400 | 881 | 1404 | 1823 | 2165 |
| 93600 | 763 | 1220 | 1586 | 1885 | 98900 | 803 | 1282 | 1666 | 1979 | 104200 | 843 | 1344 | 1745 | 2073 | 109500 | 882 | 1406 | 1824 | 2167 |
| 93700 | 764 | 1222 | 1588 | 1887 | 99000 | 804 | 1283 | 1667 | 1981 | 104300 | 843 | 1345 | 1746 | 2075 | 109600 | 883 | 1407 | 1826 | 2169 |
| 93800 | 765 | 1223 | 1589 | 1889 | 99100 | 804 | 1284 | 1669 | 1983 | 104400 | 844 | 1346 | 1748 | 2077 | 109700 | 884 | 1408 | 1827 | 2170 |
| 93900 | 765 | 1224 | 1591 | 1891 | 99200 | 805 | 1286 | 1670 | 1985 | 104500 | 845 | 1347 | 1749 | 2078 | 109800 | 884 | 1409 | 1829 | 2172 |
| 94000 | 766 | 1225 | 1592 | 1893 | 99300 | 806 | 1287 | 1672 | 1986 | 104600 | 846 | 1349 | 1751 | 2080 | 109900 | 885 | 1410 | 1830 | 2174 |
| 94100 | 767 | 1226 | 1594 | 1894 | 99400 | 807 | 1288 | 1673 | 1988 | 104700 | 846 | 1350 | 1752 | 2082 | 110000 | 886 | 1411 | 1832 | 2176 |
| 94200 | 768 | 1227 | 1595 | 1896 | 99500 | 807 | 1289 | 1675 | 1990 | 104800 | 847 | 1351 | 1754 | 2084 | 110100 | 887 | 1413 | 1833 | 2178 |
| 94300 | 768 | 1229 | 1597 | 1898 | 99600 | 808 | 1290 | 1676 | 1992 | 104900 | 848 | 1352 | 1755 | 2086 | 110200 | 887 | 1414 | 1835 | 2179 |
| 94400 | 769 | 1230 | 1598 | 19 | 99700 | 809 | 1291 | 1678 | 1993 | 105000 | 849 | 1353 | 1757 | 2087 | 110300 | 888 | 1415 | 1836 | 2181 |
| 94500 | 770 | 1231 | 1600 | 1901 | 99800 | 810 | 1293 | 1679 | 1995 | 105100 | 849 | 1354 | 1758 | 2089 | 110400 | 889 | 16 | 838 | 2183 |
| 94600 | 771 | 1232 | 1601 | . 1903 | 99900 | 810 | 1294 | 1681 | 1997 | 105200 | 850 | 1356 | 1760 | 2091 | 110500 | 890 | 1417 | 1839 | 2185 |
| 94700 | 771 | 1233 | 1603 | 1905 | 100000 | 811 | 1295 | 1682 | 1999 | 105300 | 851 | 1357 | 1761 | 2093 | 110600 | 890 | 1418 | 1841 | 2186 |
| 94800 | 772 | 1234 | 1604 | 1907 | 100100 | 812 | 1296 | 1684 | 2001 | 105400 | 852 | 1358 | 1763 | 2094 | 110700 | 891 | 1420 | 1842 | 2188 |
| 94900 | 773 | 1236 | 1606 | 1908 | 100200 | 813 | 1297 | 1685 | 2002 | 105500 | 852 | 1359 | 1764 | 2096 | 110800 | 892 | 1421 | 1844 | 2190 |
| 95000 | 774 | 1237 | 1607 | 1910 | 100300 | 813 | 1298 | 1687 | 2004 | 105600 | 853 | 1360 | 1766 | 2098 | 110900 | 893 | 1422 | 1845 | 2192 |
| 95100 | 774 | 1238 | 1609 | 1912 | 100400 | 814 | 1300 | 1688 | 2006 | 105700 | 854 | 1361 | 1767 | 2100 | 111000 | 893 | 1423 | 1847 | 2194 |
| 95200 | 775 | 1239 | 1610 | 1914 | 100500 | 815 | 1301 | 1690 | 2008 | 105800 | 855 | 1363 | 1769 | 2101 | 111100 | 894 | 1424 | 1848 | 2195 |
| 95300 | 776 | 1240 | 1612 | 1916 | 100600 | 816 | 1302 | 1691 | 2009 | 105900 | 855 | 1364 | 1770 | 2103 | 111200 | 895 | 1425 | 1850 | 2197 |
| 95400 | 777 | 1241 | 1613 | 1917 | 100700 | 816 | 1303 | 1693 | 2011 | 106000 | 856 | 1365 | 1772 | 2105 | 111300 | 896 | 1427 | 1851 | 2199 |
| 95500 | 777 | 1243 | 1615 | 1919 | 0800 | 817 | 1304 | 16 | 2 | 6100 | 857 | 1366 | 1773 | 2107 | 111400 | 896 | 1428 | 1853 | 2201 |
| 95600 | 778 | 1244 | 1616 | 1921 | 100900 | 818 | 1305 | 1696 | 2015 | 106200 | 858 | 1367 | 1775 | 2109 | 111500 | 897 | 1429 | 1854 | 2202 |
| 95700 | 779 | 1245 | 1618 | 1923 | 101000 | 819 | 1307 | 1697 | 2016 | 106300 | 858 | 1368 | 1776 | 2110 | 111600 | 898 | 1430 | 1856 | 2204 |
| 95800 | 780 | 1246 | 1619 | 1924 | 101100 | 819 | 1308 | 1699 | 2018 | 106400 | 859 | 1370 | 1778 | 2112 | 111700 | 899 | 1431 | 1857 | 2206 |
| 95900 | 780 | 1247 | 1621 | 1926 | 101200 | 820 | 1309 | 1700 | 2020 | 106500 | 860 | 1371 | 1779 | 2114 | 111800 | 899 | 1432 | 1859 | 2208 |
| 96000 | 781 | 1248 | 1622 | 1928 | 101300 | 821 | 1310 | 1702 | 2022 | 106600 | 861 | 1372 | 1781 | 2116 | 111900 | 900 | 1434 | 1860 | 2209 |
| 96100 | 782 | 1250 | 1624 | 1930 | 101400 | 822 | 1311 | 1703 | 2024 | 106700 | 861 | 1373 | 1782 | 2117 | 112000 | 901 | 1435 | 1862 | 2211 |
| 96200 | 783 | 1251 | 1625 | 1931 | 101500 | 822 | 1312 | 1705 | 2025 | 106800 | 862 | 1374 | 1784 | 2119 | 112100 | 902 | 1436 | 1863 | 2213 |
| 96300 | 783 | 1252 | 1627 | 1933 | 101600 | 823 | 1314 | 1706 | 2027 | 106900 | 863 | 1375 | 1785 | 2121 | 112200 | 902 | 1437 | 1865 | 2215 |
| 96400 | 784 | 1253 | 1628 | 1935 | 101700 | 824 | 1315 | 1708 | 2029 | 107000 | 864 | 1377 | 1787 | 2123 | 112300 | 903 | 1438 | 1866 | 2217 |
| 96500 | 785 | 1254 | 1630 | 1937 | 101800 | 825 | 1316 | 1709 | 2031 | 107100 | 864 | 1378 | 1788 | 2124 | 112400 | 904 | 1439 | 1868 | 2218 |
| 96600 | 786 | 1255 | 1631 | 1939 | 101900 | 825 | 1317 | 1711 | 2032 | 107200 | 865 | 1379 | 1790 | 2126 | 112500 | 905 | 1441 | 1869 | 2220 |
| 96700 | 786 | 1256 | 1633 | 1940 | 102000 | 826 | 1318 | 1712 | 2034 | 107300 | 866 | 1380 | 1791 | 2128 | 112600 | 905 | 1442 | 1871 | 2222 |

[^53]Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

| Incomel Revenu$(\$)$ | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (8) |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Income/ }}{\text { Revenu }}$ <br> Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Chlidren    <br> N    <br> Nre d'enfants    <br> 1 2 3 4$\|$ |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1127 | 906 | 1443 | 1872 | 2224 | 11 | 6 | 1505 | 1952 | 2317 | 123300 | 986 | 1566 | 2031 | 2411 |  | 128600 | 1025 | 1628 | 10 | 2505 |
| 112800 | 907 | 1444 | 1874 | 2225 | 118100 | 947 | 1506 | 1953 | 2319 | 123400 | 986 | 1568 | 2033 | 2413 | 128700 | 1026 | 1629 | 2112 | 2507 |
| 112900 | 908 | 1445 | 1875 | 2227 | 118200 | 947 | 1507 | 1955 | 2321 | 123500 | 987 | 1569 | 2034 | 2415 | 128800 | 1027 | 1631 | 2113 | 2509 |
| 113000 | 908 | 1446 | 1877 | 2229 | 118300 | 948 | 1508 | 1956 | 2323 | 123600 | 988 | 1570 | 2036 | 2417 | 128900 | 1028 | 1632 | 2115 | 2510 |
| 113100 | 909 | 1448 | 1878 | 2231 | 118400 | 949 | 1509 | 1958 | 2325 | 123700 | 989 | 1571 | 2037 | 2418 | 129000 | 1028 | 1633 | 2116 | 2512 |
| 113200 | 910 | 1449 | 1880 | 2232 | 118500 | 950 | 1510 | 1959 | 2326 | 123800 | 989 | 1572 | 2039 | 2420 | 129100 | 1029 | 1634 | 2118 | 2514 |
| 113300 | 911 | 1450 | 1881 | 2234 | 118600 | 950 | 1512 | 1961 | 2328 | 123900 | 990 | 1573 | 2040 | 2422 | 129200 | 1030 | 1635 | 2119 | 2516 |
| 113400 | 911 | 1451 | 1883 | 2236 | 118700 | 951 | 1513 | 1962 | 2330 | 124000 | 991 | 1575 | 2042 | 2424 | 129300 | 1031 | 1636 | 2121 | 2517 |
| 113500 | 912 | 1452 | 1884 | 2238 | 118800 | 952 | 1514 | 1964 | 2332 | 124100 | 992 | 1576 | 2043 | 2425 | 129400 | 1031 | 1637 | 2122 | 2519 |
| 113600 | 913 | 1453 | 1886 | 2240 | 118900 | 953 | 1515 | 1965 | 2333 | 124200 | 992 | 1577 | 2045 | 2427 | 129500 | 1032 | 1639 | 2124 | 2521 |
| 113700 | 914 | 1455 | 188 | 2241 | 119000 | 953 | 1516 | 1967 | 2335 | 124300 | 993 | 1578 | 2046 | 2429 | 129600 | 1033 | 1640 | 2125 | 2523 |
| 113800 | 914 | 1456 | 1889 | 2243 | 119100 | 954 | 1517 | 1968 | 2337 | 124400 | 994 | 1579 | 2048 | 2431 | 129700 | 1034 | 1641 | 2127 | 2525 |
| 113900 | 915 | 1457 | 1890 | 2245 | 119200 | 955 | 1519 | 1970 | 2339 | 124500 | 995 | 1580 | 2049 | 2433 | 129800 | 1034 | 1642 | 2128 | 2526 |
| 114000 | 916 | 1458 | 1892 | 2247 | 119300 | 956 | 1520 | 1971 | 2340 | 124600 | 995 | 1582 | 2051 | 2434 | 129900 | 1035 | 1643 | 2130 | 2528 |
| 114100 | 917 | 1459 | 1893 | 2248 | 119400 | 956 | 1521 | 1973 | 2342 | 124700 | 996 | 1583 | 2052 | 2436 | 130000 | 1036 | 1644 | 2131 | 2530 |
| 114200 | 917 | 1460 | 1895 | 2250 | 119500 | 957 | 1522 | 1974 | 2344 | 124800 | 997 | 1584 | 2054 | 2438 | 130100 | 1037 | 1646 | 2133 | 2532 |
| 114300 | 918 | 1462 | 1896 | 2252 | 119600 | 958 | 1523 | 1976 | 2346 | 124900 | 998 | 1585 | 2055 | 2440 | 130200 | 1037 | 1647 | 2134 | 2533 |
| 114400 | 919 | 1463 | 1898 | 2254 | 119700 | 959 | 1524 | 1977 | 2348 | 125000 | 998 | 1586 | 2057 | 2441 | 130300 | 1038 | 1648 | 2136 | 2535 |
| 114500 | 920 | 1464 | 1899 | 2255 | 119800 | 959 | 1526 | 1979 | 2349 | 125100 | 999 | 1587 | 2058 | 2443 | 130400 | 1039 | 1649 | 2137 | 2537 |
| 114600 | 920 | 1465 | 1901 | 2257 | 119900 | 960 | 1527 | 1980 | 2351 | 125200 | 1000 | 1589 | 2060 | 2445 | 130500 | 1040 | 1650 | 2139 | 2539 |
| 114700 | 92 | 146 | 1902 | 2259 | 120000 | 96 | 1528 | 1982 | 2353 | 125300 | 1001 | 1590 | 2061 | 24 | 130600 | 1040 | 1651 | 2140 | 2541 |
| 114800 | 922 | 1467 | 1904 | 2261 | 120100 | 962 | 1529 | 1983 | 2355 | 125400 | 1001 | 1591 | 2063 | 2448 | 130700 | 1041 | 1653 | 2142 | 2542 |
| 114900 | 923 | 1469 | 1905 | 2263 | 120200 | 962 | 1530 | 1985 | 2356 | 125500 | 1002 | 1592 | 2064 | 2450 | 130800 | 1042 | 1654 | 2143 | 2544 |
| 115000 | 923 | 1470 | 1907 | 2264 | 120300 | 963 | 1531 | 1986 | 2358 | 125600 | 1003 | 1593 | 2066 | 2452 | 130900 | 1043 | 1655 | 2145 | 2546 |
| 115100 | 924 | 1471 | 1908 | 2266 | 120400 | 964 | 1533 | 1988 | 2360 | 125700 | 1004 | 1594 | 2067 | 2454 | 131000 | 1043 | 1656 | 2146 | 2548 |
| 115200 | 925 | 1472 | 1910 | 2268 | 120500 | 965 | 1534 | 1989 | 2362 | 125800 | 1004 | 1596 | 2069 | 2456 | 131100 | 1044 | 1657 | 2148 | 2549 |
| 115300 | 926 | 1473 | 1911 | 2270 | 120600 | 965 | 1535 | 1991 | 2363 | 125900 | 1005 | 1597 | 2070 | 2457 | 131200 | 1045 | 1658 | 2149 | 2551 |
| 115400 | 926 | 1474 | 1913 | 2271 | 120700 | 966 | 1536 | 1992 | 2365 | 126000 | 1006 | 1598 | 2072 | 2459 | 131300 | 1046 | 1660 | 2151 | 2553 |
| 115500 | 927 | 1476 | 1914 | 2273 | 120800 | 967 | 1537 | 1994 | 2367 | 126100 | 1007 | 1599 | 2073 | 2461 | 131400 | 1046 | 1661 | 2152 | 2555 |
| 115600 | 928 | 1477 | 1916 | 2275 | 120900 | 968 | 1538 | 1995 | 2369 | 126200 | 1007 | 1600 | 2075 | 2463 | 131500 | 1047 | 1662 | 2154 | 2556 |
| 115700 | 929 | 1478 | 1917 | 2277 | 121000 | 968 | 1540 | 1997 | 2371 | 126300 | 1008 | 1601 | 2076 | 2464 | 131600 | 1048 | 1663 | 2155 | 2558 |
| 115800 | 929 | 1479 | 1919 | 2278 | 121100 | 969 | 1541 | 1998 | 2372 | 126400 | 1009 | 1603 | 2078 | 2466 | 131700 | 1049 | 1664 | 2157 | 2560 |
| 115900 | 930 | 1480 | 1920 | 2280 | 121200 | 970 | 1542 | 2000 | 2374 | 126500 | 1010 | 1604 | 2079 | 2468 | 131800 | 1049 | 1665 | 2158 | 2562 |
| 116000 | 931 | 1481 | 1922 | 2282 | 121300 | 971 | 1543 | 2001 | 2376 | 126600 | 1010 | 1605 | 2081 | 2470 | 131900 | 1050 | 1667 | 2160 | 2564 |
| 116100 | 932 | 1483 | 1923 | 2284 | 121400 | 971 | 1544 | 2003 | 2378 | 126700 | 1011 | 1606 | 2082 | 2471 | 132000 | 1051 | 1668 | 2161 | 2565 |
| 116200 | 932 | 1484 | 1925 | 2286 | 121500 | 972 | 1545 | 2004 | 2379 | 126800 | 1012 | 1607 | 2084 | 2473 | 132100 | 1052 | 1669 | 2163 | 2567 |
| 116300 | 933 | 1485 | 1926 | 2287 | 121600 | 973 | 1547 | 2006 | 2381 | 126900 | 1013 | 1608 | 2085 | 2475 | 132200 | 1052 | 1670 | 2164 | 2569 |
| 116400 | 934 | 1486 | 1928 | 2289 | 121700 | 974 | 1548 | 2007 | 2383 | 127000 | 1013 | 1610 | 2087 | 2477 | 132300 | 1053 | 1671 | 2166 | 2571 |
| 116500 | 935 | 1487 | 1929 | 2291 | 121800 | 974 | 1549 | 2009 | 2385 | 127100 | 1014 | 1611 | 2088 | 2479 | 132400 | 1054 | 1672 | 2167 | 2572 |
| 116600 | 935 | 1488 | 1931 | 2293 | 121900 | 975 | 1550 | 2010 | 2386 | 127200 | 1015 | 1612 | 2090 | 2480 | 132500 | 1055 | 1674 | 2169 | 2574 |
| 116700 | 936 | 1490 | 1932 | 2294 | 122000 | 976 | 1551 | 2012 | 2388 | 127300 | 1016 | 1613 | 2091 | 2482 | 132600 | 1055 | 1675 | 2170 | 2576 |
| 116800 | 937 | 1491 | 1934 | 2296 | 122100 | 977 | 1552 | 2013 | 2390 | 127400 | 1016 | 1614 | 2093 | 2484 | 132700 | 1056 | 1676 | 2172 | 2578 |
| 116900 | 938 | 1492 | 1935 | 2298 | 122200 | 977 | 1554 | 2015 | 2392 | 127500 | 1017 | 1615 | 2094 | 2486 | 132800 | 1057 | 1677 | 2173 | 2579 |
| 117000 | 938 | 1493 | 1937 | 2300 | 122300 | 978 | 1555 | 2016 | 2394 | 127600 | 1018 | 1617 | 2096 | 2487 | 132900 | 1058 | 1678 | 2175 | 2581 |
| 117100 | 939 | 1494 | 1938 | 2301 | 122400 | 979 | 1556 | 2018 | 2395 | 127700 | 1019 | 1618 | 2097 | 2489 | 133000 | 1058 | 1679 | 2176 | 2583 |
| 117200 | 940 | 1495 | 1940 | 2303 | 122500 | 980 | 1557 | 2019 | 2397 | 127800 | 1019 | 1619 | 2098 | 2491 | 133100 | 1059 | 1681 | 2178 | 2585 |
| 117300 | 941 | 1497 | 1941 | 2305 | 122600 | 980 | 1558 | 2021 | 2399 | 127900 | 1020 | 1620 | 2100 | 2493 | 133200 | 1060 | 1682 | 2179 | 2587 |
| 117400 | 941 | 1498 | 1943 | 2307 | 122700 | 981 | 1559 | 2022 | 2401 | 128000 | 1021 | 1621 | 2101 | 2494 | 133300 | 1061 | 1683 | 2181 | 2588 |
| 117500 | 942 | 1499 | . 1944 | 2309 | 122800 | 982 | 1561 | 2024 | 2402 | 128100 | 1022 | 1622 | 2103 | 2496 | 133400 | 1061 | 1684 | 2182 | 2590 |
| 117600 | 943 | 1500 | 1946 | 2310 | 122900 | 983 | 1562 | 2025 | 2404 | 128200 | 1022 | 1624 | 2104 | 2498 | 133500 | 1062 | 1685 | 2184 | 2592 |
| 117700 | 944 | 1501 | 1947 | 2312 | 123000 | 983 | 1563 | 2027 | 2406 | 128300 | 1023 | 1625 | 2106 | 2500 | 133600 | 1063 | 1686 | 2185 | 2594 |
| 117800 | 944 | 1502 | 1949 | 2314 | 123100 | 984 | 1564 | 2028 | 2408 | 128400 | 1024 | 1626 | 2107 | 2502 | 133700 | 1063 | 1688 | 2187 | 2595 |
| 117900 | 945 | 1504 | 1950 | 2316 | 123200 | 985 | 1565 | 2030 | 2409 | 128500 | 1025 | 1627 | 2109 | 2503 | 133800 | 1064 | 1689 | 2188 | 2597 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ leveis. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS féderaux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly AwardlPalement mensuel$(\$)^{2}$Na. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }} \mathbf{d}^{\prime}$ enfants |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly AwardPaiement mensuel( $\$$ )No. of Childrenl$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ <br> Palement mensuel <br> $\mathbf{( \$ )}$ <br>  <br> No. of Children/ <br> $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 133900 | 065 | 1690 | 2190 | 2599 | 13 | 1096 | 1738 | 2251 | 2672 | 142100 | 1126 | 1785 | 2313 | 2744 | 20 | 1157 | 1833 | 2374 | 817 |
| 13 | 1066 | 169 | 2191 | 2601 | 138100 | 1096 | 1739 | 2253 | 2673 | 142200 | 1127 | 1787 | 2314 | 2746 | 146300 | 1158 | 1834 | 2376 | 2818 |
| 134100 | 1066 | 1692 | 2193 | 2602 | 138200 | 1097 | 1740 | 2254 | 2675 | 142300 | 1128 | 1788 | 2316 | 2748 | 146400 | 1159 | 1836 | 2377 | 2820 |
| 134200 | 1067 | 1693 | 2194 | 2604 | 138300 | 1098 | 1741 | 2256 | 2677 | 142400 | 1129 | 1789 | 2317 | 2749 | 146500 | 1159 | 1837 | 2379 | 2822 |
| 134300 | 1068 | 1695 | 2196 | 2606 | 138400 | 1099 | 1742 | 2257 | 2679 | 142500 | 1129 | 1790 | 2319 | 2751 | 146600 | 1160 | 1838 | 2380 | 2824 |
| 134400 | 1069 | 1696 | 2197 | 2608 | 138500 | 1099 | 1744 | 2259 | 2680 | 142600 | 1130 | 1791 | 2320 | 2753 | 146700 | 1161 | 1839 | 2382 | 2826 |
| 134500 | 1069 | 1697 | 2199 | 2610 | 138600 | 1100 | 1745 | 2260 | 2682 | 2700 | 1131 | 1792 | 2322 | 2755 | 6800 | 1162 | 1840 | 2383 | 27 |
| 134600 | 1070 | 1698 | 2200 | 26 | 138700 | 1 | 1746 | 2262 | 26 | 142800 | 1132 | 4 | 2323 | 2756 | 146900 | 1162 | 18 | 2385 | 829 |
| 134700 | 10 | 1699 | 2202 | 26 | 138800 | 1102 | 1747 | 2263 | 2686 | 142900 | 1132 | 1795 | 2325 | 2758 | 147000 | 1163 | 1843 | 2386 | 2831 |
| 134800 | 1072 | 1700 | 2203 | 26 | 138900 | 1102 | 174 | 2265 | 2687 | 143000 | 1133 | 1796 | 2326 | 2760 | 147100 | 1164 | 1844 | 2388 | 2833 |
| 134900 |  | 17 | 2 | 26 | - |  | 17 | 22 | 26 | 1 | 4 | 17 | 2328 | 27 | 147200 | 1165 | 1845 | 2389 | 2834 |
| 135000 | 107 | 1703 | 2206 | 261 | 139100 | 1104 | 1751 | 2268 | 269 | 143200 | 1135 | 1798 | 2329 | 2764 | 147300 | 1165 | 1846 | 2391 | 2836 |
| 135100 | 1074 | 1704 | 2208 | 2620 | 139200 | 1105 | 1752 | 2269 | 2693 | 143300 | 1135 | 1799 | 2331 | 2765 | 147400 | 1166 | 1847 | 2392 | 2838 |
| 135200 | 1075 | 1705 | 2209 | 2622 | 139300 | 1105 | 1753 | 2271 | 2695 | 143400 | 1136 | 1801 | 2332 | 2767 | 147500 | 1167 | 1848 | 2394 | 2840 |
| 135300 | 1075 | 1706 | 2 | 2624 | 139400 | 1106 | 1754 | 2272 | 2696 | 143500 | 1137 | 1802 | 2334 | 2769 | 147600 | 1168 | 1850 | 2395 | 41 |
| 135400 | 1076 | 1707 | 2 | 2625 | 139500 | 1107 | 1755 | 2274 | 2698 | 143600 | 1138 | 1803 | 2335 | 277 | 147700 | 1168 | 1851 | 2397 | 843 |
| 135500 | 1077 | 1709 | 2214 | 262 | 139600 | 1108 | 1756 | 2275 | 2700 | 143700 | 1138 | 1804 | 233 | 2 | 寿800 | 1169 | 1852 | 2398 | 5 |
| 135600 | 1078 | 1710 | 2215 | 2629 | 139700 | 1108 | 1758 | 227 | 2702 | 143800 | 1139 | 1805 | 2338 | 2774 | 7900 | 1170 | 1853 | 2400 | 7 |
| 135700 | 1078 | 1711 | 2217 | 2631 | 139800 | 1109 | 1759 | 2278 | 2703 | 143900 | 1140 | 1806 | 2340 | 277 | 148000 | 1171 | 1854 | 2401 | 2849 |
| 135800 | 1079 | 1712 | 2218 | 2633 | 139900 | 1110 | 1760 | 22 | 2705 | 144000 | 1141 | 1808 | 23 | 2 | 148100 | 1171 | 355 | 2403 | 2850 |
| 135900 |  | 17 | 2220 | 26 | 140000 | 1 | 17 | 2 | 27 | 144100 | 1 | 18 | 2343 | 2780 | 14800 | 11 | 1857 | 2404 | 2852 |
| 136000 | 1081 | 1714 | 2221 | 2636 | 140100 | 1111 | 1762 | 2283 | 2709 | 144200 | 1142 | 1810 | 2344 | 278 | 148300 | 1173 | 1858 | 2406 | 2854 |
| 136100 | 1081 | 1716 | 2223 | 2638 | 140200 | 1112 | 1763 | 2284 | 2710 | 144300 | 1143 | 1811 | 2346 | 2783 | 148400 | 1174 | 1859 | 2407 | 2856 |
| 136200 | 1082 | 1717 | 2224 | 2640 | 140300 | 1113 | 1764 | 2286 | 2712 | 144400 | 1144 | 1812 | 2347 | 2785 | 148500 | 1174 | 1860 | 2409 | 2857 |
| 136300 | 1083 | 1718 | 2226 | 2641 | 140400 | 1114 | 1766 | 2287 | 2714 | 144500 | 44 | 13 | 2349 | 2787 | 148600 | 1175 | 1861 | 2410 | 2859 |
| 136400 | 1084 | 1719 | 2227 | 2643 | 140500 | 1114 | 1767 | 2289 | 27 | 144600 | 1145 | 1815 | 2350 | 27 | 148700 | 1176 | 标 | 2412 | 2861 |
| 136500 | 1084 | 1720 | 2229 | 2645 | $140600{ }^{\circ}$ | 1115 | 1768 | 2290 | 27 | 144700 | 1146 | 1816 | 2352 | 279 | 148800 | 1177 | 1864 | 2413 | 2863 |
| 136600 | 1085 | 1721 | 2230 | 26 | 140700 |  | 1769 | 2292 | 27 | 144800 | 1147 | 1817 | 2353 | 27 | 148900 | 1177 | 865 | 2415 | 364 |
| 136700 | 1086 | 1723 | 2232 | 26 | 140800 |  | 1770 | 2293 | 2721 | 144900 | 7 | 18 | 2355 | 4 | 149000 | 1178 | 1866 | 2416 | 2866 |
| 136800 | 1087 | 1724 | 2233 | 2650 | 140900 | 1117 | 1771 | 2295 | 2723 | 145000 | 1148 | 1819 | 2356 | 2795 | 149100 | 1179 | 1867 | 2418 | 2868 |
| 136900 | 1087 | 17 | 2 | 2652 | 141100 |  |  | 2296 |  | 145100 |  | 20 | 2358 |  | 9200 | 80 | 68 | 419 | 70 |
| 137000 | 1088 | 1726 | 2236 | 2 | 141100 | 1119 | 1774 | 2298 | 2726 | 145200 | 50 | 1822 | 2359 | 99 | 149300 | 1180 | 1869 | 2421 | 72 |
| 137100 | 1089 | 1727 | 2238 | 2656 | 141200 | 1120 | 1775 | 2299 | 27 | 145300 | 1150 | 1823 | 2361 | 2801 | 149400 | 1181 | 1871 | 2422 | 2873 |
| 137200 | 1090 | 1728 | 2239 | 2657 | 141300 | 1120 | 1776 | 2301 | 2730 | 145400 | 1151 | 1824 | 2362 | 2803 | 149500 | 1182 | 1872 | 2424 | 2875 |
| 137300 | 1090 | 1730 | 2241 | 2659 | 141400 | 1121 | 1777 | 2302 | 2732 | 145500 | 1152 | 1825 | 2364 | 2804 | 149600 | 1183 | 1873 | 2425 | 2877 |
| 137400 | 1091 | 1731 | 2242 | 2661 | 141500 | 1122 | 1778 | 2304 | 2733 | 145600 | 1153 | 1826 | 2365 | 2806 | 149700 | 1183 | 1874 | 2427 | 2879 |
| 137500 | 1092 | 1732 | 2244 | 2663 | 141600 | 1123 | 1780 | 2305 | 2735 | 145700 | 1153 | 1827 | 2367 | 2808 | 149800 | 1184 | 1875 | 2428 | 2880 |
| 137600 | 1093 | 1733 | 2245 | 2664 | 141700 | 1123 | 1781 | 2307 | 2737 | 145800 | 1154 | 1829 | 2368 | 2810 | 149900 | 1185 | 1876 | 2430 | 2882 |
| 137700 | 1093 | 1734 | 2247 | 2666 | 141800 | 1124 | 1782 | 2308 | 2739 | 145900 | 1155 | 1830 | 2370 | 2811 | 150000 | 1186 | 1878 | 2431 | 2884 |
| 137800 | 1094 | 1735 | 2248 | 2668 | 141900 | 1125 | 1783 | 2310 | 2741 | 146000 | 1156 | 1831 | 2371 | 2813 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1095 | 1737 | 2250 | 2670 | 142000 | 1126 | 1784 | 2311 | 2742 | 146100 | 1156 | 1832 | 2373 | 2815 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Income/ Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child un enfant | two childrenl deux enfants | three children/ trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For Income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1186 plus $0.75 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1878 plus1.17\% of income over \$150,000 | 2431 plus 1.50\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2884 plus 1.77\% <br> of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1186 plus 0,75\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1878 plus1, 17\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2431 plus 1,50\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2884 plus 1,77\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on incone to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Income/ \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Incomel Revenu \\
(\$)
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Incomel Revenu \\
(\$)
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Incomel Revenu \\
(\$)
\end{tabular}} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$)} \\
\hline Revenu (\$) \& N

1 \& \& $$
3
$$ \& 4 \& \& \&  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& o. of \& \& <br>

