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| Wednesday, August 1, 1990 |  | For release at 10:00 a.m. |
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| MAJOR RELEASES | LIERARY EIELIOTHERUE |  |

- Quarterly Business Comditions Survey, Canadian Manufacturing
Industries, July 1990 ..... 2

The balance of opinion concerning the backlog of unfilled orders, orders received, finished products inventories and expected production decreased significantly in the July 1990 survey.

- Trusteed Pension Funds, First Quarter 1990

5
The book value of the assets of trusteed pension funds exceeded $\$ 179$ billion.

- Crude Oil and Natural Gas, April 1990

Production of crude oil and equivalent declined 1.4\% from April 1989, the 14th decrease in the last 15 months.

- Machinery and Equipment Price Indexes, First Quarter 1990

The Machinery and Equipment Price Index by industry of purchase reached a preliminary level of 104.0 in the first quarter of 1990, up $0.7 \%$ from its fourth quarter level of 103.3.

- Local Government Employment and Remuneration, March 1990

Local government employment increased $3.9 \%$ or 12,000 employees since March 1989, to a total of 329,000 employees.

## DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Cement, June $1990 \quad 10$
Shipments of Solid Fuel-burning Heating Products, Second Quarter 199010

PUBLICATIONS RELEASED 11

INDEX TO MAJOR RELEASES: July 1990

End of Release

The Daily, August 1, 1990

## MAJOR RELEASES

## Quarterly Business Conditions Survey, Canadian Manufacturing Industries

July 1990

## Seasonally Adjusted

The balance of opinion concerning the backlog of unfilled orders, orders received, finished products inventories, and expected production decreased significantly in the July 1990 survey. Results are close to those recorded in the January 1982 survey, but are still well above the lowest levels experienced in the last three quarters of 1982. 'Most' of the decrease was accounted for by the transportation equipment industry, except for the backlog of unfilled orders, where the decrease was mainly in the electrical and electronic products industries. (It should be noted that manufacturers' opinions are given relative to current situations; comparisons over long periods of time should therefore be interpreted with caution).

## Highlights

- The balance of opinion concerning expected volume of production over the next three months decreased nine points, from a level of -4 in April to -13 in July 1990. The transportation equipment industry accounted for most of the decline. The balance of opinion on production prospects was negative for a third quarter in a row, following 10 positive quarterly balances.
- The balance of -13 in July is calculated by subtracting the pessimistic $34 \%$ indicating "lower than normal" volume of production, from the optimistic $21 \%$ indicating a "higher than normal" volume of expected production.
- The balance of opinion concerning the backlog of unfilled orders decreased from -35 in April 1990 to -41 in the July 1990 survey. The balance has been declining for the last 11 surveys. The electrical and electronic products industries accounted for most of the decrease.
- The finished products inventories balance of opinion decreased from -28 in April to -31 in July 1990. The last levels are close to those recorded for the October 1981 and January 1982 surveys.


## Note to Users:

Individual responses to the Business Conditions Survey are weighted by the value of the respondent's shipments reported to the annual Census of Manufactures. The proportions , $_{2}$ therefore, reflect the magnitude of the individual manufacturer's contribution to the total. The "balanc'e' $\ddagger$ is the difference between the proportion associated with the positive-type response (e.g. higher volume of production) and the proportion related to the negative-type response (e.g. lower volume of production). Both the raw data (raw) and seasonally adjusted (s.a.) data are given! for the balance. The seasonally adjusted value for the neutral components (e.g. expected production about the same) is calculated by subtracting the sum of the seașonally adjusted values of the other two ' Components from 100.

- The July 1990 balance for orders received decreased six points from a level of -25 in April 1990 to -31. The balance remained at a large negative level, which was the sixth negative balance recorded since the January 1989 survey. The decrease was caused mainly by transportation equipment industries. The provinces of Ontario and Quebec recorded the largest drops.


