## TheDaily

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Major Releases

## Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Industry, November 1986

- Real GDP declined $0.2 \%$ from October


## Transactions in Outstanding Securities with Non-residents, November 1986

- Japanese investment in outstanding Canadian bonds continued to climb to record levels, accounting for $\$ 1.3$ billion of the $\$ 1.5$ billion net sales to non-residents

Trusteed Pension Funds, Second Quarter 1986

- The book value of assets held in trusteed pension funds reached $\$ 118$ billion

Data Availability Announcements

Air Charter Statistics, Second Quarter 1986
Electric Lamps, December 1986

Publications Released

## Major Releases

## Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Industry in 1981 Prices <br> (Millions of dollars seasonally adjusted at annual rates)



## Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Industry

(seasonally adjusted data)
November 1986

## Monthly Overview

Gross Domestic Product at factor cost, in 1981 prices, declined $0.2 \%$ in November following a similar decrease in October. Output of goodsproducing industries declined $0.3 \%$, while that of services-producing industries was unchanged from October.

The October-November average level stood $0.1 \%$ above the third quarter, whereas the quarterly growth rate averaged $0.5 \%$ in the first three quarters of 1986. GDP in November 1986 was $1.9 \%$ above that of November 1985.

## Goods-producing Industries

The November decrease among goodsproducing industries was primarily due to significant production declines in mining, manufacturing and public utilities.

- An 8\% cutback in production of crude petroleum accounted for most of the decrease in the mining industry; offsetting to some extent was a $35 \%$ increase in oil and gas drilling activity.
- In November, manufacturing output declined for the first time since August. Notable production decreases were recorded by manufacturers of paper and allied products, motor vehicle parts and accessories, motor vehicles and electrical products.
- A drop in electric power generation accounted for all of the decline in public utilities.
- The most significant gain during November occurred in construction where output advanced $1.5 \%$ mainly due to increased non-residential building construction.
(continued on page 3)


## Services-producing Industries

Within services-producing industries declines in the finance, insurance and real estate industry were offset by gains in transportation and storage, communications, and wholesale and retail trade.

Order the November 1986 issue of Gross Domestic Product by Industry. (61-005, $\$ 10 / \$ 100$ ), scheduled for release in midFebruary. Contact: Ron Kennedy (613-9913673), Industry Measures and Analysis Division.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 4665-4668.

## Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Industry, in 1981 Prices

Monthly
(Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates)
(\$ millions)

