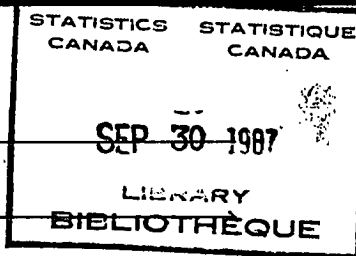


The Daily

Statistics Canada

Wednesday, September 30, 1987



Major Releases

Canada's Foreign Trade in Automotive Products, January-June 1987

2

- Canada's international trade deficit in automotive products increased by \$724 million from the year-earlier period.

Industrial Product Price Index, August 1987

8

- The IPPI rose 0.6% from July because of strengthening petroleum prices.

Raw Materials Price Index, August 1987

10

- Higher prices for crude oil and non-ferrous metals caused a rise in the index.

Unemployment Insurance Statistics, July 1987

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- On a seasonally adjusted basis, the number of beneficiaries receiving regular unemployment insurance benefits increased 0.9% from June.

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Major Releases

Canada's Foreign Trade in Automotive Products

(Seasonally Unadjusted Figures)
January to June 1987

Trade With All Countries (Table 1)

For the period from January to June 1987, the overall international trade deficit in automotive products (cars, trucks and other motor vehicles, parts, tires and tubes) increased by \$724 million over the first six months of 1986, rising to \$933 million. The deficit resulted from a greater decrease in exports than in imports, and is mainly attributable to second quarter performance, a deficit of \$1.1 billion, the highest second-quarter deficit recorded since 1981. (The first quarter recorded a slight surplus of \$188 million.) It is likely that the sporadic temporary shutdowns of Canadian manufacturing plants have had considerable impact on the 1987 figures.

Exports in the first six months decreased by \$1.0 billion to a level of \$17.6 billion, subsequent to a sizeable drop in passenger car exports (-\$1.4 billion). Exports of parts, however, increased by \$266 million, rising to \$6.4 billion.

Imports for the period from January to June 1987 also decreased compared to the same period of the previous year, dropping by \$281 million to \$18.6 billion, mainly due to decreases of \$428 and \$187 million respectively in imports of motor vehicle parts and passenger cars.

Trade with the United States, Reconciled Basis (Table 2)

After reconciliation, trade in automotive products with the United States for January to June 1987 showed a surplus of \$1.9 billion for Canada, or a drop of \$479 million from the first six months of 1986. (Canada's trade with the United States in automotive products has shown a positive balance since the fourth quarter of 1981.) Figures for the first six months of 1987, however, indicate that Canada's trade in motor vehicle parts continues to show a large deficit (\$2.5 billion), while cars, trucks, tires and tubes all show a surplus.

Note on the Reconciled Trade Statistics

Canada-United States trade in automotive products, shown in this special release, is measured by comparing the import statistics of each country. U.S. statistics on imports from Canada (converted to Canadian dollars) are used to represent Canadian exports because this enables a more exact comparison of the two trade flows. This greater exactness results from several factors. Customs revenue is collected on the basis of import documentation and consequently, the filing and scrutiny of import documents is more rigorous. The use of Customs tariff along with the commodity code allows assignment of the trade of certain commodities to the automotive sector. Examples of such commodities are tires, hardware, fabric, glass, metal materials, lighting fixtures, ignition equipment, etc., which may or may not be related to production of automobiles.

As a result, the data in this release, for automotive trade with the U.S. differ significantly from data released in all other Statistics Canada trade reports such as the *Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade* (65-001P) and the monthly *Summary of Canadian International Trade* (65-001). Data in these trade reports give statistics by commodity which can serve as an approximation of automotive trade; however, they should not be expected to agree precisely with this release.

The data published in Table 2 of this release also appear in the Annual Report of the President to the (U.S.) Congress on the Operation of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, and are accepted in both countries as the official measure of trade in automotive products.

Exports to all countries except the United States are measured using Canadian export statistics, and not the counterpart country import statistics.

(continued on page 3)

Exports dropped by close to \$1.0 billion to a total of \$17.2 billion. The drop in total exports to the United States is wholly attributable to the \$1.4 billion drop in exports of cars, whereas the other three categories recorded increases.

Imports also fell by \$512 million to \$15.3 billion. Imports of parts fell by \$626 million, dropping to \$8.7 billion, while car imports fell by \$230 million to \$4.8 billion.

