

Monday, April 2, 1979

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## NEW PUBLICATION RELEASED

## 99-750E (\$2.80) Canada's Farm Population, by Paul Shaw

$\left[\begin{array}{cc}\text { STATISTICS } & \text { STATIGTIQUE] } \\ \text { CANADA } \\ \text { CANADA }\end{array}\right]$

## EXPORTS, IMPORTS AND TRADE BALANCE: ALL COUNTRIES

## Seasonally Adjusted

Balance of Payments Basis
Billions of Dollars



[^0]
## Data Analysis

Monthly trade figures, particularly exports and the trade balance, often fluctuate widely about the trend. Changes in the trend thus provide a more reliable guide to the direction and rate of change of trade data. Estimates of the trend for the two most recent periods often change considerably with the addition of further months of data. Comments on changes in the trend (continued)

Merchandise Trade of Canada

|  | Customs Basis* Unadjusted |  | Balance of Payments Basis* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Unadjusted |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports (\$ millions) | Exports | Imports | Trade Balance |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Quarter | 10,608 | 9,910 | 10,627 | 9,869 | 11,116 | 10,579 | 537 |
| Fourth Quarter | 11,805 | 10,819 | 12,071 | 10,791 | 11,783 | 10,674 | 1,109 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 11,672 | 10,629 | 11,819 | 10,727 | 12,157 | 10,821 | 1,336 |
| Second Quarter | 13,876 | 13,484 | 13,569 | 13,031 | 12,727 | 12,044 | 683 |
| Third Quarter | 12,478 | 11,622 | 12,388 | 11,502 | 13,122 | 12,431 | 691 |
| Fourth Quarter | 14,615 | 13,949 | 14,614 | 13,662 | 14,384 | 13,626 | 758 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 4,639 | 4,002 | 4,652 | 3,978 | 4,897 | 4,344 | 553 |
| October | 4,801 | 4,791 | 4,867 | 4,658 | .4,601 | 4,352 | 249 |
| November | 5,261 | 4,893 | 5,212 | 4,807 | . 4,943 | 4,544 | 399 |
| December | 4,553 | 4,265 | 4,535 | 4,197 | 4,840 | 4,730 | 110 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,967 | 4,780 | 4,923 | 4,691 | 5,121 | 4,769 | 352 |
| February | 4,471 | 4,441 | 4,462 | 4,344 | 4,723 | 4,577 | 146 |

"In the above table, export and import totals are shown on both a "customs" and a "balance-of-payments"basis. The figures on a customs basis are the totals of detailed merchandise trade data tabulated from customs documents according to procedures and concepts explained in Summary of External Trade. The figures on a balance-of-payments basis reflect a number ol adjustments applied to the customs totals to make them consistent with the concepts and definitions used in the system of national accounts. The adjustments include timing adjustments to exports of crude petroleum, natural gas and wheat and to receipts and payments for capital equipment deduction of transportation charges included in the customs returns and the reduction of import values calculated for customs duty purposes to values which reflect transaction prices. For more information about these adiustments, please refer to Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, \$1.05/\$4.20).
and the accompanying charts therefore exclude the trend for the two most recent periods.
Both import and export trends continued to increase in December but at a slower pace. The rate of increase in trend for exports declined from a peak increase of $4 \%$ in October 1978 to $2.9 \%$ in November and $1.6 \%$ in December; and slightly less quickly for imports from.a peak increase of $3.3 \%$ in October 1978 to $2.9 \%$ in November and $2.1 \%$ in December. The slightly more rapid falloff in the export trend than the import trend was reflected in the balance. The trend for the balance peaked in November 1978 at $\$ 303$ million and declined slightly by $\$ 17$ million in December. The rate of increase in the balance peaked in September 1978.
Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Commodity Analysis The main contributors to the February decline in domestic exports were end products, which were down $12.3 \%$ or $\$ 235$ million to $\$ 1.68$ billion following a $10.4 \%$ increase in January, and fabricated materials which were down $7.8 \%$ or $\$ 145$ million to $\$ 1.69$ billion following a $2.3 \%$ increase in January. There were widespread and substantial declines in exports of end product commodities, apart from cars and trucks which increased $6 \%$ and $4.4 \%$, respectively, following declines of $18 \%$ and $16 \%$ in January. Amongst fabricated material commodities, lumber was down $31 \%$ or $\$ 108$ million to $\$ 238$ million following a $13.4 \%$ increase in January, and woodpulp was down $27 \%$ or $\$ 72$ million to $\$ 196$ million following an $18 \%$ increase in January. Iron and steel exports were down $8 \%$ to $\$ 123$ million whereas non-ferrous metal exports were up $16 \%$ to $\$ 285$ million. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco exports were down $17.5 \%$ or $\$ 80$ million to $\$ 371$ million following an $11 \%$ increase in January.

Wheat exports, which have fluctuated substantially during the last few months, were down $41 \%$ or $\$ 67$ million to $\$ 96$ million following a $57 \%$ increase in January. Crude materials declined only $2.6 \%$ or $\$ 22$ million following a 4\% increase in January. Increases of $25 \%$ in crude petroleum exports to $\$ 180$ million and of $7 \%$ in natural gas exports to $\$ 218$ million were counterbalanced by a decline of $19.4 \%$ in metallic ore exports to $\$ 220$ million.
The pattern of the trend in end product and fabricated material exports was similar to that for total exports. End products had peak increases of $3 \%$ in September and October, dropping to a $1.9 \%$ advance in December to $\$ 1.77$ billion or $36.5 \%$ of total exports. Fabricated materials had a peak increase of $4 \%$ in October 1978, also dropping to a $1.9 \%$ increase in December.to $\$ 1.77$ billion. The behaviour of the trend for most end product commodities was similar to that for the end product section, with two notable exceptions: the trend for passenger car exports peaked in September with a $0.6 \%$ increase and has since declined 1.5\% in October, $2.6 \%$ in November, and 2.9\% in December to $\$ 426$ million or $8.8 \%$ of domestic exports; the rate of increase in the trend for aircraft and other transportation equipment exports continued to climb, showing a $7 \%$ increase in December 1978 to $\$ 140$ million following a $4.6 \%$ increase in October and $6.1 \%$ increase in November. Fabricated material commodity trends also showed a similar pattern to that (continued)

Table 1
Imports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs basis

| : | Total | Total excluding cars | U.S.A. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.K. } \\ & \text { Ilions) } \end{aligned}$ | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other <br> E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Quarter | 10,619.9 | 7,850.8 | 7,451.3 | 331.7 | 2,836.8 | 614.5 | 457.3 |
| Fourth Quarter | 10,702.3 | 7,792.4 | 7,456.3 | 321.3 | 2,924.7 | 578.9 | 481.2 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 10,993.4 | 8,085.6 | 7,693.5 | 344.4 | 2,955.5 | 690.4 | 502.6 |
| Second Quarter | $\cdot 12,228.7$ | 8,952.8 | 8,645.4 | 391.5 | 3,191.8 | 751.7 | 568.1 |
| Third Quarter | 12,547.6 | 9,187.1. | 8,949.1 | 401.5 | 3,197.0 | 706.2 | 621.2 |
| Fourth Quarter | 13,910.1 | 10,412.6 | 9,723.6 | 460.2 | 3,726.3 | 883.3 | 572.9 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 4,368.0 | 3,211.5 | 3,107.5 | 145.7 | 1,114.9 | 234.2 | 235.3 |
| October | 4,483.5 | 3,346.5 | 3,091.5 | 137.1 | 1,254.9 | 296.4 | 209.7 |
| November | 4,628.8 | 3,479.1 | 3,201.3 | 157.2 | 1,270.3 | 282.1 | 170.2 |
| December | 4,797.8 | 3,587.0 | 3,430.8 | 165.9 | 1,201.1 | 304.8 | 193.0 |
| - 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,858.7 | 3,462.9 | 3,707.1 | 138.7 | 1,013.0 | 317.1 | 189.3 |
| February | 4,673.7 | 3,356.8 | 3,499.4 | 84.1 | 1,090.2 | 281.8 | 149.6 |
| $\because$ |  |  | Perc | chang |  |  |  |
| February/January | -3.8 | -3.0 | -5.6 | -39.3 | 7.6 | -11.1 | -21.0 |
| Current 3 months/Previous 3 months | 6.3 | 3.6 | 13.1 | -11.6 | -9.2 | 11.1 | -13.5 |
|  | 6.3 | 3.6 | 13.1 | -11.6 | -9.2 | 17.1 | -13.5 |
| Feb. 79/Feb. 78 | 24.4 | 23.9 | 34.5 | -29.6 | 5.1 | 27.1 | -17.2 |

Table 2
Imports by PrInclpa! Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 3
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings,
Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Monthly |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Dec. <br> 1978 <br> (\$ mi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { illions) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Feb. | Jan. | Dec. |
| Live Animals | 6.2 | 4.9 | 7.0 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 124.6 | 112.9 | 112.4 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 261.4 | 316.6 | 295.7 | 283.8 | 240.6 | 288.7 | -7.8 | 31.5 | 2.4 |
| Meat and fish | 41.5 | 55.6 | 45.2 | 50.3 | 39.4 | 46.1 | -17.5 | 41.1 | -1.8 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 96.1 | 110.1 | 107.3 | 88.6 | 70.3 | 92.1 | 8.3 | 56.6 | 16.4 |
| Raw sugar | 21.6 | 12.9 | 13.2 | 20.2 | 20.0 | 31.9 | 6.8 | -35.4 | -58.4 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 449.3 | 563.7 | 496.3 | 507.5 | 450.4 | 461.7 | -11.4 | 25.1 | 7.5 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 35.3 | 93.5 | 50.2 | 42.0 | 34.9 | 47.3 | -15.9 | 168.1 | 6.1 |
| Coal | 0.9 | 47.0 | 74.3 | 0.6 | 14.7 | 38.9 | 42.9 | 219.0 | 90.8 |
| Crude petroleum | 302.9 | 267.6 | 272.8 | 362.4 | 320.9 | 305.4 | -16.3 | -16.5 | -10.6 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible | 716.4 | 880.5 | 754.3 | 653.7 | 530.1 | 588.7 | 9.5 | 66.0 | 28.1 |
| Wood and paper | 64.3 | 74.9 | 62.1 | 60.9 | 46.4 | 52.1 | 5.5 | 61.5 | 19.1 |
| Textiles | 97.1 | 119.9 | 96.6 | 86.2 | 76.2 | 72.5 | 12.6 | 57.2 | 33.0 |
| Chemicals | 227.0 | 240.6 | 214.7 | 202.5 | 154.6 | 155.9 | 12.0 | 55.6 | 37.7 |
| Iron and steel | 82.9 | 102.7 | 96.4 | 74.6 | 61.9 | 83.9 | 11.2 | 66.0 | 14.8 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 9.6 | 9.4 | 11.4 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 10.9 | 31.5 | 24.5 | 4.7 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 28.5 | 37.4 | 32.1 | 29.1 | 21.7 | 27.9 | -1.8 | 72.2 | 15.0 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 65.1 | 123.9 | 92.1 | 57.6 | 38.0 | 58.1 | 12.9 | 225.9 | 58.4 |
| End Products, Inedible | 2,874.5 | 2,978.7 | 2,683.2 | 2,423.3 | 1,939.8 | 2,109.1 | 18.6 | 53.5 | 27.2 |
| General purpose machinery | 154.2 | 166.0 | 152.6 | 133.2 | 111.1 | 124.7 | 15.7 | 49.3 | 22.3 |
| Special industry machinery | 220.8 | 268.5 | 209.4 | 204.7 | 154.0 | 156.9 | 7.8 | 74.3 | 33.4 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 18.2 | 27.4 | 22.4 | 18.7 | 16.3 | 12.5 | -2.7 | 68.3 | 79.3 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 128.1 | 139.2 | 112.6 | 114.2 | 83.0 | 96.0 | 12.1 | 67.6 | 17.2 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,512.5 | 1,358.3 | 1,294.5 | 1,172.9 | 920.7 | 1,000.0 | 28.9 | 47.5 | 29.4 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 320.2 | 270.3 | 336.6 | 294.0 | 230.4 | 275.6 | 8.8 | 17.2 | 22.1 |
| trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 147.7 | 121.1 | 118.7 | 93.3 | 57.3 | 73.6 | 58.2 | 111.2 | 61.2 |
| Other motor vehicles | 34.9 | 34.4 | 26.8 | 30.2 | 24.9 | 30.5 | 15.6 | 38.1 | -11.9 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 107.6 | 95.7 | 75.8 | 62.7 | 44.9 | 45.4 | 71.6 | 113.0 | 66.8 |
| Motor vehicle engine parts | 46.4 | 48.1 | 41.7 | 61.3 | 56.5 | 59.3 | -24.3 | -14.7 | -29.7 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 670.9 | 638.4 | 530.3 | 516.0 | 425.5 | 427.3 | 30.0 | 50.0 | 24.0 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 69.0 | 11.1 | 59.1 | 11.6 | 2.4 | 10.4 | 497.1 | 371.1 | 468.9 |
| Other equipment and tools | 481.0 | 588.3 | 492.4 | 432.2 | 364.6 | 394.8 | 11.2 | 61.3 | 24.7 |
| Electronic computers | 80.9 | 91.6 | 80.4 | 60.1 | 52.9 | 54.4 | 34.6 | 73.2 | 47.7 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 132.7 | 35.6 | 28.8 | 29.9 | 26.4 | 38.8 | 343.2 | 34.9 | -25.7 |
| Total | 4,440.5 | 4,780.0 | 4,265.2 | 3,901.0 | 3,189.7 | 3,490.2 | 13.8 | 49.8 | 22.2 |

of the total section. A notable example is the lumber export trend for which increases peaked in September at $5.6 \%$, dropping off to a $0.2 \%$ increase in December to $\$ 314$ million.
Monthly increases in the crude material export trend peaked in September, gradually dropping off to an increase of $2.2 \%$ in December to $\$ 830$ million or $17.1 \%$ of domestic exports. The metallic ore export trend peaked in September with an increase of 14.2\%, dropping to a $3.3 \%$ increase in December to $\$ 249$ million. This was to some extent counterbalanced by continuing larger increases in the trends for crude petroleum and natural gas exports. Increases in the crude petroleum exports trend started in September 1978 with an increase of $1.6 \%$, gradually mounting through October and November to a 6.5\% increase in December to $\$ 142$ million. The natural gas export trend started to increase in October by $0.7 \%$, then 2.1\% in November and $3.0 \%$ in December to $\$ 192$ million.
The food, feed, beverages and tobacco export trend peaked in October and declined 1.2\% in November and $3.3 \%$ in December to $\$ 450$ million or $9.2 \%$ of domestic
exports. The wheat export trend peaked in September 1978 and declined $0.2 \%$ in October, $5.5 \%$ in November and $9.5 \%$ in December to $\$ 161$ million.

## Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Commodity Analysis

The main contributors to the decline in seasonallyadjusted February imports (on a Customs basis) were end products - down $7.8 \%$ or $\$ 250$ million to $\$ 2.9$ billion following a $5.7 \%$ increase in January, and fabricated materials - down $10 \%$ or $\$ 90$ million to $\$ 800$ million following a $2 \%$ rise in January. Most commodities in the fabricated material and end product sections of trade declined in February. Industrial machinery declined $16 \%$ or $\$ 70$ million to $\$ 370$ million following a $2 \%$ increase in January. Other equipment and tools declined $17 \%$ or $\$ 55$ million to $\$ 270$ millior following a $9 \%$ increase in January and communication equipment declined $24 \%$ or $\$ 40$ million to $\$ 130$ million following a $17 \%$ increase in January. Two exceptions to the declines were an increase of 19\% for aircraft and (continued)

Table 3 (Continued)
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 \end{array}$ | Year-to-Date |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1977 \end{gathered}$ | Feb.-Feb. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Feb. 1978 (\$ millio | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 79/78 | 78/77 |
| Live Animals | 11.2 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 2.3 | 6.4 | 3.5 | 119.3 | -20.3 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 578.0 | 316.6 | 524.4 | 240.6 | 451.8 | 224.0 | 10.2 | 16.0 |
| Meat and fish | 97.2 | 55.6 | 89.8 | 39.4 | 78.7 | 37.7 | 8.2 | 13.9 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 206.1 | 110.1 | 158.9 | 70.3 | 136.6 | 62.7 | 29.7 | 16.3 |
| Raw sugar | 34.6 | 12.9 | 40.3 | 20.0 | 35.4 | 22.6 | -14.1 | 13.8 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 1,012.9 | 563.7 | 957.9 | 450.4 | 777.6 | 436.9 | 5.7 | 23.1 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 128.8 | 93.5 | 76.9 | 34.9 | 56.6 | 35.0 | 67.6 | 35.6 |
| Coal | 47.9 | 47.0 | 15.4 | 14.7 | 30.5 | 25.2 | 211.8 | -49.6 |
| Crude petroleum | 570.6 | 267.6 | 683.3 | 320.9 | 515.7 | 288.2 | -16.4 | 32.4 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible | 1,596.9 | 880.5 | 1,183.8 | 530.1 | 973.4 | 474.6 | 34.8 | 21.6 |
| Wood and paper | 139.3 | 74.9 | 107.3 | 46.4 | 103.2 | 50.0 | 29.7 | 3.9 |
| Textiles | 217.0 | 119.9 | 162.4 | 76.2 | 135.7 | 67.2 | 33.6 | 19.6 |
| Chemicals | 467.6 | 240.6 | 357.2 | 154.6 | 281.9 | 133.0 | 30.9 | 26.7 |
| Iron and steel | 185.6 | 102.7 | 136.4 | 61.9 | 112.3 | 55.7 | 36.0 | 21.4 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 19.0 | 9.4 | 14.9 | 7.6 | 15.1 | 8.8 | 27.9 | -1.6 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 65.9 | 37.4 | 50.8 | 21.7 | 39.0 | 17.5 | 29.8 | 30.1 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 189.0 | 123.9 | 95.6 | 38.0 | 64.8 | 33.4 | 97.6 | 47.6 |
| End Products, Inedible | 5,853.2 | 2,978.7 | 4,363.1 | 1,939.8 | 3,939.9 | 1,847.0 | 34.1 | 10.7 |
| General purpose machinery | 320.2 | 166.0 | 244.3 | 111.1 | 210.4 | 97.6 | 31.0 | 16.1 |
| Special industry machinery | 489.3 | 268.5 | 358.7 | 154.0 | 336.7 | 157.7 | 36.3 | 6.5 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 45.6 | 27.4 | 35.0 | 16.3 | 22.5 | 11.5 | 30.3 | 55.4 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 267.3 | 139.2 | 197.2 | 83.0 | -230.7 | 111.7 | 35.5 | -14.4 |
| Transportation equipment | 2,870.8 | 1,358.3 | 2,093.7 | 920.7 | 1,856.0 | 840.2 | 37.1 | 12.8 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 590.5 | 270.3 | 524.4 | 230.4 | 446.3 | 188.7 | 12.5 | 17.5 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 268.8 | 121.1 | 150.6 | 57.3 | 157.2 | 63.9 | 78.4 | -4.1 |
| Other motor vehicles | 69.3 | 34.4 | 55.1 | 24.9 | 48.9 | 22.2 | 25.8 | 12.6 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 203.3 | 95.7 | 107.6 | 44.9 | 78.3 | 36.5 | 88.9 | 37.4 |
| Motor vehicle engines parts | 94.6 | 48.1 | 117.8 | 56.5 | 105.2 | 49.7 | -19.7 | 11.9 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 1,309.3 | 638.4 | 941.6 | 425.5 | 838.8 | 394.4 | 39.0 | 12.2 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 80.1 | 11.1 | 13.9 | 2.4 | 13.5 | 7.1 | 475.7 | 2.7 |
| Other equipment and tools | 1,069.3 | 588.3 | 796.8 | 364.6 | 692.7 | 343.6 | 34.1 | 15.0 |
| Electronic computers | 172.6 | 91.6 | 113.0 | 52.9 | 88.5 | 44.2 | 52.6 | 27.7 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 168.3 | 35.6 | 56.3 | 26.4 | 67.6 | 33.2 | 198.7 | -16.7 |
| Total | 9,220.5 | 4,780.0 | 7,090.6 | 3,189.7 | 6,216.6 | 3,019.2 | 30.0 | 14.0 |

other transportation equipment to $\$ 170$ million following a 5.5\% decline in January, and a 3.1\% increase in automotive parts to $\$ 830$ million following a $16 \%$ increase in January. Crude material imports were up $16.4 \%$ to $\$ 540$ million following a $20 \%$ decline in January, mostly as a result of a $60 \%$ increase in crude petroleum imports in February to a more normal level of $\$ 320$ million. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco imports fell $8 \%$ to $\$ 310$ million after a $10 \%$ increase in January.

As with total imports, the trend continued to increase for most major sections and commodities but at a pace which in general slowed in both November and December from peak increases in October 1978. End products increased 3.4\% in October and November, falling off to a 2.8\% increase in December to \$2.95 billion or $62.5 \%$ of total imports. Fabricated materials peaked in October with an increase of $4.6 \%$, falling off to an increase of $\mathbf{2 . 3} \%$ in December to $\$ 840$ million or $18 \%$ of total imports. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco increases in trend peaked in October with a $1.3 \%$ increase, falling off to $0.6 \%$ in December to $\$ 320$
miliion or 6.8\% of total imports. Increases in the crude material import trend peaked in August with an increase of $7.6 \%$ and declined to a $1.6 \%$ increase in November and a 0.3\% decrease in December to \$570 million or $12 \%$ of total imports.

Major exceptions to the pattern of a peak in October 1978 were automotive parts, for which the trend increased 2.9\% in October, 4.2\% in November, and $4.5 \%$ in December to $\$ 740$ million; cars which declined slightly over the four periods up to November 1978 and increased slightly in December to $\$ 327$ million; and crude petroleum imports, for which increases peaked in August 1978 with a $9.5 \%$ increase, falling off to a 3\% decline in the December trend to $\$ 325$ million.

## Trading Partner Anaiysis

## Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

The decline in February exports was evident in all major country groupings. Exports to the United States (continued)

Table 4
Total Exports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | cars | Total excluding and wheat | U.S.A. (\$ millions) | U.K. | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Quarter | 11,097.7 | 8,775.0 |  | 8,232.3 | 7,831.3 | 498.3 | 2,768.0 | 694.6 | 629.1 |
| Fourth Quarter | 11,516.7 | 8,690.4 |  | 8,219.9 | 8,173.5 | 476.2 | 2,867.0 | 673.4 | 615.0 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 12,338.5 | 9,562.0 |  | 9,160.4 | 8,666.6 | 512.1 | 3,159.8 | 711.1 | 683.3 |
| Second Quarter | 12,728.4 | 9,793.1 |  | 9,329.8 | 9,001.8 | 530.9 | 3,195.7 | 697.2 | 743.2 |
| Third Quarter | 13,200.2 | 10,134.0 |  | 9,615.7 | 9,311.8 | 478.7 | 3,409.7 | 674.1 | 806.5 |
| Fourth Quarter | 14,374.2 | 10,871.4 |  | 10,343.9 | 10,019.0 | 483.3 | 3,872.0 | 826.2 | 828.5 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 4,879.9 | 3,840.9 |  | 3,588.1 | 3,256.0 | 165.0 | 1,458.9 | 254.6 | 340.9 |
| October | 4,532.2 | 3,369.5 |  | 3,157.3 | 3,111.3 | 144.7 | 1,276.2 | 260.9 | 208.0 |
| November | $4,988.5$ | 3,847.3 |  | 3,630.0 | 3,409.0 | 198.7 | 1,380.8 | 294.8 | 346.1 |
| December | 4,853.5 | 3,654.6 |  | 3,556.5 | 3,498.7 | 139.8 | 1,215.0 | 270.5 | 274.4 |
| 1979 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 5,165.1 | 3,979.0 |  | 3,825.1 | 3,608.7 | 212.0 | 1,344.4 | 317.8 | 284.6 |
| February | 4,731.7 | 3,651.4 |  | 3,531.9 | 3,389.1 | 136.8 | 1,205.9 | 298.6 | 279.7 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February/January | -8.3 | -8.2 |  | -7.6 | -6.0 | -35.4 | -10.3 | -6.0 | -1.7 |
| Current 3 months/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Previous 3 months | 2.4 | 2.0 |  | 5.1 | 7.3 | -3.9 | -8.5 | 9.4 | -6.2 |
| Feb. 79/Feb. 78 | 14.9 | 14.2 |  | 15.1 | 18.7 | -19.3 | 10.1 | 23.1 | 11.4 |

Table 5
Total Exports by Principal TradIng Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 6
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  |  |  | Mon | thly |  |  |  | ar-to-Ye <br> ent Chan | ges |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. 1978 (\$ mill | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { llions) } \end{aligned}$ | Jan. <br> 1978 | Dec. 1977 | Feb. | Jan. | Dec. |
| Live Animals | 14.6 | 20.1 | 21.7 | 17.7 | 9.5 | 17.8 | -17.7 | 110.5 | 21.4 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco Meat and fish | $\begin{array}{r} 300.1 \\ 95.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 417.6 \\ & 114.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 404.5 \\ & 108.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 341.1 \\ 79.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 281.2 \\ 75.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 456.2 \\ 94.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -12.0 \\ 19.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48.4 \\ 52.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -11.3 \\ 15.3 \end{array}$ |
| Cereals and preparations | 109.9 | 181.3 | 198.1 | 162.3 | 140.5 | 268.7 | -32.2 -212 | 29.0 | -26.2 -435 |
| Wheat | 73.4 | 140.6 | 108.6 | 93.1 | 94.1 | 192.2 | -21.2 | 49.4 | -43.5 |
| Crude Materlals, Inedible | 770.8 | 888.9 | 828.5 | 745.5 | 730.1 | 808.0 | 3.3 | 21.7 | 2.5 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 146.7 | 224.4 | 236.6 | 194.8 | 159.9 | 233.5 | -24.6 | 40.3 | 1.3 |
| Crude petroleum | 167.2 | 173.0 | 154.3 | 137.0 | 163.5 | 154.3 | 22.0 | 5.7 | 0.0 |
| Natural gas | 243.1 | 227.3 | 200.1 | 205.9 | 212.9 | 205.8 | 18.0 | 6.7 | -2.7 |
| Fabricated Materlals, Inedible | 1,630.4 | 1,812.3 | 1,508.6 | 1,515.5 | 1,276.5 | 1,351.0 | 7.5 | 41.9 | 11.6 |
| Wood and paper | 754.5 | 933.1 | 761.1 | 701.9 | 630.9 | 686.8 | 7.4 | 47.8 | 10.8 |
| Lumber, softwood | 221.4 | 316.7 | 235.4 | 234.0 | 205.2 | 194.6 | -5.3 | 54.3 | 20.9 |
| Wood pulp and similar pulp | 203.0 | 262.3 | 199.9 | 173.5 | 147.3 | 169.7 | 17.0 | 78.0 | 17.8 |
| Newsprint paper | 227.3 | 240.1 | 224.9 | 206.9 | 202.0 | 225.3 | 9.8 | 18.8 | -0.1 |
| Textiles | 13.3 | 14.3 | 11.9 | 12.6 | 8.4 | 9.7 | 5.8 | 71.4 | 22.4 |
| Chemicals | 213.3 | 223.2 | 213.0 | 173.6 | 117.9 | 147.2 | 22.8 | 89.3 | 44.6 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 61.4 | 69.7 | 72.0 | 74.6 | 44.8 | 43.5 | -17.7 | 55.5 | 65.4 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 107.2 | 109.7 | 72.3 | 80.7 | 76.4 | 63.9 | 32.8 | 43.7 | 13.1 |
| Iron and steel | 117.1 | 133.3 | 122.2 | 108.7 | 87.2 | 97.5 | 7.7 | $52: 8$ | 25.3 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 277.2 | 228.1 | 212.9 | 309.5 | 237.7 | 228.0 | -10.4 | -4.0 | -6.6 |
| Copper and alloys | 27.7 | 21.6 | 25.3 | 69.7 | 40.1 | 42.7 | -60.2 | -46.0 | -40.8 |
| Nickel and alloys | 47.9 | 20.1 | 11.3 | 76.1 | 71.0 | 54.6 | -37.0 | -71.7 | -79.3 |
| End Products, Inedible | 1,649.5 | 1,702.1 | 1,685.6 | 1,390.8 | 1,151.6 | 1,375.8 | 18.6 | 47.8 | 22.5 |
| Industrial machinery | 128.5 | 146.7 | 138.6 | 116.9 | 89.4 | 110.5 | 9.9 | 64.1 | 25.4 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 53.1 | 45.3 | 44.5 | 53.8 | 25.2 | 40.2 | -1.2 | 79.9 | 10.6 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,205.4 | -1,219.6 | 1,242.8 | 993.9 | 879.9 | 984.9 | 21.2 | 38.6 | 26.1 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 387.9 | 388.2 | 451.2 | 358.6 | 331.8 | 368.6 | 8.1 | 16.9 | 22.3 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 284.0 | 254.1 | 282.4 | 227.7 | 182.1 | 210.1 | 24.6 | 39.5 | 34.4 |
| Other motor vehicles | 19.2 | 30.0 | 22.8 | 12.8 | 15.9 | 25.0 | 50.7 | 89.4 | -8.8 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 82.8 | 92.0 | 86.7 | 78.3 | 85.4 | 65.8 | 5.7 | 7.6 | 31.7 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 299.3 | 331.9 | 287.0 | 241.0 | 213.4 | 238.7 | 24.1 | 55.5 | 20.2 |
| Other equipment and tools | 122.3 | 136.0 | 117.9 | 96.2 | 68.9 | 99.1 | 27.2 | 97.5 | 18.9 |
| Speclal transactions, Trade | 20.9 | 18.4 | 9.1 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 222.3 | 163.5 | 102.5 |
| Total | 4,386.2 | 4,859.4 | 4,457.9 | 4,017.0 | 3,455.9 | 4,013.2 | 9.1 | 40.6 | 11.0 |

were down $6.1 \%$ or $\$ 220$ million following a $3.1 \%$ increase in January. This was a smaller percentage decline than for total exports. The rate of increase in the exports trend to the U.S. peaked in October with an increase of 3.3\%; diminishing to an increase of 2.9\% in November and 2.3\% in December to $\$ 3.43$ billion ( $70 \%$ of total exports).

February exports to the United Kingdom decreased $35.5 \%$ following a $52 \%$ increase in January. Exports to other European Economic Community (EEC) countries declined 6\% in February following a 17.5\% increase in January and exports to Japan declined 1.7\% following a 3.8\% increase in January. Increases in export trends peaked in October for the U.K. and other EEC countries and in September for Japan.
Imports (Seasonaliy Adjusted), Customs Basis Imports from the U.S. declined $5.6 \%$ or $\$ 208$ million' following an $8.1 \%$ increase in January. Increases in the trend of imports from the U.S. peaked in November, one month later than exports to the U.S.. with an increase of $4.0 \%$ diminishing to a $3.6 \%$ increase in December to $\$ 3.4$ billion ( $72.2 \%$ of total imports).

February imports from the U.K. decreased 39.4\% or $\$ 55$ million following a $16.4 \%$ decrease in January. Imports from other EEC countries declined 11.2\% following a 4\% increase in January and imports from Japan declined $21 \%$ following a $1.9 \%$ decrease in January.

The trend in imports from the U.K. peaked in November 1978 and declined 3\% in December to \$142 million ( $3 \%$ of total imports). For Japan it peaked in September and has since declined at an increasing rate with a $4.7 \%$ decrease in December to $\$ 187$ million ( $4 \%$ of total imports). Increases in imports from the other EEC countries peaked in October with a 6.9\% increase, diminishing to a $3.5 \%$ increase in December to $\$ 296$ million ( $6.3 \%$ of total imports).

For further information on area and commodity trade, order the February issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40¢/\$4).

Table 6 (Continued)
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Date |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1977 \end{gathered}$ | Feb.-Feb. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { (\$ mill } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { ions) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 79/78 | 78/77 |
| Live Animals | 34.6 | 20.1 | 27.3 | 9.5 | 16.3 | 9.2 | 27.1 | 67.3 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco Meat and fish | 717.7 210.3 | 417.6 114.7 | 622.3 155.3 | 281.2 75.3 | 579.0 <br> 100.0 | 295.5 48.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 15.3 \\ & 35.4 \end{aligned}$ | 7.4 55.2 |
| Cereals and preparations | 291.2 | 181.3 | 302.8 | 140.5 | 333.3 | 181.5 | -3.8 | -9.1 |
| Wheat | 213.9 | 140.6 | 187.2 | 94.1 | 243.2 | 121.2 | 14.2 | -23.0 |
| Crude Materiais, inedible | 1,659.7 | 888.9 | 1,475.6 | 730.1 | 1,342.4 | 709.2 | 12.4 | 9.9 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 371.0 | 224.4 | 354.6 | 159.9 | 344.0 | 206.7 | 4.6 | 3.0 |
| Crude petroleum | 340.2 | 173.0 | 300.5 | 163.5 | 309.2 | 169.4 | 13.1 | -2.8 |
| Natural gas | 470.4 | 227.3 | 418.8 | 212.9 | 329.9 | 154.4 | 12.3 | 26.9 |
| Fabricated Materlais, inedible | 3,442.7 | 1,812.3 | 2,792.0 | 1,276.5 | 2,157.8 | 1,070.9 | 23.3 | 29.3 |
| Wood and paper | 1,687.6 | 933.1 | 1,332.9 | 630.9 | 1,090.6 | 543.4 | 26.6 | 22.2 |
| Lumber, softwood | 538.1 | 316.7 | 439.1 | 205.2 | 306.1 | 157.0 | 22.5 | 43.4 |
| Woodpulp and similar pulp | 465.3 | 262.3 | 320.8 | 147.3 | 351.0 | 160.2 | 45.0 | -8.6 |
| Newsprint paper | 467.4 | 240.1 | 408.9 | 202.0 | 326.1 | 166.8 | 14.3 | 25.4 |
| Textiles | 27.6 | 14.3 | 20.9 | 8.4 | 16.5 | 7.1 | 32.0 | 26.4 |
| Chemicals | 436.5 | 223.2 | 291.4 | 117.9 | 252.8 | 123.4 | 49.7 | 15.2 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 131.1 | 69.7 | 119.4 | 44.8 | 104.0 | 50.7 | 9.7 | 14.8 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 216.9 | 109.7 | 157.1 | 76.4 | 134.4 | 57.7 | 38.1 | 16.8 |
| Iron and steel | 250.4 | 133.3 | 195.8 | 87.2 | 152.4 | 83.7 | 27.8 | 28.5 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 505.3 | 228.1 | 547.2 | 237.7 | 368.1 | 192.2 | -7.6 | 48.6 |
| Copper and alloys | 49.4 | 21.6 | 109.8 | 40.1 | 82.0 | 44.7 | -55.0 | 33.8 |
| Nickel and alloys | 68.0 | 20.1 | 147.1 | 71.0 | 54.4 | 33.5 | -53.8 | 170.6 |
| End Products, Inedible | 3,351.7 | 1,702.1 | 2,542.3 | 1,151.6 | 2,216.4 | 1,021.6 | 31.8 | 14.7 |
| Industrial machinery | 275.2 | 146.7 | 206.2 | 89.4 | 161.6 | 72.6 | 33.4 | 27.6 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 98.3 | 45.3 | 78.9 | 25.2 | 83.8 | 35.0 | 24.6 | -5.8 |
| Transportation equipment | 2,425.0 | 1,219.6 | 1,873.9 | 879.9 | 1,674.9 | 783.0 | 29.4 | 11.8 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 776.1 | 388.2 | 690.4 | 331.8 | 693.3 | 332.2 | 12.4 | -0.4 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 538.1 | 254.1 | 409.8 | 182.1 | 305.9 | 144.3 | 31.2 | 33.9 |
| Other motor vehicles | 49.3 | 30.0 | 28.6 | 15.9 | 20.5 | 7.7 | 72.1 | 39.6 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 174.8 | 92.0 | 163.8 | 85.4 | 162.2 | 73.5 | 6.7 | 0.9 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 631.2 | 331.9 | 454.4 | 213.4 | 374.6 | 178.3 | 38.8 | 21.3 |
| Other equipment and tools | 258.4 | 136.0 | 165.0 | 68.9 | 132.6 | 59.2 | 56.5 | 24.4 |
| Special Transactlons, Trade | 39.2 | 18.4 | 13.4 | 7.0 | 11.2 | 5.6 | 191.8 | 19.5 |
| Total | 9,245.6 | 4,859.4 | 7,472.9 | 3,455.9 | 6,323.1 | 3,111.9 | 23.7 | 18.1 |

Rallway Carloadings, February 1979 - Advance Information
Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada totalled 17.0 million short tons ( 15.4 million $t$ ) in February, an increase of $6.5 \%$ from a year earlier. The carriers received an additional 1.6 million short tons ( 1.5 million $t$ ) from the United States, a decline of $0.1 \%$ from February 1978.

Commodities showing notablc year-over-year percentage change in the latest month included coppernickel ores and concentrates (down 94.0\% due to a continuing strike at Inco mines); coal (down 18.8\%); and fuel oil (down 17.7\%). Loadings of wheat were up 30.6\%.

In the first two months of 1979, total loadings in Canada registered a $2.1 \%$ decline from JanuaryFebruary 1978, while receipts from U.S. connections were up 8.1\%.

For further information, order the February issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 30\$/\$3) or, for seasonally-adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallieres (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Provincial Government Enterprise Finance, 1976 Advance Information
Provincial and territorial government enterprises (105) reported that sales of goods and services in 1976 increased by $21.1 \%$ over the previous year to $\$ 10,056$ million (out of total income of $\$ 11,023$ million). Total expenditures, before allowance for income tax, were $\$ 9,449$ million. After-tax profits of $\$ 1,545$ million showed an increase of $\$ 559$ million or $56.6 \%$ over 1975. The higher profits in 1976 mostly reflected gains by the larger electric power enterprises and for provincial insurance corporations.

For further information, order Provincial Government Enterprise Finance, 1976 (61-204, \$1.40), or contact Mr. R.C. Sauriol (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

(continued)

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

24-001 (40¢/\$4) Fish Freezings and Stocks, December 1978<br>32-002 (15§/\$1.50) Dairy Factory Production, February 1979<br>32-010 (30¢/\$3) Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, March 1, 1979<br>44-003 (15¢/\$1.50) Gypsum Products, February 1979<br>51-001 (40\$/\$4) Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, October 1978<br>61-005 (40¢/\$4) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, December 1978<br>65-006 (\$2.10/\$8.40) Imports by Countries', January-December 1978<br>82-212 (70థ), Tuberculosis Statistics, Morbidity and Mortality, 1977<br>95-855 (\$3) Provincial Census Tracts: Reference Maps, Ontario, 1976 Census of Canada<br>\section*{Service Bulletins:}<br>13-003 (\$1.40 per year) Science Statistics, Vol. 3, No. 3, Total Expenditures on R\&D in Canada; 1978<br>64-003 (\$1.40 per year) Construction Statistics, Vol. 2, No. 1, Annual Expenditures in Housing, 1977-79

## Note to Data Users

Canada-United States trade in automotive products, shown in this special release, is measured by comparing the import statistics of each country. U.S. statistics on imports from Canada (converted to Canadian dollars) are used to represent Canadian exports because this enables a more exact comparison of the two trade flows. This greater exactness results from several factors. Customs revenue is collected on the basis of import documentation and consequently, the filing and scrutiny of documents is more rigorous. Also the availability of an import tariff code enables a more precise and detailed commodity classification: for example, items such as tires, bearings, radios, fasteners, hardware, fabric, glass, metal materials, lighting fixtures, ignition equipment, etc. which can be related to automobiles or other commodities can be identified as automotive by using the tariff code. As a result, the data in this release, for automotive trade with the United States, differs significantly from data released in all other Statistics Canada trade reports such as the Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade (Daily Bulletin, Catalogue 11-001) and the monthly Summary of External Trade (Catalogue 65-001). Data in these trade reports give a reasonable and more timely approximation of automotive trade; however, they should not be expected to agree precisely with this release.
The data published in Table 1 of this release also appear in the Annual Report of the President to the (U.S.) Congress on the operation of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, and are accepted in both countries as the official measure of trade in automotive products.

Exports to other countries (excluding the United States) are measured using Canadian export statistics, and not the counterpart country import statistics.

Foreign Trade in Automotive Products, 1978 Published only in the Daily and Infomat

## Trade With the United States

Automotive exports to the United States increased more strongly than imports in 1978, exports rising $21.6 \%$ to $\$ 12$ billion compared with a $14.5 \%$ increase in imports to $\$ 12.5$ billion. (These rates of increase, particularly for imports, were more moderate than in 1977 when exports grew $25.2 \%$ and imports $23.3 \%$.) As a result of the stronger 1978 growth in exports than imports, the deficit in automotive trade with the U.S. was halved to $\$ 538$ million in 1978 from $\$ 1,080$ million in 1977 (see Table 1).

The reduction of the deficit in 1978 was mainly due to trade in motor vehicles. Exports of cars increased $17.1 \%$ to $\$ 4.72$ billion compared with an increase in imports of $6 \%$ to $\$ 2.99$ billion; this resulted in an increase of $\$ 522$ million in the surplus on cars to $\$ 1.74$ billion. Exports of trucks and other motor vehicles increased $30.2 \%$ to $\$ 2.56$ billion compared with an increase of $18.2 \%$ in imports to $\$ 1.33$ billion - the trucks and other motor vehicles surplus thus increased

Table 1
Canada-United States Trade in Automotive Products

|  | Annual Totals |  |  | Value Change |  | Percentage change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |  | (\%) |  |
| United States imports Irom Canada* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 3,430 | 4,032 | 4,723 | 602 | 691 | 17.6 | 17.1 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | 1,344 | 1,964 | 2,557 | 620 | 593 | 46.1 | 30.2 |
| Parts | 2,942 | 3,721 | 4,519 | 779 | 798 | 26.5 | 21.4 |
| Tires and tubes | 163 | 144 | 192 | -19 | 48 | -11.7 | 33.3 |
| Total | 7,879 | 9,861 | 11,991 | 1,982 | 2,130 | 25.2 | 21.6 |
| Canadian Imports from United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 2,317 | 2,818 | 2,987 | 501 | 169 | 21.6 | 6.0 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | 970 | 1,122 | -1,326 | 152 | 204 | 15.7 | 18.2 |
| Parts | 5,473 | 6,848 | 8,087 | 1,375 | 1,239 | 25.1 | 18.1 |
| Tires and tubes | 115 | 153 | 129 | 38 | -24 | 33.0 | -15.7 |
| Total | 8,874 | 10,941 | 12,529 | 2,067 | 1,588 | 23.3 | 14.5 |
| Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 1,113 | 1,214 | 1,736 | 101 | 522 | 9.1 | 43.0 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | . 375 | 842 | 1,231 | 467 | 389 | 124.5 | 46.2 |
| Parts | -2,531 | -3,127 | -3,568 | -596 | -441 | 23.5 | 14.1 |
| Tire and tubes | 48 | -9 | 63 | -57 | 72 | - | , |
| Total | -995 | -1,080 | -538 | -85 | 542 | 8.5 | -50.2 |
| Excluded: retroactive adjustments to values of imported parts for special tooling charges | 112 | 77 | - | - | - | - | . - |

* For an explanation of the reason for using U.S. import statistics, see note for data users.
$\$ 389$ million to $\$ 1.23$ billion. The increase in the combined surplus for vehicles was $\$ 911$ million to a level of $\$ 2.97$ billion. The increase in the vehicle surplus was partly offset by a $\$ 441$ million increase in the parts deficit to $\$ 3.57$ billion; parts exports increased $21.4 \%$ to $\$ 4.52$ billion while imports increased $18.1 \%$ to $\$ 8.09$ billion. (Some of the increase in imports of parts is attributable to completely knocked down vehicles destined for affiliated companies in overseas countries.)


## Trade With Other Countries

In contrast to trade with the U.S., exports of automotive products to other countries increased less than imports (see Table 2). Imports were up $38.7 \%$ to $\$ 1.3$ billion while exports rose $26.4 \%$ to $\$ 1.04$ billion. As a result, the deficit with overseas countries increased $\$ 145$ million to reach $\$ 256$ million in 1978. Much of the deterioration in the balance was caused by a $50.6 \%$ increase in imports of foreign cars to $\$ 801$ million compared with a $33.7 \%$ increase in exports to $\$ 460$ million; this increased the car deficit by $\$ 153$ million to $\$ 341$ million. Exports of trucks and other motor vehicles declined $7 \%$ to $\$ 251$ million while imports increased $53.3 \%$ to $\$ 92$ million, thus causing a $\$ 51$ million decline in the surplus to $\$ 159$ million. A $\$ 41$ million deficit in parts changed to a $\$ 52$ million surplus in 1978 - exports of parts increased $61 \%$ to $\$ 314$ million while imports were up $11 \%$ to $\$ 262$ million. The deficit on tires and tubes increased $\$ 32$ million to reach $\$ 135$ million in 1978 . (It should be noted that imports of parts from the U.S. which are attributable to completely knocked down vehicles destined for affiliated
companies in overseas countries, mentioned above, are sometimes included in exports of vehicles to overseas countries and sometimes in parts exports according to the degree of completeness of the vehicle.)

## Passenger Car Imports

The number of passenger cars imported from the U.S. declined $5.9 \%$ in 1978 while the average price increased $12.7 \%$, resulting in a $6 \%$ rise in the value of car imports.
The U.S. share of Canada's passenger car imports fell in 1978 to $74.1 \%$ from $77.5 \%$ in the previous year. Japan and West Germany increased their shares of total imports to hold $17.4 \%$ and $5.5 \%$, respectively. Cars imported from Japan showed the largest increase in average unit value, followed by those from West Germany, France, and the U.K. (see Table 3). Much of these increases appear to have been related to the appreciation of these countries' currencies against the Canadian dollar. It should be noted, however, that introduction of new car lines, basic price increases, and changes in the composition of imports can also affect average unit values.

For further information, contact David Caldwell (613-995-6115), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see tables $2 \& 3$ on next page)

Table 2
Canada-Overseas Countries Trade in Automotive Products

| $\cdots$ | Annual Totals |  |  | Value Change |  | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 | 1977 | 1978 |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |  | (\%) |  |
| Canadian Exports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 220 | 344 | 460 | 124 | 116 | 56.4 | 33.7 |
| Trucks and Other Motor Vehicles | 208 | 270 | 251 | 62 | -19 | 29.8 | -7.0 |
| Parts | 171 | 195 | 314 | 24 | 119 | 14.0 | 61.0 |
| Tires and tubes | 8 | 7 | 10 | -1 | 3 | -12.5 | 42.9 |
| Re-exports | 10 | 10 | 9 | 0 | -1 | 0.0 | -10.0 |
| Total | 617 | 826 | 1,044 | 209 | 218 | 33.9 | 26.4 |
| Canadlan Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 483 | 532 | 801 | 49 | 269 | 10.1 | 50.6 |
| Trucks and Other Motor Vehicles | 50 | 60 | 92 | 10 | 32 | 20.0 | 53.3 |
| Parts | 231 | 236 | 262 | 5 | 26 | 2.2 | 11.0 |
| Tires and tubes | 79 | 110 | 145 | 31 | 35 | 39.2 | 31.8 |
| Total | 843 | 937 | 1,300 | 94 | 363 | 11.2 | 38.7 |
| Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | -263 | -188 | -341 | 75 | -153 | -28.5 | 81.4 |
| Trucks and Other Motor Vehicles | 158 | 210 | 159 | 52 | -51 | 32.9 | -24.3 |
| Parts | -60 | -41 | 52 | 19 | 93 | -31.7 | - |
| Tires and tubes | -71 | -103 | -135 | -32 | -32 | 45.1 | 31.1 |
| Re-exports | 10 | 10 | 9 | 0 | -1 | 0.0 | -10.0 |
| Total | -226 | -111 | -256 | 115 | -145 | -50.9 | 130.6 |

Table 3
Canadian Passenger Car Imports

|  | 1977 |  | 1978 |  | Volume | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change } \\ \text { in } 1978 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Average } \\ \text { Price } \\ \% \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Exchange Rate* \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Units (000) | Share \% | Units <br> (000) | Share \% |  |  |  |
| United States | 584.2 | 77.5 | 549.8 | 74.1 | -5.9 | 12.7 | 7.2 |
| Japan | 119.3 | 15.8 | 129.3 | 17.4 | 8.4 | 37.0 | 37.7 |
| West Germany | 35.3 | 4.7 | 41.1 | 5.5 | 16.4 | 29.9 | 24.1 |
| United Kingdom | 5.3 | - 0.7 | 6.9 | 0.9 | 30.2 | 14.3 | 17.9 |
| France | 7.4 | 1.0 | 7.8 | 1.0 | 5.4 | 15.7 | 17.1 |
| Italy | 1.7 | 0.2 | 3.7 | 0.5 | 117.6 | -0.7 | - |
| Other Countries | 1.0 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 250.0 | -14.9 | - |
| All Countrles | 754.2 | 100.0 | 742.0 | 100.0 | -1.6 | 15.0 | 15.0 |

*Minus (-) sign indicates depreciation of the value of the currency of the country against the Canadian dollar. Rate for all countries is the rate against the Canadian dollar of the SDR, a weighted average of sixte日n major world currencies calculated by the International Monetary Fund.

Coal and Coke Statistics, January 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian coal production increased $15.6 \%$ in January to 2879159 metric tonnes from 2490768 metric tonnes in January 1978. Landed imports rose 90.9\% to 171755 metric tonnes from 89959 metric tonnes a year earlier.

For further information, order the January issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, 40\$/\$4), or contact Dave Madsen (613-992-4021), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Electric Power Statistics, January 1979 - Advance Information
In January, net generation increased to 34.8 TW.h from 33.4 TW.h in January 1978. Hydro generation was up 2.6\% while thermal production increased 7.3\%.

For further information, order the January issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, 30\$/\$3), or contact David Madsen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Financial Institutions
Fourth Quarter 1978 - Advance Information


Further information will be contained in the Statistics Canada publication Financial Institutions, Financial Statistics, fourth quarter 1978 (61-006, \$1.40/\$5.60).

Steel Ingots, Week Ended March 31, 1979 — Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended March 31 was 323,936 short tons (293 870 t ), an increase of $1.5 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 319,215 short tons ( 289587 t ). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 305,995 short tons ( 277594 t ). The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 116211 t ) equalling 100 was 176.8 in the current week, 174.2 a week earlier and 167.0 a year earlier. For further information, contact Mr. Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Estimates of Employees, January 1979 - Advance Information
Monthily summary data are released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in catalogue 72-008, Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, and is also available from Mr. G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.
(see table on next page)

## Advance Estimates of Employees <br> January 1979

| Industry Division and Area(1960 S.I.C.) | Number of Employees Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { J979f } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1978 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | Jan. 1978 (00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1977 \\ & 0^{\prime} \text { 's) } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{1979 f}{\substack{\text { Jan. }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 60.4 | 62.8 | 70.0 | 76.1 | 56.7 | 61.9 | 68.9 | 69.3 | 69.0 | 69.5 |
| Mining (including milling) | 133.9 | 134.6 | 137.0 | 138.2 | 140.1 | 138.4 | 135.5 | 135.7 | 136.8 | 138.4 |
| Manufacturing | 1,804.7 | 1,802.9 | 1,835.1 | 1,845.2 | 1,733.3 | 1,732.0 | 1,854.5 | 1,846.9 | 1,833.3 | 1,831.7 |
| Construction | 376.8 | 391.3 | 458.7 | 486.1 | 372.7 | 394.1 | 440.5 | 447.3 | 447.5 | 446.7 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 795.3 | 797.4 | 810.4 | 815.2 | 771.2 | 781.3 | 816.4 | 816.4 | 817.0 | 810.6 |
| Trade | 1,476.9 | 1,517.7 | 1,511.8 | 1,496.8 | 1,433.5 | 1,458.2 | 1,495.6 | 1,486.7 | 1,483.4 | 1,474.9 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 494.7 | 490.7 | 491.8 | 490.1 | 485.9 | 484.4 | 498.2 | 493.8 | 493.4 | 490.6 |
| Total Service | 2,583.9 | 2,548.6 | 2,596.4 | 2,595.0 | 2,518.8 | 2,495.3 | 2,586.7 | 2,576.3 | 2,571.3 | 2,571.4 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1,456.7 | 1,429.8 | 1,455.3 | 1,438.0 | 1,420.6 | 1,405.5 | 1,413.5 | 1,414.2 | 1,411.3 | 1,408.3 |
| Commercial Service | 1,127.2 | 1,118.7 | 1,141.1 | 1,156.9 | 1,098.8 | 1,089.8 | 1,173.2 | 1,162.1 | 1,160.1 | 1,163.1 |
| Public Administration and Defence(1) | 605.7 | 612.8 | 619.2 | 620.1 | 607.4 | 612.7 | 623.6 | 630.6 | 632.4 | 631.0 |
| Total Non-agricultural | $8,340.3$ | 8,368.6 | 8.540 .5 | 8,575.6 | 8,123.9 | 8,164.2 | 8,531.5 | 8,516.4 | 8,496.0 | 8,478.6 |
| Total Non-agriculturai industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 126.7 | 129.4 | 133.8 | 135.5 | 122.7 | 124.5 | 135.5 | 133.9 | 132.6 | 131.6 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28.5 | 29.5 | 30.2 | 30.7 | 26.3 | 27.7 | 31.1 | 30.8 | 30.2 | 30.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 242.8 | 245.3 | 249.5 | 252.8 | 232.1 | 237.6 | 252.7 | 251.3 | 248.3 | 249.6 |
| New Brunswick | 181.4 | 183.8 | 190.6 | 193.6 | 178.7 | 183.6 | 193.2 | 191.9 | 191.8 | 190.8 |
| Quebec | 2,098.2 | 2,096.4 | 2,154.8 | 2,164.3 | 2,061.9 | 2,071.2 | 2,136.9 | 2,132.3 | 2,134.8 | 2,130.7 |
| Ontario | 3,358.6 | 3,367.3 | 3,427.8 | 3,430.1 | 3,288.0 | 3,302.3 | 3,427.0 | 3,425.2 | 3,414.0 | 3,398.5 |
| Manitoba | 345.5 | 347.0 | 350.0 | 352.9 | 336.6 | 338.3 | 352.7 | 352.1 | 347.4 | 348.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 256.8 | 257.2 | 262.4 | 266.2 | 246.7 | 251.0 | 262.0 | 259.8 | 260.8 | 264.4 |
| Alberta | 759.2 | 765.3 | 778.1 | 776.3 | 724.4 | 718.4 | 775.5 | 774.9 | 774.1 | 770.5 |
| British Columbia | 911.8 | 915.0 | 930.5 | 936.5 | 880.8 | 882.2 | 928.9 | 926.7 | 926.5 | 925.7 |
| Canada(3) | 8,340.3 | 8,368.6 | 8,540.5 | 8,575.6 | 8,123.9 | 8,164.2 | 8,531.5 | 8,516.4 | 8,496.0 | 8,478.6 |

I first estimate based on a limited number of returns
p preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended March 21, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Railways in Canada loaded 4.3 million $\mathrm{t}(4.7$ million short tons) of revenue freight in the above-noted week, an increase of $16.6 \%$ over the corresponding seven days in 1978. Tonnage was up $25.0 \%$ in the East and $8.7 \%$ in the West.

Container-trailer (piggyback) shipments (included above) rose $5.3 \%$ in the East but dropped $13.7 \%$ west of the Lakehead to register an over-all decline of $0.4 \%$. The number of railway cars loaded in the latest period showed a gain of $2.6 \%$ to 7,713 units.
In the period January 1 through March 21, 1979, rail freight loadings aggregated 45.1 million t ( 49.7 million
short tons), up 0.4\% from 1978. Cumulative containertrailer (piggyback) traffic was $1.2 \%$ below the yearearlier level.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
(see table on next page)

## Railway Carloadings

7-day period ending March 21, 1979

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,442,539 | 2,263,658 | 4,706,197 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 1,953,820 | 2,083,393 | 4,037,213 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2215834 | 2053556 | 4269390 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1772476 | 1890022 | 3662498 |
| \% change | 25.0 | 8.7 | 16.6 |
| Cars, 1979 | 40,511 | 33,016 | 73,527 |
| Cars, 1978 | 34,777 | 31,243 | 66,020 |
| \% change | 16.5 | 5.7 | 11.4 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 173,223 | 60,241 | 233,464 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 164,577 | 69,842 | 234,419 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 157145 | 54650 | 211795 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 149302 | 63360 | 212662 |
| \% change | 5.3 | -13.7 | -0.4 |
| Cars, 1979 | 5,267 | 2,446 | 7,713 |
| Cars, 1978 | 4,831 | 2,684 | 7,515 |
| \% change | 9.0 | -8.9 | 2.6 |
| Year-lo-date |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 26,231,275 | 23,508,984 | 49,740,259 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 26,460,907 | 23,061,598 | 49,522,505 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 23796612 | 21326992 | 45123604 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 24004931 | 20921130 | 44926061 |
| \% change | -0.9 | 1.9 | 0.4 |
| Cars, 1979 | 428,582 | 346,339 | 774,921 |
| Cars, 1978 | 430,786 | 348,057 | 778,843 |
| \% change | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.5 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 1,804,674 | 693,936 | 2,498,610 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 1,870,957 | 659,232 | 2,530,189 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 1637173 | 629528 | 2266701 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1697304 | 598045 | 2295349 |
| \% change | -3.5 | 5.3 | -1.2 |
| Cars, 1979 | 54,996 | 26,771 | 81,767 |
| Cars, 1978 | 55,375 | 26,656 | 82,031 |
| \% change | -0.7 | 0.4 | -0.3 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

## Selected Principal Statistics for Breweries

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1093 , |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 42 | 41 | -2.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 7,033 | 7,262 | 3.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 14,726 | 15,192 | 3.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 112,385 | 124,942 | 11.2 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 14,897 | 16,981 | 14.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 241,947 | 250,544 | 3.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 736,051 | 815,587 | 10.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 481,662 | 547,494 | 13.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 11,632 | 12,112 | 4.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 194,643 | 216,875 | 11.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 493,645 | 557,239 | 12.9 |

For further information, contact Mr. T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Breweries 1977 (32-205, 70¢).

Selected Principal Statistics for Confectionery Manufacturers
$1976^{\circ}$ and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1081 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 94 | 89 | -5.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,701 | 6,455 | -3.7 |
| Man-hours paid . | 000's | 13,792 | 13,186 | -4.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 60,303 | 63,173 | 4.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity, | \$000 | 4,911 | 5,844 | 19.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 243,756 | 263,595 | 8.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 489,259 | 526,740 | 7.7 |
| Value added | \$000 | 243,418 | 265,162 | 8.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 9,219 | 9,092 | -1.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 93,694 | 101,228 | 8.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 251,167 | 272,200 | 8.4 |

For further information, contact Mr. T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Confectionery Manufacturers, 1977 (32-213, 70¢).

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Viking Building
Crosbie Rd.
St. John's, Nfld.
A1B 3P2
(709-726-0713)
1256 Barrington St.
Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6
(902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montreal, Que.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E.
Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave. Winnipeg, Man.
R3C OK4
(204-949-4020)

530 Midtown Centre
Regina, Sask.
S4P 2 B6
(306-569-5405)
10025 106th St.
Edmonton, Alta.
T5J 1G9
(403-425-5052)
1145 Robson St.
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 188
(604-666-3695)


## CONTENTS

2 The Distribution of Income and Wealth in Canada, 1977
2 Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance Statistics, January 1979
2 Farm Wages in Canada, February 15, 1979

## Publications to be Continued

Four reports (catalogues 32-015, 41-010, 41-018 and 46-001), which were included in the list of Statistics Canada publications scheduled to be discontinued due to budgetary reductions (Daily of November 2, 1978), have been reinstated. But three other publications (81-209, 81-239 and 83-204p) have been discontinued with an earlier issue than previously announced. Full details are provided on page 2 of today's Daily.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-012 (30థ/\$3) Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, March 1979
33-205 (70¢) Miscellaneous Leather Products Manufacturers, 197.7
35-003 (30¢/\$3) British Columbia Sawmills and Planing Mills, January 1979
36-004 (15¢/\$1.50) Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, February 1979
41-204 (70¢) Aluminum Rolling, Casting and Extruding, 1977
47-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles, February 1979
53-219 (70థ) Road Motor Vehicles - Registrations, 1977.
55-002 ( $30 \Phi / \$ 3$ ) Gas Utilities, December 1978
57-202 (\$1.40) Electric Power Statistics, Volume II, Annual Statistics, 1977
63-014 (40\$/\$4) Merchandising Inventories, December 1978

## New Publications:

99-755E (\$2.10) Income Distribution and Inequality in Canada by Roger Love

## Publication Changes

The following: four Statistics Canada publications which had been scheduled to be discontinued have been reinstated effective as follows:

- The quarterly report Bread and Other Bakery Products (catalogue 32-015) has been reinstated effective with the issue for the first quarter of 1979.
- The service bulletin Minerals Service Bulletin (catalogue 41-010) has been reinstated as of the first issue available.
- The service bulletin Metals Service Bulletin (catalogue 41-018) has been reinstated as of the first issue available.
- The monthly report Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers (catalogue 46-001) has been reinstated
: with the first issue for March 1979 to contain data for the first three months of the year.
- Three other püblications have been discontinued with an earlier issue thian previously announced:
- The annuall report Vocational and Technical Training (catalogue 81-209) has been discontinued effective with the issue for 1976-77.
- The annual report Students in Public Trade Schools and Similar Institutions (catalogue 81-239) has been discontinued effective with the issue for 1976-77.
- The annual report Mental Health Statistics. Patient Movement, Preliminary (catalogue 83-204p) has been discontinued effective with the 1977 issue.


## The Distribution of Income and Wealth in Canada,

 1977 - Advance InformationMean wealth of all family units was $\$ 46,273$ while their average income was $\$ 15,849$ in 1976, according to the latest in a series of data on assets and debts of Canadian households collected as a supplement to the Survey of Consumer Finances conducted in May 1977. Both the distribution of wealth and mean wealth varied considerably according to family income group: for instance, family units with incomes under $\$ 3,000$ had a mean wealth of $\$ 16,657$ with $30 \%$ of these holding wealth of less than $\$ 1,000$ while family units with incomes of $\$ 35,000$ and over had a mean wealth of $\$ 205,859$ with $31.1 \%$ of these reporting wealth of $\$ 150,000$ and over.

The composition of wealth at the national level indicates that the value of owner-occupied homes accounted for $47.9 \%$ of total asset holdings followed by $19.3 \%$ of assets held in the form of equity in business/professional interests. Only one-fifth of total asset holdings consisted of liquid and other financial assets. The composition of wealth again varied with the size of family income (see Table 2). On the debt side, mortgage debt on the home was the biggest financial liability; this liability, when expressed as a percentage proportion of total asset holdings, amounted to $10.8 \%$ at the national level compared to a maximum value of $18.9 \%$ for family units in the $\$ 20,000-\$ 24,999$ income group.

Some $59.6 \%$ of all family units owned their homes and the average market value of an owner-occupied home was estimated at $\$ 43,843$. Again, $54 \%$ of all home owners had a mortgage on the home and their average mortgage indebtedness amounted to $\$ 18,285$. (Table 3
further shows the proportion of family units with selected types of assets and debts and their respective average amounts.)

For more detailed data on the distribution and composition of wealth of families by their selected socio-demographic characteristics, see the forthcoming report entitled The Distribution of Income and Wealth in Canada. 1977 (Catalogue no. 13-570). scheduled for release in the fall of 1979. Enquiries concerning this survey should be directed to the Data Dissemination Section (613-992-4742). Consumer Income and Expenditure Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
(see table on next page)
Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance Statistics, January 1979
Persons qualifying for unemployment insurance benefits for the week ended January 13 reached $932.000^{*}$, up $20 \%$ from the previous month (about the same rate of increase was noted between December 1977 and January 1978). Compared with January 1978. the number of beneficiaries was $8 \%$ lower.

Benefits paid in January amounted to $\$ 526^{*}$ million, an increase of $61 \%$ from December. A rise of $64 \%$ in the number of weeks of benefit paid was partly offset by a small drop in the average weekly benefit. (A substantial increase in paid benefits always occurs between December and January of each year.)

Claimants applying for benefits in January numbered 308,000, up 12\% from December and up 3\% from a year earlier.

* The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to the benefit payments made during the month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month. the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardless of when they received payment.
(see table on page 5)


## Farm Wages in Canada, February 1979

The Farm Wages in Canada series provides estimates of average cash wages paid to hired farm labour, by province, as of a particular date. For further information, order Farm Wages in Canada (21-002, \$1.40 a year), or contact Michael Trant (613-995-4896), Agriculture Division, Statistics .Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.

## Average Wages of Farm Help Per Hour (Without Board)

as at February 15, 1979

| Maritimes (P.E.I., N.S., N.B.) |  | 3.36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Québec |  | 3.59 |
| Ontario |  | 3.72 |
| Manitoba |  | 4.27 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 4.18 |
| Alberta $\cdots$. . | 2. | 4.25 |
| British Columbia |  | 4.49 |
| Canada | $\cdots \cdot \cdots$ | 3.89 |

Table 1
Percentage Distribution of Families and Unattached Individuals by Size of Wealth*, ;and by Income Groups, Canada
Spring 1977

| Wealth Group |  | 1976 Income Group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total | Average Income in 1976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Under } \\ & \$ 3,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 6,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 7,000 \\ 10 \\ 10,999 \end{array}$ | \$11,000 to 14.999 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 15,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 19,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 20,000 \\ 10 \\ 24,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 25,000 \\ \text { to } \\ 34,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 35,000 \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Over } \end{array}$ |  |  |
|  |  | \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$ |
| Negative |  | 10.9 | 12.6 | 14.5 | 12.6 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 9.3 | 10,831 |
| Zero |  | 8.9 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | 1.5 | 4,616 |
| Under \$1,000 |  | 30.1 | 18.9 | 12.3 | 6.4 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 0.5 | . - | 9.2 | 6,706 |
| \$1,000-\$4,999 |  | 12.9 | 14.8 | 15.8 | 16.0 | 9.8 | 5.6 | 2.8 | 0.9 | 10.9 | 10,838 |
| 5,000-9,999 |  | 6.3 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 8.8 | 11.3 | 4.7 | 2.7 | 7.6 | 14,875 |
| 10,000-14,999 |  | 5.7 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 8.3 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 5.6 | 14,491 |
| 15,000-29,999 |  | 6.5 | 11.8 | 10.8 | 14.1 | 17.3 | 17.2 | 14.6 | 4.5 | 13.0 | 15,759 |
| 30,000-49,999 |  | 8.2 | 12.8 | 10.9 | 14.1 | 17.0 | 19.9 | 20.8 | 12.5 | 14.8 | 17,120 |
| 50,000-99,999 |  | 7.7 | 11.7 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 177 | 23.6 | 32.2 | 27.8 | 17.4 | 19,448 |
| 100.000-149.999 |  | 1.2 | 2.4 | 6.0 | 4.0 | -6.1 | 6.1 | 9.3 | 17.9 | 5.8 | 22,354 |
| 150.000-299.999 |  | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 14.8 | 3.2 | 28,222 |
| 300.000 and over |  | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 16.3 | 1.7 | 50,316 |
| Total |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 15,849 |
| Mean wealth | \$ | 16,657 | 23,692 | 31,235 | 33,896 | 40,612 | 46,567 | 67,939 | 205,859 | 46,273 |  |
| Median wealth | \$ | 1.065 | 5,680 | 9,506 | 14,140 | 25,086 | 33.449 | 49,223 | 98,200 | 21,754 |  |
| Mean assets | \$ | 18,121 | 25,455 | 34,950 | 40,794 | 50,974 | 60,701 | 82,224 | 228,128 | 54,482 |  |
| Mean debt | \$ | 1,464 | 1,763 | 3,715 | 6,898 | 10,362 | 14,134 | 14,285 | 22,269 | 8,209 |  |
| Sample size |  | 942 | 2,165 | 1,893 | 1,886 | 2,138 | 1,503 | 1,414 | 793 | 12,734 |  |

* Family's wealth or net worth as defined here refers to the value of total asset holdings less total debt. Total assets consist of liquid and other financial assets (see footnotes " and *" of Table 2), estimated market value of home, estimated market value of automobiles and equity in vacation home, other real estate and business/professional interests. Total debt, on the other hand, consists of consumer debt (see footnote *** of Table 2), other personal debt and mortgage debt on home.

It may be noted that total asset holdings as used here do not include equity in life insurance policy and accrued claims against work-related retirement pension funds and value of consumer durables other than automobiles.
(see table on next page)

Table 2
Percentage Composition of Wealth (Total Assets=100\%) of Families and Unattached Individuals, Within Income Size Groups, Canada
Spring 1977


* May not add due to rounding.
* Liquid assets consist of cash on hand, deposits in banks and other institutions, savings certificates and all types of bonds including Canada Savings Bonds.
** Other financial assets include stock holdings, mortgage holdings, Registered Retirement Savings Plans, Registered Home Ownership Savings Plans, and other miscellaneous financial assets including loans to other persons and businesses.
*** Consumer debt consists of money owed on credit cards, charge accounts and instalment debt, bank loans (except student loans and loans secured against securities as collateral), loans from sales finance and consumer loan companies, credit unions and caisses populaires.
(see table on next page)

Table 3
Percentage Proportion of Families and Unattached Individuals with Selected Types of Assets and Debts, Canada
Spring 1977

| Selected component | All Family Units |  | Families |  | Unattached Individuals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Proportion with component | Average amount - holders/ debtors only* | Proportion with component | Average amount - holders/ debtors only** | Proportion with component | Average amount - holders debtors only" |
|  | (\%) | (\$) | (\%) | (\$) | (\%) | (\$) |
| Chartered bank deposits | 78.3 | 4,443 | 79.3 | 4,792 | 75.7 | 3,492 |
| All other deposits | 33.4 | 5,638 | 37.4 | 5,508 | 22.9 | 6.190 |
| Canada Savings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds | 23.5 | 5,576 | 25.2 | 5,391 | 19.3 | 6,203 |
| Total stocks | 8.5 | 10,946 | 9.7 | 11,652 | 5.4 | 7.657 |
| Registered Retirement Savings Plans | 14.3 | 6.225 | 16.9 | 6,589 | 7.8 | 4.166 |
| Equity in business/professional |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| interests | 13.0 | 80,763 | 16.4 | 81.627 | 4.1 | 71,734 |
| Own a home | 59.6 | 43,843 | 72.1 | 45,273 | 26.8 | 33,838 |
| Own a vacation home and'or other |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| real estate | 16.4 | 27.793 | 19.6 | 27.731 | 8.0 | 28,187 |
| Own a passenger car | 72.7 | 3.212 | 84.1 | 3.379 | 42.8 | 2,359 |
| Bank debt* | 27.3 | 4.850 | 30.4 | 5.330 | 19.3 | 2.887 |
| Consumer debt | 53.2 | 3.468 | 60.0 | 3,825 | 35.6 | 1,904 |
| Average income in 1976 |  | 15.849 |  | 19,010 |  | 7,621 |
| Mortgage debt on home (for home-owning family units) | 54.0 | 18,285 | 58.6 | 18,438 | 21.7 | 15,398 |

- Bank debt includes both secured and unsecured loans owed to chartered banks, excluding mortgage loans on owneroccupied homes.
* Calculated by dividing the aggregate amount of component by the number of family units reporting that component.


## Unemployment Insurance Statistics

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | \% Change From |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { Dec. }} \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Jan. } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid ( $\mathbf{5 0 0 0}$ ) | 525.946 | 326.546 | 513,674 | 61 | 2 |
| Weeks of benefit (000) | 4.667 | 2,853 | 4,712 | 64 | -1 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$) | 112.70 | 114.46 | 109.01 | -2 | 3 |
| Claims received (000) | 308 | 276 | 300 | 12 | 3 |
| Beneficiaries (000) | 932p | 779p | 1,011 | 20 | -8 |

[^1]

Thursday, April 5, 1979

## CONTENTS



## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-202E (Canada: \$15.00, Other countries \$18.00) Canada Year Book, 1978-79

31-529 (\$2.10) Apparent Domestic Availability of Selected Manufactured Products, 1975

32-013 (15థ/\$1.50) The Sugar Situation, February 1979
36-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Hardboard, February 1979
56-003 (15¢/\$1.50). Radio Broadcasting, December 1978
63-004 (\$1.50 per year) Department Store Sales by Regions, February 1979

Industry Selling Price . Index: Manufacturing (1971=100), February 1979 - Advance Information
The Industry Selling Price Index for manufacturing rose 1.2.\% to 205.7 in Februấrỳ from its revised January level of 203.2 The index was 12.5\% higher than in February 1978 when it stood at 182.8. The 12 -month increase was the largest since May 1975 when the year-to-year change was 12:6\%.: February's rise followed-a 2,2\% increase' in January over December.

The major groups having the most impact on the total index in February were food and beverage industries, primary metal industries, paper and allied industries, wood industries and metal fabricating industries.
The food and beverage group index rose $2.0 \%$, due largely to an increase of $6.3 \%$ for slaughtering and meat processors (prices of fresh/frozen beef rose by $8.2 \%$, fresh/frozen pork increased by 7.0\%). Other changes were rises of $0.8 \%$ for the dairy products industry, $1.5 \%$ for the fish products industry and 4.4\% for cane and beet sugar processors.
The main contribution to the $3.2 \%$ increase in the primary metal group index was rise of $6.3 \%$ for smelting and refining, mainly due to higher prices for zinc, precious metals and copper. The refined zinc index climbed $14.0 \%$ and that for refined copper $3.7 \%$. Copper and copper alloy rolling, casting and extruding showed a rise of $7.5 \%$. Metal rolling, casting and extruding (n.e.s.) increased by $5.3 \%$, partly due to an advance of $12.2 \%$ for secondary non-ferrous metalsaluminum. The iron and steel mills index rose $0.6 \%$, largely because of an increase of $5.7 \%$ for concrete reinforcing bars.

The paper and allied industries index was up 1.7\% in February, reflecting a rise of $2.2 \%$ for pulp and paper mills, brought about mainly by a price increase of $4.5 \%$ for white newsprint in rolls.
A rise of $1.2 \%$ in the wood products group index was attributable mainly to increases of $1.6 \%$ for sawmills and planing mills (planed spruce was up 2.4\%, hemlock 1.9\% and cedar 1.6\%), 1.0\% for veneer and plywood mills (Douglas fir plywood up $1.1 \%$ and yellow birch plywood $5.4 \%$ ), and $0.5 \%$ for sash and door and other millwork plants.

The metal fabricating group index increased by $0.7 \%$, due in part to an increase of $0.4 \%$ in the metal stamping and pressing industry index and $0.6 \%$ for wire and wire products manufacturers.

The major groups which contributed most to the January to February 1979 increase also had the most effect over the February 1978 to February 1979 period. The 12 -month percentage increases in these groups were $15.0 \%$ for food and beverage industries, $18.1 \%$ for primary metal industries, $16.7 \%$ for paper and allied industries, $17.0 \%$ for wood industries and $12.1 \%$ for metal fabricating industries.

For further information, contact the Information Unit, Industrial Prices (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5
(see table on next page)
New Motor Vehicle Sales, February 1979 - Advance Information
New motor vehicles sold in February totalled 99,071 units, up 2.8\% from a year earlier. This included 62,535 passenger cars (up $8.2 \% \%$ ) and 27,972 commercial vehicles (up 11.6\%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 7,948 passenger cars (down $37.0 \%$ ) and 616 commercial vehicles (down $31.2 \%$ ) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased $20.7 \%$ to $\$ 796.9$ million Canadian and U.S. passenger cars sold for $\$ 458.3$ million (up 22.8\%) and commercial vehicles for $\$ 278.1$ million (up 29.5\%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas decreased $16.6 \%$ to $\$ 56.3$ million and those of commercial vehicles decreased $14.5 \%$ to $\$ 4.2$ million Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 224 units of coaches and buses valued at $\$ 6.4$ million.
Seasonally-adjusted February sales of passenger cars manufactured in Canada and the U.S. increased $9.3 \%$ from January to 74,259 units and those of passenger cars from overseas decreased $12.9 \%$ to 10,647 units. Similarly-adjusted sales of all commercial vehicles were up $9.1 \%$ to 32,966 units.
For the first two monthis of 1979, total sales reached 187,525 units ( 180,740 in 1978) with an accumulated value of $\$ 1 ; 471.9$ million. This represented an increase of $19.1 \%$ in value over sales for January-February 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of New. Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, 30\$/\$3), or contact M. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing
(1971=100)


- These indexes are preliminary.
(1) Group weights are based on 1971 value of shipments (Census of Manufactures, 1971).
(2) Included are the following major groups: 7. Clothing Industries, 15, Transportation Equipment Industries, 18. Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 20. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, February 1979 - Advance Information
The trend noted in earlier months of a year-over-year reduction in the number of Canadians returning from international travel continued in February; and while United States visitors declined in February, the number of visitors from all countries in the first two months of the year rose moderately.

Preliminary statistics for February show that 1.3 million U.S. visitors entered Canada, down 3.3\% from February 1978. Canadian residents returning from the U.S. numbered 2.0 million, a decrease of $11.8 \%$ from last year. Visitors entering Canada from countries other than the U.S. totalled 40,800 , up $12.5 \%$, while Canadian travellers returning from these countries decreased by $4.0 \%$ to 142,100 .

On a year-to-date basis, 2.4 million U.S. visitors entered Canada, up 1.5\% from January-February 1978, while the number of Canadian travellers returning from the U.S. decreased by $7.7 \%$ to 4.1 million. Visitors from other countries totalled 83,600 , an increase of $9.3 \%$, whereas Canadian residents returning from these countries numbered 333,400, down $1.3 \%$ from the same period last year.

Longer-term travellers from the U.S. (including overnight or longer auto and bus traffic and all plane, boat and train entries) were up $1.8 \%$ for the JanuaryFebruary period despite the drop (0.9\%) in February. Canadians returning from the U.S. decreased by 3.9\%,
due to a sharp decline of $8.2 \%$ in February. Tourists from other countries (excluding those arriving by land via the U.S. and entering and leaving on the same day) increased by $8.1 \%$, following a significant rise of $10.1 \%$ in February, while Canadian long-term travellers returning from these countries showed a $1.3 \%$ drop as a result of a $4.0 \%$ decrease in February.

For further information, order the February issue of International Travel - Advance Information (66-002, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Mr. Mike Valiquette (613-9950847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Salt, February 1979 - Advance Information

Energy, Mines and Resources reports that Canadian shipments of salt and salt content of brine increased to 710559 metric tonnes in February 1979 from 694268 metric tonnes a year earlier. This brought output for the first two months of 1979 to 1428346 metric tonnes from 1368989 metric tonnes in January-February 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of Production of Canada's Leading Minerals (26-007, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact John Brennan (613-995-9351), Mineral Policy Sector, Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa K1A OE4.

Police Strength and Transport, Canada
1977 and 1978

|  | Full-time Personnel |  |  |  |  |  | Transport |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total <br> Actual Strength | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Personnel } \\ \text { Rate Per } \\ 1,000 \\ \text { Population } \end{array}$ | Actual Strength | $\begin{array}{r} \text { olice } \\ \text { Rate Per } \\ 1,000 \\ \text { Population* } \end{array}$ | Cadets Per <br> Actual Strength | and Other sonnel <br> Rate Per <br> 1,000 <br> Population* | Automobiles | Motorcycles | Other <br> Motor <br> Vehicles |
| 1977 | 65,037 | 2.8 | 52,303 | 2.3 | 12,734 | 0.5 | 13,312 | 817 | 1.293 |
| 1978 | 67,471 | 2.9 | 54,325 | 2.3 | 13,146 | 0.6 | 14,459 | 826 | 1.182 |
| \% change | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.9 | - | 3.2 | 20.0 | 8.6 | 1.1 | -8.6 |

*Rates are based on Census population estimates for June 1. 1977, 1978.
Additional information can be obtained by contacting Project Manager (613-995-0855). Justice Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Alrport Activity, August 1978 - Advance Information Airport activity statistics for the top 50 airports in Canada are now available for the month of August 1978.

Total scheduled enplaned plus deplaned passenger statistics for Toronto International, Montreal (Dorval) International and Mirabel International are shown in the accompanying table.

The complete airport tables and further information may be obtained by contacting Mr. E. DiSanza (819-997-1986), Airport Activity Survey, Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

## Airport Activity,

August 1978

|  | Toronto <br> International | Montreal <br> International | Mirabel <br> International |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| August 1978 | $1,051,441$ | 497,579 | 142,736 |
| August 1977 | 930,798 | 442,225 | 127,799 |
| $\%$ change | 13.0 | 12.5 | 11.7 |

Asbestos, February 1979 - Advance Information
Energy, Mines and Resources reports that producers' shipments of asbestos increased to 109331 metric tonnes in February from a revised 97285 metric tonnes in February 1978. This brought year-to-date shipments to 217773 metric tonnes in 1979 from 183924 (revised) in the 1978 period.

For further information, order the February issue of Production of Canada's Leading Minerals (26-007, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact John Brennan (613-995-9351), Mineral Policy Sector, Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa K1A 0E4.

Department Store Sales by Regions, February 1979
Department store sales totalled $\$ 449.2$ million in February, an increase of $4.6 \%$ from a year earlier. Sales were up in all regions of Canada except Alberta and British Columbia.
Department store sales by regions for the latest month, with percentage changes from February 1978 in brackets:

- Ontario, \$161.1 million (5.1\%).
- Quebec, $\$ 86.0$ million ( $15.1 \%$ ).
- British Columbia, $\$ 76.6$ million ( $-1.8 \%$ ).
- Alberta, $\$ 64.3$ million ( $-0.4 \%$ ).
- Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 26.1$ million ( $6.5 \%$ ).
- Manitoba, $\$ 23.2$ million ( $0.1 \%$ ).
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 12.0$ million ( $6.2 \%$ ).

For further information, order the February issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50 a year).

## Selected PrIncipal Statistics for Household Furnlture Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2619 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 653 | 639 | -2.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 22,633 | 20,363 | -10.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 48,886 | 43,539 | -10.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 202,099 | 194,553 | -3.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 7,666 | 8,600 | 12.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 372,812 | 357,105 | -4.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 770,123 | 759,439 | -1.4 |
| Value added | \$000 | 402,238 | 393,724 | -2.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 26,457 | 23,901 | -9.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 254,357 | 247,238 | -2.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 403,375 | 393,494 | -2.4 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Household Furniture Manufacturers, 1977 (35-211, 709).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Electric Lamp and Shade Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2680 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 60 | 54 | -10.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,407 | 1,199 | -14.8 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 2,924 | 2,520 | -13.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 9,923 | 9,420 | -5.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 316 | 383 | 21.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 23,082 | 20,563 | -10.9 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 47,720 | 45,282 | -5.1 |
| Value added | \$000 | 24,514 | 24,600 | 0.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,767 | 1,519 | -14.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 14,230 | 13,629 | -4.2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 24,735 | 24,626 | -0.4 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Electric Lamp and Shade Manufacturers, 1977 (35-214, 709).


Friday, April 6, 1979

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6 Pen and Pencil Manufacturers, 1977
6 Manufacturers of Major Appliances, 1977
5 Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, January 1979
4 - Visual Artists Survey, 1978
6 Potato Planting Intentions, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-001 (30థ/\$3) Farm Cash Receipts, January 1979
22-002E ( $\$ 5.60$ for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 2, March Intentions of Principal Field Crop Area, Canada - Available April 6, 1979 at 3 p.m.

44-213 (70¢) Stone Products Manufacturers, 1977
(continued)

## 44-215 (70¢) Clay Products Manufacturers (from Domestic Clays), 1977

62-003 (15¢/\$1.50) Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, November 1978

## 67-001 (\$1.05/\$4.20) Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Fourth Quarter 1978

95-857 (\$3) Provincial Census Tracts: Reference Maps, Western Provinces and the Territories, 1976 Census of Canada

96-872 (\$2.25) Agriculture: Evaluation of Data Quality, 1976 Census of Canada

## Inventories, Shipiments and-Orders in Manufacturing

 Industries, January 1979 - Advance Information Preliminary estimates śhow manufacturers' shipments in January 1979, seasonally adjusted, were valued at $\$ 12,179.3$ milion, up $0.6 \%$ from the revised December 1978 level of $\$ 12,102.4$ million. Durable goods industries' shipments decreased $1.5 \%$ to $\$ 5,577.5$ million from $\$ 5,660-2$ million while non-durable goods shipments increased $2.5 \%$ to $\$ 6,601.8$ million from $\$ 6,442.2$ million:- $-\cdots \cdots: \quad \because \quad$.New orders in all mänufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, decreased $1.3 \%$ to $\$ 12,310.4$ million in January 1979 from $\$ 12,470.3$ million (revised) in December 1978. New orders were down 5.6\% in durable goods industries to $\$ 5,644.1$ million from $\$ 5,978.7$ million while in non-durable goods industries new orders increased $2.7 \%$ to to $\$ 6,666.3$ million from $\$ 6,491.6$ million.
Unfilled orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, rose $1.0 \%$ in January 1979 to $\$ 13,872.1$ million from the revised $\$ 13,741.0$ million level of the preceding month.

Total inventory owned, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at $\$ 21,030.7$ million in January 1979, $1.4 \%$ higher than the revised December 1978 estimate of $\$ 20,740.0$ million. Total inventory held, seasonally adjusted, also rose $1.4 \%$ in January 1979 to $\$ 21,990.5$ million from $\$ 21,693.8$ million (revised), with increases of $1.9 \%, 1.4 \%$ and $0.7 \%$ in raw materials, goods in process and finished products, respectively.

The ratio of total inventory owned to shipments, seasonally adjusted, was $1.73: 1$ in January 1979, compared to 1.71:1 (revised) for December 1978. The finished products to shipments ratio was $0.58: 1$, the same as the revised December 1978 ratio.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in January were estimated at $\$ 11,520.3$ million, an increase of $2.8 \%$ from the revised December 1978 value of $\$ 11,209.9$ million.

For further information, order the January issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, 55¢ / \$5.50), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6
(see tables on next page)

Consolidated Gövernment Finance, 1976 - Advance Information- wi
Consolidated revenue for all levels of government in Canada for the fiscal year ending nearest to December 31, 1976 totalled $\$ 75,749$ million, an increase of $\$ 9,458$ milioón" $(14.3 \%)$ over 1975. Tax revenue of $\$ 60,440$ million showed an increase of $\$ 7,255$ million (13.6\%) while non-tax revenue at $\$ 15,310$ million was up $\$ 2,204$ million (16.8\%) over 1975.

Consolidated expenditure for all levels of government amounted to $\$ 80,580$ milion for the fiscal year ending nearest to December 31, 1976, a rise of $\$ 8,770$ million or $12.2 \%$ over 1975 . The largest expenditures were for social services at $\$ 18,309$ million ( $22.7 \%$ of the total), education at $\$ 12,190$ million ( $15.1 \%$ ) and health at $\$ 10,140$ million ( $12.6 \%$ ). In comparison, these functions comprised $18.4 \%, 18.6 \%$ and $10.5 \%$, respectively, of total consolidated government expenditure for 1967.

For further information, contact Mr. G. Lyttle (613-995-9894), Research and Consolidation Section, Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Domestic Air Passenger Origin and Destination, Fourth Quarter 1978 - Advance Information Domestic Air Passenger Origin and Destination data are now available for the fourth quarter of 1978

For further information, contact Mrs. J.C. Tessier (819-997-1986), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0N9.

Trusteed Pension Funds, Fourth Quarter 1978 Advance Information
Total assets of trusteed pension funds in Canada (at book value) reached an estimated $\$ 34.9$ billion at December 31, 1978, an increase of $\$ 5.2$ billion over a year earlier
For further information, order the 4th quarter issue of Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed Pension-Funds (74001, 35¢/\$1.40), or contact Mr. Earl Hanes (613-9956918), Pensions Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturing Industries
(Based on 1975 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)


## Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

|  | Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1978r } \end{gathered}$ | change | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Dec. } \\ \text { 1978r } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Dec. } \\ 1977 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { change } \end{array}$ |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 60.4 | 61.9 | -2.5 | 786.1 | 692.3 | 13.5 |
| Nova Scotia | 244.5 | 245.5 | -0.4 | 2,747.5 | 2,298.3 | 19.5 |
| New Brunswick | 248.8 | 254.6 | -2.3 | 2,572.2 | 2,137.0 | 20.4 |
| Quebec | 2,988.7 | 3,030.0 | -1.4 | 34,474.0 | 28,218.6 | 22.2 |
| Ontario | 5,780.2 | 5,435.2 | 6.3 | 64,326.8 | 55,438.3 | 16.0 |
| Manitoba | 289.6 | 292.9 | -1.1 | 3,366.7 | 2,885.6 | 16.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 150.2 | 135.2 | 11.1 | 1,628.2 | 1,368.1 | 19.0 |
| Alberta | 633.2 | 634.0 | -0.1 | 7,459.8 | 6,163.3 | 21.0 |
| British Columbia | 1,111.7 | 1,105.4 | 0.6 | 12,609.3 | 10,398.7 | 21.3 |
| Canada* | 11,520.3 | 11,209.9 | 2.8 | 130,161.2 | 109,747.0 | 18.6 |

[^2]
# Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes 

February 1979 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | \% Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Feb. 79/ Jan. 79 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } 79 / \\ \text { Feb. } 78 \end{gathered}$ |
| Total Index | 203.5 | 202.6 | 185.9 | 0.4 | 9.5 |
| Materlals | 193.4 | 191.8 | 172.1 | 0.8 | 12.4 |
| Steel and Metal Work | 210.9 | 208.4 | 174.2 | 1.2 | 21.1 |
| Plumbing, Heating and Air Conditioning | 176.8 | 175.5 | 159.6 | 0.7 | 10.8 |
| Electrical Equipment | 179.2 | 179.0 | 161.9 | 0.1 | 10.7 |
| Concrete Products | 209.1 | 208.7 | 199.2 | 0.2 | 5.0 |
| Lumber and Lumber Products | 248.3 | 245.1 | 207.4 | 1.3 | 19.7 |
| Other | 181.8 | 179.9 | 168.0 | 1.1 | 8.2 |
| Labour | 214.6 | 214.6 | 201.1 | - | 6.7 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact Mrs. G. John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Union Wage Rate Indexes including selected pay supplements are now available for February 1979.