|  | $\frac{1985}{\text { November }}$ | 1986 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | August | September | October | November |
| Total Economy | 354,156.0 | 359,442.0 | 362,148.0 | 361,437.6 | 360,882.0 |
| Business sector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural and related services industries | 10,759.2 | 11,654.4 | 11,632.8 | 11,672.4 | 11,696.4 |
| Fishing and trapping industries | 541.2 | 506.4 | 510.0 | 516.0 | 540.0 |
| Logging and forestry industry | 2,370.0 | 2,542.8 | 2,659.2 | 2,256.0 | 2,210.4 |
| Mining, quarrying and oil well industries | 19,765.2 | 18,877.2 | 18,400.8 | 18,495.6 | 18,069.6 |
| Manufacturing industries | 66,090.0 | 64,515.6 | 64,705.2 | 65,719.2 | 65,442.0 |
| Construction industries | 24,541.2 | 23,689.2 | 23,392.8 | 23,605.2 | 23,966.4 |
| Transportation and storage industries | 16,156.8 | 16,047.6 | 16,150.8 | 16,018.8 | 16,329.6 |
| Communication industries | 9,901.2 | 10,303.2 | 10,454.4 | 10,479.6 | 10,568.4 |
| Other utility industries | 10,995.6 | 10,914.0 | 11,074.8 | 11,077.2 | 10,950.0 |
| Wholesale trade industries | 16,867.2 | 17,619.6 | 18,152.4 | 17,733.6 | 17,853.6 |
| Retail trade industries | 23,066.4 | 23,578.8 | 23,851.2 | 23,480.4 | 23,625.6 |
| Finance, insurance and real estate | 53,097.6 | 55,184.4 | 56,798.4 | 56,348.4 | 55,686.0 |
| Community, business and personal services | 37,294.8 | 40,197.6 | 40,438.8 | 40,105.2 | 39,960.0 |
| Non-business sector |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining industries | 48.0 | 19.2 | 55.2 | 38.4 | 51.6 |
| Manufacturing industries | 63.6 | 63.6 | 60.0 | 62.4 | 60.0 |
| Forestry services industry | 277.2 | 266.4 | 246.0 | 253.2 | 266.4 |
| Transportation industries | 1,554.0 | 1,545.6 | 1,537.2 | 1,569.6 | 1,550.4 |
| Communication industries | 52.8 | 51.6 | 49.2 | 50.4 | 51.6 |
| Water systems industry | 528.0 | 552.0 | 555.6 | 548.4 | 549.6 |
| Insurance and other finance industry | 308.4 | 338.4 | 331.2 | 339.6 | 339.6 |
| Government service industries | 23,245.2 | 23,200.8 | 23,247.6 | 23,203.2 | 23,274.0 |
| Community and personal services | 36,632.4 | 37,773.6 | 37,844.4 | 37,864.8 | 37,840.8 |
| Special aggregations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business sector: | 291,446.4 | 295,630.8 | 298,221.6 | 297,507.6 | 296,898.0 |
| Goods | 135,062.4 | 132,699.6 | 132,375.6 | 133,341.6 | 132,874.8 |
| Services | 156,384.0 | 162,931.2 | 165,846.0 | 164,166.0 | 164,023.2 |
| Non-business sector: | 62,709.6 | 63,811.2 | 63,926.4 | 63,930.0 | 63,984.0 |
| Goods | 639.6 | 634.8 | 670.8 | 649.2 | 661.2 |
| Services | 62,070.0 | 63,176.4 | 63,255.6 | 63,280.8 | 63,322.8 |
| Goods-producing industries | 135,702.0 | 133,334.4 | 133,046.4 | 133,990.8 | 133,536.0 |
| Services-producing industries | 218,454.0 | 226,107.6 | 229,101.6 | 227,446.8 | 227,346.0 |
| Industrial production | 97,490.4 | 94,941.6 | 94,851.6 | 95,941.2 | 95,122.8 |
| Non-durable manufacturing industries | 30,680.4 | 30,805.2 | 30,807.6 | 31,164.0 | 30,938.4 |
| Durable manufacturing industries | 35,409.6 | 33,710.4 | 33,897.6 | 34,555.2 | 34,503.6 |

Net Trade in Outstanding Canadian Bonds With Japan and All Other Foreign Countries (Net Sales +/ Net Purchases -)


## Transactions in Outstanding Securities with Non-residents

November 1986

## Outstanding Canadian Securities

In November, Japanese investment continued to dominate foreign investment in outstanding Canadian bonds, accounting for $\$ 1.3$ billion of the record $\$ 1.5$ billion of net sales to nonresidents. Largely led by Japanese investment, foreign investment in Canadian bonds has averaged $\$ 1$ billion a month since August, compared to less than $\$ 300$ million earlier in the year 1986.

The gross value of bonds traded (sales and purchases) declined by one-third from the high level in October. Trading in the current month, however, remained high by historical standards.

Net sales of outstanding Canadian stocks, largely to the United States, amounted to $\$ 119$ million, in line with net sales the previous three months.

## Outstanding Foreign Securities

Canadian residents (notably mutual funds) purchased in November a net $\$ 145$ million of foreign stocks (mostly overseas stocks). Residents have been net buyers of overseas stocks throughout the year, unlike the more erratic pattern of investments in United States stocks.

Net purchases of foreign bonds amounted to $\$ 100$ million, compared to over $\$ 200$ million in October.
(see table on page 5)
Order the November 1986 issue of Security Transactions with Non-residents (67-002, $\$ 15 / \$ 150$ ), available in February. Contact: J. Motala (613-990-9052), Balance of Payments, International and Financial Economics Divison.

Transactions in Outstanding Securities with Non-residents
November 1986

| Type of security | Sales to <br> non-residents | Purchases from <br> non-residents | Net sales <br> $(+)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |

(\$ millions)

| Canadian securities: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bonds | 3,845 | 2,367 | +1,479 |
| Common and preferred stocks | 946 | 827 | +119 |
| Total - November 1986 | 4,791 | 3,194 | +1,597 |
| Total - October 1986 | 6,266 | 4,893 | +1,373 |
| Foreign securities: |  |  |  |
| Bonds | 3,529 | 3,629 | -100 |
| Common and preferred stocks | 1,431 | 1,576 | . 145 |
| Total - November 1986 | 4,960 | 5,205 | . 245 |
| Total - October 1986 | 4,821 | 5,144 | . 323 |

Quarterly Estimates of Assets Held by Trusteed Pension Funds, 1975-1986

(1) Includes cash, deposits, short-term securities, some accruals and receivables, real estate and lease-backs.
(2) Includes mutual and segregated funds.