Trade with Overseas Countries, Customs Basis (Table 3)

The deficit in trade in automotive products with overseas countries increased by \$246 million, rising to a level of \$2.8 billion in the first six months of 1987. Canada showed a trade deficit in all four categories of commodities. Exports decreased slightly, by \$14 million, dropping to \$433 million, while imports increased by \$232 million, rising to \$3.2 billion. Motor vehicle parts imports alone rose by \$200 million over the same period last year.

Car Imports, in Number of Units, Customs Basis (Table 4)

A total of 539,000 cars were imported into Canada in the first six months of 1987, a decrease of 75,900 units. The number of cars imported from the United States decreased by 52,500 units, dropping to 359,500 – while imports from overseas countries declined by 23,300 to a total of 179,500 units. Of that number, 131,200 units were from Japan and 25,900 from "Other Countries", including South Korea.

The share of the Canadian import market held by these overseas manufacturers remained virtually at the same level as last year: 33.3%.

(see tables on pages 4, 5, 6 and 7)

Contact G. Blaney (613-990-9647), Trade Information Unit or J.-P. Simard (613-990-9787), Trade Measures and Analysis Section, International Trade Division.

Total Canadian Trade in Automotive Products (Reconciled Basis)¹ (Table 1)
First six months 1986 and 1987

	Annual		First six months		Change between the first six months of	
	1985	1986	1986	1987	1986	1987
(Millions of dollars - Canadian)						(%)
Canadian Exports						
Cars	15,316	16,466	8,681	7,308	-1,373	-15.8
Trucks and other motor vehicles	6,608	5,988	3,421	3,442	21	0.6
Parts	11,813	11,995	6,131	6,397	266	4.3
Tires and tubes	637	717	307	366	59	19.2
Re-exports	134	197	89	111	22	24.7
Total	34,508	35,363	18,629	17,624	-1,005	-5.4
Canadian Imports						
Cars	10,774	12,062	6,753	6,566	-187	-2.8
Trucks and other motor vehicles	2,884	3,344	1,636	1,915	279	17.1
Parts	18,948	19,397	10,225	9,797	-428	-4.2
Tires and tubes	471	447	224	279	55	24.6
Total	33,077	35,250	18,838	18,557	-281	-1.5
Balance						
Cars	4,542	4,404	1,928	742	-1,186	
Trucks and other motor vehicles	3,724	2,644	1,785	1,527	-258	
Parts	-7,135	-7,402	-4,094	-3,400	694	
Tires and tubes	166	270	83	87	4	
Re-exports	134	197	89	111	22	
Total	1,431	113	-209	-933	-724	

¹ Refer to "Note on the Reconciled Statistics".

Canada-United States Trade in Automotive Products, Reconciled Basis¹ (Table 2)
First six months 1986 and 1987

	Annual		First six months		Change between the first six months of	
	1985	1986	1986	1987	1986	1987
(Millions of dollars - Canadian)						(%)
Exports - (United States Imports from Canada)						
Cars	15,277	16,428	8,656	7,286	-1,370	-15.8
Trucks and other motor vehicles	6,422	5,804	3,312	3,381	69	2.1
Parts	11,512	11,577	5,929	6,176	247	4.2
Tires and tubes	592	675	286	349	63	22.0
Total	33,803	34,484	18,183	17,192	-991	-5.5
Imports - (Canadian Imports from the United States)						
Cars	8,048	8,628	4,996	4,766	-230	-4.6
Trucks and other motor vehicles	2,504	2,824	1,380	1,700	320	23.2
Parts	17,488	17,635	9,337	8,711	-626	-6.7
Tires and tubes	264	227	117	141	24	20.5
Total	28,304	29,314	15,830	15,318	-512	-3.2
Balance						
Cars	7,229	7,800	3,660	2,520	-1,140	
Trucks and other motor vehicles	3,918	2,980	1,932	1,681	-251	
Parts	-5,976	-6,058	-3,408	-2,535	873	
Tires and tubes	328	448	169	208	39	
Total	5,499	5,170	2,353	1,874	-479	
Excluded: adjustments to values of imported parts for special tooling charges.	409	545	284	285		

¹ Refer to "Note on the Reconciled Statistics".