## Travel Price Index

| Item | Year |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 |
| Travel Price Index | 100.0 | 104.8r | 112.3 r | 127.5r | 144.8 r | 157.5 r | $168.6{ }^{-} \mathrm{r}$ | 179.6 |

## $r$ Revised data.

## Revised Travel Price Index, 1978

The revised Travel Price Index ( $1971=100$ ) rose to 179.6 in 1978, up $6.5 \%$ from 1977 (the Consumer Price Index increased 9\% during the same period).

The Travel Price Index (TPI) has been produced during the past two years by the Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section of Statistics Canada based on items selected from the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and weighted from the 197.1 Canadian Travel Survey. It should be noted that the index shown in the accompanying table differs from previous editions because of the acquisition of new data, resulting in a complete recalculation of all figures back to the base year. The general effect of the new input has been to shift the TPI down 2 or 3 points in the later years, thereby reducing the gap that has existed between the TPI and CPI.

For further information, see the April issue of the Culture Statistics Service Bulletin (87-001, \$1.40 a year), or contact Doug Higgins (613-995-9689), Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

Visual Artists Survey, 1978 (Preliminary) - Advance Information
A large majority of Canadian artists earned less than $\$ 5,000$ from art sales during the 12 months ended October 1978 and had to rely on other employment to supplement their income. Almost three-quarters of Canadian artists held either full- or part-time jobs in addition to their artistic pursuits; the teaching of art predominated as a field of employment. (These are some of the findings of a national survey of visual artists conducted in October 1978 by the Culture Division of Statistics Canada.)

For all artists, direct art sales provided an average of $\$ 6,241$; salaries and wages accounted for \$9,213 and grants, awards and prizes averaged $\$ 2,143$. Thus the average gross income for artists was $\$ 17,597$, but with only $35 \%$ coming from art sales.

Three types of artists emerged from this survey: those who were full-time wage-earners in addition to their artistic pursuits; full-time artists who earned significant amounts from their artwork, and part-time artists who had a relatively low income from art sales. There were notable disparities in the gross incomes of the three types of artists: full-time wage-earners averaged $\$ 23,281$; full-time artists, $\$ 15,892$; and parttime artists only $\$ 4,330$.

Further details will be contained in the forthcoming Culture Statistics Service Bulletin, Vol. 2, No. 3, Preliminary Statistics on Visual Artists (87-001). For further information contact Brenda Babcock (613-5936862), Culture Subdivision, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural)

|  |  |  | . . 1978 -... |  | 1979 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Year-to-Date | February | Year-to-Date | February |
|  |  |  | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Carriers Reporting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger Revenue Earned Intercity \& Rural Services |  | \$ | 19,424,405* r | 9,645,828* ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 17,188,230* | 8,395,436* |
| Urban-Suburban Services |  | \$ | 63,118r | 32,277r | 62,608 | 31,382 |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) |  | \$ | 6,427,926r | 3,456,284r | 6,536,408 | 3,565,525 |
| Fare Passengers Carried |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services |  | No. | 5,060,755*r | 2,586,230 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 4,354,889* | 2,132,086* |
| Urban-Suburban Services |  | No. | 123,828r | 61,332r | 92,506 | 44,156 |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) |  | No. | * | ** | * | $\cdots$ |
| Total Distance Run |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services |  | miles: | 17,803,763*r | 9,034,207* ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 15,294,760* | 7,373,631* |
|  |  | km: | 28652 379*r | 14539 147**r | 24614 530* | 11866 710* |
| Urban-Suburban Services |  | miles: | 76,558r | 37,216r | 76,882 | 37,005 |
|  |  | km: | 123 208r | 59893 r | 123730 | 59554 |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) |  | miles: | 5,769,812r | 3,333,211r | 4,919,049 | 2,675,656 |
|  |  | km: | 9285 613r | 5364 283r | 7916439 | 4306049 |
| Fuel Consumed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diesel Oil |  | gal.: | 3,047,339r | 1,584,873r | 2,657,706 | 1,318,559 |
|  |  | L: | 13853 477r | 7204 975r | 12082169 | 5994288 |
| Gasoline |  | gal.: | 672,060r | 343,520r | 709,151 | 354,944 |
| \% |  | L: | 3055 245r | 1561 673r | 3223863 | 1613607 |

* Includes charter operations of one intercity bus company.
*"The number of fare passengers carried for "Other Services" is not kept by all carriers.
$r$ Revised figures.

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), February 1979 - (Published only in Statistics Canada Daily) The accompanying table' contains statistics on passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations. Cumulative data for the year serves as preliminary information on a significant portion of the industry until definitive annual statistics are available. Figures have been added showing total distance run and fuel consumed, using the International System of Units; this is the most modern version of the metric system, supported by the International Bureau of Weights and Measures and is the system of units which Canada is adopting.
The following observations apply to the data in this release:

- Data relating to other services such as charter or contract are specific to the surveyed passenger bus carriers and are not indicative of over-all charter and contract operations.
- Passenger paying a fare to the operator of one vehicle and travelling on a second or third vehicle on a transfer are counted for the first vehicle only.
- Total distance run in a revenue service includes distance run empty which was necessary to provide. the revenue service.
For further information, contact the Chief (613-9951976). Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Urban Transit, February 1979 - Advance Information In February, 58 urban transit systems collected $99,625,638$ initial passenger fares. The total distance run was $30,775,587$ miles ( 49528507 km ) and operating revenues amounted to $\$ 36,352,932$.

For further information, contact the Chief (613-9951976), Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6 or order the February issue of Urban Transit (53-003, 15¢/\$1.50).

Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, Januiary 1979 - Advance Information
Advance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables for the month of January 1979 is now available.
For further information, order the January issue of Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables (32-011, $30 ¢ / \$ 3$ ), or contact. Mr. R. Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Selected Principal Statistics for Pen and Pencil Manufacturers
1976 and. 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3996 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 18 | 16 | -11.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 654 | 626 | -4.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 1,357 | 1,304 | -4.0 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 5,440 | 5,707 | 4.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 387 | 365 | -5.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 15,667 | 15,864 | 1.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 20,646 | 36,943 21,396 | 3.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 964 | 897 | -7.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 10,342 | 10,535 | 1.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 26,405 | 29,547 | 11.9 |

For further information, contact Mr. R. Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1977 (47-205, \$1.05).

Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Major Appliances
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3320 |  | 1976 | 1977 | $\%$ Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 32 | 28 | -12.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 8,813 | 7,969 | -9.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 18,024 | 16,430 | -8.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 93,979 | 94,372 | 0.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 6,392 | 7,493 | 17.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 316,747 | 337,530 | 6.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 546,775 | 576,407 | 6.4 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 241,919 | 225,524 | -6.8 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 11,888 | 11,170 | -6.0 |
| Total Activity: |  | 137,978 | 142,916 | 3.6 |
| Total employees | $\$ 0$. | 291,987 | 259,979 | -11.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Major Appliances, 1977 (43-204, 70¢).

## Potato Planting Intentions, 1979

Intended 1979 planting area data for potatoes will be released at 3:00 p.m. today. Figures will be available for each province and are based on a mid-March survey. Results will be published in the Field Crop Reporting Series (22-002E, $\$ 5.60$ for the series).

For further information, contact Larry Murphy (613-995-4877). Horticultural Crops Unit, Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


Monday, April 9, 1979

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2 Iron Ore, February 1979
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2 Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations, 1977
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3 Paper and Plastic Bags Manufacturers, 1977


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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

34-205 (70¢) Cotton Yarn and Cloth Mills, 1977
44-202 (70¢) Abrasives Manufacturers, 1977
44-214 (70¢) Refractories Manufacturers, 1977
63-005 (55¢ / \$5.50) Retail Trade, January 1979
83-204 (\$3.50) Mental Health Statistics, Volume I, Institutional Admissions and Separations, 1976

## Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information


玉. For: further information, contact John Dorrian (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics
Canada, Ottawa K. 1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations, 1977 (46-215, 70¢).

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Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Structural Concrete Products 1976 and 1977:-Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3542 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments $: \cdots \cdots$ | No. | 42 | 37 | -12 |
| Manufacturing Áctivivity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,210 | 1,847 | -16 |
| Man-hours pâid | 000's | 4,650 | 3,891 | -16 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 29,270 | 27,975 | -4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,158 | 2,030 | -6 |
| Cost of materitals and supplies | \$000 | 44,690 | 38,722 | -13 |
| Value of shipmients andnamount: ${ }^{\text {c }}$. |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done, . . . . : | \$000 | 114,981 | 108,989 | -5 |
| Value added ${ }^{\text {a }}$ fri...... | \$000 | 72,481 | 68,383 | -6 |
| Total Activity: ${ }^{\text {brr }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,819 | 2,397 | -15 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 38,952 | 37,785 | -3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 72,547 | 68,104 | -6 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1977 (44-205, 70¢).

Traveller Accommodation, 1977 - Advance Information
Total receipts reported by 17,378 traveller accommodation businesses in Canada for 1977 amounted to $\$ 3,294.2$ million. Included in the total were hotels which numbered 5,293 with reported receipts of $\$ 2,681.1$ million, and motels $(4,168)$ with receipts of $\$ 387.3$ million. The remaining $\$ 225.8$ million in receipts was accounted for by 7,917 other types of traveller accommodation firms (tourist homes, tourist courts and cabins, outfitters and tent and trailer campgrounds).

For further information, order the 1977 edition of Traveller Accommodation Statistics (63-204, \$1.05), or contact Mrs. R. Bennett (613-996-9301), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 V 4$.

Iron Ore, February 1979 - Advance Information Energy, Mines and Resources reports that Canadian mines shipped 1606671 metric tonnes of iron ore in February 1979, up from 1341845 metric tonnes a year earlier. This brought January-February output to 3904483 metric tonnes in 1979 from 321.2225 metric tonnes in 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of Production of Canada's Leading Minerals (26-007, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact John Brennian (613-995-9351), Mineral Policy Sector, Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa K1A 0E4.

Selected Principal Statistics for Concrete Products Manufacturers (n.e.s.)
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3549 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 291 | 281 | -3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4,253 | 4,052 | -5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 9,086 | 8,808 | -3 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 51,232 | 53,257 | 4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 7,993 | 8,531 | 7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 87,606 | 86,806 | -1 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 223,515 | 218,173 | -2 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 130,136 | 125,567 | -4 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 5,320 | 5,124 | -4 |
| Total Activity: |  | 68,281 | 72,142 | -4 |
| Total employees | No. | 136,073 | 129,165 | 6 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  | -5 |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1977 (44-205, 70¢).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Concrete Plpe Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3541 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 80 | 69 | -14 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,032 | 1,855 | -9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 4,269 | 4,043 | -5 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 23,904 | 25,775 | 8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 3,245 | 3,983 | 23 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 50,457 | 56,923 | 13 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | 126,637 | 133,787 |  |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 72,050 | 73,764 | 6 |
| Value added |  |  |  | 2 |
| Total Activity: | No. | 2,634 | 2,480 |  |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ | 72,966 | 36,290 | -6 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ | 76,215 | 10 |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  | 4 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1977 (44-205, 70థ)

## Selected Principal Statistics for Paper and Plastic Bags Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2733 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 95 | 93 | -2.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,025 | 4,741 | -5.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,463 | 10,014 | -4.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 53,518 | 55,077 | 2.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 3,753 | 4,127 | 10.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 242,893 | 239,451 | -1.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done Value added | $\$ 000$ $\$ 000$ | 381,294 138,338 | 377,792 135,259 | -0.9 -2.2 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,780 | 6,358 | -6.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 80,911 | 83,219 | 2.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 149,289 | 138,302 | -7.4 |

[^3]

 Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January to February period of 1979 farmers' total cash receipts from? farming operations in all provinces except Neẅfoundland totalled $\$ 2,255$; 0 million compared to the $\$ 2,048.0$ million realized dưring the'same period of 1978. These estimates include: cast receipts from the sale of farm products; Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops; cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada; and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction is made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold

For further information, order the February issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21-001, 30\$/\$3), or contact Peter Lys (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistic̣s Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 L7.

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Total Cash Receipts from Farmling Operations
January-February
(millions of dollars)
```

|  | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Prince Edward Island | 16.5 | 22.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 20.9 | 25.1 |
| New Brunswick | 16.5 | 22.3 |
| Quebec | 210.9 | 268.8 |
| Ontario | 495.4 | 574.9 |
| Manitoba | 169.5 | 186.6 |
| Saskatchewan | 602.0 | 578.7 |
| Alberta | 445.0 | 496.4 |
| British Columbia | 71.3 | 80.2 |
| Canada | $2,048.0$ | $2,255.0$ |

Railway Frelght Trafflc, Third and Fourth Quarter 1978 (Published Only in the Daily)
Railways operating in Canada hauled a total of 70.8 million short tons ( 64.3 million $t$ ) of revenue freight in the July-September 1978 period, a decrease of 0.9\% from the corresponding 1977 quarter.

In the October-December 1978 period, revenue freight traffic totalled 70.5 million short tons ( 64.0 million t), an increase of $5.5 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1977.

For further information, contact M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Feed Price Indexes, February 1979 - Advance Infor-

 mationFeed price indexes, Canada and five geographical regions, are now available for February 1979.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Telephone Statistics, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canada's 13 major telephone systems reported revenues of $\$ 393.8$ million in February, up 20.3\% from a year earlier. Operating expenses rose $16.5 \%$ to $\$ 263.9$ million. Net operating revenue at $\$ 129.9$ million showed an increase of $28.9 \%$ over February 1978. Telephone toll messages increased $11.6 \%$ to 86.4 million.

For further information, order the February issue of Telephone Statistics (56-002, \$1.50 a year), or contact Ralph Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Industrial Chemicals, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped $121,479,000$ lbs. ( 55102 metric tonnes) of polyethylene-type synthetic resins in February, up from 75,956,000 lbs. ( 34453 tonnes) in February 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of Specified Chemicals $(46-002,15 \$ / \$ 1.50)$, or contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers produced $7,169,985$ phonograph records in February, up from 6,587,706 in February 1978. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 1,505,095 from 1,188,800.

For further information, order the February issue of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada (47-004, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Fur Dressing and Dyeing Industry
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information


For further information, contact Mr. R. Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and-Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1977 (47-205, \$1.05).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information


For further information, contact J.B. Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada,
Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry, 1977 (41-227, 704).
Selected Principal Statistics for Truck Body and Traller Manufacturers
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 324 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 291 | 262 | -10.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 12,950 | 11,498 | -11.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 27,140 | 23,435 | -13.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 137,103 | 133,256 | -2.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 5,355 | 5,716 | 6.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 459,961 | 438,544 | -4.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 749,103 | 712,692 | -4.9 |
| Value added | \$000 | 292,013 | 271,874 | -6.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 16,179 | 14,633 | -9.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 183,906 | 182,474 | -0.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 305,976 | 289,871 | -5.3 |

[^4] Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Truck Body and Trailer Manufacturers, 1977 (42-217, 709).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Pulp and Paper Milis

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2710 |  |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments |  | No. | 147 | 145 | -1.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers |  | No. | 66,946 | 64,930 | -3.0 |
| Man-hours paid |  | 000's | 139,464 | 135,108 | -3.2 |
| Manufacturing wages |  | \$000 | 1,033,475 | 1,130,432 | 9.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity |  | \$000 | 546,273 | 667,543 | 22.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies |  | \$000 | 2,732,640 | 2,910,869 | 6.5 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added |  | \$000 | 2,845,278 | 3,056,481 | 7.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | No. | 86,995 | 84,533 | -2.9 |
| Total salaries and wages |  | \$000 | 1,415,844 | 1,541,354 | 8.9 |
| Total value added |  | \$000 | 2,876,446 | 3,069,757 | 6.7 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Pulp and Paper Mills, 1977 (36-204, 70¢).

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 7, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended April 7 was 336,974 short tons ( 305698 t), an increase of $4.0 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 323,936 short tons (293 870 t). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 310,338 short tons ( 281534 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 183.9 in the current week, 176.8 a week earlier and 169.4 a year earlier.
For further information, contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.



## Canada's Elderly Released Today

Canada's Elderly (catalogue 98-800E, $\$ 1.25$ in Canada, $\$ 1.50$ in other countries) is the first of a unique series based on the 1976 Census and other relevant Statistics Canada data. This publication is produced in a popular journalistic style, with art work, captions, simple graphs and summary tables for easy and attractive reading.

Canada's Elderly highlights some of the following facts about our aging population: declining fertility trends mainly account for the growing proportion of elderly; most of the elderly live in family settings but many elderly women live alone; almost half of all persons living in collective dwellings are elderly; Prince Edward Island has the highest proportion of elderly to its population; it is estimated that by 2001 the proportion of elderly may reach between $11 \%$ and $13 \%$. A more detailed appraisal of these and many other interesting facts about our senior citizens appears on page 2 of today's Daily.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

62-001 (30థ/\$3) Consumer Price Index, March 1979 - Available Thursday, April 12, 1979, at 7 a.m.

33-203 (709) Shoe Factories and Boot and Shoe Findings Manufacturers, 1977 (continued)

# 43-002 (15¢/\$1.50) Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, February 

 197964-001 (70థ/\$7) Building Permits, December 1978

## New Publication:

## 98-800E (\$1.25 in Canada, \$1.50 in Other Countries) Canada's Elderly

## Canada's Elderly

Prince Edward Island has the highest proportion of elderly in the country, with $11.2 \%$ of its population aged 65 or over. Following closely are Saskatchewan, with $11.1 \%$; Manitoba,-10:4\%; British Columbia; $9.8 \%$; and Nova Scotia, $9.7 \%$. Thélowest pröportions are found in the Northwest Territories, 2.7\%, and the Yukon, 2.9\%.
This picture emerges in áStātiṣtics Canada census study, Canada's Elderly, released today.

In terms of over-all numbers, however, most Canadians of 65 or more live". in ithe three largest provinces: almost three-quarters.of the elderly live in Ontario, Quebec and-British Golumbia. Ontario alome has over a third of the elderly population. In contrast, Prince Edward Island has less than $1 \%$.
Among the other findings of the study; based on the 1976 Census, are these:
"-Over séven out of 10 elderly men are" márried and living with their wives, while not quite four out of eyery: 10 women are married and living with their Husbands. Almost every. other women 65 or over is a ewidow:
$\pm 1$

- Before 1961, there were always more men than women in the 65+ category. In 1976 however, there were only 777 males to every 1,000 females.
- Between 1961 and 1971, the female population 65+ increased annually by $3.4 \%$ compared with an increase of $1.6 \%$ for their male counterparts. This trend is continuing, but the difference in the rate of increase for males and females narrowed between 1971 and 1976-a 3.4\% annual increase for females compared to a $2.4 \%$ increase for males.
- Contrary to popular belief, only $8.7 \%$ of the elderly in 1976 lived in collective housing.
- Although most of the elderly live with their families, $70 \%$ of those elderly persons living alone (or with unrelated persons) are women; only $30 \%$ of the elderly unattached individuals are men.
- The average income of families with a head aged 65 or over is slightly less than two-thirds of the average income of all families.
- The proportion of the elderly in the labour force has been steadily declining for the past 50 years. In 1921 , $33 \%$ of Canada's elderly were in the labour force. By 1976 this percentage had declined to $12.2 \%$ with a total of 244,970 elderly in the labour force. Of that number $68.5 \%$ were men and $31.5 \%$ women.
- The major causes of death among the 65+ are: coronary heart diseases, which are slightly more common in the men but also claim about a third of both sexes; strokes, which are slightly more frequent in the women; and cancers of various types. Cancer of the digestive organs is more frequent among the females, while lung cancer is more frequent among the men.
- Over half of the elderly in 1976 had completed elementary education, about a third had attended high school, 4.5\% had some university education and $2.6 \%$ had a university degree.
- Life expectancy over the past four decades has increased steadily for both sexes. In 1971 life expectancy at birth for males was almost 70 years and for females it was 77 years. At 65 , the average man can expect to live another 13.7 years, while the average woman can look forward to an additional 17.5 years.
- The proportion of the elderly is increasing. In 1901 only five people in every 100 were 65+. By 1976 this proportion had increased to almost nine per 100 population.
- By the year 2001, it is estimated that between 11 and 13 Canadians out of every 100 will be 65 and over. And their absolute numbers will increase by one and a half times. By the year 2031, in the absence of reversal of fertility trends, almost $20 \%$ of the population may be 65 years of age and over.

Canada's Elderly is the first of a series of popular studies to supplement 1976 Census statistical reports. The publication (catalogue 98-800E, $\$ 1.25$ in Canada) is available from Statistics Canaḍa regional offices, authorized government agents or other booksellers. Copies may also be ordered by mail from Publications Distribution, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6; or Canadian Government Publishing Centre. Hull K1A 0S9. For further information, contact Dr. A. Romaniuc (613-995-4484), Director, Census Demography Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## The Labour Force, March 1979

Employment showed a sizeable increase in March while unemployment increased marginally, but Canada's seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate remained at $7.9 \%$, unchanged from February. The seasonaliy-adjusted participation. rate increased to $63.3 \%$ in March from $63.2 \%$ in the preceding month. The employment/population ratio moved up to 58.4\% from $58.2 \%$ in February.

Last month, the seasonally-adjusted employment level at $10,271,000$ was up.by 38,000 from the month before. The level increased by 19,000 for men 25 and over, by 6,000 for women 25 and over and by 16,000 for women 15 to 24 . For men 15-24 the level declined by 3,000.
Unemployment, seasonally adjusted, totalled 876,000 , up by 4,000 from February. The level increased by 4,000 for women 25 and over, while it (continued)

Page 3

## Employment, Canada



Unemployment, Canada

declined by 3,000 for women 15 to 24 . For men of both age groups, there was little change.

Seasonally-adjusted unemployment rates for the provinces, with February rates in brackets: Newfoundland 17.6\% (17.1\%); Prince Edward Island 12.2\% (10.8\%); Nova Scotia 11.0\% (10.5\%); New Brunswick 12.1\% (11.6\%); Quebec 10.6\% (10.2\%); Ontario 6.7\% (6.6\%); Manitoba $5.2 \% ~(5.6 \%) ; ~ S a s k a t c h e w a n ~ 4.2 \% ~$ (4.7\%); Alberta 3.7\% (4.3\%); and British Columbia 8.0\% (8.5\%).

Without seasonal adjustment, the March labour force was 10,932,000 with 9,956,000 employed and 976,000 unemployed for an unemployment rate of 8.9\%. In February, the labour force was $10,812,000$ with
$9,857,000$ employed and 954,000 unemployed for a rate of $8.8 \%$. In March 1978, the labour force numbered $10,593,000$ with $9,562,000$ employed and $1,031,000$ unemployed for a rate of $9.7 \%$.
For further information, order the March issue of The Labour Force (71-001, 55 / /\$5.50).

## Canadian Direct Investment Abroad by Industry and Location

Year-ends 1972-1976

| Industry | 1972 | 1973 | 1974r | 1975 r | 1976 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 r | 1975r | 1976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Located in United States |  |  |  |  | Located in United Kingdom |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beverages | 794 | 744 | 728 | 817 | 797 | 135 | 181 | 198 | 236 | 237 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 400 | 431 | 757 | 888 | 886 | 193 | 199 | 210 | 199 | 209 |
| Wood and paper products | 523 | 557 | 621 | 676 | 756 | 64 | 93 | 105 | 135 | 122 |
| Iron and products | 192 | 188 | 254 | 300 | 332 | 109 | 117 | 137 | 161 | 171 |
| Chemical and allied products | 60 | 87 | 130 | 179 | 247 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 3 |
| Other manufacturing | 124 | 126 | 168 | 198 | 200 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 11 |
| Sub-total | 2,093 | 2,133 | 2,658 | 3,058 | 3,218 | 518 | 609 | 669 | 752 | 753 |
| Merchandising | 125 | 180 | 179 | 197 | 182 | 33 | 57 | 43 | 38 | 37 |
| Mining and smelting | 67 | 222 | 345 | 418 | 521 | 4 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| Petroleum and natural gas | 556 | 722 | 831 | 1,003 | 1,073 | 25 | 33 | 59 | 97 | 110 |
| Utilities | 404 | 427 | 436 | 437 | 483 | 17 | 14 | 26 | 24 | 33 |
| Financial | 119 | 132 | 229 | 299 | 381 | 16 | 69 | 71 | 90 | 86 |
| Other | 67 | 108 | 139 | 155 | 194 | 17 | 14 | 11 | 17 | 13 |
| Total | 3,431 | 3,924 | 4,817 | 5,567 | 6,052 | 630 | 797 | 879 | 1,019 | 1,033 |
|  | Located in All Other Countries |  |  |  |  | Located in All Countries |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beverages | 92 | 139 | 195 | 226 | 240 | 1,021 | 1,064 | 1,121 | 1,279 | 1,274 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 378 | 401 | 429 | 478 | 543 | 971 | 1,031 | 1,396 | 1,565 | 1,638 |
| Wood and paper products | 64 | 77 | 98 | 123 | 132 | 651 | 727 | 824 | 934 | 1,010 |
| Iron and products | 393 | 466 | 518 | 608 | 579 | 694 | 771 | 909 | 1,069 | 1,082 |
| Chemical and allied products | 48 | 62 | 68 | 47 | 50 | 111 | 153 | 203 | 233 | 300 |
| Other manufacturing | 45 | 32 | 52 | 63 | 55 | 183 | 173 | 234 | 275 | 266 |
| Sub-total : | 1,020 | 1,177 | 1,360 | 1,545 | 1.599 | 3,631 | 3,919 | 4,687 | 5,355 | 5,570 |
| Merchandising | 122 | 139 | 156 | 190 | 196 | 280 | 376 | 378 | 425 | 415 |
| Mining and smelting | 333 | 398 | 453 | 533 | 683 | 404 | 621 | 798 | 952 | 1,205 |
| Petroleum and natural gas | 53 | 108 | 121 | 185 | 224 | 634 | 863 | 1,011 | 1,285 | 1,407 |
| Utilities | 762 . | 826 | 944 | 1,025 | 1,075 | 1,183 | 1,267 | 1,406 | 1,486 | 1,591 |
| Financial | 258 | 329 | 375 | 396 | 507 | 393 | 530 | ,675 | 785 | 974 |
| Other | 97 | 112 | 110 | 101 | 91 | 181 | 234 | 260 | 273 | 298 |
| Total | 2,645 | 3,089 | 3,519 | 3,975 | 4,375 | 6,706 | 7,810 | 9,215 | 10,561 | 11,460 |

## $r$ Revised.

## Canadian Direct Investment Abroad, 1976 - Advance

 InformationCanadian direct investment abroad increased by $\$ 899$ million or $9 \%$ to $\$ 11,460$ million at the end of 1976 . Net direct investment capital outflows abroad as recorded in the balance of payments accounted for some $\$ 605$ million of the growth, a decrease of about one-third from the outflow recorded in 1975. Retained earnings and other factors, such as revaluations, exchange rate fluctuations, the difference between transaction values and the underlying book values of investments, etc., accounted for the balance of the increase.

Developed countries with $\$ 8,714$ million accounted for $76 \%$ of total direct investment abroad at the end of 1976. At $\$ 6,052$ million, direct investment in the United States represented $53 \%$ of the total. Whereas there was only a marginal increase during the year to $\$ 1,033$ million investment in the United Kingdom, investment in the European Economic Community countries (excluding the United Kingdom) grew by $12 \%$ to $\$ 710$ million. Other prominent recipient countries in the developed world were Australia, the Republic of South Africa, Switzerland, Japan and Norway.

Direct investment in the developing countries represented $24 \%$ of the total. Investment in South and Central America expanded by $11 \%$ to $\$ 1,370$ million. The largest portion of that increase occurred in Brazil,
where direct investment increased by $\$ 83$ million to $\$ 1,157$ million to remain the second largest recipient country. Other prominent host countries for Canadian direct investment in the developing world were Bermuda, Bahamas and Jamaica in the Caribbean and Indonesia in the Asian region.

Canadian direct investment in manufacturing, which accounted for about one-half of all direct investment abroad, grew by $4 \%$ to $\$ 5,570$ million at 1976 year-end. Such investment was concentrated in the non-ferrous metals and beverages sectors with $\$ 1,638$ million and $\$ 1,274$ million, respectively.
After manufacturing, investment in utilities was next largest, at $\$ 1,591$ million, comprising $14 \%$ of total direct investment. Over two-thirds of the investment in utilities was located in countries other than the United States and the United Kingdom. Canadian investment in mining and smelting and in the financial industry rose sharply by $27 \%$ and $24 \%$ to $\$ 1,205$ million and $\$ 974$ million, respectively. Investment in petroleum and natural gas grew more moderately by $10 \%$ to \$1,407 million.

For further information, contact P. Massad (613-9962545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.
(see table on next page)

Canadian Direct investment Abroad by Location of Investment
Year-Ends 1972-1976


[^5]Selected Principai Statistics for the Wooden Kitchen Cabinets. Industry
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2544 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 219 | 212 | -3.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,524 | 3,467 | -1.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 7,324 | 7.254 | -1.0 |
| - Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 36,731 | 38,969 | 6.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,601 | 1,737 | 8.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 62,497 | 65,586 | 4.9 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 140,264 | 151,876 | .8.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 77,235 | 85,788 | 11.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 4,331 | -4,305 | -1.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 49,938 | 53,071 | 6.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 77,559 | 87,559 | 12.9 |

For further information, contact Patrick Martin (613-992-5140), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Sash, Door and Other Millwork Plants, 1977 (35-205, \$1.05).

Retail Trade, February 1979 - Advance Information Seasonally-adjusted retail sales for February were $\$ 6,248.2$ million, an increase of $3.2 \%$ from the $\$ 6,053.2$ million recorded in January. The biggest increases were posted by all other food stores ( $12.9 \%$ ), jewellery stores ( $11.3 \%$ ) and specialty shoe stores (10.3\%). The largest decreases were for general merchandise stores ( $-13.6 \%$ ) and grocery, confectionery and sundries stores ( $-4.6 \%$ ). All provinces except Prince Edward Island ( $-1.3 \%$ ). showed increased sales, ranging from $6.6 \%$ for Quebec to $1.4 \%$ for British Columbia.

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 5,056.8$ million, an increase of $12.7 \%$ over February 1978. Sales rose in 25 of the 28 trade groups with the largest gains reported by automotive parts and accessories stores (22.8\%), used car dealers (18.6\%) and jewellery stores (18.6\%). The only decreases were in general merchandise stores ( $-11.5 \%$ ) and sporting goods and accessories stores ( $-1.3 \%$ ). All provinces reported increased sales over February 1978, ranging from 19.6\% for Saskatchewan to $8.8 \%$ for both Ontario and British Columbia. Montreal sales rose 13.5\%; Toronto, 12.4\%; Winnipeg. 6.2\%; and Vancouver, 11.8\%.

Revised total retail trade, unadjusted for seasonal influences, for January 1979 was $\$ 5,007.2$ million, up 14.3\% from January 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of Retail Trade (63-005, 55¢/\$5.50), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Industriai Corporatlons, Financial Statistlcs, Fourth Quarter 1978 - Advance Information After-tax profits of industrial corporations, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 4,250$ million for the fourth quarter of 1978, an increase of $\$ 1,200$ million or $39.3 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1977.

Total sales of $\$ 91$ billion increased $\$ 11$ billion or $13.8 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1977.
Assets increased $\$ 10$ billion or $4.4 \%$ over the third quarter of 1978 and were up $\$ 24$ billion or $11.3 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1977.

The figures above represent the latest data for the fourth quarter of 1978 and supersede preliminary estimates for the same period released in February 1979. The data are also available on CANSIM. For further information, order the fourth quarter issue of Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics (61-003, \$1.75/\$7), or contact Mr. R. Martelock (613-995-9751), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Particle Board, February 1979 - Advance Information Canadian firms produced $26,828,000$ square feet (39 567 m 3 ) $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ basis of Type 1 particle board (waferboard) in February, an increase of $13 \%$ from $23,733,000$ square feet ( $35002 \mathrm{m3}$ ) a year earlier. Production of Type II particle board reached $37,230,000$ square feet ( 54908 m 3 ) $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ basis, up $15 \%$ from 32,466,000 square feet ( 47882 m 3 ) in February 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of Particle Board (36-003, 15థ/\$1.50), or contact C. Sturton (613-992-5140), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 V 6$.

Sugar Sales, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 94551390 kilograms (208,450,170 lbs.) of all types of sugar for March 1979. Domestic sales totalled 83912628 kilograms ( $184,995,710 \mathrm{lbs}$.) and export sales amounted to 10638762 kilograms (23,454,460 lbs.).
For further information, contact T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.


Thursday, April 12, 1979

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## Canadian Households and Families

Released today is the Census analytical study, Canadian Households and Families, by Sylvia T. Wargon (catalogue 99-753E, \$2.10).

The study examines at the Canada level some major features of the most recent patterns of change in the formation and demographic composition of households and families. Chapter 1 discusses the broad questions to which the study addresses itself, explains the census concepts underlying the statistics used, and summarizes the main conclusions and some of the social implications of the research results. Chapter 2 examines some major features of recent general changes in Canadian population, households and fàmilies. Recent trends in the formation, composition and characteristics of household and family heads and their members are treated in Chapters 3 (households) and 4 (families). The concluding chapter outlines the major findings in terms of their importance for the role of the family in Canada, and indicates avenues of further investigation.

## Financial Flows

Additional advance information on the fourth quarter of 1978, for selected sectors, is now available from the Financial Flows Section.

For further information, contact P. Odenbach Sutton (613-995-0851), Financial Flows Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(continued)

PUBLICATIONS RELEASED<br>32-011 (30థ/\$3) Cannedıand Frozen Fruits and Vegétables, January 1979<br>35-006 (35\$/\$1.40) Quarterly Shipments of Office Furniture Products, Quarter Ended December 311 1978<br>36-002 (15థ/\$1.50) Rigid Insulating Board, February 1979<br>42-203 (70¢) Aircraft and Aircraft Parts Manufacturers, 1977<br>43-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, February 1979<br>43-208 (70థ) Battery Manufacturers, 1977<br>44-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Cement, February 1979<br>44-209 (70థ) Lime Manufacturers, 1977<br>52-001 (30¢/\$3) Railway Carloadings, February 1979<br>63-011 (15¢/\$1.50) Restaurant Stätistics, February 1979<br>\section*{New Publication:}<br>99-753E (\$2.10) Canadian Households and Families by Sylvia T. Wargon<br>\section*{Service Bulletin:}<br>64-003 (\$1.40 per year) Construction Statistics - Vol. 2, No. 2, Quarterly Investment in Housing, 1978

Help-wanted Index, First Quarter 1979 (Published only in the Daily and Infomat)
In the first quarter of 1979 the seasonally-adjusted help-wanted index ( $1969=100$ ) at 179 declined by $4 \%$ from the previous quarter. The index rose in Ontario by $6 \%$ but dropped in all other regions with declines ranging from $3 \%$ to $12 \%$.

Compared with the first quarter of 1978, the over-all index was up by $13 \%$. Increases were recorded for all regions except Quebec where a 9\% drop was reported.
For further information, contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.
(see table on next page)

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, January 1979 Advance Information
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in January to $543,376,000$ feet board measure (1 282224 m 3 ) from a revised 442,661,000 feet board measure ( 1044564 m 3 ) in January 1978. Stocks on hand at the end of January 1979 totalled $651,898,000$ feet board measure ( 1538308 m 3 ).
For further information, order the January issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (35-002, 30¢/\$3), or contact Patrick Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian production of rubber increased to $50,993,000$ pounds ( 23130000 kg ) in February 1979 from $42,088,000$ pounds ( 19090000 kg ) in February 1978. Consumption* of rubber in February 1979 was $61,096,000$ pounds ( 27714000 kg ).

* Users of these data should note that there has been a change in methodology, commencing with January 1979 statistics.

For further information, order the February issue of Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber (33-003, 30¢/\$3), or contact Rod Ralph (613-9922231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, April 1, 1979 - Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of frozen poultry products at April 1 amounted to 66.2 million pounds compared with last year's corresponding total of 59.5 million pounds.

For further information, order the April issue of Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products (32-009, 30¢/\$3), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Help-wanted Index, Canada and Regions, 1972 to 1979
Seasonally Adjusted
(1969=100)

| Year | Q: QII | QIII | QIV | Annual <br> Average | QI | QII | QIII | QIV. | Annual |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | Canada |  |  |  | Atlantic Provinces |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1972 | 106 | 111 | 118 | 125 | 115 | 85 | 96 | 102 | 132 | 104 |
| 1973 | 130 | 137 | 157 | 171 | 148 | 121 | 124 | 139 | 165 | 137 |
| 1974 | 191 | 208 | 212 | 183 | 199 | 216 | 228 | 237 | 265 | 236 |
| 1975 | 160 | 165 | 169 | 160 | 163 | 213 | 215 | 253 | 162 | 211 |
| 1976 | 167 | 149 | 156 | 155 | 157 | 130 | 131 | 154 | 131 | 136 |
| 1977 | 157 | 150 | 150 | 152 | 152 | 168 | 166 | 133 | 136 | 151 |
| 1978 | 159 | 154 | 161 | 187 | 165 | 127 | 132 | 129 | 167 | 139 |
| 1979 | 179 |  |  |  |  | 152 |  |  |  |  |



## Selected Principal Statistics for Shipbuilding and Repair

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3270 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 59 | 58 | -1.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 13,379 | 12,579 | -6.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 28,203 | 26,237 | -7.0 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 189,329 | 196,699 | 4.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 6,609 | 7,198 | 8.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 252,194 | 258,678 | 2.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 571,077 | 613,589 | 7.4 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 312,273 | 347,714 | 11.3 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 15,473 | 14,598 | -5 |
| Total Activity: |  | 222,891 | 231,813 | -5.7 |
| Total employees | 314,500 | 349,653 | 4.0 |  |
| Total salaries and wages |  |  |  | 11.2 |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Shipbuilding and Repair, 1977 (42-206, 70¢):

## Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadian Manufacturers

|  | Eastern Canada |  | Western Canada |  | Canada Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February 1978 | February 1979 | February 1978 | February 1979 | February 1978 | February $1979$ |
|  | (thousands of bags) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Grocery BagsSize |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/4 and 1/2 | 2,158 | 2,296 | 1,799 | 1,867 | 3,957 | 4,163 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array}\right\}$ | 7,898 | 8,653 | 3,425 | 4,070 | 3,785 7.538 | 3,976 8 8 |
| 3 and 4 | 11,938 | 9,726 | 3,965 | 6,939 | 15,903 | 16,665 |
| 5 | 23,563 | 26,094 | 4,942 | 6,255 | 28,505 | 32,349 |
| 6 | 4,656 | 4,151 | 3,430 | 5,792 | 8,086 | 9,943 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}7 \\ 8\end{array}\right\}$ | 12,201 | 12,301 | 5,814 | 14,225 | 4,422 13 | 3.574 22.952 |
| 10 | 17,540 | 15,834 | 4,118 | 5,890 | 21,658 | 21,724 |
| 12 | 5,255 | 3,316 | 2,764 | 6,482 | 8,019 | 9,798 |
| 14 | 10,920 | 8,421 | 4,187 | 7,217 | 15,107 | 15,638 |
| 20 | 25,049 | 18,664 | 6,623 | 12,904 | 31,672 | 31,568 |
| Total | 121,178 | 109,456 | 41,067 | 71,641 | 162,245 | 181,097 |
| Checkstand Sacks |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1 | 10,360 | 10,524 | 4,398 | 8,290 | 14,758 | 18,814 |
| No. 2 | 12,074 | 11,278 | - | - | 12,074 | 11,278 |
| No. 3 | 32,739 | 37,968 | 23,974 | 42,973 | 56,713 | 80,941 |
| Nos. 4 and 5 | 3,043 | 3,334 | - | , | 3,043 | 3,334 |
| Total | 58,216 | 63,104 | 28,372 | 51,263 | 86,588 | 114,367 |

## Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadian Manufacturers

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eastern Canada } \\ & \text { First } 2 \text { Months } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ |  | Western Canada <br> First 2 Months 1978 1979 |  | Canada Total <br> First 2 Months 19781979 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (thousands of bags) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Grocery Bags |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Size |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/4 and 1/2 | 4,667 | 6,343 | 3,145 | 3,193 | 7,812 | 9,536 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array}\right\}$ | 16,602 | 18,113 | 6,034 | 8,082 | 7,518 5,118 | 8,894 |
| 3 and 4 | 22,091 | 21,215 | 8,416 | 15,269 | 30,507 | 36,484 |
| 5 | 48,457 | 51,662 | 9,481 | 11,781 | 57,938 | 63,443 |
| 6 | 9,782 | 9,512 | 6,222 | 12,767 | 16,004 | 22,279 |
| 7 \% |  |  |  |  | 9,502 | 7,708 |
| 81 | 23,635 | 24,235 | 12,693 | 28,257 | 26,826 | 44,784 |
| 10 | 35,686 | 36,181 | 6,955 | 12,032 | 42,641 | 48,213 |
| 12 | 9,989 | 11,349 | 5,579 | 13,151 | 15,568 | 24,500 |
| 14 | 21,383 | 20,208 | 10,134 | 15,960 | 31,517 | 36,168 |
| 20 | 49,173 | 41,494 | 12,534 | 22,076 | 61,707 | 63,570 |
| Totai | 241,465 | 240,312 | 81,193 | 142,568 | 322,658 | 382,880 |
| Checkstand Sacks |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1 | 23,201 | 19,301 | 12,011 | 17,762 | 35,212 | 37,063 |
| No. 2 | 25,205 | 21,903 | 50, - | , | 25,205 | 21,903 |
| No. 3 | 61,147 | 75,683 | 50,641 | 89,930 | 111,788 | 165,613 |
| Nos. 4 and 5 | 5,181 | 6,825 | - |  | 5,181 | 6,825 |
| Total | 114,734 | 123,712 | 62,652 | 107,692 | 177,386 | 231,404 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Viking Building
Crosbie Rd.
St. John's, Nild.
A1B 3P2
(709-726-0713)
1256 Barrington St.
Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6
(902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montreal, Que.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E.
Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave. Winnipeg, Man. R3C OK4 (204-949-4020)

530 Midtown Centre
Regina, Sask.
S4P 2 B6
(306-569-5405)
10025 106th St.
Edmonton, Alta.
T5J 1G9
(403-425-5052)
1145 Robson St. Vancouver, B.C. V6E 1 B8
(604-666-3695)

## Seiected Principal Statistics for Bakeries

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1072 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 1,478 | 1,343 | -9.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 16,422 | 16,311 | -0.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 34,189 | 33,493 | -2.0 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 170,354 | 181,591 | 6.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 18,217 | 19,843 | 8.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 375,913 | 383,258 | 2.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 832,604 | 870,549 | 4.6 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 439,424 | 467,513 | 6.4 |
| Value added |  | 25,966 | 25,575 |  |
| Total Activity: |  | 289,879 | 300,861 | -1.5 |
| Total employees | 460,711 | 499,835 | 3.8 |  |
| Total salaries and wages |  |  | 7.1 |  |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Bakeries Industry 1977 (32-203, 70¢).

## Signsilucs <br> 

Tuesday, April 17, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Consumer Price Index, March 1979
6 Summary of Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products, Fe fryinfly
6 Pulpwood and Wood Residue, February 1979
6 Stee! Ingots and Pig Iron, March 1979
6 Refined Petroleum Products, February 1979

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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

66-202 (\$3.50) Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation, 1976 and 1977
71-001 (55థ/\$5.50) The Labour Force, March 1979

The Consumer Price Index and Major Components, Canada

| $(1907$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The Consumer Price Index, March 1979 ${ }^{21}$ (62-001, $40 \$ / \$ 4)$

## National Highlights

The All-items Consumer Priċe Index for Canada ( $1971=100$ ) increased by $1.2 \%$ from a level of 184.4 in February to 186.6 in March. As a result, the 12 -month rise between March . 1978 and March 1979 stood at $9.2 \%$, unchanged from the increase observed in the previous 12 -month period. Higher food prices were once again a significant factor in the latest over-all monthly CPI rise, having;been responsible for about one-half of the increase:'Higher housing charges and increased prices for clothing also had a noticeable impact. Food prices advanced by $2.5 \%$ between February and March, unchanged from the increase observed in the previous month, while the index for all items excluding food rose by $0.8 \%$, up from the $0.5 \%$ registered in the previous month.

Higher prices for beef cuts, up on average $7.5 \%$ in early March, were largely responsible for the 2.9\% increase in the food-at-home index. Other notable contributors to this latest monthly rise included higher prices for selected fresh fruit and vegetables, other meat products, poultry and for selected dairy and cereal products. Coffee and tea prices recorded a slight decline. The $2.9 \%$ increase in the food-at-home index in March brought this index 19.0\% above its March 1978 level. The food-away-from-home index rose by $1.1 \%$ in March resulting in an increase of 11.3\% over its level in March 1978.

Higher prices for most clothing and household furnishings items were major contributing factors to the $0.8 \%$ increase in the index for all items excluding food. Other notable factors included increased shelter charges for both rented and owned accommodation, higher dental care charges and increased prices for most tobacco products. As well, increased local transit fares became effective in several cities while in the provinces of Newfoundland and Quebec higher prices for beer consumed at home were registered. Between March 1978 and March 1979, the index for all items excluding food advanced by $6.5 \%$, a slight decline from the $6.8 \%$ registered in the previous 12-month period.

Viewed in terms of goods and services, the price level for goods, including food, advanced by $1.6 \%$ in the latest month while that for services increased by $0.7 \%$. As a result, between March 1978 and March 1979, the price level for goods advanced by 11.2\% while that for services rose by $6.2 \%$.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the All-items Consumer Price Index advanced by 1.3\% between February and March: this comprised a $2.6 \%$ increase in the food index and a $0.9 \%$ increase in the index for all items excluding food.

## City Highlights

Between February and March, consumer prices rose in all 15 cities for which CPIs are produced. Advances ranged from 0.8\% registered in both Winnipeg and Regina to $1.4 \%$ observed in Saint John. In 11 of the 15 cities, consumer prices rose by $1.0 \%$ or more, with food prices increasing in excess of $2.0 \%$ in all cities except Vancouver, where a $1.8 \%$ rise was observed.

## Saint John

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.0\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 9.4\%.
Main contributors: higher prices for beef and fresh produce; increased shelter charges and higher fuel oil, clothing and beer prices.

## Charlottetown/Summerside

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.3\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.9\%.
Main contributors: higher prices for meat and fresh produce; increased fuel oil prices and electricity rates. Prices also up for clothing and cigarettes.

## Hallfax

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.0\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.6\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for meat, fresh produce and chicken. Increased prices for household furnishings, clothing and local transit fares.

## Saint John

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.4\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 9.1\%.
(continued)

Consumer Price Indexes for Canada, Major Components, Sub-groups and Speclal Aggregates, not Seasonally Adjusted - Concluded
(1971=100)

| Major components, sub-groups and special aggregates | Indexes | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March 1979 from |  |
|  | Mar. 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1978 |
| Reclassified by goods and services |  |  |  |
| Goods and services | 186.6 | 1.2 | 9.2 |
| Goods | 190.3 | 1.6 | 11.2 |
| Durable goods | 148.5 | 0.9 | 7.3 |
| Semi-durable goods | 151.8 | 1.7 | 5.3 |
| Non-durable goods | 211.7 | 1.8 | 13.4 |
| Services | 182.1 | 0.7 | 6.2 |
| Special aggregates |  |  |  |
| All items excluding food | 172.3 | 0.8 | 6.5 |
| All items excluding energy | 184.2 | 1.3 | 9.5 |
| Energy | 220.7 | 0.2 | 6.9 |
| All items excluding food and energy | 167.7 | 0.8 | 6.4 |

Main contributors: higher prices for meat, fresh produce, chicken and restaurant meals. Increased clothing, cigarette, newspaper and fuel oil prices.

## Quebec City

All items: February to March 1979, up 0.9\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.8\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef, other meat products, fresh produce and chicken. Increased clothing prices and shelter charges. Prices up for beer.

## Montreal

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.3\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.6\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef and fresh produce. Increased clothing prices. Prices also up for beer and household furnishings.

## Ottawa

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.3\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.6\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for meat, fresh vegetables and restaurant meals. Increased clothing and household furnishings prices, higher dental care charges.

## Toronto

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.3\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 9.4\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef, fresh produce and restaurant meals. Increased prices for household furnishings and clothing. Increased local transit fares and dental care charges.

## Thunder Bay

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.0\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.3\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for meat, fresh fruit and restaurant meals while bread prices declined. Higher clothing and household furnishings prices and increased shelter charges.

## Winnlpeg

All items: February to March 1979, up 0.8\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.1\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef, other meat products, fresh produce and soft drinks. Clothing prices and shelter charges advanced while gasoline prices fell.

## Regina

All items: February to March 1979, up 0.8\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 7.9\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef and fresh produce. Advances in shelter charges and clothing prices. Cigarette prices increased partly due to sales tax increases.

## Saskatoon

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.0\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.0\%.

Main contributors: increased prices for meat and fresh produce while bread prices fell. Higher clothing prices and shelter charges. Cigarette prices rose partly due to sales tax increases.

## Edmonton

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.0\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 9.3\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef; fresh produce and restaurant meals. Higher shelter charges and clothing prices.

## Calgary

All items: February to March 1979, up 0.9\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.2\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef, pork, selected cereal products, fresh produce and restaurant meals. Higher shelter charges and clothing prices. Increased local transit fares.

## Vancouver

All items: February to March 1979, up 1.0\%; March 1978 to March 1979, up 8.1\%.

Main contributors: increased prices for beef, fresh produce and restaurant meals. Higher gasoline prices and automobile insurance premiums. Dental care and selected housing charges also advanced.
(see tables on pages 4 and 5)

Month-to-Month Percentage Changes in the Unadjusted and Seasonally Adjusted Consumer Price Index for Canada*

|  | All items |  | Food |  | All items excluding food |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted* | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted* | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.4 | . | 0.8 |  | 0.2 |  |
| February | 0.7 | . | 0.7 |  | 0.6 |  |
| March | 1.1 | $\cdots$ | 1.4 |  | 1.1 |  |
| April | 0.2 | $\cdots$ | 1.7 |  | -0.4 |  |
| May | 1.4 | $\cdots$ | 3.3 |  | 0.6 |  |
| June | 0.9 | . | 2.0 |  | 0.4 |  |
| July | 1.5 | , | 4.0 |  | 0.4 |  |
| August | 0.1 | . | -1.4 | $\cdots$ | 0.7 |  |
| September | -0.2 |  | -2.4 |  | 0.7 |  |
| October | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 |
| November | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| December | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| February | 0.9 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| March | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 |

*For some elaboration of methodology, see Appendix (A) of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).
** Seasonally adiusted data are revised annually using updated seasonal adiustment factors. For more information, refer to Appendix II, Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).

## Consumer. Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

|  | All items | Food | Housing | Clothing (1 | Trans-portation $1=100)$ | Health and personal care | Recreation reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. John's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 194.9 | 245.9 | 198.9 | 148.5 | 170.5 | 188.8 | 151.8 | 160.9 |
| February 1979 index | 192.9 | 240.6 | 197.4 | 146.3 | 170.2 | 186.7 | 150.8 | 159.3 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 9.4 | 18.2 | 7.0 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 11.5 | 8.9 | 5.9 |
| Charlottetown/Summerside** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 148.7 | 158.9 | 153.8 | 128.8 | 144.4 | 146.1 | 130.2 | 135.0 |
| February 1979 index | 146.8 | 154.1 | 152.7 | 126.7 | 144.5 | 144.2 | 130.0 | 133.3 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 0.7 | 1.7 | -0.1 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 1.3 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.9 | 16.2 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 5.1 | 3.7 |
| Halifax |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 182.5 | 223.9 | 182.8 | 146.6 | 172.0 | 148.9 | 148.2 | 150.7 |
| February 1979 index | 180.7 | 217.8 | 181.9 | 144.9 | 171.6 | 146.7 | 148.0 | 150.1 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.0 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.6 | 16.9 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 6.0 | 5.4 |
| Salnt John |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 186.8 | 229.8 | 185.9 | 144.9 | 173.2 | 175.8 | 162.8 | 152.5 |
| February 1979 index | 184.3 | 223.6 | 184.9 | 141.2 | 172.5 | 174.3 | 160.9 | 151.3 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.4 | 2.8 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.8 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 9.1 | 15.4 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 10.3 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 183.5 | 227.7 | 180.8 | 140.0 | 172.1 | 176.1 | 153.8 | 164.3 |
| February 1979 index | 181.8 | 222.8 | 180.4 | 137.4 | 172.3 | 173.0 | 153.6 | 162.0 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 0.9 | 2.2 | 0.2 | 1.9 | -0.1 | 1.8 | 0.1 | 1.4 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.8 | 14.3 | 8.3 | -0.4 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 7.1 | 9.8 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 184.2 | 230.7 | 172.5 | 154.9 | 172.7 | 177.4 | 157.5 | 168.4 |
| February 1979 index | 181.9 | 225.0 | 171.8 | 151.2 | 172.7 | 174.7 | 157.0 | 165.0 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 2.1 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.6 | 16.5 | 6.9 | 0.2 | 5.6 | 9.2 | 4.9 | 9.9 |

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Citles of Canada (continued)

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities."

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { All } \\ \text { items } \end{array}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing (19 | Trans-portation $1=100)$ | Health and personal care | Recreation reading and education | Tobacco and alcoho |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ottawa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 184.4 | 220.2 | 180.6 | 170.9 | 172.3 | 171.0 | 148.7 | 165.4 |
| February 1979 index | 182.1 | 213.3 | 179.8 | 167.4 | 171.8 | 167.3 | 148.7 | 164.9 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.3 | 3.2 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0.3 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.6 | 15.5 | 6.0 | 8.9 | 7.4 | 6.7 | 5.0 | 5.9 |
| Toronto |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 185.2 | 225.2 | 181.6 | 157.8 | 171.1 | 186.8 | 152.8 | 159.2 |
| February 1979 index | 182.8 | 219.8 | 180.3 | 154.7 | 168.8 | 182.6 | 151.9 | 158.6 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 0.7 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 9.4 | 17.0 | 6.9 | 9.4 | 7.3 | 10.3 | 4.8 | 4.3 |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 185.6 | 225.1 | 185.3 | 151.0 | 176.6 | 182.3 | 151.6 | 158.3 |
| February 1979 index | 183.8 | 219.7 | 184.3 | 148.7 | 176.8 | 179.5 | 151.0 | 158.0 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 1.5 | -0.1 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.3 | 14.4 | 6.9 | 8.5 | 5.4 | 8.4 | 4.3 | 5.3 |
| Winnlpeg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 187.3 | 226.4 | 195.3 | 161.1 | 163.4 | 178.2 | 152.0 | 157.9 |
| February 1979 index | 185.8 | 220.7 | 194.2 | 158.2 | 166.0 | 175.9 | 151.8 | 156.9 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 0.8 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 1.8 | -1.6 | 1.3 | 0.1 | 0.6 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.1 | 14.5 | 6.7 | 9.5 | 2.6 | 8.1 | 5.3 | 7.1 |
| Regina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 185.7 | 220.4 | 185.1 | 156.5 | 173.4 | 176.2 | 170.4 | 165.7 |
| February 1979 index | 184.2 | 215.7 | 184.0 | 154.0 | 173.4 | 175.1 | 171.1 | 163.6 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 0.8 | 2.2 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0.6 | -0.4 | 1.3 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 7.9 | 16.6 | 4.8 | 6.5 | . 6.0 | 7.9 | 4.5 | 6.3 |
| Saskatoon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 181.6 | 218.2 | 180.0 | 158.7 | 166.1 | 167.6 | 167.1 | 164.7 |
| February 1979 index | 179.8 | 212.9 | 178.9 | 155.9 | 166.0 | 165.9 | 166.5 | 163.5 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.7 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.0 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 8.5 | 5.1 | 6.7 |
| Edmonton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 188.5 | 220.8 | 200.2 | 163.8 | 173.2 | 165.0 | 158.0 | 146.4 |
| February 1979 index | 186.6 | 214.9 | 199.0 | 161.6 | 173.1 | 163.4 | 157.5 | 145.9 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 9.3 | 15.4 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 3.5 |
| Caigary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 184.3 | 217.5 | 190.7 | 162.8 | 168.2 | 174.3 | 156.4 | 149.8 |
| February 1979 index | 182.6 | 213.1 | 189.7 | 160.8 | 167.4 | 172.6 | 155.7 | 149.4 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.2 | 15.3 | 7.6 | 8.1 | 3.3 | 8.7 | 4.8 | 4.5 |
| Vancouver |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1979 index | 187.5 | 225.6 | - 186.1 | 158.4 | 176.7 | 175.4 | 148.7 | 163.7 |
| February 1979 index | 185.6 | 221.6 | 185.4 | 154.8 | 174.9 | 171.4 | 147.9 | 163.7 |
| \% change from February 1979 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.0 |
| \% change from March 1978 | 8.1 | 14.2 | 4.7 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 4.4 | 10.8 |

[^6]
## Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolled Steel Products

February 1979 - Advance Information

|  | Domestic |  | Export |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | tons of 2,000 lbs. | metric tonnes | tons of 2,000 lbs. | metric tonnes | tons of 2,000 lbs. | metric tonnes |
| Ingots and semi-finished shapes | 37,728 | 34226 | 4,191 | 3802 | 41,919 | 38028 |
| Rails | 22,585 | 20489 | 1,091 | 990 | 23,676 | 21479 |
| Wire rods | 70,011 | 63512 | 34,784 | 31555 | 104,795 | 95067 |
| Structural shapes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heavy | 72,216 | 65513 | 14,451 | 13110 | 86,667 | 78623 |
| Bar-sized shapes | 11,659 | 10578 | 3,452 | 3132 | 15,111 | 13710 |
| Concrete reinforcing bars | 46,444 | 42134 | - | - | 46,444 | 42134 |
| Other hot rolled bars | 103,025 | 93463 | 11,362 | 10308 | 114,387 | 103771 |
| Tie plates and track material | 8,215 | 7453 | 737 | 669 | 8,952 | 8122 |
| Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) | 111,012 | 100710 | 18,504 | 16787 | - 129,516 | - 117497 |
| Hot rolled sheets and strip | 219,767 | 199367 | 15,954 | 14473 | 235,721 | 213840 |
| Cold finished bars | 9,718 | 8816 | 248 | 225 | 9,966 | 9041 |
| Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated | 162,117 | 147068 | 12,790 | 11602 | 174,907 | 158670 |
| Galvanized sheets | 80,766 | 73268 | 14,135 | 12823 | 94;901 | 86091 |
| Total | 955,263 | 866597 | 131,699 | 119476 | 1,086,962 | 986073 |

[^7]Pulpwood and Wood Residue, February 1979 Advance Information
Roundwood production increased 4.8\% to 1,274,487 cunits ( 3608939 m 3 ) in February 1979 from 1,215,616 cunits ( $3442235 \mathrm{m3}$ ) a year earlier. Receipts of wood residue increased $14.4 \%$ to $1,122,941$ cunits ( $3179811 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from 981,268 cunits ( 2778636 m 3 ).

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue rose $7.8 \%$ to $2,524,036$ cunits ( $7147262 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from 2,340,400 cunits ( 6627265 m 3 ) and the closing inventory of these two products decreased by $6.3 \%$ to 9,305,182 cunits ( 26349297 m 3 ) from $9,933,661$ cunits (28 128950 m 3 ).

For further information, order the February issue of Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25-001, 15¢/\$1.50), or contact Colin Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, March 1979 - Advance Information

Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for March 1979 was $1,437,967$ short tons ( 1304502 t). Pig iron production totalled $1,077,127$ short tons (977 153 t).

For further information, order the March issue of Steel Ingots and Pig Iron (41-002, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV3.

Refined Petroleum Products, February 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary data for February show that net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to $56,359,000$ barrels ( 8956 thousand cubic metres), an increase of $2.9 \%$ from the February 1978 total of 54,767,000 barrels (8703 thousand cubic metres).

Canadian refineries produced $53,515,000$ barrels ( 8504 thousand cubic metres) of refined petroleum products in February, down 1.3\% from 54,226,000 barrels ( 8617 thousand cubic metres) in February 1978.

For further information, order the February issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, 40థ/\$4), or contact G.R. Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-001 (\$1.40/\$5.60) National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1978

22-007 (40§/\$4) Grains and Oilseeds Review, February 1979
33-202 (70¢) Leather Tanneries, 1977
43-205 (70\$) Manufacturers of Household Radio and Televișion Receivers, 1977
43-209 (70థ) Manufacturers of Electric Wire and Cable, 1977
43-210 (70థ) Manufacturers of Miscellaneous Electrical Products, 1977
52-003 (30\$/\$3) Rallway Operating Statistics, November 1978
(continued)

62-011 (55\$/\$5.50) Industry Price Indexes, January 1979
67-002 (40\$/\$4) Security Transactions with Non-Residents, December 1978

## 73-001-p (N/C) Preliminary Unempioyment Insurance Statistics, December 1978

## 84-001 (35\$/\$1.40) Vital Statistics, October-December 1978

## Service Bulietin:

54-003 (\$1.40 per year) Water Transport, Vol. 9, No. 2, Cargo Loaded and Unloaded in Coastwise Shipping by Vessels of Foreign Registries, October-December 1977 and 1978

Wholesale Trade, February 1979 - Advance Information
Wholesale merchants' sales for February at an estimated \$5,400,314,000 showed an increase of 21.5\% from $\$ 4,443,582,000$ in February 1978.

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 9,603,749,000$, up $23.4 \%$ from stocks of $\$ 7,784,312,000$ on hand at the end of February last year.

For further information, order the February issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, 15¢/\$1.50).

MIneral Production, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian mineral production for February and for 1979 to date, with 1978 figures in brackets (as reported by Energy, Mines and Resources):

- Gold, 3755900 grams (4 080 963) - 7806569 grams (8 185 222).
- Silver, 93449 kilograms (107 295) - 203795 kilograms (207 687).
- Primary copper, 47765 tonnes (63 493) - 92261 tonnes (119 743).
- Primary nickel, 5811 tonnes (13 572) - 12110 tonnes (29 707).
-Refined lead, 16114 tonnes (15936) - 30755 tonnes (30 410).
- Refined zinc, 47244 tonnes (37 911) - 96269 tonnes (77 469).
For further information, order the February issue of the free EM\&R publication Production of Canada's Leading Minerals or contact John Brennan (613-9959351), Mineral Policy Sector, Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa K1A 0E4.

Construction-type Plywood, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian mills shipped $226,111,000$ square feet ( $200528 \mathrm{m3}$ ) 3/8". ( 9.525 mm ) basis of constructiontype plywood in February 1979.
For further information, contact Patrick Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6, or order the February issue of Construction-type Plywood (35$001,30 \$ / \$ 3$ ).

Production of Eggs and Poultry, February 1979 Advance Information
Canadian egg production decreased by $4.0 \%$ to 34.9 million dozen in February 1979 from 36.4 million dozen a year earlier. The average number of layers was down $3.3 \%$ to 23.3 million from 24.1 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers decreased $0.8 \%$ to 1,798 from 1,812.

For further information, order the February issue of Production of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada; Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 14, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended April 14 was 341,027 short tons (309 374 t), an increase of $1.2 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 336,974 short tons ( 305698 t ). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 316,554 short tons (287 173 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 186.1 in the current week, 183.9 a week earlier and 172.8 a year earlier.

For further information, contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Raliway Carioadings
10-day period ending March 31, 1979

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 4,129,162 | 3,061,449 | 7,190,611 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 2,880,808 | 3,095,967 | 5,976,775 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 3745913 | 2777300 | 6.523 213 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 2613425 | 2808614 | 5422039 |
| \% change | 43.3 | -1.1 | -. 20.3 |
| Cars, 1979 | 66,163 | 44,945 | 111,108 |
| Cars, 1978 | 53,670 | 45,873 | 99,543 |
| \% change | 23.3 | -2.0 | 11.6 |
| Plggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 274,193 | 101,214 | 375,407 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 244,624 | 92,430 | 337,054 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 248744 | 91820 | 340564 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 221919 | 83851 | 305770 |
| \% change | 12.1 | 9.5 | 11.4 |
| Cars, 1979 | 8,082 | 3,725 | 11,807 |
| Cars, 1978 | 7,514 | 3,470 | 10,984 |
| \% change | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.5 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 30,360,437 | 26,570,433 | 56,930,870 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 29,341,715 | 26,157,565 | 55,499,280 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 27542525 | 24104291 | 51646816 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 26618356 | 23729744 | 50348100 |
| \% change | 3.5 | 1.6 | 2.6 |
| Cars, 1979 | 494,745 | 391,284 | 886,029 |
| Cars, 1978 | 484,456 | 393,930 | 878,386 |
| \% change | 2.1 | -0.7 | 0.9 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,078,867 | 795,150 | 2,874,017 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 2,115,581 | 751,662 | 2,867,243 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | -1885916 | 721348 | 2607264 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1919223 | 681896 | 2601119 |
| \% change | -1.7 | 5.8 | 0.2 |
| Cars, 1979 | 63,078 | 30,496 | 93,574 |
| Cars, 1978 | 62,889 | 30,126 | 93,015 |
| \% change | 0.3 | 1.2 | 0.6 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Raliway Carloadings, 10 Days Ended March 31, 1979 - Published Only in the Daily

The volume of revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada totalled 6.5 million $t$ ( 7.2 million short tons) in the above-noted 10 days, a gain of 20.3\% over the yearearlier period. Eastern loadings, which were adversely affected by labour problems in the iron ore mining areas of Quebec and Newfoundland in 1978, rose by $43.3 \%$ in the latest period. Tonnage was down $1.1 \%$ in the West.

Container-trailer (piggyback) shipments (included above) were up $12.1 \%$ in the East and $9.5 \%$ in the West for an over-all gain of 11.4\%.

In the first quarter of 1979, rail freight loadings aggregated 51.6 million $t$ ( 56.9 million short tons), an increase of 2.6\% from January-March 1978.

Cumulative container-trailer (piggyback) loadings were $0.2 \%$ above the year-earlier level.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallieres (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Selected Princlpal Statistics for the Children's Clothing Industry
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2450 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 127 | 113 | -11.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Productlon and related workers | No. | 5,654 | 5,006 | -11.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 11,291 | 10,194 | -9.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 38,480 | 38,350 | -0.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 693 | 714 | 3.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 99,917 | 95,255 | -4.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 177,480 | 174,356 | -1.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 78,559 | 81,157 | 3.3 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,462 | 5,757 | -10.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 50,477 | 50,986 | 1.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 78,642 | 80,973 | 3.0 |

For further information, contact E. Gluck (613-992-3141), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Women's and Children's Clothing Industries, 1977 (34-217, \$1.05).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Other Knitting Mills <br> 1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2392 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 148 | 138 | -6.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 12,598 | 10,905 | -13.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 25,849 | 22,217 | -14.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 90,864 | 86,473 | -4.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,549 | 2,742 | 7.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 136,158 | 139,132 | 2.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 169,519 | 163,997 | -3.3 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 14,062 | 12,044 | -14.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 112,577 | 105,473 | -6.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 168,853 | 183,493 | 8.7 |

For further information, contact E. Gluck (613-992-3141), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Knitting Mills, 1977 (34-215, \$1.05).

Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Preparations
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information


For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Soap and C/eaning Preparations, 1977 (46-214, 70§).


Thursday, April 19, 1979

## CONTENTS

2 Building Permits, January 1979


4 . Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indices, January 1979
3 Estimates of Disappearance of Poultry and Eggs, 1978
4 Manufacturers of Prefabricated Buildings (Wood Frame Construction), 1977

Department Stores in Canada, 1923-1976
During the 1970s, the department store sector of retail trade has undergone dynamic change. In 1971, there were 40 department store organizations in Canada operating 434 outlets with sales of $\$ 3,193,589,000$. By 1976, the number of department store organizations had declined to 30 due to amalgamations or financial difficulties but there was a net increase of 185 fullline department store outlets and sales rose to $\$ 6,514,325,000$. Much of this increase was due to the large-scale expansion of the so-called junior department stores such as K-Mart, Woolco and Miracle Mart:
$\cdots$ Released today is the publication Department Stores in Canada, 1923-1976 (Catalogue No. 63-530, \$2.10 in Canada, $\$ 2.55$ elsewhere), a study of how department stores evolved and developed in this country, what the current trends are and what probably lies ahead. Contents include: growth of department stores nationally, by provinces, and at the sub-provincial level; development of junior department stores; department stores in shopping centres; sales per square foot sales size; commodity mix; and potential for growth.

Supplementary 1977 data compiled too late for inclusion in.the publication are also available and will be supplied free of charge to those ordering the publication. For further information, contact David Van Luven (613-995-4198), Analysis and Development Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(continued)

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    PUBLICATIONS RELEASED
    \(46=002(15 \Phi / \$ 1.50)\) Specified Chemicals, February 1979
    61-205 (\$1. 55 ) Private and Public İnvestment in Canada, Outlook 1979
    New: Publication:
```

    63-530 (\$2.10) Department Stores in Canada, 1923-1976
    
## Service Bulletin:

52-004 (\$1.40 per year) Railway Transport - Vol. 9, No. 2, Railway Carloadings, February 1979; Railway Operating Statistics, November 1978

Building Permits

(million of dollars)


Building Permits, January 1979 - Advance Information
The value of building permits issued during January dropped to a seasonally-adjusted level of $\$ 978$ million from a revised $\$ 1,298$ million in December 1978. In January 1978, the value of all permits issued was $\$ 1,050$ million.

The decrease in the latest month was attributable mainly to residential construction which fell to a fouryear low of $\$ 539$ million, after reaching an unusually high level of $\$ 772$ million in December. (The latter was caused by an upsurge of large apartment projects in Quebec and Ontario.) Non-residential building permits also decreased, to $\$ 439$ million in January from $\$ 526$ million in December.
Residential permits (seasonally adjusted) were issued for the construction of 7,962 single-detached houses and 6,013 collective dwelling units. In December 1978, 8,324 single-detached and 13,819 multiple dwellings were authorized.

In the non-residential sector, there were decreases in all categories: new industrial projects totalled $\$ 92$ million in January compared to $\$ 101$ million in the
previous month, while commercial projects dropped to an estimated $\$ 230$ million in January from $\$ 296$ million in December. Publicly-initiated projects remained high at $\$ 117$ million, although somewhat lower than in December ( $\$ 130$ million).

For further information, order the January issue of Building Permits (64-001, 70¢/\$7), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see table on next page)

## Building Permits

January 1979

|  | Number of Dwelling Units |  |  | Value of Residential and.Non-Residential Construction. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Singles | Multiples | Total | Residential | Industrial | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commer- } \\ (\$ 000) \end{gathered}$ | Institutional ; and governmental | Total |
| Newioundland | 8 | - | 8 | 412 | 93 | 501 | 335 | 1,341 |
| Prince Edward Island | 19 | 2 | 21 | 665 | 155 | 123 | 20 | 963 |
| Nova Scotia | 125 | 208 | 333 | 9,495 | 718 | 11,836 | .. 7,660 | 29,709 |
| New Brunswick | 17 | 12 | 29 | 1,005 | 4,473 | 2,615 | $\therefore 775$ | 8,868 |
| Quebec | 415 | 853 | 1,268 | 41,021. | 5,730 | 16,948 | 9,274 ${ }^{-}$ | 72,973 |
| Ontario | 613 | 580 | 1,193 | 48,903 | 21,238 | 37,332 | ! 11,032 | 118,505 |
| Manitoba | 80 | 378 | 458 | 12,038 | 386 | - 15,267 | - 740 | - 28,431 |
| Saskatchewan | 124 | 168 | 292 | 9,938 | 648 | 8,046 | 5,578 | 24,210 |
| Alberta | 988 | .1,029 | 2,017. | 82,490 | 7,225 | $\therefore$ 38,839 | $\because 19,236$ | -143,790 |
| British Columbia | 631 | 129 | 760 | 32,600 | 4,867 | $\therefore{ }^{\prime} .13,910^{\circ}$ | . $: 5,839$ | 57,216 |
| Yukon | 19 | 4 | 23 | 1,100 | . 10 | . . 81 | , i: $\because 6$ | , 1,197 |
| Northwest Territories | 1 | - | 1 | . 141 | . - | - 42 | \% 8 | .. 191. |
| Canada - Unadjusted | 3,040 | 3,363 | 6,403 | 239,808 | 45,543 | 141,540 | 60,503 | 487,394 |
| Canada - Adjusted | 7,962 | 6,013 | 13,975 | 538,601 | 92,167 | 229,709 | . 117;426 | 977,903 |
| Metropolitan Areas | 2,003 | 2,741 | 4,744 | 177,008 | 22,580 | 100,223 | 43,241 | 343,052 |
| Calgary | 395 | 356 | 751 | 32,796 | - 775 | $\cdot 15,544$ | $\cdots 1,539$ | 50,654 |
| Chicoutimi-Jonquière | 11 | 24 | 35 | 953 | - 24 | 373 | - 194 | 1,544 |
| Edmonton | 368 | 595 | 963 | 36,149 | 1,611 | 10,519 | :9,002. | 57,281 |
| Halifax | 29 | 181 | 210 | 5,499 | 30 | 2,783 | -7,494 | 15,806 |
| Hamilton | 20 | 10 | 30 | 1,527 | 212 | 560 | + 12 | 2,311 |
| Hull | 5 | - | 5 | 448 | 10 | 298 | 1,370 | - 2,126 |
| Kitchener | 30 | - | 30 | 1,095 | 636 | 1,015 | 192 | 2,938 |
| London | 52 | 4 | 56 | 2,094 | 60 | 1,388 | - - | 3,542 |
| Montreal | 200 | 662 | 862 | 25,405 | 2,025 | 8,008 | 4,478 | 39,916 |
| Oshawa | 15 | 2 | 17 | 845 | 426 | 95 | 650 | 2,016 |
| Ottawa | 29 | - | 29 | 2,135 | 571 | 3,666 | 538 | 6,910 |
| Quebec | 82 | 32 | 114 | 4,859 | 846 | 3,702 | 1,564 | 10,971 |
| Regina | 26 | 110 | 136 | 4,316 | - | 2,762 | 632 | 7,710 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 11 | 109 | 120 | 2,386 | 673 | 2,663 | 121. | 5,843 |
| Saint John | 2 | - | 2 | 211 | 216 | 336 | - | 763 |
| St. John's | 6 | - | 6 | 269 | - | 311 | 335 | 915 |
| Saskatoon | 76 | 4 | 80 | 3,578 | 75 | 3,801 | 4,129 | 11,583 |
| Sudbury | 2 | - | 2 | 102 | - | 919 | - | 1,021 |
| Thunder Bay | 6 | 72 | 6 | . 421 | 65 | 183 | 126 | 795 |
| Toronto | 189 | 272 | 461 | 21,311 | 8,627 | 17,039 | 7,484 | 54,461 |
| Vancouver | 246 | 6 | 252 | 12,495 | 3,104 | 5,598 | 1,485 | 22,682 |
| Victoria | 95 | 8 | 103 | 5,258 | 66 | 2,636 | 1,448 | 9,408 |
| Windsor | 39 | - | 39. | 1,716 | 2,250 | 1,547 | 30 | 5,543 |
| Winnipeg | 69 | 366 | 435 | 11,140 | 278 | 14,477 | 418 | 26,313 |

## Preliminary figures.

For further information, order Building Permits, January 1979 (64-001, 70థ/\$7).

## Estimates of Disappearance of Poultry and Eggs, 1978

 - Advance InformationDisappearance of poultry in 1978 was 48.0 pounds per capita compared to 45.7 pounds (revised) in 1977. Disappearance of chicken increased to 35.7 pounds per capita in 1978 from 33.7 pounds in 1977 and turkey at 9.6 pounds per capita was up from 9.3 pounds while disappearance of fowl at 2.7 pounds per capita in 1978 was unchanged from the 1977 level.

Disappearance of eggs dropped to 18.2 dozen per capita in 1978 from 18.6 dozen in 1977.

For further information, order the 1978 issue of Production of Poultry and Eggs (23-202, 704), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Prefabricated Buildings (Wood Frame Construction)
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2543 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 87 | 78 | -10.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4.798 | 4,074 | -15.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 9,965 | 8,296 | -16.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 51,205 | 46,725 | -8.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,008 | 1,826 | -9.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 136,899 | 129,485 | -5.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,317 | 5,320 | -15.8 |
| Total salaries and wages- | \$000 | 76,017 | 70,042 | -7.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 144,347 | 143,957 | -0.3 |

For further information, contact Patrick Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada; Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Sash, Door and Other Millwork Plants, 1977 (35-205, \$1.05).

Import and Domestic: Export Price and Volume Indexes, January 1979. - Advance Information
On a'fixed-weighted basis, both import and export price indexes increased $1.3 \%$ in January. On a currentweighted basis the increases, because of weight shifts, were more substäntial - prices of imports rose $2.7 \%$ and exports $3.0 \%$.
Seasonally-adjusted import volume declined $1.9 \%$ in January from the exceptionally high level reached in December when import volume climbed $5.1 \%$.
Domestic export volume with a $3.0 \%$ increase in January recovered much of the $4.1 \%$ decrease in December volume.
For further information, order the February issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40\$/\$4).

Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indexes
Price Indexés Weighted with Current Period Quantities Not'Adjusted for Seasonal Vàriation


Volume Indexes Weighted with 1971 Prices
Seasonally Adjusted
(1971=100)

|  |  | Domestlc <br> Exports |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Imports Annual | 152.2 | 120.7 |
| 1977 Annual | 153.2 | 131.2 |
| 1978 Annual | 157.8 | 143.9 |
| 1977 |  |  |
| III Quarter | 150.9 | 128.3 |
| IV Quarter | 149.4 | 133.8 |
| 1978 |  |  |
| I Quarter | 145.8 | 139.2 |
| II Quarter | 160.2 | 142.3 |
| III Quarter | 157.7 | 143.4 |
| IV Quarter | 168.1 | 151.7 |
| 1978 | 151.4 | 132.7 |
| August | 164.5 | 159.3 |
| September | 164.9 | 145.8 |
| October | 174.1 | 157.9 |
| November |  | 151.5 |
| December |  |  |
| l979 |  |  |
| January |  |  |



Friday, April 20, 1979


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2 Dairy Factory Production, March 1979
2 Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, April 1, 1979
3 Airport Activity, September 1978
3 Soft Drink Manufacturers, 1977
3. Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers, 1977

2 Manufacturers of Toys and Decorations, 1977
3 Decorative Laminate Sheet, January-March 1979
3 Feed Price Indexes, March 1979

## Exports and Imports by Commodities

Commodity-country export and import trade statistics for February 1979 are now available in advance of the regular publications. For information, contact GiL: Blaney (613-992-8896), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-002E ( $\$ 5.60$ for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 3, Stocks of Graịn at March 31 - Available April 20, 1979 at 3 p.m.

34-203 (70థ) Cordage and Twine Industry, 1977
35-210 (70థ) Coffin and Casket Industry, 1977
36-003 (15\$/\$1.50) Particle Board, February 1979
36-205 (70థ) Asphalt Roofing Manufacturers, 1977
(continued)

# 36-213 (70§) Corrugated Box Manufacturers, 1977 <br> 41-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, March 1979 <br> 41-006 (15\$/\$1.50) Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, February 1979 <br> 42-216 (70¢) Office and Store Machinery Manufacturers, 1977 <br> 43-003 (15\$/\$1.50) Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, February 1979 <br> 43-005 (15¢/\$1.50) Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, February 1979 <br> 43-009 (15\$/\$1.50) Electric Lamps, February 1979 <br> 43-203 (70థ) Manufacturers of Small Electrical Appliances,.. 1977. <br> 47-004 (15¢/\$1.50) Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded <br> Tapes in Canada, February 1979 

61-001 (30\$/\$3) Cheques Cashed, February 1979

## Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation.

The new edition of Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation (catalogue No. 66-202, $\$ 3.50$ in Canada), a 282-page statistical digest covering 1976 and 1977, is now available.

This edition features an expanded section on recreation participation, summarizing the findings from the 1976 Labour Force Survey supplement on fitness, physical recreation and sport. Also included are data on socio-economic characteristics of households with recreation equipment, and on gun ownership, gun use and the household stock of firearms:-

Contents: recreation participation; parks, camping, hunting and fishing; travel to work; domestic travel by residents of Canada; travel between Canada and the U.S. and between Canada and overseas countries; balance of payments and international travel; the plant; employment; and selected influences on travel and recreation.

Future editions will be published biennially rather than annually, because of budgetary constraints. For further information, contact Bob Chadwick (613-995-9697); Chief, Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Dalry Factory Production, March 1979 - Advance Information
Production of creamery butter was up 2.8\% in March 1979 to 6529 metric tonnes from 6351 metric tonnes a year earlier. Cheddar cheese production increased $30 \%$ to 8046 metric tonnes from 6189 metric tonnes, and production of ice cream increased 10.2\% to 12457 kilolitres from 11301 kilolitres.

For further information, order March issue of Dairy Factory Production (32-002, 15¢/\$1.50), or contact C.M. Riach (613-995-4858), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Pouitry Products, April 1, 1979 - Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of creamery butter were up to 50.4 million pounds on April 1 from last year's corresponding total of 48.8 million, and stocks of cheddar cheese rose to 64.1 million pounds from 57.0 million. Stocks of skim milk powder decreased to 22.9 million pounds from 54.0 million while stocks of evaporated whole milk increased to 22.4 million pounds from 15.4 million.

For further information, order the April issue of Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products (32-009, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics. Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.
Manufacturers of Toys and Decorations, 1977 Advance Information:
In 1977, 54 Canadian firms manufacturing toys and decorations reported total domestic sales of $\$ 241.2$ million and export sales of $\$ 14: 0$ million.: During the year, the firms spent $\$ 9.6$ million on advertising while a total of $\$ 36.8$ million in taxes (including customs duties) was paid to federal and provincial authorities.

For further information regarding this survey of financial statistics of toys'and decorations manufacturers, contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division; Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Selected Principal Statistics for Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2660 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 351 | 328 | -6.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 9,724 | 8,683 | -10.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 20,685 | 18,227 | -11.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 95,514 | 93,104 | -2.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 3,946 | 3,806 | -3.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 203,890 | 187,845 | -7.9 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | 410,476 | 392,296 |  |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 208,728 | 202,763 | -4.4 |
| Value added |  | 12,036 | 10,725 | -2.9 |
| Total Activity: | $\$ 0$. | 128,442 | 124,531 | -10.9 |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ | 217,547 | 209,994 | -3.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  | -3.5 |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers, 1977 (35213, 704).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Soft Drink Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1091 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 272 | 263 | -3.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6.930 | 6,429 | -7.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 14,847 | 13,378 | -9.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 79,139 | 79,841 | 0.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 10,941 | 12,221 | 11.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 390,554 | 382,047 | -2.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 751,382 | 775,037 | 3.2 |
| Value added | \$000 | 351,510 | 381,618 | 8.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 14,282 | 14,548 | 1.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 180,652 | 202,281 | 11.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 395.419 | 437.990 | 10.8 |

For further information, contact T.P. Sterling (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Soft Drink Manufacturers, 1977 (32-208, 70¢).

Alrport Activity, September 1978 — Advance Information
Airport activity statistics for the top 50 airports in Canada are now available for the month of September 1978.

Total scheduled enplaned plus deplaned passenger statistics for Toronto International, Montreal (Dorval) International and Mirabel International are shown in the accompanying table.
The complete airport tables and further information may be obtained by contacting Mr. E. DiSanza (819-997-1986), Airport Activity Survey, Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

## Airport Activity

September 1978

|  | Toronto <br> International | Montreal <br> International | Mirabel <br> International |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| September 1978 933,614 463,983 117,782 <br> September 1977 <br> \% change 936,481 466,672 114,951 | -0.3 | -0.6 | 2.5 |

Decorative Laminate Sheet, January-March 1979 Advance Information
Domestic shipments of $1 / 8$-inch high pressure laminate sheet in the first March quarter of 1979 totalled 21.8 million square feet ( 2.0 mm 2 ) with a value of $\$ 9.3$ million. In the same quarter of 1978, totals were 20.4 million square feet ( $1.9 \mathrm{mm2}$ ) and $\$ 8.2$ million.

For further information, order the first quarter issue of Factory Shipments of High Pressure Decorative Laminate Sheet (47-005, 35\$/\$1.40), or contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.
Feed Price indexes, March 1979 - Advance Information
Feed price indexes, Canada and five geographical regions, are now available for March 1979.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.



Monday, April 23, 1979

## CONTENTS



RIMRARY

## 2

 Department Store Sales heristact (1)2 Enrolments in Post-secondary Programs of Community Colleges, 1978
2 Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, February 1979
2 Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Cigars, March 1979
2 Wool Production and Supply, 1978
2 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, April 1, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-210 (\$1.05) Income after Tax, Distributions by Size in Canada, 1976
44-207 (70థ) Glass and Glass Products Manufacturers, 1977
44-216 (70¢) Clay Products Manufacturers (from Imported Clays), 1977
57-001 (30¢/\$3) Electric Power Statistics, January 1979
66-002 (15¢/\$1.50) International Travel - Advance Information, February 1979

## Enroiments in Post-secondary Programs of Community Colleges by Provinces

Fall 1977 and 1978

| Province | Career Programs |  |  | University Transfer Programs |  |  | Both Programs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fall Enrolment |  | Percentage Increase | Fall Enrolment |  | Percentage Increase | Fall Enrolment |  | Percentage Increase |
|  | 1977 | 1978 |  | 1977 | 1978 |  | 1977 | 1978 |  |
| Nfid. | 1.138 | 1,277 | -3.1 | - | - | - | 1,318 | 1,277 | -3.1 |
| P.E.I. | 601 | 658 | 9.5 | - | - | - | 601 | 658 | 9.5 |
| N.S. | 2,014* | 1,915* | -4.9 | 187 | 192 | 2.7 | 2,201 | 2,107 | -4.3 |
| N.B. | 1,061 | 1,171 | 10.4 | - | - | - | 1,061 | 1,171 | 10.4 |
| Que. | 61,293 | 64,085p | 4.6 | 72,510 | 72,285p | -0.3 | 133,803 | 136,370p | 1.9 |
| Ont. | 60,994 | 65,835p | 7.9 | - | ,285p | - | 60,994 | 65,835p | 7.9 |
| Man. | 2,394 | 2,385 | -0.3 | - | - | - | 2,394 | 2,385 | -0.3 |
| Sask. | 2,415 | 2,397 | -0.7 | - | - | - | 2,415 | 2,397 | -0.7 |
| Alta. | 12,475 | 13,943 | 11.8 | 2,095 | 2,266 | 8.1 | 14,570 | 16,209 | 11.2 |
| B.C | 8,616 | 8,925 | 3.6 | 7,685 | - $7,089=$ | - $\quad .7 .8$ | 16,301 | 16,014 | -1.8 |
| Canada | $\because 153,181$ | 162,591 | 6.1 | 82,477: | 81,832 | $\therefore \quad \therefore 0.8$ | 235,658 | 244,423 | 3.7 |
| * Ïciludes Nova Scotiá Teachers' Collego <br> p Preliminary figures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Enrolments in Post-secondary Programs of Community Colleges, 1978 - Advance Information
In the fall oof "1978, "full-time stüdents enrolled in Canadian community colléges and ofther . postsecondary educational institutions not granting-degrees numbered 244,423, an increase of $3.7 \%$ from a year earlier. The largest increase was in Alberta (11.2\%), mostly in diploma or certificate career programs. In Quebec, the over-all increase was less than $2 \%$ because of a decrease in the number of students in university transfer programs; in British Columbia there was a slight decrease in over-all enrolment for the same reason.

The accompanying table summarizes the changes in enrolments from the fall of 1977 to the fall of 1978 (the figures shown are subject to minor revisions at a later date). For further information, contact John North (613-995-9797), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
Department Store Sales and Stocks, February 1979 Advance Information
Department store sales rose to $\$ 448.7$ million in February, an increase of $4.5 \%$ from the $\$ 429.4$ million recorded in February 1978.

Sales were up in 28 of the 40 departments with the largest gains posted by furs ( $+259.9 \%$ ), repairs and services ( $+45.1 \%$ ), and china and glassware ( $+34.0 \%$ ). All provinces except Alberta ( $-0.4 \%$ ) and British Columbia ( $-1.8 \%$ ) reported increased sales ranging from 15.5\% for Newfoundland to $0.1 \%$ for Manitoba. In. metropolitan areas, Montreal sales totalled $\$ 53.5$ million, $+17.8 \%$; Toronto, $\$ 67.5$ million, $+7.0 \%$; Winnipeg, $\$ 21.4$ million, $+0.2 \%$; Vancouver, $\$ 48.8$ million, $-1.0 \%$.

Inventories held in February 1979 at $\$ 2,013.5$ million showed an increase of $16.1 \%$ over February 1978. Stocks increased in 31 of the 40 departments.

