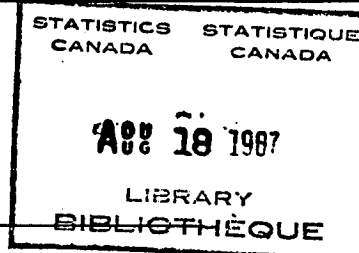


The Daily

Statistics Canada

Tuesday, August 18, 1987



Major Releases

Sales of Refined Petroleum Products, June 1987 2

- Seasonally adjusted, sales of refined petroleum products rose 7.6% over May to their highest level since August 1982.

Income Estimates for Subprovincial Areas, 1984 4

- Personal income was above the Canadian average (\$14,399) in 18 of the country's 25 census metropolitan areas.

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Statistics Canada
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Canada

Major Releases

Sales of Refined Petroleum Products

June 1987

Highlights

Seasonally Adjusted

- Following two successive declines, seasonally adjusted sales of refined petroleum products in Canada rose 7.6% over May to a five-year high of 7 001 783 cubic metres. As a result of the June increase, cumulative sales for 1987 are now 3.2% above those for the same period last year.
- The June increase was broadly based across the four main products. Sales of motor gasoline rose 10.6% following declines in May and April. Diesel oil and heavy fuel both rose for the fourth time in the last five months, posting gains of 5.0% and 47.4% respectively. Light fuel sales also increased, climbing 15.3%.

Unadjusted Sales

- Total sales of refined petroleum products in Canada in June rose 6.4% over June 1986 to a volume of 6 986 700 cubic metres. This represents the ninth year-over-year increase registered in the last 10 months.

Heavy fuel oil was the only main product to post a sales drop, down 8.4% from the level recorded in June 1986, while motor gasoline sales rose 5.0%, diesel oil 5.4% and light fuel 10.1%.

- On a provincial basis, gains outnumbered declines by a margin of nine to three. The largest percentage sales increase (25.6%) was recorded in Newfoundland, while the province experiencing the largest decline was New Brunswick (-14.2%).
- On a cumulative January-June basis, 1987 total sales were up 3.0% from the corresponding period in 1986. Within this total, heavy fuel climbed 7.5%, motor gasoline 2.4% and diesel fuel 1.8%, while light fuel sales fell 8.7%.

(see table on page 3)

Available on CANSIM: matrices 628-641 and 644-647.

Order the June 1987 issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, \$15/\$150), available the last week of September. Contact Gerard O'Connor (613-991-3562), Energy Section, Industry Division.

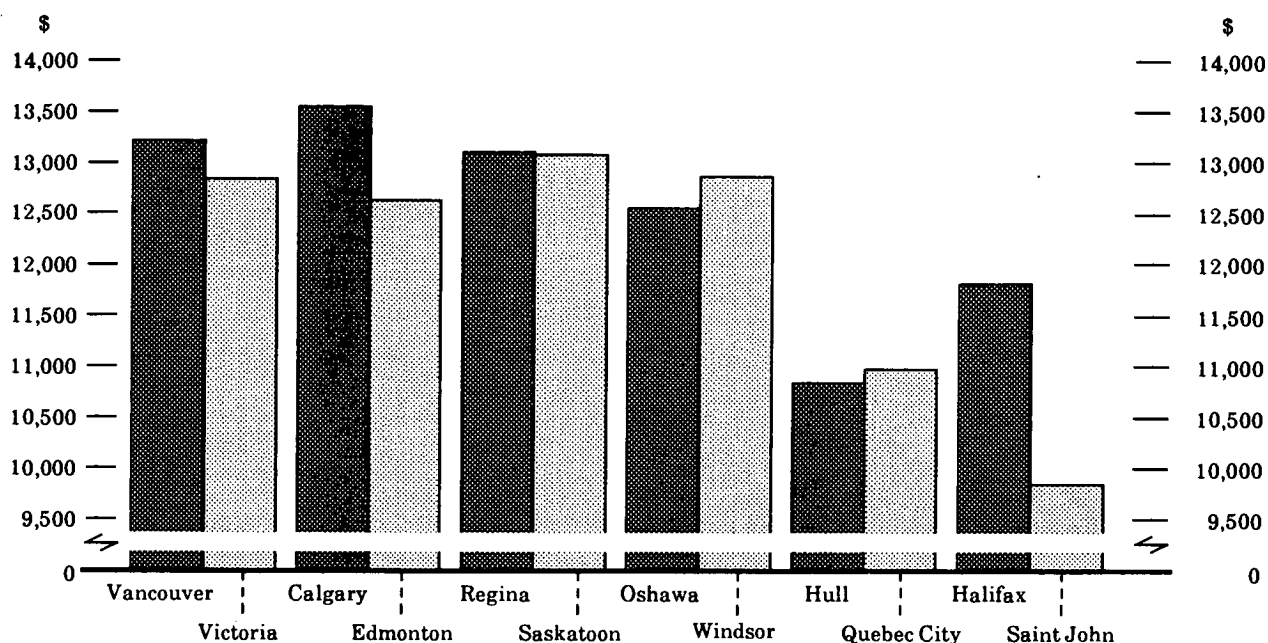
Sales of Refined Petroleum Products

	Mar. 1987	April 1987	May 1987 ^r	June 1987 ^p	June 1987/ May 1987
Adjusted for seasonal variation					
	(thousands of cubic metres)				%
Total, all products	6 837.7	6 812.4	6 509.0	7 001.8	7.6
Main products:					
Motor gasoline	2 861.3	2 839.8	2 625.7	2 904.0	10.6
Diesel fuel oil	1 305.0	1 340.2	1 275.2	1 339.8	5.0
Light fuel oil	558.5	500.2	575.8	664.1	15.3
Heavy fuel oil	603.5	640.8	419.2	618.1	47.4
	June 1987 ^p	June 1986	Jan.-June 1987	Jan.-June 1986	Cumula- tive 1987/ Cumula- tive 1986
Not adjusted for seasonal variation					
	(thousands of cubic metres)				%
Total, all products	6 986.7	6 561.4	38 537.1	37 404.5	3.0
Main products:					
Motor gasoline	2 998.1	2 854.3	15 842.7	15 475.7	2.4
Diesel fuel oil	1 421.9	1 348.7	7 260.1	7 133.1	1.8
Light fuel oil	214.6	194.9	3 699.2	4 051.8	-8.7
Heavy fuel oil	571.6	624.7	3 344.8	3 110.9	7.5

^p Preliminary.

