

End of Release


## MAJOR RELEASES

## Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade

December 1990
In the aggregate, there was not much movement in either exports or imports in December, although large offsetting changes from November took place for selected commodities.
: Exports fell by $\$ 51$ million. Notable decreases were posted for automotive products ( $\$ 115$ million), industrial goods and materials ( $-\$ 112$ million) and forestry products ( $\$ 101$ million). Energy products fell silightly in December, largely as a result of lower crude petroleum prices. Moderating these declines $v$ was a $\$ 221$ million increase in wheat exports.
Is. Imports r rose by $\$ 27$ million in December. Commodities which showed an increase included machinery and equipment, forestry products and other consumer goods. Imports of cars rose by $\$ 205$ million, but this increase was more than offset by decreased imports of parts, down $\$ 352$ million.

December's trade surplus of $\$ 1.1$ billion was $\$ 78$ million lower than the November surplus. The annual surplus for 1990 was $\$ 10.8$ billion, up from $\$ 6.9$ billion in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 3620-3629, 3651, 3685-3713, 3718, 3719, 3887-3913.

Current account data, which incorporate merchandise trade statistics as well as data concerning trade in services and capital account movements, are available on a quarterly basis in Canada's Balance of International Payments (67-001).

For further information on international trade statistics (detailed tables, charts and a more complete analysis) order Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade (65-001P, \$10/\$100), now available. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on statistics, concepts and definitions, order the December 1990 issue of Summary of Canadian International Trade ( $65-001, \$ 18.20 / \$ 182$ ), available the first week of March 1991, or contact Gordon Blaney (613-951-9647), Trade Information Unit, or Marlene Sterparn (613-951-1711) (for analysis information), or

Merchandise Trade
Seasonally Adjusted
Balance of Payments Basis
Billions of dollars


## Merchandise Trade Balance

Seasonally Adjusted
Balance of Payments Basis
Billions of doflars

${ }^{1}$ The short-term trend represents a weighted average of the data.

Denis Pilon (613-951-4808) (for price index information), Trade Measures and Analysis Section, International Trade Division.


## Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

December 1990

## Seasonally Adjusted

Shipments declined $0.3 \%$ in December following a sharp decrease in November and unfilled orders declined $0.8 \%$, the fifth monthly decrease in a row. Inventories were up $0.4 \%$ in December.

The short-term trend for shipments has declined at a constant rate of $0.7 \%$ a month for the last three periods and has been on a downward path for 14 months, apart from a short pause in April and May 1990. The unfilled orders trend was down 0.6\% a month for the last two periods and has been declining for 21 months, apart from two small increases in August and September 1989.

The inventories trend has increased slightly during the last three months after having been flat or declining for the previous 14 months. As a result of the recent slight increases in the inventory trend and declines in the shipments trend, the trend for the inventory to shipments ratio has edged up from 1.51 in July 1990 to 1.55 in November.

## Highlights

- Preliminary estimates indicate that Canadian manufacturers' shipments were $\$ 23.9$ billion in December, a decrease of $0.3 \%$ from the previous month. Decreases in the transportation equipment $(-2.4 \%)$ and the wood industries $(-6.8 \%)$ were partly offset by an increase in the electrical and electronic products industry ( $8.0 \%$ ).
- Inventories (owned) increased $0.4 \%$ to $\$ 37.5$ billion. A major increase in the refined petroleum and coal products industry (8.3\%) and an increase in the chemical products industry (2.2\%) were partly offset by decreases for fabricated metal products, electrical and electronic products, and wood industries. The trend for inventories increased slightly during the last two periods.
- . The inventories-to-shipments ratio increased from 1.56 in November to 1.57 in December.
- Unfilled orders decreased by $0.8 \%$ to a level of $\$ 26.9$ billion. This was the fifth decrease in a row. A decrease in the transportation equipment
industry accounted for most of the decline. Monthly decreases in the trend have gone from $-0.2 \%$ in July 1990 to $-0.6 \%$ a month in both October and November.

Unfilled orders are the stock of orders which will generate future shipments, assuming that orders are not cancelled.

New orders are defined as the sum of shipments for the current month (i.e. orders received this month and shipped within the same month) plus the change in unfilled orders.

- New orders decreased $0.6 \%$ to a level of $\$ 23.7$ billion in December 1990. Decreases in the trend have averaged $0.8 \%$ a month for the last three periods.