For further information, order the February issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, 40\$/\$4), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.
Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, April 1, 1979 Advance Information
Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first day of April amounted to 113.6 million pounds
compared with 108.7 million last month and 96.1 million a year earlier.
.. For further "information order the April issue of Stocks. of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, 30\$/\$3), or contaćt P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Wool Production and Supply, 1978 - Advance Information
Wool production in Canada in 1978 is estimated at $1,949,800$ pounds. Imports of wool at $38,351,000$ pounds increased by 9\% from 1977. Exports, at $1,140,000$ pounds in 1978 , increased by $26 \%$ from the provious year.
The total farm value of shorn wool production for 1978 is estimated at $\$ 1,023,000$, an average of 52.5 cents a pound.
For further information, order the 1978 issue of Wool Production and Supply (23-205, 35థ), or contact Elizabeth A. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.
Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Cigars, March 1979 - Advance Information
Cigarette production in March at 6.8 billion was up from 6:4 billion in March 1978. Production of cigars decreased to 37.3 million from 39.6 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the March issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32022, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact T.P. Sterling (613-9928619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, February

 1979 - Advance InformationAdvance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables is now available for the month of February 1979.

For further information, order the February issue of Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables (32-011, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


Tuesday, April 24, 1979


3 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 7, 1979
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 21, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-201 (\$1.40) Grain Trade of Canada, 1976-77

## Service Bulletin:

64-003 (\$1.40 per year) Construction Statistics, Vol. 2, No. 3, Value of Construction per Capita in Metropolitan Areas, 1974-78

## Index of Industrial Production

(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1971 \\ \text { percentage } \\ \text { weight } \end{array}$ | 1978 |  | 1979 |  | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. |  |
| Index of Industrial Production | 29.230 | 136.2 | 138.2 | 139.3 | 140.3 | 0.7 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells | 3.819 | 104.6 | 106.8 | 107.2 | 111.2 | 3.7 |
| Metal mines | 1.584 | 80.5 | 84.9 | 87.1 | 87.2 | 0.1 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.492 | 120.7 | 120.6 | 120.4 | 129.8 | 7.8 |
| Non-metal mines (except coal mines) | . 363 | 122.3 | 124.0 | 121.8 | 125.4 | 3.0 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 138.9 | 140.7 | 141.7 | 141.9 | 0.1 |
| :iv rfood and beverage industries | - 3,107 | . 117.8 | 117.1 | 120.6 | 119.4 | -1.0 |
| - Tobaccó products industries | - 212 | 111.6 | 116.1 | 111.4 | 117.2 | 5.2 |
| $\because \because$ Rubber and plastics products $\quad \because \quad$ industries. $\quad \because \quad$ an | $650^{\circ}$ | 224:6 | 229.5 | 230.2 | 235.6 | 2.3 |
| Leather industries $\quad \therefore \quad$ : | . 206 | 104.8 | 107.9 | 109.2 | 109.8 | 0.5 |
| -Textile industries $\quad$..." | . 769 | 138.2 | 139.6 | 142.5 | 141.8 | -0.5 |
| Knitting mills : | . 205 | 142.9 i | 139.4 | 130.8 | 133.0 | 1.7 |
| Clothing industries | . 742 | 137.1 | 136.0 | 132.8 | 133.1 | 0.2 |
| Wöod indüstries : | . 968 | 161.1 | 161.0 | 157.2 | 154.4 | -1.8 |
| Furniture and fixture industries. | . $\because 4.420$. | 143.1 | 140.4 | 145.0 | 141.7 | -2.3 |
| Paper and allied industries | , .-1.841 | 129.0 | 132.1 | 134.7 | 133.6 | -0.8 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 1:123: | 138.5 | 136.5 | 135.9 | 138.9 | 2.2 |
| Primary metal industries | 1.976 | 127:4******** | 128.2 | 127.6 | 126.6 | -0.8 |
| Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| transportation equipment industries) | 1.957 | 123.5 | 126.5 | 125.5 | 127.4 | 1.5 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 1.001 | 161.3 | 164.2 | 166.6 | 168.5 | 1.1 |
| Transportation equipment industries | 2.571 | 153.6 | 158.3 | 159.5 | 158.6 | -0.6 |
| Electrical products industries | 1.631 | 126.3 | 129.5 | 128.4 | 128.8 | 0.3 |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | . 905 | 142.9 | 154.5 | 159.2 | 162.2 | 1.9 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | . 394 | 142.0 | 137.1 | 139.4 | 135.9 | -2.5 |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.362 | 155.6 | 155.7 | 159.2 | 163.1 | 2.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | . 713 | 144.4 | 147.2 | 147.8 | 144.1 | -2.5 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 159.0 | 161.0 | 164.7 | 168.6 | 2.4 |
| Special Industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 137.6 | 138.1 | 139.8 | 140.1 | 0.2 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 140.1 | 143.3 | 143.6 | 143.6 | - |

Index of Industrial Production, February 1979 Advance Information
The seasonally-adjusted index of industrial production (1971=100) increased 0.7\% to 140.3 in February from 139.3 in January. Mining, utilities and manufacturing all showed increased output during the latest month.

For further information, order the February issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production), (61-005, $40 \$ / \$ 4)$, or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 21, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended April 21 was 352,487 short tons ( 319771 t), an increase of $3.4 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 341,027 short tons ( 309374 t). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 310,718 short tons (281879t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 192.4 in the current week, 186.1 a week earlier and 169.6 a year earlier.

For further information, contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Railway Carloadings

7-day period ending April 7, 1979

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,549,715 | 2,227,115 | 4,776,830 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 1,815,438 | 2,211,505 | 4,026,943 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2313062 | 2020405 | 4333467 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1646938 | 2006244 | 3653182 |
| \% change | 40.4 | 0.7 | 18.6 |
| Cars, 1979 | 41,219 | 32,654 | 73,873 |
| Cars, 1978 | 34,512 | 32,875 | 67,387 |
| \% change | 19.4 | -0.7 | 9.6 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| U Short tons, 1979 | 157,870 | 69,654 | 227,524 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 160,411 | 65,584 | 225,995 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 143217 | 63189 | 206406 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 145522 | 59497 | 205019 |
| \% change | -1.6 | 6.2 | 0.7 |
| Cars, 1979 | 5,054 | 2,631 | 7,685 |
| Cars, 1978 | 5,135 | 2,644 | 7,779 |
| \% change | -1.6 | -0.5 | -1.2 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 32,640,773 | 28,797,548 | 61,438,321 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 31,157,153 | 28,369,070 | 59,526,223 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 29611211 | 26124696 | 55735907 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 28265294 | 25735987 | 54001281 |
| \% change | 4.8 | 1.5 | 3.2 |
| Cars, 1979 | 532,034 | 423,938 | 955,972 |
| Cars, 1978 | 518,968 | 426,805 | 945,773 |
| \% change | 2.5 | -0.7 | 1.1 |
| Piggyback trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,236,737 | 864,804 | 3,101,541 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 2,275,992 | 817,246 | 3,093,238 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2029134 | 784537 | 2813671 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 2064745 | 741393 | 2806138 |
| \% change | -1.7 | 5.8 | 0.3 |
| Cars, 1979 | - 68,132 | 33,127 | 101,259 |
| Cars, 1978 | 68,024 | 32,770 | 100,794 |
| \% change | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.5 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway CarloadIngs, 7 Days Ended April 7, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Railways in Canada loaded 4.3 million $t$ ( 4.8 million short tons) of revenue freight in the first week of April, an increase of 18.6\% over the corresponding 1978 period. Eastern loadings rose $40.4 \%$ (an increase mainly attributable to depressed carryings of iron ore a year earlier as a result of strikes at Newfoundland and Quebec mines). Western loadings were up $0.7 \%$ from 1978.

Container-trailer (piggyback) traffic (included in total loadings above) was down $1.6 \%$ in the East but rose $6.2 \%$ in the West for an over-all gain of $0.7 \%$
In the January 1 to April 7, 1979 period, Canadian rail freight loadings aggregated 55.7 million $t$ ( 61.4 million
short tons), a year-over-year increase of 3.2\%. Cars loaded numbered 955,972, a 1.1\% gain and piggyback movements rose by $0.3 \%$.
For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-001 (40థ/\$4) The Dairy Review, February 1979
32-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, March 1979
32-207 (70¢) Wineries, 1977
33-003 (30\$/\$3) Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, February 1979

35-209 (70థ) Wooden Box Factories, 1977
41-001 (40¢/\$4) Primary Iron and Steel, January 1979
45-001 (15 $/$ / 1.50) Asphalt Roofing, February 1979
45-002 (40¢/\$4) Coal and Coke Statistics, January 1979
55-001 (40¢/\$4) Oil Pipe Line Transport, Jañuary 1979
72-007 (\$1.05/\$4.20) Provincial Government Employment, October-December 1978

74-001 (35¢/\$1.40) Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed'Pension Funds; 4th Quarter 1978

Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturing Industries
(Based on 1975 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)


## Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing

 Industries, February 1979 - Advance Information Preliminary estimates show manufacturers' shipments in February 1979, seasonally adjusted, were valued at $\$ 12,186.2$ million, up $0.9 \%$ from the revised January level of $\$ 12,079.5$ million. Durable goods industries' shipments increased $3.2 \%$ to $\$ 5,691.6$ million from $\$ 5,517.1$ million while non-durable goods industries' shipments dropped $1.0 \%$ to $\$ 6,494.6$ million from $\$ 6,562.4$ million.New orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, rose $0.3 \%$ to an estimated $\$ 12,558.7$ million in February from $\$ 12,516.5$ million (revised) in January. Durable goods new orders increased $2.9 \%$ to $\$ 6,064.3$ million from $\$ 5,891.1$ million while nondurable goods new orders decreased $2.0 \%$ to $\$ 6,494.4$ million from $\$ 6,625.4$ million.

Unfilled orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, rose $2.6 \%$ in February to $\$ 14,550.5$ million from the revised $\$ 14,178.0$ million estimate for January.

Total inventory owned, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at $\$ 21,632.6$ million in February, $1.6 \%$ higher than the revised January estimate of $\$ 21,289.9$ million. Total inventory held, seasonally adjusted, rose $1.7 \%$ in February to $\$ 22,605.1$ million from January's revised
\$22,230.3 million with increases of 2.1\%, 1.2\% and 1.6\% in raw materials, goods in process and finished products, respectively.

The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments rose to $1.78: 1$ in February from 1.76:1 (revised) in January. The finished products to shipments ratio moved up to $0.60: 1$ from $0.59: 1$ (revised) in the preceding month.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in February at an estimated $\$ 11,477.7$ million were $0.4 \%$ higher than the revised January level of $\$ 11,432.0$ million.

For further information, order the February issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, 55\$/\$5.50), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.
(see table on next page)

## Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

|  | Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | change | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.Feb. } \\ 1979 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Feb. } \\ 1978 \end{array}$ | change |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 59.2 | 59.4 | -0.4 | 118.6 | 97.0 | 22.2 |
| Nova Scotia | 227.4 | 241.0 | -5.6 | 468.4 | 397.4 | 17.9 |
| New Brunswick | 224.7 | 250.3 | -10.2 | 475.1 | 319.0 | 48.9 |
| Quebec | 3,062.6 | 2,929.2 | 4.6 | 5,991.8 | 4,854.2 | 23.4 |
| Ontario | 5,768.9 | 5,759.0 | 0.2 | 11,527.9 | 9,139.7 | 26.1 |
| Manitoba | 281.3 | 270.9 | 3.8 | 552.2 | 476.8 | 15.8 |
| Saskatchewan | 145.5 | 145.5 | - | 290.9 | 218.4 | 33.2 |
| Alberta | 616.8 | 637.8 | -3.3 | 1,254.7 | 1,029.1 | 21.9 |
| British Columbia | 1,078.1 | 1,126.7 | -4.3 | 2,204.8 | 1,754.8 | 25.6 |
| Canada* | 11,477.7 | 11,432.0 | 0.4 | 22,909.6 | 18,305.8 | 25.1 |

*Includes Piince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
p Preliminary figures.
$r$ Revised figures.
NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, January 1979 - Advance Information
Crude petroleum production for January averaged 240900 cubic metres a day (1,515,900 barrels/day), up 10.5\% from 218000 cubic metres/day (1,371,800 barrels/day) in January 1978.

Net new production of natural gas for the latest period averaged 335100 thousand cubic metres/day ( $11,828,300$ thousand cubic feet/day), up $6.2 \%$ from 315500 thousand cubic metres/day (11,138,400 thousand cubic feet/day) in January 1978.

For further information, order the January issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, $30 \Phi / \$ 3$ ), or contact George Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, April 1, 1979 Advance Information
Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on April 1 totalled 36.4 million pounds compared with 29.9 million last year. Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in. brine, totalled 108.4 million pounds ( 92.4 million in 1978).

For further information, order the April issue of Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables (32-010, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.



Thursday, April 26, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Estimates of Labour Income, February 1979
3 Key Economic Series, May 1979

PUBLICATION RELEASED
26-006 (30థ/\$3) Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Producturn Blikisici-k

Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 f \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 p \end{array}$ | Dec. <br> 1978p | Feb. 1978 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping | 76.9 | 71.8 | 84.3 | 58.6 |
| Forestry | 99.6 | 103.5 | 112.9 | 97.8 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 273.4 | 270.7 | 265.6 | 254.6 |
| Manufacturing Industries | 2,425.7 | 2,402.2 | 2,353.2 | 2,152.9 |
| Construction Industry | 630.9 | 619.2 | 659.1 | 643.4 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 1,091.9 | 1,090.2 | 1,092.0 | 1,001.1 |
| Trade | 1,358.5 | 1,361.1 | 1,405.9 | 1,244.1 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 716.3 | 717.9 | 706.2 | 630.4 |
| Commercial and Personal Service: | 977.3 | 968.2 | 966.1 | 884.1 |
| Education and Related Services is | 1,124.8 | 1,120.6 | 1,104.4 | 1,051.7 |
| Health and Welfare Services: | 647.3 | 645.8 | 650.2 | 603.0 |
| Federal Administration and Other Góvernment Offices | 412.9 | 399.4 | 410.5 | 372.1 |
| Provincial Administration | 304.8 | 302.8 | 321.2 | 282.0 |
| Local Administration. | 243.4 | 248.6 | 259.2 | 220.3 |
| Total Wages and Salaries . . | 10,383.7 | 10,322.0 | 10,390.6 | 9,496.0 |
| Supplementary Labour. Income . | 10,383.7 | 852.7 | 858.5 | 777.8 |
| Labour Income | 11,241.6 | 11,174.7 | 11,249.1 | 10,273.8 |
| x .-. - . | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping:. | 124.2 | 112.1 | 111.5 | 97.1 |
| Forestry | 109.6 | 114.5 | 123.7 | 107.6 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 275.6 | 271.5 | 267.5 | 256.6 |
| Manufacturing Industries - | 2,480.6 | 2.459 .3 | 2,395.4 | 2,201.8 |
| Construction Industry $\quad$ a | 742.8 | 738.9 | 750.2 | 757.9 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 1,118.7 | 1,114.3 | 1,115.4. | 1,025.7 |
| Trade | 1,396.0 | 1,386.0 | 1,357.0 | 1,278.5 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 718.7 | 723.9 | 717.5 | 632.3 |
| Commercial.and Personal Service- <br> Education and Related Services.. | 1,008.2 | 996.9 | . 990.5 | 911.9 |
| Education and Related Services* <br> Health and Welfare Services | 1,065.6 | 1,064.3 | 1,065.2 | 991.5 |
| Federal Administration and Other Government Offices | 682.4 | 674.1 | 676.8 | 606.2 |
| Provincial Administration | 311.9 | 309.3 | 319.5 | 376.8 288.6 |
| Local Administration | 250.7 | 250.8 | 257.8 | 226.9 |
| Totai Wages and Saiaries | 10,703.0 | 10,624.2 | 10,566.7 | 9,759.2 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 884.2 | 877.1 | 873.1 | 799.4 |
| Labour Income | 11,587.1 | 11,501.4 | 11,439.8 | 10,558.5 |

$f$ First Estimate
p Preliminary Estimate
r Revised Estimate
Estimates of Labour Income, February 1979 Advance Information
Labour income for the month of February was estimated at $\$ 11.2$ billion, an increase of $\$ 967.8$ million or 9.4\% from February 1978.
Adjusted for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 78.8$ million between January and February to $\$ 10.7$ billion.

Detailed estimates will be published in the JanuaryMarch issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, $\$ 1.05 / \$ 4.20$ ), or may be obtained upon request from Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8431), Labour Income Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)

Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 f \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 144.5 | 146.1 | 147.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28.2 | 27.5 | 28.1 |
| Nova Scotia | 266.2 | 268.3 | 274.9 |
| New Brunswick | 207.3 | 208.8 | 213.4 |
| Quebec | 2,555.4 | 2,533.9 | 2,563.6 |
| Ontario | 4,266.0 | 4,236.0 | 4,240.3 |
| Manitoba | 400.1 | 398.7 | 403.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 303.0 | 304.9 | 313.3 |
| Alberta | 933.1 | 929.9 | 943.0 |
| British Columbia | 1,243.6 | 1,231.7 | 1,225.0 |
| Yukon, Northwest Territories | 36.4 | 36.2 | 38.3 |
| Total Wages and Salaries | 10,383.7 | 10,322.0 | 10,390.6 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 857.9 | 852.7 | 858.5 |
| Labour Income | 11,241.6 | 11,174.7 | 11,249.1 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland |  | 155.3 | 152.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 31.2 | 30.1 | 29.5 |
| Nova Scotia | 277.5 | 280.3 | 277.9 |
| New Brunswick | 220.0 | 219.4 | 220.4 |
| Quebec | 2,622.5 | 2,553.6 | 2,611.4 |
| Ontario | 4,387.4 | 4,366.8 | 4,286.7 |
| Manitoba | 415.5 | 414.0 | 412.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 317.7 | 321.5 | 319.2 |
| Alberta | 960.4 | 963.9 | 961.2 |
| British Columbia | 1,279.0 | 1,281.1 | 1,255.5 |
| Yukon, Northwest Territories | 37.9 | 38.3 | 39.9 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 10,703.0 | 10,624.2 | 10,566.7 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 884.2 | 877.1 | 873.1 |
| Labour Income | 11,587.1 | 11,501.4 | 11,439.8 |

$f$ First estimate
p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate

Key Economic Series, May 1979
During the coming month, the release of Key Economic Series data is expected to be in accordance with the schedule outlined below. Where a range of dates is given for a series, this represents the period within which publication of the data can be reasonably expected, the variabillty taking account of circumstances peculiar to each series. Any range may be exceeded on rare occasions, for reasons unpredictable at this time.
April 23 to May 4: Unemployment Insurance Statistics, month of February;
May 3 to 15: Building Permits, month of February;
May 4: Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, month of March;
May 4 to 9: Industry Selling Price Index, month of March;
May 15: Labour Force Survey, month of April;
May 16 to 18: Wholesale Trade, month of March;
May 16 to 18: Industrial Corporations' Financial Statistics (Preliminary Data), 1st Quarter 1979;
May 17 to 25: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, month of March;
May 18: The Consumer Price Index, month of April;
May 18 to 24: Retail Trade, month of March;
May 24 to 30: Index of Industrial Production, month of March;
May 24 to 31: Real Domestic Product, month of March;

May 25 to 31: Employment, Earnings and Hours, month of March;
May 28 to June 5: Unemployment Insurance Statistics, month of March;
May 30 to June 5: Labour Income, month of March.
Notice of advance information availability: Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 4, Telegraphic Crop Report - Canada, to be released May 10 at 3 p.m., E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 5, Telegraphic Crop Report - Prairie Provinces, to be released May 17 at 3 p.m., E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 6, Telegraphic Crop Report - Canada, to be released May 31 at 3 p.m., E.D.S.T.

It should be noted that the June schedule of Key Economic Series will appear in the Daily and on CANSIM on May 29, 1979. The schedule of Key Economic Series is now available on CANSIM, and can be retrieved by using the command "DATES". The schedule will be issued once each month as noted above.

For any enquiry concerning the release of these series, contact Henri Sarrazin (613-992-1566), Production Planning and Scheduling Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Friday, April 27, 1979

## CONTENTS

2 Real Domestic Product, February 1979


2 Employment, Earnings and Hours, February 1979
7 Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, March 1979
8 Housing Starts, All Areas, by Province, First Quarter 1979
7 Housing Starts, in Centres of 10,000 Population and Over, March 1979
9 Construction in Canada, 1977
4 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, February 1979

4 Radio Broadcasting, January 1979
8 Slaughtering and Meat Processors, 1977
8 Sash, Door and Other Millwork Plants, 1977


10 Dairy Products Industry, 1977


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

62-003 (15\$/\$1.50) Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, December 1978

65-001 (40\$/\$4) Summary of External Trade, February 1979
91-208 (\$1.05) International and Interprovinclal MIgration in Canada, 1977-78

Real Domestic Product, February 1979 - Advance Information
The seasonally-adjusted Index of Real Domestic Product (1971=100) increased $0.2 \%$ to 136.8 in February from 136.5 in January. The index of industrial production advanced $0.7 \%$. Output of goodsproducing industries increased $0.5 \%$, while serviceproducing industries were relatively unchanged from the January level.

Goods-producing industries recorded the fourth consecutive monthly increase, with gains in agriculture, construction, mining, utilities and manufacturing. Forestry and fishing and trapping declined in February. Agriculture output advanced mainly on the strength of increased dairy production. The mining industry recorded the most significant monthly increase since August 1978, with major production gains in iron mines, crude petroleum and natural gas, and asbestos mines (production in asbestos mines had been affected by several strikes which began in September and terminated in mid-January). Increases in output of both electric power and gas distribution accounted for the gain in utilities. In February, construction output increased slightly to record the first monthly advance since April 1978 - increased residential building activity accounted for the gain. Manufacturing activity in February was just slightly ahead of the January level, with non-durable manufacturing up $0.2 \%$, and durable manufacturing unchanged from the previous month. Some significant movements were recorded among manufacturers of tobacco products, rubber and plastic products, metal fabricating and machinery industries, and chemicals and chemical products.

There was little growth in service-producing industries during February - the only sectors increasing were trade and finance, insurance and real estate services. Community, business and personal services were unchanged from the January level, while transportation, storage and communication services, and public administration and defence services declined: In trade, both wholesale and retail trade were up substantially. In wholesale trade, significant gains were recorded among wholesalers of automotive parts and accessories, construction materials and supplies, and industrial and transportation equipment. In retail trade, major increases were recorded in food stores, motor vehicle dealers, and furniture, television, radio and appliance stores; department stores and clothing stores declined. Finance, insurance and real estate services advanced slightly, with insurance and real estate service accounting for the gain. Transportation, storage and communication services declined sharply in February. Some major industries that declined were: air, railway and bus transport, and grain elevators. Railway transport recorded the most significant decline, with adverse weather conditions during the month cited as hampering the movement of freight across the country. Bus transport was affected by several labour disputes and shutdowns. The decline in grain elevators was related to the railway transport problem and also the availability of hopper cars. Pipeline transport increased sharply during the month, and communication services recorded a marginal increase. Community, business and personal services
were unchanged from the January levet, although minor increases were recorded in amusement and recreation services, and personal services; accommodation and food service declined. Public administration and defence services declined during the month with federal and provincial administration services accounting for the decrease.

For further information, order the February issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production), (61-005, $40 ¢ / \$ 4)$, or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)

## Empioyment, Earnings and Hours (Seasonaily Adjus-

 ted), February 1979 - Advance InformationThe first estimates of the Canada industrial composite* index of employment (1961=100) for February 1979 showed a 0.3\% increase over January. Forestry, mining (including milling) and construction were the only industry divisions not participating in the increase; the Atlantic region (which showed no change) was the only region not showing an increase.

Average weekly earnings showed a marginal (0.2\%) increase at the national industrial composite level. Mining (including milling), manufacturing, transportation, communication and other utilities, and service increased while the remaining industry divisions declined. On a regional basis, the Atlantic region, Ontario and British Columbia rose while the others declined.

Average hourly earnings rose in mining (including milling), in manufacturing and in construction. Average weekly hours declined in all three industry divisions.

* Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. Allstatistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year. Notes on concepts and methods can be found in any issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours.
Detailed information for December and January will be published in the February issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, 70థ/\$7), and is also available from R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.
(see tables on pages 4 to6')

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)


## Employment, Earnings and Hours, Advance Data

February 1979

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Employment Index Number Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1978 \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1978 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1978 \\ &= 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 366.39 | 363.89 | 272.44 | 355.75 | 342.28 | 328.73 | 345.23 | 354.12 | 324.87 | 346.60 |
| Mining, including milling | 413.70 | 408.15 | 391.78 | 397.15 | 373.01 | 367.90 | 409.64 | 403.59 | 390.61 | 392.44 |
| Manufacturing | 302.85 | 301.03 | 291.89 | 296.84 | 280.19 | 273.32 | 301.13 | 300.01 | 296.76 | 295.80 |
| Durable Goods | 323.34 | 321.91 | 312.28 | 319.11 | 299.54 | 288.88 | 321.60 | 320.92 | 319.28 | 316.73 |
| Non-durable Goods | 282.48 | 280.44 | 271.74 | 274.93 | 261.51 | 258.28 | 280.91 | 279.38 | 274.90 | 275.67 |
| Construction | 397.43 | 394.59 | 371.72 | 401.26 | 377.99 | 361.29 | 396.83 | 398.13 | 411.83 | 398.23 |
| Transportation, Communication | 329.63 | 329.17 | 324.38 | 323.33 | 306.11 | 306.64 | 32714 | 326.88 | 326.93 | 32382 |
| Trade          <br> Finance, Insurance and Real 209.85 209.04 204.54 203.35 196.37 193.96 211.67 212.03 205.59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 260.25 | 259.81 | 257.03 | 253.98 | 240.05 | 239.62 | 259.11 | 260.49 | 259.13 | 257.64 |
| Service | 188.97 | 188.00 | 185.12 | 184.24 | 174.98 | 174.85 | 189.56 | 186.77 | 185.99 | . 185.73 |
| Industrial Composite | 278.19 | 276.87 | 269.01 | 273.30 | 258.85 | 255.26 | 277.96 | 277.40 | 274.75 | 273.41 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 246.76 | 246.32 | 236.77 | 239.53 | 228.06 | 228.69 | 245.17 | 243.66 | 242.10 | 240.93 |
| Newfoundland | 265.77 | 267.37 | 251.97 | 260.17 | 247.82 | 248.21 | 262.02 | 264.51 | 261.76 | 261.74 |
| Prince Edward Island | 206.02 | 206.84 | 199.52 | 202.10 | 191.34 | 195.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 236.34 | 234.83 | 226.57 | 229.94 | 219.08 | 219.88 | 235.92 | 233.48 | 231.38 | 231.96 |
| New Brunswick | 252.02 | 251.38 | 243.74 | 242.17 | 230.33 | 230.29 | 248.15 | 245.08 | 247.63 | 243.22 |
| Quebec | 273.84 | 272.07 | 266.59 | 270.41 | 255.65 | 253.49 | 272.88 | 273.63 | 271.70 | 269.76 |
| Ontario | 277.10 | 275.63 | 267.99 | 271.88 | 258.27 | 251.76 | 277.49 | 275.82 | 274.05 | 272.18 |
| Prairie Region | 276.54 | 275.82 | 266.68 | 270.73 | 254.64 | 252.48 | 275.77 | 276.19 | 272.40 | 271.41 |
| Manitoba | 250.17 | 249.71 | 244.45 | 246.17 | 233.13 | 229.95 | 251.91 | 251.19 | 248.12 | 248.46 |
| Saskatchewan | 265.10 | 263.02 | 257.28 | 257.84 | 240.41 | 239.52 | 266.19 | 265.06 | 259.30 | 258.59 |
| Alberta | 292.66 | 292.22 | 280.35 | 286.69 | 269.79 | 268.03 | 290.31 | 291.40 | 288.57 | 287.06 |
| British Columbia | 313.13 | 312.19 | 300.67 | 309.74 | 291.60 | 289.50 | 314.23 | 313.04 | 310.29 | 309.03 |
| Yukon | 370.34 | 377.63 | 373.43 | 367.55 | 347.46 | 361.96 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | 323.64 | 326.53 | 316.58 | 317.91 | 294.35 | 298.72 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 278.19 | 276.87 | 269.01 | 273.30 | 258.85 | 255.26 | 277.96 | 277.40 | 274.75 | 273.41 |

. figures not available. $f$-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. $r$-revised figures.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmilis In British Columbla, February 1979 Advance Information
Sawmills in British Columbia produced $1,041.9$ million feet board measure ( 2458.6 m 3 ) of lumber and ties in February 1979, up from $1,028.6$ million feet board measure ( 2427.3 m 3 ) a year earlier.

January to February production increased to 2,065.9 million feet board measúre ( 4875.0 m 3 ) in 1979 from 2,048.0 million feet board measure ( 4832.7 m 3 ) 'in 1978.

For further information; order the February issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia ( $35-003,30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Radio Broadcasting, January 1979 - Advance Information
Gross national AM and FM radio air-time sales were $\$ 4.4$ million in January, a decrease of $12.0 \%$ from $\$ 5.0$ million in January 1978. Net national sales after deduction of agency and other commissions amounted to $\$ 3.8$ million, down $11.6 \%$ from $\$ 4.3$ million a year earlier.

Net local air-time sales were up $7.5 \%$ to $\$ 15.7$ million in January from $\$ 14.6$ million.
For further information, order the January issue of Radio Broadcasting ( $56-003,15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

|  |  | Unadj | dor for |  |  | y Ea |  | easonally | adjuste |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb; } \\ 1979 \dagger \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p. } \end{aligned}$ | Nov. <br> 1978r. | Feb. 1978 dol | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 19799 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1978 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | Nov. $1978 \mathrm{r}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 66.5 | 69.3 | 75.1 | 83.7 | 68.0 | 67.7 | 78.6 | 81.1 | 81.3 | 81.6 |
| Mining, including:milling | 117.4 | 117.5 | 115.0 | 117.0 | 120.8 | 120.0 | 118.2 | 118.3 | 115.8 | 116.9 |
| Manufacturing : $\because$ | 128.0 | 127.5 | 127.3 | 129.3 | 123.2 | 122.9 | 131.4 | 130.7 | 129.9 | 129.2 |
| Durable Goods | 142.9 | 141.7 | 141.6 | 143.6 | 135.4 | 135.1 | 145.6 | 143.8 | 142.9 | 142.1 |
| Non-durable Goods | 116.0 | 116.0 | 115.7 | 117.7 | 113.3 | 113.0 | 119.6 | 119.9 | 119.6 | 118.6 |
| Construction | 80.3 | 81.8 | 88.5 | 100.2 | 87.0 | 89.3 | 93.4 | 94.8 | 97.5 | 96.3 |
| Transportation, Communication | 130.5 | 1302 | 1315 | 133.7 | 127.4 | 125.9 | 1342 | 134.0 | 134.5 | 135.1 |
| Trade | 173.5 | 174.7 | 181.7 | 180.8 | 169.4 | 171.3 | 177.6 | 175.6 | 175.0 | 174.3 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 202.8 | 202.4 | 201.5 | 201.1 | 196.4 | 195.7 | 204.3 | 203.8 | 202.6 | 201.2 |
| Service | 256.3 | 255.4 | 256.2 | 260.6. | 251.2 | 247.0 | 266.3 | 266.2 | 265.2 | 262.8 |
| Industrial Composite | 144.6 | 144.6 | 146.3 | 148.7 | 141.3 | 140.9 | 149.3 | 148.9 | 148.1 | 147.5 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 127.3 | 127.9 | 131.4 | 135.6 | 123.0 | 123.2 | 137.0 | 137.0 | 135.3 | 134.0 |
| Newfoundland | 120.0 | 120.6 | 124.7 | 127.6 | 117.2 | 119.1 | 131.2 | 134.0 | 128.9 | 125.4 |
| Prince Edward Island | 145.4 | 143.0 | 150.6 | 150.5 | 136.4 | 132.4 | 169.0 | 163.8 | 160.8 | 151.7 |
| Nova Scotia | 130.3 | 130.8 | 133.7 | 137.6 | 125.2 | 125.1 | 136.5 | 136.3 | 136.1 | 136.0 |
| New Brunswick | 126.8 | 127.7 | 131.0 | 137.3 | 122.8 | 122.6 | 138.0 | 137.3 | 136.3 | 136.5 |
| Quebec | 124.1 | 124.4 | 125.7 | 128.3 | 122.6 | 122.9 | 128.2 | 128.0 | 127.2 | 127.3 |
| Ontario | 150.5 | 150.3 | 151.6 | 153.6 | 146.8 | 146.7 | 154.4 | 153.8 | 153.1 | 152.2 |
| Prairie Region | 162.5 | 162.6 | $164.6{ }^{\circ}$ | 167.6 | 156.1 | 156.2 | 167.9 | 167.8 | 166.9 | 166.6 |
| Manitoba | 122.2 | 122.5 | 124.1 | 126.8 | 120.7 | 121.1 | 126.4 | 126.2 | 126.0 | 125.9 |
| Saskatchewàn | 139.0 | 139.2 | 143.0 | 147.3 | 136.6 | 136.2 | 144.7 | 144.6 | 145.2 | 146.1 |
| Alberta | 205.4 | 205.2 | 206.9 | 209.6 | 193.3 | 193.0 | 211.7 | 212.1 | 209.7 | 208.8 |
| British Columbia | 170.8 | 170.2 | 172.5 | 174.4 | 168.6 | 163.9 | 175.4 | 175.0 | 174.1 | 174.1 |
| Yukon | 166.1 | 166.1 | 171.6 | 179.6 | 179.0 | 172.4 | 175.6 | 177.7 | 180.7 | 186.2 |
| Northwest Territories | 144.7 | 146.1 | 146.8 | 144.6 | 144.5 | 142.1 | 156.4 | 159.6 | 161.4 | 153.1 |
| Canada | 144.6 | 144.6 | 146.3 | 148.7 | 141.3 | 140.9 | 149.3 | 148.9 | 148.1 | 147.5 |

[^8]Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Hours and Average Hourly EarningsUnadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1978 num | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ <br> er | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jañ., } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1978 \mathrm{~B} \end{gathered}$ |
| Average Weekly Hours: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 41.7 | 41.8 | 40.0 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 40.1 | 40.9 |
| Manufacturing | 39.1 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 37.8 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.0 |
| Durable Goods | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 38.2 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40:4 | 39.8 |
| Non-durable Goods | 38.2 | 38.1 | 37.4 | 38.4 | 38.1 | 37.5 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 38.3 | 38.2 |
| Construction | 37.7 | 37.5 | 35.7 | 38.9 | 38.0 | 36.3 | 38.1 | 38.4 | 40.1 | 38.8 |
| Building | 36.6 | 36.4 | 35.3 | 37.5 | 36.9 | 35.4 | 36.6 | 36.8 | 38.4 | 37.1 |
| Engineering | 40.8 | 40.6 | 36.6 | 41.9 | 40.6 | 38.3 | 41.6 | 41.9 | 43.5 | 41.8 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 38.3 | 38.3 | 37.0 | 38.2 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 38.4 | 38.5 |
| Quebec | 39.3 | 39.1 | 38.4 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 39.2 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.1 |
| Ontario | 39.8 | 39.5 | 38.9 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 37.5 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.9 | 39.8 |
| Prairie Region | 37.3 | 37.6 | 37.1 | 37.8 | 37.5 | 37.1 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.6 |
| British Columbia | 36.8 | 37.0 | 36.3 | 37.0 | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.5 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 36.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  | dol |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Hourly EarnIngs: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 9.34 | 9.30 | 9.23 | 9.14 | 8.60 | 8.50 | 9.33 | 9.30 | 9.15 | 9.10 |
| Manufacturing | 7.18 | 7.15 | 7.04 | 7.04 | 6.66 | 6.62 | 7.17 | 7.16 | 7.08 | 7.06 |
| Durable Goods | 7.62 | 7.62 | 7.49 | 7.52 | 7.10 | 7.03 | 7.61 | 7.62 | 7.56 | 7.53 |
| Non-durable Goods | 6.67 | 6.63 | 6.55 | 6.51 | 6.19 | 6.18 | 6.68 | 6.63 | 6.57 | 6.56 |
| Construction | 10.82 | 10.80 | 10.50 | 10.65 | 10.23 | 10.12 | 10.67 | 10.63 | 10.69 | 10.50 |
| Building | 10.91 | 10.92 | 10.74 | 10.85 | 10.06 | 9.99 | 10.88 | 10.87 | 10.92 | 10.69 |
| Engineering | 10.62 | 10.50 | 9.94 | 10.25 | 10.56 | 10.40 | 10.28 | 10.33 | 10.24 | 10.11 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 6.63 | 6.62 | 6.46 | 6.40 | 6.09 | 6.08 | 6.49 | 6.49 | 6.40 | 6.44 |
| Quebec | 6.54 | 6.51 | 6.41 | 6.40 | 6.05 | 6.03 | 6.55 | 6.52 | 6.45 | 6.42 |
| Ontario | 7.23 | 7.21 | 7.09 | 7.11 | 6.74 | 6.66 | 7.23 | 7.22 | 7.15 | 7.14 |
| Prairie Region | 7.14 | 7.14 | 7.09 | 7.08 | 6.66 | 6.61 | 7.21 | 7.20 | 7.12 | 7.07 |
| British Columbia | 9.32 | 9.32 | 9.23 | 9.24 | 8.68 | 8.71 | 9.32 | 9.27 | 9.19 | 9.22 |

[^9]Residential BuildIng Construction Input Price Indexes
March 1979 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | Mar. <br> 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1978 | \% Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. 79/ } \\ \text { Feb. } 79 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. 79/ Mar. 78 |
| Canada, Total | 205.2 | 203.3 | 185.8 | 0.9 | 10.4 |
| Materials | 201.1 | 198.1 | 178.0 | 1.5 | 13.0 |
| Labour | 212.6 | 212.6 | 199.6 | - | 6.5 |
| Atlantlc Provinces, Total | 213.9 | 212.3 | 194.2 | 0.7 | 10.1 |
| Materials | 199.3 | 196.9 | 178.5 | 1.2 | 11.7 |
| Labour | 239.0 | 239.0 | 221.3 | - | 8.0 |
| Quebec, Total | 210.2 | 208.6 | 188.8 | 0.8 | 11.3 |
| Materials | 209.2 | 206.7 | 184.6 | 1.2 | 13.3 |
| Labour | 212.0 | 212.0 | 196.8 | - | 7.7 |
| Ontarlo, Total | 198.4 | 196.7 | 179.3 | 0.9 | 10.7 |
| Materials | 195.8 | 193.1 | 172.4 | 1.4 | 13.6 |
| Labour | 202.7 | 202.7 | 191.0 | - | 6.1 |
| Pralrle ProvInces, Total | 213.3 | 211.0 | 196.6 | 1.1 | 8.5 |
| Materials | 202.1 | 198.6 | 183.4 | 1.8 | 10.2 |
| Labour | 235.1 | 235.1 | 222.1 | - | 5.9 |
| British Columbla, Total | 207.1 | 204.3 | 186.4 | 1.4 | 11.1 |
| Materials | 205.4 | 201.0 | 179.9 | 2.2 | 14.2 |
| Labour | 210.1 | 210.1 | 197.8 | - | 6.2 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, $\$ 4$ per year), or contact Mr. G.A. John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Housing Starts, In Centres of 10,000 Population and Over (Dwelling Units)
March 1979 and 1978

|  | , | 1978 |  |  |  |  | 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total |
| Newfoundland |  | 7 | 12 | - | - | 19 | 34 | 2 | - | - | 36 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | 91 | 98 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 74 | 4 | 1 | 125 | 204 | 59 | 11 | 16 | 214 | 300 |
| New Brunswick |  | 30. | - | - | 24 | 54 | 27 | - | , . - | 6 | 33 |
| Quebec |  | 892 | 104 | 6 | 2,067 | 3,069 | 687 | 192 | 13 | 290 | 1,182 |
| Ontario |  | 706 | 400 | 305 | 2,124 | 3,535 | 532 | 467 | 234 | 616 | 1,849 |
| Manitoba |  | 159 | 194 | 27 | 747 | 1,127 | 66 | 4 | 40 | 80 | 190 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 161 | 76 | - | 249 | 486 | 118 | - 58 | 4 | 752 | 932 |
| Alberta |  | 922 | 290 | 741 | 1,416 | 3,369 | 824 | . : 140 | $\therefore .415$ | 1,038 | 2,417 |
| British Columbia |  | 674 | 144 | 175 | 925 | 1,918 | 725 | 62. | 103 | 207 | 1,097 |
| Canada Unadjusted |  | 3,625 | 1,224 | 1,255 | 7,677 | 13,781 | 3,079 | 936 | 825 | 3,294 | 8,134 |
|  |  | multiples |  |  |  |  | multiples |  |  |  |  |
| Canada, adjusted annual rate (000's) |  | 72.8 |  | 181.4 |  | 254.2 | 62.0 |  | 90.9 | 1. | 152.9. |
| Canada Cumulative |  | 10,238 | 3,718 | 4,505 | 22,039 | 40,500 | 9,663 | 2,196 | 3,073 | 11,238 | 26,170 |
| Newfoundland |  | 43 | 22 | 10 | 31 | 106 | 52 | 2 | - | 1. | 54 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 9 | - | - | - | 9 | 9 | - | - | 134 | 143 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 296 | 16 | 18 | 330 | 660 | 192 | 17 | ' . 16 | , 286 | 511 |
| New Brunswick |  | 107 | 4 | - | 40 | 151 | 121 | 2 | $\cdots$ | 6 | 129 |
| Quebec |  | 2,253 | 279 | 65 | 5,651 | 8,248 | 2,320 | 522 | 49. | 1,964 | 4,855 |
| Ontario |  | 2,139 | 1,412 | 1,196 | 5,343 | 10,090 | 1,845 | 769 | 699 | 2,414 | 5,727 |
| Manitoba |  | 463 | 403 | 447 | 2,301 | 3,614 | 262 | 82 | 85 | 716 | 1,145 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 464 | 158 | 16 | 1,149 | 1,787 | 624 | 124 | 24 | 1,076 | 1,848 |
| Alberta |  | 2,516 | 968 | 2,169 | 4,314 | 9,967 | 2,395 | 537 | 1,686 | 3,210 ${ }^{\prime}$ | -7,828 |
| British Columbia |  | 1,948 | 456 | 584 | 2,880 | 5,868 | 1,843 | 141 | - 514 | -1,432 | 3,930 |

[^10]Housing Starts, All Areas, by Province (Dwelling Units)
1st Quarter 1979 and 1978

|  |  |  | 978 |  |  |  |  | 1979 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - . . . . ... .. .... | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total |
| Newfoundland | 146 | 22 | 10 | 31 | 209 | 294 | 9 | - | - | 303 |
| Prince Edward Island | . 193 | 8 | 24 | 12 | - 237 | 96 | - | - | 134 | 230 |
| Nova Scotia | 503 | 16 | 18 | 369 | 906 | 299 | 17 | 36 | 306 | 658 |
| New Brunswick | - 478 | 9 | - | 80 | 567 | 255 | 2 | - | 6 | 263 |
| Quebec $\quad \therefore$ | 2;785 | 284 | 81 | 5,893 | 9,043 | 2,604 | 578 | 49 | 2,248 | 5,479 |
| Ontario | 3,055 | 1,468 | 1,196 | 5,572 | 11,291 | 2,407 | 773 | 754 | 3,033 | 6,967 |
| Manitoba | 584 | 403 | 503 | 2,365 | 3,855 | 330 | 82 | 85 | 760 | 1,257 |
| Saskatchewan | 656 | 218 | 16 | 1,209 | 2,099 | 1,086 | 152 | $\cdots 24$ | 1,170 | 2,432 |
| Alberta | 3,518 | 1,124 | 2,453 | 5,130 | 12,225 | 3,909 | 711 | 1,739 | 3,640 | 9,999 |
| British Columbia | 2,425 | 465 | 616 | 3,259 | 6,765 | 2,307 | 143 | 514 | 1,472 | 4,436 |
| Canada Unadjusted | 14,343 | 4,017 | 4,917 23,920 |  | 47,197 | 13,587 | 2,467 | 3,201 | 12,769 | 32,024 |
| Canada, adjusted annual rate (000's) | . |  |  |  | 299.0 |  |  |  |  | 211.5 |

For further information, order the March 1979 issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, 55¢/\$5.50), or contact J.P. Délisle (613-994-9527), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Selected Principal Statistics for Slaughtering and Meat Processors <br> 1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1011 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 467 | 430 | -7.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 24,951 | 25,146 | 0.8 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 52,715 | 52,395 | -0.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 318,457 | 344,641 | 8.2 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 30,393 | 33,772 | 11.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 3,053,090 | 3,272,816 | 7.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 3,989,997 | 4,258,368 | 6.7 |
| Value added | \$000 | 787,734 | 835,446 | 6.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 33,237 | 33,275 | 0.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 440,097 | 478,529 | 8.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 819,947 | 867,437 | 5.8 |

For further information, contact Mr. T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Slaughtering and Meat Processors, 1977 (32-221, 709).

Selected Principal Statistics for Sash, Door and Other Millwork Plants
1976 and: 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C: 2541 and 2542 |  |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments |  | No. | 619 | 601 | -2.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: | , |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | : | No. | 11,300 | 10,628 | -6.0 |
| Man-hours paid |  | 000's | 23,844 | 22,475 | -5.7 |
| Manufacturing wages |  | \$000 | 110,689 | 114,155 | 3.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity. |  | \$000 | 6,256 | 7,213 | 15.3 |
| Cost of materials and supplies |  | \$000 | 323,114 | 334,146 | 3.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done |  | \$000 | 567,400 | 587,575 | 3.6 |
| Value added | $\because$ | \$000 | 245,873 | 252,461 | 2.7 |
| Total Activity: .- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees .. |  | No. | 13,576 | 13,016 | -4.1 |
| Total salaries and wages |  | \$000 | 145,541 | 152,118 | 4.5 |
| Total value added |  | \$000 | 254,367 | 263,149 | 3.5 |

For further information, contact Mr. P.E. Martin (613-992-5140), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Sash, Door and Other Millwork Plants, 1977 (35-205, \$1.05).

Total Value of Construction Work Performed - Type of Structure by New and Repair, Canada, 1977 Actual* **

| Type of Structure | New | Repair | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (thousands of dollars) |  |  |
| Construction - Total | 30,130,466 | 5,672,952 | 35,803,418 |
| Building Construction - Total | 17,784,892 | 3,521,883 | 21,306,775 |
| Residential | 11,064,680 | 2,060,918 | 13,125,598 |
| Industrial | 1,268;260 | 460,473 | 1,728,733 |
| Commercial | 3,178,905 | 459,778 | 3,638,683 |
| Institutional | 1,390,836 | 270,850 | 1,661,686 |
| Other building construction | 882,211 | 269,864 | 1,152,075 |
| Engineering Construction - Total | 12,345,574 | 2,151,069 | 14,496,643 |
| Marine construction | 169,953 | 72,170 | 242,123 |
| Road, highway and airport runways | 2,205,964 | 485,433 | 2,691,397 |
| Waterworks and sewage systems | 1,520,328 | 148,513 | 1,668,841 |
| Dams and irrigation | 125,501 | 28,401 | 153,902 |
| Electric power construction | 3,182,676 | 218,437 | 3,401,113 |
| Railway, telephone and telegraph | 884,311 | 471,544 | 1,355,855 |
| Gas and oil facilities | 2,269,380 | 454,834 | 2,724,214 |
| Other engineering construction | 1,987,461 | 271,737 | 2,259,198 |

[^11]Construction in Canada, 1977 - Advance Information The Canadian construction program for 1977 at a level of $\$ 35,803.4$ million exceeded the 1976 volume by $\$ 2,672.2$ million or $8.1 \%$. (The construction total of $\$ 33,131.2$ million for 1976 increased $16.8 \%$ from $\$ 28,376.3$ million in 1975, which was, in turn, up 14.9\% from 1974.) The increase for 1977 is higher than the $7.9 \%$ that was anticipated last year for 1977 but amounted in terms of constant dollar volume to an increase of only $0.1 \%$.

An analysis of the total value of work put in place in 1977 by the various industries reveals some significant variations from 1976. The mining sector showed the largest percentage increase ( $18.9 \%$ ) in 1977 followed by manufacturing ( $16.6 \%$ ) and agriculture and fishing ( $14.8 \%$ ). The commercial services sector showed a significant decrease ( $36.7 \%$ ), due primarily to the completion of the the Olympic Games.

Expenditures in all provinces except Newfoundland and New Brunswick increased in 1977 with notable advances of $18.4 \%$ in Prince Edward Island, $17.8 \%$ in Alberta, $10.0 \%$ in Saskatchewan, and $8.5 \%$ in Manitoba. In Newfoundland and New Brunswick, expenditures dropped by $15.0 \%$ and $2.2 \%$, respectively.

In 1977, new construction was up $7.1 \%$ while the repair portion showed an increase of $13.8 \%$. The proportion of the complete program performed under contract during 1977 remained comparable to 1976 ( $81.8 \%$ ). The value of engineering-type construction at $40.5 \%$ of the total estimated volume for 1977 was up $14.5 \%$ over 1976 while the building activity portion at $59.5 \%$ was up only $4.1 \%$ over the preceding year. The strength (in dollar volume) in the engineering group of structures was primarily due to projects classified under gas and oil facilities and electric power construction. As noted above, building construction rose by $4.1 \%$ with the largest dollar volume increases in residential buildings and industrial-type buildings such as factories, plants, mine and mine mill buildings, railway stations, etc.

For additional information concerning construction expenditures by sectors, provinces and by contract own account breakdown, contact M. Hartley (613-9958423), Construction Census Section, Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. The publication Construction in Canada, 1977 (catalogue 64-201), which contains the tables accompanying this advance release, is scheduled to be released in May. Data users should note that due to recent government cutbacks, data by type of structure for the preliminary and forecast years by sector and province have been dropped from this publication. Total construction spending for these years is still available by sector, industry, and province in Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1979 (61-205) which was released in April and Private and Public Investment in Canada, Mid-Year Review 1979 (61-206) to be released in mid-summer.
(see table on next page)

Total Value of Construction Work Performed - Labour Content and Cost of Materials Used, by Province, 1977 Actual (1), (2), (3)

|  | Labour Content |  |  | Cost of <br> Materials <br> Used |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

(1) In the Statistics Canada report Private and Public Investment in Canada, the total value of construction work performed is given as $\$ 35,803.7$ million for 1977. The difference in this report is due to rounding procedures.
(2) British Columbia includes Yukon and Northwest Territories.
(3) Number of employees is given in equivalent man-years.

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Dairy Products Industry

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1040 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 491 | 466 | -5.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 13,626 | 14,194 | 4.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 29,033 | 29,552 | 1.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 158,403 | 178,563 | 12.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 39,652 | 45,250 | 14.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | $2,131,084$ | $2,328,993$ | 9.8 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | $2,811,178$ | $3,082,715$ | 9.7 |
| received for work done | 637,593 | 726,752 | 14.0 |  |
| Value added |  |  |  |  |
| Total Activity: |  | 26,280 | 26,550 | 1.0 |
| Total employees | No. | 323,547 | 35,517 | 9.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ | 700,772 | 787,947 | 12.4 |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Dairy Products Industry, 1977 (32-209, 709).


## Statistics Canada Daily on CANSIM

Commencing Monday, April 30th, the table of contents and publications released portions of the Statistics Canada Daily will be available on CANSIM. Access will be available in both English and French through the CANSIM interactive system (C.I.S.) command "DAILY". It will be released each day at 1:00 p.m. (Ottawa time). Complete contents of the Daily are available in User Advisory Services reference centres across Canada the day following release.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-001 (30\$/\$3) Farm Cash Receipts, January to February 1979
21-002 (35\$/\$1.40) Farm Wages in Canada, February 1979
(continued)

25-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, February 1979
41-011 ( $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ) Production and Shipments of Steel Plpe, Tubing and Fltings, February 1979

63-008 (15\$/\$1.50) Wholesale Trade, February 1979

## 65-007 (80\$/\$8) Imports by Commodities, January 1979

Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indexes, February 1979 - Advance Information Import and export prices increased substantially in February, as the fixed-weight price indexes both increased more than $2 \%$ from their January levels. On a current-weighted basis the increases were $1 \%$, or less.
Seasonally-adjusted import volume declined for the second month, bringing the index average for the first two months of 1979 to 167.2 compared with 168.1 for the fourth quarter of. 1978. Export volume dropped sharply in February, with the result that the average index of 147.7 for the first two months was $2.6 \%$ lower than the fourth quarter 1978 level.

For further information, order the March issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40\$/\$4).

## Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indexes

Price Indexes Welghted with Current Period Quantities
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)

|  | Imports | Domestic <br> Exports |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1976 Annual | 157.5 | 177.3 |
| 1977 Annual | 176.0 | 188.8 |
| 1978 Annual | 199.6 | 204.6 |
| 1977 |  |  |
| III Quarter | 180.2 | 192.7 |
| IV Quarter | 183.2 | 193.0 |
| 1978 |  |  |
| I Quarter | 192.2 | 199.1 |
| II Quarter | 194.6 | 200.6 |
| II Quarter | 202.5 | 207.6 |
| IV Quarter | 210.8 | 212.1 |
| 1978 | 202.9 | 207.9 |
| September | 207.7 | 209.5 |
| October | 214.1 | 213.2 |
| November | 210.6 | 214.7 |
| December |  |  |
| 1979 | 216.6 | 223.7 |
| January | 218.1 | 226.0 |
| February |  |  |

Volume Indexes Weighted with 1971 Prices
Seasonally Adjusted
(1971=100)

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Imports |  |  |  | | Domestic |
| :--- |
| Exports |

Oil Pipeline Transport, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian oil pipe lines received 443900 m3D of crude oil, condensate; pentanes plus and refined petroleum product in February, an increase of 11.2\% from the $399000 \mathrm{m3D}$ received a year earlier. Receipts of domestic petroleum and products increased $14.3 \%$ to $398300 \mathrm{m3D}$, while those of imported petroleum and products decreased $9.5 \%$ to $45600 \mathrm{m3D}$.

For further information, order the February issue of Oil Pipe Line Transport (55-001, 30\$/\$3), or contact George Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.

## Advance Estimates of Employees

February 1979

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Number of Employees variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \dagger \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \\ & (000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \\ \text { (1978) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1978 \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 57.6 | 60.3 | 63.5 | 70.0 | 55.5 | 56.7 | 67.8 | 69.6 | 69.4 | 68.3 |
| Mining (including milling) | 135.5 | 136.8 | 134.3 | 137.0 | 140.2 | 140.1 | 137.8 | 138.3 | 135.8 | 137.1 |
| Manufacturing | 1,808.9 | 1,800.8 | 1,799.5 | 1,835.1 | 1,730.7 | 1,733.3 | 1,857.5 | 1,850.4 | 1,841.9 | 1,833.5 |
| Construction | 379.7 | 377.4 | 389.1 | 458.7 | 365.3 | 372.7 | 447.7 | 442.3 | 443.8 | 445.3 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 792.1 | 789.0 | 795.9 | 810.4 | 773.3 | 771.2 | 815.5 | 810.9 | 812.3 | 813.4 |
| Trade | 1,467.3 | 1,466.2 | 1,507.5 | 1,511.8 | 1,415.2 | 1,433.5 | 1,495.8 | 1,484.8 | 1,475.5 | 1,482.5 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 490.9 | 491.4 | 486.8 | 491.8 | 483.2 | 485.9 | 495.5 | 494.9 | 488.9 | 491.4 |
| Total Service | 2,596.7 | 2,582.1 | 2,545.5 | 2,596.4 | 2,527.0 | 2,518.8 | 2,600.7 | 2,597.3 | 2,579.5 | 2,575.7 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1,468.7 | 1,449.5 | 1,423.4 | 1,455.3 | 1,442.8 | 1,420.6 | 1,425.5 | 1,419.5 | 1,414.1 | 1,419.0 |
| Commercial Service | 1,128.0 | 1,132.7 | 1,122.2 | 1,141.1 | 1,084.2 | 1,098.2 | 1,175.2 | 1,177.8 | 1,165.3. | 1,156.6 |
| Public Administration and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Defence(1) | 614.3 | 612.4 | 612.8 | 619.2 | 619.1 | 607.4 | 627.2 | 630.6 | 630.7 | 632.3 |
| Total Non-agricultural Industries(2) | 8,350.9 | 8,324.4 | 8,344.7 | 8,540.5 | 8,114.5 | 8,123.9 | 8,559.9 | 8,531.4 | 8,491.5 | 8,492.2 |
| Total Non-agricultural Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 127.1 | 127.0 | 129.2 | 133.8 | 122.6 | 122.7 | 135.8 | 135.7 | 133.6 | 132.8 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28.6 | 28.0 | 29.2 | 30.2 | 27.3 | 26.3 | 31.5 | 30.8 | 30.7 | 30.6 |
| Nova Scotia | 243.1 | 242.1 | 244.3 | 249.5 | 231.9 | 232.1 | 253.4 | 252.7 | 249.9 | 247.8 |
| New Brunswick | 183.2 | 181.6 | 183.3 | 190.6 | 176.0 | 178.7 | 196.4 | 193.4 | 191.0 | 191.3 |
| Quebec | 2,100.3 | 2,092.3 | 2,088.6 | 2,154.8 | 2,047.8 | 2,061.9 | 2,153.6 | 2,142.5 | 2,135.9 | 2,143.6 |
| Ontario | 3,349.4 | 3,346.4 | 3,359.1 | 3,427.8 | 3,288.1 | 3,288.0 | 3,418.5 | 3,415.6 | 3,405.9 | 3,402.8 |
| Manitoba | 344.2 | 344.2 | 345.3 | 350.0 | 335.9 | 336.6 | 353.3 | 352.5 | 348.7 | 347.6 |
| Saskatchewan | 255.9 | 254.1 | 255.8 | 262.4 | 245.4 | 246.7 | 261.4 | 259.3 | 257.6 | 260.2 |
| Alberta | 766.6 | 764.6 | 762.1 | 778.1 | 724.6 | 724.4 | 782.8 | 780.9 | 770.7 | 773.3 |
| British Columbia | 921.7 | 913.9 | 915.5 | 930.5 | 888.2 | 880.8 | 934.8 | 931.8 | 929.8 | 925.9 |
| Canada(3) | 8,350.9 | 8,324.4 | 8,344.7 | 8,540.5 | 8,114.5 | 8,123.9 | 8,559.9 | 8,531.4 | 8,491.5 | 8,492.2 |

$f$ first estimate based on a limited number of returns
p preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

Estimates of Empioyees, February 1979 - Advance Information
Monthly summary data are released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in catalogue 72-008, Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, and is also available from Mr. G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.

Report of Livestock Surveys, Pigs, April 1, 1979 Advance Information
Total pig numbers in Canada (not including Newfoundland) at April 1, 1979, were estimated at $8,185,000$, up $17 \%$ from the revised total for April 1, 1978. Numbers increased by $10 \%$ in the West and by $21 \%$ in the East.

For further information, order the April 1, 1979 Report on Livestock Surveys, Pigs (23-005, $35 ¢ / \$ 1.40$ ), or contact B. Rosien (613-995-4863), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.

## New Housing Price Indexes

(1976=100)

|  | Weights | $\begin{array}{r} \text { March } \\ 1979 \end{array}$ | February 1979 | March 1978 | \% change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } / 79 \\ \text { Feb. } / 79 \end{gathered}$ | Mar./79 <br> Mar. $/ 78$ |
| St. John's | 1.0 | 104.8 | 104.8 | 101.7 | - | 3.0 |
| Halifax | 1.7 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 102.2 | - | 0.1 |
| Quebec | 3.6 | 127.6 | 126.3 | 115.9 | 1.0 | 10.1 |
| Montreal | 9.5 | 109.9 | 109.6 | 105.0 | 0.3 | 4.7 |
| Ottawa-Hull | 5.7 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 100.9 | - | - |
| Toronto | 21.2 | 98.1 | 98.4 | 99.7 | -0.3 | -1.6 |
| Hamilton | 4.2 | 103.6 | 103.6 | 104.0 | - | -0.4 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 2.3 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 112.8 | - | 1.6 |
| Kitchener | 2.9 | 101.2 | 102.9 | 102.0 | -1.7 | -0.8 |
| London | 2.4 | 112.7 | 111.1 | 108.5 | 1.4 | 3.9 |
| Windsor | 1.0 | 130.1 | 127.8 | 110.9 | 1.8 | 17.3 |
| Thunder Bay | 0.9 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 114.7 | - | 3.7 |
| Winnipeg | 3.7 | 110.9 | 110.9 | 110.1 | - | 0.7 |
| Regina | 2.3 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 98.4 | - | 2.5 |
| Saskatoon | 1.9 | 118.4 | 115.9 | 111.9 | 2.2 | 5.8 |
| Calgary | 9.9 | 121.3 | 119.7 | 114.5 | 1.3 | 5.9 |
| Edmonton | 9.8 | 119.8 | 119.8 | 110.9 | - | 8.0 |
| Vancouver | 10.6 | 98.9 | 97.7 | 97.9 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| Victoria | 1.9 | 95.0 | 95.2 | 95.8 | -0.2 | -0.8 |
| Canada Composite (22 citles) | 100.0* | 108.0 | 107.6 | 104.9 | 0.4 | 3.0 |
| Canada Composite (House Only) |  | 105.8 | 105.4 | 103.4 | 0.4 | 2.3 |
| Canada Composite (Land Only) |  | 113.2 | 112.9 | 108.7 | 0.3 | 4.1 |

* Surveys in New Brunswick, Sudbury and Prince George account for the remaining weight.

For further details on the changes in these indexes, contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tlle, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers produced 4,271 short tons ( 3875 t ) or $8,728,119$ square feet ( 810869 m 2 ) of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in March compared to 3,689 short tons ( 3347 t ) or 7,536,969 square feet (700 207 m 2 ) in March 1978.
For further information, order the March issue of Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles (47-001, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

The Dairy Revlew, February 1979 - Advance Information
An estimated 442977 kilolitres of milk were sold off farms for all purposes in February, an increase of 4.8\% from February 1978.

This brought production during the two months of 1979 to an estimated 932076 kilolitres of milk, up 4.6\% from the January-February 1978 period.

For further information, order the March issue of The Dairy:Review (23-001, 40\$/\$4), or contact C.M. Riach (613-995-4858), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped $1,779,762,000$ square feet ( 165345000 m 2 ) of corrugated boxes and wrappers in March, an increase of $14.3 \%$ from 1,557,466,000 square feet ( 144693000 m 2 ) a year earlier.
January to March shipments totalled 4,897,080,000 square feet ( 454954000 m 2 ) in 1979 compared to 4,317,133,000 square feet ( $401076000 \mathrm{m2}$ ) in 1978.

For further information, order the March issue of Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36$004,15 \Phi / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact G.W. Barrett (613-9922371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Railway Carloadings
7-day period ending April 14, 1979

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,110,948 | 2,020,020 | 4,130,968 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 1,863,545 | 2,308,597 | 4,172,142 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 1915020 | 1832531 | 3747551 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1690580 | 2094324 | 3784904 |
| \% change | 13.3 | -12.5 | -1.0 |
| Cars, 1979 | 34,808 | 29,367 | 64,175 |
| Cars, 1978 | 35,605 | 34,412 | 70,017 |
| \% change | -2.2 | -14.7 | -8.3 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 156,476 | 61,386 | 217,862 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 178,126 | 59,433 | 237,559 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 141953 | 55688 | 197641 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 161593 | 53917 | 215510 |
| \% change | -12.2 | 3.3 | -8.3 |
| Cars, 1979 | 4,650 | 2,330 | 6,980 |
| Cars, 1978 | 5,551 | 2,508 | 8,059 |
| \% change | -16.2 | -7.1 | -13.4 |
| Year-to-dale |  |  |  |
| Tolal carload Irafflc: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 34,754,666 | 30,823,334 | 65,578,000 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 33,020,698 | 30,677,667 | 63,698,365 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 31528903 | 27962458 | 59491361 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 29955873 | 27830311 | 57786184 |
| \% change | 5.3 | 0.5 | 3.0 |
| Cars, 1979 | 566,877 | 453,574 | 1,020,451 |
| Cars, 1978 | 554,573 | 461,217 | 1,015,790 |
| \% change | 2.2 | -1.7 | 0.5 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,393,213 | 926,184 | 3,319,397 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 2,454,118 | 876,679 | 3,330,797 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2,171 086 | 840220 | 3011306 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 2226338 | 795310 | 3021648 |
| \% change | -2.5 | 5.6 | -0.3 |
| Cars, 1979 | 72,795 | 35,457 | 108,252 |
| Cars, 1978 | 73,575 | 35,278 | 108,853 |
| \% change | -1.1 | 0.5 | -0.6 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 14, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Loadings by Canadian railways totalled 3.7 million $t$ ( 4.1 million short tons) in the above-noted week (which included Good Friday), down 13.5 from the preceding seven days and $1.0 \%$ below the 1978 period. Eastern loadings showed an increase of $13.3 \%$ (due mainly to a sharp reduction in loadings of iron ore in 1978 occasioned by strikes in the iron mining industry). Traffic originating in the West fell by $12.5 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) shipments (included above) were down $12.2 \%$ in the East and up 3.3\% in the West to register an over-all decline of $8.3 \%$.

On a year-to-date basis, rail loadings were 3.0\% above the 1978 level. Piggyback traffic was down 0.3\%.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Sales of Cement, March 1979 - Advance Information Advance information on sales of cement as reported by Canadian producers for the month of March is now available.

For further information, contact Gordon McWade (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.


41-223 (70థ) Boiler and Plate Works, 1977
41-225 (70¢) Heating Equipment Manufacturers, 1977
42-202 (70థ) Agricultural Implement Industry, 1977
42-211 (70¢) Railroad Rolling Stock Industry, 1977
47-005 (35¢ $/ \$ 1.40$ ) Factory Shipments of High Pressure Decorative Laminate Sheet, Quarter Ended March 1979
62-547 (\$2.80) Urban Family Éxpenditure, 1976
72-009 (70\$/\$2.80) Local Government Employment, October-December 1978

Business Conditions Survey, Canadian Manufacturing
Industries, April 1979 - Publistied Only in the Stạtistics Canada Daily and Infomat
Canadian manufacturers reporting to the April Business Conditions Survey-expressed more optimism about production for the second quarter of 1979 than. they showed for the first quarter. Results show that $33 \%$ of the weighted response expects production to. be higher from April through June than it was in the January to March period, whereas in the January survey only $26 \%$ felt this optimism about production. The proportion expecting production to be lower decreased to $13 \%$ from the previous quarter's $17 \%$. (Management is asked to allow for normal seasonal conditions when responding.)

The level of new orders was reported to be rising by $40 \%$ of the weighted response and declining by $10 \%$. In January, 37\% indicated orders were rising and 9\% that they were declining. The proportion of the response indicating a higher than normal backlog of unfilled orders declined slightly to $27 \%$ in April from 30\% in January while those reporting a lower than normal backlog remained unchanged at $10 \%$ in both periods. In the same period of 1978 , only $14 \%$ reported that the orders backlog was higher than normal and 19\% that it was lower.

Finished product inventory was felt to be too high by $11 \%$ of the weighted response in April and too low by $13 \%$. This is fairly similar to January's results when $9 \%$ indicated inventories were too high and $16 \%$ too low.

Shortages of raw materials and skilled labour were once again the two major causes of production difficulties, with $14 \%$ of the weighted response citing the former and $12 \%$ the latter.

When classified by economic use or type of market served by the producer, the results show the largest quarter-to-quarter changes occurred in the nondurable consumer goods industries where optimism about production increased to $42 \%$ from $18 \%$ of the weighted response, and in the export-based industries where only $13 \%$ now feel finished product inventory is too low compared to $39 \%$ in January.

Response from the April survey represented more than 6,500 manufacturing establishments whose shipments accounted for about 53\% of all shipments in these industries in 1976. Answers were weighted by attaching to each the value of shipments reported to the 1976 Census of Manufactures. (The January 1979 data published here include some response received too late for the first release of results from that survey.)

Percentages are proportions of the total weighted response'indicating a specified condition (e.g. "too high", "too low" "or "about right") in answer to each question.

For fürther infórmation, contact Brian Preston (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.
(see table on next page)

Canada-U.S.A. Air Passenger Origin and Destination, Third Quarter 1978 - Advance Information Data for the third quarter of 1978 on Canada-U.S.A. Air Passenger Origin and Destination are now available.

For further information, contact Mrs. J.C. Tessier (613-997-1986), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

Telecommunication Statlstics, Fourth Quarter 1978 Advance Information
Teleglobe Canada, Canadian National Telecommunications and Canadian Pacific (telecommunications branch) reported revenues of $\$ 85.7$ million for the fourth quarter of 1978, up 8.3\% from the corresponding period in 1977. Operating expenses increased $4.5 \%$ to $\$ 66.1$ million. Net operating revenue at $\$ 19.5$ million advanced $23.4 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1977.

For the year 1978, operating revenues totalled $\$ 327.9$ million, up $12.3 \%$ over 1977 while expenses increased $7.0 \%$ to $\$ 265.6$ million. Net operating revenue rose $42.1 \%$ to $\$ 62.2$ million.

For further information, order the fourth quarter issue of the Communications Service Bulletin, Telecommunications Statistics (56-001, \$1.40 a year), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Business Conditions Survey, Canadian Manufacturing Industries
April 1979

| Date | Expected production, next 3 months compared to last 3 |  |  | New Orders Level |  |  | Unfilled Orders Backlog |  | Finished Product Inventory |  |  |  | Sources of Production Difficulties .. Shortages |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\text { D }}{\frac{0}{5}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \hline 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 둘 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 9 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Manufacturing Industries Percentage of weighted response |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. $/ 78$ | 37 | 13 | 50 | 30 | 16 | 54 | 14 | 19 | 67 | 16 | 4 | 80 | 4 | 9 |  | 4 | 5 | 80 |
| July/78 | 33 | 22 | 45 | 41 | 11 | 48 | 19 | 17 | 65 | 16 | 7 | 77 | 3 | 12 |  | 7 | 4 | 77 |
| Oct./78 | 38 | 16 | 46 | 43 | 10 | 47 | 25 | 10 | 65 | 11 | 11 | 78 | 4 | 13 | 2 | 11 | 4 | 72 |
| Jan./79 | 26 | 17 | 57 | 37 | 9 | 54 | 30 | 10 | 60 | 9 | 16 | 75 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 16 | 3 | 71 |
| Apr./79 | 33 | 13 | 55 | 40 | 10 | 50 | 27 | 10 | 63 | 11 | 13 | 76 | 3 | 12 | 1 | 14 | 11 | 64 |
| Durable Consumer Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./78 | 33 | 20 | 47 | 20 | 35 | 45 | 7 | 40 | 53 | 39 | 4 | 57 | 12 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 72 |
| July/78 | 36 | 27 | 38 | 34 | 21 | 46 | 18 | 30 | 52 | 28 | 4 | 68 | 11 | 12 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 76 |
| Oct./78 | 49 | 15 | 36 | 55 | 15 | 30 | 31 | 17 | 52 | 17 | 14 | 68 | 9 | 13 | 4 | . 10 | 9 | 67 |
| Jan./79 | 33 | 32 | 35 | 34 | 15 | 51 | 22 | 19 | 59 | 13 | 9 | 77 | 9 | 12 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 72 |
| Apr./79 | 43 | 22 | 35 | 42 | 24 | 35 | 30 | 21 | 49 | 33 | 7 | 60 | 8 | 12 | 4 | 12 | 2. | 68 |
| Non-durable Consumer Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. $/ 78$ | 37 | 14 | 50 | 24 | 13 | 64 | 6 | 13 | 82 | 12 | 4 | 84 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 9 | 3 | 81 |
| July/78 | 42 | 27 | 31 | 39 | 12 | 50 | 15 | 12 | 73 | 15 | 8 | 77 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 7 | 5. | 78 |
| Oct. $/ 78$ | 34 | 19 | 46 | 36 | 10 | 55 | 12 | 6 | 81 | 10 | 9 | 82 | 3 | 20 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 68 |
| Jan./79 | 18 | 25 | 57 | 25 | 9 | 66 | 7 | 12 | 81 | 11 | 9 | 80 | 3 | 7 | 1 | 13 | 3 | 77 |
| Apr./79 | 42 | 10 | 49 | 28 | 12 | 60 | 10 | 12 | 77 | 12 | 10 | 78 | 6 | 12 | 2 | 21 | 4 | 63 |
| Machinery and Equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. $/ 78$ | 33 | 15 | 51 | 35 | 31 | 33 | 22 | 32 | 47 | 19 | 4 | 77 | 6 | 19 |  | 4 | 3 | 73 |
| July/78 | 33 | 21 | 46 | 44 | 19 | 38 | 24 | 28 | 48 | 19 | 6 | 75 | 6. | - 23 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 66 |
| Oct. 78 | 46 | 14 | 40 | 40 | 20 | 40 | 26 | 20 | 54 | 22 | 10 | 68 | 8 | . 30 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 60 |
| Jan./79 | 44 | 9 | 47 | 55 | 13 | 32 | 47 | 13 | 39 | 12 | 5 | 83 | 2 | 30 | 1 | 8 | . 1 | 63 |
| Apr./79 | 42 | 9 | 49 | 53 | 14 | 32 | 44 | 9 | 47 | 15 | 11 | 74 | 3 | 34 | 0 | 19 | 1 | 50 |
| Construction Materials and Supplies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./78 | 37 | 17 | 46 | 32 | 23 | 45 | 14 | 36 | 50 | 22 | 9 | 68 | 3. | - 13 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 82 |
| July/78 | 32 | 27 | 41. | 35 | 23 | . 42 | 20 | 30 | 50 | 20 | 10 | 70 | 5 | - 18 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 71 |
| Oct./78 | 24 | 30 | 46 | 27 | 25 | 48 | 22 | 28 | 50 | 17 | 12 | 71 | 6 | 13 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 7.1 |
| Jan./79 | 27 | 30 | 43 | 25 | 27 | 48 | 18 | 24 | 58 | 15 | 17 | 69 | 5 | 12 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 74 |
| Apr./79 | 41 | 19 | 41 | 44 | 20 | 37 | 25 | 24 | 50 | 13 | 7 | 80. |  | $\cdots \cdot 12$ | 2 | 18 | 4 | 67 |
| Other Intermediate Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. $/ 78$ | 38 | 13 | 49 | 44 | 13 | 42 | 15 | 17 | 68 | 14 | 4 | 82 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 78 |
| July/78 | 25 | 26 | 49 | 38 | 9 | 53. | 26 | 16 | 58 | 12 | 7 | 80 | 2. | 15 | 1 | . 11 | 3 | 72 |
| Oct./78 | 35 | 16 | 49 | 47 | 6 | 47 | 38 | 5 | 57 | 8 | 14 | 77 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 15 | 2 | 75 |
| Jan./79 | 33 | 16 | 51 | 34 | 6 | 60 | 29 | 6 | 65 | 8 | 9 | 82 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 14 | 2 | 74 |
| Apr./79 | 34 | 7 | 59 | 40 | 8 | 52 | 28 | 8 | 64 | 9 | 18 | 73 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 13 | 14 | 65 |
| Export-based Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./78 | 38 | 9 | 53 | 18 | 9 | 73 | 16 | 10 | 74 | 15 | 4 | 82 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 86 |
| July/78 | 34 | 10 | 56 | 50 | 4 | 47 | 7 | 6 | 86 | 17 | 6 | 77 | 2 | 6 |  | - 3 | 3 | 87 |
| Oct. 78 | 47 | 8 | 45 | 55 | 3 | 42 | 18 | 6 | 76 | 9 | 8 | 83 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 9 | 7 | 78 |
| Jan./79 | 17 | 3 | 80 | 54 | 2 | 44 | 55 | 5 | 40 | 4 | 39 | 57 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 30 | 3 | 60 |
| Apr. $/ 79$ | 14 | 19 | 66 | 49 | 2 | 50 | 34 | 2 | 64 | 7 | 13 | 80 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 21 | 67 |

[^12]Employment, EarnIngs and Hours, Advance Data
February 1979

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Employment Index Number Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 f \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1978 1961 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1978 \\ &= 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fb. } \\ 1979 \dagger \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ \text { 1978 } \end{gathered}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 66.5 | 69.3 | 75.1 | 83.7 | 68.0 | 67.7 | 78.6 | 81.1 | 81.3 | 81.6 |
| Mining, including milling | 117.4 | 117.5 | 115.0 | 117.0 | 120.8 | 120.0 | 118.2 | 118.3 | 115.8 | 116.9 |
| Manufacturing | 128.0 | 127.5 | 127.3 | 129.3 | 123.2 | 122.9 | 131.4 | 130.7 | 129.9 | 129.2 |
| Durable Goods | 142.9 | 141.7 | 141.6 | 143.6 | 135.4 | 135.1 | 145.6 | 143.8 | 142.9 | 142.1 |
| Non-durable Goods | 116.0 | 116.0 | 115.7 | 117.7 | 113.3 | 113.0 | 119.6 | 119.9 | 119.6 | 118.6 |
| Construction | 80.3 | 81.8 | 88.5 | 100.2 | 87.0 | 89.3 | 93.4 | 94.8 | 97.5 | 96.3 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 130.5 | 130.2 | 131.5 | 133.7 | 127.4 | 125.9 | 134.2 | 134.0 | 134.5 | 135.1 |
| Trade | 173.5 | 174.7 | 181.7 | 180.8 | 169.4 | 171.3 | 177.6 | 175.6 | 175.0 | 174.3 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 202.8 | 202.4 | 201.5 | 201.1 | 196.4 | 195.7 | 204.3 | 203.8 | 202.6 | 201.2 |
| Service | 256.3 | 255.4 | 256.2 | 260.6 | 251.2 | 247.0 | 266.3 | 266.2 | 265.2 | 262.8 |
| Industrial Composite | 144.6 | 144.6 | 146.3 | 148.7 | 141.3 | 140.9 | 149.3 | 148.9 | 148.1 | 147.5 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 127.3 | 127.9 | 131.4 | 135.6 | 123.0 | 123.2 | 137.0 | 137.0 | 135.3 | 134.0 |
| Newfoundland | 120.0 | 120.6 | 124.7 | 127.6 | 117.2 | 119.1 | 131.2 | 134.0 | 128.9 | 125.4 |
| Prince Edward Island | 145.4 | 143.0 | 150.6 | 150.5 | 136.4 | 132.4 | 169.0 | 163.8 | 160.8 | 151.7 |
| Nova Scotia | 130.3 | 130.8 | 133.7 | 137.6 | 125.2 | 125.1 | 136.5 | 136.3 | 136.1 | 136.0 |
| New Brunswick | 126.8 | 127.7 | 131.0 | 137.3 | 122.8 | 122.6 | 138.0 | 137.3 | 136.3 | 136.5 |
| Quebec | 124.1 | 124.4 | 125.7 | 128.3 | 122.6 | 122.9 | 128.2 | 128.0 | 127.2 | 127.3 |
| Ontario | 150.5 | 150.3 | 151.6 | 153.6 | 146.8 | 146.7 | 154.4 | 153.8 | 153.1 | 152.2 |
| Prairie Region | 162.5 | 162.6 | 164.6 | 167.6 | 156.1 | 156.2 | 167.9 | 167.8 | 166.9 | 166.6 |
| Manitoba | 122.2 | 122.5 | 124.1 | 126.8 | 120.7 | 121.1 | 126.4 | 126.2 | 126.0 | 125.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 139.0 | 139.2 | 143.0 | 147.3 | 136.6 | 136.2 | 144.7 | 144.6 | 145.2 | 146.1 |
| Alberta | 205.4 | 205.2 | 206.9 | 209.6 | 193.3 | 193.0 | 211.7 | 212.1 | 209.7 | 208.8 |
| British Columbia | 170.8 | 170.2 | 172.5 | 174.4 | 168.6 | 163.9 | 175.4 | 175.0 | 174.1 | 174.1 |
| Yukon | 166.1 | 166.1 | 171.6 | 179.6 | 179.0 | 172.4 | 175.6 | 177.7 | 180.7 | 186.2 |
| Northwest Territories | 144.7 | 146.1 | 146.8 | 144.6 | 144.5 | 142.1 | 156.4 | 159.6 | 161.4 | 153.1 |
| Canada | 144.6 | 144.6 | 146.3 | 148.7 | 141.3 | 140.9 | 149.3 | 148.9 | 148.1 | 147.5 |

. figures not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

## Employment, Earnings and Hours, February 1979 (Correction)

In the Employment, Earnings and Hours release in the Daily of Friday, April 27, 1979, the headings on the two accompanying tables were inadvertently transposed.
For further information, contact R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.
(see table on next page)

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 28, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended April 28 was 351,088 short tons ( 318502 t ), a decrease of $0.4 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 352,487 short tons ( 319771 t ). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 295,747 short tons ( 268293 t ).
The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t) equalling 100 was 191.6 in the current week, 192.4 a week earlier and 161.4 a year earlier.
For further information, contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Earnings Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | Feb 1978 dol | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1978 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1978 \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 366.39 | 363.89 | 272.44 | 355.75 | 342.28 | 328.73 | 345.23 | 354.12 | 324.87 | 346.60 |
| Mining, including milling | 413.70 | 408.15 | 391.78 | 397.15 | 373.01 | 367.90 | 409.64 | 403.59 | 390.61 | 392.44 |
| Manufacturing | 302.85 | 301.03 | 291.89 | 296.84 | 280.19 | 273.32 | 301.13 | 300.01 | 296.76 | 295.80 |
| Durable Goods | 323.34 | 321.91 | 312.28 | 319.11 | 299.54 | 288.88 | 321.60 | 320.92 | 319.28 | 316.73 |
| Non-durable Goods | 282.48 | 280.44 | 271.74 | 274.93 | 261.51 | 258.28 | 280.91 | 279.38 | 274.90 | 275.67 |
| Construction | 397.43 | 394.59 | 371.72 | 401.26 | 377.99 | 361.29 | 396.83 | 398.13 | 411.83 | 398.23 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 329.63 | 329.17 | 324.38 | 323.33 | 306.11 | 306.64 | 327.14 | 326.88 | 326.93 | 323.82 |
| Trade | 209.85 | 209.04 | 204.54 | 203.35 | 196.37 | 193.96 | 211.67 | 212.03 | 205.59 | 206.87 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 260.25 | 259.81 | 257.03 | 253.98 | 240.05 | 239.62 | 259.11 | 260.49 | 259.13 | 257.64 |
| Service | 188.97 | 188.00 | 185.12 | 184.24 | 174.98 | 174.85 | 189.56 | 186.77 | 185.99 | 185.73 |
| Industrial Composite | 278.19 | 276.87 | 269.01 | 273.30 | 258.85 | 255.26 | 277.96 | 277.40 | 274.75 | 273.41 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 246.76 | 246.32 | 236.77 | 239.53 | 228.06 | 228.69 | 245.17 | 243.66 | 242.10 | 240.93 |
| Newfoundland | 265.77 | 267.37 | 251.97 | 260.17 | 247.82 | 248.21 | 262.02 | 264.51 | 261.76 | 261.74 |
| Prince Edward Isiand | 206.02 | 206.84 | 199.52 | 202.10 | 191.34 | 195.28 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 236.34 | 234.83 | 226.57 | 229.94 | 219.08 | 219.88 | 235.92 | 233.48 | 231.38 | 231.96 |
| New Brunswick | 252.02 | 251.38 | 243.74 | 242.17 | 230.33 | 230.29 | 248.15 | 245.08 | 247.63 | 243.22 |
| Quebec | 273.84 | 272.07 | 266.59 | 270.41 | 255.65 | 253.49 | 272.88 | 273.63 | 271.70 | 269.76 |
| Ontario | 277.10 | 275.63 | 267.99 | 271.88 | 258.27 | 251.76 | 277.49 | 275.82 | 274.05 | 272.18 |
| Prairie Region | 276.54 | 275.82 | 266.68 | 270.73 | 254.64 | 252.48 | 275.77 | 276.19 | 272.40 | 271.41 |
| Manitoba | 250.17 | 249.71 | 244.45 | 246.17 | 233.13 | 229.95 | 251.91 | 251.19 | 248.12 | 248.46 |
| Saskatchewan | 265.10 | 263.02 | 257.28 | 257.84 | 240.41 | 239.52 | 266.19 | 265.06 | 259.30 | 258.59 |
| Alberta | 292.66 | 292.22 | 280.35 | 286.69 | 269.79 | 268.03 | 290.31 | 291.40 | 288.57 | 287.06 |
| British Columbia | 313.13 | 312.19 | 300.67 | 309.74 | 291.60 | 289.50 | 314.23 | 313.04 | 310.29 | 309.03 |
| Yukon | 370.34 | 377.63 | 373.43 | 367.55 | 347.46 | 361.96 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | 323.64 | 326.53 | 316.58 | 317.91 | 294.35 | 298.72 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 278.19 | 276.87 | 269.01 | 273.30 | 258.85 | 255.26 | 277.96 | 277.40 | 274.75 | 273.41 |

[^13]


Wednesday, May 2, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Unemployment Insurance Statistics, February 1979
2 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, February 1979

2 Coal and Coke Statistics, February 1979
4. International Air Charter Statistics, Third Quarter 1978

3 Smelting and Refining, 1977
3 Machine Shops, 1977
3 The Platemaking, Typesetting and Trade Bindery Industry, 1977
4 Publishing, 1977

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-201 (\$1.40) General Review of the Mineral Industries, 1976
34-219 (70థ) Felt and Fibre Processing Mills, 1977
35-001 (30\$/\$3) Construction Type Plywood, February 1979
61-005 (40\$/\$4) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, January 1979.
63-002 (40\$/\$4) Department Store Sales and Stocks, January 1979
72-002 (70\$/\$7) Employment, Earnings and Hours, January 1979
Service Bulletin:
32-023 (\$1.40 a year) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 7, No. 9, Pack of Processed Plums, 1978

## Unemployment Insurance Statistics

|  | Feb. 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | \% Change From |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid (\$000) | 427,774 | 525,946 | 460,890 | -19 | -7 |
| Weeks of benefit (000) | 3,958 | 4,667 | 4,182 | -15 | -5 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$) | 108.09 | 112.70 | 110.21 | -4 | -2 |
| Claims received (000) | 198 | 308 | 211 | -36 | -6 |
| Beneficiaries (000) | 966p | 932p | 1,029 | 4 | -6 |
|  |  | : To |  |  |  |
| : |  |  | 1978 |  | onths 1978 |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid (\$000) |  |  | 974,565 |  | -2 |
| Weeks of benefit (000) ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |  |  | 8,894 |  | -3 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$) | $\therefore$ |  | 109.57 |  | 1 |
| Claims-received (000) |  |  | 511. |  | -1 |
| Beneficiaries(1) (000) |  |  | 1,020 |  | -7 |

## (1) Monthly average

p Preliminary figures
For further information, order the February 1979 issue of Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, Quarterly,'\$1.05/\$4.20), or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

## Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance

 Statistics, February 1979 - Advance InformationClaimants qualifying for unemployment insurance benefits numbered $966,000^{*}$ for the week ended February 17, up 4\% from the previous month but 6\% fewer than in February 1978. Thirty-seven percent of the beneficiaries were females compared with $36 \%$ a year earlier.

Unemployment insurance benefits paid in February totalled \$428* million, a decrease of $19 \%$ from January and down 7\% from a year earlier. The drop in payments resulted from a $15 \%$ decrease in the number of weeks of benefit paid along with a $4 \%$ decline in the average weekly benefit to $\$ 108.09$. (The latter figure reflects the reduction in the benefit rate to $60 \%$ of average weekly insurable earnings in 1979 from 66 2/3\% in 1978.) Disbursements for the first two months of 1979 amounted to $\$ 954$ million, down $2 \%$ from the JanuaryFebruary 1978 period.

Claims submitted in February by persons applying for benefits totalled 198,000, a decrease of $36 \%$ from January (a normal drop between these two months) and down 6\% from February 1978. For the first two months of 1979 a total of 506,000 claims were received, $1 \%$ fewer than a year earlier.

* The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to the benefit payments made during a month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month, the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardless of when they received payment.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, February 1979 Advance Information
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in February to $543,577,000$ feet board measure ( 1282699 m 3 ) from a revised 508,866,000 feet board measure ( 1200790 m 3 ) in February 1978. Stocks on hand at the end of February 1979 totalled $697,484,000$ feet board measure ( 1645879 m 3 ).

For further information, order the February issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (35-002, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Coal and Coke Statistics, February 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian coal production decreased 4.6\% in February to 2513737 metric tonnes from 2634064 tonnes a year earlier. Landed imports rose $30.8 \%$ to 11670 tonnes from 8920 tonnes.

Coal production for the first two months of 1979 at 5392897 tonnes was up 5.2\% from 5124833 tonnes in the January-February 1978 period.

For further information, contact Dave Madsen (613-992-4021), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or order the February issue of Coal and Coke Statistics, (45-002, 40\$/\$4).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Smelting and Refining

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 295 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 28 | 30 | 7.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 23,294 | 25,217 | 8.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 45,150 | 51,271 | 13.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 314,963 | 375,106 | 19.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 156,870 | 179,016 | 14.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 505,255 | 735,810 | 45.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 1,443,307 | 2,053,063 | 42.2 |
| Value added | \$000 | 781,182 | 1,138,237 | 45.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 34,246 | 35,647 | 4.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 511,696 | 580,691 | 13.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 812,654 | 1,176,050 | 44.7 |

For further information, contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Smelting and Refining 1977. (41-214, 70¢).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Machine Shops

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 308 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 845 | 810 | -0.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 8,864 | 8,890 | 0.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 18,768 | 18,632 | -0.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 105,308 | 113,643 | 7.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 3,402 | 4,082 | 20.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 109,591 | 122,339 | 11.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 313,953 | 339,920 | 8.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 201,257 | 215,521 | 7.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 10,764 | 10,762 | - |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 134,382 | 145,352 | 8.2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 206,253 | 223,607 | 8.4 |

For further information, contact J.B. Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Machine Shops, 1977 (42-207, 70థ).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Platemaking, Typesetting and Trade Bindery Industry

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2870 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 369 | 363 | -1.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,085 | 5,324 | 4.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,022 | 10,416 | 3.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 65,847 | 73,519 | 11.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,232 | 1,561 | 26.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 38,599 | 48,365 | 25.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 163,462 | 193,778 | 18.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 123,628 | 144,336 | 16.8 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,488 | 6,721 | 3.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 88,794 | 98,832 | 11.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 125,711 | 145,645 | 15.9 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1977 (36-203, \$1.05).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Publishing (Only) Industry

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| s.i.c: 2880 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 506 | 473 | -6.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | - | - | - |
| Man-hours paid | 000's |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 |  | - |  |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | - | - |  |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 194,089 | 210,880 | 8.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 463,946 | 520,414 | 12.2 |
| Value added | \$000 | 274,331 | 313,066 | 14.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 9,371 | 9,515 | 1.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 105,252 | 113,287 | 7.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 290,254 | 327,681 | 12.9 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1977 (36-203, \$1.05).