^r Revised.

Per-capita Personal Disposable Income for Selected Pairs of Census Metropolitan Areas, 1984



Income Estimates for Subprovincial Areas 1984

In 1984, 18 of Canada's 25 census metropolitan areas (CMAs) surpassed the Canadian averages of money income (\$12,888) and personal income (\$14,399). Among CMAs, money income ranged from \$10,866 in Chicoutimi-Jonquière to \$17,106 in Ottawa.

Highlights of the report *Income Estimates for Subprovincial Areas, 1984*, released today include:

- If average income levels in CMAs are high, so are average income taxes. Almost three-quarters of the CMAs contributed more than the Canadian per capita average of \$1,983. Calgary was the leading CMA in 1984, generating \$3,172 in per-capita income tax, followed by Ottawa (\$2,700), Edmonton (\$2,596) and Toronto (\$2,559).

Note to Users:

This report presents money income and personal income data on an aggregate and per capita basis for 260 counties or census divisions, and for 61 subprovincial regions. Also included are data for Canada's 25 census metropolitan areas.

Money income encompasses such items as employment income, investment income and government transfer payments. Personal income is a broader concept derived from the System of National Accounts and includes certain non-monetary income items: income-in-kind, supplementary labour income (e.g. employers' contributions to pension plans), and imputed rent of owner-occupied dwellings.

(continued on page 5)

- Among counties or census divisions, wages and salaries accounted for as little as 31%, or as much as 84% of money income in 1984. While wages and salaries made up 66% to 71% of money income in most CMAs, they only contributed 53% in Victoria. The contribution of wages and salaries to money income in Oshawa and Hull, at 75% and 74%, was well above the CMA average.
- The impact of self-employment was greatest in the Prairie provinces. In fact, all census divisions where income from self-employment contributed 20% or more to money income were located in the Prairies. This reflects the impact of farming on self-employment income.
- In 1984, the relative importance of government transfer payments to money income was highest in the Atlantic provinces. Transfer payments accounted for over 30% of money income in nine Atlantic census divisions. Nationally, the proportion was 14%, and among CMAs it was low in Ottawa, Toronto and Oshawa (all at 9%) and highest in St. John, New Brunswick (19%).

Order *Income Estimates for Subprovincial Areas*, 1984 (13-216, \$20), now available. Contact Horst E. Alter (613-991-6900), Labour and Household Surveys Analysis Division.

Data Availability Announcements

Housing Starts

June 1987

Highlights

Total (all areas)

- Seasonally adjusted at annual rates, housing starts in June decreased slightly to 254,000 units from a level of 258,000 in May.
- A decrease in starts in the single-family dwelling sector was almost compensated by the increase observed in the multi-family dwelling sector.

Urban Centres of 10,000 Population and Over

- June housing starts levelled off at 225,000 units, down slightly from May's results (229,000 units).
- On a regional basis, all regions except Quebec reported an increase in housing starts.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 23-25, 29, 988, 4091 and 4092.

Order the June 1987 issue of *Housing Starts and Completions* (64-002, \$15/\$150), scheduled for release the first week of September. Contact P. Pichette (613-990-9689), Science, Technology and Capital Stock Division.

Steel Ingots and Pig Iron

July 1987

Preliminary steel ingot production for July 1987 totalled 1 090 000 tonnes, an increase of 4.5% from 1 042 691 tonnes the previous year. Year-to-date steel ingot production rose to 8 666 959 tonnes, up 4.2% from 8 317 542 tonnes for the same period a year earlier.

Preliminary pig iron production totalled 760 000 tonnes in July, up 7.1% from 709 472 tonnes a year earlier. Year-to-date pig iron production totalled 5 778 579 tonnes, an increase of 6.1% compared to 5 448 192 tonnes for the same period the previous year.

Order the July 1987 issue of *Primary Iron and Steel* (41-001, \$4/\$40), available the first week of October. Contact Gerry Barrett (613-991-3515), Industry Division.

Stocks of Frozen Poultry Products

August 1, 1987

Preliminary cold storage of frozen poultry products at August 1, 1987 and revised figures for July 1, 1987 are now available.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 5675-5677.

Order the June 1987 issue of *Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry* (23-003, \$10/\$100), scheduled for release September 1. Contact P. Beerstecher (613-991-2505), Agriculture Division.

Publications Released

Income Estimates for Subprovincial Areas, 1984.

Catalogue number 13-216

(Canada: \$20; Other Countries: \$21).

Oils and Fats, June 1987.

Catalogue number 32-006

(Canada: \$4/\$40; Other Countries: \$5/\$50).

Financial Institutions – Financial Statistics, First Quarter 1987.

Catalogue number 61-006

(Canada: \$40/\$160; Other Countries: \$41.50/\$166).

Travel-log, Vol. 6, No. 2.

Catalogue number 87-003

(Canada: \$8/\$32; Other Countries: \$9/\$36).

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