

# The Daily

Statistics Canada

Thursday, October 29, 1992

For release at 8:30 a.m.

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## MAJOR RELEASES

NE S'EMPRUNTE PAS

- **Homeowner Repair and Renovation Expenditure in Canada, 1991**

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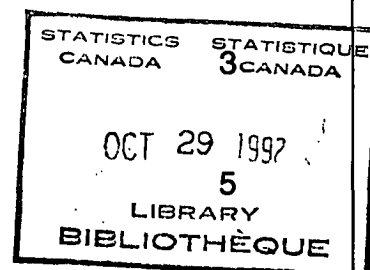
Homeowners spent an estimated \$11.5 billion on repairs and renovations in 1991. This was a decrease of about 10% from 1990 and followed a 4% decrease between 1989 and 1990.

- **Sales of Refined Petroleum Products, September 1992**

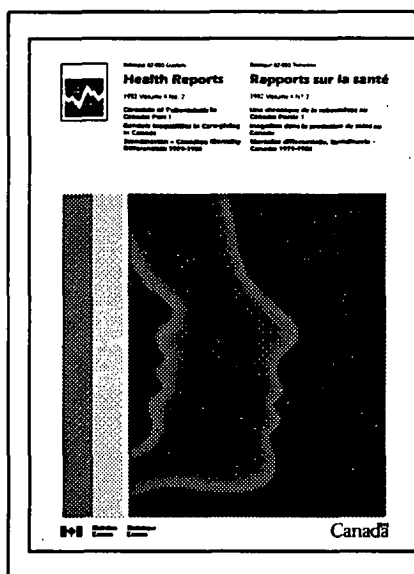
Seasonally adjusted, sales of refined petroleum products in September increased 1.8% from August 1992.

- **Health Reports, Second Quarter 1992**

A statistical chronicle tells of the successful battle against tuberculosis in Canada.



(continued on page 2)



## Health Reports Second Quarter 1992

This issue of *Health Reports* features an historical chronicle on tuberculosis that pulls together data from a 50-year period. It also presents an analytical study that compares the mortality of Canadian residents born in Canada and Scandinavia to the mortality of residents of the four Scandinavian countries. In addition, an article on care-giving in Canada analyzes the amount of time and effort spent on care-giving by both men and women.

The second quarter 1992 issue of *Health Reports*, Vol. 4, No.2 (82-003, \$26/104) is now available. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Nelson Nault (613-951-2990), Canadian Centre for Health Information.



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## DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

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## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

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## MAJOR RELEASES

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### Homeowner Repair and Renovation Expenditure in Canada

1991 (Preliminary Estimates)

#### Highlights

According to the Housing Repair and Renovation Survey of March 1992, homeowners spent an estimated \$11.5 billion on repairs and renovations in 1991. This was a decrease of about 10% from 1990 and followed a 4% decrease between 1989 and 1990. During 1991, an estimated \$3.6 billion was spent on repairs, maintenance and replacements and \$7.9 billion was spent on additions, renovations and new installations.

- Of the estimated \$11.5 billion spent on repairs and renovations, \$7.7 billion was for contract work and \$3.8 billion was for separately purchased materials.
- Homeowners in cities with a population of 500,000 or more spent 76% of their repair and renovation dollar on contractors and other hired labour, compared to 60% for homeowners in other urban centres and rural areas.
- Homeowners in Ontario had the highest average expenditures on repairs and renovations at \$2,100, while those in Saskatchewan had the lowest average at \$900.
- Homeowners in Newfoundland spent the largest proportion of their repair and renovation dollar on separately purchased materials (64%) and those in Ontario spent the smallest proportion (29%).
- Over half (52%) of those homeowners who had repair and renovation expenditures in 1991 incurred expenditures of less than \$1,000.
- The very small proportion of homeowners that spent \$20,000 or more on repairs and renovations (1.2%) accounted for 24% of the total \$11.5 billion.

Preliminary tables from the Housing Repair and Renovation Survey of 1991 are now available. Data are presented by level of expenditure, province, size of area of residence and type of dwelling.

Additional tables by income and other characteristics of homeowner households and dwellings will be available in *Homeowner Repair and Renovation Expenditure in Canada, 1991* (62-201, \$26), which is scheduled for release in February 1993.