## Unadjusted

- The main source of production difficulties continued to be a shortage of skilled labour, although the proportion was quite stable at $7 \%$ in the first three quarters of 1990, compared with highs ranging between $11 \%$ to $13 \%$ in July and October 1989. This was followed closely by a shortage of working capital which increased by one point to $6 \%$.

The Business Conditions Survey is carried out in January, April, July and October and the majority of responses are recorded in the first two weeks of these months. Results are based on replies from about 5,000 manufacturers.

Data users should note the April 1990 results have been revised to include responses received after the first release of these results.

Available on CANSIM (raw data only): matrices 2843-2845.

For further information on this release, contact C. Robillard (613-951-3507), Monthly Survey of Manufacturing Section, Industry Division.

Balance of Opinion for Expected Volume of Production
Next Three Months vs Last Three Months


Balance of Opinion on Backlog of Unfilled Orders and Real GDP for Manufacturing Industries
Seasonally adjusted


Business Conditions Survey, Canadian Manufacturing Industries July 1990

| All Manufacturing industries | July | October | January | April | July |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1989 | 1989 | 1990 | 1990 | 1990 |

Volume of Production During Next
Three Months Compared with Last
Three Months Will Be:

## Seasonally Adjusted

| 47 | 41 | 44 | 45 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 29 | 23 | 26 | 21 |
| 24 | 36 | 30 | 34 |
| 5 | -13 | -4 | -13 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Raw |  |  |
|  |  | -22 | 15 |

## Seasonally Adjusted

| 63 | 47 | 49 | 41 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 |
| 23 | 38 | 37 | 45 |
| -9 | -23 | -23 | -31 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Raw |  |  |
| -13 | -26 | -19 | -32 |

Present Backlog of Unfilled Orders is:

|  |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| About Normal | 71 |
| Higher than Normal | 7 |
| Lower than Normal | 22 |
| Balance | -15 |

Balance
$-11$
Finished Product Inventory on Hand is:

| About Right | 67 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Too Low | 5 |
| Too High | 28 |
| Balance | -23 |

Balance
$-22$
Sources of Production Difficulties:

| Working Capital Shortage | 3 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Skilled Labour Shortage | 13 |
| Unskilled Labour Shortage | 3 |
| Raw Material Shortage | 4 |
| Other Difficulties | 4 |
| No Difficulties | 78 |

[^0]
## Quarterly Estimates of Assets Held by Trusteed Pension Funds, 1980-1990



1 Includes cash, deposits, short-term securities, some accruals and receivables, real estate and lease-backs.
2 Includes pooled funds of trust companies and of investment counsellors, mutual and investment funds,
segregated and deposit administration funds.
3 includes venture capital investments since the third quarter of 1986.

## Trusteed Pension Funds

## First Quarter 19901

## Assets

- The book value of assets held in trusteed pension funds at the end of the first quarter of 1990 was estimated at $\$ 179.1$ billion, up $2 \%$ over the previous quarter and $11 \%$ over the previous year. This is the third consecutive year that assets have grown by approximately $2 \%$ between the fourth and the first quarters; in the four years preceding that, however, the growth rate was closer to $3 \%$.
- Bonds and stocks continued to be the two major forms of investment, accounting for $46 \%$ and $29 \%$ respectively of the total assets. Cash, deposits, short-term securities plus some accruals and receivables represented $13 \%$ of the total; mortgage holdings accounted for another 4\%. The remaining assets were divided between such investment vehicles as real estate, and pooled, mutual and segregated funds.

[^1]- The amount invested in stocks rose just $2.4 \%$ from the fourth quarter of 1989, down from increases of more than $3 \%$ in each of the quarters of 1989. This reduced growth coincides with a drop in the TSE 300 Composite Index registered during the same period. In contrast, the $3.3 \%$ increase in the amount held in short-term investments ${ }^{2}$ was the largest recorded since the last quarter of 1988. This can likely be related to the rise in the bank rate that occurred in the first quarter of 1990.