Canada-Overseas Countries Trade in Automotive Products (Customs Basis) (Table 3)
First six months 1986 and 1987

	Annual		First six months		Change between the first six months of	
	1985	1986	1986	1987	1986	1987
(Millions of dollars - Canadian)						(%)
Domestic Exports						
Cars	39	38	25	22	-3	-12.0
Trucks and other motor vehicles	186	184	109	61	-48	-44.0
Parts	301	418	202	221	19	9.4
Tires and tubes	45	42	22	18	-4	-18.2
Re-exports	134	197	89	111	22	24.7
Total	705	879	447	433	-14	-3.1
Imports						
Cars	2,726	3,434	1,757	1,800	43	2.4
Trucks and other motor vehicles	380	520	256	215	-41	-16.0
Parts	1,460	1,761	887	1,087	200	22.5
Tires and tubes	207	220	107	137	30	28.0
Total	4,773	5,935	3,007	3,239	232	7.7
Balance						
Cars	-2,687	-3,396	-1,732	-1,778	-46	
Trucks and other motor vehicles	-194	-336	-147	-154	-7	
Parts	-1,159	-1,343	-685	-866	-181	
Tires and tubes	-162	-178	-85	-119	-34	
Re-exports	134	197	89	111	22	
Total	-4,068	-5,056	-2,560	-2,806	-246	

Canadian Passenger Car Imports (Customs Basis) (Table 4)
First six months of 1986 and 1987

	Number of units				Import Share		Average price		Change	Exchange rate ¹
	1986	1987	Change							
			1987/'86	1987/'86	1986	1987	1986	1987	1987/'86	1987/'86
	First six months									
	('000)	('000)	('000)	%	%	%	\$	\$	%	%
United States	412.1	359.5	-52.5	-12.8	67.0	66.7	12,123	13,257	9.3	-4.2
Overseas countries	202.8	179.5	-23.3	-11.5	33.0	33.3	8,666	10,025	15.7	-
Japan	115.7	131.2	15.5	13.4	18.8	24.3	8,376	8,803	5.1	15.9
West Germany	27.8	14.2	-13.6	-48.9	4.5	2.6	13,963	22,950	64.4	20.6
United Kingdom	1.1	1.4	0.3	28.6	0.2	0.3	29,583	32,583	10.1	3.4
France	1.6	2.7	1.1	68.4	0.3	0.5	7,613	10,795	41.8	13.1
Sweden	3.3	3.9	0.6	17.4	0.5	0.7	14,678	16,685	13.7	9.2
Italy	0.0	0.2	0.1	384.2	0.0	0.0	43,842	33,815	-22.9	15.3
Other countries	53.2	25.9	-27.3	-51.3	8.7	4.8	5,739	6,682	16.4	-
All countries	614.9	539.0	-75.9	-12.3	100.0	100.0	10,983	12,180	10.9	7.1

¹ Minus sign (-) indicates depreciation of the value of the currency of the country against the Canadian dollar. Rate for all countries is the rate against the Canadian dollar of the SDR (Special Drawing Rights), a weighted average of 16 world currencies, by the International Monetary Fund.
- Nil or zero.

Industrial Product Price Index

August 1987

Highlights

- Largely as a result of an increase in petroleum and coal products prices, the Industrial Product Price Index (IPPI, 1981=100) rose by 0.6% in August 1987 from the previous month's level.
- The level of the year-over-year increase between August 1986 and August 1987, at 3.9%, was the highest since the end of 1984. Excluding the petroleum and coal products component, the year-over-year movement would have been 3.4%. For the first time since December 1985, the year-over-year advance of the total IPPI was higher than the level excluding petroleum and coal products.
- Preliminary estimates indicate that petroleum and coal products rose by 2.5% in August 1987. After a trough of -30.4% in December 1986, the year-over-year movement of this index is now 8.6%.
- Primary metal products rose by 1.4% in August 1987, up for a sixth straight month mainly owing to increases for aluminum products (2.2%), copper products (4.8%) and nickel products (4.2%), as well as for ferrous and non-ferrous scrap (9.3%).
- Lumber and sawmill products rose by 1.3% in August, largely as the result of a 2.1% increase for softwood lumber and, to a lesser extent, a 4.1% increase for softwood plywood and veneer.
- Paper and paper products advanced by 0.6%, mainly as a result of price increases for exports of bleached sulphite pulp (1.3%) and newsprint paper (1.3%).

(see table on page 9)

Available on CANSIM: matrices 1960-1967 and 1970.

Order the August 1987 issue of *Industry Price Indexes* (62-011, \$15/\$150), available towards the end of October. Contact the Information and Current Analysis Unit (613-990-9607), Prices Division.