International Air Charter Statistics, Third Quarter 1978

- Advance Information

International Air Charter Statistics are now available for the third quarter of 1978.

For further information, contact R: Watson (819-9971986), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 N 9$.

## (s) <br> 



2 Local Government Finance, Preliminary 1977 and Estimates 1978
2 Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, April 1979
2 Electric Power Statistics, February 1979

## Compendium on the Economy Now Ready

The Market Research Handbook, 1979 (Catalogue 63-224, \$9.00 in Canada, $\$ 10.80$ elsewhere) is now available. The 653-page Handbook, with 201 tables, provides the most comprehensive array of Canadian marketing information published in a single volume. Key economic data are supplied on the nation, the provinces and territories, 23 metro areas and 35 other population centres.

Sections include: selected economic indicators; government revenue, expenditure and employment (federal, provincial and local); merchandising and services; population characteristics; personal income and expenditure; housing; motor vehicles; household facilities and equipment; metropolitan area data; census agglomeration data.

For further information, contact David Van Luven (613-995-4198), Analysis and Development Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-228 (70థ) Fiour and Breakfast Cereal Products Industry, 1977
63-224 (Canada \$9.00, Other Countries \$10.80) Market Research Handbook, 1979

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products
(1971=100)

|  | Feb. 1979 | Jan. 1979 | Dec. 1978 | Nov. 1978 | Feb. 1978 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada | 236.2 | 224.7 | 220.2 | 218.6 | 193.2 |
| Prince Edward Island | 253.5 | 240.5 | 249.8 | 254.1 | 197.9 |
| Nova Scotia | 236.9 | 230.8 | 221.3 | 223.6 | 201.8 |
| New Brunswick | 262.1 | 270.3 | 251.3 | 282.8 | 206.5 |
| Quebec | 242.5 | 232.5 | 225.4 | 221.5 | 201.5 |
| Ontario | 230.4 | 220.6 | 215.9 | 214.0 | 186.5 |
| Manitoba | 249.8 | 232.0 | 230.3 | 230.1 | 203.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 228.7 | 217.5 | 215.5 | 212.8 | 193.0 |
| Alberta | 247.5 | 230.6 | 226.2 | 225.1 | 194.2 |
| British Columbia | 213.7 | 208.6 | 200.7 | 199.2 | 182.9 |

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Prodựts, April 1979 - Advance Information
The index of farm prices of agricultural products (1971=100) stood at 236.2 in February, an increase of 5.1\% from the revised January level of 224.7.

The index of farm prices of agricultural products has been rebased to a new time and weight base with 1971 being the new reference year. For further information concerning the rebased index, contact Peter Lys or George Beelen (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Local Government Finance, Preliminary 1977 and Estimates 1978 - Advance Information
Local government revenues rose to an estimated $\$ 20.2$ billion in 1978, up $9.6 \%$ over 1977, while expenditures rose $10.8 \%$ and exceeded $\$ 21.8$ billion.
Pending publication of Local Government Finance, Preliminary 1977 and Estimates 1978 (68-203), copies of the principal revenue and expenditure tables appearing in the publication are available upon request from Mr. G.A. Marr (613-995-9897), Chief, Local Government Section, Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Electric Power Statistics, February 1979 - Advance Information
In February, net generation increased to 31.9 TW.h from 30.3 TW. h in February 1978. Hydro generation was up $3.2 \%$ while thermal production rose $9.3 \%$.
Total generation for 1979 to date at 66.9 TW.h showed an increase of $4.8 \%$ from the JanuaryFebruary 1978 period.

For further information, order the February issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, 30\$/\$3), or contact David Madsen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.


Friday, May 4, 1979

## CONTENTS



3 Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, Maroh 1970 ,
10 Non-residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, March
11 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 21, 1979
10 Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, March 1979
12 Miscellaneous Paper Converters, 1977
10 Seed Potato Prices, New Brunswick, First Quarter 1979
PUBLICATIONS RELEASED
31-001 (55 $/$ / $\$ 5.50$ ) Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, January 1979

36-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Hardboard, March 1979
47-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles, March 1979
51-001 (40§/\$4) Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, November 1978

53-003 (15¢/\$1.50) Urban Transit, January 1979
64-002 (40థ/\$4) Housing Starts and Completions, January 1979
82-211 (\$2.10) Therapeutic Abortions, 1977
Service Bulletins:
13-003 (\$1.40 per year) Science Statistics, Vol. 3, No. 4, Federal Government Activities in the Natural Sciences, 1971-72 to 1979-80

41-018 (\$2.80 per year) Metals, Vol. 6, No. 7, Grinding Balls, 1978
51-004 (\$4.20 per year) Aviation Statistics Centre, Vol. 11, No. 4, Canadian Air Transport Indusiry, Summary Statistics

54-003 (\$1.40 per year) Water Transport, Vol. 9, No. 3, Commodity Movement Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1978

## EXPORTS, IMPORTS AND TRADE BALANCE: ALL COUNTRIES

## Seasonally Adjusted

## Batance of Payments Basis

Billions of Dollars

(1) Note: Monthly trade figures, particularly exports and the trade balance, often fluctuate widely about the trend-cycle. The trend-cycle is a short term tendency derived from the 13-term Henderson moving average used in the $X-11$ seasonal adjustment technique. Changes in the trend-cycle provide a more reliable guide to the direction and rate of change of trade data over the short term. Estimates of the trend-cycle for the two most recent periods often change considerably with the addition of further months of data. The accompanying charts and comments on changes in the trend-cycle therefore exclude the two most recent observations.

## Merchandise Trade of Canada

|  | Customs Basis* Unadjusted |  | Balance of Payments Basis* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Unadjusted |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports (\$ millions) | Exports | Imports | Trade Balance |
| 1977 <br> Fourth Quarter | 11.805 | 10,819 | 12,071 | 10.791 | 11,783 | 10,674 | 1,109 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 11,672 | 10,629 | 11.819 | 10,727 | 12,157 | 10,821 | 1,336 |
| Second Quarter | 13,876 | 13,484 | 13,569 | 13,031 | 12,727 | 12,044 | 683 |
| Third Quarter | 12.478 | 11,622 | 12,388 | 11,502 | 13,122 | 12,431 | 691 |
| Fourth Quarter | 14,615 | 13,949 | 14,614 | 13,662 | 14,384 | 13,626 | 758 |
| 1979 <br> First Quarter | 14,745 | 14,785 | 14,709 | 14,484 | 15,328 | 14,675 | 653 |
| 1978 . 6. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October | 4,801 | 4,791 | 4,867 | 4,658 | 4,601 | 4,352 | 249 |
| November | 5.261 | 4,893 | 5,212 | 4,807 | 4,943 | 4,544 | 399 |
| December | 4,553 | 4,265 | 4,535 | 4,197 | 4,840 | 4,730 | 110 |
| 1979 ( 10.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,967 | 4,780 | 4,921 | 4,688 | 5,119 | 4,767 | 352 |
| February | 4,487 | 4,463 | 4,488 | 4,364 | 4,750 | 4,599 | 151 |
| March | 5,291 | 5,543 | 5,300 | 5,432 | 5,459 | 5,309 | 150 |

"In the above table, export and import totals are shown on both a "customs" and a "balance-of-payments"basis. The figures on a customs basis are the totals of detailed merchandise trade data tabulated from customs documents according to procedures and concepts explained in Summary of External Trade. The figures on a balance-of-payments basis reflect a number of adjustments applied to the customs totals to make them consistent with the concepts and definitions used in the system of national accounts. The adjustments include timing adiustments to exports of crude petroleum, natural gas and wheat and to receipts and payments for capital equipment deduction of transportation charges included in the customs returns and the reduction of import values calculated for customs duty purposes to values which reflect transaction prices. For more information about these adiustments, please refer to Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, \$1.05/\$4.20).

Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, March 1979 On a seasonally adjusted balance-of-payments basis, both exports and imports increased about 15\% or \$710 million in March 1979 - to $\$ 5.46$ billion for exports, and $\$ 5.31$ billion for imports - following decreases of $7.2 \%$ and $3.5 \%$, respectively, in February. The resulting March surplus of $\$ 150$ million was at about the same level as in February. The rate of increase in the trendcycle continued to decline slightly more rapidly for exports than for imports. This resulted in a declining tendency for the balance from a peak surplus of just over $\$ 300$ million in October and November 1978 to $\$ 280$ million in December and $\$ 240$ million in January.

Exports increased less strongly than imports on a quarterly basis also, resulting in a $\$ 105$ million decrease to $\$ 653$ million in the first quarter from the fourth quarter surplus of $\$ 758$ million. The first quarter 1979 surplus was close to the level of the second and third quarter 1978 surpluses and half the exceptionally high surplus of $\$ 1,336$ million for the first quarter of 1978.

## Commodity Analysis

## Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

The increase in domestic exports in March was the result of increases in the three main sections apart from end products. Fabricated material exports increased $13.4 \%$ or $\$ 225$ million to $\$ 1,905$ million. This was mainly due to a $\$ 95$ million recovery to $\$ 290$ million in pulp exports which were up nearly $50 \%$ following a $28 \%$ decline in February and an $\$ 80$ million recovery in lumber exports to $\$ 315$ million which were
up by a third following a 31\% decline in February. Crude material exports increased $18.5 \%$ or $\$ 160$ million to $\$ 1,020$ million. Metallic ore exports were up $\$ 85$ million or $31.5 \%$ to $\$ 350$ million. Crude petroleum exports increased $17 \%$ to $\$ 205$ million following a 20\% increase in February and natural gas exports decreased $11 \%$ to $\$ 195$ million following a $7 \%$ increase in February. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco increased by nearly a third or $\$ 120$ million to $\$ 495$ million following a $17.5 \%$ decline in February. The main contribution to this increase was from wheat exports which more than doubled with an increase of $\$ 100$ million, to $\$ 195$ million. End products declined 1\% to $\$ 1,770$ million in March following a $12 \%$ decline in February. Motor vehicle product exports fell $4.7 \%$ to $\$ 1,060$ million. Passenger car exports declined $15 \%$ or $\$ 60$ million to $\$ 345$ million. Truck and other motor vehicle exports fell $2 \%$ following a $3.5 \%$ increase in February and motor vehicle parts exports increased $3.5 \%$ following a $9 \%$ decrease in February.

Growth rates in the trend-cycle continued to decline in all sections and for most export commodities. The end product trend-cycle increased $0.5 \%$ in January 1979, down from a 3.3\% increase in September 1978. A similar pattern was evident for most end product commodities. The motor vehicle product export trendcycle has fallen from an increase of $3.6 \%$ in September (continued on page 5)

Table 1
Imports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs basis


Table 2
Imports by PrIncipal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 3
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Mar <br> 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Monthly |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Jan. <br> 1979 <br> (\$ mi | Mar. $1978$ <br> ilions) |  |  | Mar. | Feb. | Jan. |
| Live Animals | 5.9 | 6.4 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 97.3 | 131.4 | 112.9 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 306.0 | 268.2 | 316.6 | 235.2 | 283.8 | 240.6 | 30.0 | -5.5 | 31.5 |
| Meat and fish | 52.1 | 43.0 | 55.6 | 34.7 | 50.3 | 39.4 | 50.0 | -14.6 | 41.1 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 119.7 | 98.7 | 110.1 | 83.8 | 88.6 | 70.3 | 42.7 | 11.2 | 56.6 |
| Raw sugar | 5.6 | 21.6 | 12.9 | 0.0 | 20.2 | 20.0 |  | 6.8 | -35.4 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 597.0 | 458.0 | 563.7 | 296.0 | 507.5 | 450.4 | 101.6 | -9.7 | 25.1 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 35.1 | 40.3 | 93.5 | 20.9 | 42.0 | 34.9 | 67.8 | -4.0 | 168.1 |
| Coal | 1.0 | 0.9 | 47.0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 14.7 | 121.6 | 42.2 | 219.0 |
| Crude petroleum | 407.5 | 302.9 | 267.6 | 201.3 | 362.4 | 320.9 | 102.4 | -16.4 | -16.5 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible | 998.4 | 744.5 | 880.5 | 651.5 | 653.7 | 530.1 | 53.2 | 13.8 | 66.0 |
| Wood and paper | 89.0 | 66.2 | 74.9 | 60.6 | 60.9 | 46.4 | 46.8 | 8.6 | 61.5 |
| Textiles | 120.0 | 101.6 | 119.9 | 81.5 | 86.2 | 76.2 | 47.2 | 17.9 | 57.2 |
| Chemicals | 294.2 | 236.5 | 240.6 | 213.8 | 202.5 | 154.6 | 37.5 | 16.7 | 55.6 |
| Iron and steel | 113.8 | 85.6 | 102.7 | 73.9 | 74.6 | 61.9 | 54.0 | 14.7 | 66.0 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 13.6 | 10.0 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 41.1 | 36.7 | 24.5 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 35.9 | 29.9 | 37.4 | 21.7 | 29.1 | 21.7 | 65.3 | 2.6 | 72.2 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 136.7 | 66.9 | 123.9 | 51.6 | 57.6 | 38.0 | 164.6 | 16.2 | 225.9 |
| End Products, Inedible General purpose machinery | $3,461.0$ 327.1 | $2,953.0$ 158.6 | $2,978.7$ 166.0 | $2,321.8$ 134.5 | 2,423.3 | $1,939.8$ 111.1 | 49.0 143.2 | 21.8 | 53.5 49.3 |
| Special industry machinery Machine tools, metalworking | 285.4 28.6 | 225.1 18.7 | 268.5 27.4 | 179.1 12.4 | 204.7 18.7 | 154.0 16.3 | 59.3 130.7 | 9.9 0.2 | 74.3 68.3 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 193.3 | 135.2 | 139.2 | 112.5 | 114.2 | 83.0 | 71.7 | 18.4 | 67.6 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,524.4 | 1,538.5 | 1,358.3 | 1,131.3 | 1,172.9 | 920.7 | 34.7 | 31.1 | 47.5 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 385.0 | 320.2 | 270.3 | 318.1 | 294.0 | 230.4 | 21.0 | 8.9 | 17.2 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 166.7 | 149.5 | 121.1 | 106.2 | 93.3 | 57.3 | 56.9 | 60.2 | 111.2 |
| Other motor vehicles | 47.0 | 36.8 | 34.4 | 26.3 | 30.2 | 24.9 | 78.6 | 21.8 | 38.1 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 95.0 | 107.0 | 95.7 | 58.6 | 62.7 | 44.9 | 62.1 | 70.7 | 113.0 |
| Motor vehicle engine parts | 49.4 | 47.3 | 48.1 | 53.3 | 61.3 | 56.5 | -7.3 | -22.9 | -14.7 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 618.9 | 685.4 | 638.4 | 447.7 | 516.0 | 425.5 | 38.2 | 32.8 | 50.0 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 23.8 | 69.0 | 11.1 | 21.1 | 11.6 | 2.4 | 12.9 | 497.4 | 371.1 |
| Other equipment and tools | 630.5 | 501.4 | 588.3 | 423.3 | 432.2 | 364.6 | 48.9 | 16.0 | 61.3 |
| Electronic computers | 97.9 | 87.3 | 91.6 | 58.6 | 60.1 | 52.9 | 67.1 | 45.1 . | 73.2 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 174.4 | 32.5 | 35.6 | 30.4 | 29.9 | 26.4 | 474.2 | 8.6 | 34.9 |
| Total | 5,542.7 | 4,462.6 | 4,780.0 | 3,537.9 | 3,901.0 | 3,189.7 | 56.6 | 14.3 | 49.8 |

1978 to a decrease of $0.5 \%$ in January. Passenger car exports increased $1.2 \%$ in September 1978 and have since fallen at an increasing rate with the decline in January being 4\%. Truck exports increased $8.6 \%$ in October, diminishing to a 1.3\% increase in January and motor vehicle parts increased $3.6 \%$ in October, diminishing to a $1.4 \%$ increase in January.

Fabricated materials increases peaked in October 1978 with an increase of nearly $4 \%$, diminishing to a 1.4\% increase in January. A significant trend-cycle movement in this area is that of lumber which has grown at a steadily diminishing rate for the last few months up to December 1978 and which declined 1.2\% in January. A notable exception to the trend-cycle pattern for crude materials was crude petroleum which increased steadily during the last few months, finishing with a 9.3\% increase in January 1979. The trendcycle for food, feed, beverages and tobacco peaked in October 1978 and has since declined, wheat and other cereals being the main contributors to this pattern.

Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis
Crude materials were up $25 \%$ or $\$ 135$ million to $\$ 690$ million following a 19\% increase in February. A substantial contributor was crude petroleum which increased $22.5 \%$ to $\$ 390$ million following a $60 \%$ increase in February. Fabricated materials increased $20 \%$ or $\$ 165$ million to $\$ 990$ million following a $6.5 \%$ decline in February. Most commodities in this section showed substantial increases following declines in February. End products more than recovered from a $5.3 \%$ decline in February with an $8.3 \%$ increase of $\$ 250$ million in March to $\$ 3,250$ million. The most outstanding increase for end products was a more than $50 \%$ increase of $\$ 200$ million in industrial machinery imports to $\$ 580$ million. Total automotive imports declined $3.3 \%$ to $\$ 1,335$ million following a $3.3 \%$ increase in February. Passenger cars and trucks were (continued)

Table 3 (Continued)
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Mar. <br> 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Date |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ | Mar.-Mar. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Mar. 1978 (\$ millio | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { ns) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ |  | 79/78 | 7877 |
| Live Animals | 17.3 | 11.4 | 8.1 | 5.1 | 9.7 | 6.4 | 113.5 | -16.8 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 890.7 | 584.7 | 759.6 | 524.4 | 731.9 | 451.8 | 17.2 | 3.7 |
| Meat and fish | 150.7 | 98.6 | 124.5 | 89.8 | 119.3 | 78.7 | 21.0 | 4.3 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 328.4 | 208.7 | 242.7 | 158.9 | 223.3 | 136.6 | 35.3 | 8.7 |
| Raw sugar | 40.1 | 34.6 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 35.4 | -0.3 | 0.0 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 1,618.7 | 1,021.6 | 1,254.0 | 957.9 | 1,163.9 | 777.6 | 29.0 | 7.7 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 168.9 | 133.8 | 97.7 | 76.9 | 71.8 | 56.6 | 72.7 | 36.0 |
| Coal | 48.9 | 47.9 | 15.8 | 15.4 | 32.9 | 30.5 | 209.2 | -51.8 |
| Crude petroleum | 978.0 | 570.5 | 884.5 | 683.3 | 802.2 | 515.7 | 10.5 | 10.2 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible | 2,623.4 | 1,625.0 | 1,835.3 | 1,183.8 | 1,618.1 | 973.4 | 42.9 | 13.4 |
| Wood and paper | 230.2 | 141.1 | 167.9 | 107.3 | 170.7 | 103.2 | 37.0 | -1.6 |
| Textiles | 341.5 | 221.5 | 243.9 | 162.4 | 215.6 | 135.7 | 40.0 | 13.1 |
| Chemicals | 771.4 | 477.2 | 571.0 | 357.2 | 484.2 | 281.9 | 35.0 | 17.9 |
| Iron and steel | 302.1 | 188.3 | 210.3 | 136.4 | 180.4 | 112.3 | 43.6 | 16.5 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 33.0 | 19.4 | 24.5 | 14.9 | 24.1 | 15.1 | 34.6 | 1.6 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 103.2 | 67.3 | 72.5 | 50.8 | 58.3 | 39.0 | 42.2 | 24.2 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 327.5 | 190.9 | 147.3 | 95.6 | 107.4 | 64.8 | 122.4 | 37.0 |
| End Products, Inedible | 9,392.7 | 5,931.8 | 6,684.9 | 4,363.1 | 6,346.2 | 3,939.9 | 40.5 | 5.3 |
| General purpose machinery | 651.6 | 324.5 | 378.8 | 244.3 | 341.2 | 210.4 | 72.0 | 11.0 |
| Special industry machinery | 779.0 | 493.6 | 537.8 | 358.7 | 516.9 | 336.7 | 44.8 | 4.0 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 74.8 | 46.2 | 47.4 | 35.0 | 38.2 | 22.5 | 57.7 | 23.9 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 467.7 | 274.4 | 309.7 | 197.2 | 368.9 | 230.7 | 50.9 | -16.0 |
| Transportation equipment | 4,421.2 | 2,896.8 | 3,225.0 | 2,093.7 | 3,004.7 | 1,856.0 | 37.0 | 7.3 |
| Passienger automobiles and chassis | 975.5 | 590.5 | 842.5 | 524.4 | 775.7 | 446.3 | 15.7 | 8.6 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 437.3 | 270.6 | 256.8 | 150.6 | 246.8 | 157.2 | 70.2 | 4.0 |
| Other motor vehicles | 118.2 | 71.2 | 81.4 | 55.1 | 87.3 | 48.9 | 45.1 | -6.7 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 297.7 | 202.7 | 166.2 | 107.6 | 128.0 | 78.3 | 79.1 | 29.8 |
| Motor vehicle engines parts | 144.8 | 95.4 | 171.1 | 117.8 | 164.7 | 105.2 | -15.3 | 3.8 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 1,942.7 | 1,323.8 | 1,389.3 | 941.6 | 1,312.9 | 838.8 | 39.8 | 5.8 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 103.9 | 80.1 | 35.0 | 13.9 | 21.9 | 13.5 | 197.1 | 59.3 |
| Other equipment and tools | 1,720.2 | 1,089.7 | 1,220.1 | 796.8 | 1,124.9 | 692.7 | 40.9 | 8.4 |
| Electronic computers | 276.8 | 178.9 | 171.6 | 113.0 | 140.3 | 88.5 | 61.3 | 22.3 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 242.5 | 68.1 | 86.7 | 56.3 | 101.8 | 67.6 | 179.7 | -14.8 |
| Total | 14,785.3 | 9,242.6 | 10,628.6 | 7,090.6 | 9,971.7 | 6,216.6 | 39.1 | 6.5 |

up about $10 \%$ in March following small changes in February and automotive parts were down 12\% following a 5\% increase in February. In March most other end products more than recovered from February declines. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco compensated for a 6\% decline in February with a 10\% increase in March. Fruits and vegetables increased just over 25\% following a 14\% decline in February.
The trend-cycle rates of growth for most major sections and commodities, while still increasing, are doing so at slower rates than at the peak rate achieved in October or November last year. Industrial machinery is one of the few areas to show an increasing rate of growth from a $2.6 \%$ increase in September 1978 to a 4.4\% increase in January 1979. Automotive product imports have been increasing at a nearly $4 \%$ rate per month over the three months up to January 1979. Passenger cars, which were decreasing between September and November last year, increased $1.7 \%$ in December and 3.3\% in January 1979. Trucks and other
motor vehicles are still increasing strongly with a 4.6\% increase in January, but down from a peak 11\% increase in October. The motor vehicle parts imports trend-cycle continues to grow with increases of $4.3 \%$ in November 1978, 4.2\% in December, and 3.7\% in January. Non-ferrous metals imports are still increasing strongly with a $6 \%$ increase in its trend-cycle for January 1979, down from a 17\% increase in September 1978.

## Trading Partner Analysis

Total Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis Exports to the United States recovered the 6\% February decline with a $6 \%$ increase in March of $\$ 205$ million to $\$ 3,610$ million. Exports to all other major principal trading areas increased $18 \%$ or more following declines in Fẹbruary, apart from "Other America" which was down 7\% in March. Exports to (continued on page 8)

Table 4
Total Exports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | Total excluding cars and wheat | U.S.A. (\$ millions) | U.K. | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other <br> E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 11,516.7 | 8,690.4 | 8,219.9 | 8,173.5 | 476.2 | 2,867.0 | 673.4 | 615.0 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 12,338.5 | 9,562.0 | 9,160.4 | 8,666.6 | 512.1 | 3,159.8 | 711.1 | 683.3 |
| Second Quarter | 12.728.4 | 9,793.1 | 9,329.8 | 9,001.8 | 530.9 | 3,195.7 | 697.2 | 743.2 |
| Third Quarter | 13,200.2 | 10,134.0 | 9,615.7 | 9,311.8 | 478.7 | 3.409 .7 | 674.1 | 806.5 |
| Fourth Quarter | 14,374.2 | 10,871.4 | 10,343.9 | 10,019.0 | 483.3 | 3,872.0 | 826.2 | 828.5 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 15,365.1 | 11,944.8 | 11,492.8 | 10,619.7 | 525.4 | 4,219.9 | 990.9 | 964.2 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October | 4,532.2 | 3,369.5 | 3,157.3 | 3,111.3 | 144.7 | 1,276.2 | 260.9 | 208.0 |
| November | 4,988.5 | 3,847.3 | 3,630.0 | 3,409.0 | 198.7 | 1,380.8 | 294.8 | 346.1 |
| December | 4,853.5 | 3,654.6 | 3,556.5 | 3,498.7 | 139.8 | 1,215.0 | 270.5 | 274.4 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 5,165.2 | 3,980.3 | 3,826.3 | 3,610.0 | 212.0 | 1,343:2 | 317.8 | 284.6 |
| February | 4,749.2 | 3,665.0 | 3,545.4 | $3,402.0$ | 137.8 | 1,209.4 | 309.2 | 274.0 |
| March | 5,450.7 | 4,299.5 | 4,121.1 | 3,607.8 | 175.6 | 1,667.3 | 363.9 | 405.5 |
|  |  |  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |
| March/February <br> Current 3 months/ <br> Previous 3 months | 14.7 | 17.3 | 16.2 | 6.0 | 27.3 | 37.8 | 17.7 | 47.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47.9 |
| Mar. 79/Mar. 78 | 6.8 | 9.8 | 11.1 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 8.9 | 19.9. | 16.3 |
|  | 26.7 | 28.9 | 28.5 | 23.3 | -6.5 | 40.4 | 37.1 | 81.9 |

Table 5
Total Exports by Principal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. <br> 1979 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 \\ \text { (\$ m } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { ions) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { b. } & \text { Jan. } \\ 78 & 1978 \end{array}$ | Mar. | Feb. | Jan. |
| United States | 3,767.2 | 3,286.7 | 3,437.0 | 2,974.8 |  | 2,883.7 | $7 \quad 2,534.6$ | 26.6 | 13.9 | 35.6 |
| United Kingdom | 183.5 | 128.9 | 192.8 | 177.9 |  | 170.8 | 3126.1 | 3.1 | -24.5 | 52.9 |
| Other E.E.C. | 316.6 | 281.8 | 323.1 | 210.6 |  | 236.3 | 3185.7 | 50.3 | 19.2 | 73.9 |
| Japan | 351.8 | 244.5 | 332.3 | 198.1 |  | 243.6 | 6213.5 | 77.5 | 0.3 | 55.6 |
| Other O.E.C.D. | 142.8 | 109.8 | 156.5 | 84.5 |  | 102.5 | 582.6 | 68.9 | 7.1 | 89.4 |
| Other America | 171.1 | 170.8 | 185.5 | 201.0 |  | 199.7 | $7 \quad 156.3$ | -14.8 | -14.4 | 18.6 |
| Other Countries | 357.9 | 264.6 | 340.2 | 221.8 | 8 | 259.7 | $7 \quad 208.7$ | 61.3 | 1.8 | 63.0 |
| All Countries | 5,291.0 | 4,487.1 | 4,967.3 | 4,068.8 |  | 4,096.3 | 3 3,507.3 | 30.0 | 9.5 | 41.6 |
|  | Year-to-Date |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mar.-Mar. Percent Changes |  |
|  | Mar. $1979$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Feb <br> 1978 |  | Mar. 1977 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1977 \end{aligned}$ | 79/78 | 78/77 |
| United States | 10,491.0 | 6,723.7 | 8,39 |  | 5,418.3 |  | 7,216.8 | 4,450.8 | 24.9 | 16.3 |
| United Kingdom | 505.2 | 321.6 |  |  | 296.8 |  | 465.9 | 296.8 | 6.4 | 1.8 |
| Other E.E.C. | 921.4 | 604.9 |  |  | 422.0 |  | 659.9 | 452.1 | 45.6 | -4.1 |
| Japan | 928.6 | 576.8 |  |  | 457.1 |  | 611.3 | 380.1 | 41.7 | 7.1 |
| Other O.E.C.D. | 409.1 | 266.3 | 2 |  | 185.1 |  | 327.8 | 188.5 | 51.7 | -17.7 |
| Other America | 527.4 | 356.3 |  |  | 356.0 |  | . 398.4 | 242.8 | -5.3 | 39.7 |
| Other Countries | 962.7 | 604.7 |  |  | 468.3 |  | 666.4 | 429.7 | 39.4 | 3.5 |
| All Countries | 14,745.4 | 9,454.4 | 11,67 |  | 7,603.6 |  | 10,346.6 | 6,440.8 | 26.3 | 12.8 |

Table 6
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  |  | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \\ & \text { (\$ mil } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { llions) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jar. } \\ 197: 3 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. | Feb. | Jan. |
| Live Animals |  | 15.2 | 14.4 | 20.1 | 16.2 | 17.7 | 9.5 | -6.7 | -18.9 | 110.5 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco |  | 374.6 | 300.3 | 417.6 | 291.1 | 341.1 | 281.2 | 28.7 | -11.9 | 48.4 |
| Meat and fish |  | $121.9$ | 94.9 | 114.7 | 81.0 | 79.9 | 75.3 | 50.4 | 18.6 | 52.2 |
| Cereals and preparations |  | 154.6 | 110.0 | 181.3 | 136.4 | 162.3 | 140.5 | 13.2 | -32.1 | 29.0 |
| Wheat |  | 110.1 | 73.4 | 140.6 | 88.3 | 93.1 | 94.1 | 24.7 | -21.2 | 49.4 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible |  | 973.1 | 795.6 | 890.3 | 659.2 | 745.5 | 730.1 | 47.6 | 6.7 | 21.9 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap |  | 270.0 | 176.9 | 226.0 | 162.3 | 194.8 | 159.9 | 66.4 | -9.1 | 41.3 |
| Crude petroleum |  | 186.3 | 161.0 | 173.0 | 131.1 | 137.0 | 163.5 | 42.1 | 17.5 | 5.7 |
| Natural gas . |  | 212.5 | 243.1 | 227.1 | 184.0 | 205.9 | 212.9 | 15.5 | 18.0 | 6.6 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible |  | 1,959.1 | 1,624.1 | 1,812.2 | 1,494.1 | 1,515.5 | 1,276.5 | 31.1 | 7.1 | 41.9 |
| Wood and paper |  | 1,002.1 | 754.8 | 933.1 | 724.8 | 701.9 | 630.9 | 38.2 | 7.5 | 47.8 |
| Lumber, softwood |  | 319.5 | 221.1 | 316.7 | 222.4 | 234.0 | 205.2 | 43.6 | -5.5 | 54.3 |
| Wood pulp and similar.pulp |  | 287.4 | 200.4 | 262.3 | 165.7 | 173.5 | 147.3 | 73.3 | 15.5 | 78.0 |
| Newsprint paper |  | 268.4 | 230.5 | 240.1 | 241.7 | 206.9 | 202.0 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 18.8 |
| Textiles |  | 14.8 | 13.2 | 14.3 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 8.4 | 25.6 | 5.2 | 71.4 |
| Chemicals |  | 248.4 | 209.7 | 223.1 | 188.4 | 173.6 | 117.9 | 31.8 | 20.8 | 89.3 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials |  | 81.2 | 59.1 | 69.6 | 69.9 | 74.6 | 44.8 | 16.2 | -20.7 | 55.4 |
| Petroleum and coal products |  | 87.9 | 107.3 | 109.7 | 58.7 | 80.7 | 76.4 | 49.7 | 32.9 | 43.7 |
| Iron and steel |  | 125.5 | 117.6 | 133.3 | 110.3 | 108.7 | 87.2 | 13.7 | 8.2 | 52.8 |
| Non-ferrous metals |  | 322.4 | 273.6 | 228.2 | 268.3 | 309.5 | 237.7 | 20.1 | -11.6 | -4.0 |
| Copper and alloys |  | 43.3 | 28.0 | 21.6 | 42.6 | 69.7 | 40.1 | 1.7 | -59.8 | -46.0 |
| Nickel and alloys |  | 37.6 | 48.0 | 20.1 | 58.7 | 76.1 | 71.0 | $-36.0$ | -37.0 | -71.7 |
| End Products, Inedible |  | 1,837.4 | 1,655.0 | 1,700.9 | 1,538.2 | 1,390.8 | 1,151.6 | 19.4 | 18.9 | 47.7 |
| Industrial machinery |  | 159.0 | 127.2 | 146.7 | 147.6 | 116.9 | 89.4 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 64.1 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors |  | 79.9 | 53.5 | 45.3 | 45.7 | 53.8 | 25.2 | 74.9 | -0.5 | 79.9 |
| Transportation equipment |  | 1,298.5 | 1,209.5 | 1,218.4 | 1,132.6 | 993.9 | 879.9 | 14.6 | 21.6 | 38.4 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis |  | 389.7 | 387.5 | 388.2 | 410.8 | 358.6 | 331.8 | -5.1 | 8.0 | 16.9 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis |  | 308.6 | 281.8 | 254.1 | 240.8 | 227.7 | 182.1 | 28.1 | 23.7 | 39.5 |
| Other motor vehicles |  | 20.7 | 19.0 | 30.0 | 17.9 | 12.8 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 48.8 | 89.4 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts |  | 77.6 | 82.9 | 90.8 | 89.9 | 78.3 | 85.4 | -13.6 | 5.7 | 6.2 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines |  | 352.2 | 305.9 | 331.9 | 239.9 | 241.0 | 213.4 | 46.7 | 26.9 | 55.5 |
| Other equipment and tools |  | 142.5 | 124.0 | 136.0 | 90.4 | 96.2 | 68.9 | 57.6 | 28.9 | 97.5 |
| Special transactions, Trade |  | 19.6 | 10.6 | 18.4 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 175.6 | 63.5 | 163.5 |
| Total |  | 5,178.9 | 4,399.9 | 4,859.6 | 4,006.0 | 4,017.0 | 3,455.9 | 29.2 | 9.5 | 40.6 |

Japan increased almost $50 \%$ or $\$ 130$ million to $\$ 405$ million, to "Other OECD countries" by $36 \%$ to $\$ 145$ million, to the United Kingdomi by $27 \%$ to $\$ 175$ million, and to "Other EEC countries" by $18 \%$ to $\$ 365$ million.

The trend-cycle in exports to the U.S. continued to increase but at a slower rate, down from a 3.3\% increase in October 1978 to a 1.9\% increase in January. Exports to Japan continued a strong growth tendency, averaging a $3.5 \%$ increase per month over the period September 1978 to January 1979. Growth in the export trend-cycle continued at fairly high levels for all other principal trading areas apart from the U.K. and "Other America". Exports to "Other EEC countries" continued to increase strongly but were down from a peak monthly increase of $7 \%$ in October to a $5.5 \%$ increase in January 1979. Similarly, exports to "Other OECD countries" increased 5\% in January 1979, down from a peak increase of 9\% in October 1978.

Total Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis Imports from the U.S. more than recovered the 5.5\% February decline with a $9 \%$ increase of $\$ 315$ million to $\$ 3,820$ million in March 1979. Imports from Japan more than doubled with a $\$ 200$ million increase to $\$ 350$ million, following an 18\% decline in February. Imports from the U.K. also more than doubled, increasing $\$ 90$ million to $\$ 175$ million. Imports from "Other EEC countries" increased $16 \%$ to $\$ 330$ million following a $10 \%$ - decrease in February, and imports from "Other America" fell $11 \%$ to $\$ 275$ million after a nearly $100 \%$ increase in February.

The trend-cycle for imports from the U.S. is still growing strongly but at a slightly declining rate, with a $4.2 \%$ increase in November 1978 diminishing to a 3.7\% increase in January. (This is a higher rate of growth (continued)

Table 6 (Continued)
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

than for exports to the U.S. over this period.) The trend-cycle for imports from Japan, after declining marginally over the period September to November 1978, increased 1.1\% in December, and 5.2\% in January. The underlying movement in imports from the U.K. continued to decline in January from a peak reached in Novem ber 1978. Imports from "Other EEC countries" continued to slow from a peak increase of $7 \%$ in October 1978 to $3 \%$ in January.

For further information on area and commodity trade, order the March issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001، 40\$/\$4).

Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes
March 1979 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | Mar. 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1978 | \% Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Mar. 79/ Feb. 79 | Mar. 79, Mar. 78 |
| Total Index | 204.9 | 203.5 | 187.1 | 0.7 | 9.5 |
| Materials | 196.2 | 193.4 | 174.4 | 1.4 | 12.5 |
| Steel and Metal Work | 211.9 | 210.9 | 177.8 | 0.5 | 19.2 |
| Plumbing, Heating and Air Conditioning | 178.1 | 176.8 | 159.7 | 0.7 | 11.5 |
| Electrical Equipment | 184.9 | 179.2 | 164.5 | 3.2 | 12.4 |
| Concrete Products | 213.7 | 209.1 | 203.9 | 2.2 | 4.8 |
| Lumber and Lumber Products | 258.3 | 248.3 | 217.2 | 4.0 | 18.9 |
| Other | 183.2 | 181.8 | 168.2 | 0.8 | 8.9 |
| Labour | 214.6 | 214.6 | 201.1 | - | 6.7 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact Mrs. G. John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada Ottawa K1A OV5.
Union Wage Rate Indexes including selected pay supplements are now available for March 1979.

## Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, March 1979 - Advance Information

Previously noted decreases in the number of Canadian residents returning from the United States and other countries continued in March 1979 and resulted in a lower first quarter figure than in 1978. Visitors from the U.S. also declined in a year-over-year comparison, while visitors from all other countries continued to increase. (Year-over-year comparisons for March and the first quarter were affected by the Easter date change from March in 1978 to April in 1979, which in part explained the lower volume of traffic this year.)
Preliminary statistics for March showed that 1.7 million U.S. residents entered Canada, down 2.2\% from March 1978. Canadian residents returning from the U.S. numbered 2.8 million, a decrease of $9.3 \%$ from last year. Visitors entering Canada from countries other than the U.S. totalled 61,000 , up $4.8 \%$, while Canadian residents returning from these countries decreased by $2.5 \%$ to 202,000 .
On a year-to-date basis, 4.1 million U.S. visitors entered Canada, down fractionally from the 1978 first quarter, while Canadian residents returning from the U.S. numbered 6.9 million, lower by $8.3 \%$. Visitors from other countries increased in the first quarter by $7.7 \%$ to 146,000, while the number of Canadian residents returning from these countries fell by $1.5 \%$ to 536,000 .
Longer-term travellers from the U.S. (including overnight or longer bus and auto traffic and all plane, boat and train entries) were down $5.5 \%$ in the first quarter to 1.0 million. Canadians returning from the U.S. decreased by $8.3 \%$ to 2.3 million, while Canadian residents returning from all other countries numbered 536,000 , down by $1.5 \%$. Visitors from these other countries (excluding same day entries) roseby $6.5 \%$ in the first quarter of 1979 to 131,000 .
For further information, order the March issue of International Travel - Advance Information (66-002, $15 \Phi / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Mike Valiquette (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Seed Potato Prices - New Brunswick

|  | Price per <br> hundredweight |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Variety | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |
| Elite 2 and 3 | $\$ 4.53$ | $\$ 4.20$ | $\$ 4.60$ |
| Foundation | $\$ 3.34$ | $\$ 3.17$ | $\$ 3.50$ |
| Certified. | $\$ 2.91$ | $\$ 2.61$ | $\$ 3.20$ |

Seed Potato Prlces, New Brunswlck, First Quarter 1979 - Advance Information
The average prices paid to New Brunswick seed potato growers during the first quarter of 1979 are presented in the accompanying table.

For further information, contact K.C. Wardley (613-995-1226), Horticultural Crops Unit, Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.


Railway Carloadings
7-day Period Ended April 21, 1979
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrr}\hline & & & \\ \hline & \begin{array}{l}\text { Eastern } \\ \text { Division }\end{array} & \text { Western } \\ \text { Division }\end{array}\right]$

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 21, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Railway freight loaded in the above-noted week totalled 4.5 million $t$ ( 4.9 million short tons), an increase of $18.6 \%$ over the corresponding 1978 period. Traffic originating in the East showed a gain of 47.1\% (due mainly to strikes affecting iron ore movements in 1978), while loadings in the West declined by $4.2 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) loadings (included above) were down $6.8 \%$ with lower traffic recorded in both the East and West.

In the January 1 to April 21, 1979 period, rail carload freight was up $3.9 \%$ from the 1978 level to 64.0 million $t$ ( 70.5 million short tons). During the same cumulative
period, cars loaded numbered 1,095,941, a gain of 1.0\% and container-trailer (piggyback) shipments declined 0.7\%.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Selected Principal Statistics for Miscellaneous Paper Converters

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information


For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Paper Converters, 1977 (36-206, 70¢).

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).
'Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Viking Building
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St. John's, Nfld.
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1256 Barrington St.
Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6
(902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montreal, Que.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave. Winnipeg, Man.
R3C OK4
(204-949-4020)

530 Midtown Centre Regina, Sask.
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(306-569-5405)
10025 106th St.
Edmonton, Alta.
T5J 1G9
(403-425-5052)
1145 Robson St. Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 1B8
(604-666-3695)


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

31-209 (\$6) Manufacturing Industries of Canada: Sub-provincial Areas, 1975
32-003 (30¢/\$3) Grain Milling Statistics, February 1979
32-009 (30¢/\$3) Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, April 1979
32-011 (30¢/\$3) Canned and Frozen Frults and Vegetables, February 1979
32-012 (30¢/\$3) Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, April 1979
44-004 (15¢/\$1.50) Mineral Wool, March 1979
46-211 (70¢) Manufacturers of Plastics and Synthetic Resins, 1977
62-007 (40¢/\$4) Construction Price Statistics, March 1979
63-005 (55¢/\$5.50) Retail Trade, February 1979
63-007 (30¢/\$3) New Motor Vehicle Sales, February 1979
Service Bulletin:
56-001 (\$1.40 per year) Communications - Telecommunication Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1978

Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing
(1971=100)

|  |  |  | Index |  | Percen | Change |  | cent bution Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Relative Importance(1) | Mar.* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb.* } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1978 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. }{ }^{\prime 79 /} \\ \text { Feb. } 79 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. '79/ } \\ \text { Mar. } 78 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. '79/ <br> Feb. '79 | Mar. '79/ <br> Mar. '78 |
| Industry Seiling Price index: <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SIC Major Groups: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Food and Beverage Industries | $\bigcirc 19.9{ }^{-}$ | 227.3 | 225.3 | 197.3 | 0.9 | 15.2 | 29.1 | 24.8 |
| 2. Tobacco Products Industriest | "1.1" | -159.5 | 156.8 | 146.8 | 1.7 | 8.7 | 2.2 | 0.6 |
| 3. Rubber and Plastics Products. Industries | $\therefore$ $\therefore$ | 165.4 | 164.6 | 153.8 | 0.5 | 7.5 | 1.4 | 1.2 |
| 4. Leather Industries | 0.9 | 235.6 | 221.4 | 183.3 | 6.4 | 28.6 | 9.2 | 1.9 |
| 5. Textile Industries | 3.5 | 171.4 | 170.0 | 155.8 | 0.8 | 10.0 | 3.4 | 2.3 |
| 6. Knitting Mills ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$, | $\therefore 0.9$ | 149.6 | 148.1 | 136.4 | 1.0 | 9.6 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| 8. Wood Industries | $\therefore \quad: \quad 4.7$ | 258.1 | 254.7 | 216.8 | 1.3 | 19.0 | 11.7 | 8.2 |
| 9. Furniture and Fixture |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Paper and Allied Industries | - 8.2 | 228.3 | 228.5 | 195.6 | -0.1 | 16.7 | -1.0 | 11.2 |
| 12. Primary Metal İndustries | $\div 8.4$ | 239.0 | 236.0 | 198.9 | 1.3 | 20.2 | 18.3 | 14.0 |
| 13. Metal Fabricating Industries | 7.5 | 203.9 | 203.0 | 180.7 | 0.4 | 12.8 | 5.0 | 7.3 |
| 14. Machinery Indưstries | 4.4 | 176.6 | 176.4 | 165.2 | 0.2 | 6.9 | 0.9 | 2.1 |
| 16. Electrical Products Industries. | 6.8 | 164.9 | 163.7 | 154.9 | 0.7 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 2.8 |
| 17. Non-Metallic Mineral , . . . . . . . . $:=$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Chemical and Chemical Products Industries | es 6.6 | 202.3 | 200.7 | 184.7 | 0.8 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 4.8 |
| Other Major Groups(2) | 19.8 | 200.0 | 199.9 | 181.6 | 0.1 | 10.1 | 1.7 | 15.1 |

*These indexes are preliminary.
(1) Group weights are based on 1971 value of shipments (Census of Manufactures, 1971).
(2) Included are the following major groups: 7. Clothing Industries, i5. Transportation Equipment Industries, 18. Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 20. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

## Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing

 (1971=100), March 1979 - Advance InformationThe Industry Selling Price Index for manufacturing rose 0.6\% in March to 208.3 from 207.0 (revised) in February. The index was 13.0\% above its March 1978 level of 184.4. The major groups having the most impact on the total index in March were food and beverage industries ( $+0.9 \%$ ), primary metal industries ( $+1.3 \%$ ), wood industries ( $+1.3 \%$ ), leather industries ( $+6.4 \%$ ) arid chemical and chemical pioducts industries ( $+0.8 \%$ ).

In the food and beverage group, prices of slaughtering and meat processors, although rising less rapidly 'than in the previous two months, were up 1.9\% due in part to increases of 1.7\% for fresh and frozen beef, 7.0\% for tallow and $6.1 \%$ for smoked hams, cooked and ready-to-serve; fresh and frozen pork decreased 0.9\%. Other notable increases were reported by the brewery industry ( $3.7 \%$ ), cane and beet sugar processors ( $2.6 \%$ ), the fish products industry ( $0.8 \%$ ), the dairy products industry (0.3\%) and poultry processors (1.1\%).

The primary metal group index rose largely on account of increases in smelting and refining (1.2\%) and iron and steel mills ( $0.7 \%$ ), which reflected price increases of 4.4\% for carbon and alloy plate and 1.8\% for hot rolled bars (all types except stainless and concrete reinforcing), $4.6 \%$ for aluminum rolling, casting and extruding and $4.4 \%$ for metal rolling, casting and extruding, n.e.s.

In the wood group prices rose $1.0 \%$ in sawmills and planing mills: hemlock rose by $5.9 \%$ and Douglas fir by $2.1 \%$ while planed spruce decreased by $1.7 \%$. Veneer and plywood mills moved up 2.5\% as Douglas fir plywood rose by $3.2 \%$ and spruce and pine plywood by $3.6 \%$. An increase of $14.8 \%$ for western red cedar shingles (not further processed) moved the shingle mills index up by $8.2 \%$.

An increase of $16.9 \%$ in leather tanneries and $3.5 \%$ in shoe factories reflected a rapid rise in raw hide prices.

The rise in the chemical group index was mainly due to increases for manufacturers of industrial chemicals - organic ( $0.9 \%$ ), manufacturers of mixed fertilizers (4.9\%), manufacturers of plastics and synthetic resins ( $1.5 \%$ ), manufacturers of industrial chemicals inorganic ( $0.7 \%$ ) and paint and varnish manufacturers (1.1\%).

The major groups which had the most impact on the movement of the total Industry Selling Pirice Index over the 12-month period from March 1978 to March 1979 were food and beverage industries ( $+15.2 \%$ ), primary metal industries $(+20.2 \%)$, paper and allied industries ( $+16.7 \%$ ), wood industries ( $+19.0 \%$ ) and metal fabricating industries ( $+12.8 \%$ ).

For further information, order the March issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, 15థ/\$5.50), or contact the Information Unit, Industrial Prices (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.


Tuesday, May 8, 1979


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2 New Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1979
2 . Farm Cash Receipts, January-March 1979
2. Feed Industry, 1977
3. Printing and PublishIng, 1977


3 Steel. Ingots, Week Ended May 5, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-010 (30¢/\$3) Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, April 1; 1979
32-013 (15\$/\$1.50) The Sugar Situation, March 1979
41-226 (70¢) Iron Foundries, 1977
41-228 (70\$) Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries, 1977
42-210 (70థ) Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories Manufacturers, 1977
56-003 (30\$/\$3) Radio Broadcasting, January 1979
57-001 (30 / / \$3) Electric Power Statistics, February 1979
62-011 (55\$/\$5.50) Industry Price Indexes, February 1979
72-004 (\$1.05/\$4.20) Federal Government Employment, October-December 1978
New Publication:
-87-502 (\$1:05) Culture Statistics, Travel to Work, 1973-1977

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Feed Industry

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1060 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 608 | 553 | -9.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,389 | 5,339 | -0.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 11,610 | 11,308 | -2.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 59,014 | 62,945 | 6.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 14,586 | 17,246 | 18.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 1,037,624 | 1,089,169 | 5.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount <br>  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 242,880 | 263,960 | 8.7 |
| Total Activity: . .. . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 8,820 | 8,915 | 1.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000. | 100,215 | 109,531 | 9.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 275,756 | 295,886 | 7.3 |

For further information, contact T. P. Sterling (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Feed Industry, 1977 (32-214, 709).

New: Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1979 - Advance Information
New motor vehicles sold in March totalled 136,677 units, up $12.7 \%$ from a year earlier. This included 87,957 passenger cars (up 22.9\%) and 37,014 commercial vehicles (up 16.9\%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 10,871 passenger cars (down 35.4\%) and 835 commercia! vehicles (down 30.7\%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased $32.1 \%$ to $\$ 1,097.5$ million. Canadian and U.S. passenger cars sold for $\$ 643.2$ million (up 39.2\%) and commercial vehicles for $\$ 370.5$ million (up 38.3\%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas decreased $17.1 \%$ to $\$ 78.0$ million and those of commercial vehicles decreased $11.8 \%$ to $\$ 5.8$ million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 279 units of coaches and buses valued at $\$ 6.1$ million.

Seasonally-adjusted March sales of passenger cars manufactured in Canada and the U.S. increased 10.3\% from February to 81,933 units and those of passenger cars from overseas decreased $1.5 \%$ to 10,492 units. Similarly-adjusted sales of all commercial vehicles were up $4.6 \%$ to 34,473 units.

For the first three months of 1979, total sales reached 324,202 units ( 302,034 in 1978), with an accumulated value of $\$ 2,569.4$ million. This represented an increase of $24.3 \%$ in value over sales for January-March 1978.

For further information, order the March issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, 30¢/\$3), or contact M. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

Farm Cash Recelpts, January-March 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January to March period of. 1979 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled $\$ 3,396.0$ million compared to the $\$ 2,992.6$ million realized during the same period of 1978. These estimates include: cash receipts from the sale of farm products; Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops; cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada; and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction is made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January-March issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21-001, 309/\$3), or contact Peter Lys (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

## Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations

January-March
(millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 25.0 | 34.2 |
| Nova Scotia | 31.6 | 37.6 |  |
| New Brunswick | 25.2 | 33.3 |  |
| Quebec | 329.3 | 414.9 |  |
| Ontario | 771.5 | 932.9 |  |
| Manitoba | 247.6 | 279.9 |  |
| Saskatchewan | 772.6 | 786.3 |  |
| Alberta | 672.5 | 757.9 |  |
| British Columbia | 117.3 | 119.0 |  |
| Canada | $2,992.6$ | $3,396.0$ |  |

Selected Princlpal Statistics for Printing and Publlshing
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2890 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 574 | 557 | $-3.0$ |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 17,190 | 16,200 | -5.8 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 34,007 | 31,898 | -6.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 218,812 | 225,551 | 3.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 7,724 | 8,857 | 14.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 299,052 | 324,825 | 8.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 1,147,866 | 1,213,521 | 5.7 |
| Value added | \$000 | 842,081 | 880,651 | 4.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 34,275 | 33,026 | -3.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 447,595 | 465,683 | 4.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 839,120 | 877,321 | 4.6 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1977 (36-203, \$1.05).

## Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 5, 1979 - Advance Information

Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended May 5 was 342,493 short tons ( 310704 t), a decrease of $2.4 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 351,088 short tons ( 318502 t ). The comparable week's total is 1978 was 311,188 short tons ( 282305 t ).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t) equalling 100 was 186.9 in the current week, 191.6 a week earlier and 169.8 a year earlier.

For further information, contact Brian Finn (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Wednesday, May 9, 1979

## CONTENTS



3 Telephone Statistics, March 1979
3 Oilseeds, March 1979
2 Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1977
2 Miscellaneous Food Processors, 1977
2 Leaf Tobacco Processors, 1977

## University Teachers' Salaries

The second edition of Salaries of Full-time Teaching Staff at Canadian Universities and Colleges, 1978-79 is available free of charge upon request.

For further information, contact N.D. Uppal (613-995-1105/6), PostSecondary Education Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

45-002 (40\$/\$4) Coal and Coke Statistics, February 1979
51-003 (\$1.05/\$4.20) International Air Charter Statistics, July-September 1978
63-004 (15\$/\$1.50) Department Store Sales By Regions, March 1979
63-210 (\$1.40) Retail Chain Stores, 1977
65-004 (80\$/\$8) Exports by Commodities, February 1979

## Selected PrIncipal Statistics for Miscellaneous Food Processors

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1089 |  |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments |  | No. | 251 | 243 | -3.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  | - 11011 |  |  |
| Production and related workers |  | No. | 11,611 | 12,296 | 5.8 |
| Man-hours paid | , | 000's | 23,838 | 25,721 | 7.8 |
| Manufacturing wages t |  | \$000 | 128,758 | 146,202 | 13.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity |  | \$000 | 24,647 | 30,048 | 21.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies |  | \$000 | 1,025,309 | . 1,216,571 | 18.5 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done |  | \$000 | 1,708,718 | 1,997,265 | 16.8 |
| Value added |  | \$000 | 657,666 | 753,656 | 14.5 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | No. | 20,014 | 21,236 | 6.1 |
| Total salaries and wages |  | \$000 | 250,572 | 285,939 | 14.1 |
| Total value added |  | \$000 | 706,163 | 843,790 | 19.4 |

For further information, contact G. Elliot (613-992-3141), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Food Processors, 1977 (32-224, 70థ).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Leaf Tobacco Processors

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1510 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 9 | 10 | 11.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 805 | 641 | -20.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 1,640 | 1,268 | -22.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 7,116 | 6,221 | -12.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,079 | 1,146 | 6.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 239,986 | 192,535 | -19.8 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 13,701 | 27,131 | 98.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,009 | 838 | -17.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 10,355 | 9,446 | -8.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 15,004 | 29,199 | 94.6 |

For further information, contact G. Elliot (613-992-3141), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Tobacco Products industries, 1977 (32-225, 70¢).

Selected Principal Statistics for Miscellaneous Non-Metallic Mineral Products Industries
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3599 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 83 | 82 | -1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. . | 5,158 | 5,288 | 3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,678 | 11,141 | 4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 70,349 | 75,430 | 7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 20,911 | 25,806 | 23 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | - 172,463 | 184,717 | 7 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Ureceived for work done | \$000 | 421,610 | 447,852 | 6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 234,026 | 237,516 | 1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 8,319 | 8,521 | 2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 118.276 | 127,565 | 8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 270,214 | 253,582 | -6 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products industries, 1977 (44-210, 70¢).

Department Store Sales by Reglons, March 1979
Department store sales totalled $\$ 609.7$ million in March, an increase of $13.6 \%$ from a year earlier. Sales were up in all regions of Canada.

Department store sales by regions for the latest month, with percentage increases from March 1978 in brackets:

- Ontario, \$213.6 million (9.6\%).
- Quebec, $\$ 125.1$ million (29.3\%).
- British Columbia, $\$ 100.1$ million (11.7\%).
- Alberta, $\$ 84.0$ million (11.2\%).
- Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 35.5$ million (12.2\%).
- Manitoba, \$33.7 million (5.1\%).
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 17.7$ million (9.4\%).

For further information, order the March issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, $\$ 1.50$ a year).

Telephone Statistics, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canada's 13 major telephone systems reported revenues of $\$ 414.0$ million in March, up 19.1\% from a year earlier. Operating expenses rose $13.3 \%$ to $\$ 284.3$ million. Net operating revenue at $\$ 129.7$ million showed an increase of $34.4 \%$ over March 1978 Telephone toll messages increased $12.6 \%$ to 97.5 million.

For further information, order the March issue of Telephone Statistics (56-002, \$1.50 a year), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Ollseeds, March 1979 - Advance Information Oilseed crushings for March, with oil produced and meal produced (all figures in metric tonnes).:

- Soybeans: 69544 (12 176; 54 028);
- Rapeseed: 69647 (28 594; 40 211).

For further information, order the March issue of Grains and Oilseeds Review (22-007, 40\$/\$4), or contact J.M. Huard (613-995-4881), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


Thursday, May 10, 1979

CONTENTS
2 Railway Carloadings, March 997


2 Sugar Sales, April 1979
2 Mink Production, 1978
2 Steel Ingots and Plg Iron, April 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-002E ( $\$ 5.60$ for series of 20) Fleld Crop Reporting Series, No. 4, Telegraphic Crop Report - Canada - Available May 10, 1979 at 3 p.m.
35-003 (30¢/\$3) Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in Britlsh Columbia, February 1979

43-009 (15థ/\$1.50) Electric Lamps, March 1979
56-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Telephone Statistics, February 1979
61-006 (\$1.40/\$5.60) Financial Institutions, Financial Statlstics, Fourth Quarter 1978

Rallway CarloadIngs, March 1979 - Advance Information
Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada totalled 21.1 million short tons ( 19.2 million t) in March, an increase of $9.8 \%$ from a year earlier. The carriers received an additional 2.1 million short tons (1.9 million t) from the United States, a decline of $3.1 \%$ from March 1978.

Commodities showing notable percentage change in the latest month included copper-nickel ore and concentrates (down 94.5\% due to a continuing strike at INCO mines); wheat (down 15.8\%); and coal (down $6.9 \%$ ). Loadings of iron ore and concentrates were up 120.7\% due to strikes affecting iron ore movements in 1978.

In the first three months of 1979, total loadings in Canada registered a $2.0 \%$ increase from 1978, and receipts from U.S. connections were up $3.5 \%$.

For further information, order the March issue of Railway Carloadings " (52-001, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ) or: for seasonally-adjusted revenue fréight loadings, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271); Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Sugar Sales, April 1979 - Advance Information Canadian sugar refineries reported total April sales of 88596582 kilograms ( $195,322,062 \mathrm{lbs}$.) of all types of sugar. Domestic sales totalled 76708390 kilograms ( $169,113,081 \mathrm{lbs}$ ) and export sales amounted to 11888192 kilograms (26,208,981 lbs.).

For further information, contact T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

MInk Productlon, 1978 - Advance Information
Preliminary information on 1978 mink production at fur farms is available for each province except Ontario. The total number of pelts produced, excluding Ontario, was 568,761 compared with 528,549 in 1977.
For further information, contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-1225), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, April 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the month of April was $1,446,730$ short tons (1 312451 t ). Pig iron production amounted to $1,038,323$ short tons (941 951 t).
For further information, order the April issue of Steel Ingots and Pig Iron (41-002, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV3.


Friday, May 11, 1979

## CONTENTS

2 Education in Canada, A Statistical Review for 1977-78


2 Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), March 1979
3 Urban Transit, March 1979
3 Federal Government Enterprise Finance, 1977
3 Miscellaneous Machinery and Equipment Manufacturers, 1977
4 Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment, 1977
4 Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines, 1977
4 Industrial Chemicals, March 1979
4 Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, May 1, 1979
4. Particle Board, March 1979

4 Fruit and Vegetable Production, May 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-204 (35\$) Mineral Industries: Principal Statistics, 1976
32-024 (15¢/\$1.50) Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, March 1979

32-206 (70¢) Distilleries, 1977
36-004 (15\$/\$1.50) Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, March 1979
43-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, March 1979
(continued)

43-211 (70¢) Manufacturers of Lighting Fixtures, 1977
44-003 (15థ/\$1.50) Gypsum Prodücts, MMarch 1979
47-204 (709) Sporting Goods and Toy Iridustries, 1977
63-011 (15థ/\$1.50) Restaurant Statistics, March 1979
64-002 (40 $\$ / \$ 4)$ Housing Starts and Completions, February 1979
67-002 (40 $/ \$ 4$ ) Security Transactions With Non-residents, January 1979
81-229 (\$2.10) Education in Canada, 1978

Service Bulletins:<br>$61-007(\$ 2.80$ per year) Investment Statistics - Vol. 5, No. 1, Capital Expenditures in the Petroleum and Natural Gas and Allied Industries in Canada, 1958-1979

87-001 (\$1.40. per year) Culture Statistics - Vol. 2, No. 3, Preliminary Statistics on Visual Artists, 1978

## $\therefore$ re

Education in Canada, A Statistical Review for 1977-78 -(81-229, \$2.10).
Recent education indicators show that the decline in the student population which began in the early 1970 s is continuing. This reflects the passage of the babyboom generation beyond the ages of elementarysecondary school attendance. Education was overtaken by social welfare as the main area of government expenditures in 1972. In 1970 education represented $9.0 \%$ of the Gross National Product; in 1976, 7.9\%.
Nevertheless, total education spending continued to rise and amounted to more than $\$ 15$ billion in 1976, an increase of $266 \%$ in 10 years. Over the same period, enrolment at all levels increased only $7.9 \%$. Thus, the average annual expenditure per full-time student went from $\$ 690$ to $\$ 2,334$.
Total full-time enrolment reached a peak of $6,363,900$ students in 1970-71, but dropped to $5,988,600$ in 1977-78. This over-all decline was due to a drop of $8.7 \%$ at the elementary-secondary level.
Enrolment in non-university institutions rose 13,000 from 227,200 in 1976-77 to 240,300 in 1977-78. Quebec's contribution to this increase was 11,000 students. The sharp rise was due to the earlier structural change in the province's elementarysecondary system. This produced an exceptionally large number of secondary graduates in the spring of 1977 who entered CEGEPs in the fall of 1977.
Meanwhile, full-time university enrolment decreased $0.6 \%$ from 376,500 to 374,200 . In relation to the 18-24 age group, it dropped from $12.4 \%$ in 1976-77 to 12.0\% in 1977-78.

Full-time teachers increased from 270,600 in 196768 to 323,500 in 1977-78. The elementary-secondary teaching force was largest in 1972-73 when it totalled 278,300 . By 1977-78, their ranks had dropped to 272,000 . But to keep up with enrolment at the postsecondary level, the number of teachers rose from 26,300 to 51,500.
Non-university institutions granted 54,060 diplomas in 1976-77, more than twice as many as in 1966-67.
From 1966-67 to 1976-77 the number of bachelor's and first professional degrees awarded by universities rose $102 \%$; master's and earned doctorates more than doubled.

The sixth annual edition of Education in Canada, released today, summarizes major education statistics for Canada and the provinces. Times series of the most important variables are given for Canada from 196667. More detailed breakdowns of current data are in separate chapters on institutions, enrolment, graduates, teachers and finance. For further information, contact Mrs. Edith Rechinitzer (613-995-9685), Projections Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), March 1979 (Published only in the Statistics Canada Daily) The accompanying table contains statistics on passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations. Cumulative data for the year serves as preliminary information on a significant portion of the industry until definitive annual statistics are available. Figures have been added showing total distance run and fuel consumed, using the International System of Units; this is the most modern version of the metric system, supported by the International Bureau of Weights and Measures and is the system of units which Canada is adopting.

The following observations apply to the data in this release:

- Data relating to other services such as charter or contract are specific to the surveyed passenger bus carriers and are not indicative of over-all charter and contract operations.
- Passengers paying a fare to the operator of one vehicle and travelling on a second or third vehicle on a transfer are counted for the first vehicle only.
- Total distance run in a revenue service includes distance run empty which was necessary to provide the revenue service.
For further information, contact the Chief (613-9951976), Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural)

|  |  | 1978 |  | 1979 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year-to-Date | March | Year-to-Date | March |
|  |  | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Carriers Reporting |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger Revenue Earned |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services | \$ | 30,543,600r* | 11,119,195r* | 27,081,266* | 9,893,036* |
| Urban-Suburban Services | \$ | 99,363r | 36,245r | 89,488 | 26,880 |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | \$ | 10,440,870r | 4,012,944r | 10,379,289 | 3,842,881 |
| Fare Passengers Carried |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services | No. | 7,903,733r* | 2,842,978 ${ }^{*}$ | 6,830,115* | 2,475,226* |
| Urban-Suburban Services | No. | 191,838r | 68,010r | 125,400 | 32,894 |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | No. | * | ** | . | ** |
| Total Distance Run |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services | miles: | 27,473,684r** | 9,669,921r* | 23,474,927* | 8,180,167* |
| Urban-Suburban Services | km: | $44.214608 r^{*}$ | 15562 229r** | $37779232^{*}$ | $13164702^{*}$ |
|  | miles: | 116,815r | 40,257r | 100,585 | 23,703 |
|  | km: | 187 996r | 64 787r | 161877 | 38147 |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | miles: | 8,921,056r | 3,151,244r | 7,615,576 | 2,696,527 |
|  | km: | 14357 048r | 5071 436r | 12256079 | 4339640 |
| Fuel Consumed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diesel Oil | gal.: | 4,708,497r | 1,661,158r | 4,028,500 | 1,370,794 |
|  | L: | 21405 251r | 7551774 r | 18313923 | 6231754 |
| Gasoline | gal.: | 952,980r | 280,920r | 1,011,024 | 301,873 |
|  | L: | 4332333 r | 1277 088r | 4956204 | 1372341 |

* Includes charter operations of one intercity bus company.
* The number of fare passengers carried for "Other Services" is not kept by all carriers.
$r$ Revised figures.
Selected Principal Statistics for Miscellaneous MachInery and Equipment Manufacturers
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3150 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 877 | 879 | 0.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 39,277 | 39,165 | -0.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 82,047 | 81,266 | -1.0 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 459,285 | 509,778 | 11.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 21,474 | 25,316 | 17.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 1,182,492 | 1,321,403 | 11.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 2,418,660 | 2,696,211 | 11.5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,234,578 | 1,365,682 | 10.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 58,817 | 58,882 | 0.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 738,147 | 818,423 | 10.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,368,988 | 1,523,186 | 11.3 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Machinery and Equipment Manufacturers, 1977 (42-214, 70¢).

Urban Transit, March 1979 - Advance Information In March, 58 urban transit systems collected $110,833,462$ initial passenger fares. The total distance run was $34,145,198$ miles ( 54951365 km ), and operating revenues amounted to $\$ 41,765,980$.

For further information, contact the Chief (613-9951976), Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or order the March issue of Urban Transit (53-003, 154/\$1.50).

Federal Government Enterprise Finance, 1977 Advance Information
Federal government enterprises had revenues of $\$ 8,939.5$ million during the fiscal year ended nearest to December 31, 1977. Expenditure for the corresponding period amounted to $\$ 8,564.4$ million. On a financial management basis this resulted in a net profit of $\$ 297.6$ million after provision for income tax.

For further information, contact G.M. Mcilveen (613-995-9894), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3360 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 200 | 198 | -1.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 19,165 | 17,630 | -8.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 39,626 | 36,700 | -7.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 211,396 | 212,338 | 0.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 9,810 | 10,654 | 8.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 449,417 | 463,881 | 3.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 1,019,130 | 1,081,137 | 6.1 |
| Value added | \$000 | 572,538 | 627,740 | 9.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 31,427 | 28,463 | -9.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 400,607 | 393,398 | -1.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 659,090 | 698,799 | 6.0 |

For further information, contact Mr. T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment, 1977 (43-207. 70¢).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3740 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 132 | 127 | -4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,476 | 6,594 | 2 |
| Man-hours paid | $000 ' s$ | 13,178 | 13,107 | -1 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 66,984 | 75,430 | 13 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 7,047 | 7,944 | 13 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 267,058 | 280,655 | 5 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 698,791 | 758,415 | 9 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 431,119 | 485,826 |  |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 14,434 | 14,231 | 13 |
| Total Activity: |  | 189,069 | 203,162 | -1 |
| Total employees | No. | 475,570 | 534,537 | 7 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  | 12 |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines, 1977 (46-209, 70¢).

Industrial Chemicals, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped $141,125,000$ lbs. ( 64013 metric tonnes) of polyethylene-type synthetic resins in March, up from 77,953,000 lbs. (35 359 tonnes) a year earlier.

For further information, order the March issue of Specified Chemicals ( $46-002,15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.
Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, May 1, 1979 - Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of frozen poultry products at May 1 amounted to 67.1 million pounds compared with last year's corresponding total of 53.8 million pounds.

For further information, order the May issue of Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products (32-009, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4959), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.
Particle Board, March 1979 - Advance Information Canadian firms produced $30,639,000$ square feet (45 187 m 3 ) $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ basis of Type I particle board in March, an increase of $18.1 \%$ from 25,951,000 square
feet (38 273 m 3 ) a year earlier. Production of Type II particle board reached 41,704,000 square feet (61506 m3) 5/8" basis, up 13.5\% from 36,752,000 square feet ( $54203 \mathrm{m3}$ ) in March 1978.

For further information, contact Colin Sturton (613-992-5140), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6, or order the March issue of Particle Board (36-003, 15¢/\$1.50).

Fruit and Vegetable Production, May 1979 - Advance Information
The May publication, the first issue of the season, contains final 1978 value and production data for most fruits and vegetables. Supplements in this issue include preliminary results of both the 1978 mushroom growers' survey and the leaf tobacco production and value survey.

Intended 1979 area of vegetables for processing appears in the accompanying table along with the 1978 harvested area. Complete results of the processors' survey appear in the publication.

For further information, order Fruit and Vegetable Production (22-003, 40¢/\$3), or contact Larry Murphy (613-995-1226), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see table on next page)

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Intended Area of Vegetables for Processing

| Item | Canada 1978 Harvested Area |  | Canada 1979 Intended Area |  | Percentage Change in Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Acres | Ha | Acres | Ha |  |
| Beans | 20,728 | 8388 | 22,550 | 9124 | 9 |
| Corn | 44,463 | 17993 | 49,750 | 20132 | 12 |
| Peas | 48,604 | 19670 | -54,530 | 22067 | 12 |
| Tomatoes | 24,342 | 9851 | 22,510 | 9109 | -8 |
| Asparagus | 1,096 | 444 | 1,360 | 550 | 24 |
| Carrots | 2,415 | 977 | 2,620 | 1060 | 8 |
| Cucumbers | 7,234 | 2.927 | 8,310 | 3363 | 15 |
| Brussels Sprouts | 998 | 404 | 1,240 | 502 | 24 |




## Railway Carloadings

9-day period ending April 30, 1979

| ; | - | Eastern Division | Western Division |  | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic:Short tons, 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3,442,649 | 3.027.564 |  | 6,470,213 |
| Short tons, 1978 |  | 2,177,941 | 2,944.417 |  | 5,122,358 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 |  | 3123119 | 2746560 |  | 5869679 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 |  | 1975795 | 2671130 |  | 4646925 |
| \% change |  | 58.1 | 2.8 |  | 26.3 |
| Cars, 1979. | $\cdots$ - | 51,964 | 43,356 |  | 95.320 |
| Cars, $1978{ }^{\text {2 }}$ | - $\therefore$. | 41,039 | 44,142 |  | 85.181 |
| \% change | $\because$ | 26.6 | -1.8 |  | 11.9 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | $i$ | 190,143 | 84,510 |  | 274.653 |
| Short tons, 1978 | $\stackrel{ }{\square}$ | 212,636 | 78,406 |  | 291.042 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | , | 172495 | 76666 |  | 249161 |
| Metric tonnes; 1978 | - | 192900 | 71129 |  | 264029 |
| \% change | : | -10.6 | 7.8 |  | -5.6 |
| Cars, 1979* | : $\quad$. | 5.884 | 3,053 | - | 8,937 |
| Cars, 1978 | - . . .. | 6.446 | 3,226 |  | 9,672 |
| \% change |  | -8.7 | -5.4 |  | -7.6 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total carload tratfic: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 |  | 40,914,469 | 36,076;772 |  | 76,991,241 |
| Short tons, 1978 |  | 37,045,177 | 35,943,684 |  | 72,988,861 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 |  | 37116982 | 32.728297 |  | 69845279 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 |  | 33606819 | 32607562 | $\cdots \cdot$ : | 66214381 |
| \% change |  | 10.4 | 0.4 |  | 5.5 |
| Cars, 1979 |  | 662,169 | -529;129 | : | 1,191,298 |
| Cars, 1978 |  | 630,224 | 540,194 |  | 1,170,418 |
| \% change |  | 5.1 | $\therefore \quad \therefore-2.1$ | $\cdots$ | 1.8 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 |  | 2,747,448 | 1,067,457 |  | 3,814,905 |
| Short tons, 1978 |  | 2,838,389 | 1,016,760 |  | 3,855,149 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 |  | 2492443 | 968381 |  | 3460824 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 |  | 2574943 | 922389 |  | 3497332 |
| \% change |  | -3.2 | $\because 5.0$. | : | -1.0 |
| Cars, 1979 |  | 83,683 | 40,746 |  | 124,429 |
| Cars, 1978 |  | 85,198 | 40,994 |  | 126,192 |
| \% change | - . | -1.8 | . . -0.6 |  | -1.4 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 9 Days Ended April 30, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Canadian railways loaded 5.9 million $t$ ( 6.5 million short tons) of revenue freight in the above-noted nine days, an increase of $26.3 \%$ over the corresponding 1978 period. Eastern loadings showed an increase of 58.1\% (due primarily to strikes in the iron ore industry during 1978). Western traffic was up $2.8 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) loadings (included above) were down $10.6 \%$ in the East and up $7.8 \%$ west of the Lakehead to register an over-all decline of 5.6\%. In the first four months of 1979, railways loaded 69.8 million t ( 77.0 million short tons) of carload freight, up 5.5\% from January-April 1978. During the latest period the number of cars loaded rose by $1.8 \%$, while the volume of container-trailer (piggyback) traffic recorded a $1.0 \%$ decline.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Commu-
nications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Wholesale Trade, March 1979 - Advance Information Wholesale merchants' sales for March reached an estimated $\$ 6,281,986,000$, up $25.6 \%$ from $\$ 5,000,929,000$ in March 1978 .

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 10,051,746 ; 000$, an increase of $\mathbf{2 4 . 4 \%}$. from stocks of $\$ 8,081,627,000$ on hand at the end of March last year.
For further information, order the March issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, 15\$/\$1.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Lubricating Oils and Greases
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3652 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 13 | 18 | 38 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 326 | 383 | 17 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 678 | 807 | 19 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 4,130 | 4,894 | 18 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 904 | 1,219 | 35 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 72,960 | 82,124 | 13 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 30,921 | 34,995 | 13 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 602 | 669 | 11 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 8,602 | 10,297 | 20 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 32,635 | 36,837 | 13 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Petroleum Refineries, 1977 (45-205, 709).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Petroleum Refining Industry

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3651 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 39 | 39 | - |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,084 | 6,813 | 12 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 13.070 | 14,344 | 10 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 115,166 | 134,899 | 17 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 61,354 | 84,145 | 37 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 5,798,853 | 7,234,934 | 25 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 6,725,221 | 8,327,309 | 24 |
| Value added | \$000 | 944,843 | 1,195,925 | 27 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 15,105 | 16,464 | 9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 298,260 | 353,981 | 19 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 945,816 | 1,206,718 | 28 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Petroleum Refineries, 1977 (45-205, 70¢).

Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian egg production decreased by $1.1 \%$ to 38.8 million dozen in March from 39.2 million dozen a year earlier. The average number of layers was down 0.2\% to 23.3 million from 23.6 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers remained unchanged at 1,996 .

For further information, order the March issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $30 \Phi / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-1225), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.


> Compendium on the Economy Now Ready
> The Market Research Handbook, 1979 (Catalogue $63-224, \$ 9.00$ in Canada, $\$ 10.80$ elsewhere) is now available. The $653-$ page Handbook, with 201 tables, provides the most comprehensive array of Canadian marketing information published in a single volume. Key economic data are supplied on the nation, the provinces and territories, 23 metro areas and 35 other population centres.
> Sections include: selected economic indicators; government revenue, expenditure and employment (federal, provincial and local); merchandising and services; population characteristics; personal income and expenditure; housing; motor vehicles; household facilities and equipment; metropolitan area data; census agglomeration data.
> For further information, contact David Van Luven (613-995-4198), Analysis and Development Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Commercial Printing Industry
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2860 |  |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments |  | No. | 1,978 | 1,908 | -3.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers |  | No. | 32,623 | 31,446 | -3.6 |
| Man-hours paid |  | 000's | 64,837 | 62,380 | -3.8 |
| Manufacturing wages |  | \$000 | 368,533 | 397,338 | 7.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity |  | \$000 | 10,362 | 12,044 | 16.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies |  | \$000 | 613,032 | 668,617 | 9.1 |
| Value of shipments and, amount received for work done | : | \$000 | 1,465,026 | 1,585,184 | 8.2 |
| Value added |  | \$000 | 844,338 | 915,656 | 8.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | No. | 43,353 | 42,498 | -2.0 |
| Total salaries and wages |  | \$000 | 529,373 | 575,781 | 8.8 |
| Total value added |  | \$000 | 858,249 | 932,299 | 8.6 |

For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1977 (36-203, \$1.05).

## Construction-Type Plywood, March 1979 - Advance Information

Canadian mills shipped $265,829,000$ square feet (235 232 m 3 ) 3/8" ( 9.525 mm ) basis of constructiontype plywood in the month of March.

For further information, contact Patrick Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6, or order the March issue of Construction Type Plywood (35001, 30¢/\$3).

## Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, March

 1979 - Advance InformationCanadian manufacturers produced $8,663,162$ phonograph records in March, up from 6,899,883 in March 1978. Production of pre-recorded tapes (8-track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to 1,997,363 from 1,467,345.

For further information, order the March issue of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes In Canada (47-004, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact R. Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 12, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended May 12 was 347,947 short tons ( 315652 t), an increase of $1.6 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 342,493 short tons ( 310704 t). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 320,671 short tons ( 290908 t ).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 189.9 in the current week, 186.9 a week earlier and 175.0 a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Refined Petroleum Products, 1977 - Advance Information
Canadian sales of refined petroleum products amounted to $564,050,000$ barrels in 1977, down 0.2\% from $564,969,000$ barrels in 1976. Included were sales of kerosene and stove oil, light, heavy and diesel fuel oil, motor gasoline, lubricating oils and greases, aviation gasoline, aviation turbo fuel and asphalt.

For further information, order the 1977 issue of Refined Petroleum Products - Consumption of Petroleum Products (45-208, 70¢), or contact G. Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadian Manufacturers


Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadian Manufacturers


[^14] Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


Wednesday, May 16, 1979

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3 Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics (Preliminary Datas 1979


2 The Labour Force, April 1979
4 New Primary Sites of Cancer, 1976
3 Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, March 1979
4 Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coai Products Industries, 1977
3 Shipping Statistics; 1978

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-006 (40\$/\$4) Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, January 1979
35-002 (30థ/\$3) Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (Excluding Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island), February 1979

47-211 (70¢) Jewellery and Silverware Industry, 1977
66-002 (15\$/\$1.50) International Travel - Advance Information, March 1979
81-222 (70థ) EnroIment in Community Colleges, 1977-78

## Employment, Canada



Unemployment, Canada


## Labour Force Survey, April 1979

There was little change in the numbers of the employed or unemployed in April and Canada's seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate remained at 7.9\%, unchanged from March. In April 1978, the rate was $8.5 \%$.

The seasonally-adjusted participation rate of 63.3\% in April was unchanged from March. The employment/ population ratio decreased to 58.3\% from 58.4\% in the preceding month.

Last month, the seasonally-adjusted level of employment was $10,273,000$, little changed from March. The employment level increased by 4,000 for men aged 15 to 24, and by 8,000 for men 25 and over. The level decreased by 6,000 for women 15-24 and by 4,000 for women 25 and over.

Unemployment, seasonally adjusted, totalled 880,000 , up 4,000 from March. The level increased for men 15-24 $(+4,000)$ and for women 15-24 $(+3,000)$, while it showed little change for men 25 and over and for women 25 and over.

Seasonally-adjusted April unemployment rates for the provinces, with March rates in brackets: Newfoundland 15.7\% (17.6\%); Prince Edward Island 12.4\% (12.2\%); Nova Scotia 10.8\% (11.0\%); New Brunswick 12.1\% (12.1\%); Quebec 10.2\% (10.6\%); Ontario 6.7\% (6.7\%); Manitoba 6.3\% (5.2\%); Saskatchewan 4.2\% (4.2\%); Alberta 4.3\% (3.7\%); and British Columbia8.2\% (8.0\%).

Without seasonal adjustment, the April labour force totalled $10,947,000$ with $10,004,000$ employed and 943,000 unemployed for an unemployment rate of $8.6 \%$. In March, the labour force was $10,932,000$ with $9,956,000$ employed and 976,000 unemployed for a rate of 8.9\%. In April 1978, the labour force numbered $10,617,000$ with $9,632,000$ employed and 986,000 unemployed for a rate of $9.3 \%$.

For further information, order the April issue of The Labour Force (71-001, 55 $/ \$ 5.50$ ).

Industrial Corporations' Financlal Statistics
First Quarter 1979

|  | Year-over-Year Change |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales |  | Net income before Extraordinary items |  | ```Net :ncome after Extraordinary items``` |  |
|  | (\$ millions) | \% | (\$ millions) | \% | (\$ millions) | \% |
| All industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Qtr. 1979 | 88,879 |  | 3,948 |  | 4,095 |  |
| 1st Qtr. 1978 | 75,421r |  | 2,573r |  | 2,587r |  |
| Change | 13,458 | 17.8 | 1,375 | 53.4 | 1,508 | 58.3 |
| Mining Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Otr. 1979 | 4,325 |  | 711 |  | 750 |  |
| 1st Qtr. 1978 | 3,943 |  | 570 |  | 556 |  |
| Change | 382 | 9.7 | 141 | 24.7 | 194 | 34.9 |
| Manufacturing industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Otr. 1979 | 39,574 |  | 1,925 |  | 1,917 |  |
| 1st Qtr. 1978 | 32,202 |  | 1,118 |  | 1,141 |  |
| Change | 7,372 | 22.9 | 807 | 72.2 | - 776 | 68.0 |
| Other industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1st Otr. 1979 | 44,980 |  | 1,312 |  | 1,428 |  |
| 1st Otr. 1978 | 39,276r |  | 885 r |  | 890r |  |
| Change | 5,704 | 14.5 | 427 | 48.2 | 538 | 60.4 |

Industrlal Corporations, FInancial Statistics (Prellminary Data), First Quarter 1979 (61-003p, free to subscribers)
The accompanying table presents highlights of preliminary financial statistics of Canadian industrial corporations for the first quarter of 1979. Not included in the totals are data for construction, real estate, agriculture, fishing and trapping industries, financial institutions, and government enterprises.

Data users should note that the preliminary estimates of quarterly profits included in publication 61003p are subject to revision and may not necessarily coincide with the final data shown in the quarterly publication 61-003. For further information, contact Randy Martelock (613-995-9751), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian production of rubber increased to $52,870,000$ pounds ( 23981000 kg ) in March 1979 from $47,515,000$ pounds ( 21553000 kg ) a year earlier. Consumption* of rubber in March 1979 was 64,386,000 pounds ( 29205000 kg ).

- Users of these data should note that there has been a change in methodology, commencing with January 1979 statistics.

For further information, order the March issue of Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber (33-003, 30§/\$3), or contact R. Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

ShippIng Statistics, 1978 - Advance Information Preliminary 1978 shipping data on Coastwise Shipping Statistics (catalogue 54-210) are now available. This new volume will replace Shipping Report: Part III, Coastwise Shipping (54-204) and the coastwise shipping data contained in the publications: Shipping Report: Part IV, Origin and Destination for Selected Ports (54-206) and Shipping Report: Part V, Origin and Destination for Selected Commodities (54-207).

The annual publications which contained international shipping statistics: Shipping Report, Part I: International Seaborne Shipping (by Country) (54202); Shipping Report, Part II: International Seaborne Shipping (By Port) (54-203); Shipping Report, Part IV: Origin and Destination for Selected Ports (54-206) and Shipping Report, Part V: Origin and Destination for Selected Commodities (54-207) have all been cancelled. However. annual international shipping statistics for 1978 are now available on tape and although these will not be published, they are available on request.

For further information, contact the Chief (613-9969274), Water Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coal Products Industries
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3690 |  |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. |  | 46 | 46 | - |
| Manufacturing Activity: .. . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. |  | 689 | 500 | -27 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's |  | 1,498 | 1,102 | -26 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 |  | 8,298 | 6,773 | -18 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 |  | 3,206 | 2,869 | -11 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 |  | 47,594 | 46,945 | -1 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 |  | 41,448 | 41,757 | 1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 |  | 13,454 | 10,819 | -20 |
| Total value added | \$000 |  | 45,750 | 44,390 | -3 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1977 (45207, 70¢).

New Primary Sltes of Cancer, 1976 - Advance Information
Provincial cancer registries, excluding the Ontario registry, reported 42,732 newly diagnosed cases of cancer in 1976.
Detailed tables on cancer incidence, mortality and hospital morbidity will be published in Cancer in Canada, 1976 (82-207). For further information, contact A. Malhotra (613-995-9593), Vital Statistics and Disease Registries Section, Health Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

New Primary Sites of Cancer.
1976 - Advance Information

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  | Rate per <br> 100,000 |
| Province of Residence |  | Number | Population |
| Canada |  | 42,732 | 290.1 |
| Newfoundland |  | 1,322 | 237.0 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 428 | 362.0 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 2,254 | 272.0 |
| New Brunswick |  | 2,187 | 322.9 |
| Quebec | 14,534 | 233.1 |  |
| Ontario |  | 3,796 | . |
| Manitoba |  | 3,307 | 371.6 |
| Saskatchewan | 5,091 | 358.9 |  |
| Alberta | 9,710 | 277.0 |  |
| British Columbia. | 19 | 393.7 |  |
| Yukon |  | 84 | 87.0 |
| Northwest Territories |  |  | 197.1 |

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Thursday, May 17, 1979

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2 Index of Industrial Production, March 1979
4 Building Permits, February 1979
2 Department Store Sales and Stocks, March 1979
3 Pulpwood and Wood Residue, March 1979
3 Refined Petroleum Products, March 1979
6 Sawmills and Planing Mills, 1977
6 Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Clgars, April 1979
6 Telephone Statistics, Preliminary Report on Large Telephone Systems, 1978
6 Communicátions Equipment Manufacturers, 1977

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-002 (\$5.60 for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 5, Telegraphic Crop Report, Prairie Provinces - Available May 17, 1979 at 3 p.m.

23-205 (35\$) Wool Production and Supply, 1978
41-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, April 1979
46-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Specified Chemicals, March 1979
61-003 (\$1.75/\$7) Industrial Corporations, FInancial Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1978
62-001 (30\$/\$3) Consumer Price Index, April 1979 - Available Friday, May 18, 1979 at 7 a.m.