## Income and Expenditures

- First quarter income of trusteed pension funds, estimated at $\$ 6.1$ billion, was up $12 \%$ over 1989. Expenditures increased $14 \%$, to $\$ 2.6$ billion. The net income or new money entering the funds in the first quarter (calculated by deducting expenditures from income) amounted to $\$ 3.4$ billion, $11 \%$ higher than in 1989.

2 Includes cash, deposits, some accruals and receivables.

- Profits generated from the sale of securities were down $39 \%$ from the previous quarter, following a drop of $31 \%$ in the fourth quarter of 1989. Increases averaging close to $33 \%$ had been recorded in the first three quarters of 1989. First quarter profits accounted for just $7 \%$ of the total income in 1990, a drop from the high of $28 \%$ recorded in 1987.
- Investment income, which constituted $57 \%$ of total revenue in the first quarter of 1990, was $22 \%$ higher than in the same quarter of 1989. This was the largest 12 -month increase recorded since 1982.
- Employer and employee contributions, the other principal sources of income for the funds, increased $33 \%$ and $10 \%$, respectively, over the first quarter of 1989. Together, they represented $36 \%$ of the total income. The growth in employer contributions for the first quarter was the highest recorded since 1978.
- Payments to retired employees or their survivors continued to be the major component of the expenditures, constituting $75 \%$ of the total. These payments rose by $10 \%$ over the first quarter of 1989, to $\$ 2$ billion.
- Losses on the sale of securities were $875 \%$ higher than in the fourth quarter of 1989 and about $360 \%$ over those of the first quarter 1989. As a proportion of total expenditures, they rose from $0.6 \%$ to $5.4 \%$ from December 31, 1989 to March 31, 1990.


## Available on CANSIM: matrix 5749.

The first quarter 1990 issue of Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed Pension Funds (74-001, $\$ 11 / \$ 44$ ) will be available in August. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information, contact Johanne Pineau (613-951-4034), Pensions Section, Labour Division.

## Crude Oil and Natural Gas <br> April 1990

## Highlights

- Preliminary figures indicate that production of crude oil and equivalent in April 1990 totalled 7.8 million cubic metres, down 1.4\% from April 1989 and the 14th decrease in the last 15 months. Both exports ( $-0.4 \%$ ) and imports ( $-9.8 \%$ ) declined from levels recorded in April 1989. Year-to-date figures show production and exports down 3.2\% and $6.8 \%$, respectively, while imports are up $11.2 \%$ over the 1989 period. Refinery receipts are running at $2.8 \%$ above the level of the first four months of 1989.
- Marketable production of natural gas, at 8.1 billion cubic metres, increased $1.1 \%$ over April 1989, the 11th increase in the last 13 months. Exports were up $2.1 \%$, while Canadian sales were down $4.8 \%$ for the same period. On a cumulative basis, production was down $0.6 \%$, exports up $3.9 \%$ and domestic sales down 5.3\%.


## Available on CANSIM: matrices 127 and 128.

The April 1990 issue of Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production ( $26-006, \$ 10 / \$ 100$ ) will be available the second week of August. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Gérard O'Connor (613-951-3562), Energy Section, Industry Division.

Crude Oil and Natural Gas

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { April } \\ 1990 \end{gathered}$ | \% Change from April 1989 | JanuaryApril 1990 | \% Change from JanuaryApril 1989 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (thousands of cubic metres) |  |  |  |
| Crude Oil and Equivalent |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 7847.5 | -1.4 | 31075.9 | -3.2 |
| Exports | 2903.1 | -0.4 | 11613.5 | -6.8 |
| Imports | 2358.1 | -9.8 | 10489.9 | 11.2 |
| Refinery receipts | 6836.1 | -9.7 | 29931.7 | 2.8 |
|  | (millions of cubic metres) |  |  |  |
| Natural Gas |  |  |  |  |
| Marketable production | 8112.4 | 1.1 | 33971.3 | -0.6 |
| Exports | 3169.4 | 2.1 | 13060.4 | 3.9 |
| Canadian sales | 4808.0 | -4.8 | 23688.3 | -5.3 |

## Machinery and Equipment Price Indexes

First Quarter 1990

The Machinery and Equipment Price Index by industry of purchase ( $1986=100, \mathrm{MEPI}$ ) reached a preliminary level of 104.0 in the first quarter of 1990 , up $0.7 \%$ over its fourth quarter level of 103.3. This is the seventh consecutive quarterly increase.

