

Wednesday, April 1, 1981

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## Service Bulletln:-

51-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Aviation Statistics Centre, Vol. 13, No. 3, Canadian Air Transport Industry

Exports, Imports and Trade Balance: All Countries
Seasonally Adjusted
Balance of Payments Basis

(1) Note: Monthly trade figures, particularly exports and the trade balance, often fluctuate widely about the trend-cycle. The trend-cycle is a short term tendency derived from the 13-term Henderson moving average used in the $\mathrm{X}-11$ seasonal adjustment technique. Changes in the trend-cycle provide a more reliable guide to the direction and rate of change of trade data over the short term. Estimates of the trend-cycle for the two most recent periods often change considerably with the addition of further months of data. The accompanying charts and comments on changes in the trend-cycle therefore exclude the two most recent observations.

Merchandise Trade of Canada

|  | Customs Basis* Unadjusted |  | Balance of Payments Basis* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Unadjusted |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports (\$ millions) | Exports | Imports | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trade } \\ \text { Balance } \end{gathered}$ |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Quarter | 16,274 | 15,355 | 15,948 | 14,559 | 16,789 | 15,823 | 966 |
| Fourth Quarter | 18,019 | 16,736 | 18,181 | 16,588 | 17,849 | 16,255 | 1,594 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 18,663 | 17,050 | 18,524 | 16,891 | 18,680 | 17,012 | 1,668 |
| Second Quarter | 18,975 | 17,932 | 18,702 | 17,790 | 17,950 | 16,685 | 1,265 |
| Third Quarter | 17,801 | 15,621 | 17,882 | 15,455 | 18,796 | 16,689 | 2,107 |
| Fourth Quarter | 20,494 | 18,377 | 20,998 | 18,017 | 20,680 | 17,767 | 2,913 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 6,233 | 5,319 | 6,305 | 5,291 | 6.123 | 5,633 | 490 |
| October | 7.228 | 6,747 | 7,388 | 6,615 | 6,872 | 6,084 | 788 |
| November | 6,843 | 5,943 | 7,030 | 5,801 | 7,224 | 5,769 | 1.455 |
| December | 6.423 | 5,687 | 6,580 | 5,601 | 6,584 | 5,914 | 670 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,712 | 5,940 | 6,613 | 5,844 | 6,961 | 6,168 | 793 |
| February | 6,275 | 5,884 | 6,346 | 5,771 | 6,675 | 6,139 | 536 |

*In the above table, export and import totals are shown on both a "customs" and a "balance-of-payments" basis. The figures on a customs basis are the totals of detailed merchandise trade data tabulated from customs documents according to procedures and concepts explained in Summary of External Trade. The figures on a balance-of-payments basis reflect a number of adjustments applied to the customs totals to make them consistent with the concepts and definitions used in the system of national accounts. The adjustments include timing adjustments to exports of crude petroleum, natural gas and wheat and to receipts and payments for capital equipment deduction of transportation charges included in the customs returns and the reduction of import values calculated for customs duty purposes to values which reflect transaction prices. For more information about these adjustments, please refer to Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, \$6/\$24).

## Preilminary Statement of Canadian Trade, February 1981

From preliminary results, it is estimated that on a seasonally adjusted balance of payments basis, exports fell $4.1 \%$ or $\$ 286$ million to $\$ 6,675$ million following a 5.7\% increase in January. Imports decreased $0.5 \%$ or $\$ 29$ million to $\$ 6,139$ million following a 4.3\% increase in January. The merchandise trade surplus was therefore reduced by $\$ 257$ million from $\$ 793$ million in January to $\$ 536$ million in February.

Growth in the short term trend-cycle for exports started to slow down in October 1980 with increases of $3.2 \%, 2.7 \%, 1.6 \%$ and $0.9 \%$ in the last four months of 1980. Growth in the import trend-cycle began to slow in November 1980, one month later than exports, with increases of $2.6 \%, 2.1 \%$ and $1.5 \%$ in the last three months of 1980. As a result, the trend-cycle for the merchandise trade balance peaked in October at a surplus of $\$ 897$ million and dropped $\$ 11$ million in November and $\$ 31$ million to $\$ 855$ million in December.

## Commodity Anaiysis

## Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

On a domestic exports basis, the largest decreases in value for February were for cereals (down $\$ 120$ million to $\$ 490$ million following a $\$ 145$ million increase in January), petroleum and coal products (down $\$ 80$ million to $\$ 185$ million following a $\$ 75$ million increase in January), passenger cars (down $\$ 65$ million to $\$ 280$ million following a $\$ 100$ million decrease in January)
and aircraft and other transportation equipment (down $\$ 65$ million to $\$ 205$ million). The largest increases in value were for non-ferrous metals (up $\$ 85$ million to $\$ 470$ million following a $\$ 155$ million decrease in January), iron ores and concentrates (up $\$ 70$ million to $\$ 200$ million following a $\$ 90$ million increase in January) and crude petroleum (up $\$ 60$ million to $\$ 270$ million).

## Short Term Trend-Cycie

On a short term trend-cycle basis, end products exports (29.5\% share of domestic exports) peaked in November, having gained 17\% from a low in May 1980, and declined 0.5\% in December. Growth in fabricated materials exports ( $40 \%$ share) continued to lose momentum from an increase of $3.2 \%$ in September to a 1.3\% increase in December. Crude material exports (19\% share) reached a low point in September 1980 and increased $1.1 \%, 2.3 \%$ and $3.0 \%$ a month in October, November and December respectively. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco (11\%), having doubled since the previous low point in November 1977, levelled off in the last third of 1980.
The weakening trend for end products exports ( $29.5 \%$ share) was mainly the result of a similar weakening in the trend for motor vehicle products exports ( $15.3 \%$ share), which increased $38 \%$ from a May 1980 low to a Novem ber peak and decreased 2.2\% in December. Office machinery and equipment (1\% share) exports also peaked in November, after increasing 22\% from an April 1980 low point. Increases for most other major commodities in the end products (continued on page 5)

Table 1
Imports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basls

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | U.S.A. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.K. } \\ & \text { Ilions) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { excl. U.S.A. } \\ & \text { and U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | Other <br> E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Quarter | 16,143.7 | 13,315.9 | 11,610.3 | 520.4 | 4,013.0 | 903.4 | 555.2 |
| Fourth Quarter | 16,572.7 | 12,699.5 | 11,851.0 | 505.8 | 4,215.9 | 934.4 | 521.4 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 17,171.3 | 13,950.7 | 12,094.1 | 502.6 | 4,574.6 | 951.4 | 588.3 |
| Second Quarter | 16,824.0 | 13,471.0 | 11,936.0 | 485.2 | 4,402.8 | 909.6 | 661.1 |
| Third Quarter | 16,856.2 | 13,512.0 | 11,669.1 | 484.4 | 4,702.7 | 838.8 | 727.4 |
| Fourth Quarter | 18,128.0 | 14,572.6 | 12,715.0 | 498.4 | 4,914.6 | 862.1 | 815.4 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 5,660.8 | 4,618.3 | 3,800.7 | 143.2 | 1,717.0 | 264.7 | 220.2 |
| October | 6,216.1 | 5,062.7 | 4,243.3 | 170.0 | 1,802.9 | 299.0 | 296.7 |
| November. | 5,911.3 | 4,693.4 | 4,208.4 | 170.3 | 1,532.6 | 277.2 | 219.7 |
| December | 6,000.5 | 4,816.5 | 4,263.3 | 158.2 | 1,579.1 | 285.9 | 299.0 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,260.4 | 5,004.5 | 4,350.1 | 178.5 | 1,731.8 | 279.6 | 302.6 |
| February | 6,248.0 | 5,112.3 | 4,521.1 | 162.4 | 1,564.5 | 307.2 | 317.9 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February/January | -0.1 | 2.1 | 3.9 | -8.9 | -9.6 | 9.8 | 5.0 |
| Current 3 months/ Previous 3 months | 4.0 | 3.8 | 7.1 | 3.2 | -3.5 | 3.7 | 24.8 |
| Feb. $81 /$ Feb. 80 | 12.9 | 12.4 | 19.8 | -14.8 | -0.4 | -8.7 | 94.5 |

Table 2
Imports by Principal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 3
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

section were also generally lower in December 1980 than in immediately preceding months. Industrial machinery exports (3\%) increased $4 \%$ a month in October and November 1980 and 3\% in December. Aircraft and other transportation equipment (3.4\%) increased $4.9 \%$ a month in October and November 1980 and 4\% in December. Other equipment and tools (1.7\%) increased $4 \%$ in November and $2.7 \%$ in December, and telecommunication equipment was up 4.2\% in November and 3.9\% in December. Agricultural machinery ( $0.9 \%$ ) was one exception to this pattern having fallen 33\% from a peak in February 1980 to a November low and increased $2 \%$ in December.

In the fabricated materials section ( $40 \%$ share), many of the major. commodity groups followed the pattern of the section and continued to lose momentum with smaller increases each month in recent months up to December 1980. These commodity groups included lumber ( $5.1 \%$ ), petroleum and coal products ( $3.5 \%$ ), iron and steel ( $3.1 \%$ ), electricity ( $1.1 \%$ ) and hardware ( $0.7 \%$ ). Non-ferrous metals
(7.7\%) peaked in October 1980 and decreased $0.7 \%$ in November and $2.8 \%$ in December. Chemicals including fertilizer (5.7\%) declined slightly on a month-tomonth basis in the third quarter of 1980 and increased $1.8 \%$ in November and $3.3 \%$ in December. Newsprint ( $5.1 \%$ ) continued to recover from a July 1980 low point with increases of $5 \%$ in November and $4.8 \%$ in December. Woodpulp (4.9\%) has declined $4.3 \%$ from a June 1980 peak to November and increased 0.2\% in December. Other paper (1.1\%) has declined 13\% from a May 1980 peak up to December.

In the crude materials section (19\% share), natural gas ( $5.4 \%$ ), crude petroleum ( $3.3 \%$ ) and metal ores (4.9\%) continued to recover from low points reached in August, October and September 1980 respectively. Coal (1.3\%) reached a low point in November 1980 and asbestos ( $0.8 \%$ ) peaked in September 1980 dropping $7 \%$ in November and 8\% in December. Oilseeds (1\%) which dropped $43 \%$ between September 1979 and (continued)

Table 3 (Continued)
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Date |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Feb.-Feb. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { (\$ millior } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { 1s) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| Live Animals | 48.7 | 26.5 | 20.4 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 4.9 | 139.4 | 78.9 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 689.3 | 376.9 | 642.5 | 344.9 | 586.8 | 317.8 | 7.2 | 9.4 |
| Meat and fish | 92.3 | 49.0 | 89.5 | 53.1 | 99.9 | 56.3 | 3.1 | -10.4 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 242.6 | 123.3 | 199.6 | 99.2 | 208.9 | 110.2 | 21.5 | -4.4 |
| Raw sugar | 43.9 | 34.7 | 41.9 | 20.1 | 34.6 | 12.9 | 4.6 | 21.3 |
| Crude Materiats, Inedlble | 1,974.0 | 1,111.4 | 1,875.5 | 893.0 | 1,031.0 | 563.1 | 5.2 | 81.9 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 376.8 | 193.9 | 331.7 | 195.0 | 133.1 | 92.9 | 13.6 | 149.2 |
| Coal | 20.3 | 15.9 | 47.8 | 46.7 | 47.9 | 47.0 | -57.5 | -0.2 |
| Crude petroleum | 1,265.4 | 745.1 | 1,210.9 | 499.8 | 579.3 | 267.0 | 4.5 | 109.0 |
| Fabricated Materiais, Inedibie | 2,025.2 | 986.1 | 2,126.1 | 1,141.9 | 1,622.8 | 880.7 | -4.7 | 31.0 |
| Wood and paper | 174.3 | 87.0 | 155.0 | 76.7 | 141.7 | 75.3 | 12.4 | 9.3 |
| Textiles | 216.2 | 111.6 | 218.3 | 109.9 | 221.7 | 120.1 | -0.9 | -1.5 |
| Chemicals | 573.9 | 293.0 | 568.6 | 288.7 | 479.4 | 243.9 | 0.9 | 18.5 |
| Iron and steel | 216.2 | 112.0 | 260.4 | 134.1 | 189.5 | 103.6 | -16.9 | 37.4 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 27.4 | 12.2 | 22.7 | 11.3 | 19.5 | 9.6 | 20.6 | 16.3 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 58.6 | 29.2 | 94.9 | 57.9 | 67.9 | 37.9 | -38.2 | 39.7 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 317.0 | 116.8 | 357.2 | 220.5 | 189.5 | 123.4 | -11.2 | 88.4 |
| End Products, inedible | 6,877.5 | 3,372.8 | 6,210.9 | 3,050.6 | 5,990.2 | 3,006.5 | 10.7 | 3.6 |
| General purpose machinery | 402.1 | 201.6 | 404.6 | 204.9 | 325.3 | 166.4 | -0.6 | 24.3 |
| Special industry machinery | 748.1 | 401.6 | 646.7 | 314.4 | 495.2 | 269.6 | 15.6 | 30.5 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 118.3 | 76.2 | 64.7 | 32.7 | 46.4 | 27.6 | 82.9 | 39.4 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 348.7 | 160.3 | 375.0 | 172.4 | 274.5 | 139.3 | -7.0 | 36.6 |
| Transportation equipment | 2,858.9 | 1,340.7 | 2,527.7 | 1,203.5 | 2,951.2 | 1,383.8 | 13.1 | -14.3 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 722.6 | 285.0 | 640.7 | 252.0 | 599.6 | 273.7 | 12.7 | 6.8 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 193.1 | 80.3 | 164.9 | 85.4 | 271.1 | 121.3 | 17.1 | -39.1 |
| Other motor vehicles | 89.1 | 48.1 | 64.3 | 29.0 | 71.2 | 34.4 | 38.6 | -9.7 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 174.6 | 81.5 | 182.4 | 92.6 | 202.7 | 95.6 | -4.3 | -9.9 |
| Motor vehicle engines parts | 75.9 | 36.4 | 49.4 | 26.0 | 94.7 | 47.4 | 53.8 | -47.8 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 1,029.2 | 508.7 | 999.9 | 508.3 | 1,368.1 | 660.4 | 2.9 | -26.9 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 206.6 | 110.6 | 79.2 | 44.3 | 80.5 | 11.5 | 161.0 | -1.6 |
| Other equipment and tools | 1,417.7 | 709.8 | 1,224.8 | 619.1 | 1,087.8 | 585.8 | 15.7 | 12.5 |
| Electronic computers | 307.5 | 153.5 | 214.9 | 109.5 | 179.3 | 92.0 | 43.0 | 19.8 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 208.9 | 66.1 | 111.5 | 57.7 | 69.1 | 36.3 | 87.4 | 61.2 |
| Total | 11,823.7 | 5,939.8 | 10,986.9 | 5,499.3 | 9,311.4 | 4,809.4 | 7.6 | 17.9 |

June 1980, increased 33\% up to December, though at a diminishing pace.

In the food, feed, beverages and tobacco section ( $11 \%$ share), cereals ( $6.3 \%$ ), having more than doubled from a low of $\$ 210$ million in January 1979 to $\$ 440$ million in July 1980, have declined 5\% up to December, although at a diminishing rate. Fish exports (1.9\%) continued a strong recovery from a May 1980 low point with increases averaging 6\% a month up to December.

## Commodity Analysis

Imports (Seasonaily Adjusted), Customs Basis
The largest decreases in value for February 1981 were for crude petroleum (down $\$ 120$ million to $\$ 570$ million following a $\$ 175$ million increase in January) and aircraft and other transportation equipment (down $\$ 80$ million to $\$ 270$ million following a $\$ 140$ million increase in January). Precious metals increased $\$ 80$ million to $\$ 120$ million and metal ores were up $\$ 60$ million to $\$ 250$ million.

## Short Term Trend-Cycle

The end product imports short term trend-cycle (58\% share) continued to grow but at a slightly slower pace with increases of $2.2 \%, 2.1 \%$ and $1.7 \%$ a month in the three months up to December 1980. Fabricated materials imports ( $17 \%$ share) continued to grow with average increases of $2.7 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter of 1980. Crude material imports ( $16 \%$ ), having grown 15\% from a low in June 1980 to November, decreased $1 \%$ in December. Growth in food, feed, beverages and tobacco imports (7\%) slowed from an increase of 3.3\% in September to a $0.4 \%$ increase in December.

In the end products section ( $58 \%$ share), motor vehicle products ( $20 \%$ share) continued to increase but at a somewhat reduced rate with increases of $3.5 \%$, $3.2 \%$ and $2.3 \%$ in the last three months of 1980. (continued on page 8)

Table 4
Total Exports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | Total excluding cars and wheat | U.S.A. (\$ millions) | U.K. | excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third Quarter | 16,722.3 | 13,976.0 | 13,457.8 | 11,345.8 | 760.3 | 4,616.1 | 1,250.9 | 1,087.2 |
| Fourth Quarter | 17,830.4 | 15,130.1 | 14,494.6 | 11,760.1 | 773.6 | 5,296.7 | 1,259.5 | 1,141.6 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 18,820.1 | 16,300.7 | 15,530.5 | 12,519.8 | 840.8 | 5,459.5 | 1,607.7 | 1,001.0 |
| Second Quarter | 18,224.9 | 15,966.9 | 14,887.8 | 11,037.1 | 755.5 | 6,432.3 | 1,629.8 | 1,115.8 |
| Third Quarter | 18,715.1 | 16,017.6 | 14,840.0 | 11,583.5 | 743.1 | 6,388.5 | 1,590.0 | 1,195.7 |
| Fourth Quarter | 20,177.5 | 16,835.0 | 16,067.3 | 12,921.5 | 900.1 | 6,355.9 | 1,488.9 | 1,074.6 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 6,051.3 | 5,241.8 | 4.871 .2 | 3,970.9 | 250.5 | 1,829.8 | 436.4 | 359.8 |
| October | 6,712.6 | 5,604.9 | 5,351.6 | 4,131.6 | 249.9 | 2,331.1 | 557.2 | 376.0 |
| November | 7,037.1 | 5,784.0 | 5,564.3 | 4,557.8 | 361.5 | 2,117.9 | 453.2 | 387.0 |
| December | 6,427.7 | 5,446.2 | 5,151.5 | 4,232.2 | 288.7 | 1,906.9 | 478.5 | 311.7 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 7,059.6 | 6,179.8 | 5,814.6 | 4,503.7 | 258.7 | 2,297.1 | 566.9 | 371.6 |
| February | 6,602.9 | 5,8,16.0 | 5,499.1 | 4,466.1 | 281.7 | 1,855.0 | 418.5 | 437.1 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February/January | -6.4 | -5.8 | -5.4 | -0.8 | 8.8 | -19.2 | -26.1 | 17.6 |
| Current 3 months/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feb. 81/Feb. 80 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 5.4 | -4.5 | 2.6 | -23.2 | 21.7 |

Table 5
Total Exports by Principal TradIng Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Jan. 1981 | Dec. <br> 1980 <br> (\$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { ions) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. | Jan. | Dec. |
| United States | 4,342.1 | 4,326.3 | 4,318.5 | 4,194.3 |  | 4,075.2 |  | 326.6 | 3.5 | 6.1 | 12.8 |
| United Kingdom | 251.9 | 229.5 | 281.1 | 270.6 |  | 241.2 |  | 235.1 | -6.9 | -4.8 | 19.5 |
| Other E.E.C. | 407.7 | 549.5 | 510.3 | 510.0 |  | 452.2 |  | 468.6 | -20.0 | 21.5 | 8.9 |
| Japan | 387.1 | 388.3 | 268.4 | 342.1 |  | 297.4 |  | 332.1 | 13.1 | 30.5 | -19.1 |
| Other O.E.C.D. | 153.6 | 247.8 | 165.4 | 178.7 |  | 198.9 |  | 143.7 | -14.0 | 24.5 | 15.1 |
| Other America | 297.4 | 351.4 | 372.8 | 231.6 |  | 263.7 |  | 275.1 | 28.4 | 33.2 | 35.5 |
| Other Countries | 434.8 | 618.6 | 506.5 | 465.8 |  | 397.8 |  | 413.1 | -6.6 | 55.5 | 22.6 |
| All Countrles | 6,274.6 | 6,711.5 | 6,423.1 | 6,193.1 |  | 5,926.3 |  | 5,694.3 | 1.3 | 13.2 | 12.7 |
|  | Year-to-Date |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Feb.-Feb. Percent Changes |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| United States | 8,668.4 | 4,326.3 | 8,2 |  | 4,075.2 |  | 6,802.6 |  | 3,485.8 | 4.8 | 21.5 |
| United Kingdom | 481.4 | 229.5 |  |  | 241.2 |  | 321.7 |  | 192.8 | -5.9 | 59.1 |
| Other E.E.C. | 957.3 | 549.5 |  |  | 452.2 |  | 651.8 |  | 341.0 | -0.5 | 47.6 |
| Japan | 775.4 | 388.3 |  |  | 297.4 |  | 570.9 |  | 332.3 | 21.2 | 12.0 |
| Other O.E.C.D. | 401.4 | 247.8 |  |  | 198.9 |  | 272.6 |  | 160.7 | 6.2 | 38.4 |
| Other America | 648.8 | 351.4 |  |  | 263.7 |  | 404.5 |  | 193.3 | 31.0 | 22.4 |
| Other Countries | 1,053.5 | 618.6 |  |  | 397.8 |  | 634.2 |  | 355.1 | 21.9 | 36.1 |
| All Countrles | 12,986.1 | 6,711.5 | 12,1 |  | 5,926.3 |  | 9,658.3 |  | 5,060.9 | 7.1 | 25.4 |

Table 6
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Passenger car imports (6.4\% share) and trucks and other motor vehicles ( $2.3 \%$ ) gathered momentum while motor vehicle parts (11\%) increased at a diminishing rate. Aircraft and other transportation equipment (4.5\%) picked up with increases of $0.3 \%$, $2.0 \%$ and $2.7 \%$ in the fourth quarter. Three of the main machinery and equipment categories, including industrial machinery ( $9.7 \%$ share), office machinery (3.1\%) and other equipment and tools (5.8\%), have been losing momentum with smaller increases each month during the last three or four months of 1980. Telecommunication and equipment (3.3\%) continued steady increases averaging $1.5 \%$ a month in the last quarter of 1980 and agricultural machinery ( $2.9 \%$ ) picked up strongly from an August 1980 low with increases of $3.6 \%, 5.2 \%$ and $5.5 \%$ in the fourth quarter. Within the industrial machinery group (9.7\%), metal working machinery ( $1.7 \%$ ) which was increasing at an average rate of nearly $7 \%$ a month during the four months from July to October 1980, slowed to a $1.4 \%$
increase in December. Imports of engines, generators and motors ( $0.9 \%$ ) and excavating machinery ( $0.9 \%$ ) gathered momentum while drilling, mining, oil and gas machinery (1.2\%) continued to decrease but at a slower rate declining $2.5 \%, 2.0 \%$ and $1.6 \%$ in the fourth quarter. Imports of other end products ( $9.3 \%$ share), including apparel (1.2\%), footwear ( $0.5 \%$ ), printed matter (1.3\%), photographic goods (1.2\%), sporting equipment and toys ( $0.9 \%$ ) and other household goods (1.2\%) continued to grow but at a slower pace with an increase of $1.5 \%$ in December, down from a 2.2\% increase in September 1980. Apparel and particularly footwear imports picked up in the fourth quarter. Footwear increased $4.7 \%, 6.9 \%$ and $7.8 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter.

Movements in the fabricated materials section (17\% share) present a mixed picture. Iron and steel imports (1.8\%) have picked up after declining $35 \%$ between (continued)

Table 6 (Continued)
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Date |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | Feb.-Feb. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { (\$ mill } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { ons) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ |  | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| Live Animais | 30.1 | 15.0 | 36.3 | 16.6 | 34.4 | 20.1 | -16.9 | 5.3 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 1,254.0 | 701.9 | 968.1 | 502.7 | 721.1 | 420.8 | 29.5 | 34.2 |
| Meat and fish | 308.8 | 153.4 | 260.7 | 140.2 | 209.5 | 114.7 | 18.4 | 24.4 |
| Cereals and preparations | 675.7 | 412.4 | 485.8 | 249.0 | 294.5 | 184.5 | 39.0 | 64.9 |
| Wheat | 474.8 | 283.3 | 317.1 | 161.3 | 217.1 | 143.7 | 49.7 | 46.0 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 2,695.3 | 1,410.4 | 2,555.2 | 1,255.5 | 1,676.9 | 889.6 | 5.4 | 52.3 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 532.3 | 276.5 | 588.1 | 285.1 | 402.2 | 225.2 | -9.4 | 46.1 |
| Crude petroleum | 520.7 | 253.0 | 608.0 | 306.7 | 334.0 | 173.0 | -14.3 | 82.0 |
| Natural gas | 892.1 | 452.0 | 783.3 | 400.3 | 461.8 | 227.1 | 13.8 | 69.6 |
| Fabricated Materlais, Inedible | 5,142.9 | 2,626.2 | 4,878.8 | 2,373.2 | 3,567.5 | 1,878.0 | 5.4 | 36.7 |
| Wood and paper | 2,088.6 | 1,078.8 | 2,055.4 | 998.8 | 1,687.8 | 933.1 | 1.6 | 21.7 |
| Lumber, softwood | 494.6 | 247.4 | 606.6 | 277.7 | 537.8 | 316.7 | -18.4 | 12.8 |
| Woodpulp and similar pulp | 652.2 | 350.6 | 561.9 | 280.7 | 462.7 | 262.3 | 16.0 | 21.4 |
| Newsprint paper | 661.0 | 335.7 | 605.5 | 300.4 | 470.6 | 240.1 | 9.1 | 28.6 |
| Textiles | 43.3 | 21.3 | 36.3 | 19.9 | 27.6 | 14.3 | 19.2 | 31.6 |
| Chemicals | 742.4 | 394.6 | 564.3 | 270.8 | 432.9 | 223.2 | 31.5 | 30.3 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 245.4 | 125.3 | 192.5 | 104.2 | 128.8 | 69.6 | 27.4 | 49.5 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 556.5 | 334.7 | 395.7 | 192.6 | 345.1 | 175.4 | 40.6 | 14.6 |
| Iron and steel | 388.6 | 195.4 | 285.9 | 145.6 | 251.0 | 133.4 | 35.9 | 13.9 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 926.8 | 398.8 | 1,154.9 | 557.2 | 501.8 | 228.2 | -19.7 | 130.1 |
| Copper and alloys | 98.7 | 39.5 | 167.8 | 76.7 | 49.6 | 21.6 | -41.1 | 238.3 |
| Nickel and alloys | 120.0 | 58.1 | 195.2 | 108.3 | 68.0 | 20.1 | -38.5 | 187.0 |
| End Products, Inedibie | 3,441.7 | 1,764.7 | 3,397.1 | 1,644.3 | 3,437.9 | 1,726.3 | 1.3 | -1.1 |
| Industrial machinery | 381.4 | 207.4 | 360.3 | 173.5 | 273.5 | 146.6 | 5.8 | 31.7 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 127.2 | 60.2 | 178.7 | 90.6 | 98.8 | 45.3 | -28.8 | 80.9 |
| Transportation equipment | 2,038.5 | 1,016.2 | 2,010.5 | 970.2 | 2,510.3 | 1,244.0 | 1.3 | -19.9 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 575.4 | 293.0 | 671.4 | 299.4 | 805.3 | 402.9 | -14.2 | -16.6 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 404.2 | 189.6 | 369.2 | 188.3 | 550.7 | 260.8 | 9.4 | -32.9 |
| Other motor vehicles | 55.2 | 27.9 | 52.2 | 24.0 | 49.0 | 30.0 | 5.6 | 6.5 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 82.5 | 37.3 | 85.3 | 40.1 | 172.8 | 90.8 | -3.2 | -50.6 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 531.2 | 264.4 | 490.4 | 241.7 | 653.3 | 337.9 | 8.3 | -24.9 |
| Other equipment and tools | 337.7 | 164.1 | 312.9 | 150.5 | 260.1 | 136.0 | 7.8 | 20.3 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 107.3 | 38.8 | 24.2 | 12.5 | 29.0 | 18.4 | 342.7 | -16.3 |
| Totai | 12,671.3 | 6,557.0 | 11,859.7 | 5,804.8 | 9,466.7 | 4,953.2 | 6.8 | 25.2 |

September 1.979 and October 1980. Wood and paper imports (1.4\%) increased an average of $5.6 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter and petroleum and coal products (0.9\%) increased 14\% in November and 18\% in December 1980. Commodities which were increasing but at a slower pace include chemicals (5\%), textiles (1.8\%) and hardware (1.6\%). The sharp decline of 37\% in imports of non-ferrous metals (2.8\%) from a March 1980 peak has slowed to a decrease of $0.6 \%$ in December.
In the crude materials section (16\%), crude petroleum (10\%), after increasing 13\% from a July 1980 low, declined slightly in December. Metal ores (3.3\%) continued to increase at a substantial rate with an increase of 5.4\% in December but down from a 10.2\% increase in September.

In the food, feed, beverages and tobacco section (7\% share), meat and fish imports ( $0.5 \%$ ) peaked in October and declined slightly in November and 2.1\% in December. Other food, feed, beverages and tobacco (3.3\%) peaked in November and declined $1.5 \%$ in December. Fruit and vagetable imports (2.3\%) increased $3 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter, and coffee, cocoa and tea ( $0.9 \%$ ) picked up from an August 1980 low with average monthly increases of $4.1 \%$ in the fourth quarter.

## Trading Partner Analysis

## Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

Exports to the United States decreased by $0.8 \%$ or $\$ 40$ million to $\$ 4.47$ billion, following an increase of $6.4 \%$ in January. Exports to the United Kingdom increased 9\% to $\$ 280$ million after decreasing $10 \%$ in January, while exports to "Other EEC" countries were off by $26 \%$ or (continued)
$\$ 150$ million to $\$ 420$ million, following an $18 \%$ rise in January. Exports to Japan increased for the second consecutive month up 19\% in January and $18 \%$ or $\$ 65$ million to $\$ 440$ million in February. Exports to "Other OECD" countries decreased by $38 \%$ or $\$ 100$ million to $\$ 165$ million, following a $36 \%$ increase in January. Exports to "Other America" decreased 18\% or $\$ 75$ million to $\$ 335$ million.

## Short Term Trend-Cycle

Exports to the United States ( $65.0 \%$ share of exports) continued to recover from a low point in June, but at a slower pace with monthly gains of $4.2 \%, 3.8 \%, 2.9 \%$ and $2.1 \%$ in the four months up to December 1980. The short term trend-cycle for exports to the United Kingdom (4.3\%) also lost momentum in the four months up to December 1980, following a similar pattern to the United States. Exports to "Other EEC" countries (7.2\%) continued to decline from a high point in April but at a diminishing rate, with monthly decreases of $1.5 \%, 1.3 \%$ and $0.9 \%$ in the fourth quarter. The short term trend-cycle for exports to Japan (5.4\%) rose by $0.2 \%$ in December, after decreasing $2.4 \%$ in September, 2.9\% in October and $1.9 \%$ in November. Exports to "Other OECD" countries ( $3.0 \%$ ) increased $0.8 \%$ in December, following decreases of $2.9 \%, 1.6 \%$ and $0.7 \%$ in September, October and November. Exports to "Other America" (5.7\%) continued to increase, but at a slower rate, with a $4.3 \%$ increase in August 1980 diminishing to a 0.8\% increase in December.

## Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

Imports from the United States increased by 3.9\% or $\$ 170$ million to $\$ 4.52$ billion, following a $2 \%$ increase in January. Imports from the United Kingdom decreased by $9 \%$ to $\$ 160$ million after a $13 \%$ increase in January and imports from "Other EEC" countries rose by $10 \%$ to $\$ 310$ million following a $2.2 \%$ decline in the preceding month. Imports from Japan increased by 5\% to $\$ 320$ million, and imports from "Other OECD" countries were off by $7 \%$ to $\$ 150$ million after decreasing $18.6 \%$ in January. Imports from "Other America" increased by $6 \%$ to $\$ 390$ million, following a $7.2 \%$ decrease in January.

## Short Term Trend-Cycle

Imports from the United States ( $70.3 \%$ share), having declined $4 \%$ from a March 1980 peak up to July, continued to increase though at a slightly reduced rate, with monthly increases of $2.8 \%, 2.6 \%$ and $2.2 \%$ in the fourth quarter. The trend-cycle for imports from the United Kingdom (2.7\%) increased an average of $1 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter. Imports from "Other EEC" countries ( $4.7 \%$ ) declined 12\% from a January 1980 peak up to October and increased $0.3 \%$ in November and 1\% in December. Imports from Japan $(4.6 \%)$ gathered momentum with monthly increases of $3.0 \%, 4.1 \%$ and $4.8 \%$ in the fourth quarter and are now 68\% above a low point reached in July 1979. The trendcycle for imports from "Other OECD" countries (2.8\%) peaked in September and decreased $0.5 \%, 1.9 \%$ and $2.6 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter. The trend-cycle for imports from "Other America" (5.9\%) continued to increase from a July 1980 low point, but at a slower rate, increasing $4.6 \%, 3.0 \%$ and $2.0 \%$ a month in the fourth quarter.

For further information on area and commodity trade, order the February issue of Summary of External Trade (65-001, \$3/\$30).

Estimates of Labour Income, January 1981 - Advance Information
Labour income for the month of January was estimated at $\$ 13,951.7$ million, an increase of $\$ 1,598.7$ million or 12.9\% from January 1980.

Adjusted for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 143.0$ million between December and January to $\$ 13,262.1$ million.

The estimates will be published in the OctoberDecember issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72$005, \$ 5 / \$ 20$ ). For further information, contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8431), Labour Income Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6 (see tables on pages 11 and 12)

Canadian Travel Survey, Third Quarter 1980:Advance Information
The results from the Canadian Travel Survey for the third quarter of 1980 recorded a total of 39.9 million person-trips by Canadians travelling in Canada, a marginal increase over the same quarter one year earlier. This brought the total for the first three quarters of 1980 to 87.6 million person-trips, a decline of $3.3 \%$ over the same period in 1979.

For further information from the survey, which is conducted by Statistics Canada on behalf of the Canadian Government Office of Tourism and Transport Canada, contact the Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section (613-995-9689), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, February 1981 - Advance Information

Production of washing machines (electric automatic) during the month of February 1981 was 36,099 units.

Production of clothes dryers (electric automatic) for the same month was 29,784 units.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Prestori (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1980 \mathrm{r} \\ & \text { s) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping | 85.1 | 103.9 | 123.9 | 67.5 |
| Forestry | 121.5 | 130.6 | 140.3 | 110.8 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 414.7 | 401.5 | 400.7 | 340.3 |
| Manufacturing Industries | 2,879.2 | 2,863.3 | 2,856.8 | 2,636.9 |
| Construction Industry | 754.4 | 802.1 | 926.5 | 678.6 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 1,390.7 | 1,371.6 | 1,397.3 | 1,251.3 |
| Trade | 1,679.3 | 1,731.2 | 1,693.0 | 1,523.8 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 948.5 | 909.5 | 881.7 | 817.1 |
| Commercial and Personal Service | 1,224.0 | 1,211.6 | 1,208.6 | 1,076.7 |
| Education and Related Services | 1,335.4 | 1,324.3 | 1,336.9 | 1,169.2 |
| Health and Welfare Services | 858.2 | 850.2 | 840.5 | 731.4 |
| Federal Administration and Other Government |  |  |  |  |
| Offices | 482.5 | 464.3 | 441.4 | 408.5 |
| Provincial Administration | 399.7 | 409.5 | 410.4 | 323.5 |
| Local Administration | 308.7 | 315.4 | 300.1 | 269.4 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 12,881.9 | 12,889.0 | 12,958.0 | 11,405.0 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,069.8 | 1,070.4 | 1,076.2 | 948.0 |
| Labour Income | 13,951.7 | 13,959.3 | 14,034.2 | 12,353.0 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping | 140.6 | 144.1 | 146.5 | 110.4 |
| Forestry | 140.7 | 136.9 | 130.7 | 127.7 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 414.9 | 405.7 | 399.9 | ¢ 340.5 |
| Manufacturing Industries | 2,959.7 | 2,916.7 | 2,851.4 | 2,710.1 |
| Construction Industry | 915.3 | 898.2 | 900.0 | 823.2 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 1,415.7 | 1,410.7 | 1,402.7 | 1,274.2 |
| Trade | 1,708.5 | 1,680.1 | 1,667.5 | 1,550.7 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 954.6 | 922.6 | 893.0 | 822.1 |
| Commercial and Personal Service | 1,262.6 | 1,249.1 | 1,224.2 | $1,110.7$ |
| Education and Related Services | 1,272.7 | 1,289.2 | 1,287.0 | 1,112.1 |
| Health and Welfare Services | 862.0 | 872.9 | 857.9 | 734.3 |
| Federal Administration and Other Government |  |  |  |  |
| Offices | 490.2 | 471.8 | 447.2 | 415.4 |
| Provincial Administration | 411.0 | 409.3 | 415.2 | 332.6 |
| Local Administration | 313.6 | 311.8 | 299.0 | 273.5 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,262.1 | 13,119.1 | 12,922.1 | 11,737.4 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,101.3 | 1,089.6 | 1,073.3 | 975.6 |
| Labour Income | 14,363.4 | 14,208.7 | 13,995.4 | 12,713.0 |

$f$ First estimate
p Preliminary estimate
r Revised estimate

Wages and Salarles and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\underset{1981 f}{\text { Jan. }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1980p } \\ (\$ \text { millions }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 173.1 | 176.0 | 173.9 |
| Prince Edward Island | 33.4 | 34.2 | 35.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 328.7 | 330.8 | 327.6 |
| New Brunswick | 244.8 | 246.9 | 251.0 |
| Quebec | 3,115.2 | 3,118.7 | 3,142.4 |
| Ontario | 5,120.0 | 5,118.7 | 5,125.5 |
| Manitoba | 482.1 | 482.7 | 486.6 |
| Saskatchewan | 408.9 | 406.2 | 408.6 |
| Alberta | 1,310.5 | . 1,313.9 | 1,317.8 |
| British Columbia | 1,618.0 | 1,615.4 | 1,642.5 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 47.1 | 45.5 | 47.0 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 12,881.9 | 12,889.0 | 12,958.0 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,069.8 | 1,070.4 | 1,076.2 |
| Labour income | 13,951.7 | 13,959.3 | 14,034.2 |
|  |  | for Seasonal |  |
| Newfoundland | 183.3 | 183.5 | 174.1 |
| Prince Edward Island | 36.6 | 36.0 | 35.5 |
| Nova Scotia | 343.3 | 334.9 | 326.2 |
| New Brunswick | 256.0 | 254.8 | 250.3 |
| Quebec | 3,198.1 | 3,182.8 | 3,143.9 |
| Ontario | 5,246.5 | 5,182.7 | 5,095.0 |
| Manitoba | 498.2 | 492.5 | 487.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 429.9 | 413.9 | 406.7 |
| Alberta | 1,346.9 | 1,342.5 | 1,315.1 |
| British Columbia | 1,673.3 | 1,647.8 | 1,640.1 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 50.0 | 47.7 | 47.4 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,262.1 | 13,119.1 | 12,922.1 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,101.3 | 1,089.6 | 1,073.3 |
| Labour Income | 14,363.4 | 14,208.7 | 13,995.4 |

$f$ First estimate
p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate


Thursday, April 2, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 New Motor Vehicle Sales, February 1981


2 Apparent Per Capita Food Consumption In Canada, 1980

> Standard Occupatlonal Classificatlon, 1980
> The 1980 edition of the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) is now available. The SOC provides a systematic classification structure which enables users to easily identify and categorize theentire range of occupational activities in Canada. The basic principle of the classification is the "kind of work performed".
> Collectors of occupational data and analytical users of Census of Canada information will particularly welcome this manual. Universities, independent research organizations, labour unions, governments and various other users will find the SOC an invaluable tool in planning education and training programs, occupational research and analysis, planning and placement services and studying mobility and related activities dealing with occupational statistics.
> For further information, order the 1980 edition of the Standard Occupational Classification (12-565E, Canada: $\$ 25 ;$ other countries: $\$ 30)$ or contact Carl Kritsch (613-996-7825), Standards Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

12-565E (Canada: \$25; Other Countries: $\$ 30$ ) Standard Occupatlonal Classification, 1980

45-004 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Refined Petroleum Products, December 1980

## New Motor Vehicle Sales, February 1981 - Advance Information

New motor vehicles sold in February totalled 89,402 units, down 13.9\% from a year earlier. This included 49,413 passenger cars (down 19.8\%) and 18,900 commercial vehicles (down 25.6\%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 18,749 passenger cars (up $23.8 \%$ ) and 2,340 commercial vehicles (up 41.5\%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value decreased $3.3 \%$ to $\$ 856.5$ million. Canadian and U.S. passenger cars sold for $\$ 445.9$ million (down 6.2\%) and commercial vehicles for $\$ 236.6$ million (down 17.2\%). Sales of passenger cars from overseas increased $37.7 \%$ to $\$ 155.1$ million and those of commercial vehicles increased $56.6 \%$ to $\$ 18.9$ million. Included in totaF commercial vehicles sold were 247 ünts of coaches ând buśes valued at $\$ 8.0$ million.

Seasonally-adjusted February sales: of passenger cars manufactured in Canada and the U.S. decreased $6.0 \%$ from January to 55,639 units and those of passenger cars from overseas increased 11.3\% to 24,068 units. Siतfilarly-adjusted sales of all commercial vehicles were down $7.1 \%$ to 24,389 units.

For the first two months of 1981, total sales reached 171,216 units (192,553 in 1980), with an accumulated value of $\$ 1,628.6$ million. This represented a decrease of $1.6 \%$ in value over sales for January-February 1980.

For further information, order the February issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, \$2.50/\$25), or contact M. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Apparent Per Capita Food Consumption in Canada, 1980 - Advance Information
Apparent per capita consumption of red meat in 1980 was 164.53 pounds per capita compared to 160.82 pounds in 1979. The 1980 apparent per capita consumption estimates are: beef, 87.70 pounds ( 88.06 pounds in 1979); pork, 71.25 pounds (65.48); veal, 3.09 pounds (3.06); mutton and lamb, 1.75 pounds (2.33); offal, 0.74 pounds (1.87).

Apparent 1980 consumption of other food groups in pounds per person are as follows: cereals, 158.1 (148.3); sugars and syrups, 89.5 (92.6); pulses and nuts, 8.8 (11.5).

Also available are the nutrient compositions of all these food items.

For further information, order Apparent Per Capita Food Consumption in Canada, Part I, 1980 (32-229, $\$ 4.50$ ), or contact (for meat) Bernie Rosien (613-9954853) (all other items) Larry Murphy (613-995-4877), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Data from 1960 onward are also available on a computerized data bank. Information on system access may be obtained from the Cross Classified Section (613-995-7406), CANSIM Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Apparent Per Capita Food Consumption in Canada <br> 1979 and 1980

|  | 1979 | 1980 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | (pounds per person) |  |
| Pork (carcass weight) | 65.5 | 71.3 |
| Beef (carcass weight) | 88.1 | 87.7 |
| Cereals (retail weight) | 148.3 | 158.1 |
| Sugars and Syrups (retail weight) | 92.6 | 89.5 |
| Pulses and Nuts |  |  |
| (retail weight) | 11.5 | 8.8 |
| Tea (tea leaf equivalent) | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Coffee (green bean equivalent) | 9.9 | 10.0 |

For further information, order Apparent Per Capita Food Consumption in Canada, Part I, 1980 (32-229, $\$ 4.50$ ).


2 Travel Between Canada and Other Countrles, February 1981
2 Farm Wages In Canada, February 15, 1981
3 Railway Carloadings, February 1981

4 Urban Transit, February 1981
4. Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended March 21, 1981
4. Footwear, February 1981

5 Frozen Frults and Vegetables Processing Industry, 1979
6 Hosiery Mills, 1979
6 Furniture Re-upholstery and Repair Shops, 1979
6 Paper and Plastic Bag Manufacturers, 1979
7 Metal Rolling, Casting and Extruding, 1979
7 Manufacturers of Major Electrical Appliances, 1979
7 Clay Products Manufacturers (From Domestic Clays), 1979
8 Stone Products Manufacturers, 1979
8 Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1979
8 Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations, 1979
9 Jewellery and Silverware Industry, 1979
9 Broom, Brush and Mop Manufacturers, 1979
9 Logging Industry, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-002 (\$15 for series of 8) Fleld Crop Reporting Series, No. 2, March Intentions of
Principal Field Crop Area, Canada - Available April 3, 1981 at 3 p.m.
36-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Hardboard, February 1981, Preliminary Figures

36-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, February 1981

44-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Gypsum Products, February 1981

52-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Railway Carloadings, January 1981

56-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Telephone Statistics, January 1981

63-008 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Wholesale Trade, January 1981

## Service Bulletin:

87-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Culture Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 3, Recreational Equipment Ownership, 1971 to 1980

## Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, Februa-

 ry 1981 - Advance InformationThe dramatic growth of total United States resident entries into Canada continued in February 1981. A more detailed analysis shows that same-day entries by U.S. visitors travelling by automobile were primarily responsible for this large increase.
Preliminary statistics for February show that 2.3 million U.S. visitors entered Canada, up 28.6\% from February 1980. Visits from residents of countries other than the U.S. decreased by $8.4 \%$ to 53,100 , the first monthly decline since December 1977. (However, it should be noted that, because of last year's Olympics in Lake Placid, the number of visitors from these countries increased by $40.4 \%$ when many visitors to the Olympics chose Montreal as their base for the Games. This year's figure is nevertheless $28.5 \%$ higher than the 1979 total for February.) Canadian residents returning from visits to the U.S. numbered 2.0 million, down $4.7 \%$ from last year. Residents of Canada reentering from trips to countries other than the U.S. decreased by 17.8\% in February 1981 to 120,800.
On a year-to-date basis, 4.3 million U.S. residents entered Canada, 28.7\% above 1980 due to a $36.2 \%$ increase in same-day entries by automobile. Visitors from countries other than the U.S. increased by $2.3 \%$ in the first two months to 109,700. Canadian residents returning from the U.S. numbered 4.2 million, down $3.5 \%$ from last year while those returning from other countries numbered $294,600,10.9 \%$ less than the same period of 1980.

For the first two months of 1981, long-term travellers from the U.S. (including overnight or longer auto and bus traffic and all plane, train and boat entries) increased by $5.0 \%$ to 699,400 . Tourists from other countries (excluding those arriving by land via the U.S. and entering and leaving on the same day) numbered

99,600, up 2.7\% from last year. Residents of Canada returning from long-term visits to the U.S: decreased marginally to 1.3 million, while those re-entering from trips to countries other than the U.S. totalled 294,600, down 10.9\% from January-February 1980.

The accompanying table shows traveller entries and re-entries for February 1981 for total and long-term traffic and percentage changes from 1980. For further information, order the February issue of International Travel - Advance Information (66-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Paul Paradis (613-995-0847), International Travel Section; Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8. (see table on next page)

Farm Wages In Canada, February 15, 1981 - Advance Information
The Farm Wages in Canada series provides estimates of average cash wages paid to hired farm labour by province as of a particular date. For further information, order (21-002, \$2.50/\$10), or contact Michael Trant at (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Average Wages of Farm Help Per Hour (Without Board)

as at February 15, 1981


International Travellers Entering or Returning to Canada
February 1981

| Residence of travellers | Total |  |  |  | Long-term Travellers* |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February |  | January-February |  | February |  | January-February |  |
|  | Number 1981 | \% <br> Change from 1980 | Number. 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Number } \\ 1981 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ |
| Non-residents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 2,316,435 | 28.6 | 4,335,023 | 28.7 | 375,039 | 0.6 | 699.413 | 5.0 |
| Other countries | 53,091 | -8.4 | 109,706 | 2.3 | 48,041 | -7.2 | 99.552 | 2.7 |
| Europe, total | 29,413 | -17.0 | 60,304 | -3.7 | 27,070 | -14.6 | 55,193 | -2.7 |
| Belgium | 625 | -1.9 | 1,241 | 9.2 | 586 | -1.7 | 1,157 | 8.1 |
| France | 3,352 | -3.2 | 6,540 | 4.5 | 3,145 | -0.3 | 6,086 | 5.2 |
| Germany (W) | 4,377 | -18.9 | 8,901 | -7.0 | 3,937 | -19.0 | 7,993 | -6.8 |
| Italy | 2,136 | -2.7 | 4,711 | 22.7 | 1,892 | -4.3 | 4,181 | 21.0 |
| Netherlands | 1.554 | -7.4 | 3,298 | 0.9 | 1,451 | -2.4 | 3.047 | 3.1 |
| Sweden | 930 | -31.9 | 1,934 | -9.7 | . 830 | -25.2 | 1,767 | -2.2 |
| Switzerland | 1,158 | -30.1 | 2,334 | -22.0 | 1,115 | -24.0 | 2,234 | -18.2 |
| United Kingdom | 9,962 | -15.7 | 20,548 | -2.6 | 9,139 | -15.0 | 18,629 | -3.2 |
| Asia, total | 11,564 | 4.4 | 23,005 | 12.2 | 9,782 | 1.5 | 19,944 | 9.6 |
| Hong Kong | 1,519 | 18.7 | 3,523 | 36.2 | 1,484 | 22.5 | 3,459 | 40.2 |
| Israel | 671 | -9.6 | 1,368 | 4.5 | 572 | -17.6 | 1,169 | -2.3 |
| Japan | 4,944 | -8.5 | 8,946 | 1.3 | 3,801 | -13.6 | 7,034 | -4.7 |
| Bermuda \& Caribbean, total | 2,428 | -6.1 | 5,256 | -0.3 | 2,377 | -5.1 | 5,144 | -0.2 |
| South America, total | 3,835 | 12.7 | 8,172 | 21.0 | 3,476 | 16.2 | 7,445 | 22.2 |
| Africa, total | 1,196 | 0.7 | 2,952 | 16.8 | 1.153 | -0.3 | 2,835 | 15.2 |
| Central \& North |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| America, total | 1,935 | 26.0 | 4,037 | 24.4 | 1,714 | 26.2 | 3,575 | 23.5 |
| Mexico | 1,409 | 48.0 | 2,768 | 41.5 | 1,219 | 47.4 | 2,379 | 39.5 |
| Oceania and other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ocean islands, total | 2,720 | -1.3 | 5,980 | -4.7 | 2,469 | 3.3 | 5,416 | -0.6 |
| Australia | 1,995 | 0.6 | 4,573 | -1.9 | 1,819 | 0.9 | 4,147 | 0.9 |
| Resldents of Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All countrles | 2,158,797 | -5.5 | 4,505,127 | -4.0 | 713,771 | -7.5 | 1,605,453 | -2.2 |
| United States | 2,037,927 | -4.7 | 4,210,568 | -3.5 | 592,901 | -5.1 | 1,310,894 | - |
| Other countries | 120,870 | -17.8 | 294,559 | -10.9 | 120,870 | -17.8 | 294,559 | -10.9 |

"Figures for the "United States" include:total plane; auto and bus, one or more nights; and total train and boat flows. Figures for "Other countries" exclude entries by land same day via the U.S.

Rallway Carloadings, February 1981 - Advance Information
Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada totalled 19.8 million short tons ( 18.0 million $t$ ) in February 1981, a decrease of $2.0 \%$ from the previous year. The carriers received an additional 1.7 million short tons ( 1.5 million t) from the United States, a decline of $4.1 \%$ from February 1980.
Commodities registering notable changes in volumes loaded for the latest month were: wheat (down $15.5 \%$ ); iron ore and concentrates (down 11.5\%); coal (up 48.1\%); and alumina and bauxite (up 35.5\%).
The total loadings in Canada for the year-to-date showed a decrease of $0.2 \%$ from the 1980 period while receipts from U.S. connections declined by $4.0 \%$.

For further information, order the February issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, \$1.50/\$15). For seasonally adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact C.S. Canniff (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

## Passenger Bus Statistics (Interclty and Rural)

|  |  | 1980 |  | 1981 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year-to-date | February | Year-to-date | February |
| Carriers Reporting |  | 19 | 18(4) | 18 | 18 |
| Passenger Revenue Earned |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interclty \& Rural Services | \$ | 22,265,477r | 11,288,693r | 25,515,400 | 12,563,210 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | \$ | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | \$ | 6,821,332r | 3,782,120r | 7,255,516 | 3,903,699 |
| Fare Passengers Carried |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services(3) | No. | 4,743,495 | 2,360,891 | 4,991,164 | 2,492,238 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | No. | x | X | x | x |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | No. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Totai Distance Run |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services | km: | 29420 983r | 14678 823r | 30316465 | 14942100 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | km: | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | km: | 7937 986r | $4468299 r$ | 7193662 | 3907623 |
| Fuel Consumed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diesel Oil | L: | 13025834 r | 6652 494r | 13139645 | 6608960 |
| Gasoline | L: | 3225 487r | 1654 168r | 2750962 | 1337993 |

(1) The number of fare passengers carried for Other Services are not kept by all carriers.
(2) Urban and Suburban Services were grouped with Other Services to meet confidentiality requirements.
(3) Passengers purchasing a ticket which is good for passage on more than one route may be reported more than once. For this reason, the number of "Fare Passengers Carried" may exceed the number of individuals actually travalling by Intercity Bus.
(4) One carrier reported no services during the period because of a labour dispute.
$r$ Revised figures.
$x$ Confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), February 1981 - Published only in Statistics Canada Daily The accompanying table contains statistics on passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations.

The following observations apply to the data in this release:

- Data relating to other services such as charter or contract are specific to the surveyed passenger bus carriers and are not indicative of overall charter and contract operations.
- Total distance run in a revenue service includes distance run empty which was necessary to provide the revenue service.
- Conditions specifically enumerated in the footnotes at the end of the table would affect comparison of data.
For further information, contact the Head, Surface Transport Unit (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Urban Transit, February 1981 - Advance Information In February 1981, 59 urban transit systems collected 225,265,951 initial passenger fares. The total distance run was 114479277 km, and their operating revenues amounted to $\$ 92,242,001$.

For further information, contact the Head (613-9951976), Surface Transport Unit, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1, or order the February issue of Urban Transit (53-003, \$1.50/\$15).

Railway Carioadings, 7 Days Ended March 21, 1981 (Published Only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending March 21, 1981 totalled 4.3 million t ( 4.8 million short tons), a decrease of $0.3 \%$ from 1980. Loadings decreased in the East by $6.3 \%$ and increased in the West by 6.6\%.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by 8.2\% and decreased in the West by $3.3 \%$ with an overall national increase of 4.6\%.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 48.8 million $t$ ( 53.7 million short tons), showed no change from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $2.2 \%$.

For further information, contact C.S. Canniff (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.
(see table on next page)
Footwear Statistics, February 1981 - Advance Information
Total production of footwear of all kinds for the month of February 1981 was $3,722,157$ pairs.

For further information, order the February issue of Footwear Statistics (33-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## Railway Carloadings

7-day Period Ended March 21, 1981


The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.
Selected PrIncipal Statlstics for the Frozen Fruits and Vegetables Processing Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1032 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 35 | 36 | 2.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,427 | 3,603 | 5.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 7,366 | 7,833 | 6.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 31,403 | 35,148 | 11.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 8,322 | 10,483 | 26.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 152,397 | 177,260 | 16.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done |  | 241285 | 303,047 | - 25.6 |
| received for work done <br> Value added | $\$ 000$ $\$ 000$ | 241,285 88,906 | 303,047 <br> 124,636 | . 25.6 |
| Total Activity: |  | 88,906 | 124,636 | 40.2 |
| Total employees | No. | 3,936 | 4,207 | 6.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 39,688 | 45,409 | 14.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 92,200 | 127,945 | 38.8 |

[^0] Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Fruit and Vegetable Processing Industries, 1979 (32-218, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Hosiery Mills Indusiry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2310 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 63 | 63 | . - |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4,059 | 4,110 | 1.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 8,368 | 8,592 | 2.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 35,490 | 39,823 | 12.2 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,998 | 2,315 | 15.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 63,562 | 76,491 | 20.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 132,212 | 156,848 | . . 18.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 68,097 | 83,143 | 22.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 4,626 | 4,700 | 1.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 43,609 | 49,536 | 13.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 68,688 | 83,347 | 21.3 |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Knitting Mills, 1979 (34-215, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Furniture Re-Uphostery and Repair Shops Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2611 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 668 | 763 | 14.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,487 | 3,124 | 25.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 5,199 | 6,524 | 25.5 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 20,875 | 27,403 | 31.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | - | - | - |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000. | 31,680 | 49,773 | 28.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 28,959 | 36,170 | 24.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,487 | 3,124 | 25.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 20,875 | 27,403 | 31.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 28,959 | 36,170 | 24.9 |

For further information, contact P.E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Household Furniture Manufacturers, 1979 (35-211, \$4.50).

## Selected PrInclpal Statistlcs for the Paper and Plastic Bag Manufacturers Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2733 |  | 1978 | 1979 |  | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 101 | 106 |  | 5.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,067 | 5,000 |  | -1.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,680 | 10,429 |  | -2.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 63,917 | 67,462. |  | 5.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity. | \$000 | 4,950 | 5,749 |  | 16.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 289,259 | 319,908 |  | . 10.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 155,131 | 179,372 |  | 15.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,551 | 6,457 |  | $\therefore .1 .4$ |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 90,051 | 94,794 |  | 5.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 156,830 | 183,310 |  | 16.9 |

Selected Principal Statistics for the Metal: Rolling, Casting and ExtrudIng, N.E.S. Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2980 | \% | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 82 | 97 | 18.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: | \% |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4,286 | 5,114 | 19.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 8,809 | 10,475 | 18.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000. | 51,228 | 68,894 | 34.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 9,404 | 11,751 | 25.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 265,522 | 409.199 | 54.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 399,485 | 592,513 | 48.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 129,161 | 191,724 | 48.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | Nois: | 5,268 | 6,292 | 19.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 67,296 | 91,298 | 35.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 136,233 | 198,900 | 46.0 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published, in Metal Rolling, Casting and Extruding Industry, 1979 (41-215, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Major Electrical Appliances Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3320 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No.. | $\because .35$ | 52 | 48.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: | Nors. |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 8,245 | 8,906 | 8.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 16,914 | 18,358 | 8.5 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 105,234 | 123,124 | 17.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | ;8,495 | 8,843 | 4.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 368,942 | 430,958 | 16.8 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 697,537 | 813,216 | 16.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 320,100 | 373,415 | 16.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 12,806 | 13,884 | 8.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 14,163 | 15,219 | 7.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 346,331 | 403,089 | 16.4 |

For further information, contact Brian Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Major Appliances, 1979 (43-204, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Clay Products Manufacturers (from Domestic Clays) Industry 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3511 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 116 | 115 | -0.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,133 | 2,557 | 19.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 4,644 | 5,417 | 16.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 28,541 | 35,768 | 25.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 15,509 | 17,865 | 15.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 24,460 | 30,872 | 26.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 110,708 | 132,118 | 19.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 72,367 | 85,584 | 18.3 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,670 | 3,167 | 18.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 38,437 | 48,351 | 25.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 73,581 | 87,520 | 18.9 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Clay Products Manufacturers (from Domestic Clays), 1979 (44215, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Stone Products Manufacturers Industry <br> 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3530 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 134 | 136 | 1.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 918 | 1,036 | 12.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 1,908 | 2,145 | 12.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 10,353 | 12,968 | 25.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 836 | 965 | 15.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 14,545 | 16,960 | 16.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount recsivad for work done | \$000 | 37,821 | 45,593 | 20.5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 22,509 | 28,354 | 26.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,088 | 1,205 | 10.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 12,896 | 15,698 | 21.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 22,392 | 28,310 | 26.4 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Stone Products Manufacturers, 1979 (44-213, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, N.E.S. 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries, 1979 (44-210, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Toilet Preparations, 1979 (46-215, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Jewellery and Silverware Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3920 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 335 | 378 | 12.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,241 | 5,008 | -4.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,878 | 10,413 | -4.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 55,331 | 59,118 | 6.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,823 | 1,968 | 7.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 383,773 | 477,062 | 24.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 526,508 | 657,393 | 24.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 154,650 | 168,456 | 8.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,686 | 6,620 | -1.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 82,060 | 93,278 | 13.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 164,501 | 182,408 | 10.8 |

For further information, contact Brian Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Jewellery and Silverware Industry, 1979 (47-211, \$4.50).
Selected Principal Statistics for the Broom, Brush and Mop Manufacturers
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3991 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 28 | 27 | -3.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,522 | 1,485 | -2.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 3,068 | 3,072 | 0.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 13,581 | 14,525 | 6.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 645 | 718 | 11.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 33,213 | 35,922 | 8.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 67,630 | 74,120 | 9.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 33,772 | 37,479 | 11.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,028 | 2,009 | -0.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 21,657 | 23,308 | 7.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 39,099 | 42,488 | 8.7 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Logging Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 031 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 2,283 | 2,849 | 24.8 |
| Logging Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 45,944 | 48,317 | 5.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 91,554 | 96,268 | 5.1 |
| Logging wages | \$000 | 808,086 | 927,036 | 14.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 84,586 | 100,596 | 18.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 2,382,760 | 3,008,174 | 26.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,628,833 | 2,034,721 | 24.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 53,753 | 56,614 | 5.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 972,658 | 1,115,163 | 14.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,647,303 | 2,052,605 | 24.6 |

For further information, contact Colin F. Sturton (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Logging, 1979 (25-201, \$4.50).



Monday, April 6, 1981

## CONTENTS



3 The Canadian Composite Leading Indicator, January 1981
4 Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1980
4 Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, February 1981
5 Oils and Fats, February 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-002 (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) Financial Flow Accounts, Third Quarter 1980

26-224 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Non-metal Mines, 1978
26-225 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Quarries and Sand Pits, 1978
34-203 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Cordage and Twine Industry, 1979
43-009 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Electric Lamps (Light Sources), February 1981

44-202 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Abrasives Manufacturérs, 1979
72-205 (Canada: \$6; Other Countries: \$7.20) Federal Government Employment in Metropolltan Areas, September 1980

## Service Bulletin:

64-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 1, Annual Expenditures in Housing, 1979 to 1981

## The Canadian Composite Leading Index

1971=100


## A Note on the Role of Leading Indicators in the Statistical System

Policy-makers and decision-makers in both the government and private sectors are making increased and more sophisticated uses of quarterly national accounts and of other macro-economic frameworks in order to evaluate the current performance of the economy and to detect its underlying trends. However, by the time users have access to the elaborate frameworks which allow them to analyze the economy in a relatively disciplined fashion, events with consequences for the near and medium term future may have already taken place. The first quantitative manifestation of current economic developments often occurs in a group of indicators that lead cyclical movements in the economy and that can be assembled rapidly as events unfold. Consequently it is not surprising that "leading indicators" have long played a role in assessing current economic conditions. In the last decade the increased severity of recessions worldwide has disabused most analysts of the notion that the business cycle is dead and has rekindled interest in the leading indicator approach to economic analysis. Since the early 1970s the number of organizations, both in Canada and elsewhere, that have developed indicator systems to monitor economic developments is quite impressive. All of this activity has stimulated inquiries into the nature of the work being carried out and into possible directions of evolution of indicator systems.

These inquiries have led Statistics Canada to develop a set of theoretical guidelines that are useful in constructing, evaluating, or in guiding the evolution of leading indicator systems. Also, technical advances in data smoothing have been utilized so that the number of false signals emitted by the leading index has been minimized while preserving the maximum amount of lead time. A paper on these topics will shortly be published in a forthcoming issue of the new publication Current Economic Analysis (catalogue number 13004 E ). Within the limits of this note we can only be suggestive and indicate that a leading indicator system should be structured as much as possible like the framework (eg. the quarterly national accounts) thiat it is intended to complement, and it must contain a broad enough range of component indicators to enable the system to warn of cyclical changes that may be generated by any of a large variety of causal mechanisms. Although the current version of Statistics Canada's leading indicator system does not incorporate all the implications of the theoretical guidelines, along with the guidelines, it constitutes a useful addition to the indicator systems in Canada, and will become increasingly more so as the system evolves in accordance with the theoretical principles underlying its development.

The Canadlan Composite Leading Indicator, January 1981 - Advance Information

| Leading Indicators | Percentage <br> Change in <br> January |
| :--- | ---: |
| Composite Leading Index (1971=100) <br> 1. Average Workweek - Manufacturing <br> (Hours) | +0.81 |
| 2. Residential Construction Index |  |
| (1971=100) | +0.31 |
| 3. United States Composite Leading |  |
| Index (1967=100) | +3.26 |
| 4. Money Supply (M1) <br> (\$1971 Millions) | +1.18 |
| 5. New Orders - Durable Products <br> Industries (\$1971 Millions) | -0.11 |
| 6. Retail Trade - Furniture and <br> Appliances (\$1971 Millions) | -0.40 |
| 7. New Motor Vehicle Sales <br> (\$1971 Millions) | +3.25 |
| 8. Shipment to Inventory Ratio <br> (Finished Goods) - Manufacturing <br> 9. Stock Price Index (TSE300 <br> Excluding Oil and Gas 1975=1000) | +0.01 |
| 10. Percentage Change in Price Per Unit <br> Labour Costs | $+0.02^{*}$ |
| *et Change |  |

The notion suggested last month that the expansion is still tentative should be underscored, as the nonfiltered index of leading indicators fell for the second consecutive time in January. However, the drops were not large enough to reverse the upward trend of the filtered* index and therefore the balance of evidence, although somewhat shifted toward depicting a weakening economy, remains insufficient to suggest a return to recession is imminent.

Leading indicators of consumer demand posted a mixed performance in January. Consumer purchases of furniture and appliances continued at a vigorous rate, growing $3.25 \%$ in the month. A weaker signal was given by the sales of new motor vehicles, which decelerated for the second consecutive month with a marginal gain of $0.01 \%$. This weakening of the motor vèhicle sales series resulted from dectines of 3.40\% and $0.45 \%$ in the non-filtered data in December and January.

The residential construction index, another important indicator of expenditure, was boosted in January by gains in housing starts, mortgage loan approvals and building permits. The relative strength in this sector, even in the face of high mortgage rates, appears to be partly due to the low stocks of new homes for sale.

The U.S. leading index decelerated for the second consecutive month in January, suggesting that an important source of demand for exports is slackening. The deceleration in the U.S. leading index reflects declines of $0.15 \%$ and $0.58 \%$ in the non-filtered version of this series in December and January. (The U.S. leading index, as published by the Department of Commerce, also fell in February).
(continued)

The apparent retrenchment in some of the leading indicators of final demand appears also to have been reflected within the manufacturing sector which weakened considerably relative to December. This was particularly evident in a $0.40 \%$ decline in the real value of new orders for durable goods. The drop resulted from declines of $0.58 \%$ and $3.71 \%$ in the nonfiltered series in December and January. The nonfiltered ratio of shipments to finished goods inventories also declined, for the first time after four consecutive increases, from 1.53 to 1.48. The reversal came about as a result of a fall in shipments and an increase in stocks of finished goods. However, the drop was not large enough to reverse the established trend as the filtered version rose slightly from 1.45 to 1.47.

The rate of increase of prices relative to unit labour costs continued its downward slide, dropping for the ninth consecutive month. The non-filtered series turned negative for the first time in more than three years. The drop resulted from increased costs that were not offset by gains in output or by sufficiently large price hikes. The average workweek in manufacturing, however, countered the weakness exhibited by other indicators in manufacturing, rising $0.31 \%$ in January

Participants in the Toronto Stock market were apparently cautious in their outlook as the non-filtered stock index dropped for the second consecutive month. This resulted in a marked deceleration of the filtered series from a growth rate of $3.62 \%$ to $1.89 \%$. The real money supply (M1) fell $0.11 \%$ in January.

For further information, order Current Economic Analysis (13-004E, Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact D. Rhoades (613-992-4441), Curent Economic Analysis Staff, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

* The purpose of filtering is to reduce irregular movements in the data so that one can better judge whether the current movement represents a change in the business cycle. Unfortunately, all such filtering entails a loss of timeliness in warning of cyclical changes.

We have attempted to minimize this loss in timeliness by filtering the leading index and its components with minimum phase shift filters so as to minimize false signals and maximize lead time. See D. Rhoades, "Converting Timeliness into Reliability in Economic Time Series" or "Minimum Phase-shift Filtering of Economic Time Series", Canadian Statistical Review. February 1980.

Over the period January 1952 to October 1980, the unfiltered index exhibited a seven month average lead at business cycle peaks, a three month lead at troughs, and emitted 65 false signals. The filtered index emitted only seven false signals over this period and had a five month average lead at peaks and a one month lead at troughs.
All references to leading indicators are to filtered data unless otherwise stated.

Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1980 - Advance Information
After tax profits of Canadian Industrial Corporations, seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 5,071$ million for the fourth quarter of 1980 , an increase of $\$ 14$ million or $.28 \%$ over the seasonally adjusted profits for the prior quarter. Profits, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 5,460$ million, a decrease of $\$ 316$ million or $5.47 \%$ over a year ago. Included in these are extraordinary gains of $\$ 330$ million in the fourth quarter of $1980, \$ 343$ million in the fourth quarter of 1979 , and $\$ 105$ million in the third quarter of 1980

Pre-tax profits were $\$ 8,073$ million; on a seasonally adjusted basis, this represents an increase of $\$ 18$ million or $0.22 \%$ over seasonally adjusted pre-tax profits for the prior quarter. Pre-tax profits, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 8,549$ million, a decrease of $\$ 126$ million or $1.45 \%$ over a year ago.
Fourth quarter 1980 sales, seasonally adjusted, increased by $\$ 5.0$ billion, or $4.5 \%$ to $\$ 116.1$ billion from the prior quarter. Sales, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 119.3$ billion, an increase of $\$ 11.2$ billion or $10.4 \%$ over a year ago.

Data users should note that these figures represent the latest data for the fourth quarter of 1980 and supercede preliminary estimates for the same period released on February 27, 1981. The data are also available on CANSIM. For further information, order the fourth quarter 1980 issue of Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics (61-003, \$10/\$40), or contact G. Campbell or R. St. Germain (613-995-9751), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)
Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, February 1981 - Advance Information
In February 1981, Canadian manufacturers produced $7,600,048$ phonograph records as compared to $5,357,459$ in the same period of the previous year. Production of pre-recorded tapes for the same periods as above was $1,411,197$ and $1,272,120$ respectively.
For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada (47-004, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Industrial Corporations, FInancial Statistics
Fourth Quarter 1980

|  | Sales |  | Net income before taxes |  | Net income after taxes. and extraordinary items |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Not seasonally adjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Not seasonally adjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Not seasonally adjusted | Seasonally adjusted |
|  | millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries** |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4th quarter 1980 | 119,288 | 116,074 | 8,549 | 8,073 | 5,460 | 5,071 |
| 3rd quarter 1980 | - - | 111,117 | - | 8,055 | - | 5,057 |
| 4th quarter 1979 | 108,064 | - | 8,675 | - | 5.776 | - |
| Mining industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4th quarter 1980 | 6,357 | 6,066 | 1,726 | 1,608 | 955 | 828 |
| 3rd quarter 1980 | - | 5,867 | - | 1,704 | - | 1.056 |
| 4th quarter 1979 | 5,818 | - | 2,086 | - | 1,533 | - |
| Manufacturing industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4th quarter 1980 | 51,262 | 49,852 | 4,167 | 3,941 | 2,828 | 2,657 |
| 3rd quarter 1980 | - | 47,364 | - | 3,841 | - | 2,410 |
| 4th quarter 1979 | 46,122 | - | 4,042 | - | 2,597 | - |
| Other industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4th quarter 1980 | 61,669 | 60,156 | 2,656 | 2,524 | 1.677 | 1.586 |
| 3rd quarter 1980 | - | 57,886 | - | 2,510 | - | 1,591 |
| 4th quarter 1979 | 56,124 | - | 2,547 | - | 1,646 | - |

* Seasonally adjusted at quarterly rates.

Oils and Fats, February 1981 - Advance Information Production of all types of deodorized oils in February was 41826 metric tonnes.

Manufacturers' packaged sales of margarine and shortening in the same month were 10029 and 6868 metric tonnes respectively.

For further information, order the February issue of Oils and Fats (32-006, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Tuesday, April 7, 1981


## CONTENTS

2 Employment, Earnings and Hours, January 1981
3 Department Store Sales by Regions, February 1981
3 Cement, February 1981
4 Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 4, 1981


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, January 1981

63-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Department Store Sales by Regions, February 1981

72-005 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 20$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$ ) Estimates of Labour Income, October-December 1980

## Employment, Earnings and Hours, Advance Data

January 1981

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Employment Index Numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1980p | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. <br> 1979 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 f \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 1980 p \end{array}$ | Nov. 1980p | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $1961=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 68.0 | 71.3 | 78.6 | 86.7 | 69.3 | 76.1 | 81.1 | 77.0 | 76.1 | 77.7 |
| Mining, including milling | 144.2 | 143.6 | 145.0 | 145.6 | 133.7 | 133.0 | 145.8 | 146.8 | 145.9 | 146.0 |
| Manufacturing | 125.8 | 126.9 | 128.0 | 129.5 | 127.8 | 129.4 | 128.9 | 129.7 | 128.1 | 128.5 |
| Durable Goods | 137.8 | 140.1 | 139.8 | 141.1 | 142.0 | 144.9 | 140.1 | 141.7 | 138.8 | 139.9 |
| Non-durable Goods | 116.1 | 116.2 | 118.5 | 120.1 | 116.4 | 116.9 | 119.8 | 119.8 | 119.3 | 119.1 |
| Construction | 83.7 | 87.0 | 98.0 | 104.5 | 81.6 | $87.6 \because$ | 98.0 | - 95.1 | . 95.0 | 94.2 |
| Transportation, Communication | 1373 | 1377 | 1395 | 141.1 | 133.6 | 133.4 | 1415 | 140.4 | 140.1 | 139.7 |
| Trade | 183.5 | 187.7 | 188.2 | 185.6 | 181.2 | 186.7 | 184.0 | 181.9 | 182.5 | 183.0 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 210.1 | 210.2 | 209.5 | 209.3 | 205.1 | 206.9 | $211 .{ }^{*}$ | 211.2 | 209.6 | 209.4 |
| Service | 278.7 | 278.6 | 283.5 | 288.7 | 271.8 | 269.5 | 288.8 | 287.8 | 286.1 | 286.2 |
| Industrial Composite. | 149.7 | 151.2 | 153.3 | 154.8 | 148.3 | 150.2 | 153.9 | 153.4 | 152.5 | 152.6 |
| Ińdustrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 129.9 | 132.5 | 136.8 | 141.0 | 129.5 | 132.6 | 138.6 | 137.0 | 136.1 | 137.0 |
| Newfoundland | 120.9 | 122.3 | 128.5 | 137.7 | 115.6 | 123.9 \% | 132.4 : | '127:8 | 128.1 | 132.5 |
| Prince Edward Island | 147.1 | 151.3 | 162.2 | 166.1 | 151.1 | 155.5 | 166.4 | 161.3 | 165.7 | 159.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 134.4 | 137.6 | 139.2 | 141.8 | 134.9 | 136.9 | 140.2: | . 140.5 : | 137.7 | 138.7 |
| New Brunswick | 129.0 | 131.3 | 137.1 | 140.0 | 130.4 | 131.1 | 138.6 | 136.4 | 136.1 | 136.2 |
| Quebec. * | 123.6 | 125.2 | 127.0 | 128.9 | 125.0 | 127.0 | $127.0$ | $127!3$ | $126.5$ | $126.9$ |
| Ontario | 154.1 | 155.6 | 156.9 | 157.7 | 153.1 | 155.3 | $157.4$ | 156.8 | $155.7$ | $156.0$ |
| Prairie Region | 179.5 | 180.5 | 184.0 | 185.1 | 172.5 | 173.7 | 184.8 | 183.2 | 182.8 | 181.7 |
| Manitoba | 125.1 | 126.8 | 128.7 | 130.6 | 125.3 | 128.4 | 128.8 | 128.9 | 127.7 | 127.8 |
| Saskatchewan | 152.5 | 152.4 | 154.8 | 157.8 | 147.2 | 149.1 | 158.7 | 154.6 | 153.2 | 154.8 |
| Alberta | 235.4 | 236.3 | 241.5 | 241.3 | 221.8 | 221.2 | 241.7 | 239.6 | 239.9 | 237.4 |
| British Columbia | 186.0 | 186.6 | 189.5 | 190.9 | 177.9 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 181.1 | 192:2 | 190.8 | . 189.8 | 188.9 |
| Yukon | 179.0 | 178.8 | 188.7 | 191.5 | 176.3 | 177.8 | 197.1 | 188.3 | 192.7 | 189.9 |
| Northwest Territories | 162.7 | 158.1 | 158.1 | 170.6 | 158.8 | 157.0 | 174.7 | 170.1 | 167.5 | 171.5 |
| Canada | 149.7 | 151.2 | 153.3 | 154.8 | 148.3 | 150.2 | 153.9 | . 153.4 | 152.5 | 152.6 |

. . . figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

## Employment, Earnings and Hours (Seasonally Adjus-

ted), January 1981 - Advance Information
The first estimate of the Canada industrial composite* index of employment ( $1961=100$ ) for January 1981 showed a 0.3\% increase from December 1980. All industry divisions increased except mining (including milling), manufacturing and finance, insurance and real estate which decreased. All regions contributed to the increase except Quebec which registered losses.

Average weekly earnings, at the national industrial level, advanced by $1.7 \%$. Gains were registered in all industry divisions except forestry and in all regions.

Average weekly hours increased in mining (including milling) and in manufacturing but remained unchanged in construction. Average hourly earnings rose in mining (including milling), in manufacturing and in construction.
Detailed information for November and December will be published in the January issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours (72-002, \$4/\$40) and is also available from Mr. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

* Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. Notes on concepts and methods can be found in any issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours, Catalogue No. 72002.
(see tables on pages 3 and 4)

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Earnings Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{1981 f}{\text { Jan. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { doll } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1979 \\ & \text { lars } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{1981 \mathrm{f}}{\mathrm{Jan}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 441.29 | 364.13 | 441.33 | 430.90 | 397.04 | 315.24 | 424.28 | 447.39 | 416.39 | 415.33 |
| Mining, including milling | 511.28 | 483.48 | 487.12 | 490.40 | 453.26 | 433.84 | 503.03 | 483.05 | 479.02 | 486.17 |
| Manufacturing | 366.36 | 353.09 | 358.17 | 356.61 | 329.07 | 315.00 | 365.56 | 359.82 | 355.43 | 354.03 |
| Durable Goods | 389.04 | 374.92 | 384.00 | 384.01 | 348.99 | 331.90 | 389.74 | 383.67 | 378.96 | 378.86 |
| Non-durable Goods | 344.62 | 331.82 | 333.53 | 330.60 | 309.41 | 298.07 | 343.38 | 336.05 | 333.16 | 330.50 |
| Construction | 489.87 | 456.24 | 487.21 | 494.00 | 432.68 | 405.94 | 502.02 | 493.50 | 485.03 | 478.73 |
| Transportation, Communication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and Other Utilities . | 398.01 | 392.00 | 393.14 | 390.66 | 370.80 | 352.24 | 395.16 | 394.88 | 393.65 | 390.58 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 334.66 | 317.26 | 313.43 | 314.00 | 293.96 | 281.17 | 334.76 | 319.05 | 315.80 | 316.47 |
| Service | 223.10 | 218.45 | 217.10 | 218.63 | 201.33 | 199.37 | 223.01 | 218.73 | 217.84 | 219.33 |
| Industrial Composite | 336.95 | 325.34 | 329.36 | 329.83 | 304.11 | 292.13 | 338.24 | 332.49 | 329.20 | 327.86 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 295.05 | 282.05 | 282.21 | 281.45 | 270.40 | 256.90 | 291.58 | 287.22 | 282.61 | 282.64 |
| Newfoundland | 316.01 | 296.33 | 292.87 | 290.02 | 285.91 | 270.32 | 312.51 | 305.43 | 293.87 | 290.14 |
| Prince Edward Island | 246.70 | 236.72 | 238.69 | 236.60 | 219.34 | 214.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 286.99 | 273.39 | 272.76 | 272.23 | 259.89 | 249.31 | 285.79 | 278.76 | 273.99 | 273.41 |
| New Brunswick | 297.26 | 288.99 | 291.89 | 292.04 | 279.85 | 262.74 | 290.21 | 289.86 | 290.58 | 293.04 |
| Quebec | 333.71 | 322.21 | 325.79 | 326.61 | 303.12 | 288.18 | 335.15 | 328.35 | 325.66 | 324.47 |
| Ontario | 329.54 | 319.68 | 323.07 | 323.08 | 299.05 | 289.36 | 331.30 | 325.87 | 322.78 | 321.76 |
| Prairie Region | 346.04 | 330.16 | 334.61 | 335.76 | 304.03 | 295.26 | 347.29 | 337.24 | 335.52 | 332.27 |
| Manitoba | 298.35 | $289.31^{\text { }}$ | 289.64 | 291.73 | 272.08 | 263.95 | 299.58 | 293.66 | 290.89 | 290.13 |
| Saskatchewan | 322.27 | 314.42 | 313.98 | 315.45 | 288.12 | 285.68 | 325.99 | 317.63 | 315.53 | 313.10 |
| Alberta | 373.25 | 352.43 | 359.85 | 360.65 | 323.65 | 312.94 | 373.89 | 361.91 | 359.63 | 355.92 |
| British Columbia | 381.48 | 370.51 | 379.83 | 381.23 | 344.01 | 326.82 | 383.98 | 382.44 | 378.51 | 378.05 |
| Yukon | 454.25 | 440.67 | 430.44 | 462.40 | 424.42 | 413.03 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | 395.10 | 372.87 | 380.42 | 411.06 | 377.42 | 359.84 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 336.95 | 325.34 | 329.36 | 329.83 | 304.11 | 292.13 | 338.24 | 332.49 | 329.20 | 327.86 |

. . .figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

Department Store Sales by Regions, February 1981 Department store sales totalled $\$ 587.0$ million for February, up 12.6\% from a year earlier.

Sales by regions for February, with percentage increases from February 1980 in brackets, were as follows:

- Ontario, \$193.3 million (6.9\%)
- British Columbia, $\$ 122.0$ million ( $24.9 \%$ )
- Quebec, $\$ 100.8$ million (7.1\%)
- Alberta, $\$ 93.3$ million (19.2\%)
- Atlantic provinces, $\$ 32.7$ million (10.3\%)
- Manitoba, $\$ 28.5$ million ( $8.0 \%$ )
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 16.2$ million (13.3\%).

Data users should note that figures for the Yukon and Northwest Territories are included with British Columbia. See the February issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50/\$15).

Cement, February 1981 - Advance Information During the month of February 1981, manufacturers shipped 377796 metric tonnes of Portland cement, as compared to 444123 metric tonnes in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Cement (44-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing :and Primary Industries Division, Statistics: Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Hours and Average Hourly EarningsAnder |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981f } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Nov. } \\ \text { 1980p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { nur } \end{array}$ | Dec. 1979 er | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Average Weekly Hours: Canada: Mining, including milling | 41.3 | 39.2 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 41.9 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 39.4 | 40.0 | 41.0 |
| Manufacturing | 38.9 | 37.8 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 37.4 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 38.6 | 38.8 |
| Durable Goods | 39.6 | 38.5 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 37.8 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.6 |
| Non-durable Goods | 38.1 | 37.0 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 36.9 | 38.2 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.9 |
| Construction | 38.4 | 36.4 | 39.1 | 40.6 | 38.1 | 36.7 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 39.3 |
| Building | 37.6 | 36.0 | 37.9 | 38.5 | 37.4 | 36.5 | 38.7 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 37.9 |
| Engineering | 40.6 | 37.5 | 41.7 | 44.6 | 40.3 | 37.4 | 42.7 | 43.5 | 42.0 | 42.4 |
| Manufacturing: Atlantic Region | 39.3 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 37.5 | 38.3 | 36.6 | 39.1 | 37.5 | 37.6 | 37.8 |
| Quebec | 39.1 | 38.1 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 37.5 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 38.8 | 38.9 |
| Ontario | 39.3 | 38.3 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.2 | 38.2 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 39.4 |
| Prairie Region | 37.8 | 37.0 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 37.8 | 36.9 | 37.9 | 37.6 | 37.8 | 37.8 |
| British Columbia | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Hourly Earnings: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 11.55 | 11.41 | 11.42 | 11.29 | 10.26 | 10.05 | 11.49 | 11.33 | 11.30 | 11.18 |
| Manufacturing | 8.66 | 8.58 | 8.53 | 8.50 | 7.81 | 7.70 | 8.66 | 8.60 | 8.52 | 8.47 |
| Durable Goods | 9.19 | 9.09 | 9.10 | 9.09 | 8.28 | 8.12 | 9.20 | 9.16 | 9.07 | 9.02 |
| Non-durable Goods | 8.09 | 8.02 | 7.92 | 7.86 | 7.28 | 7.22 | 8.08 | 8.01 | 7.95 | 7.88 |
| Construction | 13.06 | 12.61 | 12.82 | 12.56 | 11.62 | 11.17 | 12.94 | 12.80 | 12.73 | 12.47 |
| Building | 13.32 | 12.97 | 13.13 | 13.01 | 11.82 | 11.42 | 13.32 | 13.10 | 13.03 | 12.88 |
| Engineering | 12.35 | 11.73 | 12.21 | 11.84 | 11.08 | 10.54 | 12.10 | 12.14 | 12.15 | 11.78 |
| Manufacturing: Atlantic Region | 7.94 | 7.97 | 7.64 | 7.49 | 7.17 | 7.01 | 7.74 | 7.87 | 7.61 | 7.55 |
| Quebec | 7.97 | 7.89 | 7.82 | 7.81 | 7.19 | 7.08 | 7.97 | 7.93 | 7.82 | 7.80 |
| Ontario | 8.61 | 8.53 | 8.49 | 8.49 | 7.80 | 7.70 | 8.62 | 8.58 | 8.50 | 8.46 |
| . Prairie Region | 8.84 | 8.70 | 8.76 | 8.69 | 7.95 | 7.77 | 8.92 | 8.73 | 8.72 | 8.58 |
| British Cólumbia | 11.43 | 11.40 | 11.43 | 11.29 | 10.27 | 10.18 | 11.39 | 11.39 | 11.35 | 11.18 |

... figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 4, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended April 4, 1981 totalled 370,357 short tons ( 335982 t), an increase of $2.1 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 362,877 short tons (329 196 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 318,918 short tons ( 289318 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during; 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 202.1 in the current week, 198.0 a weel earlier and 174.1 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Wednesday, April 8, 1981

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2 Estimates of Employees, January 1981
3 . Telecommunications Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1980
3 Summary of Net Shipments of Rolled Steel Products, February 1981
2 Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, February 1981
3 Industrial Chemicals, February 1981
3 Price Indexes of Construction Machinery and Equipment, January 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

35-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, January 1981

43-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, February 1981

45-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Coal and Coke Statistics, December $1980^{\circ}$

51-001 (Canada: . $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; . Other. Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations; August 1980:

51-003 (Canada: ' $\$ 5 / \$ 20$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$ ) International Air Charter Statistics; July-September 1980

55-002 (Canada: \$2.50/\$25; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Gas Utilities, December: 1980
57-208 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Consumption of Purchased Fuel and Electricity, by the Manufacturing, Mining, Logging and Electric Rower Industries, 1978

## Advance Estimates of Employees

January 1981

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Number of EmployeesSeasonally adjuste |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1980r | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | Jan 1980 (000 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { s) } \end{array}$ | $\underset{1981 \mathrm{f}}{\mathrm{Jan}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 59.0 | 61.9 | 69.5 | 75.9 | 61.1 | 64.9 | 67.6 | 66.8 | 67.1 | 68.1 |
| Mining (including milling) | 169.5 | 170.1 | 173.0 | 174.3 | 158.6 | 157.1 | 171.8 | 174.3 | 173.8 | 174.3 |
| Manufacturing | 1,814.9 | 1,830.5 | 1,848.0 | 1,872.8 | 1,823.4 | 1,843.8 | 1,865.6 | 1,874.2 | 1,845.6 | 1,853.9 |
| Construction | 407.6 | 427.9 | 480.2 | 512.9 | 395.8 | 423.8 | 476.0 | 486.1 | 466.6 | 469.3 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 833.6 | 836.6 | 851.7 | 864.8 | 809.3 | 807.2 | 856.6 | 853.7 | 852.1 | 855.1 |
| Trade | 1,597.6 | 1,619.3 | 1,616.3 | 1,593.6 | 1,541.6 | 1,578.5 | 1,614.6 | 1,591.8 | 1,580.8 | 1,572.0 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| . Estate | 536.5 | 535.1 | 526.0 | 516.8 | 505.1 | 506.8 | 539.7 | 539.0 | 526.0 | 515.0 |
| Total Service | 2,872.8 | 2,809.9 | 2,846.1 | 2,837.8 | 2,692.4 | 2,674.3 | 2,889.8 | 2,846.8 | . 2,819.0 | 2,820.2 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1,546.4 | 1,499.0 | 1,529.8 | 1,509.9 | 1,466.2 | 1,448.5 | 1,517.0 | 1,490.9 | 1,489.8 | 1,490.6 |
| Commercial Service | 1,326.4 | 1,310.9 | 1,316.2 | 1,327.9 | 1,226.1 | 1,225.8 | 1,372.9 | 1,355.8 | 1,329.2 | 1,329.6 |
| Public Administration and Defence(1) | 626.2 | 628.4 | 630.3 | 635.5 | 606.4 | 607.4 | 645.0 | 647.5 | 643.8 | 646.9 |
| Total Non-agricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries(2) | 8,924.9 | 8,927.4 | 9,051.2 | 9,101.2 | 8.600 .6 | 8,672.7 | -9,136.0 | 9,090.2 | 8,988.3 | 8,991.6 |
| Totai Non-agricultural Indusities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 133.7 | 133.5 | 137.5 | 142.7 | 126.4 | 131.7 | 143.1 | 138.4 | 137.2 | 139.0 |
| Prince Edward Island | 29.4 | 29.8 | 30.7 | 31.8 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 32.1 | 31.8 | 31.3 | 31.5 |
| Nova Scotia | 257.3 | 256.9 | 259.4 | 264.9 | 248.0 | 250.9 | 268.1 | 262.0 | 257.8 | 261.0 |
| New Brunswick | 190.0 | 190.3 | 197.4 | 202.6 | 190.4 | 191.3 | 201.0 | 197.5 | 197.2 | 198.3 |
| Quebec | 2,223.5 | 2,233.9 | 2,279.0 | 2,279.0 | 2,173.8 | 2,189.1 | 2,272.7 | 2,287.7 | 2,268.9 | 2,255.6 |
| Ontario | 3,492.5 | 3,502.9 | 3,529.2 | 3,550.5 | 3,696.0 | 3,428.4 | 3,563.0 | 3,546.4 | 3,493.9 | 3,513.7 |
| Manitoba | 354.5 | 356.5 | 358.3 | 361.7 | 345.9 | 348.8 | 362.8 | 362.6 | 355.3 | 356.3 |
| Saskatchewan | 281.3 | 279.8 | 283.2 | 282.1 | 267.9 | 272.8 | 287.7 | 281.5 | 279.9 | 276.3 |
| Alberta | 884.3 | 884.0 | 898.0 | 897.1 | 822.3 | 823.1 | 903.1 | 898.5 | 890.2 | 887.4 |
| British Columbia | 1,046.4 | 1,027.9 | 1,044.8 | 1,047.7 | 970.4 | 974.9 | 1,066.6 | 1,048.1 | 1,038.5 | 1,031.3 |
| Canada(3) | 8,924.9 | 8,927.4 | 9,051.2 | 9,101.2 | 8,600.6 | 8,672.7 | 9,136.0 | 9,090.2 | 8,988.3 | 8,991.6 |

$f$ first estimate based on a limited number of returns
p preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

Estimates of Employees, January 1981 - Advance Information
Monthly summary data is released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry (72-008, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ). For further information, contact G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.

Estimates for the month of November 1980 are based on a partially reselected sample for the survey of small firms (those employing less than 20 employees). Different samples produce different estimates as they are subject to sampling error. The sample for November 1980 was reselected to reduce this sampling error.

Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batterles, February 1981 - Advance Information
Advance information on factory sales of electric storage batteries for the month of February 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication (43-005, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolled Steel Products
February 1981

|  | Domestic | Export | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Metric tonnes |  |  |
| Ingots and semi-finished shapes | 39613 | 26254 | 65867 |
| Rails and heavy structural shapes | 55839 | 15667 | 71506 |
| Wire rods | 65057 | 29202 | 94259 |
| Structural shapes: 21732969098 |  |  |  |
| Intermediate | 21732 | 10939 | 32671 |
| Bar-sized shapes | 15946 | 769 | 16715 |
| Concrete reinforcing bars | 49586 | 6270 18176 | 55856 |
| Other hot rolled bars | 83376 | 18176 | 101552 |
| Tie plates and track material | 5559 | 3533 | 9092 |
| Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) | 176901 | 17978 | 194879 |
| Hot rolled sheets and strip | 176417 | 11196 | 187613 |
| Cold finished bars | 6624 | 308 | 6932 |
| Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled other, coated | 149392 | 17481 | 166873 |
| Galvanized sheets | 68337 | 8831 | 77168 |
| Total | 914379 | 166604 | 1080983 |

- Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Primary Iron and Steel ( $41-001, \$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact G.W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Teiecommunications Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1980 - Advance Information

Teleglobe Canada and CNCP Telecommunications report quarterly revenues of $\$ 97.7$ million in the fourth quarter of 1980, down $6.7 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1979. Operating expenses were $\$ 61.9$ million, a decrease of $14.3 \%$ over the same period in 1979. Net operating revenue was $\$ 35.8$ million, compared with $\$ 32.5$ million in the fourth quarter of 1979 .

For further information, order the Communications Service Bulletin, Telecommunications Statistics, Fourth Quarter $1980(56-001, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15)$, or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Price Indexes of Construction Machinery and Equipment, January 1981 - Advance Information Price indexes of construction machinery and equipment for Canada are now available for January 1981. For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Industrial Chemicals, February 1981 - Advance Information
Manufacturers shipped 52033 metric tonnes of polyethylene type synthetic resins in February 1981 as compared to 53472 metric tonnes a year earlier.

Information on the East-West production of selected specified chemicals for February 1981 is also available.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Specified Chemicals (46-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.