65-007 (80\$/\$8) Imports by Commodities, February 1979

## Service Bulletins:

32-023 (\$1.40 per year) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation — Vol. 7, 1978: No. 13, Pack
of Processed Pumpkin and Squash; No. 15, Pack of Processed Carrots

## Index of Industrial Production

(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1971 \\ \text { percentage } \\ \text { weight } \end{array}$ | $1978$ <br> Dec. | Jan. | 1979 Feb. | Mar. | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index of Industrial Production | 29.230 | 137.9 | 138.6 | 139.5 | 139.9 | 0.3 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells | 3.819 | 106.8 | 107.3 | 110.7 | 112.0 | 1.2 |
| Metal mines | 1.584 | 84.9 | 87.3 | 86.1 | 90.2 | 4.8 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.492 | 120.6 | 120.3 | 129.5 | 127.8 | -1.3 |
| Non-metal mines (except coal mines) | . 363 | 124.0 | 121.8 | 126.0 | 128.2 | 1.7 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 140.5 | 140.8 | 140.9 | 141.5 | 0.4 |
| Food and beverage industries | 3.107 | 117.1 | 120.2 | 118.5 | 119.3 | 0.7 |
| Tobacco products industries | 212 | 116.1 | 111.4 | 117.2 | 121.8 | 3.9 |
| Rubber and plastics products |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| industries . . | 650 | 231.0 | 230.8 | 234.0 | 239.0 | 2.1 |
| Leather industries- | . 206 | 107.9 | 109.4 | 109.6 | 108.8 | -0.7 |
| Textile industries | . 769 | 139.6 | 142.4 | 140.8 | 141.4. | 0.4 |
| Knitting mills | . 205 | 140.7 | 129.4 | 132.2 | 128.1 . | -3.1 |
| Clothing industries | . 742 | 134.7 | 131.1 | 130.3 | 130.6 | 0.2 |
| Wood industries | . 968 | 161.0 | 147.3 | 144.1 | 142.0 | -1.5 |
| Furniture and fixture industries | . 420 | 139.3 | 142.2 . | $137.8{ }^{\circ}$ | 138.1 | 0.2 |
| Paper and allied industries | 1.841 | 132.1 | 134.9 | 133.7 | 136.5 | 2.1 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 1.123 | 136.0 | 136.3: | $\because 140.1$ | $\because 140.8$ | 0.5 |
| Primary metal industries • . | 1.976 | 128.1 | 127.3 | 126.8 | 124.2 | -2.1 |
| Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) | 1.957 | 126.1 | 125.5 | 128.0 | 126.6 | -1.1 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 1.001 | 160.9 | 162.0 | 166.5 | 168.9 | 1.4 |
| Transportation equipment industries | 2.571 | 158.2 | 159.6 | 157.0 | 161.0 | 2.5 |
| Electrical products industries | 1.631 | 129.5 | 128.4 | 128.8 | 129.3 | 0.4 |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | . 905 | 154.4 | 158.6 | 162.2 | 161.5 | -0.4 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | . 394 | 137.1 | 141.8 | 135.9 | 139.1 | 2.4 |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.362 | 155.0 | 158.4 | 163.2 | 160.6 | -1.6 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | . 713 | 146.9 | 144.8 | 142.0 | 144.1 | 1.5 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 161.0 | 164.7:- | 169.0 | 165.5 | -2.1 |
| Special industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 138.0 | 139.5 : | 139.6 | 140.6 | 0.7 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 142.9 | 142.2 | 142.2 | 142.5 | 0.2 |

Index of Industrial Production, March 1979 - Advance Information
The seasonally-adjusted index of industrial production (1971=100) increased 0.3\% to 139.9 in March from 139.5 in February. Mining and manufacturing output increased, while utilities declined during the month.

For further information, order the March issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production) (61-005, $40 \Phi / \$ 4$ ), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 076.
(see table on next page)

## Department Store Sales and Stocks, March 1979 -

 Advance InformationDepartment store sales rose to $\$ 609.7$ million in March, an increase of $13.6 \%$ from the $\$ 536.6$ million recorded in March 1978.

Sales were up in 37 of the 40 departments in the latest month with the largest gains posted by furs ( $+130.7 \%$ ), women's, misses' and children's footwear ( $+38.9 \%$ ) and girl's and teenage girls' wear ( $+37.8 \%$ ). All provinces reported increased sales ranging from 29.3\% for Quebec to 3.0\% for Prince Edward Island. In metropolitan areas: Montreal sales totalled $\$ 78.9$
million, $+33.4 \%$; Toronto, $\$ 88.3$ million, $+11.8 \%$; Winnipeg, $\$ 30.3$ million, $+2.3 \%$; and Vancouver, $\$ 61.0$ million, $+9.9 \%$ :
Inventories held in March 1979 were valued at $\$ 2,233.3$ million (at selling price), an increase of $21.8 \%$ over March 1978. Stocks were higher in 38 of the 40 departments.
For further information, order the March 1979 issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, $40 \$ / \$ 4$ ), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-9969304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Index of Industrial Production

(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1971 \\ \text { percentage } \\ \text { weight } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1978 \\ 4 \text { th } \\ \text { Qtr. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1979 \\ 1 \mathrm{st} \\ \text { Otr. } \end{array}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index of Industrial Production | 29.230 | 136.5 | 139.3 | 2.1 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells | 3.819 | 105.5 | 110.0 | 4.3 |
| Metal mines | 1.584 | 84.8 | 87.9 | 3.7 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.492 | 118.3 | 125.9 | 6.4 |
| Non-metal mines (except coal mines) | 363 | 121.6 | 125.3 | 3.1 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 139.1 | 141.1 | 1.4 |
| Food and beverage industries | 3.107 | 117.2 | 119.3 | 1.8 |
| Tobacco products industries | . 212 | 114.3 | 116.8 | 2.2 |
| Rubber and plastics products |  |  |  |  |
| industries | . 650 | 224.5 | 234.6 | 4.5 |
| Leather industries | . 206 | 105.6 | 109.3 | 3.5 |
| Textile industries | . 769 | 138.3 | 141.5* | 2.3 |
| Knitting mills | . 205 | 142.1 | 129.9 . | -8.6 |
| Clothing industries | . 742 | 134.9 | 130.7 | -3.1 |
| Wood industries | . 968 | 161.4 | 144.5 | -10.5 |
| Furniture and fixture industries | 420 | 142.8 | 139.4 | -2.4 |
| Paper and allied industries | 1.841 | 130.6 | 135.0 | 3.4 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 1.123 | 138.5 | 139.1 | 0.4 |
| Primary metal industries | 1.976 | 127.0 | 126.1 | -0.7 |
| Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and |  |  |  |  |
| transportation equipment industries) | 1.957 | 124.6 | 126.7 | 1.7 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 1.001 | 160.7 | 165.8 | 3.2 |
| Transportation equipment industries | 2.571 | 153.4 | 159.2 | 3.8 |
| Electrical products industries | 1.631 | 126.6 | 128.8 | 1.7 |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | . 905 | 147.6 | 160.8 | 8.9 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | . 394 | 141.7 | 138.9 | -1.9 |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.362 | 154.7 | 160.7 | 3.9 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 713 | 145.5 | 143.6 | -1.3 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 159.3 | 166.4 | 4.5 |
| Special Industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 137.6 | 139.9 | 1.7 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 140.6 | 142.3 | 1:2 |

Pulpwood and Wood Residue, March 1979 - Advance Information
Roundwood production increased 1.2\% to 1,179,352 cunits ( 3339547 m 3 ) in March from 1,165,274 cunits ( 3299681 m 3 ) a year earlier. Receipts of wood residue increased $18.7 \%$ to $1,283,715$ cunits ( 3.635069 m 3 ) from 1,081,123 cunits ( 3061393 m 3 ).

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by $20.3 \%$ to $3,042,732$ cunits ( 8616044 m 3 ) from 2,529,074 cunits ( 7161528 m 3 ) and the closing inventory of these two products decreased by $9.6 \%$ to 8,654,937 cunits ( 24508011 m 3 ) from 9,576,317 cunits (27 117065 m 3 ).

For further information, order the March issue of Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25-001, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Colin Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Refined Petroleum Products, March 1979 - Advance

 InformationPreliminary data for March show that net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to $53,408,000$ barrels (8 487 thousand cubic metres), an increase of $2.5 \%$ over the March 1978 total of 52,118,000 barrels ( 8282 thousand cubic metres).

Canadian refineries produced $61,765,000$ barrels ( 9815 thousand cubic metres) of refined petroleum products in March, up 16.0\% from 53,231,000 barrels ( 8459 thousand cubic metres) in March 1978.
For further information, order the March issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, 40థ/\$4), or contact G.R. Kitchen .(613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries, Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.
(see table on page 5)

## Building Permits

February 1979

|  |  | Number of Dwelling Units |  |  | Value of Residential and Non-Residential Construction |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots$ | $\because$ | Singles | Multiples | Total | Residential | Industrial | Commercial (\$000) | Institutional and governmental | Total |
| Newtoundland |  | 11 | 1 | 12 | 482 | 283 | 418 | 602 | 1.785 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 33 | 6 | 39 | 1,274 | 91 | 461 | 30 | 1,856 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 122 | 19 | 141 | 5,155 | 2.922 | 3,744 | 976 | 12.797 |
| New Brunswick | $\div$ | 30 | 2 | 32 | 1,405 | 1,295 | 2,907 | 15,327 | 20.934 |
| Quebec |  | 737 | 1,248 | 1,985 | 55,963 | 6,606 | 24,111 | 7.636 | 94,316 |
| Ontario |  | 671 | 1,661 | 2,332 | 81,463 | 17.466 | 76.456 | 12,908 | 188,293 |
| Manitoba |  | 73 | 58 | 131 | 5,462 | 933 | 14,059 | 333 | 20.787 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 111 | 227 | 338 | 12,013 | 728 | 6,314 | 5.105 | 24.160 |
| Alberta |  | 801 | 806 | 1,607 | 67,010 | 6.018 | 32,201 | 16,208 | 121.437 |
| British Columbia |  | 718 | 616 | 1,334 | 50,485 | 12,050 | 20,001 | 6,663 | 89,199 |
| Yukon |  | 5 | - | 5 | 209 | 314 | 772 | 175 | 1,470 |
| Northwest Territories |  | 1 | - | 1 | 34 | 135 | 24 | - | 193 |
| Canada - Unadjusted |  | 3,313 | 4,644 | 7,957 | 280,955 | 48,841 | 181,468 | 65,963 | 577,227 |
| Canada - Adjusted |  | 7,075 | 7,300 | 14,375 | 513,670 | 92,656 | 239,724 | 100,684 | 946,734 |
| Metropolitan Areas |  | 2,136 | 3,220 | 5,356 | 198,272 | 26,868 | 147,631 | 49,303 | 422,074 |
| Calgary |  | 304 | 369 | 673 | 27,256 | 3,446 | 10,286 | 3,552 | 44,540 |
| Chicoutimi-Jonquière |  | 20 | 12 | 32 | 1.076 | 171 | 383 | 60 | 1,690 |
| Edmonton |  | 320 | 255 | 575 | 26,305 | 605 | 12.763 | 10,626 | 50,299 |
| Halifax |  | 38 | 10 | 48 | 2,152 | 412 | 1,167 | 816 | 4.547 |
| Hamilton |  | 21 | 36 | 57 | 2.166 | 782 | 16,892 | 697 | 20.537 |
| Hull |  | 8 | - | 8 | 572 | 400 | 932 | 137 | 2,041 |
| Kitchener |  | 20 | - | 20 | 965 | 1,753 | 3,935 | 61 | 6,714 |
| London |  | 51 | - - | 51 | 2,218 | 71 | 391 | 20 | 2.700 |
| Montreal |  | 338 | 561 | 899 | 27,585 | 1,631 | 13,022 | 4,663 | 46,901 |
| Oshawa |  | 10 | - | 10 | 477 | 223 | 499 | 2 | 1,201 |
| Ottawa |  | 68 | 230 | 298 | 8,927 | 163 | 2,207 | 2,837 | 14,134 |
| Quebec |  | 120 | 127 | 247 | 7,240 | 221 | 3,283 | 1.489 | 12,233 |
| Regina |  | 27 | 2 | 29 | 1.445 | 300 | 2,588 | 1,713 | 6.046 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara |  | 11 | - | 11 | 804 | 411 | 1,399 | 105 | 2,719 |
| Saint John |  | 5 | - | 5 | 511 | 1,235 | 2,342 | 13.758 | 17,846 |
| St. John's |  | 9 | - | 9 | 377 | 160 | 233 | 600 | 1,370 |
| Saskatoon |  | 53 | 46 | 99 | 4,238 | 350 | 2,551 | 2 | 7.141 |
| Sudbury |  | 4 | - | 4 | 226 | 26 | 2.765 | - | 3.017 |
| Thunder Bay |  | 6 | 8 | 14 | 578 | - | 839 | 21 | 1,438 |
| Toronto |  | 242 | 1,235 | 1,477 | 49,033 | 9,309 | 41,042 | 1,960 | 101,344 |
| Vancouver |  | 305 | 267 | 572 | 24,018 | 3,232 | 11,791 | 1,346 | 40,387 |
| Victoria |  | 44 | - | 44 | 2,521 | 295 | 1,861 | 3,726 | 8,403 |
| Windsor |  | 49 | 4 | 53 | 2,712 | 919 | 792 | 816 | 5,239 |
| Winnipeg |  | 63 | 58 | 121 | 4,870 | 753 | 13,668 | 296 | 19,587 |

Preliminary figures.
For further information order Building Permits (64-001, 70\$/\$7).

Building Permits, February 1979 - Advance Information
The value of building permits issued by Canadian municipalities during February was estimated at a seasonally-adjusted level of $\$ 946.7$ million, down $3.6 \%$ from a revised $\$ 981.8$ million in January. In February 1978, the value of permits issued was $\$ 971.4$ million.
-Residential permits decreased $6.0 \%$ in Feburary to a seasonally-adjusted $\$ 513.7$ million from $\$ 546.7$ million in January. Approval to build was given for 7,075 new single-detached dwellings and 7,300 collective dwellings in February compared to 8,337 single-detached and 5,882 multiple dwellings in January. (In annual terms, these figures suggest housing starts at a seasonally-adjusted annual rate of approximately 170,000 units in the coming months.)

Non-residential permits remained stable during February at a seasonally-adjusted rate of $\$ 433.1$ million ( $\$ 435.1$ million in January). New industrial construction authorized was estimated at $\$ 92.7$ million
( $\$ 88.5$ million in January), commercial construction totalled $\$ 239.7$ million ( $\$ 229.5$ million) and institutional projects $\$ 100.7$ million ( $\$ 117.0$ million).

During the first two months of 1979, the value of building permits issued was up from the corresponding period in 1978 in Nova Scotia ( $+40.5 \%$ ), New Brunswick ( $+130.3 \%$ ), Quebec ( $+2.7 \%$ ) and Saskatchewan ( $+3.5 \%$ ). Decreases were registered in Newfoundland (-52.5\%), Prince Edward Island (-56.1\%), Ontario ( $-5.4 \%$ ), Manitoba ( $-23.8 \%$ ), Alberta ( $-5.1 \%$ ) and British Columbia ( $-13.3 \%$ ); in these provinces, the decreases resulted from a weakening in residential permits issued.

For further information, order the February issue of Building Permits (64-001, 70\$/\$7), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see table on next page)

Building Permits
(million of dollars)

|  |  | 1978 |  |  |  |  | 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt. | Total | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt | Total |
| Canada - | Jan. | 279.4 | 48.0 | 116.2 | 94.2 | 537.8 | 268.3 | 47.9 | 155.7 | 66.5 | 538.4 |
| Unadjusted | Feb. | 350.6 | 47.5 | 140.6 | 84.8 | 623.5 | 281.0 | 48.8 | 181.4 | 66.0 | 577.2 |
| Canada - | - Jan. | 611.0 | 89.0 | 188.4 | 161.9 | 1,050.3 | 546.8 | 88.5 | 229.5 | 117.0 | 981.8 |
| Adjusted | Feb. | 593.9 | 84.2 | 173.7 | 119.6 | 971.4 | 513.7 | 92.6 | 239.7 | 100.7 | 946.7 |
| Canada Jan.-Feb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted |  | 630.0 | 95.5 | 256.8 | 179.0 | 1,161.3 | 549.3 | 96.7 | 337.1 | 132.5 | 1,115.6 |
| Newfoundland |  | 3.0 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 3.3 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 2.2 | 0.3 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 2.8 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 15.7 | 0.4 | 2.6 | 11.9 | 30.6 | 14.9 | 3.6 | 15.6 | 8.8 | 42.9 |
| New Brunswick |  | 3.0 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 1.5 | 13.0 | 2.5 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 16.1 | 29.9 |
| Quebec |  | 98.8 | 12.0 | 31.7 | 23.9 | 166.4 | 97.9 | 12.3 | 41.7 | 19.0 | 170.9 |
| Ontario |  | 171.0 | 48.7 | 76.2 | 29.9 | 325.8 | 131.7 | 38.7 | 113.8 | 24.0 | 308.2 |
| Manitoba |  | 29.0 | 1.4 | 11.2 | 23.0 | 64.6 | 17.5 | 1.3 | 29.3 | 1.1 | 49.2 |
| Saskatchewàn |  | 26.6 | 0.8 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 46.9 | 22.1 | 1.4 | 14.4 | 10.7 | 48.6 |
| Alberta |  | 169.0 | 17.8 | 58.1 | 53.3 | 298.2 | 160.6 | 14.8 | 70.8 | 36.7 | 282.9 |
| British Columbia |  | 111.0 | 10.8 | 57.3 | 21.5 | 200.6 | 97.7 | 17.7 | 43.4 | 15.1 | 173.9 |
| N.W.T. and Yukon |  | 0.7 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 |

Preliminary Monthly Report of Petroleum Sales
March 1979
(Thousands Cubic Metres)

|  |  | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Kero.) | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Naptha) | Kero. \& Stove Oil | Diesel Fuel | Light Fuel Oil | Heavy Fuel Oil | Other Products | Total Products | Motor Gasoline by Grade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Motor Gasoline |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Premium | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No- } \\ & \text { Lead } \end{aligned}$ | Regular. |
| Nfid. | 49 | 15 | 3 | 11 | 32 | 53 | 56 | 2 | 221 | 4 | 15 | 30 |
| P.E.I. | 13 | - | 1 | 3 | 1 | 18 | 7 | 2 | 45 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| N.S. | 95 | 6 | 3 | 16 | 55 | 123 | 176 | 13 | 487 | 10 | 27 | 58 |
| N.B. | 83 | 1 | 4 | 11 | 26 | 86 | 189 | 10 | 410 | 6 | 22 | 55 |
| Que. | 694 | 59 | 22 | 57 | 192 | 596 | 484 | 273 | 2377 | 140 | 178 | 376 |
| Ont. | 1009 | 84 | 29 | 23 | 242 | 583 | 406 | 380 | 2756 | 98 | 289 | 622 |
| Man. | 127 | 4 | 15 | 20 | 46 | 28 | 9 | 12 | 261 | 3 | 27 | 97 |
| Sask. | 147 | - | 7 | 19 | 57 | 28 | - | 14 | 272 | 3 | 18 | 126 |
| Alta. | 370 | 34 | 28 | 10 | 197 | 18 | 12 | 76 | 745 | 20 | 69 | 281 |
| B.C. | 320 | 18 | 30 | 15 | 204 | 105 | 107 | 66 | 865 | 26 | 59 | 235 |
| Yukon. | 4 | 1 | - | 4 | 1 | 5 | - | 1 | 16 | - | 1 | 3 |
| N.W.T. | 4 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 8 | 10 | - | - | 32 | - | 1 | 3 |
| Canada | 2915 | 225 | . 146 | 192 | 1061 | 1653 | 1446 | 849 | 8487 | 312 | 709 | 1894 |
| Canada '78 | 2824 | 204 | 131 | 223 | 978 | 1845 | 1354 | 723 | 8282 | 310 | 678 | 1836 |
| Change $79,78$ | 3.2 | 10.3 | 11.4 | -13.9 | 8.5 | -4.0 | 6.8 | 17.4 | 2.5 | 0.6 | 4.6 | 3.2 |

## Selected Principal Statistics for Sawmills and Planing Mills

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information


For further information, contact P.E. Martin (613-992-5140), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Sawmills and Planing Mills, 1977 (35-204, 70⿷).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Communications Equipment Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3350 |  |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments |  | No. | 261 | 250 | -4.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers |  | No. | 24,136 | 21,929 | -9.2 |
| Man-hours paid |  | 000's | 50,149 | 45,392 | -9.5 |
| Manufacturing wages |  | \$000 | 265,721 | 262,859 | -1.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity |  | \$000 | 7,280 | 8,420 | 15.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | ' | \$000 | 506,197 | 495,021 | -2.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done |  | \$000 | 1,383,162 | 1.441,330 | 4.2 |
| Value added |  | \$000 | 864,324 | 937,762 | 8.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | No. | 38,467 | 36,676 | -4.7 |
| Total salaries and wages |  | \$000 | 498,665 | 516,261 | 3.5 |
| Total value added |  | \$000 | 953,838 | 1,013,449 | 6.2 |

For further information, contact Mr. T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6. Complete data will be published in Communications Equipment Manufacturers, 1977 (43-206, 709):

## Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Cigars, April 1979 <br> - Advance Information

Cigarette production in April at 5.6 billion was up from 5.5 billion in April 1978. Production of cigars decreased to 35.5 million from 40.2 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the April issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32022, $15 ¢ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact T.P. Sterling (613-9928619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Telephone Statistics, Preliminary Report on Large Telephone Systems, 1978 - Advance Information Canada's 14 major telephone systems reported revenues of $\$ 4,424$ million in 1978 , up $16.1 \%$ over, 1977. Operating expenses increased $13.3 \%$ to $\$ 2,958$ million. Net operating revenue at $\$ 1,467$ million showed an increase of $22.1 \%$ over 1977. Telephone toll messages increased $9.2 \%$ to 1,083 million.

For further information, order the 1978 issue of Telephone Statistics, Preliminary Report on Large Telephone Systems (56-202, 354), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

71-001 (55\$/\$5.50) The Labour Force, April 1979<br>21-001 (30థ/\$3) Farm Cash Receipts, January to March 1979<br>23-207 (70థ) Fur Production, Season 1977-78<br>35-208 (70థ) Miscellaneous Wood Industries, 1977<br>41-001 (40\$/\$4) Primary Iron and Steel, February 1979<br>43-005 (15¢/\$1.50) Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, March 1979<br>43-204 (70థ) Manufacturers of Major Appliances, Electric and Non-electric, 1977<br>45-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Asphali Roofing, March 1979<br>46-215 (70¢) Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations, 1977<br>55-001 (30\$/\$3) Oil Pipe Line Transport, February 1979<br>62-007 (40§/\$4) Construction Price Statistics, April 1979<br>62-010 (\$1.40/\$5.60) Consumer Prices and Price Indexes, January-March 1979<br>63-014 (40\$/\$4) Merchandising Inventories, January 1979<br>72-008 (40\$/\$4) Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, January 1979

Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadlan Manufacturing, First Quarter 1979 - Advance Information Capacity utilization in Canadian manufacturing industries rose to $89.6 \%$ in the first quarter of 1979, up from $88.8 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 1978.

Durable manufacturing increased to a level of $87.5 \%$ of capacity from $86.8 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 1978. Non-durable manufacturing rose to $91.7 \%$ from $90.8 \%$.

The utilization rates have been revised due to the fourth quarter revision of the production indexes and the update of the capital stock estimates which have also been adjusted for pollution abatement expenditures. The following industries showed a substantial change in the first quarter of 1979 from the fourth quarter 1978 level, which is in line with the behaviour of their indexes of production: rubber and plastic products ( $100.0 \%$, from $96.1 \%$ ); non-metallic mineral products ( $93.6 \%$, from $86.5 \%$ ); knitting mills ( $91.6 \%$, from $100.0 \%$ ); wood ( $75.1 \%$, from $84.7 \%$ ).

In the first quarter of 1979, the following industries were shown as operating at high capacity levels: rubber and plastic products $100.0 \%$; textile 100.0\%; knitting mills 91.6\%; clothing 96.5\%; paper and allied industries $94.2 \%$; printing, publishing and allied industries 98.9\%; machinery 94.6\%; transportation equipment $100.0 \%$; non-metallic mineral products 93.6\%; miscellaneous manufacturing 98.7\%.

A description of the methodology used to derive the rates is given in the publication Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing (31-003, $\$ 1.40 / \$ 5.60$ ). For further information, contact Ms. R. Hoyt (613-995-8152), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. The data are available on CANSIM, from the first quarter of 1961 to the first quarter of 1979 , by major manufacturing group according to the 1970 Standard Industrial Classification, with aggregates for durables, non-durables and total manufacturing.

## Capaclty Utllization Rates by Quarters

|  | Durable <br> Manufacturing Industries | Non-durable Manufacturing Industries | Total Manufacturing Industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1961 |  |  |  |
| I | 64.9 | 81.7 | 73.3 |
| II | 66.9 | 82.2 | 74.5 |
| III | 68.1 | 83.8 | 76.0 |
| IV | 69.9 | 84.4 | 77.1 |
| 1962 |  |  |  |
| I | 70.9 | 84.8 | 77.8 |
| II | 73.8 | 85.7 | 79.7 |
| III | 75.1 | 85.9 | 80.5 |
| IV | 75.8 | 84.9 | 80.3 |
| 1963 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 76.2 | 85.3 | 80.8 |
| II | 77.4 | 86.5 | 81.9 |
| III | 77.4 | 86.6 | 82.0 |
| IV | 81.2 | 87.3 | 84.2 |
| 1964 |  |  |  |
| I | 83.6 | 88.9 | 86.2 |
| 11 | 83.4 | 89.1 | 86.2 |
| III | 83.8 | 88.7 | 86.3 |
| IV | 85.3 | $89.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 87.5 |
| 1965 |  |  |  |
| I | 88.1 | 88.7 | 88.4 |
| II | 89.5 | 88.1 | 88.8 |
| III | 89.0 | 89.2 | 89.1 |
| IV | 92.6 | 90.1 | 91.3 |
| 1966 |  |  |  |
| I | 92.8 | 90.6 | 91.7 |
| II | 90.7 | 90.0 | 90.4 |
| III | 88.5 | 88.9 | 88.7 |
| IV | 88.9 | 88.5 | 88.7 |
| (continued) |  |  |  |

## Capacity Utilization:Ratees by Quarters

| . | Durable Manufacturing Industries | Non-durable Manufacturing Industries | . Tota Manufacturing Industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1967 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 86.9 | , 87.6 | 87.3 |
| 11 | 85.5 | 87.1 | 86.3 |
| III | 85.2 | 87.6 | 86.4 |
| IV | 84.6 | $\therefore 86.5$ | $\therefore 85.6$ |
| 1968 |  |  | ; . 8.5 |
|  | 82.2 | 86.9 | 84.5 |
| 11 | 85.9 | 87.0 | 86.5 |
| III | 87.7 | 85.7 | 86.7 |
| IV | 89.2 | 87.8 | 88.5 |
| 1969 |  |  |  |
| II | 89.8 | 88.8 | 89.3 |
| 11 | 89.8 | 88.6 | 89.2 |
| 111 | 88.0 | 89.2 | 88.6 |
| IV | 86.4 | 88.0 | 87.2 |
| 1970 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 85.5 | 87.5 | 86.5 |
| 11 | 81.8 | 85.8 | 83.8 |
| 111 | 80.3 | 84.5 | 82.4 |
| IV | 76.7 | 85.5 | 81.1 |
| 1971 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 79.1 | 84.2 | 81.6 |
| 11 | 81.4 | 85.2 | 83.3 |
| III | 84.3 | 87.1 | 85.7 |
| IV | 84.4 | 87.2 | 85.8 |
| 1972 . 83.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 83.3 | 86.6 | 84.9 |
| 11 | 83.9 | 88.9 | 86.4 |
| III | 84.7 | 89.2 | 86.9 |
| IV | 87.2 | 90.6 | 88.9 |
| 1973 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 91.2 | 91.1 | 91.1 |
| 11 | 90.1 | 91.5 | 90.8 |
| III | 89.7 | 89.5 | 89.6 |
| IV | 91.4 | 91.8 | 91.6 |
| 1974 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 93.5 | 92.6 | 93.0 |
| 11 | 91.1 | 90.8 | 91.0 |
| III | 89.1 | 88.3 | 88.7 |
| IV | 86.0 | 85.8 | 85.9 |
| 1975 ( |  |  |  |
| 1 | 79.7 | 83.3 | 81.5 |
| 11 | 79.5 | 82.6 | 81.0 |
| III | 80.8 | 81.7 | 81.2 |
| IV | 81.4 | 80.9 | 81.2 |
| 1976 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 81.3 | 83.2 | 82.3 |
| II | 82.5 | 85.2 | 83.8 |
| III | 80.7 | 84.2 | 82.4 |
| IV | 79.5 | 83.3 | 81.4 |
| 1977 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 81.1 | 84.7 | 82.9 |
| 11 | 81.2 | 84.2 | 82.7 |
| III | 81.2 | 83.9 | 82.6 |
| IV | 81.8 | 84.6 | 83.2 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |
| , | 80.6 | 87.0 | 83.8 |
| 11 | 83.8 | 87.9 | 85.9 |
| 111 | 85.0 | 89.6 | 87.3 |
| IV | 86.8 | 90.8 | 88.8 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 87.5 | 91.7 | 89.6 |

Inventories, Shipments and-Orders in Manufacturing Industrles, March 1979-Advance Information
Preliminary estimates show manufacturers' shipments in March 1979, seasonally adjusted, were valued at $\$ 12,444.5$ million, up $1.8 \%$ from the revised February level of $\$ 12,220.5$ million. Durable goods shipments rose $2.4 \%$ to $\$ 5,803.8$ million from $\$ 5,667.9$ million while non-durable goods shipments were up $1.3 \%$ to $\$ 6,640.7$ million from $\$ 6,552.6$ million.

New orders in all manufacturing industries, seasónally adjusted, rose $4.6 \%$ to $\$ 13,059.1$ million from $\$ 12,486.6$ million (revised) in February. Durable goods new orders rose $7.9 \%$ to $\$ 6,387.4$ million from $\$ 5,922$ : 0 million and non-durable goods new orders were up $1.6 \%$ to $\$ 6,671.7$ million from $\$ 6,564.6$ million.

Seasonally-adjusted unfilled orders in all manúfacturing industries in March 1979 were valued at $\$ 15,058.7$ million, $4.3 \%$ higher than the revised February value of $\$ 14,444.1$ million.

Total inventory owned, seasonally adjusted, at an estimated $\$ 22,345.4$ million was $2.8 \%$ higher than the revised February value of $\$ 21,745.8$ million. Total inventory held, seasonally adjusted, rose $2.2 \%$ to $\$ 23,232.8$ million from $\$ 22,727.0$ million with increases of $2.2 \%, 2.9 \%$ and $1.7 \%$ in raw materials, goods in process and finished products, respectively.

The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments was $1.80: 1$ in March compared to 1.78:1 (revised) for February. The seasonally-adjusted ratio of finished products to shipments was $0.60: 1$, unchanged from the revised February estimate.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, the preliminary estimate of the value of manufacturers' shipments in March at $\$ 13,044$. 3 million showed an increase of $13.3 \%$ from the revised February level of $\$ 11,511.8$ million. Cumulative shipments for the first three months of 1979 were estimated at $\$ 35,988: 1$ million, up $23.9 \%$ from the January-March. 1978 total of \$29,047.0 million.

For further information, order the March issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, 55 $\$ / \$ 5.50$ ), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 V 6$.
(see tables on next page)

Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturing Industries
(Based on 1975 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)

| $\because$ |  | Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\dot{i}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 p \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 r \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | . $1 \$ \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |
| Shipments: Total |  | 13,044.3 | 11,511.8 | 11,432.0 | 10,741.3 |
| Non-durable |  | 6,805.2 | 6,222.2 | 6,183.2 | 5,654.3 |
| Durable |  | 6,239.1 | 5,289.7 | 5,248.7 | 5,087.0 |
| . New Orders: Total |  | 13,717.3 | 11,930.7 | 12,103.0 | 11,133.3 |
| Non-durable. |  | 6,882.9 | 6,246.8 | 6,248.1 | 5,711.6 |
| Durable |  | 6,834.4 | 5,683.9 | 5,854.9 | 5,421.8 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total |  | 15,272.8 | 14,599.8 | 14,180.9 | 11,234.8 |
| Non-durable |  | 1,947.6 | 1,869.9 | 1,845.3 | 1,447.1 |
| Durable |  | 13,325.2 | 12,729.9 | 12,335.6 | 9,787.7 |
| Inventory Owned: Total ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  | 22.759 .5 | 22,065.5 | 21,408.6 | 19,411.1 |
| Inventory Held: Total |  | 23,644.3 | 23,043.7 | 22,339.8 | 20,445.4 |
| Raw materials |  | 9,425.6 | 9,226.1 | 9,052.1 | 8,220.4 |
| Goods in process |  | 6.407 .5 | 6,273.7 | 6,108.9 | 5,319.9 |
| Finished Products |  | 7,811.2 | 7,543.9 | 7,178.8 | 6,905.1 |
|  |  |  | usted for S | al Variation |  |
| Shipments: Total |  | 12,444.5 | 12,220.5 | 12,079.5 | 10,064.5 |
| Non-durable |  | 6,640.7 | 6,552.6 | 6,562.4 | 5,472.2 |
| Durable |  | 5,803.8 | 5,667.9 | 5,517.1 | 4,592.3 |
| New Orders: Total |  | 13,059.1 | 12,486.6 | 12,516.5 | 10,506.7 |
| Non-durable |  | 6,671.7 | 6,564.6 | 6,625.4 | 5,495.4 |
| Durable |  | 6,387.4 | 5,922.0 | 5,891.1 | 5,011.3 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total |  | 15,058.7 | 14,444.1 | 14,178.0 | $11,115.3$ |
| Non-durable |  | 1,930.5 | 1,899.5 | 1,887.5 | 1,436.6 |
| Durable |  | 13,128.2 | 12,544.6 | 12,290.5 | 9,678.7 |
| Inventory Owned: Total |  | 22,345.4 | 21,745.8 | 21,289.9 | 19,024.9 |
| Inventory Held: Total |  | 23,232.8 | 22,727.0 | 22,230.3 | 20,056.6 |
| Raw materials |  | 9.447 .0 | 9,240.2 | 9,013.9 | 8,245.5 |
| Goods in process . |  | 6,333.1 | 6,156.0. | 6,064.2 | 5,220.8 |
| Finished products ? |  | 7,452.7 | 7,330.8 | 7,152.2 | 6,590.3 |
| Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments |  | 1.80 | 1.78 | 1.76 | 1.89 |
| Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments |  | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.59 | 0.65 |

## Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

|  | Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. } \\ +979 p \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { t979r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { change } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Mar. } \\ 1979 p \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Mar. } \\ 1978 \end{array}$ | change |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 64.1 | 58.9 | 8.8 | 182.4 | 158.7 | 14.9 |
| Nova Scotia | 262.7 | 227.0 | 15.7 | 730.6 | 613.3 | 19.1 |
| New Brunswick | 258.1 | 224.8 | 14.8 | 733.3 | 503.5 | 45.6 |
| Quebec | 3,285.5 | 3,096.7 | 6.1 | 9,311.3 | 7.658 .3 | 21.6 |
| Ontario | 6,691.7 | 5,745.1 | 16.5 | 18,195.7 | 14,611.1 | 24.5 |
| Manitoba | 328.9 | 295.8 | 11.2 | 895.6 | 740.0 | 21.0 |
| Sajskatchewan | 162.3 | 145.5 | 11.6 | 453.3 | 339.0 | 33.7 |
| Alberta | 730.1 | 620.2 | 17.7 | 1,988.1 | 1,628.7 | 22.1 |
| British Columbia | 1,246.7 | 1,085.0 | 14.9 | 3,458.4 | 2,763.4 | 25.1 |
| Canada* | 13,044.3 | 11,511.8 | 13.3 | 35,988.1 | 29,047.0 | 23.9 |

[^16]Farm Input Price Indexes
(1971=100)

|  | 1st Quarter 1979 | 4th Quarter 1978 | 1st Quarter 1978 | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { st Qtr. } 79 / \\ & \text { 4th Qtr. } 78 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { 1st Qtr. } 79 / \\ & \text { 1st Qtr. } 78 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Eastern Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Total farm input(p) | 218.8. | 207.8 | 189.4 | 5.3 | 15.5 |
| Building and fencing | 213.3 | 207.9 | 190.8 | 2.6 | 11.8 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles | 188.6 | 182.3 | 171.4 | 3.5 | 10.0 |
| Crop production | 233.7 | 228.8 | 217.8 | 2.1 | 7.3 |
| Animal production | 234.0 | 211.1 | 176.5 | 10.8 | 32.6 |
| Supplies and services | 185.0 | 177.8 | 169.2 | 4.0 | 9.3 |
| Hired farm labour | 216.0 | 212.9 | 203.0 | 1.5 | 6.4 |
| Property taxes(p) | 152.1 | 152.1 | 152.1 | - | - |
| Interest(p)** | 292.2 | 292.2 | 292.2 | - | - |
| Farm rent(p) | 219.3 | 219.3 | 219.3 | - | - |
|  | Western Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Total farm input(p) | 223.3 | 210.6 | 192.4 | 6.0 | 16.1 |
| Building and fencing | 220.0 | 212.6 | 197.4. | 3.5 | 11.4 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles | 187.7 | 182:0 | 173.4 | 3.1 | 8.2 |
| Crop production | 239.0 | 233.0 | 218.8 | 2.6 | 9.2 |
| Animal production | 265.2 | 228.0 | 180.0 | 16.3 | 47.3 |
| Supplies and services | 185.0 | 178.0 | 170.3 | 3.9 | 8.6 |
| Hired farm labour | 247.4 | 245.4 | 232.9 | 0.8 | 6.2 |
| Property taxes(p) | 148.2 | 148.2 | 148.2 | - | - |
| Interest(p)** | 278.6 | 278.6 | 278.6 | - | - |
| Farm rent(p) | 228.5 | 228.5 | 228.5 | - | - |
|  | Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Total farm input(p) | 221.0 | 209.2 | 190.8 | 5.6 | 15.8 |
| Building and fencing . | 216.0 | 209.9 | 193.5 | 2.9 | 11.6 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles | 188.0 | 182.1 | 172.6 | 3.2 | 8.9 |
| Crop production | 235.6 | 230.2 | 217.9 | 2.3 | 8.1 |
| Animal production | 247.0 | 218.2 | 178.0 | 13.2 | 38.8 |
| Supplies and services | 185.0 | 177.9 | 169.6 | 4.0 | 9.1 |
| Hired farm labour | 228.0 | 225.4 | 214.5 | 1.2 | 6.3 |
| Property taxes(p) | 149.8 | 149.8 | 149.8 | - | - |
| Interest(p)* | 284.5 | 284.5 | 284.5 | - | - |
| Farm rent(p) | 225.5 | 225.5 | 225.5 | - | - |

p Preliminary figures.
p* Preliminary for 1979.

- Nil.

For further information, order the first quarter issue of Farm Input Price Indexes ( $62-004,35 \$ / \$ 1.40$ ), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolled Steel Products
March 1979 - Advance Information

-Producers' shipments excluding producers' interchange.
For further information, order the March issue of Primary Iron and Steel (41-001, 40థ/\$4), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Airport Activity, October 1978 - Advance Information Airport activity statistics for the top 50 airports in Canada are now available for the month of October 1978.

The accompanying table provides statistics on total scheduled enplaned plus deplaned passengers at the country's top 10 airports for October 1978, with comparative data for October 1977 and the percentage changes between the two periods.

The complete airport tables and further information may be obtained by contacting E. DiSanza (819-9971986), Airport Activity Survey, Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0N9.

## Airport Activity

October 1977 and 1978

|  | 1978 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Toronto | 918,272 | 888,851 | 3.3 |
| Montreal | 463,157 | 455,021 | 1.8 |
| Vancouver | 430,761 | 420,118 | 2.5 |
| Calgary | 236,537 | 214,813 | 10.1 |
| Winnipeg | 164,959 | 161,842 | 1.9 |
| Ottawa | 146,247 | 145,178 | 0.7 |
| Edmonton | 137,700 | 127,554 | 8.0 |
| Halifax | 117,000 | 113,078 | 3.5 |
| Mirabel | 85,175 | 85,048 | 0.1 |
| Edmonton Municipal | 66,624 | 63,964 | 4.2 |

Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, May 1, 1979 - Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of creamery butter were up to 51.9 million pounds on May 1 from last year's corresponding total of 51.0 million, and stocks of cheddar cheese were up to 67.2 million pounds from 57.6 million. Stocks of skim milk powder decreased to 30.7 million pounds from 63.6 million while stocks of evaporated whole milk increased to 18.9 million pounds from 17.4 million.

For further information, order the May issue of Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Puultry Products (32-009, $30 ¢ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Dairy Factory Production, April 1979 - Advance Information
Production of creamery butter decreased 10.3\% in April to 8379 metric tonnes from 9341 tonnes a year earlier. Cheddar cheese production increased 24.2\% to 8354 tonnes from 6724 tonnes, and production of ice cream mix increased $25.2 \%$ to 12899 kilolitres from 10301 kilolitres.

For further information, order the April issue of Dairy Factory Production (32-002, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact C.M. Riach (613-995-1225), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-510 (\$1.05) Towards a Comprehensive Framework for Environmental Statistics: A Stress-response Approach, 1979

41-006 (15\$/\$1.50) Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, March 1979
44-205 (70థ) Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1977
53-003 (15థ/\$1.50) Urban Transit, February 1979
61-005 (40\$/\$4) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, February 1979
63-002 (40\$/\$4) Department Store Sales and Stocks, February 1979
65-001 (40\$/\$4) Summary of External Trade, March 1979

## Service Bulletins:

32-023 (\$1.40 per year) Frult and Vegetable Preservation - Vol. 7, 1978: No. 12, Pack of Processed Apricots; No. 14, Pack of Processed Beets

## The Consumer Price Index and Major Components, Canada

(1971=100)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The Consumer ${ }^{-1}$ Price Index, April 1979 (62-001, 40¢/\$4)

## National Highilights

The All-items Consumer Price Index for Canada ( $1971=100$ ) increased by $0.7 \%$ from a level of 186.6 in March to 187.9 in April. As a result, the 12-month rise between April 1978 and April 1979 stood at 9.8\%, up from the $9.2 \%$ registered in the previous 12-month period. Higher food prices and increased housing and transportation charges were largely responsible for the latest over-all monthly rise in the CPI. Food prices advanced by $1.0 \%$ between March and April, down from the increases of 2.5\% observed in each of the previous two months. The index for all items excluding food rose by $0.6 \%$, down from the $0.8 \%$ registered in the previous month.

Higher prices for selected beef cuts and fresh fruit, up on average $2.0 \%$ and $4.1 \%$, respectively, in early April were largely responsible for the $1.0 \%$ increase in the food-at-home index. Other notable contributors to this latest monthly rise included higher prices for selected cereal and bakery products, chocolate bars, other meat products and poultry. Fresh vegetable prices, on average, declined as did prices for selected pork cuts and coffee. The 1.0\% increase in the food-athome index in April brought this index to a level 17.8\% above its April 1978 level. The food-away-from-home index rose by $0.9 \%$ in April, resulting in an increase of 12.3\% over its level of April 1978.

Higher prices for new cars, as well as increased automobile operation and maintenance charges were contributing factors to the $0.6 \%$ increase in the index for all items excluding food. Other notable factors included increased shelter charges for both rented and owned accommodation, higher prices for household furnishings (reflecting in. part the re-imposition of the retail sales tax in the province of Quebec), and higher postal rates. Increases were also registered for selected clothing items and, in several provinces, for tobacco and alcohol products. Exerting a dampening impact on the over-all monthly rise were declines in selected air fares and, in the province of British

Columbia, the reduction in the provincial retail sales tax. Between April 1978 and April 1979, the index for all items excluding food advanced by $7.5 \%$, up from the $6.5 \%$ registered in the previous 12 -month period. Part of this acceleration in the rate of growth was attributable to the impact of the varying provincial sales tax reductions which affected the April 1978 index level.

Viewed in terms of goods and services, the price level for goods, including food, advanced by $0.8 \%$ in the latest month while that for services increased by 0.4\%. Between April 1978 and April 1979, the price level for goods advanced by $11.9 \%$ while that for services rose by $6.3 \%$.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the All-items Consumer Price Index advanced by 0.8\% between March and April: this comprised a $1.2 \%$ increase in the food index and a $0.6 \%$ increase in the index for all items excluding food.

## Clty Highlights

Between March and April, consumer prices rose in all 15 cities for which CPIs are produced. Advances ranged from $0.3 \%$ in Vancouver to $1.0 \%$ in both St. John's and Winnipeg. Factors contributing to the differing rates of increases among cities were the general reduction in provincial sales tax in British Columbia; the re-imposition of the provincial sales tax on furniture in the province of Quebec; varying rates of price movement for food and new cars; and an increase in the price of alcoholic beverages in Manitoba.

## St. John's

All items: March to April 1979, up 1.0\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.9\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for meat, fresh produce and restaurant meals. Increased prices for new cars and gasoline.
(continued)

## Consumer Price indexes for Canada, Major Components, Sub-groups and Special Aggregates, not Seasonally Adjusted - Concluded

(1971=100)

| Major components, sub-groups and special aggregates | ndexes | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | April 1979 from |  |
|  | Apr. 1979 | Mar. 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ |
| Reclassified by goods and services |  |  |  |
| Goods and services | 187.9 | 0.7 | 9.8 |
| Goods | 191.8 | 0.8 | 11.9 |
| Durable goods | 150.1 | 1.1 | 10.5 |
| Semi-durable goods | 152.9 | 0.7 | 9.0 |
| Non-durable goods | 213.3 | 0.8 | 12.9 |
| Services | 182.8 | 0.4 | 6.3 |
| Special aggregates |  |  |  |
| All items excluding food | 173.3 | 0.6 | 7.5 |
| All items excluding energy | 185.4 | 0.7 | 9.9 |
| Energy | 221.8 | 0.5 | 7.8 |
| All items excluding food and energy | 168.7 | 0.6 | 7.5 |

Month-to-Month Percentage Changes in the Unadjusted and
Seasonally Adjusted Consumer Price Index for Canada*

|  | All items |  | Food |  | All items excluding food |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted* | Unadjusteci | Seasonally adjusted** | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted* |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.4 |  | 0.8 | . | 0.2 |  |
| February | 0.7 |  | 0.7 |  | 0.6 |  |
| March | 1.1 |  | 1.4 | . | 1.1 |  |
| April | 0.2 | $\cdots$ | 1.7 | . | -0.4 |  |
| May | 1.4 | . | 3.3 | . | 0.6 |  |
| June | 0.9 | . | 2.0 | . | 0.4 |  |
| July | 1.5 | $\ldots$ | 4.0 | $\cdots$ | 0.4 |  |
| August | 0.1 | $\cdots$ | -1.4 | $\cdots$ | 0.7 |  |
| September | -0.2 |  | -2.4 |  | 0.7 |  |
| October | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 |
| November | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| December | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| February | 0.9 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| March | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| April | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 |

* For some elaboration of methodology, see Appendix ((A) of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).
**Seasonally adjusted data are revised annually using updated seasonal adjustment factors. For more information, refer to Appendix II, Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).
. . For an explanation of the non-availability of data previous to October 1978, see Appendix II, Section B(2), Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).


## Charlottetown/Summerside

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.5\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 8.9\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for beef, fresh fruit and restaurant meals; pork prices declined. Prices up for women's wear and men's haircuts. Higher prices for new cars.

## Halifax

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.8\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 8.8\%.

Main contributors: prices up for cigarettes, poultry, chocolate bars and restaurant meals, while pork prices declined. Higher prices for new cars and gasoline.

## Salnt John

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.7\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.2\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for fresh vegetables, beef, chocolate bars, cigarettes and restaurant meals, while pork and chicken prices fell. Higher charges for shelter.

## Quebec City

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.8\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.8\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for furniture and increased shelter charges. Clothing, gasoline and alcoholic beverage prices advanced.
(continued)

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities."

|  | All items | Food | Housing | Cloth ing | Trans-portation $1=100$ |  | Recreation reading and education | Tobacco <br> and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. John's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 196.6 | 251.5 | 199.4 | 150.1 | 172.8 | 189.6 | 152.2 | 161.2 |
| March 1979 index | 194.9 | 245.9 | 198.9 | 148.5 | 170.5 | 188.8 | 151.8 | 160.9 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 1.0 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.9 | 18.7 | 7.6 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 12.3 | 9.8 | 4.5 |
| Charlottetown/Summerside** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 149.5 | 160.2 | 154.2 | 130.1 | 145.2 | 147.6 | 130.5 | 135.0 |
| March 1979 index | 148.7 | 158.9 | 153.8 | 128.8 | 144.4 | 146.1 | 130.2 | 135.0 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 8.9 | 14.1 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 6.5 | 7.6 | 6.2 | 3.7 |
| Halliax | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 183.9 | 225.9 | 183.4 | 148.1 | 173.7 | 164.7 | 148.6 | 156.4 |
| March 1979 index | 182.5 | 223.9 | 182.8 | 146.6 | 172.0 | 164.5 | 148.2 | 150.7 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 3.8 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 8.8 | 14.7 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 9.2 |
| Salnt John |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 188.2 | 232.8 | 186.5 | 145.8 | 173.3 | 177.5 | 163.0 | 157.3 |
| March 1979 index | 186.8 | 229.8 | 185.9 | 144.9 | 173.2 | 175.8 | 162.8 | 152.5 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 0.1 | 3.1 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.2 | 15.2 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 6.7 |

## Montreal

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.9\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.8\%.

Main contributors: higher furniture prices. Prices up for beef, fresh fruit and chocolate bars. Increased prices for new cars and clothing.

## Ottawa

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.6\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.1\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for new cars and gasoline. Increased prices for restaurant meals, beef and fresh fruit; soft drink prices declined. Clothing prices up.

## Toronto

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.4\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.5\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for new cars and gasoline. Prices up for fresh fruit and beef, while pork and fresh vegetable prices fell. Increased clothing prices.

## Thunder Bay

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.9\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 8.9\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for fresh produce, bread, chicken and restaurant meals, while pork prices declined. Increased prices for new cars, gasoline and clothing.

## WInnipeg

All items: March to April 1979, up 1.0\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.8\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for gasoline and new cars. Increased prices for restaurant meals and beer, while fresh produce and pork prices fell. Increased telephone rates.

## Regina

All items: March to April 1979, up 0:5\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 7.8\%.

Main contributors: higher new car prices, while gasoline prices fell. Higher prices for bread, beer and restaurant meals, while fresh produce and pork prices declined.

## Saskatoon

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.6\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 8.1\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for bread, restaurant meals and alcoholic beverages, while those for pork and fresh vegetables declined. Increased shelter, automobile operation and telephone charges.

## Edmonton

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.7\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 9.3\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for chicken, cereal and bakery products, restaurant meals and pork. Increased shelter charges. Prices up for men's wear and new cars.

## Calgary

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.8\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 8.7\%.

Main contributors: higher shelter charges and clothing prices. Higher prices for restaurant meals and beef cuts, while prices for fresh vegetables and pork declined.

## Vancouver

All items: March to April 1979, up 0.3\%; April 1978 to April 1979, up 7.9\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for restaurant meals and bakery products; beef and fresh vegetable prices declined. Increased shelter charges and gasoline prices, while utility rates declined.

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada (continued)

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

| - | $\begin{array}{r} \text { All } \\ \text { items } \end{array}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing | Trans-portation $1=100)$ | Health and personal care | Recreation reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Québec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 184.9 | 229.9 | 182.2 | 141.7 | 173.3 | 176.4 | 154.1 | 165.8 |
| March 1979 index | 183.5 | 227.7 | 180.8 | 140.0 | 172.1 | 176.1 | 153.8 | 164.3 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.9 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.8 | 14.5 | 9.1 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 8.3 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 185.9 | 234.0 | 174.2 | 156.1 | 174.4 | 178.1 | 157.9 | 169.0 |
| March 1979 index | 184.2 | 230.7 | 172.5 | 154.9 | 172.7 | 177.4 | 157.5 | 168.4 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.8 | 16.8 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 9.5 | 4.9 | 8.8 |
| Ottawa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 185.6 | 222.0 | 181.3 | 171.7 | 175.3 | 171.2 | 149.4 | 166.2 |
| March 1979 index | 184.4 | 220.2 | 180.6 | 170.9 | 172.3 | 171.0 | 148.7 | 165.4 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 1.7 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.1 | 14.4 | 6.9 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 3.2 |
| Toronto |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 186.0 | 226.1 | 182.0 | 158.6 | 172.7 | 187.5 | 153.3 | 159.5 |
| March 1979 index | 185.2 | 225.2 | 181.6 | 157.8 | 171.1 | 186.8 | 152.8 | 159.2 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.5 | 15.1 | 7.2 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 10.7 | 6.0 | 2.4 |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 187.2 | 228.1 | 186.4 | 152.2 | 178.9 | 183.1 | 152.3 | 159.2 |
| March 1979 index | 185.6 | 225.1 | 185.3 | 151.0 | 176.6 | 182.3 | 151.6 | 158.3 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 8.9 | 13.8 | 7.9 | 10.8 | 7.4 | 9.0 | 5.6 | 3.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 189.1 | 228.9 | 196.6 | 161.7 | 166.9 | 178.4 | 152.4 | 160.9 |
| March 1979 index | 187.3 | 226.4 | 195.3 | 161.1 | 163.4 | 178.2 | 152.0 | 157.9 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 1.0 | 1.1 15.3 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 2.1 | 0.1 8.6 | 0.3 6.6 | 1.9 6.6 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.8 | 15.3 | 8.3 | 12.7 | 6.3 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Regina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 186.7 | 222.2 | 186.2 | 157.8 | 173.1 | 176.6 | 170.9 | 167.9 |
| March 1979 index | 185.7 | 220.4 | 185.1 | 156.5 | 173.4 | 176.2 | 170.4 | 165.7 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.8 | -0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 7.8 | 14.2 | 5.6 | 8.9 | 6.1 | 8.8 | 5.2 | 4.4 |
| Saskatoon 182.7 221. 1810 160.0 166.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 182.7 | 221.1 | 181.0 | 160.0 | 166.8 | 166.1 | 167.4 | 166.6 |
| March 1979 index | 181.6 | 218.2 | 180.0 | 158.7 | 166.1 | 167.6 | 167.1 | 164.7 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 | -0.9 | 0.2 | 1.2 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 8.1 | 13.5 | 6.5 | 9.2 | 6.5 | 7.9 | 5.7 | 4.3 |
| Edmonton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 189.8 | 223.9 | 201.2 | 164.7 | 174.4 | 165.6 | 158.4 | 146.7 |
| March 1979 index | 188.5 | 220.8 | 200.2 | 163.8 | 173.2 | 165.0 | 158.0 | 146.4 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 9.3 | 15.0 | 8.3 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 3.1 |
| Calgary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 185.7 | 220.0 | 192.1 | 165.8 | 168.5 | 174.6 | 156.7 | 150.1 |
| March 1979 index | 184.3 | 217.5 | 190.7 | 162.8 | 168.2 | 174.3 | 156.4 | 149.8 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 8.7 | 14.8 | 8.0 | 9.7 | 5.2 | 8.1 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Vancouver |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1979 index | 188.0 | 226.9 | 186.7 | 158.0 | 177.2 | 176.1 | 148.4 | 164.1 |
| March 1979 index | 187.5 | 225.6 | 186.1 | 158.4 | 176.7 | 175.4 | 148.7 | 163.7 |
| \% change from March 1979 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | -0.2 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1978 | 7.9 | 12.8 | 5.4 | 7.8 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 4.7 | 3.8 |

* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Section C, of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-010, $\$ 1.40 / \$ 5.60$ ).
* 1974=100.

Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, May 1, 1979 Advance Information
Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first day of May amounted to 113.4 million pounds compared with 116.1 million last month and 104.9
million a year earlier.
For further information, order the May issue of Stocks of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


Wednesday, May 23 ,

## CONTENTS



2 Juvenile Delinquency Statistics, 1974-1977
3 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 7, 1979
2 Electricity Selling Price Indexes, September-December 1978
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 19, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-003E (70థ/\$7) Canadian Statistical Review, April 1979
36-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Rigid Insulating Board, March 1979
36-003 (15థ/\$1.50) Particle Board, March 1979
41-212 (35¢) Scrap Iron and Steel, 1976
43-003 (15¢/\$1.50) Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, March 1979
56-002 (15¢/\$1.50) Telephone Statistics, March 1979
61-001 (30¢/\$3) Cheques Cashed, March 1979

Juvenile Dellnquency Statistics, 1974-77
The number of juveniles charged under the Juvenile Delinquents Act and dealt with by juvenile courts in 1977 declined slightly from 1976. The downturn follows considerable annual increases in recent years.
This picture emerges in a series of reports published simultaneously today by Statistics Canada for each year from 1974 to 1977. The figures released cover seven reporting provinces and the Yukon. Complete figures for Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, British Columbia and the Northwest Territories were not available.

In 1977, 44,181 juveniles were brought before the courts, a $7.7 \%$ decrease from the preceding year. These juveniles faced a total of 91,795 charges. The rate of juveniles referred to court as a proportion of the declining juvenile population fell by $5.6 \%$.

The total number of charges reported by juvenile courts for 1977, with those for Nova Scotia included, was 93,812 , a decline of $0.2 \%$ from the previous year. The number of charges resulting in a finding of delinquency amounted to 69,282 in 1977, compared with 68,555 in. 1976 . About $80 \%$ of the charges involved offencés ünder the Criminal Code of Canada; another $4: 6 \%$ concerned violations of other federal statutes; some $15 \%$ were made under provincial statutes, nearly all of them being for traffic and liquor offences; and the remainder were charges under municipal bylaws or were not specified.

- Violent crimes, including sexual offences, homicide, attempted murder, assaults and robbery increased slightly to 3,437 in 1977 from 3,337 in 1976.
- Drug-related charges numbered 2,287, a decline of 5.3\% from 1976.
- Although the 23,697 charges of theft in 1977 were the most numerous of any kind, they showed one of the largest drops for any offence category, almost $13 \%$.
- On the other hand, charges of some other offences increased significantly: possession by $36.6 \%$, and fraud and forgery by $23.6 \%$.
- Charges of breaking and entering, mischief and joyriding numbered, respectively, 23,622, 6,676 and 1,609, all about the same as in 1976.
Analysis of the 1977 figures shows that $80.5 \%$ of the individuals appearing in juvenile courts were males and $78.4 \%$ were between 14 and 17 years of age. A total of $78.3 \%$ of the juveniles charged in 1977 were adjudged delinquent.

Juvenile courts dealt with the charges in the following manner: $1.5 \%$ were referred to adult criminal courts; slightly less than $75 \%$ resulted in a finding of delinquency; and the remaining almost $25 \%$ did not lead to convictions.

Of those charges resulting in a finding of delinquency, $7.2 \%$ were dealt with by committing the juvenile to an institution, $34.7 \%$ by a term of probation and $25.1 \%$ by a fine or restitution order. A substantial proportion of the remainder were suspended or adjourned without further action.

During the period 1974 to 1977, the Juvenile Delinquents Act operated throughout Canada except in Newfoundland, where juvenile offenders were dealt with under the Welfare of Children Act. For the
purposes of the Act the minimum age of a juvenile was seven all across Canada. The upper limit was under 16 years of age in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Ontario, Saskatchewan, Yukon and the Northwest Territories; under 17 in Newfoundland and British Columbia; under 18 in Quebec and Manitoba; under 18 for females and under 16 for males in Alberta.

## Juvenlle Delinquency Data Avallable

Statistics on juvenile delinquency for the years 1974-1977 are now available on CANSIM, Statistics Canada's computerized data base.

Printed reports containing principal findings are also available free on request for each of the four years.

For a copy of any of these reports or for information, contact the project manager, Juvenile Court Survey (613-995-0855), Justice Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## Electricity Selling Price Indexes, September-

 December 1978 - Advance InformationElectricity selling price indexes are now available for the period September 1978-December 1978 inclusive. With the release of data for the most current four months, indexes for the previous four-month span have been revised and finalized.

For further information, order the March issue of Industry Price Indexes ( $62-011,55 \$ / \$ 5.50$ ), or contact the Information Unit, Industrial Prices (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 19, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended May 19 was 362,128 short tons ( 328517 t ), an increase of $4.1 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 347,947 short tons ( 315652 t ). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 305,732 short tons ( 277355 t ).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 197.6 in the current week, 189.9 a week earlier and 166.9 a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Railway Carloadings

7-day period ending May 7, 1979

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carioad traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,883,714 | 2,392,555 | 5,276,269 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 1,815,566 | 2,242,268 | 4,057,834 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2616061 | 2170489 | 4786550 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1647054 | 2034151 | 3681205 |
| \% change | 58.8 | 6.7 | 30.0 |
| Cars, 1979 | 44,315 | 34,885 | 79,200 |
| Cars, 1978 | 33,678 | 34,031 | 67,709 |
| \% change | 31.6 | 2.5 | 17.0 |
| Piggyback trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 167,917 | 57,235 | 225,152 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 157,774 | 59,361 | 217,135 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 152332 | 51923 | 204255 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 143130 | 53851 | 196981 |
| \% change | 6.4 | -3.6 | 3.7 |
| Cars, 1979 | 4,840 | 2,305 | 7,145 |
| Cars, 1978 | 4,870 | 2,441 | 7,311 |
| \% change | -0.6 | -5.6 | -2.3 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Totai carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 43,780,474 | 38,469,327 | 82,249,801 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 38,860,743 | 38,185,952 | 77,046,695 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 39716978 | 34898786 | 74615764 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 35253873 | 34641713 | 69895586 |
| \% change | 12.7 | 0.7 | 6.8 |
| Cars, 1979 | 706,484 | 564,014 | 1,270,498 |
| Cars, 1978 | 663,902 | 574,225 | 1,238,127 |
| \% change | 6.4 | -1.8 | 2.6 |
| Plggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,927,235 | 1,125,691 | 4,052,926 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 2,996,163 | 1,076,121 | 4,072,284 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2655543 | 1021210 | 3676753 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 2718073 | 976241 | 3694314 |
| \% change | -2.3 | 4.6 | -0.5 |
| Cars, 1979 | 88,769 | 43,085 | 131,854 |
| Cars, 1978 | 90,068 | 43,435 | 133.503 |
| \% change | -1.4 | -0.8 | -1.2 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.
Railway Carioadings, 7 Days Ended May 7, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
The volume of revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada in the above-noted week totalled 4.8 million $t$ ( 5.3 million short tons), up $30.0 \%$ over the corresponding week in 1978.

Rail freight originating in the East showed an increase of $58.8 \%$ (due in part to 1978 traffic losses in Newfoundland and Quebec resulting from labour problems in the iron mining industry); Western movements were up 6.7\%. Container-trailer (piggyback) loadings (included above) rose $6.4 \%$ in the East but declined $3.6 \%$ in the West for an over-all gain of 3.7\%.

In the January 1 to May 7, 1979 period, railways loaded 74.6 million t ( 82.2 million short tons), $6.8 \%$ above the year-earlier level. The number of cars loaded rose $2.6 \%$ to $1,270,498$, while piggyback movements were down 0.5\%.


Thursday, May 24, 1979

## CONTENTS

2 Sales of Cement, April 1979
2 Ready-mix Concrete Manufacturers, 1977

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-001 (40§/\$4) The Dalry Review, March 1979
31-001 (55 / \$5.50) Inventorles, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industrles, February 1979

32-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Dairy Factory Production, March 1979
32-223 (70¢) Vegetable Oil Mills, 1977
32-227 (70¢) Poultry Processors, 1977
33-003 (30థ/\$3) Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, March 1979
34-212 (70థ) Foundation Garment Industry, 1977
35-212 (70థ) Office Furniture Manufacturers, 1977
42-205 (70¢) Boatbuilding and Repair, 1977
47-004 (15 $\$$ /\$1.50) Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, March 1979

64-203 (\$1.40) Building Permits, Annual Summary, 1978
Service Bulletin:
32-023 (\$1.40 per year) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation - Vol. 7, No. 19, Pack of Processed Blueberries, 1978

Seiected Principal Statistics for Ready-mix Concrete Manufacturers
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3550 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 348 | 335 | -4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 7,251 | 6,732 | -7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 15,490 | 14,468 | -7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 102,567 | 108,838 | 6 |
| Cost of fuel and eiectricity | \$000 | 18,365 | 19,414 | 6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 344,736 | 372,898 | 8 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | . $\$ 000$ | 633,490 | 672,023 | 6 |
| Value added , $\because 7$ | \$000 | 271,449 | 281,667 | 4 |
| Total'Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 9,128 | 8,521 | -7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 133,282 | 137,646 | 3 |
| Ṫotal value added | \$000 | 282,615 | 292,797 | 4 |

For further information, contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Ready-mix Concrete Manufacturers, 1977 (44-211, 70థ).

Sales of Cement, April 1979 - Advance Information
Advance information on sales of cement as reported by Canadian producers for the month of April 1979 is now available.

For further information, contact Gordon McWade (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.



## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-024 (15 $/$ /\$1.50) Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant SkIm Milk Powder, April 1979

## Service Bulietins:

13-003 (\$1.40 per year) Science Statistics, Vol: 3, No: 5, The Provincial Research Organizations. 1977

32-023 (\$1.40 per year) Frult and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 7: No. 10, Pack of Canned Pears, 1978; No. 11, Pack of Processed Peaches, 1978; No. 16, Pack of Processed Lima Beans, 1978
(continued)

51-004 (\$4.20 per year) Avlation Statlatlcs Centre, Vol. 11, No. 5, Canadian Air Transport Industry, Summary Statistics

54-003 (\$1.40.per year) Water Transiport, Vol. 9, No. 4, Cargo Loaded and Unloaded in Coastwise Shipping; by Vessels of Foreign Registries, January-March 1979 and 1978

64-003(\$1.40 per year) Constructlon Statlstics, Vol. 2, No. 4, Construction Duration of Apartments by Size of Structure, 1978

Recelpts and Payments on International Travel
1978-1979*


* Includes international faro payments.
p Preliminary estimates:
For further information, order the January-March issue of Travel Between Canada and Other Countries (66-001, \$1.75/\$7), or contact Mr. Mike Valiquette (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Internatlonal Travel Recelpts and Payments, First Quarter 1979 and 1978 Final - Advance Information Preliminary estimates for the first quarter of 1979 show that Canada earned $\$ 241$ million from international travel while Canadians' payments abroad were estimated at $\$ 1,096$ million. The deficit of $\$ 855$ million on international travel was down from the $\$ 923$ million deficit recorded in the January-March 1978 period. (In year-over-year comparisons for the first quarter, it should be noted that Easter occurred in March in 1978 but in April in 1979.)

Canada received $\$ 163$ million from the 4.1 million United States visitors in the first quarter of 1979, while expenditures of $\$ 713$ million were attributed to the 6.9 million Canadians visiting the U.S. This resulted in an estimated deficit of $\$ 550$ million with the U.S. Receipts from countries other than the U.S. reached $\$ 78$ million when 145,500 visitors entered Canada, while the 537,200 Canadians travelling in these countries contributed to payments of $\$ 383$ million, resulting in an estimated deficit of $\$ 305$ million with countries other than the U.S.

Final estimates for 1978 indicate ihat Canada earned $\$ 2,378$ million from international travel, up $\mathbf{1 7 . 4 \%}$ from 1977, while Canadians' payments abroad totalled $\$ 4,084$ million, $11.4 \%$ above 1977 . This resulted in a deficit of \$1,706 million on international travel compared with the 1977 deficit of $\$ 1,641$ million.

Receipts from the U.S. reached $\$ 1,650$ million, up 8.2\% over 1977, while those from other countries totalled $\$ 728$ million, $45.6 \%$ higher than 1977 and $24.7 \%$ above the Olympic year of 1976. Payments to the U.S. amounted to $\$ 2,553$ million, up $12.0 \%$ from the
previous year, while those to other countries equalled \$i,531 million, an increase of $10.5 \%$ over 1977.

It should be noted that all the above figures include international fare payments.

For further information, order the January-March issue of Travel Between Canada and Other Countries ( $66-001, \$ 1.75 / \$ 7$ ), or contact M. W. Valiquette (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Financial Flows and Multinational Enterprises Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills In British Columbla, March 1979 - Advance Information
Sawmills in British Columbia produced $\mathbf{1 , 1 8 1 . 6}$ million feet board measure ( $2788.3 \mathrm{m3}$ ) of lumber and ties in March 1979 compared to $1,127.7$ million feet board measure ( $2661.1 \mathrm{m3}$ ) a year earlier.

January to March production.increased to $3,247.5$ million feet board measure ( $7663.2 \mathrm{m3}$ ) in 1979 from $3,175.7$ million feet board measure ( 7493.8 m 3 ) in 1978.

For further information, order the March issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia (35-003, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-006 (N/C) New Surveys, Notes on Statistical Survey Activity Within the Federal Government, Volume 4, Number 3, Third Quarter 1978

23-005 (\$1.40 a year) Report on Livestock Surveys, Pigs, April 1, 1979
32-022 (15\$/\$1.50) Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, April 1979
35-001 (30\$/\$3) Construction Type Plywood, March 1979
41-011 ( $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ) Production and Shipments of Steel Pipe, Tubing and Fittings, March 1979

53-224 (\$1.40) For-hire Trucking Survey, 1976
61-204 (\$1.40) Provincial Government Enterprise Finance, Fiscal Years Ended Nearest to December 31st, 1976
(continued)


63-008 (15¢/\$1.50) Wholesale Trade, March 1979

## Service Bulletin:

32-023 (\$1.40 a year) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 7, No. 18, Pack of Processed Brussels Sprouts, 1978

Retall Trade, Ail Stores, by Province and Selected Metropolitan Areas March 1979 - Advance Information.

|  |  | Unadjust |  |  | asonally Ad | usted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales | All Stores |  | Sales A | All Stores |  |
| , | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | Mar. 79/ Mar. 78 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 r \end{gathered}$ | Mar. 79 / Feb. 79 |
| *- $\cdot$ | (\$ m | illions) | \% | (\$ mi | illions) | \% |
| Newfoundiand | 111,185 | 90,086 | 15.8 | 117,713 | 113,173 | 4.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 25,927 | 21,820 | 10.1 | 29,115 | 28,885 | 0.8 |
| Nova Scotia | 202,365 | 164,350 | 19.7 | 211,263 | 206,030 | 2.5 |
| New Brunswick | 154,896 | 123,973 | 19.4 | 164,921 | 157,226 | 4.9 |
| Quebec | 1,636,844 | 1,299,941 | 22.2 | 1,674,029 | 1,623,506 | 3.1 |
| Ontario | 2,158,359 | 1,801,873 | 12.5 | 2,290,259 | 2,188,864 | 4.6 |
| Manitoba ! | 224,722 | 192,818 | 7.0 | 235,132 | 247,139 | -4.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 248,388 | 203,031 | 10.9 | 261,412 | 251,525 | 3.9 |
| Alberta | 618,803 | 511,195 | 19.1 | 638,140 | 624,246 | 2.2 |
| British Columbia | 711,477 | 606,845 | 10.6 | 732,576 | 721,833 | 1.5 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 14,888 | 12,292 | 0.6 | 15,424 | 15,277 | 1.0 |
| Canada | 6,107,854 | 5,028,225 | 15.5 | 6,384,561 | 6,181,737 | 3.3 |
| Montreal | 770,223 | 608,919 | 20.3 |  |  |  |
| Toronto | 791,638 | 664,633 | 13.8 | - |  |  |
| Winnipeg | 140,768 | 119,897 | 1.0 | - |  |  |
| Vancouver | 360,530 | 314,173 | 11.0 | - | - | - |

## p Proliminary figures <br> r Revised figures

Retall Trade, March 1979 - Advance Information Seasonally-adjusted retail sales for March reached $\$ 6,384.6$ million, an increase of $3.3 \%$ from $\$ 6,181.7$ million in February. The largest increases were registered by household furniture stores (+25.1\%), furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores (+25.1\%) and family shoe stores ( $+16.8 \%$ ). The largest decreases were recorded for all other food stores ( $-5.0 \%$ ), jewellery stores ( $-4.9 \%$ ), and combination stores (-4.9\%). All provinces except Manitoba (-4.9\%) showed increased sales over February ranging from 4.9\% for New Brunswick to 0.8\% for Prince Edward Island.

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment at $\$ 6,107.9$ million was up $15.5 \%$ over March 1978. Sales were higher in all trade groups except florists (-14.2\%). The largest increases were posted by household furniture stores ( $+46.7 \%$ ), specialty shoe stores ( $+37.3 \%$ ) and furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores (+35.1\%). All provinces reported increased sales over March 1978, ranging from 22.2\% for Quebec to 7.0\% for Manitoba. Montreal sales rose 20.3\%; Toronto 13.8\%; Winnipeg $1.0 \%$; and $V$ Vancouver $11.0 \%$.

Revised total retail trade, unadjusted for seasonal influences, for February 1979 was $\$ 5,028.2$ million, an increase of 12.6\% from February 1978.
For further information, order the March issue of Retail Trade (63-005, $55 \$ / \$ 5.50$ ), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and

Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4. This issue of the publication will contain revised estimates of retail trade, unadjusted for seasonal influences, for 1978, and revised seasonally-adjusted estimates of retail trade for 1977 and 1978.
(see table on next page)
Merchandising Businesses Survey: Wholesale Merchants, 1977 - Advance Information
The total volume of trade reported by 21,424 establishments for the 1977 Merchandising Businesses Survey, Wholesale Merchants was $\$ 68,244,566,000$.
This and other data will be contained in Merchandising Businesses Survey, 1977, Wholesale Merchants (63-601, \$1.05), and advance details can be obtained from the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

Retail Trade, Canada, by Kind of Business
March 1979 - Advance Information

| Kind of Business | Unadjusted |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  | Mar. 79/ <br> Mar. 78 | Sales All Stores |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. } 79 / \\ \text { Feb. } 79 \end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{r} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 r \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Combination stores (groceries and meat) | $1,221,020 \quad 1,095,729$ |  | 11.3 | 1,150,553 | 1,209,948 | -4.9 |
| Grocery, confectionery and sundries stores | 286, 124 | 260,687 | 14.1 | 299,157 | 301,198 | -0.7 |
| All other food stores | 104,517 | 94,447 | 5.9 | 103,056 | 108,435 | -5.0 |
| Department stores | 609,741 | 448,714 | 13.6 | 689,973 | 652,770 | 5.7 |
| General merchandise stores | 137,392 | 116,319 | 7.8 | 154,777 | 147,838 | 4.7 |
| General stores | 109,315 | 92,251 | 10.5 | 119,940 | 119,126 | 0.7 |
| Variety stores | 69,602 | 52,780 | 4.3 | 80,229 | 75,975 | 5.6 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | 1,355,820 | 1,048,700 | 21.6 | 1,341,846 | 1,211,670 | 10.7 |
| Used car dealers | 26,448 | 19,546 | 14.4 | 23,677 | 23,465 | 0.9 |
| Service stations | 392,587 | 371,269 | 13.1 | 421,523 | 439,216 | -4.0 |
| Garages | 90,260 | 74,573 | 30.5 | 96,647 | 84,964 | 13.8 |
| Automotive parts and accessories stores | 104,312 | 77,895 | 33.3 | 135,554 | 128,222 | 5.7 |
| Men's clothing stores | 61,926 | 47,990 | 14.7 | 74,156 | 70,740 | 4.8 |
| Women's clothing stores | 99,189 | 73,178 | 14.7 | 109,809 | 106,456 | 3.2 |
| Family clothing stores | 73,910 | 54,312 | 18.0 | 85,284 | 81,721 | 4.4 |
| Specialty shoe stores | 7,858 | 5,663 | 37.3 | 9,258 | 8,319 | 11.3 |
| Family shoe stores | 46,198 | 28,493 | 23.5 | 55,941 | 47,895 | 16.8 |
| Hardware stores | 48,486 | 37,944 | 12.1 | 63,658 | 58,547 | 8.7 |
| Household furniture stores | 112,257 | 79,643 | 46.7 | 120,701 | 96,478 | 25.1 |
| Household appliance stores | 22,689 | 17,173 | 14.7 | 24,229 | 21,254 | 14.0 |
| Furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores | 47,863 | 32,959 | 35.1 | 53,893 | 43,095 | 25.1 |
| Pharmacies, patent medicine and cosmetics stores | 192,125 | 172,499 | 14.8 | 192,323 | 187,336 | 2.7 |
| Book and stationery stores | 26,895 | 25,213 | 10.1 | 28,351 | 28,854 | -1.7 |
| Florists | 20,084 | 21,941 | -14.2 | 22,458 | 22,718 | -1.1 |
| Jewellery stores | 38,697 | 36,512 | 7.1 | 53,302 | 56,026 | -4.9 |
| Sporting goods and accessories stores | 63,759 | 47,864 | 20.3 | 77,721 | 66,737 | 16.5 |
| Personal accessories stores | 75,369 | 65,574 | 0.9 | 82,325 | 81,855 | 0.6 |
| All other stores | 663,413 | 528,356 | 14.5 | 721,888 | 693,381 | 4.1 |
| Total, all stores | 6,107,854 | 5,028,225 | 15.5 | 6,384,561 | 6,181,737 | 3.3 |

p Preliminary figures
r Revised figures

## Selected Princlpal Statistics for Iron and Steel Mills

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 291 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 46 | 48 | 4.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 40,573 | 41,295 | 1.8 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 84,213 | 84,747 | 0.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 611,758 | 677,595 | 10.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 174,469 | 229,467 | 31.5 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,468,650 | 1,683,276 | 14.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 51,978 | 52,709 | 1.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 832,503 | 917,892 | 10.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,489,808 | 1,677,648 | 12.6 |

For further information, contact Mr. J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Iron and Steel Mills, 1977 (41-203, 70¢).

Median Salaries of 1976 University and College Graduates* Who Were Working Full-time During the Week of May 28 to June 3, 1978, by Province of Intervlew and Qualification Level

| Province of interview | Qualification Level |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | College Diploma |  |  | University Degree |  |  |
|  | 1 year | 2 years | 3-4 years | Bachelors | Masters | Doctorates |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Newfoundland |  | 11,550 | 14,214 | 15,523 | 22,692 |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 9,375 | 11,833 | 11,438 | 12,818 | 18,000 |  |
| Nova Scotia | 10,500 | 11,764 |  | 13,140 | 18,750 | 17,875 |
| New Brunswick | 10,583 | 11,401 |  | 14,734 | 19,444 | 17,800 |
| Québec | 6,944 | 11,325 | 13,350 | 14,758 | 21,143 | 23,800 |
| Ontario | 10,153 | 11,484 | 13,069 | 14,718 | 20,157 | 21,567 |
| Manitoba | 11,769 | 12,630 | 11,500 | 14,642 | 19,758 | 21,250 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 13,019 | 14,100 | 15,507 | 22,667 | 19,800 |
| Alberta | 9,889 | 13,585 | 13,036 | 15,229 | 21,141 | 22,571 |
| British Columbia | 11,700 | 14,287 | 13,788 | 15,206 | 20,230 | 21,273 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories |  | 14,417 |  | 18,095 |  |  |
| Canada* Median Salaries | 10,211 | 12,261 | 13,129 | 14,813 | 20,420 | 21,565 |

* Data on graduates of Quebec universities and colleges are not included in the survey.
. . . Figures not avallable.

Employment of 1976 University and Coilege Graduates - Advance Information
Results of a survey of 1976 graduates of postsecondary education programs show that two years after graduation approximately $83.5 \%$ of all graduates had secured full-time employment. Although there were no significant differences in full-time employment rates between university and college graduates, there were wide variations within subject disciplines. The proportion of female graduates looking for fulltime employment was higher in almost every category.
The survey was designed to study the employment and job search experiences of recent graduates and to measure job satisfaction and the relevance of education to current employment. A number of socioeconomic characteristics of graduates were obtained for analytical purposes. Graduates of Quebec's postsecondary institutions were not included in the national survey since a basically similar study was being implemented by that province at the same time.
Median salaries of graduates by province where interviewed are shown in the accompanying table. For further information on the survey, contact Doug Lynd or John North (613-995-9797), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Oliseeds, April 1979 - Advance Information
Domestic crushings of vegetable oilseeds for April, with oil produced and meal produced (all figures in metric tonnes);

- Soybeans: 62805 (11 129; 48 699);
- Rapeseed: 63070 ( 25 870; 36 795).

For further information, order the April issue of Grains and Oilseeds Review (22-007, 40\$/\$4), or contact J.M. Huard (613-995-4877), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, February 1979 - Advance Information
Crude petroleum production for the month of February averaged 266200 cubic metres daily ( $1,675,000$ barrels/day), up $17.5 \%$ from 226600 cubic metres/day ( $1,425,800$ barrels/day) in February 1978.
Net new production of natural gas for the latest period averaged 331000 thousand cubic metres/day ( $11,685,800$ thousand cubic feet/day), up $8.4 \%$ from 305400 thousand cubic metres/day (10,779,500 thousand cubic feet/day) a year earlier.
For further information, order the February issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact George Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Stocks of Frult and Vegetabies, May 1, 1979 Advance Information
Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on May 1 totalled 34.6 million pounds compared with 30.7 million last year.
Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 90.7 million pounds ( 78.2 million in 1978).

For further information, order the May issue of Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables ( $32-010,30 ¢ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


Tuesday, May 29, 1979

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2 Real Domestic Product, March 1979
5 Employment, Earnings and Hours, March 1979
8 Key Economic Series, June 1979
6 Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, April 1979
9 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 14, 1979
8 .New Housing Price Indexes, April 1979
7 Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, April 1979
7 . Canned and Frozen Frults and Vegetables, March 1979
9 Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 26, 1979

## Price Indexes Now Available

First quarter 1979 and fourth quarter 1978 revised figures for the chemical and mineral process plant indexes and the chemical and petrochemical plant price indexes are now available.

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics (62-007, 40§/\$4), or contact Mrs. Jean John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-003 (40\$/\$3) Frult and Vegetable Production, May 1979
34-202 (70థ) Canvas Products and Cotton and Jute Bags Industrles, 1977
41-227 (70§) Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry, 1977
(continued)

## 42-207 (70¢) Machine Shops, 1977

## 44-211 (70¢) Ready-mix Concrete Manufacturers, 1977

47-209 (70¢) Signs and Displays Industry, 1977

## 63-007 (30\$/\$3) New Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1979

Real Domestic Product, March 1979 - Advance Information
The seasonally adjusted index of real domestic product (1971=100) increased 0.5\% to 137.5 in March from 136.8 in February. The index of industrial production advanced $0.3 \%$ in March. Goodsproducing industries were up $0.2 \%$, while serviceproducing industries increased $0.7 \%$.

In goods-producing industries, output gains were confined to agriculture, manufacturing, mining, and construction. Forestry, fishing and trapping, and utilities declined during March. Most of the growth in agriculture resulted from an increase in crop receipts. Manufacturing output rose for the fifth consecutive month, with substantial increases posted by manufacturers of food and beverage products, tobacco products, rubber and plastics, paper and allied products, refined petroleum products, and transportation equipment. Sizeable declines were recorded in knitting mills, chemicals and chemical products, and primary metals (output in primary metals was affected by labour disputes). Mining output recorded a modest gain in March, mainly due to increases in metal mining and non-metal mining. Mineral fuels production declined slightly, due to a decrease in output of natural gas. A marginal increase was recorded in construction during March as a result of increased non-residential building activity; residential building decreased slightly from the February level.

The service-producing industries, transportation, storage and communications, trade, community, business and personal services, and public administration and defence services all recorded significant increases, while finance, insurance and real estate services were relatively unchanged from the previous month. In transportation, storage and communications, railway transport, which had been affected by adverse weather conditions in February, recovered with an increase of about $6.0 \%$. Substantial growth was also reported in air and bus transport, grain elevators and communication systems. For the third consecutive month, total trade recorded substantial growth. The growth occurred in retail trade, with major increases for department stores, motor vehicle dealers, hardware stores, furniture, television, radio and appliance stores, and drug stores. The only major decline in retail trade in March occurred in food stores.

In community, business and personal services, increases were recorded in education and related services, services to business management, and accommodation and food services.

## Real Domestic Product, 1st Quarter 1979

The seasonally-adjusted index of real domestic product increased $1.0 \%$ in the first quarter of 1979 to 136.8 from 135.4 in the fourth quarter of 1978. The index of industrial production was up 2.1\% to 139.3 in the first quarter. Both goods-producing and serviceproducing industries increased 1.0\%.

In goods-producing industries, increases were recorded in agriculture, mining, utilities and manufacturing. Forestry, fishing and trapping, and construction declined. The increase in agriculture reflected strength in output of grain, poultry and dairy products,
while livestock production declined. Mining output was up significantly for the second consecutive quarter; most of the strength originated in crude petroleum and natural gas, miscellaneous metal mines, and asbestos mines. Although production in metal mines increased sharply, the level of output remained below levels attained in the first and second quarters of 1978, mainly due to a prolonged labour dispute affecting production of nickel. Production in iron mines in the first quarter changed little from that of the previous quarter; however, output levels were approximately $18 \%$ higher than a year earlier, reflecting a continued recovery from strikes which occurred in the second and third quarters of 1978.

Utilities' output advanced significantly in the first quarter, with strength in both electric power and gas distribution systems.

In manufacturing, gains were widespread for both durables and non-durables. It was the ninth consecutive quarterly increase for manufacturing, although somewhat smaller than that of the three previous quarters. Pulp and paper and chemicals contributed significantly to the increase in non-durables manufacturing. In durable goods manufacturing, important gains were recorded by transportation equipment industries and machinery industries. However, wood industries' output decreased as a result of the weakness in residential construction output in Canada during the past three quarters.

Construction output decreased for the third consecutive quarter and all major components contributed to the decrease.

For the service industries, trade, transportation, storage and communications and community, business and personal services all increased. Within trade, retail and wholesale contributed about equally to the growth following declines in the fourth quarter of 1978. In retail trade, motor vehicle dealers, furniture stores and food stores contributed most of the increase, while declines were recorded by all the components of the general merchandise stores.

For transportation, storage and communications, most of the gains occurred in communications, due to continuing growth in telephone systems. Air transport and pipelines (due to larger exports of oil to the United States) registered increases, while railway transport and urban transit declined. For bus transport, a strike that started at the end of December 1978 in the province of Quebec reduced output in the quarter. Within storage, a large increase in grain elevators brought back the output level of storage to its third quarter 1978 level. Services to business management and restaurants contributed most of the increase in output of community, business and personal services.