The domestic and imported components both rose by $0.6 \%$ in the latest quarter. This is the fourth consecutive increase in the imported component, but it would have been a decrease were it not for the decline of the Canadian dollar against the American dollar.

On a year-over-year basis, the total index was up $3.1 \%$, based on an increase in the domestic prices component of $3.9 \%$, and an increase in the imported prices component of $2.3 \%$. This represents an acceleration in the year-over-year rate of change of the composite index after a deceleration in the previous quarter.

The manufacturing division and the transportation, communication, storage and utility division were responsible for most of the quarterly increase in MEPI, both with $1.0 \%$ changes; the index for construction division also increased by $1.0 \%$. On a year-over-year basis, forestry showed the largest increase at $3.8 \%$, however it has little influence on

MEPI due to its small weight. The manufacturing division, and transportation, communication, storage and utility divisions were also responsible for most of the year-over-year increase in MEPI, with index changes of $3.5 \%$ and $2.7 \%$; also important were agriculture division ( $3.4 \%$ ), and community, business and personal services division ( $3.1 \%$ ).

Available on CANSIM: matrices 2023, 2024 and 2025.

First quarter 1990 estimates for MEPI were previously released on a 1971 time base with a 1971 basket or weighting pattern. This marks the first release of $1986=100 \mathrm{MEPI}$ series. They incorporate expenditure weights representing average purchases of new machinery and equipment by industries for the years 1979-83, expressed in 1986 prices. Because these series are based on an updated 1979-83 basket, their quarterly movements differ from those of the $1971=100$ series.

More information on the new series will be available in the second quarter 1990 issue of Construction Price Statistics (62-007, \$18/\$72), which will be available in September. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact the Information and Current Analysis Unit (613-951-9607), Prices Division.

The Daily, August 1, 1990

Machinery and Equipment Price Indexes
$(1986=100)$

|  | Relative Importance 1 | Index |  |  | Percent Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { si } Q \\ & 1990 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4^{\text {th }} \mathbf{Q} \\ & 1989 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \text { si } \mathrm{Q} . \\ 1989 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1^{\text {st }} \text { Q. } 1990 / \\ & 4^{\text {th }} \text { Q. } 1989 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1^{\text {si }} \text { Q. } 1990 / \\ 1^{\text {si }} \text { Q. } 1989 \end{gathered}$ |
| Machinery and Equipment |  | * | * | * |  |  |
| Price Index | 100.0 | 104.0 | 103.3 | 100.9 | 0.7 | 3.1 |
| SIC DIVISIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Agriculture | 11.0 | 111.3 | 111.3 | 107.6 | 0.0 | 3.4 |
| 2. Forestry | 1.5 | 109.5 | 108.8 | 105.5 | 0.6 | 3.8 |
| 3. Fishing | 0.6 | 103.4 | 103.6 | 101.1 | -0.2 | 2.3 |
| 4. Mines, Quarries and Oil Wells | 6.0 | 99.8 | 99.2 | 97.3 | 0.6 | 2.6 |
| 5. Manufacturing | 29.9 | 104.6 | 103.6 | 101.1 | 1.0 | 3.5 |
| 6. Construction | 3.5 | 99.5 | 98.5 | 97.3 | 1.0 | 2.3 |
| 7. Transportation, Communication, Storage and Utilities | 25.9 | 102.4 | 101.4 | 99.7 | 1.0 | 2.7 |
| 8. Trade | 4.0 | 104.1 | 103.6 | 100.7 | 0.5 | 3.4 |
| 9. Finance, Insurance and Real Estate | 1.8 | 102.1 | 102.0 | 99.4 | 0.1 | 2.7 |
| 10. Community, Business and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Personal Services | 11.1 | 102.6 | 102.5 | 99.5 | 0.1 | 3.1 |
| 11. Public Administration | 4.7 | 103.0 | 102.4 | 100.2 | 0.6 | 2.8 |