Thursday, April 9, 1981


CONTENTS


2 Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing, February 1981
3 Raw Materials Price Index, February 1981
3. Provincial Government Employment, 1980

3 Telephone Statistics, February 1981
4 Construction Type Plywood, February 1981
3 Particleboard and Waferboard, February 1981

> Exports by Commodities
> Commodity-country export trade statistics for February 1981 are now available in advance of the regular publications. For information, contact G.L. Blaney (613-995-6305); External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

65-004 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Exports by Commodities, January 1981

65-006. (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) Imports by Countries, January-December 1980

Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing
(1971=100)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^1]Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing, February, 1981 - Advance Information
The Industry Selling Price Index has risen fractionally to 262.6 in February 1981 from a revised January level of 262.5. In the last three months, the increase has been only 1.9\%. The February 1981 over February 1980 index rose $9.1 \%$. Most major groups showed only slight increases in February with the largest increase shown in the rubber and plastics product manufacturers. Three major groups showed declines: food and beverage industries, primary metal industries and miscellaneous industries.

Rubber and plastics product manufacturers showed a 1.0\% increase to stand $11.2 \%$ above the level of a year earlier. The monthly change was attributable to two industries, tire and tube manufacturers (1.3\%), which showed passenger car and truck tires up approximately $2.0 \%$ and rubber products manufacturers, which showed a $1.7 \%$ increase.

The food and beverage industries showed a decrease of $0.1 \%$ in February to an index level of 11.9\% above a year ago. Slaughtering and meat processors declined $2.6 \%$, mainly due to declines of $4.3 \%$ for fresh and frozen beef and $1.8 \%$ for fresh and frozen pork. Cane and sugar beet processors declined $10.3 \%$ in February due to further drops in the price of sugar products. Many other industries showed price increases, the largest changes being in fish products (2.4\%), soft drink manufacturers ( $2.0 \%$ ), and dairy products, (up 2.7\% due to increases in milk and most milk related products).

The primary metal industries declined $1.6 \%$ in February to stand at an index level 4.4\% below that of a year earlier. The main contributor to the decline was the smelting and refining industries which posted a 4.4\% decline, mainly beçause of decreases for copper ( $3.8 \%$ ), and precious metals ( $13.8 \%$ ). Other refined metals also showed relatively large declines for the month. Moderate increases were recorded in iron and steel mills ( $0.6 \%$ ), steel pipe and tube mills ( $1.2 \%$ ), iron foundries (1.3\%) and aluminium rolling, casting and extruding industries (1.3\%).

Miscellaneous industries showed a 3.1\% decline in February and a 13.9\% drop from the level a year earlier. The monthly decrease was mainly attributable to a 6.6\% drop in the jewellery and silverware industry. Large declines in gold and silver related jewellery of approximately $12.0 \%$ outweighted increases of about $9.0 \%$ in table flatware products.

Petroleum refineries was estimated to have risen in February to a level almost one-third above that of a year earlier. The most recent data for January 1981 shows an increase of 8.2\% from December 1980, rather larger than the previously estimated increase. This revision to the petroleum refineries index is the main cause of the revision to the total January ISPI.
For further information, order the February issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

## Raw Materials Price Index

(1977=100)

|  | Relative Importance | Index |  |  | Percent Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981^{*} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 81/ Jan. 81 | Feb. $81 /$ Feb. 80 |
| Raw materials totai | 100.0 | 174.5 | 176.5 | 152.0 | -1.1 | 14.8 |
| Vegetable products | 12 | 160.3 . | 164.8 | 132.3 | -2.7 | 21.2 |
| Animals and animal products | 23 | 151.7 | 154.6 | 146.8 | -1.9 | 3.3 |
| Textile products | 1 | 149.4 | 148.0 | 124.7 | 0.9 | 19.8 |
| Wood products | 11 | 148.2 | 148.2 | 150.1 | - | -1.3 |
| Ferrous materials | 3 | 142.3 | 141.3 | $135: 7$ | 0.7 | 4.9 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 6 | 187.7 | 202.2 | 277.8 | -7.2 | -32.4 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 4 | 148.4 | 147.6 | 127.0 | 0.5 | 16.9 |
| Coal, crude oil and natural gas | 40 | 203.8 | 202.9 | 147.0 | 0.4 | 38.6 |
| Raw materials - Total excluding coal, crude oil, natural gas |  | 155.5 | 159.4 | 155.3 | -2.4 | 0.1 |

* These indexes are preliminary.

Raw Materiais Price Index, February 1981 - Advance Information
The preliminary Raw Materials Price Index (1977=100) for February 1981 was 174.5 , down $1.1 \%$ from the revised January 1981 index of 176.5. The index excluding coal, crude oil and natural gas was 2.4\% lower than in January. The total index has risen 14.8\% since February 1980, due mainly to increases for coal, oil and natural gas (38.6\%) and vegetable products (21.2\%). The index excluding coal, crude oil and natural gas stood $0.1 \%$ above its level of a year ago. In February 1981, the decreases in vegetable products $(-2.7 \%)$, animal products ( $-1.9 \%$ ) and non-ferrous metals ( $-7.2 \%$ ) were partially offset by small increases in textiles, ferrous metals, non-metallic minerals and coal, oil and natural gas. The index for wood did not show any change.
Within the vegetable products, the most significant decreases occurred in raw sugar (-13\%), green coffee ( $-9 \%$ ) and oilseeds ( $-5 \%$ ). On the other hand, the index for fresh vegetables rose by $10 \%$, reflecting increases for all vegetables, particularly in the eastern part of the country. The price decreases in cattle and calves (-7\%) were mainly responsible for the downward movement of the animal products index.
Widespread price declines, particularly for lead, gold and other precious metals, caused the nonferrous metals index to drop in February, leaving this index about one-third below its level of February 1980.
For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Provincial Government Employment, 1980 —Advance Information
The total number of provincial and territorial employees performing general government services at the end of December 1980 was 404,925, an increase of $3.76 \%$ over the number employed a year earlier. Gross payrolls for 1980 were up 17.7\% over the previous year to $\$ 7,493$ million. Provincial and territorial government
enterprises reported 148,460 employees at the end of December 1980, an increase of only 113 over the previous December. Payrolls for 1980 for these employees totalled $\$ 3,456$ million, an increase of $13 \%$ over 1979
For further information, order the OctoberDecember 1980 issue of Provincial Government Employment (72-007, \$5/\$20), or contact A.G. Kerr (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Telephone Statistics, February 1981 - Advance Information
Thirteen major telephone systems reported monthly revenues of $\$ 519.7$ million in February 1981, up $18.1 \%$ over February 1980

Operating expenses were $\$ 360.9$ million, an increase of $13.2 \%$ over February 1980. Net operating revenue was \$158.8 million, up 30.7\% over February 1980. Telephone toll messages increased $8.8 \%$ to $106: 8$ million.

For further information, order the February issue of Telephone Statistics (56-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Particleboard and Waferboard, February 1981 Advance Information
Canadian firms produced 55977 m 3 of waferboard in the month of February 1981, an increase of $2.6 \%$ compared to the 54533 m 3 produced during the same period in 1980.

Canadian firms produced 56676 m 3 of particleboard in February 1981, representing a decrease of 10.0\% compared to the 62979 m 3 produced in 1980.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Particleboard and Waferboard (36-003, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Regional Services

Statistics Canada has staff to assist users in Central Inquiries, Ottawa (613-992-4734) and in eight regional centres across Canada. Toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning the Halifax office at 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the regional office in Regina can be reached by dialing 1 (112)-800-6673524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Orders for publications may be directed to these offices or to Publications Distribution, User Services, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

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1145 Robson St.
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 3W8
(604-666-3695)

Construction Type Plywood, February 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian mills produced $236,808,000$ square feet (209 552 m 3 ) 3/8" ( 9.525 mm ) basis of construction type plywood in February 1981, compared to $212,007,000$ square feet ( $189375 \mathrm{m3}$ ) 3/8" ( 9.525 mm ) a year earlier.
January to February 1981 production amounted to $461,181,000$ square feet (408 100 m 3 ) $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ $(9.525 \mathrm{~mm})$.
For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Construction Type Plywood (35-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.


Friday, April 10, 1981

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2 Retail Trade, February 1981
4 Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, January 1981
3 . Non-residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, February 1981
4 Farm Cash Receipts, January-February 1981
6 Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, March 1981
6 Oil Pipeline Transport, January 1981
7 Pulpwood and Wood Residue, February 1981
6 Dairy Products Industry, 1979
6 Other Knitting Mills, 1979
7 Metal Coating Industry, 1979
7 Battery Manufacturers, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

35-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, January 1981

43-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, February 1981

43-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, February 1981
(continued)

57-205 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Gas Utilities. Transport and Distribution Systems, 1979

63-005 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Retail Trade, January 1981
Service Bulletin:
54-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Water Transport, Vol. 11, No. 2, International Vessel Traffic Statistics, First Quarter 1980

Retail Trade, All Stores, by Province and Selected Metropolitan Areas
February 1981

|  | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonaily Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } 81 / \\ \text { Feb. } 80 \end{array}$ | Sales All Stores - |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 r \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb: } \\ & 1981 p \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 p \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ .1981 r \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } 81 / \\ \text { Jan. } 81 \end{array}$ |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Newfoundland | 108.1 | 109.0 | 95.0 | 14.8 | 137.1. | 132.7 | 3.3 |
| Prince Edward Island | 25.9 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 9.9 | 34.6 | 31.8 | 8.8 |
| Nova Scotia | 196.0 | 195.5 | 177.0 | 10.4 | 244.5 | 231.3 | 5.7 |
| New Brunswick | 152.1 | 151.2 | - 141.8 | 6.6 | - 192.7 | 187.1 | 3.0 |
| Quebec | 1,640.2 | 1,569.2 | 1,429.7 | 9.7 | 1,926.5 | 1,920.0 | 0.3 |
| Ontario | 2,400.5 | 2,227.6 | 2,087.4 | 6.7 | 2,711.9 | 2,782.5 | -2.5 |
| Manitoba | 239.7 | 227.0 | 206.7 | 9.8 | 291.6 | 283.0 | 3.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 266.5 | 252.5 | 235.3 | 7.2 | 326.3 | 321.4 | 1.5 |
| Alberta | 750.6 | 733.9 | 627.2 | 17.0 | 903.8 | 858.7 | 5.2 |
| British Columbia | 870.4 | 828.9 | 711.9 | 16.4 | 990.1 | 1,006.9 | -1.7 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 18.7 | 16.8 | 14.8 | 12.8 | 21.0 | 23.7 | -11.5 |
| Canada | 6,668.6 | 6,337.0 | 5,750.0 | 10.2 | 7,787.9 | 7,749.7 | 0.5 |
| Montreal | 787.2 | 752.2 | 670.3 | 12.2 |  |  |  |
| Toronto | 920.1 | 845.8 | 776.6 | 8.9 |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg | 152.4 | 143.2 | 129.8 | 10.3 |  |  |  |
| Vancouver | 459.8 | 446.3 | 362.8 | 23.0 |  |  |  |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

Retall Trade, February 1981 - Advance Information Seasonally adjusted retail sales for February 1981 were $\$ 7,787.9$ million, an increase of $0.5 \%$ from the $\$ 7,749.7$ million recorded in January. Sales increased in 14 trade groups with the largest increases in men's clothing stores (14.7\%) and family shoe stores (9.8\%). The largest decreases were in sporting goods and accessories stores ( $-9.1 \%$ ) and household furniture stores ( $-8.0 \%$ ). All provinces except Ontario (-2.5\%) and British Columbia ( $-1.7 \%$ ) reported increased sales over January, ranging from 8.8\% for Prince Edward Island to $0.3 \%$ for Quebec.
Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment was $\$ 6,337.0$ million, an increase of $10.2 \%$ over February 1980. Sales increased in all trade groups except sporting goods and accessories stores ( $-9.9 \%$ ) and jewelery stores ( $-5.0 \%$ ). The largest sales increases were recorded for used car dealers (41.8\%), family shoe stores ( $22.7 \%$ ) and book and stationery stores (22.1\%). Sales increased in all provinces ranging from $17.0 \%$ for Alberta to $6.6 \%$ for New Brunswick. Montreal sales rose 12.2\%; Toronto, 8.9\%; Winnipeg, 10.3\%; and Vancouver, 23.0\%.

Revised total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment, for January 1981 was $\$ 6,668.6$ million, an increase of 18.2\% from January 1980.
Cumulative sales for January and February 1981 for Canada, were $\$ 13,005.6$ million, an increase of $14.1 \%$ over the same period in 1980.

For further information, order the February issue of Retail Trade (63-005, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.
(see table on next page)

Retail Trade, Canada, by Kind of Business
February 1981

| Kind of Business | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } 81 / \\ & \text { Feb. } 80 \end{aligned}$ | Sales All Stores |  | Feb. 81/ Jan. 81 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 p \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{array}$ |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Combination stores (groceries and meat) | 1,520.6 | 1,335.9 | 1,239.3 | 7.7 | 1,460.0 | 1,489.9 | -2.0 |
| Grocery, confectionery and sundries stores | 338.6 | 314.1 | 268.0 | 17.1 | 364.8 | 372.3 | -2.0 |
| All other food stores | 114.1 | 107.8 | 98.3 | 9.6 | 122.1 | 120.5 | 1.4 |
| Department stores | 642.5 | 587.0 | 521.4 | 12.5 | 864.7 | 836.7 | 3.3 |
| General merchandise stores | 134.9 | 135.1 | 130.4 | 3.6 | 171.9 | 183.0 | -6.0 |
| General stores | 120.5 | 111.8 | 103.4 | 8.0 | 145.4 | 146.5 | -0.7 |
| Variety stores | 61.8 | 59.7 | 57.4 | 4.0 | 87.1 | 88.2 | -1.3 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | 1,121.3 | 1,269.0 | 1,251.6 | 1.3 | 1,469.8 | 1,446.0 | 1.6 |
| Used car dealers | 34.6 | 41.5 | 29.3 | 41.8 |  |  |  |
| Service stations | 533.2 | 501.1 | 411.5 | 21.7 | 567.8 | 583.7 | -2.7 |
| Garages | 93.4 | 90.1 | 80.6 | 11.7 | 102.0 | 101.9 | 0.1 |
| Automotive parts and accessories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's clothing stores | 77.5 | 62.2 | 53.1 | 17.1 | 94.1 | 82.0 | 14.7 |
| Women's clothing stores | 125.8 | 102.0 | 85.6 | 19.2 | 149.9 | 145.0 | 3.3 |
| Family clothing stores | 86.8 | 73.4 | 61.0 | 20.4 | 113.5 | 110.0 | 3.1 |
| Specialty shoe stores | 10.3 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 13.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 | -1.7 |
| Family shoe stores | 54.4 | 44.7 | 36.4 | 22.7 | 76.8 | 69.9 | 9.8 |
| Hardware stores | 49.3 | 46.3 | 45.6 | 1.5 | 72.6 | 68.6 | 5.8 |
| Household furniture stores | 115.4 | 98.3 | 80.7 | 21.7 | 121.3 | 131.9 | -8.0 |
| Household appliance stores | 26.8 | 23.3 | 20.3 | 14.5 | 28.2 | 28.6 | -1.2 |
| Furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores | 43.6 | 40.0 | 36.8 | 8.5 | 52.1 | 52.6 | -0.9 |
| Pharmacies, patent medicine and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cosmetics stores | 245.1 | 231.5 | 204.2 | 13.3 | 250.3 | 252.9 | -1.0 |
| Book and stationery stores | 35.7 | 34.1 | 28.0 | 22.1 | 38.9 | 39.9 | -2.4 |
| Florists | 21.9 | 27.5 | 24.3 | 13.3 | 28.7 | 28.4 | 1.0 |
| Jewellery stores | 44.3 | 41.7 | 43.9 | -5.0 | 62.7 | 64.2 | -2.3 |
| Sporting goods and accessories stores | 75.4 | 57.9 | 64.3 | -9.9 | 75.8 | 83.4 | -9.1 |
| Personal accessories stores | 90.5 | 85.2 | 75.7 | 12.4 | 108.9 | 108.8 | 0.2 |
| All other stores | 736.3 | 708.1 | 605.2 | 17.0 | 934.0 | 913.0 | 2.3 |
| Total, all stores | 6,668.6 | 6,337.0 | 5,750.0 | 10.2 | 7,787.9 | 7,749.7 | 0.5 |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

Non-residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes
February 1981 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | Feb. 1981 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1980 | \% Change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Feb. 81 / Jan. 81 | Feb. 81/ Feb. 80 | Mar. 80/Feb. 81 Mar. 79/Feb. 80 |
| Total Index | 243.8 | 242.9 | 225.2 | 0.4 | 8.3 | 8.9 |
| Materials | 240.8 | 239.6 | 224.4 | 0.5 | 7.3 | 9.4 |
| Steel and metal work | 249.5 | 247.5 | 232.5 | 0.8 | 7.3 | 8.2 |
| Plumbing, heating and air conditioning | 215.8 | 214.9 | 200.2 | 0.4 | 7.8 | 9.6 |
| Electrical equipment | 251.5 | 252.2 | 248.4 | -0.3 | 1.2 | 11.1 |
| Concrete products | 266.8 | 264.2 | 240.4 | 1.0 | 11.0 | 10.2 |
| Lumber and lumber products | 251.8 | 251.2 | 248.1 | 0.2 | 1.5 | -3.1 |
| Other | 236.0 | 234.4 | 210.8 | 0.7 | 12.0 | 13.1 |
| Labour | 247.1 | 246.6 | 226.0 | 0.2 | 9.3 | 8.4 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$30 a year), or contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.
Union Wage Rate Indexes, including selected pay supplements, are now available for February 1981.

Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, Customs Basis
Laspeyres Price Indexes Weighted with Fixed 1971 Quantitles
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)


Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, January 1981 - Advance Information
On a fixed weight basis, export prices increased 1.3\% in January 1981 following a decrease of $0.7 \%$ in December and a $1.3 \%$ increase in November. Import prices increased $0.4 \%$ following a 3.7\% increase in December and a $0.9 \%$ rise in November. The current weighted export price deflator increased $6.2 \%$ in January and the import deflator increased 2.7\%.

The seasonally adjusted volume indexes for January 1981 recovered part of the losses recorded in December. The domestic export volume index increased nearly $4 \%$, having fallen $11 \%$ in December and the import volume index increased 2\% following a 3.7\% decrease in December.

For further information, order the February issue of the Summary of External Trade (65-001, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ). (see table on next page)

Farm Cash Receipts, January-February 1981 Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that during January to February 1981 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled $\$ 3,581.0$ million, up $28.6 \%$ from the $\$ 2,785.4$ million realized during the same period of 1980.

Total estimates include cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, cash
advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction is made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January-February issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact George Beelen (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Total Cash Recelpts from Farming Operations <br> January to February 1980-1981

(millions of dollars)

|  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1980 | 1981 |
| Prince Edward Island | 27.3 | 40.3 |
| Nova Scotia | 31.4 | 35.3 |
| New Brunswick | 23.0 | 30.1 |
| Quebec | 293.9 | 366.2 |
| Ontario | 640.6 | 744.9 |
| Manitoba | 239.5 | 316.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 824.8 | $1,120.3$ |
| Alberta | 600.5 | 805.7 |
| British Columbia | 104.4 | 121.5 |
| Canada | $2,785.4$ | $\mathbf{3 , 5 8 1 . 0}$ |

Paasche Price Indexes Weighted with Current Period Quantities (continued)
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)

|  | Domestic Exports | Period to Period Change \% | Imports | Period to Period Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Annual | 173.1 | 10.7 | 157.4 | 15.8 |
| 1976 Annual | 177.2 | 2.4 | 157.6 | 0.1 |
| 1977 Annual | 188.6 | 6.5 | 176.9 | 12.2 |
| 1978 Annual | 205.3 | 8.8 | 200.7 | 13.5 |
| 1979 Annual | 248.0 | 20.8 | 228.9 | 14.0 |
| 1980 Annual | 289.1 | 16.6 | 266.0 | 16.2 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 229.3 | 7.4 | 218.7 | 3.1 |
| II Quarter | 241.2 | 5.2 | 218.5 | -0.1 |
| III Quarter | 256.4 | 6.3 | 234.7 | 7.4 |
| IV Quarter | 265.0 | 3.4 | 245.0 | 4.4 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 287.6 | 8.5 | 259.1 | 5.8 |
| 11 Quarter | 285.9 | -0.6 | 261.8 | 1.0 |
| III Quarter | 291.8 | 2.1 | 269.5 | 2.9 |
| IV Quarter | 293.9 | 0.7 | 274.6 | 1.9 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| August | 296.2 | 1.5 | 268.1 | 0.7 |
| September | 288.4 | -2.6 | 275.8 | 2.9 |
| October | 289.6 | 0.4 | 272.5 | -1.2 |
| November | 292.7 | 1.1 | 268.4 | -1.5 |
| December | 299.9 | 2.5 | 283.0 | 5.4 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |
| January | 318.4 | 6.2 | 290.7 | 2.7 |

Volume Indexes Weighted with 1971 Prices (Constant Doliars)
Seasonally Adjusted
(1971=100)

|  | Domestic Exports | Period to Period Change \% | Imports | Period to Period Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Annual | 108.1 | -7.2 | 141.3 | -5.5 |
| 1976 Annual | 121.0 | 11.9 | 152.4 | 7.9 |
| 1977 Annual | 131.9 | 9.0 | 153.2 | 0.5 |
| 1978 Annual | 145.0 | 9.9 | 158.2 | 3.3 |
| 1979 Annual | 147.4 | 1.7 | 175.4 | 10.9 |
| 1980 Annual | 146.2 | -0.8 | 165.4 | -5.7 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 150.1 | -1.6 | 177.4 | 6.6 |
| 11 Quarter | 143.6 | -4.3 | 174.2 | -1.8 |
| III Quarter | 145.9 | 1.6 | 176.2 | 1.1 |
| IV Quarter | 150.0 | 2.8 | 173.4 | -1.6 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 145.4 | -3.1 | 168.5 | -2.8 |
| II Quarter | 141.9 | -2.4 | 162.9 | -3.3 |
| III Quarter | 142.4 | 0.4 | 158.9 | -2.5 |
| IV Quarter | 152.4 | 7.0 | 168.4 | 6.0 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| August | 146.6 | 4.0 | 155.0 | -5.9 |
| September | 139.6 | -4.8 | 157.0 | 1.3 |
| October | 154.5 | 10.7 | 174.6 | 11.2 |
| November | 160.2 | 3.7 | 168.5 | -3.5 |
| December | 142.4 | -11.1 | 162.3 | -3.7 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |
| January | 147.9 | 3.9 | 165.5 | 2.0 |

Selected Principal Statistics for the Dairy Products Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| $\text { S.I.C: } 1040$ |  | 1978 | . 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 485 | 472 | -2.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 14,704 | 14,076 | -4.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 30;888 | 29,742 | -3.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 200,208 | 215,292 | 7.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 49,469 | 53,949 | 9.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplie"̈ | \$000 | 2,525,029 | 2,855,984 | 13.1 |
| value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 3,399,838 |  | 11.5 |
| Value added - : | \$000 | $3,399,846$ 823,646 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3,789,563 } \\ \hline 907,226\end{array}$ | 10.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 26,972 | 26,257 | - -2.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 381,426 | 419,185 | 9.9 |
| Tötal value added | \$000 | 890,886 | 999,186 | 12.2 |

For further information, contact K. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Cänada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Dairy Products Industry, 1979 (32-209, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statlstics for Other Knitting MIIIs Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries División, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Knitting Mills, 1979 (34-215, \$4.50).

Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, March, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for March 1981 was $1,631,241$ short tons ( 1479837 t ). The comparable month's total. in 1980 was $1,431,047$ short tons (1 298224 t).
Preliminary pig iron production for March 1981 was 1,073,502 short tons ( 973865 t ), compared to 906,422 short tons (822 292 t ) in 1980.
For further information, order the March issue of Steel Ingots and Pig Iron (41-002, \$1.50/\$15), or cöntact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Oil Pipeline Transport, January 1981 - Advance Information
Net receipts of crude oil, condensates, pentanes plus, liquefied petroleum gases and petroleum products through Canadian oil pipelines during January 1981 decreased $3.5 \%$ to 13302014 cubic metres from 13784343 cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the January 1981 issue of Oil Pipeline Transport (55-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact G. Kitchèn (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Metal Coating Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3041 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 199 | 221 | 11.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4,410 | 4,741 | 7.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 9,497 | 10,086 | 6.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 52,600 | 61,078 | 16.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 7,966 | 9,021 | 13.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 87,437 | 109,639 | 25.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 216,622 | 265,092 | 22.4 |
| Value added | \$000 | 120,670 | 146,817 | 21.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 5,062 | 5,462 | 7.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 65,434 | 76,944 | 17.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 122,060 | 147,379 | 20.7 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry, 1979 (41-227. \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Battery Manufacturers Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3391 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 30 | 29 | -3.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,984 | 2,078 | 4.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 4,172 | 4,325 | 3.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 25,364 | 28,019 | 10.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,958 | 3,368 | 13.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 88,446 | 122,030 | 38.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 169,038 | 220,262 | 30.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 83,721 | 110,626 | 32.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 3,026 | 3,245 | 7.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 41,721 | 47,196 | 13.1 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 102,678 | 133,377 | 29.9 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Battery Manufacturers, 1979 (43-208, \$4.50).

Pulpwood and Wood Residue, February 1981 Advance Information
Roundwood production decreased by $9.7 \%$ to 4183006 m 3 in February from 4634458 m 3 a year earlier. Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by 2.9\% to 7506089 m 3 from $7292841 \mathrm{m3}$. The closing inventory of these two products increased by $1.0 \%$ to 26662839 m 3 from 26398295 m 3 for the same period in 1980.

Receipts of wood residue increased by $2.3 \%$ to 3399459 m 3 compared to 3321705 m 3 for the same month in 1980.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Colin F. Sturton (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.


Monday, April 13, 1981


## CONTENTS

3 Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, February 1981
3 Price Indexes of Construction Machinery and Equipment, February 1981
3 Production of Eggs, February 1981
4 Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, February 1981
4 Sugar Sales, March 1981
3 Labour Force Suryey, March 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED



36-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Rigid Insulating Board, February 1981

45-001 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Asphalt Roofing, February 1981

72-002 (Canada: \$4/\$40; Other Countries: \$4.80/\$48) Employment, Earnings and Hours, December 1980

Participation, Unemployment Rates, Employment Ratio, Canada
Taux d'activit6, taux de chomage, rapport emploi, Canada
(Actual and seasonally adjusted - Chiffres rtols at desaisonnalises)



Labour Force Survey; March 1981
Canada's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate rose to $7.4 \%$ in March, up 0.2 from February; the rate in March 1980 was $7.5 \%$. The seasonally adjusted participation rate was unchanged at 64.7\% in March. The employment/population ratio declined by 0.1 to 60.0\% in March.

For the week ending March 21, 1981, the seasonally adjusted employment level was 10,922,000, little changed from the estimate for February. Employment increased.for women 25 years and over ( $+13,000$ ), while it decreased for women 15 to $24(-16,000)$ and for men 25 years and over $(-8,000)$. For men 15 to 24 the level showed little change.

Provincially, the seasonally adjusted employment level increased in Quebec ( $+7,000$ ) and Saskatchewan ( $+6,000$ ), while it decreased in British Columbia $(-4,000)$. The remaining provinces showed little or no change.

Unemployment, seasonally adjusted, was 867,000 in March, up 22,000 over the previous month. Young men aged 15-24 accounted for more than half of the increase $(+12,000)$, while smaller increases occurred in the other major age-sex groups.

On a provincial basis, the level increased in Quebec $(+9,000)$, Manitoba $(+6,000)$, Alberta $(+5,000)$ and Ontario $(+5,000)$. The remaining provinces showed only slight changes in the level of unemployment.

Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates for the provinces in March were as follows, with February rates in brackets: Newfoundland, 13.2\% (12.7\%); Prince Edward Island, 12.8\% (10.8\%); Nova Scotia, 10.3\% (10.0\%); New Brunswick, 10.6\% (11.1\%); Quebec, $9.8 \%$ (9.5\%); Ontario, 6.6\% (6.5\%); Manitoba, 6.3\% (5.1\%); Saskatchewan, 4.6\% (5.3\%); Alberta, 4.1\% (3.6\%), and British Columbia, 6.1\% (5.9\%).

The unadjusted employment level for Canada in March was $10,625,000$, up $3.2 \%(+326,000)$ over the estimate for March 1980. The unemployment level was 983,000 compared to 969,000 last March. The unemployment rate in March was $8.5 \%$, down 0.1 from the previous March. The participation rate and employment/population ratio were $63.7 \%$ and $58.3 \%$, respectively, in March 1981, compared to 62.9\% and 57.5\% last March.

For further information, order the March issue of the Labour Force (71-001, \$3.50/\$35).
(see graph on preceding page)
Production of Eggs, February 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian egg production increased 3.4\% to 39.3 million dozen in February 1981 from 38.0 million a year earlier. The average number of layers decreased 0.9\% to 24.9 million from 25.1 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers increased $4.4 \%$ to 1,894 from $1,815$.

For further information, order the February issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ); or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-9954853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricuitural Products, February 1981 - Advance Information
The index number of farm prices of agricultural products for February 1981 decreased by $0.4 \%$ or 1.0 index points to 287.0 from the revised January 1981 level of $288.0(1971=100)$;

The index, which measures (as closely as can be determined) prices received by producers at the farm gate, is available on CANSIM (matrix 176) or in the: Statistics Canada publication Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products (62-003, \$1.50/\$15). This release incorporates Canadian Wheat Board adjustment payments for the period August 1980 to date. Sub-indexes for livestock, crops and their components are available to users by contacting the Farm Income and Prices Section. For further information, contact George Beelen (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products

(1971=100)

|  | February <br> 1981 | January <br> 1981 | February <br> 1980 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Canada | 287.0 | 288.0 | 263.7 |
| Prince Edward Island | 381.5 | 386.9 | 250.4 |
| Nova Scotia | 271.2 | 271.9 | 246.4 |
| New Brunswick | 332.3 | 323.0 | 229.3 |
| Quebec | 276.9 | 275.8 | 240.5 |
| Ontario | 251.8 | 251.4 | 237.2 |
| Manitoba* | 3069 | 308.9 | 283.1 |
| Saskatchewan* | 32.5 | 331.7 | 307.3 |
| Alberta* | 295.6 | 300.1 | 276.7 |
| British Columbia* | 266.9 | 264.7 | 246.6 |

* Based on current initial prices only for wheat, oats and barley for February 1981 and January 1981.

Price Indexes of Construction Machinery and Equipment, February 1981 - Advance Information Price indexes of construction machinery and equipment for Canada are now available for February.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

## Regional Services

Statistics Canada has staff to assist users in Central Inquiries, Ottawa (613-992-4734) and in eight regional centres across Canada. Toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning the Halifax office at 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the regional office in Regina can be reached by dialing 1 (112)-800-6673524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Orders for publications may be directed to these offices or to Publications Distribution, User Services, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, February 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian production of rubber in February was $20440000 \mathrm{~kg}(45,062,486$ pounds) as compared to 22.951000 kg ( $50,598,294$ pounds) for the same month of the previous year. Consumption of rubber was 26365000 kg ( $58,124,875$ pounds).

Users of data on consumption should note that there was a change in methodology as of January 1979.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber (33-003, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statiṣtics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Sugar Sales, March 1981 - Advance Information In March 1981 Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 76393982 kilograms of all types of sugar, 75892876 kilograms in domestic sales and 501106 kilograms in export sales.

For detailed information on stocks, production and shipments (sales) of refined sugar for the same period, available in approximately 10 days, order the March 1981 issue of The Sugar Sifuation (32-013, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Tuesday, April 14, 1981

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2 Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products, April 1, 1981

3 Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, February 1981
3 Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 11, 1981
3 Electric Power Statistics, January 1981
3 Coal and Coke Statistics, January 1981


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-001 (Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$; Other Countries: $\$ 7.20 / \$ 28.80$ ) National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1980

32-010 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, March 1, 1981

56-003 (Canada: $\$ 1: 50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1: 80 / \$ 18$ ) Radio Broadcasting, January 1981

Railway Carloadings
10-day Period Ended March 31, 1981


The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway CarioadIngs, 10 Days Ended March 31, 1981 - Advance Information

Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending March 31, 1981 totalled 6.1 million $\mathbf{t}(6.7$ million short tons), a decrease of $7.3 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $19.4 \%$ and increased in the West by $9.2 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $4.4 \%$ and decreased in the West by $11.1 \%$ with an overall national decrease of 0.3\%.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 54.8 million $t$ ( 60.4 million short tons) showed a decrease of $0.9 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by 2.7\%.
For further information, contact C.S. Canniff (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products, April 1, 1981 Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of frozen poultry products at April 1 amounted to 33847 metric tonnes compared with last year's corresponding total of 43302 metric tonnes.

For further information, order the February issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-9954859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

## Regional Services

Statistics Canada has staff to assist users in Central Inquiries, Ottawa (613-992-4734) and in eight regional centres across Canada. Toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning the Halifax office at 1-800-565-7192 Throughout Saskatchewan, the regional office in Regina can be reached by dialing 1 (112)-800-6673524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Orders for publications may be directed to these offices or to Publications Distribution, User Services, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Viking Building
Crosbie Rd.
St. John's, Nfld.
A1B 3P2
(709-726-0713)
1256 Barrington St.
Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6
(902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montréai, Qué.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E. Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave. Winnipeg, Man. R3C OK4 (204-949-4020)

530 Midtown Centre
RegIna, Sask.
S4P 2 B6
(306-359-5405)
11010 101st Street
Edmonton, Alta.
T5H 4B9
(403-420-3027)
1145 Robson St. Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 3W8
(604-666-3695)

Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, February
1981 - Advance Information
Advance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables for the month of February 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above-mentioned publication (32-011, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 11, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended April 11, 1981 totalled 371,122 short tons ( 336676 t), an increase of $0.2 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 370,357 short tons ( 335982 t ). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 330,606 short tons ( 299921 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 202.5 in the current week, 202.1 a week earlier and 180.4 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Electric Power Statistics, January 1981 - Advance Information
In January 1981, net generation increased to 36.7 TW.h from 35.7 TW.h in January 1980.

Hydro generation increased 2.8\% while thermal production increased 2.9\%.

For further information, order the January issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact David Madsen (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Coal and Coke Statistics, January 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian production of coal increased $28.8 \%$ in January 1981 to 3366302 metric tonnes from 2613094 a year earlier. Landed imports decreased $73.0 \%$ to 10473 from 38,774 tonnes.

For further information, order the January issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, \$2.50/\$25), or contact David Madsen (613-996-3139), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

$\qquad$



Wednesday

## CONTENTS



2 Building Permits, January 1981
4 Refined Petroleum Products, February 1981
2 Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations Statistics, September 1980

## New Data Published

New beneficiary data at the sub-provincial level will be published for the first time in the third quarter issue of the Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act.
This report contains data for the months of May, June and July 1980. Additional series by sex and from November 1979 onward are available from CANSIM or the Labour Division.
For further information, order the above-mentioned publication (73-001, $\$ 6 / \$ 24)$, or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Data are available from Matrices 3708-17 of the CANSIM data base.

## Industrial Commodity Classification, 1980

The Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division has published a updated bilingual version of the Industrial Commodity Classification for 1980.

This uncatalogued issue may be ordered at a cost of $\$ 10$ from Mrs. C. Markle, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Farm Wages in Canada, February 1981
(continued)

62-001 (\$2.50/\$25) Consumer Price Index, March 1981 - Available Thursday, April 16, 1981 at 7 a.m.

47-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, February 1981

73-001 (Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$; Other Countries: $\$ 7.20 / \$ 28.80$ ) Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act, July-September 1980

## Building Permits

(millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1980 |  |  |  |  | 1981 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt. | Total | Res. | . Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt. | Total |
| Canada - Adjusted | Jan. | 647.3 | 136.4 | 379.1 | 307.9 | 1,470.7 | 844.6 | 128.5 | 360.4 | 123.4 | 1,456.9 |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted |  | 292.9 | 73.1 | 232.5 | 190.7 | 789.2 | 357.5 | 65.7 | 205.5 | 72.5 | 701.2 |
| Newfoundland |  | 2.6 | - | 2.2 | 1.7 | $6.5{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 1.5 | - | 3.1 | 0.1 | 4.7 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 2.4 | 0.2 | 1.0 | - | 3.6 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 1.5 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 10.5 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 1.2 | 18.3 | 9.0 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 12.2 |
| New Brunswick |  | 0.7 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 5.8 | 9.8 | 0.4 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 4.7 |
| Quebec |  | 25.4 | 17.9 | 16.0 | 18.8 | 78.1 | 74.5 | 9.2 | 47.1 | 15.2 | 146.0 |
| Ontario |  | 80.7 | 27.2 | 63.6 | 76.6 | 248.1 | 87.7 | 40.9 | 55.6 | 12.8 | 197.0 |
| Manitoba |  | 1.4 | 1.4 | 5.1 | 0.8 | 8.7 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 11.0 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 19.3 | 1.0 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 49.4 | 9.5 | 1.5 | 10.5 | 3.4 | 24.9 |
| Alberta |  | 60.7 | 15.1 | 70.9 | 29.9 | 176.6 | 90.8 | 4.6 | 62.6 | 30.6 | 188.6 |
| British Columbia |  | 89.1 | 8.2 | 50.5 | 42.0 | 189.8 | 79.3 | 4.3 | 20.1 | 6.0 | 109.7 |
| N.W.T. and Yukon |  | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | - | 0.3 | 0.2 | - | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.9 |

Canada totals include an estimate of late returns.

Building Permits, January 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian municipalities authorized building construction estimated at $\$ 1,456.9$ million (seasonally adjusted) in January, compared to $\$ 1,569.1$ million in December 1980. (The latter included major industrial developments in Alberta which more than compensated for a weak residential activity). In January 1980, the estimated value of construction for which permits had been issued was $\$ 1,470.7$ million.

There was a marked improvement in the seasonally adjusted value of residential permits issued in January, as proposed construction rose $25.8 \%$ to $\$ 844.6$ million compared to $\$ 671.3$ million in the preceding month. Builders were authorized to undertake construction of 8,525 single-detached and 6,710 collective dwellings compared to 9,272 singles and 4,812 multiple dwelling units in December.

Non-residential permits value decreased 31.8\% to $\$ 612.3$ million in January from an exceptionally high December figure of $\$ 897.8$ million. Of the total proposed non-residential construction, industrial projects accounted for $\$ 128.5$ million ( $\$ 389.9$ million in December), while commercial projects had a value of $\$ 360.4$ million ( $\$ 397.6$ million) and publicly-initiated projects, $\$ 123.4$ million ( $\$ 110.3$ million).

Provincially, it is worth noting encouraging signs of renewed activity in the residential sector in Quebec and Ontario, and sustained strength in Alberta and

British Columbia (although in the latter province, reports are incomplete due to strikes in several municipal offices of the Vancouver area).

For additional information, order the January issue of Building Permits (64-001, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 Z 7$.
(see table on next page)

Transcontinental and Reglonal Alr Carrler Operatlons, September 1980 - Advance Information Transcontinental and regional air carrier operations statistics for September 1980 are now available.

For additional information, contact the Aviation Statistics Centre (819-997-1385), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0N9.

## Building Permits

January 1981

|  | Number of Dwelling Units |  |  | Value of Residential and Non-Residential Construction |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Institutional |  |
|  | Singles | Multiples | Total | Residential | Industrial | Commercial (\$000) | governmental | Total |
| Newfoundland | 30 | 3 | 33 | 1,484 | - | 3,142 | 46 | 4,672 |
| Prince Edward Island | 9 | 2 | 11 | 615 | 97 | 642 | 193 | 1,547 |
| Nova Scotia | 67 | 166 | 233 | 8,991 | 340 | 1,799 | 1,077 | 12,207 |
| New Brunswick | 2 | 3 | 5 | 437 | 2,243 | 1,464 | 554 | 4,698 |
| Quebec | 312 | 877 | 1,189 | 74,465 | 9,193 | 47,161 | 15,176 | 145,995 |
| Ontario | 764 | 924 | 1,688 | 87,768 | 40,888 | 55,580 | 12,804 | 197,040 |
| Manitoba | 69 | - | 69 | 4,016 | 2,620 | 2,129 | 2,185 | 10,950 |
| Saskatchewan | 86 | 140 | 226 | 9,508 | 1,471 | 10,530 | 3,420 | 24,929 |
| Alberta | 878 | 977 | 1,855 | 90,807 | 4,622 | 62,527 | 30,621 | 188,577 |
| British Columbia | 964 | 421 | 1,385 | 79,275 | 4,253 | 20,117 | 6,087 | 109,732 |
| Yukon | 2 | - | 2 | 103 | 30 | 237 | 282 | 652 |
| Northwest Territories | 1 | - | 1 | 58 | - | 142 | 26 | 226 |
| Canada - Unadjusted | 3,184 | 3,513 | 6,697 | 357,527 | 65,757 | 205,470 | 72,471 | 701,225 |
| Canada - Adjusted | 8,525 | 6,710 | 15,235 | 844,592 | 128,457 | 360,417 | 123,438 | 1,456,904 |
| Metropolltan Areas | 2,021 | 2,572 | 4,593 | 261,224 | 23,314 | 164,567 | 47,317 | 496,422 |
| Calgary | 418 | 477 | 895 | 48,285 | 1,796 | 33,575 | 9,090 | 92,746 |
| Chicoutimi-Jonquière | 3 | 4 | 7 | 393 | 606 | 945 | 269 | 2,213 |
| Edmonton | 185 | 151 | 336 | 17,137 | 1,838 | 15,142 | 12,138 | 46,255 |
| Halifax | 13 | 146 | 159 | 6,261 | 95 | 535 | 13 | 6,904 |
| Hamilton | 42 | 12 | 54 | 2,464 | 141 | 701 | - | 3,306 |
| Hull | 8 | - | 8 | 371 | - | 258 | 92 | 721 |
| Kitchener | 35 | 30 | 65 | 2,314 | 734 | 1,939 | 25 | 5,012 |
| London | 29 | 2 | 31 | 1,718 | 51 | 865 | 1,950 | 4,584 |
| Montreal | 212 | 562 | 774 | 60,795 | 2,493 | 38,717 | 6,122 | 108,127 |
| Oshawa | 1 | - | 1 | 115 | 198 | 388 | 19 | 720 |
| Ottawa | 13 | 136 | 149 | 5,698 | 34 | 5,329 | 7,319 | 18,380 |
| Quebec | 26 | 97 | 123 | 5,019 | 145 | 3,246 | 2,332 | 10,742 |
| Regina | 29 | 56 | 85 | 3,246 | 1,040 | 4,530 | 1,075 | 9,891 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 9 | 4 | 13 | 658 | 565 | 903 | 339 | 2,465 |
| Saint John | 1 | - | 1 | 198 | 2,243 | 249 | 49 | 2,739 |
| St. John's | 27 | 2 | 29 | 1,347 | - | 2,910 | 1 | 4,258 |
| Saskatoon | 39 | 76 | 115 | 4,978 | 203 | 2,693 | 336 | 8,210 |
| Sudbury | - | - | - | 213 | 15 | 351 |  | 579 |
| Thunder Bay | 1 | - | 1 | 125 | 115 | 821 | 138 | 1,199 |
| Toronto | 544 | 708 | 1,252 | 66,299 | 5,288 | 38,422 | 1.586 | 111,595 |
| Vancouver | 234 | 56 | 290 | 19,651 | 798 | 2,162 | 15 | 22,626 |
| Victoria | 80 | 53 | 133 | 9,753 | 250 | 6,650 | 2,205 | 18,858 |
| Windsor | 6 | - | 6 | 509 | 2,356 | 1,221 | 19 | 4,105 |
| Winnipeg | 66 | - | 66 | 3,677 | 2,310 | 2,015 | 2,185 | 10,187 |

## Preliminary figures.

For further information order Building Permits, January 1981 (64-001, \$3.50/\$35).

Preliminary Monthly Report of Petroleum Sales
February 1981
(Thousand Cubic Metres)

|  | Motor Gasoline | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Kero.) | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Naptha) | Kero. \& Stove Oil | Diesel Fuel | Light Fuel Oil | Heavy Fuel Oil | Other Products | Total Products | Motor Gasoline by Grade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Premium | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No- } \\ & \text { Lead } \end{aligned}$ | Regular |
| Nfld. | 44.3 | 11.3 | 3.7 | 7.6 | 31.4 | 44.9 | 109.1 | 2.0 | 254.3 | 3.2 | 18.9 | 22.2 |
| P.E.I. | 11.9 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 16.6 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 37.9 | 1.3 | 3.7 | 6.9 |
| N.S. | 87.2 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 13.6 | 38.5 | 128.3 | 142.3 | 11.6 | 431.3 | 10.7 | 32.6 | 43.9 |
| N.B. | 86.8 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 9.1 | 28.4 | 76.4 | 117.4 | 6.7 | 328.8 | 7.7 | 35.9 | 43.2 |
| Que. | 631.6 | 46.3 | 18.4 | 49.5 | 183.1 | 623.2 | 486.7 | 128.0 | 2166.8 | 136.8 | 197.7 | 297.1 |
| Ont. | 1001.9 , | 89.1 | 19.6 | 33.0 | 242.8 | 569.3 | 187.5 | 384.9 | 2528.1 | 117.9 | 345.8 | 538.2 |
| Man. | 106.7 | 3.4 | 15.6 | 15.9 | 45.9 | 22.9 | 11.3 | 8.4 | 230.1 | 3.4 | 26.9 | 76.4 |
| Sask. | 132.2 | 0.2 | 7.8 | 22.0 | 45.5 | 28.1 | 1.6 | 18.0 | 255.4 | 2.5 | 21.5 | 108.2 |
| Alta. | 363.6 | 26.7 | 25.7 | 9.8 | 213.2 | 15.7 | 0.4 | 76.8 | 731.9 | 17.7 | 81.9 | 264.0 |
| B.C. | 313.7 | 23.7 | 26.4 | 15.1 | 192.7 | 86.0 | 150.0 | 50.1 | 857.7 | 21.2 | 73.1 | 219.4 |
| Yukon | 2.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 4.4 | - | 0.6 | 13.1 | - | 0.3 | 2.2 |
| N.W.T. | 2.6 | 1.4 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 5.5 | - | 0.4 | 25.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 2.2 |
| Canada | 2785.0 | 209.3 | 129.5 | 186.1 | 1030.7 | 1621.3 | 1210.1 | 688.5 | 7860.5 | 322.5 | 838.6 | 1623.9 |
| Canada '80 | 2929.1 | 217.4 | 127.1 | 234.6 | 1075.3 | 2163.9 | 1369.1 | 764.0 | 8880.5 | 347.1 | 766.1 | 1815.9 |
| \% Change <br> 81/80 | -4.9 | -3.7 | 1.9 | -20.7 | -4.1 | -25.1 | -11.6 | -9.9 | -11.5 | -7.1 | 9.4 | -10.6 |

Refined Petroleum Products, February 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary information indicates Canadian refineries produced 8502.7 thousand cubic metres of refined petroleum products in February 1981. This represents a decrease of $10.4 \%$ compared to the production of 9487.5 thousand cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

Preliminary data shows net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to 7860.5 thousand cubic metres, a decrease of $11.5 \%$ compared to the net sales of 8880.5 thousand cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact G. Kitchen (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Thursday, April 16, 1981

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3 Department Store Sales and Stocks, February 1981
3 Soft Drinks, March 1981
3 Production and Inventorles of Process Cheese and Instant Skin March 1981

3 Fur Goods Industry, 1979
4 Platemaking, Typesetting and Trade Bindery Industry, 1979
4 Metal Stamping and Pressing Industry, 1979
4 Manufacturers of Lighting Fixtures, 1979
5 Manufacturers of Miscellaneous Electrical Products, 1979
5 Button, Buckle and Fastener Manufacturers, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) The Dairy Review, February 1981

31-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, January 1981

32-006 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Olls and Fats, February 1981

33-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Footwear Statistics, February 1981
(continued)

66-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) International Travel Advance Information, February 1981

84-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Vital Statistics, OctoberDecember 1980

87-002 (Canada: $\$ 4 / \$ 16$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.80 / \$ 19.20$ ) Canadian Travel Survey, Canadians Travelling in Canada, October-December 1978

## Service Bulletins:

56-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Communications, Vol. 11, No. 1, Telecommunication Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1980

64-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 2, Quarterly Investment in Housing, Final 1979 and Preliminary 1980

Help-wanted Index, Canada and Regions, 1972 to 1981
Seasonally Adjusted
(1969=100)


Help-Wanted Index, First Quarter 1981
In the first quarter of 1981, the seasonally-adjusted help-wanted index (1969=100) stood at 231, an increase of $10 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1980 and $13 \%$ from the same period in 1980. The indexes for all areas were up in both the previous quarter and year earlier comparisons except for Quebec. The index for

British Columbia recorded fairly large advances in both instances.

For further information, contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Seiected Principal Statistics for the Fur Goods Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2460 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 290 | 327 | 12.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,927 | 2,109 | 9.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 3,621 | 3,960 | 9.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 23,079 | 27,435 | 18.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 267 | 294 | 10.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 133,006 | 183,375 | 37.9 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 200,542 | 246,923 | 23.1 |
| Value added | \$000 | 69,925 | 74,085 | 6.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,380 | 2,549 | 7.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 30,333 | 35,491 | 17.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 70,357 | 76,961 | 9.4 |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Fur Goods Industry, 1979 (34-213, \$4.50).

Department Store Sales and Stocks, February 1981 Advance Information
Department store sales were $\$ 568.9$ million in February 1981, an increase of $9.1 \%$ over February 1980. Sales rose in all departments except furs ( $-19.5 \%$ ), millinery $(-7.2 \%)$ and piece goods ( $-4.5 \%$ ). The largest increases were in plumbing, heating and building materials ( $18.2 \%$ ), girls' and teenage girls' wear (17.0\%) and women's and girls' gloves, mitts and accessories (17.0\%). Sales increased in all provinces ranging from $15.6 \%$ for Nova Scotia to $5.8 \%$ for New Brunswick. Sales and percentage increases for metropolitan areas were: Montreal, $\$ 62.6$ million, $7.6 \%$; Toronto, $\$ 81.0$ million, $6.8 \%$; Winnipeg, $\$ 26.1$ million, $8.5 \%$; and Vancouver, $\$ 68.2$ million, $10.4 \%$.
The selling value of stocks held in February 1981 was $\$ 2,529.2$ million, an increase of $9.9 \%$ over February 1980. Inventories increased in 33 of the 40 departments.
For further information, order the February issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002) or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Soft Drinks, March 1981 - Advance Information The total monthly production of soft drinks for March 1981 was 24,017 thousand gallons or 1091834 hectolitres compared to 27,629 thousand gallons or 1256039 hectolitres in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the March issue of Monthly Production of Soft Drinks (32-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, March 1981 - Advance Information
The production of process cheese during the month of March 1981 was 6282118 kg . Total production of instant skim milk powder during the month was 877780 kg .

For further information, order the March issue of Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder (32-024, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226); Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Platemaking, Typesetting and Trade Bindery Industry <br> 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2870 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 395 | 448 | 13.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,563 | 6,255 | 12.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,947 | 12,379 | 13.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 82,064 | 98,261 | 19.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,822 | 2,023 | 11.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 57,926 | 70,443 | 21.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 227,632 | 269,191 | 18.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 168,353 | 198,321 | 17.8 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 7.044 | 7,839 | 11.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 110,511 | 129,134 | 16.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 169,364 | 200,001 | 18.1 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1979 (36-203, \$6).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Metal Stamping and Pressing Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3042 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 653 | 678 | 6.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 22,911 | 21,759 | -5.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 48,491 | 45,979 | -5.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 316,639 | 335,299 | 5.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 19,729 | 21,587 | 9.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 1,271,964 | 1,928,326 | 51.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 2,135,003 | 2,913,926 | 36.5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 884,599 | 1,001,203 | 13.2 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 29,119 | 26,797 | -8.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 433,955 | 465,295 | 7.2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 910,374 | 1,034,886 | 3.7 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Metal Stamping, Pressing and Coating Industry, 1979 (41-227, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of LIghting Fixtures

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3330 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 85 | 98 | 15.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,931 | 2,544 | -13.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 6,104 | 5,313 | -13.0 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 30,332 | 29,480 | -2.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,707 | 1,754 | 2.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 106,378 | 128,138 | 20.5 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 189,162 | 230,175 | 21.7 |
| Value added | \$000 | 82,541 | 102,547 | 24.2 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 3,928 | 3,501 | -10.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 46,506 | 46,147 | -0.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 84,433 | 106.429 | 26.1 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Lighting Fixtures, 1979 (43-211, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Misceilaneous Electrical Products
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3399 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 118 | 129 | 9.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 9,111 | 9,207 | 1.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 18,978 | 19,216 | 1.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 102,115 | 114,958 | 12.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 6,896 | 8,078 | 17.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 218,338 | 267,821 | 22.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | 481,118 | 575,307 | 19.6 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 264,287 | 317,784 | 20.2 |
| Value added |  | 12,925 | 13,524 | 4.6 |
| Total Activity: | $N o$. | 164,127 | 193,992 | 18.2 |
| Total employees | 301,032 | 381,610 | 26.8 |  |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Miscellaneous Electrical Products, 1979 (43210, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Button, Buckie and Fastener Manufacturers Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3992 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 29 | 31 | 106.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,182 | 1,184 | 0.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 2,523 | 2,529 | 0.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 12,190 | 13,360 | 9.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 890 | 965 | 8.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 20,852 | 25,319 | 21.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 29,561 | 33,780 | 14.3 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,539 | 1,528 | -0.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 17,944 | 19,871 | 10.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 31,125 | 36,095 | 16.0 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$4.50).


Tuesday, April 21, 1981

## CONTENTS

8 Wholesale Trade, February 1981
8 Tobacco Products, Cigarettes and Clgars, March 1981
7 Specified Dalry Products: Production during January to March 1981 and Stocks at April 1, 1981

2 Consumer Price Index, March 1981

## New Publication Released

Released today is the Listing of Supplementary Documents, the first systematic inventory of supplementary Statistics Canada documentation available to the public.

Information listed includes technical papers, memoranda, and discussion and working papers which would interest technical experts requiring a high level of detail regarding the bureau's statistical output.

A copy of the listing (catalogue 11-207) may be obtained free of charge from Publications Distribution, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V7. Inquiries regarding the publication should be directed to the Chief Librarian (613-9920673), Statistics Canada Library, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-207 (N/C) Llsting of Supplementary Documents, 1980
22-007 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Grains and Oilseeds Review, February 1981

26-223 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Metal Mines, 1978
42-209 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Motor Vehicle Manufacturers, 1979 (continued)

43-005 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Factory Sales of Electric Stifage Batteries, February 1981
44-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Cement, February 1981
46-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Specified Chemicals, Febfuaf̃y 1981

62-011 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Industry Price Indexes, January 1981

Service Bulletin:
13-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Science Statistics, Vol. 5 , No. 3, Federal Government Support of International Science and Technology, 197677 to 1980-81

Consumer Price index, March 1981 (62-001, \$2.50/\$25)

## National Highlights

The all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Canada (1971=100) increased by $1.3 \%$ in March 1981 to a level of 229.4 , up from the level of 226.4 registered in February. As a result of this latest monthly advance, the 12 month rise between March 1980 and March 1981 stood at $12.4 \%$, up from the $12.2 \%$ increase registered between February 1980 and February 1981. This latest monthly increase was largely attributable to higher housing charges and increased transportation costs, resulting in part from a 4.9\% increase in charges for energy-related items (fuel oil, domestic gas, electricity, gasoline and motor oil) and from changes in provincial sales taxes which were implemented in the provinces of Prince Edward Island and British Columbia. The all-items-excluding-food index advanced $1.5 \%$ in the latest month, up significantly from the $0.8 \%$ increase registered between January and February. In contrast, the food index, which had registered an increase of $1.7 \%$ between early January and early February, advanced by $0.7 \%$ in the latest month.
Higher prices for cereal and bakery products, most notably for bread which rose by $5.4 \%$ in the latest month, coupled with increased prices for fresh and processed fruit and vegetables, were largely responsible for the $0.7 \%$ increase in the food-for-homeconsumption index. Milk prices rose in the provinces of Prince Edward Island and Alberta while prices for other dairy products, including eggs, increased across the country. Other notable increases included higher prices for chicken, turkey, fish and for peanut butter. Dampening the impact of these price increases were lower prices for selected beef and pork cuts, sugar and for coffee. In March, the food-for-home-consumption index stood 15.2\% above its level of March 1980. The food-away-from-home index advanced by $0.6 \%$ in March, up 8.3\% over the corresponding month in 1980. As a result, the aggregate food index stood $13.7 \%$ above its level of March 1980.

The major contributing factors to the $1.5 \%$ increase in the all-items-excluding-food index were higher prices for gasoline and fuel oil resulting primarily from the lagged impact of the January 1, 1981 increase in crude oil prices as well as from the March 1981
introduction of the "Special Compensation Charge". In addition, gasoline prices in British Columbia were further affected by an increase in the provincial gasoline tax. Other notable increases included higher prices for household furnishings and equipment, increased shelter charges, especially for owned accommodation, and higher health care charges, most notably for dental care and prescribed medicines. Clothing prices, particularly those for selected men's wear items, increased as did air fares, package holiday trips and in several cities, newspaper prices. Changes in provincial tax rates also had a notable impact on selected items, including some of those mentioned above. More specifically, the provincial retail sales tax rate was increased in both the provinces of Prince Edward Island and British Columbia, the provincial tobacco taxes were increased in the provinces of Quebec, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, while prices for selected alcohol products were raised in the provinces of Prince Edward Island and British Columbia. In the province of Quebec, the provincial retail sales tax was removed from refrigerators and stoves. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items-excluding-food index advanced by $12.1 \%$, up from the $11.6 \%$ increase observed between February 1980 and February 1981.

Viewed in terms of goods and services, the price level for goods advanced by $1.6 \%$ between February and March, while that for services increased by $0.9 \%$. As a result, between March 1980 and March 1981, the price level for goods advanced by $14.0 \%$ while that for services rose by $10.1 \%$.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the all-items CPI rose $1.4 \%$ between February and March; this comprised a $0.5 \%$ rise in the food index and a $1.7 \%$ increase in the all-items-excluding-food index.

## City Highlights

Between February and March, consumer prices rose in all cities for which CPI's are produced with increases ranging from $0.7 \%$ in Thunder Bay to $2.4 \%$ in Charlottetown/Summerside. The major factors accounting for the variation in city price movements were the different rates of movement (and their resulting impact) for food, gasoline and fuel oil prices. As well, (continued)

The Consumer Price Index and Major Components (Not Seasonally Adjusted), Canada
(1971=100)

|  | Indexes |  |  | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | March 1981 from |  |
|  | Mar. 1981 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 1980 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ali items | 229.4 | 226.4 | 204.0 | 1.3 | 12.4 |
| Food | 285.1 | 283.2 | 250.7 | 0.7 | 13.7 |
| All items excluding food | 211.7 | 208.5 | 188.9 | 1.5 | 12.1 |
| Housing | 217.9 | 214.6 | 196.3 | 1.5 | 11.0 |
| Clothing | 188.9 | 187.0 | 176.4 | 1.0 | 7.1 |
| Transportation | 227.1 | 222.5 | 192.5 | 2.1 | 18.0 |
| Health and personal care | 216.7 | 211.2 | 194.4 | 2.6 | 11.5 |
| Recreation, reading and education | 186.3 | 185.0 | 167.9 | 0.7 | 11.0 |
| Tobacco and alcohol | 197.3 | 195.3 | 176.7 | 1.0 | 11.7 |
| Purchasing power of the 1971 consumer dollar | 0.44 | 0.44 | 0.49 |  |  |
| All-items Consumer Price index converted to $1961=100$ | 306.0 |  |  |  |  |

changes in provincial retail sales taxes on consumer goods and services had an upward impact on consumer prices for Charlottetown/Summerside and Vancouver.
The Consumer Price Index for April 1981 will be published on May 15, 1981.
Main contributors to monthly changes in the all-Items Index, by clity

## St. John's

Higher fuel oil and gasoline prices and increased owned accommodation charges were the main contributors to the $1.3 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Air fares rose as did electricity charges and prices for selected women's wear items. Increases were also observed in the prices of fresh vegetables, poultry and of cereal and bakery products while beef prices declined. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index advanced 13.9\%.

## Charlottetown/Summerside

The $2.4 \%$ rise in the all-items index was mainly due to higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline and alcoholic products purchased from stores, coupled with the increase in the provincial retail sales tax on selected consumer goods and services. Higher shelter and dental care charges were also recorded. Milk and bread prices rose while those for selected beef cuts declined. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index rose $13.6 \%$.

## Halifax

Higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline and for household equipment and furnishings were the major contributors to the $1.2 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Shelter charges increased as did prices for selected clothing items. Prices for poultry and bakery products rose while beef prices declined. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index increased 12.0\%.

## Saint John

The all-items index rose $1.5 \%$. Main contributors included higher fuel oil and gasoline prices and increased shelter charges. Prices for cereal and bakery products increased while beef prices declined. The all-
items index rose 12.7\% from March 1980 to March 1981.

## Quebec

The all-items index rose $1.0 \%$ mainly due to higher prices for fuel oil and gasoline and increased owned accommodation charges. Advances were also observed in the prices for newspapers, cigarettes and for selected women's wear items. Bakery product, fresh vegetable and soft drink prices rose while those for beef declined. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index increased 11.9\%.

## Montreal

Higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline and household furnishings and equipment coupled with increased charges for shelter and dental care were largely responsible for the $1.2 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Increased prices for selected men's wear items and cigarettes were also reported. Prices for cereal and bakery products increased while beef prices declined. In March 1981, the all-items index was 12.5\% above its level of March 1980.

## Ottawa

The all-items index rose $1.2 \%$ due to higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline, furniture and for selected clothing items, combined with increased local transit fares and dental charges. Higher prices for pork, chicken and bakery products were also observed while beef prices fell. From March 1980 to March 1981, the all-items index advanced 11.7\%.

## Toronto

Higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline and household furnishings and equipment, combined with increased shelter charges were largely responsible for the $1.4 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Increased men's wear prices and higher dental care charges were also observed. Prices for bakery products, fruit, vegetables and beef also increased. The all-items index stood 12.1\% above its level of March 1980.
(continued)

# Consumer Price Indexes for Canada, Major Components, Sub-groups and Special Aggregates, not Seasonally Adjusted - Concluded 

(1971=100)

| Major components, sub-groups and special aggregates | Indexes | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March 1981 from |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |
| Reclassifled by goods and services |  |  |  |
| Goods and services | 229.4 | 1.3 | 12.4 |
| Goods | 238.7 | 1.6 | 14.0 |
| Durable goods | 180.3 | 0.7 | 9.9 |
| Semi-durable goods | 182.3 | 1.8 | 8.7 |
| Non-durable goods | 272.2 | 1.8 | 17.1 |
| Non-durable goods excluding food | 240.4 | 3.0 | 19.0 |
| Goods excluding food | 205.7 | 2.0 | 13.5 |
| Services | 216.8 | 0.9 | 10.1 |
| Services excluding shelter | 229.2 | 1.1 | 11.5 |
| Speclal aggregates |  |  |  |
| All-items excluding food | 211.7 | 1.5 | 12.1 |
| All-items excluding energy | 223.0 | 1.0 | 11.2 |
| All-items excluding food and energy | 201.7 | 1.1 | 10.3 |
| All-items excluding housing | 235.5 | 1.2 | 13.2 |
| All-items excluding shelter | 235.7 | 1.5 | 13.3 |
| Energy | 324.1 | 4.9 | 27.7 |
| Food and energy | 296.0 | 1.8 | 17.2 |
| Footwear | 198.2 | 1.4 | 7.7 |

## Thunder Bay

The all-items index rose $0.7 \%$ due largely to higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline and household furnishings and equipment. Increased owned accommodation and dental care charges and higher clothing prices were also observed. Lower prices for beef and fresh produce partially dampened the impact of these increases. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index increased 11.7\%.

## WInnipeg

Increased gasoline prices and vehicle insurance premiums coupled with higher owned accommodation charges and increase household furnishings and equipment prices were major contributors to the 1.7\% rise in the all-items index. Prices for bakery products, soft drinks and beer purchased from stores also advanced while beef prices declined. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index rose 11.3\%.

## RegIna

The $1.2 \%$ increase in the all-items index resulted largely from increased shelter charges ánd higher prices for gasoline, furniture and selected clothing items. Higher prices for fresh produce, bakery products, cigarettes and restaurant meals were also recorded. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index advanced 12.2\%.

## Saskatoon

The $0.8 \%$ rise in the all-items index was largely due to higher gasoline prices, increased shelter charges, and higher prices for furniture, cigarettes and alcoholic beverages purchased in licensed premises. Higher prices for restaurant meals, beef and bakery products were offset by lower pork and fresh produce prices. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index rose 11.7\%.

## Edmonton

Higher prices for gasoline, and household furnishings and equipment combined with increased shelter and dental care charges were major contributors to the $0.8 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Prices for milk, bakery products, fresh produce and restaurant meals increased while those for beef declined. The March 1981 allitems index was 12.6\% above its level of March 1980.

## Calgary

The $0.9 \%$ rise in the all-items index resulted primarily from higher prices for gasoline and household furnishings and equipment combined with increased shelter charges. Higher water rates, dental care charges and clothing prices were also registered. Milk prices increased while those for beef, pork and fresh vegetables declined. Between March 1980 and March 1981, the all-items index rose $13.9 \%$.

## Vancouver

Main contributors to the $2.1 \%$ rise in the all-items index were higher prices for gasoline and tobacco and alcohol products, coupled with higher shelter charges and an increase in the provincial retail sales tax on selected consumer goods and services. Higher fuel oil prices and dental care charges were also registered. Beef prices declined. The all-items index advanced 14.7\% between March 1980 and March 1981.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of The Consumer Price Index (62-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Sandra Shadlock or Suzanne Lavoie (613-9954078), Consumer Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
(see tables on pages 5 and 6)

Month-to-Month Percentage Changes in the Unadjusted and
Seasonally Adjusted Consumer Price Index for Canada* *

|  | All items |  | Food |  | All items excluding food |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.4 | . | 0.8 |  | 0.2 | . |
| February | 0.7 |  | 0.7 | -• | 0.6 |  |
| March | 1.1 |  | 1.4 | . | 1.1 | . |
| April | 0.2 | , . | 1.7 | . | -0.4 |  |
| May | 1.4 |  | 3.3 |  | 0.6 | . |
| June | 0.9 |  | 2.0 | . | 0.4 | . |
| July | 1.5 | . $\cdot$ | 4.0 | . | 0.4 | . |
| August | 0.1 | . | -1.4 |  | 0.7 | . |
| September | -0.2 |  | -2.4 |  | 0.7 |  |
| October | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 0.8 |
| November | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| December | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| February | 0.9 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| March | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| April | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| May | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| June | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| July | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| August | 0.4 | 0.5 | -0.7 | -0.4 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| September | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| October | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| November | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| December | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| February | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| March | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| April | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.7 | - 0.8 |
| May | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| June | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| July | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| August | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| September | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| October | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| November | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| December | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| February | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 <br> 1.7 |
| March | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.5 | -1.7 |

[^2]
## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { items } \end{gathered}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing (1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trans- } \\ \text { porta- } \\ \text { tion } \\ 71=100 \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ | Health and personal care | Recreation. reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. John's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 245.5 | 313.3 | 247.5 | 179.4 | 227.1 | 230.6 | 180.1 | 199.1 |
| February 1981 Index | 242.3 | 311.9 | 242.9 | 177.7 | 222.4 | 226.9 | 178.8 | 198.5 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 7.6 | 17.9 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 12.4 |
| Charlottetown/Summerside** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 185.0 | 195.7 | 187.7 | 159.1 | 195.3 | 179.6 | 154.9 | 175.4 |
| February 1981 Index | 180.6 | 192.4 | 183.6 | 155.8 | 190.0 | 172.5 | 154.4 | 165.5 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 0.3 | 6.0 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 13.6 | 12.9 | 13.4 | 8.3 | 20.5 | 12.5 | 10.3 | 16.4 |
| Halifax |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 225.1 | 284.9 | 217.3 | 181.6 | 223.1 | 203.9 | 176.1 | 184.4 |
| February 1981 Index | 22.4 | 282.7 | 213.7 | 180.4 | 219.2 | 200.0 | 175.2 | 184.3 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 12.0 | 15.2 | 10.4 | 5.5 | 15.9 | 11.6 | 10.8 | 11.4 |
| Salnt John |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 230.5 | 289.2 | 228.4 | 175.2 | 220.0 | 205.6 | 192.9 | 183.5 |
| February 1981 Index | 227.0 | 287.5 | 222.5 | 172.8 | 216.2 | 202.4 | 192.5 | 182.7 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 12.7 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 6.7 | 14.4 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 11.3 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 225.9 | 283.6 | 217.3 | 165.8 | 225.8 | 212.3 | 186.4 | 202.3 |
| February 1981 Index | 223.6 | 282.8 | 214.9 | 164.1 | 222.2 | 210.2 | 183.2 | 199.3 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 11.9 | 14.4 | 9.6 | 5.7 | 17.2 | 11.3 | 9.4 | 13.3 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 226.9 | 285.9 | 209.1 | 185.1 | 226.0 | 218.6 | 186.3 | 206.3 |
| February 1981 Index | 224.3 | 284.3 | 206.2 | 182.3 | 222.8 | 212.0 | 185.9 | 204.3 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 0.2 | 1.0 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 12.5 | 14.9 | 11.4 | 7.0 | 15.2 | 10.8 | 9.9 | 13.9 |
| Othawa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 224.4 | 271.3 | 211.2 | 209.0 | 227.4 | 206.9 | 181.4 | 199.8 |
| February 1981 Index | 221.8 | 269.1 | 208.6 | 207.1 | 222.9 | 199.8 | 180.8 | 199.4 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 2.0 | 3.6 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 11.7 | 14.5 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 17.6 | 10.3 | 11.8 | 9.1 |
| Toronto |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 227.5 | 278.4 | 214.1 | 191.8 | 227.8 | 230.9 | 188.2 | 194.9 |
| February 1981 Index | 224.4 | 275.3 | 210.6 | 190.2 | 223.8 | 225.6 | 186.3 | 194.9 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 0.0 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 12.1 | 13.9 | 10.0 | 6.6 | 17.9 | 13.0 | 11.9 | 9.7 |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March.198.1 Index | 226.0 | 267.6 | 218.8 | 181.1 | 236.9 | 217.9 | 184.9 | 197.6 |
| February 1981 Index | 224.4 | 269.6 | 215.9 | 179.3 | 233.2 | 212.9 | 184.6 | 197.4 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 0.7 | -0.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 11.7 | 10.4 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 18.7 | 10.2 | 10.9 | 13.2 |
| Winnipeg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 228.5 | 271.4 | 227.6 | 199.1 | 228.6 | 211.3 | 180.2 | 192.6 |
| February 1981 Index | 224.7 | 270.3 | 224.8 | 199.4 | 215.7 | 207.6 | 179.5 | 188.8 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 1.2 | -0.2 | 6.0 | 1.8 | 0.4 | 2.0 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 20.3 | 10.2 | 7.5 | 12.3 |
| Regina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 227.5 | 268.9 | 217.8 | 198.2 | 227.8 | 214.1 | 202.6 | 203.6 |
| February 1981 Index | 224.7 | 265.6 | 215.4 | 194.0 | 224.6 | 210.3 | 201.9 | 202.3 |
| \% change from February 1981 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| \% change from March 1980 | 12.2 | 13.2 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 17.2 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 13.9 |

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada (continued)
The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

| Recre- |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ation, |

*For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Section C of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-010, \$6/\$24).
** $1974=100$.

Production during March 1981 and January to March 1980-1981 and Stocks at April 1, 1981 of Specified Dairy Products


For further information, contact Ms. E. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## Regional Services

Statistics Canada has staff to assist users in Central Inquiries, Ottawa (613-992-4734) and in eight regional centres across Canada. Toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Stocia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island by telephoning the Halifax office at 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the regional office in Regina can be reached by dialing 1 (112)-800-6673524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Orders for publications may be directed to these offices or to Publications Distribution, User Services, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Viking Building
Crosbie Rd.
St. John's, Nfld.
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(709-726-0713)
1256 Barrington St.
Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6
(902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montréal, Qué.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E.
Toronto, Ont.
M4T 1M4
(416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave.
Winnipeg, Man.
R3C 0K4
(204-949-4020)
530 Midtown Centre
Regina, Sask.
S4P 2 B6
(306-359-5405)
11010 101st Street
Edmonton, Alta.
T5H 4B9
(403-420-3027)
1145 Robson St.
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 3W8
(604-666-3695)

Wholesale Trade, February 1981 - Advance Information
Wholesale merchants' sales for February were estimated at $\$ 6,361.9$ million, up $6.9 \%$ from the $\$ 5,953.8$ million reported in February 1980. For the first two months of 1981, total sales reached $\$ 12,523.9$ million, an increase of $8.1 \%$ over the accumulated sales of \$11,585.3 million for January-February 1980.

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 13,636.0$ million, an increase of $8.0 \%$ from stocks of $\$ 12,625.8$ million on hand at the end of February last year.

For further information, order the February issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, \$1.50/\$15), or contact the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Tobacco Products, Cigarettes and Cigars, March 1981

- Advance Information

Production of cigarettes for the month of March 1981 was 6.1 billion as compared to 6.2 billion for the same period of the previous year. Production of cigars for the same periods was 44.5 million and 46.0 million respectively.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32-022, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-9963226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Wednesday, April 22, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Feed Price Indexes, February 1981
2 Soft Drinks, March 1981
2 Pack of Processed Blueberrles, 1980
2 Water Carriers, 1979
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 18, 1981


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-006 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, December 1980

32-213 (Canada: \$4.50; Countries: \$5.40) Confectlonery Manufacturers, 1979
36-214 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Folding Carton and Set-up Box Manufacturers, 1979

41-225 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Heating Equipment Manufacturers, 1979

61-005 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, December 1980

71-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) The Labour Force, March 1981

83-217 (Canada: \$3; Other Countries: \$3.60) Hospital Statistics - Prellminary Annual Report, 1979-80

91-204 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Estimates of Families for Canada and the Provinces, 1978 Final and 1979 Preliminary

## Feed Price Indexes, February 1981 - Advance Infor-

 mationFeed price indexes for Canada and five geographical regions are now available for February 1981.
For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Soft Drinks, March 1981 - Advance Information The total monthly production of soft drinks for March 1981 was 24,539 thousand gallons or 1115565 hectolitres compared to 27,629 thousand gallons or 1256039 hectolitres in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Monthly Production of Soft Drinks (32-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15)$, or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Pack of Processed Blueberries, 1980 - Advance Information
The total pack of blueberries for the 1980 crop year by Canadian processors was as follows:

- Canned 430 metric tonnes ( 948,000 pounds)
- Frozen 9306 metric tonnes ( $20,516,000$ pounds).

Total acquirements of fresh blueberries for the 1980 crop year by Canadian processors were 10991 metric tonnes ( $24,232,000$ pounds).

For further information, order the Fruit and Vegetable Preservation Service Bulletin, Vol. 9, No. 19, Pack of Processed Blueberries, 1980 (32-023, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Water Carriers, 1979 - Advance Information
Preliminary results are now available from the 1979 financial survey of water carriers. Gross water transportation revenues generated by the 289 commercial, chartering and private carriers totalled $\$ 1.63$ billion in 1979. Of the four major water transportation operations undertaken, the transport of commodities represented the largest portion of total gross transportation revenue ( $\$ 1.0$ billion), followed by towing ( $\$ 188$ million), chartering to others ( $\$ 143$ million) and the transport of passengers ( $\$ 48$ million). The remaining $\$ 242$ million came from subsidized operations. Only commercial and chartering carriers earning more than $\$ 100,000$ annually were surveyed.

For further information, contact R. Poisson (613-996-9274), Surface and Marine Transport Section, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 18, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended April 18, 1981 totalled 369,046 short tons ( 334793 t), a decrease of $0.6 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 371,122 short tons ( 336676 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 337,286 short tons ( 305981 t).
The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 201.4 in the current week, 202.5 a week earlier and 184.1 one year ago.
For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.


Thursday, April 23, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, February 1981

4 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 7, 1981
2 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columb February 1981

3 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED



33-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, February 1981

41-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, March 1981

41-006 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, February 1981

53-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Urban Transit, February 1981

## Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

|  | Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { change } \end{array}$ | Jan.-Feb. 1981r | Jan.-Feb. 1980 | change |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 76.2 | 74.1 | 2.7 | 150.3 | 136.7 | 9.9 |
| Nova Scotia | 303.8 | 322.4 | -5.7 | 626.2 | 582.7 | 7.5 |
| New Brunswick | 298.4 | 345.8 | -13.7 | 644.2 | 550.3 | 17.1 |
| Quebec | 3,673.5 | 3,504.4 | 4.8 | 7,177.9 | 6,831.5 | 5.1 |
| Ontario | 6,952.6 | 6,591.5 | 5.5 | 13,544.1 | 12,770.0 | 6.1 |
| Manitoba | 358.0 | 330.6 | 8.3 | 688.6 | 641.7 | 7.3 |
| Saskatchewan | 160.4 | 157.9 | 1.6 | 318.3 | 295.5 | 7.7 |
| Alberta | 914.3 | 891.1 | 2.6 | 1,805.4 | 1,570.4 | 15.0 |
| British Columbia | 1,319.2 | 1,262.9 | 4.5 | 2,582.2 | 2,432.3 | 6.2 |
| Canada* | 14,072.4 | 13,497.5 | 4.3 | 27,570.0 | 25,841.6 | 6.7 |

[^3]Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, February 1981 - Advance Information Canadian manufacturers' shipments in February 1981, seasonally adjusted, were estimated at $\$ 14,874.1$ million, up $2.6 \%$ from the revised January level of $\$ 14,491.0$ million. Durable goods shipments increased $5.8 \%$ to $\$ 6,480.7$ million from $\$ 6,127.3$ million in January and non-durable goods shipments rose 0.4\% to $\$ 8,393.4$ million from $\$ 8,363.7$ million.

The value of new orders received, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at $\$ 15,146.8$ million in February, 5.5\% higher than the revised January value of $\$ 14,353.3$ million. New orders in durable goods industries, recovering from a sharp $6.2 \%$ drop from December to January, rose $11.7 \%$ in February to $\$ 6,727.2$ million. The revised January value was $\$ 6,021.3$ million. The recovery could be attributed to large increases in new orders in the primary metals and electrical products industries. Non-durable goods new orders increased $1.1 \%$ to $\$ 8,419.6$ million from $\$ 8,332.0$ million.

The total backlog of unfilled orders for all manufacturing, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at \$19,145.0 million in February, 1.4\% higher than the revised January value of $\$ 18,872.3$ million. Unfilled orders for durable goods increased $1.5 \%$ in February to $\$ 16,819.7$ million from $\$ 16,573.2$ million and non-durable goods unfilled orders rose $1.1 \%$ to $\$ 2,325.3$ million from $\$ 2,299.1$ million.

The seasonally adjusted value of total inventory owned by manufacturers increased 0.4\% to \$29,760.6 million in February from $\$ 29,636.1$ million as revised for January. Total inventory held increased 0.4\% in February to $\$ 31,235.3$ million from $\$ 31,104.7$ million for January (revised), with increases in the value of raw materials of $0.1 \%$, in goods in process of $1.1 \%$ and in finished products of $0.2 \%$.
The seasonally adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments at the end of February was 2.00:1 compared with 2.05:1 (revised) in January. The
finished products to shipments ratio in February was 0.68:1, down from the revised January ratio of 0.70:1.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in February 1981, were estimated at $\$ 14,072.4$ million, $4.3 \%$ higher than the revised January value of $\$ 13,497.5$ million.

Certain preliminary data series of shipments by provinces in greater detail may be available upon request from H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. For further information, order the February issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35)$.
(see table on next page)

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, February 1981 Advance Information
Sawmills in British Columbia produced $1,086.7$ million feet board measure ( $2564.3 \mathrm{m3}$ ) of lumber and ties in February 1981, compared to $1,111.9$ million feet board measure ( $2623.8 \mathrm{m3}$ ) a year earlier.

January to February 1981 production increased to $2,126.5$ million feet board measure ( $5018.0 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from 2,118.7 million feet board measure ( $4999.6 \mathrm{m3}$ ) for the same period in 1980.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia (35-003, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventorles and Orders in All Manufacturing Industrles
(Based on 1977 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)

|  | Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Feb. $1980$ |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total | 14,072.4 | 13,497.5 | 14,454.4 | 13:174.9 |
| Non-durable | 7,967.8 | 7,855.9 | 8,301.7 | 7,246.7 |
| Durable | 6,104.6 | 5,641.6 | 6,152.7 | 5,928.2 |
| New Orders: Total | 14.574.6 | 13,895.6 | 14,194.5 | 13,683.0 |
| Non-durable | 8,011.0 | 7,888.8 | 8,355.0 | 7,257.2 |
| Durable | 6,563.6 | 6,006.8 | 5,839.5. | 6,425.7 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total | 19,288.0 | 18,785.8 | 18,387.7 | 18,908.0 |
| Non-durable | 2,319.5 | 2,276.3 | 2,243.4 | 2,105.9 |
| Durable | 16,968.4 | 16,509.5 | 16,144.3 | 16,802.1 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 30,199.1 | 29,865.7 | 28,893.9 | 27,489.8 |
| Non-durable | 15,230.6 | 15,057.5 | 14,528.6 | 13,687.2 |
| Durable | 14,968.5 | 14,808.2 | 14,365.2 | 13,802.6 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 31,653.2 | 31,301.6 | 30,284.7 | 28,665.5 |
| Raw materials | 12,772.1 | 12,834.5 | 12,644.2 | 11,680.9 |
| Goods in process | 8,507.0 | 8,363.8 | 8,050.5 | 7,585.9 |
| Finished Products | 10,374.1 | 10,103.3 | 9,589.9 | 9,398.7 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total | 14,874.1 | 14,491.0 | 15,007.7 | 13,507.3 |
| Non-durable | 8,393.4 | 8,363.7 | 8,497.5 | 7,364.4 |
| Durable | 6,480.7 | 6,127.3 | 6,510.2 | 6,142.9 |
| New Orders: Total | 15,146.8 | 14,353.3 | 14,954.6 | 13,730.3 |
| Non-durable | 8,419.6 | 8,332.0 | 8,568.3 | 7,352.2 |
| Durable | 6,727.2 | 6,021.3 | 6,386.3 | 6,378.1 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total | 19,145.0 | 18,872.3 | 19,010.0 | 18,794.5 |
| Non-durable | 2,325.3 | 2,299.1 | 2,330.8 | 2,110.0 |
| Durable | 16,819.7 | 16,573.2 | 16,679.2 | 16,684.5 |
| Inyentory Owned: Total | 29,760.6 | 29,636.1 | 29,007.9 | 27,104.1 |
| Nón-durable | 15,085.2 | 14,996.2 | 14,651.2 | 13,616.8 |
| Durable | 14,675.4 | 14,639.9 | 14,356.7 | 13,487. 3 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 31,235.3 | 31,104.7 | 30,433.6 | 28,296.8 |
| Raw materials | 12,766.0 | 12,750.1 | 12,452.4 | 11,700.7 |
| Goods in process | 8,356.6 | 8,266.8 | $8,080.1$ | 7.419 .0 |
| Finished products | 10,112.7 | 10,087.8 | 9,901.1 | 9,177.1 |
| Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments | 2.00 | 2.05 | 1.93 | 2.01 |
| Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.66 | 0.68 |

[^4]Railway Carloadings
7-day period ending April 7, 1981

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,498,454 | 2,482,658 | 4,981,112 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,509,276 | 2,208,911 | 4,718,187 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2266559 | 2252229 | 4518788 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2276377 | 2003890 | 4280267 |
| \% change | -0.4 | 12.4 | 5.6 |
| Cars, 1981 | 39,245 | 34,643 | 73,888 |
| Cars, 1980 | 37,483 | 30,974 | 68,457 |
| \% change | 4.7 | 11.8 | 7.9 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 150,266 | 63,711 | 213,977 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 126,949 | 56,183 | 183,132 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 136319 | 57798 | 194117 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 115166 | 50968 | 166134 |
| \% change | 18.4 | 13.4 | 16.8 |
| Cars, 1981 | 4,698 | 2,351 | 7,049 |
| Cars, 1980 | 3,914 | 2,130 | 6,044 |
| \% change | 20.0 | 10.4 | 16.6 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Total carload trafflc: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 33,084,703 | 32,781,785 | 65,866,488 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 36,243,519 | 29,447,765 | 65,691,284 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 30013938 | 29739135 | 59753073 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 32879567 | 26714563 | 59594130 |
| \% change | -8.7 | 11.3 | 0.3 |
| Cars, 1981 | 517,663 | 455,804 | 973,467 |
| Cars, 1980 | 555,515 | 426,046 | 981,561 |
| \% change | -6.8 | 7.0 | -0.8 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 1,930,001 | 795,988 | 2,725,989 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 1,910,617 | 798,927 | 2,709,544 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 1750867 | 722108 | 2472975 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 1733283 | 724774 | 2458057 |
| \% change | 1.0 | -0.4 | 0.6 |
| Cars, 1981 | 59,813 | 29,345 | 89,158 |
| Cars, 1980 | 59,776 | 30,623 | 90,399 |
| \% change | 0.06 | -4.2 | -1.4 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 7, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending April 7, 1981 totalled 4.5 million t ( 5.0 million short tons), an increase of $5.6 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $0.4 \%$ and increased in the West by $12.4 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $18.4 \%$ and in the West by $13.4 \%$ with an overall national increase of $16.8 \%$.
The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 59.8 million $t$ ( 65.9 million short tons), showed an increase of $0.3 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $1.4 \%$.

For further information, contact C.S. Canniff (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Friday, April 24, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Travel Price Index, 1980
2 Production of Selected Biscuits, First Quarter 1981
2 Mineral Wool, March 1981
2 Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tiles, March 1981
2 Fruit and Vegetable Canning and Preservation Industry, 1979
3 Men's Clothing Contractors Industry, 1979
3 Women's Clothing Contractors Industry, 1979
4 Miscellaneous Paper Converters Industry, 1979
4 Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds Industry, 1979


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Farm Cash Receipts, January-February 1981

22-002 (\$15 for series of 8) Field Crop Reporting Series No. 3, Stocks of Grain at March 31, 1981 - Available April 24, 1981 at 3 p.m.

25-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, February 1981

35-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Constructlon Type Plywood, February 1981

36-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other. Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Particleboard and Waferboard, February 1981
(continued)

41-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Shipments of Steel Pipe, Tubing and Fittings, February 1981

56-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Telephone Statistics, February 1981

62-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, February 1981

64-002 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Housing Starts and Completions, January 1981

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Fruit and Vegetable Canning and Preserving Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1031 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 197 | 200 | 1.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 9,901 | 9,660 | -2.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 20,564 | 20,089 | -2.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 106.855 | 115.525 | 8.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 13,582 | 15,748 | 15.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 615,689 | 709,649 | 15.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 984,468 | 1,118,647 | 13.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 372,573 | 425,366 | 14.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 13,521 | 13,326 | -1.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 167,727 | 180,680 | 7.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 401,060 | 464,508 | 15.8 |

For further information, contact K. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Fruit and Vegetable Processing Industries, 1979 (32-218, \$4.50).

Travel Price Index, 1980 - Advance Information The cost of travelling in Canada, as measured by the average annual Travel Price Index (TPI), increased even more in 1980 than the average annual Consumer Price Index (CPI). The TPI for 1980 stood at 220.6 $(1971=100)$, which represents an increase of $13 \%$ over the 1979 figure, revised with this release to 196.0. In comparison, the CPI for 1980 rose by $10 \%$ to 210.6. In comparing the scales for Canada and the United States, it should be noted that the American TPI rose $21 \%$ in 1980 to 235.6 .

For further information, please contact Doug Higgins or Janice Ife (613-995-9689), Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Production of Selected Blscuits, First Quarter 1981 Advance Information
During the quarter ended March 1981, production of biscuits (all types) was 38466493 kg ( $84,804,101$ pounds).

For further information, order the first quarter 1981 issue of Production of Selected Biscuits (32-026, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$ ), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Mineral Wool, March 1981 - Advance Information During the month of March, manufacturers shipped 5505684 square metres of mineral wool (all Rfactors).

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Mineral Wool (44-004, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tlles, March 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers produced 3870 metric tonnes or 825089 square metres of vinyl-asbestos floor tiles in March 1981 as compared to 3823 metric tonnes or 658935 square metres in the same period of the previous year.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles (47-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15)$, or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Men's Clothing Contractors Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2432 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 144 | 150 | 4.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 8,063 | 8,095 | 0.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 16,175 | 16,267 | 0.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 68,763 | 76,589 | 11.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 810 | 979 | 20.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 10,689 | 12,214 | 14.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 103,086 | 121,596 | 18.0 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 91,454 | 108,345 | 18.5 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 8,361 | 8,449 |  |
| Total Activity: |  | 73,800 | 82,560 | 1.1 |
| Total employees | $\mathbf{N o}$ | 91,287 | 108,077 | 11.9 |
| Total salaries and wages |  |  | 18.4 |  |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Men's Clothing Industries, 1979 (34-216, \$4.50).

Seiected Principal Statistics for the Women's Ciothing Contractors Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2442 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 315 | 349 | 10.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 10,400 | 10,701 | 2.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 19,959 | 20,351 | 2.0 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 81,631 | 96,598 | 18.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 564 | 934 | 65.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 15,857 | 16,999 | 7.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 103,543 | 126,366 | 22.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 10,707 | 11,168 | 4.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 85,828 | 103,423 | 20.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 103,385 | 126,078 | 22.0 |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Women's and Children's Clothing Industries, 1979 (34-217, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Paper Converters Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2740 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 242 | 252 | 4.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 11,120 | 11,667 | 4.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 22,728 | 23,926 | 5.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 134,477 | 156,448 | 16.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 12,960 | 14,546 | 12.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 477,374 | 611,305 | 28.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 866,982 | 1,076,983 | 24.2 |
| Value added | \$000 | 381,949 | 468,882 | 22.8 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | 15,456 | 15,785 | 2.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 211,136 | 238,303 | 12.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 399,338 | 487,719 | 22.1 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Paper Converters, 1979 (36-206, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3760 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 114 | 119 | 4.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,711 | 3,648 | -2.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 7,751 | 7,702 | -0.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 54,560 | 58,231 | 6.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 7,464 | 9,012 | 20.7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 330,767 | 404,407 | 22.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 660,153 | 776,767 | 17.7 |
| Value added | \$000 | 345,732 | 383,713 | 11.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 7,189 | 7,327 | 1.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 116,659 | 129,025 | 10.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 364,137 | 406,056 | 11.5 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Soap and Cleaning Compounds, 1979 (46-214, $\$ 4.50$ ).


## CONTENTS



LIMPRARY

2 Index of Industrial Production, February 1981
3 Residentiai Buliding Construction Input Price Indexes, March 1980
3 Radio Broadcasting, February 1981
3 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockles, February 1981

3 Wool Production and Supply, 1980

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-024 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, March 1981

41-216 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Wire and Wire Products Manufacturers, 1979

41-220 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Steel Plpe and Tube Mills, 1979
45-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Coal and Coke Statistics, January 1981

55-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Oil Pipe Line Transport, December 1980

61-001 $\cdot$ (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other, Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Cheques Cashed, February 1981

63-007 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) New Motor Vehlcle Sales, January 1981
(continued)

65-001 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Summary of External Trade, February 1981

72-004 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 20$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$ ) Federal Government Employ-
ment, October-December 1980

## Service Bulletin:

52-004 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Railway Transport, Vol. 11, No. 3, Railway Carloadings, December 1980; Railway Operating Statistics, September 1980

## Index of Industrlal Production

(1971=100)
(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1971 \\ \text { Percentage } \\ \text { Weight } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index of Industrial Production | 29.230 | 133.9 | 134.2 | 134.4 | 133.5 | 134.6 | 0.8 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells | 3.819 | 117.3 | 120.1 | 115.4 | . 117.1 | 118.9 | 1.5 |
| Metal mines | 1.584 | 97.7 | 97.3 | 92.0 | 91.3 | 93.1 | 2.0 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.492 | 117.2 | 122.1 | 118.3 | 123.2 | 123.5 | 0.3 |
| Non-metal mines (except coal mines) | . 363 | 137.0 | 136.8 | 125.7 | 126.0 | 134.6 | 6.8 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 132.7 | 131.3 | 132.2 | 131.1 | 132.4 | 1.0 |
| Food and beverage industries | 3.107 | 120.9 | 119.4 | 120.5 | 122.3 | 123.3 | 0.8 |
| Tobacco products industries | . 212 | 118.0 | 123.7 | 121.6 | 118.2 | 112.8 | -4.6 |
| Rubber and plastic products industries | . 650 | 158.4 | 148.7 | 150.1 | 147.5 | 146.9 | -0.4 |
| Leather industries | . 206 | 105.8 | 108.2 | 105.6 | 117.1 | 120.8 | 3.1 |
| Textile industries | . 769 | 129.8 | 136.6 | 139.2 | 133.4 | 130.7 | -2.0 |
| Knitting mills | . 205 | 110.1 | 112.5 | 110.0 | 115.0 | 110.6 | -3.9 |
| Clothing industries | . 742 | 112.5 | 117.7 | 115.0 | 116.1 | 117.5 | 1.3 |
| Wood industries | . 968 | 141.3 | 147.9 | 144.0 | 148.6 | 151.0 | 1.6 |
| Furniture and fixture industries | . 420 | 114.8 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 114.7 | 118.4 | 3.2 |
| Paper and allied industries | 1.841 | 136.2 | 130.4 | 129.4 | 128.3 | 132.8 | 3.5 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 1.123 | 148.4 | 152.0 | 156.6 | 149.4 | 151.2 | 1.2 |
| Primary metal industries | 1.976 | 128.1 | 134.7 | 134.2 | 130.5 | 134.1 | 2.8 |
| Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) | 1.957 | 133.5 | 123.4 | 126.1 | 122.5 | 125.4 | 2.4 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 1.001 | 184.7 | 173.2 | 171.7 | 187.3 | 181.0 | -3.3 |
| Transportation equipment industries | 2.571 | 121.0 | 121.4 | 125.4 | 113.0 | 114.1 | 0.9 |
| Electrical products industries | 1.631 | 126.3 | 121.5 | 124.1 | 127.2 | 129.9 | 2.1 |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | . 905 | 118.3 | 115.4 | 113.4 | 111.0 | 113.3 | 2.1 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | . 394 | 146.5 | 139.0 | 138.7 | 141.4 | 138.6 | -2.0 |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.362 | 155.8 | 152.9 | 155.9 | 157.4 | 156.7 | -0.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | . 713 | 129.0 | 134.2 | 130.9 | 135.3 | 136.2 | 0.7 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 167.9 | 179.5 | 180.6 | 177.1 | 176.1 | -0.6 |
| Special Industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 133.4 | 132.6 | 133.2 | 133.1 | 134.0 | 0.6 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 132.0 | 130.1 | 131.1 | 129.1 | 130.8 | 1.3 |

Index of Industriai Production, February 1981 Advance Information
The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production increased by $0.8 \%$ to 134.6 in February from 133.5 in January. Output of mining and manufacturing increased while production by utilities declined during the month.
For further information, order the February issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry
(including the Index of Industrial Production)(61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact Erika Molnar (613-995-0568), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Residentlal Building Construction Input Price Indexes
March 1981 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |

For more information, order Construction Price Statistics (62-007, \$30 per year), or contact Mrs. J.C. Arial (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Radio Broadcasting, February 1981 - Advance Information
Gross national AM and FM radio air-time sales were $\$ 8.4$ million in February, an increase of $3.7 \%$ from $\$ 8.1$ million in February 1980. After deduction of agency and other commissions, net national sales amounted to $\$ 7.1$ million, up $4.4 \%$ from $\$ 6.8$ million in the previous year.
Net local air-time sales were up $1.5 \%$ to $\$ 20.6$ million in February from \$20.3 million.