\hline 6700 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 12000 \& 92 \& 141 \& 162 \& 184 \& 17300 \& 137 \& 249 \& 324 \& 368 \& 22600 \& 186 \& 326 \& 438 \& 529 <br>
\hline 6800 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 12100 \& 92 \& 143 \& 166 \& 188 \& 17400 \& 138 \& 251 \& 327 \& 372 \& 22700 \& 187 \& 327 \& 439 \& 531 <br>
\hline 6900 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 12200 \& 92 \& 146 \& 169 \& 191 \& 17500 \& 139 \& 252 \& 330 \& 375. \& 22800 \& 188 \& 329 \& 441 \& 533 <br>
\hline 7000 \& 0 \& 1 \& 2 \& 3 \& 12300 \& 92 \& 148 \& 172 \& 195 \& 17600 \& 140 \& 254 \& 333 \& 379 \& 22900 \& . 189 \& 330 \& 443 \& 536 <br>
\hline 7100 \& 2 \& 4 \& 5 \& 7 \& 12400 \& 92 \& 151 \& 175 \& 198 \& 17700 \& 141 \& 255 \& 337 \& 382 \& 23000 \& 190 \& 331 \& 445 \& 538 <br>
\hline 7200 \& 5 \& 6 \& 8 \& 10 \& 12500 \& 93 \& 154 \& 178 \& 202 \& 17800 \& 142 \& 257 \& 340 \& 386 \& 23100 \& 191 \& 333 \& 447 \& 540 <br>
\hline 7300 \& 7 \& 9 \& 12 \& 14 \& 12600 \& 93 \& 156 \& 181 \& 205 \& 17900 \& 142 \& 258 \& 343 \& 389 \& 23200 \& 192 \& 334 \& 449 \& 542 <br>
\hline 7400 \& 9 \& 12 \& 15 \& 18 \& 12700 \& 94 \& 159 \& 184 \& 209 \& 18000 \& 143 \& 260 \& 346 \& 393 \& 23300 \& 192 \& 336 \& 450 \& 544 <br>
\hline 7500 \& 12 \& 15 \& 18 \& 21 \& 12800 \& 95 \& 162 \& 187 \& 212 \& 18100 \& 144 \& 261 \& 349 \& 396 \& 23400 \& 193 \& 337 \& 452 \& 547 <br>
\hline 7600 \& 14 \& 18 \& 21 \& 25 \& 12900 \& 96 \& 164 \& 190 \& 216 \& 18200 \& 145 \& 262 \& 352 \& 400 \& 23500 \& 194 \& 339 \& 454 \& 549 <br>
\hline 7700 \& 16 \& 20 \& 25 \& 29 \& 13000 \& 97 \& 167 \& 193 \& 219 \& 18300 \& 146 \& 264 \& 355 \& 403 \& 23600 \& 195 \& 340 \& 456 \& 551 <br>
\hline 7800 \& 19 \& 23 \& 28 \& 32 \& 13100 \& 98 \& 170 \& 196 \& 223 \& 18400 \& 147 \& 265 \& 358 \& 407 \& 23700 \& 196 \& 342 \& 458 \& 553 <br>
\hline 7900 \& 21 \& 26 \& 31 \& 36 \& 13200 \& 99 \& 172 \& 199 \& 226 \& 18500 \& 148 \& 267 \& 361 \& 410 \& 23800 \& 197 \& 343 \& 460 \& 555 <br>
\hline 8000 \& 24 \& 29 \& 34 \& 39 \& 13300 \& 100 \& 175 \& 202 \& 230 \& 18600 \& 149 \& 268 \& 363 \& 413 \& 23900 \& 198 \& 344 \& 462 \& 557 <br>
\hline 8100 \& 26 \& 32 \& 37 \& 43 \& 13400 \& 101 \& 177 \& 205 \& 233 \& 18700 \& 150 \& 270 \& 365 \& 417 \& 24000 \& 199 \& 346 \& 463 \& 560 <br>
\hline 8200 \& 28 \& 34 \& 41 \& 47 \& 13500 \& 102 \& 180 \& 208 \& 236 \& 18800 \& 151 \& 271 \& 367 \& 420 \& 24100 \& 200 \& 347 \& 465 \& 562 <br>
\hline 8300 \& 31 \& 37 \& 44 \& 50 \& 13600 \& 103 \& 183 \& 211 \& 240 \& 18900 \& 152 \& 272 \& 369 \& 424 \& 24200 \& 201 \& 349 \& 467 \& 564 <br>
\hline 8400 \& 33 \& 40 \& 47 \& 54 \& 13700 \& 104 \& 185 \& 214 \& 243 \& 19000 \& 153 \& 274 \& 371 \& 427 \& 24300 \& 202 \& 350 \& 469 \& 566 <br>
\hline 8500 \& 36 \& 43 \& 50 \& 58 \& 13800 \& 105 \& 188 \& 217 \& 247 \& 19100 \& 154 \& 275 \& 373 \& 431 \& 24400 \& 203 \& 352 \& 471 \& 568 <br>
\hline 8600 \& 38 \& 46 \& 53 \& 61 \& 13900 \& 105 \& 191 \& 220 \& 250 \& 19200 \& 155 \& 277 \& 375 \& 434 \& 24500 \& 204 \& 353 \& 473 \& 571 <br>
\hline 8700 \& 40 \& 49 \& 57 \& 65 \& 14000 \& 106 \& 193 \& 224 \& 254 \& 19300 \& 155 \& 278 \& 376 \& 438 \& 24600 \& 205 \& 355 \& 475 \& 573 <br>
\hline 8800 \& 43 \& 51 \& 60 \& 69 \& 14100 \& 107 \& 196 \& 227 \& 257 \& 19400 \& 156 \& 280 \& 378 \& 441 \& 24700 \& 205 \& 356 \& 476 \& 575 <br>
\hline 8900 \& 45 \& 54 \& 63 \& 72 \& 14200 \& 108 \& 199 \& 230 \& 261 \& 19500 \& 157 \& 281 \& 380 \& 445 \& 24800 \& 206 \& 357 \& 478 \& 577 <br>
\hline 9000 \& 47 \& 57 \& 66 \& 76 \& 14300 \& 109 \& 201 \& 233 \& 264 \& 19600 \& 158 \& 283 \& 382 \& 448 \& 24900 \& 207 \& 359 \& 480 \& 579 <br>
\hline 9100 \& 50 \& 60 \& 70 \& 79 \& 14400 \& 110 \& 204 \& 236 \& 268 \& 19700 \& 159 \& 284 \& 384 \& 452 \& 25000 \& 208 \& 360 \& 482 \& 582 <br>
\hline 9200 \& 52 \& 63 \& 73 \& 83 \& 14500 \& 111 \& 206 \& 239 \& 271 \& 19800 \& 160 \& 285 \& 386 \& 455 \& 25100 \& 209 \& 362 \& 484 \& 584 <br>
\hline 9300 \& 55 \& 65 \& 76 \& 87 \& 14600 \& 112 \& 209 \& 242 \& 275 \& 19900 \& 161 \& 287 \& 388 \& 459 \& 25200 \& 210 \& 363 \& 486 \& 586 <br>
\hline 9400 \& 57 \& 68 \& 79 \& 90 \& 14700 \& 113 \& 212 \& 245 \& 278 \& 20000 \& 162 \& 288 \& 389 \& 462 \& 25300 \& 211 \& 365 \& 488 \& 588 <br>
\hline 9500 \& 59 \& 71 \& 82 \& 94 \& 14800 \& 114 \& 213 \& 248 \& 282 \& 20100 \& 163 \& 290 \& 391 \& 465 \& 25400 \& 212 \& 366 \& 489 \& 590 <br>
\hline 9600 \& 62 \& 74 \& 86 \& 98 \& 14900 \& 115 \& 215 \& 251 \& 285 \& 20200 \& 164 \& 291 \& 393 \& 469 \& 25500 \& 213 \& 367 \& 491 \& 592 <br>
\hline 9700 \& 64 \& 77 \& 89 \& 101 \& 15000 \& 116 \& 216 \& 254 \& 289 \& 20300 \& 165 \& 293 \& 395 \& 472 \& 25600 \& 214 \& 369 \& 493 \& 595 <br>
\hline 9800 \& 67 \& 79 \& 92 \& 105 \& 15100 \& 117 \& 218 \& 257 \& 292 \& 20400 \& 166 \& 294 \& 397 \& 476 \& 25700 \& 215 \& 370 \& 495 \& 597 <br>
\hline 9900 \& 69 \& 82 \& 95 \& 109 \& 15200 \& 118 \& 219 \& 260 \& 295 \& 20500 \& 167 \& 296 \& 399 \& 479 \& 25800 \& 216 \& 372 \& 497 \& 599 <br>
\hline 10000 \& 71 \& 85 \& 99 \& 112 \& 15300 \& 118 \& 221 \& 263 \& 299 \& 20600 \& 167 \& 297 \& 401 \& 483 \& 25900 \& 217 \& 373 \& 499 \& 601 <br>
\hline 10100 \& 74 \& 88 \& 102 \& 116 \& 15400 \& 119 \& 222 \& 266 \& 302 \& 20700 \& 168 \& 298 \& 402 \& 486 \& 26000 \& 217 \& 375 \& 500 \& 603 <br>
\hline 10200 \& 76 \& 91 \& 105 \& 119 \& 15500 \& 120 \& 224 \& 269 \& 306 \& 20800 \& 169 \& 300 \& 404 \& 490 \& 26100 \& 218 \& 376 \& 502 \& 605 <br>
\hline 10300 \& 78 \& 93 \& 108 \& 123 \& 15600 \& 121 \& 225 \& 272 \& 309 \& 20900 \& 170 \& 301 \& 406 \& 492 \& 26200 \& 219 \& 377 \& 504 \& 607 <br>
\hline 10400 \& 81 \& 96 \& 111 \& 127 \& 15700 \& 122 \& 226 \& 275 \& 313 \& 21000 \& 171 \& 303 \& 408 \& 494 \& 26300 \& 220 \& 379 \& 505 \& 609 <br>
\hline 10500 \& 83 \& 99 \& 115 \& 130 \& 15800 \& 123 \& 228 \& 279 \& 316 \& 21100 \& 172 \& 304 \& 410 \& 496 \& 26400 \& 221 \& 380 \& 507 \& 611 <br>
\hline 10600 \& 86 \& 102 \& 118 \& 134 \& 15900 \& 124 \& 229 \& 282 \& 320 \& 21200 \& 173 \& 306 \& 412 \& 498 \& 26500 \& 222 \& 381 \& 509 \& 613 <br>
\hline 10700 \& 88 \& 105 \& 121 \& 138 \& 16000 \& 125 \& 231 \& 285 \& 323 \& 21300 \& 174 \& 307 \& 413 \& 501 \& 26600 \& 223 \& 383 \& 511 \& 615 <br>
\hline 10800 \& 90 \& 107 \& 124 \& 141 \& 16100 \& 126 \& 232 \& 288 \& 327 \& 21400 \& 175 \& 308 \& 415 \& 503 \& 26700 \& 223 \& 384 \& 512 \& 617 <br>
\hline 10900 \& 92 \& 110 \& 128 \& 145 \& 16200 \& 127 \& 234 \& 291 \& 330 \& 21500 \& 176 \& 310 \& 417 \& 505 \& 26800 \& 224 \& 385 \& 514 \& 619 <br>
\hline 11000 \& 92 \& 113 \& 131 \& 149 \& 16300 \& 128 \& 235 \& 294 \& 334 \& 21600 \& 177 \& 311 \& 419 \& 507 \& 26900 \& 225 \& 387 \& 516 \& 621 <br>
\hline 11100 \& 92 \& 116 \& 134 \& 152 \& 16400 \& 129 \& 236 \& 297 \& 337 \& 21700 \& 178 \& 313 \& 421 \& 509 \& 27000 \& 226 \& 388 \& 517 \& 623 <br>
\hline 11200 \& 92 \& 119 \& 137 \& 156 \& 16500 \& 130 \& 238 \& 300 \& 341 \& 21800 \& 179 \& 314 \& 423 \& 512 \& 27100 \& 227 \& 389 \& 519 \& 626 <br>
\hline 11300 \& 92 \& 121 \& 140 \& 159 \& 16600 \& 130 \& 239 \& 303 \& 344 \& 21900 \& 180 \& 316 \& 425 \& 514 \& 27200 \& 228 \& 391 \& 521 \& 628 <br>
\hline 11400 \& 92 \& 124 \& 144 \& 163 \& 16700 \& 131 \& 241 \& 306 \& 348 \& 22000 \& 180 \& 317 \& 426 \& 516 \& 27300 \& 229 \& 392 \& 523 \& 630 <br>
\hline 11500 \& 92 \& 127 \& 147 \& 167 \& 16800 \& 132 \& 242 \& 309 \& 351 \& 22100 \& 181 \& 319 \& 428 \& 518 \& 27400 \& 229 \& 393 \& 524 \& 632 <br>
\hline 11600 \& 92 \& 130 \& 150 \& 170 \& 16900 \& 133 \& 244 \& 312 \& 354 \& 22200 \& 182 \& 320 \& 430 \& 520 \& 27500 \& 230 \& 395 \& 526 \& 634 <br>
\hline 11700 \& 92 \& 133 \& 153 \& 174 \& 17000 \& 134 \& 245 \& 315 \& 358 \& 22300 \& 183 \& 321 \& 432 \& 522 \& 27600 \& 231 \& 396 \& 528 \& 636 <br>
\hline 11800 \& 92 \& 135 \& 156 \& 177 \& 17100 \& 135 \& 247 \& 318 \& 361 \& 22400 \& 184 \& 323 \& 434 \& 525 \& 27700 \& 232 \& 397 \& 529 \& 638 <br>
\hline 11900 \& 92 \& 138 \& 159 \& 181 \& 17200 \& 136 \& 248 \& 321 \& 365 \& 22500 \& 185 \& 324 \& 436 \& 527 \& 27800 \& 233 \& 399 \& 531 \& 640 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calcuiating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ ievels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de pensions alimentaires pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le inontant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

## Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

MONTANTS FÉdERAUX DE PENSIONS ALIMENTAIRES POUR ENFANTS : TABLES SIMPLIFIEEES
1997

| Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly AwardPaiement mensuel( $\$$ )No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 27900 | 234 | 400 | 533 | 642 | 33200 | 272 | 460 | 610 | 733 | 38500 | 311 | 519 | 687 | 823 |  | 43800 | 351 | 582 | 767 | 919 |
| 28000 | 235 | 401 | 535 | 644 | 33300 | 273 | 461 | 611 | 734 | 38600 | 311 | 521 | 688 | 825 | 43900 | 352 | 583 | 769 | 920 |
| 28100 | 235 | 403 | 536 | 646 | 33400 | 274 | 462 | 613 | 736 | 38700 | 312 | 522 | 690 | 827 | 44000 | 352 | 585 | 770 | 922 |
| 28200 | 236 | 404 | 538 | 648 | 33500 | 274 | 463 | 614 | 738 | 38800 | 313 | 523 | 691 | 829 | 44100 | 353 | 586 | 772 | 924 |
| 28300 | 237 | 405 | 540 | 650 | 33600 | 275 | 464 | 615 | 739 | 38900 | 313 | 524 | 693 | 830 | 44200 | 354 | 587 | 773 | 926 |
| 28400 | 238 | 407 | 541 | 652 | 33700 | 276 | 465 | 617 | 741 | 39000 | 314 | 525 | 694 | 832 | 44300 | 355 | 588 | 775 | 928 |
| 28500 | 239 | 408 | 543 | 654. | 33800 | 276 | 466 | 618 | 743 | 39100 | 315 | 526 | 695 | 834 | 44400 | 355 | 589 | 776 | 929 |
| 28600 | 240 | 409 | 545 | 656 | 33900 | 277 | 467 | 620 | 744 | 39200 | 316 | 528 | 697 | 836 | 48500 | 356 | 591 | 778 | 931 |
| 23700 | 241 | 411 | 547 | 658 | 34000 | 278 | 469 | 621 | 746 | 39300 | 316 | 529 | 698 | 837 | 44600 | 357 | 592 | 779 | 933 |
| 28800 | 241 | 412 | 548 | 660 | 34100 | 279 | 470 | 623 | 748 | 39400 | 317 | 530 | 700 | 839 | 44700 | 358 | 593 | 781 | 935 |
| 28900 | 242 | 413 | 550 | 662 | 34200 | 279 | 471 | 624 | 749 | 39500 | 318 | 531 | 701 | 841 | 44800 | 359 | 594 | 783 | 937 |
| 29000 | 243 | 415 | 552 | 664 | 34300 | 280 | 472 | 625 | 751 | 39600 | 319 | 532 | 703 | 843 | 83900 | 359 | 595 | 784 | 939 |
| 29100 | 244 | 416 | 553 | 666 | 34800 | 281 | 473 | 627 | 753 | 39700 | 319 | 533 | 704 | 844 | 45000 | 360 | 596 | 786 | 940 |
| 29200 | 245 | 417 | 555 | 668 | 34500 | 281 | 474 | 628 | 754 | 39800 | 320 | 534 | 706 | 846 | 45100 | 361 | 598 | 787 | 942 |
| 29300 | 246 | 419 | 557 | 670 | 34600 | 282 | 475 | 630 | 756 | 39900 | 321 | 536 | 707 | 848 | 45200 | 362 | 599 | 789 | 944 |
| 29400 | 247 | 420 | 559 | 672 | 34700 | 283 | 476 | 631 | 758 | 40000 | 322 | 537 | 709 | 850 | 45300 | 362 | 600 | 790 | 946 |
| 29500 | 247 | 421 | 560 | 674 | 34800 | 283 | 477 | 633 | 759 | 40100 | 322 | 538 | 710 | 851 | 45400 | 363 | 601 | 792 | 948 |
| 29600 | 248 | 423 | 562 | 676 | 34900 | 284 | 479 | 634 | 761 | 40200 | 323 | 539 | 712 | 853 | 45500 | 364 | 602 | 793 | 949 |
| 29700 | 249 | 424 | 563 | 678 | 35000 | 285 | 480 | 635 | 763 | 40300 | 324 | 540 | 713 | 855 | 45600 | 365 | 604 | 795 | 951 |
| 29800 | 249 | 425 | 565 | 679 | 35100 | 286 | 481 | 637 | 764 | 40400 | 325 | 542 | 715 | 857 | 45700 | 365 | 605 | 796 | 953 |
| 29900 | 250 | 426 | 566 | 681 | 35200 | 286 | 482 | 638 | 766 | 40500 | 325 | 543 | 717 | 859 | 45800 | 366 | 606 | 798 | 955 |
| 30000 | 251 | 427 | 567 | 682 | 35300 | 287 | 483 | 640 | 768 | 40600 | 326 | 544 | 718 | 861 | 45900 | 367 | 607 | 799 | 957 |
| 30100 | 251 | 428 | 568 | 684 | 35400 | 288 | 484 | 641 | 770 | 40700 | 327 | 545 | 720 | 862 | 46000 | 368 | 608 | 801 | 959 |
| 30200 | 25 | 429 | 570 | 685 | 35500 | 288 | 485 | 642 | 771 | 40800 | 328 | 546 | 721 | 864 | 46100 | 368 | 610 | 803 | 960 |
| 30300 | 253 | 430 | 571 | 687 | 35600 | 289 | 486 | 644 | 773 | 40900 | 329 | 548 | 723 | 866 | 46200 | 369 | 611 | 804 | 962 |
| 30400 | 253 | 431 | 572 | 688 | 35700 | 290 | 487 | 645 | 775 | 41000 | 329 | 549 | 724 | 868 | 46300 | 370 | 612 | 806 | 964 |
| 30500 | 254 | 431 | 574 | 690 | 35800 | 291 | 488 | 647 | 776 | 41100 | 330 | 550 | 726 | 870 | 46400 | 371 | 613 | 807 | 966 |
| 30600 | 255 | 432 | 575 | 691 | 35900 | 291 | 490 | 648 | 778 | 41200 | 331 | 551 | 727 | 871 | 46500 | 372 | 614 | 809 | 968 |
| 30700 | 255 | 433 | 576 | 693 | 36000 | 292 | 491 | 650 | 780 | 41300 | 332 | 552 | 729 | 873 | 46600 | 372 | 616 | 810 | 969 |
| 30800 | 256 | 434 | 577 | 694 | 36100 | 293 | 492 | 651 | 781 | 41400 | 332 | 553 | 730 | 875 | 46700 | 373 | 617 | 812 | 971 |
| 30900 | 257 | 435 | 57 | 69 | 36200 | 294 | 493 | 653 | 783 | 41500 | 333 | 555 | 732 | 877 | 46800 | 374 | 618 | 813 | 973 |
| 31000 | 257 | 436 | 580 | 697 | 36300 | 294 | 494 | 654 | 785 | 41600 | 334 | 556 | 733 | 879 | 46900 | 375 | 619 | 815 | 975 |
| 31100 | 258 | 437 | 581 | 699 | 36400 | 295 | 495 | 656 | 787 | 41700 | 335 | 557 | 735 | 880 | 47000 | 375 | 620 | 816 | 977 |
| 31200 | 258 | 438 | 582 | 700 | 36500 | 296 | 496 | 657 | 788 | 41800 | 335 | 558 | 736 | 882 | 47100 | 376 | 622 | 818 | 978 |
| 31300 | 259 | 439 | 584 | 7.02 | 36600 | 296 | 498 | 659 | 790 | 41900 | 336 | 559 | 738 | 884 | 47200 | 377 | 623 | 819 | 980 |
| 31400 | 260 | 440 | 585 | 703 | 36700 | 297 | 499 | 660 | 792 | 42000 | 337 | 561 | 740 | 886 | 47300 | 378 | 624 | 821 | 982 |
| 31500 | 260 | 441 | 586 | 705 | 36800 | 298 | 500 | 661 | 794 | 42100 | 338 | 562 | 741 | 888 | 47400 | 378 | 625 | 822 | 984 |
| 31600 | 261 | 442 | 588 | 706 | 36900 | 299 | 501 | 663 | 795 | 42200 | 339 | 563 | 743 | 890 | 47500 | 379 | 626 | 824 | 986 |
| 31700 | 262 | 443 | 589 | 708 | 37000 | 299 | 502 | 664 | 797 | 42300 | 339 | 564 | 744 | 891 | 47600 | 380 | 628 | 826 | 988 |
| 31800 | 262 | 444 | 590 | 709 | 37100 | 300 | 503 | 666 | 799 | 42400 | 340 | 565 | 746 | 893 | 47700 | 381 | 629 | 827 | 989 |
| 31900 | 263 | 445 | 591 | 711 | 37200 | 301 | 505 | 667 | 801 | 42500 | 341 | 567 | 747 | 895 | 47800 | 382 | 630 | 829 | 991 |
| 32000 | 264 | 446 | 593 | 712 | 37300 | 302 | 506 | 669 | 802 | 42600 | 342 | 568 | 749 | 897 | 47900 | 382 | 631 | 830 | 993 |
| 32100 | 264 | 448 | 594 | 714 | 37400 | 302 | 507 | 670 | 804 | 42700 | 342 | 569 | 750 | 899 | 48000 | 383 | 632 | 832 | 995 |
| 32200 | 265 | 449 | 596 | 716 | 37500 | 303 | 508 | 672 | 806 | 42800 | 343 | 570 | 752 | 900 | 48100 | 384 | 633 | 833 | 997 |
| 32300 | 266 | 450 | 597 | 717 | 37600 | 304 | 509 | 673 | 808 | $\$ 2900$ | 344 | 571 | 753 | 902 | 48200 | 385 | 635 | 835 | 998 |
| 32400 | 266 | 451 | 598 | 719 | 37700 | 305 | 510 | 675 | 809 | 43000 | 345 | 573 | 755 | 904 | 48300 | 385 | 636 | 836 | 1000 |
| 32500 | 267 | 452 | 600 | 721 | 37800 | 305 | 511 | 676 | 811 | 43100 | 345 | 574 | 756 | 906 | 48400 | 386 | 637 | 838 | 1002 |
| 32600 | 268 | 453 | 601 | 723 | 37900 | 306 | 513 | 678 | 813 | 43200 | 346 | 575 | 758 | 908 | 48500 | 387 | 638 | 839 | 1004 |
| 32700 | 269 | 454 | 603 | 724 | 38000 | 307 | 514 | 679 | 815 | 43300 | 347 | 576 | 760 | 910 | 48600 | 388 | 639 | 841 | 1006 |
| 32800 | 269 | 455 | 604 | 726 | 38100 | 308 | 515 | 681 | 816 | 43400 | 348 | 577 | 761 | 911 | 48700 | 388 | 641 | 842 | 1008 |
| 32900 | 270 | 456 | 606 | 728 | 38200 | 308 | 516 | 682 | 818 | 43500 | 349 | 579 | 763 | 913 | 48800 | 389 | 642 | 844 | 1009 |
| 33000 | 271 | 458 | 607 | 729 | 38300 | 309 | 517 | 684 | 820 | 43600 | 349 | 580 | 764 | 915 | 48900 | 390 | 643 | 846 | 1011 |
| 33100 | 271 | 459 | 608 | 731 | 38400 | 310 | 518 | 685 | 822 | 43700 | 350 | 581 | 766 | 917 | 49000 | 391 | 643 | 847 | 1013 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
INota: La présente table indique le montant de pensions alimentaires pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formuie mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Incomel | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award! Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award! Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49100 | 392 | 645 | 849 | 1015 | 54400 | 432 | 709 | 930 | 1111 | 59700 | 471 | 769 | 1008 | 1204 | 65000 | 504 | 82 | 77 | 286 |
| 49200 | 22 | 647 | 85 | 017 | 54500 | 433 | 710 | 931 | 1113 | 59800 | 471 | 770 | 1010 | 1206 | 65100 | 505 | 824 | 1079 | 1287 |
| 49300 | 393 | 648 | 852 | 1018 | 54600 | 434 | 711 | 933 | 1115 | 59900 | 472 | 771 | 1011 | 1207 | 65200 | 505 | 824 | 1080 | 1289 |
| 49400 | 394 | 649 | 853 | 1020 | 54700 | 435 | 712 | 935 | 1116 | 60000 | 472 | 772 | 1012 | 1209 | 65300 | 506 | 825 | 1081 | 1290 |
| 49500 | 395 | 650 | 855 | 1022 | 4800 | 435 | 714 | 936 | 1118 | 60100 | 473 | 773 | 1014 | 1210 | 65400 | 506 | 826 | 1082 | 1292 |
| 49600 | 395 | 651 | 856 | 1024 | 4900 | 436 | 715 | 938 | 1120 | 60200 | 474 | 774 | 1015 | 1212 | 65500 | 507 | 827 | 1084 | 1293 |
| 49700 | 396 | 653 | 858 | 1026 | 5000 | 437 | 716 | 939 | 1122 | 60300 | 474 | 775 | 1016 | 1213 | 65600 | 508 | 828 | 1085 | 1295 |
| 49800 | 397 | 654 | 859 | 1027 | 55100 | 438 | 717 | 941 | 1124 | 60400 | 475 | 776 | 1017 | 1215 | 65700 | 508 | 829 | 1086 | 1296 |
| 49900 | 398 | 655 | 861 | 1029 | 55200 | 438 | 718 | 942 | 1125 | 60500 | 475 | 777 | 1019 | 1216 | 65800 | 509 | 830 | 1087 | 1298 |
| 50000 | 398 | 656 | 862 | 1031 | 55300 | 439 | 719 | 944 | 1127 | 60600 | 476 | 778 | 1020 | 1218 | 65900 | 509 | 831 | 1089 | 1299 |
| 50100 | 399 | 657 | 864 | 1033 | 55400 | 440 | 721 | 945 | 1129 | 60700 | 477 | 779 | 1021 | 1219 | 66000 | 510 | 832 | 1090 | 1301 |
| 50200 | 400 | 659 | 865 | 1035 | 55500 | 441 | 722 | 947 | 1131 | 60800 | 477 | 780 | 1023 | 122 | 66100 | 511 | 833 | 1091 | 1302 |
| 50300 | 01 | 660 | 867 | 1037 | 5600 | 441 | 723 | 948 | 1133 | 60900 | 478 | 781 | 1024 | 1222 | 66200 | 51 | 834 | 1092 | 1304 |
| 50400 | 401 | 661 | 869 | 1038 | 5700 | 442 | 724 | 950 | 1135 | 61000 | 478 | 782 | 102 | 1224 | 66300 | 512 | 83 | 109 | 1305 |
| 50500 | 402 | 662 | 870 | 1040 | 55800 | 443 | 725 | 951 | 1136 | 61100 | 479 | 783 | 1026 | 1226 | 66400 | 512 | 836 | 1095 | 1307 |
| 50600 | 403 | 663 | 872 | 1042 | 55900 | 444 | 727 | 953 | 1138 | 61200 | 480 | 784 | 1028 | 1227 | 66500 | 513 | 837 | 1096 | 1308 |
| 50700 | 404 | 665 | 873 | 1044 | 56000 | 444 | 728 | 955 | 1140 | 61300 | 480 | 785 | 1029 | 1229 | 66600 | 514 | 838 | 1097 | 1310 |
| 50800 | 405 | 666 | 875 | 1046 | 56100 | 445 | 729 | 956 | 1142 | 61400 | 481 | 786 | 1030 | 1230 | 66700 | 514 | 839 | 1099 | 1311 |
| 50900 | 405 | 667 | 876 | 1047 | 56200 | 446 | 730 | 958 | 1144 | 61500 | 482 | 787 | 1032 | 1232 | 66800 | 515 | 840 | 1100 | 1313 |
| 51000 | 406 | 668 | 878 | 1049 | 56300 | 47 | 31 | 959 | 1145 | 61600 | 482 | 788 | 1033 | 1233 | 66900 | 516 | 84 | 1101 | 1314 |
| 51100 | 407 | 669 | 879 | 1051 | 56400 | 8 | 733 | 961 | 1147 | 61700 | 483 | 789 | 1034 | 123 | 67000 | 516 | 842 | 1103 | 1316 |
| 51200 | 408 | 671 | 881 | 1053 | 56500 | 448 | 734 | 962 | 1149 | 61800 | 484 | 790 | 1036 | 1237 | 67100 | 517 | 843 | 1104 | 1317 |
| 51300 | 408 | 672 | 882 | 1055 | 56600 | 449 | 735 | 964 | 1151 | 61900 | 48 | 792 | 1037 | 1238 | 67200 | 518 | 844 | 1105 | 1319 |
| 51400 | 409 | 673 | 884 | 1057 | 56700 | 450 | 736 | 965 | 1153 | 62000 | 485 | 793 | 1039 | 1240 | 67300 | 518 | 845 | 1107 | 1320 |
| 51500 | 410 | 674 | 885 | 1058 | 6800 | 451 | 737 | 967 | 1155 | 62100 | 486 | 794 | 1040 | 1241 | 67400 | 519 | 846 | 1108 | 1322 |
| 51600 | 411 | 675 | 88 | 1060 | 56900 | 451 | 739 | 968 | 1156 | 2200 | 487 | 795 | 1041 | 1243 | 67500 | 520 | 84 | 1109 | 1324 |
| 51700 | 411 | 676 | 889 | 1062 | 57000 | 452 | 740 | 970 | 1158 | 62300 | 487 | 796 | 1043 | 1244 | 67600 | 520 | 848 | 1110 | 1325 |
| 51800 | 412 | 678 | 890 | 1064 | 57100 | 453 | 741 | 971 | 1160 | 62400 | 488 | 797 | 1044 | 1246 | 67700 | 521 | 849 | 1112 | 1327 |
| 51900 | 413 | 679 | 892 | 1066 | 57200 | 454 | 742 | 973 | 1162 | 62500 | 489 | 798 | 1045 | 1248 | 67800 | 521 | 850 | 1113 | 1328 |
| 52000 | 414 | 680 | 893 | 1067 | 57300 | 454 | 743 | 974 | 1164 | 62600 | 489 | 799 | 1047 | 1249 | 67900 | 522 | 85 | 1114 | 1330 |
| 52100 | 415 | 681 | 895 | 1069 | 57400 | 5 | 745 | 976 | 1165 | 62700 | 490 | 800 | 1048 | 1251 | 68000 | 523 | 852 | 1116 | 1331 |
| 52200 | 415 | 682 | 896 | 1071 | 500 | 456 | 46 | 978 | 1167 | 62800 | 49 | 801 | 1049 | 1252 | 68100 | 523 | 853 | 1117 | 1333 |
| 52300 | 416 | 684 | 898 | 1073 | 57600 | 457 | 747 | 979 | 1169 | 62900 | 49 | 802 | 1051 | 125 | 68200 | 524 | 854 | 1118 | 1334 |
| 52400 | 417 | 685 | 899 | 1075 | 57700 | 457 | 748 | 981 | 1171 | 63000 | 492 | 803 | 1052 | 1256 | 68300 | 525 | 855 | 1119 | 1336 |
| 52500 | 418 | 686 | 901 | 1076 | 57800 | 458 | 749 | 982 | 1173 | 63100 | 493 | 804 | 1053 | 1257 | 68400 | 525 | 856 | 1121 | 1337 |
| 52600 | 418 | 687 | 902 | 1078 | 57900 | 459 | 750 | 983 | 1174 | 63200 | 493 | 805 | 1055 | 1259 | 68500 | 526 | 85 | 112 | 1339 |
| 52700 | 419 | 688 | 904 | 1080 | 58000 | 460 | 751 | 985 | 1176 | 63300 | 494 | 806 | 1056 | 1260 | 68600 | 527 | 858 | 1123 | 1340 |
| 52800 | 420 | 690 | 905 | 1082 | 58100 | 460 | 753 | 986 | 1178 | 63400 | 495 | 807 | 1057 | 1262 | 68700 | 527 | 859 | 1125 | 1342 |
| 52900 | 421 | 691 | 907 | 1084 | 58200 | 461 | 754 | 988 | 1179 | 63500 | 495 | 808 | 1058 | 1263 | 68800 | 528 | 860 | 1126 | 1343 |
| 53000 | 421 | 692 | 908 | 1086 | 58300 | 462 | 755 | 989 | 1181 | 63600 | 496 | 809 | 1060 | 1265 | 68900 | 529 | 86 | 7 | 1345 |
| 53100 | 422 | 693 | 910 | 1087 | 58400 | 462 | 756 | 991 | 1183 | 63700 | 496 | 810 | 1061 | 1266 | 69000 | 529 | 862 | 1129 | 1346 |
| 53200 | 423 | 694 | 912 | 1089 | 58500 | 463 | 757 | 992 | 1184 | 63800 | 497 | 811 | 1062 | 1268 | 69100 | 530 | 863 | 1130 | 1348 |
| 53300 | 424 | 696 | 913 | 1091 | 58600 | 464 | 758 | 994 | 1186 | 63900 | 498 | 812 | 1064 | 1269 | 69200 | 531 | 864 | 1131 | 1350 |
| 53400 | 425 | 697 | 915 | 1093 | 58700 | 464 | 759 | 995 | 1188 | 64000 | 498 | 813 | 1065 | 1271 | 69300 | 531 | 865 | 1132 | 1351 |
| 53500 | 425 | 698 | 916 | 1095 | 58800 | 465 | 760 | 996 | 1190 | 64100 | 499 | 814 | 1066 | 1272 | 69400 | 532 | 866 | 1134 | 1353 |
| 53600 | 426 | 699 | 918 | 1096 | 58900 | 466 | 761 | 998 | 1191 | 64200 | 499 | 815 | 1067 | 1274 | 69500 | 532 | 867 | 1135 | 1354 |
| 53700 | 427 | 700 | 919 | 1098 | 59000 | 466 | 762 | 999 | 1193 | 64300 | 500 | 816 | 1069 | 1275 | 69600 | 533 | 868 | 1136 | 1356 |
| 53800 | 428 | 702 | 921 | 1100 | 59100 | 46 | 764 | 1001 | 1195 | 64400 | 50 | 817 | 1070 | 1277 | 69760 | 534 | 869 | 1138 | 1357 |
| 53900 | 428 | 703 | 922 | 1102 | 59200 | 468 | 765 | 1002 | 1196 | 64500 | 501 | 818 | 1071 | 1278 | 69800 | 534 | 870 | 1139 | 1359 |
| 54000 | 429 | 704 | 924 | 1104 | 59300 | 468 | 766 | 1003 | 1198 | 64600 | 502 | 819 | 1072 | 1280 | 69900 | 535 | 871 | 1140 | 1360 |
| 54100 | 430 | 705 | 925 | 1106 | 59400 | 469 | 767 | 1005 | 1199 | 64700 | 502 | 820 | 1074 | 1281 | 70000 | 536 | 872 | 1142 | 1362 |
| 54200 | 431 | 706 | 927 | 1107 | 59500 | 469 | 767 | 1006 | 1201 | 64800 | 503 | 821 | 1075 | 1283 | 70100 | 536 | 873 | 1143 | 1363 |
| 54300 | 431 | 708 | 928 | 1109 | 59600 | 470 | 768 | 1007 | 1202 | 64900 | 504 | 822 | 1076 | 1284 | 70200 | 537 | 874 | 1144 | 1365 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de pensions alimentaires pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensual (\$) |  |  |  | incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'entants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }}$ denfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathrm{N}^{\text {ro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 |  | 3 | 4 |
| 70300 | 538 | 875 | 1145 | 1366 | 75600 | 572 | 929 | 1214 | 1448 | 80900 | 606 | 982 | 1283 | 1529 | 86200 | 641 | 1036 | 1352 | 1610 |
| 70400 | 538 | 876 | 1147 | 1368 | 75700 | 573 | 930 | 1215 | 1449 | 81000 | 607 | 983 | 1284 | 1530 | 86300 | 641 | 1037 | 1353 | 1612 |
| 7050 | 539 | 877 | 1148 | 1369 | 5800 | 73 | 931 | 1217 | 1451 | 81100 | 608 | 984 | 1285 | 1532 | 86400 | 642 | 1038 | 1354 | 1613 |
| 70600 | 540 | 878 | 1149 | 1371 | 75900 | 74 | 932 | 1218 | 1452 | 81200 | 608 | 985 | 1287 | 1533 | 86500 | 643 | 1039 | 1355 | 1615 |
| 70700 | 540 | 879 | 1151 | 1373 | 76000 | 575 | 933 | 1219 | 1454 | 81300 | 609 | 986 | 1288 | 1535 | 86600 | 643 | 1040 | 1357 | 1616 |
| 70800 | 541 | 880 | 1152 | 1374 | 76100 | 575 | 934 | 1221 | 1455 | 81400 | 610 | 987 | 1289 | 1536 | 86700 | 644 | 1041 | 1358 | 1618 |
| 70900 | 542 | 881 | 1153 | 1376 | 76200 | 576 | 935 | 1222 | 1457 | 81500 | 610 | 988 | 1291 | 1538 | 86800 | 645 | 1042 | 1359 | 1619 |
| 71000 | 542 | 882 | 1154 | 1377 | 76300 | 577 | 936 | 1223 | 1458 | 81600 | 611 | 989 | 1292 | 1540 | 86900 | 645 | 1043 | 1361 | 1621 |
| 71100 | 543 | 883 | 1156 | 1379 | 76400 | 577 | 937 | 1224 | 1460 | 81700 | 612 | 990 | 1293 | 1541 | 87000 | 646 | 1044 | 1362 | 1622 |
| 71200 | 543 | 884 | 1157 | 1380 | 76500 | 578 | 938 | 1226 | 1461 | 81800 | 612 | 991 | 1294 | 1543 | 87100 | 647 | 1045 | 1363 | 1624 |
| 71300 | 544 | 885 | 1158 | 1382 | 76600 | 578 | 939 | 1227 | 1463 | 81900 | 613 | 992 | 1296 | 15 | 87200 | 647 | 1046 | 1364 | 1625 |
| 71400 | 545 | 886 | 1160 | 1383 | 76700 | 579 | 940 | 1228 | 1464 | 82000 | 614 | 993 | 1297 | 1546 | 87300 | 648 | 1047 | 1366 | 1627 |
| 71500 | 545 | 887 | 1161 | 1385 | 76800 | 80 | 941 | 1230 | 1466 | 82100 | 614 | 994 | 1298 | 1547 | 87400 | 649 | 1048 | 1367 | 1628 |
| 71600 | 546 | 888 | 1162 | 1386 | 76900 | 80 | 942 | 1231 | 1468 | 2200 | 61. | 995 | 1300 | 1549 | 87500 | 649 | 1049 | 1368 | 1630 |
| 71700 | 547 | 889 | 116 | 1388 | 77000 | 1 | 943 | 1232 | 1469 | 82300 | 615 | 996 | 130 | . 1550 | 87600 | 650 | 1050 | 1370 | 1631 |
| 71800 | 547 | 890 | 1165 | 1389 | 77100 | 582 | 944 | 12 | 147 | 82400 | 616 | 997 | 1302 | 1552 | 87700 | 650 | 1051 | 1371 | 1633 |
| 71900 | 548 | 891 | 1166 | 1391 | 77200 | 582 | 945 | 1235 | 1472 | 82500 | 617 | 998 | 1304 | 1553 | 87800 | 651 | 1052 | 1372 | 1635 |
| 72000 | 549 | 892 | 1167 | 1392 | 77300 | 583 | 946 | 1236 | 1474 | 82600 | 617 | 999 | 1305 | 1555 | 87900 | 652 | 1053 | 1374 | 1636 |
| 2100 | 549 | 893 | 1169 | 1394 | 77400 | 584 | 947 | 1237 | 1475 | 82700 | 618 | 1000 | 1306 | 1556 | 88000 | 652 | 1054 | 1375 | 1638 |
| 72200 | 550 | 894 | 1170 | 1396 | 77500 | 584 | 48 | 1239 | 1477 | 82800 | 619 | 1001 | 1307 | 1558 | 88100 | 65 | 1055 | 137 | 1639 |
| 72300 | 551 | 895 | 1171 | 13 | 77600 | 585 | 949 | 12 | 14 | 8290 | 619 | 1002 | 1309 | 155 | 8820 | 654 | 1056 | 1377 | 1641 |
| 72400 | 551 | 896 | 1173 | 1399 | 77700 | 586 | 950 | 1241 | 1480 | 83000 | 620 | 1003 | 1310 | 1561 | 88300 | 654 | 1057 | 1379 | 1642 |
| 72500 | 552 | 897 | 1174 | 1400 | 77800 | 586 | 951 | 1243 | 1481 | 83100 | 621 | 1004 | 1311 | 1563 | 88400 | 655 | 1058 | 1380 | 1644 |
| 72600 | 553 | 898 | 1175 | 1402 | 77900 | 587 | 952 | 1244 | 1483 | 83200 | 621 | 1005 | 1313 | 1564 | 88500 | 656 | 1059 | 1381 | 1645 |
| 72700 | 553 | 899 | 1177 | 1403 | 78000 | 88 | 953 | 1245 | 1484 | 83300 | 622 | 1006 | 1314 | 1566 | 88600 | 656 | 1060 | 1383 | 1647 |
| 7280 | 55 | 901 | 117 | 1405 | 7810 | 588 | 954 | 1247 | 1486 | 83400 | 623 | 1007 | 1315 | 1567 | 88700 | 657 | 1061 | 1384 | 1648 |
|  | 55 | 902 | 11 | 14 | 78200 | 589 | 955 | 124 | 1487 | 835 | 623 | 1008 | 131 | 1569 | 8880 | 658 | 1062 | 1385 | 1650 |
| 73 | 55 | 903 | 11 | 140 | 783 | 590 | 956 | 1249 | 1489 | 83 | 624 | 1009 | 1318 | 1570 | 88900 | 658 | 1063 | 1387 | 1651 |
| 73100 | 556 | 904 | 118 | 1409 | 78400 | 590 | 957 | 1250 | 1491 | 83700 | 625 | 1010 | 4319 | 1572 | 89000 | 659 | 1064 | 1388 | 4653 |
| 73200 | 556 | 905 | 1183 | 1411 | 78500 | 94 | 958 | 1252 | 1492 | 83800 | 625 | 1011 | 1320 | 1573 | 89100 | 660 | 1065 | 1389 | 1654 |
| 73300 | 557 | 906 | 1184 | 1412 | 78600 | 591 | . 959 | 253 | 1494 | 83900 | 626 | 1012 | 4322 | 1575 | 89200 | 660 | 1066 | 1390 | 1656 |
| 73400 | 558 | 907 | 1186 | 141 | 78700 | 592 | 960 | 1254 | 1495 | 84000 | 626 | 1013 | 1323 | 4576 | 89300 | 664 | 106 | 1392 | 1658 |
| 73500 | 558 | 908 | 11 | 141 | 78800 | 593 | 964 | 1256 | 1497 | 84100 | 627 | 1014 | 13 | 1578 | 39400 | 661 | 1068 | 4393 | 1659 |
| 73600 | 559 | 909 | 118 | 1417 | 78900 | 593 | 962 | 1257 | 1498 | 84200 | 628 | 1015 | 13 | 1579 | 89500 | 662 | 1069 | 1394 | 1661 |
| 73700 | 560 | 910 | 1189 | 1418 | 79000 | 94 | 963 | 1258 | 1500 | 84300 | 628 | 1046 | 132 | 1581 | 89600 | 663 | 1070 | 1396 | 1662 |
| 73800 | 560 | 911 | 1191 | 1420 | 79100 | 595 | 964 | 12 | 4501 | $84400{ }^{\circ}$ | 629 | 1017 | 1328 | 4582 | 89700 | 663 | 107 | 1397 | 1664 |
| 73900 | 561 | 912 | 1192 | 1422 | 79200 | 595 | 965 | 1261 | 1503 | 84500 | 630 | 1018 | 1329 | 1584 | 89800 | 664 | 4072 | 1398 | 1665 |
| 74000 | 562 | 913 | 1193 | 1423 | 79300 | 596 | 966 | 1262 | 1504 | 84600 | 630 | 4049 | 1331 | 4585 | 89900 | 665 | 4073 | 1399 | 1667 |
| 74100 | 562 | 914 | 1195 | 1425 | 79400 | 597 | 967 | 1263 | 1506 | 84700 | 631 | 1020 | 1332 | 1587 | 90000 | 665 | 1074 | 1401 | 1668 |
| 74200 | 563 | 915 | 1196 | 1426 | 79500 | 597 | 968 | 1265 | 1507 | 84800 | 632 | 1022 | 1333 | 1589 | 90100 | 666 | 1075 | 1402 | 1670 |
| 74300 | 564 | 916 | 11 | 1428 | 79600 | 598 | 969 | 1 | 1509 | 84900 | 632 | 1023 | 335 | 4590 | 90200 | 667 | 4076 | 1403 | 1671 |
| 74800 | 564 | 917 | 1199 | 1429 | 79700 | 599 | 970 | 12 | 1510 | 85000 | 633 | 1024 | 1336 | 4592 | 90300 | 66 | 1077 | 1405 | 1673 |
| 74500 | 565 | 918 | 1200 | 1431 | 79800 | 599 | 974 | 1269 | 4512 | 85100 | 634 | . 1025 | 1337 | 1593 | 90400 | 668 | 1078 | 1406 | 1674 |
| 74600 | 566 | 919 | 1201 | 1432 | 79900 | 600 | 972 | 1270 | 1513 | 85200 | 634 | 1026 | 1339 | 1595 | 90500 | 669 | 1079 | 1407 | 1676 |
| 74700 | 566 | 920 | 1202 | 1434 | 80000 | 601 | 973 | 1271 | 1515 | 85300 | 635 | 1027 | 1340 | 1596 | 90600 | 669 | 1080 | 1409 | 1677 |
| 74800 | 567 | 921 | 1204 | 1435 | 80100 | 601 | 974 | 1272 | 1517 | 85400 | 636 | 1028 | 1341 | 1598 | 90700 | 670 | 1081 | 1410 | 1679 |
| 74900 | 567 | 922 | 1205 | 1437 | 80200 | 602 | 975 | 1274 | 1518 | 85500 | 636 | 1029 | 1342 | 1599 | 90800 | 671 | 1082 | 1411 | 1680 |
| 75000 | 568 | 923 | 1206 | 1438 | 80300 | 602 | 976 | 1275 | 1520 | 85600 | 637 | 1030 | 4344 | 1601 | 90900 | 671 | 4083 | 1442 | 1682 |
| 75100 | 569 | 924 | 4208 | 1440 | 80400 | 603 | 977 | 12 | 1521 | 85700 | 637 | 1031 | 1345 | 1602 | 97000 | 672 | 1084 | 4414 | 1684 |
| 75200 | 569 | 925 | 1209 | 144 | 80500 | 604 | 978 | 12 | 1523 | 85800 | 638 | 1032 | 1346 | 1604 | 91100 | 672 | 1085 | 1415 | 1685 |
| 75300 | 577 | 926 | 1210 | 1443 | 80600 | 604 | 979 | 1279 | 1524 | 85900 | 639 | 1033 | 1348 | 1605 | 91200 | 673 | 4086 | 1416 | 1687 |
| 75400 | 574 | 927 | 1212 | 1445 | 80700 | 605 | 980 | 1280 | 1526 | 86000 | 639 | 1034 | 1349 | 1607 | 91300 | 674 | 1087 | 1418 | 1688 |
| 75500 | 571 | 928 | 1213 | 1446 | 80800 | 606 | 981 | 1282 | 1527 | 86100 | 640 | 1035 | 1350 | 1608 | 91400 | 674 | 1088 | 1419 | 1690 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de pensions alimentaires pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de ia Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts ：Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants ：TAbles simplifiées