For further information, order the March issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production), (61-005, $40 \Phi / \$ 4$ ), or contact R.W. Collins (613-995-0443), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
see tables on pages 3 and 4)

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

| - | 1971 <br> percentage weight | 1978 |  | 1979 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1979 \\ \% \\ \text { Change } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. |  |
| Reai Domestic Product | 100.00 | 135.9 | 136.1 | 136.8 | 137.5 | 0.5 |
| Agriculture | 3.371 | 109.4 | 110.3 | 110.0 | 110.9 | 0.8 |
| Forestry | . 802 | 135.9 | 141.3 | 130.9 | 124.8 | -4.7 |
| Fishing and Trapping | . 178 | 102.9 | 99.5 | 93.4 | 92.3 | -1.2 |
| Mines (Inciuding miling), quarrles and oll welis | 3.819 | 106.8 | 107.3 | 110.7 | 112.0 | 1.2 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 140.5 | 140.8 | 140.9 | 141.5 | 0.4 |
| Construction Industry | 6.990 | 107.2 | 105.2 | 105.6 | 105.9 | 0.3 |
| Transportation, storage and communication | 9.050 | 146.5 | 146.2 | 145.4 | 148.4 | 2.1 |
| Transportation | 5.991 | 132.6 | 130.7 | 129.5 | 132.2 | 2.1 |
| Air transport and services incidental to |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| air transport | . 671 | 194.9 | 199.4 | 204.2 | 207.0 | 1.4. |
| Railway transport | 1.815 | 127.6 | 123.5 | 115.9 | 122.5 | $5.7{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Bus transport, interurban and rural | . 089 | 127.4 | 115.5 | 103.5 | 106.1 | 2.5 |
| Urban transit systems | . 250 | 122.5 | 114.8 | 112.9 | 112.9 | -1 |
| Pipeline transport | . 486 | 127.0 | 127.5 | 135.0 | 134.8 | -0.1 |
| Storage | . 258 | 113.9 | 118.8 | 116.2 | 132.7 | 14.2 |
| Grain elevators | . 177 | 98.8 | 105.0 | 98.8 | 125.5 | 27.0 |
| Communication | 2.801 | 179.5 | 181.8 | 181.9 | 184.6 | 1.5 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 161.0 | 164.7 | 169.0 | 165.5 | -2.1 |
| Trade ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11.561 | 139.8 | 141.1 | 143.2 | 144.7 | 1.0 |
| Wholesale trade | 4.756 | 130.3 | 133.5 | 135.4 | 134.6 | -0.6 |
| Wholesale merchants | 3.498 | 131.. | 135.3 | 137.6 | 137.1 | -0.4 |
| Retail trade | 6.805 | 146.5 | 146.4 | 148.7 | 151.8 | 2.1 |
| Food stores | 1.299 | 116.8 | 113.0 | 119.0 | 117.1 | -1.6 |
| General merchandise stores | 1.413 | 154.5 | 147.3 | 145.3 | 152.5 | 5.0 |
| Department stores | . 889 | 182.3 | 172.8 | 170.6 | 180.2 | 5.6 |
| Other general merchandise stores | . 524 | 107.4 | 104.0 | 102.4 | 105.6 | 3.1 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | . 811 | 146.0 | 161.4 | 172.5 | 178.9 | 3.7 |
| Clothing stores | . 434 | 137.0 | 140.5 | 136.4 | 136.9 | 0.4 |
| Hardware stores . | . 101 | 108.8 | 110.1 | 110.2 | 115.1 | - 4.4 |
| Furniture, television, radio and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| appliance stores | . 216 | 149.9 | 155.6 | 156.7 | 163.0 | 4.0 |
| Drug stores . | . 301 | 194.0 | 190.8 | 179.5 | 183.7 | 2.3 |
| Finance, insurance and real estate. | 11.853 | 152.9 | 152.4 | 153.2 | 153.0 | -0.1 |
| Community, business and personal service Industrles | 19.539 | 134.7 | 135.2 | 136.0 | 136.6 | 0.4 |
| Education and related services | 6.478 | 109.4 | 109.0 | 110.6 | 110.9 | 0.3 |
| Health and welfare services | 5.318 | 127.1 | 127.7 | 128.0 | 128.0 | - |
| Amusement and recreation services | . 536 | 170.4 | 173.1 | 175.2 | 178.9 | 2.1 |
| Services to business management | 2.373 | 194.7 | 195.2 | 197.9 | 199.2 | 0.7 |
| Personal services | 1.021 | 119.7 | 120.0 | 120.3 | 119.9 | -0.3 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.588 | 155.6 | 157.5 | 156.2 | 158.0 | 1.2 |
| Publlc administration and defence | 7.425 | 124.3 | 124.4 | 124.3 | 125.0 | 0.6 |
| Special grouplngs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index of industrial production | 29.230 | 137.9 | 138.6 | 139.5 | 139.9 | 0.3 |
| Real domestic product less agriculture | 96.629 | 136.8 | 137.0 | 137.7 | 138.4 | 0.5 |
| Goods-producing industries | 40.572 | 130.1 | 130.4 | 130.9 | 131.1 | $0.2$ |
| Goods-producing industries less agriculture | 37.201 | 132.0 | 132.2 | 132.7 | 132.9 | 0.2 |
| Service-producing industries | 59.428 | 139.8 | 140.1 | 140.8 | 141.8 | 0.7 |
| Commercial industries | 81.308 | 140.1 | 140.4 | 141.0 | . 141.8 | $\therefore .0 .6$ |
| Commercial industries less agriculture | 77.937 | 141.4 | 141.7 | 142.4 | 143.1 | $0.5$ |
| Non-commercial industries | 18.692 | 117.6 | 117.6 | 118.3 | 118.6 | 0.3 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 138.0 | 139.5 | 139.6 | 140.6 | - 0.7 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 142.9 | 142.2 | 142.2 | 142.5 | 0.2 |

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | 1971 percentage weight | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 4th Qtr. } \\ 1978 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 1st Qtr. } \\ 1979 \end{array}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Domestic Product | 100.00 | 135.4 | 136.8 | 1.0 |
| Agricuiture | 3.371 | 108.9 | 110.4 | 1.4 |
| Forestry | . 802 | 143.6 | 132.3 | -7.8 |
| Fishing and Trapping | . 178 | 103.3 | 95.1 | -7.9 |
| Mines (including milling), quarrles and oil weils | 3.819 | 105.5 | 110.0 | 4.3 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 139.1 | 141.1 | 1.4 |
| Construction industry | 6.990 | 108.8 | 105.6 | -3.0 |
| Transportation, storage and communication | 9.050 | 144.5 | 146.7 | 1.5 |
| Transportation | 5.991 | 130.5 | 130.8 | 0.2 |
| Air transport and services incidental to |  |  |  |  |
| air transport | . 671 | 191.7 | 203.5 | 6.2 |
| Railway transport | 1.815 | 124.2 | 120.6 | -2.9 |
| Bus transport, interurban and rural | . 089 | 127.6 | 108.4 | -15.1 |
| Urban transit systems | . 250 | 119.2 | 113.5 | -4.7 |
| Pipeline transport | . 486 | 124.2 | 132.4 | 6.6 |
| Storage | . 258 | 110.0 | 122.6 | 11.4 |
| Grain elevators | . 177 | 93.3 | 109.8 | 17.7 |
| Communication | 2.801 | 177.5 | 182.8 | 2.9 |
| Eiectric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 159.3 | 166.4 | 4.5 |
| Trade | 11.561 | 139.7 | 143.0 | 2.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 4.756 | 131.3 | 134.5 | 2.4 |
| Wholesale merchants | 3.498 | 132.9 | 136.7 | 2.9 |
| Retail trade | 6.805 | 145.6 | 149.0 | 2.3 |
| Food stores | 1.299 | 114.0 | 116.4 | 2.1 |
| General merchandise stores | 1.413 | 153.5 | 148.4 | -3.3 |
| Department stores | . 889 | 180.3 | 174.5 | -3.2 |
| Other general merchandise stores | . 524 | 108.0 | 104.0 | -3.7 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | . 811 | 149.5 | 170.9 | 14.3 |
| Clothing stores | . 434 | 134.8 | 137.9 | 2.3 |
| Hardware stores | . 101 | 113.4 | 111.8 | -1.4 |
| Furniture, television, radio and |  |  |  |  |
| appliance stores | . 216 | 147.7 | 158.4 | 7.3 |
| Drug stores | . 301 | 186.2 | 184.7 | -0.8 |
| Finance, Insurance and real estate | 11.853 | 152.9 | 152.9 | - |
| Community, business and personal service industries | 19.539 | 134.6 | 135.9 | 1.0 |
| Education and related services | 6.478 | 110.6 | 110.2 | -0.4 |
| Health and welfare services | 5.318 | 126.6 | 127.9 | 1.0 |
| Amusement and recreation services | . 536 | 170.1 | 175.7 | 3.3 |
| Services to business management | 2.373 | 192.6 | 197.4 | 2.5 |
| Personal services | 1.021 | 118.8 | 120.1 | 1.1 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.588 | 155.0 | 157.2 | 1.4 |
| Public administration and defence | 7.425 | 124.7 | 124.6 | -0.1 |
| Speciai groupings: |  |  |  |  |
| Index of industrial production | 29.230 | 136.5 | 139.3 | 2.1 |
| Real domestic product less agriculture | 96.629 | 136.4 | 137.7 | 1.0 |
| Goods-producing industries | 40.572 | 129.5 | 130.8 | 1.0 |
| Goods-producing industries less agriculture | 37.201 | 131.3 | 132.6 | 1.0 |
| Service-producing industries | 59.428 | 139.5 | 140.9 | 1.0 |
| Commercial industries | 81.308 | 139.4 | 141.1 | 1.2 |
| Commercial industries less agriculture | 77.937 | 140.7 | 142.4 | 1.2 |
| Non-commercial industries | 18.692 | 118.1 | 118.2 | 0.1 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 137.6 | 139.9 | 1.7 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 140.6 | 142.3 | 1.2 |

Employment, Earnings and Hours, Advance Data
March 1979

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Employment Index Number Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1978 | Feb. <br> 1978 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 p \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan: } \\ 1979 \mathrm{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1978r } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $1961=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 63.9 | 67.7 | 68.5 | 75.1 | 61.9 | $68.0{ }^{\circ}$ | 79.8 | 80.0 | 80.1 | 81.3 |
| Mining, including milling | 118.0 | 117.4 | 117.3 | 115.0 | 115.3 | 120.0 | 119.4 | 118.2 | 118.1 | 115.8 |
| Manufacturing | 128.9 | 127.9 | 127.3 | 127.3 | 124.8 | 123.2 | 130.7 | 131.3 | 130.5 | 129.9 |
| Durable Goods | 143.3 | 142.5 | 141.6 | 141.6 | 137.2 . | 135.4 | 145.0 | 145.2 | 143.7 | 142.9 |
| Non-durable Goods | 117.3 | 116.0 | 115.7 | 115.7 | 114.7 | 113.3 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 119.6 |
| Construction <br> Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 83.7 | 81.0 | 82.2 | 88.5 | 89.2 | 87.0 | 95.2 | 94.2 | 95.3 | 97.5 |
|  | 131.2 | 130.7 | 130.8 | 131.5 | 127.5 | 127:4 | 134.4 | 134.4 | 134.7 | 134.5 |
| Trade <br> Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 174.4 | 174.4 | 176.0 | 181.7 | 170.3 | 169.4 | 177.2 | 178.5 | 176.9 | 175.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 203.1 | 202.9 | 202.5 | 201.5 | 197.0 | 196.4 | 203.8 | 204.4 | 203.9 | 202.6 |
| Service | 261.8 | 258.4 | 256.4 | 256.2 | 252.8 | 251.2 | 268.9 | 268.5 | 267.3 | 265:2 |
| Industrial Composite | 145.8 | 144.9 | 144.9 | 146.3 | 142.0 | 141.3 | 149.6 | 149.6 | 149.2 | 148.1 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 127.7 | 127.6 | 127.8 | 131.4 | 121.5 | 123.0 | 136.9 | 137.5 | 136.9 | 135.5 |
| Newfoundland | 121.4 | 122.1 | 120.7 | 124.7 | 111.5 | 117.2 | 132.4 | 133.5 | 134.0 | 128.9 |
| Prince Edward Island | 145.0 | 143.0 | 142.4 | 150.6 | 136.8 | 136.4 | 169.2 | 166.2 | 163.1 | 160.8 |
| Nova Scotia | 132.1 | 131.0 | 131.2 | 133.7 | 124.4 | 125.2 | 137.6 | 137.3 | 136.7 | 136.1 |
| New Brunswick | 125.0 | 125.8 | 127.1 | 131.0 | :- 123.2 | 122.8 | 135.4 | 136.9 | 136.6 | 136.3 |
| Quebec | 124.7 | 124.6 | 124.7 | 125.7 | 122.9 | 122.6 | 128.3 | 128.8 | 128.4 | 127.2 |
| Ontario | 151.0 | 150.3 | 150.3 | 151.6 | 147:5 | 146.8 | 154.3 | 154.2 | 153.8 | 153.1 |
| Prairie Region. | 164.5 | 162.9 | 163.3 | 164.6 | 156.9 | 156.1 | 169.2 | 168.3 | 168.5 | 166.9 |
| Manitoba | 123.8 | 122.7 | 122.8 | 124.1 | 120.8 | 120.7 | 127.4 | 126.9 | 126.5 | 126.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 142.3 | 140.8 | 140.9 | 143.0 | 137.4 | 136.6 | 147.8 | 146.6 | 146.4 | 145.2 |
| Alberta | 207.2 | 205.2 | 205.9 | 206.9 | 194.7 | 193.3 | 212.6 | 211.5 | 212.8 | 209.7 |
| British Columbia | 177.0 | 172.4 | 171.7 | 172.5 | 172.3 | 168.6 | 177.9 | 177.0 | 176.6 | 174.1 |
| Yukon | 170.8 | 169.9 | 165.7 | 171.6 | 184.0 | 179.0 | 175.8 | 179.6 | 177.3 | 180.7 |
| Northwest Territories | 147.9 | 145.8 | 146.1 | 146.8 | 151.1 | 144.5 | 156.0 | 157.6 | 159.6 | 161.4 |
| Canada | 145.8 | 144.9 | 144.9 | 146.3 | 142.0 | 141.3 | 149.6 | 149.6 | 149.2 | 148.1 |

. figures not available. $f$-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. $\dot{r}$-revised figures.

## Employment, Earnings and Hours (Seasonally Adjust-

 ed), March 1979 - Advance InformationThe first estimates of the Canada industrial composite* index of employment ( $1961=100$ ) for March 1979 remained unchanged from the February level. Mining (including milling), construction and service increased while the remaining industry divisions decreased with the exception of transportation, communication and other utilities which remained unchanged. All regions advanced with the exception of the Atlantic region and Quebec which declined.
Average weekly earnings increased by $1 \%$ at the national industrial composite level. All industry divisions and all regions contributed to the over-all increase.
Average hourly earnings rose in mining (including milling) and in construction but showed no change in manufacturing. Average weekly hours increased in all three industry divisions.

* Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education. and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administra-
tion and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year. Notes on concepts and methods can be found in any issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours.
Detailed information for January and February will be published in the March issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, 709/\$7), and is also available from R. Ouellette (613-995-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.
(see tables on pages 6 and 7)


## Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Earnings al variations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1978r } \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 1978 <br> dol | Feb. 1978 <br> ars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1978r } \end{gathered}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 359.49 | 356.12 | 363.30 | 272.44 | 343.90 | 342.28 | 338.09 | 335.55 | 353.54 | 324.87 |
| Mining, including milling | 412.92 | 410.20 | 406.81 | 291.78 | 369.83 | 373.01 | 408.63 | 406.18 | 402.26 | 390.61 |
| Manufacturing | 304.08 | 302.73 | 300.84 | 291.89 | 280.77 | 280.19 | 301.76 | 301.01 | 299.82 | 296.76 |
| Durable Goods | 323.35 | 321.77 | 321.24 | 312.28 | 300.47 | 299.54 | 322.45 | 320.04 | 320.25 | 319.93 |
| Non-durable Goods | 285.09 | 283.86 | 280.68 | 271.74 | 261.74 | 261.51. | 282.44 | 282.28 | 279.62 | 275.07 |
| Construction | 409.97 | 399.87 | 393.23 | 371.72 | 379.66 | 377.99 | 408.78 | 399:27 | 396.76 | 411.83 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 330.37 | 329.60 | 328.99 | 324.38 | 307.89 | 306.11 | 330.80 | 330.03 | 326.70 | 326.93 |
| Trade | 213.54 | 209.81 | 207.77 | 204.54 | 198.58 | 196.37 | 215.00 | 211.63 | 210.74 | 205.59 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 264.52 | 260.49 | 259.90 | 257.03 | 243.74 | 240.05 | 260.05 | 259.35 | 260.58 | 259.13 |
| Service | 189.46 | 186.95 | 186.63 | 185.12 | 178.13 | 174.98 | 190.14 | 187.53 | 185.41 | 185.99 |
| Industrial Composite | 280.26 | 277.78 | 276.15 | 269.01 | 260.27 | 258.85 | 280.26 | 277.56 | 276.68 | 274.75 |
| Industrlal Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 249.55 | 247.65 | 246.29 | 236.79 | 227.13 | 228.06 | 246.15 | 246.05 | 243.63 | 242.12 |
| Newfoundland | 268.32 | 267.12 | 264.55 | 251.97 | 239.61 | 247.82 | 264.62 | 263.35 | 261.72 | 261.76 |
| Prince Edward Island | 207.84 | 206.83 | 206.18 | 199.52 | 195.86 | 191.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 239.27 | 236.56 | 235.68 | 226.57 | 220.12 | 219.08 | 238.72 | 236.13 | 234.32 | 231.38 |
| New Brunswick | 255.00 | 252.49 | 252.14 | 243.74 | 231.35 | 230.33 | 249.07 | 248.61 | 245.82 | 247.63 |
| Quebec | 278.64 | 276.12 | 273.02 | 266.59 | 256.24 | 255.65 | 279.14 | 275.16 | 274.59 | 271.70 |
| Ontario | 277.60 | 276.27 | 274.68 | 276.99 | 259.76 | 258.27 | 278.02 | 276.66 | 274.87 | 274.05 |
| Prairie Region | 277.75 | 274.28 | 273.90 | 266.68 | 256.89 | 254.64 | 277.33 | 273.51 | 274.28 | 272.40 |
| Manitoba | 251.47 | 248.97 | 249.92 | 244.45 | 234.90 | 233.13 | 251.85 | 250.70 | 251.40 | 248.12 |
| Saskatchewan | 265.00 | 261.69 | 260.09 | 257.28 | 243.83 | 240.41 | 265.40 | 262.77 | 262.11 | 259.30 |
| Alberta | 294.27 | 290.28 | 289.55 | 280.35 | 271.88 | 269.79 | 293.30 | 287.96 | 288.74 | 288.57 |
| British Columbia | 314.62 | 309.75 | 309.53 | 300.67 | 293.94 | 291.60 | 315.98 | 310.84 | 310.37 | 310.29 |
| Yukon | 382.36 | 365.38 | 373.30 | 373.43 | 360.49 | 347.46 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | 339.96 | 332.52 | 327.66 | 316.58 | 296.25 | 294.35 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 280.26 | 277.78 | 276.15 | 269.01 | 260.27 | 258.85 | 280.26 | 277.56 | 276.68 | 274.75 |

. figures not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

## Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes

April 1979 - Advance Information
(1971=100)


For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact Mrs. G.A. John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

. . not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped $1,574,057,000$ square feet ( 146234000 m 2 ) of corrugated boxes and wrappers in April, an increase of 7.2\% from $1,468,942,000$ square feet ( 136470000 m 2 ) a year earlier.

January to April shipments totalled 6,471,137,000 square feet ( 601188000 m 2 ) in 1979 compared to 5,786,075,000 square feet ( 537544000 m 2 ) in 1978.

For further information, order the April issue of Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36$004,15 \Phi / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact G.W. Barrett (613-9922371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Canned and Frozen Frults and Vegetables, March 1979 - Advance Information

Advance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables for the month of March is now available.

For further information, order the March. issue of Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables (32-011, 30¢/\$3), or contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division; Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## New Housing Price Indexes

(1976=100)


- Surveys in. New Brunswiç, Sudbury and Prince George account for the remaining weight.

For further details on the changes in these indexes, contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-995-5757). Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A:0V5.

## Key Economic Series, June 1979

During the coming month, the release of Key Economic Series data is expected to be in accordance with the scḥedule outlined below. Where a range of dates is given for a series, this represents the period within which publication of the data can be reasonably expected, the variability taking account of circumstances peculiar to each series. Any range may be exceeded on rare occasions, for reasons unpredictable at this time.
May 28 to June 5: Unemployment Insurance Statistics, month of March;
June 1: Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, month of April;
June 1 to 12: Building Permits, month of March;
June 5, to 8: Industry•Selling Price Index, month of April;
June 6 to 15: Gross National Product, 1st Quarter 1979;
June 7: Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, 1st Quarter 1979;
June 12: Labour Force Survey, month of May;
June 15: The Consumer Price Index, month of May:
June 15 to 21: Retail Trade, month of April;
June 18 to 20: Wholesale Trade, month of April;
June 19 to 27: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, month of April:
June 21 to 25: Labour Income, month of April;
June 21 to 25: Financial Flows, 4th Quarter 1978;
June 22 to 29: Employment, Earnings and Hours, month of April;
June 25 to 29: Index of Industrial Production, month of April;

June 25 to July 5: Industrial Corporations' Financial Statistics, 1st Quarter 1979 (Final Data);
June 26 to July 2: Real Domestic Product, month of April;
June 27 to July 4: Unemployment Insurance Statistics, month of April.

Notice of advance information availability: Financial Flows, 1st quarter 1979, advance information I from June 27 to July 4; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 7, Telegraphic Crop Report - Prairie Provinces, to be released June 7 at 3 p.m: E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 8, June Intentions of Specified Crop and Summerfallow Area, Prairie Provinces, to be released June 15 at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 9, Telegraphic Crop Report Canada, to be released June 28 at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.
It should be noted that the July schedule of Key Economic Series will appear in the Daily and on CANSIM on June 27, 1979. The schedule of Key Economic Series is now available on CANSIM, and can be retrieved by using the command "DATES". The schedule will be issued once each month as noted above.

For any enquiry concerning the release of these series, contact Henri Sarrazin (613-992-1566), Production Planning and Scheduling Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Rallway Carioadings
7-day Period Ended May 14, 1979
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrr}\hline & & \\ & \text { Eastern } \\ \text { Division }\end{array}\right)$

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadlngs, 7 Days Ended May 14, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Railways in Canada loaded 5.2 million $t$ ( 5.7 million short tons) of revenue freight in the second week of May, an increase of 32.9\% over the year-earlier period. Eastern loadings were up 69.6\%, again reflecting in large part losses resulting from labour problems in the iron mining industry of Quebec and Newfoundland in 1978. Western loadings rose by $5.4 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) movements showed only a marginal gain in the East (up 0.4\%) but rose 7.0\% in the West for an over-all increase of 2.2\%.
The volume of rail freight loaded in the January 1 to May 14, 1979 period was $8.1 \%$ above the 1978 level, while the number of cars loaded rose $3.5 \%$. Containertrailer (piggyback) traffic registered a decline of 0.3\%.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 26, 1979 - Advance Information

Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended May 26 was 362,472 short tons ( 328829 t), an increase of $0.1 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 362,128 short tons (328 517 t ). The comparable week's total in 1978 was a revised 317,308 short tons (287857 t).
The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t) equalling 100 was 197.8 in the current week, 197.6 a week earlier and 173.2 (revised) a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products
(1971=100)

|  | Mar. 1979 | Feb. 1979 | Jan. 1979' | Dec. 1978 | Mar. 1978 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada | 241.7 | 236.6 | 224.7 | 220.2 | 195.1 |
| Prince Edward Island | : . $\quad 254.0$ | 256.1 | 240.5 | 249.8 | 187.8 |
| Nova Scotia : ", | $\triangle \quad 239.7$ | 236.1 | 230.8 | 221.3 | 198.0 |
| New Brunswick | 276.9 | 264.1 | 270.3 | 251.3 | 203.9 |
| Quebec ! . $\because \cdot$ | 241.9 | 243.5 | 232.5 | 225.4 | 198.1 |
| Ontario | 232.3 | 230.5 | 220.6 | 215.9 | 185.9 |
| Manitoba | 256.1 | 249.7 | 232.0 | 230.3 | 203.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 241.0 | 229.0 | 217.5 | 215.5 | 199.8 |
| Alberta | 254.9 | 248.0 | 230.6 | 226.2 | 202.5 |
| British Columbia | -221.7 | 215.1 | 208.6 | 200.7 | 181.9 |

index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agriculturai Products, March 1979 - Advance Information
The index of farm prices of agricultural products (1971=100) stood at 241.7 in March, an increase of 2.2\% from the revised February level of 236.6.

The index of farm prices of agricultural products has been rebased to a new time and weight base with 1971 being the new reference year. For further information concerning the rebased index, contact Peter Lys or George Beelen (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Railway Carioadings, April 1979 - Advance Information
Railways in Canada loaded 20.4 million short tons ( 18.5 million t ) of revenue freight in April, a gain of 16.0\% from a year earlier. An additional 1.9 million short tons ( 1.7 million t) was received from the United States, down 5.3\% from April 1978.

Commodities showing notable percentage change in the latest month included iron ore (which recorded an artificially high increase of $436.0 \%$ due to strikes in the iron mining industry in 1978); and potash (up $24.7 \%$ ). Loadings of copper-nickel ores and concentrates fell $94.6 \%$ due to current labour problems at INCO mines, wheat dropped $43.5 \%$ and sand, gravel and crushed stone decreased by $26.1 \%$.

In the first four months of 1979, total rail loadings in Canada registered a $5.4 \%$ increase and receipts from the U.S. were up 1.0\% from the January-April 1978 period.

For further information, order the April issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, 30 $\$ / \$ 3$ ) or, for seasonally-adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

The Dalry Review, March 1979 - Advance Information An estimated 526802 kilolitres of milk were sold off farms for all purposes in March, 5.6\% more than in March 1978.

This brought the total estimate of milk sold off farms during the first three months of 1979 to 1458878 kilolitres, an increase of $5.0 \%$ from the January-March 1978 period.

For further information, order the April issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact C.M. Riach (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Vinyi-asbestos Fioor Tiie, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers produced 3,714 short tons ( $3 \mathbf{3 6 9} \mathrm{t}$ ) or $7,566,804$ square feet ( 702979 m 2 ) of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in April compared to 4,293 short tons ( 3895 t ) or $8,296,668$ square feet ( 770786 m 2 ) in April 1978.

For further information, order the April issue of Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles (47-001, $15 ¢ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-002 (\$5.60 for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 5, Telegraphic Crop Report, Prairie Provinces - Available May 31, 1979 at 3 p.m.

41-203 (70థ) Iron and Steel MIlls, 1977
(continued)

45-207 (70¢) Miscelianeous Petroleum and Coal Products Industrles, 1977
46-214 (7.0¢) Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds, 1977
72-002 (70¢/\$7) Employment, Earnings and Hours, February 1979
Housing Starts, All Areas, by Province (Dwelling Units)
April 1979

|  | 1978 |  |  |  |  | 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total | Single | Double | Row | Apt. | Total |
| Newfoundland | 18 | - | - | - | 18 | 35 | - | 1 | - | 36 |
| Prince Edward Island | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Nova Scotia | 122 | - | - | 21 | 143 | 88 | - | 6 | 50 | 144 |
| New Brunswick | 40 | 2 | - | 50 | 92 | 48 | - | - | - | 48 |
| Quebec | 1,270 | 250 | 30 | 1,522 | 3,072 | 1,581 | 355 | 22 | 1,384 | 3,342 |
| Ontario | 1,172 | 564 | 241 | 2,189 | 4,166 | 1,299 | 448 | 262 | 1,091 | 3,100 |
| Manitoba | 244 | 58 | 115 | 576 | 993 | 71 | 12 | 141 | 399 | 623 |
| Saskatchewan | 182 | 66 | - | 157 | 405 | 113 | 12 | - | 56 | 181 |
| Alberta | 1,133 | 280 | 185 | 576 | 2,174 | 1,082 | 190 | 107 | 778 | 2,157 |
| British Columbia | 1,107 | 146 | 275 | 23 | 1,551 | 1,023 | 52 | 164 | 186 | 1,425 |
| Canada UnadJusted | 5,291 | 1,366 | 846 | 5,114 | 12,617 | 5,341 | 1,069 | 703 | 3,944 | 11,057 |
|  | multiples |  |  |  |  | multiples |  |  |  |  |
| Canada, adjusted annual rate (000's) | 70.1 | . | 96.3 |  | 166.4 | 71.1 |  | 75.4 | - | 146.5 |
| Canada Cumulative | 15,529 | 5,084 | 5,351 | 27,153 | 53,117 | 15,004 | 3,265 | 3,776 | 5,182 | 37,227 |
| Newfoundland | 61 | 22 | 10 | 31 | 124 | 87 | 2 | 1 | - | 90 |
| Prince Edward Island | 12 | - | - | - | 12 | 10 | - | - | 134 | 144 |
| Nova Scotia | 418 | 16 | 18 | 351 | 803 | 280 | 17 | 22 | 336 | 655 |
| New Brunswick | 147 | 6 | - | 90 | 243 | 169 | 2 | - | 6 | 177 |
| Quebec | 3,523 | 529 | 95 | 7,173 | 11,320 | 3,901 | 877 | 71 | 3,348 | 8,197 |
| Ontario | 3,311 | 1,976 | 1,437 | 7,532 | 14,256 | 3,144 | 1,217 | 961 | 3,505 | 8,827 |
| Manitoba | - 707 | 461 | 562 | 2,877 | 4,607 | 333 | 94 | 226 | 1,115 | 1,768 |
| Saskatchewan | 646 | 224 | 16 | 1,306 | 2,192 | 737 | 136 | 24 | 1,132 | 2,029 |
| Alberta | 3,649 | 1,248 | 2,354 | 4,890 | 12,141 | 3,477 | 727 | 1,793 | 3,988 | 9,985 |
| British Columbia | 3,055 | 602 | 859 | 2,903 | 7,419 | 2,866 | 193 | 678 | 1,618 | 5,355 |

For further information, order the April issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002,55\$/\$5.50), or contact J.P. Délisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Federal Government Employment, First Quarter 1979 - Advance Information

Employees of the federal government (including members of the Canadian Armed Forces) and government enterprises numbered 578,378 as of March 31, 1979. This represented a decline of 5,189 from March 1978, principally due to the termination of extended temporary employment under the Federal Labour Intensive Projects, and the reduction in staff resulting from budget cuts announced by the Treasury Board in September 1978.

Gross payroll (including overtime and retroactive payments) for January-March 1979 was \$2,632.2
million, an increase of $\$ 225.6$ million over the corresponding quarter in 1978.

The January-March issue of Federal Government Employment (catalogue 72-004) will be released at a later date. Additional information may be obtained by contacting G.M. Mcllveen (613-995-9894), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Advance Estimates of Employees
March 1979

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Number of Employees Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 p \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1978r } \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1978 (000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { 's) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 \dagger \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1978r } \end{array}$ |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 55.2 | 58.6 | 59.9 | 63.5 | 49.7 | 55.5 | 69.3 | 68.5 | 69.1 | 69.4 |
| Mining (Including milling) | 137.8 | 136.8 | 137.0 | 134.3 | 135.1 | 140.2 | 140.2 | 139.2 | 138.5 | 135.8 |
| Manufacturing | 1,826.8 | 1,807.8 | 1,797.8 | 1,799.5 | 1,746.4 | 1,730.7 | 1,859.6 | 1,856.3 | 1,847.3 | 1,841.9 |
| Construction | 379.9 | 368.2 | 375.6 | 389.1 | 374.3 | 365.3 | 436.8 | 434.0 | 439.8 | 443.8 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 794.3 | 791.1 | 794.7 | 795.9 | 774.6 | 773.3 | 816.0 | 814.4 | 816.8 | 812.3 |
| Trade | 1,471.4 | 1,469.6 | 1,477.9 | 1,507.5 | 1,432.8 | 1,415.2 | 1,495.4 | 1,498.3 | 1,496.8 | 1,475.5 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 491.4 | 490.9 | 488.9 | 486.8 | 484.8 | 483.2 | 495.8 | 485.5 | 492.4 | 488.9 |
| Total Service | 2,632.2 | 2,617.9 | 2,587.3 | 2,544.5 | 2,544.1 | 2,527.0 | 2,623.6 | 2,622.8 | 2,603.0 | 2,579.5 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1,470.7 | 1,469.4 | 1,444.1 | 1,423.4 | 1,445.8 | 1.442 .8 | 1,426.5 | 1,426.3 | 1,414.3 | 1,414.1 |
| Commercial Service | 1,161.4 | 1,148.4 | 1,143.2 | 1,122.2 | 1,098.3 | 1,084.2 | 1,197.2 | 1,196.5 | 1,188.7 | 1,165.3 |
| Public Administration and Defence(1) | 619.0 | 614.1 | 611.5 | 612.8 | 625.9 | 619.1 | 629.4 | 627.0 | 629.6 | 630.7 |
| Total Nan-agricultural Industries(2) | 8,416.9 | 8,362.8 | 8,338.6 | 8,344.7 | 8,173.8 | 8,114.5 | 8,578.7 | 8,570.1 | 8,545.5 | 8,491.5 |
| Total Non-agricultural Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 126.8 | 127.0 | 126.0 | 129.2 | 120.5 | 122.6 | 134.7 | 135.6 | 134.5 | 133.6 |
| Prince Edward Island | 29.2 | 29.0 | 29.1 | 29.2 | 27.6 | 27.3 | 32.3 | 31.9 | 32.0 | 30.7 |
| Nova Scotia | 241.7 | 240.6 | 241.0 | 244.3 | 232.5 | 231.9 | 251.3 | 250.6 | 251.6 | 249.9 |
| New Brunswick | 180.0 | 180.4 | 180.8 | 183.3 | 175.4 | 176.0 | 190.1 | 192.8 | 192.4 | 191.0 |
| Quebec | 2,129.5 | 2,125.0 | 2,119.0 | 2,088.6 | 2,067.6 | 2,047.8 | 2,169.7 | 2,179.0 | 2,169.7 | 2,135.9 |
| Ontario | 3,348.7 | 3,336.9 | 3,330.7 | 3,359.1 | 3,305.0 | 3,288.1 | 3,406.7 | 3,405.0 | 3,399.4 | 3,405.9 |
| Manitoba | 349.2 | 343.9 | 344.2 | 345.3 | 338.9 | 335.9 | 356.7 | 352.9 | 352.5 | 348.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 262.1 | 255.7 | 252.7 | 255.8 | 248.0 | 245.4 | 267.3 | 261.1 | 257.6 | 257.6 |
| Alberta | 772.2 | 765.7 | 763.8 | 762.1 | 726.5 | 724.6 | 787.2 | 781.7 | 780.4 | 770.7 |
| British Columbia | 945.8 | 928.2 | 921.3 | 915.5 | 903.8 | 888.2 | 946.6 | 941.7 | 939.5 | 929.8 |
| Canada(3) | 8,416.9 | 8,362.8 | 8,338.6 | 8,344.7 | 8,173.8 | 8,114.5 | 8,578.7 | 8,570.1 | 8,545.5 | 8,491.5 |

$f$ first estimate based on a limited number of returns
p preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

Estimates of Employees, March 1979 - Advance Information
Monthly summary data are released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in catalogue 72-008, Estimates of Employe日s by Province and Industry, and is also available from G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.


2 Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, April 1979
8 Postcensal Estimates of Population by Census Division in Ontario, June 1, 1977

9 Motor Vehicle Manufacturers, 1977

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

15-509E ( $\$ 7.50$ in Canada, $\$ 9.00$ in other countries) The Input-Output Structure of the Canadian Economy in Constant Prices, 1961-74

32-002 (15\$/\$1.50). Dairy Factory Production, April 1979
36-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Hardboard, April 1979
36-004 (15\$/\$1.50) Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, April 1979
43-009 (15\$/\$1.50) Electric Lamps, April 1979
46-001 (15§/\$1.50) Sales of Palnts, Varnishes and Lacquers, January, February, March 1979

51-204 (\$3.50) Air Passenger Origin and Destination — Domestic Report, 1978
81-239 (\$1.05) Students in Public Trade Schools and Simliar Instltutions, 1976-77

EXPORTS, IMPORTS AND TRADE BALANCE: ALL COUNTRIES
Seasonally Adjusted

## Bàlançe of Payments Basls

Billions of Dollars.


(1) Note: Monthly trade figures, particularly exports and the trade balance, often fluctuate widely about the trend-cycle. The trend-cycle is a short term tendency derived from the 13-term. Henderson moving average used in the X-11 seasonal adjustment technique. Changes in the trend-cycle provide a more reliable guide to the direction and rate of change of trade data over the short term. Estimates of the trend-cycle for the two most recent periods often change considerably with the addition of further months of data. The accompanying charts and comments on changes in the trend-cycle therefore exclude the two most recent observations.

## Merchandise Trade of Canada

|  | Customs Basis* Unadjusted |  | Balance of Payments Basis* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Unadjusted |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports (\$ millions) | Exports | Imports | Trade Balance |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 11,927 | 10,906 | 11,950 | 10,700 | 11,866 | 10,700 | 1,166 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 11,728 | 10,713 | 11,830 | 10,750 | 12,007 | 10,792 | 1,215 |
| Second Quarter | 13,966 | 13,589 | 13,575 | 13,120 | 12,806 | 12,164 | 642 |
| Third Quarter | 12,522 | 11,649 | 12,417 | 11,506 | 13,172 | 12,487 | 685 |
| Fourth Quarter | 14,626 | 13,987 | 14,689 | 13,753 | 14,526 | 13,686 | 840 |
| 1979 (14, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 14,773 | 14,786 | 14,767 | 14,560 | 15,082 | 14,656 | 426 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 5,265 | 4,913 | 5,239 | 4,852 | 4,956 | 4,590 | 366 |
| December | 4,557 | 4,280 | 4,537 | 4,213 | 4,850 | 4,712 | 138 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,976 | 4,780 | 4,944 | 4,696 | 5.049 | 4,789 | 260 |
| February | 4.494 | 4.463 | 4,496 | 4,371 | 4,802 | 4,620 | 182 |
| March | 5,302 | 5,543 | 5,327 | 5,493 | 5,231 | 5,247 | -16 |
| April | 4,776 | 4,850 | 4.692 | 4,827 | 4,736 | 4.724 | 12 |

*In the above table, export and import totals are shown on both a "customs" and a "balance-ot-payments" basis. The figures on a customs basis are the totals of detailed merchandise trade data tabulated from customs documents according to procedures and concepts explained in Summary of External Trade. The figures on a baiance-of-payments basis reflect a number of adjustments applied to the customs totals to make them consistent with the concepts and definitions used in the system of national accounts. The adjustments include timing adjustments to exports of crude petroleum, natural gas and wheat and to receipts and payments for capital equipment deduction of transportation charges included in the customs returns and the reduction of import values calculated for customs duty purposes to values which reflect transaction prices. For more information about these adjustments, please refer to Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, \$1.05/\$4.20).

Prellminary Statement of Canadian Trade, April 1979
On a seasonally adjusted balance-of-payments basis, April exports fell $9.5 \%$ or $\$ 495$ million to $\$ 4,736$ million, slightly less than the $10 \%$ or $\$ 523$ million fall in imports to $\$ 4,724$ million. This resulted in a surplus of $\$ 12$ million for April, about the same level as the previous month's revised balance. (Revisions to previous data have been implemented as a result of the regular annual revisions to seasonal factors and unadjusted data.)

In terms of the short term trend-cycle (as depicted by the heavy lines on the accompanying charts), monthly growth in exports has virtually ceased while the import trend-cycle has continued to grow, although at a rate which has been diminishing since November 1978. The net result is that the trend-cycle for the trade balance has declined from a peak level of just over $\$ 300$ million in October and November 1978 to $\$ 270$ milion in December 1978, $\$ 200$ million in January, and \$130 million in February 1979.

## Commodity Analysis

## Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

The April decline in domestic exports was mainly due to decreases in exports of fabricated materials, end products, and crude materials.

Fabricated material exports were down 12\% or \$215 million to $\$ 1,595$ million following a $5.7 \%$ increase in March. Non-ferrous metals were down 30\% or $\$ 95$ million to $\$ 225$ million following a $14 \%$ increase in March and woodpulp exports were down 27.4\% or $\$ 80$
million to $\$ 210$ million following a $50 \%$ increase in March. End product exports were down 5\% or \$85 million to $\$ 1,610$ million with car exports down $15 \%$ in March and 5.6\% in April. Truck exports fell 5.2\% and automotive parts exports fell $19.6 \%$ following a $2.4 \%$ increase in March. Crude material exports decreased $\mathbf{8 . 4 \%}$ or $\$ 85$ million to $\$ 905$ million following a $14.5 \%$ increase in March. Metallic ores declined 44\% or \$160 million to $\$ 205$ million following a $36 \%$ increase in March. Food, feed, beverage and tobacco exports increased 18\% in March and 27\% in April to \$580 million.

The trend-cycles for exports of end products and fabricated materials peaked in December 1978 and showed small declines in January and February. The pattern of a peak in trend-cycle towards the end of - 1978 or beginning of 1979 and of declines thereafter was evident for most commodities in these two sections which together accounted for $70 \%$ of exports based on February trend-cycle values. Exceptions which had not reached their peak by February were pulp, petroleum and coal products, and other transportation equipment, although their growth rates were declining. In spite of the current month's decrease, noted above, the crude material export trend-cycle is maintaining steady growth with increases of close to 3\% a month for the three months December 1978 to (continued on page 5)

Table 1
Imports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs basis

|  | $\cdots$ Total | Total excluding cars | U.S.A. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.K. } \\ & \text { Ilions) } \end{aligned}$ | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | $\cdot 10,906.4$ | 7,883.0 | 7,637.7 | 325.3 | 2,943.4 | 594.6 | 485.1 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 10,753.9 | 7,800.2 | 7,590.5 | 338.1 | 2,825.3 | 667.4 | 483.5 |
| Second Quarter | 12,633.2 | 9,221.8 | 8,909.9 | 401.6 | 3,321.7 | 769.5 | 591.4 |
| Third Quarter | 12,630.0 | 9,242.1 | 8,952.1 | 401.7 | 3,276.2 | 713.9 | 618.4 |
| Fourth Quarter | 13,920.6 | 10,417.7 | 9,793.6 | 458.6 | 3,668.4 | 884.9 | 575.3 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 14,881.7 | 10,970.1 | 10,950.4 | 404.5 | 3,526.8 | 921.3 | 680.8 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 4,650.8 | 3,488.7 | 3,243.1 | 150.7 | 1,257.0 | 287.6 | 178.5 |
| December | 4,779.4 | 3,578.1 | 3,433.1 | 168.9 | 1,177.4 | 304.7 | 193.7 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,873.9 | 3,521.2 | 3,652.4 | 141.4 | 1,080.2 | 313.3 | 193.5 |
| February | 4,710.9 | 3,349.9 | 3,522.0 | 84.5 | 1,104.3 | 289.3 | 154.1 |
| March | 5,296.8 | 4,099.0 | 3,776.0 | 178.6 | 1,342.3 | 318.7 | 333.2 |
| April | 4,747.2 | 3,590.7 | 3,402.5 | 178.4 | 1,166.3 | 301.3 | 178.4 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April/March | -10.3 | -12.4 | -9.8 | -0.1 | -13.1 | -5.4 | -46.4 |
| Current 3 months/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Previous 3 months | 3.1 | 4.2 | 3.6 | -4.2 | 2.7 | 0.4 | 17.6 |
| Apr. 79/Apr. 78 | -1.8 | -0.3 | 1.6 | 7.5 | -11.7 | -12.4 | -29.8 |

Table 2
Imports by PrInclpal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 3
Imports From Ali Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonaily Adjusted

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar.$1979$ | Monthly |  | Mar. <br> 1978 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Feb. 1979 <br> (\$ mi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { 1978 } \\ & \text { Illions) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. |
| Live Animals | 5.7 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | -9.6 | 108.2 | 131.4 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 288.5 | 314.3 | 268.2 | 335.1 | 235.2 | 283.8 | -13.9 | 33.6 | -5.5 |
| Meat and fish | 49.6 | 53.2 | 43.0 | 43.1 | 34.7 | 50.3 | 14.9 | 53.3 | -14.6 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 114.3 | 122.9 | 98.7 | 118.1 | 83.8 | 88.6 | -3.1 | 46.5 | 11.2 |
| Raw sugar | 5.8 | 5.6 | 21.6 | 14.7 | 0.0 | 20.2 | -60.6 |  | 6.8 |
| Crude Materlals, inedible | 518.0 | 600.0 | 458.0 | 437.8 | 296.0 | 507.5 | 18.3 | 102.6 | -9.7 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 65.6 | 35.6 | 40.3 | 74.9 | 20.9 | 42.0 | -12.4 | 70.4 | -4.0 |
| Coal | 52.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 13.5 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 292.8 | 118.5 | 42.2 |
| Crude petroleum | 281.5 | 407.5 | 302.9 | 246.7 | 201.3 | 362.4 | 14.0 | 102.4 | -16.4 |
| Fabricated Materiais, Inedible | 865.5 | 1,031.0 | 744.5 | 816.3 | 651.6 | 653.7 | 6.0 | 58.2 | 13.8 |
| Wood and paper | 78.8 | 90.9 | 66.2 | 71.9 | 60.6 | 60.9 | 9.5 | 49.9 | 8.6 |
| Textiles | 106.9 | 124.8 | 101.6 | 109.0 | 81.5 | 86.2 | -1.8 | 53.0 | 17.8 |
| Chemicals | 264.3 | 311.7 | 236.5 | 270.7 | 213.9 | 202.5 | -2.3 | 45.7 | 16.7 |
| Iron and steel | 105.6 | 118.2 | 85.6 | 90.6 | 73.9 | 74.5 | 16.5 | 60.0 | 14.8 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 10.1 | 14.1 | 10.0 | 11.6 | 9.6 | 7.3 | -12.3 | 46.7 | 37.1 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 32.2 | 37.4 | 29.9 | 26.9 | 21.7 | 29.1 | 19.5 | 72.2 | 2.6 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 107.4 | 137.6 | 66.9 | 64.8 | 51.6 | 57.6 | 65.6 | 166.6 | 16.1 |
| End Products, Inedible | 3,012.7. | 3,558.9 | 2,953.0 | 3,088.3 | 2,349.0 | 2,455.5 | -2.4 | 51.5 | 20.2 |
| General purpose machinery | 182.4 | 333.2 | 158.6 | 169.6 | 134.5 | 133.2 | 7.5 | 147.8 | 19.0 |
| Special industry machinery | 256.6 | 292.6 | 225.1 | 243.3 | 179.1 | 204.7 | 5.4 | 63.4 | 9.9 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 22.2 | 28.9 | 18.7 | 17.7 | $12.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 18.7 | 25.2 | 133.5 | 0.2 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 190.0 | 202.3 | 135.2 | 167.9 | 112.5 | 114.2 | 13.1 | 79.7 | 18.4 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,456.1 | 1,558.5 | 1,538.5 | 1,516.7 | 1,158.6 | 1,205.2 | -3.9 | 34.5 | 27.6 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 390.2 | 384.8 | 320.2 | 396.5 | 321.9 | 298.2 | -1.5 | 19.5 | 7.3 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 150.5 | 168.4 | 149.5 | 116.9 | 105.4 | 92.6 | 28.6 | 59.7 | 61.3 |
| Other motor vehicles | 34.7 | 48.1 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 26.3 | 30.2 | -5.6 | 82.6 | 21.8 |
| Motor vehicle engigines | 94.6 | 94.5 | 107.0 | 81.8 | 58.6 | 62.7 | 15.5 | 61.3 | 70.7 |
| Motor vehiçle engine parts | 38.1 | 50.7 | 47.3 | 73.5 | 53.3 | 61.3 | -48.1 | -4.9 | -22.9 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 612.4 | 634.7 | 685.4 | 659.3 | 471.9 | 544.7 | -7.1 | 34.4 | 25.8 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 24.0 | 27.6 | 69.0 | 23.7 | $21.1{ }^{\circ}$ | 11.6 | 1.1 | 30.9 | 497.4 |
| Other equipment and tools | 517.0 | 656.5 | 501.4 | 556.4 | 423.3 | 432.2 | -7.0 | 55.0 | 16.0 |
| Electronic computers | 74.7 | 103.6 | 87.3 | 78.7 | 58.6 | 60.1 | -5.1 | 76.7 | 45.1 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 159.8 | 32.7 | 32.5 | 48.1 | 30.4 | 29.9 | $232.4{ }^{\text { }}$ | 7.6 | 8.6 |
| Total | 4,850.2 | 5,543.2 | 4,462.6 | 4,731.9 | 3,565.3 | 3,933.2 | 2.4 | 55.4 | 13.4 |

February 1979. This was mainly the result of strong growth in crude petroleum exports and steady growth in natural gàs exports.

## Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

-The decline in April imports was mostly the result of a . $14.3 \%$ or $\$ 475$ million decrease in imports of end products to $\$ 2,845$ million following a $9 \%$ increase in March. Declines of $10 \%$ or more were registered for most end product commodities. Automotive product imports were down $18 \%$ or $\$ 240$ million to $\$ 1,110$ miliion. Car and truck imports were both down over . $20 \%$ following increases of around. $10 \%$ in March. Automotive parts imports were down 10\%: in March and $14.5 \%$ in April 1979. Industrial machinery imports declined nearly $30 \%$ following a more than $50 \%$ increase in March 1979.

Imports of crude materials declined 22.5\% or $\$ 150$ million to $\$ 515$ million in April, following a $17 \%$ increase in March. The April decline was mostly the result of a decline in imports of crude petroleum. Fabricated material imports decreased $7.4 \%$ or $\$ 70$
million to $\$ 900$ million, and food, feed, beverages and tobacco fell $7 \%$ or $\$ 25$ million to $\$ 320$ million.

Monthly growth in the trend-cycle for end products, which account for nearly two-thirds of imports, continues to weaken from an increase of $3.9 \%$ in November 1978 to a $1.4 \%$ increase in February 1979. A similar pattern is evident for -most end product commodities. Exceptions are imports of industrial machinery, where growth in the trend-cycle has been better than 3\% per month between October 1978 and February 1979 despite the April decrease noted above; imports of agricultural machinery which appear to be gaining upward momentum, and imports of passenger cars for which the trend-cycle has increased about $2 \%$ in January and February 1979. The trend-cycle for imports of fabricated materials and food; feed, beverages and tobacco are also exhibiting weakening 'growth.' The "crude materials import trend-cycle peaked in January 1979, and since.declined slightly. (continued)

Table 3 (Continued)
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1979 | Year-to-Date |  |  | Mar. 1977 | Apr.-Apr. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Apr. 1978 (\$ mil | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Mar. } \\ 1978 \\ \text { llions) } \end{array} . \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1977 |  | 79/78 | 78/77 |
| Live Animais | 23.3 | 17.6 | 14.4 | 8.1 | 17.2 | 9.7 | 61.9 | -16.5 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 1,187.9 | 899.4 | 1,094.7 | 759.6 | 983.3 | 731.9 | 8.5 | 11.3 |
| Meat and fish | 201.5 | 151.8 | 167.6 | 124.5 | 159.8 | 119.3 | 20.2 | 4.8 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 445.9 | 331.6 | 360.8 | 242.7 | 309.0 | 223.3 | 23.5 | 16.7 |
| Raw sugar | 45.9 | 40.1 | 55.0 | 40.3 | 52.1 | 40.2 | -16.4 | 5.4 |
| Crude Materlais, Inedibie | 2,139.6 | 1,621.6 | 1,691.4 | 1,253.6 | 1,609.9 | 1,165.4 | 26.5 . | 5.0 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 235.0 | 169.4 | 172.6 | 97.7 | 124.3 | 71.8 | 36.0 | 38.8 |
| Coal | 101.8 | 48.9 | 29.3 | 15.8 | 54.8 | 32.9 | 247.6 | -46.5 |
| Crude petroleum | 1,259.5 | 978.0 | 1,130.9 | 884.2 | 1,087.7 | 802.2 | 11.3 | 3.9 |
| Fabricated Materiais, Inedibie | 3,521.5 | 2,656.0 | 2,651.9 | 1,835.6 | 2,154.4 | 1,608.3 | 32.7 | 23.0 |
| Wood and paper | 310.8 | 232.0 . | 239.8 | 167.9 | 222.6 | 170.7 | 29.6 | 7.7 |
| Textiles | 453.2 | 346.3 | 353.1 | 244.1 | 287.6 | 215.6 | 28.3 | 22.7 |
| Chemicals | 1,053.1 | 788.8 | 841.8 | 571.1 | 646.7 | 475.3 | 25.1 | 30.1 |
| Iron and steel | 412.1 | 306.5 | 300.9 | 210.3 | 239.7 | 180.3 | 36.9 | 25.5 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 43.7 | 33.5 | 36.0 | 24.5 | 30.9 | 24.1 | 21.1 | 16.7 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 136.9 | 104.7 | 99.4 | 72.5 | 76.6 | 58.2 | 37.6 | 29.7 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 435.9 | 328.5 | 212.1 | 147.3 | 146.6 | 107.4 | 105.5 | 44.6 |
| End Products, inedible | 12,503.4 | 9,490.6 | 9,857.4 | 6,769.1 | 8,644.7 | 6,360.2 | 26.8 | 14.0 |
| General purpose machinery | 840.1 | 657.8 | 548.4 | 378.8 | 460.6 | 341.2 | 53.2 | 19.0 |
| Special industry machinery | 1,042.9 | 786.3 | 781.1 | 537.8 | 693.8 | 516.9 | 33.5 | 12.5 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 97.3 | 75.1 | 65.1 | 47.4 | 52.1 | 38.2 | 49.4 | 24.9 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 666.7 | 476.7 | 477.6 | 309.7 | 494.7 | 368.9 | 39.5 | -3.4 |
| Transportation equipment | 5,911.4 | 4,455.3 | 4,826.1 | 3,309.4 | 4,227.3 | 3,029.8 | 22.4 | 14.1 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 1,365.5 | 975.2 | 1,249.1 | 852.6 | 1,115.8 | 775.7 | 9.3 | 11.9 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 589.5 | 439.0 | 372.0 | 255.1 | 342.6 | 246.8 | 58.4 | 8.5 |
| Other motor vehicles | 154.0 | 119.3 | 118.2 | 81.4 | 124.7 | 87.3 | 30.2 | -5.2 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 391.8 | 297.2 | 248.0 | 166.2 | 175.9 | 128.0 | 57.9 | 41.0 |
| Motor vehicle engines parts | 184.2 | 146.1 | 244.6 | 171.1 | 224.2 | 164.7 | -24.6 | 9.1 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 2,570.9 | 1,958.5 | 2,124.7 | 1,465.4 | 1,861.5 | 1,338.0 | 20.9 | 14.1 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines. | 131.8 | 107.7 | 58.7 | 35.0 | 29.5 | 21.9 | 124.3 | 98.7 |
| Other equipment and tools | 2,263.2 | 1,746.2 | 1,776.6 | 1,220.1 | 1,471.8 | 1,114.6 | 27.3 | 20.7 |
| Electronic computers | 357.1 | 282.4 | 250.3 | 171.6 | 180.9 | 140.3 | 42.6 | 38.3 |
| Speclal Transactlons, Trade | 260.6 | 100.9 | 134.8 | 86.7 | 134.5 | 101.8 | 93.4 | 0.2 |
| Total | 19,636.3 | 14,786.1 | 15,444.5 | 10,712.6 | 13,544.1 | 9,977.4 | 27.1 | 14.0 |

## Trading Partner Analysis

Total Exports (Seasonally AdJusted), Customs Basis Exports to the United States declined 7.2\% in April with a decrease of $\$ 255$ million to $\$ 3.31$ billion following a $4 \%$ increase in March. Growth in the exports trendcycle to the U.S. has leveled off from monthly increases of about 3\% in October and November 1978 to a 0.4\% increase in February 1979.

Exports to EEC countries excluding the United Kingdom fell $21 \%$ or $\$ 75$ million to $\$ 270$ million in April following an 11\% increase in March. Growth in the exports trend-cycle to other EEC countries is also weakening from an increase of $7 \%$ in October 1978 to an increase of $1.7 \%$ in February 1979:

Exports to Japan fell $4.7 \%$ in April to $\$ 345$ million following a close to one-third increase in March. Trend-cycle growth in exports to Japan is holding up well. with: monthly increases of between $3 \%$ and $4 \%$ between October 1978 and February 1979.
Total Imports (Seasonally AdJusted), Customs Basls Imports from the U.S. declined $\$ 375$ million or $9.9 \%$ in April to $\$ 3.41$ billion following a $7.2 \%$ increase in

March. The rate of growth in the imports trend-cycle from the U.S. continued to decline but at a slower pace than exports, diminishing from an increase of $4.4 \%$ in November 1978 to an increase of $1.9 \%$ in February 1979.

Imports from EEC countries, apart from the United Kingdom, declined $5.4 \%$ to $\$ 300$ million following a 10\% increase in March; trend-cycle growth continued to weaken from a monthly increase of $6.6 \%$ in October 1978 to an increase of 1.1\% in February 1979.

Imports from Japan fell $\$ 155^{\prime}$ million or $\mathbf{4 6 . 4 \%}$ to $\$ 180$ million following a greater than $100 \%$ increase in March. However trend-cycle growth continued to increase from a decline of $0.8 \%$ in October 1978 to an increase of 4\% in February 1979.

For further information on area and commodity trade, order the April issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40¢/\$4).

Table 4
Total Exports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | Total excluding cars and wheat | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S.A. } \\ \text { (\$ millions) } \end{gathered}$ | U.K. | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 11,843.3 | 8,953.1 | 8,539.3 | 8,379.1 | 497.0 | 2,967.2 | 695.7 | 609.7 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 11,904.9 | 9,076.9 | 8,702.3 | 8,483.3 | 493.7 | 2,927.8 | 672.5 | 668.4 |
| Second Quarter | 13,196.6 | 10,199.9 | 9,667.8 | 9,285.0 | 552.2 | 3,359.3 | 726.3 | 772.9 |
| Third Quarter | 13,277.1 | 10,198.6 | 9,657.2 | 9,347.2 | 482.6 | 3,447.3 | 690.0 | 784.7 |
| Fourth Quarter | 14,463.6 | 10,920.1 | 10,455.5 | 10,059.7 | 478.0 | 3,925.8 | 823.1 | 836.0 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 15,087.2 | 11,629.2 | 11,211.2 | 10,545.6 | 525.0 | 4,016.6 | 971.0 | 933.2 |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 4,982.5 | 3,800.8 | 3,610.0 | 3,396.3 | 181.5 | 1,404.6 | 284.3 | 328.4 |
| December | 4,870.7 | 3,700.1 | 3,569.9 | 3,480.7 | 143.4 | 1,246.5 | 276.1 | 284.1 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 5,081.0 | 3,917.5 | 3,769.9 | 3,545.7 | 211.6 | 1,323.7. | 320.0 | 292.3 |
| February | 4,799.7 | 3,703.0 | 3,583.6 | 3,430.7 | 145.9 | 1,223.0 | 308.9 | 276.5 |
| March | 5,206.5 | 4,008.8 | 3,857.8 | 3,569.2 | 167.4 | 1,469.9 | 342.1 | 364.4 |
| April | 4,820.1 | 3,909.9 | 3,654.7 | 3,312.1 | 183.4 | 1,324.6 | 269.0 | 347.3 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April/March | -7.4 | -2.4 | -5.2 | -7.2 | 9.5 | -9.8 | -21.3 | -4.6 |
| Current 3 months/ |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots \quad .0$ |  |  |
| Previous 3 months | -0.7 | -1.7 | 1.3 | -1.0 | -7.4 | 1.0 | 4.5 | . 9.2 |
| Apr. 79/Apr. 78 | -4.3 | 0.1 | -0.5 | -2.7 | -10.7 | -7.2 | -1.4 | 9.0 |

Table 5
Total Exports by Princlpal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 6
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Posicensai Estimates of Population by Census Divi.sion in Ontario, June 1, 1977 - Advance Information :Postcensal estimates of population for Ontario as of June 1, 1977 are now available by census division. The estimates: will be published at a later date in catalogue 91-206; a bulletin which will provide details about. methodology and data sources as well as comments on the results and their interpretation.

For further information, contact. J. Kelly .613-9952212), Demography - Division;" Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Table 6 (Continued)
Domestic Exporis to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  |  | Mar. <br> 1979 | Year-to-Date |  | Apr. <br> 1977 | Mar. 1977 | Apr.-Apr. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Apr. <br> 1978 <br> (\$ mil | ```Mar.``` |  |  | 79/78 | 78/77 |
| Live Animals | 71.0 | 49.6 | 66.2 | 43.5 | 35.9 | 24.2 | 7.2 | 84.5 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 1,533.8 | 1,098.0 | 1,291.2 | 913.4 | 1,169.9 | 891.3 | 18.7 | 10.3 |
| Meat and fish | 496.5 | 332.6 | 364.2 | 236.3 | 267.8 | 179.1 | 36.3 | 35.9 |
| Cereals and preparations | 633.2 | 450.7 | 596.9 | 439.2 | 606.0 | 482.3 | 6.0 | -1.5 |
| Wheat | 450.6 | 327.1 | 382.0 | 275.4 | 431.7 | 337.0 | 17.9 | -11.5 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 3,490.3 | 2,669.1 | 2,858.4 | 2,135.0 | 2,744.5 | 2,059.8 | 22.1 | 4.1 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 843.6 | 682.4 | 681.6 | 516.9 | 689.8 | 527.3 | 23.7 | -1.1 |
| Crude petroleum | 717.8 | 520.3 | 564.3 | 431.6 | 594.7 | 441.2 | 27.1 | -5.1 |
| Natural gas | 909.0 | 682.7 | 803.6 | 602.7 | 703.1 | 510.5 | 13.1 | 14.3 |
| Fabricated Materlals, Inedible | 7,113.1 | 5,399.5 | 6,073.5 | 4,266.1 | 4,692.6 | 3,484.5 | 17.1 | 29.4 |
| Wood and paper | 3,583.8 | 2,690.8 | 2,911.2 | 2,057.6 | 2,409.9 | 1,764.5 | 23.1 | 20.8 |
| Lumber, softwood | 1,173.7 | 857.7 | 964.4 | 661.6 | 687.4 | 503.0 | 21.7 | 40.2 |
| Woodpulp and similar pulp | 964.6 | 750.3 | 663.7 | 486.6 | 732.2 | 546.4 | 45.3 | -9.3 |
| Newsprint paper | 989.5 | 739.2 | 914.3 | 650.6 | 723.0 | 523.8 | 8.2 | 26.4 |
| Textiles | 54.7 | 42.6 | 47.4 | 32.7 | 36.2 | 28.3 | 15.2 | 31.0 |
| Chemicals | 913.4 | 681.7 | 723.8 | 479.9 | 570.3 | 414.9 | 26.1 | 26.9 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 292.6 | 210.0 | 262.0 | 189.3 | 249.4 | 177.5 | 11.6 | 5.0 |
| Petroleum and coal products Iron and steel | $\begin{aligned} & 364.4 \\ & 500.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 303.5 \\ 375.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 273.3 \\ & 439.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 215.7 \\ & 306.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 236.4 \\ & 327.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 193.1 \\ & 236.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33.3 \\ & 14.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15.6 \\ & 34.1 \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-ferrous metals | 1,059.5 | 824.5 | 1,155.3 | 815.6 | 793.3 | 610.3 | -8.2 | 45.6 |
| Copper and alloys | 123.8 | 93.1 | 201.2 | 152.4 | 171.4 | 136.2 | -38.4 | 17.3 |
| Nickel and alloys | 140.9 | 105.5 | 282.0 | 205.8 | 118.5 | 84.0 | -50.0 | 137.8 |
| End Products, Inedible | 6,886.7 | 5,212.2 | 5,819.0 | 4,136.1 | 4,947.5 | 3,677.9 | 18.3 | 17.6 |
| Industrial machinery | 572.4 | 433.5 | 492.2 | 353.8 | 367.0 | 280.3 | 16.2 | 34.0 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 247.7 | 176.8 | 183.5 | 124.6 | 206.2 | 147.5 | 35.0 | -11.0 |
| Transportation equipment | 4,929.0 | 3,745.2 | 4,299.8 | 3,062.0 | 3,730.2 | 2,770.0 | 14.6 | 15.2 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 1,552.6 | 1,164.8 | 1,632.6 | 1,141.8 | 1,587.2 | 1,163.9 | -4.9 | 2.8 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 1,120.1 | 844.8 | 904.2 | 665.7 | 647.5 | 483.6 | 23.8 | 39.6 |
| Other motor vehicles | 84.1 | 70.0 | 62.7 | 46.5 | 48.6 | 34.6 | 34.2 | 29.0 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 328.5 | 252.6 | 355.3 | 253.7 | 330.3 | 250.9 | -7.5 | 7.5 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 1,296.2 | 1,007.5 | 998.5 | 694.3 | 824.7 | 611.8 | 29.8 | 21.0 |
| Other equipment and tools | 530.8 | 403.2 | 366.5 | 255.4 | 288.7 | 216.6 | 44.8 | 26.9 |
| Speclal Transactlons, Trade | 53.7 | 41.1 | 27.3 | 20.5 | 20.3 | 16.1 | 96.8 | 34.1 |
| Total | 19,148.6 | 14,469.5 | 16,135.6 | 11,534.5 | 13,610.7 | 10,153.8 | 18.6 | 18.5 |

Selected Princlpal Statistics for Motor Vehicie Manufacturers
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3230 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 23 | 22 | -4.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 35,122 | 38,636 | 10.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 77,089 | 85,333 | 10.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 31,128 | 657.498 | 22.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 39,904 | 26.1 |  |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | $5,919,261$ | $6,904,745$ | 16.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | $7,276,146$ | $8,610,375$ | 18.3 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | $1,350,964$ | $1,755,660$ | 30.0 |
| Value added |  | 49,079 | 52,473 |  |
| Total Activity: | No. | 798,695 | 945,443 | 6.9 |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ | $1,874,407$ | $2,266,171$ | 18.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  | 20.9 |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Motor Vehicle Manufacturers, 1977 (42-209, 704).


Monday, June 4, 1979

## CONTENTS

## 2 Foreign Direct Investment in Canada, 1976

4 Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, April 1979
5 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 21, 1979
4 Feed Price Indexes, April 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

44-004 (15\$/\$1.50) Mineral Wool, April 1979
47-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles, April 1979
51-005 (\$1.75/\$7) Air Carrier Traffic at Canadian Airports, Third Quarter 1978

## Service Bulletins:

32-023 (\$2.80 per year) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 7, 1978: No. 17, Pack of Processed Broccoli; No. 20, Pack of Processed Cauliflower; No. 22, Pack of Processed Mushrooms; No. 24, Pack of Processed Spinach

87-001 (\$1.40 per year) Culture Statistics, Vol. 2, No. 4, Revised Travel Price Index, 1978

Foreign Direct Investment in Canada, Year-Ends 1972-76, Classification by Industry Group

| Industry Group |  | $1972 r$ | $1973 r$ | $1974 r$ | $1975 r$ | 1976 | $1972 r$ | $1973 r$ | $1974 r$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

r Revised

Foreign Direct investment in Canada, 1976 - Advance Information
The book value of foreign direct investment in Canada amounted to $\$ 43,298$ million at the end of 1976 , an increase of $8 \%$ in the year. This represented the smallest growth in relative terms since 1972.

Capital movements for foreign direct investment in Canada, as recorded in the balance-of-payments series, registered a net outflow of $\$ 260$ million during 1976. Although direct investment in Canada is normally associated with net inflows of capital, there were a number of takeovers by Canadian enterprises (repatriations) of foreign-controlled firms, which contributed to the net outflow of funds noted above.

Present estimates indicate that undistributed earnings accruing to foreign direct investors accounted for about three-fourths of the expansion in direct investment. Another factor, normally quite small, contributed markedly to the increase in these external liabilities - this was borrowing by foreign-controlled enterprises from investors (other than the controlling shareholder group) in the foreign country of control which amounted to almost half a billion dollars. (While this is treated as direct investment in the investment
position it should be noted that these transactions are recorded as portfolio investment in the balance of payments.) The introduction of new respondents accounted for about $\$ 200$ million in the increase in investment.

Direct investment is defined as long-term capital provided by or accruing to residents, of the foreign country of control for use in Canada by direct investment enterprises. It covers long-term debt (bonds, debentures, loans, advances, etc.) and equity (common and preferred shares, and retained earnings). Direct investment is the largest single component of Canada's over-all liabilities to non-residents.

## Geographical Distribution

Direct investment by residents of the United States rose by $8 \%$ (compared to advances of $11 \%$ in 1975 and 1974) to reach $\$ 34,866$ million, accounting for over $80 \%$ of total foreign direct investment. Investment owned by United Kingdom investors grew by 7\% to $\$ 3,945$ million to comprise $9 \%$ of total direct invest(continued)

Foreign Direct Investment* in Canada, Year-Ends 1972-76
Classification by Area of Ownership

|  | $1972 r$ | 1973r | $\begin{aligned} & 1974 \mathrm{r} \\ & (\$ \text { millions }) \end{aligned}$ | $1975 r$ | 1976 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area |  |  |  |  |  |
| North America and Caribbean: |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 23,680 | 26,143 | 29,045 | 32,251 | 34,866 |
| Bahamas | 86 | 66 | 77 | 90 | 97 |
| Bermuda | 31 | 35 | 51 | 77 | 75 |
| Mexico | 11 | 7 | 10 | 14 | 1 |
| Netherlands Antilles | 7 | 8 | 5 | 15 | 19 |
| Other | 10 | 10 | 10 | 19 | 21 |
| Sub-total | 23,825 | 26,269 | 29,198 | 32,466 | 35,079 |
| Soulh and Central America: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panama | 39 | 40 | 51 | 71 | 65 |
| Venezuela | 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| Other | 4 | 10 | 9 | 3 | 2 |
| Sub-total | 46 | 52 | 61 | 78 | 70 |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom | 2,826 | 3,158 | 3,533 | 3,681 | 3,945 |
| European Economic Community** (excluding U.K.): |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belgium and Luxembourg | 280 | 347 | - 360 | 443 | 508 |
| France | 512 | 622 | 587 | 667 | 742 |
| Italy | 72 | 68 | 79 | 80 | 93 |
| Netherlands | 481 | 564 | 613 | 684 | 746 |
| West Germany | 350 | 411 | 435 | 510 | 610 |
| Sub-total | 1,695 |  |  |  |  |
| Denmark | 13 | 23 | 21 | 17 | 18 |
| Ireland | 4 | 5 | . 3 | 5 | 5 |
| Sub-total | . $\cdot$ | 2,040 | 2,098 | 2,406 | 2,722 |
| Norway | 16 | 10 | 14 | 12 | 11 |
| Sweden | 181 | 192 | 214 | 222 | 234 |
| Switzerland | 396 | 405 | 424 | 494 | 586 |
| Austria | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Other | 133 | 139 | 190 | 182 | 175 |
| Sub-total | 5,267 | 5,947 | 6,477 | 7,001 | 7,678 |
| Africa | 160 | 171 | 185 | 93 | 88 |
| Asla: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Japan | 194 | 250 | 258 | 258 | 294 |
| Hong Kong | 26 | 25 | 18 | 24 | 26 |
| Other | 10 | 11 | 12 | 16 | 7 |
| Sub-total | 230 | 286 | 288 | 298 | 327 |
| Australasia: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Australia | 19 | 32 | 40 | 37 | 45 |
| Other | 8 | 6 | 10 | 8 | 11 |
| Sub-total | 27 | 38 | 50 | 45 | 56 |
| Total | 29,555 | 32,763 | 36,259 | 39,981 | 43,298 |
| Developed Countries - total | 29,323 | 32,544 | 35,961 | 39,581 | 42,905 |
| Developing Countries - total | 230 | 215 | 284 | 380 | - 361 |
| Centrally Planned Economies - total | 2 | 4 | 14 | 20 | 32 |

## $r$ Revised

* Direct investment covers investment in branches, subsidiaries and controlled companies.
** Effective January 1, 1973, Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom became members of the European Economic Community.
ment at the end of 1976. The third largest direct investor country was the Netherlands, with $\$ 746$ million, followed closely by France with $\$ 742$ million. Direct investment from the Netherlands rose by $9 \%$, with the increase largely in petroleum and natural gas, and in non-ferrous metals, while the bulk of the increase from France was in the financial industry. West Germany remained in fifth position, increasing by $\$ 100$ million, mainly in financial enterprises, to $\$ 610$ million. There was a decline in direct investment from the category of "other European countries" to \$175 million, due mainly to a fall in investment from Finland.


## Industrial Distribution

Investment in manufacturing, comprising 41\% of total foreign direct investment, amounted to $\$ 17,742$ million at 1976 year-end. About $88 \%$ of the growth of $\$ 1,418$ million in manufacturing related to investment from the U.S.

Foreign investment in petroleum and natural gas amounted to $\$ 10,265$ million, to represent $24 \%$ of total direct investment. A large part of the $\$ 710$ million (continued)
increase in direct investment in this industry was due to the growth in retained earnings. Foreign investment in this industry was moderated by the purchase of the assets of Atlantic Richfield Canada Ltd. by a Canadian enterprise. Out of a total of $\$ 5,493$ million invested in the finance industry about $\$ 2.3$ billion was in insurance concerns while $\$ 1.5$ billion was in sales finance firms. During 1976 there was a rise of $\$ 499$ million in direct investment in this industry, with residents in the U.S. and "all other countries" accounting for $\$ 320$ million and $\$ 189$ million, respectively. There was a small decrease of $\$ 10$ million in investment owned in the U.K. due to the reclassification to other industries of two enterprises formerly classified to real estate.

Direct investment in manufacturing owned in the U.S. amounted to $\$ 15,069$ million, some $43 \%$ of total investment from that country. Of this amount $\$ 5,306$ million was in iron and products, $\$ 2,511$ million in chemicals and $\$ 2,446$ million in wood and paper products. Investment in petroleum and natural gas comprised almost one-fourth of total investment owned in the U.S. Investment in mining and smelting, at $\$ 3,647$ million, was also significant, followed by the financial industry with $\$ 3,402$ million.

About one-third of direct investment owned in the U.K. was invested in manufacturing, which totalled $\$ 1,309$ million at the end of 1976. Two of the larger manufacturing subsectors were chemicals and wood and paper products with $\$ 315$ million and $\$ 285$ million, respectively. Investment in the financial category was next largest, at $\$ 961$ million, with over one-half invested in insurance concerns. There was also sizeable investment by U.K. residents in petroleum and natural gas, amounting to $\$ 801$ million.

About 30\% or $\$ 1,364$ million of the investment owned in all other countries was in manufacturing, of which $\$ 379$ million was in the wood and paper products subsector while $\$ 325$ million was in non-metallic minerals. Investment in the financial industry was next largest, jumping by $20 \%$ to $\$ 1,130$ million at 1976 yearend, with almost one-half invested in real estate enterprises. Investment in mining and smelting was next in size with $\$ 1,042$ million.
For further information, contact F. Chow (613-9962545), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

Feed Price Indexes, April 1979 - Advance Information Feed price indexes, Canada and five geographical regions, are now available for April 1979.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices. Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

## Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, April 1979 - Advance Information

Preliminary statistics for April 1979 show that 1.9 million United States visitors entered Canada, up 2.3\% from a year earlier. Canadian residents returning from the U.S. numbered 3.0 million, an increase of $0.8 \%$ from April 1978. Visitors entering Canada from countries other than the U.S. totalled 106,900, up $36.9 \%$, while Canadian travellers returning from these countries decreased by $9.7 \%$ to 152,300 . (When analysing these figures, it should be noted that Easter was celebrated in April this year but in March in 1978.)

On a year-to-date basis, 6.0 million U.S. visitors entered Canada, an increase of $0.7 \%$ from JanuaryApril 1978, while the number of Canadian travellers returning from the U.S. totalled 9.9 million, down $5.8 \%$ from the year-earlier period. Visitors from other countries increased by $18.4 \%$ to 252,500 , whereas Canadian residents returning from these countries totalled 689,400, a decrease of $3.3 \%$ from the first four months of 1978.
Long-term travellers from the U.S. (including overnight or longer auto and bus traffic and all plane, boat and train entries) were down $0.8 \%$ for JanuaryApril 1979, while Canadians returning from the U.S. decreased by $2.5 \%$. Tourists from other countries (excluding those arriving by land via the U.S. and entering and leaving on the same day) increased by $15.1 \%$ where as Canadian long-term travellers returning from these countries dropped by 3.3\%.

For further information, order the April issue of International Travel - Advance Information (66-002, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Mike Valiquette (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Railway Carloadings

7-day Period Ended May 21, 1979

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 2,951,284 | 2,307,594 | 5,258,878 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 1,748,351 | 2,456,634 | 4,204,985 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2677360 | 2093414 | 4770774 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 1586077 | 2228621 | 3814698 |
| \% change | 68.8 | -6.1 | 25.1 |
| Cars, 1979 | 45,030 | 33,354 | 78,384 |
| Cars, 1978 | 32,780 | 36,133 | 68,913 |
| \% change | 37.4 | -7.7 | 13.7 |
| Plggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 163,982 | 59,240 | 223,222 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 156,592 | 56,974 | 213,566 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 148762 | 53742 | 202504 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 142058 | 51686 | 193744 |
| \% change | 4.7 | 4.0 | 4.5 |
| Cars, 1979 | 4,945 | 2,091 | 7,036 |
| Cars, 1978 | 4,914 | 2,321 | 7,235 |
| \% change | 0.6 | -9.9 | -2.8 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Total carload trafflc: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 49,868,375 | 43,393,498 | 93,261,873 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 42,460,821 | 43,115,404 | 85,576,225 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 45239829 | 39365919 | 84605748 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 38519809 | 39113637 | 77633446 |
| \% change | 17.4 | 0.6 | 9.0 |
| Cars, 1979 | 798,554 | 634,904 | 1,433,458 |
| Cars, 1978 | 730,897 | 646,882 | 1,377,779 |
| \% change | 9.3 | -1.9 | 4.0 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 3,249,209 | 1,246,914 | 4,496,123 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 3,310,800 | 1,191,753 | 4,502,553 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 2947633 | 1131181 | 4078814 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 3003507 | 1081140 | 4084647 |
| \% change | -1.9 | 4.6 | -0.1 |
| Cars. 1979 | 98,477 | 47,544 | 146,021 |
| Cars, 1978 | 99,850 | 48,167 | 148,017 |
| \% change | -1.4 | -1.3 | -1.3 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 21, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Railway revenue freight loaded in the above-noted week totalled 4.8 million $t$ ( 5.3 million short tons), an increase of $25.1 \%$ over the corresponding 1978 period. Traffic originating in the East showed a gain of $68.8 \%$ (due mainly to strikes affecting iron ore production in 1978), while loadings in the West declined by $6.1 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) loadings (included above) were up 4.5\%, with increases in traffic recorded in both the East and West.

In the January 1 to May 21, 1979 period, rail carload freight was up $9.0 \%$ from the 1978 level at 84.6 million t
( 93.3 million short tons). During the same cumulative period, cars loaded numbered $1,433,458$, a gain of $4.0 \%$ and container-trailer (piggyback) shipments declined $0.1 \%$.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Tuesday, June 5, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 New Motor Vehicle Sales, April 1979
2 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, March 1979

2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 2, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-010 (30థ/\$3) Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, May 1, 1979
32-011 (30థ/\$3) Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, March 1979
34-221 (70థ) Carpet, Mat and Rug Industry, 1977
35-003 (30§/\$3) British Columbia Sawmills and Planing Mills, March 1979
46-221 (35§) Sales of Toilet Preparations in Canada, 1977
47-003 (35\$/\$1.40) Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended March 1979
57-203 (70థ) Electricity Bills: for Domestic, Commercial and Small Power Service Examples of the Application of Rates, 1979
62-007 (40\$/\$4) Construction Price Statistics, May 1979

New Motor Vehicle Sales; April 1979 - Advance Information
New motor vehicles sold in April totalled 132,349 units, down 3.4\% from a year earlier. This included 86,391 passenger cars (up $5.2 \%$ ) and 34,475 commercial vehicles (down 0.6\%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 10,726 passenger cars (down 43.1\%) and 757 commercial vehicles (down 41.9\%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased $13.1 \%$ to $\$ 1,053.1$ million. Canadian and U.S. passenger cars sold for $\$ 627.8$ million (up $18.2 \%$ ) and commercial vehicles for $\$ 342.0$ million (up 18.3\%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas decreased $24.6 \%$ to $\$ 78.0$ million and those of commercial vehicles decreased $26.8 \%$ to $\$ 5.4$ million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 292 units of coaches and buses valued at $\$ 6.1$ million.

Seasonally-adjusted April sales of passenger cars manufactured in Canada and the U.S. decreased $10.1 \%$ from March to 73,679 units and those of passenger cars from overseas decreased $14.7 \%$ to 8,947 units. Similarly-adjusted sales of all commercial vehicles were down $10.6 \%$ to 30,820 units.

For the first four months of 1979, total sales reached 456,551 units ( 439,024 in .1978), with an accumulated value of $\$ 3,622.5$ million. This represented an increase of $20.8 \%$ in value over sales for January-April 1978.

For further information, order the April issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, 30¢/\$3), or contact M. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, March 1979 - Advance Information
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies increased in March to 632,700,000 feet board measure (1 493006 m 3 ) from a revised $574,806,000$ feet board
measure (1 356390 m 3 ) in March 1978. Stocks on hand at the end of March 1979 totalled 725,659,000 feet board measure ( 1712364 m 3 ).

For further information, order the March issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (35-002, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Steel ingots, Week Ended June 2, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended June 2 was 359,701 short tons ( 326315 t), a decrease of $0.8 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 362,472 short tons ( 328829 t). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 316,138 short tons ( 286796 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t) equalling 100 was 196.3 in the current week, 197.8 a week earlier and 172.5 a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, April 1979
62-004 (35\$/\$1.40) Farm Input Price Index, 1s Quarter 1979

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(1) Monthly average
p Preliminary figures
For further information. order the March 1979 issue of Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, Quarterly, \$1.05/\$4.20), or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance Statistics, March 1979 - Advance Information
Claimants qualifying for unemployment insurance benefits for the week ending March 17 totalled 938,000 ,* a decrease of $3 \%$ from February and down $6 \%$ from March 1978. Thirty-five percent of the beneficiaries were under 25 years of age.

In March, benefits paid amounted to $\$ 429$ million," a marginal increase from the previous month but 9\% less than the $\$ 471$ million paid in March 1978. For the first quarter of 1979, benefits totalled $\$ 1,383$ million, $4 \%$ less than in the January-March period of 1978. The decrease is due to fewer weeks of benefit paid as the average weekly payment remained virtually unchanged at \$109.75.
Claims filed in March by persons applying for benefits totalled 193,000, down 3\% from February and $7 \%$ from March 1978. For the first quarter, some 699,000 claims were received, a drop of $3 \%$ from the same period in 1978.

- The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to benefit payments made during a month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month. the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardless of when they received payment.

Telephone Statistics, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canada's 13 major telephone systems reported revenues of $\$ 415.1$ million in April, up $20.8 \%$ from a year earlier. Operating expenses increased $16.6 \%$ to $\$ 272.3$ million. Net operating revenue at $\$ 142.8$ million showed an increase of $29.8 \%$ over April 1978. Telephone toll messages were up $12.7 \%$ to 96.5 million.

For further information, order the April issue of Telephone Statistics (56-002, \$1.50 a year), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271). Transportations and Communications Division, Statistics Canada، Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

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1500 Atwater Ave.
Montreal, Que.
H3Z 1 Y2
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25 St. Clair Ave. E.
Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

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(306-569-5405)
10025 106th St.
Edmonton, Alta.
T5J 1G9
(403-425-5052)
1145 Robson St.
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 1 B8
(604-666-3695)

Raliway Freight Traffic, 1978 - Advance Information Railways in Canada hauled 262.9 million short tons ( 238.5 million $t$ ) of revenue freight in 1978, a decrease of $3.4 \%$ from 1977. The total included 241.4 million short tons ( 219.0 million $t$ ) loaded domestically (down $3.7 \%$ from the previous year) and 21.4 million short tons ( 19.4 million $t$ ) received from the United States (a decline of 0.6\%).

On the basis of commodity groups, increased traffic was recorded for: live animals (up 14.4\%); food, feed, beverages and tobacco (up 1.8\%); fabricated materials (up $4.4 \%$ ) and special traffic (up $3.5 \%$ ). The crude materials category declined $9.2 \%$, end products decreased $3.4 \%$ and non-carload freight was down 14.4\% from 1977.

A geographic breakdown of freight loaded by rail in Canada in 1978 showed volume decreases in Newfoundland ( $-33.3 \%$ ), Prince Edward Island ( $-7.6 \%$ ), New Brunswick ( $-0.6 \%$ ), Quebec ( $-9.3 \%$ ), Ontario ( $-5.4 \%$ ) and the Territories ( $-2.6 \%$ ). Manitoba recorded the largest percentage increase in traffic, up 14.1\% over 1977. Nova Scotia loadings were $9.4 \%$ higher; British Columbia followed with a gain of $8.1 \%$, Saskatchewan with $4.5 \%$ and Alberta with $3.4 \%$.

For further information, order the 1978 issue of Railway Freight Traffic (52-205, \$2.80), or contact M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


## pUblications released

22-002 (\$5.60 for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 7, Telegraphic Crop Report - Prairie Provinces - Available June 7, 1979, at 3 p.m.
32-012 (30\$/\$3) Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, May 1979
32-013 (15¢/\$1.50) The Sugar Situatlon, April 1979
32-203 (\$1.05) Bakeries, 1977
32-220 (70థ) Estimates of Production and Dlsappearance of Meats, 1978
34-213 (70థ) Fur Goods Industry, 1977
35-006 (35 $/$ /\$1.40) Quarterly Shipments of Office Furniture Products, Quarter Ended March 31, 1979
41-214 (70థ) Smelting and Refining, 1977
42-217 (70థ) Truck Body and Trailer Manufacturers, 1977
(continued)

## 44-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Cement, April 1979

## 44-210 (70§) Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industrles, 1977

## 63-004 (\$1.50 a year) Department Store Sales by Regions, April 1979

Quarterly Estlmates of the Canadlan Balance of International Payments, First Quarter 1979
In the first quarter of 1979 Canada's seasonallyadjusted current account deficit fell to $\$ 1,696$ million, down from $\$ 1,765$ million in the previous quarter.

Unadjusted for seasonal variations, the deficit in the quarter was $\$ 2,326$ million. Capital movements, which are not seasonally adjusted, resulted in a net inflow of $\$ 4,892$ million, while the balancing item representing net errors and omissions in the recorded estimates of the current and capital accounts was equivalent to a net outflow of $\$ 1,404$ million. The over-all surplus described above, together with a $\$ 219$ million allocation of Special Drawing Rights led to a $\$ 1,381$ million increase in net official monetary assets.

The main quarterly features were:

- a $50 \%$ reduction in the seasonally-adjusted merchandise trade surplus to $\$ 426$ million as the growth in the value of imports at $7.1 \%$ was almost twice that of exports. Price rises accounted for all of the growth in exports and almost half that in imports.
- based on preliminary data, there were large increases, on a seasonally-adjusted basis, for exports of woodpulp, crude petroleum, iron ore, nickel, copper and coal; declines were registered for automotive products, wheat and aluminum. Import commodities which rose the most were automotive products, industrial machinery, communications and related equipment, agricultural machinery, non-ferrous metals and chemicals and related products, while a substantial decline was recorded for crude petroleum.
- a $\$ 483$ million fall in the seasonally-adjusted nonmerchandise trade deficit to $\$ 2,122$ million. Major factors in this drop were a sharp reduction in dividend payments to non-residents following a temporary surge in suct payments in the fourth quarter of 1978 occasioned by impending tax changes, an increase in interest and dividend receipts from abroad and a decline in travel payments (which to some extent reflects the impact of Easter falling in April in 1979).
- a swing of $\$ 2,608$ million to a net inflow of $\$ 2,545$ million from capital movements in long-term forms. The principal factors in this turnaround were increases in inflows from new issues of Canadian bonds placed abroad and medium and long-term borrowing from foreign banks iborrowing in these forms by the federal government accounted for $\$ 1,603$ million in the quarter compared to $\$ 863$ million in the previous quarter), a reduction in the net outflow to $\$ 125$ million from foreign direct investment in Canada as special factors associated with such transactions declined in importance in the quarter, and a swing to a net inflow of \$120 million from Canadian direct investment abroad, largely reflecting the sale of a major overseas utility.
- a net inflow of $\$ 2,347$ million from capital movements in short-term forms, up $\$ 1,478$ million from
the previous quarter, mainly due to increased inflows as chartered banks and other residents ran down their foreign currency balances abroad, increased net inflows as non-residents built up their holdings of all types of Canadian money market instruments except finance company paper, and a swing to a net inflow from other short-term capital transactions.
- an allocation of 141 million Special Drawing Rights, equivalent to $\$ 219$ million, the first allocation of these reserve assets by the International Monetary Fund since 1972.
- an over-all surplus on current and capital account, which, together with the allocation of Special Drawing Rights, led to a net increase in reserves of $\$ 1,381$ million - reserve assets increased by $\$ 1,029$ million while liabilities were reduced by $\$ 352$ million. The net increase in reserve assets includes the proceeds of bond and note issues and bank loans in Switzerland and Japan totalling the equivalent of US $\$ 1,366$ million and the repayment of US $\$ 300$ million of borrowings obtained under the standby credit facility with the Canadian chartered banks.
- a sharp fall to US 83.20 cents in February in the external value of the Canadian dollar, its lowest level since the early 1930s, followed by an even sharper recovery in March to close the quarter at US 86.25 cents.
For further information, contact D.K. McAlister (613-995-0743), Balance of Payments Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. The main tables can be obtained, in machine-readable form, from the CANSIM base.


## Department Store Sales by Regions, April 1979

Department store sales totalled $\$ 606.3$ million in April, an increase of $7.8 \%$ from a year earlier. Sales were up in all regions of Canada.

Department store sales by regions for the latest month, with percentage increases from April 1978 in brackets:

- Ontario, $\$ 218.6$ million (5.2\%).
- Quebec, $\$ 114.1$ million (7.5\%);
- British Columbia, $\$ 98.9$ million ( $8.8 \%$ );
- Alberta, $\$ 82.1$ million ( $10.7 \%$ );
- Atlantic Provinces, $\$ 40.5$ million ( $16.7 \%$ );
- Manitoba, $\$ 34.9$ million ( $6.2 \%$ );
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 17.3$ million (10.9\%).

For further information, order the April issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50 a year).

Passenger Bus Statlstics (Interclty and Rural)


* Includes charter operations of one intercity bus company.
" The number of fare passengers carried for "Other Services" is not kept by all carriers.
r Revised figures.

Passenger Bus Statlstics (Interclty and Rural), April 1979 - (Published Only In Statistics Canada Daily) The accompanying table contains statistics on passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations. Cumulative data for the year serves as preliminary information on a significant portion of the industry until definitive annual statistics are available. Figures have been added showing total distance run and fuel consumed, using the International System of Units; this is the most modern version of the metric system, supported by the International Bureau of Weights and Measures and is the system of units which Canada is adopting.

The following observations apply to the data in this release:

- Data relating to other services such as charter or contract are specific to the surveyed passenger bus carriers and are not indicative of over-all charter and contract operations;
- Passengers paying a fare to the operator of one vehicle and travelling on a second or third vehicle on a transfer are counted for the first vehicle only;
- Total distance run in a revenue service includes distance run empty which was necessary to provide the revenue service.
For further information, contact the Chief (613-9951976), Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Urban Transit, April 1979 - Advance Information
In April, 58 urban transit systems collected 99,731,432 initial passenger fares. The total distance run was $31,470,780$ miles ( 50647316 km ) and operating revenues amounted to $\$ 38,521,446$.

For further information, contact the Chief (613-9951976), Surface Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or order the April issue of Urban Transit (53003, 15\$/\$1.50).

Industrial Chemicals, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped $111,075,000$ lbs. ( 50383 metric tonnes) of polyethylene-type synthetic resins in April, up from 69,963,000 lbs. ( 31735 tonnes) a year earlier.

For further information, order the April issue of Specified Chemicals (46-002, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia. New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

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| St. John's, Nild. | R3C 0K4 <br> A1B 3P2 |
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| 1204-949-4020) |  |
| Halifax, N.S. |  |
| B3J 1Y6 |  |
| (902-426-5331) | Regina, Sask. |
| 1500 Atwater Ave. | S4P 2B6 |
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| (514-283-5725) | Edmonton, Alta. |
| 25 St. Clair Ave. E. | T5J 1G9 |
| Toronto, Ont. | (403-425-5052) |
| M4T 1M4 | 1145 Robson St. |
| (416-966-6586) | Vancouver, B.C. |

## Non-Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes

April 1979 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ | \% Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Apr. 79/ Mar. 79 | Apr. 79/ Apr. 78 |
| Total Index | 207.9 | 205.1 | 188.1 | 1.4 | 10.5 |
| Materials | 201.9 | 196.6 | 176.3 | 2.7 | 14.5 |
| Steel and Metal Work | 220.7 | 211.7 | 179.9 | 4.3 | 22.7 |
| Plumbing. Heating and |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air Conditioning | 184.3 | 178.2 | 164.0 | 3.4 | 12.4 |
| Electrical Equipment | 188.9 | 186.0 | 162.9 | 1.6 | 16.0 |
| Concrete Products | 215.8 | 214.5 | 203.0 | 0.6 | 6.3 |
| Lumber and Lumber Products | 262.3 | 259.1 | 222.3 | 1.2 | 18.0 |
| Other | 189.1 | 183.8 | 170.5 | 2.9 | 10.9 |
| Labour | 214.6 | 214.5 | 201.1 | - | 6.7 |

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Friday, June 8, 1979

## CONTENTS

2 Building Permits, March 1979


3 Fruit and Vegetable Production, June 1979
3 Particle Board, April 1979
3 Sugar Sales, May 1979
4 Manufacturers of Printing Inks, 1977
4 Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, 1977

## Publication Discontinued with Earlier Issue

The publication University Financial Statistics (catalogue 81-212) was listed in the Daily of November 2, 1978 as scheduled for cancellation with the 1977-78 issue. The Education, Science and Culture Division has now announced that this publication is cancelled with the 1976-77 edition.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

33-206 (70§) Rubber Products Industries, 1977
34-222 (70థ) Automoblle Fabric Accessorles Industry, 1977
42-206 (70థ) Shipbullding and Repair, 1977
81-216 (\$1.05) Interpróvinclal and Internatlonal MIgration of Children In Canada, 1977-78

Building Permits
March 1979


## Preliminary figures.

For further information, order Building Permits March 1979 (64-001, 70థ/\$7).