## The Year 1990

- Shipments decreased $3.0 \%$ in 1990 to $\$ 294.2$ billion. This contrasts with a $3.0 \%$ increase in 1989. Average monthly inventory owned was kept in check, with a decrease of $1.6 \%$ compared to a $3.2 \%$ increase in 1989.
- Major groups which experienced the largest decreases in shipments for 1990 compared to 1989, in order of dollar impact, were primary metals $(-15.1 \%)$, paper products ( $-8.3 \%$ ), transportation equipment ( $-3.3 \%$ ) and wood $(-7.5 \%)$. (The primary metals and paper products industries were affected by strikes.) Only four of the major groups experienced increases: these were refined petroleum and coal products ( $14.2 \%$ ), food ( $4.2 \%$ ), tobacco products ( $4.6 \%$ ) and other manufacturing ( $3.4 \%$ ).
- The average level of unfilled orders dropped $8.3 \%$ in 1990, in contrast to an increase of $5.5 \%$ in 1989.
- On a provincial basis, decreases in shipments in 1990, in order of dollar impact, occurred in Ontario ( $-4.5 \%$ ), Quebec ( $-3.1 \%$ ), British Columbia ( $-5.1 \%$ ), Manitoba ( $-1.7 \%$ ), and Newfoundland ( $-4.9 \%$ ). Increases in shipments for 1990 were posted in Alberta (7.2\%), Nova Scotia (6.9\%), Saskatchewan (6.3\%), New Brunswick ( $2.2 \%$ ), and Prince Edward Island ( $16.3 \%$ ).


## Available on CANSIM: matrices 9550-9580.

For more information, please consult the December 1990 issue of Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (31-001, \$17.30/\$173), available shortly.

Data for shipments by province in greater detail than normally published may be available on request. For further information, please contact Bob Traversy
(613-951-9497) or the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing Section (613-951-9832), Industry Division.

Note: The appendix in the March 1990 issue of catalogue 31-001 contains estimated values of shipments, inventories and orders revised back to January 1987.

Shipments, Inventories and Orders in all Manufacturing Industries
December, 1990

*The short-term trend represents a weighted average of the data.

## Non-residential Building

 Construction Price IndexesFourth Quarter 1990 (1986=100)
The non-residential building construction price index for Canada fell $0.4 \%$ to 125.3 in the fourth quarter of 1990, continuing the decline begun in the third quarter of 1990 .

Of the cities surveyed, two showed increases in the fourth quarter, Edmonton ( $0.4 \%$, to a level of 124.2) and Ottawa ( $0.7 \%, 126.6$ ), two showed no change from the third quarter, Halifax $(0.0 \%, 112.4)$ and Montreal $(0.0 \%, 118.0)$, while three showed decreases, Toronto ( $-0.6 \%, 129.7$ ), Calgary ( $-0.2 \%$, 123.0) and Vancouver ( $-0.5 \%, 119.6$ ).

Respondents to the survey reported uncertainty about the effects of the GST, and the general economic climate probably contributed to some belt-tightening for new projects and their prices.

Special Note: Prices for building construction work-in-place, commencing in the first quarter of 1991, will be collected excluding the GST. Provincial sales tax will be included as before.

## Available on CANSIM: matrices 2042 and 2043.

The fourth quarter 1990 issue of Construction Price Statistics ( $62-007, \$ 18 / \$ 72$ ) will be available in March. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, please contact the Information and Current Analysis Unit (613-951-9607), Prices Division.

Non-residential Building Construction Price Indexes Fourth Quarter 1990 ( $1986=100$ )

|  | Seven Cities and Composite Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Halifax | Montreal | Ottawa | Toronto | Calgary | Edmonton | Vancouver | Composite |
|  | Quarterly Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth Quarter | 110.0 | 116.8 | 121.4 | 129.3 | 120.1 | 120.9 | 119.8 | 124.3 |
| 1990 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First Quarter | 111.0 | 117.3 | 123.0 | 130.3 | 122.1 | 122.9 | 122.1 | 125.4 |
| Second Quarter | 112.7 | 119.3 | 124.8 | 132.8 | 123.2 | 124.0 | 122.9 | 127.5 |
| Third Quarter | 112.4 | 118.0 | 125.7 | 130.5 | 123.2 | 123.7 | 120.2 | 125.8 |
| Fourth Quarter | 112.4 | 118.0 | 126.6 | 129.7 | 123.0 | 124.2 | 119.6 | 125.3 |
|  | Percentage Change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second/First Quarter 1990 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.7 |
| Third/Second Quarter 1990 | -0.3 | . 1.1 | 0.7 | -1.7 | 0.0 | -0.2 | -2.2 | -1.3 |
| Fourth/Third Quarter 1990 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | -0.6 | -0.2 | 0.4 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
| Fourth Quarter 1990/1989 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 4.3 | 0.3 | 2.4 | 2.7 | -0.2 | 0.8 |

## DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

## Export and Import Price Indexes

December 1990
Current and fixed-weighted export and import price indexes, on a balance of payments basis, are now available on a $1986=100$ basis. Price indexes are listed from January 1986 to December 1990 for the five commodity sections and 62/61 major commodity groups.