|  | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Palement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Palement mensuel <br> （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No．of Children／$\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{tre}}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |  | No．of Children／ |  |  |  |  | No．of Ghildren／ $N^{\text {bro }}$ d＇enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 91500 | 675 |  | 1420 | 1691 | 96800 | 709 | 1142 | 1489 | 177 | 10210 | 744 | 1196 | 1558 | 18 | 107400 | 778 | 1249 | 626 | 1935 |
| 91600 | 676 | 1090 | 1422 | 1693 | 9690 | 710 | 1144 | 1490 | 1774 | 0220 | 744 | 1197 | 1559 | 1855 | 1075 | 779 | 1250 | 628 | 1936 |
| 91700 |  | 109 | 14 | 1694 | 97000 | 11 | 1145 | 1492 | 1775 | 102300 | 745 | 119 | 1560 | 1857 | 10760 | 779 | 1251 | 1629 | 193 |
| 1800 | 67 | 1092 | 1424 | 1696 | 97100 | 711 | 1146 | 1493 | 1777 | 10240 | 746 | 119 | 1562 | 1858 | 10770 | 780 | 1252 | 1630 | 193 |
| 91900 | 678 | 暘 | 1425 | 169 | 97200 | 712 | 1147 | 1494 | 1779 | 10250 | 746 | 1200 | 156 | 186 | 10780 | 781 | 1253 | 1632 | 1941 |
| 92000 | 678 | 1094 | 1427 | 169 | 7300 | 713 | 1148 | 1495 | 1780 | 10260 | 747 | 1201 | 15 | 1861 | 1079 | 781 | 1254 | 33 | 194 |
| 92100 | 679 | 1095 | 14 | 1700 | 97400 | 713 | 1149 | 1497 | 1782 | 10270 | 748 | 1202 | 1565 | 1863 | 10800 | 782 | 125 | 16 | 1944 |
| 200 | 680 | 109 | 142 | 1702 | 97500 | 714 | 1150 | 1498 | 1783 | 1028 |  | 1203 | 1567 |  |  | 783 | 1256 | 1635 | 1946 |
| 92300 |  | 1097 | 1431 |  | 97600 | 715 | 1151 | 1499 | 1785 | 1029 | 749 | 1204 | 1568 | 186 |  | 783 | 1257 | 1637 | 1947 |
| 92400 | 681 | 1098 | 1432 | 1705 | 700 | 715 | 1152 | 1501 | 17 | 3000 | 750 | 1205 | 1569 |  |  |  | 1258 | 1638 | 1949 |
| 92500 | 682 | 1099 | 1433 |  | 800 | 析 |  | 2 | 1788 | 3100 | 750 | 1206 | 1571 | 1869 | 108 | 785 | 1259 | 1639 | 1950 |
| 92600 | 682 | 1100 | 1434 | 170 | 990 | 717 | 1154 | 1503 | 178 | 03 | 51 | 120 | 1572 | 1870 | 108 | 785 | 1260 | 16 | 1952 |
| 92700 | 683 | 1101 | 1436 | 17 | 98000 | 717 | 1155 | 1505 | 1791 | 1033 | 752 | 1208 | 1573 | 1872 | 1086 | 786 | 1261 | 164 | 195 |
| 92800 | 684 | 1102 | 1437 | 1711 | 100 | 718 | 1156 | 1506 | 1792 | 1034 | 752 | 120 | 15 | 18 | 1087 | 787 | 1262 | 1643 | 1955 |
| 92900 | 684 | 1103 | 1438 | 1713 | 98200 | 719 | 1157 | 1507 | 1794 | 10350 | 753 | 1210 | 1576 | 1875 | 1088 | 787 | 1263 | 1645 | 19 |
| 3000 | 685 | 1104 | 1440 | 1714 | 30 | 719 | 1158 | 1508 | 179 | 10360 | 754 | 1211 | 1577 | 187 | 1089 | 788 | 12 | 1646 | 1958 |
| 93100 | 685 | 1105 | 1441 | 1716 | 40 | 720 | 1159 | 1510 | 179 | 0370 | 754 | 1212 | 1578 | 187 | 1090 | 789 | 12 | 1647 | 1959 |
| 200 | 686 | 11 | 1442 | 1717 | 50 | 720 | 1160 | 1511 | 1798 | 2380 | 755 | 1213 | 1580 | 188 | 1091 | 78 | 12 | 164 | 1961 |
| 300 |  | 11 | 1444 | 1719 | 660 | 721 | 1161 | 1512 | 1800 | 103900 | 755 | 1214 | 158 | 1881 | 109200 | 790 | 12 | 1650 | 1962 |
| 93400 | 687 | 1108 | 1445 | 1720 | 98700 | 722 | 1162 | 1514 | 1802 | 1040 | 756 | 1215 | 158 | 18 | 109300 | 790 | 12 | 1651 | 1964 |
| 93500 | 688 | 11 | 1446 | 1722 | 800 | 722 | 1163 | 15 | 1803 | 104100 | 757 | 1216 | 1584 | 18 | 109400 | 79 | 1270 | 1652 |  |
| 93600 |  | 1110 | 1447 | 172 | 98900 | 723 | 1164 | 1516 | 1805 | 1042 | 757 | 1217 | 1585 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 93700 | 689 | 1111 | 1449 | 172 | 99000 | 724 | 1165 | 1517 | 1806 | 1043 | 758 | 1218 | 158 | 188 | 1096 | 79 | 1272 | 1655 | 1969 |
| 93800 | 690 | 1112 | 1450 | 172 | 99100 | 4 | 1166 | 1519 | 1808 | 1044 | 759 | 1219 | 158 | 18 | 109 | 793 | 1273 |  | 1970 |
| 93900 | 691 | 1113 | 1451 | 1728 | 99200 | 725 |  | 1520 | 1809 | 1045 | 759 | 1220 | 1589 | 18 | 1098 | 794 | 127 | 165 | 1972 |
| 94000 | 691 | 1114 | 1453 | 1730 | 99300 | 726 | 1168 | 1521 | 1811 | 104600 | 760 | 1221 | 1590 | 189 | 1099 | 79 | 1275 | 165 | 19 |
| 94100 | 692 | 1115 | 1454 | 1731 | 99400 | 727 | 1169 | 1523 | 1812 | 104700 | 761 | 122 | 1591 | 189 | 1100 | 795 | 1276 | 16 | 1975 |
| 94200 | 693 | 1116 | 1455 | 1733 | 9500 | 727 | 1170 | 1524 | 1814 | 104800 | 761 | 122 | 1593 | 189 | 1101 | 796 | 1277 | 166 | 1976 |
| 94300 | 693 | 1117 | 1457 | 173 | 99600 | 728 | 1171 | 1525 | 1815 | 104900 | 762 | 1224 | 1594 | 189 | 1102 | 796 | 1278 | 166 | 1978 |
| 94400 | 694 | 1118 | 1458 | 17 | 99700 | 728 | 1172 | 1527 | 1817 | 10500 | 763 | 1225 | 1595 | 189 | 11030 | 797 | 127 | 16 | 1979 |
| 945 | 695 | 1119 | 1459 | 1737 | 9980 | 729 | 1173 | 1528 | 1818 | 10510 | 763 | 1226 | 1597 |  | 11045 | 8 | 1280 |  |  |
| 94600 | 695 | 1120 | 1460 | 1739 | 9990 | 730 | 1174 | 1529 | 1820 | 1052 | 764 | 1227 | 1598 | 190 | 1105 | 98 | 1281 | 1667 | 19 |
| 94700 | 696 | 1121 | 14 | 1740 | 10000 | 730 | 1175 | 1530 | 1821 | 10530 | 765 | 1228 | 1599 | 1903 |  | 799 | 咗 |  |  |
| 94800 | 696 | 1122 | 1463 | 1742 | 10010 | 31 | 1176 | 1532 | 182 | 10540 | 765 | 1229 | 1600 | 1904 | 1107 | 800 | 1283 | 166 | 1985 |
| 94900 | 697 | 1123 | 14 | 174 | 100200 | 731 | 1177 | 1533 | 182 | 105500 | 766 | 1230 | 1602 | 190 |  | 800 | 1284 | 1670 |  |
| 95000 | 698 | 1124 | 1466 | 1745 | 100300 | 732 | 1178 | 1534 | 1826 | 105600 | 766 | 1231 | 1603 | 1907 | 1109 | 801 | 1285 | 167 | 1988 |
| 95100 | 69 | 1125 | 析 | 174 | 100400 | 733 | 1179 | 1536 | 1828 | 105700 | 767 | 1232 | 1604 | 19 | 1110 | 801 |  | 1673 | 1990 |
| 95200 | 699 | 1126 | 14 | 174 | 10050 | 733 | 1180 | 1537 | 1829 | 105800 | 768 | 1233 | 160 | 1910 | 11110 | 802 | 87 | 1674 | 1991 |
| 95300 | 700 | 1127 | 仡 |  | 100600 | 734 | 81 | 1538 | 1831 | 105900 | 768 | 1234 | 1607 | 1912 | 11120 | 803 | 1288 | 1676 | 1993 |
| 95400 | 700 | 1128 | 1471 | 1751 | 100700 | 735 | 1182 | 1540 | 1832 | 106000 | 769 | 123 | 1608 | 1913 | 111300 | 803 | 1289 | 1677 | 1995 |
| 95500 | 701 | 1129 | 1472 | 1752 | 100800 | 735 | 1 | 1541 | 位 | 06100 | 770 | 1236 | 1610 | 的 | 11140 | 804 | 1290 | 167 |  |
| 95600 | 702 | 1130 | 1473 | 175 | 10090 | 736 | 1184 | 1542 | 183 | 10620 | 770 | 1237 | 1611 | 191 | 1115 | 80 | 129 | 168 | 199 |
| 95700 | 22 | 1131 | 1475 | 1756 | 101000 | 737 | 1185 | 1543 | 1837 | 106300 | 771 | 1238 | 1612 | 19 | 1116 | 805 | 1292 | 168 | 199 |
| 95800 | 703 | 1132 | 1476 | 1757 | 101100 | 737 | 1186 | 1545 | 183 | 106400 | 772 | 12 | 1613 | 1919 | 111700 | 806 | 129 | 1882 | 2001 |
| 95900 | 704 | 1133 | 1477 | 1759 | 101200 | 738 | 1187 | 1546 | 1840 | 106500 | 772 | 124 | 1615 | 192 | 11180 | 807 | 129 | 168 | 2002 |
| 96000 | 704 | 1134 | 147 | 1760 | 10130 | 739 | 1188 | 1547 | 184 | 106600 | 773 | 124 | 1616 | 1923 | 111900 | 807 | 1295 | 1685 | 2004 |
| 96100 | 705 | 1135 | 1480 | 1762 | 101400 | 739 | 118 | 1549 | 1843 | 106700 | 774 | 1242 | 1617 | 192 | 112000 | 808 | 1296 | 168 | 2005 |
| 9620 | 70 | 113 | 148 | 1 | 10150 | 740 | 119 | 1550 | 184 | 106800 | 774 | 124 | 1619 | 1926 | 112100 | 809 | 129 | 168 | 2007 |
| 96300 | 706 | 1137 | 1482 | 1765 | 101600 | 741 | 119 | 1551 | 1846 | 106900 | 775 | 12 | 16 | 192 | 112200 | 809 | 1298 | 168 | 2008 |
| 96400 | 707 | 113 | 148 | 1766 | 101700 | 41 | 1192 | 1552 | 184 | 107000 | 776 | 124 | 1621 | 1929 | 112300 | 810 | 129 | 169 | 2010 |
| 96500 | 707 | 113 | 1485 | 1768 | 101800 | 742 | 1193 | 1554 | 184 | 107100 | 776 | 1246 | 通 | 1930 | 112400 | 811 | 1300 | 1691 | 2011 |
| 96600 | 708 | 114 | 1486 | 17 | 1010 | 742 | 1194 | 1555 | 185 | 10720 | 777 | 1247 | 162 | 1932 | 112500 | 811 | 1301 | 1692 | 2013 |
| 96700 | 709 | 114 | 1488 | 17 | 1020 | 743 | 1195 | 15 | 185 | 1073 | 777 | 1248 | 1625 | 1933 | 112600 | 812 | 1302 | 1694 | 2014 |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ leveis．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de pensions alimentaires pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ． Pour plus de renseignements，veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．

| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu | No. of Children/ $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {breg }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of ChildrenI $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 112700 | 812 | 1303 | 1695 | 2016 | 118 | 847 | 1356 | 1764 | 2097 | 123300 | 881 | 1410 | 1832 | 2178 | 128600 | 6 | 1463 | 1901 | 2260 |
| 112800 | 813 | 1304 | 1696 | 2018 | 118100 | 847 | 1357 | 1765 | 2099 | 123400 | 882 | 1411 | 1834 | 2180 | 128700 | 916 | 1464 | 1902 | 2261 |
| 112900 | 814 | 1305 | 1698 | 2019 | 118200 | 848 | 1358 | 1766 | 2100 | 123500 | 882 | 1412 | 1835 | 2181 | 128800 | 917 | 1465 | 1904 | 2263 |
| 113000 | 814 | 1306 | 1699 | 2021 | 118300 | 849 | 1359 | 1768 | 2102 | 123600 | 883 | 1413 | 1836 | 2183 | 128900 | 917 | 1466 | 1905 | 2264 |
| 113100 | 815 | 1307 | 1700 | 2022 | 118400 | 849 | 1360 | 1769 | 2103 | 123700 | 884 | 1414 | 1838 | 2185 | 129000 | 918 | 1467 | 1906 | 2266 |
| 113200 | 816 | 1308 | 1702 | 2024 | 118500 | 850 | 1361 | 1770 | 2105 | 123800 | 884 | 1415 | 1839 | 2186 | 129100 | 919 | 1468 | 1908 | 2267 |
| 113300 | 816 | 1309 | 1703 | 2025 | 118600 | 851 | 1362 | 1772 | 2106 | 123900 | 885 | 1416 | 1840 | 2188 | 129200 | 919 | 1469 | 1909 | 2269 |
| 113400 | 817 | 1310 | . 1704 | 2027 | 118700 | 851 | 1363 | 1773 | 2108 | 124000 | 886 | 1417 | 1842 | 2189 | 129300 | 920 | 1470 | 1910 | 2270 |
| 113500 | 818 | 1311 | 1705 | 2028 | 118800 | 852 | 1364 | 1774 | 2109 | 124100 | 886 | 1418 | 1843 | 2191 | 129400 | 921 | 1471 | 1912 | 2272 |
| 113600 | 818 | 1312 | 1707 | 2030 | 118900 | 853 | 1365 | 1775 | 2111 | 124200 | 887 | 1419 | 1844 | 2192 | 129500 | 921 | 1472 | 1913 | 2273 |
| 113700 | 819 | 1313 | 1708 | 2031 | 119000 | 853 | 1366 | 1777 | 2113 | 124300 | 888 | 1420 | 1845 | 2194 | 129600 | 922 | 1473 | 1914 | 2275 |
| 113800 | 820 | 1314 | 1709 | 2033 | 119100 | 854 | 1367 | 1778 | 2114 | 124400 | 888 | 1421 | 1847 | 2195 | 129700 | 923 | 1474 | 1915 | 2276 |
| 113900 | 820 | 1315 | 1711 | 2034 | 119200 | 855 | 1368 | 1779 | 2116 | 124500 | 889 | 1422 | 1848 | 2197 | 129800 | 923 | 1475 | 1917 | 2278 |
| 114000 | 821 | 1316 | 1712 | 2036 | 119300 | 855 | 1369 | 1781 | 2117 | 124600 | 890 | 1423 | 1849 | 2198 | 129900 | 924 | 1476 | 1918 | 2280 |
| 114100 | 822 | 1317 | 1713 | 2037 | 119400 | 856 | 1370 | 1782 | 2119 | 124700 | 890 | 1424 | 1851 | 2200 | 130000 | 925 | 1477 | 1919 | 2281 |
| 114200 | 822 | 1318 | 1715 | 2039 | 119500 | 857 | 1371 | 1783 | 2120 | 124800 | 891 | 1425 | 1852 | 2201 | 130100 | 925 | 1478 | 1921 | 2283 |
| 114300 | 823 | 1319 | 1716 | 2041 | 119600 | 857 | 1372 | 1785 | 2122 | 124900 | 892 | 1426 | 1853 | 2203 | 130200 | 926 | 1479 | 1922 | 2284 |
| 114400 | 824 | 1320 | 1717 | 2042 | 119700 | 858 | 1373 | 1786 | 2123 | 125000 | 892 | 1427 | 1855 | 2204 | 130300 | 927 | 1480 | 1923 | 2286 |
| 114500 | 824 | 1321 | 1718 | 2044 | 119800 | 859 | 1374 | 1787 | 2125 | 125100 | 893 | 1428 | 1856 | 2206 | 130400 | 927 | 1481 | 1925 | 2287 |
| 114600 | 825 | 1322 | 1720 | 2045 | 119900 | 859 | 1375 | 1788 | 2126 | 125200 | 894 | 1429 | 1857 | 2208 | 130500 | 928 | 1482 | 1926 | 2289 |
| 114700 | 825 | 1323 | 1721 | 2047 | 120000 | 860 | 1376 | 1790 | 2128 | 125300 | 894 | 1430 | 1858 | 2209 | 130600 | 929 | 1483 | 1927 | 2290 |
| 1118800 | 826 | 1324 | 1722 | 2048 | 120100 | 860 | 1377 | 1791 | 2129 | 125400 | 895 | 1431 | 1860 | 2211 | 130700 | 929 | 1484 | 1928 | 2292 |
| 114900 | 827 | 1325 | 1724 | 2050 | 120200 | 861 | 1378 | 1792 | 2131 | 125500 | 895 | 1432 | 1861 | 2212 | 130800 | 930 | 1485 | 1930 | 2293 |
| 115000 | 827 | 1326 | 1725 | 2051 | 120300 | 862 | 1379 | 1794 | 2132 | 125600 | 896 | 1433 | 1862 | 2214 | 130900 | 930 | 1486 | 1931 | 2295 |
| 115100 | 828 | 1327 | 1726 | 2053 | 120400 | 862 | 1380 | 1795 | 2134 | 125700 | 897 | 1434 | 1864 | 2215 | 131000 | 931 | 1487 | 1932 | 2296 |
| 115200 | 829 | 1328 | 1727 | 2054 | 120500 | 863 | 1381 | 1796 | 2136 | 125800 | 897 | 1435 | 1865 | 2217 | 131100 | 932 | 1488 | 1934 | 2298 |
| 115300 | 829 | 1329 | 1729 | 2056 | 120600 | 864 | 1382 | 1797 | 2137 | 125900 | 898 | 1436 | 1866 | 2218 | 131200 | 932 | 1489 | 1935 | 2299 |
| 115400 | 830 | 1330 | 1730 | 2057 | 120700 | 864 | 1383 | 1799 | 2139 | 126000 | 899 | 1437 | 1867 | 2220 | 131300 | 933 | 1490 | 1936 | 2301 |
| 115500 | 831 | 1331 | 1731 | 2059 | 120800 | 865 | 1384 | 1800 | 2140 | 126100 | 899 | 1438 | 1869 | 2221 | 131400 | 934 | 1491 | 1937 | 2302 |
| 115600 | 831 | 1332 | 1733 | 2060 | 120900 | 866 | 1385 | 1801 | 2142 | 126200 | 900 | 1439 | 1870 | 2223 | 131500 | 934 | 1492 | 1939 | 2304 |
| 115700 | 832 | 1333 | 1734 | 2062 | 121000 | 866 | 1386 | 1803 | 2143 | 126300 | 901 | 1440 | 1871 | 2224 | 131600 | 935 | 1493 | 1940 | 2306 |
| 115800 | 833 | 1334 | 1735 | 2063 | 121100 | 867 | 1388 | 1804 | 2145 | 126400 | 901 | 1441 | 1873 | 2226 | 131700 | 936 | 1494 | 1941 | 2307 |
| 115900 | 833 | 1335 | 1737 | 2065 | 121200 | 868 | 1389 | 1805 | 2146 | 126500 | 902 | 1442 | 1874 | 2227 | 131800 | 936 | 1495 | 1943 | 2309 |
| 116000 | 834 | 1336 | 1738 | 2067 | 121300 | 868 | 1390 | 1807 | 2148 | 126600 | 903 | 1443 | 1875 | 2229 | 131900 | 937 | 1496 | 1944 | 2310 |
| 116100 | 835 | 1337 | 1739 | 2068 | 121400 | 869 | 1391 | 1808 | 2149 | 126700 | 903 | 1444 | 1877 | 2230 | 132000 | 938 | 1497 | 1945 | 2312 |
| 116200 | 835 | 1338 | 1740 | 2070 | 121500 | 870 | 1392 | 1809 | 2151 | 126800 | 904 | 1445 | 1878 | 2232 | 132100 | 938 | 1498 | 1947 | 2313 |
| 116300 | 836 | 1339 | 1742 | 2071 | 121600 | 870 | 1393 | 1810 | 2152 | 126900 | 905 | 1446 | 1879 | 2234 | 132200 | 939 | 1499 | 1948 | 2315 |
| 116400 | 836 | 1340 | 1743 | 2073 | 121700 | 871 | 1394 | 1812 | 2154 | 127000 | 905 | 1447 | 1880 | 2235 | 132300 | 940 | 1500 | 1949 | 2316 |
| 116500 | 837 | 1341 | 1744 | 2074 | 121800 | 871 | 1395 | 1813 | 2155 | 127100 | 906 | 1448 | 1882 | 2237 | 132400 | 940 | 1501 | 1950 | 2318 |
| 116600 | 838 | 1342 | 1746 | 2076 | 121900 | 872 | 1396 | 1814 | 2157 | 127200 | 906 | 1449 | 1883 | 2238 | 132500 | 941 | 1502 | 1952 | 2319 |
| 116700 | 838 | 1343 | 1747 | 2077 | 122000 | 87 | 1397 | 1816 | 2158 | 127300 | 907. | 1450 | 1884 | 2240 | 132600 | 941 | 1503 | 1953 | 2321 |
| 116800 | 839 | 1344 | 1748 | 2079 | 122100 | 873 | 1398 | 1817 | 2160 | 127400 | 908 | 1451 | 1886 | 2241 | 132700 | 942 | 1504 | 1954 | 2322 |
| 116900 | 840 | 1345 | 1750 | 2080 | 122200 | 874 | 1399 | 1818 | 2162 | 127500 | 908 | 1452 | 1887 | 2243 | 132800 | 943 | 1505 | 1956 | 2324 |
| 117000 | 840 | 1346 | 1751 | 2082 | 122300 | 875 | 1400 | 1820 | 2163 | 127600 | 909 | 1453 | 1888 | 2244 | 132900 | 943 | 1506 | 1957 | 2325 |
| 117100 | 841 | 1347 | 1752 | 2083 | 122400 | 875 | 1401 | 1821 | 2165 | 127700 | 910 | 1454 | 1890 | 2246 | 133000 | 944 | 1507 | 1958 | 2327 |
| 117200 | 842 | 1348 | 1753 | 2085 | 122500 | 876 | 1402 | 1822 | 2166 | 127800 | 910 | 1455 | 1891 | 2247 | 133100 | 945 | 1509 | 1960 | 2329 |
| 117300 | 842 | 1349 | 1755 | 2086 | 122600 | 877 | 1403 | 1823 | 2168 | 127900 | 911 | 1456 | 1892 | 2249 | 133200 | 945 | 1510 | 1961 | 2330 |
| 117400 | 843 | 1350 | 1756 | 2088 | 122700 | 877 | 1404 | 1825 | 2169 | 128000 | 912 | 1457 | 1893 | 2250 | 133300 | 946 | 1511 | 1962 | 2332 |
| 117500 | 844 | 1351 | 1757 | 2090 | 122800 | 878 | 1405 | 1826 | 2171 | 128100 | 912 | 1458 | 1895 | 2252 | 133400 | 947 | 1512 | 1963 | 2333 |
| 117600 | 844 | 1352 | 1759 | 2091 | 122900 | 879 | 1406 | 1827 | 2172 | 128200 | 913 | 1459 | 1896 | 2253 | 133500 | 947 | 1513 | 1965 | 2335 |
| 117700 | 845 | 1353 | 1760 | 2093 | 123000 | 879 | 1407 | 1829 | 2174 | 128300 | 914 | 1460 | 1897 | 2255 | 133600 | 948 | 1514 | 1966 | 2336 |
| 117800 | 846 | 1354 | 1761 | 2094 | 123100 | 880 | 1408 | 1830 | 2175 | 128400 | 914 | 1461 | 1899 | 2257 | 133700 | 949 | 1515 | 1967 | 2338 |
| 117900 | 846 | 1355 | 1762 | 2096 | 123200 | 881 | 1409 | 1831 | 2177 | 128500 | 915 | 1462 | 1900 | 2258 | 133800 | 949 | 1516 | 1969 | 2339 |