Gross year-to-date sales to February were $\$ 55.7$ million compared to $\$ 52.6$ million in 1980, an increase of $5.9 \%$. Net sales rose $5.5 \%$ to $\$ 52.1$ million from $\$ 49.4$ million.
For further information, order the February issue of Radio Broadcasting (56-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

[^5]For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (35-002, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Wool Production and Supply, 1980 - Advance Information
Wool production in Canada in 1980 is estimated at 2,666,100 pounds, an increase of 5.4\% from 2,529,400 in 1979. Imports of wool in 1980 at $32,359,000$ pounds, decreased by $22 \%$ from 1979. Exports at 1,011,000 pounds increased by $39 \%$ from previous year.

The 1980 issue of this publication is the first to carry data in both imperial and metric units.

For further information, order Wool Production and Supply, 1980 (23-205, \$3), or contact B. Rosien (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

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Tuesday, April 28, 1981


## CONTENTS

2 Key Economic Series, May 1981
2 Oilseed Crushings, March 1981
2 Electric Lamps, March 1981
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 25, 1981


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-004E (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Current Economic Analysls, April 1981

65-007 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Imports by Commoditles, January 1981

82-208 (Canada: \$10; Other Countries: \$12) Surgical Procedures and Treatments, 1977

Key Economic Series, May 1981
During the coming month, the release of Key Economic Series data is expected to be in accordance with the schedule outlined below. Where a range of dates is given for a series, this represents the period within which publication of the data can be reasonably expected, the variability taking account of circumstances peculiar to each series. Any range may be exceeded on rare occasions, for reasons unpredictable at this time.
April 27 - May 1: Real Domestic Product, February 1981;
Aprll 30 - May 8: Labour Income, February 1981;
May 4 - May 8: Canadian Composite Leading Index, February 1981;
May 4 - May 11: Employment, Earnings and Hours, February 1981;
May 5: Preliminary Statement on Canadian Trade, March 1981;
May 5 - May 11: Industry Selling Price Index, March 1981;
May 8: Labour Force Survey, April 1981;
May 13 - May 15: Farm Cash Receipts, January-March 1981;
May 15: The Consumer Price Index, April 1981;
May 15 - May 21: Wholesale Trade, March 1981;
May 20 - May 22: Index of Industrial Production, March 1981;
May 21 - May 26: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, March 1981;
May 25 - May 29: Building Permits, February 1981;
May 25 - May 29: Unemployment Insurance, March 1981;
May 29 - June 1: Industrial Corporations Financial Statistics, First Quarter 1981 (Preliminary Data);
May 29 - June 2: Housing Starts in Urban Centres of 10,000 Population and Over, April 1981;
May 29 - June 3: Retail Trade, March 1981;
May 29 - June 4: Real Domestic Product, March 1981; May 29 - June 5: Labour. Income, March 1981.

The June schedule of Key Economic Series will appear in the Daily and on CANSIM on May 27, 1981. The schedule of Key Economic Series is now available on CANSIM, and can be retrieved by using the command DATES. The schedule will be issued once per month as noted above.

For further information concerning the release of these series, contact Jack Kerr (613-992-1548), Production Planning and Scheduling, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Ollseed Crushings, March 1981 - Advance Information
Domestic crushings of vegetable oilseeds during March 1981 were as follows, with oil produced and meal produced (all figures in metric tonnes):

- Soybeans: 75634 (13 056; 59 111)
- Rapeseed: 99218 (41 406; 56 832)

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Grains and Oilseeds Review (22-007, \$2.50/\$25), or contact L.V. O'Callaghan (613-995-4877), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Electrlc Lamps (Llght Sources), March 1981 Advance Information
The total sales of electric lamps (light sources), of all types including imports, during March 1981 were valued at $\$ 20,459,800$.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Electric Lamps (Light Sources) (43-009, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended April 25, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended April 25, 1981 totalled 364,056 short tons ( 330266 t), a decrease of $1.4 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 369,046 short tons (334 793 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 349,850 short tons ( 317379 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 198.7 in the current week, 201.4 a week earlier and 190.9 one year ago.
For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Wednesday, April 29, 1981


## CONTENTS

2 Operating Statistics for Special Trades Contractors, 1979
2 Papermakers' and Other Felts, First Quarter 1981
2 Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, March 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, March 1981

32-022 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, March 1981

52-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Rallway Carloadings, February 1981

61-006 (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) Financlal Institutions, Financlal Statlstics, Fourth Quarter 1980

72-008 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, January 1981

Main Operating Statistics for Special Trades Contractors, Canada 1979

| Item |  | Special Trades $\begin{gathered}\text { Total }\end{gathered}$ Contractors | Mechanical Contractors | Electrical Contractors | Other Special Trades Contractors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total establishments (number) |  | 46,548 | 6,223 | 4,778 | 35,547 |
| Total operating revenue | \$ | 11,018,490,231 | 3,204,455,708 | 1,731,599,806 | 6,082,434,717 |
| Revenue from construction | \$ | 10,798,185,391 | 3,148,333,411 | 1,700,676,524 | 5,949,175,456 |
| Other revenue | \$ | 220,304,840 | 56,122,297 | 30,923,282 | 133,259,261 |
| Total operating costs | \$ | 10,300,127,812 | 3,073,257,747 | 1,647,943,746 | 5,578,926,319 |
| Payments to sub-contractors | \$ | 802,348,918 | 311,849,020 | 39,239,506 | 451,260,392 |
| Materials | \$ | 3,893,007,713 | 1,217,965,733 | 731,917,591 | 1,943,124,389 |
| Wages | \$ | 3,049,905,998 | 971,015,583 | 552,286,866 | 1,526,603,549 |
| Salaries | \$ | 743,296,656 | 224,299,138 | 125,936,469 | 393,061,049 |
| Repairs to machinery and equipment | \$ | 166,410,375 | 13,968,454 | 8,228,076 | 144,213,845 |
| Repairs to buildings and other |  |  |  |  |  |
| structures | \$ | 17,504,518 | 4,006,086 | 2,181,785 | 11,316,647 |
| Depreciation | \$ | 268,119,053 | 36,083,794 | 21,697,707 | 210,337,552 |
| Bad debts | \$ | 65,793,233 | 16,791,628 | 9,333,941 | 39,667,664 |
| Other costs | \$ | 1,293,741,348 | 277,278,311 | 157,121,805 | 859,341,232 |
| Net operating proflt (loss) |  |  |  |  |  |
| before taxes | \$ | 718,362,419 | 131,197,961 | 83,656,060 | 503,508,398 |
| Profit | \$ | 820,471,690 | 157,224,747 | 100,937,164 | 562,309,779 |
| Loss | \$ | 102,109,271 | 26,026,786 | 17,281,104 | 58,801,381 |

The Speciai Trades Contracting Industry, 1979 Advance Information
The 46,548 establishments classified to the special trades contracting, mechanical contracting and electrical contracting industries had total operating revenues of $\$ 11,018,490,231$ in 1979. This included $\$ 10,798,185,391$ derived from new and repair construction activity and $\$ 220,304,840$ from various non-construction sources (e.g. retail and wholesale sales of materials, manufacturing or fabricating activities, etc.).

The accompanying table presents a brief summary of the recently compiled results of the 1979 censuses of the special trades, mechanical and electrical contracting industries. More detailed summaries will be available at a later date in the following publications: The Special Trades Contracting Industry (catalogue 64-210), The Mechanical Contracting Industry (catalogue 64-204) and The Electrical Contracting Industry (catalogue 64-205). The three publications provide statistical information on special trade contractors broken down by some 42 industry groups (e.g. plumbing, masonry, painting and decorating, etc.).

Further selected advance information may be obtained by contacting T. Hewitt or R. Dubeau (613-995-8192), Construction Census Section, Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Papermakers' and Other Feits, First Quarter 1981 Advance Information
During the first quarter of 1981, Canadian manufacturers shipped 159153 kg of woven and needled papermakers' felts and jackets valued at $\$ 8,905,724$ to Canadian mills. In the same quarter of the previous year, the total was 163562 kg for a value of $\$ 7,533,809$.

For further information, order the first quarter 1981 issue of Papermakers' and Other Felts (47-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$ ), or contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226),

Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Shlpments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, March 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped 1,875,501 thousand square feet (174 240 thousand m2) of corrugated boxes and wrappers in March 1981, an increase of 6.7\% compared to the 1,757,982 thousand square feet (163 322 thousand m 2 ) the previous year.

January to March 1981 shipments totalled 4,924,482 thousand square feet ( 457499 thousand m2) compared to $4,982,342$ thousand square feet (462 875 thousand m2) in 1980.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36004, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Thursday, April 30, 1981

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2. Preliminary Estimates of Disappearance of Poultry and Eggs, 1980

2 The Dalry Review, February 1981
6 Stocks of. Frult and Vegetables, April 1, 1981

## Imports by Commoditles

Commodity-country import trade statistics for February 1981 are now available in advance of the regular publication. For information, contact G.L. Blaney (613-995-6305), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables - Monthly, February 1981
35-206 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Veneer and Plywood MIIls, 1979
41-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Primary Iron and Steel, February 1981 :
(continued)

41-224 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Copper and Copper Alloy Rolling, Casting and Extruding, 1979
41-226 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Iron Foundries, 1979
43-205 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Manufacturers of Household Radio
and Teievision Recelvers, 1979 and Teievision Recelvers, 1979

57-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Electric Power Statistics, January 1981

62-550 (Canada: \$10; Other Countries: \$12) Family Expenditure in Canada. Volume
2 - Major Urban Centres: Sixteen Citles, 1978
63-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Department Store Sales and Stocks, Jañuary 1981

## Service Bulletin:

51-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Avlation Statistics Centre, Vol. 13, No. 4, Canadian Air Transport Industry, Summary Statistics

Real Domestlc Product (Seasonally Adjusted Data), February 1981 - Advance Information
The seasonally adjusted Index of Real Domestic Product increased 0.4\% in February to a level of 141.8 from 141.3 in January. The current monthly output level was $3.6 \%$ above the previous low of June 1980. Industrial production, recovering from a decline in January, advanced 0.8\% in February.

Most of the February increase stemmed from gains recorded in pulp and paper mills, steel mills, smelting and refining, metal stamping and.pressing and motor vehicle manufacturers. Production of pulp and paper products increased substantially during the month; however, shipments were up to a lesser extent, resulting in the highest inventory levels in almost two years.
In response to stronger domestic and export demand for steel products, output of steel mills moved up 2.7\% in February, but was still below December 1980. Motor vehicle manufacturers, steel pipe and tube mills, metal stamping and manufacturers of railroad rolling stock all recorded production gains and contributed to the increase in domestic demand. Increased production of aluminum and copper accounted for the growth in smelting and refining operations as exports of these basic industrial metals were up substantially in the month. In February, output of motor vehicle manufacturers advanced and some workers were recalled after being laid off in January.

Other significant output increases in the month occurred in metal and non-metal mining, air transport, communication systems, and wholesale trade. In mining, most of the growth originated with increased production of iron ore, copper, nickel, asbestos and potash. Increased activity among wholesalers of transportation and farm equipment accounted for the strength in wholesale trade during February.

The most significant decline in the month occurred in construction.

For further information, order the February issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry
(including the Index of Industrial.Production) (61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact R.J. Kènnedy (613-995-0568), Industry. Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page).
Prellminary Estlmates of Dlsappearance of Poultry and Eggs, 1980 - Advance Information
Disappearance of poultry in 1980 was 49.6 pounds per capita compared to 50.6 pounds in 1979. Disappearance of eggs in 1980 was 18.7 dozen per capita, a decrease from 18.9 dozen in 1979.

Figures for the 1980 per capita disappearance of poultry by type were as follows, with 1979 figures in brackets (all figures in pounds):

- Fowl: 2.8 (2.5)
- Chicken: 37.3 (39.0)
- Turkey: 9.5 (9.1).

For further information, order the 1980 issue of Production of Poultry and Eggs (23-202, \$4.50), or contact P:L. Beerstecher (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, : Statistics C̣anada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

The Dairy Revlew, February 1981 — Advance Information
An estimated 487434 kilolitres of milk were sold off farms for all purposes in February 1981, 2.6\% more than in February 1980.

This brought the total estimate of milk sold off farms during the first two months of the year to 1011889 kilolitres, an increase of $2.7 \%$ from January-February a year ago.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Ms. E. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100) (Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 1971 \\ \text { percentage } \\ \text { weight } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1980 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reai Domestic Product : | 100.000 | 138.2 | 140.7 | 140.9 | 141.3 | 141.8 | 0.4 |
| Agriculture | 3.371 | 109.4 | 109.7 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 112.1 | $\because 0.8$ |
| Forestry | . 802 | 131.7 | 118.2 | 118.3 | 125.2 | 129.7 | 3.6 |
| Fishing and Trapping | . 178 | 146.5 | 118.9 | 129.4 | 131.2 | 138.5 | 5.5 |
| Mines (including mililing), quarries and oll wells | 3.819 | 117.3 | 120.1 | 115.4 | 117.1 | 118.9 | - 1.5 |
| Manufacturing Industries | 22.753 | 132.7 | 131.3 | 132.2 | 131.1 | 132.4 | $\cdots 1.0$ |
| Construction Industry | 6.990 | 122.3 | 130.5 | 133.4 | 132.7 | 131.0 | -1.3 |
| Transportation, storage and communication | 9.050 | 158.2 | 160.7 | 160.9 | 161.6 | 162.5 | 0.5 |
| Transportation | 5.991 | 137.3 | 135.7 | 135.7 | 135.8 | 136.5 | 0.5 |
| Air transport and services incidental to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| air transport | . 671 | 235.3 ' | 243.7 | 236.0 | 226.8 | 235.0 | 3.6 |
| Railway transport | 1.815 | 127.4 | 122.5 | 124.7 | 129.2 | 128.0 | -0.9 |
| Bus transport, interurban and rural | . 089 | 124.3 | 132.4 | 136.6 | 141.0 | 136.8 | -3.0 |
| Urban transit systems | . 250 | 108.5 | 118.3 | 118.0 | 112.8 | 113.7 | 0.8 |
| Pipeline transport | . 486 | 123.7 | 120.2 | 120.3 | 116.2 | 120.1 | 3.4 |
| Storage | . 258 | 123.7 | 123.6 | 120.4 | 126.9 | 122.8 | -3.2 |
| Grain elevators | . 177 | 108.5 | 105.0 | 98.8 | 108.5 | 106.6 | -1.8: |
| Communication | 2.801 | 206.2 | 217.5 | 218.6 | 220.0 | 221.6 | 0.7 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilitles | 2.658 | 167.9 | 179.5 | 180.6 | 177.1 | 176.1 | -0.6 |
| Trade | 11.561 | 142.4 | 144.7 | 142.8 | 145.5 | 146.0 | $\therefore 0.4$ |
| Wholesale trade | 4.756 | 133.2 | 134.6 | 129.8 | 131.4 | 133.3 | 1.4 |
| Wholesale merchants | 3.943 | 140.3 | 141.5 | 136.0 | 138.4 | 141.0 | 1.9 |
| Retail trade | 6.805 | 148.9 | 151.8 | 151.9 | 155.2 | 154.8 | -0.3 |
| Food stores | 1.299 | 112.3 | 115.1 | 114.1 | 116.4 | 113.8 | -2.2 |
| General merchandise stores | 1.413 | 141.9 | 143.5 | 145.9 | 148.5 | 146.9 | -1.0 |
| Department stores | . 889 | 160.7 | 164.4 | 167.5 | 168.5 | 168.1 | -0.2 |
| Other general merchandise stores | . 524 | 110.1 | 107.9 | 109.2 | 114.5 | 111.0 | -3.1 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | . 811 | 182.7 | 176.9 | 172.0 | 172.6 | 176.9 | 2.5 |
| Clothing stores | . 434 | 135.2 | 144.2 | 145.7 | 147.8 | 152.5 | 3.2 |
| Hardware stores | . 101 | 118.0 | 102.8 | 107.2 | 108.6 | 114.8 | 5.7 |
| Furniture, television, radio and appliance stores | . 216 | 171.2 | 179.3 | 179.0 | 196.0 | 191.8 | -2.2 |
| Drug stores | . 301 | 183.6 | 196.3 | 195.2 | 198.2 | 195.8 | -1.2 |
| Finance, Insurance and real estate | 11.853 | 157.7 | 160.7 | 161.3 | 162.7 | 162.9 | 0.1 |
| Community, business and personal service Industries | 19.539 | 135.8 | 140.7 | 140.8 | 141.1 | 141.3 | 0.1 |
| Education and related services | 6.478 | 98.4 | 109.0 | 108.7 | 108.7 | 109.1 | 0.4 |
| Health and welfare services | 5.318 | 133.2 | 136.7 | 136.7 | 137.4 | 137.6 | 0.1 |
| Amusement and recreation services | . 536 | 189.8 | 196.1 | 201.0 | 201.5 | 198.6 | -1.4 |
| Services to business management | 2.373 | 224.8 | 222.4 | 221.2 | 223.3 | 222.8 | -0.2 |
| Personal services | 1.021 | 114.6 | 115.3 | 115.0 | 115.6 | 115.7 | 0.1 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.588 | 146.1 | 150.3 | 151.2 | 150.3 | 150.9 | 0.4 |
| Public administration and defence | 7.425 | 128.1 | 129.9 | 130.3 | 130.3 | 130.4 | 0.1 |
| Special grouplngs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index of industrial production | 29.230 | 133.9 | 134.2 | 134.4 | 133.5 | 134.6 | 0.8 |
| Real domestic product less agriculture | 96.629 | 139.2 | 141.8 | 141.9 | 142.3 | 142.8 | 0.3 |
| Goods-producing industries | 40.572 | 129.9 | 131.2 | 131.9 | 131.3 | 132.0 | 0:5 |
| Goods-producing industries less agriculture | 37.201 | 131.7 | 133.1 | 133.8 | 133.1 | 133.8 | 0.5 |
| Service-producing industries | 59.428 | 143.9 | 147.2 | 147.0 | 148.0 | 148.4 | 0.2 |
| Commercial industries | 81.308 | 143.2 | 145.0 | 145.2 | 145.6 | 146.2 | 0.4 |
| Commercial industries less agriculture | 77.937 | 144.7 | 146.6 | 146.7 | 147.1 | 147.7 | 0.4 |
| Non-commercial industries | 18.692 | 116.5 | 121.8 | 121.9 | 122.1 | 122.4 | 0.2 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 133.4 | 132.6 | 133.2 | 133.1 | 134.0 | 0.6 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 132.0 | 130.1 | 131.1 | 129.1 | 130.8 | 1.3 |

## New Housing Price Indexes

(1976=100)

|  | Weights | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | \% Change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. }{ }^{81 / /} \\ \text { Feb. }{ }^{\prime} 81 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. '81/ Mar. '80 | Apr. '80 to Mar. ' $81 /$ Apr. '79 to Mar. ' 80 |
| St. John's | 1.0 | 130.5 | 130.5 | 119.9 | - | 8.8 | 17.3 |
| Halifax | 1.7 | 114.9 | 114.9 | 112.6 | - | 2.0 | 7.8 |
| Quebec | 3.6 | 146.5 | 146.0 | 135.4 | 0.3 | 8.2 | 7.9 |
| Montreal | 9.5 | 138.7 | 137.4 | 122.7 | 0.9 | 13.0 | 12.0 |
| Ottawa-Hull | 5.7 | 116.5 | 113.3 | 105.0 | 2.8 | 11.0 | 7.2 |
| Toronto | 21.2 | 115.7 | 110.4 | 102.1 | 4.8 | 13.3 | 6.7 |
| Hamilton | 4.2 | 112.1 | 111.1 | 104.5 | 0.9 | 7.3 | 4.2 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 2.3 | 122.6 | 122.6 | 117.7 | - | 4.2 | 2.3 |
| Kitchener | 2.9 | 111.1 | 110.6 | 103.7 | 0.5 | 7.1 | 3.9 |
| London | 2.4 | 128.9 | 126.7 | 121.9 | 1.7 | 5.7 | 3.8 |
| Windsor | 1.0 | 140.4 | 141.7 | 140.7 | -0.9 | -0.2 | 1.4 |
| Thunder Bay | 0.9 | 129.2 | 129.2 | 126.0 | - | 2.5 | 3.4 |
| Winnipeg | 3.7 | 117.6 | 116.1 | 112.5 | 1.3 | 4.5 | 1.5 |
| Regina | 2.3 | 108.6 | 106.9 | 103.2 | 1.6 | 5.2 | 2.4 |
| Saskatoon | 1.9 | 133.9 | 132.4 | 130.3 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 5.4 |
| Calgary | 9.9 | 140.8 | 139.0 | 131.7 | 1.3 | 6.9 | 7.3 |
| Edmonton | 9.8 | 136.5 | 136.4 | 131.4 | 0.1 | 3.9 | 7.0 |
| Vancouver | 10.6 | 164.5 | 164.5 | 113.6 | - | 44.8 | 32.5 |
| Canada composite (22 cities) | 100.0* | 130.0 | 128.1 | 115.9 | 1.5 | 12.2 | 9.3 |
| Canada composite (House only) |  | 126.5 | 124.1 | 113.4 | 1.9 | 11.6 | 9.1 |
| Canada composite (Land only) |  | 138.4 | 137.9 | 121.9 | 0.4 | 13.5 | 9.9 |

[^6]Provinclal Government Revenue and Expenditure, 1978-79 - Advance Information
Final data on the revenue and expenditure of the provincial and territorial governments indicate that the moderation in the year-over-year growth of both categories noted for 1977-78 was maintained in 197879. At $\$ 49.6$ billion, gross general revenue increased 13.5\% over 1977-78 revenue which, in turn, was 13.6\% higher than that for 1976-77. The annual average for the period 1970-71 to 1977-78 inclusive was 16.5\%. Gross general expenditure at $\$ 48.6$ billion was $11.4 \%$ higher than in 1977-78. The comparable increase for the latter year over 1976-77 was 11.8\% and the annual average for 1970-71 to 1977-78 was 16.6\%.
Among individual revenue sources, the most noteworthy event was the decline of $3.8 \%$ from 1977-78 in consumption tax revenue as a consequence of the general sales tax reductions which were in effect for part of the year. Corporation income taxes, however, were $20.8 \%$ above the yield of the previous year and significantly ahead of the long term average annual growth of $15.6 \%$. Inauguration of the Regie de l'assurance automobile du Québec (Quebec Automobile Insurance Board) resulted in a 40\% increase in privileges, licenses and permits over similar revenue in the previous year. The $36.6 \%$ increase in sales of goods and services resulted mainly from transactions in Ontario which included the sales of assets of the Ontario Student Housing Corporation to the Ontario Housing Corporation, of certain water and sewage installations to municipalities and of the provincial investment in Syncrude.

As in the previous year, only debt charges (up 22.8\% over 1977-78) among major expenditure functions showed a significantly higher rate of increase than the average for the period 1970-77. Indeed, the increases over the previous year for social services (10.9\%), health (9.7\%) and education (5.7\%) were noticeably less than their respective long term averages of $21.6 \%$, $15.0 \%$ and 14.2\%.

Among individual provinces Alberta, which recorded an increase in revenue of 25.8\% over 1977-78, again was far above the national average of $13.4 \%$. The lowest year-over-year growth (7.8\%) occurred in Manitoba which also recorded a decline of $3.5 \%$ in expenditure due to a change in year end for the Manitoba Health Services Commission and a reduction in capital expenditures. Newfoundland, which had an above average growth in revenue of $17.7 \%$, recorded the largest percentage growth in expenditure at $32.5 \%$. This resulted primarily from the loss on disposal of Labrador Linerboard Limited.

For further information, order Provincial Government Finance, Revenue and Expenditure, 1978-79 (68207, \$8), or contact G. Rhéaume (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Housing Starts in Centres of $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Population and Over Actual Numbers by Type and Totals Seasonaily Adjusted at Annual Rates
March 1980 and 1981

|  | Actual 1980 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAAR* } \\ & (000) \end{aligned}$ | Actual 1981 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAAR• } \\ & (000) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  | Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  |
| January | 2,891 | 666 | 892 | 6,040 | 10,489 | 144.0 | 3,993 | 871 | 469 | 2,861 | 8,194 | 128.5 |
| February | 2,229 | 572 | 716 | 2,928 | 6,445 | 133.7 | 3,519 | 381 | 536 | 2,167 | 6,603 | 148.6 |
| March |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 3,006 | 479 | 849 | 1,819 | 6,153 | 115.7 | 4,065 | 569 | 775 | 2,332 | 7,741 | 146.2 |
| Nfid. | 43 | - | - | - | 43 | 1.1 | 41 | 4 | - | - | 45 | 1.2 |
| P.E.I. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 0.1 |
| N.S. | 80 | 4 | - | 104 | 188 | 4.9 | 56 | 2 | - | - | 58 | 1.5 |
| N.B. | 21 | - |  | - | 21 | 0.6 | 27 | 2 | - | - | 29 | 0.8 |
| Que. | 503 | 105 | 20 | 347 | 975 | 21.6 | 482 | 127 | 75 | 531 | 1,215 | 27.8 |
| Ont. | 351 | 115 | 365 | 569 | 1,400 | 32.2 | 963 | 239 | 185 | 469 | 1,856 | 44.5 |
| Man. | 9 | - | - | - | 9 | 0.1 | 115 | 2 | - | - | 117 | 1.7 |
| Sask. | 80 | 2 | - | 24 | 106 | 1.6 | 110 | 16 | 28 | 163 | 317 | 4.7 |
| Alta. | 717 | 176 | 273 | 244 | 1,410 | 22.0 | 1,061 | 106 | 368 | 232 | 1,767 | 26.0 |
| B.C. | 1,202 | 77 | 191 | 531 | 2,001 | 31.6 | 1,208 | 71 | 119 | 937 | 2,335 | 37.9 |
| Cumulative Jan.-Mar. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 8,126 | 1,717 | 2,457 | 10,787 | 23,087 |  | 11,577 | 1,821 | 1,780 | 7,360 | 22,538 |  |
| Nfid. | 146 | 6 | 20 | - | 172 |  | 113 | 6 | , | - | 119 |  |
| P.E.I. | - | - | - | 72 | 72 |  | 3 | - | - | - | 3 |  |
| N.S. | 174 | 8 | 48 | 152 | 382 |  | 220 | 14 | - | 70 | 304 |  |
| N.B. | 57 | 2 | - | - | 59 |  | 106 | 8 | - | 30 | 144 |  |
| Que. | 1,265 | 361 | 96 | 1,637 | 3,359 |  | 1,471 | 396 | 81 | 1,366 | 3,314 |  |
| Ont. | 1.574 | 667 | 781 | 3,806 | 6,828 |  | 2,528 | 644 | 574 | 1,035 | 4,781 |  |
| Man. | 52 | 2 | 71 | 53 | 178 |  | 274 | 2 | - | 104 | 380 |  |
| Sask. | 260 | 44 | 12 | 205 | 521 |  | 323 | 56 | 28 | 445 | 852 |  |
| Alta. | 1,858 | 390 | 638 | 1.496 | 4,382 |  | 2,948 | 494 | 587 | 1,385 | 5,414 |  |
| B.C. | 2,740 | 237 | 791 | 3,366 | 7,134 |  | 3,591 | 201 | 510 | 2,925 | 7,227 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Hous | ing start | in all ar |  |  |  |  |  |
| SAAR* (000) | Jan. | 178.5 | Feb. | 168.2 | Mar. | 150.2 | Jan. | 178.7 | Feb. | 198.8 | Mar. | 196.4 |

- Nil.
* Seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

For further information, order the March issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, \$3/\$30), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

Housing Starts in All Areas, Actual Numbers by Type and Totals Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
1st Quarter of 1980 and 1981

|  | Actual 1980 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAAR* } \\ & (000) \end{aligned}$ | Actual 1981 |  |  |  |  | SAAR* <br> (000) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | "Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  | Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  |
| 1st Quarter | - | $\because$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 10,672 | 1,872 | 2,520 | 12,048 | 27,112 | 167.7 | 15,884 | 2,084 | 1,833 | 8,535 | 28,416 | 189.2 |
| Nfld. | 336 | 6 | 20 | 1 | 363 | 3.3 | 347 | 16 | 1,033 | 8,535 | 363 | 3.8 |
| P.E.I. | 13 | - | - | 80 | 93 | 0.9 | 29 | - | - | - | 29 | 0.3 |
| N.S. | 291 | 8 | 48 | 382 | 729 | 6.7 | 434 | 16 | - | 115 | 565 | 5.8 |
| N.B. | 70 | 2 | - | - | 72 | 0.7 | 258 | 8 | - | 105 | 371 | 3.8 |
| Que. | 1,406 | 373 | 136 | 1,787 | 3,702 | 24.6 | 1,782 | 399 | 81 | 1,627 | 3,889 | 29.1 |
| Ont. | 1,888 | 669 | 781 | 3,892 | 7,230 | 56.0 | 2,807 | 647 | 574 | 1,078 | 5,106 | 44.5 |
| Man. | 66 | 2 | 71 | 89 | 228 | 1.2 | 473 | 2 | - | 104 | 579 | 3.2 |
| Sask. | 656 | 46 | 22 | 454 | 1,178 | 5.9 | 542 | 142 | 28 | 547 | 1,259 | 7.0 |
| Alta. | 2,672 | 479 | 651 | 1,940 | 5,742 | 28.9 | 3,836 | 542 | 587 | 1,687 | 6,652 | 37.3 |
| B.C. | 3,274 | 287 | 791 | 3,423 | 7,775 | 39.5 | 5,456 | 312 | 563 | 3,272 | 9,603 | 54.4 |

- Nil.
* Seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

For further information, order the March issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, \$3/\$30), or contact J.P. Délisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.

Stocks of Frult and Vegetables, April 1, 1981 Advance Information
Stocks of fruit, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on April 1 totalled 39.5 million pounds compared with 41.4 million last year.

Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine totalled 113.6 million pounds ( 143.4 million in 1980).

For further information, order the April 1 issue of Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables (32-010, \$1.50/\$15), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.


Friday，May 1， 1981

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5 Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers，March 1981
5 Knitted Fabric Manufacturers， 1979
5 Househoid Furniture Manufacturers， 1979
6 Commercial Printing Industry， 1979
6 Publlshing Industry， 1979
6 Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industrles， 1979
7 Manufacturers of Plastics and Synthetic Resins， 1979
7 Toys and Games Manufacturers， 1979
7 Pen and Pencll Manufacturers， 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, February 1981

47-005 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Factory Shlpments of High Rressiure Decorative Làminate Sheet, Quarter Ended March 1981
$61-205$ "Canada: $\$ 6$; Other Countries: $\$ 7.20$ ) Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook 1981

## Business Conditions Survey, Canadlan Manufacturing

 Industries, April 1981 - (Published only in the Statistics Canada Daily and Infomat)Canadian manufacturers reporting to the Business Conditions Survey in April expressed more optimism about production for the second quarter than they showed for the first quarter of 1981. Results showed that $41 \%$ of the weighted response expect production to be higher from April to June than it was in the January to March period. In the January survey, only $32 \%$ felt this optimism about production. The proportion expecting production to be lower decreased to $11 \%$ from the previous quarter's $22 \%$.

New orders were reported to be rising by 34\% of the weighted response, declining by $19 \%$ and little changed by $47 \%$. In the January survey, just $23 \%$ reported rising new orders, 31\% declining orders and 46\% little change.

In the April survey, the backlog of unfilled orders was reported higher than normal by $18 \%$ of the weighted response, lower than normal by $19 \%$ and about normal by $64 \%$. January's results, on the other hand, had indicated that $14 \%$ reported higher than normal backlog of unfilled orders, 32\% lower than normal and 54\% about normal.

In this survey, finished products inventory was reported too high by $27 \%$, too low by $6 \%$ and about right by $67 \%$. These results were very similar to the January figures.

Regarding production impediments, shortage of skilled labour continued to be a major problem with $11 \%$ of the weighted response citing this difficulty. However, $78 \%$ indicated no difficulties.

Among export-based industries, 42\% of the weighted response to the April survey reported a rising level of new orders, $22 \%$ a declining level and $36 \%$ little change. In the January survey, only 7\% of this group reported rising orders, 57\% reported declining orders and $36 \%$ indicated little change.

Response from the April survey represented more than 6,800 manufacturing establishments whose shipments accounted for about $50 \%$ of all shipments in these industries in 1978. Answers were weighted by attaching to each the value of shipments reported to the 1978 Census of Manufactures.

A change from the 1977 to the 1978 census values as weights has resulted in some change to the results that were previously published. Furthermore, the January 1981 results published here include some response
received too late for the first release of the results from that survey.
For further information, contact T. Newton (613-996-7008), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV6.
(see table on next page)
Coal and Coke Statlstics, February 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian production of coal increased 26.4\% in February to 3299267 metric tonnes from 2609774 a year earlier. Landed imports decreased 48.5\% to 11201 from 21739 tonnes.

Coal production for the first two months of 1980 totalled 6665 569, up 27.6\% from 5222868 tonnes in the same period in 1980.
For further information, order the February issue of Coal and Coke Statistics (45-002, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Dave Madsen (613-996-3139), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Electric Power Statistics, February 1981 - Advance Information
In February 1981, net generation decreased to 32.7 TW.h from 33.5 TW.h in February 1980.

Hydro generation increased $0.6 \%$ while thermal production decreased $8.8 \%$.
Year-to-date total generation was 69.4 TW.h, an increase of $0.2 \%$ from a year ago.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact David Madsen (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Restaurants, Caterers and Taverns, February 1981 Advance Information
Preliminary estimates for February 1981 and revised estimates for January 1981 indicate total sales of $\$ 658.0$ million and $\$ 665.2$ million respectively.

For further information on sales of chains versus independents and provincial sales by kind of business, order Restaurant Statistics (63-011, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Mrs. R. Bennett (613-996-9301), Services Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Business Conditions Survey, Canadian Manufacturing Industrles
April 1981

| Date | Expec ductio month pared |  | ro- <br> xt 3 <br> m- <br> 3 |  |  |  |  | filled ders cklog |  |  |  |  |  | Short | Produ | tion D | ficultie |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ㅎ } \\ & 3 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | oures inoqy | $\frac{0}{\frac{0}{2}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { O } \\ & \stackrel{5}{\leq} \\ & \hline \mathbf{S} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { O } \\ & 0 \\ & م \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | T <br> 0 <br> 0.0 <br> Q |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage of weighted response |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Manufacturing Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./80 | 25 | 26 | 49 | 18 | 41 | 42 | 11 | 42 | 47 | 31 | 3 | 66 | 13 | 15 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 66 |
| July/80 | 17 | 46 | 36. | 15 | 51 | 34 | 9 | 50 | 41 | 34 | 4 | 62 | 4 | 13 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 77 |
| Oct./80 | 35 | 21 | 44 | 24 | 30 | 46 | 11 | 28 | 61 | 30 | 7 | 63 | 3 | 14 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 75 |
| Jan./81 | 32 | 22 | 47 | 23 | 31 | 46 | 14 | 32 | 54 | 25 | 6 | 68 | 12 | 13 | 1 | 6 | 4 | 70 |
| Apr./81 | 41 | 11 | 47 | 34 | 19 | 47 | 18 | 19 | 64 | 27 | 6 | 67 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 78 |
| Durable Consumer Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr. $/ 80$ | 34 | 31 | 35 | 12 | 57 | 30 | 7 | 52 | 41 | 51 | 2 | 46 | 13 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 72 |
| July/80 | 25 | 39 | 36 | 22 | 49 | 29 | 6 | 55 | 39 | 42 | 4 | 54 | 10 | 12 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 76 |
| Oct. $/ 80$ | 45 | 30 | 25 | 31 | 28 | 41 | 16 | 31 | 53 | 26 | 8 | 66 | 7 | 12 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 69 |
| Jan./81 | 29 | 29 | 42 | 29 | 26 | 45 | 17 | 41 | 42 | 23 | 6 | 71 | 8 | 9 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 79 |
| Apr./81 | 39 | 16 | 44 | 37 | 26 | 37 | 22 | 27 | 51 | 22 | 7 | 71 | 10 | 14 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 71 |
| Non-durable Consumer Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./80 | 34 | 13 | 53 | 26 | 15 | 59 | 7 | 15 | 78 | 15 | 3 | 82 | 6 | 16 | 2 | 14 | 6 | 68 |
| July/80 | 30 | 21 | 49 | 28 | 20 | 52 | 7 | 12 | 81 | 20 | 6 | 74 | 3 | 10 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 78 |
| Oct. /80 | 23 | 24 | 54 | 24 | 24 | 53 | 12 | 17 | 70 | 13 | 6 | 81 | 3 | 17 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 71 |
| Jan./81 | 22 | 24 | 54 | 20 | 17 | 64 | 6 | 13 | 81 | 11 | 3 | 85 | 3 | 14 | 1 | 14 | 8 | 70 |
| Apr./81 | 38 | 14 | 49 | 27 | 17 | 55 | 8 | 16 | 76 | 23 | 3 | 73 | 7 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 76 |
| Machinery and Equlpment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./80 | 30 | 18 | 51 | 39 | 24 | 36 | 39 | 16 | 45 | 26 | 5 | 68 | 10 | 40 | 3 | 21 | 3 | 51 |
| July/80 | 29 | 40 | 31 | 34 | 40 | 26 | 39 | 26 | 35 | 31 | 3 | 66 | 5 | 44 | 1 | 14 | 3 | 49 |
| Oct./80 | 41 | 23 | 36 | 29 | 30 | 41 | 28 | 25 | 47 | 20 | 6 | 74 | 7 | 37 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 54 |
| Jan./81 | 34 | 17 | 49 | 36 | 28 | 36 | 29 | 32 | 39 | 24 | 7 | 69 | 4 | 33 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 60 |
| Apr./81 | 38 | 22 | 40 | 37 | 31 | 32 | 26 | 31 | 44 | 23 | 6 | 71 | 6 | 31 | 0 | 4 | 2 | 61 |
| Construction Materials and Supplles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./80 | 29 | 23 | 47 | 20 | 41 | 38 | 13 | 34 | 53 | 25 | 4 | 71 | 7 | 19 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 69 |
| July/80 | 22 | 42 | 36 | 14 | 53 | 34 | 13 | 52 | 35 | 41 | 4 | 54 | 7 | 19 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 68 |
| Oct. $/ 80$ | 25 | 36 | 40 | 27 | 39 | 35 | 14 | 39 | 47 | 22 | 9 | 69 | 5 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 70 |
| Jan./81 | 23 | 33 | 43 | 19 | 37 | 44 | 16 | 32 | 53 | 19 | 13 | 68 | 5 | 19 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 70 |
| Apr./81 | 46 | 10 | 43 | 37 | 18 | 45 | 23 | 20 | 58 | 20 | 12 | 68 | 6 | 19 | 2 | 7 | 3 | 66 |
| Other Intermedlate Goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./80 | 16 | 29 | 55 | 14 | 45 | 41 | 7 | 46 | 47 | 21 | 3 | 76 | 5 | 12 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 79 |
| July/80 | 11 | 56 | 34 | 10 | 63 | 28 | 3 | 62 | 35 | 35 | 2 | 63 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 82 |
| Oct./80 | 40 | 21 | 39 | 37 | 24 | 39 | 5 | 37 | 58 | 28 | 3 | 70 | 3 | 9 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 80 |
| Jan./81 | 34 | 17 | 49 | 37 | 20 | 44 | 16 | 28 | 56 | 14 | 4 | 82 | 6 | 12 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 81 |
| Apr./81 | 41 | 9 | 49 | 31 | 16 | 53 | 24 | 16 | 60 | 15 | 8 | 77 | 3 | 10 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 82 |
| Export-based Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apr./80 | 23 | 38 | 39 | 6 | 64 | 29 | 9 | 64 | 26 | 59 | 4 | 37 | 38 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 49 |
| July/80 | 8 | 64 | 29 | 5 | 68 | 28 | 8 | 64 | 28 | 43 | 6 | 51 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 8 | 80 |
| Oct./80 | 142 | 11 | 47 | 4 | 42 | 54 | 9 | 21 | 70 | 58 | 11 | 30 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 7 | 82 |
| Jan./81 | 39 | 21 | 39 | 7 | 57. | 36 | 9 | 46 | 45 | 53 | 10 | 37 | 30 | 5 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 59 |
| Apr./81 | 46 | 8 | 47 | 42 | 22 | 36 | 9 | 19 | 73 | 54 | 3 | 43 | 3 | 4 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 88 |

Note: The survey reflects management's opinion of expected production, current orders and inventory levels, and also current sources of production difficulties. Respondents were asked to allow for normal seasonal fluctuations. Individual replies were weighted by the value of the respondent's shipments as reported to the Census of Manufactures; these weighted replies were then summed and expressed as a percentage of all simillarly weighted response to the particular question. Because of rounding and inclusion of reports indicating more than one source of difficulty, category totals may differ from 100\%.

Rallway Carloadings
7-day period ending April 14, 1981

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,478,947 | 2,461,429 | 4,940,376 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,674,386 | 2,320,296 | 4,994,682 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2246863 | 2232971 | 4481834 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2426162 | 2104937 | 4531099 |
| \% change | -7.3 | 6.1 | -1.1 |
| Cars, 1981 | 38,871 | 34,471 | 73,342 |
| Cars, 1980 | 40,554 | 32,664 | 73,218 |
| \% change | -4.1 | 5.5 | 0.2 |
| Plggyback trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 147,841 | 61,718 | 209,559 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 128,438 | 55,431 | 183,869 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 134119 | 55990 | 190109 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 116517 | 50286 | 166803 |
| \% change | 15.1 | 11.3 | 14.0 |
| Cars, 1981 | 4,567 | 2,184 | 6,751 |
| Cars, 1980 | 4,138 | 2,212 | 6,350 |
| \% change | 10.4 | -1.3 | 6.3 |
| Year-to-date: (cumuiative) |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 36,040,196 | 35,249,972 | 71,290,168 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 38,917,905 | 31,768,061 | 70,685,966 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 32695116 | 31978237 | 64673353 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 35305730 | 28819500 | 64125230 |
| \% change | -7.4 | 11.0 | 0.9 |
| Cars, 1981 | 556,823 | 490,360 | 1,047,183 |
| Cars, 1980 | 596,069 | 458,710 | 1,054,779 |
| \% change | -6.6 | 6.9 | -0.7 |
| Piggyback trafilc: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,083,617 | 857,757 | 2,941,374 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,039,055 | 854,358 | 2,893,413 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 1890226 | 778144 | 2668370 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 1849800 | 775061 | 2624861 |
| \% change | 2.2 | 0.4 | 1.7 |
| Cars, 1981 | 64,563 | 31,548 | 96,111 |
| Cars, 1980 | 63,914 | 32,835 | 96,749 |
| \% change | 1.0 | -3.9 | -0.7 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Rallway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended April 14, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending April 14, 1981 totalled 4.5 million t ( 4.9 million short tons), a decrease of $1.1 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $7.3 \%$ and increased in the West by $6.1 \%$.
Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $15.1 \%$ and in the West by $11.3 \%$ with an overall national increase of $14.0 \%$.
The year-to-date rail freight aggregates, 64.7 million t ( 71.3 million short tons), showed an increase of $0.9 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $0.7 \%$
For further information, contact C.S. Canniff (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Gypsum Products, March 1981 - Advance Information
During March 1981 manufacturers shipped 17299106 square metres of gypsum wallboard compared to 12924847 square metres in the same month of the previous year.
For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Gypsum Products (44-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Selected Princlpal Statistics for the Knitted Fabric Manufacturers Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2391 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 67 | 68 | 1.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,286 | 3,430 | 4.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 6,954 | 7,223 | 3.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 31,589 | 36,054 | 14.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4,313 | 4,770 | 10.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 173,136 | 199,054 | 15.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 88,959 | 100,280 | 12.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 4,045 | 4,219 | 4.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 45,988 | 51,431 | 11.8 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 88,454 | 100,521 | 13.6 |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Knitting Mills, 1979 (34-215, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Household Furniture Manufacturers Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2619 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 779 | 844 | 8.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. - | 21,793 | 24,003 | 10.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 45,922 | 53,335 | 16.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 226,307 | 274,267 | 21.2 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 9,504 | 11,035 | 16.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 420,546 | 523,750 | 24.5 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 887,615 | 1,083,395 | 22.1 |
| Value added | \$000 | 459,442 | 561,054 | 22.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 25,342 | 27,644 | 9.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 281,776 | 335,821 | 19.2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 457,418 | 560,936 | 22.6 |

For further information, contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Household Furniture Manufacturers, 1979 (35-211, \$4.50).

Frult and Vegetable Productlon, May 1981 - Advance Information
The first issue of the season includes the Intended Area of Vegetables for Processing and the Preliminary 1980 Mushroom Growers' Survey results. Also contained in this issue are the final 1979 values and the production of most fruit and vegetable crops.

For further information, order Fruit and Vegetable Production (22-003, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Larry Murphy (613-995-4877), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, March 1981 Advance Information
Domestic production of refrigerators and freezers during March 1981 was 56,935 units and 39,608 units, respectively.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers (43-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ); or contact. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, March 1981 Advance Information
Production of washing machines (electric automatic) during March 1981 was 50,399 units.

Production of clothes dryers (electric automatic) for the same month was 38,894 units.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43-002, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-9963226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Selected Princlpal Statistlcs for the Commercial Printing Industry 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2860 |  | 1978 | 1979 | $\%$ Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 2,171 | 2,341 | 7.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 34,210 | 36,404 | 6.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 68,132 | 72,301 | 6.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 465,640 | 538,971 | . 15.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 13,985 | 16,365 | 17.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 804,681 | 947,729 | 17.8 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 1,883,485 | 2,225,353 | -.. 18.2 |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,082,628 | 1,283,091 | $\bigcirc 18.5$ |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 45,658 | 48,093 | .: . 5.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 664,470 | 759,734 | (-. 14.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,102,896 | 1,295,866 | 17.5 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada,
Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1979 (36-203, \$6).

## Selected Princlpal Statisilics for the Publishing Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2880 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 591 | 669 | 13.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | - | . - | , - - |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | - |  | $\therefore$ |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | - |  |  |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 774, | - |  |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 274,437 | 308,648 | . 5 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 662,903 | 730,927 | 10.3 |
| Value added | \$000 | 390,042 | 429,234 | 10.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 11,001 | 10,128 | $\therefore-7.9$ |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 146,967 | 143,525 | -2.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 414,997 | 449,403 | 8.3 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Publishing and Allied Industries, 1979 (36-203, \$6).

## Selected PrInclpal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufactúring and-Primary lindustriès Division; Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Metal Fabricating Industries, 1979 (41-228; \$4.50):

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Plastics and Synthetic Resins

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3730 | $\cdots$ | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No: | 55 | 59 | 7.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,211 | 3,277 | 2.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 7,050 | 7,107 | 0.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 55,304 | 63,432 | 14.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 34,142 | 40,145 | 17.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 551,023 | 740,615 | 34.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 233,580 | +413,751 | 46.3 77.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 5,493 | 5,858 | 6.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 101,422 | 119,344 | 17.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 235,592 | 422,171 | 79.2 |

For further information, contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Plastics and Synthetic Resins, 1979 (46-211, \$4.50).

Seiected Princlpal Statlstics for the Toys and Games Manufacturers Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3932 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 61 | 77 | 26.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,755 | 3,032 | 10.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 5,766 | 6,366 | 10.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 24,874 | 29,544 | 18.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,742 | 2,082 | 19.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies $\$ 000$ 78,105 100,580 |  |  |  |  |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 174,269 | 223,043 | 28.0 |
| Value added | \$000 | 93,654 | 124,731 | 33.2 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 3,723 | 4,089 | 9.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 41,756 | 48,669 | 16.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 112,028 | 145,856 | 30.2 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Sporting Goods and Toy Industries, 1979 (47-204, \$4.50).

Selected Princlpal Statistics for the Pen and Pencll Manufacturers industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S:I.C. 3996 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 16 | 16 | 0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 670 | 642 | -4.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 1,391 | 1,331 | -4.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 6,168 | 6,757 | 9.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 451 | 442 | -2.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 19,625 | 22,070 | 12.5 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 44,374 | 51,630 | 16.4 |
| Value added | \$000 | 26,563 | 30,002 | 12.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 972 | 984 | 1.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 11,689 | 13,264 | 13.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 35,449 | 35,012 | -1.2 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$4.50).

Monday, May 4, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Estimates of Labour Income, February 1981
3 Correctional Institutions Statistics, 1979


2 Report on Livestock Surveys, April 1, 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-229 (Canada: \$4.50; Other. Countries: \$5.40) Apparent per Caplta Food Consumption in Canada, Part I, 1980

35-210 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Coffin and Casket Industry, 1979
42-205 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Boatbuilding and Repalr, 1979
44-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Mineral Wool Including Flbrous Glass Insulation, March 1981

47-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles, March 1981

52-209 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Railway Transport, Part III Equipment, Track and Fuel Statistics, 1979

52-210 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Rallway Transport, Part iv Operating and Traffic Statistics, 1979

62-011. (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Industry Price Indexes, February 1981

63-207 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Motion Plcture Theatres and Film Dlstrlbutors, 1979

73-001p (N/C) Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics, January 1981

## Wages and Salaries and Suppiementary Labour Income

Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1081 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ 1980 \mathrm{r} \\ \text { 1s) } \end{array}$ | Feb. $1980$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping | 80.7 | 84.9 | 103.9 | 69.0 |
|  | 117.9 | 116.3 | 129.7 | 118.8 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells: | 427.8 | 414.2 | 402.4 | 343.4 |
| Manufacturing Industries : * * | 2,946.1 | $2,890.3$ | 2,863.2 | 2,646.4 |
| Construction Industry | 803.2 | 781.6 | 809.7 | 690.9 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 1,391.1 | 1,390.9 | 1,383.6 | 1,256.2 |
| Trade. | 1,699.8 | 1,701.6 | 1,733.9 | 1,516.5 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 945.4 | 951.9 | 910.8 | 828.9 |
| Commercial and Personal Service | 1,225.0 | 1,220.5 | 1,214.4 | 1,089.8 |
| Education and Related Services | 1,357.2 | 1,336.4 | 1,326.8 | 1,172.9 |
| Health and Welfare Services | 877.9 | 849.8 | 847.6 | 756.4 |
| Federal Administration and Other Government |  |  |  |  |
| Offices | 468.0 | 484.8 | 464.3 | 414.8 |
| Provincial Administration | 403.9 | 400.0 | 409.5 | 333.9 |
| Local Administration | 301.3 | 306.5 | 315.4 | 267.5 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,045.2 | 12,929.8. | 12,915.1 | 11,505.3 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,083.3 | 1,073.8 | 1,072.4 | 956.0 |
| Labour Income | 14,128.6 | 14,003.6 | 13,987.5 | 12,461.3 |
|  |  | Adjusted fo | al Variation |  |
| Agriculture, Fishing and Trapping | 143.4 | 139.9 | 144.1 | 116.2 |
| Forestry | 131.5 | 134.8 | 136.0 | 131.9 |
| Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 430.5 | 414.4 | 406.6 | 345.6 |
| Manufacturing Industries | 3,010.6 | 2,971.0 | 2,916.6 | 2,703.9 |
| Construction Industry | 963.0 | 948.1 | 905.8 | 828.6 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 1,428.2 | 1,415.9 | 1,422.7 | 1,290.1 |
| Trade | 1,741.3 | 1,731.1 | 1,682.8 | 1,553.8 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 949.5 | 958.0 | 923.9 | 832.3 |
| Commercial and Personal Service | 1,263.3 | 1,259.0 | 1,252.0 | 1,123.8 |
| Education and Related Services | 1,289.5 | 1,273.6 | 1,291.7 | 1,112.0 |
| Health and Welfare Services | 887.9 | 853.6 | 870.3 | 764.8 |
| Federal Administration and Other Government |  |  |  |  |
| Offices | 472.1 | 492.4 | 471.8 | 418.4 |
| Provincial Administration | 416.9 | 411.3 | 409.3 | 344.6 |
| Local Administration | 313.2 | 311.4 | 311.8 | 277.9 |
| Total Wages and Salaries | 13,441.0 | 13,314.4 | 13,145.3 | 11,843.8 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,116.2 | 1,105.7 | 1,091.6 | 984.1 |
| Labour Income | 14,557.1 | 14,420.1 | 14,236.9 | 12,827.9 |

## $f$ First estimate

p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate

Estimates of Labour Income, February 1981 Advance Information
Labour income for the month of February was estimated at $\$ 14,128.6$ million, an increase of $\$ 1,667.3$ million or 13.4\% from February 1980.
Adjusted for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 126.6$ million between January and February to $\$ 13,441.0$ million.
The estimates will be published in the JanuaryMarch issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, $\$ 5 / \$ 20$ ). For further information, contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8431), Labour Income Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. (see table on next page)

Report on Livestock Surveys, April 1, 1981:—Advance Information
The total number of pigs in Canada (not including Newfoundland) at April 1, 1981, at an estimated $9,645,000$ head, was about the same as April 1, 1980 at $9,664,000$. Sows for breeding and bred gilts were estimated at 998,900 head, showing no significant change from the 995,800 a year earlier.

For further information, order the April 1, 1981 issue of Report on Livestock Surveys (23-008, \$4/\$16), or contact Bernard E. Rosien (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Wages and Salarles and Supplementary Labour Income
Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981p } \\ \text { (\$ millions) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 181.5 | 178.4 | 175.7 |
| Prince Edward Island | 33.5 | 33.5 | 34.4 |
| Nova Scotia | 331.3 | 327.9 | 330.1 |
| New Brunswick | 247.7 | 244.4 | 246.9 |
| Quebec | 3,168.6 | 3,136.0 | 3,124.3 |
| Ontario | 5,205.7 | 5,149.5 | 5,125.9 |
| Manitoba | 489.2 | 484.9 | 481.5 |
| Saskatchewan | 404.9 | 405.5 | 408.8 |
| Alberta | 1,337.4 | 1,314.1 | 1,330.5 |
| British Columbia | 1,598.5 | 1,609.2 | 1,611.6 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 47.0 | 46.6 | 45.4 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,045.2 | 12,929.8 | 12,915.1 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,083.3 | 1,073.8 | 1,072.4 |
| Labour Income | 14,128.6 | 14,003.6 | 13,987.5 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 192.6 | 189.0 | 183.2 |
| Prince Edward Island | 37.0 | 36.8 | 36.3 |
| Nova Scotia | 346.3 | 342.6 | 334.2 |
| New Brunswick | 261.2 | 255.5 | 254.8 |
| Quebec | 3,259.6 | 3,220.0 | 3,188.4 |
| Ontario | 5,336.4 | 5,278.1 | 5,189.9 |
| Manitoba | 507.3 | 501.1 | 491.3 |
| Saskatchewan | 425.4 | 426.4 | 416.6 |
| Alberta | 1,378.6 | 1,350.9 | 1,359.1 |
| British Columbia | 1,647.4 | 1,664.5 | 1,644.0 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 49.3 | 49.4 | 47.5 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,441.0 | 13,314.4 | 13,145.3 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,116.2 | 1,105.7 | 1,091.6 |
| Labour Income | 14,557.1 | 14,420.1 | 14,236.9 |

## f First estimate

p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate

Correctional Institutions Statistics, 1979 - Preliminary Data

## Federal Penitentlary Statistics

There were 4,711 admissions to Canadian penitentiaries in 1979 and of these, $97.3 \%$ were males and $2.7 \%$ were females. Of the total, $52.2 \%$ were being committed to penitentiary for the first time. Persons 18 to 29 years of age accounted for two-thirds of all the male and female admissions. The offences of robbery and break and enter were the most frequent major offences committed by males and violations of the Narcotic Control Act accounted for the greatest number of female admissions.

## Provincial/Territorial Adult Correctional Institutions Statistics

Of the 14,558 admissions (excluding transfer admissions) to the Maritimes and Manitoba provincial adult correctional institutions in 1979, 95.0\% were males and $5.0 \%$ were females. More than half of the males (54.2\%) and females (55.2\%) admitted were under the age of 25.

Admissions for offences under the Criminal Code accounted for $7.8 \%$ and $5.3 \%$ respectively.

Of the total number of persons convicted, 16.7\% had an aggregate sentence of more than two months and less than four months, and 12.9\% had an aggregate sentence of 10 to 14 days.

It should be noted that these are preliminary figures and may be subject to further adjustments and corrections. Further inquiries should be addressed to the Project Manager, Corrections Unit (613-995-0855), Justice Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
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10 Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, February 1981
10 Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), March 1981
10 Urban Transit, March 1981
13 Feed Price Indexes, March 1981
13 Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 2, 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

35-209 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Wooden Box Factorles, 1979
61-003 (Canada: $\$ 10 / \$ 40$; Other Countries: $\$ 12 / \$ 48$ ) Industrlal Corporatlons, FInanclal Statistics, Fourth Quarter 1980

63-005 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Retall Trade, February 1981

65-004 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Exports by Commoditles, February 1981

Exports, Imports and Trade Balance: All Countrles
Seasonally Adjusted : $\quad$ Bt
Balance of Payments Basis

(1) Note: Monthly trade figures, particularly exports and the trade balance, often fluctuate widely about the trend-cycle. The trend-cycle is a short term tendency derived from the 13 -term Henderson moving average used in the X-11 seasonal adjustment technique. Changes in the trend-cycle provide a more rellableguide' to the direction and rate of change of trade data over the short term. Estimates of the trend-cycle for the two most recent periods often change considerably with the addition of further months of data. The accompanying charts and comments on changes in the trend-cycle therefore exclude the two most recent observations.

Merchandise Trade of Canada

|  | Customs Basis* Unadjusted |  | Balance of Payments Basis* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Unadjusted |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports (\$ millions) | Exports | Imports | Trade Balance |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 18,019 | 16,736 | 18,181 | 16,588 | 17,849 | 16,255 | 1,594 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 18,663 | 17,050 | 18,524 | 16,891 | 18,680 | 17,012 | 1.668 |
| Second Quarter | 18,975 | 17,932 | 18,702 | 17,790 | 17,950 | 16,685 | 1,265 |
| Third Quarter | 17,801 | 15,621 | 17,882 | 15,455 | 18,796 | 16,689 | 2,107 |
| Fourth Quarter | 20,494 | 18,377 | 20,998 | 18,017 | 20,680 | 17,767 | 2,913 |
| 1981 2, 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 19,988 | 18,773 | 20,034 | 18,280 | 20,219 | 18,426 | 1,793 |
| 1980 . ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October | 7,228 | 6,747 | 7,388 | 6,615 | 6,872 | 6,084 | 788 |
| November | 6,843 | 5,943 | 7,030 | 5,801 | 7,224 | 5,769 | 1,455 |
| December | 6,423 | 5,687 | 6,580 | 5,601 | 6,584 | 5,914 | 670 |
| 1981 ( 50, 6, 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,724 | 5,940 | 6,642 | 5,848 | 6,991 | 6,171 | 820 |
| February | 6,299 | 5,968 | 6,350 | 5,845 | 6,680 | 6,219 | 461 |
| March | 6,965 | 6,865 | 7,042. | 6,587 | 6,548 | 6,036 | 512 |

"In the above table, export and import totals are shown on both a "customs" and a "balance-ot-payments"basis. The figures on a customs basis are the totals of detailed merchandise trade data tabulated from customs documents according to procedures and concepts explained in Summary of External Trade. The figures on a balance-of-payments basis reflect a number of adjustments applied to the customs totals to make them consistent with the concepts and definitions used in the system of national accounts. The adjustments include timing adjustments to exports of crude petroleum, natural gas and wheat and to receipts and payments for capital equipment deduction of transportation charges included in the customs returns and the reduction of import values calculated for customs duty purposes to values which reflect transaction prices. For more information about these adjustments, please refer to Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, \$6/\$24).

## Prellminary Statement of Canadian Trade, March 1981

From preliminary results, it is estimated that on a seasonally adjusted balance of payments basis, exports fell $2 \%$ or $\$ 132$ million to $\$ 6,548$ million foliowing a $4.6 \%$ decrease in February and a $6.2 \%$ increase In January. Imports fell slightly more than exports with a $2.9 \%$ or $\$ 183$ million decrease to $\$ 6,036$ million following a $0.8 \%$ increase in February and a 4.4\% increase in January. The merchandise trade surplus therefore increased $\$ 51$ million from $\$ 461$ million in February to \$512 million in March 1981.

First quarter 1981 exports were down $2.2 \%$ or $\$ 461$ million to $\$ 20.2$ billion following a strong $10 \%$ increase in the fourth quarter. In contrast to the decrease for exports, imports increased $3.7 \%$ or $\$ 659$ million to $\$ 18.4$ billion, following a $6.5 \%$ increase in the fourth quarter. Consequently, the merchandise trade surplus decreased $\$ 1,120$ million from $\$ 2,913$ million in the fourth quarter of 1980 to $\$ 1,793$ million in the first quarter of 1981.
The slowdown in growth of the short term export trend since October 1980 cuiminated in a peak in December 1980 foilowed by a slight decrease in January. Growth in the import trend started to slow one month later than the export trend with Increases of 2.7\% in October, 2.2\% in November, $1.4 \%$ in December and $1.2 \%$ in January. As a resuit, the short term trend for the merchandise trade balance peaked in October 1980 at $\$ 918$ million and decreased $\$ 24$ million in November, $\$ 54$ million in December and $\$ 84$ million to \$756 million in January 1981.

## Commodity Analysis

## Exports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

On a domestic exports basis, the largest decreases in value for March were for non-ferrous metals (down \$85 million to $\$ 385$ million, thus cancelling a similar increase in February), metal ores, concentrates and scrap (down $\$ 70$ milion to $\$ 305$ million following a $\$ 45$ million increase in February), coal (down $\$ 55$ million to $\$ 45$ million) and aircraft and other transportation equipment (down $\$ 65$ million in February and $\$ 50$ million in March to $\$ 150$ million). The largest increases for March occurred for passenger cars (up $\$ 110$ million to $\$ 390$ million following a $\$ 65$ million decrease in February) and cereals including wheat (up $\$ 70$ million to $\$ 460$ million following a $\$ 115$ million decrease in February).

## Short Term Trend

Following a five month surge in growth since June 1980, the trend for end products ( $29 \%$ share of domestic exports) peaked in November 1980 and declined $0.7 \%$ In December and $1.5 \%$ in January. Exports of fabricated materials ( $40 \%$ share) followed a similar pattern to end products, peaking one month later, in December 1980, and decreasing slightiy in January. Crude materlals ( $19.4 \%$ share) and tood, feed, beverages and tobacco ( $11.3 \%$ share) continued to increase from low points reached in September and November 1980 respectively.
(continued)

Table 1
Imports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

| $\because$ | Total | Total excluding cars | U.S.A. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { excl. U.S.A. } \\ & \text { and U.K. } \end{aligned}$ | Other <br> E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 16,572.7 | . $12,699.5$ | : $11,851.0$ | 505.8 | 4,215.9 | 934.4 | 521.4 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 17,171.3 | 13,950.7 | 12,094.1 | 502.6 | 4,574.6 | 951.4 | 588.3 |
| Second Quarter | 16,824.0 | 13,471.0 | 11,936.0 | 485.2 | 4,402.8 | 909.6 | 661.1 |
| Third Quarter | 16,656.2 | 13,512.0 | .11,669.1 | 484.4 | 4,702.7 | 838.8 | 727.4 |
| Fourth Quarter | 18,128.0 | $\therefore 14,572.6$ | 12,715.0 | 498.4 | 4,914.6 | 862.1 | 815.4 |
| 1981 <br> First Quarter | 18,907.6 | 15,513.1 | 13,244.0 | 514.3 | 5,149.2 | 897.9 | 937.8 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October | 6,216.1 | 5,062.7 | 4,243.3 | 170.0 | . 1,802.9 | 299.0 | 296.7 |
| November | 5,911.3 | 4,693.4 | 4,208.4 | 170.3 | -1,532.6 | 277.2 | 219.7 |
| December | 6,000.5 | 4,816.5 | 4,263.3 | 158.2 | 1,579.1 | 285.9 | 299.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,260.3 | 5,004.5 | 4,350.1 | 178.5 | 1,731.7 | 279.6 | 302.6 |
| February | 6,337.6 | 5,198.4 | 4,578.0 | 163.2 | 1,596.4 | 328.3 | 316.1 |
| March | 6,309.7 | 5,310.2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4,315.9 } \\ & \text { Perc } \end{aligned}$ | 172.7 changes | - 1,821.1 | 290.1 | 317.1 |
|  | -0.4 | 2.1 | -5.7 | 5.8 | 14.0 | -11.6 | -0.3 |
| Current 3 months/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. 81 /March 80 | 6.3 | 9.1 | 2.5 | 11.2 | 16.2 | 4.6 | 47.5 |

Table 2
Imports by Principal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 3
Imports From All Countries by Sections and LeadIng Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Mar. 1981 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Monthly |  | Feb. 1980 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Jan. <br> 1981 <br> (\$ mi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { Illions) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Mar. | Feb. | Jan. |
| Live Animals | 19.8 | 22.7 | 26.5 | 3.9 | 9.1 | 11.3 | 413.6 | 149.8 | 134.9 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 413.9 | 332.7 | 376.9 | 315.0 | 297.6 | 344.9 | 31.3 | 11.7 | 9.2 |
| Meat and fish | 55.2 | 45.1 | 49.0 | 43.9 | 36.4 | 53.1 | 25.7 | 23.9 | -7.7 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 147.9 | 120.8 | 123.3 | 107.1 | 100.4 | 99.2 | 38.1 | 20.3 | 24.2 |
| Raw sugar | 38.5 | 20.5 | 34.7 | 20.8 | 21.8 | 20.1 | 85.1 | -6.1 | 72.4 |
| -Crude Materials, Inedible | 972.9 | 875.2 | 1,111.4 | 948.9 | 982.5 | 893.0 | 2.5 | -10.9 | 24.4 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 126.2 | 183.7 | 193.9 | 164.8 | 136.6 | 195.0 | -23.4 | 34.4 | -0.5 |
| Coal | 2.9 | 4.4 | 15.9 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 46.7 | 36.7 | 289.5 | -65.9 |
| Crude petroleum | 689.9 | 523.8 | 745.1 | 630.6 | 711.0 | 499.8 | 9.4 | -26.3 | 49.0 |
| Fabricated Materlals, inedible | 1,195.8 | 1,084.2 | 986.1 | 1,309.4 | 984.2 | 1,141.9 | -8.6 | 10.1 | -13.6 |
| Wood and paper | 113.0 | 87.6 | 87.0 | 81.1 | 78.3 | 76.7 | 39.2 | 11.7 | 13.4 |
| Textiles | 122.2 | 108.3 | 111.6 | 111.4 | 108.4 | 109.9 | 9.6 | -0.1 | 1.5 |
| Chemicals | 349.1 | 290.1 | 293.0 | 318.9 | 279.9 | 288.7 | 9.4 | 3.6 | 1.4 |
| Iron and steel | 137.8 | 106.1 | 112.0 | 116.9 | 126.3 | 134.1 | 17.8 | -16.0 | -16.4 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 8.0 | 14.9 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 11.3 | -36.7 | 30.9 | 7.3 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 41.6 | 31.1 | 29.2 | 44.2 | 37.0 | 57.9 | -5.8 | -15.9 | -49.5 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 164.6 | 200.8 | 116.8 | 431.3 | 136.6 | 220.5 | -61.8 | 46.9 | -47.0 |
| End Products, Inedible | 4,086.6 | 3,588.5 | 3,372.8 | 3,427.2 | 3,160.3 | 3,050.6 | 19.2 | 13.5 | 10.5 |
| General purpose machinery | 236.2 | 205.7 | 201.6 | 214.8 | 199.7 | 204.9 | 9.9 | 3.0 | -1.6 |
| Special industry machinery | 434.2 | 352.2 | 401.6 | 363.3 | 332.3 | 314.4 | 19.5 | 5.9 | 27.7 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 69.1 | 42.7 | 76.2 | 35.1 | 32.0 | 32.7 | 96.8 | 33.5 | 133.1 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 240.3 | 192.5 | 160.3 | 219.6 | 202.6 | 172.4 | 9.4 | -4.9 | -7.0 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,706.3 | 1,545.1 | 1,340.7 | 1,440.3 | 1,324.2 | 1,203.5 | 18.4 | 16.6 | 11.3 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 471.8 | 439.2 | 285.0 | 454.5 | 388.7 | 25.0 | 3.8 | 12.9 | 13.1 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 123.7 | 113.7 | 80.3 | 107.6 | 79.5 | 85.4 | 14.9 | 43.1 | -5.9 |
| Other motor vehicles | 56.1 | 40.9 | 48.1 | 39.5 | 35.2 | 29.0 | 41.9 | 16.1 | 65.8 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 99.6 | 93.0 | 81.5 | 96.5 | 89.9 | 92.6 | 3.1 | 3.5 | -11.9 |
| Motor vehicle engine parts | 39.5 | 40.3 | 36.4 | 31.4 | 23.3 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 72.5 | 39.7 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 547.5 | 523.3 | 508.7 | 519.9 | 491.7 | 508.3 | 5.3 | 6.4 | 0.0 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 168.4 | 117.3 | 110.6 | 29.0 | 34.8 | 44.3 | 481.1 | 236.7 | 149.5 |
| Other equipment and tools | 870.2 | 737.7 | 709.8 | 680.9 | 605.7 | 619.1 | 27.7 | 21.7 | 14.6 |
| Electronic computers | 201.5 | 170.4 | 153.5 | 133.5 | 105.3 | 109.5 | 50.8 | 61.7 | 40.1 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 175.8 | 64.9 | 66.1 | 58.3 | 53.8 | 57.7 | 201.8 | 20.6 | 14.6 |
| Total | 6,864.7 | 5,968.3 | 5,939.8 | 6,062.7 | 5,487.6 | 5,499.3 | 13.2 | 8.7 | 8.0 |

The chief contributor to the decline in end products exports ( $29 \%$ share) since November 1980, was motor vehicle products ( $15 \%$ share) which also peaked in November 1980 and declined $2.5 \%$ in December and $3.9 \%$ in January. Aircraft and other transportation equipment ( $3.3 \%$ share) and office machinery and equipment ( $1.0 \%$ ) also peaked during the fourth quarter and have since declined. Growth in industrial machinery ( $3.1 \%$ ), telecommunication equipment ( $1.5 \%$ ) and other equipment and tool exports (1.7\%) have all eased from increases of about 4\% a month in October and November 1980 to significantly lower rates of increase in December and January. Agricultural machinery and equipment (1\%), having dropped $33 \%$ from a February 1980 peak to a November low, increased $3.2 \%$ in December and $6.1 \%$ in January.

In the fabricated materials section ( $40 \%$ share), nonferrous metals (7.2\%) peaked in October 1980 and declined 1\%, $4.1 \%$ and $5.7 \%$ a month in the three succeeding months. The precious metal (2.5\%)
aluminum (1.9\%) and copper ( $0.9 \%$ ) components of non-ferrous metals continued to decline, while nickel (0.8\%) continued to recover from an October 1980 low point.

Within the forest products sector (16.4\%), mixed trends were evident. Increases in lumber product exports (5.1\%) have abated from an increase of $2.8 \%$ in September 1980 to 0.5\% a month increases in the three months ending with January 1981. Woodpulp exports (5\%) declined $4.3 \%$ from a June 1980 peak up to November and increased slightly in December and January. Newsprint (5.2\%) increased an average of 4.4\% a month in the fourth quarter of 1980 and $2.8 \%$ in January. Other paper (1.1\%) has declined 12\% from a May 1980 peak up to December and increased $0.4 \%$ in January.

Chemicals, including fertilizers (5.8\%) reached a low in October 1980 and increased 2.8\% in December and 2.2\% in January. Petroleum and coal products (3.4\%) (continued)

Table 3 (Continued)
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Mar 1981 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Date |  | Mar. <br> 1979 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Mar.-Mar. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { (\$ millior } \end{gathered}$ | Feb. <br> 1980 |  |  | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| Live Animals | 69.0 | 49.2 | 24.2 | 20.4 | 17.6 | 11.4 | 184.8 | 37.3 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 1,123.5 | 709.6 | 957.5 | 642.5 | 901.4 | 586.8 | 17.3 | 6.2 |
| Meat and fish | 149.3 | 94.1 | 133.3 | 89.5 | 153.1 | 99.9 | 11.9 | -12.9 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 392.0 | 244.1 | 306.7 | 199.6 | 331.8 | 208.9 | 27.8 | -7.5 |
| Raw sugar | 93.7 | 55.1 | 62.7 | 41.9 | 40.1 | 34.6 | 49.3 | 56.3 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 2,959.5 | 1,986.6 | 2,824.5 | 1,875.5 | 1,638.4 | 1,031.0 | 4.7 | 72.3 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 503.8 | 377.6 | 496.4 | 331.7 | 170.0 | 133.1 | 1.4 | 191.9 |
| Coal | 23.2 | 20.3 | 50.0 | 47.8 | 48.9 | 47.9 | -53.4 | 2.1 |
| Crude petroleum | 1,958.7 | 1,268.9 | 1,841.4 | 1,210.9 | 992.5 | 579.3 | 6.3 | 85.5 |
| Fabricated Materiais, Inedible | 3,266.1 | 2,070.3 | 3,435.5 | 2,126.1 | 2,652.7 | 1,622.8 | -4.9 | 29.5 |
| Wood and paper | 287.6 | 174.6 | 236.2 | 155.0 | 232.3 | 141.7 | 21.7 | 1.6 |
| Textiles | 342.1 | 219.9 | 329.7 | 218.3 | 346.7 | 221.7 | 3.7 | -4.9 |
| Chemicals | 932.1 | 583.0 | 887.4 | 568.6 | 792.9 | 479.4 | 5.0 | 11.9 |
| Iron and steel | 355.9 | 218.1 | 377.3 | 260.4 | 307.8 | 189.5 | -5.6 | 22.5 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 35.0 | 27.1 | 35.3 | 22.7 | 33.6 | 19.5 | -0.8 | 5.0 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 101.9 | 60.3 | 139.1 | 94.9 | 105.3 | 67.9 | -26.7 | 32.0 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 482.2 | 317.6 | 788.5 | 357.2 | 324.8 | 189.5 | -38.8 | 142.7 |
| End Products, Inedible General purpose machinery | $\begin{array}{r} 11,047.9 \\ 643.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,961.3 \\ 407.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,638.1 \\ 619.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,210.9 \\ 404.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,542.5 \\ 544.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,990.2 \\ 325.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14.6 \\ 3.8 \end{array}$ | 1.0 13.7 |
| Special industry machinery Machine tools, metalworking | $1,188.0$ 188.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 753.8 \\ & 118.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,010.0 \\ 99.8 \end{array}$ | 646.7 64.7 | 788.3 75.4 | 495.2 46.4 | 17.6 88.4 | 28.1 32.3 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 593.2 | 352.8 | 594.6 | 375.0 | 476.8 | 274.5 | -0.2 | 24.7 |
| Transportation equipment | 4,592.1 | 2,885.7 | 3,968.0 | 2,527.7 | 4,612.6 | 2,951.2 | 15.7 | -13.9 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 1,196.1 | 724.2 | 1,095.2 | 640.7 | 990.4 | 599.6 | 9.2 | 10.5 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 317.8 | 194.1 | 272.5 | 164.9 | 439.7 | 271.1 | 16.6 | -38.0 |
| Other motor vehicles | 145.2 | 89.1 | 103.8 | 64.3 | 119.3 | 71.2 | 39.8 | -13.0 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 274.1 | 174.6 | 279.0 | 182.4 | 297.2 | 202.7 | -1.7 | -6.1 |
| Motor vehicle engines parts | 116.1 | 76.6 | 80.7 | 49.4 | 145.3 | 94.7 | 43.8 | -44.4 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 1,579.6 | 1,032.1 | 1,519.8 | 999.9 | 2,022.1 | 1,368.1 | 3.9 | -24.8 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 396.4 | 227.9 | 108.1 | 79.2 | 172.3 | 80.5 | 266.5 | -37.2 |
| Other equipment and tools | 2,317.6 | 1,447.5 | 1,905.8 | 1,224.8 | 1,746.2 | 1,087.8 | 21.6 | 9.1 |
| Electronic computers | 525.4 | 323.8 | 348.4 | 214.9 | 284.5 | 179.3 | 50.7 | 22.4 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 306.9 | 131.0 | 169.7 | 111.5 | 105.0 | 69.1 | 80.7 | 61.7 |
| Total | 18,772.8 | 11,908.0 | 17,049.6 | 10,986.9 | 14,857.6 | 9,311.4 | 10.1 | 14.7 |

peaked in December 1980 and decreased 1.2\% in January. Growth in iron and steel exports (3.2\%) has eased from a 6.5\% increase in September 1980 to a 2\% increase in January.
The recovery in crude material exports (19.4\% share) from a September 1980 low point was due to recoveries in exports of natural gas (5.6\%), crude petroleum (3.4\%), and a lesser extent metal ores (4.9\%).

In the food, feed, beverage and tobacco section ( $11.3 \%$ ), cereals ( $6.5 \%$ ) including wheat ( $5 \%$ ), having fallen 5\% from an August 1980 peak up to November, increased 0.6\% in December and 1.3\% in January. Fish exports (2\%) continued a strong recovery from a May 1980 low point with increases averaging 6.6\% a month in the five months up to January 1981.

## Commodity Analysis

## Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basls

The largest increase in import values for March 1981 was for crude petroleum (up $\$ 85$ million to $\$ 660$ million following a $\$ 115$ million decrease in February). The
largest decreases in value occurred for non-ferrous metals, petroleum and coal products and passenger cars. In all three cases, decreases of about $\$ 65$ million cancelled most or all of a substantial increase in the preceding month.

## Short Term Trend

Growth in the short term trend for imports of end products ( $58 \%$ share of imports) continued to slow with monthly increases of $2.3 \%, 2.2 \%, 1.9 \%$ and $1.6 \%$ for October 1980 to January 1981. The trend for imports of fabricated materials (17\% share) continued to recover from a September 1980 low, but at a slightly slower pace, with increases of $3.1 \%$ in November, $3 \%$ in December and' $2.8 \%$ in January 1981. Imports of crude materials (16\% share) peaked in November 1980 and decreased $1.2 \%$ in December and $1.6 \%$ in January 1981. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco (7\% share)
(continued)

Table 4
Total Exports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | Total excluding cars and wheat | U.S.A. (\$ millions) | U.K. | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1979$ <br> Fourth Quarter | 17,830.4 | 15,130.1 | 14,494.6 | 11,760.1 | 773.6 | 5,296.7 | 1,259.5 | 1,141.6 |
| 1980 | 18,820.1 | 16,300.7 | 15,530.5 | 12,519.8 | 840.8 | 5,459.5 | 1,607.7 | 1,001.0 |
| First Quarter | 18,224.9 | 15,966.9 | 14,887.8 | 11,037.1 | 755.5 | 6,432.3 | 1,629.8 | 1,115.8 |
| Second Quarter | 18,715.1 | 16,017.6 | 14,840.0 | 11,583.5 | 743.1 | 6,388.5 | 1,590.0 | 1,195.7 |
| Third Quarter Fourth Quarter | 20,177.5 | 16,835.0 | 16,067.3 | 12,921.5 | 900.1 | 6,355.9 | 1.488 .9 | 1,074.6 |
| $1981$ <br> First Quarter | 20,172.4 | 17,554.7 | 16,495.4 | 13,223.3 | 851.8 | 6,097.2 | 1,414.2 | 1,213.4 |
| 1980 | 6,712.6 | 5,604.9 | 5,351.6 | 4,131.6 | 249.9 | 2,331.1 | 557.2 | 376.0 |
| October | 7,037.1 | 5,784.0 | 5,564.3 | 4,557.8 | 361.5 | 2,117.9 | 453.2 | 387.0 |
| November December | 6,427.7 | 5,446.2 | 5,151.5 | 4,232.2 | 288.7 | 1,906.9 | 478.5 | 311.7 |
| $1981$ | 7,072.9 | 6,193.1 | 5,827.8 | 4,523.1 | 251.1 | 2,298.7 | 570.3 | 371.6 |
| January | 6,628.0 | 5,834.1 | 5,516.8 | 4,456.6 | 288.3 | 1,883.1 | 421.9 | 445.9 |
| February March | 6,471.4 | 5,527.5 | 5,150.8 | 4,243.5 | 312.4 | 1,915.4 | 422.0 | 395.8 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March/February | -2.3 | -5.2 | -6.6 | -4.7 | 8.3 | 1.7 | 0.0 | -11.2 |
| Current 3 months/ Previous 3 months | 0.0 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 2.3 | -5.3 | -4.0 | -5.0 | 12.9 |
| Mar. 81/Mar. 80 | 0.1 | 0.6 | -1.0 | 3.5 | 9.6 | -7.8 | -31.7 | 6.0 |

Table 5
Total Exports by Princlpal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 6
Domestic Exports to all Countrles by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Mar. 1981 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Monthly |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Jan. <br> 1981 <br> (\$ mi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { illions) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Mar. | Feb. | Jan. |
| Live Animals | 17.6 | 15.1 | 14.9 | 22.1 | 19.7 | 16.6 | -20.2 | -23.1 | -10.0 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 606.0 | 554.9 | 702.2 | 491.2 | 465.4 | 502.7 | 23.3 | 19.2 | 39.6 |
| Meat and fish | 164.3 | 155.7 | 153.4 | 121.9 | 120.5 | 140.2 | 34.8 | 29.2 | 9.3 |
| Cereals and preparations | 293.3 | 265.0 | 412.4 | 256.7 | 236.8 | 249.0 | 14.2 | 11.8 | 65.6 |
| Wheat | 201.8 | 191.5 | 283.3 | 202.3 | 155.8 | 161.3 | -0.2 | 22.9 | 75.6 |
| Crude Materiais, Inedibie | 1,239.6 | 1,300.3 | 1,405.2 | 1,269.6 | 1,299.8 | 1,255.5 | -2.3 | 0.0 | 11.9 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 303.4 | 265.9 | 280.2 | 410.4 | 302.9 | 285.1 | -26.0 | -12.2 | -1.7 |
| Crude petroleum | 243.4 | 267.7 | 253.0 | 257.0 | 301.4 | 306.7 | -5.2 | -11.1 | -17.5 |
| Natural gas | 385.4 | 440.1 | 452.0 | 367.7 | 383.0 | 400.3 | 4.8 | 14.9 | 12.8 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedibie | 2,732.4 | 2,513.8 | 2,643.9 | 2,631.0 | 2,505.6 | 2,373.2 | 3.8 | 0.3 | 11.4 |
| Wood and paper | 1,151.4 | 1,010.8 | 1,083.6 | 1,109.5 | 1,056.6 | 998.8 | 3.7 | -4.3 | 8.4 |
| Lumber, softwood | 292.9 | 247.2 | 249.4 | 297.8 | 329.0 | 277.7 | -1.6 | -24.8 | -10.1 |
| Wood pulp and similar pulp | 354.9 | 301.6 | 350.6 | 353.5 | 281.3 | 280.7 | 0.3 | 7.2 | 24.9 |
| Newsprint paper | 354.7 | 326.3 | 338.4 | 310.1 | 305.1 | 300.4 | 14.3 | 6.9 | 12.6 |
| Textiles | 22.7 | 21.9 | 21.3 | 21.2 | 16.3 | 19.9 | 7.0 | 34.3 | 6.7 |
| Chemicals | 397.7 | 346.6 | 394.1 | 344.9 | 293.6 | 270.8 | 15.3 | 18.0 | 45.5 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 142.0 | 120.0 | 125.3 | 81.2 | 88.4 | 104.2 | 74.7 | 35.8 | 20.3 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 207.8 | 226.4 | 348.3 | 197.3 | 203.1 | 192.6 | 5.3 | 11.4 | 80.8 |
| Iron and steel | 246.7 | 193.2 | 195.4 | 153.5 | 140.2 | 145.6 | 60.6 | 37.7 | 34.1 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 475.3 | 528.5 | 398.8 | 608.4 | 597.6 | 557.2 | -21.8 | -11.5 | -28.4 |
| Copper and alloys | 69.4 | 59.7 | 39.5 | 120.0 | 91.1 | 76.7 | -42.1 | -34.4 | -48.4 |
| Nickel and alloys | 67.1 | 61.9 | 58.1 | 81.9 | 86.9 | 108.3 | -18.0 | -28.7 | -46.3 |
| End Products, inedible | 2,114.9 | 1,685.4 | 1,764.3 | 1,978.1 | 1,752.9 | 1,644.3 | 6.9 | -3.8 | 7.3 |
| Industrial machinery | 229.7 | 174.7 | 207.4 | 180.0 | 186.9 | 173.5 | . 27.6 | -6.4 | 19.5 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 85.0 | 67.0 | 60.2 | 91.5 | 88.1 | 90.6 | -7.1 | -23.9 | -33.6 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,316.8 | 1,029.3 | 1,016.2 | 1,235.5 | 1,040.3 | 970.2 | 6.5 | -1.0 | 4.7 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 464.2 | 282.9 | 293.0 | 412.4 | 372.0 | 299.4 | 12.5 | -23.9 | -2.1 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 243.9 | 214.6 | 189.6 | 205.9 | 180.9 | 188.3 | 18.4 | 18.5 | 0.7 |
| Other motor vehicles | 47.1 | 30.2 | 27.9 | 29.2 | 28.2 | 24.0 | 61.3 | 7.1 | 16.1 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 39.5 | 45.5 | 37.3 | 48.3 | 45.2 | 40.1 | -18.3 | 0.5 | -6.9 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 324.9 | 270.1 | 264.4 | 281.2 | 248.7 | 241.7 | 15.5 | 8.5 | 9.4 |
| Other equipment and tools | 184.6 | 174.1 | 164.1 | 158.5 | 162.5 | 150.5 | 16.5 | 7.1 | 9.0 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 81.4 | 68.5 | 38.8 | 12.7 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 541.3 | 485.4 | 209.7 |
| Total | 6,792.0 | 6,138.0 | 6,569.3 | 6,404.7 | 6,055.0 | 5,804.8 | 6.0 | 1.3 | 13.1 |

continued to increase, but at a slower pace, tapering off from an increase of 3.1\% in September 1980 to a $0.6 \%$ increase in January 1981.

In the end products section (58\% share), slower growth in recent months was evident for motor vehicle products ( $19.6 \%$ share), industrial machinery ( $9.6 \%$ ), other equipment and tools (5.8\%) and other end products ( $9.2 \%$ ). Motor vehicles slowed from a $3.6 \%$ increase in October 1980 to a 1\% increase in January 1981, industrial machinery from a $1.4 \%$ increase in September 1980 to a 0.6\% increase in January 1981, other equipment and tools from a 2.8\% in October to $1.6 \%$ and other end products from $2.3 \%$ in September to $1 \%$ in January 1981. Within the industrial machinery group ( $9.6 \%$ ), metal working machinery (1.7\%) has slowed from a $7.6 \%$ increase in September 1980 to a $0.4 \%$ increase in January, while drilling machinery ( $1.2 \%$ ) and excavating machinery ( $1 \%$ ) increased from low points reached in December 1980 and October 1980 respectively. Contrary to the overall slowing in
growth within the other end products group (9.2\%), footwear ( $0.5 \%$ ) increased 6.8\% a month for November 1980 to January and sporting goods and toys increased 2\% a month over the same period. Imports of aircraft and parts ( $3.1 \%$ ) and agricultural machinery and parts (3\%) have picked up with increases of $6.3 \%$ a month and 5.9\% a month respectively in December and January. Telecommunication equipment (3.3\%) imports have also picked up with increases of $1.7 \%, 2 \%$ and 2.4\% for November, December and January 1981. Office machinery and equipment (3.2\%) increased at a slightly slower pace with increases averaging 2.4\% a month for November 1980 to January 1981.
In the fabricated materials section (17\% share), growth in chemicals (5\%) and textiles (1.8\%) continued to slow. Chemicals increased $1.6 \%$ in January 1981 down from a 6.4\% increase in October 1980.
(continued)

Table 6 (Continued)
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonaily Adjusted

|  | Year-to-Date |  |  |  |  |  | Mar.-Mar. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. <br> 1981 | Feb. 1981 | Mar. 1980 (\$ mill | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { llions) } \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1979 | Feb. 1979 | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| Live Animals | 47.7 | 30.0 | 58.4 | 36.3 | 49.6 | 34.4 | -18.3 | 17.6 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 1,863.1 | 1,257.1 | 1,459.3 | 968.1 | 1,097.0 | 721.1 | 27.6 | 33.0 |
| Meat and fish | 473.4 | 309.0 | 382.6 | 260.7 | 332.6 | 209.5 | 23.7 | 15.0 |
| Cereals and preparations Wheat | $\begin{aligned} & 970.6 \\ & 676.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 677.4 \\ & 474.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 742.5 \\ & 519.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 485.8 \\ & 317.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 450.7 \\ & 327.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 294.5 \\ & 217.1 \end{aligned}$ | 30.7 30.3 | 64.7 58.7 |
| Crude Materiais, Inedible | 3,945.1 | 2,705.5 | 3,824.9 | 2,555.2 | 2,672.4 | 1,676.9 | 3.1 | 43.1 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 849.5 | 546.1 | 998.5 | 588.1 | 694.0 | 402.2 | -14.9 | 43.8 |
| Crude petroleum | 764.1 | 520.7 | 865.0 | 608.0 | 520.3 | 334.0 | -11.6 | 66.2 |
| Natural gas | 1,277.5 | 892.1 | 1,151.0 | 783.3 | 674.4 | 461.8 | 10.9 | 70.6 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible. | 7,890.1 | 5,157.7 | 7,509.8 | 4,878.8 | 5,612.5 | 3,567.5 | 5.0 | 33.8 |
| Wood and paper | 3,245.8 | 2,094.4 | 3,164.8 | 2,055.4 | 2,690.9 | 1,687.8 | 2.5 | 17.6 |
| Lumber, softwood | 789.6 | 496.6 | 904.4 | 606.6 | 857.7 | 537.8 | -12.7 | 5.4 |
| Woodpulp and similar pulp | 1,007.1 | 652.2 | 915.5 | 561.9 | 750.4 | 462.7 | 10.0 | 21.9 |
| Newsprint paper | 1,019.4 | 664.8 | 915.6 | 605.5 | 739.2 | 470.6 | 11.3 | 23.8 |
| Textiles | 66.0 | 43.2 | 57.5 | 36.3 | 42.6 | 27.6 | 14.6 | 35.0 |
| Chemicals | 1,138.5 | 740.8 | 909.2 | 564.3 | 681.8 | 432.9 | 25.2 | 33.3 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 387.3 | 245.4 | 273.8 | 192.5 | 210.0 | 128.8 | 41.4 | 30.3 |
| Petroleum and coal products Iron and steel | $\begin{array}{r} 782.5 \\ 635.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 574.7 \\ & 388.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 593.0 \\ & 439.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 395.7 \\ & 285.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 516.4 \\ & 375.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 345.1 \\ & 251.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31.9 \\ 44.5 \end{array}$ | 14.8 16.8 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 1,402.6 | 927.3 | 1,763.3 | 1,154.9 | 824.6 | 501.8 | -20.4 | 113.8 |
| Copper and alloys | 168.6 | 99.2 | 287.8 | 167.8 | 93.1 | 49.6 | -41.4 | 208.9 |
| Nickel and alloys | 187.1 | 120.0 | 277.1 | 195.2 | 105.5 | 68.0 | -32.4 | 162.5 |
| End Products, Inedibie | 5,564.6 | 3,449.8 | 5,375.2 | 3,397.1 | 5,322.7 | 3,437.9 | 3.5 | 0.9 |
| Industrial machinery | 611.8 | 382.1 | 540.3 | 360.3 | 430.8 | 273.5 | 13.2 | 25.4 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 212.2 | 127.2 | 270.2 | 178.7 | 176.8 | 98.8 | -21.4 | 52.7 |
| Transportation equipment | 3,362.3 | 2,045.5 | 3,245.9 | 2,010.5 | 3,858.7 | 2,510.3 | 3.5 | -15.8 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 1,040.0 | 575.9 | 1,083.8 | 671.4 | 1,210.7 | 805.3 | -4.0 | -10.4 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 648.1 | 404.2 | 575.1 | 369.2 | 865.0 | 550.7 | 12.6 | -33.5 |
| Other motor vehicles | 105.2 | 58.1 | 81.4 | 52.2 | 70.0 | 49.0 | 29.2 | 16.3 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 122.2 | 82.8 | 133.6 | 85.3 | 252.4 | 172.8 | -8.5 | -47.0 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 859.4 | 534.5 | 771.6 | 490.4 | 1,031.7 | 653.3 | 11.3 | -25.2 |
| Other equipment and tools | 522.8 | 338.1 | 471.4 | 312.9 | 403.0 | 260.1 | 10.8 | 16.9 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 188.7 | 107.3 | 36.9 | 24.2 | 41.1 | 29.0 | 411.0 | -10.1 |
| Total | 19,499.4 | 12,707.4 | 18,264.5 | 11,859.7 | 14,795.4 | 9,466.7 | 6.7 | 23.4 |

Imports of non-ferrous metals (2.7\%) declined 2\% in the three months up to January 1981 following a 37\% decline between March and September 1980. Iron and steel imports (1.9\%), having fallen $35 \%$ between September 1979 and October 1980, continued a strong recovery with increases of 5.3\% in December and 7.2\% in January. Wood and paper (1.5\%) also continued a strong recovery from a low point in August 1980 with increases averaging 6.5\% a month from November 1980 to January 1981. Petroleum and coal products (1.2\%) continued a strong recovery from a low point in September 1980 with increases averaging 20.6\% a month for November 1980 to January 1981.