Customs-based current and fixed-weighted U.S. price indexes are also available. Price indexes are listed from January 1986 to December 1990 on a $1986=100$ basis. Included with the U.S. commodity indexes are the 10 "All Countries" and "U.S. only" SITC section indexes.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 3620-3629, 3651 and 3685.

The December 1990 issue of Summary of Canadian International Trade (H.S. Based) (65-001, $\$ 18.20 / \$ 182$ ) will be available the first week of March 1991. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Denis Pilon (613-951-4808), Price Index Unit, International Trade Division.

## Passenger Bus and Urban Transit Statistics <br> July 1990

In July 1990, a total of 70 Canadian urban transit systems with gross annual total operating revenues of $\$ 500,000$ or more (subsidies included) carried $104,473,547$ fare passengers, a decrease of $14.9 \%$ from the previous month. A comparison with the same period in 1989 showed a decrease of $2.2 \%$. Operating revenues totalled $\$ 87,674,924$, down 12.6\% from June 1990 but up 6.6\% over July 1989.

During the same period, 26 passenger bus carriers earning $\$ 500,000$ or more annually from intercity and rural bus operations carried 1,434,563 fare passengers, up $16.1 \%$ from the previous month but down $13.9 \%$ from the same month last year. Earnings of these carriers totalled $\$ 25,892,919$, a $22.2 \%$ increase over the June 1990 operating revenues and an increase of 5.6\% over July 1989.

All 1989 figures and 1990 cumulative data have been revised.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 351 and 352.
The July 1990 issue of Passenger Bus and Urban Transit Statistics (53-003, \$7.10/\$71) will be available the fourth week of February. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Angus MacLean (613-951-2484), Transportation Division.

## Federal Government Assets and Liabilities <br> March 31, 1990

At March 31, 1990, the financial assets of the federal government reached $\$ 54,044$ million, while liabilities stood at $\$ 408,483$ million.

The federal government balance sheet (based on the Financial Management System) is now available.

## Available on CANSIM: matrix 3200.

For further information on this release, contact A.J. Gareau (613-951-1826), Public Institutions Division.

For more information, or general inquiries on Public Institutions Division's products or services, contact Patricia Phillips (613-951-0767).

## Business Services <br> 1986-1988

Data on business services for 1986-88 are now available.

The publication Business Services, 1986-88 (62-232, \$29) will be released by the end of March 1991.

For information concerning this publication, please contact David Hamdani (613-951-3490), Services, Science and Technology Division.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production, October 1990.
Catalogue number 26-006
(Canada: $\$ 10.00 / \$ 100.00$; United States:
US\$12.00/US\$120.00; Other Countries:
US\$14.00/US\$140.00).
Canada's Women: A Profile of their 1987 Labour Market Experience, February 1991.
Catalogue number 71-205
(Canada: $\$ 12.00$; United States: US\$14.00; Other Countries: US\$17.00).

Canada's Men: A Profile of Their 1987 Labour Market Experience, February 1991. Catalogue number 71-206
(Canada: $\$ 12.00$; United States: US\$14.00; Other Countries: US\$17.00).

Canada's Youth: A Profile of Their 1987 Labour Market Experience, February 1991. Catalogue number 71-207
(Canada: $\$ 12.00$; United States: US $\$ 14.00$; Other Countries: US\$17.00).

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## MAJOR RELEASE DATES

Week of February 18-22
(Release dates are subject to change)

| Anticipated <br> date(s) of <br> release | Title | Reference period |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| February | Sales of Natural Gas |  |
| 18 | Retail Trade | December 1990 |
| 21 | Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas | December 1990 |
| 21 | Farm Cash Receipts | November 1990 |
| 21 | The Consumer Price Index | January - |
| 22 | Wholesale Trade | December 1990 |
| 22 | International Travel Account | January 1991 |
| 22 |  | December 1990 |
|  |  | Fourth Quarter 1990 |

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