## $\square$

## NEWFOUNDLAND/TERRE-NEUVE

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/ <br> Palement mensuel <br> $(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Mönthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reve |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 133900 |  | 15 | 70 | 2341 | $\cdots$ | 776 |  | 2023 | 2404 | 142100 | 03 | 1599 | 2076 | 246 | 146200 | 1030 | 641 | 2129 | 2529 |
|  |  |  |  | 2342 |  |  |  | 2024 | 05 | 142200 | 04 | 16 | 207 | 24 | 63 | 30 | 1642 | 2131 | 2531 |
| 134100 | 51 | 15 | 1972 | 2344 |  |  |  |  | 407 |  | 1004 | 160 | 20 | 24 | 46400 | 31 | 643 | 2132 | 253 |
| 134200 | 952 | 1520 |  | 2345 | 13830 | 878 |  | 202 | 2408 |  | 005 | 1602 | 208 | 247 | 65 | 032 |  | 2133 |  |
| 134300 | 53 | 1521 | 1975 | 34 |  | 979 |  | 2028 | 2410 | 142500 | 1006 | 16 | 208 | 247 | 4660 | 032 | 1645 | 2135 |  |
| 134400 | 953 | 1522 | 1976 | 2348 | 385 | 980 | 1563 | 2030 | 241 | 142600 | 1006 | 16 | 2083 | 24 | 46700 | 033 | 1646 | 213 |  |
| 134500 | 954 | 1523 | 1978 | 2350 | 38600 | 980 |  | 2031 | 2413 | 142 | 1007 | 1605 | 208 | 24 | 146 | 1034 | 1647 |  |  |
| 134600 | 954 | 15 | 1979 | 2352 | 13870 | 981 | 1565 | 203 | 2414 | 142800 | 1008 | 160 | 208 | 24 | 1469 | 34 | 1648 | 2138 |  |
| 134700 | 955 |  |  | 235 | 138800 | 982 | 1566 | 333 | 2416 | 142900 | 1008 | 1607 | 208 | 24 | 147000 | 1035 | 1649 | 2140 |  |
| 1348 | 956 | 1526 | 1982 | 2355 | 88900 | 982 | 1567 | 2035 | 2417 | 143000 | 1009 | 160 | 208 | 2480 | 147100 | 035 | 650 | 2141 |  |
| 134900 | 956 | 1527 | 1983 | 2356 | 139000 | 83 |  | 2036 | 241 | 143100 | 1010 | 1609 | 20 | 2482 | 147200 | 36 | 1651 | 21 | 2545 |
| 135000 | 957 | 15 | 1984 | 2358 | 139100 | 984 |  | 2037 | 24 | 143200 | 1010 | 16 | 20 | 2483 | 147300 | 1037 | 1652 | 2144 |  |
| 135 | 958 | 1529 | 1985 | 2359 | 392 | 984 | 1570 | 2039 | 2422 | 143300 | 1011 | 1611 | 2092 | 24 | 14740 | 1037 | 1653 | 2145 |  |
| 135200 | 958 | 1530 | 1987 | 2361 | 139300 | 985 | 15 | 2040 | 2424 | 143400 | 1011 | 1612 | 2093 | 2486 | 147500 | 1038 | 54 | 2146 | 2549 |
| 135300 | 959 | 1531 | 1988 | 2362 | 139400 | 986 | 1572 | 2041 | 242 | 143500 | 1012 | 1613 | 209 | 2488 | 147600 | 1039 | 1655 | 2147 | 2551 |
| 135400 | 960 | 1532 | 1989 | 2364 | 139500 | 986 | 1573 | 2042 | 242 | 43600 | 1013 | 1614 | 2096 | 2489 | 147700 | 1039 | 1656 | 2149 | 2552 |
| 135500 | 960 | 1533 | 199 | 2365 | 139600 |  | 1574 | 204 | 242 | 43700 | 13 | 1615 | 209 | 2491 | 47800 | 1040 | 65 | 2150 |  |
| 135600 | 961 | 15 | 199 | 236 | 13 | 988 | 1575 |  | 2430 | 43800 | 1014 | 16 | 2098 | 249 | 147900 | 1041 | 1658 | 215 |  |
| 135700 | 962 | 1535 | 1993 | 368 | 139800 | 988 | 15 | 204 | 24 | 900 | 1015 | 1617 | 210 | 24 | 48000 | 1041 | 165 | 2153 |  |
| 135800 |  | 1536 | 1995 | 2370 | 900 | 989 | 15 | 2048 | 243 | 144000 | 1015 | 1618 | 2101 | 24 | 14810 | 1042 | 1660 | 2154 |  |
| 135900 |  |  | 1996 | 237 | 140000 | 989 | 15 | 04 | 243 | 410 | 16 | 161 | 2102 | 249 | 48 | 043 |  | 2155 |  |
|  | 964 |  |  | 237 | 140100 |  | 1579 | 2050 | 2436 | 442 | 1017 | 162 | 2103 | 249 | 14830 |  | 1662 | 215 |  |
| 136 | 964 |  |  | 237 | 40200 |  |  | 205 | 243 | 44300 | 1017 | 1621 | 210 | 2500 | 14840 | 044 | 1663 | 2158 | 2563 |
|  | 965 | 1540 | 20 | 23 | 14030 |  |  | 205 | 2439 | 44 | 1018 | 162 | 210 | 250 | 4850 | 045 | 166 | 15 |  |
| 13 | 965 | 1541 | 200 | 2378 | 140400 | 992 | 1582 | 20 | 244 | 144500 | 1019 | 16 | 2107 | 2503 | 48 | 1045 | 1665 | 2160 |  |
| 136400 | 966 | 1542 | 200 | 2379 | 405 | 993 | 15 | 205 | 244 | 144 | 1019 | 1624 | 2109 | 25 | 148700 | 1046 | 1666 | 2162 |  |
| 136500 | 967 |  | 2004 | 2381 | 14060 | 993 | 15 | 205 | 2443 | 1447 | 1020 | 16 | 211 | 250 | 148800 | 1046 | 1667 | 2163 | 2569 |
| 136 | 96 |  |  | 2382 | 14070 | 994 | 1585 | 2058 | 2445 | 4480 | 1021 | 162 | 2111 | 2508 | 14890 | 1047 | 16 | 216 | 2571 |
| 136700 | 968 | 15 |  |  | 140800 | 995 | 15 | 2059 | 2447 | 144900 | 1021 | 1627 | 2112 | 2509 | 14900 | 1048 | 66 | 216 | 257 |
| 136 | 969 |  |  |  | 140900 | 995 | 15 | 20 | 2448 | 145000 | 1022 |  | 2114 | 251 | 4910 | 1048 | 670 | 21 | 2574 |
| 136900 | 969 |  | 200 | 2387 | 141 | 996 |  |  | 24 | 45100 |  |  | 21 | 2512 |  | 49 | 167 | 2168 | 2575 |
|  | 970 |  | 201 | 2388 | 14110 | 997 | 1589 | 206 | 245 | 145 | 1023 | 1631 | 2116 | 25 | 493 | 1050 | 1672 | 2170 | 2577 |
| 137100 | 971 | 1549 | 201 | 2390 | 141200 | 997 | 15 | 20 | 2453 | 45300 | 1024 | 1632 | 2118 | 251 | 49 | 1050 | 1673 | 217 | 257 |
|  | 971 | 1550 | 2013 | 2391 | 141300 | 998 | 159 | 2066 | 2454 | 4540 | 1024 | 163 | 2119 | 251 | 14950 | 1051 | 1674 | 217 | 2580 |
| 137300 | 972 | 1551 | 20 | 393 | 41400 | 999 | 159 | 206 | 2456 | 45500 | 1025 | 1634 | 2120 | 2519 | 49600 | 1052 | 1675 | 217 | 58 |
| 137 | 97 | 15 | 2015 | 2394 | 50 | 999 | 15 | 2068 | 245 | 560 | 1026 | 163 | 2122 | 2520 | 49700 | 1052 | 1676 | 2175 | 258 |
| 137500 | 973 | 1553 | 201 | 2396 | 141600 | 1000 | 1594 |  | 2459 |  |  | 1636 | 2123 | 25 | 49800 | 1053 | 1677 | 2176 | 258 |
| 137600 | 974 | 1554 | 2018 | 2397 | 141700 | 1000 | 1595 | 207 | 2460 | 145800 | 1027 | 1637 | 212 | 25 | 49900 | 1054 | 167 | 2177 | 258 |
| 137700 | 975 | 1555 | 2019 | 2399 | 141800 | 1001 | 1596 | 2072 | 2462 | 145900 | 1028 | 163 | 2125 | 2525 | 1500 | 1054 | 1679 | 2179 | 2587 |
| 137800 | 975 | 1556 | 2020 | 2401 | 141900 | 1002 | 1597 | 2074 | 2463 | 146000 | 1028 | 1639 | 2127 | 2526 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 97 | 15 | 202 | 2402 | 142000 | 1002 | 15 | 20 | 246 | 146100 | 1029 | 164 | 2128 | 2528 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child un enfant | two children/ deux enfants | three children/ trois enfants | four children/ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1054 plus $0.65 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1679 plus 1.01\% of income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 2179 \text { plus } 1.30 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2587 \text { plus } 1.53 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant 150 000\$ | 1054 plus $0,65 \%$ du revenu dépassant 150 $000 \$ \$$ | 1679 plus 1,01\% <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2179 plus 1,30\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2587 plus 1,53\% du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de pensions alimentaires pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). If existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthily Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu$(\$)$ | Monthily Award/ Palement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Awardl Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{brr}}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Childdren/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  | 4 |  | 1.1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 104 | 170 | 192 | 214 | 17300 | 153 | 269 | 362 | 419 | 22600 | 206 | 351 | 468 | 563 |
| 6800 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 12100 | 104 | 173 | 195 | 218 | 17400 | 154 | 271 | 364 | 423 | 22700 | 207 | 353 | 470 | 565 |
| 6900 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 12200 | 105 | 176 | 199 | 222 | 17500 | 155 | 272 | 366 | 427 | 22800 | 208 | 354 | 472 | 568 |
| 7000 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12300 | 105 | 179 | 202 | 225 | 17600 | 156 | 274 | 368 | 431 | 22900 | 209 | 356 | 474 | 570 |
| 7100 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 12400 | 105 | 182 | 206 | 229 | 17700 | 157 | 276 | 370 | 435 | 23000 | 210 | 357 | 476 | 572 |
| 7200 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 19 | 12500 | 105 | 185 | 209 | 233 | 17800 | 158 | 277 | 372 | 438 | 23100 | 211 | 359 | 478 | 575 |
| 7300 | 16 | 19 | 21 | 23 | 12600 | 106 | 188 | 213 | 237 | 17900 | 159 | 279 | 374 | 442 | 23200 | 212 | 360 | 480 | 577 |
| 7400 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 27 | 12700 | 107 | 191 | 216 | 241 | 18000 | 160 | 280 | 376 | 446 | 23300 | 213 | 362 | 482 | 579 |
| 7500 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 32 | 12800 | 108 | 194 | 219 | 245 | 18100 | 161 | 282 | 378 | 450 | 23400 | 214 | 364 | 484 | 582 |
| 7600 | 25 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 12900 | 109 | 197 | 223 | 249 | 18200 | 162 | 283 | 380 | 454 | 23500 | 215 | 365 | 486 | 584 |
| 7700 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 | 13000 | 110 | 200 | 226 | 252 | 18300 | 163 | 285 | 382 | 458 | 23600 | 216 | 367 | 488 | 586 |
| 7800 | 30 | 35 | 39 | 44 | 13100 | 111 | 203 | 230 | 256 | 18400 | 164 | 286 | 384 | 462 | 23700 | 217 | 368 | 490 | 589 |
| 7900 | 33 | 38 | 43 | 48 | 13200 | 112 | 206 | 233 | 260 | 18500 | 165 | 288 | 386 | 466 | 23800 | 218 | 370 | 491 | 591 |
| 8000 | 36 | 41 | 47 | 52 | 13300 | 113 | 208 | 237 | 264 | 18600 | 166 | 289 | 388 | 469 | 23900 | 219 | 371 | 493 | 593 |
| 8100 | 39 | 44 | 50 | 56 | 13400 | 114 | 209 | 240 | 268 | 18700 | 167 | 291 | 390 | 471 | 24000 | 220 | 373 | 495 | 596 |
| 8200 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 | 13500 | 115 | 211 | 244 | 272 | 18800 | 168 | 293 | 392 | 474 | 28100 | 221 | 374 | 497 | 598 |
| 8300 | 44 | 51 | 57 | 64 | 13600 | 116 | 212 | 247 | 276 | 18900 | 169 | 294 | 394 | 476 | 24200 | 222 | 376 | 499 | 600 |
| 8400 | 47 | 54 | 61 | 68 | 13700 | 117 | 214 | 251 | 280 | 19000 | 170 | 296 | 396 | 478 | 24300 | 223 | 377 | 501 | 603 |
| 8500 | 50 | 57 | 65 | 72 | 13800 | 118 | 215 | 254 | 283 | 19100 | 171 | 297 | 398 | 481 | 24400 | 224 | 379 | 503 | 605 |
| 8600 | 53 | 61 | 68 | 76 | 13900 | 119 | 217 | 257 | 287 | 19200 | 172 | 299 | 400 | 483 | 24500 | 224 | 381 | 505 | 608 |
| 8700 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 | 14000 | 120 | 218 | 261 | 291 | 19300 | 173 | 300 | 402 | 486 | 24600 | 225 | 382 | 507 | 610 |
| 8800 | 58 | 67 | 76 | 84 | 14100 | 121 | 220 | 264 | 295 | 19400 | 174 | 302 | 404 | 488 | 24700 | 226 | 384 | 509 | 612 |
| 8900 | 61 | 70 | 79 | 88 | 14200 | 122 | 221 | 268 | 299 | 19500 | 175 | 303 | 406 | 490 | 24800 | 227 | 385 | 511 | 615 |
| 9000 | 64 | 74 | 83 | 92 | 14300 | 123 | 223 | 271 | 303 | 19600 | 176 | 305 | 408 | 493 | 24900 | 228 | 387 | 513 | 617 |
| 9100 | 67 | 77 | 87 | 96 | 14400 | 124 | 225 | 275 | 307 | 19700 | 177 | 306 | 410 | 495 | 25000 | 229 | 388 | 515 | 619 |
| 9200 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 101 | 14500 | 125 | 226 | 278 | 311 | 19800 | 178 | 308 | 412 | 497 | 25100 | 230 | 390 | 517 | 622 |
| 9300 | 72 | 83 | 94 | 105 | 14600 | 126 | 228 | 282 | 314 | 19900 | 179 | 310 | 414 | 500 | 25200 | 231 | 391 | 519 | 624 |
| 9400 | 75 | 86 | 98 | 109 | 14700 | 127. | 229 | 285 | 318 | 20000 | 180 | 311 | 416 | 502 | 25300 | 232 | 393 | 521 | 626 |
| 9500 | 78 | 90 | 101 | 113 | 14800 | 128 | 231 | 289 | 322 | 20400 | 181 | 313 | 418 | 504 | 25400 | 233 | 394 | 523 | 629 |
| 9600 | 81 | 93 | 105 | 117 | 14900 | 129 | 232 | 292 | 326 | 20200 | 182 | 314 | 420 | 507 | 25500 | 234 | 396 | 525 | 631 |
| 9700 | 84 | 96 | 108 | 121 | 15000 | 130 | 234 | 296 | 330 | 20300 | 183 | 316 | 422 | 509 | 25600 | 235 | 398 | 527 | 633 |
| 9800 | 87 | 99 | 112 | 125 | 15100 | 131 | 235 | 299 | 334 | 20400 | 184 | 317 | 424 | 511 | 25700 | 236 | 399 | 529 | 636 |
| 9900 | 89 | 103 | 116 | 129 | 15200 | 132 | 237 | 302 | 338 | 20500 | 185 | 319 | 426 | 514 | 25800 | 237 | 401 | 531 | 638 |
| 10000 | 92 | 106 | 119 | 133 | 15300 | 133 | 238 | 306 | 342 | 20600 | 186 | 320 | 428 | 516 | 25900 | 238 | 402 | 533 | 640 |
| 10100 | 95 | 109 | 123 | 137 | 15400 | 134 | 240 | 309 | 345 | 20700 | 187 | 322 | 430 | 518 | 26000 | 239 | 404 | 535 | 643 |
| 10200 | 98 | 112 | 127 | 141 | 15500 | 135 | 242 | 313 | 349 | 20800 | 188 | 323 | 432 | 521 | 26100 | 240 | 405 | 537 | 645 |
| 10300 | 101 | 115 | 130 | 145 | 15600 | 136 | 243 | 316 | 353 | 20900 | 189 | 325 | 434 | 523 | 26200 | 241 | 407 | 539 | 647 |
| 10400 | 101 | 119 | 134 | 149 | 15700 | 137 | 245 | 320 | 357 | 21000 | 190 | 326 | 436 | 525 | 26300 | 242 | 408 | 541 | 649 |
| 10500 | 101 | 122 | 138 | 153 | 15800 | 138 | 246 | 323 | 361 | 21100 | 191 | 328 | 438 | 528 | 26400 | 243 | 409 | 542 | 651 |
| 10600 | 101 | 125 | 141 | 157 | 15900 | 139 | 248 | 327 | 365 | 21200 | 192 | 330 | 440 | 530 | 26500 | 244 | 411 | 544 | 654 |
| 10700 | 102 | 128 | 145 | 61 | 16000 | 140 | 249 | 330 | 369 | 21300 | 193 | 331 | 442 | 532 | 26600 | 245 | 412 | 546 | 656 |
| 10800 | 102 | 132 | 149 | 166 | 16100 | 141 | 251 | 334 | 373 | 21400 | 194 | 333 | 444 | 535 | 26700 | 246 | 414 | 548 | 658 |
| 10900 | 102 | 135 | 152 | 170 | 16200 | 142 | 252 | 337 | 376 | 21500 | 195 | 334 | 446 | 537 | 26800 | 247 | 415 | 550 | 660 |
| 11000 | 102 | 138 | 156 | 174 | 16300 | 143 | 254 | 340 | 380 | 21600 | 196 | 336 | 448 | 539 | 26900 | 248 | 417 | 552 | 662 |
| 11100 | 102 | 141 | 159 | 178 | 16400 | 144 | 255 | 344 | 384 | 21700 | 197 | 337 | 450 | 542 | 27000 | 249 | 418 | 554 | 664 |
| 11200 | 103 | 145 | 163 | 182 | 16500 | 145 | 257 | 347 | 388 | 21800 | 198 | 339 | 452 | 544 | 27100 | 249 | 419 | 555 | 667 |
| 11300 | 103 | 148 | 167 | 186 | 16600 | 146 | 259 | 349 | 392 | 24900 | 199 | 340 | 454 | 547 | 27200 | 250 | 421 | 557 | 669 |
| 11400 | 103 | 151 | 170 | 190 | 16700 | 147 | 260 | 351 | 396 | 22000 | 200 | 342 | 456 | 549 | 27300 | 251 | 422 | 559 | 671 |
| 11500 | 103 | 154 | 174 | 194 | 16800 | 148 | 262 | 353 | 400 | 22100 | 201 | 343 | 458 | 551 | 27400 | 252 | 424 | 561 | 673 |
| 11600 | 103 | 157 | 178 | 198 | 16900 | 149 | 263 | 354 | 404 | 22200 | 202 | 345 | 460 | 554 | 27500 | 253 | 425 | 563 | 675 |
| 11700 | 104 | 161 | 181 | 202 | 17000 | 150 | 265 | 356 | 407 | 22300 | 203 | 347 | 462 | 556 | 27600 | 254 | 427 | 565 | 678 |
| 11800 | 104 | 164 | 185 | 206 | 17100 | 151 | 266 | 358 | 411 | 22400 | 204 | 348 | 464 | 558 | 27700 | 255 | 428 | 566 | 680 |
| 11900 | 104 | 167 | 188 | 210 | 17200 | 152 | 268 | 360 | 415 | 22500 | 205 | 350 | 466 | 561 | 27800 | 256 | 429 | 568 | 682 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). II existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉderaux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiés

| Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (3) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Chlidrent $N^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childrenl $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 4 |
| 27900 | 25 | 431 | 570 | 684 | 33200 | , | 98 | 65 | 786 | 38500 | 344 | 566 | 744 | 889 | 43800 | 389 | 637 | 835 | 997 |
| 280 | 258 | 432 | 572 | 86 | 33300 | 301 | 499 | 658 | 788 | 8600 | 344 | 567 | 745 | 89 | 390 | 390 | 638 | 836 | 999 |
| 28100 | 259 | 434 | 574 | 688 | 3400 | 302 | 500 | 660 | 790 | 38700 | 345 | 568 | 747 | 893 | 44000 | 391 | 639 | 838 | 1001 |
| 28200 | 260 | 435 | 576 | 691 | 3500 | 302 | 502 | 661 | 792 | 38800 | 346 | 570 | 749 | 895 | 44100 | 392 | 64 | 840 | 1003 |
| 28300 | 261 | 437 | 578 | 693 | 3600 | 303 | 503 | 663 | 794 | 38900 | 347 | 57 | 750 | 897 | 44200 | 393 | 64 | 842 | 1005 |
| 28400 | 261 | 438 | 579 | 695 | 3700 | 304 | 504 | 664 | 795 | 39000 | 348 | 572 | 752 | 899 | 44300 | 394 | 643 | 843 | 1007 |
| 28500 | 262 | 440 | 581 | 697 | 3800 | 305 | 505 | 666 | 797 | 39100 | 349 | 574 | 754 | 901 | 44400 | 394 | 645 | 845 | 1009 |
| 28600 | 263 | 441 | 583 | 699 | 3900 | 306 | 507 | 668 | 799 | 39200 | 349 | 575 | 755 | 903 | 44500 | 395 | 646 | 847 | 1011 |
| 28700 | 264 | 442 | 585 | 702 | 4000 | 306 | 508 | 669 | 801 | 39300 | 350 | 576 | 757 | 905 | 44600 | 396 | 648 | 849 | 1013 |
| 28800 | 265 | 444 | 587 | 704 | 34100 | 307 | 509 | 671 | 803 | 39400 | 351 | 578 | 759 | 907 | 44700 | 397 | 649 | 850 | 1015 |
| 28900 | 66 | 445 | 589 | 06 | 34200 | 308 | 511 | 673 | 805 | 39500 | 352 | 57 | 760 | 909 | 44800 | 398 | 65 | 852 | 1017 |
| 29000 | 267 | 447 | 590 | 708 | 4300 | 309 | 512 | 674 | 807 | 39600 | 353 | 580 | 762 | 911 | 44900 | 399 | 65 | 85 | 1019 |
| 29100 | 268 | 448 | 592 | 710 | 4400 | 310 | 513 | 676 | 809 | 39700 | 354 | 581 | 764 | 913 | 45000 | 400 | 653 | 856 | 1021 |
| 29200 | 269 | 450 | 594 | 712 | 4500 | 310 | 514 | 677 | 811 | 39800 | 354 | 583 | 765 | 915 | 45100 | 400 | 654 | 857 | 1023 |
| 29300 | 270 | 451 | 596 | 715 | 4600 | 311 | 516 | 679 | 813 | 39900 | 355 | 584 | 767 | 917 | 45200 | 401 | 656 | 859 | 1026 |
| 29400 | 271 | 452 | 598 | 717 | 700 | 12 | 17 | 681 | 815 | 0000 | 356 | 585 | 769 | 919 | 45300 | 402 | 657 | 861 | 1028 |
| 29500 | 272 | 454 | 600 | 719 | 34800 | 313 | 518 | 682 | 816 | 40100 | 357 | 587 | 770 | 921 | 40 | 403 | 65 | 863 | 1030 |
| 29600 | 273 | 455 | 602 | 721 | 34900 | 14 | 519 | 684 | 818 | 40200 | 358 | 588 | 772 | 923 | 45500 | 40 | 66 | 86 | 1032 |
| 29700 | 273 | 456 | 603 | 723 | 35000 | 315 | 521 | 685 | 820 | 40300 | 359 | 589 | 774 | 925 | 45600 | 405 | 66 | 866 | 1034 |
| 29800 | 274 | 458 | 604 | 725 | 35100 | 315 | 522 | 687 | 822 | 40400 | 360 | 591 | 776 | 927 | 45700 | 406 | 662 | 868 | 1036 |
| 29900 | 275 | 459 | 606 | 726 | 35200 | 16 | 523 | 689 | 824 | 40500 | 361 | 592 | 777 | 929 | 45800 | 407 | 664 | 869 | 1038 |
| 300 | 27 | 460 | 607 | 728 | 35300 | 317 | 524 | 690 | 826 | 40600 | 361 | 593 | 779 | 931 | 45900 | 407 | 665 | 871 | 1040 |
| 30100 | 276 | 461 | 609 | 730 | 35400 | 18 | 52 | 692 | 828 | 070 | 362 | 59 | 781 | 933 | 6000 | 408 | 666 | 873 | 1042 |
| 30200 | 277 | 462 | 610 | 732 | 35500 | 319 | 527 | 69 | 830 | 40800 | 3 | 596 | 783 | 935 | 46100 | 409 | 668 | 875 | 1044 |
| 30300 | 278 | 463 | 612 | 733 | 35600 | 319 | 528 | 695 | 832 | 40900 | 364 | 598 | 784 | 937 | 46200 | 410 | 66 | 876 | 1046 |
| 30400 | 278 | 465 | 613 | 735 | 35700 | 320 | 529 | 697 | 834 | 41000 | 365 | 599 | 786 | 939 | 46300 | 411 | 670 | 878 | 1048 |
| 30500 | 279 | 466 | 615 | 737 | 35800 | 321 | 531 | 698 | 836 | 41100 | 366 | 600 | 788 | 941 | 46400 | 412 | 672 | 880 | 1050 |
| 3060 | 280 | 467 | 616 | 739 | 5900 | 22 | 532 | 700 | 837 | 31200 | 367 | 602 | 790 | 943 | 46500 | 413 | 673 | 882 | 1052 |
| 30700 | 281 | 468 | 618 | 740 | 36000 | 323 | 533 | 702 | 839 | 41300 | 367 | 603 | 791 | 945 | 46600 | 413 | 675 | 883 | 1054 |
| 30800 | 281 | 469 | 619 | 742 | 36100 | 323 | 534 | 703 | 841 | 41400 | 368 | 604 | 793 | 948 | 46700 | 414 | 67 | 885 | 1056 |
| 30900 | 282 | 470 | 621 | 744 | 36200 | 324 | 536 | 705 | 843 | 41500 | 369 | 606 | 795 | 950 | 46800 | 415 | 677 | 887 | 1058 |
| 31000 | 283 | 471 | 622 | 746 | 63 | 325 | 537 | 707 | 845 | 41600 | 370 | 607 | 797 | 952 | 46900 | 416 | 679 | 889 | 1060 |
| 31100 | 284 | 473 | 624 | 747 | 6400 | 326 | 538 | 708 | 847 | 17700 | 371 | 608 | 798 | 954 | 47000 | 417 | 680 | 890 | 1062 |
| 31200 | 284 | 474 | 625 | 749 | 6500 | 327 | 540 | 710 | 849 | 81800 | 372 | 610 | 800 | 956 | 47100 | 418 | 68 | 892 | 1065 |
| 31300 | 285 | 475 | 627 | 751 | 660 | 328 | 541 | 712 | 851 | 41900 | 373 | 611 | 802 | 958 | 47200 | 419 | 683 | 89 | 1067 |
| 31400 | 286 | 476 | 628 | 753 | 3670 | 328 | 542 | 713 | 853 | 42000 | 374 | 612 | 803 | 960 | 47300 | 420 | 68 | 896 | 1069 |
| 31500 | 287 | 477 | 630 | 754 | 6800 | 329 | 544 | 715 | 855 | 42100 | 374 | 614 | 805 | 962 | 47400 | 420 | 68 | 897 | 1071 |
| 31600 | 287 | 478 | 631 | 756 | 36900 | 33 | 545 | 717 | 857 | 42200 | 375 | 615 | 807 | 964 | 47500 | 42 | 68 | 899 | 1073 |
| 31700 | 288 | 479 | 633 | 758 | 37000 | 331 | 546 | 718 | 859 | 42300 | 376 | 616 | 809 | 966 | 4760 | 422 | 68 | 90 | 1075 |
| 31800 | 289 | 481 | 63 | 760 | 37100 | 332 | 548 | 720 | 861 | 42400 | 377 | 618 | 810 | 968 | 47700 | 423 | 689 | 902 | 1077 |
| 31900 | 290 | 482 | 635 | 761 | 37200 | 333 | 549 | 72 | 863 | 42500 | 378 | 619 | 812 | 970 | 7800 | 424 | 691 | 904 | 1079 |
| 32000 | 290 | 483 | 637 | 763 | 7300 |  | 550 | 723 | 865 | 42600 | 379 | 621 | 814 | 972 | 4900 | 425 | 692 | 906 | 1081 |
| 32100 | 291 | 484 | 639 | 765 | 37400 | 334 | 551 | 725 | 86 | 42700 | 380 | 622 | 816 | 974 | 4800 | 426 | 693 | 90 | 1083 |
| 32200 | 292 | 485 | 640 | 767 | 37500 | 335 | 553 | 727 | 869 | 42800 | 380 | 623 | 817 | 976 | 48100 | 42 | 69 | 90 | 1085 |
| 32300 | 293 | 487 | 642 | 769 | 37600 | 336 | 554 | 728 | 871 | 42900 | 381 | 625 | 819 | 978 | 48200 | 427 | 696 | 91 | 1087 |
| 32400 | 294 | 488 | 643 | 771 | 37700 | 337 | 555 | 730 | 873 | 43000 | 382 | 626 | 821 | 980 | 48300 | 428 | 697 | 913 | 1089 |
| 32500 | 294 | 489 | 645 | 773 | 37800 | 338 | 557 | 732 | 875 | 43100 | 383 | 627 | 823 | 982 | 18400 | 429 | 699 | 915 | 1091 |
| 32600 | 295 | 490 | 647 | 774 | 37900 | 339 | 558 | 733 | 877 | 43200 | 384 | 629 | 824 | 984 | 48500 | 430 | 700 | 916 | 1093 |
| 32700 | 296 | 492 | 648 | 776 | 38000 | 339 | 559 | 735 | 879 | 43300 | 385 | 630 | 826 | 987 | 48600 | 431 | 702 | 918 | 1095 |
| 32800 | 297 | 493 | 650 | 778 | 38100 | 340 | 561 | 737 | 881 | 43400 | 386 | 631 | 828 | 989 | 48700 | 432 | 703 | 920 | 1097 |
| 32900 | 298 | 494 | 651 | 780 | 38200 | 341 | 562 | 739 | 883 | 43500 | 387 | 633 | 830 | 991 | 48800 | 433 | 704 | 922 | 1099 |
| 33000 | 298 | 495 | 653 | 782 | 38300 | 342 | 563 | 740 | 885 | 43600 | 387 | 634 | 831 | 993 | 48900 | 433 | 706 | 923 | 1101 |
| 33100 | 299 | 497 | 65 | 784 | 38400 | 343 | 564 | 742 | 887 | 4370 | 38 | 635 | 833 | 995 | 49000 | 43 | 707 | 925 | 110 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for caiculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministere de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