Industrial Product Price Indexes

(1981 = 100)

Index	Relative Importance ¹	Index Aug. '87 ²	% Change	
			Aug. '87/ July '87	Aug. '87/ Aug. '86
Industrial Product Price Index - Total	100.0	123.8	0.6	3.9
Total IPPI excluding Petroleum and Coal products³	89.3	125.9	0.3	3.4
Intermediate goods	61.6	120.0	0.8	4.8
First stage intermediate goods	14.6	111.7	1.0	8.6
Second stage intermediate goods	47.0	122.6	0.7	3.8
Finished goods	38.4	129.7	0.3	2.4
Finished foods and feeds	10.3	133.1	0.2	2.3
Capital equipment	10.2	131.0	-0.1	0.7
All other finished goods	17.9	127.7	0.6	3.6
Aggregation by commodities:				
Meat, fish and dairy products	7.7	128.4	0.2	2.9
Fruit, vegetable, feed, miscellaneous food products	7.0	118.1	-0.1	1.1
Beverages	1.9	143.1	0	2.6
Tobacco and tobacco products	0.7	152.2	0	4.0
Rubber, leather, plastic fabric products	2.8	121.1	0.2	3.0
Textile products	2.4	114.0	0.3	2.1
Knitted products and clothing	2.4	121.4	0.1	3.1
Lumber, sawmill, other wood products	4.3	124.4	1.3	2.7
Furniture and fixtures	1.5	133.4	0.3	4.4
Paper and paper products	8.1	130.2	0.6	10.1
Printing and publishing	2.4	142.3	0.4	6.0
Primary metal products	8.8	115.0	1.4	6.9
Metal fabricated products	5.3	126.2	0.2	2.8
Machinery and equipment	4.8	125.8	0.1	1.8
Autos, trucks, other transportation equipment	11.6	133.5	0.1	-0.4
Electrical and communication products	5.0	125.8	0.1	1.9
Non-metallic mineral products	2.5	135.5	0.5	3.8
Petroleum and coal products ³	10.7	105.8	2.5	8.6
Chemical, chemical products	7.1	120.0	0.3	4.3
Miscellaneous manufactured products	2.3	131.5	-0.1	3.2
Miscellaneous non-manufactured commodities	0.8	102.9	0.2	6.1

¹ Weights are derived from the "make" matrix of the 1981 Input/Output table.

² Indexes are preliminary.

³ This index is estimated for the current month.

Raw Materials Price Index

August 1987

Monthly Change

The Raw Materials Price Index (RMPI, 1981=100) increased 1.3% between July 1987 and August 1987 to a preliminary level of 106.7. The RMPI excluding the mineral fuels component increased 0.9% over the month. The main contributors to the monthly change were:

- Mineral fuels, up an estimated 2.0% because of a 2.3% price increase for crude oil;
- Non-ferrous metals, up 2.4%, mainly due to increases of 4.8% for copper, 7.0% for nickel and 2.0% for precious metals;
- Animals and animal products, up 0.7%, primarily because of a 3.3% increase for hog prices and a 2.5% rise in fish prices.

Year-over-year Change

Between August 1986 and August 1987, the RMPI increased 17.4%. Excluding the mineral fuels component, the index increased 6.2%. The main contributors to the year-over-year change were:

- Mineral fuels, up 36.6% between August 1986 and August 1987, as crude oil prices continued to climb;
- Non-ferrous metals, up 19.0% over the year, due mainly to higher prices for copper, nickel, lead, and precious metals;
- Wood, up 10.7% from August 1986 because of higher prices for logs;
- Animals and animal products, up 3.5% over the year as prices for cattle and calves increased 9.2%.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 1980.

Order the August 1987 issue of *Industry Price Indexes* (62-011, \$15/\$150), available towards the end of October. Contact the Information and Current Analysis Unit (613-990-9607), Prices Division.