[^2]
## Local Government Employment and Remuneration

March 1990

## Highlights

## Employment

- Local government employment increased by 3.9\% or 12,000 employees since March 1989, to a total of 329,000 employees. This is a continuation of the upward trend that began in March 1985.
- Most of the employment increase ( $86 \%$ ) took place in municipalities with a population of more than 10,000 . Three provinces, Ontario, Quebec and British Columbia accounted for much of the increase which took place chiefly in their Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs).
- Employment in Census Metropolitan Areas has increased by $15 \%$ since March 1985. For the period March 1985 to March 1990, employment in Ontario CMAs had the largest growth at $20 \%$.


## Note to Users

For local government employment purposes, the universe is defined as including municipalities, boards, commissions and conservation authorities but excluding schools, hospitals and local government business enterprises.

A Census Metropolitan Area is defined as the main labour market area of an urban area (the urbanized core) of at least 100,000 population, based on the previous census.

Total remuneration is defined as all monies paid to employees during the month before any deductions for income tax, pension plans, unemployment insurance, etc. but excluding supplementary income payments for employer contributions to pension and medical plans or other benefits.

Comparative rates of growth for British Columbia and Quebec were $12 \%$ and $8 \%$, respectively, over the same five-year period.

- In Ontario, most of the increase in employment occurred in Toronto, with a five-year growth of $22 \%$ or 11,000 employees and Ottawa (21\%) or 2,300 employees. In Quebec, the employment growth was principally in Montreal with a five-year

Chart 1
Employment in Municipalities over 10,000 population

increase of $7 \%$ or 2,500 employees. For British Columbia, the increase in employment took place in Vancouver with a five-year growth of $11 \%$ or 1,900 employees.

- Local government employment in municipalities with populations greater than 10,000 has increased continuously since 1985. Employment in this group has increased 15\% between March 1985 and March 1990.
- For small municipalities, employment has increased $6.3 \%$ since March 1985. This lower rate of increase, as compared to municipalities over 10,000, is due to decreases in employment during the March 1985 to March 1987 period. This was followed by employment increases in the ensuing three years.
- Local government employment represents 2.7\% of the total employed labour force in Canada.


## Remuneration

- Total remuneration for local governments for the March 1990 quarter was estimated at $\$ 2.4$ billion. The quarterly March gross payroll for local government employees has grown steadily over

Chart 2
Employment in Municipalities under $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ population

the past five years. Since March 1985, total remuneration, including retroactive payments, and all other special payments, increased by $\$ 666.3$ million or $39 \%$.

- Total local government remuneration amounted to $26 \%$ of the estimated total for the three levels of government and $3 \%$ of total salaries and wages for all industries in Canada.

Available on CANSIM: local government employment and remuneration data by month, by province and territory, are located in matrix 2725. Employment and remuneration data for municipalities over 10,000 population by metropolitan and major urban area are located in matrix 2726.

For further information on this release, contact Mahed Fathy (613-951-1843) or Peter Dudley (613-951-1851), Public Institutions Division.

Data are available through standard tables and special tabulations on request. For further information or general information on products and services of the Public Institutions Division, please contact Patricia Phillips, Data Dissemination, (613-951-0767) or FAX (613-951-0661).

## DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

## Cement

June 1990
Canadian manufacturers shipped 1230130 tonnes of cement in June 1990, a decrease of $10.1 \%$ from the 1368946 tonnes shipped a year earlier, but an increase of $9.3 \%$ over the 1125776 tonnes shipped in May 1990.