| Incomel Revenu | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu: <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |
| 49100 | 43 | 708 | 927 | 1105 | 54400 | 481 | 780 | 1018 | 1214 | 59700 | 527 | 850 | 1109 | 1321 | 65000 | 568 | 915 | 1193 | 1421 |
| 49200 | 43 | 710 | 928 | 1108 | 54500 | 482 | 781 | 1020 | 1216 | 59800 | 527 | 852 | 1111 | 1323 | 65100 | 569 | 917 | 1195 | 1422 |
| 49300 | 437 | 711 | 930 | 1110 | 4600 | 483 | 82 | 1022 | 1218 | 59900 | 528 | 853 | 1113 | 1325 | 65200 | 569 | 918 | 1196 | 1424 |
| 49400 | 438 | 712 | 932 | 1112 | 54700 | 484 | 784 | 1024 | 1220 | 60000 | 529 | 854 | 1114 | 1327 | 65300 | 570 | 919 | 1198 | 1426 |
| 49500 | 439 | 714 | 934 | 1114 | 54800 | 484 | 785 | 1025 | 1222 | 60100 | 530 | 855 | 1116 | 1329 | 65400 | 571 | 920 | 1199 | 1428 |
| 49600 | 439 | 715 | 935 | 1116 | 54900 | 485 | 786 | 1027 | 1224 | 60200 | 531 | 857 | 1117 | 1331 | 65500 | 572 | 921 | 1201 | 1430 |
| 49700 | 440 | 716 | 937 | 1118 | 55000 | 486 | 788 | 1029 | 1226 | 60300 | 531 | 858 | 1119 | 1333 | 65600 | 572 | 922 | 1202 | 1432 |
| 49800 | 441 | 718 | 939 | 1120 | 55100 | 487 | 789 | 1031 | 1228 | 60400 | 532 | 859 | 1121 | 1335 | 65700 | 573 | 924 | 1204 | 1433 |
| 49900 | 442 | 719 | 941 | 1122 | 55200 | 488 | 790 | 1032 | 1230 | 60500 | 533 | 860 | 1122 | 1337 | 65800 | 574 | 925 | 1205 | 1435 |
| 50000 | 443 | 720 | 942 | 1124 | 55300 | 489 | 792 | 1034 | 1232 | 60600 | 534 | 862 | 1124 | 1338 | 65900 | 575 | 926 | 1207 | 1437 |
| 50100 | 444 | 722 | 944 | 1126 | 55400 | 490 | 793 | 1036 | 1234 | 0700 | 535 | 863 | 1125 | 1340 | 66000 | 575 | 927 | 1209 | 1439 |
| 50200 | 445 | 723 | 946 | 1128 | 55500 | 491 | 94 | 10 | 1236 | 60800 | 535 | 86 | 11 | 134 | 66100 | 57 | 928 | 1210 | 1441 |
| 50300 | 446 | 724 | 947 | 1130 | 55600 | 491 | 796 | 1039 | 1238 | 60900 | 536 | 865 | 1129 | 1344 | 66200 | 577 | 929 | 1212 | 1442 |
| 50400 | 446 | 726 | 949 | 1132 | 55700 | 492 | 797 | 1041 | 1240 | 61000 | 537 | 867 | 1130 | 1346 | 66300 | 577 | 931 | 1213 | 1444 |
| 50500 | 447 | 727 | 951 | 1134 | 55800 | 493 | 798 | 1043 | 1242 | 61100 | 538 | 868 | 1132 | 1348 | 66400 | 578 | 932 | 1215 | 1446 |
| 50600 | 448 | 728 | 953 | 1136 | 55900 | 494 | 800 | 1044 | 1244 | 61200 | 539 | 869 | 1133 | 1350 | 66500 | 579 | 933 | 1216 | 1448 |
| 50700 | 449 | 730 | 954 | 1138 | 56000 | 495 | 801 | 1046 | 1247 | 61300 | 539 | 870 | 1135 | 1352 | 66600 | 580 | 934 | 1218 | 1450 |
| 50800 | 450 | 731 | 956 | 1140 | 56100 | 496 | 802 | 1048 | 1249 | 61400 | 540 | 872 | 1137 | 1354 | 66700 | 580 | 935 | 1219 | 1451 |
| 50900 | 45 | 732 | 958 | 1142 | 56200 | 97 | 804 | 1050 | 1251 | 61500 | 541 | 873 | 1138 | 1356 | 66800 | 581 | 936 | 1221 | 1453 |
| 51000 | 452 | 734 | 960 | 1144 | 56300 | 497 | 805 | 1051 | 1253 | 61600 | 542 | 874 | 1140 | 1357 | 66900 | 582 | 93 | 1222 | 1455 |
| 51100 | 452 | 735 | 961 | 1146 | 56400 | 498 | 806 | 1053 | 1255 | 61700 | 543 | 875 | 1142 | 1359 | 67000 | 583 | 939 | 1224 | 1457 |
| 51200 | 453 | 737 | 963 | 1148 | 56500 | 499 | 808 | 1055 | 1257 | 61800 | 543 | 877 | 1143 | 1361 | 67100 | 583 | 940 | 1225 | 1459 |
| 51300 | 454 | 738 | 65 | 1150 | 56600 | 0 | 809 | 1056 | 1259 | 61900 | 544 | 878 | 1145 | 1363 | 67200 | 584 | 941 | 1227 | 1461 |
| 51400 | 455 | 739 | 967 | 1152 | 56700 | 501 | 810 | 10 | 12 | 62000 | 545 | 879 | 11 | 136 | 67300 | 58 | 942 | 1228 | 1462 |
| 51500 | 456 | 741 | 968 | 1155 | 56800 | 502 | 812 | 1060 | 1263 | 62100 | 546 | 880 | 114 | 136 | 67400 | 586 | 944 | 12 | 1464 |
| 51600 | 457 | 742 | 970 | 1157 | 56900 | 503 | 813 | 1062 | 1265 | 62200 | 547 | 882 | 1150 | 1369 | 67500 | 587 | 945 | 1231 | 1466 |
| 51700 | 458 | 743 | 972 | 1159 | 57000 | 503 | 815 | 1063 | 1267 | 62300 | 547 | 883 | 1151 | 1371 | 67600 | 587 | 946 | 1233 | 1468 |
| 51800 | 459 | 745 | 973 | 1161 | 57100 | 504 | 816 | 1065 | 1269 | 62400 | 548 | 884 | 1153 | 1373 | 67700 | 588 | 947 | 1235 | 1470 |
| 51900 | 459 | 746 | 975 | 1163 | 57200 | 505 | 817 | 1067 | 1271 | 62500 | 549 | 885 | 1154 | 1375 | 67800 | 589 | 948 | 1236 | 1471 |
| 52000 | 460 | 7 | 7 | 165 | 57300 | 506 | 819 | 1069 | 1273 | 62600 | 550 | 887 | 1156 | 1376 | 67900 | 590 | 950 | 123 | 1473 |
| 52100 | 46 | 749 | 979 | 1167 | 57400 | 507 | 820 | 1070 | 75 | 62700 | 551 | 888 | 1158 | 1378 | 68000 | 590 | 951 | 1239 | 1475 |
| 52200 | 462 | 750 | 980 | 1169 | 57500 | 508 | 821 | 1072 | 1277 | 62800 | 551 | 889 | 1159 | 1380 | 68100 | 591 | 952 | 1241 | 1477 |
| 52300 | 463 | 751 | 982 | 1171 | 57600 | 509 | 823 | 1074 | 1279 | 62900 | 552 | 890 | 1161 | 1382 | 68200 | 592 | 953 | 1242 | 1479 |
| 52400 | 464 | 753 | 984 | 1173 | 57700 | 510 | 824 | 1075 | 1281 | 63000 | 553 | 892 | 1162 | 1384 | 68300 | 593 | 954 | 12 | 1481 |
| 52500 | 465 | 754 | 986 | 1175 | 57800 | 510 | 825 | 1077 | 1283 | 63100 | 554 | 893 | 1164 | 1386 | 68400 | 594 | 956 | 1245 | 1482 |
| 52600 | 465 | 755 | 987 | 1177 | 57900 | 511 | 827 | 1079 | 1285 | 63200 | 555 | 894 | 1166 | 1388 | 68500 | 594 | 957 | 1247 | 1484 |
| 52700 | 466 | 757 | 989 | 1179 | 58000 | 512 | 828 | 1081 | 1287 | 63300 | 555 | 895 | 1167 | 1390 | 68600 | 595 | 958 | 1248 | 1486 |
| 52800 | 467 | 758 | 991 | 1181 | 58100 | 513 | 829 | 1082 | 1289 | 63400 | 556 | 897 | 1169 | 1392 | 68700 | 596 | 959 | 1250 | 1488 |
| 52900 | 468 | 759 | 992 | 1183 | 58200 | 514 | 831 | 1084 | 1291 | 63500 | 557 | 898 | 1170 | 1393 | 68800 | 597 | 960 | 1252 | 1490 |
| 53000 | 469 | 761 | 994 | 1185 | 58300 | 515 | 832 | 1086 | 1294 | 63600 | 558 | 899 | 1172 | 1395 | 68900 | 597 | 962 | 1253 | 1492 |
| 53100 | 470 | 762 | 996 | 1187 | 58400 | 516 | 833 | 1088 | 1296 | 63700 | 558 | 900 | 1173 | 1397 | 69000 | 598 | 963 | 1255 | 1493 |
| 53200 | 471 | 763 | 998 | 1189 | 58500 | 516 | 835 | 1089 | 1298 | 63800 | 559 | 901 | 1175 | 1399 | 69100 | 599 | 964 | 1256 | 1495 |
| 53300 | 471 | 765 | 999 | 1191 | 58600 | 517 | 836 | 1091 | 1300 | 63900 | 560 | 902 | 1176 | 1401 | 69200 | 600 | 965 | 1258 | 1497 |
| 53400 | 472 | 766 | 1001 | 1193 | 58700 | 518 | 837 | 1093 | 1302 | 64000 | 561 | 904 | 1178 | 1403 | 69300 | 600 | 966 | 1259 | 1499 |
| 53500 | 473 | 767 | 1003 | 1195 | 58800 | 519 | 839 | 1095 | 1304 | 64100 | 561 | 905 | 1180 | 1404 | 69400 | 601 | 968 | 1261 | 1501 |
| 53600 | 474 | 769 | 1005 | 1197 | 58900 | 520 | 840 | 1096 | 1306 | 64200 | 562 | 906 | 1181 | 1406 | 69500 | 602 | 969 | 1262 | 1503 |
| 53700 | 475 | 770 | 1006 | 1200 | 59000 | 521 | 841 | 1098 | 1308 | 64300 | 563 | 907 | 1183 | 1408 | 69600 | 603 | 970 | 126 | 1504 |
| 53800 | 476 | 771 | 1008 | 1202 | 59100 | 522 | 843 | 1100 | 1310 | 64400 | 564 | 908 | 1184 | 1410 | 69700 | 604 | 97 | 1265 | 1506 |
| 53900 | 477 | 773 | 1010 | 1204 | 59200 | 522 | 844 | 1101 | 1312 | 64500 | 564 | 909 | 1186 | 1412 | 69800 | 604 | 973 | 1267 | 1508 |
| 54000 | 478 | 774 | 1011 | 1206 | 59300 | 523 | 845 | 1103 | 1314 | 64600 | 565 | 911 | 1187 | 1413 | 69900 | 605 | 974 | 1269 | 1510 |
| 54100 | 478 | 776 | 1013 | 1208 | 59400 | 524 | 847 | 1105 | 1316 | 64700 | 566 | 912 | 1189 | 1415 | 70000 | 606 | 975 | 1270 | 1512 |
| 54200 | 479 | 777 | 1015 | 1210 | 59500 | 525 | 848 | 1106 | 1318 | 64800 | 566 | 913 | 1190 | 1417 | 70100 | 607 | 976 | 1272 | 1513 |
| 54300 | 480 | 778 | 1017 | 1212 | 59600 | 526 | 849 | 1108 | 1319 | 64900 | 567 | 914 | 1192 | 1419 | 70200 | 607 | 977 | 1273 | 1515 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuei (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childrent$N^{\text {rie }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/$\mathbf{N}^{\text {Nro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children$\mathrm{Ad}^{\text {ro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 4. |  |  | 21 |  |  |
| 70300 | 608 | 979 | 1275 | 1517 | 75600 | 649 | 1042 | 13 | 61 | 80900 | 690 | 1106 | 143 | 1711 | 86200 | 731 | 1170 | 1520 | 1807 |
| 70400 | 609 | 980 | 12 | 15 | 75700 | 650 | 1043 | 13 | 616 | 31000 | 691 | 1107 | 1440 | 1713 | 6300 | 33 | 1171 | 15 | 1809 |
| 705 | 610 | 981 | 127 | 1521 | 75800 | 651 | 1045 | 1360 | 1618 | 81100 | 692 | 1108 | 1442 | 1714 | 86400 | 733 | 1172 | 1524 | 1811 |
| 70600 | 611 | 982 | 1279 | 1523 | 75900 | 651 | 1046 | 1361 | 1619 | 81200 | 692 | 1110 | 1443 | 1716 | 86500 | 733 | 1173 | 1525 | 1813 |
| 70700 | 611 | 983 | 1281 | 1524 | 76000 | 652 | 1047 | 1363 | 1621 | 81300 | 693 | 1111 | 1445 | 1718 | 86600 | 734 | 117 | 1527 | 1815 |
| 70800 | 612 | 985 | 1282 | 1526 | 76100 | 653 | 1048 | 1364 | 1623 | 81400 | 694 | 1112 | 44 | 1720 | 86700 | 735 | 1176 | 1528 | 1817 |
| 70900 | 613 | 986 | 1284 | 1528 | 6200 | 654 | 1049 | 1366 | 1625 | 81500 | 695 | 1113 | 1448 | 1722 | 86800 | 736 | 1177 | 1530 | 1818 |
| 71000 | 614 | 987 | 1286 | 1530 | 76300 | 655 | 1051 | 1367 | 1627 | 81600 | 696 | 1114 | 1449 | 1723 | 86900 | 736 | 1178 | 1531 | 1820 |
| 71100 | 614 | 988 | 128 | 53 | 76400 | 655 | 1052 | 1369 | 1629 | 81700 | 696 | 1116 | 1451 | 1725 | 87000 | 737 | 1179 | 1533 | 1822 |
| 71200 | 615 | 989 | 1289 | 15 | 76500 | 656 | 1053 | 1371 | 1630 | 81800 | 697 | 1117 | 1452 | 1727 | 87100 | 738 | 1180 | 153 | 1824 |
| 300 | 61 | 991 | 1290 | 35 | 6600 | 657 | 1054 | 13 | 1632 | 81900 | 698 | 11 | 1454 | 17 | 87200 | 739 | 1182 | 1536 | 1826 |
| 71400 | 617 | 992 | 1292 | 1537 | 6700 | 658 | 1055 | 1374 | 1634 | 82000 | 69 | 1119 | 145 | 1731 | 87 | 74 | 1183 | 15 | 1828 |
| 71500 | 617 | 993 | 1293 | 1539 | 76800 | 658 | 1057 | 1375 | 1636 | 82100 | 699 | 1120 | 1457 | 1733 | 87400 | 740 | 1184 | 1539 | 1829 |
| 71600 | 618 | 994 | 1295 | 1541 | 76900 | 659 | 1058 | 1377 | 1638 | 82200 | 700 | 1122 | 1459 | 1734 | 87500 | 741 | 1185 | 1541 | 1831 |
| 7170 | 619 | 995 | 1296 | 1543 | 7000 | 60 | 59 | 1378 | 1639 | 82300 | 701 | 1123 | 1460 | 1736 | 87600 | 742 | 11 | 1542 | 1833 |
| 71800 | 620 | 99 | 12 | 15 | 77100 | 661 | 1060 | 1380 | 16 | 2400 | 2 |  | 1462 | 1738 | 87700 | 743 | 11 | 154 | 1835 |
| 71900 | 621 | 998 | 1299 | 1546 | 77200 | 662 | 1061 | 1381 | 1643 | 82500 | 702 | 1125 | 146 | 174 | 87800 | 74 | 11 | 15 | 1837 |
| 72000 | 621 | 999 | 1301 | 1548 | 77300 | 66 | 1063 | 1383 | 1645 | 82600 | 3 | 1126 | 1465 | 174 | 87900 | 744 | 1190 | 15 | 1839 |
| 72100 | 622 | 1000 | 1303 | 1550 | 77400 | 663 | 1064 | 1384 | 1647 | 82700 | 704 | 1128 | 146 | 1744 | 88000 | 745 | 1191 | 1548 | 1840 |
| 72200 | 623 | 1001 | 1304. | 1552 | 77500 | 664 | 1065 | 1386 | 1649 | 82800 | 705 | 1129 | 1468 | 1745 | 88100 | 746 | 1192 | 1550 | 1842 |
| 72300 | 624 | 100 | 1306 | 1554 | 600 | 665 | 1066 | 138 | 650 | 82900 | 06 | 1130 | 1469 | 1747 | 88200 | 747 | 1194 | 155 | 1844 |
| 72 | 624 | 10 | 1307 | 1555 | 77700 | 665 | 1067 | 1389 | 1652 | 83000 | 706 | 1131 | 1471 | 1749 | 88300 | 747 | 1195 | 155 | 1846 |
| 72500 | 625 | 100 | 13 | 1557 | 780 | 666 | 10 | 13 | 1654 | 83100 | 707 | 2 | 1473 | 1751 | 8840 | 748 | 1196 | 15 | 1848 |
| 72600 | 626 | 1006 | 1310 | 155 | 77900 | 667 | 1070 | 1392 | 165 | 83200 | 708 | 1134 | 147 | 1753 | 88500 | 749 | 11 | 1556 | 1849 |
| 72700 | 627 | 1007 | 1312 | 1561 | 78000 | 668 | 1071 | 1394 | 1658 | 83300 | 709 | 1135 | 1476 | 1755 | 88600 | 750 | 119 | 1558 | 1851 |
| 72800 | 628 | 1009 | 1313 | 1563 | 78100 | 668 | 1072 | 1395 | 1660 | 83400 | 709 | 1136 | 1477 | 1756 | 88700 | 750 | 1200 | 1559 | 1853 |
| 72900 | 628 | 1010 | 1315 | 1565 | 78200 | 669 | 1073 | 1397 | 1661 | 83500 | 710 | 1137 | 1479 | 1758 | 88800 | 751 | 120 | 1561 | 1855 |
| 73000 | 629 | 1011 | 1316 | 1566 | 7830 | 670 | 1075 | 1398 | 1663 | 83600 | 711 | 1138 | 1480 | 1760 | 88900 | 752 | 120 | 1562 | 1857 |
| 73100 | 630 | 1012 | 1318 | 15 | 78400 | 71 | 1076 | 1400 | 1665 | 83700 | 712 | 1140 | 1482 | 1762 | 89000 | 753 | 1203 | 1564 | 1859 |
| 73200 | 631 | 1013 | 1320 | 157 | 78500 | 672 | 1077 | 1401 | 1667 | 83800 | 713 | 11 | 1483 | 176 | 89100 | 75 | 1204 | 156 | 1860 |
| 73300 | 631 | 1015 | 132 | 157 | 78600 | 67 | 1078 | 1403 | 1669 | 83900 | 713 | 1142 | 1485 | 1765 | 89200 | 754 | 120 | 1567 | 1862 |
| 73400 | 632 | 1016 | 1323 | 1574 | 78700 | 67 | 1079 | 1405 | 1671 | 84000 | 714 | 11 | 148 | 1767 | 89300 | 755 | 1207 | 1568 | 1864 |
| 7350 | 633 | 1017 | 1324 | 1576 | 78800 | 674 | 1081 | 1406 | 1672 | 84100 | 715 | 11 | 1488 | 1769 | 89400 | 756 | 120 | 1570 | 1866 |
| 73600 | 634 | 1018 | 1326 | 1577 | 78900 | 675 | 1082 | 1408 | 1674 | 84200 | 716 | 1146 | 1490 | 1771 | 89500 | 75 | 120 | 157 | 1868 |
| 73700 | 634 | 1019 | 1327 | 1579 | 79000 | 675 | 1083 | 1409 | 1676 | 84300 | 716 | 1147 | 1491 | 1773 | 89600 | 757 | 1210 | 1573 | 1870 |
| 73800 | 635 | 1021 | 1329 | 1581 | 79100 | 676 | 1084 | 1411 | 1678 | 84400 | 717 | 1148 | 1493 | 1775 | 89700 | 758 | 121 | 1575 | 1871 |
| 73900 | 636 | 1022 | 1330 | 1583 | 79200 | 677 | 1085 | 1412 | 1680 | 84500 | 718 | 1149 | 1494 | 1776 | 89800 | 759 | 121 | 1576 | 1873 |
| 74000 | 637 | 1023 | 1332 | 158 | 79300 | 678 | 1087 | 141 | 168 | 84600 | 719 | 1150 | 1496 | 1778 | 89900 | 760 | 121 | 157 | 1875 |
| 74100 | 638 | 1024 | 1333 | 1587 | 79400 | 679 | 1088 | 1415 | 1683 | 84700 | 719 | 1152 | 1497 | 1780 | 90000 | 760 | 121 | 1579 | 1877 |
| 74200 | 638 | 1025 | 1335 | 1588 | 79500 | 679 | 1089 | 1417 | 1685 | 84800 | 720 | 1153 | 1499 | 1782 | 90100 | 761 | 1216 | 1581 | 1879 |
| 74300 | 639 | 1027 | 133 | 1590 | 79600 | 68 | 1090 | 1418 | 1687 | 84900 | 721 | 1154 | 1500 | 178 | 90200 | 762 | , | 硅 | 1881 |
| 74400 | 640 | 102 | 1 | 159 | 79700 |  | 1091 | 1420 | 1689 | 85000 | , | 1155 | 1502 | 1786 | 90300 | 763 | 121 | 158 | 1882 |
| 74500 | 641 | 102 | 13 | 159 | 79800 | 682 | 1093 | 14 | 691 | 85100 | 723 | 11 | 1503 | 1787 | 90400 | 764 | 1220 | 1585 | 1884 |
| 74600 | 641 | 1030 | 13 | 159 | 79900 | 682 | 1094 | 1423 | 1692 | 85200 | 3 | 1158 | 1505 | 1789 | 90500 | 764 | 1221 | 1587 | 1886 |
| 74700 | 642 | 1031 | 13 | 15 | 80000 | 683 | 1095 | 14 | 16 | 85300 | 724 | 1159 | 1507 | 1791 | 90600 | 765 | 122 | 1588 | 1888 |
| 74800 | 643 | 1033 | 1344 | 1599 | 80100 | 684 | 1096 | 1426 | 1696 | 85400 | 725 | 1160 | 1508 | 1793 | 90700 | 766 | 122 | 1590 | 1890 |
| 74900 | 644 | 1034 | 1346 | 1601 | 80200 | 685 | 1097 | 1428 | 1698 | 85500 | 726 | 1161 | 1510 | 1795 | 90800 | 767 | 122 | 1592 | 1891 |
| 75000 | 645 | 1035 | 1347 | 1603 | 80300 | 685 | 1099 | 1429 | 1700 | 85600 | 726 | 1162 | 1511 | 1797 | 90900 | 767 | 1226 | 1593 | 1893 |
| 75100 | 645 | 1036 | 1349 | 1605 | 80400 | 686 | 1100 | 1431 | 1702 | 85700 | 727 | 1164 | 1513 | 1798 | 91000 | 768 | 1227 | 1595 | 1895 |
| 75200 | 646 | 1037 | 1350 | 1607 | 80500 | 687 | 1101 | 1432 | 1703 | 85800 | 728 | 1165 | 1514 | 1800 | 91100 | 769 | 1229 | 1596 | 1897 |
| 75300 | 647 | 1039 | 1352 | 1608 | 80600 | 688 | 1102 | 1434 | 1705 | 85900 | 729 | 1166 | 1516 | 1802 | 91200 | 770 | 12 | 1598 | 1899 |
| 75400 | 648 | 1040 | 1354 | 1610 | 80700 | 689 | 1104 | 1435 | 1707 | 86000 | 730 | 1167 | 1517 | 1804 | 91300 | 770 | 123 | 1599 | 1901 |
| 75500 | 648 | 10 | 135 | 1612 | 8080 | 689 | 110 | 143 | 1709 | 86100 | 730 | 1168 | 1519 | 1806 | 91400 | 771 | 1232 | 1601 | 1902 |

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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdÉraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

| Inc | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  |  |  | $2$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Childre enfant 3 |  |
| 91500 | 77 | 1233 | 160 | 1904 | 96800 | 13 | 1297 | 1684 | 20 | 102100 | 854 | 1361 | 1766 | 20 | 107400 | 895 | 1424 | 48 | 2195 |
| 91600 | 773 | 12 | 160 | 190 | 690 | 814 | 1298 | 1686 | 003 | 10220 | 855 | 1362 | 176 | 210 | 107500 | 896 | 1426 | 1850 | 2196 |
| 91700 | 774 | 1236 | 1605 | 1908 | 77000 | 815 | 1299 | 1687 | 200 | 10230 | 55 | 1363 | 1769 | 2102 | 107600 | 896 | 427 | 1851 | 2198 |
| 91800 | 774 | 1237 | 1607 | 1910 | 97100 | 15 | 1301 | 1689 | 2007 | 102400 | 856 | 1364 | 1771 | 2103 | 107700 | 897 | 1428 | 1853 | 2200 |
| 91900 | 775 | 1238 | 1609 | 1912 | 97200 | 816 | 1302 | 1690 | 2008 | 102500 | 357 | 1366 | 1772 | 2105 | 107800 | 898 | 429 | 185 | 2202 |
| 92000 | 776 | 1239 | 1610 | 1913 | 97300 | 817 | 1303 | 1692 | 2010 | 102600 | 858 | 1367 | 1774 | 2107 | 107900 | 899 | 1430 | 1856 | 2204 |
| 92100 | 777 | 1241 | 1612 | 1915 | 97400 | 818 | 1304 | 1694 | 2012 | 102700 | 859 | 1368 | 1775 | 2109 | 108000 | 900 | 14 | 185 | 2206 |
| 92200 | 777 | 1242 | 1613 | 1917 | 97500 | 818 | 1305 | 1695 | 2014 | 102800 | 859 | 1369 | 1777 | 2111 | 108100 | 900 | 1433 | 1859 | 2207 |
| 92300 | 778 | 1243 | 1615 | 1919 | 97600 | 819 | 1307 | 1697 | 2016 | 102900 | 860 | 1370 | 1779 | 2112 | 108200 | 901 | 1434 | 1860 | 2209 |
| 92400 | 779 | 1244 | 1616 | 1921 | 97700 | 20 | 1308 | 1698 | 2018 | 103000 | 861 | 137 | 1780 | 2114 | 108300 | 902 | 1435 | 1862 | 2211 |
| 5 | 780 | 1245 | 161 | 1923 | 97800 | 821 | 1309 | 1700 | 2019 | 03 | 62 | 137 | 17 | 2116 | 84 | 903 | 1436 | 1863 | 2213 |
| 92600 | 781 | 1247 | 1619 | 1924 | 900 | 821 | 1310 | 1701 | 202 | 103200 | 862 | 1374 | 1783 | 11 | 108500 | 90 | 1438 | 1865 | 2215 |
| 92700 | 781 | 1248 | 1621 | 1926 | 98000 | 822 | 1311 | 1703 | 2023 | 103300 | 863 | 13 | 1785 | . 2120 | 108600 | 904 | 1439 | 186 | 2217 |
| 92800 | 782 | 1249 | 1622 | 1928 | 98100 | 823 | 1313 | 1704 | 2025 | 103400 | 864 | 1376 | 1786 | 2122 | 108700 | 905 | 1440 | 1868 | 2218 |
| 92900 | 783 | 1250 | 1624 | 1930 | 98200 | 824 | 1314 | 1706 | 2027 | 103500 | 865 | 1378 | 1788 | 2123 | 108800 | 906 | 1441 | 1870 | 2220 |
| 93000 | 784 | 1251 | 1626 | 1932 | 98300 | 825 | 1315 | 1707 | 2028 | 103600 | 866 | 1379 | 1789 | 2125 | 108900 | 906 | 1442 | 187 | 2222 |
| 93100 | 784 | 1253 | 1627 | 1934 | 98400 | 825 | 1316 | 1709 | 2030 | 103700 | 866 | 1380 | 179 | 2127 | 109000 | 907 | 1444 | 1873 | 2224 |
| 932 | 785 | 1254 | 16 | 1935 | 98500 | 826 | 17 | 17 | 2032 | 038 | 867 | 1381 | 1792 | 2129 | 109100 | 90 | 14 | 187 | 2226 |
| 93300 | 786 | 125 | 1630 | 19 | 98600 | 827 | 1319 | 17 | 2034 | 10390 | 868 | 1382 | 17 | 2131 | 109200 | 90 | 14 | 187 | 28 |
| 93400 | 787 | 1256 | 1632 | 1939 | 98700 | 828 | 1320 | 1714 | 203 | 104000 | 869 | 1384 | 1796 | 21 | 109300 | 910 | 1447 | 1877 | 2229 |
| 93500 | 787 | 1257 | 1633 | 1941 | 98800 | 828 | 1321 | 1715 | 2038 | 104100 | 869 | 1385 | 1797 | 2134 | 109400 | 910 | 1448 | 1879 | 2231 |
| 93600 | 788 | 1259 | 1635 | 1943 | 98900 | 829 | 222 | 171 | 2039 | 10420 | 0 | 138 | 1799 | 2136 | 10950 | 911 | 1450 | 18 | 2233 |
| 93700 | 789 | 12 | 16 | 19 | 99000 | 830 | 1323 | 171 | 204 | 1043 | 871 | 1387 | 180 | 21 | 109600 | 912 | 1451 | 18 | 2235 |
| 93800 | 790 | 1261 | 16 | 1946 | 99100 | 831 | 13 | 172 | 2043 | 1044 | 872 | 1388 | 1802 | 21 | 109700 | 91 | 1452 | 18 | 2237 |
| 93900 | 791 | 1262 | 1639 | 1948 | 99200 | 832 | 1326 | 1721 | 204 | 104500 | 872 | 1390 | 1803 | 2142 | 109800 | 913 | 14 | 188 | 2238 |
| 94000 | 791 | 1263 | 1641 | 1950 | 99300 | 832 | 1327 | 1723 | 2047 | 104600 | 873 | 1391 | 1805 | 214 | 109900 | 914 | 14 | 188 | 2240 |
| 94100 | 792 | 1265 | 1643 | 1952 | 99400 | 833 | 1328 | 1724 | 2049 | 104700 | 874 | 1392 | 1806 | 2145 | 110000 | 915 | 1456 | 1888 | 2242 |
| 94200 | 793 | 1266 | 44 | 1954 | 99500 | 834 | 1329 | 1726 | 2050 | 104800 | 875 | 1393 | 1808 | 2147 | 110100 | 916 | 145 | 189 | 2244 |
| 94300 | 794 | 1267 | 1646 | 1955 | 99600 | 835 | 1331 | 1728 | 2052 | 104900 | 876 | 139 | 1809 | 2149 | 110200 | 917 | 145 | 1891 | 2246 |
| 94400 | 794 | 1268 | 1647 | 1957 | 99700 | 835 | 1332 | 1729 | 054 | 105000 | 876 | 1396 | 1811 | 2151 | 110300 | 917 | 145 | 189 | 2248 |
| 94500 | 795 | 1269 | 1649 | 1959 | 99800 | 836 |  | 17 | 2056 | 0510 | 877 |  | 1813 | 2153 | 040 | 918 | 1460 | 189 | 2249 |
| 94600 | 796 | 1271 | 16 | 1961 | 99900 | 837 | 13 | 1732 | 205 | 105200 | 78 | 1398 | 1814 | 215 | 110500 | 919 | 146 | 18 | 2251 |
| 94700 | 797 | 1272 | 1652 | 1963 | 100000 | 838 | 13 | 1734 | 2060 | 105300 | 87 | 1399 | 1816 | 215 | 110600 | 920 | 1463 | 189 | 2253 |
| 94800 | 798 | 1273 | 1653 | 1965 | 100100 | 838 | 13 | 1735 | 206 | 105400 | 879 | 1400 | 1817 | 2158 | 110700 | 920 | 1464 | 189 | 2255 |
| 94900 | 798 | 1274 | 1655 | 1966 | 100200 | 839 | 1338 | 1737 | 2063 | 105500 | 880 | 140 | 1819 | 2160 | 110800 | 921 | 146 | 190 | 2257 |
| 95000 | 799 | 1275 | 1656 | 1968 | 100300 | 840 | 1339 | 1738 | 2065 | 105600 | 881 | 1403 | 1820 | 2162 | 110900 | 922 | 146 | 1902 | 2259 |
| 95100 | 800 | 1277 | 1658 | 1970 | 100400 | 841 | 1340 | 1740 | 2067 | 105700 | 882 | 1404 | 1822 | 2164 | 111000 | 923 | 146 | 1904 | 2260 |
| 95200 | 801 | 1278 | 1660 | 1972 | 100500 | 842 | 1341 | 1741 | 2069 | 105800 | 883 | 1405 | 1823 | 2165 | 111100 | 923 | 1469 | 1905 | 2262 |
| 95300 | 801 | 1279 | 166 | 1974 | 100600 |  | 1343 | 1743 | 2070 | 105900 | 883 | 1406 | 1825 | 2167 | 111200 | 924 | 147 | 1907 | 2264 |
| 95400 | 802 | 12 | 1663 | 1976 | 100700 | 843 | 13 | 17 | 207 | 106000 | 884 | 1408 | 1826 | 2169 | 111300 | 925 | 147 | 1908 | 2266 |
| 95500 | 803 | 1281 | 664 | 1977 | 100800 | 844 | 1345 | 1746 | 2074 | 106100 | 885 | 1409 | 1828 | 2171 | 111400 | 926 | 1472 | 191 | 2268 |
| 95600 | 804 | 1283 | 1666 | 1979 | 100900 | 845 | 1346 | 1748 | 2076 | 106200 | 886 | 1410 | 1830 | 2173 | 111500 | 927 | 147 | 191 | 2270 |
| 95700 | 804 | 1284 | 1667 | 1981 | 101000 | 845 | 1347 | 1749 | 2078 | 106300 | 886 | 1411 | 1831 | 2175 | 111600 | 927 | 1475 | 1913 | 2271 |
| 95800 | 805 | 1285 | 1669 | 1983 | 101100 | 846 | 1349 | 1751 | 2080 | 106400 | 887 | 1412 | 1833 | 2176 | 111700 | 928 | 1476 | 1914 | 2273 |
| 95900 | 806 | 1286 | 1670 | 1985 | 101200 | 847 | 13 | 1752 | 2081 | 106500 | 888 | 1414 | 1834 | 2178 | 111800 | 929 | 1477 | 1916 | 2275 |
| 96000 | 80 | 128 | 16 | 1986 | 101300 | 848 | 1351 | 1754 | 208 | 10660 | 9 | 1415 | 1836 | 2180 | 111900 | 930 | 147 | 1918 | 2277 |
| 96100 | 808 | 1289 | 1673 | 1988 | 101400 | 849 | 13 | 1755 | 2085 | 106700 | 889 | 1416 | 1837 | 2182 | 112000 | 930 | 148 | 1919 | 2279 |
| 96200 | 808 | 1290 | 1675 | 1990 | 101500 | 849 | 1353 | 1757 | 2087 | 106800 | 890 | 1417 | 1839 | 2184 | 112100 | 931 | 148 | 1921 | 2280 |
| 96300 | 809 | 1291 | 1677 | 1992 | 101600 | 850 | 1355 | 1758 | 2089 | 106900 | 891 | 1418 | 1840 | 2186 | 112200 | 932 | 1482 | 1922 | 2282 |
| 96400 | 810 | 1292 | 1678 | 1994 | 101700 | 851 | 1356 | 1760 | 2091 | 107000 | 892 | 1420 | 1842 | 2187 | 112300 | 933 | 1483 | 1924 | 2284 |
| 96500 | 811 | 1293 | 1680 | 1996 | 101800 | 852 | 1357 | 1762 | 2092 | 107100 | 893 | 1421 | 1843 | 2189 | 112400 | 934 | 1485 | 1925 | 2286 |
| 96600 | 811 | 1295 | 1681 | 1997 | 101900 | 852 | 1358 | 1763 | 2094 | 107200 | 893 | 1422 | 1845 | 2191 | 112500 | 934 | 1486 | 1927 | 2288 |
| 96700 | 812 | 12 |  | 199 | 102000 | 853 | 1360 | 176 | 209 | 107300 | 894 | 1423 | 1846 | 2193 | 112600 | 935 | 1487 | 1928 | 2290 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Awărd Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly AvfardPaiement mensuel(\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| evo |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of $\mathrm{N}^{\mathrm{bre}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $N$ |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |
|  | 936 | 14 | 193 | 22 | 118000 | 977 | 1552 | 2012 | 2388 | 123300 | 1018 | 1616 | 2094 | 2485 | 128600 | 59 | 1679 | 76 | 2582 |
| 112800 | 93 | 14 | 19 | 22 | 1 | 97 | 1553 | 2013 | 2390 | 123400 | 10 | 16 | 2095 | 24 | 128700 | 59 | 1680 | 2177 | 2584 |
| 112900 | 937 | 149 | 1933 | 2295 | 118200 | 978 | 1554 | 2015 | 2392 | 123500 | 1019 | 1618 | 2097 | 2489 | 128800 | 1060 | 1682 | 2179 | 2585 |
| 113000 | 938 | 1492 | 1935 | 2297 | 118300 | 979 | 1555 | 2016 | 2394 | 123600 | 1020 | 1619 | 2098 | 24 | 128900 | 1061 | 1683 | 2180 | 2587 |
| 113100 | 939 | 1493 | 1936 | 2299 | 118400 | 980 | 1557 | 2 | 2396 | 00 | 1021 | 1620 | 2 | 492 | 9000 | 062 | 1684 | 2182 | 2589 |
| 113200 | 9 | 1494 | 19 | 23 | 118500 | 981 | 1558 | 20 | 23 | 123800 | 10 | 16 | 2 | 2494 | 129100 | 63 | 1685 | 2183 | 2591 |
| 113300 |  | 149 | 19 | 23 | 118600 | 981 | 15 | 2021 | 23 | 123900 | 1022 | 1623 | 2103 | 2496 | 129200 | 1063 | 1686 | 2185 | 2593 |
| 1 | 9 | 14 | 19 | 230 | 118700 | 98 | 1560 | 2023 | 240 | 124000 | 1023 | 1624 | 2105 | 2498 | 129300 | 1064 | 1688 | 2186 | 2595 |
| 1 | 942 | 1498 | 19 | 2306 | 118800 | 983 | 1561 | 2024 | 2403 | 124100 | 1024 | 1625 | 2106 | 2500 | 129400 | 1065 | 1689 | 2188 | 2596 |
| 1 | 943 | 1499 | 1944 | 2308 | 118900 | 984 | 1563 | 2026 | 2405 | 124200 | 1025 | 1626 | 2108 | 2501 | 129500 | 1066 | 1690 | 2190 | 2598 |
|  | 944 | 15 | 19 | 23 | 119000 | 984 | 1564 | 202 | 24 | 124300 | 1025 | 1628 | 2109 | 2503 | 129600 | 66 | 1691 | 2191 | 2600 |
| 11 | 9 | 150 | 194 | 2312 | 119100 | 985 | 1565 | 2029 | 2408 | 124400 | 1026 | 1629 | 2111 | 2505 | 129700 | 1067 | 1692 | 2193 | 2602 |
| 1 | 945 | 150 | 1948 | 231 | 119200 | 986 | 1566 | 2030 | 2410 | 124500 | 1027 | 1630 | 2112 | 2507 | 129800 | 1068 | 1694 | 2194 | 2604 |
| 114000 | 946 | 15 | 1950 | 2315 | 119300 | 987 | 1567 | 2032 | 2412 | 124600 | 1028 | 1631 | 2114 | 2509 | 129900 | 1069 | 1695 | 2196 | 2606 |
| 114100 | 947 | 1505 | 1952 | 2317 | 119400 | 988 | 1569 | 2033 | 241 | 124700 | 1029 | 1632 | 2115 | 2511 | 130000 | 69 | 1696 | 2197 | 2607 |
| 114200 | 947 | 1506 | 1953 | 2319 | 119500 | 98 | 1570 | 2035 | 24 | 124800 |  | 1634 | 2117 | 2512 | 130100 | 70 | 697 | 2199 | 2609 |
| 114300 | 948 | 1507 | 1955 | 232 | 119600 | 989 | 15 | 20 | 24 | 124900 | 1030 | 16 | 21 | 25 | 130200 | 071 | 988 | 00 | 2611 |
| 1141400 | 94 | 15 | 19 | 23 | 119700 | 990 | 15 | 20 | 2 | - | 1031 | 1636 | 2120 | 2516 | 0 | 072 | 700 | 2202 | 13 |
| 114500 | 950 | 15 | 19 | 23 | 98 | 991 | 15 | 20 | 2 | 125100 | 32 | 163 | 2122 | 25 | 0 | 1073 | 170 | 03 | 15 |
| 1 | 950 | 15 | 19 | 23 | 119900 | 991 | 15 | 20 | 24 | 125200 | 1032 | 1638 | 2 | 2520 | - | 3 | 702 | 5 | 2617 |
| 1 | 951 | 15 | 19 | 2 | 120000 |  | 15 |  | 2425 | 125300 |  | 16 | 2 | 2522 | 130600 | 1074 | 3 | 7 | 2618 |
| 1 | 952 | 151 | 196 | 2330 | 120100 | 993 | 1577 | 20 | 24 | 125400 | 1034 | 1641 | 2126 | 25 | 130700 | 1075 | 704 | 8 | 2620 |
| 114900 | 953 | 15 | 196 | 2332 | 120200 | 994 | 1578 | 2046 | 2428 | 125500 | 35 | 1642 | 2128 | 2525 | 130800 | 1076 | 1706 | 10 | 2622 |
| 115000 | 95 | 15 | 1965 | 2333 | 120300 | 995 | 1579 | 2047 | 2430 | 125600 | 5 | 1643 | 2129 | 25 | 130900 | 076 | 7 | 1 | 2624 |
| 115100 | 95 | 15 | 1967 | 23 | 120400 | 5 | 1581 | 2049 | 2 | 700 | 6 | 1644 | 2131 | 2529 | 131000 | 077 | 708 | 13 | 2626 |
| 115200 | 95 | 15 | 1969 | 23 | 20500 | 6 | 15 | 2050 | 24 | 125800 | 1037 | 1646 | 2132 | 25 | 131100 | 78 | 709 | 2214 | 2627 |
| 115300 | 956 | 15 | 1970 | 23 | 120600 | 997 | 1583 | 205 | 243 | 125900 | 1038 | 1647 | 2134 | 253 | 131200 | 1079 | 1710 | 2216 | 9 |
| 115400 | 957 | 15 | 1972 | 23 | 120700 | 9 | 15 | 205 | 24 | 126000 | 039 | 1648 | 2135 | 25 | 131300 | 1080 | 1712 | 7 | 31 |
| 115500 | 957 | 152 | 1973 | 234 | 120800 | 998 | 15 | 2055 | 24 | 126100 | 103 | 1649 | 2137 | 25 | 131400 | 1080 | 1713 | 2219 | 2633 |
| 115600 | 958 | 15 | 19 | 23 | 120900 | 99 | 15 | 20 | 2441 | 126200 | 104 | 1650 | 2139 | 2538 | 131500 | 1081 | 1714 | 2220 | 2635 |
| 115700 | 959 | 15 | 19 | 23 | 121000 | 10 | 1588 | 20 | 2443 | 126300 | 1041 | 16 | 2140 | 2540 | 131600 | 82 | 1715 | 2 | 37 |
| 115800 | 960 | 152 | 1978 | 2348 | 121100 | 10 | 1589 | 2060 | 2445 | 126400 | 42 | 1653 | 2142 | 2542 | 131700 | 1083 | 1716 | 4 | 2638 |
| 115900 | 961 | 15 | 1979 | 2350 | 121200 | 1001 | 1590 | 2061 | 2447 | 126500 | 42 | 1654 | 2143 | 2543 | 131800 | 1083 | 1718 | 2225 | 2640 |
| 116000 | 961 | 1528 | 1981 | 2352 | 121300 | 1002 | 1591 | 2063 | 2449 | 126600 | 43 | 1655 | 2145 | 2545 | 131900 | 1084 | 1719 | 27 | 2642 |
| 116100 | 96 |  | 1982 |  | 121400 | 03 | 1593 | 206 | 2450 | 126700 | 4 | 1656 | 2146 | 25 | 132000 | 1085 | 1720 | 2228 | 2644 |
| 116200 | 96 |  | 198 | 23 | 121500 | 04 | 159 | 2066 | 24 | 126800 | 45 | 1658 | 2148 | 2549 | 132100 | 1086 | 1721 | 2230 | 2646 |
| 116300 | 964 | 15 | 1986 | 23 | 121600 | 1005 | 1595 | 2067 | 24 | 126900 | 1046 | 1659 | 2149 | 25 | 132200 | 1086 | 722 | 22 | 2648 |
| 116400 | 964 | 1533 | 198 | 2359 | 121700 | 1005 | 1596 | 2069 | 2456 | 127000 | 1046 | 1660 | 2151 | 255 | 132300 | 1087 | 1724 | 22 | 2649 |
| 116500 | 965 | 15 | 1989 | 236 | 121800 | 1006 | 1597 | 2071 | 2458 | 127100 | 1047 | 1661 | 2152 | 25 | 132400 | 1088 | 1725 | 22 | 2651 |
| 116600 | 966 | 15 | 1990 | 2363 | 121900 | 1007 | 1599 | 2072 | 2459 | 127200 | 1048 | 1662 | 2154 | 2556 | 132500 | 1089 | 1726 | 2236 | 2653 |
| 116700 | 967 |  | 1992 |  | 122000 |  | 1600 | 20 |  | 127300 |  | 1664 | 2156 | 2558 | 132600 | 090 | 7 | 7 | 2655 |
| 116800 | 967 | 15 | 1993 | 2366 | 122100 | 1008 | 1601 | 2075 | 2463 | 127400 | 49 | 1665 | 2157 | 2560 | 132700 | 1090 | 1728 | 39 | 2657 |
| 116900 | 968 | 15 | 1995 | 2368 | 122200 | 1009 | 1602 | 2077 | 2465 | 127500 | 50 | 1666 | 2159 | 2562 | 132800 | 1091 | 1730 | 2241 | 2659 |
| 117000 | 96 | 15 | 1996 | 23 | 122300 | 1010 | 1603 | 2078 | 2467 | 127600 | 1 | 1667 | 2160 | 2564 | 132900 | 1092 | 1731 | 2242 | 2660 |
| 177100 | 970 |  | 1998 | 23 | 122400 | 1011 | 1605 | 2080 | 2469 | 27700 | 52 | 1668 | 2162 | 2565 | 133000 | 1093 | 732 | 2244 | 2662 |
| 117200 | 971 | 1542 | 1999 | 2374 | 122500 | 1012 | 1606 | 2081 | 2470 | 127800 | 1052 | 1670 | 2163 | 2567 | 133100 | 1093 | 173 | 2245 | 2664 |
| 117300 | 971 | 1543 | 2001 | 2375 | 122600 | 1012 | 1607 | 2083 | 2472 | 127900 | 1053 | 1671 | 2165 | 2569 | 133200 | 1094 | 173 | 22 | 2666 |
| 117400 | 972 | 1545 | 2003 | 2377 | 122700 | 1013 | 1608 | 2084 | 2474 | 128000 | 1054 | 1672 | 2166 | 2571 | 133300 | 1095 | 1736 | 2248 | 2668 |
| 117500 | 973 | 1546 | 2004 | 2379 | 122800 | 1014 | 1610 | 2086 | 2476 | 128100 | 1055 | 1673 | 2168 | 2573 | 133400 | 1096 | 1737 | 2250 | 2669 |
| 117600 | 974 | 1547 | 2006 | 2381 | 122900 | 1015 | 1611 | 2088 | 2478 | 128200 | 1056 | 1674 | 2169 | 2575 | 133500 | 1097 | 1738 | 2251 | 2671 |
| 117700 | 974 | 1548 | 2007 | 2383 | 123000 | 1015 | 1612 | 2089 | 2480 | 128300 | 1056 | 1676 | 2171 | 2576 | 133600 | 1097 | 1739 | 2253 | 2673 |
| 117800 | 975 | 1549 | 2009 | 2385 | 123100 | 1016 | 1613 | 2091 | 2481 | 128400 | 1057 | 1677 | 2173 | 2578 | 133700 | 1098 | 1741 | 2254 | 2675 |
| 117900 | 976 | 1551 | 2010 | 2386 | 123200 | 1017 | 1614 | 2092 | 2483 | 128500 | 1058 | 1678 | 2174 | 2580 | 133800 | 1099 | 1742 | 2256 | 2677 |