For further information, contact Réjean Lasnier (613-951-4643), Family Expenditure Surveys Section, Household Surveys Division. ■

### Sales of Refined Petroleum Products

September 1992

#### Highlights

##### Seasonally Adjusted Sales

- Preliminary estimates indicate that sales of refined petroleum products totalled 6.5 million cubic metres in September 1992, an increase of 1.8% from August 1992.
- The September increase was attributable to increased sales of motor gasoline (3.8%), "all other refined products" (2.9%), diesel fuel oil (2.0%) and light fuel oil (1.1%). Heavy fuel oil sales in September declined 9.1% from the previous month.

##### Unadjusted Sales

- Total sales of refined petroleum products increased 2.3% from September 1991, to 6.7 million cubic metres. Three of the four main products registered sales increases: light fuel oil (9.2%), motor gasoline (3.4%) and diesel fuel oil (2.7%). Only heavy fuel oil sales decreased (-16.3%).
- Cumulative sales of refined petroleum products for the first nine months of 1992 amounted to 59.6 million cubic metres, up 1.1% from the year-earlier period. Within this total, heavy fuel oil sales increased 4.1%, light fuel oil 2.7% and motor gasoline 1.4%. Diesel fuel oil year-to-date sales were down 0.1%.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 628-642 and 644-647.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Gary Smalldridge (613-951-3567), Energy Section, Industry Division.

The September 1992 issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, \$18.20/\$182) will be available the third week of December. See "How to Order Publications".

### Sales of Refined Petroleum Products

	June 1992 <sup>r</sup>	July 1992 <sup>r</sup>	August 1992 <sup>r</sup>	September 1992 <sup>p</sup>	September 1992/ August 1992
Seasonally Adjusted					
	(thousands of cubic metres)				%
<b>Total, All Products</b>	<b>6 565.0</b>	<b>6 669.9</b>	<b>6 399.2</b>	<b>6 515.5</b>	<b>1.8</b>
Motor Gasoline	2 745.3	2 727.5	2 672.3	2 775.1	3.8
Diesel Fuel Oil	1 325.8	1 292.4	1 288.7	1 314.7	2.0
Light Fuel Oil	445.5	559.4	495.8	501.2	1.1
Heavy Fuel Oil	683.5	697.8	618.2	562.3	-9.1
All Other Refined Products	1 364.9	1 392.8	1 324.2	1 362.2	2.9
Total					
	September 1991	September 1992 <sup>p</sup>	January- September 1991	January- September 1992 <sup>p</sup>	Cumulative 1992/1991
Unadjusted					
	(thousands of cubic metres)				%
<b>Total, All Products</b>	<b>6 552.7</b>	<b>6 700.4</b>	<b>58 917.5</b>	<b>59 573.8</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Motor Gasoline	2 763.4	2 856.0	24 665.7	25 021.7	1.4
Diesel Fuel Oil	1 454.6	1 493.6	11 800.8	11 787.4	-0.1
Light Fuel Oil	303.5	331.5	4 044.5	4 152.9	2.7
Heavy Fuel Oil	546.6	457.6	5 792.7	6 027.8	4.1
All Other Refined Products	1 484.6	1 561.7	12 613.8	12 584.0	-0.2

<sup>p</sup> Preliminary.

<sup>r</sup> Revised.

## Health Reports

Second Quarter 1992

### Highlights

#### **A Statistical Chronicle of Tuberculosis in Canada: Part I. From the Era of Sanatorium Treatment to the Present**

- In 1926, tuberculosis caused almost 8,000 deaths or one in 13 of all deaths that occurred – a number slightly higher than the death toll recorded at that time for cancer.
- In the 1930s, in-patient treatment was believed to be the only way to manage tuberculosis and, by 1938, Canada had 61 sanatoria and special tuberculosis units in hospitals with close to 9,000 beds.

Part one of this statistical chronicle tells of the successful battle against tuberculosis in Canada. Part two (to appear in the next issue of *Health Reports*) will focus on whether the disease can be completely controlled. It will show that the battle against tuberculosis is far from over and that complete control and eradication of the disease is elusive.