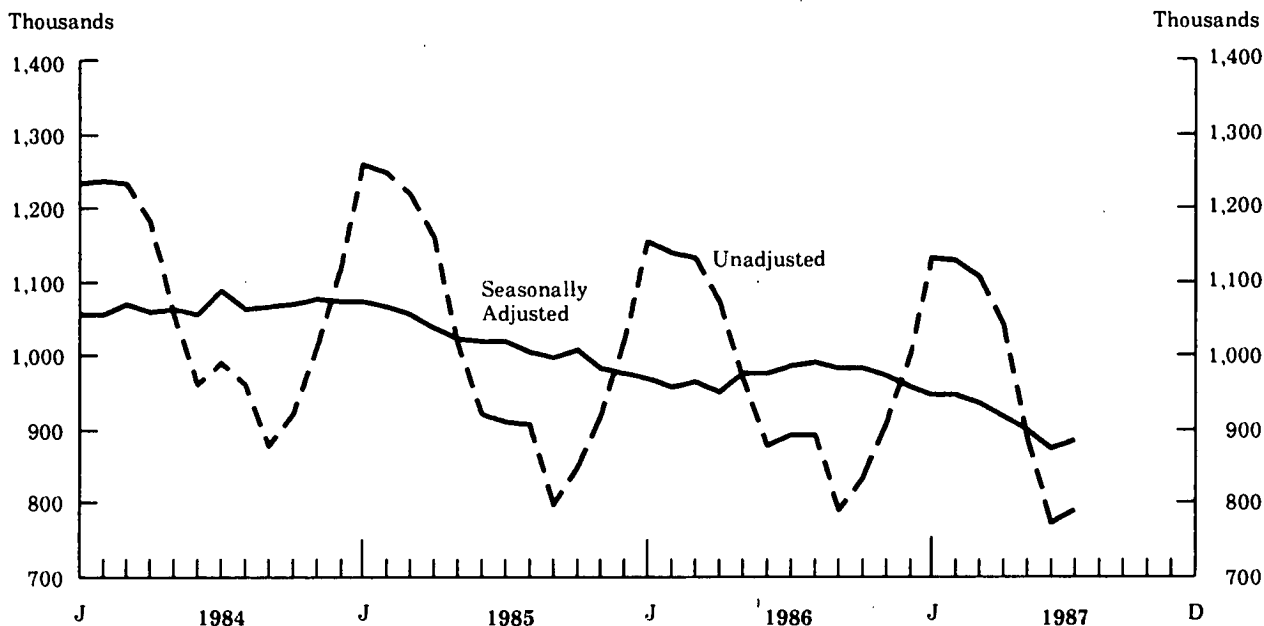
Raw Materials Price Index

(1981 = 100)

	Relative Importance	Index Aug. '87 ¹	% Change	
			Aug. '87/ July '87	Aug. '87/ Aug. '86
Raw materials total	100	106.7	1.3	17.4
Mineral fuels	45	101.1	2.0	36.6
Vegetable products	11	84.2	-0.4	-1.4
Animal and animal products	20	123.0	0.7	3.5
Wood products	8	120.0	0.9	10.7
Ferrous materials	2	108.1	0.4	-1.9
Non-ferrous metals	11	106.0	2.4	19.0
Non-metallic minerals	3	128.9	0.1	0.2
Total excl. mineral fuels	55	111.4	0.9	6.2

¹ These indexes are preliminary.

Number of Beneficiaries Receiving Regular Benefits, Canada, 1984-1987



Unemployment Insurance Statistics July 1987

Seasonally Adjusted Data - Beneficiaries Receiving Regular Benefits

- For the week ending July 18, 1987, preliminary estimates show that the number of beneficiaries¹ receiving regular unemployment insurance benefits totalled 884,000, up 0.9% from the preceding month. This is the first increase since August 1986 when the number of beneficiaries stood at 990,000.
- By province, the seasonally adjusted number of beneficiaries receiving regular benefits increased between June and July 1987 in the Northwest Territories (2.7%), Saskatchewan (2.0%), Ontario (1.8%), British Columbia (1.8%), Manitoba (1.3%) and New Brunswick (1.2%). The number of

beneficiaries decreased in Prince Edward Island (-1.6%) while there was little or no change in the remaining provinces.

Data Not Adjusted for Seasonal Variations

- In July 1987, the total number of beneficiaries¹ (including all persons qualifying for regular and special unemployment insurance benefits) stood at 885,000 - a decrease of 10.6% from July 1986. The number of male beneficiaries decreased to 430,000 or by 15.7% compared to July 1986. For the same period, the number of female beneficiaries declined by 5.3% to 456,000.

(continued on page 12)

¹ The number of beneficiaries represents a count of persons who qualified for unemployment insurance benefits during a specific week of the reference month.