Building Permits, March 1979 - Advance Information The value of proposed construction reflected by building permits rose $22.3 \%$ to a seasonally-adjusted level of $\$ 1,165.5$ million in March from $\$ 953.2$ million in February. Both residential and non-residential permits activity contributed to the increase. In March 1978, the value of new building construction authorized was $\$ 1,013.2$ million.

Although the (seasonally adjusted) number of new dwellings authorized was marginally lower in March $(14,076)$ than in February $(14,350)$, the value of residential permits rose $17.3 \%$ to $\$ 612.5$ million from $\$ 522.4$ million in February, reflecting the preference of builders for construction of single-detached homes. The number of dwelling units of this type rose to 8,968 from 7,461 in February while the number of multiple dwellings decreased to 5,108 units from 6,889 in February.

In the non-residential sector, the value of new construction authorized totalled $\$ 553.0$ million in March, up 28.4\% from the February level of $\$ 430.8$ million. Industrial projects' value rose to an estimated $\$ 140.6$ million in March from $\$ 93.9$ million in February while commercial projects increased to $\$ 3.14 .0$ million from $\$ 241.1$ million. Publicly-initiated projects, valued at $\$ 98.4$ million, were only marginally higher than in February (\$95.8 million).

Early returns for April indicate a continuance of the strength observed in the non-residential sector during March.

For further information, order the March issue of Building Permits (64-001, 70\$/\$7), or contact J.P. Délisle (613-995-8215), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
(see table on next page)

Building Permits
(million of dollars)

|  |  | 1978 |  |  |  |  | 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt. | Total | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt | Total |
| Canada - | Jan. | 279.4 | 48.0 | 116.2 | 94.2 | 537.8 | 268.3 | 47.9 | 155.7 | 66.5 | 538.4 |
| Unadjusted | Feb. | 350.6 | 47.5 | 140.6 | 84.8 | 623.5 | 307.2 | 53.6 | 196.4 | 68.2 | 625.4 |
|  | Mar. | 572.8 | 55.2 | 246.0 | 84.6 | 958.6 | 538.1 | 97.4 | 270.3 | 84.5 | 990.3 |
| Canada - | Jan. | 611.0 | 89.0 | 188.4 | 161.9 | 1,050.3 | 546.8 | 88.5 | 229.5 | 117.0 | 981.8 |
| Adjusted | Feb. | 593.9 | 84.2 | 173.7 | 119.6 | 971.4 | 522.4 | 93.9 | 241.1 | 95.8 | 953.2 |
|  | Mar. | 596.5 | 76.6 | 251.5 | 88.6 | 1,013.2 | 612.5 | 140.6 | 314.0 | 98.4 | 1,165.5 |
| Canada Jan.-Mar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted |  | 1,202.8 | 150.8 | 502.7 | 263.6 | 2,119.9 | 1,113.6 | 198.9 | 622.4 | 219.2 | 2,154.1 |
| Newfoundland |  | 4.0 | 0.4 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 8.9 | 4.2 | 0.7 | 4.4 | 1.7 | 11.0 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 4.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 9.8 | 7.5 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 9.9 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 28.4 | 0.7 | 4.5 | 13.3 | 46.9 | 27.7 | 6.6 | 23.8 | 9.2 | 67.3 |
| New Brunswick |  | 7.1 | 4.0 | 8.6 | 3.8 | 23.5 | 7.2 | 6.1 | 9.3 | 18.7 | 41.3 |
| Quebec |  | 242.0 | 21.1 | 66.3 | 44.2 | 373.6 | 240.6 | 37.5 | 74.4 | 28.5 | 381.0 |
| Ontario |  | 308.6 | 75.7 | 181.6 | 48.1 | 614.0 | 300.6 | 74.9 | 184.0 | 44.8 | 604.3 |
| Manitoba |  | 59.0 | 2.0 | 14.0 | 31.6 | 106.6 | 27.0 | 2.6 | 39.1 | 3.5 | 72.2 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 43.0 | 0.9 | 13.8 | 12.4 | 70.1 | 39.4 | 2.9 | 26.8 | 13.7 | 82.8 |
| Alberta |  | 311.4 | 26.4 | 126.2 | 75.2 | 539.2 | 293.9 | 20.2 | 178.1 | 68.8 | 561.0 |
| British Columbia |  | 191.5 | 18.1 | 82.3 | 30.2 | 322.1 | 163.4 | 45.8 | 80.1 | 30.0 | 319.3 |
| N.W.T. and Yukon |  | 3.4 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 4.0 |

Frult and Vegetable Production, June 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian leaf tobacco production in 1978 amounted to 115615 tonnes, an $11 \%$ increase over 1977. The total farm value of the crop amounted to $\$ 298.8$ million.

Complete results of the leaf tobacco survey are included in this month's issue of the Fruit and Vegetable Production publication. Also included in the June issue are 1979 berry production estimates for some provinces. This month's charts depict Canadian onion and carrot production for the period 1967-1978.

For further information, order Fruit and Vegetable Production (22-003, 40\$/\$3), or contact Larry Murphy (613-995-4877), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Particle Board, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian firms produced $30,495,000$ square feet $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ basis ( 44975 m 3 ) of Type I particle board in April, an increase of $16.4 \%$ from $26,208,000$ square feet ( 38652 m 3 ) a year earlier. Production of Type II particle board reached $42,384,000$ square feet $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ basis ( 62509 m 3 ), up 18.6\% from 35,726,000 square feet ( $52690 \mathrm{m3}$ ) in April 1978.

For further information, contact Colin Sturton (613-992-5140), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6, or order the April issue of Particle Board $(36-003,15 \$ / \$ 1.50)$.

Sugar Sales, iviay 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 104079401 kilograms ( $229,455,841$ lbs.) of all types of sugar for May 1979. Domestic sales totalled 89501217 kilograms ( $197,316,442 \mathrm{lbs}$.) and export sales amounted to 14578184 kilograms ( $32,139,399 \mathrm{lbs}$.).

For further information, contact T.P. Sterling (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Printing Inks

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3791 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 46 | 49 | 6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 835 | 894 | 7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 1,851 | 1,867 | 1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 9,894 | 10,868 | 10 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 915 | 1,093 | 19 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 44,676 | 47,737 | 7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 79,318 | 89,007 | 12 |
| Value added | \$000 | 34,707 | 40,921 | 18 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,442 | 1,644 | 14 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 19,376 | 23,404 | 21 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 41,875 | 49,241 | 18 |

For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1f. OV6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, 1977 (46-216, 70¢).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscelianeous Chemical Industries

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3799 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 311 | 304 | -2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 8,194 | 8,224 | - |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 17,047 | 17,114 | - |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 90,045 | 98,590 | 9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 15,203 | 15,701 | 3 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 420,811 | 452,774 | 8 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 798,617 | 838,977 | 5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 367,701 | 371,672 | 1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 14,918 | 14,948 | - |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 195,392 | 216,164 | 11 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 409,853 | 409,800 | - |

[^18] Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, 1977 (46-216, 70¢).


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Monday, June 11, 1979

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2. Industry Selling Price Index, April 1979

3 Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indexes, March 1979
3. Farm Cash Receipts, January-April 1979

4 Railway Operating Statistics, December 1978
4 Radio Broadcasting, February 1979
4 Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, May 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

43-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, April 1979
64-201 (\$1.40) Construction in Canada, 1977
65-004 (80\$/\$8) Exports by Commodities, March 1979
72-008 (40§/\$4) Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, February 1979

## Service Bulletins:

32-023 (\$2.80 per year) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 7, No. 21, Pack of Processed Potatoes, 1978

53-006 (\$2.80 per year) Road Transport, Vol. 8, No. 1, Motor Carriers - Freight and Household Goods Movers, 1977

Industry Selling Price Iñdex: Manufacturing
(1971 $=100)^{-}$

|  |  | Index |  |  | Percent Change |  |  | cent ibution Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Relative Importance(1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1979^{*} \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1979 | Apr. 1978 | Apr. '79/ <br> Mar. '79 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. }{ }^{\prime} 79 / \\ \text { Apr. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. '79/ } \\ \text { Mar. '79 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } 79 / \\ \text { Apr. } 78 \end{gathered}$ |


| Industry Selling Price Index: Manufaciuring | 100.0 | 210.8 | 209.1 | 187.2 | 0.8 | 12.6 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIC Major Groups: .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Food and Beverage Industries | 19.9 | 226.9 | 227.9 | 200.7 | -0.4 | 13.1 | -11.6 | 21.7 |
| 2. Tobacco Products Industries | 1.1 | 159.0 | 159.5 | 147.2 | -0.3 | 8.0 | -0.3 | 0.6 |
| 3. Rubber and Plastics Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries | 2.5 | 168.0 | 166.0 | 154.4 | 1.2 | 8.8 | 2.9 | 1.5 |
| 4. Leather Industries | 0.9 | 241.7 | 238.1 | 185.8 | 1.5 | 30.1 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| 5. Textile Industries | 3.5 | 174.4 | 171.9 | 157.4 | 1.5 | 10.8 | 5.4 | 2.6 |
| 6. Knitting Mills | 0.9 | 150.8 | 149.8 | 137.4 | 0.7 | 9.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| 8. Wood Industries | 4.7 | 259.8 | 260.5 | 219.1 | -0.3 | 18.5 | -2.1 | 8.1 |
| 9. Furniture-and Fixture - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries | 1.6 | 203.6 | 201.5 | 180.9 | 1.0 | 12.5 | 2.0 | 1.6 |
| 10, Paper and Allied Industries . | 8.2 | 232.8 | 229.3 | 202.2 | 1.5 | 15.1 | 17.1 | 10.5 |
| 12. Primary Metal Industries | 8.4 | 246.6 | 239.5 | 203.6 | 3.0 | 21.1 | 35.5 | 15.0 |
| 13. Metal Fabricating Industries | 7.5 | 206.5 | 204.3 | 184.3 | 1.1 | 12.0 | 9.8 | 7.0 |
| 14. Machinery Industries | 4.4 | 178.9 | 178.6 | 166.9 | 0.2 | 7.2 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| 16. Electrical Products Industries | 6.8 | 166.9 | 165.8 | 155.9 | 0.6 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 3.2 |
| 17. Non-Metallic Mineral |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Chemical and Chemical Products Industries | 6.6 | 206.3 | 203.3 | 187.0 | 1.5 | 10.3 | 11.6 | 5.3 |
| Other Major Groups(2) | 19.8 | 202.8 | 201.2 | 183.3 | 0.8 | 10.6 | 18.8 | 16.0 |

[^19]Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing (1971=100), April 1979 - Advance Information The Industry Selling Price Index for manufacturing rose $0.8 \%$ to 210.8 in April from 209.1 (revised) in March. The index was $12.6 \%$ above its April 1978 level of 187.2 .

The major groups which had the most impact on the total index in April were primary metal industries $(+3.0 \%)$, paper and allied industries $(+1.5 \%)$, food and beverage industries ( $-0.4 \%$ ), chemical and chemical products industries ( $+1.5 \%$ ) and metal fabricating industries ( $+1.1 \%$ ).
In the primary metal industries, prices rose $4.2 \%$ in iron and steel mills with hot rolled carbon sheet and strip increasing $6.1 \%$, hot rolled bars (all types excluding stainless and concrete reinforcing) $7.3 \%$, and cold reduced carbon, alloy and silicon sheet and strip $5.4 \%$. Smelting and refining rose $1.5 \%$, reflecting increases in refined copper ( $2.0 \%$ ) and refined zinc (5.3\%). The copper and copper alloy rolling, casting and extruding industry index moved up $8.4 \%$.

In the paper and allied industries group, pulp and paper mills increased $1.0 \%$. Although white newsprint in rolls decreased $2.0 \%$, all paper-grade sulphate and soda woodpulp commodities and paper-grade bleached sulphite woodpulp increase between $4.2 \%$ and $7.5 \%$. In addition, the corrugated box manufacturers index rose $5.3 \%$, the miscellaneous paper converters index moved up 2.1\% and the asphalt roofing manufacturers index increased 8.4\%.

In the food and beverage group, which showed the first monthly decline since October 1977, slaughtering
and meat processors decreased $2.9 \%$ as prices for fresh and frozen pork fell $12.3 \%$ and fresh and frozen beef moved down $2.2 \%$; other decreases recorded were $1.5 \%$ in the fish products industry and $4.2 \%$ for cane and beet sugar processors. There were increases of $1.2 \%$ in the dairy products industry, $3.4 \%$ for confectionery manufacturers and $1.8 \%$ for soft drink manufacturers.
In the chemical and chemical products industries the index for manufacturers of industrial chemicals (organic) rose $2.4 \%$ and that for manufacturers of plastics and synthetic resins increased $4.1 \%$.
The metal fabricating industries increase was due to $1.8 \%$ increases in the indexes for the metal stamping and pressing industry and hardware, tool and cutlery manufacturers.
Over the 12 months from April 1978 to April 1979 the major groups which had the most effect on the movement of the total index were food and beverage industries ( $+13.1 \%$ ), primary metal industries ( $+21.1 \%$ ), paper and allied industries ( $+15: 1 \%$ ), wood industries ( $+18.5 \%$ ), metal fabricating industries ( $+12.0 \%$ ) and chemical and chemical products industries ( $+10.3 \%$ ).
For further information, order the April issue of Industry Price Indexes ( $62-011,55 ¢ / \$ 5.50$ ), or contact the Information Unit, Industrial Prices (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indexes, March 1979 - Advance Information
Both import and export price indexes continued in the first quarter of 1979 the rapid rate of growth begun in the fourth quarter of 1978. The fixed-weight import price index increased $4.0 \%$ in the first quarter compared to $4.8 \%$ in the fourth quarter, while the corresponding growth rates for export prices were $4.8 \%$ and $5.3 \%$ in the preceding quarter.

Seasonally-adjusted import volume was $3.8 \%$ higher than the fourth quarter level, while export volume declined 1.7\%.

For further information, order the April issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, 40థ/\$4).

## Import and Domestic Export Price and Volume Indexes

Price Indexes Welghted with Current Perlod Quantites
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)

|  | Imports | Domestic Exports |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1976 Annual | 157.6 | 177.2 |
| 1977 Annual | 176.8 | 188.7 |
| 1978 Annual | 200.5 | 204.8 |
| $1977$ <br> IV Quarter | 184.4 | 192.6 |
| 1978 |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 192.4 | 198.8 |
| II Quarter | 195.0 | 200.2 |
| III Quarter | 203.1 | 207.5 |
| IV Quarter | 211.8 | 213.3 |
| $1979$ |  | 226.6 |
| 1978 |  |  |
| October | 208.3 | 210.6 |
| November | 215.2 | 214.3 |
| December | 211.8 | 215.9 |
| 1979 |  |  |
| January | 216.9 | 223.9 |
| February | 218.6 | 226.3 |
| March | 218.8 | 228.2 |

Volume Indexes Welghted with 1971 Prices
Seasonally Adjusted
(1971=100)


Farm Cash Peceipts, January-April 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January to April period of 1979 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundiand totalled $\$ 4,665.2$ million compared to $\$ 3,787.4$ million realized during the same period of 1978.

These estimates include: cash receipts from the sale of farm products; Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops; cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada; and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction is made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January to April issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21-001, 30¢/\$3), or contact Peter Lys (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L?.

## Total Cash Recelpts from Farming Operations

January-April
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Prince Edward Island | 32.3 | 46.2 |
| Nova Scotia | 43.6 | 54.0 |
| New Brunswick | 34.5 | 47.2 |
| Quebec | 457.9 | 571.9 |
| Ontario | $1,029.7$ | $1,250.6$ |
| Manitoba | 322.7 | 405.8 |
| Saskatchewan | 891.7 | $1,097.0$ |
| Alberta | 823.0 | $1,028.4$ |
| British Columbia | 151.9 | 164.1 |
| Canada | $3,787.4$ | $4,665.2$ |

Railway Operating Statistics, December 1978 Advance Information
Canada's six major railways reported a combined net loss of $\$ 19.6$ million from operations in December 1978. This was in sharp contrast to a combined income of $\$ 11.3$ million in the corresponding 1977 month. Operating revenues in the latest period rose $4.2 \%$ to $\$ 297.4$ million while expenses increased by $15.7 \%$ to $\$ 316.9$ million.

Revenue freight ton-miles were up 20.8\% in December 1978; freight train-miles showed a 10.6\% gain; and miles generated by freight train cars rose $16.7 \%$. The average revenue received per ton-mile of freight was 2.110 cents compared with 2.208 cents in December 1977.
(In analyzing December 1978 statistics it should be noted that passenger revenues for Canadian National and Canadian Pacific were higher than normal due to receipts from VIA Rail for provision of services by them; passenger-related mileages, on the other hand, were lower because of VIA's takeover of the western portion of the two transcontinental passenger services at the end of October.)

During the year 1978, railway operating revenues for the "big six" increased $9.5 \%$ and operating expenses rose $9.8 \%$. Net income at $\$ 209.1$ million was up $3.6 \%$ over 1977. Cumulative ton-miles increased $2.9 \%$ and passenger-miles showed a gain of $2.6 \%$.

For further information, order the December issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, 304/\$3), or contact M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Radio Broadcasting, February 1979 - Advance Information
Gross national AM and FM radio air-time sales were $\$ 6.4$ million in February, an increase of $6.7 \%$ from $\$ 6.0$ million in February 1978. Net national sales after deduction of agency and other commissions amounted to $\$ 5.4$ million, up $5.9 \%$ from $\$ 5.1$ million in the previous year.

Net local air-time sales rose $12.4 \%$ to $\$ 16.3$ million in February from $\$ 14.5$ million.

Gross radio air-time sales for January-February 1979 were $\$ 44.3$ million compared to $\$ 41.2$ million for the corresponding two months in 1978, an increase of $7.5 \%$. Net sales rose $7.2 \%$ to $\$ 41.3$ million from $\$ 38.5$ million.

For further information, order the February issue of Radio Broadcasting (56-003, 30¢/\$3), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, May 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the month of May 1979 was $1,568,537$ short tons (1422 953 t). Pig iron production totalled 1.087,385 short tons (986 459 t ).

For further information, order the May issue of Steel Ingots and Pig Iron (41-002, 15\$/\$1.50), or contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV3.


Tuesday, June 12; 1979

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2 Census of Manufactures, 1977
4 Paint and Varnish Manufacturers, 1977
4 Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers, 1977
4 Electric Power Statistics, March 1979
4 Oil Pipeline Transport, March 1979
4 Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 9, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

31-203 (\$2.80) Manufacturing Industries of Canada: National and Provincial Areas, 1976

34-208 (70థ) Man-made Fibre, Yarn and Cloth Mills, 1977
52-001 (30థ/\$3) Railway Carloadings, April 1979
61-209 (\$1.40) Credit Unions, 1977

## 1977 Census of Manufactures - Selected Principal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, by Province*


*Preliminary figures.

Census of Manufactures, 1977 - Advance Information Preliminary figures from the 1977 Census of Manufactures show that 27,715 establishments reported shipments of goods of their own manufacture valued at $\$ 108,856$ million, up $10.8 \%$ from a restated $\$ 98,281$ million in 1976. The value of total shipments plus other revenues for these establishments was reported at $\$ 126,270$ million, an increase of $11.3 \%$ over the 1976 total of $\$ 113,417$ million.

As employers, these manufacturers provided wörk for 1.70 million people, down $2.2 \%$ from 1.74 million in 1976. They paid out a total of $\$ 23,592$ million in salaries and wages, up $8.2 \%$ from $\$ 21,800$ million the previous year.

The accompanying tables show selected principal statistics broken down by province for all industries, and by major industry group for all Canada.

For further information, contact R. Staveley (613-996-4991), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published later in Manufacturing Industries of Canada: National and Provincial Areas, 1977 (31-203).
(see table on next page)

## 1977 Census of Manufactures - Selected PrInclpal Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, by Major Group*

| Major Group Esta | No. of stablishments | Manufacturing Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Production and related workers |  |  | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost of materials and supplies used | Value of shipments of goods of own manufactuie | Value added |
|  |  | Number | Manhours paid '000 | Wages |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | \$'000 |  |  |
| Food and Beverage Ind. | 4,211 | 148,303 | 309,849 | 1,773,895 | 269,464 | 12,619,981 | 18,871,720 | 6,086,110 |
| Tobacco Products Ind. | 24 | 5,941 | 10,784 | 86,512 | 5,054 | 508,198 | 945,584 | 429,216 |
| Rubber and Plastics Products Ind. | d. 755 | 41,743 | 85,638 | 463,551 | 54,179 | 1,299,280 | 2,532,361 | 1,242,668 |
| Leather Industries | 378 | 19,956 | 41,214 | 169,118 | 6,295 | 354,266 | 692,202 | 342,328 |
| Textile Industries | 831 | 51,601 | 106,974 | 513,765 | 68,653 | 1,639,940 | 2,955,433 | 1,273,295 |
| Knitting Mills | 266 | 18,228 | 37,538 | 148,040 | 7,231 | 335,182 | 637,937 | 296,569 |
| Clothing Industries | 1,837 | 83,819 | 165,392 | 669,066 | 10,048 | 1,356,123 | 2,662,395 | 1,310,030 |
| Wood Industries | 2,542 | 92,300 | 192,273 | 1,272,156 | 130,361 | 3,161,240 | 5,952,465 | 2,726,037 |
| Furniture and Fixture Ind. | 1,678 | 36,434 | 77,381 | 357,945 | 15,365 | 687,878 | 1,456,511 | 756,926 |
| Paper and Allied Ind. | 647 | 94,244 | 195,940 | 1,490,167 | 696,839 | 4,238,375 | 8,937,685 | 4,003,912 |
| Printing, Publishing and Allied |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Primary Metal Industries | 382 | 91,683 | 188,723 | 1,399,344 | 462,746 | 4,220,785 | 8,201,473 | 3,610,906 |
| Metal Fabricating Ind. | 3,799 | 112,662 | 236,544 | 1,458,429 | 88,893 | 3,604,941 | 7,232,181 | 3,556,645 |
| Machinery Industries | 1,099 | 58,024 | 119,485 | 769,547 | 40,554 | 2,205,319 | 4,159,762 | 1,945,394 |
| Transportation Equipment Ind. | 905 | 126,496 | 273,679 | 1,945,069 | 121,828 | 10,336,774 | 15,064,813 | 4,848,053 |
| Electrical Products Ind. | 781 | 71,672 | 147,321 | 838,260 | 47,109 | 2,285,014 | 4,860,023 | 2,558,905 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and Coal Products Ind. | d. 103 | 7,696 | 16,253 | 146,566 | 88,234 | 7,364,002 | 8,532,666 | 1,272,678 |
| Chemical and Chemical Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries | . 1,027 | 43,996 | 92,252 | 615,624 | 385,564 | 3,284,271 | 6,431,471 | 2,828,781 |
| Miscellaneous Manufacturing Ind. | d. 2,018 | 44,948 | 91,921 | 435,506 | 21,768 | 1,068,506 | 2,225,270 | 1,165,766 |
| Total | 27,715 | 1,242,037 | 2,577,290 | 15,813,415 | 2,790,150 | 62,981,193 | 108,855,794 | 44,113,454 |


| Major Group | Total Activity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Working owners and partners | Administrative, office and other non-manufacturing employees Number Salaries $\${ }^{\prime} 000$ |  | Total em <br> Number | mployees Salaries and wages | Total cost of materials, supplies and goods for re-sale | Total value of shipments and other revenue | Value added |
|  |  |  |  | \$'000 |
| Food and Beverage Ind. | 1,177 | 74,555 | 1,115,699 |  | 222,858 | 2,889,594 | 14,884,235 | 21,599,027 | 6,549,162 |
| Tobacco Products Ind. | 1 | 2,992 | 52,464 | 8,933 | 138,976 | 521,519 | 962,595 | 432,906 |
| Rubber and Plastics Products Ind. | d. 29 | 13,956 | 218,291 | 55,699 | 681,842 | 1,599,253 | 2,913,344 | 1,323,679 |
| Leather Industries | 37 | 3,500 | 50,580 | 23,456 | 219,698 | 421;448. | 771,907 | 354,851 |
| Textile Industries | 152 | 13,907 | 213,903 | 65,508 | 727,668 | 1,809,992 | 3,154,943 | 1,302,753 |
| Knitting Mills | 9 | 2,400 | 38,193 | 20,628 | 186,233 | 348,544 | 652,235 | 297,504 |
| Clothing Industries | 320 | 11,120 | 180,689 | 94,939 | 849,755 | 1,496,762 | 2,853,885 | 1,360,881 |
| Wood Industries | 706 | 16,360. | 285,734 | 108,660 | 1,557,889 | 3,344,889 | 6,171,873 | 2,761,795 |
| Furniture and Fixture Ind. | 660 | 7,217 | 109,455 | 43,651 | 467,400 | 742,821 | 1,519,109 | 764,582 |
| Paper and Allied Ind. | 10 | 30,219 | 590,002 | 124,463 | 2,080,169 | 4,635,235 | 9,362,469 | 4,031,835 |
| Printing, Publishing and Allied |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries | 623 | 38,790 | 557,174 | 91,760 | 1,253,583 | 1,349,712 | 3,639,159 | 2,282,946 |
| Primary Metal Industries | 20 | 27,536 | 546,003 | 119,219 | 1,945,347 | 5,106,933 | 9,130,712 | 3,653,998 |
| Metal Fabricating Ind. | 415 | 34,073 | 576,771 | 146,735 | 2,035,200 | 4,166,877 | 7,936,455 | 3,698,983 |
| Machinery Industries | 57 | 29,633 | 469,064 | 87,657 | 1,238,612 | 2,808,140 | 5,057,151 | 2,239,962 |
| Transportation Equipment Ind. | 65 | 38,791 | 726,726 | 165,287 | 2,671,795 | 16,674,187 | 22,022,135 | 5,466,963 |
| Electrical Products Ind. | 16 | 39,141 | 646,378 | 110,813 | 1,484,638 | 3,098,585 | 5,950,294 | 2,835,605 |
| Non-Metallic Mineral Products ./ . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries | 114 | 13,197 | 229,985 | 52,518 | 794,428 | 1,445,743 | 3,325,582 | 1,652,852 |
| Petroleum and Coal Products ind. | d. 0 | 10,153 | 228,531 | 17,849 | 375,098 | 7,653,832 | 8,837,763 | 1,287,945 |
| Chemical and Chemical Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries | 26 | 37,809 | 673,806 | 81,805 | 1,289,431 | 4,250,333 | 7,704,011 | 3,135,259 |
| Miscellaneous Manufacturing Ind. | d. 422 | 17,029 | 269,546 | 61,977 | 705,052 | 1,370,476 | 2,705,466 | 1,343,992 |
| Total | 4,859 | 462,378 | 7,778,995 | 1,704,415 | 23,592,410 | 77,730;516 | 126,270,115 | 46,778,453 |

## Selected Principal Statistics for Paint and Varnish Manufacturers

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3750 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 130 | 136 | 5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4,046 | 3,780 | -7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 7,913 | 7,378 | -7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 43,948 | 47,040 | 7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 3,508 | 3,899 | 11 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 278,320 | 285,884 | 3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 497,398 | 534,219 | 7 |
| Value added . | \$000 | 222,443 | 249,469 | 12 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 7,923 | 7,865 | -1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 97,998 | 108,088 | 10 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 256,860 | 284,465 | 11 |

For further information; contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Paint and Varnish Manufacturers, 1977 (46-210, 70థ).

Selected Principal Statistics for Hardware, Tool and Cutiery Manufacturers
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3060 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 614 | 576 | -6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 15,501 | 14,120 | -9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 32,746 | 30,194 | -8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 162,132 | 172,644 | 6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 6,285 | 7,505 | 19 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 225,914 | 235,131 | 4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 355,691 | 403,298 | 13 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 19,316 | 17,867 | -8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 217,664 | 232,755 | 7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 376,274 | 422,820 | 12 |

For further information, contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers, 1977 (41-208, 70¢).

Electric Power Statlstics, March 1979 - Advance Information
Net generation of electricity increased to 31.5 TW.h in March from 30.8 TW.h a year earlier. Hydro generation rose $4.9 \%$, while thermal production decreased $3.0 \%$.
Total generation for the first three months of 1979 reached 98.1 TW.h, an increase of 3.9\% from the January-March period in 1978.

For further information; order the March issue of Electric Power Statistics (5ं7-001, 30 $/ \$ 3$ ), or contact David Madsen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Oll Plpeline Transport, March 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian oil pipe lines received 435500 cubic metres a day. of crude oil, condensate, pentanes plus and refined petroleum product in March, up 13.4\% from $383900 \mathrm{m3D}$ a year earlier. Receipts of domestic petroleum and. products increased 16.3\% to $391200 \mathrm{m3D}$, while those of imported petroleum and products decreased $7.1 \%$ to 44300 m 3 D .

For further information, order the March issue of Oil Pipe Line. Transport (55-001, 30\$/\$3), or contact George Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 9, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended June 9 was 351,805 short tons ( 319152 t), a decrease of $2.2 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 359,701 short tons ( 326315 t ). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 305,101 short tons ( 276783 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 192.0 in the current week, 196.3 a week earlier and 166.5 a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.



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6 Life Tables, Canada and the Provinces, 1975-1977
3 Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, April 1979
6 Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, April 1979
2 Productlon, Consumption and Inventorles of Rubber, April 1979
3 Construction Type Plywood, April 1979
5 Manufacturers of Plgments and Dry Colours, 1977
5 Manufacturers of Industrlal Chemlcals (Organlc), 1977
5 Manufacturers of Industrlal Chemicals (Inorganic), 1977

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-003 (30¢/\$3) Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, March 1979
25-201 (70¢) Logging, 1977
32-009 (30¢/\$3) Stocks of Dairy and Frozen Poultry Products, May 1979
32-216 (70¢) Fish Products Industry, 1977
44-003 (15\$/\$1.50) Gypsum Products, April 1979
46-209 (70థ) Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and MedicInes, 1977
(continued)

47-206 (\$1.05) Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1977
55-002 (40§/\$4) Gas Utilities, January 1979
67-002 (40\$/\$4) Security Transactions with Non-residents, February 1979

Retail Trade, All Stores, by Province and Selected Metropoiltan Areas
April 1979 - Advance Information

| * |  | adjusted |  | Seas | ally Adju |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales A | tores |  | Sales A | tores |  |
| : | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{p} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | Apr. 79/ Apr. 78 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Apr. } \\ \text { 19790 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | Apr. 79/ Mar. 79 |
|  | (\$ mi |  | \% | (\$ mil |  | \% |
| Newfoundland | $111.1^{\circ}$ | 113.7 | 8.6 | 115.3 | 120.4 | -4.2 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28.3 | 26.6 | 9.9 | 30.8 | 29.9 | 3.2 |
| Nova Scotia . | 202.0 | 202.2 | 14.6 | 208.4 | 211.1 | -1.3 |
| New Brunswick | 158.2 | 156.0 | 15.9 | 163.6 | 166.1 | -1.5 |
| Quebec | 1,584.2 | 1,643.6 | 13.8 | 1,597.1 | 1,680.9 | -5.0 |
| Ontario | 2,121.7 | 2,161.2 | 6.4 | 2,184.4 | 2,293.3 | -4.7 |
| Manitobä | 233.7 | 226.3 | 5.1 | 239.7 | 236.8 | 1.2 |
| Saskatchewan. | 245.8 | 247.6 | 6.4 | 249.9 | 260.6 | -4.1 |
| Alberta | 616.3 | 628.7 | 14.5 | 648.3 | 648.4 | - |
| British Columbia | 703.8 | 708.6 | 8.2 | 738.8 | 729.6 | 1.3 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 14.2 | 16.3 | -0.3 | 15.0 | 16.9 | -11.2 |
| Canada | 6,019.3 | 6,130.7 | 9.8 | 6,176.1 | 6,408.2 | -3.6 |
| Montreal | 734.8 | 780.5 | 10.5 | - | - | - |
| Toronto | 753.6 | 785.6 | 5.3 | - | - | - |
| Winnipeg | 144.3 | 139.6 | 2.3 | - | - | - |
| Vancouver | 352.1 | 362.6 | 7.0 | - | - | - |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

Retail Trade, April 1979 - Advance Information Seasonally-adjusted retail sales for April were $\$ 6,176.1$ million, a decrease of $3.6 \%$ from $\$ 6,408.2$ million in March. Sales were higher in 11 of the 28 trade groups. The largest increases were registered by all other food stores ( $+10.0 \%$ ) and florists ( $+7.9 \%$ ) while household furniture stores (-25.1\%), furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores ( $-15.9 \%$ ) and garages ( $-12.2 \%$ ) had the largest decreases. Only Prince Edward Island $(+3.2 \%)$, Manitoba ( $+1.2 \%$ ) and British Columbia ( $+1.3 \%$ ) showed increased sales over March; all other provinces reported decreases ranging from $5.0 \%$ for Quebec to a fractional decrease for Alberta.

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 6,019.3$ million, an increase of $9.8 \%$ over April 1978. Sales increased in all trade groups except specialty shoe stores ( $-7.2 \%$ ). The largest increases were recorded by florists ( $+28.5 \%$ ), used car dealers ( $+24.5 \%$ ) and automotive parts and accessories stores (+17.3\%). All provinces reported increased sales over April 1978, ranging from 15.9\% for New Brunswick to 5.1\% for Manitoba. Montreal sales rose 10.5\%; Toronto, $5.3 \%$; Winnipeg, $2.3 \%$; and Vancouver, $7.0 \%$.

Revised total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment, for March 1979 was $\$ 6,130.7$ million, up $15.9 \%$ from March 1978.

For further information, order the April issue of Retail Trade (63-005, 55\$/\$5.50), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.
(see table on next page)
Production, Consumption and Inventorles of Rubber, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian production of rubber increased to $54,254,000$ pounds ( 24610000 kg ) in April 1979 from $48,735,000$ pounds ( 22107000 kg ) a year earlier. Consumption* of rubber in April 1979 was $58,848,000$ pounds ( 26693000 kg ).

* Users of these data should note that there has been a change in methodology, commencing with January 1979 statistics.

For further information, order the April issue of Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber (33-003, 30 $/ \$ 3$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Divisiố, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Retail Trade, Canada, by Kind of Business
April 1979 - Advance Information

| Kind of Business | Unadjusted |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  | Apr. 79/ <br> Apr. 78 | Sales All Stores |  | Apr. 79/ <br> Mar. 79 |
|  | Apr. 1979p | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{r} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{r} \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Combination stores (groceries and meat) | 1,117.3 | 1,220.7 | 7.3 | 1,183.0 | 1,150.3 | 2.8 |
| Grocery, confectionery and sundries stores | 289.2 | 293.6 | 12.3 | 302.9 | 306.9 | -1.3 |
| - All other food stores | 106.3 | 102.9 | 14.0 | 111.6 | 101.4 | 10.0 |
| Department stores | 606.3 | 609.7 | 7.8 | 676.1 | 690.0 | -2.0 |
| General merchandise stores | 130.3 | 136.0 | 3.1 | 141.6 | 153.3 | -7.6 |
| General stores | 109.2 | 109.7 | 9.4 | 120.7 | 120.3 | 0.3 |
| Variety stores | 71.1 | 69.0 | 8.3 | 80.7 | 79.6 | 1.4 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | 1,414.5 | 1,372.6 | 12.3 | 1,201.7 | 1,358.5 | -11.5 |
| Used car dealers | 27.5 | 26.7 | 24.5 | 24.7 | 23.9 | 3.5 |
| Service stations | 390.1 | 390.2 | 11.8 | 406.7 | 418.9 | -2.9 |
| Garages | 84.4 | 90.9 | 10.6 | 85.4 | 97.3 | -12.2 |
| Automotive parts and accessories stores | 126.0 | 104.0 | 17.3 | 126.2 | 135.1 | -6.6 |
| Men's clothing stores | 64.1 | 64.0 | 8.9 | 72.1 | 76.6 | -5.9 |
| Women's clothing stores | 99.4 | 104.4 | 2.2 | 107.3 | 115.6 | -7.2 |
| Family clothing stores | 77.2 | 75.5 | 13.1 | 87.4 | 87.1 | 0.3 |
| Specialty shoe stores | 6.4 | 6.1 | -7.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 0.6 |
| Family shoe stores | 51.7 | 48.9 | 5.7 | 52.6 | 59.2 | -11.2 |
| Hardware stores | 53.4 | 47.6 | 5.0 | 59.5 | 62.5 | -4.7 |
| Household furniture stores | 88.5 | 115.5 | 4.8 | 93.0 | 124.2 | -25.1 |
| Household appliance stores | 19.9 | 22.5 | 7.2 | 22.7 | 24.0 | -5.7 |
| Furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores | 42.5 | 49.2 | 11.1 | 46.5 | 55.3 | -15.9 |
| Pharmacies, patent medicine and cosmetics stores | 182.6 | 188.8 | 15.6 | 192.2 | 189.0 | 1.7 |
| Book and stationery stores | 25.1 | 27.5 | 14.3 | 30.3 | 29.0 | 4.6 |
| Florists | 25.6 | 20.0 | 28.5 | 24.1 | 22.3 | 7.9 |
| Jewellery stores | 42.5 | 39.0 | 14.5 | 53.5 | 53.7 | -0.3 |
| Sporting goods and accessories stores | 68.4 | 62.8 | 6.8 | 68.1 | 76.5 | -11.1 |
| Personal accessories stores | 74.5 | 74.6 | 3.0 | 84.3 | 81.5 | 3.4 |
| All other stores | 625.5 | 658.5 | 8.1 | 694.6 | 716.5 | -3.0 |
| Total, all stores | 6,019.3 | 6,130.7 | 9.8 | 6,176.1 | 6,408.2 | -3.6 |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

## Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, April 1979

- Advance Information

Canadian egg production decreased by $3.6 \%$ to 36.9 million dozen in April from 38.2 million dozen a year earlier. The average number of layers was down 1.3\% to 23.4 million from 23.7 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers decreased $2.3 \%$ to 1,895 from 1,939.

For further information, order the April issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Construction Type Plywood, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian mills shipped $258,113,000$ square feet (228 405 m 3 ) 3/8" ( 9.525 mm ) basis of constructiontype plywood in the month of April.

For further information, contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6, or order the April issue of Construction Type Plywood (35-001, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ).

## Employment, Canada



Labour Force Survey, May 1979
Canada's seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate decreased to $7.7 \%$ in May from $7.9 \%$ in April. The rate in May 1978 was $8.5 \%$. The seasonally-adjusted participation rate was 63.1\% in May, down from 63.3\% in the preceding month. The employment/population ratio remained at 58.3\%, unchanged from April.
Last month, the seasonally-adjusted employment level was $10,286,000$, up by 13,000 from April. The level increased by 11,000 for men aged 15 to 24 , by 9,000 for women 15-24 and by 10,000 for men 25 and over. The level decreased 17,000 for women 25 and over.
Unemployment, seasonally adjusted, totalled 853,000 in May, down by 27,000 from April. The level decreased by 12,000 for men $15-24$, by 8,000 for women 15-24 and by 6,000 for women 25 and over. The level showed little change for men 25 years of age and over.
Seasonally-adjusted May unemployment rates for the provinces, with April rates in brackets: Newfoundland, 16.4\% (15.7\%); Prince Edward Island, 11.4\% (12.4\%); Nova Scotia, $9.4 \%$ (10.8\%); New Brunswick, 11.0\% (12.1\%); Quebec, 9.8\% (10.2\%); Ontario, 6.6\%

## Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Pigments and Dry Colours

1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3781 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 19 | 16 | -16 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 977 | 1,030 | 5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 2,091 | 2,102 | 1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 13,386 | 16,338 | 22 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 7,035 | 9,230 | 31 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 61,992 | 68,260 | 10 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 132,460 | 153,248 | 16 |
| Value added | \$000 | 68,621 | 74,695 | 9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | 1,585 | 1,522 | -4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 24,541 | 24,922 | 2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 73,539 | 77,044 | 5 |

For further information, contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1977 (46-219, 70\$).
Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicais (Organic)
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3783 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 35 | 38 | 9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,649 | 6,159 | 9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 11,908 | 13,304 | 12 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 90,264 | 110,311 | 22 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 111,752 | 142,786 | 28 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 616,029 | 834,177 | 35 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 1,180,698 | 1,391,123 | 18 |
| Value added | \$000 | 456,804 | 451,186 | -1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 10,714 | 11,796 | 10 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 191,887 | 244,774 | 28 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 491,681 | 521,189 | 6 |

For further information, contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1977 (46-219, 70¢).

Selected Principal Statistics for Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals (Inorganic)
1976 and 1977 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3782 |  | 1976 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 89 | 87 | -2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,239 | 6,456 | 3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 13,319 | 14,183 | 6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 101,690 | 117,339 | 15 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 150,482 | 172,447 | 15 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 366,034 | 432,400 | 18 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 399,950 | 422,875 | 6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 9,502 | 10,369 | 9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 157,840 | 197,636 | 25 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 411,680 | 462,437 | 12 |

For further information, contact Mr. John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1977 (46-219, 70¢).

## Expectation of Llfe at Birth, Canada and Provinces

1975-1977

| Province |  | 1970-1972 | 1975-1977 | \% Change | 1970-1972 | 1975-1977 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | Males |  |  |  | Females |  |
| Canada |  | 69.34 | 70.19 | 1.2 | 76.36 | 77.48 | 1.5 |
| Newfoundland ${ }^{-}$ |  | 69.28 | 70.58 | 1.9 | 75.72 | 77.38 | 2.2 |
| Nova Scotia | - | 68.66 | 69.45 | 1.2 | 75.97 | 77.81 | 2.4 |
| New Brunswick |  | 69.07 | 69.73 | 1.0 | 76.41 | 77.74 | 1.7 |
| Quebec** |  | 68.28 | 69.06 | 1.1 | 75.25 | 76.52 | 1.7 |
| Ontario |  | 69.55 | 70.55 | 1.4 | 76.76 | 77.66 | 1.2 |
| Manitoba |  | 70.16 | 70.65 | 0.7 | 76.93 | 77.87 | 1.2 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 71.05 | 71.13 | 0.1 | 77.59 | 78.64 | 1.4 |
| Alberta |  | 70.42 | 71.07 | 0.9 | 77.30 | 77.92 | 0.8 |
| British Columbia |  | 69.85 | 70.95 | 1.6 | 76.69 | 78.40 | 2.2 |
| Prince Edward Island* |  | 69.30 | 69.19 | -0.2 | 77.35 | 78.21 | 1.1 |

* Based on Abridged Life Table.
** Births and infant deaths adjusted for 1975 and 1976.

Llife Tabies, Canada and the Provinces, 1975-1977 Advance Information
The expectation of life at birth for Canadian males and females is 70.19 and 77.48 years, respectively, according to the latest life tables for Canada and the provinces for the years 1975-1977. This represents an increase of $1.2 \%$ for males and $1.5 \%$ for females from those recorded for the years 1970-1972.
The life tables have been produced on the basis of mortality experience for the three years 1975-1977 and the census population as of June 1, 1976. The figures for Prince Edward Island only are based on abridged life tables; detailed life tables were not produced for this province due to the smallness of the required frequencies involved.
The complete set of tables will be published in the forthcoming publication Life Tables, Canada and Provinces, 1975-1977 (catalogue 84-532). For further information, contact D. Nagnur (613-995-9593), Demographer, Vital Statistics and Disease Registries Section, Health Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, April 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers produced $6,852,741$ phonograph records in April, up from 6,506, 195 in April 1978. Production of pre-recorded tapes ( 8 -track cartridges and cassettes only) increased to $1,429,578$ from 1,266,661.
For further information, order the April issue of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada (47-004, 15¢/\$1.50), or contact G. Elliot (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


Thursday, June 14, 1979


## CONTENTS

2 Hospital Statistics for Canada and the Provinces, 1977-78 Preliminary
3 Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadlan Manufacturers, April :1979 and January-April 1979

2 Pulpwood and Wood Residue, April 1979
2 Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, April 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-001 (40\$/\$4) The Dairy Revlew, April 1979
26-205 (70థ) Asbestos Mines, 1977
26-210 (70థ) Iron Mines, 1977
26-221 (70థ) Gypsum. Mines, 1977
32-208 (70థ) Soft Drink Manufacturers, 1977
32-218 (70\$) Fruit and Vegetable Processing Industries, 1977
35-002 (30¢/\$3) Production; Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmilis East of the Rockies, Marich 1979
36-207 (70థ) Paper and Plastic Bag Manufacturers, 1977
41-001 (409/\$4) Primary Iron and Steel, March 1979
45-208 (70థ) Refined Petroleum Products - Consumption of Petroleum Products, 1977
(continued)

61-005 (40\$/\$4) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, March 1979
62-001 (30¢/\$3) Consumer Price Index, May 1979 — Available Friday, June 15, 1979, at 7 a.m.

62-011 (55\$/\$5.50) Industry Price Indexes, March 1979
68-209 (\$2.10) Provincial Government Finance - Assets, Liabilities, Sources and Uses of Funds, 1975-76 and 1976-77 Preliminary
83-217 (35థ) Hospitai Statistics — Prellminary Annual Report, 1977-78
Financial Statistics of Public General and Allied Special Hospltals, by Province and Canada 1977-78

| Province .... . . . . | Number of Hospitals | Total <br> Operating Expenses | Operating Expense per Patient-day | Gross Salaries per Patient-Day | Operating Expense per Capita |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$'000 | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Newfoundland | 47 | 127,464 | 162.27 | 109.41 | 226.04 |
| Prince Edward Island | 10 | 21,378 | 102.47 | 69.90 | 177.85 |
| Nova Scotia | 47 | 196,683 | 146.80 | 98.63 | 235.52 |
| New Brunswick | 35 | 161,062 | - 129.03 | 86.03 | 234.44 |
| Quebec | 192 | . 1,911,581 | 132.11 | 96.61. | 304.48 |
| Ontario | 233 | 2,170,514 | 148.43: | 103.76 | 259.81 |
| Manitoba | 80 | 252,769 | 139.45 | . $96.91{ }^{\circ}$ | 245.65 |
| Saskatchewan | 136 | 218,545 | 103.32 | 71.28 | 233.26 |
| Alberta | 146 | 472,384 | 120.71: | . 86.45 | 249.20 |
| British Columbia | 120 | 621,265 | 113.98 | 85.54 | 249.15 |
| Canada* | 1,049 | 6,159,764 | 133.90 | 95.43 | 264.85 |

* Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories.

Prellminary Annual Hospital Statistics for Canada and
Provinces, 1977-78 Fiscal Year - Advance Information
Preliminary statistics for 1977-78 show that cost per patient-day in public general hospitals at $\$ 151.87$ increased by 8.4\% from 1976-77. In the latest year, the cost of medical and surgical supplies increased by 14.2\% while gross salaries increased by 7.0\%. Percentage occupancy was up by $1.2 \%$.

For further information, order the 1977-78 issue of Hospital Statistics, Preliminary Annual Report (83217, 356), or contact Louis de G. Fournier or Francis Umenyi (613-995-9551), Institutional Statistics Section, Health Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, April 1979 - Advance Information

Cold storage holdings of frozen poultry products at June 1 amounted to 73.5 million pounds compared with last year's corresponding total of 48.3 million pounds.

For further information, order the April issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Pulpwood and Wood Residue, April 1979 - Advance Information
Roundwood production increased by $23.4 \%$ to 850,134 cunits ( 2407306 m 3 ) in April 1979 from 689,143 cunits. (1 951433 m 3 ) a year earlier. Receipts of wood residue increased by $14.3 \%$ to $1,224,558$ cunits ( 3467558 m 3 ) from 1,071,178 cunits ( 3033235 m 3 ).

Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by $2.7 \%$ to $2,512,704$ cunits ( 7115174 m 3 ) in April from 2,445,526 cunits ( $6924947 \mathrm{m3}$ ) and the closing inventory of these two products decreased by $5.0 \%$ to $8,423,249$ cunits ( $23851945 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from 8,868,398 cunits ( 25112466 m 3 ).

For further information, order the April issue of Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25-001, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact Colin Sturton (613-992-2371), Manufactüring and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadian Manufacturers


* Confidential: Included with sizes 1 and 2.

Shipments of Paper Grocery Bags and Checkstand Sacks by Canadian Manufacturers

|  | Eastern Canada <br> First 4 Months <br> 19781979 |  | Western Canada <br> First 4 Months 1978 |  | Canada Total First 4 Months 1978 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { col } & \\ \\ & 1979\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (thousands of bags) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Grocery Bags |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1/4 and $1 / 2$ | 12,255 | 15,000 | 8,796 | * | 21,05i | 15,000 |
| 1 | \} 38,845 | 39,089 | 17,303 | 16,555 | 19,813 36,335 | 20,835 34,809 |
| 3 and 4 | 47,537 | 44,442 | 16,913 | 26,789 | 64,450 | 71,231 |
| 5 | 97,546 | 100,454 | 21,039 | 19,159 | 118,585 | 119,613 |
| 6 | 20,980 | 20,671 | 17,460 | 18,759 | 38,440 | 39,430 |
| 7 |  |  |  | 48,431 | 20,408 | 16,873 |
| 8 | \} 50,744 | 53,295 | 28,592 | 48,431 | 58,928 | 84,853 |
| 10 | 73,659 | 71,062 | 17,565 | 19,448 | 91,224 | 90,510 |
| 12 | 24,154 | 26,509 | 12,026 | 21,327 | 36,180 | 47,836 |
| 14 | 45,514 | 39,754 | 20,914 | 25,999 | 66,428 | 65,753 |
| 20 | 99,510 | 84,960 | 39,188 | 36,921 | 129,698 | 121,881 |
| Total | 510,744 | 495,236 | 190,796 | 233,388 | 701,540 | 728,624 |
| Checkstand Sacks |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1 | 44,003 | 42,987 | 22,667 | 28,823 | 66,670 | 71,810 |
| No. 2 | 54,993 | 45,007 | - | - | 54,993 | 45,007 |
| No. 3 | 136,073 | 170,436 | 101,150 | 142,277 | 237,223 | 312,713 |
| Nos. 4 and 5 | 9,430 | 13,628 | - - | - | 9,430 | 13,628 |
| Total | 244,499 | 272,058 | 123,817 | 171,100 | 368,316 | 443,158 |

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Friday, June 15, 1979

## CONTENTS

2 Financial Institutions, 1st Quarter 1979
3 Restaurants, Caterers and Taverns, 1977
3 Farm Net Income, 1978 (Preliminary)

## Guide to Urban Data

In recent years an increasing number of tables containing subprovincial statistics from non-census sources have appeared in Statistics Canada publications. Newcomers to urban and regional research may well have been perplexed by the wide variety of geographic and subject-matter concepts, territorial units, data sources, and other features of published small-area statistics.

A new publication released today, Guide to Urban Data (Excluding Census Data), 1971 (Catalogue 12-558, \$4.50) provides information on table headings, concepts and sources of statistics in all non-census publications at or near the last decennial Census year, 1971. Statistics are presented for the Ottawa region (as an example), and the place names of other municipalities or metropolitan areas to be found in the original publications are listed below. The last section contains a place name index enabling reference to the published information of specific Canadian municipalities.

Copies of the publication are available from Publications Distribution, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Enquiries should be directed to Frank Jones (613-992-8571), Chief, Regional and Urban Statistics Section, Office of the Senior Adviser on Integration, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

12-558 (\$4.50) Guide to Urban Data (Excluding Census Data), 1971
22-002E ( $\$ 5.60$ for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 8, June Intentions of Specified Crop and Summerfallow Area, Prairie Provinces - Available June 15, 1979, at 3 p.m.
(continued)

## 22-007 (40¢/\$4) Grains and Oilseeds Review, April 1979

43-002 (15¢/\$1.50) Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, April 1979
61-001 (30¢/\$3) Cheques Cashed, April 1979
63-011 (15¢/\$1.50) Restaurant Statistics, April 1979
71-001 (55¢/\$5.50) The Labour Force, May 1979

## Service Bulletin:

54-003 (\$1.40 per year) Water Transport, Vol. 9, No. 5, Preliminary Port Activity Statistics; 1978

## Financial Institutions

First Quarter 1979 - Advance Information


Further information will be contained in the Statistics Canada publication Financial Institutions, Financial Statistics, first quarter 1979 ( $61-006, \$ 1.40 / \$ 5.60$ ).

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

| Viking Building | 266 Graham Ave. <br> Crosbie Rd. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Winnipeg, Man. |  |
| St. John's, Nild. | R3C 0K4 |
| A1B 3P2 | $(204-949-4020)$ |
| (709-726-0713) |  |
| 1256 Barrington St. | 530 Midtown Centre |
| Halifax, N.S. | Regina, Sask. |
| B3J 1Y6 | S4P 2B6 |
| (902-426-5331) | $(306-569-5405)$ |
| 1500 Atwater Ave. | 10025 106th St. |
| Montreal, Que. | Edmonton, Alta. |
| H3Z 1Y2 | T5J 1G9 |
| (514-283-5725) | $(403-425-5052)$ |
| 25 St. Clair Ave. E. | 1145 Robson St. |
| Toronto, Ont. | Vancouver, B.C. |
| M4T 1M4 | V6E 1B8 |
| (416-966-6586) | $(604-666-3695)$ | Information

In 1977, restaurants, caterers and tavern establishments reported total sales of $\$ 5,953,942,000$, an increase of $10.1 \%$ over the revised 1976 figure of \$5,409,495,000.

Sales by province for 1977 were as follows:

- Ontario, \$2,115,243,000
- Quebec, \$1,692,822,000
- British Columbia, \$760,370,000
- Alberta, \$539,091,000
- Manitoba, \$242,085,000
- Saskatchewan, \$179,620,000
- Nova Scotia, \$164,590,000
- New Brunswick, \$122,014,000
- Newfoundland, \$101,259,000
- Prince Edward Island, \$22,010,000
- Yukon and Northwest Territories, \$14,838,000 For further information, contact the Service Trades Section (613-996-9301), Merchandising and Services Division, Statitistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Farm Net Income, 1978 (Preliminary) - Advance Information
Revised data on farm net income for 1978 are now available. Further details will follow in Monday's Daily.

For further information, contact Mike Trant (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.


Monday, June 18, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Farm Net Income, 1978 Preliminary
3 The Consumer Price Index, May 1979
4 Airport Activity, November 1978
8 Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products, April 1979
4 Coal and Coke Statistics, March 1979
7 New Education Price Index (Preliminary)

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-003E (70థ/\$7) Canadian Statistical Review, May 1979
26-208 (70థ) Feldspar and Quartz Mines, 1977
34-210 (\$1.05) Miscellaneous Textlle Industries, 1977
35-211 (70థ) Household Furniture Manufacturers, 1977
41-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, May 1979
41-011 (30¢/\$3) Production and Shipments of Steel, Pipe, Tubing and Fittings, April 1979

51-001 (40\$/\$4) Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, December 1978

51-003 (\$1.05/\$4.20) International Air Charter Statistics, October-December 1978
53-003 (15¢/\$1.50) Urban Transit, April 1979
56-002 (15¢/\$1.50) Telephone Statistics, April 1979
63-208 (\$1.05) New Motor Vehicle Sales, 1978
64-001 (70థ/\$7) Building Permits, February 1979

Income of Farm Operators from Farming Operations
1977 and 1978

|  | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | $\begin{array}{r} \text { New } \\ \text { Brunswick } \\ (\$ 000) \end{array}$ | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1977 (revised) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 89,109 | 132,886 | 109,867 | 1,425,749 | 2,863,514 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 2,224 | 3,930 | 3,014 | 48,573 | 46,473 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | - | - | - | - |  |
| 4. Realized gross income(2) | 91,333 | 136,816 | 112,881 | 1,474,322 | 2,909,987 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 71,460 | 95,482 | 84,201 | 1,094,262 | 2,188,724 |
| 6. Realized net income(3) | 19,873 | 41,334 | 28,680 | 380,060 | 721,263 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | 2,218 | -283 | -215 | 11,449 | 80,701 |
| 8. Total gross income(4) | 93,551 | 136,533 | 112,666 | 1,485,771 | 2,990,688 |
| 9. Total net income(5) | 22,091 | 41,051 | 28,465 | 391,509 | 801,964 |
| 1978 (preliminary) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 99,537 | 151,665 | 122,285 | 1,649,913 | 3,363,884 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 2,351 | 4,305 | 2,989 | 58,243 | 52,862 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | , - | - - | - | 1708, - | 3,416,746 |
| 4..Realized gross income(2) | 101,888 | 155,970 | 125,274 | 1,708,156 | 3,416,746 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 81,878 | 104,804 | 93,856 | 1,230,373 | 2,582,383 |
| 6. Realized net income(3) | 20,010 | 51,166 | 31,418 | 477,783 | 834,363 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | 4,011 | -370 | 211 | 13,332 | -35,927 |
| 8. Total gross income(4) | 105,899 | 155,600 | 125,485 | 1,721,488 | 3,380,819 |
| 9. Total net income(5) | 24,021 | 50,796 | 31,629 | 491,115 | 798,436 |
|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | - Alberta (\$000) | British Cólumbia | Canada* |
| 1977 (revised) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 889,765 | 2,136,551 | 1,951,448 | 515,746 | .. 10,114,635 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 12,672 | 23,774 | 23,473 | 9,733 | 173,866 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | - - | -160, |  | 1 $\because-$ | $\cdots$ |
| 4. Realized gross income(2) | 902,437 | 2,160,325 | 1,974,921 | 525,479 | 10,288,501 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 719,309 | 1,367,349 | 1,522,467. | . 412,323 | 7,555,577 |
| 6. Realized net income(3) | 183,128 | 792,976 | 452,454 | 113,156 | 2,732,924 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | 119,878 | 60,695 | -73,948 | 6,466 | 206,961 |
| 8. Total gross income(4) | 1,022,315 | 2,221,020 | 1,900,973 | 531,945 | 10,495,462 |
| 9. Total net income(5) | 303,006 | 853,671 | 378,506 | 119,622 | 2,939,885 |
| 1978 (preliminary) $\quad$ - $\quad \therefore$ in |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 1,104,833 | 2,471,765 | 2,284,357 | 561,821. | 11,810,060 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 14,997 | 27;826 | 26,787 | - 11;287* | 201,647 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | - | - | - | - | - |
| 4. Realized gross income(2) | 1,119,830 | 2,499,591 | 2;311;144 | " $573,108{ }^{\circ}$ | 12,011,707 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 797,877 | 1,614,970 | 1,730,465 | 457,022 | 8,693,628 |
| 6 . Realized net income(3) | 321,953 | 884,621 | - 580,67,9 | ; 116,086 | $\because 3,318,079$ |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | 86,752 | 81,970 | 68,688 | -237 | 218,430 |
| 8. Total gross income(4) | 1,206,582 | 2,581,561 | $: 2,379,832$ | 572,871. | 12,230,137 |
| 9. Total net income(5) - | 408,705 | 966,591 | 649,367 | 115,849 | 3,536,509 |

* Excludes Newfoundland.
(1) Excludes imputed house rents.
(2) Sum of cash receipts, income-in-kind and supplementary payments.
(3) Realized gross income less operating and depreciation charges.
(4) Realized gross income plus inventory changes.
(5) Total gross income less operating and depreciation charges:-

Farm Net Income, 1978 Preliminary - Advance Information
Realized net income from farming operations in Canada amounted to an estimated $\$ 3,318.1$ million in 1978, an increase of $21.4 \%$ over the revised 1977 level of $\$ 2,732.9$ million. Cash receipts in 1978 totalled $\$ 11,810.1$ million, up $16.8 \%$ over the revised 1977 estimate of $\$ 10,114.6$ million. Farm operating expenses at $\$ 8,693.6$ million in 1978 were $15.1 \%$ higher than the revised 1977 estimate of $\$ 7,555.6$ million.
Data users should note the substantial changes in net farm income estimates as a result of intercensal revisions and the exclusion of imputed house rent as a
component of net farm income. Because of the level of changes to net farm income as a: result of excluding house rent, the series has been revised back to 1926 on CANSIM. Net farmincome estimates are now available on CANSIM with the detailed expenses and receipts to follow in the next few weeks:
For further information, order Farm Net Income, 1978 Preliminary (catalogue 21-202,709); or contact Mike Trant (613-995-4895), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A:0T6.

## The Consumer Price Index, May 1979 (62-001, 40\$/\$4) National Highlights

The All-items Consumer Price Index for Caniada (1971=100) increased by $1.0 \%$ from a level of 187.9 in April to 189.7 in May. As a result, the 12-month rise between May 1978 and May 1979 stood at 9.3\%, down from the $9.8 \%$ registered in the previous 12 -month period. Higher transportation charges, and increased tobacco and alcohol prices were the most significant factors in the over-all monthly CPI rise, having been responsible for about one-half of the increase. As a result, the index for all items excluding food advanced by $1.1 \%$, up from the $0.6 \%$ observed in the previous month. Food prices continued to show some moderation as an advance of $0.6 \%$ was recorded, down from the $1.0 \%$ registered in the previous month.

The $0.6 \%$ increase in the food index was largely attributable to higher prices for restaurant meals. The food-away-from-home index rose by $1.5 \%$ in May, resulting in an increase of 13.3\% over its level in May 1978. Higher prices for dairy products - primarily reflecting increased milk prices in the provinces of Ontario, Alberta and British Columbia - and increased prices for fresh fruit were largely responsible for the $0.3 \%$ increase in the food-at-home index. Dampening the impact of these increases were lower prices for selected fresh vegetables and for most beef and pork cuts. The current monthly increase in the food-athome index brought this index to a level 13.7\% above its May 1978 level.

Higher air fares, reflecting increased seasonal rates on selected flights and the ending of promotional sales, along with increased prices for alcohol consumed at home in all provinces except Alberta, were largely responsible for the $1.1 \%$ increase in the index for all items excluding food. Other notable contributing factors included higher prices for seasonal recreational equipment, new cars and increased shelter charges for both rented and owned accommodation. Price increases were also registered for selected clothing items and services. Between May 1978 and May 1979, the index for all items excluding food advanced $8.0 \%$, up from the $7.5 \%$ registered in the previous 12 -month period.

Viewed in terms of goods and services, the price level for goods, including food, advanced by $0.9 \%$ in the latest month, while that for services increased by $1.2 \%$. As a result, between May 1978 and May 1979, the price level for goods advanced by $10.8 \%$ while that for services rose by $7.1 \%$.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the All-items Consumer Price Index advanced by 0.7\% between April and May: this comprised a $0.2 \%$ decrease in the food index and $1.0 \%$ increase in the index for all items excluding food.

## City Highlights

Between April and May, consumer prices rose in all 15 cities for which CPIs are produced. Advances ranged from a $0.6 \%$ registered in Edmonton to 1.3\% observed in Winnipeg. In nine of the 15 cities, consumer prices rose by $1.0 \%$ or more. Factors contributing to the differing rates of increases among cities were the varying rates of price movement for food and alcohol. In addition, all cities registered significant increases in air fares.

St. John's
All items: April to May 1979; up 1.2\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 10.4\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares. Higher prices for beef, other meat products, fresh produce and chicken. Prices up for alcoholic beverages and. household furnishings, while electricity rates declined.

## Charlottetown/Summerside

All items: April to May 1979, up 0.7\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 8.7\%:

Main contributors: higher air fares. Increased new car and gasoline prices. Household furnishings, clothing and liquor prices up. Higher pork prices but beef prices down.

## Hallfax

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.2\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 9.7\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares, higher prices for gasoline and new cars. Prices up for alcoholic beverages, selected recreational equipment, restaurant meals and fresh produce.

## Salnt John

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.2\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 10.0\%.

Main contributors: higher new car prices, air fares and electricity rates. 'Prices up for clothing,' alcoholic beverages and restaurant meals.

## Quebec

All items: April to May 1979, up 0.7\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 9.2\%.
Main contributors: higher new car prices and air fares. Prices up for alcôholic beverages and'selected recreational items. Fresh vegetable prices déclined, while restaurant meal prices advanced.

## Montreal

All items: April to May 1979, up 0.8\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 9.2\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares and higher prices for new cars, and selected recreational items. Prices up for alcoholic beverages and restaurant meals while those for pork and fresh vegetables declined:

## Ottawa

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.1\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 9.1\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for "alcóholic beverages and increased air fares. Higher prices for restaurant meals and dairy products.

## Toronto

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.2\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 9.7\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares. Higher prices for alcoholic beverages, dairy products: and fresḥ fruit while pork and beef:prices, declined.
(continued)

## Thunder Bay

All items: April to May. 1979, up 0.9\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 8.6\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for alcoholic beverages, selected recreational equipment and increased air fares. Prices up for dairy products. Gasoline prices declined.

## Winnipeg

All items: April to May 1979, up 1:3\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 9.8\%.

Main contributors: increased air and local transit fares and higher prices for gasoline. Higher prices for alcoholic beverages and selected recreational items. Food prices declined.

## Regina

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.0\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 7.5\%.

Main contributors: higher prices for gasoline and increased air fares. Higher prices for alcoholic beverages. Prices up for household furnishings and clothing. Decline in food prices.

## Saskatoon

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.1\%; May 1978.to May 1979, up 8.5\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares and higher prices for new cars. Prices up for alcoholic beverages, fresh fruit and restaurant meals while beef prices decreased.

## Edmonton

All items: April to May 1979, up 0.6\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 8.9\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares and shelter prices. Higher prices for household furnishings and selected recreational items. Food prices declined.

## Calgary

All items: April to May 1979, up 0.8\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 8.4\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares and new car prices. Increased shelter charges. Prices up for restaurant meals and milk while meat and fresh vegetable prices declined.

## Vancouver

All items: April to May 1979, up 1.0\%; May 1978 to May 1979, up 7.8\%.

Main contributors: increased air fares and higher new car prices. Higher prices for selected recreational items.. Prices also up for liquor, restaurant meals and dairy products.
(see tables on pages 5-7)

## Coal and Coke Statistlcs, March 1979 - Advance

 InformationCanadian coal production totalled 2724002 metric tonnes in March, an increase of 5.4\% over the March 1978 figure of 2585604 tonnes. Landed imports rose $55.0 \%$ to 15756 tonnes from 10167 tonnes.

Production of coal in the first quarter of 1979 at 8116898 tonnes was up $5.3 \%$ from 7710437 tonnes in the January-March 1978 period. Industrial consumers used 8000833 tonnes of coal in the latest quarter (up 0.1\% from 7994654 tonnes in the first quarter of 1978) and 1361065 tonnes of coke (up 4.5\% from 1301946 tonnes).

For further information, order the March issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, 40\$/\$4), or contact Dave Madsen (613-992-4021), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
Alrport Actlvity, November 1978 - Advance Information
Airport activity statistics for the top 50 airports in Canada are now available for the month of November 1978.

The accompanying table provides statistics on total scheduled enplaned plus deplaned passengers at the top 10 airports in Canada for November 1978, with comparative data for November 1977 and the percentage changes between the two periods.

The complete airport tables and further information may be obtained by contacting E. DiSanza (819-9971986), Airport Activity Survey, Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

## Airport Activity

November 1977 and 1978

|  | 1978 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Toronto | 831,138 | 767,023 | 8.4 |
| Montreal | 446,420 | 432,452 | 3.2 |
| Vancouver | 372,407 | 345,520 | 7.8 |
| Calgary | 215,752 | 189,590 | 13.8 |
| WInnipeg | 142,398 | 139,276 | 2.2 |
| Ottawa | 141,411 | 134,358 | 5.2 |
| Edmonton | 128,121 | 114,400 | 12.0 |
| Halifax | 97,335 | 88,056 | 10.5 |
| Edmonton Municipal | 70,922 | 66,669 | 6.4 |
| Mirabel | 57,685 | 55,284 | 4.3 |

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { - All } \\ \text { items } \end{gathered}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing (1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trans- } \\ & \text { porta- } \\ & \text { tion } \\ & 1=100) \end{aligned}$ | Health and personal care | Recreation reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. John's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 199.2 | 256.6 | 199.8 | 151.0 | 176.1 | 188.8 | 153.9 | 165.3 |
| April 1979 index | 196.8 | 251.5 | 199.4 | 150.1 | 172.8 | 189.6 | 152.2 | 161.2 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 1.9 | -0.4 | 1.1 | 2.5 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 10.4 | 19.0 | 7.5 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 9.9 | 11.0 | 7.2 |
| Charlottetown/Summerside** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 150.6 | 161.0 | 154.1 | 132.1 | 148.4 | 149.6 | 131.3 | 138.1 |
| April 1979 index | 149.5 | 160.2 | 154.2 | 130.1 | 145.2 | 147.6 | 130.5 | 135.0 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 0.7 | 0.5 | -0.1 | -1.5 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 0.6 | 2.3 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 8.7 | 12.3 | 6.9 | 8.6 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 7.3 | 6.1 |
| Halliax |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 186.1 | 229.3 | 184.0 | 148.5 | 177.9 | 167.0 | 149.8 | 161.1 |
| April 1979 index | 183.9 | 225.9 | 183.4 | 148.1 | 173.7 | 164.7 | 148.6 | 156.4 |
| \% change from Aprit 1979 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 3.0 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 9.7 | 15.3 | 6.4 | 7.3 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 12.5 |
| Saint John |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 190.5 | 236.2 | 187.5 | 147.7 | 176.9 | 178.4 | 164.8 | 160.5 |
| April 1979 index | 188.2 | 232.8 | 186.5 | 145.8 | 173.3 | 177.5 | 163.0 | 157.3 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 2.0 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 10.0 | 16.0 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 9.3 | 8.1 | 9.4 | 8.7 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 186.2 | 230.2 | 182.9 | 142.1 | 176.0 | 177.0 | 156.5 | 168.7 |
| April 1979 index | 184.9 | 229.9 | 182.2 | 141.7 | 173.3 | 176.4 | 154.1 | 165.8 |
| \% change from Aprit 1979 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 9.2 | 12.0 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 5.6 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 187.3 | 235.5 | 174.7 | 157.4 | 176.6 | 176.9 | 160.0 | 172.5 |
| April 1979 index | 185.9 | 234.0 | 174.2 | 156.1 | 174.4 | 178.1 | 157.9 | 169.0 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.3 | -0.7 | 1.3 | 2.1 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 9.2 | 14.7 | 8.1 | 8.6 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 4.7 | 5.8 |
| Ottawa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 187.6 | 223.6 | 181.9 | 173.0 | 178.3 | 172.2 | 151.7 | 175.9 |
| April 1979 index. | 185.6 | 222.0 | 181.3 | 171.7 | 175.3 | 171.2 | 149.4 | 166.2 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 5.8 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 9.1 | 12.5 | 6.6 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 9.1 |
| Toronto |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 188.3 | 227.9 | 182.4 | 159.7 | 176.8 | 190.3 | 156.0 | 169.0 |
| April 1979 index | 186.0 | 226.1 | 182.0 | 158.6 | 172.7 | 187.5 | 153.3 | 159.5 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 6.0 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 9.7 | 12.7 | 6.9 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 7.2 | 8.1 |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 188.8 | 228.5 | 185.9 | 153.1 | 181.6 | 184.0 | 155.3 | . 169.2 |
| April 1979 index | 187.2 | 228.1 | 186.4 | 152.2 | 178.9 | 183.1 | 152.3 | 159.2 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 0.9 | 0.2 | -0.3 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 6.3 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 8.6 | 11.1 | 6.6 | 10.4 | 8.5 | 8.8 | 7.7 | 9.4 |
| Winnipeg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 191.6 | 227.9 | 197.6 | 163.0 | 175.2 | 178.9 | 155.3 | 167.1 |
| April 1979 index | 189.1. | 228.9 | 196.6 | 161.7 | 166.9 | 178.4 | 152.4 | 160.9 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.3 | -0.4 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 5.0 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 3.9 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 9.8 | 11.7 | 8.0 | 13.0 | 10.6 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 7.9 |
| Regina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 188.5 | 221.3 | 187.1 | 158.7 | 177.5 | 177.2 | 173.5 | 172.9 |
| April 1979 index | 186.7 | 222.2 | 186.2 | 157.8 | 173.1 | 176.6 | 170.9 | 167.9 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.0 | -0.4 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 1.5 | 3.0 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 7.5 | 9.9 | 5.5 | 9.1. | 8.8 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 7.5 |

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada (continued)

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { items } \end{gathered}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trans- } \\ \text { porta- } \\ \text { tion } \\ 71=100 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | Health and <br> personal <br> care | Recreation reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saskatoon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 184.8 | 222.0 | 181.9 | 160.4 | 171.0 | 167.4 | 170.3 | 172:0 |
| April 1979 index | 182.7 | 221.1 | 181.0 | 160.0 | 166.8 | 166.1 | 167.4 | 166.6 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 3.2 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 8.5 | 11.2 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 10.3 | 7.7 | 7.3 | 7.6 |
| Edmonton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 191.0 | 223.1 | 202.4 | 164.9 | 177.3 | 167.6 | 160.7 | 147.7 |
| April 1979 index | 189.8 | 223.9 | 201.2 | 164.7 | 174.4 | 165.6 | 158.4 | 146.7 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 0.6 | -0.4 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 0.7 |
| \% change from May 1978 . | 8.9 | 11.0 | 8.4 | 9.6 | 9.0 | 7.1 | 8.4 | 3.8 |
| Calgary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 187.2 | 219.7 | 193.1 | 166.8 | 172.7 | 176.5 | 159.3 | 151.9 |
| April 1979 index | 185.7 | 220.0 | 192.1 | 165.8 | 168.5 | 174.6 | 156.7 ' | 150.1 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 0.8 | -0.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 2.5 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 1.2 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 8.4 | 11.3 | 7.7 | 10.5 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 5.6 |
| Vancouver |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1979 index | 189.9 | 228.9 | 187.0 | 158.6 | 181.5 | 178.7 | 151.6 | 166.6 |
| April 1979 index | 188.0 | 226.9 | 186.7 | 158.0 | 177.2 | 176.1. | 148.4 | 164.1 |
| \% change from April 1979 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
| \% change from May 1978 | 7.8 | 11.0 | 4.9 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 9.0 | 6.8 | $5: 2$ |

*For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Section C of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-0io, $\$ 1.40 / \$ 5.60$ ).
"* 1974=100.
Month-to-Month Percentage Changes in the Unadjusted and Seasonally Adjusted Consumer Price Index for Canada*


[^21]The Consumer Price Index and Major Components, Canada
(1971=100)


Consumer Price Indexes for Canada, Major Components, Sub-groups and Special Aggregates, not Seasonally Adjusted - Concluded
(1971=100)


## New Education Price Index (Prellminary)

The Education Price Index (EPI) at the elementarysecondary level shows that the price of goods and services purchased by school boards has risen more rapidly than those measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Between 1973 and 1978, the EPI increased by $70.1 \%$ while the CPI increased by $55.5 \%$.

In addition to this new Education Price Index, which measures the price change of a fixed quantity of goods and services bought by school boards at the elementary and secondary levels, sub-indices are also available upon request by province for the years 1973 to 1978 inclusive.

For further information, contact Yves Dupuis (613-995-9795), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Education Price Index at the Elementary-Secondary Level and Consumer Price Index for Canada 1973 to 1978 (base year 1973)

| Year | Education <br> Price <br> Index <br> (EPI) | Consumer <br> Price <br> Index <br> (CPI) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 1973 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1974 | 110.4 | 110.9 |
| 1975 | 126.7 | 122.9 |
| 1976 | 146.4 | 132.1 |
| 1977 | 158.3 | 142.7 |
| 1978 | 170.1 | 155.5 |

## Additional Information

.When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reachied by dialing 1:800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

| Viking Building | 266 Graham Ave. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Crosbie Rd. | Winnipeg, Man. |
| St. John's, Nfid. | R3C OK4 |
| A1B 3P2 | $(204-949-4020)$ |
| (709-726-0713) |  |
| 1256 Barrington St. |  |
| Halifax, N.S. | Regina, Sask. |
| B3J 1Y6 | S4P 2B6 |
| (902-426-5331) | (306-569-5405) |
| 1500 Atwater Ave. | 10025 106th St. |
| Montreal, Que. | Edmonton, Alta. |
| H3Z 1Y2 | T5J 1G9 |
| (514-283-5725) | (403-425-5052) |
| 25 St. Clair Ave. E. | $\ddots$ |
| Toronto, Ont. | Vancouver, B.C. |
| M4T 1M4 Robson St. | V6E 148 |
| (416-966-6586) |  |

Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolled Steel Products
April 1979 - Advance Information

|  | Domestic |  | Export |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| : . . . $\quad .$. | tons of 2,000 lbs. | metric tonnes | tons of 2,000 lbs. | metric tonnes | tons of 2,000 lbs. | metric tonnes |
| Ingots and semi-finished shapes | 40,507 | 36746 | 16,500 | 14968 | 57,007 | 51714 |
| Rails | 20,846 | 18911 | 11,046 | 10021 | 31,892 | 28932 |
| Wire rods | 79,751 | 72349 | 32,466 | 29453 | 112,217 | 101802 |
| Structural shapes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heavy | 62,244 | 56467 | 12,133 | 11007 | 74,377 | 67474 |
| - Bar-sized shapes | 17,006 | 15428 | 1,615 | 1465 | 18,621 | 16893 |
| Concrete reinforcing bars | 38,393 | 34829 | 112 | 102 | 38,505 | 34931 |
| - Other hot rolled bars | 102,730 | 93195 | 10,849 | 9842 | 113,579 | 103037 |
| Tie plates and track material | 10,043 | 9111 | 779 | 707 | 10,822 | 9818 |
| Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) | 111,120 | 100808 | 22,666 | 20562 | 133,786 | 121370 |
| Hot rolled sheets and strip | 208,776 | 189397 | 14,980 | 13589 | 223,756 | 202986 |
| Cold finished bars | 10,363 | 9401 | 177 | 161 | 10,540 | 9562 |
| Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated | 151,405 | 137353 | 7,886 | 7154 | 159,291 | 144507 |
| Galvanized sheets | 77,055 | 69903 | 10,880 | 9870 | 87,935 | 79773 |
| Total | 930,239 | 843898 | 142,089 | 128901 | 1,072,328 | 972799 |

-Producers' shipments excluding producers' interchange.
For further information;'order.the'April issue of Primary Iron and Steel (41-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact Mr. J.L. Barnes. (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


Tuesday, June 19, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Refined Petroleum Products, April 1979
3 Output Price Indexes of Non-Residential Construction, 1st Quarter 1979
3 Specified Dairy Products, Production May 1979 and January-May 1979 and Stocks at June 1, 1979

2 Wholesale Trade, April 1979
4 Railway Carloadings, 10 Days Ended May 31, 1979
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 16, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

36-002 (15\$/\$1.50) Rigid Insulating Board, April 1979
36-003 (15¢/\$1.50) Particle Board, April 1979
43-003 (15\$/\$1.50) Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, April 1979
45-001 (15¢/\$1.50) Asphalt Roofing, April 1979
46-002 (15థ/\$1.50) Specified Chemicals, April 1979
62-003 (15\$/\$1.50) Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products (1971=100), February 1979

65-007 (80¢/\$8) Imports by Commodities, March 1979
66-001 (\$1.75/\$7) Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, January-March 1979

66-002 (15\$/\$1.50) International Travel - Advance Information, April 1979

## Service Bulletins:

41-010 (\$2.80 per year) Minerals, Vol. 7, 1978: No. 2, Consumption of Chrome Ore and Manganese Ore; No. 3, Consumption of Cobalt

Preliminary Monthly Report of Petroleum Sales
April 1979
(Thousands Cubic, Metreş)

|  | Motor Gasoline | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Kero.) | Aviation :Turbo Fuel (Näptha) | Kero. \& Stove Oil | Diesel Fuel | Light Fuel Oil | Heavy Fuel Oil | Other Products | Total Products | Motor Gasoline by Grade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Premium | NoLead | Regular |
| Nfld. | 49 | $\because 17$. | 3 | 10 | 29 | 42 | 11 | 1 | 162 | 4 | 16 | 29 |
| P.E.I. | 14 | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 39 | 2 | 3 | 9 |
| N.S. | 95 | 7 | 3 | 12 | 36 | 98 | 187 | 22 | 460 | 11 | 26 | 58 |
| N.B. | 82 | 2 | +. 2 | $\therefore 7$ | 27 | 62 | 154 | 11 | 347 | 6 | 23 | 53 |
| Que. | 679 | 66 | 19 | 25 | 227 | 408 | 481 | 221 | 2126 | 143 | 184 | 352 |
| Ont. | 1005 | 90 | 23 | 20 | 237 | 452 | 363 | 492. | 2682 : | 106 | : 280 | 619 |
| Man. | 118 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17 | - 11 | 47 | 16 | 10 | 13 | 236 | 4 | 26 | 88 |
| Sask. | 139 | - | 7 | . 9 | 47 | 17 | 1 | 13 | 233 | 3 | 19 | 117 |
| Alta. | $\therefore 371$ | 14 | - 21 | 5 | 155 | 7 | 1 | 72 | 646 | 21 | 69 | 281 |
| B.C. . | 307 . | 22 | 28 | 12 | 158 | 72 | 91 | 64 | 754 | 26 | 57 | 224 |
| Yukon | 3 | 1 | $\therefore \quad \therefore$ - | 4 | 3 | 3 | - | -3 | 11: | $\stackrel{\square}{-}$ | - | 3 |
| N.W.T. | 3 | . 2 | 3 | - | 8 | 7 | - | 3 | 26 | - | - | 3 |
| Canada ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2865 | 225 | 127 | 117 | 976 | 1197 | 1305 | 910 | 7722 | 326 | 703 | 1836 |
| Canada '78 | 2750 | 195 | 124 | 134 | 903 | 1302 | 1243 | . 791. | 7442 . | . 275 | 688 | 1787 |
| \% Change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79/78 | 4.2 | 15.4 | 2.4 | -12.7 | 8.1 | -8.1 | 5.0 | 15:0 | - 3.8 | 18.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 |

Refined Petroleum Products, April 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary data for the month of April show that net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to $48,594,000$ barrels ( 7722 thousand cubic metres), an increase of 3.8\% over the April 1978 total of 46,832,000 barrels ( 7442 thousand cubic metres).

Canadian refineries produced $54,559,000$ barrels ( 8670 thousand cubic metres) of refined petroleum products in April, up 13.5\% from 48,078,000 barrels ( 7640 thousand cubic metres) in April 1978.

For further information, order the April issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, 40¢/\$4), or contact G.R. Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Wholesale Trade, April 1979 - Advance Information Wholesale merchants' sales for April were estimated at $\$ 5,566,185,000$, an increase of $12.6 \%$ from the $\$ 4,942,241,000$ recorded in April 1978.

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 10,284,505,000$ at April 30, up 24.8\% from stocks of $\$ 8,241,655,000$ on hand at the end of April last year.
For further information, order the April issue of Wholesale Trade, (63-008, 15¢/\$1.50).

Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 16, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended June 16 was 326,120 . short tons (295 851 t ), a decrease of $7.3 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 351,805 short tons ( 319152 t ). The comparable week's total' in 1978 was 302,093 short tons (274054 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 178.0 in the current week, 192.0 a week earlier and 164.9 a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Output Price Indexes of Non-residential Construction
1st Quarter 1979 - Advance Information
Model 1. Office Building

|  | Q1 | Montreal | Oltawa | Toronto | 'Vancouver | 4-CIty <br> Composite |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total index | 1979 | 110.4 | 110.0 | 111.6 | 117.4 | 112.4 |
|  | 1978 | 106.0 | 101.7 | 104.2 | 108.8 | 105.2 |
|  | \% change | 4.1 | 8.2 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 6.8 |
| Architectural trades | 1979 | 109.9 | 107.8 | 111.6 | 118.2 | ... 1111.9 |
|  | 1978 | 107.2 | 101.6 | 104.4 | 108.7 | . . 105.4 |
|  | \% change | 2.5 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 8.8 | 6.1 |
| Structural trades | 1979 | 109.1 | 113.8 | 107.0 | 123.6 | 113.3 |
|  | 1978 | 105.0 | 104.4 | 101.8 | 111.8 | :... . 105.7 |
|  | \% change | 3.9 | 9.1 | 5.1 | 10.6 | 7.1 |
| Mechanical trades | - 1979 | 125.7 | 124.6 | 121.6 | 120.9 | $\cdots, 123.2$ |
|  | 1978 | 113.4 | 114.9 | 111.5 | 114.7 | $\therefore \quad 113.6$ |
|  | \% change | 10.9 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 5.4 | 8.5 |
| Electrical trades | 1979 | 112.0 | 115.1 | 115.9 | 114.3 | $\therefore 114.4$ |
|  | 1978 | 103.8 | 103.4 | 105.9 | 105.1 | 104.5 |
|  | \% change | 7.9 | 11.3 | 9.5 | 8.8 | 9.4 |

For further information, order the June issue of Construction Price Statistics (62-007, 40¢/\$4), or contact D.S. Seymour (613-995-5761), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production during May and January to May 1978 and 1979 and
Stocks at June 1, 1978 and 1979 of Specified Dairy Products

|  | Production |  |  |  | Stocks June 1. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May |  | Jan.-May |  |  |  |
|  | 1978 | 1979 | 1978 | 1979 | 1978 | 1979 |
|  | tonnes |  |  |  |  |  |
| Creamery Butter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maritimes | 296 | 335 | 1134 | 1360 | 285 | $440^{\circ}$ |
| Quebec | 6544 | 5385 | 17431 | 15352 | 17604 | 20646 |
| Ontario | 2931 | 3232. | 12527 | 13354 | 4460 | 2691 |
| Western Prov. | 1802 | 1585 . | 7344 | 7177 | 4134 | 2192 |
| Canada | 11573 | 10537 | 38436 | 37243 | 26483 | 25969 |
| Cheddar Cheese |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maritimes | 395 | 466 | 1479 | 1914 | 643 | 703. |
| Quebec | 3317 | 4407 | 14383 | 20028 | 14897 | 18529 |
| Ontario | 2448 | 2715 | 9921 | 11556 | 8813 | 8699 |
| Western Prov. | 1241 | 1265 | 4888 | 5270 | 2423 | 2291 |
| Canada | 7401 | 8853 | 30671 | 38768 | 26776 | 30222 |
| Skim Milk Powder Canada | 17597 | 13718 | 46363 | 39422 | 29698 | 19058 |

For further information, contact C.M. Riach (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Rallway Carloadings
10-day period ending May 31, 1979

| . | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tolal carload traftic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 4,195,319 | 3,481,545 | 7.676,864 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 2,468,655 | 3,138,215 | 5,606,870 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 3805929 | 3158.404 | 6964333 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 2239526 | 2846941 | 5086467 |
| \% change | 69.9 | 10.9 | 36.9 |
| Cars, 1979 | 62,985 | 50,442 | 113.427 |
| Cars, 1978 | 45,259 | 46,731 | 91,990 |
| \% change | 39.2 | 7.9 | 23.3 |
| Plggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 224,985 | 97,405 | 322,390 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 206,749 | 71,332 | 278,081 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 204103 | 88364 | 292467 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 187560 | 64711 | 252271 |
| \% change | 8.8 | 36.6 | 15.9 |
| Cars, 1979 | 7,258 | 3,474 | 10,732 |
| Cars, 1978 | 6,378 | 2,979 | 9,357 |
| \% change | 13.8 | 16.6 | 14.7 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 54,067,228 | 46,875,043 | 100,942,271 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 44,929,476 | 46,253,619 | 91,183,095 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 49048964 | 42524324 | 91573288 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 40759335 | 41960577 | 82719912 |
| \% change | 20.3 | 1.3 | 10.7 |
| Cars, 1979 | 861,538 | 685,346 | 1,546,884 |
| Cars, 1978 | 776.156 | 693,613 | 1,469,769 |
| \% change | 11.0 | -1.2 | 5.2 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1979 | 3,474,194 | 1,344,319 | 4,818,513 |
| Short tons, 1978 | 3,517,549 | 1,263,085 | 4,780,634 |
| Metric tonnes, 1979 | 3151736 | 1219546 | 4371282 |
| Metric tonnes, 1978 | 3191067 | 1145851 | 4336918 |
| \% change | -1.2 | 6.4 | 0.8 |
| Cars, 1979 | 105,735 | 51,018 | 156,753 |
| Cars, 1978 | 106,228 | 51,146 | 157,374 |
| \% change | -0.5 | -0.3 | -0.4 |

PFEhe Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carioadings, 10 Days Ended May 31, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Railways in Canada loaded 7.0 million $\mathbf{t}(7.7$ million short tons) of revenue freight in the above-noted 10 days, a gain of $36.9 \%$ from the corresponding 1978 period. Traffic in the East showed an increase of 69.9\% in the latest period, mainly reflecting the depressed loadings of iron ore in 1978 resulting from labour problems in the iron mining industries of Quebec and Newfoundland. Western loadings rose 10.9\%.

Container-trailer (piggyback) shipments were up $8.8 \%$ in the East and $36.6 \%$ in the West for an over-all year-over-year increase of $15.9 \%$.