#### **Mortality Differentials Between Three Populations: Residents of Scandinavia, Scandinavian Immigrants to Canada and Canadian-born Residents of Canada 1979-1985**

The purpose of the study was to determine to what extent cause-specific mortality among Scandinavian peoples differs between migrants and non-migrants, and from that of non-immigrant Canadians.

- For all four countries (Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland), mortality from cardiovascular disease was systematically lower among migrants than among the population in their home countries.
- Among Finnish men, mortality from accidents, poisonings and violence was high – in Finland as well as in Finnish immigrants to Canada. This

excess mortality is likely connected with socially and culturally determined risk-behaviour shared by Finns in Finland and in Canada. Finnish men also have a high mortality from cardiovascular disease in their home country and in Canada.

- Mortality from all cancers was about 12% higher among Canadian-born women in Canada compared to women in Sweden and Norway; the difference for lung cancer was about 200%.
- For Swedish and Norwegian men, who have low lung cancer mortality in their home countries, rates among migrants were higher and had moved closer to the rates prevailing among the Canadian-born.

#### **Gender Inequalities in Care-giving in Canada**

This paper presents information from a number of sources in order to portray the distribution of informal care-giving in our society and the possible impact on women's lives and their well-being.

- The population is aging. Assuming present trends, there may be an increasing need for families to care for elderly relatives. Generally, it is women who care for the aging parent.
- Women also constitute the majority of health care providers in Canada's formal health care sector. Although women comprise 43% of the labour force, they represent 80% of health care workers.
- Notably, men and women devote different amounts of time and effort to providing health care to their families and informal support to members within their communities. Among volunteer jobs within health organizations, 77% were filled by women and only 23% by men.

The second quarter 1992 issue of *Health Reports*, Vol. 4, No. 2 (82-003, \$26/104) is now available. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Nelson Nault (613-951-2990), Canadian Centre for Health Information. ■

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## DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

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### Steel Primary Forms

Week Ending October 24, 1992

Preliminary estimates indicate that Canadian steel primary forms production for the week ending October 24, 1992 totalled 282 835 tonnes, a 13.5% increase from the preceding week's total of 249 293 tonnes but down 1.5% from the year-earlier 287 054 tonnes. The cumulative total production at October 24, 1992 was 11 172 327 tonnes, a 6.7% increase from the 10 468 468 tonnes produced in the year-earlier period.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Greg Milsom (613-951-9827), Industry Division. ■

### Railway Carloadings

Seven-day Period Ending October 14, 1992

#### Highlights

- Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada during the seven-day period totalled 4.5 million tonnes, a decrease of 4.1% from the same period last year.
- Piggyback traffic decreased 12.8% from the same period last year. The number of cars loaded decreased 15.1% during the same period.
- The tonnage of revenue freight loaded as of October 14, 1992 decreased 3.6% from the previous year.

**Note:** Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars. Piggyback traffic numbers are included in total carload traffic. All 1991 figures and 1992 cumulative data have been revised.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Angus MacLean (613-951-2484), Surface Transport Unit, Transportation Division. ■

### Livestock Report

October 1, 1992

Total pig numbers in Canada at October 1, 1992 were estimated at 10,324,000 head, down 2% from the year-earlier total of 10,580,500 head. Sows for breeding and bred gilts were estimated at 1,033,200 head, a decrease of 2% from the year-earlier 1,057,700 head.

**Available on CANSIM:** matrices 9500-9510.

The October 1, 1992 issue of *Livestock Report* (23-008, \$16.50/\$66) will be available around November 6. See "How to Order Publications".

For more information on this release, contact Bernie Rosien (613-951-8716), Agriculture Division. ■

### Cement

September 1992

Canadian manufacturers shipped 1 000 718 tonnes of cement in September 1992, a decrease of 5.8% from the 1 062 242 tonnes shipped a year earlier but an increase of 6.6% from the 938 423<sup>r</sup> (revised) tonnes shipped in August 1992.

January to September 1992 shipments totalled 6 528 624<sup>r</sup> tonnes, down 9.7% from the 7 228 830 tonnes shipped during the same period in 1991.