- Benefits paid during July 1987 totalled \$863 million². The 7.7% increase from July 1986 resulted from payments of \$120 million (retroactive to January 5, 1986) to persons affected by the introduction of Bill C-50³. Without the special payments, benefits in July 1987 would have been \$743 million, representing a decrease of 7.2% from a year ago. The average weekly payment in July 1987 was \$180.55, up from \$177.57 or by 1.7% compared to the same month a year earlier. Without the retroactive payments an increase of 5.1% would have been observed.
- For the first seven months of 1987, benefit payments amounted to \$6,613 million, up 0.9% from the same period last year. (Without the retroactive payments, a 1.0% decrease would have been observed.)
- A total of 287,000 claims² (applications) for unemployment insurance benefits were received in July 1987, down 3.8% from the

same month a year ago. Since the start of 1987, the number of claims received was 1.7 million, a decrease of 4.8% compared to the same period a year earlier.

(see table on page 13)

Available on CANSIM: matrices 26 (series 1.6) and 5700-5717.

Data for the months of May, June and July 1987 will be published in the July 1987 issue of *Unemployment Insurance Statistics* (73-001, \$12/\$120), available at the beginning of October 1987. Unpublished beneficiaries data are also available on request, including statistics for small areas as defined by data users. For special tabulations and further information contact J.-P. Maynard (613-991-4045) or Horst Stiebert (613-991-4044), Labour Division.

² Benefits paid, number of benefit weeks, and number of claims received relate to a complete calendar month. It should be noted that these data are affected by the number of working days available during the reference month to process claims and to pay benefits. In making short-term comparisons it is not uncommon to observe different trends between these data and the number of beneficiaries.

³ The payments were made to persons who were affected by Bill C-50 which permits individuals who receive a pension to re-establish unemployment insurance benefit rights.

Unemployment Insurance Statistics

					% change from	
	July 1987	June 1987	May 1987	July 1986	June 1987	July 1986
Benefits						
Amount paid (\$000)	862,590	760,922	830,839	800,742	13.4	7.7
Weeks of benefit (000)	4,777	4,099	4,386	4,509	16.5	5.9
Average weekly benefit (\$)	180.55	185.62	189.45	177.57	-2.7	1.7
Claims received (000)						
	287	247	202	298	16.0	-3.8
Beneficiaries¹ (000)						
Total	885 ^p	873 ^p	1,020 ^r	991 ^r	1.4	-10.6
Regular benefits	791 ^p	772 ^p	890 ^r	891 ^r	2.5	-11.3
Regular benefits – Seasonally adjusted	884 ^p	876 ^p	902 ^r	988 ^r	0.9	

	January to July		% change
	1987	1986	1987/1986
Benefits			
Amount paid (\$000)	6,612,528	6,556,689	0.9
Weeks of benefit (000)	34,902	36,425	-4.2
Average weekly benefit (\$)	189.46	180.01	5.2
Claims received (000)	1,742	1,830	-4.8
Beneficiaries – Year-to-date average¹ (000)	1,108 ^p	1,159 ^r	-4.4

¹ The beneficiaries include all claimants who receive benefits through the computer pay system. Excluded are year-round fishermen, a few seasonal fishermen and a small number of work sharing and job creation claimants who are paid through the manual pay system.

^p Preliminary figures.

^r Revised figures.

Data Availability Announcements

Production of Maple Products 1987

Maple syrup production in Canada during 1987 is estimated at 1,910 thousand gallons, a 14% decrease from the 1986 production level of 2,215 thousand gallons.

The value of Canadian maple products in 1986 is estimated at just over \$63 million.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 1057.

Order *Production and Value of Honey and Maple Products* (23-211, \$11/\$12), available in mid-November. Contact R. McMillan (613-991-3857), Agriculture Division.

Coal and Coke Statistics July 1987

Highlights

- Canadian production of coal totalled 4 979 kilotonnes in July 1987, up 18.9% from the corresponding month last year. Production for the year to date stands at 33 547 kilotonnes, down 0.3%.
- Exports in July 1987 rose 12.2% from July 1986 to 2 430 kilotonnes. Cumulative figures for the year show exports of 14 820 kilotonnes, 7.0% below the year-earlier level.
- Coke production increased 5.0% to 387 kilotonnes in July 1987.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 9.

Order the July 1987 issue of *Coal and Coke Statistics* (45-002, \$8/\$80), available the third week in October. Contact Dave Madsen (613-990-9823), Energy Section, Industry Division.

