# TheDaily StatisticsCanada 

Monday April 6, 1987
Major ReleaseCANADA CANADA
Household Facilities by Income and Other  Characteristics, 1986 ..... 
LIBRARY

- In households with incomes over $\$ 55,000$, ownership rates for microwave BIBLIOTHEQQUE ovens and VCRs both surpassed $50 \%$ for the first time.
$\qquad$
Data Availability Announcements
Electric Power Statistics, January 1987 ..... 4
Passenger Bus and Urban Transit Statistics, February 1987 ..... 4
Film, Video and Audio-visual Production, 1984 ..... 4
Industrial Chemicals and Synthetic Resins, February 1987 ..... 4
Selected Financial Indexes, February 1987 ..... 5
Publications Released ..... 6



## Work Injuries <br> 1983-85

This new publication provides occupational health information for Canada and the provinces. In 1985 there were 554,793 work-related accidents in Canada which resulted in permanent disabilities or in injuries which required workers to take time off work to recover.

Data in the publication are tabulated by: nature of injury, part of body injured, source of injury and type of accident; as well as by occupation, age and sex of the injured worker, and by industry of the employer.

Order the first issue of Work Injuries, 1983-1985 (72-208, \$17). For more information, or to enquire about custom retrievals, contact Francis Pring-Mill (613-991-4040) or Horst Stiebert (613-991-4044), Labour Division.

## Major Release

## Household Facilities by Income and Other Characteristics 1986

In 1986, the fastest growing consumer items microwave ovens and video cassette recorders (VCRs) - showed large differences in ownership rates among household income groups.
Microwave ovens were found in $12.0 \%$ of swhouseholds with-income under $\$ 10,000$

4 compared to $53.8 \%$ of households with income of $\$ 55,000$ and over. For VCRs, the rates were $10.7 \%$ for householders with incomes under $\$ 10 ; 000$ ànd $58.0 \%$ for those with incomes of $\$ 55,000$ or more.

YHousehold Facilities by Income and Other Z. Gháracteristics, 1986 is the latest report providing data-onmownership and dwelling characteristics and household goods by household income class.

Highlights from the report include:

- Over one-third (36.2\%) of households lived in dwellings built after 1970, while on the other hand, $20.0 \%$ occupied dwellings built before 1941. The proportion of households occupying older dwellings ranged from $27.4 \%$ in the lowest income group (under $\$ 10,000$ ) to $14.3 \%$ in the highest ( $\$ 55,000$ and over).
- In 1986, dwelling ownership rates ranged from $34.1 \%$ in the less than $\$ 10,000$ income class to $86.9 \%$ in the $\$ 55,000$ and over income class. The ownership rate for all income groups was $62.6 \%$, little changed from a decade earlier.
- In the lowest one-fifth (quintile) of households in terms of income, ownership rates declined between 1975 and 1985 (from $47.4 \%$ to $38.0 \%$ ). Ownership rates increased in the fourth quintile (from $70.7 \%$ to $75.4 \%$ ) and in the highest quintile (from $82.5 \%$ to $85.7 \%$ ). Part of the decline in the lowest quintile can be explained by the reduced proportion of the elderly within
this group ( $37.1 \%$ in 1985 compared to $46.2 \%$ in 1975). The elderly traditionally have high ownership rates.
- For widely held household items such as bath and toilet facilities, telephones, radios and refrigerators, there was very little difference by income class in the proportion of households having them. For example, in the under $\$ 10,000$ income class, $93.0 \%$ of households had telephones compared to $99.8 \%$ in the $\$ 55,000$ and over income class. Comparable data for television sets were $96.7 \%$ and $99.2 \%$.
- For household items less widely held, there was generally a strong relationship to income. Automatic dishwashers, found in $13.2 \%$ of households with income under $\$ 10,000$ were much more predominant $(68.2 \%)$ in households with incomes of $\$ 55,000$ an over. For the same income groups, freezer ownership increased from $32.1 \%$ to $72.9 \%$ and gas barbecue ownership from $8.6 \%$ to $56.1 \%$.
- The presence of household safety items smoke detectors and fire extinguishers was also related to income. In the under $\$ 10,000$ group, $61.3 \%$ had smoke detectors and $18.7 \%$ had portable fire extinguishers while in the $\$ 55,000$ and over category, the rates were $85.4 \%$ and $51.8 \%$ respectively.
- Rent consumed at least $30 \%$ of household income for $27.8 \%$ of renting households compared to $27.1 \%$ in the previous year. The corresponding figure 10 years ago was 23.0\%.

Information on 1985 income originates with the survey of Consumer Finances, conducted in April 1986, while details on dwelling characteristics and household facilities are taken from the survey of Household Facilities and Equipment, conducted in May 1986.
(continued on page 3)

This report presents variations in household items and dwelling characteristics by income, region, urbanization, age of household head and household type. Tables are based on household facilities and equipment data as of the survey date (May 1986) and income data for the calendar year 1985. The statistics on low income are, therefore, based on the 1985 Low Income Cut-offs (1978 base).

Order Household Facilities by Income and Other Characteristics, 1986 (13-218, \$30), now available. Contact: Kevin Bishop (613-991-2211), Household Surveys Division.