**Available on CANSIM:** matrices 92 and 122 (series 35).

The September 1992 issue of *Cement* (44-001, \$5/\$50) will be available at a later date.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Roland Joubert (613-951-3527), Industry Division. ■

### Rigid Insulating Board

September 1992

Shipments of rigid insulating board totalled 3 252 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis) in September 1992, an increase of 6.3% from the 3 060 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis) shipped in September 1991.

From January to September 1992, shipments amounted to 22 961 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis), a decrease of 16.1% from the 27 354 thousand square metres (12.7 mm basis) shipped in the year-earlier period.

**Available on CANSIM:** matrices 31 (series 1) and 122 (series 4-7).

The September 1992 issue of *Rigid Insulating Board* (36-002, \$5/\$50) will be available at a later date.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Sandra Bohatyretz (613-951-3531), Industry Division. ■

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

**Fruit and Vegetable Production, October 1992.**  
**Catalogue number 22-003**  
(Canada: \$18/\$72; United States: US\$21.50/US\$86;  
Other Countries: US\$25.25/US\$101).

**Railway Operating Statistics, July 1992.**  
**Catalogue number 52-003**  
(Canada: \$10.50/\$105; United States:  
US\$12.60/US\$126; Other Countries: US\$14.70/  
US\$147).

**Health Reports, Second Quarter 1992.**  
**Vol. 4, No. 2.**  
**Catalogue number 82-003**  
(Canada: \$26/\$104; United States:  
US\$31.25/US\$125; Other Countries: US\$36.50/  
US\$146).

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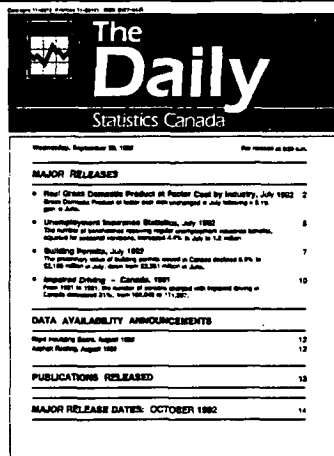
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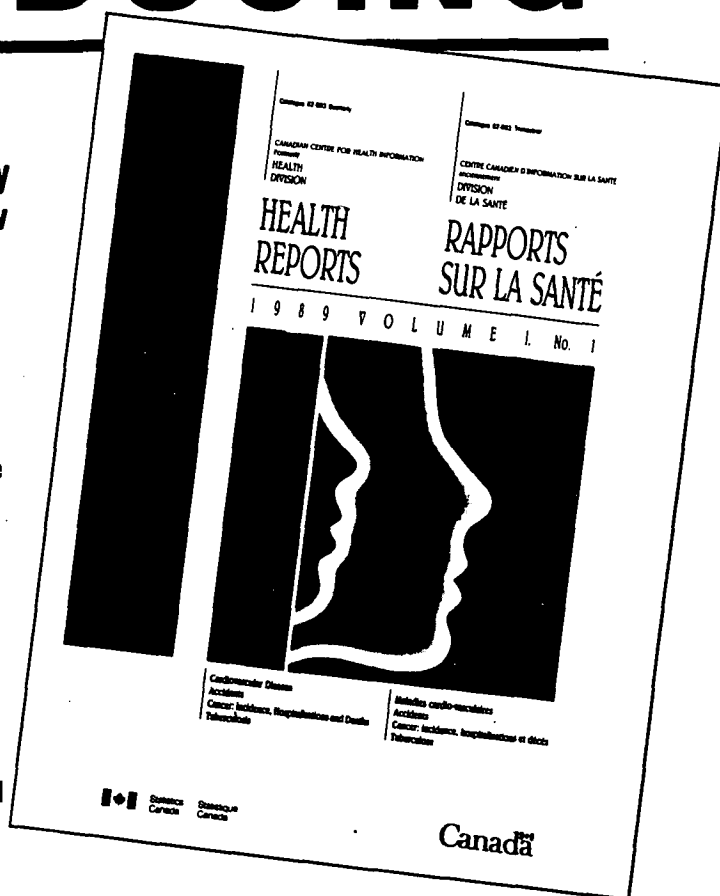
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