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Federal Child Support Amounts ：Simplified Tables

|  | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> （5） | Monthly Award 2Paiement mensuel$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reven |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 133900 | 10 | 1743 | 2258 | 267 | 8000 |  | 1792 | 1 | 27 | 142100 | 1163 | 1841 | 2384 | 2828 | 146200 | 1195 | 1891 | 2448 | 2903 |
|  | 1100 | 17 | 2259 | 2680 | 138100 |  | 1793 | 2322 | 2755 | 142 |  | 1843 | 23 | 28 | 146300 | 1195 | 1892 | 2449 | 2905 |
| 4100 | 1101 | 1745 | 22 | 2682 | 38200 | 133 | 1795 | 2324 | 2757 | － | 1165 | 1844 | 23 | 28 | 146400 | 1196 | 1893 | 24 | 2907 |
| 134200 | 1102 | 17 | 22 | 2684 | 38300 | 1134 | 1796 | 2326 | 2759 | 42400 | 1165 | 1845 | 238 | 28 | 46500 | 1197 | 189 | 24 | 290 |
| 134300 |  | 17 | 2264 | 268 | 38400 | 1134 | 1797 | 23 | 2761 | 142500 | 1166 | 184 | 239 | 283 | 146600 | 1198 | 1896 | 2454 | 2911 |
| 134 |  | 17 | 2265 | 26 | 8500 | 1135 | 1798 | 2329 | 2763 | 142600 | 保 | 1847 | 2392 | 28 | 46700 | 119 | 1897 | 2455 | 29 |
| 134 |  | 1750 |  |  | 38600 |  |  | 2330 | 2764 | 142700 | 88 | 1849 | 239 | 283 | 46800 | 1199 | 1898 | 245 | 2914 |
| 134 | 1105 | 1751 | 2268 | 2691 | 138700 |  | 1801 | 2332 | 276 | 800 |  | 1850 | 2395 | 28 | 6900 | 00 | 89 | 2458 | 29 |
| 134700 | 110 | 1753 | 227 | 26 | 138800 | 1137 | 1802 | 2333 | 2768 | 142900 | 1169 | 1851 | 2397 | 284 | 147000 | 1201 | 1900 | 2460 | 2918 |
| 134800 | 110 | 1754 | 2271 | 269 | 38900 | 1138 | 1803 | 2335 | 2770 | 143000 | 1170 | 1852 | 2398 | 284 | 47100 | 1202 | 1902 | 2462 | 2920 |
| 13 | 1107 | 1755 | 2273 | 26 | 000 | 1139 | 1804 | 2336 | 27 | 143100 | 1171 | 1853 | 2400 | 284 | 47200 | 1202 | 19 | 2463 | 2921 |
| 135000 |  | 1756 | 2275 | 26 | 139100 |  | 1805 | 233 | 277 | 4320 | 1171 | 1855 | 2401 | 284 | 4730 | 1203 | 190 | 2465 | 2923 |
| 135100 |  | 1757 | 2276 | 27 | 39200 |  | 1807 | 23 | 2775 | 43300 | 172 | 1856 | 2403 | 285 | 147400 | 120 | 190 | 2466 | 2925 |
| 135 | 1110 | 175 | 22 | 2702 | 39300 |  |  | 2341 | 277 | 143400 | 1173 | 1857 | 24 | 28 | 47500 | 1205 | 1906 | 2468 | 2927 |
| 135300 | 11 | 1760 | 22 | 27 | 139 |  | 1809 | 2343 | 277 | 143 | 1174 | 1858 | 2406 | 28 | 147600 | 1205 | 1908 | 2469 | 2929 |
| 135400 | 11 | 1761 | 228 | 2706 | 139500 |  | 1810 | 2344 | 278 | 143600 | 1175 | 18 | 24 | 28 | 147700 | 1206 | 1909 |  | 2931 |
| 135500 | 1112 | 1762 | 228 | 2708 | 139600 |  | 181 | 23 | 278 | 143700 | 1175 | 186 | 2409 | 28 | 147800 | 120 | 1910 | 2472 | 2932 |
| 135600 | 1113 | 176 | 22 | 2710 | 13970 |  | 1813 | 2347 | 278 | 143800 | 1176 | 1862 | 2411 | 28 | 14790 | 1208 | 19 | 2474 | 29 |
| 135 |  | 1765 | 2285 | 271 | 39 | 1145 | 14 | 2349 | 78 | 143900 | 1177 | 1863 | 2412 | 286 | 14800 | 120 | 191 | 24 | 2936 |
| 135 | 11 | 17 | 228 | 2713 | 139900 |  | 1815 | 2350 | 278 | 144000 | 1178 | 1864 | 2414 | 286 | 148100 | 1209 | 1914 | 2477 | 2938 |
| 135 |  | 1767 | 2288 | 271 | 140000 |  | 18 | 23 | 27 | 14 |  | 18 | 2415 |  | 14820 |  | 1915 |  | 40 |
| 136000 | 1116 | 1768 | 2290 | 271 | 过 |  | 18 | 2353 | 279 | 4420 |  | 18 | 24 | 28 | 148300 | 121 | 19 | 24 | 2942 |
| 136 | 1117 | 1769 | 2292 | 2719 | 4020 |  | 1819 | 2355 | 279 | 44300 | 1180 | 18 | 241 | 286 | 148400 | 1212 | 19 | 24 | 2943 |
| 136 | 1117 | 177 | 2293 | 2721 | 403 | 1149 | 1820 | 235 | 2795 | 144400 | 11 | 1869 | 2420 | 287 | 14850 | 1212 | 1918 | 24 | 2945 |
| 13 |  | 1772 | 2295 | 27 | 140400 | 1150 | 1821 | 2358 | 797 | 144500 | 1182 | 1870 | 242 | 287 | 14860 | 121 | 192 | 2485 | 29 |
| 136 |  | 177 |  | 27 | 40500 |  | 1822 | 2360 | 279 | 144600 |  | 1872 | 242 | 287 | 48700 | 121 | 192 | 24 | 2949 |
| 136 | 11 | 177 |  |  | 0600 |  |  |  | 280 | 4700 |  |  |  |  | 80 | 121 | 19 |  | 2951 |
| 136 | 11 | 1775 |  | 272 | 140700 |  |  |  | 280 | 4480 |  | 18 |  |  | 8900 |  |  |  | 293 |
| 136700 | 1121 | 1777 | 230 | 2730 | 迷 | 1153 | 1826 | 236 | 280 | 144900 | 1185 | 1875 | 2428 |  | 000 | 12 |  | 24 | 2954 |
| 6800 | 11 | 17 | 2302 | 27 | 140900 | 1154 | 1827 | 2366 | 280 | 45000 | 1185 | 1876 | 2429 | 288 | 910 | 1217 | 19 | 2492 | 2956 |
| 136900 |  |  | 2304 |  | 000 |  | 1828 | 2367 | 2808 | 100 |  | 1878 | 24 |  | 920 | 1218 | 1927 | 2494 | 2958 |
| 13700 |  |  |  |  | 100 |  |  |  | 28 | 145200 |  | 1879 | 2432 |  | 49300 |  | 1928 | 24 | 2960 |
| 137 | 1124 | 178 | 230 | 273 | 1200 |  |  |  |  | 145300 |  | 18 |  |  | 9400 | 1219 | 192 | 2497 | 2962 |
| 137200 | 11 | 178 | 230 | 27 | 41 | 1157 | 18 | 237 | 2814 | 145400 | 1188 | 1881 | 24 |  | 星 | 1220 | 1930 | 2499 | 29 |
| 137300 | 1126 | 1784 | 231 | 274 | 141400 | 1158 | 1833 | 2373 | 281 | 145500 | 1189 | 1882 | 24 | 28 | 4960 | 1221 | 1932 | 2500 | 2965 |
| 137400 | 1127 | 1785 | 2312 | 2743 | 141500 | 1158 | 183 | 2375 | 281 | 145600 | 1190 | 188 | 2438 | 289 | 星9700 | 1222 | 1933 | 2502 | 2967 |
| 137500 | 1127 | 1786 | 2313 | 2744 | 141600 | 1159 | 183 | 2377 | 2819 | 145700 | 11 | 1885 | 2440 | 28 | 14980 | 1222 | 193 | 2503 | 2969 |
| 137600 | 1128 | 1787 | 2315 | 2746 | 141700 | 1160 | 1837 | 2378 | 2821 | 145800 | 1192 | 1886 | 244 | 289 | 149900 | 1223 | 1935 | 250 | 297 |
| 137700 | 1129 | 1789 | 2316 | 2748 | 14800 | 61 | 1838 | 2380 | 2823 | 145900 | 1192 | 1887 | 2443 | 289 | 150000 | 1224 | 1936 | 25 | 297 |
| 137800 | 11 | 1790 | 2318 | 2750 | 141900 | 1161 | 1839 | 2381 | 2825 | 146000 | 1193 | 1888 | 2445 | 290 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137 |  | 1791 | 23 | 2752 | 142000 | 11 | 18 | 23 | 2827 | 1461 | 11 | 18 | 24 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child un enfant | two chilldren／ deux enfants | three children／ trois enfants | four chlldren／ quatre enfants |
| For Income over \＄150，000 | 1224 plus $0.77 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1936 plus $1.20 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2506 plus $1.55 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | 2973 plus $1.83 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1224 plus 0，77\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1936 plus $1,20 \%$ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2505 plus 1，55\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2973 plus 1，83\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ． Pour plus de renseignements，veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées

| Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Awardl Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthily Award/Paiement mensuel$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu(\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Childien! $N^{\text {sice }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12000 | 21 | 34 | 47 | 60 |  | 17300 | 147 | 187 | 222 | 257 | 22600 | 199 | 340 | 397 | 454 |
| 6800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12100 | 24 | 37 | 50 | 63 | 17400 | 148 | 190 | 225 | 261 | 22700 | 200 | 343 | 401 | 458 |
| 6900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12200 | 26 | 40 | 53 | 67 | 17500 | 149 | 193 | 229 | 264 | 22800 | 201 | 345 | 404 | 462 |
| 7000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12300 | 29 | 43 | 57 | . 71 | 17600 | 150 | 196 | 232 | 268 | 22900 | 202 | 346 | 407 | 465 |
| 7100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12400 | 31 | 46 | 60 | 75 | 17700 | 151 | 199 | 235 | 272 | 23000 | 203 | 348 | 411 | 469 |
| 7200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12500 | 34 | 49 | 63 | 78 | 17800 | 152 | 202 | 239 | 276 | 23100 | 204 | 349 | 414 | 473 |
| 7300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12600 | 36 | 51 | 67 | 82 | 17900 | 153 | 205 | 242 | 279 | 23200 | 205 | 351 | 417 | 477 |
| 7400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12700 | 39 | 54 | 70 | 86 | 18000 | 154 | 208 | 245 | 283 | 23300 | 206 | 352 | 421 | 480 |
| 7500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12800 | 41 | 57 | 73 | 89 | 18100 | 155 | 210 | 249 | 287 | 23400 | 206 | 354 | 424 | 484 |
| 7600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12900 | 44 | 60 | 77 | 93 | 18200 | 156 | 213 | 252 | 290 | 23500 | 207 | 355 | 427 | 488 |
| 7700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13000 | 46 | 63 | 80 | 97 | 18300 | 157 | 216 | 255 | 294 | 23600 | 208 | 357 | 430 | 492 |
| 7800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13100 | 49 | 66 | 83 | 101 | 18400 | 158 | 219 | 259 | 298 | 23700 | 209 | 358 | 434 | 495 |
| 7900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13200 | 51 | 69 | 87 | 104 | 18500 | 159 | 222 | 262 | 302 | 23800 | 210 | 360 | 437 | 499 |
| 8000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13300 | 54 | 72 | 90 | 108 | 18600 | 160 | 225 | 265 | 305 | 23900 | 211 | 361 | 440 | 503 |
| 8100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13400 | 56 | 75 | 93 | 112 | 18700 | 161 | 228 | 268 | 309 | 24000 | 212 | 363 | 444 | 506 |
| 8200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13500 | 58 | 77 | 96 | 115 | 18800 | 162 | 231 | 272 | 313 | 24100 | 213 | 364 | 447 | 510 |
| 8300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13600 | 61 | 80 | 100 | 119 | 18900 | 163 | 234 | 275 | 317 | 24200 | 214 | 366 | 450 | 514 |
| 8400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13700 | 63 | 83 | 103 | 123 | 19000 | 164 | 236 | 278 | 320 | 24300 | 215 | 367 | 454 | 518 |
| 500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13800 | 66 | 86 | 106 | 127 | 19100 | 165 | 239 | 282 | 324 | 24400 | 216 | 369 | 457 | 521 |
| 8600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13900 | 68 | 89 | 110 | 130 | 19200 | 166 | 242 | 285 | 328 | 24500 | 217 | 370 | 460 | 525 |
| 8700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14000 | 71 | 92 | 113 | 134 | 19300 | 167 | 245 | 288 | 331 | 24600 | 218 | 372 | 464 | 529 |
| 8800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14100 | 73 | 95 | 116 | 138 | 19400 | 168 | 248 | 292 | 335 | 24700 | 219 | 373 | 467 | 532 |
| 8900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14200 | 76 | 98 | 120 | 142 | 19500 | 169 | 251 | 295 | 339 | 24800 | 220 | 375 | 470 | 536 |
| 9000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14300 | 78 | 101 | 123 | 145 | 19600 | 170 | 254 | 298 | 343 | 24900 | 221 | 376 | 473 | 540 |
| 9100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14400 | 81 | 103 | 126 | 149 | 19700 | 171 | 257 | 301 | 346 | 25000 | 222 | 378 | 477 | 544 |
| 9200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14500 | 83 | 106 | 130 | 153 | 19800 | 172 | 260 | 305 | 350 | 25100 | 223 | 379 | 480 | 547 |
| 9300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14600 | 86 | 109 | 133 | 156 | 19900 | 173 | 262 | 308 | 354 | 25200 | 224 | 381 | 483 | 551 |
| 9400 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 14700 | 88 | 112 | 136 | 160 | 20000 | 174 | 265 | 311 | 357 | 25300 | 225 | 382 | 487 | 555 |
| 9500 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 14800 | 91 | 115 | 139 | 164 | 20100 | 175 | 268 | 315 | 361 | 25400 | 226 | 384 | 490 | 559 |
| 9600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14900 | 93 | 118 | 143 | 168 | 20200 | 175 | 271 | 318 | 365 | 25500 | 227 | 385 | 493 | 562 |
| 9700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15000 | 96 | 121 | 146 | 171 | 20300 | 176 | 274 | 321 | 369 | 25600 | 228 | 387 | 497 | 566 |
| 9800 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15100 | 98 | 124 | 149 | 175 | 20400 | 177 | 277 | 325 | 372 | 25700 | 229 | 388 | 500 | 570 |
| 9900 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15200 | 101 | 127 | 153 | 179 | 20500 | 178 | 280 | 328 | 376 | 25800 | 230 | 390 | 503 | 573 |
| 10000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15300 | 103 | 130 | 156 | 183 | 20600 | 179 | 283 | 331 | 380 | 25900 | 231 | 391 | 507 | 577 |
| 10100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15400 | 105 | 132 | 159 | 186 | 20700 | 180 | 286 | 335 | 384 | 26000 | 232 | 393 | 509 | 581 |
| 10200 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15500 | 108 | 135 | 163 | 190 | 20800 | 181 | 288 | 338 | 387 | 26100 | 232 | 394 | 512 | 584 |
| 10300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15600 | 110 | 138 | 166 | 194 | 20900 | 182 | 291 | 341 | 391 | 26200 | 233 | 395 | 515 | 587 |
| 10400 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15700 | 113 | 141 | 169 | 197 | 21000 | 183 | 294 | 344 | 395 | 26300 | 234 | 397 | 518 | 590 |
| 10500 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 15800 | 115 | 144 | 173 | 201 | 21100 | 184 | 297 | 348 | 398 | 26400 | 235 | 398 | 521 | 594 |
| 10600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 15900 | 118 | 147 | 176 | 205 | 21200 | 185 | 300 | 351 | 402 | 26500 | 236 | 400 | 524 | 597 |
| 10700 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 10 | 16000 | 120 | 150 | 179 | 209 | 21300 | 186 | 303 | 354 | 406 | 26600 | 237 | 401 | 527 | 600 |
| 10800 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 13 | 16100 | 123 | 153 | 182 | 212 | 21400 | 187 | 306 | 358 | 410 | 26700 | 238 | 402 | 530 | 604 |
| 10900 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 17 | 16200 | 125 | 156 | 186 | 216 | 21500 | 188 | 309 | 361 | 413 | 26800 | 239 | 404 | 533 | 607 |
| 11000 | 0 | 4 | 13 | 21 | 16300 | 128 | 158 | 189 | 220 | 21600 | 189 | 312 | 364 | 417 | 26900 | 240 | 405 | 535 | 610 |
| 11100 | 0 | 7 | 16 | 25 | 16400 | 130 | 161 | 192 | 223 | 21700 | 190 | 314 | 368 | 421 | 27000 | 241 | 407 | 538 | 614 |
| 11200 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 29 | 16500 | 133 | 164 | 196 | 227 | 21800 | 191 | 317 | 371 | 425 | 27100 | 241 | 408 | 541 | 617 |
| 11300 | 3 | 13 | 23 | 33 | 16600 | 135 | 167 | 199 | 231 | 21900 | 192 | 320 | 374 | 428 | 27200 | 242 | 409 | 543 | 620 |
| 11400 | 6 | 16 | 27 | 37 | 16700 | 138 | 170 | 202 | 235 | 22000 | 193 | 323 | 378 | 432 | 27300 | 243 | 411 | 545 | 624 |
| 11500 | 9 | 19 | 30 | 41 | 16800 | 140 | 173 | 206 | 238 | 22100 | 194 | 326 | 381 | 436 | 27400 | 244 | 412 | 547 | 627 |
| 11600 | 11 | 22 | 33 | 45 | 16900 | 143 | 176 | 209 | 242 | 22200 | 195 | 329 | 384 | 439 | 27500 | 245 | 414 | 548 | 630 |
| 11700 | 14 | 25 | 37 | 48 | 17000 | 145 | 179 | 212 | 246 | 22300 | 196 | 332 | 387 | 443 | 27600 | 246 | 415 | 550 | 633 |
| 11800 | 16 | 28 | 40 | 52 | 17100 | 145 | 182 | 216 | 250 | 22400 | 197 | 335 | 391 | 447 | 27700 | 247 | 416 | 552 | 637 |
| 11900 | 19 | 31 | 44 | 56 | 17200 | 146 | 184 | 219 | 253 | 22500 | 198 | 338 | 394 | 451 | 27800 | 248 | 41 | 55 | 64 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alinıentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule
mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables
MONTANTS FÉdéraux de pensions alimentaires pour enfants : Tables simplifiées
1997

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Awardl Paiement mensuei (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly AwardI Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bra }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $N^{\text {brg }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children' $N^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Childre |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 2790 | 249 | 419 | 556 | 643 | 33 | 90 | 484 | 639 | 765 | 38500 | 332 | 549 | 723 | 865 | 43800 | 376 | 617 | 810 | 968 |
| 280 | 50 | 421 | 557 | 647 | 33300 | 91 | 485 | 640 | 767 | 3860 | 33 | 550 | 724 | 866 | 43900 | 37 | 619 | 812 | 970 |
| 28100 | 250 | 422 | 559 | 650 | 3400 | 292 | 486 | 642 | 769 | 38700 | 334 | 552 | 726 | 868 | 4400 | 37 | 620 | 81 | 972 |
| 282 | 251 | 423 | 561 | 653 | 33500 | 293 | 487 | 643 | 771 | 38800 | 335 | 553 | 727 | 870 | 44100 | 379 | 621 | 815 | 974 |
| 28300 | 252 | 425 | 63 | 657 | 3600 | 293 | 489 | 645 | 773 | 38900 | 335 | 55 | 729 | 872 | 44200 | 379 | 623 | 817 | 976 |
| 28400 | 253 | 426 | 565 | 660 | 3700 | 294 | 490 | 64 | 775 | 3900 | 336 | 555 | 731 | 874 | 44300 | 380 | 624 | 81 | 978 |
| 28500 | 254 | 428 | 566 | 663 | 33800 | 295 | 491 | 648 | 776 | 39100 | 337 | 557 | 732 | 876 | 44400 | 381 | 625 | 820 | 980 |
| 28600 | 255 | 429 | 568 | 667 | 3900 | 296 | 492 | 650 | 778 | 39200 | 338 | 558 | 734 | 878 | 44500 | 382 | 626 | 822 | 982 |
| 28700 | 256 | 430 | 570 | 670 | 34000 | 296 | 493 | 651 | 780 | 39300 | 339 | 559 | 735 | 880 | 44600 | 383 | 628 | 824 | 984 |
| 28800 | 257 | 432 | 572 | 673 | 34100 | 297 | 495 | 653 | 782 | 39400 | 339 | 560 | 737 | 882 | 44700 | 384 | 629 | 825 | 986 |
| 28900 | 258 | 433 | 574 | 676 | 4200 | 298 | 496 | 654 | 784 | 39500 | 340 | 562 | 739 | 884 | 44800 | 384 | 630 | 827 | 988 |
| 29000 | 259 | 435 | 575 | 680 | 34300 | 299 | 497 | 656 | 786 | 39600 | 341 | 563 | 740 | 886 | 44900 | 385 | 632 | 829 | 990 |
| 29100 | 259 | 436 | 577 | 683 | 4400 | 300 | 498 | 657 | 787 | 39700 | 342 | 564 | 742 | 887 | 45000 | 386 | 633 | 830 | 992 |
| 29200 | 260 | 437 | 579 | 686 | 4500 | 300 | 500 | 659 | 789 | 39800 | 343 | 565 | 744 | 889 | 45100 | 387 | 634 | 832 | 994 |
| 293 | 261 | 439 | 581 | 690 | 4600 | 1 | 501 | 660 | 791 | 39900 | 343 | 567 | 745 | 891 | 45200 | 388 | 636 | 834 | 996 |
| 2940 | 262 | 440 | 583 | 69 | 4700 | 302 | 502 | 662 | 79 | 40000 | 344 | 568 | 747 | 893 | 45300 | 38 | 637 | 835 | 998 |
| 29500 | 263 | 442 | 584 | 696 | 34800 | 303 | 503 | 664 | 79 | 40100 | 345 | 56 | 74 | 89 | 45400 | 38 | 638 | 83 | 1000 |
| 29600 | 264 | 443 | 586 | 700 | 34900 | 303 | 504 | 665 | 797 | 40200 | 346 | 571 | 750 | 897 | 45500 | 390 | 639 | 83 | 1002 |
| 29700 | 265 | 444 | 588 | 702 | 35000 | 304 | 506 | 667 | 798 | 40300 | 347 | 572 | 752 | 899 | 45600 | 391 | 641 | 840 | 1004 |
| 29800 | 265 | 445 | 589 | 704 | 35100 | 305 | 507 | 668 | 800 | 40400 | 348 | 573 | 754 | 901 | 45700 | 392 | 642 | 842 | 1006 |
| 29900 | 266 | 446 | 590 | 706 | 35200 | 306 | 508 | 670 | 802 | 40500 | 348 | 574 | 755 | 903 | 45800 | 393 | 643 | 84 | 1008 |
| 30 | 267 | 44 | 592 | 708 | 35300 | 306 | 509 | 671 | 804 | 4060 | 49 | 576 | 75 | 90 | 5900 | 394 | 645 | 84 | 1010 |
| 30100 | 267 | 448 | 593 | 710 | 35400 | 307 | 510 | 673 | 806 | 40700 | 350 | 57 | 759 | 907 | 46000 | 394 | 646 | 847 | 1012 |
| 30200 | 268 | 450 | 595 | 712 | 35500 | 308 | 512 | 674 | 808 | 40800 | 351 | 578 | 760 | 909 | 46100 | 395 | 647 | 849 | 1014 |
| 30300 | 269 | 451 | 596 | 715 | 35600 | 309 | 513 | 676 | 809 | 40900 | 352 | 580 | 762 | 911 | 46200 | 396 | 649 | 851 | 1016 |
| 30400 | 270 | 452 | 597 | 717 | 35700 | 310 | 514 | 678 | 811 | 41000 | 353 | 581 | 764 | 913 | 46300 | 397 | 650 | 852 | 1018 |
| 50 | 270 | 453 | 599 | 718 | 35800 | 310 | 515 | 679 | 813 | 41100 | 353 | 582 | 765 | 915 | 46400 | 398 | 651 | 854 | 1020 |
| 30600 | 271 | 454 | 600 | 720 | 5900 | 311 | 516 | 681 | 815 | 41200 | 354 | 584 | 767 | 917 | 46500 | 399 | 652 | 856 | 1022 |
| 30700 | 272 | 455 | 602 | 722 | 36000 | 312 | 518 | 682 | 817 | 41300 | 355 | 58 | 769 | 919 | 46600 | 39 | 65 | 85 | 1024 |
| 30800 | 272 | 456 | 603 | 723 | 36100 | 313 | 519 | 684 | 819 | 41400 | 356 | 586 | 770 | 921 | 46700 | 400 | 655 | 859 | 1026 |
| 30900 | 273 | 457 | 604 | 725 | 36200 | 314 | 520 | 685 | 821 | 41500 | 357 | 587 | 772 | 923 | 46800 | 401 | 656 | 861 | 1028 |
| 31000 | 274 | 458 | 606 | 727 | 630 | 314 | 521 | 687 | 823 | 4160 | 358 | 58 | 77 | 925 | 46900 | 40 | 65 | 86 | 103 |
| 311 | 275 | 459 | 607 | 728 | 36400 | 315 | 523 | 689 | 825 | 41700 | 358 | 590 | 775 | 927 | 47000 | 40 | 65 | 86 | 103 |
| 31200 | 275 | 461 | 609 | 730 | 36500 | 316 | 524 | 690 | 826 | 41800 | 359 | 59 | 777 | 929 | 47100 | 40 | 66 | 86 | 1034 |
| 31300. | 276 | 462 | 610 | 732 | 36600 | 317 | 525 | 692 | 828 | 41900 | 360 | 593 | 779 | 931 | 47200 | 40 | 662 | 867 | 1036 |
| 31400 | 277 | 463 | 612 | 733 | 36700 | 318 | 526 | 69 | 830 | 42000 | 361 | 594 | 780 | 933 | 47300 | 405 | 663 | 869 | 1038 |
| 31500 | 277 | 464 | 613 | 735 | 36800 | 318 | 528 | 695 | 832 | 42100 | 362 | 595 | 782 | 935 | 47400 | 40 | 664 | 87 | 103 |
| 31600 | 278 | 465 | 614 | 737 | 36900 | 319 | 529 | 697 | 834 | 42200 | 36 | 59 | 784 | 937 | 47500 | 407 | 665 | 872 | 104 |
| 31700 | 279 | 466 | 616 | 738 | 37000 | 320 | 530 | 698 | 836 | 42300 | 363 | 598 | 785 | 939 | 47600 | 408 | 66 | 87 | 1043 |
| 31800 | 279 | 467 | 617 | 740 | 37100 | 321 | 531 | 700 | 838 | 42400 | 364 | 599 | 787 | 941 | 47700 | 409 | 668 | 876 | 1045 |
| 31900 : | 280 | 468 | 619 | 742 | 37200 | 322 | 533 | 702 | 840 | 42500 | 365 | 600 | 789 | 943 | 7800 | 409 | 669 | 877 | 1047 |
| 32000 | 281 | 469 | 620 | 743 | 37300 | 322 | 534 | 703 | 842 | 42600 | 366 | 202 | 790 | 析 | 47900 | 410 | 67 | 87 | 1049 |
| 32100 | 282 | 471 | 622 | 745 | 37400 | 323 | 535 | 705 | 844 | 42700 | 367 |  | 792 | 947 | 48000 | 41 | 672 | 88 | 1051 |
| 3220 | 282 | 472 | 623 | 747 | 37500 | 324 | 536 | 70 | 84 | 42800 | 368 | 60 | 79 | 94 | 48100 | 412 | 673 | 882 | 1053 |
| 3230 | 283 | 473 | 625 | 749 | 37600 | 325 | 538 | 708 | 84 | 42900 | 369 | 60 | 795 | 951 | 48200 | 413 | 675 | 88 | 1055 |
| 32400 | 28 | 474 | 626 | 751 | 3770 | 326 | 539 | 710 | 849 | 43000 | 369 | 60 | 797 | 953 | 48300 | 414 | 676 | 886 | 1057 |
| 32500 | 285 | 475 | 628 | 753 | 37800 | 326 | 540 | 711 | 851 | 43100 | 370 | 608 | 799 | 954 | 48400 | 415 | 677 | 887 | 1059 |
| 32600 | 286 | 477 | 629 | 754 | 37900 | 327 | 542 | 713 | 853 | 43200 | 371 | 610 | 800 | 956 | 48500 | 415 | 678 | 889 | 1061 |
| 32700 | 286 | 478 | 631 | 756 | 38000 | 328 | 543 | 714 | 855 | 43300 | 372 | 611 | 802 | 958 | 48600 | 416 | 680 | 891 | 1063 |
| 32800 | 287 | 479 | 632 | 758 | 38100 | 329 | 544 | 716 | 857 | 43400 | 373 | 612 | 804 | 960 | 48700 | 417 | 68 | 892 | 1065 |
| 32900 | 288 | 480 | 634 | 760 | 38200 | 330 | 545 | 718 | 859 | 43500 | 374 | 613 | 805 | 962 | 48800 | 418 | 68 | 89 | 1067 |
| 33000 | 289 | 481 | 636 | 762 | 38300 | 331 | 547 | 719 | 861 | 43600 | 374 | 615 | 807 | 96 | 48900 | 419 | 684 | 89 | 1069 |
| 33100 | 289 | 483 | 637 | 764 | 3840 | 331 | 548 | 721 | 86 | 43700 | 37 | 61 | 80 | 966 | 49000 | 420 | 68 | 89 | 107 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
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Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables


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Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu (\$) | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Income/ Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (5) | Monihly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children! $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |  | No. of Children |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 586 | 945 | 1233 | 1468 |  | 625 | 1007 | 1312 | 1561 | 0900 | 665 | 1068 | 1390 | 165 | 6200 | 704 |  | 46 |  |
| 70400 | 587 | 947 | 12 | 147 | 7570 | 626 | 1008 | 13 | 1563 | 1000 | 665 | 106 | 1392 | 1656 | 8630 | 705 | 113 | 1471 | 17 |
| 70 | 587 | 948 | 1236 | 1472 | 5800 | 627 | 100 | 1315 | 1565 | 1100 | 666 | 1070 | 1393 | 1658 | 8640 | 70 | 11 | 1472 | 51 |
| 70600 | 588 | 949 | 123 | 1474 | 5900 | 628 | 1010 | 1316 | 156 | 1200 | 667 | 1071 | 1395 | 1660 | 8650 | 706 | 1133 | 1474 | 53 |
| 70700 | 589 | 950 | 12 | 147 | 6000 | 628 | 1011 | 1318 | 1568 | 1300 | 668 | 1072 | 1396 | 1661 | 660 | 707 | 1134 | 1475 | 1754 |
| 800 | 590 | 95 | 12 | 14 | 6100 | 629 | 1012 | 131 | 157 | 140 | 668 | 1074 | 1398 | 1663 | 670 | 708 |  | 1477 | 1756 |
| 70900 | 590 | 95 | 1242 | 1479 | 200 | 630 | 10 | 1321 | 1572 | 150 | 669 | 1075 | 1399 | 166 | 680 | 708 | 1136 | 1478 | 1758 |
| 71000 |  | 954 | 1243 | 148 | 300 |  | 10 |  | 157 | 1600 | 670 | 1076 | 140 | 1667 | 690 | 70 | 11 | 1480 | 1760 |
| 71100 | 592 | 955 | 1245 | 1482 | 400 | 631 | 1016 | 1324 | 1575 | 1700 | 671 | 1077 | 1402 | 166 | 3700 | 710 | 1138 | 1481 | 17 |
| 71200 | 593 | 956 | 1246 | 1484 | 76500 | 632 | 1017 | 13 | 1577 | 81800 | 671 | 1078 | 140 | 1670 | 87100 | 711 | 1139 | 1483 | 1763 |
| 71300 |  | 957 | 1248 | 1486 | 76600 |  | 1018 | 1327 | 1579 | 81900 | 672 | 1079 | 1405 | 1672 | 87200 | 711 |  | 484 | 65 |
| 左400 |  | 958 |  | 1488 | 6700 |  | 1019 |  | 158 | 2000 | 673 | 1081 | 1407 | 1674 | 87300 | 712 | 1142 | 148 | 1767 |
| 500 | 595 | 959 | 1251 | 1489 | 76800 |  | 1021 | 1330 | 1582 | 2100 | 674 | 10 | 1408 | 1675 | 745 | 713 | 1143 | 1487 | 1768 |
| 7160 | 596 | 960 | 1252 | 1491 | 690 | 635 | 10 | 1331 | 1584 | 22 | 674 | 108 | 1410 | 16 | 875 | 714 | 1144 | 1488 | 1770 |
| 170 | 96 | 962 | 1254 | 1493 | 77000 | 636 | 1023 | 1333 | 15 | 2300 | 675 | 1084 | 14 | 167 | 37600 | 714 | 1145 | 1490 | 1772 |
| 71800 | 597 | 963 | 1255 | 1495 | 77100 | 636 | 1024 | 133 | 1588 | 82400 | 676 | 1085 | 1413 | 168 | 8770 | 715 | 1146 | 1491 | 1774 |
| 71900 | 598 | 964 | 1257 | 1496 | 7200 | 637 | 1025 | 1336 | 1589 | 8250 | 677 | 1086 | 1414 | 1682 | 3780 | 716 | 148 | 1493 | 1775 |
| 72000 | 599 | 965 | 1258 | 1498 | 77300 | 638 | 102 | 13 | 1591 | 3260 | 677 | 1088 | 1416 | 168 | 8790 | 71 | 1149 | 1494 | 1777 |
| 72100 | 599 | 96 | 1260 | 1500 | 77400 | 639 | 10 | 1 | 15 | 2700 | 678 | 1089 | 141 | 16 | 8800 | 717 | 1150 | 149 | 1779 |
| 72200 | 600 | 967 | 1261 | 1502 | 77500 | 639 | 1029 | 1340 | 1595 | 28 | 679 | 1090 | 1419 | 1688 | 3810 | 718 | 1151 | 1497 | 1781 |
| 72300 | 601 | 969 | 1263 | 1503 | 7600 | 640 | 1030 | 1341 | 159 | 82900 | 679 | 1091 | 1420 | 1689 | 882 | 719 | 1152 | 1499 | 1782 |
| 72400 | 602 | 970 | 1264 | 150 | 77700 |  | 10 | 1343 | 15 | 83000 | 680 | 109 | 1422 | 169 | 8830 | 720 | 1153 | 1500 | 1784 |
| 72500 | 602 | 971 | 1266 | 1507 | 77800 | 642 | 1032 | 1344 | 1600 | 83100 | 681 | 1093 | 1423 | 1693 | 8840 | 20 | 1154 | 1502 | 1786 |
| 72600 | 603 | 972 | 1267 | 1509 | 77900 | 642 | 1033 | 1346 | 1602 | 83200 | 682 | 1094 | 142 | 169 | 850 | 721 | 1156 | 1503 | 88 |
| 7270 | 604 | 973 | 1269 | 1510 | 78000 | 643 | 1034 | 13 | 1603 | 3300 | 682 | 1096 | 1426 | 1697 | 88600 | 722 | 1157 | , | 90 |
| 7280 | 605 | 974 | 1270 | 1512 | 810 | 644 | 1036 | 1349 | 1605 | 340 | 683 | 1097 | 1428 | 1698 | 8870 | 723 | 1158 | 1506 | 1791 |
| 7290 | 60 | 975 | 12 | 15 | 820 | 645 | 1037 | 1350 | 1607 | 35 |  | 1098 |  | 1700 | 8800 | 723 |  | 1508 | 1793 |
| 30 | 606 | 977 | 1273 | 1516 | 78300 | 645 | 1038 |  | 1609 | 3600 |  | 1099 | 1431 | 1702 | 8890 | 724 |  | 1509 | 1795 |
| 73 | -07 | 978 | 12 | 1518 | 78400 |  | 10 |  |  | 83700 | 685 | 1100 | 14 | 17 | 8900 | 725 | 1161 | 1511 | 1797 |
| 73200 | 607 | 979 | 1276 | 1519 | 78500 |  | 1040 | 1355 | 1612 | 83800 | 686 | 1101 | 143 | 1705 | 89100 | 726 | 1163 | 1512 | 1798 |
| 73300 | 08 | 30 | 1278 | 1521 | 78600 | 648 | 1041 | 1356 | 1614 | 33900 | 687 | 1103 | 143 | 170 | 8920 | 726 | 1164 | 151 | 800 |
| 73400 | 09 | 981 | 279 | 1523 | 8700 | 648 | 1042 | 1358 | 1616 | 4000 | 688 | 1104 | 1436 | 1709 | 8930 | 727 |  | 1515 | 02 |
| 7350 | 610 | 982 | 1281 | 1525 | 78800 | 649 | 1044 | 1359 | 1618 | 410 |  | 1105 | 1438 |  | 89400 |  |  | 1517 | 1804 |
| 73600 | 610 | 984 |  | 152 | 900 |  |  |  | 1619 | 84200 | 689 | 1106 | 14 | 17 | 8950 | 728 | 1167 | 1518 | 1805 |
| 73700 | 611 | 985 | 12 | 1528 | 79000 |  | 1 |  | , | 84300 | 690 | 110 | 144 | 171 | 8960 | 729 | 1168 | 1520 | 1807 |
| 73800 | 12 | 986 | 1285 | 1530 | 79100 | 651 | 104 | 13 | 1623 | 84400 | 691 | 1108 | 144 | 1716 | 8970 | 730 | 1170 | 152 | 1809 |
| 73900 | 613 | 987 | 1287 | 1532 | 9200 | 652 | 1048 | 136 | 1625 | 34500 | 691 | 1109 | 14 | 1718 | 8980 | 731 | 1171 | 15 | 1811 |
| 74000 | 613 | 988 | 1288 | 1533 | 79300 | 653 | 1049 | 136 | 16 | 34600 | 692 | 1111 | 1445 | 1719 | 990 | 731 | 1172 | 1524 | 1812 |
| 74100 | 614 | 989 | 1289 | 1535 | 79400 | 654 | 1051 | 138 | 1628 | 84700 | 693 | 1112 | 1447 | 1721 | 0000 | 732 |  | 1526 | 1814 |
| 74200 | 615 | 90 | 1291 | 1537 | 79500 |  | 105 | 137 | 1630 | 84800 |  | 11 | 1448 | 17 | 90100 | 73 |  | 15 | 18 |
| 00 | 616 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8490 |  |  | 1450 | 17 | 90200 | 734 | 1175 | 1529 | 1818 |
| 74300 | 61 | 993 |  |  | 79700 |  |  | 1373 | 1633 | 85000 | 695 | 1115 | 1451 | 1726 | 90300 | 734 | 1176 | 1530 | 1819 |
| 74500 | 617 | 994 |  | 1542 | 79800 | 656 | 10 | 13 | 163 | 85100 | 696 | 1116 | 1453 | 1728 | 90400 | 735 | 1178 | 1532 | 1821 |
| 74600 | 618 | 995 | 129 | 154 | 79900 | 657 | 1056 | 1376 | 163 | 85200 | 697 | 1118 | 1454 | 1730 | 90500 | 736 | 1179 | 1533 | 1823 |
| 74700 | 619 | 996 | 1298 | 1546 | 80000 | 65 | 1057 | 13 | 1639 | 85300 | 697 | 1119 | 1456 | 1732 | 90600 | 737 | 1180 | 1534 | 1825 |
| 74800 | 619 | 997 | 1300 | 1547 | 80100 | 659 | 1059 | 1379 | 1640 | 85400 | 698 | 1120 | 1457 | 17.33 | 90700 | 737 | 1181 | 1536 | 1826 |
| 74900 | 620 | 999 | 1301 | 1549 | 80200 | 659 | 1060 | 1380 | 1642 | 8550 | 699 | 1121 | 1459 | 1735 | 080 | 738 |  | 153 | 1828 |
| 75000 | 621 | 1000 | 1303 | 1551 | 0300 | 66 | 1061 | 1382 | 16 | 8560 | 700 | 1122 |  | 1737 | 0900 |  | 1183 | 1539 | 1830 |
| 75100 | 622 | 1001 | 1304 | 1553 | 0400 | 661 | 10 | 1383 |  | 85700 | 700 | 1123 | 1462 | 1739 | 1000 | 740 | 1185 | 1540 | 1832 |
| 75200 | 622 | 100 | 13 | 15 | 80500 |  | 10 | 1385 | 164 | 85800 | 701 | 1124 | 1463 | 1740 | 91100 | 740 | 1186 | 1542 | 1833 |
| 75300 | 623 | 100 | 13 | 15 | 80600 |  | 10 | 138 | 164 | 85900 | 702 | 1126 | 1465 | 1742 | 91200 | 741 | 1187 | 1543 | 1835 |
| 75400 | 624 | 100 | 1309 | 155 | 80700 | 663 | 1066 | 138 | 1651 | 86000 | 703 | 1127 | 1466 | 1744 | 91300 | 742 | 1188 | 1545 | 1837 |
| 75500 | 625 | 10 | 131 | 156 | 80800 | 664 | 106 | 1389 | 1653 | 86100 | 703 | 1128 | 1468 | 1746 | 91400 | 743 | 118 | 1546 | 1839 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

Federal Child Support Amounts : Simplified Tables

|  | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Monthly Award } \\ \begin{array}{c}\text { Paiement mensuet } \\ (\$)\end{array}\end{array}\right\}$ |  |  |  | Incomel: Revenu <br> (\$) | Monthly Award/ Paiement mensuel <br> (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | No. of C $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d: |  |  |  |  |  | Childre enfant |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |
| 91500 | 743 | 1190 | 1548 | 1840 | 96800 | 783 | 1252 | 1627 | 1933 | 102100 | 822 | 1313 | 1705 | 2026 | 107400 | 861 | 1374 | 1784 | 2119 |
| 91600 | 744 | 1191 | 1549 | 1842 | 96900 | 783 | 1253 | 1628 | 1935 | 102200 | 823 | 1314 | 1707 | 2028 | 107500 | 862 | 1375 | 1785 | 2121 |
| 91700 | 745 | 1193 | 1551 | 1844 | 97000 | 784 | 1254 | 1630 | 1937 | 102300 | 824 | 1315 | 1708 | 2030 | 107600 | 863 | 1376 | 1787 | 2123 |
| 91800 | 746 | 1194 | 1552 | 1846 | 97100 | 785 | 1255 | 1631 | 1939 | 102400 | 824 | 1316 | 1710 | 2032 | 107700 | 864 | 1377 | 1788 | 2125 |
| 91900 | 746 | 1195 | 1554 | 1847 | 97200 | 786 | 1256 | 1632 | 1940 | 102500 | 825 | 1317 | 1711 | 2033 | 107800 | 864 | 1379 | 1790 | 2126 |
| 92000 | 747 | 1196 | 1555 | 1849 | 97300 | 786 | 1257 | 1634 | 1942 | 102600 | 826 | 1318 | 1713 | 2035 | 107900 | 865 | 1380 | 179 | 2128 |
| 92100 | 748 | 1197 | 1557 | 1851 | 97400 | 787 | 1258 | 1635 | 1944 | 102700 | 826 | 1320 | 1714 | 2037 | 108000 | 866 | 1381 | 1793 | 2130 |
| 92200 | 749 | 1198 | 1558 | 1853 | 97500 | 788 | 1260 | 1637 | 1946 | 102800 | 827 | 1321 | 1716 | 2039 | 108100 | 867 | 1382 | 1794 | 2132 |
| 92300 | 749 | 1200 | 1560 | 1854 | 97600 | 789 | 1261 | 1638 | 1947 | 102900 | 828 | 1322 | 1717 | 2040 | 108200 | 867 | 1383 | 1796 | 2133 |
| 92400 | 750 | 1201 | 1561 | 1856 | 97700 | 789 | 1262 | 1640 | 1949 | 103000 | 829 | 1323 | 1719 | 2042 | 108300 | 868 | 1384 | 1797 | 2135 |
| 92500 | 751 | 1202 | 1563 | 1858 | 97800 | 790 | 1263 | 1641 | 1951 | 103100 | 829 | 1324 | 1720 | 2044 | 108400 | 869 | 1385 | 1799 | 2137 |
| 92600 | 752 | 1203 | 1564 | 1860 | 97900 | 791 | 1264 | 1643 | 1953 | 103200 | 830 | 1325 | 1722 | 2046 | 108500 | 870 | 138 | 1800 | 2139 |
| 92700 | 752 | 1204 | 1566 | 1861 | 98000 | 792 | 1265 | 1644 | 1954 | 103300 | 831 | 1327 | 1723 | 204 | 108600 | 87 | 138 | 1802 | 2140 |
| 92800 | 753 | 1205 | 1567 | 186 | 98100 | 792 | 67 | 1646 | 1956 | 103400 | 832 | 1328 | 1725 | 2049 | 108700 | 871 | 1389 | 1803 | 2142 |
| 92900 | 754 | 1206 | 1569 | 1865 | 98200 | 793 | 688 | 1647 | 1958 | 103500 | 832 | 1329 | 1726 | 2051 | 108800 | 872 | 1390 | 1805 | 2144 |
| 93000 | 754 | 1208 | 1570 | 1867 | 98300 | 794 | 1269 | 1649 | 1960 | 103600 | 833 | 1330 | 1728 | 2053 | 108900 | 873 | 1391 | 1806 | 2146 |
| 93100 | 755 | 1209 | 1572 | 1868 | 98400 | 795 | 1270 | 1650 | 1961 | 103700 | 834 | 1331 | 1729 | 2054 | 109000 | 873 | 1392 | 1808 | 2147 |
| 93200 | 756 | 1210 | 1573 | 1870 | 98500 | 795 | 1271 | 1652 | 1963 | 103800 | 835 | 1332 | 1730 | 2056 | 109100 | 874 | 1394 | 1809 | 2149 |
| 93300 | 75 | 1211 | 1575 | 1872 | 98600 | 796 | 1272 | 1653 | 1965 | 103900 | 835 | 1334 | 173 | 205 | 109200 | 875 | 1395 | 1811 | 2151 |
| 93400 | 757 | 1212 | 1576 | 1874 | 98700 | 797 | 127 | 1655 | 1967 | 104000 | 836 | 1335 | 1733 | 2060 | 109300 | 875 | 1396 | 1812 | 2153 |
| 93500 | 758 | 1213 | 1578 | 1875 | 98800 | 798 | 1275 | 1656 | 1969 | 104100 | 837 | 1336 | 1735 | 2062 | 109400 | 876 | 1397 | 1814 | 2155 |
| 93600 | 759 | 1215 | 1579 | 1877 | 98900 | 798 | 1276 | 1658 | 1970 | 104200 | 838 | 1337 | 1736 | 2063 | 109500 | 877 | 1398 | 1815 | 2156 |
| 93700 | 760 | 1216 | 1581 | 1879 | 99000 | 799 | 1277 | 1659 | 1972 | 104300 | 838 | 1338 | 1738 | 2065 | 109600 | 878 | 1399 | 1817 | 2158 |
| 93800 | 760 | 1217 | 1582 | 1881 | 99100 | 800 | 1278 | 1661 | 1974 | 104400 | 839 | 1339 | 1739 | 2067 | 109700 | 878 | 1400 | 1818 | 2160 |
| 93900 | 761 | 1218 | 1583 | 1883 | 99200 | 801 | 1279 | 1662 | 1976 | 104500 | 840 | 1340 | 1741 | 2069 | 109800 | 879 | 1402 | 18 | 2162 |
| 94000 | 762 | 1219 | 1585 | 1884 | 99300 | 801 | 1280 | 1664 | 1977 | 104600 | 841 | 1342 | 1742 | 2070 | 109900 | 880 | 1403 | 1821 | 2163 |
| 94100 | 76 | 122 | 1586 | 1886 | 99400 | 802 | 1282 | 1665 | 1979 | 104700 | 841 | 1343 | 17 | 20 | 110000 | 881 | 1404 | 182 | 2165 |
| 94200 | 76 | 122 | 1588 | 188 | 99500 | 803 | 1283 | 1667 | 1981 | 104800 | 842 | 1344 | 1745 | 207 | 110100 | 881 | 1405 | 182 | 2167 |
| 94300 | 764 | 1223 | 1589 | 1890 | 99600 | 803 | 1284 | 1668 | 1983 | 104900 | 843 | 1345 | 1747 | 2076 | 110200 | 882 | 1406 | 1826 | 2169 |
| 94400 | 765 | 1224 | 1591 | 1891 | 99700 | 804 | 1285 | 1670 | 1984 | 105000 | 844 | 1346 | 1748 | 207 | 110300 | 883 | 1407 | 182 | 2170 |
| 94500 | 766 | 1225 | 1592 | 1893 | 99800 | 805 | 1286 | 1671 | 1986 | 105100 | 844 | 1347 | 1750 | 2079 | 110400 | 884 | 1409 | 1828 | 2172 |
| 94600 | 766 | 1226 | 1594 | 1895 | 99900 | 806 | 1287 | 1673 | 1988 | 105200 | 845 | 1349 | 1751 | 2081 | 110500 | 884 | 1410 | 1830 | 2174 |
| 94700 | 767 | 122 | 1595 | 1897 | 100000 | 806 | 1288 | 1674 | 1990 | 105300 | 846 | 1350 | 1753 | 2083 | 110600 | 885 | 1411 | 183 | 2176 |
| 94800 | 768 | 1228 | 1597 | 1898 | 100100 | 807 | 1290 | 1676 | 1991 | 105400 | 47 | 1351 | 175 | 20 | 110700 | 886 | 1412 | 1833 | 2177 |
| 94900 | 769 | 1230 | 1598 | 1900 | 100200 | 808 | 1291 | 1677 | 1993 | 105500 | 847 | 1352 | 1756 | 2086 | 110800 | 887 | 1413 | 1834 | 2179 |
| 95000 | 769 | 1231 | 1600 | 1902 | 100300 | 809 | 1292 | 1679 | 1995 | 105600 | 848 | 1353 | 1757 | 2088 | 110900 | 887 | 1414 | 1836 | 2181 |
| 95100 | 770 | 1232 | 1601 | 1904 | 100400 | 809 | 1293 | 1680 | 1997 | 105700 | 849 | 1354 | 1759 | 2090 | 111000 | 888 | 1415 | 183 | 2183 |
| 95200 | 771 | 1233 | 1603 | 1905 | 100500 | 810 | 1294 | 1681 | 1998 | 105800 | 850 | 1355 | 1760 | 2091 | 111100 | 889 | 141 | 183 | 2184 |
| 95300 | 772 | 1234 | 1604 | 1907 | 100600 | 811 | 1295 | 1683 | 2000 | 105900 | 850 | 1357 | 1762 | 2093 | 111200 | 890 | 1418 | 1840 | 2186 |
| 95400 | 772 | 1235 | 1606 | 1909 | 100700 | 812 | 1297 | 1684 | 2002 | 106000 | 851 | 1358 | 1763 | 2095 | 111300 | 890 | 1419 | 1842 | 2188 |
| 95500 | 773 | 1236 | 1607 | 1911 | 100800 | 812 | 1298 | 1686 | 2004 | 106100 | 852 | 1359 | 1765 | 2097 | 111400 | 891 | 1420 | 1843 | 2190 |
| 95600 | 774 | 1238 | 1609 | 1912 | 100900 | 813 | 12 | 1687 | 2005 | 106200 | 852 | 1360 | 1766 | 2098 | 111500 | 892 | 142 | 184 | 2191 |
| 95700 | 775 | 1239 | 1610 | 1914 | 101000 | 814 | 1300 | 1689 | 2007 | 106300 | 853 | 1361 | 1768 | 2100 | 111600 | 893 | 1422 | 1846 | 2193 |
| 95800 | 775 | 1240 | 1612 | 1916 | 101100 | 815 | 1301 | 1690 | 2009 | 106400 | 854 | 1362 | 1769 | 2102 | 111700 | 893 | 1424 | 1848 | 2195 |
| 95900 | 776 | 1241 | 1613 | 1918 | 101200 | 815 | 1302 | 1692 | 2011 | 106500 | 855 | 1364 | 1771 | 2104 | 111800 | 894 | 1425 | 1849 | 2197 |
| 96000 | 777 | 1242 | 1615 | 1919 | 101300 | 816 | 1303 | 1693 | 2012 | 106600 | 855 | 1365 | 1772 | 2105 | 111900 | 895 | 1426 | 1851 | 2198 |
| 96100 | 777 | 1243 | 1616 | 1921 | 101400 | 817 | 1305 | 1695 | 2014 | 106700 | 856 | 1366 | 1774 | 2107 | 112000 | 896 | 1427 | 1852 | 2200 |
| 96200 | 778 | 1245 | 1618 | 1923 | 101500 | 818 | 1306 | 1696 | 2016 | 106800 | 857 | 1367 | 1775 | 2109 | 112100 | 896 | 1428 | 1854 | 2202 |
| 96300 | 779 | 1246 | 1619 | 1925 | 101600 | 818 | 1307 | 1698 | 2018 | 106900 | 858 | 1368 | 1777 | 2111 | 112200 | 897 | 1429 | 185 | 2204 |
| 96400 | 780 | 1247 | 1621 | 1926 | 101700 | 819 | 1308 | 1699 | 2019 | 107000 | 858 | 1369 | 1778 | 2112 | 112300 | 898 | 1431 | 185 | 2205 |
| 96500 | 780 | 1248 | 1622 | 1928 | 101800 | 820 | 1309 | 1701 | 2021 | 107100 | 859 | 1370 | 1779 | 2114 | 112400 | 899 | 1432 | 1858 | 2207 |
| 96600 | 781 | 1249 | 1624 | 1930 | 101900 | 821 | 1310 | 1702 | 2023 | 107200 | 860 | 1372 | 1781 | 2116 | 112500 | 899 | 1433 | 1860 | 2209 |
| 96700 | 782 | 1250 | 1625 | 1932 | 102000 | 821 | 1312 | 1704 | 2025 | 107300 | 861 | 1373 | 1782 | 2118 | 112600 | 900 | 1434 | 1861 | 2211 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

| Incomel Revenu <br> (\$) | Monshly Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthly Award Paiement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  | Incomel | Monthily Award Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |  | Monthly Award/ Palement mensuel (\$) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) |  |  |  |  | Revenu <br> (\$) | No. of Childrenl $\mathbf{N}^{\text {bro }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  | Revenu (\$) | No. of Children/ $\mathrm{N}^{\text {bre }}$ d'enfants |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 4 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 4 |
| 27 | 901 | 1435 | 1863 | 2212 | 118 | 940 | 1496 | 1941 | 2305 |  | 123300 | 979 | 1558 | 2020 | 2398 | 128600 | 19 | 19 | 2099 | 91 |
| 1128 | 901 | 1436 | 18 | 22 | 118 |  | 14 | 1943 | 2307 | 2340 | 980 | 59 | 2022 | 2400 | 28700 | 20 | 620 | 2100 | 93 |
| 112900 | 902 | 1437 | 1866 | 2216 | 118200 | 942 | 1499 | 1944 | 2309 | 123500 | 81 | 1560 | 2023 | 2402 | 128800 | 1020 | 1621 | 2102 | 24 |
| 113000 | 903 | 1439 | 1867 | 218 | 118300 | 42 | 1500 | 1946 | 2311 | 123600 | 982 | 1561 | 2024 | 2404 | 128900 | 1021 | 1622 | 2103 | 2497 |
| 113100 | 904 | 1440 | 1869 | 219 | 118400 | 43 | 1501 | 1947 | 2312 | 123700 | 982 | 1562 | 2026 | 2405 | 129000 | 1022 | 1623 | 2105 | 2498 |
| 113200 | 904 | 1441 | 1870 | 2221 | 118500 | 944 | 1502 | 1949 | 2314 | 123800 | 983 | 1563 | 2027 | 2407 | 129100 | 1022 | 1625 | 2106 | 250 |
| 113300 | 905 | 1442 | 1872 | 2223 | 118600 | 945 | 1503 | 1950 | 2316 | 123900 | 984 | 1564 | 2029 | 2409 | 129200 | 1023 | 1626 | 2108 | 2502 |
| 113400 | 906 | 1443 | 1873 | 2225 | 118700 | 945 | 1504 | 1952 | 2318 | 124000 | 985 | 1566 | 2030 | 2411 | 129300 | 1024 | 1627 | 2109 | 2504 |
| 113500 | 907 | 144 | 1875 | 2226 | 118800 | 46 | 1506 | 1953 | 2319 | 124100 | 985 | 1567 | 2032 | 2412 | 129400 | 1025 | 1628 | 2111 | 2505 |
| 113600 | 907 | 1446 | 1876 | 2228 | 118900 | 947 | 1507 | 1955 | 2321 | 124200 | 986 | 1568 | 2033 | 24 | 129500 | 1025 | 1629 | 21 | 2507 |
| 113700 | 908 | 144 | 187 | 2230 | 119000 | 948 | 1508 | 1956 | 2323 | 124300 | 987 | 1569 | 203 | 2416 | 129600 | 26 | 1630 | 21 | 2509 |
| 113800 | 90 | 144 | 1879 | 22 | 119100 | 948 | 1509 | 1958 | 2325 | 124400 | 988 | 1570 | 2036 | 2418 | 129700 | 1027 | 1631 | 2115 | 2511 |
| 113900 | 910 | 144 | 1880 | 2233 | 119200 | 949 | 1510 | 1959 | 2326 | 124500 | 988 | 1571 | 2038 | 2419 | 129800 | 1028 | 1633 | 2117 | 2513 |
| 114000 | 910 | 1450 | 188 | 2235 | 19300 | 950 | 151 | 1961 | 2328 | 124600 | 989 | 1573 | 2039 | 2421 | 129900 | 1028 | 1634 | 2118 | 2514 |
| $11 / 100$ | 91 | 145 | 18 | 2237 | 119400 | 950 | 1513 | 19 | 2330 | 124700 | 990 | 1574 | 2041 | 2423 | 130000 | 1029 | 1635 | 2120 | 2516 |
| 114200 | 912 | 1452 | 1885 | 2239 | 119500 | 951 | 1514 | 19 | 2332 | 124800 | 991 | 1575 | 2042 | 24 | 130100 | 1030 | 1636 | 21 | 2518 |
| 114300 | 913 | 1454 | 1886 | 2241 | 119600 | 952 | 1515 | 1965 | 23 | 124900 | 991 | 15 | 2044 | 24 | 130200 | 1031 | 1637 | 2122 | 2520 |
| 114300 | 913 | 1455 | 1888 | 2242 | 119700 | 953 | 1516 | 1967 | 2335 | 125000 | 992 | 1577 | 2045 | 24 | 130300 | 1031 | 1638 | 2124 | 2521 |
| 114500 | 914 | 1456 | 1889 | 2244 | 119800 | 953 | 1517 | 1968 | 2337 | 125100 | 993 | 1578 | 2047 | 243 | 130400 | 1032 | 1640 | 21 | 25 |
| 114600. | 91 | 57 | 1891 | 2246 | 119900 | 954 | 1518 | 1970 | 2339 | 125200 | 994 | 1579 | 2048 | 2432 | 130500 | 1033 | 641 | 2127 | 2525 |
| 114700 | 916 | 14 | 1892 | 2248 | 000 | 955 | 1519 | 771 | 34 | 125300 | 994 | 1581 | 2050 | 243 | 130600 | 103 | 1642 | 2128 | 2527 |
| 114800 | 916 | 1459 | 189 | 2249 | 120100 | 95 | 152 | 1973 | 23 | 1254 | 995 | 15 | 2051 | 2435 | 130700 | 34 | 1643 | 2130 | 2528 |
| 1114900 | 917 | 1461 | 1895 | 2251 | 120200 | 956 | 1522 | 1974 | 2344 | 125500 | 996 | 1583 | 2053 | 243 | 130800 | 1035 | 1644 | 2131 | 2530 |
| 115000 | 918 | 1462 | 1897 | 2253 | 120300 | 957 | 1523 | 1975 | 2346 | 125600 | 997 | 1584 | 2054 | 2439 | 130900 | 1036 | 1645 | 2133 | 2532 |
| 115100 | 919 | 1463 | 1898 | 2255 | 120400 | 958 | 1524 | 1977 | 2348 | 125700 | 997 | 1585 | 2056 | 2441 | 131000 | 1037 | 1646 | 2134 | 2534 |
| 115200 | 919 | 1464 | 1900 | 2256 | 120500 | 959 | 1525 | 1978 | 2349 | 125800 | 998 | 1586 | 2057 | 2442 | 131100 | 1037 | 1648 | 2136 | 2535 |
| 115300 | 920 | 146 | 1901 | 2258 | 120600 | 959 | 1526 | 1980 | 2351 | 125900 | 999 | 1588 | 2059 | 2444 | 131200 | 1038 | 1649 | 2137 | 2537 |
| 115400 | 921 | 146 | 190 | 2260 | 120700 | 960 | 152 | 1981 | 235 | 126000 | 999 | 1589 | 2060 | 2446 | 131300 | 1039 | 1650 | 2139 | 2539 |
| 115500 | 922 | 146 | 190 | 2262 | 120800 | 961 | 15 | 19 | 2355 | 126100 | 1000 | 1590 | 2062 | 244 | 131400 | 40 | 65 | 2140 | 2541 |
| 115600 | 922 | 1469 | 1906 | 2263 | 120900 | 96 | 1530 | 1984 | 2356 | 126200 | 100 | 1591 | 2063 | 2449 | 131500 | 1040 | 1652 | 21 | 2542 |
| 115700 | 923 | 1470 | 1907 | 226 | 121000 | 962 | 1531 | 1986 | 235 | 126300 | 100 | 1592 | 2065 | 245 | 131600 | 1041 | 1653 | 2143 | 2544 |
| 115800 | 924 | 1471 | 1909 | 2267 | 121100 | 963 | 1532 | 198 | 2360 | 126400 | 100 | 1593 | 2066 | 2453 | 131700 | 10 | 1655 | 214 | 2546 |
| 115900 | 924 | 14 | 1910 | 226 | 121200 | 964 | 1533 | 1989 | 236 | 126500 | 1003 | 1595 | 2068 | 2455 | 131800 | 1043 | 1656 | 21 | 2548 |
| 116000 | 925 | 1473 | 1912 | 2270 | 121300 | 965 | 15 | 199 | 2363 | 12660 | 100 | 1596 | 2069 | 2456 | 131900 | 1043 | 1657 | 21 | 2549 |
| 116100 | 926 | 1474 | 1913 | 2272 | 121400 | 965 | 1536 | 199 | 236 | 126700 | 1005 | 1597 | 2071 | 2458 | 132000 | 104 | 1658 | 2149 | 2551 |
| 116200 | 927 | 1476 | 1915 | 2274 | 121500 | 96 | 1537 | 1993 | 236 | 126800 | 1005 | 1598 | 2072 | 2460 | 132100 | 1045 | 1659 | 2151 | 2553 |
| 116300 | 927 | 147 | 1916 | 2276 | 121600 | 967 | 1538 | 19 | 2369 | 126900 | 100 | 1599 | 2073 | 246 | 132200 | 10 | 1660 | 21 | 2555 |
| 116800 | 928 | 1478 | 1918 | 2277 | 121700 | 968 | 1539 | 1996 | 2370 | 127000 | 1007 | 1600 | 2075 | 2463 | 132300 | 104 | 1661 | 2154 | 2556 |
| 116500 | 929 | 1479 | 1919 | 2279 | 121800 | 968 | 1540 | 1998 | 2372 | 127100 | 1008 | 1601 | 2076 | 2465 | 132400 | 1047 | 1663 | 215 | 2558 |
| 116600 | 930 | 1480 | 1921 | 281 | 121900 | 969 | 1541 | 1999 | 2374 | 127200 | 1008 | 1603 | 2078 | 2467 | 132500 | 1048 | 1664 | 215 | 2560 |
| 116700 | 930 | 148 | 192 | 2283 | 122000 | 97 |  | 2001 | 2376 | 127300 | 1009 | 1604 | 2079 | 2469 | 132600 | 1048 | 1665 | 2158 | 2562 |
| 116800 | 931 | 1482 | 1924 | 228 | 122100 | 971 | , | 2002 | 2377 | 127400 | 1010 | 1605 | 2081 | 2470 | 132700 | 1049 | 1666 | 2160 | 2563 |
| 116900 | 932 | 148 | 192 | 228 | 122200 | 971 | 1545 | 200 | 237 | 127500 | 101 | 1606 | 2082 | 2472 | 132800 | 1050 | 1667 | 21 | 2565 |
| 117000 | 933 | 148 | 192 | 228 | 122300 | 972 | 1546 | 2005 | 238 | 127600 | 1011 | 1607 | 2084 | 2474 | 132900 | 1051 | 66 | 216 | 2567 |
| 117100 | 93 | 1486 | 192 | 229 | 12240 | 973 | 1547 | 2007 | 2383 | 127700 | 10 | 1608 | 20 | 2476 | 133000 | 1051 | 1670 | 2164 | 2569 |
| 117200 | 934 | 1487 | 1929 | 2291 | 122500 | 973 | 1548 | 2008 | 2384 | 127800 | 1013 | 1610 | 2087 | 2477 | 133100 | 1052 | 1671 | 2166 | 2570 |
| 117300 | 935 | 1488 | 1931 | 2293 | 122600 | 974 | 1549 | 2010 | 2386 | 127900 | 1014 | 1611 | 2088 | 2479 | 133200 | 1053 | 1672 | 2167 | 2572 |
| 117400 | 936 | 1489 | 1932 | 2295 | 122700 | 975 | 1551 | 2011 | 2388 | 128000 | 1014 | 1612 | 2090 | 2481 | 133300 | 1054 | 1673 | 2169 | 2574 |
| 117500 | 936 | 1491 | 1934 | 2297 | 122800 | 976 | 1552 | 2013 | 2390 | 128100 | 1015 | 1613 | 2091 | 2483 | 133400 | 1054 | 1674 | 2170 | 2576 |
| 117600 | 937 | 1492 | 1935 | 2298 | 122900 | 976 | 1553 | 2014 | 2391 | 128200 | 1016 | 1614 | 2093 | 2484 | 133500 | 1055 | 1675 | 217 | 2577 |
| 117700 | 938 | 1493 | 1937 | 2300 | 123000 | 977 | 1554 | 2016 | 2393 | 128300 | 1017 | 1615 | 2094 | 2486 | 133600 | 105 | 1677 | 217 | 2579 |
| 117800 | 939 | 1494 | 1938 | 2302 | 123100 | 978 | 1555 | 2017 | 2395 | 128400 | 1017 | 1616 | 209 | 248 | 133700 | 105 | 1678 | 217 | 2581 |
| 117 | 939 | 1495 | 1940 | 2304 | 12320 | 979 | 1556 | 2019 | 23 | 128500 | 10 | 161 | 209 | 249 | 133800 | 10 | 167 | 217 | 258 |

Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$. Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

|  | Monthly Award／ Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu <br> （\＄） | Monthily Award／ Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  | Income／ Revenu： <br> （\＄） | Monthly Award／Paiement mensuel$(\$)$ |  |  |  | Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthily Award／ Paiement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 133900 | 1058 | 1680 | 2177 | 2584 | 138000 | 1089 | 1727 | 8 | 26 | 142100 |  | 1775 | 2299 |  |  |  |  | 60 |  |
|  |  |  | 2179 |  | 38100 |  |  |  | 2658 |  |  | 17 | 23 | 2730 | 146300 | 1150 | 1823 | 2362 | 2802 |
| 134100 | 1060 | 168 | 2180 | 2588 | 138200 | 1090 | 1730 | 2241 | 2660 | 142300 | 1120 | 17 | 230 | 2732 | 146400 | 15 | 1824 | 2363 | 2804 |
| 134200 | 10 | 16 | 2182 | 2590 | 38300 | 1091 | 1731 | 2243 | 266 | 42400 | 21 | 1778 | 2 | 273 | 4650 | 1152 | 1825 | 2365 | 06 |
| 134300 | 10 | 16 | 2183 | 2591 | 38400 | 1092 | 1732 | 2244 | 2663 | 4250 | 12 | 1779 | 05 | 27 | 4660 | 152 | 1827 | 236 | 2807 |
| 134400 | 10 | 16 | 2185 | 2593 | 38500 | 1092 | 1733 | 2246 | 266 | 60 |  | 1780 | 2 | 27 | 14670 | 1153 | 1828 | 2367 | 2809 |
| 134500 | 10 | 16 | 2186 | 2595 | 38600 |  |  | 2247 | 266 | 42700 | 1123 | 1782 | 23 | 273 | 146800 | 1154 | 1829 | 2369 | 2811 |
| 134600 | 106 | 16 | 2188 | 25 | 700 |  | 1735 | 2249 | 266 | 142800 | 1124 | 1783 | 2310 | 274 | 6900 | 15 | 1830 | 2370 | 28 |
| 134700 | 106 | 1689 | 2189 | 2598 | 138800 | 1095 |  | 2250 | 2670 | 142900 | 1125 | 1784 | 2311 | 2742 | 700 | 1155 | 1831 | 237 | 2814 |
| 134800 | 1065 | 1690 | 19 | 2600 | 速 | 1095 |  | 2252 | 26 | 143000 | 112 | 178 | 231 | 27 | 147100 | 115 | 1832 | 237 | 2816 |
| 134900 | 1066 | 1692 | 2192 | 2602 | 139000 | 96 | 1739 | 2253 | 2674 | 143100 | 1126 | 1786 | 2314 | 27 | 72 | 1157 |  | 2375 | 2818 |
| 135000 | 1066 | 1693 | 2194 | 2604 | 139100 | 097 | 174 | 2255 | 26 | 143200 | 1127 | 1787 | 2316 | 27 | 47 | 158 |  | 2376 | 2820 |
| 135100 | 1067 | 1694 | 2195 | 2606 | 139200 | 1097 | 1741 | 2256 | 267 | 43 | 1128 | 1789 | 2317 | 27 | 147400 | 1158 |  | 2378 | 2821 |
| 135200 | 106 | 16 | 2197 | 2607 | 39300 | 1098 | 1742 | 2258 | 2679 | 143400 | 1129 | 1790 | 2318 | 27 | 147 | 1159 |  | 2379 | 2823 |
| 135300 | 1069 | 16 | 2198 | 2609 | 139400 | 1099 | 1743 | 2259 | 268 | 143 | 1129 |  | 23 | 27 | 14760 | 1160 | 1838 | 238 | 2825 |
| 13 | 1069 | 16 | 2200 | 2611 | 139500 | 1100 | 1745 | 2261 | 26 | 143600 | 11 | 1792 | 2321 | 275 | 147700 | 116 | 1839 | 2382 | 282 |
| 135500 | 1070 | 169 | 2201 | 2613 | 139600 | 0 | 1746 | 2262 | 268 | 143700 | 1131 | 93 | 2323 | 275 | 147800 | 1161 | 1840 | 23 | 2828 |
| 135600 | 1071 | 1700 | 2203 | 2614 | 139700 | 101 | 1747 | 2264 | 2686 | 143800 | 1132 | 179 | 232 | 27 | 14790 | 1162 | 1842 | 2385 | 2830 |
| 135700 | 1071 | 1701 | 2204 | 2616 | 39800 | 02 | 1748 | 2265 | 268 | 143900 | 1132 | 1795 | 2326 | 276 | 480 | 1163 |  | 2387 | 2832 |
| 135800 | 107 | 17 | 2206 | 2 | 139900 | 1103 | 1749 | 2267 | 269 | 4 | 1133 | 1797 | 2327 | 276 | 148100 | 11 | 18 | 2388 | 2834 |
| 135900 | 107 | 170 |  | 2620 |  |  |  |  | 269 | 100 |  | 8 | 2329 | 27 | 14820 | 116 | 1845 | 23 | 2835 |
| 136 | 107 | 170 |  | 26 | 140100 |  |  |  | 26 | 144200 | 1135 | 1799 |  | 27 | 14830 | 1165 | 1846 | 2391 | 2837 |
| 136100， | 107 | 170 | 22 | 26 | 140200 | 1105 | 1753 | 2271 | 26 | 144 | 1135 | 1800 | 23 | 27 | 148400 | 116 | 1847 | 23 | 2839 |
| 136200 | 1075 | 1707 | 2212 | 2625 | 140300 | 1106 | 1754 | 227 | 269 | 14440 | 1136 | 180 | 23 | 27 | 14850 | 116 | 1849 | 2394 | 2841 |
| 136300 | 1076 | 1708 | 2213 | 262 | 140400 | 1106 | 1755 | 227 | 269 | 144500 | 1137 | 80 | 2335 | 2770 | 4860 | 1167 | 1850 | 2396 | 2842 |
| 136400 | 1077 | 1709 | 2215 | 2628 | 140500 | 1107 | 1756 | 22 | 270 | 144600 | 1138 | 1804 | 2336 | 2772 | 148700 | 1168 |  | 2397 | 2844 |
| 136 | 107 | 171 | 221 | 2630 | 140600 | 1108 | 1757 | 2277 | 2702 | 144700 |  | 1805 |  |  | 48800 | 1169 | 1852 | 2399 | 2846 |
| 136600 | 1078 | 17 | 22 | 26 | 40700 |  | 1759 |  | 270 | 144800 |  | 1806 | 2339 | 27 | 14890 | 11 | 18 | 24 | 284 |
| 136700 | 107 | 17 | 22 | 26 | 140800 |  | 1760 | 22 | 2706 | 144900 | 1 | 180 | 2341 | 27 | 14900 | 11 | 1854 | 2402 | 28 |
| 136800 | 108 | 17 | 2220 | 26 | 140900 | 1110 | 1761 | 2281 | 27 | 145000 | 114 | 1808 | 23 | 27 | 149100 | 117 | 18 | 24 | 28 |
| 136 | 108 | 1715 | 22 | 637 | 141000 |  | 1762 | 2283 | 2709 | 5100 |  | 1809 | 23 | 27 | 4920 | 1172 |  |  |  |
| 137000 | 1081 | 1716 | 2223 | 2639 | 141100 |  | 763 | 2284 | 2711 | 145200 |  | 1810 | 2345 | 278 | 49300 | 1172 |  |  |  |
| 137100 | 1082 | 1717 | 2225 | 2641 | 141200 | 12 | 176 | 2286 | 2713 | 145300 | 1143 | 1812 | 234 | 278 | 49400 | 117 |  |  | 28 |
| 137200 | 1083 | 1718 | 2226 | 2642 | 141300 |  | 1765 | 2287 | 2714 | 145400 |  | 181 |  | 278 | 495 | 1174 | 1860 | 2409 | 2858 |
| 137300 | 1083 | 17 | 2228 | 析 | 141400 |  |  | 889 | 2716 | 145500 | 1144 | 1814 | 2350 | 278 | 496 | 1175 | 186 | 2411 | 28 |
| 137400 | 10 | 1720 | 2 | 2646 | 141500 | 1115 | 1768 | 2290 | 寿 | 145600 | 1145 | 1815 | 2351 | 279 | 149700 | 1175 | 186 | 2412 | 286 |
| 137500 | 10 | 1722 | 2231 | 2648 | 141600 | 1115 | 1769 | 2292 | 27 | 145 | 1146 | 1816 | 23 | 279 | 149800 | 1176 | 186 | 24 | 2863 |
| 137600 | 10 | 1723 | 2 | 2649 | 141700 | 1116 | 1770 | 2293 | 2721 | 145800 | 1146 | 1817 | 2354 | 2793 | 149900 | 1177 | 1865 | 2415 | 2865 |
| 137700 | 1086 | 1724 | 2234 | 2651 | 141800 | 1117 | 1771 | 2295 | 2723 | 145900 | 1147 | 1819 | 2356 | 2795 | 150000 | 1178 | 1866 | 2416 | 286 |
| 137800 | 1087 | 1725 | 2235 | 2653 | 141900 | 1118 | 1772 | 2296 | 2725 | 146000 | 1148 | 1820 | 2357 | 2797 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 137900 | 1088 | 1726 | 2237 | 2655 | 142000 | 1118 | 177 | 229 | 272 | 14610 | 1149 | 182 | 2359 | 2799 |  |  |  |  |  |


| Incomel Revenu （\＄） | Monthly Award／Palement mensuel （\＄） |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | one child／ un enfant | two children／ deux enfants | three children／ trois enfants | four children／ quatre enfants |
| For income over $\$ 150,000$ | 1178 plus $0.74 \%$ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 1866 \text { plus 1.15\% } \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2416 plus 1．48\％ of income over $\$ 150,000$ | $\begin{gathered} 2867 \text { plus } 1.75 \% \\ \text { of income over } \$ 150,000 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Pour revenu dépassant 150 000\＄ | 1178 plus 0，74\％ <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 1866 plus 1，15\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2416 plus 1，48\％ du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ | 2867 plus 1，75\％ <br> du revenu dépassant $150000 \$$ |

Note：This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$ ．There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels．For more information，please contact the Department of Justice．
Nota：La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d＇après le revenu（aux $100 \$$ près）．Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$ ． Pour plus de renseignements，veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice．


[^0]:    1 Income of the custodial parent will be taken into account where special or extraordinary expenses are to be considered, the child is over the age of majority, the payor's income is over $\$ 150,000.00$, in cases where there is split/shared custody, or an application for an amount different than the Guidelines is made under the undue hardship test. For a more detailed explanation, see those headings in this paper.
    ${ }^{2}$ See Special and Extraordinary Expenses, Section 7 of the Guidelines.

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ See Section 26.1(2) of the Divorce Act: "(2) The guidelines shall be based on the principle that spouses have a joint financial obligation to maintain the children of the marriage in accordance with their relative abilities to contribute to the performance of that obligation."
    ${ }^{4}$ (1971), 1 O.R. 130 (Ont. C.A.).
    ${ }^{5}$ Such as Special and Extraordinary Expenses, Children Over Age of Majority, Incomes Over $\$ 150,000$, Undue Hardship, Shared Custody.
    ${ }^{6}$ See subsection 4, 7, 9 and 10 of the Guidelines and subssection 15.1(5) and 17(6.2) of the Divorce Act (Bill C-41).

[^2]:    ${ }^{7}$ (1971), 1 O.R. 130 (Ont. C.A.).

[^3]:    ${ }^{8}$ (1994), 6 R.F.L. (4th) 161 (S.C.C.).
    ${ }^{9}$ (1995), 15 R.F.L. (4th) 201 (S.C.C.).

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Analysis of 1991 based data indicates that the combined effect of the tax changes and the Guidelines is to make $77 \%$ of recipients better off, while the current regime is more favourable for the other $23 \%$. See Glenn Feltham \& Alan MacNaughton, "The New Child Support Rules and Existing Awards: Choosing the Best Tax and Family Law Regime" (1996), 44(5) Can. Tax. J. It is, however, clear that amounts of child support ordered have risen significantly since 1991, in part due to the increased awareness of the inadequacy of child support payments; judges and lawyers have become more aware of this pressing social and legal problem in part as a result of the debate and discussion of policy initiatives related to the introduction of Guidelines. An analysis of 1996 or 1997 data on the combined effect of the Guidelines and tax changes would produce a lower rate of situations that will be improved by these two very different, fundamental changes.

[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ Bill C-92, Income Tax Budget Amendments Act, 1996 introduced 9 April, 1997.

[^6]:    ${ }^{3}$ When enacted in 1942, the policy discussion focused exclusively on subsidizing the husband-payor, a man who was bearing the expense of supporting two households. By the 1990's the discourse tended to characterize it as a "subsidy" to the "divorced family" or the "children of the divorce," though in fact it was still received by the payor.
    ${ }^{4}$ (1995), 12 R.F.L.(4th) 1 (S.C.C.).

[^7]:    ${ }^{5}$ Evidence in Thibaudeau indicated that the recipient has a higher marginal tax rate in one third of cases. When taking account of the new Child Tax Benefit scheme and its implicit tax rate for custodial parents, the cases where there is no tax subsidy has risen to over half of all cases; see discussion in Feltham and MacNaughton, supra n. 1.
    ${ }^{6}$ Some critics of the proposed tax changes seem to have ignored this point. For example, Ross Finnie, "An Evaluation of the Tax Changes in the Government's Proposed Child Support Package" (1996), 18 R.F.L.(4th) 171 writes that it will be "the lowest income custodial households who would be hit the hardest by the tax change, since they enjoy the greatest (potential) benefits under the current system (due to the low tax rates they face)..." [at 173]. Not only does this assume that the payor will pass on the benefit of the tax savings to the low income recipients (sometimes? always?), but it also assumes that the payor has a higher tax rate than the recipient. Finnie also ignores the progressive effect changes to the Working Income Supplement and Child Tax Benefit.

[^8]:    ${ }^{12}$ See Glenn Feltham, "Change in taxation of support requires scrutiny" Lawyers Weekly, Feb. 28 1997, p 11.

[^9]:    ${ }^{13}$ The original Ways and Means Motion tabled December 5, 1996, would have also have allowed for variations of prior orders or agreements made in the May 1, 1997 to December 31, 1998 period to also opt for the old tax regime. However, amendments added to the final version of Bill C-92 provide that the varied amount "is deemed to have been receivable (on)... the day which that first payment of the varied amount is required to be made."

[^10]:    ${ }^{14}$ Commissioner of Internal Revenue v. Lester, 366 U.S. 299, 81 S.Ct. 1343 (1961).

[^11]:    ${ }^{15}$ Domestic Relations Tax Simplification Act (1984); s. 71(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
    ${ }^{16}$ In theory there might be situations in which parties would, for tax reasons want to characterize what would be spousal support as child support. There would likely be less scrutiny of this type of arrangement.

[^12]:    ${ }^{17}$ Profs. Feltham and MacNaughton have done very helpful work setting circumstances in which it would be advantageous to one or both parties to vary an order or agreement before May 1, 1997 (1997), 24 R.F.L.(4th) 43. They have made available a computer program that allows practitioners to ascertain a negotiating range in which these variations can occur. The program, which uses Microsoft Excel, is available at http://www.arts.uwaterloo.ca:80/ACCT/people/macnau.htm.

[^13]:    ${ }^{18}$ Author's conversation with Revenue Canada, March 18, 1997. A written statement to this effect is not available, but is expected to be issued by Revenue Canada in due course.

[^14]:    ${ }^{19}$ A review based on the Divorce Act s. 17; see Willick v. Willick (1994), 6 R.F.L. (4th) 161 (S.C.C.).
    ${ }^{20}$ There may also be situations in which the payor would be better off under the Guidelines and the new tax regime, and will want some type of "voluntary rebate" to suspend the right to seek variation and stay under the old tax and payment regime.

[^15]:    * pension alimentaire pour
    enfants
    * 

    "child support amount"

[^16]:    * The author is undebted to Cynthia Hiebert-Simkin, a lawyer with Taylor-McCaffrey, whose assistance in the preparation of this article was invaluable.
    ${ }^{1}$ Subsection 1(b), (c) and (d) of the Federal Child Support Guidelines.
    ${ }^{2}$ Child care, some aspects of extracurricular activities, and costs related to school are included as special expenses in Section7. Willick v. Willick (1994), 6 R.F.L. (4th) 161 (S.C.C.) words and phrases considered "direct costs include the children's share of rent, food, and washing, as well as reasonable sums for clothes, recreational needs, schooling, pocket money, baby-sitting, and transportation, to name a few. They also include the costs incurred by both parents of making reasonable arrangements for visits by the non-custodial spouse." Family Expenditure in Canada, 1992, Statistics Canada Catalogue No. 89-523E. Child care expenses were considered in category "Household operation". Tuition was considered in category "Education". "Recreation equipment and associated services" and "sporting and athletic equipment" were considered in category "Recreation". The Province of Manitoba Department of Agriculture's estimates of the cost of raising a child also considered "child care" in considering the average costs.

[^17]:    ${ }^{3}$ The Concise Oxford Dictionary
    ${ }^{4}$ Re Regional Municipality of Peel and A (1982), 64 C.C.C. (2d) 289 (Ont. C.A.) at p. 296.
    5 Ibid at p.297-299, re: Taha (1976), 28 R.F.L. 353 at p. 359.

[^18]:    ${ }^{6}$ Wittke v. Wittke and Bauer (1974) 16 R.F.L. 349 (Sask. Q.B.) at p. 360 "The word "means" includes all a person's pecuniary resources, capital assets, income from employment or earning capacity and any other source from which the person receives gains or benefits, together with, in certain circumstances, moneys which the person does not have in possession but which are available to such person."

    7 Howorko v. Howorko, (1980) 20 R.F.L. (2d) 43 (Sask U.F.C.): child support set at fixed amount against which there was to be a credit for the children's income from shares in corporation set up for tax purposes by the father. McManus v. McManus, (1984) 37 R.F.L. (2d) 407 (Ont. H.C.) where wife was directed to first request that a family trust established by the father pay any amount required for child. Littlechild v. Littlechild, [1996'S.C.J. No. 205] QL child support varied for children in receipt of income from the Band and who would be entitled to an education incentive allowance from the Band. Gordon v. Gordon [1995 B.D.J. No. 2991] QL. support refused for 23 year old "child" attending university where no evidence of child's expenses or income from college fund, earnings and student loans.

[^19]:    8 Contrast Guillemette v. Horne (1993), 48 R.F.L. (3d) 299 (Man. C.A.) where the child attending university had past earnings of $\$ 4,500.00$ to $\$ 5,500.00$ annually yet her contribution to her expenses was determined to be $\$ 125.00$ per month with Fraser v. Jones (1995), 17 R.F.L. (4th) 218 (Sask. Q.B.) where an application for an increase in support was dismissed on basis that the child's university education needs were being met by the money she earned from summer employment, scholarships and an education fund.
    9 Fraser supra at p. 225-226, Geiren, J. specifically declined to increase child support to account for the future cost of university.
    10 Supra note 2 at p. 182

[^20]:    11 Bailey v. Nash, (1991) 36 R.F.L. (3d) 292 (Ont. H.C.) at p. 294: a decision under the Family Law Act 1986, a nanny was found to be a necessary expense for the child.

[^21]:    12 The Concise Oxford Dictionary .
    13 The Random House Webster's Dictionary.

[^22]:    1 E.F. Anthony Merchant, Q.C., devotes a considerable portion of his practice to the matrimonial field and has argued matrimonial causes in the Supreme Court of Canada, the Courts of Appeal of Arizona, British Columbia, Alberta, the North West Territories, and Saskatchewan and in the Superior Courts of all those jurisdictions as well as Manitoba and Ontario. Mr. Merchant is an associate edictor of the Reports of Family Law and sits on the Advisory Board of the Canadian Journal of Family Law and the Canadian Family Law Quarterly.

    2 Patrick G. Alberts is a partner in the Merchant Law Group. Mr. Alberts is registered with the Law Society of Saskatchewan having matrimonial law as a preferred area of practice.

[^23]:    ${ }^{1}$ S.C. 1997, c. 1, s. 11
    ${ }^{2}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s.25(8)
    ${ }^{3}$ S.C. 1997, c.1, ss. 1 - 15
    ${ }^{4}$ S.C. 1997, c.1, s. 25.1 (4), (5)

[^24]:    ${ }^{5}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 3(1)

[^25]:    ${ }^{6}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 21(1)
    ${ }^{7}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 8 and 9
    ${ }^{8}$ see Federal Child Support Guidelines, ss. 4(b)(ii) (for incomes over $\$ 150,000$ ), 9 (c) (shared custody)
    ${ }^{9}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 7(1)

[^26]:    ${ }^{10}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 21(2)
    ${ }^{11}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 25(1)
    ${ }^{12}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 22(1) and 23
    ${ }^{13}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s.22(2)
    ${ }^{14}$ S.C. 1997 , c. 1 , ss. $62-71$

[^27]:    ${ }^{15}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 10(1)
    ${ }^{16}$ S.C. 1997, c.1, s. 10 (3)

[^28]:    ${ }^{17}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 9(c)
    ${ }^{18}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 19

[^29]:    ${ }^{19}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 13(b)
    ${ }^{20}$ Federal Support Guidelines, s.25(8)

[^30]:    ${ }^{21}$ Federal Child Support Guidelines, s. 21 (d)(ii) and 21(f)(ii)

[^31]:    ${ }^{1}$ Bala, "Ottawa's New Child-Support Regime: A Guide to the Guidelines" (1997), 21 R.F.L. (4th) 301 at 325.
    2 "Critique of Bill C-41 and of a Working Draft of the Federal Child Support Guidelines" (August 1996) at 11.
    ${ }^{3}$ Report and Recommendations on Child Support (January 1995) at 29.
    ${ }^{4}$ Thompson, "'Getting Blood From a Stone' Or How to Find Ability to Pay When There Isn't Any" (1995), 12 C.F.L.Q. 117.

[^32]:    ${ }^{5}$ Guidelines, s. 3(1).
    ${ }^{6}$ E.g. Bala, above, note 1 at 315 .

[^33]:    7 "The Child Support Guidelines: Will the Chart Govern?" in Continuing Legal Education Society of Nova Scotia, Family Law 1996 (Halifax, 1996) at 14.
    ${ }^{8}$ This is clearly stated by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Family Law Committee, Report and Recommendations on Child Support (Minister of Justice, January 1995) at 29.
    ${ }^{9}$ Campbell takes this view and makes a compelling case for it, whether or not you agree with his focus upon "disposable income": above, note 7.
    ${ }^{10}$ Which include: (1) agreement including special provisions (s. 15.1(5) of the Divorce Act); (2) consent order making reasonable arrangements (s. 15.1(7) of Act); (3) child the age of majority or over (s. 3(1) of Guidelines); (4) income over $\$ 150,000$ (s. 4); (5) spouse standing in place of parent (s. 5); (6) split custody (s. 8); (7) joint custody (s. 9).

[^34]:    ${ }^{11}$ By contrast, s. 10 may be necessary for split custody, which prescribes a strict "net support" rule, which is plainly table-based.
    ${ }^{12}$ By the way, the same is true for "offensive" hardship applications by the custodial parent. The first option will be to increase support by way of add-ons, where the burden is lighter and no mathematical standard of living test is applied. Only if there are no add-ons ought a custodial parent resort to s. 10.

[^35]:    ${ }^{13}$ Schedule II requires details of gross income, income taxes, household composition and, of course, the specific amounts involved in the "undue hardship" claim, all of which are unlikely to be available. Note that Schedule II now uses "net incomes" for its calculations, in the interests of fairness and coherence, but at the cost of simplicity. One of the reasons for the Schedule II formula not being mandatory is the large amount of data required to make the mathematics work.
    ${ }^{14}$ Guidelines, s. 1.
    ${ }^{15}$ Not to mention that the calculations of Schedule II's standard of living test should be enough to make most of us run from s. 10 .
    ${ }^{16}$ 3rd ed. (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1933).

[^36]:    ${ }^{17}$ Canadian Bar Association, National Family Law Section, "Submission on Bill C-41 Divorce Act amendments and Working Draft of the Federal Child Support Guidelines" (October 1996) at 20-22.

    18 Willick v. Willick (1994), 6 R.F.L. (4th) 161 (S.C.C.) at 195 per L'Heureux-Dube J., concurring reasons.
    ${ }^{19}$ Federal/Provincial/Territorial Family Law Committee, above, note 8 at 29-30.

[^37]:    ${ }^{20}$ I have dealt with these debt issues in some detail in Thompson, "Blood from a Stone", above, note 4 at 136-42.
    ${ }^{21}$ Dort v. Dort (1992), 114 N.S.R. (2d) 33 (Fam.Ct.); Landry v. Landry, [1992] W.D.F.L. 649 (N.S.Fam.Ct.); Bell v. Bell, [1992] W.D.F.L. 306 (N.S.Fam.Ct.); Bayliss v. Bayliss, [1994] W.D.F.L. 107 (Ont. U.F.C.).
    ${ }^{22}$ Id. at 138.
    ${ }^{23}$ As it did Professor Julien Payne, above, note 2 at 11.

[^38]:    ${ }^{24}$ Courts have regularly recognized that auto expenses are a form of necessity: French v. French (1995), 139 N.S.R. (2d) 39 (C.A.); Foster v. Foster (1986), 3 R.F.L. (3d) 306 (N.S.Fam.Ct.).
    ${ }^{25}$ Northcut v. Ruppel (1989), 21 R.F.L. (3d) 195 (Man.Q.B.) (husband paid down indebtedness on photography business, based on "sound business principles", as part of turnaround of business after separation); Younghusband v . Younghusband (1982), 27 R.F.L. (2d) 453 (Sask.Q.B.) (self-employed truck driver operating at loss, owing to debts accumulated when he was off work due to an accident).
    ${ }^{26}$ Working Draft of Federal Child Support Guidelines, June 27, 1996, s. 5(5). This provision was restricted to debts right up to the January 22, 1997 draft.

    27 "Submission", above, note 17 at 22-3.

[^39]:    ${ }^{28}$ I have explored these topics at greater length, with case citations, in Thompson, "Blood from a Stone", above, note 4 at 140-2.
    ${ }^{29}$ Hamlyn v. Hamlyn (1990), 85 Nfld. \& P.E.I.R. 50 (Nfld.U.F.C.); Milkovich v. Milkovich, [1990] W.D.F.L. 1573 (Ont.Dist.Ct.); Oakley v. Oakley (1990), 83 Nfld. \& P.E.I.R. 266 (Nfld.U.F.C.).
    ${ }^{30}$ Cox v. Cox, [1992] W.D.F.L. 221 (N.S.Fam.Ct.); Brine v. Brine (1991), 107 N.S.R. (2d) 320 (Fam.Ct.).
    ${ }^{31}$ "Child Support Guidelines: Proposed Amendments to the Divorce Act and Accompanying Regulations, Background Paper" (January 1996) at 16-7.
    ${ }^{32} \mathrm{Id}$. at 16.

[^40]:    ${ }^{33}$ S.C. 1986, c. 4.
    ${ }^{34}$ Most recently and notably, Gordon v. Goertz (1996), 19 R.F.L. (4th) 177 (S.C.C.).
    ${ }^{35}$ Grude v. Grude (1994), 134 N.S.R. (2d) 228 (S.C.); K.J.B. v. B.G.B., [1996] O.J. No. 3335 (Ont.Gen.Div.); Woods v. Woods, [1996] M.J. No. 324 (Man.C.A.); Aldred v. Aldred, [1996] S.J. No. 484 (Sask.Q.B.F.L.D.); Archer v. Archer, [1995] O.J. No. 3874 (Ont.Gen.Div.); Fasan v. Fasan (1991), 32 R.F.L. (3d) 121 (Ont.Gen.Div.). Worth mentioning here, as an unusual case, is Sibley v. Sibley, [1996] O.J. No. 2669 (Ont.Prov.Div.), where an increase in spousal support was ordered, to keep the mother's car on the road, so she could do her share of the driving as directed by the access terms.
    ${ }^{36}$ E.g., Wainwright v. Wainwright, [1995] B.C.J. No. 2471 (B.C.S.C.); Taylor v. Taylor, [1995] N.W.T.J. No. 82 (N.W.T.S.C.); Harvey v. Harvey, [1995] B.C.J. No. 2120 (B.C.S.C.); Oldfield v. Oldfield (1991), 33 R.F.L. (3d) 235 (Ont.Gen.Div.); Syvitski v. Syvitski (1988), 86 N.S.R. (2d) 248 (Fam.Ct.) at 258-9.

[^41]:    ${ }^{37}$ Which I have reviewed in "Blood from a Stone", above, note 4 at 158-63.
    ${ }^{38}$ The section does appear, however, to be premised upon the court considering applications for spousal and child support at the same time. Prof. Bala believes that this provision can, however, be used to preclude a court from reducing child support by reason of a prior spousal support order: above, note 1 at 327 .
    ${ }^{39}$ Above, note 26, ss. 5(6) and (7)(a).

[^42]:    ${ }^{40}$ Any reduction of the payor's gross income would bring a less than proportionate reduction in the table amount, given the declining percentage as income rises.
    ${ }^{41}$ Any amount deducted for a spousal support order would have to be net of income tax.
    42 Above, note 26, s. 5(6) and (7)(b).

[^43]:    ${ }^{43}$ Bala, above, note 1 at 325-6; Payne, above, note 2 at 12; Kronby, '"Undue Hardship' Orders Under the Child Support Guidelines" in CBA-Ontario and Law Society of Upper Canada, Child Support Guidelines: The Mysteries Unravelled (1996) at 4.
    ${ }^{44}$ See, for example, Gladwin v. Gladwin, No. 1201-47303, unreported decision of Williams J.F.C., (N.S. Family Court) dated February 19, 1997 (ordering a new wife, on a divorce variation, to produce a sworn Statement of Financial Information, sworn Statement of Property, two years of income tax returns and copies of credit card statements, chequing account statements and cancelled cheques for two years).
    ${ }^{45}$ Above, note 7, Schedule 4.

[^44]:    ${ }^{46}$ French v. French (1995), 139 N.S.R. (2d) 39(C.A.)" To similar effect, see Younker v. Younker (1991), 32 R.F.L. (3d) 138 (P.E.I.T.D.); Warren v. Warren (1993), 50 R.F.L. (3d) 271 (P.E.I.T.D.); Murray v. Murray (1991), 35 R.F.L. (3d) 449 (Alta.Q.B.); Stunt v. Stunt (1990), 30 R.F.L. (3d) 353 (Ont.Gen.Div.) and most significantly the reasons of L'Heureux-Dube J. in Willick v. Willick (1994), 6 R.F.L. (4th) 161 (S.C.C.) at 125.
    ${ }^{47}$ The Federal/Provincial/Territorial Family Law Committee didn't like the results from a Fixed Percentage model, as it produced lower levels of child support for those earning under $\$ 20,000$ a year. Hence the "Revised" Fixed Percentage model, which cranked up the figures for the bottom end: above, note 8 at 71-4. Stated the Committee: "If subsequent research shows that in the low income range, current awards are not being paid because they are in fact too high, then the low income adjustment might not be needed." Id. at 15.

[^45]:    ${ }^{48}$ Paras v. Paras (1971), 2 R.F.L. 328 (Ont.C.A.).

[^46]:    ${ }^{49}$ Federal/Provincial/Territorial Family Law Committee, above, note 8 at 66-7; Government of Canada, The New Child Support Package (March 6, 1996) at 13.
    ${ }^{50}$ Garfinkel and Melli, "The Use of Normative Standards in Family Law Decisions: Developing Mathematical Standards for Child Support" (1990), 24 Fam.L.Q. 157 at 171.
    ${ }^{51}$ Id.
    ${ }^{52}$ Id. at 173.
    ${ }^{53} \mathrm{Id}$. at 172.

[^47]:    ${ }^{54}$ Above, note 17 at 21.
    ${ }^{55}$ Above, note 7 at 14.

[^48]:    ${ }^{56}$ Above, note 17 at 19. Keep in mind that the CBA National Family Law Section espoused an "income equalization" or "equalised household income" model, so that this argument attempts to move the Revised Fixed Percentage model in that direction.
    ${ }^{57}$ Above, note 7 at 7-12. In Campbell's case, he appears to prefer the old, individualised "needs-and-means" model, so he too attempts to move towards a different model by a more relaxed application of the tables, with lots of room for departures for individual cases.

[^49]:    ${ }^{58}$ Above, note 7 at 21.
    ${ }^{59}$ MacKinnon v. MacKinnon (1988), 84 N.S.R. (2d) 363 (Fam.Ct.) at $368-9$; Russo v. Russo (1988), 15 R.F.L. (3d) 243 (Ont.H.C.) at 250-1; Wagener v. Wagener (1988), 17 R.F.L. (3d) 308 (Man.Q.B.) at 312, 313.
    ${ }^{60}$ Section $15(8)$ reads:
    An order made under this section that provides for the support of a child of the marriage should:
    (a) recognize that the spouses have a joint financial obligation to maintain the child; and
    (b) apportion that obligation between the spouses according to their relative abilities to contribute to the performance of the obligation.

[^50]:    ${ }^{61}$ Working Draft, above, note 26, s. 5(6) and (7).
    ${ }^{62}$ This appears to be the view of the CBA National Family Law Committee, above, note 17 at 19-20.

[^51]:    Access
    (5) Unless the court orders otherwise, a spouse who is granted access to a child of the marriage has the right to make inquiries, and to be given information, as to the health, education and welfareof the child.

[^52]:    Note: This table shows amounts of child support based on income to the nearest $\$ 100$. There is a mathematical formula for calculating specific child support amounts between the $\$ 100$ levels. For more information, please contact the Department of Justice.
    Nota: La présente table indique le montant de la pension alimentaire pour enfants à verser d'après le revenu (aux $100 \$$ près). Il existe une formule mathématique pour calculer le montant exact de la pension alimentaire pour enfants dans le cas des revenus qui se situent entre les tranches de $100 \$$.
    Pour plus de renseignements, veuillez communiquer avec le ministère de la Justice.

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