A microdata tape containing 1985 household income and 1986 facilities and equipment data, along with dwelling characteristics and socio-demographic characteristics of the household, will be available shortly. This tape can be ordered by contacting the Household Surveys Division (613-990-9778). Microdata tapes are carefully reviewed to ensure that they do not contain information that could allow identification of specific households.

## Data Availability Announcements

Electric Power Statistics<br>January 1987

## Highlights

Net generation of electric energy in Canada in January 1987 increased to 46977 gigawatt hours (gwh), up $3.4 \%$ from the corresponding month last year. Exports increased $5.5 \%$ to 3902 gwh, while imports climbed to 259 gwh from 173 gwh .

Available on CANSIM: matrices 3987-3999.
Order the January 1987 issue of Electric Power Statistics (57-001, $\$ 8 / \$ 80$ ), available the second week of April. Contact: Dave Madsen (613-991-3565), Energy Section, Industry Division.

## Passenger Bus and Urban Transit Statistics

February 1987
In February 1987, a total of 67 Canadian urban transit systems with gross annual total operating revenues of $\$ 500,000$ or more (subsidies included) carried $123,527,028$ fare passengers, a decrease of $2.5 \%$ from the previous month. Operating revenues totalled $\$ 81,420,700-$ down $3.3 \%$ from January 1987.

During the same period, 20 passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations carried $1,587,328$ fare passengers, down $6.6 \%$ from the previous month. Earnings for these carriers totalled $\$ 14,842,134$ - a $14.0 \%$ decline from January 1987 operating revenues.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 351 and 352.
Order the February 1987 issue of Passenger Bus and Urban Transit Statistics (53-003, $\$ 6.50 / \$ 65$ ), available the third week of April. Contact: Mamady Kaba (613-990-6154), Transportation Division.

## Film, Video and Audio-visual Production 1984

Preliminary results show film and video producers reported total operating revenues of $\$ 231.2$ million for the 1984-85 fiscal year, an increase of $33 \%$ over the year-earlier period.

As in previous years, television programs and commercials as well as films for industry continued to be the most active areas.

General information is now available and detailed breakdowns with estimates will be available in approximately two months. Contact: Bob Anderson (613-991-1566), Culture Sub-division, Education, Culture and Tourism Division.

## Industrial Chemicals and Synthetic Resins

February 1987
Canadian chemical firms produced 80953 tonnes of polyethylene synthetic resins in February 1987, a decrease of $8.2 \%$ from the 88160 (revised figure) tonnes produced in February 1986. January to February 1987 production totalled 181166 tonnes, up $3.4 \%$ from the level reached during the same period a year earlier.

Also available are figures on Canadian production of three other types of synthetic resins and 28 industrial chemicals for February 1987, along with corresponding cumulatives and 1986 data.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 951.
Order the February 1987 issue of Industrial Chemicals and Synthetic Resins (46-002, $\$ 5 / \$ 50$ ), to be released the week of April 24. Contact: Raj Sehdev (613-991-3513), Industry Division.

## Selected Financial Indexes

February 1987
February 1987 figures are now available for the selected financial indexes.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 412.

[^0]Order the first quarter 1987 issue of Construction Price Statistics (62-007, $\$ 15 / \$ 60$ ), available in June. Contact the Information and Current Analysis Unit (613-990-9606/7), Prices Division.


## Publications Released

Household Facilities by Income and Other Characteristics, 1986.
Catalogue number 13-218
(Canada: $\$ 30$; Other Countries: $\$ 31.50$ )
Fruit and Vegetable Preservation
Service Bulletin, Vol. 15, No. 17,
Pack of Processed Broccoli, 1986.
Catalogue number 32-023
(Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 100$; Other Countries: $\$ 7 / \$ 110$ ).
Railway Operating Statistics, November 1986. Catalogue number $\mathbf{5 2 - 0 0 3}$
(Canada: $\$ 9.50 / \$ 95$; Other Countries:
\$10.50/\$105).
Railway Carloadings, 7-day Period Ending March 14, 1987. Catalogue number 52-005 (Canada: $\$ 75$; Other Countries: $\$ 100$ ).

Communications Service Bulletin Telecommunication Statistics, Fourth Quarter of 1986. Catalogue number 56-001
(Canada: $\$ 6.50 / \$ 39$; Other Countries:
$\$ 7.50 / \$ 45)$.
Telephone Statistics, January 1987. Catalogue number 56-002
(Canada: $\$ 7.50 / \$ 75$; Other Countries: $\$ 8.50 / \$ 85$ ).

Work Injuries, 1983-1985.
Catalogue number 72-208
(Canada: \$17; Other Countries: \$18).
Science Statistics, Vol. 11, No. 3, The Investment Tax Credit for Research and Development, 1977-1984.
Catalogue number 88-001
(Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$; Other Countries: $\$ 7 / \$ 70$ ).

Statistics Canada publications may be pur. chased by mail order from Publication Sales, Room 1710, Main Building, Statistics Canada, Ottawa K1A 0T6 or phone 613-993-7276.

Please enclose cheque or money order payable to the Receiver General for Canada/Publications and provide full information on publications required (catalogue number, title, issue).

Publications may also be ordered through Statistics Canada's offices in St. John's, Halifax, Montreal, Ottawa, Sturgeon Falls, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Edmonton and Vancouver, or from authorized bookstore agents or other booksellers.


[^0]:    .