January to June 1990 shipments reached 5004050 tonnes, down $3.6 \%$ from the 5192270 tonnes shipped during the same period in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 92 and 122 (series 35).

The June 1990 issue of Cement (44-001, $\$ 5 / \$ 50$ ) will be available at a later date.

For further information on this release, contact Roland Joubert (613-951-3527), Industry Division.

## Shipments of Solid Fuel-burning Heating Products

Second Quarter 1990
Shipments of solid fuel-burning heating products totalled $\$ 11.5$ million for the second quarter 1990, a decrease of $5.3 \%$ from the $\$ 12.1^{r}$ million shipped during the second quarter of 1989.

Manufacturers' shipments of Canadian made solid fuel-burning heating products are now available, as are data on the number of units shipped.

The 1990 Second Quarter issue of Shipments of Solid Fuel-burning Heating Products (25-002, $\$ 4.75 / \$ 19$ ) will be available at a later date. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

Production and Inventories of Process Cheese and Instant Skim Milk Powder, June 1990.
Catalogue number 32-024
(Canada: $\$ 5.00 / \$ 50.00$; United States:
US\$6.00/US\$60.00; Other Countries:
US\$7.00/US\$70.00).

Security Transactions with Non-residents, May 1990.

Catalogue number 67-002
(Canada: \$15.80/\$158.00; United States:
US\$19.00/US\$190.00; Other Countries:
US\$22.10/US\$221.00).

Gypsum products, June 1990.
Catalogue number 44-003
(Canada: $\$ 5.00 / \$ 50.00$; United States:
US\$6.00/US\$60.00; Other Countries:
US\$7.00/US\$70.00).

## How to Order Publications

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Please enclose cheque or money order payable to the Receiver General for Canada/Publications and provide full information on publications required (catalogue number, title, issue).

Publications may also be ordered through Statistics Canada's offices in St. John's, Halifax, Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Edmonton, Calgary and Vancouver, or from authorized bookstore agents or other booksellers.
A national toll-free telephone order service is now in operation at Statistics Canada. The toll-free line (1-800-267-6677) can be used by Canadian customers for the ordering of Statistics Canada products and services.



# The <br> Daily Statistics Canada 

## Index to Data Releases

July 1990

| Subject | Reference Period | Release Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agricultural Chemical Industries, Other | 1988 Annual Survey of Manufactures | July 20, 1990 |
| Alr Carrier Operations in Canada | January-March 1989 | July 23, 1990 |
| Apartment Construction Price Indexes | First Quarter 1990 | July 13, 1990 |
| Appliances, Major | June 1990 | July 27, 1990 |
| Appliances, Specified Domestic Electrical | May 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
| Asphalt Roofing | June 1990 | July 30, 1990 |
| Assets in Canada, Fixed | 1990 | July 5, 1990 |
| Aviation Statistics Centre Service Bulletin | April 1990 | July 13, 1990 |
| Aviation Statistics, Civil | May 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Biscuits, Production of | June 1990 | July 27, 1990 |
| Boxes and Wrappers, Corrugated | June 1990 | July 18, 1990 |
| Building Permits | May 1990 | July 26, 1990 |
| Canadian Economic Observer | July 1990 | July 19, 1990 |
| Canadian Social Trends | Summer 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
| Cement | May 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
| Chemicals and Synthetic Resins, Industrial | May 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Construction Type Plywood | May 1990 | July 16, 1990 |
| Construction Union Wage Rate Index | May 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
| Consumer Price Index | June 1990 | July 20, 1990 |
| Consumer Price Index on a 1986 Time Base |  | July 19, 1990 |
| Crime Statistics, The Future of: Juristat |  | July 12, 1990 |
| Crushing and Milling Statistics | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
| Daily Review | May 1990 | July 13, 1990 |
| Department Store Sales and Stocks | May 1990 | July 23, 1990 |
| Department Store Sales by Province and Metropolitan Area | May 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
| Department and Retail Chain Stores | 1988 | July 24, 1990 |