Rigid Insulating Board August 1987

Shipments of rigid insulating board totalled 4 921 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis) in August 1987, an increase of 0.4% compared to 4 903 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis) in August 1986.

For January to August 1987, year-to-date shipments amounted to 37 444 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis), up 4.5% from 35 844 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis) for the same period in 1986.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 31 (series 1) and 122 (series 4-7).

Order the August 1987 issue of *Rigid Insulating Board* (36-002, \$4/\$40), to be released the week of October 12. Contact Jacques Lepage (613-991-3516), Industry Division.

Asphalt Roofing August 1987

Shipments of asphalt shingles totalled 3 659 505 bundles in August 1987, a decrease of 3.1% from the 3 771 956^r (revised figure) bundles shipped a year earlier.

January to August 1987 shipments reached 27 626 992 bundles, up 13.6% from the 24 309 587^r bundles shipped during the same period in 1986.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 32 and 122 (series 27 and 28).

Order the August 1987 issue of *Asphalt Roofing* (45-001, \$4/\$40), to be released the week of October 12. Contact Jacques Lepage (613-991-3516), Industry Division.

Publications Released

**National Income and Expenditure
Accounts, Second Quarter 1987.**

Catalogue number 13-001

(Canada: \$15/\$60; Other Countries: \$16/\$64).

The Dairy Review, July 1987.

Catalogue number 23-001

(Canada: \$10/\$100; Other Countries:
\$11/\$110).

Coal and Coke Statistics, June 1987.

Catalogue number 45-002

(Canada: \$8/\$80; Other Countries: \$9/\$90).

New Motor Vehicle Sales, May 1987.

Catalogue number 63-007

(Canada: \$8/\$80; Other Countries: \$9/\$90).

Merchandising Inventories, April 1987.

Catalogue number 63-014

(Canada: \$12/\$120; Other Countries:
\$13/\$130).

**Employment, Earnings
and Hours, June 1987.**

Catalogue number 72-002

(Canada: \$35/\$350; Other Countries:
\$36.50/\$365).

**Postgraduation Plans of 1984 and 1985
P.H.D. Graduates, 1984 and 1985.**

Catalogue number 81-259

(Canada: \$20; Other Countries: \$21).

**Population - Federal Electoral Districts
and Census Enumeration Areas, 1986.**

Catalogue number 92-103

(Canada: \$80; Other Countries: \$93).

**Population and Dwelling
Counts - New Brunswick, 1986.**

Catalogue number 92-112

(Canada: \$25; Other Countries: \$26).

**Population and Dwelling
Counts - Saskatchewan, 1986.**

Catalogue number 92-116

(Canada: \$39; Other Countries: \$40.50).

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The Daily, September 30, 1987

Major Release Dates: October 1987

(Release dates are subject to change)

Anticipated
date(s) of
release

Title

Reference period

October

1	Homicide in Canada	1986 Final Data
2-7	Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing Industries	Second Quarter 1987
5	Travel Between Canada and Other Countries	August 1987
6	Estimates of Labour Income	July 1987
7	New Housing Price Index	August 1987
8	Help-wanted Index	September 1987
9	Labour Force Survey	September 1987
9	Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade	August 1987
9	Farm Product Price Index	August 1987
9	Department Store Sales by Province and Metropolitan Area	August 1987
13	New Motor Vehicle Sales	August 1987
13-14	Canadian Composite Leading Indicator	July 1987
15	Housing Starts	August 1987
16	The Consumer Price Index	September 1987
19	Sales of Refined Petroleum Products	August 1987
20	Retail Trade	August 1987
21	Department Store Sales and Stocks	August 1987
22	Building Permits	August 1987
22-23	Inventories, Shipments and Orders in Manufacturing Industries	August 1987
23	Wholesale Trade	August 1987
26-28	Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry	August 1987
27	Security Transactions with Non-residents	August 1987
27	Crude Oil and Natural Gas	July 1987
28	Unemployment Insurance Statistics	August 1987
29	Employment, Earnings and Hours	August 1987
30	Industrial Product Price Index	September 1987
30	Raw Materials Price Index	September 1987
30	Major Release Dates	November 1987

The November 1987 release schedule will be published on October 30, 1987. **Users Note:** This schedule can be retrieved from CANSIM by the command DATES.

Contact Greg Thomson (613-991-1103), Communications Division.