In the crude materials section ( $16 \%$ share), increases in crude petroleum imports ( $9.7 \%$ share) have slowed from an increase of $4.3 \%$ in September 1980 to an increase of $0.3 \%$ in December and $0.7 \%$ in January 1981. Imports of metal ores and concentrates (3.4\%) have also slowed from an increase of 10\% in September 1980 to an increase of $4.5 \%$ in January.

In contrast to the slowing growth of the food, feed, beverages and tobacco section ( $7 \%$ share), the fruit and vegetables component ( $2.3 \%$ ) has increased an average of $3.4 \%$ a month in the four months up to January 1981. Coffee, cocoa and tea (0.9\%) has also continued to recover from an August 1980 low with increases of 5.2\% a month in November and December 1980 and 3.7\% in January. Meat and fish imports (0.5\%) peaked in October 1980 and decreased 2.4\% in December and 4.2\% in January 1981.

## Trading Partner Analysls

## Exports (Seasonaily Adjusted), Customs Basls

Exports to the United States in March decreased 4.8\% or $\$ 215$ million to $\$ 4.24$ billion after decreasing $1.5 \%$ in February. Exports to the United Kingdom were up 8.4\% or $\$ 25$ million to $\$ 310$ million following a $15 \%$ increase
(continued)
in the preceding month. There was a decrease in exports to Japan of $11.2 \%$ or $\$ 50$ million to $\$ 395$ million following a $20 \%$ increase in February. Exports to "Other OECD" countries went up 22\% or \$35 million to $\$ 210$ million, partially recovering the decline of $36 \%$ in the previous month. There was little or no change in exports to "Other EEC" countries and "Other America".

## Short Term Trend

Growth in exports to the United States (65.4\% Share of exports) continued to slow with an increase of $0.8 \%$ in January 1981 following increases of 4.3\%, 4.0\%, 2.8\% and $1.7 \%$ in the four months from September to. December 1980.
The trend for exports to the United Kingdom (4.3\% share) showed a similar pattern of slowing growth to that for exports to the United States. The trend for exports to "Other"EEC" countries (7.1\% share) continued to decline from its April 1980 high point with decreases averaging $1.4 \%$ monthly in the fourth quarter of 1980 and a 1.6\% decrease in January 1981. Exports to Japan (5.6\% share) started to recover from a low point in November and rose 0.8\% in December and 2.5\% in January. Exports to "Other OECD" countries ( $3.1 \%$ share) followed a similar trend to that of exports to Japan. Exports to "Other America" (5.6\% share) peaked in December 1980 having increased nearly 80\% since the previous low point in March 1979 and decreased 1.2\% in January 1981.

## Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

Imports from the United States decreased 5.7\% or \$260 million in March to $\$ 4.32$ billion after increasing $5.2 \%$ in the preceding month. Imports from "Other EEC" countries decreased $11.6 \%$ or $\$ 40$ million to $\$ 290$ million following a 17.4\% increase in February. There was little change in imports from Japan. Imports from "Other OECD" countries increased $19 \%$ or $\$ 30$ million to $\$ 180$ million, and imports from "Other America" increased $6.7 \%$ to $\$ 420$ million after increasing $8.2 \%$ in February.

## Short Term Trend

Growth in the short term trend for imports from the United States (70.4\% share of imports) started to slow in November 1980, one month later than for exports to the United States, with increases of 2.9\% in October 1980, 2.7\% in November, 2.1\% in December and 1.7\% in January 1981. Imports from the United Kingdom(2.7\% share) continued to recover from a low point in August 1980 with increases averaging $1.2 \%$ a month in the three months up to January 1981. Imports from "Other EEC" countries ( $4.7 \%$ share) touched a low point in October 1980 and increased $0.9 \%, 1.7 \%$ and $1.9 \%$ in the three months from November 1980 to January 1981.

The trend of imports from Japan (4.8\% share) continued to advance with increases of $5.3 \%$ in December and $5.1 \%$ in January and have reached a level $\mathbf{7 1 \%}$ higher than the previous low point in July 1979. Imports from "Other OECD" countries (2.8\% share) continued to decline from a September 1980 peak with decreases averaging $1.9 \%$ a month in the three months up to January 1981. The trend for imports from "Other America" (6.1\% share) continued to increase from a low point reached in July 1980 and showed increases averaging $3.0 \%$ monthly from November 1980 to January 1981.

Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, February 198.1
On a fixed weight basis, export prices increased 3.5\% in February following a $1.3 \%$ increase in January. The February increase was the largest since September 1979 and was largely due to a substantial increase in crude petroleum export prices. Import prices increased $2.2 \%$ following a $0.4 \%$ increase in January. The current weighted export price deflator increased $0.8 \%$ in February and the import deflator declined 2.1\%.

The seasonally adjusted domestic export volume index declined $7.2 \%$, following an increase of $3.9 \%$ in January and the import volume index advanced 3.4\% following a $2 \%$ increase.

For further information, order the March issue of the Summary of External Trade (65-001, \$3/\$30).
(see table on pages 11-12)

Passenger Bus Statlstics (Interclity and Rural), March 1981 - Published only in Statistics Canada Daily
The accompanying table contains statistics on passenger bus carriers earning \$500,000 or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations.

The following observations apply to the data in this release:

- Data relating to other services such as charter or contract are specific to the surveyed passenger bus carriers and are not indicative of overall charter and contract operations.
- Total distance run in a revenue service includes distance run empty which was necessary to provide the revenue service.
- Conditions specifically enumerated in the footnotes at the end of the table would affect comparison of data.
For further information, contact the Head, Surface Transport Unit (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.
(see table on page 12)
Urban Transit, March 1981 - Advance Information In March, 58 urban transit systems collected 123,958,192 initial passenger fares. The total distance run was 61063778 km and their operating revenues amounted to $\$ 47,706,389$.

For further information, order the March issue of Urban Transit (53-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact the Head (613-995-1976), Surface Transport Unit, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, Customs Basis
Laspeyres Price Indexes Welghted with Fixed 1971 Quantitles
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)

|  | Domestic Exports | Period to Period Change \% | Imports | Period to Period Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Annual | 181.0 | 12.1 | 165.7 | 16.0 |
| 1976 Annual | 188.5 | 4.1 | 169.6 | 2.4 |
| 1977 Annual | 205.1 | 8.8 | 194.3 | 14.6 |
| 1978 Annual | 223.9 | 9.2 | 220.1 | 13.2 |
| 1979 Annual | 273.9 | 22.4 | 258.9 | 17.7 |
| 1980 Annual | 337.2 | 23.1 | 304.9 | 17.8 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 249.1 | 5.3 | 241.4 | 3.9 |
| 11 Quarter | 262.3 | 5.3 | 248.3 | 2.9 |
| III Quarter | 282.0 | 7.5 | 261.7 | 5.4 |
| IV Quarter | 303.4 | 7.6 | 276.7 | 5.7 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 320.9 | 5.8 | 288.5 | 4.2 |
| II Quarter | 336.3 | 4.8 | 300.6 | 4.2 |
| III Quarter | 344.0 | 2.3 | 309.7 | 3.0 |
| IV Quarter | 352.7 | 2.5 | 324.1 | 4.7 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| September | 350.3 | 1.9 | 315.9 | 1.9 |
| October | 350.5 | 0.1 | 318.8 | 0.9 |
| November | 355.2 | 1.3 | 321.5 | 0.9 |
| December | 352.8 | -0.7 | 333.4 | 3.7 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |
| January | 357.3 | 1.3 | 334.8 | 0.4 |
| February | 369.8 | 3.5 | 342.2 | 2.2 |

Pasche Price Indexes Welghted with Current Perlod Quantitles
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)

|  | Domestic Exports | Period to Period Change \% | Imports |  | Period to Period Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Annual | 173.1 | 10.7 | 157.4 |  | 15.8 |
| 1976 Annual | 177.2 | 2.4 | 157.6 |  | 0.1 |
| 1977 Annual | 188.6 | 6.5 | 176.9 |  | 12.2 |
| 1978 Annual | 205.3 | 8.8 | 200.7 |  | 13.5 |
| 1979 Annual | 248.0 | 20.8 | 228.9 |  | 14.0 |
| 1980 Annual | 289.1 | 16.6 | 266.0 |  | 16.2 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 229.3 | 7.4 | 218.7 |  | 3.1 |
| II Quarter | 241.2 | 5.2 | 218.5 |  | -0.1 |
| III Quarter | 256.4 | 6.3 | 234.7 |  | 7.4 |
| IV Quarter | 265.0 | 3.4 | 245.0 |  | 4.4 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 287.6 | 8.5 | 259.1 |  | 5.8 |
| 11 Quarter | 285.9 | -0.6 | 261.8 |  | 1.0 |
| III Quarter | 291.8 | 2.1 | 269.5 |  | 2.9 |
| IV Quarter | 293.9 | 0.7 | 274.6 |  | 1.9 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |
| September | 288.4 | -2.6 | 275.8 |  | 2.9 |
| October | 289.6 | 0.4 | 272.5 |  | -1.2 |
| November | 292.7 | 1.1 | 268.4 |  | -1.5 |
| December | 299.9 | 2.5 | 283.0 |  | 5.4 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 318.9 | 6.4 | 290.7 |  | 2.7 |
| February | 321.4 | 0.8 | 284.4 | c | -2.1 |

Volume Indexes Welghted with 1971 Prices (Constant Dollars)
Seasonally Adjusted
(1971=100)
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrr}\hline & & \begin{array}{rl}\text { Period to } \\ \text { Period }\end{array} \\ \text { Change } \\ \%\end{array}\right)$

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural)

|  |  | 1980 |  | 1981 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year-to-date | March | Year-to-date | March |
| Carrlers Reporting |  | 19 | 19(4) | 18 | 18 |
| Passenger Revenue Earned |  |  |  |  |  |
| Urban-Suburban Services | \$ | 35,168, ${ }^{\text {(2) }}$ | 12,902, (2) | 39,441,248 | 13,925,848 <br> (2) |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | \$ | 10,780,442r | 3,959,110r | 11,394,399 | 4,138,883 |
| Fare Passengers Carrled |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services (3) | No. | 7,335,230r | 2,591,735r | 7,788,922 | 2,797,758 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | No. | x | x | - | x |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | No. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Total Distance Run |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services | km: | 44866769 r | 15445787 r | 46547081 | 16230616 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | km: | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | km: | 12521 292r | 4583 305r | 10993684 | 3800022 |
| Fuel Consumed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diesel Oil | L: | 20085 548r | 7059 714r | 20168256 | 7028611 |
| Gasoline | L: | 4652 228r | 1426 740r | 4051176 | 1300214 |

(1) The number of fare passengers carried for Other Services are not kept by all carriers.
(2) Urban and Suburban Services were grouped with Other Services to meet confidentiality requirements.
(3) Passengers purchasing a ticket which is good for passage on more than one route may be reported more than once. For this reason, the number of "Fare Passengers Carried" may exceed the number of individuals actually travelling by Intercity Bus.
(4) One carrier reported operations for only part of the month because of a labour dispute.
$r$ Revised figures.
$x$ Confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

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(604-666-3695)

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 2, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended May 2, 1981 totalled 366,933 short tons ( 332876 t), an increase of $0.8 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 364,056 short tons ( 330266 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 351,197 short tons ( 318601 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 200.3 in the current week, 198.7 a week earlier and 191.7 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Feed Price Indexes, March 1981 - Advance Information
Feed price indexes for Canada and five geographical regions are now available for March 1981.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.


63-218 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Cóuntries: \$5.40) Direct Selling In Canada, 1978 and 1979

Service Bulietin:
64-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 3, Building Construction Activity in Metropolitan Areas, 1979 and 1980

## Unempioyment insurance Statistics



## (1) Monthly everege.

p Preliminery figures.

- Amount too small to be expressed.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Preliminery Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Stetistical Report on the Operetion of the Unemployment Insurence Act (73-001, Quarterly, \$6/\$24), or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

## Prellminary Report on Unemployment insurance

 Statistics, February 1981 - Advance InformationPayments made to unemployment insurance claimants in February amounted to $\$ 476$ million*, a decrease of $2 \%$ from January but $14 \%$ more than the $\$ 419$ million disbursed in February 1980. For the first two months of 1981 payments were $\$ 963$ million, up $8 \%$ from the same period in 1980. The rise in the year-todate payments is due to a $9 \%$ increase in the average weekly benefit to $\$ 130.03$ as the number of weeks of benefit paid dropped marginally.
The number of claimants qualifying for unemployment insurance benefits for the week ended February 21 totalled $864,000^{*}$, an increase of $1 \%$ over both a month earlier and a year ago. Thirty-six percent of the beneficiaries were females, the same proportion as in February 1980.
Persons applying for unemployment insurance benefits filed 206,000 claims in February, down 33\% from the previous month. The decrease in claims is
usual between January and February. Compared with February 1980, claims were $5 \%$ fewer. For the first two months of 1981, claims filed totalled 511,000, down $8 \%$ from the same period in 1980.
*The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to the benefit payments made during a month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month, the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardiess of when they received payment.

Trusteed Pension Funds, Fourth Quarter 1980 Advance Information
Preliminary estimates derived from the quarterly survey of trusteed pension funds indicate that at the end of 1980 these funds held over $\$ 50$ billion in invested assets at book value, an increase of $\$ 8$ billion over the amount held one year earlier. It is estimated that an additional $\$ 14$ billion was held under a variety of insurance company contracts to provide future benefits to private pension plan members as well. These funds are not included in this study, except for some $\$ 900$ million invested by trusteed pension fund managers in segregated funds of insurance companies as part of their total holdings.

For further information, order the fourth quarter 1980 issue of Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed Pension Funds (74-001, \$2.50/\$10), or contact Hubert Frenken (613-995-4476), Pensions Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Prellminary Estimates of Assets of Trusteed <br> Pension Funds

Fourth Quarter, 1980

|  | thousands of dollars | $\%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Pooled funds | $2,173,174$ | 4.3 |
| Mutual funds | 365,137 | 0.7 |
| Segregated funds | 901,251 | 1.8 |
| Bonds | $24,93,204$ | 49.2 |
| Stocks | $10,012,990$ | 19.7 |
| Mortgages | $5,820,613$ | 11.5 |
| Real Estate and | 556,448 | 1.1 |
| lease-backs |  |  |
| Miscellaneous | $5,970,926$ | 11.7 |
| Total | $50,793,743$ | 100.0 |

Specifled Domestic Electrical Appllances, March 1981

- Advance Information

Advance information on specified domestic electrical appliances for the month of March 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication, (43-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Cement, March 1981 - Advance Information

During the month of March 1981 manufacturers shipped 504221 metric tonnes of Portland cement, as compared to 377796 metric tonnes in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Cement (44-001, \$1.50/\$15), contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
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Thursday, May 7, 1981

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2 Rigid Insulating Board, March 1981
3 Asphalt Roofing, March 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

61-005 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, January 1981
64-203 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: $\$ 8.40$ ) Building Permits, Annual Summary, 1980


## Railway Carloadings

7-Day Period Ended April 21, 1981

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway CarloadIngs, 7 Days Ended April 21, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending April 21, 1981 totalled 4.3 million t ( 4.7 million short tons), a decrease of $12.1 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $18.5 \%$ and in the West by $4.8 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $9.8 \%$ and in the West by 4.5\% with an overall national increase of $8.4 \%$.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 69.0 million $t$ ( 76.0 million short tons), showed a decrease of $0.1 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $0.9 \%$.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

RIgid Insulating Board, March 1981 - Advance Information
Production of rigid insulating board was 25,989 thousand square feet (2 414 thousand m2) 1/2" (12.7 mm ) basis in March 1981.

Shipments totalled 38,863 thousand square feet ( 3610 thousand m 2 ) 1/2" ( 12.7 mm ) basis during the same period.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Rigid Insulating Board (36-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

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New Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1981 - Advance Information
New motor vehicles sold in March totalled 123,273 units, up 1.5\% from a year earlier. This included 67,733 passenger cars (down 10.4\%) and 27,033 commercial vehicles (down 10.9\%) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 25,301 passenger cars (up $80.3 \%$ ) and 3,206 commercial vehicles (up 114.3\%) manufactured overseas.

Total sales value increased $12.1 \%$ to $\$ 1,214.2$ million. Canadian and U.S. passenger cars sold for \$620.7 million (up 0.4\%) and commercial vehicles for $\$ 352.4$ million (up $0.9 \%$ ). Sales of passenger cars from overseas increased $104.3 \%$ to $\$ 213.7$ million and those of commercial vehicles increased $154.1 \%$ to $\$ 27.4$ million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 330 units of coaches and buses valued at $\$ 11.5$ million.
Seasonally adjusted March sales of passenger cars manufactured in Canada and the U.S. increased 6.8\% from February to 59,436 units and those of passenger cars from overseas increased $0.5 \%$ to 24,195 units. Similarly adjusted sales of all commercial vehicles were up $10.1 \%$ to 26,841 units.
For the first three months of 1981, total sales reached 294,489 units ( 313,997 in 1979), with an accumulated value of $\$ 2,842.8$ million. This represented an increase of 3.9\% in value over sales for January-March 1980.

For further information, order the March issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, \$2.50/\$25), or contact M. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Asphalt Roofing, March 1981 - Advance Information Production of asphalt shingles was 3003648 metric bundles and shipments were 3061025 metric bundles in March 1981.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Asphalt Roofing (45-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

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Friday, May 8, 1981

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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

36-001. (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Hardboard, March 1981
36-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, March 1981
(continued)

51-001 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Transcontinental and Regional Air Carrier Operations, September 1980

61 204 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Provincial Government Enterprise<br>Finance, Fiscal. Years Ended Nearest to December 31st, 1978<br>63-004 (\$1.50/\$15) Department-Store Sales by Regions, March 1981<br>Service Bulletin:<br>32-023 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 \% \$ 15$; ©ther Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 9, No. 19, Päck of Processed Blueberries, 1980

## Department Store Sales by Regions, March 1981

Department store sales totalled $\$ 689.2$ million for March, up 11.4\% from a year earlier.

Sales by regions for March 1981, with percentage increases from March 1980 in brackets, were as follows: ..

- "Ontario," $\$ 232.7$ millior ( $10.8 \%$ ) :
- British Columbia, $\$ 134.5$ million (17.9\%)
- Quebec, $\$ 118.5$ million (4.5\%)
- Alberta, $\$ 105.8$ million ( $14.1 \%$ )
- Atlantic provincés, $\$ 38.6$ million (6.2\%)
- Manitoba, $\$ 37 \% 5$ million (9.4\%)
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 21.6$ million ( $21.6 \%$ )

Data users should note that figures for the Yukon and Northwest Territories are included with British Columbia. See the March issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50/\$15).

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, March 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary statistics for the month of March show that Canadian residents returning from visits to the United States and other countries decreased from the same month in 1980. The number of residents from the United States visiting Canada continued to increase due to the dramatic growth in short-term automobile entries. Visitors from countries other than the U.S. however, declined slightly during March 1981 compared to the same month last year.

Statistics for March show that 2.7 million Canadian residents returned from visits to the U.S. (down 2.5\%), while the number of Canadians re-entering from trips to countries other than the U.S. decreased by $14.6 \%$ to 159,000. Residents of the United States entering Canada numbered 2.9 million, an increase of $39.0 \%$ from March 1980, primarily due to the $48.6 \%$ rise in same-day automobile visits. Visitors from countries other than the U.S. decreased by $2.5 \%$ to 72,000 in March.

On a year to date basis figures were as follows:

- 6.9 million Canadians returned from visits to the U.S., down 3.1\% from last year;
- residents returning from other countries decreased by $12.2 \%$ in the first quarter to 454,000 ;
- 7.3 million U.S. residents entered Canada, up 32.7\% from first quarter 1980;
- 182,000 visitors from countries other than the U.S. entered Canada during the first three months of 1981, up $0.3 \%$ from 1980.
In the first quarter of 1981, long-term Canadian reentries from the United States (including overnight or longer auto and bus traffic and all plane, train and boat
re-entries) decreased by $2.7 \%$ to 2.3 million. Canadian residents returning from visits to countries other than the U.S. decreased by $12.2 \%$ to 454,000 . Long-term. entries to Canada by U.S. residents for the first quarter of 1981 increased by $5.4 \%$ to 1.1 million, while visitors from other countries (excluding those arriving by land via the U.S. and entering and leaving on the same day) numbered $163,000,0.6 \%$ above the first quarter of 1980.

The accompanying table shows traveller entries and re-entries for March 1981 for total and long-term traffic and percentage changes from 1980. For further information, order the March issue of International Travel - Advance Information (66-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Paul Paradis (613-995-0847). International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.
(see table on next page)
Telephone Statistics, March 1981 - Advance Information
Thirteen major telephone systems reported monthly revenues of $\$ 548.4$ million in March 1981, up 20.9\% over March 1980.

Operating expenses were $\$ 388.7$ million, an increase of 19.3\% over March 1980. Net operating revenue was \$159.8 million, an increase of $24.9 \%$ over March 1980. Telephone toll messages increased $11.0 \%$ to 117.4 million.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Telephone Statistics (56-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics C.anada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, March 1981 - Advance Information
In March 1981, Canadian manufacturers produced $8,057,658$ phonograph records as compared to $7,521,975$ in the same period of the previous year. Production of pre-recorded tapes for the same periods as above was $1,349,676$ and $1,673,269$ respectively.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada (47-004, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Internationai Traveliers Entering or Returning to Canada
March 1981

| Residence of travellers | Total |  |  |  | Long-term Travellers* |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | March |  | January-March |  | March |  | January-March |  |
|  | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ |
| Non-residents Ali countries | 2,989,666 | 37.6 | 7,435,393 | 31.6 | 480,599 | 4.7 | 1,280,172 | 4.8 |
| United States | 2,917,830 | 39.0 | 7,253,851 | 32.7 | 416,774 | 5.9 | 1,116,795 | 5.4 |
| Other countries | 71,836 | -2.5 | 181,542 | 0.3 | 63,825 | -2.4 | 163,377 | 0.6 |
| Europe, total | $\begin{array}{r}41,403 \\ \hline 839\end{array}$ | -2.0 -18.3 | 101,707 2,080 | -3.0 -3.8 | 37,164 777 | -1.4 -16.4 | 92,357 1,934 | -2.2 -3.3 |
| France | 4,639 | 8.6 | 11,179 | 6.1 | 4,135 | 6.0 | 10,221 | 5.5 |
| Germany (W) | 6,611 | -6.5 | 15,512 | -6.8 | 5,755 | 0.9 | 13,748 | -3.7 |
| Italy | 2,737 | 5.0 | 7,448 | 15.5 | 2,501 | 10.9 | 6,682 | 17.0 |
| Netherlands | 2,177 | 7.6 | 5,475 | 3.5 | 2,002 | 6.0 | 5,049 | 4.2 |
| Sweden | 1.691 | 18.9 | 3,625 | 1.7 | 1,354 | 17.2 | 3,121 | 5.4 |
| Switzerland | 1,932 | -4.7 | 4,271 | -14.9 | 1,742 | -7.7 | 3,976 | -13.9 |
| United Kingdom | 13,849 | -3.1 | 34,397 | -2.8 | 12,624 | -4.1 | 31,253 | -3.6 |
| Asia, total | 14,250 | 1.9 | 37,255 | 8.0 | 11,906 | - | 31,850 | 5.8 |
| Hong Kong | 1,086 | 2.5 | 4,609 | 26.4 | 1,011 | 1.1 | 4,470 | 28.9 |
| Israel | 1,230 | 2.1 | 2,598 | 3.3 | 1,064 | -1.6 | 2,233 | -1.9 |
| Japan | 6,477 | -5.1 | 15,423 | -1.5 | 5,165 | -5.3 | 12,199 | -4.9 |
| Bermuda \& Caribbean, total | 2,831 | -17.2 | 8,087 | -7.0 | 2,751 | -17.7 | 7,895 | -7.1 |
| South America, total | 3.858 | 7.2 | 12,030 | 16.2 | 3,506 | 9.5 | 10,951 | 17.8 |
| Africa, total | 1,713 | -0.3 | 4,665 | 9.9 | 1,630 | -1.8 | 4,465 | 8.4 |
| Central \& North America, total | 2,879 | -30.1 | 6,916 | -6.1 | 2,469 | -29.7 | 6,044 | -5.6 |
| Mexico | 2,042 | -37.4 | 4,810 | -7.8 | 1,656 | -39.4 | 4,035 | -9.1 |
| Oceania and other ocean islands, total Australia | $\begin{aligned} & 4,902 \\ & 3,958 \end{aligned}$ | 6.9 9.0 | 10,882 8,531 | 0.2 2.9 | 4,399 $\mathbf{3 , 5 2 9}$ | 7.2 8.5 | 9,815 7,676 | 2.8 4.3 |
| Australia | $3,958$ | 9.0 | 8,531 | 2.9 | 3,529 | 8.5 | 7,676 | 4.3 |
| Residents of Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ali countries | 2,890,880 | -3.3 | 7,395,829 | -3.7 | 1,133,068 | -7.2 | 2,737,096 | -4.4 |
| United States | 2,731,570 | -2.5 | 6,941,960 | -3.1 | 973,758 | -5.9 | 2,283,227 | -2.7 |
| Other countries | 159,310 | -14.6 | 453,869 | -12.2 | 159,310 | -14.6 | 453,869 | -12.2 |

[^7]The Canadian Composite Leading Index
1971=100



## A Note on the Role of Leading indicators In the Statistical System

Policy-makers and decision-makers in both the government and private sectors are making increased and more sophisticated uses of quarterly national accounts and of other macro-economic frameworks in order to evaluate the current performance of the economy and to detect its underlying trends. However, by the time users have access to the elaborate frameworks which allow them to analyze the economy in a relatively disciplined fashion, events with consequences for the near and medium term future may have already taken place. The first quantitative manifestation of current economic developments often occurs in a group of indicators that lead cyclical movements in the economy and that can be assembled rapidly as events unfold. Consequently it is not surprising that "leading indicators" have long played a role in assessing current economic conditions. In the last decade the increased severity of recessions worldwide has disabused most analysts of the notion that the business cycle is dead and has rekindled interest in the leading indicator approach to economic analysis. Since the early 1970s the number of organizations, both in Canada and elsewhere, that have developed indicator systems to monitor economic developments is quite impressive. All of this activity has stimulated inquiries into the nature of the work being carried out and into possible directions of evolution of indicator systems.

These inquiries have led Statistics Canada to develop a set of theoretical guidelines that are useful in constructing, evaluating, or in guiding the evolution of leading indicator systems. Also, technical advances in data smoothing have been utilized so that the number of false signals emitted by the leading index has been minimized while preserving the maximum amount of lead time. A paper on these topics will shortly be published in a forthcoming issue of the new publication Current Economic Analysis (catalogue number 13004 E ). Within the limits of this note we can only be suggestive and indicate that a leading indicator system should be structured as much as possible like the framework (eg. the quarterly national accounts) that it is intended to complement, and it must contain a broad enough range of component indicators to enable the system to warn of cyclical changes that may be generated by any of a large variety of causal mechanisms. Although the current version of Statistics Canada's leading indicator system does not incorporate all the implications of the theoretical guidelines, along with the guidelines, it constitutes a useful addition to the indicator systems in Canada, and will become increasingly more so as the system evolves in accordance with the theoretical principles underlying its development.

The Canadian Composite Leading Indicator, February 1981 - Advance Information

| Leading Indicators | Percentage <br> Change in <br> February |
| :--- | ---: |
| Composite Leading Index (1971=100) <br> 1. Average Workweek - Manufacturing <br> (Hours) | +0.48 |
| 2. Residential Construction Index <br> (1971=100) | +0.21 |
| 3. United States Composite Leading |  |
| Index (1967=100) | +6.04 |
| 4. Money Supply (M1) |  |
| (\$1971 Millions) | +0.64 |
| 5. New Orders - Durable Products <br> Industries (\$1971 Millions) <br> 6. Retail Trade - Furniture and <br> Appliances (\$1971 Millions) | +0.42 |
| 7. New Motor Vehicle Sales <br> (\$1971 Millions) | +0.70 |
| 8. Shipment to Inventory Ratio <br> (Finished Goods) - Manufacturing | +3.32 |
| 9. Stock Price Index (TSE300 |  |
| Excluding Oil and Gas 1975=1000) | -0.63 |
| 10. Percentage Change in Price Per Unit | $+0.02^{*}$ |
| Labour Costs |  |

The index of leading indicators decelerated in February to post a $0.48 \%$ gain, down from the $0.82 \%$ rise in January. The index now stands at 137.58 compared to 136.92 in January. The deceleration was due to the third consecutive decline in the non-filtered series,
which fell in February to a level of 136.9 compared to 137.6 in January. The drops in the non-filtered series 1 have been relatively small, $1.0 \%$ in December, $0.8 \%$ in January and $0.5 \%$ in February and have not reversed the upward trend of the filtered index, suggesting that although economic activity may be slowing, expansionary forces will dominate the outlook.

Leading indicators of consumer demand weakened somewhat in February. The 0.05\% drop in motor vehicle sales registered in January worsened in February as sales fell a further $0.63 \%$. Meanwhile expenditures on furniture and appliances decelerated due to a 5.9\% drop in the non-filtered series.

In spite of continuing high mortgage rates, the leading index of residential construction2 posted a vigorous 6.04\% increase in February. In its non-filtered form, the index has almost doubled since its trough in May 1980 to reach a level of 100.1, not attained since 1978. The sources of growth were somewhat modified from January when all three components, housing starts, building permits and mortgage loan approvals, contributed almost equally to the increase. Building permits contributed very little to the rise in February.

Signals of weakening activity within the manufacturing sector, evident since last fall, largely disappeared in February. In spite of weakening retail sales, which represent approximately half of Gross National Expenditure, new orders for durable goods rose $0.70 \%$, reflecting a healthy $10.7 \%$ climb in the non-filtered series. Likewise, the ratio of shipments to finished goods inventories rose from 1.46 to 1.48 due to an (continued)
increase of 0.04 in the non-filtered series. The gain was due mainly to a widespread increase in shipments, while finished goods inventories were reduced very little. The percentage change in price per unit labour costs registered its eleventh consecutive decline and, in fact, turned negative for the first time in over three years. On a non-filtered basis February was the second consecutive month that the inflation rate of unit labour costs exceeded that of prices, in spite of an appreciable slowing in the growth rate of unit labour costs. Prices slowed even further, making almost no advance during the month. The average workweek fell $0.8 \%$ non-filtered and was largely responsible for the slackening in unit labour costs.

In February, the United States leading index decelerated to post a gain of $0.64 \%$. The non-filtered index registered its third consecutive decline, although the drops have not been large enough to reverse the upward trend of the filtered series. Nonetheless U.S. demand for our exports seemed to be slackening and total merchandise exports fell 2.2\% in the first quarter.

The Toronto Stock Index slowed for the third consecutive month. The monthly rate of growth decelerated from 4.74\% in November to $0.58 \%$ in February. The index now stands at 1733. The money supply posted a second consecutive drop ( $-0.42 \%$ ).

For further information, order Current Economic Analysis (13-004E, Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact D. Rhoades (613-992-4441), Current Economic Analysis Staff, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(1) The purpose of filtering is to reduce irregular movements in the data so that one can better judge whether the current movement represents a change in the business cycle. Unfortunately, all such filtering entails a loss of timeliness in warning of cyclical changes.

An attempt has been made to minimize this loss in timeliness by filtering the leading index and its components with minimum phase shift filters so as to minimize false signals and maximize lead time. See $D$. Rhoades, "Converting Timeliness into Reliability in Economic Time Series" or "Minimum Phase-shift Filtering of Economic Time Series", Canadian Statistical Review. February 1980

Over the period January 1952 to October 1980, the unfiltered index exhibited a seven month average lead at business cycle peaks، a three month lead at troughs, and emitted 65 false signals. The filtered index emitted only seven false signals over this period and had a five month average lead at peaks and a one month lead at troughs.

All references to leading indicators are to filtered data unless otherwise stated.
(2) This index is a composite of housing starts, residential building permits, and mortgage loan approvals.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Slaughtering and Meat Processing Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1011 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 491 | 524 | 6.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 25,710 | 25,467 | -0.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 53,015 | 52,802 | -0.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 367,791 | 399,014 | 8.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 37,389 | 43,873 | 17.3 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 4,573,548 | 5,492,498 | 20.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 5,515,356 | 6,587,419 | 19.4 |
| Value added | \$000 | 952,754 | 1,052,902 | 10.5 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 34,812 | 34,565 | -0.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 519,781 | 564,114 | 8.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,002,478 | 1,109,468 | 10.6 |

For further information, contact K.C. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Slaughtering and Meat Processors, 1979 (32-221, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Shoe Factories industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1740 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 156 | 171 | 9.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No'. | 13,066 | 13,989 | 7.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 26,826 | 28,905 | 7.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 118,517 | 140,000 | 8.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,472 | 2,880 | 16.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 233,250 | 317,736 | 36.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 461,512 | 600,425 | 30.1 |
| Value added | \$000 | 233,786 | 293,678 | 25.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 15,169 | 16,194 | 6.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 152,272 | 177,775 | 16.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 233,786 | 293,678 | 25.6 |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Shoe Factories and Boot and Shoe Findings Manufacturers, 1979 (33-203, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Women's Clothing Factorles Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2441 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 575 | 590 | 2.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 26,008 | 26,968 | 3.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 50,026 | 52,770 | 5.5 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 231,471 | 267,760 | 15.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 3,162 | 3,523 | 11.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 608,707 | 707,107 | 16.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 522,156 | 621,934 | 19.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 29,722 | 30,703 | 3.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 298,467 | 341,731 | 14.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 539,617 | 644,632 | 19.5 |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Women's and Children's Clothing Industries, 1979 (34-217, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Sawmills and PlanIng Mills Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2513 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 1,226 | 1,308 | 6.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 56,101 | 57,441 | 2.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 117,730 | 122,007 | 3.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 906,274 | 1,041,739 | 14.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 106,643 | 124,168 | 16.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 2,425,968 | 3,175,557 | 30.9 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 4,693,644 | 5,676,034 | 20.9 |
| Value added | \$000 | 2,256,605 | 2,609,602 | 15.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 66,457 | 68,328 | 2.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 1,098,329 | 1,268,428 | 15.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 2,259,951 | 2,616,957 | 15.8 |

For further information, contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Sawmills and Planing Mills and Shingle Mills, 1979 (35-204, \$6).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Furniture and Flxtures Manufacturers

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2660 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 360 | 413 | 14.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 9,108 | 9,705 | 6.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 19,092 | 20,341 | 6.5 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 104,020 | 119,416 | 14.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4,415 | 5,335 | 20.8 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 221,523 | 267,341 | 20.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 457,163 | 537,224 | 17.5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 236,531 | 270,926 | 14.5 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 11,243 | 11,978 | 6.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 137,904 | 158,589 | 15.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 245,586 | 280,785 | 14.3 |

For further information, contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturers, 1979 (35213, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Publishing and Printing Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


[^8]Selected Principal Statistics for the Iron and Steel Mills Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2910 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 50 | 53 | 6.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  | 4.9 |
| Production and related workers | No. | 44,791 | 46,977 | 10.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 89,851 | 98,901 | 15.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 777,594 | 897,436 | 12.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 297,045 | 332,856 | 27.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | $2,535,245$ | $3,225,262$ | 18.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 00$ | $4,959,619$ | $5,859,261$ | 17.0 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | $2,082,750$ | $2,436,651$ |  |
| Value added |  | 56,669 | 59,167 | 4.4 |
| Total Activity: | $N 0$. | $1,041,367$ | $1,188,608$ | 14.1 |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ | $2,077,843$ | $2,424,283$ | 16.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Iron and Steel Mills, 1979 (41-203, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Structural Concrete Products

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3542 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 42 | 42 | - |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 2,031 | 1,870 | -7.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 4,246 | 3,931 | -7.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 32,908 | 34,288 | 4.2 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,373 | 2,569 | 8.3 |
|  | \$000 | 46,647 | 57,048 | 22.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 87,584 | 95,866 | 9.5 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,607 | 2,392 | -8.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 44,280 | 45,020 | 1.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 87,300 | 94,830 | 8.6 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1979 (44-205, \$4.50).

## Selected Principai Statistics for the Instrument and Related Products Manufacturers

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3911 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 183 | 210 | 14.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 7,404 | 8,168 | 10.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 15,256 | 16,877 | 10.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 91,281 | 110,134 | 20.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 5,271 | 6,119 | 16.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 273,341 | 336,230 | 23.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 618,178 | 722,368 | 16.9 |
| Value added | \$000 | 357,398 | 406,325 | 13.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 13,491 | 14,601 | 8.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 208,000 | 240,478 | 15.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 411,090 | 482,144 | 17.3 |

For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1979 (47-206, \$6).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Ophthalmic Goods Manufacturers
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1979 (47-206, \$6).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Sporting Goods Manufacturers
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3931 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 174 | 189 | 8.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,060 | 5,414 | 7.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 10,590 | 11,414 | 7.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 51,545 | 60,838 | 18.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,715 | 3,085 | 13.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 131,880 | 174,963 | 32.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 242,503 | 321,320 | 32.5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 110,346 | 158,605 | 43.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 6,268 | 6,798 | 8.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 71,429 | 83,869 | 17.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 128,688 | 174,790 | 35.8 |

For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Sporting Goods and Toys Industries, 1979 (47-204, \$4.50).

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Monday, May 11, 1981

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4 Industrial Chemicals, March 1981
3 Labour Force Survey, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-010 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, April 1, 1981

32-012 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Stocks of. Frozen Meat Products, April 1981

35-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, February 1981

56-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Radio Broadcasting, February 1981

64-002 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Housing Starts and Completions, February 1981

91-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and the Provinces, January 1981

Participation, Unemployment Rates, Employment Ratio, Canada (Actual and seasonally adjusted)




Labour Force Survey, April 1981
Canada's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate decreased to $7.0 \%$ in April, down from 7.4\% the previous month, bringing the rate to its lowest level since June 1976. The seasonally adjusted participation rate declined slightly ( 0.1 ) to $64.6 \%$ in April. The employment/population ratio increased by 0.1 to 60.1\%.

For the week ending April 18, 1981, the seasonally adjusted employment level was 10,959,000, up 37,000 from March. The employment level increased for all major age/sex groups, with the largest increases occurring for men 25 and over $(+14,000)$ and for women 25 and over ( $+10,000$ ).
Provincially, the seasonally adjusted level of employment increased in Alberta ( $+14,000$ ), Ontario $(+17,000)$ and Nova Scotia $(+6,000)$, while it decreased slightly in Quebec $(-6,000)$. The remaining provinces showed little or no change.
The seasonally adjusted level of unemployment was 826,000 , down substantially $(41,000)$ from March. The declines were concentrated in the 15 to 24 year age group, a decrease of 23,000 among men and of 10,000 among women. The decline was particularly noticeable among students. For persons aged 25 and over there was a slight decline ( $-9,000$ ) among men and little change among women.
On a provincial basis, the level declined in Ontario $(-16,000)$, Quebec $(-15,000)$, Nova Scotia $(-6,000)$ and Alberta ( $-5,000$ ). The remaining provinces showed little change.
Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates for the provinces in April were as follows, with March figures in brackets: Newfoundland, 12.4\% (13.2\%); Prince Edward Island, 11.1\% (12.8\%); Nova Scotia, 8.7\% (10.3\%); New Brunswick, 11.1\% (10.6\%); Quebec, 9.4\% (9.8\%); Ontario, 6.2\% (6.6\%); Manitoba, 5.9\% (6.3\%); Saskatchewan, 4.0\% (4.6\%); Alberta, 3.6\% (4.1\%); and British Columbia, 6.0\% (6.1\%).
The unadjusted employment level for Canada in April was estimated at $10,700,000$, up $3.3 \%(346,000)$ from April 1980. The unemployment level was 886,000 compared to 937,000 a year earlier, and the unemployment rate was $7.6 \%$ compared to $8.3 \%$ last year. The participation rate was 63.5 compared to 62.9 a year ago, while the employment/population ratio was $58.7 \%$, up a full percentage point from last year's level of $57.7 \%$.
For further information, order the April issue of The Labour Force (71-001, \$3.50/\$35).
(see graph on preceding page)

Olls and Fats, March 1981 - Advance Information
Production of all types of deodorized oils in March was 38212 metric tonnes.
Manufacturers' packaged sales of margarine and shortening in the same month were 9410 and 16833 metric tonnes respectively.
For further information, order the March issue of Oils and Fats (32-006, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Traveller Accommodation, 1979 - Advance Information
Total receipts reported by 16,262 traveller accommodation businesses in Canada for 1979 amounted to $\$ 4,049.2$ million. Included in the total were 5,002 hotels with reported receipts of $\$ 3,279.0$ million and 4,046 motels with receipts of $\$ 473.0$ million. The remaining $\$ 297.2$ million in receipts was accounted for by 7,214 other types of traveller accommodation firms (tourist homes, tourist courts and cabins, outfitters and tent and trailer campgrounds).
For further information, contact Mrs. R. Bennett (613-996-9301), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Rallway Carloadings, March 1981 - Advance Information
Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada totalled 21.9 million short tons ( 19.9 million t) in March 1981, a decrease of $0.2 \%$ from a year earlier. The carriers received an additional 1.7 million short tons ( 1.6 million t) from the United States, down 7.3\% from March 1980.
Commodities registering notable changes in volumes loaded in the latest month were: wheat (up $15.7 \%$ ); potash (up 14.9\%); coal (up 10.6\%); and iron ore and concentrates (down 14.1\%).
Total loadings in Canada during the first three months of 1981 showed an increase of $0.6 \%$ from the 1980 period while receipts from U.S. connections decreased by $5.2 \%$.
For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ). For seasonally adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Steel Ingots and Plg Iron, April 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the month of April 1981 was 1,593,898 short tons (1 445960 t). The comparable month's total in 1980 was $1,468,031$ short tons (1 331775 t).

Preliminary pig iron production for the month of April 1981 was $1,063,636$ short tons (964 914 t). The comparable month's total in 1980 was 977,414 short tons (886 695 t).

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Steel Ingots and Pig Iron (41-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Regional Services

| Viking Building |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Crosbie Rd. | 266 Graham Ave. |
| Winnipeg, Man. |  |

Production of Mink, 1980 - Advance Information
Preliminary information on 1980 mink production at fur farms is available for each province except Ontario. The total number of pelts produced, excluding Ontario, was 675,593 compared with 599,597 in 1979.

For further information, contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Footwear, March 1981 - Advance Information The total monthly production of footwear of all kinds for the month of March 1981 was 4,022,697 pairs.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Footwear Statistics (33-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Industrlal Chemicals, March 1981 - Advance Information
Manufacturers shipped 58989 metric tonnes of polyethylene type synthetic resins in March 1981 as compared to 69396 metric tonnes a year earlier.
Information on the East-West production of selected specified chemicals for March 1981 is also available.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Specified Chemicals (46-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Tuesday, May 12, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Employment, Earnings and Hours, February 1981


5 Bullding Permilts, February 1981
3 Oil Pipeline Transport, February 1981
3 Production of Eggs, March 1981
3 Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 9, 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

31-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industrles, February 1981

43-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, March 1981

43-009 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Electric Lamps (Light Sources), March 1981

43-002 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Domestic Washing Machlnes and Clothes Dryers, March 1981

44-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Gypsum Products, March 1981

45-004 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Refined Petroleum Products, January 1981

Employment, Earnings and Hours, Advance Data
February 1981

... figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. $r$-revised figures.

## Employment, Earnings and Hours (Seasonally Adjus-

 ted), February 1981 - Advance InformationThe first estimate of the Canada industrial composite* index of employment ( $1961=100$ ) for February 1981 showed a $0.4 \%$ increase from January. All industry divisions increased except transportation, communication and other utilities, finance, insurance and real estate and services which decreased. All regions contributed to the increase except British Columbia which registered losses.

Average weekly earnings, at the national industrial level, advanced by $0.5 \%$. Gains were registered in all divisions except forestry, construction and finance, insurance and real estate which decreased. All regions contributed to the increase.

Average weekly hours decreased in manufacturing and in construction but remained unchanged in mining (including milling). Average hourly earnings rose in mining (including milling), in manufacturing and in construction.

Detailed information for December and January will be published in the February issue of Employment,

Earnings and Hours (72-002, $\$ 4 / \$ 40$ ), and is also available from Mr. Ouellette (613-992-5513), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

* Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. Notes on concepts and methods can be found in any issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours.
(see tables on pages 3 and 4)

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Earnings nal variations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | Nov. 1980r | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { dol } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ lars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 f \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 446.37 | 440.25 | 358.03 | 441.33 | 417.53 | 397.04 | 421.58 | 423.28 | 439.89 | 416.39 |
| Mining, including milling | 520.72 | 514.14 | 484.73 | 487.12 | 459.05 | 453.26 | 514.44 | 505.84 | 484.29 | 479.02 |
| Manufacturing | 370.53 | 367.38 | 353.41 | 358.17 | 332.46 | 329.07 | 368.21 | 366.57 | 360.14 | 355.43 |
| Durable Goods | 393.65 | 389.59 | 374.45 | 384.00 | 353.59 | 348.99 | 391.96 | 390.29 | 383.19 | 378.96 |
| Non-durable Goods | 348.13 | 346.25 | 332.93 | 333.53 | 311.50 | 309.41 | 345.50 | 345.01 | 337.18 | 333.16 |
| Construction | 492.09 | 489.26 | 455.17 | 487.21 | 441.16 | 432.68 | 498.17 | 501.29 | 492.34 | 485.03 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 402.62 | 400.43 | 394.17 | 393.16 | 371.19 | 370.80 | 401.06 | 397.57 | 397.07 | 393.67 |
| Trade | 252.64 | 250.74 | 245.42 | 243.35 | 228.86 | 227.47 | 254.70 | 254.56 | 247.57 | 247.51 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 330.11 | 332.15 | 318.58 | 313.43 | 296.22 | 293.96 | 330.44 | 332.25 | 320.37 | 315.80 |
| Service | 224.33 | 223.96 | 219.09 | 217.10 | 203.99 | 201.33 | 225.41 | 223.87 | 219.38 | 217.84 |
| Industrial Composite | 339.61 | 337.40 | 325.60 | 329.36 | 307.06 | 304.11 | 340.22 | 338.69 | 332.75 | 329.20 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 297.10 | 295.87 | 283.44 | 282.21 | 271.56 | 270.40 | 294.98 | 292.39 | 288.64 | 282.61 |
| Newfoundland | 314.85 | 317.29 | 300.26 | 292.87 | 285.12 | 285.91 | 312.38 | 313.78 | 309.48 | 293.87 |
| Prince Edward Island | 242.76 | 238.74 | 238.04 | 238.69 | 224.52 | 219.34 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 287.29 | 286.61 | 273.66 | 272.76 | 259.64 | 259.89 | 287.18 | 285.41 | 278.93 | 273.99 |
| New Brunswick | 303.72 | 299.87 | 290.18 | 291.89 | 282.93 | 279.85 | 298.12 | 292.76 | 291.05 | 290.58 |
| Quebec | 338.71 | 334.97 | 323.35 | 325.79 | 304.98 | 303.12 | 339.15 | 336.42 | 329.51 | 325.66 |
| Ontario | 332.60 | 330.78 | 319.24 | 323.07 | 302.18 | 299.05 | 333.13 | 332.54 | 325.42 | 322.78 |
| Prairie Region | 346.11 | 344.85 | 331.35 | 334.61 | 308.87 | 304.03 | 346.42 | 346.10 | 338.46 | 335.52 |
| Manitoba | 298.86 | 298.81 | 289.68 | 289.64 | 274.41 | 272.08 | 300.72 | 300.04 | 294.03 | 290.89 |
| Saskatchewan | 317.07 | 316.17 | 316.71 | 313.98 | 290.32 | 288.12 | 320.50 | 319.82 | 319.94 | 315.53 |
| Alberta | 374.75 | 372.90 | 353.65 | 359.85 | 329.77 | 323.65 | 374.34 | 373.54 | 363.16 | 359.63 |
| British Columbia | 383.36 | 379.46 | 369.79 | 379.83 | 347.85 | 344.01 | 386.72 | 381.94 | 381.70 | 378.51 |
| Yukon | 444.05 | 447.11 | 444.78 | 430.44 | 402.46 | 424.42 | . . . | . . . | . . . | . . . |
| Northwest Territories | 395.93 | 388.17 | 373.17 | 380.42 | 378.30 | 377.42 | . . |  | . . | -•• |
| Canada | 339.61 | 337.40 | 325.60 | 329.36 | 307.06 | 304.11 | 340.22 | 338.69 | 332.75 | 329.20 |

... figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

## Oll Plpeline Transport, February 1981 - Advance Information

Net receipts of crude oil, condensates, pentanes plus, liquefied petroleum gases and petroleum products through Canadian oil pipelines during February 1981 decreased $10.5 \%$ to 11660898 cubic metres from 13032269 cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Oil Pipeline Transport (55-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact G. Kitchen (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production of Eggs, March 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian egg production increased $1.5 \%$ to 42.2 million dozen in March 1981 from 41.6 million a year earlier. The average number of layers remained the same at 24.9 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers increased $1.3 \%$ to 2,034 from 2,007.

For further information, order the March issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003.
$\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-9954853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 9, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended May 9, 1981 totalled 384, 131 short tons ( 348478 t), an increase of $4.7 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 366,933 short tons ( 332876 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 348,948 short tons ( 316560 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t ) equalling 100 was 209.6 in the current week, 200.3 a week earlier and 190.4 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Hours and Average Hourly Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1980p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { nun } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ <br> er | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Average Weekly Hours: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 41.4 | 41.5 | 39.3 | 40.7 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 39.5 | 40.0 |
| Manufacturing | 38.8 | 38.9 | 37.8 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 38.6 |
| Durable Goods | 39.5 | 39.7 | 38.4 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 39.3 |
| Non-durable Goods | 38.1 | 38.2 | 37.1 | 38.1 | 38.0 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 37.9 | 37.9 |
| Construction | 38.4 | 38.6 | 36.2 | 39.1 | 38.3 | 38.1 | 39.4 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 39.4 |
| Building | 37.4 | 37.7 | 36.1 | 37.9 | 37.3 | 37.4 | 38.0 | 38.8 | 38.3 | 38.0 |
| Engineering | 41.4 | 41.1 | 36.6 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 40.3 | 42.4 | 43.3 | 42.4 | 42.0 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 38.6 | 39.1 | 36.3 | 37.4 | 38.9 | 38.3 | 38.1 | 38.9 | 37.6 | 37.6 |
| Quebec | 39.2 | 39.2 | 38.2 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 38.8 |
| Ontario | 39.3 | 39.4 | 38.2 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 39.1 | 39.2 |
| Prairie Region | 37.7 | 37.8 | 36.9 | 38.1 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 37.8 |
| British Columbia | 36.3 | 36.5 | 35.6 | 36.3 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 36.1 | 36.1 | 36.3 | 35.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Hourly Earnings: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 11.66 | 11.57 | 11.43 | 11.42 | 10.38 | 10.26 | 11.60 | 11.51 | 11.34 | 11.30 |
| Manufacturing | 8.78 | 8.67 | 8.59 | 8.53 | 7.90 | 7.81 | 8.78 | 8.67 | 8.61 | 8.52 |
| Durable Goods | 9.32 | 9.18 | 9.08 | 9.10 | 8.37 | 8.28 | 9.34 | 9.19 | 9.15 | 9.07 |
| Non-durable Goods | 8.20 | 8.13 | 8.04 | 7.92 | 7.36 | 7.28 | 8.20 | 8.12 | 8.03 | 7.95 |
| Construction | 13.15 | 13.02 | 12.60 | 12.82 | 11.85 | 11.62 | 12.97 | 12.90 | 12.79 | 12.73 |
| Building | 13.47 | 13.34 | 13.04 | 13.13 | 12.01 | 11.82 | 13.45 | 13.34 | 13.17 | 13.03 |
| Engineering | 12.31 | 12.12 | 11.56 | 12.21 | 11.44 | 11.08 | 11.91 | 11.87 | 11.96 | 12.15 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 8.09 | 7.99 | 8.08 | 7.64 | 7.16 | 7.17 | 7.92 | 7.79 | 7.98 | 7.61 |
| Quebec | 8.12 | 7.97 | 7.90 | 7.82 | 7.23 | 7.19 | 8.13 | 7.97 | 7.94 | 7.82 |
| Ontario | 8.73 | 8.63 | 8.52 | 8.49 | 7.91 | 7.80 | 8.74 | 8.64 | 8.57 | 8.50 |
| Prairie Region | 8.93 | 8.83 | 8.72 | 8.76 | 8.02 | 7.95 | 9.02 | 8.91 | 8.75 | 8.72 |
| British Columbia | 11.57 | 11.47 | 11.40 | 11.43 | 10.35 | 10.27 | 11.61 | 11.43 | 11.39 | 11.35 |

[^9] figures.

## Building Permits

(millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1980 |  |  |  |  | 1981 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt. | Total | Res. | Ind. | Comm. | Inst. \& Govt. | Total |
| Canada - | Jan. | 292.9 | 73.1 | 232.5 | 190.7 | 789.2 | 373.5 | 86.8 | 214.6 | 76.0 | 750.9 |
| Unadjusted | Feb. | 354.1 | 94.9 | 278.7 | 124.0 | 851.7 | 452.7 | 73.7 | 332.1 | 90.6 | 949.1 |
| Canada - | Jan. | 647.3 | 136.4 | 379.1 | 307.9 | 1,470.7 | 832.2 | 160.3 | 355.6 | 122.1 | 1.470 .2 |
| Adjusted | Feb. | 612.5 | 154.4 | 360.4 | 169.5 | 1,296.8 | 848.9 | 124.8 | 464.4 | 132.4 | 1,570.5 |
| Canada Jan.-Feb. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted |  | 647.0 | 168.0 | 511.2 | 314.7 | 1,640.9 | 826.2 | 160.5 | 546.7 | 166.6 | 1,700.0 |
| Newfoundland |  | 4.5 | 0.5 | 3.3 | 1.8 | 10.1 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 9.9 | 0.3 | 14.1 |
| Prince Edward Island |  | 3.9 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 0.1 | 5.8 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 7.3 |
| Nova Scotia |  | 17.9 | 7.3 | 8.1 | 5.9 | 39.2 | 13.4 | 0.8 | 7.0 | 2.7 | 23.9 |
| New Brunswick |  | 1.5 | 1.6 | 4.5 | 6.4 | 14.0 | 4.0 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 0.9 | 10.7 |
| Quebec |  | 78.1 | 30.0 | 54.0 | 74.0 | 236.1 | 138.1 | 19.5 | 73.6 | 34.4 | 265.6 |
| Ontario |  | 137.7 | 73.3 | 98.4 | 98.5 | 407.9 | 214.5 | 99.8 | 117.7 | 27.3 | 459.3 |
| Manitoba |  | 7.2 | 2.5 | 14.5 | 4.5 | 28.7 | 9.7 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 25.5 |
| Saskatchewan |  | 30.6 | 3.6 | 28.5 | 17.1 | 79.8 | 21.8 | 11.0 | 20.0 | 10.3 | 63.1 |
| Alberta |  | 165.2 | 20.8 | 208.4 | 49.6 | 444.0 | 236.9 | 12.2 | 271.5 | 59.4 | 580.0 |
| British Columbia |  | 200.1 | 28.0 | 89.8 | 56.8 | 374.7 | 182.4 | 8.6 | 36.8 | 21.7 | 249.5 |
| N.W.T. and Yukon |  | 0.3 | - | 0.3 | - | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 1.0 |

Canada totals include an estimate of late returns.

Building Permits, February 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian municipalities have authorized building construction estimated at a seasonally adjusted rate of $\$ 1,570.5$ million in February, 6.8\% higher than in January ( $\$ 1,470.2$ million) and 21.1\% higher than in February 1980 ( $\$ 1,296.8$ million). The high level of building permit activity in the reference month is attributed to the continuing strength already observed in January in both the residential and non residential sectors.

In the residential sector, permits were issued for $\$ 848.9$ million of construction work in February compared to $\$ 832.2$ million in January. In physical terms, 16,569 dwellings, consisting of 9,902 single and 6,667 multiple units, were authorized during the month. In January, 15,254 new dwellings (8,568 singles and 6,686 multiples) had been approved.

In the non residential sector, the seasonally adjusted value of all types of building construction rose $13.1 \%$ from $\$ 637.9$ million in January to $\$ 721.6$ million in February. By category, proposed commercial construction, rising from $\$ 355.6$ million in January to $\$ 464.4$ million in February showed the largest increase ( $+30.6 \%$ ), followed by institutional construction which
rose $8.5 \%$ from $\$ 122.1$ million to $\$ 132.4$ million in February. Industrial projects decreased in value from $\$ 160.3$ million to $\$ 124.8$ million in February.

For additional information, order the February issue of Building Permits (64-001, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OZ7.
(see table on next page)

## Building Permits

February 1981


## Preliminary figures.

Canada totals include an estimate of late returns.
Metropolitan Areas are based on 1976 Census Area definitions.
For further information order Building Permits, February 1981 (64-001, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ).
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Wednesday, May 13, 1981

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2 Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products, May 1981
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3 Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batterles, March 1981
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3 Particleboard and Waferboard, March 1981
3 Pulpwood and Wood Residue, March 1981
3 Sugar Sales, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

43-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Speclfied Domestic Electrical Appliances, March 1981

44-001 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Cement, March 1981

Housing Stock Estimates, Canada, Provinces and Territories
1978-1980 - Preliminary Data


Housing Stock Estimates, 1980 - Advance Information
The total net stock of dwellings in 1980 estimated at $8,355,419$ showed a small increase of $2.0 \%$ over the 1979 stock of $8,190,069$. In the last decade, the average annual increase was $3.3 \%$. A drop in number of completed dwellings in 1980 (22.4\%) contributed to the absorption of vacant dwellings which now stands at 385,119 or $4.6 \%$ of the total stock.
Revised estimates of housing stock are available for Canada, the provinces and territories, for each year starting with 1941. The year-end stock estimate series includes all non-collective dwellings available for occupancy on a year-round basis, excluding mobile homes. The total net housing stock is obtained by the perpetual inventory method, using Census data as benchmarks. Therefore, estimates pertaining to years subsequent to the 1976 Census should be considered as preliminary until the 1981 Census data is published.
Historical series of housing stock for Canada, the provinces and territories are now incorporated in matrices 4079 to 4090 of the CANSIM Databank. Additionally, they are available ty type dwelling (single and multiple) and by tenure. (These matrices supersede matrix 992, now deleted.)

For further information, contact Lizette GervaisSimard (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products, May 1, 1981 Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of frozen poultry products at May 1 amounted to 32769 metric tonnes compared with last year's corresponding total of 44065 metric tonnes.

For further information, order the March issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-9954859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, January 1981 - Advance Information
The production of crude petroleum and equivalent hydrocarbons during January 1981 amounted to 7428300 cubic metres, decreasing $6.2 \%$ from the production of 7920100 cubic metres in the same month of 1980 .
The net new production of natural gas amounted to 9733.8 million cubic metres, down $7.0 \%$ from the 10466.7 million cubic metres produced in the same month of 1980 .
For further information, order the January 1981 issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, \$2.50/\$25), or contact I. Cavanagh (613-9963139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OṬ6.

## Construction Type Plywood, March 1981 - Advance

 InformationCanadian mills produced $257,852,000$ square feet (228 $173 \mathrm{m3}$ ) $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}(9.525 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) basis of construction type plywood in March 1981, compared to 234,727,000 square feet ( 207710 m 3 ) 3/8" ( 9.525 mm ) a year earlier.
January to March 1981 production amounted to $719,033,000$ square feet ( 636273 m 3 ) 3/8" $(9.525 \mathrm{~mm}$ ).
For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Construction Type Plywood (35-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Factory Sales of Electrical Storage Batteries, March 1981 - Advance Information
Advance information on factory sales of electric storage batteries for March 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication (43-005, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Particleboard and Waferboard, March 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian firms produced 69379 m 3 of waferboard in March 1981, an increase of 18.7\% compared to the 58453 m 3 produced during the same period in 1980.

Canadian firms produced 67453 m 3 of particleboard in March, representing an increase of 4.1\% compared to the 64812 m 3 produced during the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Particleboard and Waferboard (36-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Pulpwood and Wood Resldue, March 1981 - Advance Information
Roundwood production decreased by $5.8 \%$ to 4035037 m3 in March 1981 from 4281268 m3 a year earlier. Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by $1.9 \%$ to 8098062 m 3 from 7943802 m 3 . The closing inventory of these two products increased by $0.6 \%$ to 26130052 m 3 from 25976237 m 3 for the same period in 1980.

Receipts of wood residue increased by $9.6 \%$ to 3906995 m 3 compared to 3563448 m 3 for the same month in 1980.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Colin F. Sturton (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Sugar Saies, April 1981 - Advance Information For April 1981 Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 79139092 kilograms of all types of sugar, 78271208 kilograms in domestic sales and 867884 kilograms in export sales.

For detailed information on stocks, production and shipments (sales) of refined sugar for the same period, available in approximately 10 days, order the April 1981 issue of The Sugar Situation (32-013, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Thursday, May 14, 1981

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2 Industry Selling Price Index, March 1981
3 Raw Materials Price Index, March 1981
4 Estimates of Employees, February 1981
5 Non-residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, March 1981
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3 Survey of Actors and Directors, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-006 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 20$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$ ) New Surveys, Vol. 6, No. 1, First Quarter 1981

53-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Urban Transit, March 1981
62-001 (\$2.50/\$25) Consumer Price Index, April 1981 - Available Friday, May 15, 1981 at 7 a.m.

63-011 (Canada (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Restaurant, Caterer and Tavern Statistics, February 1981

## Service Bulletin:

87-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Culture Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 4, A First Look at the Survey of Actors and Directors

Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing
(1971=100)


* These indexes are preliminary.
(1) This shows the amount by which the movement of each index would move the total, in the absence of any change in the other indexes.
(2) Group weights are based on 1971 value of shipments (Census of Manufacturers 1971).
(3) Included are the following maior groups: 7. Clothing Industries; 15. Transportation Equipment Industries; 18. Petroleum and Coal Products Industries; 20. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

Industry Selling Price Index, March 1981 - Advance Information
The Industry Selling Price for Manufacturing ( $1971=100$ ) increased $0.5 \%$ in March 1981 to a preliminary level of 264.6 from its revised level of 263.2 in February. The index now stands $10.5 \%$ above its level of March 1980. The 12 month percentage change in the first three months of 1981 has averaged 10\%, compared to between $12 \%$ and $13 \%$ in the last half of 1980.

In March 1981, most major groups showed increases of approximately one half a per cent. Larger increases were shown by the petroleum refineries and primary metals group, while declines were shown by food and beverages, wood products, and pulp and allied products.
Petroleum and coal products are estimated to have increased 5.0\% in March 1981 to stand at an index level a third higher than that of a year earlier. The main contributors to the price change were the effect of the one dollar per barrel increase in the well-head price of crude oil on January 1981 and a temporary increase in the petroleum compensation charge of 75 cents per barrel levied in response to cut-backs in domestic production beginning on March first.
The index for primary metal industries increased $1.2 \%$ in March to stand at a level of $2.4 \%$ above its level of a year earlier. Iron and steel mills increased $2.6 \%$ in March due mainly to increases of about $7.0 \%$ in unfabricated carbon sheet steel. Smelting and refining industries increased $0.7 \%$, due largely to an increase in nickel and a decrease for precious metals. The
precious metal decrease was the net result of a minor increase for gold and a relatively large decrease in silver. Lead showed an increase of $8.6 \%$; this followed four months of decline during which the index had fallen $23 \%$.

The food and beverage industries index decreased $0.7 \%$ in March to stand at an index level of $12.5 \%$ above its level of a year earlier. Slaughtering and meat processors decreased $1.9 \%$ due mainly to the continued declines in beef ( $1.0 \%$ ) and pork prices ( $5.1 \%$ ). The fresh and frozen beef index now stands at a level only $0.4 \%$ above that of a year earlier while pork is $11.6 \%$ above its March 1980 index level. Sugar prices fell another $10 \%$ in March, so that the index level for cane and sugar beet processors is now $18 \%$ above that of a year earlier. Prices in flour mills and feed industries fell in March 1981.

The wood industries index declined slightly by $0.4 \%$ in March to stand at a level $1.6 \%$ below its level of a year earlier. Sawmills and planing mills decreased $1.1 \%$, attributable largely to small declines in softwoods of approximately $2.0 \%$.

The main reason for the marginal decline in the index for pulp and allied products was the fluctuation in the Canada/U.S. exchange rate which particularly affected the prices for newsprint and woodpulp.

For further information, order the March issue of Industry Price Indexes ( $62-011, \$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 V 5$.

## Raw Materials Price Index

(1977=100)

|  |  | Index |  |  | Percent Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Relative Importance | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1981* } \end{aligned}$ | Feb. 1981* | Mar. 1980 | Mar. 81/ Feb. 81 | Mar. 81/ Mar. 80 |
| Raw materiais total | 100.0 | 175.1 | 173.3 | 148.5 | 1.0 | 17.9 |
| Vegetable products | 12 | 154.6 | 160.5 | 123.0 | -3.7 | 25.7 |
| Animals and animal products | 23 | 151.0 | 151.8 | 144.8 | -0.5 | 4.3 |
| Textile products | 1 | 149.0 | 149.4 | 128.2 | -0.3 | 16.2 |
| Wood products | 11 | 149.0 | 148.2 | 151.2 | 0.5 | -1.5 |
| Ferrous materials | 3 | 145.7 | 143.5 | 141.0 | 1.5 | 3.3 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 6 | 186.4 | 187.7 | 226.9 | -0.7 | -17.8 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 4 | 148.2 | 147.8 | 129.2 | 0.3 | 14.7 |
| Coal, crude oil and natural gas | 40 | 206.1 | 200.2 | 148.9 | 2.9 | 38.4 |
| Raw materials - Total excluding coal, crude oil, natural gas |  | 152.9 | 155.9 | 148.3 | -1.9 | 3.1 |

* These indexes are preliminary.

Raw Materials Price Index (1977=100) March 1981 Advance Information
The preliminary indexes for March 1981 for the components of the Raw Materials Price Index show four components rising and four falling, generally by small amounts. The index of all materials excluding coal, oil and natural gas fell $1.9 \%$ in March to stand $3.1 \%$ above its level of a year ago. The total raw materials index was $17.9 \%$ above its level of March 1980, as the index for coal oil and natural gas has risen by $38.4 \%$ during that period.
The index for coal oil and natural gas rose $3.0 \%$ in March 1981 because of the 75 cent a barrel temporary increase in the petroleum compensation charge on crude oil levied in response to the cut-backs on domestic production effective March first.

The largest percentage decline was recorded for vegetable products, down $3.7 \%$ from February 1981, mainly due to lower prices for raw sugar ( $-14 \%$ ), wheat and other grains ( $-2 \%$ ) and green coffee ( $-6 \%$ ). The price index for raw sugar rose sharply in 1980, peaking in October. Since then it has declined almost as rapidly as it went up, though it is still $22 \%$ above its level of a year ago.

The price index for grains declined for the first time in March after a continous rise in the last year during which prices had risen by a third. The main reason for the increase had been the last year's depressed harvest in Canada and in the United States. The index for vegetable products was $25.7 \%$ higher than in March 1980, though it has fallen over the last six months.

The animal products index, though $4.3 \%$ above its level of a year earlier, declined $0.5 \%$ in March, being influenced strongly by a price decrease for hogs of $9.2 \%$, the only price decline within this major component. This index is only $4 \%$ above its base of 1977 because of overproduction across North America during this period.

The decrease of $0.7 \%$ in March in the non-ferrous metals index resulted from lower prices for precious metals, especially silver and, to a lesser extent aluminium. On the other hand, prices for lead
increased $20 \%$, which reversed the steady decline since November 1980. The non-ferrous metals index for March was 17.8\% lower than in March 1980, having fallen in every month since last October.
The index for ferrous metals rose $1.5 \%$ in March principally because of higher prices for steel scrap (up $3 \%$ ). The ferrous metals index was $3.3 \%$ higher in March 1981 than a year ago.

For further information, order the March issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 V 5$.

Survey of Actors and Directors, 1979
Only $40 \%$ of Canadian actors and directors made over $\$ 5,000$ in 1979 from their activities as performing artists.

Over four-fifths of those employed as actors or directors spent less than $80 \%$ of their working time in the performing arts.

Of the small group who managed to work full-time in the performing arts, about $60 \%$ made more than $\$ 15,000$ in 1979.

For further information, order the Culture Statistics Service Bulletin (catalogue 87-001), Vol. 4, No. 4, A First Look at the Survey of Actors and Directors, or contact Brian Reagan (613-593-6862), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Advance Estimates of Employees
February 1981

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Number of Employee Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 19811 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | Nov. <br> 1980r | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 57.2 | 57.4 | 61.9 | 69.5 | 60.7 | 61.1 | 67.3 | 65.1 | 66.9 | 67.1 |
| Mining (including milling) | 170.8 | 171.7 | 170.0 | 173.0 | 161.0 | 158.6 | 175.2 | 174.8 | 175.3 | 174.3 |
| Manufacturing | 1,845.4 | 1,809.8 | 1,824.5 | 1,848.0 | 1,823.5 | 1,823.4 | 1,895.4 | 1,859.0 | 1,863.4 | 1,844.9 |
| Construction | 415.6 | 407.9 | 426.2 | 480.2 | 389.5 | 395.8 | 489.9 | 474.3 | 480.0 | 466.8 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 818.7 | 830.0 | 836.6 | 851.5 | 801.8 | 809.3 | 846.7 | 852.2 | 853.5 | 851.8 |
| Trade | 1,585.4 | 1,589.0 | 1,618.6 | 1,616.3 | 1,499.9 | 1,541.6 | 1,622.6 | 1,599.4 | 1,585.2 | 1,575.4 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 535.9 | 534.9 | 532.7 | 526.0 | 501.7 | 505.1 | 543.3 | 538.8 | 536.0 | 526.6 |
| Total Service | 2,886.0 | 2,861.4 | 2,795.0 | 2,846.1 | 2,712.6 | 2,692.4 | 2,894.3 | 2,873.5 | 2,828.8 | 2,817.4 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1,562.5 | 1,538.9 | 1,490.1 | 1,529.8 | 1,490.7 | 1,466.2 | 1,514.9 | 1,508.6 | 1,483.3 | 1,488.0 |
| Commercial Service | 1,323.5 | 1,322.5 | 1,305.0 | 1,316.2 | 1,222.0 | 1,226.1 | 1,379.4 | 1,364.9 | 1,345.5 | 1,329.4 |
| Public Administration and Defence(1) | 629.7 | 624.0 | 628.4 | 630.3 | 611.4 | 606.4 | 643.6 | 643.7 | 646.7 | 643.9 |
| Total Non-agricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industries(2) | 8,953.5 | 8,893.4 | 8,901.7 | 9,051.1 | 8,570.2 | 8,600.6 | 9,192.7 | 9,093.0 | 9,046.1 | 8,982.0 |
| Total Non-agricultural Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 136.7 | 134.0 | 132.9 | 137.5 | 129.6 | 126.4 | 146.3 | 143.3 | 138.4 | 138.6 |
| Prince Edward Island | 29.2 | 29.0 | 29.5 | 30.7 | 28.4 | 29.8 | 32.1 | 31.7 | 31.1 | 31.2 |
| Nova Scotia | 258.0 | 256.2 | 257.9 | 259.4 | 248.8 | 248.0 | 268.2 | 266.3 | 262.9 | 258.7 |
| New Brunswick | 192.1 | 190.2 | 190.2 | 197.4 | 188.6 | 190.4 | 203.6 | 200.7 | 197.5 | 197.2 |
| Quebec | 2,224.3 | 2,209.5 | 2,218.6 | 2,278.8 | 2,155.6 | 2,173.8 | 2,282.5 | 2,251.7 | 2,260.2 | 2,257.8 |
| Ontario | 3,515.5 | 3,487.2 | 3,504.0 | 3,529.2 | 3,379.2 | 3,396.0 | 3,601.6 | 3,554.3 | 3,545.1 | 3,498.1 |
| Manitoba | 360.6 | 356.3 | 354.8 | 358.3 | 345.3 | 345.9 | 369.7 | 364.5 | 359.5 | 356.6 |
| Saskatchewan | 278.4 | 278.0 | 278.2 | 283.2 | 263.4 | 267.9 | 286.8 | 284.7 | 280.3 | 278.8 |
| Alberta | 893.3 | 885.8 | 881.9 | 898.0 | 824.9 | 822.3 | 913.6 | 904.9 | 897.1 | 889.1 |
| British Columbia | 1,032.3 | 1,036.0 | 1,022.3 | 1,044.8 | 976.0 | 970.4 | 1,048.3 | 1,053.1 | 1,038.8 | 1,037.8 |
| Canada(3) | 8,953.5 | 8,893.4 | 8,901.7 | 9,051.1 | 8,570.2 | 8,600.6 | 9,192.7 | 9,093.0 | 9,046.1 | 8,982.0 |

$f$ first estimate based on a limited number of returns
p preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

## Estimates of Empioyees, February 1981 - Advance

 InformationThe January 1981 data for non-commercial services, for community, business and personal services and for total non-agricultural industries incorporate an increase of approximately 25,000 employees at the Canada level. This increase results from an improved survey coverage in the non-commercial service industries. An estimate of the increases at the provincial level can be obtained by contacting $G$. Mahoney.

Monthly summary data is released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry (72-008, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ). For further information, contact G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.

Non-residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes
March 1981 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1980 | \% Change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Mar. 81/ Feb. 81 | Mar. 81/ Mar. 80 | Apr. 80/Mar. 81 <br> Apr. 79/Mar. 80 |
| Total Index | 245.9 | 243.8 | 225.8 | 0.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 |
| Materials | 244.9 | 240.8 | 225.1 | 1.7 | 8.8 | 9.1 |
| Steel and metal work | 252.5 | 249.5 | 232.5 | 1.2 | 8.6 | 8.1 |
| Plumbing, heating and air conditioning | 222.0 | 215.8 | 199.5 | 2.9 | 11.3 | 9.6 |
| Electrical equipment | 259.3 | 251.5 | 248.2 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 9.6 |
| Concrete products | 267.8 | 266.8 | 242.9 | 0.4 | 10.3 | 10.2 |
| Lumber and lumber products | 251.1 | 251.8 | 246.6 | -0.3 | 1.8 | -2.5 |
| Other | 238.7 | 236.0 | 214.5 | 1.1 | 11.3 | 12.8 |
| Labour | 247.1 | 247.1 | 226.5 | - | 9.1 | 8.6 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$30 a year), or contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Union Wage Rate Indexes, including selected pay supplements, are now available for March 1981.
Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, March 1981 - Advance Information
The index number of farm prices of agricultural products for March 1981 decreased by 0.4\% (1.2 index points) to 285.9 from the revised February level of 287.1 (1971=100).

The index, which measures (as closely as can be determined) prices received by producers at the farm gate, is available on CANSIM (matrix 176) or in the Statistics Canada publication Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products (62-003, \$1.50/\$15). This release incorporates Canadian Wheat Board adjustment payments for the August 1980 to date period.

Sub-indexes for livestock, crops and their components are available to users by contacting the Farm Income and Prices Section. For further information, contact George Beelen (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products
(1971=100)
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\hline & \text { Mar. } & \text { Feb. } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Mar. } \\ 1981\end{array} \\ & & & 1981\end{array}\right]$

* Based on current initial prices only for wheat, oats and barley for March and February 1981.


## Exports by Commodities

Commodity-country export trade statistics for March 1981 are now available in advance of the regular publications. For information, contact G.L. Blaney (613-995-6305), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-201 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Grain Trade of Canada, 1978-79
 Surveys, Pigs, April 1, 1981

32-006 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Olls and Fats, March 1981
34-222 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Automoblle Fabric Accessories Industry, 1979
36-002 ${ }^{\boldsymbol{q}}$ (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Rigid Insulating Board, March 1981

41-013 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Cemented Tungsten Carbide Blanks and Tools, Quarter Ended March 1981

45-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Asphalt Rooflng, March 1981

45-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Coal and Coke Statistics, February 1981

47-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes In Canada, March 1981

57-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Electric Power Statistics, February 1981

63-206 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Motlon Picture Productlon, 1979

Farm Net Income, 1980 Preliminary - Advance Information
Canadian farmers' realized net farm income is estimated at $\$ 3.3$ billion for 1980 , down $8 \%$ from the revised 1979 level of $\$ 3.6$ billion.
Realized gross income, which is the sum of farm cash receipts and income-in-kind, reached \$15.9 billion in 1980, up by $10 \%$ from the revised 1979 level of $\$ 14.5$ billion.

Farm operating expenses and depreciation charges increased to $\$ 12.6$ billion in 1980 or about 16\% above the revised 1979 level of $\$ 10.9$ billion. Large increases were recorded for fertilizer, feed and interest payments on farm business debt.

For further information regarding farm cash receipts, contact Peter Lys or George Beelen and for expenses, contact Mike Trant (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Further information for 1979 and 1980 is also available on CANSIM and will be published shortly in Farm Net Income, Preliminary 1980 (21-202P, \$4.50). (see table on next page)

Value of Farm Capltal Estimates, 1980 Preliminary Advance Information
Preliminary information for the value of farm capital for 1980 is now available.

Further information may be obtained from Mike Trant (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or the publication Farm Net Income, Preliminary 1980 (21-202P, \$4.50).

Production of Coffee and Tea, First Quarter 1981 Advance Information
During the quarter ended March 31, 1981, production of coffee was 19946 metric tonnes and production of tea bags was 4206 metric tonnes.

For further information; order the March quarter 1981 issue of Production and Stocks of Tea, Coffee and Cocoa (32-025, \$2.50/\$10), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Income of Farm Operators from Farming Operations
1979 and 1980

|  | Prince Edward Island | Nova Scotia | New <br> Brunswick (\$000) | Quebec | Ontario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 (revised) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 121,439 | 174,571 | 136,713 | 1,975,195 | 4,022,342 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 2,991 | 5,133 | 3,818 | 73,535 | 72,193 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | - | - |  |  |  |
| 4. Realized gross income (2) | 124,430 | 179,704 | 140,531 | 2,048,730 | 4,094;535 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 90,715 | 132,307 | 99,554 | 1,517,367 | 3,333,642 |
| 6. Realized net income (3) | 33,715 | 47,397 | 40,977 | 531,363 | 760,893 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | 3,780 | 3,195 | 2,770 | 73,659 | 107,386 |
| 8. Total gross income (4) | 128,210 | 182,899 | 143,301 | 2,122,389 | 4,201,921 |
| 9. Total net income (5) | 37,495 | 50,592 | 43,747 | 605,022 | 868,279 |
| 1980 (preliminary) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 143,124 | 203,481 | 154,684 | 2,257,670 | .4,326,190 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 3,135 | 5,143 | 4,097 | 70,993 | 70,657 |
| 3. Supplementary payments |  | - | - | - | - |
| 4. Realized gross income (2) | 146,259 | 208,624 | 158,781 | 2,328,663 | 4,396,847 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 105,888 | 150,577 | 113,847 | 1,729,412 | 3,860,754 |
| 6. Realized net income (3) | 40,371 | 58,047 | 44,934 | 599,251 | 536,093 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | -7.404 | -403 | -5,522 | 28,639 | 95,618 |
| 8. Total gross income (4) | 138,855 | 208,221 | 153,259 | 2,357,302 | 4,492,465 |
| 9. Total net income (5) | 32,967 | 57,644 | 39,412 | 627,890 | 631,711 |
|  | Manitoba | Saskatchewan | Alberta (\$000) | British Columbia | Canada* |
| 1979 (revised) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 1,309,252 | 3,033,132 | 2,823,382 | 655,171 | 14,251,197 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 17,689 | 36,182 | 34,678 | 14,575 | 260,794 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | - |  |  | 609,7- |  |
| 4. Realized gross income (2) | 1,326,941 | 3,069,314 | 2,858,060 | 669,746 | 14,511,991 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 1,046,252 | 2,026,621 | 2,165,695 | 526,535 | 10,938,688 |
| 6. Realized net income (3) | 280,689 | 1,042,693 | 692,365 | 143,211 | 3,573,303 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | -49,851 | -222,235 | 79,701 | 38,699 | 37,104 |
| 8. Total gross income: (4) | 1,277,090 | 2,847,079 | 2,937,761 | 708,445 | 14,549,095 |
| 9. Total net income (5) | 230,838 | 820,458 | 772,066 | 181,910 | 3,610,407 |
| 1980 (preliminary) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cash receipts | 1,446,565 | 3,218,562 | 3,132,510 | 754,792 | 15,637,578 |
| 2. Income in kind(1) | 17,427 | 35,715 | 34,975 | 15,160 | 257,302 |
| 3. Supplementary payments | - | 251277 | 3,107, - | 700, | 1509,- |
| 4. Realized gross income (2) | 1,463,992 | 3,254,277 | 3,167,485 | 769,952 | 15,894,880 |
| 5. Operating and depreciation charges | 1,207,231 | 2,291,327 | 2,505,841 | 615,674 | 12,580,551 |
| 6. Realized net income (3) | 256,761. | 962,950 | 661,644 | 154,278 | 3,314,329 |
| 7. Value of inventory changes | -203,804 | -298,614 | 99,699 | 16,288 | -275,503 |
| 8. Total gross income (4) | 1,260,188 | 2,955,663 | 3,267,184 | 786,240 | 15,619,377 |
| 9. Total net income (5) | 52,957 | 664,336 | 761,343 | 170,566 | 3,038,826 |

* Excludes Newfoundland.
(1) Excludes imputed house rents.
(2) Sum of cash receipts, income-in-kind and supplementary payments.
(3) Realized gross income less operating and depreciation charges.
(4) Realized gross income plus inventory changes.
(5) Total gross income less operating and depreciation charges.

Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolied Steel Products.
March 1981

|  |  | Domestic | Export | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\cdots \cdot \quad \cdot \quad$ : |  | Metric tonnes |  |  |
| Ingots and semi-finished shapes |  | 42290 | 52057 | 94347 |
| Rails and heavy structural shapes |  | 61835 | 22161 | 83996 |
| Wire rods |  | 84059 | 35721 | 119780 |
| Structural shapes: |  |  |  |  |
| Intermediate |  | 24732 | 9314 | 34046 |
| Bar-sized shapes |  | 13927 | 874 | 14801 |
| Concrete reinforcing bars |  | 70480 | 1. 525 | 72005 |
| Other hot rolled bars |  | 93978 | 21146 | 115-124 |
| T.ie plates and track material |  | 5602 | 2619 | 8221 |
| Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) | $\because$ | 170380 | 17.359 | 187739 |
| Hot rolled sheets and strip |  | 184123 | 18447 | 202570 |
| Cold finished bars. |  | 8722 | 338 | 9060 |
| Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold roiled other, coated |  | 156658 | 22737 | 179395 |
| Galvanized sheets |  | 81517 | 11820 | 93337 |
| Total |  | 998303 | 216118 | 1214421 |

* Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Primary Iron and Steel (41-001, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact Mr. G.W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and. Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Average Annual Agricuitural Debt Outstanding by Source of Lenders

1980 (preliminary)

|  | Chartered Banks including FILA Loans | Federal and Provincial Government Agencies | Credit Unions, Insurance, Trust and Loan Cos. and Treasury Branches | Private Individuals and Others(1) | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (\$'000) |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 40,500 | 40,504 | 920 | 8,342 | 90,266 |
| Nova Scotia | 32,500 | 80,207 | 3,172 | 11,672 | 127,551 |
| New Brunswick | 41,250 | 68,794 | 2,148 | 19,362 | 131,554 |
| Quebec | 579,750 | 695,189 | 227,055 | 268,830 | 1,770,824 |
| Ontario | 2,142,500 | 1,072,526 | 53,027 | 846,909 | 4,114,962 |
| Manitoba | 666,000 | 399,659 | 134,938 | 136,360 | 1,336,957 |
| Saskatchewan | 1,092,750 | 948,452 | 522,601 | 263,230 | 2,827,033 |
| Alberta | 1,513,250 | 809,960 | 459,015 | 330,418 | 3,112,643 |
| British Columbia | 635,500 | 161,772 | 81,804 | 370,435 | 1,249,511 |
| Canada* | 6,744,000 | 4,277,063 | 1,484,680 | 2,255,558 | 14,761,301 |

* Excluding Newfoundland.
(1) Includes supply companies, dealers, stores and all other unclassified credit sources.

Farm Debt, 1980 Preliminary - Advance Information The amount of outstanding farm debt in Canada rose to $\$ 14.8$ billion in 1980, up 12\% from the revised 1979 level of $\$ 13.2$ billion. The increase in farm debt continued in 1980 despite relatively high interest rates, though the rate of increase did slow.

Between 1979 and 1980, the rate of increase in farm debt was $12 \%$, down from two years of strong credit growth in the farm sector of $17 \%$ between 1978 and 1979 and $16 \%$ between 1977 and 1978.

Further information may be obtained from Mike Trant (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or the publication Farm Net Income, Preliminary 1980 (21-202P, \$4.50).

Soft Drinks, April 1981 - Advance Information The total monthly production of soft drinks for April 1981 was 31,589 thousand gallons ( 1436064 hectolitres) compared to 31,929 thousand gallons (1 451521 hectolitres) in the same month of the previous year.
For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Monthly Production of Soft Drinks (32-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15)$, or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Railway Carloadings
9-day period ending April 30, 1981

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 3,512,192 | 3,399,464 | 6,911,656 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 3,826,491 | 3,604,655 | 7,431,146 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 3186207 | 3083942 | 6270149 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 3471334 | 3270088 | 6741422 |
| \% change | -8.2 | -5.7 | -7.0 |
| Cars, 1981 | 53,151 | 47,609 | 100,760 |
| Cars, 1980 | 57,604 | 50,884 | 108,488 |
| \% change | -7.7 | -6.4 | -7.1 |
| Piggyback trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 207,167 | 84,312 | 291,479 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 192,499 | 75.119 | 267,618 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 187939 | 76487 | 264426 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 174632 | 68147 | 242779 |
| \% change | 7.6 | 12.2 | 8.9 |
| Cars, 1981 | 6,264 | 2,980 | 9,244 |
| Cars, 1980 | 6,191 | 2,836 | 9,027 |
| \% change | 1.2 | 5.1 | 2.4 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Tolal carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 41,957,295 | 41,048,367 | 83,005,662 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 45,595,177 | 37,894,687 | 83,489,864 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 38063018 | 37238452 | 75301470 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 41363249 | 34377482 | 75740731 |
| \% change | -8.0 | 8.3 | -0.6 |
| Cars, 1981 | 645,260 | 570,667 | 1,215,927 |
| Cars, 1980 | 696,400 | 544,636 | 1,241,036 |
| \% change | -7.3 | 4.8 | -2.0 |
| Piggyback trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,452,817 | 997,892 | 3,450,709 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,377,375 | 982,929 | 3,360,304 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2225158 | 905272 | 3130430 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2156718 | 891698 | 3048416 |
| \% change | 3.2 | 1.5 | 2.7 |
| Cars, 1981 | 75,494 | 36,522 | 112,016 |
| Cars, 1980 | 74,786 | 37,864 | 112,650 |
| \% change | 0.9 | -3.5 | -0.6 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 9 Days Ended April 30, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending April 30, 1981 totalled 6.3 million $t$ ( 6.9 million short tons), a decrease of $7.0 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $8.2 \%$ and in the West by $5.7 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $7.6 \%$ and in the West by $12.2 \%$, with an overall national increase of $8.9 \%$.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 75.3 million $t$ ( 83.0 million short tons), showed a decrease of $0.6 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $0.6 \%$.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Shipments of Animal and Poultry Feeds, First Quarter 1981 - Advance Information
Advance information on shipments of animal and poultry feeds for the quarter ending March 31, 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication ( $32-004, \$ 2.50 / \$ 10$ ), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Fish Processing Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1020 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 347 | 370 | 6.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 21,814 | 24,096 | 10.4 |
| Man-hours paid | $000 ' s$ | 46,398 | 52,271 | 12.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 234,654 | 288,398 | 22.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 20,302 | 28,826 | 42.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 818,711 | 965,127 | 17.8 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | $1,271,723$ | $1,502,677$ | 18.1 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 480,202 | 536,440 | 11.7 |
| Value added | 0 |  |  |  |
| Total Activity: | No. | $\$ 000$ | 284,231 | 27,995 |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ | 558,825 | 629,710 | 11.0 |
| Total salaries and wages |  |  | 623 | 23.0 |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact K. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Fish Products Industry, 1979 (32-216, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Food Processing Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1089 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 286 | 305 | 6.6 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 13,129 | 13,338 | 1.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 27,316 | 27,813 | 1.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 166,299 | 185,219 | 11.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 36,564 | 42,490 | 16.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 1,377,339 | 1,573,190 | 14.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 2,278,897 | 2,554,093 | 12.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| , Total employees | No. | 22,208 | 22,797 | 2.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 320,710 | 356,541 | 11.1 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 976,014 | 1,073,266 | 9.9 |

For further information, contact K. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Food Processors, 1979 (32-224, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistlcs for the Men's Clothing Industries

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2431 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 478 | 486 | 1.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 30,751 | 29,553 | -3.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 61,739 | 60,918 | -1.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 271,123 | 295,159. | 8.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4,913 | 5,392 | 9.8 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 617,832 | 734,505 | 18.9 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,171,547 | 1,378,081 | 17.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 564,788 | 676,732 | 19.8 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 35,473 | 34,393 | -3.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 355,724 | 384,256 | 8.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 580,988 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 690,541 | 18.9 |

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Metal Door and Window Manufacturers Industry <br> 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3031 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 259 | 304 | 17.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,507 | 7,122 | 9.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 13,369 | 14,485 | 8.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 75,603 | 91,089 | 20.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4,161 | 5,055 | 21.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 224,302 | 276,745 | 23.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 187,957 | 249,276 | 32.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 8,716 | 9,710 | 11.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 112,103 | 136,490 | 21.8 |
| Total value added | \$000. | 199,813 | 260,230 | 30.2 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry, 1979 (41-221, $\$ 4.50$ ).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Ornamental and

Architectural Metal Industry, n.e.s.
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3039 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 461 | 495 | 7.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,112 | 6,421 | 5.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 12,549 | 13,282 | 5.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 81,319 | 92,226 | 13.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4,229 | 4,236 | 0.2 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 215,694 | 263,919 | 22.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 215,072 | 246,714 | 14.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 8,037 | 8,308 | 3.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 115,267 | 127,376 | 10.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 222,145 | 252,907 | 13.8 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Ornamental and Architectural Metal Industry, 1979 (41-221, $\$ 4.50$ ).

## Selected Principal Statlstics for the Concrete Pipe Manufacturers

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3541 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 75 | 73 | -2.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,872 | 1,572 | -16.0 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 4,003 | 3,351 | -16.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 27,545 | 25,551 | -7.2 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4,203 | 3,104 | -26.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 56,681 | 57,493 | 1.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 125,756 | 126,248 | 0.4 |
| Value added | \$000 | 66,110 | 65,489 | -0.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 2,431 | 2,199 | -9.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 37,401 | 36,631 | -2.1 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 67,483 | 67.113 | -0.5 |

For further information, contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1979 (44-205, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Ready-MIx Concrete Manufacturers

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3550 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 440 | 472 | 7.3 |
| Manufacturing Actlvity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 7,471 | 7,308 | -2.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 16,077 | 15,852 | -1.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 126,720 | 136,749 | 7.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 22,364 | 25,267 | 13.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 434,437 | 508,785 | 17.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 305,617 | 326,292 | 6.8 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 9,520 | 9,332 | -2.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 161,885 | 173,961 | 7.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 317,347 | 341,558 | 7.6 |

For further information, contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Ready-Mix Concrete Manufacturers, 1979 (44-211, $\$ 4.50$ ).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Printing Inks
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3791 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 47 | 48 | 2.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 988 | 945 | -4.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 2,075 | 1,960 | -5.5 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 12,807 | 14,174 | 10.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,175 | 1,457 | 24.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 52,797 | 67,940 | 28.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 98,511 | 125,995 | 27.9 |
| Value added | \$000 | 46,387 | 58,301 | 25.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,732 | 1,694 | -2.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 26,021 | 28,736 | 10.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 55,107 | 69,097 | 25.4 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa.K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, 1979 (46-216, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Orthopaedic and Surgical Appliance Manufacturers
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1979 (47-206, \$6).

| S.I.C. 3970 |  |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. |  | 417 | 485 | 16.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. |  | 4,616 | 5,092 | 10.3 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's |  | 9,549 | 10,513 | 10.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 |  | 52,737 | 63,258 | 19.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 |  | 2,538 | 2,636 | 3.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 |  | 64,314. | 79,914 | 24.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 |  | 103,291 | 116,363 | 12.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. |  | 6,202 | 6,728 | 8.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 |  | 79,621 | 92,397 | 16.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | * | 152,680 | 168,952 | 10.7 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Signis and Displays Industry, 1979 (47-209, \$4.50).


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Tuesday, May 19, 1981

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3 Refined Petroleum Products, March 1981
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3 Production; Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, March 1981
3 Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, March 1981
4 Consumer Price Index, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Frult and Vegetable Production, May 1981
23-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) The Dairy Review, March 1981

33-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Footwear Statistics, March 1981

44-204 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Cement Manufacturers, 1979
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61-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Cheques Cashed, March 1981

64-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Building Permits, January 1981
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71-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countriles: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) The Labour Force, April 1981

72-002 (Canàda: \$4/\$40; Other Countries: \$4.80/\$48) Employment, EarnIngs and Hours, January 1981
72-007 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 20$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$ ) Provincial Government
Employment, October-Decêmber 1980

## Service BulletIn:

13-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Science Statistics, Vol. 5, No. 4; Fedëral Government Açtivities in the Natural Sciences, by Region, 1979-80

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Value of Farm Capital
1979 and 1980
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| Province | Total Value of Machinery and Implements | Value of Lands and Buildings | Total LiveStock and Poultry | Total Value of Farm Capital |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (\$'000s) |  |  |  |
| 1979 (revised) |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 107,003 | 279,975 | - 61,286 | 448,264 |
| Nova Scotia | 108,039 | 355,126 | 97,242 | 560,407 |
| New Brunswick | 113,099 | 279,527 | 68,157 | 460,783 |
| Quebec | 1,294,091 | 3,870,187 | 1,275,993 | 6,440,271 |
| Ontario | 2,700,057 | 19,641,285 | 2,296,251 | 24,637,593 |
| Manitoba | 1,348,111 | 4,337,927 | 747,873 | 6,433,911 |
| Saskatchewan | 3,632,101 | 13,300,235 | 1,456,311 | 18,388,647 |
| Alberta | 3,033,148 | 16,461,646 | 2,530,562 | 22,025,356 |
| British Columbia | 490,773 | 4,114,256 | 460,823 | 5,065,852 |
| Total | 12,826,422 | 62,640,164 | 8,994,488 | 84,461,084 |
| 1980 (prellminary) |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 125,676 | 285,574 | 68,677 | 479,927 |
| Nova Scotia | 126,532 | 404,844 | 112,143 | 643,519 |
| New Brunswick | 132,442 | 298,814 | 79,782 | 511,038 |
| Quebec | 1,539,084 | 4,408,143 | 1,548,991 | 7,496,218 |
| Ontario | 3,156,806 | 22,194,652 | 2,496,703 | 27,848,161 |
| Manitoba | 1,544,995 | 5,036,333 | 817,559 | 7,398,887 |
| Saskatchewan | 4,130,662 | 16,106,585 | 1,551,416 | 21,788,663 |
| Alberta | 3,474,794 | 20,577,058 | 2,600,706 | 26,652,558 |
| British Columbia | 565,482 | 4,813,680 | 533,656 | 5,912,818 |
| Total | 14,796,473 | 74,125,683 | 9,809,633 | 98,731,789 |

Value of Farm Capital Estimates, 1980 Preliminary Advance Information
The value of farm capltal in Canada is estimated at $\$ 98.7$ billion in 1980, almost $17 \%$ above the revised 1979 estimate of $\$ 84.5$ bllion. Farm land and buildings, which constitute the largest component of farm capital, also registered the largest percentage increase in value, up about $18 \%$ from the 1979 estimate of $\$ 62.6$ billion. The value of machinery and equipment was up $15 \%$ to $\$ 14.8$ billion in 1980 followed by total livestock and poultry which increased a more modest $9 \%$ to $\$ 9.8$ billion.
Further information may be obtained from Mike Trant (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or the publication Farm Net Income, Preliminary 1980 (21-002P, \$4.50).

Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, April 1981 - Advance Information
The production of process cheese during the month of April 1981 was 4583798 kg . Total production of instant skim milk powder during the month was 915348 kg.

For further information, order the Aprll issue of Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder (32-024, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division; Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Preliminary Monthly Report of Petroleum Sales

March 1981
(Thousand Cubic Metres)

|  | Motor Gasoline | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Kero.) | Aviation Turbo Fuel (Naptha) | Kero. \& Stove Oil | Diesel Fuel | Light Fuel Oil | Heavy Fuel Oil | Other Products | Total Products | Motor Gasoline by Grade |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Premium | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { Lead } \end{aligned}$ | Regular |
| Nfld. | 48.5 | 11.2 | 2.6 | 7.7 | 28.4 | 44.9 | 49.5 | 1.8 | 194.6 | 3.3 | - 21.5 | 23.7 |
| P.E.I. | 12.4 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 14.5 | 3.6 | 1.0 | 35.6 | 1.2 | 3.9 | 7.3 |
| N.S. | 89.6 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 11.1 | 36.3 | 107.9 | 132.5 | 13.4 | 402.9 | 10.7 | 34.0 | 44.9 |
| N.B. | 77.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 6.9 | 27.6 | 66.8 | 89.2 | 6.2 | 278.0 | 5.6 | 28.6 | 43.2 |
| Que. | 629.9 | 51.2 | 20.6 | 24.2 | 193.9 | 502.0 | 383.1 | 293.1 | 2098.0 | 133.1 | 201.7 | 295.1 |
| Ont. | 1010.4 | 90.1 | 21.1 | 20.6 | 254.8 | 468.2 | 192.5 | 398.1.2 | 2455.8 | 119.3 | 362.7 | 528.4 |
| Man. | 107.4 | 4.4 | 17.9 | 12.2 | 48.2 | 14.7 | 9.3 | 10.9 | 225.0 | 3.0 | 27.8 | 76.6 |
| Sask. | 145.2 | 0.2 | 9.6 | 20.2 | 47.4 | 21.1 | 1.1 | 14.0 | 258.8 | 2.8 | 23.2 | 119.2 |
| Alta. | 395.3 | 34.6 | 28.6 | 8.7 | 225.8 | 12.9 | 0.6 | 88.8 | 795.3 | $19.1{ }^{\circ}$ | 89.1 | 287.1 |
| B.C. | 349.8 | 25.8 | 27.3 | 11.5 | 205.8 | 69.0 | 178.3 | 67.5 | 935.0 | 23.5 | 82.3 | 244.0 |
| Yukon | 3.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 4.6 | - | 0.5 | $\cdots 13.9$ | - | - 0.5 | 2.7 |
| N.W.T. | 3.0 | 1.0 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 9.5 | 5.4 | - | 0.6 | 30.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 2.6 |
| Canada | 2872.1 | 227.0 | 142.7 | 132.8 | 1081.3 | 1332.0 | 1039.7 | 895.9 | 7723.5 | $321.7{ }^{\text { }}$ | 875.6 | 1674.8 |
| Canada '80 | 2837.7 | 239.8 | 139.9 | 174.11 | 1137.9 | 1791.9 | 1324.4 | 808.0 | 8453.7 | 333.6 | 761.6 | 1742.5 |
| \% Change $81 / 80$ | 1.2 | -5.3 | 2.0 | -23.7 | -5.0 | -25.7 | -21.5 | 10.9 | -8.6 | -3.6 | , 15.0 | -3.9 |

Refined Petroleum Products, March 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary information indicates Canadian refineries produced 8798.4 thousand cubic metres of refined petroleum products in March 1981. This represents a decrease of $11.8 \%$ compared to the production of 9972.9 thousand cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

Preliminary data shows net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to 7723.5 thousand cubic metres, a decrease of $8.6 \%$ compared to the net sales of 8453.7 thousand cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact G. Kitchen (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, March 1981

 - Advance InformationAdvance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables for the month of March is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication (32-011, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, March 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian production of rubber in March 1981 was 24525000 kg ( $54,068,370$ pounds) as compared to $24606000 \mathrm{~kg}(54,246,944$ pounds) for the same month of the previous year. Consumption of rubber was 28040000 kg ( $61,817,618$ pouñds).

Users of data on consumption should note that there was a change in methodology as of January 1979.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber (33-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Divisịion, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

The Consumer Price Index and Major Components (Not Seasonally Adjusted), Canada
(1971=100)


## Consumer Price Index, April 1981 (62-001, \$2.50/\$25) National Highlights

The All-items Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Canada ( $197.1=100$ ) increased by $0.7 \%$, in April 1981 to a level of 231.1, up from the level of 229.4 registered in March. Although this latest monthly advance was considerably less than the $1.3 \%$ increase experienced between February and March, the -resulting twelve-month change between April 1980 and April 1981 increased to $12.6 \%$ up from the 12.4\% registered between March 1980 and March 1981. This latest monthly increase was largely attributable to increased housing charges, higher food prices and increased transportation costs. The food index advanced by $1.0 \%$ between early March and early April, up from the $0.7 \%$ increase registered in March. The all-items-excluding-food index, which increased by $1.5 \%$ between February and March, registered a deceleration in its rate of growth, advancing by $0.7 \%$ in the latest month.

Higher prices for both fresh and processed fruit and vegetables, especially for fresh vegetables which on average rose by $11.0 \%$ in early April, were largely responsible for the $0.9 \%$ increase in the food-for-home-consumption index. Also contributing to this increase were higher prices for selected cereal and bakery products, dairy products, eggs and for fish. Dampening the impact of these price increases were lower prices for selected beef and pork cuts, poultry and for sugar. The food-for-home-consumption index stood 15.8\% above its level of April 1980. The food-away-from-home index advanced $1.4 \%$ in April, up $9.6 \%$ over the corresponding month in 1980. As a result, the aggregate food index stood $14.5 \%$ above its level of April 1980.

Higher housing charges and increased transportation costs were the major contributing factors to the $0.7 \%$ increase in the all-items-excluding-food index. Increased shelter charges, especially for owned accommodation, and higher prices for major household appliances accounted for most of the increase in
the housing component. Within the transportation component, higher prices for selected new cars, increased automobile operation and maintenance charges and higher air fares on selected routes were registered. Higher tobacco and alcohol prices were also recorded reflecting the combined effects of increased federal excise taxes, higher producer costs and in some provinces, changes in provincial taxes. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items-excluding-food index advanced by $12.0 \%$, down slightly from the $12.1 \%$ increase observed between March 1980 and March 1981.
Viewed in terms of goods and services, the price level for goods advanced by $0.5 \%$ between March and April, while that for services increased by $1.1 \%$. As a result, between April 1980 and April 1981, the price level for goods advanced by $13.9 \%$ while that for services rose by $10.7 \%$.

On a seasonally adjusted basis, the all-items CPI rose $0.7 \%$ between March and April; this comprised a $1.0 \%$ rise in the food index and a $0.7 \%$ increase in the all-items-excluding-food index.

## City Highlights

Between March and April; consumer prices rose in all cities for which CPI's are produced with increases ranging from $0.1 \%$ in Regina to $1.2 \%$ in St. John's, Newfoundland. The major contributing.factor accounting for the variation in city prices movements was the differing rates of price movement for food which ranged from a decline of $0.6 \%$ in Saskatoon to an increase of $1.7 \%$ in both Quebec and Montreal: As well, provincial budget measures in the provinces of Newfoundland and New Brunswick affected prices for tobacco and alcoholic beverages in these provinces.

The Consumer Price Index for May 1981 will be published on June 12, 1981.
(continued)

## Main Contributors to Monthly Changes in the All-items

 Index, by City
## St. John's

The $1.2 \%$ rise in the all-items index was mainly due to higher prices for alcoholic beverages purchased from stores and for cigarettes, coupled with advances in the price of beef, dairy products, bakery products, fresh produce and restaurant meals. Also having a notable impact were increased charges for owned accommodation and electricity and higher prices for gasoline. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index rose $14.0 \%$.

## Charlottetown/Summerside

The all-items index rose $0.8 \%$ mainly due to higher prices for beer and liquor purchased from stores, increased gasoline prices and higher prices for selected women's wear items. Higher prices for dairy products, bakery products, fresh vegetables and restaurant meals were also noted. The all-items index rose $14.0 \%$ from April 1980 to April 1981.

## Hallifax

The all-items index rose $0.7 \%$ largely due to higher prices for pork, dairy products, cereal and bakery products, fresh produce and restaurant meals. Prices for alcoholic beverages, selected clothing items and new automobiles advanced, as did automobile repair charges and air fares. The all-items index increased 11.9\% between:April 1980 and. April 1981.

## Saint John

Higher prices for food and cigarettes coupled with increased shelter and selected automobile operation charges were the main contributors to the $0.9 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Within food, price increases were noted for selected beef cuts, dairy products, cereal and bakery products and for fresh produce. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index advanced 13:1\%.

## Quebec

Higher prices for food and increased automobile operation charges were tha major contributors to the $0.9 \%$ advance in the all-items index. Within food, price increases were noted for selected beef cuts and fresh produce. Higher shelter charges were also registered. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index increased 12.3\%.

## Montreal

The $1.0 \%$ rise in the all-items index was mainly due to higher prices for fresh produce and for bakery products as well as to increased automobile operation and owned accommodation charges. Higher prices for women's wear and household furnishings and equipment were also recorded. Beef, pork and poultry prices declined. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the allitems index rose 13.2\%.

## Ottawa

The all-items index rose $0.3 \%$. Main contributors to this increase were higher charges for shelter, household operation and automobile operation and maintenance, coupled with increased air fares. Dampening the impact of these increases were lower food prices, as price declines for pork, poultry and bakery products more than offset the increases for beef and fresh produce. The all-items index rose $11.5 \%$ from April 1980 to April 1981.

## Toronto

Higher shelter and automobile operation charges coupled with increased food prices were the main contributors to the $0.9 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Within food, price increases were noted for fresh produce, restaurant meals and for bakery products. Air and taxi fares increased. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index rose $12.5 \%$.

## Thunder Bay

The all-items index rose 0.6\% largely due to higher food prices, increased shelter charges and higher. prices for selected clothing items. Within food, prices for beef, fresh produce and dairy products increased. Water rates, air fares and automobile operation charges also advanced. The all-items index stood 11.4\% above its level of April 1980.

## WInnipeg

The all-items index advanced $0.2 \%$ due mainly to higher food prices, and increased shelter and automobile repair charges. Significantly dampening the impact of these increases were lower prices for gasoline. Within food, higher prices were registered for fresh produce, selected bakery products and restaurant meals while those for selected meat products and sugar declined. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index advanced 10.8\%.

## Regina

The all-items index advanced $0.1 \%$ largely in response to higher prices for fresh produce, restaurant meals, cigarettes, major household appliances, and higher shelter and automobile repair charges. These increases were dampened substantially by lower prices for meat products, poultry, furniture and selected clothing items. The all-items index rose 11.8\% between April 1980 and April 1981.

## Saskatoon

Increased shelter and automobile repair charges combined with higher prices for selected women's wear items and major household appliances accounted for a major part of the $0.4 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Some proportion of this increase was offset by lower prices for beef, poultry and fresh produce. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index advanced 11.6\%.

## Edmonton

The $0.5 \%$ increase in the all-items index was attributable largely to higher charges for shelter and automobile repairs as well. as to higher prices for selected clothing items, furniture, appliances and new automobiles. Food prices declined as lower prices for beef, pork and bakery products more than offset price increases for fresh produce and restaurant meals. The all-items index advanced 12.1\% between April 1980 and April 1981.
(continued)

Month-to-Month Percentage Changes in the Unadjusted and Seasonally Adjusted Consumer Price Index for Canada* **


* For information on seasonal adjustment procedures see "Technical Notes (The Consumer Price Index) - Seasonal Adjustment of the Canada Consumer Price Index".
** For an explanation of the non-availability of data previous to October 1978 see Appendix 3, Section B(2), Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).


## Calgary

Increased shelter and automobile maintenance and repair'charges, together with higher prices for new automobiles were largely responsible for the $0.7 \%$ increase in the all-items index. Prices for fresh produce and restaurant meals advanced while those for meat products and sugar declined. Prices for selected women's wear items were also lower. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index increased by $13.4 \%$.

## Vancouver

Increased shelter and automobile operation charges combined with higher prices for new automobiles, appliances, cigarettes and alcoholic beverages pur-
chased from stores accounted for the major part of the $0.7 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Higher prices were registered for fresh produce and selected bakery products while lower prices were recorded for selected beef and pork cuts. Between April 1980 and April 1981, the all-items index rose 14.4\%.

For further information, order the April issue of The Consumer Price Index (62-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Sandra Shadlock or Suzanne Lavoie (613-995-4078), Consumer Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.
(see tables on pages 7-9)

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Citles of Canada

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

|  | $\underset{\text { items }}{\substack{\text { All }}}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing (1 | Trans-portation $1=100 \text { ) }$ | Health and <br> personal care | Recreation, reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. John's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 248.4 | 317.4 | 249.3 | 180.0 | 229.3 | 231.0 | 180.9 | 209.4 |
| March 1981 Index | 245.5 | 313.3 | 247.5 | 179.4 | 227.1 | 230.6 | 180.1 | 199.1 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 5.2 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 14.0 | 15.1 | 13.8 | 6.8 | 17.4 | 9.7 | 10.4 | 15.1 |
| Chariottetown/Summerside** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March 1981 Index | 185.0 | 195.7 | 187.7 | 159.1 | 195.3 | 179.6 | 154.9 | 175.4 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 3.8 |
| \% change from April 1980 | $\therefore 14.0$ | 13.8 | 13.2 | 8.5 | 20.0 | 13.2 | 10.2 | 20.9 |
| Halliax |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 226.7 | 287.7 | 218.4 | 183.0 | 224.6 | 204.2 | 176.3 | 187.8 |
| March 1981 Index | 225.1 | 284.9 | 217.3 | 181.6 | 223.1 | 203.9 | 176.1 | 184.4 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 1.8 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 11.9 | 15.4 | 10.0 | 5.7 | 14.7 | 11.9 | 10.5 | 13.3 |
| Saint John |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 232.6 | 293.6 | 229.1 | 176.6 | 221.7 | 205.5 | 193.4 | 189.4 |
| March 1981 Index | 230.5 | 289.2 | 228.4 | 175.2 | 220.0 | 205.6 | 192.9 | 183.5 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 3.2 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 13.1 | 16.6 | 13.4 | 6.6 | 12.9 | 7.9 | 9.1 | 14.9 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 227.9 | 288.4 | 218.5 | 166.3 | 228.5 | 212.7 | 186.6 | 202.9 |
| March 1981 Index | 225.9 | 283.6 | 217.3 | 165.8 | 225.8 | 212.3 | 186.4 | 202.3 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 12.3 | 15.8 | 10.4 | 5.2 | 16.1 | 11.4 | 9.3 | 12.2 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 229.1 | 290.8 | 210.4 | 186.4 | 228.4 | 219.8 | 186.4 | 208.2 |
| March 1981 Index | 226.9 | 285.9 | 209.1 | 185.1 | 226.0 | 218.6 | 186.3 | 206.3 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.9 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 13.2 | 16.1 | 12.3 | 7.2 | 16.2 | 11.0 | 9.7 | 12.7 |
| Ottawa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 225.1 | 270.7 | 212.6 | 208.0 | 229.9 | 207.7 | 181.3 | 200.2 |
| March 1981 Index | 224.4 | 271.3 | 211.2 | 209.0 | 227.4 | 206.9 | 181.4 | 199.8 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.3 | -0.2 | 0.7 | -0.5 | 1.1 | 0.4 | -0.1 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 11.5 | 13.9 | 9.3 | 8.2 | 17.1 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 9.3 |
| Toronto |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 229.6 | 281.6 | 216.8 | 192.1 | 230.5 | 231.7 | 188.2 | 195.1 |
| March 1981 Index | 227.5 | 278.4 | 214.1 | 191.8 | 227.8 | 230.9 | 188.2 | 194.9 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 12.5 | 15.1 | 10.7 | 6.0 | 17.5 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 9.9 |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 227.4 | 270.2 | 220.1 | 182.9 | 238.1 | 219.4 | 185.4 | 198.0 |
| March 1981 Index | 226.0 | 267.6 | 218.8 | 181.1 | 236.9 | 217.9 | 184.9 | 197.6 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 11.4 | 11.3 | 9.8 | 8.2 | 16.0 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 13.5 |
| Winnipeg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 229.0 | 274.6 | 228.7 | 200.3 | 224.4 | 212.7 | 179.9 | 192.7 |
| March 1981 Index | 228.5 | 271.4 | 227.6 | 199.1 | 228.6 | 211.3 | 180.2 | 192.6 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 | -1.8 | 0.7 | -0.2 | 0.1 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 10.8 | 12.6 | 9.1 | 6.9 | 15.6 | 10.2 | 7.0 | 12.4 |
| Regina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 227.7 | 268.0 | 218.6 | 194.9 | 229.6 | 215.4 | 202.1 | 204.5 |
| March 1981 Index | 227.5 | 268.9 | 217.8 | 198.2 | 227.8 | 214.1 | 202.6 | 203.6 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.1 | -0.3 | 0.4 | -1.7 | 0.8 | 0.6 | -0.2 | 0.4 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 11.8 | 12.9 | 10.3 | 6.7 | 16.3 | 11.1 | 10.1 | 12.5 |

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada (continued)

The.indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities."

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { items } \end{gathered}$ | - Food | Housing | Clothing | Trans-portation $71=100)$ | Health and personal care | Recreation, reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saskatoon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 224.0 | 263.2 | 219.8 | 190.4 | 224.0 | 201.1 | 196.0 | 201.8 |
| March 1981 Index | 223.1 | 264.9 | 218.0 | 188.6 | 222.0 | 200.5 | 195.8 | 201.8 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.4 | -0.6 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 11.6 | 10.0 | 11.0 | 6.9 | 17.9 | 11.8 | 9.3 | 11.3 |
| Edmonton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 231.6 | 265.4 | 245.6 | 206.4 | 223.4 | 200.4 | 189.1 | 171.5 |
| March 1981 Index | 230.4 | 266.7 | 243.2 | 204.9 | 221.0 | 199.5 | 189.0 | 170.6 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.5 | -0.5 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 13.4 | 7.4 | 15.2 | 11.4 | 9.9 | 9.5 |
| Calgary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 229.4 | 264.0 | 239.6 | 201.5 | 223.3 | 208.3 | 185.8 | 179.5 |
| March 1981 Index | 227.9 | 262.5 | 237.6 | 202.2 | 221.0 | 207.2 | 185.3 | 178.4 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.8 | -0.3 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 |
| \% change from April 1980 | 13.4 | 12.0 | 15.0 | 9.0 | 17.6 | 12.8 | 9.6 | 10.4 |
| Vancouver |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 232.9 | 277.1 | 222.1 | 193.7 | 243.1 | 216.9 | 179.1 | 209.7 |
| March 1981 Index | 231.2 | 275.3 | 220.5 | 195.3 | 239.8 | 216.8 | 179.1 | 205.3 |
| \% change from March 1981 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | -0.8 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 |
| \% change-from April 1980 | 14.4 | 12.8 | 13.8 | 6.3 | 23.2 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 17.0 |

[^10]Consumer Price Indexes for Canada, Major Components, Sub-groups and Special Aggregates, not Seasonally Adjusted - Concluded
(1971=100)

| Major components, sub-groups and special aggregates | Indexes | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | April 1981 from |  |
|  | Apr. 1981 | Mar. <br> 1981 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |
| Reclassifled by goods and services |  |  |  |
| Goods and services | 231.1 | 0.7 | 12.6 |
| Goods | 240.0 | 0.5 | 13.9 |
| Durable goods | 180.8 | 0.3 | 9.5 |
| Semi-durable goods | 183.4 | 0.6 | 8.5 |
| Non-durable goods | 274.0 | 0.7 | 17.1 |
| Non-durable goods excluding food | 241.5 | 0.5 | 18.6 |
| Goods excluding food | 206.6 | 0.4 | 13.1 |
| Services | 219.1 | 1.1 | 10.7 |
| Services excluding shelter | 231.7 | 1.1 | 12.1 |
| Speclal aggregates |  |  |  |
| All-items excluding food | 213.1 | 0.7 | 12.0 |
| All-items excluding energy | 224.8 | 0.8 | 11.5 |
| All-items excluding food and energy | 203.2 | 0.7 | 10.4 |
| All-items excluding housing | 237.2 | 0.7 | 13.2 |
| All-items excluding shelter | 237.3 | 0.7 | 13.4 |
| Energy | 324.2 | 0.0 | 26.7 |
| Food and energy | 298.1 | 0.7 | 17.5 |
| Footwear | 199.8 | 0.8 | 8.1 |

Canadä


Wednesday, May 20, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, March 1981
4 Specified Dairy Products: Production during January to April 1981 and Stocks at May 1, 1981

3 Price Indexes of Construction Machinery and Equipment, March 1981
3 Pack of Processed Carrots, 1980
3 Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 16, 1981


## Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturlng Industries

(Based on 1977 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)

| $\stackrel{\square}{\square}$ | Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\because$ (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. <br> 1980 |
| $\cdots$. . . ${ }^{\circ}$ | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total. | 16,059.4 | 14,135.4 | 13,497.5 | 14,215.2 |
| Non-durable | 8,742.8 | 7,977.4 | 7,855.9 | 7,698.4 |
| Durable | 7,316.6 | 6,158.0 | 5,641.6 | 6,516.8 |
| New Drders: Total | 16,258.3 | 14,731.7 | 13,895.6 | 14,617.7 |
| Non-durable | 8,707.3 | 8,037.2 | 7,888.8 | 7,701.8 |
| Durable | 7,551.0 | 6,694.4 | 6,006.8 | 6,915.9 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total | 19,580.9 | 19,382.1 | 18,785.8 | 19,310.5 |
| Non-durable | 2,300.6 | -2,336.1 | 2,276.3 | 2,109.3 |
| Durable | 17.280 .3 | 17,045.9 | 16.509 .5 | 17,201.2 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 30,604.5 | 30,279.5 | 29,865.7 | 27,587.0 |
| Non-durable | 15,587.9 | 15,305.1 | 15.057 .5 | 13,685.3 |
| Durable | 15,016.6 | 14,974.3 | 14,808.2 | 13,901.6 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 32,105.2 | 31,726.1 | 31,301.6 | 28,752.1 |
| Raw materials | 12,708.0 | 12,775.0 | 12,834.5 | 11,609.2 |
| Goods in process | 8,612.6 | 8,545.1 | 8,363.8 | 7,554.0 |
| Finished products | 10,784.7 | 10,406.0 | 10,103.3 | 9,588.9 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total | 15,210.5 | 14,939.3 | 14,491.0 | 13.701 .9 |
| Non-durable | 8,547.9 | 8,402.8 | 8,363.7 | 7,640.1 |
| Durable | 6,662.6 | 6,536.5 | 6,127.3 | 6,061.8 |
| New Orders: Total | 15,145.0 | 15,307.0 | 14,353.3 | 13,906.6 |
| Non-durable | 8,469.7 | 8,445.8 | 8,332.0 | 7,600.4 |
| Durable | 6,675.3 | 6,861.2 | 6,021.3 | 6,306.2 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total $\because$ | 19,174.5 | 19,240.0 | 18.872 .3 | 18,999.2 |
| Non-durable | 2,263.9 | 2,342.1 | - 2,299:1 | 2,070.3 |
| Durable | 16,910.6 | 16,897.9 | 16,573.2 | 16,928.9 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 30,123.7 | 29,842.1 | 29,636.1 | 27,113.3 |
| Non-durable | 15,351.8 | 15,158.6 | 14,996.2 | 13,481.9 |
| Durable | 14,771.9 | 14,683.5 | 14,639.9 | 13,631.4 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 31,646.7 | 31,308.5 | 31,104.7 | 28,294.3 |
| Raw materials | 12,732.8 | 12,769.6 | 12,750.1 | 11,622.1 |
| Goods in process | 8,509.6 | 8,395.1 | 8,266.8 | 7,448.8 |
| Finished products | 10,404.3 | 10,143.8 | 10,087.8 | 9,223.4 |
| Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments | 1.98 | 2.00 | 2.05 | 1.98 |
| Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.67 |

Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries, March 1981 - Advance Information
The preliminary estimate of the value of Canadian manufacturers' shipments in March 1981, seasonally adjusted, was $\$ 15,210.5$ million, $1.8 \%$ higher than the revised February value of $\$ 14,939.3$ million. Durable goods shipments were up $1.9 \%$ to $\$ 6,662.6$ million from $\$ 6,536.5$ million in February and non-durable goods shipments increased $1.7 \%$ to $\$ 8,547.9$ million from $\$ 8,402.8$ million.

The value of new orders received, seasonally adjusted for March, was estimated at $\$ 15,145.0$ million, down $1.1 \%$ from the revised February value of $\$ 15,307.0$ million. Durable goods new orders dropped $2.7 \%$ in March to $\$ 6,675.3$ million from $\$ 6,861.2$ million, while non-durable goods new orders increased $0.3 \%$ to $\$ 8,469.7$ million from $\$ 8,445.8$ million.

The total backlog of unfilled orders for all manufacturing, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at \$19,174.5 million in March, $0.3 \%$ lower than the revised February value of $\$ 19,240.0$ million. Unfilled orders for durable goods increased $0.1 \%$ in March to $\$ 16,910.6$ million
from $\$ 16,897.9$ million and non-durable goods unfilled orders dropped $3.3 \%$ to $\$ 2,263.9$ million from $\$ 2,342.1$ million.

The seasonally adjusted value of total inventory owned by manufacturers increased $0.9 \%$ to $\$ 30,123.7$ million in March from $\$ 29,842.1$ million as revised for February. Total inventory held, seasonally adjusted, increased $1.1 \%$ in March to $\$ 31,646.7$ million from $\$ 31,308.5$ million for February (revised), with increases in the value of goods in process of $1.4 \%$, in finished products of $2.6 \%$ and a decrease in raw materials of 0.3\%.

The seasonally adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments at the end of March was 1.98:1 compared with 2.00:1 (revised) in February. The finished products to shipments ratio in March was $0.68: 1$, unchanged from the revised level of the previous month.
(continued)

Estimated Value of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

|  | Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{gathered}$ | change | Jan.-Mar. 1981r | Jan.-Mar. 1980 | change |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 95.4 | 77.4 | 23.3 | 247.0 | 230.0 | 7.4 |
| Nova Scotia | 330.2 | 304.1 | 8.6 | 956.7 | 886.8 | 7.9 |
| New Brunswick | 301.4 | 302.5 | -0.4 | 949.6 | 835.4 | 13.7 |
| Quebec | 4,184.4 | 3,682.4 | 13.6 | 11,371.2 | 10,592.8 | 7.3 |
| Ontario | 8,031.4 | 6,983.7 | 15.0 | 21,606.6 | 19,809.2 | 9.1 |
| Manitoba | 405.1 | 359.9 | 12.6 | 1,095.5 | 996.3 | 10.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 184.3 | 164.3 | 12.2 | 506.5 | 457.1 | 10.8 |
| Alberta | 1,010.5 | 932.4 | 8.4 | 2,833.9 | 2,412.1 | 17.5 |
| British Columbia | 1,499.7 | 1,313.4 | 14.2 | 4,076.1 | 3,790.1 | 7.5 |
| Canada* | 16,059.4 | 14,135.4 | 13.6 | 43,692.4 | 40,056.8 | 9.1 |

-Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
p Preliminary figures.
$r$ Revised figures.
NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in March 1981 were estimated at $\$ 16,059.4$ million, $13.6 \%$ higher than the revised February value of $\$ 14,135.4$ million.
For further information, order the March issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, \$3.50/\$35). Certain preliminary series of shipments by province data in greater detail than those normally published may be available on request.
For further information, contact H.D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Shipments, Inventories and Orders Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Price Indexes of Constructlon Machinery and Equipment, March 1981 - Advance Information Price indexes of construction machinery and equipment for Canada are now available for March 1981.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Pack of Processed Carrots, 1980 - Advance Information
The total pack of carrots for the 1980 crop year by Canadian processors was as follows:

- Canned 3706 metric tonnes ( $8,171,000$ pounds)
- Frozen 11033 metric tonnes ( $24,323,000$ pounds). For further information, order the Fruit and Vegetable Preservation Service Bulletin, Vol. 9, No. 15, Pack
of Processed Carrots, 1980 (32-023, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 16, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended May 16, 1981 totalled 388,143 short tons ( 352117 t ), an increase of $1.0 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 384,131 short tons ( 348478 t ). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 358,638 short tons ( 325351 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons (166 221 t ) equalling 100 was 211.8 in the current week, 209.6 a week earlier and 195.7 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Production during April 1981 and January to April 1980 and Stocks at May 1, 1981 of Specified Dairy Products


[^11]

## June 3 is Census Day Count yourself in

Canadää


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2 Tobacco Products, Cigarettes and Cigars, April 1981
2 Restaurants, Caterers and Taverns, March 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-213 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) The Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Industry, 1979

42-217 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Truck Body and Trailer Manufacturers, 1979

63-007 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) New Motor Vehicle Sales, February 1981

65-001 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Summary of External Trade, March 1981

68-209 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Provincial Government Finance. Assets, Liabilities, Source and Application of Funds, 1977-78 and 1978-79 Preliminary

Tobacco Products, Cigigarettès añod Cigars, April 1981 - Advançe Information, b
Production of cilgarettes for the month of April was 5.4 billion as compared to 6.1 billion for the same month of the previous year.

Production of cigars for the same periods as above was 40.9 million and $42 * 3$ million respectively.

For fürther införmation; ordefthe April 1981 issue of Production and Eisposition of ${ }^{\circ}$ Töbacco Products (32022, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Cánada, Ottawa K1A. 0 T6.

Restaurants, "Caterers and Taverns, March 1981 Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that restaurants, caterers and taverns in Canada had sales amounting to $\$ 715.4$ million in March 1981. Final estimates for February 1981 show total sales of $\$ 649.4$ million.

For further information on sales of chains versus independents and provincial sales by kind of business, order Restaurant, Caterer and Tavern Statistics (63011, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Mrs. R. Bennett (613-9969301), Services Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## June 3 is Census Day Count yourself in



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2 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, May 1981
2 Bakeries, 1979


2 Miscellaneous Textiles Industries, 1979
3 Machine Shops, 1979
3 Sound Recording and Musical Instrument Manufacturers, 1979
3 Fur Dressing and Dyeing, 1979
4 Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979

## PUBLICATION RELEASED

11-003E ( $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ) Canadian Statistical Review, April 1981
87-401 (Canada: \$8; Other Countries: \$9.60) Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation. A Statistical Digest, 1978 and 1979

## Selected Principal Statistics for Bakeries

-1978 and 1979 - Advance İnformation

| S.I.C. 1072 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments. | No. | 1,440 | 1,618 | 12.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: * |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 17.171 | 17,853 | 3.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 35,555 | 37,068 | 4.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 203,710 | 229.481 | 12.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 22,546 | 24,688 | 9.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 417.030 | 493.835 | 18.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added .. | \$000 | 520,905 | 570,051 | 9.4 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 26,391 | 26,334 | -0.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 331,026 | 366,297 | 10.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 551,809 | 600.247 | 8.7 |

For further information, contact K. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 0 © 6 - Complete data; will be published in Bakeries, 1979 (32-203, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Textile Industries, n.e.s.

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Textile Industries, 1979 (34-210, \$4.50).

## Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, May 1981 — Advance Information

Total frozen meat in cold storage at May 1 amounted to 48686 metric tonnes compared to 51562 tonnes last month and 45767 tonnes a year ago.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Stocks of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, \$2.50/\$25), or contact P. L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Machine Shops
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, 1979 (42-207, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Sound Recording and Musical Instrument Manufacturers

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3994 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 44 | 52 | 18.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,842 | 1,816 | -1.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | - 3,860 | 3,776 | -2.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 19,860 | 20,422 | 2.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,867 | 2,037 | 9.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 38,914 | 43,726 | 12.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 119,158 | 130,375 | 9.4 |
| Total Activity: |  | 78,365 | 86,851 | 10.8 |
| Total employees | No. | 2,653 | 2,713 | 2.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | - 33,566 | 35,195 | 4.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 95,295 | 106,078 | 11.3 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$6).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Fur Dressing and Dyeing Industries

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3998 |  | 1978 | 1979 |  | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 16 | 20 |  | 25.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,071 | 1,023 |  | -4.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 2,090 | 1,994 |  | -4.6 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 8,169 | 14,236 |  | 74.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 |  |  | - |  |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 7,840 | 10,135 |  | 29.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 18,389 | 27,226 |  | 48.1 |
| Value'added | \$000 | 10,548 | 17,091 |  | 62.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 1,071 | 1,023 |  | -4.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 8,169 | 14,236 |  | 74.3 |
| Total value added : | \$000 | 10,548 | 17,091 |  | 62.0 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$6).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3999 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 434 | 487 | 12.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,085 | 5,482 | -9.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 11,963 | 10,981 | -8.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 56,316 | 58,160 | 3.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,393 | 2,743 | 14.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 94,826 | 104,319 | 10.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 126,306 | 147,239 | 16.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 7,618 | 7,027 | -7.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 78,150 | 83,237 | 6.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 135,525 | 157,076 | 15.9 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing industries, 1979 (47-205, \$6).



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2 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, May 1981
2 Bakeries, 1979
2 Miscellaneous Textiles Industries, 1979
3 Machine Shops, 1979
3 Sound Recording and Musical Instrument Manufacturers, 1979
3 Fur Dressing and Dyeing, 1979
4 Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979

## PUBLICATION RELEASED

11-003E (\$3.50/\$35) Canadian Statistical Review, April 1981
87-401 (Canada: $\$ 8$; Other Countries: $\$ 9.60$ ) Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation. A Statistical Digest, 1978 and 1979


For further information, contâct K. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6:Complete data will be published in Bakeries, 1979 (32-203, \$4.50)

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Textile Industries, n.e.s.
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Textile Industries, 1979 (34-210, \$4.50).

## Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, May 1981 - Advance

 InformationTotal frozen meat in cold storage at May 1 amounted to 48686 metric tonnes compared to 51562 tonnes last month and 45767 tonnes a year ago.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Stocks of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, \$2.50/\$25), or contact P. L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Machine Shops
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3080 |  |  |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers |  | No. |  | 10,109 | 10,951 | 8.3 |
| Man-hours paid |  | 000's |  | 21,133 | 23,569 | 11.5 |
| Manufacturing wages |  | \$000 |  | 137,546 | 167,644 | 21.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity |  | \$000 | $\because$ | 4,495 | 5,215 | 16.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies |  | \$000 |  | 150,760 | 188,942 | 25.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added |  | \$000 |  | 281,093 | 349,994 | 24.5 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees |  | No. |  | 12,029 | 13,081 | 8.7 |
| Total salaries and wages |  | \$000 |  | 172,841 | 208,485 | 20.6 |
| Total value added |  | \$000 |  | 286,962 | 356,024 | 24.1 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, 1979 (42-207, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for Sound Recording and Musical Instrument Manufacturers

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3994 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 44 | 52 | 18.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 1,842 | 1,816 | -1.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 3,860 | 3,776 | -2.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 19,860 | 20,422 | 2.8 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,867 | 2,037 | 9.1 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 38,914 | 43,726 | 12.4 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 119,158 | 130,375 | 9.4 |
| Total Activity: |  | 78,365 | 86,851 | 10.8 |
| Total employees | No. | 2,653 | 2,713 | 2.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 33,566 | $\cdot 35,195 \cdots$ | 4.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 95,295 | 106,078 | 11.3 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$6).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Fur Dressing and Dyeing Industries

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information


Selected Principal Statistics for the Other Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3999 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 434 | 487 | 12.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,085 | 5,482 | -9.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 11,963 | 10,981 | -8.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 56,316 | 58,160 | 3.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,393 | 2,743 | 14.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 94,826 | 104,319 | 10.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added : | \$000 | 126,306 | 147,239 | 16.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 7,618 | 7,027 | -7.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 78,150 | 83,237 | 6.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 135.525 | 157,076 | 15.9 |

For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries, 1979 (47-205, \$6).



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## CONTENTS

2 International Travel, Receipts and Payments, January-March 1981
3 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 7, 1981
4 Canada's School Librarians, 1979-80
4 Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tiles, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-004E (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Current Economic Analysis, May 1981

22-007 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Grains and Oilseeds Review, March 1981

25-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1: 80 / \$ 18$ ) Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, March 1981

35-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Type Plywood, March 1981

36-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Particleboard and Waferboard, March 1981

41-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, April 1981

41-006 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products, March 1981

43-005 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, March 1981
(continued)

47-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Papermakers' and Other Felts, Quarter Ended March 1981

52-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Railway Carloadings, March 1981
56-002• (Cânada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Telephone Statistics, March 1981

57-206 (Canada: $\$ 8$; Other Countries: $\$ 9.60$ ) Electric Power Statistics, Volume III, 1979

62-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, March 1981

66-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) International Travel Advance Information, March 1981

84-536 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Marriage, Divorce and Mortality: A Life Table Analysis for Canada, 1975-1977

## Service Bulletin:

54-003 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Water Transport, Vol. 11, No. 3, Port Activity Statistics, Preliminary 1979

Receipts and Payments on International Travel
1980-1981


## p Preliminary estimates

For further information, order the January-March issue of Travel Between Canada and Other Countries (66-001, \$7.50/\$30), or contact Mr. Paul L. Paradis (613-995-0847), Financial Flows and Multinational Enterprises Division, International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OZ8.

International Travei, Receipts and Payments, January-
March 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimates for the first quarter of 1981 show that Canada earned $\$ 381$ million from international travel, up $12.7 \%$ from 1980. During the same period, Canadians travelling abroad increased their payments by $3.2 \%$ to $\$ 1,335$ million, leaving the international travel account with a deficit almost unchanged from last year at $\$ 954$ million.
Receipts from the United States totalled $\$ 273$ million while those from all other countries reached $\$ 108$ million. Payments by Canadians travelling to the United States were estimated at $\$ 890$ million while those to all other countries amounted to $\$ 445$ million.

Final estimates for 1980 show that Canada earned $\$ 3,349$ million from international travel (up $16 \%$ from 1979), while Canadians' payments abroad amounted to $\$ 4,577$ million ( $15.7 \%$ above 1979). This resulted in an estimated deficit of $\$ 1,228$ million on international travel as opposed to $\$ 1,068$ million in 1979.

For further information, order the January-March issue of Travel Between Canada and Other. Countries (66-001, \$7.50/\$30), or contact Paul L. Paradis (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z8.

## Railway Carloadings

7-day Period Ended May 7, 1981


The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Dntario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.,
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 7, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending May 7,1981 totalled 4.7 million $t$ ( 5.2 million. short tons). This was a decrease of $8.2 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $14.9 \%$ and increased in the West by $0.6 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $16.5 \%$ and decreased in the West by $9.3 \%$ for an overall national increase of 8.4\%.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 80.1 million t ( 88.3 million short tons) showed a decrease of $1.0 \%$ from the previoûs year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by: $0.3 \%$.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Cómmunicatiôns Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Canada's School Librarians, 1979-80 - Advance Information
Statistical tabulations profiling Canada's 4,000 school librarians in 1979-80 are available. The following highlights emerge:

- Three-quarters of all librarians are employed at the elementary level; one-half of all librarians are in schools enrolling under 400 students.
- Three out of four librarians have at least one university degree.
- Average experience for librarians is 15 years, with 10 years in their current school district.
For further information, contact Michele Vigder (613-995-9795), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

Vinyl-Asbestos Floor Tiles, April 1981 - Advance Information
In April 1981, Canadian manufacturers produced 3666 metric tonnes or 768830 square metres of vinylasbestos floor tiles as compared to 4011 metric tonnes or 766027 square metres in the same period of the previous year.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles (47-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15)$, or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Canadä


Tuesday, May 26, 1981

## CONTENTS



2 Farm Cash Receipts, January-March 1981
2 Wholesale Trade, March 1981
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 23, 1981
2 Electric Lamps, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, April 1981

32-025 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Production and Stocks of Tea, Coffee and Cocoa, Quarter Ended March 1981

33-003 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, March 1981

41-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Shipmints of Steel Pipe, Tubing and Fittings, March 1981

46-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Specified Chemicals, March 1981

65-007 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Imports by Commodities, February 1981

Farm Cash Receipts, Jánuarỳ-March 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that during January to March 1981, farmers'.total caṣh receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled $\$ 4,939.7$ million, up $30 \%$ from the $\$ 3,798.8$ million realized during the same period of 1980.

Total estimates include cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada and-deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction is made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

For further information, order the January-March 1981 issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Peter Lys (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. •男.

## Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations <br> 1980-1981 <br> (millions of dollars)

|  | 1980 | 1981 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Prince Edward Island | 38.6 | 61.9 |
| Nova Scotia | 46.5 | 51.4 |
| New Brunswick | 33.9 | 46.8 |
| Quebec | 466.2 | 560.3 |
| Ontario | 932.3 | $1,142.4$ |
| Manitoba | 334.5 | 413.4 |
| Saskatchewan | 963.5 | $1,316.1$ |
| Alberta | 827.4 | $1,164.1$ |
| British Columbia | 155.9 | 183.3 |
| Canada | $3,798.8$ | $4,939.7$ |

Wholesale Trade, March 1981 - Advance Information Wholesale merchants' sales for March were estimated at $\$ 7,392.5$ million, up $15.0 \%$ from the $\$ 6,427.8$ million reported in March 1980. For the first three months of 1981, total sales reached $\$ 19,916.5$ million, an increase of $10.6 \%$ over the accumulated sales of $\$ 18,013.0$ million for January-March 1980.

Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 14,310.1$ million, an increase of $11.7 \%$ from stocks of $\$ 12,805.6$ million on hand at the end of March last year.

For further information, order the March issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, \$1.50/\$15), or contact the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 23, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended May 23, 1981 totalled 376,918 short tons ( 341934 t), a decrease of $2.9 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 388,143 short tons ( 352117 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 344,879 short tons ( 312869 t ).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 205.7 in the current week, 211.8 a week earlier and 188.2 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Electric Lamps (Light Sources), April 1981 - Advance Information
The total sales of electric lamps (light sources) of all types, including imports, during April 1981 were valued at $\$ 21,756,905$.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Electric Lamps (Light Sources) (43-009, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.


Wednesday, May 27, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Key Economic Series, June 1981
2 Index of Industrial Production, March 1981


## PUBLICATION RELEASED

32-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Productlon and Disposition of Tobacco Products, April 1981

Index of lhadustrial Production
(1974 = 100 ) :
(Seasonaily Adjusted)

|  | 1971 <br> Percentage Weight | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Index of Industrial Production | 29.230 | 136.2 | 134.4 | 133.6 | 134.8 | 136.6 | 1.3 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells | 3.819 | 118.9 | 115.1 | 117.1 | 117.7 | 115.8 | -1.6 |
| Metal mines | 1.584 | 94.6 | 91.4 | 91.3 | 91.7 | 89.6 | -2.3 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.492 | 123.6 | 118.3 | 123.2 | 122.1 | 118.9 | -2.6 |
| Non-metal mines (except coal mines) | 363 | 139.0 | 125.7 | 126.0 | 133.9 | 134.3 | 0.3 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 134.6 | 132.3 | 131.1 | 133.1 | 135.3 | . 7 |
| Food and beverage industries | 3.107 | 122.5 | 120.2 | 122.1 | 122.7 | 125.3 | 2.1 |
| Tobaccooproducts industries | . 212 | 115.2 | 121.6 | 118.2 | 112.8 | 108.4 | -3.9 |
| Rubber andiplasticis products industries | . 650 | 158.3 | 152.2 | 146.8 | 150.4 | 156.0 | 3.7 |
| Leather inforstries ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \% | . 206 | 109.3 | 105.4 | 117.7 | 117.9 | 124.5 | 5.6 |
| Textile industries ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 769 | 133.5 | 139.4 | 134.7 | 135.6 | 140.3 | 3.5 |
|  | . 205 | 106.5 | 110.0 | 116.4 | 106.6 | 110.2 | 3.4 |
| Clothing industries | . 742 | 113.1 | 110.3 | 113.7 | 115.6 | 114.1 | -1.3 |
| Wood industries | . 968 | 145.9 | 145.0 | 149.3 | 147.9 | 150.8 | 2.0 |
| Furniture and fixture industries | 420 | 116.5 | 114.3 | 114.7 | 121.1 | 127.0 | 4.9 |
| Paper and allied industries | 1.841 | 141.9 | 129.4 | 128.2 | 133.3 | 134.3 | 0.8 |
| Printing.-publishing and allied industries | 1.123 | 150.2 | 156.7 | 149.0 | 151.7 | 153.4 | 1.1 |
| Primary metal industries ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 1.976 | 127.5 | 134.3 | 130.9 | 135.9 | 136.1 | 0.1 |
| Metal fabricating ${ }^{2}$ industries. (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) | 1.957 | 133.8 | 125.4 | 121.6 | 126.9 | 129.2 | 1.8 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 1.001 | 184.7 | 173.3 | 190.7 | 184.7 | 190.7 | 3.2 |
| Transportation equipment industries | 2.571 | 125.7 | 125.5 | 113.4 | 114.9 | 119.6 | 4.1 |
| Electrical products industries | 1.631 | 127.1 | 125.3 | 127.0 | 130.9 | 133.5 | 2.0 |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | . 905 | 115.3 | 112.9 | 111.1 | 113.4 | 116.6 | 2.8 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | . 394 | 145.3 | 138.7 | 138.0 | 138.6 | 134.8 | -2.7 |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.362 | 159.1 | 157.6 | 157.1 | 157.3 | 156.7 | -0.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | . 713 | 135.4 | 129.6 | 136.0 | 135.9 | 133.7 | -1.6 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 174.1 | 180.6 | 177.8 | 174.3 | 177.7 | 2.0 |
| Special industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 135.9 | 133.1 | 132.9 | 134.3 | 135.6 | 1.0 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 133.3 | 131.4 | 129.4 | 131.9 | 135.0 | 2.4 |

Index of Industrial Production, March 1981 - Advance Information
The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production increased by $1.3 \%$ to 136.6 in March from 134.8 in February. Output of manufacturing and utilities increased, while mining production declined during the month.

For further information, order the March issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production) (61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact Erika MoInar (613-995-0568), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)
Key Economic Series, June 1981
During the coming month, the release of Key Economic Series data is expected to be in accordance with the schedule outlined below. Where a range of dates is given for a series, this represents the period within which publication of the data can be reasonably expected, the variability taking account of circumstances peculiar to each series. Any range may be exceeded on rare occasions, for reasons unpredictable at this time.
May 29-June 1: Industrial Corporations Financial Statistics, First Quarter 1981 (Preliminary Data);

May 29-June 4: Real Domestic Product, March 1981; May 29-June 5: Labour Income, March 1981;
June 3: Preliminary Statement on Canadian Trade, April 1981;
June 4-June 10: Canadian Composite Leading Index, March 1981;
June 4-June 11: Employment, Earnings and Hours, March 1981;
June 5: Labour Force Survey, May 1981;
June 5-June 10: Industry Selling Price Index, April 1981;
June 8: Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, First Quarter 1981;
June 10-June 12: Farm Cash Receipts, January-April 1981;
June 12: The Consumer Price Index, May 1981;
June 12-June 19: Gross National Product, First Quarter 1981;
June 15-June 17: Retail Trade, April 1981;
June 15-June 18: Wholesale Trade, April 1981;
June 19-June 23: Index of Industrial Production, April 1981;
June 19-June 25: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, April 1981;
June 22-June 30: Building Permits, March 1981;
June 24-June 30: Real Domestic Product, April 1981; (continued)

Index of Industrial Production<br>(1971=100)<br>(Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | 1971 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3rd } \\ \text { Qtr. } \\ 1980 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 4th } \\ \text { Qtr. } \\ 1980 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 1st } \\ \text { Qtr. } \\ 1981 \end{array}$ | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percentage Weight | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1st } \\ \text { Qtr. } \\ 1980 \end{gathered}$ | 2nd Qtr. 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| Index of Industrial Production | 29.230 | 134.8 | 131.4 | 131.1 | 134.1 | 135.0 | 0.7 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oil wells | 3.819 | 118.4 | 120.0 | 117.9 | 116.8 | 116.9 | 0.1 |
| Metal mines | 1.584 | 96.4 | 97.2 | 90.0 | 93.2 | 90.9 | -2.5 |
| Mineral fuels | 1.492 | 121.4 | 124.4 | 125.1 | 119.3 | 121.4 | 1.8 |
| Non-metal mines (except coal mines) | . 363 | 136.1 | 134.7 | 137.3 | 132.2 | 131.4 | -0.6 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 133.4 | 128.9 | 128.3 | 131.8 | 133.2 | 1.1 |
| Food and beverage industries | 3.107 | 121.7 | 122.2 | 119.5 | 120.2 | 123.4 | 2.7 |
| Tobacco products industries | . 212 | 119.5 | 119.2 | 119.8 | 122.8 | 113.1 | -7.9 |
| Rubber and plastics products industries | . 650 | 157.7 | 149.3 | 145.8 | 150.4 | 151.1 | 0.4 |
| Leather industries | . 206 | 106.8 | 109.1 | 113.1 | 109.6 | 120.0 | 9.6 |
| Textile industries | . 769 | 131.2 | 124.5 | 129.4 | 136.1 | 136.9 | 0.6 |
| Knitting mills | . 205 | 110.7 | 108.6 | 114.0 | 113.6 | 111.1 | -2.2 |
| Clothing industries | . 742 | 113.3 | 110.7 | 116.4 | 113.8 | 114.5 | 0.6 |
| Wood industries | . 968 | 142.2 | 134.3 | 137.4 | 145.4 | 149.3 | 2.7 |
| Furniture and fixture industries | . 420 | 115.6 | 113.3 | 113.8 | 114.6 | 120.9 | 5.6 |
| Paper and allied industries | 1.841 | 137.5 | 132.6 | 128.5 | 129.9 | 131.9 | 1.5 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 1.123 | 149.8 | 151.1 | 150.2 | 153.8 | 151.4 | -1.6 |
| Primary metal industries | 1.976 | 128.7 | 123.9 | 124.1 | 133.6 | 134.3 | 0.5 |
| Metal fabricating industries (except machinery and transportation equipment industries) | 1.957 | 134.1 | 126.3 | 123.3 | 124.8 | 125.9 | 0.9 |
| Machinery industries (except electrical machinery) | 1.001 | 185.4 | 183.4 | 176.4 | 176.2 | 188.7 | 7.1 |
| Transportation equipment industries | 2.571 | 121.4 | 109.3 | 112.9 | 122.6 | 116.0 | -5.4 |
| Electrical products industries | 1.631 | 126.4 | 123.9 | 122.8 | 123.3 | 130.5 | 5.8 |
| Non-metallic mineral products industries | . 905 | 116.8 | 109.6 | 111.1 | 114.3 | 113.7 | -0.6 |
| Petroleum and coal products industries | . 394 | 145.3 | 141.3 | 140.7 | 139.2 | 137.1 | -1.5 |
| Chemical and chemical products industries | 1.362 | 156.4 | 152.5 | 151.1 | 154.6 | 157.0 | 1.6 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | . 713 | 132.8 | 132.5 | 131.7 | 132.8 | 135.2 | 1.8 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 170.0 | 169.8 | 173.8 | 179.3 | 176.6 | -1.5 |
| Speciai Industry groupings: | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 134.4 | 132.1 | 131.1 | 132.8 | 134.3 | 1.1 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 132.3 | 125.6 | 125.5 | 130.7 | 132.1 | 1.1 |

June 26-June 30: Housing Starts in Urban Centres of 10,000 Population and Over, May 1981;
June 29-July 3: Unemployment Insurance, April 1981;
June 29-July 3: Industrial Corporations Financial
Statistics, First Quarter 1981 (Final Data);
June 29-July 6: Labour Income, April 1981.
Notice of Advance Information Availability: Field Crop Reporting Series: No. 4, Preliminary Estimates of Crop and Summerfallow Area, Canada. Release: June 26 at 3 p.m. E.D.S.T.

The July schedule of Key Economic Series will appear in the Daily and on CANSIM on June 26, 1981.

The schedule of Key Economic Series is now available on CANSIM, and can be retrieved by using the command DATES. The schedule will be issued once per month as noted above.
For further information concerning the release of these series, contact Jack Kerr (613-992-1548), Production Engineering, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
 Count yourself in



Thursday, May 28, 1981

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2 Residential Building Construction Input Price Indexes, April 1981
2 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, March 1981

2 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, March 1981

3 Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, April 1981
3 Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, April 1981
3 Mineral Wool, April 1981

## Report on Education Released

Released today is Education in Canada, 1980, the eighth annual review of statistics on Canadian education. This report combines data on a variety of topics to present a comprehensive picture of education in Canada for the 197980 academic year.

Material has been compiled from the results of regular surveys conducted by Statistics Canada. Included in the publication are time series on enrolment, educational institutions, graduates, full-time teachers and finance.

For further information, order Education in Canada, 1980 (81-229, Canada: \$10; elsewhere: \$12), or contact Zoltan Zsigmond (613-995-9692), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

See page 3 for highlights of the report.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

43-203 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Manufaciurers of Small Electrical Appliances, 1979

43-209 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Manufacturers of Electric Wire and Cable, 1979
(continued)


Review for 1979-80



For more information, order Construction Price Statistics (62-007, \$30 per year), or contact Mrs. J. Arial (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production, Shlpments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, March 1981 - Advance Information
Sawmills in British Columbia produced $1,186.0$ million feet board measure ( $2798.6 \mathrm{m3}$ ) of lumber and ties in March 1981, compared to $1,126.3$ million feet board measure ( 2657.8 m 3 ) a year earlier.

January to March 1981 production increased to $3,312.5$ million feet board measure ( $7816.6 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from $3,245.0$ million feet board measure ( $7657.3 \mathrm{m3}$ ) for the same period in 1980.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia (35-003, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, March 1981 - Advance Information
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies decreased in March 1981 to 649,648,000 feet board measure (1 532999 m 3 ) from 668,753,000 feet board measure (1578 $081 \mathrm{m3}$ ) in March 1980.

Stocks on hand at the end of March 1981 totalled 1,215,582,000 feet board measure ( 2868454 m 3 ).
For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (35-002, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Education in Canada, 1980

Changes within and without the education system have increased the need for information. Based on survey findings for 1979-80, this report combines data on key variables to provide an overview of education in Canada. Following are highlights of the report

- Spending on education is expected to rise to $\$ 20.2$ billion for 1979-80, accounting for 7.8\% of the Gross National Product. This compares with $\$ 18.7$ billion in 1978-79 (8.1\% of GNP).
- Spending on education by the three levels of government represents about 18\% of their budgets.
- In 1979-80, there were 276,300 full-time elementary and secondary school teachers, about 3,400 fewer than the previous year. This decrease occurred mainly in Quebec and Ontario, where estimated numbers fell by 2,300 and 1,200 , respectively.
- Public school teachers earned an average salary of $\$ 21,100$ at the elementary level and $\$ 24,900$ at the secondary level.
- Elementary-secondary enrolment has been shrinking steadily during the past few years. Canadian schools had 109,600 fewer students in 1979-80 than a year earlier. However, pre-primary enrolment increased by $1 \%$, reflecting the upturn in the number of births in 1975.
- Enrolment in community colleges went up 1.4\% from 248,000 in 1978-79 to 251,400 in 1979-80. Full-time university enrolment increased $0.9 \%$ from 368,000 to 371,400.
- In 10 years, the number of community college graduates has more than doubled, reaching 70,700 in 1978-79. At the same time, the number of bachelor's, first professional, master's and doctoral degrees awarded by universities rose 44\% from 70,300 to 101,300 .


## Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers, April 1981 -

 Advance InformationProduction of washing machines (electric automatic) during the month of April 1981 was 45,473 units. Production of clothes dryers (electric automatic) for the same month was 34,389 units.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Domestic Washing Machines and Clothes Dryers (43$002, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, April 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped 1,752,107 thousand square feet (162 776 thousand m 2 ) of corrugated boxes and wrappers in April 1981, an increase of 10.2\% over the $1,589,510$ thousand square feet (147 671 thousand m 2 ) the previous year.

January to April 1981 shipments totalled 6,676,589 thousand square feet ( 620275 thousand m2) compared to $6,571,852$ thousand square feet ( 610545 thousand m2) in 1980

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36004, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Mineral Wool, April 1981 - Advance Information
During the month of April 1981, manufacturers shipped 4258006 square metres of mineral wool (all R-factors)

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Mineral Wool (44-004, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.


Friday, May 29, 1981

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(1) Monthly average.
p Preliminary figures.

- Amount too small to be expressed.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, Quarterly, \$6/\$24), or contact George Fincham (613-995-8445), Labour Division. Statistics Canada, Dttawa K1A OV1.

Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance Statlstics, March 1981 - Advance Information
Benefits paid to unemployment insurance claimants in March totalled $\$ 530$ million*, an increase of $11 \%$ from February and 21\% from March 1980. Payments for the first quarter of 1981 reached $\$ 1,494$ million, up $12 \%$ from the same period in 1980. The average weekly payment, based on the three months, rose $9 \%$ to $\$ 130.43$ compared with \$120.17 in 1980.

The number of persons qualifying for benefits for the week ended March 21 was 849,000*, down $2 \%$ from February but 1\% more than in March 1980. The average weekly insurable earnings for regular beneficiaries with no earnings reported was $\$ 222$; males averaged \$244 and females, \$181.

Claims submitted by persons applying for benefits in March dropped by 3\% from February to 199,000, but increased by 5\% from March 1980. For the first three months of 1981, claims declined by $5 \%$ from the same period in 1980 to 710,000 . Claims were fewer in all areas for the year-to-date except for the Prairie provinces and the Northwest Territories where small
increases were recorded, and the Yukon where claims were up $27 \%$.

* The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to the benefit payments made during a month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month, the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardless of when they received payment.

Total Value of Construction Work Performed - Type of Structure by New and Repalr, Canada
1979-1981 (1).(2),(3)

| Type of Structure | 1979 |  |  | 1980 |  |  | 1981 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New | Repair | Total | New | Repair | Total | New | Repair | Total |
| Construction - Total | 35,846,767 | 7,176,099 | 43,022,866 | 39,462,687 | 7,606,469 | 47,069,156 | 46,124,824 | 8,293,878 | 54,418,702 |
| Building |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential | 11,617,566 | 2,649,237 | 14,266,803 | 10,949,439 | 2,826,267 | 13,775,706 | 12,304,150 | 3,113,121 | 15,417,271 |
| Industrial | 1,522,293 | 545,778 | 2,068,071 | 1,949,638 | 615,606 | 2,565,244 | 2,169,453 | 675,632 | 2,845,085 |
| Commercial | 4,411,845 | 661,699 | 5,073,544 | 5,319,385 | 691,768 | 6,011,153 | 6,133,660 | 736,531 | 6,870,191 |
| Institutional | 1,532,053 | 299,210 | 1,831,263 | 1,786,901 | 321,720 | 2,108,621 | 1,962,213 | 351,754 | 2,313,967 |
| Other building construction | 1,139,306 | 326,920 | 1,466,226 | 1,288,701 | 374,054 | 1,662,755 | 1,343,179 | 399,648 | 1,742,827 |
| Engineering |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,229,361 |
| Marine construction | 173,302 | 61,186 | 234,488 | 182,355 | 73,919 | 256,274 | 252,244 | 78,462 | 330,706 |
| Road, highway and airport runways | 2,693,563 | 686,626 | 3,380,189 | 2,762,972 | 746,537 | 3,509,509 | 2,921,296 | 809,256 | 3,730,552 |
| Waterworks and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| sewage systems | 1,700,242 | 163,067 | 1,863,309 | 1,829,840 | 169,931 | 1,999,771 | 2,070,300 | 180,945 | 2,251,245 |
| Dams and irrigation Electric power | 143,423 | 30,671 | 174,094 | 165,761 | 35,887 | 201,648 | 208,982 | 38,603 | 247,585 |
| construction Railway, telephone and | 4,001,872 | 277,592 | 4,279,464 | 3,809,751 | 300,810 | 4,110,561 | 4,472,073 | 329,531 | 4,801,604 |
| telegraph | 1,072,063 | 548,488 | 1,620,551 | 1,286,114 | 604,872 | 1,890,986 | 1,417,600 | 655,361 | 2,072,961 |
| Gas and oil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| facilities | 4,014,102 | 628,631 | 4,642,733 | 5,794,797 | 531,519 | 6,326,316 | 7,732,573 | 587,157 | 8,319,730 |
| construction | 1,825,137 | 296,994 | 2,122,131 | 2,337,033 | 313,579 | 2,650,612 | 3,137,101 | 337,877 | 3,474,978 |

(1) Actual expenditures 1979, preliminary actual 1980, intentions 1981.
(2) In the Statistics Canada report Private and Public Investment in Canada, the total value of construction work performed is given as $\$ 43,022.4$ million for $1979, \$ 47,067.9$ million for 1980 and $\$ 54,418.0$ million for 1981 . The differences with values in this report are due to rounding procedures.
(3) "Other building" and "Other engineering"contain structures which could not be published in their specific categories due to the secrecy provisions of the Statistics Act.

Construction in Canada, 1981 - Advance Information
Construction volume in 1981 is expected to increase by $15.6 \%$ or $\$ 7,349.5$ million to $\$ 54,418.7$ million. In 1980, the volume of construction was $\$ 47,069.2$ million, up 9.4\% over 1979. This rise was slightly lower than the $9.6 \%$ anticipated and amounts to an increase of $1.2 \%$ in terms of constant dollar volume. For 1979, construction volume was $\$ 43,022.9$ million, up $12.7 \%$ over the previous year.

The analysis of the total value of work to be put in place in 1981 by the various industries reveals some significant variations over 1980. The utilities sector shows the largest percentage increase (23.8\%) followed by mining ( $21.3 \%$ ) and manufacturing (20.2\%). The commercial industry shows a small decrease (-1.9\%).

Expenditures in all provinces except Prince Edward Island are expected to increase in 1981 with notable advances of $31.7 \%$ in Nova Scotia, 30.7\% in Newfoundland, 28.9\% in Saskatchewan, and 21.3\% in Alberta. In Prince Edward Island, expenditures are expected to drop by $1.3 \%$.
In 1981, new construction is estimated to be up 16.9\% while the repair portion shows an increase of $9.0 \%$. The proportion of the complete program to be performed under contract during 1981 will be $79.7 \%$. The value of engineering construction at $46.4 \%$ of the total expected volume for 1981 is up 20.5\% over 1980
and the building activity portion (53.6\%) is up only $11.7 \%$ over the year before. The strength (dollar volume) in the engineering group of structures is primarily due to projects classified under gas and oil facilities and electric power construction. As noted above, building construction will probably rise by $11.7 \%$ with the largest dollar volume increases in residential buildings and commercial buildings, such as offices, stores, warehouses, etc.

For additional information concerning construction expenditures by sectors, provinces and by contractown account breakdown, contact Margaret Hartley (613-995-8423), Construction Census Section, Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. The publication Construction in Canada, 1979-1981 (64-201, \$7), which contains the tables accompanying this advance release, is scheduled to be released in June.
(see table on next page)

## Total Value of Construction Work Performed - Labour Content and Cost of Materials Used, by Province

1979-1981 (1),(2),(3),(4)

| Province and Year | Labour Content |  | Cost of <br> Materials Used | Value of Work Performed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number(4) | Value |  |  |
| Canada |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 709,303 | 15,614,383 | 15,841,633 | 43,022,866 |
| 1980 | 713,615 | 17,253,304 | 17,279,411 | 47,069,156 |
| 1981 | 770,119 | 19,979,147 | 19,964,875 | 54,418,702 |
| Newfoundland |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 17,337 | 321,893 | 320,089 | 862,857 |
| 1980 | 15,281 | 302,037 | 315,180 | 834,480 |
| 1981 | 18,839 | 398,380 | 407,540 | 1,091,043 |
| Prince Edward Islaṇd |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 3,784 | 63,297 | 79,521 | 183,257 |
| 1980 | 2,709 | 58,472 | 70,781 | 163,840 |
| 1981 | 2,454 | 57,563 | 68,798 | 161,785 |
| Nova Scotia |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 20,615 | 393,821 | 413,225 | 1,079,795 |
| 1980 | 21,672 | 439,910 | 455,668 | 1,201,982 |
| 1981 | 26,438 | 583,094 | 597,638 | 1,582,458 |
| New Brunswick |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 22,193 | 401,593 | 399,484 | 1,070,527 |
| 1980 | 15,610 | 364,558 | 361,747 | 964,964 |
| 1981 | 15,549 | 392,762 | 395,949 | 1,045,246 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 140,970 | 3,135,006 | 3,231,405 | 9,124,593 |
| 1980 | 134,355 | 3,224,278 | 3,299,651 | 9,293,227 |
| 1981 | 138,415 | 3,592,551 | 3,678,973 | 10,375,506 |
| Ontario |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 216,714 | 4,479,178 | 4,450,865 | 11,570,360 |
| 1980 | 207,356 | 4,724,167 | 4,621,912 | 12,007,641 |
| 1981 | 220,311 | 5,288,190 | 5,141,868 | 13,389,547 |
| Manitoba |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 26,577 | 520,843 | 580,518 | 1,470,000 |
| 1980 | 23,184 | 490,416 | 537,152 | 1,362,086 |
| 1981 | 23,130 | 520,468 | 561,282 | 1,444,829 |
| Saskatchewan |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 37,768 | 766,512 | 771,709 | 2,103,224 |
| 1980 | 36,009 | 819,869 | 800,611 | 2,213,379 |
| 1981 | 42,628 | 1,066,215 | 1,011,568 | 2,853,819 |
| Alberta |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 141,094 | 3,387,929 | 3,354,299 | 9,373,023 |
| 1980 | 159,058 | 4,111,600 | 3,980,154 | 11,218,425 |
| 1981 | 179,285 | 5,004,776 | 4,880,519 | 13,604, 127 |
| British Columbia(3) |  |  |  |  |
| 1979 | 82,251 | 2,144,311 | 2,240,518 | 6 , 85,215 |
| 1980 | 98,381 | 2,717,997 | 2,836,555 | f. 809,132 |
| 1981 | 103,070 | 3,075,148 | 3,220,740 | 8,870,342 |

(1) Actual expenditures 1979, preliminary actual 1980, intentions 1981
(2) In the Statistics Canada report Private and Public Investment in Canada, the total value of construction work performed is given as $\$ 43,022.4$ million for $1979 ; \$ 47,067.9$ million for 1980 , and $\$ 54,418.0$ million for 1981 . The differencer with values in this report are due to rounding procedures.
(3) British Columbia includes Northwest Territories and Yukon.
(4) Number of employees is given in equivalent mąn-years.

Housing Starts in Centres of $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ Population and Over
Actual Numbers by Type and Totals Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
April 1980 and 1981

|  | Actual 1980 |  |  |  |  | SAAR* <br> (000) | Actual 1981 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAAR* }^{*} \\ & (000) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  | Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  |
| February | 2,229 | 572 | 716 | 2,928 | 6,445 | 133.7 | 3,519 | 381 | 536 | $2,167$ | $6,603$ | $148.6$ |
| March | 3,006 | 479 | 849 | 1,819 | 6,153 | 115.7 | 4,065 | $569$ | 775 | 2,332 | $7,741$ | $146.2$ |
| April |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |
| Canada | 4,771 | 722 | 919 | 3,063 | 9,475 | 129.4 | 7,446 | 1,195 | 1,126 | 5,087 | 14,854 | 203.3 |
| Nild. | 115 |  | - | ,063 | 115 | 3.0 | - 97 | 14 | 35 | , | 146 | - 3.8 |
| P.E.I. | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 0.1 |
| N.S. | 37 | - | - | - | 37 | 0.9 | 86 | - | - | 53 | 139 | 3.7 |
| N.B. | 10 | - | - | - | 10 | 0.3 | 47 | 2 | - | - | 49 | 1.3 |
| Que. | 1,066 | 218 | 40 | 520 | 1,844 | 24.1 | 1,209 | 311 | 29 | 1,467 | 3,016 | 39.0 |
| Ont. | 923 | 251 | 464 | 832 | 2,470 | 37.2 | 2,666 | 572 | 227 | 1,939 | 5,404 | 81.9 |
| Man. | 89 | 25 | 仡 | 100 | 189 | 2.5 | 307 | 8 | - | - | 315 | 3.7 |
| Sask. | 87 | 2 | 8 | 361 | 458 | 5.9 | 199 | 2 | 76 | 336 | 613 | 7.2 |
| Alta. | 893 | 178 | 292 | 549 | 1,912 | 24.7 | 1,661 | 188 | 450 | 718 | 3,017 | 35.4 |
| B.C. | 1,551 | 73 | 115 | 701 | 2,440 | 30.8 | 1,171 | 98 | 309 | 574 | 2,152 | 27.2 |
| Cumulative Jan.-Apr. | . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 12,897 | 2,439 | 3;376 | 13,850 | 32,562 |  | 19,023 | 3,016 | 2,906 | 12,447. | 37,392 ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |
| Nfld. | 261 | 6 | 20 | - | 287 |  | . 210 | 20 | 35 | - | 265 |  |
| P.E.I. | - | - | - | 72 | 72 |  | 6 | - | - | - | 6 |  |
| N.S. | 211 | 8 | 48 | 152 | 419 |  | 306 | 14 | - | 123 | 443 |  |
| N.B. | 67 | 2 | - | - | 69 |  | 153 | 10 | - | 30 | 193 |  |
| Que. | 2,331 | 579 | 136 | 2,157 | 5,203 |  | 2,680 | 707 | 110 | 2,833 | 6,330 |  |
| Ont. | 2,497 | 918 | 1,245 | 4,638 | 9,298 |  | 5,194 | 1,216 | 801 | 2,974 | .10,185 |  |
| Man. | 141 | 2 | 71 | 153 | 367 |  | 581 | 10 | - | 104 | $\cdots 695$ | $\therefore$ |
| Sask. | 347 | 46 | - 20 | 566 | 979 |  | 522 | 58 | 104 | 781 | 1,465 |  |
| Alta. | 2,751 | 568 | 930 | 2,045 | 6,294 |  | 4,609 | 682 | 1,037 | 2,103 | 8,431 | . |
| B.C. | 4,291 | 310 | 906 | 4,067 | 9,574 |  | 4,762 | 299 | 819 | 3,499 | 9,379 | , |
|  |  |  |  |  | Hous | ing star | $s$ in all a | reas |  |  |  |  |
| SAAR* (000) | Feb. | 168.2 | Mar. | 150.2 | Apr. | 162.3 | Feb. | 198.8 | Mar. | 196.4 | Apr. | 243.3 |

[^12]The Dairy Review, March 1981 - Advance Information An estimated 581164 kilolitres of milk were sold off Canadian farms for all purposes in March 1981, 4.0\% more than in March 1980.
This brought the total estimate of milk sold off farms during the first three months of 1981 to 1593053 kilolitres, an increase of 3.2\% over the January-March 1980 period.
For further information, order the April 1981 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Ms. E. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Stocks of Fruit and Vegetabies, May 1, 1981 -

 Advance InformationStocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storages and factories on May 1 totalled 34.7 million pounds compared with 37.6 million pounds last year.
Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine, totalled 90.1 million pounds ( 123.1 million in 1980).

For further information, order the May 1 issue of Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables (32-010, \$1.50/\$15), or
contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.

Livestock and Animal Products Statistics, 1980 Advance Information
This report cóvers livestock and animal products in Canada and includes basic data pertaining to numbers, prices and value of livestock and the production of animal products.

For further information, order the 1980 issue of Livestock and Animal Products Statistics (23-203, \$6), or contact B.E. Rosien (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Farm Input Price Indexes
(1971=100)

|  | 1st Quarter1980 | 4th Quarter 1980 | 1st Quarter 1981 | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 1st Qtr. '81/ 4th Qtr. 80 | 1st Qtr. 81 / 1st Otr. '80 |
|  | Eastern Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Total farm input(p) | 247.7 | 264.8 | 276.0 | 4.2 | 11.4 |
| Building and fencing | 234.1 | 243.0 | 248.0 | 2.1 | 5.9 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles | 219.5 | 243.4 | 253.7 | 4.2 | 15.6 |
| Crop production | 291.8 | 306.2 | 320.8 | 4.8 | 9.9 |
| Animal production | 240.3 | 261.7 | 265.1 | 1.3 | 10.3 |
| Supplies and services | 208.0 | 225.7 | 236.4 | 4.7 | 13.7 |
| Hired farm labour | 227.0 | 237.8 | 242.0 | 1.8 | 6.6 |
| Property taxes(p) | 166.9 | 166.9 | 180.3 | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| Interest(p)* | 450.6 | 459.7 | 535.4 | 16.5 | 18.8 |
| Farm rent(p) | 274.6 | 274.6 | 288.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 |
|  | Western Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Total farm input(p). | 258.8 | 270.3 | 285.9 | 5.8 | 10.5 |
| Building and fencing | 237.5 | 242.1 | 246.9 | 2.0 | 4.0 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles | 211.0 | 233.9 | 242.8 | 3.8 | 15.1 |
| Crop production | 303.6 | 316.6 | 344.9 | 8.9 | 13.6 |
| Animal production | 269.9 | 273.4 | 277.2 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| Supplies and services | 200.7 | 217.4 | 226.7 | 4.3 | 13.0 |
| Hired farm labour | 266.4 | 277.5 | 282.9 | 1.9 | 6.2 |
| Property taxes(p) | 172.0 | 172.0 | 179.3 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| Interest(p)* | 479.0 | 483.4 | 572.0 | 18.3 | 19.4 |
| Farm rent (p) | 276.9 | 276.9 | 307.6 | 11.1 | 11.1 |
|  | Canada |  |  |  |  |
| Total farm input(p) | 253.2 | 267.5 | 280.8 | 5.0 | 10.9 |
| Building and fencing | 235.5 | 242.7 | 247.5 | 2.0 | 5.1 |
| Machinery and motor vehicles | 214.2 | 237.4 | 246.8 | 4.0 | 15.2 |
| Crop production | 296.9 | 310.7 | 330.9 | 6.5 | 11.5 |
| Animal production | 252.7 | 266.8 | 270.2 | 1.3 | 6.9 |
| Supplies and services | 205.3 | 222.6 | 232.8 | 4.6 | 13.4 |
| Hired farm labour. | 242.1 | 253.1 | 257.7 | 1.8 | 6.4 |
| Property taxes(p) | 168.4 | 168.4 | 178.0 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Interest $(p)^{*}$ | 466.7 | 473.1 | 556.1 | 17.5 | 19.2 |
| Farm rent(p) | 276.3 | 276.3 | 301.7 | 9.2 | 9.2 |

p Preliminary figures.
$p^{*}$ Preliminary for 1980-81.
For further information, order the first quarter 1981 issue of Farm Input Price Indexes (62-004, \$4/\$16), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V6.

Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers, April 1981 Advance Information
Domestic production of refrigerators and freezers during the month of April 1981 was 50,278 units and 36,718 units, respectively.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Domestic Refrigerators and Freezers (43-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A.0T6.

Selected Principal Statistics for the Feed Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1060 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 593 | 602 | 1.5 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,654 | 5,744 | 1.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 12,071 | 12,295 | 1.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 72,900 | 80,962 | 11.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 20,037 | 23,502 | 17.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 303,195 | 340,079 | 12.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 9,238 | 9,242 | - |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 123,761 | 137,683 | 11.2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 337,171 | 375,239 | 11.2 |

For further information, contact K.C. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in The Feed Industry, 1979 (32-214, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Soft Drink Manufacturers Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. $109{ }^{\text { }}$ |  |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. |  | 255 | 253 | -0.8 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. |  | 6,290 | 6,333 | 0.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's |  | 13,427 | 13,314 | -0.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 |  | 85,976 | 94,222 | 9.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 |  | 14,443 | 16,497 | 14.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 |  | 401,175 | 433,663 | 8.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. |  | 14,589 | 14,395 | -1.3 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 |  | 217,205 | 231,503 | 6.6 |
| Total value added | \$000 |  | 467,206 | 505,334 | 8.2 |

For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Soft Drink Manufacturers, 1979 (32-208, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Plastics Fabricating Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 1650 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  | 814 | 866 | 6.4 |
| Production and related workers | No. |  |  |  |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 25,893 | 26,453 | 2.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 52,926 | 54,662 | 3.3 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 277,841 | 310,870 | 11.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 89,562 | 35,694 | 20.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | 818,354 | $1,066,973$ | 30.4 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | $1,553,998$ | $1,961,766$ | 26.2 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 720,724 | 893,864 | 24.0 |
| Total Activity: |  | 371,920 | 421,421 | 13.3 |
| Total employees | No. | 745,212 | 924,643 | 24.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Plastics Fabricating Industry, 1979 (47-208, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Smelting and Refining Industry

1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2950 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 31 | 32 | 3.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 22,138 | 20,675 | -6.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 45,445 | 43,467 | -4.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 379.118 | 383,241 | 1.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 202,031 | 207.354 | 2.6 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 822,937 | 871.940 | 6.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 2,371,031 | 2,413,124 | 1.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,346,333 | 1,333,830 | -1.0 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 32,652 | 32,869 | 0.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 602,191 | 664,974 | 10.4 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,387,242 | 1,401,011 | 1.0 |

For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Smelting and Refining, 1979 (41-214, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Machinery and Equipment Manufacturers Industry 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 315 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 1.059 | 1,189 | 12.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 43,334 | 48,053 | 10.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 90,610 | 100,748 | 11.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 611,623 | 750,138 | 22.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 30,618 | 35,223 | 15.0 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 1,665,894 | 2,186,680 | 31.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 3,409,200 | 4,280,347 | 25.6 |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,747,708 | 2,175,635 | 24.5 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 63,692 | 68,516 | 7.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | .961,458 | 1.137,801 | 18.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1,935,634 | 2,428,380 | 25.5 |

For further information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Machinery and Equipment Manufacturers, 1979 (42-214, \$4.50).
Selected Principal Statistics for the Petroleum Refineries Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3651 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 41 | 41 | - |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 7,918 | 7.373 | -6.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 17,243 | 16,708 | -3.1 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 169,875 | 172,183 | 1.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 113,354 | 134,270 | 18.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 8,901,457 | 10,775,892 | 21.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 10,220,111 | 12,143,764 | 18.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 1,174,772 | 1,397,086 | 18.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 18,958 | 18,037 | -4.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 427,950 | 450,330 | 5.2 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 1.180.439 | 1,390.928 | 17.8 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Petroleum Refineries, 1979 (45-205, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistic̣s for the Concrete Products Manufacturers (n.e.s.)
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3549 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 382 | 390 | 2.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 4,255 | 4,060 | -4.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 9,119 | 8,734 | -4.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 59,704 | 63,637 | 6.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 10,768 | 11,778 | 9.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 108,179 | 115,579 | 6.8 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 266,103 | 286,887 | 7.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 148,428 | 161,218 | 8.6 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 5,448 | 5,175 | -5.0 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 80,331 | 84,386 | 5.0 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 154,442 | 167,762 | 8.6 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Concrete Products Manufacturers, 1979 (44-205, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3720 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 82 | 91 | 11.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 700 | 694 | -0.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 1,499 | 1,465 | -2.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 8,236 | 8,645 | 5.0 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 1,002 | 1,130 | 12.8 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 102,058 | 132,633 | 30.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000. | 35,026 | 36,861 | 5.2 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 984 | 1,072 | 8.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 12,918 | 15,252 | 18.1 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 50,947 | 64,240 | 26.1 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Mixed Fertilizers, 1979 (46-220, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicine Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3740 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 146 | 144 | -1.4 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 7,126 | 6,592 | -7.5 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 's | 14,417 | 13,529 | -6.2 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 8,217 | 90,401 | 3.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 9,185 | 10,313 | 12.3 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 34,349 | 400,401 | 17.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | 910,481 | $1,030,201$ | 13.1 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 583,658 | 632,898 | 8.4 |
| Value added |  |  |  |  |
| Total Activity: | $N o$. | 15,173 | 16,433 | 8.3 |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ | 632,241 | 279,941 | 20.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Pharmaceuticals and Medicines, 1979 (46-209. \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Paint and Varnish Manufacturers Industry.
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3750 |  | 1978 | 1979 |  | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 150 | 140 |  | -7.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,538 | 7.188 |  | -2.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 7.426 | 7,361 |  | -0.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 46,097 | 50,184 |  | $8: 9$ |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 4.710 | 5.102 |  | 8.3 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 306,799 | 365.715 |  | 19.2 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 582,224 | 647,458 |  | 11.2 |
| Value added | \$000 | 278,823 | 286,906 |  | 2.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 7,377 | 7,188 |  | -2.6 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 104,734 | 109,672 |  | 4.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 312.151 | 317,436 |  | 1.7 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Paint and Varnish Manufacturers, 1979 (46-210, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals (Inorganic) Industry 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3782 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 97 | 100 | 3.1 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 6,864 | 7,007 | 2.1 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 15,045 | 14,943 | -0.7 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 132,857 | 143,968 | 8.4 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 2,767,759 | 294,590 | 6.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 508,982 | 598,555 | 17.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| received for work done | \$000 | 1,405,884 | 1,630,290 | 16.0 |
| Value added | \$000 | 614,741 | 751,081 | 22.2 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 12,797 | 13,209 | 3.2 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 262,482 | 292,075 | 11.3 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 690,092 | 785,599 | 13.8 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226). Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1979 (46-219, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals (Organic) (n.e.s.) Industry 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3783 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 37 | 38 | 2.7 |
| Manufacturing Activity: .. |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,657 | 6,389 | 12.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 12,573 | 13,568 | 7.9 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 107,870 | 126,110 | 16.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 150,226 | 183,949 | 22.4 |
| Cost of materials and supplies $\$ 000$ 819,524 $1,181,305$ . |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 488,718 | 821,370 | 68.1 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 11,297 | 12,208 | 8.1 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 239,267 | 272,546 | 13.9 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 534,104 | 939,219 | 75.8 |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Divisioń, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Industrial Chemicals, 1979 (46-219, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, n.e.s.
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3799 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 360 | 374 | 3.9 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 8,590 | 8,797 | 2.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 18,037 | 18,267 | 1.3 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 115,166 | 126,786 | 10.1 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 19,371 | 21,407 | 10.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 530,382 | 647,699 | 22.1 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  |  |  |
| Value added | \$000 | 485,937 | 570,204 | 17.3 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 14,103 | 13,982 | -0.9 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 209,421 | 229,285 | 9.5 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 535,069 | 637,074 | 19.1 |

For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Chemical Industries, 1979 (46-216, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Dental Laboratories Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3915 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 396 | 464 | 17.2 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 3,489 | 4,036 | 15.7 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 6,417 | 7,474 | 16.5 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 34,863 | 43,139 | 23.7 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | - | - | -7 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 27,555 | 29,951 | 8.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 73,306 | 87,105 | 18.8 |
| Value added | \$000 | 45,751 | 57,154 | 24.9 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 3,489 | 4,036 | 15.7 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 34,863 | 43,139 | 23.7 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 45,751 | 57,154 | 24.9 |

For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Scientific and Professional Equipment Industries, 1979 (47-206, \$6).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment Industry
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3360 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 243 | 251 | 3.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 16,813 | 17,923 | 6.6 |
| Man-hours paid | 000's | 34,898 | 37,128 | 6.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | \$000 | 214,120 | 252,432 | 17.9 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$000 | 11,674 | 13,644 | 16.9 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | \$000 | 525,675 | 632,349 | 20.3 |
| Value of shipments and amount received for work done | \$000 | 1,141,348 | 1,397,785 | 22.5 |
| Value added | \$000 | 619,227 | 784,419 | 26.7 |
| Total Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Total employees | No. | 27,150 | 28,733 | 5.8 |
| Total salaries and wages | \$000 | 400,063 | 464,625 | 16.1 |
| Total value added | \$000 | 669,712 | 874,497 | 30.6 |

For further information, contact Mr. B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Manufacturers of Electrical Industrial Equipment, 1979 (43-207, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coal Products Industries
1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3690 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 44 | 47 | 6.8 |
| Manufacturing Aćtivity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 490 | 363 | -25.9 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 1,039 | 775 | -25.4 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 7,091 | 6,558 | -7.5 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 2.368 | 3,097 | 30.8 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 59,892 | 57,658 | -3.7 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  |  | 95,377 | 88,174 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | 30,793 | 27,700 | -7.6 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  | -10.0 |
| Total Activity: |  | 683 | 461 |  |
| Total employees | $\$ 0$. | 11,408 | 8,522 | -32.5 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ | 30,518 | -25.3 |  |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  | -7.8 |  |

For further information, contact Mr. G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Miscellaneous Petroleum and Coal Products Industries, 1979 (45207, \$4.50).

## Selected Principal Statistics for the Children's Clothing Industry <br> 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 2450 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 128 | 131 | 2.3 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 5,272 | 5,703 | 8.2 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 10,771 | 11,607 | 7.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 00$ | 44,284 | 52,882 | 828 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 120,647 | 151,563 | 3.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 217,662 | 264,020 | 25.6 |
| Value of shipments and amount | $\$ 000$ | 99,394 | 118,730 | 21.3 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ |  | 6,074 | 6,466 |
| Value added |  | 58,026 | 66,807 | 19.5 |
| Total Activity: | No. | $\$ 000$ | 118,037 | 6.5 |
| Total employees | $\$ 000$ |  |  | 15.1 |
| Total salaries and wages |  |  |  |  |
| Total value added |  |  |  |  |

For further information, contact A. Shusterman (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Women's and Children's Clothing Industries, 1979 (34-217, \$4.50).

Selected Principal Statistics for the Communications Equipment Manufacturers Industry 1978 and 1979 - Advance Information

| S.I.C. 3350 |  | 1978 | 1979 | \% Change |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Establishments | No. | 331 | 384 | 16.0 |
| Manufacturing Activity: |  |  |  |  |
| Production and related workers | No. | 24,030 | 25,088 | 4.4 |
| Man-hours paid | 000 s | 49,921 | 52,314 | 4.8 |
| Manufacturing wages | $\$ 000$ | 314,012 | 394,249 | 25.6 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | $\$ 000$ | 9,357 | 10,905 | 16.5 |
| Cost of materials and supplies | $\$ 000$ | 528,093 | 670,692 | 27.0 |
| Value of shipments and amount |  | $1,532,406$ | $1,813,826$ | 18.4 |
| received for work done | $\$ 000$ | $1,019,136$ | $1,235,925$ | 21.3 |
| Value added | $\$ 000$ | 37,895 | 39,326 | 3.8 |
| Total Activity: |  | 565,776 | 685.716 | 21.2 |
| Total employees | No. | $1,100,164$ | $1,368,835$ | 24.4 |
| Total salaries and wages | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |
| Total value added | $\$ 000$ |  |  |  |

[^13] Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6. Complete data will be published in Communications Equipment Manufacturers, 1979 (43-206, \$4.50).

Canadä́



Monday, June 1, 1981

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## Justice Statistics Centre Opens

-The Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics formally begins operation today at. Statistics Canada. The new Centre replaces the Justice Statistics Division and is the culmination of months of federal-provincial discussions aimed at improving justice statistics in Canada.

The nature of the Centre will be unique in that guidance and advice on programs, priorities, and procedures will be provided by a Justice Information Council made up of federal and provincial deputy ministers and the Chief Statistician of Canada.

With this̈ renewed and shared commitment and support, the Centre will be responsible for the establishment and operation of programs covering the following areas: crime and law enforcement, adult criminal courts, civil and family courts, courts manpower and resources, juvenile courts and post-court services, corrections, and legal aid.

Further information is available by contacting Dr. G. Duncan (613-9950709), Executive Director, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-004 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Shipments of Animal and Poültry Feeds Quarterly, Quarter Ended March 31, 1981
32-011"(Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, March 1981

32-024 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, April 1981

35-006 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Quarterly Shipments of Office Furniture Products, Quarter Ended March 31, 1981

36-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Hardboard (Wood Fibre), April 1981

47-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles, April 1981

55-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Oil Pipe Line Transport, January 1981

63-002 (Canada: \$2.50/\$25; Other Countries: \$3/\$30) Department Store Sales and Stocks, February 1981,4
Service Bulletin:
51-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Aviation Statistics Centre, Vol. 13, No. 5, Canadian Air Transport Industry, Summary Statistics

New Housing Price Indexes
(1976=100)

|  | Weights | Apr. <br> 1981 | Mar. 1981 | Apr. <br> 1980 | \% Change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Apr. '81/ <br> Mar. '81 | Apr. '81/ Apr. '80 | May '80 to Apr. '81/ May '79 to Apr. '80 |
| St. John's | 1.0 | 130.5 | 130.5 | 122.4 | - | 6.6 | 16.3 |
| Halifax | 1.7 | 117.3 | 114.9 | 112.6 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 7.3 |
| Quebec | 3.6 | 147.9 | 146.5 | 137.2 | 1.0 | 7.8 | 8.0 |
| Montreal | 9.5 | 140.0 | 138.7 | 124.0 | 0.9 | 12.9 | 12.1 |
| Ottawa-Hull | 5.7 | 117.0 | 116.5 | 106.5 | 0.4 | 9.9 | 7.6 |
| Toronto | 21.2 | 121.2 | 115.7 | 102.1 | 4.8 | 18.7 | 7.9 |
| Hamilton | 4.2 | 113.4 | 112.1 | 104.5 | 1.2 | 8.5 | 4.9 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 2.3 | 122.6 | 122.6 | 117.7 | - | 4.2 | 2.4 |
| Kitchener | 2.9 | 112.3 | 111.1 | 103.7 | 1.1 | 8.3 | 4.4 |
| London | 2.4 | 130.3 | 128.9 | 121.9 | 1.1 | 6.9 | 3.7 |
| Windsor | 1.0 | 140.0 | 140.4 | 141.0 | -0.3 | -0.7 | 0.7 |
| Thunder Bay | 0.9 | 129.6 | 129.2 | 126.4 | 0.3 | 2.5 | 3.1 |
| Winnipeg | 3.7 | 118.4 | 117.6 | 112.5 | 0.7 | 5.2 | 1.8 |
| Regina | 2.3 | 112.7 | 108.6 | 103.2 | 3.8 | 9.2 | 3.0 |
| Saskatoon | 1.9 | 138.7 | 133.9 | 130.3 | 3.6 | 6.4 | 5.1 |
| Calgary | 9.9 | 145.9 | 140.8 | 131.7 | 3.6 | 10.8 | 7.5 |
| Edmonton | 9.8 | 136.6 | 136.5 | 131.4 | 0.1 | 4.0 | 6.5 |
| Vancouver | 10.6 | 163.7 | 164.5 | 115.1 | -0.5 | 42.2 | 34.6 |
| Canada composite (22 citles) <br> Canada composite | 100.0* | 132.3 | 130.0 | 116.4 | 1.8 | 13.7 | 9.8 |
| (House oniy) |  | 129.5 | 126.5 | 114.0 | 2.4 | 13.6 | 9.6 |
| Canada composite (Land only) |  | 139.1 | 138.4 | 122.3 | 0.5 | 13.7 | 10.4 |

[^14]Retail Trade, All Stores, by Province and Selected Metropolitan Areas
March 1981

|  | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  |  | Mar. 81/ <br> Mar. 80 | Sales All Stores |  | Mar. 81/ Feb. 81 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1980r } \end{gathered}$ |  | Mar. p | Feb. r |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Newfoundland | 108.3 | 128.1 | 111.6 | 14.8 | 140.2 | 136.7 | 2.6 |
| Prince Edward Island | 25.4 | 28.1 | 24.8 | 12.9 | 33.4 | 33.9 | -1.5 |
| Nova Scotia | 193.7 | 215.6 | 193.8 | 11.2 | 238.2 | 240.4 | -0.9 |
| New Brunswick | 153.0 | 165.4 | 155.1 | 6.6 | 185.9 | 192.8 | -3.6 |
| Quebec | 1,548.5 | 1,745.6 | 1,549.0 | 12.6 | 1,890.3 | 1,884.0 | 0.3 |
| Ontario | 2,206.1 | 2,472.5 | 2,129.6 | 16.1 | 2,723.0 | 2,683.9 | 1.5 |
| Manitoba | 228.3 | 264.1 | 238.5 | 10.7 | 287.6 | 289.9 | -0.8 |
| Saskatchewan | 250.4 | 289.5 | 249.0 | 16.2 | 316.0 | 319.7 | -1.2 |
| Alberta | 716.0 | 812.9 | 690.1 | 17.7 | 885.2 | 878.1 | 0.8 |
| British Columbia | 819.1 | 922.8 | 768.9 | 20.0 | 997.0 | 990.6 | 0.6 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 16.9 | 19.4 | 17.5 | 10.5 | 21.0 | 21.3 | -1.4 |
| Canada | 6,265.7 | 7,064.0 | 6,128.0 | 15.2 | 7,748.6 | 7,688.0 | 0.8 |
| Montreal | 747.7 | 834.7 | 732.9 | 13.8 |  |  |  |
| Toronto | 841.8 | 935.2 | 799.6 | 16.9 |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg | 142.6 | 164.2 | 152.2 | 7.9 |  |  |  |
| Vancouver | 439.2 | 487.5 | 403.0 | 20.9 |  |  |  |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

Retail Trade, March 1981 - Advance Information Seasonally adjusted retail sales for March were $\$ 7,748.6$ million, an increase of $0.8 \%$ from the $\$ 7,688.0$ million recorded in February. Sporting goods and accessories stores ( $+5.0 \%$ ), general merchandise stores ( $+4.6 \%$ ) and jewellery stores ( $+4.3 \%$ ) recorded the largest sales increases. The largest decreases were in florists ( $-7.9 \%$ ) and household appliance stores ( $-4.9 \%$ ). Five provinces recorded increased sales over February ranging from 2.6\% for Newfoundland to 0.3\% for Quebec. The largest sales decrease was in New Brunswick (-3.6\%).