Index to Data Releases, July 1990

| Subject | Reference Period | Release Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disease Summary, Notifiable | January 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
|  | February 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
|  | March 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
|  | April 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
| Drug Possession Offences in Canada: Juristat |  |  |
|  | 1989 | July 26, 1990 |
| Education and Work: General Social <br> Survey, Public Use Microdata File 1989 |  |  |
| Eggs, Production of | May 1990 | July 13, 1990 |
| Electric Lamps | June 1990 | July 19, 1990 |
| Electric Power Statistics | April 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
| Electric Storage Batteries | May 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
| Employment Dynamics - Canada and Provinces | 1987-88 | July 20, 1990 |
| Employment, Earnings and Hours | May 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| Employment, Federal Public Sector | March 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Energy Supply and Demand in Canada, Quarterly Report on | Fourth Quarter 1989 | July 16, 1990 |
| Export and Import Price Indexes | May 1990 | July 17, 1990 |
| Exports by Commodity (H.S. Based) | May 1990 | July 24, 1990 |
| Farm Input Price Index | Second Quarter 1990 | July 27, 1990 |
| Farm Product Price Index | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
| Fibreboard, Particleboard and Waferboard | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
| Financial Indexes, Selected | May 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
| Footwear Statistics | May 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
| Fruits and Vegetables, Processed | March 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
|  | April 1990 | July 18, 1990 |
|  | May 1990 | July 27, 1990 |
| Gas, Sales of Natural | May 1990 | July 20, 1990 |
| Government Employment and Payroll, Local | December 1989 | July 13, 1990 |
| Government Employment and Remuneration, Provincial and Territorial | March 1990 | July 24, 1990 |
| Government Revenue and Expenditure (SNA Basis) | First Quarter 1990 | July 17, 1990 |
| Grains, Deliveries of | May 1990 | July 27, 1990 |
| Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry | May 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| GSS: Education and Work - Public Use Microdata File | 1989 | July 18, 1990 |
| Gypsum Products | May 1990 | July 3, 1990 |
|  | June 1990 | July 30, 1990 |
| Help-wanted Index | June 1990 | July 4, 1990 |


| Subject | Reference Period | Release Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hospital Indicators, Quarterly Hospital |  |  |
| Housing Price Index, New | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
| Import and Export Price Indexes | May 1990 | July 17, 1990 |
| Imports by Commodity (H.S. Based) | May 1990 | July 19, 1990 |
| Industrial Product Price Index | June 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| ```Juristat: Drug Possession Offences in Canada Juristat: The Future of Crime Statistics``` |  | July 26, 1990 |
|  |  | July 12, 1990 |
| Labour Force Survey | June 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
| Labour Income, Estimates of | April 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
| Laminate Sheet, Factory Shipments of High Pressure Decorative | June 1990 | July 20, 1990 |
| Leading Indicator, Composite | April 1990 | July 4, 1990 |
| Literacy Skills Used in Daily <br> Activities - Numeracy Skills, Survey of | 1989 | July 17, 1990 |
| Manufacturing, Monthly Survey of | May 1990 | July 24, 1990 |
| Meat Products, Stocks of Frozen | July 1, 1990 | July 23, 1990 |
| Milling and Crushing Statistics | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
| Mineral Wool Including Fibrous |  |  |
| Motor Vehicle Industry | 1988 Annual Survey of Manufactures | July 20, 1990 |
| Motor Vehicle Sales, New | May 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Newsprint Industry | 1988 Annual Survey of Manufactures | July 20, 1990 |
| Oils and Fats | May 1990 | July 12, 1990 |
| Particleboard, Waferboard <br> and Fibreboard <br> May 1990 <br> July 11, 1990 |  |  |
| Passenger Bus and Urban Transit Statistics | May 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Pension Plans in Canada | 1989 | July 5, 1990 |
| Petroleum Products, Sales of Refined | June 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| Postal Code Conversion File | January 1990 | July 3, 1990 |
| Potato-seeded Area, Canadian | 1990 Estimates | July 13, 1990 |
| Poultry and Eggs, Production of | 1989 | July 6, 1990 |
| Poultry Products, Stocks of Frozen | July 1, 1990 | July 17, 1990 |
| Private and Public Investment in Canada | Revised Intentions 1990 | July 26, 1990 |
| Process Cheese and Instant |  | July 30, 1990 |
| Pulpwood and Wood Residue Statistics | May 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
| Railroad Rolling Stock Industry Railway Carloadings | 1988 Annual Survey of Manufactures | July 20, 1990 |
|  | May 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
|  | Seven-day Period Ending June 21, 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
|  | Nine-day Period Ending June 30, 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
|  | Seven-day Period Ending July 7, 1990 | July 19, 1990 |