Rail freight volume loaded in Canada during the first five months of 1979 was $10.7 \%$ above the 1978 level, while the number of cars loaded rose $5.2 \%$. Cumulative container-trailer (piggyback) shipments increased by $0.8 \%$.
For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Wednesday, June 20, 1979

CONTENTS
3 Local Government Employment, January-March 1979
2 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended June 7, 1979
3 Airport Activity, December 1978
3 Canada Health Survey
3 Gross National Product, First Quarter 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-212 (Canada: \$1.40, Other Countries, \$1.70) Annual Review of Science Statistics, 1978

31-001 (55\$/\$5.50) Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, March 1979

35-206 (70థ) Veneer and Plywood Mills, 1977
43-005 (15\$/\$1.50) Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, April 1979
63-005 (55 $\$ / \$ 5.50$ ) Retail Trade, March 1979
73-001 (\$1.05/\$4.20) Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, October-December 1978

## Railway Carloadings

7-day Period Ended June 7, 1979
$\left.\begin{array}{llrrr}\hline & & & \\ \hline & & \text { Eastern } \\ \text { Division }\end{array}\right]$

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway CarloadIngs, 7 Days Ended June 7, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
The volume of revenue rail freight loaded in Canada in the above-noted week totalled 4.7 million $t(5.1$ million short tons), an increase of 21.6\% over the same period in 1978. Tonnage loaded east of the Lakehead was up 60.8\% (mainly because of traffic lost due to strikes in 1978) while in the West freight loaded was down $6.7 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) shipments were down $10.8 \%$ in the East and up 3.2\% in the West to register an over-all decline of $7.1 \%$ in the week under review.
Between January 1 and June 7, 1979, Canadian railways loaded $11.2 \%$ more freight than in the corresponding 1978 period; the number of cars loaded
rose by 5.5\%, and container-trailer (piggyback) traffic showed a gain of $0.4 \%$.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (613-992-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Local Government Employment, January-March 1979 - Advance Information

Municipalities across Canada employed 266,717 persons in general governmient services at the end of March 1979. The number of employees of these same municipalities at the end of December 1978 was 266,613

Gross payrolls of Canadian municipalities for the first quarter of 1979 amounted to $\$ 902,705,000$, a decrease of $5.2 \%$ from the $\$ 952,115,000$ reported for the last quarter of 1978.

For further information, order the January-March issue of Local Government Employment (72-009, $70 \$ / \$ 2.80$ ), or contact the Local Government Section (613-995-9897), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Airport Activity, December 1978 - Advance Information
Airport activity statistics for the top 50 airports in Canada are now available for the month of December 1978.

The table below provides statistics on total scheduled enplaned plus deplaned passengers at the top 10 airports in Canada for December 1978, with comparative data for December 1977 and percentage change.

The complete airport tables and further information may be obtained by contacting E. Di Sanza (819-9971986), Airport Activity Survey. Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0N9.

## Airport Activity

December 1977 and 1978

|  | 1978 | 1977 | \% Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Toronto | 880,155 | 805,908 | 9.2 |
| Vancouver | 460,982 | 424,024 | 8.7 |
| Montreal | 451,497 | 441,315 | 2.3 |
| Calgary | 255,427 | 224,937 | 13.6 |
| Winnipeg | 166,862 | 164,591 | 1.4 |
| Edmonton | 157,390 | 141,746 | 11.0 |
| Ottawa | 133,507 | 120,827 | 10.5 |
| Halifax | 110,548 | 103,641 | 6.7 |
| Mirabel* | 8,322 | 52,361 | 59.1 |
| Edmonton Municipal | 61,615 | 60,701 | 1.5 |

- The substantial increase in station activity at Mirabel International for December 1978 relative to December 1977 is attributable primarily to reduced activity at this airport in December 1977 resulting from work slowdowns and stoppages by runway maintenance personnel.


## Canada Health Survey

Preliminary results from the Canada Health Survey show that $10 \%$ of a sample of over 3,000 Canadians between the ages of 6-44 have an inadequate level of immunity to polio while immunity levels are doubtful for an additional $24 \%$. Twenty per cent of a sample of 698 individuals in the age groups 3 to 5 years and 15 to 19 years have an inadequate level of immunity to diphtheria. It should be noted that these results are
unweighted. More details on this and other aspects of the health of Canadians. will be published in early 1980 in the report on the Canada Health Survey. Further information is available from the Canada Health Survey (613-593-5260), Ottawa K1A.OT6.

## Gross National Product, First Quarter 1979

Preliminary estimates of the National Income and Expenditure Accounts indicate Gross National Product, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, increased $3.8 \%$ in the first quarter of 1979. After adjustment for price changes, this represents real growth of 1.7\%. This is broadly consistent with the rise in Real Domestic Product after allowing for a return to more normal levels of dividend payments abroad following the exceptionally high fourth quarter outflows. Excluding international transactions in investment income, the volume of production on a domestic basis increased an average of $1.25 \%$ in each of the last two quarters.

The increase in the volume of GNE this quarter was the result of an acceleration in all the major sectors of domestic expenditure with the exception of construction activity. The strengthening of domestic expenditure more than offset a decline in external demand, particularly by the United States where production was virtually unchanged in the first quarter. Since merchandise imports rose by $4 \%$ in volume, Canada's external trade in goods constituted a substantial drag on the economy in the first three months of 1979.

The growth of personal expenditure this quarter, largely in durable goods, appears to have been somewhat exaggerated by a natural recovery from the low fourth quarter level and particularly strong sales in Quebec. Business fixed investment was virtually unchanged this quarter, as a decline in construction activity offset the fourth consecutive strong gain in machinery and equipment investment. Non-farm business inventory accumulation again accelerated sharply this quarter and accounted for a substantial portion of the increase in expenditure.

After two years of generally weak inventory accumulation, a substantial amount of non-farm business stocks was accumulated last quarter, and stockbuilding advanced a further $\$ 3,064$ million in volume in the first quarter. Much of the accumulation occurred in durable goods at both the manufacturing and wholesale levels. There may have been some intentional buildup of raw material stocks in anticipation of further price increases. The run-up in finished goods stocks by manufacturers, on the other hand, appears to have been more related to an easing of demand, as manufacturing shipments decelerated. The slowdown of shipments has been particularly evident in exportbased industries since September.

The accumulation of finished goods inventories appears not to have had a serious impact on production, however, and may reflect the expectation that the sales decline was temporary, a view supported by the (continued)
very large backlog of unfilled orders in manufacturing. The relatively low stock-to-sales ratios resulting from a rundown in finished goods inventories last year and the improvement in corporate liquidity brought about by the recent strong performance of profits may also have led manufacturers to sustain production despite the inventory accumulations of the last two quarters. The continued high rate of stockpiling of motor vehicles, especially full-sized and intermediate models, suggests that at least for this industry involuntary accumulation was again an important factor in the increase in inventories.

Total gross fixed capital formation was virtually unchanged in volume in the first quarter. The major source of weakness was once again residential construction, which is estimated to have fallen by about $5 \%$ as a result of the continued low level of housing starts. The volume of business investment in plant and equipment rose $1.3 \%$, as a decline in nonresidential construction was outweighed by a $3.9 \%$ gain in investment in machinery and equipment. The first quarter level of machinery and equipment investment rests $9.5 \%$ above the 1978 average, implying more growth for the year than is consistent with the Public and Private Investment in Canada estimate of intentions. Total business investment in plant and equipment is now about $8 \%$ above the level of a year earlier, the strongest such gain since 1975.
Merchandise exports rose $3.9 \%$ in value in the first quarter while imports were up $7.1 \%$. As a result, the current dollar merchandise trade surplus fell by about $\$ 1,656$ million. The decline in net merchandise exports was more severe in constant dollar terms, as the increase in nominal exports reflected a $5.6 \%$ increase in the implicit price index for exports. This very large increase in export prices was the result of weight shifts towards relatively high-priced export commodities and some acceleration in producers' prices. The aggregate Industry Selling Price Index was on average $4.3 \%$ higher in the first quarter than in the fourth quarter despite the reduction of manufacturing sales tax rates late in the fourth quarter:
The $1.7 \%$ decline in the volume of exports would have been larger but for sharply higher exports of crude materials, notably crude petroleum and natural gas. The fact that exports were buttressed by increases in goods whose export levels are largely determined by governments and not market conditions, together with increased export prices, explains the unusually high level of nominal exports despite the weak performance of production in the U.S. in the first quarter. Other notable movements in exports included some recovery in nickel, copper, and iron ore and continued strong exports of newsprint, woodpulp, and machinery and equipment. Exports of farm products and end products fared poorly; the largest declines occurred in passenger cars, aluminum, and wheat. Lumber exports, which had been strong since mid-1976, were weak as construction activity slumped in the U.S.
Merchandise import growth continued in the first quarter, rising $7.1 \%$ in nominal terms. Sharply higher imports of motor vehicle parts and all types of machinery and equipment - industrial, agricultural, and communications - accounted for most of the
increase in the value of imports. Reduced imports of relatively higher priced coal and crude petroleum helped to slow the growth of the implicit price index for merchandise imports to $3.0 \%$. The $4.0 \%$ increase in the volume of merchandise imports raised its share of real GNE to over $20 \%$, and import penetration has increased steadily from about $18 \%$ in early 1978.
The : sharp deterioration in the current dollar merchandise trade position was virtually offset by an improvement of over $\$ 1,636$ million in the nonmerchandise balance. This improvement was primarily the result of a decline of almost $30 \%$ in dividends paid to non-residents which reflects the fact that the high fourth quarter level was mainly the result of the change in tax laws affecting the distribution of accumulated surplus.

The $1.3 \%$ increase in real personal expenditure was largely the result of strong durable goods sales, which advanced $5.8 \%$ in volume terms. Demand for some durable and semi-durable goods was particularly strong in Quebec, in part due to the expected reimposition of sales taxes on furniture and clothing. Automobile sales exhibited robust growth of about $15 \%$. This strength is perhaps somewhat surprising, since it followed by only one quarter the increase in sales tax rates in several provinces. The increase appears to have originated in part in those provinces where automobile sales tax rates were not altered in 1978.

Other notable movements apparent within real personal expenditure were very strong growth in automobile-related products such as gasoline, parts and repairs, a slight decrease in expenditure on food as prices increased over $6 \%$, and a decline in net travel expenditure abroad. Over-all, real expenditure on nondurables and services rose moderately, while widespread declines in expenditure on semi-durable goods other than clothing restrained total personal expenditure growth.
The most notable development in terms of factor incomes was a $12.2 \%$ gain in corporate profits, which are now $34.3 \%$ above the level of a year earlier. The increased value of exports and personal expenditure and the continued improvement in profit margins as prices increased helped to stimulate corporate profits. Part of the very strong performance of corporate profits in the last two quarters was the result of a sharply higher level of inventory valuation adjustment which advanced moderately in the first quarter following the rapid increase of the previous quarter. All sectors recorded strong profit increases this quarter, with further gains in manufacturing and mining of particular importance. Profits in manufacturing are now estimated to be over $60 \%$ above the level of the first quarter of 1978.
Continued solid gains in employment in the first quarter resulted in wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income growing by about $2.0 \%$. The strongest increases occurred in the goods-producing industries as labour income in mining and manufacturing rose by over $3 \%$, with an increase in manufacturing employ(continued)
ment of particular importance. These gains more than offset weak demand for labour in construction, where labour income was virtually flat. Despite strong increases in labour income in the trade and finance industries, a decline in employment and wages and salaries paid by the public administration industry and moderate growth in the transportation industry restrained the gain in the total service-producing industries.

The 2.3\% increase in personal income largely originated in the rise in labour income and continued strong growth in investment income received by persons, as government transfers to persons declined. Personal income taxes advanced $4.7 \%$, which restrained the growth of personal disposable income to $1.9 \%$. Together with a $3.2 \%$ increase in personal expenditure, the personal savings rate fell from $9.9 \%$ to $8.6 \%$.

Total revenue of all levels of government combined (excluding intergovernmental transfers) rose by $4.0 \%$ for the second consecutive quarter. Total expenditure grew by $2.6 \%$ after a $2.4 \%$ increase in the fourth quarter of 1978. Increases in expenditures occurred at all levels of government. Current expenditure on goods and services increased by $2.0 \%$. With the increase in total revenue exceeding that of total expenditure, the deficit of the government sector (on a national accounts basis) declined from $\$ 6.9$ billion in the previous quarter to $\$ 5.7$ billion in the first quarter.

Following normal practice, data from 1975 to 1978 inclusive have been revised to incorporate the most current source data and revised seasonal patterns. The revisions are generally within historically expected ranges, and in many cases are substantially less than in the previous few years. A note discussing the revisions will appear in the second quarter National Income and Expenditure Accounts publication, and will be available upon request by mid-July.


Thursday, June 21, 1979

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2 Estimates of Labour Income, March 1979
3 Postcensal Estimates of Population, Canada and Provinces, April 1, 1979
4 Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Cigars, May 1979
4 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, April 1979

4 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, June 1, 1979
4 Merchandising Businesses Survey: Wholesale Merchants, 1977

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-003 (40\$/\$3) Fruit and Vegetable Production, June 1979
26-006 (40\$/\$4) Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, February 1979
26-214 (70¢) Salt Mines, 1977
31-528 (\$1.40 in Canada; \$1.70 in Other Countries) Concepts and Definitions of the Census of Manufactures, 1977

32-205 (70\$) Breweries, 1977
32-213 (70¢) Confectionery Manufacturers, 1977
33-003 (30\$/\$3) Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, April 1979
35-001 (30\$/\$3) Construction Type Plywood; April 1979
36-214 (70¢) Folding Carton and Set-up Box Manufacturers, 1977 (continued)

47-004 (15\$/\$1.50) Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, April 1979

63-534 (70థ in Canada; 85థ in Other Countries) Offices of Architects, 1977
64-002 (55¢/\$5.50) Housing Starts and Completions, April 1979
Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979 f_{1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1979p <br> ns) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 147.3 | 144.8 | 144.3 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28.1 | 27.6 | 27.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 272.4 | 265.7 | 266.3 |
| New Brunswick | 206.8 | 206.3 | 206.5 |
| Quebec | 2,600.4 | 2,565.2 | 2,543.2 |
| Ontario | 4,273.7 | 4,215.5 | 4,188.2 |
| Manitoba | 403.7 | 396.6 | 397.0 |
| Saskatchewan. | 313.3 | 304.7 | 304.3 |
| Alberta | 946.8 | 921.3 | 922.3 |
| British Columbia | 1,276.6 | 1,215.2 | 1,205.7 |
| Yukon, Northwest Territories | 36.5 | 35.7 | 35.6 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 10,505.5 | 10,298.5 | 10,240.5 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 856.8 | 840.0 | 835.2 |
| Labour Income | 11,362.3 | 11,138.6 | 11,075.7 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 154.9 | 153.4 | 151.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 31.1 | 30.4 | 29.3 |
| Nova Scotia | 283.6 | 276.2 | 276.1 |
| New Brunswick | 217.2 | 217.8 | 215.2 |
| Quebec | 2,640.6 | 2,605.9 | 2,584.9 |
| Ontario | 4,366.5 | 4,319.1 | 4,282.5 |
| Manitoba | 414.7 | 409.6 | 408.6 |
| Saskatchewan | 324.1 | 318.1 | 317.8 |
| Alberta | 971.7 | 944.6 | 947.9 |
| British Columbia | 1,279.7 | 1,244.1 | 1,243.1 |
| Yukon, Northwest Territories | 37.1 . | 37.2 | 37.5 |
| Total Wages and Salaries | 10,721.2 | 10,556.4 | 10,493.9 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 874.3 | 861.1 | 855.9 |
| Labour Income | 11,595.5 | 11,417.5 | 11,349.8 |

$f$ First estimate
p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate

Estimates of Labour Income, March 1979 - Advance Information
Labour income for the month of March was estimated at $\$ 11.4$ billion, an increase of $\$ 1,048.7$ million or $10.2 \%$ from March 1978.

Adjusted for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 164.8$ million between February and March to $\$ 10.7$ billion.

Data users should note that annual estimates of wages and salaries have been revised for the years 1977 and 1978 and annual estimates of supplementary labour income have been revised from 1973 to date. These annual revisions have been incorporated in the current monthly estimates.

The revised estimates will be published in the January-March issue of Estimates of Labour Income ( $72-005, \$ 1.05 / \$ 4.20$ ), or may be obtained upon request from Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8431), Labour Income Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. (see table on next page)

Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification


[^22]Postcensal Estimates of Population, Canada and Provinces, April 1, 1979 - Advance Information Canada's population at April 1, 1979 totalled an estimated 23,644,800. Population figures for the provinces were as follows: Newfoundland, 572,900; Prince Edward Island, 122,500; Nova Scotia, 846,700; New Brunswick, 700,200; Quebec, 6,298,100; Ontario, 8,493,300; Manitoba, 1,030,000; Saskatchewan, 954,900; Alberta, 1,998,800; British Columbia, 2,562,600; Yukon, 21,600; Northwest Territories, 43,200.

These postcensal estimates will be published in the next few weeks in catalogue 91-001; the bulletin will also provide details on the estimation methodology and brief comments on the results. To obtain information on population estimates, contact Miss G. Caron (613-995-2213), Demography Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills In British Columbia, April 1979 - Advance Information
Sawmills in British Columbia produced $1,100.8$ million feet board measure ( $2597.6 \mathrm{m3}$ ) of lumber and ties in April compared to $1,102.6$ million feet board measure (2 $601.8^{\prime} \mathrm{m3}$ ) a year earlier.

January to April production increased to 4,348.3 million feet board measure ( $10260.8 \mathrm{m3}$ ) in 1979 from $4,278.3$ million feet 'board measure ( 10095.7 m 3 ) in 1978.

For further information, order the April issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia (35-003, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.E. Martin (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

## Merchandising Businesses Survey: Wholesale Mer-

 chants, 1977 - Advance InformationThe revised total volume of trade reported by 21,597 establishments for the 1977 Merchandising Businesses Survey, Wholesale Merchants was \$70,582,376,000.

This and other data will be contained in Merchandising Businesses Survey, 1977, Wholesale Merchants (63-601, \$1.05), and advance details may be obtained from the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, June 1, 1979 Advance Information
Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first day of June amounted to 113.1 million pounds compared with 114.0 million last month and 101.5 million a year earlier.

For further information, order the June issue of Stocks of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, 30¢/\$3), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Cigars, May 1979 - Advance Information Canadian production of cigarettes rose to 6.2 billion in May from 5.1 billion a year earlier. Production of cigars totalled 38.2 million, up from 35.6 million in May 1978.

For further information, order the May issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32$022,15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-992-8619), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Friday, June 22, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Provincial Government Employment, January-March 1979
2 Provincial Government Finance, Revenue and Expenditure, 1978-79
2 Department Store Sales and Stocks, April 1979

## Elementary-Secondary Data Available

Preliminary elementary-secondary data for the 1978-79 school year are now available. The following specific information is included:

- Total enrolment by grade, by province and by jurisdiction
- Interprovincial and international migration data by province
- Percentage changes from the previous school year.

All requests should be forwarded to: Jim Seidle (613-995-9795), ElementarySecondary Education Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-024 (15\$/\$1.50) Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, May 1979
46-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Sales of Paints, Varnishes and Lacquers, April 1979
81-219 (70థ) Tuition and Living Accommodation Costs at Canadian Universities, 1978-79 and 1979-80

84-001 (35¢/\$1.40) Vital Statistics, January-March 1979

## Service Bulletin:

52-004 (\$1.40 per year) Railway Transport, Vol. 9, No. 3, Railway Carloadings, March 1979; Railway Operating Statistics, December 1978

Provincial Government Employment, January-March 1979 - Advance Information
Canada's provincial and territorial governments (excluding British Columbia) had 355,625 employees at the end of March 1979, an increase of 1.2\% over the number employed at the end of March 1978. There were small increases in employees reported by all provinces and territories except Ontario and Manitoba, where general government employment dropped by $2.9 \%$ and $0.9 \%$, respectively, from a year earlier.

Total payrolls for the 1978-79 fiscal year at an estimated $\$ 5.4$ billion showed an increase of $8.6 \%$ over the previous fiscal year.

For further information, order the January-March issue of Provincial Government Employment (72-007, $\$ 1.05 / \$ 4.20$ ), or contact A.G. Kerr (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Provincial Government Finance, Revenue and Expenditure, 1978-79 - Advance Information
Gross general revenue of Canada's provincial and territorial governments for the fiscal year 1978-79 is estimated at $\$ 47,798.8$ million, an increase of $10.7 \%$ over the revised estimate of revenue for the previous fiscal year. Gross general expenditure, estimated at $\$ 48,601.7$ million, shows an increase of $9.2 \%$ over 1977-78.

Further information, including complete provincial breakdown of revenue and expenditure, will be contained in Provincial Government Finance, Revenue and Expenditure (Estimates), 1978 (68-205, \$1.40). For advance information, contact G.M. Rheaume (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division,. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Department Store Sales and Stocks, April 1979 Advance Information
Department store sales totalled $\$ 606.3$ million in April, an increase of $7.8 \%$ from the $\$ 562.2$ million recorded in April 1978. Sales rose in 35 of the 40 departments with the largest increases posted by food and kindred products ( $+44.5 \%$ ) and girls' and teenage girls' wear ( $+40.0 \%$ ). All provinces reported increased sales from a year earlier ranging from $\mathbf{2 8 . 1 \%}$ for Newfoundland to $5.2 \%$ for Ontario. Sales and percentage changes for metropolitan areas were: Montreal, $\$ 69.3$ million, $+6.8 \%$; Toronto, $\$ 87.0$ million, $+2.7 \%$; Winnipeg, $\$ 31.2$ million, $+2.9 \%$; and Vancouver, $\$ 61.7$ million, $+9.1 \%$.

The selling value of stocks held in April 1979 at $\$ 2,270.1$ million showed an increase of $11.9 \%$ over April 1978. Inventories were higher in 36 of the 40 departments.

For further information, order the April issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002, 40\$/\$4), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.


## 34-217 (\$1.05) Women's and Children's Clothing Industries, 1977

35-213 (70¢) Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers, 1977
35-214 (70¢) Electric Lamp and Shade Manufacturers, 1977
41-006 (15¢/\$1.50) Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, April 1979
47-208 (70¢) Plastics Fabricating Industry, 1977
57-001 (30¢/\$3) Electric Power Statistics, March 1979
72-206 (\$3.50) Employment, Earnings and Hours, Seasonally-adjusted Series, January 1961-December 1977

## 81-238 (\$1.05) Publicly-supported Vocational Training Involving the Private Sector, 1977-78

Employment, Earnings and Hours (Seasonally Adjusted), April 1979 - Advance Information
The first estimates of the Canada composite* index of employment ( $1961=100$ ) for April 1979 showed only a marginal increase over March (+0.1\%). Forestry, manufacturing and finance, insurance and real estate increased while trade remained unchanged and the remaining industry divisions declined. Gains in the Atlantic region, Quebec and British Columbia were almost offset by losses in Ontario and the Prairie region.
Average weekly earnings rose by $0.7 \%$ at the national industrial composite level. Gains were recorded in all industry divisions except forestry and in all regions except the Atlantic and British Columbia.
Average weekly hours showed declines in mining (including milling), and in manufacturing but showed an increase in construction. Average hourly earnings increased in mining (including milling), manufacturing and construction.

- Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. All statistics are based on returns received from employers having 20 or more employees in any month of the year. Notes on concepts and methods can be found in any issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours.

Detailed information for February and March will be published in the April issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002,70థ/\$7), and is also available from R. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.
(see tables on pages 3-5)

## Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, April 1979

 - Advance InformationAdvance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables for the month of April is now available.

For further information, order the April issue of Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables (32-011, 30\$/\$3), or contact Rod Ralph (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, March 1979 - Advance Information
Crude petroleum production for the month of March averaged 261500 cubic metres daily (1,645,400 barrels/day); up $14.8 \%$ from 227.800 cubic metres/day (1,433,400 barrels/day) in March 1978
Net new production of natural gas for the latest period averaged 303400 thousand cubic metres/day (10,708,900 thousand cubic feet/day), up 5.5\% from 287700 thousand cubic metres/day (10,155,200 thousand cubic feet/day) in March 1978.
For further information, order the March issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, $30 \$ / \$ 3$ ), or contact George Kitchen (613-992-4021), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tile, May 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers produced 4,726 short tons ( 4287 t ) or $9,132,111$ square feet ( 848401 m 2 ) of vinyl-asbestos floor tile in May compared to 4,395 short tons ( 3987 t ) or 8,662,569 square feet ( 804779 m2) in May 1978.
For further information, order the May issue of Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles (47-001, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-992-2231), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Employment, Earnings and Hours, Advance Data
April 1979

| Industry Division and Area(1960 S.I.C.) | Employment Index Numbe Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { 1979f } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan.' } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1978 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 1978 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979r } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1961=100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  | " |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 62.0 | 63.3 | 67.5 | 68.5 | 59.9 | $61.9{ }^{\circ}$ | 85.6 | $81: 6$ | 80.4 | 81.3 |
| Mining, including milling | 116.8 | 118.7 | 117.5 | 117.3 | 111.5 | 115.3 | 121.0 | 121.2 | 118.6 | 118.0 |
| Manufacturing | 129.7 | 128.5 | 128.0 | 127.3 | 125.5 | 124.8 | 130.9 | 130.3 | 131.2 | 130.6 |
| Durable Goods | 144.3 | 143.0 | 142.7 | 141.6 | 137.9 | 137.2 | 145.4 | 144.6 | 145.3 | 144.0 |
| Non-durable Goods | 117.8 | 116.8 | 116.1 | 115.7 | 115.4 | 114.7 | 119.1 | 118.9 | 119.6 | 119.5 |
| Construction | 88.8 | 83.8 | 81.1 | 82.2 | 94.2 | 89.2 | 95.1 | 95.7 | 95.3 | 95.7 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 131.6 | 130.7 | 130.5 | 130.8 | 129.3 | 127.5 | 133.6 | 134.4 | 134.3 | 135.2 |
| Trade | 175.6 | 174.2 | 173.5 | 176.0 | 171.7 | 170.3 | 176.3 | 176.3 | 176.4 | 176.5 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 203.7 | 203.8 | 203.1 | 202.5 | 197.2 | 197.0 | 204.8 | 204.5 | 204.2 | 203.8 |
| Service | 263.4 | 261.9 | 258.4 | 256.4 | 255.2 | 252.8 | 266.5 | 267.9 | 267.7 | 266.4 |
| Industrial Composite | 146.8 | 145.6 | 144.8 | 144.9 | 143.1 | 142.0 | 149.3 | 149:2 | 149.3 | 149.0 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 131.3 | 127.7 | 127.8 | 127.8 | 123.1 | 121.5 | 138.5 | 137.4 | 137.0 | 136.4 |
| Newfoundland | 125.6 | 120.7 | 122.0 | 120.7 | 111.7 | 111.5 | 135.4 | 133.6 | 132.1 | 133.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 152.9 | 144.3 | 142.0 | 142.4 | 148.9 | 136.8 | 165.4 | 165.2 | 162.7 | 164.1 |
| Nova Scotia | 135.8 | 132.4 | 131.5 | 131.2 | 126.6 | 124.4 | 139.4 | 138.5 | 137.7 | 136.3 |
| New Brunswick | 127.8 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 127.1 | 124.6 | 123.2 | 136.9 | 135.4 | 136.7 | 137.2 |
| Quebec | 126.2 | 124.9 | 124.5 | 124.7 | 123.9 | 122.9 | 128.6 | 128.4 | 128.6 | 128.3 |
| Ontario | 151.9 | 150.7 | 150.2 | 150.3 | 148.7 | 147.5 | 153.6 | 153.7 | 153.7 | 153.6 |
| Prairie Region | 164.8 | 164.9 | 163.0 | 163.3 | 158.4 | 156.9 | 168.2 | 169.3 | 168.1 | 168.1 |
| Manitoba | 124.0 | 124.1 | 122.8 | 122.8 | 122.5 | 120.8 | 126.1 | 127.7 | 126.9 | 126.4 |
| Saskatchewan | 143.6 | 142.9 | 140.8 | 140.9 | 138.9 | 137.4 | 147.3 | 148.2 | 146.3 | 146.7 |
| Alberta | 207.0 | 207.5 | 205.2 | 205.9 | 196.0 | 194.7 | 211.3 | 212.3 | 210.9 | 212.1 |
| British Columbia | 176.0 | 175.2 | 172.1 | 171.7 | 172.6 | 172.3 | 176.6 | 176.0 | 176.2 | $\cdot 177.7$ |
| Yukon | 173.3 | 170.7 | 166.5 | 165.7 | 189.4 | 184.0 | 179.5 | 177.8 | 178.7 | 180.6 |
| Northwest Territories | 152.5 | 150.2 | 147.0 | 146.1 | 148.5 | 151.1 | 155.6 | 155.2 | 156.8 | 157.2 |
| Canada | 146.8 | 145.6 | 144.8 | 144.9 | 143.1 | 142.0 | 149.3 | 149.2 | 149.3 | 149.0 |

[^23]Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Earnings <br> Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ \text { 1979f } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ do | Mar. 1978 ars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1979 \text { p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 353.96 | 360.17 | 352.93 | 363.30 | 336.06 | 343.90 | 338.26 | 339.85 | 329.63 | 352.34 |
| Mining, including milling | 416.87 | 415.66 | 409.30 | 406.81 | 368.14 | 369.83 | 417.00 | 411.34 | 404.29 | 401.39 |
| Manufacturing | 306.90 | 305.27 | 302.93 | 300.84 | 282.21 | 280.77 | 305.19 | 303.48 | 301.00 | 300.30 |
| Durable Goods | 327.17 | 324.64 | 321.99 | 321.24 | 302.34 | 300.47 | 325.87 | 323.15 | 320.01 | 322.63 |
| Non-durable Goods | 286.87 | 286.02 | 284.00 | 280.68 | 262.77 | 261.74 | 285.27 | 284.06 | 281.94 | 279.53 |
| Construction | 413.38 | 410.50 | 401.52 | 393.23 | 383.33 | 379.66 | 413.96 | 412.23 | 402.04 | 398.65 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 332.06 | 329.91 | 329.59 | 328.50 | 308.07 | 30789 | 331.36 | 329.28 | 32756 | 325.73 |
| Trade | 217.27 | 213.90 | 209.83 | 207.77 | 199.39 | 198.58 | 217.01 | 214.91 | 211.67 | 210.98 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 265.60 | 265.73 | 260.77 | 259.90 | 245.07 | 243.74 | 263.39 | 261.49 | 260.30 | 260.47 |
| Service | 189.61 | 188.98 | 187.07 | 186.63 | 177.10 | 178.13 | 190.16 | 188.81 | 187.82 | 186.00 |
| Industrial Composite | 282.72 | 280.76 | 277.86 | 276.08 | 261.13 | 260.27 | 282.64 | 280.62 | 277.78 | 277.16 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 248.94 | 250.11 | 247.34 | 246.29 | 225.48 | 227.13 | 247.70 | 247.76 | 245.67 | 243.56 |
| Newfoundland | 266.97 | 270.99 | 266.89 | 264.55 | 238:64 | 239.61 | 268.07 | 268.57 | 263.75 | 261.05 |
| Prince Edward Island | 209.66 | 210.73 | 206.85 | 206.18 | 191.57 | 195.86 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 240.32 | 239.95 | 236.64 | 235.68 | 220.04 | 220.12 | 240.27 | 240.02 | 236.26 | 234.72 |
| New Brunswick | 252.59 | 253.91 | 252.47 | 252.14 | 227.71 | 231.35 | 250.56 | 249.15 | 248.15 | 246.52 |
| Quebec | 280.27 | 277.46 | 275.61 | 272.71 | 257.91 | 256.24 | 280.61 | 277.96 | 275.39 | 273.81 |
| Ontario | 281.33 | 278.66 | 276.53 | 274.68 | 260.87 | 259.76 | 280.99 | 278.55 | 276.78 | . 276.28 |
| Prairie Region | 279.34 | 279.43 | 274.79 | 273.90 | 256.42 | 256.89 | 280.10 | 279.26 | 274.52 | 274.81 |
| Manitoba | 253.18 | 252.72 | 249.04 | 249.92 | 235.33 | 234.90 | 254.17 | 253.13 | 250.37 | 252.19 |
| Saskatchewan | 267.94 | 266.74 | 262.34 | 260.09 | 244.31 | 243.83 | 268.58 | 267.92 | 264.70 | 262.96 |
| - Alberta | 295.51 | 296.19 | 290.99 | 289.55 | 270.77 | 271.88 | 296.31 | 295.60 | 288.82 | 289.35 |
| British Columbia | 317.77 | 315.60 | 310.10 | 309.53 | 295.34 | 293.94 | 317.45 | 317.54 | 311.75 | 312.15 |
| Yukon | 371.96 | 366.74 | 354.78 | 373.30 | 355.42 | 360.49 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | 347.52 | 340.31 | 331.41 | 327.66 | 299.47 | 296.25 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 282.72 | 280.76 | 277.86 | 276.08 | 261.13 | 260.27 | 282.64 | 280.62 | 277.78 | 277.16 |

[^24]Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Hours and Average Hourly Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1979p | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 r \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1978 \\ & \text { num } \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1978 r | Apr. 1979f | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 p \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 r \end{aligned}$ |
| Average Weekly Hours: Canada: | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 41.1 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 40.6 | . 41.2 |
| Manufacturing | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 38.8 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 39.2 |
| Durable Goods | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 40.1 |
| Non-durable Goods | 38.0 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 38.1 | 38.0 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 38.2 |
| Construction | . 39.0 | 38.8 | 37.9 | 37.4 | 38.6 | 38.3 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 38.5 | 38.7 |
| Building | 37.4 | 37.6 | 36.7 | 36.3 | 37.5 | 36.8 | 37.3 | 37.7 | 36.9 | 37:0 |
| Engineering | 42.6 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 41.6 | 43.5 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 42.3 |
| Manufacturiñg: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 38.0 | 39.1 | 38.6 | 38.2 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.5 | 39.2 | 38.1 | 37.8 |
| Quebec | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.1 |
| Ontario | 39.6 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.9 |
| Prairie Region | 37.4 | 37.6 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.7 | 37.3 | 37.3 | 37.1 | 37.5 |
| British Columbia | 36.6 | 36.6 | 36.6 | 37.0 | 36.3 | 36.0 | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.3 | 36.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | doll |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Hourly Earnings: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 9.57 | $9.49^{\prime}$ | 9.40 | 9.30 | 8.53 | 8.56 | 9.59 | 9.42 | 9.36 | 9.25 |
| Manufacturing .... | 7.32 | 7.24 | 7.18 | 7.15 | 6.72 | 6.72 | 7.31 | 7.22 | 7.17 | 7.15 |
| Durable Goods: | 7.76 | 7.68 | . 7.62 | 7.60 | 7.16 | 7.14 | 7.76 | 7.69 | 7.62 | 7.60 |
| Nôn-durable Goods. | 6.82 | 6.75 | 6.69 | 6.64 | 6.24 | 6.26 | 6.81 | 6.72 | 6.69 | 6.63 |
| Construction | 10.96 | 10.93 | 10.90 | 10.78 | 10.21 | 10.19 | 10.92 | 10.85 | 10.75 | 10.64 |
| Building | 11.05 | 10.99 | 11.00 | 10.89 | 10.08 | 10.06 | 11.13 | 11.03 | 10.99 | 10.88 |
| Engineering | 10.76 | 10.82 | 10.66 | 10.49 | . 10.45 | 10.43 | 10.56 | 10.51 . | 10.26 | 10.23 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Région | 6.63 | 6.69 | 6.66 | 6.65 | 6.07 | 6.17 | 6.58 | 6.53 | 6.53 | 6.52 |
| Quebec | 6.65 | 6.58 | 6.56 | 6.51 | 6.09 | 6.09 .. | 6.67 | 6.60 | 6.56 | 6.51 |
| Ontario | . 7.4 .41 | 7.30 | 7.23 | 7.20 | 6.80 | 6.79 | 7.39 | 7.28 | 7.22 | 7.23 |
| Prairie Region | 7.33 | 7.24 | 7.13 | 7.11 | 6.75 | 6.71 | 7.33 | 7.31 | 7.19 | 7.17 |
| British Columbia. | $\bigcirc 9.49$ | 9.39 | 9.34 | 9.31 | 8.71 | 8.73 | 9.54 | 9.41 | 9.36 | 9.26 |

[^25]Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

*Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
p Preliminary figures.
$r$ Revised figures.
NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

## Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing

 Industries, April 1979 - Advance InformationPreliminary estimates show manufacturers' shipments in April 1979, seasonally adjusted, were valued at $\$ 12,093.1$ million, down $3.1 \%$ from the revised March level of $\$ 12,482.8$ million. Shipments of durable goods dropped $5.8 \%$ to $\$ 5,451.8$ million from $\$ 5,785.7$ million - most of the decrease in the transportation equipment industries - while non-durable goods shipments decreased $0.8 \%$ to $\$ 6,641.7$ million from $\$ 6,697.1$ million.

New orders in all manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted, were valued at $\$ 12,193.5$ million, down $5.7 \%$ from the revised March estimate of $\$ 12,929.7$ million. New orders for durable goods fell $10.6 \%$ to $\$ 5,552.2$ million from $\$ 6,213.0$ million - again mostly in the transportation equipment industries - while non-durable goods new orders dropped $1.1 \%$ to $\$ 6,641.3$ million from $\$ 6,716.7$ million.

Seasonally-adjusted unfilled orders in all manufacturing industries were valued at $\$ 14,991.4$ million, up $0.7 \%$ from $\$ 14,891.0$ million (revised) in March.

Total inventory owned, seasonally adjusted, was valued at $\$ 22,290.0$ million, $0.2 \%$ lower than the revised March level of $\$ 22,329.4$ million. Total inventory held, valued at a seasonally-adjusted $\$ 23,210.8$ million in April, was fractionally lower than the revised March estimate of $\$ 23,215.8$ million with raw materials down $0.3 \%$, goods in process up $0.4 \%$ and finished products fractionally higher.

The seasonally-adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments in April 1979 was 1.84:1, up from 1.79:1 (revised) in March. The seasonally-adjusted finished products to shipments ratio was 0.61:1 compared to the revised March estimate of 0.60:1.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, the preliminary estimate of the value of manufacturers' shipments in April at $\$ 12,169.0$ million was $7.0 \%$ lower than the revised March estimate of $\$ 13,080.9$ million. Cumula-
tive shipments for the first four months of 1979 at an estimated $\$ 48,193.7$ million showed an increase of 22.2\% from the January-April 1978 figure of $\$ 39,450: 8$ million.

Data users should note that after June 29, 1979, it will not be possible to retrieve the Shipments, Inventories and Orders series from the CANSIM main base for about four weeks while the annual revisions and adjustments, dating back to January 1976, are undertaken. The revised values for all series will be available at the time of release of the preliminary estimates for May 1979.
For further information, order the April issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, 55¢ / \$5.50), or contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 V 6$.
(see table on next page)

Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturing Industries
(Based on 1975 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)

|  | Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1979{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1978 |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total | 12,169.0 | 13,080.9 | 11,511.8 | 10,403.8 |
| Non-durable | 6,549.6 | 6,863.9 | 6,222.2 | 5,522.5 |
| Durable | 5,619.4 | 6,217.0 | 5,289.7 | 4,881.3 |
| New Orders: Total | 12,384.0 | 13,584.6 | 11,930.7 | 10,685.7 |
| Non-durable | 6,583.1 | 6,931.8 | 6,246.8 | 5,585.3 |
| Durable | 5,800.9 | 6,652.8 | 5,683.9 | 5,100.4 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total | 15,318.5 | 15,103.5 | 14,599.8 | 11,516.7 |
| Non-durable | 1,971.3 | 1,937.8 | 1,869.9 | 1,509.8 |
| Durable | 13,347.2 | 13,165.6 | 12,729.9 | 10,006.8 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 22,599.4 | 22,737.5 | 22,065.5 | 19,568.8 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 23,498.9 | 23,620.9 | 23,043.7 | 20,619.5 |
| Raw materials | 9,389.5 | 9,470.1 | 9,226.1 | 8,207.1 |
| Goods in process | 6,368.7 | 6,367.9 | 6,273.7 | 5,454.3 |
| Finished Products | 7,740.6 | 7,782.8 | 7,543.9 | 6,958.1 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total | 12,093.1 | 12,482.8 | 12,220.5 | 10,419.5 |
| Non-durable | 6,641.7 | 6,697.1 | 6,552.6 | 5,610.4 |
| Durable | 5,451.4 | 5,785.7 | 5,667.9 | 4,809.1 |
| New Orders: Total | 12,193.5 | 12,929.7 | 12,486.6 | 10,761.5 |
| Non-durable | 6,641.3 | 6,716.7 | 6,564.6 | 5,647.8 |
| Durable | 5,552.2 | 6,213.0 | 5,922.0 | 5,113.9 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total | 14,991.4 | 14,891.0 | 14,444.1 | 11,457.5 |
| Non-durable | 1,918.7 | 1,919.1 | 1,899.5 | 1,474.0 |
| Durable | 13,072.7 | 12,971.9 | 12,544.6 | 9,983.5 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 22,290.0 | 22,329.4 | 21,745.8 | 19,325.4 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 23,210.8 | 23,215.8 | 22,727.0 | 20,398.2 |
| Raw materials | 9,463.5 | 9,492.8 | 9,240.2 | 8,308.6 |
| Goods in process | 6,314.8 | 6,291.7 | 6,156.0 | 5,416.6 |
| Finished products | 7,432.5 | 7,431.3 | 7,330.8 | 6,673.0 |
| Ratio of Total Inventory Owred to Shipments | 1.84 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.85 |
| Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments | 0.61 | 0.60 | 0.60 | 0.64 |



Tuesday, June 26, 1979

## CONTENTS



2 Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, May 1979
2 Radio and Television Broadcasting, 1978
2 Cable Television, 1978
2 International Air Charter Statistics, 1978
3 Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, June 1, 1979
2 Sales of Cement, May 1979
3 Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 23, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-001 (30\$/\$3) Farm Cash Receipts, January to April 1979
32-001 (15\$/\$1.50) Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, May 1979
32-022 (15¢/\$1.50) Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, May 1979
56-202 (35¢) Telephone Statistics, 1978
63-008 (15¢/\$1.50) Wholesale Trade, April 1979
64-001 (70\$/\$7) Building Permits, March 1979

## Service Bulletin:

13-003 ( $\$ 1.40$ per year) Science Statistics, Vol. 3, No. 6, Federal Government Activities in the Social Sciences, 1971-72 to 1979-80

Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes
May 1979 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { May } \\ 1979 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | May 1978 |  | \% Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | r | May 79/ Apr. 79 | May 79/ May 78 |
| Canada, Total | 210.7 | 206.7 | 190.8 |  | 2.0 | 10.4 |
| Materials | 204.5 | 203.3 | 181.8 |  | 0.6 | 12.5 |
| Labour | 221.8 | 212.7 | 206.7 |  | 4.3 | 7.3 |
| Atlantic Provinces, Total | 220.7 | 215.7 | 197.7 |  | 2.3 | 11.6 |
| Materials | 204.8 | 202.6 | 182.9 |  | 1.1 | 12.0 |
| Labour | 248.4 | 238.4 | 223.5 |  | 4.2 | 11.1 |
| Quebec, Total | 213.6 | 211.7 | 197.6 |  | 0.9 | 8.1 |
| Materials | 212.3 | 211.5 | 190.0 |  | 0.3 | 11.7 |
| Labour | 216.2 | 212.0 | 212.0 |  | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Ontario, Total | 204.0 | 199.5 | 182.7 |  | 2.3 | 11.7 |
| Materials | 199.5 | 197.6 | 176.5 |  | 1.0 | 13.0 |
| Labour | 211.8 | 202.7 | 193.3 |  | 4.5 | 9.6 |
| Pralrie Provinces, Total | 220.7 | 215.7 | 200.9 |  | 2.3 | 9.9 |
| Materials | 206.1 | 205.5 | 185.1 |  | 0.3 | 11.3 |
| Labour | 249.0 | 235.4 | 231.6 |  | 5.8 | 7.5 |
| British Columbla, Total | 212.5 | 208.2 | 192.3 |  | 2.1 . | 10.5 |
| Materials | 207.2 | 207.2 | 182.4 |  | - | 13.6 |
| Labour | 222.1 | 210.1 | 210.0 |  | 5.7 | 5.8 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact Mrs. G.A. John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Radio and Television Broadcasting, 1978 - Advance Information
Preliminary results indicate privately-owned radio broadcasting revenues for the year ended August 31, 1978 were up $13 \%$ from the previous fiscal year to $\$ 308$ million. Programming, technical, sales and administrative expenses rose $14 \%$ to $\$ 257$ million. Depreciation was $\$ 10$ million and interest expense was $\$ 7$ million. Other adjustments produced revenues of $\$ 3$ million. Net profit before tax was $\$ 38$ million compared with \$36 million in 1977.

Television broadcasting revenues increased 21\% to $\$ 399$ million. Programming, technical, sales and administrative expenses rose $20 \%$ to $\$ 305$ million. Depreciation was $\$ 15$ million and interest expense $\$ 8$ million. Other adjustments produced income of $\$ 10$ million. Net profit before tax was estimated at $\$ 81$ million, an increase of $33 \%$ over the preceding year.

In addition, CBC operations produced revenues from sale of air-time of $\$ 74$ million, up from $\$ 66$ million. The net cost of operating the CBC rose to $\$ 483$ million in the year ended August 31, 1978 from $\$ 411$ million.

Further information will be included in the 1978 issue of Radio and Television Broadcasting (56-204, \$1.05), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Trans portation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Sales of Cement, May 1979 - Advance Information Advance information on sales of cement as reported by Canadian producers for the month of May 1979 is now available.

For further information, contact Gordon McWade (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

Cable Televislon, 1978 - Advance Information Preliminary results show cable television revenues for the year ended August 31, 1978 were $\$ 272$ million, up $17 \%$ from $\$ 233$ million in the previous fiscal year.

Programming, technical, sales and administrative expenses increased $19 \%$ to $\$ 151$ million from $\$ 127$ million. Depreciation was estimated at $\$ 49$ million, interest at $\$ 23$ million and other income was $\$ 5$ million. Pre-tax profits totalled $\$ 53$ million compared to $\$ 45$ million in the preceding year, an increase of $18 \%$.

Further information will be included in the 1978 issue of Cable Television (56-205, \$1.05), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Internatlonal Air Charter Statistics, 1978 - Advance Information
International Air Charter Statistics for 1978 are now available.

For further information, contact the Aviation Statistics Centre (819-997-1986), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

## Additional Information

When names and telephone numbers are not provided, additional information can often be obtained from the regional User Advisory Services staff of Statistics Canada or from its Central Inquiries Service, Ottawa (613-992-4734).

Also, toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the Regina office can be reached by dialing 1-800-667-3524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Viking Building
Crosbie Rd.
St. John's, Nild.
A1B 3P2
(709-726-0713)
1256 Barrington St.
Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6
(902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montreal, Que.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E.
Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave. Winnipeg, Man.
R3C OK4
(204-949-4020)

530 Midtown Centre Regina, Sask.
S4P 2 B6
(306-569-5405)
10025 106th St.
Edmonton, Alta.
T5J 1G9
(403-425-5052)
1145 Robson St
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 1B8
(604-666-3695)

Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, June 1, 1979 Advance Information
Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on June 1 totalled 33.6 million pounds compared with 26.7 million last year.

Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 76.5 million pounds ( 63.0 million in 1978).

For further information, order the June issue of Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables (32-010, 30\$/\$3), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 23, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of steel ingots production for the week ended June 23 was 318,741 short tons (289 157 t), a decrease of $2.3 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 326,120 short tons (295 851 t). The comparable week's total in 1978 was 299,197 short tons (271427 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166211 t ) equalling 100 was 174.0 in the latest week, 178.0 a week earlier and 163.3 a year earlier.

For further information, contact J.L. Barnes (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.


Wednesday, June 27, 1979


## CONTENTS

2 Domestic and Foreign Control of Capital Expenditures in Canada, 1977-79
4 Housing Starts, in Centres of $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Population and Over, May 1979
4 Key Economic Series, July 1979
2 Road Motor Vehicles: Fuel Sales, 1978
3 Feed Price Indexes, May 1979

Exports and Imports by Commodities
Commodity-country export and import trade statistics for April 1979 are now available in advance of the regular publications. For information, contact G.L. Blaney (613-992-8896), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-222 (35¢) Potash Mines, 1977.
32-225 (70¢) Tobacco Products Industries, 1977
41-208 (70¢) Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers, 1977
61-215 (70 cents in Canada, 85 cents in other countries) Domestic and Foreign Control of Forestry, Mining and Manufacturing Capital Expenditures in Canada, 1977-1979

63-007 (30థ/\$3) New Motor Vehicle Sales, April 1979

## Capital Expenditures, ManufacturIng, MIning and Forestry Industries, by Country of Control

| Industry Group | Year | Canadian Control |  |  | Foreign Control |  |  | Total* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value | Year to Year Change | Share of Total | Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year to } \\ \text { Year } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Share of Total | Value | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year to } \\ \text { Year } \\ \text { Change } \end{gathered}$ | Share of |
| Manufacturing |  | \$ <br> Millions | \% | \% | \$ <br> Millions | \% | \% | \$ <br> Millions | \% | \% |
|  | 1977 | 3,147.3 | 4.9 | 51.8 | 2,933.2 | 20.0 | 48.2 | 6,080.7 | 11.3 | 100.0 |
|  | 1978 | 3,363.3 | 6.9 | 53.9 | 2,874.2 | -2.0 | 46.1 | 6,239.8 | 2.6 | 100.0 |
|  | 1979 | 3,516.4 | 4.6 | 51.7 | 3,280.3 | 14.1 | 48.3 | 6,797.9 | 8.9 | 100.0 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 1977 | 1,308.6 |  | 33.9 | 2,556.3 |  | 66.1 | 3,864.9 |  | 100.0 |
|  | 1978 | 1,373.8 | 5.0 | 36.2 | 2,418.5 | -5.4 | 63.8 | 3,792.2 | -1.9 | 100.0 |
|  | 1979 | 1,494.3 | 8.8 | 33.9 | 2,912.2 | 20.4 | 66.1 | 4,406.0 | 16.2 | 100.0 |
| Forestry | 1977 | 131.5 |  | 59.6 | 89.0 |  | 40.4 | 220.5 |  | 100.0 |
|  | 1978 | 147.0 | 11.8 | 62.3 | 88.9 | -0.1 | 37.7 | 235.8 | 6.9 | 100.0 |
|  | 1979 | 151.3 | 2.9 | 58.2 | 108.8 | 22.4 | 41.8 | 259.9 | 10.2 | 100.0 |

* Previously released in Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1979 in April 1979 (catalogue 61-205). Sllght discrepancies are due to rounding.

Not available.

## Domestic and Foreign Control of Capital Expenditures in Canada, 1977-79

Foreign-controlled establishments show an increase of $14.1 \%$ in their spending intentions for 1979 to $\$ 3,280.3$ million and account for $48.3 \%$ of total projected manufacturing capital expenditures of $\$ 6,797.8$ million. Expenditures by Canadiancontrolled establishments are expected to rise by $4.6 \%$ and the over-all increase in expenditures for both groups is $8.9 \%$.

Similarly in mining, foreign-controlled establishments plan an increase of $20.4 \%$ in their expenditures to $\$ 2,912.2$ million in 1979 and account for $66.1 \%$ of the expected total spending of $\$ 4,406.0$ million. Capital expenditures of Canadian-controlled firms are expected to rise $8.8 \%$ and the over-all increase for both groups will be $16.2 \%$.
In forestry, foreign- and Canadian-controlled firms account for $41.8 \%$ and $58.2 \%$, respectively, of expected total capital expenditures. However, the Canadiancontrolled firms plan a modest increase of $2.9 \%$ over 1978 to $\$ 151.3$ million in comparison with the increase of $22.4 \%$ to $\$ 108.8$ million in 1979 by foreign-controlled firms.

The foregoing data are based on today's release of ec Domestic and Foreign Control of Forestry, Mining and Manufacturing Capital Expenditures in Canada, 19771979 (catalogue 61-215, $70 ¢$ in Canada, $85 ¢$ elsewhere), available from Publications Distribution, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

This report contains data on capital and repair expenditures for the years 1977 (actual), 1978 (preliminary), and 1979 (intentions) broken down by country of control (United States, "other foreign" and Canada) for the major industry groups of the forestry, mining and manufacturing sectors at the Canada level. A second tabulation provides a provincial distribution giving a country of control breakdown for each of the three sectors. These data represent a further analysis
of the capital expenditure statistics released in Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1979 in April 1979.

The report was prepared jointly by the Construction Division and the Financial Flows and Multinational Enterprises Division of Statistics Canada. Enquiries relating to the report should be directed to Duncan Lusick (613-995-9013), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see table on next page)

Road Motor Vehicles: Fuel Sales, 1978 - Advance Information
Total net sales of gasoline in Canada during 1978 were reported at 7,099 million gallons ( 32273000000 L ), down 3\% from 7,320 million gallons ( 33277000000 L ) in 1977. Net sales of diesel fuel rose $1 \%$ to 1,056 million gallons ( 4801000000 L ) in 1978.

Gross sales of gasoline, including purchases for offroad use, totalled 8,119 million gallons ( 36909000000 L ), up 3\% from 7,869 million gallons ( 35773000000 L ) in 1977.
For further information, contact $M$. Vallières (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6 or order the 1978 issue of Röad Motor Vehicles - Fuel Sales (53218, 70¢).

Capital Expenditures, Manufacturing*, by Province and by Country of Controi

| Province | Year | Canadian Control |  |  | Foreign Control |  |  | Total** |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value | Year to Year Change | Share Total |  | Year to Year Change | Share of Total | Value | Year to Year Change | Share of Total |
| Newfoundland |  | \$ Millións | \% | \% | \$ Millions | \% | \% | Millions | \% | \% |
|  | $1977{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 28.5 | 6.6 | 68.8 | 12.9 | 26.5 | 31.2 | 41.5 | 2.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1978 | 27.4 | -3.9 | 64.0 | 15.2 | 17.8 | 36.0 | 42.8 | 3.1 | 100.0 |
|  | 1979 | $x$ | x | x | $x$. | X | x | 78.7 | 83.9 | 100.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | X | X | X | X | X | $x$ | 11.1 | 131.3 | 100.0 |
|  |  | $x$ | . X | $x$ | x | x | x | 5.4 | -51.4 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 3.9 | $x$ | 83.0 | 0.4 | x | 17.0 | 4.7 | -13.0 | 100.0 |
| Nova Scotia | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | 42.2 | 9.0 | 38.2 | 68.1 | 53.7 | 61.8 | 110.5 | 33.1 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 49.9 | 18.2 | 52.0 | 45.5 | -32.6 | 48.0 | 96.0 | -13.1 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 61.2 | 22.6 | 51.0 | 58.8 | 28.1 | 49.0 | 120.1 | 25.1 | 100.0 |
| New Brunswick | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | 95.0 | 6.4 | 81.4 | 21.5 | -56.9 | 18.6 | 116.7 | -16.2 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 95.2 | 0.2 | 70.8 | 39.0 | 81.4 | 29.2 | 134.4 | 15.2 | 100.0 |
|  |  | 100.3 | 5.4 | 70.3 | 42.5 | 9.0 | 29.7 | 142.9 | 6.3 | 100.0 |
| Quebec | 1977 1978 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & 743.6 \\ & 922.0 \\ & 960.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.3 \\ 24.0 \\ 4.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.9 \\ & 66.0 \\ & 62.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 438.0 \\ & 475.8 \\ & 575.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -2.9 \\ 8.6 \\ 21.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37.1 \\ & 34.0 \\ & 37.5 \end{aligned}$ | 1,181.7 | 4.4 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,398.0 | 18.3 | 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,536.4 | 9.9 | 100.0 |
| Ontario | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,617.7 \\ & 1,513.5 \\ & 1,507.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3.0 \\ & -6.4 \\ & -0.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48.2 \\ & 48.0 \\ & 45.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,741.5 \\ & 1,639.6 \\ & 1,840.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.1 \\ & -5.9 \\ & 12.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51.8 \\ & 52.0 \\ & 55.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,359.4 \\ & 3,153.9 \\ & 3,347.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11.4 \\ -6.1 \\ 6.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manitoba | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44.4 \\ & 56.5 \\ & 62.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -6.5 \\ 27.3 \\ 9.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.7 \\ & 68.9 \\ & 64.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35.2 \\ & 25.1 \\ & 34.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.1 \\ -28.7 \\ 35.5 \end{array}$ | 44.3 <br> 31.1 <br> 35.5 | 79.7 82.0 96.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 6.0 \\ 2.9 \\ 17.4 \end{array}$ | 100.0 100.0 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saskatchewan | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58.5 \\ & 40.7 \\ & 50.9 \end{aligned}$ | 13.6 -30.4 25.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 78.0 \\ & 79.7 \\ & 75.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16.5 \\ & 10.3 \\ & 16.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -49.7 \\ -37.6 \\ 62.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.0 \\ & 20.3 \\ & 25.0 \end{aligned}$ | 75.2 51.1 <br> 67.9 | $\begin{array}{r} 10.8 \\ -32.0 \\ 32.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alberta | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192.0 \\ & 278.1 \\ & 250.6 \end{aligned}$ | 12.6 44.8 -9.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 37.6 \\ & 40.6 \\ & 36.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 318.3 \\ & 406.0 \\ & 427.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11.3 \\ 27.6 \\ 5.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.4 \\ & 59.4 \\ & 63.1 \end{aligned}$ | 510.5 684.5 678.9 | 11.8 34.1 -0.8 | 100.0 100.0 100.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| British Columbia | 1977 1978 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & 321.5 \\ & 376.2 \\ & 458.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45.9 \\ 17.0 \\ 21.9 \end{array}$ | 54.3 63.7$63.6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 271.0 \\ & 213.9 \\ & 262.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.5 \\ -21.1 \\ .22 .8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45.7 \\ & 36.3 \\ & 36.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 592.6 \\ & 590.5 \\ & 722.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.9 \\ & -0.4 \\ & 22.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | X | $x$ | $x$ | . x | $\begin{aligned} & x \\ & x \\ & x \end{aligned}$ |  | . 1.8 | $\begin{array}{r}80.0 \\ -33.3 \\ 91.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $x$ | x | $x$ | $x$ |  |  | $1.2$ |  |  |
|  |  | x | x | x | x |  |  | 2.3 |  |  |
| Canada | $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \\ & 1978 \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,147.3 \\ & 3,363.3 \\ & 3,516.4 \end{aligned}$ | 4.9 | 51.8 | 2,933.2 | 20.0 | 48.2 | 6,080.7 | 11.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \\ & 100.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | 6.9 | 53.9 | 2,874.2 | -2.0 | 46.1 | 6,239.8 | 2.6 |  |
|  |  |  | 4.6 | 51.7 | 3,280.3 | 14.1 | 48.3 | 6,797.9 | 8.9 |  |

* Previously released in Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1979, in March 1979 in the Daily and on CANSIM (also catalogue 61-205).
** Slight discrepancies due to rounding.
x Confidential to meet secrecy provisions of the Statistics Act.

Feed Price Indexes, May 1979 - Advance Information
Feed price indexes, Canada and five geographical regions, are now available for May 1979.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Housing Starts, in Centres of 10,000 Population and Over (Dwelling Units)
May 1979 and 1978


For further information, order the May issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, 55థ/\$5.50), or contact J.P. Délisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Key Economic Series, July 1979
During the coming month, the release of Key Economic Series data is expected to be in accordance with the schedule outlined below. Where a range of dates is given for a series, this represents the period within which publication of the data can be reasonably expected, the variability taking account of circumstances peculiar to each series. Any range may be exceeded on rare occasions, for reasons unpredictable àt this time.
June 27 to July 4: Unemployment Insurance Statistics, month of April;
Juiy 5: Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, month of May;
Juily 5 to 6: Industry Selling Price Index, month of May;
July 10: Labour Force Survey, month of June;
July 13: The Consumer Price Index, month of June;
July 13 to 18: Wholesale Trade, month of May;
Juiy 16 to 23: Index of Industrial Production, month of May;
Juiy 18 to 24: Retail Trade, month of May;
Juiy 23 to August 2: Building Permits, month of May; July 24 to 30: Real Domestic Product, month of May; July 24 to 31: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, month of May;
Juiy 25 to 31: Employment. Earnings and Hours, month of May;
July 26 to 28: Labour Income, month of May:
Juiy 30 to August 3: Unemployment Insurance Statistics، month of May.

It should be noted that Building Permits for April was released in the Daily on June 28.

Notice of advance information availability: Financial Flows, 1st Quarter 1979, advance information II to be released between July 12 and 19; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 10, Telegraphic Crop Report - Prairie Provinces, to be released July 12 at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.; Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 11, Telegraphic Crop Report - Canada, to be released July 26 at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.

It should be noted that the August schedule of Key Economic Series will appear in the Daily and on CANSIM on July 27, 1979. The schedule of Key Economic Series is now available on CANSIM, and can be retrieved by using the command "DATES". The schedule will be issued once each month as noted above.

For any enquiry concerning the release of these series, contact Henri Sarrazin (613-992-1566), Production Planning and. Scheduling Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OTT6.

4. Building Permits, April 1979

6 Estimates of Employees, April 1979
4 Livestock and Animal Products Statistics, 1978

## Study on Civil Justice In Canada

Now available is a Statistics Canada research study, Civil Justice In Canada.
Further details will follow in Friday's Daily or contact Dr: Paul Reed (613-9950709), Justice Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-002E ( $\$ 5.60$ for series of 20) Field Crop Reporting Series, No. 9, Telegraphic Crop Report - Canada - Available June 28, 1979, at 3 p.m.
45-002 (40థ/\$4) Coall and Coke Statistics, March 1979
46-210 (70¢) Paint and Varnish Manufacturers, 1977
51-207 (\$1.05) International Air Charter Statistics, 1978
56-003 (30 $/ \$ 3$ ) Radio Broadcasting, February 1979
72-004 (\$1.05/\$4.20) Federal Government Employment, January-March 1979
Service Bulletin:
87-001 (\$1.40 per year) Culture Statistics, Vol. 2, No: 5, Book Publishing: A Cultural Analysis, 1977

## Note to Data Users

Canada-United States trade in automotive products, shown in this special release, is measured by comparing the import'statistics of each country. U.S. statistics on imports from Canada (converted to Canadian dollars) are used to represent Canadian exports because this enables a more exact comparison of the two trade flows. This greater exactness results from several factors. Customs revenue is collected on the basis of import documentation and consequently, the filing and scrutiny of documents is more rigorous. Also the availability of an import tariff code enables a more precise and detailed commodity classification: for example, items such as tires, bearings, radios, fasteners, hardware, fabric, glass, metal materials, lighting fixtures, ignition equipment, etc., which can be related to automobiles or other commodities can be identified as automotive by using the tariff code. As a result, the data in this release, for automotive trade with the United States, differ significantly from data released in all other Statistics Canada trade reports such as the Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade (Daily Bulletin, Catalogue 11-001E) and the monthly Summary of External Trade (Catalogue 65-001). Data in these trade reports give a reasonable and more timely approximation of automotive trade; however, they should not be expected to agree precisely with this release.

The data published in Table 1 of this release also appear in the Annual Report of the President to the (U.S.) Congress on the operation of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, and are accepted in both countries as the official measure of trade in automotive products.

Exports to other countries (excluding the United States) are measured using Canadian export statistics, and not the counterpart country import statistics.

It should also be noted that statistics on imports of parts from the U.S. include parts destined for export to countries other than the United States in the form of knocked-down vehicles.

Foreign Trade in Automotive Products, First Quarter 1979 - Published only in the Daily and Infomat

## Trade with the United States

Automotive product exports to the United States for the first quarter of 1979 at $\$ 3.47$ billion were $28 \%$ higher than the first quarter of 1978. This compared with a larger increase for imports of $38 \%$ to $\$ 3.81$ billion. As a result, the deficit on automotive trade with the U.S. for the first quarter of 1979 was $\$ 336$ million compared with a deficit of $\$ 62$ million for the first quarter of 1978. The deficit for the whole of 1978 was $\$ 564$ million.

The most important contributing factor to the deterioration of the first quarter balance compared with the first quarter of 1978 was trade in automotive parts, while the balance on passenger cars showed significant improvement. Exports of cars in the first quarter of 1979 were up $28 \%$ over the year-earlier period to $\$ 1.33$ billion, compared to an $18 \%$ increase in the level of imports to $\$ 768$ million. This led to a $\$ 173$ million increase in the surplus on cars to $\$ 562$ million. Exports of trucks and other motor vehicles were up $15 \%$ to $\$ 713$ million, much less than the $69 \%$ increase in imports to $\$ 462$ million, causing the surplus to decline $\$ 98$ million to $\$ 251$ million. The surplus on vehicles as a whole was up $\$ 75$ million to $\$ 813$ million. Parts exports showed a percentage gain only slightly less than imports - exports advancing $37 \%$ to $\$ 1.38$ billion while imports were up $40 \%$ to $\$ 2.54$ billion - however the larger base value of imports caused a large $\$ 353$ million increase in the deficit to $\$ 1.16$ billion. Exports of tires and tubes increased $37 \%$ to $\$ 52$ million along with a $30 \%$ increase in imports to $\$ 43$ million and as a result the surplus increased $\$ 4$ million to $\$ 9$ million.

## Trade with Other Countries

Exports of automotive products to countries other than the U.S. were up $10.4 \%$ to $\$ 255$ million in the first quarter of 1979 compared to the first quarter a year earlier, while imports were $18 \%$ higher at $\$ 364$ million. The stronger growth in imports than exports caused the deficit to increase $\$ 31$ million to $\$ 109$ million.

Trade in cars, trucks and other motor vehicles, and tires and tubes contributed to the worsening in the first quarter deficit while the balance on parts trade showed significant improvement. Exports of cars fell $10 \%$ to $\$ 94$ million compared to an increase in imports of $2.5 \%$ to $\$ 208$ million; this increased the deficit by $\$ 15$ million to $\$ 114$ million. Exports of trucks and other motor vehicles declined $41 \%$ to $\$ 47$ million, while imports increased $62 \%$ to $\$ 21$ million; thus the surplus declined by $\$ 40$ million to $\$ 26$ million. In contrast to vehicles, parts exports more than doubled to $\$ 107$ million with imports up $34 \%$ to $\$ 82$ million, resulting in a turnaround from a deficit in the first quarter of 1978 to a $\$ 25$ million surplus in the first quarter of 1979. The deficit on tires and tubes worsened by $\$ 20$ million to $\$ 50$ million due to stronger import than export growth. (It should be noted that re-exports are not distributed by category in table 2 and hence the trade balances quoted are slightly understated except at the total level.)

For further information, contact David Caldwell (613-995-6115), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see tables on next page)

Canada-United States Trade in Automotive Products

|  | Annual |  | 1st Quarter |  | Change Between Quarters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1977. | 1978 | 1978 | 1979 |  |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |  | \% |
| United States imports from Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 4,032 | 4,723 | 1;039 | 1,330 | 291 | 28.0 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | 1,964 | 2.557 | 622 | 713 | 91 | 14.6 |
| Parts | 3.721 | 4.518 | 1.009 | 1,377 | 368 | 36.5 |
| Tires and tubes | 144 | 192 | 38 | 52 | 14 | 36.8 |
| Total | 9,861 | 11,990 | 2,708 | 3,472 | 764 | '28.2 |
| Canadian imports from the U.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 2,834 | 3.015 | 650 | 768 | - 118 | 18.2 |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | 1,118 | 1,322 | 273 | 462 | 189 | 69.2 |
| Parts | 6,848 | 8,087 | 1,814 | 2,535 | 721 | 39.7 |
| Tires and tubes | 153 | 130 | 33 | 43 | 10 | 30.3 |
| Total | 10,953 | 12,554 | 2,770 | 3,808 | 1,038 | 37.5 |
| Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 1,198 | 1,708 | 389 | 562 | 173 |  |
| Trucks and other motor vehicles | 846 | 1,235 | 349 | 251 | -98 |  |
| Parts | $-3,127$ | -3,569 | -805 | -1,158 | -353 |  |
| Tires and tubes | -9 | 62 | 5 | 9 | 4 | - |
| Total | -1,092 | -564 | -62 | -336 | -274 | - |
| Excluded: retroactive adjustments to values of imported parts for special tooling charges | 244 | 190 | 76 | - |  |  |

Table 2
Canada-Overseas Countries Trade in Automotive Products

|  | Annual |  | 1st Quarter |  | Change Between Quarters |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1977 | 1978 | 1978 | 1979 |  |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  | (\%) |  |
| Canadian Exports |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 344 | 459 | . 104 | 94 | -10 | -9.6 |
| Trucks and Other Motor Vehicles | 270 | 251 | 79 | 47 | -32 | -40.5 |
| Parts | 195 | 314 | 44 | 107 | 63 | 143.2 |
| Tires and tubes | 7 | 11 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 50.0 |
| Re-exports | 10 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 100.0 |
| Total | 826 | 1,044 | 231 | 255 | 24 | 10.4 |
| Canadian Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | 532 | 803 | 203 | 208 | 5 | 2.5 |
| Trucks and Other Motor Vehicles | 60 | 92 | 13 | 21 | 8 | 61.5 |
| Parts | 236 | 262 | 61 | 82 | 21 | 34.4 |
| Tires and tubes | 110 | 146 | 32 | 53 | 21 | 65.6 |
| Total | 938 | 1,303 | 309 | 364 | 55 | 17.8 |
| Balance |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cars | -188 | -344 | -99 | -114 | -15 | - |
| Trucks and Other Motor Vehicles | 210 | 159 | 66 | 26 | -40 | - |
| Parts | -41 | 52 | -17 | 25 | 42 | - |
| Tires and tubes | -103 | -135 | -30 | -50 | -20 | - |
| Re-exports | 10 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 2 | - |
| Total | -112 | -259 | -78 | -109 | -31 | - |

Building Permits
(million of dollars)


Building Permits, April 1979 - Advance Information Planned building construction reached a seasonallyadjusted level of $\$ 1,104.7$ million in April, down $8.0 \%$ from a revised $\$ 1,201.0$ million in March, but almost unchanged from the $\$ 1,101.0$ million recorded in April 1978.

Although the seasonally-adjusted value of residential permits issued by Canadian municipalities decreased $2.3 \%$ to $\$ 623.5$ million in April from $\$ 640.6$ million in March, the number of new dwelling units authorized at 15,970 was $13.8 \%$ higher than the March total of 14,035. During April, permits for new single-detached homes decreased to 8,305 from 8,950 in March but multiple dwellings rose to 7,665 units from 5,085 .
Permits issued for non-residential building construction had a seasonally-adjusted value of $\$ 481.2$ million in April compared to the record level of $\$ 560.4$ million in March. Plans for new industrial installations continued at the high rate of $\$ 136.3$ million ( $\$ 141.6$ million in March) but the value of new commercial projects decreased $22.3 \%$ to $\$ 246.0$ million in April from $\$ 317.5$ million in March. Publiclyinitiated projects (schools, hospitals, welfare institutions and government administration buildings) were little changed at $\$ 98.4$ million ( $\$ 101.3$ million in March).
For the four-month period.ending April 30, the value of all building permits issued totalled $\$ 3,369.3$ million, up only. $2.2 \%$ from $\$ 3,295.4$. million registered during the corresponding period of 1978, reflecting the weakness of residential construction ( $-2.9 \%$ ). Nonresidential permits rose $9.4 \%$ during the latest period, the industrial sector showed an increase of $45.6 \%$ and
the commercial sector a gain of $11.6 \%$. Publiclyinitiated projects decreased $16.1 \%$ in value.
For further information, order the April issue of Building Permits ( $64-001,709 / \$ 7$ ), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8215), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
(see table on next page)
Livestock and AnImal Products Statistics, 1978 Advance Information
Advance information from the 1978 issue of the Livestock and Animal Products Statistics publication is now available and may be obtained by contacting Elizabeth A. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. The publication will be released at a later date.

Building Permits
April 1979


Preliminary figures.
For further information, order Building Permits. April 1979 (64-001, 70థ/\$7)

## Advance Estimates of Employees

April 1979

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.). | Number of Employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 f \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1979p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 r \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1979r } \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1978 (00 | Mar. 1978 's) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1979p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 r \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1979r } \end{gathered}$ |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 51.3 | 54.9 | 58.4 | 59.9 | 47.6 | 49.7 | 72.0 | 69.0 | 68.2 | 69.1 |
| Mining (including milling) | 136.7 | 138.5 | 136.8 | 137.0 | 130.7 | 135.1 | 142.2 | 141.0 | 139.2 | 138.5 |
| Manufacturing | 1,842.6 | 1,828.2 | 1,808.2 | 1,797.9 | 1,768.7 | 1,746.4 | 1,861.1 | 1,861.1 | 1,856.7. | 1,847.4 |
| Construction Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 426.5 | 397.9 | 384.4 | 394.7 | 405.2 | 374.3 | 451.3 | 458.3 | 453.9 | 463.1 |
|  | 798.2 | 790.0 | 790.5 | 795.3 | 784.3 | 774.6 | 810.4 | 811.6 | 813.8 | 817.4 |
| Trade | 1,481.2 | 1,464.9 | 1,454.7 | 1,477.9 | 1,440.9 | 1,432.8 | 1,496.8 | 1,488.9 | 1,483.1 | 1.496.8 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 489.3 | 489.4 | 488.5 | 488.9 | 483.3 | 484.8 | 495.2 | 493.8 | 493.1 | 492.4 |
| Total Service | 2,628.0 | 2,633.0 | 2,612.2 | 2,598.9 | 2,540.5 | 2,544.1 | 2,610.0 | 2,624.0 | 2,616.4 | 2,614.7 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1.472 .0 | 1,478.7 | 1,474.5 | 1,450.2 | 1,436.7 | 1,445.8 | 1,436.2 | 1,434.2 | 1,431.2 | 1,420.2 |
| Commercial Service | 1.156 .0 | 1,154.3 | 1,137.6 | 1,148.7 | .1,103.8 | 1,098.3 | 1,173.8 | 1,189.7 | 1,185.2 | 1,194.4 |
| Public Administration and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Defence(1) <br> Total Non-agricultural | 617.4 | 618.2 | 613.9 | 609.0 | 620.5 | 625.9 | 631.0 | 628.5 | 626.7 | 627.0 |
| Industries(2) | 8,481.1 | 8,424.1 | 8,355.4 | 8,367.5 | 8,229.8 | 8,173.8 | 8,582.2 | 8,588.6 | 8,565.4 | 8,578.6 |
| Total Non-agricultural Industrles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 129.6 | 127.6 | 128.7 | 129.2 | 121.4 | 120.5 | 136.5 | 136.2 | 138.4 | 138.8 |
| Prince Edward Island | 29.7 | 28.8 | 29.0 | 29.6 | 28.0 | 27.6 | 31.7 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.7 |
| Nova Scotia | 248.4 | 243.9 | 242.1 | 243.5 | 234.4 | 232.5 | 255.5 | 254.0 | 252.5 | 254.7 |
| New Brunswick | 187.0 | 183.0 | 182.5 | 183.2 | 176.7 | 175.4 | 196.9 | 193.3 | 195.1 | 195.3 |
| Quebec | 2.151 .2 | 2,135.3 | 2,123.3 | 2,128.0 | 2,085.7. | 2,067.6 | 2,170.7 | 2,176.6 | 2,178.2 | 2,179.6 |
| Ontario | 3.367. 1 | 3,346.3 | 3,325.7 | 3,333.9 | 3,334.5 | 3,305.0 | 3,398.4 | 3,404.1 | 3,393.5 | 3,403.0 |
| Manitoba | 349.8 | 351.2 | 345.1 | 345.8 | 339.7 | 338.9 | 355.0 | 358.9 | 354.2 | 354.2 |
| Saskatchewan | 262.1 | 259.2 | 254:7 | 253.6 | 247.8 | 248.0 | 265.8 | 264.3 | 260.2 | 258.8 |
| Alberta | 777.7 | 774.5 | 765.7 | 765.9 | 726.7 | 726.5 | 790.4 | 789.6 | 781.8 | 782.6 |
| British Columbia | 945.4 | 941.9 | 927.9 | 924.0 | 904.7. | 903.8 | 945.3 | 943.0 | 941.3 | 942.3 |
| Canada(3) | 8,481.1 | 8,424.1 | 8,355.4 | 8,367.5 | 8,229.8 | 8,173.8 | 8,582.2 | 8,588.6 | 8,565.4 | 8,578.6 |

f first. estimate based on a limited number of returns
$\rho$ preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

Estimates of Empioyees, April 1979 - Advance Information
Monthly summary data are released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in catalogue 72-008. Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, and is also available from G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division. Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.


Friday, June 29, 979

## CONTENTS



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## Financial Flows

Advance information on the first quarter of 1979, for selected sectors, is now available from the Financial Flows Section.

For further information, contact P. Odenbach (613-995-0851), Financial Flows Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-002 (\$1.75/\$7) Financial Flow Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1978
47-205 (\$1.05) Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1977
61-203 (70థ) Federal Government Enterprise Finance, 1977
65-003 (\$2.10/\$8.40) Exports by Countries, January-March 1979

## 1979 Niagara Sour Cherry Production Forecast

A recent survey conducted in the Niagara Region of southern Ontario indicates that sour cherry production in 1979 will be $49 \%$ above last year.

The survey involves taking fruit counts on selected limbs of trees and this year the count was taken during the June 18 to 22 period. Actual production could change from this forecast, depending upon weather conditions as well as other factors prevailing throughout the remainder of the growing season. Sour cherries are used mainly in the manufacturing of pie fillings, jams, jellies and flavour concentrates.

For further information, contact the Horticultural Unit (613-995-4877), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Unemployment Insurance Statistics

|  |  |  |  | \% Change From |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | Apr <br> 1979 | Mar. 1979 | Apr. 1978 | Mar. 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1978 \end{aligned}$ |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid (\$000) | 412,604 | 429,490 | 436,410 | -4 | -5 |
| Weeks of benefit (000) | 3,817 | 3,979 | 3,955 | -4 | -3 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$) | 108.09 | 107.95 | 110.33 | - | -2 |
| Claims received (000) | 189 | 193 | 217 | -2 | -13 |
| Beneficiaries (000) | 868p | 938p | 958 | -7 | -9 |
|  |  | To Date |  | \% Change From |  |
|  |  | 1979 | 1978 |  | onths <br> /1978 |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid (\$000) |  | 1,795,813 | 1,882,142 |  | -5 |
| Weeks of benefit (000) |  | 16,420 | 17,115 |  | -4 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$) |  | 109.36 | 109.97 |  | -1 |
| Claims received (000) |  | 887 | 935 |  | -5 |
| Beneficiaries(1) (000) |  | 932p | 999 |  | -7 |

## (1) Monthly average.

p Preliminary figures.
For further information, order the April 1979 issue of Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, Quarterly, \$1.05/\$4.20), or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

## Prellminary Report On Unempioyment Insurance

 Statistics, April 1979 - Advance InformationThe number of claimants qualifying for unemployment insurance benefits dropped to $868,000^{*}$ for the week ended April 21, a decrease of 7\% from March and 9\% less than in April 1979. Six percent of the beneficiaries reported some earnings from employment.

Unemployment insurance benefits amounted to $\$ 413$ million* in April, down 4\% from the previous month and 5\% from April 1978. Year-to-date benefits totalled $\$ 1,796$ million compared with $\$ 1,882$ million in the January-April period in 1978, a decline of $5 \%$. Sixty-two percent of the benefits in the first four months were paid to residents of Ontario and Quebec, $19 \%$ to the Western Provinces and 18\% to the Atlantic Provinces.

Claims submitted by applicants for benefits in April totalled 189,000, a drop of $2 \%$ from March and down 13\% from April 1978. For the year to date some 887,000 claims were received, $5 \%$ fewer than in the same period of 1978. Claims were lower in all provinces for the January-April 1979 period, except for increases of
about 7\% in Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick.

- The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to the benefit payments made during a month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month, the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardless of when they received payment.

Seed Potato Prices, New Brunswick, April 1979
The average prices paid to New Brunswick seed potato growers during the month of April were as follows: Elite 2 and $3, \$ 4.38$ per cwt.; Foundation, $\$ 3.98$ per cwt.; and Certified, $\$ 3.17$ per cwt.

For further information, contact K.C. Wardley (613-995-4877), Horticultural Crops Unit, Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Civil Justice In Canada

Companies are the biggest users of our civil courts and win a much higher percentage of their cases than individuals, according to a Statistics Canada research study, Civil Justice in Canada.

The report, prepared by Dr. Craig McKie and Dr. Paul Reed of the Justice Statistics Division, is the first of its kind in this country and believed to be the most wide-ranging to be carried out anywhere.

Highlights of the findings on civil court actions:

- Companies were awarded some or all of their monetary claims in 51\% of their cases compared to $29 \%$ for individuals.
- Contract and property disputes accounted for 73\% of all cases and most of these were about default on payment for goods sold and promissory notes. Contract and property cases dominated in all provinces and the territories, with a high of $86 \%$ in both the Yukon and Northwest Territories and a low of $59.8 \%$ in Quebec.
- Traffic injuries prompted the second highest number of cases in most provinces, averaging 9\% nationally and a high of $14.3 \%$ in Manitoba.
- Family disputes, excluding divorce, were highest in Quebec at $8.9 \%$ of that province's total cases.
- About half of all cases were settled or ended before going to trial.
- Where there was a trial judgment, the plaintiff - the person or company suing - won in three out of four cases.
- About $57 \%$ of ail cases took less than three months to complete, and about $83 \%$ were ended within a year. Cases in Quebec and Manitoba took longer than those in other provinces, with less than average time being taken in the Maritimes.
- Some $40 \%$ of all cases involved a company suing an individual person - the most common type of suit and individual vs. individual was next with $18 \%$ of the total.
- Plaintiffs were more likely to be represented by legal counsel ( $85 \%$ ) than were defendants ( $31 \%$ ).
- For defendants, having a lawyer made an appreciable difference - 9.5\% of such defendants won as compared with only $1.1 \%$ without representation.
- Lawyers were least present ( $6 \%$ ) in small claims court and most often engaged in serious cases such as those involving traffic injury.
- Fewer than half of contract and property actions involved less than $\$ 500$.
- About one case in 20 was appealed to a higher court, and most appeals were launched by individuals rather than companies.
- Awards varied widely in equivalent courts across the country. For example, in the provincial Supreme Court in St. John's, the median award was $\$ 713$ compared to $\$ 7,501$ in the Saskatchewan Supreme Court in Regina.
The report is based on an analysis of 13,815 civil cases filed in 1971. The sampling was carried out in 1974 and 1975 in 56 carefully selected courts in every province and territory except Ontario. Welfare, divorce and criminal code cases were excluded. The report is in two parts, one dealing with the findings, the other with the methods used in the survey. For more information, contact Dr. Paul Reed (613-995-0709), Justice Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, May 1979 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped $1,667,078,000$ square feet ( 154876000 m 2 ) of corrugated boxes and wrappers in May, an, increase of $3.1 \%$ from 1,617,310,000 square feet ( $150253000 \mathrm{m2}$ ) a year earlier.

January to May shipments totalled $8,138,215,000$ square feet ( 756065000 m 2 ) in 1979 compared to 7,403,385,000 square feet ( $687798000 \mathrm{m2}$ ) in 1978.
For further information, order the May issue of Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36004, $15 \$ / \$ 1.50$ ), or contact G.W. Barrett (613-9922371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.

## Oilseeds, May 1979 - Advance Information

Domestic crushings of vegetable oilseeds for May, with oil produced and meal produced (all figures in metric tonnes);

- Soybeans: 67106 ( 11 927; 51930 ).
- Rapeseed: 60796 (25 023; 33 585).

For further information, order the May issue of Grains and Oilseeds Review (22-007, 40¢/\$4), or contact Judy Huard (613-995-4877), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

The Dairy Review, April 1979 - Advance Information An estimated 076679 kilolitres of milk were sold off farms for all purposes in April 1979, 3.2\% less than in April 1978.

This brought the total estimate of milk sold off farıns during the four months of the year to 2034927 kilolitres of milk, an increase of $2.5 \%$ from the JanuaryApril period in 1978.

For further information, order the May 1979 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact C.M. Riach (613-995-4853), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Coal and Coke Statistics, April 1979 - Advance Information
Coal production in Canada increased 10.8\% in April to 2656790 metric tonnes from 2397399 tonnes a year earlier, Landed imports more than doubled to 1851785 tonnes from 851091 tonnes. .
Canadian coal production for the first four months of 1979 totalled 10773689 tonnes, up $6.6 \%$ from 10107836 tonnes in the January-April 1978 period.

For further information, order the April issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, 40¢/\$4), or contact Dave Madsen (613-992-4021), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Railway Carloadings
7-day perlod ending June 14, 1979


The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1978 figures have been revised - 1979 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended June 14, 1979 Published Only in the Daily
Freight loaded in Canada by rail totalled 4.6 million $t$ ( 5.1 million short tons) in the second week of June, a 16.1\% increase over the corresponding 1978 period. Tonnage originating in the East was up 43.6\% (a gain resulting primarily from traffic losses due to strikes in 1978). Western loadings in the latest seven days were 5.4\% below the year-earlier level.

Container-trailer (piggyback) shipments were down in both regions of the country (11.4\% in the East and $1.8 \%$ in the West) to register an over-all decline of $8.8 \%$.

In the January 1 to June 14, 1979 period, freight loaded by railways in Canada was up 11.4\% over 1978 and the number of cars loaded rose by $5.6 \%$. Contrainer-trailer (piggyback) traffic was down marginally from the 1978 period.

For further information, contact L.E. Robbins or M. Vallières (6.13-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Average Wages of Farm Help Per Hour (Without Board)

as at May 15, 1979

| Maritimes (P.E.I., N.S., N.B.) | 3.43 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Québec | 3.66 |  |
| Ontario | 3.76 |  |
| Manitoba | 4.36 |  |
| Saskatchewan | 4.36 |  |
| Alberta | 4.26 |  |
| British Columbia | 4.54 |  |
| Canada | 3.95 |  |
|  |  |  |

Farm Wages In Canada, May 15, 1979
The Farm Wages in Canada series provides estimates of average cash wages paid to hired farm labour by province as of a particular date. For further information, order Farm Wages in Canada (21-002, \$1.40 a year), or contact Michael Trant (613-995-4896), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.


[^0]:    Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, February 1979
    Seasonally-adjusted exports on a balance-ofpayments basis declined $8.1 \%$ in February to $\$ 4.72$ billion following a $5.6 \%$ increase in January. Imports were down $4.1 \%$ to $\$ 4.58$ billion after a marginal increase of $0.8 \%$ in January. This resulted in a surplus for Canada of $\$ 146$ million in February, down from the $\$ 352$ million surplus recorded in January. The pattern of a large surplus alternating with a smaller one has been repeated over the six months since September 1978.

[^1]:    p Preliminary figures
    For further information. Order the January 1979 issue of Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001. Quarterly. \$1.05/\$4.20), or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445). Labour Division. Statistics Canada. Ottawa K1A OV1.

[^2]:    *Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
    p Preliminary figures.
    $r$ Revised figures.
    NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

[^3]:    For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6. Complete data will be published in Paper and Plastic Bags Manufacturers, 1977 (36-207, 70¢).

[^4]:    For further information, contact Mr. T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-5326), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics

[^5]:    * Effective January 1, 1973. Denmark, Ireland and the United Kingdom became members of the European Economic Community.
    $x$ Confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act; included with "other" Europe.
    . . Not applicable.

[^6]:    *For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Section C, of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-010, $\$ 1.40 / \$ 5.60$ ).

    * $1974=100$.

[^7]:    * Producers' shipments excluding producers' interchange.

    For further information, order the February issue of. Primary Iron and Steel (41-001, 40¢/\$4), or contact Brian Finn (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

[^8]:    . . figures not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^9]:    . . not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^10]:    For further information, order the March issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002,55¢/\$5.50); or contact J.P: Délisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

[^11]:    *In the Statistics Canada report Private and Public Investment in Canada, the total value of construction work performed is given as $\$ 35,803.7$ million for 1977 . The difference in this report is due to rounding procedures.
    *" "Other building" and "Other engineering" contain structures which could not be published in their specific categories due to the secrecy provisions of the Statistics Act.

[^12]:    Note: The survey reflects management's opinion of expected production, current orders and inventory levels, and also current sources of production difficulties. Respondents were asked to allow for normal seasonal fluctuations. Individual replies were weighted by the value of the respondent's shipments as reported to the Census of Manufactures; these weighted replies were then summed and expressed as a percentage of all similarly weighted response to the particular question. Because of rounding and inclusion of reports indicating more than one source of difficulty, category totals may differ from $100 \%$.

[^13]:    . figures not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^14]:    For further information, contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-2371), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics

[^15]:    . . Figures not available

[^16]:    *Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
    p Preliminary figures.
    $r$ Revised figures.
    NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

[^17]:    For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$4 per year), or contact Mrs. G. John (613-995-5757), Prices Division, Statistics Canada Ottawa K1A 0V5.

    Union Wage Rate Indexes including selected pay supplements are now available for April 1979.

[^18]:    For further information, contact John Dornan (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics

[^19]:    * These indexes are preliminary.
    (1) Group weights are based on 1971 value of shipments (Census of Manufactures, 1971)
    (2) Included are the following maior groups: 7. Clothing Industries, 15. Transportation Equipment Industries, 18. Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 20. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

[^20]:    - Confidential: Included with sizes 1 and 2.

[^21]:    - For some elaboration of methodology, see Appendix (A) of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).
    * Seasonally"adjusted data are revised annually using updated seasonal adiustment factors. For moré införmatioñ;"rêfer tò Appendix II, Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).
    . For an explanation of the non-availability of data previous to October 1978, see Appendix II, Section B(2), Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).

[^22]:    $f$ First Estimate
    p Preliminary Estimate
    $r$ Revised Estimate

[^23]:    . . figųres not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^24]:    . .figures not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^25]:    . . not available. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised ligures.