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 7,064.0$ million, an increase of $15.2 \%$ over March 1980. Sales increased in all trade groups with the largest increases in used car dealers ( $42.0 \%$ ), service stations (30.9\%) and specialty shoe stores ( $22.4 \%$ ). Sales increased in all provinces ranging from 20.0\% for British Columbia to 6.6\% for New Brunswick. Montreal sales rose 13.8\%; Toronto, 16.9\%; Winnipeg, 7.9\%; and Vancouver, 20.9\%.

Cumulative sales for January to March 1981; for Canada, were $\$ 19,999.7$ million, an increase of $14.0 \%$ over the same period in 1980.

Revised total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment for February 1981, was $\$ 6,265.7$ million, an increase of 8.7\% from February 1980.

This issue will contain revised estimates of retail trade, both seasonally adjusted and unadjusted for all months of 1980. Revised data, both seasonally adjusted and unadjusted, by month for 1972 to 1979
are now available on CANSIM and will be published in Retail Trade, Historical Series, 1972-1979 (63-538) later this year.
For further information, order the March issue of Retail Trade (63-005) or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.
(see table on next page)

Raliway Carloadings, April 1981 - Advance Information
Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada totalled 21.9 million short tons ( 19.8 million t) in April 1981, a decrease of $3.1 \%$ from the previous year. The carriers received an additional 1.7 million short tons $(1.5$ million $t$ ) from the United States, a decline of $2.6 \%$ from April 1980.

Commodities registering notable changes in volumes loaded for the latest month were: wheat (down 8.5\%); iron ore and concentrates (up 21.6\%); coal (up $6.6 \%$ ), iron and steel - primary and manufactured (up 43.5\%).

The total loadings in Canada for the year-to-date showed a decrease of $0.4 \%$ from the 1980 period while receipts from United States connections declined by 4.5\%.

For further information, order the April issue of Railway Carloadings (52-001, \$1.50/\$15). For seasonal adjusted revenue freight loadings, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Retail Trade, Canada, by Kind of Business
March 1981

| Kind of Business | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  |  | Mar. 81/ Mar. 80 | Sales All Stores |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } 81 / \\ \text { Feb. } 81 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{r} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1980 \mathrm{r} \end{gathered}$ |  | Mar. p | Feb. r |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Combination stores (groceries and meat) | 1,331.1 | 1,382.7 | 1,285.4 | 7.5 | 1,461.7 | 1,460.0 | 0.1 |
| Grocery, confectionery and sundries stores | 310.6 | 329.7 | 281.7 | 17.0 | 360.1 | 367.1 | -1.9 |
| All other food stores | 107.4 | 117.2 | 99.7 | 17.6 | 125.7 | 123.0 | 2.2 |
| Department stores | 568.9 | 689.2 | 618.5 | 11.4 | 836.6 | 845.9 | -1.1 |
| General merchandise stores | 133.2 | 157.9 | 133.3 | 18.4 | 177.8 | 169.9 | 4.6 |
| General stores | 110.8 | 125.7 | 110.3 | 14.0 | 144.5 | 142.9 | 1.1 |
| Variety stores | 59.6 | 70.0 | 64.3 | 8.9 | 87.5 | 88.0 | -0.6 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | 1,261.3 | 1,526.1 | 1,296.9 | 17.6 | 1,457.1 | 1,449.2 | 0.5 |
| Used car dealers | 40.5 | 46.1 | 32.4 | 42.0 |  |  |  |
| Service stations | 494.1 | 543.8 | 415.2 | 30.9 | 592.1 | 569.2 | 4.0 |
| Garages | 87.0 | 96.2 | 83.3 | 15.4 | 100.9 | 99.7 | 1.2 |
| Automotive parts and accessories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| stores | 101.4 | 122.8 | 101.8 | 20.6 | 169.0 | 166.7 | 1.4 |
| Men's clothing stores | 59.5 | 71.0 | 62.7 | 13.1 | 89.8 | 87.8 | 2.3 |
| Women's clothing stores | 99.0 | 120.5 | 104.5 | 15.3 | 145.9 | 145.8 | - 0.1 |
| Family clothing stores | 71.0 | 87.3 | 74.6 | 17.0 | 109.2 | 111.1 | -1.7 |
| Specialty shoe stores | 7.2 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 22.4 | 10.3 | 10.7 | -3.7 |
| Family shoe stores | 42.3 | 53.9 | 45.9 | 17.3 | 71.3 | 72.9 | -2.2 |
| Hardware stores | 44.3 | 51.9 | 47.9 | 8.3 | 71.0 | 69.5 | 2.2 |
| Household furniture stores | 97.7 | 104.3 | 88.4 | 17.8 | 114.9 | 115.8 | -0.8 |
| Household appliance stores | 23.6 | 24.0 | 20.1 | 19.1 | 27.0 | 28.4 | -4.9 |
| Furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores | 38.8 | 42.5 | 38.2 | 11.3 | 49.5 | 50.4 | -1.8 |
| Pharmacies, patent medicine and cosmetics stores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 229.8 | 243.9 | 205.4 | 18.7 | 254.5 | 251.1 | 1.4 |
| Book and stationery stores | $\cdots \quad 33.7$ | 34.2 | 28.7 | 19.0 | 38.5 | 38.7 | -0.5 |
| Florists | 29.3 | 24.2 | 22.1 | 9.6 | 28.1 | 30.5 | -7.9 |
| Jewellery stores | 42.4 | 44.6 | 40.8 | 9.4 | 66.1 | 63.4 | 4.3 |
| Sporting goods and accessories stores | 61.8 | 74.1 | 66.9 | 10.7 | 90.2 | 85.9 | 5.0 |
| Personal accessories stores | 86.3 | 92.4 | 79.4 | 16.4 | 109.5 | 110.9 | -1.3 |
| All other stores | 693.1 | 779.9 | 673.0 | 15.8 | 894.8 | 910.5 | -1.7 |
| Total, all stores | 6,265.7 | 7,064.0 | 6,126.0 | 15.2 | 7,748.6 | 7,688.0 | 0.8 |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

## Railway Carloadings

7-day Period Ended May 14, 1981

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,718,479 | 2,700,310 | 5,418,789 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,892,928 | 2,518,811 | 5,411,739 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2466163 | 2449680 | 4915843 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2624420 | 2285027 | 4909447 |
| \% change | -6.0 | 7.2 | 0.1 |
| Cars, 1981 | 39,341 | 37,624 | 76,965 |
| Cars, 1980 | 42,689 | 36,149 | 78,838 |
| \% change | -7.8 | 4.1 | -2.4 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 145,713 | 64,791 | 210,504 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 130,326 | 66,379 | 196,705 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 132189 | 58777 | 190966 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 118230 | 60.218 | 178448 |
| \% change | 11.8 | -2.4 | - 7.0 |
| Cars, 1981 | 4,480 | 2,156 | 6,636 |
| Cars, 1980 | 4,386 | 2,407 | 6,793 |
| \% change | 2.1 | -10.4 | -2.3 |
| Year-to-date |  |  |  |
| Totai carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 47,433,791 | 46,366,539 | 93,800,330 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 51,674,768 | 42,872,857 | 94,547,625 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 43031211 | 42063017 | 85094228 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 46878561 | 38893602 | 85772163 |
| \% change | -8.2 | 8.1 | -0.8 |
| Cars, 1981 | 724,559 | 646,083 | 1,370,642 |
| Cars, 1980 | 783,398 | 615,647 | 1,399,045 |
| \% change | -7.5 | 4.9 | -2.0 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,751,274 | 1,120,140 | 3,871,414 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,638,802 | 1,109,773 | 3,748,575 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2495914 | 1016174 | 3512088 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2393881 | 1006769 | 3400650 |
| \% change | 4.3 | 0.9 | 3.3 |
| Cars, 1981 | 84,606 | 40,921 | 125,527 |
| Cars, 1980 | 83,404 | 42,531 | 125,935 |
| \% change | 1.4 | -3.8 | -0.3 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.
Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.
Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended May 14, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending May 14, 1981 totalled 4.9 million $t$ ( 5.4 million short tons). This was an increase of $0.1 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $6.0 \%$ and increased in the West by $7.2 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by 11.8\% and decreased in the West by $2.4 \%$ for an overall national increase of 7.0\%.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 85.1 million $t$ ( 93.8 million short tons) showed a decrease of $0.8 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by 0.3\%.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division; Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

## Participation in Swimming, October 1976

This publication is the fourth in a series of five articles summarizing data on selected sports and exercise activitiès from the 1976. Survey of Fitness, Physical Recreation and Sport. Articles on skiing, skating and hockey, and jogging or running have previously been released. The series is available free of charge from Janice Ife (613-995-9689), Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z5.

Oilseed Crushings, April 1981 - Advance Information Domestic crushings of vegetable oilseeds during April 1981 were as follows, with oil produced and meal produced (all figures in metric tonnes):

- Soybeans: 79968 (13 904; 63 276)
- Rapeseed: 98751 (41 462; 55 914)

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of the Grains and Oilseeds Review (22-007, \$2.50/\$25), or contact L.V. O'Callaghan (613-995-4877), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Asphalt Roofing, April 1981 - Advance Information Production of asphalt shingles was 2696986 metric bundles and shipments were 2359064 metric bundles in April 1981.
For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Asphalt Roofing (45-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Tuesday, June 2, 1981


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2 Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics, First Quarter 1981
3 New Motor Vehicle Sales, April 1981
3 Department Store Saies and Stocks, March 1981
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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-207 (Canada: \$10; Other Countries: \$12) Income Distributions by SIze in Canada, 1979

23-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production and Stocks of Eggs and Pouitry, March 1981

23-207 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Fur Production, 1979-80
41-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Primary Iron and Steei, March 1981

52-213 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Canadian National Railways and Canadian Pacific Limited, 1979
55-201 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5:40) Oil Pipe Line Transport, 1979
61-208p (N/C) Preliminary Data on Corporation Income Taxes and the Provincial Aliocation of Taxable Income, 1979

## Service Bulietin:

81-002 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Education Statistics, Vol. 3, No. 2, Preliminary Enrolments in Universities and Post-secondary Programs of Community Colleges, Fall 1980


* Seasonally adjusted at quarterly rates.

Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics (Preliminary Data), First Quarter 1981 - Advance Information After-tax profits of Canadian industrial corporations, seasonally adjusted at quarterly rates, were $\$ 4,999$ million for the first quarter of 1981, a decrease of $\$ 264$ million or $5.0 \%$ over profits for the prior quarter. Profits, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 4,795$ million, a decrease of $\$ 721$ million or $13.1 \%$ over a year ago. Included in these profits are extraordinary gains of \$65 million in the current quarter, $\$ 306$ million in the fourth quarter of 1980 and $\$ 364$ million in the first quarter of 1980.

Pre-tax profits were $\$ 8,711$ million; on a seasonally adjusted basis, this represents an increase of $\$ 312$ million or $3.7 \%$ over the prior quarter. Pre-tax profits, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 8,430$ million, a decrease of $\$ 114$ million or $1.3 \%$ over a year ago.

First quarter sales, seasonally adjusted, increased by $\$ 2$ billion from $\$ 118.8$ billion to $\$ 120.8$ billion from the prior quarter. Sales, not seasonally adjusted, were $\$ 118.5$ billion, an increase of $\$ 12$ billion or $11.2 \%$ from the same quarter of last year.

These data which cover all privately owned corporations operating in Canada, but exclude agriculture, fishing, construction, finance, insurance and real estate industries, will be revised approximately fortyfive days after the date of this release. More detailed statistics for the 47 industry groups are available on CANSIM and will be available in publication Industrial Corporations, Financial Statistics (61-003p).

Please note that data has been revised to reflect the more recent universe benchmark year of 1978. Revised data for all quarters dating back to first quarter 1978, along with a complete description of the methodology used to update the benchmark year, will be available in the first quarter 1981 issue of the publication in approximately forty-five days. For further information, contact Gail Campbell or Roy St-Germain (613-9959751), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

New Motor Vehicie Saies, April 1981 - Advance Information
New motor vehicles sold in April totalled 132,117 units, up 6.1\% from a year earlier. This included 74,157 passenger cars (down 1.3\%) and 29,258 commercial vehicles (down $8.3 \%$ ) manufactured in Canada and the U.S., and 25,633 passenger cars (up $63.4 \%$ ) and 3,069 commercial vehicles (up $75.5 \%$ ) manufactured overseas.
Total sales value increased $17.5 \%$ to $\$ 1,312.7$ million. Canadian and U.S. passenger cars sold for $\$ 691.0$ million (up 12.1\%) and commercial vehicles for $\$ 373.5$ million (down $0.1 \%$ ). Sales of passenger cars from overseas increased $93.9 \%$ to $\$ 221.0$ million and commercial vehicle sales increased $118.7 \%$ to $\$ 27.1$ million. Included in total commercial vehicles sold were 278 units of coaches and buses valued at $\$ 6.0$ million.
Seasonally adjusted April sales of passenger cars manufactured in Canada and the U.S. increased 0.8\% from March to 59,891 units and those of passenger cars from overseas decreased $8.6 \%$ to 22,115 units. Similarly adjusted sales of all commercial vehicles were up $4.5 \%$ to 28,042 units.

For the first four months of 1981 , total sales reached 426,606 units ( 438,468 in 1980), with an accumulated value of $\$ 4,155.4$ million. This represented an increase of $7.8 \%$ in value over sales for January-April 1980.

For further information, order the April issue of New Motor Vehicle Sales (63-007, \$2.50/\$25), or contactM. Kwilecki (613-996-9304), Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## Department Store Saies and Stocks, March 1981 -

 Advance InformationDepartment store sales were $\$ 689.2$ million in March 1981, an increase of $11.4 \%$ over March 1980. Sales rose in all departments except furs ( $-8.6 \%$ ), piece goods ( $-7.6 \%$ ) and women's and misses' coats and suits $(-0.4 \%)$. The largest increases were in plumbing, heating and building materials ( $28.1 \%$ ), women's and misses' sportwear ( $26.1 \%$ ) and men's and boys' footwear ( $23.0 \%$ ). Sales increased in all provinces except Prince Edward Island ( $-0.5 \%$ ) ranging from 21.6\% for Saskatchewan to 2.4\% for New Brunswick. Sales and percentage increases formetropolitan areas were: Montreal, $\$ 72.7$ million ( $2: 8 \%$ ); Torönto, $\$ 95.7$ million ( $9.8 \%$ ); Winnipeg, $\$ 33.9$ million ( $8.8 \%$ ); and Vancouver, $\$ 81.3$ million ( $13.9 \%$ ).

The selling value of stocks held in March 1981 was $\$ 2,626.3$ million, an increase of $8.8 \%$ over March 1980. Inventories increased in 35 of the 40 departments.

Revised sales and inventory data for 1980 will appear in the March issue of Department Store Sales and Stocks (63-002). For further information, order the above-mentioned publication, or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Rigid Insulating Board, April 1981 - Advance Information
Production of rigid insulating board was 28,201 thousand square feet ( 2620 thousand m2) 1/2" ( 12.7 mm ) basis in April 1981.

Shipments totalled 52,375 thousand square feet ( 4,866 thousand m 2 ) $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}(12.7 \mathrm{~mm})$ basis during the same period.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Rigid Insulating Board ( $36-002, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended May 30, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended May 30, 1981 totalled 363,177 short tons (329 468 t), a decrease of $3.6 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 376,918 short tons ( 341934 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 354,203 short tons ( 321328 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t ) equalling 100 was 198.2 in the current week, 205.7 a week earlier and 193.3 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.



3 Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, April 1981
12 Local Government Finance, 1980
11 Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), April 1981
11 Urban Transit, April 1981
12 Gypsum Products, April 1981

## Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation, 1978-79

The first biennial issue of this statistical digest is now available. Based primarily on Statistics Canada sources with other key data included, information is presented for Canada and the provinces.

The report covers eight main topics: domestic travel by residents of Canada, the automobile and travel to work, travel between Canada and the United States, travel between Canada and overseas countries, recreation participation, tourism plant, influences on travel and recreation, and the impact of travel and recreation.

Featured selections in this issue include information on the new Canadian Travel Survey with some tourism region data, the United States National Travel Survey, gasoline sales of road vehicles, indices of effective prices for international travellers, measures of Real Domestic Product for some tourism related industries and a tourism attractions index prepared in the private sector.

For further information, order the 1978-79 issue of Travel, Tourism and Outdoor Recreation (87-401, Canada: \$8; Other Countries: \$9.60), or contact Bob Chadwick (613-995-9689), Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OZ5.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

57-003 (Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$; Other Countries: $\$ 7.20 / \$ 28$ ) Quarterly. Report on Energy Supply-Demand in Canada, 1979-IV
67-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Security Transactions with Non-residents, December 1980

74-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed Pension Funds, Fourth Quarter 1980

(1) Note: Monthly trade figures, particularly exports and the trade balance, often fluctuate widely about the trend-cycle. The trend-cycle is a short term tendency derived from the 13 -term Henderson moving average used in the X-11 seasonal adjustment technique. Changes in the trend-cycle provide a more reliable guide to the direction and rate of change of trade data over the short term. Estimates of the trend-cycle for the two most recent periods often change considerably with the addition of further months of data. The accompanying charts and comments on changes in the trend-cycle therefore exclude the two most recent observations.

Merchandise Trade of Canada

|  | Customs Basis* Unadjusted |  | Balance of Payments Basis* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Unadjusted |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
|  | Exports | Imports | Exports | Imports (\$ millions) | Exports | Imports | Trade Balance |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 18,111 | 16;833 | 18,249 | 16,577 | 17,817 | 16,097 | 1,720 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 18,656 | 17.030 | 18,522 | 16,888 | 18,487 | 16,855 | 1,632 |
| Second Quarter | 18,979 | 17,940 | 18,719 | 17,818 | 18,039 | 16,938 | 1,101 |
| Third Quarter | 17,807 | 15,720 | 17,893 | 15,575 | 19,164 | 16,874 | 2,290 |
| Fourth Quarter | 20,522 | 18,437 | 21,036 | 18,079 | 20,480 | 17,693 | 2,787 |
| $1981$ <br> First Quarter | 20,029 | 18,776 | 20,045 | 18,321 | 20,229 | 18,455 | 1,774 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 6,846 | 5,960 | 7,035 | 5,831 | 6,980 | 5,814 | 1,166 |
| December | 6,443 | 5,698 | 6,611 | 5,602 | 6,697 | 5,927 | 770 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,721 | 5,940 | 6,629 | 5,851 | 6,977 | 6,171 | 806 |
| February | 6,325 | 5,968 | 6,387 | 5,875 | 6,718 | 6,244 | 474 |
| March | 6,983 | 6,868 | 7,029 | 6,595 | 6,534 | 6,040 | 494 |
| April | 6,915 | 7,047 | 7,021 | 7.052 | 6,968 | 6,844 | 124 |

*In the above table, export and import totals are shown on both a "customs" and a "balance-ot-payments"basis. The figures on a customs basis are the totals of detailed merchandise trade data tabulated from customs documents according to procedures and concepts explained in Summary of External Trade. The figures on a balance-of-payments basis reflect a number of adjustments applied to the customs totals to make them consistent with the concepts and definitions used in the system of national accounts. The adiustments include timing adjustments to exports of crude petroleum, natural gas and wheat and to receipts and payments for capital equipment deduction of transportation charges included in the customs returns and the reduction of import values calculated for customs duty purposes to values which reflect transaction prices. For more information about these adjustments, please refer to Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments (67-001, \$6/\$24).

Preliminary Statement of Canadian Trade, April 1981
From preliminary results, it is estimated that on a seasonally adjusted balance of payments basis, exports increased $6.6 \%$ or $\$ 434$ million to $\$ 6,968$ million, following decreases of $2.8 \%$ in March and $3.7 \%$ in February. Imports increased more substantially than exports, up $13.3 \%$ or $\$ 804$ million to $\$ 6,844$ million, following a $3.3 \%$ decline in March and a $1.2 \%$ increase in February. As a result, the merchandise trade surplus was reduced by $\$ 370$ million from $\$ 494$ million in March 1981 to $\$ 124$ million in April.

The short term trend for exports, which peaked in December 1980 at $\$ 6,814$ million, was unchanged for January and decreased $0.2 \%$ in February. The short term trend for imports continued to rise and at a slightly faster pace since December 1980, with increases of $1.5 \%$ in December, $1.9 \%$ in January, and $2.1 \%$ in February to $\$ 6,219$ million. As a result, from an October 1980 peak of $\$ 927$ million, the decline in the short term trend for the merchandise trade balance gathered momentum with decreases of $\$ 27$ million in November, $\$ 68$ million in December, $\$ 114$ million in January and $\$ 137$ million in February to a level of $\$ 581$ million.

## Commodity Anaiysis

## Exports (Seasonaliy Adjusted), Customs Basis

On a domestic exports basis, the largest increases in value for April 1981 were for motor vehicle products (up $\$ 115$ million to $\$ 1,075$ million), precious metals (up $\$ 90$ million to $\$ 205$ million), and aircraft and other
transportation equipment (up $\$ 65$ million to $\$ 215$ million following a $\$ 50$ million decrease in March). The largest decreases occurred for cereals and cereal preparations (down $\$ 115$ million to $\$ 345$ million following a $\$ 70$ million increase in March) and fish and fish products (down $\$ 65$ million to $\$ 70$ million).

## Short Term Trend

The short term trend for end product exports (29\% share of domestic exports) and fabricated materials (40\% share) peaked in November and December 1980 respectively and have since declined at an average rate of about $0.5 \%$ a month up to February. Increases in crude material exports ( $19.5 \%$ share) slowed from an increase of $2.6 \%$ in December to a $1.3 \%$ rise in February. Food, feed, beverages and tobacco (11\% share) increased $5 \%$ from an October 1980 low point up to January 1981, and declined 0.5\% in February.

In the end products section ( $29 \%$ share), motor vehicle product exports (14.5\% share) continued to be the main contributor to a declining trend, having peaked in November 1980 and decreased 2.2\%, 2.9\% and $1.9 \%$ in the three months up to February. Passenger cars ( $5.8 \%$ ) and truck and other motor vehicle exports (3.7\%) were responsible for the declining motor vehicle product trend. Motor vehicle parts exports (5\%) have slowed from a $5.5 \%$ gain in October to a 1.3\% increase in February. Aircraft and (continued)

Table 1
Imports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | U.S.A. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { U.K. } \\ & \text { Ilions) } \end{aligned}$ | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 16,564.3 | 12,653.5 | 11,945.9 | 501.9 | 4,116.5 | 922.7 | 521.4 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 16,997.6 | 13,901.4 | 11,899.9 | 509.4 | 4,588.3 | 941.9 | 589.8 |
| Second Quarter | 17,059.3 | 13,483.6 | 12,075.9 | 482.5 | 4,500.9 | 911.5 | 674.4 |
| Third Quarter | 17,019.0 | 13,696.5 | 11,810.7 | 484.6 | 4,723.7 | 864.8 | 724.5 |
| $\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Fourth Quarter } & 18,051.7 & 14,567.4 & 12,686.7 & 497.5 & 4,867.5 & 855.3 & 807.2\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1981$ <br> First Quarter | 18,910.6 | 15,512.1 | 13,226.4 | 515.0 | 5,169.2 | 903.3 | 938.7 |
| 1980 <br> November | 5,943.3 | 4,750.8 | 4,210.8 | 166.3 | 1,566.2 | 282.0 | 226.4 |
| December | 6,023.6 | 4,881.8 | 4,283.8 | 161.7 | 1,578.1 | 285.8 | 298.7 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,260.3 | 5,004.3 | 4,350.3 | 178.5 | 1,731.5 | 279.6 | 302.8 |
| February | 6,337.6 | 5,198.4 | 4,578.0 | 163.2 | 1,596.4 | 328.3 | 318.1 |
| March | 6,312.7 | 5,309.5 | 4,298.1 | 173.3 | 1,841.3 | 295.5 | 317.8 |
| April | 6,839.5 | 5,423.4 | 4,700.5 | 158.4 | 1,980.6 | 359.6 | 397.8 |
| Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April/March | 8.3 | 2.1 | 9.3 | -8.6 | 7.5 | 21.6 | 25.1 |
| Current 3 months/ Previous 3 months | 6.9 | 8.8 | 5.6 | -2.3 | 11.1 | 16.0 | 24.8 |
| Apr. 81/Apr. 80 | 9.7 | 10.3 | 7.0 | -4.4 | 18.0 | 7.9 | 84.9 |

Table 2
Imports by. Principal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 3
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Grouplngs, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Monthly |  |  |  |  |  | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apr. <br> 1981 | Mar. 1981 | Feb. 1981 <br> (\$ mil | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr, } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { Ilions) } \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1980 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. |
| Live Animals | 24.0 | 20.0 | 22.7 | 10.5 | 3.9 | 9.1 | 127.0 | 419.3 | 149.8 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 421.1 | 420.9 | 332.7 | 352.4 | 315.0 | 297.7 | 19.4 | 33.6 | 11.7 |
| Meat and fish | 51.3 | 55.4 | 45.1 | 40.7 | 43.9 | 36.4 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 23.9 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 169.6 | 150.0 | 120.8 | 135.4 | 107.1 | 100.4 | 25.2 | 40.0 | 20.3 |
| Raw sugar | 44.6 | 38.5 | 20.5 | 10.9 | 20.8 | 21.8 | 307.9 | 85.1 | -6.1 |
| Crude Materiais, Inedible | 1,051.4 | 986.6 | 875.2 | 1,035.8 | 948.9 | 960.7 | 1.5 | 3.9 | -8.8 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 180.2 | 133.5 | 183.7 | 145.2 | 164.8 | 136.5 | 24.1 | -18.9 | 34.5 |
| Coal | 71.5 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 77.6 | 2.1 | 1.1 | -7.8 | 71.1 | 289.5 |
| Crude petroleum | 641.3 | 696.3 | 523.8 | 680.1 | 630.6 | 689.4 | -5.6 | 10.4 | -24.0 |
| Fabricated Materiais, Inedible | 1,315.9 | 1,225.6 | 1,084.2 | 1,331.2 | 1,309.8 | 984.5 | -1.1 | -6.4 | 10.1 |
| Wood and paper | 108.8 | 114.9 | 87.6 | 84.1 | 81.1 | 78.4 | 29.3 | 41.6 | 11.7 |
| Textiles | 138.2 | 126.9 | 108.3 | 122.8 | 111.4 | 108.4 | 12.5 | 13.9 | -0.1 |
| Chemicals | 349.5 | 358.4 | 290.1 | 362.4 | 319.2 | 279.9 | -3.5 | 12.2 | 3.6 |
| Iron and steel | 154.0 | 138.7 | 106.1 | 126.1 | 116.9 | 126.4 | 22.1 | 18.6 | -16.0 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 13.8 | 7.7 | 14.9 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 11.4 | 13.4 | -38.9 | 30.9 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 61.0 | 41.9 | 31.1 | 40.4 | 44.2 | 37.0 | 51.0 | -5.1 | -15.9 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 272.2 | 165.9 | 200.8 | 334.0 | 431.3 | 136.7 | -18.4 | -61.5 | 46.8 |
| End Products, Inedible | 4,108.5 | 4,137.4 | 3,588.5 | 3,687.5 | 3,427.8 | 3,161.7 | 11.4 | 20.7 | 13.5 |
| General purpose machinery | 229.4 | 239.3 | 205.7 | 225.3 | 214.8 | 199.8 | 1.8 | 11.4 | 2.9 |
| Special industry machinery | 399.3 | 440.4 | 352.2 | 387.0 | 363.3 | 332.3 | 3.1 | 21.2 | 5.9 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 55.6 | 71.1 | 42.7 | 41.5 | 35.1 | 32.0 | 33.8 | 102.6 | 33.5 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 227.6 | 246.0 | 192.5 | 233.1 | 219.6 | 202.6 | -2.3 | 11.9 | -4.9 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,829.3 | 1,712.4 | '1,545.1 | 1,658.2 | 1,440.3 | 1,324.3 | 10.3 | 18.8 | 16.6 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 589.2 | 471.8 | 439.2 | 467.0 | 454.5 | 388.7 | 26.1 | 3.8 | 12.9 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 151.9 | 125.7 | 113.7 | 102.9 | 107.6 | 79.5 | 47.6 | 16.8 | 43.1 |
| Other motor vehicles | 40.4 | 55.4 | 40.9 | 45.8 | 39.5 | - 35.2 | -11.6 | 40.2 | 16.1 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 97.4 | 100.2 | 93.0 | 130.6 | 96.5 | 89.9 | -25.4 | 3.8 | 3.5 |
| Motor vehicle engine parts | 36.9 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 34.0 | 31.4 | 23.3 | 8.4 | 28.0 | 72.5 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 590.0 | 548.9 | 523.3 | 623.9 | 519.9 | 491.7 | -5.4 | 5.5 | 6.4 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 147.0 | 169.2 | 117.3 | 75.7 | 29.0 | 34.8 | 94.3 | 483.8 | 236:7 |
| Other equipment and tools | 830.5 | 887.8 | 737.7 | 680.8 | 679.7 | 606.0 | 21.9 | 30.6 | 21.7 |
| Ejectronic computers | 184.3 | 203.9 | 170.4 | 125.7 | 132.3 | 105.3 | 46.6 | 54.0 | 61.7 |
| Special Transactions, Trade | 126.4 | 77.5 | 64.9 | 62.6 | 58.3 | 53.8 | 102.1 | 33.0 | 20.6 |
| Total | 7,047.3 | 6,868.0 | 5,968.3 | 6,480.1 | 6,063.7 | 5,467.4 | 8.7 | 13.2 | 9.1 |

other transportation equipment (3.3\%) peaked in December and declined in January and February. In the machinery and equipment area (8.6\%), growth in exports of industrial machinery ( $3.1 \%$ ) slowed from an increase of 4.1\% in November 1980 to a 2\% increase in February. Growth in other equipment and tools (1.8\%) also slowed with a $3.5 \%$ rise in October declining to a $1.2 \%$ increase in February. In contrast, telecommunication equipment ( $1.6 \%$ ) increased nearly $5 \%$ a month in the three months up to February 1981 while agricultural equipment and tools (1.1\%) reached a low point in November 1980 and increased 7.2\% in January and $6.9 \%$ in February. Office machinery and equipment ( $1.0 \%$ ) declined slightly from November 1980 to January and increased 0.5\% in February.

In the fabricated materials section ( $40 \%$ share), trends for the main components of the forest products sector ( $16.5 \%$ ) were mixed. Newsprint exports (5.3\%) have slowed from a $4.5 \%$ increase in November to a $0.7 \%$ increase in February. Lumber products (5.1\%)
averaged monthly increases of $0.9 \%$ over the October 1980 to January 1981 period and increased $0.4 \%$ in February. Woodpulp (5\%) decreased 5\% between June and November 1980 and increased an average of $0.7 \%$ a month in the three months up to February. Other paper and paper products declined $12 \%$ from a May 1980 peak to December and increased 0.5\% in January and 1\% in February.

Non-ferrous metals (6.9\%), which peaked in October 1980, continued to decline heavily with decreases averaging $5 \%$ a month in the three months up to February. Within the non-ferrous metals sector, aluminum (1.9\%), copper ( $0.9 \%$ ) and precious metals contributed to the decline while nickel ( $0.8 \%$ ) having dropped $45 \%$ from a February 1980 peak up to October, increased an average of $2 \%$ a month for the three months up to February. Iron and steel exports (continued)

Table 3 (Continued)
Imports From All Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Apr. 1981 | Mar. 1981 | Year-to-Date |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1979 \end{gathered}$ | Mar.$1979$ | Apr.-Apr. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1980 \\ \text { (\$ millior } \end{gathered}$ | Mar. 1980 ns) |  |  | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| Live Animals | 93.1 | 69.2 | 34.8 | 24.2 | 25.3 | 17.6 | 167.9 | 37.2 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 1,551.6 | 1,130.5 | 1,310.0 | 957.6 | 1,202.0 | 901.5 | 18.4 | 8.9 |
| Meat and fish | 200.8 | 149.5 | 174.0 | 133.4 | 204.3 | 153.1 | 15.3 | -14.7 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 563.7 | 394.1 | 442.1 | 306.7 | 452.2 | 331.8 | 27.4 | -2.2 |
| Raw sugar | 138.3 | 93.7 | 73.7 | 62.7 | 45.9 | 40.1 | 87.6 | 60.4 |
| Crude Materlals, Inedible | 4,024.8 | 2,973.4 | 3,838.5 | 2,802.7 | 2,190.3 | 1,637.2 | 4.8 | 75.2 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 691.3 | 511.1 | 641.5 | 496.3 | 230.5 | 165.7 | 7.7 | 178.2 |
| Coal | 95.5 | 24.0 | 127.6 | 50.0 | 102.7 | 48.9 | -25.1 | 24.2 |
| Crude petroleum | 2,606.5 | 1,965.2 | 2,499.8 | 1,819.8 | 1,305.5 | 992.5 | 4.2 | 91.4 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible | 4,612.1 | 3,296.2 | 4,767.5 | 3,436.2 | 3,560.0 | 2,652.5 | -3.2 | 33.9 |
| Wood and paper | 398.3 | 289.5 | 320.3 | 236.1 | 314.1 | 232.3 | 24.3 | 1.9 |
| Textiles | 485.1 | 346.8 | 452.5 | 329.7 | 458.6 | 346.6 | 7.1 | -1.3 |
| Chemicals | 1,291.1 | 941.6 | 1,250.3 | 887.9 | 1,074.7 | 792.8 | 3.2 | 16.3 |
| Iron and steel | 510.9 | 356.9 | 503.4 | 377.3 | 415.1 | 307.8 | 1.4 | 21.2 |
| Bars and rods, steel | 48.6 | 34.8 | 47.5 | 35.3 | 44.4 | 33.6 | 2.2 | 7.0 |
| Plate, sheet and strip, steel | 163.3 | 102.3 | 179.5 | 139.1 | 137.6 | 105.3 | -9.0 | 30.4 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 755.7 | 483.5 | 1,122.5 | 788.6 | 437.5 | 324.8 | -32.6 | 156.5 |
| End Products, Inedible | 15,207.9 | 11,099.4 | 13,327.6 | 9,640.1 | 12,685.9 | 9,543.2 | 14.1 | 5.0 |
| General purpose machinery | 876.1 | 646.6 | 844.8 | 619.4 | 732.0 | 545.2 | 3.7 | 15.4 |
| Special industry machinery | 1,593.5 | 1,194.3 | 1,397.0 | 1,010.0 | 1,049.9 | 788.3 | 14.0 | 33.0 |
| Machine tools, metalworking | 245.6 | 190.0 | 141.3 | 99.8 | 97.6 | 75.4 | 73.8 | 44.6 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 826.4 | 598.8 | 827.7 | 594.6 | 675.8 | 476.8 | -0:1 | 22.4 |
| Transportation equipment | 6,427.7 | 4,598.4 | 5,626.3 | 3,968.1 | 6,136.6 | 4,612.6 | 14.2 | -8.3 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 1,785.2 | 1,196.0 | 1,562.2 | 1,095.2 | 1,387.5 | 990.4 | 14.2 | 12.5 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 471.7 | 319.8 | 375.4 | 272.5 | 592.2 | 439.7 | 25.6 | -36.6 |
| Other motor vehicles | 185.1 | 144.7 | 149.6 | 103.8 | 155.1 | 119.3 | 23.7 | -3.5 |
| Motor vehicle engines | 372.2 | 274.8 | 409.6 | 279.0 | 391.7 | 297.2 | -9.1 | 4.5 |
| Motor vehicle engines parts | 153.7 | 116.8 | 114.8 | 80.7 | 184.6 | 145.3 | 33.9 | -37.8 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 2,171.0 | 1,581.0 | 2,143.8 | 1,519.8 | 2,670.0 | 2,022.1 | 1.2 | -19.7 |
| Aircraft, complete with engines | 544.2 | 397.2 | 183.8 | 108.1 | 210.2 | 172.3 | 196.0 | -12.5 |
| Other equipment and tools | 3,165.9 | 2,335.4 | 2,585.7 | 1,904.8 | 2,290.5 | 1,746.2 | 22.4 | 12.8 |
| Electronic computers | 712.1 | 527.7 | 472.8 | 347.1 | 364.2 | 284.5 | 50.6 | 29.8 |
| Speclal Transactions, Trade | 333.9 | 207.5 | 232.3 | 169.7 | 143.9 | 105.0 | 43.7 | 61.4 |
| Total | 25,823.4 | 18,776.1 | 23,510.6 | 17,030.5 | 19,807.5 | 14,857.0 | 9.8 | 18.6 |

(3.3\%) which have increased' $60 \%$ between October 1979 and February 1981 are still increasing but at a slower pace compared with the latter half of 1980 , with increases averaging $2 \%$ a month in the three months up to February 1981.

Chemicals including fertilizer (5.9\%) levelled off in the third quarter of 1980 and increased $3.3 \%$ in January and $2.2 \%$ in February with strong growth in recent months for inorganic (1.4\%) and organic chemicals (1.6\%) and no growth for fertilizers (1.8\%). Hardware ( $0.7 \%$ ) and electricity exports (1.2\%) continued to gain momentum. Hardware was up from a 1.2\% gain in October 1980 to a 3.4\% increase in February and electricity was up from a $2.3 \%$ increase in November 1980 to a 5\% increase in February. Petroleum and coal products (3.4\%) having increased 31\% between May and December 1980, decreased 2\% in January and 4\% in February.

Growth for most major components of the crude materials section (19.5\%) slowed in the three months
up to February 1981. Natural gas exports (5.6\%) slowed from an increase of $4 \%$ in November 1980 to a $0.5 \%$ increase in February. Crude petroleum (3.6\%) has picked up from an October 1980 low with gains averaging 2.7\% a month for the three months up to February. Metal ores and concentrates (5\%) having dropped $21 \%$ from a March 1980 peak up to November rose an average of $0.7 \%$ a month between November and January and was unchanged in February. The iron ores and concentrates component (2.2\%) dropped $27 \%$ from $\$ 116$ million in January 1980 to $\$ 85$ million in September and has since increased $70 \%$ to $\$ 143$ million in February. The nickel ores and concentrates component ( $0.7 \%$ ) has also picked up from an October 1980 low with increases of $4.7 \%$ in January and $3.1 \%$ in February. The recovery in oilseed exports ( $1.1 \%$ ), from an August 1980 low to close to the previous peak level reached in September 1979. (continued)

Table 4
Total Exports, Seasonally Adjusted, Customs Basis

|  | Total | Total excluding cars | Total excluding cars and wheat | U.S.A. <br> (\$ millions) | U.K. | Total excl. U.S.A. and U.K. | Other E.E.C. | Japan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 17,751.6 | 15,099.9 | 14,449.9 | 11,772.1 | 749.9 | 5,229.7 | 1,303.5 | 1,151.1 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 18,621.4 | 16,090.2 | 15,311.7 | 12,304.2 | 846.4 | 5,470.9 | 1,560.3 | 1,001.5 |
| Second Quarter | 18,299.3 | 15,911.5 | 14,891.4 | 11,209.4 | 776.8 | 6,313.1 | 1,623.5 | 1,119.7 |
| Third Quarter | 19,077.3 | 16,345.6 | 15,142.2 | 11,687.5 | 752.8 | 6,637.0 | 1,587.9 | 1,180.3 |
| Fourth Quarter | 19,965.9 | 16,798.0 | 16,004.3 | 12,861.2 | 857.6 | 6,247.1 | 1,556.8 | 1,080.0 |
| 1981 . ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 20,214.1 | 17,587.8 | 16,527.6 | 13,200.1 | 850.5 | 6,163.5 | 1,427.7 | 1,233.5 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 6,790.9 | 5,658.4 | 5,414.5 | 4,449.0 | 300.3 | 2,041.7 | 487.9 | 359.3 |
| December | 6,529.7 | 5,515.0 | 5,223.7 | 4,253.1 | 291.0 | 1,985.5 | 503.2 | 332.5 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | $7,070.0$ | 6,190.2 | 5,824.9 | 4,518.6 | 251.1 | 2,300.4 | 570.3 | 371.6 |
| February | 6,656.4 | 5,859.7 | 5,541.9 | 4,463.7 | 285.4 | 1,907.3 | 424.0 | 449.6 |
| March | 6,487.7 | 5,537.9 | 5,160.8 | 4,217.9 | 314.0 | 1,955.8 | 433.3 | 412.4 |
| April | 6,861.5 | 5,742.4 | 5,549.9 | 4,775.9 | 337.6 | 1,748.0 | 570.3 | 257.9 |
|  | Percent changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April/March | 5.7 | 3.6 | 7.5 | 13.2 | 7.5 | -10.6 | 31.5 | -37.4 |
| Current 3 months/ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Previous 3 months | -1.8 | -1.2 | -1.2 | 1.7 | 11.2 | -11.3 | -8.5 | 5.3 |
| Apr. $81 /$ Apr. 80 | 7.9 | 4.0 | 6.3 | 22.8 | 30.8 | -20.9 | -1.5 | -31.6 |

Table 5
Total Exports by Principal Trading Areas, Not Seasonally Adjusted


Table 6
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | Apr. 1981 | Mar. 1981 | Monthly |  | Mar. 1980 | Feb. 1980 | Year-to-Year Percent Changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Feb. <br> 1981 <br> (\$ m | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1980 \\ & \text { illions) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Apr. | Mar. | Feb. |
| Live Animals | 14.2 | 17.6 | 15.1 | 21.7 | 22.1 | 19.7 | -34.5 | -20.2 | -23.1 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 512.4 | 611.5 | 555.1 | 461.2 | 491.2 | 465.4 | 11.0 | 24.4 | 19.2 |
| Meat and fish | 130.9 | 164.3 | 155.7 | 115.3 | 121.9 | 120.5 | 13.5 | 34.8 | 29.2 |
| Cereals and preparations | 249.2 | 293.3 | 265.0 | 245.6 | 256.7 | 236.8 | 1.4 | 14.2 | 11.8 |
| Wheat | 162.8 | 201.8 | 191.5 | 186.1 | 202.3 | 155.8 | -12.5 | -0.2 | 22.9 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 1,190.4 | 1,240.1 | 1,298.4 | 1,303.6 | 1,270.7 | 1,291.6 | -8.6 | -2.4 | 0.5 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 238.0 | 303.4 | 265.9 | 350.4 | 411.6 | 294.7 | -32.0 | -26.2 | -9.7 |
| Crude petroleum | 237.6 | 243.4 | 267.7 | 243.9 | 257.0 | 301.4 | -2.5 | -5.2 | -11.1 |
| Natural gas | 365.1 | 385.4 | 437.6 | 396.2 | 367.7 | 383.0 | -7.8 | 4.8 | 14.2 |
| Fabrlcated Materlals, Inedible | 2,725.0 | 2,736.4 | 2,537.7 | 2,436.2 | 2,630.8 | 2,505.6 | 11.8 | 4.0 | 1.2 |
| Wood and paper | 1,084.1 | 1,151.7 | 1,017.0 | 1,044.9 | 1,109.5 | 1,056.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | -3.7 |
| Lumber, softwood | 276.0 | 292.9 | 251.7 | 250.6 | 297.8 | 329.0 | 10.1 | -1.6 | -23.4 |
| Wood pulp and similar pulp | 321.9 | 355.2 | 303.2 | 328.1 | 353.5 | 281.3 | -1.9 | 0.4 | 7.8 |
| Newsprint paper | 346.7 | 354.7 | 326.3 | 322.9 | 310.1 | 305.1 | 7.3 | 14.3 | 6.9 |
| Textiles | 20.6 | 22.7 | 21.9 | 19.6 | 21.2 | 16.3 | 5.3 | 7.0 | 34.3 |
| Chemicals | 452.9 | 401.3 | 348.6 | 318.0 | 344.9 | 293.6 | 42.3 | 16.3 | 18.7 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 123.2 | 142.0 | 120.4 | 108.0 | 81.2 | 88.4 | 14.0 | 74.7 | 36.2 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 180.6 | 207.4 | 242.1 | 210.1 | 197.3 | 203.1 | -14.0 | 5.1 | 19.1 |
| Iron and steel | 228.1 | 246.7 | 193.2 | 168.1 | 153.5 | 140.2 | 35.6 | 60.6 | 37.7 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 496.4 | 475.7 | 528.5 | 458.7 | 608.2 | 597.6 | 8.2 | -21.7 | -11.5 |
| Copper and alloys | 62.3 | 69.4 | 59.7 | 71.8 | 120.2 | 91.1 | -13.1 | -42.2 | -34.4 |
| Nickel and alloys | 69.7 | 67.3 | 61.9 | 79.3 | 81.9 | 86.9 | -12.1 | -17.7 | -28.7 |
| End Products, Inedible | 2,241.4 | 2,122.5 | 1,690.2 | 1,920.0 | 1,978.1 | 1,752.9 | 16.7 | 7.3 | -3.5 |
| Industrial machinery | 205.8 | 229.7 | 176.5 | 209.0 | 180.0 | 186.9 | -1.5 | 27.6 | -5.5 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 89.9 | 85.0 | 67.0 | 99.3 | 91.5 | 88.1 | -9.3 | -7.1 | -23.9 |
| Transportation equipment | 1,401.9 | 1,323.3 | 1,032.3 | 1,146.1 | 1,235.5 | 1,040.3 | 22.3 | 7.1 | -0.7 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 525.2 | 464.2 | 282.9 | 363.1 | 412.4 | 372.0 | 44.6 | 12.5 | -23.9 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 229.0 | 243.9 | 214.6 | 210.2 | 205.9 | 180.9 | 8.9 | 18.4 | 18.5 |
| Other motor vehicles | 35.1 | 48.4 | 30.2 | 28.9 | 29.2 | 28.2 | 21.4 | 65.9 | 7.1 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 46.0 | 40.1 | 45.5 | 51.2 | 48.3 | 45.2 | -10.1 | -16.8 | 0.5 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 326.0 | 329.4 | 273.2 | 249.4 | 281.2 | 248.7 | 30.7 | 17.1 | 9.8 |
| Other equipment and tools | 199.3 | 184.6 | 174.1 | 157.4 | 158.5 | 162.5 | 26.6 | 16.5 | 7.1 |
| Special Transactlons, Trade | 62.3 | 81.4 | 68.5 | 17.1 | 12.7 | 11.7 | 264.7 | 541.3 | 485.4 |
| Total | 6,745.7 | 6,809.5 | 6,165.0 | 6,159.9 | 6,405.6 | 6,046.7 | 9.5 | 6.3 | 1.9 |

abated from a $9.5 \%$ increase in November to a 3.5\% increase in February.

In the food, feed, beverages and tobacco section ( $11 \%$ ), cereals and cereal products ( $6.4 \%$ ) including wheat ( $4.8 \%$ ), having decreased 6.6\% from a July 1980 peak up to November, increased less than 1\% a month in December and January and declined slightly in February. Fish exports (2\%), having recovered strongly by 44\% from a May 1980 low point up to a record level of $\$ 130$ million in January 1981, decreased $1 \%$ in February.

## Imports (Seasonally Adjusted), Customs Basis

The largest increases in import values for April 1981 were for precious metals and alloys (up $\$ 110$ million to $\$ 175$ million following a $\$ 60$ million decrease in March) and motor vehicle products (up $\$ 90$ million to $\$ 1.3$ billion). The largest decrease was for imports of metal ores and concentrates (down $\$ 60$ million to $\$ 165$ million).

## Short Term Trend

Growth in imports of end products (58\% share of imports) continued to slow, with increases of $2.2 \%$, $2.0 \%, 1.7 \%$ and $1.3 \%$ in the four months up to February 1981, following only slight gains for the 18 months from January 1979 to June 1980 and a slight upsurge in the latter half of 1980 . Fabricated materials ( $18 \%$ share) continued a strong recovery from a September 1980 low point with increases of $3.3 \%$ in December and 4.5\% a month in January and February. A slight decline since November 1980 in crude material imports ( $15.5 \%$ ) appears to be abating with decreases of $1.5 \%$, $1.4 \%$ and $0.5 \%$ in the three months up to February 1981. Growth in imports of food, feed, beverages and tobacco (7\%) has tapered off from an increase of 2.5\% in October 1980 to a 0.2\% increase in February, 24\% above a low point reached in February 1980.
(continued)

Table 6 (Continued)
Domestic Exports to all Countries by Sections and Leading Commodity Groupings, Not Seasonally Adjusted

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Year-to-Date |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1979 \end{aligned}$ | Apr.-Apr. Percent Changes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Apr. <br> 1980 <br> (\$ mil |  |  |  | 81/80 | 80/79 |
| Live Animals | 61.9 | 47.7 | 80.1 | 58.4 | 70.5 | 49.6 | -22.7 | 13.6 |
| Food, Feed, Beverages and Tobacco | 2,381.1 | 1,868.7 | 1,920.6 | 1,459.3 | 1,532.4 | 1,097.0 | 23.9 | 25.3 |
| Meat and fish | 604.3 | 473.4 | 497.9 | 382.6 | 496.4 | 332.6 | 21.3 | 0.3 |
| Cereals and preparations | 1,219.8 | 970.6 | 988.1 | 742.5 | 633.2 | 450.7 | 23.4 | 56.0 |
| Wheat | 839.5 | 676.7 | 705.4 | 519.3 | 450.6 | 327.1 | 19.0 | 56.5 |
| Crude Materials, Inedible | 5,134.1 | 3,943.6 | 5,121.4 | 3,817.8 | 3,550.4 | 2,672.4 | 0.2 | 44.2 |
| Metal ores, concentrates and scrap | 1,087.5 | 849.5 | 1,341.9 | 991.4 | 911.9 | 694.0 | -18.9 | 47.1 |
| Crude petroleum | 1,001.7 | 764.1 | 1,108.9 | 865.0 | 717.8 | 520.3 | -9.6 | 54.4 |
| Natural gas | 1,640.0 | 1,274.9 | 1,547.2 | 1,151.0 | 900.7 | 674.4 | 6.0 | 71.7 |
| Fabricated Materials, Inedible | 10,639.7 | 7,914.7 | 9,946.1 | 7,509.9 | 7,405.8 | 5,614.4 | 6.9 | 34.3 |
| Wood and paper | 4,336.4 | 3,252.3 | 4,210.1 | 3,165.2 | 3,585.3 | 2,690.9 | 2.9 | 17.4 |
| Lumber, softwood | 1,070.1 | 794.1 | 1,155.0 | 904.4 | 1,173.6 | 857.7 | -7.3 | -1.5 |
| Woodpulp and similar pulp | 1,330.9 | 1,009.1 | 1,243.6 | 915.5 | 965.8 | 750.4 | 7.0 | 28.7 |
| Newsprint paper | 1,366.1 | 1,019.4 | 1,238.5 | 915.6 | 989.8 | 739.2 | 10.3 | 25.1 |
| Textiles | 86.6 | 66.0 | 77.1 | 57.5 | 54.9 | 42.6 | 12.3 | 40.4 |
| Chemicals | 1,596.8 | 1.143 .9 | 1,227.3 | 909.2 | 916.8 | 681.8 | 30.1 | 33.8 |
| Fertilizers and fertilizer materials | 510.9 | 387.7 | 381.8 | 273.8 | 296.1 | 210.0 | 33.8 | 28.9 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 975.0 | 794.4 | 803.1 | 593.0 | 652.3 | 518.0 | 21.4 | 23.1 |
| Iron and steel | 863.6 | 635.5 | 607.5 | 439.4 | 500.7 | 375.9 | 42.1 | 21.3 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 1,899.4 | 1,403.0 | 2,221.7 | 1,763.0 | 1,060.1 | 824.6 | -14.5 | 109.5 |
| Copper and alloys | 230.9 | 168.6 | 359.7 | 288.0 | 123.8 | 93.1 | -35.8 | 190.5 |
| Nickel and alloys | 257.0 | 187.3 | 356.4 | 277.1 | 141.0 | 105.5 | -27.8 | 152.7 |
| End Products, Inedlble | 7,824.2 | 5,582.8 | 7,295.3 | 5,375.2 | 7,022.9 | 5,322.9 | 7.2 | 3.8 |
| Industrial machinery | 820.9 | 615.2 | 749.3 | 540.3 | 569.4 | 430.8 | 9.5 | 31.6 |
| Agricultural machinery and tractors | 302.1 | 212.2 | 369.5 | 270.2 | 247.6 | 176.8 | -18.2 | 49.1 |
| Transportation equipment | 4,778.1 | 3,376.2 | 4,392.1 | 3,245.9 | 5,068.7 | 3,858.9 | 8.7 | -13.3 |
| Passenger automobiles and chassis | 1,565.3 | 1,040.0 | 1,446.8 | 1,083.8 | 1,611.1 | 1,210.7 | 8.1 | -10.1 |
| Trucks, truck tractors and chassis | 877.1 | 648.1 | 785.4 | 575.1 | 1,146.1 | 865.0 | 11.6 | -31.4 |
| Other motor vehicles | 141.6 | 106.5 | 110.3 | 81.4 | 84.1 | 70.0 | 28.4 | 31.0 |
| Motor vehicle engines and parts | 168.9 | 122.9 | 184.8 | 133.6 | 325.8 | 252.4 | -8.5 | -43.2 |
| Motor vehicle parts, except engines | 1,193.0 | 867.0 | 1,021.0 | 771.6 | 1,330.5 | 1,031.7 | 16.8 | -23.2 |
| Other equipment and tools | 722.1 | 522.8 | 628.8 | 471.4 | 530.9 | 403.0 | 14.8 | 18.4 |
| Speclal Transactlons, Trade | 251.1 | 188.7 | 54.0 | 36.9 | 52.6 | 41.1 | 364.7 | 2.7 |
| Total | 26,292.0 | 19,546.3 | 24,417.4 | 18,257.5 | 19,634.5 | 14,797.5 | 7.6 | 24.3 |

Growth for many of the major components in the end products section ( $58 \%$ share) including motor vehicle products (20\%), industrial machinery ( $9.5 \%$ ), agricultural machinery ( $3.1 \%$ ), aircraft and other transportation equipment ( $4.5 \%$ ) and other end products (9.2\%) has slowed in recent months up to February.
Within the motor vehicles component ( $20 \%$ ), imports of passenger cars ( $6.6 \%$ ) and trucks and other motor vehicles (2.4\%) maintained strong growth, with increases averaging 4.1\% a month for cars and 5.5\% a month for trucks in the three months up to February. This is in contrast to the almost equally strong declines for exports of vehicles over this period. Imports of motor vehicle parts ( $10.3 \%$ ), a large proportion of which are used in the assembly of vehicles for export, peaked in December 1980 and declined 1.3\% in January and 1.9\% in February.

Within the industrial machinery component, imports of metal working machinery ( $1.6 \%$ ), which doubled
between January 1979 and a January 1981 peak, declined slightly in February. Growth in excavating machinery (1\%), recovering from an October 1980 low, slowed from an increase of 4.2\% in December to a 2.6\% increase in February. Drilling oil and gas machinery (1.2\%) reached a low point in Decemberand increased slightly in January and February. Engines and turbines (1\%) maintained growth of 3.3\% a month in the three months up to February. Components of other end products which followed the slowdown in growth include apparel ( $1.2 \%$ ), footwear ( $0.5 \%$ ) and photographic goods (1.2\%).
Imports of telecommunication machinery and equipment ( $3.4 \%$ ) including television and radios; etc. ( $0.7 \%$ ) have picked up from an increase of $1.5 \%$ in October 1980 to an increase of 3.4\% in February. Office machines and equipment ( $3: 2 \%$ ) have also picked up (continued)
from an increase of $1.8 \%$ in December to an increase of $2.7 \%$ in February. Imports of other equipment and tools (5.8\%) increased 2\% a month in December and Janaury and $1.8 \%$ in February.

In the fabricated materials section (18\% share), a slowdown in the growth of chemical imports (4.9\%) from an increase of $5.6 \%$ in October 1980 to a $0.6 \%$ increase in February was outweighed by large increases for petroleum and coal products, iron and steel and wood and paper. Petroleum and coal products (1.3\%) rose $90 \%$ since October 1980; iron and steel ( $2.1 \%$ ) was up $33 \%$ from a low point in October 1980 with monthly increases of $11 \%$ in January and February; and wood and paper (1.5\%) was up nearly 40\% from a July 1980 low with increases averaging 6\% a month for the four months up to February 1981. Textile imports (1.8\%) have also picked up from a low in July 1980 with an increase of $2.8 \%$ in February, up from a $1.1 \%$ increase in November 1980. Non-ferrous metals (2.9\%) reached a low point in December 1980 and increased 2.6\% in January and 5.3\% in February.

In the crude materials section (15.5\% share), growth in crude petroleum imports (10\%), which tapered off in the fourth quarter of 1980, picked up in January with an increase of $1.3 \%$ and $2.6 \%$ in February. Growth in imports of metal ores (3.3\%) has diminished from an increase of $7.1 \%$ in October 1980 to an increase of 1.2\% in February.

In the food, feed, beverages and tobacco section ( $7 \%$ ), fruit and vegetable imports (2.4\%) continued to rise at a strong pace with monthly increases averaging $3.6 \%$ in the four months up to February. Cocoa, coffee and tea (0.9\%) peaked in January 1981 and meat and fish (0.4\%) peaked in October 1980 and declined 14\% up to February at an increasing pace.

## Trading Partner Anaiysis

## Exports (Seasonaily Adjusted), Customs Basis

Exports to the United States increased by 13.2\% or $\$ 560$ million in April to $\$ 4.78$ billion, after decreasing by $5.5 \%$ in March. Exports to the United Kingdom increased $7.5 \%$ to $\$ 340$ million, following a $10 \%$ increase in the preceding month. Exports to "Other EEC" countries rose by $31.6 \%$ or $\$ 135$ million to $\$ 570$ million following an increase of $2.2 \%$ in March and a 26\% decrease in February. Exports to Japan experienced a sharp drop of $37.4 \%$ or $\$ 155$ million to $\$ 260$ million after a decrease of $8.3 \%$ in March. Exports to "Other OECD" countries increased $21 \%$ to $\$ 170$ million following a 22\% decrease in March. Exports to "Other A'merica'" wére down by $8.2 \%$ to $\$ 320$ million.

## Short Term Trend

The short term trend for exports to the United States ( $66 \%$ share of exports) continued to increase but at a slower pace, rising $2.5 \%, 1.7 \%, .1 .3 \%$ and $1.1 \%$ in the four months from November 1980 through February 1981. Exports to the United Kingdom (4.4\%) recovered from a low point in July 1980 and increased $1.7 \%$ in November, $2.5 \%$ in December and $3.0 \%$ a month in Januäry and February 1981.

The short term trend for exports to "Other EEC" countries, which increased by nearly $150 \%$ between May 1978 and May 1980, has decreased 12\% up to February although at a diminishing pace in recent months with decreases of $1.3 \%$ in November, $1.2 \%$ in

December and 0.6\% each in January and February. The short term trend for exports to Japan (5.6\%) decreased 9\% from a July 1980 peak up to November, increased 0.7\% in December and 0.8\% in January and decreased $0.5 \%$ in February. Exports to "Other OECD" countries showed a similar pattern to that for exports to Japan, dropping 9\% from a June 1980 peak, increasing 0.4\% each in December and January and dropping $1.1 \%$ in February. The short term trend for exports to "Other America" peaked in November and decreased $0.2 \%$ in December, $1.8 \%$ in January and 2.9\% in February.

## Imports (Seasonaliy Adjusted), Customs Basis

Imports from the United States were up by $9.4 \%$ or $\$ 400$ million to $\$ 4.70$ billion, following a $6.1 \%$ decrease in March. Imports from the United Kingdom decreased $8.6 \%$ to $\$ 160$ million, after increasing 6.2\% in March, and imports from "Other EEC" countries rose $21.7 \%$ or $\$ 65$ million to $\$ 360$ million following a decline of $10.0 \%$ in March. Imports from Japan went up by $25.2 \%$ or $\$ 80$ million to $\$ 400$ million. Imports from "Other America" were off nearly $30.0 \%$ or $\$ 130$ million to $\$ 305$ million, following an increase of $9.5 \%$ in the preceding month.

## Short Term Trends

Growth in the short term trend for imports from the United States ( $70 \%$ share of imports) has tapered off a little more slowly than for exports to the United States with increases of $2.4 \%, 2.0 \%, 1.9 \%$ and $1.6 \%$ in the four months from November through February 1981. Growth in imports from the United Kingdom (2.7\%) also tapered off with increases of $1.2 \%$ in December, $0.9 \%$ in January and $0.1 \%$ in February. Imports from "Other EEC" countries (4.9\%), having declined 11\% from a December 1979 peak up to October, increased $1.8 \%$ in December, 3.3\% in January and 3.6\% in February. Imports from Japan (5.1\%) registered strong monthly gains increasing $3.9 \%$ in November, $5.9 \%$ in December, $7.1 \%$ in January, and $6.8 \%$ in February and stood 86\% above the previous low point in July 1979. Decreases for imports from "Other OECD" countries ( $2.7 \%$ ) of $2.2 \%$ in November, $2.0 \%$ in December and $0.6 \%$ in January ended with a slight increase of $0.1 \%$ in February. Imports from "Other America" continued to increase though at a reduced pace, rising $3.3 \%, 2.3 \%$, 1.4\% and $0.7 \%$ from November through Fehruary.

For further information, order the April issue of the Summary of External Trade (65-001, \$3/\$30).

## Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural)

|  |  | 1980 |  | 1981 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year-to-date | April | Year-to-date | April |
| Carriers Reporting |  | 19 | 19 | 18 | 18(4) |
| Passenger Revenue Earned Intercity \& Rural Services | \$ | 48,888,891r | 13,720,887r | 53,401,632 | 13,960,384 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | \$ | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | \$ | 14,613,312r | 3,832,870r | 15,572,734 | 4,178,335 |
| Fare Passengers Carried |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services(3) | No. | 10,054,061r | 2,718,831r | 10,362,145 | 2,573,223 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | No. | x | ${ }^{\mathbf{x}}$ | x | ${ }^{\mathrm{x}}$ |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | No. | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Total Distance Run |  |  |  |  |  |
| Intercity \& Rural Services | km: | 61111 359r | 16244590 r | 61502261 | 14955180 |
| Urban-Suburban Services | km: | (2) | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Other Services (e.g. charter) | km: | 16670 193r | 4148902 r | 14957964 | 3964280 |
| Fuel Consumed |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diesel Oil | L: | 27340194 r | 7254 646r | 26706432 | 6538176 |
| Gasoline | L: | 5868 479r | 1216 252r | 5415867 | 1364691 |

(1) The number of fare passengers carried for Other Services are not kept by all carriers.
(2) Urban and Suburban Services were grouped with Other Services to meet confidentiality requirements.
(3) Passengers purchasing a ticket which is good for passage on more than one route may be reported more than once. For this reason, the number of "Fare Passengers Carried" may exceed the number of individuals actually travelling by intercity Bus.
(4) One carrier reported operations for only part of the month because of a labour dispute.
$r$ Revised figures.
$x$ Confidential to meet secrecy requirements of the Statistics Act.

Passenger Bus Statistics (Intercity and Rural), April 1981 - Published only in Statistics Canada Daily The accompanying table contains statistics on passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations.

The following observations apply to the data in this release:

- Data relating to other services such as charter or contract are specific to the surveyed passenger bus carriers and are not indicative of overall charter and contract operations.
- Total distance run in a revenue service includes distance run empty which was necessary to provide the revenue service.
- Conditions specifically enumerated in the footnotes at the end of the table would affect comparison of data.
For further information, contact the Head, Surface Transport Unit (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Urban Transit, April 1981 - Advance Information In April 1981, 58 urban transit systems collected 110,666,945 initial passenger fares. The total distance run was 55399662 km , and their operating revenues amounted to $\$ 47,631,894$.

For further information, order the April issue of Urban Transit (53-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact the Head, Surface Transport Unit (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Local Government Finance, 1980 Estimates and 1979 Prellminary - Advance Information
Total estimated general revenue reached $\$ 24,902$ mitlion in 1980 an increase of $\$ 1,380$ million or $5.9 \%$ over the total preliminary. general revenue for 1979 Own source revenue increased by $\$ 1,540$ million or $.12 .9 \%$ while total transfer payments received decreased by $\$ 160$ million or $1.4 \%$. The two most important sources of revenue; specific purpose transfers from provinciâl governments and real property taxes, which respectively: accounted for $40.4 \%$ and $33.3 \%$ of total general revenue in 1980, increased by $\$ 490$ million or $5.1 \%$ and $\$ 786$ million or $10.5 \%$ respectively. A decrease of $\$ 642$ million or $35.2 \%$ occured in general purpose transfers from provincial governments.
Total estimated general expenditure for 1980 of $\$ 27,079$ million resulted in an increase of $\$ 2,893$ million or $12 \%$ over the corresponding preliminary data for 1979. The most costly functions of expenditure for 1980 were education, accounting for $40.8 \%$ of total expenditure, transportation and communications ( $12.1 \%$ ), protection of persons and property ( $8.2 \%$ ), environment ( $8.1 \%$ ), debt charges ( $6.8 \%$ ) and recreation and culture ( $6 \%$ ). The most significant increases were $\$ 842$ million ( $8.2 \%$ ) for education, $\$ 417$ million ( $14.6 \%$ ) for transportation and communications, \$316 million ( $16.6 \%$ ) for protection of persons and property, $\$ 263$ million ( $13.6 \%$ ) for environment, $\$ 233$ million (20.7\%) for general services and $\$ 202$ million (12.2\%) for debt charges.

Pending publication of Local Government Finance, Preliminary 1979 and Estimates 1980 (68-203), copies of the principal revenue and expenditure tables which will appear in this publication are available upon request from G.A. Marr (613-995-9897), Chief, Local Government Section, Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Gypsum Products, April 1981 - Advance Information During the month of April 1981, manufacturers shipped 19242639 square metres of gypsum wallboard as compared to 11948461 square metres in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Gypsum Products (44-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


June 3 is Census Day Count yourself in


Thursday, June 4, 1981

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2 Electric Power Statistics, March 1981
2 Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, April 1981
2 Cement, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-013 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) The Sugar Situation, April 1981

32-227 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Poultry Processors, 1979
34-209 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Wool Yarn and Cloth MIlls, 1979
34-212 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Foundation Garment Industry, 1979
45-004 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Refined Petroleum Products, February 1981
61-005 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry, February 1981
62-007 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Construction Price Statistics, March 1981

62-010 (Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 24$; Other Countries: $\$ 7.20 / \$ 28.80$ ) Consumer Prices and Price Indexes, January-March 1981

63-014 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Merchandising Inventories, January 1981

64-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) BuildIng Permits, February 1981
(continued)

72-008 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry, February 1981.

84-205 (Canada: \$6; Other Countries: \$7,20) Vital Statistics, Volume II, Marriages and Bivorces, 1979

 Information af
In March 1981, net generation increased to 34.7 TW.h from 34.3 TW.h in March 1980. Hydro generation increased $7.4 \%$ while thermal production decreased $10.9 \%$.
Year-to-date total generation was 104.0 TW.h, an increase of $0.5 \%$ from a year ago.
For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact David Madsen (613-996-3139). Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Specified Domestic Electrical Appliances, April 1981 - Advance Information

Advance information on specified domestic electrical appliances for the month of April 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication (43-003, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Cement, April 1981 - Advance Information
During the month of April 1981, manufacturers shipped 736049 metric tonnes of Portland cement, as compared to 680849 metric tonnes in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Cement (44-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Friday, June 5, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Industry Selling Price Index, April 1981
5: Raw Materlals Price Index, April 1981
3 Department Store Sales by Regions, April 1981
3 Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, April 1981
3 Canadian Travel Survey, Fourth Quarter 1980
3 Fruit and Vegetable Production, June 1981
3 Footwear, April 1981
3 Telephone Statistics, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

43-009 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18)$ Electric Lamps (Light Sources), April 1981

63-004 (\$1.50/\$15) Department Store Sales by Regions, April 1981
63-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Restaurant, Caterer and Tavern Statistics, March 1981

68-211 (Canada: \$6; Other Countries: \$7.20) Federal Government Finance, 1979

Industry Selling Price Index: Manufacturing
(1971=100)


[^15]Industry Seliling Price Index, April 1981 - Advance Information
The Industry Selling Price Index for Manufacturing (1971=100) increased 0.7\% in April 1981 to a preliminary level of 267.0 from its revised level of 265.2 in March 1981. The index now stands $10.7 \%$ above its level of a year earlier, the same as the increase for March 1981 over March 1980. In April 1981, most major groups showed increases ranging between $0.5 \%$ and $1 \%$. Relatively large increases were posted for primary metals, metal fabricating industries, transportation equipment industries and chemical and chemical products industries, with a smaller but notable increase in food and beverage industries. A slight decrease was posted in miscellaneous manufacturing industries, the only major group to fall in April 1981.

The index for primary metals industries increased $0.9 \%$ in April 1981 to stand at a level of 3.4\% above its level of a year earlier. Iron and steel mills increased 2.3\%, due largely to increases of about $7.0 \%$ in carbon steel plate, tinplate, and heavy structural steel shapes. Steel pipe and tube mills increased $3.0 \%$ with most commodities showing increases in reaction to steel increases during the first part of 1981. Smelting and refining declined $0.5 \%$, due largely to a $3.6 \%$ decline in precious metals. Increases were posted for zinc and lead, while prices for other base metals remained steady.

The metal fabricating industries increased $1.1 \%$ in April 1981 to stand at an index level 9.3\% above that of a year earlier. The metal stamping and pressing index rose 2.9\% due largely to increases in metal cans.

The increase in transportation equipment industries in April 1981 was due mainly to a $1.3 \%$ increase in
motor vehicle manufacturers, reflecting price changes for both cars and trucks, and a 1.4\% increase in motor vehicle parts and accessories due largely to increases in many commodities with a high steel content.

The chemical and chemical products industries increased $1.1 \%$ in April 1981 to stand at an index level of $10.7 \%$ above its level of a year earlier. The index for manufacturers of industrial inorganic chemicals rose $1.7 \%$, the main contributors being sodium hydroxide, up $8.9 \%$. Other increases were posted in miscellaneous chemical industries, which increased 3.4\% in April 1981.

The food and beverage industries index increased $0.4 \%$ in April 1981 to stand at a level 12.3\% above that of a year earlier. The index for slaughtering and meat processors rose 1.4\% due largely to a 3.2\% increase in pork and a $1.0 \%$ increase in beef. These are the first price increases for these products since October 1980 and November 1980 respectively. The index for cane and sugar beet processors decreased $12.6 \%$, due to continued declines in sugar products, and is now below its level of a year earlier: The index for the dairy products industry increased $0.7 \%$. The price increases in April followed an increase in the target industrial milk price which resulted in a rise of $1.8 \%$ for butter and 1.9\% for powdered skim milk.

For further information, order the April issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.

Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, April 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary statistics for the month of April show that the number of Canadian residents returning from visits to the United States and other countries decreased from the same month in 1980. The number of residents from the United States visiting Canada continued to increase due to the dramatic growth in short-term automobile entries. Visitors from countries other than the U.S. also increased during April 1981 compared to last year.

Statistics for April show that 2.8 million Canadian residents returned from visits to the U.S. (down 1.6\%), while the number of Canadians re-entering from trips to countries other than the U.S. decreased by $2.9 \%$ to 127,000 . Residents of the United States entering Canada numbered 3.0 million, an increase of $19.6 \%$ from April 1980, primarily due to a $23.5 \%$ rise in sameday automobile visits. Visitors from countries other than the U.S. increased by $12.2 \%$ to 120,000 in April 1981.

On a year to date basis, figures were as follows: 9.7 million Canadians returned from visits to the U.S., down 2.7\% from last year; residents returning from other countries numbered 581,000 , down by $10.3 \%$; 10.3 million U.S. residents entered Canada, up 28.5\% from 1980; and 302,000 visitors from countries other than the U.S. entered Canada during the January-April period of 1981, up $4.8 \%$ from 1980.

In the first four months of 1981, long-term Canadian re-entries from the United States (including overnight or longer auto and bus traffic and all plane, train and boat re-entries) decreased by $1.8 \%$ to 3.3 million. Canadian residents returning from visits to countries other than the U.S. decreased by $10.3 \%$ to 581,000 . Long-term entries to Canada by U.S. residents for the January-April period of 1981 increased by $6.3 \%$ to 1.7 million, while visitors from other countries (excluding those arriving by land via the U.S. and entering and leaving on the same day) numbered $264,000,6.2 \%$ above 1980.

The accompanying table shows traveller entries and re-entries for April 1981 for total and long-term traffic and percentage changes from 1980. For further information, order the April issue of International Travel - Advance Information (66-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Paul Paradis (613-995-0847), International Travel Section, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 Z8. (see table on next page)

Fruit and Vegetable Production, June 1981 - Advance Information
The Canadian Mushroom Growers' Survey is this month's supplement to the publication Fruit and Vegetable Production. Total mushroom production in 1980 was 64 million pounds, an increase from 54.6 million pounds in 1979. The total value of the 1980 crop is estimated at $\$ 65.7$ million.

For further information, order the June issue of Fruit and Vegetable Production (22-003, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Larry Murphy (613-995-4877), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Department Store Sales by Regions, April 1981
Department store sales totalled $\$ 793.7$ million for February, up $16 \%$ from a year earlier.

Sales by regions for April 1981, with percentage increases from April 1980 in brackets, were as follows:

- Ontario, $\$ 278.6$ million (15.2\%)
- British Columbia, $\$ 143.2$ million (22.9\%)
- Quebec, $\$ 144.8$ million (13.1\%)
- Alberta, $\$ 112.5$ million ( $15.5 \%$ )
- Atlantic provinces, $\$ 51.0$ million (13.6\%)
- Manitoba, $\$ 40.6$ million (10.6\%)
- Saskatchewan, $\$ 23.0$ million' (22.4\%).

Data users should note that figures for the Yukon and Northwest Territories are included with British Columbia. See the April issue of Department Store Sales by Regions (63-004, \$1.50/\$15).

Canadian Travel Survey, Fourth Quarter 1980 Advance Information
The results from the Canadian Travel Survey for the fourth quarter of 1980 recorded a total of 23.4 million person-trips by Canadians travelling in Canada; a marginal decrease from the same quarter one year earlier. The total volume for 1980 was 111.0 million person-trips, down from 114.0 million in 1979.

For further information from the survey, which is conducted by Statistics Canada on behalf of the Canadian Government Office of Tourism and Transport Canada, contact the Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section (613-995-9689), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Footwear, April 1981 - Advance Information

The total monthly production of footwear of ail kinds for the month of April 1981 was 4,004,296 pairs.

For further information, order the April issue of Footwear Statistics (33-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact E. Gluck (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Telephone Statistics, April 1981 - Advance Information
Thirteen major telephone systems reported monthly revenues of $\$ 552.7$ million in.April. 1981, up 21.4\% over April 1980.

Operating expenses were $\$ 39000$ million, an increase of $18.6 \%$ over April 1980. Net operating revenue was $\$ 162.7$ million, up $28.9 \%$ over April 1980. Telephone toll messages increased $11.1 \%$ to 117.2 million.

For further information, order the April issue of Telephone Statistics $(56-002, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15)$, or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

International Travellers Entering or Returning to Canada
April 1981

| Residence of travellers | Total |  |  |  | Long-term Travellers* |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April |  | January-April |  | April |  | January-April |  |
|  | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \begin{array}{r} \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array} \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Change } \\ \text { from } \\ 1980 \end{array} \end{array}$ | Number 1981 | $\%$ Change from 1980 |
| Non-residents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States | 3,033,499 | 19.6 | 10,287,350 | 28.5 | 563,218 | 8.0 | 1,680,043 | 6.3 |
| Other countries | 120,127 | 12.2 | 301,669 | 4.8 | 100,926 | 16.8 | 264,303 | 6.2 |
| Europe, total | 72,561 | 14.8 | 174,268 | 3.6 | 59,621 | 21.1 | 151,978 | 5.8 |
| Belgium | 1,574 | -4.5 | 3,654 | -4.1 | 1,360 | -1.3 | 3,294 | -2.5 |
| France | 7,498 | -0.2 | 18,677 | 3.5 | 6,107 | -2.1 | 16,328 | 2.0 |
| Germany (W) | 12,351 | 19.1 | 27,863 | 3.2 | 8,866 | 29.5 | 22,614 | 7.0 |
| Italy | 4,190 | -9.1 | 11,638 | 5.3 | 3,239 | 16.0 | 9,921 | 16.7 |
| Netherlands | 4,021 | 28.3 | 9,496 | 12.7 | 3,658 | 35.4 | 8,707 | 15.4 |
| Sweden | 3,117 | -1.5 | 6,742 | 0.2 | 1,886 | 16.1 | 5,007 | 9.2 |
| Switzerland | 2,972 | 3.0 | 7,243 | -8.4 | 2,468 | 8.9 | 6,444 | -6.4 |
| United Kingdom | 25,957 | 29.5 | 60,354 | 8.9 | 22,889 | 32.1 | 54,142 | 8.9 |
| Asia, total | 20,626 | -4.2 | 57,881 | 3.3 | 17,281 | -1.0 | 49,131 | 3.3 |
| Hong Kong | 1,836 | 46.3 | 6,445 | 31.5 | 1,809 | 48.5 | 6,279 | 34.0 |
| Israel | 1,962 | 15.3 | 4,560 | 8.2 | 1,623 | 26.8 | 3,856 | 8.4 |
| Japan | 8,000 | -21.0 | 23,423 | -9.2 | 6,013 | -20.6 | 18,212 | -10.8 |
| Bermuda \& Caribbean, total | 4,978 | 4.0 | 13,065 | -3.1 | 4,871 | 4.3 | 12,766 | -3.1 |
| South America, total | 5,590 | 14.9 | 17,620 | 15.8 | 4,836 | 17.4 | 15,787 | 17.7 |
| Africa, total | 2,726 | 22.4 | 7,391 | 14.2 | 2,614 | 24.9 | 7,079 | 13.9 |
| Central \& North America, total Mexico | 6,924 5,700 | 78.0 101.0 | 13,840 10,510 | 23.0 30.5 | 5,810 4,643 | 88.7 115.9 | 11,854 8,678 | 25.0 31.7 |
| Oceania and other ocean islands, total Australia | $\begin{aligned} & 5,186 \\ & 6,722 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -20.6 \\ 32.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,717 \\ & 17,604 \end{aligned}$ | -21.1 32.0 | 5,893 4,471 | 2.2 0.5 | 15,708 12,147 | 2.5 2.8 |
| Residents of Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All countries | 2,932,295 | -1.7 | 10,328,124 | -3.2 | 1,134,614 | -0.2 | 3,871,710 | -3.2 |
| United States | 2,805,084 | -1.6 | 9,747,044 | -2.7 | 1,007,403 | 0.2 | 3,290,630 | -1.8 |
| Other countries | 127,211 | -2.9 | 581,080 | -10.3 | 127,211 | -2.9 | 581,080 | -10.3 |

[^16]Raw Materials Price Index
(1977=100)

|  | Relative Importance | Index |  |  | Percent Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { April } \\ & 1981^{*} \end{aligned}$ | March 1981* | April $1980$ | April 81 / March 81 | April $81 /$ April 80 |
| Raw materials total | 100.0 | 177.1 | 176.8 | 146.0 | 0.2 | 21.3 |
| Vegetable products | 12 | 150.0 | 155.4 | 126.9 | -3.5 | 18.2 |
| Animals and animal products | 23 | 154.6 | 151.0 | 139.0 | 2.4 | 11.2 |
| Textile products | 1 | 150.8 | 149.0 | 130.2 | 1.2 | 15.8 |
| Wood products | 11 | 151.3 | 149.0 | 151.7 | 1.5 | -0.3 |
| Ferrous materials | 3 | 147.8 | 147.4 | 140.8 | 0.3 | 5.0 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 6 | 182.5 | 186.4 | 195.9 | -2.1 | -6.8 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 4 | 152.9 | 150.7 | 132.6 | 1.5 | 15.3 |
| Coal, crude oil and natural gas Raw materials - Total | 40 | 210.6 | 210.6 | 148.4 | - | 41.9 |
| excluding coal, crude oil, natural gas |  | 155.4 | 154.9 | 144.2 | 0.3 | 7.8 |

* These indexes are preliminary.

Raw Materials Price Index, April 1981 - Advance Information
The preliminary indexes for April 1981 for the Raw Materials Price Indexes ( $1977=100$ ) show five components rising in the month, two falling, and one unchanged. The index of raw materials excluding coal, crude oil and natural gas rose $0.3 \%$ in April, to a level of 7.8\% higher than a year ago. Including coal, oil and natural gas, the total raw materials index rose $0.2 \%$ in April and was $21.3 \%$ above its level of April 1980.

The vegetable products index fell $3.5 \%$ in April, as it had in March, but stood 18\% higher than in April 1980. Raw sugar prices continued their decline, down $16 \%$ in the month, and are now below their level of a year ago. Wheat and other grain prices fell slightly for the third month in a row. Fresh vegetable prices fell for the first time since last October, by about 3\%, as prices for most vegetables except potatoes showed moderate declines. Nevertheless, fresh vegetable prices were still about $75 \%$ higher than a year ago.
The other component to fall was non-ferrous metals, down 2.1\% in April, its seventh straight decline. The index stood $6.8 \%$ below its level of a year earlier. The principal reason for the decline since last October has been the steady fall in precious metal prices, coupled with lower copper and lead prices. Copper prices have steadied in the last three months, and lead rose in April for the second month in a row, but both remain below their levels of a year ago. Only aluminum and zinc were higher in April 1981 than a year ago.

The animal and animal products index showed the largest increase in April, up 2.4\% from March. This was mainly due to prices for steers, which rose 6\% to stand at the same levels as in the last few months of 1980. The animal products index was 11.2\% higher in April 1981 than a year ago.

For further information, order the April issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.


2 Building Permits, March 1981
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 6, 1981
3 Radio Broadcasting, March 1981
2 Industrial Chemicals, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

21-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Farm Cash Receipts, January-March 1981

32-010 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, May 1,1981

35-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia, March 1981

36-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Rigld Insulating Board, April 1981

43-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Specifled Domestic Electrical Appliances, April 1981

63-008 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Whoiesale Trade, March 1981

65-004 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Exports by Commodities, March 1981

## Service Bulletins:

32-023 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Fruit and Vegetable Preservation, Vol. 9, No. 15, Pack of Processed Carrots, 1980
(continued)

52-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Railway Transport, Vol. 11, No. 4, Railway Carloadings, January 1981; Railway Operating Statistics, October 1980
64-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Statistics, Vol: 4; No."4, Construction Duration of Apartments by Size of Structure, 1980

Building Permits.
(millions of dollars)


Canada totals include an estimate of late returns.

Building Permits, March 1981 - Advance Information The seasonally adjusted value of permits issued by Canadian municipalities, totalling $\$ 1,601.0$ million in March showed little change from the revised February total of $\$ 1,601.4$ million, but was up $36.8 \%$ from the March 1980 level of $\$ 1,170.6$ million.

Residential building permits which had shown strength in February rose a further $5.8 \%$ from $\$ 888.4$ million to $\$ 940.0$ million in March. This reflected an increase in the number of new dwellings authorized from 17,772 units in February ( 10,162 singles and 7,610 multiples) to 18,367 units in March ( 11,018 singles and 7,349 multiples). The upward trend is attributed to increases in the number of expected housing starts in Quebec, Ontario and Alberta.

Non-residential permits which totalled $\$ 713.0$ million in February, at a seasonally adjusted rate, dropped $7.3 \%$ to $\$ 661.0$ million in March. While new industrial projects rose in value from $\$ 127.7$ to $\$ 206.2$ million, and publicly-initiated projects rose from $\$ 129.4$ to $\$ 172.8$ million in March, the value of proposed commercial construction was only $\$ 282.1$ million compared to $\$ 455.9$ million in February. The decline observed in the commercial category results from the absence of large building projects in both Alberta and British Columbia.

For additional information, order the March issue of Building Permits (64-001, $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$ ), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0Z7.
(see table on next page)

Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 6, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended June 6, 1981 totalled 369,053 short tons (334 799 t), an increase of $1.6 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 363,177 short tons ( 329468 t ). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 347,806 short tons ( 315524 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 201.4 in the current week, 198.2 a week earlier and 189.8 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottạwa K1A 0T6.

Industrial Chemicals, April 1981 - Advance Informatin
Manufacturers shipped 59607 metric tonnes of polyethylene type synthetic resins in April 1981 as compared to 45651 metric tonnes a year earlier.

Information on the East-West production of selected specified chemicals is also available:

For further information, order the April issue of Specified Chemicals (46-002, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Building Permits
March 1981

| - | Number of Dwelling Units |  |  | Value of Residential and Non-Residential Construction |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Singles | Multiples | Total | Residential | Industrial | Commercial (\$000) | Institutional and governmental | Total |
| Newfoundland | 96 | 5. | 101 | 4,837 | 275 | 1,598 | 15 | 6,725 |
| Prince Edward Island | 39 | - | 39 | 1,829 | 432 | 1,504 |  | 3,765 |
| Nova Scotia | 219 | 31 | 250 | 11,087 | 6,277 | 4,732 | 1,544 | 23,640 |
| New Brunswick | 78 | 8 | 86 | 4,222 | 21,685 | 3,395 | 5,411 | 34,713 |
| Quebec | 2,026 | 1,602 | 3,628 | 157,527 | 23.424 | 38,740 | 28,283 | 247,974 |
| Ontario | 2,938 | 860 | 3,798 | 231,576 | 54,103 | 80.588 | 61,519 | 427,786 |
| Manitoba | 326 | 4 | 330 | 18,865 | 1,922 | 6,265 | 912 | 27,964 |
| Saskatchewan | 195 | 191 | 386 | 16,288 | 814 | 10,641 | 4,178 | 31,921 |
| Alberta | 2,093 | 1,356 | 3,449 | 173,576 | 6,044 | 57,260 | 37,265 | 274,145 |
| British Columbia | 1,391 | 706 | 2,097 | 118,466 | 18,933 | 31,766 | 11,168 | 180,333 |
| Yukon | 2 | 2 | 4 | 237 |  | 564 | 40 | 841 |
| Northwest Territories | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| Canada - Unadjusted | 9,403 | 4,765 | 14,168 | 738,510 | 133,909 | 237,053 | 150,335 | 1,259,807 |
| Canada - Adjusted | 11,018 | 7,349 | 18,367 | 939,952 | 206,225 | 282,056 | 172,766 | 1,600,999 |
| Metropolitan Areas | 5,767 | 3,207 | 8,974 | 487,221 | 67,352 | 159,775 | 82,075 | 796,423 |
| Calgary | 979 | 494 | 1,473 | 75,412 | 1,501 | 22,987 | 3,423 | 103,323 |
| Chicoutimi-Jonquière | 42 | 12 | 54 | 2,590 | 1,346 | 4,425 | 134 | 8,495 |
| Edmonton | 368 | 334 | 702 | 40,033 | 1,729 | 16,989 | 2,547 | 61,298 |
| Halifax | 45 | 16 | 61 | 3,318 | 786 | 2;447 | 1,455 | 8,006 |
| Hamilton | 106 | - | 106 | 6,367 | 1,194 | 1,622 | 8,858 | 18,041 |
| Hull | 35 | 4 | 39 | 1,908 | - | 109 | 141 | 2,158 |
| Kitchener | 87 | 16 | 103 | 5,142 | 792 | 470 | 155 | 6,559 |
| London | 83 | 1 | 84 | 4,827 | 388 | 1,729 | 1,467 | 8,411 |
| Montreal | 1,028 | 887 | 1,915 | 88,942 | 17,709 | 18,909 | 14,497 | 140,057 |
| Oshawa | 108 | 18 | 126 | 5,911 | 17,414 | 1,151 | 17,267 | 41,743 |
| Ottawa | 142 | 25 | 167 | 9,404 | 37 | 6,138 | 2,523 | 18,102 |
| Quebec | 228 | 317 | 545 | 21,841 | 226 | 4,908 | 3,665 | 30,640 |
| Regina | 97 | 72 | 169 | 6,774 | 335 | 8,243 | 331 | 15,683 |
| St. Catharines-Niagara | 51 | 4 | 55 | 3,923 | 1,899 | 8,535 | 11,272 | 25,629 |
| Saint John | 11 | - | 11 | 851 | 1,500 | 2,000 | 186 | 4,537 |
| St. John's | 55 | 4 | 59 | 3,034 | 110 | 704 | - | 3,848 |
| Saskatoon | - |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| Sudbury | 38 | - | 38 | 2,037 | 294 | 1,010 | 329 | 3,670 |
| Thunder Bay | 13 | - $\overline{6}$ | 13 | 1,114 | 8 | 449 | 228 | 1,799 |
| Toronto | 1,680 | 766 | 2,446 | 153,494 | 8,576 | 41,361 | 7,778 | 211,209 |
| Vancouver | 89 | 113 | 202 | 11,727 | 522 | 892 | 15 | 13,156 |
| Victoria | 194 | 122 | 316 | 21,407 | 305 | 7.582 | 1.432 | 30,726 |
| Windsor | 20 | - | 270 | 1,870 | 8,832 | 1,376 | 3,460 | 15,538 |
| Winnipeg | 268 | 2 | 270 | 15,295 | 1,849 | 5,739 | 912 | 23,795 |

Preliminary figures.
For further information order Building Permits, March 1981 (64-001, \$3.50/\$35).

Radio Broadcasting, March 1981 - Advance Information
Gross national AM and FM radio air-time sales were $\$ 11.3$ million in March, an increase of $7.6 \%$ from $\$ 10.5$ million in 1980. After deduction of agency and other commissions, net national sales amounted to $\$ 9.6$ million, up $7.9 \%$ from $\$ 8.9$ million in the previous year.

Net local air-time sales were up $10.7 \%$ to $\$ 25.9$ million in March 1980 from $\$ 23.4$ million.

Gross year to date sales to March 1981 were $\$ 93.8$ million compared to $\$ 87.2$ million in 1980, an increase of $7.6 \%$. Net sales rose $7.3 \%$ to $\$ 87.7$ million from $\$ 81.7$ million.

For further information, order the March issue of Radio Broadcasting (56-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.


Wednesday, June 10, 1981

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Preliminary Homicide Statistics for Canada, 1980
Preliminary homicide figures from the uniform-crime reporting program for 1980 are now available. They indicate that there was a decrease of $6.0 \%$ in the number of homicide offences from 1979 to 1980. There were 593 homicide offences in 1980, compared with 631 in 1979.

For more information, contact L.D. Brown (613-995-0855), Program Chief, Law Enforcement, Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

11-003E (\$3.50/\$35) Canadian Statistical Revlew, May 1981
(continued)

## 42-210 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Motor Vehicle Parts and Accessories Manufacturers, 1979

44-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Gypsum Products, April 198:1

62-011 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Industry Price Indexes, March 1981 :

81-208 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries:\$8.40) Financial Statistles of Education, 197778

84-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 10$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 12$ ) VItal Statistics, JanuaryMarch 1981


#### Abstract

New Publicatlon Released Released today is a neẃw publication entitled Corporation Financial Statistics, 1979 Preliminary Data on Matched Corporations.

This publication contains preliminary indications of industry performance for 1979 based on tax returns for 256,545 corporations. For each corporation, data from 1979 has been matched against that of 1978 to produce assets, equity, sales and pre-tax profits for each industry for the two years.

Complete data will not be available until towards the end of 1981 in the annual publication Corporation Financial Statistics. Subscribers to this publication will receive the preliminary report (61-207p) free of charge. For further information, contact A. Dorland (613-995-9836), Business Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Postcensal Estimates of Population, Canada and Provinces, April 1, 1981 - Advance Information
Canada's population at April 1, 1981 totalled an estimated 24,150,000. Population figures for the provinces were as follows:
Newfoundland, 584,500; Prince Edward Island, 124,200; Nova Scotia, 856,600; New Brunswick, 709,600; Quebec, 6,334,700; Ontario, 8,614,200; Manitoba, 1,028,800; Saskatchewan, 977,400; Alberta, 2,153,200; British Columbia, 2,701,900; Yukon, 21,800; and Northwest Territories, 43,100.

These postcensal estimates which will be published in the next few weeks in Quarterly Estimates of Population for Canada and the Provinces (91-001) are available from CANSIM. Current quarterly figures on immigration and interprovincial migration can also be retrieved from CANSIM.

To obtain information on population estimates, contact Gertrude Caron (613-995-2213), Demography Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

[^17]Particleboard and Waferboard, April 1981 - Advance Information
Cañadian firms produced 73496 m 3 of waferboard in April 1981, an increase of $74.1 \%$ compared to the 42216 m 3 produced during the same period in 1980.

Canadian firms produced 63876 m 3 of particleboard in April representing an increase of 3.5\% compared to the 61709 m 3 produced during the same period in. 1980.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Particleboard and Waferboard (36-003, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Railway Operating Statistics, January 1981 - Advance Information
The seven major railways reported a combined net income from operations of $\$ 18.2$ million in January. This represented an increase from 1980 of 199.2\%. Operating revenues of $\$ 449.6$ million were up $17.7 \%$ from the 1980 figure.

Revenue freight-ton-miles were up by $45.1 \%$ for January. Freight-train-miles showed an increase of $5.8 \%$ while freight-car-miles increased $13.0 \%$. The average revenue per ton-mile of freight was 2.306 cents for January 1981. Passenger miles increased by 4.4\% to 121.5 million.

For further information, order the January issue of Railway Operating Statistics (52-003, \$2.50/\$25), or contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271); Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

## Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadlan ManufacturIng

First Quarter 1981


## Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing,

First Quarter 1981 - Advance Information
Capacity utilization in Canadian manufacturing industries increased to $79.3 \%$ in the first quarter of 1981 from $79.1 \%$ in the fourth quarter 1980 recording the second consecutive quarterly increase.

Durable manufacturing remained unchanged at $73.0 \%$. Non durable manufacturing industries showed a slight increase from $85.3 \%$ in the last quarter to $85.6 \%$. The statistics presented here are only statistical estimates and they are not operating ratios based on either engineering measures, such as productive machine hours or survey results. In addition, it should be noted that the current indexes are preliminary and could be subject to revisions as more final statistics on production, investment and prices become available.
Given the many conceptual and measurement problems surrounding the notion of capacity utilization, the utilization rates shown here are indicative of trends and cycles in the utilization of capital. The indicated level is only a statistical approximation and should be viewed as such. For example, a rate close to 100\% indicates a high level of capital utilization which is considered a peak for the period observed.