## Trusteed Pension Funds

Second Quarter 1986

## Assets

- The book value of assets held in trusteed pension funds at the end of the second quarter of 1986 amounted to $\$ 118.0$ billion, up $3.6 \%$ from the previous quarter and a gain of $15.3 \%$ from the amount held one year earlier. Year-to-year increases in assets have ranged between $15 \%$ and $21 \%$ since the second quarter of 1975, resulting in an overall growth of just over $500 \%$ during that period.
- Investment patterns of these funds have remained relatively unchanged over the past few years. Bonds and stocks continued to be the two most prominent investment vehicles, accounting for $47.1 \%$ and $26.9 \%$, respectively, of total assets. Cash, deposits,
short-term securities plus some accruals and receivables represented $11.9 \%$ of the total while mortgage holdings accounted for another $5.5 \%$. The remaining $8.5 \%$ was divided between investments in real estate and in pooled, mutual and segregated funds.


## Income and Expenditures

- The total income of these funds for the second quarter of 1986 amounted to $\$ 5.6$ billion, while total expenditures were nearly $\$ 1.6$ billion. Net cash flow, the difference between income and expenditures, was $29.6 \%$ higher than for the same quarter of 1985 . This is the largest second quarter increase recorded since 1979.
(Continued on page 7)
- Profit on the sale of securities, at $\$ 1.5$ billion, was almost three times greater than that of the same quarter of 1985 . For the first time, these profits contributed more to total income than did either employer or employee contributions and were exceeded only by investment income as the largest source of income. Together, profit on sale of securities and investment income accounted for $72.4 \%$ of the total income in the second quarter of 1986, compared with $63.1 \%$ a year earlier.

Order the second quarter 1986 issue of Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed Pension Funds (74-001, \$10/\$40), available in February. For information about the data, contact: Jessica Dunn (613-991-4034) or Diane Galarneau (613-991-4038), Pensions Section, Labour Division.

## Data Availability Announcements

## Air Charter Statistics

Second Quarter 1986
The number of passengers travelling on both domestic and international charter services during the second quarter of 1986 fell from the same period the previous year. There were 57,158 fewer passengers ( $-54.7 \%$ ) travelling within Canada and 126,452 fewer passengers ( $-15.1 \%$ ) flying internationally.

The decrease in traffic both domestically and internationally is largely due to changes in services offered by Wardair. In effect, Wardair went from being a primary charter carrier to one which offers both charter and scheduled services.

The city pair Mirabel-Vancouver recorded the only increase in domestic traffic. All other domestic city pairs fell substantially.

Both European and American destinations showed marked declines in charter traffic this quarter. Europe recorded a decrease of $22.4 \%$ ( 75,864 fewer passengers) and the United States a decrease of $18.7 \%$ ( 67,124 fewer passengers).

Order the Vol. 18, No. 12 issue of the Aviation Statistics Centre Service Bulletin (51-004, $\$ 8.50 / \$ 85$ ), available early in February. For data contact: C. Walsh (819-9976173), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation Division.

## Electric Lamps

December 1986
Canadian light bulb and tube manufacturers sold $28,426,082$ light bulbs and tubes in December 1986, an increase of $3.3 \%$ from the $27,524,533$ units sold a year earlier.

Year-to-date sales for 1986 amounted to $256,424,633$ light bulbs and tubes, down $6.7 \%$ from the $274,743,251$ sold during the JanuaryDecember period in 1985.

Order the December 1986 issue of Electric Lamps (43-009, $\$ 4 / \$ 40$ ), available the week of February 9. Contact: J. P. Beauparlant (613-991-3526), Industry Division.

## Statistics Canada's Official Release Bulletin

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## Publications Released

Quarterly Economic Summary, January 1987. Catalogue number 13-006 (Canada: \$25/\$100; Other Countries: \$26/\$104).

Quarterly Economic Summary: Statistical Supplement, January 1987.
Catalogue number 13-007E
(Canada: $\$ 25 / \$ 100$; Other Countries: \$26/\$104).

Electric Power Statistics, October 1986.
Catalogue number 57-001
(Canada: $\$ 8 / \$ 80$; Other Countries: $\$ 9 / \$ 90$ ).
Financial Institutions: Financial
Statistics, Third Quarter 1986.
Catalogue number 61-006
(Canada: \$40/\$160; Other Countries:
$\$ 41.50 / \$ 166$ ).

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