Index to Data Releases, July 1990
1010037560

| Subject | Reference Period | Release Date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Railway Freight Origin and Destination Railway Operating Statistics | 1988 | July 13, 1990 |
|  | February 1990 | July 3, 1990 |
|  | March 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
| Raw Materials Price Index | June 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| Research and Development |  |  |
|  | 1981 to 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
| Retail Chain and Department Stores | 1988 | July 24, 1990 |
| Retail Trade | May 1990 | July 20, 1990 |
| Rigid Insulating Board | June 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| Sawmills East of the Rockies | May 1990 | July 25, 1990 |
| Sawmills in British Columbia | May 1990 | July 23, 1990 |
| Security Transactions with Non-residents | May 1990 | July 26, 1990 |
| Soft Drinks | June 1990 | July 18, 1990 |
| Software Research and Development in Canada Industry | 1988 | July 27, 1990 |
| Steel Exports | June 1990 | July 17, 1990 |
| Steel Industries, Other Primary | 1988 Annual Survey of Manufactures | July 6, 1990 |
| Steel Pipe and Tubing | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
| Steel, Primary Forms | May 1990 | July 12, 1990 |
| Steel Primary Forms (Steel Ingots) | Week' Ending June 30, 1990 | July 6, 1990 |
|  | Week Ending July 7, 1990 | July 12, 1990 |
|  | Week Ending July 14, 1990 | July 19, 1990 |
| Steel, Shipments of Rolled | May 1990 | July 16, 1990 |
| Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products | May 1990 | July 10, 1990 |
|  | June 1990 | July 31, 1990 |
| Sugar Sales | June 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Tea and Coffee Industry | 1988 Annual Survey of Manufactures | July 27, 1990 |
| Telephone Statistics | May 1990. | July 16, 1990 |
| Theatres, Motion Picture | 1988-1989 | July 18, 1990 |
| Tobacco Products | June 1990 | July 18, 1990 |
| Trade (H.S. Based), Preliminary <br> Statement of Canadian |  |  |
| Travel Between Canada and Other Countries | May 1990 | July 13, 1990 |
| Unemployment Insurance Statistics | May 1990 | July 25, 1990 |
| Urban Transit and Passenger Bus Statistics | May 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
| Vegetables and Fruits, Processed | March 1990 | July 9, 1990 |
|  | April 1990 | July 18, 1990 |
|  | May 1990 | July 27, 1990 |
| Waferboard and Fibreboard, Particleboard Wage and Salary Earners - Canada and Provinces | May 1990 | July 11, 1990 |
|  | 1988 | July 20, 1990 |
| Wholesale Trade | May 1990 | July 23, 1990 |


[^0]:    1 No evident seasonality.

[^1]:    1 Based on a survey of 217 funds, which constitute approximately 6\% of all trusteed pension funds and hold over $87 \%$ of the total assets.

[^2]:    * These indexes are preliminary

    1 Division weights are based on 1979-83 value of capitalized expenditures on new machinery and equipment by industry (Survey of Private and Public Investment in Canada, 1986) at 1986 prices