A description of the methodology used to derive the rates is given in the publication Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing (31-003, \$5/\$20).

Data is available on CANSIM from the first quarter of 1961 to the first quarter of 1981 by major manufacturing group according to the 1970 Standard Industrial Classification, with aggregates for durables, non durables and total manufacturing. For further information, contact Mr. P. Koumanakos (613-995-4219), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Travel to Work, Novémber 1980 - Advance Information
The automobile continued to be the means of travelling to work for almost three-fourths of all commuters in Canada in November 1980, unchanged from the late seventies. Approximately $15 \%$ of commuters used public transportation. However, the number of commuters using public transportation in November 1980 increased by $6 \%$ over the same period in 1979, while at the same time the number of commuters using the automobile increased by $4 \%$.

Further information on the surveys for the years 1976 to 1980 will be released in Travel to Work, 19761980 (87-503). For fürther details, contact Janice Ife (613-995-9689), Travel, Tourism and Recreation Section, Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Telephone Statistics; 1980 - Advance information Fourteen major telephione systems reported revenues of $\$ 5,801$ million in 1980 , up $13.7 \%$ over 1979. Operating expenses were $\$ 3,988$ million, an increase of $15.8 \%$ over 1979. Net operating revenue was $\$ 1,813$ million, an increase of $9.2 \%$ over 1979. Telephone toll messages increased $10.7 \%$ to 1,340 million.

For further information, order Telephone Statistics, Preliminary Report on Large Telephone Systems, 1980 (56-202, \$3), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-992-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

The Canadian Composite Leading Index
1971=100


$-140$ 40

Jan. 1977 to March 1981
155.0 Jan. 1977 to





1977
$1978 \quad 1979$
1980
1982
Source: Statistics Canada, Current Economic Analysis (13-004E)


#### Abstract

A Note on the Role of Leading Indicators in the Statistical System Policy-makers and decision-makers in both the government and private sectors are making increased and more sophisticated uses of quarterly national accounts and of other macro-economic frameworks in order to evaluate the current performance of the economy and to detect its underlying trends. However, by the time users have access to the elaborate frameworks which allow them to analyze the economy in a relatively disciplined fashion, events with consequences for the near and medium term future may have already taken place. The first quantitative manifestation of current economic developments often occurs in a group of indicators that lead cyclical movements in the economy and that can be assembled rapidly as events unfold. Consequently it is not surprising that "leading indicators" have long played a role in assessing current economic conditions. In the last decade the increased severity of recessions worldwide has disabused most analysts of the notion that the business cycle is dead and has rekindled interest in the leading indicator approach to economic analysis. Since the early 1970s the number of organizations, both in Canada and elsewhere, that have developed indicator systems to monitor economic developments is quite impressive. All of this activity has stimulated inquiries into the nature of the work being carried out and into possible directions of evolution of indicator systems.

These inquiries have led Statistics Canada to develop a set of theoretical guidelines that are useful in constructing, evaluating, or in guiding the evolution of leading indicator systems. Also, technical advances in data smoothing have been utilized so that the number of false signals emitted by the leading index has been minimized while preserving the maximum amount of lead time. A paper on these topics will shortly be published in a forthcoming issue of the new publication Current Economic Analysis (catalogue number 13$004 E$ ). Within the limits of this note we can only be suggestive and indicate that a leading indicator system should be structured as much as possible like the framework (eg. the quarterly national accounts) that it is intended to complement, and it must contain a broad enough range of component indicators to enable the system to warn of cyclical changes that may be generated by any of a large variety of causal mechanisms. Although the current version of Statistics Canada's leading indicator system does not incorporate all the implications of the theoretical guidelines, along with the guidelines, it constitutes a useful addition to the indicator systems in Canada, and will become increasingly more so as the system evolves in accordance with the theoretical principles underlying its development.


The Canadian Composite Leading Indicator, March 1981 - Advance Information
The Canadian Composite Leading Indicator rose $0.33 \%$ in March to a level of 137.85. The non-filtered index* increased $1.14 \%$ to a level of 138.2 after having declined for three consecutive months. The continued upward movement of the filtered index suggests that a return to the recession of 1980 is not imminent.

Indicators of consumer demand improved somewhat in March over their weak behaviour in February due to a recovery in motor vehicle sales. A 7.4\% increase in the non-filtered version of the motor vehicle sales data led to a $0.31 \%$ rise in the filtered series. Preliminary data for April indicate that sales fell slightly. Expenditure on furniture and appliances slowed for the second consecutive month, rising 2.63\% in February and $1.36 \%$ in March. The deceleration was due to two large declines in the non-filtered data. Large increases in the prices of these goods in February ( $0.6 \%$ ) and in March (3.1\%) have served to rein in purchases.

The leading indicator of residential construction** posted another substantial gain in March (5.44\%), marking the seventh consecutive increase in this series. Building permits contributed most to the rise. Housing starts and mortgage loan approvals were weaker causing the non-filtered index to fall $0.4 \%$. The mortgage rate jumped to $18 \%$ in May however, and preliminary data indicate that housing starts in urban areas are down about $17 \%$ from April.

The recovery noted in the manufacturing sector in February did not continue into March. New orders for

| Leading Indicators | Percentage Change in March |
| :---: | :---: |
| Composite Leading Index (1971=100) | +0.33 |
| 1. Average Workweek - Manufacturing (Hours) | 0.00 |
| 2. Residential Construction Index (1971=100) | +5.44 |
| 3. United States Composite Leading Index (1967=100) | +0.59 |
| 4. Money Supply (M1) (\$1971 Millions) | -0.53 |
| 5. New Orders - Durable Products Industries (\$1971 Millions) | +0.75 |
| 6. Retail Trade - Furniture and Appliances (\$1971 Millions) | +1.36 |
| 7. New Motor Vehicle Sales (\$1971 Millions) | +0.31 |
| 8. Shipment to Inventory Ratio (Finished Goods) - Manufacturing | +0.01(1) |
| 9. Stock Price Index (TSE300 |  |
| Excluding Oil and Gas 1975=1000) | +0.99 |
| 10. Percentage Change in Price Per Unit |  |
| Labour Costs $\quad$ : | -0.02(1) |
| (1) Net Change |  |

(continued)
durable goods decelerated to post a $0.75 \%$ gain, while the non-filtered series fell $5.4 \%$. The same industries that had contributed the most to the recovery in February weakened in March. The ratio of shipments to finished goods inventories rose from 1.48 to 1.49 but the non-filtered series did not change with shipments rising almost as much as inventories. The 0.7\% increase in shipments was much smaller than the 2.4\% rise in February.
The percentage change in price per unit labour costs was $-0.04 \%$, negative for the second consecutive month, suggesting a narrowing of profit margins in manufacturing enterprises. The non-filtered series indicated, however, that unit labour costs slackened considerably (down 1.1\%), the: first significant easing of costs in several months. The average work week in manufacturing was little changed during the month.

The U.S. leading index continued to decelerate in March, rising $0.59 \%$ in spite of the substantial $1.8 \%$ increase in the non-filtered series. The U.S. Commerce Department noted, however, that the growth was mainly due to one series that was heavily influenced by petroleum price increases. Excluding the effect of petroleum prices, the index of leading indicators grew only marginally. The published index decelerated in April (up 0.4\%).

Financial market indicators showed some improvement in March. After three consecutive declines, the non-filtered version of the Toronto Stock Index jumped $9.5 \%$. Consequently the filtered series continued to rise, posting a $0.99 \%$ gain. The strength was widespread with metals and minerals, paper and forest products and gold contributing most to the increase. The real money supply fell $0.53 \%$, the third consecutive drop.

For further information, order Current Economic Analysis (13-004E, Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact D. Rhoades (613-992-4441), Current Economic Analysis Staff, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

* The purpose of filtering is to reduce irregular movements in the data so that one can better judge whether the current movement represents a change in the business cycle. Unfortunately, all such filtering entails a loss of timeliness in warning of cyclical changes.

An attempt has been made to minimize this loss in timeliness by filtering the leading index and its components with minimum phase shift filters so as to minimize false signals and maximize lead time. See $D$. Rhoades, "Converting Timeliness into Reliability in Economic Time Series" or"'Minimum Phase-shift Filtering of Economic Time Series", Canadian Statistical Review, February 1980.

Over the period January 1952 to October 1980 the unfiltered index exhibited a seven-month average lead at business cycle peaks, a three-month lead at troughs, and emitted 65 false signals. The filtered index emitted only seven false signals over this period and had a fivemonth average lead at peaks and a 1-month lead at troughs.

All reference to leading indicators are to filtered data unless otherwise stated.
** This index is a composite of housing starts, residential building permits, and mortgage loan approvals.

## Financlal Statistics of Education, 1977-78

Total expenditures on education in Canada reached almost $\$ 17.5$ billion for 1977-78. Governments at the federal, provincial and local levels provided more than $90 \%$ of the total, miscellaneous revenues accounting for the rest. Despite the drop in full-time enrolment, spending on education jumped $16 \%$ in 1977-78 compared to an 11\% increase in 1973-74. However, this rise in education spending was less than for all government expenditure when both are expressed as a percentage of Gross Domestic Product.

In 1977-78, one-quarter of the population (six million persons) was studying at an educational institution and approximately one person in 30 active in the labour force worked as a full-time teacher. Education costs averaged $\$ 1,663$ for each worker in Canada.

The elementary-secondary level received two-thirds of the total education budget. Provincial governments provided $67 \%$ of the funding and municipal governments supplied $26 \%$. An analysis of school board spending and particularly per pupil expenditures revealed dramatic increases from 1972 to 1977. Once the effect of inflation was eliminated using the new Elementary-secondary Education Price Index, the real per pupil amount had increased only 14\% from 1974 to 1977 before falling by an estimated $2 \%$ in 1978.

The post-secondary level received $27 \%$ of the total budget, the largest portion going to universities (64\%) and community colleges ( $24 \%$ ), and the rest being shared between direct aid to students and departmental expenses. At this level, provincial governments provided three-quarters of the funding, student fees accounted for $9 \%$ and the federal government supplied $10 \%$ (not including the $\$ 2$ billion paid to the provinces under federal-provincial fiscal arrangements).

The most striking feature of post-secondary education in 1977-78 was the decrease in full-time enrolment at Canadian universities, responsible for a strong decline in the annual operating rate of increase in expenditures ( $18 \%$ in 1975-76 compared to $12 \%$ for the two following years). An analysis of operating expenditures by function showed that $57 \%$ was spent on instruction and $12 \%$ on sponsored research. An analysis of the type of expenditure indicated that salaries and wages accounted for $78 \%$ of the total.
In contrast to declining university enrolment, the non-university sector of post-secondary education enjoyed the highest annual rate of growth in full-time enrolment since 1973-74 and it was the only level in 1977-78 to experience such an increase.
The vocational training sector received $6 \%$ of the total budget. Most important were the manpower training programs which are the federal government's principal direct educational responsibility. They represented the second largest federal outlay for education ( $\$ 616$ million).
For further information, order the publication Financial Statistics of Education (81-208, \$7), or contact F. Gendron (613-995-9795), Education, Science and Culture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Real Domestic Produci (Seasonally adjusted data)

 March 1981 - Advance InformationReal Domestic Product is estimated to have increased by $0.4 \%$ to an index level of 142.2 in March 1981, following $0.4 \%$ and $0.3 \%$ increases in the two preceding months. The first quarter increase from the fourth quarter of 1980 was $0.8 \%$. The March increase extended the recent growth period to nine consecutive months and brought the output level to $1.6 \%$ above the previous cyclical peak of 140.0 in October 1979. The economic slowdown that started in November 1979 continued into the first half of 1980 and by June output had fallen 2.2\% below the peak level of October 1979. In the nine month span from July 1980 to March 1981, total real domestic product advanced $3.9 \%$, with the goods-producing industries, which account for $40 \%$ of the total economy, contributing almost $60 \%$ of the growth.

For industrial production, a decline in January was followed by increases in February and March. A 0.7\% gain was recorded in the first quarter of 1981. In March .1981, industrial production in Canada rose $1.3 \%$, while in the U.S. output increased $0.5 \%$. However, in neither country has industrial production fully recovered to its previous cyclical peak level.

## Flrsi Quarier 1981

The first quarter increase in real domestic product encompassed all areas of the economy, except utilities, construction, and public administration and defence, with about two-thirds of the growth originating among service-producing industries. While the service-producing industries maintained the 0.9\% growth rate of the previous quarter, for the goodsproducing industries the growth rate slowed considerably to 0.6\% compared with $2.8 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 1980. Factors affecting the first quarter were increased demand for consumer goods and some services, as well as shifts in the level of demand from the external sector for motor vehicles, steel, and basic metal ores and concentrates.

In the first quarter of 1981, retail sales continued to show modest improvement as consumer spending increased for the third consecutive quarter. Although sales reached a record high quarterly level, most of the growth occurred in January, followed by slight declines in February and March. Virtually all major store types showed gains. Preliminary estimates indicate higher consumer expenditure on apparel, household furnishings and automobiles. The level of clothing imports, which was depressed for the middle part of 1980, picked up in the fourth quarter, and accelerated sharply in the first three months of 1981 reaching the highest level since the beginning of 1980. Output of domestic clothing manufacturers resumed growth in the first quarter following a slight decline in the final quarter of 1980. The first quarter increase in footwear sales represents a sharp turnaround from the low levels of 1980. Shoe manufacturers experienced the strongest quarterly production increase in three years.

During the last two quarters of 1980 and the first quarter of 1981, retail sales of household furnishings, which include furniture, major appliances, and radio and television sets, rose at a faster rate than total retail sales. A factor in sustaining the first quarter growth was the first quarterly increase since the final quarter of 1979 in the number of residential dwelling completions in the first quarter.

Slightly improved sales among motor vehicle dealers also contributed to the growth in retail trade in the first quarter. However, motor vehicle dealers' sales remained about 2.5\% below the level set in the same period last year. Sales this year were sustained to some extent by various sales promotion incentives such as the Ontario sales tax rebate, the moneyback guarantee and test drive program, and lower interest rate financing programs. The growth in retail sales of motor vehicles was attributable to purchases of passenger cars and commercial vehicles imported from overseas, which increased their share of total sales from 19.7\% in the fourth quarter to $22.5 \%$ in the first quarter of 1981. As a result, wholesalers of motor vehicles and accessories, through which most imported vehicles flow, also reported substantial sales increases in the quarter. During the first three months of 1981, Canadian auto manufacturers increased production of passenger cars and trucks destined for the domestic market. However, faced with declining foreign demand, automobile and truck production for the export market, which usually accounts for most of the Canadian production, fell sharply to a level 30\% below the previous quarter. This drastic production cutback led to the lowest quarterly output level since 1972.

An increase in finance, insurance and real estate services resulted almost entirely from growth in banks and other deposit accepting establishments. Communication services continued their modest upward trend with increased demand for local telephone service accounting for most of the growth. Establishments providing education, health, amusement and recreational services also showed slight increases in the quarter.

For transportation services, there was significant growth in railway transport during the first quarter due to increased carloadings of wheat, grain products, coal, iron ore, wood products and machinery and equipment. The increase in carloadings of these products coincided with output gains in grain elevators, coal and iron mines, wood products industries, and machinery and equipment manufacturing. Exports of commodities produced by these industries also grew in the quarter. Although wheat carloadings were up, preliminary estimates of wheat exports show a slight decline in the quarter possibly reflecting a delay due to a shortage of vessels on the west coast.

The growth among goods-producing industries was concentrated in manufacturing and forestry operations. Following a relatively sharp increase in the final quarter of 1980, manufacturers' output grew at a slower rate in the first three months of 1981. The stronger industries within manufacturing included those producing machinery and equipment, electrical products, food, beverages, wood and paper products. Manufacturers of industrial, agricultural and electrical machinery and equipment all recorded output gains. The first quarter saw an improvement in the external trade performance for machinery and equipment sales as exports of both industrial and farm machinery increased and imports declined. Wholesalers of both electrical and industrial machinery and equipment also reported sales gains in the quarter. There were widespread production gains among food and beve(continued)
rage producers as output of meat, poultry, fish, dairy, and alcoholic beverage products increased.

Forestry operations advanced for the second consecutive quarter as increases in the production of the two major products, sawlogs and pulpwood, both contributed to the output gain. Veneer, plywood, sash, door and other planing mills all experienced higher production levels in the first quarter of 1981. Output by sawmills and exports of lumber were unchanged from the relatively high levels recorded in the fourth quarter of 1980. Shipments from sawmills were up significantly in the last two quarters while inventory levels were reduced. Wholesalers of lumber and building materials reported sales gains in the same period. Following a strong fourth quarter in 1980, residential building activity accelerated in the first quarter of 1981.

Production among Canada's pulp and paper mills was up nearly $2.0 \%$ for the first three months of 1981, with increasing woodpulp production contributing most to the growth. Newsprint output was unchanged from the high level recorded in the fourth quarter of 1980, while exports increased about $5.0 \%$. Stocks of newsprint held by U.S. consumers and at Canadian mills were up substantially reaching the highest level in almost two years.

Following successive declines in the third and fourth quarter of 1980, mining output in the first quarter was unchanged from the fourth quarter. Changes in external demand were the major factors in production increases in iron ore and coal and substantial declines in some other metals and asbestos. A decrease in production of copper and nickel ores can be attributed to lower consumption levels in the U.S., Europe and Japan as exports of refined nickel and copper fell sharply in the first quarter of 1981. Faced with high inventory levels and weak external demand, asbestos mines production fell in each of the last two quarters. Although crude petroleum and natural gas production improved somewhat in the first quarter, output still remained well below levels recorded in each of the first three quarters of 1980.

Sharp declines in electric power generation during January and February accounted for the weakness among utilities in the first quarter.

Construction industry output was down in the first quarter of 1981. A significant gain in residential building was overshadowed by a drop in nonresidential building activity. In residential construction, both starts and completions of single and multiple dwellings were up substantially. January and February preliminary estimates for non-residential building permits issued showed a decline from the fourth quarter of 1981. Output of some construction materials such as cement, concrete, ready-mix and heating equipment, was reduced as well in the quarter.

## March 1981

March growth was heavily concentrated in manufacturing, especially among manufacturers of motor vehicles, machinery and equipment, and iron and steel products. Gains in forestry, utilities and financial institutions also contributed to the increase in total output. Declines in the month were primarily confined to the construction, mining, transportation, and communication industries. There was a slight decline in retail trade as well.

Retail sales of motor vehicles remained relatively unchanged from the improved level recorded in February. A sharp turnaround in foreign demand for passenger cars, following declining demand in each of the three previous months, was mainly responsible for the growth in motor vehicle production. Exports of trucks and other commercial vehicles increased slightly. Passenger car and truck production in both Canada and the U.S. followed a similar pattern, falling sharply in January, rising slightly in February, and then rebounding strongly in March.

Increased output by manufacturers of miscellaneous machinery and equipment also contributed substantially to the growth in March. Following declines in February, both exports and imports of industrial and farm machinery were up considerably in March. The March increase marked the sixth consecutive monthly gain for manufacturers of agricultural implements. However the March output level still remained considerably below the production levels established in the January-July 1980 period. Preliminary estimates indicate that new orders placed with machinery and equipment manufacturers rose significantly during the month. Wholesale merchants' sales of electrical and agricultural machinery increased in March.

The production gain in iron and steel mills was influenced by growing domestic and export demand. Following a sharp decline in December 1980, export shipments increased in January and February and accelerated in March. Inventories of products held by steel mills declined in both February and March.

Forestry operations and some related wood products industries, such as sawmills, pulp and paper mills, and sash, door and other millwork plants each recorded modest increases in March. Lumber exports and sales of lumber and building material dealers both increased significantly.

The growth in utilities was due to increases in both electric power generation and natural gas distribution.

The gain in services provided by financial institutions originated mostly with banks and other deposit accepting establishments, and security brokers, dealers and stock exchanges. The volume of shares traded in stock exchanges during March 1981 rose significantly over February, but was down considerably from the level a year ago.

In March, the construction industry declined for the third consecutive month. The drop can be attributed to decreased residential and non-residential building activity. Following two months of substantial increases, housing starts decreased in March.

Foreign demand for such raw materials as basic metals, petroleum, and natural gas fell sharply in March resulting in notable output reductions by metal mines and mineral fuels producers.

Most major modes of transportation services, such as rail, air, truck, interurban bus and urban transit experienced declines in March. The drop in railway transport was due primarily to decreased carloadings of coal, non-metallic minerals, fuels, chemicals and fertilizers. A decline in passenger traffic, other than (continued)

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100) (Seasonally Adjusted)

|  | 1971 percentage weight | Mar: 1980 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1981 | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Domestic Product | 100.000 | 139.5 | 140.8 | 141.2 | 141.7 | 142.2 | 0.4 |
| Agriculture | 3.371 | 112.2 | 110.1 | 110.0 | 111.7 | 112.5 | 0.7 |
| Forestry | . 802 | 134.3 | 118.3 | 134.0 | 129.4 | 134.3 | 3.8 |
| Fishing and Trapping | . 178 | 144.1 | 129.4 | 131.2 | 138.6 | 144.6 | 4.3 |
| Mines (including milling), quarries and oll wells | 3.819 | 118.9 | 115.1 | 117.1 | 117.7 | 115.8 | -1.6 |
| Manufacturing industries | 22.753 | 134.6 | 132.3 | 131.1 | 133.1 | 135.3 | 1.7 |
| Construction Industry | 6.990 | 118.7 | 133.4 | 131.3 | 130.5 | 128.0 | -1.9 |
| Transportation, storage and communication | 9.050 | 157.9 | 160.8 | 161.2 | 162.4 | 161.3 | -0.7 |
| Transportation | 5.991 | 135.4 | 135.6 | 135.4 | 136.3 | 134.8 | -1.1 |
| Air transport and services incidental to air transport | . 671 | 216.0 | 236.0 | 221.0 | 232.4 | 222.5 | -4.3 |
| Railway transport | 1.815 | 126.0 | 124.1 | 128.9 | 127.9 | 126.7 | -0.9 |
| Bus transport, interurban and rural | . 089 | 127.5 | 136.6 | 138.2 | 134.0 | 129.7 | -3.2 |
| Urban transit systems | . 250 | 111.3 | 120.3 | 112.9 | 112.3 | 108.8 | -3.1 |
| Pipeline transport | . 486 | 123.1 | 120.3 | 122.2 | 124.1 | 126.5 | 1.9 |
| Storage | . 258 | 130.6 | 120.4 | 126.5 | 122.9 | 129.6 | 5.4 |
| Grain elevators | . 177 | 116.6 | 98.8 | 108.5 | 106.6 | 116.0 | 8.8 |
| Communication | 2.801 | 208.3 | 218.6 | 219.8 | 221.8 | 220.9 | -0.4 |
| Electric power, gas and water utillties | 2.658 | 174.1 | 180.6 | 177.8 | 174.3 | 177.7 | 1.9 |
| Trade | 11.561 | 142.9 | 142.8 | 145.2 | 145.3 | 145.1 | -0.1 |
| Wholesale trade | 4.756 | 136.9 | 129.8 | 131.3 | 133.1 | 134.2 . | 0.8 |
| Wholesale merchants | 3.943 | 143.2 | 136.0 | 138.2 | 140.8 | 142.4 | 1.2 |
| Retail trade | 6.805 | 147.0 | 151.9 | 154.9 | 153.8 | 152.7 | -0.7 |
| Food stores | 1.299 | 114.7 | 114.1 | 116.0 | 113.0 | 112.9 | -0.1 |
| General merchandise stores | 1.413 | 140.6 | 145.9 | 148.5 | 146.6 | 145.5 | -0.7 |
| - Department stores | . 889 | 159.6 | 167.5 | 168.6 | 168.2 | 165.6 | -1.5 |
| Other general merchandise stores | . 524 | 108.4 | 109.2 | 114.5 | 109.9 | 111.5 | 1.4 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | . 811 | 169.0 | 172.0 | 172.8 | 175.9 | 175.4 | -0.3 |
| Clothing stores | . 434 | 135.6 | 145.7 | 148.1 | 151.6 | 147.8 | -2.5 |
| - Hardware stores | . 101 | 114.4 | 107.2 | 108.1 | 109.3 | 111.5 | 2.0 |
| Furniture, television, radio and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drug stores | . 301 | 185.6 | 195.2 | 197.8 | 194.0 | 194.2 | 0.1 |
| Finance, insurance and reai estate | 11.853 | 158.5 | 161.5 | 162.9 | 162.6 | 163.9 | 0.8 |
| Community, business and personal service Industrles | 19.539 | 138.9 | 140.5 | 141.2 | 141.8 | 142.2 | 0.2 |
| Education and related services | 6.478 | 107.3 | 107.9 | 108.9 | 109.6 | 109.9 | 0.3 |
| Health and welfare services | 5.318 | 133.5 | 136.7 | 137.4 | 137.5 | 137.8 | 0.2 |
| Amusement and recreation services | . 536 | 192.1 | 201.0 | 202.1 | 198.4 | 199.8 | 0.7 |
| Services to business management | 2.373 | 222.7 | 221.2 | 223.6 | 225.2 | 225.7 | 0.2 |
| Personal services | 1.021 | 114.8 | 115.0 | 115.2 | 115.6 | 115.3 | -0.3 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.588 | 147.7 | 151.2 | 150.0 | 151.4 | 151.8 | 0.3 |
| Public administration and defence | 7.425 | 128.2 | 130.3 | 130.3 | 129.3 | 129.4 | 0.1 |
| Speciai groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index of industrial production | 29.230 | 136.2 | 134.4 | 133.6 | 134.8 | 136.6 | 1.3 |
| Real domestic product less agriculture | 96.629 | 140.4 | 141.9 | 142.3 | 142.7 | 143.2 | 0.4 |
| Goods-producing industries | 40.572 | 131.2 | 131.9 | 131.2 | 132.1 | 133.1 | 0.8 |
| Goods-producing industries less agriculture | 37.201 | 132.9 | 133.8 | 133.1 | 133.9 | 135.0 | 0.8 |
| Service-producing industries | 59.428 | 145.1 | 147.0 | 148.0 | 148.2 | 148.4 | 0.1 |
| Commercial industries | 81.308 | 144.0 | 145:3 | 145.6 | 146.2 | 146.8 | 0.4 |
| Commercial industries less agriculture | 77.937 | 145.4 | 146.8 | 147.1 | 147.7 | 148.2 | 0.4 |
| - Non-commercial industries | 18.692 | 119.8 | 121.6 | 122.2 | 122.1 | 122.2 | 0.2 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 135.9 | 133.1 | 132.9 | 134.3 | 135.6 | 1.0 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 133.3 | 131.4 | 129.4 | 131.9 | 135.0 | 2.4 |

charter travel, accounted for the drop in air transport. The downturn in communication services can be attributed to a lower volume of long distance telephone calls.

For further information, order the March 1981 issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production) (61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact R. Kennedy (613-995-0568), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100) (Seasonally Adjusted)

| $\because$ | 1971 percentage weight |  | 2nd Qtr. $1980$ | 3rd Qtr. 1980 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 4th } \\ \text { Qtr. } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ |  | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Domestic Product- | 100.000 | 138.8 | 137.7 | 138.4 | 140.5 | 141.7 | 0.8 |
| Agriculture * . | 3.371 | 110.4 | 109.6 | 107.7 | 109.4 | 111.4 | 1.9 |
| Forestry | . 802 | 129.5 | 115.7 | 113.5 | 119.2 | 132.6 | 11.2 |
| Fishing and Trapping | . 178 | 141.5 | 119.6 | 105.9 | 120.3 | 138.1 | 14.8 |
| Mines (inciuding milling), quarries and oil welis | 3.819 | 118.4 | 120.0 | 117.9 | 116.8 | 116.9 | 0.1 |
| Manufacturing industries . . | 22.753 | 133.4 | 128.9 | 128.3 | 131.8 | 133.2 | 1.1 |
| Construction industry | 6.990 | 122.1 | 119.6 | 126.0 | 131.8 | 129.9 | -1.4 |
| Transportation, storage and communlcation | 9.050 | 157.8 | 158.4 | 159.5 | 160.6 | 161.6 | 0.6 |
| Transportation | 5.991 | 136.4 | 135.8 | 135.4 | 135.7 | 135.5 | -0.1 |
| Air transport and services incidental to air transport | . 671 | 225.1 | 235.2 | 239.9 | 239.0 | 225.3 | -5.7 |
| Railway transport | 1.815 | 126.7 | 123.4 | 122.0 | 123.2 | 127.8 | 3.7 |
| Bus transport, interurban and rural | . 089 | 126.4 | 129.3 | 126.5 | 132.2 | 134.0 | 1.3 |
| Urban transit systems | . 250 | 109.0 | 114.3 | 118.2 | 119.1 | 111.3 | -6.5 |
| Pipeline transport | . 486 | 126.5 | 120.6 | 116.7 | 119.9 | 124.3 | 3.7 |
| Storage . | . 258 | 126.5 | 122.9 | 118.8 | 122.2 | 126.3 | 3.4 |
| Grain elevators | . 177 | 110.8 | 107.6 | 99.0 | 102.6 | 110.4 | 7.6 |
| Communication | 2.801 | 206.5 | 210.0 | 214.7 | 217.5 | 220.8 | 1.5 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 170.0 | 169.8 | 173.8 | 179.3 | 176.6 | -1.5 |
| Trade | 11.561 | 142.5 | 139.9 | 141.6 | 143.2 | 145.2 | 1.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 4.756 | 133.6 | 130.8 | 129.8 | 131.5 | 132.9 | 1.1 |
| Wholesale merchants | 3.943 | 140.2 | 136.6 | 135.4 | 137.9 | 140.5 | 1.9 |
| Retail trade | 6.805 | 148.8 | 146.2 | 149.8 | 151.4 | 153.8 | 1.6 |
| Food stores | 1.299 | 113.9 | 115.2 | 116.3 | 114.6 | 114.0 | -0.6 |
| General merchandise stores | 1.413 | 142.8 | 141.7 | 142.2 | 144.2 | 146.9 | 1.9 |
| Department stores | . 889 | 162.0 | 161.8 | 163.1 | 165.3 | 167.5 | 1.3 |
| Other general merchandise stores | . 524 | 110.2 | 107.6 | 106.6 | 108.3 | 112.0 | 3.4 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | . 811 | 176.4 | 155.9 | 171.8 | 173.1 | 174.7 | 0.9 |
| Clothing stores | . 434 | 136.6 | 139.2 | 139.6 | 144.2 | 149.2 | 3.5 |
| Hardware stores | . 101 | 116.5 | 113.9 | 106.9 | 105.0 | 109.6 | 4.4 |
| Furniture, television, radio and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| appliance stores | . 216 | 171.5 | 167.5 | 171.1 | 178.2 | 187.6 | 5.3 |
| Drug stores | . 301 | 185.1 | 183.4 | 189.3 | 194.6 | 195.3 | 0.4 |
| Finance, Insurance and real estate | 11.853 | 158.1 | 158.7 | 159.4 | 160.9 | 163.1 | 1.3 |
| Community, business and personal service Industrles | 19.539 | 137.3 | 139.4 | 139.5 | 140.6 | 141.7 | 0.8 |
| Education and related services | 6.478 | 103.1 | 107.5 | 107.6 | 108.6 | 109.5 | 0.8 |
| Health and welfare services | 5.318 | 133.1 | 134.3 | 135.7 | 136.6 | 137.6 | 0.7 |
| Amusement and recreation services | . 536 | 193.2 | 197.7 | 193.8 | 197.6 | 200.1 | 1.3 |
| Services to business management | 2.373 | 222.2 | 222.3 | 220.5 | 222.0 | 224.8 | 1.3 |
| Personal services | 1.021 | 114.6 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.3 | 115.4 | 0.1 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.588 | 147.2 | 148.6 | 148.9 | 150.5 | 151.1 | 0.4 |
| Public administration and defence | 7.425 | 128.1 | 128.5 | 129.0 | 129.6 | 129.7 | 0.0 |
| Speclal groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index of industrial production | 29.230 | 134.8 | 131.4 | 131.1 | 134.1 | 135.0 | 0.7 |
| Real domestic product less agriculture | 96.629 | 139.7 | 138.7 | 139.5 | 141.6 | 142.7 | 0.8 |
| Goods-producing industries | 40.572 | 130.5 | 127.2 | 127.8 | 131.3 | 132.1 | 0.6 |
| Goods-producing industries less agriculture | 37.201 | 132.3 | 128.8 | 129.6 | 133.3 | 134.0 | 0.5 |
| Service-producing industries | 59.428 | 144.4 | 144.9 | 145.6 | 146.9 | 148.2 | 0.9 |
| Commercial industries | 81.308 | 143.5 | 141.7 | 142.5 | 144.9 | 146.2 | 0.9 |
| Commercial industries less agriculture | 77.937 | 145.0 | 143.1 | 144.0 | 146.5 | 147.7 | 0.8 |
| Non-commercial industries | 18.692 | 118.1 | 120.1 | 120.6 | 121.6 | 122.2 | 0.5 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324. | 134.4 | 132.1 | 131.1 | 132.8 | 134.3 | 1.1 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 132.3 | 125.6 | 125.5 | 130.7 | 132.1 | 1.1 |



## CONTENTS

2 Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes (Custom Basis), March 1981

4 Non-residentlal Bullding Construction Input Price Indexes, April 1981
4 Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, April 1981
2 Price Indexes of Construction Machinery and Equipment, April 1981
2 Federal Government Employment, First Quarter 1981
4 Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, May 1981

## Exports by Commodities

Commodity-country export trade statistics for April 1981 are now available in advance of the regular publications. For information, contact G.L. Blaney (613-995-6305), External Trade Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

23-205 (Canada: \$3; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60$ ) Wool Production and Supply, 1980
35-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production, Shlpments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockles, March 1981

62-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) The Consumer Price Index, May 1981 - Available June 12, 1981 at 7 a.m.

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Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes, Customs Basis
Laspeyres Price Indexes Welghted with Fixed 1971 Quantities
Not Adjușted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)
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Export (Domestic) and Import Price and Volume Indexes (Customs Basis), March 1981 - Advance Information
Domestic export prices declined $0.8 \%$ in March following a $3.4 \%$ increase in February and a 1.1\% increase in January. Import prices increased 0.9\% in March compared with a $2.2 \%$ increase in February and a $0.5 \%$ increase in January.
For the first quarter of 1981, both export and import fixed weight price indexes increased more than in the third and fourth quarters of 1980. Export prices were up 3.1\% in the first quarter following increases of 2.3\% and $2.7 \%$ in the third and fourth quarters. First quarter import prices increased more than export prices with a $5.8 \%$ increase following increases of $3.1 \%$ and $4.7 \%$ in the third and fourth quarters. The current weighted export price deflator was up 6.3\% in the first quarter of 1981 while the import deflator increased $4 \%$.
The seasonally adjusted domestic export volume index increased $3.9 \%$ in March following a $7.1 \%$ decrease in February and a $2.8 \%$ increase in January. The March import volume index was unchanged from February following a 3.3\% increase in February and a 1.4\% increase in January.

Seasonally adjusted domestic export volume was down $4.7 \%$ in the first quarter of 1981 compared with a $0.8 \%$ increase in import volume. The $4.7 \%$ decline in first quarter export volume followed increases of 3.3\% in the fourth, $2 \%$ in the third and declines in the first
two quarters of 1980. The $0.8 \%$ first quarter 1981 increase in import volume followed a $4.4 \%$ increase in the fourth quarter and declines in the first three quarters of 1980

For further information, order the April issue of the Summary of External Trade ( $65-001, \$ 3 / \$ 30$ ).
(see table on next page)
Price Indexes of Construction Machinery ana Equipment, April 1981 - Advance Information Price indexes of construction machinery and equipment for Canada are now available for April 1981.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A.OV5.

Federal Government Employment, First Quarter 1981 - Advance Information

Data are now available from the CANSIM data bank. Quarterly data are located in Matrix 2717 and monthly data by province in Matrix 2718.

To obtain these data from CANSIM on magnetic tape or computer printouts, contact D. Bergeron (613-995-0575), CANSIM Staff, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

Paasche Price Indexes Weighted with Current Period Quantities (continued)
Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1971=100)

|  | Domestic Exports | Period to Period Change \% | Imports | Period to Period Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Annual | 173.1 | 10.7 | 157.4 | 15.8 |
| 1976 Annual | 177.2 | 2.4 | 157.6 | 0.1 |
| 1977 Annual | 188.6 | 6.5 | 176.9 | 12.2 |
| 1978 Annual | 205.3 | 8.8 | 200.9 | 13.6 |
| 1979 Annual | 248.2 | 20.9 | 229.2 | 14.1 |
| 1980 Annual | 291.1 | 17.3 | 267.1 | 16.6 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |
| 11 Quarter | 241.6 | 5.4 | 218.7 | -0.2 |
| III Quarter | 256.8 | 6.3 | 235.2 | 7.5 |
| IV Quarter | 265.4 | 3.4 | 245.0 | 4.2 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 288.5 | 8.7 | 259.6 | 6.0 |
| 11 Quarter | 287.1 | -0.5 | 263.1 | 1.3 |
| III-Quarter | 293.0 | 2.1 | 271.3 | 3.1 |
| IV Quarter | 296.2 | 1.1 | 276.1 | 1.8 |
| 1981 <br> 1 Quarter | 314.7 | 6.3 | 287.1 | 4.0 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |
| October | 291.6 | 0.7 | 274.1 | -1.3 |
| November | 295.0 | 1.2 | 270.0 | -1.5 |
| December | 302.7 | 2.6 | 284.2 | 5.2 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  |
| January | 319.5 | 5.6 | 291.4 | 2.5 |
| February | 322.7 | 1.0 | 285.8 | -1.9 |
| March | 302.8 | -6.2 | 284.4 | -0.5 |

Volume Indexes Weighted with 1971 Prices (Constant Doliars)
Seasonally Adjusted
(1971=100)

|  | Domestic Exports |  | Period to Period Change \% |  | Imports | Period to Period Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1975 Annual | 108.1 |  | -7.2 |  | 141.3 | -5.5 |
| 1976 Annual | 121.0 |  | 11.9 |  | 152.4 | 7.9 |
| 1977 Annual | 131.9 |  | 9.0 |  | 153.2 | 0.5 |
| 1978 Annual | 145.0 |  | 9.9 |  | 158.1 | 3.2 |
| 1979 Annual | 147.6 |  | 1.8 |  | 175.7 | 11.1 |
| 1980 Annual | 145.3 |  | -1.6 |  | 165.7 | -5.7 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 Quarter | 143.6 |  | -3.8 |  | 176.0 | 0.4 |
| III Quarter | 148.0 |  | .3.1 |  | 177.4 | 0.8 |
| IV Quarter | 149.2 |  | 0.8 |  | 173.3 | -2.3 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Quarter | 143.8 |  | -3.6 |  | 167.7 | -3.2 |
| 11 Quarter | 142.2 |  | -1.1. |  | 166.0 | $-1.0$ |
| III Quarter | 145.0 |  | 2.0 |  | -160.4 | -3.4 |
| IV Quarter | 149.8 |  | 3.3 |  | 167-5 | 4.4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1981 \\ & 1 \text { Quarter } \end{aligned}$ | 142.7 |  | -4:7 |  | 168.8 | 0.8 |
| 1980 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | ' $\because \because$ |  |
| October | 151.8 |  | 4.5 | $\cdots$ | - 170.6 | $\cdots \quad 7.8$ |
| November | 153.7 |  | 1.3 | * | 169:1- | -0.9 |
| December | 144.0 |  | -6.3 | $\cdots$ | 162.9 . | . -3.7 |
| 1981 |  |  |  |  | : | $\therefore \quad \therefore$ |
| January | 148.0 |  | 2.8 |  | 165.2 | 1.4 |
| February | 137.5 |  | -7.1 |  | 170.6 | 3.3 |
| March | 142.8 |  | 3.9 | - . | 170.6 | . 0.0 |

# Non-residential Buliding Construction Input Price Indexes 

April 1981 - Advance Information
(1971=100)

|  | $\cdots$, $\because 3$ |  |  | \% Change |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apr. 1981 | Mar. 1981 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 81/ Mar. 81 | Apr. $81 /$ Apr. 80 | May 80 to Apr. $81 /$ May 79 to Apr. 80 |
| Total Index: | 248.7 | 246.9 | 227.4 | 0.7 | 9.4 | 9.2 |
| Materials | 250.1 | 246.7 | 228.0 | 1.4 | 9.7 | $\therefore 9.4$ |
| Steel and metal work | 258.0 | 252.5 | 239.5 | 2.2 | 7.7 | $\because 8.2$ |
| Plumbing, heating and air conditioning | 223.0 | 222.0 | 203.0 | 0.5 | 9.9 | $\cdots 9.8$ |
| Electrical equipment : | 264.6 | 259.2 | 250.3 | 2.1 | 5.7 | 92 |
| Concrete products | 275.4 | 275.2 | 242.1 | 0.1 | 13.8 | 11.4 |
| Lumber and lumber products | 253.9 | 251.3 | 236.7 | 1.0 | 7.3 | -1.2 |
| Other | 248:4 | 244.0 | 218.4 | 1.8 | 13.7 | 10.6 |
| Labour | 247.2 | 247.1 | 226.8 | - | 9.0 | 8.9 |

For further information, order Construction Price Statistics, Monthly Bulletin (62-007, \$30 a year). or contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV5.
Union Wage Rate Indexes, including selected pay supplements, are now available for April 1981.

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, April 1981 - Advance Information
The index number of farm prices of agricultural products for April increased by $0.8 \%$ ( 2.3 index points) to 289.7 from the revised March level of 287.4 (1971=100).
The index, which measures (as closely as can be determined) prices received by producers at the farm gate, is available on CANSIM (matrix 176) or in Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products (62$003, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ). This release incorporates Canadian Wheat Board adjustment payments for August 1980 to date.
Sub-indexes for livestock, crops and their components are available to users by contacting the Farm Income and Prices Section. For further information, contact George Beelen (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products
(1971=100)

|  | April <br> 1981 | March 1981 | April 1980 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Canada | 289.7 | 287.4 | 253.1 |
| Prince Edward Island | 403.4 | 400.9 | 226.6 |
| Nova Scotia | 269.9 | 271.1 | 248.6 |
| New Brunswick | 355.0 | 344.5 | 224.7 |
| Quebec | 276.8 | 277.7 | 239.4 |
| Ontario | 254.2 | 254.1 | 222.0 |
| Manitoba* | 305.7 | 304.5 | 268.3 |
| Saskatchewan* | 332.8 | 327.2 | 296.8 |
| Alberta* | 298.4 | 294.1 | 263.9 |
| British Columbia* | 275.8 | 271.2 | 248.4 |

[^18]Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, May 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the month of May 1981 was $1,636,277$ short tons ( 1484406 t). The comparable month's total in 1980 was $1,558,966$ short tons (1 414270 t).

Preliminary pig iron production for May was 1,144,612 short tons (1038 375 t ). The comparable month's total in 1980 was 1,094,978 short tons (993 347 t).

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Steel Ingots and Pig Iron (41-002, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

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Friday, June 12, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Employment, Earnings and Hours, March 1981
5 Retail Trade, April 1981


3 Local Government Employment, January-March 1981
3. Production of Eggs, April 1981

3 Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products, June 1, 1981
4 Sugar Sales, May 1981
4. Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, April 1981

4 For-hire Trucking Survey, 1979

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

15-201E (Canada: \$15; Other Countries: \$18) The Input-output Structure of the Canadlan Economy, 1971-77

54-004 (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) International Vessel Traffic Statistics, First Quarter 1980

61-003p (N/C) Industrlal Corporatlons, FInanclal Statlstics, Preliminary Data, First Quarter 1981

63-014 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Merchandising Inventories, February 1981

83-232 (Canada: \$20; Other Countries: \$24) Hospital Annual Statistics, 1977-78

## Employment, Earnings and Hours, Advance Data

March 1981

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry Division ànd Area <br>  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{p} \\ 668 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1980 \\ 1961 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1980 \\ &= 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 60.7 | 63.6 | 64.3 | 69.8 | 67.4 | 70.3 | 79.1 | 76.5 | 76.7 | 75.4 |
| Mining, including milling | 145.4 | 145.4 | 145.1 | 143.5 | 136.0 | 134.3 | 149.4 | 147.9 | 146.8 | 146.7 |
| Manufacturing | 128.8 | 128.0 | 126.5 | 126.8 | 129.2 | 128.2 | 130.7 | 130.9 | 129.6 | 129.6 |
| Durable Goods | 141.8 | 140.5 | 137.6 | 139.9 | 144.1 | 142.8 | 143.4 | 142.7 | 139.9 | 141.5 |
| Non-durable Goods | 118.2 | 118.2 | 117.6 | 116.1 | 117.3 | 116.3. | 120.7 | 121.7 | 121.4 | 119.7 |
| Construction | 85.7 | 84.3 | 83.5 | 86.7 | 82.2 | 81.3 | 98.4 | 99.8 | 97.8 | 94.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 136.6 | 134.1 | 137.0 | 137.8 | 135.4 | 133.4 | 140.4 | 138.0 | 141.2 | 140.5 |
| Trade | 182.5 | 182.7 | 184.8 | 189.0 | 179.2 | 179.2 | 185.3 | 185.9 | 185.3 | 183.2 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 211.5 | 210.3 | 210.5 | 210.3 | 207.2 | 206.1 | 212.2 | '211.2 | '211.5 | 211.3 |
| Service | 288.9 | 286.6 | 285.2 | 278.9 | 275.5 | 272.1 | 295.0 | 295.8 | 295.6 | 288.1 |
| Industrial Composite * | 151.6 | 150.6 | 150.7 | 151.3 | 149.3 | 148.2 | 155.5 | 155.2 | 154.9 | 153.5 |
| Industrial Composite: ${ }^{\text {cos }}$, $\quad$ \% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic.Region .. | 129.8 | 131.2 | 131.2 | 132.2 | 130.0 | 130.1 | 139.8 | 140.6 | 140.0 | 136.7 |
| Newfoundland | 120.7 | 124.9 | 125.2 | 121.6 | 121.5 | 121.7 | 134.2 | : 135.5 | 137.2 | 127.1 |
| Prince Edward Island | 142.3 | 147.4 | 148.5 | 151.0 | 146.8 | 144.8 | 160.4 | 166.8 | 169.1 | 161.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 134.7 | 134.8 | 134.5 | 137.2 | 134.9 | 134.6 | 140.9 | 141.2 | 140.4 | 140.1 |
| New Brunswick | 128.9 | 129.6 | 129.5 | 131.6 | 128.3 | 128.9 | 139.9 | 140.2 | 139.2 | 136.7 |
| Quebec | 125.7 | 125.1 | 124.5 | 125.2 | 125.3 | 124.4 | - 129.2 | 128.9 | 127.9 | 127.3 |
| Ontario | 156.2 | 155.4 | 154.7 | 156.0 | 154.1 | 153.1 | 159.3 | 159.0 | 158.0 | 157.2 |
| Prairie Region | 181.9 | 181.6 | 181.4 | 180.6. | 174.7 | 173.5 | . 186.9 | 187.4 | 186.8 | 183.3 |
| Manitoba | 127.5 | 126.7 | 126.9 | 126.6 | 126.0 | 125.6 | 131.2 | 130.9 | 130.6 | 128.7 |
| Saskatchewan | 153.6 | 152.2 | 153.2 | 152.6 | 147.8 | 146.5 | 159.0 | . 158.4 | 159.4 | 154.8 |
| Alberta | 238.5 | 239.0 | 238.0 | 236.6 | 226.1 | 224.1 | 244.4 | 246.1 | 244.4 | 239.9 |
| British Columbia | 187.2 | 180.8 | 187.0 | 186.4 | . 182.9 | 179.2 | 189.2 | 185.9 | 193.2 | 190.6 |
| Yukon | 175.2 | 183.6 | 180.9 | 179.8 | 184.1 | 178.8 | 186.0 | 198.7 | 199.2 | 189.3 |
| Northwest Territories | 169.9 | 163.6 | 162.8 | 157.3 | 159.0 | 156.8 | . 173.5 | $\therefore 174.5$ | 174.8 | 169.2 |
| Canada | 151.6 | 150.6 | 150.7 | 151.3 | 149.3 | 148.2 | 155.5 | 155.2 | 154.9 | 153.5 |

. figures not appropriate or not applicable. f -first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

## Employment, Earnings and Hours (Seasonally Adjusted), March 1981 - Advance Information

The first estimate of the Canada industrial composite*index of employment (1961=100) for March 1981 showed a $0.2 \%$ increase from February. All industry divisions increased except manufacturing, construction, trade and service which decreased. All regions contributed to the increase except the Atlantic and the Prairie regions which registered losses.

Average weekly earnings, at the national industrial level, advanced by $0.5 \%$. Gains were registered in all divisions except mining (including milling), transportation, communication and other utilities and finance, insurance and real estate which decreased. All regions contributed to the increase.

Average weekly hours decreased in mining (including milling) and in construction but remained unchanged in manufacturing. Average hourly earnings rose in mining (including milling), manufacturing and construction.

The coverage of the employment, earnings and hours survey was changed effective March 1981 to adhere more closely to the concept of larger firms and
to include changes in the industrial activity of firms in the survey. This type of revision is performed once a year.

The employment, earnings and hours data in these tables incorporate these changes from January 1981 to date and supersede previously published data.

Detailed information for January and February will be published in the March issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours ( $72-002, \$ 4 / \$ 40$ ) and is also available from Mr. Ouellette (613-992-5613), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.
*Industrial composite is the sum of all industries with the exception of agriculture, fishing and trapping, education and related services, health and welfare services, religious organizations, private households and public administration and defence. Notes on concepts and methods can be found in any issue of Employment, Earnings and Hours.
(see tables on pages 3 and 4)

## Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area(1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Earnings Unadjusted for seasonal variations |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1980 dol |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 483.17 | 459.87 | 446.91 | 358.03 | 421.93 | 417.53 | 456.55 | 434.33 | 429.68 | 439.89 |
| Mining, including milling | 521.29 | 521.92 | 515.50 | 484.73 | 460.07 . | 459.05 | 513.59 | 515.63 | 507.18 | 484.29 |
| Manufacturing | 373.09 | 370.18 | 367.16 | 353.41 | 336.01 | 332.46 | 370.94 | 367.86 | 366.35 | 360.14 |
| Durable Goods | 396.67 | 393.40 | 389.42 | 374.45 | 356.89' | 353.59 | 395.33 | 391.72 | 390.12 | 383.19 |
| Non-durable Goods | 350.21 | 346.89 | 346.08 | 332.93 | 315.28 | 311.50 | 347.84 | 344.27 | 344.84 | 337.18 |
| Construction | 494.58 | 491.44 | 488.57 | 455.17 | 449.72 | 441.16 | 497.97 | 497.51 | 500.58 | 492.34 |
| Transportation, Communication |  |  |  |  |  | 371.19 |  |  |  |  |
| and Other Utilities Trade | 409.76 254.80 | 411.60 252.01 | 408.44 250.44 | 394.17 245.42 | 372.13 232.07 | 371.19 228.86 | 409.55 254.93 | 410.00 254.07 | 405.52 | 397.07 247 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 347.11 | 344.64 | 345.89 | 318.58 | 300.43 | 296.22 | 343.71 | 344.98 | 345.99 | 320.37 |
| Service | 227.29 | 225.50 | 224.61 | 219.09 | 204.30 | 203.99 | 227.36 | 226.59 | 224.52 | 219.38 |
| Industrial Composite - | 343.93 | 341.70 | 339.35 | 325.60 | 310.17 | 307.06 | 343.93 | 342.32 | 340.64 | 332.75 |
| Industrial Composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allantic Region | 299.22 | 299.51 | 298.70 | 283.34 | 273.48 | 271.56 | 299.22 | 297.37 | 295.19 | 288.53 |
| Newfoundland | 316.96 | 316.45 | 319.99 | 299.75 | 294.45 | 285.12 | 313.23 | 313.97 | 316.45 | 308.96 |
| Prince Edward Island | 239.57 | 245.01 | 241.38 | 238.04 | 226.39 | 224.52 |  |  |  |  |
| Nova Scotia | 288.24 | 288.96 | 288.79 | 273.68 | 258.68 | 259.64 | 287.18 | 288.84 | 287.58 | 278.95 |
| New Brunswick | 308.13 | 307.65 | 303.55 | 290.20 | 284.01 | 282.93 | 302.36 | 301.97 | 296.35 | 291.07 |
| Quebec | 340.36 | 339.10 | 336.39 | 323.42 | 306.95 | 304.98 | 341.14 | 339.54 | 337.84 | . 329.58 |
| Ontario | 336.83 | 333.89 | 332.61 | 319.16 | 305.69 | 302.18 | 336.80 | 334.43 | 334.38 | 325:34 |
| Prairie Region | 349.43 | 348.84 | 346.72 | 331.24 | 311.19 | 308.87 | 349.33 | 349.15 | 347.97 | 338.35 |
| Manitoba | 304.49 | 301.64 | 302.10 | 289.61 | 276.32 | 274.41 | 304.86 | 303.52 | 303.34 | . 293.96 |
| Saskatchewan | 321.00 | 319.32 | 317.02 | 313.99 | 292.70 | 290.32 | 322.74 | 322.77 | 320.68 | 317.19 |
| Alberta | 376.71 | 377.16 | 374.14 | 354.19 | 332.20 | 329.77 | 376.03 | 376.75 | 374.78 | 363.72 |
| British Columbia | 394.40 | 390.84 | 382.61 | 370.05 | 352.93 | 347.85 | 396.42 | 394.27 | 385.11 | 381.97 |
| Yukon | 458.71 | 469.72 | 452.47 | 444.78 | 417.46 | 402.46 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwest Territories | 411.88 | 404.19 | 389.91 | 373.17 | 382.71 | - 378.30 |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 343.93 | 341.70 | 339.35 | 325.60 | 310.17 | 307.06 | 343.93 | 342.32 | 340.64 | 332.75 |

[^19]Local Government Employment, January-March 1981

## - Advance Information

At the end of March 1981, the number of employees involved in general government services of municipalities across Canada was 270,207, a decrease of 1.4\% from the 274,126 reported at the end of the previous quarter.

The gross payrolls of municipalities for the first quarter of 1981 amounted to $\$ 1,111,317,000$, a decrease of $7.7 \%$ from the $\$ 1,203,989,000$ reported for the fourth quarter.

Data are presently available from Matrix 2725 of the CANSIM data bank and from the January-March issue of Local Government Employment (72-009, \$4/\$16). For further information, contact the Local Government Section (613-995-9897), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production of Eggs, April 1981 - Advance Information Canadian egg production increased $3.5 \%$ to 40.8 million dozen in April 1981 from 39.4 million a year earlier. The average number of layers was down $0.2 \%$
to 25.0 million from 25.1 million while the number of eggs per 100 layers increased $3.7 \%$ to 1,956 from $1,886$.

For further information, order the April issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25)$, Agricultüre Statistics Divișion, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products, June 1 1981- Advance Information
Cold storage holdings of frozen poultry products at June 1 amounted to 33833 metric tonnes compared with last year's corresponding total of 41136 metric tonnes.

For further information, order April issue of Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry (23-003, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-9954859), Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OL7.

Employment, Earnings and Hours (continued)

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Average Weekly Hours and Average Hourly Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 f \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1981p | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ \text { 1980r } \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 1980 num | Feb. <br> 1980 <br> er | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 f \end{gathered}$ | Feb. 1981p | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 1980 \mathrm{r} \end{gathered}$ |
| Average Weekly Hours: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 39.3 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 39.5 |
| Manufacturing | 38.8 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 37.8 | 38.9 | 38.8 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 39.0 | 38.7 |
| Durable Goods | 39.6 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 38.4 | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.4 |
| Non-durable Goods | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.2 | 37.1 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 37.9 |
| Construction | 38.6 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 36.2 | 39.0 | 38.3 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 40.2 | 39.8 |
| Building | 37.8 | 37.4 | 37.6 | 36.1 | 38.1 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 38.7 | 38.3 |
| Engineering | 40.8 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 36.6 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 43.2 | 42.4 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 37.9 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 36.3 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 37.9 | 38.2 | 38.5 | 37.6 |
| Quebec | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 38.2 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.2 |
| Ontario | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 38.2 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 39.1 |
| Prairie Region | 37.9 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 36.9 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.5 |
| British Columbia | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Hourly EarnIngs: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining, including milling | 11.76 | 11.74 | 11.58 | 11.43 | 10.59 | 10.38 | 11.69 | 11.67 | 11.52 | 11.34 |
| Manufacturing | 8.86 | 8.79 | 8.68 | 8.59 | 7.98 | 7.90 | 8.85 | 8.79 | 8.68 | 8.61 |
| Durable Goods | 9.40 | 9.33 | 9.19 | 9.08 | 8.46 | 8.37 | 9.42 | 9.35 | 9.20 | 9.15 |
| Non-durable Goods | 8.27 | 8.20 | 8.14 | 8.04 | 7.44 | 7.36 | 8.23 | 8.20 | 8.13 | 8.03 |
| Construction | 13.15 | 13.16 | 13.06 | 12.60 | 11.90 | 11.85 | 13.05 | 12.98 | 12.94 | 12.79 |
| Building | 13.39 | 13.42 | 13.35 | 13.04 | 12.11 | 12.01 | 13.46 | 13.40 | 13.35 | 13.17 |
| Engineering | 12.50 | 12.47 | 12.27 | 11.56 | 11.36 | 11.44 | 12.15 | 12.07 | 12.02 | 11.96 |
| Manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Region | 7.89 | 8.02 | 8.00 | 8.08 | 7.18 | 7.16 | 7.89 | 7.85 | 7.80 | 7.98 |
| Quebec | 8.17 | 8.11 | 7.97 | 7.90 | 7.32 | 7.23 | 8.19 | 8.12 | 7.97 | 7.94 |
| Ontario | 8.82 | 8.74 | 8.63 | 8.51 | 8.01 | 7.91 | 8.80 | 8.75 | 8.64 | 8.56 |
| Prairie Region | 9.01 | 8.99 | 8.88 | 8.72 | 8.06 | 8.02 | 9.09 | 9.08 | 8.96 | 8.75 |
| British Columbia | 11.62 | 11.54 | 11.45 | 11.40 | 10.39 | 10.35 | 11.68 | 11.58 | 11.41 | 11.39 |

[^20]Sugar Sales, May 1981 - Advance Information For May 1981, Canadian sugar refineries reported total sales of 93209034 kilograms of all types of sugar, 79976628 kilograms in domestic sales and 13232406 kilograms in export sales.

For detailed information on stocks, production and shipments (sales) of refined sugar for the same period, available in approximately 10 days, order the May 1981 issue of The Sugar Situation (32-013, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, April 1981

- Advance Information

Advance information on factory sales of electric storage batteries for the month of April 1981 is now available.

For further information, order the above mentioned publication, (43-005, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

For-hire Trucking Survey, 1979 - Advance Information
The 1979 data regarding the for-hire trucking survey are now available. The 1979 estimated total revenue in Canada was $\$ 3,076$ million.

For further information, please contact Jeanine Bustros (613-995-1976), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1.

Retail Trade, Canada, by Kind of Business
April 1981

| Kind of Business | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  |  | Apr. 81/ Apr. 80 | Sales All Stores |  | Apr. 81/ Mar. 81 |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{r} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1980 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1981r } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Combination stores (groceries and meat) | 1,383.1 | 1,447.8 | 1,260.0 | 14.9 | 1,463.0 | 1,462.2 | 0.1 |
| Grocery, confectionery and sundries stores | 333.6 | 359.9 | 292.0 | 23.2 | 373.3 | 364.5 | 2.4 |
| All other food stores | 117.1 | 129.2 | 109.8 | 17.6 | 130.3 | 125.6 | 3.8 |
| Department stores | 689.2 | 793.7 | 684.4 | 15.9 | 868.5 | 836.6 | 3.8 |
| General merchandise stores | 158.4 | 152.7 | 146.2 | 4.4 | 167.9 | 178.4 | -5.9 |
| General stores | 126.7 | 133.0 | 116.4 | 14.3 | 143.9 | 145.6 | -1.2 |
| Variety stores | 69.9 | 82.7 | 73.4 | 12.5 | 91.2 | 87.3 | 4.4 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | 1,536.1 | 1,668.2 | 1,413.5 | 18.0 | 1,450.3 | 1,466.6 | -1.1 |
| Used car dealers | 46.7 | 51.8 | 34.3 | 51.1 |  |  |  |
| Service stations | 552.1 | 584.4 | 445.5 | 31.1 | 615.6 | 601.2 | 2.4 |
| Garages | 95.8 | 108.1 | 92.2 | 17.1 | 106.5 | 100.5 | 6.0 |
| Automotive parts and accessories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's clothing stores | 68.5 | 79.8 | 69.8 | 14.3 | 91.0 | 86.7 | 5.0 |
| Women's clothing stores | 124.0 | 136.5 | 121.1 | 12.7 | 142.8 | 150.0 | -4.9 |
| Family clothing stores | 90.9 | 100.8 | 90.6 | 11.1 | 108.1 | 113.6 | -4.9 |
| Specialty shoe stores | 8.0 | 10.0 | 8.1 | 22.4 | 10.8 | 10.2 | 5.7 |
| Family shoe stores | 55.2 | 68.2 | 61.8 | 10.2 | 66.2 | 72.9 | -9.2 |
| Hardware stores | 51.9 | 63.7 | 61.4 | 3.7 | 70.7 | 71.0 | -0.4 |
| Household furniture stores | 105.7 | 113.8 | 85.5 | 33.1 | 119.5 | 116.5 | 2.5 |
| Household appliance stores | 24.1 | 28.6 | 20.6 | 38.9 | 31.8 | 27.1 | 17.4 |
| Furniture, TV, radio and appliance stores | 42.3 | 43.3 | 39.5 | 9.5 | 47.5 | 49.3 | -3.8 |
| Pharmacies, patent medicine and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cosmetics stores | 242.8 | 253.7 | 199.3 | 27.2 | 268.7 | 253.3 | 6.1 |
| Book and stationery stores | 33.7 | 36.0 | 27.0 | 33.4 | 42.3 | 38.0 | 11.4 |
| Florists | 23.6 | 34.2 | 28.9 | 18.0 | 30.0 | 27.5 | 9.1 |
| Jewellery stores | 44.7 | 53.8 | 44.1 | 21.8 | 66.7 | 66.3 | 0.6 |
| Sporting goods and accessories stores | 81.8 | 96.8 | 92.7 | 4.4 | 93.2 | 99.7 | -6.4 |
| Personal accessories stores | 89.5 | 96.7 | 82.9 | 16.5 | 109.0 | 106.1 | 2.8 |
| All other stores | 779.8 | 835.0 | 732.3 | 14.0 | 905.1 | 894.7 | 1.2 |
| Total, all stores | 7,099.7 | 7,733.5 | 6,585.0 | 17.4 | 7,826.6 | 7,787.3 | 0.5 |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures

Retail Trade, April 1981 - Advance Information
Seasonally adjusted retail sales for April were $\$ 7,826.6$ million, an increase of $0.5 \%$ from the $\$ 7,787.3$ million recorded in March. Household appliance stores ( $+17.4 \%$ ), book and stationery stores ( +11.4 ), florists ( $+9.1 \%$ ) and pharmacies, patent medicine and cosmetics stores ( $+6.1 \%$ ) recorded the largest sales increases. The largest decreases were in family shoe stores ( $-9.2 \%$ ), sporting goods and accessories stores ( $-6.4 \%$ ) and general merchandise stores ( $-5.9 \%$ ). Six provinces recorded increased sales over March ranging from 6.6\% for New Brunswick to 0.8\% for Alberta. The largest sales decrease was in British Columbia (-2.1\%).

Total retail trade without seasonal adjustment reached $\$ 7,733.5$ million, an increase of $17.4 \%$ over April 1980. Sales increased in all trade groups with the largest increases in used car dealers (51.1\%) household appliance stores ( $38.9 \%$ ) and book and stationery stores (33.4\%). Sales increased in all provinces
ranging from 22.9\% for British Columbia to 12.7\% for Prince Edward Island. Montreal sales rose 12.0\%; Toronto, 20.9\%; Winnipeg, 14.1\%; and Vancouver, 23.6\%.

Cumulative sales for January to April 1981 for Canada, were $\$ 27,768.8$ million, an increase of $15.1 \%$ over the same period in 1980.
Revised total retail trade, without seasonal adjustment for March 1981, was $\$ 7,099.7$ million, an increase of 15.8\% from March 1980.
For further information, order the April issue of Retail Trade (63-005) or contact the Retail Trade Section (613-996-9304), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.
(see table on next page)

Retail Trade, All Stores, by Province and Selected Metropolitan Areas
April 1981

|  | Unadjusted |  |  |  | Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales All Stores |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Apr. } 81 / \\ \text { Apr. } 80 \end{array}$ | Sales All Stores |  | Apr. $81 /$ Mar. 81 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1981r } \end{aligned}$ | Apr. 1981p | Apr <br> 1980 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Apr. } \\ \text { 1981p } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar. } \\ & \text { 1981r } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  | \% | (\$ millions) |  | \% |
| Newfoundland | 129.2 | 139.2 | 121.8 | 14.3 | 141.3 | 141.3 | -0.1 |
| Prince Edward Island | 28.7 | 32.2 | 28.5 | 12.7 | 33.5 | 34.2 | -1.9 |
| Nova Scotia | 216.9 | 241.4 | 211.3 | 14.2 | 245.7 | 239.7 | 2.5 |
| New Brunswick | 166.4 | 198.9 | 171.5 | 15.9 | 199.4 | 187.0 | 6.6 |
| Quebec | 1,742.0 | 1,926.9 | 1,702.9 | 13.1 | 1,871.5 | 1,886.5 | -0.8 |
| Ontario | 2,480.8 | 2,719.7 | 2,296.6 | 18.4 | 2,792.9 | 2,732.2 | 2.2 |
| Manitoba | 263.3 | 290.0 | 253.9 | 14.2 | 289.9 | 286.8 | 1.1 |
| Saskatchewan | 291.8 | 325.9 | 270.0 | 20.6 | 330.5 | 318.5 | 3.8 |
| Alberta | 823.8 | 883.5 | 733.1 | 20.5 | 904.2 | 897.0 | 0.8 |
| British Columbia | 936.4 | 955.8 | 777.3 | 22.9 | 990.6 | 1,011.7 | -2.1 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 20.4 | 20.0 | 18.1 | 10.8 | 21.6 | 22.0 | -2.0 |
| Canada | 7,099.7 | 7,733.5 | 6,585.0 | 17.4 | 7,826.6 | 7,787.3 | 0.5 |
| Montreal | 839.8 | 884.0 | 789.2 | 12.0 |  |  |  |
| Toronto | 938.2 | 1,019.9 | 843.6 | 20.9 |  |  |  |
| Winnipeg | 165.6 | 181.4 | 159.0 | 14.1 |  |  |  |
| Vancouver | 491.6 | 493.5 | 399.2 | 23.6 |  |  |  |

p Preliminary figures
$r$ Revised figures


Monday, June 15, 1981

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3 Railway Carloadings, 10 Days Ended May 31, 1981
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## Latest Edition of Market Research Handbook Now Available

The 1981 edition of the Handbook ( 751 pages) provides the most comprehensive array of Canadian marketing information contained in a single volume. Key economic data are supplied on the nation, the provinces and territories, 23 metropolitan areas and 35 other population centres.

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In addition, the Handbook features an index of the major subjects examined statistically and a section devoted to definitions of terms, special notes and sources of information for more detailed data.

For further information, order the 1981 edition of the Market Research Handbook (63-224, $\$ 25$ in Canada, $\$ 30$ elsewhere), or contact Maurice Massaad (613-995-4198), Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

26-006 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, January 1981
(continued)

# $\therefore$ <br> 32-006 (Conada $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; ©ther Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Oils and Fats, April 1981 33-0,02 (CTarfada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Footwear Statistics, April $198: 1$ 4....... <br>  <br> 44年001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$, Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Cement, April 1981 <br> 55-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Gas Utilities, January 1981 57-001 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Electric Power Statistics, March 1981 <br> 63-007 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) New Motor Vehicle Sales, March 1981 

63-224 (Canada: \$25; Other Countries: \$30) Market Research Handbook, 1981
65-003 (Canada: $\$ 10 / \$ 40$; Other Countries: $\$ 12 / \$ 48$ ) Exports by Countries,
January-March 1981

## Service Bulletin:

64-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 5, Housing Stock in Canada, the Provinces, and Territories, 1980

Puipwood and Wood Residue, April 1981 - Advance Information
Roundwood production increased by $3.9 \%$ to 2660161 m 3 in April 1981 from 2561221 m 3 a year earlier. Consumption of roundwood and wood residue increased by $5.7 \%$ to 7414629 m 3 from 7012321 m 3 and the closing inventory of these two products increased by $1.7 \%$ to $25135749 \mathrm{m3}$ from 24706686 m 3 for the same period in 1980.
Receipts of wood residue increased by $13.6 \%$ to 3822087 m 3 compared to 3364427 m 3 for the same month in 1980.

Note that data for 1980 has been revised. For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics (25-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Colin F. Sturton (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables, April 1981 - Advance Information

Advance information on canned and frozen fruits and vegetables for the month of April 1981 is now available.
For further information, order the above mentioned publication (32-011, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Soft Drinks, May 1981 - Advance Information The total monthly production of soft drinks for May was 31,121 thousand gallons or 1414788 hectolitres compared to 29,735 thousand gallons or 1351780 hectolitres in the same month of the previous year.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Monthly Production of Soft Drinks (32-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Railway Carloadings

10-day period Ended May 31, 1981

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload trafilc: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 3,706,488 | 2,861,058 | 6,567,546 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 4,647,368 | 3,666,496 | 8,313,864 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 3362469 | 2595508 | 5957977 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 4216021 | 3326189 | 7542210 |
| \% change | -20.2 | -22.0 | -21.0 |
| Cars, 1981 | 54,434 | 41,802 | 96,236 |
| Cars, 1980 | 65,488 | 52,107 | 117,595 |
| \% change | -16.9 | -19.8 | -18.2 |
| Piggyback trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 206,745 | 83,052 | 289,797 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 216,587 | 95,059 | 311,646 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 187556 | 75343 | 262899 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 196484 | 86236 | 282720 |
| \% change | -4.5 | -12.6 | -7.0 |
| Cars, 1981 | 6,446 | 2,786 | 9,232 |
| Cars, 1980 | 6,831 | 3,430 | 10,261 |
| \% change | -5.6 | -18.8 | -10.0 |
| Year-to-date: (cumulative) |  |  |  |
| Total carioad trafic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 53,459,523 | 51,385,786 | 104,845,309 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 59,234,213 | 48,618,561 | 107,852,774 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 48497663 | 46616401 | 95114064 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 53736374 | 44106017 | 97842391 |
| \% change | -9.7 | 5.7 | -2.8 |
| Cars, 1981 | 814,036 | 718,254 | 1,532,290 |
| Cars, 1980 | 889,931 | 697,297 | 1,587,228 |
| \% change | -8.5 | 3.0 | -3.5 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 3,102,956 | 1,237,512 | 4,340,468 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 2,971,098 | 1,254,763 | 4,225,861 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2814954 | 1122652 | 3937606 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2695335 | 1138302 | 3833637 |
| \% change | 4.4 | -1.4 | 2.7 |
| Cars, 1981 | 95,351 | 45,298 | 140,649 |
| Cars, 1980 | 93,984 | 47,922 | 141,906 |
| \% change | 1.5 | -5.5 | -0.9 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong. Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 10 Days Ended May 31, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending May 31, 1981 totalled 6.0 million $t(6.6$ million short tons). This was a decrease of $21.0 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased in the East by $20.2 \%$ and decreased in the West by $22.0 \%$.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, decreased in the East by 4.5\% and decreased in the West by $12.6 \%$, with an overall national decrease of .7.0\%.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 95.1 million $t$ ( 104.8 million short tons), showed a decrease of $2.8 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $0.9 \%$.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

## Consumer Price Index, May 1981 <br> National Highlights

The All-items Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Canada (1971=100) increased by 0.9\% in May 1981 to a level of 233.2, up from the level of 231.1 registered in April. As a result of this latest monthly advance, the twelve-month rise between May 1980 and May 1981 stood at 12.3\%, down from the $12.6 \%$ increase registered between April 1980 and April 1981. This latest monthly increase was largely attributable to higher housing charges, increased transportation costs and higher tobacco and alcohol prices. The all-items-excluding-food index advanced $1.3 \%$ in the latest month, up significantly from the $0.7 \%$ increase registered between March and April. In contrast, the food index, which increased by $1.0 \%$ between early March and early April, registered a decline of 0.5\% between April and early May, the first monthly decline since August 1979.

Lower prices for fresh vegetables, which on average declined by $13.9 \%$ in early May, chicken, sugar and coffee were largely responsible for the $0.7 \%$ decline in the food-for-home-consumption index. Within fresh vegetables, lower prices for tomatoes and lettuce more than offset price increases for celery and storage-type vegetables. Milk prices rose in the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and British Columbia while prices for other dairy products including eggs, increased across the country. Price increases were also registered for selected cereal and bakery products, processed fruit and vegetables and for peanut butter. In May, the food-for-home-consumption index stood 13.7\% above its level of May 1980. The food-away-from-home index advanced $0.5 \%$ in May, up 9.9\% over the corresponding month in 1980. As a result, the aggregate food index stood 12.9\% above its level of May 1980, down from the 14.5\% increase observed between April 1980 and April 1981.

Higher fuel oil and gasoline prices, resulting primarily from the May 1 introduction of the Canadian ownership charge, coupled with increased owned accommodation charges and higher prices for 1981 model cars were the major contributing factors to the 1.3\% increase in the all-items-excluding-food index. Other notable increases included higher tobacco and alcohol prices, reflecting the impact of increased federal excise taxes, higher producer costs and in some provinces, changes announced in recent provincial budgets. Domestic gas charges rose in several western cities. Prices for selected seasonal outdoor recreational equipment items advanced as did travel/ holiday expenses. Train and air fares increased as did local transit fares in Winnipeg and taxi fares in Saint John and Edmonton. Higher charges were also registered for both men's and women's hairdressing services. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items-excluding-food index advanced by $12.2 \%$, up marginally from the $12.0 \%$ increase observed between April 1980 and April 1981.

Viewed in terms of goods and services, the price levels for both the goods and services components advanced by $0.9 \%$ between April and May. As a result, between May 1980 and May 1981, the price level for goods advanced by 13.2\% while that for services rose by $10.9 \%$.

On a seasonally-adjusted basis, the all-items CPI rose $0.7 \%$ between April and May; this comprised a $0.8 \%$ decline in the food index and a 1.1\% increase in the all-items-excluding-food index.

## City Highilghts

Between April and May, consumer prices rose in all cities for which CPI's are produced with increases ranging from $0.7 \%$ in Montreal to $1.6 \%$ in Saskatchewan. The major factor accounting for the variation in city price movements was the differing rate of movement (and its resulting impact) for food prices, which ranged from a decline of $1.7 \%$ in Saint John to an increase of $1.8 \%$ in Edmonton.

The Consumer Price Index for June 1981 will be published on July 17, 1981.

## Main Contributors to Monthly Change in the Ali-items Index, by City

## St. John's

The all-items index rose $0.9 \%$ mainly due to higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, fuel oil, cigarettes, alcoholic beverages and advances in selected recreational expenses and owned accommodation charges. Dampening the impact of these increases were lower prices for fresh produce, poultry, dairy products, beef and other meat. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items index rose 13.9\%.

## Charlottetown/Summerside

Higher prices for gasoline, fuel oil, tobacco products, alcoholic beverages, new automobiles and increased shelter and telephone charges were the main contributors to the $1.1 \%$ advance in the all-items index. Lower prices for fresh produce and for selected meats served to dampen these increases. The all-items index stood $13.7 \%$ above its level of May 1980.

## Hallfax

The 1.0\% rise in the all-items index was mainly due to higher prices for gasoline, fuel oil, new automobiles and increased shelter charges. Higher prices were also reported for selected women's wear, travel/holiday expenses, alcoholic beverages and furniture. Lower food prices resulted mainly from price declines for meat, fresh produce and sugar. The all-items index rose 12.0\% between May 1980 and May 1981.

## Salnt John

The all-items index rose $0.9 \%$ largely due to higher prices for gasoline, fuel oil, new automobiles, alcoholic beverages, dairy products and increased shelter charges. The impact of these increases was dampened by lower prices for meat, fresh produce and sugar. The all-items index advanced 12.7\% between May 1980 and May 1981.

## Quebec

The all-items index rose $0.8 \%$ largely due to higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, fuel oil, alcoholic beverages and increased owned accommodation charges. Higher prices were also reported for selected outdoor recreational equipment items. Declines in the price of fresh vegetables and sugar partially dampened the effect of these increases. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items index rose 11.9\%.
(continued)

The Consumer Price Index and Major Components (Not Seasonally Adjusted), Canada
(1971=100)

|  | Indexes |  |  | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | May 1981 from |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | Apr. <br> 1981 | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1980 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | May 1980 |
| All items | 233.2 | 231.1 | 207.6 | 0.9 | $\therefore 12.3$ |
| Food | 286.6 | 287.9 | 253.8 | -0.5 | - 12.9 |
| All items excluding food | 215.9 | 213.1 | 192.4 | 1.3 | 12.2 |
| Housing | 222.0 | 219.6 | 198.6 | 1.1 | 11.8 |
| Clothing | 189.7 | 189.3 | 178.3 | 0.2 | 6.4 |
| Transportation | 232.9 | 229.3 | 197.3 | 1.6 | 18.0 |
| Health and personal care | 220.4 | 217.7 | 197.5 | 1.2 | 11.6 |
| Recreation, reading and education | 189.6 | 186.3 | 172.5 | 1.8 | 9.9 |
| Tobacco and alcohol | 204.4 | 198.9 | 185.1 | 2.8 | 10.4 |
| Purchasing power of the 1971 consumer dollar | 0.43 | 0.43 | 0.48 |  | $\therefore$ |
| All-items Consumer Price Index converted to $1961=100$ | 311.1 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |

## Montréal

Higher shelter charges coupled with increased prices for new automobiles, tobacco products, alcoholic beverages, gasoline and fuel oil were the main contributors to the $0.7 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Prices for furniture, clothing, outdoor recreational equipment and travel/holiday expenses also increased. These increases were partially offset by lower prices for fresh produce, meat and for sugar. The allitems index rose 12.5\% between May 1980 and May. 1981.

## Ottawa

The all-items index advanced 1.2\% mainly due to higher charges for shelter and increased prices for fuel oil, new automobiles, tobacco products and for alcoholic beverages. Prices for beef, poultry, selected dairy and bakery products, fresh fruit and restaurant meals also advanced while those for fresh vegetables and sugar declined. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items index rose $11.7 \%$.

## Toronto

Higher shelter charges combined with increased prices for fuel oil, gasoline, new automobiles, tobacco products and alcoholic beverages accounted for the major part of the $0.8 \%$ increase in the all-items index. Higher charges were also reported for outdoor recreational equipment items. Declines in the prices for fresh vegetables, chicken and soft drinks resulted in an overall decline in the food index. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items index advanced 12.2\%.

## Thunder Bay

The $1.1 \%$ increase in the all-items index resulted largely from higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, fuel oil, selected outdoor recreational equipment, tobacco products and alcoholic beverages. Owned accommodation charges rose. Food prices declined as lower prices for fresh vegetables, pork, chicken and sugar were reported. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items index advanced by 11.4\%.

## Winnipeg

Increases in water rates, local transit fares, shèter charges combined with higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, tobacco products and alcoholic beverages were largely responsible for the $1.3 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Food prices fell largely. due to lower prices for fresh vegetables, soft drinks and chicken. The all-items index rose $11.0 \%$ between May 1980 and May 1981.

## Regina

Higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, alcoholic beverages, selected outdoor recreational equipment items, combined with increased shelter charges and domestic gas rates were the major contributors to the $1.4 \%$ rise in the all-items index. Food prices fell resulting from lower prices for fresh produce, sugar and for pork. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the allitems index increased 12.2\%.

## Saskatoon

Higher shelter charges along with increased prices for new automobiles, gasoline, furniture, alcoholic bëverages and selected outdoor recreational equipment items accounted for the major part of the $1.6 \%$ increase in the all-items index. Higher prices were also reported for beef, chicken and fresh fruit while pork and sugar prices declined. The all-items i.index. rose $11.7 \%$ between May 1980 and May 1981 .

## Edmonton

The $1.5 \%$ increase in the all-items index was due mainly to higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, alcoholic beverages and to advances in shelter charges and domestic gas rates. Women's wear prices, travel/holiday expenses, barbering charges and taxi fares also rose. Beef and bakery prices increased while those for fresh vegetables declined. The all-items index advanced 12.5\% between May 1980 and May 1981.
(continued)

Month-to-Month Percentage Changes in the Unadjusted and Seasonaliy Adjusted Consumer Price Index for Canada* **

|  | All items |  | Food |  | All items excluding food |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted | Unadjusted | Seasonally adjusted |
| 1978 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.4 |  | 0.8 |  | 0.2 |  |
| February | 0.7 |  | 0.7 |  | 0.6 |  |
| March | 1.1 |  | 1.4 |  | 1.1 |  |
| April | 0.2 |  | 1.7 |  | -0.4 |  |
| May | 1.4 |  | 3.3 |  | 0.6 |  |
| June | 0.9 |  | 2.0 |  | 0.4 |  |
| July | 1.5 |  | 4.0 |  | 0.4 |  |
| August | 0.1 |  | -1.4 |  | 0.7 |  |
| September | -0.2 |  | -2.4 |  | 0.7 |  |
| October | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 0.8 |
| November | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| December | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| 1979 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| February | 0.9 | 0.9 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| March | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| April | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| May | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| June | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| July | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.6 |
| August | 0.4 | 0.5 | -0.7 | -0.4 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| September | 0.9 | 1.2 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| October | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 |
| November | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| December | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 0.5 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| February | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| March | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| April | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 0.8 |
| May | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| June | 1.1 | 1.0 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| July | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| August | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.9 |
| September | 0.9 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 0.6 | 0.8 |
| October | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| November | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| December | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 |
| December 0.6 0.8 1.1 1.2 0.4 <br> 1981 1.3 1.3    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1.3 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| February | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| March | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| April | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| May | 0.9 | 0.7 | -0.5 | -0.8 | 1.3 | 1.1 |

*For information on seasonal adjustment procedures see "Technical Notes (The Consumer Price Index) - Seasonal Adjustment of the Canada Consumer Price Index".
** For an explanation of the non-availability of data previous to October 1978 see Appendix 3, Section B(2), Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).

## Calgary

Higher shelter charges, increased domestic gas rates and higher prices for new automobiles, gasoline, alcoholic beverages and for travel/holiday expenses were largely responsible for the $1.1 \%$ increase in the all-items index. Food prices declined mainly due to lower prices for fresh vegetables and sugar. From May 1980 to May 1981, the all-items index rose 13.4\%.

## Vancouver

The 0.9\% rise in the all-items index largely reflected higher shelter charges, increased domestic gas rates and higher prices for fuel oil, gasoline and for new
automobiles. Higher prices for tobacco products, alcoholic beverages and for selected outdoor recreational equipment items were also registered. Prices for beef, chicken and dairy products also rose while those for fresh vegetables and sugar fell. Between May 1980 and May 1981, the all-items index increased 14.2\%.

For further information, order the May issue of the Consumer Price Index (62-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Sandra Shadlock or Suzanne Lavoie (613-995-4078), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. (see tables on pages 7 and 8)

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities."

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { items } \end{gathered}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing (1 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trans- } \\ \text { porta- } \\ \text { tion } \\ 71=100) \end{gathered}$ | Health and personal care | Recreation, reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St. John's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 250.6 | 314.0 | 251.6 | 180.2 | 233.8 | 231.8 | 183.3 | 219.8 |
| April 1981 Index | 248.4 | 317.4 | 249.3 | 180.0 | 229.3 | 231.0 | 180.9 | 209.4 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 0.9 | -1.1 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 5.0 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 13.9 | 13.0 | 14.4 | 6.4 | 17.8 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 16.5 |
| Charlottetown/Summerside** 13.0 l 18.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 188.5 | 195.9 | 190.3 | 161.5 | 201.6 | 183.1 | 157.5 | 189.1 |
| April 1981 Index | 186.4 | 197.2 | 187.9 | 160.1 | 198.1 | 180.0 | 155.2 | 182.0 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.1 | -0.7 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 3.9 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 13.7 | 12.3 | 13.7 | 8.5 | 20.0 | 13.7 | 10.0 | 18.0 |
| Halifax |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 229.0 | 285.5 | 221.4 | 184.5 | 229.4 | 206.1 | 179.4 | 190.6 |
| April 1981 Index | 226.7 | 287.7 | 218.4 | 183.0 | 224.6 | 204.2 | 176.3 | 187.8 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.0 | -0.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 2.1 | 0.9 | 1.8 | 1.5 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 12.0 | 14.2 | 11.3 | 7.1 | 16.1 | 12.1 | 9.7 | 7.6 |
| Saint John |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 234.7 | 288.7 | 231.6 | 177.3 | 227.1 | 211.3 | 199.4 | 198.1 |
| April 1981 Index 1981 | 232.6 | 293.6 | 229.1 | 176.6 | 221.7 | 205.5 | 193.4 | 189.4 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 0.9 | -1.7 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 4.6 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 12.7 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 6.2 | 14.4 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 12.3 |
| Quebec |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April 1981 Index | 227.9 | 288.4 | 218.5 | 166.3 | 228.5 | 212.7 | 186.6 | 202.9 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 0.8 | -0.2 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.8 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 11.9 | 14.4 | 10.9 | 5.3 | 17.0 | 10.5 | 8.9 | 9.3 |
| Montreal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 230.6 | 288.1 | 212.3 | 187.3 | 232.0 | 222.2 | 189.3 | 213.5 |
| April 1981 Index | 229.1 | 290.8 | 210.4 | 186.4 | 228.4 | 219.8 | 186.4 | 208.2 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 0.7 | -0.9 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.5 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 12.5 | 14.1 | 12.7 | 6.9 | 16.7 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 9.7 |
| Ottawa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 227.9 | 273.4 | 214.6 | 211.5 | 233.2 | 209.3 | 183.7 | 206.6 |
| April 1981 Index | 225.1 | 270.7 | 212.6 | 208.0 | 229.9 | 207.7 | 181.3 | 200.2 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 3.2 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 11.7 | 13.6 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 17.7 | 10.1 | 11.4 | 10.8 |
| Toronto 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 231.4 | 279.6 | 219.3 | 191.5 | 233.9 | 235.3 | 191.3 | 200.3 |
| April 1981 Index | 229.6 | 281.6 | 216.8 | 192.1 | 230.5 | 231.7 | 188.2 | 195.1 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 0.8 | -0.7 | 1.2 | -0.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.7 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 12.2 | 12.9 | 11.2 | 5.0 | 18.1 | 13.0 | 11.2 | 9.8 |
| Thunder Bay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 229.8 | 269.4 | 221.7 | 183.3 | 242.5 | 220.9 | 192.1 | 202.5 |
| April 1981 Index | 227.4 | 270.2 | 220.1 | 182.9 | 238.1 | 219.4 | 185.4 | 198.0 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.1 | -0.3 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 3.6 | 2.3 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 17.2 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 12.9 |
| Winnlpeg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 232.0 | 272.1 | 231.6 | 201.1 | 231.0 | 215.0 | 183.6 | 204.5 |
| April 1981 Index | 229.0 | 274.6 | 228.7 | 200.3 | 224.4 | 212.7 | 179.9 | 192.7 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.3 | -0.9 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 2.9 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 6.1 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 11.0 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 7.0 | 18.0 | 9.2 | 7.2 | 12.3 |
| Regina |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 231.0 | 266.3 | 222.7 | 197.4 | 233.8 | 217.4 | 206.3 | 211.8 |
| April 1981 Index | 227.7 | 268.0 | 218.6 | 194.9 | 229.6 | 215.4 | 202.1 | 204.5 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.4 | -0.6 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 12.2 | 11.7 | 11.6 | 7.8 | 17.4 | 11.1 | 9.6 | 11.5 |
| Saskatoon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 227.6 | 265.3 | 223.9 | 190.5 | 228.3 | 204.9 | 199.9 | 207.3 |
| April 1981 Index | 224.0 | 263.2 | 219.8 | 190.4 | 224.0 | 201.1 | 196.0 | 201.8 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 0.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.7 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 11.7 | 10.1 | 11.8 | 6.6 | 18.1 | 12.8 | 8.5 | 9.2 |

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities of Canada (continued)

The indexes in this table measure within each city the percentage change in consumer prices from the base period to subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities.*

| $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { items } \end{aligned}$ | Food | Housing | Clothing (1 | Trans-portation $1=100)$ | Health <br> and <br> personal care | Recreation, reading and education | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Edmonton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - May 1981 Index | . 235.1 | 270.1 | 248.3 | 208.4 | 226.9 | 204.0 | 192.0 | 177.6 |
| April 1981 Index | 231.6 | 265.4 | 245.6 | 206.4 | 223.4 | 200.4 | 189.1 | 171.5 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 3.6 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 8.4 | 15.7 | 12.1 | 8.9 | 9.8 |
| Calgary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 232.0 | 262.7 | 243.1 | 202.1 | 227.1 | 210.0 | 190.0 | 185.7 |
| April 1981 Index | 229.4 | 264.0 | 239.6 | 201.5 | 223.3 | 208.3 | 185.8 | 179.5 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 1.1 | -0.5 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 13.4 | 11.0 | 15.5 | 8.1 | 17.7 | 13.1 | 9.8 | 10.3 |
| Vancouver |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 1981 Index | 234.9 | 277.5 | 224.7 | 193.4 | 245.4 | 220.2 | 180.8 | 214.1 |
| April 1981 Index | 232.9 | 277.1 | 222.1 | 193.7 | 243.1 | 216.9 | 179.1 | 209.7 |
| \% change from April 1981 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 1.2 | -0.2 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 2.1 |
| \% change from May 1980 | 14.2 | 12.1 | 14.4 | 6.9 | 23.1 | 12.0 | 9.4 | 12.7 |

* For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Section C of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-010, \$6/\$24).
** 1974=100.

Consumer Price Indexes for Canada, Major Components, Sub-groups and Special Aggregates, not Seasonally Adjusted - Concluded
(1971=100)

| Major components, sub-groups and special aggregates | Indexes | Percentage Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | May 1981 from |  |
|  | May $1981$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Apr. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ 1980 \end{gathered}$ |
| Reclassified by goods and services |  |  |  |
| Goods and services | 233.2 | 0.9 | 12.3 |
| Goods | 242.1 | 0.9 | 13.2 |
| Durable goods | 184.5 | 2.0 | 9.4 |
| Semi-durable goods | 183.4 | 0.0 | 7.8 |
| Non-durable goods | 275.8 | 0.7 | 16.4 |
| Non-durable goods excluding food | 246.3 | 2.0 | 19.0 |
| Goods excluding food | 209.8 | 1.5 | 13.0 |
| Services | 221.1 | 0.9 | 10.9 |
| Services excluding shelter | 233.4 | 0.7 | 12.2 |
| Special aggregates |  |  |  |
| All-items excluding food | 215.9 | 1.3 | 12.2 |
| All-items excluding energy | 226.5 | 0.8 | 11.0 |
| All-items excluding food and energy | 205.7 | 1.2 | 10.4 |
| All-items excluding housing | 239.1 | 0.8 | 12.6 |
| All-items excluding shelter | 239.3 | 0.8 | 13.0 |
| Energy | 331.2 | 2.2 | 28.5 |
| Food and energy | 298.9 | 0.3 | 16.8 |
| Footwear | 199.4 | -0.2 | 7.1 |

Tuesday, June 16, 1981

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51-005 (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) Air Carrier Traffic at Canadian Alrports, First Quarter 1980

71-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) The Labour Force, May 1981

Financial Institutions
First Quarter 1981 - Advance Information.

|  | 1st Quarter 1981 | Change From Same Period a Year Earlier |  | Change from <br> 4th Quarter 1980 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 解 解 | \$'000 | Amount \$'000 | \% | \$'000 |
| Trust Companies |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgages | 27,202,485 | 2,275,645 | 9.1 | 434,275 |
| Total assets | 41,371,440 | 6,408,459 | 18.3 | 2,390,051 |
| Demand deposits | 8,143,734 | 1,145,669 | 16.4 | -20,802 |
| Term deposits ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 28,759,702 | 4,536,079 | 18.7 | 2,129,295 |
| Mortga'ge'Gempanies. |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgages ${ }^{-7} \cdot{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14,403,030 | 4,352,437 | 43.2 | 1,467,697 |
| Total assets | 17,452,977 | 4,977,879 | 39.8 | 1,409,903 |
| Demand deposits | 554,977 | 36,938 | 7.1 | -26,231 |
| Term deposits | 10,250,959 | 3,338,970 | 48.0 | 782,379 |
| Real Estate investment Trusts |  |  |  |  |
| Total, assets ${ }^{*}$ as so | 1,927,668 | 58,196 | 3.1 | -80,213 |
| Financial Corporatións |  |  |  |  |
| Retail sales financing: |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial \& Commercial | 3,476,418 | 256,941 | 8.4 | -23,639 |
| Consumer | 3,065,709 | 352,312 | 12.2 | 22,080 |
| Wholesale Financing | 2,440,937 | -163,699 | -6.2 | 262,098 |
| Loans Under Small Loans Act | 75,371 | -68,134 | -47.1 | -28,589 |
| Other Personal Loans | 1,215,267 | -79,531 | -60.0 | -24,099 |
| Total Assets | 14,251,673 | 318,646 | 2.2 | 233,557 |
| Finance Leasing Corporations |  |  |  |  |
| Lease contracts | 1,623,459 | 289,398 | 20.9 | 65,621 |
| Total assets | 2,129,928 | 155,482 | 7.8 | -22,417 |
| investment Funds (Cost) |  |  |  |  |
| Canadian Preferred Shares | 174,741 | 66,200 | 61.8 | 27,482 |
| Canadian common shares | 1,148,061 | 49,662 | 5.5 | 100,139 |
| Foreign Preferred \& Common Shares | 907,258 | 146,012 | 22.9 | 66,228 |
| Total Assets | 4,792,987 | 241,715 | 5.7 | 183,358 |
| Total Portfolio: |  |  |  |  |
| Cost | 4,550,932 | 228,995 | 5.7 | 186,401 |
| Market | 5,306,755 | 934,973 | 21.4 | 219,674 |
| Ciosed-End Funds (Cost) |  |  |  |  |
| Canadian Common Shares | 369,326 | -20,654 | -5.5 | -1,896 |
| Total Portfolio: |  |  |  |  |
| Cost | 595,989 | 822 | 0.1 | -2,390 |
| Market | 1,187,547 | 261,582 | 28.2 | 28,038 |
| Property \& Casualty Insurance Cos. |  |  |  |  |
| Net Premiums Earned | 1,294,313 | 114.793 | 9.7 | -120,060 |
| Underwriting Gains | -251,146 | -114,260 |  | -9,988 |
| Total assets. | 11,134,859 | 550,267 | 5.3 | -24,821 |

Further information will be contained in the Statistics Canada publication Financial Institutions, Financial Statistics, first quarter 1981 (61-006, \$7.50/\$30).

Farm Cash Receipts, January-April 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimates indicate that during the January-April period of 1981 farmers' total cash receipts from farming operations in all provinces except Newfoundland totalled $\$ 6,567.6$ million, up $36 \%$ from the $\$ 4,808.2$ million realized during the same period of 1980.
Total estimates include cash receipts from the sale of farm products, Canadian Wheat Board participation payments on previous years' grain crops, cash advances on farm-stored grains in Western Canada, and deficiency payments made by the Agricultural Stabilization Board. No deduction is made for the cost incurred by farmers in the production of the commodities sold.

Crops receipts were 69\% higher with large increases in wheat, barley, tobacco, and Canadian Wheat Board participation payments all contributing to the rise. Wheat Board participation payments increased from $\$ 463$ million to $\$ 1,243$ million during this period. Livestock and livestock product receipts were up $10 \%$, as a slight decline in cattle and calves receipts was offset by increases in other livestock and livestock product items.

For further information, order the January-April issue of Farm Cash Receipts (21-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Peter Lys (613-995-4895), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Total Cash Receipts from Farming Operations

January-April 1980-81,
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1980 | 1981 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Prince Edward Island | 48.3 | 82.1 |
| Nova Scotia | 61.5 | 67.9 |
| New Brunswick | 45.2 | 66.2 |
| Quebec | 636.7 | 756.0 |
| Ontario | $1,221.0$ | $1,480.4$ |
| Manitoba | 438.2 | 554.2 |
| Saskatchewan | $1,138.8$ | $1,839.4$ |
| Alberta | $1,016.7$ | $1,477.7$ |
| British Columbia | 201.8 | 243.7 |
| Canada | $4,808.2$ | $6,567.6$ |

Provincial Government Finance Estimates, 1980-81 Advance Information
The 1980-81 gross general revenue of all provincial and territorial governments is estimated at $\$ 62,632.8$ million, while the gross general expenditure is estimated at $\$ 60,651.3$ million.

For further information, order Provincial Government Finance, Revenue and Expenditure (Estimates) 1980 (68-205), or contact G. M. Rheaume (613-9958201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Provincial Government Finance Estimates

| Provinces | Revenue <br> $1980-81$ | " <br> Expenditure <br> $1980-81$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $(\$$ mlllions $)$ |  |
| Newfoundland | 1,505 | 1,539 |
| Prince Edward Island | 342 | 336 |
| Nova Scotia | 1,874 | 2,025 |
| New Brunswick | 1,609 | 1,691 |
| Quebec | 17,534 | 19,044 |
| Ontario | 17,341 | 17,787 |
| Manitoba | 2,269 | 2,418 |
| Saskatchewan | 2,670 | 2,438 |
| Alberta | 10,530 | 6,548 |
| British Columbia | 6,529 | 6,385 |
| Yukon | 115 | 123 |
| Northwest Territories | 315 | 317 |
| Total | 62,633 | 60,651 |

Canada's Guldance Counseliors, 1979-80 - Advance Information
Statistical tabulations profiling Canada's 3,500 guidance counsellors in 1979-80 are available. The following highlights emerge:

- Two-thirds of all guidance counsellors are employed at the secondary level; one-third of all guidance counsellors are in schools enrolling 100-700 students.
- Almost one hundred percent of all guidance counsellors have a degree.
- Average experience for guidance counsellors is 14 years, with 10 years in their current school district.
For further information, contact Michele Vidger
(613-995-9795), Education, Science and Culture
Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 Z 5$.
International Vessel Traffic Statistics, Second Quarter 1980 - Advance Information
Preliminary international vessel traffic statistics for the second quarter of 1980 are now available.

For further information, contact W. Reinhard (613-996-9274), Head, Marine Transport Unit, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV9.

## Summary of Net Shipments* of Rolled Steel Products

April 1981

|  | Domestic | Export | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Metric tonnes |  |  |
| Ingots and semi-finished shapes | 42294 | 68423 | 110717 |
| Rails and heavy structural shapes | 54380 | 9966 | 64346 |
| Wire rods | 67038 | 37659 | 104697 |
| Structural shapes: |  |  |  |
| Intermediate | 32838 | 14470 | 47308 |
| Bar-sized shapes | 21011 | 837 | 21848 |
| Concrete reinforcing bars | 43498 | 1844 | 45342 |
| Other hot rolled bars | 88666 | 21320 | 109986 |
| Tie plates and track material | 8675 | 7 | 8682 |
| Plates (including plates for pipes and tubes) | 160172 | 16924 | 177096 |
| Hot rolled sheets and strip | 185894 | 15355 | 201249 |
| Cold finished bars | 7982 | 375 | 8357 |
| Cold reduced sheets and strip, cold rolled |  |  |  |
| other, coated | 147024 | 22315 | 169339 |
| Galvanized sheets | 87482 | 11562 | 99044 |
| Total | 946954 | 221057 | 1168011 |

- Producer's shipments excluding producer's interchange.

For further information, order the April issue of Primary Iron and Steel (41-001, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Mr. G.W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber, April 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian production of rubber in April 1981 was $21798000 \mathrm{~kg}(48,056,364$ pounds) compared to $19107000 \mathrm{~kg}(42,123,724$ pounds) for the same month of the previous year. Consumption of rubber was $27429000 \mathrm{~kg}(60,470,594$ pounds).

Users of data on consumption should note that there was a change in methodology as of January 1979.
For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Production, Consumption and Inventories of Rubber (33-003, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact G. Elliot (613-9963226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Construction Type Plywood, April 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian mills produced $252,530,000$ square feet (223 464 m 3 ) 3/8" ( 9.525 mm ) of basis of construction type plywood in April 1981, compared to 232,398,000 square feet ( 205649 m 3 ) $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}(9.525 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) a year earlier.

January to April 1981 production amounted to $970,783,000$ square feet ( 859046 m 3 ) $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ ( 9.525 mm ).

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Construction Type Plywood (35-001, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 13, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended June 13, 1981 totalled 388,337 short tons (352 293 t), an increase of $5.2 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 369,053 short tons (334 799 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 351,061 short tons ( 318477 t ).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t ) equalling 100 was 211.9 in the current week, 201.4 a week earlier and 191.6 one year ago.
For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


## Fixed Capital Flows and Stocks Data Available on CANSIM

The national series on fixed capital flows and stocks are now available on CANSIM to 1981 by industry. The two most recent years are based respectively on preliminary and expected investment expenditures.
Due to the revision of price indexes, most of the series have been revised from 1972 on.

A description of the methodology used to derive the flows and stocks is given in the publication Fixed Capital Flows and Stocks (13-211). For further information, contact P. Koumanakos (613-995-4219), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## PUBLICATION RELEASED

61-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Cheques Cashed, April 1981

Current Economic Analysis Monthly Review, (Based on data available as of June 10, 1981)* - Advance Informatî́n


A review of current economic conditions, based on the latest month's data releases, will appear once a morth in, 'the Statistics Ganada. Daily; starting with to day'sissue. The monthly review is a summary of more ini-depth analysis that will appear in Curreñt Éčoromic Analysis (13-0.04E) about two to three weeks after the summary is published in the Daily.

Economic growth in the first quarter of 1981 appears to have slowed somewhat from the 2.0\% rate posted in the fourth quarter of 1980. The slowdown was not surprising, if for no other reason than the fourth quarter growth rate was unusually high. The return to high levels of interest rates in late 1980 and early 1981 appears to have contributed to the slowdown, although the restraining effect has been surprisingly weak and the first quarter growth rate is expected to be near the average for the past few years. In April and May interest rates rose to record levels and, although there is some evidence that demand is weakening further, the effect on spending so far appears to be quite moderate.

In April, commodity and industrial prices continued to suggest that inflation is slowing down, and consumer prices in the United States advanced very little. In the first three months of 1981, however, consumer prices in Canada rose at near record rates, and did not reflect the moderating inflation that appeared to be occurring in commodity and industrial prices. In April the rate of inflation as measured by the month-to-month change in the Consumer Price Index fell somewhat. Too much should not be made of the drop since it was just a one month movement and the energy component of the index did not change in April. Nevertheless, it was a movement in the right direction.

Concern that the money supply was growing too rapidly in Canada and in the United States led the Bank of Canada and the Federal Reserve Board to take measures to rein in monetary growth in May, and interest rates rose to record levels. European central bankers have not matched the North American interest rate increases for fear of aborting the more fragile recoveries that just now appear to be beginning in Europe. Consequently, although the Canadian dollar fell slightly relative to the U.S. dollar, it gained ground on most European currencies.

Canada's merchandise trade surplus fell substantially in April. Both imports and exports rose during the month but much stronger growth in imports held down the trade surplus. Most of the growth in exports was due to shipments of automobile products to the United States, but the number of cars sold in that country was down sharply in April.

- Real Domestic Product rose 0.4\% in March and 0.8\% in the first quarter of 1981.
- Retail sales in constant dollars fell $0.2 \%$ in March. Preliminary data indicate the number of motor vehicles sold was down 1.5\% in April.
- Housing starts in urban areas rose strongly in April to a level of 203,300 units at annual rates. In May,
however, mortgage rates jumped to a record of $18 \%$ following significant increases in the preceding three months. Preliminary data show that housing starts dropped about $14 \%$ in May.
- The real value of new orders in manufacturing was down 3.8\% in March.
- The Industry Selling Price Index rose 0.6\% in March, while the Consumer Price Index rose $0.7 \%$ in April after increases averaging $1.2 \%$ in the preceding three months.
- Consumer prices in the United States were up only $0.4 \%$ in April and averaged $0.7 \%$ per month in the first four months of 1981.
- Merchandising imports rose $13.3 \%$ in April while exports gained $6.6 \%$. As a result, the surplus on merchandise trade fell by $\$ 370$ million to $\$ 124$ million.
The Canadian Composite Leading Indicator rose $0.33 \%$ in March to a level of 137.85. The non-filtered index increased $1.14 \%$ to a level of 138.2 after having declined for three consecutive monthș. The continued upward movement of the filtered index suggests that a return to the recession of 1980 is not imminent.

For the detailed analysis, as well as a news summary of major domestic and international developments and extensive analytical charts and tables, order Current Economic Analysis (13-004E, Canada, \$2.50/\$25; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ). For further information, contact D. Rhoades (613-992-4441), Current Economic Analysis Staff, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

* All references are to seasonally adjusted data unless other stated.


## Department Store Sales and Stocks, April 1981 -

 Advance InformationDepartment store sales were $\$ 793: 7$ million in April 1981, an increase of $16.0 \%$ over April 1980. Sales rose in all departments except women's and misses' coats and suits ( $-7.1 \%$ ) and piece goods. $(-4.9 \%)$. The largest increases were in major appliances ( $+29,0 \%$ ), china and glassware ( $+27.6 \%$ ) and television, radio and music ( $+25.9 \%$ ). Sales increased in all provinces ranging from $23.1 \%$ for British Columbia to $9.6 \%$ for Prince Edward Island. Sales and percentage increases for metropolitan areas were: Montreal, $\$ 89.4$ million, $12.4 \%$; Toronto, $\$ 113.1$ million, $1.4 .4 \%$; Winnipeg, $\$ 36.7$ million, $10.6 \%$; and Vancouver, $\$ 86.3$ million, $19.7 \%$.

The selling value of stocks held in April, 1981 was \$3,104.4 million, an increase of $13.4 \%$ over April 1980. Inventories increased in 37 of the 40 departments.

For further information, order the April issue of Department. Store Sales and Stocks (63-002), or contact the Retail Trade Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Feed Price Indexes, April 1981 - Advance Information Feed price indexes for Canada and five geographical regions are now available for April 1981.

For further information, contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

## Advance Estimates of Employees

March 1981

| Industry Division and Area (1960 S.I.C.) | Number of Employees |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1981f } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ | Mar 1980 (000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & { }^{1980} \\ & 0^{\prime} \text { s) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } \\ & 1981 \mathrm{r} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & \text { 1980r } \end{aligned}$ |
| Industry Division |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Forestry | 52.7 | 56.0 | 56.8 | 61.9 | 57.2 | 60.7 | 67.9 | 66.1 | 64.4 | 66.9 |
| Mining (including milling) | 172.9 | 172.1 | 172.4 | 170.0 | 162.4 | 161.0 | 178.3 | 176.4 | 175.5 | 175.3 |
| Manufacturing | 1,861.8 | 1,847.4 | 1,819.1 | 1,824.5 | 1,838.2 | 1,823.5 | 1,899.3 | 1,897.6 | 1,868.2 | 1,863.4 |
| Construction | 427.1 | 411.6 | 403.3 | 426.2 | 389.5 | 389.5 | 492.4 | 485.0 | 468.9 | 480.0 |
| Transportation, Communication and Other Utilities | 829.2 | 812.5 | 827.2 | 836.6 | 813.7 | 801.8 | 854.3 | 840.3 | 849.3 | 853.5 |
| Trade | 1,598.7 | 1,580.6 | 1,586.4 | 1,618.6 | 1,507.3 | 1,499.9 | 1,631.4 | 1,617.7 | 1,596.7 | 1,585.2 |
| Finance, Insurance and Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate | 532.1 | 533.3 | 531.9 | 532.7 | 511.5 | 501.7 | 536.7 | 540.6 | 535.7 | 536.0 |
| Total Service | 2,919.7 | 2,904.3 | 2,875.8 | 2,795.0 | 2,733.9 | 2,712.6 | 2,909.6 | 2,913.0 | 2,888.1 | 2,828.8 |
| Non-commercial Service | 1,572.5 | 1,566.8 | 1,542.3 | 1,490.1 | 1,501.0 | 1,490.7 | 1,520.7 | 1,519.0 | 1,511.9 | 1,483.3 |
| Commercial Service | 1,347.1 | 1,337.5 | 1,333.5 | 1,305.0 | 1,232.9 | 1,222.0 | 1,388.9 | 1,394.0 | 1,376.3 | 1,345.5 |
| Public Administration and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Defence(1) | 622.0 | 614.8 | 609.2 | 628.4 | 615.9 | 611.4 | 631.6 | 628.5 | 628.5 | 646.7 |
| Total Non-agricultural | 9.025 .9 | 8,9413 | $8,889.4$ | 8,9017 | 8,638.5 | 8570.2 | 9215.7 | 91795 | 9,0876 | 9,046.1 |
| Total Non-agricultural Industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 135.0 | 135.8 | 134.0 | 132.9 | 129.9 | 129.6 | 144.5 | 145.5 | 143.5 | 138.4 |
| Prince Edward Island | 29.1 | 29.3 | 29.1 | 29.5 | 28.3 | 28.4 | 32.2 | 32.3 | 31.8 | 31.1 |
| Nova Scotia | 258.3 | 256.8 | 254.3 | 257.9 | 249.5 | 248.8 | 268.9 | 266.9 | 264.3 | 262.9 |
| New Brunswick | 190.8 | 190.9 | 191.0 | 190.2 | 188.8 | 188.6 | 201.5 | 202.2 | 201.5 | 197.5 |
| Quebec | 2,256.0 | 2,226.2 | 2,209.3 | 2,218.6 | 2,169.4 | 2,155.6 | 2,299.9 | 2,284.1 | 2,251.5 | 2,260.2 |
| Ontario | 3,535.3 | 3,504.1 | 3,480.9 | 3,504.0 | 3,406.6 | 3,379.2 | 3,607.9 | 3,590.1 | 3,547.4 | 3,545.1 |
| Manitoba | 361.2 | 359.4 | 356.0 | 354.8 | 347.1 | 345.3 | 367.0 | 368.4 | 363.6 | 359.5 |
| Saskatchewan | 277.1 | 277.0 | 277.8 | 278.2 | 263.5 | 263.4 | 283.8 | 285.3 | 284.5 | 280.3 |
| Alberta | 899.8 | 899.2 | 889.3 | 881.9 | 832.0 | 824.9 | 918.7 | 919.5 | 908.4 | 897.1 |
| British Columbia | 1,048.8 | 1,029.4 | 1,036.4 | 1,022.3 | 991.6 | 976.0 | 1,051.7 | 1,045.2 | 1.053 .3 | 1,038.8 |
| Canada(3) | 9,025.9 | 8,941.3 | 8,889.4 | 8,901.7 | 8,638.5 | 8,570.2 | 9,215.7 | 9,179.5 | 9,087.6 | 9,046.1 |

f first estimate based on a limited number of returns
p preliminary figures
$r$ revised figures
(1) Excludes military personnel
(2) Includes Fishing and Trapping
(3) Includes Yukon and Northwest Territories

Estimates of Employees, March 1981 - Advance Information
Owing to the improvement of survey coverages, the January 1981 employment estimates show an increase of approximately 67,000 employees at the Canada level. Non-commercial service and commercial service accounted for 30,000 and 18;000 employees respectively, while the other industries (except public administration and defence which is not affected) share the other 29,000 employees.

Also effective with January 1981 estimates, a change in the estimating methodology resulted in a decrease of approximately 18,000 employees for public administration and defence.

Monthly summary data is released on a regular basis in the Statistics Canada Daily, while detailed monthly information is published in Estimates of Employees by Province and Industry (72-008). For further information, contact G. Mahoney (613-995-6868), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV2.

Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, May 1981 - Advance Information
The production of process cheese during the month of May 1981 was 5734447 kg . Total production of instant skim milk powder during the month was 631035 kg .

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder (32-024, \$1.50/\$15), or contact Karen Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.



Thursday, June 18, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Highway, Road, Street and Bridge General Contractors
3 The Heavy Engineering Contracting Industry, 1979
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4 Franchising in the Canadian Economy, 1980

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

36-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Particleboard and Waferboard, April 1981

36-207. (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Paper and Plastic Bag Manufacturers, 1979

41-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Steel Ingots and Pig Iron, May 1981

41-006 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries. $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Steel WIre and Specified WIre Products, April 1981

46-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Speclfied Chemicals, April 1981

47-004 (Cănada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada, April 1981

56-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Radio Broadcasting, March 1981

66-001 (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, January-March 1981

66-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) International Travel Advance Information, April 1981

## Service Bulietin:

81-002 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Education Statistics, Vol. 3, No. 3, Trends in Private School Enrolment, 1970-71 to 1980-81

## Highway, Road, Street and Bridge General Contrac-

 tors, 1979 - Advance InformationConstruction output of firms classified as highway, road, street and bridge general contractors totalled $\$ 2,610$ million in 1979, an increase of $17.8 \%$ from the 1978 total of \$2,216 million. Increased revenues were reported in Newfoundland (50.0\%), New Brunswick (40.7\%), Quebec (29.3\%), British Columbia, Yukon and Northwest Territories (24.8\%), Prince Edward Island (19.1\%), Nova Scotia (12.5\%), Ontario (11.0\%), Alberta (10.1\%) and Saskatchewan (2.7\%).

Net operating profit has steadily declined from 6.0\% in 1975 to $2.8 \%$ in 1979, at the Canada level.

For further information, order the 1979 issue of The Highway, Road, Street and Bridge General Contracting Industry (64-206, \$6), or contact S. Parent (613-995-8423), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

## Highway, Road, Street and Bridge Contracting industry Construction Revenue

1978 and 1979


## Highway, Road, Street and Bridge General Contractors

Net profit as a percentage of total revenue 1975-1979

|  |  | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Newfoundland |  |  | 7.4 | 0.3 | -0.5 |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 7.0 | 3.0 | -3.8 | 2.9 | 3.8 |  |
| Nova Scotia. |  | 6.1 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 3.7 |
| New Brunswick |  | 9.7 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
| Québec | 6.4 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 0.7 | 0.4 |  |
| Ontario |  | 4.8 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 1.8 |
| Manitoba |  | 4.5 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.0 |
| Saskatchewan | $\therefore$ | 7.4 | 8.4 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 3.2 |
| Alberta |  | 7.5 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 6.9 |
| British Columbia |  | 4.4 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 3.9 |
| Canada | 6.0 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 2.8 |  |

Whoiesaie Trade, April 1981 - Advance Information Wholesale merchants sales for April 1981 were estimated at $\$ 9,782.5$ million. Wholesale inventories were valued at $\$ 16,923$. 1 million.
These estimates come from a new survey system which differs in methodology and breakdown.

For 'further information, order the April issue of Wholesale Trade (63-008, \$1.50/\$15);ör contact the Wholesale Trade Section (613-996-9307), Merchandising and Services Divisioñ, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV4.

Rëstaürants, Caterers and Tãverns, Appil 1981 -

Preliminary estimates for April 198,1 and final estimáates for 'Márch ' 1981 indicate total' sáales of $\$ 728.8$ million and $\$ 709.1$ million respectively.
For further information on sales of chains versus independents and provincial sales by kindóf business, ordér)Restaurant Statistićs "(63-0:14. \$1.50/\$15), or contact Mrs. R. Bennett (613-996-9301), Services Section, Merchandising and Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Preliminary Monthly Report of Petroleum Sales: April 1981

(Thousand Cubic Metres)


Refined Petroleum Products, April 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary information indicates Canadian refineries produced 8336.6 thousand cubic metres of refined petroleum products in April 1981. This represents a decrease of $1.9 \%$ compared to the production of 8501.4 thousand cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

Preliminary data show net sales of all refined petroleum products amounted to 7637.8 thousand cubic metres, an increase of $0.3 \%$ compared to the net sales of 7615.3 thousand cubic metres for the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Refined Petroleum Products (45-004, \$3.50/\$35), or contact G. Kitchen (613-996-3139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

The Heavy Engineering Contracting Industry, 1979 Advance Information
The total construction output for firms classified as heavy engineering general contractors has totalled $\$ 3,025$ million in 1979, an increase of $18.4 \%$ from the 1978 total of $\$ 2,554$ million. Increased revenues were reported in Newfoundland (123\%), British Columbia, Yukon, Northwest Territories (46\%), Nova Scotia ( $42 \%$ ), Quebec (38\%), Saskatchewan (17\%) and Alberta (15\%).

Since 1975, the net operating profit (net of losses) has steadily decreased from $5.9 \%$ at the Canada level to $3.9 \%$ in 1978, while 1979 has shown a slight recovery of $0.1 \%$ to $4.0 \%$.

For further information, order the 1979 issue of the Heavy Engineering Contracting Industry (64-209, \$7) or coritact S. Parent (613-995-8423), Construction Census Section, Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Heavy EngIneerIng. Contracting Industry Construction Revenue
1978 and 1979

|  | '(\$'000) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Newfoundland | 45,641 | 101,861 | 123 |
| Prince Edward Island | 3,634 | 1,441 | -60 |
| Nova Scotia | 46,729 | 66,223 | 42 |
| New Brunswick | 56,821 | 38,378 | -32 |
| Québec | 638,316 | 880,285 | $\because 38$ |
| Ontario | 853.587 | 855,915 | - |
| Manitoba | 63,896 | ... 44,395 | -31 |
| Saskatchewan | 50,270 | 58,961 | 17 |
| Alberta | 589,731. | 677,632 | 15 |
| British Columbia | 205,491 | 299,965 | 46 |
| Canada | 2,554,116 | 3,025,056 | 18 |

## Heavy Engineering Generai Contractors

Net profit as a percentage of total revenue 1975-1979

|  | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Newfoundland | 9.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 1.4 | 5.6 |
| Prince Edward Island | 0.1 | -4.2 | -4.2 | -0.2 | 5.8 |
| Nova Scotia | 12.4 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.2 | 5.3 |
| New Brunswick | 5.5 | 5.2 | -1.7 | 2.7 | 1.4 |
| Québec | 6.6 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 4.5 |
| Ontario | 5.4 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.1 |
| Manitoba | 5.4 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 3.3 | -2.4 |
| Saskatchewan | 7.9 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 6.4 | 5.3 |
| Alberta | 5.9 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 3.3 |
| British Columbia | 4.5 | 4.0 | 5.6 | 0.8 | 6.8 |
| Canada | 5.9 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Advanced Statistics: Airport Activity - Scheduled Services Total Scheduled Deplaned plus Enplaned Passengers


* April 1980 data for Montreal International (Dorval) and Mirabel International are partially estimated; figures shown above for these two airports are subiect to revision.

Alrport Actlvity - Scheduled Services, April 1980 Advance:Information
Ädvanced statistics for April 1980 are now available for air carrier traffic on scheduled services at major airports in Canada.

The accompanying' table provides statistics on passenger traffic for scheduled services at the top ten Canadian airports for April 1980, with comparative data for April 1979 and percentage changes between the periods.

Further information may be obtained by contacting E. Di Sanza (819-997-1986), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A ON9.

Tobacco Products - Cigarettes and Cigars, May 1981 - Advance Information

Canadian production of cigarettes for the month of May 1981 reached 6.3 billion, up from 6.1 billion a year earlier.

Production of cigars declined to 30.0 million in the latest month from 38.6 million in May 1980.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products (32$022, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Brian Preston (613-9963226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Cannada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Franchising in the Canadian Economy, 1980 Advance Information
At the end of December 1980 there were an estimated 21,075 franchise locations in Canada with estimated 1980 sales of $\$ 15,140.3$ million compared to 12,299 locations with estimated sales of $\$ 7,674.9$ million for the year ending December 31, 1976.

For further information, contact the Merchandising and Services Division (613-996-9301), Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V4.


Friday, June 19, 1981

CONTENTS
2 Estimates of Labour Income, March 1981


3 Specified Dairy Products: Production during January to May- 1981 and Stocks at June 1, 1981

4 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended June 7, 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Fruit and Vegetable Production, June 1981

25-201 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Logging, 1979
32-217 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Stocks of Food Commodities in Cold Storage and Other Warehouses, 1980

41-215 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Metal Rolling, Casting and Extruding, 1979

45-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Coal and Coke Statistics, March 1981

65-007 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Imports by Commoditles, March 1981

67-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Security Transactions with Non-residents, January 1981

## Wages and Salarles and Supplementary Labour Income

Basis: 196角空andard Industrial Classification

$f$ First estimate
p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate

## Estimates of Labour Income, March 1981 - Advance Information

Labour income for the month of March was estimated at $\$ 14,314.0$ million, an increase of $\$ 1,416.9$ million or 11.0\% from March 1980.

Adjusted for seasonal variation, wages and salaries increased by $\$ 57.6$ million between February and March to $\$ 13,535.1$ million.

The estimates will be published in the JanuaryMarch issue of Estimates of Labour Income (72-005, $\$ 5 / \$ 20$ ). For further information, contact Mrs. G. Gauthier (613-995-8431), Labour Income Section, Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6. (see table on next page)

## Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income

Basis: 1960 Standard Industrial Classification

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{f} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feb. } \\ 1981 \mathrm{p} \\ (\$ \text { millions }) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 179.5 | 182.1 | 180.5 |
| Prince Edward Island | 33.1 | 33.7 | 33.7 |
| Nova Scotia | 330.3 | 331.1 | 326.4 |
| New Brunswick | 251.5 | 249.4 | 248.2 |
| Quebec | 3,214.5 | 3,181.3 | 3,144.0 |
| Ontario | 5,310.3 | 5,234.1 | 5,182.0 |
| Manitoba | 507.1 | 496.5 | 489.9 |
| Saskatchewan | 404.5 | 402.1 | 401.8 |
| Alberta | 1,350.5 | 1,350.6 | 1,330.4 |
| British Columbia | 1,643.9 | 1,594.8 | 1,610.9 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 48.5 | 46.5 | 46.6 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,273.7 | 13,102.1 | 12,994.5 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,040.3 | 1,026.8 | 1,018.4 |
| Labour Income | 14,314.0 | 14,128.9 | 14,012.9 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 188.1 | 193.1 | 192.4 |
| Prince Edward Island | 36.3 | 37.2 | - 37.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 344.0 | 346.8 | 339.5 |
| New Brunswick | 264.5 | 262.0 | 259.5 |
| Quebec | 3,265.9 | 3,254.0 | 3,211.1 |
| Ontario | 5,416.8 | 5,362.3 | 5,298.9 |
| Manitoba | 520.5 | 514.0 | 505.3 |
| Saskatchewan | 418.0 | 423.3 | 421.9 |
| Alberta | 1,383.1 | 1,389.2 | 1,371.6 |
| British Columbia | 1,647.7 | 1,646.4 | 1,667.8 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territories | 50.2 | 49.1 | 48.9 |
| Total Wages and Salarles | 13,535.1 | 13,477.5 | 13,353.8 |
| Supplementary Labour Income | 1,060.7 | 1,056.2 | 1,046.5 |
| Labour Income | 14,595.8 | 14,533.6 | 14,400.4 |

$f$ First estimate
p Preliminary estimate
$r$ Revised estimate
Production during May 1981 and January to May 1980-1981 and
Stocks at June 1, 1980 and 1981 of Speclfied Dairy Products

|  | Production |  |  |  | Stocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May |  | Jan.-May |  | June 1 |  |  |
|  | 1980 | 1981 | 1980 | 1981 | 1980 |  | 1981 |
|  | tonnes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Creamery Butter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maritimes | 338 | 285 | 1471 | 1266 | . 174 |  | 308 |
| Quebec | 5516 | 5672 | 16802 | 17367 | 13674 | -. | 8564 |
| Ontario | 3489 | 3468 | 14729 | 14673 | 3790 |  | 2775 |
| Western Prov. | 1741 | 1893 | 7920 | 7412 | 2456 |  | 2655 |
| Canada | 11084 | 11318 | 40922 | 40718 | 20094. |  | 14302 |
| Cheddar Cheese |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maritimes | 494 | 577 | 2112 | 2361 | 573 |  | 848 |
| Quebec | 4756 | 5617 | 19.972 | 21179 | 19461 |  | 22553 |
| Ontario | 3334 | 3198 | 13365 | 13371 | 10772 |  | 14673 |
| Western Prov. | 1306 | 1378 | 5581 | 6637 | 3857 |  | 4445 |
| Canada | 9890 | 10770 | 41030 | 43548 | 34663 |  | 42519 |
| Skim Milk Powder Canada | 13919 | 16436 | 40929 | 46772 - | 23901 |  | 32594 |

For further information, contact Ms E. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Railway Carloadings

7-day Period Ended June 7, 1981

|  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 2,912,293 | 2,527,449 | 5,439,742 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 3,142,232 | 2,550,244 | 5,692,476 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2641988 | 2292863 | 4934851 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2850585 | 2313542 | 5164127 |
| \% ctiange | -7.3 | -0.9 | -4.4 |
| Cars, 1981 | 42,222 | 35,483 | 77,705 |
| Cars, 1980 | 44,024 | 36,745 | 80,769 |
| \% change | -4.1 | -3.4 | -3.8 |
| Piggyback traffic: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 151,128 | 63,113 | 214,241 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 125,963 | 59,941 | 185,904 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 137101 | 57255 | 194356 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 114272 | 54378 | 168650 |
| \% change | 20.0 | 5.3 | 15.2 |
| Cars, 1981 | 4,566 | 2,131 | 6,697 |
| Cars; 1980 | 4,010 | 2,328 | 6,338 |
| \% change | 13.9 | -8.5 | 5.7 |
| Year-to-date: (cumulative) |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  | 110,298. |
| Short tons, 1981 | 56,381,745 | 53,916,877 | 110,298,622 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 62,376,445 | 51,168,805 | 113,545,250 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 51148659 | 48912568 | 100061227 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 56586959 | 46419559 | 103006518 |
| \% change | -9.6 | 5.4 | -2.9 |
| Cars, 1981 | 856,355 | 753,857 | 1,610,212 |
| Cars, 1980 | 933,955 | 734,042 | 1,667,997 |
| \% change | -8.3 | 2.7 | -3.5 |
| Plggyback trafflc: |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 | 3,253,792 | 1,300,625 | 4,554,417 |
| Short tons, 1980 | 3,097,061 | 1,314,704 | 4;411;765 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 | 2.951790 | 1179907 | 4131697 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 | 2809606 | 1192679 | 4002285 |
| \% change | 5.1 | -1.1 | 3.2 |
| Cars, 1981 | 99,913 | 47,429 | 147,342 |
| Cars, 1980 | 97.994 | 50,250 | 148,244 |
| \% change | 2.0 | -5.6 | -0.6 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Rallway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended June 7, 1981 (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending June 7,1981 totalled 4.9 million t ( 5.4 million short tons). This was a decrease of $4.4 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased by $7.3 \%$ in the East and by $0.9 \%$ in the West.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased in the East by $20.0 \%$ and in the West by $5.3 \%$ for an overall national increase of $15.2 \%$.
.The year-to-date rail freight aggregates, at . 100.1 million t ( 110.3 million short tons), showed a decrease of $2.9 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by 0.6\%.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A.OV1.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

15-202E (Canada: $\$ 8$; Other Countries: $\$ 9.60$ ) The Inpui-output Structure of the Canadian Economy in Constant Prices, 1971-1977

22-007 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Grains and Ollseeds Review, April 1981

32-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Monthly Production of Soft Drinks, May 1981

41-207 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Fabricated Structural Metal Industry, 1979

43-005 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Factory Sales of Electric Storage Batteries, April 1981

65-004 (Canada: $\$ 5 / \$ 50$; Other Countries: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$ ) Exports by Commodities, April 1981

Estimated Value of Shipments, Inventories and Orders in All Manufacturing Industries
(Based on 1977 Census of Manufacturers Benchmarks)

|  | Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apr. 1981 p | Mar. 1981r | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Apr. <br> 1980 |
|  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Shipmeñts: Tootál | 16,126.2 | 16,235.2 | 14,135.4 | 13,427.7 |
| Non-du'rabler '. | 8.783 .7 | 8,811.8 | 7,977.4 | 7,384.2 |
| Durable | 7,342.5 | 7,423.4 | 6,158.0 | 6,043.5 |
| New Orders: Total | 16,363.6 | 16.510 .2 | 14,731.7 | 13,199.3 |
| Non-durable | 8,804.1 | 8,770.6 | 8,037.2 | 7.402 .2 |
| Durable | 7,559.5 | 7,739.6 | , 6,694.4 | 5,797.1 |
| Unfilled Orders: Tofal : , A. | 19,894.5 | 19,657.1 | 19,382.1 | 19,082.1 |
| Non-durable us | 2,315.3 | 2,295.0 | 2,336.1 | 2,127.3 |
| Durable $\because$ ¢ | 17,579.2 | 17,362.1 | 17,045.9 | 16,954.8 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 31.548 .4 | 30,728.6 | 30,279.5 | 28,011.6 |
| Non-durable | 16,013.4 | 15,669.2 | 15,305.1 | 13,862.6 |
| Durable | 15,535.0 | 15,059.4 | 14,974.3 | 14,149.0 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 33,091.9 | 32,230.1 | 31,726.1 | 29,207.4 |
| Raw materials | 13,083.2 | 12,747.5 | 12,775.0 | 11,908.3 |
| Goods in process | 8,784.3 | 8,613.0 | 8,545.1 | 7,621.1 |
| Finished products | 11,224.3 | 10,869.5 | 10,406.0 | 9,678.0 |
|  | Adjusted for Seasonal Variation |  |  |  |
| Shipments: Total | 15,779.5 | 15,371.4 | 14,939.3 | 13,037.9 |
| Non-durable | 8,806.9 | 8,614.3 | 8,402.8 | 7,332.4 |
| Durable | 6,972.6 | 6,757.1 | 6,536.5 | 5,705.5 |
| New Orders: Total | 15,962.7 | 15,380.6 | 15,307.0 | 12,723.8 |
| Non-durable | 8,805.8 | 8,530.6 | 8,445.8 | 7,334.9 |
| Durable | 7,156.9 | 6,850.0 | 6,861.2 | 5,388.9 |
| Unfilled Orders: Total | 19,432.4 | 19,249.2 | 19,240.0 | 18,685.1 |
| Non-durable | 2,257.3 | 2,258.4 | 2,342.1 | 2,072.8 |
| Durable | 17,175.1 | 16,990.8 | 16,897.9 | 16,612.3 |
| Inventory Owned: Total | 31,060.0 | 30,233.0 | 29,842.1 | 27,614.0 |
| Non-durable | 15,812.3 | 15,414.2 | 15,158.6 | 13,729.8 |
| Durable | 15,247.7 | 14,818.8 | 14,683.5 | 13,884.2 |
| Inventory Held: Total | 32,604.9 | 31,755.9 | 31,308.5 | 28,815.0 |
| Raw materials | 13,170.8 | 12,774.8 | 12,769.6 | 12,018.0 |
| Goods in process | 8,676.4 | 8,509.9 | 8,395.1 | 7.518 .5 |
| Finished products | 10,757.7 | 10,471.2 | 10,143.8 | 9,278.5 |
| Ratio of Total Inventory Owned to Shipments | 1.97 | 1.97 | 2.00 | 2.12 |
| Ratio of Finished Products to Shipments | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.71 |

## inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing

industries, April 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary estimate of the value of Canadian manufacturers' shipments in April 1981, seasonally adjusted, was $\$ 15,779.5$ million, $2.7 \%$ higher than the revised March value of $\$ 15,371.4$ million. About $40 \%$ of the $\$ 408$ million increase resulted from increased shipments in the petroleum refining industry. Durable goods shipments were up $3.2 \%$ to $\$ 6,972.6$ million from $\$ 6,757.1$ million in March. Non-durable goods shipments increased $2.2 \%$ to $\$ 8,806.9$ million from $\$ 8,614.3$ million.
Value of new orders received, seasonally adjusted for April, was estimated at $\$ 15,962.7$ million, $3.8 \%$ higher than the revised March value of $\$ 15,380.6$ million. Led by strong increases in new orders in the iron and steel and steel pipe and tube industries, new orders for durable goods increased $4.5 \%$ in April to $\$ 7.156 .9$ from $\$ 6,850.0$ million while new orders for non-durable goods rose $3.2 \%$ to $\$ 8,805.8$ from $\$ 8,530.6$ million.

Total backlog of unfilled orders for al! manufacturing, seasonally adjusted, was estimated at $\$ 19,432.4$ million in April, $1.0 \%$ higher than the revised March value of $\$ 19,249.2$ million. Unfilled orders for durable goods increased $1.1 \%$ to $\$ 17.175 .1$ million from $\$ 16,990.8$ million. Non-durable goods unfilled orders dropped marginally to $\$ 2,257.3$ million from $\$ 2,258.4$ million.

Transfer of title of large stocks of uranium concentrates from the non-manufacturing to the manufacturing sector and the arrival of large shipments of oil were largely responsible for a $2.7 \%$ increase in the seasonally adjusted value of total inventory owned by manufacturers. In April, the value rose to $\$ 31,060.0$ million from $\$ 30,233.0$ as revised for March. Total inventory held, seasonally adjusted, increased $2.7 \%$ in April to $\$ 32,604.9$ million from $\$ 31,755.9$ million for March, with increases of $3.1 \%$ in the value of raw (continued)

## Estimated Vaiue of Shipments of Own Manufacture by Province of Origin

|  | Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { 1981p } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mar. } \\ \text { 1981r } \end{gathered}$ | change | Jan.-Apr. 1981r | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Apr. } \\ 1980 \end{array}$ | change |
|  | (\$ millions) |  | (\$ millions) |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 104.9 | 98.5 | 6.4 | 355.0 | 320.8 | 10.6 |
| Nova Scotia | 299.0 | 332.3 | -10.0 | 1,257.7 | 1,162.2 | 8.2 |
| New Brunswick | 286.2 | 301.6 | -5.1 | 1,236.0 | 1,080.2 | 14.4 |
| Quebec | 4,136.7 | 4,212.0 | -1.8 | 15,535.5 | 14,086.9 | 10.3 |
| Ontario | 8,153.2 | 8,141.3 | 0.1 | 29,869.8 | 26,494.1 | 12.7 |
| Manitoba | 404.0 | 410.4 | -1.6 | 1,504.8 | 1,341.8 | 12.2 |
| Saskatchewan | 206.7 | 188.0 | 9.9 | 716.9 | 614.0 | 16.8 |
| Alberta | 1,022.6 | 1,017.4 | 0.5 | 3,863.5 | 3,238.7 | 19.3 |
| British Columbia | 1,493.4 | 1,516.3 | -1.5 | 5,586.0 | 5,080.4 | 10.0 |
| Canada* | 16,126.2 | 16,235.2 | -0.7 | 59,994.5 | 53,484:5 | 12.2 |

[^21]NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.
materials, $2.0 \%$ in goods in process and $2.7 \%$ in finished products.

The seasonally adjusted ratio of total inventory owned to shipments at the end of April was 1:97:1, the same as the revised ratio for March. The finished products to shipments ratio in April was $0.68: 1$, unchanged from the revised level of the previous month.

Not adjusted for seasonal variation, manufacturers' shipments in April were estimated at $\$ 16,126.2$ million, $0.7 \%$ lower than the revised March value of $\$ 16,235.2$ million.

Certain preliminary series of shipments by province data in greater detail than those normally published are available on request. For further information, order the April issue of Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries (31-001, \$3.50/\$35), or contact H. D. Wightman (613-996-7008), Shipments, Inventories and Orders Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Passenger Car Fuel Consumption Survey, JanuaryMarch 1980 - Advance Information
During the first three months of 1980, an estimated 6.9 million personal use passenger cars were operated in Canada, excluding 1979 models in Quebec. These cars were driven 23 billion kilometres and consumed four billion litres of fuel. They consumed an average of 18.2 litres of fuel for every 100 kilometres driven. The average daily distance per vehicle was 37 kilometres with average daily fuel consumption of 7.0 litres.

For further information on the Passenger Car Fuel Consumption Survey, contact Ken Sorrenti (613-9953034), Special Surveys Group, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6, or William Johnson (613-996-9731), Energy Systems Analysis and Forecasting, Transport Canada, Ottawa K1A 0N5.

Gross Natlonal Product, First Quarter 1981

Following normal practice, data from 1977 to 1980 inclusive have been revised to incorporate the most current source data and revised seasonal patterns. The revisions are generally within historically expected ranges.

Preliminary estimates indicate that Gross National Product, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, reached $\$ 314.6$ billion in the first quarter of 1981. After allowing for an overall price change of $2.5 \%$, the increase in G NP was $1.0 \%$. The first quarter advance in real G N.P. was reduced by an exceptionally large rebound in dividends paid to non-residents. Excluding international transactions in investment income, the increase in the volume of output on a domestic basis was $1.5 \%$.

The further expansion of the economy, following a robust $2.3 \%$ gain in the fourth quarter of 1980, had its origins in a fairly widespread strengthening of domestic demand, despite rapid inflation and a record quarterly level of interest rates. In marked contrast to the first half of 1980 when output declined, these interest rates did not appear to have the same inhibiting effect on spending and borrowing levels. A substantial $5.8 \%$ drop in real merchandise exports provided more visible evidence of the dampening effects of heightened monetary restraint throughout most of the major industrialized nations. At the same time, both the economy-wide and personal expenditure quarterly indexes of inflation worsened despite an easing of price increases for many raw materials and some manufactured goods.

Expenditure on residential construction exemplified the paradox of the performance of final domestic demand in the first quarter. The $7.4 \%$ increase in real expenditure on housing can be starkly juxtaposed with the debilitating effects on market conditions of high mortgage rates in the first half of 1980, as economic (continued)
agents in general thus far have adapted with unexpected ease to a period of high interest rates. The strength of the recovery in the housing sector was most evident in work-put-in-place, which recorded its largest increase in recent years. The upsurge of demand in the re-sale market that began in.mid-1980 reached record levels in several major cities, with pockets of particular strength in Toronto and Vancouver. The further uptrend of mortgage rates in the second quarter would appear, however, to have dissipated some of this strength. Costs incurred in the modifying and resale of the existing housing stock (real estate commissions and alterations and improvements) continued to rise strongly and now account for about $40 \%$ of activity within residential construction, a dramatic increase of 10 percentage points in the past three years.

Following a surge in the second half of 1980, net nominal exports of goods and services fell $\$ 6$ billion, as the merchandise trade surplus registered its steepest quarterly decline on record. After allowing for price changes, real net merchandise exports fell by almost $\$ 2$ billion. Sharply lower auto exports to the United States and slumping demand from overseas nations accounted for most of the $5.8 \%$ drop in real exports.

Final domestic demand was also supported by continued strong gains in business investment in plant and equipment, up 2.2\% in volume in the quarter. A $3.6 \%$ increase in non-residential construction accounted for most of this strength. Inventories rose $\$ 540$ million in volume in the first quarter, a distinct reversal from the more than $\$ 4$ billion liquidation in the second half of 1980.

Real personal expenditure on goods and services rose $0.5 \%$. Slumping energy demand and declining travel expenditures abroad partly offset steadily rising consumer demand for most durable and semi-durable goods.

Consumer prices as measured by the personal expenditure deflator have risen $11.4 \%$ over the past four quarters, the largest increase since early 1975.

Sharply higher prices within non-durable goods, particularly for energy and food, led to a $2.5 \%$ gain in the total index. While consumers shouldered a burden of more rapid price increases, the year-over-year increase in the GNE implicit index for prices economywide has slowed to about a $10 \%$ rate in recent quarters. Weakening export prices received for a wide range of goods traded in commodity markets accounted for most of this slowdown. The $4.5 \%$ increase in the implicit price index for exports was largely the result of compositional shifts within the mix of goods masking a decline in prices for crude and fabricated materials.

Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income slowed to a $3.0 \%$ increase from the $4.1 \%$ gain in the previous quarter. The underlying trend of wage gains was distorted by an increase in strike effects and a drop in special payments. Excluding these effects, labour income has risen more than 3.5\% in each of the last two quarters. Goods-producing industries led this increase, as wages and salaries rose more than $4.0 \%$ in the manufacturing, construction, mining and forestry industries. Despite the recent strengthening of wage increases and continuing increases in employment over the past year, labour income's share of GNP remained at about 56.0\%.

Corporate profits before taxes were little changed in the quarter. This represents the sixth consecutive quarter of weak or declining growth in profits, a period which has seen the share of GNP accruing to
corporate profits decline from $14.0 \%$ to $12.3 \%$. Despite this development, business investment in plant and equipment has continued to command a steadily rising share of total output. A reduction in inventory profits and weak commodity prices helped to restrain profit growth.

Total personal income and personal disposable income both grew about $4.0 \%$ in the quarter, and about $14.5 \%$ in the past year. The personal savings rate rose to $10.3 \%$ in the first quarter, in line with the average for the past three years.

Total government revenue, excluding interngovernmental transfers, increased by 6.4\% after a 5.5\% growth in the fourth quarter of 1980. Sharp increases were attributed to much higher petroleum related revenues and increased unemployment insurance premiums. Total government expenditure rose by 3.8\% after a 2.3\% increase in the fourth quarter. Major contributors to the sharp rise were interest on the public debt and higher expenditure on goods and services. The rise was mitigated by a reduction in petroleum compensation payments. The relatively stronger increase in revenue resulted in a decrease in the deficit, on a national accounts basis, of $\$ 2.9$ billion, from $\$ 5.5$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1980 to $\$ 2.6$ billion in the first quarter.

## Revisions

The most significant revisions to previously published estimates occurred in labour income, corporation profits, business investment in plant and equipment, and dividends paid to persons.
For labour income, incorporation of the Department of National Revenue tabulation of wages and salaries from the "T-4" forms submitted by employers for 1979 and more recent information on supplementary labour income, led to an upward revision of $\$ 727$ million. This raised the growth rate of labour income from $11.2 \%$ to $11.7 \%$. Against this background, and taking into account movements in employment and earnings in 1980, the estimate of labour income growth for use within the GNP accounts has been raised from 11.3\% to $11.9 \%$ for 1980.

Business investment in plant and equipment was revised to include final results for 1979 and preliminary 1980 results from the Survey of Private and Public Investment in Canada. Expenditures on nonresidential construction were raised $\$ 626$ million, and machinery and equipment $\$ 503$ million. The resulting 1979 year-to-year changes were raised from $20.0 \%$ to $24.2 \%$ and from $20.4 \%$ to $23.4 \%$, respectively. Year-toyear changes for 1980 were little changed from those previously published.
Revisions to corporate profits and depreciation resulted from the incorporation of 1978 taxation data benchmarks and revised 1979 and 1980 projections. The use of the 1978 taxation data also resulted in a substantial upward revision to dividends paid to persons and thus to personal income. Much of the increase in the 1978 dividend payments stemmed from the disposition of tax-paid undistributed surplus under Section 83 of the Income Tax Act. The high level of dividends continued in 1979, mainly as a result of the removal of the restrictions imposed by the A.I.B.


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-024 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, May 1981

33-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Consumption, Production and Inventories of Rubber, April 1981

35-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Construction Type Plywood, April 1981

62-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Index Numbers of Farm Prices of Agricultural Products, April 1981

64-201 (Canada: \$7; Other Countries: \$8.40) Construction in Canada, 1979-1981
98-811 (Canada: \$6; Other Countries: \$7.20) Living Alone in Canada: Demographic and Economic Perspectives, 1951-1976 by Brian R. Harrison

Service Bulletins:
81-002 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Education Statistics, Vol. 3, No. 4, Education Price Index Elementary-secondary Level, 1980

87-001 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Culture Statistics, Vol. 4, No. 5, Film Industry, 1979


Index of Industrial Production, April 1981 - Advance Information
The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production increased by $1.1 \%$ to 138.6 in April from 137.1 in March. Output of mining, utilities and manufacturing increased during the month.

For further information, order the April issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production) (61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact Erika Molnar (613-995-0568), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Provincial Government Employment, January-March 1981 - Advance Information
General government services in Canada's provincial and territorial governments reported gross payrolls for the first quarter of 1981 of $\$ 1,820$ million. The number of employees reported for the last pay period of March 1981 was 405,739.
For further information, order the January-March 1981 issue of Provincial Government Employment (72$007, \$ 5 / \$ 20$ ), or contact A. G. Kerr (613-995-8201), Public Finance Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, May 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian manufacturers shipped 1,722,585 thousand square feet ( 160033 thousand m2) of corrugated boxes and wrappers in May 1981, an increase of $9.8 \%$ compared with the $1,569,517$ thousand square feet ( 145813 thousand m2) the previous year.
January to May 1981 shipments totalled 8,399,174 thousand square feet ( 780308 thousand m2) compared with $8,141,369$ thousand square feet ( 756358 thousand m2) in 1980.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Shipments of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36004, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-9920388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Vinyl-asbestos Floor Tiles, May 1981 - Advance Information
In May 1981, Canadian manufacturers produced 3684 metric tonnes or 773968 square metres of vinylasbestos floor tiles as compared with 3875 metric tonnes or 796197 square metres in the same period of the previous year.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles (47-001, $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$, or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 20, 1981 - Advance Information
Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended June 20, 1981 totalled 370,957 short tons (336 527 t), a decrease of $4.5 \%$ from the preceding week's total of 388,337 short tons (352 293 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 348,798 short tons (316 424 t).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183,227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 202.5 in the current week, 211.9 a week earlier and 190.4 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry. W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.


Wednesday, June 24, 1981

## CONTENTS



2 Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, February 1981
2 Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, June 1981

## New Prices

Retroactive to the start of the new fiscal year in April 1981, the Daily will cost $\$ 75$ a year instead of $\$ 120$. Outside Canada, the price will be $\$ 90$ instead of $\$ 144$.

Infomat, a weekly digest of recently released data, will be priced at $\$ 25$ a year in Canada, reduced from $\$ 60$, and $\$ 30$ a year outside Canada, reduced from $\$ 72$.

In addition, school boards, schools, colleges, universities and public libraries will receive a 30 percent discount on the purchase of Statistics Canada publications.

For further information regarding these price changes, contact Ellis Drover (613-996-5841), Director, User Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.


Viking Building Crosbie Rd. St. John's, Nfid. A1B 3P2 (709-737-4073)
1256 Barrington St. Halifax, N.S.
B3J 1 Y6 (902-426-5331)
1500 Atwater Ave.
Montréai, Qué.
H3Z 1 Y2
(514-283-5725)
25 St. Clair Ave. E. Toronto, Ont. M4T 1M4 (416-966-6586)

266 Graham Ave. Winnipeg, Man. R3C OK4 (204-949-4020)

530 Midtown Centre Regina, Sask.
S4P 2 B6
(306-359-5405)
11010 101st Street Edmonton, Alta. T5H 4C5 (403-420-3027)
1145 Robson St.
Vancouver, B.C.
V6E 3W8
(604-666-3695)

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, February 1981 - Advance Information
Production of crude petroleum and equivalent hydrocarbons during February 1981 amounted to 6703600 cubic metres, down $8.8 \%$ from 7348900 cubic metres. in the same month of 1980.
Net newiproduction of natural gas amounted to 8827.7 million cubic metres, a decrease of $0.6 \%$ from 8877.2 million cubic metres in the same month of 1980.

For further information, order the February 1981 issue of Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production (26-006, \$2.50/\$25), or contact I. Cavanagh (613-9963139), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, June 1981 -. Advance Information
Total frozen meat in cold storage at the opening of the first day of June amounted to 49285 metric tonnes, up from 48864 tonnes last month and 44037 tonnes a year ago.

For further information, order the June 1981 issue of Stocks of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, \$2.50/\$25), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

## CONTENTS

2 Real Domestic Product, April 1981
4 The Non-Residential General Building Contracting Industry, 1979
5 The Residential General Building Contracting Industry, 1979
2 Telecommunications Statistics, First Quarter 1981
2 Coal and Coke Statistics, April 1981
2 Mineral Wool, May 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

32-209 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: \$5.40) Dairy Products Industry, 1979
41-208 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Hardware, Tool and Cutlery Manufacturers, 1979

44-207 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Glass and Glass Products Manufacturers, 1979
73-001p (N/C) Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics, March 1981
© Real Domestic Product, April 1981, (Seasonally

## -

Prelimimary estimates indicate that growth in the economy continued in April as Real Domestic Product advanced 0.6\% over the March output level. This was the fent consecutive monthly increase for Real Domestic Product Industrial production rose $1.1 \%$ in Aprí, "matoning óthe stróng incrẹ̆ases of February and March.

The April growth stemmed from increases in manufacturing, mining and transportation and communiçation sèrvices. Almost all of the rise in manufacturing wás attributable to a sharp advance in one com'ponent, the automotive sector. The increase in motor vehicle and parts, production coincided with significant strengthening in' exports for passenger cars and motor vehicle parts and accesśories. Retail sales by new motor vehicle dealers have been increasing 'moderately since January. However, in contrast with the recent trend, retail sales of passenger cars and trucks produced in Canada and the U.S. increased in April, while demänd for vehiclés manufactured overseas declined.

Following a strong decline in March, mining output grew significantly in April, primarily because of increased production of nickel, copper, and crude petroleum. Export demand for refined nickel and copper was up sharply as well. Production of crude oil in Alberta was cut significantly at the beginning of March. However, in April, output levels were allowed to increase so that the overall reduction in the MarchMay period would be targetted 60,000 barrels per day.

Increased demand for air, rail, truck, pipeline transport and telephone services accounted for the growth in transportation and communication services. For air transport, the gain resulted from increases in both regular and charter air travel. Increased carloadings of automotive, petroleum, and chemical products and rising passenger traffic were among factors contributing to the higher output level recorded in railway transport. The gain in the telephone system resulted from stronger demand for both local and long-distance services.

During the month, the forestry industry was the most significant area of weakness, with several thousand woodworkers laid off in British Columbia's forestry operations. Production in pulp and paper mills declined as newsprint exports fell. There was also a decline in lumber exports in April.

For further information, order the April issue of Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (including the Index of Industrial Production) (61-005, $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ), or contact Ron Kennedy (613-995-0568), Industry Product Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.
(see table on next page)

Telecommunications Statistics, First Quarter, 1981 Advance Information
Teleglobe Canada and CNCP Telecommunications report quarterly revenue of $\$ 99.1$ million in the first quarter of 1981, up $17.0 \%$ from the first quarter of 1980. Operating expenses were $\$ 71.6$ million, an increase of $29.1 \%$ over the same period in 1980. Net operating revenue was $\$ 27.5$ million, down from $\$ 29.9$ million in the first quarter of 1980.

For further information, order Communications Service Bulletin, Telecommunications Statistics, First Quarter 1981 ( $56-001, \$ 1.50 / \$ 15$ ), or contact J.R. Slattery (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Coal and Coke Statlstics, April 1981 - Advance Information
Canadian production of coal increased 12.2\% in April to 3473942 metric tonnes from 3,095564 a year earlier. Landed imports decreased $30.4 \%$ to 1201544 from 1725109 tonnes.

Coal production for the first four months of 1981 totalled 13815206 , up $21.7 \%$ from 11353121 tonnes in the same period in 1980.

For further information, order the April issue of Coal and Coke Statistics. (45-002, \$2.50/\$25); or contact Dave Madsen (613-996-3139), Energy Section, Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Mineral Wool, May 1981 - Advance Information During May 1981 manufacturers" shipped 6587867 square metres of mineral wool (all R-factors).

For further information, order the May issue of Mineral Wool (44-004, \$1.50/\$15), or contact G. Elliot (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Correction for the Index of Industrial Production

Dates for the table for the index of Industrial Production for April 1981 'were inadvertently printed as 1980 in the Daily of June 23. All headings should have beèn for 1981 , except for the year-to-year comp'arison" with "April 1980.

Indexes of Real Domestic Product
(1971=100) (Seasonally Adjusted)

| . | 1971 <br> percentage weight | Apr. <br> 1980 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. } \\ 1981 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1981 | Apr. <br> 1981 | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Domestic Product | 100.000 | 138.5 | 141.7 | 142.1 | 142.8 | 143.6 | 0.6 |
| Agriculture | 3.371 | 110.4 | 110.9 | 111.8 | 112.5 | 112.9 | 0.4 |
| Forestry | . 802 | 124.4 | 134.0 | 129.4 | 134.3 | 127.2 | -5.3 |
| Fishing and Trapping | . 178 | 130.4 | 131.2 | 138.6 | 144.6 | 148.0 | 2.4 |
| Mines (including miling), quarries and oll wells | 3.819 | 120.8 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 116.7 | 121.1 | 3.8 |
| Manufacturing indusirles | 22.753 | 130.9 | 131.2 | 133.5 | 136.0 | 136.9 | 0.7 |
| Construction Industry | 6.990 | 121.7 | 137.2 | 135.5 | 133.8 | 134.6 | 0.6 |
| Transportation, storage and communication | 9.050 | 158.0 | 161.3 | 162.8 | 161.6 | 162.9 . | 0.8 |
| Transportation | 5.991 | 135.9 | 135.5 | 136.7 | 135.0 | 136.6 | 1.2 |
| Air transport and services incidental to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| air transport | . 671 | 232.7 | 221.0 | 232.4 | 222.5 | 228.0 | 2.5 |
| Railway transport | 1.815 | 124.5 | 128.9 | 127.8 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 0.7 |
| Bus transport, interurban and rural | . 089 | 138.7 | 138.2 | 134.0 | 131.7 | 125.6 | -4.6 |
| Urban transit systems | . 250 | 114.1 | 115.1 | 112.7 | 109.4 | 110.1 | 0.6 |
| Pipeline transport | . 486 | 121.1 | 122.2 | 124.1 | 124.6 | 128.8 | 3.4 |
| Storage | . 258 | 126.5 | 126.5 | 122.6 | 130.2 | 121.7 | -6.5 |
| Grain elevators | . 177 | 112.1 | 108.5 | 106.6 | 116.0 | 103.6 | -10.7 |
| Communication | 2.801 | 208.2 | 219.8 | 222.3 | 221.2 | 223.1 | 0.9 |
| Electric power, gas and water utilities | 2.658 | 173.9 | 176.9 | 172.6 | 176.3 | 177.8 | 0.9 |
| Trade | 11.561 | 139.9 | 145.2 | 145.3 | 145.5 | 146.1 | 0.4 |
| Wholesale trade | 4.756 | 130.6 | 131.1 | 133.0 | 134.0 | 134.1 | 0.1 |
| Wholesale merchants | 3.943 | 136.5 | 138.0 | 140.7 | 142.2 | 141.7 | -0.4 |
| Retail trade | 6.805 | 146.4 | 154.9 | 153.9 | 153.5 | 154.5 | 0.7 |
| Food stores | 1.299 | 115.2 | 116.0 | 113.0 | 113.2 | 113.3 | 0.1 |
| General merchandise stores | 1.413 | 141.2 | 148.5 | 146.6 | 145.6 | 148.7 | 2.1 |
| Department stores . | . 889 | 160.4 | 168.6 | 168.2 | 165.6 | 171.1 | 3.3 |
| Other general merchandise stores | . 524 | 108.7 | 114.5 | 109.9 | 111.8 | 110.8 | -0.9 |
| Motor vehicle dealers | . 811 | 160.4 | 172.8 | 175.9 | 176.5 | 178.0 | 0.8 |
| Clothing stores | . 434 | 138.9 | 148.1 | 151.6 | 149.9 | 147.6 | -1.5 |
| Hardware stores | . 101 | 116.6 | 108.1 | 109.3 | 111.4 | 108.6 | -2.5 |
| Furniture, television, radio and |  | 162.2 | 194.2 | 188.3 | 181.5 | 186.3 | 2.6 |
| appliance stores | . 216 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drug stores | . 301 | 182.5 | 197.8 | 194.0 | 193.3 | 200.0 | 3.5 |
| Finance, Insurance and reai estate | 11.853 | 158.5 | 162.9 | 162.6 | 163.9 | 164.7 | 0.5 |
| Community, business and personai service Industries | 19.539 | 139.4 | 141.3 | 142.0 | 142.5 | 142.6 | 0.1 |
| Education and related services | 6.478 | 107.9 | 109.3 | 110.0 | 110.4 | 110.5 | 0.1 |
| Health and welfare services | 5.318 | 133.9 | 137.4 | 137.6 | 138.0 | 138.4 | 0.3 |
| Amusement and recreation services | . 536 | 198.1 | 202.1 | 198.4 | 200.8 | 200.5 | -0.1 |
| Services to business management | 2.373 | 223.5 | 223.6 | 224.9 | 225.7 | 226.5 | 0.4 |
| Personal services | 1.021 | 115.0 | 115.2 | 116.3 | 115.9 | 116.1 | 0.2 |
| Accommodation and food services | 2.588 | 148.1 | 150.0 | 151.4 | 152.4 | 151.1 | -0.9 |
| Public administration and defence | 7.425 | 128.6 | 130.3 | 129.3 | 128.9 | 129.0 | 0.1 |
| Special groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index of industrial production | 29.230 | 133.5 | 133.5 | 135.0 | 137.1 | 138.6 | 1.1 |
| Real domestic product less agriculture | 96.629 | 139.5 | 142.7 | 143.2 | 143.9 | 144.7 | 0.6 |
| Goods-producing industries | 40.572 | 129.3 | 132.3 | 133.1 | 134.5 | 135.6 | 0.8 |
| Goods-producing industries less agriculture | 37.201 | 131.0 | 134.2 | 135.0 | 136.5 | 137.6 | 0.8 |
| Service-producing industries | 59.428 | 144.8 | 148.0 | 148.3 | 148.6 | 149.1 | 0.3 |
| Commercial industries | 81.308 | 142.7 | 146.1 | 146.7 | 147.6 | 148.5 | 0.6 |
| Commercial industries less agriculture | 77.937 | 144.1 | 147.6 | 148.2 | 149.1 | 150.0 | 0.6 |
| Non-commercial industries | 18.692 | 120.1 | 122.3 | 122.2 | 122.3 | 122.4 | 0.1 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 11.324 | 133.5 | 132.9 | 134.4 | 136.1 | 136.2 | 0.1 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 11.429 | 128.2 | 129.6 | 132.5 | 135.9 | 137.6 | 1.3 |

Operating Revenue, Costs and Profit of Non-Residential General Building Contractors 1979 (\$000)

|  | Maritimes |  | Quebec |  | Ontario |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \% | \$ | \% | \$ | \% |
| Total operating revenue | 454,593 | 100.0 | 988,600 | 100.0 | 2,046,315 | 100.0 |
| Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subcontracts | 251,535 | 55.3 | 560,910 | 56.7 | 1,227,746 | 60.0 |
| Materials | 96,785 | 21.3 | 176,063 | 17.8 | 367,544 | 18.0 |
| Wages | 54,738 | 12.1 | 127,762 | 12.9 | 214,469 | 10.5 |
| Salaries | 20,747 | 4.6 | 43,243 | 4.4 | 97,671 | 4.8 |
| Other costs | 26,078 | 5.7 | 61,842 | 6.3 | 98,951 | 4.8 |
| Profit before income taxes | 4,710 | 1.0 | 18,780 | 1.9 | 39,934 | 1.9 |
|  | Prairie Region |  | British Columbia |  | Canada |  |
|  | \$ | \% | \$ | \% | \$ | \% |
| Total operating revenue | 1,832,627 | 100.0 | 894,762 | 100.0 | 6,216,897 | 100.0 |
| Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subcontracts | 1,019,536 | 55.6 | 419,847 | 46.9 | 3,479,574 | 56.0 |
| Materials | 377,719 | 20.6 | 189,509 | 21.2 | 1,207,620 | 19.4 |
| Wages | 239,130 | 13.0 | 181,126 | 20.3 | 817,225 | 13.2 |
| Salaries | 76,329 | 4.2 | 42,065 | 4.7 | 280,055 | 4.5 |
| Other costs | 98,325 | 5.4 | 52,144 | 5.8 | 337,340 | 5.4 |
| Profit before income taxes | 21,588 | 1.2 | 10,071 | 1.1 | 95,083 | 1.5 |

* British Columbia includes Yukon and Northwest Territories.


## The Non-Residential General Building Contracting

 Industry, 1979 - Advance InformationTotal 1979 construction revenue for general contractors whose main activity was non-residential construction was $\$ 6,217$ million nationally, an increase of $33.4 \%$ from the 1978 level of $\$ 4,661$ million. Preliminary data are given in the two accompanying tables. Complete census data will be available in the publication The Non-Residential General Building Contracting Industry, 1979 which will be released in late July.
Further information is available from Pierre Schneider (613-995-8424), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Non-Residential General Building Contractors

Net profit (loss) before income taxes as a percentage of total operating revenue
1975-1979

|  | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Newfoundland | 3.0 | 4.4 | 1.5 | $(0.3)$ | 0.8 |
| Prince Edward Isiand | 3.0 | $(1.0)$ | 0.6 | 2.7 | 1.2 |
| Nova Scotia | 2.0 | 0.8 | $(0.6)$ | $(0.5)$ | 1.1 |
| New Brunswick | 6.3 | 5.2 | 4.4 | $(0.5)$ | 1.1 |
| Quebec | 2.8 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 |
| Ontario | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Manitoba | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.0 |
| Saskatchewan | 4.3 | 2.7 | 3.4 | $(0.6)$ | 1.9 |
| Alberta | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.1 |
| British Columbia | 3.5 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Canada | 3.0 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 |

Operating Revenue, Costs and Profit of Residential General Building Contractors 1979 (\$'000)

|  | Maritimes |  | Quebec |  | Ontario |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \% | \$ | \% | \$ | \% |
| Total operating revenue | 130,914 | 100.0 | 627,374 | 100.0 | 1,729,922 | 100.0 |
| Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subcontracts | 32,304 | 24.7 | 227,681 | 36.3 | 686,703 | 39.7 |
| Materials | 45,396 | 34.7 | 190,712 | 30.4 | 319,337 | 18.5 |
| Wages | 20,333 | 15.5 | 56,067 | 8.9 | 86,076 | 5.0 |
| Salaries | 5,240 | 4.0 | 26,476 | 4.2 | 77,060 | 4.4 |
| Land | 5,381 | 4.1 | 35,287 | 5.6 | 262,447 | 15.2 |
| Other Costs | 18,599 | 14.2 | 72,006 | 11.5 | 235,230 | 13.6 |
| Profit before income taxes | 3,661 | 2.8 | 19,145 | 3.1 | 63,069 | 3.6 |
|  | Prairie Region |  | British Columbia |  | Canada |  |
|  | \$ | \% | \$ | \% | \$ | \% |
| Total operating revenue | 1,367,931 | 100.0 | 512,950 | 100.0 | 4,369,091 | 100.0 |
| Costs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subcontracts | 494,378 | 36.2 | 174,678 | 34.1 | 1,615,744 | 37.0 |
| Materials | 245,134 | 17.9 | 118,253 | 23.0 | 918,832 | 21.0 |
| Wages | 77,006 | 5.6 | 40,793 | 8.0 | 280,275 | 6.4 |
| Salaries | 60,543 | 4.4 | 20,124 | 3.9 | 189,443 | 4.3 |
| Land | 261,928 | 19.2 | 77,952 | 15.2 | 642,995 | 14.7 |
| Other costs | 171,371 | 12.5 | 64,360 | 12.5 | 561,566 | 12.9 |
| Profit before income taxes | 57,571 | 4.2 | 16,790 | 3.3 | 160,236 | 3.7 |

- British Columbia includes Yukon and Northwest Territories.

The Residential General Building Contracting Indus-
try, 1979 - Advance Information
The total 1979 operating revenue for general contractors whose main activity was residential construction totalled $\$ 4,369$ million nationally, a decrease of $12.9 \%$ from the 1978 level of $\$ 5,014$ million. Preliminary data are given in the two accompanying tables. Complete census data will be available in The Residential General Building Contracting Industry, 1979 which will be released in late July.

For further information, contact Pierre Schneider (613-995-8424), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

## Residential General Bullding

## Contractors

Net profit before income taxes as a percentage of total operating revenue
1975-1979

|  | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Newfoundland | 5.8 | 5.0 | 3.7 | 0.6 | 3.9 |
| Prince Edward Island | 5.6 | 1.6 | 5.1 | 3.8 | 2.3 |
| Nova Scotia | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 |
| New Brunswick | 6.9 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| Quebec | 7.5 | 6.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Ontario | 9.9 | 8.9 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 3.6 |
| Manitoba | 12.4 | 10.9 | 7.0 | 4.9 | 1.5 |
| Saskatchewan | 11.9 | 10.4 | 6.8 | 3.5 | 3.8 |
| Alberta | 10.7 | 10.0 | 8.5 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| British Columbia | 9.1 | 5.0 | 4.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Canada | 9.5 | 8.2 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 3.7 |




2 Key Economic Series, July 1981
2 Housing Starts in Centres of 10,000 Population and Over, May 1981
3 Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended June 14, 1981
3 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in Britlsh Columbla, April 1981

4 Road Motor Vehicles: Fuel Sales, 1980
4 Electric Lamps, May 1981
4 Oilseeds Crushings, May 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

22-002 (\$15 for series of 8) Fleld Crop Reporting Serles No. 4, PrelimInary Estimates of Crop and Summerfallow Area, Canada - Available June 26, 1981 at 3 p.m.

23-003 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry, April 1981

25-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics, April 1981
32-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Canned and Frozen Frults and Vegetables, April 1981
32-205 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Breweries, 1979
33-205 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Miscellaneous Leather Products Manufacturers, 1979
(continued on page 4)

Housing Starts in Centres of 10,000 Population and Over
Actual' Numbers by Type:and Totals:Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
May 1980 and $981 \%$,

| - | Actual 1980 |  |  |  |  | SAAR* (000) | Actual 1981 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAAR* } \\ & (000) \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Singlest |  | Rów. | Apts. | Total |  | Singles | Doubles | Row | Apts. | Total |  |
| March | 3,006 | 479 | 849 | 1,819 | 6,153 | 115.7 | 4,065 | 569 | 775 | 2,332 | 7,741 | 146.2 |
| Aprll | 4,771 | 722 | 919 | 3,063 | 9,475 | 129.4 | 7,446 | 1,195 | 1,126 | 5,087 | 14,854 | 203.3 |
| May |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 5,578 | 703 | 749 | 2,747 | 9,777 | 96.4 | 9,429 | 1,470 | 1,137 | 4,949 | 16,985 | 168.5 |
| Nfid. | 119 | 6 | " - | 128 | 253 | 2.3 | 86 | 18 | 70 | - | 174 | 1.5 |
| P.E.I. | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 5 | - | - | - | 5 | 0.1 |
| N.S. | 69 | - | 27 | 46 | 142 | 1.3 | 153 | - | 8 | 12 | 173 | 1.5 |
| N.B. | 37 | - | - | - | 37 | 0.3 | 84 | 4 | - | 30 | 118 | 1.0 |
| Que. | 1,448 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | - . 185 | 12 | 327 | 1,972 | 15.4 | 1,950 | 352 | 67 | 1.496 | 3,865 | 29.9 |
| Ont. | 1,283 | 266 | 168 | 815 | 2,532 | 27.7 | 3,109 | 782 | 321 | 798 | 5,010 | 54.2 |
| Man. | 72 | 10 | - | 254 | 336 | 3.6 | 338 | 10 | 15 | 12 | 375 | 4.2 |
| Sask. | 151 | 2 | 17 | 286 | 456 | 4.9 | 462 | 28 | - | 41 | 531 | 6.0 |
| Alta. | 891 | 166 | 373 | 474 | 1,904 | 20.5 | 1,903 | 154 | 410 | 1,406 | 3,873 | 43.3 |
| B.C. | 1,507 | 68 | 152 | 417 | 2,144 | 20.4 | 1.339 | 122 | 246 | 1,154 | 2,861 | 26.8 |
| Cumulative Jan.-May |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 18,475 | 3,142 | 4,125 | 16,597 | 42,339 |  | 28,452 | 4,486 | 4,043 | 17,396 | 54,377 |  |
| Nfld. | 380 | 12 | 20 | 128 | 540 |  | 296 | 38 | 105 | - | 439 |  |
| P.E.I. | 1 | - | - | 72 | 73 |  | 11 | - | - | - | 11 |  |
| N.S. | 280 | 8 | 75 | 198 | 561 |  | 459 | 14 | 8 | 135 | 616 |  |
| N.B. | 104 | 2 | - | - | 106 |  | 237 | 14 | - | 60 | 311 |  |
| Que. | 3,779 | 764 | 148 | 2,484 | 7.175 |  | 4,630 | 1,059 | 177 | 4,329 | 10,195 |  |
| Ont. | 3,780 | 1,184 | 1,413 | 5,453 | 11,830 |  | 8,303 | 1,998 | 1,122 | 3,772 | 15,195 |  |
| Man. | 213 | 12 | 71 | 407 | 703 |  | 919 | 20 | 15 | 116 | 1,070 |  |
| Sask. | 498 | 48 | 37 | 852 | 1,435 |  | 984 | 86 | 104 | 822 | 1,996 |  |
| Alta. | 3.642 | 734 | 1,303 | 2,519 | 8.198 |  | 6,512 | 836 | 1,447 | 3,509 | 12,304 |  |
| B.C. | 5,798 | 378 | 1,058 | 4,484 | 11,718 |  | 6,101 | 421 | 1,065 | 4,653 | 12,240 |  |
| Housing starts in all areas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SAAR* (000) | Mar. | 150.2 | Apr. | 162.3 | May | 129.3 | Mar. | 196.4 | Apr. | 243.3 | May | 208.5 |

[^22]Key Economic Series, July 1981
Key Economic Series data for July is expected to be released according to the following schedule. Under certain circumstances peculiar to each series, the release date might be changed.
June 29-July 3: Unemployment Insurance, April 1981; June 29-July 3: Industrial Corporations Financial Statistics (Final Data), First Quarter 1981;
June 29-July 6: Labour Income, April 1981;
June 29-July 6: Building Permits, April 1981;
July 3: Preliminary Statement on Canadian Trade, May 1981;
July 3-9: Industry Selling Price Index, May 1981;
July 6-10: Canadian Composite Leading Indicator, April 1981;
July 6-14: Employment, Earnings and Hours, April 1981;
July 10: Labour Force Survey, June 1981;
July 10-16: Retail Trade, May 1981;
July 13-16: Farm Cash Receipts, January-May 1981;
July 16-21: Wholesale Trade, May 1981;
July 17: The Consumer Price Index, June 1981
July 20-24: Index of Industrial Production, May 1981;

July 24-30: Inventories, Shipments and Orders, May 1981;
July 24-31: Real Domestic Product, May 1981;
July 27-31: Unemployment Insurance, May 1981;
July 27-August 7: Labour Income, May 1981;
July 28-31: Housing Starts in Urban Centres of 10,000
Population and Over, June 1981;
July 28-31: Housing Starts, All Areas, Second Quarter 1981.

The August schedule of Key Economic Series will appear in the Daily and on CANSIM on July 29, 1981.

The schedule of Key Economic Series is now available on CANSIM, and can be retrieved by using the command DATES. The schedule will be issued once per month as noted above.

For further information, contact Jack Kerr (613-9921548), Production Engineering, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Raliway Carloadings
7-day Period Ended June 14, 1981

|  |  | Eastern Division | Western Division | Canada |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 |  | 2,885,754 | 2,559,350 | 5,445,104 |
| Short tons, 1980 | , | 2,899,290 | 2,714,438 | 5,613,728 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 |  | 2617912 | 2321803 | 4939715 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 |  | 2630192 | 2462497 | 5092689 |
| \% change |  | -0.5 | -5.7 | -3.0 |
| Cars, 1981 |  | 41,561 | 35,675 | 77,236 |
| Cars, 1980 |  | 42,967 | 38,320 | 81,287 |
| \% change |  | -3.3 | -6.9 | -5.0 |
| Plggyback traffic: |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 |  | 142,976 | 67,370 | 210,346 |
| Short tons, 1980 |  | 139,054 | 55,391 | 194,445 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 |  | 129706 | 61117 | 190823 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 |  | 126148 | 50250 | 176398 |
| \% change |  | 2.8 | 21.6 | 8.2 |
| Cars, 1981 |  | 4,420 | 2,328 | 6,748 |
| Cars, 1980 |  | 4,354 | 2,108 | 6,462 |
| \% change |  | 1.5 | 10.4 | 4.4 |
| Year-to-date: (cumulative) |  |  |  |  |
| Total carload traffic: |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 |  | 59,267,165 | 56,476,227 | 115,743,392 |
| Short tons, 1980 |  | 65,275,735 | 53,883,243 | 119,158,978 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 |  | 53766268 | 51234371 | 105000639 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 |  | 59217151 | 48882056 | 108099207 |
| \% change |  | -9.2 | 4.8 | -2.9 |
| Cars, 1981 |  | 897,913 | 789,532 | 1,687,445 |
| Cars, 1980 |  | 976,922 | 772,362 | 1,749,284 |
| \% change |  | -8.1 | 2.2 | -3.5 |
| Piggy back trafflc: |  |  |  |  |
| Short tons, 1981 |  | 3,396,988 | 1,367,995 | 4,764,983 |
| Short tons, 1980 |  | 3,236,115 | 1,370,095 | 4,606,210 |
| Metric tonnes, 1981 |  | 3081696 | 1241024 | 4322720 |
| Metric tonnes, 1980 |  | 2935754 | 1242929 | 4178683 |
| \% change |  | 5.0 | -0.2 | 3.4 |
| Cars, 1981 |  | 104,341 | 49,757 | 154,098 |
| Cars, 1980 |  | 102,348 | 52,358 | 154,706 |
| \% change |  | 1.9 | -5.0 | -0.4 |

The Eastern and Western Divisions, for statistical purposes, are separated by an imaginary line running from Thunder Bay to Armstrong, Ontario. Freight loaded at Thunder Bay is included in the Western Division while loadings at Armstrong are reported in the Eastern Division.

Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars.
All 1980 figures have been revised - 1981 cumulative data also revised.

Railway Carloadings, 7 Days Ended June 14, 1981 Advance Information (Published only in the Daily)
Tonnages loaded by railways in Canada for the week ending June 14, 1981 totalled 4.9 million $t$ ( 5.4 million short tons). This was a decrease of $3.0 \%$ from the 1980 figure. Loadings decreased $0.5 \%$ in the East and $5.7 \%$ in the West.

Container-trailer (piggyback) tonnages, included above, increased 2.8\% in the East and 21.6\% in the West for an overall increase of $8.2 \%$.

The year-to-date rail freight aggregates at 105.0 million t ( 1.15 .7 million short tons), were down $2.9 \%$ from the previous year. During the same period, piggyback cars loaded decreased by $0.4 \%$.
For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmilis in Britlsh Columbia, April 1981 - Advance Information
Sawmills in British Columbia produced $1,116.9$ million feet board measure ( 2635.6 m 3 ) of lumber and ties in April 1981, up from $1,017.9$ million feet board measure (2 402.0 m 3 ) a year earlier.

January to April 1981 production increased to $4,429.5$ million feet board measure ( $10452.5 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from $4,262.9$ million feet board measure ( $10059.3 \mathrm{m3}$ ) for the same period in 1980.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills in British Columbia (35-003, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Road Motor Vehicles: Fuel Sales, 1980 - Advance Information
Total gross sales of gasoline in Canada during 1980 were reported at 33526 million litres, down $14.3 \%$ from 38319 million litres in 1979.
Reported net sales* of gasoline increased 0.2\% to 31898 million litres in 1980 from 31847 million litres reported in 1979.
Reported net sales* of diesel fuel rose $2.7 \%$ to. 5314 million litres in 1980 from 5172 million litres in 1979.
Measured in terms of barrels, the sales figures for 1980 were as follows: gasoline (net), 201 million barrels; gasoline (gross), 211 million barrels; diesel fuel, 33 million barrels.

For further information, contact C.S. Cannif (613-996-9271), Transportation and Communications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V1, or order the 1980 issue of Road Motor Vehicles - Fuel Sales (53218, \$4.50).

* Data users should note that on April 1, 1978 the roaduse tax on motive fuels was removed in Alberta. Since that time the province has not reported "net", sales of fuel.

Electric Lamps (Light Sources), May 1981 - Advance Information
The total sales of electric lamps (light sources), of all types including imports, during May 1981 amounted to $\$ 18,456,717$.
For further information, order the May issue of Electric Lamps (Light Sources), (43-009, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

Oilseed Crushings, May 1981 - Advance Information Domestic crushings of vegetable oilseeds during May 1981 were as follows, with oil and meal produced shown in brackets (all figures in metric tonnes):

- Soybeans: 68944 (11 770; 54 454)
- Rapeseed: 90 323.(37 571; 50640 ).

For further information, order the May issue of the Grains and Oilseeds Review (22-007, \$2.50/\$25), or contact L.V. O'Callaghan (613-995-4877); Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Otfawa K1A $0 T 6$.

## Standites <br> 

Monday, June 29, 1981

## CONTENTS

2 Electricity Selling Price Indexes, May 1981


## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-002 (Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 36$ ) Financial Fiow Accounts, Fourth Quarter 1980

21-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Farm Cash Receipts, January-April 1981

36-204 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Pulp and Paper Mills, 1979
41-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Shipments of Steel Pipe, Tubing and Fittings, April 1981

43-208 (Canada: \$4.50; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Battery Manufacturers, 1979
45-004 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Refined Petroleum Products, March 1981

55-002 (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Gas Utilities, February 1981
65-001 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Summary of External Trade, April 1981

Service Bulletin:
54-003 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Water Transport, Vol. 11, No. 4, Water Carriers Financial Statistics, Preliminary, 1979

## Regional Services

Statistics.Canada has staff to assist users. in Central Inquiries, Ottawa'(613-992-4734) and in eight regional - centres across Canada. Toll-free access to the regional statistical information service is provided in Nova Scotia;"New Brunswick and Priņé Edward Island by telephoning the trealifax office at 1-800-565-7192. Throughout Saskatchewan, the regional office in Regina can be reached by dialing 1 (112)-800-6673524. Throughout Alberta, the Edmonton office can be reached by dialing 1-800-222-6400.

Orders for publications may be directed to these - offices or to Publication Sales and Services, User Services, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV7.


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(604-666-3695)

Electricity Selling Price Indexes, SeptemberDecember 1980 - Adyance Information
Electricity selling price indexes are now available for the period September-December 1980. With the release of data for this period, indexes for the previous four-month span have been revised and finalized.

For further information, order the May issue of Industry Price Indexes (62-011, \$3.50/\$35), or contact the Information Unit (613-995-5738), Industrial Prices Section, Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6


## CONTENTS

2 Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance Statistics, April 1981
2 Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables, June 1, 1981
2 Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 27, 1981
3 The Dairy Review, April 1981
3 Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, April 1981

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

13-004E (Canada: $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$; Other Countries: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$ ) Current Economic Analysis, June 1981

32-013 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) The Sugar Situation, May 1981

32-022 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Disposition of Tobacco Products, May 1981

36-004 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, May 1981

47-001 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Production and Shipments of Floor Tiles, May 1981

51-001 (Canada: $\$ 3 / \$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 3.60 / \$ 36$ ) Transcontinental and Reglonal Alr Carrier Operations, October 1980

63-011 (Canada: $\$ 1.50 / \$ 15$; Other Countries: $\$ 1.80 / \$ 18$ ) Restaurant, Caterer and Tavern Statistics, April 1981
(continued on page 3)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & 1981 \end{aligned}$ | Mar. 1981 | Apr. 1980 | Mar. 1981 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apr. } \\ 1980 \end{gathered}$ |
| Benelits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid ( $\$ 0000)^{\text {anen }}$. | 458,314 | 530,297 | 445,845 | -14 | 3 |
| Weeks of bsnetit (000) - | 3,513 | 4,043 | 3.680 | -13 | -5 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$)**: | 130.46 | 131.18 | 121.14 | -1 | 8 |
| Claims received (000) | 192 | 199 | 211 | -3 | -9 |
| Beneficiaries (000) , : | 796p | 849p | 814 | -6 -2 |  |
| : - : |  | To Date |  | \% Change From |  |
|  |  | 1981 | 1980 |  | onths 1980 |
| Benefits |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid (\$000) |  | 1,951,905 | 1,773,551 |  | 10 |
| Weeks of benefit (000) |  | 14,964 | 14,729 |  | 2 |
| Average weekly benefit (\$) |  | 130.44 | 120.41 |  | 8 |
| Claims received (000) |  | 902 | 958 |  | -6 |
| Beneficiaries(1) (000) |  | 850p | 833 |  | 2 |

(1) Monthly average.
p Preliminary figures.

- Amount too small to be expressed.

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Preliminary Unemployment Insurance Statistics (73-001-p) or Statistical Report on the Operation of the Unemployment Insurance Act (73-001, Quarterly, \$6/\$24), or contact George Fincham (613-9958445), Labour Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OV1.

Preliminary Report on Unemployment Insurance Statistics, April 1981 - Advance Information Unemployment insurance payments totalled \$458 million* in April, down 14\% from March but 3\% more than the $\$ 446$ million paid in April 1980. For January to April, payments reached $\$ 1,952$ million, up $10 \%$ from the same period in 1980. Thirty-seven percent of the cumulative payments went to residents of Quebec, $26 \%$ to Ontario, 19\% to the Atlantic provinces and 9\% each to British Columbia and the Prairie provinces.

For the week ending April 18, claimants qualifying for unemployment insurance benefits totalled $796,000^{*}$, a decrease of $6 \%$ from March and $2 \%$ from a year earlier. Thirty-three percent of the beneficiaries were under 25 years of age, $46 \%$ were between 25 and 44 years and $21 \%$ were 45 years or older.

Applicants for benefits filed 192,000 claims in April, 3\% fewer than in March and 9\% fewer than in April 1980. Claims received for the year-to-date totalled 902,000, down 6\% from the January-April period a year earlier.

* The count of beneficiaries cannot be related to the benefit payments made during a month. Whereas the latter figure covers all benefit payments made during the month, the count of beneficiaries represents the number of persons who qualified for benefits for a specific week each month regardless of when they received payment.

Stocks of Frult and Vegetables, June 1, 1981 Advance Information
Stocks of fruits, frozen and in preservatives, in storage and in factories on June 1 totalled 29.9 million pounds, down from 34.1 million last year.

Holdings of vegetables, frozen and in brine totalled 67.4 million pounds, down from 107.9 million in 1980.

For further information, order the June 1 issue of Stocks of Fruit and Vegetables (32-010, \$1.50/\$15), or contact P. L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0L7.

## Steel Ingots, Week Ended June 27, 1981 - Advance Information

Preliminary steel ingots production for the week ended June 27, 1981 totalled 368,775 short tons ( 334547 t), a $0.6 \%$ decrease from the preceding week's total of 370,957 short tons ( 336527 t). The comparable week's total in 1980 was 325,027 short tons ( 294860 t ).

The index of production based on the average weekly output during 1967 of 183227 short tons ( 166221 t) equalling 100 was 201.3 in the current week, 202.5 a week earlier and 177.4 one year ago.

For further information, contact Gerry W. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies, April 1981 - Advance Information
Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies decreased to $572,944,000$ feet board measure ( 1351996 m 3 ) in April from 590,336,000 feet board measure ( $1393037 \mathrm{m3}$ ) a year ago.

Stocks on hand at the end of April 1981 totalled 1,112,951,000 feet board measure ( 2626272 m 3 ).

For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockies (35-002, \$2.50/\$25), or contact Patrick E. Martin (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

The Dairy Review, April 1981 - Advance Information An estimated 634362 kilolitres of milk were sold from Canadian farms for all purposes in April 1981, 3.5\% more than in April 1980.

This brought the estimated total of milk sold during the first four months of 1981 to 2227415 kilolitres, up 3.3\% from the January-April 1980 period.

For further information, order the May 1981 issue of The Dairy Review (23-001, $\$ 2.50 / \$ 25$ ), or contact Ms. E. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A OT6.

64-001 (Canada: $\$ 3.50 / \$ 35$; Other Countries: $\$ 4.20 / \$ 42$ ) Buliding Permits, March 1981

72-002 (Canada: \$4/\$40; Other Countries: \$4.80/\$48) Employment, Earnings and Hours, February 1981

87-625 (Canada: $\$ 4.50$; Other Countries: $\$ 5.40$ ) Culture Statistics, Newspapers and Periodicals, 1979

Service Bulletin:
87-001 (Canada: \$1.50/\$15; Other Countries: \$1.80/\$18) Culture Statistics - Vol. 4, No. 6, Museums and Related Institutions, 1979


[^0]:    For further information, contact K.C. Wardley (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics

[^1]:    * These indexes are preliminary.
    (1) This shows the amount by which the movement of each index would move the total, in the absence of any change in the other indexes.
    (2) Group weights are based on 1971 value of shipments (Census of Manufacturers 1971).
    (3) Included are the following major groups: 7. Clothing Industries; 15. Transportation Equipment Industries; 18. Petroleum and Coal Products Industries; 20. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

[^2]:    * For information on seasonal adiustment procedures see "Technical Notes (The Consumer Price Index) - Seasonal

    Adjustment of the Canada Consumer Price Index".
    ** For an explanation of the non-availability of data previous to October 1978 see Appendix 3، Section B(2), Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (Catalogue 62-010).

[^3]:    *Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
    p Preliminary figures.
    $r$ Revised tigures.
    NOTE: Figures may not add due to rounding.

[^4]:    Stocks of Frozen Meat Products, April 1981 Advance Information
    Total frozen meat in cold storage at April 1 amounted to 51585 metric tonnes as compared with 51392 tonnes last month and 47169 tonnes a year ago.

    For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Stocks of Frozen Meat Products (32-012, \$2.50/\$25), or contact P.L. Beerstecher (613-995-4859), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 L 7$.

[^5]:    Production, Shlpments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills East of the Rockles, February 1981 Advance Information
    Production of lumber in sawmills east of the Rockies decreased in February 1981 to $548,178,000$ feet board measure ( $1293555 \mathrm{m3}$ ) from 607,721,000 feet board measure ( 1434061 m 3 ) in February 1980.

    Stocks on hand at the end of February 1981 totalled $1,206,303,000$ feet board measure ( 2846558 m 3 ).

[^6]:    *Surveys in New Brunswick, Sudbury, Victoria and Prince George account for the remaining weight.
    For further details on the changes in these indexes, contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada. Ottawa K1A OV5.

[^7]:    *Figures for the "United States" include: total plane; auto and bus, one or more nights; and total train and boat flows. Figures for "Other countries" exclude entries by land same day via the U.S.

[^8]:    ${ }^{-}$For further information, contact G. Barrett (613-992-0388), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawá K1A OT6. Complete data will be published in Printing, Püblishing and Allied Industries, 1979 (36-203, \$6).

[^9]:    . . figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised

[^10]:    * For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Section C of Consumer Prices and Price Indexes (62-010, \$6/\$24). ** 1974=100.

[^11]:    For further information, contact Mrs. E. Leckie (613-995-4853), Agriculture Statistics Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 T 6$.

[^12]:    * Seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

    For further information, order the April issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, \$3/\$30), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 Z 7$.

[^13]:    For further information, contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics

[^14]:    * Surveys in New Brunswick, Sudbury, Victoria and Prince George account for the remaining weight.

    For further details on the changes in these indexes, contact Mr. L.J. Seary (613-996-3744), Prices Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0V5.

[^15]:    * These indexes are preliminary.
    (1) This shows the amount by which the movement of each index would move the total, in the absence of any change in the other indexes.
    (2) Group weights are based on 1971 value of shipments (Census of Manufacturers 1971).
    (3) Included are the following major groups: 7. Clothing Industries; 15. Transportation Equipment Industries; 18. Petroleum and Coal Products Industries; 20. Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.

[^16]:    * Figures for the "United States" include: total plane; auto and bus, one or more nights; and total train and boat flows. Figures for
    "Other countries" exclude entries by land same day via the U.S.

[^17]:    Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes, April 1981 - Advance Information
    In April 1981, Canadian manufacturers produced $5,507,465$ phonograph records as compared to 5,909,926 in the same period of the previous year. Production of pre-recorded tapes for the same periods as above was $1,126,865$ and 992,599 respectively.
    For further information, order the April 1981 issue of Production and Sales of Phonograph Records and Pre-recorded Tapes in Canada (47-004, \$1.50/\$15), or contact B. Preston (613-996-3226), Manufacturing and Primary Industries Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0 T6.

[^18]:    - Based on current initial prices only for wheat, oats and barley for April and March 1981.

[^19]:    . figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^20]:    . . . figures not appropriate or not applicable. f-first estimate based on limited number of returns. p-preliminary figures. r-revised figures.

[^21]:    *Includes Prince Edward Island, the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.
    $\rho$ Preliminary figures.
    $r$ Revised figures.

[^22]:    - Seasonally adjusted at annual rates.

    For further information, order the May issue of Housing Starts and Completions (64-002, \$3/\$30), or contact J.P. Delisle (613-995-8213), Construction Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A $0 Z 7$.

